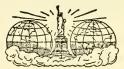








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# The World Almanac

AND

# Encyclopedia 1917

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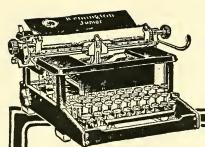
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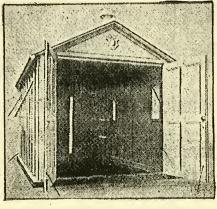
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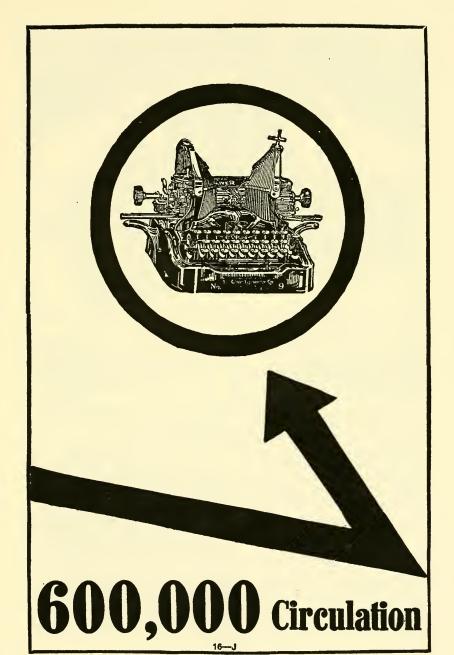
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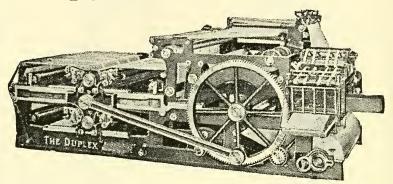


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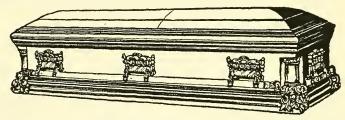
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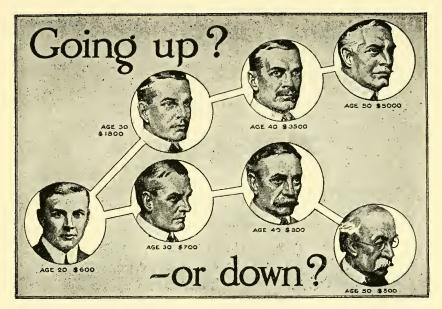
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Snow-Card Writer Civil Service TEACHER Common School Subjects MECHANICAL ENGINEER	STEAM ENGINEER
Mechanical Draftsman	☐ AGRICULTURE ☐ Poultry Raising ☐ AUTOMOBILES
Name	
Street & No.	
City	State
6-N	

# The Great Temperance Agent

Drunkenness was formerly a great evil in this country. In the Colonial days, in the Revolutionary period, and in the era which preceded the Civil War, overindulgence in drink was common in all grades of society. Many persons who are not yet willing to call themselves old, can remember a time when it was not uncommon for the leading figures in a community—lawyers, physicians, bankers, merchants, and even clergymen—to drink heavily. The evil was recognized, but there seemed to be no effective remedy. Some States took the drastic step of adopting prohibition, but finding it ineffective, one after another gave it up, until only two or three retained it.

Today no such conditions prevail. Insobriety is not tolerated in any calling of life or in any walk of society. Habitual open drunkenness has wellnigh disappeared. What has caused this revolution in social habits in half a century? There have been many circumstances which have contributed to it, but there has been one great factor—

# Temperance Has Advanced Coincidentally With the Growth in Popularity of Beer

There can be no question of the fact that beer has contributed greatly to the cause of temperance. It contains so small a percentage of alcohol that it cannot properly be classed as an intoxicating beverage, which fact is recognized by many European Governments in their systems of licensing and taxation. It is wholesome, appetizing, nourishing, pure, and the best substitute for the heavy alcoholics. These are the reasons for beer's popularity and for its great success as a temperance agent.

Of recent years prohibition has again been persistently advocated in the United States. A number of States have been persuaded to adopt it, and efforts have been made to foist it upon the whole nation. The economic effects of prohibition are dire; it is a breeder of hypocrisy and law-breaking. It is in prohibition territory that "moonshine" distilleries multiply, that the "bootlegger" plies his trade, and that the "blind tiger" has its lair. No official machinery has been devised that can cope with the vendors of illicit liquor in those regions.

# Prohibition Is An Obstacle in the Pathway of True Temperance

By its encouragement of the use of ardent spirits, prohibition increases the evils, which its sincere supporters look to it to cure. The harmless beverages, such as beer, are driven out, and in their place come the heavily alcoholic drinks which are readily concealed and easily transported. Nostrums purporting to be tonics and containing much alcohol are sold to innocent purchasers. The use of dangerous drugs almost always increases.

# Do not be cajoled into lending aid to Prohibition!

16-0

\_\_ Advertisement

# HATCH BY ELECTRICITY

#### THE MODERN METHOD

The "Lo-Glo" Incubators and Hovers are the Final Expression of the Art of Incubation. Absolute control of

#### Heat-Moisture-Ventilation

Insures bigger hatches of healthier, stronger chicks, Their all-metal construction makes them

#### Fireproof—Indestructible—Dependable

They eliminate all smoke smell, worry, chilling and over-heating, remain sweet and sanitary, making incubation a posi-tive source of pleasure and profil life, because of the vitalizing influence of electrical current upon the egg germ.



Passed as "fire-proof" by The National Board of Fire Underwriters.

#### "LO-GLO" ELECTRIC HOVERS

Can be set indoors or out, merely a question of wire. Broods one or fifty thousand chicks better than "mother hen." All-metal construction, fireproof, sanitary and fill every possible requirement. Overcrowding impossible.

#### "LO-GLO" EGG TESTERS

Are wonderfully efficient, can also be used as a candling box, all-metal and fireproof. Make the egg shell practically transparent,

#### "LO-GLO" CHICK RUNS

All-metal, for use with our Hovers, Weather, cat and rat proof. Ideal for baby chicks, Keep up with the times and equip with the all-metal no-trouble, no-worry, sure-to-catch "Lo-Glo." A trial will convince and convert you. Write now for interesting free booklet.

"LO-GLO" ELECTRIC INCUBATOR CO., Inc.

Commence of the state of the st

761/2 Greenwich Street.

New York City. U. S. A.

MILL

Dad Knows What's Good for

rescription

For him every time. It's a great success. A wonderful medicine for Rheumatism and Gout—IN BED OR OUT. Seems to make the RIGHT change in the blood, bone and system. Dr. A. B. de Villeneuve wrote: "I have seen the marvellous results of your Famous Prescription 100,384 in many instances." Its merits have been demonstrated among all kinds of people, into the second and third generation. At druggists, 75c. Bottle. Write for Booklet.

WM. H. MULLER, Chemist, Brooklyn, N.Y.

#### EASIEST RUNNING Kelly Duplex Mills require 25% MADE Kelly Duplex Mills require 20% less power, do as much, or more, work as any other mill of equal size. Grind ear corn, shelled corn, oats, wheat, kaffir corn, cotton seed, corn in shucks, sheaf oats or any kind ofgrain For speed and complete grinding the KELLY-DUPLEX Has No Superior Easily operated, Never ohokes, 7 sizes, Fully guaranteed, Any pow-er. Especially adapted

FREE CATALOG. for gasoline engines.

Duplex Mill & Mfg. Co., Local Springfield, Ohio. Lock Box 671.

#### Delivered to You FREE

1917 Credel

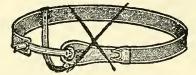
sample 1917 model "RANGER"

A sample 1917 model "RANCER" bicycle, on approval and 30 DAYS' TRIAL and tree diding test.

WHITE AT ONCE for large illustrated catalog showing COMPLETE LINE of bicycles, tires and supplies, and the MOST MARVELLOUS OFFER ever made on a bicycle. You will be astonished at our LOW PRICES and Remarkable Terms. RIDER AGENTS WANTED—Bicycles, TIRES and Sundries from our big catalog. DO BUSINESS Direct with the leading bicycle bouse in America, DO NOT BUY until you KNOW what we for you. WRITE TO US.

can do for you. MEAD CYCLE CO., Dept. W255, Chicago

# Rupture's Worst Enemy



Get Rid of Elastic Bands, Springs and Leg-Straps. Such Harness Has Forced Thousands to Undergo Dangerous Operations

Trusses like those shown above-the belt and leg-strap, elastic and spring contraptions sold by drug stores, surgical supply houses and many self-styled "Hernia Specialists"—make life miserable for everybody who wears them.

And—even when drawn so tight you can scarcely stand to keep them on—they do no good whatever.

Instead, they often do immense harm-they squeeze the rupture, often causing strangulation—dig into the pelvic bone in front—press against the sensitive spinal column at the back.

#### The Plain Truth Is This

Rupture-as explained in our free book-can't be relieved or cured—can't even be kept from growing worse—unless constantly held in place. Just as a broken bone can't "kinit" unless the parts are held securely together.

And—just as a bandage or splint is the only way a broken bone can be held—the right kind of a truss is the only thing in the world that

can keep a rupture from coming out.

What a difference it will make when you get

that kind of truss!

And you can get exactly that kind of truss—without risking a cent of your money, it's the famous Cluthe Truss or Cluthe Auto-

matic Massager. Far more than a truss-far more than merely

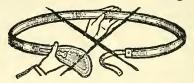
a device for holding the rupture in place.
So different from everything else for rupture that it has received 18 separate patents
Thousands say it is as comfortable as their

clothing.

No belt, elastic belt or springs around your waist, and no leg-straps. Self-regulating, selfadjusting. Can't shift or slip—the only truss in existence that is honestly guaranteed to hold your rupture every minute of the day.

#### 60 Days' Trial to Prove It

We have so much faith in the Cluthe Truss—we have seen it work wonders for so many others—that we want to make one especially for your case and let you try it on the most liberal trial plan ever offered to ruptured people for their protection. We'll give you 60 days' trial to prove that this truss will keep your rupture from coming out, when you are working and at all other times—that it will out an end to the trouble you've here-



tofore had with your supture. If the trial we allow you doesn't prove it then the truss won't cost you a cent.

#### How It Holds and Strengthens

In addition to holding the rupture the Cluthe Truss or Cluthe Automatic Massager is constantly giving a strengthening massage to the weak ruptured parts.

All automatically—the massage goes on all day long, all without any attention whetever from you. This massage—which strengthens just as exercise strengthens a weak arm—is so remarkably beneficial—that noarly all feel better and stronger—get immediate relief after trying this trues.

#### Get World's Greatest Rupture Book

Don't go on letting your rupture get wose—don't spend a cent on account of your rupture until you get our book of advice—which two cents for a stamp—or a penny for a postal will bring you. This remarkable book—cloth-bound, 06 pages, 21 separate articles, and 19 photographic pictures—took us over 40 years of day-after-day experience to find out all the facts we've put in it.

It explains the dangers of operations and why they don't always cure to stay cured, Tells wby—for the protection of the public—drag stores should not be allowed to sell trusses.

Explains why belt, spring and elastic trusses

should not be allowed to sell trusses.

Explains why bett, spring and elastic trusses can do no good. Exposes the humbug "methoda," "locks", "appliances," "plasters". "systems," etc. And tells all about the Cluthe Truss—just how it holds—how it is water-proof—how it ends constant expense—how you can get it on 60 days' trial—thus giving you plenty of time to make sure of its wonderful holding and strengthening powers—and gives names and addresses of over 5,000 geople who have tried it and want, you to know about it.

Write for it to-day—don't put it off—this book may be the means of adding many years to your life and of restoring you to full strength and usefulness.

usefulness

Just use the coupon, or simply say in a letter or postal, "Send me the Book," In writing us please give our box number as below.

Box 12—CLUTHE SONS
125 East 23rd St., NEW YORK CITY
Send me your Free Book on The Cure of Rupture.
Name
Street

#### OCCURRENCES DURING PRINTING.

Important happenings while this latest edition of the 1917 ALMANAC was being printed, but too late for insertion in their respective pages. The readers of the ALMANAC are requested to observe these additions, corrections, and changes, and it would be well to make note of them on the pages indicated.

520. American Women Who Have Married Foreign Titles—Miss Catherine Britton married Prince Aired Zuhohen Lohe-Schillingfurst, attache of the Austro-Hungarian Embassy, 1916.
570. Sixty-fourth Congress. Senate—Senator Willard Sanlsbury, Dem., of Delaware, has been designated President pro tempore.
571. Sixty-fourth Congress. House of Representatives—Speaker, Champ Clark, Dem., of Missouri; Clerk, South Trimble, Dem., of Yentucky

Missouri; Clerk, South Trimble, Dem., of Kentucky.

586. Loyal Orange Institution (Orangemen)—
Supreme Grand Lodge of the United States, recognized by and in affiliation with the Loyal Orange Institution throughout the world. George Stewart, Supreme Grand Master, Clinton, Mass. Rev. George T. Lemmon, Supreme Grand Secretary, Sand Lake, N. Y.

613. Military and Patriotic Societies, Pioneers of Coilege, Clinton, N. Y. For boys of ages nine to twelve, Preparatory to the Boy Scouts of America.

America.

722. American College Fraternities—Delta Zeta Fraternity for Women; founded October 24,

vell to make note of them on the pages indicated.

1902. Active chapters, 13; alumnae, 6. Grand Secretary, Rennie S. Smith (office Y. W. C. A.), Hamilton, Ohlo.

727. Death Roll of 1916—Dr. Walter B. Gunnison, Principal of Erasmus Hall High School, died Dec. 19; Rev. Dr. James M. Taylor, President Emeritus of Vassar College, died Dec. 19.

766. State and Territorial Governments—Gov. John B. Kendrick, of Wyoming, will take office of United States Senator, March 4, 1917.

Gov. Nat E. Harris, of Georgia, holds office until July, 1917.

850. Bieycling—New York Six-Day Race in Madison Square Garden, December 18-23, 1916. Final standing: (1) Egg and Dupuy, 2,624 miles, 4 laps, 49 points; (2) Root and Madden, 2,624 miles, 3 laps, 69½ points; (3) Spears and McNamara, 2,624 miles, 3 laps, 108 points; (5) Hill and Drobach, 2,624 miles, 3 laps, 108 points; (5) Hill and Drobach, 2,624 miles, 3 laps, 109 points; (5) Hill and Drobach, 2,624 miles, 3 laps, 108 points; (5) Hill and Drobach, 2,624 miles, 3 laps, 109 points.

857. Banks in Manhattan—Chatham and Phenix Bank has moved from 192 Broadway to 149 Broadway.

Broadway.

### PRINCIPAL BATTLESHIPS OF NAVAL POWERS.

The table of battleships of foreign naval powers has been purposely omitted from this volume owing to the impossibility of obtaining accurate data due to war conditions. For table referred to see 1916 ALMANAC.

### THE ARMED STRENCTH OF THE WORLD.

Compiled from the latest available data, but figures applying to the armies and navies of nations at war are subject to material change because of losses in battle, usually estimated at 10 per cent. For the Army and Navy of the United States, see pages devoted thereto. [Consult Index.]

LAND FORCES OF THE PRINCIPAL STATES OF EUROPE, AND OF JAPAN; ALSO OF THE SECONDARY STATES OF EUROPE, ASIA, AND AMERICA.

Countries	Countries										
Persia   51,500   150,000   1,714,000	France         b790,0001,516,507         5,300,000         2,623,302         Persia         51,500         150,000         1,714,000           Russia         1,343,001,016,000         5,400,001         3,419,202         3,382,200         41,500         40,000         41,600,01         3,419,202         3,393,201         41,500         40,000         40,000         41,600         41,712         41,712         41,712         41,712         41,712         41,712         41,712         41,712         41,712         41,117         41,117         41,117         41,117         41,117         41,117         41,117         41,117         41,117         41,117         41,117         41,117         41,117         41,117 <td>Countries.</td> <td></td> <td>CONTING</td> <td>War</td> <td>Avail- able,</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>Wor</td> <td></td>	Countries.		CONTING	War	Avail- able,				Wor	
		France Russia. Austria Hungary Italy. Great Britain. Japan. Spain. Belglum. Netherlands. Denmark. Sweden. Norway. Portugal. Bulgaria. Serbia. Roumania. Switzerland Turkey. Greece. China.	b790,000 1,384,000 436,033 d306,000 e138,497 250,000 58,033 a g 23,000 * a 13,725 * 75,235 * 75,235 * 18,000 b30,000 66,583 38,316 113,257 * 142,330 210,000 400,000	4,516,507 1,016,000 3,163,965,2,994,200 2,743,986 1,250,000 1,050,000 291,967 297,000 71,609 524,745 92,000 230,000 433,417 317,139 466,743 397,610 890,000 390,000	5,300,000 5,400,000 5,400,000 3,600,000 3,000,000 1,500,000 11,500,000 350,000 350,000 10,000 355,455 580,000 540,000 1,100,000 450,000	2,620,302 3),419,920 6,376,466 3,739,337 7,427,000 8,219,372 2,889,197 851,635 1,635 527,716 368,356 871,476 367,503 921,602 224,244 3,174,780 514,260 63,430,000	Persia Siam Argentina Chile. Peru Venezuela Bolivia Colombia Guatemala Ecuador Salvador Nicaragua Uruguay Hayti Montenegro Costa Rica Panama (police) Cuba Paraguay Liberla	51,450 15,000 23,000 19,666 5,288 9,600 3,153 5,800 7,000 2,500 10,500 1,000 35,000 11,034 3,000 600	392,000 80,333 17,192 80,400 85,000 79,200 65,716 32,500 170,000 15,922 None 51,208 None 67,000 199,400	150,000 80,000 100,000 22,480 90,000 88,153 85,000 180,500 120,282 35,000 180,500 20,928 35,000 144,400 70,000 20,000	1,714,000 1,560,655 610,340 901,560 461,157 415,945 1,009,521 338,298 205,000 175,457 85,000 175,457 479,072 479,072 68,200 29,990 66,948 449,420 90,000 90,000

The actual amounts of the casualties of the several belligerent countries being unknown, therefore, they have not been considered.

The data given includes only forces available in, and by the particular countries, without reference to colonial possessions, except as noted below.

\* Militia basis or system. a Average annual contingent included. b France, colonial army 134,000 additional; part of this force in France c Germany, colonial army 10,599 additional. d Italy, colonial army 23,000 additional. e Great Britain, colonial army 117,517 additional. pSpain, colonial army 10,920 additional. g Netherlands, colonial army 40,000 additional. b Portugal, colonial army 8,105 additional.

Note—The number of effectives available would be from 50 to 75 per centum of the total number of availables. The figures under "Total Available, Unorganised" are arrived at by taking a fixed percentage of the total population, which is supposed to represent the males of military age.

#### MEN'S DRESS CHART.

The following is a specification of the proper attire for men on various occasions in the Fall and Winter, 1916-17, prepared and copyrighted by The Haberdasher, New York.

#### Day Wedding, Afternoon Call and Matinee Reception.

Coat and Overcoat-Black cutaway, Chesterfield overcoat.

Waistcoat-To match coat, or white. Trousers-Striped gray worsted.

Hat-High silk, with felt band. shirts and Cuffs-Stiff or pleated white.

Collar-Wing or poke. Cravat-Pearl once-over, Ascot, or four-in-hand, to match gloves.

Gloves-Pearl suede or glace, to match cravat. Boots-Patent leather, buttoned kid tops Jewelry--Pearl or moonstone links, studs and

#### Business, Lounge and Morning Wear.

Coat and Overcoat-Jacket, Chesterfield overcoat. Waistcoat-To match jacket, or fancy fabric Trousers-To match jacket, or of gray striped fabric with dark jacket.

Hat-Derby or soft

Shirts and Cufis-Pleated or negligé fancy. Coliar-Fold or wing

Cravat-Four-in-hand or tie.

Gloves-Tan cape or chamois Boots-Laced caif or russet, high or low.

Jewelry-Pearl, gold, or jewelled links, gold chain,

#### Motoring, Golf, Driving, Country.

Coat and Overcoat-Norfolk or jacket, belted or Chesterfield overcoat.
Walstcoat—To match jacket, or fancy.
Trousers—To match jacket or flannel knickers for field sports field sports
Hat—Cap, or soft hat,
Shirts and Cuffs—Neglige with soft cuffs
Collar—Fold or soft outing collar
Cravat—Four-in-hand or tie stock for riding
Gloves—Tan cape or châmols.
Boots—Laced calf or ruset, high or low.
Jewelry—Pearl or gold links, gold chain.

## Afternoon Teas, Church and Promenade.

Coat and Overcoat-Black cutaway or Chesterfield overcoat.

overcoat.

Walstecat—To match coat, or of fancy fabric.

Trousers—Gray striped worsted

Hat—High silk or soft.

Shirts and Cuffs—Pleated white or fancy.

Collar—Wing or fold.

Cravat—Once-over or four-in-hand.

Gloves—Gray suede or reindeer Boots—Patent leather or dull calf, laced or buttoned kid tops.

-Gold or jewelled links, studs and cravat pin. Jewelry-

Evening Wedding, Ball, Reception, Formal Dinner and Theatre.

Coat and Overcoat—Swallowtail, cape, skirted or Chesterfield overcoat, Waistoat—White single or double-breasted of Waistcoat—with single of double-breast pique, linen or silk Trousers—Same material as coat. Hat—High silk, with felt band. Shirts and Cuffs—Stiff linen or pique white.

Collar—Poke, wing, or lapfront.
Cravat—White tie of plain or figured plque or linen.
Gloves—White glace or reindeer; white cape for theatre.

Boots—Patent leather buttoned tops, patent leather pumps.

Jewelry—Pearl or moonstone links and studs, or platinum bar-chain.

## Country Dance, Informal Dinner, Club, Stag, and at Home Dinner.

Coat and Overcoat—Jacket, black or Oxford, Chesterfield overcoat, Waistcoat—Black, silk or linen, single or doublebreasted.

bar-chain.

Dreasted.
Trousers—Same material as jacket.
Hat—Derby or soft.
Shirts and Cuffs—Pleated white of linen or pique.
Collar—Fold or wing.
Cravat—Black silk tie.
Gloves—Tan cape, chamois, or gray suede.
Boots—Dull calf, laced tops or gunmetal pumps.
Jeweiry—Gold or jeweiled links and studs, gold
barcheid.

#### BIRTHSTONES.

January-Garnet. February-Amethyst. marine.

April-Diamond. May-Emerald.

List as adopted by the American National Retail Jewellers' Association in convention Aug. 8, 1913, June-Pearl and moonstone. October-Opal and tourma-July-Ruby. line. March-Bloodstone and aqua. August-Sardonyx and peri-

dot. September-Sapphire. November-Topaz. December-Turquoise and lapis-lazuli.

#### WEDDING ANNIVERSARIES.

First-Cotton Second-Paper. Third-Leather. Fourth—Fruit and Flowers. Fifth—Wooden. Sixth—Sugar. Seventh—Woollen. Fifteenth—Cryste
Ninth—Willow.
Tenth—Tin.
Eleventh—Steel.
Twelfth—Silk and Fine Linen.
Thirteenth—Lace.
Ffitteth—Golden.
Fourteenth—Ivory.
Seventy-fitth—Di.

Fifteenth—Crystal. Twentieth—China. Twenty-fifth—Silver. Seventy-fifth-Diamond.

### FAMOUS WATERFALLS OF THE WORLD.

Helgh	t! Height
NAME AND LOCATION. in feet	
Gavarnie, France	5] Schaffhausen, Switzerland 100
Grand, Labrador	Seven Falls, Colorado 266
Minnehaha, Minnesota 5	Skjaeggedaisios, Norway 530
Missouri, Montana 9	Snoshone, Idano 210
Montmorenci, Quebec 26	_   Subquarmie, washington , 208
Multnomah, Oregon 85	
Murchison, Africa 12	
Niagara, New York-Ontario 16	
Itjunam, Hot may 10	0 Twin, Idaho 180

	H	eight
NAME AND LOCATION.	ln	feet.
Vettis, Norway		950
Victoria, Africa		400
Voringfos, Norway		600
Yeilowstone(upper)Mont	an	a110
Yellowstone(lower)Monta	na	310
Ygnassu, Brazil		210
Yosemite(upper)Californi	a 1	.436
Yosemite(middle), Callfor	nla	626
Yosemite (lower), Californ	lia	400

## The Morld.

#### JOSEPH PULITZER.

April 10, 1847 4 October 29, 1911.

In a year filled with events of grave responsibility for journalism, both in our own country and in the history of foreign nations, THE WORLD, dedicated May 10, 1883, by its founder, Joseph Pulitzer, to the advancement of the interests of the American people, continued to uphold in memorable achievement during the year 1916 the tradition which for more than a quarter of a century has earned for it the leadership not only of American journalism but of world journalism for all time.

Always drastically and fearlessly independent in its news policies, as well as on its editorial page, THE WORLD in 1916 gave to the American public the best and most accurate accounts that were available of the progress of the European war, which on entering its third year of bloodshed became even more bitter and ruthless than in its first two years of existence. A Presidential election, one of the most flercely and closely fought in the history of our national politics, during which foreign influence was brought to bear that a candidate favorable to a foreign nation might be the Chief Executive of the United States, brought into international prominence the power of THE WORLD'S champlonship of the cause of pure Americanism.

The propaganda of the German Government to violate the neutrality of the United States in the interests of the central empires, which was exposed by THE WORLD in 1915, was further revealed in 1916 when plots involving most seriously the freedom of this country were discovered and disclosed to the public.

Documentary evidence which came into possession of THE WORLD proved that the driving force behind the Gore resolution and the McLemore resolution, whose passage would have meant the surrender of American rights on the high seas and allowed the central allies to launch anew an unrestricted submarine warfare on the shipping of all nations, was The National German-American Alliance. The clearinghouse of the alliance in its Congressional campaign was the office of Alphonse G. Koelble, and one of the principal lobbyists was shown to be T. L. Marsalis, a New York real estate operator.

The programme which had been adopted by the alliance comprised three measures for immediate enforcement—

- 1. Refusing passports to Americans travelling on the ships of beligerents.
- 2. An embargo on all contraband of war from ports of the United States.
- 3. Prohibiting Federal Reserve Banks from subscribing to foreign war loans.

Back of these plans a programme was being prepared for the control of the Republican National Convention and the defeat of President Wilson in the Interests of the German cause. The revival of the Champ Clark boom for the Democratic Presidential nomination was traced to a suggestion made by the alliance.

Among the names mentioned in the reports of the German lobbyists as being opposed to President Wilson's foreign policy were Senator Stone of Missouri, Chairman of the Foreign Relations Committee of the Senate; Senators Thomas P. Gore, James A. O'Gorman, G. M. Hitchcock, Marcus M. Smith, John W. Kern, James H. Lewis, James E. Martine, Hoke Smith, John D. Works, Wesley M. Jones, G. E. Chamberlain, Port J. McCumber, Albert B. Cummins, William E. Borah and Moses E. Clapp, and Representatives Claude Kitchin. James R. Mann, Joseph G. Cannon. James Hay, William S. Bennet. Dan V. Stephens. Charles Bennett Smith. Henry A. Cooper, Charles H. Dillon, Isaac R. Sherwood and Charles O. Lobeck.

One week after its exposure of the German lobby in Congress, THE WORLD made public documents showing that the German Government sent to the United States, and that the German Ambassador in Washington, Count Johann von Bernstonff, directed and paid for the activities of at least one secret agent whose business it was to influence through the press American public opinion in favor of Germany.

lems which, from his point of view, confronted the country in the face of a Presi-

dential election.

Four articles by Rudyard Kipling telling the story of the greatest sea fight in all history—the clash between the British and German fleets off Jutland, May 31—was another achievement for THE WORLD in 1916 that brought it praise from papers at home and abroad.

at home and abroad.

Another exclusive series of special articles secured by THE WORLD in 1916 was the personal narrative written by Captain Paul Koenig, commander of the German merchant submarine Deutschland, who piloted his ship from Bremen to Baltimore. At the completion of his second trip across the Atlantic, Captain Koenig told of his trip by the pen of Henry Reuterdahl, the foremost naval critic in the United States, who secured an exclusive interview with the Captain for THE WORLD.

#### MEXICO.

The troublesome relations of this country with her southern neighbor Mexico, with its vital interest to every citizen of the United States, made the news from south of the Rio Grande of especial value. Owing to the unsettled conditions of affairs and the lack of any permanent or recognized government in Mexico, it was very difficult to secure any authentic information.

One of the most striking journalistic achievements of the year was the exclusive interview which was granted by General Carranza to THE WORLD representative at Mexico City, Robert H Murray, This was the first authoritative interview which General Carranza had ever given to a newspaper, and was secured by Mr. Murray only after six months' untiring effort to arrange the audience.

In his statement to Mr. Murray, which he called a message to the American people, General Carranza said:

General Carranza said:

General Carranza said:

"The solution of the problem is in the retirement of the United States force. Take the United States troops out of Mexico, where they are doing no good, and have them patrol your side of the border while we protect lives on our side. We have quelled all armed opposition except in sporadic instances."

When President Wilson, in his determination to enforce respect for citizens of the United States in Mexico and punish Villa for his raids across the border into the territory of this country, despatched units of the National Guard of the various States to do patrol duty at the border, THE WORLD sent with the troops two trained correspondents, who remained at the border as long as there was serious danger of intervention on the past of this country. spondents, who remained at the border as long as there was serious danger of intervention on the part of this country.

With General Pershing's regular troops on their dash into Mexico in pursuit of Vibla. THE WORLD sent John Kirby, a member of its Washington Bureau, who reported daily on the progress of 'he American forces.

#### PULITZER AERIAL DERBY.

A transcontinental air race for a trophy to be given annually by Ralph Pulitzer, publisher of THE WORLD, was announced by the Aero Club of America, but owing to the conditions on the Mexican border, which made it imperative to send United States trops into Mexico and mobilize all aviators for national service, the race, which had been scheduled to start September 2, was postponed for one year.

The race was planned by THE WORLD to become a national annual event—the Aerial Derby of America—a measure toward national preparedness which should interest Americans in regaining their country's prestige in the air. As an event of sportsmanship and a test of aerial engineering development the transcontinental race was heralded by all as of national importance.

High Administration officials were quick to give their approval to the idea, and said that they believed that the race would do more to accentuate interest in aviation than any movement in recent years.

#### THE WORLD BY AERIAL EXPRESS.

The first aerial delivery of a metropolitan newspaper at Washington was achieved when Victor Carlstrom, flying from New York with a special edition of THE WORLD, established a non-stop flight record of three hours and four minutes between New York

established a hon-stop tosat too.

The special edition of THE WORLD which was carried to Washington.

The special edition of THE WORLD which was carried to Washington by Carlstrom, who had as his passenger Alan R. Hawley. President of the Aero Club of America, with a letter which was personally delivered to President Wilson, contained an appeal for aerial preparedness indorsed by a majority of the Governors of the States. The articles in THE WORLD showed that the States were prepared to furnish during the Summer 2,000 aviation recruits, and suggested that the Federal Government could train them at a cost of \$2,000,000—less than one-tenth the cost of one dyeadnought.

dreadnought.

Oppies of THE WORLD were delivered to each member of the Cabinet, the Senate and the House of Representatives. It brought forcefully home to the legislators the necessity for increasing through Federal encouragement the now pitifully weak air

defence of the country.

Through the crystallizing of sentiment by this special aerial edition Congress was induced to provide in its appropriation bills money which insures a greatly increased aviation equipment for the army and navy.

#### THE NATIONAL ELECTION.

A Presidential campaign which brought out the largest number of voters who ever cast their ballots in the history of American politics, and which was characterized by fierce attacks by both the great parties, brought THE WORLD in 1916 into prominence as the champion of American rights in all lands and on all seas and as the defender of the President who, with honor to the Nation, had kept 100,000,000 of his fellow-citizens out of the world-war.

From the days early in June when the Republicans chose Charles Evans Hughes as their candidate in the effort to defeat President Woodrow Wilson for re-election THE WORLD gave to the public a forceful, clear and unbiased account of the progress of one of the most intensely fought political battles since the founding of the Republic.

Republic.

The Republican National Convention, held at Chicago coincident with the meeting of the Progressive National Convention in the same city, was written for THE WORLD by men and women of national reputations, who were themselves vitally interested in the outcome of the campaign and did much to influence the ultimate results of the election in November. Among THE WORLD correspondents who reported the National Conventions were William Jennings Bryan, George W. Perkins. William Allen White, Bainbridge Colby. U. S. Senator William E. Borah and Ida M. Tarbell, in addition to the regular corps of THE WORLD'S political reporters, headed by Louis Seibold Rollin Kirby, THE WORLD cartoonist, attended the conventions and gave first-hand impressions of the men who gathered there. impressions of the men who gathered there.

Trained political reporters accompanied the Republican candidate on his several trips about the country, writing accurate and unprejudiced accounts of his receptions and speeches. Special correspondents, experts in the field of political journalism, reported faithfully the activities of the leaders of both of the parties, enabling the readers of THE WORLD to have a truthful account of both sides of the fight.

One of the most vigorous editorial campaigns in recent American newspaper history was carried on by THE WORLD during the course of the campaign, in which it challenged all opposed to the attitude of the Administration to put forward a more practical programme of procedure than had been followed in dealing with the complicated Mexican and European problems which had confionted the Democratic leaders.

A conspicuously brilliant series of cartoons was printed by THE WORLD during the campaign, and many of them were copied by scores of papers in all parts of the country. Their scathing satire on the weaknesses of the Republican claims and the selfish ambitions of the Republican leaders was so forceful and telling that credit was given them as a very large factor in returning the Wilson Administration.

one of the notable achievements of the campaign was the exclusive interview which THE WOBLD obtained with Richard Olney, Secretary of State under former President Cleveland, in which he strongly upheld the policies of President Wilson and urged his re-election at such a citical time in American history, when a false step might plunge the country into a needless and indefensible war. The interview which THE WOP. D secured with Mr. Olney was extensively copied in hundreds of papers throughout the country.

One week before the election THE WORLD published its forecast of the political feeling of the country and made the prophetic statement in summarizing the results of its investigations that "Wilson may win a re-election by a victory in the Western States and without the need of New York's electoral votes."

#### STATUE OF LIBERTY ILLUMINATED.

The Statue of Liberty, which, since it was first dedicated thirty years ago, has stood in total darkness except for the feeble flicker of its torch, was lighted through the construction of a flood lighting system on Bedloes Island by popular subscriptions raised through the efforts of THE WORLD, which in 1886 raised a fund of \$100.000 by similar means to complete the pedestal on which the statue now stands. More than 75.000 persons gave amounts langing from a penny to \$500 in order to complete the fund of \$30.000 necessary to provide for the construction of the flighting system, which was planned by the foremost illuminating experts in the country. Patriotic organizations, clubs, civic societies and business houses railed to the support of the movement as well as the thousands of individuals who gave their mite that the light of the statue might shine forth a welcome for all and be a symbol by night as well as by day of the liberty for which our country so courageously stands. The movement to provide for the illumination of the Statue of Liberty received the active support of Cabinet officers, who, heartily approving of the Idea, gave the plans their personal attention that the lighting plant might be completed on the day set for its inauguration.

active support of Cabinet officers, who, heartily approving of the idea, gave the plans their peisonal attention that the lighting plant might be completed on the day set for its inauguration

The dedication of the illumination was accompanied by an elaborate programme, the President of the United States being present at the ceremonies on his private yacht Mayflower and giving the signal for the turning on of the light for the first time. Among those who were included in the President's party on the yacht were Mayor Mitchel of New York City, Ambassador and Madame Jusseiand of France, Raipi Pullizer, Cleveland H bodge, and William M. Calder, United States Senator-elect from New York. A committee of 200 prominent citizens of New York City, which had beer appointed by the Mayor to provide for the reception to President Wilson, withesset the illumination of the statuce from the U. S. S. San Francisco.

At the conclusion of the ceremonies at the statue the Mayflower and the San Francisco returned to the Battery, where the members of the committee and their guests were taken in motor cars through electric paths of gold to the Waldorf-Astoria, where a public dinner in honor of the President of the United States and Mrs. Wilson brought the day to a brilliant close.

The speakers at the dedication of the statue thirty years before; Ambassador Jusserand who read a message from the President of the French Republic; Henry L. Doherty President of the Scilety for Electrical Development: Raibn Pulitzer publisher of THE WORLD, and the President of the United States.

The guests of honor were the President and Mrs. Woodrow Wilson, His Excellency the French Ambassador and Madame Jules J. Jusserand, the Secretary of the Navy and Mrs. John Purroy Mitchel and Ambassador and Mrs. Wilson. in accepting the lighting system on behalf of the Government of the United States, delivered an address which will make ever memorable the day which witnessed the dedication of Liberty's illumination. He said in part:

"There are many moving circumstances connected with this day, connected with the things it recalls, connected with the things it suggests. I was reflecting as we saw the light stream upon that beautiful statue, that its source was outside the statue; that it did not proceed from Liberty, but proceeded from the light we are throwing on Liberty; and it occurred to me that, after all, it was a proper symbol of our life, because we can take to ourselves the dignity of Liberty only as we illustrate the fact nd the true spirit of Liberty, and the only light that we can contribute to the lumination of the world is the light that will shine out of our life as a nation upon at conception and upon that image.

"There is a great responsibility in having adopted Liberty as our ideal, because we ust illustrate it in what we do. I was struck by the closing phrase of Mr. alitzer's admirable little speech. He said that there would come a day when it was received that the Goddess of Liberty was also the Goddess of Peace, and throughout is ast two years there has come more and more into my heart the conviction that eace is going to come to the world only with Liberty.

"With all due and sincere respect for those who represent other forms of government than our own, perhaps I may be permitted to say that peace cannot come so long s the destinies of men are determined by small groups who make selfish choices fitheir own.

f their own.

It heir own.

"I wonder if we remember the sacrifices, the mutual concessions, the righteous fielding of selfish right that is signified by the word and the conception of Liberty. I wonder if we all wish to accord equal rights to all men.

"And so it is profitable that occasions like this should be frequently repeated and that we should remind ourselves of what sort of image we have promised to be, for the world is enlightened, my fellow citizens, by ideals, by ideas. The spirit of the world rises with the sacrifices of men, the spirit of the world rises as men forget to be selfish and unite to be great.

"This,' to repeat that beautiful phrase of Lincoln's in his Gettysburg address, "is not a time of self-adulation, but a time of rededication." Let us determine that the light that shines out of our lives upon the uplifted form of Liberty shall be a light pure and without reproach."

In his address, Mr. Pulitzer gave to George Williams of New York the credit of naving conceived the idea of filuminating the Statue of Liberty at night by flood lighting and having brought the plans to THE WORLD for execution.

#### ARTIST BLAKELOCK REDISCOVERED.

It was through the efforts of THE WORLD that in 1916 Ralph A. Blakelock, unsidered by many critics to have been America's greatest painter, was removed from e Middletown Insane Asylum, where he had been confined for more than sixteen ars, and provided with a comfortable home, where he can again take up the work he ad been forced to abandon when committed to the State hospital.

By taking him away from the depressing atmosphere of the asylum, where all his tritistic temperament was suppressed, it was hoped that some of the genius which had once given such a remarkable touch to his brush might be brought back again and that vis appreciation and power to portray might be reawakened,

#### ACCURACY AND FAIR PLAY.

THE WORLD'S Bureau of Accuracy and Fair Play issued its third annual report howing that from July 1, 1913, to July 1, 1916, the bureau had dealt with 1,138 isses involving the question of accuracy and fair play in the news and editorial llumns, sustaining 700 complainants and publishing 415 corrections. There were n addition 101 publications in the Interest of fair play where THE WORLD was not if fault. Members of THE WORLD staff and its correspondents everywhere have ilmost without exception shown their hearty accord with the purposes and activities if the bureau. A limited number of correspondents who have been convicted by the ecords of habitual carelessness have been dismissed. There has been a material alling off in libel suits since the bureau was established, which means a corresponding crease in public confidence and good will.

While the bureau was created primarily for the purpose of promoting accuracy and

crease in public confidence and good will.

While the bureau was created primarily for the purpose of promoting accuracy and ir play in the columns of THE WORLD, serious efforts have been made to spread to lea wherever newspapers are published. The system has appealed to many urnalists and teachers of journalism throughout the United States who have adopted in their newspapers and classrooms. The publications of the bureau are regularly it to more than thirty colleges and universities where journalism is taught. The bureau has actively co-operated with the Federal authorities, the Districtorney's office and the Police Department in prosecuting scores of crooks and indiers who have tried to use the advertising columns of THE WORLD and other wspapers to trap their victims. Convictions have been secured in many of these ses and in some instances the courts, before imposing sentence, have induced the risons convicted to make restitution. A number of misleading advertisements have en cut out or rejected, and some persons whose advertisements were considered to misleading have been required to change them into plainer English.

### WAITE MURDER MYSTERY CLEARED.

THE WORLD discovered Mrs. Margaret Horton, "the woman in the case," who as the studio companion of Dr. Arthur Warren Waite, convicted of the murder of its father and mother-in-law, and obtained the signed confession of Dr. Waite in which he admitted that he had administered poison to his father-in-law.

### SUNDAY WORLD ATHLETICS.

More than 5,000 medals were awarded to the New York City school children who ook part in the athletic contests and play-garden competitions held under the direction

of THE SUNDAY WORLD. The athletic contests brought together more than 7f schoolboy athletes, an increase of 10,000 over the entrants for the previous The walking clubs under the direction of THE SUNDAY WORLD also had a successful year, and THE SUNDAY WORLD Baseball League broke all record interest and numbers of teams competing.

In the educational campaign against the spread of infantile paralysis THE NING WORLD gave street displays for several weeks of moving pictures sho methods suggested by the Department of Health for preventing the spread of disease.

disease.

A special lecturer accompanied the films on a daily tour of the city, and a were made at street corners in every part of the city that the people might be ta the means of holding in check the dread disease which was killing scores of women and children every day.

So successful was THE EVENING WORLD campaign in New York City wit' movie educational show that other communities afflicted with the disease appute to the paper to send in the used films that similar popular street campaigns I be waged in their communities.

#### EVENING WORLD'S RECORD OF PUBLIC SERVICE.

In an effort to lessen the danger of the spread of the scourge of infantile para THE EVENING WORLD inaugurated a health campaign to check the epid While the disease was spreading rapidly throughout all the boroughs of Greater York, THE EVENING WORLD, with the indorsement of Arthur Woods, Police missioner; George H. Bell, License Commissioner, and many of the prominent clans who had given their services in the fight against the disease, started its paign with the following objects in view:

1. To cleanse tenement-house areaways and sidewalks in the infested distribility and refuse matter.

all dirt and refuse matter.

all dirt and refuse matter.

2. To start a neighbor to neighbor educational movement against the spread disease, in which the volunteers who enlisted in the work talked with their nei and saw that the dirt in the districts was properly taken care of.

3. To see that the law regarding the sale of fruit and vegetables from which were not protected by netting was rigidly enforced.

#### EIGHTY-CENT GAS FIGHT WON.

The Eighty-Cent Gas Bill which was passed by the New York Legislature a signal victory for THE EVENING WORLD after a vigorous fight which the had waged for six years to obtain a uniform gas rate for the Borough of B The fight was begun after THE WORLD in 1906 had gained a victory by through the Legislature an Eighty-Cent Gas Bill for the Borough of Manhat The success of the Brooklyn bill was most marked because of the over lobby of corporation lawyers and politicians which made itself felt in the confuse the bill that was championed by THE EVENING WORLD with a S which was introduced in a mix-up of technicalities.

It was also significant that not since the Public Service Commission wa pointed has it been possible to pass a mandatory rate bill of this nature Brooklyn Gas Bill was enacted. The Legislature has been solid against legisl came under the jurisdiction of the commission.

The last Legislature, which passed the bill advocated for six years by NING WORLD, realized that the failure of the efforts of the people of a secure eighty-cent gas was so apparent as to approach a public scandal, only three dissenting votes in both the Senate and the Assembly, these bein on the grounds of standing by the principle of not interfering with the Pt Commission's rate-making powers.

When THE EVENING WORLD, took we the effort of the Display Cont.

on the grounds of standing by the principle of not interfering with the Pt Commission's rate-making powers.

When THE EVENING WORLD took up the fight for the Eighty-Cent (years ago, all Assemblymen and Senators going to Albany each year wer to vote for the measure. Republicans and Democrats worked alike for the neasure, but were never able to hold enough votes to secure its enact years the bill failed only by one or two votes. The Public Service Commisstepped in and fought for the bill, but it was not until the determined workers and Assemblyman Josephs of Brooklym was backed by the pt EVENING WORLD that the measure was finally put through.

When Governor Whitman signed the bill he declared it to be pleasures of his public diffe.

pleasures of his public life.

### GERMANY'S COURSE INFLUENCED.

The reply of the German Government to the United States note issue was influenced and partially moulded by an editorial which EVENING WORLD, according to a despatch sent by Karl von Wieg reputation of being in closer touch with German official sources tha correspondent in Europe.

The basis for the German reply, according to Mr. von Wiegand's ir an EVENING WORLD editorial, published under the caption "Germany's read in part."

an EVENING WOILD editorial, published under the caption "Germany's read in part:

"If Germany were now to declare that out of regard for the Ameri the sea, and for the sake of maintaining inviolate earlier principles of law, the Imperial Government had determined to discontinue submarine w practised, leaving it to the honor of the United States to uphold internat the rights of commerce impartially and with an equal eye to all belliges many were to do this promptly and without reserve she would achieve a worth more to her now and in the future than the destruction of a th ships."

#### BEACHES RESTORED TO PUBLIC.

The dream of a Coney Island beach free to the people was realized when the Court typeals, the highest court in the State of New York, decided that the beach at y Island—that is, the land between the high-water mark and the low-water—belongs to the State, and that the people have the right to use it. The fight to aim this strip of beach from private individuals, who had appropriated the land to ir own uses and were making the public pay them for enjoying its advantages, was ted by THE EVENING WORLD and pushed by that paper to a successful conclu-

In 1916. The case had been in the courts of the State of New York since 1913, when, at the ance of THE EVENING WORLD, Attorney-General Cammody brought a test suit tinst George C. Tilyou and his business associate, Mrs. Emclie Huber, to evict them n portions of the beach which they had fenced in and which the public could not hexcept by paying an admission fee. In the decision which was handed down in 3 Justice Benedict decided that the land in question belonged to the people of the of New York, and this decision was affirmed by the Appellate Division in 1915.

by the nighest court in 1916. The decision cleared the way for the city's remodelling of the Coney Island water-tinto a great waterfront park on city property worth millions of dollars, nefficiency in city government was exposed by THE EVENING WORLD when it overed that the city had been spending thousands of dollars every year for the past teen years making a map of the city which would be antiquated and useless when pleted. The salaries for the year 1916 of the men who were engaged in making map were estimated to amount to more than \$500.000, and it was shown that the olls of this bureau had been padded before each election for the past six years, being nut to work temporarily before election to insure their influence on Election. being put to work temporarily before election to insure their influence on Election

'he first of the widows' pensions, for which THE EVENING WORLD fought a two campaign, were granted. One hundred and sixty-one pensions were granted the law which had been signed by Governor Whitman in 1915 making profor the maintenance of 500 children.

bert Colgate Wood was forced to resign from the Public Service Commission after estigation by THE EVENING WORLD and after testimony had been heard before slative committee on charges that he had demanded a fee in connection with the ng of subway contracts under the dual subway system.

continuation of the many fights which THE EVENING WORLD waged in past n the interests of the women and children of the poorer sections of New York is paper in 1916 obtained the co-operation of the municipal authorities in having han one hundred street playgrounds established in all parts of the city, where 'dren might enjoy their games and recreation in safety, without fear of injury

eet cars, teams or speeding automobiles.

eet cars, teams or speeding automobiles.

as estimated that more than 200,000 children in the Boroughs of Manhattan, and the Bronx were cared for every afternoon during the Summer months EVENING WORLD'S playgrounds. At the time THE EVENING WORLD, to e safety of the children of the tenements whose only playground was out in streets, suggested the closing of certain sireets for recreation centres, there y ten of these playgrounds in the entire city.

streets, suggested the closing of certain streets for recorded centers, to the set playgrounds in the entire city.

10st immediate need which was felt in the opening of the street playgrounds recessity for obtaining competent supervisors for the children's games. For Park and Playground Association raised by popular subscription \$5,000, in instructors might be placed in each of the street playgrounds. The benefit ervisor is that the children were kept within the street closed for the puritary from the nearby danger zones.

Commissioner Arthur Woods, who gave his personal attention to the laying E EVENING WORLD playgrounds, heartily commended the activities of the indoised the playground movement in the following statement:

10ening of 100 to 150 play streets will greatly relieve the situation, especially ment sections of the city, where park space is so limited. That play is the child goes without saying, and that it is a means for the prevention eliminating the gangster sphift is a recognized fact. Any money or energy lirection of wholesome play for children is well spent and in line with "book the arthur distribution and trightful activities of the future citizen. I am hopeful that a will see rapid strides in this direction and that practical plans may

ew York City women from every walk of life joined THE EVENING vives' Protective League, which was indorsed by many of the most women and leaders of women's civic and social clubs in the city, tion of the league was prompted by the desire of THE EVENING e living conditions as good as possible under the steadily increasing tutffs and the petty graft which was disclosed as existing in many of stores of the city in their attempt to meet the stringent competition usiness man.

ittee of representative women who joined with THE EVENING WORLD ne league a success stated the prime objects of the association to be—

e the cost of living wherever possible.

high prices that were artificial.

just weight and measures from all dealers.

late netty graft on common commodities.

together against unwarranted strikes on the necessities of life, ange opinions and views through the news columns of THE EVENING

rth practical methods of household economy.

## THE WORLD ALMANAC FOR 19

THE astronomical calculations are given in local Mean Time and were made ex by Arthur Newton.

### Chronological Eras.

The year 1917 corresponds to the year 7425-26 of the Byzantine era; 5677-78 of t year 5678 commencing at sunset September 16; 2670 since the foundation of Roome, a 2693 of the Olympiads, or the first year of the 674ch Olympiad, commencing July 1; 25° era, and to the sixth year of the period entitled Taisho: 1335-36 of the Mohammeda beginning on October 17, 1917. The 142d year of the Independence of the United Stat on July 4, 1917.

## Chronological Cycles.

Dominical Letter	G Lunar Cycle (Golden Number). 6 Solar Cycle	18 Roman Indictio
Epact	6 Solar Cycle	22 Julian Period

## Date of Beginning of Epochs, Eras, and Period:

Name.		Began.	Name.
		. 5598, Sept. 1	Grecian or Syro-Macedonian Era1
Civil Era of Constantinople .	44		Era of Maccabees
Alexandrian Era			Tyrian Era
Julian Period .			Sidonian Era
Mundane Era	44	4008, Oct. 1	Julian Year
Jewish Mundane Era		3761. Oct 1	Spanish Era
Era of Abraham		2015, Oct. 1	Augustan Era
Era of the Olympiads.	4.4	776. July 1	Vulgar Christian Era
Roman Era (A U C)	44	753, April 24	Destruction of Jerusalem
Metonic Cycle			Mohammedan Era

### The Seasons.

				D.		м.			_ /	
Vernal Equinox,	Spring	begins	March	20	11	30	P	M.	- 1	
	Summer			21	7	6	P.	M	- >	> Washington A.c.
Autumnal Equinox,	Autumn	boging	Sentember	23	9				- (	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Winder	begins	Deptember	20	Ä	38			,	
Winter Solstice.	winter	Degius	December	44	4	00	Λ.	Dr.	_	

### Morning Stars.

MERCURY—January 19 to March 29; May 16 to July 12; September 18 to November 3. VENUS—January 1 to April 26.

MARS—February 28 to end of year.
JUPITER—May 9 to November 29.
SATURN—January 1 to January 17; July 27 end of year.

## Evening Stars.

MERCURY—January 1 to January 19; to May 16; July 12 to September 18; N to end of year,
VENUS—April 26 to end of year,
MARS—January 1 to February 28,
JUPITER—January 1 to May 9; No end of year
SATURN—January 17 to July 27.

## Church Memoranda for 1917.

January.	A pril.	July	Oc
1 Monday. 6 Epiphany. 7 I. Sun, aft. Epiphany. 14 ii. 21 iii. " " " 28 iv. " "	1 Palm Sunday. 6 Good Friday. 8 Easter Sunday. 15 I. Sunday after Easter. 22 ii. 23 St George. 29 iii, Sunday aft. Easter	1 lv. Sunday aft. Trinity. 8 v	1 Monday 7 xviii. Su 14 xix. 18 St. Luk 21 xx. Sun 28 xxi. "
1 Thursday. 1 Thursday. 2 Purification. 4 Septuagesima Sunday. 11 Sexagesima Sunday. 12 Quinquagesima Sun. 21 Ash Wednesday. 25 I. Sunday in Lent.	May.  1 Tuesday 6 iv. Sunday aft. Easter 13 Rogation Sunday. 17 Ascension Day. 20 I. Sun. aft Ascension 27 Pentecost (Whit Sun)		1 Thursda 4 xxii, Su 11 xxiii, 18 xxiv, 18 xxiv, 19 xx. 30 St. Andrew
March,  1 Thursday,  4 il. Sunday in Lent  11 ili. 15 Thurs. (MI-Carême) 18 iv. Sunday in Lent 25 v.  (Annunciation)	June.  1 Friday 3 Trinity Sunday. 7 Corpus Christi, 10 i. Sunday after Trinity. 17 ii. "" 24 iii. "" (St. John the Baptist)	23 xvl. " "	1 Saturday. 2 l. Sunday in A 9 il. " " 16 iil. " " 23 lv. " " 25 Christmas. 27 St. John (Ev

## CAME LAWS OF THE

CLOSE SEASON FOR GAME

ble shows the close season for all game in the United States, with the exception ad goat and a few unimportant species. Where no dates are given kind of game id goat and a few unimportant species. Where no dates are given kind eseason at all times. Local laws, where operative, should be consulted, he close season and the first date of the open season are given.

1	Bieds.			
Deer.	Eis, Autelope, Moose, Caribou.	Squirrel.	Rabbit.	Quail.
Jan. 1-Nov. 1 (8)		Jan. 1-Aug. 1		Mar. 1-Nov. 1
Nov. 1-Aug. 15				
	At all times		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Feb. 2-Oct. 15
an 11-Nov. 11		v	7 1 004 15	Feb. 1-Dec. 1
Jet 15-Aug. 15 (a) 12		Jan. 1-Sept. 1		Dec 1-Sept. 1 (12)
At all times		Nov. 23-Oct 8	Jan. 1-Oct 8 (27) .	Nov. 24-Oct. 8
To June 1, 1917		Oct. 16-Sept. 1	Jao. 1-Nov. 15	Jan. 1-Nov. 15
Jan. 1-Sept. 1		Feb. 1-Nov.1	Feb. 1-Nov. 1	Mar. 15-\ov. 1
Mar. 10-Nov. 20		Mar. 1-0 :- 1		Mar. 10-Nov. 20 (12
Dec. i-Oct. 1 (a)		Mar. 1-Oct 1		Mar. 1-Nov 20
1)ec 1-Sept. 1 (12)			1	Dec. 1-Nov. 1
"o 1925		Feb. 1-Ang 1	Feb. 1-Aug. 31	Dec. 10-Nov. 11
At all times	,,	Nov. 1-July 1	Jan. 10-Apr. 1	Dec. 21-Nov. 10
At all times		Jan. 1-Sept. 1		Dec. 15-Nov. 1
	At ali times	Jan 1-Sept 1		At all times
To 1921		Dec. 16-July 1 Jan. 1-Nov 1	Jan. 1-Nov. 15	Jan 1-Nov. 15
Jan 6-Sept 15 (a).	As all times	Feb. 16-Oct. 1	Jan. 1-Nov. 1	Jan 1-Nov. 1 (12) Mar. 1-Nov. 15
Dec. 16 Oct. 1 (12).	At all times	Nov. 1-Sept. 1.	April I-Oct. 1	At all times
	At all times	Dec. 25-Nov 10.	Dec. 25-Nov. 10	Dec. 25-Nov. 10
(32)		Nov. 13-Oct 12	Mat 1-Oct 12	Nov. 1:-Oct 12
Dec. 1-Nov 10	At all times	At all times	Mai. 2-Oct. 1	To Nov. 1, 1920
Nov. 311-Nov. 10	Nov 30-Nov. 10(a)			Dec. 1-Oct 1
Jan. 2-Dec 1 (a)		Jan. 1-Oct. 15 .		Feb. 15-Nov. 15
Jan. 1-Nov. 1 (a)		Jua. 1-Juae 1		Jan. 1-Nov. 10
Dec. 15-Oct. 1		D :: 0		At all times
16 Supt 15		Dec. 1-Oct. 1		Nov 16-Nov. 1
Dec. 16-Sept. 15 Dec. 16-Dec. 1 (12)	At all times	To Oct 1, 1919(12)	Mar 1 Out 1	Jan 1-Sept 15 Dec. 1-Oct. 1 (12).
See note 34		Dec. 16-Nov. 10	Dec. 16-Nov. 10	Dec. 16-Nov. 10
. Nov. 6-Oct. 16 (b)		Dec. 1-June 1		Jan. 1-Oct. 25
. Nov. 16-Oct. 1*	At all times	Nov. 16-Oct.1 (12)	Feb. 1-Oct. 1 (12)	To Oct. 1, 1918
Feb. 1-Oct. 1		Local laws		Mar. 1-Nov. 1
. At ail times	At all times			At ail times
1. 2 20 1 2 2	1	Oct. 21-Sept. 15	Jan. 2-Nov. 1	At all times
. Dec. 1-Nov. 1 (a)		Nov 1-Sept. 1.		Jan. 1-Nov. 30
Nov 1-Aug.15 (a).	At all times		Dec. 1-Nov. 1	Nov 1-Oct. 1 (12) Dec. 1-Oct. 15
. Dec 16-Dec. 1	At all times	Jan. 1-Nov. 1	Jan 1-Nov.1	Jan. 1-Nov. 1.
. Jan. 1-Sept. 1 (12)	1	Local laws	Jan I-Rov.I	Mar. 16-Nov. 15 (19
. Dec. 1-Nov. 1 (a) .	1			At all times
1		Jan. 1-June 1 (12)		Jan. 1-Nov. 15
. Jan. 1-Nov. 1 (a)	At all times			Feb. 1-Dec 1
	At all times	)		Nov. 1-Oct. 1 (12)
. Dec 6-Nov. 15	At all times	Dec. 1-Sept. 15	Mar. 1-Sept. 15	Dec 1-Sept. 15
. Dec 1-Sept. 1 (12)	La di batti t	Local laws	Feb. 1-Nov. 1 (29)	
Nov 1-Sept 15(a) Dec. 1-Oct. 15 (a)	At all times	Dec. 1-Sept. 15	12- 10-11	Nov. I-Sept. 15 (19
Dec 1-Nov. 11 (12)	At all times	Dec. 1-3ept. 18	Feb. 1-Sept. 10 (12)	Dec. 1-Nov. 1
	At all times			

Prairie chicken, closed season all year. 5 Rail excepted. 6 Female protected all the year. 7 Snipe panecticut, Dec. 1-Sept. 12. 9 Deer raised in private preserves may be killed at any time. 10 Certain receptions 13 Gobblers, June 1-Apr. 15. 19 Sundays and Monlays are also closed seasons for ducks and 21 Rail, coot, mad han, Dec. 1-Sapt. 1. 23 Except June 15-Sept. 15. 27 Between Nov. 24 and Jan. 1, id ferret only 28 Cock pinessant may be killed bot. 6-Oct. 1, under permit 29 Residents of the State may rown land at any time. 31 Sesson values according to latitude 32 Open season for two days only 33 Prairie chicken, Nov. 1-Oct. 15. 34 Open season about 4 days in late fail. Law not applicable to posded the properly tagged. Prohibitory laws against lunting doven and robins exist in nearly all States, close season is prohibited in most States.

and elk and deer without horns protected at all times. (b) Except deer without horns. Non-resident not d) Game sulmate or birds may be killed at any time for food or clothing by native Indians or Esquimaux, or us in need of food, but game so killed cannot be shipped or sold.

Dates for deer hunting apply to Adirondack region only; test of State no open season. Exceptions: i Sullivan Counties, Nov. 15-Nov. 1. Fawas at all times. Hunting with dogs, traps or devices of any

-Catching, killing, or the possession of live or dead, and robbing of nests prohibited at all times-except, hawk, crow, owl, and blackbird.

d shooting on Sunday prohibited.

game or birds taken in the State is prohibited.

#### FISH LAWS, NEW YORK STATE, OPEN SEASON.

First Saturday in April to August 31. Minimum length, six inches. Not more than ten trout may be taken or transported by one person in one day.

#### RAL STATES, 1917.

S UNITED STATES.

is eason may be found by reversing dates. The difficulty of securing absolute accuract his kind is very great, and absence in laws of many States of express legislation as to exclusion of date upon which seasons open and close makes exactness almost an impossil upiled and corrected to December 1, 1916.

BIRDS.												
and Prairie	Wild Turkey.	Pheasant.	Woodcock.	Duck, Goose, Brant.	Plover, Snipe,							
	Apr. 1-Dec. 1 (6)	Dec. 15-Nov. 15	Jan. 1-Nov. 1	Feb. 1-Nov. 1	Feb. 1-Nov. 1 (							
2-Sept. 1	B	44 -11 11 11 11 11 11	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	P. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.	D 16 0 1							
	Dec. 16-Oct. 1.z Jan. 11-Nov. 11(13)	At all times	Jan. I-Nov. 1	Feb. 1-Oct. 16 Feb. I-Nov. 1	Dec. 16-Sept. 1. Dec. 16-Sept. 1							
	At all times.	At all times	Jan. 1-Nov. 1	Feb. 1-Oct. 15	Feb 1-Oct. 15							
-Aug.15		At all times		Dec. 21-Sept. 7	Dec. 16-Sept. 1							
4-Oct. 8	Ter an dianes.	Nov. 24-Oct. 8	Nov. 24-Oct. 8	Jau, 16-Oct, 1	Dec. 1-Sept. 1 (							
		At all times	Jan. 1-Nov. 15	Feb. 1-Nov. 1	Dec. 1-Aug. 16							
1-Sept. 1	Dec. 26-Nov. 1	Dec. 26-Nov. 1	Jan. 1-Nov. 1	Feb. 1-Nov 1	Dec. 1-Sept. 1 (5							
-Nov. 20	Mar. 10-Nov. 20	Dec. 20-Nov 20	Jan. 1-Nov. 1	Feb. 1-Nov. 20	Feb. 1-Nov. 20 (L							
times	Mar. 1-Nov. 20	At all times	Jan. 1-Dec. 1	Feb. 1-Nov. 1 (10)	Feb. 1- Dec. 1 (12							
-Aug. 15 (4)	****	Dec. 1-Aug. 15		Dec 21-Sept. 7	Dec. 21-Sept. 7.							
16-Oct. 1	At all times	To July 1, 1925 (28)	To July 1, 1920	Dec. 16-Sept. 16	Dec. 16-Sept. 16							
21-Nov. 10 (33)		At all times	Dec. 1-Oct. 1	Jan. 1-Sept 16	Dec. 16-Sept. 1 (1							
	Dec. 15-Nov. 1	Dec. 15-Nov 1	Dec. 1-Oct 1	Jan. 1-Sept. 16	Dec. 16-Sept. I							
'I times	At all times	To 1918	Dec. 1-Oct. 1 At all times	Jan. 1-Sept. 16	Dec. 16-Sept 1							
-Nov. 1	Ar all times	Jan. I-Nov. 1	Dec. 1-Oct. 15	Jan. 11-Oct. 1	Dec. 16-Sept 1 Dec. 1-Aug 15							
-2101. 1	Mar. 1-Nov. 16	Jan. 1-1101. 1	Jan. 1-Nov. 15	Feb. 1-Nov. 1	Feb. 1-Nov. 1.							
15-Sept. 15 (12)		At all times	Nov. 15-Oct. 1	Dec. 16-Sept. 16	Dec. 1- Aug. 15							
25-Nov. 10	Dec. 25-Nov. 10	Dec. 25-Nov. 10	Dec. 25-Nov. 10	Feb. 1-Nov. 1 (12)	Dec. 1-Aug. 16.							
18-Oct. 12 (4).		Nov. 13-Oct. 12 (12)		Jan. 1-Sept. 16 (10)	Dec. 1-Aug. 15							
1-0ct. 1	At all times	At all times	Dec. 1-Oct. 1	Dec. 16-Sept. 16	Dec. 16-Sept. 1 .							
7-Sept. 7		Dec. 1-Oct 1 (10)	At all times	Dec. 1-Sept. 7	Nov. 7-Sept. 7.							
,.,	May 1-Nov. 15		Jan. 1-Nov. 1	Feb. 1-Nov. 1	Feb 1-Nov.1							
I times	Jan. I-Nov. 1	At all times	At all times	Jan. 1 -Sept. 15	Dec 16-Sept. 1							
16-Sept. 15 (12)	A A STATE OF THE S	Oct 16-Sept. 15		Dec 21-Sept. 7	Dec. 21-Sept. :							
1-Sept. 1	At all times,	At all times	7	Jan. 1-Sept. 16	Jan. 1-Sept. 16 (1							
1-Sept. 15		At all times	Jan. 1-Nov. 1 Dec. 1-Oct. 1 (12).	Dec. 16-Sept. 15	Dec. 16-Sept. 15(1							
16-Nov. 10	То 1919	Dec 16-Nov. 10		Jan 16-Oct. 1 (12).	Dec. 1-Aug. 15 (19 Dec. 1-Aug. 16.							
		At all times	Dec. 1-0cti 10 (12)	Feb. 1-Oct. 16 (12).	Dec 16-Sept. 1							
1-Oct. 1		At all times (12)	Nov. 16-Oct. 1	Jan. 1-Sept. 16	Dec. 1-Sept. 16.							
	Mar. 1-Nov. 1		Jao. 1-Nov. 1	Feb. 1-Nov. 1	Dec. 16-Sept. 1							
2-Sept. 7		At all times	Nov. 2-Oct. 1	Dec. 1 Sept. 7	Nov. 2-Sept. 7 .							
il times		At all times	Dec. 1-Oct. 1	Dec. 16-Sept. 16 (19)								
	Jan. 1-Nov. 15	At all times	Jan. 1-Nov. 1	Feb. 1-Oct. 16	Dec. 16-Sept. 1 (							
1 Oct. 1 (4)		Nov. 1-Oct. 1 (10)	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Jan 16-Oct 1 (12)	Dec. 16-Oct. 1(1							
1-Oct. 15	Dec. 1-Oct. 15	Dec. 1-Oct. 15	Dec. 1 Oct. 15	Jan. 16-Oct 1.	Dec. 16-Sept. 1							
1-Nov. 1	Mar. 15-Nov. 15	At all times	Dec. 1-Nov 1	Jan. 16-Oct. 1 Feb. 1-Nov 1	Dec 16-Sept. 1							
10 Sept. 10	BLAL. 10-1404. 15		Jan. 1-Nov. 1 Oct. 10-Oct. 1	Dec. 1-Sept. 10	Oct. 10-Sept. 10							
1-Nov. 1	Jan. 1-Nov. 15 (12)	Mar. 1-Nov. 1	Jan. 1-Nov. 1	Jan 16-Nov. 1	Dec. 16-Oct. 1							
	April 1-Dec. 1	Feb. 1-Nov. 1	Jan. 1-Nov. 1.	Feb 1-Oct 15	Feb. 1-Nov. 1							
Il times		At all times		Jan. 1-Oct. 1	Jan. 1-Oct. 1 (7).							
. 1-Sept. 15		At all times	Dec. 1-Oct. 1	Jan. 1-Sept. 16	Dec. 1-Sept. 1							
. 14 Nov. 1 (12) .	Feb. 14-Nov. 1 (12)	Feb. 14-Nov 1 (12).	Jan. 1-Nov. 1 (12)	Feb. 1-Nov. 1	Feb. 1-Nov 1							
. 1 Sept. 15 (12)		Nov. 1-Sept. 15 (12)		Jan. 16-Oct. 1 (12)								
1-Oct. 15	Dec. 1-Oct. 16	Dec. 1-Oct 15	Dec. 1-Oct. 1	Jan 1-Oct 1								
. 2-Sept. 7 (12).	**********	At all times	At all times	Dec. 1-Sept. 7								
', 16-Sept.1 (12).				Dec. 16-Sept. 15	11)wr 16 Sept 15							

Lake Trout and Whitefish.—Lake trout not less than fifteen inches in length, and we had less than 134 pounds in the round, may be taken and possessed from April 1 to Septembe, thinclusive. Orsego whitefish, commonly called Orsego bass, not less than nine inches in leng ay be taken and possessed from January I to October 31, both inclusive A person may take gling not to exceed tel lake trout in one day, but whenever two or more persons are angling 'e same boat they may take not to exceed fifteen in one day. Whitefish may be taken in any t rorquantity. Lake trout and whitefish may be taken in Lakes Erie and Ontario in any numbantity at any time and when so taken may be possessed.

Black Bass.—June 16 to November 30, inclusive. Minimum length, ten Inches. Limit pone person, fitteen, to a boat, two or more persons, twenty-five; bass must not be taken, her method than angling.

Pickerel and Pike.—May 1 to March 1, inclusive. Pike, minimum length, ten inches. Pinimum length (St. Lawrence River), twenty inches.

Pike Perch.—Not less than twelve inches in length may be taken and possessed in any a unity from May 30 to March 1, both inclusive.

ogs.—Bullfrogs, green frogs and spring frogs may be taken in any manner, possessed, buld from June 1 to March 31, both inclusive. They shall not be taken, possessed, bought or other time.

(Long Island, Open Season.)

out .- April 1 to August 31, inclusive.

inbow Trout.-April 16 to September 30, inclusive,

E.-The State Fish and Game Laws apply where not in conflict with the Long Island provisit

### CHURCH FASTS.

Roman Catholic Days of fasting are the forty days of Lent, the Ember Days, the Four weeks in Advent, and certain vigils or evenings prior to the greater leasts, while all the year are days of abstinence from flesh meat. In the American Episcopal Churci fasting or abstinence to be observed, according to the Book of Common Prayer, are says of Lent, the Ember Days, the three Rogation Days, and all the Fridays of the ristmas Day. In the Greek Church the four principal fasts are those in Lent, the ig Whitsuntide, the fortnight before the Assumption, and forty days before Christmas. the s

### EMBER AND ROCATION DAYS.

ER and Rogation Days are certain periods of the year devoted to prayer and fasting Emwelve annually) about the beginning of the four seasons, and are the Wednesday, Fridarday after the first Sanday in Lent, in Spring; after the feast of Pentecost (Whit Sunday after the lestival of the Holy Cross, Antunn; and after the festival of St. Lucia, Win Zeels are the weeks in which the Ember Days appear.

tion Days occur on the Feast of St. Mark, April 25, and on the three days immediately 1 company began in the season of t

scension Day.

#### DIVISIONS OF TIME.

DIVISIONS OF TIME.

interval between two consecutive transits of a fixed star over any meridian or the intervhich the earth makes one absolute revolution on its axis is called a \*Sidereal\*\* Day\*, and is inv. hile the interval between two consecutive transits of the Sun over any meridian is called at Solar Day\*, and its length varies from tay to day by eason of the variable motion of 's orbit and the inclination of this orbit to the equator on which time is measured.

\*\*an Solar Day\* is the average or mean of all the apparent solar days in a year. \*\*Mean &c\*\* at shown by a well-regulated clock or watch, while \*\*Apparent Solar Time is that shown the structed sun-dial; the difference between the two at any time is the \*\*Equation of Time\*, unto 16 minutes and 21 seconds. The Astronomical Day begins at noon and the Civil 1 seeding midnight. The Sidereal and Alean Solar Days are both invariable, but one day of the structed during which the earth makes one absolute revolution found the Sun is called a \*Si\*\* and consists of 365 days. 6 hours, 9 minutes, and 9.6 seconds, which is invariable. Propical Year is the interval between two consecutive returns of the Sun to the Ver. If this were a fixed point, the Sidereal and Tropical Years would be identical; but in consists of 365 days, 6 hours, 9 minutes, and 9.6 seconds, which is invariable. It is the wide influence of the Moon and planets on the splenoidal figure of the earth. It ox has a slow, retrograde mean motion of 50". 26 animally, so that the Sun returns to the Equoner every year than he otherwise would by 20 minutes 23 6 seconds. The Tropical Year is not of unifo th; it is now slowly decreasing at the rate of .595 second per century, but this variation will 1 secondane. 's continue

is its now slowly decreasing at the rate of .595 second per century, but this variation will in scontinue.

Schear, in B. C. 45, was the first to reform the calendar by ordering that every year who aber is exactly divisible by 4 contain 366 days, and all other years 365 days. The intercala introduced by counting the sixth day before the Kalends of March twice; hence the naile, from bis, twice, and sex, six. He also changed the beginning of the year from 1st of March twice; hence the naile of January, and also changed the name of the fifth month (Quintilis) to July, after himse arage length of the Julian year is therefore 365¼ days, which, however, is too long by s and 14 seconds, and this would accumulate in 400 years to about three days. The Juliar continued in use until a. D. 1582, when the date of the beginning of the seasons occurred ter than in a. C. 45, when this mode of reckoning time was introduced. Gregorian Calendar was introduced by Pope Gregory XIII with the view of keeping the Equation of the seasons occurred the same day of the month. It consists of 365 days, but every year exactly divisible by 400 contain 366 days, and if in addition to the "varrangement the centurial years exactly divisible by 4,000 contain 366 days, the error in the unsystem will amount to only one day in about 200 centuries. If, however, 31 leap year erealized in 128 years, instead of 32 as at present, the calendar would be practically exable error would not amount to more than a day in 100,000 years. The length of the mea rian Year may therefore be set down at 365 days, 5 bours, 49 minutes, 12 seconds. The Gregorendar was introduced into England and her colonies in 1752, at which time the Equinox has aded 11 days since the Council of Nice in A. D. 325, when the festival of Easter was established between the Julian and Gregorian Calendars is now 13 days. Russia and the Greek Churcle ploy the Julian Calendar for civil and ecclesiastical purposes.

### STANDARD TIME.

rom a statement prepared by the United States Naval Observatory, Washington, D. C.)

om a statement prepared by the United States Naval Observatory, washington, B. C.)
United States adopted standard time in 1883, on the initiative of the American Railway
on, and at noon of November 1.3, 1883, the telegraphic time signals sent out daily from the
ervatory at Washington were changed to the new system, according to which the
of 75°, 90°, 105° and 120° west from Greenwich became the time meridians of Eastern,
countain, and Parcific standard time respectively.
etically, the divisions should be half way between the above meridians, but for general couthe ruliroads change their time at the enris of railroad divisions, so that Eastern standard
sed from the Atlantic Coast to an irregular line through Bulfalo, Salamanca, Pittsbur
g,W. Va.; Holloway, Ohio; Huntington, W Va; Bristol, Tenn; Norton, Va.; Asheville, N
, Augusta, Ga.; Columbia, S. C.; Central Junction, Ga. Some of these cities use Eastern
entral time, while the railroads use one time in one direction and the other time in the o

isame applies to the cities on the dividing lines between the Central and Monntain divis' e running through Bismarck, N. D., South Dakota, Nebraska, Colorado, Kansas, New Meexas to 16! Paso; also to the cities on the dividing line between the Monntain and Pacific div ne running through Montana, Idaho, Oregon, Utah, Nevada, and Arizona.

or Time Difference table see Index.

most all countries throughout the world use standard time based on the meridians 15°

reenwich, while some use standard time based on the longitude of their national observat

### LECAL HOLIDAYS IN THE VARIOUS STATES.

JANUARY 1. NEW YEAR'S DAY: In all States and District of Columbia, Porto Rico, Hawail, and Alaska, except Massachusetts.

JANUARY 8. ANNIVERSARY OF THE BATTLE OF NEW ORLEANS: In Louisiana.

JANUARY 19. LEE'S BIRTHDAY: In Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, North Carolina, South Carolina, and Virginia.

FEBRUARY 12. GEORGIA DAY: In Georgia. FEBRUARY 12. LINCOLN'S BIRTHDAY: In California, Colorado, Connecticut, Dejaware, Illinois, Indiana. Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Michigan, Minnesota, Montana, Nebraska, Nevada, New Jersey, New York, North Dakota, Oregon, Pennsylvania, South Dakota, Washington, West Viginia, and Wyoming. FEBRUARY 14. ADMISSION DAY: In Arizona.

FEBRUARY 20. MARDI GRAS, SHROVE TUESDAY: In Alabama and Fiorida (in counties having a carnival); in Louisiana, in the parishes of Orleans, St. Bernard, Jefferson, St. Charles, and St. John the

FEBRUARY 22. WASHINGTON'S BIRTHDAY: In all the States, District of Columbia, Porto Rico, Hawaii and Alaska.

MARCH 2. ANNIVERSARY OF TEXAN INDEPEN-DENCE: In Texas.

MARCH 4. INAUGURATION DAY: In District of Columbia in years when a President of the United States is inaugurated.

States is inaugurated.

MARCH 22. EMANCIPATION DAY: In Porto Rico.

MARCH 25. MARYLAND DAY: In Maryland.

APRIL 6. GOOD FRIDAY: In Alabama, Connecticut,
Delaware, Florida, Louisiana, Maryland, Mintesota,
New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Porto Rico, Tennessee.

APRIL 12. HALIFAX INDEPENDENCE RESOLUTIONS:
In North Carolina.

APRIL 13. THOMAS JEFFERSON'S BIRTHDAY: In
Alabama.

APRIL 19. PATRIOTS' DAY: In Maine and Massa
APRIL 19. PATRIOTS' DAY: In Maine and Massa-

APRIL 19. PATRIOTS' DAY: In Maine and Massachusetts. APRIL 21. ANNIVERSARY OF THE BATTLE OF SAN

APRIL 21. ANNIVERSARY OF THE BATTLE OF SAN JACINTO: IN TEXAS.
APRIL 26. CONFEDERATE MEMORIAL DAY: In Alabama, Florida, Georgia, and Mississiphi.
MAY 10. CONFEDERATE MEMORIAL DAY: In North Carolina and South Carolina.
MAY (Second Friday). Confederate DAY: In

Tennessee ANNIVERSARY OF THE SIGNING OF THE

MECKLENBURG DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE: In

MECKLENBURG DECLARATION OF INDEFENDENCE: IN MAY 30. DECORATION DAY: In all the States and District of Columbia, Porto Rico, Hawaii, and Alsaka, except Arkansas, Florida, Louisiana, Missispini, North Carolina, South Carolina, and Texas. CONFEDERATE MEMORIAL DAY: In Virginia. JUNE 3. JEFFERSON DAVIS'S BIRTHDAY: In Alabama, Florida, Georgia, Mississippi, South Carolina, and Texas. In Louisiana, known as "Confederate Memorial Day."

JUNE 11. KAMEHAMEHA DAY: In Hawall, JUNE 15. PIONEER DAY: In Idaho.

JULY 4. INDEPENDENCE DAY: In all the States, and District of Columbia, Porto Rico, Hawaii, and Alaska

JULY 24. PIONEERS' DAY: In Utah.

JULY 25. LANDING OF AMERICAN TROOPS: PORTO Rico.

AUGUST 1. COLORADO DAY: In Colorado. AUGUST 16. BENNINGTON BATTLE DAY: In Vemont

SEPTEMBER 3. LABOR DAY: In all the States District of Columbia, Perto Rico, Hawaii, a

SEPTEMBER (Third Saturday). REGATT Territory of Hawaii.

SEPTEMBER 9. ADMISSION DAY: In Ca SEPTEMBER 12. "DEFENDERS' DAY": II OCTOBER (First Monday). MISSOURI memorative of Missouri history): In Mis

OCTOBER (Second Friday). FARMERS Fiorida.

OCTOBER 12. COLUMBUS DAY: In Alak zona, Arkansa , California, Colorado, Co Delaware, Idaho, Illinois, Indiana, Ka tucky, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, Nevada, N shire, New Jersey, New Mexico, New Y. Okiahoma. Oregon, Pennsylvania, Porto Rico, I Island, Texas, Vermont, Washington, West Virg

OCTOBER 18. ALASKA DAY: In Alaska.
OCTOBER 31. ADMISSION DAY: In Newada.
NOVEMBER 1. ALL SAINTS' DAY: In LOUISIANA.
NOVEMBER 6. GENERAL ELECTION DAY: In me of the States.

November (Usually the last Thursday). Than CIVING DAY: Is observed in all the States and in District of Columbia, Forto Rico, Hawaii, Alaska, although it is not a statutory holiday in

DECEMBER 25. CHRISTMAS DAY: In all the State and the District of Columbia, Porto Rico, Haw and Alaska.

ARBOR DAY: In some of the States. The day

AGRORM AFTERNOON: In many of the States a SATTERMY AFTERNOON: In many of the States a cities and District of Columbia.

Sundays and Fast Days are legal holidays is Sundays and Fast Days are legal holidays is the States which designate them as such.

the States which designate them as such.

There is no National holiday not even the F of July. Convress has at various times apprecial holidays. In the second session of the third Congress it passed an act making Labo a public holiday in the District of Columbia. Has recognized the existence of certainty days for commercial purposes, but with the tion named, there is no general state on the The proclamation of the Fresidet designation of Thanksgiving only makes it a legal holidin District of Columbia and the Territories.

## THE CENTRE OF POPULATION.

CENSUS YEAR.	Approximate Location by Important Towns.	to Point Direct Line.†
1800 1810 1820 1830 1840 1850 1860 1870 1880	23 miles East of Baltimore, Md. 18 miles West of Baltimore, Md. 10 miles Northwest by West of Washington, D. C. 16 miles North of Woodstock, Va. 19 miles West-Southwest of Moorefield, W. Va.* 16 miles South of Clarksburg, W. Va.* 22 miles Southeast of Parkersburg, W. Va.* 23 miles Southof Chillicothe, Ohio 48 miles East by North of Cincinnati, Ohio 8 miles West by South of Cincinnati, Ohio. 20 miles East of Columbus, Ind. 6 miles Southeast of Columbus, Ind. 6 miles Southeast of Columbus, Ind.	50.5 40.4 55.0 54.8 80.6 44.1 58.1 48.6
1910	6 miles Southeast of Columbus, and	

<sup>†</sup> Movement in miles during preceding West Virginia formed part of Virginia until 1860. ecade.

### MEMORABLE DATES .- (See also "Appiversaries.")

A. D.
1789 The French Revolution began July 14.
1889 Washington first inaug'ted President,
April 30.
1895 Chan Revolution began, Feb. 20.
1895 Chan Revolution began, Feb. 20. c. 83 Fall of Troy. 382 Era of the Great Pyramid 878 Carthage founded. 778 Olympic Era began. April 30. 1793 Cotton-gin invented by Whitney. 1793 Louis XVI. of France executed, Jan .21 1796 Vaccination discovered by Jenner. 1896 "Gienter New York" bill signed 753 Foundation of Home May 11. 1897 The Turkish-Greek Wac. 583 Jernsalem taken by Nebuchadnezzar 1796 536 Restoration of the Jewa under Cyrus 1793 509 Expulsion of Tarquios from Rome. 1798 The Iriah Rebellion. 1898 The Spanish-American War. 1898 Expulsion of Tarquios from Rome. 1799 Bonaparte declared Flest Conaul. 1898 The Spanish-American War. 1800 Weres defeated Greeks at There 1800 Unlon of Great Britain and Ireland, mopyles. 130. 1. aun. 1.
1803 Louisiana purchased from the French 1888 Battle of Santlago de Cuba, July 3, 1804 Bonaparte became Empero of Frauce 1898 Battle of Omdurman, Sept. 2, 1805 Battle of Trafalgar; death of Nelson, 189 Universal Peace Conference, 1805 Battle of Austerlitz, Dec. 2. 55 Casar conquered Britain. 1 Birth of Jeaus Christ. The Crucifixion cintion.

Job Battle of Austeriat, Dec. 2.

Mas destroyed by Titus.

1807 Fullon's first steamboat voyage.

tine converted to Christianity 1812 Second war with Great Britain.

1818 The French expedition to Moscow.

1819 The French expedition. 1899 Philippine-American War hegan. Feb. 4 Windsor Hot-l fire (N. Y.), Mar. 17. inna nhandowed Britain
Siatking of England, lot.14.
Hastings, Norman Conquest
ades began.
As conquered by Henry II.
1814 The printing machine invented
1814 Scut's "Waverley" published
1814 Scut's "Waverley" published
1815 Battle of Lake Champlain, Mc Don2025 Victory, Sept 11.
Bit Battle of Sew Orleans, Jan. 8.
1815 Battle of Waterloo, June 18 Boxer Insurrection in China. 1980 Hoboken docks' fite, June 30 1900 The Galveston tornado, Sept. 8. 1901 Death of Queen Victoria. Aguinaido captured by General Fun-1815 Battle of Waterloo, June 19 1819 First steamship crossed the Atlantic 1823 Monroe Doctrins declared, Dec. 2. 1828 First passenger railroad in U. S. 1830 Revolution in France, Orleanist suc-1901 Pan-American Exposition, May 1of Agincourt, Oct. 25. Nov 2 Arc was burnt, May 30. itinopie taken by the Turks. 1901 Assassination of President McKinley Sept. 6. Sept. 6.

1901 Marcont signalled letter "S" across
Atlautic from England to Newfoundland, Dec. 12. First message
aent in Dec., 1902

1902 Martinique destroyed by volcano. s of the Roses began. e was first printed at Mentz cession. 1835 Morse invented the telegraph set up his printing press. 1833 Semioole War in Florida began, and discovered \u00e4nerica, ivel. 12 1833 Great Fire In New York City, Dec. formation began in Germany 16-17. officer began the conquest of Mexico
The first English Bible printed.
Monasteries were closed in England.
Accession of Queen Victoria, Just
1845 Texas annexed.
1846 Sewing machine completed by J
Accession of Queen Victoria, Just
1846 Texas annexed.
1846 Sewing machine completed by J
St Augustine, Fin , settled.
1846 War with Mexico began
1846 War with Mexico began
1848 Pseuch Hevolution. Republic ceeded.
1848 Pseuch Hevolution. Republic ceeded. Accession of Queen Victoria, June 20 1507 Fennsylvania coal strike.
Texas aonexed.
Sewing machine completed by Howe 1507 Each ward VII crowed King of Great 1846 Sewing machine completed by Howe 1846 The Irish Potato Famine. 1846 British Corn Laws repealed, June 26. Britain, Aug 9. 1903 Republic of Panama establishe 1904 The Great Fire in Baltimore, Feb. 7. 1904 The Russo-Japanese War began. Ine Spanish Armaia detected, buy Injoin of England and Scotland. Jamestowo, Va., was settled May 13. Hudson liver first explored. Shakespene died, April 23. Thirty Years' War in Germany began 1904 St Louis Exposition opened, April 30. 1904 Steamboat General Slocum burned, Gold discovered in California, Sept 1851 Gold discovered in Australia, Feb 12 1851 First International Exhibit'n, London June 15. 1905 Battle of Mukden, Feb. 20-Mar. 15. 1905 Battle of Sen of Japan, May 27-28. 1905 Norway dissolved unloo with Sweden. 1852 Louis Napoleon became Emperor, 1853 Crimean War began, 1853 Japan opened by Commodore Perry 1857 The Great Mutiny in India. Pilgilms by the Maytlower landed. 1905 Norway dissolved un on with Sweleys 1906 Eruption of Vesuvius, April 5-12, 1906 Sno Francisco entitiquale and con-fligration, April 18-19, 1908 American itatileship filet nearly cir-cumusyigated the Globe, 1908 Great eartiquake in Southern Italy, 1908 Chebra (March Fig. 42) Manhattan laland settled. Maryland settled by Homan Catholics 1857 Rhode Island settled by Roger 1857 the Dred Scott decision. 1857 The Dred Scott decision.
1857 First Allantic cable message, Aug. 4
1859 John Brown's raid into Virginia.
1880 South Carolina seceded, Dec. 20.
1861 Emancipation of the Russian serfs.
1861 Battle of Bull Lus, July 21.
1862 Battle of Antietam. Sept. 17.
1863 Lincoln's Emancipation Proclama-Williams in Cromwell's Long i'ailiament assembled. Thatles I. was beheaded, Jan 30. 1908 Chelsea (Mass.) fire, April 12. The North Pole discovered, April 6. comwell became Lord Crotector. 1910 The Notth Fole discovered, April 6, 1910 Republic of Portugal established.
1910 Foron of South Africa, May 31, 1911 The Hittian Turkieh War begon.
1911 Postal Banka established in United States, Jan. 3.
1911 President Dilaz of Mexico resigned.
1911 The South Pole discovered, Dec 14, 1911 China proclaimed a Republic. ew York conquered from the Dutch. 1863 he great plague of London. regreat fire of London began Sept. 2 1863 tion, Jan. 1.

1863 Battle of Gettysburg, July 1-3.

1863 Battle of Chickamuga, Sept 19-20.

1865 Lea surreadered at Appomattox, April 9.

1865 Lea Lincoln accounts. beas Corpus Act passed in Eng- 1863 and.

resylvania settled by Wm. Penn
ocation of the Edict of Nantes
as II. abdicated, Dec. 11.

1 of the Boyne, July 1. I'res. Lincoln assassinated, April 14. 1911 Maximilian of Mexico executed. [912 The Dominion of Canada established [912 Financial 'Black Friday' in N. Y. [1913 1911 China proclaimed a Republic, 1912 Balkan War begun 1912 Steamship Titanic wrecked, Aprill4, 1913 Taxcel Post System in U.S., Jan. 1, 1913 Obin and Indiana floods, March 25-27, 1913 Hebelling in Mexico. 1913 Peace Paince at Hague dedicated, 1913 Eteamer Volturno dian-ter, Oct. 9, 1914 General European wa. 1867 1867 newap per in America; at 1869 ton. Sept. 24. Ular was taken by the English 1870 Franco-German War began, July 19 of Utrecht, John 111. 1870 Franco-German War began, July 19 1870 Franco-German War began, July 19 1870 Franco-German War began, July 1970 Franco-German War began, July 19 1870 Franco-German War began War bega 1870 Rome became the capital of Italy, 1871 The Greman Empire e stabilisted. 1871 The Irish Church was disestablished 1871 The great fire in Chicago, Oct. 8-11. 1872 The great fire in Bloaton, Nov. 9, 1876 Ford. Bell perfected the Ielephone. 1876 Centennial Exposition. 1878 Exposition. Jacobite Rebellion in italn; the second in 1745 Great 1871 S.S. Empress of Ireland conk, May 29. Great fire in Salem, June 25. 1914 th Sea Bubble. 1745 Battle of Fontenoy, April 30, 1756 Black Hole Suffocation in Calcutta. 1914 Panama Canal opened Aug. 15.
1914 City of Mexico invested by the Con-stitutionalists, Aug. 20. 1757 Clive won isattle of Plassey in India 1759 Canada was taken from the French. 1914 Cape Cod Canal opened. 1914 Japan dec'd war on Germany, Aug. 23. 1765 Stamp Act enacted. President Garfield shot, July 2 1773 Steam engine perfected by Watt. 1773 Tea destroyed in Boston Harbor 1914 Austria dec'il war on Japan, Aug. 25, 1915 Panama-Pacific International Exposition opened, Feb 20. 1882 Tuberculosis germ discovered by Dr. Koch. 1737 Ten destroyed in liostom Harbor, Dec. 16.
1745 Rattie of Lexington, April 19.
1745 Rattie of Harker Hill, June 17.
1747 Battle of Fort Moultrie, Charleston, S. C., as thquake, Ang. 31.
1745 Declaration of Independence, July 4.
1745 Battle of Treaton, N. J., Dec 23-96.
1747 Battle of Tenton, N. J., Dec 23-96.
1748 Dittie of Tenton, V. I., Aug. 16.
1749 Divingoue's aurrender, Oct. 17.
1751 Corewellke aurrender at Yorktown, Oct. 19.
1752 Corewellke aurrender at Yorktown, Oct. 19.
1753 Pirstsettlement in Australia, Jan. 26. 1915 Steamsbip Lusitania sunk, May 7. 1915 Great flood in Southern China. 80,000 drowned, July 14. 1915 Excursion stemmer Eastland disaster, pan and United States established, July 27. 1915 Wireless communication between Ja-1915 Steamahip Arabic sunk, Aug. 19. 1916 Tautonic Peace Proposal made.

#### TIME DIFFERENCE.

TWELVE O'CLOCK NOON STANDARD (EASTERN!) TIME IN THE UNITED STATES AS COMPARED WITH THE CLOCKS IN THE FOLLOWING CITIES:

Aden         8 00         P.M.           Alexandria.         7 00         P.M.           Amsterdam.         5.20         P.M.           Athens         7 00         P.M.           Berlin.         6.00         P.M.           Berne.         6.00         P.M.           Bogota.         12.03         P.M.           Bremen.         6.00         P.M.           Bremen.         6.00         P.M.           Brussels.         5.00         P.M.	Hamburg. Havana Have. Hongkong Honolulu Lima Lisbon Liverpool. London	6.00 P.M. 11 31 A.M. 5 00 P.M. 1 100 A.M. 6 30 A.M. 12.00 NOON 4.24 P.M. 5.00 P.M.	Mexico City Natal Paris Petrograd Rio de Janiero Rome Santiago (Chile) Sitka, Alaska Stockholm	10.24 A M, 7.00 P.M, 5.00 P.M, 7.01 P.M, 2.00 P.M, 6.00 P.M, 12.00 NOON 8.00 A M, 6.00 P.M
Brussels. 5.00 P.M Constantinople 700 P.M Copenhagen. 6.00 P.M	London	500 PM. 500 PM	StockholmVienna	6.00 P.M 6.00 P.M

\*At places marked \* the time noted is in the morning of the following day.
"Summer" time, which is one hour later than that given in the table and which is to be used from May
I to October I, was introduced in 1916 in all countries of Europe except Russia, Greece, and the Balkan
States, (See statement below.)

† "EARTERN" time includes: New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, Richmond,

States. (See statement below.)

† "EASTERN" tizze includes: New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, Richmond,

Norfolk, Charleston, Buffalo, Pittsburgh, Montreal, Quebec, Ottawa, Toronto, etc.

"CENTRAL," which is one hour slover than Eastern time, includes: Clevelandt, Chicago, St. Louis,

Minneapolis, St. Paul, Milwaukee, Kansas City, Omaha, Indianapolis, Cincinnati, Detroitt, New Orleans,

Memphis, Savannah, Pensacola, Winnipez, etc.

"MOUNTAIN," which is two hours slower than Eastern time, includes: Denver, Leadville, Colorado

Springs, Helena, Regina (N. W. T.), etc.

"PACIFIC," which is three hours slower than Eastern time, includes: San Francisco, Portland (Oregon),

Victoria Vancouver, Tarooma, Seattle, etc.

Victoria, Vancouver, Tacoma, Seattle, etc.

By the law of the State of Ohlo, which the Legislature recently refused to change, Central time is the legal time in all of that State. The trunk line railways at Cleveland, with the exception of the Erie, use Central time. There is a city ordinance which names Eas ern time as the city time, but as above stated, it is at variance with the State law. Detroit has likewise adopted Eastern time.

#### DAYLICHT SAVING.

"The movement known by this name proposes to set the clock ahead" one hour in the Summer months, or to be more exact, from May 1 to October 1; the idea being to substitute an hour of smlight at one end of the day for an hour of artificial light

at the other.

The father of the movement was an Englishman Interaction of the movement was an Engissman, william Willett, who in 1907 published a booklet on the "Waste of Daylight" In 1908 a Daylight Saving bill was introduced in the House of Commons but failed of passago. The measure was opposed on the ground of being needless, deceptive

opposed on the ground of being needless, deceptive and confusing.

On April 6, 1916, the German Federal Council passed a measure providing that on May 1, 1916, all clocks should be set ahead one hour. The measure was adopted for hygienic and economic reasons. Within three months twelve European countries had followed the lead of Germany and "Summer Time" was in use in Germany, Holland, Austria, Turkey, England, France, Norway, Sweden, Denmark, Italy, Switzerland, Spain and Portugal. Nova Scotia had the honor of introducing the new order in the New World.

Practically no confusion resulted; everything went on as before, people doing exactly the same things at the same hour o'clock, but in reality the whole routine of life had been brought one hour

nearer sunrise. The scheme had brought about in the simplest way a vital change affecting millions. A simple "twist of the wrist" had given these nations

A simple "twist of the wrist" had given these nations their place in the sun.

In England, where the change was avowedly a war measure and not designed to outlast the war, a prime consideration was the conserving of the coal supply for naval and military uses. Also, it is estimated that the British people are saving \$12,000,000 on gas and electric light bills in a single season and that New York City by this means could save \$1,500,000 annually in gas alone. On the other side of the account is the fact that the English companies quickly advanced the price of gas and electric light to the consumer, to meet the loss to themselves through lessened demand. Also,

gas and electric light to the consumer, to meet the loss to themselves through lessened demand. Also, motorists are taking advantage of the greater number of hours of daylight now to be enjoyed and the consumption of gasoline is increasing.

The advantages to be gained are somewhat a matter of latitude: England and Germany are in a position to reap the greatest benefits; Scotland has an excess of Summer daylight, anyway, as is likewise the ease with Scandinavia; in locations like our own Southern States there is too little difference in the duration of daylight as between Summer and Winter to warrant the change.

[ARTHUR NEWTON.]

#### OLD ENGLISH HOLIDAYS.

THESE holidays, with their names, had their origin in mediæval England when the State religion was that of the Church of Rome, and they are still observed generally or in some parts of Britain.

JANUARY 6. TWELFTH DAY, or Twelfth-tide, sometimes colled Old Christmas Day, the same as Epiphany. The previous evening is Twelfth Night, with which many social rites have long been connected.

\*FERRUARY 2. CANDLEMAS: Festival of the Purification of the Virgin. Consecration of the lighted candles to be used in the church during the year.

FESHUARY 14. OLD CANDLEMAS: St. Valentine's Day.

FERMARY 14. OID CANDLENAS: St. Valentine's Day. MARKH 25. LADY DAY: Anonunciation of the Virgin. April 61s old Lady Day. Minesumer Day: Feast of the Nativity of John the Baptist. July 7 is old Midsummer Day. July 18. St. Switten's Day. There was an old superstition that if rain fell on this day it would continue forty days. State of the William Control of the West Carlot August 13.

SEPTEMBER 29. MICHARLMAS: Feast of St. Michael, the

SEPTIMBER 23. BICHARDMS: FERX to St. BICGES, tak Archangel. Old Michaelmas is October 11. Novensar 1. ALL-HALLOWMAS: All-hallows, or All Sainty Day. The previous evening is All-hallow-èen, observed by home gatherings and old-time feative rites. Novensark 2. ALL SOLLE' DAy: Day of prayer for the sonie

of the dead.

NOVEMBER 11. MARTINMAS : Feast of St. Martin. Old Martin-

NOWEMBER 11. MARTINMAS: Feast of St. Martin. Old Martinmas is November 23.

Decamer 28. Childden St. Holy Indocents' Day.

Lady Day, Midsurmer Day, Michaelmas, and Christmas are quarter (rent) days in England, and Whitsunday, Martinmas, Candlemas, and Lammas Day in Souther St. Martinmas, Candlemas, and Lammas Day in Souther denesday, and Maundy Thursday, the day before Good Friday, are observed by the Church. Mothering Sunday is Mid-Leut Sunday, in which the old rural custom obtains of visiting one's parents and making them breasents. presents.

<sup>\*</sup> Also known as "Groundhog Day."

## TABLE OF DAYS BETWEEN TWO DATES.

A TABLE OF THE NUMBER OF DAYS BETWEEN ANY TWO DAYS WITHIN TWO YEARS.

																					_		
Day Mo.	reb. Mar.	April.	May.	June,	July.	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Day Mo.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	April.	May	June	July.	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
2 2 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 6 3 7 7 8 8 8 9 9 9 10 10	32 60 33 61 34 62 35 63 36 64 37 65 38 66 39 67 40 68 41 69 42 70 43 71	91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 99 100 101 102	121 122 123 124 125 126 127 128 129 130 131 132	152 153 154 155 156 157 158 159 160 161 162 163	182 183 184 185 186 187 188 189 190 191 192 193	213 214 215 216 217 218 219 220 221 222 223 224	244 245 246 247 248 249 250 251 252 253 254 255	274 275 276 277 278 279 280 281 282 283 284 285	305 306 307 308 309 310 311 312 313 314 315 316	335 336 337 338 339 340 341 342 343 343 344 345 346	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	366 367 368 369 370 371 372 373 374 375 376 377	397 398 399 400 401 402 403 404 405 406 407 408	425 426 427 428 429 430 431 432 433 434 435 436	456 457 458 459 460 461 462 463 464 465 466 467	486 487 488 489 490 491 492 493 494 495 496 497	517 518 519 520 521 522 523 524 525 526 527 528	547 548 549 550 551 552 553 554 555 556 557 558	578 579 580 581 582 583 584 586 586 586 588 588	609 610 611 612 613 614 615 616 617 618 619 620	639 640 641 642 643 644 645 646 647 648 649 650	670 671 672 673 674 675 676 676 677 678 679 680 681	700 701 702 703 704 705 706 707 708 709 710
13   13   14   14   15   15   16   17   17   17   17   17   17   17	14 72 15 73 146 74 147 75 148 76 149 77 750 78 51 79 52 80 53 81 54 82 55 83	103 104 105 106 107 108 109 110 111 112 113 114	133 134 135 136 137 138 139 140 141 142 143 144	164 165 166 167 168 109 170 171 172 173 174 175	194 195 196 197 198 199 200 201 202 203 204 205	225 226 227 228 229 230 231 232 233 284 215 236	256 257 258 259 260 261 262 263 264 265 266 267	286 287 288 289 290 291 292 293 294 295 296 297	317 318 319 320 321 322 323 324 325 326 327 328	347 348 349 350 351 352 353 354 356 356 357 358	13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	378 379 380 381 382 383 384 385 386 387 388	417 418 419 420	444 445 446 447 448	468 469 470 471 472 473 474 476 476 477 478	498 499 500 501 502 503 504 505 506 507 508 509	529 530 531 532 533 534 535 536 537 538 589 540	559 560 561 562 563 564 565 566 567 568 569	590 591 592 593 594 595 596 597 598 600 601	621 622 623 624 325 626 627 628 629 630 631 632	651 652 653 654 655 656 657 658 669 661 662	682 683 684 685 686 687 688 589 690 691 692 693	712 713 714 715 716 717 718 719 720 721 722 723 724
27 27 3	56 84 57 85 58 86 59 87 88 89	115 116 117 118 119 120	145 146 147 148 149 150 151	176 177 178 179 180 181	206 207 208 209 210 211 212	237 233 239 240 241 242 243	268 269 270 271 272 273			359 360 361 362 363 364 365	25 26 27 28 29 30 31	392 393	422 423 424	451	482 483 484 485	510 511 512 513 514 515 516	541 542 543 544 545 546	571 572 573 574 575 576 576	602 603 604 605 606 607 608	633 634 635 636 637 638	663 664 665 666 667 658 669	694 695 696 697 698 699	724 725 726 727 728 729 730

The above table applies to ordinary years only. For leap year, one day must be added to each number of days after February 28, Example.—To find the number of days between June 3, 1900, and February 16, 1901: The figures opposite the third day in the first June column are 154; those opposite the sixteenth day in the second February column are 412. Subtract the first from the second product—i.e., 154 from 412, and the result is 258, the number of days between the two dates.

### EASTER SUNDAY.

A TABLE SHOWING THE DATE OF EASTER SUNDAY IN EACH YEAR OF THE NINETEENTH AND TWENTIETH CENTURIES.

1801-April 5.	1835-April 19,	1869-Mar. 28.	1902-Mar. 30.	, 1935—April 21.	1968-April 14,
1802-April 18.		1870-April 17.	1903-April 12.	1936—A pril 12.	1969-April 6.
1803-April 10.	1837-Mar. 26.	1871-April 9.	1904-April 3.	1937-Mar, 28,	1970-Mar. 29.
1804-April 1.	1838-April 15.	1872-Mar. 31.	1905—April 23	1938-April 17.	1971-April 11.
1805-April 14	1839 - Mar. 31.	1873-April 13.	1906-April 15.	1939-April 9	1972-April 2.
1806-April 6.	1840 -April 19.	1874-April 5.	1907-Mar. 31.	1940-Mar. 24.	1973-April 22.
1807-Mar. 29	1841-April 11.	1875-Mar. 28.	1908-April 19.	1941-April 13.	1974-April 14.
1808-April 17	1842-Mar. 27.	1876-April 16	1909-April 11.	1942-April 5.	1975-Mar. 30.
1809 - April 2	1843-April 16.	1877-April 1.	1910-Mar. 27	1943-April 25.	1976-April 18.
1810-April 22.	1844-April 7.	1878-April 21.	1911-April 16.	1944-April 9.	1977-April 10.
1811-April 14.	1845-Mar. 23.	1879-April 13.	1912-April 7.	1945-April 1.	1978-Mar. 26.
1812-Mar. 29	1846-April 12.	1880-Mar. 28	1913-Mar. 23.	1946-April 21.	1979-April 15.
1813-April 18	1847-April 4	1881-April 17	1914-April 12.	1947-April 6	1980-April 6.
1814-April 10	1848-April 23	1882-April 9	1915-April 4	1948-Mar. 28.	1981-April 19
1815-Mar. 26.	1849-April 8	1883-Mar. 25	1916-April 23.	1949-April 17.	1982-April 11
1816-April 14.	1850 - Mar. 31.	1884-April 13.	1917-April 8.	1950-April 9	1983-April 3
1817-April 6.	1851-April 20	1885-April 5.	1918-Mar, 31.	1951-Mar. 25.	1984-April 22
1818-Mar. 22.	1852-April 11.	1886-April 25.	1919-April 20.	1952-April 13.	1985-April 7
1819-April 11.	1853-Mar. 27.	1887-April 10.	1920-April 4.	1953-April 5	1986-Mar. 30
1820-April 2.	1854-April 16.	1888-April 1.	1921—Mar. 27.	1954- April 18.	1987-April 19
1821-April 22	1855-April 8.	1889 - April 21	1922 - April 16.	1955-April 10.	1988-April 3
1822-April 7.	1856 - Mar. 23.	1890-April 6.	1923-April 1	1956-April 1.	1989-Mar. 26
1823-Mar. 30	1857-April 12.	1891-Mar. 29	1924-April 20	1957-April 21	1990-April 15
1824-April 18	1858-April 4,		1925-April 12	1958-April 6	1991-Mar. 31
1825April 3	1859-April 24.		1926-April 4.	1959-Mar. 29	1992-April 19
1826-Mar. 26	1860-April 8.		1927-April 17.	1960-April 17	1993-April11
1827 -April 15.	1861-Mar. 31.		1928-April 8.	1961-April 2	1994-April 3
1828 - April 6	1862-April 20	1896 -April 5.	1929-Mar. 31.	1962-April 22,	1995-April 16
1829-April 19.	1863-April 5		1930-April 20.	1963-April 14	1996-April 7
1830-April 11			1931-April 5.	1964 - Mar. 29.	1997-Mar. 30
1831-April 3			1932-Mar. 27	1965-April 18.	1998-April 12
1832-April 22	1866-April 1		1933-April 16	1966-April 10.	1999-April 4.
1833-April 7	1867-April 21		1934-April 1.	1967-Mar. 26,	2000-April 23.
	1868-April 12		Jacos-April 1.	100; -Mai. 20,	" wood aprir wo.
1001 Mai, 00	. LOGO April 12	•			

	CALENDARS FOR	1917 AND 1918.	
19	17.	1918.	
Sur. Mon. Tues. Wed. Fri. Sat.		Sun. Tues. Wed. Thur. Fri.	Sun. Tues. Wed. Thur. Fri.
Jan 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 1 1 2 2	July. 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 1 1 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	Jan 1 2 3 4 5 July . 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 36 31	$\begin{array}{c} . \ . \ 1 \ 2 \ 3 \ 4 \ 5 \ 6 \\ 7 \ 8 \ 9 \ 10 \ 11 \ 12 \ 13 \\ 14 \ 15 \ 16 \ 17 \ 18 \ 19 \ 20 \\ 21 \ 22 \ 23 \ 24 \ 25 \ 26 \ 27 \\ 28 \ 29 \ 30 \ 31 \ . \ . \ . \ . \end{array}$
4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	13 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 12 22 23 24 25 12 6 27 28 1	4 5 6 7 8 9 10 1112 12 14 15 16 17 18 15 26 27 28 29 30 31
March. 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 112 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9101112131415 16171819202122 23242526272829	March 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 Sept. 10111213141516 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	
March. 25,262,728 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 11 112 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 12 23 24 4 5 6 9 10 1112 13 14 15 16 17 12 12 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 12 12 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 1		April. $\begin{bmatrix} 31 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \\ 5 \\ 6 \\ 7 \\ 8 \\ 910111213 \\ 1213231242 \\ 28 \\ 29 \\ 30 \\ 21 \\ 28 \\ 29 \\ 30 \\ 21 \\ 20 \\ 31 \\ 21 \\ 20 \\ 31 \\ 21 \\ 31 \\ 31 \\ 31 \\ 31 \\ 31 \\ 31$	$\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \\ 5 \\ 6 \\ 7 \\ 8 \\ 8 \\ 910 \\ 112 \\ 12 \\ 12 \\ 13 \\ 14 \\ 15 \\ 16 \\ 17 \\ 18 \\ 19 \\ 10 \\ 12 \\ 13 \\ 14 \\ 15 \\ 16 \\ 17 \\ 18 \\ 19 \\ 10 \\ 111 \\ 13 \\ 14 \\ 15 \\ 16 \\ 17 \\ 18 \\ 19 \\ 10 \\ 111 \\ 13 \\ 14 \\ 15 \\ 16 \\ 17 \\ 18 \\ 19 \\ 10 \\ 111 \\ 13 \\ 14 \\ 15 \\ 16 \\ 17 \\ 18 \\ 19 \\ 10 \\ 111 \\ 13 \\ 14 \\ 15 \\ 16 \\ 18 \\ 19 \\ 10 \\ 111 \\ 13 \\ 14 \\ 15 \\ 16 \\ 17 \\ 18 \\ 19 \\ 19 \\ 10 \\ 11 \\ 12 \\ 13 \\ 14 \\ 15 \\ 16 \\ 17 \\ 18 \\ 19 \\ 19 \\ 10 \\ 11 \\ 13 \\ 14 \\ 15 \\ 16 \\ 16 \\ 18 \\ 19 \\ 10 \\ 10 \\ 10 \\ 10 \\ 10 \\ 10 \\ 10$
13 14 15 16 17 18 19  20 21 22 23 24 25 26  27 28 29 30 31	Nov	May	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Dec 232621232330 i i 23 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 1 5 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 5 26 27 28 29 3 3 3 1	fune 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 1011 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 12 2 23 24 25 26 27 28 20 30	1 1 1 1 1 1 1

#### ANNIVERSARIES.

DATES OF HISTORICAL EVENTS CUSTOMARILY OR OCCASIONALLY OBSERVED. See also table of "Memorable Dates" and "Legal Holldays."

Jan. 17. Franklin born, 1706.	May 24. Queen Victoria born, 1819.
Jan. 19, Robert E. Lee born, 1807.	June 3, King George V. born, 1865.
Jan. 27. German Emperor born, 1859.	June 14. Flag D.y in the United States.
Jan. 29. William McKinley born, 1843,	July 1. Dominion Day in Canada.
	July 3. Cervera's ficet destroyed off Santlago, 1898.
Feb. 12. Abraham Lincoln born, 1809.	
Feb. 15. Battleship Maine blown up, 1898.	July 12. Orangemen's Day.
Feb. 22. George Washington born, 1732.	July 14. The Bastile was destroyed, 1789.
Mar. 5. Boston Massacre, 1770.	July 16. Santiago surrendered, 1898.
Mar. 15. Andrew Jackson born, 1767.	Aug. 3. Invasion of Beiglum by Germany, 1914.
Mar. 17. St. Patrick's Day.	Aug. 7. Gen. Nathapael Creene born, 1742,
Mar. 18. Grover Cleveland born, 1837.	Aug. 13. Manila surr endered to Americans, 1898.
April 12. Henry Clay born, 1777.	Aug. 28. Montenegro became a kingdom, 1910.
April 12. Fort Sumter fired on, 1861.	Sept. 1. Capitulation of Secan, 1870.
	Sept. 14. City of Mexico taken by U. S. troops, 1847.
April 13. Thomas Jefferson born, 1743.	
April 19. Primrose Day in England; Lord Beacons-	
field died, 1881.	Oct. 27. Theodore Rocsevelt born, 1858
April 23, Shakespeare born, 1564.	Nov. 5. Guy Fawkes Day in England. The Gun-
April 27. Gen. U. S. Grant born, 1822.	powder Plot discovered, 1605.
May 1. Dewey destroyed the Spanish fleet at	Nov. 10. Martin Luther born, 1483.
Manila, 1898.	Nov. 25. British evacuated New York, 1783.
May 13. Society of The Cincinnati organized by	
officers of Revolutionary Army, 1783.	Dec. 28. Woodrow Wilson Lorn, 1856.
May 18. The Czar of Russia born, 1868.	Doc wo Hood on Hison Com, 1000.
May 10. The Can of Russia Dorn, 1808.	

### THE FRENCH REVOLUTIONARY ERA.

In September, 1793, the convention decreed that the common era should be abolished in all civil affalia, and that the new French era should begin on September 22, 1792, the day of the true autumnal equinox falia. The year was divided into the welve months of thirty days each. In ordinary years there were five extra days, from the 17th to the 21st of our September, and at the end of every fourth year was a sixth complimentary day. This reckoulog was first used on November 22, 1793, and was continued and Il becember 31, 1805, when it was discontinued, and the Gregorian calendar, used throughout the test of Europe, was resumed. The following were the dates for the year 1804, the last complete year of this style of reckaning:

Vendemials (Viniage), September 23 to Vetober 22.

Brumaire (Foggy), October 23 to November 22.

Frimaire (Slety), November 22 to Leonard 21.

Nivoss (Snowy), December 22 to Lanuary 21.

Pluviose (Riany), January 21 to February 20.

Vendose (Windy), February 20 to March 19.

The months were divided into these decades of ten days each, but to make un the 36 five were added at the end of September 21.

The months were divided into these decades of ten days each, but to make un the 36 five were added at the end of September 21.

Ventose (Windy), February 20 to March 19.

The months wers divided into these decades of ten days each, but to make up the 355 for were added at the end of September: Primidi, dedicated to Vitue; Duodi, to Gapius; Tridi, to Labor; Quartidi, to Opiniou, and Quintidi, to Rewated. To the press, called Olympic, a sixth days, September 20 or 23, Sextidi, "the day of the Revolution," was added.

To each tenth days, thirty-six in all, were assigned thirty-six "Fetes Decadaires," deceed by the National Convention on the eighteenth Prairial, in honor of the Supreme Being and Nature, the Human lince, the rench People, Benefactors of Humanity, Martyra for Liberty, Liberty and Equality, the Republic, Liberty of the World, Lowe of Country, Hatted of Tylante and Traitors, Trinti, Justice, Modesty, Clory and Immortality, Priendsity, Pregality, Country, Grand, Delicates and Traitors, Agriculture, Agriculture, Industry, Own Ameeters, Our Tosterity, Goodness.

Hood, Old Age, Sickness, Agriculture, Industry, Own Ameeters, Our Tosterity, Goodness.

### READY-REFERENCE CALENDAR.

For ascertaining any Day of the Week for any given Time within Two Hundred Years from the introduction of the New Style, 1752, \* to 1952 inclusive.

COMMON YEARS, 1753 TO 1951.

Feb.
Mar.
May.
June.
July.
Aug.
Sept.
Oct.
Nov.

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1761 1801	1767 1807	177		1795 1835	1846	3 1857 1903	1863 1914	1874 1925	1888 193	1891 1942	4	7	7	3	5	1	3	6	2	4	7	2
1762 1802	1773 1813	177 181	9 1790 9 1830	1841	1847	7 1858 1909	1869 1915	1875 1926	1886 193	1897 1943	5	1	1	4	6	2	4	7	3	5	1	3
1757 1803	1763 1814	177 182		1791 1842	1853	1859 1910	1870 1921	1881 1927	188° 1938		6	2	2	5	7	3	5	1	4	6	2	4
1754 1805	1765 1811	177 182	1 1782 1 1833	1793 1839	1799 1850 1901	1861	1867 1918	1878 1929	1889 1934		2	5	5	1	3	6	1	4	7	2	5	7
1755 1806	1766 1817	177 182	7 1783 1834	1794 1845	1800 1851 1902	1862	1873 1919	1879 1930	1890 194		3	6	6	2	4	.7	2	5	1	3	6	1
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1768	17	96	1808	183	6	1864	1892	196	)4	1932	5	1	2	5	7	3	5	1	4	6	2	4
1772	-		1812	184	0	1868	1896	199	08	1936	3	6	7	3	5	1	3	6	2	4	7	2
1776			1816	184	1	1872		19	12	1940	1	4	5	1	3	6	1	4	7	2	5	7
1780			1820	184	8	1876		19	16	1944	6	2	3	6	1	4	6	2	5	7	3	5
1756	_	84	1824	185		1880		19		1948	4	7	1	4	6	2	4	7	3	5	1	3
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Day	Day	SUN RISES.	SUN SETS.	MOON R. & S.	SUN RISES.	SUN SETS.	MOON R. & S.	SUN RISES.	SUN MOON	RISES	SUN MOON SETS. R. & S
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 21 3 14 15 16 7 18 19 20 1 22 3 24 25 6 27 8 29	MTWHF a MUWHF	RISES.  H. M. 7 300 7 300 7 300 7 300 7 29 7 29 7 29 7 29 7 28 7 27 7 27 7 27 7 27 7 27 7 27 7 21 7 20 7 19 7 17	Ests. M.	H. M. 1 8 2 17 3 24 4 28 5 28 6 20 7 5	RISES. H. M. 7 244 7 244 7 244 7 244 7 244 7 224 7 224 7 224 7 224 7 229 7 220 7 19 7 18 7 17 7 16 7 15 7 13	H. 444444444444444444444444444444444444	R. & S. H. M. 1 6 2 14 3 20 4 23 5 22 6 14 6 59 rises. 6 20 7 20 9 19 10 19 11 20 2 39 3 48 5 54 6 44 sets. 7 10 8 27 9 41 10 52 A.M. 12 3	RISES. H. M. T. 19 7 19 7 19 7 19 7 19 7 19 7 19 7 19 7	Sers. R. & s  H. M. H. M. H. M. 4  4 49 1 4  4 50 2 10  4 50 3 14  4 51 4 11  4 52 5 16  4 53 6 6  4 54 6 6  5 6 6 24  4 57 7 2  5 10 11  5 2 34  5 12 2  5 6 3 44  5 7 4 2  5 10 6 3  5 11 sets.  5 11 sets.  5 11 sets.  5 12 7 14  5 13 8 2  5 14 9 4  5 15 10 5  5 14 9 4  5 15 10 5  5 18 A.M.	H. M. 2 7 7 3 3 7 7 2 2 7 7 1 7 7 1 7 7 1 7 7 1 7 7 1 8 6 5 5 9 8 6 6 5 8	SETS. R. & 8 H. M. H. M. H. S.
30 31	Tu W	7 16	5 11 5 12	$\begin{array}{ c c c }\hline 1 & 15 \\ 2 & 21 \\ \hline \end{array}$	7 12 7 12	5 15 5 16	$\begin{array}{c c} 1 & 11 \\ 2 & 16 \end{array}$	$\begin{bmatrix} 7 & 9 \\ 7 & 8 \end{bmatrix}$	5 19 1 6 5 20 2 10	11 1 11	5 31 12 52 5 32 1 53

DAY OF	1			DAYOF	1		1	DAYOF	1			DAY OF				DAY OF			
MONTH	н	M.	8.	MONTH	н	М.	8	MONTH	н.	M.	8	MONTH	н.	м.	8.	MONTH	H	м.	s.
1	12	3	41	8	12	• 6	49	14	12	9	11	20	12	11	10	26	12	12	42
2	12	4	9	9	12	7	14	15	12	9	33	21	12	11	27	27	12	12	55
3	12	4	37	10	12	7	39	16	12	9	53	22	12	11	44	28	12	13	7
4	12	5	4	11	12	8	3	17	12	10	14	23	12	12	0	29	12	13	17
5	12	5	31	12	12	8	26	18	12	10	33	24	12	12	15	30	12	13	27
6	12	5	58	13	12	8	49	19	12	10	52	25	12	12	29	31	12	13	37
7	12	6	24																

PLACES.	Jan.	Begins, A.M.	Ends, P.M	Jan	Begins, A.M	Ends, PM.	Jan	Begins. A.M	Ends, P.M.
		н. м.	н. м.		н. м.	н. м.		н. м.	н. м.
Boston	1	5 48	6 19	11	5 48	6 28	21	5 45	6 38
New York	1	5 46	6 22	11	5 46	6 30	21	5 44	6 40
Wash'ton	1	5 43	6 24	11	5 44	6 32	21	5 42	6 42
Charleston	1	5 35	6 33	11	5 36	6 40	21	5 35	6 48

y of the Month.	y of the Weck.	Ne N Michig N. an Was	lendar Boston W Engia Y. Sta an, Wis id S. Da hington Oregon	ind, te, sconsin, akota, , and	NEW Co Penns India Iowa Wy Northe	lendar York mnectic yivania ana, Illi , Nebra oming, ern Call	CITY, ut, ' , Ohio, nois, iska, and fornia	Virgin Misso Colo Ne Centr	lendar SHINGT la, Ken burl, Ka brado, U evada, a al Calif	on, tucky, nsas, tah, nd ornia,	CH Georg Louisia Texas, Ar Southe	iendar i ARLEST dia, Alal ana, Arl New M izona, a ern Cali	on, bama, kansas, fexico, nd fornia.
Day	Day	RISES	SUN SETS.	MOON R. & S.	SUN RISES.	SUN SETS.	Moon R & S	SUN RISES	SUN SETS.	Moon R. & S.	SUN RISES	SUN SETS.	MOON R & S.
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	The Franch of the South of the	H. M. 144 7 13 7 12 7 10 7 7 8 7 7 5 7 7 3 7 7 1 7 7 9 6 59 6 57 6 56 6 53 6 52 6 54 6 44 6 44 6 44 6 44 6 44 6 43 6 38	H 5 144 5 15 15 5 16 5 5 19 5 5 20 5 5 22 5 5 26 5 5 31 5 5 38 5 5 36 5 5 41 5 5 42 5 5 43 5 5 44 5 5 5 5	H. M. 3 222 4 17 5 43 6 16 rises. 6 10 7 11 9 13 10 16 11 22 A.M. 12 29 1 37 2 43 3 4 36 5 20 5 57 sets. 7 13 8 30 9 45 10 5M. 12 7	H. M11 7 110 7 9 7 7 8 7 7 6 6 57 7 7 4 7 7 2 7 7 0 6 55 6 55 6 55 6 55 6 6 55 6 6 55 6 6 49 6 44 6 44 6 44 6 43 6 38 6 38	H 5 17 18 18 20 10 5 5 5 22 23 5 5 5 25 5 5 5 5 5 5 33 34 40 20 5 5 5 43 45 5 5 5 47 8 45 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	H. M. 111 4 588 5 182 7 122 9 12 10 144 11 182 2 37 38 4 31 5 166 5 54 8 29 9 424 14 12 3 1 7 7	H. M. 7 7 6 6 7 5 4 7 7 8 6 59 6 58 6 57 6 56 6 53 6 52 6 51 6 6 48 6 42 6 440 6 39 6 36 6 35 6 35 6 35 6 35 6 35 6 35	B 21 21 5 5 22 3 5 5 24 5 5 2 5 5 3 3 4 5 5 5 3 6 5 5 4 5 5 3 6 5 5 4 7 5 5 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	H. M. 3 10 3 10 4 4 4 52 5 32 6 7 rises. 6 15 7 13 8 12 9 11 10 12	H 6 55 6 54 6 554 6 552 6 551 6 549 6 48 6 47 6 46 6 45 6 44 6 43 6 42 6 41 6 43 6 33 6 33 6 33 6 33 6 33 6 33	$\begin{smallmatrix} \text{N.} & 322\\ 55344\\ 553345\\ 535536\\ 536537\\ 8389\\ 44456\\ 55446\\ 455555\\ 55555\\ 555555\\ 555555\\ 55555\\ 55555\\ 5555\\ 5555\\ 5565\\ 5555\\ 5555\\ 5565\\ 5$	H. M. 2 51 3 45 4 33 5 166 5 53 rises. 6 21 7 16 8 11 9 6 10 3 11 3 12 5 12 3 4 57 5 40 8 24 9 31 8 11 42 A. M. 12 43
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DAY OF MONTE				DAY OF MONTH				DAY OF MONTH				DAY OF MONTH				DAYOF			
MONTH	н.	м.	8	MICKIE	п.	м.	S	MONTH		м.	s.	MIONTH	п.	м.	s	MONTH	н.	М.	8.
1	12	13	45	7	12	14	18	13	12	14	22	19	12	14	0	25	12	13	14
2	12	13	53	8	12	14	21	14	12	14	20	20	12	13	54	26	12	13	5
3	12	13	59	9	12	14	23	15	12	14	18	21	12	13	48	27	12	12	54
4	12	14	5	10	12	14	24	16	12	14	15	22	12	13	40	28	12	12	43
5	12	14	10	11	12	14	24	17	12	14	10	23	12	13	32		1		
6	12	14	15	12	112	14	24	18	12	14	6	24	12	13	24	Į į			

PLACES.	Feb.	Begins, A M.	Ends, P.M.	Feb.	Begins, A.M.	Ends, P.M.	Feb.	Begins, A.M.	Ends, P.M.
Boston New York Wash'ton Charleston	1	н. м. 5 38 5 37 5 36 5 31	H. M 6 51 6 51 6 52 6 57	11 11 11 11	н. м. 5 28 5 27 5 27 5 24	H. M. 7 1 7 2 7 3 7 5	21 21 21 21 21	н. м. 5 15 5 15 5 15 5 15 5 15	H. M. 7 13 7 13 7 13 7 13 7 13

of the Month.	7 of the Week	New N. Michig N. an Was	lendar Boston W Engla Y. Sta an, Wis id S. Da hington Oregon	ind, te. sconsin, akota, , and	NEW Co Penns India Iowa Wy North	Mendar YORK Onnectic ylvania ana, Illi Mebra oming, ern Cali	CITY, ut, Ohio nois, aska. and	Virgin Misso Colo Ne Centr	lendar i lashingt ia, Ken jouri, Ka prado, U evada, a rai Calif	on, tucky, insas, Itah, ind ornia.	CH Georg Louisis Texas, Ar Southe	lendar ARLEST Ia. Alai Sna. Ari New M izona, s ern Cali	on, bama, kansas, fexico, and fornia.
Day	Day	SUN RISES.	SUN SETS.	MOON R. & S.	SUN RISES.	Sun Sets	MOON R. & B.	SUN RISES.	SUN SETS	MOON R. & S.	SUN RISES	SUN SETS.	MOON R. & S.
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 21 31 4 15 16 17 8 19 20 12 22 32 22 22 22 22 22 23 31 22 23 4 25 6 7 8 9 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	THE SOME THE	H 6 6 36 6 33 6 6 33 6 6 28 6 6 22 6 6 2 18 6 6 15 5 5 5 7 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	H. M. M. S.	H. M. 2 10 3 0 3 42 4 17 4 47 5 135 rises 7 6 8 9 9 14 10 20 11 27 A.M. 12 33 1 2 28 3 14 4 54 sets. 7 17 8 322 4 4 54 sets. 7 17 8 32 1 15 15 15 16 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	6 35 6 33 6 32 6 32 6 29 6 27 6 26 6 21 6 19 6 16 6 14 6 13 6 11 5 59 5 55 5 54 5 54 5 54	H.5512 5555555555555555555555555555555555	H. M. 2 4 4 2 54 4 13 4 43 5 10 5 34 4 17 10 16 11 22 A.M. 12 27 1 28 2 3 9 3 48 4 25 3 sets. 7 16 8 30 2 10 50 11 52 A.M. 12 46 1 33	H. M. 6 33 6 32 6 30 6 27 6 26 6 24 6 23 6 20 6 18 6 17 6 14 6 12 6 11 6 9 6 8 6 6 4 6 3 6 6 4 6 3 6 5 58 5 55 5 55 5 54 7	H: M: 552 553 5545 5556 558 5566 558 5666 667 6686 6611 612 613 614 615 617 618 621 621 621	H. M. 158 248 331 440 57 532 748 5 98 1012 1117 A.M. 1221 1226 344 252 2163 440 452 2163 440 452 2163 440 452 3114 460 460 460 460 460 460 460 460 460 46	H. M. M. 6 28 6 27 6 26 6 25 6 24 6 22 6 21 6 19 6 17 6 16 6 14 6 12 6 11 6 10 6 6 4 6 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6	B. M. M. S.	1 39 2 29 3 14 28 4 28 4 527 rises. 7 1 7 58 8 57 1 0 A.M. 12 3 1 58 2 48 3 32 4 42 4 12 8 16 10 27 A.M. 10 27 A.M.

DAY OF				DAY OF	_		1	DAY OF	i		1	DAYOF				DAYOF			
MONTH		M.			H	M.		MONTH		м.	s.	MONTH	н.	м.	s.	MONTH	H.	М.	В.
1	12	12	32	8	12	10	58		12	9	22	20	12	7	38	26	12	5 5	49 31
2	12	12 12	20	9	12	10	42 27	15 16	$\frac{12}{12}$	9	5 48	21 22	12 12	7	20	27	12	5	12
3	12	17	54	10	12	10	11	17	$\frac{12}{12}$	8	31	23	12	6	44	29	12	4	54
5	12	11	41	12	12	9	55		12	8	13	24	12	6	25	30	12	4	36
6	12	11	27	13	12	9	39	19	12	7	55	25	12	6	7	31	12	4	17
7	12	11	12		1				}				l		1		l		

PLACES.	Mar	Begins	3, A.M.	Ends, P.M.	Mar.	Begins, A.M	Ends, P M.	Mar	Begins, A.M.	Ends, P.M.
		н.	м.	н. м.	-	Н. М.	н. м.	01	H. M.	н. м. 7 47
Boston	1	5	3	7 23	11	4 46	7 35	21	4 28	:
New York	1	5	4	7 22	11	4 48	7 33	21	4 31	7 45
Wash'ton	1	5	5	7 21	11	4 50	7 31	21	4 34	7 42
Charleston	1	5	7	7 19	11	4 54	7 27	21	4 41	7 34

-1		Ca	lendar for	C	alendar	for	!		<u>.</u> i	1 -		
the Month.	Week.	Ne	Boston, w England,	NEW C	YORK onnection	CITY,	, WA	lendar shingt la, Ken	ON.	CH	lendar ARLEST ia, Alal	ON.
X	W e	Michig	Y. State, an, Wisconsin	, Ind	sylvania lana, Ill	inois,	Miss	ouri, Ka orado, U	nsas,	Louisia	na, Ari	ansas,
tp	the	Was	d S. Dakota, hington, and Oregon.	W	a, Nebr yoming, ern Cal	and	] N∈	vada, a al Calif	nd	Ar	izona, a ern Cali	nd
y of	y of			_			-	Clema	74.5.7	Claras	Crrss	24002
Day	Day	SUN RISES.	SUN MOO SETS, R. &		SUN SETS.	MOON R. & S.	SUN RISES.	SUN SETS.	MOON R. & S	SUN RISES.	SUN SETS.	MOON R. & S.
1	S	н. м. 5 43	н. м. н. м 6 25 2 4		н. м. 6 24	н. м. 2 44	н. м. 5 46	н. м. 6 23	н. м. 2 40	н. м. 5 49	н. м. 6 20	н. м. 2 27
2	M	5 42	6 26 3 1	5 43	6 25	3 12	5 44	6 24	3 9	5 47	6 20	2 59
3	Tu +	5 40 5 38	$\begin{bmatrix} 6 & 28 & 3 & 3 \\ 6 & 29 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$		6 26	3 37	5 42	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	3 35 3 59	5 46 5 45	$\begin{array}{c c} 6 & 21 \\ 6 & 22 \end{array}$	3 29
4 5	Th	5 38	$\begin{bmatrix} 6 & 29 & 4 \\ 6 & 30 & 4 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$			$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	5 41 5 39	620 627	4 23	5 44	$\begin{array}{c c} 6 & 22 \\ 6 & 22 \end{array}$	4 24
6	Fr	5 35	631 44	5 36	6 30	4 45	5 38	6 28	4 47	5 42	6 23	5 52
7 8	Sa S	5 33 5 31	6 32 rises 6 33 8 1	. 5 35 0 5 33		rises.	5 36 5 35	6 29	rises.	5 41 5 40	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	rises.
9	M	5 30	6 34 9 1			9 14	5 33	631	9 9	5 38	6 25	8 53
10	Tu	5 28	6 35 10 2				5 32	6 32	10 14	5 37	6 26	9 56
$\frac{11}{12}$	$_{\mathrm{Th}}^{\mathrm{W}}$	5 26	6 36 11 2 6 38 A.M	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	$\begin{array}{c c} 6 & 35 \\ 6 & 36 \end{array}$		5 30 5 29	6 33	11 16 A.M.	5 36 5 35	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	10 57 11 54
13	Fr	5 23	6 39 12 2	5 25	6 37	12 18	5 27	6 35	12 12	5 33	6 28	A.M.
14 15	Sa <b>S</b>	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	$\begin{bmatrix} 6 & 40 & 1 & 1 \\ 6 & 41 & 1 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$			$\begin{array}{ c c c c } 1 & 6 \\ 1 & 47 \end{array}$	5 26 5 24	6 36	$\begin{array}{c c} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 42 \end{array}$	5 32 5 31	6 29	12 44
16	M	5 18	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$			2 21	5 23	6 38	2 18	5 30	6 30	2 9
17	Tu	5 16	6 43 2 5			2 52	5 21	6 38	2 50	5 29	6 31	2 45
18 19	$_{ m Th}$	5 15 5 13	$\begin{bmatrix} 6 & 44 & 3 & 2 \\ 6 & 46 & 3 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$				5 20 5 18	6 39	$\begin{array}{c c} 3 & 20 \\ 3 & 49 \end{array}$	5 28 5 26	6 32	3 19 3 52
20	Fr	5 12	6 47 4 1	4 5 14	6 44	4 17	5 17	6 41	4 20	5 25	6 33	4 27
21	Sa	5 10	6 48 sets		1		5 16 5 14	6 42	sets. 8 24	5 24 5 23	6 34	
22 23	S M	$\begin{bmatrix} 5 & 9 \\ 5 & 7 \end{bmatrix}$	$\begin{bmatrix} 6 & 49 & 8 & 3 \\ 6 & 50 & 9 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$	TH			5 14 5 13	643	9 29	5 22	6 35	8 8 9 11
24	Tu	5 6	6 51 10 4	0 5 9			5 12	6 45	10 28	5 21	6 36	10 9
25 26	$_{ m Th}$	5 4 5 3	6 52 11 3 6 53 A.M	0 5 7		1	5 10 5 9	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	11 19 A.M.	5 20 5 18	6 37	11 0 11 45
27	Fr	5 1	6 54 12 1	2   5    4	6 51	12 7	5 8	6 48	12 2	5 17	6 38	A.M.
28 29	Sa S	$\begin{bmatrix} 5 & 0 \\ 4 & 59 \end{bmatrix}$	6 56 12 4	-			5 6	6 49	$\begin{array}{c c} 12 & 38 \\ 1 & 9 \end{array}$	5 16 5 15	6 39	
30	M	4 57	6 58 1 4				5 4	6 51	136	5 14	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	12 58 1 29
		ll	ll		1	l	ll	l	l			1
			SUN	N ME	BIDIA	N OF	WASH	UNCT	ON			

DAY OF MONTH		м.	s	DAY OF MONTH		м.	s.	DAY OF MONTH		м.	s.	DAY OF MONTH		м.		DAY OF MONTH		м.	s.
1	12	3	59	7	12	2	13	13	12	0	35		11	59	8	25	11		57
2	12	3	41	8	12	1	56	14	12	0	19	20	11	58	55	26	11	57	46
3	12	3	23	9	12	1	39	15	12	0	4	21	11	58	43	27	11	57	37
4	12	3	5	10	12	1	23	16	11	59	50	22	11	58	30	28	11	57	27
5	12	2	48	11	12	1	6	17	11	59	35	23	11	58	19	29	11	57	18
6	12	2	30	12	12	0	50	18	11	59	22	24	11	58	8	30	11	57	10

PLACES.	Apr.	Begin	is, A.M	Ends	3, P.M.	Apr.	Begin	8, A.M.	End	8, P.M.	Apr.	Begir	18, A.M.	Ends	, P.M.
D	1	H.	М.	н.	M.	11	н.	M.	н.	м,	01	н.	M.	н.	M.
Boston	1 7	1 4	10	0	2	1 11	ျ	47	l 8	16	21	3	41		32
New York		4	10	$\frac{7}{2}$	<b>5</b> 8	11	3	51	8	12	21	3	32		26
Wash'ton	1	4	14	7	54	11	3	57	8	7	21	3	39	8	20
Charleston	1	4	25	7	43	11	4	11	7	52	21	3	57	8	2

Day of the Month.	Day of the Week.	Ne N Michig N. ai Was	alendar Boston W Engla . Y. Sta gan, Wis and S. Da hington Oregon.	ind, te, sconsin, akota, , and	NEW Correction Penns India Iowa Wy Northe	Alendar YORK YORK ylvania ana, Illi A, Nebra oming, ern Cali	CITY, out, Ohio, nois, aska, and fornia.	Virgin Misso Colo Ne Centr	lendar SBINGT ia, Ken Juri, Ka rado, U vada, a al Calif	on, tucky, nsas, itah, nd ornia.	CH Georg Louisis Texas, Ar Southe	lendar ARLESTV da, Alal Ina, Arl New M Izona, a ern Cali	on. oama, kansas, lexico, nd fornia.
A	Q	RISES.	SETS.	R. & S.	RISES.	SETS.	R. & S.	RISES.	SETS.	R. & S.	RISES.	SETS.	R. & S.
1234567890 112134151617819021223222223331	TWThrasMTWThra	H. M66 4 543 4 553 4 553 4 550 4 499 4 484 4 474 4 444 4 443 4 411 4 404 4 388 4 377 4 365 4 324 4 314 4 304 4 299 4 288 4 274 4 264 4 274 4 286 4 296 4 296 5 296 5 5 6 6 7 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	H. M. 6 59 7 0 1 7 2 2 7 7 3 7 4 6 7 7 7 8 7 7 7 7 11 7 12 7 13 7 14 7 15 7 16 7 17 7 22 7 22 7 22 7 22 7 2 24 7 2 25 7 2 26 7 2 27 7 28 7 29	12 5 12 27 12 48	H. M99 4 589 4 574 4 574 4 574 4 574 4 574 4 574 4 4 474 4 4	H: M: 6 56 6 56 6 57 6 58 6 59 7 1 1 7 2 3 7 4 4 7 15 7 16 7 17 12 7 13 7 14 7 15 7 16 7 17 7 15 7 19 7 20 7 21 7 22 7 22 7 22 7 24	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 11 3 38 rises . 8 8 9 13 10 12 21 4 11 47 A.M. 12 23 1 5 4 1 2 5 4 7 3 20 9 15 10 1 1 10 39 11 12 11 39 A.M. 11 2 49 1 12 49 1 12 49 1 12	H: M3 2 0 4 59 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 4 5 5 5 4 5 5 5 4 5 5 5 4 5 5 5 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 6 4 5 5 6 5 6	H. M. 6 52 6 53 6 55 6 56 6 56 6 57 6 6 58 7 7 17 12 7 13 7 14 7 15 7 15 7 15 7 17 18 18 7 18	2 20 2 51 3 25 sets. 8 14 9 9 9 55 10 35 11 8 11 37 A.M. 12 2 12 26 12 50	H: M: 313 5 113 5 110 5 5 10 5 5 10 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	6 58 6 58 6 59 7 0 7 0 7 1 7 1	rises. 7 46 8 49 9 48 10 41 11 28 A.M. 12 9 12 45 1 19 1 525 2 25 3 38 sets. 7 56 8 50 9 38 10 20 11 57 A.M. 12 25 12 52

	DAY OF MONTH H.	M. S. DAY			OAY OF H.		DAY OF MONTH		8.
1 11 57 2 2 11 56 55 3 11 56 48 4 11 56 42 5 11 56 36 6 11 56 31 7 11 56 26	9   11   10   11   11   11   12   11   13   11	56 22 14 56 19 14 56 16 10 56 14 14 56 12 18 56 11 19	11 56 11 56	11 12 13 15	20   11   12   12   12   12   12   12	1 56 24 1 56 28 1 56 32 1 56 37	26 27 28 29 30 31	11 56 11 57 11 57 11 57	49 56 3 10 18 26

' PLACES.	May.	Begins, A.M.	Ends, P.M.	May.	Begins, A.M	Ends, P.M	May.	Begins, A.M	Ends, P.M.
Boston New York Wash'ton Charleston	ī	н. м. 3 7 3 14 3 22 3 43	H. M. 8 48 8 41 8 33 8 12	11 11 11 11	H. M. 2 48 2 57 3 6 3 31	н. м. 9 5 8 56 8 47 8 22	21 21 21 21 21	H. M. 2 32 2 42 2 53 3 21	9 22 9 11 9 1 8 32

Calendar for New England, New England, Northern California, Northern C			1	11 1		
1 Fr	of the Month.	of the	Boston, New England, N. Y. State, Michigan, Wisconsin, N. and S. Dakota, Washington, and Oregon.	New York City, Connecticut, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Iowa, Nehraska, Wyoming, and Northern California.	WASHINGTON, Virginia, Kentucky, Missouri, Kansas, Colorado, Utah, Nevada, and Central California.	CHARLESTON, Georgia, Aiabama, Louislana, Arkansas, Texas, New Mexico, Arizona, and Southern California.
1 Fr	Da	Day				
	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 7 8 9 10 11 122 133 144 155 166 177 188 199 221 222 234 25 266 278 29	Frass MTW Thras	H. M. H. M. H. M. 4 26 7 30 1 34 4 25 7 30 2 2 4 25 7 31 2 35 4 24 7 33 rises. 4 24 7 33 9 2 4 24 7 34 9 48 4 23 7 3611 28 4 22 7 37 12 20 4 22 7 37 12 20 4 22 7 37 12 20 4 22 7 37 12 20 4 22 7 37 12 20 4 22 7 39 1 51 4 22 7 39 1 51 4 22 7 39 1 51 4 22 7 39 1 51 4 22 7 39 1 51 4 22 7 39 1 51 4 22 7 39 1 51 4 22 7 39 3 19 4 23 7 40 9 44 24 7 40 10 8 42 4 24 7 40 10 3 4 24 7 40 10 3 4 24 7 41 11 13 4 25 7 41 11 35 4 26 7 41 12	H. M. T. M. H. M. A.	H. M. H. M. H. M. 4 36 7 19 1 40 4 36 7 20 2 10 4 36 7 20 2 46 4 35 7 21 3 28 4 35 7 22 8 51 4 35 7 23 10 20 4 34 7 24 10 54 4 34 7 24 11 25 4 34 7 25 11 54 4 34 7 26 12 23 4 34 7 27 2 5 11 54 4 34 7 27 2 2 2 4 34 7 27 2 2 4 34 7 27 2 2 4 34 7 27 2 2 4 34 7 28 8 sets. 4 34 7 28 8 2 8 2 3 3 3 4 34 7 28 9 7 29 10 29 4 35 7 29 10 29 4 35 7 29 10 29 4 35 7 29 11 41 4 36 7 29 11 16 4 36 7 29 11 16 4 36 7 29 11 16 4 36 7 29 11 4 3 4 36 7 29 11 2 8	H. M. H. M. H. M. 4 53 7 2 1 49 4 53 7 3 2 23 4 52 7 4 3 1 4 52 7 4 3 4 6 4 52 7 5 rises. 4 52 7 6 10 8 4 52 7 710 46 4 51 7 711 22 4 51 7 711 24 4 51 7 8 A.M. 4 51 7 8 A.M. 4 51 7 9 1 1 4 51 7 9 1 1 4 51 7 9 1 1 3 7 4 52 7 10 3 52 4 52 7 10 3 52 4 52 7 10 3 52 4 52 7 10 3 52 4 52 7 10 3 52 4 52 7 10 3 52 4 52 7 10 8 16 4 52 7 11 8 54 4 52 7 11 8 54 4 52 7 11 9 28 4 53 7 11 10 26 4 53 7 12 10 53 4 54 7 12 11 48 4 54 7 12 11 48 4 54 7 12 11 40 4 54 7 12 11 48 4 55 7 12 12 19
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DAY OF MONTH		м.	s.	DAY OF MONTE	Ħ.	м.	8	DAY OF MONTH		м,	8	DAY OF MONTH		м.	8	DAY OF MONTH		м.	8.
1	11	57	35	7	11	58	35		11	59	45	19	12	1	3	25	12	2	21
2 3	11	57 57	53	8 9	11	58 58	57	14 15	12	59 0	58 11	21	12 12	1	29	26 27	12 12	2	33 46
4 5	11	58 58	13	10	11	59 59	21	16 17	12 12	0	23 36		12 12	1	42 55	28 29	12 12	2 3	58 11
6	11	<b>5</b> 8	24	12	[11	59	32	18	12	0	50	24	12	2	8	30	12	3	22

PLACES.	June.	Begins, A.M	Ends, P M.	June.	Begins, A.M.	Ends, P.M.	June.	Begins, A.M.	Ends, P.M.
Boston New York Wash'ton Charleston	1	H. M. 2 18 2 29 2 42 3 14	н. м. 9 38 9 26 9 14 8 42	11 11 11 11	H. M. 2 10 2 23 2 36 3 10	9 50 9 36 9 23 8 49	21 21 21 21 21	H. M. 2 8 2 22 2 35 3 10	9 55 9 41 9 28 8 53

ay of the Month.	ay of the Week.	Ne N Mlchig N. an Wasi	alendar i Boston w Engla Y. Star an. Wis d S. Da hington Oregon.	nd. te. consin	NEW Co Penns India Iowa Wy	lendar York onnectic ylvania ana, Illi a. Nebr coming, ern Cali	CITY, ut, Ohio, inois, aska and	Wa Virgin Misso Coic Ne	lendar i SHINGTO ia, Ken buri, Ka brado, U vada, a al Calif	on, tucky, nsas, tah, nd	CH Georg Louisia Texas, Ar	lendar i ARLESTO ia, Alai na, Arl New M Izona, a ern Cali	on, oama, cansas. Iexico, .nd
Arg 123456789011121341516617819201223242562283031	SMTUWTH FSa SMTU	SUSS.  H. M 4 264 4 278 4 289 4 299 4 290 4 311 4 314 4 344 4 344 4 344 4 344 4 445 4 446 4 477 4 488 4 499 4 501	ETS:  H. M. 7410  7400  7400  7400  7400  7400  7400  7400  7400  7399  7388  7387  7366  7366  7366  7367  7367  7367  7367  7367  7367  7367  7367  7367  7367  7367  737  737  737  737  737  737  738  732  732	R 4 8 H M 7 1 52 2 49 rises. 8 23 8 59 9 29 9 57 1 10 51 11 20 11 53 A.M. 11 16 2 7 3 4 sets. 7 46 8 12 8 35 8 57 9 18 9 39 10 3 10 30 11 3	RISES H 4 31 4 32 4 33 4 34 4 34 4 35 4 36 4 36 4 37 4 42 4 42 4 42 4 42 4 42 4 42 4 42	Ers.  H. M. 7 355  7 357  7 357  7 344  7 344  7 344  7 344  7 344  7 347  7 34	R. 4 8 H. M. 1 13 1 13 1 13 2 55 rises. 8 196 9 28 9 577 10 25 10 53 11 24 11 58 A.M. 12 37 4 3 10 sets. 7 43 10 8 4 8 57 9 19 10 6 10 34 11 8 11 48 A.M.	RISENS H. M. 4 388 4 389 4 439 4 440 4 441 4 42 4 42 4 42 4 44 4 44 4	SETS.  H. M. T 7 299  7 299  7 299  7 299  7 288  7 288  7 27  7 27  7 27  7 26  7 26  7 27  7 28  7 29  7 21  7 20  7 18  7 17  18  7 17  19  7 19  7	R. & S H. M 1 19 2 5 3 2 rises. 8 15 8 53 9 26 9 57 10 26 11 27 A.M. 12 3 12 43 1 29 2 20 3 17 sets. 7 40 8 8 8 33 8 56 9 20 9 44 8 10 10 10 39 611 13 611 55 61 A.M.	RISES.  H. 556  4 566  4 577  4 588  4 599  5 5 11  5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	SETS.  H. M., M. 7 112 27 7 12 7 7 12 7 7 11 7 111 7 111 7 111 7 111 7 111 7 111 7 110 7 100 7 1	R. & S. H. M. 1 366 2 244 3 22 rises. 8 2 8 44 9 21 9 55 10 29 11 3 11 39 A.M. 1 1 1 1 1 48 8 2 40 8 3 36 8 8 28 8 58 8 8 58 6 8 56 9 22 1 9 50 1 10 10 1 10 19 1 10 19 1 10 15 1 11 10 1 1 15

DAY OF MONTH		м.	s	DAY OF MONTH	н.	м.	s.	DAY OF MONTH	н.	м.	s	DAY OF MONTH		м.	s.	DAY OF MONTH		м.	s.
1	12	3	34	8	12	4	48	14	12	5	36		12	6	8	26	12	6	20
2	12	3	46	9	12	4	57	15	12	5	43	21	12	6	12	27	12	6	20
3	12	3	57	10	12	5	6	16	12	5	49	22	12	6	14	28	12	6	19
4	12	4	8	11	12	5	14	17	12	5	55	23	12	6	17	29	12	6	17
5	12	4	18	12	12	5	22	18	12	6	0	24	12	6	18	30	12	6	15
6	12	4	28	13	12	5	29	19	12	6	4	25	12	6	19	31	12	6	13
7	12	4	38	1	1		- 1						1			1			

PLACES.	July	Begins, A.M	Ends, P.M.	July	Begins, A.M.	Ends, P.M.	July	Begins, A.M.	Ends, P.M.
Boston New York Wash'ton Charleston	1	н. м. 2 13 2 26 2 40 3 14	н. м. 9 54 9 40 9 27 8 53	11 11 11	H. M. 2 24 2 36 2 48 3 20	н. м 9 46 9 34 9 22 8 50	21 21 21 21 21	н. м. 2 38 2 49 3 0 3 29	н. м. 9 34 9 23 9 12 8 43

of the Month.	7 of the Week.	New N. Michig N. an Wash	liendar BOSTON W Engla Y Sta an, Wis d S. Da hington Oregon	and te sconsin akota , and	New Co Penns Indi Iows Wy North	YORK YORK Onnectic ylvanla ana, Illi a Nebra oming, ern Cali	CITY, ut, Ohio nois, iska, and fornia.	Virgin Misse Cold Ne Centr	dendar ishingt ia, Ken ouri, Ka orado, U evada, a al Calif	on, tucky, insas, tah, nd ornia.	CH. Georg Louisia Texas, Ari Southe	iendar f ARLESTG in, Alab ina, Ark New M Izona, a ern Calii	on, oama, cansas, lexico, nd fornia.
Day	Day	SUN RISES.	SUN SETS	MOON R. & S	SUN	SUN SETS	Moon R&S	SUN RISES	SUN SETS.	MOON R. & S	SUN RISES	SUN SETS.	MOON R. & S.
1234566789101112231441561671819201212223244256272829301	W The Sa S Mu Where Sa S Mu Where S S Mu Where S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	$ \begin{smallmatrix} \mathbf{M} \\ 4 \\ 52 \\ 4 \\ 534 \\ 4 \\ 55 \\ 4 \\ 55 \\ 4 \\ 56 \\ 4 \\ 55 \\ 56 \\ 4 \\ 55 \\ $	H. M. O.	8 25 8 53 9 225 9 55 10 32 11 14 A.M. 12 59 1 58 2 59 4 12 7 24 7 24 7 24 8 8 34 9 9 39 5 10 23 11 17 1 33 1 1 2 21 1 1 33 8 2 50	H. M66 4 56 4 58 4 59 4 59 4 59 5 5 5 6 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 10 5 11 5 12 5 5 12 5 5 22 5 5 22 5 5 22 5 5 22 5 5 5 5 5	6 57 6 56 6 54 6 55 6 55 6 6 45 6 47 6 42 6 43 6 43 6 43 6 43 6 43 6 43 6 43 6 43	12 10 1 5 2 4 3 4 4 5 5 sets. 7 2 7 24 7 47 8 11 9 8 11 9 45 11 24 1 10 30 2 11 24 1 2 11 2 2 7 3 2 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	5 17 5 18 5 19 5 20 5 20 5 20 5 20 5 20 5 20 5 20 5 20	7 7 7 6 5 5 5 6 6 5 5 5 6 6 6 5 5 6 6 6 6	9 29 10 4 10 43 11 27 A.M. 12 17 3 9 1 3 9 1 5 8 42 9 1 6 8 42 9 1 10 3 10 3	5 26 5 27 5 28 5 28 5 28 5 30 5 30 5 31 5 32 5 32 5 32 5 32 5 32 5 32 5 32 5 32	6 43 6 42 6 41 6 6 40 6 38 6 38 6 38 6 38 6 38 6 38 6 38 6 38	A.M. 12 37 1 31 2 27 3 24 4 20 8 ests. 6 596 7 54 9 8 22 3 8 53 6 9 28 4 10 55 3 11 50 1 12 53 1 2 12 1 3 24 1 4 20 1 8 22 3 8 53 6 9 10 8 1 10 12 53 1

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DAY OF				DAY OF			_	DAYOF				DAYOF				DAY OF			_
MONTH	H	М.	8.	MONTH	H	ы.	8	MONTE	H.	M	8	MONTH	н.	м.	S	MONTH	н.	M.	8.
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3	12	6	1	10	12	5	14	16	12	4	11	22	12	2	50	28	12	1	12
4	12	5	56	11	12	5	4	17	12	3	59	23	12	2	35	29	12	0	54
5	12	5	51	12	12	4	55	18	12	3	46	24	12	2	19	30	12	0	36
6	12	5	44	13	12	4	45	19	12	3	33	25	12	2	3	31	12	0	18
7	12	5	37																

PLACES.	Aug.	Begir	18, A M	End	з РМ	Aug	Begir	18 A M	End	B P.M.	Aug.	Begli	18, A.M	End	s, P.M.
	1	н	М	H	M		н	М.	H.	м		H.	M.	H.	M.
Boston	1	2	56	9	16	11	3	12	8	57	21	3	28	8	37
New York	1	3	5	9	7	11	3	21	8	49	21	3	34	8	31
Wash'ton	1	3	14	8	57	111	3	28	8	42	21	3	41	8	24
Charleston		1 3	40	8	32	11	3	50	8	20	21	3	59	8	7

y of the Month.	y of the Week.	Michig N. ai Was	nd S. D hington Oregon	and. ite, sconsin, akota, i, and	NEW Co Penns Indi Iowa Wy	lendar York onnectic yivania ana, Illi an, Nebra oming, ern Cali	CITY, ut, , Ohlo, lnois, aska, and	Wa Virgin Misso Colo Ne	lendar i shingto ia, Ken ouri, Ka orado, U vada, a al Califo	on, tucky, insas, tah, nd	Georg Louisia Texas. Ar	dendar for ARLESTON, da, Alabama. ana. Arkansas, New Mexico, izona, and ern California.
Day	Day	SUN RISES	SUN SETS.	R. & S	RISES.	SETS.	R. & S	RISES	SETS.	R. & S	RISES	SETS. R & S.
123456789 11121314561789 11122324256278290	Sa SMUWHF FSa SMUWHF FSa SMUWHF FSa SMUWHF FSa SMUWHF FSa SMUWHF FSa SMUWHF FS SS	H: 52278899 4412 445 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55	H 6 35566 310 6 286 6 25 25 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55	H. M. rises. 6 521 7 23 8 30 9 12 10 0 10 54 11 52 A.M. 12 53 55 4 55 sets. 4 55 sets. 4 6 39 7 7 7 4 11 10 9 11 16 A.M. 12 28 1 4 4 3 1 4 19 rises	H.5 2289 01233 4456 6789 0123 233 445 555 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 5	32 33 33 33 32 22 23 23 23 23	# M. rises. 6 534 7 57 8 35 9 18 10 6 11 58 A. M. 12 58 2 58 3 57 4 56 sets. 6 16 6 42 7 12 7 42 8 9 17 10 16 11 21 A. M. 12 33 1 48 3 4 4 20 rises.	±5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	3286662322091776442119866431086655555555555555555555555555555555555	rises. 6 547 8 2 8 400 9 24 10 13 11 7 A.M. 12 4 4 1 3 3 2 4 0 4 57 sets. 6 19 6 46 7 166 7 5 34 9 24 10 22 11 28 A.M. 1 52 3 6 4 4 21 rises	H. M.	H M M H M M G 25 rises G 24 7 35 6 21 8 14 6 20 8 56 6 19 9 42 6 18 10 32 6 16 11 26 6 15 A.M. 6 14 12 22 6 12 1 19 6 10 3 10 6 8 4 5 5 5 8 ets. 6 4 6 26 6 3 6 56 6 1 7 30 6 6 1 7 30 6 8 8 3 5 57 9 44 5 56 10 41 5 55 11 4 5 55 11 5 5 51 1 5 5 51 1 2 2 5 49 3 12 5 49 7 rises.

DAYOF				DAY OF				DAYOF				DAY OF				DAY OF			_
MONTH	н	M.	8	MONTH	н.	M.	8	MONTH	н	M.	s	MONTH	н.	M	8	MONTH	H	м.	8.
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2	111	59	40	8	111	57	41	14	111	55	36	20	111	53	29	26	11	51	24
	122		24	-	122	~-	22		144				14.4				111	F 1	-0
3	ш	59	211	9	ш	57	201	15	HT	55	15	21	LI	53	- 8	27	III	91	చ
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	11	58	41	11	11	56	39	17	11	54	32	23	111	52	26	29	11	50	23
ъ	111	90	41	1 17	111	00	00	1 -1	144		04		1.5		20	20	1		_0
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PLACES.	Sept.	Begins, A M	Ends, P.M.	Sept	Begins. A.M	Ends P.M	Sept.	Begins, A M	Ends, P.M.
Boston New York Wash'ton Charleston	1	я. м 3 44 3 49 3 54 4 9	H. M 8 15 8 10 8 5 7 51	11 11 11 11	H. M 3 58 4 2 4 6 4 17	7 54 7 50 7 47 7 36	21 21 21 21 21	4 11 4 14 4 17 4 25	н. м. 7 34 7 32 7 29 7 21

ay of the Month.	Day of the Week.	Calendar for Boston, New Englar N. Y. Stat Michigan, Wisc N. and S. Dal Washington, Oregon.	nd, e, consln, kota,	NEV C Penns Indi Iow W	alendar V YORK connectic sylvania ana, Iili a, Nebra coming, ern Cali	CTY, rut, Ohlo, inois, aska, and	WA Virgin Misso Colo Ne	iendar SHINGT ia, Ken buri, Ka rado U vada, a ai Calif	on, tucky, insas, Itah, ind	Geor Louis Texas	alendar HARLEST gia, Alal ana, Arl New M rizona, a ern Cali	on bama, kansas, Jexico, and
Aug   123456789011123145661781902122324562789031	M TW Thras S M TW Thras S M TW Thras S M TW	RISES. SETS. F. M. H. M. S. M. H. M. S. 5 56 5 42 5 58 5 58 5 58 5 58 5 58 5 58 5 58	H. M. 5 49 5 49 7 7 52 8 9 43 0 44 1 46 2 47 1 48 2 47 3 46 4 47 5 49 8 8 0 16 1 29 8 9 8 0 1 29 1 2 42 1 3 12 1 2 42 1 3 12 1 2 42 1 3 12 1 2 42 1 3 12 1 2 42 1 3 46 1 2 42 1 3 12 1 3 1	RISES. H. M. 66. 67. 66. 67. 67. 67. 67. 67. 67. 67	H: M.35 441 55 440 5 388 5 5 381 5 5 28 5 5 25 5 5 22 5 5 19 5 5 14 5 5 12 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	R. & S H M.   55 29   7 10   7 58   8 52 9   49   10 50   11 50   12 50   12 50   12 50   2 48   3 47   4 46   5 15 5 48   11 1 33   11 2 45   1 1 2 33   12 45   1 5 42   1 5 42   1 5 42   1 5 46   1 5 46   1 5 46   1 5 46   1 5 46   1 5 46   1 5 46   1 5 46   1 5 46   1 5 46   1 5 46   1 5 46   1 5 46   1 5 46   1 5 5 5 46   1 5 5 5 46   1 5 5 5 46   1 5 5 5 46   1 5 5 5 46   1 5 5 5 46   1 5 5 5 46   1 5 5 5 46   1 5 5 5 5 46   1 5 5 5 5 46   1 5 5 5 5 46   1 5 5 5 5 46   1 5 5 5 5 46   1 5 5 5 5 46   1 5 5 5 5 5 46   1 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	RISES H M 5 5 5 6 6 1 5 5 5 5 7 5 5 5 8 6 6 1 6 2 2 6 3 3 6 6 5 6 6 6 7 6 8 9 6 6 1 1 6 1 1 2 6 1 4 6 1 5 6 1 6 1 2 2 4 5 6 2 2 4 5 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 4 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 1 7 6 1 8 6 1 2 2 2 4 5 6 2 2 4 5 6 2 2 4 5 6 2 2 4 5 6 2 2 4 5 6 2 2 4 5 6 2 2 4 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 7 6 1 8 6 1 2 2 2 4 5 6 2 2 4 5 6 2 2 4 5 6 2 2 4 5 6 2 2 4 5 6 2 2 4 5 6 2 2 4 5 6 2 2 4 5 6 2 2 4 5 6 2 2 4 5 6 2 2 4 5 6 2 2 4 5 6 2 2 4 5 6 2 2 4 5 6 2 2 4 5 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 4 5 6 2 2 6 6 2	EETS.  H. M. 35 422  5 5 369  5 5 365  5 3 39  5 5 365  5 5 34  5 5 5 31  5 5 28  5 5 27  5 5 15  5 10  5 5 10	R & S. H M. 5 56 344 7 16 8 58 8 58 9 566 10 555 11 555 A. M. 12 54 1 52 2 50 3 475 4 45 5 19 5 54 6 32 7 2 13 8 9 20 10 277 A. M. 12 48 2 0 3 13 5 39 rises. 5 52	RISES  B. M. M. 5 5 54  5 5 55  5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	H. M. 5 444 5 5 446 5 5 446 5 5 386 5 5 386 5 5 386 5 5 386 5 5 386 5 5 25 5 5 25 5 5 24 5 5 25 5 5 24 5 5 25 5 5 24 5 5 25 5 5 24 5 5 25 5 5 25 5 5 24 5 5 25 5 5 5 5	R & S. H. M. 6 6 6 48 7 33 8 24 9 18 10 14 11 12 A.M. 12 8 1 4 41 1 59 2 53 3 3 4 1 58 5 32 6 9 6 52 1 1 49 A.M. 12 56 2 4 3 12 4 21

DAY OF MONTH		м.		DAY OF MONTH		м,		DAY OF MONTH		м.		DAY OF MONTH		M.		DAY OF MONTH		м.	s.
1	11	49	44	8	11	47	37	14	11	46	5		11	44	53	26	11	44	4
<b>2</b>	11	49	25	9	11	47	21	15	11	45	52	21	11	44	43	27	11	43	58
3	11	49	6	10	11	47	5	16	11			22	11	44	34	28	11	43	53
4	11	48	47	11	11	46	49	17	11	45	27	23	11	44	25	29	11	43	48
5	11	48	29	12	11	46	34	18	11	45	15	24	11	44	17	30	11	43	45
6	11	48	11	13	11	46	19	19	11	45	4	25	11	44	10	31	11	43	42
7	11	47	54	Ì	i										- 1				

PLACES.	Oct	Begins, A.M.	Ends, PM	Oct.	Begins, A.M	Ends, P.M	Oct	Begins, A.M	Ends, P.M.
Boston	1	н. м 4 23	н. м 7 16	11	н. м 4 34	н. м 6 58	21	н. м.	н. м. 6 43
New York		4 25	7 14	11	4 35	6 57	21	4 46	6 43
Wash'ton	1	4 27	7 12	111	4 37	6 56	21	4 46	6 43
Charleston	1	4 32	7 7	! 11	1 4 39	6 54	21	4 46	6 43

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the Month.	ik.		lendar for Boston,		NEW	lendar York	CITY.		lendar SHINGT			lendar for ARLESTON,
TOI	the Week.	N.	w England, Y. State,		Penns	nnectic ylvania	Ohio,	Virgin	ia, Ken ouri, Ka	tucky	Georg	ia. Alabama, ina. Arkansas,
e	e l	N. ar	gan, Wiscons nd S. Dakots	n	Iows	ana, Illi a. Nebr	aska, [	Colo	orado, U	tah,	Texas,	New Mexico,
of ti	of th		hington, and Oregon,			omlng, ern Cal			al Calif			ern California.
° A		-	Char Inca	_	SUN	SUN	13.6 0 0 0 0	SUN	SUN	MOON	SUN	SUN MOON
Day	Day	SUN RISES.	SUN MO		RISES	SETS.	MOON R. & S	RISES	SETS.	R. & S.	RISES.	SETS R. & S.
1	Th	н. м. 6 33		м. 22	н. м. 6 30	н. м. 4 57	н. м. 6 38	н. м. 6 27	н. м. 5 0	н. м. 6 45	н. м. 6 17	н. м. н. м. 5 10 7 4
2	Fr	6 34		30	6 31	4 56	7 36	6 28	4 59	7 42	6 18	5 9 8 1
3	Sa	6 35		31	6 32	4 54	8 37	6 29	4 58	8 43	6 19	5 8 9 0
4	S	6 37	4 50 9	34	6 33	4 53	9 39	6 30	4 57	9 44	6 20	5 7 9 58
5	M	6 38		36	6 35	4 52	10 40	6 31	4 56	10 44	6 21	5 6 10 55
6	Tu	6 39		37	6 36	4 51	11 40	6 32	4 55	11 43	6 22	5 5 11 51
7 8	W Th	6 40	4 47 A.N 4 46 12	1. 37	6 37	4 50 4 49	A.M. 12 39	6 33 6 34	4 54   4 53	A.M. 12 41	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	5 5 A.M. 5 4 12 45
9	Fr	6 43		36	6 39	4 48	$\frac{12}{1}\frac{33}{37}$	6 36	4 52	1 38	624	5 3 1 39
10	Sa	6 44		36	6 40	4 47	2 36	6 37	4 51	2 35	6 25	5 2 2 33
11	Š	6 45		36	6 42	4 46	3 35	6 38	4 50	3 34	6 26	5 2 3 28
12	M	6 47		39	6 43	4 45	4 36	6 39	4 49	4 34	6 27	5 1 4 24
13	Tu	6 48	4 40 5	1	6 44	4 44	5 39	6 40	4 48	5 35	6 28	5 0 5 23
14	W	6 49	4 40 set		6 45	4 43	sets.	6 41	4 47	sets.	6 29	5 0 sets.
15 16	Th Fr	6 50	4 39 5	5 59	6 46 6 48	$\begin{array}{ c c c c } 4 & 42 \\ 4 & 42 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c c} 5 & 11 \\ 6 & 5 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	4 59 5 37 4 59 6 31
17	Sa	6 53	4 37 7	1	6 49	4 41	7 7	6 45		7 13	6 32	4 58 7 31
18	S	6 54	4 36 8	9	6 50	$\frac{1}{4} \frac{1}{40}$	8 14	6 46	4 44	8 20	6 32	4 58 8 36
19	M	6 55		20	6 51	4 39	9 24	6 47	4 44	9 29	6 33	4 57 9 42
20	Tu	6 56		33	6 52	4 39	10 36	6 48	4 43		6 34	4 57 10 48
21	W	6 58		45	6 54	4 38	11 47	6 49	4 43	11 49	6 35	
22	Th Fr	6 59	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	и. 58	6 55	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c } 4 & 37 \\ 4 & 37 \end{array}$	A.M. 12 58	6 50	4 42	A.M. 12 59	6 36	4 56 A.M. 4 56 1 0
23 24	Sa	$\begin{bmatrix} 7 & 0 \\ 7 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$		11	6 57	4 36		6 52	4 41	$\frac{12}{2} \frac{33}{10}$		
25	S	7 2		$\frac{1}{24}$	6 58	4 36		6 53		3 20	6 39	
26	M	$7\tilde{4}$		38	6 59	4 35	4 35	6 54		4 32	6 40	4 55 4 21
27	Tu	7 5		52	7 0	4 35	5 47	6 55		5 43	6 41	4 54 5 28
28	W	7 6	4 30 rise		$\parallel 7 \parallel 1$	4 34	rises.	6 56			6 42	
29	Th	7 7		14	7 2	4 34	5 20	6 57	4 39		6 42	
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DAY OF				DAYOF				DAY OF				DAY OF				DAY OF			
MONTH	н.	M.	8	MONTH	н.	м.	8.	MONTH	н.	м.	8.	MONTH	н.	м.	- 6	MONTH	п.	М.	s.
		10		7		40	4.5	10	11	4.4	00	10	11	45	977	05	11	A !7	0
1	11	43	40	7	TT	43	45	13	11	44	20	19	TT	45	21	25	TT	41	- 4
2	11	43	38	8	111	43	49	14	111	44	29	20	111	45	41	l 26	11	47	21
	111		200		11	43	50	4.5	111	$\overline{44}$	20	21	11	45	56	27	11	47	40
3	TT	43	38	9	TT		00	15	17.7		00		111	40	20		11		40
4	11	43	38	10	11	43	59	16	111	44	50	22	11	46	11	28	11	48	0
5	11	43	40	11	11	44	5	17	111	45	- 1	23	11	46	27	29	11	48	21
2	122		70	1 10	144	17	10	10.	177		14		111	10	4.4	30	11	18	42
6	ш	43	421	12	ITT	44	12	1 18	ΙŢΤ	45	14	24	(TT	40	44	1 30	(TT	40	44

PLACES.	Nov	Begins, A.M.	Ends. P.M.	Nov.	Begins, A.	м.	Ends, P.M.	Nov.	Begins, A.M.	Ends, P.M.
Boston New York Wash'ton Charleston	1	н. м. 4 58 4 57 4 57 4 54	H. M. 6 29 6 29 6 30 6 33	11 11 11 11	н. м. 5 9 5 8 5 6 5 2		н. м. 6 19 6 20 6 21 <b>6</b> 26	21 21 21 21 21	н. м. 5 19 5 18 5 16 5 10	6 12 6 14 6 16 6 22

Day of the Month.	y of the Week.	Ne N. Michig N. ar Was	d S. Da hington Oregon	and, te, sconsin, akota, , and	Calendar for NEW YORK CITY, Connecticut, Pennsylvania, Ohio Indiana, Illinois, Iowa, Nebraska, Wyoming, and Northern California			Calendar for WASHINGTON, Virginia, Kentucky, Missouri, Kansas, Colorado, Utah, Nevada, and Central California.			Calendar for CHARLESTON, Georgia, Alabama, Louislana, Arkansas, Texas, New Mexico, Arizona, and Southern California,		
Da	Day	RISES.	SUN SETS.	MOON R. & S.	RISES.	SETS.	MOON R. & S.	SUN RISES.	SUN SETS.	MOON R. & S.	SUN RISES.	SUN SETS.	MOON R. & S.
12344567890111211344561781912233442562289301	SSMTWHF a MTWHF SSMTWHF A MTWHF A SSMTWHF A SS	H. 7 M. 9 7 10 7 111 7 12 7 134 7 15 7 16 7 17 12 7 20 7 20 7 22 7 224 7 225 7 226 7 227 7 228 7 229 7 229 7 229 7 229 7 229	H. 4 284 4 284 4 4 300 4 4 311 4 4 323 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	H. 7 18 21 9 24 10 25 14 A.M. 12 24 1 23 2 27 4 31 5 36 6 40   Sets. 7 8 8 22 9 36 10 49 A.M. 12 1 1 1 2 6 48 rises. 6 6 7 9 8 11	H. M. 4 7 7 56 7 7 8 9 7 10 7 11 7 12 7 14 7 15 7 17 7 18 7 19 7 20 7 22 7 22 7 22 7 22 7 22 7 22 7 22	H. 44 33 33 33 34 44 33 33 33 44 44 35 36 37 77 38 88 94 44 41 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44	H. M. 3 26 9 27 10 27 11 24 1 22 2 24 4 27 5 32 6 54 . 6 54 . 17 13 8 26 9 38 10 50 A.M. 12 12 123 3 34 4 42 5 46 6 42 rises. 6 10 7 13 8 14	H. 650 777777777777777777777777777777777777	H 4 38 4 4 38 4 4 38 4 4 38 4 4 38 4 4 4 4	H. M. 78 30 9 30 10 29 11 22 11 2 20 14 23 5 26 6 29 5 5 4 5 7 7 18 8 30 10 51 A.M. 12 1 1 11 11 2 3 30 4 37 5 40 6 7 18 17 17 18 17	H. 6445 6446 6446 6446 647 6655 6655 6655 6	H 4 4 5 5 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	A.M. 12 23 1 17 2 12 3 10 4 9 5 10 6 11 sets. 6 24 7 32 8 40 9 47 10 53 11 59 A.M. 1 5 2 10 3 16 4 20 5 22 6 18 rises. 6 29 7 27

DAY OF MONTH		M.	s	DAY OF MONTH		м.	s	DAY OF MONTH		M.		DAY OF MONTH		M.	s.	DAY OF MONTH		M.	8.
1	11	49	4	8	11	51	56	14	11	54	42	20	11	57	39	26	12	0	38
2	11	49	27	9	11	52	22	15	11	55	11	21	11	58	8	27	12	1	7
3	11	49	50	10	11	52	49	16 '	11	55	40	22	11	58	38	28	12	1	37
4	11	50	14	111	11	53	17	17	11	56	9	23	11	59	8	29	12	2	6
. 0	H	50 51	39	12	11	54	$\begin{array}{c} 45 \\ 13 \end{array}$	18 19	11	56 57	39	24 25	$\frac{11}{12}$	59	38	30	12	2	35
$\frac{6}{7}$	11	51	29	19	11	04	19	19	11	01	9	23	12	0	ိ	91	12	3	4

PLACES.	Dec.	Begins, A.M.	Ends, P.M.	Dec	Begins, A.M.	Ends, P.M.	Dec.	Begins, A.M.	Ends. P.M.
		н. м.	н. м.	1	н. м.	н. м.		н. м.	н. м.
Boston	- 1		6 9	11		6 0	91		
	1	5 29	ו פיסן	I TT	5 38	ט ט	41	5 44	6 12
New York	1	5 27	6 11	111	5 35	6 11	21	5 42	6 14
			·	1		1 0 11			
Wash'ton	۱1	5 25	6 13	11	l 5-33	6 14	21	5 39	6 17
				1 22					
Charleston		5 17	6 21	1 11	5 24	6 22	21	530	6 26

### Ritualistic Calendar.

COLORS FOR THE ALTAR IN USE IN RITUALISTIC EPISCOPAL CHURCHES IN THE UNITED STATES.

White—From the First Service (First Vespers) of Christmas Day to the Octave of Epiphany inclusive (except on the Feasts of Martyrs): on Maundy Thursday (for the celebration): from the First Service of Easter Day to the Vigil of Pentecost (except on Feasts of Martyrs and Rogation Days); on Thinty Sunday, Convision of St. Paul, Purification, Annunciation, St. John Baptist, St. Michael, St. Luke, All Saints, Saints who are not Martyrs, and Putron Saints (Transfiguration and Dedication of Church).

Red—From First Vespers of Pentecost to the First Vespers of Trinity Sunday (which includes Ember Days), Holy Innocents (if on a Sunday), and Feasts of all Martyrs.

Violet—From Septuagesima to Maundy Thursday (Easter Eve); Advent Sunday to Christmas Eve; Vigits, Ember Days (except in Whitsun Week), and Rogation Days; Holy Innocents (unless on Sunday).

These regulations as to colors are general. A more minute code changing with each year is published in the church almanaes.

## Jewish Calendar, 1917.

NEW MO	OON, FASTS, FEASTS, ETC.		NEW MOON, FASTS, FEASTS, ETC.					
Sebat	Moon Day of Passover, Day of Passover, Day of Passover, Moon 'omer, Moon Cost, Moon of Tamuz, Moon of Ab (Destruction of Issalem)	Jan. 24 Feb. 23 Mar 8 Mar. 24 April 7 April 13 April 23 May 10 May 27 June 21 July 7 July 20 July 28	Tisri Tisri Tisri Tisri Hesvan Kislev Kislev Tebet Tebet Sebat Adar	15 22 23 1 25 1 10	New Moon (New Year)   1917			
Elul IlNew I	Moon	IAug. 19.						

The year 56/7 is an ordinary common year of 354 days; the year 5678 is an ordinary perfect year of 355 days.

## Greek Church and Russian Calendar, 1917.

A. D. 1917. A. M. 8026.

NEW STYLE.	Holy Days.	Old Style.	NEW STYLE.	Holy Days.	Old Style.
Jan. 19 Feb. 15 Mar. 4 Mar. 7 April 7 April 13 April 15 May 6 May 24 May 27	Theophany (Epiphany) Hypapante (Purification) Carnival Sunday Ash Wednesday Annunciation Palm Sunday Great Friday Holy Pasch (Easter) St. George Ascension	Jan. 6 Feb. 2 Feb. 19 Feb. 22 Mar. 25 Mar. 36 Mar. 31 April 2 April 23 May 11 May 14	Aug. 28 Sept. 12 Sept. 27 Oct. 14 Nov. 28 Dec. 22 1918. Jan. 7	Nativity of Theotokos Exaltation of Cross Patronage of Theotokos Pirst Day Fast of Theotokos. Entrance of Theotokos. Conception of Theotokos Nativity (Christmas).	Aug. 15 Aug. 30 Sept. 8 Sept. 14 Oct. 1 Nov. 15 Nov. 21 Dec. 9

<sup>\*</sup> Peculiar to Russla.

## Mohammedan Calendar, 1917.

YEAR.	Name of Month.	Month Begins.	YEAR	Name of Month.	Month Begins.
1335Jo 1335R 1335R	tabla II. omadi I. omadi II. tajab ihaaban. Ramadan (Month of Absti- nence.	Mar. 25, 1917 Mar. 25, 1917 April 23, 1917 May 23, 1917	1335 1335 1336 1336	Shawall Dulkaada Dulheggia Muharram (New Year) Saphar Rabia I	Aug. 19, 1917 Sept. 18, 1917 Oct. 17, 1917 Nov. 16, 1917

# SEED PLANTING IN THE UNITED STATES. (Compiled from reports of the Department of Agriculture,)

NEW ENGLAND.

NEW ENGLAND.									
	1		Amount of	Amount of	Weeks				
KIND OF CROP.	Date of Planting.	Best Soil.	Manure	Seed per	to Ma-				
			per Acre.	Acre(1).	turity.				
Corn	May 10 to 30	Sandy or clay loam	8 to 12 tons	8 to 12 ots.	14-17				
Wheat	Fall or Spring	Clay loam.	18 tons	2 bush	20				
Oats	Apr. to May	Strong loam	6 to 8 tons	2 to 3 bush	11-1£				
Barley	Apr. to June 20	Strong loam	7 to 8 tons	2 to 3 bush	10-1t				
Rve.	Apr. to May. Sept.	Medium loam	7 to 8 tons	5 to 6 pecks	40				
Buckwheat	June 1 to 20	Light loam	4 to 6 tons	1 to 11/2 bush	10-15				
White beans	May to June	Sandy loam	7 to 8 tons	8 to 16 qts	8-14				
Potatoes	Apr. 15 to May 1.	Rich loam	15 to 20 tons	8 to 20 bush	12-20				
Turnips	July 1 to Aug. 3	Sandy loam	10 tons	1 ib	10				
Mangels	Apr. 15 to May 5	Strong beavy loam	8 to 15 tons	4 to 6 lbs	17-22				
Tobacco	Seed bed Apr	Sandy loam	8 to 12 tous		9-12				
Hay		Sandy or clay loam. Clay loam. Strong loam Strong loam Medium loam Light loam. Sandy loam Ritch loam Strong heavy loam Strong heavy loam. Sandy loam		l					
		MIDDLE STAT	ES.						
Corn	Apr 20 to May 30	Medium loam	8 to 12 tone manne	6 to 8 ats	16-18				
Wheat	Sept. 20 to Oct. 20	Loam	8 tonge 300 lbs lor	2 hush	41-43				
Oats	Mar to May	Loam Moist clay loam	8 tons: 300 lbs fer	2 to 21/2 bush	16-17				
Barley	Mar to May	Clay loam	8 tons: 300 lbs fer	2 to 2% bush	13-16				
Rve	Sept. 1 to Oct. 1	Saud or gravel loam	8 tons: 300 lbs. fer	136 bush	40-43				
Buckwheat	June to July	Loam	5 tons	% to 1% bush	8-10				
White beans	May to June	Sandy loam	8 tons	1% bush	13-14				
Potatoes	Mar. to May	Loam.	10 to 18 tons	8 to 15 bush	14-22				
Sweet potatoes.	May to June	Sandy loam		10 to 12 bush	10-15				
Cabbage	Mar. to July	Clay or sandy loam	300 to 600 lbs. fer	4 to 8 oz	8.15				
Turnips	July	Loam	l	2 to 5 lbs	10-12				
Mangels	May	Loam	10 to 20 tons	10 to 15 bush	15-18				
Flax	May	Limestone loam		20 qts	8-10				
Tobacco	Seed bed Mar	Sandy loam	Commercial fer		15-20				
Hay, timothy	Aug. to Oct	Clay loam	1	6 to 8 qts					
Hay, clover	Feb. to Apr	Moist clay loam. Clay loam	1	6 qts					
	CEN	TRAL AND WESTE	RN STATES						
Corn				6 qts					
Corn Wheat				6 qts 2 bush					
Corn				6 qts					
Corn				6 qts					
Corn				6 qts					
Corn				6 qts. 2 bush. 2 to 3 bush. 2 bush. 1 to 2 bush. 1 to 2 bush.					
Corn				6 qts					
Wheat Oats Barley Rye Buckwheat White beans Potatoes	Apr.1 to June 1 Fall or Spring Apr. 1 to May 1 Fall or Spring (1). Sept. 1 to 30 June May 10 to June 10. Mar. 15 to June 1	Black or sandy loam. Strong loam. Clay loam. Clay loam. Light loam. Clay loam. Clay loam. Clay loam. Sandy loam.	5 to 10 tons	2 bush 2 to 3 bush 2 bush 1 to 2 bush 1 to 2 bush 1½ bush 5 to 10 bush	16-20 40-42 12-14 11-13 35-40 10-12 12				
Wheat Oats Barley Rye Buckwheat White beans Potatoes	Apr.1 to June 1 Fall or Spring Apr. 1 to May 1 Fall or Spring (1). Sept. 1 to 30 June May 10 to June 10. Mar. 15 to June 1	Black or sandy loam. Strong loam. Clay loam. Clay loam. Light loam. Clay loam. Clay loam. Clay loam. Sandy loam.	5 to 10 tons	2 bush 2 to 3 bush 2 bush 1 to 2 bush 1 to 2 bush 1½ bush 5 to 10 bush	16-20 40-42 12-14 11-13 35-40 10-12 12				
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Wheat Oats. Barley Rye Buckwheat. White beans Potatoes Turnips. Mangels Flax Tobacco Hay.	Apr.1 to June 1 Fall or Spring Apr.1 to May 1 Fall or Spring (1). Sept. 1 to 30. June May 10 to June 10. Mar. 15 to June 1. July 15 to Aug. 30. Apr. 1 to May 15. Mar. 15 to May 15. Seed bed, Mar. Apr. to May	Black or sandy loam. Strong loam. Clay loam. Clay loam. Light loam. Clay loam. Clay loam. Sandy loam. Loam or muck. Sandy loam. Loam Sandy loam. Loam Clay loam. Clay loam.	5 to 10 tons. 8 tons. 8 tons. 8 tons. 8 tons. 8 tons. 8 tons. 5 tons. 5 tons. 5 tons. 8 tons. 10 tons. 10 to 15 tons. 8 to 12 tons. 10 to 15 tons.	2 bush	16-20 40-42 12-14 11-13 35-40 10-12 10-20 10-16 22-24 15-20 15-18				
Wheat Oats. Barley Rye Buckwheat. White beans Potatoes Turnips. Mangels Flax Tobacco Hay.	Apr.1 to June 1 Fall or Spring Apr.1 to May 1 Fall or Spring (1). Sept. 1 to 30. June May 10 to June 10. Mar. 15 to June 1. July 15 to Aug. 30. Apr. 1 to May 15. Mar. 15 to May 15. Seed bed, Mar. Apr. to May	Black or sandy loam. Strong loam. Clay loam. Clay loam. Light loam. Clay loam. Clay loam. Sandy loam. Loam or muck. Sandy loam. Loam Sandy loam. Loam Clay loam. Clay loam.	5 to 10 tons. 8 tons. 8 tons. 8 tons. 8 tons. 8 tons. 8 tons. 5 tons. 5 tons. 5 tons. 8 tons. 10 tons. 10 to 15 tons. 8 to 12 tons. 10 to 15 tons.	2 bush	16-20 40-42 12-14 11-13 35-40 10-12 10-20 10-16 22-24 15-20 15-18				
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Wheat Oats. Barley Rye. Buckw beat. White beans Potatoes Turnips. Mangels Flax Tobacco Hay.  Cotton Corn Wheat Oats. Barley Rye White beans Cabbage	Apr. 1 to June 1. Fall or Spring. Apr. 1 to May 1. Fall or Spring (1). Sept. 1 to May 1. June	Elack or sandy loam. Strong loam. Clay loam. Sandy loam. Loan or muck. Sandy loam. Sandy loam. Clay loam.	5 to 10 tons 8 tons 5 tons 5 tons 5 tons 10 tons 10 to 12 tons 10 to 12 tons 10 tons	2 bush. 2 to 3 bush. 2 bush. 1 to 2 bush. 1 to 2 bush. 1 to 10 bush. 5 to 10 bush. 1 to 6 lbs. 6 to 8 lbs. 2 to 3 pecks. Oz. to 6 sq. rd. 8 to 15 lbs. 2 bush. 2 bush. 2 bush. 2 bush. 1 to 2 bush.	16-20 40-42 12-14 11-13 35-40 10-12 10-26 10-16 22-24 15-20 15-18 				
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<sup>(1)</sup> The standard varieties of seed planted in the several sections of the United States are as follows: Corn—New England, learning, sanford, filnt; Middle States, learning, white dent, yellow dent; Central and Western States, learning, sanford, filnt; Middle States, learning, white dent, yellow dent; Central and Western States, learning, sanford, filnt, white dent; Southern States, hilts, poole, fifer Southern States, inicaster. Oats—New England, white; Middle States, fultz, poole, fifer Southern States, inicaster. Oats—New England, white; Middle States, white, black; Central and Western States, gray Norway, silver mine, Russian; Southern States, Texas rustproof. Barley—Middle States, massbury; Southern States, Texas rustproof. Barley—Middle States, silver hull; Central and Western States, silver hull. Potatoes—New England, green mountain, carmen 3, rose; Middle States, rose, carmen 3, rural 2; Central and Western States, helpon, rural, early rose, early Ohlo. Tobacco—Central and Western States, yellow prior, Spanish, white burley. Hay, clover—Middle States, medium red. Sweet Potatoes—Middle States, yellow Jersey. Cotton—Southern States, Texas stormproof. Spring wheat is to some extent grown in Ohlo, Indiana, Illinois and many other States. It matures in eighteen to twenty weeks.

(2) In Texas the black loam is a good soil for cotton, corn, wheat and most other field crops.

#### THE MOON.

OF all the secondary planets the earth's satellite is by far the most interesting and important. The moon completes her circult around the earth in a period whose mean or average length is 27 days 7 hours 43.2 minutes; but in consequence of her motion in common with the earth around the sun, the mean duration of the iunar month, that is, the time from new moon to new moon, is 29 days 12 hours 44.05 minutes, which is called the moon's synodical period. If the earth were motionless in space the moon's orbit would be nearly an ellipse, having the earth in one of the foci; hence her distance from the earth varies during the course of a Her mean distance from the earth junar month. is 238,862 miles. Her maximum distance, however, may reach 252,830 mlies, and the least distance to which she can approach the earth is 221,520 miles Her diameter is 2,160 miles, and if we deduct from her distance from the earth the sum of the two radii of the earth and moon, viz., 3,963 and 1,080 miles, respectively, we shall have for the nearest approach of the surfaces of the two bodies 216,477 miles Her orbit is a very intricate one, because the earth in moving around the sun carries the moon along with it; hence the latter is sometimes within and sometimes without the earth's orbit. that of a serpentine curve, always concave toward the sun, and its piane is inclined to the piane of the earth's orbit at an angic of 5° 9', in consequence of which our sateilite appears sometimes above and sometimes below the plane of the earth's orbit, through which she passes twice in a revolution. These points of intersection with the ecliptic are called nodes, and it is only at or near them that eclipses can occur. The nodes have a retrograde motion, which causes them to make an entire revolution in 18 years 218 days 21 hours.22 minutes and 46 seconds. Both sun and moon return to a node after 18 years and 11 days, so that an eclipse is followed by another of the same general character at the end of this period, which was well known to the ancients, who cailed it the Saros, and which was made use of by them in roughly predicting eclipses.

The moon always presents the same face to us, as is evident from the permanency of the various markings on her surface. This circumstance proves that she revolves on an axis, and the time of rotation is exactly equal to the time of revolution around the earth, viz., 27 32166 days. The moon's axis is not perpendicular to the plane of her orbit, but deviates therefrom by an angle of about 6° 41'. In consequence of this fact the poles of the moon lean aiternately to and from the earth. When the north pole leans toward the earth we see somewhat more of the region surrounding it, and somewhat less when it leans the contrary way. This displacement is known by the name of libration in latitude

The moon's motion on her axis is uniform, but her angular velocity in her orbit is subject to slight variations by reason of the form of her orbit; hence it happens that we sometimes see a little more of the eastern or western edge at one time than at another. This phenomenon is known as libration in longitude.

The moon's surface contains about 14,657,000 square miles, or nearly four times the area of Europe. Her volume is 1-49 and her mass 1-81 that of the earth, and hence her density is about 3-5 that of the earth, or about 3 2-5 that of water. At the lunar surface gravity is only 1-6 of what it is at the earth, and therefore a body which weighs 6 pounds here would weigh only 1 pound there.

The centre of gravity of the earth and moon, or the point about which they both actually revolve in their course around the sun, lies within the earth; It is 1,063 miles below the surface.

The attractive force of the moon acting on the water of our oceans is mainly instrumental in raising them into protuberances or tides in such a manner as to give the total mass a spheroidal figure whose principal axis would continually coincide with the line joining the centres of the earth and moon, but in consequence of the resistance which this movement of the water encounters from continents and islands, as well as from the liquid molecules themselves, the tidal wave can never arrive at any place until about one hour after the moon has crossed the meridian of the place.

The moon has no atmosphere and no water. The suddenness with which the stars are occulted by the moon is regarded as a conclusive proof that a lunar atmosphere does not exist, and the spectroscope furnishes negative evidence of the same character.

In remote ages the lunar surface was the theatre of violent volcanic action, being elevated into cones and ridges exceeding 20,000 feet high, and at other places rent into furrows or depressions of corresponding depth. The iunar voicanoes are now extinct. A profound silence reigns over the desolate and rugged surface. It is a dead world, utterly unfit to support animal or vegetable life.

#### THE EARTH'S ATMOSPHERE.

The earth's sensible atmosphere is generally supposed to extend some forty miles in height, probably further, but becoming at only a few miles from the surface of too great a tenuity to support life. The condition and motions of this aerial ocean piay a most important part in the determination of climate, modifying, by absorbing, the otherwise intense heat of the sun, and, when laden with clouds, bindering the earth from radiating its acquired heat into space.

#### HALLEY'S COMET.

Or the great number of comets which have tem-porarily visited our solar system or have become permanent members of it none has surpassed Hailey's permanent members of it none has surpassed Halley's in historical associations. It has a record dating back to B. C 240; its visitations spread alarm and consternation throughout Europe during the Middle Ages; was the first whose return was predicted by an Astronomer Royal of England, and wiil therefore, for these reasons, be an object of great scientific interest for all time. For the information of those who appreciate such matters the following are the elements of its orbit as deduced from the last visitation:

Perihelion Passage 1910. April, 19,67. Greenwich

Perihelion Passage 1910, April, 19.67. Greenwich

Eccentricity = 0.967281.

Seml-axis major = 17 9468. Perihelion distance = 0.58720.

Inclination to the plane of the earth's orbit = ° 47' 18".

17° 47′ 18″.

Longitude of the ascending node=57° 16′ 12″.

Distance from perihelion to node=111° 42′ 16″.

Daily motion (mean) = 46″ 669.

Period=76.030 years \*

Motion, retrograde.

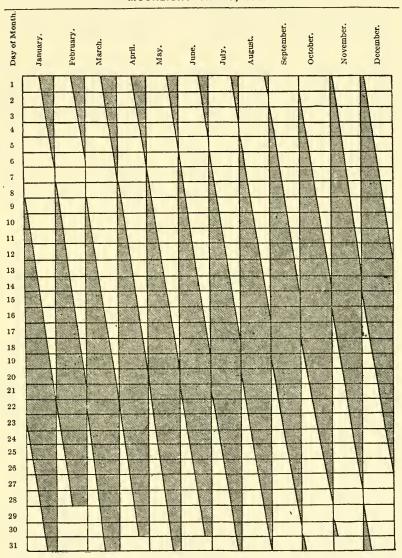
The semi-axis major and the perihelion distance are expressed in terms of the earth's mean distance from the sun, taken as unity. See also article on Halley's Comet and on Comets in Almanacs of 1910 and 1911 1910 and 1911

<sup>\*</sup>The netlodic time varies considerably by reason of the attraction of the planets. Its average duration is about 76 8 years.

THE MOON'S PHASES, 1917.

1917	PHASE.	DAY.	Boston.	NEW YORK.	WASHINGTON.	CHARLESTON.	CHICAGO.
January.	Full Moon Last Quarter New Moon First Quarter		H. M. 2 58 A.M. 6 58 A.M. 2 56 A.M. 8 17 P.M.	H. M. 2 46 A.M. 6 46 A.M. 2 44 A.M. 8 5 P.M.	H. M. 2 34 A.M. 6 34 A.M. 2 32 A.M. 7 53 P.M.	H. M. 2 23 A M. 6 23 A.M. 2 21 A.M. 7 42 P.M.	H. M. 1 52 A M. 5 52 A M 1 50 A M. 7 11 P M
February.	Full Moon Last Quarter. New Moon First Quarter.	6 14 21 28	10 44 P.M. 9 9 P M 1 25 P.M. 11 59 A.M.	10 32 P.M. 8 57 P.M. 1 13 P.M. 11 47 A.M.	10 20 P.M. 8 45 P.M. 1 1 P.M. 11 35 A.M.	10 9 P.M. 8 34 P.M. 12 50 P.M. 11 24 A.M.	9 38 PM 8 3 PM 12 19 P.M 10 53 AM.
March.	Full Moon Last Quarter. New Moon First Quarter .	8 16 22 30	5 14 P.M. 7 49 A.M. 11 21 P.M. 5 52 A.M.	5 2 P.M. 7 37 A.M. 11 9 P.M. 5 40 A.M.	4 50 P.M. 7 25 A.M. 10 57 P.M. 5 28 A.M.	4 39 P.M. 7 14 A.M. 10 46 P.M. 5 17 A.M.	4 8 PM. 6 43 AM 10 15 PM 4 46 A.M
April.	Full Moon Last Quarter. New Moon First Quarter	7 14 21 29	9 4 A.M. 3 28 P.M. 9 17 A.M. 12 38 A.M.	8 52 A.M. 3 16 P.M. 9 5 A.M 12 26 A.M.	8 40 A.M. 3 4 P.M. 8 53 A.M. 12 14 A.M.	8 29 A.M. 2 53 P.M. 8 42 A.M. 12 3 A.M.	7 58 A M 2 22 P M 8 11 A.M 28d 11 32 P.M
May.	Full Moon Last Quarter . New Moon First Quarter	6 13 20 28	9 59 P.M. 9 4 P.M. 8 2 P.M. 6 49 P.M.	9 47 P.M. 8 52 P.M. 7 50 P.M. 6 37 P.M.	9 35 P.M. 8 40 P.M. 7 38 P.M. 6 25 P.M.	9 24 P.M. 8 29 P.M. 7 27 P.M. 6 14 P.M.	8 53 PM 7 58 P.M 6 56 PM 5 43 PM
June.	Full Moon Last Quarter New Moon First Quarter.	5 12 19 27	8 22 A.M 1 54 A.M. 8 18 A.M. 11 24 A.M.	8 10 A.M. 1 42 A.M 8 6 A.M. 11 12 A.M.	7 58 A M. 1 30 A.M. 7 54 A.M. 11 0 A.M.	7 47 A.M. 1 19 A.M. 7 43 A.M. 10 49 A.M.	7 16 A.M 12 48 A M 7 12 A M 10 18 A M
July.	Full Moon Last Quarter New Moon. First Quarter .	11 18 27	4 56 P.M. 7 28 A.M. 10 16 P.M. 1 56 A.M.	4 44 P.M. 7 16 A.M 10 4 P.M. 1 44 A.M.	4 32 P.M. 7 4 A.M. 9 52 P.M. 1 32 A.M.	4 21 P.M. 6 53 A.M. 9 41 P.M. 1 21 A.M.	3 50 PM 6 22 AM 9 10 PM 12 50 AM
August.	Full Moon Last Quarter New Moon First Quarter.	3 9 17 25	1 37 р.м.	12 15 A.M. 3 0 P.M 1 25 P.M 2 12 P.M	12 3 A.M. 2 48 P.M. 1 13 P.M. 2 0 P.M.	2d 11 52 p.m. 2 37 p.m. 1 2 p.m. 1 49 p.m.	2d 11 21 PM 2 6 PM 12 31 PM 1 18 PM
September.	Full Moon Last Quarter New Moon First Quarter. Full Moon	1 8 16 24 30	7 44 A.M. 2 21 A.M. 5 43 A.M. 12 57 A.M. 3 47 P.M.	7 32 A.M 2 9 A.M. 5 31 A.M. 12 45 A.M 3 35 P.M	7 20 A.M. 1 57 A.M. 5 19 A.M. 12 33 A.M. 3 23 P.M.	7 9 A.M. 1 46 A M. 5 8 A M 12 22 A.M. 3 12 P.M	6 38 A M 1 15 A M 4 37 A.M 23d 11 51 P.M 2 41 P.M
October.	Last Quarter New Moon. First Quarter Full Moon	7 15 23 30		5 18 P.M 9 45 P.M. 9 41 A.M 1 23 A.M.	5 6 P.M. 9 33 P.M. 9 29 A.M. 1 11 A.M.	4 55 P.M. 9 22 P.M. 9 18 A.M. 1 0 A.M.	4 24 PM 8 51 PM 8 47 A.M 12 29 A M
December. Novem'er.	Last Quarter New Moon First Quarter Full Moon	. 21	12 19 P.M 1 44 P.M. 5 44 P.M. 1 57 P.M.	12 7 P.M. 1 32 P.M. 5 32 P.M. 1 45 P.M.	11 55 A.M. 1 20 P.M. 5 20 P.M. 1 33 P.M.	11 44 A.M. 1 9 P.M. 5 9 P.M. 1 22 P.M.	11 13 A.M. 12 38 P.M. 4 38 P.M. 12 51 P.M.
December.	Last Quarter, New Moon., First Quarter, Full Moon.	14 21 28	9 30 A.M. 4 33 A.M. 1 23 A.M. 5 7 A.M.	9 18 A.M. 4 21 A.M. 1 11 A.M. 4 55 A.M.	9 6 A.M. 4 9 A.M. 12 59 A.M. 4 43 A.M	8 55 A.M. 3 58 A.M. 12 48 A.M. 4 32 A.M.	8 24 A.M. 3 27 A.M. 12 17 A.M. 4 1 A.M.

## MOONLICHT CHART, 1917.



EXPLANATION.—The white spaces show the amount of moonlight each night. January 23, February 21, etc., the time of new moon, there is no moonlight for two or three nights; January 29, February 28, etc., the moon sets at or near midnight, when the first half of the night has moonlight; January 8, February 6, etc., full moon, when moonlight lasts the whole night; January 16, February 14, etc., the moon rises at or near midnight, when the latter half of the night has moonlight.

#### POLE STAR.

#### MEAN TIME OF TRANSIT (AT WASHINGTON) AND POLAR DISTANCE OF POLARIS.

1917.	JANU	JARY.	FEBR	UARY.	MA	RCH.	APRII		M.	AY.	Jui	VE.
Day of Month.	Upper Tran- sit.	Polar Dis- tance.	Lower Tran- sit.	Polar Dis- tance.	Lower Tran- sit.	Polar Dis- tance.	Lower Transit.	Polar Dis- tance,	Lower Tran- sit.	Polar Dis- tance.	Lower Tran- sit.	Polar Dis- tance.
1 11 21	P. M. H. M S. 6 46 16 6 6 46 5 27 17	0 '' 1 7 49 1 7 48 1 7 48	4 45 48 4 6 19		A. M. H. M. S. 2 55 18 2 15 53 1 36 28	1 7 56	A. M. H. M. S. 12 53 11 12 13 52 11 30 38 P.M.	0 / // 1 8 2 1 8 5 1 8 8	P. M. H. M. S. 10 51 22 10 12 9 9 32 57	0 / // 1 8 11 1 8 13 1 8 16	P. M. H. M. S. 8 49 51 8 10 42 7 31 33	0 / /, 1 8 18 1 8 19 1 8 20
1917.	JU.	LY.	AUG	UST.	SEPTE	MBER.	Остов	ER.	Nove	MBER.	DECE	MBER.
Day of Month.	Lower Tran- slt.	Polar Dis- tance.	Upper Tran- sit.	Polar Dis- tance.	Upper Tran- sit.	Polar Dis- tance.	Upper Transit.	Polar Dis- tance.	Upper Tran- slt.	Polar Dis- tance.	Upper Tran- sit.	Polar Dis- tance.
1 11 21	P. M. H. M S. 6 52 25 6 13 17 5 34 10	1 8 20 1 8 20 1 8 19	A. M. H. M. S. 4 53 5 4 13 57 3 34 48	1 8 18 1 8 16 1 8 14	A. M. H. M. S. 2 51 42 2 12 30 1 33 17	1 8 11 1 8 7 1 8 4	A. M. H. M S. 12 54 4 12 14 48 11 31 35 P.M.	1 8 0 1 7 57 1 7 53	P. M. H. M 8. 10 48 20 10 8 59 9 29 36	1 7 49 1 7 45 1 7 42	P. M. H. M. S. 8 50 12 8 10 46 7 31 18	1 7 38 1 7 36 1 7 34

From June 16 to August 1 both the upper and lower transits take place during daylight. The azimuth at the time of greatest Eastern or Western elongation can be easily computed from the formula:  $\sin p$ 

$$\sin A = \frac{\sin p}{-}$$

cos l where A denotes the azimuth, p the polar distance, and l the latitude of the place.

DATE OF GREATEST ELONGATION.

To find the time of greatest Eastern or Western elongation, let H denote the hour angle, and l and p as before, then we shall have  $\cos H = \tan p \tan l$ .

And the hour angle in mean time is

This quantity, Hm, added to or subtracted from the time of transit given above, according to the elongation required, will give the mean time of the greatest elongation at any place whose north latitude is t.

#### STAR TABLE.

#### FOR IDENTIFYING THE PRINCIPAL FIXED STARS.

NAME OF STAR.	Decll- nation.	On Merldian.	Name of Star.	Decli- nation.	On Meridian
*Andromedæ (Alpheratz) **Pegast (Algenib) **Gassiopeiæ (Schedir) **aArletis, **BPerset (Algol) **aTaurl (Aldebaran) **Aurlgæ (Capella) **aOrlonis (Betelguese) **aCanis Majoris (Sirius) **aCeminorum (Castor) **aCanis Minoris (Procyon) **BGeminorum (Pollux) **Leonis (Regulus)	+56 5 +23 4 +40 38 +16 21 +45 55 + 7 24 —16 36 +32 4 +5 26 +28 14	-1 21.3 + 10 36 7 -0 54 5 + 11 3 5 +0 31.8 + 12 29.8 +1 32.0 + 13 30 0 +3 0 2 + 14 58.2 +3 39.5 + 15 37.5 +4 19.5 + 16 17 5 +5 10.1 + 17 8.1 +5 57.9 + 17 55 +6 3 5 + 18 1.5	aVirginis (Spica). aBootis (Arcturus), aBootis (Arcturus), BUrsæ Minoris. aCoronæ Borealis. aScorpil (Antares), aLyræ (Vega), aAquilæ (Atlair), aCygni (Deneb), aCophei. aAquarii aPiscis Australis. aPegasi (Markab)	-10 44 +19 37 +74 29 +26 59 -26 15 +38 42 + 8 39 +44 59 +62 14 -0 43 -30 4 +14 46	Upper. Lower. H. M. H. M. 11 48.3+23 46 3 + 12 39 3 + 0 41.3 18 2 + 1 20 2 + 13 18 2 + 1 20 2 + 13 18 2 + 16 15 2 5 3 3 + 17 0 8 + 5 2.8 17 18 13.2 + 6 15 2 + 19 4 9 + 7 6 15 2 16 15 2 16 12 2 16 7 + 9 28 7

To find the time of the star's transit, add or subtract, according to the sign, the number in the second column of figures to the date of the transit of the pole star given above. Thus, for a Andromedæ February 11: Lower Transit of Pole Star is 4h. 6m. 198 A. M., to which add 10h. 31.8m. and we have 2h. 38m. P. M.; for December 1, we find 7h. 24m. P. M., etc.

APPROXIMATE PARALLAX AND DISTANCE IN LIGHT-YEARS OF SOME OF THE PRINCIPAL FIXED STARS.

By light-years is to be understood the number of years light requires to travel from the star to us.

	Parallax.	Light- Years.	Ì	Parallax.	Light- Years.
Polaris (Pole Star).  a Aurigæ (Capella).  a Canis Majoris (Sirius).  a Canis Minoris (Procyon).  a Bootis (Arcturus)  a Centauri.	0 073 0 046 0.233 0 123 0 127 0.916	71 15 27	a Lyræ (Vega). 61 Cygnl. 6 Cassiopelæ. y Draconis. 85 Pegasi.	0 140 0.300 0.187 0 127 0.054	23 11 17 26 60

The determination of stellar parallax is one of the most difficult and refined problems in practical or observational astronomy. It is to find the angle which the semi-diameter of the earlies or this orbit subtends at the star—an angle always very small, as seen from the above table, and which cannot be measured directly but by various processes too complicated to be explained here.

## ELEMENTS OF THE SOLAR SYSTEM.

NAME	Mean	Sidereal		M THE SUN.		
OF PLANET.	Daily Motion.	Revolution— Days.	Mean.	În Miles.		
Mercury Venus. Earth Mars Jupiter Saturn Uranus. Neptune	5767.6696 3548 192 1886.5182 299.1256 120.4548 42.2308	365 25636 686 97987 4332 6284 10759.2225	0 387099 0.723331 1.000000 1.523688 5.202803 9.538843 19.190978 30.070672	0.466693 0.728260 1.016746 1.665877 5.454395 10.071570 20.094454 30.327506	0.307505 0.718402 0 983254 1.381499 4.951211 9.006106 18.287502 29.813838	35,960,500 67,195,600 92,897,400 141,546,600 483,327,000 886,134,000 1,782,792,000 2,793,487,000
NAME	1 Ec	centricity	Synodical	( Inclinat	ion of   Or	hital Velocity

Name	Eccentricity	Synodical	Inclination of	Orbital Velocity Miles Per Second.
OF	of	Revolution—	Orbit to	
PLANET.	Orbit.*	Days.	Ecliptic.*	
Mercury. Venus. Earth. Mars. Jupiter. Saturn Uranus.	0.0068150 0 0167460 0 0933198 0 0483570 0 0558482 0 0470781	115,877 583,920 779,936 398,866 378,090 369,650 367,482	7 0 11.2 3 23 37.5 i 5i 1.0 1 18 29.1 2 29 30.6 0 46 21 9 1 46 41.2	29.73 21.75 18.50 14.98 8.11 5.99 4.22 3.37

NAME	Mean Longitude	Mean Longitude	Annual	Mean Longitude	Annual	Peri-hellon helion.
OF	at the	of the	Sidereal	of the	Sidereal	
PLANET.	Epoch.*	Perihelion.*	Motion.	Ascending Node.	Motion	
Mercury Venus. Earth Mars. Jupiter Saturn Uranus. Neptune	115 4 3.26 165 4 20 94 99 47 20 22 70 45 5 47 242 24 21.96 53 23 10 90 294 57 2 33 111 24 32.14	76 5 10 9 130 19 58 0 101 25 37 7 334 26 21 8 12 24 18 0 91 19 26 1 169 14 25 8 43 51 38 2	$\begin{array}{c} **\\ + 5 & 7\\ + 0 & 4\\ +11 & 6\\ +15 & 9\\ + 7 & 6\\ +20 & 2\\ + 7 & 4\\ -18 & 9 \end{array}$	47 77 17.4 75 53 15.5 48 52 42.6 99 33 33.3 112 53 17.7 73 33 2.1 130 48 38.9	$\begin{array}{c} -7.6 \\ -17.9 \\ -22.2 \\ -13.9 \\ -18.9 \\ -32.0 \\ -10.7 \end{array}$	10 58 4 59 1 94 1 91 1 03 0 97 0 52 0 36 0 0410 034 0 012 0 010 0 003 0 0025 0 0010 001

<sup>\*</sup> Epoch 1912 January 1d Greenwich mean time.

							1		
SUN	SI	MI-DIAMETE	R					Gravity at	
AND PLANETS.	At Unit Least Miles Distance Distance, (Mcan)		Miles	Volume ⊕= 1	Mass. ⊕= 1	Density  = 1	Axial Rotation.	Surface.  ⊕ = 1	
	, ,,	"					D. H. M. S.		
Sun	15 59.6			1303371.8			25 9 7 12	27.6057	
Mercury	3 34	5 45	1504 24					.37979	
Venus	8.55	30.90	3850.67	0.921875	0 807328 1.000000			85236	
Earth	5.05	9 64	2274 37	0.189953				1.00000	
Jupiter	1 37.16	23 12	43758 03		314 4985			2 57115	
Saturn	1 21.17	9 55	36558 86	788 934	94 0684		10 14 24	1 10175	
Uranus	33 5	1.84	15096 43					.98932	
Neptune	38.7	1.33	l 17411.34	85.224	16.7199	0.19619	Unknown.	.86338	

## ASTRONOMICAL PHENOMENA FOR THE YEAR 1917.

ASTRONOMICAL SIGNS AND SYMBOLS.

() (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (	The Sun. The Moon. Mercury. Venus.	************************************	Mars. Jupiter. Saturn. Uranus.	<b>♦</b> □∞C;;	Conjunction. Quadrature. Opposition. Ascending Node.
À	The Earth.	ΙΨ̈́	Neptune.	ਹ ਹ	Descending Node.

Two heavenly bodies are in "conjunction" (3) when they have the same Right Ascension, or are on the same meridian, i. e., when one is due north or south of the other; if the bodies are near each other as seen from the earth, they will rise and set at the same time; they are in "opposition" (8) when in opposite quarters of the heavens, or when one rises just as the other is setting. "Quadrature" (1) is half way between conjunction and opposition. By "greatest elongation" is meant the greatest apparent angular distance from the sun; the planet is then generally most favorably situated for observation. Mercury can only be seen with the naked eye at this time. When a planet is in its "ascending" (1) or "descending" (3) node it is crossing the plane of the earth's orbit. The term "Perihelion" means nearest, and "Aphelion" furthest, from the sun. An "occultation" of a planet or star is an eclipse of itby some other body, usually the moon.

#### ASTRONOMICAL PHENOMENA FOR THE YEAR 1917 -Continued.

#### I - ECLIPSES.

The year 1917 is notable for having seven eclipses, the greatest number possible; there were seven eclipses in 1805 and will be again in 1935 and in 1982; these four are the only occurrences in the nineteenth and twentieth centuries.

The eclipses for 1917 will include four of the sun and three of the moon, as follows:

1. A total eclipse of the moon January 7-8, visible at New York and generally in North America.

PLACES.	Moon Enters Shadow.	Totality Begins.	Totality Ends.	Moon Leaves Shadow.		
Boston. New York WashIngton Charleston. Clicianati Chicago New Orleans Denver. Ogden. San Francisco.	D. H. M. Jan. 8 12 54 A M. Jan. 8 12 54 A M. Jan. 8 12 42 A M. Jan. 8 12 31 A M. Jan. 8 12 12 A M. Jan. 7 11 50 P M. Jan. 7 10 50 P M. Jan. 7 10 50 P M. Jan. 7 10 22 P M. Jan. 7 10 9 41 P M. Jan. 7 9 41 P M.	D. H. M. Jan. 8 2 16 A.M. Jan. 8 2 52 A.M. Jan. 8 1 52 A.M. Jan. 8 1 41 A.M. Jan. 8 1 22 A.M. Jan. 8 1 10 A.M. Jan. 8 1 10 A.M. Jan. 7 12 0 P.M. Jan. 7 11 32 P.M. Jan. 7 10 51 P.M.	D. H. M. Jan. 8 3 44 A.M. Jan. 8 3 32 A.M. Jan. 8 3 20 A.M. Jan. 8 3 9 A.M. Jan. 8 2 50 A.M. Jan. 8 2 28 A M Jan. 8 1 28 A.M. Jan. 8 1 2 19 A.M. Jan. 8 12 19 A.M. Jan. 8 12 19 A.M.	D. H. M. Jan. 8 4 54 A.M. Jan. 8 4 42 A.M. Jan. 8 4 30 A.M. Jan. 8 4 19 A.M. Jan. 8 4 0 A.M. Jan. 8 3 38 A.M. Jan. 8 2 38 A.M. Jan. 8 2 10 A.M. Jan. 8 12 38 A.M. Jan. 8 12 38 A.M. Jan. 8 129 A.M. Jan. 8 129 A.M.		

The first apparent contact of the moon's limb with the shadow is 117 degrees from the north point of the moon toward the east. The last contact is 91 degrees from the north point of the moon toward the west.

2. A partial eclipse of the sun January 23, invisible in America. Visible on the continent of Europe and in adjacent portions of Asia and Africa. Magnitude of greatest eclipse 0.725, the sun's diameter being

unity.
3. A partial eclipse of the sun June 19, invisible in the United States. Visible in the Canadian Northwest, Alaska. Siberia, and north polar regions.

Magnitude of greatest eclipse 0.473, the sun's diameter being unity.

4. A total eclipse of the moon July 4-5, invisible in North America. Visible generally in the Eastern Hemisphere, and the ending visible in South America.

5. A smail partial eclipse of the sun July 19, visible only in the Indian and Antarctic Oceans.

Magnitude of greatest eclipse 0.086, the sun's diameter being unity.

6. An annular eclipse of the sun December 14, invisible in the Northern Hemisphere. Visible as a partial eclipse throughout the south polar regions.

The path of the central or annular eclipse nearly spans the distance between Patagonia and Tasmania, and passes directly over the South Pole.

and passes directly over the South Pole.
7. A total eclipse of the moon December 27-28, visible in New York and generally in North America.

PLACES.	Moon Enters Shadow.			Totality Begins.			Totality Ends.			N	Meon Leaves Shadow.					
Boston New York Washington Charleston Chicago New Orleans Denver Ogden San Francisco	Dec. 28 Dec. 28	3 2 2 2 2 2 1 12	20 AM.	Dec. Dec. Dec. Dec. Dec. Dec. Dec. Dec.	28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28	4 42 4 30 4 19 4 0 3 48 3 38 2 38 2 10	A M. A M. A M A M A N. A M. A M A M	Dec. Dec. Dec. Dec. Dec. Dec. Dec. Dec.	28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28	44444322	10 A 1 58 A 3 46 A 1 35 A 3 16 A 1 4 A 3 54 A 3 26 A 3	Dec. Dec. Dec. Dec. Dec. Dec. Dec. Dec.	28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28	66655543	43 31 19 8 49 37 27 59	A.M. A.M. A.M. A.M. A.M. A.M. A.M. A.M.

The first apparent contact of the moon's limb with the shadow is 72 degrees from the north point of the moon toward the east. The last contact is 55 degrees from the north point of the moon toward the west.

11.-PLANETARY CONFIGURATIONS, 1917. (Washington Mean Time) H. M. Feb. Jan. 4 39 р.м. о 21 ( 25 6 58 58 р.м. ф 4 © 0 р.м. ф д © 0 P.M. 0 A.M. gr. elong. E. 19°22'. 2 10 ģ ŏ Å Proop ® 3 in perihelion. Mar. 3 6 0 P.M. in aphelion. 11 A.M. 6 0 P.M. 6 4 P.M. 6 19 P.M. 6 3 P.M. 6 0 A.M. 6 18 P.M. 6 8 11 56 р.м. о 4 stationary 18 5 ŏ S. 0° 43'. 0 P.M. 22 in perihelion. 8 N. 3° 5′. 12 12 A.M. 13 Ž 22 4 0 р.м. о 0 а.м. П 17 22 2 0 P.M. 8 1 0 A.M. 0 10 43 A.M. 0 12 20 P.M. 0 5 26 P.M. 0 ŏ S. 0° 56′. 17 h 24 3 2 7 25 inferior. 19 Q. 00.40 21 10 0 P.M. stationary.  $\overline{26}$ 12 0 gr. hel. lat. S. A.M. 23 26 0 M. 6 0 A.M. 6 3 A.M. 6  $\overline{29}$ 12 Q-1-00 superior. 31 gr. hel. lat. S. 3 000 9 S. 0° 39' 0 р.м. 28 0 а.м. in υ. 31 11 April 10 29 3 9 л.м. б 4 € 0 A.M. in perihelion. 30 stationary. § N. 2° 53'. 0 11 0 A.M. 14 А.М. □ かかかのみ 0 P.M. 6 21 P.M. 6 39 A.M. 6 46 A.M. 6 ŏ N. 3° 0'. 30 0 р.м. о 38 а.м. о 2 5 Feb. ī Ē  $\overline{20}$ 21 39 21 22 22 24 gr. elong. W. 26°3'. 0 A.M. 10 900 to 19 41 P.M. o 11 A.M. o 46 10 20 11 11 DOCO. 20 12 in perihelion. 3 0 P.M. gr. elong. E. 20°22'. 0 M. 3 o superior. 21 6 44 р.м. о 26 3 Ö A.M. O 3 0 A.M. in aphelion. 5

PLANETARY CONFIGUR	LATIONS, 1917—Continued.
D. H. M. P. M. D. Q. 21 Q. N. 0° 16'. 5 10 0 P.M. S stationary. 9 6 0 A.M. O 21 ⊙ 13 1 0 P.M. O Q Q N. 0° 25'.	D. H. M. Sept. 3 5 0 A.M. [] [] © stationary. 7 6 39 P.M. 6 2] © stationary. 9 9 0 P.M. 9 in §?.
9 6 0 A.M. 6 7 0 1 N. 0° 25'. 13 1 0 P.M. 6 8 9 N. 0° 25'. 16 3 0 P.M. 6 8 0 inferior. 19 1 38 P.M. 6 8 6 20 6 35 A.M. 6 7 6 20 11 3 A.M. 6 7 6 21 7 0 A.M. 9 in Ω.	11 6 45 P.M. 6 & E. 12 4 4 P.M. 6 D. E. 16 3 59 P.M. 6 S. E. 18 7 0 P.M. 6 S. E. 19 5 22 P.M. 6 S. E.
21 9 49 A.M. 6 9 © in aphelion 24 2 0 A.M. 8 in aphelion 24 4 0 P.M. 6 8 4 8 8.2° 6'. 25 9 47 A.M. 6 b © stationary.	30 12 0 m. 3 stationary.   Oct. 1 7 0 a.m. 6 b 6 b 7 N. 0° 40′.   3 1 0 a.m. 6 in perihelion.   4 11 0 a.m. 6 gr. elong.W. 17°56′.
June 5 7 0 P.M. & & & S. 3° 50'.  8 7 0 A.M. & & 2 1 & N. 0° 41'.  8 9 0 P.M. & & 2 1 & S. 3° 3'.  11 6 0 P.M. & & 2 & S. 3° 3'.  11 7 0 P.M. & & gr. elong W. 23°32'.  17 12 43 A.M. & 7 (%)	5 4 19 A.M. 点 光 是 10 4 17 A M. 点 光 是 10 4 17 A M. 点 光 是 10 2 28 P.M. 点 点 证 in aphelion. 14 11 29 P.M. 点 变 证 in aphelion. 19 2 49 P.M. 点 变 是 Nov. 1 11 17 A.M. 点 升 是 2 49 P.M. 点 数 是 10
17 8 43 AM 6 7 € 17 12 32 P.M. 6 9 € 20 3 26 P.M. 6 9 € 21 11 41 P.M. 6 9 € 23 4 0 A.M. 6 in Ω.	3 1 0 P M. 3 5 ⊙ superior. 5 5 0 P.M. 9 gr. hel. lat. S. 6 3 24 P.M. 6 1 € 6 11 0 P.M. □ 1 €
24 2 0 A.M. Q in perihelion.  3 3 0 P.M. Q in aphelion.  4 7 0 P.M. Q b Q N. 1° 4′.  7 1 0 A.M. Q in perihelion.  12 11 0 A.M. Q in perihelion.  14 4 45 P.M. Q 2 Q Superior.	15 12 0 P.M. 8 in aphelion. 18 9 38 A.M. 6 5 C 26 11 0 A.M. 5 Stationary. 28 3 22 P.M. 6 21 C
15 7 0 P.M. 5 gr. hel. lat. N. 16 3 33 A.M. 6 7 C gr. hel. lat. N. 18 4 0 P.M. 6 5 b 5 N. 1° 25' 19 1 40 P.M. 6 5 C 21 4 4 A.M. 6 9 C 27 4 0 P.M. 6 1 C Aug 11 6 43 A.M. 6 2 C 13 11 0 P.M. 6 5 C 16 3 10 A.M. 6 1 C	29 1 0 A.M. 8 7 5 gr. elong.E. 47° 18'.  Dec. 4 12 34 A.M. 6 h 6 6 10 29 P.M. 6 6 6 11 11 0 P.M. 17 6 6 11 15 6 34 P.M. 6 6 6 6
20 1 0 A.M. of in aphelion.	17 1 0 A.M. & gr elong. E. 20° 20'. 17 7 53 P.M. & & & 24 6 0 P.M. & stationary. 25 7 0 A.M. & gr. hel lat. N. 25 5 38 P.M. & 20° 21'.
20 4 13 A.M. 6 \$ C. 20 2 44 P.M. 6 \$ C. 22 12 0 P.M. \$ gr. elong. E. 27°23'.	29 12 0 P.M. & in perihelion. 31 6 56 A.M. & ½ & 31 12 0 P.M. Q in Q.

AREA OF THE CREAT LAKES OF THE UNITED STATES.

	Superlor	Michigan.	Huron.	Erle.	Ontarlo.
Greatest length in miles	360	320	240	250	191
Greatest breadth in miles	160	85	101 750	210	738
Deepest soundings in feet	1,008 32,060	22,300	23.000	10.000	7,200
Area in square miles Drainage in square miles	44.100	43,500	49,000	24,600	25,700
Height above sea level in feet	602.3	581.2	581.2	872.5	246.2
Latitude, north	46° 30′	41° 37′	46° 00′	41° 23′	43° 10′
	49° 00'	46° 06′	43° 00' 80° 00'	42° 53′ 78° 50′	44° 10′ 76° 10′
Longitude, west	92° 06′	84° 45′ 88° 00′	84° 45′	83° 30′	79° 53′
Boundary line in miles		None	220	250	160
United States shore line in miles* (approx.)	735	1,200	l 470	350	230

THE MACNETIC POLES.

THE MACNETIC POLES.

THE magnaphical poles of the earth are the extremities of the finaginary line passing through its centre of gravity and about which it revolves, and are therefore symmetrically located with regard to the equator.

The magnetic poles, however are not coincident with the geographical poles, nor are they diametrically opposite to each other. Prior to the recent attempt of Amundsen to determine the north magnetic pole, the only other was by Capt. James Ross in June, 1831, who found the div of the magnetic needle to be 80°, 50°, 55°, 55°, in latitude 70°, 57°, 2 N. and longitude 96°, 45°, 38° W., which is in King William Land. Canada. The result of Amundsen's observations has not yet been published by the Norwegian authorities.

For the south magnetic pole, from a consideration of all the results available, eccording to the United States Coast and Geodetic Survey, the position latitude 72°, 78°, and longitude 156° E. has been tentatively adopted. These values are only roughly approximate, and for that reason are given only in degrees and tents.

By reason of the annual variation of the magnetic needle, it is believed that the magnetic poles are not stationary, but have a slow motion around the geographical poles. The subject is shrouded in mystery and constitutes one of the many as yet unsolved problems in terrestrial physics.

# THE SUN'S RICHT ASCENSION AND DECLINATION. (WASHINGTON-APPARENT NOON.)

DATE	E 1		Appa	rent.	DDATE		DATE—			Apparent Right Ascension.			Apparent Declination.		
191		Righ	it As	cension.	De	ppare	ion.	1917.	_				De	clinat	ion.
Jan.	1 2 3 4	H. 18	M. 46 51 55	8. 47.50 12 32 36.77 0 82	$-23 \\ -22$	0 55 50 44	53.2 43.3 6.1	Mar. 27 28. 29 30. 31		н. 0	M. 23 27 31 34 38	8. 44.91 23 10 1.29 39.52 17 80 56 15	+ 2 + 3	34 57 21 44	9.5 37.0 0 9 20.7
10 1 1 1 1 1	3 .		137 1216 334 447 526 49 137 1216 334 447 226 334 447 246	$\begin{array}{c} 47, 502\\ 27, 23, 27, 23, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20$	-21	444 330 231 58 49 329 57 45 320 84 41 27 138 438 28 438 29 40 20 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40	10.1907717467934447634311469028293752228444139664464	April 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8		1	41 45 49 52 56 0 3 7	39.52 17.80 15.80 13.16 15.185 30.68 9.70 48.91 28.03 47.95 28.169 49.52 28.169 49.52 12.24 49.52 12.24 49.52 12.24 49.52 12.24 49.52 12.24 49.52 12.24 49.52 12.24 49.52 12.24 49.52 49.54 49.54 49.54 49.54 49.54 49.54 49.54 49.54 49.54 49.54 49.5	+ 4 + 5 + 6 + 7	30 53 16 39 25 47 10 32 55 17 39	$\begin{array}{c} 5.09744441343602750112261406073616725616087608509093171187473822616734688845087626511140992\\ 97.000673448134360275001222614406073616725616087608509093177187473822616734688845087626511140992\\ 97.00067344813436027500122261440607361668686672337533268677935822616734688845087626511140992\\ 97.0006734441344791184747382276167346888762361672478738226167346887626511140992\\ 97.0006734441344681174788227616734688876236167248787878787878787878787878787878787878$
1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2	6. 7. 8	20	52 56 0 4	9 66 26 45 42 55 57 95 12 62	20	57 45 33 20	2 4 24 4 22 7 57.6 9.3	10 11 12 13 14 15			14 18 22 25 29 33	28.16 8 69 49 52 30 70 12 24	+ 8 + 9	17 39 0 22 44	10 5 9 0 59.1 40 2
2 2 2 2 2	1 2. 3 4 5.		13 17 21 26 30	26.55 39 72 52.11 3.72 14 52	—19 —18	54 41 27 13 58	58 4 25 3 30 1 13 4 35 6	16 17 18 19			36 40 44	54 14 36.43 19.13 2 23 45 74	+10	5 26 47 8 29	34 6 47 1 49 4 41 0 21 6
2 2 2 2 3 3	6 . 7 . 8 . 9 .		34 38 42 46 50	24.50 33 67 42 00 49.50 56 15	17	43 28 12 56 40	36 9 18 0 39 2 40 8 23 2	21 22 23 24 25	- :	2	48 51 55 59 2 6	28. 16 8 69 49 52 30 70 12 24 36. 43 19. 13 2 23 45 74 29. 69 14. 07 58. 91 44. 20 29. 95 16. 16 20. 04	+12	49 10 30 50 9 29	51.0 8 7 14 3 7 6 48 1
	1 2 3	21	59 3	49.50 56 15 1 96 6 93 11 07 14 36	—16	6 49 32	52 3 39 7 9 5	27 . 28 . 29 .			14 18 21 25	2 86 50.04 37 73	+14	48 7 26	29 7 30.2 16.5
	4 . 5 . 6 7 .		11 15 19	16 83 18 48 19 30	15	49 32 14 56 37 19	22 2 18 2 57 8	30			21 25 29 33 37	37 73 25 92 14 62 3 84	+15	44 3 21 38	48.6 6.1 8 6
	8 . 9 0		27 31 35	18 54 16 97 14 61	<b>—</b> 14	0 41	29 4 22 1 0 3 23 9	5			40 44 48 52 56 0 4	16 16 2 86 50.04 37 73 25.92 14.62 3 84 53.60 43.89 34.73 26 13 18 10	+16	56 13	27 8 43 7 43.6 27 0
1: 1: 1: 1.	9 1		43 47 50	7 60 2 98 57 62	—13 —12	22 42 22 22 41 21	33.6 29.6 12.4 42.6	10	. ]	3	0 4 7 11	10 63 3 73 57 43	+17	30 47 3 20 35	53 8 3 5 56 0
10 11 11 11	6   7	22	58	44 74 37 25 29 07	-11	21 0 39	0 4 6.1 0.4	11 . 12 . 13 . 14 15 .			15	46 59 42.07 38.14	+18	51 6 21 36 50	48 0 46 9 27.3
20 22 22 22 22 22 22 22	0 .   1   2 3		50559 71159 2371359 447 5044 1181 2259 337	16 83 18 930 119 330 119 354 116 971 17 690 21 17 690 21 10 69 11 49 70 20 11 34 17 49 10 61 13 49 10 61 13 49 10 61 13 49 10 61 13 46 86 89	—10 — 9	397 156 34 120 28 44 21 596 313 507 41 174 420 533 9	0 4 6.1 0.4 43.7 16 3 38 6 51.2 54.5 48.9 34.9 13 0	16 17 18 19.			19 23 27 31 35 39 43 47 51 55 9	10 63 37 743 51,759 442.07 38.14 40.07 38.20 32.07 29.92 27.33 32.07 27.33 32.07 27.33 32.07 32.07 33.43 33.43 33.43 33.43 33.43 33.43 33.43 33.43 33.43 33.43 33.43 34.43 35.43 36.	+19	18 31 45 57	51.7 35 1 58.8 2.7 46 4
2	5 6 . 7 . 8 .		33 37 40 44 48	13 47 0 17 46 30 31 86 16 89	— 8 — 7	6 44 21 59	13 0	21. 22 23 24. 25.	:	4	51 55 59 3	26.97 27.61 28.76 30.43	+20	10 22 33 45 56	9.7 12.3 55.8 14.2
141021	2 3 4 5	23	52 55 59 3	1 38 45 36 28 86 11 87	<b>—</b> 6	13 50 27 4	13 0 43 4 6 6 23 0 32.9 36.7 35 0 28.0 16 0 59 4 38.6 14 0	26 27 28 29.			11	45 99	+21	6 17 26 36	50 6 6 1 59 6 30 7
1 1 1 1	7 8 9 0		40 44 48 52 55 59 36 10 14 17 21 22 32 36	1 38 45 36 28 86 11 87 54 46 36 62 18 38 59 76 40 79 21.48	— 5 — 4	17 54 31	16 0 59 4 38.6 14 0 46.0	30 31 June 1 2 3 4 5			15 19 23 27 31 36 40 44	50 45 55.32 0 59 6.25 12.29 18.69	+22	45 54 2 10 18	25 4 48 6 48 8 25.8
1 1 1	1 2 3 4 5		40	21.48 1.85 41.96 21.79 1.38	- 3 - 2	20 57 33 9	59 4 38.6 14.0 46.0 14.8 40.8 4.5 26.1 45.9 4.5 22.2 296.0	4 5 6 7 8.		5	44 48 52 56 0 4	25.43 32.51 39 90 47 62		18 25 32 38 44 50	39 4 29.5 56.0 58 8 37 7
1 1 1	6 7 8. 9		43 47	1 85 41 96 21 79 1 38 40 75 19 93 58 94 37.77 16.48 55.07 33.55 11.94	— 1 — 0	46 22 58 34 11 12 36 59 23 47		9 10 11 12	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		8 13 17 21 25 29 33 37 42	55.61 3.87 12.40 21.15 30.11	+23	55 0 5	52.6 43.2 9.6 11.5
9	22	0	50 54 58 1 5 9 12 16 20	55.07 33.55	+ 0	12 36 59 23	29.3 10.7 50.7 29.0 5.1 38.8	13 14 15 16 17	::		29 33 37 42	39.26 48.58		12 16 18 21 23 24 25	2.1 50.4 14.0 12.9
2	5		16 20	50.25 28.51 6.72	+ 2	47 10	5.1 38.8	18		l	46 50	7.58 17.21 26:90		24 25	46.9 56.2

THE SUN'S RIGHT ASCENSION AND DECLINATION-Continued.

DATE— 1917	Apparent Right Ascension.	Apparent Declination.	DATE— 1917.	Apparent Right Ascension.	Apparent Declination.
	H. M. S. 5 54 36.63	0 / //		н. м. в.	° , ,.
June 20 21 22 23 24 24 225 26 27 28 29 30 July 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	5 54 36.634 6 2 56 03 7 5 68 03 11 15 24 63 19 33 93 27 52 04 33 93 27 52 04 34 07 63 36 07 63 36 07 63 36 07 63 36 07 63 37 52 40 38 52 40 44 23 38 52 40 7 83 7 5 17 15 11 12 96 11 15 12 96 11 15 12 96 11 15 12 96 11 15 12 96 11 15 12 96 11 15 12 96 11 15 12 96 11 15 12 96 11 15 12 96 11 15 12 96 11 15 12 96 11 15 12 96 11 17 40 13 11 18 28 11 40 11 11 13 14 11 11 14 11 11 15 15 15 11 13 14 15 11 13 14 15 11 13 14 15 11 13 14 15 11 13 14 15 11 13 14 15 11 15 16 12 16 13 15 16 1	+23 26 40.6 25 0 0.6 25 5 0 0 25 5 0 0 25 5 0 0 25 5 0 0 25 26 46 100 7 224 100 7 224 100 7 227 227 228 24 100 7 337 22 17 4 44 1 11 4 46 3 3 22 1 16 4 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	Sept 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 20 Oct. 1 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	H. M. S. 11 31 34.84 35 10 17 38 45.50 45 45 56 15 49 31 52 53 6 93 12 0 18 00	+ 3
July 1 2 3 4 4 5 6 6 7 8 9 10 111 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 Aug. 1 2 3 4 5 6 6 7 8 9 9	13 12 96 17 18 28 21 23 21 25 27 70 29 31 76 33 35 37 37 38 51 41 41 16 45 43 30 49 44 92 53 46 01 57 46 53	23 1 5 15 41 0 17 57 3 1 59 50 9 51 21 6 22 9 9 23 39 8 13 41 8 12 1 +20 52 41 2 1 +20 52 41 39 1	Oct. 1 2 4 5 6 7 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 15	14 41 54 18 17:86 21:54 38 225:31:14 322 45:49 36:23:12 400 31:10 324:54 31:34 47:18:16 504:36:36:36 13:15:73:36 13:15:73:36 13:16:16:36 13:16:16:36 13:16:16:36 13:16:16:36 13:16:16:36 13:16:16:36 13:16:16:36 13:16:16:36 13:16:16:36 13:16:16:36 13:16:16:16:36 13:16:16:16:36 13:16:16:16:36 13:16:16:16:16:36 13:16:16:16:16:16:16:16:16:16:16:16:16:16:	
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	53 44 92 53 46 653 67 67 67 67 67 67 67 67 67 67 67 67 67	30 16 1 18 32 5 6 28 4 +19 54 4 3 41 20 4 28 16 9 14 54 2 1 12 4 +18 47 11 9	15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 Nov. 1	16 44, 12 20 27, 16 24 10, 75 27 54, 92 31 39 69 35 25 05 39 11 03 42 57 65 46 44 91 50 32 80 54 21, 66	-8 6 45 2 29 3 5 -9 13 17 9 35 13 4 57 0 5 -10 18 38 7 -11 1 27 3 43 35 8 -12 4 24 1
30 31 Aug. 1 2 3. 4 5 6.	5 45 92 9 44 73 13 42 96 17 40 59 21 37 60 225 34 00 229 29 78 33 24 95 33 12 95 34 11 13 40 45 6 70 48 59 38 52 51 46 56 42 93 9 0 33 80 8 13 80 12 2 94 15 51 51 19 39 53 23 26 98 27 13 89	1 12.4 +18 47 11.9 32 53 0 18 15.9 3 20.8 +17 48 8 1 16 50.8 0 46.9 +16 44 25.2 27 49.2 10 56.2 +15 53 47.5 36 23.4	26 27 28 29 30 31 Nov. 1	14 2 0 62 5 51.30 9 42.72 13 34 88 17 27 81 21 21 52 25 16 03 29 11 35 33 7 48	-11 1 27 3 43 35 8 -12 4 24 1 45 27 0 -13 5 40 7 -14 5 6 7 -15 24 28 9 -15 2 31 5
10 11. 12. 13 14 15 16	15 51 51 19 39 53 23 26 98 27 13 89 31 0 24 34 46 06 38 31 35 42 16 10 46 0 34	+15 53 47 5 36 23.4 2 18 44 2 0 50.2 +14 42 41 6 24 19.0 +13 46 52 6 27 49 5 8 33 7	8 . 9 .	49 0 44 53 0 81 57 2 06	-14 5 6 7 -24 28 9 -15 2 31 57 -15 2 31 11 -39 35 7 -16 15 37 9 -16 15 37 9 -17 7 37 9 -17 7 37 9 -17 7 37 9 -17 24 23 4 -10 51 0
17 . 18 . 19 . 20 . 21 . 22 . 23 . 24 . 25 . 26 . 27 . 28 . 29	10 49 44 07 53 27 29 57 10 09 10 0 52 26 4 34 02 8 15 32 11 56 17 15 36 58	8 33 7 +12 49 5.4 29 24.8 9 32.5 +11 49 28 8 29 13 8 8 48 1 +10 48 11 9	11. 12. 13. 14. 15. 16. 17. 18. 19.	15 1 4 16 5 7.13 9 10 95 13 15,65 17 21,20 21 27,60 25 34 85 29 42 91 33 51.83 38 1 56 42 12,08	$\begin{bmatrix} -18 & 57 & 0 & 1 \\ 12 & 50 & 4 \\ 28 & 21 & 6 \\ 43 & 33 & 3 \\ 58 & 24 & 9 \\ -19 & 12 & 56 & 1 \\ 27 & 6 & 6 \\ 40 & 56 & 0 \\ 64 & 54 & 23 & 9 \end{bmatrix}$
30 31 Sept. 1 . 2 3	46 0 34 49 44 07 53 27 29 53 27 29 10 0 52 26 8 15 32 11 56 17 15 36 56 19 22 26 35 22 26 35 22 27 30 15 20 30 14 48 32 44 45 77 48 22 97 55 36 56 59 13 0	8 48 11 48 11 9 27 25 6 6 29 4 4 9 45 23 7 2 44 9 19 31 6 19 31 6 19 31 6 19 31 6 10 31 31 9 10 6 51 30.6 29 12.5	17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	46 23 40 50 35 51 54 48.39 59 2.03 16 3 16 42 7 31.56 11 47.42 16 4.00 20 21.30 24 30 28	40 51 0 -18 12 50 4 8 21 6 43 33 3 -19 12 56 1 40 56 0 -20 7 66 6 40 56 0 -20 12 157 322 157 322 157 322 157 323 38 31 44 33 5 -21 7 20 3 18 8 32 1 48 6.0 -22 5 59.7 41 18 3 22 11.1 29 37.8 36 38.2 43 11.8
4	33 52.44 37 30 55 41 8 33 44 45 77 48 22 97 51 59 91 30 51 2 49.37 11 2 49.37 10 1.44 11 3 37.22 11 12 9.20 12 20 48.57 12 24 24.01	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Dec. 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	20 21.30 24 39.28 28 57.95 33 17.27 37 37.23 41 57 82 46 18 99 50 40.75 55 3.04 59 25.86 17 3 49.18	-22 11.1 -22 11.1 29 37.8 36 38.2 49 11.8 49 58.8

#### THE SUN'S RIGHT ASCENSION AND DECLINATION-Continued.

DATE- 1917. Rig	Apparent tht Ascension.	Apparent Declination.	DATE- 1917.	Apparent Right Ascension.	Apparent Declination.		
Dec 11 17 17 13 14 15 16 17 18	M. S. 12 37.16 17 1.75 21 26.72 25 52 00 17.58 34 43 42 39 9.46 43 35.68 48 2.03 52 28.49 56 55 03	-23 0 11.5 4 56 9 9 14 8 13 5 0 16 27 3 19 21 7 21 48 2 23 46 7 26 18 7	Dec. 22	H. M. 8, 18 1 21.58 5 48.14 10 14.67 14 41.12 19 7.49 23 33.73 27 59 82 32 25 72 36 51 41 18 41 16 86	-23 26 57 9 26 35.1 25 44.1 24 24 88 22 37 4 20 21 8 17 38.0 14 26 2 10 46 4 -23 6 38 8		

#### THE SUN'S SEMI-DIAMETER AND HORIZONTAL PARALLAX.

(WASHINGTON-APPARENT NOON)

	Sun's	Equatorial	1	Sun's	L'quatorial	1	Sun's	Equatorial
1917.	Semi-	Herizontal	1917.	Semi-	Horizontal	1917.	Semi-	Horizontal
	Dlameter	Parallax.	i i	Dlameter	Parallax.		Diameter.	Parailax.
	2 14120001			2 14111101		l	2 1011101011	2 01 011011
	, ,,	"	11	, ,,	"		1 "	"
Jan. 1	16 17 87	8.95	May 11	15 51.68	8 71	Sept. 18	15 57 22	8 76
11	17 67	8 95	21	49.68	8 69	28	59.97	8.79
21	16 90	8.94	31	48.12	8 69 8 68	Oct. 8	16 2 70	8.81
31		8.93	June 10		8.67	18		8 84
Feb. 10	14 12	8 92	20		8.66	28		8.86
20	12 07	8.90	30	45.72	8.66	37000 40	10 10	8.88
20	9 80	1 8.80	30	45.72	8.00	Nov. 7	10 59	0.00
Mar. 2		8.88	July 10	45.78	8.66	17	12.78	8 90
12	7 27	8 85	20	46 26	8 66	27		8.92
22	4 53	8 83	30	47.25	8.67	Dec. 7	16.18	8 93
April 1	1 81	8.80	Aug. 9		8.68	17	17.20	8.94
11:	15 59 07	8 78	19	50 28	8 70	27	17 81	8 95
21	56 37	8 75	29	52,39	8 72	31	16 17.88	8 95
May 1	53.93	8.73	Sept. 8		8.74	1	10 11100	0.00
2.200 X	20.00	0.10	oropo. O	31.00				

#### ASTRONOMICAL CONSTANTS.

ASTRONOMICAL CONSTANTS.

Mean solar parallax, 8".80. Nutation constant, 9".21.

Aberration constant, 20".47. Annual precession, 50".2564+0".000222 (t—1900).

Obliquity of the ecliptic, 23° 27' 8".26—0".4684 (t—1900).

Annual diminution of obliquity, 0".4684.

Moon's equatorial horizontal parallax, 57' 2".63.

Moon's mean distance from the earth (centre to centre), 238,862 mlles.

Sun's mean distance from the earth (centre to centre), 238,862 mlles.

Sun's mean distance from the earth (astronomical unit), 92,897,400 mlles.

Velocity of light, 186,324 mlles per second.

Light travels unit of distance—viz, 92,897,400 mlles in 498,580 seconds.

Length of the Year—Tropical (equinox to equinox), 365.2421988 days.

Sidereal or absolute revolution, 365.2563604 days.

Anomalistic (from perhelion to perhelion), 365.2596413 days.

Length of Day—Sidereal, 23 hours 56 minutes 4.091 seconds (mean solar time). Mean solar, 24 hours 3 minutes 56.555 seconds (sidereal time),

Length of the Month—Synodical (from new moon to new moon), 29 days 12 hours 44 minutes 2.8 seconds. Tropical, 27 days 7 hours 43 minutes 4.7 seconds. Sidereal (absolute revolution), 27 days 7 hours 43 minutes 11.5 econds. Anomalistic (from perigee to perigee), 27 days 13 hours 18 minutes 33.1 seconds.

Dimensions of the Earth—Equatorial radius, 3963.34 miles. Folar radius, 3949.99 miles. Eccentricity of the oblate spheroid, 0.081981

EARTHQUAKE AREAS OF THE EARTH.

From Major de Montessus de Balore's catalogue of 130,000 shocks, indicating with some scientific accuracy how the symptoms of seismic activity are manifested over the earth's surface. The period of observation includes generally the last fitty years; but there is no reason to suppose that a longer time would materially affect the proportionate numbers.

Arsa.	Earth- quakes.	AREA.	Earth- quakes.	AREA.	Earth- quakes.
Scandinavia British Isles France Spain and Portugal Switzerlaud Italy Holland and North Germany	1,139 2,793 2,656 3,895 27,672 2,326	Greece. Russia. Asia Minor. Iudia. Japan. Africa. Atlantic Islands. United States, Pacific Coast.	258 4,451 813 27,562 179 1,704	United States, Atlantic Coast Mexico Central America West Indies South America Java. Australia and Tasmania. New Zealand	937 5,586 2,739 2,561 8,081 2,155 83

The most shaken countries of the world are Italy, Japan, Greece, South America (the Pacific Coast), Java, Sicily, and Asia Minor. The lands most free from these convulsions are Africa, Australla, Russia, Siberia, Scandinavia, and Canada. As a rule, where earthquakes are most frequent they are most severe. But to this general statement there are exceptions—Indian shocks, though less numerous, being often very disastrous. Loss of life in many cases depends, however, on density of population rather than on the intensity of the earth movement. Numerically, also, France has registered more seismic tremors than Spain and Portugal, but France in historic times has experienced no earthquake disaster approaching the havoc wrought by the one calamity at Lisbon.

HUMIDITY.

MEAN RELATIVE HUMIDITY. IN PERCENTAGES.

From a table prepared by the United States Weather Bureau, showing the monthly and annual values of relative humidity at regular Weather Bureau stations in the United States, based upon observations made at 8 a.m. and 8 p.m. respectively, 75th meridian time and covering a period of about 14 years of record.

STATIONS.	Jan.	l'eb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Ann'i
Abilene Tex	69	68	50	60		63	59	61		64	66		64
Abilene, Tex.	80	79	59 77	69	66 71	79	72	72	27	70	00	84	76
Atlanta, Ga.	76	73	70	64	64	72 71	76	76 78	74	79 70	81 73	67 81 76	76 72
Atlantic City, N. J	81	79	80	79	83	83	84	84	82	80	80	80	81
Albany, N. Y. Atlanta, Ga. Atlanta, Ga. Atlanta, Gr. Baker, Ore Baltimore, Md. Bismarck, N. Dak Block Island, R. I. Boston, Mass Buffalo, N. Y. Carson City, Ney	75	79	66	57	58	55	44	45	66 77 74 82 52 74	60	70	80 75 71 74 75 71 76	61
Baltimore, Md	72	70	67	62 67	58 67	69	70	45 71	74	71	70 72 76	71	70
Bismarck, N. Dak	74	74	73	67	64	69	65	64	65	71 72	76	74	ŻŎ
Block Island, R. I	76	76 71 78	79	81	86	87	65 87	87	83	80 75 72 53	78	7.5	
Boston, Mass	72 78	71	68	66	71 71	87 72 72	71	75 71	83 77 73	75	78 75 74	71	81 72
Buffalo, N. Y	78	78	75	69	71	72	71	71	73	72	74	76	73
Carson City, Nev	64	58 77 70 72	51	43	45	40	: 36	38	1 44	53	58 78	68	50
Charleston, S. C	77 72	77	77	74 62	75	79 72 74	80	81	81 76 76	78	78	i 78 i	78
Charlotte, N. C	72	70	69	62	66	72	75 75	78	76	71	71 72	72 75 52	71
Chattanooga, Tenn	76	72	69	64	69	74	75	77	76	74	72	75	73
Cheyenne, Wyo	76 52	59	56 77 70 75	55 72 62	58 71	58 73	51	78 77 52	46	71 74 50	54 77 73 75	52	54
Chicago, Ill	82 77	81	77	72	71	73	70	71	70	72	77	80	75
Cincinnati, Ohio	77	74	70	62	64	65	65	67	68	69	73	75 75	69
Cleveland, Ohlo	78	81 74 77	75	70	64 71 52	65 71	68	70	68 73	72	75	75	73
Denver, Col	53	1 33 1	51 72 76	48	52	1 48	4.9	44	44	46	47 72 79	50	49
Des Moines, Iowa	7 ₹ 83	76 81 72	72	66	66	70 70 63 72	67 67 62	70	71 73	69	72	78	71
Detroit, Mich	83	81	76	70	70	70	67	70 62	73	75	79	81	74 67
Douge City, Kan	72	72	64	61	64	63	62	62	63	64	66	69	67
Duluth, Minn.	80	78 73	75 74	73 73 24	69	72	71	74	74	76	79	80	75
El Dans (Text	73	73	74	73	79 23	82	83	84	82 47	79	77	74	78
Fort Crost by Andre	47	40	30	24	23	28 73	45	46	47	45	44	45	39
Buffalo, N. Y. Carson Clty. Nev Charleston S. C. Charlotte, N. C. Chattanoga, Tenn Cheyenne Wyo. Chicago, III. Cinclinati, Ohio Cleveland, Ohio Denver, Col Des Molnes, Iowa Detroit, Mich. Duluth, Minn. Eastport, Me Extra	73	71	67	66	72	73	71	72	73	71	71	70	71
	84	85 87	84	84	72 79 72 70	80	77	78	77	76	80	83	80
Hannihal Mo	87 75	77	81	71	72	73	70	74	76 72 81	77	80 72 82	84 77	78
Hattered N C	84	84	68 82	66	70	69	69	69	1 62	66	62	84	71
Helena Mont	68		62	18	83	84	84	84	81	81	82	84	83
Huron S Dak	80	66 79	74	52 65	54 62	52 67	44	42	50	56 69	62 73 72	66 77 75 82	56 70
Indianapolis Ind	78	76	74 71	64	66	86	65 63	66 65	64 67 83	68	73	75	69
Jacksonville Fla	80	79	76	73	74	79	80	81	85	81	82	65	79
Kansas City, Mo.	75	76	79	67	74 68	70	68	70	69	66	69	75	70
Key West, Fla	81	79	76	72	74	76	7.4		70	70	70	66	
Knoxville, Tenn.	76	72	72 76 70	67 73 64	74 70	70 76 74	74 77	75	78 77	78 75	79 74	80	77 74
Lexington, Ky	76	73	70	64	67	70	71	79	69	66	72	73	70
Little Rock, Ark	77	72	70	64 67 73	71	74	74	79 72 75		66 72	72	74	73
Los Angeles, Cal.	67	72 69	70 72	73	76	75	76	76	73	75	66	63	73 72
Louisville, Ky	77 67 72	71	68	62	65	75 66	65	67	75 73 67	75 67	70	63 71	68
Grand Haven, Mich Hannibal, Mo. Hatteras, N. C. Helena, Mont. Huron, S. Dak. Indianapolis, Ind. Jacksonville, Fla. Kansas City, Mo. Key West, Fla. Knoxville, Tenn. Lexington, Ky. Little Rock, Ark. Los Angeles, Cal Louisville, Ky. Marquette, Mich. Memphis, Tenn. Milwaukce, Wis. Mobile, Ala.	84 74	84	80	76	65 73	73	65 72	67 77	78	80	82	84	79
Memphis, Tenn	74	72 78	70	66	68	73	74	75	73	70	72 ′ 77	74	72
Milwaukce, Wis	78	78	70 78	73	71	73	71	73	74	76	77	74 77	75
Mobile, Ala. Montgomery, Ala. Montgomery, Ala. Nashville, Tenn New Haven. Ct New Orleans, La. New York, N. Y Northfield, Vt. Oklahoma, Okla. Omaha. Neb.	83	83 I	81	73 78	71 79	73 73 79	82	73 84	74 81	78	82	84	81
Montgomery, Ala	75	74 73	71 1	66 l	65	70	76	79	74 72	71	73	76	72
Nashville, Tenn	75	73	68	64	66	69	70	72	72	69	72	75	71
New Haven, Ct	75 79	73	68 72 77	64 71 75	76 73	77 77 72 75 72 67	70 78	79	81 77	78	72	75 75	76
New Orleans, La	79	80	77	75	73	77	78	79	77	7.4 74	79	7.9	77
New York, N. Y.	75	74	71 76	68 I	72 72 72	72	74	75	76	74	75	74	73
Northneld, Vt	79	76 72	76	70 65	72	75	77	83	84	82	80 70 70 77 78 72	79 74	78
Okianoma, Okia	74	72 1	68	65	72	72	69	67	68	66	70	74	70
Omana, Neb	76	75	72	64	64	67	66	69	67	65	70	76	69
Darkorshung W Vo	83	82 80	77 78	71	73 70 68	73 73 68	73 72 70	74	74	74	77	80	76
Philadelphia Do	81 73	80	78	69	70	73	72	76 72 57	77 74	76 72	78	79 71	76
Pierre & Dob	43	72	68	63	68	68	70	72	74	72	72	71	70
Pittsburgh, Pa.	74 79	73	71 75 72 74 71	62	58 69	60	56	57	57 71	63	70	75 76	65
Portland, Me	75	77	72	69	76	70 76	68 76	69	81	69 79	75 77 85	75	72 75
Portland, Ore	85	81	74	70	69	69	64	80 67	8Î 72	80	85	75 87	76
Raleigh, N. C.	73	73	71	67	71	73	77	80	78	75	75	73	74
Rapid City, S. Dak	68	73 71	68	58	56	73 57 76	51	51	53	56	64	66	60
Richmond, Va	82 1	78	81	75	77	76	79	84	82	86	82	81	80
Rochester, N. Y	79	79	76	67 58 75 67	69	67	67	71	51 82 75	76	82 77	78	73
St. Louis, Mo	74	74	71.	65	68	68	66	68	69	66	70	74	70
St. Paul, Minn	80 1	80 l	71. 75 59	66	63	68	66	70	70	71	70 75 62	80 I	72
Salt Lake City, Utah	74 71	80 70	59	49 74	63 47	38	35	36	39	71 52 77	62	72	63
San Diego, Cal	71	72	74	74	77	78	80	80	78	77	70	68	75
San Francisco, Cal	80	78 55 77	78	78 I	79	80	84	86	81	79	77	80	80
Sante Fe, N. M	55	55	43	35	36	31	47	47	46	47	48	55	45
Savannah, Ga	77		75	73	74 73	79	81	84 76	84	80	79	79	78
Shreveport, La	75	71	68	69	73	76	75	76	74	72	74	73	73
Spokane, Wash	84	77 76	68	58	56	52	67	44	54	66	74 80	84	64
Springheld, Ill.	77	76	68 73 71 79	66	69	70 1	67	69 73	71 72	69	74 72	76 h	71 73
Springheid, Mo	77	76	71	66	71	75	73 82	73	72	70	72	76	
Tampa, Fla.	81	81	79	74	75	81	82	83 (	85 1	81	81	83	80
Vielahung Miles	82	80	76 67	69	69	70	67	70 81	72 76	73	78	80	74
Wolle Wells West	74	72	67	69	71	76 1	79	81	76	71	72	72	74
Washington D. C.	86	79	71	61	58	53	42	42	56	73 71 68	76	85	65
William N. Dok	73	71	68 77 78	63	71	73	74 59	77 57	78	76 70 81	78 72 76 72 77 79	85 72 79 79	72
Wilmington N. Oak	80	80	77	63	58 79	64	59	57	61 83	70	77	79	69
Vuma Aria	78	79	78	76	79	81	83	84	83	81	79	79	80
Northfield, Vt. Oklahoma, Okla. Omaha, Neb. Oswego, N. Y Parkersburg, W. Va Parkersburg, W. Va Philadelphia, Pa. Pierre, S. Dak. Pittsburgh, Pa Portland, Me Portland, Ore Raleigh, N. C. Rapid City, S. Dak. Richmond, Va Rochester, N. Y. St. Louis, Mo. St. Paul, Minn Salt Lake City, Utah San Diego, Cal. San Francisco, Cal. Sante Fé, N. M. Savannah, Ga. Shreveport, La. Spokane, Wash Springfield, Ili Springfield, Mo Tampa, Fia. Toledo, Ohlo. Vicksburg, Miss. Walla Walla, Wash Washington, D. C. Williston, N. Dak. Wilmington, N. C. Yuma, Ariz.	40 )	42	41	35	36	35	4.3	47	44	44	42	45	42

## THE CEOLOGICAL STRATA.

The strata composing the earth's crust is divided by most geologists into two great classes: 1. Those generally attributed to the agency of water. 2. To the action of fire; which may be subdivided as follows: (a) Aqueous formations, stratified, rarely crystalline (sedimentary or fossiliferous rocks; metamorphic or unfossiliferous). (b) Igneous formations, unstratified, crystalline (volcanic, as basalt; plutonic, as granite).

The geological record is classified into five main divisions or periods: 1. The Archæan, lifeless and dawn of life. 2. The Palæozoic (ancient life). 3. The Mesozoic (middle life). 4. The Cenozoic (recent life). 5. Quaternary, the age in which man's first appearance is indicated.

I	Periods	I	Eras.		Series.	Subdivisions,			
Quater- nary Period.	Age of Primeval Man.	Quate Post	rnary or Tertiary.		Recent, Champlain, Glacial,	Pleistocene.			
Cenozoic Period,	Age of Mammals.	Terti	ary Era,	3. 2.	Pliocene. Miocene. Oligocene. Eocene.	English Crag. Upper Molasse, Rupelian and Tongrian of Belgium.			
			aceous Era,	4. 3. 2.	Laramie. Colorado. Dakota. Lower.	Upper Chalk, Lower Chalk, Chalk Marl, Gault, Neocomian, Lower Greensand,			
Mesozoic Period.	Age of Reptiles.	Jurassic		2.	Purbeck. Oölite. Lias,	Wealden, Purbeck, Portland, Kimmerldge, Oxford Oölites, Lower or Bath Öölite, 1. Lower Lias, 2. Marlstone, 3. Upper Lias,			
		Trias.	7. Trias- sic,		Rhætic. Upper. Middle. Lower.	Kössen beds, Dachstein beds; Alpine Keuper. [Trias, in part. Muschelkaik Bunter-Sandstein.			
	Age of Coal Plants,		niferous Era.	2.	Permian. Carboniferous. Subcarboniferous.	2. Magnesian Limestone, or Rothli- 1. Lower Red Sandstone, or Rothli- 3. Upper Coal-Measures, [gendes, 2. Lower Coal-Measures, 1. Millstone Grit, Lower Carboniferous, Mountain Lime- stone,			
Palæozoic	Age of Fishes.	Devor	Devoniau Era,		Catskill and Chemung. Portage. Hamilton. Coniferous. Oriskany.	Catskill Red Sandstone. Chemung. Portage. Genesee Slate. Hamilton beds. Marcellus Shale. Upper Helderberg, Schoharie, Grit. Oriskany Sandstone.			
Period.	Age of	U Silı	pper irian.	2.	Lower Helderberg. Onondaga. Niagara.	Lower Helderberg. Onondaga Salt Group, Salina beds. Water Lime. 3. Niagara Group, Wenlock Group. 2. Clinton Group, 1. Medina Sandstone. } Llandovery.			
	Invertebrates,		Silurian.		Trenton. Chazy. Calciferous.	3. Hudson River beds, Cincinnati Group, Lower Llandovery, 2. Utica Shales, 1. Trenton Limestone, Caradoc and Bala Limestone, Black River Limestone, Chazy Limestone, Calciferous Sandrock, Magnesian Stone,			
		,	Can	abr	rian.	Lower, Middle, and Upper Cambrian.			
Arc	chæan Périod. ,	,			(dawn of life). (llfeless).	1. Laurentian. Huronian.			

#### MACNETIC DECLINATIONS.

OB VARIATION OF COMPASS FOR JANUARY, 1917 - WITH THE ANNUAL CHANGE BETWEEN 1910 AND 1915 FOR THE PRINCIPAL PLACES IN THE UNITED STATES,

A plus (+) sign to the annual change denotes that the declination is increasing, and a minus (-) sign the reverse.

(Specially prepared for The World Almanac in the Office of the United States Coast and Geodetic Survey.)

STATE OR TERRI- TORY.	S		A A A IA		STATE OR TERRI- TORY.	Station.	Approximate Latitude.	Approximate Longitude.		Annual Change.	
Ala	Mobile	32 22 30 42	86 18 88 03	2 51 E 4 51 E	+1 +1	Мо	St. Louis	38 35 38 38	92 09 90 16	7 47 E 5 07 E	+1
Alaska .	Huntsville. Sitka. Kodlak.	57 48	86 35 135 20 152 24 162 01	30 25 E	$^{0}_{-2}$	Nob	Helena	40 40	$94   38 \\ 112   02 \\ 96   42 \\ 95   58$	9 24 E 20 18 E 10 02 E 9 52 E	+2 +3 +2 +3 +3
Ariz	St. Michael Dutch Harbor. Kiska Prescott. Yuma	53 53	166 32 182 28 112 30 114 37	16 36 E 7 07 E 14 49 E 14 55 E	-4 -4 -5 +3 +4	N. H	Concord	43 12 40 13	119 46 115 58 71 29 74 44	17 47 E 17 47 E 14 17W 9 09W	+6
Ark Cal	San Francisco	31 20 34 44 38 34 37 48 34 04	92 16 121 30 122 25 118 15	17 27 E 18 12 E 15 58 E	+4 +2 +3 +3 +3	N. Y	Albany New York Ithaca Buffalo	42 40 40 43 42 27 42 55	74 00	13 31 E 12 15W 10 05W 8 22W 7 08W	+3 +6 +5 +5 +4
Col Conn	Denver	39 45 41 46 41 18	117 12 105 00 72 40 72 55 75 31	11 50W 11 19W	+3 +3 +6 +6 +5	N. Dak.	Wilmington Bismarck Pemblna Columbus	34 13 46 48 48 58 40 00	97 14 83 00	2 46W 15 13 E 11 19 E 1 29W	+3 +3 +2 +1 +3
Dist. of Col., Florida.	Taliahassee	38 53 30 20 30 20 24 33	77 00 84 17 81 39 81 48	5 55W 2 20 E 0 57 E 2 30 E 1 35 E	+4 0 -1 0	Okia	Cincinnati Atoka Guthrie Portland	55 53 15 31	122 41	0 59 E 8 50 E 10 03 E	+3 +2 +2 +3 +3
lilinois.	Springfield	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	81 48 84 22 81 05 16 12 89 39 87 37	0 18 E	$   \begin{bmatrix}     -1 \\     -2 \\     +3 \\     0 \\     -1   \end{bmatrix} $	R. L	Philadelphia Allegheny Providence	10 16 39 58 10 29 11 50 34 00	76 53 75 10 80 01 71 24 81 02	8 42W 4 45W 13 18W	+5 +5 +4 +6 +2
Indiana Iowa	Fort Wayne Des Molnes	41 36	86 08 85 03 93 36	8 04 E	$\begin{array}{c c} -1 \\ +2 \\ +1 \end{array}$	S. Dak.	Charleston Pierre	32 47 14 22 12 53	79 56 00 22 97 25	1 15W   13 09 E   11 20 E	$^{+2}_{+2}$
Kansas.	Keokuk Topeka Ness City Lexington	39 02	91 23 95 43 99 54	1 43 E	$^{+2}_{+2}$	Tenn	Nashville	6 09 5 58 5 08	86 48 83 55 90 03	5 36 El-	0 +1 +1
	Louisville	37 05 38 15	84 30 88 37 85 46	0 10 E	-1 0 -1	Tex	Austin	0 17 9 27 9 47	97 44 98 28 95 20	8 58 E - 9 34 E - 8 27 E -	+3 +3 +3
La	New Orleans	30 27 30 00 32 30	91 11 90 05 93 45 68 48 1	6 16 E 5 47 E 7 32 E	+2 +2 +2	Utah	Salveston	0 46 1	94 47 06 29 1 11 54 1	8 06 E - 2 49 E - 7 24 E -	+3 +4 +3
Maine	Portland	43 39 44 54	66 59 2	0 43W	+6 +6 +6	Vt	Ogden	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	8 13 E - 5 22W - 3 54W -	+3 +6 +6
Md Mass	Baltimore	38 59 39 16 42 22	76 29 76 35 71 04 1	6 47W	$\begin{array}{c c} +4 \\ +4 \\ +6 \end{array}$	1	Richmond 3 Norfolk 3 Lynchburg 3	6 52	76 17 79 09	5 26W -	+4 +4 +3
Mlch	Lansing	42 27 42 44 42 21	84 32	0 45W	+6 +2 +3	W. Va.	Diympia4 Waila Walla4 Charleston3	6 04 1 8 21	22 54 2 18 21 2 81 38	3 32 E	+3 +3 +3
	Marquette St. Paui Duiuth Jackson	44 58 46 46 32 19	87 22 93 05 92 04 90 12	1 49 E - 8 42 E 8 34 E - 6 21 E	$\begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ 0 \\ -1 \\ +2 \end{bmatrix}$	Wis	Wheeling4 Madison4 Milwaukee4 La Crosse4	0 03 3 04 3 04 3 50	80 44 89 25 87 53 91 14	2 05W - 4 35 E - 3 02 E - 5 24 E	∔3 1 1 0
	Oxford	34 22	89 33	5 43 E	+1	Wyo	Cheyenne4	1 08 1	04 49 1	5 22 E	+3

## EXTREME VALUES.

Maine N. E. Corner  22 10W +6   Alaska N. E. Corner	40 30 E -1
DEPENDENCIES.	
Cuba   Havana   (23 08 82 22 3 04 E)   0   ( Haw'n   Honolulu   21 18	157 52:10 55 E: +2
Santiago 20 00 75 50 0 53 E -3   Islands. Hilo 19 44	155 05 9 13 E +2
Cuba     Havana     23 08 82 22 3 04 E 3 15 15 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16	120 58 0 53 12 0

## LATITUDE AND LONGITUDE TABLE.

(LONGITUDE RECKONED FROM GREENWICH.) Specially prepared for THE WORLD ALMANAC.

Acapulco, Mex	Specially	prepared for 7	THE WORLD AL
0	1 11	H M. S.	
Acapuico, Mex10	50 56 N.	6 39 41. 8 W. 914 20. 3 E. 2 59 55. 8 E. 4 55 6. 8 W. 0 12 11. 4 E. 5 20 2. 9 W. 1 59 26. 7 E. 4 50 4. 7 W. 5 34 55. 2 W.	Madison, Wis. *. Madras, India* Madrid, Spain*. Manila Li
Aden Arabia	46 40 N	2 59 55 8 E	Madrid, Spain*.
Albany, N. Y. *	39 13 N.	4 55 6,8 W.	Manija, Li
Algiers*	4750 N.	0 12 11.4 E.	Manija, Li Marseilles* Melbourne, Vic. Mexico (city)*
Allegheny, Pa 40	27 42 N.	5 20 2.9 W. I	Melbourne, Vic.
Ambaret Mass * 49	99 17 N	4 50 4 7 W	Monrovia Liber
Ann Arbor, Mich. *42	16 48 N.	5 34 55. 2 W.	Monrovia, Libe Montreal, Que. Moscow*
Annapolis, Md. *38	5854 N.	5 5 56.5 W.	Moscow*
Antipodes Island 49	42 0 S.	11 54 52.3 E	Mount Hamuto
Apia, Samoa	48 56 S.	11 54 52.3 E 11 26 59.7 E. 2 42 14.0 E. 0 26 35.4 W.	Munich*
Armorb Troland* 54	21 13 N	2 42 14.0 E. 0 26 35, 4 W.	Nain, Labrador
Aspinwali, S. A. Lt 9	22 9 N.	5 19 39 0 W.	Naples* Nashville, Ten
Astoria, Ore 46	11 19 N.	5 19 39 0 W. 8 15 18.8 W. 1 34 54 9 E.	Nassau, Baham
Athens, Greece*37	58 21 N.	1 34 54 9 E. 11 32 49 6 E.	Nassau, Baham Natal, S. Africa New Haven, Ct New Orleans (A
Rabia Brazil 19	0.27 S		New Haven, Ct
Baltimore, Md 39	17 48 N.	5 6 26.0 W.	New York (Col.
Batavia, Java 6	7 40 S.	7 713.7 E.	New York (Col. Nice, France* Norfolk, Va. (N. North Cape Northfield, Min
Belize, Honduras17	29 20 N.	5 52 46.7 W.	Norfolk, Va. (Na
Belle 18le, Lt	30 17 N	0.53 34 9 F	North Cape
Bermuda, Dock Yard., 82	19 24 N.	4 19 18.3 W	Odessa, Russia
Bombay*18	53 45 N.	4 51 15.7 E.	Ogden, Utah*
Bonn, Germany*50	43 45 N.	0 28 23.3 E.	Odessa, Russia* Ogden, Utah* Oxford, Eng. (U
Bordeaux, France44	21 28 N	2 34 8 4 W. 5 6 26 0 W. 7 7 13.7 E. 5 52 46.7 W. 0 53 34.9 E. 4 19 18.3 W. 0 28 23.3 E. 0 2 5.3 W.	
Bridgetown, Barbadoes, 13	5 42 N.	3 58 29.3 W.	Para, Brazil . Paris, France*
Brussels, Belgium* 50	51 10 N.	0 17 28 6 E.	Pensacola, Fla. Pernambuco, B
Buenos Ayres34	36 30 S.	3 53 28 9 W.	Pernambuco, B
Called Port It	38 25 N.	5 53 20 7 E. 5 9 3 0 W.	Petrograd*,
Cambridge, Eng. *52	12 52 N.	0 0 22 7 E.	Port au Prince, Philadelphia, P
Cambridge, Mass. * 42	22 48 N.	0 25 25.4 W. 4 44 15.3 W. 3 58 29.3 W. 3 53 28 9 W. 5 53 20 7 E. 5 3 20 7 E. 0 0 22 7 E. 4 44 31 W. 7 33 46 3 E.	Point Barrowt
Canton, China23	6 35 N.	7 33 46 3 E 4 40 14 6 W. 5 2 5.0 W.	Portland, Me
C Hatters N C Lt 35	15 14 N	4 40 14.6 W.	Port Louis, Ma
Cape Henry, Va., Lt36	55 29 N.	5 4 9 0 30	Port Spain, Tri
Cape Horn 55	58 41 S.	429 50 W.	Port Louis, Ma Port Said, Egy Port Spain, Tri P. Stanley, Falk
Cape May, N. J., Lt38	100 06 N.	4 59 50. 7 W	Princeton N I
Cape Prince of Wales 65	33 30 N.	11 11 56.8 W.	Princeton, N. J. Providence, R.
Charleston, S. C., Lt., 32	41 44 N.	11 11 56.8 W. 5 19 32 0 W. 4 12 27.5 W. 0 6 32 5 W. 0 6 32 5 W. 5 50 26 7 W. 5 37 41.3 W. 5 137.4 W. 5 19 21 9 E. 1 56 3 7 1E. 0 50 18.8 E. 3 52 46.0 W. 6 59 47 6 W. 0 25 21.1 W.	Quebec, Que. * Richmond, Va. Rio de Janeiro*
Charlottetown, P. E. I46	13 55 N.	4 12 27.5 W.	Richmond, Va.
Chicago III * 41	50 1 N	550 26 7 W	Rochester N V
Christiania, Nor. *59	54 44 N.	0 42 53 8 E.	Rochester, N. Y Rome, Italy*
Cincinnati, O. * 39	819 N.	5 37 41.3 W.	Salgon, Cochin- San Diego, Cal Sandy Hook, N San Francisco, G
Clinton, N. Y.* 43	3 17 N.	5 1 37.4 W.	San Diego, Cal
Constantinople41	030 N.	1 56 3 7 E.	San Francisco.
Copenhagen*55	41 13 N.	0 50 18.8 E.	San Juan de Por Santiago de Cut Savannah, Ga
Demerara(Geo'townLt) 6 Denver, Col. *	3 49 20 N. 3 40 36 N.	3 52 46.0 W.	Santiago de Cub
Dublin Ireland* 59	3 23 13 N.	0 25 21.1 W.	Seattle, Wash
Edinburgh*	57 23 N.	0 25 21.1 W. 0 12 43.1 W. 8 13 47.1 W. 4 33 49.2 W.	Shanghai Chin
Esquimault, B. C., Lt. 48	325 40 N.	8 13 47.1 W.	Singapore
Father Point, Que., Lt 48	31 25 N. 332 9 N.	4 33 49. 2 W.	St. Helena Isla
Fayal, Azores 38 Fernandina, Fla. 36 Florence, Italy* 45	332 9 N. 340 18 N.	154 16.0 W. 5 25 51.1 W 0 45 1 5 E. 1 7 35.6 W.	Singapore St. Helena Isla St. John's, New St. Louis, Mo. *.
Florence, Italy*48	46 4 N.	045 15E.	
Funchal, Madeira32	38 4 N.	1 7 35.6 W.	Suakim, E. Afri
Ganera Switzerland* 46	18 17 N. 3 11 59 N.	6 19 9.7 W. 0 24 36.8 E. 0 17 10.6 W. 0 21 23 3 W. 0 0 0.0 —	Suakim, E. Afri Sydney, N. S. V Tokio, Japan* Tunis (Goletta
Glasgow, Scotland*55	52 43 N.	0 24 36.8 E. 0 17 10.6 W.	Tunis (Goletta
Gibraitar36	630 N.	0 21 23 3 W.	
Greenwich, Eng. *51	28 38 N.	0 0 0.0 -	Valparaiso, Chi
Hamburg Ger * 55	39 38 N. 333 7 N.	4 14 21.1 W. 0 39 53.8 E. 4 49 7.9 W.	Valparaiso, Chi Venice, Italy*. Vera Cruz. Mex Victoria, B. C., J Vienna, Austria
Hanover, N. H. *43	3 42 15 N.	4 49 7.9 W.	Victoria, B. C.
Havana, Cuba2	9 21 N.		Vlenna, Austria
Hobart Town, Tas4	2 53 25 S.	9 49 20.5 E.	
Honolulu (Reef Lt.) 21	2 53 25 S. 2 18 12 N. 1 17 55 N.	1031 28 0 W	Washington, D. Wellington, N. Y. West Point, N. Y. Williamstown
Key West, Fla., Lt2	132 58 N.	5 27 12.3 W.	West Point, N. Y
Kingston, Jamaica17	75741 N.	5, 710.7 W.	
Lisnon, Portugal*38	3 42 31 N. 3 24 5 N.	9 49 20.5 E. 7 36 41.9 E. 10 31 28.0 W. 5 27 12.3 W. 5 7 10.7 W. 0 36 44.7 W. 0 12 17.3 W.	Yokohama.Jap Zanzibar (E. Co
Fernander, taly ** Forence, Italy ** Funchal, Madelra ** Galveston, fex ** Geneva, Switzerland ** Glasgow, Scotland ** Gforenwich, Eng. ** Hamburg, Ger. ** Hamburg, Ger. ** Hanover, N. H. ** Havana, Cuba ** Hoogk ong China ** Hoogk ong China ** Hongk ong China ** Hongk ong China ** Lishon, Fortugal ** Lishon, Fortugal ** Sobservatories.	Lt den	otes a lighthous	
Observantes.	Lat. GCH	oron a right hous	i i i i gnes

RE WORLD ALMANAC.	
0 1 11	H. M. S.
Madison, Wis.* 43 4 437 N. Madras, India* 13 4 8 N. Madrid, Spain* 40 24 30 N. Manlia, Lt. 14 35 25 N. Marseilles* 43 18 18 N. Melbourne, Vic.* 37 49 53 S. Mexico (city)* 19 26 2 N. Monrovia, Liberia. 61 9 5 N. Montreal, Que.* 45 30 17 N. Moscow* 55 45 20 N. Mount Hamilton, Cal.* 37 20 24 N. Munich*. 48 8 45 N. Mullabrador. 66 32 51 N.	5,57 37.8 W.
Madras, İndia* 13 4 8 N.	5 20 59.4 E.
Madrid, Spain*40 24 30 N.	0 14 45, 4 W.
Manila, Li 14 35 25 N.	0 14 45, 4 W. 8 3 50, 0 E. 0 21 34, 6 E. 9 39 54, 1 E. 6 36 26, 7 W. 0 43 15, 7 W.
Marseilles* 43 18 18 N.	0 21 34.6 E.
Melbourne, Vic. * 37 49 53 S.	9 39 54. I E.
Mexico (city)* 19 26 2 N.	6 36 26, 7 W.
Monrovia, Liberia 6 19 5 N.	0 43 15.7 W. 4 54 18.7 W. 2 30 17.2 E. 8 6 34.1 W. 0 46 26.1 E.
Montreal, Que. * 45 30 17 N.	4 54 18. 7 W. 2 30 17.2 E. 8 6 34.1 W. 0 46 26.1 E.
Moscow*55 45 20 N.	2 30 17.2 E.
Munich*	8 634,1 W,
Munich*	0 46 26.1 E.
Nain, Labrador 56 32 51 N.	0 46 26.1 E. 4 6 42.7 W. 0 57 1.8 E. 5 47 12.0 W. 5 9 27.8 W. 2 4 1.2 E. 4 51 42.1 W.
Naples* 40 51 46 N.	057 1.8 E
Nashville, Tenn.*36 8 54 N. Nassau, Bahamas25 5 37 N. Natal, S. Africa*29 50 47 S.	5 47 12.0 W. 5 9 27.8 W. 2 4 1.2 E. 4 51 42.1 W. 6 0 13 9 W. 4 55 53.6 W. 0 29 12.2 E. 5 5 11.0 W. 1 42 40.0 E. 6 12 35.8 W.
Natal. S. Africa* 29 50 47 S.	0 4 1 0 F
New Haven Ct. * 41 18 36 N.	4 51 40 1 17
New Orleans (Mint) 29 57 46 N.	6 0 13 9 W.
New York (Col. Univ.)* 40 45 23 N.	4 55 53.6 W.
Nice. France*	0 29 12, 2 E.
Norfolk, Va. (NavyYd) 36 49 33 N.	5 511 0 10
North Cape 71 11 0 N.	5 511.0 W. 14240.0 E.
Northfold Minn * 44 97 49 N	1 42 40.0 E. 6 12 35.8 W.
Odessa, Russia* 46 28 37 N.	61235.8 W. 2 3 2.2 E. 72759.6 W. 0 5 0.4 W. 518 8.8 W.
Orden Uteh* 41 12 8 N	2 3 2 2 E. 7 27 59.6 W. 0 5 0.4 W. 5 18 8.8 W. 3 14 0.0 W.
Ogden, Utah*	0 5 0.4 W.
Panama 857 6 N.	518 8.8 W.
Para, Brazil 1 26 59 S.	314 0.0 W.
Paris France* 48 50 12 N	0 9 20 9 E.
Northfield, Minn.* 44 27 42 N. Odessa, Russia* 46 28 37 N. Ogden, Utah* 41 13 8 N. Oxford, Eng. (Univ.)* 51 45 34 N. Panama 857 6 N. Para, Brazil 126 59 S. Paris, France* 48 50 12 N. Pernambuco, Brazil, Lt 30 20 47 N. Pernambuco, Brazil, Lt 8 3 22 S. Petrograd*, 59 56 30 N.	5 49 14.1 W.
Pernambuco Brazil Lt 8 3 22 8	21927 8 W
Petrograd* 59 56 30 N	2 19 27.8 W. 2 1 13.5 E. 4 49 28.0 W.
Port an Prince Hayti 18 33 54 N	4 49 28.0 W.
Philadelphia Pa * 39 57 7 N	5 038.5 W.
Point Barrowt 71 27 0 N	10 25 0 0 W
Portland Me 43 39 28 N.	441 1.2 W
Port Louis Mauritius 20 846 S	3 49 57. 7 E.
Petrograd*, 59 56 30 N. Port au Prince, Hayti 18 33 54 N. Port au Prince, Hayti 18 33 54 N. Point Barrowf 71 27 0 N. Portland, Me 43 39 28 N. Port Louis, Mauritius 20 8 46 S. Port Said, Egypt, Lt. 31 15 45 N. Port Spain, Trinidad 10 38 39 N. P. Stanley, Falkland 18 51 41 10 S. Prasue, Bohemia* 50 5 19 N.	5 038.5 W. 1025 0.0 W. 441 1.2 W. 34957.7 E. 2 915.5 E.
Port Spain, Trinidad 10 38 39 N.	4 6 2.5 W. 3 51 26.0 W.
P. Stanley, Falkland Is, 51 41 10 S.	351 26.0 W.
Prague, Bohemia* 50 519 N.	057 40.3 E. 458 37.5 W. 445 37.5 W. 444 52.6 W.
Princeton, N. J. * 40 20 58 N.	4 58 37.5 W. 4 45 37.5 W.
Providence, R. I 41 49 46 N.	4 45 37.5 W.
Quebec, Que. *	4 44 52, 6 W.
Richmond, Va 37 32 16 N.	5 9 44.0 W. 2 52 41.4 W.
Rio de Janeiro*	2 52 41, 4 W.
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Rome, Italy* 41 53 54 N.	0 49 55 6 E.
Salgon, Cochin-China* 10 46 47 N.	7 648 7 E
San Diego, Cal 32 43 6 N.	7 48 38, 7 W.
Sandy Hook, N. J., Lt. 40 27 40 N.	456 06W
San Francisco, Cal. * 37 47 28 N.	8 9 42.8 W. 4 24 29 8 W.
San Juan de Porto Rico, 18 28 56 N.	4 24 29 8 W.
Santiago de Cuba 20 016 N.	5 3 22.0 W. 5 24 21.7 W.
Savannah, Ga 32 452 N.	
	5 24 21.7 W.
Beautie, wash	5 24 21.7 W. 8 9 19.9 W.
Shanghai, China	5 24 21.7 W. 8 9 19.9 W. 8 5 55.7 E.
Shanghai, China	5 24 21.7 W. 8 9 19.9 W. 8 5 55.7 E. 6 55 25.0 E.
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Shanghal, China	3 30 43 6 W.
Shanghai, China	3 30 43 6 W. 6 0 49 1 W.
Shanghal, China	0 22 52 0 W. 3 30 43 6 W. 6 0 49 1 W. 1 12 14,0 E.
Shanghal, China	3 30 43 6 W 6 0 49 1 W 1 12 14.0 E
Shanghal, China	3 30 43 6 W. 6 0 49 1 W. 1 12 14.0 E. 2 29 16 6 E. 10 4 49 5 E.
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Shanghal, China	330 43 6 W. 6 0 49 1 W. 1 12 14.0 E. 2 29 16 6 E. 10 4 49 5 E. 9 18 58.0 E.
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Seatch, W. S. Seatch, W. S. Seatch, W. S. Seatch, W. S.	0 22 52 0 W. 3 30 43 6 W. 6 0 49 1 W. 1 12 14.0 E. 2 29 16 6 E. 10 4 49 5 E. 9 18 58.0 E. 0 41 14.5 E.
Seader, W. S. Seader, W. S. Seader, W. S. Seader, W. S. S. Seader, S. Seade	0 22 52 0 W. 3 30 43 6 W. 6 0 49 1 W. 1 12 14 0 E. 2 29 16 6 E. 10 4 49 5 E. 9 18 58 0 E. 0 41 14 5 E. 0 20 31.7 E. 4 46 34.8 W. 0 49 22 1 E.
Seate, W. S. Seate, W. S. Seate, W. S. Seate, W. S.	0 22 52 0 W. 3 30 43 6 W. 6 0 49 1 W. 1 12 14 0 E. 2 29 16 6 E. 10 4 49 5 E. 9 18 58 0 E. 0 41 14 5 E. 0 20 31.7 E. 4 46 34.8 W. 0 49 22 1 E.
Seader, W. 194 24 24 25 25 25 10 N. Vertac Tuly " 19 22 26 N. Vertach, N. L. 19 12 29 N. Vertach, N. L. 19 12 29 N. Vertach, N. L. 19 12 29 N. Vertach, R. C., Lt. 19 12 29 N.	0 22 52 0 W 6 0 49 1 W 1 12 14.0 E 10 4 49 5 E 9 18 58.0 E 0 41 14.5 E 0 20 31.7 E 4 46 34.8 W 0 49 22.1 E 6 24 31.8 W 8 13 33.8 W
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Seader, W. S. Seader, W. S. Seader, W. S. Seader, W. S. S. S. Seader, S. S. Seader, S. S. S. Seader, S. S. S. Seader, S.	0 22 52 0 W 6 0 49 1 W 1 12 14 0 E 2 29 16 6 E 10 4 49 5 E 9 18 58 0 E 0 41 14 5 E 0 40 34 18 W 4 63 48 W 1 6 22 1 E 6 24 31.8 W 1 5 21.5 E 1 24 7 E
Seatch, Washington, 2016 34 N. Shanghai, China	0 22 52 0 W 6 0 49 1 W 1 12 14 0 E 2 29 16 6 E 10 4 49 5 E 0 41 14 5 E 0 41 14 5 E 0 40 11 7 E 4 46 34 8 W 6 24 31 8 W 8 13 33 8 W 1 5 21 5 E 1 24 7 4 E 8 17 8 W
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Seatch, W. S. Seatch, W. S. Seatch, W. S. Seatch, W. S. S. S. S. John's, Newfo'land 47, 34 2 N. St. John's, Newfo'land 47, 34 2 N. St. Louis, Mo. 3838 4 N. Stockholm* . 3838 4 N. Stockholm* . 3838 4 N. Stockholm* . 3835 14 1 S. Tokio, Japan* . 35 39 17 N. Tunis (Goletta Lt. ) 36 48 36 N. Turis (Goletta Lt. ) 36 48 36 N. Valparaiso, Chile 33 1 53 S. Venice, Italy* . 45 26 10 N. Vera Cruz, Mex. Lt 19 12 29 N. Vletna, Austria* . 48 13 55 N. Vletna, Austria* . 48 13 55 N. Vletna, Austria* . 48 13 55 N. Wassaw, Poland* . 52 13 6 N. Wasshington, D. C. *	0 22 52 0 W 6 0 49 1 W 1 12 14 0 E 2 29 16 6 E 9 18 58 0 E 0 41 14.5 E 0 20 31.7 E 0 49 22 1 E 6 24 31.8 W 8 13 33.8 W 1 24 7.4 E 1 24 7.4 E 1 36 8 E
Seatch, Washing	0 22 52 0 W 6 0 49 1 W 1 12 14 0 E 2 29 16 6 E 9 18 58 0 E 0 41 14.5 E 0 20 31.7 E 0 49 22 1 E 6 24 31.8 W 8 13 33.8 W 1 24 7.4 E 1 24 7.4 E 1 36 8 E
Paris, France*         48 50 12 N.           Pensacola, Fla. Lt.         30 20 47 N.           Pensacola, Fla. Lt.         30 20 47 N.           Pernambuco, Brazil, Lt.         8 3 22 S.           Petrograd*         59 56 30 N.           Port au Prince, Hayti.         18 33 54 N.           Port au Prince, Hayti.         18 33 54 N.           Port au Prince, Hayti.         18 39 28 N.           Port Louis, Mauritius.         20 8 46 S.           Port Louis, Mauritius.         20 8 46 S.           Port Said, Egypt, Lt.         31 15 45 N.           Port Spain, Trinidad.         10 38 39 N.           Port Spain, Trinidad.         10 38 39 N.           Princeton, N. J.         40 20 58 N.           Providence, R. I.*         41 49 46 N.           Providence, R. I.*         44 49 46 N.           Providence, R. I.*         44 54 59 N.           Richmond, Va.         37 32 16 N.           Rio de Janeiro*         22 54 24 S.           Rochester, N. Y.*         43 9 17 N.           Salgot, Cochin-China*         10 46 47 N.           San Francisco, Cal.         32 43 6 N.           San Francisco, Cal.         32 45 54 N.           San Juan de Porto Rico, 18 28 56 N.           San Jua	0 22 52 0 W 6 0 49 1 W 1 12 14 0 E 2 29 16 6 E 10 4 49 5 E 9 18 58 0 E 0 40 11 7 E 4 46 34 8 W 0 49 22 1 E 6 24 31.8 W 1 5 21.5 E 1 24 7 4 E 5 8 15.7 W 11 39 6 5 E

## THERMOMETERS.

COMPARATIVE SCALES.

_			
Rean-	Centi-	Fahr-	
mur,	grade,	enheit,	
80°.	1000.	2120	WATER BOILS
			AT SEA-
EC.	95	009	
76		203	LEVEL.
72	90	194	
68	85	185	
63.1	78.9	174	
60	75	167	Alcohol Boils.
	43		Aiconol Boils.
56	70	158	
52	65	149	
48	60	140	
44	55	131	
42 2	52.8	127	m-11 >r-14-
		12/	Tallow Melts.
40	50	122	
36	45	113	
33, 8	42 2	108	
32	40	104	
29 3	36.7	98	Blood Heat.
			Blood Heat.
28	35	95	1
25, 8	32, 2	90	i
24	30	86	l
21.3	26.7	80	1
21.0	25.		
20		77	
16	20	68	ł
12.4	15.3	60	Temperate.
10, 2	12.8	55	
8	10	50	
9 0			
5.8	7. 2	45	
4	5	41	
1.3	1.7	35	ł
0	0.	32	WATER
-0.9	- ĭ.1	30	FREEZES.
			FREEZES.
- 4	- 5	23	l .
<b>- 5</b> , 3	-6.7	20	1
- 8	1-10	14	1
- 9.8	-12.2	10	
-12		ĬĎ	
	-15		Z T- b
-14.2		0	ZERO Fahr.
-16	-20	- 4	ł
-20	-25	-13	
-24	-30	-22	
$-28 \\ -28$	-35	-31	
-32	-40	-40	J

## RULES FOR FORETELLING THE WEATHER.

ADAPTED FOR USE WITH ANEROID BAROMETERS.

A RISING BAROMETER.

A RAPID rise indicates unsettled weather.

A gradual rise indicates settled weather.
A gradual rise indicates settled weather.
A rise with dry air and cold increasing in Summer indicates
wind from the northward; and if rain has fallen, better weather may be expected.

A rise with moist air and a low temperature indicates wind and rain from the northward.

A rise with southerly winds indicates fine weather.

A STEADY BAROMETER.

With dry air and seasonable temperature indicates a continuance of very fine weather.

#### A FALLING BAROMETER.

A rapid fall indicates stormy weather.

A rapid fall with westerly wind indicates stormy weather from the northward.

A fall with a northerly wind indicates storm, with rain and hall in Summer, and snow in Winter.

A fall with increased moisture in the air, and beat increasing,

indicates wind and rain from the southward.

A fall with dry air and cold increasing in Winter indicates snow.

A fall after very calm and warm weather indicates rain with squally weather.

The barometer rises for northerly winds, including from northwest by north to the eastward for dry, or less wet weather. (or less wind, or for more than one of these changes, except on a few occasions, when rain, hall, or snow comes from the northward with

strong wind.

The barometer falls for southerly wind, including from southeast by south to the westward, for wet weather, for stronger wind or for more than one of these changes, except on a few occasions, when moderate wind with rain or snow, comes from the north-

ward. The above printed rules are in use by the Seawanhaka Corin-thian Yacht Club of New York.

DURATION OF DIFFERENT KINDS OF WEATHER IN THE SEVERAL STORMS-VICINITY OF NEW YORK.

CRITICAL WINDS.	Clear Hours.	Hours.	Rain Homs.	Clearing Hours.
South to Southwest South to Southeast East to Northeast Southeast Southeast Southeast South to Northeast South to S	9	13.4	8.3 15.6	15.4
East to Northeast	1 20	1 14.0	1 91	20.0

## WEATHER WISDOM.

SUNSET COLORS.—A gray, lowering sunset, or one where the sky is green or yellowish-green, indicates rain. A red sunrise, with clouds lowering later in the morning, also indicates rain.

HALO (SUN DOGS).—By halo we mean the large circles, or parts of circles, about the sun or moon. A halo occurring after fine weather indicates a storm.

CORONA.—By this term we mean the small colored circles frequently seen around the sun or moon. A corona growing smaller indicates rain; growing larger, fair weather.

RAINBOWS.-A morning rainbow is regarded as a sign of rain; an evening rainbow of fair weather.

SKY COLOR.—A deep-blue color of the sky, even when seen through clouds, indicates fair weather; a growing whiteness, an approaching storm.

FOGS.-Fogs indicate settled weather. A morning fog usually breaks away before noon.

VISIBILITY.-Unusual clearness of the atmosphere, unusual brightness or twinkling of the stars, indicate rain.

FROST.-The first frost and last frost are usually preceded by a temperature very much above the mean.

## OBJECTS VISIBLE AT SEA-LEVEL IN CLEAR WEATHER.

The following table shows the distance at sea-level at which objects are visible at certain elevations.

ELEVATION-FEET.	Miles.	ELEVATION-FEET.	Miles.	ELEVATION-FERT.	Miles.
1	2.96 3.24 3.49 3.73 3.96 4.18 5.92	30	7.83 8.37 8.87 9.35 10.25	90	

## NORMAL TEMPERATURE AND RAINFALL.

TABLE SHOWING THE NORMAL TEMPERATURE FOR JANUARY AND JULY, AND THE NORMAL

- ANNUAL PRECIPITATION AT WEATHER BUREAU STATIONS IN EACH OF THE STATES AND
TERRITORIES, ALSO THE HIGHEST AND LOWEST TEMPERATURES EVER REPORTED FROM
EACH OF SAID STATIONS, TO JANUARY 1, 1916.
(Prepared in the office of the Chief of the Weather Bureau, U. S. Department of Agriculture, for
THE WORLD ALMANAC for 1917.)

Temperature	u.'		ТЕМ	PE	RAT	URE	n,	ø		TEA	1 P E	RAT	URE	n, hes).
Ala	TORIES		Mea	n			oitation ow (inc	TORIE		Mes	uı.			oitation w (inc
Ala	Terr	Stations.					Precip ted Sno	Ткинг	Stations.					Precip
Ala	ATES AND		January.	July.	Highest.	Lowest.	ean Annua un and Mel	ATES AND		January.	July.	Highest,	Lowest.	an Annua
Ain	- S	( Birmingham	45	80	104	-10	19.5	l	(Kalispell	20	_ 64	97		16.9
Fresho	Ala	Mobile	48	81	1071	1 5 22	$62.0 \\ 51.2 \\ 23.0$		Miles City   North Platte   Omaha	$\frac{14}{21}$	73 74 76	$\frac{111}{107}$		13.2 18.9 30.7
Fresho			55 3 38	91 81	$rac{120}{108}$	-10	41.3		Winnemucca	18 29 40	73 72 79	$106 \\ 104 \\ 102$	-38 -28 - 5	22.5 8.4
Cal.	Ark	Little Rock	41 45 54	51 52 70	106 115 109	-12	49.9		Hatteras   Wilmington	40	10	103	l D	51.0
Second   S	Cal	Red Bluff   Sacramento   San Diego	4516	010	112	19 25	$25.0 \\ 20.1 \\ 10.0$	N. H .	Williston   Concord   ( Atlantic City	$\frac{6}{21}$	$\frac{69}{69}$	$107 \\ 102 \\ 99$	-49 -35	15.1
Second   S	Col	Denver	29 25 29	72 79 74	105 104 104	-29	14 0	)	{ Roswell	39	$\frac{79}{69}$	$\frac{110}{97}$ $104$	$-29 \\ -13 \\ -24$	15.8 14.5 36.4
Columbus   29   73   74   72   73   76   76   76   76   76   76   76	Coun D. C	( lacksouville	33 54	81	$104 \\ 104 \\ 104$		43.5 53 2	N. Y	Binghamton   Buffalo   New York City	30	70 70 74	98 95 100	$-26 \\ -14 \\ -6$	32.9 37.3
Carried   Atlanta   42   18   100   5   49   4   40   40   40   40   40   40	Florida	Pensacola	69 52 60	84 . 81 .	$\frac{100}{103}$	41 7 19	$   \begin{array}{c}     38.7 \\     56.2 \\     53.1   \end{array} $	ì	Cincinnati Columbus	26	74	102	-20	36.9 30.6
Concordia   Conc	Georgia.	(Savannah	46 50	80 50	105 105	. 8	50.3	i	{ Portland } Roseburg	39 41	66 66	$\frac{102}{106}$	$\begin{bmatrix} - & 2 \\ - & 6 \end{bmatrix}$	34.4
Illinois   Chicago		) Pocatello	251	$\frac{71}{79}$	$\frac{102}{106}$	$-20 \\ -16$	$\frac{12.9}{41.7}$	1	⟨ Philadelphia	$\frac{32}{31}$	76 75	103 103	- 16 - 6 20	38.6
Ky	i	Indianapolis	$ \begin{array}{c c} 24 \\ 26 \\ 28 \end{array} $	72 76 76	103 107 106		33 21	R. I	Block Island Charleston	31   49	68 81	104	- 4	52.1
Ky		Des Moines Dubuque	$\frac{20}{18}$	76 75	$109 \\ 106 \\ 108$	- 30 32 27	34.0		Pierre Yankton (Chattanooga	14 16 41	75 75 78	110 107 101	$-40 \\ -36 \\ -10$	16.6 25.4
La.   Coursellie   34 76 100 - 20 44.3		Dodge	27 30	18 79	$\frac{108}{107}$		30.6	Tenn	(Nashville	38	79	104	13	48 5
Maine   Eastport	La	New Orleans	1 531	211	102	7	57.4 $45.7$	Texas	El Paso	44	180	1113	- 5	$   \begin{array}{c c}     22.6 \\     9.8 \\     47.1   \end{array} $
Mich	Maine	Portland	20	60 68 77	$93 \\ 103 \\ 104$	-23	$43.3 \\ 42.5$	Utah	Palestine	46 51 29	82 82 76	$\frac{108}{102}$	- 6	26.8
Miss	Mass	Alpena					43.4 33.2	V t	{ Burlington.     Northfield	16	168	1 T ( )( )	-27	31.6 33.8
Miss	Mich	Port Huron	1 221	65 69	108	-27 $-25$	100 0		Norfolk	40 39	78 64	102	11	49.5 36.6
Springfield 31/76106 -29.44.6 (Chevenne 26/67/100) 38/13 3		IISI Pani	12	691	102	-48 -41	24.9 28.7		Elkins	33 29	74 70	113 97	-30 -17 -21	$17.7 \\ 42.8$
(Springfield   31/76 106 -29/44.6    Havre   14/68 108 -55 13.7      Wyo	Miss	( Kansas City St. Louis	47 26 31	78 79	$\frac{106}{107}$			1	La Crosse	1 20	140	1100	-20	31. 2 31. 4
	Mont	Springfield   Havre   Helena	31 14 20	76	106	-29	.44.6	Wyo	Cheyenne Lander & Wash- akie	26	67	100	-38	13 •

The minus (-) sign indicates temperature below zero.

(From Hann's Lehrbuch der Meteorologie and other sources.)

	(1.1.	ош папп	B Lentbuch det M	i c reoi oiog	sie and or	mer bources.)		
	Mean	Annual Aver-		Mean	Annual Aver-		Mean	Annual Aver-
CITY OR PLACE.	Tem-	age	CITY OR PLACE.	Tem-	age	CITY OR PLACE.	Tem-	age
CITT OR I LACE.	pera-	Rainfall	CITI ON I DACE.	pera-	Rainfall	OILL ON LEACE.	pera-	Rainfall
	ture.	Inches		ture.	Inches		ture	Inches.
	ture.	Taches		tare.	Thenes		ture	menes.
Alexandria	69 0	8	Florence	59 2	41	Naples	60 3	33
Algiers	64 3	27	Frankfort	50 0	24	Nice	58 0	29
Amsterdam	49 9	26	Geneva	52 7	82	Odessa	49 3	16
Archangel	33.0	16	Genoa	61 1	47	Para	78 3	94
Astrakhan	50 1	6	Glasgow	49 8	44	Paris	50 0	22
Athens			Hamburg	47 0	29	Peking	53 0	25
Bagdad			Havana	76 6		Petrograd	39 6	22 25 17
Barcelona		21	Hongkong	71 2	85	Port Sald	70 2	1 2
Berlin		23	Honolulu	73 9		Prague	47.5	14
Bermuda			Iceland	39 0		Quebec	40 3	40
Berne	46 Ŏ		Jerusalem	60 6		Quito	55 0	42
Birmingham	48 2		Llma	66 7		Rio de Janeiro	72 7	43
Bombay	77 7	75	Lisbon	60 i		Rome	60.5	30
Bordeaux			London	50 8		Rotterdam.	51 0	23
Brussels			Lyons	51 1		San Domingo	81 3	108
Budapest		24	Madeira	66 0		Shanghai	59 0	44
Buenos Ayres			Madrid	56.1		Smyrna	60 0	24
Cairo			Malta	64.0		Stockholm	42 3	17
Calcutta		65	Manchester	48 8	36	Sydney	62 8	49
Canton		39	Manila	80 1	76	The Hague	52 0	26
Cape Town	62 0	25	Maranham			Tobolsk	32 0	19
Cayenne		116	Marseilles	57 0	23	Toklo	56 4	58
Cherrapongee*		458	Melbourne	57 0	29	Trieste	55 0	43
Christiania	41 5	23	Mexico	59 7		Valdivla	52 0	106
Constantinople		29	Milan	55 i	38	Valparaiso	57 7	20
Copenhagen	45 3		Montevideo	62 0		Venice	55 4	26
Delhi				41.9		Vera Cruz	77 0	180
Dublin	50.1			38 5			48 6	25
Edinburgh	47.1		Moscow		35	vienna	100	25
Edinburgh	71.1	20	William	10.4	00	u .	1	1

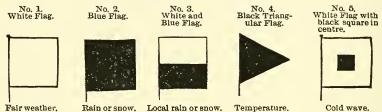
STATE OR TERRITORY		ECORDS OF UNITED STA				
Alaska		Name of Place.		STATE OR TERRITORY,	Name of Place.	
Arkansas   Blue Mt. (Polk-Scott Co.)   2.801   N. Hampshire.   Mt. Washington (Coos Co.)   18.145   N. Hampshire.   Mt. Washington (Coos Co.)   1.809   N. Hampshire.   Mt. Washington (Coo.)   1.809   N. Hampshire.   Mt. Washington (Coos Co.)   1.809   N. Hampshire.   Mt. Washington (Coos Co.)   1.809   N. Hampshire.   Mt. Washington (Coos Co.)   1.809   N. Hampshire.   Mt. Washington (Coo.)   1.800   N. Hampshire.   Mt.	Alaska	Mt. McKioley	20 300	Nebraska	S. W. part Banner Co	12,850 5,350
California		nino Co.)	12,611		merelda Co.).	
Colorado	California	Mt. Whitney (Inyo-Tulare	1	New Jersey	High Point (Sussex Co.)	1,809
Delaware.   Centerville (Newcastle Co.).   440   Archive Co.   4		Mt. Elbert (Lake Co.)	14.402		ba Co.)	13,306
Florida	Delaware	Centerville (Newcastle Co.)	440	North Carolina	Mt. Mitchell (Yancey Co.) .	6,711
Union Co   4.768   A-fe8   A	Florida	Iron Mt. (Polk Co.)	325		Near Bellefontaine (Logan	
Idaho		Union Co)	4.768	Oklahoma	West end of Cimarron Co	4,750
Co   Co   Co   Co   Co   Co   Co   Co	Idaho	Castle Peak (Custer Co.)	12,130		Co)	11.225
During Hill (Providence Co.)   1,800   Ronass   On West Boundary   4,135   South Carolina   Sassafras Mt.   3,548   Kentucky   Big Black Mt. (Harlan Co.)   4,100   Clalborne Co.   4,100   Clalborn		Co)	1,241	Philippines	Mt. Apo	9,610
Rentucky	Iowa	Primghar (O'Brlen Co.)	1,800	Rhode Island.	Durfee Hill (Providence Co.)	805
Maine	Kentucky	Big Black Mt. (Harlan Co)	4,100	South Dakota.	Harney Peak (Pennington	
Maryland Backbone Mt. (Garrett Co.) 3,340 Utah Kinga Peak (Wasatch Co.) 13,498 Massachusetts M. Greylock (Berkshire Co.) 3,505 Vermont Mt. Mansfield 4,406 Virginla Mt Rogers (Grayson Co.) 5,719 Minnesota Mesahi Range (St. Louis Co.) 1,203 Washington Mt. Ranlier (Pierce Co.) 14,408 Missouri Taum Sauk Mt. (Iron Co.) 1,780 Wisconsin Rib Hill (Marathon Co.) 1,940 Wisconsin Gange		Katahdin Mt. (Piscataquis			Mt. Guyot	6,636
Michigan Porcupine Mt. (Ontonagon Co) 2,023 Washington Mt. Rainier (Pierce Co) 1,408 Minnesota. Mesahi Range (St. Louis Co.) 1,220 Washington Mt. Rainier (Pierce Co.) 1,4408 Mississippi 3 miles southwest of luka, 780 Wisconsin Rib Hill (Marathon Co.) 1,940 Missouri Taum Sauk Mt. (Iron Co.) 1,750 Wyoming Gannet Peak (Fremont Co.) 13,785	Maryland	Backbone Mt. (Garrett Co.)	3.340	Utah	Kings Peak (Wasatch Co)	13,498
Minesota   Mesabi Range (St. Louis Co.)   1,920    West Virginia   Spruce Knob (Pendleton Co.)   4,860 Misslssippi   3 miles southwest of Iuka,   780    Wisconsin   Rib Hill (Marathon Co.)   1,940 Missouri   Taum Sauk Mt. (Iron Co.)   1,750    Wyoming   Gannett Peak (Fremont Co.)   13,785		Porcupine Mt. (Ontonagon	1 1	Vlrginla	Mt Rogers (Grayson Co)	
Missouri Taum Sauk Mt, (Iron Co.)  1,750 Wyoming Gannett Peak (Fremont Co.) 13,785	Minnesota	Mesabi Range (St. Louis Co.)	1.920	West Virginia	Spruce Knob (Pendleton Co)	4,860 1,940
	Missouri	Taum Sauk Mt. (Iron Co.)	1,750	Wyoming	Gannett Peak (Fremont Co.)	

#### WEATHER FLACS

## OF THE WEATHER BUREAU, U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

The Weather Bureau furnishes, when practicable, for the benefit of all interests dependent upon weather conditions, the "Forecasts" which are prepared daily at the Central Office in Washington, D. C., and certain designated stations. These forecasts are telegraphed to stations of the Weather Bureau, railway officials, postmasters, and many others, to be communicated to the public by telegraph, telephone, "wireless" and mail or by means of flags or steam whistles. The flags adopted for this purpose are five in number, and of the forms and colors indicated below:

## EXPLANATION OF WEATHER FLAGS.



When number 4 is placed above number 1, 2 or 3, it indicates warmer; when below, colder; when not displayed, the temperature is expected to remain about stationary. During the late Spring and early Fall the cold-wave flag is also used to indicate anticipated frosts. During

#### WHISTLE SIGNALS.

A warning blast of from fifteen to twenty seconds' duration is sounded to attract attention. After this warning the longer blasts (of from four to six seconds' duration) refer to weather, and shorter blasts (of from one to three seconds' duration) refer to temperature; those for weather are sounded first.

Blasts. Indicate.	Blasts.	Indicate.
One longFair weather.		Lower temperature.
Two long Rain or snow.	Two short	Higher temperature.
Three longLocal rain or snow.	Three short	Cold wave.

By repeating each combination a few times, with intervals of ten seconds, liability to error

by repeating each combination a few times, with intervals of the seconds, faithing to eight in reading the signals may be avoided.

As far as practicable, the forecast messages are telegraphed at the expense of the Weather Bureau; but if, this is impracticable, they are furnished at the regular commercial rates and sent "collect." In no case are the forecasts sent to a second address in any place, except at the expense of the applicant.

Persons desiring to display the flags or sound the whistle signals for the benefit of the public should communicate with the Weather Bureau officials in charge of the central stations of their respective States, which are as follows:

Alabama, Montgomery, Arlzona, Phemix. Arkansas, Little Rock, California, San Francisco. Colorado, Denver. Florida, Jacksonville, Georgia, Atlanta. Idaho, Boisé. Illinois, Springfield. Indiana, Indianapolis. Iowa, Des Moines,
Kansas, Topeka,
Kentucky, Louisville,
Louisiana, New Orieaus,
Maryland, Baltimore

(for Delaware and Maryland).

Massachusetts, Boston (for New England). (for New England).
Michigan, Grand Rapids,
Minnesota, Minneapolis,
Mississippi, Vicksburg,
Missouri, Columbia,
Montana, Helena,
Nebraska, Lincoln,
New Jersey, Trenton,
New Mexico, Santa Fé,
New York, Ithaca,
North Carolina, Raleigh,
North Dakota, Bismarck,
Ohio, Columbus. Ohio, Columbus.

Oklahoma, Oklahoma. Oregon, Portland. Pennsylvania, Philadelphia. Pennsylvania, Philadeiphi South Carolina, Columbia, South Dakota, Huron. Tennessee, Nashville. Texas, Houston. Utah, Sait Lake City. Virginia, Richmond. Weshington. South Washington, Seattle. West Virginia, Parkersburg. Wisconsin, Milwaukee. Wyoming, Cheyenne.

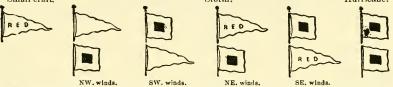
## THE ANCIENT AND MODERN YEAR.

THE Athenians began the year in June, the Macedonians in September, the Romans first in March and afterward in January, the Persians on August 11, the ancient Mackans on February 23, the Mohammedans in July. The Chinese year, which begins early in February, is similar to the Mohammedan in having 12 months of 29 and 30 days alternately; but in every nineteen years there are seven years which have 13 months. This is not quite correct, and the Chinese have therefore formed a cycle of 60 years, in which period 22 intercalary months occur.

## SMALL CRAFT, STORM AND HURRICANE WARNINGS

OF THE WEATHER BUREAU, U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, AS DISPLAYED ON THE ATLANTIC, PACIFIC, AND GULF COASTS.

All square flags shown here are red with black centre when displayed as warnings. Smail craft. Hurricane. Storm.



Small Craft Warning—A red pennant indicates that moderately strong winds are expected. Storm Warning—A red flag with a black centre indicates that a storm of marked violence is expected. The pennants displayed with the flags indicate the direction of the wind; white, westerly; red, easterly. The pennant above the flag indicates that the wind is expected to blow from the northerly quadrants; below, from the southerly quadrants. By night, a red light indicates easterly winds, and a white light below a red light westerly winds. Hurricane Warning—Two red flags with black centres, displayed one above the other, indicate the expected approach of a tropical hurricane, and also one of those extremely severe and dangerous storms which occasionally move across the Lakes and Northern Atlantic Coast. Neither small craft nor hurricane warnings described above are displayed at night.

The following new system of night storm-warning displays on the Great Lakes only became effective October 15, 1916:

The following new system of night storm-warning displays on the Great Lakes only became effective Cotober 15, 1916:

Small Craft Warning—A red pennant indicates that moderately strong winds that will interfere with the safe operation of small craft are expected. No night display of small craft warnings is made. North-east Storm Warning—A red pennant above a square red flag with black centre displayed by day, or two red lanterns, one above the other. displayed by night, indicate the approach of a storm of marked violence with winds beginning from the northeast. Southeast Storm Warning—A red pennant below a square red flag with black centre displayed by day, or one red lantern displayed by night, indicates the approach of a storm of marked violence with winds beginning from the southeast. Southeast Storm Warning—A white pennant below a square red flag with black centre displayed by night, indicates the approach of a storm of marked violence with winds beginning from the southuest. Northwest Storm Warning—A white pennant above a square red flag with black centre displayed by night, indicates the approach of a storm of marked violence with winds beginning from the southuest. Northwest Storm Warning—A white pennant above a square red flag with black centre displayed by day, or a white lantern above a red lantern displayed by night, indicates the approach of a storm of marked violence with winds beginning from the northwest. Hurticane, or Whole Cale Warning—Two square flags, red with black centres, one above the other, displayed by day, or two red lanterns, with a white lantern between, displayed by night, indicate the approach of a tropical hurricane, or of one of the extremely severe and dangerous storms which occasionally move across the Great Lakes.

VELOCITY OF WINDS IN THE UNITED STATES.

AVERAGE hourly velocity of the wind at selected stations of the United States Weather Bureau, also the nighest velocity ever reported for a period of five minutes, (Prepared by Chief of the U. S. Weather Bureau, and revised to January 1, 1916, for The World ALMANAC.)

Weather Bureau, and revised to said any 1, 1010, for the World Abandae,											
STATIONS	Average Hourly Velocity,	Highest Ever Reported.	STATIONS.	Average Hourly Velocity.	Highest Ever Reported.	STATIONS.	Average Hourly Velocity.				
Abilene, Texas Alhany, N. Y. Alpens, Mich. Adanta, Ga. Bismarck, N. D. Bolsé, Idaho Boston, Mass Buffalo, N. Y. Charlotte, N. C. Chattanooga, Tenn. Chicago, Ill Cincinnati, Ohio Cleveland, Ohio Custer, Mont.* Denver, Col Detroit, Mich Dodge City, Kan Dubuque, Iowa Duluth, Minn. Eastport, Me	6 9 9 8 4 11 11 5 6 9 7 7 9 11	59 73 72 75 86 75 60 78	El Paso, Texas Fort Smith, Ark. Galveston, Texas Havre, Mont Helena, Mont Helena, Mont Huron, S. D Jacksonville, Fla Keokuk, Iowa Keokuk, Iowa Konxville, Tenn Leavenworth, Kan.* Louisville, Ky Lynchburg, Va Memphis, Tenn Montgomery, Ala Nashville, Tenn New Orleans, La New York City, N.Y. Ornth Platte, Neb. Omaha, Neb Palestine, Texas	50 1160 1685 577465 67998	60 84 66 74 50 75 54	Philadelphia, Pa. Pittsburgh, Pa. Pittsburgh, Pa. Portland Me. Red Bluit, Cal. Rochester, N. Y. St. Louis, Mo. St. Faul, Minn. St. Vincent, Minn. Sat Lake City, Utah Sau Diego, Cal. San Francisco, Cal. Santa Fé, N. M. Savannah, Ga. Spokane, Wash. Toledo, Ohlo Vicksburg, Miss. Washington, D. C. Wilmington, N. C.	6 5 7 11 11 7 9 5 6 9 6 7 4 9 6	Mi. 75 69 61 60 78 80 102 72 66 46 64 53 88 52 84 62 68 72			
Elastport, MC	0 (	10	(* micounc, Icam)		. 00						

\*Stations discontinued.

STANDARD TABLE SHOWING VELOCITY AND FORCE OF WINDS.

DESCRIPTION.	Milee per Hour.	Feet per Minute.	Feet per Second.	Force in lbs. per Square Foot.	DESCRIPTION.	Miles per Honr.	Feet per Minute.	Feet per Second.	Force it ibs. per Square Foot.
Perceptible	1	88	1.47	.005	High wind	§ 30	2,640	44.0	4.428
Just perceptible	$\left\{\begin{array}{cc} 2\\ 3 \end{array}\right\}$	176 264	2.93	.020		35	3,080	51.3 58 6	6 027
Gentle breeze	1 4	352	4.4 5.87	.079	very high wind	45 50	3,960	66.0	9.963
Pleasant breeze	10	880	7.33 14.67	.492	Storm Great storm	f 60	4,400 5,280	73.3 88 0	12,300 17,712
ricasani dieeze	( 10	1,320	22.0	1.107	Great Storm	10	6,160	102.7	24.108
Brisk wind	$\left\{ \begin{array}{c} 20 \\ 25 \end{array} \right.$	$\frac{1,760}{2,200}$	29.3 36.6	1.968 3.075	Hurricane	80 100	7,040 8.800	117.3 146.6	31.488 49.200

## HICH-TIDE TABLES

## FOR GOVERNOR'S ISLAND (NEW YORK HARBOR).

(Specially prepared from the Tide Tables of the United States Coast and Geodetic Survey for THE WORLD ALMANAC.)

Eastern Standard Time.

1917.	Janı	iary.	February.		March		Aprli		May.		Ju	ne,
Day of Month	A. M.	Р. М.	А. М.	Р. М.	А. М.	Р. М.	A M	Р. м.	А. М	Р. М.	А. М.	Р. М.
1 2 3 4 5 6 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 18 20 21 22 24 25 26 27 28 29 20 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21	H. M6 2226 4226 4244 7724 88 335 99 35 44 10 35 11 12 453 12 453 11 11 12 534 11 11 12 534 11 12 534 12 534 12 538	H. M. 2 433 4451 4 441 5 388 6 6 26 111 7 7 5 29 9 25 7 10 40 11 1 5 9 9 3 10 40 11 1 5 9 12 2 5 10 2 2 2 10 5 8 2 3 10 5 8 2 1 2 8 2 1 2 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	H. M9 3 555 5426 77 400 256 77 400 256 77 400 256 77 400 256 77 400 256 77 400 256 77 400 256 77 256	H. M.6 45 220 66 1520 78 34 34 34 34 34 34 34 34 34 34 34 34 34	H. M. 2 2276 4 18 2 26 6 40 5 7 46 4 8 40 8 40 8 11 56 32 11 2 43 3 11 2 43 3 12 2 2 8 8 42 8 10 18 8 11 1 2 3 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	H. M.7 4 53 4 4 53 5 4 67 7 36 8 62 8 8 586 10 42 11 31 1 2 33 4 5 9 66 5 8 7 7 4 5 9 6 6 58 7 7 33 10 41 11 41 11 12 12 2 22 2 28	H. M.7 3 440 5 6 2 7 4 7 177 8 17 7 8 17 8 19 9 2 5 10 5 11 11 15 12 15 10 5 6 11 1 49 10 5 6 11 1 49 10 5 6 11 1 49 10 5 6 11 1 49 10 5 6 11 1 49 10 5 6	H. 4.5.1.2.4.1.2.4.1.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4	H. M. 43 43 83 55 25 3 7 200 7 8 35 7 20 10 5 3 4 11 5 5 7 11 12 5 7 11 12 12 45 11 19 11 12 4 35 1 3 30	H. M. 4 277 5 525 7 304 8 48 9 316 8 10 18 11 8 12 15 25 16 17 5 11 18 12 15 25 16 17 5 11 19 19	H. M.64 18 66 53 98 264 10 58 11 56 33 91 10 58 11 56 33 11 52 22 21 16 22 21 10 48 51 11 2 2 22 10 48 51 11 2 2 2 2 10 48 51 11 2 2 2 10 48 51 11 2 2 2 10 68 51 11 2 2 2 10 68 51 11 2 2 2 10 68 51 11 2 2 2 10 68 51 11 2 2 2 10 68 51 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	H. M.1 5 444 6 62 444 6 7 153 8 39 29 5 10 14 6 11 5 8 2 1 4 4 6 3 3 4 6 3 5 5 46 7 316 8 8 533 10 10 144 111 53 112 53 111 153 111 153 112 126 113 127 126 127 127 128 14 129 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 1

1917.	July.	August.	September	October.	November.	December.	
Day of Month A.	. м. Р. м.	A. M. P. M.	A M, P M.	A M. P M	A. M P. M	A. M P. M.	
1	1 27 5 3 6 6 9 18 8 29 9 18 8 29 9 18 9 58 10 9 9 18 11 55 11 10 11 55 12 41 12 55 2 42 12 41 12 55 2 42 13 3 56 6 28 8 36 6 6 28 8 36 6 6 28 8 36 6 6 28 8 16 12 2 11 10 10 9 8 11 12 11 10 10 9 11 12 11 10 9 11 12 11 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	H. M. 6 7 7 4 7 23 7 58 8 8 9 9 5 9 39 9 56 6 10 31 10 47 11 24 11 40 12 13 8 1 19 9 1 10 47 13 9 2 20 12 45 3 23 3 52 4 53 6 6 5 6 34 6 49 9 5 9 5 9 5 9 5 6 6 34 6 49 9 5 9 5 7 10 1 10 27 10 35 11 2 11 15 11 2 11 15 11 2 11 15 12 2 1 13 3 29 4 4 3 3 4 4 4 5 10 5 46 6 9	H. M. 736 756 847 917 937 10 8 10 29 10 59 11 23 11 55 12 21 12 53 34 4 51 1 53 84 751 157 2 28 20 8 30 8 47 14 15 751 8 2 8 20 8 30 8 47 14 15 15 7 2 12 15 15 10 28 10 49 11 12 11 15 7 2 12 15 7 2 2 8 20 8 30 8 47 14 15 15 7 2 2 8 20 8 30 10 49 11 12 11 57 2 2 8 20 8 30 10 49 11 12 11 13 9 12 41 15 7 2 2 8 20 8 30 10 49 11 12 11 15 7 2 2 8 20 8 30 10 49 11 12 11 15 7 2 2 8 20 8 30 10 49 11 12 11 15 7 2 2 8 20 8 30 10 49 11 12 11 15 7 2 2 8 20 8 30 10 49 11 12 11 39 11 12 41 17 12 15 7 2 2 2 8 20 6 43 3 18 3 18 3 18 3 18 3 18 3 18 3 18 3	H. M. 8 3 8 26 8 52 9 17 9 44 10 9 10 33 11 5 11 27 12 25 12 6 2 9 2 28 3 9 3 26 6 42 6 6 57 7 14 7 28 8 11 8 30 10 51 11 28 12 36 12 51 12 36 12 51 12 36 12 51 12 36 12 51 12 36 12 51 12 36 12 51 12 36 12 51 12 36 12 51 12 36 12 51 12 36 12 51 12 36 12 55 8 5 28 6 51 7 16 6 23 6 55 7 7 18 12 36 12 51 12 51 12 36 12 51 12 36 12 51 12 36 12 51 12 36 12 51 12 36 12 51 12 51 12 36 12 51 12 51 12 36 12 51 12 51 12 36 12 51 12 51 12 36 12 51 12	H. M. 917 9 49 10 10 7 10 43 11 55 12 37 1 47 12 34 4 10 4 21 1 4 52 30 5 4 4 55 30 5 44 10 4 21 1 1 37 7 10 26 6 38 6 57 7 10 7 32 7 44 8 9 9 2 9 34 9 47 10 26 10 38 11 25 11 35 12 33 12 41 14 55 50 5 10 6 32 6 59 7 21 1 7 50 8 8 8 8 8 9 27	H. M. 9 40 10 17 11 12 11 59 11 59 12 51 1 2 48 11 59 12 51 1 2 5	

<sup>\*</sup>Note—On June 25, the two high tides occur between noon and midnight. The earlier tide is given in the A. M. column but is bracketed as not belonging in that column.

## HIGH-TIDE TABLES-Continued,

## TIME OF HIGH WATER AT POINTS ON THE ATLANTIC COAST.

The local time of high water at the following places may be found approximately for each day by adding to or subtracting from the time of high water at Governor's Island, N. Y., the hours and minutes annexed.

	Н,	M.	II	H.	M.
Albany, N. Y	9	31	New Haven, Ctadd	3	1
Annapolls, Mdadd	8	57	New London, Ctadd	1	22
Atlantic City, N. Jsub.		50	Newport, R. I sub.		22
Baltimore, Md add	10	52	Norfolk, Vaadd		58
Bar Harbor, Meadd	2	46	Norwich, Ctadd	2	ő
Beaufort, S. Csub.	_	-8	Old Point Comfort, Va add	_	39
Block Island, R. I sub,		34	Philadelphia, Pa add	5	41
Boston, Mass add	- 2	22	Plymouth, Massadd	3	12
	3	2		3	49
Bridgeport, Ctadd	0	14	Point Lookout, Md add	3	10
Bristol, R. I sub.		10	Portland, Me add		
Cape May, N. J add			Portsmouth, N. Hadd	3	16
Charleston, S. C sub.		42	Poughkeepsie, N. Y add	3	51
Eastport, Meadd	- 3	0	Providence, R. I add		.7
Fernandina, Fla sub.		18	Richmond, Va add	8	48
Gloucester, Mass add	2	55	Rockaway Inlet, N. Y sub.		25
Hell Gate Ferry, East River, N. Y add	1	53	Rockland, Me add	3	1
Isles of Shoals, N. H add	3	11	Rockport, Mass add	$\frac{2}{3}$	50
Jacksonville, Fla add		37	Salem, Massadd	3	9
Key West, Fia add	1	24	Sandy Hook, N. J sub.		32
League Island. Paadd	5	23	Savannah, Ga add		7
Marblehead, Mass add	5 3 3	2	Southport (Smithville), N. C sub.		43
Nahant, Mass add	3	2	Vineyard Haven, Mass add	3	36
Nantucket, Mass add	4	21	Washington, D. C add	12	1
Newark, N. J add		54	Watch Hill, R. I add		42
New Bedford, Masssub.		ĭõ	West Point, N. Yadd	2	47
Newburyport, Massadd	3	1ĕ	Wilmington, N. C. add	ĩ	76
Members bore, massamment and			7. 1. 1. 1. 1		

EXAMPLE—'To find the approximate time of high tide at Atlantic City, N. J., on any day, find first the time of high water at New York under the desired date, and then subtract 50 minutes, as in the above table; the result is the time of high water required.

## AVERAGE RISE AND FALL OF TIDE.

PLACES.	Feet.  Inc	bes.	PLACES.	1	Feet.	Inch s.	PLACES.	Feet.	Inches.
Baltimore, Md	1	3 Nev	London (	76	3	9	Sau Diego Cal	3	7
Boston, Mass		8 Nev	Orleans.	I.a	None	None	Sau Diego, Cal Sandy Hook, N. J	4	7
Charleston, S. C		1 Nev	port, R. I.		9	8	San Francisco, Cal	4	9
Colon, Panama			York, N.				Savannah, Ga		5
Eastport, Me	18	2 Oid	Point Com	f't. Va.	19 19	5	Seattle, Wash		ž
Gaiveston, Tex			ama, Pana		19	7	Tampa, Fla		2
Key West, Fla			adelphia,		6	Ó	Washington, D.C	2	9
Mobile, Ala	li		land. Me		9	1	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		_

Highest tide at Panama, Panama, 235 luches. Lowest tide at Galveston, Tex., 13 inches.

# PRINCIPAL FOREIGN RIVERS. (See also table of Principal American Rivers.)

RIVER.	Outflow.	Length, Miles.*	RIVER.	Outflow.	Length, Miles.*	RIVER.	Outflow.	Length, Miles.*
	Aral Sea	1,500	Lena Loire Mackenzle	Bay of Biscay	2,800 650 2,300			
Amur Assinibolne.	Red River of North	600	Madeira Magdalena	Amazon Riv CaribbeanSe .	2,000 950	St. John St. Lawrence .	Bay of Fundy Gulf of St.	500
Brahmaputra. Bug Congo	Dnieper Riv	500	Maros	Seine Rive.	500 310 2,500	Salwin	Lawrence. Gulf of Mar- taban	2,150 1,750
Danube Darling Dnieper	Black Sea Murray Riv.	1.725 1,160	Meuse (Maas) Murray	North Sea Indian Ocean	1.450	Sao Francisco Saskatchewan Seine.	At antic Oc Lk. Winnipeg	1.200
Dniester Drave	Black Sea	800 450	Ob	Mediterran 'n Gulf of Ob	3,766 2,300	Shannon Tagus	Atlantic Oc. At antic Oc.	250 550
Ebro Elbe Euphrates	North Sea	700	Oder'. Orange Orinoco	Baltic Sea Atlantic Oc Atlantic Oc	1,100	Thames Theiss Tigris	Danube Riv.	215 800 1,150
Gambia Ganges Garonne	Bay of Bengal	500 1,500	Paraguay Parana Pilcomayo	Parana River Atlantic Oc	2,450	Ural Vistula Volga	Gulf of Danzig	1,400 630 2,300
Hoangho	Gulf Pechiil Arabian Sea.	2,600 1,700	PoRhineRhope.	Adriatic Sea.	420 700	Weser Yangtse Yenisel	North Sea Yellow Sea	300 3,400 3,300
Jordan La Plata	Dead Sea	200 2,300	Rio Negro	Amazon Riv		Zambezi		

<sup>\*</sup> Estimated length.

	PRINCIPAL AMERICAN RIVER	Mouths.	Length Miles.
	Sources.		
NAMES.	Junction of Coosa and Taliapoosa Rivers, Ala. Near Raymond, Pa. Formed by Oemulgee and Oconee Rivers, Ga. Umbagog Lako, Me. Junetion of Chattalocchee and Filnt Rivers, Ga. Rocky Mountains, Cool Rocky Mountains, Ovo Adrondack Lako, N. Y. Fermed by Chein, Tex. Northeasten New Mexico. Junction of Haw and Deep Rivers, N. G. Junction of Meheran and Nottoway Rivers, N. G. Rattown Wounting, and Nottoway Rivers, N. G. Rattown of Meheran and Grand Rivers, Utah Upper Columbia Lake, B. G. Connecticut Lake, N. H. Junction of Orstenaula and Etowah Rivers, Ga. Junction of Poor and Straight Forks, Ky. Catskill Mountains, N. Us. Lake Shetek, Minn San Juan Mountains, Col. Near Atlanta, Ga. Green Lake County, Wis Noar Raymond, Pa. Hillsdale County, Mich. Grand Lake Col. ha. Biue Ride Mountains, N. C. Lincol County, Ky. Pocahontas County, W. Va. Sarguche Range, Col. Riveland County, N. Y. Lake Sanford, Adrondack Mountains, N. Y. Eliko County, Ney Des Plaines River, Wis. Formed by Jackson's and Cowpasture Rivers, Va. Hillsdale County, Mich, Millsdale County, Mich. Grand Lake Sanford, Adrondack Mountains, N. Y. Formed by Jackson's and Cowpasture Rivers, Va. Hillsdale County, Mich. Hillsdale County, Mich. Hillsdale County, Mich.	Mobile River	350
	Junction of Coosa and Tallapoosa Rivers, 2001	Attentic Ocean.	150
abama	Near Raymond, Pa Oconee Rivers, Ga	Kennebec River	190
leghany	Formed by Ochulgee and	Gulf of Mexico	2,000
tamaha ndroscoggin palachicola	Umbagog Lako, thattahoochee and Film Rivers,	Mississiphi River .	500 190
palachicola	Rocky Mountains, Col	Take Ontario	300
kansas	Rocky Mountains, Wyo	Tombigbee River	850
lack Warrior .	Adirondack Lakes, and Mulberry Forks, Ala	Guif of Mexico	900
lack Warrior .	Formed by Locasian, Tex	Arkansas River	250 500
razos	Northeastern New Mexico.	Analachicola River.	500
anadian	Junction of Haw and Deep Rivers	Missouri River	. 50
ape Fear. hattahoochee.	In Habersham County, Car	Albemarle Sound.	650
heyenne	. Eastern Wyoming and Nottoway Rivers, 14.	Arkansas River	650
howan	Paton Mountains, N. Mex	Matagorda Dunia	1,360
imarron	In the Staked Plain, Tex Rivers, Utah	Pacific Ocean ;	1,400
Colorado Colorado	Junction of Green and Grace B. C	Long Island Sound	350
Columbia	Upper Columbia Lake, N. H Divers Ga	Alabama River	650
Connecticut .	Connecticut Distensula and Etowall Rivers, Current on of Oostensula and Etowall Rivers,	Onio River. Bay	375
Coosa	Innetion of Poor and Straight Forks, 123	MississIppi River.	250
Delaware .	Catskill Mountains, N. W.	Grand River	350
Des Moines.	Lake Shetek, Milling, Col	Apalachicola River.	250
Dolores	San Juan Atlanta, Ga	Green Bay	145
Flint	Green Lake County, Wis	Colorado River	550 200
Fox	Near Raymond, Pa Mex	Missouri River	280
Genesee	Tuscan Mountains, N. M.	Lake Michigan	350
Gila Grand	Southern Towa Mich	Green River	450
Grand	Hillsdale County, Mich. Grand Lake, Col.  Ala, Blue Ridge Mountains, N. C Lincoln County, Ky	Ohio River	350
Grand	ha Blue Ridge Mountains, N. C	Great Kanawha Ri	ver. 20
Great Kanan	Lincoln County, Ky Va	Grand River	5
Greenbrier	Pocahontas County,	Newark Bay	15
Gunnison . Hackensack	Saguache Rangot, N. Y	Long Island Sound	35
Hackensack	Taghanic Mountains, Mass. Mountains, N. Y	New 10th Lake	37
Housatonic	Lake Sanford, Adirondack Wodnes	Mississippi River.	45
Hudson Humboldt .	Elko County, Nev Wis.	Chesapeake Bay	20
Illinois	Hillsdale County, Mich Grand Lake, Col. ha Blue Ridge Mountains, N. C Lincoln County, Ky Pocahontas County, W. Va Saguache Range, Col Rockland County, N. Taghanie Mountains, Mass Lake Sanford, Adirondack Mountains, N. Y Lake Sanford, Adirondack Mountains, N. Y Elko County, Nev Wis. Des Plaines River, Wis. Formed by Jackson's and Cowpasture Rivers, Va Hillsdale County, Mich See "Great Kanawha." Sunction of Smoky Hill Fork and Solomon River Junction of Smoky Hill Fork and Solomon River	Mississippi River Chesapeake Bay. Lake Michigan.	
James	Formed County, Mich Hillsdate County, Mich See "Great Kanawha." Junction of Smoky Hill Fork and Solomon River Junction of Smoky Hill Fork and Solomon River Champal n County, Ill Mosehead Lake, Me Gunberland Mountains, Ky Cumberland Mountains, Ky Cumberland Mountains, Ky White Mountains, N. H. White Mountains, N. H.	Missouri River. Mississippi River. Atiantic Ocean. Ohio River	(a) 3
	See "Great Kanawha." Fork and Solomon River	, Kan. Mississippi River.	
	Junction of Smoky Hill Tolk and	Atlantic Ocean	2
Kansas Kaskaskia.	Chambal I Code	Objo River	1
Kennebec	Moosenead Mountains, Ky is Pivers Mich	Green Bay	1
Kentucky	Unnetion Brule and Michigamie Rivers,	· · · · · Mississippi River	14,2
Menonine	White Mountains, N. H.	Guli of Mexico.	
Merrinac	Big Stone Lake, S. Dan, and titasca Lake, M.	Mobile Bay	
Missouri-	Aiss'pi *Rocky Mountains, Alabama Rivers, Alab	Hudson River	*::
Mobile	Junction ounty, N. Y	W. Va. Allegnany River.	
Mobawk.	Formed by West Fork and Lygard	Pamileo Sound.	
Monongan	Moosehead Lake, Me. Cumberland Mountains, Ky Innetion Brule and Michigamie Rivers, Mich White Mountains, N. H. Big Stone Lake, S. Dak. Big Stone Lake, S. Dak. Junction of Tombighee and Alabama Rivers, Ala Junction of Tombighee and Tygart's Valley Rivers Formed by West Fork and Tygart's Valley Rivers Merris County, Kan. Person County, N. C. Northern Georgia Junction of Alleghany and Monongahela Rivers Junction of County, Kan	Pamlico Sound. Altamaha River Misslssippi Rive Missouri River	
Neuse	Person County, N. C.	Pa. Mississippi Rive	1
Ocmulgee	Northern Goldschany and Mononganeta Itivors	Missouri River	
Ohio	Lyon County, Kan	Gull of Mexico.	)
Osage.	Morris County, N. J.	Rio Grande Riv	er
Passaic	Winston County, Miss Mex	Winyaw Bay, S	
Pecos	Rocky Mountains, N. C	Penobscot Bay.	1
Pedee (Y	adkin) . Blue Tring County, Me.	· · · · · · Vellowstone Ri	ver
Penobsco	sweetwater River, Wyo	Chesapeake Ba	y
Platte.	Blg Horn Mountains, W. Va	Mississippi Riv	er 1
Powder.	Alleghany Mountains, Tex	Lake Winnipeg	nd
Red	In the Stakes, Minn	Gulf of Mexico	nd
Red (of	North) . Lake IIIa Mountains, Col.	Mississippi Riv	er
Rio Gra	nde Formed by Dan and Staumon Itivois	Gulf of Mexico	
Roanoke	Koshkonong Lake, Wis.	Suisun Bay	
ROCK	Northern Texas.	Mississippi Ri	ver.
Sacrame	nto Goose Lake, Bayfield Countles, Wis	Mississippi Ri	1
St. Crol	ela Moris County, Kan  Moris County, Kan  Person County, Kan  Person County, Kan  Northern Georgia  Junction of Alleghany and Monongahela Rivers  Lyon County, Kan  Moris County, Kan  Moris County, Kan  Moris County, Miss  Rocky Mountains, Mex  Badkini Biue Ridge Mountains, N. G  Somerset County, Mes  Sweetwater River Wyo.  Big Horn Mountains, Wyo  Alleghany Mountains, Wyo  Alleghany Mountains, Was  In the Staked Plain, Tex  North) Lake Traverse, Minn  San Juan Mountains, Col.  Formed by Dan and Staunton Rivers, Va.  Koshkonong Lake, Wis.  Northern Texas  Goose Lake, Cal  Northern Texas  Choulds and Sprield Counties, Wis  X. Nouthern Texas  Counters, Monolass, Monolass, Fia  Hillsdale County, Mo  18. Hillsdale County, Mo  18. Hillsdale County, Mo  19. Hormed by Tugaloo and Klowee Rivers, S. Ch  Noar Pottsville, Pa  Auglalze County, Oho  Moathern Virginia,  Moathern Moathern Virginia,  Moath	Atlantic Ocean	n
St. Frai	Brevard and Osceola Counties, Fla.	Sacramento R	iver
St. John	Hillsdale County, Mich. Cal.	Atlantic Ocean	n
St. Jose	guin Blerra Nevada Mountains Congaree Rivers, S.	Atlantic Ocean	n
Santee	Junction of Waterloo and Klowee Rivers, S. C.	Delaware Riv	
Savanr	ah Noar Pottsyllle, Pa	Ohlo River	er
Schuyl	kili Auglaize County, Ohio	Columbia Riv	/er
Coloto	Virginia.	The state of the s	

## PRINCIPAL AMERICAN RIVERS-Continued.

Names.	Sources.	Mouths.	Length Miles.
Susquebanna	North or East Branch, Lake Schuyler and Otsego Lake, N. Y. West Branch, near Raymond, Pa.	Chesapeake Bay256 Susquehanna River 250	
Suwanee Tallahatchee	Okefinokee Swamp, Ga	Gulf of Mexico	200 240
Tennessee Tombigbee Trinity	Formed by Clinch and Holston Rivers, Tenn Prentiss County, Miss. Northern Texas Mercer County, Ohlo.	Ohio River	1,200
Washlta White Willamette	Western Arkansas. Northwestern Arkansas. Cascade Range, Ore.	Red River Mississippi River Columbia River	
Yadkin Yazoo Yeilowstone	Junction of Tallahatchee and Yalobusha Rivers, Miss	Mississippi River Missouri River	300 1,100
	Lake Lindeman, Yukon District, Canada.		

\*Source of Missouri River. † Source of Mississippi River. † Total length from source of Missouri River to Gulf of Mexico. The Missouri River connects with the Mississippi 3 miles below Alton, Ill. (a) Exclusive of affluents.

# OPENING AND CLOSING OF NAVIGATION ON THE HUDSON RIVER, ERIE CANAL AND LAKE ERIE.

NAVIGATION OF	THE HURSON RIVER.		NAVIGATION	Opening of Lake		
River Open.	River Closed.	Days Open.	Canal Open.	Canal Closed.	Nav gable Days.	Erie.*
Mar. 28, 1901 Mar. 17, 1802 Bar. 14, 1803 Bar. 14, 1803 April 4, 1804 April 5, 1904 Mar. 29, 1906 Mar. 99, 1907 Mar. 99, 1907 Mar. 15, 1808 Mar. 15, 1809 Mar. 17, 1910 Mar. 20, 1911 Mar. 20, 1911 Mar. 20, 1912 Mar. 17, 1913 Mar. 17, 1913 Mar. 17, 1913	Dec. 8, 1902. Dec. 2, 1903. Dec. 4, 1904 Dec. 15, 1905 Dec. 5, 1906 Dec. 6, 1907 Dec. 18, 1908 Dec. 22, 1909 Jan. 3, 1912 Feb. 6, 1913 Dec. 29, 1913 Dec. 29, 1913	248 266 263 244 257 260 253 271 283 268 288 318 288 288	May 2, 1906. May 1, 1907. May 5, 1908. May 15, 1909. May 15, 1910. May 16, 1911. May 16, 1911. May 16, 1913. May 16, 1913.	Dec. 4.  Nov. 28.  Nov. 28.  Nov. 28.  Nov. 28.  Nov. 98.  Dec. 10.  Nov. 90.  Nov. 15.  Nov. 15.  Nov. 15.  Dec. 1.  Dec. 1.	210 205 209 211 224 210 185 185 185 186 201	April 90, 190 April 9, 190 April 6, 190 April 6, 190 May 10, 190 April 15, 190 April 22, 190 April 25, 190 April 25, 190 April 15, 191 April 15, 191 April 18, 191 April 14, 191
Mar. 18, 1915 April 3, 1916			May 15, 1915 May 15, 1916			April 15, 191 April 16, 191

\*At Buffalo. + Eastern and Middle Divisions, May 15, 1914; Western Division, May 25, 1914 The record in the above table is kept by the State Superintendent of Public Works.

# CANALS.

STATEMENT showing the cost, length and navigable depth of the principal canals of the United States and Canada used for commercial purposes.

Canals.	Cost of Construc- tion.*		Depth Feet.†	
Albemarle and Chesapeake Augusta	1,500,000 502,078 3,581,954	20 35	10 10 4	Norfolk, Vs., to Albemarie Sound, N. C. Sayannah River, Ga., to Augusta, Ga. Beautort Injet, N. C., to Pamileo Sound. Rome, N. Y., to Lyons Falls, N. Y. Connects Lake Erle and Niagara River at Buffalo, N. Y.
Brazos River Caloosahatchee Cape Cod (ship canal) **Cayuga and Seneca	255,000 425,000 12,000,000 2,232,632	28 8-13	5 6 25-30 12	Brazos River to Matagorda Bay, Tex. Fort Myers to Lake Okeechobee, Fla. Connects Buzzards Bay and Barnstable Bay Montezuma, N. Y., to Cayuga and Seneca Lakes, N. Y.
†Champlain. Channel. Chesapeake and Delaware Chesapeake and Ohlo. Colhert Shoais. Company. Dalles-Cellio.	450,000 4,000,000 11,290,327 2,350,000 90,000	32 14 195 8 23	5 9 6 7 41/4	Whitehall, N. Y., to Watervilet, N. Y. Bet, Apsiachicola River & St. Andrews Bay, Fla Connects Chesapeake and Delaware Bays. Cumberland, Md., to Weshington, D. C. Colbert Shoals, Tennessee River, Ala. Miss. Riv, at New Orleans, La., to Bayou Black Columbia River, from Big Eddy to Cellio Falls, Oregon.
Delaware and Raritan. Delaware Division tErle. Estherville-Minim Creek Fairfield. Florida Coast Line. Galveston and Brazos. Harlem River (ship canal)	2,433,350 52,540,800 174,619 50,000 3,500,000 340,000	387 5 43/2 370 38	7 6 12 6 5 5 15	New Brunswick, N. J., to Bordentown, N. J Easton, Pa., to Bristol, Pa. Albany, N. Y., to Buffalo, N. Y. Winyaw Bay, S. C., to Santee River, Alligator River to Lake Mattamuskeet, N. C. Mayport, Fla., to Miami, Oyster Bay, Tex., to Brazos River, Tex. Connects Hudson River (via Spuyten Duyvil Creek) and Long Island Sound.

CANAIS.	Cost of Construc- tion.*	Len'h Miles	Depth Feet.†	Location.
Hillsboro	\$1,302,000	50	6-8	Deerfield to Lake Okeechobee, Fla.
Illinois and Michigan	6,339,098	96	5	Chicago, Ill., to La Salle, Ill.
Illinois & Mississippi (Hennepin)	7,320,000	75	7	lilinois River to Miss. River, near Rock I., Ill.
Inland Waterway (Lewes Canal)	356,000		6	Renoboth Bay to Delaware Bay, Del.
Lake Drummond	2,800,000	22	9	Connects Chesapeake Bay with Albemarle Sound.
Lake Landing	25,000	4	9 5	Lake Mattamuskeet to Wysocking Bay, N. C.
Lake Landing Lake Washington-Puget Sound	5.000.000	61/2	36	Connects Lake Washington and Puget Sound.
Lehigh Coal and Navigation Co.	4,455,000	108	6	Coalport, Pa., to Easton, Pa.
Louisville and Portland	5,716,686	21/2	9	At Falls of Ohio River, Louisville, Ky.
Mattamuskeet Out Fail	600,000	7	6	Hyde County, N C.
Miami and Erie	8,062,680	274	51/2	Cincinnati, Ohio, to Toledo, Ohio.
Miaml	1,765,000	79	6-8	Lake Okeechobee to Miami, Fia.
Morris Muscle Shoals and Elk R. Shoals	5,100,000	103	5	Jersey City, N. J., to Phillipsburg, N. J.
Muscle Shoals and Elk R. Shoals	3,156,919	16	5	Blg Muscle Shoals, to Elk River Shoals Tenn.
North New River	581,504	59	5-8	Lake Okeechobee to Ft. Lauderdale, Fla.
N. J. Coastal Inland Waterway.	450,000	1114	6	Cape May to Bay Head, N. J.
Ohlo Oswego	a)4,695,274	70	4	Cleveland, Ohio, to Dresden, Ohio.
‡Oswego	5,239,526	38	12	Oswego, N. Y., to Syrac se, N. Y.
Pennsylvania	7,731,750		6	Columbia, Northumberland, Wilkes-Barre, Pa.
Portage Lake and Lake Superior	1,725,000	25	20	From Keweenaw Bay to Lake Superior.
Port Arthur (ship canal)		7	26	Port Arthur, Tex., to Gulf of Mexico.
Sablne-Neches		16	26	Port Arthur Canal to mouth Sabine River, Tex.
Salem	70,000	2	5-8	Salem River to Delaware River.
Santa Fé	70,000	10	5	Waldo, Fla., to Melrose, Fla.
Sault Ste Marie (ship canal)	4,000,000	1 1/3	18	Connects Lakes Superior and Huron at St. Mary's River.
Schuylkill Navigation Co	12,461,600	108	61/4	Mill Creek, Pa., to Philadelphia, Pa.
South New River	792,400		6-8	Ft. Lauderdale to Lake Okeechobee, Fla.
Sturgeon Bay and Lake Mich'n			20	Between Green Bay and Lake Michigan.
St. Clair Flats	1,180,000	3 -	20	Canal through delta at mouth of St. Clair River.
St, Lucle	2.075,000		8-12	Stuart to Lake Okeechobee, Fla.
St. Mary's Falls	9,400,000		18½	Connects Lakes Superior and Huron at Sault Ste Marie, Mich.
St. Mary's Falls (parallel canal)	9.475,000	116	241/2	Connects Lakes Superior and Huron.
West Palm Beach	474,988		5-8	Lake Okeechobee, Lake Worth, West Palm Beach.
	CA			ANADA.

CANALS IN CANADA.						
Chambly	.   \$728,999   12	1 61/2	This canal overcomes the rapids between			
	1	1	Chambly and St. Johns.			
Cornwall	. 7,242,804 11	14	Cornwall to Dickinson's Landing.			
Lachine						
Rldeau	5.531.332 133	4 5	Connects River Ottawa with Lake Ontario.			
Sault Ste Marie (ship canal)	. 5,000,000 13	3 1814	Connects Lakes Superior and Huron at St. Mary's			
	1	-/-	River.			
Soulanges	. 8.000.000 14	15	Cascade Point to Coteau Landing.			
Trent	13.611.000 236	6-81/	Connects Lake Ontario and Lake Huron via			
,,======		- 70	Trent River.			
Welland (ship canal)	829.250.951 263	114-25	Connects Lake Ontario and Lake Erie.			
tt Williamshurg	1 10.499 154 124	9-14	Along St. Lawrence River.			

\*And improvements. †Navigable depth. | | Under construction. \$ Not including cost of improvements and changes in locks, etc., now under way and involving an additional cost of about \$20,000,000. †† Consisting of the Farrans Point, Rapide Plat and Galops Canais. (a) Original cost of canal extending from Cleveland to Portsmouth, 317 miles, but now abandoned between Portsmouth and Dresden. † The Eric Canai, Oswego Canai and Champiain Canai are being enlarged by the State of New York to a depth of 12 feet, and with locks of a capacity to pass barges having a net tonnage capacity of 2,000 tons each. The enlarged Champiain Canai between Troy and Whitehall, a distance of sixty-one miles, was completed and placed in commission in May, 1916. The Oswego (Barge) Canai is now open between the Three River Point and Lake Ontario at Oswego for boats of six-loot draught, with a connection with the Eric Canai at Syracuse through a portion of the unimproved canail. Several large sections of the Erie Barge Canai already have been completed and are in commission. Report of State Superintendent of Public Works In July. 1916, there were 277 miles of completed Barge Canai in use as follows: Eric (Barge) Canai—waterford to Jacksonburg (Mohawk River), 86 miles; Lyons to Faliport, 25 miles; Greece to Tonawanda, 73 miles. Total, 184 miles. Champiain (Barge) Canai—Waterford to Northumberland to Whitehall, 35 miles, and Baldwinsville, 5 miles, and between Three Rivers and Brewerton, 10 miles, which, though completed, may not he used in connection with the main line of canai, but which has opened Onelda Lake to canai traffer from its westerly end.

may not be used in confection with the main the of canal, our which may be seen that the first its westerly end.

The original estimated cost of enlarging the Erle, Champlain and Oswego Canals was \$101,000,000, but has since been increased by \$15,000,000 for terminals and \$8,000,000 for branches. The plan of improvement covers 440 miles of construction and 350 miles of canalized rivers and lakes, or 790 miles altogether.

\*\*The cost of enlarging the Cayuga and Seneca Canal to the same capacity as the improved Erle Canal is estimated at \$7,000.000.

TONNAGE ON CANALS.

Sault Ste Marle in 1915, 71,290,304 tons; all New York Canals in 1915, 1,858,114 tons as follows: Erie,1,155,235; Champlain, 503,030; Oswego, 142,312; Cayuga and Seneca, 26,384; Black River, 31,153.

Some Foreign Canals.	Length, Miles.	Depth, Feet.	Width, Feet.	Estimated Cost.
Suez-Mediterranean and Red Seas	103	35	108	\$127,000,000
Cronstadt-Petrograd	16	2014 28		10,000,000
Manchester—Manchester and Liverpool	351/2	28	120	85,000,000
Kaiser Wilhelm (Kiel Canal)—Baltic and North Seas	61	36	72	40,000,000
Elbe and Trave	41	10	72	6.000.000
Berlin-Stettin (Hohenzollern Canal)	136	9.8	32-39	12,500,000
Marseilles-River Rhone	60		82	20,000,000

### NATIONAL CRANCE, PATRONS OF HUSBANDRY.

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The National Grange has established over 30,000 subordinate granges throughout the United States. States.

## FACTS ABOUT THE EARTH.

(Revised by the National Geographic Society of Washington, D. C., from the latest available figures and estimates)

The superficial area of the earth is 196,940,000 square miles—140,295,000 square miles of water and 56,255,000 square miles of land. The three great oceans comprise the Atlantic, 41,321,000 square miles, Pacific, 68,634,000 square miles, and Indian, 29,430,000 square miles. There are about 1,000,000 square miles of lake and river surface on the land, and 1,910,000 square miles of islands in the seas. The diameter of the earth at the equator is 7,926 miles, and through the poles 7,899 6 miles. The average elevation of the land above sea level is 12,600 feet. The average depth of the ocean below sea level is 12,600 feet. The deepest place in the ocean yet found is off Mindanao, Philippine Islands, 32,088 feet. The highest mountain is Mount Everest, in the Himalayas, 29,002 feet. This gives a range of 61,090 feet or more, 11½ miles, between the bottom of the oceans and the top of the land.

#### AREA AND POPULATION OF THE EARTH BY CONTINENTS.

CONTINENTAL DIVISIONS.	Area in Square Miles.	Number.	Per Sq. Mile.	Continental, Divisions.	Area in Square Miles	INHABITANTS.  Number.   Per Sq. Mile.	
Africa America, N America, S	8,589,257 7,570,015	142,751,000 140,084,000 55,779,000 872,522,000	16 3 7 4	Australasia Europe Polar Regions Total	3,312,613 3,872,561 5,081,935 57,255,000	15,934,000 464,681,000 000,000 1,691,751,000 29.5	

The total area of the land, given here, includes inland waters and is the Sir John Murray estimate. In the areas of the several continents the Statistical Abstract and the Statesman's Yearbook have been followed in the case of North and South America, Europe and Australasia. In the case of Asia and Africa, where detailed surveys have never been made, planimetric measurements of shore lines are relied upon The polar regions are, of course, only an approximation. Population statistics are from the Statistical Abstract and the Statesman's Yearbook.

The best estimates of the earth's area place the fertile regions at 29,000,000 square miles; steppes at 14,000,000 square miles; deserts at 4,861,000 square miles; and polar regions at 6,970,000 square miles. The population of the earth at the death of Emperor Augustus, estimated by Bodio, was 54,000,000 free population of Europe hardly exceeded 50,000,000 before the fitteenth century.—Muhhall. The population of the earth at its present ratio of gain will be about 4,000,000,000 in 2014

The proportion of females to each 1,000 males in 1910 was: United States 934; England, 1,068; Germany, 1,026. In France (1901), 1,033.

#### HIGHEST AND LOWEST CONTINENTAL ALTITUDES.

	HIGHEST POINT.	Ele- vation (Ft)	Lowest Point.	Below Sea Level (Ft).
South America. Europe Asia	Mount McKinley, Alaska Mount Aconcagua, Chile-Argentina Mont Blane, France Mount Everest, India-China. Kibo Peak, East Africa. Mount Kosciusko, New South Wales	23,080 15,782 29,002 19,320	Sea level. Caspian Sea, Russia. Dead Sea, Palestine. Desert of Sahara	276 

#### POPULATION OF THE EARTH ACCORDING TO RACE

RACE	Location.	Number.	RACE.	Location	Number
Indo-Germanic or Aryan (white)	Europe, America. Persia. I n d i a. Australia		Malay and Poly- nesian (brown) American Indian,	Australasia	35,000,000
Mongolian or Tu- ranian (yellow and brown) .	Asia	630,000,000 70,000,000	North and South (red and half breeds)		27,000,000
Semitic (white) Negro and Bantu	Africa, Arabia, etc	134.000,000	Total		1,691,000,000

For statistics of earth's population according to creed, see Religious Statistics.

For statistics of earth's population according to creed, see ReLigious Statistics.

The human family 4s subject to 57 independent and three quasi-independent governments. The British Empire and Russia are the largest two, while Monaco with its eight square miles and San Marino with its thirty-eight square miles of territory are the smallest two. The absolute monarchies are Abyssinia, Afghanistan, Morocco, Siam, Oman, and Monaco; the limited monarchies are Albania, Austria-Hungary, Belgium, Brutan, British Empire, Buigaria, Denmark, German Empire, Greece, Italy, Japan, Liechteustein, Luxemburg, Montenegro, Nepal, Netherlands, Norway, Persia, Roumania, Russia, Sorbia, Spain, Sweden, and Turkey; the republics are Andorra, Argentina, Bolivia, Brazil, Chile, China, Colombia, Costa Rica, Couador, Guatemala, Halti, Honduras, Liberia, Mexico, Nicaragua, Fanama, Paraguay, Peru, Portugal, Salvador, San Marino, Santo Domingo, Switzerland, United States, Urugoay, Venezuela.

The average duration of human life is about 35 years One-quarter of the people on the earth die before age 6, one-half before age 16, and only about 1 person of each 100 born lives to 65

### METRIC SYSTEM OF WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.

THE use of the metric system is obligatory in thirty-four countries of the world, including practically all the countries of South America, and all but three or four of the European countries. Its use is also optional in the following eleven countries: Bolivia, Canada, China, Egypt, Great Britain and Ireland, Greece, Japan, Paraguay, Russia, United States of America, and Venezuela. Various names of the preceding systems are, however, frequently used: In Germany, ½ kilogram = 1 pound; in Switzerland, 3-10 of a meter = 1 loot, etc. If the first letters of the preceding systems are, however, frequently used: In Germany, ½ kilogram = 1 pound; in Switzerland, 3-10 of a meter = 1 loot, etc. If the first letters of the pickes akea, hecto, kilo, myria, from the Creek, and dect, cent, milit from the Latin, are used in proference to our plain English, 10, 100, etc., it is best to employ capital letters for the multiples and small letters for the subdivisions to avoid ambiguities in abbreviations: 1 dekameter or 10 meters = 1 dkm.; I declineter or 1-10 of a meter = 1 dm.

The Meters, unit of length, is nearly the ten-millionth part of a quadrant of a meridian, of the distance between Equator and Pole. The International Standard Meter is, practically, nothing else but a length defined by the distance between two lines on a plathum-irdium bar at 0° Centigrade, deposited at the International Bureau of Weights and Measures, Paris, France.

The Litera, unit of capacity, is derived from the weight of one kilogram pure water at greatest density, a cube whose edge is one-tenth of a meter and, therefore, the one-thousandth part of a metric ton.

The Grand, unit of weight, is a cube of pure water at greatest density, whose edge is one-hundredth of a meter, and, therefore, the one-thousandth part of a metric ton.

The Metric System was legalized in the United States on July 28, 1866, when Congress enacted as follows:

follows:

Be tt enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled. That from and after the passage of this act it shall be lawful throughout the United States of America to employ the weights and measures of the metric system, and no contract of dealing or pleading in any court shall be deemed invalid or liable to objection because the weights or measures expressed or referred to therein are weights or measures of the metric system.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the tables in the schedule hereto annexed shall be recognized in the construction of contracts and in all legal proceedings as establishing in terms of the weights and measures now in use in the United States the equivalents of the weights and measures expressed therein terms of the metric system; and said tables may be lawfully used for computing, determining, and expressing in customary weights and measures the weights and measures of the metric system.

#### MEASURES OF LENGTH.

Metric Denomination	s and Values.	Equivalents in Denominations in Use		
Myriameter Kilometer Hectometer Dekameter Meter Declimeter Centimeter Millimeter	10,000 meters, 1,000 meters, 100 meters, 10 meters, 1 meter, 1-10 of a meter, 1-100 of a meter,	6.2137 miles, 0.62137 mile, or 3.280 feet 10 inches, 328 feet 1 inch. 393.7 inches, 39.37 inches, 0.3937 inch. 0.0394 inch.		

#### MEASURES OF SURFACE.

Metric Denominations and Values,	Equivalents in Denominations in Use.
Hectare	2. 471 acres, 119.6 square yards, 1,550 square inches.

#### MEASURES OF CAPACITY.

Metric Denominations and Values			Equivalents in Denominations in Use.		
Names,	Names, Number of Liters, Cubic Measure,		Dry Measure.	Liquid or Wine Measure.	
Kiloliter or stere, Hectoliter	100 10 1-10 1-100	1 cubic meter	0.908 quart	1,0567 quarts, 0.845 gill, 0.338 fluid onnce.	

## METRIC SYSTEM-Continued.

## WEIGHTS.

WEIGHTS,					
Metr	EQUIVALENTS IN DE- NOMINATIONS IN USE.				
Names.	Number of Grams.	Weight of What Quantity of Water at Maximum Density.	Avoirdupois Weight.		
Millier or tonneau	100,000 10,000 1,000 100 10 1 1-10 1-100	1 cubic meter			

# TABLES FOR THE CONVERSION OF METRIC WEIGHTS AND MEASURES INTO CUSTOMARY UNITED STATES EQUIVALENTS AND THE REVERSE,

From the legal equivalents are deduced the following tables for converting United States weights and measures:

7	ď	ET	'F	1.5	C	T	1	C	US	т	O	M	A	R	Υ.	

CUSTOMARY TO METRIC.

#### LINEAR MEASURE.

Me- lers=Ins. 1= 39, 37 2= 78, 74 3=118, 11 4=157, 48 5=196, 85 6=236, 29 7=275, 59 8=314, 96 9=354, 33	Meters=Fee 1= 3.2808 2= 6.5616 3= 9.8425 4=13.1235 5=16.4041 6=19.6850 7=22.9658 8=26.2466 9=29.5275	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$11_{-0}$ , 62137 $22_{-1}$ , 24274 $3_{-1}$ , 86411 $44_{-2}$ , 48548 $65_{-3}$ , 10685 $76_{-3}$ , 72822 $87_{-4}$ , 34959 $98_{-4}$ , 97096	1 2.54   1 2 5.08   2 3 7.62   3 4 10.16   4 5 12.70   5 6 15.24   6 7 17.78   7 8 20.32   8	eet= Meters =0.304801 =0.609601 =0.914402 =1.219202 =1.524003 =1.828804 =2.133604 3.2438405 =2.743205	Yards = Meters, 1=0.914402 2=1.828804 3=2.743205 4=3.657607 5=4.572009 6=5.486411 7=6.400813 8=7.315215 9=8.229616	meters, 1 = 1.60935 2 = 3.21869 3 = 4.82804 4 = 6.43739 5 = 8.04674 6 = 9.65608 7 = 11.26543 8 = 12.87478	
80	UARE MEA	SURE.	CUBIC I	IEASURE.	s	QUARE MEASI	JRE.	
Square Centimet's	Square Meters Square Feet,	Square Meters     Square   Yards.	Cubic Meters I Cubic Feel.	Cubic Feet I Cubic Meters.	Square Inches Square Centimet's	Square Feet Square Meters.	Square Yards I Square Meters.	
1_0.155 2_0.310 3_0.465 4_0.620 5_0.775 6_0.930 7_1.085 8_1.240 9_1.395	2=21,528 3=32,292 4=43,053 5=53,819 6=64,583 7=75,347	2 2.392 3 3.588 4 4.784 5 5 5.980 6 7.176 7 7 8.372 8 9,568	1= 35,314 2= 70,629 3=105,943 4=141,258 5=176,572 6=211,887 7=247,201 8=282,516 9=317,830	1_0 02832 2_0 05663 3_0 08495 4_0 11327 5_0 14159 6_0 16990 7_0 19822 8_0 22654 9_0 25485	7=45.16 8=51 61	$egin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2=1.672 3=2.508 4=3.345 5=4.181 6=5.017 7=5.853 8=6.689	
	IQUID MEAS	SURE.	DRY M	EASURE.	LIQUID MEASURE.			
Centiliters Fluid Ounces.	Liters  Quarts.	Liters Gallons.	Hectoliters Bushels.	Bushels Hectoliters	Fluid Ounces Centiliters	Quarts  Liters.	Gallons    Liters.	
1_0.338 2_0.676 3_1.014 4_1.353 5_1.691 6_2.029 7_2.367 8_2.705 9_3.043	1_1.0567 2_2.1134 3_3.1701 4_4.2268 5_5.2836 6_6.3403 7_7.3970 8_8.4537 9_9.5104	10, 26418 20, 52836 30, 79253 41, 05671 51, 32089 61, 58507 71, 84924 82, 11342 92, 37760	1 2.8378 2 5.6756 3 8.5135 4 11.3513 5 14.1891 6 17.0269 7 19.8647 8 22.7026	1_0.35238 2_0.70477 3=1.05715 4=1.40953 5=1.76192 6=2.11430 7=2.46668 8=2.81907 9=3.17145	1= 2.957 2= 5.915 3= 8.872 4=11.829 5=14.786 6=17.741 7=20.701 8=23.658 9=26,616	1_0,94633 2_1,89267 3_2,83900 4_3,78533 5_4,73167 6_5,67800 7_6,62433 8_7,57066 9_8,51700	1= 8.78633 2= 7.57066 3=11.35600 4=15.14133 5=33.92666 6=22.71199 7=26.49733 8=30.28266 9=34.06799	

## METRIC SYSTEM-Continued.

#### WEIGHT (AVOIRDUPOIS).

Centi- grams grains.	Hilo- grams  B Ounces Av'd'ps.	Kito- grams f Pounds Av'd'ps.	Tons Tons Tons Tons	Grains  Centi- grains.	Ovences Av'd'ps  Arams.	Pounds Av'd'ps   Kilo- grams.	Long Tons Metric Tons.
4=0 6173 5=0.7716 6=0.9259 7=1.0803 8=1.2346	2= 70.548 3=105 822 4=141.096 5=176.370 6=211.644 7=246.918 8=282,192	1= 2.20462 2= 4.40924 3= 6.61386 4= 8.81849 5=11.02311 6=13.22773 7=15.43236 8=17.63698 9=19.84160	2=1.9684 3=2.9526 4=3.9368 5=4.9210 6=5.9052 7=6.8894 8=7.8737	4=25,9196 5=32,3995 6=38,8794 7=45,3592 8=51,8391	1= 28,3495 2= 56,6991 3= 85,0486 4=113,3981 5=141,7476 6=170 0972 7=198,4467 8=226,7962 9=255,1457	2=0,90718 3=1,36078 4=1,81437 5=2,26796 6=2,72155 7=3,17515 8=3,62874	1 = 1,0160 2 = 2,0321 3 = 3,0481 4 = 4,0642 5 = 5,0802 6 = 6,0963 7 = 7,1123 5 = 8,1284 9 = 9,1444

#### THE METRIC SYSTEM SIMPLIFIED.

The following tables of the metric system of weights and measures have been simplified as much as possible for The WORLD ALMANAC by omitting such denominations as are not in practical, everyday use in the conducties where the system is used exclusively.

## TABLES OF THE SYSTEM.

Length, -- The denominations in practical use are millimeters (mm.), centimeters (cm.), meters | Length. - The denominations in practical as as a second control of the first (km.), and kilometers (km.), 10 mm. = 1 cm.; 100 cm. = 1 m.; 1,000 m. = 1 km. Note. - A decimeter is 10 cm. | Weight. - The denominations in use arc grams (g.), kilos\* (kg.), and tons (metric tons), 1,000 g. = 1 kg.; 1.000 kg. = 1 metric ton. (hpacity. - The denominations in use arc cubic centimeters (c. c.) and liters (l.), 1,000 c. c. = 1 l. Note. - A hectoliter is 100 l. (seldom used), Relation of capacity and weight to length: A cubic decimeter is a liter, and a liter of water weighs

a kilo. APPROXIMATE EQUIVALENTS. A meter is about a yard; a kilo is about 2 pounds; a liter is about a quart; a centimeter is about Kinch; a metric tou is about same as a ton; a kilometer is about % mile; a cubic centimeter is about a

#### thimbleful; a nickel welghs about 5 grams.

	PRECISE EQUIVALENTS.		
1 acre 40 hectar	e4047 <sub>1</sub> 1 mile	= 1.6 kllometers 1 6	309
1 bushel = 35 liters	35, 24   1 millimeter =	<b>039</b> mca	394
1centimeter = .39 inch			
	inch0610 1 ounce (Troy) =		
1 cubic foot = .028 cubic r	neter 0283 1 peck	= 8.8 liters 8 8	
1 cubic inch = 16 cubic c			
1 cubic meter= 35 cubic	feet35, 31 1 pound	= .45 kilo	
1 cubic meter = 1.3 cubic y	ards 1.308   1 quart (dry) =	= 1.1 liters 1.1	
	neter 7646 1 quart (liquid)		
	ieters 30.48   1 sq. centimeter.		
	3. 785 1 sq. foot		
1grain065 gram			
	2 471  1 sq. meter		
	leters, 25 40   1 sq. yard		
	s 2. 205 1 ton (2,000 lbs.)		
	(dry) 9081 1 ton (metric)		
	(liq'd) 1 057 1 ton (metric) =		
1 meter = 3.3 feet	3.281  1 yard	= .91 meter9	1144

<sup>\*</sup>Contraction for kilogram. † Centimeters.

#### MINIMUM WEIGHTS OF PRODUCE.

THE following are approximate weights of certain articles of produce according to the laws of the United

States:				
	Per Bushel	1		Per Bushel
Wheat				Millet Seed 50 lbs.
Corn. not defined	56	Sweet Potatoes	46-60 ''	Hungarian Grass Seed 48-50 "
Corn, in the ear husked	. 56 "	Onions	.50-57 "	Timothy Seed 45 "
Corn, shelled.	. 56 "	Carrots .	. 50 "	Red Top & Blue Grass Seed. 14 '
Rye	. 56 "	Turnips	55-60 "	Hemp Seed
Buckwheat	42-52 ''	Dried Peaches	33 "	Salt (see note below),
Barley	48 "	Peaches, not defined	48-54	Indian Corn or Maize56 "
Oats .	32 "	Pears, not defined	. 45-60 "	Corn Meal 48 "
Peas	. 60 "	Apples, not defined	.44-50 "	Ground Peas 24 "
Beans, not defined .	. 60 "	Dried Apples	. 24-28 "	Malt 30-38 "
Castor Beans	50 "	Clover Seed	60 "	Bran 20 "
Tomatoes .	45-60 "	Flax Seed (Linseed)	56 "	

SALT.—Weight per bushel as adopted by different States ranges from 50 to 80 pounds. Coarse salt fremsplyania is reckoned at 85 pounds, and in Illinois at 50 pounds per bushel. Fine salt in Pennsylvania is reckoned at 62 pounds, in Kentucky and Illinois at 55 pounds per bushel.

#### MEASURES AND WEIGHTS OF CREAT BRITAIN.

The measures of length and the weights are nearly, practically, the same as those in use in the United States. The English ton is 2,240 lbs, avoirdupols, the same as the long tou, or shipping ton of the United States. The English bundredweight is 112 lbs, avoirdupols, the same as the long hundredweight of the United States. The English stone is usually equal to one-eighth hundredweight of 112 lbs, or 14 lbs, avoirdupols. The metre has been legalized at 39,37079 inches, but the length of 39,370432 luches, as adopted by France, Germany, Belgium, and Russia, is frequently used. The Imperial gallon, the basis of the system of capacity, involves an error of about 1 part in 1,836: 10 lbs, of water = 277.123 cubic inches. (A late authority gives the weight of the Imperial gallon as 10.017 pounds and of the United States gallon as 8,345 pounds.)

The English statute mile is 1,760 yards or 5,280 feet. The following are measures of capacity:

NAMES.	Pounds of Water.	Cubic Inches.	Litres.	United States Equivalents.		
4 gills     = 1 pint       2 pints     = 1 quart       2 quarts     = 1 pottle       2 pottles     = 1 gallon       2 gallons     = 1 peck       4 pecks     = 1 bushel       4 bushels     = 1 coomb       2 coombs     = 1 quarter	2.5 5 10 20 80 320 320	34.66 69.32 138.64 277.27 554.55 2218.19 8872.77 17745.54	1.13586 2.27173 4.54346 9.08692 36.34766 145.39062	1. 20032 liquid plnts, 1. 20032 ' quarts, 2. 40064 ' gallons, 1. 20032 ' gallons, 1. 03152 dry pecks, 1. 03152 ' bushels, 4. 12606 ' '		

A cubic foot of pure gold weighs 1,210 pounds; pure silver, 655 pounds; castiron, 450 pounds; copper, 550 pounds; lead 110 pounds; pure platinum, 1,220 pounds; tin, 456 pounds; aluminum, 163 pounds.

## DOMESTIC WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.

Apothecaries' Weight: 20 grains = 1 scruple; 3 scruples = 1 dram; 8 drams = 1 ounce: 12 ounces = 1 nound.

Avoirdupois Weight (short ton): 27 11-32 grains = 1 dram; 16 drams = 1 ounce; 16 ounces = 1

Avoirdupois Weight (short wol): 2711-32 grains = 1 draft; 10 drafts = 1 ounce; 16 ounces = 1 pound; 25 pounds = 1 quarter; 4 quarters = 1 cwt.; 20 cwt. = 1 ton.

Avoirdupois Weight (long ton): 2711-32 grains = 1 draft; 16 drafts = 1 ounce; 16 ounces = 1 pound; 112 pounds = 1 cwt.; 20 cwt. = 1 ton.

Troy Weight: 24 grains = 1 pennyweight; 20 pennyweights = 1 ounce; 12 ounces = 1 pound.

Circular Measure: 60 seconds = 1 minute; 60 minutes = 1 degree; 30 degrees = 1 sign; 12 signs = 1 circle or circumference

Circular Measure: 60 seconds -1 minute; 60 minutes -1 degree; 30 degrees -1 sign; 12 signs -1 circle or circumference.

Cubic Measure: 1,728 cubic inches =1 cubic foot; 27 cubic feet =1 cubic yard.

Dry Measure: 2 pints =1 quart; 8 quarts =1 peck; 4 pecks =1 bushel.

Liquid Measure: 4 gills =1 pint; 2 pints =1 quart; 4 quarts =1 gallon; 31½ gallons -1 barrel;
2 barrels =1 hogshead.

Long Measure: 12 inches =1 foot; 3 feet =1 yard; 5½ yards =1 rod or pole; 40 rods =1 furlong; 8 furlongs =1 statute mile (1,760 yards or 5,280 feet); 3 miles =1 league.

Mariners' Measure: 6 feet =1 fathom; 120 fathoms =1 cable length; 7½ cable lengths =1 mile; 5,280 feet =1 statute mile; 6,085 feet =1 nautical mile.

Paper Measure: 24 sheets =1 quire; 20 quires =1 ream (480 sheets); 2 reams =1 bundle; 5 bundles =1 bale.

Square Measure: 144 square inches =1 square foot; 9 square feet =1 square yard; 30½ square Square Measure: 144 square inches = 1 square foot; 9 square feet = 1 square yard; 30¼ square yards = 1 square rod or perch; 40 square rods = 1 rood; 4 roods = 1 acre; 640 acres = 1 square mile; 36 square miles (6 miles square) = 1 township.

Time Measure: 60 seconds = 1 minute; 60 minutes = 1 hour; 24 hours = 1 day; 7 days = 1 week; 365 days = 1 year; 366 days = 1 leap year.

## MEDICAL SIGNS AND ABBREVIATIONS.

B (Lat. Recipe), take; aā, of each; b, pound; \$\frac{1}{2}\$, ounce; \$\frac{1}{2}\$, drachm; \$\frac{1}{2}\$, scruple; \$\pi\_1\$, minim, or drop; O or 0, pint; \$\frac{1}{2}\$, finid ounce; \$\frac{1}{2}\$, fluid drachm; as, \$\frac{3}{2}\$ ss, half an ounce; \$\frac{3}{2}\$ i, one ounce and a haif; \$\frac{3}{2}\$ il, two ounces; \$\frac{1}{2}\$, \$\frac{1}{2}\$ in \$\frac{1}{2}\$ ounce as sufficient; \$\frac{1}{2}\$ if, it is ounce; \$\frac{1}{2}\$ is, as much as sufficient; \$\frac{1}{2}\$ if, it is a mixture be made; \$\frac{1}{2}\$ if thaust, let a draught be made; \$Ad, add to; \$Ad lib. at pleasure; \$Aq. water; \$M, \mix; Mac, macerate; \$Pulv, powder; \$Pi, \text{pill}; \$\frac{1}{2}\$ solv., dissolve; \$\frac{1}{2}\$ it, let it stand; \$\frac{1}{2}\$ sum, to be taken; \$D, \text{dosi}; \$\frac{1}{2}\$ ill., \dilute; \$\frac{1}{2}\$ it, a wash; \$\frac{1}{2}\$ arg, a gargle; Hor. Decub., at bed time; \$\frac{1}{2}\$ Inject, injection; \$\frac{1}{2}\$ it, drops; \$\frac{1}{2}\$, one-half; \$\frac{1}{2}\$ ss., essence.

# TEXAS LAND MEASURE.

	(Also used in Mexico, New .	Mexico, Arizona, and Camornia.	)	
26,000,000	square varas (square of 5,099	varas) = 1 league and 1 labo		acres.
1,000,000	square varas (square of 1.000	varas) = 1 labor	= 177.136	acres.
25,000,000	square varas (square of 5,000	varas) = 1 league	=4.428.4	acres.
12,500,000	square varas (square of 3,535	5 varas) = ⅓ league	= 2,214,2	acres.
8,333,333	square varas (square of 2,886.	7 varas) → ⅓ league	= 1,476 13	acres.
6,250,000	square varas (square of 2,500	varas) = 1/4 league	= 1,107.1	acres.
7,225,600	square varas (square of 2,688	varas)	=1,280	acres.
3,612,800	square varas (square of 1,900.	8 varas) = 1 section	= 640	acres.
1,806,400	square varas (square of 1,344	varas) = 1/2 section	= 320	acres.
903, 200	square varas (square of 950	44 varas) = ¼ section	<b>= 160</b>	acres.
451,600	square varas (square of 672	varas) = 1/2 section	<b>=</b> 80	acres.
225,800	square varas (square of 475	varas) = 1-16 section	<b>=</b> 40	acres.
	square varas (square of 75.	137 varas) = 4,840 square yards	<b>=</b> 1	acre.

To find the number of acres in any number of square varas, multiply the latter by 177 (or to be more exact, by 177%), and cut off six decimals. 1 vara = 33% inches.

1.900.8 varas = 1 mile.

V	VEIG.	HTS AND MEASU	RES OF THE PHILI	PPINI	65.		
1 pulgada (12 linea)	_	.927 inch.	1 libra (16 onzo)	-	1.0144		
1 pie	=	11 125 inches.	1 arroba	-	25.360		
1 vara	=	33 375 inches,	1 catty (16 tae <sup>1</sup> )	0000	1.394		
1 gantah	1278	.8796 gallon.	1 pecul (100 catty)	trans	139.482	lh	av.
1 caban	1.00	21.991 gallous,					

## KNOTS AND MILES.

THE Statute Mile is 5,280 fect.

The British Admiralty Knot or Nautical Mile is 6,080 feet.

The Statute Knot is 6.082.66 feet, and is generally considered the standard. The number of feet in a statute knot is arrived at thus: The circumference of the earth is divided into 360 degrees, each degree containing 60 knots or (360x60), 21.600 knots to the circumference. 21.600 divided into 131.385.466-the number of feet in the earth's circumference—gives 6,082.66 feet—the length of a standard mile.

 $\begin{array}{c} = 1.151 \text{ miles} \\ = 2.303 \text{ miles} \\ = 3.454 \text{ miles} \end{array} | \begin{array}{c} 4 \text{ knots} = 4.606 \text{ miles} \\ 5 \text{ knots} = 5.757 \text{ miles} \\ 10 \text{ knots} = 23.787 \text{ miles} \\ 10 \text{ knots} = 11.515 \text{ miles} \\ \end{array} | \begin{array}{c} 6 \text{ feet} \\ 6 \text{ feet} \\ = 1 \text{ fathom} \\ \end{array} |$ = 1 cable 2 knots 10 cables 3 knots

#### ANCIENT CREEK AND ROMAN WEICHTS AND MEASURES

WITH AMERICAN EQUIVALENTS.

WEIGHTS.

The Roman libra or pound = 10 oz. 18 pwt. 13 5-7 gr., Troy. The Attlea mina or pound = 11 oz. 7 pwt. 16 2-7 gr., Troy. The Attlea talent (60 mins) = 56 ibs 11 oz. 0 pwt 17 1-7 gr., Troy.

DRY MEASURE.
The Roman modus = 1 pk. 2-9 pint.
The Attic chenix = nearly 1½ pints,
The Attic medimnus = 4 pk. 6 1-10 pints.
LIQUID MEASURE.
The cotyle = a little over ½ pint.
The cyathus = a little over ½ pints.
The chus = a little over 6% pints.

The cous = a little over 0% pints.

Long MEASURE.

The Roman cobit = 11 3-5 inches.

The Roman cubit = 1 ft. 5% inches.

The Roman pace = 4 ft. 10 inches.

The Roman furlong = 604 ft, 10 inches.

The Roman mile = 4835 feet.

The Grecian cubit = 1 ft. 61/8 inches

The Grecian furlong = 504 ft. 41-5 inches. The Grecian mile = 4,030 ft.

MONEY. The quadraus = 11-10 mills.

The quadraus = 1 1-10 mills. The as = 1 3-10 mills. The sestertius = 3.58 + cents. The sestertium (1.000 sestertii) = \$35.80+. The denarius = 14.35 + cents. The Attic obolus = 2.39 + cents. The Attic obolus = 2.39 + cents. The drachma = 14.35 + cents. The mina (100 drachma) = \$14.35 + cents. The talent (60 mina) = \$861.00 + cents. The talent (60 mina) = \$861.00 + cents. The Greek stater = aureus (same as the Roman†) = \$83.56.99. = \$3,58,79

The stater = daricus = \$7.16,66.

The modern drachma equals 19 3 cents. † Did not remain, at all periods, at this value, but this is the value indicated by Tacitus

#### BIBLICAL WEIGHTS REDUCED TO TROY WEIGHT.

	Lbs	Oz.	Pwt.	Gr.
The Gerali, one-twentieth of a Shekel	0	0	0	12
The Bekali, half a Shekel	0	0	5	0
The Shekel	0	0	10	0
The Manch, 60 Shekels	2	6	0	0
The Talent, 50 manehs, or 3,000 Shekels	125	0	0	0

## ELECTRICAL UNITS AND THEIR POPULAR DEFINITIONS.

The watt is the unit expressing electrical energy as horsepower (hip) represents energy in mechanics. It is the sum of the volt (pressure) times ampere (rate of flow). Thus 2 volts times 2 amperes would give you 4 watts. Electrical energy is sold at so much per watt hour or more generally at a given amount per kilowatt hour—which means 1,000 watt-hours. This may represent 1 watt for 1,000 hours or say 1,000 watts for 1 hour. 746 watts are equal to one horsepower or inversely 1 kilowatt (kw) is equal to 11½

watts for 1 nour. 740 watts are equal to the horsepower.

The horsepower represents the energy required to lift a weight of 33,000 pounds—1 foot in 1 minute or 550 lbs. 1 foot in 1 second.

The ohm is the unit of electrical resistance and represents the physical property of a material which offers a resistance to the flow of electricity permitting just 1 ampere to flow at 1 volt of pressure. For example, 1,000 feet of copper wire of 10 gauge has just 1 ohm of resistance and allows the flow of 1 ampere at 1 volt.

A dry battery is made by placing in a hollow receptacle of zinc a piece of earhon, the intervening space being filled with a mixture containg certain chemicals, such as manganese dioxide, powdered carbon and some absorbent material such as sawdust, which is then saturated with salammoniac and the receptacle sealed. The chemical action set up produces a flow of electricity when the two electrodes, the carbon and the zinc, are connected by a conductor of electricity such as a wire, a lamp or a motor.

THEODORE DWIGHT.

## FOREICN MONEYS.

English Money: 4 farthings = 1 penny (d); 12 pence = 1 shilling (s); 20 shillings = 1 pound (£). 21 shiflings - one guinea; 5 shillings - one crown.

French Money: 100 centimes = 1 franc. German Money: 100 pfennig = 1 mark.

Russian Money: 100 copecks = 1 ruble.

Austro-Hungarian Money: 100 heller = 1 krone (crown).

For United States equivalents, see table of "Value of Foreign Coins in U. S. Money."

## TABLE OF CEOMETRICAL PROCRESSION.

(Whereby any questions of Geometrical Progression and of Double Ratio may be solved by Inspection, the Number of Terms not exceeding  $56\,$ )

1 1	1 1	1 15 1	16384	29	268435456	43 1	4398046511104
2	2	16	32768	30	536870912	44	8796095022308
3	4	17	65536	31	1073741824	45	17592186044416
4	8	18	131072	32	2147483648	46	. 35184372088832
6	16	19	262144	33	4294967296	47	70368744177664
6	32	20	524288	34	8589934592	48	140737488355328
7 1	64	21	1048576	35	17179869184	49	281474976710656
	128	22	2097152	36	34359738368	50	562949953421312
° l	256	23	4194304	37	68719476786	51	1125899906842624
10	512	24	8388608	38	137438953472	52	2251799813685248
ii	1024	25	16777216	39	274877906944	53	4503599627370496
							9007199254740932
12	2048	26	33554432	40	549755813888	54	
13	4096	27	67108864	41	1099511627776	55	18014398509481984
14	8192	28	134917798	4.3	2199023255552	56	36028797018963968

ILLUSTRATIONS-The 13th power of 2=8192, and the 8th root of 256=2.

## THE ENGLISH MILE.

COMPARED WITH OTHER EUROPEAN MEASURES.

	English Mile.	English Geog. M.	French Kilom.	Geog. M.	Rursian Verst.	Austrian Mile.	Dutch Ure.	Norweg. Mile.	Swedish Mile.	Danish Mile.	Swiss Stunde.
English Statute Mile English Geog. Mile	1.000 1 150	0.867	1.609 1.855	0 217	1 508 1 738	0.212	0 289 0,333	0 142 0 164	0, 151 0,169	0 213	0.335
French Kilometre	0.621	0 540	1.000	0.135	0 937	0.132	0.180	0.088	0 094	0 133	0.208
German Geog. Mile Russian Verst	4.610 0.663	4 000 0 575	7 420 1 067	1 000 6 144	6 953 1 000	0.978	1 333 0.192	0.657	0 100	0 985 0 142	1.543 0.222
Austrian Mile	4 714 3 458	4 089	7.5%6 5.565	1.022	7.112 5.215	1.000	1.363	0.672	0 710	1.006 0.738	1.578
Norwegian Mile	7 021	6 091	11 299	1. 523	10 589	1.489	2 035	1.000	1.057	1.499	2.350
Swedlsh Mile Danish Mile	6 644	5.764 4.062	10 692 7 536	1 441	10 019 7 078	1.409	1.921 1.354	0 948	1.000	1.419	2. 224 1.567
Swiss Stunde	2.987	2.592	4.808	0.648	4.505	0.634	0.864	0.425	0.449	0.638	1.000

#### STANDARD NEWSPAPER MEASURES.

THE Standard Newspaper Measure, as recognized and now in general use is 13 ems pica. The standard of measurement of all sizes of type is the "em quad," not the letter "m,"

The basis of measurements adopted by the International Typographical Union is the lower-case alphabet, from "a" to "z" inclusive, and the emsused are the same body as the type measured.

434 Point 18 ems	1.7 Point 14 ems	10 Point13 ems
5 Doint 17 ome	8 Point 14 ems	11 Point 13 ems
5 Point ems	0 TOHIL	12 Doint
5% Point	9 Point 13 ems	12 Point 13 ems
C Drint 15 ame	1	l .

## SIMPLE INTEREST TABLE.

(Showing at Different Rates the Interest on \$1 from 1 Mouth to 1 Year, and on \$100 from 1 Day to 1 Year)

	4 PER CENT.			er Ce	NT.	6 PER CENT.			7 PER CENT.		INT.	8 PER CENT.		
Time.	Dollars. Cents.	Mills.	Dollars.	Cents.	Mills.	Dollars,	Cents.	Mills.	Dollars.	Cents.	Mills.	Dollars.	Cents.	Mills.
One Dollar 1 month	. 3 4 . 5	.:	1	2 4 5 6 8 41 83 25	4835 37139362	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1 1 3 6 1 3 5 6 8 10 50	6 2	1 1 3 7	1 1 3 7 7 1 3 5 7 9 11 5 16 7 5 5 0	5175 :98877636	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1 2 4 8 2 4 6 8 11 13 66 33	63 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

## COMPOUND INTEREST TABLE.

## COMPOUND INTEREST ON ONE DOLLAR FOR 100 YEARS.

AMOUNT	Years.	Per cent.	Accumula-	AMOUNT	Years.	Per cent.	Accumula-	AMOUNT	Years	Per cent.	Accumulation.
\$1 1 1 1	100 100 100 100 100 100	1 2 21/2 3 3 3/4	\$2.70,5 7.24,5 11.81,4 19.21,8 31.19,1 50,50,4	1	100 100 100 100 100 100		\$81,58,9 131,50,1 339,30,5 867,72,1 2,199,78,4 5,529,04,4	1 1 1 1	100 100 100 100 100 100	10 11 12 15 18 24	\$13,780,66 34,064,34,6 83,521,82,7 1,174,302,40 15,424,106,40 2,198,720,200

## YEARS IN WHICH A GIVEN AMOUNT WILL DOUBLE AT SEVERAL RATES OF INTEREST.

		AT C	MPOUND INT	REST.		,	Ат С	OMPOUND INT	KEST.
RATE.	At Simple Interest.		At Simple Interest.	Compounded Yearly.	Compounded Semi-Aunu- ally.	Compounded Quarterly.			
1 1½ 2 2½ 3 3½ 4 4½ 5	100 years, 66 66 50 00 40 00 33 33 28 57 25 00 22 22 20 00 18 18	35 003 28 071 23 450 20 149 17, 673 15, 747 14, 207	69. 487 46 382 34 830 27. 899 23. 278 19. 977 17. 501 15. 576 14. 035 12, 775	69 237 46.297 34.743 27.748 23 191 19.890 17.415 15.490 13.949 12.689	6 61/4 7 7/4 8 81/4 9 91/4 10 12	16 67 15 38 14 29 13 33 12 50 11 76 11 11 10 52 10 00 8 34	11, 896 11, 007 10, 245 9, 584 9, 006 8, 497 8, 043 7, 638 7, 273 6, 116	11,725 10,836 10,074 9,414 8,837 8,327 7,874 7,468 7,103 5,948	11 639 10.750 9.966 9.328 8.751 8.241 7.788 7.383 7.018 5.862

## MONTHLY WACE TABLE.\*

DAYS.	\$10	\$11	\$12	<b>\$1</b> 3	\$14	\$15	\$16	\$17	\$18	\$19	\$20
_	000		40		-		0.0	0.5		=0	
1	.38	$^{+42}_{-85}$	.46	1,00	1.08	.58 1.15	1, 62 1, 23	1.31	1.38	1, 73 1, 46	1.54
3	1.15	1.27	1 38	1.50	1.62	1,73	1.85			2 19	2,31
4	1.54	1,69	1 85	2 00	2.15	2.31	2,46	2.62	2 77	2.92	3 08
5	1.92	2.12	2.31	2 50	2,69	2 88	3 08	3 27	3 46	3 65	3,85
<u>6</u>	$\frac{2.31}{2.69}$	$\frac{2.54}{2.96}$	$\frac{2.77}{3.23}$	3,00 3,50	$\frac{3}{3}, \frac{23}{77}$	3.46		3, 92	4.15 4.85	4 38 5.12	4.62 5.38
7	3,08	$\frac{2}{3} \frac{96}{38}$	$\frac{3}{3}.69$	3.50 4.00	3, 77 4, 31	4, 04 4, 62	$\frac{4.31}{4.92}$	5 23		5.12	6.15
9	3.46	3.81	4,15	4 50		5.19	5,54		6. 23	6.58	6.92
10	3,85	4, 23	4.62	5.00	5.38	5 77	6.10	6 54	6 92	7 31	7.69
11	4 23	4 65	5, 08	5.50	5 92	6 35	6.77	7.19		8.04	8 46
12	4,62 5,00	5 08 5.50	5, 44 6, 00	6, 00 6, 50	6.46		7 38 8 00	7 85 8 50	8,31 9 00	8 77 9,50	$\frac{9}{10} \frac{23}{00}$
13 14	5.38	5 92	6 46	7 00	7.00	7.50 8.08	8.62	9.15	9, 69	10 23	10.77
15	5 77	6 3.5	6, 92	7 50	8 08	8 65	9, 23	9 81	10.38	10 96	11 54
20	7,69	8 46	9, 23	10.00	10 77	11.54	12 31	13, 03	13.85	14 62	15 38
1 month	10.00	11.00	12.00	13.00	14 00	15,00	16,00	17 00	18 00	19 00	20,00 40 00
2	20.00 30 00	$\frac{22\ 00}{33.00}$	24.00 36.00	26.00 39 00	28, 00 42, 00	30 00 45,00	32 00 48,00			$\frac{38}{57} \frac{00}{00}$	60 00
4	40 00	44,00	48,00	52 00	56,00	60 00	64,00	68 00		76,00	80 00
5	50 00	55.00	60 00	65,00	70.00	75 00	80,00	85 00	90 00	95 00	100.00
<u>6</u>	60 00	66,00	72 00	78 00	84 00	90 00			108 00		120 00
$7 \cdots$	70 00 80 00	77 00 88 00	84,00 96,00	91 00	$\frac{98.00}{112.00}$	105,00	112 00	119 00	126 00 144,00	150,00	160,00
8	90 00				126 00	135 00	144 00	153 00	162,00	171 00	180.00
10	100 00	110.00	120, 00	130, 00	140.00	150.00	160 00	170,00	.180 00.	<b>1</b> 90 00:	200.00
11	1 0.00	121.00	132.00	143.00	154.00	165 00	176,00	187,00	198,00	209, 00	220.00
1 year	120,00	132.00	144,00	156.00	168.00	180,003	192.00	204,00	216.00	. 28. 00	240,00

<sup>\*</sup> Six working days in the week.

## ROMAN AND ARABIC NUMERALS.

	1	
1	1 X 1 1	11 XXX 30 CCCC 400
11	2 XII 1	12 X L
111	3 X III 1	13 L 50 DC 600
IV	4 XIV 1	14 LX 60 DCC 700
V	5 XV 1	15 LXX 70 DCCC 800
VI	6 X VI 1	16 LXXX or XXC 80 CM 900
VII	7 XVII 1	17 XC 90 M 1000
VIII	8 XVIII 1	18 C 100 MCMXVII 1917
IX	9 XIX 1	19 CC 200 MM 2000
X	10 XX 2	20 CCC300

## SPECIFIC CRAVITY.\*

		Sundries.			
Water100	Cork 24	Indigo 77	Granite 278		
Sea-water	Poplar 38	Ice 92	Diamond 353		
Dead Sea124	Fir 55	Gunpowder 93			
Alcohol 84	Cedar 61	Butter 94 Clay 120	Ray iron 779		
Wine 100	Walnut 67	Coal	Bar iron 779 Steel 783		
Urine 101	Cherry 72	Opium	Brass 840		
Cider 102	Maple 75	Honey145	Copper , 895		
Beer 102	Ash 84	Ivory	Silver 1.047		
Woman's milk102	Reech 85	Sulphur 203	Lead		
Cow's103	Manogany 106	Marble	Gold 1.926		
Porter 104	Ebony 133	Glass	Platina2.150		

The weight of a cubic loot of distilled water at a temperature of 60° F is 1,000 onnees Avoirdupois, very nearly, therefore the weight (in onnees, Avoirdupois) of a cubic foot of any of the substances in the above table is found by multiplying the specific gravities by 10, thus:—one cubic foot of oak weighs 1,170 ounces; one cubic foot of marble 2.700 ounces, and so on.

\*Compared with water.

## FREEZING, FUSING, AND BOILING POINTS.

Substances.   Reau   Centi   Fahren   Substances.   Reau   Centi   Fahren   Substances.   Reau   Centi   Grade.   helt.   helt.   Grade.   helt.   Grade.   helt.   helt.	e. be!t.
Bromine freezes at 17.60 - 220 - 7.60 Silver fuses at 8000 1,00 9	6 1,8320
Quicksilver freezes at	
Bismuth metal fuses at 211 264 507 Zinc fuses at 329 6 41	
Gold fuses at	
Iron luses at	347

Authorities vary on some of these points The best are given.

## HEIGHT AND WEIGHT OF MEN.

TABLE OF AVERAGE HEIGHT AND WEIGHT OF MALES, BASED ON ANALYSIS OF 74,162 ACCEPTED APPLICANTS FOR LIFE INSURANCE AS REPORTED TO THE ASSOCIATION

OF LIFE INSURANCE MEDICAL DIRECTORS.

Пыдні.	Age. 15-24	Age. 25-29	Age. 30-34	Age. 35-39	Age. 40-44	Age. 45-49	Age. 50-54	Age. 55-59	Age 60-64	Age. 65-69
	Pounda	Pounds	Pounda.	Pounds	Pounds	Pounds	Pounds	Pounds	Pounds	Pounds.
5 feet	120	125	128	131	133	134	134	134	131	
5 feet 1 inch		126	129	131	134	136	136	136	134	
5 feet 2 inches		128	131	133	136	138	138	138	137	
5 feet 3 inches		liŝĭ	134	136	139	141	141	141	140	140
5 feet 4 inches		135	138	140	143	144	145	145	144	143
5 feet 5 inches		138	141	143	146	147	149	149	148	147
5 feet 6 inches		142	145	147	150	151	153	153	153	151
5 feet 7 inches		147	150	152	155	156	158	158	158	156
5 feet 8 inches		151	154	157	160	161	163	163	163	162
5 feet 9 inches		155	159	162	165	166	167	168	168	168
5 feet 10 inches	154	159	164	167	170	171	172	173	174	174
5 feet 11 inches	159	164	169	173	175	177	177	178	180	180
6 feet	165	170	175	179	180	183	182	183	185	185
6 feet 1 inch		177	181	185	186	189	188	189	189	189
6 feet 2 Inches	176	184	188	192	194	196	194	194	192	192
6 leet 3 inches		190	195	200	203	204	201	198		

A Height and Weight Table compiled by a Committee of the Medical Section of the National Fraternal Congress, 1900, which is the analysis of 133,940 applications of selected risks, in a few instances differed very slightly from the above.

# HEIGHT AND WEIGHT OF WOMEN.

The following table gives the relative height and weight of women, all ages. The weight of ordinary clothing, however, is included:

5 feet	120 102 125 106 130 111 155 115 140 119	132 138 138 144 150 155 161 161 161 161 161 161 161 161	7 inches	148 126 155 131 160 136 165 138	Maximum. 167 170 179 184 190
5 feet 6 inches		165			

#### WATER MEASURES. WEIGHT OF WATER,

_		
1	cubic inch	1 cylindrical foot 60 U.S. gals.
12	cubic inches434 pound.	2, 282 cylindrical feet 112.0 pounds.
1	cubic foot 62.5 pounds.	45 64 cylindrical feet 2240 0 pounds.
1	cubic foot 7. 48052 U. S. gals.	1 imperial gallou 10 0 pounds.
18	cubic feet 112.0 pounds.	11.2 imperial gallons 112 0 pounds.
35.84	cubic feet 2240.0 pounds.	224 imperial gallons2240.0 pounds.
1	cylindrical inch 02842 pound.	1 U. S. gallon 8 355 pounds.
12	cylindrical inches .341 pound.	13 44 U. S. gallons 112 0 pounds.
1	cylindrical foot 49,10 pounds.	268,8 U. S. gallous 2240,0 pounds.

Note-The centre of pressure of water against the side of the containing vessel or reservoir is at two-thirds the depth from the surface. One cubic foot salt water weighs 64.3 pounds.

#### THEORETICAL VELOCITY OF WATER IN FEET PER SECOND.

HEAD, FERT.	Velocity, Feet per Second.	HEAD, FRET	Velocity, Feet per Second.	HEAD, FEET.	Velocity, Feet per Second.	HEAD, FEET	Velocity, Feet per Second
10	25.4	25	40 1	5.5	59 5	85	74.0
12	27.8	30	43 9	60	62 1	90	76.1
15	31.1	35	47 4	65	64.7	95	78.2
18	34.0	40	50 7	70	67 1	100	80.3
20	35.9	45	53.8	75	69 5	125	89.7
22	37.6	50	56.7	80	71.8	150	98.3

#### PRESSURE OF WATER PER SQUARE INCH AT DIFFERENT DEPTHS.

DEPTH IN FEET.	l'iessuie (lbs.)	DEPTH IN FEET.	Pressure. (lbs )	DEPTH IN FEET.	Piessure.	DEPTH IN FEET.	l'iessure. (lbs)
6	2.60 3.40	35 40	15 16 17.32	100	38.98 43 31	160	69.31
10	4 33	45	19.49	110	47 64	170 180	73.64 77.97
$\frac{15}{20}$	6.49 8 66	50 60	21.65 25.99	120 130	51.98 56 31	190 200	82, 30 86, 63
25	10.82	70	30.32	140	60.64	215	93 14
30	12.99	80	34, 65	150	64,97	230	99,63

#### TEMPERATURE OF STEAM.

ATMOSPHERIC PRESSURE 14.7 LBS.

DEGREES IN FAHRENHEIT SCALE.

PRISSURE	Dagrees of	PRESSURE PER	Degrees of	PRESSURE PER	Degrees of	PRESSURE	Degrees of
Sq. Inch.	Temperature.	Sq. Inch.	Temperature.	Sq. Inch.	Temperature.	Sq. Inch.	Temperature.
1	216.3	12	244.3	32	277 0	80	323 9
$^2$	219.4	14	248 3	34	279 6	85	327.6
3	222 4	16	252.1	40	286 9	90	331,1
4	225.2	18	255, 7	45	292 5	95	334.5
5	227. 9	20	259, 2	50	297 8	100	337.8
6	230.5	22	262 5	55	302 7	105	341 0
7	233 0	24	265 6	60	307.4	110	344.0
8	235 4	26	268 6	65	311 8	115	347.0
9	237.7	28	271 5	70	316.0	120	350, 0
10	240.0	30	274.3	75	320.0	125	352,8

Steam flows into atmosphere at the rate of 650 feet per second.

## TENSILE STRENGTH OF MATERIALS.

MATERIALS.	Lbs. *	MATERIALS.	Lbs. *	MATERIALS.	Lbs.*	MATERIALS.	Lbs. *
MUTALS.		METALS,		METALS.		WOODS.	
Aluminum castlugs,	15,000	Soft copper wirs		Nickel vanadium steel.			14,500
sheets		Hard " "		Chrome nickel vanad-		White pine	15,000
" wire	50,000	Cast iron	20,000			Yellow "	11,000
" bars	25,000	" steel		Manganese at el cast)	90,000	Red fir	10,000
Nickel aluminum	40,000	Wrought iron	50,000	" (roll'd)	140,000	Yellow flr	12,000
Aluminum bronze . Manganese "	70,000	Soft steel	58,000	WOODS.		Teak	14,000
The state of	60,0001	Carbon steel (not :n.		Ash	14,000		
Table 44	46,000		75,000	Black walnut	12,000		
		Carbon steel(annsaled		Beech	14,500	Blue Stone	1,400
Bronze gun metal Platinum wire (an-	35,000			Cedar		Granite	
nealed)	20 000	pered	85.000	Chestnut.	10,000	Limestone	1,000
Platinum wire (not an-	32,000	Nickel stesl (unnealed)		Elm	13,400	Marble	760
nealed)	56,000		90,000	llemlock		Sandstens	
Tim Henred)		Rivet steel	53,000	Hickory		Bricks (common)	200
Tin	20,000	Steel for bridges		Locust		" (best hand	400
Silver (cast)	40 800	Mediam steel	65 000	Lignum vltae		pressed) Ordinary single	400
Lead	3,000	Vanadium steel (cast).	70,000	Maple White oak	14,500		8,000
Zinc	5.400	Chiomiam nickel steel	81 400	Live "	13,000	Ordinary double	3,000
Brass (cast)	21,000	** Vanadium		Poplar	7,000		6,000
Copper (cast)			200 000	Redwood	. 6,500	Cotton belling	6,000

Tensile Strength is the resistance of the fibre or particles of a body to aspiration. It is therefore proportional to the resistance of the fibre of wood are strongest near the centre of the trunk or limb of a tree. Tensile strength in pounds personnel inch.

#### THE CAPITOL AT WASHINGTON.

THE Capitol is situated in latitude 380 53' 20".4 north and longitude 770 00' 35".7 west from Greenwich. It fronts east, and stands on a plateau eighty eight feet above the level of the Potomac.

The entire length of the building from north to south is seven hundred and fifty-one feet four inches, and its greatest dimension from east to west three hundred and fifty feet. The area covered by the building is 153,112 square feet.

The dome of the original central building was constructed of wood, covered with copper. This was replaced in 1856 by the present structure of cast iron. It was completed in 1865. The entire weight of iron used is 8,909,200 pounds.

The dome is crowned by a bronze statue of Freedom, which is nineteen feet six inches high and weighs 14,985 pounds. It was modelled by Crawford. The height of the dome above the base line of the east front is two hundred and eighty-seven feet five inches. The height from the top of the balustrade of the building is two hundred and seventeen feet eleven inches. The greatest diameter at the base is one hundred and thirty-five feet five inches.

The rotunda is ninety-seven feet six inches in diameter, and its height from the floor to the top of the canopy is one hundred and eighty feet three inches.

The Senate Chamber is one hundred and thirteen feet three inches in length, by eighty feet three inches in width, and thirty-six feet in height. The galleries will accommodate one thousand persons,

The Representatives' Hall is one hundred and thirty-nine feet in length, by ninety-three feet in width, and thirty-six feet in height.

The southeast corner-stone of the original building was laid September 18, 1793, by President Washington with Masonic ceremonies. The corner-stone of the extensions was laid July 4, 1851, by President Fillmore.

The room now occupied by the Supreme Court was, until 1859, occupied as the Senate Chamber. Previous to that time the court occupied the room immediately beneath, now used as a law library.

#### LINCOLN'S CETTYSBURG SPEECH.

(Address at the Dedication of Gettysburg Cemetery, November 19, 1863.)

FOURSCORE and seven years ago our fathers brought forth upon this continent a new nation, conceived in liberty, and dedicated to the proposition that all men are created equal.

Now we are engaged in a great civil war, testing whether that nation, or any nation so conceived and so dedicated, can long endure. We are met on a great battlefield of We are met to dedicate a portion of it as the final resting-place of those who here gave their lives that that nation might live. It is altogether fitting and proper that we should do this.

But in a larger sense we cannot dedicate, we cannot consecrate, we cannot hallow this ground. The brave men, living and dead, who struggled here have consecrated it far above our power to add or detract. The world will little note nor long remember what we say here, but it can never forget what they did here. It is for us, the living, rather to be dedicated here to the unfinished work that they have thus far so nobly carried on. It is rather for us to be here dedicated to the great task remaining before us: that from these honored dead we take increased devotion to the cause for which they here gave the last full measure of devotion; that we here highly resolve that the dead shall not have died in vain; that the nation shall, under God, have a new birth of freedom, and that government of the people, by the people, for the people, shall not perish from the earth.

#### UNITED STATES COAST AND CEODETIC SURVEY.

THE Coast and Geodetic Survey of the Department of Commerce is charged with the survey of the coasts of the United States and coasts under the jurisdiction thereof, and the publication of charts covering said coasts. This includes base measure, triangulation, topography, and hydrography along said coasts; the survey of rivers to the head of tide water or ship navigation, deep sea soundings, temperature and current observations along said coasts and throughout the Guiff and Japan streams, magnetic observations and researches and the publication of maps showing the verticenes of terrestrial magnetics. Travity, research determination of heights the decoming the variations of terrestrial magnetism; gravity research, determination of heights, the determina-tion of geographic positions by astronomic observations for latitude, longitude and azimuth, and by triangulation to furnish reference points for State surveys and to co-ordinate Governmental

surveys. The results obtained are published in annual reports and in speckal publications; charts upon various scales, including salling charts, general charts of the coast and harbor charts; tide tables Issued annually in advance; coast pilots with salling directions covering the navigable waters; notices to mariners issued weekly as a joint publication of the Coast and Geodetic Survey and the Bureau of Lighthouses and containing current information necessary for safe navigation; catalogues of charts and publications, and such other publications as may be required to carry out the organic law governing the survey

# Constitution of the United States.

Preamble.

WE, the people of the United States, in order to form a more perfect Union, establish justice, insure domestic tranquillity, provide for the common defense, promote the general welfare, and secure the blessings of liberty to ourselves and our posterity, do ordain and establish this Constitution for the United States of America

#### ARTICLE I.

Legislative Sacrion I. All legislative powers herein granted shall be vested in a Congress of the United States, which shall consist of a Senate and House of Representatives.

House of Representatives of the Sacrion II. 1, The House of Representatives shall be composed of members chosen every second year by the sentatives.

Population of the State shall have the qualifications requisite for electors of the most numerous brauch of the State Legislative.

Qualifications of 2. No person shall be a lieunesentative who shall not have attained to the nge of twenty-five years, and been lieunesentative who shall not when elected the productives of the United States, which

seven years a citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when elected, be an inhabitant of that State in which he shall be chosen. ltepresenta-seven year

tives.

oritoment 3. Representatives and direct taxes shall be apportioned among the several States which may be included with Represent in this Union according to their respective numbers, which shall be determined by adding to the whole number of vives.

The presents including those bound to service for a term of years, and excluding Indiaus not taxed, three-fifths of all other persons. The actual enumeration shall be made within three years after the first meeting of the Congress of the United States, and within every subsequent term of ten years, in such mannet shall have at least one Representative, and until such enumeration shall be made, the State of New Hampshire shall be cuttiled to choose 3. Massachusetts, 8; Rhots Island and Providence Plantations, 1; Connecticut, 5. New York, 6. New Jersey, 4; and the providence Plantations, 1; Caroling, 5. South Caroling, 5, and Georgia, 5. Macked, with the control of the presentative and providence plantation from any State, the Executive Authority thereof shall issue that the providence of the presentation of the providence of the presentative shall choose their Poscale rand other officers, and shall have the sole power of some of the presentative shall choose their Poscale rand other officers, and shall have the sole power of tatives.

Vacancies, how tilled.

Officers,

5. The House of Representatives shall choose their Speaker and other officers, and shall have the sole power of appointed. I mpeachment

Secrion III. [See Article XVII., Amendments.] 1. The Senate of the United States shall be composed of SECTION III. [See Article XVII., Amendments.] 1. The Senate of the United States shall be composed of two Senatons from each State, chosen by the Legislature thereof, for aix years; and each Senator shall have one vote, f. 2. Innediately after they shall be assembled in consequence of the first election, they shall be divided as equally as may be into three classes. The seats of the Senators of the first class shall be vacated at the expiration of the second year, and the second class at the expiration of the south year, so that one-third may be chosen every second very; and if vacancies happen by resignation, or otherwise, during the recess of the Legislature of any State, the Executive thereof may make temporary appointment of the second very constant very con Classification of Senators.

Qualifications of Senators.

President of the Senate.

chosen.
4 The Vice-President of the United States shall be President of the Senate, but shall have no vote unless they

Senate,

be enably divided.

5. The Senate shall choose their other officers, and also a President pro tempore, in the absence of the Vice-President, or when he shall exercise the office of President of the United States.

Senate a cont.

6. The Senate shall have the sole power to try all impeachments. When sixting for that purpose, they shall be peachments by a peachment of the United States as tried, the Chief Justice shall preside; and no peachments person shall be convicted without the concurrence of two-thirds of the member present.

Judgment in 7. Judgment in cases of impeachment shall not extend further than to removal from office, and disqualification case of convict to hold and enjoy any office of hon 1, tust, or profit under the United States present.

Electionsofts—Secrot VI. 1. The times places, and manner of holding elections for senators and Representatives shall be atom and ttep prescribed in each State by the Legislature thereof; but the Congress may at any time by law make or alter such resentatives, regulations, except as or places of choosing Senators.

Meeting of Congress.

1. The Congress shall assemble at least once in every year, and such meeting shall be on the first Monday in gress.

December, unless they shall by law appoint a different day.

ators and step- prescribed in each State
regulations, except as to places of choosing Senators.
Meeting of Congress.
Meeting of Congress.
Meeting of Congress.
Organization of Sectron V. 1 Each House shall be appoint a different day.
Organization of Sectron V. 1 Each House shall be appoint a different day.

Sectron V. 1 Each House shall be provide,
Rule of proceedings.
Juirnals of Sectron V. 1 Each House shall be rules of its proceedings, punish its members for disorderly behavior, and with the concurrence of two-thinds expel a member.

Juirnals of Sectron V. 1 Each House shall continue a provide,
Rule of proceedings.
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Rule of proceedings of the section of the proceedings are and house any determine the rules of its proceedings, punish its members for disorderly behavior, and with the concurrence of two-thinds expel a member.

Adjournment of Sectron V. 1 The Senators and the yeas and mays of the members of either House on any question shall, at the desir or one-lifth of those puesent, be entered on the journal.

Adjournment of Sectron VI. 1 The Senators and Representative shall receive a compensation for their services, to be ascertified by law, and paid out of the Treasmy of the United States. They shall in all cases, except treason, felony, and linesch of the peace, be privileged from arrest during their attendance at the session of their respective Houses, and the province of the same; and for any appect or debate in either House they shall not be questioned to any civil office prohibited.

Sectron VII. 1 All bills for register register registers and such as a seach House and the Called States shall be a member of either House during the could mance in office.

Revenne bills. How bills be-

lactessed during such time; and no person holding any office under the United States shall be a member of either House during his could mance in office.

Skottow VII. I. All bills for raising revenue shall originate in the House of Representatives, but the Senate may propose or concur with amendments, as on other bills.

2. Every bill which shall have passed the House of Representatives and the Senate shall, before it become a law, be presented to the Fresident of the United States; if he approve, he shall sign it, but if not, he shall return it, with his objections, to that House in which it shall have originated, who shall enter the objections at large on their journal, and proceed to reconsider it. If after such reconsideration two-chirds or that House shall agree to pass the journal, and proceed to reconsider it. If after such reconsideration two-chirds or that House is the objections, to the other Honse, by which it shall likewise be reconsidered; and if approved by two-thirds of that House it shall become a law. But in all such cases the votes of both Houses shall, be determined by yeas and nays, and the names of the person voting for and against the bill shall be entered on the journal of each House respectively. If any bill shall not be returned by the President within ten days (Sindavs except-ul) after it shall have been presented to him, the same shall be a law in like manner as if ne had signed it, unless the Congress by their adjournment prevent its return; in which case it shall not be a law.

<sup>\*</sup> See Article XIV., Amendments,

pproval and 3. Every order, resolution, or vote to which the concurrence of the Senate and House of Representatives may veto powers be necessary (except on a question of adjournment) shall be presented to the President of the United States; and of the Presidefore the same shall take effect shall be approved by him, or being disapproved by him, abail be repassed by two-dont, thirds of the Senate and the House of Representatives, according to the rules and limitations prescribed in the Approval and

Powers vested in Congress.

case of a bill.

Section VIII. 1. The Congress shall have power:

To lay and collect taxes, duties, imposts, and excises, to pay the debts and provide for the common defence and general welfare of the United States; but all duties, imposts, and excises shall be uniform throughout the United

2. To borrow money on the credit of the United States.

To regulate commerce with foreign nations, and among the several States, and with the Indian tribes.
 To establish an uniform rule of naturalization and uniform laws on the subject of bankruptcies throughout

the United States.

5. To coin money, regulate the value thereof, and of foreign coin, and fix the standard of weights and measures. 6. To provide for the punishment of counterfeiting the securities and current coin of the United States.

To establish post-offices and post-roads
 To pounds the progress of science and useful arts by securing for limited times to authors and inventors
 To constitute tribunals inferior to the Supreme Court.
 To constitute tribunals inferior to the Supreme Court.
 To deline and punish piracies and fcionise committed on the high seas, and offences against the law of

nations.

11. To declare war, grant letters of marque and reprisal, and make rules concerning captures on land and water.

12. To raise and support armies, but no appropriation of money to that use shall be for a longer term than

two years.
13. To provide and maintain a navy.

14. To make rules for the government and regulation of the land and naval forces.

15. To provide for calling forth the militia to execute the laws of the Union, suppress insurrections, and repel

10. To provide for organizing, arming, and disciplining the militia, and for governing such part of them as may be employed in the service of the United States, reserving to the States respectively the appointment of the officers, and the authority of training the militia according to the discipline prescribed by Congress.

17. To exercise exclusive legislation in all cases whatsoever over such district (not exceeding ten miles square)

11. To exercise exclusive legislation in all cases whatsoever over such district (not exceeding ten miles square) as may, by cession of particular States and the acceptance of Congress, become the sent of Government of the United States, and to exercise like authority over all places purchased by the consent of the Legislature of the State is a which the same shall be, for the erection of forts, inagazines, areansis, dry-docks, and other needful buildings.

18. To make all laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into execution the foregoing powers, and all other powers vested by this Constitution in the Government of the United States, or in any department or officer therefor.

officer thereof.

Immigranta,

Direct taxes.

officer thereof.

In migrants, Secros IX. 1. The migration or importation of such persons as any of the States now existing shall think how admitted, proper to admit shall not be prohibited by the Congress prior to the year one thousand eight hundred and eight, but a tax or duty may be imposed on such importation, not exceeding the dollars for each person.

2. The privilege of the writ of habeas corpus shall not be suspended, unless when in cases of rebellion or invasion the public safety may require it.

3. No bill of attainder or expost facto law shall be passed.

4. No capitation or other direct tax shall be laid, unless in proportion to the ceasus or enumeration hereinbefore directed to be taken.

Attainder.

5. No tax or duty shall be laid on articles exported from any State.

Regulations re-6. No preference shall be given by any regulation of commerce or revenue to the ports of one State over those of another, nor shall vessels bound to or from one State be obliged to enter, clear, or pay duties in another.

7. No money shall be drawn from the Treasury but in consequence of appropriations made by tlaw; and a reg-

garding cus-toms duties. Moneys, how nlar statement and account of the receipts and expenditures of all public money shall be published from time to drawn. time.

Titles of nobil-

time.

8. No title of nobility shall be granted by the United States. And no person holding any office of profit or ity prohibited, trust under them shall, without the consent of the Congress, accept of any present, emclument, office, or title of any kind whatever from any king, prince, or foreign state.

Fowers of Saction X. I. No State shall enter into any treaty, sillance, or confederation, grant letters of manque and restated descriptions. The statistic of the state shall be made in anything but gold and silver coin a tender in payment of debts, pass any bill of attainder, expost facto law, or law impairing the obligation of contracts, or grant any title of nobility.

2. No State shall, without the consent of the Congress, lay any impost or duties on imposts or exports, except what may be absolutely necessary for exceeding its imspection laws, and the net produce of all duties and imposts, laid by any State on imports or exports, shall be for the use of the Treasury of the United States; and sluch laws shall be subject to the revision and control of the Congress.

3. No State shall, without the consent of Congress, lay any duty of tonnage, keep troops or ships of war in time of peace, enter lato any agreement or compact with another State, or with a foreign power, or engage in war, unless actually invaded, or in such imminent danger as will not admit of delay.

#### ARTICLE II.

xecutive pow- Section I. 1. The Executive power shall be vested in a President of the United States of America. He shall er, in whom hold his office during the term of four years, and, together with the Vice-President, chosen for the same term, be vested. elected as follows: Executive pow-Electors.

note in some curring the term of four years, and, together with the vice teachers, clear to the vice elected as follows:

2. Each State shall appoint, in such manuer as the Legislature thereof may direct, a number of electors, equal to the vhole number of Senators and Representatives to which the State may be entitled in the Congress; but no Senator or Representative or person holding an office of trust or profit under the United States shall be appointed an

elector.

Proceedings

of 3. (The electors shall meet an their respective States and vote by ballot for two persons, of whom one at least electors.

of a shall not be an inhabitant of the same State with themselves. And they shall make a list of all the persons voted for, and of the same of the United States, with themselves. And they shall make a list of all the persons voted for, and of the same of the United States, directed to the President of the Senate shall, at the presence of the Senate and House of Representatives, open all the certificates, and the votes shall then be counted. The person having the greatest number of votes shall be the President, if such number decisions and the House of number of votes, then the House of Representatives aball ammediately choose by ballot one of them for President; Represen a tall and if no person have a majority, then from the five highest on the list the said House shall in like manner choose the President. But in choosing the President, the vote shall be taken by States, the representation from each state having one vote. A quorum, for this purposes, shall counts of a member or members from two-thirds of the States, and a majority of all the States shall be necessary to a choice. In every case, after the choice of the President, the person having the greatest number of votes or the electors shall be the Vice-President. But if there should remain two or more who nave squar votes, the Senate shall choose from them by ballot the Vice-President.

dent.]\* 4. The Congress may determine the time of choosing the electors and the day on which they chail give their votes, which day shall be the same throughout the United States. Time of choosing electors.

This clause is superseded by Article XII., Amendments,

Qualifications of

sualifications of the President, this Constitution, shall be eligible to the office of President; neither shall any person be eligible to that office who shall not have attained to the age of thirty-they years and been fourteen years a resident within the United States. In case of the removal of the President from office, or of his death, resignation, or inability to decharge the case of his dis-powers and duties of the same of his devolve on the Vice-President, and the Congress may by law pioule for the case of removal, death, resignation, or inability, both of the President and Vice-President, declaring what office shall late accordingly unit the disability be removed or a President snall be elected.

Salary of the

Oath of the

Duties of the

May make trea-

what officer shall then set as President, and such officer shall act accordingly until the disability be reinoved or a President anal be elected.

8 all ary of the President anal be elected.

8 all ary of the President anal be elected.

9 and the President and the period for which be shall have been elected, and the shall not receive within that period any other enoinment from the United States, or any of them.

8. Before he enter on the execution of the office he shall take the following oath or affirmation:

8. Before he enter on the execution of the office he shall take the following oath or affirmation:

8. Before he enter on the execution of the office he shall take the following oath or affirmation:

8. Before he enter on the execution of the office of President of the United States, and of the militin of the swerr of my ability, preserve, protect, and defent the Constitution of the United States, and of the militin of the swerrel States when called into the actual service of the United States, and of the militin of the swerrel States when called into the actual service of the United States, and of the militin of the swerrel States when called into the actual service of the United States, and of the militian of the swerrel States when called into the actual service of the United States, and of the militian of the swerrel States when called into the actual service of the United States, and of the militian of the swerrel States when called into the actual service of the United States, and of the militian of the swerrel States when called into the actual service of the United States, and of the militian of the swerrel States when called into the actual service of the United States, and of the militian of the swerrel States when called into the actual service of the United States, and of the militian of the swerrel States when all the swerrel States when a swerrel States when all the swerrel States when all the swerrel States, and of the militian of the swerrel States when all the swerrel States when all the

May fill vacan-May make rec-

may be re-office on impeachment for and conviction of treason, bribery, or other high crimes and misdemeanors, moved.

## ARTICLE III.

ARTICLE III.

Judicial power, Saction I. The judicial power of the United States shall be vested in one Supreme Court, and in such inferior how invested, courts as the Congress may from time to time ordain and establish. The judges, both of the Supreme and inferior courts, shall hold their offices during good behavior, and shall at stated times receive for their services a compensation which shall not be diminished during their continuance in office.

To what cases it extends.

Saction II. 1. The judicial power shall extend to all cases in law and equity arising under this Constitution, the laws of the United States, between or which shall be made, under their authority; to all cases affecting annhassadors, other public ministers, and cousnity, to all cases of admiralty and maritime jurisduction; to controversies to which the United States shall be a party; to controversies between titizens of the same State claiming lands under guarate of different States, not every constructions of the same State claiming lands under guarate of different States, and between a State, or the citizens thereof, and foreign States, citizens, or subjects.

Jurisdiction of 2. In all cases affecting ambassadors, other public ministers, and consuls, and those to which as State shall be the Supreme Court shall have no lignal jurisdiction. In all the other cases before-mentioned the Supreme Court shall have no lignal jurisdiction. In all the other cases before-mentioned the Supreme Court shall have appellate jurisdiction both as to law and fact, with each exceptions and under each regulations as the Congress shall make.

Rules respecting

Court shall have appellate jurisdiction both as to law and tact, with such exceptions and under such regulations as the Congress shall make.

3. The trial of all crimes, except in cases of impeachment, shall be by jury, and such trial shall be held in the State where the said crimes shall have been committed; but when not opinitted within any State the trial shall be at such place or places as the Congress may by law have directed.

SECTION III. Treason against the United States shall consist only in levying war against them, or in adhering to their enemies, giving them sid and comfort. No person shall be convicted of treason unless on the testimony of two witnesses to the same overt act, or on cantinession in open court.

2. The Congress shall have power to declaie the punishment of treason, but no stainder of treason shall work corruption of blood or forfeiture except during the life of the person stained. Treason defined.

How punishea.

## ARTICLE IV.

Rights of States and records.

SECTION I. Full faith and credit shall be given in each State to the public acts, records, and judicial proceedings of every other State. And the Congress may by general laws prescribe the manner in which such acts, records, and proceedings shall be proved, and the effect thereof.

SECTION II. It is citizens of each State shall be entitled to all privileges and immunities of citizens in

rlvileges Executive requi-

Laws regulating

rivileges of Sacrow It. The citizens of each State shall be entitled to all privileges and immunities of citizens in citizens. Security requicitizens.

Security requicitizens.

Security requicitizens.

Security requicitizens in entered state from postice, and be found attions.

In another State, shall, no densad of the Executive seathority of the State from which he fled, be delivered up, to be removed to the State having jurisdiction of the crime.

Some person held to service or labor in one State, under the laws thereof, escaping into another shall, in conservice or labor may be due.

Secrity III. I New States may be admitted by the Congress into the party to whom such service or labor my be due.

Secrity III. I New States may be admitted by the Congress into the jurisdiction of smy other State, or any State be formed by the junction of two or more admitted.

States, or parts of States, without the consent of the Legislatures of the States concerned, as well as of the Congress over form or other property belonging to the United States; and nothing in this Constitution shall be so construed as to public leads, prejudice any claims of the United States, or of any particular State in this Union a republican form of admitted them against invasion, and, on application of the Legislature, or of the Executive (when attend. Power of Con-

Republican gov-

## ARTICLE V.

Constitution

onetitution, The Congress, whenever two-thirds of both Houses shall deem it necessary, shall propose amendments to this howamended. Constitution, or, on the application of the Legislatures of two-thirds of the several States, shall call a convention for proposing amendments, which, in either case, shall be valid to all intents and purposes, as part of this Constitution, when ratified by the Legislatures of three-fourths of the several States, or by conventione in three-fourths thereof, as the one or the other mode of ratification may be proposed by the Congress; provided that no amendment which may be made prior that the case the housand eight hundred and eight shall in any manner affect the line and fourth of the first Article; and that no 2007 the constitution of the First Article; and that no 2007 the constitution of the First Article; and that no 2007 the constitution of the First Article; and that no 2007 the constitution of the First Article; and that no 2007 the constitution of the First Article; and that no 2007 the constitution of the First Article; and that no 2007 the constitution of the First Article; and that no 2007 the First Article; and that no 2007 the constitution of the First Article; and that no 2007 the First Article; and that no 2007 the First Article; and the constitution of the First Article; and that no 2007 the First Article; and the constitution of the equal suffrage in the Senate.

Validity of 1. All debts contracted and engagements entered into before the adoption of this Constitution shall be as valid against the United States under this Constitution as under the Confederation. debts recog-nized.

nprems law of 2. This Constitution and the laws of the United States which shall be made in pursuance thereof and all the land deterteities made, or which shall be made, under the authority of the United States, shall be the supreme law of the fined.

Isnd, and the judges in every State shall be bound thereby, anything in the Constitution or laws of any State to the contrary notwithstanding.

The states of whom 3. The Senators and Representatives before mentioned, and the members of the several State Legislatures, and required and all executive and judicial officers, both of the United States and of the several States, shall be bound by oath or for what.

The states which shall be made in pursuance thereof and all the states, shall be the supreme law of the supreme law of the several States, shall be bound by oath or for what. Suprema law of

Oath, of whom

#### ARTICLE VII.

stification of The ratification of the Conventions of nias States shall be sufficient for the establishment of this Constitution the Constitution the Constitution that Constitution the Constitution that Constitution the Constitution that Constitution that Constitution the Constitution that Constitution tha Constitution that Constitution that Constitution that Constituti

## AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION. ARTICLE I.

Religion and Congress shall make no law respecting an establishment of religion, or prohibiting the free exercise thereof; or abridging the freedom of speech or of the press; or the right of this people peaceably to assemble, and to petition the Government for a redress of grievances.

#### ARTICLE II.

A well-regulated militia being necessary to the security of a free State, the right of the people to keep and bear Right to bear arms. arms shall not be infringed.

## ARTICLE III.

Soldiers in time No soldier shall, in time of peace, be quartered in any house without the consent of the owner, nor in time of peace, war but in a manner to be prescribed by law.

#### ARTICLE IV.

Right of search. The right of the people to he secure in their persons, houses, papers, and effects, against unreasonable searches and seizures, shall not be violated, and no warrants shall issue but upon probable cause, supported by oath or affirmation, and particularly describing the place to be searched, and the person or things to be seized.

apital crimes No person shall be held to answer for a capital or other infamous crime unless on a presentment or fodictment and arrest of a guand jury, except in cases arising in the land or mayal forces, or in the inilitia, when in actual service, in time of war or public danger; nor shall any person be subject for the same often to be twice put in jeopardy of life or limb; nor shall be compelled in any criminal case to be a witness against himself, nor be depived of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law; nor shall private property be taken for public use without just compensation. Capital erimes

### ARTICLE VI.

In all criminal prosecutions, the accused shall enjoy the right to a speedy and public trial, by an impartial jury of the State and district wherein the crime shall have been committed, which district shall have been previously ascertained by law, and to be informed of the nature and cause of the accusation; to be confronted with the witnesses against him; to have compulsory process for obtaining witnesses in his favor, and to have the assistance of counsel for his defence. Right to speedy

#### ARTICLE VII.

In suits at common law, where the value in controversy shall exceed twenty dollars, the right of trial by jury shall be preserved, and no fact tried by a jury shall be otherwise re-examined in any court of the United States than according to the rules of the common law. Trial by jury.

## ARTICLE VIII.

Excessive bail shall not be required, nor excessive fines imposed, nor cruel and unusual punishments inflicted. Excessive bail.

#### ARTICLE IX.

The enumeration in the Constitution of certain rights shall not be construed to deny or disparage others re-Enumeration of tained by the people. rights. ARTICLE X.

The powers not delegated to the United States by the Constitution, nor prohibited by it to the States, are re-Reserved rights served to the States respectively, o. to the people. of States.

The judicial power of the United States shall not be construed to extend to any suit in law or equity, commenced or prosecuted against one of the United States, by citizens of another State, or by citizens or subjects of any foreign State. Judicial power.

#### ARTICLE XII.

Electors in The electors shall meet in their respective States, and vote by ballot for President and Vice-President, one of Presidential whom at least shall not be an inhabitant of the same State with themselves; they shall name in their ballots the person voted for as President, and in distinct ballots the person voted for as President, and it is a person voted for as Vice-President, and the number of votes for each, which list they shall sign and certify, and tansmit, sealed, to the seat of the Govennment of the United States, directed to the President of the Senate; the President of the Senate and House of Representatives, open all the certificates, and the votes shall then be counted; the person having the greatest number of votes for President shall be the President, the House of Representatives shall choose immediately, by ballot, the President. But in choosing the President, the House of Representatives shall not choose a President, whenever the right of choice shall consist of a member or members from two-thirds of the States, and a majority of all the States shall be necessary to a choice. And if the House of Representatives shall choose a President, whenever the right of choice shall consist of a member or members from two-thirds of the States, and a majority of all the States shall be necessary to a choice. And if the House of Representatives shall not choose a President, whenever the right of choice shall choose the fourth day of March next following, then the Vice-President shall act as President, as in the case of the death or other the constitutional disability of the President. The person having the greatest number of rotes as Vice-President, and the preson constitutional lave and preson the preson having the preson the preson constitutionally ineligible to the office of President shall be necessary to a choice. But to person constitutionally ineligible to the office of P

## ARTICLE XIII.

Slavery prohibited.

1. Neither slavery nor involuntary strifteds, except as a punishment for crime whereof the party shall
have been duly convicted, shall exist within the United States, or any piece and to their jurisdiction.
2. Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

#### CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES-Continued.

#### ARTICLE XIV.

Protection all citizens.

ARCYCLE XIV.

1 citted of 1. All persons born or naturalized in the United States, and subject to the jurisdiction thereof, are clizens of the litters.

United States and of the State wherein they reside. No State shall make or enforce any law which shall shridge the project of the state wherein they reside. No State shall make or enforce any law which shall shridge the project project without due process of law, nor deny to any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of the laws.

2. Representatives shall be apportioned among the several States according to their respective numbers, counting the whole number of persons in each State, excluding Indians not taxed. But when the right to vote at any election of the choice of electors for President and Vice-President and Vice-President of the United States, when the congress, the executive and judicial officers of a State, or the members of the Legislature thereof, is denied to any of the male members of such State, being of Wenty-one years of age, and cittens of the United States, or in any way abridged, except the whole number of united the number of such male citizens shall bear to the whole number of unite citizens went; one years of age, are in such State. Apportionment tatives.

Rebellion

tion which the number of such mule citzens shall bear to the whole number of male citizens twenty-one years of age in such State.

to be lil on age in such State.

a No person shall be a Senator or Representative in Congress, or elector of President and Vice-President, or a sugainst the holding any office, citil or military, under the United States, or under any State holding any office, citil or military, under the United States, or as a member of any State Legislature, or as an executive or judicial officer of any State, to support the Constitution of the United States, all have engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the same, or given and and comfort to the enumies thereof. But Congress may, by a vote of two-thirds of each House, remove such disability.

4. The validity of the public debt of the United States, authorized by law, including debts incurred for payment of pensions and bounties for services in suppressing insurrection and resellion, shall not be questioned. But neither the United States nor any State shall assume or pay any debt or obligation incurred in aid of insurrection or rebellion significant the United States, or any claim for the loss or emancipation of any slave, but all such debts, obligations, and claims shall be held illegal and vaid.

5. The Congress shall have power to enforce by appropriate legislation the provisions of this article. The

#### ARTICLE XV.

1. The right of the citizens of the United States to vote shall not be dealed or abridged by the United States or by any State on account of race, color, or previous condition of servitude.
2. The Congress shall have power to enforce the provisions of this article by appropriate legislation. Right of euffrage.

## ARTICLE XVI.

The Congress shall have power to lay and collect taxes on incomes, from whatever source derived, without apportionment among the several States, and without regard to any census or enumeration. Taxes on In-

#### ARTICLE XVII.

Senators elect-

enators elect. 1 The Senate of the United States shall be composed of two Senators from each State, elected by the people
ad by the thereof, for six years; and each Senator shall have one vote. The electors in each State shall have the qualiflexitions requisite for electors of the most numerous branch of the State Legislatures.

Thing of va2. When vacancies happen in the representation of any State in the Senate, the executive authority of such
each of the State shall issue write of election to fill each vacancies: Provided, That the Legislature of any State may
empower the executive thereof to make temporary appointment until the people fill the vacancies by election
with Legislature may direct. people. Filling of va-esncies.

empower the executive testing and the second triple as to affect the election or term of any Senator chosen before it.

3. This amendment shall not be so construed as to affect the election or term of any Senator chosen before it.

#### RATIFICATION OF THE CONSTITUTION.

The Constitution was ratified by the thirteen original States in the following order:

Delaware, December 7, 1787, unanimously.
Pennsylvania, December 12, 1787, unanimously.
Pennsylvania, December 18, 1787, unanimously.
Georgia, Janany 2, 1788, unanimously.
Georgia, Janany 9, 1788, unanimously.
Connecticut, January 9, 1788, vote 128 to 40.
Massachusetts, February 6, 1788, vote 187 to 168.
Maryland, April 28, 1788, vote 36 to 12.

South Carolina, May 23, 1788, vote 149 to 73. South Carolina, alsy 23, 1785, Vote 149 to 75. New Hampshire, June 21, 1788, vote 85 to 19. Virgina, June 25, 1788, vote 85 to 19. New York, July 26, 1788, vote 30 to 28. Noth Catolina, November 21, 1789, vote 34 to 32. Ribde Island, Ján 29, 1799, vote 34 to 32.

### RATIFICATION OF THE AMENDMENTS.

I. to X. inclusive were declared in force December 15, 1791.

XI. was declared in force January 8, 1788.

XII. was declared in force January 8, 1788.

XII., regulating elections, was ratified by all the States except Connecticut, Delaware, Massachusetts, and New Hampshire, which rejected its. It was declared in force September 28, 1892.

XIII. The emancipation amendment was autified by 31 of the 36 States; rejected by Delaware and Kentucky, not acted on by Texas;

conditionally ratified by Alabama and Mississipis. Proclaimed December 18, 1865.

XIV. Reconstruction amendment was ratified by 23 Northern States; rejected by Delaware, Kentucky, Maryland, and 16 Southern States and not acted on by California. The 10 Southern States subsequently ratified under passeure. Proclaimed July 29, 1868.

XV. Negro citizenship amendment was not acted on by Tennessee, rejected by California, Delaware, Kentucky, Maryland, New Jersey, and Oregon; ratified by the remaining 30 States. New York rescinded its ratification January 5, 1870. Proclaimed March 30, 1870.

XV. Income tax amendment was ratified by all the States are and Connection; Table December 19, 1880.

XVI. Income tax amendment was ratified by all the States except Connecticut, Florida, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Utah and

Viginia. Declared in force February 25, 1913.

XVII. Providing for the direct vote of United States Senators by the people, was ratified by all the States except Alabama, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisians, Maryland, Mississippl, Rhode Island, South Carolina, Utah and Virginia, Declared in force May 31, 1913.

## WHITE HOUSE RULES.

THE following rules have been arranged for the conduct of business at the Executive Offices during the Winter of 1916-17:

The Cahinet will meet on Tuesdays and Fridays from 11 A. M. until 1 P. M. Senators and Representatives having business to transact will be received from 10.30 A. M. to 12 M., excenting on Cabinet days. In view of the pressure of business at the Executive Offices during the Congressional session it would greatly facilitate matters if Senators and Members could telephone for an appointment before calling, as many will have first made appointments in this way, and those calling without appointments are therefore necessarily delayed in seeing the President.

The Fast Room will be open daily, Sundays excepted, for the inspection of visitors, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 2 P. M.

JOSEPH P. TUMULTY, Secretary to the President.

### DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE.

IN CONGRESS JULY 4, 1776.

The manimous declaration of the thirteen United States of America. When in the Course of human events, it becomes necessary for one people to dissolve the political bands which have connected them with another, and to assume among the powers of the earth, the separate and equal station to which the Laws of Nature and of Nature's God entitles them, a decent respect to the opinions of mankind requires that they should declare the causes which impel them to the separation. We hold these truths to be self-evident, that all men are created equal, that they are endowed by their Creator with certain malienable Rights, that among these are Life Liberty and the pursuit of Happiness. That to secure these rights, Governments are instituted among Men. deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed, That whenever any Form of Government becomes destructive of these ends, it is the Right of the People to alter or to abolish It, and to institute new Government, laying its foundation on such principles and organizing its powers in such form, as to them shall seem most likely to effect their Salety and Happiness. Prudence, indeed, will dictate that Governments long established should not be changed for light and transient causes; and accordingly all experience hath shewn. that mankind are more disposed to suffer, while evils are sufferable, than Governments long established should not be changed for light and transient causes; and accordingly all experience hath shewn, that mankind are more disposed to suffer, while evils are sufferable, than to right themselves by abolishing the forms to which they are accustomed. But when a long train of abuses and usurpations, pursuing invariably the same Object evinces a design to reduce them under absolute Despotsm, it is their right, it is their duty, to throw off such Government, and to provide new Guards for their future security. Such has been the patient sufferance of these Colonies; and such is now the necessity which constrains them to alter their former Systems of Government. The history of the present King of Great Britain is a history of repeated injuries and usurpations, all having in direct object the establishment of an absolute Tyranny over these States. To prove this, let Facts be submitted to a candid world.

He has refused his Assent to Laws, the most wholesome and necessary for the public good.

He has forbidden his Governors to pass Laws of Immediate and pressing importance, unless suspended in their operation till his Assent should be obtained; and when so suspended, he has utterly neglected to attend to them.

He has refused to pass other Laws for the accommodation of large districts of people, unless those people would relinquish the right of Representation in the Legislature, a right inestimable to them and formidable to tyrants only.

He has called together legislative bodies at places unusual, uncomformable, and distant from the depository of their public Records, for the sole purpose of fatiguing them into compliance with his

measures. He has dissolved Representative Houses repeatedly, for opposing with manly firmness his inva-

sions on the rights of the people. He bas refused for a long time, after such dissolutions, to cause others to be elected; whereby the Legislative powers, incapable of Annihilation, have returned to the People at large for their exercise; the State remaining in the meautime exposed to all the dangers of invasion from without, and couvulsions within,

He has endeavored to prevent the population of these States; for that purpose obstructing the Laws for Naturalization of Foreigners; refusing to pass others to encourage their migrations hither, and raising the conditions of new Appropriations of Lands

He has obstructed the Administration of Justice, by refusing his Assent to Laws for establishing

Judiciary Powers. He has made Judges dependent on his Will alone, for the tenure of their offices, and the amount

and payment of their salaries He has erected a multitude of New Offices, and sent hither swarms of Officers to harass our peo-

ple, and eat out their substance.

He has kept among us, in times of peace, Standing Armies without the Consent of our legislature.

He has affected to render the Mintary independent of and superior to the Civil power.

He has combined with others to subject us to a jurisdiction foreign to our constitution, and

He has combined with others to subject us to a jurisdiction foreign to our constitution, and unacknowledged by our laws; giving his Assent to their Acts of pretended Legislation:

For quartering large bodies of armed trops among its:
For protecting them, by a mock Trial, from punishment for any Murders which they should commit on the Inhabitants of these States:
For cutting off our Trade with all parts of the world:
For imposing Taxes on us without our Consent:
For depriving us in many cases, of the benefits of Trial by jury:
For transporting us beyond Seas to be tried for pretended offences:
For abolishing the free System of English Laws in a neighboring Province, establishing therein an Arbitiary government, and enlarging its Boundaries so as to render it at once an example and fit instrument for introducing the same absolute rule into these Colonies.
For taking away our Charters, abolishing our most valuable Laws, and altering fundamentally the Forms of our Governments:
For suspending our own Legislatures, and declaring themselves invested with power to legislate

For suspending our own Legislatures, and declaring themselves invested with power to legislate for us in all cases whatsoever He has abdicated Government here, by declaring us out of his Protection and waging War

against us. He has plundered our seas, ravaged our Coasts, burnt our towns, and destroyed the lives of our

He has planeted the state of the first that the works of He sat this time transporting large Armies of foreign Mercenaries to compleat the works of death, desolation and tyranny, already begun with circumstances of Cruelty & perfidy scarcely paralleled in the most barbarous ages, and totally unworthy the He and of a civilized nation.

He has constrained our fellow-Citizens taken captive on the high Seas to bear Arms against their Country, to become the executioners of their friends and Brethren, or to fall themselves by their Country.

He has excited domestic insurrections amongst us, and has endeavored to bring on the inhabitants of our frontiers, the merciless Indian Savages, whose known rule of warfare, is an undistinguished destruction of all ages, sexes and conditions.

In every stage of these Oppressions We have Petitioned for Redress in the most humble terms:

### DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE-Continued.

Our repeated Petitions have been answered only by repeated injury. A Prince, whose character is thus marked by every act which may define a Tyraut, is unfit to be the ruler of a free people.

Nor have We been wanting in attentions to our British brethren. We have warned them from time to time of attempts by their legislature to extend an unwarrantable jurisdiction over us. We have remained them of the circumstances of our emigration and settlement here. We have appealed to their native justice and magnanimity, and we have conjured them by the ties of our common kindred to disavow these usurpations, which would inevitably interrupt our connections and correspondence. They too have been deal to the voice of justice and of consangularity. We must, therefore, acquiesce in the necessity, which denounces our Separation, and hold them, as we hold the rest of mankind, Enemies in War, In Peace Friends,

WE, THEREFORE, the REPRESENTATIVES of the UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, IN GENERAL CONGRESS, Assembled, appealing to the Supreme Judge of the world for the rectitude of our intentions, do, in the Name, and by authority of the good People of these Colonies, soiemnly Publish and DECLARE, That these United Colonies are, and of Right ought to be FREE AND INDEPENDENT States; that they are Absolved from all Allegiance to the British Crown, and that all political connection between them and the State of Great Britain is and ought to be totally dissolved; and that as FREE AND INDEPENDENT STATES, they have full Power to levy War, conclude Peace, contract Alliances, establish Commerce, and to do all other Acts and Things which INDEPENDENT STATES may of right do. And for the support of this Declaration, with a firm reliance on the protection of Divine Providence, We mutually pledge to each other our Lives, our Fortunes, and our sacred Honor.

### SIGNERS OF THE DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE.

Name.	Colony.	Occupation.	Born.		Birthplace.	Died.	Age.
	Mass. Bay	Lawyer	Oct. 30, 1	735	BraintreeMass	July 4.182	
Adams, Samuel	Mass, Bay.	Merchant	Sep. 22, 1	722	BostonMass	Oct. 3.180	3 81 5 66
Bartlett, Josiah Braxton, Carter	Virginia	Planter.	Sep. 10, 1	736	Amesbury Mass Newington Va	May 19,179	7 62
Carroll Charles	Marvland	Lawver	Sep. 20. 1	737	Annapolis Md	Nov 14 183	21.96
Chase, Samuel	Maryland	Lawyer	Apr. 17, 1	741	Somerset Co Md ElizabethtownN. J	June 19,181	1 71
	N. Jersey	Lawyer	Feb. 1 . 1	1726	Elizabethtown N. J	Sept179	4 69
Clymer, George	Penn	Merchant	Jan. 24, 1	1739	PhiladelphiaPa NewportR. I	Jan. 23, 181	3 75
Ellery, William Floyd, William	Now York	Lawyer	Dec. 22, 1	727	Setauket N V	Feb. 15, 182	0 93
Franklin, Benjamin	Penn.	Printer.	Jan. 17. i	706	SetanketN. Y BostonMass	Ang. 17,179	1 87 0 85
Gerry, Elbridge	Mass. Bay.	Merchant	July 17. 1	744	MarbleheadMass	Nov 23, 181	4 71
Gwinnett, Button	Georgia	Merchant	J	732	England	May 27, 177	71 45
Hancock, John	Mass. Bay.	Merchant	Lian 12 1	7337	Rraintree Mass	Oot 8 179	31 57
Hall, Lyman.	Georgia	Physician	<u>1</u>	731	Berkeley Va	178	4 53
Harrison, Benj	Virginia	Farmer	····· ‡	1715	Hopewell N T	Apr179	1 51 0 65
Hart, John Hewes, Joseph	N. Carolina	Lawver	1	730	Kingston N. J	Nov. 10, 177	9 49
Hewes, Joseph Heyward, Jr., Thos Hooper, Wm Hopkins, Steph Hopkinson, Francis Huntington, Sam'l	S. Carolina	Lawyer	1	746	St. Luke's S. C	Mar180	9 63
Hooper, Wm	N. Carolina	Lawyer	June 17, 1	1742	Boston Mass	Oct 179	0 49
Hopkins, Steph	Rhode Isl	Farmer	Mar. 7, 1	1707	ScituateR. I	July 13,178	5 79
Hopkinson, Francis	N. Jersey.	Lawyer	T. 1 9 1	737	Philadelphia Pa	May 9,179	54
Hantington, Sam'i	Vinciuio	Lawyer	Apr 13 1	7.13	Shadwell Vo	July 4,182	6 83
Lee Pichard Henry	Virginia	Soldier	Jan 20 1	732	Stratford Va	Tuna 19 179	4 63
Jefferson, Thos Lee, Richard Henry. Lee, Francis Lightfoot	Virginia	Farmer	Oct. 14, 1	734	Stratford Va	Apr 179	7 63
Lewis, Francis Livingston, Philip	New York.	Merchant	March, 1	713	Llandaff Wales	Dec. 30, 180	3 91
Livingston, Philip	New York.	Merchant	Jan. 15, 1	716	AlbanyN. Y	June 12, 177	8 63
Lynch, Jr., Thos M'Kean, Thos Middleton, Arthur Morris, Lewis Morris, Robert	S. Carolina	Lawyer	Aug. 5, 1	749	Pr. George's Co. S. C	177	30
Middleton Arthur	S Carolina	Lawyer	Mar. 19, 1	743	Middleton Pl S C	June 24, 161	7 84 8 44
Morris Lowis	New York.	Farmer	i î	726	Morrisania N. Y	Jan 22.179	72
Morris, Robert	Penn	Merchant	Jan. 20, 1	734	LancashireEng	May 8,180	72 73
Morton, John Nelson, Jr., Thos	Penn	Surveyor	1	724	RidleyPa	Apr177	7 53
Nelson, Jr., Thos	Virginia	Statesman.	Dec. 26, 1	738	YorkVa	Jan. 4,178	51
Paca, William Paine, Robert Treat	Maryland.	Lawyer	Oct. 31, 1	731	Poston Moss	Mar. 11 191	9 59
Penn Tohn	N. Carolina	Lawyer	May 17 1	741	Caroline Co Va	Sent 178	3 48
Read, George	Delaware	Lawyer	i î	734	Cecil Co Md	179	8 64
Penn, John	Delaware	General	1	.730	Dover, Del	178	3 53
ROSS. George	Penn	Lawver	1	100	Newcastie Den	.11117 1777	91 49
Rush, Benjamin	Penn	Physician	Dec. 24, 1	745	BerberryPa	Apr. 19,181	3 68
Rutledge, Edward Sherman, Roger	S. Carolina	Lawyer	Apr 10 1	791	Charleston S. C.	Jan. 23,180	51 73
Smith James	Penn	Louver	1	710	Ireland	July 11 180	96
Stockton, Richard	N. Jersey	Lawver	Oct. 1. 1	730	PrincetonN. J.	Feb. 28,178	1 51
Stone, Thos	Maryland .	Lawyer	1	742	Pointoin Manor, Md	Oct. 5,178'	7 4.5
Smith, James Stockton, Richard Stone, Thos Taylor, Geo	Penn	Physician	1	716	Ireland	Feh. 23,178	65
Thornton, Matthew	IN. Hamp.	Physician		414	i reiandi	June 24. 180a	51 85F
Walton, George Whipple, William	Georgia	Lawyer	ŀ····· + †	730	Frederick Co va	Nov 28 178	5 55
Williams, William	Ct	Statesman.	Apr. 8. 1	731	LebanonCt	Ang. 2.181	81
Williams, William Wilson, James Witherspoon, John	Penn	Lawyer	i	742	St. AndrewsScot	Aug. 28, 1798	56
Witherspoon, John	N. Jersey	Minister	Feb. 5, 1	722	YesterScot	Nov. 15, 179	1 73
Wolcott, Oliver	ICt	Privilcian .	INOV. 26. I	726	WindsorCt	Dec. 1.179	(1.72
Wythe, George	virginia	Lawyer	· 1	120	Enzabern Co va	June 9,180	80

# WASHINGTON'S FAREWELL ADDRESS.

EXTRACTS FROM HIS ADDRESS COUNSELLING THE MAINTENANCE OF THE UNION .- CONFINEMENT OF THE GENERAL GOVERNMENT TO ITS CONSTI-AND TUTIONAL LIMITATIONS, AVOIDANCE OF RELATIONS WITH FOREIGN POLITICAL AFFAIRS.

(To the People of the United States on His Approaching Retirement from the Presidency.)

Here, perhaps, I ought to stop; but a solicitude for your welfare, which cannot end but with my life, and the apprehension of danger natural to that solicitude, urge me, on an occasion like the present, to offer to your solemn contemplation, and to recommend to your frequent review, some sentiments, which are the result of much reflection, of no inconsiderable observation, and which appear to me all-important to the permanency of your felicity as a people. These will be afforded to you with the more freedom, as you can only see in them the disinterested warnings of a parting friend, who can possibly have no personal motive to bias his counsel; nor can I forget, as an encouragement to it, your indulgent reception of my sentiments on a former and not dissimilar occasion.

Interwoven as is the love of liberty with every ligament of your hearts, no recommendation of mine is necessary to fortify or confirm the attachment.

### PRESERVATION OF THE UNION.

The unity of government, which constitutes you one people, is also now dear to you. It is justly so; for it is a main pillar in the edifice of your real Independence—the support of your tranquillity at home, your peace abroad, of your safety, of your prosperity, of that very liberty which you so highly prize. But as it is easy to foresee that, from different causes and from different quarters, much pains will be taken, many artifices employed, to weaken in your minds the conviction of this truth; as this is the point in your political fortress against which the batteries of internal and external enemies will be most constantly and actively (though often covertly and insidiously) directed—it is of infinite moment that you should properly estimate the Immense value of your national union to your collective and individual happiness; that you should cherish a cordial, habitual and immovable attrchment to it; accustoming yourselves to think and speak of it as of the palladium of your political safety and prosperity; watching for its preservation with jealous anxiety; discountenancing whatever may suggest even a suspicion that it can, in any event, be abandoned; and indignantly frowning upon the first dawning of every attempt to allenate any portion of our country from the rest, or to enfeeble the sacred thes which now link together the various parts.

For this you have every inducement of sympathy and interest. Citizens by birth or rehoice of a common country, that country has a right to concentrate your affections. The name of America, which belongs to you in your national capacity, must always exalt the just pride of patriotism, more than any appellation derived from local discriminations. With slight shades of difference, you have the same religion, manners, habits, and political principles. You have, in a common cause, fought and triumphe J together; the independence and liberty you possess are the work of joint counsels and joint efforts, of common dangers, sufferings, and successes.

### ENCROACHMENTS BY THE GOVERNMENT.

It is important, likewise, that the habits of thinking, in a free country, should inspire caution in those intrusted with its administration, to confine themselves within their respective constitutional spheres, avoiding, in the exercise of the powers of one department, to encroach upon another. The spirit of encroachment tends to consolidate the powers of all the departments in one, and thus to create, whatever the form of government, a real despotism. A just estimate of that love of power, and proneness to abuse it which predominates in the human heart, is sufficient to satisfy us of the truth of this position. The necessity of reciprocal checks in the exercise of political power, by dividing and distributing it into different depositories, and constituting each the guardian of the public weal, against invasions by the others, has been evinced by experiments, ancient and modern; some of them in our own country, and under our own eyes. To preserve them must be as necessary as to institute them. If, in the opinion of the people, the distribution or modification of the constitutional powers be, in any particular, wrong, let 1° be corrected by an amendment in the way which the Constitution designates. But let there be no chance or usurpation; for though this, in one instance, may be the instrument of good, it is the customary weapon by which free governments are destroyed. The precedent must always greatly overbalance, in permanent evil, any partial or transient benefit which the use can, at any time, yield.

Observe good faith and justice toward all nations; cultivate peace and harmony with all; religion and morality enjoin this conduct; and can it be that good policy does not equally enjoin it? It will be worthy of a free, enlightened, and, at no distant period, a great nation, to give to mankind the magnanimous and too novel example of a people always guided by an exalted justice and benevolence. Who can doubt that, in the course of times and things, the fruits of such a plan would richly repay any temporary a

# ENTANGLEMENTS WITH FOREIGN POWERS.

Against the insidious wiles of foreign influence (I conjure you to believe me, fellow-citizens) the jealousy of a free people ought to constantly awake; since history and sperience prove that foreign influence is one of the most baneful foes of republican government. But that jealousy to be useful, must be impartial; else it becomes the instrument of the very influence to be avoided, instead of a defence against it. Excessive partiality for one foreign nation, and excessive dislike for another, cause those whom they actuate to see danger only on one side, and serve to vell, and even second, the arts

### WASHINGTON'S FAREWELL ADDRESS-Continued.

of influence on the other. Real patriots, who may resist the intrigues of the favorite, are liable to become suspected and odlous, while its tools and dupes usurp the applause and conflidence of the people, to surrender their interests.

The great rule of conduct for us, in regard to foreign nations, is, in extending our commercial relations, to have with them as little political connection as possible. So far as we have already formed engagements, let them be fulfilled with perfect good faith. Here let us stop.

Burope has a set of primary interests, which to us have none, or a very remote relation, Hence she must be engaged in frequent controversies, the causes of which are essentially foreign to our concerns. Hence, therefore, it must be unwise in us to implicate ourselves, by artificial ties, in the ordinary viciositudes of her politics, or the Our detached and distant situation invites and enables us to pursue a different course. If we remain one people under an efficient government, the period is not far off when we may defy material injury from external annoyance: when we may take such an attitude as will cause the neutrality we may at any time resolve upon, to be scrupulously respected; when belligerent nations, under the impossibility of making acquisitions upon us, will not lightly hazard the giving us provocation; when we may choose peace or war, as our interest, guided by justice, shall counsel.

### PARTING COUNSELS.

In offering to you, my countrymen, these counsels of an old and affectionate friend, I dare not hope that they will make the strong and lasting impression I could wish; that they will control the usual current of the passions, or prevent our nation from running the course which hitherto has marked the destiny of nations; but if I may even flatter myself that they may be productive of some partial benefit, some occasional good: that they may now and then recur to moderate the fury of party spirit, to warn against the mischiefs of foreign intrigues, to guard against the impostures of pretended patriotism, this hope will be full recompense for the soilcitude for your welfare by which they have here dictated. dictated. been dictated. United States, September 17, 1796.

GEORGE WASHINGTON.

### THE MONROE DOCTRINE.

"THE Monroe doctrine" was enunciated in the following words in President Monroe's message

to Congress December 2, 1823:

"In the discussions to which this interest has given rise, and in the arrangements by which they may terminate, the occasion has been deemed proper for asserting, as a principle in which rights and interests of the United States are involved, that the American continents by the free and independent condition which they have assumed and maintain, are beneeforth not be considered as subjects for future colonization by any European power.

" " We owe it, therefore, to candor and to the amicable relations existing between the United States and those powers to declare that we should consider any attempt on their part to extend their system to any portion of this hemisphere as dangerous to our peace and safety. With the existing colonies or dependencies of any European power we have not interfered and stall not interfere. But with the governments who have declared their independence and maintain it, and whose independence we have, on great consideration and on just principles, acknowledged, we could not view any interposition for the purpose of oppressing them or controlling in any other manner their destiny by any European power in any other light than as the manifestation of an unifriendly disposition toward the United States."

Secretary of State Olney in his despatch of July 20,1895, on the Venezuelan Boundary Dispute, said: "It (the Monroe doctrine) does not establish any general protectorate by the United States over other American States. It does not relieve any American State from its obligations as fixed by international law, nor prevent any European power directly interested from enforcing such obligations or from inflicting merited punishment for the breach of them."

President Roosevelt in a speech in 1902 upon the results of the Spanlsh-American war, said:

"The Monroe doctrine issimply a statement of our very firm belief that the nations now existing on this continent must be left to work out their own destinies among themselves, and that this continent is no longer to be

The United States Senate on August 2, 1912, adopted the following resolution proposed by Senator Lodge, by a vote of 51 to 4, the negative votes being those of Senators Cummins of Iowa, McCumber of North Dakota, Percy of Mississippi, and Stone of Missouri,

"Resolved. That when any harbor or other place in the American Continent is so situated that the occupation thereof for naval or military purposes might threaten the communications or the safety of the United States, the Government of the United States could not see without grave concern the nossession of such harbor or other place by any corporation or association which has such a relation to another Government, not American, as to give that Government practical power of control for national purposes."

Thisaction of the Senate grew out of the report that a stretch of territory bordering on Magdalena Bay. Mexico, might be acquired by the subjects of a foreign country, and thus through their control by their own national Government become the base of permanent naval or military occupation. In explanation of the resolution Senator Lodge said: "The declaration rests on a much broader and older ground than the Monroe doctrine. This resolution rests on the generally accepted principle that every nation has a right to protect its own safety; and if it feels that the possession of any given harbor or place is prejudical to its safety, it is its duty and right to intervene" The Senate added that the opening of the Panama Canal gave to Magdalena Bay an importance that it had never before possessed, as the Panama Canal gave to Magdalena Bay an importance that it had never before possessed. She Panama routes pass in front of it.

Not being a joint resolution requiring the concurrence of the House of Representatives and the signature of the President, the resolution adopted as above was an expression of opinion of the Senate only. The other house took no action.

# THE UNITED STATES CENSUS.

THE Constitution requires that a census of the United States shall be taken decennially. The first census was taken in 1790 under the supervision of census was taken in 1790 under the supervision of the President; subsequent censuses, to and including that of 1840, were taken under the supervision of the Secretary of State. In 1849 the administration of the census work was transferred to the newly organized until the pessage, in 1903, of the act creating the Department of Commerce and Labor, by which make the Census Bureau was transferred to the new department. Meanwhile Congress, by act approved March 1913, when the Department of Commerce and the Department of the Government. Since March 1913, when the Department of Commerce and the Department of the Census Bureau is divided into make the Census Bureau is divided into make the Census Bureau is divided into the Census Bureau is divided into the Census Bureau is divided into supersonal branches, namely, the decennial census and special statistical inquiries, the latter mostly made in the intervals between the decennial census as data capil 15, 1910. It covered four main subjusted to the consus and and the capil 15, 1910. It covered four main subjusted to the second of the consus have been published and have been used wherever available for the tables of the present Almanca and those preceding to the present Almanca and the census of 1910 was the President; subsequent censuses, to and including

and have been used wherever available for the tables of the present ALMANAC and those preceding it. The aggregate cost of the census of 1910 was about \$14,290,000, in addition to which \$1,675,000 was spent in carrying on the annual investigations of the permanent bureau during the census period. Of this amount \$7,200,000 represents the cost of collecting the data through the employment of over 70,000 paid enumerators, besides supervisors, clerks, and special agents The balance is the cost of tabulating and publishing the results. A more detailed account of the census of 1910 is given in the 1911 issue of The World Almanac.

TATES CENSUS.

The permanent work of the Census Bureau is provided for by the act of Congress approved March 6, 1902, and amendments thereto. These acts authorize and direct the bureau to make statistical inquiries regarding the insane, feeble-minded, deaf and dumb, and blind; crime, pauperism, and benevolence; deaths and births in the areas maintaining adequate registration systems; social and financial statistics of cities; wealth, debt and taxation; religious bodies; electric light and power, telephones and telegraphs, and street and electric railways; transportation by water; cotton produced, consumed, imported, exported, and on hand, and active cotton spindles; stocks of leaf tobacco held by manufacturers and dealers. The statistics of deaths (which now cover more than two-thirds of the population), of cities, of cotton produced, consumed, etc., and of tobacco stocks, are secured annually; the other statistics mentioned are collected at intervals of five or ten years, but not in connection with the regular decennial censuses. The act of 1902 also provides for a census of manufactures in the fifth year intervening between the decennial censuses.

The Director of the Census is appointed by the Tresident of the United States and receives a salary of \$6,000 per Annum. The present Preson Samuel L. Rogeren Sanuel, for Statistics of States and Cities, Starke M. Grogan, and for Vital Statistics, Richard C. Lappin; a geographer, Charles S. Sloane, and nine chiefs of division. The entire number of employés in the bureau at Washington is now about 600; in addition there are about 70: special agents employed intermittentity in the Southern States for the collection of cotton statistics. The number of employés in Washington was greatly increased during the decennial census; in August, 1910, it was more than 3,700, in addition to field employés.

# TELESCOPES.

THERE are two kinds of telescopes, viz., refracting and reflecting. In the former the rays of light are made to converge to a focus by lenses, while in the latter they are made to converge by being redected from the surface of a slightly concaved, highly poilshed mirror. The chief disadvantages of refracting telescopes are the chromatic and spherical aberrations of the lenses. In reflecting telescopes these aberrations can be done away with by using parabolic mirrors, but the great objection to the latter are the many mechanical difficulties that have to be

mirrors, but the great objection to the latter are the many mechanical difficulties that have to be overcome.

Owing to the travelling of the earth in its orbit and revolving about its axis, stars if viewed by a fixed telescope would soon disappear. It is thus necessary that a telescope he mounted so a star will always be in its field. This is accomplished by using an equatorial mounting. In an equatorial mounting there are two axes, one called the "polar" that is parallel to the axis of the earth, and the other the "declination" at right angles to it. Hence, when a star is to be followed, the telescope is clamped in position, and by means of clockwork follows the star so it always remains in view.

The magnifying power of telescopes is generally expressed in diameters, the practical limit of power being 100 diameters per inch of diameter of the telescope. Thus the 36-inch telescope at the Lick Observatory may give a magnifying power of 3,600 diameters. But such high power can only be used in a very clear atmosphere, and consequently most astronomical observations are made at 1,000 diameters.

REFRACTING TELESCOPES.

REFRACTING TELESCOPES.

The largest in the world are in the United States. The one at Yerkes Observatory, Geneva Lake, Wis, has an object lens 40 inches in diameter with a focal length of 64 feet. The movable part of the instrument turning on the polar axis weighs about 12 tons, and the clock 1½ tons. Other large telescopes are the 36-inch at Lick Observatory, Mt. Hamilton, Cal, where many important astronomical discoveries have been made; the 26-inch at the U.S. Observatory, Washington, D. C. and the 24-inch belonging to Harvard University. There is a 30-inch refracting telescope at the Aliceheny Observatory, Riverview Park. Pa.

Abroad is the 30-inch at the Imperial Observatory, Pulovak (near Petrograd), Russla. This telescope has a platform at the lower end of the polar axis, from which observers can readily operate the instrument. The Meudon Observatory, (near Parls, France) has a 32-inch, the Potsdam, Prussla, a 31-inch, and the Royal Observatory, at Greenwich, England, a 28-inch. There is a 32-inch at the Nicolaieff Observatory of Russia.

inch at the Nicolaieff Observatory of Russia.

Inch at the Nicolaieff Observatory of Russia.

REFLECTING TELFSCOPES.
One of the most perfect instruments ever built is at Mt. Wilson Observatory, Pasadena, Cal. The mirror is silver on glass, 60 inches in diameter, and weighs destructed in the telescope is moved by electric motors in right ascension and deed in the destructed in the first that can be obtained in the first of the

toria B. C., Canada.

### THE NATIONAL FLAC.

THE NATIONAL FLAC.

The official flag of the United States bears forty-eight white stars in a blue field arranged in six rows of eight stars each. Two stars were added in 1912 by the admission of Arizona and New Mexico to the Union. The startison flag of the Army is made of bunting, thirty-six feet fly and twenty feet holst, thirties stripes, and in the upper quarter, next the staff, is the field or "union" or stage of the Army is made of the Army is made of the Army is the staff of the field or "union" or stage of the outer red stripes than the up. The storm flag is twenty feet by ten feet, and the recruiting flag nine feet nine inches by four feet four inches The "Union Jack" is blue with a star for every State in white The Coast Guard flag, authorized by act of Congress, March 2, 1799, was originally prescribed to "consist of sixteen perpendicular stripes, alternate red and white, the union of the ensign bearing the arms of the United States in dark blue on a white field" The sixteen stripes represented the number of States which had been admitted to the Union at that time, and no change has been made since. June 14, the anniversary of the adoption of the flag, is celebrated as Flag Day in a large part of the Union.

The National flag should be hoisted preferably at, but not earlier than surrise, and never later than 8 o'clock. When the National and State or other flags fly together the National flag should be on the right. When used on a bler or casket at a funeral the stars should be placed at the head. In no case should the flag be allowed to touch the ground. The statutes of the United States forbid the use of the flag for advertising purposes is illegal.

The President's flag consists of a blue background, in the centre of which appears the seal of the United States.

The flag of Admiral of U. S. Navy is blue with four white stars—two horizontal and two perpendicular

In centre.

The flag of Vice-Admiral of U. S. Navy is blue with three white stars—triangular.

The flag of the Secretary of the Navy is blue with two white stars (perpendicular) at either end and white anchor in centre.

The consular flag is blue with large white C in centre, surrounded by thirteen white stars.

The flag of the Panama Canal consists of a blue square bearing the letters "P. C." in white.

The flag of New York State is blue charged with the arms of the State. The flag of New York Clty consists of three perpendicular lines, blue, white, and orange (the blue nearest the flag staff); on the white bar is the seal of the city, without the legend.

### THE UNITED STATES COVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE.

In this establishment practically all the printing for the United States Government is done except the manufacture of paper money and postage stamps. The Public Printer is the executive head of the Government Printing Office. Directly or through his principal officers he purchases all materials and machinery subject to the provisions of law, disburses all money, appoints all officers and employes, and exercises general supervision over the afairs of the office. The Superintendent of Documents has general supervision over the distribution of all public documents, excepting those printed for the use of the two Houses of Congress and for the Superintents. He is required to prepare a comprehensive index of public documents and consolidated index of Congressional documents, and is authorized to sell at cost any public document in his charge, the distribution of which is not specifically directed.

The principal officers are as follows: Public Printer, Cornelius Ford; Deputy Public Printer, Henry T, Brian; Chief Clerk, John L. Alverson; Private Secretary, Joseph P. O'Lone; Purchasing Agent, Edward S, Moores; Superintendent of Work, Daniel V. Chisholm; Foreman of Printing, T. Frank Morgan; Congressional Record Clerk, William A. Smith; Superintendent of Documents, Josiah H. Brinker.

### UNITED STATES SECRET SERVICE.

THE Secret Service Division of the Treasury Department is under the direction of Wm. J. Flynn, chief of the division. The service is principally engaged in detecting and prosecuting makers and dealers in counterfeit paper money and coin. Details are also furnished for the protection of the President of the United States.

The arrests of counterfeiters number about 400 annually; other arrests are for bribery, impersonating United States Government officers, perjury, and violating sections of the United States Revised Statutes relating to foreign and domestic obligations and coins

### NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF LETTER CARRIERS.

The objects of the association are: First, to unite fraternally all letter carriers in the United States for their mutual benefit. Second, to obtain and secure rights as Government employes and to strive at all times to promote the welfare of every member. Third, to create and establish the United States Letter Carriers' Mutual Benefit Association, as defined in the Constitution and General Laws governing said association. Fourth, in conjunction with the Post-Office Department, to strive for the constant improvement of the service. Fifth, to create and establish the United States Letter Carriers' National Sick Benefit Association. The association has a membership of 35,000. The dues are \$1.50 per annum.

\*President—Edward J. Galnor, Muncle, Ind.\* Vice-President—Al. Tharp, New York, N. Y. Secretry—Edward J. Cantwell, Washington, D. C. Treasurer—Charles D. Duffy, Chicago, Ill. Headquarters, 945 Pennsylvania Avenue, Washington, D. C.

## LIFEBOAT REQUIREMENTS.

UNDER date of August 17, 1916, the Steamboat Inspection Service of the Department of Commerce

UNDER date of August 17, 1916, the Steamboat Inspection Service of the Department of Commerce issued the following:

The Board of Supervising Inspectors at its meeting of January, 1916, revised all of the rules for lifebeat requirements, for publication in four parts, namely; (1) Ocean and Coastwise, (2) Great Lakes, (3) Lakes other than the Great Lakes, Bays, and Sounds, (4) Rivers.

Only one of these parts is ready for distribution, which is for ocean and coastwise vessels,

Owing to the Seamen's Act, approved March 4, 1915, the rules for lifeboat requirements are very complex and extensive, and vary for the different classes of waters, and the bureau must decline to prepare a short statement of lifeboat requirements for publication, owing to the necessary incompleteness of any such statement.

### THE SINCLE TAX.

THE following statement of the single tax principle was written by Henry George, Sr.:

We assert as our fundamental principle the self-evident truth enunciated in the Declaration of American Independence, that all men are created equal and are endowed by their Creator with certain inalienable rights. We hold that all men are equally entitled to the use and enjoyment of what God has created and of what is gained by the general growth and improvement of the community of which they are a part. Therefore, no one should be permitted to hold natural opportunities without a fair return to all for any special privilege thus accorded to him, and that value which the growth and improvement of the community attaches to land should be taken for the use of the community; that each is entitled to all that his labor produces; therefore, no tax should be levied on the products of tabor.

labor.

To carry out these principles, we are in favor of raising all public revenues for national, State, county, and municical purposes by a single tax upon land values. Irrespective of improvements, and of the abolition of all other forms of direct and indirect taxation.

Since in all our States we now levy some tax on the value of land, the single tax can be instituted by the simple and easy way of abolishing, one after another, all other taxes now levied and commensurately increasing the tax on land values until we draw upon that one source for all expenses of government, as the revenue from direct taxes is now divided between the local and State governments, or by a direct assessment being made by the general government upon the States and paid by them from revenues collected in this manner. The single tax we propose is not a tax on land, and therefore would not fall on the use of land and become a tax on labor.

It is a tax not on land, but on the value of land. Thus it would not fall on all land, but only on valuable land, and on that not in proportion to the use made of it, but in proportion to its value—the ownership of land, taking what would otherwise go to the owner, and improvement of land, but on the ownership of land, taking what would otherwise go to the owner, so or rent, for permission to use valuable land. It would thus be a tax not on the use and improvement of land, but on the land of the

2d. Dispense with a multiplicity of taxes and a horde of tax-gatherers, simplify government, and greatly reduce its cost.

3d. Do away with the fraud, corruption, and gross inequality inseparable from our present methods of taxation, which allow the rich to escape while they grind the poor. Land cannot be hid or carried off, and its value can be ascertained with greater case and certainty than any other.

4th. Give us with all the world as perfect freedom of trade as now exists between the States of the Union, thus enabling our people to share through free exchanges in all the advantages which nature has given to other countries, or which the peculiar skill of other peoples has enabled them to attain. It would destroy the trusts, monopolies, and corruptions which are the outgrowths of the tariff. It would do away with the fines and penaltics now levied on any one who improves a farm, erects a house, builds a machine, or in any way adds to the general stock of wealth. It would leave every one free to apply labor or expend capital in production or exchange without fine or restriction, and would leave to each the full product of his exertion.

5th. It would, on the other hand, by taking for public use that value which attaches to land by reason of the growth and improvement of the community, make the holding of land unprofitable to the mere owner and profitable only to the user. It would thus make it mould thus one to seculators and monopolists to hold natural opportunities unused or offers to man. It would thus solve the labor problem, do away with the villows the labor problem, do away with all amprovement of the community, make the holding of land unprofitable to the limitable field of employment which the villows and monopolists to hold natural opportunities unused or offers to man. It would thus solve the labor problem, do away with involutions and unprofitable to make a subject to all and cause such an enormous production and such an equitable distribution of owners with the profitable and participation in t ways.

# NATIONAL RIVERS AND HARBORS CONCRESS.

THE purposes of the congress as set forth in its Constitution are as follows:

"The objects of this congress shall be the collection and preparation of all obtainable data touching the scientific improvement, development and uses of the rivers and harbors of the nation; these data to include findings of the Board of United States Engineers and other scientific facts dealing with questions of waterway transportation and allled subjects.

"To disseminate to as many of the people of the United States as possible the scientific knowledge collected and prepared, through the publications of this association, its new burcau and its field representatives—to the end that the people may be educated to the importance of waterway development, and that the greatest good to the greatest number may be had through the scientific improvement and maintenance of our lakes, rivers, harbors and canals for navigation and commerces.

"The membership of this congress shall consist of commercial, manufacturing and kindred organizations, waterway improvement associations, corporations, companies, and individual citizens engaged or interested in commercial or industrial enterprises, who may subscribe to its Constitution and contribute to the support and prosecution of the objects of the congress." Presiden—Hon. Jos. E. Ransdell, Lake Providence, La. Secratary-Treasure—S. A. Thompson, Washington, D. C.

# PROCRESS OF THE UNITED STATES

IN AREA, POPULATION, AND MATERIAL INDUSTRIES.

(Statement prepared by the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, Department of Commerce.)

	1800.	1850.	1880.	1900.	1916. a
Area $b$ . square miles Population $c$ no. Population per square mile $c$ no. Wealth $d$ $e$ dols Wealth $d$ $e$ dols Wealth, per capita $d$ $e$ dols Public debt, less cash in Treasury $d$ dols Public debt, less cash in Treasury $d$ dols Interest bearing debt $h$ dols Annual Interest charge dols Gold coined. dols Gold coined. dols Gold coined. dols Gold in circulation $f$ dols Gold ertificates in circulation dols. Silver cortificates in circulation dols. United States notes (Greenbacks) left from the firm of the control of the circulation of the circulation of the circulation dols. United States notes (Greenbacks) left from the circulation of the circ	200 125	2 007 110	2 026 780	2 026 700	3,026,789
Population c square miles	5.308.483	23,191,876	3,026,789 50,155,783	3,026,789 75,994,575 25.55	101,882,479
Population per square mile c no	6 47	7.88	16.86	25.55	34.26
Wealth de dols		7,135,780,000	42,642,000,000	88,517,306,775	£187,739,071,090
Wealth, per capita de dols	02 026 204	307.69	850.20 1,919,326,748	1,164.79	f1,965.00
Public debt, ner capita dols	15 63	2.74	38.27	1,107,711,200	9.88
Interest bearing debt $h$ , dols	82,976,294	63,452,774	1,723,993,100	1,023,478,860	971,562,590.00
Annual Interest charge dols	3,402,601	3,782,393	1,919,326,748 88.27 1,723,993,100 79,633,981 1,59 62,308,279 27,411,694 { 225,695,779 68,622,345 7,963,900 5,789,569	33,545,130	34.26 /187,739,071,090 /1,965.00 1,006,281,572.10 9.88 971,562,590.00 22,896,664 60
Interest, per capita	217 760	21 081 720	62 308 270	99 272 943	422 067 275
Silver coined dols	224.296	1.866.100	27.411.694	36.345.321	14 114 066
Gold in circulation j dols	C10 000 000	147 205 450	\$ 225,695,779	610,806,472	2630,190,647
Silver in circulation $j$ dols	\$ 10,000,000	147,393,430	68,622,345	99,272,943 36,345,321 610,806,472 142,050,334 200,733,019	£236,344,676
Gold certificates in circulation dols.			5,789,569	408,465,574	0.22 423,967,375 74,114,066 \$630,190,647 \$236,344,676 1,414,302,989 490,786,334
United States notes (Greenbacks) in			0,700,000		100,100,002
United States notes (Greenbacks) in circulation			327,895,457 337,415,178	313,971,545 300,115,112	341,891,669
National bank notes in circulation dols			001,120,110	300,115,112	720,089,763
Federal Reserve bank notes dols.					8.966.370
Miscellaneous currency in circulation l dols	10,500,000	131,366,526	24. 24. 24	79,008,942 2,055,150,998	2,098,262
Total circulation of money . dols	10,500,000 26,500,000 5 00	131,366,526 279,761,982 12 02	973,382,228 19.41 2,076 455 909 565		
National hanks	2 00	12 02		3.732	39.23
Capital dols			455,909,565 37,182,128,621	621,536,461	1,067,481,000 490,842,707,724 4162,777,508,009
Bank clearings, New York dols			37,182,128,621	51,964,588,564	190,842,707,724
Total United States dols	:.::		833 701 034	2 458 092 758	1162,777,508,000
Deposits in savings banks dols.		43,431,130	833,701,034 819,106,973	26.93 3,732 621,536,461 51,964,588,564 84,582,450,081 2,458,092,758 2,389,719,954 6,107,083	11.997.706.013
Depositors in savings banks no		251,354	2,335,582 12,180,501,538	6,107,083	m8,136,018,000 11,997,706,013 111,285,755
Farms and farm property d dols		43,431,130 251,354 3,967,343,580	2 212 450 027	6,107,083 n20,439,901,164 4,417,069,972	040,991,449,090 p10,501,686,000 q268,491 q20,672,051,870
Manufacturing establishments d no	·	123,025 1,019,106,616	2,212,450,927 253,852		p10,301,686,000
Value of products d dols		1,019,106,616	5,369,579,191	q11,406,926,701	q20,672,051,870
Miscellaneous currency in circulation \(^i\) dols Per capita. dols Per capita. dols National banks . no Capital . dols Total United States . dols Deposits in National banks . dols Deposits in National banks . dols Deposits in National banks . dols Deposits in savings banks . dols. Depositors in savings banks . no Farms and farm property \(^d\) dols Manufacturing establishments \(^d\) dols Manufacturing establishments \(^d\) dols United States Government receipts—net ordinary \(^r\) dols dols dols dols dollary \(^r\) dols dols dols dols dols dols dols dols	10,848,749	43 502 880	333 526 501	567,240,852	
Customs dols	9.080.933	39.668.686	333,526,501 186,522,065 124,009,374	233,164,871 295,327,927	211,866,222 8512,740,770
net ordinary 7 dols Customs dols Internal revenue dols United States Government, disburse-	809,397				8512,740,770
ments net ordinary t dols	10 813 971	40,948,383	264.847.637	487.713.792	716,367,674
War. dols	2,560,879	9,687,025 7,904,725	38,116,916	487,713,792 134,774,768 55,953,078	1172,973,092
Navy dols.	3,448,716	7,904,725	13,536,985	55,953,078	1141,835,654
Interest on public debt dols	3 402 601	1,866,886 3,782,393	95.757.575	40,160,333	122,902,897
Imports of merchandise dols	91,252,768	173,509,526 7.48 144,375,726 6 23	264,847,637 38,116,916 13,536,985 56,777,174 95,757,575 667,954,746 212,51 835,638,658	140,877,316 40,160,333 849,941,184	716,367,674 4172,973,092 4141,835,684 4164,387,942 422,902,897 2,197,883,510 v21,26 4,333,658,865
Per capita dols	70 971 785	7.48	212.51	1 204 482 082	4 333 658 865
Per capita dols	13 37	6 23	16,43 2,562,236 16,826,099 379,902,880 71,266,699	1,394,483,082 17.76 11,259,310	41.92 33,070,902 267,775,557 1,796,853 23,393,250
Imports, silk, raw lbs			2,562,236	11,259,310	33,070,902
Rubber, crude lbs			379 902 880	49,377,138 147,963,804 20,478,728	1.796.853
Iron and steel, manufactures of dols		20,145,067	71,266,699	20,478,728	23,393,250
Domestic exports, iron and steel manu-	V0.144	4 070 700		121 012 510	621,209,453
Domestic exports all manufactures dols	52,144	1,953,702 23,223,106 544,180,516 17,778,907	121.818.298	484,846,235	2,658,917,330 6,002,784,000 60,715,000 21,166,000 49,162,000
Farm animals, value dols		544,180,516	1,576,917,556	2,228,123,134	6,002,784,000
Cattle no		17,778,907	33,258,000	48,902,414	21 166 000
Sheep no		21 773 220	40.765,900	41.883.065	49,162,000
Internal revenue. dols United States Government, disburse- ments, net ordinary t dols War dols Navy dols. Pensions dols Interest on public debt dols Imports of merchandise dols Exports of merchandise dols Exports of merchandise dols Per capita dols Exports of merchandise dols Per capita dols Imports, silk, raw lbs Rubber, crude lbs Tin plates lbs Iron and steel, manufactures of dols Domestic exports, iron and steei manufactures of dols Farm animals, value dols Farm animals, value dols Farm animals, value dols Cattle. no Horses no Sheep no Swine, no Production of gold dols Silver, commercial value dols. Coal of tons Petroleum Pig iron tons Steel. tons Tin plates lbs Tin plates no Steel. tons Tin plates lbs		4,336,719 21,773,220 559,331 30,354,213 50,000,000	14,716,524 121,818,298 1,576,917,556 33,258,000 11,201,890 40,765,900 1,729,500	121,913,548 484,846,235 2,228,123,144 13,537,524 41,883,065 2,086,027 37,079,356 79,171,000 35,741,100 240,739,310 2,672,062,218 13,789,222 10,188,339	49,162,000 45,55,000 68,047,000 68,047,000 498,891,100 435,019,628 41,162,026,470 429,916,213 23,313,030 x2,085,980,000 461,9647 238,777,000 41,011,505,000
Swineno.		30,354,213	34,034,100 36,000,000	37,079,356	198 891 100
Silver commercial valuedols.		50,000,000	34,717,000	35.741.100	135,019,628
Coal long tons		50,900 6,266,23°	34,717,000 63,822,830 1,104,017,166	240,789,310	1458,504,890
Petroleum gals.			1,104,017,166	2,672,062,218	711,102,035,470
Steel tons		563,755	3,835,191 1,247,335	10.188.329	x23,513,030
Tin plates		563,755 650		849,004,022	x2,085,980,000
Copper long tons		52,516,959	27,000	270,588	1288 777 000
Wheat bush	1 : :::.	100.485.944	498.549.868	522,229,595	i1,011,505,000
Corn bush.	153,509	100,485,944 592,071,104 2,451,442 247,577,000	1,717,434,543	2,105,102,516	13,054,535,000
Cotton bales	153,509	2,451,442	178 872 000	322 549 011	1493,239,040
Sugar consumed . Ibs		247,377,000	1 1.979.441.470	13,789,242 10,188,339 819,004,022 270,588 228,636,621 522,229,595 10,245,602 322,549,011 4,477,175,236 3,100,583,188 3,100,583,188	21,011,505,000 23,054,535,000 111,068,173 1493,239,040 48,626,793,238 48,626,793,238 25,835,592 3,084,070,125 4263,547 11,053,138,748
Per capita lbs.	18,829		39.46 1,865,922 1,822,061,114	58.91	186.04
Domestic cotton exported the	18,829	422,626 638,381,604	1 822,061 114	3,003,516	3.084.070.125
Railways operated miles		9,021	93,267	194,262	1263,547
Passengers carried no				576,831,251	11,053,138,718
Revenue ton per mile				0 729	60 733
Petroleum   gais.     Pig iron   tons     Steel.   tons     Steel.   tons     Tin plates   tons     Copper   loug tons     Wheat.   bush     Cotton.   bulse     Cane sugar   lbs     Sugar consumed   lbs     Per capita   tons     Per capita   tons     Passengers earnied   Passengers earnied     Preight carried   mile     Revenue, ton per mile   cent     Passenger cars.   no     Other cars   no     Other cars   no     Cotton			0 729 34,713 1,416,125	3,084,070,125 4263,547 41,053,138,718 4288,319,890,210 40 733 453,466 42,450,356	
Other carsno	.1	l		1,416,125	12,450,356

# United States Geographic Board.

### PROGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES-Continued.

	1800.	1850.	1880.	1900.	1916. a
American vessels built y tons	106,261	279,255	157,409	393,790	1225,122
Trading, domestic, etctons	301,919			4,338,145	16,517,886
Trading, foreigntons			1,352,810		11,871,543
On Great Lakestons		198,266	605,102	1,565,587	12,818,009
Vessels passing through Sault Ste	1 1				
Marie Canaltons			1,734,890	22,315,834	456,399,147
Commercial failures no.			4,735	10,774	29,485
Amount of liabilitiesdols.					
Post-Offices		18,417	42,989		55,934
Receipts of PO Departmentdols.	280,804	5,499,985]			
Telegrams sent (1)					(2) 90,000,000
Newspapers, etc. (3) no.		2,526			23,924
Public schools, salaries (4) dols	!				x323,610,915
Patents issued					144,934
Immigrants arrived (5) no.	1	369,9801	457,257	448,5721	298,826
Amount of liabilities dols. Post-Offices no. Receipts of PO Department dols. Telegram sent (1) no Newspapers, etc. (3) no. Public schools, salaries (4) dols Patents issued no	903 280,804	18,417 5,499,985 2,526	65,752,000 42,989 33,315,479 29,215,509 9,723 55,942,972 13,947	138,495,673 76,688 102,354,579 63,167,783 20,806 137,687,746 26,499	z111,241,42 55,93 4287,248,16 (2) 90,000,00 23,92 x323,610,91 444,93

# SEVEN WONDERS OF THE WORLD.

THE SEVEN WONDERS OF THE ANCIENT WORLD. Pyramids of Egypt. Pharos of Egypt. Hanging Gardens of Babylon. Temple of Diana at Ephesus. Statue of Jupiter by Phidias. Mausoleum of Artemisia Colossus of Rhodes.

THE SEVEN WONDERS OF THE MIDDLE AGES.
Coliseum of Rome.
Catacombs of Alexandria.
Great Wall of China.

THE SEVEN NEW WORLD.

Wireless.
Telephone.
Aeroplane. Stonehenge.
Leaning Tower of Pisa.
Porceiain Tower of Nankin.
Mosque of St Sophia in ConX-Rays. stantlnople.

Radlum. Antiseptics and Antitoxins. Spectrum Analysis.

WON-

# UNITED STATES CEOCRAPHIC BOARD.

Chairman—Andrew Braid, Coast and Geodetic Survey, Department of Commerce. Secretar S. Sloane, Bureau of the Census, Department of Commerce. Headquarters, Washington, D. C.

the Interior.

Goodwin D. Elisworth, Post-Office Department.

William B. Greeley, Forest Service, Department of

David M. Hildreth, Topographer, Post-Office Department.

Frederick W. Hodge, Bureau of American Ethnology, Smithsonian Institution.

Robert B. Marshall, Superintendent National Parks, Department of the Interior. William McNeir, Bureau of Accounts, Department

of State

Frank Bond, General Land Office, Department of the Interior.
Goodwin D. Elisworth, Post-Office Department, Goodwin D. Elisworth, Post-Office Department, Goodwin D. Elisworth, Post-Office Department, Goodwin D. Elisworth, Post-Office Department, John S. Mills, Department of the Treasury.

James E. Payne, Government Printing Office.

George R. Putnam, Bureau of Lighthouses, Depart-ment of Commerce. Capt. Thomas Snowden, Hydrographer, Department

Capt. Hindias showder, hydrographer, Department of the Navy Charles W. Stewart, Library and Naval War Records Office, Department of the Navy.

Major Raiph H. Van Deman, General Staff, War Department

By executive order of August 10, 1906, the official title of the United States Board on Geographic Names was changed to United States Geographic Board, and its duties calarged. The board passes on all unsettled questions concerning geographic names which arise in the departments, as well as determining, changing, and fixing place names within the United States and its insular possessions, and all names hereafter suggested by any officer of the Government shall be referred to the board before publication. The decisions of the board are to be accepted by all the departments of the Government as standard authority. Advisory powers were granted the board concerning the preparation of maps compiled, or to be compiled, in the various offices and bureaus of the Government, with a special view to the avoidance of unnecessary duplication of work; and for the unification and improvement of the scales of maps, of the symbols and conventions used upon them, and of the methods, of representing relief. Hereafter, all such projects as are of importance shall be submitted to this board for advice before being undertaken.

# UNITED STATES COURT OF CUSTOMS APPEALS

(WASHINGTON, D. C.)

Presiding Judge—Robert M. Montgomery. Associate Judges—James F. Smith, Orlon M. Barbw, Montgomery of the George E. Martin. Attorney-General—Thomas W. Gregory. Assistant Attorney-General—Bert Hanson. Clerk—Arthur B. Shelton (\$3,500). Marshal—Frank H. Briggs (\$3,000).

Bert Hanson. Clerk—Arthur B. Shelton (\$3,500). Marshal—Frank H. Briggs (\$3,000). Sec. 188. There shall be a United States Court of Customs Appeals, which shall consist of a Presiding Judge and four Associate Judges, each of whom shall be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, and shall receive a salary of seven thousand dollars a year. The Presiding Judge shall be so designated in the order of appointment and in the commission issued to him by the President; and the Associate Judges shall have precedence according to the date of their commissions. Any three members of sald court shall constitute a quorum, and the concurrence of three members shall be necessary to any decision thereof. In case of a vacancy or of the temporary inability, or disqualification for any reason of one or two of the Judges of sald court, the President may, upon the request of the Presiding Judge of said court, designate any qualified United States Circuit or District Judge or Judges to act in his or their places and such Circuit or District Judges shall be duly qualified to so act. District Judges shall be duly qualified to so act.

SEC. 189. The said Court of Customs Appeals shall always be open for the transaction of business, and sessions thereof may, in the discretion of the court, be held in the several judicial circuits, and at such places as said court may from time to time designate.

and at such places as said court may from time to time designate.

SEC. 195. That the Court of Customs Appeals established by this chapter shall exercise exclusive appellate jurisdiction to review by appeal, as berein provided, final decisions by a board of general appraisers in all cases as to the construction of the law and the facts respecting the classification of merchandise and the rate of duty imposed thereon under such classifications, and the fees and charges connected therewith, and all appealable questions as to the jurisdiction of said board, and all appealable questions as to the jurisdiction of the customs revenues; and the judgments and decrees of said Court of Customs Appeals shall be final in all such cases: Provided, however, That in any case in which the judgment or decree of the Court of Customs Appeals is made final by the provisions of this title, it shall be competent for the Supreme Court, upon the petition of the United States, or any part thereof, or of any treaty made pursuant thereto, or in any other case when the Attorney-General of the United States shall, before the decision of the Court of Customs Appeals is render expedient its represe Court for the received the case is of such importance as to render expedient its represe Court for the referchant the case is of such importance as to render expedient its represe Court for the review and determination, with the same were fine and thiority in the case as if the above the court of the court of excellent in the case as if the had been carried by appeal or writ of crevenue, equalize duties, and encourage the industries of the United States, and for other purposes," approved August 5, 1903, nor to any case involving the construction of section 2 of an act entitled "An act to provide revenue, equalize duties, and encourage the industries of the United States, and for other purposes," approved to promote reciprocal trade relations with the Dominion of Canada, and for other purposes," approved July 26, 1911. (Amendment as approved, Augus

approved July 26, 1911. (Amendment as approved, August 22, 1914.)

SEC. 196. No appeal shall be talken or allowed from any Board of United States General Appraisers to any other court, and no appellate jurisdiction shall thereafter be exercised or allowed by any other courts I cases decided by said Hoard of United States General Appraisers, but all appeals allowed by law from such Board of General Appraisers shall be subject to review only in the Court of Customs Appeals hereby established, according to the provisions of this chapter hall be considered to deprive the Supreme Court of Customs Appeals hereby shall be exceeded to deprive the Supreme Court of the United States of jurisdiction to hea and determine coustoms cases which have hereforer even certified to said court from the United States Circuit Courts of Appeals on applications for writs of certification to review by writ or certification of the will be supplied to the court of the Court of Appeals, provided application for said court of the United States of United States of Circuit or District Court of the United States of Provided Provided Provided Provided Court of the United States of the States of States of Court of the United States have mentioned, and which have here removed on said dute above mentioned, and which have not been removed on said dute above mentioned, and which have not been removed on said courts and such appeal at the Instance of either party by the United States Court of Customs Appeals, provided such appeal be taken within one year from the date of the entry of the order, judgment, or decrees sought to be reviewed

SEC. 1971. Immediately upon the organization of the Court of Customs Appeals, all cases

SEC. 197. Immediately upon the organization of the Court of Customs Appeals, all cases within the jurisdiction of that court pending and not submitted for decision in any of the United States Circuit, Courts of Appeals, United States Circuit, Territorial or District Courts, shall, with the record and samples therein, be certified by said courts to said Court of Customs Appeals for further proceedings in accordance herewith: Provided, That where orders for the taking of further testimony before a referee have been made in any of such cases, the taking of such testimony shall

SEC. 198. If the importer, owner, consignee, or agent of any imported merchandise, or the Collector or Secretary of the Treasury, shall be dissatisfied with the decision of the Board of General Appraisers as to the construction of the law and the facts respecting the classification of such merchandise and the rate of duty imposed thereon under such classification, or with any other appealable decision of sald board, they, or either of them, may, within sixty days met after the entry of such decision of sald board, they, or either of them, may, within sixty days met after the entry of such decision of sald board, they, or either of them, may, within sixty days met after the entry of such decision of sald board, they, or either of them, may, within sixty days shall be made before any of such decision of sald board fact involved in such decision: Provided, That in Alaska and in the insular and other outside possessions of the platest States inhery days shall be allowed for making such application to the court of the control of t

# UNITED STATES CUSTOMS DUTIES.

A TABLE OF LEADING ARTICLES IMPORTED INTO THE UNITED STATES OR INTO ANY OF ITS POSSESSIONS (EXCEPT PHILIPPINE ISLANDS, GUAM AND TUTUILA),
GIVING RATES OF ENTRY BY THE TARIFF ACT OF 1913

# COMPARED WITH THE TARIFF ACT OF 1909.

(The following table covers only the articles of principal importance imported.) (ad val.—ad valorem; n.s.p.1.—not specially provided for.) \* Effective March 1, 1914.

	RATES OF I	OUTY UNDER
ARTICLES.	Law of 1909.	Law of 1913.
SCHEDULE A—CHEMICALS, OILS AND PAINTS. Acids, n.s.p.f. Alcoholic compounds, n.s.p.f.	ł	15 p.c. ad val. 10c. lb. and 20 p.c. ad val. to 40c. lb. and 20 p.c. ad val.
Alkalles, alkalolds, and all chemical and medicinal compounds, preparations, mixtures and salts, and combinations thereof Ammonia, carbonate of, and muriate of	25 p.c. ad val. 34 c. lb. Free list	15 p.c. ad val. 3/c. lb. 10 p.c. ad val. 10 p.c. ad val.
Glue, value not above 10c. per pound. Oil, castor, gals. Oil, olive in bottles, etc., gals Oil, whale, gals. Oplum, crude and not adulterated, containing 9 per cent. and over of morphia, los.	21/2c. lb. 35c. gal. 50c. gal. 8c gal.	1c. lb. 12c. gal. 30c. gal. 5c. gal.
of morphia, lbs. Paints, colors, pigments, etc.	oo p.c. ad van	\$3 lb. 15 to 20 p.c. ad val.
Perfumery, cosmetics, containing alcohol	60c. lb. and 50 p.c.	40c. lb. and 60 p.c. ad val.
Perfumery, cosmetics, not containing alcohol Soap, castile and unperfumed toilet soap Soap, perfumed toilet Soda, blearbonate of Sponges, not advanced in value by chemical processes Talcum, who be properly to the processes	20 p.c. ad val.	40c. lb. and 60 p.c. ad val. 60 p.c. ad val. 10 p.c. ad val. 30 p.c. ad val. 4c. lb. 10 p.c. ad val.
Cement	8c 100 lbs, 60 pc, ad val. 25 pc ad val. 60 pc, ad val.	15 p.c. ad val. 10 p.c. ad val. 20 to 55 p.c. ad val. 15 p.c. ad val.
Glassware, decorated or cut.  Marble, manufactures of, except for jevelry Opera and field glasses, and frames for same. Spectacles and eyeglasses, and frames for same. SCHEDULE C—METALS AND MANUFACTURES OF Iron, bar, n.s.	60 p.c. ad val. 50 p.c. ad val. 45 p.c. ad val. Graduated rate.	15 p.c. ad val. 45 p.c. ad val. 45 p.c. ad val. 35 p.c. ad val. 35 p.c. ad val.
Steel, n.s.p.f. Antomobiles, valued at \$2,000 or more and automobile bodies. Automobiles valued at less than \$2,000, and automobile chassis	6-10c. lb. Graduated rate	5 p.c. ad val. 15 p.c. ad val. 45 p.c. ad val.
and thished parts of automobiles not including tires  Copper plates, n.s.p.f  Pens, metallic, except gold pens  Table and kitchen utensils, metal	12 p.c. ad val. 12 c gross 40 p.c. ad val.	30 p.c. ad val. 5 p.c. ad val. 8c. gross 25 p.c. ad val. 15 p.c. ad val.
Pins, not jeweiry. Iron beams, girders, joists. Cast iron pipe, andirons, plates, stove plates, hollow ware. Aluminum, and alloys of any kind in which it is the chief component, in crude form. Watch movements and watch cases, clocks and parts thereof	35 p.c. ad val. Graduated rate 8-10c. lb.	20 p.c. ad val. 10 p.c. ad val. 10 p.c. ad val.
SCHEDITE DWOOD AND MANUFACTURES OF	Graduice rate	2c. lb. 30 p.c. ad val. 15 p.c. ad val.
Briar wood and similar wood unmanufactured. Paving posts, railroad tires, telephone, trolley and telegraph poles. House or cabinet furniture, and manufactures of wood or bark. n.s.p.f	15 p.c. ad val.	10 p.c. ad val.
House or cabinet furniture, and manufactures of wood or bark.	35 p.c. ad val.	15 p.c. ad val.
SUBARS and Syrups of cane juice	Not above 75 degrees polariscope 95-100 of 1c. per lb. and for each additional degree 35-1000 of 1c. per	every addi- tional degree 26
Saccharin	65c. lb. 20 p c. ad val. 20 p.c. ad val. 4c. lb.	15 p.c. ad val. 15 p.c. ad val. 15 p.c. ad val. 3c. lb. 1 %c. lb.
Glucose or grape sugar. Sugar candy, valued more than 15c. per pound Sugar candy and all confectionery, n.s.p.f., valued at 15c. per pound or less	50 p.c. ad val. 4c. lb. and 15 p.c. ad val.	25 p.c. ac val. 2c. lb.

SCHEDULE F—TOBACCO AND MANUFACTURES OF.  Tobacco, wrapper, leaf.  Tobacco, mapper, leaf.  Tobacco, map	11.00	RATES OF I	OUTY UNDER
Tobacco, wrapper, leaf.  Tobacco, miler	ARTICLES.	Law of 1909	Law of 1913.
SCHEDULE G—AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS AND PROVI- SINDS And mules and all live animals, n.s.p.f  Barley, bushel of 48 pounds.  Schedult barley mait, bushel of 34 pounds Barley mait, bushel of 35 pc ad val.  Schedult barley mait, bushel of 34 pounds Barley mait, bushel of 35 pc ad val.  Barley mait, bushel of 38 pounds Barley mait, bushel of 36 bushel Barley mait, bushel of 38 pounds Barley mait, bushel of 48 pounds Barley mait, bushel of 60 bbs. Barley mait, bushel of 48 pounds Barley mait, bushel of 60 bbs. B	SCHEDULE F-TOBACCO AND MANUFACTURES OF.	21 05 15	21.07.19
SIONS. Borases and mules and all live animals, n.s.p.f	Cigars and cigarettes.		\$1.85 lb. to \$2.50 lb. 35c. to 50c. lb. 55c. lb. \$4.50 lb and 25 p.c ad val.
Brandy and other spirits manufactured or distilled from grain or other materials, n.s.p.f	SIONS.  Horses and mules and all live animals, n.s.p.f  Barley, bushel of 48 pounds.  Barley anit, bushel of 34 pounds.  Oatmeal and rolled oats  Oats, bushel,  Rice, cleaned.  Macaroni, vermicelli, and all similar preparations.  Butter and substitutes.  Cheese and substitutes.  Cheese and substitutes therefor  Hay.  Honey.  Hops.  Seeds, flax-seed, linseed and other oil seeds, n.s.p.f. (bu. of 56 lbs.)  Seeds, castor (bu. of 50 lbs).  Fish, except shell fish, packed in oil or in oil and other substances fruits, apples, peaches, quinces, cherries, plums and pears.  Fruits, preserved, n.s.p.f.  Fruits, oranges, grapefruit, and ilmes in bulk  Lemons.  Pineapples in bulk.  Nuts of all kinds, shelled or unshelled, n.s.p.f.  Spices, unground.  Chocolate and cocoa unsweetened, prepared or manufactured, n.s.p.f.  Chocolate and cocoa sweetened, prepared or manufactured, n.s.p.f.	25c. bushel 25c bushel 25c bushel 25c. bushel 2c. lb 1c. lb. 1½c lb. 15c lb. Free list Graduated rate	30c 100 lbs. 6c. bushel 1c. lb 1c. lb. 2½c. lb 20c. p.e. ad val. 82 ton 10c. gallon 16c. lb. 20c bushel 15c. bushel 15c. bushel 15c. bushel 1c. lb. ½c. lb. ½c. lb. ½c. lb. 1c. lb. 8 p.c. ad val.
Brandy and other spirits manufactured or distilled from grain or other materials, n.s.p.f  Champagne and all others sparkling wines, quarts. Wines, still, in bottles, quarts and similar beverages wines, still, in bottles, quarts and similar beverages with the property of the property	at 20c. per pound or less	Graduated rate	2c. 1b.
Lace manufactures  SCHEDULE J—FLAX, HEMP AND JUTE AND MANUFACT- URES OF. Flax hemp or ramle single yarns, finer than 80 lea or number. Mattings for floors  SCHEDULE K—WOOL AND MANUFACTURES OF. Alpaca, hair of Combed wool or tops, n.s.p.f.  Graduated rate  12c. sq. yard & 25 p.c. ad val. 60 p.c. ad val. 15 p.c. ad val. 2½c. sq. yard 60 p.c. ad val. 15 p.c. ad val. 15 p.c. ad val. 2½c. sq. yard 60 p.c. ad val. 15 p.c. ad val. 15 p.c. ad val. 15 p.c. ad val. 15 p.c. ad val. 16 p.c. ad val. 17 p.c. ad val. 18 p.c. ad val. 18 p.c. ad val. 18 p.c. ad val. 18 p.c. ad val.	Brandy and other spirits manufactured or distilled from grain or other materials, n.s.p.f	43c. to obc. ganon \$1.85 per doz. 45c. gallon 30c. doz. 2½c. lb. to 28c. lb. 6c. lb. to 67c. lb	45c. to 60c. gallon \$1.85 per doz 45c. gallon 20c. doz. 5 to 25 p.c. ad val. 7 ½ to 27 ½ p.c. ad val.
SCHEDULE J—FLAX, HEMP AND JUTE AND MANUFACT-URES OF.  Alpaca, bair of Combed wool or tops, n.s.p.f	Cotton, plushes, velvets, corduroys	doz. & 35 p.c ad val. 9c. sq. yard & 25 p.c. ad val. to 12c. sq. yard & 25 p.c. ad val.	40 p.c. ad val.
URES OF. Flax hemp or ramle single yarns, finer than 80 lea or number. 15 p.c. ad val. Mattings for floors		60 p c. ad val.	60 p.c. ad val.
Alpaca, hair of [15 p.c. ad val. Combed wool or tops, n.s.p.f. Graduated rate   8 p.c. ad val. Yarns Graduated rate   18 p.c. ad val.   18 p.c. ad val.	URES OF. Flax hemp or ramle single yarns, finer than 80 lea or number Mattings for floors	15 p.c. ad val. 3½c. sq. yard	10 p.c. ad val. 2½c. sq. yard
Dress goods, women's and children's	Alpaca, hair of Combed wool or tops, n.s.p.f. Yarns	Graduated rate Graduated rate 	8 p.c. ad val. 18 p.c. ad val.
The state of the s	Dress goods, women's and children's	Graduated rate 44c. lb. & 60 p.c. ad val. 10c. sq. foot & 40 p.c. ad val. Graduated rate	val. 35 p.c. ad val. 35 p. c. ad val. 50 p.c. ad val. 40 p.c. ad val.

A POTT OF TO	RATES OF D	RATES OF DUTY UNDER			
ARTICLES.	Law of 1909.	Law of 1913.			
SCHEDULE L—SILK AND SILK GOODS. Silk partially manufactured, or spun silk.  Silk, wearing apparel.	ated rate.	ad val.			
SHK, yarns, tareads, artinetal. SHK all manufactures of, n.s.p.f. SCHEDULE M—PAPERS AND BOOKS. Pitating paper, other than paper commercially known as hand-	45c. lb. to 60c. lb. 50 p.c. ad val.	45 p.c. ad val.			
made or machine hand-made, valued above 21/2c. per lb., n.s.p.f.	3½c. lb. to 15 p.c ad. val.	12 p.c. ad val.			
	35 p.c. ad val.	15 p.c. ad val. 25 p.c. ad val. 60 p.c. ad val.			
Brushes. Bristles. Diamonds and other precious stones, cut but not set.	35 p.e. ad val. 40 p.c. ad val. 7½c. lb. 10 p.c. ad val. 20 to 60 p.c. ad	35 p.e. ad val. 35 p.c. ad val. 7c. lb. 20 p.c. ad val. 20 to 60 p.c. ad			
Furs, dressed	val. 20 to 40 p.c. ad val.				
Furs, wearing apparelGloves (leather)	\$1.25 doz. to \$5. 80	val. 50 p.c. ad val. \$1 to \$4.75 doz.			
Hair, human, cleaned but not manufactured	doz. 3 p c. ad val. 20 p c. ad val. 40 p c. ad val. 45 p c. ad val. 45 p.c. ad val. Graduated rate	pairs. 10 p.c. ad val. 20 p.c. ad val. 30 p.c. ad val. 35 p.c. ad val. 25 p.c. ad val. 20 to 50 p.c. ad			
Paintings and statuary, n.s.p.f. Toys Umbrelias, parasols, sunshades, n.s.p.f.	15 p.c. ad val. 35 p.c. ad val. 50 p.c. ad val.	val. 15 p.c. ad val. 35 p.c. ad val. 35 p.c. ad val.			
	L	L			

### THE FREE LIST. on gins.

	Acids (not provided for	foreign countries, pro-	Cotton gins.	Glass plates or di
	under Schedule A).	fessional.	Cotton waste.	rough-cut or unwrough
	Aconite.	Boots, leather,	Cottonseed oil.	Glazlers' diamonds.
	Agates, unmanufactured.	Boray crude.		Gloves, leather, n.s.p
	Agricultural implements.	Bross old		Glue stock.
	Agricultural implements.	Brimstone.		
	Albumen, n.s.p.f.	Drimstone.	Darning needles.	Goat skins, undressed.
	Alcohol, methyl or wood.	Briquecs.		Gold, bullion, med
	Ammonia, nitrate and	Bristies, crude.	Drawings, original.	ore and sweepings.
	sulphate of.	Broom corn.	Drugs, not advanced.	Gold, silver, copper
	Animals brought into U.	Buckwheat.	Dyeing and tanning	other metal coins.
ı	S. temporarily or for	Buillon, gold or sliver.	materials.	Grains, drugs, crude.
	breeding purposes.	Burlans	Dyewoods, n.s.p.r.	Granite, unmanufactu
	Animals, wild, for exhibi-	Cabinet wood, in the log.	Engravings, original	n s.p.f.
	tion in goological col-	rough, or hewn only.	Etchings, original.	Grasses and fibres.
	Hom in zoologicas cor-	Calcium, a.s.p !.		Cueno monures and
		Camel's hair.	Explosive substances.	Guano, manures and
		Camei s nan.	Explosive substances.	substances used of
	Antitoxins.	Carbolic acid.	Extracts for tanning.	In manure.
	Aromatic (not garden)	Cash registers.	Fans, common palm leaf.	Gunny bags and cloth,
	seeds.	rcatue.	Fats and grease.	Gunpowder.
	Arrowroot, not manufac-	Cement.	Fencing, barbed and gal-	Gutta-percha, crude.
	tured.	Chair, crude.	vanized wire.	Hair, n.s.p.f.
	Arsenic.	Charts for use of societies	Ferromanganese.	Hams.
	Art works of	or United States.	Fibres and grasses.	Handle bolts.
	Articles returned after	Citizens of U. S. dving	Films, moving picture,	Hand sewing needles
	having been experted	in foreign countries	American marufacture,	Harness saddles and
	naving been exported.	personal effects of.	light struck or demaged	dlery or ports then
		Claphoards.	light struck or damaged Flat rails, iron or steel.	Connectors
	tured.	Claphoards.	Flax.	There is the second
	Asphaltum.	Coal.	FIRX.	Hemlock bark, extrac
	Bacon.		Flint, flints and flint	Hemp, n.s.p.r.
		Cocoa, crude, n.s.p.f.	stones unground.	Herbs, used as dri
	Barbed fence wire.	Cocoanuts in the shell.	Flocks.	n.s.p.f.
	Barks, n.s.p f.	Cocoons, silk.	Flower and grass seeds,	Hides of cattle.
	Beans, n.s.p.f.	Cod liver oil.	n.s.p.f.	Hones and whetston
	Beef, fresh.	Coffee.		Hoop from or st
	Beeswax.	Coins, gold, silver and	Fowls, water.	coated or not coa
	Belting leather.	copper.	Fruit plants, tropical and	with paint
		Coke.	semi-tropical, for pur-	Hoone Iron or steel
	Benzine		pene of properation or	
	Berries, n.s.p.f.		pose of propagation or cultivation.	Transaction.
	Bibles.	n.s.p f.		Horns and parts of.
	Birds.	Copper, in plates, pars,	Fruits or berries, n.s.p.f	
	Bismuth.	ingots or pigs, n.s.p.f.	Fulminates.	tured.
	Bituminous coal.	and ore.	Furniture of persons or	Horseshoe nalls.
	Books for the blind and	Copperas.	families from foreign	Horseshoes.
	for religious, philo-	Cork, unmanufactured.	countries.	Household effects.
	sophical, scientific or	Copperas. Cork, unmanulactured. Corn and corn-meal.	Furs, undressed.	Ice.
	Herary Durnoses, Der-	Cotton and cotton bag-	Galvanized wire.	India rubber, crude.
	sons or families from	ging.	Gasoline.	Indigo.
	sons of twittings north	0	10.000	

plates or Glass plates or disks, rough-cut or unwrought. Glazlers' dlamonds. Gloves, leather, n.s.p.f. Gloves tock. Goat skins, undressed. Gold, bullion, medals, ore and sweepings. raing needles, wings, original, ligs, not advanced, eling and tanning naterials, ewoods, n.s.p.r. gravings, original, hings, original, hings, original, ergreen seedlings, respectively. The seed of t dlery, or parts thereof. Harvesters. Hemlock bark, extract of. x. nt. flints and tones unground. cks. wer and grass seeds, i.s.p.f. Hembock bark, extract of. Herbock bark, extract of. Hembock bark, extract of. H

### THE FREE LIST-Continued.

Ingote.	Medals of gold, silver or		
Instruments, philosophi-	copper.	vation.	Statuary.
cal and scientifical. Inventions, models of.	Metal composition,	Plates, copper, glass.	Staves.
	n.s.p.f. Milk, preserved or con-	Platinum, unmanufac- tured.	Steel, acrap.
sublimed.	densed, etc.	Plows.	Stone. Strychnine.
Ipecac.	Mineral salts.	Plumbago.	Sugar-beet seed.
Iron Ore.		Pork.	Sulphate of ammonia,
Iron or steel bands, cut	Models of Inventions	Potash, carbonate, crude,	copper, Iron, potash.
to lengths and manu-	Moss, crude or unmanu-	cyanide, sulphate.	soda.
factures of.	factured.	Potassium, cyanide of.	Sulphur.
Iron or steel billets.	Mowers.	Potatoes.	Sulphuric acid.
Iron or steel nails, rails	Music for the blind.	Printing paper not above	Sumac, ground,
and scrap.	Mustard seed.	2 % c. per 1b.	Swine.
Jute.	Mutton.	Prizes.	T-rails, iron or steel.
Kerosene.	Nails.	Prussic acid.	Tacks, cut.
Kindling wood.	Naphtha.	Pulp woods.	Taicum, crude, n.s.p.f.
Lamo and lambskins, un-	Needles, hand sewing	Quinine.	Tallow.
dressed.	and darming.	Radium.	Tanning material.
Land fowls. Lard.	Newspapers and periodi-	Ralls, flat, iron or steel.	Taploca.
Laths.	months of time of	Railway bars, iron or	Tar, and pitch of wood.
Leather, n.s.p f., boots and	entry.	steel.	
shoes, harness, saddles,	Nickel ore.	Rapeseed.	Thrashing machines.
and saddlery, shoe laces,	Nitrate of potash or	Rattan.	Tin, except plates.
sole, uppers, vamps.	saltpetre, crude and	Reapers.	Tobacco stems.
sole, uppers, vamps. Leaves used as drugs,	soda.	Reeds, unmanufactured.	Trophies
n.e.p.f.	Nut oil.	Regalia and gems, stat-	Turpentine.
Leeches.	Nux vomica.	uary and casts of	Twine.
Lemon and lime juice.	Oakum.	sculpture.	Type old.
Lemon peel, not pre-	Oll cake.	Roots, drugs, crude, n.s.	Typesetting machines.
	Oils not provided for in	p.i.	Typewriters.
Libraries.	list under Schedule A.	Rye and rye nour.	Vaccine virus.
	Orange juice, peel, not	Saddlery.	Veal.
ing apparatus.	preserved, candied or dried.	Safety lamps, miners'.	Vegetable substances,
Linotype machines.	Ore. cobalt. copper.	Sago.	crude.
Lithographic stones not	emery, gold, iron,	Salt. Saltpetre, crude.	Veilum. Verdigris.
engraved.	manganese, manganif-	Salentific apparetus	Vitriol, blue.
Lodestones. Logs.		Seeds, all flower and	Wagong and carte
Loops, iron.	ver, tln, tungsten-	grass, n.s.p.f.	Waste
Lumber planed or fin-	bearing.	Sewing machines.	Water fowls.
	Paner printing nanf	Shoon	Way wegetable or min-
Machines for enreading	stock, crude.	Shellfish, and shells in	erai.
tar and oil and for	Paraffin and paraffin oil.	natural state.	Wearing apparel. (See
sugar making, lino-	stock, crude. Paraffin and paraffin oil. Parchment. Paris green. Pearl, mother of, and	Shingles.	below.)
type, sewing, thrash-	Paris green.	Shoddy.	Weeds and wood used
ing, typesetting.	Pearl, mother of, and	Snoes, leatner.	as drugs, n.s.p.f.
Magnesite, crude or cal-			
cined.	Pebble, Brazilian,	Silver bullion, coins, medals, ore, sweep-	Whale oil, n.s.p.f.
Maize.	Periodicals and news-		Wheat, n.s.p.f.
Manganese, oxide and	papers issued within 6	Staal grass	Whetstones.
ore of.	months of time of		Wild animals for exhibi-
Manila.		Soda, arseniate, ash,	tion in zoological col-
Manures.	Personal effects.	cyanide, nitrate, sili-	
Manuscripts.	Petroleum.	cate, sulphate,	Wire, barbed fence, gal-
Maps, over 20 years old,	Phosphates, crude.	Sole leather. Specimens, botany and	vanized, nalls, staples.
or for use of United	Phosphorus.	Specimens, botany and	Wood, n.s.p.f.
States.	Photographic, and mov-	mineralogy and nath-	WOOD SICOPOL
Marrons.	ing picture films not	rai history not for sale.	Wood pulp.
Marrow.	exposed or developed.	Spermaceti oil.	Wool, n.s.p.f.
Marshmallow.	Pigs, copper, iron.	Spikes.	Works of art.
Meal, corn.	Plants, fruits, tropical		Wrought Iron or steel
Meats.	and semi-tropical, for	Sprigs, cut.	nalls, n.s.p.f.

### CUSTOM HOUSE EXAMINATION OF BACCACE.

The Tariff of 1913 provides for the exemption from duty of wearing apparel, etc., as shown in

paragraph 642, as follows:

paragraph 642, as follows:

642. Wearing apparel, articles of personal adornment, toilet articles, and similar personal effects of persons arriving in the United States; but this exemption shall include only such articles as were of persons arriving in the United States; but this exemption shall include only such articles as were actually owned by them and in their possession abroad at the time of or prior to their departure from a foreign country, and as are necessary and appropriate for the wear and use of such persons and are intended for such wear and use, and shall not be held to apply to merchandise or articles intended for other persons or for sale: Provided, That in case of residents of the United States returning from abroad all wearing apparel, personal and household effects taken by them out of the United States to foreign countries shall be admitted free of duty, without regard to their value, upon their identity being established under appropriate rules and regulations to be prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury: Provided/writer. That up to but not exceeding one hundred dollars in value of articles acquired abroad by such residents of the United States for personal or household use or as souvenirs or curios, but not bought on commission or intended for sale, shall be admitted free of duty.

### BAGGAGE DECLARATIONS.

The law requires that every person entering the United States shall make a declaration and entry of personal baggage. The senior member of a family present as a passenger may, however, declare for the entire lamily. A failure to declare articles acquired abroad and brought in as baggage renders the articles subject to forfeiture and the passengers liable to criminal prosecution. (Sections 2002 and 2003, R. S.)

### CUSTOM HOUSE EXAMINATION OF BAGGAGE-Continued.

The exact number of pieces of baggage accompanying a passenger must be stated in the declaration, including trunks, valises, boxes, hand bags, and packages or bundles of every kind. Forms of baggage declarations will be furnished passengers by the steamship officers. The declaration should be prepared and signed at least one day before the expected arrival of the vessel. Declarations spoiled in preparation should not be destroyed, but should be turned over to the purser, who will furnish a new blank.

New plank. When the declaration has been prepared and signed, the coupon at the bottom of the form must be detached and retained by the passenger and the declaration delivered to the ship's officer designated to receive the same. After all the baggage and effects of the passenger have been landed, the coupon which has been retained must be presented at the inspector's desk, and an inspector will then be

detailed to examine the baggage.

Passengers must acknowledge in person, on the pier, their signatures to the declarations,

# RETURNING RESIDENTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

Returning residents of the United States must declare all articles acquired abroad, in their baggage or on their persons, whether by purchase, by gift, or otherwise, and whether dutingle or free of duty. Exemption, however, will be allowed by customs officers of articles aggregating not over \$100 in value, if suitable for personal or household use or as souvenirs or curios, and whether intended for the personal use of the passengers or as gifts or presents to others, provided the articles are not bought on commission for another person or intended for sale. Articles so exempt from duty must, record to the passenger or another person or many personal use included in the exemption. nevertheless, be declared. Articles belonging to one passenger cannot be included in the exemption of another.

Use does not exempt from duty wearing apparel or other articles obtained abroad. Such articles which have been used abroad may, however, be specifically noted on the declaration, and due allowance will be made by the appraising officers for depreciation through wear and use and duties charged upon the articles at their value in their condition as imported.

Passengers must not deduct the \$100 exemption in making out their declarations. Such deductions

Passengers must not deduct the \$100 exemption in making out their declarations. Such deductions will be made by customs officers on the pier.

All wearing apparel, personal and household effects taken out of the United States by residents stall be admitted free of duty without regard to their value upon their identity being established. If remodelled, repaired, or improved abroad, the cost of such remodelling, repairing, or improvement must be declared, and receipted bills for such alterations should be presented. The cost of such repairs is subject to duty, but may be included by customs officers within the \$100 exemption. If the cost or value of the repairs be not declared, the articles will be subject to duty upon their entire value. Citizens of the United States or persons who have at any time resided in this country shall be deemed to be residents of the United States, unless they shall have abandoned their residence in the country. Such citizens or former residents who declare as nonresidents must present satisfactory evidence to the customs officers upon the pier that they have given up their residence in the United States and have become bona fide residents of a foreign country.

The residence of a wife follows that of the husband, and the residence of a minor child follows

The residence of a wife follows that of the husband, and the residence of a minor child follows

that of its parents.

The examination of baggage will be facilitated and difficulties avoided if receipted bills for foreign purchases be presented, and if all articles acquired abroad be packed separately in one or more trunks.

### NONRESIDENTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

Nonresidents of the United States must declare all articles in their baggage or on their persons which do not constitute wearing apparel, articles of personal adornment, toilet articles, or similar personal effects, whether intended to their personal use or for others. They must also declare all articles of wearing apparel, jeweiry, and other articles of personal adornment, toilet articles, and similar effects when not owned by them or when intended for other persons or for sale.

### HOUSEHOLD EFFECTS.

Household effects, such as furniture, table linen, bed linen, tableware, etc., imported as baggage must be declared. If shown to the satisfaction of the customs officers to have been actually owned and used abroad by the passenger not less than one year and not intended for any other person nor for sale, such effects will be admitted free of duty. If not so owned and used abroad, duties must be paid thereon, unless included in the \$100 exemption allowed returning residents.

# CIGARS AND CIGARETTES.

Each passenger over eighteen years of age may briugin free of duty 50 cigars or 300 cigarettes, or smoking tobacco not exceeding three pounds, if for the bona fide use of such passenger. These articles must be declared, but will be passed free by customs officers in addition to the \$100 exemption.

CONTESTED VALUATION.

CONTESTED VALUATION.

Passengers dissatisfied with values placed upon dutiable articles by the customs officers on the pler may demand a re-examination. Application therefor should be made to the officers in charge immediately. If, for any reason, this course is impracticable, the packages containing the articles should be lett in customs custody and application for reappraisement made to the collector of customs in writing within ten days after the original appraisement. No request for reappraisement can be entertained after the articles have been removed from customs custody.

Examination of any baggage may be postponed if the passenger requests the officer taking his declaration to have the baggage sent to the appraiser's stores.

Currency or certified checks only can be accepted in payment of duties, but upon request baggage will be retained on the pier for 24 hours to enable the owner to secure currency or certified checks.

The offering of gratuities or bribes to customs officers is a violation of law. Customs officers who accept gratuities or bribes will be dismissed from the service, and all parties concerned are liable to criminal prosecution.

criminal prosecution.

Discourtesy or incivility on the part of customs officers should be reported to the collector at the custom house, to the deputy collector or deputy surveyor at the pier, or to the Secretary of the Treasury. Passengers should not, however, deem customs officers discourtesom merely because such officers examine baggage thoroughly or appraise articles at a value different from that stated in the passenger's declaration.

# BAGGAGE FOR TRANSPORTATION IN BOND.

Baggage may be forwarded in bond to any other port of entry upon good reason therefor being shown. Passengers desiring to have such baggage forwarded in bond should so indicate on their declara-

# CUSTOM HOUSE EXAMINATION OF BAGGAGE-Continued.

tions, and also make a request therefor upon the inspector at the time he is assigned to the examina-tion of their baggage. Similar action should be taken when it is desired to have baggage forwarded to another country in transit through the United States.

### SEALSKIN GARMENTS.

An act of Congress of 1897, as amended in 1912, expressly forbids the importation into the United States of garments made in whole or in part of the skins of seals taken in the waters of the Pacific Ocean. Unless the owner is able to establish to the satisfaction of the collector that the garments are not prohibited by said act, they cannot be admitted.

### AIGRETTES AND OTHER PLUMAGE.

AIGRETTES AND OTHER FLOURGE.

Paragraph 347 of the present Tariff Act contains the following proviso:

"The importation of algrettes, egget plumes, or so-called osprey plumes, and the feathers, quilis, heads, wings, tails, skins, or parts of skins, of wild birds, either raw or manufactured, and not for scientific or educational purposes, is hereby prohibited; but this provision shall not apply to the feathers or plumes of ostriches or to the feathers or plumes of domestic fowls of any lind."

Any of the above-described prohibited articles will be excluded from entry when brought in by passengers as trimmings on hats or other articles of wearing apparel, and will be confiscated whether found in the baggage or on the person. In cases where there has been no wilful intent to violate the law, such prohibited articles may be exported to a foreign country.

W. G. McAdoo, Secretary of the Treasury.

### THE SOUTHERN COMMERCIAL CONCRESS.

President—Duncan U. Fletcher, Jacksonville, Fla. First Vice-President—Thomas S. Southgate, Norfolk, Va. Second Vice-President—Albert P. Bush, Mobile, Ala. Managing Director—Circle gence J. Owens, Washington, D. C. Treaurer and Resident Director—William H. Saunders, Washington,

The headquarters of the Congress is at the Southern Building, Fifteenth and H Streets, Washington, D. C.: Clarence J. Owens, Managing Director.

Among the purposes of the organization are the following:

(a) To promote and develop the interests of the following sixteen States of the United States known as the "Southern States," to wit: Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louislana, Maryland, Mississippi, Missouri, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia, and West Virginia.

(b) To collect and disseminate information regarding the resources and conditions of the said States and the opportunities and advantages offered in them for the safe and profitable investment of capital; the attractions offered in the South to the homeseeker, artisan and laborer, and the importance to the National Government of enacting proper legislation looking to the conservation of the natural resources of the South and the improvement of its rivers, harbors and transportation facilities.

(c) To encourage, promote and foster the development of the resources of the South with its own capital and by its own inhabitants.

(d) To encourage and obtain the establishment in the South of commercial, manufacturing, industrial and other enterprises, and to foster those already existing therein.

(e) To encourage, foster and promote the creation and establishment of institutions and organizations whose energies shall be principally directed toward the development of the material resources of the South.

To promote and develop proper immigration to the South and to promote and foster the setablishment of such organizations as may bring about the development of desirable immigration to the South.

(g) To encourage the movement for the construction of good roads and for the extension of railroad and trolley transportation.

and (h) To encourage, foster and develop patriotic and National sentiments throughout the South and elsewhere in the Nation, and particularity to promote, encourage and soster the feeling and desire for a greater Nation through a greater South.

(f) To promote the improvement of educational and other conditions which tend to develop the material resources and happiness of the residents of the South.

# UNITED STATES BUREAU OF PLANT INDUSTRY.

The Bureau of Plant Industry studies plant life in all its reations to agriculture. It investigates the diseases of fruit and forest trees, truck crops and other plants, and carries on field tests and demonstrations of their control and prevention. It studies the bacteriological problems connected with plant production and also the factors of plant nutrition and distributes cultures of nitrogen-gathering bacteria for the inoculation of the seed of leguminous crop plants. It is engaged in the improvement of crops by breeding and selection and the acclimatization and adaptation of new crops and varieties. It is encouraging the production of drug-producing crops and other special crops, and is studying the general physiological problems influencing the growth of plants. In co-operation with the Bureau of Animal Industry and the Forest Service it is conducting a campaign for the eradication of poisonous plants, especially in the vast stock-grazing areas of the West. It is investigating various technological problems in connection with crop production, particularly with reference to fibre and paper-producing plants and to the standardization and handling of grain. It is engaged in the study of various phases of economic botany and in the devising of methods for the improvement of forest-grazing areas. It is carrying on a propaganda in the interest of good seeds for the farmer and the improvement in the quality of iarm seeds. It is conducting extensive swork in the breeding and testing of the principal field crops, such as the small grains, corn, cotton, tobacco, torage crops, and sugar-producing plants with special reference to the improvement of these crops. It is engaged in the operation of testing stations in the semi-arid regions for the co-operative investigation of the problems encountered in crop production under the conditions existing in those areas. The adaptation and breeding of crops is a special feature of this work, which also includes physical determinations of the fruit industry. It maintains greenho

# Postal Information.

(Revised by the Post-Office Department for THE WORLD ALMANAC. Sections quoted by numbers in this subject refer to the Postal Laws and Regulations.)

### DOMESTIC RATES OF POSTACE.

ALL mailable matter for transmission by the United States mails within the United States to or from or between the possessions of the United States is divided into four classes, under the following regulations: (Domestic rates apply to mail for Canada, Mexico, Cuba, Tutulia and Manus and other islands of the Samoan group east of longitude 171° west of Greenwich, Porto Rico, Guam, Hawi, the Philippines, the "Canal Zone," the Republic of Panama, and Shanghai City, China, also to mail for officers or members of the crew of vessels of war of the United States, and officers and men of the United States Navy in the United States Naval Hospital, Yokohama, Japan, and to other places where the United States mail service is in operation. First-Class Matter—This class includes letters, postal cards, "nost cards," and anything sealed or otherwise closed against inspection (except as provided for under other classifications all matter wholly or partly in writing, whether sealed or unsealed, except manuscript copy accompanying proof sheets or corrected proof sheets of the same, or anything containing writing not authorized on mail matter of other classes. First-class or letter rate of postage to any part of the United States, its possessions, or the above-named countries, two cents per ounce or fraction thereof.

Rates on local or drop letters at free delivery offices, two cents per ounce or fraction thereof. At offices where there is no free delivery by carriers, and the addressee cannot be served by rural free delivery carriers, one cent per ounce or fraction thereof.

Rates on postal cards, one cent (double or "reply" cards, two cents). Postal cards issued by the

one cent per ounce of fraction thereof.

Rates on postal cards, one cent (double or "reply" cards, two cents). Postal cards issued by the

Post-Office Department may bear written, printed, or other additions as follows:

(a) The face of the card may be divided by a vertical line placed approximately one-third of the distance from the left end of the card; the space to the left of the line to be used for a message, etc., but the space to the right for the address only.

(b) Addresses upon postal cards may be either written, printed, or affixed thereto, at the option of the

sender.

sender. Numericase along postar care was a sender the eard on condition that they completely adhere thereto. Such sheets may bear both writing and printing.

(2) Advertisements, illustrations, or writing may appear on the back of the card and on the left third of the face.

2. The addition to a postal card of matter other than as above authorized will subject the card, when sent in the mails, to postage according to the character of the message—at the letter rate if wholly or partly in writing, of the third-class rate if entirely in print. In either case the postage value of the stamp impressed upon the card will not be impaired.

3. Postal cards must be treated in all repects as sealed letters, except that those mailed for local delivery will be returned to the sender if undeliverable and the name and address of the sender appear there
0. Undeliverable "double" postal cards will be returned to the sender if known.

4. Postal cards bearing articles of glass, metal, mica, sand, tinsel or other similar substances, are unmailable except when inclosed in tightly sealed envelopes with proper postage attached, or when treated in such manner as will prevent the objectionable substances from being rubbed off or injuring persons handling the mails. ling the mails.

Cards that have been spoiled in printing or otherwise will be redeemed from the original purchasers at 75 per cent, of their face value if unmutilated.

POST CARDS (private mailing cards) bearing written or printed messages are transmissible in the

mails

Private mailing cards ("post cards") in the domestic mails must conform to the following conditions:

(a) A "post card" must be an unfolded piece of cardboard not exceeding approximately 3 9-16 by 5 9-16 inches, nor less than approximately 2¾ by 4 inches.

(b) It must in form and in the quality and weight of paper be substantially like the Government postal

card.

(c) It may be of any color not interfering with a legible address and postmark.
(d) It may or may not, at the option of the sender, bear near the top of the face the words "post card."
(e) The face of the card may be divided by a vertical line; the left half to be used for a message, etc., that to the right for the address only.

but that to the right for the address only.

(f) Very thin sheets of paper may be attached to the card, and then only on condition that they completely adhere thereto. Such sheets may bear both writing and printing.

(g) Advertisements and illustrations may appear on the back of the card and on the left half of the

2. Cards, without cover, conforming to the foregoing conditions are transmissible in the domestic mails (including the possessions of the United States) and to Cuba, Canada, Mexico, the Republic of Panama, and Shanghai, China, at the postage rate of 1 cent each,

3. When "post cards" are prepared by printers and stationers for sale, it is desirable that they bear in the upper right hand corner of the face an oblong diagram containing the words "Place postage stamp here," and at the bottom of the space to the right of the vertical dividing line, the words "This space for the address." address.

the address."

4. Cards which do not conform to the conditions prescribed by these regulations are, when sent in the mails, chargeable with postage according to the character of the message—at the letter rate, if wholly or partly in writing, or at the third-class rate, if entirely in print.

5. Cards bearing particles of glass, metal, mica, sand, tinsel, or other similar substances, are unmetlable, except when inclosed in tightly sealed envelopes, or when treated in such manner as will prevent the objectionable substances from being rubbed off or injuring persons handling the mails.

6. Cards mailed under cover of sealed envelopes (transparent or otherwise) are chargeable with postage at the first-class rate; if inclosed in unscaled envelopes, they are subject to postage according to the char-

6. Cards mailed under cover of sealed envelopes (transparent arounding the maintenance) cards mailed under cover of sealed envelopes, they are subject to postage according to the character of the message—at the first-class rate if wholly or part in writing, reached the character of the message—at the first-class rate if wholly or part in writing, reached the character of the message—at the first-class rate if wholly or part in writing, reached the character of the message—at the first-class rate if wholly or part in writing, reached the control of the character of the message of the control of the character of

### DOMESTIC RATES OF POSTAGE-Continued.

Prepaid letters and other matter prepaid at the letter rate will be forwarded from one post-office to another upon the written request of the person addressed, without additional charge for postage. The direction on forwarded letters may be changed as many times as may be necessary to reach the person addressed. Nothing may be added to such letters except the forwarding address without subjecting them to new postage. Second-class Matter—This class includes all printed newspapers and periodicals that have been "Entered as second-class matter," under the act of March 3, 1879, and are regularly issued at stated intervals as frequently as four times a year, from a known office of publication, and malied by the publishers or news agents to actual subscribers or as sample copies or to news agents for sale, and newspapers and publications of this class malled by persons other than publishers or registered news agents. Also periodical publications entered under the act of August 24 through the publishers or registered news agents. Also periodical publications entered under the act of August 24 through the publishers of the publication of publication, producing satisfactory evidence that the organization, societies and institutions represented come within the purview of the law. Publications designed primarily for advertising or free circulation, or circulation at a nominal rate, or not having a legitimate list of subscribers, and institutions represented come within the purview of the law. Publica

Delivery" placed on the wrapper) are affixed in addition to the regular postage. No limit of weight is prescribed.

Second-class matter must be so wrapped that it may be easily examined. The sender's name and address may be written in them or on the wrapper, also the words "sample copy" when sent as such, or "marked copy" when it contains a marked item or article. Typographical errors in the text may be corrected, but any other writing subjects the matter to letter postage.

Third-Class Matter—Mail matter of the third class includes printed engravings, circulars in print (or by the mimeograph, multigraph, hectograph, electric-pen, or similar process when at least twenty identical copies are mailed at post-office windows at one time), and other matter wholy in print (except books), proof sheets, corrected proof sheets, and manuscript copy accompanying the same. Printed books are fourth-class matter, as is also miscellaneous printed matter weighing more than four pounds. See "Par-Cel Post or Fourth-Class Mail"

The rate on matter of this class is one cent for each two ounces or fraction thereof. Postage must be paid by stamps affixed, unless 300 or more identical pieces are mailed under special permit when the postage at that rate may be paid in money.

Manuscript unaccompanied by proof sheets of the same is subject to the letter rate.

Third-class matter must admit of easy inspection, otherwise it will be charged letter rate on delivery. It must be fully prepaid, or it will not be despatched. New postage must be prepaid for forwarding to a new address or returning to senders by mail.

The limit of weight is four pounds. Packages of miscellaneous printed matter weighing over four pounds are mallable at the paccel poss pound or zone rates. It is entitled like matter of the other classes, to special delivery when special delivery stamps are affixed in addition to the regular postage, or when the cents in ordinary stamps are affixed in addition to the regular postage, or when the cents in ordinary stamps are affixed

cents in ordinary stamps are affixed in addition to the regular postage and the words "Special Delivery" are placed on the wrapper. Upon matter of the third class, or upon the wrapper or envelope inclosing the same, or the tag or label attached thereto, the sender may write his own name, occupation, and residence or business address, preceded by the word "from," and may write his own name, occupation, and residence or business address, preceded by the word "from," and may wake marks other than by written words to call attention to any word the third class, a simple manuscript decileation or inscription not of the nature of a personal correspondence upon articles of the wrapper or envelope of third-class matter, or the tag or label attached thereto, may be placed in the printed any matter mailable as third class. Written designation of the contents such as "photo." "printed matter," is also permissible, but there must be left on the address side a space sufficient for a legible address, postmark and the necessary stamps.

### FOURTH-CLASS MATTER-PARCEL POST.

Fourth-Class Matter Embraces that known as domestic parcel post mail, and includes merchandise, farm and factory products, seeds, cuttlings, bulbs, roots, scions, and plants, books (including catalogues), miscellaneous printed matter weighing more than 4 pounds, and all other maliable matter not embraced in the first, second, and third classes.

Rates of Postage on Fourth-Class or Parcel Post Matter—To Be Fully Prepaid—Unscaled—

are as follows:

are as follows:

(a) Parcels weighing 4 ounces or less, except books, seeds, plants, etc., 1 cent for each ounce or fraction thereof, any distance
(b) Parcels weighing 8 ounces or less containing books, seeds, cuttings, bulbs, roots, scions, and plants, 1 cent for each 2 ounces or fraction thereof, regardless of distance.
(c) Parcels weighing more than 8 ounces containing books, seeds, nuttings, bulbs, roots, scions, cellaneous printed matter weighing more than 4 pounds, and all other parcels of fourth-class matter weighing more than 4 ounces are chargeable, according to distance or zone, at the pound rates shown in the following table, a fraction of a pound being considered a full pound:

FOURTH-CLASS MATTER-PARCEL POST-Continued.

WEIGHT.	Local Rate.*	1st Zone Rate. 50 Miles. See note below	2d Zone Rate. 50 to 150 Miles.	WEIGHT.	Local Rate.*	1st Zone Rate, 50 Miles. See note below	2d Zone Rate. 50 to 150 Miles.
1 pound 2 pounds	\$0.05 .06	\$0.05 .06	\$0.05 .06	26 pounds 27 pounds	\$0.18	\$0.30	\$0.30
3 pounds	.06	.07	.07	28 pounds	.19	.32	.31 .32
4 pounds	.07	.08	.08	29 pounds	.19	.33	.33
5 pounds	.07	.09	.09	30 pounds	.20	.34	.34
6 pounds	.08	.11	.10	31 pounds	.20	.35	.35 .36
7 pounds	.08	:11	.11	32 pounds	.21	.36	.36
8 pounds 9 pounds	.09	:13	:13	34 pounds	.21	38	.37
10 pounds.	.10	.14	.14	35 pounds	$\frac{.22}{.22}$	.38 .39	.39
11 pounds	.10	.15	.15	36 pounds	.23	.40	.40
12 pounds	.11	.16	.16	37 pounds	.23	.41	.41
13 pounds.	.11	.17	.17	38 pounds	.24	.42	.42
14 pounds.	.12	.18	.18	39 pounds	.24	.43	43
15 pounds	.12	.19	.19	40 pounds	.25	.44	.44
16 pounds	.13 .13	.20	.19 .20 .21 .22 .23 .24	41 pounds 42 pounds	$^{.25}_{.26}$	.45 .46	.45
17 pounds 18 pounds.	.13	.21 .22	.21	43 pounds.	26	.47	.46 .47
19 pounds	.14	.23	23	44 pounds .	.26 .27 .27	.48	.48
20 pounds.	.15	.24	.24	45 pounds.	.27	.49	49
21 pounds.	15	.23 .24 .25	.25	46 pounds.	.28	.50	.50
22 pounds.	16	.26 27	26	47 pounds.	.28	.51 52	.51
23 pounds	.16	27	.27	48 pounds.	.29	52	.52
24 pounds.	.17	.28	.28	49 pounds.	.29	.53	.53
25 pounds	.17	.29	.29	50 pounds	.30	.54	.54

NOTE—Where the distance by the shortest regular mall route from the office of origin to the office of delivery in the first or second zone is 300 miles or more, the rates of postage are six cents for the first pound or fraction of a pound and two cents for each additional pound or fraction of a pound.

<b>Ж</b> ЕІСИТ.	3d Zone, 150 to 300 Miles, Rate,	4th Zone, 300 to 600 Mlies, Rate.	5th Zone, 600 to 1,000 Miles. Rate.	6th Zone, 1,000 to 1,400 Miles. Rate.	7th Zone, 1,400 to 1,800 Miles. Rate.	8th Zone, all over 1,800 Miles. Rate.
1 pounds 2 pounds 3 pounds 4 pounds 4 pounds 6 pounds 7 pounds 9 pounds 10 pounds 11 pounds 12 pounds 13 pounds 14 pounds 15 pounds 15 pounds 15 pounds 15 pounds 17 pounds 17 pounds 17 pounds 19 pounds 10 pounds 10 pounds 11 pounds 12 pounds 13 pounds 10 pounds	\$0 06 .08 .10 .12 .14 .16 .18 .22 .24 .26 .28 .30 .32 .34 .38 .40 .42 .44	\$0.07 .11 .15 .19 .23 .27 .31 .35 .39 .47 .47 .55 .63 .63 .71 .75 .75 .83	\$0.08 .144 .206 .328 .344 .566 .682 .684 .806 .928 .929 .1.106 1.166 1.22	\$0.09 .17 .25 .32 .49 .49 .57 .73 .89 .97 1.05 1.13 1.21 1.29 1.37 1.45 1.53 1.61	\$0.11 .21 .21 .41 .41 .51 .61 .71 .81 .91 1.01 1.11 1 21 1 31 1 41 1 51 1 61 1 71 1 81 1 .91	\$0.12 .24 .368 .488 .488 .72 .84 .96 1.08 1.20 1.32 1.44 1.56 1.68 1.80 2.04 2.16 2.16 2.23

\*The local rate applies to parcels malled under the following conditions: (1) At any post-office for local delivery at such office. (2) At any city letter carrier office, or at any point within its delivery limits, for delivery by carriers from that office. (3) At any post-office from which its delivery limits, for delivery by carriers from that office. (3) At any post-office from which its delivery limits, for delivery by carriers from that office. (3) At any post-office from which its delivery on such route, or when mailed at any point on a rural route for delivery at any other point thereon, or at the office from which the route starts, or for delivery on any other rural route starting from the same office.

Zones—Parcel Post Guide and Maps—For parcel post purposes the United States is divided into units of area thirty minutes square. Such units form the basis of the eight postal zones. To ascertain in which zone a post-office is located from the office of mailing, a parcel post guide, costing 55 cents, and map, costing 20 cents, are jointly used. The guide applies to all offices, but a separate map is required for each unit. A zone key is furnished with the guide and makes the map unnecessary. The guide and maps may be purchased by sending a postal money order to the Third Assistant Postansker-General, assistant for the delivery of the postal decided of the control of the co in foreign waters.

Canada, Cuba, Mexico, and Republic of Panama—The rate of 12 cents for each pound or fraction thereof also applies to fourth-class matter, including seeds, cuttings, bulbs, roots, scions, and plants (but excepting books and other printed matter on which the rate is 1 cent for each two ounces or fraction thereof in all cases), weighing more than four ounces and not exceeding 4 pounds 6 ounces when mailed to Canada, Mexico, Cuba, and the Republic of Panama. (Parcels weighing up to 11 ounces may be sent

### FOURTH-CLASS MATTER-PARCEL POST-Continued.

to Mexico and the Republic of Panama as foreign parcel post mail under the parcel post conventions with

to Merice and the Republic of Panama as foreign parcel post mail under the parcel post conventions with those countries.

The Limit of Weight of fourth-class matter is 50 pounds for parcels malled of relivery within the first and second zones, and 20 pounds for all other zones. The Limit of Size—Parcel post matter may not exceed 84 inches in length and girth combined. In measuring a parcel the greatest changes in a found the parceles in the thickest part is alone and the girth. For example, a parcel 35 inches long, 10 inches wide, and 5 inches bigh measures 65 inches in length and girth combined.

Name and Address of Sideres of the sender, which should be preceded by the word "From" and diffusion to Fourth-Class Mail—There may be placed on fourth-class matter from on the wrapper or cover, tag or label, any marks, numbers, names, or letters for purpose of description, or any writing which is permissible on third-class matter. There may be printen on the blank leaves or cover of any book a simple manuscript dedication or inscription not in the nature of personal correspondence. For warding or return, must be left on the address side of parcels.

Inclosures—There may be inclosed with fourth-class matter a written or printed involes browarding or return, must be left on the address side of parcels.

Inscriptions, such as "Merry Christmas," "With best wishes," "Do not open until Christmas," or words to that effect, may be written on fourth-class mail, or on a card inclosed the such as "Merry Christmas," "With best wishes," "Do not open until Christmas," or words to that effect, may be written on fourth-class mail, or on a card inclosed the parcel, and the parcel and then be tiled to or otherwise securely attached to the varapper of the parcel, and the parcel and entire the parcel and then be tiled to or otherwise securely attached to the varapper of the parcel, and the parcel and then be tiled to or otherwise securely attached to the varapper of the parcel, and the parcel and the parcel and then be tiled to or other

### SENDER'S RECEIPTS FOR ORDINARY FOURTH-CLASS PARCELS.

The postmaster at the malling office may, on payment of one cent, give the sender of an ordinary parcel of fourth-class mall a receipt therefor. A postage stamp to cover the charge for the receipt shall be affixed thereto. The name and address of the addressee of the parcel shall be written in the receipt by the sender. (Section 455½, Postal Laws and Regulations.)

The purpose of this receipt is to provide senders of fourth-class parcels, when desired, a record evidencing their mailing, for which a fee of one cent is charged. Their issuance does not in any way insure the parcels against loss while in the malls and no receipt is obtained from the addressee upon delivery. Persons who desire either of these latter facilities should insure their parcels.

Receipt will be given on tag form 3817. The name and address of the addressee shall be written on the tag by the sender, who may place his own name thereon if he desires, and affix on the tag a one-cent postage stamp in the space provided. The tag shall be tied to the parcel before mailing. The postal employe accepting the article shall compare the address on the tag with that on the parcel, postmark the stamp to show the date of acceptance, detach the receipt, and deliver it to the sender.

When such receipts are desired by firms and individuals mailing a number of parcels at one time a Firm Registration Book is used. Each sheet must have affixed postage stamps at the rate of one cent for each parcel listed thereon, which stamps shall be postmarked and the sheet returned to the sender. These sheets are to be filled out by the sender.

When such receipts are desired by patrons residing on rural routes, the parcel should be delivered to the rural carrier, payment being made at the time at the rate of one cent for each parcel, in addition to the postage. The earrier will obtain receipts at the post-office to which he is attached, affix stamp, post-mark, and deliver the receipts to the senders on his next trip.

### INSURANCE OF FOURTH-CLASS MAIL.

Fees and Conditions—Fourth-class mail shall not be registered, but may be insured against injury, loss or rifling in an amount equivalent to its actual value, but not to exceed \$5 in any one case, on payment of a fee of 3 cents; not to exceed \$55 on payment of a fee of 5 cents; not to exceed \$55 on payment of

# FOURTH-CLASS MATTER-PARCEL POST-Continued.

a fee of 10 cents, or not to exceed \$100 on payment of a fee of 25 cents, in addition to the postage, both to be prepaid by stamps affixed; but indemnity will not be allowed in cases of loss of such mail addressed to the Philippine Islands, unless the loss occurred in the postal service of the United States. Such mail may be insured at any post-office or station thereof, or by rural carriers. The sender must fill out an insurance tag, which will be furnished him on request, to be attached to the parcel. Return receipts for insured parcels may be obtained by indorsing the parcels "Return receipt desired." When an article is so damaged as to render it wholly worthless, it is regarded as lost, provided it was packed and indorsed in accordance with the postal requirements. In cases where articles are not rendered worthless, payment will be made for the actual, usual, direct and necessary cost of repairs required to place them in a serviceable condition. Claim must be made within six months from the date the parcel was mailed.

# COLLECT-ON-DELIVERY SERVICE.

Conditions and Fee—Parcels of fourth-class or parcel post matter may be sent C. O. D. from one order post-office to another on payment of a fee of 10 cents in addition to the postage, both to be prepaid with stamps affixed. The amount to be remitted to the sender must not exceed \$100. The remittance is made by post-office money order, the fee therefor being included in the amount collected from the addressee. A C. O. D. tag furnished by the postmaster must be filled in by the sender and attached to the parcel. Such a parcel becomes automatically insured up to \$50, without additional charge against the non-receipt of returns, therefor, if delivered, and against loss, rilling or damage in an amount equivalent to the actual value of its contents.

A receipt is given to the sender of a C. O. D. parcel at the time of mailing, but no return receipt is furnished, as the remittance shows that delivery has been made. Examination of contents of a C. O. D. parcel is not permitted until it has been receipted for and all charges paid.

# PREPARATION AND WRAPPING OF MAIL MATTER.

A freedy is the treather of the sender of and O. 10. Depth at the line of mailing, but no return receipt G. O. D. parcel is not permitted until it has been receipted for and all charges paid.

Examination—Fourth-class or parcel post matter must be so wrapped or enveloped that the contents may be examined easily by postal officials. When not so wrapped, or when bearing or containing writing not authorized by law, the matter must be so wrapped or enveloped that the contents may be examined easily by postal officials. When not so wrapped, or when bearing or containing writing not authorized by law, the matter must be treated as of the first class. Nailed Boxes—Farcel post mail may be inclosed in boxes to which the lids are nailed or sorewed, provided Boxes—Farcel post mail may be inclosed in boxes to which the lids are nailed or sorewed, provided Boxes—Farcel post mail may be inclosed in boxes to which the lids are nailed or sorewed, provided Boxes—Farcel post mail may be inclosed in boxes to which the lids are nailed or sorewed, provided Boxes—Farcel post mail may be inclosed in boxes to the mail to the reason that they are not, properly wrapped so what and the necessary handing. Umbrellas, continued the property control of the mail to the reason that they are not, properly or the property boxed or cracked, should be inclosed instrong and suitable boxes. Stove castings and pieces of machinery should be protected with excessor or similar material and the property should be properly boxed or cracked, Mailable hides and point which the lab box they must be properly boxed or cracked, Mailable hides and point while the properly boxed or cracked, Mailable hides and point with the properly boxed or cracked, Mailable hides and point and properly mapped. The properly boxed or cracked, Mailable hides and point and properly mapped will not be accepted for transmission in the mails.

The properly are properly cracked in the properly boxed or cracked inside the properly boxed or cracked inside the properly boxed or properly t

### FOURTH-CLASS MATTER-PARCEL POST-Continued.

fourth-class Matter-parcel Post—continued.

flowers, fountain pens, hats, instruments of precision, millinery, musical instruments, pipes, plaster-of-paris articles, plumes, pottery, porcelain, phonographs and phonograph records, test tubes, typewriters, watches, wax articles, etc. Glass, crockery, fragile toys, and other fragile articles must be so packed as to prevent the escape of particles or pieces from the packages if broken in transit. Cigars should be packed in a manner to prevent damage by shock or jar. Maps, drawings, patients, as must be suitably protected with atout material to prevent damage. When not flat, they should be rolled around a stout stick and carefully wrapped or inclosed in a strong pasteboard and the strong pasteboard of the package of distance when each egg is separately wrapped and surrounded with excelsior, cotton, or other suitable material and packed in a strong container made of double-faced corrugated pasteboard, metal, wood, or other suitable material and wrapped so that nothing can escape from the package. All such parcels shall be labeled "EGGS." Eggs in parcels weighing more than 20 pounds will be accepted for mailing to office in the first and second zones when packed in crates, boxes, baskets, or other containers having tight bottoms to prevent the escape of anything from the packages and so constructed as properly to protect the contents. Such packages are to be marked "EGGS—THIS SIDE F.P," and to be transported utsile page and such page and such page and the pa

empioyés.

# ADDITIONAL POSTAL LAWS AND RECULATIONS.

ADDITIONAL POSTAL LAWS AND RECULATIONS.

Unmailable Matter—Unmailable domestic matter—that is, matter which is not admissible to the United States mails for delivery in the United States or in any of its possessions—includes;
All matter llegibly, incorrectly, or insufficiently addressed.
All second-class matter and all matter of the third or fourth class not wholly prepaid; and letters and other first-class matter not prepaid one full rate—2 cents.
All matter exceeding the prescribed limit of weight or size. There is no limit of weight for second-class matter or for books and documents published or circulated by order of Congress.

Postal cards or post cards which bear delineations, epithets, terms, or language of an indecent, lewd, lassivious, obscene, libelious, scurrilous, defamatory or threatening character, or calculated by the terms or manner or style of display, and obviously intended to reflect injuriously upon the character or conduct of another, also articles bearing such matter upon the wrapper or outside cover. Dunning postal or other cards are included in this class. cards are included in this class.

Post cards bearing particles of glass, metal, mica, sand, tinsel, or other similar substances, are unmailable, except as provided under "First-Class Matter."

Post cards bearing particles of glass, metal, mica, sand, tinsel, or other similar substances, are unmailable, except as provided under "First-Class Matter."

All matter concerning any lottery, gift, enterprise, or similar scheme, effering prizes dependent in whole or in part upon lot or chance, or concerning fraudulent schemes devised for the purpose of obtaining money or property under false pretences, representations or promises.

Spirituous, vinous, maited, fermented or other intoxicating liquors of any kind; poisons of every kind, and articles and compositions containing poison (except as prescribed in par, 4, sec, 472), and poisonous animals, insects, and reptiles, and explosives of every kind and infiammable materials, including matches, moving picture films (unless made of cellulose-acetate), gasoline, naphtha, benzine, denatured aicohol, and all liquids having flash point at or below 80° F., and infornal machines, and mechanical, chemical, or other devices or compositions which may ignite or explode, and disease germs or scabs (except as prescribed in sec. 473), and other natural or artificial articles, compositions, or materials of whatever kind which may kill, or in anywise hurt, harm or injure another, or damage, deface, or otherwise injure the mail or other property, live animals (except as prescribed in sec. 476), guano or any article exhaling bad odor, whether sealed as first-class matter or not, shall not be admitted to the mails. (Par, 2, sec. 472.)

Polsons, Explosives, Infiammable Materials, Dangerous, Articles, Intoxicating Liquors, Etc.—Section 472. All kinds of poison and all articles and compositions containing poison, and all poisonous animals, insects and reptiles, and explosives of all kinds and infiammable materials, and infernal machines and mechanical, chemical or other devices or compositions which may ignite or explode, and all disease germs or scabs, and all other natural or artificial articles, compositions or materials of whatever kind which may kill or in anywise hurt, harm, o

# ADDITIONAL POSTAL LAWS AND REGULATIONS-Continued.

mented or other intoxicating liquors of any kind, are hereby declared to be nonmallable and shall not be deposited in or carried through the mails. Whoever shall knowingly deposit or cause to be deposited for mailing or delivery, or shall knowingly cause to be delivered by mail according to the direction thereon, or at any place at which it is directed to be delivered by the person to whom it is addressed, anything declared by this section to be normaliable unless in accordance with the rules and regulations hereby authorized to be prescribed by the Postmaster-General, shall be fined not more than one thousand dollars, or imprisoned not more than two years, or both; and whoever shall knowingly deposit or cause to be deposited for mailing or delivery, or shall knowingly cause to be delivered by the person to whom it is addressed, anything declared by this section to be non-mailable, whether transmitted in accordance with the rules and regulations authorized to be prescribed by the Postmaster-General or not, with the design, intent, or purpose to kill, or in anywhse hurt, harm, or injure another, or damage, deface, or otherwise laipure the mails or other property, shall be fined not more than five thousand dollars, or imprisoned not more than ten years, or both. ten years, or both.

2. Spirituous, vinous, maited, fermented, or other intoxicating liquors of any kind, poisons of every kind, and articles and compositions containing poison (except as prescribed in the fourth paragraph hereof), and poisonous animals, insects, and reptiles, and explosives of every kind, and inflammable materials (including matches, kerosene oil, gasoline, naphtha, henzine, turpentine, denatured alcohol, dt.c.), and infernal machines, and mechanical, chemical or other devices or compositions which may ignite or explode, and disease germs or scabs (except as prescribed in sec. 473), and other natural or artificial articles, compositions, or materials of whatever kind which may kill, or in anywise hurt, harm, or lnjure another, or damage, deface, or otherwise injure the mail or other property, live animals (except as prescribed in sec. 476), raw hides or pelts, guanq, or any article exhaling bad odor, whether scaled as first-class matter or not, shall not be admitted to the mails.

3. Liquids not spirituous, vinous, malted, fermented, or otherwise intoxicating (including samples of altar or communion while used in church services), and not liable to explosion or spontaneous combustion or ignition by shock or lar, and not liable to explosion or spontaneous combustion or ignition by shock or lar, and not liable to explosion or spontaneous combustion or ignition, shock or lar, and not liable to confections, ointments, salves, and articles of similar consistency, may be admitted to the mails for transmission in the domestic mails when inclosed in packages in conformity with the conditions prescribed in secs. 474 and 475.

4. Mediclnes and anaesthetic agents, which are not outwardly or of their own force dangerous or injurious to life, health or property, and not in themselves unmailable, may be admitted to the mails for transmission in the domestic mails when inclosed in packages in conformity with the conditions prescribed in Parcel Post Regulations; Provided, That the terms "medicines" and "anaesthetic agents" shall not be construed to mean poisons; Provided further, That the article mailed bears the label or superscription of the manufacturer thereof, or dealer therein, or of the licensed physician, surgeon, dentist, or veterinarian preparing or prescribing the same.

Third- or Fourth-Class Matter Mailable Without Stamps—Under special permits postage may be paid in money for third- or fourth-class matter malled in quantities of 250 or more identical pieces of the fourth class, or 300 or more identical pieces of the third class. For information concerning the regulations governing such mailings inquiry should be made of the postmaster. Special Delivery Service—Ten cents on each letter or other article, in addition to the regular postage, entitles the article to immediate delivery by special messenger. Special delivery stamps are sold at post-offices, and must be affixed to such mail. Ordinary stamps to the value of the cents in addition to the regular postage, affixed to a letter or other piece of mail, will entitle it to special delivery if it is marked "Special Delivery." The delivery, at carrier offices, extends to the limits of the carrier outes. A non-carrier offices it extends to one mile from the post-office. Also to patrons of rural routes residing within one-half mile of such routes. Postmasters are not obliged to deliver beyond these limits, and letters addressed to places beyond must await delivery in the usual way, notwithstanding the special delivery stamp.

Registration—All domestic mail matter except fourth-class matter may be registered at the rate of ten cents for each piece in addition to the regular rates of postage, to be fully prepaid by stamps. Each piece must bear the name and address of the sender, and a receipt will be returned from the person to whom addressed, when indorsed "receipt desired," or words of similar import. Mail matter can be registered at all post-offices in the United States.

addressed, when indorsed "receipt desired," or words of similar import. Mail matter can be registered at all post-offices in the United States.

In case of the injury or loss of domestic registered mail in the postal service, indemnity will be paid for the value thereof, not exceeding \$50 00 in any one case of first-class matter, and not exceeding \$25.00 in any one case of third-class matter. Indemnity within the prescribed limit will be paid for the market value of merchandise lost or the actual, usual, direct and necessary cost of repairs whichever the department may decide upon, and the actual, usual, direct and essential expenses incurred in the duplication of valuable papers, or the original cost of such papers when they are not or cannot be duplicated. Claims for indemnity must be made within one year from the date of loss of domestic mail and act of mailing of foreign mail. The limit of indemnity paid for registered articles lost in the international mails is fifty francs.

The limit of indemnity paid for registered articles lost in the international malls is fifty francs.

Domestic Money Orders—Domestic money orders are issued by money-order post-offices for any amount up to \$100, at the following rates:

For sums not exceeding \$2.50, 3 cents; over \$2.50 to \$5, 5 cents; over \$5 to \$10, 8 cents; over \$30 to \$50, 10 cents; over \$20 to \$50, 12 cents; over \$30 to \$60, 20 cents; over \$60 to \$75, 25 cents; over \$30 to \$40, 15 cents; over \$40 to \$50, 18 cents; over \$50 to \$60, 20 cents; over \$60 to \$75, 25 cents; over \$75 to \$100, 30 cents.

All domestic money orders must be made payable at a designated money order office, but those issued at any money order office in the continental United States, excepting Alaska, may be paid at any money order office in the continental United States, excepting Alaska, if presented for payment on or before the expiration of the thirtieth day following the date of issue. If presented after that date and within one year from the last day of the month in which issued, they shall be paid only at the office designated in the money order as the paying office, or repaid at the office of Issue.

Stamped Envelopes—Embossed stamped envelopes and newspaper wrappers of several denominations, sizes and colors are kept on sale at post-offices, singly or in quantities, at a small advance on the postage rate. Stamps cut from stamped envelopes or newspaper wrappers that may be spoiled in directing, if presented in a substantially whole condition.

Applications for the establishment of post-offices should be addressed to the Postmaster-Coneral.

substantially whole condition.

Applications for the establishment of post-offices should be addressed to the Postmaster-General, accompanied by a statement of the necessity therefor. Instructions will then be given and blanks furnished to enable the petitioners to provide the department with the necessary information.

The franking privilege was abolished July 1, 1873, but the following mail matter may be sent free by legislative saving clauses, viz.:

1. All public documents printed by order of Congress, the Congressional Record and speeches contained therein, franked by Members of Congress, or the Secretary of the Senate, or Clerk of the House.

# ADDITIONAL POSTAL LAWS AND REGULATIONS-Continued.

Seeds transmitted by the Secretary of Agriculture, or by any Member of Congress, procured from

2. Seeds transmitted by the secretary of Agracultus, of the Government of the United States, all testers and packages relating exclusively to the business of the Government of the United States, malled only by officers of the same, and letters and parcels malled by the Smithsonian Institution. All these must be covered by specially printed "penalty" envelopes or labels.

4. The Vice-President, Members and Members-elect and Delegates and Delegates-elect to Congress may frank any mall matter to any Government official or to any person correspondence, not over four ounces in weight, upon official or departmental business.

All communications to Government officers and to Members of Congress are required to be prepaid by stamps unless inclosed in "penalty" envelopes furnished for replies.

Suddestions to the Public—Mail all letters, etc., as early as practicable, especially when sent in large

Stamps uniess inclosed in "penalty" envelopes furnished for repiles.

Suggestions to the Public—Mail all letters, etc., as early as practicable, especially when sent in large numbers, as is frequently the case with newspapers and circulars.

All mail matter at large post-offices is necessarily handled in great haste and should therefore in all cases be so Plainty addressed as to leave No Room for Doubta AND NO EXCUSE FOR ERROR on the part of postal employés. Names of States should be written in full in order to prevent errors which arise from the similarity of such abbreviations as Call. Col.; Pa., Va., Vt., Me., Mo., Md.; An., Ind.; N. H., N. M., N. Y., N. J., N. C., D. C.; Miss., Minn., Mass.; Nev., Neb.; Penn., Tenn., etc., when hastily or carelessly written. This is especially necessary in addressing mail matter to places of which the names are borne by several post-offices in different States.

Avoid as much as possible using envelopes made of States.

written. This is especially necessary in addressing mall matter to places of which the names are borne by several post-offices in different States.

Avoid as much as possible using envelopes made of filmsy paper, especially where more than one sheet of paper, or any other article than paper, is inclosed. Being often handled, and even in the mall-bags subject to pressure, such envelopes not infrequently split open, giving cause of complaint.

Never send money or any other article of value through the mall except either by means of a money order or in a registered letter or by insured parcel post. Any person who sends money or valuables otherwise not only runs a risk of losing his property, but exposes to temptation every one through whose hands his letter passes, and may be the means of ultimately bringing some clerk or letter-carrier to rula.

See that every letter or package bears the full name and post-office address of the writer, in order to secure the return of the letter if the person to whom it is directed cannot be found. A much larger port to of the undelivered letters could be returned if the names and addresses of the senders were always fully and plainly written or printed on the envelopes. Persons who have large correspondence find it most convenient to use "special request envelopes," but those who only mail an occasional letter can avoid much trouble by writing a request to "return if not delivered," etc., on the encelope.

When dropping a letter, newspaper, etc., into a street malling-box, or into the receptacle at a post-office, always see that the packet falls into the box and does not stek in its passage; observe, also, particularly, whether the postage stamps remain securely in their particularly and the properties of the upper the of mail matter.

Initiations of postage stamps are main securely in their particular of the address discount of the address of all mail matter. Initiations of postage stamps ergore the complete of the upper of the address of all mail matter threated or postage sta

directions permissible thereon, for postage stamps, for postmarking, rating, and any words necessary for forwarding or return. Watermarks or printing in light tints which do not render the reading of the address difficult will be permitted.

The street and number (or box number) should form a part of the address of all mail matter directed to cities. In most cities there are many persons, and even firms, bearing the same name. Before depositing any package or other article for malling, the sender should assure himself that it is wrapped and packed in the manner prescribed by postal regulations; that it does not contain \*unmailable\* matter nor exceed the limit of weight as fixed by law; and that it is fully prepaid and properly addressed.

It is unlawful to send an ordinary letter by express or otherwise outside of the mails unless it be inclosed in a Government-stamped envelope of sufficient value to pay the postage to which it is subject. It is also unlawful to inclose a letter in an express package unless it pertains wholly to the contents of the package.

It is forbidden by the regulations of the Post-Office Department for postmasters to give any person information concerning the mail matter of another, or to disclose the name of a box-holder at a post-office. Letters addressed to persons temporarily sojourning in a city where the Free Delivery System is in operation should be marked "Transient" or "General Delivery," If not addressed to a street and number or some other designated place of delivery.

mailed here.

# FOREICN MAILS.

# POSTAGE RATES AND CONDITIONS—See Exceptions Below.

The rates of postage to all foreign countries and colonies except Canada, Cuba, Mexico and	Panama
are as follows: Letters	3 cents.
Postal cards, each	2 cents.
Newspapers and other printed matter, per 2 ounces	I cent. 5 cents.
papers, deeds, bills of lading, invoices, manu- Packets in excess of 10 ounces, for each 2 ounces	
script for publication, etc.) or fraction thereof	1 cent. 2 cents.
Samples of merchandise Packets not in excess of 4 ounces	1 cent.
Registration fee on letters or other articles	10 cents.

### EXCEPTIONS.

GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND, NEWFOUNDLAND, BAHAMAS, BARBADOS, BRITISH GUIANA, BRITISH HONDURAS, DUTCH WEST INDIES, AND LEEWARD ISLANDS.

The rate on letters for these countries is two cents for each ounce or fraction. The Postal Union rates apply to postal cards, post cards, printed matter, commercial papers and samples.

GERMANY.\*

GERMANY.\*

The postage rate on letters for Germany by direct ocean transportation is two cents an ounce, paid at the two-cent rate are despatched only by steamers able to land the mails at a German port.

A fast steamer saliting for Germany via Plymouth and Cherbourg carries letters for Germany prepaid at the Postal Union rate and at the two-cent rate—the letters paid at the five-cent (Postal Union) rate are landed at Plymouth (the quickest route), whereas the letters paid at the two-cent rate are carried through to Germany by the transatiantic steamer.

The Postal Union rates apply to postal cards, post cards, printed matter, commercial papers and samples regardless of the route by which sent, also to letters despatched via England and France

CANADA

Letters, two cents for each ounce or fraction of an ounce.
Postal cards and post cards, one cent
Double postal cards (with paid reply), two cents.
Second-class matter (newspapers and periodicals), one cent for each 4 ounces or fraction thereof.
No limit of weight.

nimit of weight.

Printed matter (except second-class), one cent for each 2 ounces or fraction thereof. Limit of weight 4 pounds 6 ounces, except for single volumes of printed books.
Fourth-class matter (domestic parcel post) not exceeding 4 ounces in weight is subject to the rate of one cent for each ounce or fraction of an ounce, and when exceeding 4 ounces in weight is subject to the rate of 12 cents a pound or fraction thereof. Packages of seeds, plants, etc., not exceeding 4 ounces in weight are subject to the rate of one cent for each ounce or fraction of an ounce, and when exceeding 4 ounces are subject to the rate of 12 cents a pound or fraction thereof. Limit of weight 4 pounds 6 ounces, except for a single book.

Commercial papers, samples, printed books and miscellaneous printed matter may be moded at the

except for a single book.

Commercial papers, samples, printed books and miscelianeous printed matter may be mailed at the Postal Union postage rates and under the conditions applicable to such articles in foreign mails.

Any mailable matter may be registered, but cannot be sent as insured mail.

Sealed articles, other than letters in their usual and ordinary form, are unmailable. But unscaled packages may contain, in sealed receptacles, articles which cannot be safely transmitted in unscaled receptacles; provided the contents of the closed receptacles are plainly visible or are precisely stated on the covers of the closed receptacles are plainly visible or are precisely stated on the Prepayment of postage upon any article, except the reply half of a double postal card, can be effected only by means of United States postage stamps. Letters will be despatched if prepaid one full rate of postage. Postage on other articles must be prepaid in full.

CUBA

Letters, 2 cents for each ounce or fraction of an ounce.

Postal cards and post eards, I cent.
Double post eards (with paid reply), 2 cents.
Second-class matter (newspapers and periodicals), 1 cent for each 4 ounces or fraction thereof. limit of weight.

limit of weight.

Printed matter (except second-class), 1 cent for each 2 ounces or fraction thereof. Limit of weight 4 pounds 6 ounces, except for single volumes of printed books. Packages of miscellaneous printed matter and packages of books weighing over 4 pounds but not over 4 pounds 6 ounces may also be sent as fourth-class matter at the rate of 12 cents a pound.

Fourth-class matter (domestic parcel post) not exceeding 4 ounces in weight is subject to the rate of 1 cent for each ounce or fraction of an ounce, and when exceeding 4 ounces in weight is subject to the rate of 12 cents a pound or fraction thereof. Packages of seeds, plants, etc., not exceeding 4 ounces in weight are subject to the rate of 1 cent for each ounce or fraction of an ounce, and when exceeding 4 ounces are subject to the rate of 12 cents a pound or fraction thereof. Limit of weight 4 pounds 6 ounces, except for a single book.

Commercial papers, samples, printed books and miscellaneous printed matter may be mailed at the

Commercial papers, samples, printed books and miscelianeous printed matter may be mailed at the Postai Union postage rates and under the conditions applicable to such articles in foreign mails.

Any maliable matter may be registered, but cannot be sent as insured mail Liquids and fatty substances (except samples) are unmailable. Scaled articles, other than letters in their usual and ordinary form, are unmailable. But unsealed packages may contain, in sealed receptacles, articles which cannot be safely transmitted in unsealed receptacles; provided the contents of the closed receptacles are plainly visible or are precisely stated on the covers of the closed receptacles and with the packages so wrapped that the outer cover can be easily opened. Prepayment of postage upon any article, except the reply half of a double postal card, can be effected only by means of United States postage stamps. Letters and postal cards must be despatched whether prepaid or not. Postage on other articles (except fourth-class matter) must be prepaid at least in part, and on fourth-class matter in full.

and on fourth-class matter in full.

MEXICO.

etters, 2 cents for each ounce or fraction of an ounce.

Postal cards and post cards, 1 cent.
Double postal cards (with pald reply), 2 cents.
Second-class matter (newspapers and periodicals), 1 cent for each 4 ounces or fraction thereof. No

Second-class matter (newspapers and periodicals), I cent for each 4 ounces or fraction thereof. No limit of weight.

Printed matter (except second-class), I cent for each 2 ounces or fraction thereof. Limit of weight 4 pounds 6 ounces, except for single volumes of printed books. Packages of miscellaneous printed matter and packages of books weighing over 4 pounds but not over 4 pounds 6 ounces may also be sent as fourth-class matter at the rate of 12 cents a pound.

Fourth-class matter (domestic parcei post) not exceeding 4 ounces in weight is subject to the rate of 12 cents a pound or fraction of an ounce and when exceeding 4 ounces in weight is subject to the rate of 12 cents a pound or fraction thereof. Packages of seeds, plants, etc., not exceeding 4 ounces in weight are subject to the rate of 1 cent for each 2 ounces or fraction of an ounce, and when exceeding 4 ounces are subject to the rate of 12 cents a pound or fraction thereof. Limit of weight 4 pounds 6 ounces, except for a single book.

are subject to the rate of 12 cents a pound of traction thereof. Limit of weight 4 pounds 6 ounces, except for a single book.

Parcels may also be sent by foreign parcel post under the conditions of the parcel-post convention with Mexico. The limit of weight is 4 pounds 6 ounces, except that to certain places parcels weighing up to 11 pounds may be forwarded. (For list of places see "Postal Guide")

Customs declarations must be attached to all parcels of fourth-class matter and all packages sent by foreign parcel post.

Commercial papers, samples, printed books and miscelianeous printed matter may be mailed at the Postal Union postage rates and under the conditions applicable to such articles in foreign mails.

<sup>\*</sup>The 2-cent letter rate to Germany is suspended owing to war. All letters for Germany are now subject to the Postal Union rate of 5 cents for the first ounce or less and 3 cents for each additional ounce or fraction thereof.

Any mailable matter may be registered, but cannot be sent as insured mail.

Sealed articles, other than letters in their usual and ordinary form, are unmailable. But unsealed packages may contain, in sealed receptacles, articles which cannot be safely transmitted in unsealed receptacles; provided the contents of the closed receptacles are plainly visible or are precisely stated on the covers of the closed receptacles and with the packages so wrapped that the covers can be easily opened.

Prepayment of postage upon any article, except the reply half of a double postal card, can be effected only by means of United States postage stamps. Letters will be despatched if prepaid one full rate of postage. Postage on other articles must be prepaid in full.

Postage to Mexico must, in old cases, bear as part of the address the name of the State in which the city or town is located. For example, Acapulco, Guerrero, Mexico; not Acapulco, Mexico.

#### PANAMA.

Letters, 2 cents for each ounce or fraction of an ounce.
Postal cards and post cards, 1 cent.
Double postal cards (with paid reply), 2 cents.
Second-class matter (newspapers and periodicals), 1 cent for each 4 ounces or fraction thereof. No

Second-class matter (newspapers and periodicals), 1 cent for each 4 ounces or fraction thereof. No limit of weight.

Printed matter (except second-class), 1 cent for each 2 ounces or fraction thereof. Limit of weight 4 pounds 6 ounces, except for single volumes of printed books. Packages of miscellaneous printed matter and packages of books weighing over 4 pounds but not over 4 pounds 6 ounces may also be sent as fourth-class matter at the rate of 12 cents a pound.

Fourth-class matter (domestic parcel post) not exceeding 4 ounces in weight is subject to the rate of 1 cent for each ounce or fraction of an ounce, and when exceeding 4 ounces in weight is subject to the rate of 12 cents a pound or fraction thereof. Packages of seeds, plants, etc., not exceeding 4 ounces in weight are subject to the rate of 1 cent for each ounce or fraction of an ounce, and when exceeding 4 ounces are subject to the rate of 12 cents a pound or fraction thereof. Limit of weight 4 pounds 6 ounces, except for a single book. a single book.

Farcels up to 11 pounds in weight may also be sent by foreign parcel post, under the conditions of the parcel post convention with Panama.

Customs declarations must be attached to all parcels of fourth-class matter and all packages sent by

Customs declarations must be attached to all parcels of fourth-class matter and all packages sent by foreign parcel post.

Commercial papers, samples, printed books and miscellaneous printed matter may be mailed at the Postal Union postage rates and under the conditions applicable to such articles in foreign mails.

Any mailable matter may be registered, but cannot be sent as insured mail.

Liquids and fatty substances (except samples) are unmaliable.

Sealed articles, other than letters in their usual and ordinary form, are unmallable. But unsealed packages may contain, in sealed receptacles, articles which cannot be safely transmitted in unsealed receptacles; provided the contents of the closed receptacles are plainly visible or are precisely stated on the covers of the closed receptacles and with the packages so wrapped that the cover can be easily opened. Prepayment of postage upon any article, except the reply half of a double postal card, can be effected only by means of United States postage stamps. Letters and postal cards must be despatched whether prepaid or not. Postage on other articles (except fourth-class matter) must be prepaid at least in part, and on fourth-class matter in full.

### SHANGHAI, CHINA.

Articles intended for delivery in the city of Shanghai, China, are subject to United States domestic postage rates and conditions, but letters specially addressed via Europe-Siberia are subject to the foreign rate. Certain matter may also be sent by foreign parcel post.

### UNITED STATES NAVAL VESSELS.

Mail matter for officers or members of the crews of United States vessels of war stationed abroad is subject to domestic postage rates and conditions. Packages of fourth-class matter exceeding 4 ounces in weight are subject to the rate of 12 cents for each pound or fraction of a pound when the vessels are stationed in foreign waters. Articles should be addressed "U. S. (name of vessel), care of Postmaster, New York, N. Y." and be fully prepaid. Mail so addressed will be forwarded to the vessels, whether at domestic or foreign ports. Express packages will not be received unless they conform to the postal regulations and are placed in the mail with the postage properly prepaid.

### UNITED STATES NAVAL HOSPITAL, YOKOHAMA, JAPAN.

Mall for officers and men of the United States Navy in the United States Naval Hospital at Yokohama, is subject to domestic rates and conditions, the same as that for officers and men on U. S. naval vessels stationed abroad.

### SAMPLES OF MERCHANDISE

must be bona fide trade samples without any salable value. Wrapping—Samples of merchandise must be wrapped so that the contents may be easily examined without injury to wrappers. Permissible Writing—They must bear no writing except the name or the social position of the sender, a manufacturer's or trade mark, numbers, prices and indications relating to the weight, size, dimensions and quantity to be disposed of, and words which are necessary to precisely indicate the origin and nature of the merchandise. Weight—Packages of samples must not exceed 12 ounces in weight. Size—The size must not exceed 12 inches in length, 8 inches in breadth, and 4 inches in depth, except when in the form of a roll, they may be 12 inches in length and 6 inches in diameter. Postage—The postage on samples is 2 cents for the first ounces or less, and 1 cent for each additional 2 ounces or fraction of 2 ounces. Register all valuable articles. Registration fee 10 cents.

#### PARCEL POST.

Postage, 12 cents a pound or fraction thereof; greatest length (unless specially noted below), 3 feet 6 inches; greatest length and girth combined (unless specially noted below), 6 feet; limit of weight (unless specially noted below), 11 pounds; value not limited; registration fee, 10 cents.

Unsealed packages of mailable merchandise may be sent by parcel post to Argentine Republic (parcels cannot be registered; see item "Customs Declarations"), Dutch Guiana (parcels cannot be registered; see item "Customs Declarations"), Uruguay (parcels cannot be registered; see item "Customs Declarations"), Parmida, Jamaica, including Cayman Islands, Turks Island, including Calcos Islands, Barbados (parcels cannot be registered), the Bahamas, British Honduras, Mexico (limit of size, 2 feet in length, 4 feet in girth; limit of weight for places anmed in "Postal Guide," 11 pounds; for other places, 4 pounds, 6 ounces), Leeward Islands (Antigua, Anguilla, Barbuda, Dominica, Montserrat, Nevis, Redonda, St. Kitts, and the

Virgin Islands), Colombia (limit of alze, 2 feet in length, 4 feet in girth), Costa Rica, Salvador (see ite "Customs Declarations"), British Guiana, Danish West Indies (St. Crok, St. John, and St. Thomas), at the Windward Islands (Grenada, Grenadines, St. Lucia, and St. Vincent), Trinidad, Including Tobag Venzueis (see item "Customs Declarations"), Bolivia, Ecuador, Peru, and Chie, NewYoundland, includin Labrador. Parcels for Labrador can only be forwarded during the months of July, August, and Septembe Honduras (Republic of), "Germany, Including Cameroon (Kamerun), Toga, German Samoa, German Ea Africa and German Southwest Africa; Greece (parcels cannot be registered), Italy, including Exprehence Henadirs Bengazi, and Tripoli in Tripoli (Barbary) and Republic of San Marino and Islands of Carpat and Rhodes, Liberia\*, Netherlands (parcels cannot be registered; see item "Customs Declarations"), Ne Zealand including Cook and Fanning Islands; Nicaragua, Guatemala, Norway, Japan, Including Formos Karafuto (Japanese Saghalien), and Korea (Chosen); Hongkong, including Kowloon and Chung Chot Colony of Hongkong; Austria, including Durazzo, San Giovanni de Medua, Santi Quaranta, Scutarl, at Valona, all in Albania\*, Gibraltar (parcels cannot be registered; see Item "Customs Declarations"), Frenc Guiana (parcels cannot be registered); see Item "Customs Declarations"), France, excludir Algeria and Corsica (parcels cannot be registered; see Item "Customs Declarations"), Great Britain an Ireland (parcels cannot be registered), see Item "Customs Declarations"), Great Britain an Ireland (parcels cannot be registered), see Item "Customs Declarations"), Great Britain an Ireland (parcels cannot be registered), see Item "Customs Declarations"), Frence, Excludir Algeria and Corsica (parcels for non-steam served places must not exceed 25 cubic decimeters (one cub foot) in volume; Hayti, Brazil, Dominican Republic, Dutch West Indies; Marting Romain, Saba, St. Eustalus and the Dutch part of St. Martins, (parcels cannot be registered; se

### CUSTOMS DECLARATIONS.

A "Customs Declaration" Form 4402 (which will be furnished on application at the post-office or station) must be properly and fully filled out, stating the actual contents, value, etc., of the parcel. Generaterms, such as "merchandise" or "samples," will not answer; the contents must be accurately described "Customs Declarations" must be firmly attached to the cover of the parcel, but not pasted or affixed so that they will seal the package and prevent examination of the contents without damaging the cover. I addition to being tied by means of a cord passing through the eyelet, the tag should be bound fat to the parcel (with the front or "declaration" side facing out), so that the tag cannot be used as a handle to life

parcel (with the front or "declaration" side facing out), so that the tag cannot be used as a handle to lit the parcel while in transit.

Two (2) copies of the "declaration" (form 4402) must be attached to each parcel for Argentine Republic Dutch Guiana, Dutch West Indies, French West Indies, Netherlands, French Guiana, Gibraltar, Salvador and Uruguay, and three (3) copies to each parcel for Venezuela.

France—Two copies of the special customs declaration, "Form No. 2 Bis" (4402½), showing in additio to the usual entries the gross weight of the parcel and net weight of the contents, must be attached to parcel for France. One copy may be pasted to the package, but the other copy must be affixed in such a manne that it can be readily removed at the exchange office where the mail is prepared for despatch to France

### CENERAL RECULATIONS RESPECTING FOREIGN MAILS.

Rates and conditions to countries not in the Universal Postal Union are now the same as those to Universa Postal Union countries.

Postage can be prepaid upon articles (other than the reply half of double postal cards) only by mean of the postage stamps of the country in which the articles are mailed. Hence articles mailed in one country addressed to another country which bear postage stamps of the country to which they are addressed at retailed as if they had no postage stamps attached to them

Unpaid letters received from the Postal Union and insufficiently prepaid correspondence of all kind is chargeable with double the amount of the deficient postage.

Matter to be sent in the mails at less than letter rates must be so wrapped that it can be readily examined at the office of delivery, as well as the mailing office, without destroying the wrapper.

Packages of newspapers and periodicals sent in the mails to foreign countries are restricted to a single (outside) address. Those sent to Canada, Cuba, Mexico, Panama, and Shanghai (City), China, are transmissible as in domestic mails.

The United States two-centr postal card should be used for card correspondence with foreign countries.

The United States two-cent sostal card should be used for card correspondence with foreign countries. The United States two-cent sostal card should be used for card correspondence with foreign countries may be used to the sost of the states and shanghal city, to which countries the one-cent card is transmissible), but where these cards cannot be obtained, it is allowable to use for this purpose the United States one-cent postal card with a one-cent United States adhesive postage stamp stached thereto. Private cards, can be used if conforming in size, etc., to Government cards, such cards should bear the words "post

Mall matter of all kinds received from any country of the Postal Union is required to be reforwarded at the request of the addressee, from one post-office to another, and in the case of articles other than parcel post packages, to any foreign country embraced in the Postal Union, without additional charge for postage. All articles prohibited from domestic mails are also excluded from circulation in the mails to and from foreign countries. Postal cards or letters addressed to go around the world will not be forwarded, being prohibited.

\* Service suspended (except to German Samoa) on account of war at time Almanac was printed.

‡ Service to the French Departments (states) of Aisne, Ardennes, Aube, Haute-Marne, Haute-Saonne, Meurthe et Moselle, Meuse, Nord, Olse, Pas de Calais, Seine-et-Marne, Somme, and Vosges suspended.

† Liquids and oils, pastes, salves or other articles easily liquefiable are admissible, provided they are packed in accordance with the regulations prescribed for the admission of such substances to the United States domestic parcel post mails, except to Belgium, Bermuda, Chile, China, Colombia, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, French Guiana, Guatemala, Hungary, Manchurla, Martinique, Nicaragua, and Peru.

### FEES FOR INTERNATIONAL MONEY ORDERS. Fees are subject to change.

DOMESTIC RATES. Table No. 1.

When payable in Bahamas, Bermuda, British luiana, British Honduras, Canada, Canal Zone, luba, Martinique, Mexico, Newfoundland, the 'hilippine Islands, the United States Postal Agency t Shanghal (China) and certain Islands in the West ndies, listed in the Register of Money Order Offices

Use the Domestic form for these Orders.

INTERNATIONAL RATES. Table No. 2.

When payable in Apia, Austria, Belgium, Bolivia, Chile, Costa Rica, Denmark, Egypt, France, Germany, Great Britain and Ireland, Greece, Honduras, Hongkong, Hungary, Italy, Japan, Liberia, Luxemburg, Netherlands, New South Wales, New Zealand, Norway, Peru, Portugal, Queensland, Russia, Salvador, South Australia, Sweden, Switzerland, Tasmania, Union of South Africa,\* Uruguay, and Victoria

Use the International form for these Orders.

'or Orders from			For Orders from
\$00 01 to \$2.5		3 cents	\$00 01 to \$1010 cents
rom \$2.51 to \$5	4 .	5 cents	From \$10 01 to \$2020 cents
" \$5.01 to \$10		8 cents	" \$20 01 to \$30
" \$10 01 to \$20		0 cents	" \$30 01 to \$4040 cents
" \$20.01 to \$30		2 cents	" \$40 01 to \$5050 cents
" \$30.01 to \$4.0	1	5 cents	" \$50 01 to \$6060 cents
" \$40 01 to \$50	1	8 cents	" \$60 01 to \$7070 cents
" \$50.01 to \$60	. 2	0 cents	" \$70.01 to \$80 80 cents
" \$60 01 to \$75	. 2	5 cents	" \$80.01 to \$90 90 cents
" \$75.01 to \$100		0 cents	" \$90.01 to \$1001 dollar
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

Observe that for orders payable in the countries referred to in Table No 1, only the Domestic rates

re to be charged and the *Domestic* forms are to be used. \* The Union of South Africa comprises the provinces of the Cape of Good Hope (formerly Cape Colony), the Transvaal, the Orange Free State (formerly Orange River Colony), and Natal (including Zululand).

### POSTAL-SAVINGS SYSTEM.

INFORMATION FOR DEPOSITORS ANNOUNCED BY POST-OFFICE DEPARTMENT.

Object—I The Postal-Savings System is established by authority of the act of Congress approved fune 25, 1910, for the purpose of providing facilities for depositing savings at interest, with the security of the United States Covernment for repayment.

Safety—2. The faith of the United States is solemnly pledged to the payment of deposits made in postal-savings depository offices, with accrued interest thereon, as provided by the Postal-Savings act. Who May Deposit—3. An account may be opened and deposits made by any person of the age of 10 years or over in his or her own name, or by a married woman in her own name and free from any control or interference by her husband.

4. Deposits will be accepted only from individuals, and no account will be opened in the name of any corporation, association, society, firm or partnership in the name of any person as an officer of a corporation, or society, in the name of any person as a member of a firm or partnership, or in the name of two or more persons jointly. No account will be opened in the name of one person in trust for or on behalf of another person or persons.

4. Deposits will be accepted only from individuals, and no account will be opened in the name of a corporation, association, society, in the name of any person as a member of a firm or partnership, or in the name of two or more persons jointly. No account will be opened in the name of one person in trust for or on behalf of another person or persons.

5. A person may open a postal-savings account at any depository post-office, but no person may at the same time have more than one postal-savings account either at the same office or at different offices.

6. All accounts shall be opened in person by the depositor or this atherized representative. After opening an account, a depositor may forward subsequent of the atherized representative. After opening an account, a depositor of the atherized representative and of money order made payation to the payation of the subsequent depositor of the atherized representative. After opening an account, a depositor of the subsequent depositor with the opening of accounts or the subsequent deposit or withdrawal of moneys.

How to Open an Account—8 When a person applies to open an account, he shall furnish the necessary information to enable the postmaster to fill out an application, which the depositor will then be required to sign.

Deposits—9. Deposits are evidenced by postal-savings certificates issued in fixed denominations of \$1, \$2, \$5, \$10, \$20, \$5, \$10, \$20, \$50, and \$100, each bearing the name of the depositor, the number of his account, the date of issue, and the name of the depository sifice. The depositor shall sign a duplicate of each certificate, which the postmaster will retain.

10. No account may be opened for less than \$1, nor will fractions of a dollar be accepted for deposit. (See paragraph 11 relative to postal-savings cards and stamps.)

11. No person is permitted to deposit more than \$1,000 in any one calendar month nor to have a total balance to his credit at any time of more than \$1,000 one and account and payable only to the person to whom issued, exc

to an existing account or it may be requeeded in each 17. Postal-savings cards and stamps are not valid for postage, and postmasters will not exchange them for postage stamps nor exchange postage stamps for postal-savings cards or stamps.

Interest -18. Interest at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum will be allowed on the amount represented by each postal-savings certificate, payable annually Interest will not be paid for any fraction of a year, 19. Deposits will bear interest from the first day of the month next following that in which made. 20. Interest will continue to accrue annually on a postal-savings certificate as long as it remains outstanding, certificates being valid until paid, without limitation as to time.

21. Compound interest is not allowed on an outstanding certificate, but a depositor may withdraw

### POSTAL-SAVINGS SYSTEM-Continued.

interest accrued and make a new deposit, subject to the restriction that deposits at interest will not be received for less than \$1.

Interest accrued and make a new deposit, subject to the restriction that deposits at interest will not be received for less than \$1.

Withdrawals—22. A depositor may at any time withdraw the whole or any part of the deposits to his credit, with any interest payable thereon, by surrendering, at the office of issue, postal-savings certificates, properly indorsed, for the amount to be withdrawn.

23. A depositor presenting a certificate for payment in full shall indorse it in the presence of the postmaster or his representative and surrender it. The postmaster or his representative, upon being satisfied as to the depositor's identity, will then make payment.

24. When a depositor desires to withdraw only a part of the amount represented by any certificate, the depository postmaster will cancel the certificate, after paying any interest that may be due thereon, and issue a new certificate or certificate severing the amount remaining on deposit, which will bear interest from the first day of the following month.

25. When a depositor desires to withdraw the interest payable on any certificate, he will be required to give his receipt for the amount of the interest paid. The postmaster will enter on the back of the certificate the date of the interest payment.

Deposits Not Made in Person—26. When a depositor, for good and sufficient reason, is unable to appear in person to make an additional deposit, the amount to be deposited may be sent by a representative or forwarded by registered mail if the money order service is not available, by a money order made payable to the postmaster. Postal-savings accounts may be opened by mail. This important extension of the service will have the practical effect of bringing postal-savings facilities within the reach of every person in the United States. A person residing at a post-office authorized to accept postal-savings deposits may open an account on or after that date by applying to his local postmaster, who will act as agent for a nearby post-office authorized to accept such

withdrawals Not Made in Person—27. When, for good and sufficient reason, a depositor is unable to appear in person to make a withdrawal, a blank order for the purpose will be furnished upon his application by mail or at the request of his representative. When the order has been properly filled out and signed by the depositor, his signature witnessed by a disinterested person, and the order returned to the postmaster, together with each certificate to be paid properly indorsed, payment will be made to the depositor's representative, or a money order covering the amount withdrawn, less the money-order fee, will

positor's representance, or a money offer tovering the amount winder the interest payable on any certificate, the blank order furnished will be accompanied by a receipt for the interest to be paid. Upon return of such papers, properly signed by the depositor, the postmaster will make payment as provided

in paragraph 27.

Upon return of such papers, properly signed by the depositor, the postmaster win make payment as provided in paragraph 27.

Death of Depositor—29. In case of the death of a depositor the Third Assistant Postmaster-General will authorize the payment of the amount standing to his credit to the executor or administrator of his estate upon compliance with necessary requirements. In case of the death of a depositor intestate, where no formal administration is desired by his relatives, the Third Assistant Postmaster intestate, where no formal administration is desired by his relatives, the Third Assistant Postmaster-General may authorize the postmaster, upon obtaining an affidavit in proper form, to pay the amount to the persons entitled under the State laws to receive it.

Account of Woman Who Marries—30. A woman who opens an account and afterward marries should present her postal-savings certificates to the postmaster at the issuing office in order that the certificates may be indorsed as payable to her in her new name. The postmaster will receive no further deposits from a woman who marries and fails to comply with this requirement.

Postal-Savings Bonds—31. A depositor may exchange the whole or any part of his deposits in sums of \$20, \$100 and \$500 nr United States registered or coupon bonds bearing interest at the rate of 2½ per cent, per annum, payable semi-annually, redeemable at the pleasure of the proper cent payable of its properties and both principal and interest beliance to the previously on a form which will of any the properties of the purpose of of bonds.

of bonds.

33. Postal-savings deposits which have been exchanged for bonds are not counted as a part of the maximum of \$1,000 allowed one depositor, and there is no limitation upon the amount of postal-savings bonds which may be acquired by a depositor.

34. Postal-savings bonds are exempt from all taxes or duties of the United States, as well as from taxation in any form by or under State, municipal, or local authority.

35. Postal-savings bonds can be procured only by the surrender of postal-savings deposits and will not be issued to persons who are not depositors, but whether in registered or coupon form they may, after receipt by the depositor, be sold or transferred at any time. A leaflet containing additional information concerning postal-savings bonds may be obtained from the postan-savings System may be obtained by application at any depository post-office or by addressing the Postal-Savings System may be obtained by application at any depository post-office or by addressing the Third Assistant Postmaster-General, Division of Postal Savings, Washington, D. C.

A person desiring to open a postal-savings account should visit the post-office in person, where full instructions will be given. If for any good reason he cannot visit the office a representative may be sent, who will be instructed how to proceed.

# TRAVELERS' AID SOCIETY.

President—Gilbert Colgate. Hon Vice-Presidents—Cardinal Farley, Hon. Jacob H. Schiff, Bishop David H Greer. Vice-Presidents—Rev. Dr. Francis Brown, Rev. Dr. Samuel Schulman. Treasurer—James McAlpin Pyle. Chairman of Executive Committee—Rush Taggart. General Secretary—Orin C. Baker. Headquarters—465 Lexington Avenue, New York City.

The Travelers' Ald Society is non-sectarian, non-political and non-commercial in organization and work, has national and international co-operation. Object: Protests and assists all travellers, especially young women, girls and boys, without fee or gratuity. Safeguards in all the emergencies of travel from influences and dangers vicious, morally, financially, and physically. Prevents error, extortion and crime, relieves suffering, and combats vice of every form. Trained women agents, recognized by official badge, meet trains and boats. Supported by voluntary contributions.

# DISTANCES FROM NEW YORK TO CITIES IN UNITED STATES.

DISTANCES herein shown are the official distances between New York City and the various cities now used by the Wor and other Government Departments

used by the war and other Government Departments.											
CITIES.	Miles.	CITIES.	Miles.	CITIES.	Miles.	CITIES	Miles.				
Albany, N. Y		Cleveland, Ohio	584	Louisville, Ky	871	St. Paul, Minn	1,322				
Albuquerq'e, N. M.		Columbus, Ohio	637	Lynchburg, Va	401	Salt Lake City,					
Alliance, Neb		Concord, N. H		Manchester, N. H.			2.442				
Amarillo, Tex		Cumberland, Md		Memphis, Tenn	1,157	San Francisco, Cal.					
Atlanta, Ga	876	Deadwood, S. Dak.		Meridian, Miss		Santa Fé, N Mex.					
Atlantic City, N. J.	136	Denver, Coi		Mllwaukee, Wis		Savannah, Ga	845				
Augusta, Me	413	Des Moines, Ia	1,270	Mobile, Ala	1,231	Seattle, Wash	3,136				
Baltimore, Md	188	Detroit, Mich		Montpeller, Vt		Sheridan, Wyo	2,141				
Birmingham, Ala.		Duluth, Minn		Newark, N. J		Shreveport, La	1,454				
Bismarck, N. Dak.	1,767			New Orleans, La		Sloux Falls, S. Dak.	1,459				
Boisé, Idaho	2,738	Fargo, N. Dak	1,564	Norfolk, Va	347	Spokane, Wash	2,797				
Boston, Mass		Ft. Worth, Tex		Ogden, Utah		Springfield, Ill	1,017				
Bristol, Tenn		Galveston, Tex		Oklahoma, Okla		Springfield, Mass	139				
Buffalo, N. Y		Gr. Rapids, Mich .		Omaha, Neb		Superior, Wis	1,386				
Burlington, Vt		Greensboro, N. C.		Parkersb'g, W. Va		Syracuse, N. Y.	293				
Butte, Mont		Harrisburg, Pa		Pendleton, Ore		Tacoma, Wash	3,231				
Cape May, N. J	172			Philadelphia, Pa		Tampa, Fla	1,195				
Carson City, Nev	2,983	Helena, Mont		Phœnix, Arlz		Topeka, Kan	1,437				
Charleston, S. C.		Hot Springs, Ark		Pittsburgh, Pa	444	Trenton, N. J	57				
Charleston, W. Va		Indianapolis, Ind	825	Portland, Me	350	Vicksburg, Miss	1,282				
Chat'nooga, Tenn	847	Ishpeming, Mich		Portland, Ore		Vinita, Okla	1,426				
Cheyenne, Wyo		Jackson, Miss		Prescott, Ariz	2,719	Washington, D.C.	228				
Chicago, Ill. (N. Y.		Jacksonville, Fla		Providence, R. I.	190	Wheeling, W. Va	510				
Cent.)	982	Kansas City, Mo.				Wichlta, Kan	1,549				
Chicago, Ill. (Penn.)		Knoxville, Tenn		Richmond, Va	343	Wilmington, Del.	118				
R. R.)		Little Rock, Ark		Roanoke, Va		Wilmington, N. C	588				
Cincinnati, Ohio	757	Los Angeles, Cal	3,149	St. Louis, Mo	1,065	1					

MAIL DISTANCES AND APPROXIMATE TIME TO FOREIGN CITIES FROM NEW YORK.

(For Distances, irrespective of Mail Routes, see Index.)

By Postal Route To-	Statute Miles.	Days.	By Postal Routh to-	Statute Miles.	Days.			
Adelaide, via San Francisco	12,845	28	Hongkong, via San Francisco	10, 590	27			
Alexandria, via London	6, 150		Honolulu, via San Francisco ,	5,645	12			
Amsterdam. " "	3.985		Liverpool	3.540	7			
	4.000	8	Londôn	3,740	7			
Athens, "	5.655	11	Madrid, via London	4.925				
Bahia, Brazil	5.870		Manila, via San Francisco	11,583				
Bangkok, Siam, via San Francisco	12 900	43	Melbourne, via San Francisco .	12.265				
Bangkok, Slam, via London	13,125		Mexico City (railroad)					
Batavia, Java, via London		34	Panama	2, 355				
Berlin	4.385	8	Paris Petrograd, via London	4,020				
Bombay, via London	9.765	22	Petrograd, via London	5 370				
Bremen	4, 235	8	Rio de Janeiro ,	6,204				
Buenos Ayres	8 045		Rome, via London	5,030				
Calcutta, via London	11,120		Rotterdam, via London					
Cape Town, via London	11.245		San Juan, Porto Rico	1,730				
Constantinople, via London			Shanghai, via San Francisco					
Florence, via London	4.800	9	Shanghai, via Berlin	14,745				
Glasgow	3,370	8	Stockholm, via London	4.975				
Greytown, via New Orleans	2,815		Sydney, via San Francisco	11,570	26			
Halifax, N.S. (rail)	967		Valparaiso, via Panama					
Hamburg, direct	4,820	9	Vienna	4,740				
Hamburg, via London	4,340 1,366	9	Yokohama, via San Francisco .	7,345	20			
Havana			1					
DISTANCES BETWEEN EUROPEAN CITIES. LONDON								

# DISTANCES BETWEEN EUROPEAN CITIES.

LIVERPOOL 202 PARIS 489 287 MADRID 908 1397 1195 LISBON 415 1323 1812 1610 ANTWERP 1530 1119 211 472 270 HAMBURG 412 1804 1495 587 859 657 BERLIN 178 497 1889 1582 674 948 746 BERNE 611 TURIN 297 837 678 460 1602 1183 359 848 646 500 989 787 839 719 1506 1073 VIENNA 720 535 427 MUNICH 266 470 295 401 727 2157 1668 605 849 1182 980 582 970 768 295 401 579 522 1897 1477 | RONE | 647 | 840 | 414 | 639 | 1048 | 1180 | 1033 | 1746 | 1223 | 907 | 1397 | 1195 |
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TRAVELLING DISTANCES BETWEEN THE PRINCIPAL CITIES IN EUROPE. IN MILES.

BOYCOTTING, BLACKLISTING, AND INTIMIDATION LAWS.

THE States having laws prohibiting boycotting in terms are Alabama, Colorado, Illinois, Indiana, and Texas

THE States having laws prohibiting blacklisting in terms are Alabama, Arizona, Arkansas, Callfornia, Colorado, Connecticut, Florida, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Minnesota, Mississippi (applies to telegraph operators only), Missouri, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, North Carolina, North Dakota, Oklahoma, Oregon, Texas, Utah, Virginia, Washington, and Wisconsin.

Boycotting and pleketing by peaceful and lawful means are declared legal by a Federal statute.
A number of States have laws concerning intimidation, conspiracy against workingmen, and interference with employment, viz.: Alabama, Colorado, Connecticut, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Idaho (applies to mine employés only), Illinois, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, North Dakota, Oklahoma, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Porto Rico, Rhode Island, South Dakota, Texas, Utah, Vermont, Washington, West Virginia and Wisconsin.

In the following States it is unlawful for an employer to exact any agreement, elther written or verbal, from an employé not to join or become a member of a labor organization, as a condition of employment: California, Colorado, Connecticut, Idaho, Indiana, Louislana, Massachusetts, Minnesota, Mississippi (applies to telegraph operators only), Nevada, New Jersey Oregon, Pennsylvania, Porto Rico, South Carolina, Utah, and Wisconsin.

### EIGHT-HOUR LAWS

Alaska. - Eight hours constitute a day's labor on all public works and in all mines and workings, Arisans—Eight nours constitute a day's root on an paone works and in all mines and workings, smelting and reduction works, and at coke ovens.

Arizona.—Eight hours constitute a day's labor on all public works and in all mines and workings, smelting and reduction works, blast furnaces, rolling mills, etc.

Arkausas.—Eight hours constitute a day's work on public highways and bridges and for railway

Arkitusits.—Eight hous constitute aday's work on public high thours constitute a day's work. The telegraph operators.

California.—Unless otherwise expressly stipulated, eight bours constitute a day's work. The time of service of all laborers, workmen, and mechanics employed upon any public works of, or work done for, the State, or for any political sub-division thereof, whether the work is to be done by contract or otherwise and of employes in mines and smelters, is limited and restricted to eight hours in the contract day.

contract or otherwise and of employés in mines and smelters, is limited and restricted to eight hours in any one calendar day.

Colorado.—A day's work for all workingmen employed by the State, or any county, township, school district, municipality, or incorporated town, and for all employes in underground or open cut mines or workings, and in smelting and refining works, is restricted to eight hours.

Connecticut.—Eight hours of labor constitute a lawful day's work unless otherwise agreed. Railroad telegraph operators controlling the movement of trains may work but eight hours, except at stations kept open only in the daytime. Engineers, firemen, machinists and other mechanics employed in State institutions may work but eight hours, except in case of emergency.

Delaware.—Eight hours constitute a lawful day's work for all municipal employés of the City of Wilmington.

Wilmingtou.

District of Columbia. -A day's work for all laborers and mechanics employed by the District of Columbia, or by any contractor or sub-contractor upon any public works of the District, is limited to eight hours.

Hawnii.—For all mechanics, clerks, laborers, and other employés on public works and in public offices eight hours of actual service constitute a day's work

Idaho.—Eight hours' actual work constitute a lawful day's labor for manual laborers employed by

the day on all State, county, and municipal works. Labor in mines and smelters is limited to eight

Idaho.—Eight hours' actual work constitute a lawful day's labor for manual laborers employed by the day on all State, county, and municipal works. Labor in mines and smelters is limited to eight hours per day.

Illinois.—Eight hours are a legal day's work in all mechanical employments, except on farms, and when otherwise agreed; the law does not apply to service by the year, month or week. Eight hours constitute a day's labor on the public highways.

Indina.—Eight hours of labor constitute a legal day's work on the public roads, and for all classes of mechanics, workingmen, and 'laborers, excepting those engaged in agricultural and domestic labor. Overwork by agreement and for extra compensation is permitted.

Iowa.—Eight hours constitute a day's labor on the public roads.

Iowa.—Eight hours constitute a day's labor on the public roads.

Kansas.—Eight hours constitute a day's labor on the public roads.

Kansas.—Eight hours constitute a day's labor on the public roads.

Kansas.—Eight hours constitute a day's work on all public works of the State.

Maryland.—No mechanic or laborer employed by the Mayor or City Council of Baltimore, or by any agent or contractor under them, shall be required to work more than eight hours as a day's labor.

Massachusetts.—Eight hours shall constitute a day's work for all laborers, workmen, or town in the Commonwealth upon acceptance of the statute by a majority of voters present and voting upon the same at any generat election.

Minnesota.—Eight hours constitute a day's labor for all laborers, workmen, or mechanics employed by or on behalf of the State, whether the work is done by contract or otherwise.

Mississippi.—Eight hours constitute a legal day's work. The law apolity of voters present and voting upon the same at any generat election.

Mississippi.—Eight hours constitute a legal day's work. The law does not prevent an agreement to work for a longer or a shorter time and does not apply to agricultural laborers. It is unlawful for employers to work their employers longer than

of the first class of the first

of the State or any municipality thereof.

New Mexico. - Eight hours constitute a day's labor in all employment by or on behalf of the State or municipality.

New York. - Eight hours constitute a day's work on highways, and on work done by or for the State, or a municipal corporation, whether directly by contractors or sub-contractors; also for all

classes of employes, except in farm or domestic labor, though overwork for extra pay is permitted in

private employments.

Fight hours are a day's labor on public roads.

North Palaota. — Eight hours are a day's labor on public roads.

Ohio. — Eight hours constitute a day's work on all public works; also in all engagements to labor in any mechanical, manufacturing or mining business, unless otherwise expressly stipulated in the contract.

-Eight hours constitute a day's labor on all public works, and in underground mines. Oregon - Eight hours constitute a day's labor on all public works, and in underground mines

yielding metal.

pregon.—Eaght hours constitute a day's know on an public works, and in underground mines releding metal.

Pennsylvania.—Eight hours of labor shall be deemed and held to be a legal day's work in all cases of labor and service by the day where there is no agreement or contract to the contrary. This does not apply to farm or agricultural labor or to service by the year, month or week. Eight hours constitute a day's labor for all mechanics, workmen, and laborers in the employ of the State, or of any municipal corporation therein, or otherwise engaged on public works. This act shall be deemed to apply to employes of contractors. Engineers hoisting workmen at anthracite coal mines may work but eight hours per day.

Philippine I slands.—Eight hours constitute a day's work on highways.

Porto Rico.—No laborer may be compelled to work more than eight hours per day on public works. South Dakota. —For labor on public highways aday's work in the Aight hours.

Texas.—Eight hours shall be a day's work on the highways, and by train despatchers, etc., except at stations where but one operator is employed.

Utah.—Eight hours constitute a day's labor on all works carried on or aided by the State, county or municipal governments, and in all underground mines or workings, and in smelters and all other establishments for the reduction of ores.

Washington.—Eight hours in any calendar day shall constitute a day's work on the york on any work one of the State, or for any county or municipality, and in underground coal nines.

Washington.—Eight hours in any calendar day shall constitute a day's work on any work done for the State, or for any county or municipality, and in underground coal nines.

West Virginin.—Eight hours shall constitute a day's work for all laborers, workmen, and mechanics who may be employed by or on behalf of the State, and for telegraph operators directing the movement of trains where three or more passenger or ten or more freight trains pass in 24 hours.

Wisconsin.—In all engagements to labor in any manulacturing or mechanical business, where there is no express contract to the contrary, a day's work shall consist of eight hours, but the law does not apply to contracts for labor by the week, month or year. Eight hours constitute a day's labor on the public highways.

Employés on public works and train despatchers may be employed but aight hours per day. eight hours per day.

Wyoming.—Eight hours' actual work constitute a legal day's labor in all underground mines, in

smelters, and on all State and municipal works,

Statistics for this Summary of Labor Legislation revised to date

United States. - A day's work lor all laborers, workmen and mechanics who may be employed by the United States, or by any contractor or sub-contractor upon any of the public works of the United States, including dredging and rock excavation in river and harbor work, is limited to eight hours. After January 1, 1917, 8 hours shall be deemed a day's work and the measure of a day's work for the purpose of reckoning the compensation for services of employes of carriers engaged in interstate and foreign

commerce by steam railway.

The World Almanac is indebted to Commissioner Royal Meeker of the U.S. Bureau of Labor

### AMERICAN FEDERATION OF LABOR.

HEADQUARTERS—Washington, D. C. President—Samuel Gompers. Secretary—Frank Morris Treasurer—John B. Lennon. Bioomington, Ill. First Vice-President—James Duncan, Quincy, Mass. Secv. Vice-President—James O'Connell, Washington, D. C. Third Vice-President—D. A. Hayes, Philadelpt Pa. Fourth Vice-President—Joseph F. Valentine, Cincinnati, Ohio. Fifth Vice-President—John R. Alpi Chicago, Ill. Stith Vice-President—H. B. Perham, St. Louis, Mo. Seventh Vice-President—Frank Du Indianapolis, Ind. Eighth Vice-President—William Green, Indianapolis, Ind. The federation is composed of 109 national and international unions, 5 departments, 45 State branet 718 city central unions, and 689 local unions. The approximate paid membership is 2,045,793. The obje and aims of the American Federation of Labor are officially stated to render employment and means of sistence less precarious by securing to the workers an equitable share of the fruits of their labor.

INTERNATIONAL UNIONS COMPRISING THE AMERICAN FEDERATION OF LABOR Asbestos Workers, International Association of Heat |

Asbestos Workers, International Association of Heat and Frost Insulators and—Thomas J. McNamara, 2516 Slattery Street, St. Louis, Mo. Bakery and Confectionery Workers' International Union of America—Charles Iffland, 212 Bush Temple of Music, Chicago, III. Barbers' International Union, Journeymen—Jacob Fischer, 222 East Michigan Street, Indianapolis,

Ind.
Bill Posters and Billers of America, International Alliance of—William McCarthy, Fitzgeraid Bullding, 1482-90 Broadway, New York City.
Blacksmitbs, International Brotherhood of—William F. Kramer, Monon Building, Chicago, Ill.
Bollermakers and Iron Shipbuilders of America,
Brotherhood of—F. P. Reinemeyer, Suite 7-12,
Law Building, Kansas City, Kan.
Bookbinders, International Brotherhood of—Walter
N. Reddick, 222 East Michigan Street, Indianapolis, Ind.

N. Reddick, 222 East Michigan Street, Indianapolis, Ind.
Boot and Shoe Workers' Union—C. L. Baine, 246
Summer Street, Boston, Mass.
Brewery Workmen, International Union of the
United—Joseph Proebstle, 2347 Vine Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.
Brick, Tile, and Terra Cotta Workers' Alliance, International—William Van Bodegraven, 2341 West
Twelfth Street, Chicago, Ill.
Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, International

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, International Association of—Harry Jones, 304 American Central Life Building, Indianapolis, Ind.
Broom and Whisk Makers' Union, International—W. R. Boyer, 851 King Place, Chicago, Iii.
Brushmakers' International Union—George J. Vitzthun, 2052 Gates Avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y.
Carpenters and Joiners of America, United Brotherhood of—Frank Duffy, Carpenters' Building, Indianapolis, Ind.
Carriage, Wagon, and Automobile Workers of North

Carriage, Wagon, and Automobile Workers of North America, International Union of—William P. Ma-vell, 37 Lewis Block, Buffalo, N. Y. Carvers' Association of North America, International Wood—Thomas J. Lodge, 10 Carlisle Street,

Wood—Thomas J. Lodge, 10 Carlisle Street, Roxbury, Mass.
Cigarmakers' International Union of America—George W. Perkins, Monon Building, Chicago, Ill.
Clerks' International Protective Association, Retail—H. J. Conway, Lock Drawer 248, Lafayette, Ind.
Compressed Air and Foundation Workers' Union of the United States and Canada—Henry Kuhlmann, 12 St. Mark's Place, New York City.
Coopers' International Union of North America—William R. Deal, Bishop Building, Kansas City, Kan

Kan. Kall.
Cutting Die and Cutter Makers, International Union
of—William Bondy, 727 Manida Street, New York.
Diamond Workers' Protective Union of America—
Andries Meyer, 323 Washington Street, Brooklyn,

Electrical Workers of America, International Brother-hood of —Charles P. Ford, Reisch Building, Spring-field, Ill.

Elevator Constructors, International Union of-Frank J. Schneider, 418 Perry Building, Phila-delphia, Pa.

delphia, Pa.
Engineers, International Union of Steam and Operating—James G. Hannahan, 6334 Yale Avenue, Chicago, Ili.
Firemen, International Brotherhood of Stationary—C. L. Shamp, 3615 North Twenty-fourth Street, Omaha, Neb.
Foundry Employés, International Brotherhood of—George Bechtold, 810 Olive Street, St. Louis, Mo.
Fur Workers' Union of United States and Canada, International—Andrew Wennels, 1181 Broadway, New York City.

CHE AMERICAN FEDERATION OF LABOR
Garment Workers of America, United—B. A. Lar
Bible House, New York City.
Garment Workers' Union, International Ladle
Abe Baroff, 32 Union Square, New York City
Glass Bottle Blowers' Association of the United States and Canada—Harry Jenkins, Rooms 932 Witherspoon Building, Juniper and Wal
Streets, Philadelphia, Pa.
Glass Workers' Union, American Filint—William
Clarke, Ohio Building, Toledo, Ohio.
Glove Workers' Union of America, Internation
Elizabeth Christman, 166 West Washing
Street, Chicago, Ill.
Granite Cutters' International Association of At
Ica, The—James Duncan, Hancock Build
Quincy, Mass.
Grinders' and Finishers' National Union, Po
Knife Biade—F. A. Didsbury, 508 Brook Su
Bridgeport, Ct.
Hat and Cap Makers of North America, United C
—Max Zuckerman, 62 East Fourth Street,
Vork City, America, United—Martin, Lay

Tyrik City.

Hatters of North America, United—Martin Lay
Bible House, New York City.

Hod Carriers', Building and Common Labo

Hold Carriers', New International—A. Persion State Strees America, International—A. Persion State Strees Abanyaters and Canada, International Union of Mounteymen—Hubert S. 1 shall, 605 Second National Bank Building, cinnati, Ohio. Hotel and Restaurant Employés' International llance and Bartenders' International Leaguamerica—Jere L. Suillvan, Commercial Tri Building, Cincinnati, Ohio. Iron, Steel, and Tin Workers, Amalgamated . ciation of—M. F. Tighe, House Building, Sied and Water Streets, Pittsburgh, Pa. Lace Operatives of America, The Chartered So of Amalgamated—David L. Gould, 545 Weshigh Avenue, Philadelphia, Pa. Lathers, International Union of Wood, Wire, Metal—Ralph V. Brandt, 401 Superior Buil Cleyeland, Ohio.

Metal—Raiph V. Brandt, 401 Superior Buil Cleveland, Ohlo.

Laundry Workers' International Union—H. L. rison, Box 11, Station 1, Troy, N. Y.

Leather Workers on Horse Goods, United Brobod of—J. J. Pfelfier, 504 Postal Building, sas City, Mo.

Lithographers' International Protective and J. ficial Association of the United States and Cs.—James M. O'Connor, Langdon Building, Broadway, New York City.

Longshoremen's Association, International—Jo. Joyce, 702 Brisbane Building, Buffalo, N. Y. Machinists, International Association of—G. Preston, 908 G Street N. W., Washington, Maintenance of Way Employés, Interna Brotherhood of—George Seal, 27 Putnam A. Detroit, Mich.

Detroit, Mich.
Marble Workers, International Association
Stephen C. Hogan, 406 East 149th Street,
York City.

York City.

Masters, Mates, and Pilots, American Assoc of—W. D. Tenniswood, 308 Vine Street, Cai N. J.

Meat Cutters and Butchers' Workmen of America, Amalgamated—Homer D. Call, 212 Avenue, Syracuse, N. Y.

Metal Workers' International Alliance, Amalga Sheet—John E. Bray. 407 Nelson Building, sas City, Mo.

Mine Workers of America, United—William (Merchants' Bank Building, Indianapolis, J. Miners, Western Federation of—Ernest Milli Denham Building, Denver, Col.

### AMERICAN FEDERATION OF LABOR-Continued.

ulders' Union of North America, International— lctor Kleiber, 530 Walnut Street, Cincinnati, hio.

sicians, American Federation of—Owen Miller, 535 Pine Street, St. Louis, Mo. atters, Decorators and Paperhangers of America, rotherhood of—J. C. Skemp, Drawer 99, Layette, Ind.

iyette, Ind.
ermakers, International Brotherhood of—J. T.
arey, 127 North Pearl Street, Albany, N. Y.
tertmakers' League of North America—James
'ilson, Second National Bank Building, Ninth
id Main Streets, Cincinnati, Ohio

annah, 249 East Fifty-seventh Street, New York

lty.

ing Cutters' Union of the United States of Amera and Canada—Carl Bergstrom, Lock Box 27, lbion, N. Y.

a and Calata—Cari Bergstoin, Lock Box 27, to-Eugra-Cari Bergstoin, Flock Box 27, to-Eugra-Cari Box 28, Part 2609 Germantown Cari Bergstoin Cari Box 28, Part 2609 Germantown Cari Bergstoin Canada, Operative—T. A. Scully, 442 st Second Street, Middletown, Ohiobers and Steam Fitters of United States and Lada, United Association of—Thomas E. Burke, 1 Bush Temple of Music, Chicago, Ill. hers, Buffers, Platers, Brass and Silver Workers' stall Union of North America—Charles R. Athon, Neave Building, Cincinnati, Ohio. Office Clerks, National Federation of—Thomas Flaherty, 317 Ouray Building, Washington, D. C. Ts, National Brotherhood of Operative—John Wood, Box 6, East Liverpool, Ohio. Let and High Explosive Workers of America, Cutters' Association of America, National—hard H. Scheller, 108 Washington Street, Lodi, J.

ers and Color Mixers of the United States, Mane National Association of—P. E. Lyons, 334 anton Avenue, Buffalo, N. Y. ers' Union of North America, International el and Copper Plate—James E. Goodyear, 1236 bwn Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Ing Pressmen and Assistants' Union, Interna-ional—Joseph C. Orr, Rogersville, Tenn. Sulphite, and Paper Mill Workers of the United tes and Canada. International Brotherhood

John H. Malin, P.-O. Drawer K, Fort Edward, Y.

'y Workers' International Union of North

y Workers' International Union of North erica—Fred. W. Suitor, Scampini Building re, Vt. and Telegraphers, Order of—L. W. Quick, Star

liding, St. Louis, Mo.
ay Carmen of America, Brotherhood of—E.
liam Weeks, 507 Hall Building, Kansas City,

ay Clerks, Brotherhood of-W. V. H. Bright, ond National Bank Building, Cincinnati, Ohlo. ay Employés of America, Amalgamated Asso-ion of Street and Electric—W. D. Mahon, 104 t High Street, Detroit, Mich.

ay Postal Clerks, Brotherhood of-Urban A.

rs, Composition, Damp, and Waterproof

national Brotherhood of—D. J. Ganley, 14 North Oxford Street, Brooklyn, N. Y. Sawsmiths' National Union—F. E. Kingsley, 2915 McPherson Street, Indianapolis, Ind. Seamen's Union of America, International—Thomas A. Hanson, 570 West Lake Street, Chicago, III. Signalmen of America, Brotherhood of Raiiroad— D. R. Daniels, 28 Newton Street, Mansfield, Mass. Slate and Tile Roofers' Union of America, Interna-tional—Joseph M. Gavlak, 3643 West Forty-seventh Street, Cleveland, Ohio. Slate Workers, American Brotherhood of—Philip Jago, Pen Argyle, Pa.

Diago, Pen Argyle, Pa.

Spinners' International Union—Urban Fleming, 188
Lyman Street, Holyoke, Mass.

Stage Employés International Alliance, Theatrleal—
M. A. Carrey, 107 West Forty-sixth Street, New
York City.

York City.

Steam Shovel and Dredge Men, International Brotherhood of—E. M. Foley, 508 Fort Dearborn Building, Chicago, Ill., Steel Plate Transferrers' Association of America, The—H. Wilbur Hoagland, 106 W. Sidney Avenue, Mount Vernon, N. Y.

Stereotypers' and Electrotypers' Unlon of North America, International—Charles A. Sumner, Room 29, Globe Building, Boston, Mass. Stone Cutters' Association of North America, Journeymen—Walter W. Drayer, American Central Life Building, Indianapolis, Ind.

Stove Mounters' International Union—Frank Grimshaw, 1210 Jefferson Avenue E., Detroit, Mich. Switchmen's Union of North America—M. R. Welch, 326 Brisbane Building, Buffalo, N. Y.

Tallors' Union of America, Journeymen—Thomas Sweeney, corner East Sikty-seventh Street and Stony Island Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

Teamsters, Chauffeurs, Stablemen, and Helpers of America, International Brotherhood of—Thomas L. Hughes, 222 East Michigan Street, Indianapolis, Ind. Ind.

Ind.
Textile Workers of America, United—Sara Conboy,
86 Bible House, New York City.
Tile Layers' and Helpers' International Union
Ceramic, Mosaic, and Encaustic—James P. Reynolds, 119 Federal Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Tobaeco Workers' International Union—E. Lewis
Evans, Iroquois Life Building, Louisville, Ky.
Travellers' Goods and Leather Novelty Workers'
International Union of America—Murt Malone,
191 Boyd Street, Oshkosh, Wis.
Tunnel and Subway Constructors' International
Union—Michael Carraher, 206 East 128th Street,
New York City.

Union—Michael Carraher, 206 East 128th Street, New York City.
Telegraphers' Union of America, The Commercial—Wesley Russell, 922 Monon Building, Chicago, Ill. Typographical Union, International—J. W. Hays, Newton Claypool Building, Indianapolis, Ind. Upholsteres' Union of North America—James H. Hatch, Box 10, Station Y, New York City. Weavers' Amalgamated Association, Elastic Goring—Alfred Haughton, 50 Cherry Street, Brockton, Mass.

Weavers' Protective Association, American Wire— E. E. Desmond, 99 Seventh Street, Harrison, N. J. Weavers' Union of America, International Shingle— William H. Reld, 202 Maynard Building, Seattle,

Wash. To Kit and State of Market Wash. White Rats Actors' Union of America—Harry Mountford, 227 West Forty-sixth Street New York City.

### NATIONAL UNIONS

### NOT AFFILIATED WITH THE AMERICAN FEDERATION OF LABOR.

layers, Masons and Plasterers International. William Dobson, University Park Building, dianapolis, Ind. erhood of Locomotive Engineers. Warren S. Stone, Grand Chief Engineer, Cleveland, Ohio;

erhood of Locomotive Engineers. Warren S. Stone, Grand Chief Engineer, Cleveland, Ohio; B. Prenter, General Secretary, Cleveland, Ohio. erhood of Locomotive Firemen and Enginemen. A. H. Hawley, General Secretary and easurer, Jefferson Building, Peoria, Ill. erhood of Railroad Trainmen. A. E. King, General Secretary-Treasurer, American Trust ilding, Cleveland, Ohio.

al Window Glass Workers. J. M. Neenan, Electric Building, Cleveland, Ohio. of Railway Conductors of America. A. B. Garretson, President, Cedar Rapids Savings Bank ilding, Cedar Rapids, Iowa; C. E. Whitney, Grand Secretary.

### KNICHTS OF LABOR.

General Executive Board: General Master Workman, John W. Hayes, Washington, D. C., Chairman; General Worthy Foreman, Wiklam A. Denison, Rochester, N. Y.; General Secretary-Treasurer, I. D. Chamberlain, Washington, D. C.; Chris. Hill, Brooklyn, N. Y.; F. W. Bonehill, Rochester, N. Y.

### INDUSTRIAL WORKERS OF THE WORLD.

HEADQUARTERS, 164 West Washington St., Chlego, Ill. Wm. D. Haywood, General Secretary-Treasurer; Joseph J. Ettor, Assistant Secretary and General Organizer. Executive Board—F. H. Little, A. C. Christ, J. Weigh, Francia filler, W. E. Mattingly.

A. C. Christ, J. Weigh, Francia filler, W. E. Mattingly.

Between these two classes as the employing class have nothing in common.

Hetween these two classes a struggle must go on until the workers of the world organize as a class, take possession of the earth and the machinery of production, and abolish the wage system. We find that the centring of the management of industries into fewer and fewer hands makes the trades unions outside to cope with the ever-growing power of the employing class. The trades unions of soter a state of affairs which allows one set of workers to be pitted against another set of workers in the same industry, thereby helping defeat one another in wage wars. Moreover, the trades unions aid the employing class to mislead the workers into the belief that the working class have interests in common with their employers.

These conditions can be changed and the interest of the working class upheld only by an organization formed in such a way that all its members in any one industry, or in all industries, if necessary, cease work whenever a strike or lockout is on in any department thereof, thus making an injury to all.

Instead of the conservative motto, "A fair day's wages for a fair day's work," we must inscribe

cease work whenever a strike or lockout is on in any department thereof, thus making an injury to one an injury to all.

Instead of the conservative motto, "A fair day's wages for a fair day's work," we must inscribe on our banner the revolutionary watchword, "Abolition of the wage system."

It is the historic mission of the working class to do away with capitalism. The army of production must be organized, not only for the every day struggle with capitalism. The army of production when capitalism shall have been overthrown. By organizing industrially we are forming the structure of the new society within the shell of the old.

The organization differs from syndicalism in that great stress is laid upon having a form of organization to correspond, cell for cell, tissue for tissue, with capitalist industry itself, and also because it seeks to build a new union on revolutionary lines rather than to attempt to change the present reactionary and out-of-date craft unions. The organization claims to have blended the practical features of socialism, anarchism, and syndicalism, and yet it is distinct from all three. The I. W. W. is composed of 535 recruiting and industrial unions, having a total membership of \$5,000, five national administrations—Hawaiian, Australian, New Zealand, Great Britain, and South African.

Excepts from Constitution and By-Laws follow:

The Industrial Workers of the World shall be composed of actual wage-workers brought together in an organization embodying thirteen national industrial councils, and industrial unions, iocal recruiting unions, industrial councils, and industrial unions, of the Industrial workers of the World shall be held on the third Monday of September each year at such place as may be determined by previous convention.

The annual convention of the Industrial workers of the World shall be held on the third Monday of September each year at such place as may be determined by previous convention.

That to the end of promoting industrial univarial of securing necessary discipline

# THE WORKERS' INTERNATIONAL INDUSTRIAL UNION.

Heanquarters, Detroit, Mich. General Secretary-Treasurer, H. Richter, Detroit; General Organizer, Rudolph Katz, Maywood. N. J. General Executive Board—August Gilhaus, New York City; A. Glerginsky, Hartford, Ct.; Ingwar Paulsen, Roxbury, Mass.; W. A. Peyton, Cincinnat, Onic; W. Hammerlind, San Francisco, Cal.

PREAMBLE—The working class and the employing class have nothing in common.

SEN, HARLIOGO, CL: Ingvar Paulsen, RONDURY, Mass.; w. A. Feyton, Chichinat, Ohio; w. Hammerlind, San Francisco, Cal.

PREAMBLE—The working class and the employing class have nothing in common. Between these two classes a struggle must go on until the toilers come together on the political field under the banner of one Great Industrial Union to take and hold all means of production and distribution, and to run them for the benefit of all wealth producers.

The rapid gathering of wealth and the centring of the management of industries into fewer and fewer hands make the trades unions unable to cope with the ever-growing power of the employing class, because the trades unions foster a state of things which allows one set of workers to be pitted against another set of workers in the same industry, thereby helping defeat one another in wage wars. The trades unions aid the employing class to mislead the workers into the belief that the working class have interests in common with their employers.

Excepts from Constitution and By-Laws follow:

The Workers' International Industrial Union shall be composed of actual wage-workers brought together in an organization embodying thirteen national industrial edpartments, national industrial unions, local recruiting unions, industrial councils and individual members.

A national industrial union shall be comprised of the local industrial unions of the various localities in America in a given industry.

The industrial departments shall consist of not less than ten local unions, aggregating a membership of not less than ten thousand members. The industrial departments shall be sub-divided in industrial unions of closely kindred industries in the appropriate organizations for representation in the departments included are: Department of Mining Industry; Transportation Industry; Metal and Machinery Industry; Glass and Pottery Industry; Food-Suffs; Dustry; Brewery, Wine and Distiliery Industry; Fordiate industries; Dustry; Pordiate annual convention shall be held on the Sunday prec

### STRIKES AND LOCKOUTS IN THE UNITED STATES.

AS TABULATED BY THE UNITED STATES BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS.

In the following table an effort has been made to show the principal causes of the strikes tabulated, though this has been difficult in many cases on account of the indefinite character of the information available.

### NUMBER OF STRIKES AND LOCKOUTS, BY CAUSES, 1915.

MATTER OF DISPUTE.	Strikes.	Lockouts.	MATTER OF DISPUTE.	Strikes.	Lockouts.
Increase of wages	286	12	For organizing		12
Decrease of wages	90	10	For open or closed shop	20	12
Non-payment of wages	10	1	Discharge of foreman wanted		
Increase of hours	7		Because of discharge of union men	60	13
Decrease of hours	67	7	Because of employment of non-		
Wages and hours	133	2	union men	40	5
General conditions	35	4	Discrimination	8	
Conditions and wages		1	Sympathetic	9	1
Conditions and hours	6		Jurisdictional	25	
Conditions, wages, and hours	11	i ii	Miscellaneous	113	22.
Recognition of the union		1.5	Not reported	208	39
Recognition and wages	26	l i			
Recognition and hours			Total	1,246	159
Recognition, wages, and hours		''i	1	1,210	100

### RESULTS OF STRIKES AND LOCKOUTS, 1915.

RESULT.	Strikes.	Lock- outs.	RESULT.	Strikes.	Lock- outs.	RESULT.	Strikes.	Lock- outs.
Won	273	16 30	pending arbitra-	28	2	Pending Not reported	140 513	31 63
Lost Employes return'd		1'.	Total	593	65	Grand total	1,246	159

As shown in the following table the duration of the strikes that ended in 1915 varied from less than 1 day to 3 years and 9 months, the latter being the strike of federated shopmen on the Harriman lines that was finally called off in June.

### DURATION OF STRIKES AND LOCKOUTS.

DURATION.	Strikes.	Lock- outs.	DURATION.	Strlkes.	Lock- outs.	DURATION.	Strikes.	Lock- outs.
Less than 1 day 1 day 2 days 3 days 4 days 5 days 6 days 7 days 8 days 9 days	30 43 41 26 29 23 24 19	3 2	10 days. 11 days. 12 days. 13 days. 14 days. 15 to 18 days. 19 to 21 days. 22 to 24 days. 25 to 28 days. 29 to 31 days.	13	1 2 1 5	32 to 35 days	12	1 4 4 2 2 2 7 2 7 2

The total duration of these strikes was 18,973 days and of the lockouts 3,075 days, the average duration of the strikes being 36 days and of the lockouts 63 days. 11, however, the 37 strikes and 9 lockouts which lasted more than three months are omitted from consideration, the average was 17 days for strikes and 27 days for lockouts.

### NUMBER OF STRIKES AND LOCKOUTS BY MONTHS IN WHICH STARTED, 1915.

MONTH.	Strikes.	Lock- outs.	MONTH.	Strikes.	Lock- outs.	MONTH.	Strikes.	Lock- outs.
Pend'g Dec. 31,'14 January February March April May	49 45 72	13 12 14 16	June. July. August September October November		14 7	Total Month not stated Grand total	70 1,104 142 1,246	8 148 11 159

In the above table only those strikes are counted as pending December 31, 1914, which were actually settled during the year 1915.

In 701 strikes and 144 lockouts the employes were connected with unions; in 117 strikes and 3 lockouts they were non-union employes; in 29 strikes they were non-union at the time of striking, but organized almost

immediately after.

NUMBER OF STRIKES IN THE 13 INDUSTRY GROUPS IN WHICH THE LARGEST NUMBER OF STRIKES OCCURRED, 1914 AND 1915.

Industry.		Lockouts.	Strikes and Lockouts.	INDUSTRY,		915. Lockouts.	Strikes and Lockouts.
Metal trades. Building trades. Clothing industries. Textile work. Mining Baking Iron and steel workers	127 77 65 30	41 27 12 7 2 33		Teaming. Furniture. Theatrical employés. Transportation. Lumber. Printing and publishing.	28 16 14 17 13	2 4 5 1 1 3	34 18 20 52 40 20

# NUMBER OF STRIKES IN THE 14 INDIVIDUAL OCCUPATIONS IN WHICH THE LARGEST NUMBER OF STRIKES OCCURRED, 1914 AND 1915.

	1	915.	1914.		1	915.	1914.
OCCUPATION.	Strikes.	Lockouts.	Strikes and Lockouts.	OCCUPATION.	Strikes.	Lockouts.	Strikes and Lockouts.
Machinists Bakers	163 30 55	16 33	44 47	Teamsters	28 26	2	30 14
Miners, coal	42	13	48 35 26 27	ployés	22 20 21	2 4 2	27 61 13
Plumbers and steam- fitters		9		Electrical workers Weavers	20 19	···i	9

The following table shows the number of strikes and lockouts in 1914 and 1915 by States and by sections of the country; on account of their incompleteness the figures for the two years do not admit of close comparison:

#### NUMBER OF STRIKES BY STATES, 1915.

STATE.	Strikes.	Lock- outs.	STATE.	Strikes.	Lock- outs.	STATE.	Strikes.	Lock- outs.
Alabama. Alaska. Arkansas California Colorado. Connecticut Delaware Dist. of Columbia. Florida. Georgia. Idaho. Illinois. Indiana. Iowa. Kansas.	52 21 11 6	2  6  8  2	Maine Maryland Massachusetts Michigan Minnesota Missouri Montana Nebraska Nevada New Hampshire New Jersey North Carolina North Carolina North Carolina Ohlo Oklahoma	11 131 29 111 37 3 2 5 100 196 3 11 115 5		Pennisylvania. Porto Rico. Rhode Island. South Carolina. South Dakota. Tennessee. Texas. Utah. Vermont. Virginia. Washington. West Virginia. Wisconsin. Wyoming. In several States Total.	15	15 1 2  3  1  5 3 5 
Kentucky Louislana	14	1	Oregon		1	1000	1,240	103

The largest number of disputes occurred in the leading manufacturing States, New York, Pennsylvania, Connecticut, Massachusetts, and Ohio, having 801, or considerably more than half the strikes and lockouts shown for 1915.

The following table shows the number of strikes and lockouts in citles in which 10 or more disputes occurred during 1915, with the number of disturbances occurring in the same city for the year 1914. Allowance for incompleteness of data should be made in comparing the two years.

# CITIES IN WHICH 10 OR MORE STRIKES OCCURRED IN 1914 AND 1915.

		915.	1914.	it.	1	915.	1914.
CITY.		Lockouts.	Strikes and Lockouts.	CITY.		Lockouts.	Strikes and Lockouts.
New York, N. Y. Bridgeport, Ct. Philadelphia, Pa. Chicago, Ill. Cleveland, Ohio. Boston, Mass. Springfield, Mass. Worcester, Mass. Worcester, Mass. Pittsburgh, Pa. Toledo, Ohio. Detroit, Mich. Elizabeth, N. J. Jersey City, N. J.	25 32 26 22 20 21 16 16 17	15 2 6 15 3 3 1 2 4	3 19 24 18 27 6 8 20 8 22 22	Hartford, Ct. New Haven, Ct. St. Louis, Mo Newark, N. Wilmington, Del. Kansss City, Mo Seattle, Wash Baltimore, Md. Wheeling, W. Va. Waterbury, Ct. Trenton, N. J. Cincinnati, Ohio Reading, Fa.	13 13 11 11 11 12 11 10 9	1 2 2 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2	3 2 9 9 2 17 5 14 1 1 1 9

At the annual meeting of the American Federation of Labor in November, 1915, a statement was made in regard to the number of strikes occurring during the year preceding the meeting. This statement was made up from reports filed by the individual unions that compose the federation. The total number of these disturbances and their results were as follows:

RESULT.	1914-15.	1913-14.	RESULT.	1914-15.	1913-14.
Won	552 115	543	Lost	119	60
Compromised		236	Total	1,004	957

### STRIKES AND LOCKOUTS, JANUARY TO JUNE, 1916.

According to data compiled from various sources by the United States Burean of Labor Statistics, the number of strikes and lockouts during the six months January to June, 1916, inclusive, was 1,719. The number similarly compiled during the first six months of the calendar year 1915 was 487.

### STRIKES AND LOCKOUTS IN THE UNITED STATES-Continued.

NUMBER OF STRIKES AND LOCKOUTS BEGINNING IN EACH MONTH, JANUARY TO JUNE, 1916, INCLUSIVE.

KIND OF DISPUTE.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	Month Not Stated.	Total
StrikesLockouts	151 8	157 5	215 8	317 11	478 15	201 12	133 8	1,65:
Total	159	162	223	328	493	213	141	1,719

The column for June includes disputes that began in that month only. During this month 152 oth disputes were reported which either began in preceding months or the date of heginning was not give. These disputes have been placed in the columns in which they belong.

# INTERNATIONAL TRADE UNION STATISTICS.

THE following table shows the membership of trade unions in the principal trade union countries, a cording to returns received through various sources. The returns are for the year 1913. Canada trac unionists are estimated to number 150,000. Australia (in 1912) 497,925.

#### TRADE UNION MEMBERSHIP.

COUNTRY.	Total Mem- bership.	COUNTRY.	Total Mem- bership.	COUNTRY.	Total Mem- bership.
Austria. Belgium. Denmark France. German Emplre.	202,746 152,787 1,026,302	Hungary (1912) Italy (1912) Netherlands New Zealand Norway	$\begin{array}{r} 971,667 \\ 220,275 \\ 71,544 \end{array}$	Sweden Switzerland (1912) United Kingdom United States	131,38 3,928,19

# DISTRIBUTION OF THE ANNUAL DISBURSEMENTS OF TRADE UNIONS IN VARIOUS COUNTRIES FOR THE YEAR 1912.

(Source; Supplement 11 to the Relchsarbeitsbktt, pt. 2, pp. 68, 69, Berlin, 1915.)

COUNTRY. Total Dis-		Unemployment and Travelling Benefits.		Slekness, Invalid- ity, Funeral, and Other Social Benefits.		Strike and out Bene		Administration, Propaganda, Lega Aid, Publications Librarles, Etc.	
burs	bursements.	Amount.	Per-	Amount.	Per- cent.	Amount.	Per-	Amount.	Per- cent.
Germany	18,562,775 2,703,498 505,927 326,254 746,406 307,477 431,553	2,901,769 401,958 64,228 23,532 418,197 27,058	15.63 14.87 12.69 7.21 56.03 8.80 9.19	341,988 5,571,298 590,680 26,130 58,084 47,454 97,060 167,787	30.02 21.85 5.17 17.81 6.36 31.57 38.88	75,281 6,675,337 324,996 138,283 68,467 66,878 73,442	35.96 12.02 27.33 20.98 8.96 23.88	509,974 3,414,371 1,385,864 277,286 176,171 213,879	18.39 51.26 54.81 54.00 28.65 35.75

(a) Social-Democratic, Christian, and Hirsch-Duncker trade unions. (b) Independent trade societies and non-militant workmen's federations and societies. (c) Bulletin of the Department of Lahor, State of New York, 1913, p. 413; only data relating to benefit expenditures are discussed in the Bulletin.

# POPULATION ENCACED IN INDUSTRIAL OCCUPATIONS.

THE following table gives the percentages of total occupied population for the principal groups in the eight leading industrial countries prior to the war:

Occupation Group.	Great Britain.	France.	Ger- many.	Aus- tria.	Hun- gary.	Italy.	Bel- glum.	United States.
Agriculture	12.66 11.39	41.42 6.54	35.11 6.30	60.80 3.34	$70.15 \\ 2.56$	59 06 3.43	21.90 11 79	a u
and messages Mines and quarries Metals, machines, implements	8.20 5.00	2.89 1.59	2 89 3.25	1.70 1.56	1.55 .78	3.12	2.03 6.46	para catio
and conveyances Bullding and works of con-	7.89	4.35	6.99	2.78	2.15	2.14	5.95	See se classifi beld
struction	6.77 6.92 7.23	4.20 4.55 8.05	6.99 3.75 5.39	2.96 3.26 3.92	1.48 .37 2.85	5.02 4.81 6.64	7.28 6.86 7.86	Ser

A distinct classification adopted by United States Census Burean based on 1940 census is as follows: All occupations, 38,167.336 (consisting of 30,081,564 males and 8,075.772 females) with per cent. in parentheses showing distribution of total. Agriculture, forestry, and animal husbandry, 12,559,203 (32,2); extraction of minerals, 94,334 (2, 3); manufacturing and mechanical industries, 10,658,381 (27,9); transportation, 2,637,671 (6,9); trade 3,614,670 (9,5); public service (not elsewhere classified), 439,231 (1,2); professional service, 1,663,569 (4.4); domestic and personal service, 3,772,174 (9,9); clerical occupations, 1,737,053 (4,6).

# SYNDICALISM.

So diverse are the views on Syndicalism held by Syndicalists and their avowed enemies that a middle course will give a clearer outline of its aims and expectations than would a full statement drawn from the many and conflicting reports available to date.

Syndicalism was born of the growing differences and controversies within labor and trade unions. The first symptoms appeared in France, whence the doctrine soon spread to Italy, to England and thence to America. Syndicalism is antagonistic to government, to existing labor unions and to capital alike, and is even designed to supplant socialism.

Born in the brain of the intellectuals within the great unions, Syndicalism has made a profound impression upon workers within and without the unions in a remarkably short time. The doctrine of Syndicalism demands the turning over of every and all means of production and distribution to the Syndicalist trade unions, to be controlled by said unions so that the workmen will become their own employers, thus securing the whole product for themselves. The first objective aim is to eliminate the present owners, but means to accomplish this vary.

vary.

In France the Syndicalists adopt the general "atrike," but in a different sense from which strikes are known in America. For instance, the Syndicalists are known in America. are known in America. For instance, the Syndicalists strike not for higher wages. Primarily they aim at the total cessation from all activity, stoppage of mails, lighting, transportation and every activity that now binds society together. They depend upon non-interference or co-operation of the army (in Europe) and upon crippling the power of all established government wherever the army is not a factor. They rely upon the consequent uprising of all sections where the second control of the procession of the procession of the control of the procession of the control of th unions true to the doctrine of Syndicalism.

The government is regarded as the greatest enemy by the Syndicalists. They claim that corrupt political control makes just economic control impossible. While the objects to be attained seem reasonable enough, the means of accomplishing these objects are dangerously speculative and appear to threaten society with anarchy in its direct form.

Syndicalism demands that social revolution come through labor unions in order to abolish capitalism, whereas Socialists expect to work reform by political agitation through Parliamentary majorities. Syndicalists see the futility of all endeavor to obtain government majorities and hence ignore the government majorities and hence ignore the government and or the company of the control of the con ment altogether in their propagands, relying upon the genius of Syndicalism to permeate the mind of the masses sufficiently to sap the strength and power of government opposition and thus obtain all their demands by a bloodless revolution.

Prior to the war France had approximately 600,000 avowed Syndicalists. Agricultural Italy was a vertiable hotbed of Syndicalism. Organized farm laborers controlled over 200,000 acres of tillable land, which were farmed on the co-operative plan, and the entire Italian railway system was under the influence of advanced Syndicalism.

At a conference of Syndicalists held in England in November, 1910, 60,000 professed followers attended, since which date their doctrine has spread considerably, especially among the more intelligent of the industrial workers.

Here in America Syndicalism first showed its head during the labor troubles at Lawrence, Mass., under direction of the Industrial Workers of the World. The Syndicalists have also widened and extended the definition of the word labor by including in its comprehension all workers who are actively useful within the community. This includes the physician, teacher, artist, and those engaged in other professions.

UNITED STATES BOARD OF MEDIATION AND CONCILIATION.

Commissioner—William L. Chambers. Assistant Commissioner—G. W. W. Hanger. Members of Board.

William L. Chambers, Martin A. Knapp, and G. W. W. Hanger.

(Created by act of Congress, Approved July 15, 1913.)

The purpose for which the board was established is to settle by mediation, conciliation and arbitration all controversies concerning wages, hours of labor, or conditions of employment that may arise between any common carrier or carriers engaged in the transportation of passengers or property wholly by railroad, or partiy by railroad and partly by water, for a continuous carriage or shipment from one State or Territory of the United States or the District of Columbia, to any other State or Territory of the United States or the United States through a foreign country to any other place in the United States, and their employes, which includes all persons actually engaged in any capacity in train operation or train service of any description, whether the cars upon or in which they are employed are owned or held and operated by the carrier under lease or other contract. or other contract

or other contract.

The Commissioner is appointed by the President for a term of seven years, salary \$7,500, and is the executive officer of the board, which consists of the Commissioner and not more than two other officials of the Government, who are designated by the President. The Assistant Commissioner is appointed by the President, salary \$5,000 per annum.

Since the organization of the board and up to June 30, 1916, fifty-six controversies between railroads and their employes engaged in train operation have reached the stage where an appeal for the services of the Board of Mediation and Concillation was made. In all of these cases an adjustment of the controversy was secured by the board, forty-five cases having been settled by mediation alone, while eleven were settled by architection. by arbitration.

#### CHILDREN'S BUREAU. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR.

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR.

Headquarters, Washington, D. C. Chief of Bureau, Julia C. Lathind (\$5,000); Heken L. Sumner, Assistant Chief (\$2,400).

The Children's Bureau was created by an act of April 9, 1912, to "westle, " and report upon all matters pertaining to the welfare of children and child-life among and the second of our people, and especially to investigate the questions of infant mortality, the birth rate the properties of the second couptains, accidents, and diseased children, publicy wont and legislation affecting children in the several States and Territories.

For the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1916, an appropriation of \$164,640 was made by Congress, providing for a staff of seventy-six persons. With this staff and appropriation the organization of the bureau falls into certain divisions, as an industrial division, a social service division, a division on child bygiene, a statistical division, and a library division.

# THE ALLIANCE FRANCAISE.

THE Federation of French Alliances in the United States and Canada number 150 groups. The officers of the federation are: Honorary President—J. J. Jusserand, French Ambassador. President—J. Le Roy White, Baitimore. Vice-President—M. Alexander, T. Misson, New York; H. Kirke White, Detrolt; G. Desathniers, Montreal; A. Legallet, San Francisco, Cal.; B. E. Young, Nashville, Tenn. Secretary—M. Louis Delamarre. Treasure—M. T. Tileston Wells. Office, 200 Fifth Avenue, New York City.

### THE NATIONAL CIVIC FEDERATION.

OFFICE, I MADISON AVENUE, NEW

AN organization of prominent representatives of capital, labor, and the general public formed in 1900 as the direct outgrowth of conventions held in Chicago and New York in 1898-1899. Its purpose is to organize the best brains of the Nation in an educational movement seeking the solution of some of the great problems related to social and industrial progress; to provide for study and discussion of questions of national import; to aid thus in the crystallization of the most emilentened public opinion; and, when desirable, to promote legislation in accordance therewith. National organizations of manufacturers, farmers, wage-earners, bankers, lawyers, economists, scientists, churchmen, merchants, trade and transportation representatives and many other class societies meet frequently to discuss their respective interests. The object of The National Civic Federation, in addition to creating departments to study national problems, is to provide a means by which all these elements of society may come together and consider questions in which they have a common interest.

OFFICERS AND EXECUTIVE COUNCIL.

OFFICERS AND EXECUTIVE COUNCIL.

President. V. Everit Macy; Viee-Presidents, Samuel Gompers, Charles S. Barrett; Treasurer, Isaac N. Seligman; Chairman Executive Council, Raiph M. Easley; Chairman Industrial Economics Department, John Hays Hammond; Chairman Wedfare Department, Louis A. Coolidge; Chairman Woman's Department, Miss Maude Wetmore; Chairman Taxation Department, E. R. A. Seligman; Chairman Department Compensation Industrial Accidents, August Belmont; Chairman Department Regulation of Public Utilities, Emerson McMillin; Chairman Social Insurance Department, George W. Perkis; Chairman Food and Drugs Department, Vincent Astor; Chairman Department on Reform in Legal Procedure, Aiton B. Parker; Chairman Department on Regulation of Industrial Corporations, Jeremiah W. Jenks; Chairman Department on Pensions, William R. Willcox; Secretary, D. L. Cease.

Pensions, William R. Willox; Secretary, D. L. Cesse.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

ON THE PART OF THE PUBLIC:

William Howard Taft (Fellow, Yale University), New Haven, Ct.; Franklin MacVeagh (former Secretary of the Treasury), Washington, D. C.; Elihu Root (former United States Senator), New York City; Charles S. Barrett (President Farmers' Educational and Co-operative Union of Amorica), Union City, Ga.; Andrew Carnegie (Philanthropist), New York City; Robert Bacon (former Ambassador to France), New York City; Nicholas Murray Butler (President Columbia University), New York City; James Speyer (Speyer & Co.), New York City; Francis Lynde Stetson (Attorney), New York City; Robert M. Thompson (Chairman Executive Committee Navy League), Washington, D. C.; V. Everit Macy (Capitalist), New York City; Marcus M. Marks (President Borough of Manhattan), New York City; Abert Shaw (Editor Review of Reviews'), New York City; Theodore Marburg (Political Economist), Baltimore, Md.; Jeremiah W. Jenks (Professor of Government, New York University), New York City; Benjamin Ide Wheeler (President University), New York City.

ON THE PART OF EMPLOYERS:

ON THE PART OF EMPLOYERS:

ON THE PART OF EMPLOYERS:

Nicholas F. Brady (President New York Edison Co.), New York City; Louis A. Coolidge (Treasurer United Shoe Machinery Corporation), Boston, Mass; George B. Cortelyou (President Consolidated Gas Co.), New York City; James Couzens (former Vice-President Ford Metor Company), Detroit, Mich.; Henry P Davison (J. P. Morgan & Co.), New York City; T. Coleman du Pont (President Equitable Office Building Corporation), New York City; Otto M. Elditz (Building Trades Employers' Association), New York City; Adoiph Lewisohn (Director General Development Co.), New York City; Samuel Mather (Pick-ands, Mather & Co.), Clevcland, Ohio; Ogden L. Mills (Director International Paper Co.), New York City; J. G. Schmidlapp (Banker), Cincinnati, Ohio; Louis B. Schram (Chairman Labor Committee United States Brewers' Association), New York City; A. H. Smith (President New York Central Lines), New York City; Frank Trumbuli (Chairman Board of Directors, Chesapeake and Ohio Raliway), New York City; Theodore N. Vali (President American Telephone and Telegraph Co.), New York City; Harris Weinstock (Weinstock-Nichols Co.), San Francisco, Cal.

ON THE PART OF WAGE-FARNERS.

ON THE PART OF WAGE-EARNERS:

ON THE PART OF WAGE-EARNERS:

Samuel Gompers (President American Federation of Labor), Washington, D. C.; Warren S. Stone (Grand Chief International Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers), Cleveland, Ohio; James Dunean (President Grantle Cutters' International Association of America), Culicy, Mass; James M. Lynch (former President International Typographical Union), New York City; A. B. Garretson (President Order of Raliway Conductors of America), Cedar Rapids, Iowa; W. G. Lee (President Brotherhood Raliroad Trainmen), Cleveland, Ohio; T. V. O'Connor (President International Longshorem's Association), Buffalo, N. Y.; William D. Mahon (President Amalgamated Association of Street Raliway Employées of America), New York City; W. S. Carter (President Brotherhood Locomotive Firemen and Enginemen), Peoria, Ili.; John Golden (President United Textile Workers of America), New York City; William A. Coakley (President International Brotherhood of Teamsters), Indianapoils, Ind.; John F. Tobin (General President Boot and Shoe Workers' Union), Bostom, Mass., Joseph F. Valentine (President International Moiders' Union of Sorth America), Cincinnati, Ohio; Denis A. Hayes (President Blowers' Association of United States and Canada), Philadelphia, Pa., and members of Executive Council.

DEPARTMENT ON COMPENSATION FOR INDUSTRIALA ACCIDENTS AND

DEPARTMENT ON COMPENSATION FOR INDUSTRIAL ACCIDENTS AND THEIR PREVENTION

Chalrman, August Belmont; Chalrman Committee on Lexislative Policy, Francis Lynde Stetson; Chalrman Committee on Uniform State Legislation, George Sutherland; Chairman Legal Compensation Committee, P. Tecumseh Sherman; Chairman Committee on Accident Prevention, Louis B. Schram; Chairman Committee on Statistics and Cost, Cyrus W. Phillips; Chairman Joint Commission to Study Operation State Laws, Cyrus W. Phillips; Chairman Committee on Plan and Scope and Finance, Otto M. Eidlitz; Secretary, Miss Gertrude Beeks.

WELFARE DEPARTMENT EXECUTIVE COUNCIL.

Chairman, Louis A. Coolidge; First Vice-Chairman, Cyrus H. McCormlek; Second Vice-Chairman, Emerson McMillin; Third Vice-Chairman, Percy S. Straus; Treasurer, Isaac N. Seligman; Director, Miss Gertrude Beeks; Chairman Pension Department, William R. Willcox; Chairman National Survey Weifare Committee, W. G. Mather; Chairman New York Weifare Committee, W. L. Saunders; Chairman Weifare Exhibit Committee, Loslie Graff; Chairman Food Values Committee, Dr. Edward K. Dunham; Chairman Minimum Wage Commission, A. J. Porter; Secretary, Miss Mary G. Potter.

EXECUTIVE COUNCIL, WOMAN'S DEPARTMENT.

Chairman, Miss Maude Wetmore, Rhode Island; Secretary, Mrs. Rogers H. Bacon, New York City; Treasurer, Miss Anne Morgan, New York City; First Vice-Chairman, Mrs. Robert W. Lovett, Boston, Mass.; Second Vice-Chairman, Mrs. Charles E. Hamilin, Washington, D. C.; Third Vice-Chairman, Mrs. Alfred E. Bates, Washington, D. C.; Fourth Vice-Chairman, Mrs. Bayard Henry, Philadelphia, Pa.; Fitch

### THE NATIONAL CIVIC FEDERATION-Continued.

Vice-Chairman, Miss Maud Rives Borland, New York City; Sixth Vice-Chairman, Miss Agnes C. Lau New York City; Mrs. Mary Hatch Willard, New York City; Chairman New York and New Jersey Seetlo Mrs. Francis McNiel Bacon, Jr., New York City; Chairman Nistite of Columbia Section, Mrs. Archiba Hopkins, Washington, D. C.; Chairman Virginia and West Virginia Section, Mrs. J. Aillson Hodges, Ric mond, Va.; Chairman New England Section, Mrs. George T. Rice, Boston, Mrs.; Chairman Alabama Se tion, Mrs. Cyrus Pitman Orr, Birmingham, Ala; Chairman Mississippi Section, Mrs. Walter M. Silles Rosedale, Miss.; Chairman North and South Carolina Section, Mrs. B. Frank Mebane, Spray, N. C.; Chairman Florida Section, Mrs. William Brooks Young, Jacksonville, Fla.; Chairman Missouri Section, Mr Henry C. Flower, Kanass City, Mo.; Chairman National Industrial Employes Committee, Mrs. H. S. Beale, Washington, D. C.; Chairman National Government Employés Committee, Mrs. Henry A. Pee ham, Washington, D. C.; Chairman National Vacation Committee, Mrs. Recor, New York City; Chairman National Committee, Mrs. Galbert Montague, New York City; Chairman By-Laws Committe Mrs. Lindon W. Bates, New York City.

### NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF MANUFACTURERS.

President, George Pope; Secretary, George S. Boudinot; Assistant Secretary, W. M. Benney; Treasur Henry Abbott; General Manager, J. Philip Bird. Headquarters, 30 Church Street, New York.

#### DECLARATION OF LABOR PRINCIPLES.

- 1. Fair dealing is the fundamental and basic principle on which relations between employ and employers should rest.

  2. The National Association of Manufacturers is not opposed to organizations of labor as subut it is unalterably opposed to boycotts, blacklists and other lilegal acts of interference with 1 personal biberty of employer or employé.

  3. No person should be refused employment or in any way discriminated against on according membership or non-membership in any labor organization, and there should be no discriminat against or interference with any employé who is not a member of a labor organization by membor such organizations.
- of such organizations.

  4. With due regard to contracts, it is the right of the employé to leave his employment where the sees fit, and it is the right of the employer to discharge any employé when he sees fit.

  5. Employers must be free to employ their work people at wages mitually satisfactory, with interference or dictation on the part of individuals or organizations not directly parties to si contracts

contracts.

6. Employers must be unmolested and unhampered in the management of their business determining the amount and quality of their product, and in the use of any methods or system pay which are just and equitables and employers of the country, no limitation should be pla upon the opertunities of any person to learn any trade to which he or she may be adapted.

8. The National Association of Manufacturers disapproves absolutely of strikes and lock and favors an equitable adjustment of all differences between employers and employes by amicable method that will preserve the rights of both parties.

9. Employes have the right to contract for their services in a collective capacity, but any tract that contains a stipulation that employment should be denied to men not parties to the tract is an invasion of the constitutional rights of the American workman, is against public point of the closed shop and insists that the doors of no industry be closed against American work because of their membership or non-membership in any labor organization.

10. The National Association of Manufacturers piedges itself to oppose any and all legislanot in accord with the foregoing declaration.

#### AREA OF ISLANDS.

						1	
ISLANDS.	Square Miles.	ISLANDS.	Square Miles.	ISLANDS.	Square Miles.	ISLANDS.	Squ
Amboyna		Formosa		Madura	2,000	Reunion	29
Australia		Gotland		Malay Archi. h.	100	Samoan a	23
Azores a		Governor's		Malta		Sardinia	ç
Baffin Land		Greenland		Man	230	Scilly 2	٠
Bahamas a		Great Britain.		Manhattan (N.	00	Shetland a	
Balearic $a \dots$		Guam	210		44	Sicily	(
Banks		Hawailan a		Martha's Vine-	120	Skye	
Bermudas a		Hayti	28,800		710	South (N. Z.)	- 58
Block		Hehrldes a	3,000	Mauritius	20 000	Southampton	17
Borneo		Helgoland §	12 000	Melville Land		South Georgia	1 1
Bornholm				Mindanao		Sumatra	16
Canary a		Hokkaido		Nantucket		Tasmania	20
Cape Breton		Hongkong			220,000	Terra del Fuego	
Cape Cod		Honshiu		New Guinea	330,000	Teneriffe	- "
Cape Verde a		Iceland	39,800	New Hebrides	44.468	Trinidad	
Caroline a		Ireland		North (N. Z.)	24,000		
Celebes		Jamaica		North Devon			1:
Ceylon,		Japan a		North Somerset	12,000	West Indies,	
Corfu		Java		Nova Zembia	375		1:
Corsica		Jersey		Orkney a		W. Spitzbergen.	Ī.
Crete		Ladrones d		Pemba	115 026	Windward a	1.
Cuba		Leeward a		Philippines a		Zanzibar	ł
Cyprus		Long Is., N. Y.		Pines	2.134		
East Indles c		Luzon					
Ellesmere		Madagascar		Prince of Wales			
Falkland $a$	.1 5,500	Madeira	1 510	Porto Rico	3,004	11	

<sup>\*</sup> Miles in length. † In circumference. ‡ In diameter. § German naval base consisting of a rising about 175 feet above the sea, one mile long by about one-third mile wide. a Area of entire g b See Philippines, etc. c See Borneo, etc. d See Guam, etc.

# PERMANENT COURT OF ARBITRATION OF THE HAQUE.

PROVIDED FOR BY THE CONVENTION SIGNED AT THE HAGUE JULY 29, 1899.

(The following list corrected to September 1, 1916.)

Argentina—His Excellency Mr. Estanislas S. Zeballos, LL. D., formerly Minister for Foreign Affairs d Worship.

Mr. Buls Maria Drago, LL. D., formerly Minister for Foreign Affairs and Worship.

His Excellency Mr. Carlos Rodriguez Larreta, LL. D., formerly Minister for Foreign Affairs and

rship. Mr. Joaquin V. Gonzales, Senator, President of the National University of La Plata, formerly Minister the Interior.

Austria-Hungary-Mr. Henri Lammasch, LL. D., Aulic Councillor, Member of the House of Lords

the Austrian Parliament. His Excellency Albert de Berzeviczy, Privy Councillor, formerly Minister of Religion and Public truction in Hungary.

His Excellency Baron Ernest de Plener, LL. D., Privy Councillor, President of the Supreme Court of

Mr. François Nagy, Confidential Counsellor of His Imperial Majesty.

Mr. François Nagy, Confidential Counsellor of His Imperial Majesty.

Mr. Ernest Nijs, Counsellor of the Court of Appeals of Brussels.

Mr. Leon Arendt, Director-General of the Institute of International Law,

Mr. Leon Arendt, Director-General of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs.

Jules van den Heuvel, Minister of State.

Bollvia—His Excellency Mr. Severo Fernandez Alonso, LL. D., formerly President of Bolivia.

His Excellency Mr. Claudio Pinilia, LL. D., Minister of State.

His Excellency Mr. Elidoro Villazon, formerly President of Bolivia.

His Excellency Mr. Elidoro Villazon, formerly President of Bolivia.

His Excellency Mr. Professor of Law in the University of La Paz, formerly Minister of Finance.

Brazil—His Excellency Mr. Lafayette Rodrigues Pereira, LL. D., formerly President of the late vorial Council of Ministers.

His Excellency Mr. Ruy Barbosa, LL. D., Senator, formerly Ambassador.

His Excellency Mr. Clovis Bevilaqua, LL. D., Law Officer of the Ministry for Foreign Affairs.

His Excellency Mr. Ubaldino do Amaral Fontoura, LL. D., formerly Deputy, Federal Prefect, and irrator on the Brazillan-Peruvian Arbitration Commission.

Bulgaria—Mr. Stoyan Daneif, LL. D., President of the Council of Ministers and Minister for Foreign Mrs.

His Excellency Mr. Ubaldino do Amaral Fontoura, LL. D., formerly Deputy, Federal Prefect, and trator on the Brazillan-Peruvian Arbitration Commission.

Buigaria—Mr. Stoyan Daneff, LL. D., President of the Council of Ministers and Minister for Foreign ilrs.

Mr. Dimitri Stancioff, LL. D., formerly Minister for Foreign Affairs, Minister at Paris and Brussels.

Mr. Nicolas Ghenadleff, LL. D., formerly Minister of State.

Mr. Miguel Cruchaga, LL. D., formerly Minister of State.

Mr. Manuel Alejandro Alvarez, LL. D., formerly Minister of State.

Mr. Manuel Alejandro Alvarez, LL. D., formerly Legal Adviser to the Ministry for Foreign Affairs.

China—His Excellency Wu Ting-fang, formerly Legal Adviser and Minister Plenlpotentiary he United States of America, formerly Imperial Commissioner for the Revision of Laws.

His Excellency Hoo America, formerly Minister at Tokio.

His Excellency Hoo Wel-Tch, formerly Minister at Tokio.

His Excellency Hoo Wel-Tch, formerly Minister at Tokio.

His Excellency Lou Shen Heave, Belgiac Unister of State, formerly Minister of Justlee.

General Marcellano Vargas, formerly Minister of State, formerly Minister of United Central Central Darge Holguin, formerly Minister for Foreign Affairs,

However, Joyce Holguin, formerly Minister of the Quirinal.

Mr. Felpe Diaz Erazo, Counsellor of Legation at Paris.

Dr. Ignacio Gutierrez-Ponce, Minister at The Hague, London and Vienna.

Cuba—Mr. Antonio Sanchez de Bustamante, LL. D., Senator, Professor of International Public and ate Law at the University of Habana.

Mr. Manuel Sangully, formerly Minister for Foreign Affairs and Senator.

Mr. Cosme de la Torriente, Iormerly Secretary of State.

His Excellency Mr. Juan de Dios García Kohly, LL. D., Minister at The Hague, Iormerly Judge of Court of Appeals, Assistant Secretary of Justice, and President of the Civil Service Commission.

Denmark—His Excellency Mr. Judge of the Supreme Court.

Mr. Avel Vedel, Chamberlain, Iormerly Director at Ministry of Foreign Affairs.

Mr. C. E. Cold, Counsellor of Cou

Baron d'Estournelles de Constant, Minister Plenipotentiary, Senator. Baron d'Estournelles de Constant, Minister Plenipotentiary, Law Officer of the Department for Foreign Affairs. German Empire—Mr. Kriege, LL. D., Counsellor of Legation, Director of the Department for ign Affairs

Mr. von Martitz, LL. D., Superior Confidential Counsellor of the Regency, Professor at the University

orlin. Mr. de Staff, LL. D., President of the Superior Court of Marienwerder. His Excellency Chevaller von Treutlein-Moerdes, Director at the Ministry of Justice, Counsellor of

Great Britain—The Hon. Sir Charles Fitzpatrick, Member of the Privy Council, Chief Justice of the ame Court of the Dominion of Canada.

The Earl of Desart, K. C. B., formerly Solicitor to the Treasury.
The Right Honorable James Bryce, O. M., formerly Ambassador at Washington.
Greece—Mr. Denis Stephanos, Deputy, Member of the Institute of International Law, formerly

#### PERMANENT COURT OF ARBITRATION OF THE HAGUE-Continued.

Minister for Foreign Affairs, Chief of the Civil Cabinet of the King, and Minister of Justice (twice).

His Excellency Mr. Georges Streit, Professor of International Law at the University of Athens.

Mr. Michel Kebedgy, formerly Judge of the Mixed Court of Appeals at Alexandra.

Mr. N. Politis, Li. D., formerly Professor of the Faculty of Law of Paris, Associate of the Institute of International Law, Minister and Director-General of the Ministry for Foreign Affairs.

Guatemala—Mr. Antonio Batres Jauregui, Councilior of State, formerly President of the Judicial Power and of the Supreme Court of Justice, formerly Minister for Foreign Affairs and Public Instruction, formerly Eurove Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary at Rio de Janeiro and at Washington.

Mr. Carlos Salazar, Substitute Dean of the Faculty of Law, Guatemalan Counsel at the Court of Justice of Central America, formerly Member of the Court of Appeals.

Mr. Antonio González Saravia, Judge of the Supreme Court.

Mr. Alberto Mencos, formerly Minister of Special Mission.

Mr. Solon Menos, Barrister, formerly Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary at Washington.

Mr. Solon Menos, Barrister, formerly Secretary of State for Finance, Commerce, Justice and Foreign Relations.

Mr. Solon Menos, Barrister, formerly Secretary of State for Finance, Commerce, Justice and Foreign Relations.
Mr. F. D. Legitime, Publiciste, formerly President of Hayti.
Mr. Tertuillen Guilbaud, Barrister, formerly Member of the Constitutional Assembly, formerly Senator.
Italy—Mr. Victor Emmanuel Orlando, Lawyer, University Professor, Member of Parliament, formerly Minister of Justice.
His Excellency Tommaso Tittoni, Senator, Ambassador at Parls.
Dr. Carlo Schanzer, Ll. D., Member of the Superior Council of Public Health and of Public Benevolence and Assistance; formerly Minister of Posts and Telegraphs.
Japan—Baron itchiro Motono, Ll. D., Ambassador at Petrograd.
Luxemburg—Mr. Henri Vannerus, President of the Council of State, formerly President of the Superior Court of Justice.
Mexico—Mr. José Ives Limantour, Ll. D., formerly Minister of Finance and Public Credit.
Mr. Pablo Macedo, Ll. D., formerly President of the Monetary Commission.
His Excellency Mr. Carlos Perreyra, Minister at The Hague and Brussels.
Mr. Joaquin D. Casasus, Ll. D., formerly Ambassador at Washington.
Montenegro—(No appointments have been made).
Netherlands—His Excellency Jonkheer A. F. de Savornin Lohman, Ll. D., formerly Minister of the Interior.

Jonkheer G. L. M. H. Ruys de Beerenbrouck, LL. D., formerly Minister of Justice. Mr. P. W. A. Cort van der Linden, LL. D., Member of the Council of State, formerly Minister of Justice. His Excellency Jonkheer A. P. C. van Karnebeek, LL. D., Minister of State, formerly Minister for

Mr. F. W. A. Coft value Influence. LL. D., Nember of the Counterly Minister for Foreign Affairs.

Nicaragua Mr. Desire Pector. Consul-General at Parls.

Nicaragua Mr. Simon Planas Suarez, LL. D., Minister at Lisbon, Rome and The Hague.

Mr. Leon Valez, Consul-General of Nicaragua in Beigium.

Mr. Bland Planas Suarez, LL. D., Minister at Lisbon, Rome and The Hague.

Mr. Leon Valez, Consul-General of Nicaragua in Beigium.

Mr. Sigurd Ibsen, LL. D., formerly Minister of State.

Mr. H. J. Horst, formerly President of the Lagthing.

Panama—His Excellency Dr. Belisarlo Porras, formerly Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary at Washington, formerly Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary at Washington, formerly Minister at Washington, London, and Brussels.

Mr. Ramon M. Valdes, LL. D., formerly Minister at Washington, London, and Brussels.

Persia—His Excellency Mirza Samad-Khan Montazos-Saltaneh, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary at Paris.

His Excellency Mirza Hassan-Khan Muchir ul Devlet, formerly Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary at Petrograd.

Peru—Dr. Ramon Ribeyro, Member of the Supreme Court of Justice, formerly Minister of State.

Dr. Luis F. Villaran, Rector of the University of San Marcos, Member of the Supreme Court of Justice, His Excellency Dr. Manuel Alvarez Calderon, Minister at Berne, formerly Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary at Brussels.

formerly Minister of State.

His Excellency Dr. Manuel Alvarez Caideron, Minister at Berne, formerly Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary at Brussels.

Mr. Lizardo Almazora, Ll. D., Judge of the Supreme Court, formerly Minister of Justice.

Portugal—His Excellency Mr. Fernando Matozo Santos, formerly Peer of the Realm and Minister of Finances and Foreign Affairs.

His Excellency Mr. Francisco Antonio da Veiga Beirao, Councillor of State, formerly Minister for Foreign Affairs and of Justice.

His Excellency Mr. José Capello Franco Frazao, formerly President of the Chamber of Deputies.

His Excellency Mr. Artur Pinto de Miranda Montenegro, Ll. D., formerly Minister of Justice.

Roumania—Mr. Theodore G. Rosetti, formerly President of the Council of Ministers, formerly President of the High Court of Cassation and Justice.

Mr. Jean Kalinderu, Ll. D., formerly President of the High Court of Cassation and Justice.

Mr. Jean N. Lahovary, Minister of Agriculture, of Industry, of Commerce, and of Domain, formerly Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, formerly Minister for Foreign Affairs.

Mr. Constantin G. Dissescu, formerly Minister of Worship and Public Instruction.

Russia—Mr. A. Sabouroff, Secretary of State, Member and President of the First Department of the Council of the Empire, Senator, Privy Councillor.

Mr. Tagantzeff, Member of the Council of the Empire, Senator, Privy Councillor.

Baron Michel de Taube, Permanent Member of the Council of the Ministry for Foreign Affairs, formerly Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, formerly Minister for Foreign Affairs, formerly Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, formerly Minister for Foreign Affairs, formerly Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, formerly Minister for Foreign Affairs, formerly Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, formerly Minister for Foreign Affairs, of Justice and Minister Plenipotentiary.

Mr. Salvador—Mr. Annuel Delgado, Ll. D., formerly Minister for Foreign Affairs, of Just

Mr. Selvador Gallegos, Li. D., formerly Minister for Foreign Affairs, formerly Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary.
Mr. Salvador Rodriguez Gonzalez, LL. D., formerly Minister for Foreign Affairs, of Justice and Public Charitles.
Mr. Alonso Reyes Guerra, LL. D., Consul-General at Hamburg, Germany.
Serbia—Mr. George Pavlovitch, formerly Minister of Justice, President of the Court of Cassation, Professor of Law of the University of Belgrade.
Dr. Milenko R. Vesnitch, LL. D., formerly Minister of Justice, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary at Parls.
Slam—Mr. Corragioni d'Oreill, LL. D., Counselfor of Legation at Parls.
Mr. Jens I. Westengard, General Adviser to the Slamese Government.
Spain—His Excellency Mr. Eduardo Dato y Iradicz, Deputy, formerly Minister of Justice.
His Excellency Mr. R. M. de Labra, Senator, Barrister at the Court of Cassation.

# PERMANENT COURT OF ARBITRATION OF THE HAGUE-Continued.

His Excellency Mr. Manuel Garcia Prieto, LL. D., formerly Minister of State and Minister of Justice. His Excellency Mr. Juan Alvarado y del Saz. Deputy, formerly Minister of Finance and Marine. Sweden—Mr. Knut Hjalmar Leonard de Hammarskjold, LL. D., formerly Minister of Justice, and Minister Plenipotentiary at Copenhagen.

Mr. Johan Frederik Ivar Alzeilus, LL. D., Member of the First Chamber of the Dlet. Mr. Johannes Hellner, LL. D., formerly Minister, Member of the Supreme Court. His Excellency Baron Carl Nils Daniel Bildt, D. Litt., Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of Italy.

Switzerland—His Excellency Mr. Charles Edouard Lardy, LL. D., Swiss Minister at Paris. Mr. Eugene Huber, LL. D., Professor at the University of Berne.

Col. Leo Weber, LL. D., formerly Federal Judge, Colonel of the Military Justice, Auditor-In-Chief of the Swiss Army.

Col. Leo Weber, LL. D., formerly Federal Judge, Colonel of the Salaran,
Turkey—His Highness Ibrahim H. Pasha, formerly Ambassador at Rome.
His Excellency Osman Bey, First President of the Court of Cassation.
Mr. Haladjian Effendi, LL, D. of the University of Paris, Deputy from Constantinople, former Minister of Commerce and Public Works.
Mr. Cheref Bey, Licentiate of Laws of the University of Constantinople, Professor of Public General Law and Administrative Law at the University of Constantinople,
Writed States—Mr. George Gray, formerly University of Ambassador Extraordinary and PleniDieterial Constanting of Constanting Secretary of Commerce and Labor, Ambassador Extraordinary and PleniDieterial Constanting of State, Secretary of War, and United States Senator.
Mr. John Bassett Moore, Professor of International Law at Columbia University, formerly Counsellor of the Department of State.
Uruguay—Mr. Juan Zorilla de San Martin, LL. D., formerly Minister Plenipotentiary at Madrid,
Llsbon, and Paris.

of the Department of State.

Uruguay—Mr. Juan Zorilla de San Martin, LL. D., formerly Minister Pienipotentiary at Madrid, Lisbon, and Paris.

Mr. José Pedro Massera, LL. D., Member of the Chamber of Deputies.

Mr. Manuel B. Otero, Barrister, Senator.

Dr. Francisco Arroyo Parejo, LL. D., formerly Procuror-General.

Venezuela—Dr. Carlos Leon, LL. D., formerly Minister of Public Instruction, formerly Member of the Court of Cassation.

Dr. Nicomedes Zuloaga, LL. D., formerly Member of the Court of Cassation.

Gen. Manuel Antonio Matos, formerly Senator, formerly Minister of Finance,
Secretary-General—Baron Michiels van Verduynen.

First Secretary of the Court—Jonkheer W. Roeli.

The Administrative Council—The Administrative Council consists of the Minister for Foreign Affairs of the Netherlands and the diplomatic representatives at The Hague of the ratifying powers.

DECISIONS RENDERED BY THE PERMANENT COURT OF ARBITRATION AT THE HAGUE.

October 14, 1902-In the matter of the case of the Plus Fund of the Californias between the

October 14, 1902—In the matter of the case of the Plus Fund of the Californias between the United States and Mexico.
February 22, 1904—Respecting the preferential claims of the creditor nations of Venezuela under the protocols of May 7, 1903.
May 22, 1905—In the difference between France, Germany and Great Britain on the one hand. and Japan on the other, respecting leases held in perpetuity.
May 22, 1909—In the matter of the Casablanca dispute between France and Germany. August 8, 1909—In the matter of the dispute between Great Britain and France, respecting the right of certain Muscat Dhows to fly the French flag.
October 23, 1909—Respecting the maritime boundary between Norway and Sweden. Sept. 7, 1910—In the North Atlantic Fisheries case between the United States and Great Britain. October 25, 1910—In the Orinoco steamship case between the United States and Venezuela. February 24, 1911—In the "Savarkar" case between Great Britain and France. Nov. 11, 1912—In the "Canevaro" case between Russia and Turkey.
May 3, 1912—In the "Canevaro" case between France and Italy.
May 6, 1913—In the "Manouba" case between France and Italy.

### INTERNATIONAL TRIBUNALS OF ECYPT.

INTERNATIONAL TRIBUNALS OF ECYPT.

In 1876, as the result of negotiations between the Ottoman and Egyptian Governments and the various Christian powers having representatives at Cairo, certain courts were created in Egypt for the trial of civil and commercial causes arising between natives and foreigners of different nationality, as well as all questions of real estate between any person and suits of foreigners against the Egyptian Government and members of the Khedival family. These mixed tribunals, in civil matters within their exclusive jurisdiction, superseded the consular courts. A mixed tribunal consists of five Judges, three of whom are foreigners and two natives. The foreign Judges are appointed by the Khedive on the recommendation of the great powers, each of which is represented by from one to three Judges. There are three tribunals of original jurisdiction (first instance), one each at Cairo, Alexandria, and Mansura, and a Court of Appeals at Alexandria. The United States is represented in these courts by the following Judges:

Court of Appeals.—Somerville P. Tuck of New York (appointed 1908; appointed to Court of First Instance.—William G. Van Horne of Utah (appointed 1902); Pierre Crabités of Louislana (appointed 1910).

of Louisiana (appointed 1911).

# THE NEW YORK PEACE SOCIETY.

This society was founded in 1815, merged with the American Peace Society in 1828, refounded in 1906 and incorporated in 1910. It has a membership of 1800, with branches in Poughkeepsle, Albany, North Tonawanda, and elsewhere.

Its purpose is "To foster a spirit of justice and good will among the nations, to promote the judicial settlement of international disputes and to support public measures which tend to remove causes of enmity, to unite nations in friendly co-operation and to hasten the coming brotherhood of man." of man.

Both men and women are eligible for membership in the society, and receive free its monthly magazine and tickets to its annual course of lectures.

The officers of the society are: President—Andrew Carnegie. Secretary—William H. Short. Treasurer—Central Trust Company of New York, Forty-second Street branch. Headquarters, 70 Flith Avenue, New York City.

### THE PANAMA CANAL.

THE organization for the completion, maintenance, operation, government and sanitation of the anama Canal and its adjuncts and the government of the Canal Zooe consists of the following departments, effices and agencies, and such others as may be established by the Governor the Panama Canal on the lethmus or elsewhere with the approval of the President of the United States, all to be under the direction of the Governor, subject to the supervision of the Secretary of War:

Executive Department-Headquarters, Baiboa | Heights; Gen. George W. Goethals, Governor; C. A. Mcllvaine, Executive Secretary; W. P. Copeland, Chief Clerk; C. H. Calhoun, Chief Division of Civil Affairs; Capt. Harry D. Mitcheil, Chief Division of Police and Fire; A. R. Lang, Superintendent Division of Schools: Charles R. Williams, District-Attorney Ancon, Canal Zone,

Department of Operation and Maintenance-Headquarters, Baiboa Heights; Lieut.-Col. Chester Harding, Engineer of Maintenance; Lieut.-Coi. J. J. Morrow, Corps of Engineers, U. S. A., Assistant to the Engineer of Maintenance; C. J. Embree, Office Engineer; Capt. W. H. Rose, Electrical Engineer; D. E. Wright, Resident Engineer; F. H. Cooke, Designing Engineer; T. B. Mönniche, Engineer of Docks, Cristobal; Capt. T. H. Dilion, Superintendent of Gatum Locks, Gatun; W. G. Comber, Resident Engineer, Paraiso; D. C. Nutting, Jr., Superintendent Mechanical Division, Balboa; Commander H. I. Cone, U. S. N., Marine Superintendent; Lieut. P. P. Bassett, Captain of the Port, Cristobai; Lieut. A. B. Reed, Captain of the Port, Balboa; Board of Local Inspectors, Lieut. P. P. Bassett, Lieut. A. B. Reed, and J. Macfarlane. headquarters Balboa Heights; First Lieut. Cresweil Garlington, Assistant Engineer Division of Fortifications; George M. Wells, Resident Engineer Building Division; R. H. Whitehead, Superintendent Pacific Locks, Pedro Miguel; F. D. Willson, Chief Hydrographer; O. E. Maisbury, Assistant Engineer Section of Surveys; C. C. Snedeker, Supervisor, Coco Solo, Cristobal.

Supply Department-Major W. R. Grove, Chief Quartermaster, Balboa Heights; Capt. F. H. Smith, Assistant Chief Quartermaster; C. H. Mann, Sales Agent, Cristobal; Robert K. Morris, General Manager Commissary Division, Cristobai.

Accounting Department—Headquarters Bal-boa Heights; H. A. A. Smith, Auditor; T. L. Clear, Collector; John H. McLean, Paymaster; Ad. Faure, Chief Accountant.

Health Department-Lieut.-Col Deane Howard, Medical Corps, U. S. A., Chief Health Officer, Balboa Heights; Major Eibert E. Persons, General Inspector, Balboa Heights; Major Albert E. Truby, U. S. A., Superintendent Ancon Hospital; Dr. M. C. Guthrie, Chief Quarantine Officer, Balboa Heights; Capt. H. P. Carter, Health Officer of Panama; Ancon; Capt. D. W. Harmon, Health Officer of Coion, Cristobal,

Washington Office-Major Earl I. Brown, U. S. A., General Purchasing Officer and Chief of Office; Ray L. Smith. Assistant to the Chief of Office; A. L. Flint, Chief Clerk, Purchasing Department.

Panama Railroad Company-Samuel W. Heald, Superintendent, Baiboa Heights; William F. Foster, Master of Transportation, Baiboa Heights. in the United States, No. 24 State Street, New York.

Courts-William H. Jackson, District Judge, Ancon; E. M. Goolsby, Cierk, Ancon; W. H. May, Marshal, Ancon; S. E. Blackhurn, Magistrate, Balboa; John W. Thompson, Magistrate, Cristobal.

The Caual has a summit elevation of 85 feet above the sea. It is about 50 miles in length from deep water in the Caribbean Sea to deep water in the Pa-The distance from deep water to the cific Ocean. shore line in Limon Bay is about 4 1-2 miles, and from the Pacific shore line to deep water is about 4 miles: hence the length of the Canal from shore to shore is approximately 41 1-2 miles.

ranges in width from 300 to 1,000 feet. The average bottom width of the channel in this project is 649 feet, and the minimum width is 300 feet. The Canal has a minimum depth of 41 feet. The time required for the passage of a ship of medium size through the entire length of the Canal is estimated at from 9 1-2 to 10 hours, and for larger vessels from 10-2 to 11 hours.

The Gatun Dam along the crest is 8,000 feet long, incliding the spiliway, or about 1 1-2 miles, and 2,100 feet wide at ita greatest width. The crest of the dam is at an elevation of 115 feet above sea level, or 30 feet above the normal level of Gatun Lake, and 100 feet wide. The width of the dam at the normal water level of the lake, i. e., 85 feet above sea level, is about 388 feet

The Panama Canai was opened to navigation on

The Panama Canai was opened to navigation on August 15, 1914.

The actual construction cost at present estimated for completing the Canal is \$325,201,000, which includes \$20,053,000 for sanitation and \$7,382,000 for civil administration. These figures do not include the \$50,000,000 paid to the New French Canal Company and to the Republic of Panama for property and franchises. Hence it is estimated that the total construction cost of the Canal to the United States will approximate \$375,000,000.

Appropriations by Congress to March 31, 1916, \$379,960,275 (which includes appropriations for other than construction purposes); fortifications, \$14,689,873; total credits by United States Treasury to March 31, 1916, \$394,650,149.

YEAR ENDED JUNE TRAFFIC FOR FISCAL YE 30, 1916.

Covering the fiscal year from July 1, 1915, to June 30, 1916, and showing the number of vessels passing through the Canal in each direction:

through the Canai in each direction:

The number of ocean-going vessels bassing through the Canai during the period from July 1, 1915, to June 30, 1916, inclusive, was 787. Their aggregate net tonnage, according to the rules for the measurement of vessels for the Panama Canai, was 2,479,761. The total quantity of cargo carried through the Canai on these ships was 3,140,046 tons. aggregate of the toils collected from the ships was \$2,399,830,42. The total amount expended account of the operation and maintenance of the Canai was \$6,399,780,11 leaving a deficit in the operation and maintenance costs she charge for dredging, which is slightly of Calliard Cut cost \$3,513,3006, and the total credging charge in this account was \$3,560,01604. This is just about twice the charge for the preceding fiscal year, which was \$1,769,475,50. The increased cost in this matter was \$1,769,475,50. The increased cost in this matter was the color of the preceding fiscal year, which was \$1,769,475,50. The increased cost in this matter was the color of the charge for the preceding fiscal year, which was \$1,769,475,50. The increased cost in this matter was the color of the charge for the preceding fiscal year, which was \$1,769,475,50. The increased cost in this matter of cold and Courtector's Hills which caused.

was \$1,769,475.59. The increased cost in this cannot was \$1,769,475.59. The increased cost in this cannot north of Gold and provided the subsection of Gold and control of Gold and consequent great failing off in the amount of tolis consequent great failing off in the amount of tolis consequent great failing off in the amount of tolis consequent great failing off in the amount of tolis opened to commercial traffic for the first time on August 15, 1914) was 1,088. Their aggregate net tonnage was 3,843,035. The cargo they carried through the Canal amounted to 4,969,792 tons. Their tolis amounted to \$4,969,792 tons. For convenience the traffic in the two years may be compared in this form:

ITEM	Fiscal Year 1915.	Fiscal Year 1916.	Per Cent. 1916 of 1915.
No. of vessels Net tonnage. Tons of cargo Tolls	3,843,035	2,479,761 3,140,046	63.4

The vessels were distributed over the principal The channel trade routes as follows:

### THE PANAMA CANAL-Continued.

ATLANTIC TO	PAC	IFIC.		PACIFIC TO ATLANTIC.					
	Ves- sels.	Net Tonnage	Tons of Cargo.		Ves- seis.	Net Tonnage	Tons of Cargo.		
United States, coastwise	2	-11,039	18,805	United States, coastwise					
United States to South and Central America	12	43,016	73,329	South and Central America to United States Far East and Australia to	21	77,519	143,752		
and Australia	20	94,719	149,089	United States	2	10,234	5,559		
Atlantic terminus of Canal to South & Central America Europe to west coast of South	19	35,126	23,455	South and Central America to Atlantic terminus of Canal West coast of South America	19	36,280	28,528		
America	3	8,988	9,414	to Europe	5	17,135	27,521		
Europe to west coast of North America	2 1 11	5,883 4,869 32,718	8,492	West Coast of North America to Europe. Miscellaneous routings. Vessels in ballast.	1 2 4	3,642 12,109 6,767			
Total	70	236,358	292,771	Total	54	163,686	225,020		

Distances from New York to San Francisco by water, former route, 13,135 miles; via Panama Canal, 5,262 miles. New York to Hawaii, former all-water route, 12,800 miles; by Canal, 7,000 miles. New York to Manila via Hawaii, former route, 17,800 miles; by Canal, 12,000 miles and 1,000 miles. The Canal brings Callao 4,320 miles nearer Liverpool by steamer, reducing the distance from 10,230 miles to 5,910 miles and saving about 14 days in time. To Valparaiso the shortening in distance is 1,813 miles, making it 7,185 instead of 8,998, and the saving in time is about 6 days. By its means the United that the saving in 1,185 instead of 8,998, and the saving in time is about 6 days. By its means the United that the saving in 1,185 instead of 8,998, and the saving in 1,280 miles of 1,28

States has an all-sea route, which is from 2,500 to 3,000 miles shorter than routes from Europe. New York, via the Canal, is 3,779 miles from Callao, Instead of 9,769 as formerly, while New Orleans is only 3,264 miles from Callao.

Between New York and Yokohama the reduction is 3,729 miles, and that Japanese city is brought nearer to New York than Liverpool by 1,805 miles. Shanghai is 1,629 miles nearer to New York. Sydney, Australia, is 3,806 miles nearer to New York, and the distance between the two cities is 2,382 miles less than the distance between sydney and Liverpool. Wellington, New Zealand, is 2,542 miles nearer New York, and the distance between them is 2,759 miles less than between Wellington and Liverpool. Between New Zealand and Europe there is an average saving of 1,600 miles.—(From United States Consular Report.)

# PANAMA CANAL TOLL RATES.

1. On merchant vessels carrying passengers or cargo, one dollar and twenty cents (\$1.20) per net vessel ton—each one hundred (100) cubic feet—of actual earning capacity.

2. On vessels in ballast without passengers or cargo, forty (40) per cent. less than the rate of tolls for vessels with passengers or cargo, cargo, forty (40) per cent. less than the rate of tolls for vessels with passengers or cargo.

3. Upon naval vessels, other than transports, colliers, hospital ships, and supply ships, fitty (50) cents per displacement ton.

4. Upon Army and Navy transports, colliers, hospital ships and supply ships, one dollar and twenty cents (\$1.20) per net ton, the vessels to be measured by the same rules as are employed in determining the net tonnage of merchant vessels.

The Panama Canal Act of 1912, providing for the permanent government of the Canal Zone and other regulations, was amended in a bill signed by the President on June 15, 1914, known as the "Panama Tolls Exemption Repeal Bill." whereby the clause exempting American coastwise vessels from paying tolls was repealed. Full text of the Panama Canal Act of 1912 was printed in the 1914 edition of The World Almanac.

### PANAMA CANAL NEUTRAL.

PANAMA CANAL NEUTRAL.

It is provided by treaties that the Panama Canal, like the Sucz Canal, shall remain absolutely neutral. It "shall be free and open to the vessels of commerce and war of all nations and shall never be blockaded, nor shall any right of war be exercised nor any act of hostilty be committed within it."

Strict rules of neutrality have been devised for the passage of war vessels of the nations engaged in conflict. The warships will be compelled to pass through with the least possible delay and with only such intermissions as may result from the necessities of the service.

No beligerent may "embark or disembark troops, munitions of war or warlike materials in the Canal, except in the case of accidental hindrance of the transit, and in such case the transit shall be resumed with all possible despatch."

The treaty provides that no warship will have the right to exercise the law of search on a commercial ship in transit through the Canal and the provision likewise protects all ships within three marine miles of either terminal.

Ships carrying contraband either in the Atlantic or Pacific do so at their own risk, but warships may not remain in the three-mile zone longer than twenty-four hours, and the treaty stipulates that "a vessel of one belligerent shall not depart within twenty-four hours from the departure of a vessel of war of the other belligerent."

# AMERICAN SCENIC AND HISTORIC PRESERVATION SOCIETY.

The society was founded by Andrew H. Green, incorporated in 1895, and is a National society for the protection of natural scenery, the preservation of historic landmarks and the improvement of cities. President—Geo. F. Kuruz. Secretary—Edw. H. Hali, 154 Nassau St., New York. Treasurer—N. T. Phillips.

### TERRITORIAL EXPANSION OF THE UNITED STATES.

ADDITIONS to the original territory of the Union, include Alaska, Hawaiian and Philippine Islands, Samoa and Guam, in the Facific, and Porto Rico and Pine Islands, in the West Indies, and the Panama Canal Zone. The vrea of the original thirteen States (years 1783-1817) comprised 892,135 square miles.

The additions to the territory of the United States subsequent to the peace treaty with Great

Britain of 1783 are shown by the following table:

#### TEARITORIAL EXPANSION OF THE UNITED STATES-Continued.

# ADDITIONS TO THE RERRITORY OF THE UNITED STATES FROM 1800 TO 1900.

TRRBITORIAL DIVISION.		S. Miles.	TERRITORIAL DIVISION.		S. Miles.			Area Added. S. Miles.
Louisiana purchase		1	Gadsden purchase	1867	590.884	Addit'nalPhilippines Panama Canal Zone.		
treaty with Spain Florida	1819 1819	58,666	Hawailan Islands Porto Rico	1898	3, 435	Total added area		2851,171
Texas Oregon	1846	286,541	Guam Philippine Islands	1898	114,958	Total United States cluding original 13 Sta	in-	2 742 206
Mexican cession	1848	529, 189	JSamoa	1899	77}	cluding original 15 Sta	tes,	0,140,000

Payments for above were made by the United States as follows: Louisiana purchase, \$15,440,000; Gadsden purchase, \$10,000,000; Alaska, \$7,200,000; Fiorida, \$5,000,000; Hawaiian Islands, public debt assumed to the amount of \$4,000,000.

By treaty of February 2, 1548, a payment of \$8,250,000 was made to Mexico in consideration of the extension acquired by the boundaries of the United States, as defined in that treaty. The treaty of Paris, of December 10, 1898, terminating the Spanish-American war, provided for a money payment to Spain (for relinquishing claim to Porto Rico, Guam and Philippine Islands) of \$20,000,000, and a subsequent treaty of November 7, 1800, provided for a further payment of \$100,000 of or other Philippine Islands.

By the first treaty the Philippine Islands were ceded to the United States, and the later treaty of November 7, 1900, ceded certain outlying islands of the Philippines not included in the first cession. A payment of \$10,000,000 was made to the Republic of Panama under treaty stipulations governing the control of the Panama Caual strip.

No money payments were made upon the acquisition of the other Territories mentioned in the

The United States did not acquire, by the Isthmian Canal Convention of November 18, 1903, any title to territory in the Republic of Panama, but merely a perpetual right of occupation, use, and control of and over a zone of land ten miles in width. For this privilege it paid to the Republic of Panama the sum of \$10,000,000, and undertook to pay the sum of \$250,000 annually so long as such occupancy continued, such payments beginning on February 26, 1913.

# INSULAR POSSESSIONS OF THE UNITED STATES.

THE PHILIPPINES.

THE PHIL

The Philippine Islands, lying off the southern coast of Asia, between Formosa and Borneo, in longitude 116° 40′ and 12° 3′ K., embrace 3,14k Islands and Islets, of which only 1,668 are named. They are bounded on the north by the China Sea, east by the Pacline Ocean, south by the Celebes Sea and Borneo, west by China Sea. The climate is one of the best in the tropics. The thermometer during July and August rarely goes below 79° or above 85°. The extreme ranges in the year are said to be 61° and 97°, and annual mean 81°. The total land area is about 115, 2026 square miles. The two Islands, with areas ceeding 10,000 square miles each, are Luzon, 40,90°, being about the size of New York, and Mindanso, with 36,292 square miles. The tonly other islands having areas of over 1,000 square miles are:

Samar...5,031|Paragua...4,027|Cebu...1,762

 Samar
 .5,031 Paragua
 4,027 Cebu
 1,762

 Negros
 .4,881 Mindoro
 3,851 Bohol
 1,441

 Panay
 .4,611 Leyte
 2,722 Masbate
 1,236

There are twenty islands, each having areas between 100 and 1,000 square miles, seventy-three between 10 and 100, and 262 between 1 and 10 square miles, and the remaining 2,775 have areas of less than a square mile each.

#### POPULATION.

The census of 1903 showed a population of 7,635,-426, of whom about 9 per cent., or 647,740 are non-Christians, and nearly seven millions are more or less civilized. The estimated population for 1915 was 8,937,597. Racially the people are principally of Malay stock, The civilized tribes are practically all adherents of the Catholic Church, the religion being introduced into the country by the Spanlards when they took possession of the islands in 1565. The Moros are Mohammedans and the other wild peoples have no recognized religious beliefs. The wild tribes form about 10 per cent. of the entire population.

wild tribes form about 10 per cent. of the entire population.

There are about twenty-five different tribes in the islands speaking some one of nineteen dialects, the most populous tribe being the Visayans, who constitute 47 per cent. of the entire civilized population; second, Tagalogs, 20 per cent.; third, llocanos, about 10 per cent.; Bicols, 7 per cent.; Pangasinan, 6 per cent.; Pangasinan, 3 per cent.; Cagayan, 3 per cent., and Zambalan, 2 per cent.

IPPINES.

The islands with large populations are: Luzon, with 3,798,507 inhabitants, of whom 223,506 are uncivilized; Panay, 743,646 (14,933 uncivilized); Cebu, 592,247 (all civilized); Mindanao, 499,634 (252,940 uncivilized); Negros, 460,776 (21,217 uncivilized); Leyte, 357,641 (all civilized); Bohol, 243,148 (all civilized); Samar, 222,690 (688 uncivilized). The capital of the Archipelago is Manila, with 266,943 inhabitants. Other towns are: In Luzon, Bauan (39,094), Lipa (37,934), Laoag (34,454), Batangas (33,131), San Carlos (27,166), Tabaco (21,946), in Samar, Calbayog (15,985); in Panay, Janluay (20,738), Misgao (20,656), Iollo (19,054); in Cebu, Argao (35,448), Cebu (31,079), Barili (31,617), Carcar (31,895), Sibonga (25,848); in Leyte, Baybay (22,990), Ormoc (16,128).

The density of population in the Philippines is about 74 per square mile: There are about 20,000 Americans and Europeans in the islands, including troops, while the number of Chinese is estimated at

troops, while the number of Chinese is estimated at 50.000.

#### EDUCATION.

Education has been practically reorganized by the Americans. The total annual enrolment for the year 1915 is 610,519. The total number of schools is 4,284. Altogether 803 permanent school buildings of all classes have been completed since the beginning of American occupation, representing a total of 4,234 rooms. In August, 1915, 10,502 teachers were employed, of whom 483 were Americans and 10,019 Filipinos. The English language exclusively is taught in the public schools, and emphasis is placed on Industrial training.

## IN GENERAL.

Vital statistics are confined to Manila, population (1914), 266,943; death rate for the last quarter of 1915 was 23.88 per 1,000, and the birth rate 33.62 per 1,000. Among the American residents, however, the death rate is only 10 to 15 per 1,000.

The assessed real estate property value as of October 1, 1915, was \$341,228,755. The reported value of church buildings, mostly Catholic, is \$20,849,355. The bonded indebtedness of the Philippine Government, including the bonded indebtedness of the

ment, including the bonded indebtedness of the cities of Manila and Cebu, is \$16,125,000.

In 1914 there were 73 newspapers and neriodicals

published in the to ads, 17 being in English, 7 in English and Spanish, 1 in English and native dia-lects, 1 in English and German, 15 in Spanish, 10 in Spanish and native dialects, 20 in native dialects,

Spanish and native distrets, 20 in matter distrets, and 2 in Chinese.

On December 31, 1914, there were in operation 685 post-offices, free delivery municipal letter-carrier service in 447 municipalities, 302 money-order offices, 439 postal savings banks with 48,876 accounts.

Of the 48,876 depositors 41,414 are Filibrate.

The total kilometerage of telegraph and cable lines on December 31, 1914, were 9794.60 and the number of telegraph offices 303. Of the 303 tele-

number of telegraph offices 303. Of the 303 tele-graph offices 7 are wireless stations.

There are in operation about 714 miles of rair-road, of which about 582 miles are in Luzon, 72 miles in Panay, and 60 miles in Cebu. Manila has an urban and suburban electric railway system op-crating about 40 miles of line. Already more than 9,400 miles of public roads have been built.

#### AGRICULTURE.

AGRICULTURE.

Although agriculture is the chief occupation of the Filipinos, yet only one-ninth of the surface is under cultivation. The soil is very fertile, and even after deducting the mountainous areas it is probable that the area of cultivation can be very largely extended and that the islands can support a population equal to that of Japan. Out of 800,000 farmers, less than 2,500 operate large farms. The Bureaus of Education and Agriculture through combined effort have in five years more than doubled the production of corn, while the rice crop increased 40 per cent.; the cocoanut industry developed 300 per cent. in eight years, while the exports of sugar and tobacco practically doubled in ten years. Only a small fraction of the land is cultivated.

The chief products are hemp, rice, corn, sugar, tobacco, occoanuts and cacco, hemp being the most

tobacco, cocoanuts and cacao, hemp being the most important commercial product and constituting 40 per cent. of the value of all exports.

#### IMPORTS AND EXPORTS.

In the year ended June 30, 1916, the imports of merchandise from the United States into the Philippines were \$23,804,367, and the total exports from the Philippines for the same period to the United States were \$28,838,526.

The imports of merchandise from foreign countries, and the property of the same period to the United States were \$28,838,526.

year ended June 30, 1916, were \$22,169,258, and the exports were \$32,625,505. The principal foreign countries trading with the Philippines are Great Britain, France, French East Indies, China, Japan, and Spain.

#### CIVIL GOVERNMENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

Under the Act of Congress approved July 1, 1902, the Governor-General and members of the Upper House of the Legislature, the Philippine Commission,

were appointed by the President. Wm. H. Taft, the first Governor-General, was succeeded by Luke E. Wright in December, 1903, by Henry Cloy Ide in 1905, James F. Smith in 1906, W. Cameron Forbes in 1909, and Francis Burton Harrison in 1913. At first there were 8 and later 9 members of the commission, 5 Americans and 3 Filipinos; members of the commission S. Americans and 3 Filipinos; members of the commission were secretaries of the Goudina of the Commission of the Commission of the Commission of the Commission were secretaries of the Goudina of the Commission of administrative legislation under the title "Administrative Code of the Philippine Islands."

By the Act of Congress approved August 29, 1916, the Philippine Commission is abolished, there belong substituted as the Upper House of the Commission of the Co

provinces. This act generally enlarges the powers of the Insular Government, and embodies as a preamble the following statement: Whereas, It was never the intention of the people of the United States in the incipiency of the war with Spain to make it a war of conquest or for territorial aggrandizement; and Whereas, It is, as it has always been, the purpose of the people of the United States to withdraw their sovereignty over the Philippine Islands and to recognize their independence as soon as a stable government can be established therein; and Whereas, For the speedy accomplishment of such purpose it is desirable to place in the hands of the people of the Philippines as large a control of their domestic affairs as can be given them without, in the mean time, impairing the exercise of the rights of sovereignty by the people of the United States, in order that, by the use and exercise of popular franchise and governmental powers, they may be the better prepared to fully assume the responsibilities and enjoy all the privileges of complete independence. independence.

#### PORTO RICO.

The Island of Porto Rico, over which the flag of the United States was raised in token of formal pos-session on October 18, 1898, is the most eastern of the Greater Antilies in the West Indies and is separated on the east from the Danish island of St. Thomas by a distance of about fifty miles, and from Haytl on the west by the Mona passage, seventy miles wide. Distances from San Juan, the capital, to important points are as follows: New York, 1,411 miles: Charleston, S. C., 1,200 miles; Key West, Fla., 1,050 miles; Havana, 1,000 mlles

are as follows: New York, 1,411 miles; Charleston, S. C., 1,200 miles; Key West, Fla., 1,050 miles; Havana, 1,000 miles.

The island is a parallelogram in general outline, 108 miles from the east to the west, and from 37 to 43 miles across, the area being about 3,604 square miles, or somewhat less than half that of the State of New Jersey (Delaware has 2,050 square miles and Connecticut 4,990 square miles). The population according to an enumeration made by the United States Government in 1900; 83.2 per cent. of the population could not read. The population in 1915 is reported as 1,198,970.

Porto Rico is unusually fertile, and its dominant industries are agriculture and iumbering. In elevated regions the vegetation of the temperate zone is not unknown. There are more than 500 varieties of trees found in the forests, and the plains are full of palm, orange, and other trees. The principal crops are sugar, coffee, tobacco, and maize, but oranges, bananas, rice, pineapples, and many other fruits are important products. The largest article of export from Porto Rico is sugar. The next is tobacco. Other exports in order of amount are coffee, fruits, molasses, cattle, timber, and hides.

The principal minerals found in Porto Rico are gold, carbonates, and sulphides of copper and magnetic variety of marbles, limestones, and other building stones are deposited on the island, but these resources are very undeveloped. There are sait works at Guantica and Salina on the south coast, and at Cape Rojo on the west, and these constitute the principal mineral industry in Porto Rico.

The principal cites are Mayaguez, with 16,939, Ponce, 35,027 inhabitants; and San Juan, the capital, with 48,716. The shipments of domestic merchandise from the United States to Porto Rico, year ended June 30, 1916, were \$54,927,311. The exports of domestic merchandise to the United States were \$60,966,453.

The foreign trade, year ended June 30, 1916, 845,799,299.

An act providing for a civil government for Porto Rico was passed by the Fifty-sixth

### PORTO RICO-Continued.

ALMANAC for 1901, pages 92 and 93. President Roosevelt in his message to Congress in December, 1906, recommended the granting of United States citizenship to the Porto Ricans, and bills were introduced in the Sixty-second and Sixty-third Congress six eviding to the Porto Ricans, and bills were introduced in the granting of the read of the sixty of the Si

#### CUAM.

The island of Guam, the largest of the Mariana Archipelago, was ceded by Spain to the United States by article 2 of the Treaty of Peace, concluded at Paris, December 10, 1898. It lies in a direct line from San Francisco to the southern part of the Philippines, and is 5,044 miles from San Francisco and 1,506 miles from Manila. It is about 30 miles long and 100 miles in circumference, and has a population of 12,517. The inhabitants are mostly immigrants or descendants of immigrants from the Philippines, the original race of the Mariana Islands being nearly extinct. The prevailing language is English. Spanish and Chamorro are also spoken. Nine-tenths of the Islanders can read and write. The island is thickly wooded, well watered, and fertile, and possesses an excellent harbor. The productions are tropical fruits, cacao, rice, corn, tobacco, and sugar cane. The island of Guam was discovered by Hernando de Magallanes on March 6, 1521.

The Island was captured by the U. S. S. Charleston, Capt. Henry Glass commanding, June 21, 1898, the American flag raised over Fort Santa Cruz, and a salute fired. Later the island was made a naval sation, and Commander E. D. Taussig, of the U. S. S. Bennington, took possession February 1, 1899. The Governor is a naval officer, and the island has a marine garrison as well as a station ship.

#### TUTUILA (AMERICAN SAMOA).

Tutulia, the Samoan island which, with its attendant islets of Manu'a, Olosega, Ofu, Aunuu and Rose, became a possession of the United States by virtue of the tripartite treaty with Great Britain and Germany in 1899, covers, according to the Bureau of Statistics of the Department of Commerce, fifty-five square miles, and has (by census of February 1, 1912) 7,251 inhabitants. It possesses the most valuable island barbor, Pago-Pago, in the South Pacific, and perhaps in the entire Pacific Ocean. Commercially the island is unimportant at present, but is extremely valuable in its relations to the commerce of any nation desiring to cultivate trans-Pacific commerce.

Ex-Chief Justice Chambers, of Samoa, says of Pago-Pago that "The harbor could hold the entire navai force of the United States, and is so perfectly arranged that only two vessels can enter at the same time. The coaling station, being surrounded by high bluffs, cannot be reached by shells from outside." Capacity of coaling station, being surrounded by high bluffs, cannot be reached by shells from outside." Capacity of coaling station, 4,200 tons.

The Samoan Islands, in the South Pacific, are fourteen in number and lie in a direct line drawn from San Francisco to Auckland, New Zealand. Tutuila is 4,160 miles from San Francisco, 2,263 miles from Hawali, 1,580 miles from Auckland, 2,354 miles from Sydney, and 4,200 miles from Manila. The inhabitants are native Polynesians and Christians of different denominations.

The civil government is administered by a Governor, a naval officer nominated by the Navy Department and appointed by the President. All civil affairs are under the jurisdiction of the Navy Department.

# WAKE AND OTHER ISLANDS.

The United States flag was hoisted over Wake Island on July 4, 1898, by Gen. F. V. Greene, commanding Second Detachment Philippine expedition. It is a small Island in the direct route from Hawali to Hongkong, about 2,000 miles from the first and 3,000 miles from the second.

The United States possesses a number of scattered small Islands in the Pacific Ocean, some hardly more than rocks or coral reefs, over which the flag has been hoisted from time to time. They are of little present value and mostly uninhabited. The largest are Christmas, Galiego Starbuck, Penrhyn, Phoenix, Palmyra, Howland, Baker, Johnston, Gardner, Midway, Morell, and Marcus Islands. The Midway Islands are occupied by a colony of telegraphers in charge of the relay in the cable line connecting the Philippines with the United States, in all about forty persons.

The Santa Barbara group is a part of California and the Aleutian chain, extending from the peninsula of Kamchatka in Aslatic Russia to the promontory in North America which separates Bering Sea from the North Paelific, a part of Alaska.

# HAWAII.

Hawaii a Territory of the United States by joint resolution of Congress July 7, 1898. A bill to create Hawaii a Territory of the United States was passed by Congress and approved April 30, 1900. The area of the several islands of the Hawaiian group is as follows: Hawaii, 4,210 square miles Maui, 760; Cabu, 600; Kauai, 590; Molokal, 270; Lanai, 150; Niihau, 97; Kahoolawe, 63. Total, 6,740 square

miles.

miles.

At the time of the discovery of the Islands by Captain Cook in 1778 the native population was about 200,000. This has steadily decreased, so that at the census of 1910 the native born numbered but 98,157. Total foreign born (1910), 93,752.

The first United States census of the Islands was taken in 1900 with the lowing result: Hawail Island, 46,843; Kauai Island, 20,562; Nilhau Island, 172; Maui Island, 25,416; Molokai Island and Lanai Island, 2,504; Oahu Island, 58,504. Total of the Territory, 154,001. The population of the City of Honoiulu was

140 Cuba.

# HAWAII-Continued.

39,306. The population of Hawaii according to the 1910 census, made by the United States Census Bureau was 191,309, Honolulu City having a population of 52,183. Estimated population in 1916 (by Territorial Board of Health), 237,623. POPULATION OF HAWAII, BY ISLANDS, 1910.

Hawaii	55,382 Lanai	131 Molokai	1,791
Kahoolawe	2 Maui	28,623 Niihau	208
Kauai	23,7441M1dway		81,993
		R OR RACE.	
Hawaiian	26,041  Spanish	1,900 Biack n. 14,867 Mulatto 21,674 All other	158
Caucasian Hawailan	8,772 Other Caucasia	n14,867 Mulatto	537
Asiatic Hawaiian	3,734 Chinese		2,736
Portuguese	22,303 Japanese		

The exports of domestic merchandise from Hawaii to the United States, in the twelve months ended June 30, 1916, were valued at \$84,445,631. The imports into Hawaii from the United States for the same period were valued at \$28,029,681. Exports of sugar from Hawaii in year ended June 30, 1916, was \$54,409,380.

The value of imports and exports for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1916, aggregated \$98,769,062, the imports valued at \$34,098,210, and exports \$64,670,852. (The imports from the United States have doubled during the last eight years.) The exports of pineapples have increased 8 1-2 times, or from about \$80,000 to about \$6,889,705 during the last seven years. The customs receipts were \$1,161,051.

The Territorial bonded indebtedness was \$8,024,000, or 3.87 per cent. of the assessed value of property, which is \$206,970,229.

Bank deposits aggregated \$26,379,249, of which commercial deposits were \$17,317,339 and savings deposits \$9,061,910.

There are 93 post-offices. There are powerful wireless stations for transmitting and receiving messages

deposits \$9,061,910.

There are 93 post-offices. There are powerful wireless stations for transmitting and receiving messages to and from San Francisco and Japan and with vessels at sea.

The number of schools is 223. There are 1,128 teachers, and the number of pupils has increased during the 16 years of Territorial government from 15,537 to 37,946. This is exclusive of 112 Japanese schools, given over to the teaching of the Japanese language and other Japanese ethics not included in the curriculum of the public schools. The attendance at these schools for the year 1915 was 11,216.

The Hawalian Department, U.S. A., is the largest military department of the United States, while the Naval Station at Pearl Harbor is one of the most important naval depots and promises to eventually become

The Hawaiian Department, U. S. A., is the largest military department of the United States, while the Naval Station at Pearl Harbor is one of the most important naval depots and promises to eventually become the largest.

The new Territorial Covernment was inaugurated at Honolulu June 14, 1900, and the first Territorial Legislature Beagan its sessions at Honolulu February 20, 1901. The Legislature is composed of their Monolulus February 20, 1901. The Legislature is composed of their Monolulus February 20, 1901. The Legislature is composed of thirty members, bolding office four years, and the House of Representatives of thirty members, bolding office four years, and the House of Representatives of thirty members, bolding office four years, and the following officials appointed by the Governor, by and with the consent of the Senate of Hawaii. An Attorney-General, Treasurer, Commissioner of Public Lands, Commissioner of Agriculture and Forestry, Superintendent of Public Works, Superintendent of Public Instruction, Auditor and Deputy, Surveyor, High Sheriff, and members of the Boards of Health, Public Instruction, Prison Inspectors, etc. They hold office for four years, and must be citizens of Hawaii.

The Territorial Courts comprise a Supreme Court of three members, five Circuit Courts, of which one as three members, who sit separately, and the others one member each, and 29 District Courts. The Supreme Court and Circuit Court Judges are appointed by the President, and the District Magistrates by the Governor of Hawaii. The Circuit Courts are the courts of general original jurisdiction. They try law, equity, probate, and divorce cases. The First Circuit Court acts also as a court of land registration. They try law, equity, probate, and divorce cases. The First Circuit Courts are the courts of sense of prisinal jurisdiction. They try law, equity, probate, and divorce cases. The First Circuit Courts are the courts of prisinal jurisdiction. They try law, equity, probate, and divorce cases. The First Circuit Courts ar

#### CUBA.

THE island of Cuba is 760 miles long, and its width varies from about 25 miles to 100 miles. Its area comprises 45,881 square miles, or about that of Pennsylvania. It has numerous safe and commodious harbors, that of Havana being one of the largest and finest in the world. Measuring from points of nearest approach to its neighbors, Cuba is about 100 miles from Key West, Fla., north; 54 miles from Hayti, east; 130 miles from Yucatan, west, and 55 miles from Jamaica, south. There are 2,360 miles of railways lines and 200 miles of electric railways.

and 200 miles of electric railway innes from Jamaica, south. There are 2,000 miles of railway innes and 200 miles of electric railway innes of the island are sugar and tobacco. It also produces in considerable quantities fruits, vegetables, timber and metals, mainly iron, manganese and copper ore, and is adapted to offee and cotton railsing. The ground has no rival for fertility, and when duly cultivated gives marvellous results. The sugar cane when planted in superior ground is cut during 50 years without being planted again. Cuba is superior to the rest of the tropical lands, with the possible exception of Porto Rico. The whole land is mantied with rich solls, fertile calcareous loams, which, under constant humidity, yield in abundance every form of useful vegetation of the tropical and temperate climes. It has 1,246 miles of shaded roads and highway. The average fluctuation of the temperature is 12 degrees. The average in January is 70.3; July, 82.4; extremes, 60 to 92. Value of farms, plantations, ctc., \$12,000,000; tobacco crop, calculated at \$32,000,000, and although there are but few plantations, oranges, grapefruit, etc., produce annually \$10,000,000 while pineapples, ccoos, molasses, asphalt, iron, nickel, mahogany, cedar, etc., produce \$10,000,000 also. Cuba's aconual sugar crop exceeds \$130,000,000.

The Government is republican in form. The President, who is chosen by popular suffrage, serves four years and appoints his own Cabinet. The Congress consists of a Senate and House of Representatives, one Representative being chosen for every 25,000 inhabitants, as nearly as possible. The provinces, of which there are six, corresponding to the American States, elect their own Governors and control their own internal affairs.

 Population of Cuba in 1915, 2,511,098; provinces, as follows:

 Pinar del Rio
 262,996
 Santa Clara
 580,138

 Habana
 659,818
 Camagüey
 159,026

 Matanzas
 272,681
 Orlente
 576,439

#### CUBA-Continued.

Population of cities as follows:   Pinar del Rio.	Trinidad     12,56       Camagüey     33,60       Guantánamo     12,67       Holguin     10,56       Menzanillo     20,34
Sagua la Grande	Santiago de Cuba

FOREIGN TRADE, 1914-15.

According to the latest statistics published by the | Cuban Treasury Department, the trade for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1915, amounted to \$347,nscal year ended June 30, 1915, amounted to \$347, \$2,187,000 or persesned imports and \$219,447,000 exports. Compared with the figures for the preceding year, there was a decline of \$5,876,000 in imports and an increase of \$48,450, \$1,416,000. 000 in exports. Of the imports in 1914-15, \$78, 972,000 worth came from the United States, \$14, trade with \$0.000,000 worth from England, \$10,227,000 worth Netherlands.

from Spain, \$4,240,000 worth from France, \$3,023, from Spain, \$4,240,000 worth from France, \$3,023,000 worth from British India, \$2,428,000 worth from Porto Rico, \$2,219,000 worth from Germany, an \$2,187,000 worth from Norway. The principal countries of destination and the amounts purchase were as follows: United States, \$15,995,000; Eng land, \$24,218,000; Spain, \$2,911,000; Canada \$1,416,000. The returns show a big decrease in the trade with Germany and notable increases in the trade with the Scandinavian countries and the Northerlands.

#### THE CUBAN COVERNMENT.

President (Salary, \$25,000) Gen. Mario G. Menoca Vice-President Enrique Jose Varona

#### CABINET.

Secretary of State—Dr. Pablo Desvernine.

Secretary of the Treasury—Leopoldo Canelo y Luna.

Secretary of Government—Aurello Hevla.

Secretary of Justice—Cristobal de la Guardla.

Secretary of Public Works—José Ramón Villalón.

LEGISLATIVE.

President of the Senate—Dr. Eugenio Sanchéz | President (Speaker) of the House of Representatives— Agramonte. Dr. Orestes Ferrara.

The Isle of Pines, which under the generally accepted survey is supposed to have an area of 614.34 square marine miles, or about 521,381 acres, is situated off the south coast of Western Cuba its nearest point to the larger island being about 341-2 statute miles distant, while the island itsel and its adjacent keys form the southern barrier of the Gulf of Batabano, a bight which extend northward to an extent sufficient to make Habana Province, to which the Isle of Pines is officially attached, the narrowest part of Cuba. The Isle of Pines is practically the only land southward of Cuba to Panama, from which it is distant about 850 miles; it is 230 miles almost due east of Capa Cartuche, Yucatan, and 370 miles northwest of the island of Jamaica.

### UNITED STATES BUREAU OF WAR RISK INSURANCE.

(William C. De Lanoy, Director (Salary, \$5,000); J. B. B. Parker, Assistant Director. Headquarters, Treasury Department, Washington, D. C.)

THE Bureau of War Risk Insurance was created by Act of Congress on September 2, 1914, to cover American vessels and their cargoes against the risks of war. It was to expire September 2, 1916, but on August 11, 1916, was extended for a further period of year.

of one year.

During the two years of this bureau's existence it has covered war risk insurance on many vessels and cargoes where the market was small; and without the assistance which was granted by the bureau many of these vessels could not have sailed. From September 2, 1914, to August 3, 1916, the bureau issued 1,543 policies, insuring ships and cargoes of a value of \$139,113,737, for which the Government received in premiums \$2,924,315.20, with a known loss to date of only \$771,329.57, reduced through salvage by the sum of \$58,811.42, reducing the net loss to \$712,518.15.

The expenses attending the conduct of the bureau up to July 3, 1916, a period of 22 months, has been \$33,582.41.

The bureau has a list of ports to which the rates are not made public but may be had upon application to the bureau. The published schedule of rates

Rates—Rates from any ports in the United States to any ports in the world (other than those named in the special list), or vice versa, are on steam vessels

the special may, of the trast, are to seem to see as follows:

Cargo, Freight, and Advances—1. Between ports of the United States or its possessions, or between non-belligerent ports in the Western Hemisphere, or between the west coast of the United States and Japan or China, 5 cents per \$100.

2. Between United States ports and belligerent ports in the Western Hemisphere, 10 cents per S100 3. Between United States ports and non-belligerent ports other than above not north of Havk In Europe nor east of Sicily in the Mediterranean,

11-2 per cent.

4. To ports in the Far East via Suez, 5-8 per cent.

5. To all other ports, 3-8 per cent.

Vessel (Voyage Risks)—By voyage, meaning from port of loading to not more than two ports of discharge.

1. Between ports of the United States or its possessions, or between non-belligerent ports in the Western Hemisphere, or between the west coast of the United States and Japan or China, 5 cents per \$100.

2. Between United States ports and belligerent ports in the Western Hemisphere, 10 cents per \$100.

3. Between United States ports and non-belligerent ports other than above not north of Havre in Europe por east of Sielly in the Mediterranean,

11-2 per cent.
1-2 per cent.
1-2 per cent.
1-5. To all other ports, 3-8 per cent.
1-6. To all other ports, 3-8 per cent.
1-7 yessel (Time)—Time policies to be issued for a period of 90 days only; rate, 1 1-4 per cent.
1-4 per cent.

period of 30 days only; rate, i 1-2 per cent.

If warranted to use only ports in the Western
Hemisphere, 1-2 per cent.

If, warranted to use only non-belligerent ports in
the Western Hemisphere, 1-4 per cent.

All rates subject to change without notice and
effective from the date thereof. Rates for sailing
vessels to be advised in each case.

# NATIONAL PARKS IN THE UNITED STATES.

THE National parks and reservations mentioned below are under the supervision of the Secretary of the Interior. Congress, by act of August 25, 1916, created a National Park Service, and placed the administration of the National parks and monuments under the Department of the Interior in charge of a lirector of such service. General information, the annual administrative reports, copies of the rules and regulations, and compilations of the laws relating to the parks may be obtained from the Secretary of the Interior or from the supervisors of the parks.

YELLOWSTONE NATIONAL PARK IS IN Wyoming, Montana, and Idaho, and has an area of 2,142,720 icres. The supervisor's address is Yellowstone Park, Wyoming. The park can be reached by the following railroads: Northern Pacific Railroad to Gardiner, the northern entrance, via Livingston, Mont., Oregon Short Line Railroad to Yellowstone, Mont., the western entrance; Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Railroad to Oddy, Wyo., from which the eastern entrance of the park is accessible. Stage and private transportation connections for the reservation are made at all these points. The tourist season extends from Iune 1 to Seutember 15.

in the street of the state of t

distributed by the Bureau of American Ethnology, Smithsonian Institution.

Rocky Mountain National Park, created by the act of January 26, 1915, is in Colorado, about 45 miles in an air line northwest of Denver. It has an area of approximately 229,000 acres, and is on both sides of the Continental Divide in the neighborhood of Longs Peak. The park may be reached from Lyons on the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Railroad; from Loveland, on the Colorado and Southern Railroad; and from Granby, on the Denver and Salt Lake Railroad.

Lassen Volcanic National Park, California, created by act of August 8, 1916, has an area of 82,880 acres, and contains Lassen Peak. 10,437 feet elevation, still exhibiting some volcanic activity; the remarkable Cinder Cone, 6,907 feet elevation, erupted a few hundred years ago; many hot springs and mud geysers, seven lakes and many interesting lee caves and lakes of volcanic glass. The park may be reached from Red Bluff, Susanville, or Westwood, on the Southern Pacific Railway, and from Keddle, on the Western Pacific Railway. No appropriation has yet been made for administration of this park.

HAWAII NATIONAL PARK, TERRITORY OF HAWAII, created by act of August 1, 1916, contains three celebrated Hawaiian volcanoes—Kilauea, Mauna Loa, and Haleakala, wholly unique of their kind, the most

#### NATIONAL PARKS IN THE UNITED STATES-Continued.

NATIONAL PARKS IN THE UNITED STATES—Continued.

famous in the world of science, and the most continuously, variously and harmiessly active volcanoes on earth. It also contains a wonderful-dake of lava and magnificent tropical forests. No appropriation has yet been made for administration of this park.

HOT SPRINGS RESERVATION, ARKANAS (the permanent reservation), has an area of 911.63 acres. Eleven bathhouses on the reservation and tweive in the City of Hot Springs, as well as several hotes operated in connection with bathhouses, receive hot water from the springs; under lease with the Secretary of the Interior. The address of the supervisor is Hot Springs. Ark.

PRESERVATION OF AMERICAN ANTIQUITIES—Under the Act of Congress approved June 8, 1906, interdepartmental regulations governing the excavation, appropriation, etc., of prehistorie ruins or objects of antiquity have been promulgated by the Secretaries of the Interior, Agriculture, and War. Applications for permits to make excavations on the public lands, Indian reservations, or the national monuments named below should be addressed to the Secretary of the Interior. The following have been preserved from entry and set aside as national monuments: Devils Tower, Wyoming: Montezuma Castic, Arizona: Fetrified Forest, Arizona; El Morro, New Mexico: Chaco Canyon, New Moxico; Muir Woods, Zalifornis: Natural Bridges, Utah; Lewis and Clart Cavern, Montana; Tumacacorit Arona; Mexico, Salviao, Arizona; Munument, Alaska; Rainbow Bridge, Utah; Pinnacles, California; Colorado; Rapsao Saguaro National Monument, Arizona; Capulin Mountain, New Mexico: Chaco Canyon, New Mexico: House and Cabrillo, Indiana Montana, and Cabrillo, Indiana and Cabrillo, Indiana, and Cabrillo, Indiana, and

# FORESTS AND FORESTRY.

(Report of year ended June 30, 1916.)

(Report of year ended June 30, 1916.)

Our forests now cover 550,000,000 acres, or about one-fourth of the United States. Forests publicly owned contain one-fifth of all timber standing. Forests privately owned contain at least four-fifths of the standing timber. The timber privately owned is not only four times that publicly owned, but it's generally more valuable.

The original forests of the United States contained timber in quantity and variety far beyond that upon any other area of similar size in the world. They covered \$50,000,000 acres, with a stand of not less than 5,200,000,000,000 feet of merchantable timber, according to present standards of use. There were five great forest regions—the Northern, the Southern, the Central, the Rocky Mountain and the Pacific.

The present rate of cutting for all purposes undoubtedly exceeds the annual growth of the forests. The great pineries of the Lake States are nearing exhaustion and heavy inroads have been made upon the supply of valuable timber throughout all parts of the country.

The heavy demands for timber have been rapidly pushing the great centres of the lumber industry toward the South and West. In consequence, the State of Washington now leads in lumber production, followed closely by Louisiana, then Mississippi, North Carolina, and Oregon. Among the softwoods, in 1915, the production of yellow pine lumber amounted to about fourteen and three-quarter billion feet, while white pine, with two and three-quarter billion feet ranked third. Of the hardwoods oak came first, with approximately three billion feet, followed in the order named by cypress, maple, red gum, chestnut, yellow poplar, birch, and beech.

pine, with two and three-quater into reter named by cypress, maple, red gum, chestnut, yellow poplar, birch, and beech.

We take from our forests yearly, including waste in logging and in manufacture, more than 22,000,000,000 cubic feet of wood, valued at about \$1,375,000,000.

We use in a single year 90,000,000 forest \$1,000,000 are single year 90,000,000 cords of frewood, nearly 40,000,000,000 board feet of lumber, 150,000,000 ties, nearly 1,700,000,000 saves 34,000,000 cords of matter pulp wood, 170,000,000 cots of heading, over 350,000 cords of wood for distillation, over 140,000 cords of wood for distillation, over 140,000 cords for excelsior, and near 3,500,000 cords of wood for distillation, over 140,000 cords for excelsior, and near 3,500,000 cords of wood for distillation, over 140,000 cords for excelsior, and near 3,500,000 cords of wood for distillation, over 140,000 cords for excelsior, and near 3,500,000 cords of wood are used in the manufacture of paper, of which about 1,000,000 cords are imported practically all from Canada. The demand for wood pulp is making a severe drain on the spruce forests, which furnish the principal supply, though a number of other woods, such as poplar, hemiock, pine, and balsam, are now being used in considerable quantities. Tests by the Forest Service of the United States Department of Agriculture have shown that pulp suitable for use in the manufacture of news and wrapping paper can be made from some ten species of native woods, including Sitas spruce, Western hemicok, Engelmann spruce, red fir, white fir, and lodgepole pine.

The demand for highly durable woods for railroad ties threatened to create a serious problem in many parts of the country where the supplies of white oak, chestnut, cedar, and cypress are growing less. In place of these, more plentiful woods, such as Southern pine, Douglas fir, tamarack, and hemiock, are coming into use, largely in consequence of the introduction of treatment by preservatives which retard decay.

UNITED STATES FOREST SERVICE.

The Forest Service is one of the bureaus of the Department of Agriculture. It has charge of the administration and protection of the National forests and also promotes the practice of forestry generally through investigations and the diffusion of information.

The work of the Government in forestry was initiated by the appointment of Dr. Franklin B. Hough in 1876 as special agent in the Department of Agriculture. In 1881 a division of forestry was created in that department. In 1901 this division became the Bureau of Forestry, and in 1905, when the care of the National forests was given to this bureau, its name became the Forest Service.

Previously the care of National forests had been in the hands of the Department of Interior.

A law authorizing the President to set apart forest reserves was passed in 1891, but no provision for their administration and use was made until 1897. Previous to 1905 the Bureau of Forestry merely gave expert advise, on request, to the Department of the Interior concerning the application of forestry to the forest reserves. The change of name from "forest reserves" to "National forests" was made in 1907 to correct the impression that the forests were, as "reserves," withdrawn from use. Since the Forest Service took charge of them the fundamental aim has been to open them to the widest use consistent with their proper protection.

The National forests were set aside as follows: By President Harrison, 13,416,710 acres; by President Cleveland, 25,686,520 acres; by President McKinley, 7,050,089 acres; by President Roosevelt, 148,346,924 acres. Since early in 1909 a careful readjustment of the boundaries has been going on. In consequence President Tat added to the National forests 4,333,847 acres and eliminated from them 11,680,578 acres, while to June 30, 1916, President Wilson has added 562,279 acres and eliminated 11,615,124 acres. Acts of Congress prohibit any additions by the President to the National forest area in Mashington, Oregon, California, Idah

The expenditures upon the National forests for protection, administration, and improvement at present exceed the revenues from the forests by about \$2,500,000 to \$3,000,000 a year, depending partiy on the severity of the fire season and partly on the activity of the general lumber market, and excluding the recent appropriation of \$10,000,000 by Congress for roads and trails. The normal gross cost of administration and protection is approximately \$4,750,000, while from \$300,000 to \$600,000 verify is invested in the construction of roads, trails, buildings, and other permanent improvements. The cost of administration includes the cost of handling much free-use business, while the cost of protection is chiefly the cost of protecting water supplies and future timber supplies.

COMPARISON OF RECEIPTS FROM THE SEVERAL SOURCES FOR THE FISCAL YEARS 1916

FISCAL YEAR.	Timber.	Grazing.	Special Uses, Etc.	All Sources.
1916		\$1,210,214.59 1,130,495.00	\$200,733.61 175,840.40	\$2,823,540.71 2,481,469,35

Under the law 25 per cent of the receipts are paid to the States in which the National forests are located, to be expended for roads and schools. The amount to be paid to the States in this way from the receipts in 1916 is about 8695,541.40.

By the acts of Congress organizing them as States, Arlzona and New Mexico also receive for their school funds an additional share of the receipts based on the proportion that their school lands within the National forests bear to the total National forest area in the States. Arlzona and New Mexico.

Congress has also provided that 10 per cent. of the receipts shall be set aside as an appropriation to be used under the direction of the Secretary of Agriculture for road and trail building in National forests are 1916 receipts is \$278,216.56. This, added to the amount carried over from 1915 receipts fund, \$151,089.21, and the amount appropriated for improvements, in the regular agricultural bill, \$400,000, makes the total available for the construction of roads, trails, cabins, bridges, telephone lines, etc., on the National forests from the fiscal year 1917, \$829,305.77.

In addition to the foregoing the Federal Aid Road act, passed by Congress in 1916, appropriated ten million dollars for the construction and maintenance of roads and trails within or partly within National forests. This money becomes available at the rate of a million dollars a year for the next en years. In general, the States and counties are required to furnish co-operation in an amount at least equal to 50 per cent. of the estimated cost of the surveys and construction of projects approved by the Secretary of Agriculture. The apportionments among the States is based on the area of National forest during the fiscal year 1917 is \$5.59.305.77.

The total regular appropriation for salarles, general expenses, and improvements for the fiscal year 1917 is \$5.50.305.77.

The total regular appropriation for salarles, general expenses, and improvements for the fiscal year 1917 is \$5.50.305.70.

The total regular

free use of timber are as follows:

#### FREE USE OF TIMBER ON NATIONAL FORESTS.

FISCAL YEAR.	Number of Users.	Cut.	Value.
1916. 1915.	41,544 40,015	Board Feet. 120,853,000 123,168,000	\$184,653.00 206,464.13

In issuing permits for reservoirs, conduits, power-houses and transmission lines for commercial power development the Forest Service has steadfastly insisted on conditions designed to prevent speculative or perpetual holdings and to secure the full development of available power and the payment of reasonable charges for the use of land.

The total stand of timber on the National forests is estimated at nearly six hundred billions board feet.

The following table shows the local cut of timber from the National forests in the fiscal year 1916:

		CUT UNDER	FREE USE.	
STATE.	Cut Under Saie.	Written Permit.	Without Written Permit.	Total Cut,
	Deced Post			
0=====	Board Feet, 88,157,000	Board Feet. 7,663,000	Board Feet.	Board Feet.
Oregon	76,679,000	20,969,000	2,297,000 74,000	98,117,000 97,722,000
IdahoCahfornia	57.352.000	7,711,000	192,000	65,255,000
Montana	47.249.000	8.861.000	1,774,000	57.884.000
Arizona	44.672,000	1,224,000	4,889,000	50,785,000
Washington	48,187,000	1,918,000	50,000	50,155,000
Alaska	35,019,000	11,723,000	3,000,000	49,742,000
Colorado	39,611,000	9,627,000	33,000	49,271,000
Utah	25,844,000	9,727,000	126,000	35,697,000
New Mexico	17,761,000	4,479,000	9,270,000	31,510,000
Wyoming	20,513,000	7,382,000		27,895,000
South Dakota	20,896,000	5,224,000		26,120,000
Arkansas	12,238,000	138,000	*********	12,376,000
Minnesota	5,323,000	329,000	10,000	5,662,000
Nevada	1,607,000 1,355,000	- 1,276,000 216,000		2,883,000
Virginia	1,066,000	294,000		1,571,000
Tennessee		,		1,360,000 1,156,000
Michigan		88.000		441,000
New Hampshire		50,000		266,000
Okiahoma		145,000		145,000
Fiorida	81,000	14,000	60,000	155,000
North Dakota		65,000		65,000
Georgia				43,000
Nebraska		5,000	1	5,000
Totals	545,428,000	99,078,000	21,775,000	666,281,000
		,.,,,,,,,		

The great areas contained in the National forests have now been brought to a condition where they are beginning to serve the purposes of the West. The conservation of timber and forage through wise use and the protection of stream flow are the means of sustaining many industries which have contributed materially to the prosperity of the country.

#### ORGANIZATION OF THE FOREST SERVICE.

ORGANIZATION OF THE FOREST SERVICE.

At the head of the Forest Service are the Forester, Henry S. Craves, and the Associate Forester, A. F. Potter. The work is organized under the following branches: Operation, James B. Adams in charge; Lands, E. A. Sherman in charge; Heliculture, W. B. Greeley in charge; Grashing, A. F. Potter in charge; Research, including Forest Products Laboratory, Earle H. Clapp in charge; Caudistion of Lands under the Weeks law, William L. Hall in charge.

The 153 National forests are grouped in seven districts, with a District Forester in charge of each, and headquarters as follows: District I (Montana, Northeastern Washington, Northern Idaho, Northwestern South Dakota, and Southwestern North Dakota), Missoula, Mont., F. A. Slicox, District Forester; District 2 (Colorado, Wyoming, the remainder of South Dakota, Nebraska, Northern Michigan, and Northern Minnesota), Denver, Col., Smith Riley, District Forester; District 3 (Arizona and New Mexico), Albuqerque, N. Mex., P. G. Redington, District Forester; District 4 (Utah, Southern Idaho, Western Wyoming, Eastern and Central Nevada and a small portion of Northwestern Arizona), Ogden, Utah, L. F. Knelpp, District Forester; District 5 (California and Southwestern Nevada), San Francisco; Cal., Coert Du Bois, District Forester; District 7 (Arkansas, Florida, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Georgia, North Carolina, Tennessee, Virginia, West Virginia, New Hampshire, Porto Rico), Washington, D. C., William L. Hall, District Forester;

lina, Tennessee, Virginia, West Virginia, New Hampsnire, Porto Ricoj, Washington, D. C., Whinam L. Hall, District Forester.

On July 1, 1916, the force employed by the Forest Service numbered 3.682. Of these 3.008 were employed upon the National forests and 674 were engaged in administrative, scientific and clerical work at the Washington and district headquarters. Of the employes on the National forests the force engaged principally in protective work numbered 2,078 men, as follows: Forest Rangers, 406; Assistant Forest Rangers, 769; Forest Guards, 903. The protective force was therefore about one man for every 75,000 acres, or 117 square miles. (Prussia has one man for every 1,700 acres, and Baden one for every 750.)

#### BRANCH OF SILVICULTURE.

The replacement of old stands by new growth is accomplished by regulating the cutting through the insertion of special provisions in timber sales contracts in such a way as to insure natural reproduction. On completely denuded areas, however, artificial reforestation by planting or sowing is generally considered areas, however, artificial reforestation by planting or sowing is generally conservation for the establishment of a new growth of trees. The object of such work is usually to produce conservation by planting or cases the reforesting of denuded watersheds is undertaken primarily relative to the flow of streams directly supplying cities and towns. During the year ended June 30, 1916, over 10,000 acres in National forests were planted or sown to trees, cheldy Douglas fr, Western yellow place, white pine, white pine, and lodgepole pine. There are 21 Government nurseries which supply the National forests. These have a present stock of about 37,000,000 plants and are capable of supplying 15,000,000 a year.

BRANCH OF GRAZING

# BRANCH OF GRAZING

The number of stock grazed during the past season (1916), under permit, was 1.860,635 head of cattle, horses, and swine, and 7.886,473 head of sheep and goats. The annual productive value of this number of stock is more than \$30,000,000. The number of persons holding permits to graze live stock during the past year was 33,328.

About 16 per cent. of all the sheep in the United States are grazed in the National forests.

About 10 per cent. of all the sheep in the United States are grazed in the National Forests.

EASTERR NATIONAL FORESTS.

The act of March 1, 1911, commonly known as the Weeks law, provides for the acquisition of forest lands on the watersheds of mayable streams. Its purpose is to promote and protect the nativability of the treams by commonly the streams. Its purpose is to promote and protect the nativability of the streams by commonly according to the streams. Its purpose is to promote and protect the nativability of the streams are afforded of extending the National cover system to their watersheds. The original appropriation was \$2,000,000 per year for five and on-haif years, beginning with the last half of the fiscal year 1911. The Agricultural Appropriation bill for the fiscal year 1913 made the appropriation for 1912 and subsequent years available until expended.

In order to concentrate the purchases where they will be of the greatest benefit from the stand-point of watershed protection, certain areas in the Appalachian region have been designated, aggregating 6,966,304 acres, to which purchases will be for the present confined. The United States Geological Survey has examined the greater part of this land, as required by law, in order to determine whether or not the forest cover exercises a beneficial influence in regulating the flow of navigable streams. Up to July 1, 1916, 6,966,304 acres were reported upon favorably by the Geological Survey. The Forest Service has been designated as the bureau to receive proposals of land and to examine and value lands for purchase. The National Forest Reservation Commission considers the recommendations of the Forest Service and approves the lands to be purchased and fixes the price to be paid.

be paid.

From April 1, 1911, to June 30, 1916, proposals were received covering 4,227,060 acres, of which 3,547,414 acres were within the general areas in the White Mountains and the Southern Appalachians which had been selected for purchase.

During the same period 2,137,269 acres were examined, and 1,329,487 acres were approved by the National Forest Reservation Commission. The total surveyed acreage under protection, including acquired and additional areas approved for purchase, is as follows: Georgia area, 96,385; Maine area, 24,825; New Hampshire area, 280,439; North Carolina area, 249,765; South Carolina area, 17,270; Tennessee area, 223,204; Virginia area, 29,1618; West Virginia area, 102,220. Total, 1,255,726.

As these lands are acquired they are administered along the same lines as are the National forests in the West, and the above-named areas will, as title is obtained and plans for handling them are prepared, be given formal designation as National forests.

are prepared, be given formal designation as National forests.

#### OREST POLICY OF THE STATES.

The movement for National forestry has been followed by a widespread development of State forest activities. New York and Pennsylvania, the ploneers in this field, inaugurated State policies before the work of the National Government had awakened general interest in forestry, but in most of the States forest work has been either a direct outgrowth of Federal activities or indirectly due to them. Ten or twelve years ago few States were giving their forest policiems any serious consideration; to-day 32 have forest departments, 24 employ professionally trained foresters, and practically all show recognition of the need for a State forest policy.

The appropriations for the yearly support of the several State forest departments vary greatly. The mallest is \$500; the greatest approximately \$315,000. Those which appropriate over \$25,000 are: Pennsylvania, \$315,000; New York, \$178,000; Minnesota, \$118,000; Michigan, \$105,000; Massachusetts, \$78,000, in addition to \$175,000 for the suppression of gypsy and brown-tail moths; Mane, \$73,000; New Hampshire, \$39,000; Washington and Wisconsin, \$35,000 each; Oregon, \$30,000, and New Jersey, \$43,000.

# FORESTS AND FORESTRY-Continued.

Systematic forest fire protection by the States has been greatly stimulated by the operation of the so-called Weeks law, under which the Federal Government co-operates through the Forest Service with individual States for protecting the watersheds of navigable streams, the Federal Government bearing in no case more than half the cost nor contributing more than \$8,000 to any State in any one year. More than thirteen million acres of private and State-owned land are protected by Federal appropriations under this act, at an average cost of three-fourths of a cent per acre. Altogether, more than one hundred million acres are fairly well protected against forest free under this law by the combined private, State, and Federal appropriations, at an average cost of less than two cents per acre. The States which have entered into co-operative agreements under this law are: Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Connecticut, New York, New Jersey, Maryland, Virginia, West Virginia, North Carolina, Kentucky, Texas, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Michigan, South Dakota, Montana, Idaho, Washington, and Oregon.

Tennessee, Alabama, Colorado, and California have organized fire-warden systems, but do not appropriate State funds for fire protection. Maine, by means of a timber land tax, supports an efficient forest fire service covering the unorganized townships in the northern part of the State in the remaining townships each bears the cost of an ex-officio warden system. The Forest Service of Minnesota covers 20,000,000 acres by systematic patrol and maintains a permanent field force of rangers and patrolacien, with ex-officio town fire-wardens as an auxiliary force. Idaho has adopted a co-operative system of protection with private owners, under which the State pays its pro rata share of the cost, on the basis of State-owned area within the area protected by a privately organized system.

States of about 70 human lives and at least \$25,000,000 worth of timber, besides the loss of live stock, crops, buildings, and various kinds of livrovements worth many millions more. Added to this are the enormous losses from the destruction of young tree growth, soil deterioration, damage to water courses and water supplies, interruption of business, and depreciation of property.

New York has a State-cowned "Forest Preserve" of 1,825,882 acres in the Adirondack and Catskill Mountains, under fire protection, but not under forest management, which the State Constitution forbids. The entire central portion of these two mountain regions, comprising 7,200,000 acres, is protected from fire by a State ranger system; in the rest of the State, town officers are depended on to keep fires down. Private owners are furnished tree seedlings at cost from the State nurseries, which also grow material for reforesting feunded portions of the preserve. Three laws give forest lands reduction of, or exemption from, tax assessment under certain conditions. Pennsylvania has more than 1,000,000 acres of State-owned forests and practises forestry on them, maintaining a State ranger training school at Mont Alto. These forests are chiefly in the mountains of the central part of the State, and protect streamflow as well as supply timber. Additional lands may be purchased at not more than \$10 per acre. Private lands are protected under a fire-warden system. The State distributes planting material. The same is true of Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Connecticut, Maryland, Kentucky, Ohio, Kanasa, Michigan, Wisconsin, Minnesota, North Dakota, and Idaho.

Minnesota, Wisconsin, and Michigan have large holdings of State forests. Minnesota has approximately 1,000,000 acres of school lands which are to be retained for State school forests, besides 43,000 acres now in State forests. Wisconsin has 400,000 acres reserved, and Michigan 589,000, of which 312,000 acres are used for exchange to add to the 277,000 acres permanently reserved in several large blocks in different parts of the State. South Dakota has 75,000 acres of State forest in the Black Hills. New Jersey 13,720 acres, and New Hampshire, Vermont, California, Connecticut, Massachusetts, Indiana, and Maryland from 2,000 to 9,000 acres each.

In Vermont, Massachusetts, Connecticut, New York, Pennsylvania, and Michigan the tax on forest land may be levied chiefly on yield or income.

#### PRIVATE FORESTRY.

While progress in the forestry movement has been mainly through public agencies, in the last few years

a marked advance has been made by private owners.

a marked advance has been made by private owners.

The greater part of the privately owner timber of the country is in the Northwest, where the liability of the timber to destruction by fire and the example of the protective work carried on by the Government led to the formation of fire protective associations among the timber owners. From the Northwest the movement spread over a considerable part of the timbered area in the Northern and Western States. At present there are forty associations of this kind in the States of Washington, Oregon, California, Idaho, Montana, Michigan, Maine, New Hampshire, Vermonti-Pennsylvania, West Virginia, Kentucky, and North Carolina. The associations are supported by assessments on an acreage basis and maintain a system of protection more or less similar to that on the National forests. The land thus privately protected is estimated at approximately twenty-five million acres. mately twenty-five million acres.

The practice of forestry by private owners is gradually extending in the Northeastern States, largely because conditions in that region make it economically possible. The greatest progress has been made in Central New England, where excellent nearby markets, low-priced rough land, and a varied demand for forest products combine to make the growing of trees profitable. Many New England farmers are planting oid pastures to white pine, and in some sections land with young tree growth is valued more highly than similar land without. Considerable planting is also being done by the farmers of the Middle West in the form of farm woodlots and windbreaks. While these produce comparatively little saw timber they yield a large amount of firewood and post material, besides benefiting the farm by their presence.

# AMERICAN WOOD-PRESERVERS' ASSOCIATION.

President—Carl G. Crawford, Louisville, Ky. First Vice-President—John Foley, Philadelphia, Pa. Second Vice-President—M. K. Trumbull, Kansas City, Mo. Secretary-Treasurer—F. J. Angier, Baltimore,

Second Vice-President—M. K. Trumbull, Kansas City, Mo. Secretary-Treasurer—F. J. Angier, Battimore, Md.

The objects and purposes of the association shall be to advance the wood-preserving industry in all its branches; to afford its members opportunities for the interchange of ideas with respect to improvements in the wood-preserving industry, and for the discussion of all matters bearing upon the industry of wood preserving; to maintain a high business and professional standard in all respects, and to standardize specifications for wood preservatives and their introduction into the materials to be preserved.

Special colors for wood preservatives and uner introduction into the materials to be preserved.

The means to be employed for these purposes shall be meetings for the presentation and discussion of appropriate papers, and for social and professional intercourse; the publication of such papers and discussions as may be deemed expedient; co-operation with other societies, associations and organizations in the work of standardizing specifications affecting the wood-preserving industry, and all other things incidental or conductive to the attainment of the objects of the association or any of them, and as the members may from time to the experimental professional and the consider advisable.

Thirteenth annual meeting will be held in New York, N. Y., January 23, 24, and 25, 1917.

The National Conservation Association, with headquarters in the Munsey Building, Washington, ... C., is now the organized head of the conservation movement in the United States.

In a booklet explaining the objects of the association is the following:

"The National Conservation Association is fighting for the prompt and orderly development of our natural resources, for the welfare of ourselves and our children, and for the rights of the plain people. The association is bound neither by political considerations nor official connections. It is free to speak the

association is bound neither by pointed considerations not official connections. It is free to speak the whole truth.

"That conservation means the use of our natural resources for the benefit of us all and not merely for the profit of a few is already household knowledge. The task which the National Conservation Association has set for itself is to get this principle put into practical effect."

The association has no political affiliations, and is supported by membership dues and voluntary contributions. It publishes bulletins, legislative briefs, statements, and leaflets, and scrutinizes all Federal conservation legislation, when the profit of the p

Conservation legislation.

Gifford Pinchot, President; Charles W. Ellot, Honorary President; Harry A. Slattery, Secretary.

The National Conservation Congress is the National elearing-house for the State Conservation Commissions and Conservation Committees of National associations and all organizations concerned in the conservation of the country's natural resources. It is the organized head of the conservation movement in the United States. Its chief object is "to afford an agency through which the people of the country may frame policies and principles affecting the conservation and utilization of their resources, to be put into effect by their respective representatives in the State and Federal Governments."

The Congress holds annual meetings "to provide for discussion of the resources of the United States as the foundation for the prosperity of the people." The Congress also undertakes "to turnish definite information concerning the resources and their development, use, and preservation."

Membership dues range from St a year to S100 or more, according to classification.

The Congress is managed by its officers and an Executive Committee, and by an Advisory Board, consisting of one member from each National association having a Conservation Committee.

President—E. Lee Worsham, Atlanta, Ga. Executive Secretary—Thomas R. Shipp, 610 Riggs Building, Washington, D. C. Treasure—Norman C. McLoud, Cleveland, Ohio.

Washington, D. C. Treasurer—Norman C. McLoud, Cleveland, Ohio.

The American Forestry Association, with headquarters at 1410 H Street Northwest, Washington, D. C., was organized in 1882 and incorporated in Jannary, 1897. It is devoted to the conservation of private, State and National forests and to public education in the knowledge of trees, their care and development. It is a voluntary organization for the inculcation and spread of a forest policy on a scale adequate for our economic needs, and any person is eligible for membership. It is independent, has no official connection with any Federal or State department or policy, and is devoted to a public service conductive to National prosperity. It asserts was forestry means the propagation and early of the conduction of timber as a 1t declares that forestry is of immense importance of the people; that the eensus of 1913 shows our forests annually supply over one and a quarter billion dollars' worth of products; employ 735,000 people; pay 3367,000,000 in wages; cover 550,000,000 acres unsuited for agriculture; regulate the distribution of water; prevent erosion of lands, and are essential to the beauty of the country and the health of the Nation. It recognizes that forestry is an industry limited by economic conditions; that private owners should be aided and encouraged by investigations, demonstrations, and educational work, since they cannot be expected to practise forestry at a financial loss; that Federal and State Governments should undertake scientific forestry upon National and State forest reserves for the benefit of the public. It will devote its influence and educational facilities to the development of public thought and knowledge along these practical lines.

It supports these policies: Federal administration and management of National forests; adequate appropriations for their care and management; Federal co-operation with the States—especially in forest fire protection. State activity by acquirement of forest planting by communal and private owner

for this work.

The membership of the association is close to 13,000 in every State in the Union, every Province in Canada and every civilized and semi-civilized country in the world. The subscribing membership is 33.00 a year; contributing membership is \$31.00 a year; asstaining membership is \$31.00 a year and life membership is \$310.00. Members receive each month the American Forestry Magazine which contains articles on every-thing pertaining to trees, forests, and birds.

Frestdent—Charles Lathrop Pack, Lakewood, N. J. Treasurer—John E. Jenks, Washington, D. C. Executive Secretary and Editor-in-Chief—Percival S. Ridsdale, Washington, D. C.

Executive Secretary and Editor-in-Chief—Perival S. Ridedale, Washington, D. C.

BIRD CENSUS.

During the Summer of 1914 the Biological Survey of the United States Department of Agriculture took initial steps toward a census of the birds of the United States for the purpose of ascertaining approximately the number and relative abundance of the different species. In view of the recognized value of birds to agriculture, such information eannot fail to be of great value.

One of the most abundant birds in the United States, possibly the most abundant bird, is the robin. It is also one of the most sociable, and in the Northeastern part, where it is most abundant, it commonly nests close to farm buildings, but almost never in extensive the States, possibly the most abundant, it commonly nests close to farm buildings, but almost never in extensive the Cobin or the English sparrow, but several others are common enough the control numbers run well into the millions. For every 100 robins reported in This last centre were 49 cathirds, 37 brown thrashers, 28 house wrens, 27 kingbirds, and 26 bliebirds. This last camber is particularly gratifying because only a few years ago nearly the whole bluebird points of the Eastern States was destroyed by an unusually severe Winter. Since then the birds have been gradually recovering from the catastrophe, and this season's census shows that there are now several multion bluebirds in Northeastern United States.

This preliminary census shows that the most abundant bird on farms of the Northeastern States is the robin; that the next is the English sparrow, and that following these are the eathird, the brown thrasher, the house wren, the kingbird, and the bluebird, in the order named.

On August 29, 1916, the United States Senate ratified the treaty with Canada extending to all migratory birds the same protection on both sides of the Canadian border.

## IRRICATION, UNITED STATES COVERNMENT PROJECTS.

IRRIGATION and crop results on projects, 1915. (Source: The Reclamation Service, Department of the Interior.)

		1	1		VALUE OF	CROPS.
STATE.	Project.	Irrigable Acreage.	Irrigated Acreage.	Cropped Acreage.		Per Acre Cropped.
ArizonaArizona-California	Salt River	219,691	179,350	171,832	\$3,661,769	\$21.31
California	Yuma Orland	$72,440 \\ 20,320$	$27,857 \\ 8.928$	$25,101 \\ 6.930$	873,721 220,422	34.81 31.81
Colorado	Uncompangre Valley.	65,000	41,463	40.553	1.044.915	25.76
Idaho	[ Boisé	150,000	76,705	69,818	1,526,873 1,725,515	21.87
***************************************	Minidoka	120,000	83,562	77,008	1,725,515	22.41
Montana	Huntley	30,813 22,200	18,203 4,192	18,185 3,887	535,363 51,249	29.41 13.18
	Sun River	16.326	4.261	4.243	80,000	19:00
Montana-North Dakota	Lower Yellowstone	42,329	12,656	11,990	194,011	16.18
Nebraska-Wyoming	North Platte	129,714	70,007	68,130	1,263,617	
Nevada	Truckee-Carson	65,000 24,796	40,295 13,470	38,495 11,322	592,523 245,684	15.39 21.70
New Mexico	Hondo	3,330	1,294	1.287	17.778	
New Mexico-Texas	Rio Grande	45,000	33.876	32,246	1,103,389	34.22
Oregon	Umatilla	17,000	5,306	3,603	104,653	29.04
Oregon-California South Dakota	Klamath Belle Fourche	38,000 78,591	27,254 44,067	27,254 43,063	377,488 462,050	13.85
	Okanogan	10,099	7.800	43,003		$10.72 \\ 52.60$
Washington	{ Okanogan	1	.,	3,017	201,120	32.00
	Sunnyside Unit	82,757				
XX7	Tleton Unit	34,000		18,100		
Wyoming	Shoshone	42,816	25,753	24,833	410,031	16.51
	Totals for irrigated					
	areas covered by		Ī	,	1	
	crop reports	1,330,222	814,906	757,613	\$18,164,452	\$24.00
	Additional irrigated					
	areas not covered			İ		1
Edoka	by crop reports:	00.000	00.400		,	i
IdahoColorado	Bolsé Uncompangre	80,000	20,422			
Colorado	Valley	4.500	4 500		<b></b>	
Nebraska-Wyoming	North Platte	8,050				
Utah	Strawberry Val-					1
	ley	50,000	8,900			
	Totals, recla-					
	matlon pro-					1
	jects	1,472,772	856,778	(a)800,000	(a) \$19,000,000	(a) \$24.00
(a) Estimated						

(a) Estimated.

#### NATIONAL STATUARY HALL.

WORKS of art in the Capitol Building, Washington, have been acquired by gift from private individuals interested in the preservation of the historical, biggraphical, or pictorial art of the Nation; by the gift from States, as instanced by the statues of distinguished citizens forming the collection in Statuary Hall, and by purchase by the Government. A general supervision of the art works of the Capitol is exercised by the Joint Committee on the Library. This committee also has charge of accessions to the art works of the Capitol Building, except as otherwise provided by law.

Statuary Hall, formerly the hall of the House of Representatives, was established as Statuary Hall by Act of Congress of July 2, 1864. By this legislation a National Hall of Statuary was created, and the President was authorized to Invite each State to contribute to the collection to be formed, two statues, in either marble or bronze, of deceased citizens of the State whom "for historic renown or from civil or milltary services" the State should consider as worthy of commemoration in this National Hall of Statuary.

The following is a list of statues presented by the States and the dates of the works:

STATE. Name. Date. STATE. Name.	Date.
Alabama J. L. M. Curry 1906 New Hampshire John Stark Danlel Webster Danle Danlel Webster Danle Danl	1894 1894
Jonathan Trumbull 1872 New Jersey Richard Stockton Philip Kearny	1886 1875
Idaho. George L. Shoup. 1909 New York. Robert R. Livingston. Illinois. James Shields 1893 George Clinton.	1874
Indiana Oliver P. Morton 1899 Ohio James A. Carfield.	1916 1885
Lew Wallace. 1909 " William Allen. 19wa. James Harlan. 1909 Pennsylvania. J. P. G. Muhlenberg	1881
Kansas. John J. Ingalls. 1904 Rhode Island. Nathanael Greene	1869
Maine	1909
Maryland.   Charles Carroll.   1901   Texas.   Stephen F. Austin.   John Hanson.   1901   "   Samuel Houston.	1904
Massachusetts Samuel Adams 1873 Vermout Ethan Allen John Winthrop 1872 Jacob Collamer Jacob Collamer Wileligan Lewis Cass 1889 Virginia Washington	1879
Michigan Lewis Cass. 1889 Virginia Washington.  " Zacharlah Chandler 1913 Minnesota. Henry Mower Rice. 1916 West Virginia John E. Kenna.	1908
Missouri Francis P. Blair 1899 Francis H. Plerpont 1899 Wisconsin James Marquette.	1903

#### UNITED STATES PENSION STATISTICS.

NUMBER OF ARMY AND NAVY PENSIONERS ON THE ROLL JUNE 30. 1916.

Regular Establishment—Invalids or survivors, 15,553; widows and dependents, 4,549.
Service—Act of May 11, 1912, invalids or survivors, 320,376; act of February 6, 1907, invalids or survivors, 1,727.
Civil War, General Law—Invalids or survivors, 39,593; widows and dependents, 52,217.
Civil War, Act of June 27, 1890—Invalids or survivors, 631; dependents, 3,725.
Civil War, Act of April 19, 1908—Widows, 235,536.
Tatal number of civil all applications during fisca

War with Spain—Invalids or survivors, 24,101; widows and dependents, 4,371.
War of 1812—Widows, 115.
War with Mexico—Invalids or survivors, 513; widows, 3,785.
Indian Wars—Invalids or survivors, 676; widows, 1003

1,902.

Army nurses (women), 252. Total pensioners on the roll June 30, 1916, 709,572.

Civil War, Act of April 19, 1908—Widows, 235,536.1

Total number of original applications during fiscal year ended June 30, 1916, 59,395.

Total number of original claims allowed for fiscal year ended June 30, 1916, 19,004.

Number of pensioners on roll June 30, 1916—Invalids or survivors, 403,120; widows and dependents, 306,452; total, 709,572.

Paid pensioners, during 1916, \$159,155,089.92.

(For number of pension claims, pensioners and disbursements, by years, from 1867 to 1912, see World Almanac for 1913, page 166.)

Expenses for the Pension Bureau and Disbursing Office in disbursing pension fund for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1916, \$1,656,722.33.

All the pension agencies have been consolidated, and all pensioners are now paid by the Commissioner of Pensions through the Disbursing Office of the Pension Bureau, Washington, D. C.

# TOTAL DISBURSEMENTS FOR PENSIONS FOR ALL WARS AND OF THE PEACE

War of the Revolution (estimated), \$70,000,000; War of 1812 (service pension), \$45,991,743.76; Indian wars (service pension), \$13,790,299.13; war with Moxico (service pension), \$50,422,229.22; Civil War, \$4,765,075,020.92; war with Spain and Philippine insurrection, \$53,744,667.55; regular establishment, \$39,098,319.01; unclassified, \$16,508,447.41. Total, \$5,054,630.727.

#### PENSIONERS IN EACH STATE AND TERRITORY JUNE 30, 1916.

Alabama	2,797\Idaho	1,947 Minnesota	10,999 N. Dakota	2,537 Vermont	5,663
Alaska	69 Illinois	48,888 Mississippl	3,472 Ohio	67,123 Virginia	7,541
Arizona	775 Indiana	43.264 Missouri	34.175 Oklahoma	9,868 Washington.	8,621
Arkansas	7.626 Iowa	24.089 Montana	2.050 Oregon	6,752 W. Virginia	9,194
California	25.051 Kansas	28.040 Nebraska	12.438 Pennsylv'a	65,469 Wisconsin	17,123
Colorado	6.980 Kentucky	18.487 Nevada	345 Rhode Island	3,881 Wyoming	728
Connecticut.	8.662 Louisiana	4.650 N. Hamp	5,680 S. Carolina	1,467 Canal Zone	1
Delaware	2.252 Maine	12.348 New Jersey	17.844 S. Dakota	4,669 Insular Pos	148
Dist. of Col.	7.781 Maryland	10.770 New Mexico.	1.642 Tennessee	14,680 Foreign	4,359
Florida	4.403 Massach'ts	29.539 New York	59.094 Texas		
Georgia	2.593 Michigan	29,690 N. Carolina	3.144 Utah	8891 Total	709,572

The following are the rates for total disability from causes incident to the service:

Army—Lieutenant-colonel and all officers of higher rank. \$30; major, surgeon, and paymaster, \$25; captain, provost marshal, and chaplain. \$20; first lieutenant, assistant surgeon, and deputy provost marshal, \$17; second lieutenant and enrolling officer. \$15; calisted men. \$8.

Navy—Captain and officers of higher rank, commander, lieutenant commanding surgeon, paymaster, and chief engineer, respectively ranking with commander by law, \$30; lieutenant, surgeon, paymaster, and chief engineer, respectively ranking with lieutenant by law, and passed assistant surgeon. \$25; master, professor of mathematics, assistant surgeon, assistant paymaster and chaplain, \$20; first assistant engineer, ensign, and pllot. \$15; cadet midshipman, passed midshipman, midshipman, clerks of admirals, paymasters, or other officers commanding vessels, second and third assistant engineers, master's mate, and warrant officers. \$10: enlisted men. \$8. vessels, second and that assistant engineers, master's maker's 
Pension at certain ages on account of service in the Civil and Mexican Wars. Act of May11,1912.

Any person who served ninety days or more in the military or naval service of the United States during the late civil war, and who has been honorably discharged therefrom, and who has reached the age of sixty-two years or over, on making proof of such facts is entitled to receive a pension as follows: Age sixty-two years—For a service of 90 days, \$13.00 per month; 6 months, \$13.50; 1 years, \$14.00; 1½ years, \$15.50, 2; ½ years, \$15.50, and 3 years and more, \$16.00. Age 66 years—For a service of 90 days, \$15.00 per month; 6 months, \$15.50; 1 year, \$16.00; 1½ years, \$15.50, and 3 years and more, \$19.00, Age 70 years—For a service of 90 days, \$18.00 per month; 6 months, \$19.00; 1½ years, \$20.00; 1½ years, \$21.50; 2 years, \$21.50; 2 years, \$21.00; 2½ years, \$24.00 and 3 years and more \$25.00. Age 70 years—For a service of 90 days, \$21 per mouth; 6 months, \$22.50; 1 year, \$24.00; 1½ years, \$27.00, and 2 years and more \$30.00. And such pension shall commence from the date of filling the application in the Bureau of Pensions. Any person who served sixty days or more in the war with Mexico, and who received an honorable discharge, is entitled to \$30.00 per month. Any person who served sixty days or manual labor by reason thereof, or who from disease or other causes incurred in line of duty resulting in his disability, is now unable to perform manual labor, is entitled to \$30.00 per month. entitled to \$30.00 per month.

# AMERICAN SOCIETY OF INTERNATIONAL LAW.

President—Elihu Root. Vice-President—Chief Justice White, Justice William R. Day, P. C. Knox, Andrew Carnegie, Joseph H. Choate, John W. Foster, George Gray, William W. Morrow, Richard Olney, Horace Porter, Oscar S. Straus, Jacob M. Dickinson, William H. Tat, Robert Bacon, Robert Lansing, Henry Cabot Lodge, John Bassett Moore, Recording Secretary—James Brown Scott. Corresponding Secretary—Charles Henry Butler. Treasurer—Chandler P. Anderson, Headquarters, Washington, D. C,

# PASSPORT RECULATIONS OF THE UNITED STATES.

1. AUTHORITY TO ISSUE—Section 4075 of the Revised Statutes of the United States, as amended by the Act of Congress approved June 14, 1902, provides that "the Secretary of State may grant and issue passports, and cause passports to be granted, issued, and verified in foreign countries by such diplomatte or consular officers of the United States, and by such chief or other executive officers of the insular possessions of the United States, and under such rules as the President shall designate and prescribe for and on behalf of the United States." The following rules are accordingly prescribed for the granting and issuing of passports in the United States:

2. To Whom Passports Are Issued—Section 4076 of the Revised Statutes of the United States (U. S. Comp. Stat. 1901, 2765) provides that "no passport shall be granted or issued to, or verified for, any other persons than those owing allegiance, whether citizens or 1.0t, to the United States."

3. By Whom Issued and Refusal to Issue—No one but the Secretary of State may grant and issue passports in the United States (Revised Statutes, sections 4075, 4078), and he is empowered to refuse them in his discretion.

Passports are not issued by American diplomatic and consular officers abroad average for the second of the second of the consular officers abroad average for the second of the consular officers abroad average for the consular of t

Passports are not issued by American diplomatic and consular officers abroad, except in cases of emer-

Passports are not issued by American diplomatic and consular officers abroad, except in cases of emergency; and a citizen who is abroad and desires to procure a passport must apply therefor through the nearest diplomatic or consular officer to the Secretary of State.

Applications for passports by persons in Porto Rico or the Philippines should be made to the Chief Executives of those islands. The evidence required of such applicants is similar to that required of applicants in the United States.

4. FEE—By Act of Congress approved March 23, 1888, a fee of one dollar is required to be collected for every citizen's passport. That amount in currency or postal money order should accompany each application made by a citizen of the United States. Orders should be made payable to the Disbursing Clerk of the Department of State. Drafts or checks will not be accepted.

5. APPLICATIONS—A person who is entitled to receive a passport, if within the United States, must submit a written application in duplicate, in the form of an affidavit, to the Secretary of State. The application should be made by the person to whom the passport is to be issued, and signed by him, as it is not proper for one porson to apply for another.

The affidavit must be made before a clerk of a Federal court or of a State court authorized by the Act of Congress of June 29, 1906, to naturalize allens, within the jurisdiction of which the applicant or his witness resides, and the seal of the court must be affixed; but in any place where there is a Federal court the affidavit must be made before a clerk of such court. In any place where there is a Federal court the affidavit must be made before a clerk of such court. In any place where there is a Federal court the affidavit must be made before a clerk of such court. In any place where there is an agent of the Department of State. The applicant must state has point the inende before such agent. The derk of court or agent of the Department of State has plot the intended to leave the United States, and t

such agent. The elerk of court or agent of the Department of State effor whom the application is made must mail it directly to the Department of State. The applicant must state from what point he intends to leave the United States, and the date of his intended departure, and also if by a port of the United States, what ship he intends to sail.

Each applicant on must be in the hands of the Department of State or its agents at least five days before the applicant's departure from the United States.

If the applicant signs by mark, two attesting witnesses to his signature are required. The applicant is required to state the date and place of his birth, his occupation, the place of his permanent residence, and within what length of time he will return to the United States with the purpose of residing and performing the duties of citizenship. He is also required to state the names of the foreign countries which he expects to visit, and the objects of his visits thereto. The latter statement should be brief and general business must support his application with a letter from the head of the firms which he represents, stating the names of the countries it is necessary for him to visit and the objects of his visits thereto. An applicant who states which he going abroad for any other purpose must satisfy the Department of State that it is imperatively that the state of the countries it is necessary for him to visit and the objects of his visits thereto. An applicant who states the state of the person applying, and should state the concentration of the person applying, and should state the following particulars, viz.: Age, —; stature, — feet — inches (English measure); forchead, —; eyes, —; mose, —; mouth, —; chin, —; hir, —; complexion, —; face, —; special identifying marks, if any (sears, birthmarks, etc.).

The applicant must take the action and the purpose for the person applying, and should state the following particulars of the purpose must application by the clerk of court or the department's agent before must as

Presports issued by the Department of State or its diplomatic or consular representatives are intended for identification and protection in foreign countries, and not to facilitate entry into the United States, immigration being under the supervision of the Department of Labor.

A Person Born Abroad Whose Father Was a Native Citizen of the United States, addition to the statements required by rule 5, his application must show that his father was born in the United States, resided therein, and was a citizen at the time of the applicant's birth. In such case evidence of the father's birth in this country similar to that required in section 6 above should be submitted.

8. Naturalized Citizens—In addition to the statements required by rule 5, a naturalized citizen must transmit his certificate of naturalization, or a duly certified copy of the court record thereof, with his application. It will be returned to him after inspection. He must state in his affidavit when and from what port he emigrated to this country, and, if possible, what ship he salied on, where he has lived since his arrival in the United States, when and before what court he was naturalized, and that he is the identical person described in the certificate of naturalization. The signature to the applicator should conform in orthography to the applicant's name as written in his certificate of naturalization, or an explanation of the difference should be submitted.

9. Woman's Application—If she is unmarried, in addition to the statements required by rule 5,

she should state that she has never been married. If she is the wife or widow of a native citizen of the United States the fact should be made to appear in her application, which should be made according to the form of a naturalized citizen, in addition to the statements required by rule 5, she must transmit for inspection of a naturalizated or naturalization, or a certified copy of the court record thereof, must state that she is the wife (or widow) of the person described therein, and must set forth the facts of his birth, emigration of the record of the court of the court record thereof, must state that she is the wife (or widow) of the person described therein, and must set forth the facts of his birth, emigration of the court record thereof, must state that she is the wife (or widow) of the person described therein, and must set forth the facts of his birth, emigration of the court record the court of the cour

directed.

18. Additional Regulations—The Secretary of State is authorized to make regulations on the subject of issuing and granting passports additional to these rules and not inconsistent with them.

Effective May 1, 1916.

The White House, April 17, 1916.

WOODROW WILSON.

#### DIRECTIONS CONCERNING THE USE OF PASSPORTS.

SIGNATURE OF PASSPORT.

A person to whom a passport is issued should a fix his signature thereon, in the space designated in the lower left-hand corner, immediately upon its receipt.

VISA OF PASSPORTS.

The department understands that passports should be visaed for entry into the following-named countries, by diplomatic or consular officers thereof: Austria-Hungary, British Empire, Bulgaria, France, Germany, Italy, Persia, Portugai, Roumania, Russia, Serbia, and Turkey.

SPECIAL REGULATIONS IN FOREIGN COUNTRIES.

Upon arrival in belligerent countries persons obtain in amation in regard to registration,

F PASSPORT.

et cetera, from the local autherities directly or through the nearest American Consulate.

(The information given below is believed to be correct, yet it is not to be considered as authentic, as it relates to the regulations of a foreign country. For further and more authentic information concerning restrictions from travel in foreign countries, it is necessary to apply to diplomatic or consular representatives of those countries.)

AUSTRIA-HUNGARY—Persons geing to Austria-Hungary should have their passports visaed by an Austro-Hungarian diplomatic or consular officer, preferably in the United States. Each person over nine years of age going to Austria-Hungary via Germany must bear a separate passport. (See para-

graph headed "Germany.") Native American citizens and American citizens who were naturalized before September 27, 1906, should obtain authenticated copies of their passport applications to submit with their passports to the Austro-Hungarian diplomatic or consular officers to whom they apply to have their passports visaed. Married women should also submit their marriage certificates. In order to obtain an authenticated copy of a passport application, the applicant should send to the department an exact copy, with photograph attached, of his an exact copy, with photograph attached, of his original application. If possible, the copy for authentication should be sent to the department with the original passport application.

BRITISH EMPIRE-Persons going to British terri-

authentication should be sent to the department with the original passport application.

BRITISH EMPIRE—Persons going to British territory should have their passports visaed by a British diplomatic or consular officer, preferably in the United States. A person going to the British Empire accompanied by his wife and minor children may have his family included in his passport, but a photograph of each member of his family over fourteen years of age must be attached to his passport. Persons sailing for England from the port of New York should have their passports visaed by the British Consul-General in that city. The department has been informed that rigid restrictions have been placed upon all travel between England and the Continent of Europe, and that admission to Belgium from Holland is understood to be practically forbidden to travellers from England. Persons over fifteen years of age desiring to visit Australia are required to produce passports visaed by British diplomatic or consular officers.

BULGAHA—Persons going to Bulgaria should haved their passports visaed by the Consul-General of Bulgaria at New York City, or by a diplomatic or consular officer of Bulgaria in some foreign country. FRANCE—Persons going to France should have their passports visaed by a French diplomatic or consular officer of preferably in the United States. Every person going to France, unless he was naturalized since September 27, 1906, should obtain an authenticated copy of the application upon which his passport was issued and present it, with his passport, to the French diplomatic or consular officer at lease they are preferably in the United States. An American citizen who does not go directly from this country to France, but solourns in some other foreign country before visiting France, should inquire of a French diplomatic or consular officer preferably in the United States. An American citizen who does not go directly from this country to France, but solourns in some other foreign country before visiting France, should inquir

within three days of the date of salling from England. Germany—broods going to Germany should have their passports visaed by a German diplomatic or consular officer, preferably in the United States. Under German regulations, each person over nine years of age entering Germany must hold a separate passport. Native American citizens and American citizens who were naturalized before September 27, 1906, should obtain authenticated copies of their passport applications to submit with their passports to the German diplomatic or consular officers to whom they apply to have their passports visaed, as in the case of persons going to Austria-Hungary. Married women should also submit their marriage certificates. A new visa of a passport

by a German diplomatic or consular officer is required for each separate entry into Germany. In order to obtain a visa the bearer of a passport must apply in person to a German diplomatic or consular officer. The bearer must present two photographs, similar to the one on his passport, for the files of the German diplomatic or consular officer. A visa will not be granted unless the journey seems to be necessary, and the necessity must be shown by the bearer. If his journey is for business purposes, he must submit papers showing what business houses he intends to visit in Germany. If the journey is for the purpose of visiting friends or relations, the urgent necessity of doing so must be shown.

submit papers showing what business houses be intends to visit in Germany. If the journey is for the purpose of visiting friends or relations, the urgent necessity of doing so must be shown.

ITALY—Persons going to Italy should have their passports visaed by an Italian consular officer, preferably in the United States. Under Italian regulations, each person over sixteen years of age entering Italy must hold a separate passport.

PERSIA—Persons going to Persia should have their passports visaed by the Persian Minister at Washington, D. C.

FORTUGAL—Persons going to Portugal should have their passports visaed by a Portuguese diplomatic or consular officer, preferably the Portuguese Consul-General in New York City.

ROUMANIA—Persons going to Roumania should have their passports visaed by a Roumanian diplomatic their passports visaed by a Roumanian diplomatic their passports visaed by a Roumanian diplomatic their passports visaed by a Roumanian diplomatic their passports sized by a Russiar officers of Roumania in the United States.

\*RUSSIA—Persons going to Russia should have their passports visaed by a Russian consular officer, preferably in the United States, at San Francisco, Chicago or New York City. A person who desires a visa of his passport to cover a period longer than three months should make a special request to that effect. Russian regulations require that a passport must state definitely the names of the places in Russia which the holder expects to visit and the objects of his visits thereto, and must bear the photographs of all persons included therein who are over ten years of age. Native American citizens and American citizens who were naturalized before September 27, 1906, should obtain authenticated copies of their passport applications to submit with their passports of section in some foreign country.

TURETY—Persons going to Turkey should have their passports visaed by a Turkish consular officer, or consular officer of Serbia in some foreign country.

TURETY—Persons going to Definite more consula

#### EXTRA PHOTOGRAPHS.

Persons going to beligerent countries may avoid inconvenience by carrying with them several extra unmounted photographs similar to the ones attached their passports.

#### ROUTES OF TRAVEL.

department cannot undertake The department cannot undertake to advise American citizens concerning the routes they should take in travelling abroad. It may be said, however, that it is objectionable for persons to travel through or from a helligerent country to a country which is at war therewith. Consequently the Department of State declines to issue passports for such travel. DEPARTMENT OF STATE,

Washin.yton, July 18, 1916.

# LIABILITY FOR MILITARY SERVICE IN FOREIGN COUNTRIES OF PERSONS RESIDING IN THE UNITED STATES.

The Department of State has recently received numerous inquiries from foreign-born persons residing in this country as to whether they may be compelled to perform military service in their native lands and as to what penalties, by way of these, confiscation of property, or imprisonment in case of return, they will incur if they fall to report to the authorities of their countries of origin for military service. Some of the inquiries refer to persons who have obtained auturalization as citizens of the United States, others to persons who have made declarations of intention to become American citizens, and still others to persons who have taken no steps toward acquiring American citizens, and still others to persons who have taken no steps toward acquiring American citizenship. Misconception and confusion concerning this matter appear to be current.

The United States is not a party to any treaties under which persons of foreign origin residing in this country may be compelled to return to their countries of origin for military service, nor is there any way in which persons may be forced into foreign armies against their will so long as they remain in the United States.

The department cannot undertake to give authentic, official information either 'n general, as to the requirements of the military service laws of foreign countries and the petalties provided

### PASSPORT REGULATIONS-Continued.

therein for evasion of military service, or, in particular, as to the status and present or future liabilities of individuals under such laws. Information of this kind must be obtained from officials of the foreign countries concerned.

The department issues printed circulars concerning the status in their native lands of naturalized citizens of the United States, natives of certain European countries, and these will be fursished to interested persons upon request. It is specifically stated in these circulars that the information contained in them is not to be considered as official so far as it relates to the laws and tregulations of foreign countries.

The United States has concluded treatles of naturalization with the following European countries: Austria-Hungary, Beigium, Denmark, the German States, Great Britain, Norway and Sweden. Copies of these treatles are to be found in "Treatles, Conventions, etc., between the United States of America and Other Powers" (Government Printing Office, 1910), and separate copies may be furnished by the department upon request. Under these treatles the naturalization of persons concerned as citizens of the United States and the termination of their former allegiance are recognized, with the reservation, in most of them, that such persons remain liable to trial and punishment in their native lands for offences committed prior to emigration therefrom, the office of evasion therefrom within patient of the content of the patient of emigration therefrom the patient of the patient of the content of the contries of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the cont

It is important to observe that an agien who declares his intention to become a citizen of the United States does not, at the time of making such declaration, renounce allegiance to his original sovereign, but merely declares that he intends to do so. Such person does not, by his declaration of intention, acquire the status of a citizen of the United States.

Department of State, Washington, August 14, 1914.

#### LINCOLN MEMORIAL.

THE Sixty-first Congress, third session, passed an act, approved February 9, 1911, "to provide a commission to secure plans and designs for a monument or memorial to the memory of Abraham Lincoln." The text of the act is as follows:

Be tt enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled. That William H. Taft, \*Shelby M. Cullom, Joseph G. Cannon, George Peabody Wetmore, Samuel Walker McCall, † H. D. Money, and Champ Clark are hereby created a commission to be known as the Lincoln Memorial Commission, to procure and determine upon a location, plan, and design for a monument or memorial in the city of Washington, District of Columbia, to the memory of Abraham Lincoln, subject to the approval of Congress.

Sec. 2. That in the discharge of its duties hereunder said commission is authorized to employ the services of such artists, sculptors, architects, and others as it shall determine to be necessary, and to avail itself of the services or advice of the Commission of Fine Arts, created by the act approved May 17, 1910.

Sec. 3. That the construction of the monument or memorial, herein and hereby authorized shall be upon such site as shall be entered upon as speedily as practicable after the plan and design therefor is determined upon and approved by Congress, and said construction shall be entered upon as speedily as practicable after the plan and design therefor is determined upon and approved by Congress, and shall be prosecuted to completion, under the direction of said commission and the supervision of the Secretary of War, under a contract is hereby authorized to be entered into by said Secretary in a total sum not exceeding two million doilars.

Sec. 4. That vacancies occurring in the membership of the commission shall be filled by appointment by the President of the United States. On the axis of the United States Capitol and the Washington Monument, in accordance and proved by the Secretary 12, 1913. Congress approved the plan, design and location for th

# INTERNATIONAL POLAR COMMISSION.

ORGANIZED at Brussels, Belgium, May 29, 1908. President— Vice-President—
Dr. Otto Nordenskjold, Sweden. Secretary—Rear-Admiral Robert E. Peary (U. S. N.).

MEMBERS—Prof. E. Bruckner, Prof. G. Trabert, Prof. E. Oberhummer and Prof. A. Grund, Austria; Barou Roland Edive's, Rear-Admiral A. Gratzl, Prof. R. de Kövesligethy, and Dr. J. Kepes, Hungary; Capt. A. de Gomery de Gerlache, Brussels, and Prof. Reorges Lecointe, Uccle, Belgium; Rear-Admiral Rous A. Goui, Chile; Capt. Holm, Capt. Koch, Capt. Amdrup, and Dr. la Cour, Denmark; Rear-Admiral Robert E. Peary, U. S. N., and Herbert L. Bridgman, United States; Admiral Umberto Cagni, R. N.; Prof. G. Cora, Capt. Marquis Giovanni Roncagli, and Cavalier Petro Molinelli, Italy; Dr. Van der Stok, Capt. J. M. Phaff, Dr. Van Everdingen, and J. L. H. Luymes, Netherlands; Prof. Mehedinti, Prof. Coculesco, and Prof. Stefan Popescu, Roumania; Prof. Rudmose Brown, Dr. William S. Bruce, Dr. Bartholomew, and Dr. Richardson, Great Britain; Gen. Lieut. Jules de Schokalsky and Dr. Knipovitch, Russia; Dr. Baron de Geer, Dr. Otto Nordenskjold, Dr. Hamberg and Dr. Andersson, Sweden; Prof. Erich Von Drygalski, Prof. Albrecht Penck, Dr. Supan and Dr. Wiechert, Germany; M. M. Maurice Zimmerman, and Ernest Gourdon, France.

# NATURALIZATION LAWS.

The following paraphrase and condensation of the naturalization laws of the United States have been revised by the Commissioner of Naturalization of the Department of Labor, and includes such minor changes in the law as were provided by the amendments embodied in the acts of Congress, approved June 25, 1910, and June 30, 1914.

The following courts alone have the power to naturalize aliens: United States District Courts Dow existing, or which may hereafter be established by Congress in any State, United States District Courts for the Territories of Hawali and Alaska, also all courts of record in any State or Territory now existing, or which may hereafter be created, having a seal, a cierk and jurisdiction in actions at law or equity, or law and equity, in which the amount in controversy is unlimited.

The power to naturalize, conferred upon the above mentioned courts, is limited to persons restding within the geographical limits over which their respective jurisdiction extends.

Any allen who is a white person, or of African nativity or African descent, is required, if he desires to become naturalized, to file a declaration of intention in the clerk's office of any court having jurisdiction over the place in which he lives, and such declaration must contain information as to the allen has reached the age of eighteen years. This declaration must contain information as to the name, age, occupation, time and place of arrival in the United States, and must further show that it is the declarant's bona fide in the intention to become a citizen of the United States, and must further show that it is the declarant's bona fide in the other of the United States, and must further show that it is the declarant's bona fide in the indice to any foreign prince, potentate, state or sovereignty, and particularly to the one of which he may be at the time a citizen or subject.

Altens of the age of twenty-one years and upward, who have been honorably discharged from service in the armies of the United States, either regular or volunteer, are not required to make a declaration of intention.

Any allen, of the age of twenty-one years and upward.

Any allen, of the age of twenty-one years and upward, who has served five consecutive years in the United States Navy or one cullstment in the United States Martine Corps, may be admitted to citizenship (under the act of July 26, 1894) without any previous declaration of intention.

Under the act approved June 30, 1914, any allen of the age of twenty-one years and upward, who may under existing law become a citizen, who has served one cullstment of not less than four years in the United States Navy or Marine Corps, or who has completed four years in the United States States Navy or Marine Corps, or who has completed four years in the United States Coast Guard, and received an honorable discharge or an ordinary discharge with recommendation for reculstment, or has completed four years of honorable service in the naval auxiliary service, is admissible to citizenship, upon his petition, without a previous declaration of intention, and without proof of residence on shore.

shore.

The widow and children who are under age at the time that an alien who has made his declaration of intention has died, without having secured a certificate of naturalization, are also exempted from the necessity of filing a declaration of intention.

By act of June 25, 1910, any person who on May 1, 1905, was an inhabitant for five years and qualified to become a citizen of the United States and who for the five years preceding May 1, 1910, had resided in the United States continuously and who, because of misinformation in regard to his citizenship, had in good faith exercised the rights and duties of a citizen of the United States because of wrongful information and belief, may, upon proof of these facts satisfactory to a court having jurisdiction to naturalize aliens, petition for naturalization without filing the required declaration of intention upon compilance with the other requirements of the law.

PETITIONS FOR NATURALIZATION.

intention upon compliance with the other requirements of the law.

PETITIONS FOR NATURALIZATION.

Not less than two years atter an allen has filed his declaration of intention, and after not less than dye years' continuous residence in the United States, he may file a petition for citizenship in any one of the courts above stated which has jurisdiction over the place in which he resides, provided he has lived at least one year continuously, immediately prior to the filing of such petition, in the State or Territory in which such place is located. This petition must be signed by the petitioner in his own handwriting and shall give his full name, place of residence, occupation, place of birth and the date thereof, the place from which he emigrated, and the date and place of his arrival in the United States. If such arrival occurred subsequent to the passage of the act of June 29, 1906, he must secure a cerdification of the court to be attached to his petition. If he is married he must state the name of his wife and, if possible, the country of her nativity and her place of residence at the time of the filing of his petition, and, if he has children, the name, date and place of birth and present place of residence of each living child. The petition must set forth that he is not a disheliever in or opposed to organized government, or a member of or affiliated with any organization or body of persons teaching dishelief in or opposition to organized government; that he is not a polygamist or a believer in the practice of polygamy, and that he absolutely and forever renounces all allegiance and fidelity to any foreign country of which he may, at the time of filing such petition, be a citizen or subject. This petition must be verified at the time it is filed by the affidavit of two credities witnesses, who are citizens of the United States and who shall state that they have known the petitioner subject. This petition must be verified at the time it is filed by the affidavit of two credities witnesses, who are citizens

#### NATURALIZATION LAWS-Continued.

#### NATURALIZATION OF WOMEN.

The naturalization laws apply to unmarried allen women, and the foreign-born widows of aliens (who were not naturalized). The citizenship and aliegiance of a woman married to an alien is governed by that of the husband, and it has been held by the courts that during the existence of the marriage relations with an alien, a woman can neither be naturalized upon her own petition, nor file a valid declaration of intention. A foreign-born widow of an alien may proceed upon the declaration of the deceased husband, and the alien wife of an insane alien may petition upon the declaration of the insane husband, provided the wife has made a homestead entry under the United States land laws.

#### CITIZENSHIP OF WOMEN.

Any woman who is now or may bereafter be married to a citizen, and who might herself be lawfully naturalized, shall be deemed a citizen. A foreign woman who acquires American citizenship by marriage retains her citizenship that the termination of the marital relation if she continues to reside in the United States, unless she makes formal renunciation thereof before a naturalization court; or, if she resides abroad, she may retain her citizenship by pregistering before a United States Consul within one year after the termination of the marital relation.

Loss of Citizenship by Marriage—An American woman who marries a foreigner takes the nationality of her husband. At the termination of the marital relation she may resume her American citizenship, if residing in the United States, by merely continuing to reside therein; or, if abroad, by registering before a United States Consul within one year, or by returning to reside therein; or, if abroad, by registering before a United States Count of the United States affirmed a decision of a California court that an American woman married to an alien cannot vote in that State.

CHINESE LAPANESE ETC

#### CHINESE, JAPANESE, ETC.

The naturalization of Chinese is expressly prohibited by Section 14, Chapter 126, Laws of 1882. Section 2169 of the United States Revised Statutes limits naturalization to aliens being free white persons and to aliens of African nativity or descent. Under this section the various courts have denied naturalization to Afghans, a Fill Islander, Hindus (East Indians), Indians, Japanese, and other Mongolians, Malays (Including a native of Burma), and members of the Asiatic races.

# THE NATIONAL PURE FOOD LAW.

THE NATIONAL PURE FOOD LAW.

The Pure Food act, approved June 30, 1906, is entitled "An act for preventing the manufacture, sale, or transportation of adulterated or misbranded or poisonous or delecterious foods, drugs, medicines and liquors, and for regulating traffic therein, and for other purposes." It took effect by its terms on January 1, 1907.

The first section of the act makes it unlawful for any person to manufacture within the District of Columbia or any Territory any article of food or drug which is adulterated or misbranded, under a penalty not to exceed \$500, or one year's imprisonment, or both, for each subsequent offence, and not less than \$1,000 or one year's imprisonment, or both, for each subsequent offence.

Sec. 2 of the act makes it applicable to food or drugs introduced into any State from any other State, and from or to any foreign country.

Sec. 3. That the Secretary of the Treasury, the Secretary of Agriculture, and the Secretary of Commerce and Labor shall make uniform rules and regulations for carrying out the provisions of this act, including the collection and examination of specimens of foods and drugs manufactured or offered for sale in the District of Columbia, or in any Territory of the United States, or which shall be offered for sale in unbroken packages in any State other than that in which they shall have been respectively manufactured or produced, or which shall be received from any foreign country, or intended for shipment to any foreign country, or which may be submitted for examination by the chief health, food, or drug officer of any State. Territory, or the District of Columbia, or at any domestic or foreign port hrough which such product is offered for interstate commerce, or for export or import between the United States and any foreign roor or country.

Sec. 4. That the examinations of specimens of foods and drugs shall be made in the Bureau of Chemistry of the Department of Agriculture, or under the direction and supervision of such bureau, for the purpose of deter

"Sec. 6. That the term 'drug,' as used in this act, shall include all medicines and preparations recognized in the United States Pharmacopoela or National Formulary for internal or external use, and any substance or mixture of substances intended to be used for the cure, mitigation or prevention of disease of either man or other animals. The term 'food,' as used herein, shall include all articles used for food drink, confectionery or condiment by man or other animals, whether simple, mixed or compound. "Sec. 7. That for the purposes of this act an article shall be deemed to be aduiterated:"

In case of drugs:

"First. If, when a drug is sold under or by a name recognized in the United States Pharmacopoela or National Formulary, it differs from the standard of strength, quality or purity, as determined by the test laid down in the United States Pharmacopoela or National Formulary official at the time of investigation: Provided, That no drug defined in the United States Pharmacopoela or National Formulary shall be deemed to be adulterated under this provision if the standard of strength, quality or purity be plainly stated upon the bottle, box or other container thereof, although the standard may differ from that determined by the test laid down in the United States Pharmacopoela or National Formulary.

"Second. If its strength or nutity fall below the professed standard or quality under which it is sold."

It its strength or purity fall below the professed standard or quality under which it is sold."

In the case of confectionery:

"If it contain terra alba, barytes, talc, chrome yellow, or other mineral substance or poisonous color or flavor, or other ingredient deleterious or detrimental to health, or any vinous, malt or spirituous liquor or compound or narcotic drug."

In the case of food:

"Figure 1" or which the case of food:

"Figure 1" or which the case of food:

"Figure 1" or which the case of food:

If any substance has been mixed and packed with it so as to reduce, or lower,

"First. If any substance has been mixed and packed with it so as to reduce, or lower, or injuriously affect its quality or strength.

"Second. If any substance has been substituted wholly or in part for the article.

"Third. If any valuable constituent of the article has been wholly or in part extracted.

"Fourth. If it be mixed, colored, powdered, coated, or stained in a manner whereby damage or inferiority is concealed.

"Third is a substituted of the article and the substitute of the article has been wholly or in part extracted.

damage or interiority is concealed.

"Fifth. If it contain any added poisonous or other added deleterious ingredient which may render such article injurious to health: Provided, That when in the preparation of food products for shipment they are preserved by any external application applied in such manner that the preservative is necessarily removed mechanically, or by maceration in water, or otherwise, and directions for the removal of said preservatives shall be printed on the covering or the package, the provisions of this act shall be construed as applying only when said products are ready for consumption.

"Sixth. If it consists in whole or in part of a filthy, decomposed, or putrid animal or vegetable substance, or any portion of an animal unfit for food, whether manufactured or not, or if it is the product of a diseased animal, or one that has died otherwise than by slaughter.

slaughter.

slaughter.

"Sec. 8. That the term 'misbranded,' as used herein, shall apply to all drugs, or articles of food, or articles which enter into the composition of food, the package or label of which shall bear any statement, design, or device regarding such article, or the ingredients or substances contained therein which shall be false or misleading in any particular, and to any food or drug product which is falsely branded as to the State, Territory, or country in which it is manufactured or produced.

"That for the purposes of this act an article shall also be deemed to be misbranded." In case of drugs:

"First. If it be an imitation of or offered for sale under the name of another article. "Second. If the contents of the package as originally put up shall have been removed, in whole or in part, and other contents shall have been placed in such package, or if the package fail to bear a statement on the label of the quantity or proportion of any alcohol, morphine, opium, cocaine, heroin, alpha or beta eucaine. chloroform. cannabis indica. chloral hydrate or acetanilide, or any derivative or preparation of any such substances contained therein. therein. "Third.

"Third. If its package or label shall bear or contain any statement, design, or device regarding the curative or therapeutic effect of such article or any of the ingredients or substances contained therein, which is farse and fraudulent."

In the case of food:
"First. If it be an imitation of or offered for sale under the distinctive name of

In the case of food:

"First. If it be an imitation of or offered for sale under the distinctive name of another article.

"Second. If it be labelled or branded so as to deceive or mislead the purchaser, or purport to be a foreign product when not so, or if the contents of the package as originally put up shall have been removed in whole or in part and other contents shall have been placed in such package, or if it fail to bear a statement on the label of the quantity or proportion of any morphine, opium, cocaine, heroin, alpha or beta eucaine, chloroform, cannabis indica, chloral hydrate, or acetanilide, or any derivative or preparation of any such substance contained therein.

"Third. If in package form, the quantity of the contents be not plainly and conspicuously marked on the outside of the package in terms of weight, measure, or numerical count: Provided, however, That reasonable variations shall be permitted, and tolerances and also exemptions as to small packages shall be established by rules and regulations made in accordance with the provisions of Section 3 of this act. (The act of March 3, 1913, provides that no penalty of fine, imprisonment, or confiscation shall be enforced for any violation of its provisions as to domestic products prepared or foreign products imported prior to eighteen months after its passage.)

"Fourth. If the package containing it or its label shall bear any statement, design or device regarding the ingredients or the substances contained therein, which statement, design or device shall be false or misleading. In any particular: Provided, That an article of food which does not contain any added poisonous or deleterious ingredients shall not be deemed to be adulterated or misbranded in the following cases:

"First, In the case of mistures or compounds which may be now or from time to time hereafter known as articles of food, under their own distinctive names, and not an imitation of or offered for sale under the distinctive name of another article, if the name be accompanied on

#### THE NATIONAL PURE FOOD LAW-Continued.

manufacturers of proprietary foods which contain no unwholesome added ingredients to disclose their trade formulas, except in so far as the provisions of this act may require to secure freedom from adulteration or misbranding.

"Sec. 9. That no dealer shall be prosecuted under the provisions of this act, when he can establish a guaranty signed by the wholesaler, jobber, manufacturer or other party residing in the United States, from whom he purchases such articles, to the effect that the same is not adulterated or misbranded within the meaning of this act, designated the same is not adulterated or misbranded within the meaning of this act, designated the same is not adulterated or misbranded within the meaning of this act, designated the same is not adulterated or misbranded within the meaning of this act, designated within the meaning of this act, designated the same is not adulterated or misbranded within the meaning of this act, designated the same is not adulterated or misbranded within the meaning of this act. nating it."

The remaining provisions of the act provide the methods of prosecuting offenders and destroying goods imported or offered for import which are adulterated or faisely

iabelied.

#### SUMMARY OF RESULTS.

(Bureau of Chemistry, Carl L. Alsberg, Chief, Washington, D. C.)

During the fiscal year 1915 4,412 official samples of foods and drugs shipped in interstate commerce
and 873 unofficial samples were collected and examined; 20,238 import shipments were examined at the
import laboratories; 767 cases were transmitted to the Department of Justice, in 276 of which criminal proceedings and in 491 of which selzure proceedings were recommended; 501 criminal and 457 selzure cases, in
all 958, were terminated in the courts.

ABOLISHING GUARANTY LEGEND AND SERIAL NUMBER ON FOOD AND DRUGS.

ABOLISHING GUARANTY LEGEND AND SERIAL NUMBER ON FOOD AND DRUGS, the has been made to appear that (1) dealers in food and drugs have on hand a great many labels and containers printed or marked prior to the date of Fod Inspection Decision 153 (fair which of the prior to the date of Fod Inspection Decision 153 (fair which of the Fod Inspection Decision 153 (fair which of Inspection Decision 153 (fair which of Inspection Decision 153 (fair which of Inspection Decision 153 (fair which of Inspection Decision 153 (fair which of Inspection Decision 153 (fair which of Inspection Decision 153 (fair which of Inspection Decision 153 (fair which of Inspection Decisions 153 and 155, be enforced beginning on May 1, 1916.

Accordingly, proceedings under the Food and Cruss Act, based on the shipment in interstate or foreign commerce, or the sale in the District of Columbia or the Territories, prior to May 1, 1918, of any article of food or drugs, will not be instituted solely on account of the fact that the label thereon or the container thereof bears the legend "Guaranteed by (name of guarantor) under the Food and Drugs Act, June 30, 1906." or a serial number issued by the United States Department of Agriculture, or both, upon it being established that such label or container was so printed or marked prior to May 5, 1914.

#### INVENTIONS.

EPOCH-MAKING INVENTIONS BY PEOPLE OF THE UNITED STATES DURING THE LAST FIFTY YEARS, AS LISTED IN THE NATIONAL GEOGRAPHIC MAGAZINE.

Invention.	Inventor.	Date.	INVENTION.	Inventor.	Date.
Telephone		1876	Type-bar casting	Mergenthaler	1885
Typewriter	Sholes	1878	Chrome tanning	Schulz	1884
Cash register	Patterson	1885	Disk ploughs (modern type)	Hardy	1896
Incandescent lamp	Edison	11880 1	Welt machine	Goodyear	1871
Talking machine	Edison	1878	Electric lamp	Brush	1879
Electric furnace reduction	Cowles	1885	Electric lamp	Burroughs	1888
Electrolytic alkali prod'ction	Castner	1890	Celluloid	Hvatt	1870
Transp'rent photograph film	Eastman	1888	Automatic knot-tying har-		
Motion-picture machine	Edison	1893	vester machine	Appleby	1880
Buttonhole-sewing machine.	Reece	11881	Water gas	Lowe	1875
Carborundum	Acheson	1891	Machine for making barbed		
Calcium carbide	Willson	1888	wire	Glidden	1875
Artificial graphite	Acheson	1896	Rotary converter		
Split-phase induction motor.	Tesla	1887	Automatic car-coupler		
Alr brake	Westinghouse	1869	High-speed steel		
Electric welding	Thomson		Dry-air process for blast fur-	- 43 101 42 11 2210	
Chain-stitch shoe-sewing ma-		1000	nace	Gayley .	1894
chine	Franch & Myore	1881	Block signals for railways	Robinson	1872
Continuous-process match	French & Mayers	1001	Trolley car	Van Denoele &	10.12
machine	Beecher	1888	1101103 0011111111111111111	Sprague	1884-87
Single-type composing ma-		1	Harveyized armor plate		
chine	Longton	1887	The regiment and place		1
еште	плацыон,	12001	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

As compared with this list, note the following list of important inventions that have been made during the same period by foreigners, which has been compiled from information furnished by the 43 examining divisions of the Patent Office:

	Heroult	French.
Artificial alizarene (dye)   1869   G	Nobel. Graebe & Lleberman. Phompson. Dito Marconi. Vielle. Diesel. De Laval. Hadfield. Gaulard & Glibbs. Arthur & De Forrest. Welsbach.	Swedish, German, English, German, Italian, French, German, Swedish, English, English, Austrian,

# UNITED STATES INTERNAL REVENUE RECEIPTS. SUMMARY OF INTERNAL REVENUE RECEIPTS FROM 1907 TO 1916, INCLUSIVE

FISCAL YEARS.	Spirits.	Tobacco.	Fermented Liquors.	Income Tax.	FISCAL YEARS.	Spirits.	Tobacco.	Fermented Liquors.	Income Tax.
1907 1908 1909 1910 1911	\$156,336,902 140,158,807 134,868,034 148,029,311 155,279,858	49,862,754 51,887,178 58,118,457	59,807,617 57,456,411 60,572,288		1913 1914 1915	\$156,391,487 163,879,342 159,098,177 144,619,699 158,682,429	76,789,424 79,986,639	66,266,989 67,081,512 79,328,946	\$71,381,274 80,190,694 *124,937,252

Of the miscellaneous receipts received in 1916 (total \$1,678,021), \$819,654 was from playing cards, and \$458,772 from penalties, etc. Receipts from oleomargarine \$1,485,970. (a) Including \$258,097 from sale of internal revenue stamps affixed to Philippine products, as provided for in the act of August 5, 1909. \*Income tax from corporations \$56,972,720, from individuals \$67,943,594, from Alaska railroads \$20,937.

The receipts of income tax from individuals for year ended June 30, 1916 as classified to conform to provisions of the act, were as follows: .\$23,995,777.281 

comes exceeding: \$20,000 and not more than \$50,000. \$75,000 and not more than \$75,000. \$75,000 and not more than \$100,000.

23,995,777.28 | \$100,000 and not more than \$250,000 \$10,936,326,15 \$250,000 and not more than \$250,000 \$10,936,326,15 \$250,000 and not more than \$500,000 \$6,393,858,64 \$4,071,361,94 \$6,000 \$10,936,326,15 \$264,862,94 \$4,071,361

Supplemental statement showing the receipts under act of October 3, 1913, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1916.

STATES, ETC.	Corporation Income Tax.	Individual Income Tax.	STATES. ETC.	Corporation Income Tax.	Individual Income Tax.	tax.
		Theomic Tun.	l			e t 62.
Alabama	\$201,568.82	\$109,983.51	Nebraska	\$332,705.69	\$100,206.31	9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9
Alaska	5,697.20	10,741.56	Nevada	52,367.40	5,224.54	year     income   1,046,10
Arizona	182,694.64	50,607.07	New Hampshire.	103,162.65	101,777.92	9.54
Arkansas	112,074.11	44,278.79	New Jersey	1,637,733.80	2,928,300.13	287
California	1,886,379.17	1,488,184.98	New Mexico	138,868.57	43,916.16	furing the fiscal I: Corporation I II Income tax, \$41
Colorado	464,293.67	342,478.80	New York	14,947,802.46	30,252,255.39	98 10 %
Connecticut	1,275,389.68	1,446,218.16	North Carolina	323,927.03	176,754.33	d in X
Delaware	1,078,185.89	1,441,431.59	North Dakota	97.930.34	38,432.79	£126
District of Col	152,892.39	493,682.99	Ohio	3,627,218.61	2,416,701.11	# 2 E
Florida	108,690.12	133,461.34	Oklahoma	404,575.80	489,440.08	200
Georgia	367,291.95	199,546.46	Oregon	197,795.61	118,437.49	200
Hawaii	341,938.37	112,144.95	Pennsylvania	6,789,242.89	6,313,191.41	E.E
Idaho	129,392.94	40,932.61	Rhode Island	416,816.44	686,626.04	receipts du Included: individual
Illinois	5,579,151.99	5,166,689.91	South Carolina	173,188.91	76,250.01	n a
Indiana	814,207.98	410,320.06	South Dakota	78,211.48	20,161.60	525
Iowa	517,887.96	277,098.45	Tennessee	329,015.11	207,316.37	## N
Kansas	377,189.51 411,845.54	139,303.47	Texas	897,670.97	672,456.10	255
Kentucky	406,416,45	165,112.75 296,341 35	Vermont	430,493.93	85,452.71	2-3
Louisiana Maine	320,841.32	193,181.89	Virginia	83,533.01 647.833,96	259,470 85 289,932.99	್ಣು∷
Maryland	555,687.34	806,216.58	Washington	374,240.51	208,425,57	The 1915,
Massachusetts	2,668,189,60	4,193,828.30	West Virginia	332.149.92	132,064.13	31,1
Michigan	2,020,472.80	1.876,745.98	Wisconsin	778,335.91	559,948.98	-10
Minnesota	1.854.447.24	866.557.91	Wyoming	109,210.07	21,623.57	88.4°
Mississippi	78,096.61	67,456.97		100,210.01	22,020.01	OTE 30,
Missouri	1,583,236,61	1,206,728.67	Total	\$56,972,720.88	867.943.594.63	No une 39,1
Montana	174,529.91	99,952.95		400,012,120.00	40.,010,001.00	Ju.

INTERNAL REVENUE RECEIPTS BY STATES AND TERRITORIES.

FISCAL TEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1910.						
STATES AND	Aggregate	STATES AND	Aggregate	STATES AND	Aggregate	
TERRITORIES.	Collections.	TERRITORIES.	Collections.	TERRITORIES.	Collections.	
Alabama	6667.040.10	Malna	6020 660 02	Demonstra	044.017.504.07	
Alabama		Maine	5555,000.93	Pennsylvania	\$44,817,504.27	
Alaska		Maryland	8,789,495.35	Porto Rico*	588,551.78	
Arizona		Massachusetts	16,059,024.68	Rhode Island	2,403,593.62	
Arkansas		Michigan	12,370,450.88	South Carolina	598,535.44	
California	15,167,119,68	Mlnnesota	6,827,377.49	South Dakota	457,742,23	
Colorado	1,665,031.28	Mississippi	304,884,61	Tennessee	2,883,994.62	
Connecticut	5.295.874.32	Missouri	16.856,519.11	Texas	4,032,276.04	
Delaware	2.076.028.03	Montana	991,399.65	Utah	934,681.87	
Dist. of Columbia		Nebraska	4,682,808.98	Vermont	459,561,97	
Florida		Nevada	157,393.28	Virginia	9,567,961,24	
Georgia		New Hampshire	922,659.06	Washington	1.905.891.20	
Hawaii	694,137.85	New Jersey	18,656,493,491	West Virginia	2,099,127,46	
Idaho		New Mexico	306,518.72	Wisconsin	12,993,916.57	
Illinois		New York	104,910,489.62	Wyoming	250.144.85	
Indiana		North Carolina	19,543,586,25	Philippine Islands	258.097.63	
Iowa	2,562,859.08	North Dakota	388,141.95	Alaska (special		
Kansas		Ohio		fund)		
Kentucky	37,242,180.89	Oklahoma	1.367,289,06			
Louisiana	10,182,988.37	Oregon	1,032,051.93	Total	\$512,723,287.77	

#### WITHDRAWALS FOR CONSUMPTION.

The quantities of distilled spirits, fermented liquors, manufact. od tobacco, snuff, cigars, cigarettes, cleanargarite, etc., on which tax was paid are as follows:

ARTICLES TAXED.	FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30.	
	1915.	1916.
Spirits distilled from apples, peaches, grapes, pears, pineapples, oranges, apricots, b-rries, prunes, figs, and cherries	2,516,054	2,984,743
plneapples, oranges, apricots, berries, prunes, figs, and cherries. gals. Fermented liquors. bbls. Clars, veighing more than 3 pounds per thousand. number.	121,639,124 59,746,701 7,058,122,323	58.564.508
Cigars, weighing not more than 3 pounds per thousand	972,263,280 15,703,061	947,537,360 21,560,406
Cigarettes, weighing not more than 3 pounds per thousand	29,839,074	33,170,680
Tobacco, chewing and smoking	143,268,730	1150,523,725
Process or renovated butterlbs		35,021,016

Note-The quantity of mixed fir r withdrawn cannot be stated, owing to the variable number of nounds taxed.

† Includes 3,983,493 pounds (colored) at 10 cents and 146,540,232 pounds (uncolored) at one-fourth of 1 cent per pound.

Receipts of tax on Porto Rican products—spirits, cigars, and cigarettes—year ended June 30, 1916, \$588,551; on cigars and cigarettes from Philippines, \$258,097.

SPECIAL TAXES AND RATES—Rectifiers of less than 500 barrels a year, \$100; rectifiers of 500 barrels or more a year, \$200.

Wholesale liquor dealers, \$100; retail liquor deal-

ers, \$25. Wholesale dealers in malt liquors, \$50; retall deal-

Wholesale dealers in malt liquors, \$50; retail dealers in malt liquors, \$20. Manufacturers of stills, \$50; and for stills or worms, manufactured, each, \$20. Brewers: Annual manufacture less than 500 barrels, \$50; annual manufacture 600 barrels or more, \$10 manufacture 500 barrels or more 5

Manufacturers of filled cheese, \$400; wholesale dealers in filled cheese, \$250; retail dealers in filled cheese, \$12.

dealers in filled cheese, \$250; retail dealers in filled cheese, \$120;

Manufacturers of oleomargarine, \$600; wholesale dealers in oleomargarine artificially colored in imitation of butter, \$450; wholesale dealers in oleomargarine free from artificial coloration, \$200; retail dealers in oleomargarine artificial idealers in oleomargarine free from artificial coloration, \$200; retail dealers in oleomargarine free from artificial dealers in oleomargarine free from artificial coloration, \$6.60; wholesale dealers in adulterated butter, \$480; retail dealers in form foreign countries in adulterated butter, \$480; retail dealers from foreign countries in adulterated butter, \$50; manufacturers, packers, or repackers of mixed flour, \$12. manufacturers, packers, or repackers of mixed flour, \$12. manufacturers, packers, or repackers of mixed flour, \$12. manufacturers, packers, or repackers of mixed flour, \$12. manufacturers, simple for distilled spirits, per some than spirits bottled in bond, 10 cents. Grape brandy used in the fortification of sweet wines, per taxable gallon, \$1.10; stamps for distilled spirits intended for export, each, 5 and 10 cents. Grape brandy used in the fortification of sweet wines, per taxable gallon, \$1.50; each seems of the spirits bottled in bond, 10 cents. Grape brandy used in the fortification of sweet wines, per taxable gallon, \$1.50; each seems of the spirits bottled in bond, 10 cents. Grape brandy used in the fortification of sweet wines, per taxable gallon, \$1.50; each seems of the spirits intended for export, each seems of the spirits hereded for export, each seems of the spirits he

similar compounds, 6 cents per quart-domestic and imported.

FERMENTED LIQUORS—Fermented liquors per barrel, \$1 and \$1.50; if stored in warehouse, 50 cents

per barrel. TOBACCO, TOBACCO, SNUFF, CIGARS, AND CIGARETTES— Tobacco, however prepared, manufactured, and sold, or removed for consumption or sale, per lb., 8 cents; snuff, however prepared, manufactured, and sold, or removed for consumption or sale, per lb., 8 cents.

cents. See the content of the conten

FILLED CHEESE—Filled cneese, per 10., 1 cent; same, imported, per 10., 8 cents.

MIXED FLOUR—Mixed flour, per barrel of 196 lbs., or more than 98 lbs., 4 cents; half barrel of 98 lbs., or more than 49 lbs., 2 cents; quarter barrel of 49 lbs., or more than 24½ lbs., 1 cent; eighth barrel of 24½ lbs. or less, ½ cent.

MISCELLANEOUS—Playing cards, per pack, 2

cents. Opium, manufactured for smoking purposes, per lb., \$300. White phosphorous matches, per

### COST OF COLLECTION.

The cost of collecting the internal revenue for the fiscal year 1916 was approximately \$14.02 per thousand dollars, or 1.40 per cent., which is the lowest annual cost of the bureau. The cost of collection the previous year, in which the largest sum was collected prior to the fiscal year 1916, was \$16.37 per thousand dollars, or 1.64 per cent. The average cost of collection since the establishment of the bureau is \$24.26 per thousand dollars, or 2.43 per cent.

#### EMERGENCY REVENUE.

Public Resolution No. 2, approved December 17, 1915 (H. J. Res. 59), extended the provisions of the act of October 22, 1914, to and including December 31, 1916. The revenue collected thereunder during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1916, and included in the total ordinary receipts was as follows:

The state of the s	
Wines, champagne, liqueurs, cordials, etc.  Grape brandy used in fortification of sweet wines.  Fermented liquors (additional 50 cents per barrel).  2	29.311.164.50
Special taxes relating to manufacture and sale of tobacco, cigars, and cigarettes	2,739,853.05
Schedule A (documentary stamps, etc.) Schedule B (perfumery, cosmetics, etc.)	

### UNITED STATES INTERNAL REVENUE COLLECTORS.

DISTRICT.	Collector.	Address.	DISTRICT.	Collector.	Address.
Alabama	John D. McNeel		New Hamp	Seth W. Jones	Portsmouth.
Arkansas	Jack Walker	Little Rock.	lst N. Jersey	Samuel Iredell	Camden.
1st Cal	Joseph J. Scott	San Francisco.		Charles V. Duffy	
6th Cal	John P. Carter	Los Angeles.	New Mexico.	Lewis T. Carpenter	Phoenix, Arlz.
Colorado	Mark A. Skinner	Denver.	lst N. York	Henry P. Keith	Brook yn.
Connecticut	James J. Walsh	Hartford.	2d N. York	John Z. Lowe, Jr	New York City.
Florida	Henry H. Lewis	Jacksonville.	3d N. York	Mark Eisner	New York City.
Georgia	Aaron O. Blalock		14th N. York	Roscoe Irwin	Albany.
Hawall	John F. Haley			Neal Brewster	
	Julius F. Smietanka			Vincent H. Riordan	
5th Illinois	Edward D. McCabe			James Coffey	
8th Iliinois	John L. Pickering		4th N. Car	Josiah W. Bailey	Raleigh.
13th Illinois	John M. Rapp			Alston D. Watts	
6th Indiana	Peter J. Kruyer	Indianapolis.		Andrew C. Gilligan	
7th Indiana	Isaac R. Strouse		10th Ohlo	Frank B. Niles	Toledo.
3d Iowa	Louis Murphy	Dubuque.	11th Ohlo	Beriah E. Williamson.	Columbus.
Kansas	Wm. H. L. Pepperell			Harry H. Welss	
.2d Kentucky.	Josh T. Griffith	Owensboro.	Oklahoma	Hubert L. Bolen	Oklahoma.
	Thomas S. Mayes			Milton A. Miller	
	Chariton B. Thompson		1st Penn	Ephraim Lederer	Philadelphia.
7th Kentucky	Ben Marshali		9th Penn	Benjamin F. Davis	Lancaster.
8th Kentucky	John W. Hughes		12th Penn	Fred C. Kirkendall	Scranton.
Louisiana	John Y. Fauntleroy		23d Penn	C. Gregg Leweliyn	Pittsburgh.
Maryland	Joshua W. Miles	Baltimore.		Duncan C. Heyward	
3d Mass	John F. Malley		Tennessee	Edward B. Craig	Nashville.
1st Michlgan.	James J. Brady		3d Texas	Alex. S. Walker	Austin.
4th Michigan	Emanuel J. Doyle		2d Virginia	Richd. C. L. Moncure.	Richmond.
Minnesota	Edward J. Lynch		6th Virginia	John M. Hart	Roanoke.
1st Missouri.	George H. Moore			David J. Williams	
6th Missourl.	Edgar M. Harber	Kansas City.	West Virginia	Samuel A. Hays	Parkersburg.
Montana	William C. Whaley			Paul A. Hemmy	
Nebraska	Geo. L. Loomis	Omaha.	2d Wisconsin.	Burt Williams	Madison.

#### FEDERAL INCOME-TAX PAYERS.

AN ANALYSIS FOR CALENDAR YEAR 1914 AS SHOWN IN THE 1915 ANNUAL REPORT OF THE COMMISSIONER OF INTERNAL REVENUE.

Income taxes were paid to the Federal Government by 357,515 persons. Of this number 282,806 were married, 51,729 single men, 22,980 single women, and 3,985 married women making returns separate from those of their husbands. INCOMES THAT PAID TAX.

174 incomes exceeding \$500,000.	11,189 betw'n \$100,000 and \$150,000.	
	1,501 betw'n \$75,000 and \$100,000.	15,790 betw'n \$15,000 and \$20,000.
	. 3,660 between \$50,000 and \$75,000.	34,141 betw'n \$10,000 and \$15,000.
		127,448 betw'n \$5,000 and \$10,000.
233 between \$200,000 and \$250,000	6,008 between \$30,000 and \$40,000.	66,525 betw'n \$4,000 and \$5,000.
406 between \$150,000 and \$200,000	15,483 between \$25,000 and \$30,000.	l 82,754 betw'n \$3,000 and \$4,000.

#### BRITISH INCOME-TAX PAYERS.

(American Consular Report, May, 1915.)

It is probable that the total number of income-tax payers in Great Britain is somewhat under 1,000,000, many workingmen escaping payment of the tax because of the difficulty of obtaining an accurate record of individual earnings. In 1914 there were 709.356 assessments on individuals with incomes between £160 and £10,000 (\$750 and \$48,665) and 390 whose incomes exceeded the latter figure, the gross income of the 709,746 individuals being \$1,229,226,600. Classified by incomes these tax payers numbered:

INCOME.	Number of Assessments.	Gross Amount of Income.	INCOME.	Number of Assessments.	Gross Amount of Income.
\$780 to \$975. \$975 to \$1,460. \$1,460 to \$1,945. \$1,460 to \$1,945. \$1,945 to \$2,435. \$2,435 to \$2,920. \$2,920 to \$3,405. \$3,405 to \$3,895. \$3,895 to \$4,380.	257,499 237,434 85,557 46,063 23,411 13,383 10,250 5,779	286,987,400 147,357,500 102,762,600 63,537,800 42,772,100	\$4,380 to \$4,865 \$4,865 to \$9,735 \$9,735 to \$14,600. \$14,600 to \$19,465. \$19,465 to \$24,330. \$24,330 to \$48,665. \$48,665 and over	7,445 16,363 3,381 1,231 678 882 390	\$35,199,100 110,137,900 40,748,000 20,916,800 15,155,100 30,320,100 40,440,400

The foregoing schedule does not indicate the returns made by 55,949 firms nor the returns on incomes of public companies and local authorities.

#### NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF CREDIT MEN.

The National Association of Credit Men has for its object the improving and safeguarding of the conditions under which credit is extended through the co-operation of its 20,780 members. It aims to secure the enactment of laws beneficial to the honest debtor and creditor. It strives for better mercantile agency service, the prevention of commercial fraud, the bettering of credit department methods, the dissemination of literature of general interest to credit men and the education of his customers in the use of the financial statement, observance of discount terms, etc.

The work is done through a number of standing committees appointed by the national organization, which work with the co-operation of similar committees appointed by one hundred and fifteen affiliated branches. A number of the local branches operate bureaus for the exchange of credit information between their members, and bureaus for the friendly adjustment of insolvent estates, Prestdent—Chas. D. Joyce, Philadelphia, Pa. First Vice-President—S. J. Whitcok, Chicago, Ill. Second Vice-President—Frank S. Flagg, New York City. Secretary-Treasurer—J. H. Tregoe, 41 Park Row, New Yerk City.

New York Clty.

# CENERAL REVENUE LAW.

An act to increase the revenue, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress a:sembled.

#### TITLE I .- INCOME TAX.

PART I .-- ON INDIVIDUALS

SECTION 1. (a) That there shall be levied, assessed, collected, and paid annually upon the entire net income received in the preceding calendar year from all sources by every individual, a citizen or resident of the United States, a tax of 2 p. c. upon such income; and a like tax shall be levied, assessed, collected, and paid annually upon the entire net income received in the preceding calendar year from all sources within the United States by every individual, a non-resident alien, including interest on bonds, notes, or other interest-bearing obligations of residents, corporate or otherwise.

porate or otherwise.

(b) In addition to the income tax imposed by sub-(b) In addition to the income tax imposed by sun-division (a) of this section (herein referred to as the normal tax) there shall be levied, assessed, collected, and paid upon the total net income of every individ-ual, or, in the case of a non-resident alien, the total net income received from all sources within the United net meome received from an sources within the United States, an additional income tax (herein referred to as the additional tax) of 1 p. c. per annum upon the amount by which such total net income exceeds \$20,000 and does not exceed \$40,000, 2 p. c. per annum upon the amount by which such total net income exceeds \$40,000 and does not exceed \$60,000, 30 p. c. per annum upon the amount by which such total net income exceeds \$60,000, 30 p. c. per annum upon the exceed \$60,000 come exceeds \$40,000 and does not exceed \$60,000, 3 p. c. per annum upon the amount by which such total net income exceeds \$60,000 and does not exceed \$80,000, 4 p. c. per annum upon the amount by which such total net income exceeds \$80,000 and does not exceed \$100,000, 5 p. c. per annum upon the amount by which such total net income exceeds \$100,000 and does not exceed \$150,000, 6 p. c. per annum upon the amount by which such total net income exceeds \$150,000 and does not exceed \$200,000, 7 p. c. per annum upon the amount by which such total net income exceeds \$150,000 and does not exceed \$250,000 and does not exceed \$250,000, 7 p. c. per annum upon the amount by which such total net income exceeds \$250,000 and does not exceed \$250,000 and does not exceed \$300,000 and does not exceed \$300,000 and botal net income exceeds \$300,000 and does not exceed \$300,000 and does not exceed \$1,000,000 and does not exceed \$1,000,

p. c. per annual aport and another to the net income exceeds \$2,000.000.

For the purpose of the additional tax there shall be included as income the income derived from dividends on the capital stock or from the net earnings of any corporation, joint-stock company or associa-tion, or insurance company, except that in the case of non-resident aliens such income derived from sources without the United States shall not be in-

ciuded

cluded.

All the provisions of this title relating to the normal tax on individuals, so far as they are applicable and are not inconsistent with this subdivision, and section 3, shall apply to the imposition, levy, assessment, and collection of the additional tax imposed under this subdivision.

The foregoing title and additional tax rates

(c) The foregoing normal and additional tax rates shall apply to the entire net income, except as here-inafter provided, received by every taxable person in the calendar year 1916 and in each calendar year thereafter.

# INCOME DEFINED.

SEC. 2. (a) That, subject only to such exemptions SEC. 2. (a) That, subject only to such exemptions and deductions as are hereinafter allowed, the net income of a taxable person shall include gains, profits, and income derived from salaries, wages, or compensation for personal service of whatever kind and in whatever form paid, or from professions, vocations, businesses, trade, commerce, or sales, or dealings in property, whether real or personal, growing out of the ownership or use of or interest in real or personal property, also from interest, rent, dividends, securities, or the transaction of any business carried on for gain or profit, or gains or profits. ness carried on for gain or profit, or gains or profits

and income derived from any source whatever: Provided, That the term "dividends" as used in this title shall be held to mean any distribution made or ordered to be made by a corporation, ioint-stock company, association, or insurance company, out of its earnings or profits accrued since March 1, 1913, and payable to its shareholders, whether in cash or in stock of the corporation, joint-stock company, association, or insurance company which stock dividend shall be considered income to the amount of tis cash value. Its cash value.

Its cash value.

(b) Income received by estates of deceased persons during the period of administration or settlement of the estate, snail be subject to the normal and additional tax and taxed to their estates, and also such income of estates or any kind of property heid in trust, including such income accumulated in trust for the benefit of unborn or unascertained persons, or persons with contingent interests and income held for future distribution under the terms of the will or trust shall be likewise taxed, the tax in each instance, except when the income is returned for the purpose trust shall be likewise taxed, the tax in each instance, except when the income is returned for the purpose of the tax by the beneficiary to be assessed to the executor, administrator or trustee as the case may be: Provided, That where the income is to be distributed annually or regularly between existing heirs or legatees, or beneficiaries the rate of tax and method of computing the same shall be based in each case upon the amount of the individual share to be distributed. to be distributed.

to be distributed.

Such trustees executors, administrators, and other flduciarles are hereby indennified against the claims or demands of every beneficiary for all payments of taxes which they shall be required to make under the provisions of this title and they shall have credit for the amount of such payments against the heneficiary or principal in any accounting which they make as such trustees or other fiduciaries.

(c) For the purpose of ascertaining the gain derived from the sale or other disposition of property, real, personal or mixed, acquired before March 1, 1913, the fair market price or value of such property as of March 1, 1913, shall be the basis for determining the amount of such gain derived.

#### ADDITIONAL TAX INCLUDES UNDISTRIBUTED PROFITS.

SEC. 3. For the purpose of the additional tax, the taxable income of any individual shall include the taxanor income of any individual shall include the share to which he would be entitled of the gains and profits, if divided or distributed, whether divided or distributed or not, of all corporations, joint-stock companies or associations, or insurance companies, however created or organized, formed or fraudulently nowever created or organized. formed or tradudulently availed of for the purpose of preventing the imposition of such tax through the medium of permitting such gains and profits to accumulate instead of being divided or distributed, and the fact that any such corporation, joint-stock company or association, or insurance company, is a mere holding company, or that the gains and profits are permitted to accumulate the such as the such control of the such control o that the gains and profits are permitted to accumulate beyond the reasonable needs of the business, shall be prima facia evidence of a fraudulent purpose to escape such tax; but the fact that the gains and profits are in any case permitted to accumulate and become surplus shall not be construed as evidence of a purpose to escape the said tax in such case unless the Secretary of the Treasury shall certify that in his opinion such accumulation is unreasonable for the purposes of the business. When requested by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, or any district collector of internal revenue, such corporation, joint-stock company or association, or insurance company. stock company or association, or insurance company shall forward to him a correct statement of such gains and profits and the names and addresses of the individuals or shareholders who would be entitled to the same if di

#### INCOME EXEMPT FROM LAW

SEC. 4. The following income shall be exempt from the provisions of it his title:
The proceeds of life insurance policies paid to individual beneficiaries upon the death of the insured; the amount received by the insured, as a return of

premium or premiums paid by him under life insurance, endowment, or annulty contracts, either during the term or at the maturity of the term mentioned in the contract or upon the surrender of the contract; the value of property acquired by gift, bequest, devise, or descent (but the income from such property shall be included as Income); interest upon the obligations of a State or any political subdivision thereof or upon the obligations of the United States or its possessions or securities issued under the provisions of the Federal Farm Loan Act of July 17, 1916; the compensation of the present President of the United States during the term for which he has been elected, and the Judges of the Supreme and inferior courts of the United States now in office, and the compensation of all officers and employés of a State, or any political subdivision thereof, except when such compensation is paid by the United States Government.

#### DEDUCTIONS ALLOWED.

SEC. 5. That in computing net income in the case of a citizen or resident of the United States—

(a) For the purpose of the tax there shall be al-

lay For the purpose of the tax thete shall be are lowed as deductions—the necessary expenses actually paid in earlying on any business or trade, not including personal, living, or family expenses;

Second—All interest paid within the year on his

indebtedness:

indebtedness;
Third—Taxes paid within the year imposed by the authority of the United States, or its Territories, or possessions, or any foreign country, or under the authority of any State, county, school district, or municipality, or other taxing subdivision of any State, not including those assessed against local benefits;

not including those assessed against local benefits; Fourth—Losses actually sustained during the year, incurred in his busilities or trade, or arising from fires, storms, shipwreck, or other casualty, and from theft, when such losses are not compensated for by insurance or otherwise: Provided, That for the purpose of ascertaining the loss sustained from the sale or other disposition of property, real, personal, or mixed, acquired before March 1, 1913, the fair market price or value of such property as of March 1, 1913, shall be the basis for determining the amount of such loss sustained: sustained:

sustained; Fifth—In transactions entered into for profit but not connected with his business or trade, the losses actually sustained therein during the year to an amount not exceeding the profits arising therefrom; Sixth—Debts due to the taxpayer actually ascertained to be worthless and charged off within the

tained to be worthless and charged off within the year;
Seventh—A reasonable allowance for the exhaustion, wear and tear of property arising out of its use or employment in the business or trade;
Eighth—(a) to the case of oil and gas wells a reasonable allowance for actual reduction in flow and production to be ascertained not by the flush flow, but by the sattled production or regular flow; (b) in the case of mines a reasonable allowance for depiction thereof not to exceed the market value in the mine of the product thereof, which has been mined and sold during the year for which the return and computation are made, such reasonable allowance to be made in the case of both (a) and (b) under rules and regulations to be prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury: Provided, That when the allowances and regulations to be prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury: House and (b) shall equal the capital prior to March 1913, the fair map burchase made order to March 1913, the fair map burchase made order allowance shall be allowed for any amount paid out for new buildings, permanent improvements, or betterments, made to increase the value of any property or extate, and no deduction shall be made for any amount of expense of restoring property or making good the exhaustion thereof for which an allowance is or has been made. ance is or has been made.

#### CREDITS ALLOWED.

(b) For the purpose of the normal tax only, the lacome embraced in a personal return shall be credited with the amount received as dividends upon the stock or from the net earnings of any corporation, joint-stock company or association, trustee, or insurance company, which is taxable upon its net income as hereinafter provided;

(c) A like credit shall be allowed as to the amount of income the normal tax upon which be seen reid.

of income, the normal tax upon which has been paid

or withheld for payment at the source of the income under the provisions of this title.

#### NON-RESIDENT ALIENS.

SEC. 6. That in computing net income in the case of a non-resident alien-

(a) For the purpose of the tax there shall be allowed as deductions—
First—The necessary expenses actually pald in carrying on any business or trade conducted by him

rist—the necessary expenses actually paid in carrying on any business or trade conducted by him within the United States, not including personal, living, or family expenses:

Second—The proportion of all interest paid within the year by such person on his indebtedness which the gross amount of his income for the year derived from sources within the United States bears to the gross amount of his income for the year derived from all sources within and without the United States, but this deduction shall be allowed only if such person includes in the return required by section 8 all the information necessary for its calculation; Third—Taxes paid within the year imposed by the authority of the United States, or its Territorles, or possessions, or under the authority of any State, county, school district, or municipality, or other taxing subdivision of any State, paid within the United States, not including those assessed against local benefits;

local benefits:

Fourth—Losses actually sustained during the year, incurred in business or trade conducted by him within the United States, and losses of property within the United States arising Irom fires, storms, ahipwreck, or other casualty, and from thett, when such losses are not compensated for by insurance or otherwise: Provided, That for the purpose of ascertaining the amount of such loss or losses sustained it tread or pregulative empactions are such as the contraction of the such contrac In trade, or speculative transactions not in trade, from the same or any kind of property acquired before March 1, 1913, the fair market price or value of such property as of March 1, 1913, shall be the basis for determining the amount of such loss or losses sustained;

losses sustained; in transactions entered into for profit but not connected with his business or trade, the losses actually sustained therein during the year to an amount not exceeding the profits arising therefrom

in the United States:

Sixth—Debts arising in the course of business or trade conducted by him within the United States due to the taxpayer actually ascertained to be worth-

less and charged off within the year;

due to the taxpayer actually ascertained to be worthless and charged off within the year;
Seventh—A reasonable allowance for the exhaustion, wear and tear of property within the United States arising out of its use or employment in the business or trade; (a) in the case of oil and gas wells a reasonable allowance for actual reduction in flow and production to be ascertained not by the flush flow, but by the settled production or regular flow; (b) in the case of mines a reasonable allowance for depletion thereof not to exceed the market value in the mine of the product thereof which has been mined and sold during the year for which the return and computation are made, such reasonable allowance to be made in the case of both (a) and (b) under rules and regulations to be prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury: Provided, That when the acpital originally cost, and (b) shall equal the secretary of the Treasury: Provided, That when the appital originally cost, and (b) shall equal the secretary of the date, no further allowance such conduction shall be allowed for any amount of expense of restoring property or estate, and no deduction shall be made for any amount of expense of restoring property or making good the exhaustion thereof for which an allowance is or has been made.

(b) There shall also be allowed the credits specified by subdivisions (b) and (c) of section 5.

by subdivisions (b) and (c) of section 5.

#### PERSONAL EXEMPTION

SEC. 7. (a) That for the purpose of the normal tax only, there shall be allowed as an exemption in the nature of a deduction from the amount of the net income of each of said persons, ascertained as provided herein, the sum of \$3,000, plus \$1,000 and the person making the return be a head of a family or a married man with a wife living with him, or plus the sum of \$1,000 additional if the person making the return be a married woman with a husband living with her; but in no event shall this

additional exemption of \$1,000 be deducted by both a husband and a wife: Provided, That only one deduction of \$4,000 shall be inade from the aggregate income of both husband and wife when living together: Provided further, That guardians or trustees shall be allowed to make this personal exemption as guardian or trustee has charge in favor of each ward or cestia que trust: Provided further, That in no event shall a ward or cestia que trust be allowed a greater personal exemption than \$3,000, or, if married, \$4,000, as provided in this paragraph, from the amount of net income received from all sources. There shall also be allowed an exemption from the amount of the net income of estates of deceased persons during the period of administration or settlement, and of trust or other estates the income of which is not distributed annually or regularly under the provisions of paragraph (b), section 2, the sum of \$5,000 including such deductions as are allowed under section 5. additional exemption of \$1,000 be deducted by both under section 5.

non-resident allen individual may receive (b) A non-resident allen individual may receive the benefit of the exemption provided for in this sec-tion only by filing or causing to be filed with the Collector of Internal Revenue a true and accurate return of his total income, received from all sources, corporate or otherwise, in the United States, in the manner prescribed by this title; and in case of his failure to file such return the Collector shall collect the tax on such income, and all property belonging to such non-resident alien individual shall be liable to distraint for the tax.

to distraint for the tax.

#### RETURNS.

RETURNS.

SEC 8. (a) The tax shall be computed upon the net income, as thus ascertained, of each person subject thereto received in each preceding calendar year ending December 31.

(b) On or before March 1, 1917, and the first day of March in each year thereafter, a true and accurate return under oath shall be made by each person of lawful age except as hereinafter provided, having a net income of \$3,000 or over for the taxable year to the Collector of Internal Revenue for the district in which such person has his legal residence or principal place of business or if there be no legal residence or place of business in the United States, then with the Collector of Internal Revenue at Baltimore, Md.. in such form as the Commissioner of Internal Md.. in such form as the Commissioner of Internal dence or place of business in the Otherd states, therewith the Collector of Internal Revenue at Batthmore, Md., in such form as the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, shall prescribe, setting forth specifically the gross amount of income from all separate sources, and from the total thereof deducting the approach of them of allowances berein authorized the project. That the Commissioner of Internal Project. That the Commissioner of Internal Project. The project of time, in meritorious cases, or falling returns of the come by persons residing for raveiling abroad who are required to make and file returns on income and who are unable to file said returns on or before March 1 of each year Projected further. That the aforesaid return may be made by an agent when by reason of Illness absence or non-residence the person liable for said sturn is unable to make and render the same the users and incurring penalties profinally in the proposition of the same the tearnal and incurring penalties profinally in the proposition of the proposition of making the responsibility of making the responsibility of making the responsibility false or transidilent return. of making the return and incurring penalties pro-vided for erroneous false, or fraudulent return.

(c) Guardians trustees, executors, administrators, receivers, conservators, and all persons, corporations, or associations acting in any fiduciary capacity, shall make and render a return of the income of the shall make and render a return or which they act, and be subject to all the ovisions of this title which apply to the has sufficient knowledge of the affairs and the such present and the such graphs to the has sufficient knowledge of the affairs and the such present, trust, or estate to enable him best of his knowledge and belief, true and correct, and be subject to all the provisions of this title which apply to individuals: Provided That a return made by one of two or more joint fiduciarles filed in the district where such fluciary resides, under such regulations as the Secretary of the Treasury may prescribe, shall be a sufficient compliance with the requirements of this paragraph.

(d) All pressons, firms, companies, co-partnerships,

requirements of this paragraph.
(d) All porsons, firms, companies, co-partnerships, corporations, joint-stock companies or associations, and insurance companies, except as hereinafter provided in whatever capacity acting, having the control, receipt, disposal, or payment of fixed or determinable annual or periodical gains, profits, and

income of another Individual subject to tax the payment an amount equivalent to the norma. tax upon the same and make and render a return, as the payment at amount equivalent to the normal tax upon the same and make and render a return, as aforesaid, but separate and distinct, of the portion of the income of each person from which the normal tax has been thus withheld, and containing also the name and address of such person or stating that the name and address or the address, as the case may be, are unknown: Provided, That the provision requiring the normal tax of individuals to be deducted and withheld at the source of the income shall not be construed to require the withholding of such tax according to the 2 p. c. normal tax rate herein provision and atter January 1, 1917 and the law existing at the dime of the passage of this act shall govern the amount withhold or to be withheld at the source until January 1, 1017.

That in either case mentioned in subdivisions (c) and (d) of this section no return of income not exceeding S3,000 shall be required, except as in this title provides.

title provided.

(e) Persons carrying on business in partnership (e) Persons carrying on business in partnership shall be liable for income tax only in their individual capacity, and the share of the profits of the partner-ship to which any taxable partner would be entitled if the same were divided, whether divided or other-wise, shall be returned for taxation and the tax paid under the provisions of this title: Provided, that from the not distributive interests on which he individual members shall be liable for tax, normal and additional, there shall be excluded their proportionate shares received from interest on the obligaadditional, there shall be excluded their proportionate shares received from Interest on the obligations of a State or any political or taxing subdivision thereof, and upon the obligations of the United States and its possessions, and all taxes paid to the United States or to any possession thereof, or to any State, county, or taxing subdivision of a State, and that for the purpose of computing the normal tax there shall be allowed a credit, as provided by section 5, subdivision (b), for their proportionate share of the profits derived from dividends. And such partnership, when requested by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, or any district collector, shall render a correct return of the earnings, profits, and income of the partnership, except income exempt under section 4 of this act, setting forth the Item of the gross income and the deductions and credits allowed by this title, and the names and addresses of the individuals who would be entitled to the net earnings, profits, and income, if distributed.

(1) In every return shall be included the income derived from dividends on the capital stock or from the net earnings of any corporation, joint-stock company or association, or insurance company, except that in the case of non-resident allens such income derived from sources without the United States shall not be included.

(c) An individual keeping accounts upon any basis

derived from sources without the United States shall not be included.

(g) An individual keeping accounts upon any basis other than that of actual receipts and disbursements, unless such other basis does not clearly reflect his income, may, subject to regulations made by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, make his return upon the basis upon which his accounts are kept, in which case the tax shall be computed upon his income as so returned. his income as so returned.

## ASSESSMENT AND ADMINISTRATION.

SEC. 9. (a) That all assessments shall be made by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue and all persons shall be notified of the amount for which by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue and an persons shall be notified of the amount for which they are respectively liable on or before the first day of June of each successive year, and said amounts shall be paid on or before the fifteenth day of June, except in cases of refusal or negiect to make such return and in cases of erroneous, false, or fraudulent revenue, in which cases the Commissioner of Internal Revenue shall, upon the discovery thereof, at any time within three years after said return is due, or has been made, make a return upon information obtained as provided for in this title or by estisting law, or require the necessary corrections to be made, and tenses as the commissioner of Internal Revenue thereon shall be paid by such person or persons immediately upon notification of the amount of such assessment; and to any sum or sums due and unpaid after June 15 in any year, and for ten days after notice and demand thereof by the Collector, there shall be added the sum of 5 pc. on the amount of tax unpaid, and interest at the rate of 1 p. c. per month upon said tax from the

he same became due, except from the estates ane, deceased, or insolvent persons.

ane, deceased, or Insolvent persons.

(b) All persons, firms, co-partnerships, companies, corporations, joint-stock companies, or associations, and insurance companies, in whatever capacity acting, including lessees or mortgagors of real or personal property, trustees acting in any trust capacity, executors, administrators, receivers, conservators, employers, and all officers and employes of the United States having the control, receipt, custody, disposai, or payment of interest, rent, salaries, wages, premiums, anquities, compensation, remuneration. States having the control, receipt, eutstody, disposal, or payment of interest, rent, salaries, wages, premiums, annuities, compensation, remuneration, emoluments, or other fixed or determinable annual operations and salaries, and the salaries of corporations and joint stock compaules or associations, or insurance companies, the income of which is taxable under this title, who are required to make and render a return in behalf of another, as provided herein, to the Collector of his, her, or its district, are hereby authorized and required to deduct and withhold from such annual or periodical gains, proints, and income such annual or periodical gains, proints, and income such annual or periodical gains, proints, and income such annual or periodical gains, proints, and income such annual or periodical gains, proints, and income such annual or periodical gains, proints, and income such sum as will be sufficient to pay the normal tax imposed thereon by this title, and shall pay the amount withheld to the off-re of the United States Government authorized to receive the same; and they are each hereby made personality liable for such tax, and they are each hereby indemnified against every person, corporation, association, or demand whatsoever for all payments which they shall make in pursuance and by virtue of this title.

In all cases where the income tax of a person is withheld and deducted and paid or to be paid at the source, such person shall not receive the beneft of the personal exemption allowed in section 7 of this title except by an application for refund of the tax unless he shall, not less than thirty days prior to the day on which the return of his income is due, file with the person who is required to withhold and pay tax for him a signed notice in writing claiming the benefit of such exemption and thereupon no tax shall be withheld upon the amount of such exemption: be withheld upon the amount of such exemption; Provided, That If any person for the purpose of obtaining any allowance or reduction by virtue of a claim for such exemption, either for himself or for any other person, knowingly makes any false statement or false or fraudulent representation, he shall be liable to a penalty of not exceeding \$300.

had where the income tax is paid or to be paid at the source, no person shall be allowed the benefit of any deduction provided for in sections 5 or 6 of this title unless he shall, not less than thirty days prior to the day on which the return of his income is due, either (1) file with the person who is required to withhold and pay tax for him a true and correct return of his gains, profits, and income from all other sources, and also the deductions asked for, and the showing thus made shall then become a part of the return to be made in his behalf by the person return to be made in his behalf by the person reshowing thus made shall then become a part of the return to be made in his behalf by the person required to withhold and pay the tax, or (2) likewise make application for deductions to the Collector of the district in which return is made or to be made for him: Provided, That when any amount allowable as a deduction is known at the time of receipt of fixed annual or periodical income by an individual subject to tax, he may file with the person, firm, or corporation making the payment a certificate, under penalty for false claim, and in such form as shall be prescribed by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, stating the amount of such deduction and maxing a claim for an allowance of the same against the ing a claim for an allowance of the same against the amount of tax otherwise required to be deducted and withheld at the source of the income, and such cer-tificate shall likewise become a part of the return to be made in his behalf.

If such person is absent from the United States. or is unable owing to serious illness to make the return and application above provided for, the return and application may be made by an agent, he making oath that he has sufficient knowledge of the affairs and property of his principal to enable him to make a full and complete return, and that the return and application made by him are full and complete.

(c) The amount of the normal tax hereinbefore imposed shall be deducted and withheld from fixed or determinable annual or periodical gains, profits, and income derived from interest upon bonds and mortgages, or deeds of trust or other similar obliga-

tions of corporations, joint-stock companies, assoclations, and insurance companies, whether payable annually or at shorter or longer periods, although such interest does not amount to \$3,000, subject to the provisions of this title requiring the tax to be withheld at the source and deducted from annual income and returned and paid to the Government.

income and returned and paid to the Government.

(d) And likewise the amount of such tax shall be believed and withheld from coupons, checks, or bills of exchange for or in payment of interest upon bonds of foreign countries and upon foreign mortgages or like obligations (not payable in the United States), and also from coupons, checks, or bills of States), and also from coupons, checks, or bills of States), and also from coupons, checks, or bills of States), and also from coupons of the checks, or bills of states and the coupons of the cou the stock or Interest upon the obligations of foreign corporations, associations, and insurance companies engaged in business in foreign countries.

engaged in business in foreign countries.

And the tax in such cases shall be withheld, deducted, and returned for and in behalf of any person subject to the tax hereinbefore imposed, although such interest or dividends do not exceed \$3,000, by (1) any banker or person who shall sell or otherwise realize coupons, checks or bills of exchange drawn or made in payment of any such interest or dividends (not payable in the United States), and (2) any person who shall obtain payment (not in the United States), and (2) any person who shall obtain payment (not in the United States), and (2) any person who shall obtain payment (not in the United States), and (a) any dealer in such coupons who shall purchase the same for any such dividends or interest (not payable in the United States), otherwise than from a banker or another dealer in such coupons.

(e) Where the tax is withheld at the source, the benefit of the exemption and the deductions allowable under this title may be bad by complying with the foregoing provisions of this section.

(f) All persons, firms, or corporations undertaking

beliefit of the excliption and the deductions anomable under this title may be bad by complying with the foregoing provisions of this section.

(f) All persons, firms, or corporations undertaking as a matter of business or for profit the collection of one of the collection of the c

ownersup or habity small be determined as of the year for which a return is required to be rendered.

The provisions of this title relating to the deduction and payment of the tax at the source of income shall only apply to the normal tax hereinbefore imposed upon individuals.

# PART II .- ON CORPORATIONS,

PART II.—ON CORPORATIONS.

SEC. 10. That there shall be levied, assessed, collected, and paid annually upon the total net lucome received in the preceding calendar year from all sources by every corporation, joint-stock company or association, or insurance company, organized in the United States, no matter how created or organized but not including partnerships, a tax of 2 p. c. upon such income: and a like tax shall be levied, assessed, collected, and paid annually upon the total net income received in the preceding calendar year from all sources within the United States by every corporation, joint-stock company or association, or insurance company organized, authorized, or existing under the laws of any foreign country, including interest on bonds, notes, or other interest-

bearing obligations of residents, corporate or otherwise, and including the income derived from dividends on capital stock or from luct earnings of resident corporations, joint-stock companies or associations, or insurance companies whose net income is taxable under this title: Provided, That the term "dividends" as used in this title shall be held to mean any distribution made or ordered to be made by a corporation, joint-stock company, association, or insurance company, out of its earnings or profits accrued since March 1, 1913, and payable to its shareholders, whether in cash or in stock of the corporation, joint-stock company, association, or insurance company, which stock dividend shall be considered income, to the amount of its cash value. The foregoing tax rate shall apply to the total net income received by every taxable corporation, joint-stock company or association, or insurance company in the calendar year 1916 and in each year thereafter, except that if it has fixed its own fiscal year under the provisions of existing law, the foregoing rate shall apply to the proportion of the total net income recurred for the fiscal year ending prior to December 31, 1016, which the period between Isanger 1, 1018.

shall apply to the proportion of the total net income returned for the fiscal year ending prior to December 31, 1916, which the period between January 1, 1916, and the end of such fiscal year bears to the whole of such fiscal year, and the rate fixed in section 2 of the act approved October 3, 1913, entitled "An act to reduce tariff duties and to provide revenue for the Government, and for other purposes," shall apply to the remaining portion of the total net income returned for such fiscal year.

For the purpose of ascertaining the gain derived or loss sustained from the sale or other disposition by a corporation, joint-stock company or association, or insurance company, of property, real, personal,

by a corporation, followed company of association, or insurance company, of property, real, personal, or mixed, acquired before March 1, 1913, the fair market price or value of such property as of March 1, 1913, shall be the basis for determining the amount of such gain derived or loss sustained

#### CONDITIONAL AND OTHER EXEMPTIONS.

SEC. 11. (a) That there shall not be taxed under this title any lucome received by any—
First—Labor, agricultural, or horticultural or-

ganization:

Second—Mutual savings bank not having a capital stock represented by shares;
Third—Fraternal beneficiary society, order, or

Init—hraternal beneficiary society, order, or association, operating under the lodge system or for the exclusive benefit of the members of a fraternity itself operating under the lodge system, and providing for the payment of ifte, sick, accident, or other benefits to the members of such society, order, or association or their dependents:

clation or their dependents;
Fourth—Domestic bullding and ioan association and co-operative banks without capital stock organized and operated for mutual purposes and with-

ganized and operated for nutual purposes and withprith—Cemetery company owned and operated
exclusively for the benefit of its members;
Sixth—Corporation or association organized and
operated exclusively for religious, charitable, scientific, or educational purposes, no part of the net income of which inures to the benefit of any private
stockholder or individual;
Seventh—Business league, Chamber of Commerce,
or Board of Trade, not organized for profit and no
part of the net income of which inures to the benefit
of any private stockholder or individual;
Eighth—Civic league or organization not organized for profit but operated exclusively for the promotion of social welfare;

nized for priori but operated excusively for the pro-motion of social welfare: Ninth—Club organized and operated exclusively for pleasure, recreation, and other non-profitable purposes, no part of the net income of which inures to the benefit of any private stockholder or mem-

ber; Tenth-Tenth—Farmers' or other mutual dial, cyclone, or fire insurance company, mutual ditto or irrigation company, mutual or co-operative telephone company, or like organization of a purely local character, the income of which consists solely of assessments, dues, and fees collected from members for the sole purpose of meeting its expenses; Eleventh—Farmers', fruit growers', or like association, organized and operated as a sales agent for the purpose of marketing the products of its members and turning back to them the proceeds of sales, less the necessary selling expenses, on the basis of the quantity of produce furnished by them;

Twelfth—Corporation or association organized -Farmers' or other mutual bail, cyclone,

for the exclusive purpose of holding title to property, collecting income therefrom, and turning over the entire amount thereof, less expenses, to an organization which itself is exempt from the tax imposed by this title; or

this title; or Thirteenth—Federal land banks and National farm-loan associations as provided in section 26 of the act approved July 17, 1916, entitled "An act to provide capital for agricultural development, to create standard forms of investment based upon farm mortgage, to equalize rates of interest upon farm loans, to furnish a market for United States bonds, to create Government depositaries and financial agents for the United States, and for other pur-

Fourteenth—Joint-stock land banks as to income derived from bonds or debentures of other joint-stock land banks or any Federal land bank belong-

derived from bonds or debentures of other jointstock land banks or any Federal land bank belonging to such joint-stock land bank
(b) There shall not be taxed under this title any
income derived from any public utility or from the
exercise of any essential governmental function accruing to any State, Territory, or the District of
Columbis, or any political subdivision of a State or
Territory, nor any income accruing to the government of the Philippine Islands or Porto Rico, or of
any political subdivision of the Philippine Islands or
Porto Rico: Provided, That whenever any State,
Territory, or the District of Columbia, or any postitical subdivision of a State or Territory, has, prior
to the passage of this title, entered in good faith into
a contract with any person or corporation, the object and purpose of which is to acquire, construct,
operate, or maintain a public utility, no tax shall be
levied under the provisions of this title upon the income derived from the operation of such public
utility, so far as the payment thereof will impose a
loss or burden upon such State, Territory, or the
District of Columbia, or a political subdivision of
a State or Territory; but this provision is not intended to confer upon such person or corporation
any financial gain or exemption or to relieve such
person or corporation from the payment of a tax as
provided for in this title upon the part or portion
of the said income to which such person or corporation shall be entitled under such courtact.

## DEDUCTIONS.

SEC, 12. (a) In the case of a corporation, joint-stock company or association, or insurance com-pany, organized in the United States, such net in-come shall be ascertained by deducting from the gross amount of its income received within the year from all sources-

First—All the ordinary and necessary expenses paid within the year in the maintenance and operation of its business and properties, including rentals or other payments required to be made as a condition to the continued use or possession of property to which the corporation has not taken or is not taking title, or in which it has no equity.

title the corporation has a post-sken or is not taking title to the corporation has a colly second—All losses actually sustained and charged off within the year and not compensated by insurance or otherwise, including a reasonable allowance for the exhaustion, wear and tear of property arising out of its use or employment in the business or trade; (a) in the case of oil and gas wells a reasonable allowance for actual reduction in flow and production to be ascertained not by the flush flow, but by the settled production or regular flow; (b) in the case of mines a reasonable allowance for depletion thereof not to exceed the market value in the mine of the product thereof which has been mined and sold during the year for which the return and computation are made, such reasonable allowance to be made in the case of both (a) and (b) under rules and regulations to be prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury: Provided, That when the allowance authorized in (a) and (b) shall equal the capital originally invested, or in case of purchase made prior to March 1, 1913, the fair market value as of that date, no further allowance shall be made and regulations to be prescribed by the Secretary of the case of inclosure shall be made and regulations. The case of the fair market value as of that date, no further allowance shall be made and the capital prior to March 1, 1913, the fair market value as of that date, no further allowance shall be made within the event to reserve funds and the sums other than dividends paid within the year on policy and annuity contracts: Provided, That no deduction shall be allowed for any amount paid out for new buildings, permanent improvements, or bettermeots made to increase the value of any property or estate, and no deduction shall be made for any amount of expense of restoring property or making good the ex-

haustion thereof for which an allowance is or has been made: Provided Juther, That mutual fire and mutual employers' liability and mutual workmen's compensation and mutual easualty insurance companies requiring their members to make premium deposits to provide for losses and expenses shall not return as income any portion of the premium deposits returned to their policyholders, but shall return as taxable income all income received by them from all other sources plus such portions of the premium deposits as are retained by the companies for purposes other than the payment of losses and expenses and reinsurance reserves: Provided further, That mutual marine insurance companies shall include in their return of gross income gross premiums collected and received by them less amounts paid for reinsurance, but shall be entitled to Include in deductions or gross income gross premiums collected and received by them less amounts paid deductions or gross in the proposition of the proposition of the proposition of the premium previously paid by them and interest paid upon such amounts between the ascertainment thereof and the payment thereof, and life insurance companies shall not include as income in any year such portion of any actual premium received irom any individual policyholder, or treated as an abatement of premium of such Individual policyholder, within such year;

Third—The amount of interest paid within the year on its indebtedness to an amount of such indebtedness not in excess of the sum of (a) the entire amount of the paid-up capital stock outstanding at the close of the year, or, if no capital stock, the entire amount of capital employed in the business at the close of the year, and (b) one-half of its interest-bearing indebtedness then outstanding. Provided, That for the purpose of this title preferred capital stock shall not be considered interest-bearing indebtedness, and interest or dividends paid upon this stock shall not be deductible from gross income: Provided further. That in cases wherein shares of capital stock are issued without par or nominal value, the amount of paid-up capital stock, within the meaning of this section, as represented by such shares, will be the amount of cash, or its equivalent, paid or transferred to the corporation as consideration for such shares: Provided further. That in the case of indebtedness whoily secured by property collateral, tangible or intangible, the subject of sale or hypotheaction in the ordinary business of such corporation, joint-stock company or association as a dealer only in the property constituting such collateral, or in leaning the funds thereby procured, the total interest paid by such corporation, company, or association within the year on any such indebtedness made in excess of the actual value of such coperations business, but interest an anticolated except shall only such desired in excess of the actual value of such coperation in the case of a bank, banking association, loan or trust company, interest paid within the year on deposits or on inoneys received for investment and secured by interest-beaunty, shall be allowed; and in the case of a bank, banking association, loan or trust company, interest paid within the year on deposits or on inoneys received for investment and secured by interest-beaunty, shall be allowed; and in the case of a bank, banking association, loan or trust company, interest paid

Fourth—Taxes paid within the year imposed by the authority of the United States, or its Territories, or possessions, or any foreign country, or under the authority of any State, country, school district, or nunicipality, or other taxing subdivision of any State, not including those assessed against local benefits.

(b) In the case of a corporation, joint-stock company or association, or insurance company organized, authorized, or existing under the laws of any foreign country, such net income shall be ascertained by deducting from the gross amount of its income received within the year from all sources within the United States—

First—All the ordinary and necessary expenses actually paid within the year out of earnings in the maintenance and operation of its business and property within the United States, including rentals or other payments required to be made as a condition to the continued use or possession of property to

which the corporation has not taken or is not taking title, or in which it has no equity.

titie, or in which it has no equity.

Second—Ail losses actually sustained within the year in business or trade conducted by it within the United States and not compensated by insurance or otherwise, including a reasonable allowance for the exhaustion, wear and tear of property arising out of its use or employment in the business or trade; (a) and in the case (a) of oil and gas wells a reasonable allowance for actual reduction in flow and production to be ascertained not by the flush flow, but by the settled production or regular flow; (b) in the case of mines a reasonable allowance for depiction theroof not to exceed the market value in the mine of the product thereof which has been mined and sold the product thereof which has been mined and sold during the year for which the return and computation are made, such reasonable allowance to be made in the case of both (a) and (b) under rules and regulations to be prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury: Provided, That when the allowance authorized in (a) and (b) shall equal the capital originally invested, or in case of purchase made prior to March 1, 1913, the lair market value as of that date, no turther allowance shall be made; and (c) in the case of insurance companies, the het addition, if any, required by law to be made within the year to reserve funds and the sums other than dividends paid within the year on policy and annuity contracts: Provided, That no deduction shall be allowed for any amount paid out for new buildings, permanent imthe product thereof which has been mined and sold amount paid out for new buildings, permanent im-provements, or betterments, made to increase the value of any property or estate, and no deduction shall be made for any amount of expense of restoring shall be made for any amount of expense of restoring property or making good the exhaustion thereof for which an allowance is or has been made: Provided further. That mutual fire and mutual employers liability and mutual expenses or compensation and mutual casualty insurance companies requiring their members to make premium deposits to provide for losses and expenses shall not return as income for losses and expenses shall not return as income any portion of the premium deposits returned to their policyholders, but shall return as taxable income ail income received by them from all other sources plus such portions of the premium deposits as are retained by the companies for purposes other than the payment of losses and expenses and reinsurance reserves: Provided further, That mutual marine insurance companies shall include in their return of these themselves are required. insurance companies shall include in their return of gross income gross premiums collected and received by them less amounts paid for reinsurance, but shall be entitled to include in deductions from gross income amounts repaid to policyholders on account of premiums previously paid by them, and interest paid upon such amounts between the ascertainment thereof and life insurance. paid upon such amounts between the ascertainment thereof and the payment thereof, and life insurance companies shall not include as income in any year such portion of any actual premium received from any individual policyholder as shall have been paid back or credited to such individual policyholder, or treated as an abatement of premium of such individual policyholder, within such year:

Third—The amount of interest paid within the year on its indebtedness to an amount of such indebtedness not in excess of the proportion of the sum of (a) the entire amount of the paid-up capital stock outstanding at the close of the year, or, if no capital stock, the entire amount of the capital stock outstanding at the close of the year, and (b) one-half of its interest-bearing indebtedness then outstanding, which the gross amount of its income for the year from business transacted and capital invested within the United States bears to the gross amount of its income for the year from business transacted and capital invested within the United States bears to the gross amount of its income derived from all sources within and without the United States; Provided, That in the case of bonds or other indebtedness which have been issued with a guaranty that the interest payable thereon shall be free from taxation, no deduction for the payment of the tax herein imposed or any other tax paid pursuant to such guaranty shall be allowed; and in case of a bank, banking association, loan or trust company, or branch thereof, interest paid within the year on deposits by or on moneys received for investment from cither citizens or residents of the United States and secured by interest-bearing certificates of indebtedness issued by such bank, banking association, loan or trust company, or branch thereof;

Fourth—Taxes paid within the year imposed by the authority of the United States, or its Territories, or possessions, or under the authority of any State, county, school district, or municipality, or other taxing subdivision of any State, paid within the United States, not including those assessed against

local benefits:

local benefits;
(c) In the case of assessment insurance companies, whether domestic or foreign, the actual deposit of sums with State or Territorial officers, pursuant to law, as additions to guarantee or reserve funds shall be treated at being payments required by law to reserve funds. reserve funds.

#### RETURNS.

(a) The tax shall be computed upon the net income, as thus ascertained, received within each preceding calendar year ending December 31; Provided, That any corporation, joint-stock company or rided. That any co-poration, joint-stock company or association, or insurance company, subject to this tax, may designate the last day of any month in the year as the day of the closing of its fiscal year and shall be entitled to have the tax payable by it computed upon the basis of the net income ascertained as berein provided for the year ending on the day so designated in the year preceding the date of assessment instead of upon the basis of the net income for the calendar year preceding the date of assessment, and it shall give notice of the day it has thus designated as the closing of its fiscal year to the Collector of the district in which its principal business office is located at any time not less than 30 days prior to March 1 of the year in which its return would be filed if made upon the basis of the calendar would be filed if made upon the basis of the calendar

(b) (b) Every corporation, joint-stock company or association, or insurance company, subject to the tex herein imposed, shall, on or before March 1, 1917, tex herein imposed, shall, on or before March 1, 1917, and March 1 in each year thereafter, or, if it has designated a fiscal year for the computation of its tax, then within 60 days after the close of such fiscal year ending prior to December 31, 1916, and the close of each such fiscal year thereafter, render a true and accurate return of its annual net income in the mainer and form to be prescribed by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, and containing such facts, data, and information as are appropriate and in the opinion of the Commissioner necessary to determine the correctness of the net income returned in the opinion of the Commissioner necessary to de-termine the correctness of the net income returned and to arry out the provisions of this title. The re-turn shall be more than the contract of the con-density of the provisions of this title. The re-density of the provisions of this title. The re-density of the provisions of this title. The re-density of the principal officer, and by the Treasurer of Assistant Treasurer. The return shall be made to the Collector of the district in which is located to the principal office of the corporation, company, or association, where are kept its books of account and other data from which the return is prepared, or in the case of a foreign corporation, company, or asso-ciation, to the Collector of the district in which is located its principal place of business in the United States, or if the place of business in the United Office, or agency in the United States, then to the Collector of Internal Revenue at Baltimore, Md. All such returns shall as received be transmitted forthwith by the Collector to the Commissioner of Internal Revenue; (c) In cases wherein receivers, trustees in bank-

Internal Revenue:

(e) In cases wherein receivers, trustees in bankruptey, or assignees are operating the property or
business of corporations, joint-stock companies or
associations, or insurance companies, subject to tax
imposed by this title, such receivers, trustees, or assignees shall make returns of net income as and for
such corporations, joint-stock companies or assotions and former companies. In the same man. suen corporations, joint-stock companies or asso-ciations, and insurance companies, in the same man-ner and form as such organizations are hereinbefore required to make recurns, and any income tax due on the basis of such returns made by receivers, trustees, or assignees shall be assessed and collected in the same manner as if assessed directly against the organizations of whose businesses or properties they have custody and control;

they have custody and control;
(d) A corporation, Joint-stock company or assoclation, or insurance company, keeping accounts
upon any basis other than that of actual receipts and
disbursements, unless such other basis does not
clearly reflect its income, may, subject to regulations made by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue,
with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury,
make its return upon the basis upon which its accounts are kept, in which case the tax shall be computed upon its income as so returned;
(e) All the provisions of this title relating to the
ax authorized and required to be deducted and
withheld and paid to the officer of the United States
Government authorized to receive the same from the

Government authorized to receive the same from the

income of non-resident atien individuals from sources within the United States shall be made applicable to within the United States shall be made applicable to Incomes derived from interest upon bonds and mortgages or deeds of trust or similar obligations of domestic or other resident corporations, joint-stock companies by non-associations, and insurance companies by non-resident allele firms, co-partnerships, companies, corporations, joint-stock companies or associations, and insurance companies or associations, and insurance companies on tengaged in business or trade within the United States and not having any office or place of business therein; (f) Likewise, all the provisions of this title relating to the tax authorized and required to be deducted and withheld and paid to the officer of the United States Government authorized to receive the same from the income of non-resident alien individuals from sources within the United States shall be made applicable to income derived from dividends upon the capital stock or from the net earnings of domestic or other resident corporations, joint-stock com-

the capital score of from the field earlings of domes-tic or other resident corporations, joint-stock com-panies or associations, and insurance companies by non-resident alien companies, corporations, joint-stock companies or associations, and insurance com-panies not engaged in business or trade within the United States and not having any office or place of business therein.

#### ASSESSMENT AND ADMINISTRATION.

SEC. 14. (a) All assessments shall be made and the several corporations, joint-stock companies or associations, and insurance companies shall be notified of the amount for which they are respectively liable on or before June 1 of each successive year, and said assessment shall be paid on or before June 1. To each successive year, and said assessment shall be paid on or before June 15. Froulded, That every corporation, joint-stock company or association, and insurance company, computing taxes upon the income of the fiscal year which it may designate in the discal year which it may designate in the fiscal year which it may designate in the discal year which it may designate in the discal year which it may designate in the discal year which it may designate in the fiscal year which it may designate in the fiscal year which it may designate in the fiscal year which it may be a set of the relation of the relation of the said of the property of the said of the property of the said of the property of the said of the s (a) Ali assessments shall be made and the several corporations, joint-stock companies or associations, and insurance companies shall be noti-

thereof, snowing the hairs and mount of each total corporation, joint-stock company or association, or insurance company, at such times and in such manner as the Secretary of the Treasury may pre-

(c) If any of the corporations, joint-stock com-panies or associations, or insurance companies afore-said shall refuse or neglect to make a return at the said shall refuse or neglect to make a return at the time or times herelibefore specified in each year, or shall render a false or fraudulent return, such corporation, joint-stock company or association, or insurance company shall be liable to a penalty of not exceeding \$10,000. Provided, That the Commissioner of Internal Revenue shall have authority, in the case of either corporations or individuals, to grant a reasonable extension of time in meritorious cases, as he may deem proper.

(d) That section 3225 of the Revised Statutes of the United States be, and the same is hereby, amended so as to read as follows:

"Sec. 3225. When a second assessment is made in case of any list, statement, or return, which in the opinion of the Collector or Deputy Collector was false or fraudulent, or contained any understatement or undervaluation, no tax collected under such assessment shall be recovered by any suit un-

such assessment shall be recovered by any suit un-less it is proved that the said list, statement, or re-turn was not false nor fraudulent and did not con-tain any understatement or undervaluation: but turn was not laise nor traudulent and did not con-tain any understatement or undervaluation; but this section shall not apply to statements or returns made or to be made in good faith under the laws of the United States regarding annual depreciation of oil or gas wells and mines."

PART III .- GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS.

SEC. 15. That the word 'State' or "United States" when used in this title shall be construed to include any Territory, the District of Columbia, Porto Rico, and the Philippine Islands, when such Construction is necessary to carry out its provisions. Sec. 16. That sections 3167, 3172, 3173, and 3176 of the Revised Statutes of the United States as amended are hereby amended so as to read as fol-

amended are hereby amended so as to read as follows:

"SEC, 3167. It shall be unlawful for any Collector, Deputy Collector, agent, clerk, or other officer or employé of the United States to divulge or to make known in any manner whatever not provided by law to any person the operations, style of work, or apparatus of any manufacturer or producer vietled by him in the discharge of his official dutles, or the amount or source of income, profits, losses, expenditures, or any particular thereof, set forth or disclosed in any income return, or to permit any income return or copy thereof or any book containing any abstract or particulars thereof to be seen or examined by any person except as provided by law; and it shall be unlawful for any person to print or publish in any manner whatever not provided by law any income return or any part thereof or source of income, profits, losses, or expenditures appearing in any income return; and any offence against the foregoing provision shall be a misdemeanor and be punished by a fine not exceeding \$1,000 or by imprisonment not exceeding one year, or both, at the discretion of the court; and if the offencer be an officer or employé of the United States he shall be dismissed from office or discharged from employment.

dismissed from office or discharged from employment.

"SEC. 3172. Every Collector shall, from time to time, cause his deputies to proceed through every part of his district and inquire after and concerning all persons therein who are liable to pay any internal revenue tax, and all persons owning or having the care and management of any objects liable to pay any tax, and to make a list of such persons and enumerate said objects.

"SEC. 3173. It shall be the duty of any person, partnership, firm, association, or corporation, made liable to any duty, special tax, or other tax imposed by law, when not otherwise provided for, (1) in case of a special tax, on or before July 31 in each year, (2) in case of income tax on or before March 1 in each year, or on or before the last day of the 60-day period next following the closing date of the isseal year for which it makes a return of its income, and (3) in other cases before the day on which the taxes accrue, to make a list of return, verified by district where located, of the articles or objects, including the amount of annual income charged with a duty or tax, the quantity of goods, wares, and merchandise made or sold and charged with a tax, the several rates and agregate amount, according to the forms and regulations to be prescribed by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, with the ap-

proval of the Secretary of the Treasury, for which such person, partnership, firm, association, or corporation is liable: Provided, That if any person liable to pay any duty or tax, or owning, possessing, or having the act or management of property, soods, wares, and the creation of property, soods, wares, and the creation of property, soods, wares, and the creation of property, soods, wares, and management of property, soods, wares, and more and capital of the control of the contr date of such note or memorandum, verified by oath. date of such note or memorandum, verified by oath. And if any person, on being notified or required as aforesaid, shall refuse or neglect to render such list or return within the time required as aforesaid, or whenever any person who is required to deliver a monthly or other return of objects subject to tax fails to do so at the time required, or delivers any return which, in the opinion of the Collector, is erroneous, false, or fraudulent, or rotuses any undervaluation or understatement, or refuses to allow any regularly authorized Government offeer to examine the books of such person, firm, or corporation, it shall be lawful for the Collector to sumpon such any regularly authorized Government officer to examine the books of such person, firm, or corporation, it shall be lawful for the Collector to summon such person, or any other person having possession, custody, or care of books of account containing entries relating to the business of such person, or any other person he may deem proper, to appear before him and produce such books at a time and place hanned in the summons, and to give testimony or answer interrogatories, under oath, respecting any objects of income liable to tax or the returns thereof. The Collector may summon any person residing or found within the State or Territory in which his district lies; and when the person intended to be summoned does not reside and can not be found within such State or Territory, he may enter any collection district where her can be soon may be found and there there exames here of the content of the c

"Sec. 3176. If any person, corporation, company, or association fails to make and file a return or list at the time prescribed by law, or makes, wilfully or otherwise, a false or fraudulent return or list, the Collector or Deputy Collector shall make the return or list from his own knowledge and from such information as he can obtain through testing. mony or otherwise. Any return or list so made and subscribed by a Collector or Deputy Collector shall be prima facie good and sufficient for all legal pur-

"If the fallure to file a return or list is due to sickness or absence the Collector may allow such further time, not exceeding 30 days, for making and filing the return or list as he deems proper.

the return or list as he deems proper.

"The Commissioner of Internal Revenue shall assess all taxes, other than stamp taxes, as to which returns or lists are so made by a Collector or Deputy Collector. In case of any failure to make and file a return or list within the time prescribed by law or by the Collector, the Commissioner of Internal Revenue shall add to the tax 50 p. c. of its amount except that, when a return is voluntarily and without notice from the Collector filed after such time and

it is shown that the failure to file it was due to a reato show a that the failure to me it was due to a reasonable cause and not to wilful neglect, no such addition shall be made to the tax. In case a false or fraudulent return or list is wilfully made, the Commissioner of luternal Revenue shall add to the tax

rationent recurn or list is willuly made, the Commissioner of Juternal Revenue shall add to the tax 100 p. c. of its amount.

The amount so added to any tax shall be collected in the same manner and as part of the tax unless the tax has been paid before the discovery of the neglect, faisity, or fraud, in which case the amount so added shall be collected in the same manner as the tax."

SEC. 17. That it shall be the duty of every collector of internal revenue, to whom any payment of any taxes is made under the provisions of this title, to give to the person making such payment a full written or printed receipt, expressing the amount paid and the particular account for which such payment was made; and whenever such payment is made such collector shall, if required, give a separate receipt for each tax paid by any debtor, on account of payments made to or to be made by him to separate creditors in such form that such debtor can conveniently produce the same separately to his sev-

receipt for each tax paid by any deptor, on account of payments made to or to be made by him to separate creditors in such form that such debtor can conveniently produce the same separately to his several creditors in satisfaction of their respective demands to the amounts specified in such receipts and such receipts shall be sufficient evidence in favor of such debtor to justify him in withinoiding the amount therein expressed from him next payment to his creditor that the section may, upon giving the same to the section of the debt of the section of the debt of the same to the section may, upon giving the same to him of whatever sum may be actually paid, and accepting the same) as a further satisfaction of the debt to that amount, require the surrender to him of such collector's receipt.

SEC 18. That if any individual liable to make the return or pay the tax aforesaid shall refuse or neglect to make such return at the time or times hereinbefore specified in each year, he shall be liable to a penalty of not less than \$20 nor more than \$1,000. Any individual or any officer of any corporation, joint-stock company or association, or insurance company required by law to make, render, sign, or verify any return who makes any false or fraudulent return or statement with intent to defeat or evade the assessment required by this title to be made shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall be fined not exceeding \$2,000 or be imprisoned not exceeding one year, or both, in the discretion of the court, with the costs of prosecution. Provided, That where any tax heretofore due and payable has been duly paid by the taxpayer, it shall not be re-ecollected from any person or corporation required to retain it at its source, nor shall any penalty be imposed or collected in such cases from the tax payer, or such person or corporation or pay the same, unless such failures or treating the return or pay the same, miles such active to return to pay efficient or pay the same, return the secretion of pay the same, and the payable has pose of evading payment.

SEC. 19. The Collector or Deputy Collector shall

require every return to be verified by the oath of the party rendering it. If the Collector or Deputy Collector have reason to believe that the amount of any income returned is understated, he shall give

or any income returned is understated, he shall give due notice to the person making the return to show cause why the amount of the return should not be increased, and upon proof of the amount understated may increase the same accordingly. Such person may furnish sworm testimony to prove any relevant facts, and, if dissatisfied with the decision of

the Coilector, may appeal to the Commissioner of Internal Revenue for his decision under such rules

Internal Revenue for his decision under such rules of procedure as may be prescribed by regulation.

SEC. 20. That jurisdiction is hereby conferred upon the district courts of the United States for the district within which any person summoned under this title to appear to testify or to produce books shall reside, to compel such attendance, production of books, and testimony by appropriate process.

SEC 21. That the preparation and publication of statistics reasonably available with respect to the operation of the Income Tax Law and containing classifications of taxpayers and of income, the amounts allowed as deductions and exemptions, and any other facts deemed pertinent and valuable, shall be made annually by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury.

SEC. 22. That all administrative, special, and general provisions of law, including the laws in relation to the assessment, remission, collection, and refund of internal revenue taxes not heretofore specifically repealed and not inconsistent with the provisions of this title, are hereby extended and made applicable to all the provisions of this title and to

the tax herein imposed.

the tax herein impositions of this title shall be that herein impositions of this title shall extend to Porto Rico and the Philippine Islands; Provided, That the administration of the law and the collection of the taxes imposed in Porto Rico and the Philippine Islands shall be by the appropriate Internal Revenue officers of those Governments, and all revenues collected in Porto Rico and the Philippine Islands thereunder shall accrue intact to the general Governments thereof, respectively: Provided further, That the jurisdiction in this title conferred upon the District Courts of the United States shall, so far as the Philippine Islands are concerned, be vested in the courts of the first instance of said islands: And provided further. That nothing in this title shall be held to exclude from the computation of the net income the compensation paid any official by the Governments of the District of Columbia, Porto Rico, and the Philippine Islands, or the political subdivisions thereof.

SEC. 24. That section 2 of the act approved

litical subdivisions thereor.

SEC. 24. That section 2 of the act approved October 3, 1913, entitled "An act to reduce tariff duties and to provide revenue for the Government, and for other purposes," is hereby repealed, except as herein otherwise provided, and except that it shall remain in force for the assessment and collection of all taxes which have accurated thereunder and for shall remain in force for the assessment and collection of all taxes which have accrued thereunder, and for the imposition and collection of all penalties or for-feitures which have accrued or may accrue in relation to any of such taxes, and except that the unexpended balance of any appropriation heretofore made and now available for the administration of such section or any provision thereof shall be available for the administration of this title or the corresponding provision thereof responding provision thereof.

responding provision thereof.

SEC 25. That income on which has been assessed the tax imposed by section 2 of the act entitled "An act to reduce tariff duties and to provide revenue for the Government, and for other purposes," approved October 3, 1913, shail not be considered as income within the meaning of this title: Provided, That this section shall not conflict with that portion of section 10, of this title, under which a taxpayer has fixed its own fiscal year.

# TITLE II.-ESTATE TAX.

SEC. 200. That when used in this title— The term "person" includes partnerships, cor-porations, and associations;

porations, and associations;
The term "United States" means only the States, the Territories of Alaska and Hawall, and the District of Columbia;
The term "executor" means the executor or administrator of the decedent, or, if there is no executor or administrator, any person who takes possession of any property of the decedent; and

of any property of the decedent; and
The term "Collector" means the Collector of Internal Revenue of the district in which was the
domicile of the decedent at the time of his death, or,
if there was no such domicile in the United States,
then the Collector of the district in which is situated
the part of the gross estate of the decedent in the

STATE TAX.
United States, or, if such part of the gross estate is situated in more than one district, then the Collector of Internal Revenue at Baltimore, Md.
SEC. 201. That a tax (hereinafter in this title referred to as the tax), equal to the following percentages of the value of the net estate to be determined as provided in section 203 is hereby imposed upon the transfer of the net estate of every decedent dying after the passage of this act, whether a resident or non-resident of the United States:

One per cent, of the amount of such net estate not in excess of \$50,000:

\$50,000 to \$150,000, 2 p. c. \$150,000 to \$250,000, 3 p. c. \$250,000 to \$450,900, 4 p. c. \$450,000 to \$1,000,000, 5 p. c.

\$1,000,000 to \$2,000,000, 6 p. c. \$2,000,000 to \$3,000,000, 7 p. c. \$3,000,000 to \$4,000,000, 8 p. c. \$4,000,000 to \$5,000,000, 9 p. c. Exceeding \$5,000,000, 10 p. c.

SEC. 202. That the value of the gross estate of the decedent shall be determined by including the value at the time of his death of all property, real or personal, tangible or intangible, wherever stu-

(a) To the extent of the interest therein of the decedent at the time of his death which after his death is subject to the payment of the charges against his estate and the expenses of its administration and is subject to distribution as part of his estate.

(b) To the extent of any interest therein of which the decedent has at any time made a transfer, or with respect to which he has created a trust, in contemplation of or latended to take effect in possession or enjoyment at or after his death, except in case of a bona fide sale for a fair consideration in money or money's worth. Any transfer of a material part of his property in the nature of a final disposition or distribution thereof, made by the decedent within two years prior to his death without such a consideration, shall, unless shown to the contrary, be deemed to have been made in contemplation of death within the meaning of this title; and (c) To the extent of the interest therein lield (b) To the extent of any interest therein of which

(e) To the extent of the interest therein held jointly or as tenants in the entirety by the decedent and any other person, or deposited in banks or other institutions in their joint names and payable to either or the survivor, except such part thereof as may be shown to have originally belonged to such other person and never to have belonged to the dece-

Gent.

For the purpose of this title, stock in a domestic corporation owned and held by a non-resident decedent shall be deemed property within the United States, and any property of which the decedent has made a transfer or with respect to which he has created a trust, within the meaning of subdivision (b) of this section, shall be deemed to be situated in the United States, if so situated either at the time of the transfer or the creation of the trust, or at the time of the decedent's death.

Sec 202 That, for the authors of the tax that

SEC. 203. That for the purpose of the tax the value of the net estate shall be determined—

(a) In the case of a resident, by deducting from the value of the gross estate—

(1) Such amounts for funeral expenses, administration expenses, claims against the estate, unpaid mortgages, losses incurred during the settlement of the estate arising from fires, storms, shipwreck, or other casualty, and from theft, when such losses are not compensated for by insurance or otherwise, support during the settlement of the estate of those dependent upon the decedent, and such other charges against the estate, as are allowed by the laws of the jurisdiction, whether within or without the United States, under which the estate is being administered; and

(2) An exemption of \$50,000;
(b) In the case of a non-resident, by deducting from the value of that part of his gross estate which at the control of the details of the state of the state of the details. from the value of that part of his gross estate which at the time of his death is situated in the United States that proportion of the deductions specified in paragraph (1) of subdivision (a) of this section which the value of such part bears to the value of his entire gross estate, wherever situated. But no deductions shall be allowed in the case of a non-resident unless the executor includes in the return required to be filed under section 205 the value at the time of his death of that part of the gross estate of the non-resident not situated in the United States.

resident not situated in the United States.

Szc. 204. That the tax shall be due one year after the decedent's death. If the tax is paid before it is due a discount at the rate of 5 p. c. per annum, calculated from the time payment is made to the date when the tax is due, shall be deducted. If the tax is not paid within 90 days after it is due, interest at the rate of 10 p. c. per annum from the time of the decedent's death shall be added as part of the tax, unless because of claims against the estate, necessary litigation, or other unavoidable delay the Collector finds that the tax cannot be determined, in which case the interest shall be at the rate of 6 p. c. per annum from the time of the decedent's death until the eause of such delay is removed, and thereafter at the rate of 10 p. c. per annum. Litigation

to defeat the payment of the tax shall not be deemed necessary litigation.

necessary litigation.

SEC. 205. That the executor, within 30 days after qualifying as such, or after coming into possession of any property of the decedent, whichever event first occurs, shall give written notice thereof to the Collector. The executor, shall also, at such times and in such manner as may be required by the regulations made under this title file with the Collector a return under oath in duplicate, setting forth (a) the value of the gross estate of the decedent at the time of his death, or, in case of a non-resident, of that part of his gross estate situated in the United States; (b) the deductions allowed under section 203; (c) the value of the net estate of the decedent as defined in section 203; and (d) the tax paid or payable thereon; or such part of such information as may at thereon; or such part of such information as may at the time be ascertainable and such supplemental data as may be necessary to establish the correct

Return shall be made in all cases of estates sub-ject to the tax or where the gross estate at the death of the decedent exceeds \$60,000, and in the of the decedent exceeds \$86,000, and in the case of the estate of every non-resident any part of whose gross estate is situated in the United States. If the executor is unable to make a complete return as to any part of the gross estate of the decedent, he shall include in his return a description of such part and the name of every person holding a legal or beneficial interest therein, and upon notice from the Collector such person shall in like manner make a return as to such part of the gross estate. The Comretum as to such part of the gross estate. The Com-

return as to such part of the gross estate. The Commissioner of Internal Revenue shall make all assessments of the tax under the authority of existing administrative special and general provisions of law relating to the assessment and collection of taxes. SEC. 206. That if no administration is granted upon the estate of a decedent, or if no return is filed as provided in section 205, or if a return contains a false or incorrect statement of a material fact, the Collector or Deputy Collector shall make a return and the Commissioner of Internal Revenue shall assess the tax thereon.

shall assess the tax thereon.

SEC. 207. That the executor shall pay the tax to the Collector or Deputy Collector. If for any reason the amount of the tax cannot be determined, the payment of a sum of money sufficient, in the the payment of a sum of money sufficient, in the opinion of the Collector, to discharge the tax shall be deemed payment in full of the tax, except as in this section otherwise provided. If the amount so paid exceeds the amount of the tax as finally determined, the Commissioner of Internal Revenue shall refund such excess to the executor. If the amount of the tax as finally determined exceeds the amount so paid, the Commissioner shall notify the executor of the amount of such excess. From the time of such notification to the time of the final payment of such excess not the time of the final payment of such excess not payment of such excess. payment of such excess part of the tax, interest shall be added thereto at the rate of 10 p. c. per annum, and the amount of such excess shall be a lieu upon the entire gross estate, except such part thereof as may have been sold to a bona fide purchaser for a fair consideration in money or money's worth.

The Collector shall grant to the person paying the tax duplicate receipts, either of which shall be sufficient evidence of such payment, and shall

the tax duplicate receipts, either of which shall be sufficient evidence of such payment, and shall entitle the executor to be credited and allowed the amount thereof by any court having jurisdiction to audit or settle his accounts.

SEC. 208. That if the tax herein imposed is not paid within 60 days after it is due, the Collector shall, unless there is reasonable cause for further delay, commence appropriate proceedings in any court of the United States, in the name of the United States, to subject the property of the decedent to be court of the United States, in the name of the United States, to subject the property of the decedent to be sold under the judgment or decree of the court. From the proceeds of such sale the amount of the tax, together with the costs and expenses of every description to be allowed by the court, shall be first paid, and the balance shall be deposited according to the court of the hist paid, and the balance shall be deposited according to the order of the court, to be paid under its direction to the person entitled thereto. If the tax or any part thereof is paid by, or collected out of that part of the estate passing to or in the possession that part of the estate passing to or in the possession of, any person other than the executor in his capacity as such, such person shall be entitled to reimbursement out of any part of the estate still undistributed or by a just and equitable contribution by the persons whose interest in the estate of the decedent would have been reduced if the tax had been paid before

the distribution of the estate or whose interest is subject to equal or prior liability for the payment of taxes, debts, or other charges against the estate, it being the purpose and intert or his title that so far as is practicable and unless otherwise directed

far as is practicable and unless otherwise directed by the will of the decedent the tax shall be paid out of the estate before its distribution.

SEC, 209. That unless the tax is sooner paid in full, it shall be a lien for 10 years upon the gross estate of the decedent, except that such part of the gross estate as is used for the payment of charges against the estate and expenses of its administra-tion, allowed by any court having jurisdiction thereof, shall be divested of such lien.

If the decedent makes a transfer of, or creates a trust with respect, to any proporty in contemplation

If the decedent makes a transfer of, or creates a trust with respect to, any property in contemplation of or intended to take effect in possession or enjoyment at or after his feath (except in the case of a bona fide sale for a fair consideration in money or money's worth) and if the tex in respect thereto a not paid when due, the transferee or trustee shall be personally liable for such tax, and such property to the extent of the decedent's interest therein at the time of such transfer, shall be subject to a like lien equal to the amount of such tax. Any part of such property sold by such transferee or trustee to a bona fide purchaser for a fair consideration in money or money's worth shall be divested of the lien and a like lien shall then attach to all the property of such transferee or trustee, except any part sold to a bona fide purchaser for a fair consideration in money or money's worth.

SEC. 210. That whoever knowingly makes any Sec. 210. That whoever knowingly makes any false statement in any notice or return required to be filed by this title shall be liable to a peneity of not exceeding \$5,000, or imprisonnest not exceeding one year, or both, in the discretion of the

Whoever fails to comply with any duty Imposed upon him by section 205, or, having in his possession or control any record, file, or paper, containing or supposed to contain any information concerning the estate of the decedent, fails to exhibit the same upon request to the Commissioner of Internal Revenue or any collector or law officer of the United States, or his duly authorized deputy or agent, who desires to examine the same in the performance of his dules under this title, shall be liable to a penalty of not exceeding \$500, to be recovered, with costs of sult, in a civil action in the name of the United States.

SEC. 211. That all administrative, special, and general provisions of law, including the laws in relation to the assessment and collection of taxes, not heretofore specifically repealed are hereby made to apply to this title so far as applicable and not inconsistent with its provisions.

SEC. 212. That the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, shall make such regulations, and prescribe and require the use of such books and forms, as he may deem necessary to carry out the provisions of this title.

#### MANUFACTURER'S TAX. TITLE III,-MUNITION

SEC. 300. That when used in this title—
The term "person" includes partnerships, corporations, and associations;
The term "taxable year" means the 12 months ending December 31. The first taxable year shall be the 12 months ending December 31, 1916; and The term "United States" means only the States, the Territories of Alaska and Hawaii and the

The term "United States" means only the States, the Territorles of Alaska and Hawaii, and the District of Columbia.

SEC. 301. (1) That every person meanufacturing algorithms of the States, and the Edward of Columbia of the States, and the States of the States of Primers, exclusive of those used for industrial purposes; (e) projectiles, shells, or torpedoes of any kind, including shrapnel, loaded or unloaded, ruses, or complete rounds of ammunition (d) frearms of any kind and appendages, including smarms, cannon, machine guns, rilles, and bayonets; fuses, or complete rounds of ammunition; (d) firearms of any kind and appendages, including small arms. cannon, machine guns, rifles, and bayonets; (e) electric motor boats, submarine or submersible vessels or boats, or (f) any part of any of the articles mentioned in (b), (e), (d), or (e), shall pay for each taxable year, in addition to the income tax imposed by Title 1. an excise tax of 12½ p. c. upon the entire net profits actually received or accrued for said year from the sale or disposition of such articles manufactured within the United States: Provided, however, That no person shall pay such tax upon net profits received during the year 1916 derived from the sale and delivery of the articles enumerated in this section under contracts executed and fully performed by such person prior to January 1, 1916.

(2) This section shall ecase to be of effect at the end of one year after the termination of the end of the tax of the provision of this title, for the United States dealering and the profits of the trace of the tax there shall be allowed as deductions from the gross amount received or accrued for the taxable year from the sale or disposition of such articles manufactured within the United States, the following tems:

(a) The cost of raw metables enterting into the

items:

(a) The cost of raw materials entering into the manufacture

manufacture;
(b) Running expenses, including rentals, cost of repairs and maintenance, beat, power, insurance, management, salaries, and wages;
(c) heerest paid within the taxable year on debts of loans contracted to meet the needs of the business of meet proceeds of which have been actually used to meet the uch needs;
(d) Taxes of all kinds paid during the taxable year with respect to the business or property relating to the manufacture;

(e) Losses actually sustained within the taxable year in connection with the business of manufactur-ing such articles, including losses from fire, flood, storm, or other casualty, and not compensated for by Insurance or otherwise; and

(f) A reasonable allowance according to the conditions peculiar to each concern, for amortization of the values of buildings and machinery, account being taken of the exceptional depreciation of special

taken of the exceptional depreciation of special plants.

SEC. 303. If any person manufactures any article specified in section 301 and, during any taxable year or part thereof, whether under any agreement, arrangement, or understanding, or otherwise, selis or disposes of any such article at less than the fair market price obtainable therefor, either (a) in such manner as directly or indirectly to benefit, such person or any person directly or indirectly interested in the business of such person, or (b) with intent to cause such benefit, the gross amount received or accrued for such year or part thereof from the sale or disposition of such article shall be taken to be the amount which would have been received or accrued from the sale or disposition of such article the fair market price.

SEC. 304. On or before March 1, 1917, and March 1 in each year thereafter, a true and accurate return under oath shall be made by each person manufacturing articles specified in section 301 to the Collector of Internal Revenue for the district in which such person has his principal office or place of business, in such form as the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, shall prescribe, setting forth specifically the gross amount of income received or accrued from the sale or disposition of the articles specified in section 302, and such other particulars as to the gross receipts and items of allowance authorized in section 302, and such other particulars as to the gross receipts and items of allowance as the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, may require.

gross receipts and items of allowance as the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, may require.

SEC. 305. All such returns shall be transmitted forthwith by the Collector to the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, who shall, as soon as practicable, assess the tax found due and notify the person making such return of the amount of tax for which such person is liable, and such person shall pay the tax to the Collector on or before 30 days from the date of such notice.

date of such notice.

SEC, 306. If the Secretary of the Treasury or the Commissioner of Internal Revenue shall have reason to be dissatisfied with the return as made, or if no return is made, the Commissioner is authorized to make an investigation and to determine the amount of net profits and may assess the proper tax accord-

ingly. He shall notify the person making, or who should have made, such return and shall proceed to collect the tax in the same manner as provided in this title, unless the person so notified shall file a written request for a hearing with the Commissioner within 30 days after the date of such notice; and on such hearing the burden of establishing to the satisfaction of the Commissioner that the gross amount received or accrued or the amount of net profits, as determined by the Commissioner, is incorrect, shall devolve upon such person.

SEC. 307. The tax may be assessed on any person for the time being owning or carrying on the busi-

SEC. 307. The tax may be assessed on any person for the time being owning or carrying on the business, or on any person acting as agent for that person in carrying on the business, or where a business has eeased, on the person who owned or carried on the business, or acted as agent in carrying on the business immediately before the time at which the

business ceased.

business ceased.
SEC. 308. For the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this title the Commissioner of Internal Revenue is authorized, personally or by his agent, to examine the books, accounts, and records of any person subject to this tax.
SEC. 309. No person employed by the United States shall communicate, or allow to be communi-

cated to any person not legally entitled thereto, any

information obtained under the provisions of this title, or allow any such person to inspect or have access to any return furnished under the provisions of this title.

SEC. 310. Whoever violates any of the provisions of this title or the regulations made thereunder, or who knowingly makes lake statements in any return, or refuses to give such information as may be called for, is guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction shall, in addition to paying any tax to which he is liable, be fined not more than \$10,000, or imprisoned not exceeding one year, or both, in the discretion of the court.

SEC. 311. All administrative, special, and general provisions of law, relating to the assessment and collection of taxes not specifically repealed, are bereby made to apply to this title so far as applicable and not inconsistent with its provisions.

SEC. 312. The Commissioner of Internal Revenue, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, shall make all necessary regulations for carrying out the provisions of this title, and may require any person subject to such provisions to furnish him with further information whenever in his judgment the same is necessary to collect the tax provided for herein.

## TITLE IV.—MISCELLANEOUS TAXES.

SEC. 400. That there shall be levied, collected, and paid a tax of \$1.50 on all beer, lager beer, ale, porter, and other similar fermented liquor, brewed or manufactured and sold, or stored in warehouse, or removed for consumption or sale, within the United States, by whatever name such liquors may be called, for every barrel containing not more than 31 gallons; and at a like rate for any other quantity or for the fractional parts of a barrel authorized and defined by law. And section 3339 of the Revised Statutes is hereby amended accordingly. ingly.

That natural wine within the meaning SEC. of this act shall be deemed to be the product made from the normal alcoholic fermentation of the juice from the normal alcoholic ferinentation of the juice of sound, ripe grapes, without addition or abstraction, except such as may occur in the usual cellar treatment of clarifying and aging; Provided, however. That the product made from the juice of sound, ripe grapes by complete fermentation of the must under proper cellar treatment and corrected by the addition (under the supervision of a gauger or storekeeper-gauger in the capacity of gauger) of a solution of water and pure cane, beet, or dextrose sugar (containing, respectively, not less than 95 p. c. of actual sugar, calculated on a dry basis) to the must or to the wine, to correct natural dedicencies, when such addition shall not increase the volume of the resultant product more than 35 p.c., and the when such addition shall not increase the volume of the resultant product more than 35 p. c., and the resultant product does not contain less than five parts per thousand of acid before fermentation and not more than 13 p. c. of alcohol after complete fermentation, shall be deemed to be wine within the meaning of this act, and may be labelled, transported, and sold as "wine," qualided by the name of the locality where produced, and may be further qualified by the name of its own particular type or variety: And provided purther. That wine as defined in this section may be sweetened with cane sugar or beet sugar or pure condensed grape must and fortified under the provisions of this act, and wines so sweetened or fortified shall be considered sweet wine within the meaning of this act.

SEC. 402. (a) That upon all still wines, including

SEC. 402. (a) That upon all still wines, including vermuth, and upon all artificial or imitation wines or compound sold as wine hereafter produced in or imported into the United States, and upon all like wines which on the date this section takes effect shall be in the possession or under the control of the producer, holder, dealer, or compounder there shall be levied, collected, and paid taxes at rates as stollars: SEC. 402. (a) That upon all still wines, including foilows:

follows;
On wines containing not more than 14 p. c. of absolute alcoloi, 4 cents per wine gallon, the per centum of alcohol taxahle under this section to be reckoned by volume and not by weight.
On wines containing more than 14 p. c. and not exceeding 21 p. c. of absolute alcohol, 10 cents per wine gallon.
On whes containing more than 21 p. c. and not

exceeding 24 p. c. of absolute alcohol, 25 cents per wine gallon.

All such wines containing more than 24 p. c of absolute alcohol by volume shall be classed as distilled spirits and shall pay tax accordingly: Provided. That on all unsold still wines in the actual possession of the producer at the time this title takes effect, upon which the tax imposed by the act approved October 22, 1914, entitled "An act to Increase the Internal Revenue and for other purposes," and the joint resolution approved December 17, 1915, entitled "Joint resolution extending the provisions of the act entitled 'An act to Increase the Internal Revenue, and for other purposes, approved October 22, 1914, to December 31, 1916, has been assessed, the tax so assessed shall be abated, or, if paid, refunded under such regulations as the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, may prescribe. All such wines containing more than 24 p. c prescribe.

are assessed and collected, and all provisions of law relating to assessment and collection of taxes, so far as applicable, are hereby extended to the taxes imposed by this section.

(c) That under such regulations and official supervision and upon the giving of such notices, entries, bonds, and other security as the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, may preseribe, any producer of wines defined under the provisions of this section or section 401 of this act, may withdraw from any fruit distillery or special bonded warehouse grape brandy, or wine spirits, for the fortification of such wines on the premises where actually made: Provided, That there shall be levied and assessed against the producer of such wines a tax of 10 cents per proof gallon of grape brandy or wine spirits so used by him in the fortification of such wines during the preceding month, which assessment shall be paid by him within six months from the date of notice thereof: Provided further, That nothing herein contained shall be construed as exempting any wines, cordials, liqueurs, or similar compounds from the payment of any tax provided for in this section. for in this section.

That sections 42, 43 and 45 of the act of October 1, 1890, as amended by section 68 of the act of August 27, 1894, are further aniended to read as follows:

ioliows:

"Sec. 42. That any producer of pure sweet wines may use in the preparation of such sweet wines, under such regulations and after the filing of such notices and bonds, together with the keeping of such records and the rendition of such reports as to materials and products as the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, with the approval of the Sercetary of the Treasury, may prescribe, when spirits produced by any duly authorized distiller, and the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, in determining the liability of any distiller of wine spirits to assessment under section 3309 of the Revised Statutes, is authorized to allow such distiller credit in his computations for the wine spirits withdrawn to be used putations for the wine spirits withdrawn to be used in fortilying sweet wines under this aet.

in fortifying sweet wines under this act.

"Sec. 43. That the wine spirits mentioned in section 42 herein mentioned is the product resulting from the distillation of fermented grape luice, to which water may have been added prior to, during, or after fermentation, for the sole purpose of facilitating the fermentation and economical distillation thereof, and shall be held to include the product from grapes or their residues commonly known as grape brandy, and shall include commercial grape brandy which may have been colored with burnt sugar or earamel; and the pure sweet wine which may be fortified with wine spirits under the provisions of this act is fermented or partially fermented grape julee only, with the usual cellar treatment, and shall contain no other substance whatever introduced before, at the time of, or after fermentation, except as herein expressiy provided; Provided. That the addition of pure boiled or condensed grape must or contain no other substance "matter induced before, at the time of, or after fementation expressly provided; and the property as herein expressly provided; and the provided of such the control of water neven authorized shall be under Revenue, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, may from time to time prescribe; Proded, however, That records kept in accordance with such resulations to the prescribe; Proded, however, That records kept in accordance with such resulations to the presenting to the presenting of the wine offered for officiation shall be open to inspection by any official of the Department of Agriculture thereto duly authorized by the Secretary with the water has been added be eligible for this action under the provisions of this act, where they are alcoholic strength of less than 5 p. c. of their volume.

"Sec. 45. That under such requirement and the requirement of the provisions of the same, after termentation and before fortification, there is a such provision of the same, after termentation and before fortification that of the same, after termentation and before fortification.

"Sec. 45. That under such regulations and official supervision, and upon the execution of such entries and the giving of such bonds, bilis of lading,

and other security as the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, shall prescribe, any producer of pure sweet wines as defined by this act may withdraw wine spirits from any special bonded warchouse in original packages or from any registered distillery in any quantity not less than eighty wine gallons, and may use so much of the same as may be required by him under such regulations, and after the filing of such notices and bonds and the keeping of such records and the rendition of such reports as to materials and products and the disposition of the same as the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, shall prescribe, in fortilying the pure sweet wines made by him, and for no other purpose, in accordance with the foregoing ilmitations and provisions; and the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, is authorized whenever he shall deem it to be necessary for the prevention of violations of this law to prescribe that wine spirits withdrawn under this section shall not be used to fortify wines except at a certain distance prescribed by him from any distillery for the prevention of violations of this law to prescribe that wine spirits withdrawn under this section shall not be used to fortify wines except at a certain distance prescribed by him from any distillery, rectifying house, winery, or other establishment used for producing or storing distilled spirits, or for making or storing wines other than wines which are so fortified, and that in the building in which such fortification of wines is practised no wines or spirits other than those permitted by this regulation shall be stored in any room or part of the building in which fortification of wines is practised. The use of wine spirits for the fortification of sweet wines under this act shall be under the immediate supervision of an officer of Internal Revenue, when the approval of the Secretary of the Treasurable to the packages centualing such wines and seals to the packages centualing such wines as may be prescribed the approval of the Secretary of the Treasurable with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasurable with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasurable with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasurable with the supervising with the wine spirits on withdrawn may be subject to inspection, and for final accounting for the use of such wine spirits and for rewarehousing or for payment of the tax on any portion of such wine spirits which remain to tused in fortifying pure sweet wines.

(d) That under such regulations and upon the execution of such wines, and upon the execution of such wines, and upon the execution of such wines and upon the execution of such wines and upon the execution of such wines and upon the execution of such wines and upon the execution of such wines and upon the execution of such wines and upon the execution of such wines and upon the execution of such wines and upon the execution of such wines and upon the execution of such wines and upon the execution of such wines and upon the execution of such wines and upon the execution of such wines and upon the execution.

on any portion of such while spirits which remain not used in fortifying pure sweet wines.

(d) That under such regulations and upon the execution of such notices, entries, bonds and other security as the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, may preseribe, domestic wines subject to the tax imposed by this section may be removed from the winery where produced, free of tax, for storage on other bonded premises or from said premises to other bonded premises or from said premises to other bonded premises: Provided, That not more than one such additional removal shall be allowed, or for exportation from the United States or for use as distilling material at any regularly registered distillery: Provided, however, That the distiller using any such whoe as material shall, subject to the provisions of section 3309 of the Revised Statutes of the United States, as amended, be held to pay the tax on the product of such wines as will include both the alcoholic strength therein produced by fermentation and that obtained from the brandy or wine spirits added to such wines at the time of fortification. fortification.

(e) That upon all domestic and imported spark-ling wines, ilqueurs, cordials, and similar compounds remaining in the hands of dealers when this section takes effect, or thereafter removed from the place of manufacture or storage for sale or consumption, there shall be levied and paid, by stamp, taxes as follows;

On each bottle or other container of champagne or sparkling wine, 3 cents on each one-half pint or fraction thereof.

On each bottle or other container of artificially carbonated wine, 1½ cents on each one-half pint or fraction thereof.

or iraction thereof.

On each bottle or other container of liqueurs, cordials, or similar compounds, by whatever name sold or offered for sale, containing sweet wine, fortified with grape brandy under the provisions of paragraph (c) of this section, 1½ cents on each one-half pint or fraction thereof.

The taxes imposed by this section shall not apply to wines, liqueurs, or cordials on which the

tax imposed by the act approved October 22, 1914,

tax imposed by the act approved October 22, 1914, entitled "An act to increase the Internal Revenue, and for other purposes," and the joint resolution approved December 17, 1915, entitled "Joint resolution approved December 17, 1915, entitled "Joint resolution extending the provisions of the act entitled 'An act to increase the Internal Revenue, and for other purposes,' approved October 22, 1914, to December 31, 1916," has been paid by stamp. The Commissioner of Internal Revenue, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, is hereby authorized to have prepared suitable revenue stamps denoting the payment of the taxes imposed by this section; and ail provisions of law relating to Internal Revenue stamps, so far as applicable, are hereby extended to the taxes imposed by this section; Provided, That the collection of the tax herein prescribed on imported still wines, including vermuth, and sparking wines, including champagne, and on imported still wines, including vermuth, and sparking wines, including champagne, and on imported liqueurs, cordials, and similar compounds, may be made within the discretion of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, by assessment instead of by stamps.

(f) That any person who shall evade or attempt

(f) That any person who shall evade or attempt to evade the tax imposed by this section, or any requirement of this section or regulation issued pursuant thereof, or who shall, otherwise that provided in this section, recover or attempt to recover any spirits from domestic or imported wine, or who shall rectify, mix, or compound with distilled spirits any dornestic wines, other than in the manufacture of flqueurs, cordials, or similar compounds taxable under the provisions of this section, shall, on conviction, be punished for each such offence by a fine of not exceeding \$5,000, or imprisonment for not more than five years, or both, and all wines, spirits, ilqueurs, cordials, or similar compounds as to which such violation occurs shall be forfeited to the United States. But the provision of this subdivision of this section and the provision of section 3244 of the Revised Statutes of the United States, as amended, relating to (f) That any person who shall evade or attempt

vision of this subdivision of this section and the provision of section 3244 of the Revised Statutes of the United States, as amended, relating to rectification, or other Internal Revenue Laws of the United States, shall not be held to apply to or prohibit the mixing or blending of wines subject to tax under the provisions of this section with each other or with other wines for the sole purpose of perfecting such wines according to commercial standards; Provided, That nothing herein contained shall be construed as prohibiting the use of tax-paid grain or other ethyl alcohol in the fortification of sweet wines as defined in section 53 of this act. (g) That the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, by regulations to be approved by the Secretary of the Treasury, may require the use at each fruit distillery of such spirit meters, and such locks and seals to be affixed to fermenters, tanks, or other vessels and to such pipe connections as may in his judgment be necessary or expedient; and the said Commissioner is hereby authorized to assign to any such distillery and to each winery where wines are to be fortified such number of gaugers or store-keeper-gaugers in the capacity of gaugers as may be necessary for the proper supervision of the manufacture of brandy or the making or fortifying of wines subject to tax imposed by this section: and the compensation of such officers shall not exceed \$5 per diem while so assigned, together with their actual and necessary travelling expenses, and the compensation of such officers shall not exceed \$5 per diem while so assigned, together with their actual and necessary travelling expenses, and also a reasonable allowance for their board bills, to be fixed by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, but not to exceed \$2.50 per diem for said board bills.

(h) That the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, th the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, (h) That the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, is hereby authorized to make such allowances for unavoidable loss of wines while on storage or during cellar treatment as in his judgment may be just and proper, and to prepare all necessary regulations for carrying into effect the provisions of this section. (1) That the second paragraph of section 3264, Revised Statutes of the United States of America, as amended by section 5 of the act of March 1, 1879, and as further amended by the Act of Congress approved June 22, 1910, be amended so as to read as follows;

as follows;
"In all surveys 45 gallons of mash or beer brewed or fermented from grain shall represent not less than one bushel of grain, and seven gallons of mash or beer brewed or fermented from molasses, shall represent not less than one gallon of molasses,

except in distilleries operated on the sour-mash principle, in which distilleries 60 galtons of beer brewed or fermented from grain shall represent not brewed or fermented from grain shall represent not less than one bushel of grain, and except that in distilleries where the filtration-aeration process is used, with the approval of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue; that is, where the mash after it leaves the mash tub is passed through a filtering machine before it is run into the fermenting tub, and only the filtered liquor passes into the fermenting tub, there shall hereafter be no limitation upon the number of gallous of water which may be used in the process of mashing or filtration for fermentation; but the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, in order to protect the revenue, shall be authorized to prescribe by regulation, to be made by him, such character of survey as he may find suitable for distilleries using such filtration-aeration process. The provisions hereof relating to filtrationprocess. The provisions hereof relating to filtration-aeration process shall apply only to sweet-mash distilleries."

distilleries."

SEC. 403. That under such regulations as the Commissioner of Internal Revenue with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, may prescribe, atcohol or other distilled spirits of a proof strength of not less than 180 degrees intended for export free of tax may be drawn from receiving ciscerns at any distillery, or from storage tanks in any distillery warehouse, for transfer to tanks or tank cars for export from the United States and all provisions of existing law retating to the exportation of distilled spirits not inconsistent herewith shall apply to spirits removed for export under the provisions of this act.

SEC. 404. That section 3255 of the Revised

SEC. 404. That section 3255 of the Revised Statutes as amended by act of June 3, 1896, and as further amended by act of March 2, 1911, be further amended so as to read as follows:

as further amended by act of March 2, 1911, be lutther amended so as to read as follows:

SEC. 3255. The Commissioner of Internal Revenue, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, may exempt distillers of brandy made exclusively from apples, peaches, grapes, pears, plineapples, oranges, apricots, berry parties from paws, persimons, printing for the manufacture of the parties of the parties of the manufacture of the parties of

SEC. 406. That section 3354 of the Revised Statutes of the United States as amended by the act approved June 18, 1890, be, and is hereby, amended to read as follows;

amended to read as follows;

"SEC. 3354. Every person who withdraws any fermented ifquor from any hogshead, barrel, keg, or other vessel upon which the proper stamp has not been affixed for the purpose of bottling the same, or who earries on or attempts to earry on the business of bottling fermented liquor in any brewery or other place in which fermented liquor is made, or upon any premises having communication with such brewery, or any warehouse, shall be liable to a fine of \$500, and the property used in such bottling or business shall be liable to forfeiture; Provided, however, That this section shall

not be construed to prevent the withdrawal and transfer of unfermented, partially fermented, or fermented liquors from any of the vats in any brewery by way of a pipe lide or other conduit to another building or place for the sole purpose of bottling the same, such pipe line or conduit to be constructed and operated in such manner and with such cisterns, vats, tanks, valves, cocks, faucets, and gauges, or other intensits or apparatus, either on the premises of the brewery or the bottling house, and with such chances of or additions thereto, and such locks, seals, or other fastenings, and under such rules and regulations as shall be from time to time prescribed by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, subject to the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, and all locks and seals prescribed shall be provided by the Commissioner of Internal shall be provided by the Commissioner of the Secretary of the Treasury, and all locks and seals prescribed shall be paid on all fermented liquor removed from a brewery to a bottling house by means of a pipe or conduit, at the time of such removal by the cancellation and defacement, by the Collector of the district or bis deputy, in the presence of the brewer, of the number of stamps denoting the tax on the fermented liquor thus removed. The stamps thus cancelled and defaced shall be disposed of and accounted for in the manner directed by the Comor the fermented liquor thus removed. The stamps thus cancelled and defaced shall be disposed of and accounted for in the manner directed by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury. And any violation of the rules and regulations hereafter prescribed by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, in pursuance of these provisions, shall be subject to the penalties above provided by this section. Every owner, agent, or superintendent of any brewery or bottling house who removes, or counives at the removal of, any fermented liquor through a pipe line or conduit, without payment of the tax thereon, or who attempts in any manner to defraud the revenue as above, shall forfeit all the liquors made by and for him, and all the vessels, utensils, and apparatus used in making the same."

### SPECIAL TAXES

spparatus used in making the same."

SPECIAL TAXES.

Sec. 407. That on and after January 1, 1917, special taxes shall be, and hereby are, imposed annually as follows, that is to say:

Every corrogation, joint-stock company or association, now hereafter organized in the United States of the property insurance company, or hereafter organized under the laws of the United States, shall pay annually a special excise tax with respect to the carrying on or doing business by such corporation, joint-stock company or association, or insurance company, equivalent to 50 cents for each \$1,000 of the fair value of its capital stock and in estimating the value of capital stock the surplus and undivided profits shall be included: Provided, That in the case of insurance companies such deposits and reserve funds as they are required by law or contract to maintain or hold for the protection of or payment to or apportionment among policyholders shall not be included. The amount of such annual tax shall in all cases be computed on the basis of the fair average value of the capital stock for the preceding year: Provided, That for the purpose of this tax an exemption of \$99,000 shall be allowed from the capital stock as defined in this paragraph of each corporation, joint-stock company or association, or insurance company. Provided further, That a corporation, joint-stock company or association, or insurance company. Provided further, That this tax shall pay an incompany or association or lengaged in business during the preceding taxble year, or which is exempt under the provisions of section 11, Title I, of this act.

Every corporation, joint-stock company or association, or insurance company, now or hereafter organized for profit under the laws of any foreign country and engaged in business during the preceding taxble year, or which is exempt under the provisions of section 11, Title I, of this act.

Every corporation, joint-stock company or association, or insurance company, now or hereafter organized for profit under the laws of

United States by such corporation, joint-stock company or association, or insurance company, equivalent to 50 cents for each \$1,000 of the capital actually invested in the transaction of its business in the United States: Provided, That in the case of insurance companies such deposits or reserve funds as business of the companies such deposits of the protection of or bod in the United States from the protection of or payment to or apportionment among policyholders, shall not be included. The amount of such annual tax shall in all cases be computed on the basis of the average amount of capital so invested durins the preceding year: Provided, That for the purpose of this tax an exemption from the amount of capital so invested shall be allowed equal to such proportion of \$99,000 as the amount so invested bears to the total amount invested in the transaction of business in the United States or elsewhere: Provided further, That this exemption shall be allowed only if such corporation, joint-stock company or association, or insurance company makes return to the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, under regulations prescribed by him, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, of the amount of capital invested in the transaction of business outside the United States: And provided further, That a corporation, joint-stock company or association, or insurance company actually paying the tax imposed by section 301 of Title 111 of this act, shall be entitled to a credit as against the tax imposed by section 301 of Title 111 of this act, shall be entitled to a credit as against the tax imposed by the paragraph equal to the amount of the tax on actually paid: And provided further, That this tax shall not be imposed upon any corporation, joint-stock company or association, or insurance company makes that the paragraph equal to the amount of the tax so actually paid: And provided further, That this tax shall not be imposed upon any corporation, soint-stock company or easociation. Or insurance company not engaged in busin

Second—Brokers shall pay \$30. Every person, firm, or company, whose business it is to negotiate purchases or sales of stocks, bonds, exchange, bullion, coined money, bank notes, promissory notes, or other securities, for others, shall be regarded as a broker.

Third—Pawnbrokers shall pay \$50. Every person, firm, or company whose business or occupation it is to take or receive, by way of pledge, pawn, or exchange, any goods, wares, or merchandise, or any kind of personal property whatever, as security for the repayment of money loaned thereon, shall be deemed a pawnbroker.

Fourth—Ship brokers shall pay \$20. Every person, firm, or company whose business it is as a hroker to negotiate freights and other business for the owners of vessels, or for the shippers or consignors or consignees of freight carried by vessels, shall be regarded as a ship broker under this section.

garded as a sipportone and that the pay \$10. Every person, firm, or company whose occupation It is, as the agent of others, to arrance entries and other Custom House papers, or transact business at any port of entry relating to the importation or examtation of goods, wares, or merchandise, shall be regarded as a Custom House broker.

garded as a Custom House broker.

Sixth—Proprietors of theatres, museums, and concert halls, where a charge for admission is made, having a seating capacity of not more than 250, shall pay \$25; having a seating capacity of more than 250 and not exceeding 500, shall pay \$55; having a seating capacity of more than 250 and not exceeding 500, shall pay \$75; having a seating capacity of more than 800, shall pay \$100. Every edifice used for the purpose of dramatic or operatio or other representations, plays, or performances, for admission to which entrance money is received, not including halls or armories rented or used occasionally for concerts or theatrical representations, shall be regarded as a theatre: Provided, That in cities, towns, or villages of 5,000 inhabitants or less the amount of such payment shall be one-half of that above stated: Provided further, Tha whenever any such edifice is under lease at the pastile sace, unless otherwise stipulated between the parties to sale lease.

Seventh—The 200 Freez building space tent.

parties to said lease. Seventh—The proprietor or proprietors of circuses shall pay \$100. Every building, space, tent, or area where feats of horsemanship or acrobatic sports or theatrical performances not otherwise provided for in this section are exhibited shall be regarded as a circus: \*protided, That no special tax paid in one State, Territory, or the District of

Columbia shall exempt exhibitions from the tax in another State, Territory, or the District of Columbia, and but one special tax shall be imposed for exhibitions within any one State. Territory, or District.

or Distributions within any one State. Ferritory, or Distributions or shows for money not enumerated in this section shall pay \$10: Provided, That a special tax paid in one State Territory, or the District of Columbia shall not exempt exhibitions from the tax in another State Territory, or the District of Columbia and but one special tax shall be required for exhibitions within any one State. Territory, That this lastice of Columbia: Provided further, That this lastice of Columbia: Provided further, That the State of Columbia and the Columbia of Columbia and the Columbia of C

private homes, shall be regarded as a bowling alley or a billiard room, respectively
SEC. 408. That on and after January 1,1917, special taxes on tobacco, cigar, and eigarette manufacturers shall be, and bereby are, imposed annually as follows, the amount of such annual taxes to be computed in all cases on the basis of the annual sales for the preceding fiscal year:

Manufacturers of tobacco whose annual sales do not exceed 50,000 lbs. shall each pay 83; Manufacturers of tobacco whose annual sales exceed 50,000 and do not exceed 100,000 lbs. shall each pay 80; Manufacturers of tobacco whose annual sales exceed 100,000 and do not exceed 200,000 lbs.

shail each pay \$12;

Manufacturers of tobacco whose annual sales exceed 200,000 lbs. shall each pay at the rate of S cents per 1,000 lbs. or fraction thereof; Manufacturers of clgars whose annual sales do not exceed 50,000 clgars shall each pay \$2; Manufacturers of clgars whose annual sales exceed 50,000 and do not exceed 100,000 clgars shall each

avianufacturers of clears whose annual sales exceed 100,000 and do not exceed 200,000 clears shall each pay \$6;

Manufacturers of clears shall each pay \$6;

Manufacturers of clears shall each

Manuacurers of cigars whose annual sales exceed 200,000 and do not exceed 400,000 cigars shall each pay at the rate of 5 cents per 1,000 cigars, or fraction thereof:

of 5 cents per 1,000 cigars, or fraction thereof:
Manufacturers of cigarettes, including smail
cigars weighing not more than 3 ibs. per 1,000,
shall each pay at the rate of 3 cents for every 10,000
cigarettes, or fraction thereof.
In arriving at the amount of special tax to be
paid under this section, and in the levy and collection of such tax, each person, firm, or corporation
engaged in the manufacture of more than one of
the classes of articles specified in this section shall

be considered and deemed a manufacturer of each ciass separately.

class separately.

Every person who carries on any business or occupation for which special taxes are imposed by this title, without having pald the special tax therein provided, shall, besides being liable to the payment of such special tax, be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall pay a fine of not more than \$500, or be imprisoned not more than six months, or both, in the discretion of the court. the court

the court.

SEC. 409. That all administrative or special provisions of law, including the law relating to the assessment of taxes, so lar as applicable, are hereby extended to and made a part of this title, and every person, firm, company, corporation, or association liable to any tax imposed by this title, shall keep such records and render, under oath, such statements and returns, and shall comply with such regulations as the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury.

ments and returns, and shall comply with such regulations as the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, may from time to time prescribe.

SEC. 410. That the act approved October 22, 1914, entitled "An act to increase the Internal Revenue, and for other purposes," and the joint resolution approved December 17, 1915, entitled "Joint resolution extending the provisions of the act entitled "An act to increase the Internal Revenue, and for other purposes," approved October 22, 1914, to December 31, 1916," are hereby repealed, except sections 3 and 4 of such act as so extended, which sections shall remain in force till January 1 1917, and except that the provisions of the said act shall remain in force for the sases-ment and collection of all special taxes imposed by sections 3 and 4 thereof, or by such sections as extended by said joint resolution, for any year or part thereof ending prior to January 1, 1917, and of all other taxes imposed by such act, or by such act as so extended, accrued prior to the taking effect of this title, and for the imposition and collection of all penalties or forfeitures which have accrued or may accrue in relation to any of such taxes.

Exc. 411. That the Commissioner of Internal

have accrued or may accrue in relation to any of such taxes.

SEC. 411. That the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, subject to regulation prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury, may make allowance for or redeem stamps, issued, under authority of the act approved October 22, 1914, entitled "An act to increase the luternal Revenue, and for other purposes," and the joint resolution approved December 17, 1915, entitled "Joint resolution extending the provisions of the act entitled 'An act to increase the Internal Revenue, and for other purposes, approved October 22, 1914, to December 31, 1916, "to denote the payment of Internal Revenue tax, and which have not been used, if presented within two years after the purchase of such stamps. SEC. 412. That the provisions of this title shall take effect on the day following the passage of this act, except where otherwise in this title provided. SEC. 413. That all Internal Revenue agents and inspectors be granted leave of absence with pay, which shall not be cumulative, not to exceed 30 days in any calendar year, under such regulations as the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, may prescribe.

TITLE V.-DYESTUFFS.

SEC. 500. That on and after the day following the passage of this act, except as otherwise specially provided for in this title, there shall be levied, collected, and paid upon the articles named in this section when imported from any foreign country into the United States or into any of its possessions, except the Philippine Islands and the islands of Guam and Tutulla, the rates of duties which are prescribed in this title, namely:

# FREE LIST.

Group I. Acenaphthene, anthracene having a purity of less than 25 p. c., benzol, carbazol having a purity of less than 25 p. c., cresol, cumol, fluorene, metacresol having a purity of less than 90 p. c., methylanthracene, methylanthialene, naphthalene having a solidifying point less than 19 centigrade, orthocresol having a purity of less than 90 p. c., paracresol having a purity of less than 90 p. c., paracresol having a purity of less than 90 p. c., pyridin, quinolin, toluol, xylol, crude coal tar,

pitch of coal tar, dead or creosote oil, anthracene oil, all other distillates which on being subjected to distillation yield in the portion distilling below 200 degrees centigrade a quantity of tar acids less than 5 p. c. of the original distillate, and all other products that are found naturally in coal tar, whether produced or obtained from coal tar or other source, and not otherwise specially provided for in this title, shall be exempt from duty.

Group II. Amidonaphthol. amidophenol, amidosalicylic acid, amiin oil, amilin saits, anthracene having a purity of 25 p. c. or more, anthraquinone, benzole acid, benzaidehyde, benzylehioride, benzidin, binitrobenzol, binitrochicrobenzol, binitrobenzol, binitrochicrobenzol, binitrobenzol, binitrochicrobenzol, binitrobenzol, binitrochicrobenzol, binitrobenzol, binitrochicrobenzol, binitr

acid. naphthalene having a solidifying point of 179° centigrade or above, naphthylamin, naphthol, naphthylenediamin nitrobenzol, nitrotoluol, nitronaphthalene, nitranilin, nitrophenylenediamin, nitrophenylenediamin, nitrophenylenediamin, nitrophenylenediamin, nitrophenylenediamin, nitrophenylenediamin, nitrophenylenediamin, phenylnaphthylamin, resorcin, salicylic acid, sniphanilic acid, phthalic anhydride phenylenediamin phenylnaphthylamin, resorcin, salicylic acid, sniphanilic acid, sniphanil

provided in section 500, there shall be levied, collected, and paid upon all articles contained in Group II. a special duty of 2½ cents per pound, and upon all articles contained in Group III. (except natural and synthetic alizarin, and dyes obtained from alizarin, anthracene, and carbazol; natural and synthetic indigo and all indigoids, whether or not obtained from indigo; and medicinais and flavors), a special duty of 5 cents per pound.

During the period of five years beginning five years after the passage of this act such special duties shall be annually reduced by 20 p. c. of the rate imposed by this section, so that at the end of such period such special duties shall no longer be assessed, levied, or collected; but if, at the expiration of five years from the date of the passage of this act the President finds that there is not being manufactured or produced within the United States as much as 60 p. c. in value of the domestic consumption of the articles mentioned in Groups II and III. of section 500, he shall by proclamation so declare, whereupon the special duties imposed by this section on such articles shall no longer be assessed, levied, or collected.

Sec. 502. That paragraphs 20, 21, 22, and 23 and the words "sciencing and the words" scientific acceptance.

assessed, levled, or collected.

SEC. 502. That paragraphs 20, 21, 22, and 23 and the words "salicylic acid" in paragraph I of Schedule A of section I of an act entitled "An act to reduce tarilf duties and to provide revenue for the Government, and for other purposes," approved October 3, 1913, and paragraphs 394, 452, and 514, and the words "carbolic" and "phthalic," in paragraph 387 of the "free list" of section I of said act, and so much of said act or any existing law or parts of law as may be inconsistent with this title are hereby repealed.

# TITLE VI .- PRINTING PAPER.

SEC. 600. That paragraph 322, Schedule M, and paragraph 567 of the free list of the act entitled "An act to reduce tarlif duties and to provide revenue for the Government, and for other purposes," approved Trober 3, 300 by the samended so that the same action of the samended so that the same action of the samended so that the same action of the samended so that the same action of the same action of the same action of the same action of the same action of the same action of the same action of the same action of the same action of the same action of the same action of the same action of the same action of the same action of the same action of the same action of the same action of the same action, same action of the same action

ture of wood pulp, there shall be imposed upon printing paper, values above 5 cents per pound, when imported either directly or indirectly from such country, dependency, province, or other subdivision of government, an additional duty equal to the amount of the highest export duty or other export charge imposed by such country, dependency, province, or other subdivision of government, upon either printing paper or upon an amount of wood pulp, or wood for use in the manufacture of wood pulp, or wood for use in the manufacture of wood pulp necessary to manufacture such printing

paper. "567 paper. "56". Printing paper (other than paper commercially known as hand-made or machine hand-made paper, japan paper, and imitation japan paper by whatever name known), unsized, sized, or glued, suitable for the printing of books and newspapers, but not for covers or bindings, not specially provided for in this section, valued at not above 5 cents per pound, decalcomania paper not printed."

# TITLE VII.-TARIFF COMMISSION.

SEC. 700. That a commission is hereby created and established, to be known as the United States Tariff Commission (hereinafter in this title referred to as the commission), which shall be composed of six members, who shall be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, not more than three of whom shall be members of the same political party. In making said appointments members of different political parties shall alternate as nearly as may be practicable. The first members appointed shall continue in office for terms of two, four, six, eight, ten and twelve years, respectively, from the date of the passage of this act, the term of each to be designated by the President, but their successors shall be appointed for terms of twelve years, except that any person chosen to fill a vacancy shall be appointed to the commission. The President shall designate annually the Chairman and Vice-Chairman of the commission. No member shall engage actively in any other business, function, or employment. Any member may be removed by the President for inefficiency, neglect of duty, or malfeasance in office. A vacancy shall not impair the right of the remaining members to exercise all the powers of the commission, but no vacancy shall extend beyond any session of Congress.

Spc. 701. That each Commissioner shall receive

Sec. 701. That each Commissioner shall receive a salary of \$7,500 per year, payable monthly. The

commission shall appoint a secretary, who shall re-ceive a salary of \$5,000 per year, payable in like man-ner, and it shall have authority to employ and fix the compensations of such special experts, exam-lners, clerks, and other employes as the commission may from time to time find necessary for the proper performance of its duties.

may from time to time find necessary for the proper performance of its duties.

With the exception of the secretary, a clerk to each Commissioner, and such special experts as the commission may from time to time find necessary for the coxduct of its work, all employes of the commission shall be appointed from lists of eligibles to be supplied by the Civil Service Commission and in accordance with the Civil Service Commission shall be in the City of Washington, but it may meet and exercise all its powers at any other place. The commission may, by one or more of its members, or by such agents as it may designate, prosecute any inquiry necessary to its duties in any part of the United States or in any foreign country.

Sec. 702. That it shall be the duty of said commission to investigate the administration and fiscal and industrial effects of the customs laws of this country now in force or which may be hereafter enacted, the relations between the rates of duty on reacted, the relations between the rates of duty on the common of the country one of the country one in force or which may be hereafter enacted, the relations between the rates of duty on relative to the arrangement of schedules and common of specific and advancem duties, all questions relative to the arrangement of schedules and

classification of articles in the several schedules of the customs law, and, in general, to investigate the operation of customs laws, including their relation to the Federal revenues, their effect upon the industries and labor of the country, and to submit reports of its investigations as hereafter provided.

ports of its investigations as hereafter provided.

SEC 703. That the commission shall put at the disposal of the President of the United States, the Committee on Ways and Means of the House of Representatives, and the Committee on Finance of the Senate, whenever requested, all information at its command, and shall make such investigations and reports as may be requested by the President or by either of said committees or by either branch of the Congress, and shall report to Congress on the first Monday of December of each year hereafter a statement of the methods adopted and all expenses incurred, and a summary of all reports made during the year. the year.

SEC. 704. That the commission shall have power to investigate the tariff relations between the United States and foreign countries, commercial treaties, preferential provisions, economic alliances, the effect of export bounties and preferential transportation rates, the volume of importations compared with domestic production and consumption, and conditions, causes, and effects relating to competition of foreign industries with those of the United States, including dumping and cost of production.

States, including dumping and cost of production.

SEC, 705. That upon the organization of the commission, the Cost of Production Division in the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce in the Department of Commerce shall be transferred to said commission, and the elerks and employés of said division shall be transferred to and become clerks and employés of the commission, and all records, papers, and property of the said division and of the former Tartif Board shall be transferred to and become the records, papers, and property of the commission. the commission.

SEC. 706. That for the purposes of carrying this title into effect the commission or its duly authorized agent or agents shall have access to and the right to copy any document, paper, or record, pertinent to the subject matter under investigation, in the possession of any person, firm, co-partnership, corporation, or association engaged in the production, importation, or distribution of any article under investigation, and shall have power to summon witnesses, take testimony, administer oaths, and to require any person, firm, co-partnership, corporation, or association to produce books or papers relating to any matter pertaining to such investigation. Any member of the commission may sign subpoenas, and members and agents of the commission, when and members and agents of the commission, when authorized by the commission, may administer oaths and affirmations, examine witnesses, take testimony, and receive evidence.

and receive evidence.

Such attendance of witnesses and the production of unch documentary evidence may be required from any place in the United States at any designated place of hearing. And in case of disubedience to a subpoena the commission may invoke the aid of any district court of the United States in requiring the attendance and testimony of witnesses and the production of documentary evidence, and such court within the Jurisdiction of which such inquiry is carried on may, in case of contumacy or refusal to obey a subpoena issued to any corporation or other person, issue an order requiring such corporation or other person to appear before the commission, or to produce documentary evidence if so ordered, or to give evidence touching the matter in question; and any failure to obey such order of the court may be punished by such courts as a contempt court may be punished by such court as a contempt thereof.

Upon the application of the Attorney-General of the United States at the request of the commission, any such court shall have jurisdiction to issue writs of mandamus commanding compliance with

the provisions of this title or any order of the commission made in pursuance thereof.

The commission may order testimony to be taken by deposition in any proceeding or investigation pending under this title at any stage of such proceeding or investigation. Such depositions may be taken before any person designated by the commission and having power to administer oaths. Such testimony shall be reduced to writing by the person taking the deposition, or under his direction, and shall then be subscribed by the deponent. Any person, firm, co-partnership, corporation, or association, may be compelled to appear and depose and to produce documentary evidence in the same manner as witnesses may be compeled to appear and testify and produce documentary evidence before the commission, as hereinbefore provided.

Witnesses summoned before the commission

nesses may be compelied to appear and testify and produce documentary evidence before the commission, as hereinbefore provided.

Witnesses summoned before the commission shall be paid the same fees and mileage that are paid witnesses in the courts of the United States, and witnesses whose depositions are taken and the persons taking the same, except employes of the commission, shall severally be entitled to the same fees and mileage as are paid for like services in the courts of the United States, and the ground that may tend mileage as are paid for like services that to appear to the transport of the United States in the courts of the United States in the ground that may tend move the courts of the United States in the ground that may tend move the courts of the United States in the ground that may tend move the courts of the United States in the ground that may tend move the courts of the United States in the ground that may tend move the courts of the United States in the ground that may tend in the ground that may be made to the ground that the ground that may be a subspecial and testifying, or the commission: but no natural person shall be prosecuted or subjected to any penalty or forfeiture for or on account of any transaction, matter, or thing as to which, in obedience to a subpoena and under oath, he may so testify or produce evidence, except that no person shall be exempt from prosecution and punishment for perjury committed in so testifying. Size, 707. That the said commission shall in appropriate matters act in conjunction and cooperation with the Treasury Department, the Department of Commerce, the Federal Trade Commission, or any other departments, or independent establishments of the Government, and independent establishments of the Government, and independent establishments of the Government, and independent establishments of the Government, and independent establishments of the Government, and independent establishments of the Government, and independent establishments of the Government, and ind

time to time, such omeras and employes as sau commission as he may direct.

SEC. 708. It shall be unliawful for any member of the United States Tariff Commission, or for any employe, agent, or clerk of said commission, or any other officer or employe of the United States, to divulge, or to make known and the states, to divulge, or to make known and the states, to divulge, or to make known and the states of the states o

SEC, 709. That there is bereby appropriated, for the purpose of defraying the expense of the establishment and maintenance of the commission, including the payment of salaries herein authorized, out of any money in the Treasury of the United States not otherwise appropriated, the sum of \$300,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1917, and for each fiscal year thereafter a like sum is authorized to be appropriated.

# TITLE VIII.-UNFAIR COMPETITION.

SEC. 800. That when used in this title the rm "person" includes partnerships. corporations

SEC. 800. That when used in this thite the states, commonly and systematically to import, term "person" includes partnerships, corporations, and associations.

SEC. 801. That it shall be unlawful for any person importing or assisting in importing any articles from any foreign country into the United.

the country of their production, or of other foreign countries to which they are commonly exported, after adding to such market value or wholesale price, freight, d.tty, and other charges and expenses necessarily incident to the importation and sale thereof in the United States; Provided, That such act or acts be done with the Intent of destroying or injuring an industry in the United States, or of preventing the establishment of an industry in the United States, or of restraining or monopolizing any part of trade and commerce in such articles in the United States.

Any person who violates or combines or conspires with any other person to violate this section is guilty of a misdemeanor, and, on conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine not exceeding \$5,000, or imprisonment not exceeding one year, or both, in the discretion of the court.

Any person injured in his business or property by reason of any violation of, or combination or conspiracy to violate, this section, may sue therefor in the district court of the United States for the district in which the defendant resides or is found or has an agent, without respect to the amount in controversy, and shall recover threefold the damages sustained, and the cost of the suit, including a reasonable attorney's fee.

The foregoing provisions shall not be construed to deprive the proper State courts of jurisdiction in actions for damages thereunder.

in actions for damages thereunder.

Siz. 802. That if any article produced in a foreign country is imported into the United States under any agreement, understanding, or condition that the importer thereof or any other person in the United States shall not use, purchase, or deal in or shall be restricted in his using, purchasing, the shall be levied, collected, and paid thereon, there shall be levied, collected, and paid thereon, in addition to the duty otherwise imposed by law, a special duty equal to double the amount of such duty. Provided, That the above shall not be interpreted to prevent the establishing in this country on the part of a foreign producer of an exclusive agency for the sale in the United States of the products of said foreign producer or merchant, nor to prevent such exclusive agent from agreeing not to use, purchase, or deal in the article of any other person, but this proviso shall not be construed to exempt from the provisions of this section any article imported by such exclusive agent if such agent is required by the foreign producer or if it is agreed between such agent and such foreign producer that any agreement, understanding or condition set out in this section shall be imposed by such agent upon the sale or other disposition of such article to any person in the United States.

SEC. 803. That the Secretary of the Treasury shall make such rules and regulations as are necessary for the carrying out of the provisions of section 802.

for the carrying out of the provisions of section sol.

SEC. 804. That whenever any country, dependency, or colony shall prohibit the importation of any article the product of the soil or industry of the United States and not injurious to health or morals, the President shall have power to prohibit, during the period such prohibition is in force, the importation into the United States of similar articles, or in case the United States does not import similar articles from that country, then other articles, the products of such country, dependency, or colony.

And the Secretary of the Treasury, with the approval of the President, shall make such rules and regulations as are necessary for the execution of the provisions of this section.

of the provisions of this section.

SEC. 805. That whenever during the existence of a war in which the United States is not engaged, the President shall be satisfied that there is reasonable ground to believe that under the laws, regulations, or practices of any country, colony, or dependency contrary to the law and practice of nations, the importation into their own or any other country, dependency, or colony of any article the product of the soil or industry of the United States and not injurious to health or morals is prevented or restricted, the President is authorized and empowered to prohibit or restrict during the period such prohibition or restriction is in force, the importation into the United States of similar or other articles,

products of such country, dependency, or colony as in his opinion the public luterest may require; and in such case he shall make proclamation stating the article or articles which are prohibited from importation into the United States; and any person or persons who shall import, or attempt or conspire to import, or a tempt or conspire to import, or a tempt or conscience in importing, such article or articles into the United States contrary to the prohibition in such proclamation, shall be liable to a fine of not less than \$2,000 nor more than \$50,000, or to imprisonment not to exceed two years, or both, in the discretion of the court. The President may change, modify, revoke, or renew such proclamation in his discretion.

SEC. 806. That whenever, during the existence of a war in which the United States is not engaged, the President shall be satisfied that there is reasonable ground to believe that any vessel. American foreign, is, on account of the laws regulations, or practices of a belligeren Goormann, regulations, or giving any undue or unreasonable preference or advantage in any respect that the particular person, company, firm, or corporation, or any particular description of traffic in the United States or expectation, or any particular description or any particular person, company, firm, or the preference of the United States residing particular person, company, of the United States or the United States or the United States or any entitle or the United States or its possessions, or any or particular description of the United States or its possessions, or any citizen of the United States residing in neutral countries abroad to any undue or unreasonable prepudice, disadvantage, injury, or discrimination in regard to accepting, receiving, transporting, or delivering or refusing to accept, receive, transer, or deliver any cargo, freight or passengers, or in any other respect whatsoever, he is berely authorized and empowered to direct the detention of such vessels by withholding clearance or by formal notice forbidding departure, and to revoke, modify, or renew any such direction.

That whenever, during the existence of a war in which the United States is not engaged, the President shall be satisfied that there is reasonable ground to believe that under the laws, regulations, or practices of any belligerent country or government, American ships or American citizens are not accorded any of the facilities of commerce which the vessels or citizens of that belligerent country enjoy in the United States or its possessions, or are not accorded by such belligerent equal privileges or facilities of trade with vessels or citizens of any nationality other than that of such belligerent, the President is hereby authorized and empowered to withhold clearance from one or more vessels of such belligerent country until such belligerent shall restore to such American vessels and American citizens reciprocal liberty of commerce and equal facilities of trade; or the President may direct that similar privileges and facilities if any, enjoyed by vessels or citizens of such belligerent; and in such case he shall make proclamation of his direction, stating the facilities and privileges which shall be refused, and the belligerent to whose vessels or citizens they are to be refused, and thereafter the furnishing of such prohibited privileges and facilities to any vessel or citizen of the belligerent named in such proclamation shall be unlawful; and he may change, modify, revoke, or renew such proclamation; and any person or persons who shall furnish or attempt or conspire to furnish or be concerned in furnishing of not less than \$2,000 nor more than \$50,000 or to imprisonment not to exceed two years, or both, in the discretion of the court.

In case any vessel which is detained by virtue of this act shall depart or attempt to depart from the jurisdiction of the United States without clearance or other lawful authority. The owner master or person or persons having charge or command of such vessel shall be severally clapse or a fine of not less than \$2,000 nor more than \$10,000, or to imprisonment not to exceed two years, or both, and in addition such vessel shall be forfeited to the United States.

That the President of the United States is hereby authorized and empowered to employ such part of the land or naval forces of the United States as shall be necessary to carry out the purposes of this act.

# GENERAL REVENUE LAW-Continued.

SEC. 900. That if any clause, sentence, paragraph, or part of this act shall for any reason be adjudged by any court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid, such judgment shall not affect, impair, or invalidate the remainder of said act, but shall be confined in its operation to the clause, sentence, paragraph, or part thereof directly involved in the controversy in which such judgment shall have been rendered.

SEC. 901. The act approved August 29, 1916, being an act makinga ppropriations for the support of the army for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1917, and for other purposes, is hereby amended as follows:

"The sum of \$2,000,000, therein appropriated to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of War for the support of the family of each enlisted

E IX.

man of the organized militia or National Guard, or of the regular army, as therein provided, shall be available to be paid on the basis of and for time subsequent to June 18, 1916, the date of the call by the President, and the time for which such payment shall be made shall correspond with the time of service of the enlisted men, and payment shall be made without reference to the enlisted man having enlisted before or after the call by the President. SEC. 902. That unless otherwise herein specially provided, this act shall take effect on the day following its passage, and all provisions of any act or acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed.

hereby repealed.

Approved. September 8, 1916.

FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION.

Edward N. Hurley, Chairman; William J. Harris, Vice-Chairman; Joseph E. Davies, Will H. Parry, George Rublee; Leonidas L. Bracken, Secretary.

The Federal Trade Commission is composed of five Commissioners appointed by the President. Not more than three of the Commissioners can be members of the same political party. The first commissioners appointed continue in office for terms of three, four, five, six, and seven years respectively, the term of each to be designated by the President, but their successors will be appointed for terms of seven years, except that any person chosen to fill a vacancy shall be appointed only for the unexpired term of the Commissioner whom he shall succeed, and no Commissioner shall engage in any other business, vocation, or employment. A vacancy in the commission does not impair the right of the remaining Commissioners to exercise all the powers of the commission. The Commissioners receive a salary of \$10,000 a year, and the Secretary \$5,000. delection of its Chairman.

SEC. 3 provides: That upon the organization of the commission and election of its Chairman, the Bureau of Corporations and the offices of Commissioner and Deputy Commissioner of Corporations cease to exist; and all pending investigations and proceedings of the Bureau of Corporations are continued by the commission.

The principal office of the commission may, by one or more of its members, or by such examiners as it may designate, prosecute any inquiry necessary to its dutles in any part of the Vintled States.

United States.
SEC. 5 provides:

examiners as it may designate, prosecute any inquiry necessary to its duties in any part of the United States.

SEC. 5 provides: That unfair methods of competition in commerce are declared unlawful. The commission is empowered and directed to prevent persons, partnerships, or corporations, except banks, and common carriers subject to the acts to regulate commerce, from using unfair methods of competition in commerce.

Whenever the commission shall have reason to believe that any such person, partnership, or corporation has been or is using any unfair method of competition in commerce, and if it shall shale and serve upon such person, partnership, or corporation desired in the public, it shall issue and serve upon such person, partnership, or corporation as the stating its charges in that respect, and containing a notice of a hearing upon a day and at a place therein fixed at least thirty days after the service of said complaint. The person, partnership, or corporation as complained of shall have the right to appear at the place and time so fixed and show cause why an order should not be entered by the commission requiring such person, partnership, or corporation may make application, and upon good cause shown may be allowed by the commission, to intervene and appear in said proceeding by counsel or in person. The testimony in any such person garding shall be reduced to writing and filed in the office of the commission. If upon such hearing the commission shall be of the opinion that the method of competition in question is prohibited by this act, it shall make a report in writing in which it shall state its findings as to the facts and shall issue and cause to be served on such person, partnership, or corporation an order requiring such person, partnership, or corporation to cease and desist from using such method of competition. Until a transcript of the record in such hearing shall have been filed in a Circuit Court of Appeals of the United States, as hereinafter proyled, the commission may any time, upon suc

any order made or issued by it under this section.

If such person, partnership, or corporation fails or neglects to obey such order of the commission while the same is in effect, the commission may apply to the Circuit Court of Appeals of the United States, within any circuit where the method of competition in question was used or where such person, partnership, or corporation resides or carries on business, for the enforcement of its order, and shall certify and file with its application a transcript of the entire record in the proceeding, including all the testimony taken and the report and order of the commission. Upon such filing of the application and transcript the court shall cause notice thereof to be served upon such person, partnership, or corporation and thereupon shall have jurisdiction of the proceeding, and of the question of the commission of the proceeding and of the question of the commission. The findings of the commission as to the facts, if supported by testimony, shall be conclusive.

shall be conclusive

shall be conclusive.

SEC. 6 provides: To investigate, from time to time, trade conditions in and with foreign countries where associations, combinations, or practices of manufacturers, merchants, or traders, or other conditions, may affect the foreign trade of the United States, and to report to Congress thereon, with such recommendations as it deems advisable,

SEC. 10. Any person who shall neglect or refuse to attend and testify, or to answer any lawful inquiry or to produce documentary syldence, if in his power to do so, in obedience to the subpoena or lawful requirement of the commission, shall be guilty of an offence and upon conviction thereof by a court of competent jurisdiction shall be punished by a fine of not less than \$1,000 nor more than \$5,000, or by imprisonment for not more than one year, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

prisonment.

SEC 11. Nothing in this act, approved September 26, 1914, shall be construed to prevent or interfere with the enforcement of the provisions of the Anti-Trust acts or the acts to regulate commerce, nor shall anything contained in the act be construed to after, modify, or repeal the said Anti-Trust acts or the acts to regulate commerce or any part or parts thereof.

The commission is authorized to enforce compliance with sections 2, 3, 7, and 8 of the act approved October 15, 1914 (the Clayton act, as printed in vol. 1915 of TRE WORLD ALMANAC), by persons and corporations respectively subject thereto, except common carriers, banks, banking associations, and trust companies.

## PATENT OFFICE PROCEDURE.

THE following statement has been revised by the Patent Office for THE WORLD ALMANAC:

Patents are issued in the name of the United States, and under the seal of the Patent Office, to any person who has invented or discovered any new and useful art, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter or any new and useful improvement thereof, or any new, original and ornamental design for an article of manufacture, not known or used by others in this country before his invention or discovery thereof, and not patented or described in any printed publication in this or any foreign country, before his invention or discovery thereof or more than two years prior to his application, and not in public use or on sale in the United States for more than two years prior to his application, unless the same is proved to have been abandoned; upon payment of the fees required by law and other due proceedings had other due proceedings had.

Every patent contains a grant to the patentee, his heirs or assigns, for the term of seventeen years, except in the case of design patents, of the exclusive right to make, use, and wend the invention or discovery throughout the United States and the Territories, referring to the specification for the particulars thereof.

ticulars thereof.

If it appear that the inventor, at the time of making his application, believed himself to be the first inventor or discoverer, a patent will not be refused on account of the invention or discovery, or any part thereof, having been known or used in any foreign country before his invention or discovery, thereof, if it had not been before patented or described in any printed publication.

Joint inventors are entitled to a joint patent; neither can claim one separately. Independent inventors of distinct and independent improvements in the same machine cannot obtain a joint patent for their separate inventions; nor does the fact that one furnishes the capital and another makes the invention entitle them to make application as joint inventors; but in such case they may become joint patentees by means of a deed of assignment.

No person otherwise entitled thereto will be debarred from receiving a patent for his invention or discovery, by reason of its having been first patented or caused to be patented by the inventor or his legal representatives or assigns in a foreign country, unless the application for said foreign patent was lifed more than twelve months prior to the filing of the application for said foreign patent was in cases of designs, in which case no patent shall be granted in this country, and four months in cases of designs, in which case no patent shall be granted in this country.

## APPLICATIONS.

APPLICATIONS.

If an inventor wishes to file an application for patent, a copy of the Rules of Practice, containing forms and instructions, will be sent upon request. It is advisable, however, in every case, that the services of a competent registered patent attorney be secured, as the value of patents depends largely upon the shifted preparation of the specification and claims. The Patent Office cannot recommend any particular attorney or firm, but advises applicants to avoid doing business with those who advertise the possession of unusual facilities for obtaining patents.

Applications for patents must be made in writing to the Commissioner of Patents. The applicant must file in the Patent Office a written description of the invention or discovery, and of the manner and process of making, constructing, compounding, and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art or science to which it appertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make, construct, compound, and use the same; and in case of a machine, he must explain the principle thereof, and the best mode in which he has contemplated applying that principle, so as to distinguish it from other inventions, and particularly point out and distinctly claim the part, improvement, or combination which he claims as his invention or discovery. When the nature of the invention admits of drawings, the applicant must furnish a drawing of the required size, signed by the inventor or his attorney in fact. The applicant, if required by the Patent Office, shall furnish a model of convenient size to exhibit advantageously the several parts of this invention or discovery, but a model of should not be sent unless first called for by the Patent Office, applicant shall make only that he verify he lieves himself to be the original and first inventor.

of his invention or discovery, but a model should not be sent unless first called for by the Patent Office.

The applicant shall make oath that he verily believes himself to be the original and first inventor or discoverer of the art, machine, manufacture, composition, or improvement for which he solicits a patent; that he does not know and does not believe that the same was ever before known or used, and shall state of what country he is a citizen and where he resides, and whether he is the sole or joint inventor of the invention claimed in his application. In every original application the applicant must distinctly state under oath that the invention has not been patented to himself or to others with his knowledge or consent in this or any foreign country for more than two years prior to his application, or on an application for a patent filed in any foreign country by himself or his legal representatives or assigns more than twelve months prior to his application in this country, or four months in cases of designs. If any application for patent has been filed in any foreign country by the applicant in this country or by his legal representatives or assigns, prior to his application in this country, he shall state the country or countries in which such application has been filed, giving the date of such application, and shall also state that no application has been filed in any other country or countries than those mentioned; that to the best of his knowledge and belief the invention bas not been in public use or on sale in the United States nor described in any printed publication or patent in this or any foreign country for more than two years prior to his application in this country. Such oath may be made before any person within the United States authorized by law to administer oaths, or, when the applicant resides in a foreign country, before any Minister, Chargé d'affaires, Consul, or commercial agent holding commission under the Government of the United States, or before any notary public, Judge or Mag

# REISSUES.

A reissue is granted to the original patentee, his legal representatives, or the assignees of the entire interest when, by reason of a defective or insufflicient specification, or by reason of the patentee claim-ing as his invention or discovery more than he had a right to claim as new, the original patent is inoperative or invalid, provided the error has arisen from inadvertence, accident, or mistake, and without

any fraudulent or deceptive intention. Reissue applications must be made and the specifications sworn to by the inventors, if they be living.

FEES.

Fees must be paid in advance, and are as follows: On filing each original application for a patent, \$15. On issuing each original patent. \$20. In design cases: For three years and six months, \$10; for seven years, \$15; for fourteen years, \$30. On every application for the reissue of a patent, \$30. On ining each disclaimer, \$10. For certified copies of patents and other papers in manuscript, ten cents per hundred words and twenty-five cents for the certificate; for certified copies of printed appearance, is girty cents. For uncertified printed copies of specifications and drawings of patents, five cents each. For recording every assignment, agreement, power of attorney, or other paper, of three hundred words or under, \$1; of over three hundred and under one thousand words, \$2; for each additional thousand words, or fraction thereof, \$1. For copies of drawings, the reasonable cost of making them. The Patent Office is prepared to furnish positive photographic copies of the drawings of pending, patented or abandoned cases, in sizes and at rates as follows: Large size, 10x15 inches, twenty-five cents; medium size, 8x12½ inches, fifteen cents. Negative photographic copies of specifications and drawings of foreign patents, or of any page or part of page of any printed publication in the possession of the office, will be furnished on paper 7x11 inches, for fifteen cents per sheet. Stamps cannot be accepted by the Patent Office in payment of fees. Stamps and stamped envelopes should not be sent to the office for replies to letters, as stamps are not required on mail matter emanating from the Patent Office. emanating from the Patent Office.

# PATENT OFFICE STATISTICS.

The receipts of the Patent Office during the year ended December 31, 1915, were \$2,290,773.47, and expenditures \$2,053,442.15. Receipts over expenditures, \$237,331.32. Total net surplus to December 31, 1915, \$7,785,506.43.
The following is a statement of the business of the office for the year ended December 31, 1915:

Applications for patents for inventions. 67,138 Patents issued, excluding designs. 43,207
Applications for patents for designs. 2,734 Design patents issued. 1,545
Applications for patents 107 Patents reissued. 182 Applications for reissues of patents..... 197 Trade-marks registered.
Labels registered.
Prints registered. Applications for registration of trade-marks. . 8,432 Applications for registration of labels..... 982 Applications for registration of prints..... 486 Disclaimers filed..... 25 Applications allowed, awaiting final fees 18,943
Trade-mark applications passed for publication... Appeals on the merits..... 2,021

Total. 11,946 | tion. 6,247

There is now no law permitting the filing of a caveat, the old law having been repealed July 1, 1910.

Patent No. 1,000,000 was granted August 8, 1911, to F. H. Holton, of Akron. Ohio, for an automobile tire.

The following is a statement of patents and designs issued in 1915 according to residence of patentees:
Alabama, 203; Alaska, 8; Arlzona, 77; Arkansas, 135; Callfornia, 1,943; Canal Zone, 6; Colorado, 475;
Connecticut, 1,129; Delaware, 74; District of Columbia, 300; Florida, 141; Canal Zone, 6; Colorado, 475;
Aryland, 379; Massachusetts, 2,693; Michigan, 1,585; Minnesota, 779; Missispipi, 103; Missouri, 1,180;
Montana, 189; Nebraska, 346; Nevada, 41; New Hampshire, 153; New Jersey, 2,129; New Mexico, 50;
New York, 6,575; North Carolina, 177; North Dakota, 161; Ohio, 2,999; Oklahoma, 286; Orecon, 315;
Pennsylvania, 3,941; Philippine Islands, 14; Porto Rico, 4; Rhode Island, 301; South Carolina, 90; South
Dakota, 163; Tennessee, 240; Texas, 630; Utah, 146; Vermont, 98; Virginia, 334; Washinton, 663; West
Virginia, 266; Wisconsin, 1,084; Wyoming, 48; U. S. Army, 2; U. S. Navy, 18; U. S. Cutter Service, 1. Total, 140,321.

Foreign countries: Austrla-Hungary, 136; Belgium, 46; Canada, 706; Cuba, 18; Denmark, 36; England, 1,069; France, 340; Germany, 1,209; Ireland, 20; Italy, 83; Japan, 10; Mexico, 17; Norway, 38; Russia, 22; Scotland, 81; Sweden, 93; Switzerland, 129; other countries, 287. Total foreign, 4,334.

# GENERAL PATENT STATISTICS.

The following table is compiled from the report of the Commissioner of Patents for 1916. It exhibits the number of patents issued by foreign countries to December 31, 1914, and the United States from the earliest records to December 31, 1915:

Countries.	To 1870, Inclusive.	1871 to 1914.	Total.	Countries.	To 1870, Inclusive.	1871 to 1914.	Total.
Austria Austria-Hungary Belgium Canada	15,350 35,044 4,081		82,933 271,044	Spain Sweden Switzerland All other foreign	1,629	54,390 39,789 68,682	41,418
France Germany	103,934 9,996	399,458	503,392	countries	8,363	206,979	215,342
Great Britain Hungary India	53,408	440,099 61,688	493,507 61,688	Total foreign United States	238,437 *120,573	2,305,659 1,012,595	2,544,096 1,133,168
Italy and Sardinia. Japan. Russia	4,723	126,038 27,016	130.761 27.016	Grand total United States, 1915	359,010	3,318,254	3,677,264 43,207

<sup>\*</sup> Including 9,957 patents issued prior to July 1, 1836, on which date the present series began. † Not including 182 reissues, 1 patent without residence, and 96 patents withdrawn.

# DELAYS OCCASIONED BY THE WAR.

The act of August 17, 1916, extended by nine months the time for filing applications, paying fees, and taking necessary action in cases in the Patent Office where the war in Europe prevented filing within the time heretofore allowed. This act operates to relieve default occurring between August 1, 1914, and January 1, 1918, and is reciprocal with citizens or subjects of countries extending similar privileges to citizens of the United States.

# REGISTRATION OF TRADE-MARKS

IN THE UNITED STATES.

REGISTRATION OF TRADE-MARKS

IN THE UNITED STATES.

The following are extracts from the new "Act to authorize the registration of trade-marks used in commerce with foreign nations, or among the several States or Indian tribes, and to protect the same," approved February 20, 1905, and later amendatory acts.

"The owner of a trade-mark used in mendatory acts."

"The owner of a trade-mark used in small be dependent of the United States, or resides in or is located in any foreign country, which, by creatly tony the United States, or resides in or is located in any foreign country, which, by creatly convenion, or low, afords similar privileges to the citzens of the United States, may obtain registration for such trade-mark by complying with the following requirements: First, by filing in the Patent Office an application therefor, in writing, addressed to the Commissioner of Patents, signed by the applicant of preciving his name, domicile, location, and citzenship; the class of merchandise and the particular description of goods comprised in such class to which the trade-mark is appropriated; a statement of the mode in which the same is applied and affixed to goods and the length of time during which the trade-mark has been used; a description of the trade-mark in such class to which the trade-mark, signed by the applicant or required by the Commissioner. With this statement shall be filed a drawing of the trade-mark, signed by the applicant or his attorney, and such number of spectimes of the trade-mark, as actually used, as may be required by the Commissioner of Patents.

"A certificate of registration shall remain in force for twenty years, expect that in the case of trade-marks previously registered in a foreign country such certificates shall cease to be in force on the day on which the trade-mark ceases to be protected in such foreign country, and shall in no case remain in force of twenty years, such search in the case of trade-marks previously registered in a foreign country such certificates shall be label a

owner thereon, and whetered in any sum above the amount found by the verdict as the actual damages, according to the circumstances of the case, not exceeding three times the amount of such verdict, together with the costs.

The costs, which consists of or comprises immoral or scandalous matter, or which consists of or comprises immoral or scandalous matter, or which consists of or comprises immoral or scandalous matter, or which consists of or comprises immoral or scandalous matter, or which consists of or comprises any design or picture that has been adopted by any fraternal society as its emblem, colors, lag, or banner adopted by any institution, organization, club, or society which was incorporated in any State in the United States prior to the date of the adoption and use by the applicant; Provided, That said name, distinguishing mark, character, emblem, colors, flag, or banner was adopted and publicly used by said institution, organization, club, or society prior to the date of adoption and use by the applicant; unless it shall be shown to the satisfaction of the Commissioner of Patents that the mark was adopted and used as a trade-mark by the applicant or applicant is predecessors, from whom title is derived, at a date prior to the date of its adoption by such fraternal society as its emblem, or which trade-mark is identical with a argistered or known administration of the Commissioner or which trade-mark owned and in use by another, and appropriated to merchandise of the same descriptive properties as to be likely to cause confusion or mistake in the minds of the public or to deceive purchasers; or which consists merely in the name of an individual, firm, corporation, or association, not written, printed, impressed, or woven in some particular or distinctive manner or in association with a portrait of the individual firm, corporation, or association with a portrait of the individual will be registered as a trade-mark will be registered as a trade-mark will be registered as a trade-mark will be registered

## REGISTRATION OF TRADE-MARKS-Continued,

applicant may be whose authority shall be proved by a certificate of a diplomatic or consular officer of

the United States.

A fee of \$10.00 is required by law to be paid with each application for the registration of a trade-mark, and this fee will include the certificate of registration, if the trade-mark be determined to be registrable.

## TRADE-MARK TREATIES WITH FOREIGN NATIONS.

The following is a list of the Governments with which conventions for the reciprocal registration and protection of trade-marks have been entered into by the United States—Austria-Hungary, Belgium, Denmark, France, Germany, Great Britain (including colonies), Italy, Japan (including China and Korea), Luxemburg, Mexico, Roumania, Serbia, Spain. The laws of Switzerland and the Netherlands being so framed as to afford reciprocal privileges to the ecitizens or subjects of any Government which affords similar privileges to the people of those countries, the mere exchange of diplomatic notes, giving notice of the fact, accomplishes all the purposes of a formal convention.

# ELLEN WILSON MEMORIAL HOMES.

By an Act of Congress, approved March 3, 1915, George Foster Peabody, Hugh C, Wallace Arthur Jeffrey Parsons, Walter S, Ufford, Archibald Hopkins, Julia C. Lathrop, Grace V, Bleknell, and Charlotte Everett Hopkins, their associates and successors, were created a body corporate and politic in the District of Columbia, by the name, title, and style of the Ellen Wilson Memorial Homes, to acquire, hold, improve, rent, mortgage, sell, and convey real estate within the District of Columbia for building, in memory of the late Mrs. Woodrow Wilson, one or more blocks of sanitary houses for the working classes, and renting the same at a rental sufficiently low to cause the abandonment of dilapidated and insanitary houses, as an object lesson in the housing of the working classes under good conditions and at reasonable rates: Provided, That the value of any and all property so acquired shall not exceed the sum of \$500.000: Provided further, That no land shall be acquired or house built thereon except of the character hereinbefore described. described.

described.

SEC. 2. That the capital stock of said corporation shall be \$25,000, divided into two hundred and fifty shares of the par value of \$100 cach, and when said amount shall have been subscribed the said corporation shall be fully authorized and empowered to commence business: \*Provided\*. That said capital stock may be increased by the saie of additional stock from time to time, but the total issue thereof shall not exceed the sum of \$500,000: \*Provided Jurther\*, That it shall be unlawful for the officers or directors of said corporation to declare any greater dividend to the stockholders than five per centum per annum upon the capital stock outstanding at the time of such dividend.

SEC. 3. That the affairs of the corporation shall be managed by a Board of Directors consisting of fifteen persons, who shall for the first year be elected by the incorporators, hereinbefore named, and thereafter said board shall be elected annually in such manner as may be provided by the by-laws of the corporation, and such Board of Directors shall have power to ordain, establish, and put into execution such rules, regulations, ordinances, and by-laws as they may deem essential for the good government of the corporation, not contrary to the laws and the Constitution of the United States or of this act, and generally to do and perform all acts, matters, and things which a corporation may or can lawfully do.

SEC. 4. That Congress reserves the right to repeal, alter, or amend this act.

Secretary, John Ihlder, Washington, D. C.

# ONE HUNDRED YEARS ACO.

JAMES MONROE SUCCEEDED JAMES MADISON AS PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES; GEORGE III., KING OF ENG-LAND (THE PRINCE OF WALES, REGENT); LOUIS XVIII., KING OF FRANCE; FRANCIS I., EMPERÓR OF AUSTRIA; FREDERICK WILLIAM III., KING OF PRUSSIA; ALEXANDER I., EMPEROR OF RUSSIA; FERDINAND VII., KING OF SPAIN; CHARLES XIII., KING OF SPEDEN; CHARLES XIII., KING OF SPEDEN; AND NORWAY; PIUS VII., POPE.

January 5—English and Irish exchequers consolldated.
January 8—Earthquake shocks felt at Charleston, S. C., and Savannah, Ga.
January 11—Timothy Dwight, President of Yale College, dled.
January 16—Alexander Dale Dallas, American

January 16—Alexander Dale Dallas, American statesman, died.
January 19—Student rebellion and riots broke out at Princeton College.
January 28—A branch of the United States Bank opened at Cincinnati, Ohlo.
March 2—Janos Arany, Hungarlan poet, born.
March 3—Territory of Alahama organized.
March 4—James Monroe inaugurated as President of the United States.
March 5—Sir Austen Henry Layard, British author and diplometist, excavator of Vineyeh born.

and diplomatist, exeavator of Nineveh, born.
March 10—The Blanketeers met at Manchester to

march to London; the leaders were seized and ar-

march to London; the leaders were seized and arrested.

March 17—The Marine Bible Society was organized in New York. Count Antal Apponyi, Hungarian statesman, died.

March 22—Confederate General Braxton Bragg born. April 4—André Massèna, Duke of Rivoll, Marshal of France, died.

April 7—An institution for deaf mutes opened at Hartford, Ct.

April 11—A man sold his wife in the open market at Dartmoor, England, for two guineas.

April 18—George H. Lewes, English philosopher and writer, horn.

June 13—Richard Lovell Edgeworth, British educational writer, died.

June 18—Waterloo Bridge in London opened. June 30—Abraham Gottlob Werner, German geolo-

June 30—Abraham Gottlob Werner, German geologist, died.
July 4—Construction work begun on the Erle Canal.
July 5—The English gold sovereign appeared in circulation for the first time.
July 12—Henry D. Thoreau, American poet and naturalist, born.
July 14—Mme. de Staël, French writer, died.
July 18—Jane Austen, English novelist, died.
August 22—John B. Gough, Anglo-American temperance orator, horn.
Abduries 12—10 ohn Thomas Duckworth, British

August 31—Sir John Thomas Duckworth, British Admiral, died.
September 6—Sir Alexander Galt, statesman, born, September 13—John McAuley Palmer, soldier, Senator, and Governor of Illinois, born.
September 18—Oiof Swartz, Swedish botanist, died.
September 22—Specie payments resumed in England

land.

September 24—The foundation of a university laid at Hamilton, N. Y.

at Hamilton, N. Y.
October 14—John Philpot Curran, Irish orator, died.
October 15—Thaddeus Kosclusko, Polish patriot,

November 7ovember 7—Jean André Deluc, Swiss geologist and naturalist, died.

and naturalist, died.

November 25—John Bigelow, American author and diplomat, born.

December 10—Mississippl admitted to the Union.

December 23—Congress abolished internal taxes, which were not again levied until 1861.

December 28—The American Colonization Society formed for the purpose of sending negroes to

# THE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

A FEDERATION OF COMMERCIAL ORGANIZATIONS. NATIONAL HEADQUARTERS, WASHINGTON, D.C.

ORGANIZED at the National Commercial Conference called by the President of the United States and held at Washington, D. C., April 22 and 23, 1912.

President—R. G. Rhett, Charleston, S. C. Vice-Presidents—Henry L. Corbett, Portland, Ore, for Western States; Robert F. Maddox, Atlanta, Ga., for Southern Central States; Samuel MacRoberts, New York, N. Y., for Eastern States, and Joseph H. Defrees, Chicago, Ill., for Northern Central States, and Joseph H. Defrees, Chicago, Ill., for Northern Central States, and Joseph H. Defrees, Chicago, Ill., for Northern Central States, and Joseph H. Defrees, Chicago, Ill., for Northern Central States, and Joseph H. Defrees, Chicago, Ill., for Northern Central States, and Ill., General Secretary—Elliot H. Goodwin, Washington, D. C. Assistant Secretary—D. A. Skinner, Washington, D. C. Tostudy the work of existing organizations and their value to their respective trades and communities, and to clear the information thus acquired for the benefit of all organizations desiring to increase their efficiency. To advocate the standardization of association methods and of association effort, and to urge the adoption of those standards which have been found most effective in so far as they may be applicable to local or trade conditions.

To study the work performed by all Government Bureaus in any way related to the commerce of the country, to encourage and support appropriation measures for their further development, and to utilize the data which they gather by directing it into the channels to which it is immediately applicable. To analyze carefully all statistics with regard to the production and distribution of our manufactures at home and abroad; to be watchful of every influence calculated to retard our commercial development, and to become a source of information with respect to new opportunities for trade expansion, especially in foreign markets.

and to become a source of information with respect to new opportunities for trade expansion, especially increign markets.

When debatable policies affecting our National commerce are advocated by the Federal authorities, the Should be a recognized organization capable of expressing the husiness opinion of the entire ountry valid by the control of the control of the control of the purpose of the Chamber of Commerce of the United States of America to act in this capacity—not to originate legislation, nor to be unnecessarily critical of legislation proposed by others, but rather to assume that the National Government desires to act in harmony with the commercial interests of the country and will accept our co-operation in an endeavor to make all business legislation constructive.

There are three great wealth-producing factors in our National life—Commerce, labor, and agriculture. Labor, through its State and National organizations, strives for legislation its own interest and presents its demands with the united voice of two million union workers. Agriculture likewise presents its demands through its National organization, and these are heeded in both State and National Legislatures. Commerce has been organized into local and trade groups, but not as an effective National unit, and it is to provide such a unit, as powerful as those enjoyed by labor and agriculture, that the Chamber of Commerce of the United States of America is now organized. These three great factors, through their National organizations, may find a means for co-operation on many subjects in while there is a vital joint interest. Organization more proposed shall be eligible for membership in the chamber. Such associations shall be of two classes:

First—Local or State commercial or business organizations whose chief purpose is the development of the commercial and industrial interests of a single State, city or locality.

First—Local or State commercial or business organizations whose chief purpose is the development of the commercial and indust

or group of trades.

Second—Local, State, interstate or National organizations whose membership is confined to one trade

REPRESENTATION—Each member of the Chamber of Commerce of the United States of America shall be entitled to one delegate and one vote for the first twenty-five members, and one delegate and one vote for each additional two hundred members in excess of twenty-five, but no member shall be entitled to more than ten delegates and ten votes. Organizations having less than twenty-five members may be admitted to membership if in the judgment of the Board of Directors their importance would justify their admission, and these shall be entitled to one delegate and one vote.

The organization membership at the present time consists of over 800 commercial and trade organizations representing over 330,000 corporations, firms, and individuals, among which every State in the Union is represented, as well as Hawaii, Alaska, Porto Rico, the Phillippines, and the American Chambers of Commerce in foreign countries.

INDIVIDUAL MEMBERSHIP—Persons, firms, and corporations who are members in good standing of any organization admitted to the chamber are eligible for election as individual members. Individual members receive the regular publications of the chamber and they may avail themselves of the facilities of the National headquarters; may attend all regular and special meetings of the chamber and, subject to the rules of such meetings, may have the privilege of the floor, but they are not entitled to vote except as duly accredited delegates of organization members. Individual membership is limited to 5,000, and at the present time consists of more than 4,300 individuals, firms, or corporations representing merchants, manufacturers, lawyers, bankers, engineers, raliroad officials, and other business men in all parts of the country.

SERVICE—The Legislative Bulletin, issued weekly during the sessions of Congress, constitutes affecting the business Bulletins give members brompt and accurate notice of all Government activities affecti

affecting commerce and industry.

The Research Division is mintained under the direction of business and legal experts. Through this division members are furnished direct with advice or data from official or other first-hand sources available in the Government departments, the Library of Congress, or elsewhere in Washington.

The Organization Service Bureau is a clearing house of information as to the activities of trade and

commercial organizations throughout the country.

# NATIONAL ASSEMBLY OF CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSIONS.

President—William Foran, Ottawa, Canada. Vice-Presidents—Harvey N. Shephard, Boston, Mass. M. G. Holding, Chicago, Ill.; Charles G. Morris, New Haven, Ct. Sceretary-Treasurer—John T. Doyle, 1724 F Street N. W., Washington, D. C.

The assembly was organized in 1996. The objects are to enable all those charged with the administration of civil service laws to become acquainted and exchange ideas. To promote co-operation, uniformity and perfection of methods of the different commissions. To enable the commissions to profit by exchange of ideas with officers who are directing departments and to give such officers broader opportunity to inform themselves on the methods of the merit system.

# UNITED STATES EXECUTIVE CIVIL SERVICE.

(Revised for this issue of The World Almanac by the Secretary of the Civil Service Commission.)

The purpose of the Civil Service act, as declared in its title, is "to regulate and improve the Civil Service of the United States." It provides for the appointment of three Commissioners, a chief Examiner, a Secretary, and other employes, and makes it the duty of the Commissioners to ald the President as he may request in preparing suitable rules for carrying the act into effect; to make regulations to govern all examinations held under the provisions of the act, and to make investigations and report upon all matters touching the enforcement and effect of the rules and regulations. The address of the commission is Washington, D. C.

eniorcement and effect of the rules and regulations. The address of the commission is washington, D. C. PROVISIONS OF THE RULES.

The act requires the rules to provide, as nearly as the conditions of good administration will warrant, for open competitive practical examinations for testing the fitness of applicants for the classified service; for the filling of all vacancies by selections from among those graded highest, for the apportionment of appointments at Washington among the States upon the basis of population, for a period of probation before absolute appointment, that no person in the public service shall be obliged to contribute service or money for political purposes; that persons in the competitive service, while retaining the right to vote as they please or to express privately their political opinions, shall take no active part in political campaigns, and that no person in said service has any right to use his official authority or influence to coerce the political action of any nerson or body. any person or body.

any person or body.

ENTENT OF THE SERVICE.

There were on June 30, 1915, 476,363 positions in the Executive Civil Service, 61 per cent. of which, or about 292,296, were subject to competitive examination. The expenditure for salaries in the Executive Civil Service is over \$200,000,000 a year. The Civil Service act does not require the classification of persons appointed by the President and confirmed by the Senate or of persons employed merely as laborers or workmen. Many positions are excepted in part from the provisions of the rules for various reasons.

men. Many positions are excepted in part from the provisions of the rules for various reasons.

APPLICATIONS.

Persons seeking to be examined must file an application blank. The blank for the Departmental Service at Washington, Railway Mail Service, the Indian School Service, and the Government Printing Service should be requested directly of the Civil Service Commission at Washington. The blank for the Customs, Postal, or Internal Revenue Service should be requested of the Civil Service Board of Examiners at the office where service is sought.

Applicants for examination must be citizens of the United States and of the proper age. No person using intoxicating liquors to excess may be appointed. No discrimination is made on account of sex, color, or political or religious opinions. The limitations of age vary with the different services, but do not apply to any person honorably discharged from the military or naval service of the United States by reason of disability resulting from wounds or sickness incurred in the line of duty.

EXAMINATIONS.

The examinations are open to all persons qualified in respect to age, citizenship, legal residence, character, and health. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 1915, 35,841 persons were appointed. Of those appointed, 2,431 were rural letter-carriers, 9,617 were mechanics and workmen at navy yards appointed on registration tests of fitness given by a board of labor employment at each yard. Several hundred different kinds of examinations were held, each one of which involved different tests. Four hundred and thirty-six of these examinations contained educational tests, the others being for mechanical trades or skilled occupations and consisting of certificates of employers or fellow-workmen. Examinations are held twice a year in each State and Territory, the places and dates being publicly announced.

APPOINTMENTS.

APPOINTMENTS.

In case of a vacancy not filled by promotion, reduction, transfer, or reinstatement, the highest three of the sex called for on the appropriate register are certified for appointment, the approprionment being considered in appointments at Washington. In the absence of eligibles, or when the work is of short duration, temporary appointments, without examination, are permitted. The number of women applying for ordinary ciercian places is greatly in excess of the calls of appointing officers. The chances of appointment are good for teachers, matrons, seamstresses, and physicians in the Indian Service, for male stenographers and type-writers, draughtsmen, pattent examiners, civil, mechanical, and electrical engineers, and for technical and scientific experts.

PREFERENCE CLAIMANTS.

Persons who served in the military or naval service of the United States, and were discharged by reason of disabilities resulting from, wounds or sickness incurred in the line of duty, are, under the Civil Service rules, given certain preferences. They are released from all maximum age limitations, are eligible for appointment at a grade of 65, while all others are obliged to obtain a grade of 70, and are certified to appointing officers before all others. Subject to the other conditions of the rules, a veteran of the rebellion or of the war with Spain, or the widow of any such person, or any army nurse of either war, may be reinstated without regard to the length of time he or she has been separated from the service.

INSULAR POSSESSIONS.

Examinations are also held for positions in the Philippines, Porto Rico, and Hawaii, and also for the

THE UNCLASSIFIED SERVICE.

Under an executive order unclassified laborers are appointed after open, competitive examination upon their physical condition. This action is outside the Civil Service act.

PUBLICATIONS OF THE COMMISSION.

Among the publications of the commission for free distribution are the following:

Manual of Examinations, giving places and dates of examinations, rules by which papers are rated, descriptions of examinations, specimen questions, and general information.

The Civil Service act and rules.

The Annual Reports of the commission, showing its work. These annual reports may be consulted at

public libraries.

## NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF PATRIOTIC INSTRUCTORS.

President—Charles F. Sherman. Secretary—Theodore C. Cazeau, Rochester, N. Y. Treasurer—Mrs. Nellie D. Orchard, New London, Ct. Objects—The objects of this association shall be to afford all persons interested in the promotion of patriotism and good citizenship an opportunity for acquaintance and interchange of ideas and experiences; to study systematically the best methods for the advancement of patriotic work; by unity of effort to secure the enactment and enforcement of such laws as will safeguard our American institutions and protect our flag from insult or desceration, or displacement by any other banner, also of laws in every State for the flying of the flag over public buildings and schoolhouses. Eligibility—Members of all hereditary and other patriotic societies, and all desirable persons over 15 years of ago, who are interested in the objects of this association may become members. The association is represented in forty-two States and the District of Columbia. Annual meetings at the same time and place as the Grand Army of the Republic. Headquarters, 46 South Fourth Avenue, Mount Vernon, N. Y.

# THE CIVIL SERVICE OF THE UNITED STATES.

NUMBER OF FEDERAL OFFICES, CLASSIFIED.

(Prepared in the office of the United States Civil Service Commission.)

•						
DEPARTMENT AND SUBDIVISION OF THE SERVICE.	Itive Po-	Excepted and Non-	fled Po-		L Position NE 30, 19	
DEFAULUE TO SERVICE.	June 30, 1915.	competi- tive Po- sitions.	June 30,	Presi- dential.	All Others.	Total.
(In Weakleston D. C.)						
(In Washington, D. C.) White House. State Department. Treasury Department. War Department. Navy Department. Post-Office Department. Department of the Interior. Government Hospital for the Insane	195 7,559 2,141	34 76 58 28	3 4 602 88	 5 25	37 275 8,219 2,257	37 280 8,244 2,264
Navy Department. Post-Office Department.	1,164 1,365	9 14	1 153	2 6	1,174 1,532	1,176 1,538
Department of the Interior.  Government Hospital for the Insane  Miscellaneous.	4,601 641 133	139	261	20	5,001 644 210	5,021 644 214
Department of Justice.  Department of Agriculture.  Department of Commerce	251 3,763 2,090	294 358 30	35 356 718	862 3 10	580 4,477 2,838	1,442 4,480 2,848
Department of Labor* Interstate Commerce Commission	90 723	128	12 22	10	105 873	105 883
Government Hospital for the Insane Miscellaneous. Department of Justice Department of Agriculture Department of Commerce Department of Labor* Interstate Commerce Commission Civil Service Commission. Siate, War, and Navy Departments Building The Panama Canal.	209 455 107	1 4 1	6 333 104	5	216 792 212	221 792 212
The Panama Canal	3,505	15 5	364 364	i	3,874	154 3,875
Total(Outside Washington, D. C.) Treasury Department:	29,119	1,200	3,151	960	33,470	34,430
Assistant Custodian and Janitor Service and	2,352 663	50 31	2,801 140	 26	5,203 834	5,203 860
Mint and Assay Service. Sub-Treasury Service. Public Health Service.	399 1,826	1,336	129	133	400 3,291	409 3,424
Contingent Force on Public Buildings Mint and Assay Service. Sub-Treasury Service. Public Health Service. Life-Saving Servicet Customs Service. Internal Revenue Service. Miscellaneoust War Dengtment:	5,871 2,686 176	213 2,046 250	539 6 6	112 67	6,623 4,738 432	6,735 4,805 432
War Department: Quartermaster Corps. Ordnance Department (at large) Engineer Department (at large) Miscellaneous.	4,865 3,734 8,996	1,179 89 749	2,688 1,108 6,087 722		8,732 4,931 15,832	8,732 4,931 15,832
Navy Department:	2 072	673 5	1		2,373	2,373 2,978
Exclusive of trades and labor positions.  Trades and labor positions  Post-Office Department.  Post-Offices, except Fourth-Class Postmasters  Fourth-Class Postmasters.  Trade Corries Service.	16,000 520 74,471	97,519	4,000	8,930	20,000 520 173,437	20,000 520 182,367
Pollway Mail Service	21.769				47,616 43,721 21,769	47,616 43,721 21,769
Land Service	1,073	25 4,556 4,306	14	223 33	1,112 4,556	1,335 4,556
Indian Service. Reclamation Service. Miscellaneous	2,436 3,166 529	283	813 5 7	33 	7,555 3,176 819	7,588 3,176 827
Department of Justice. Department of Agriculture.	760 8,237	1,658 5,304	780 5	172	2,423 14,321	2,595 14,321
Department of the Interior: Land Service Pension-Examining Surgeons Indian Service. Reclamation Service Miscellaneous. Department of Justice Department of Justice Department of Commerce* Lighthouse Service Immigration Service Steamboat-Inspection Service Miscellaneoust Interstate Commerce Commission Civil Service Commission. Panama Canal Service.	2,999 1,377 304	2,416 215	1,195 174	7	6,610 1,766	6,610 1,773
Steamboat-Inspection Service. Miscellaneoust	651 1,103	783 25	1,645	10	310 3,079 1,128	$\begin{array}{r} 320 \\ 3.079 \\ 1.128 \end{array}$
Civil Service Commission	890	113			1,003	1,003
Total	263,177	124,039	24,313	9,730	411,529	421,259
Grand total of table	292,296	125,239	27,464	10,690	444,999	455,689 20,674
Grand total.						
Grand total						476,363

<sup>\*</sup> It has not been found practicable to separate the employés in the Department of Labor from those in the Department of Commerce. † An act to create the Coast Guard by combining therein the existing Life-Saving Service and Revenue-Cutter Service declared that the employés should constitute a part of the military forces of the United States. Two hundred and forty-two Presidential appointments heretofore carried under "Treasury, Miscellaneous," are revenue-cutter officers and omitted from this table, being a part of the military service. † On June 30, 1915, the total force on the Isthmus 21,677, of which number 1,003 is carried in the table as classified and excepted, leaving an unclassified working force of 20,674.

# CIVIL SERVICE RULES IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK.

Synopsis of regulations governing the admission of persons into the Civil Service of the City of New York. Information may also be had by applying to the Secretary of the Municipal Civil Service Commission, Municipal Building, 14th door.

Under the White Civil Service Law, Chapter 370, Laws of 1899, April 19, the rules apply to all positions in the service of the City of New York except officers elected by the people, all legislative officers and employés, heads of any department, or superintendents, principals, or teachers in a public school, academy, or college. This requires "examinations, wherever practicable, to ascertain the fitness of applicants for appointment to the Civil Service of said city." The Constitution requires that these examinations shall be competitive, "so far as practicable."

The entire Administration of the City of New York is divided into two general services, namely: The Unclassified Service and the Classified Service. The Unclassified Service includes all elective officers; the officers and employés of the Board of Aldermen; members of the Board of Elections; the head, or heads, of any department of the City Government; or any person appointed by name in any statute. The Classified Service includes all positions not in the Unclassified Service.

The Classified Service is divided into four classes, namely:

EXEMPT CLASS—The Exempt Class includes the EXEMPT CLASS—The Exempt Class includes the deputies of principal executive officers authorized by law to act generally for and in place of their principals; one secretary of each officer, board, and commission authorized by law to appoint a secretary; one clerk and one deputy clerk, if authorized by law, of each court, and one clerk of each elective judicial officer. In addition thereto there may be included in the Exempt Class all other subordinate offices for the filling of which competitive or non-competitive examination may be found to be not practicable. practicable.

Non-Competitive Class—Includes all those positions of a minor nature, in the city institutions or elsewhere, that it is not practicable to fill through competitive examination.

Labor Class—Includes all unskilled laborers and such skilled laborers as are not included in the competitive or non-competitive classes.

COMPETITIVE Class—Includes all positions in the Classified Service (excepting those in the Classified Service (excepting those in the Classified Service (excepting those in the Classified Service (excepting those in the Classified Service (excepting those in the Classified Service (excepting those in the Classified Service (excepting those in the Classified Service (excepting those in the Classified Service (excepting those in the Classified Service (excepting those in the Classified Service (excepting those of the amplicant two connectitive examinations of the amplicant two connectitive examinations of the amplicant two connectitive examinations and fitness of the amplicant two connectitive examinations. and fitness of the applicant by competitive exami-

and fitness of the applicant by competitive examination.

Vacancies in the Exempt Class may be filled without examination, appointments being made by the Mayor or other official having jurisdiction over the department where the vacancy exists.

Positions in the Non-Competitive Class are filled as a result of the examinations held by the department where the person is to be employed.

FILING APPLICATIONS FOR POSITIONS IN COMPETITIVE CLASS—Applications for positions in the Competitive Class will be issued and received only for the position or positions advertised, and only during the period specified by the commission is such advertisement. Advertisements for the various examinations appear in the prominent daily papers and in the City Record. The City Record is on file in the reading room of any of the city libraries.

All applications for an examination must be on a prescribed form addressed to the "Secretary of the Mimicipal Civil Service Commission." When an examination is advertised application blanks may be obtained at the office of the commission, Room 1400.

Application blanks will be mailed upon request

Application blanks will be mailed upon request provided a self-addressed stamped envelope or sufficient postage is enclosed to cover the mailing. The commission will not guarantee the delivery

of the same. Postage on applications forwarded

of the same. Postage on applications forwarded by mail must be inlip prepaid.

Applicants must be citizens of the United States and residents of the State of New York. The requirement as to residence may be walved by the commission, but only with the proviso that applicants become residents of the State of New York prior to the date of their appointment.

Applicants for patrolmen must have resided within the State of New York at least one (1) year prior to the date of appointment.

The prescribed application form filled out in the applicant's handwriting sets forth the following;

applicant's namwriting sets forth the following:

The applicant's name, age, residence, statement regarding citizenship or naturalization, statement regarding arrests or previous service in a City Department, if any, and also the certificate for citizens whose residences or places of business are within the City of New York.

In examinations for positions requiring previous experience, applicants must fill in and file with their application an experience paper. In some examinations where experience is a qualifying subject, applicants receiving less than the minimum passing mark in this paper are barred from the remainder of the examination.

Applications for positions in the are issued and received continually. the Labor Class

are issued and received continually.

Apolleants for all positions in the Competitive and the Labor Classes are required to take a medical and physical examination.

Applicants for Labor Class positions that require previous training or experience must take an oral or practical test; no written examination is given to applicants.

# CONDUCT OF EXAMINATIONS.

Applicants shall be admitted to examination upon the production of the official notification to appear for that purpose.

appear for that purpose.

All paper upon which examinations are to be written shall be furnished to the applicants by the examining board and shall bear some suitable official indorsement, stamp, or mark, for the purpose of identifying the same.

All examinations shall be in writing, except such refer to expertness or physical qualities, and

as refer to expertness or physical qualities, and except as herein otherwise provided.

The sheets of questions shall be numbered and shall be given out in the order of their numbers each, after the first, being given only when the competitor has returned to the examination shall extend beyond five hours without intermission; and no questions given out at any session, to any candidate, shall be allowed to be answered at another session.

candidate, shall be allowed to be answered at another session.

Each examiner shall exercise all due diligence to secure fairness and prevent all collusion and fraud in the examinations.

The time allowed for completing the examination shall be announced before the first paper is given out.

The following municipal departments and offices come under jurisdiction of Civil Service rules:

Accounts, Com. of. Armory, Board of. Assessors, Board of. Bellevue and Allied Hos-Civil Service Commission. pitals. Board of Ambulance Service. Beard of Inebriety. Board of Water Supply. Board of Water Supply.
Borough President In each
Borough, Office of the.
Borough, Office of the.
Court, City,
Court, City,
Court, City,
Court, City,
Court, City,
Court, Municipal.

Charitles, Dept. of Public Court of Special Sessions, Normal College.
City Record, Supervisor Docks and Ferries, Dept. of. Parks, Dept. of.
Education, Dept. of.
Plant and Structures. Civil Service Commission | Docks and Ferries, Dept. of. | Parks, Dept. of. |
Civil Service Commission | Education, Dept. of. |
College of the City of | Education | Apportun- |
New York. |
Courted on Dept. of. |
Courted on Dept. o Public Works Bureau.
Sluking Fund Commission.
Street Cleaning, Dept. of.
Taxes and Assessm'ts,
Dept. of.
Tenement House Dept.
Water Supply, Gas, and
Electricity, Dept. of. Law Dept. Licenses, Dept. of. Mayor's Office.

Inspectors of Elections and Poll Clerks are not subject to competitive examination.

# PROSECUTION OF TRUSTS BY THE UNITED STATES.

THE following is the status on October 1, 1916, of the cases brought by the United States under the terms of the Sherman Anti-Trust Act:
United States vs. Great Lakes Towling Company et al.—Petition filed June 19, 1910, in the Circuit Court, Northern District of Ohio, against an alleged combination of towing facilities on the Great Lakes. A decision in favor of the Government was banded down February 11, 1913, and after much consideration as to how to dissolve the combination, the Court entered a final decree in February, 1958. Believing that this decree would not afford adequate relief the Government has appealed to the Supreme

Court.

United States vs. American Sugar Refining Company et al.—Petition filed November 28, 1910, in the Circuit Court, Southern District of New York, alleging a combination in restraint of trade and praying for its dissolution. Demurrer was overruled December 11, 1911. The taking of testimony has been concluded, and the case was ready for trial when the Court ordered that the hearing be postponed, awaiting the decisions of the Supreme Court in the Harvester and Steel cases.

United States vs. Hamburg-Amerikanische Packetfahrt Actien Gesellschaft and others—Petition filed January 4, 1911, in the Circuit Court for the Southern District of New York, to dissolve a combination of steamship lines regulating steerage traffic on the Atlantic Ocean. Demurrers were overruled December 20, 1911. The case was argued in April, 1914, and a decision adverse to the Government was handed down on October 13, 1914. On appeal, the Supreme Court, while reversing the decree below, refused to decide the questions in issue, on the ground that the European war had rendered them most.

were overruged December 20, 1911. The case was argued in April, 1913, and a decision of october 13, 1914. On appeal, the Supreme Court, while reversing the decree below, refused to decide the questions in issue, on the ground that the European war had rendered them moot.

United States vs. Edward E. Hartwick et al.—Petition filed August 31, 1911, in the Circuit Court, Eastern District of Michigan, alleging conspiracy and unlawful restraint of trade on the part of members of the Michigan Retail Lumber Decalers, and taking of testimony completed. That the European was the content of the Court of Court of the Co formity therewith, from which both the Government and the defendants have appealed to the Supreme

formity therewith, from which both the Government and the defendants have appealed to the Supreme Court.

Inited States vs. John H. Patterson et al.—Indictment returned February 22, 1912, in the Southern District of Ohio, against John H. Patterson. President, and 29 other officials and employée of the National Cash Register. Company, alleging a conspiracy in restraint of interstate trade and commerce in cash registers, resulting in an unlawful monopoly of the industry. Demurrer overruled June 26, 1912. Trial resulted in a verdict of guilty as to 29 of the 30 defendants and fines aggregating \$135.000 and jail sentences ranging from nine months to one year were imposed, from which the defendants appealed. In a decision handed down March 13, 1915, the Court of Appeals reversed the judgment of the lower court. The Government applied to the Supreme Court for a writ of certiorari, which was defied. A noile prosequi was entered on February 1, 1916. See civil case against substantially same defendants.

United States vs. American-Asiatic Steamship Company et al.—Petition in equity filed March 30, 1912, in Southern District of New York, charging defendants with combining and conspiring, entering into unlawful contracts and pooling agreements, and allowing rebates, for the purpose of securing a monopoly of the business of transporting freight between ports on the Atlantic Coast of the United States and ports in the Philippine Islands, Japan, China, and the Far East. Issue joined. Taking of testimony completed. A decision in the main adverse to the contentions of the Government was handed down on February 3, 1915. The Government has appealed to the Supreme Court.

United States vs. International Harvester Company et al.—Petition filed April 30, 1912, in the District Court, District of Minnesora, alleging the acquisition and maintenance of a monopoly in the Paravesting and agricultural machinery and implements and whin Testimony taken, expectly in the Court, where the case argued before the Paravester Company et al.—Peti

United States vs. Associated Biliposters and Distributors of the United States and Canada et al.—Petition filed August 3, 1912, in the District Court. Northern District of Illinois, charging defendants with engaging in a combination and conspiracy to place unlawful restraints upon interstate and foreign trade and commerce in posters. After demurers had been overruied the testimony was taken in open court, and a decision favorable to the Government was handed down on March 14, 1916. The form of decree to be entered is now under consideration by the Court.

United States vs. Motion Picture Patents Company et al.—Petition filed August 15, 1912, in the District Court. Eastern District of Pennsylvania, to remove the restraints which defendants have imposed upon interstate and foreign trade and commerce in machines, appliances, and apparatus relating to the motion-picture art, and upon persons engaged in such trade and commerce. A decision favorable to the Government was handed down on October 1, 1915, and a decree in conformity therewith was entered on January 24, 1916. The defendants have appealed to the Supreme Court.

United States vs. United Shoe Machinery Company of New Jersey et al.—Petition filed February 11, 1913, in the District Court at Trenton, N. J., seeking to have annulled an alleged unlawful contract involving "inseam trimming machines." Pending.

United States vs. Board of Trade of the City of Chicago et al.—Petition filed February 11, 1913, in the District Court at Chicago, Ili., attacking rule 33 of the Chicago Board of Trade, by virtue of which it is alleged the price of all corn, oats, wheat, and rye arriving in Chicago at times when the Board of Trade is not in session is arbitrarily determined. Motion to strike out certain portions of defendants' answer was granted. The case having been decided in favor of the Government, a final decree was entered on December 28, 1915, from which the defendants have appealed to the Supreme Court. United States vs. The Cleveland Stone Company et al.—Petition fi

commerce in comparison to the combination. The case was argued too make the normal products, and praying for the dissolution of the combination. The case was argued too was handed down on June 24, 1916.

PRESIDENT WILSON'S ADMINISTRATION, MARCH 4, 1913.

United States ye. Eastman Kodak Company et al.—Petition filed June 9, 1913. In the District Court at Butfalo, Western District of New York, alleging that defendants have acquired a monopoly of the business of manufacturing, selling, and distributing photographic supplies. Decision favorable to the Government handed down August 24, 1915, and a final decree in conformity therewith was entered on January 20, 1916. The defendants have appealed to the Supreme Court.

United States vs. The Quaker of asts Company et al.—Petition filed une 11, 1913, in the District Court at State of the Covernment. An appeal has been taken to the Supreme Court.

United States vs. Reading Company et al. All threads and commerce in oatmeal products and by-products. Argued before the Circuit Judges in March, 1916, and decided adversely to the Government. An appeal has been taken to the Supreme Court.

United States vs. Reading Company et al. (anthracite coal combination)—Petition in equity filed September 2, 1913, in the District Court at Philadelphia, P.a., against a combination consisting trade in anithracite coal. The decision of the District Court was favorable to the Government in substantial part, i. e., it was held that the union, through a holding company of the Philadelphia and and Iron Company and the Lehigh and Wilkes-Barre Coal Company, two of the great anthracite coal-producing companies, is a combination in restraint of trade. In some important respects, however, the decision was a company of the Philadelphia and the substantial part, i. e., it was held that the union, through a holding company of the Philadelphia and the produce of the Produce of the August 11, 1914, in the District Court at Sait Lake City, Utah, to compel the Southern Pacific. This case was argued before t

## PROSECUTION OF TRUSTS BY THE UNITED STATES-Continued

defendants was begun in October, 1915. On January 9, 1916, the jury acquitted six of the defendants and reported a disagreement as to the other five.

United States vs. Carl C. King et al.—Indictment returned March 4, 1915, in the District Court at Boston, Mass., charging defendants (Aroostook Potato Shippers' Association) with entering into a conspiracy in restraint of trade in potatoes. Superseding Indictment returned December 15, 1915. Demurrer overruled. Awaiting trial.

United States vs. American Con Company et al.—Potation and Management 20, 1912, in the District.

Boston, Mass., charging defendants (Aroostook Potato Shippers' Association) with entering into a conspiracy in restraint of trade in potatoes. Superseding indictment returned December 15, 1915. Demurrer overruled. Awaiting trial.

United States vs. American Can Company et al.—Petition filed November 29, 1913, in the District Court, District of Maryland, charging defendants with having monopolized the manufacture and sale of the case. A decision was handed down on February 23, 1916, and the form of decree to be entered is now under consideration by the Court.

United States vs. Michael Artery et al.—Eight indictments returned in January and April, 1915, in the District Court, Northern District of Illinois, against certain so-called business agents of Chicago labor unlons, charging them with combining and conspiring to prevent the unioading in Chicago of goods shipped from other States. Demurrers to the indictments have been overruled and the cases are awaiting trial. United States vs. Michael Boyle et al.—Two indictments returned April 27, 1915, in the District Court, Northern District of Illinois, charging a conspiracy amongst labor unions and certain manufacturers in Chicago to prevent the installation in Chicago of electrical appliances and lighting fixtures manufactured elsewhere. Demurrers to the indictments have been overruled and the cases are awaiting trial. United States vs. United Shoe Machinery Company et al.—Petition filed October 18, 1915, in the District Court, Fastern District of Missourl charging that the so-called tying clauses in the series of leases used by the defendants in the conduct of their business are violative of section 3 of the Clayton act. The defendants filed a motion to dismiss the petition This motion was argued in April, 1916, and was overfuled in an opinion handed down on June 7, 1916.

United States vs. Rintelen, Buchanan, and others—Indictment returned December 28, 1915, in the District Court, Southern District of New York. against Rintelen and seven others, charging them wit

#### THE SHERMAN LAW.

THE following is the text of the Sherman law concerning Trusts: Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in

Congress assembled:

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled:

Sec. 1. Every contract, combination in the form of trust or otherwise, or conspiracy, in restraint of trade or commerce among the several States, or with foreign nations, is hereby declared to be illegal. Every person who shall make any such or contract, or engage in any such combination or conspiracy. Every person who shall make any such or contract, or engage in any such combination or conspiracy in the discretion of the Court.

Sec. 2. Every person who shall monopolize, or attempt to monopolize, or combine or conspiracy with any other person or persons to monopolize, or attempt to monopolize, or combine or conspiracy with any other person or persons to monopolize, or attempt to monopolize, or combine or conspiration, with ordinary of the court.

Sec. 2. Every person who shall monopolize, or attempt to monopolize, or combine or conspiration, with any other person or persons to monopolize, or attempt to monopolize, or combine or conspiration, shall be punished by fine not exceeding \$5,000, or by imprisonment not exceeding one year, or by both said punishments, in the discretion of the Court.

Sec. 3. Every contract, combination in form or trust or otherwise, or conspiracy, in restraint of trade or commerce hetwen any such Territory and another, or bettreto folumbia, or in restraint of trade or commerce between any such Territory and another, or between any such Territory or Territories and State or States or the District of Columbia, or with foreign nations, or between the District of Columbia and any State or States or foreign nations, is hereby declared illegal. Every person who shall make any such contract, or engage in any such combination or conspiracy, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof, shall be punished by fine not exceeding 55,000, or by imprisonment not exceeding one year, or by both said punishments in the discretion of the Court.

Sec. 4. The several Chren

thereof.

thereof.

Sec. 6. Any property owned under any contract or by any combination, or pursuant to any conspiracy (and being the subject thereof) mentioned in sec. 1 of this act, and being in the course of transportation from one State to another, or to a foreign country, shall be foreigned and condemned by like proceedings as those provided by law for the forfeiture, and condemnation of property imported into the United States contrary to law.

Sec. 7. Any person who shall be injured in his business or property by any other person or orporation by reason of anything forbidden or declared to be unlawful by this act may sue therefor in any Circuit Court of the United States in the district in which the defendant resides or is found, without respect to the amount in controversy, and shall recover threefold the damages by him susstained, and the costs of suit, including a reasonable attorney's fee.

Sec. 8. That the word "person" or "persons" wherever used in this act shall be deemed to include corporations and associations existing under or authorized by the laws of either the United States, the laws of any of the Territories, the laws of any of the Territories, the laws of any foreign country.

Note—Two or more sections of the Ciayton Trust bill (of 1914) amend the Sherman law; the other sections of the bill, as well as sec. 5 of the Federal Trade Commission law, are supplemental to the Sherman act.

to the Sherman act.

# FISHERIES OF THE UNITED STATES.

(Compiled by the Bureau of the Census, Department of Commerce.)

Sections.	VESSELS EMPLOYED.		Persons	Capital	Value of
DECTIONS,	No.	Tons.	Employed, (1)	Invested. (2)	Products.
South Atlantic States (1908)	534			\$2,324,000	
Gulf States (1908)	915				
Middle Atlantic States (1908)	3,165	45,208			16.302.000
New England States (1908)	1,623	44,219		11,970,000	15.139.630
Great Lakes (1908)	319	4,499	8,533		3,767,000
Mississippi River and Tributaries (1908)	39				3.125.000
Pacific Coast States (1908)	294	15,618	13,855		6,839,000
Alaska Territory (1915)*	458	97,727	22,462	37,316,560	†20,999,343
Total	7,347	226,238	166,343	\$79,338,560	\$75,029,973

(1) The figures for persons employed are not comparable with those of prior reports complied by the Bureau of Fisherles, as the figures for 1908 do not include those employed in packing and canning establishments. (2) The figures for amount of capital invested are not comparable with prior reports, as the figures for 1908 do not include the investment in packing houses and canneries.

Pacific Fishermen's (January, 1916, issue) estimate of Pacific Coast (including Alaska) canned salmon pack in 1915: Chinook or King, 553,875 cases; sockeye or Alaska red, 2,016,823 cases; cohoes or silversides, 404,365 cases; humpback, 2,455,218 cases; chums, 1,025,707 cases; steclheads, 26,723 cases.

Total, 6,516,211 cases. 1 case = 48 pounds.

VALUE OF THE WORLD'S FISHERY PRODUCTS.‡

VALUE OF III	11 OICED	7 1 1011 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
	75,029,973	Italy (1912)	\$5,073,380
United States insular possessions	15,800,000	Denmark (1913)	4,729,091
Canada (1914-1915)	31,264,631	Austria-Hungary (1911-1912)	2.078.535
Newfoundland (1914)	7.971,355	Belgium (1912)	1,114,375
South and Central America and West		Ail other European countries	4,800,000
1ndies	13.035.0001	Japan (1911)	63.147.550
England and Wales (1914)	39,539,093	India, Ceyion, Persia, Asiatic Turkey,	
Scotland (1914)		Arabia, Burma, and East Indies	20,000,000
Ireland (1914)	1.392.336	China, Korea and all other Asiatic	
France, including Algeria (1913)		countries	34,000,000
Russia (1911)	50.034.825	Africa	5.000.000
Norway (1913)	14,517,281	Australia, New Zealand and all other	
Spain (1913)	11,580,000	Pacific islands	5,561,000
Portugai (1913)	7,940,734	_	
Holland (1912)	7,183,410	Total	480.184.956
Germany (1913)	10,764,605		-50,40-,000

\*Report of Bureau of Fisheries. † Does not include the value of 3,947 seal skins taken in 1915, none of which have been sold to date. ‡ Estimated. (a) United States figures are for 1908; Alaska for 1915. UNITED STATES BUREAU OF FISHERIES-DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Abraham Lincoln, President of the United States,

Abraham Lincoln, President of the United States, April 14, 1865.
Michael, Prince of Serbia, June 10, 1868.
Prim, Marshal of Spain, Docember 28, 1870.
Richard, Earl of Mayo, Governor-General of India, February 8, 1872.
Abdul Aziz, Sultan of Turkey, June 4, 1876.
Alexander II. of Russia, March 13, 1881.
James A. Garfield, President of the United States, July 2, 1881.
Carter H. Harrison, Sr., Mayor of Chicago. October 28, 1893.
Marie François Sadi-Carnot, President of France, June 24, 1894.
Stanisians Stambouloff, Premier of Bulgaria, July 25, 1895.

Stanisians Stambouloff, Premier of Bulgarla, July 25, 1895.
Nasr-ed-Din, Shah of Persla, May 1, 1896.
Canovas Del Castillo, Prime Minister of Spain, August 8, 1897.
Juan Idlarte Borda, President of Uruguay, August 25, 1897.
José Marta Reyna Barrios, President of Guatemala, February 18, 1898.
Empress Elizabeth of Austria, September 10, 1898.
General Ulisses Heurcuax, President of the Dominican Republic, July 26, 1899.
William Goebel, Governor of Kentucky, January 30, 1900.

1900.

Mumbert, King of Italy, July 29, 1900.
William McKinley, President of the United States, September 6, 1901.
Alexander, King of Serbia, and his wife, Queen Draga, June 11, 1903.

POLITICAL ASSASSINATIONS SINCE 1865.
sident of the United States, | Bobrikoff, Goy.-General of Finland, June 16, 1904.
Von Plehve, Russian Minister of the Interior, Von Piehve, Rus July 28, 1904. Soisaion Soininen,

Von Piehve, Russian Minister of the Interior, July 28, 1904.
Soission Soinhen, Procurator-General of Finland, February 6, 1905.
Delyamils, Grecian Premier, June 13, 1905.
Sergius, Grand Duke of Russia, February 17, 1905.
Carlos, King of Portugal, February 1, 1908.
Loud Philippe, Crown Prince of Portugal, February 17, 1905.
Loud Philippe, Crown Prince of Portugal, February 11, 1908.
Loud Philippe, Crown Prince of Portugal, February 11, 1908.
Loud Philippe, Crown Prince 10 Fortugal, February 11, 1908.
Loud Philippe, Crown Prince 10 Fortugal, February 11, 191.
Ramon Caceres, President of Louding Russia, September 14, 1911.
Ramon Caceres, President of the Dominican Republic, November 19, 1911.
José Canaiejas, Prime Minister of Spain, November 12, 1912.
Nazim Pasha, Turkish Minister of War, January 23, 1913.
Manuel E, Araujo, Premier of Saivador, February 23, 1913.
Francisco I, Madero, President of Mexico, February 23, 1913.
George, King of Greece, March 18, 1913.
Archduke Francis Ferdinand of Austria-Hungary and his wife, Countess Sophle Chotek, Duchess of Hohenberg, June 28, 1914.
Jean L. Jaures, French Socialist leader, July 31, 1914.
Genlam Sam, President of Hayti, July 28, 1915.
General Chen Chi-Nel, of Chinese revolutionary party, May 19.

# NATIONAL SECURITY LEAGUE.

Convinced that something should be done to arouse the public to a realization of our unpreparedness a group of prominent citizens of New York decided to call a public meeting for the purpose of devising the best means of placing before the people the facts concerning the condition of our defences.

The meeting was held in New York, December 1, 1914, in response to a call issued by S. Stanwood Menken, Herbert Barry, George Haven Putnam, Lawrence F. Abbott, J. Mayhew Wainwright, Charles E. Lydecker, and Franklin Q. Brown. Ways and means of bringing home to the people the lessons of the European war and a realization of our own defencelessness were discussed, and it was decided to organize a new league on grounds broad enough to embrace all branches of our military establishment and on strictly non-political and non-partisan lines. Officers were elected and resolutions were adopted defining the purpose of the league as follows: of the league as follows:

"Whereas, It has been the general policy of our Government to avoid entering into entangling alliances or international relations that would be likely to involve war responsibilities; and, with a natural reliance upon our geographical position and the well tested courage and public spirit of our citizens to rest the defence of the country upon a minimum of military and naval forces and upon the calculation that it should prove possible in an emergency to bring into organization with sufficient promptness a citizens' defensive force; and "Whereas, It is the opinion of the citizens here assembled that, under the changed conditions of international relations, it may not be wise to continue to intrust our National defence to hurried emer-

gency measures;

"Now, To the end that popular sentiment may be aroused and public opinion may be organized throughout the entire breadth of the land for the purpose of insuring the enactment by Congress and by other legislative bodies of the measures required for National security, and as the first step toward such general action, to procure a proper inquiry on the part of the Administration and of Congress, and to make preparations for whatever action the results of such inquiry may seem to render essential;

"Resolved. I. That we now constitute an association which shall be called "The National Security

League.'

"II. That a Committee of Fifty be appointed by the Chairman, with power to add to its members; to create an Executive Committee and such other committees as may be found advisable; to adopt suitable by-laws for the governance and for the extension of the league; to take steps to secure the creation of branch leagues or associated leagues throughout the United States, with a central body which shall have the general control of the business of the league; and to take all measures that may be found desirable for the purpose of maintaining the security of the Nation and for developing the opinion of our citizens in regard to the conditions on which National security must be based; and to secure such legislation as may be required for those patriotic purposes.

"III. To enroll in its membership, with such conditions as may be found advisable, all citizens who are in accord with the purposes and the work of this league."

The teleptory principles were adopted: 1. There is no assurance that we will not again become

are in accord with the purposes and the work of this league."

The following principles were adopted: 1. There is no assurance that we will not again become involved in war. 2. That a peaceful policy, even when supported by treatles, is not a sufficient guarantee against war, and that the United States cannot safely intrust the maintenance of its institutions and nationality to them. 3. That until a workable plan for a world alliance has been evolved and agreed to by the principal nations with proper guarantees of good faith, the United States must maintain adequate military preparations for its defence. 4. That we are not adequately prepared to maintain our National policies. 5. That the present defenceless condition is due not only to the failure to follow the carefully considered plans of our naval and military advisers, but also to provide any reasonable measure for gradually putting such plans into practice.

Originally greated for the purpose of awakening public sentiment to the precessity of National defence

putting such plans into practice.

Originally created for the purpose of awakening public sentiment to the necessity of National defence and urging the enactment by Congress of defence legislation, the league has developed into an organization of 100,000 members in all States of the Union, with nearly 200 branches in cities and towns, and with seventy-four citizens' committees appointed by Mayors and seventeen State committees appointed by Governors or co-operate with the league in securing adequate preparedness. The latest declaration of the principles of the league was made by its Executive Committee on June 29, 1916, and is as follows: The National Security League holds with our military and naval specialists that our present relative military and naval weakness would render us an easy victim to the aggression of any first class power and that the cardinal requirements for such a state of preparedness as will obviate the dangers to which we are exposed are as follows: First—compulsory military training and service, wholly under national control, for all physically fit male citizens. Second—a navy of such strength as to make the United States the second naval power in the Atlantic and concurrently the first in the Pacific. Third—that Congress should immediately make provision whereby the industrial and transportation facilities of the Nation may be effectively mobilized in case of need. The league will continue to strive for these objects and for such conditions as are necessary to fully achieve them.

Under the auspices of the league the following congresses and conferences have been held: Peace and

league will continue to strive for these objects and for such conditions as are necessary to fully achieve them.

Under the auspices of the league the following congresses and conferences have been held: Peace and
Preparation Conference, New York City, June 14-15, 1915; National Defence Conference, Chicago, November, 27, 1915; National Security Congress, Washington, D. C., January 20-22, 1916; National Defence Conference of Mayors and Mayors' representatives, St. Louis, Mo., March 3-4, 1916; National Defence Conference, Charleston, S. C., April 28-29, 1916; National Defence Conference, Knoxville, Tenn., May 27, 1916.

The league has been incorporated under the laws of the State of New York, and the following officers chosen: Honorary President—Joseph H. Choate. Honorary Vice-President—Alton B. Parker. President—Robert Bacon. Charman Executive Committee, S. Stanwood Menken. Secretary—Herbert Barry. Treasurer—E, H. Clark. Executive Secretary—Henry L. West. Headquarters, 31 Pine Street, New York City.

# NATIONAL SOCIETY OF NEW ENCLAND WOMEN.

The object of the society shall be to promote intellectual and social intercourse among its members, to bring together and assist women who were born and brought up in New England or are descended from

'Englanders.

Every member admitted by the National Board of Directors shall be a member of the national society.

Every member admitted by woman of American parentage over 18 years of age who was born in New
England and both of whose parents were born in New England is eligible for membership in this society.

England and to the woman of the society.

England ancestry.

c. New England birth on the part of an applicant shall count as one generation.
d. An applicant descended from a pioneer, who became a permanent settler in New England prior to 1845, shall have the privilege of counting said pioneer as representing one generation.

President-General—Mrs. Henry Clarke Coe, 50 Central Park West, New York City. Corresponding, Secretary-General—Mrs. Theophilus Nichols Giover, Lincoin Park, N. J. Treasurer-General—Dr. J. McNutt Albany, N. Y.

# THE PILCRIMS.

THE Pligrims was organized in London during coronation year, 1902 It was born of a desire on the part of a few Anglo-Americans, who foregathered in London at that time, to have a society that would stand for the promotion of good fellowship and friendship between Britons and Americans as individuals.

The British Pligrims has a membership of 400. The American Pligrims was organized in 1903 and has a membership of 600, which is the limit specified in the rules. There is a long waiting list of

and has a membership of 600, which is the limit specified in the rules. There is a way when applicants.

The society takes no part in politics or affairs of state or church, but simply and solely the cementing of friendship between citizens of the United States and its dependencies and the subjects of the British Empire. It exists for the one purpose of fostering by social means a friendly understanding between the people of the United States and those of Great Britain, and to bring distinguished visitors from Great Britain into contact with leading citizens of New York and the most eminent men of the country.

The citizens of the United States and its dependencies and subjects of the British Empire, and others prominent for their sympathy with the objects of the society, are eligible for membership, and membership in no society 4780 facto constitutes membership in the other.

The officers and Executive Committee of the Pilgrims of Great Britain are as follows:

President—The Rit. Hon. Viscount Bryce, O. M. G.; Admiral the Hon. Sir Hedworth Meux, G. C. B., K. C. V. O.

Honorary Treasurer—J. Wilson Taylor.

Secretary—M. E. Welsh-Lee.

Executive Committee—Harry E. V. Brittain, M. A., Chairman.

J. Arthur Barratt.

Edward Price Bell.

Admiral Lord Beresford of Metemmeh and Curraghmore, G. C. B., G. C. V. O.

The Rt. Hon. Viscount Bryce,

O. M. Harry E. V. Brittain. The Archbishop of Canterbury. Robert M. Collins.

Viscount Deerhurst. Rt. Hon. Sir Henry Mortlmer Durand, G. C., M. G. Lord Fairfax of Cameron. Clarence L. Graff. Col. Sir Hamar Greenwood, Bart., M. P. Field-Marshal Lord Grenfell,

G. C. M. G. Col. Millard Hunslcker.

Hon. Kenneth Kinnaird. Hon. Kenneth Kinnaird.
Irwin Boyle Laughlin
H. C. Levis.
Ad miral the Hon. Sir Hedworth
Meux, G. C. B., K. C. V. O.
The Ven. Archdeacon, W. W.
Sinclair, D. D.
J. Wilson Taylor.

Joseph Temperley.

The officers and Executive Committee of the Pilgrims of the United States are as follows:

\*\*President—Joseph H. Choate.\*\*

\*\*Vite-Presidents—Channecy M. Depew; Admiral Lord Beresford, G. C. B., G. C. V. O.; Nicholas Murray Butler; F. Cunliffe-Owen; George T. Wilson.

\*\*Treasurer—Vm. Curtis Demorest, 60 Liberty Street, New York.

\*\*Secretary—George W. Burleigh, 52 Wall Street, New York.

\*\*Executive Committee—George T. Wilson. Chairman, 120 Broadway, New York.

Admiral Lord Beresford, G. C., B., G. C. V. O. George W. Burleigh. Nicholas Murray Butler. William Allen Butler. Joseph H. Choate. F. Cunifie-Owen. E. F. Darrell. Wm. Curts Demorest. Chauncey M. Depew.

1. Wison, Chairman, 120 Brok R. H. Ewart. Samuel W. Fairchild. Lawrence L. Gillesple. Rt. Rev. David H. Greer, D. D. John W. Griggs. Louis C. Hay. Job E. Hedges. A. Barton Hepburn. Rev. W. T. Manning, D. D. Herbert Noble.

Alton B. Parker. Herbert L. Satterlee. R. A. C. Smlth. Gornelius Vanderbilt. George Gray Ward. Frederic W. Whitridge, Frank S. Witherbee. Hunter Wykes.

# LOWER WALL STREET BUSINESS MEN'S ASSOCIATION.

ORGANIZED in 1883 to encourage patriotism and philanthropy among the business men of New York dent—William Bayne, Jr. Treasurer—Frank C. Lowry, 91 Wall Street, New York City. Secretary— President—William Bayne, Jr. Treasurer—Fra A. Wakeman, 96 Water Street, New York City.

# UNITED STATES STEAMBOAT INSPECTION SERVICE.

The Steamboat Inspection Service, by act of Congress approved February 14, 1903, was transferred from the Treasury Department to the Department of Commerce. The transfer went into effect July 1, 1903, The Supervising Inspector-General of the Steamboat Inspection Service, George Uhler, reported to the Secretary of Commerce for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1916: Number of annual certificates of Inspection issued to domestic steam, motor vessels, and barges, 7, 109; number of eertificates issued to foreign steamers, 240; total number of annual certificates of inspection issued to domestic size to foreign steamers, 240; total number of certificates to domestic vessels from previous year, 131; decrease in number of certificates of certificates to foreign steamers, 141; decrease in number of certificates of vessels from previous year, 204. Gross tonnage of domestic vessels, all kinds, Inspected, 5,838,275; Increase over previous year, 226,244. Gross tonnage of foreign steamers inspected, 1,536,530; decrease from previous year, 574,478. Number of officers' licenses issued from previous year, 310. Number of certificates of service issued to able seamen, 24,425. Number of certificates of efficiency issued to lifeboat men, 29,323. Number of new life preservers inspected, 203.017, of which number 5,074 were rejected. Increase in number of new life preservers inspected, 203.017, of which number 5,074 were rejected. Increase in number of new life preservers inspected over previous year, 41,682. Increase in number of life preservers rejected over previous year, 4,857. Number of marine boiler plates inspected at the mills by assistant inspectors, 4,553.

Causes.	Lives Lost.	Causes.	Lives Lost.
Fire. Collision. Explosions and escape of steam. Wrecks. Foundered in storm. Sinking.	33 18 38 138	Accidental drowning Suicides Miscellaneous. Total	42 20

Number of accidents resulting in loss of life, 247, an increase of 57 over previous year. Increase in number of lives lost over previous year, 908. During the year 317,066,553 passengers were carried on steam vessels that are required by law to report the number of passengers carried. Dividing this number by 917, the total number of passengers lost shows that 345,765 passengers were carried for each passenger lost.

# FEDERAL CHILD LABOR LAW.

An act to prevent interstate commerce in the products of child labor, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-tives of the United States of America in Congress as-sembled. That no producer, manufacturer, or dealer shall ship or deliver for shipment in Interstate or foreign commerce any article or commodity the product of any mine or quarry, situated in the United States, in which within thirty days prior to the time of the removal of such product therefrom children under the age of sixteen years have been employed or permitted to work or any article or commodity the under thange of sixteen years have been employed or been the good of sixteen years have been employed or been the condity the product of any nill, camery workshop, lactory, or manufacturing establishment, sixtuated in the United States, in which within thirty days prior to the removal of such product therefrom children under the age of fourteen years have been employed or permitted to work, or children between the ages of fourteen years and sixteen years have been employed or permitted to work, or children between the ages of fourteen years and sixteen years have been employed or permitted to work more than eight hours in any day, or more than six days in any week, or after the hour of 7 o'clock postmeridian, or before the hour of 6 o'clock antemeridian: Provided, That a prosecution and conviction of a defendant for the shipment or delivery for shipment of any article or commodity under the conditions herein prohibited shall be a bar to any further prosecution against the same defendant for shipments or deliveries for shipment of any such article or commodity before the beginning of said prosecution. of said prosecution.

of said prosecution.

SEC. 2. That the Attorney-General, the Secretary of Commerce, and the Secretary of Labor shall constitute a board to make and publish from time to time uniform rules and regulations for earrying out the provisions of this act.

SEC. 3. That for the purpose of securing proper enforcement of this act the Secretary of Labor, or any person duly authorized by him, shall have authority to enter and inspect at any time mines, quarries, mills, canneries, workshops, factories, manufacturing establishments, and other places in which goods are produced or held for interstate commerce; and the Secretary of Labor shall have authority to employ such assistance for the purposes of this act as may from time to time be authorized by appropriation or other law.

other law.

Sec. 4. That it shall be the duty of each DistrictAttorney to whom the Secretary of Labor shall report any violation of this act, or to whom any State factory or mining or quarry inspector, commissioner of labor. State medical inspector, or school-attendance officer, or any other person shall present satisfactory evidence of any such violation to cause appropriate proceedings to be commenced and prosecuted in the proper courts of the United States without delay for the enforcement of the penalties in such cases herein provided: Provided, That nothing in this act shall be construed to apply to bona fide boys' and girls' canning clubs recognized by the Agricultural Department of the several States and of the United States.

Sec. 5. That any person who violates any of the

States and of the United States.

Sec. 5. That any person who violates any of the provisions of section 1 of this act, or who refuses or obstructs entry or inspection authorized by section 2 of this act, shall for each offence prior to the first conviction of such person under the provisions of this act, be punished by a fine of not more than \$200, and shall for each offence subsequent to such concrete the punished by a fine of not more than \$1,000 nor less than \$100, or by imprisonment for not more than there months, or by both such fine and imprison-

ment, in the discretion of the court: Provided, That no dealer shall be prosecuted under the provisions of this act for a shipment, delivery for shipment, or transportation who establishes a guaranty issued by the person by whom the goods shipped or delivered for shipment or transportation were manufactured that such goods were produced, resident in the United States, to the goods were produced, resident in the United States, to the goods were produced to the goods were produced to the goods were produced to the goods were produced to a mine or quarted the entry of the goods were produced to the goods were produced to the goods were produced to the goods were produced to work, or in a mill, cannery, workshop, factory, or manufacturing establishment, in which within thirty days prior to the removal of such goods therefrom no children under the age of sixteen years were employed or permitted to work, nor children between the ages of fourteen years and sixteen years employed or permitted to work more than eight hours in any day or more than six days in any week or after the hour of 7 o'clock postmeridian or before the hour of 6 o'clock antemeridian; and in such event, if the guaranty contains any false statement of material fact, the guaranty contains any false statement of material fact, the guaranty afford the protection and to the fine or imprisonment provided by this section for violation of the provisions of this act. Said guaranty, to afford the protection above provided, shall contain the name and address of the person giving the same: And provided further. That no producet, manufacturer, or dealer shall he prosecuted under this act for the shipment, delivery for shipment, or transportation of a product of any mine, quarry, mill, cannery, workshop, factory, or manufacturing establishment, if the only employment therein, within thirty days prior to the removal of such product thereform, of a child under the age of sixteen years has been that of a child as to whom the produce or manufacturer has in good faith

Sec. 6. That the word "person" as used in this act shall be construed to include any individual act shall be construed to include any Individual or corporation or the members of any partnership or other unincorporated association. The term "ship or deliver for shipment in interstate or foreign commerce" as used in this act means to transport or to ship or deliver for shipment from any State or Territory or the District of Columbia to or through any or to any foreign country; and in the case of a dealer means only to transport or to ship or deliver for shipment from the State, Territory, or district of manufacture or production.

SEC. 7. That this act shall take effect from and

SEC. 7. That this act shall take effect from and after one year from the date of its passage.

Approved, September 1, 1916.

# NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FOR CONSTITUTIONAL COVERNMENT.

This association is a purely patriotic and in no sense a partisan society. It has been formed in the content of the content of the institution of the united States is the result in part of ignorance of the significance and value of the constitution of the United States is the result in part of ignorance of the significance and value of the constitutional guarantees, and in the equally firm conviction that unlimited experiment in social legislation is a menaca not only to these institutions and these guarantees, but to the permanent existence of real self-government. The primary sim of the association is to preserve these institutions and these guarantees, first, by explaining their meaning, and, second, by demanding a sufficiently deliberate consideration of proposals of change in the National Constitution to warrant a reasoned acceptance of them before their adoption. Prestdent—David Jayne Hill. Treasurer—John Joy Edson. Secretary—Charles Ray Dean. Headquarters, Colorado Building, Washington, D. C. This association is a purely patriotic and in no sense a partisan society. It has been formed in the con-

# AMERICAN AND FOREIGN SHIPPING. UNITED STATES MERCHANT MARINE, 1916.

				Total.				
CLASS.	Foreign.		Coastwise.		Fish	ieries.	10	otai.
	Num- ber.	Gross Tons.	Num- ber.	Gross Tons.	Num- ber.	Gross Tons.	Num- ber.	Gross Tons.
Steam. Gas. Sail. Canal. Barges.	681 643	1,573,705 23,200 451,849 136,254	8,126 4,492 555	140,070 836,506 61,639	430 247	5,811 11,698 22,582	6,824 9,237 5,382 555 4,446	5,895,095 174,968 1,310,937 61,639 1,027,010
Total	3,101	2,185,008	22,627	6,244,550	716	40,091	26,444	8,469,649

The estimated value of the whole amount of floating property under the flag, according to the census of 1906, was \$507,973,121. The statistics of the table above are for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1916. SHIPBUILDING IN THE UNITED STATES.

The following table shows the class, number, and tonnage of the documented vessels built in this country during the last four years reported:

	19	913.	19	)14.	19	915.	19	16.
CLASS.	Num- ber.	Tons.	Num- ber.	Tons.	Num- ber.	Tons.	Num- ber.	Tons.
Sailing vessels	73 1,003	29,085 243,415	51. 778	13,749 224,225	751	8,021 154,990	495	14,765 237,836 12,289
Canal boats		4,641 69,021	25 297	2,558 75,718	40 315	4,457 57,654	$\frac{21}{258}$	2,551 57,972
Total	1,474	346,162	1,151	316,250	1,157	225,122	937	325,413

IRON AND STEEL TONNAGE BUILT IN THE UNITED STATES, 1900-1916.

YEARS.	Sailing Vessels and Barges.	Steam Vessels.	Total.	YEARS.	Sailing Vessels and Barges.	Steam Vessels	Total
1900. 1901. 1902. 1903. 1904. 1905. 1906. 1907.	26,571 9,430 18,112 18,773 12,336 8,276 15,039	167,948 236,128 270,932 240,107 222,307 170,304 289,094 333,516 442,625	262,699 280,362 258,219 241,080 182,640 297,370	1909. 1910. 1911. 1912. 1913. 1914. 1915. 1916.	25,988	123,142 234,988 195,964 119,181 175,677 192,709 129,024 234,997	136,923 250,624 201,973 135,881 201,665 202,549 130,882 238,772

\*COMPARATIVE GROWTH OF THE TONNAGE OF THE MERCHANT NAVIES OF THE UNITED STATES AND OF THE PRINCIPAL MARITIME COUNTRIES OF EUROPE FROM 1907 TO 1916.

COUNTRIES.	1907.	1908.	1909.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.	1916.
American			7,388,755	7,508,082	7,638,822	7,714,183	7,886,527	7,928,688	8,389,429	8,469,649
British	118,325,628	13,566,560	19,031,5741	19,133,870	19.344,487	19,240,517	19,541,206	19,799,119	20.874.309	21.015.958
French	1,779,214			1,899,625	1,958,645	1,941,327	2,088,065	2,173,544	2,294,623	
Norwegian	1,960,589	1,977,978	2,008,017			2,187,544	2,286,037	2,425,476	2.474.165	2.474.041
Swedish	921,024					994,945	1,033,965			
Danish	750,404								825,719	846.348
German	4,076,175	4,202,553								4,463,842
Dutch	883,636	898,760	920,608	1.016.577	1,072,715	1,084,729	1,155,535	1,297,409	1.558.395	1,519,525
Belgian	185,630									282,216
Italian	1,321,131		1,347,264					1,549,887	1,707,273	1,730,335
Austro-Hung'n	674,960								1,025,629	943,420
Greek	572,748	628,638								
Russian			1,361,706	1,388,377	1,379,252			1,449,216		1,639,798
Japanese			1,265,269	1,290,458	1,305,338			1,674,264	1,866,319	
Spanish	1		775,604	757,576	808,296	788,531	785,748	855,261	906,549	901,604

The above tables have been complied from the report of the Commissioner of Navigation of the United

States.
\* From Bureau Veritas; gross for steam vessels, net for salling. † All barges.

PASSING OF THE SAILING SHIP.

The London Economist supplies the following table, showing the net tonnage of steamships and salling vessels on the register of Great Britain and Ireland from 1810 to 1912, and Lloyd's Register for subsequent

y curb.									
YEAR.	Steam.	Sail.	Total.	YEAI	R.	Steam.	Sail.	Total.	
1840	87,930 454,330 2,723,470 7,207,610	4,204,360 3,851,040	4,658,690 6,574,510	1909 1910 1911 1912			1,112,944 980,997 902,718	11,555,663	
		STEAM			SAILING SHIPS.				
YEAR,	Num	ber.	Net Tont	age.	Number.		Net Tonnage.		
1913 1914 1915	8,5	14 87 75	11,109,5 11,545,7 11,760,2	46		700 653 610	422,293 364,677 305,663		

25

FASTEST ATLANTIC OCEAN PASSACES. Steamer. Route. Steamer. Line, Date, Queenstown to New York. Mauretania. Cunard. Sept. 11-15, 1910. 4.
New York to Queenstown. Mauretania. Cunard. Sept. 15-20, 1909. 4.
Cherbourg to New York. Kronprinz, Ceclile... No. Germ. Lloyd. Aug. 19-25, 1908. 5.
New York to Southampton. Kaiser Wilh. d. Gr'se. No. Germ. Lloyd. Nov. 23-29, 1897. 5.
New York to Havre... France. French. Aug. 22-28, 1912. 5.
New York to Cherbourg... Kaiser Wilh. d. Gr'se. No. Germ. Lloyd. Jan. 4-10, 1900. 5.
New York to Plymouth... Kronprinz, Ceclile... No. Germ. Lloyd. Jan. 4-10, 1900. 5.
New York to Naples. Deutschland... Hamburg-Am. Jan. 20-28, 1904. 7. 8

The fastest day's run was made by the Mauretania of the Cunard Line, January, 1911–676 knots, or 27.04 knots per hour.

United States battleship speed record made by the Wyoming, July 19, 1912. On the twenty-first standardization run she made a speed of 22.045 knots. The torpedo boat destroyer McDougal broke all mile speed records for her type in standardization trials off Rockland, Me., in May, 1914. She ploughed the water at the rate of 32.07 knots an hour on her after the average of her five full speed runs was 31.516 knots.

1905 record.—Allon Line's turbine Steamer Virginian passed Cape Race June 13, 11 a.m., inward bound, having left Moville on the afternoon of June 9, thus crossing in less than four days On March 19, 1914, the freighter Santa Cruz (oil burner) steamed into San Francisco from New York via the Straits of Magellan. The distance is approximately 13,000 miles and the time consumed was 47 days and 4 hours.

Steamship development as shown in the relative proportions, speed, etc., of the Great Eastern

and Vaterland:

Great Eastern.	vateriang.
Length	Length 950 ft,
Breadth 80 ft.	Breadth 100 ft.
Displacement 27,000 tons	Displacement 65,000 tons.
Poddle Seroward Sail: Speed 12 to 14 knots	Quadruple Screws 24 knots.
radule, Sciewand Can. Speed 10 to 11 knots.	7 data a distribution of the state of the st
THE RECORD-BREAKERS BETWEEN NEW Y	YORK AND QUEENSTOWN-EAST OR WEST.
Date. Steamer. D. H. M.	Date. Steamer, D. H. M.
1856 9 1 45	1884 America 6 10 0
1866Scotia	1887 Umbria 6 4 42
1856.     Persia     9     1     45       1866.     Scotia     8     2     48       1869.     City of Brussels     7     22     3       1873.     Baltic     7     20     9	1888 6 1 55
1873Baltic	1891 5 18 8
1875City of Berliu 7 15 48	1891 Teutonic
1976 Germanic 7 11 37	1892 5 14 24
1877 Britannic 7 10 53 1880 Arizona 7 7 23 1882 Alaska 6 18 37	1893 5 12 7
1880	1894 Lucania 5 7 23
1882 Alaska 6 18 37	1908 Lusitania 4 15 0
1884Oregon	1910 Mauretania 4 10 41
TOUT OTEGOT U XI	1 2000

# APPROXIMATE DISTANCES IN KNOTS OR NAUTICAL MILES AS ANNOUNCED

BY THE VARIOUS STEAMSHIP LINES.										
PLACE.	Distance.	PLACE.	Distance.		Distance.					
From Ambrose Chan-		Copenhagen	3,850	London (Titbury Dks)	3,257					
nel Lightship* to-		Dover	3,190	Nantucket Lightship.	193					
Alexandria, Egypt	4,952 3,323	Fastnet	2,751	Naples	4,116					
Antwerp	3,323	Fire Island Lightship.	36 3,278	Needles	3,073 935					
Azores (Ponta Delga-		Flusbing		New land (Banks of).						
da)	2,227	Genoa	4,021	Plymouth	2,978					
Bombay	8.160	Gibraltar	3,168	Queenstown	2.814					
Bremen	3,563	Glasgow		Roche's Point						
Brow Head	2,744	Hallfax		Rotterdam	3,327					
Cape Race		Hamburg		Scilly Islands (Bishop's						
Cherbourg	3,073	Havre	3,145	Rock)	0.000					
Christiansand	3,407	Liverp'l (Landing Stg)		Southampton (Docks)						
Christiania	3,572	Lizard Point	2,929	St. John's, N. F	1,120					

\* New York (Battery) to Quarantine Station 8 miles, Ambrose Channel Lightship 16 miles. † Distance by short track. For mail time and distances, see Index.

# SEAMEN'S ACT.

An act to promote the welfare of American seamen in the merchant marine of the United States; to abolish arrest and imprisonment as a penalty for desertion and to secure the abrogation of treaty provisions in relation thereto; and to promote safety at sea. (Approved March 4, 1915.)

Coples of the act and circulars concerning its several sections, with regulations, will be issued from time to time by Department of Commerce in Washington, D. C., and may be had on application.

# SHIP REGISTRY.

AN act to provide for the admission of foreign-built ships to American registry for the foreign

An act to provide for the admission of foreign-built saips to American registry for the foreign trade, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the words "not more than five years old at the time they apply for registry" in section 5 of the act entitled "An act to provide for the opening, maintenance, protection, and operation of the Panama Canal and the Sanitation and government of the Canal Zone," are hereby received.

repealed. SEC. 2.

repealed.

SEC 2. That the President of the United States is hereby authorized, whenever in his discretion the needs of foreign commerce may require, to suspend by order, so far and for such length of time as he may deem desirable, the provisions of law prescribing that all the watch officers of vessels of the United States registered for foreign trade shall be citizens of the United States,

Under like conditions, in like manner, and to like extent the President of the United States is also hereby authorized to suspend the provisions of the law requiring survey, inspection, and measurement by officers of the United States of foreign-built vessels admitted to American registry under this act.

SEC. 3. This act shall take effect immediately.

Approved, August 18, 1914.

# IMMICRATION INTO THE UNITED STATES

FOR FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30.

YEAR.	Total Immi- grants.	YEAR.	Total Immi- grants.	YEAR.	Total Immi- grants.	YEAR.	Total Immi- grants.
1901 1902 1903	648,743 857,046	1905 1906 1907 1908	1,100,735 1,285,349	1910	1,041,570 878,587	1913 1914 1915	1,218,480

Total from 1820 to 1916, Inclusive, 32,652,950 (for yearly totals from 1824 to 1899 see 1913 Almanac, page 185). From 1789 to 1822, estimated, 266,038.

Of the whole number of immigrants in the fiscal year ended June 30, 1916, 141,390 came through the customs district of New York, 124 through Baltimore, 12,428 through Boston, 229 through Philadelphia, 7,955 through San Francisco, 101,452 through Canadian ports and Canadian border, 16,520 through Mexican border, and the balance through other ports.

The reported occupations of immigrants arriving during the fiscal year 1916 were as follows: Laborors, 55,816; servants, 29,258; farm laborers, 26,250; tallors, 2,799; merchants and dealers, 7,017; carpenters and joiners, 4,824; shoemakers, 1,280; clerks and accountants, 8,369; mariners, 3,088; miners, 2,407. The number of professional immigrants (including 532 actors, 1,808 engineers, 695 musicians, and 1,640 teachers) was 9,795; of skilled laborers, 45,528; other miscellaneous (including unskilled), 10,055; no occupation (including women and children), 104,766.

#### IMMIGRATION BY COUNTRIES IN FISCAL YEARS 1915 AND 1916.

Countries.	1915.	1916	Countries.	1915.	1916.
Austria-Hungary	18,511 2,399	5,191 986	Other Europe	1,180	1,717
Belgium Bulgaria, Scrbla, and Montenegro Denmark	1,403 3,312	764 3,322			
France, including Corsica German Empire.	4,811 7,799	4,156 2.877	ChinaJapan	2,660 8,613	
Greece	12,592 49,688	27,034 33,665	India Turkey in Asia	161	112
Netherlands	3,144 7,986	2,910 5,191	Other Asia	234	282
Norway Portugal, including Cape Verde and Azore Islands	4.907		Total Asia		13,204
Roumania	481 26.187	90	Africa. Australia, Tasmania, and New Zealand.	1,282	
Spain, including Canary and Balearic Islands	2.762	,	Pacific Islands, not specified British North America	117	90
Sweden	6,585 1,742	6.248	Central America	1.252	1,135
Switzerland	1,008 21,562	313	MexicoSouth America	3,801	4,286
United England	14,185	8,639	West Indies	11,598 31	12,027 31
dom. Scotland	4,668 1,007		Grand total	326,700	298,826

# ALIENS DEBARRED AND DEPORTED 1905-1916.

YEAR ENDED	Total Im-	De-	De-		Total Im-	De-	De-
JUNE 30.	migration.	barred.	ported.		migration.	barred.	ported.
1905. 1906. 1907. 1908. 1909.	1,100,735 1,285,349 782,870 751,786	12,432 13,064 10,902 10,411	676 995 2,069 2,124	1911. 1912. 1913. 1914. 1915.	838,172 1,197,892 1,218,480 326,700	16,057 19,938 33,041 24,111	2,456 3,461 4,610 2,670

## ACCORDING TO RACES THE FOLLOWING SHOWS AMOUNT OF MONEY BROUGHT BY IMMIGRANTS, AND THE NUMBER DEBARRED IN FISCAL YEAR 1916.

RACE.	Amount of Money.	De- barred.	RACE.	Amount of Money.	Dę- barred.	RACE.	Amount of Money.	De- barred.
Chinese English French German	3,677,822 1,296,407	1,949 1,694	Hebrew Irish Italian Japanese	1,868,499 1,360,114	1,018 1,425	Polish Russian Scandinavlan. Scotch		610 365

## EMIGRATION FROM UNITED STATES.

EMIGRATION FROM UNITED STATES.

For fiscal year ended June 30, 1908, emigrant allens, 395,073; non-emigrant allens, 319,755; total, 714,828. In 1909, emigrant allens, 225,802; non-emigrant allens, 174,590; total, 400,392. In 1910, emigrant allens, 202,436; non-emigrant allens, 177,982; total, 380,418. In 1911, emigrant allens, 295,666; non-emigrant allens, 222,049; total, 518,215. In 1912, emigrant allens, 333,262; non-emigrant allens, 282,030; total, 615,292. In 1913, emigrant allens, 303,8190; non-emigrant allens, 303,734; total, 611,924. In 1914, emigrant allens, 180,100; total, 384,174. In 1916, emigrant allens, 1915, emigrant allens, 2074; non-emigrant allens, 180,100; total, 384,174. In 1916, emigrant allens, 129,765; non-emigrant allens, 111,042; total 240,807. Norte—Arriving allens whose permanent residence has been outside the United States, who intend to reside permanently in the United States, are classed as immigrant allens. Departing allens whose permanent residence has been in the United States, who intend to reside permanently outside, are classed as emigrant allens. All allen residents of the United States making a temporary trip abroad, and all allens residing abroad making a temporary trip to the United States, are classed as non-immigrant allens on the inward journey and non-emigrant on the outward.

#### IMMIGRATION INTO THE UNITED STATES-Continued.

#### CHINESE SEEKING ADMISSION TO THE UNITED STATES.

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30.	191	1.	191	2.	1913.		1914.		1915.		191	6.
Classes.	Admitted.	Deported.	Admitted.	Deported.	Admitted.	Deported.	Admitted.	Deported.	Admitted.	Deported.	Admitted.	Deported.
United States citizens Wives of United States citizens Returning laborers. Returning merchants. Other merchants. State of merchants families: Travellers. Travellers. Teachers. Officials. Miscellaneous.	80	5 19 33 28 259 25	1,103 1,093 170 558	170 5 1 18 8 133 20 7 1 1 36	126 1,036 986 105 738 370 19 33 38	121 9 5 13 16 92 11 	2,201 1,22 1,060 881 180 807 338 29 17 110 88		1,990 106 889 960 238 746 344 61 15 224 88	119 2 4 6 7 96 2 2 2	1,932 108 690 859 242 741 301 86 28 105 101	128 6 11 11 5 145 4 1 
Totals	5,107	692	5,374	400	5,662	384	5.773	410	5,661	268	5,193	437

## IMMIGRANT ALIENS ADMITTED DURING YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1916, SHOWING THEIR VARIOUS DESTINATIONS.

STATE OR TERRITORY.	Immi- grant Aliens.	STATE OR TERRITORY.	Immi- grant Aliens.	STATE OR TERRITORY.	Immi- grant Aliens.
Alabama Alaska Arizona Arkansas Colifornia Colorado Comecticut Delaware District of Columbia Florida Georgia Hawaii Idaho Illinois Indiana Iowa Kansas Kentucky Louistana	550 3,501 110 17,101 1,119 6,788 1822 728 3,634 225 3,194 1,012 12,104 1,866 2,264 696	Malne Maryland Massachusetts Michigan Minnesota Missosin Missouri Montann Nebraska Nevada New Hampshire New Hersey New Mexico New York North Carolina North Carolina North Carolina Ohio	790 30,814 26,591 7,619 103 1,746 4,123 921 402 3,737 8,369 418 79,968 7175	Oregon Pennsylvania Philippine Islands Porto Rico Rhode Island South Carolina South Dakota Tennessee Texas Utah Vermont Virginia Washinston West Virginia Wisconsin Wyoming Grand total	1,882 17,369 200 763 4,589 146 13,288 1,168 2,247 1,003 9,978 2,168 2,248 2,168 2,371 298,826

### WORLD'S DEVELOPMENT OF POPULATION, PRODUCTION, VESSEL TON-NACE, AND COMMERCE-1800 TO 1914.

COMMERCE.		RCE.	NOMINAL TON- NAGE OF VESSELS.		Raii-	graphs		PRODUCTION OF COT-Gold Pro- TON, COAL & PIG IRON. duction, Decade				
	Popu- lation.	Total.	Per Cap.	Sali.	Steam.	ways	Telegra	Cables.	Cotton.	Coal.	Plg Iron.	Ending
		Million		Thous.			Th'd			Million		Million
1800	Millions.	dollars.	Dols. 2.31	tons.a 4,026		mis.a	miles	miles.	lbs.a 520	tons.	tonsa	dollars.b 128.5
1820	a780		2.13	5,814	20				630	17.2	1.0	76.1
1830	d847	1,981	2.34		111	0.2			820			94.5 134.8
1840 1850				9,012 11,470	368 864	5.4 24.0		1-40	1,310 1,435	44.8 81.4	4.7	363.9
1860				14.890					2.551	142.3	7.2	1.334.0
1870	f1,310	10,663	8.14	12,900	3,040	139.9		15	2,775			
1880	g1,439					224.9 390.0	440 768	49 132	3,601 5,600	340.0 466.0		
1890 1900				6,674	13.857				6,247			
1910	11,616	33,634	20.81	4,624	22,046	637.0	1,307	291	k9,013			
1912	11,643		24.08	4,083	24,978	683.4	1,400	m320 m330	k10,488	11,377.0 11,478.0	n71.4	4,708.4 4,730.6
1913 1914			24.47	3,891 3,686	26,517 27,988					11,346.0		

a Mulhall's estimates except for 1830, 1890, 1900, 1906, and later years. b Soetbeer's estimates prior to 1860. c Malte-Brun's estimate for 1804. d Based on Balbl's estimate for 1828. e Based on Michelet's estimate for 1845. J Based on Behm-Wagner estimate for 1874. Levasseur's estimate for 1878. h Royal Geographic Society's estimate. f Figures represent only such countries as have connercial records, and do not include various unimportant subdivisions of the world. k Figures of the Burea of the Census. l Figures of the Geological Survey. m Estimate of the Imperial Post-Office of Germany. n Partly estimated.

#### UNITED STATES COAST CUARD.

#### HEADQUARTERS, TREASURY DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON, D. C.

HEADQUARTERS, TREASURY DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON, D. C.

The United States Coast Guard was created by the act of January 28, 1915, which provided that "There is hereby established in lieu of the existing Revenue Cutter Service and the Life-Saving Service, to be composed of those two existing organizations, the Coast Guard, which shall constitute a part of the military forces of the United States and which shall operate under the Treasury Department in time of peace, and operate as a part of the Navy, subject to the orders of the Secretary of the Navy, in time of war or when the President shall so direct." The original Revenue Cutter Service was organized by act of Congress approved August 4, 1790. The Life-Saving Service was originally operated under the Revenue Cutter Service, but on June 20, 1874, Congress created it a separate service to operate under the Treasury Department. The officers of the Coast Guard are on the same footing in rank and pay as officers of the Army and Navy. Appointments to cadetships are made after competitive examinations conducted by boards of commissioned officers of the Coast Guard. The cadets are educated at the Coast Guard Academy at New London, Ct. The course covers three years and embraces professional and academic subjects. Candidates for cadetships must not be less than 18 nor more than 24 years old, citizens of the United States, and unmarried. A class of cadets is appointed each year. Appointments acadet Engineers are made after competitive examinations conducted by boards of engineer officers of the Coast Guard. Candidates for cadets ling must not be less than 20½ years of age and serve a problanary term of not less than one year before being commissioned Third Lieutenants of Engineers who is less than 20½ years of age and serve a problanary term of not less than one year before being commissioned Third Lieutenants of Engineers on the Commissioned Third Lieutenants of Engineers in the States, and the Problem of Construction and Repair; Charles A. McAllister is Engineer-In-Chi

#### CRUISING CUTTERS.

NAME.	Tons.	Headquarters.	Guns.	NAME.	Tons.	Headquarters.	Guns.
Algonquin Androscoggin Apache Itasca Bear Gresham Manning McCulloch Mohawk Onondaga Seminole Seneca	1,605 708 980 1,700 1,090 1,155 1,432 1,148 1,192 860	San Juan, P. R. Boston, Mass Baltimore, Md Rellef Ship. San Diego, Cal. Boston, Mass. Astoria, Oregon San Francisco, Cal. New York, N. Y. Nortolk, Va. Wilmington, N. C. Tompkinsville, N. Y.	3 4 3 4 4 4 4	Tuscarora. Yamacraw Tampa Unalga Acushnet Snohomish Morrili Pamiico Comanche Taliapoosa Ossipee.	1,082 1,181 1,181 800 879 420 451 670 912	Milwaukee, Wis. Savannah, Ga. Key West, Fla. Seattle, Wash. New Bedford, Mass. Neah Bay, Wash. Detroit, Mich. Newbern, N. C. Galveston, Tex. Mobile, Ala. Portland, Me.	4 3 2 2 2 2 2 2 2

The authorized personnel is 270 commissioned officers and 3,931 warrant officers, petty officers, and enlisted men.

The Coast Guard stations are divided into thirteen districts, embracing the Atlantic, Gulf, Great Lakes, and Pacific Coasts, including Alaska. There are 281 Coast Guard stations and houses of refuge. One station is at the Falls of the Ohlo, near Louisville, Ky

### OPERATIONS OF THE COAST GUARD FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1916.

The beneficial work performed by the Coast Guard in the interests of the public covers a wide and diversined scope. Its principal functions are the saving of life and property from destruction on the seas, but there are many other lines of endeavor where its potentiality and activities are exerted which benefit mankind and which cannot be expressed statistically. The following tabulated statement of appraisable work performed during the past year will, however, give an idea of the accomplishments of this humanitarian branch of the Federal service:

2,021	Instances of miscellaneous assistance.	1010	Lives saved or persons rescued from
\$10,609,655	Value of vessels assisted (including cargoes)	15.749	peril Persons on board vessels assisted
\$10,009,000	Derelicts and obstructions to naviga-	443	Persons in distress cared for
29	tion removed or destroyed		Vessels hoarded and documents ex-
	Value of derelicts recovered and de-	30,510	amined
\$28,900	livered to owners		Regattas and marine parades patrolled
\$5,215,711	Total expenditure for maintenance of		in accordance with law
\$5,215,711	Coast Guard	1.453	rendered which assistance was

#### UNITED STATES VOLUNTEER LIFE-SAVING CORPS.

Office, Municipal Building, New York City.

#### NATIONAL WOMEN'S LIFE-SAVING LEAGUE.

ORGANIZED for work among women and children. Its purposes are: To encourage swimming by women and children; to co-operate with other organizations, whenever advisable, in the dissemination of knowledge on life saving from drowning and "first aid" to the injured; to encourage interest and promote efficiency in swimming and life saving by the holding of annual competitions for medals, prizes and the like; to encourage and advocate simplicity and rationalism in bathing and swimming costumes; to establish an athletic branch for the supervision of athletics, for women by women, in order to raise the dignity of such branch of outdoor sports so that all women may participate in the healthful and instructive exercises of swimming and life saving; to advocate the general adoption of swimming and life saving—rescue and resuscitation—as a branch of elementary education.

It conducts free classes of instruction in swimming, free competitions for the entertainment and benefit of its members, and public exhibition drills for the purpose of public instruction. The dues of the league are 50 cents a year, to cover postage and incidentals, bringing membership in the organization within the reach of all working women.

President—Katherine F. Mehrtens Thorman. Vice-President—E. Wemsper Burns. Treasuret—Sarah L. Marrin. Secretary—Bessie Simms. Headquarters, 25 Clinton Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

#### THE UNITED STATES LICHTHOUSE SERVICE.

BUREAU of Lighthouses. Commissioner, George R. Putuam; Deputy Commissioner, John S. Conway; Chief Constructing Engineer, Horatio B Bowerman; Superintendent of Navai Construction, Edward C. Gilette; Chief Clerk, T S. Clark.

The Lighthouse Service is charged with the establishment and maintenance of lighthouses, light-vessels, buoys, and other aids to navigation on the coasts and rivers of the United States, as authorized by Congress, and with the direction of the offices, depots and tenders required in this work.

The field work of the service is divided into nineteen districts, each in charge of an inspector.

#### AMERICAN TRUTH SOCIETY.

This society was organized January 18, 1912, in New York City and incorporated February 9, 1912, under the laws of the State of New York.

The object of this society is: "To propagate a spirit of pure Americanism; to preserve the traditions of the United States inviolate; to oppose and resist by truth all attempts of corporations, societies and individuals to dominate the public opinion of the United States for the purpose of discriminating in the interests of any one race by means of legislation, literature, education or organized propaganda; to propagate the History of the United States and the States comprising the United States amongst the people of the United States, and to combat with ruth all attempts to garble, falsify, misrepresent or suppress the History of the United States or the States comprising the United States, anywhere within the State of New York and the United States.

Headquarters, 210 Fifth Avenue, New York City. President—Jeremiah A. O'Leary. Secretary—George W. Mead.

W. Mead.

#### REPORT OF THE COLORADO COAL COMMISSION

AS PRINTED IN THE MONTHLY REVIEW OF THE UNITED STATES BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS.

IN 1914 the President appointed a commission to report upon the labor difficulties in the coal fields of Colorado during the years 1914 and 1915. The commission consisted of Seth Low, of New York City; Charles W. Mills, of Philadelphia; and Patrick Gilday, of Clearfield, Pa. This commission submitted its final report under date of February 23, 1916.

The report is very brief, containing merely a sumary of findings, hased for the most part upon a personal visit of the commission to the Colorado coal fields. In scope it is concerned primarily with conditions in the coal fields as they existed after the strike disturbances.

coal fields. In scope it is concerned primarily with conditions in the coal fields as they existed after the strike disturbances of conditions growing out of the strike the commission emphasizes two factors as of particular importance: The creation of the Colorado Industrial Commission, with extensive authority in industrial disputes, and the plan of the Colorado Fuel and Iron Company for regulating the relations between the corporation and its employes. The Colorado Industrial Commission, under its creative act, is given the power of compulsory investigation of labor disputes, and for a period of 30 days during which the investigation is pending, strikes or lockouts are forbidden under penalty. Particular attention was devoted by the commission to the operation of the industrial representation plan of the Colorado Fuel and Iron Company. Its conclusion is that the plan was adopted by the company "in entire good faith and is being operated with a single-hearted desire to make it successful." The opposition of organized labor to the plan is noted and commented upon as follows:

It must be said that there is no effort being made on the part of the organization to ascertain whether the company is acting in good faith on not. Their contention that the miners are not free under the industrial plan to express their real opinions and that they dare not avow their membership in the union could readily be tested if one of their representatives would express his real opinion and any action were taken by the company action were taken by the company action were taken by the company is active in sea that they dare not avow their membership in the course in sea that your commission might discover if therewhere the target of the representatives would express his real opinion and any action were taken by the company against such individual. Your commission mode on a count of the course in sea that your commission might discover if therewhere that your commission might discover if the employed the content of the course in sea th

exists in some degree in the northern field, but little

aginary fear rather than a real fear."

The commission speaks very favorably of the general living conditions of the miners:

The housing conditions of the miners.

The housing conditions for the miners are exceptionally well provided, and every camp that we saw appeared to be doing much for the comfort and welfare of its employes

Bathing houses are provided in some instances tree and in some instances operated for a charge of \$1 per month. If there is any charge, the attendant looks after wasting out the clothes and hanging them up to dry and keeping the place in order. Many of the camps have clubhouses with pool tables a reading-room, and various games for the enjoyment of the members, and all of the clubs are free for the use of the employes. Schools are maintained for the benefit of the children of the miners.

Schools are maintained for the benefit of the children of the miners.

Schools are maintained for the benefit of the extent of unrishing bid for by the same, though the instructions paid for by the same, though the state of the total contents are of the total camps of the company

distance, if not in the centre of the town or camp.

As regards the indictment and imprisonment of striking miners, the report comments as follows:

Your commission became aware of only one disturbing element in the industrial situation. About 400 indictments were found after the strike, and all of these were of strikers. Some of the citizens of Colorado believe that many illegal acts were committed on the part of the operators, and the justice which finds all of the indictments on one side does not seem to them even-handed. Your commission naturally expresses no opinion as to the correctness of this belief. It simply calls attention to the existence of this feeling.

Again, it is believed by some even among the operators, that in many of these cases the State has not sufficient cridence to convict. In such cases—and your commission believed that there are such that the control of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the court of the indictment against them, and are prevented from leaving Colorado or the jurisdiction of the court by their bondsmen. As long as this condition of affairs exists the industrial health of Colorado will be weakened by this festering sore. It is not the business of your commission to weigh the rights and wrongs of the case, but we should fall short of our duty if we did not call attention to this feature of the situation and emphasize the importance to the State of providing a prompt remedy. viding a prompt remedy.

### SUBMARINE CABLES OF THE WORLD.

(From report issued by the Bureau International del'Union Telegraphique,)
The following table sets forth the entire system of submarine cables of the world, including those along the shores and in the bays, gulfs, and estuaries of rivers, but excepting those in lakes and the interior watercourses of continents. The list includes all cables operated by private companies, and in addition thereto under the name of each nation is given the list of cables operated by the government of that nation.

of that hation.					
Companies.	Number of Cables,	Length of Cables in Nuntienl Miles.	COMPANIES.	Number of Cables.	Length of Cables in Nautical Miles.
Commercial Cable Co	15	16,595	Direct West India Cable Co	17	1,263
Commercial Pacific Cable Co	6	10,010	Eastern Extension Australiasia and China Telegraph Co	37 107	26,4 <b>21</b> 46,790
Commercial Cuble Co of Cuba New York to Havana, Cuba. Western Union Telegraph Co	1 27	1,285 23,508	Greek; Austro - Greek; Greek; Turko-Greek; Turkish; Black Sea; Egypto - European; Egyptian;		
Transatlantic Systems as follows: Western Union—Penzance, Eng- land, to Bay Roberts, N. F., and Canso, N. S., thence to Coney			Egypto-Indian; Cape Town to St. Helena; St. Helena to Ascension Island; Ascension Island to St. Vincent; Natal-Australia. System West of Malta.		
Island, New York, Anglo-American Telegraph Co.—			Europe and Azores Telegraph Co Compagnie Allemande des Cables	2	1,056
Valentia (Ireland) to Heart's Content, N. F. Direct United States Cable Co.— Ballinskellig's Bay (Ireland) to Halliax, N. S., thence to Rye Beach, N. H. Gulf of Mexico System.			Transallantiques. Borkum Island to Azores to Coney Island, N. Y. Borkum Island to Vigo, Spain. Grande Compagnie des Telegraphes du	5 29	9,356
Compagnie Francaise des Cables Tele- graphiques Brest (France) to Cape Cod, Mass. Brest (France) to St. Pierre-Mig. St. Pierre to Cape Cod, Mass	24	11,657	Nord. Cables in Europe and Asia. Deutsch-Niedertandische Tetrgraphengeseltschaft. Menado (Célebes)—Japan (Caroline); Guam (Mariannes); Shanghai.	3	3,415
Cape Cod, Mass., to New York. San Domingo to Mayaguez, P.R. African Direct Telegraph Co Western Telegraph Co	9	3,025 23,836	Deutsch - Sudamerikanische Tele- graphengesellschaft Osteuropaische Telegraphenges Kilios (Constantinople)—C o n -	5 1	7,354 185
Carcavellos, near Lisbon (Portu- gal), to Madeira, to St. Vincent (Cape Verde Island), to Pernan- buco, Rio de Janeiro, Santos, Montevideo, Fayal (Azores) to St. Vincent (Cape Verde Island).			stantza (Roumanie). Halifax and Bermudus Cuble Co Indo-Europeun Telegruph Co Mexican Telegraph Co River Plute Telegraph Co Societe Anonyme belga de Cables Tele-	1 4 5 4	850 192 2,821 218
Ascension Island to Buenos Ayres, Central and South American Tele-			graphiques Compagnie des Cables Sudamericains United States und Haiti Telegraph	1	2,777
graph Co Compania Telegrafico-Telefonica del Plata	25	11,898	West African Telegraph Co	1 8 7 22	1,391 1,469 1,979 4,355
Cuba Submarine Telegraph Co Direct Spanish Telegraph Co		1,143 711		418	

#### CABLES OWNED BY NATIONS.

Austria	50 l	419	Bahama Islands	11	213
Belgium	6	102	British America	2	398
Denmark	148	459	British India	13	2,004
France	79	12 348	Portuguese Possessions in Africa		26
Germany	79 98 224				5.000
Great Britain and Ireland.	99.4	2,200	Japan Nouvelle Calédonie	101	5,000
	224	2,509	Nouvelle Calcdonie	4	5 700
Greece	56	128	Netherlands Indies	27	5,130
Holland	49	259	Senegal, Africa	1	3
Italy	60	1,7351	Siam	2	12
Norway	770	1.400	Indo-Chine Française	1	771
Portugal	6	120	Pacific Cable Board (cahles in the	-1	
Russia	33	739	Pacific between British America	l l	
Spain	32 25	3,158			9,288
Sweden	106		Dhilipping Talanda	90	1,032
Sweden	100	14	Philippine Islands	20	606
Switzerland	(0-)	214	Venezuela	-21	
Turkey	3 25 62	369	United States (Alaska)	15	2,234
Argentine Republic and Brazil	62	120			
Australia and New Zealand	71	911	Total	2,166	55,207

#### TELEGRAPH RATES FROM NEW YORK CITY.

WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH COMPANY RATES. SEE ALSO POSTAL TELEGRAPH-CABLE COMPANY RATES ON FOLLOWING PAGE.

DAY TELEGRAMS of 10 words or less, address and signature free, are transmitted immediately upon

DAY TELEGRAMS of 10 words or less, address and signature free, are sent during the night at the convenience of the company.

Words over 10 in Day Telegrams and Night Telegrams are 2 cents each where rate is 25, 30, or 35 cents; 3 cents each where rate is 40 or 50 cents; 4 cents where rate is 60 cents; 5 cents where rate is 7 cents where rate is 81.00, and 8 cents where rate is 81.25.

NIGHT LETTERS of 50 words or less, address and signature free, filed up to 2 o'clock A. M., are delivered the next morning at the same rate as that shown for "Day Telegrams of 10 words."

DAY LETTERS of 50 words or less, address and signature free, filed at any hour during the day, are transmitted and delivered subject to the priority of Day Telegrams. Rates for Day Letters are one-half higher than rates for Night Letters.

Words above 50 in Night Letters or Day Letters are one-fifth the 50-word rate for each additional 10 or fraction of 10 words.

		TELEG	RAMS.				TELEG	RAMS.	
PLACES.	10 W	ords.		ords.	PLACES.	10 W	ords.	50 W	ords.
	Day.	Night.		Night Letter.		Day.	Night.	Day Letter.	Night Letter.
labama	\$0.60 2.00 to	\$0.50 1.80 to	\$0.90 On a		Nevada New Brunswick	\$1.00	\$1.00	\$1.50	\$1.00
laska	10.45	10.45	catl		Newfoundland	1.10	1.00		1.10
Alberta	1. 25	1.00	1.88		New Hampshire	30-35	25	45-53	30-35
rizona	1.00	1.00	1.50		New Jersey	25	25	38	25
rkansas	60	50	90	60	New Mexico	75	60	1.13	75
British Columbia	1.00 to	1.00 to	On a		New York	25-35	25		
	4.60	4.60	cati		North Carolina	50	40		50
California	1.00	1.00	1.50		North Dakota	75	60		7.
colorado	75	60	1.13	75	Nova Scotla	50	40		50
onnecticut	25	25	38 45	25	Ohio	40	30		4(
Delaware	30 30	25 25	45	30	Oklahoma	75	60	1.13	10 17
Dist. of Columbia	60	50	90		Ontarlo	1.00			
lorida	60	50	90		Oregon Pennsylvania	25-40			25-4
daho	1.00	1.00	1.50	1.00	Prince Edward Isl'd	75	65		
llinois	50	40	75		Quebec	50			
ndiana	50	40	75	50	Rhode Island	30			
owa	60	50	90	60	*Saskatchewan	\$1-1.25	75-1.00	11.50-1.88	\$1-1.2
Cansas	60	50	90		South Carolina	60		90	6
Centucky	50	40	75		South Dakota	75			7.
ouisiana	60	50	90	60	Tennessee	50	40		
Anne	35-40	25-30	53-60			75	60		7
	75-1.25		1.13-1.88		Utah	75	60		7.
Iaryiand	30-40	25-30	45-60 38-45		Vermont	30-35			30-3
Alabiaan	25-30 40-60	39-50		40-60	Virginia Washington	1.00		1.50	
Michigan	60	50		60	West Virginia	1.00			
Mississippi	60	50			Wisconsin	50-60			
Missouri	50-60				Wyoming	75	60		
Montana	75 60		1.13	75 60	37	3.40	3.40	10	line tim
Vebraska	00	50	90		Yukon	1- 7 00	to 7.90	IOH ADD	HICKLE D

#### \* On application.

#### TELEGRAPH RATES TO FOREIGN COUNTRIES.

These rates are from New York City. The address and signature are included in the chargeable matter, and the length of words is limited to fitteen letters. When a word is composed of more than fifteen letters, every additional fifteen or the fraction of fifteen letters will be counted as a word.

Per Word.	Per Word.	Per Word.	Per Word.
		Martinique \$0.95	Russia (Asia)\$0.43
		Matanzas	Santo Domingo S0
		Melbourne, Vic 66	Scotland
		Mexico City, \$1.75,10 wds.	Serbia
		Nassau (Bahamas)35	Siam
		Natal (So. Africa)	Sicily
		New Zealand58	Spain
		Norway	St. Thomas 50
	Havti80 to 1.30		Sweden
			Switzerland 30
		Paraguay	Sydney (N. S. W.), .66
Burmah		Penang	Tangier
			Tasmania
			Transvaal
			Trinidad
	Italy		Turkey (Europe)36 Turkey (Asia)45
			Uruguay
		Queensland	Venezuela 1.00
Colon	Korea (Seoul) 1.33		Vera Cruz, \$1.75, 10 wds.
	Malta35	Russia (Europe) 43	Victoria (Australia) 66
Demerara			

#### TELEGRAPH RATES-Continued.

On January 1st, 1912, a reduced rate on cable messages in plain language, taken on a delay basis, was inaugurated, and is now in effect between most countries. Deterred cable messages must be written in plain language of the country of origin or destination, must bear the declaration LCO (language country of origin), LCD (language country of destination), or LCF (language country French, as an international language), and are subordinated to full-rate messages in the order of transmission until an accumulated delay of 19 bours has occurred, when they take their turn with fully paid traffic. The tariff is generally one-half the regular rate, but on deferred messages in United States or Canada and the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland the tarrif is 3 cents less than half rates.

In December, 1911, the Western Union Telegraph Company inaugurated two new forms of cable service. These new services, known as cable letters and week-end letters, are the cable equivalent of night letters in the domestic telegraph service, in that they are predicated on the the use of facilities that otherwise would be idle at night, and on delivery the following day. Unlike all other forms of cable service, the toils on which invariably are charged on a word basis, cable and week-end letters charged on a message basis. The minimum charge on cable letters is, for 13 words (including a necessary prefix), and in week-end letters for the toils of 25 words (including a necessary prefix). The tariff varies according to distance, but between New York City and London is 75 cents and \$1.15 for cable and week-end letters respectively.

#### THE WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH COMPANY.

Excludes cable messages.

Newcomb Carlton, President; Executive Offices, 195 Broadway, New York.

Capital stock outstanding, \$99,786,726.66. Funded debt, \$31,994,000. Capital stock in subsidiary companies not owned by Western Union, \$3,794,145. Total capital liabilities, \$135,574,871.66. Annual report for fiscal year ended December 31, 1915: Gross income, \$51,17,795.47; operating expenses and taxes, \$40,972,341.42; net profits, \$10,192,924.05; interest on bonds, \$1,335,588.19; dividend \$(5%), \$4,986,364.25; halance to surplus, \$10,167,591.63; number of offices, 25,142; miles of wire. 1,610,709; ocean cables, 26,120.

#### FOREIGN TELEGRAPH STATISTICS.

(From latest records, but approximate only owing to war conditions.)

	Marnan	are Ores			Mar Dec	- C	<del></del>
COUNTRY.	Total Yearly.	Per Capita.	Gross Revenue.	COUNTRY.	Telegral Total Yearly.	Per Capita.	Gross Revenue.
Austria. Belgium. Bosnia Bosnia Canada. Canada. Denmark. France German Empire Great Britain. Greece. Hungary.	975, 261 2, 165, 683 9, 252, 540 3, 632, 664 65, 518, 497 60, 903, 810 *89, 200, 000 1, 820, 555	1.20 .50 .49 1.29 1.32 1.65 .93 1.97	\$3,376,660 1,324,661 184,502 333,037 544,380 9,302,249 9,487,440 15,864,433 419,571 1,874,694	Italy. Luxemburg. Netherlands. Norway. Portugal. Roumanla. Russia. Serbia. Spain. Sweden. Swtzerland.	6,400,340 3,975,135 40,769,920	1.52 1.19 .56 .30 .37 .33 .80	\$4,517,791 19,586 1,051,848 442,770 970,400 706,694 16,189,649 120,000 2,124,432 660,015 909,253

Note—Most European administrations combine the postal, telegraph and telephone services under one department, and the accounts are not kept so as to show the linancial results of the services separately. Most administrations, however, admit a deficit from telegraph operation.

POSTAL TELEGRAPH-CABLE COMPANY—CLARENCE H. MACKAY, PRESIDENT. This company has no "day letter" rate or "week-end" cable rate (except to Germany). Telegraph rates given on preceding page also apply to the Postal Telegraph-Cable Company, except the following:

	10 7	Words.	50 WORDS.		10 W	RDS.	50 Words			
PLACES.	Day.	Night.	Night Letter.	PLACES.	Day.	Night.	Night Letter.			
Alaska	2.40-10.45		Onapplicat'n.		.75-1.00	.6075				
Dist. of Col.	.3040			Ontario	.40-1.00	.3075	.40-1.00			

Rates per word to foreign countries as follows: Bazil, 70 cents to \$1.44; China, \$1.22, except Macao, \$1.27; Guatemala, 55 cents, except San José, 50 cents; Java, \$1.00.

The Postal Telegraph-Cable Company also transacts business in the United States, and by last report operated 66,154 miles of poles and 408,735 miles of wire, by means of which it reached 38,042 places,

### THE AMERICAN TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH COMPANY AND ASSOCIATED COMPANIES (BELL SYSTEM) IN THE UNITED STATES.

	STATIO	NS IN BELL ST	STEM.		34000	Dally
YEAR, DEC. 31.	Bell Stations.	Bell connect-		Employés.	Mlles of Wire.	Messages, Conversations.
1905	2,241,367	287,348	2,528,715	89,661	5,779,918	13,911,551
1906	2,727,289	343,371	3,070,660	104,646	7,468,905	16,939,577
1907	3,035,533	803,467	3,839,000	100,884	8,610,592	18,624,578
1908	3,215,245	1,149,384	4,364,629	98,533	9,830,718	18,962,397
1909	3,588,247	1,554,445	5,142,692	104,956	10,480,026	20,442,535
1910	4,030,668	1,852,051	5,882,719	120,311	11,642,212	22,284,010
1911	4,474,171	2,158,454	6,632,625	128,439	12,932,615	24,128,688
1912	4,953,447	2,502,627	7,456,074	140,789	14,610,813	26,310,168
1913	5,415,209	2,717,808	8,133,017	156,928	16,111,011	27,237,161
1914	5,763,008	2,885,985 2,995,321	8,648,993	142,527 156,294	17,475,594 18,505,545	27,848,174 26,002,829
1915	6,155,900	2,990,321	9,151,221	130,294	10,000,040	40,002,829

Includes private lines. Note—Figures for employés, miles of wire and daily messages do not include connecting companies. Bell System, 1915: Gross earnings, S263,009,649; net earnings, S66.181,757; Interest and dividends, \$50,992.708; undivided profits, \$15,189,049; capital stock, funded and floating debts and accounts payable outstanding in hands of public, \$825,391,711; liquid assets, \$89,234,955; net obligation to public, \$736,156,756; property value, \$968,672,748.

<u>-</u>		·		•			
WORLD TELEPHO	WORLD TELEPHONE STATISTICS. (Records of January 1, 1914—latest available owing to war.)				o war.)		
Country.	Number of Telephones.	Per Cent, of Total Telephones.	Miles of Wire.	Per Cent. of Total Wire.	Investment	Per Cent. of Total Investment	ment Per
United States Canada. Central America. Mexico. West Indies. Austria. Bosnia Belgium Belgium Belgium Belgium Belgium Belgium Bulgaria. Frinland France German Empire Great Britain Greece Hungary Italy Luxemburg Notway Portugal Roumania Russia (European) Russia (State) Serbia. Spain. Sweden Switzerland Britain Gresee Greece Hungary Italy Luxemburg Notway Portugal Roumania Rousia (Static) Serbia. Spain. Sweden Switzerland Japan Japan South America. Africa. Oceania.	9,542,017 499,774 41,861 127,084* 11,200* 65,000* 3,608 129,277 40,000* 330,000* 1,420,100 1,420,10	64.09 3.36 .05 .28 .18 1.16 .01 .44 .02 .87 .27 .2.22 .56 .62 .03 .58 .55 .06 .13 .11 .12 .23 .23 .156 .65 .12 .18	Wire.  22,137,479 1,149,480 1,149,480 13,614 98,213 56,862* 357,693* 376,600* 1,200,000*	Wire.  59.29 3.08 3.08 -24 -15 -196 -196 -196 -196 -197 -197 -198 -198 -198 -198 -198 -198 -198 -198	(Estimated.1)  \$1,149,900,000 74,466,000 74,466,000 5,264,000 5,264,000 5,232,000 14,495,000 6,232,000 14,495,000 14,365,000 143,655,000 16,385,000 12,092,000 12,092,000 17,768,000 17,768,000 17,768,000 17,768,000 17,768,000 18,769,000 19,769,000 19,769,000 19,769,000 19,769,000 20,525,500 21,595,000 23,597,000 23,597,000 33,517,000	Investment	Capita.  \$11.73 9.71 9.71 1.65 355 64 1.34 2.18 1.88 1.49 1.31 1.77 2.06 4.12 2.09 4.42 2.06 4.02 2.09 4.42 2.06 4.01 0.01 0.01 0.06 0.06
All other countries	29,951*	.21	69,975* 37,337,908		\$2,089,534,000		1.25
Total	1 14.888.550	1 100.00	137.337.908	1 100.00	104,000,004,000	100.00	1.23

\* Partly estimated. † Estimated where necessary.

\* Party estimated. 'Estimated where necessary.'

The independent telephone companies of the United States, which are owned and operated entirely apart from the Bell organization, are represented in the United States independent Telephone Association, with headquarters in Washington, D. C., and Chicago, Ill. According to the United States Census of 1912, there were 1,740 independent telephone companies with over \$5,000 annual income, and 2,239,721 stations, Many of these companies connect with the Bell system. The capital invested is approximately \$300,824,-000 and the income is about \$48,950,000 per annum. The independent companies, which are for the most part financed in the territories which they cover, are particularly strong thoughout the Middle and Far West. They are established in nearly every large city in the United States except those on the Atlantic Coast.

TELEPHONE DEVELOPMENT OF PRINCIPAL CITIES OF THE WORLD.

(From latest records, but subject to modification because of war.)

(From facest records, but subject to modification because of war.)					
City (or Exchange Area.)	Number of Telephones,	Telephones, per 100 Population.	CITY (OR EXCHANGE AREA.)	Number of Telephones.	Telephones, per 100 Population.
Amsterdam. Baltimore Bangkok. Barcelona Berlin. Birmingham Bombay. Boston. Breslau. Brussels. Budapest. Budapest. Calrot. Carton. Cincinnati. Ciogne. Congrand. Cologne. Constantinople. Copenhagen. Detroit.	17,212 60,474 764 4,547 154,800 19,780 20,573 21,470 21,470 3,384 19,930 21,472 21,444 47,781 1,472 426,149 66,688 66,688 66,334 26,422 b b 5,080 100,627	2.9 9.5 0.8 6.6 1.7 13.1.8 23.2 20.6 00.2 16.1 11.1 17.4 8.9 8.9 12.5	Lyons Madras Madras Madrid Manchester Marsellies Melbourne Milan Montreai Moscow Munich Napies New castle New York Odessa. Odessa. Parla Peking Petrograd Philadelphia. Pittsburgh Rio de Janeiro. Rome	7,039 764 4,365 31,443 7,735 27,490 50,881 49,848 34,323 4,74 612,712 27,712 21,787 95,033 3,234 54,815 190,148 93,418 11,379	Population.  1.3 0.1 0.7 2.5 1.4 4.2 2.1 7.0 3.1 5.5 0.7 1.8 10.2 10.3 1.0 2.2 10.4
Dresden Glasgow Hamburg-Altona Kieff Leeds Leipzig	77,322 5,143 10,864 31,176	4.6 3.4 5.9 1.0 1.8 5.0	St. Louis Shanghai Sheffield Sydney Tientsin Toklo	104,204 5,427 11,354 34,566 1,899 43,681 64,438	10.4 0.8 1.6 4.8 0.2 1.8 3.2 3.7
Liverpool London	34,053 258.895		Vienna Warsaw	31,952	3:7

b Service not opened until February 28, 1914.

#### ELECTRICAL PROGRESS.

A REVIEW of the industry during 1915-1916 specially prepared for The World Almanac by Theodore Dwight of the Engineering Department of the Society for Electrical Development, Inc.

THE ELECTRICAL INDUSTRY.

Recent figures compiled on the electrical industry show what a high place it takes in the resources

of the country

of the country.

Incitiding the central stations, known isolated electric plants, electric street railways, electrified steam railroads, telephone, telegraph, electrical machinery manufacturers and money invested by electrical dealers, contractors and jobbers in their business, the total foots up to a figure exceeding business, the to \$12,000,000,000.

The number of persons employed in the industry, 1,023,000, and the annual earnings or sales, \$2,324,700,000.

323,700,000.

The aggregate number of those employed in the electrical industry is 10 per cent, of all those engaged in manufacturing industries in the country. The position of the electrical industry itself is most impressive, but when it is realized what the application of electricity has meant in the development and increased output of other industries of the country it takes a still higher rank. Its position as the foundation of our national defence is acknowledged, and through the further centralization of its development it will have a vast influence in the conservation of the fuel resources of the country by the development of our enormous water power.

enormous water power.

A prominent banking house has tabulated the net A prominent banking house has tabulated the net earnings of over fifty lighting companies for the period from August, 1913, to April, 1916, as representing a twelve months prior to the European war, for comparison with a period in war time when so many industries have been adversely affected. This group of utilities shows a consistent rise in per exprings amounting to a total of 33 1-3 p. c. net earnings amounting to a total of 33 1-3 p. c. increase.

nerease.

The steady improvement in the financial condition of public utilities, particularly in the electric central station field, is attracting general interest to the securities of these companies and they are being sought, not only by the investing public but by the more conservative bank and trust company. At the time of writing this report, estimates based on the business of the electrical manufacturers show a 70 p. c. increase over similar period for 1915. This means that the business of the electrical manufacturers will exceed half a billion doilars. The growth of the Electric Central Station is shown by the following figures: \$2,098,613,122 is invested in privately-owned plants in the United States. The gross earnings for the first six months of 1916 amounted to \$203,500,000, or at the rate of \$407,000,000 for the year. This amount will doubtless be largely exceeded by the final figures, including the other six months. This is a gain of about 16 p. c. over 1915.

The amounted weap 873,000,000 found release the first six. The ground of energy sold during the first six. The ground of energy sold during the first six. The ground of energy sold during the first six.

about 16 p. c. over 1915.

The amount of energy sold during the first six months of 1916 was 10,875,000,000 kilowatt hours, a gain of 24 p. c. over the previous year's figure. This shows that the average price of current to the consumer has been materially lowered.

Of this immense yearly total of nearly 22,000,000 kilowatt hours for the whole United States, 5½ p. c., or about 1-18th, is supplied by a single company, the Commonwealth Edison Company of Chicago.

Chicago.

for such use would mean the annual saving of hundreds of millions of doilars of fuel consumption

and conserve by that much our coal resources that are heing so rapidly depicted.

Nearly 15,000,000,000 kilowatt hours of electrical energy ont of a total of 22,000,000,000 generated in the United States in 1916 was supplied by 37 central stations. This means that these 37 companies

central stations. This means that these 37 companies furnished 63.2 p. c. of the current generated in the total of 5,038 plants of the country.

The Minnespolis General Electric Companyshows a late of growth that is indicative of the development of the central station industry:

Number of customers, 1910, 14,799; 1915, 38,660; total kilowatt lighting connected, 1910, 21,957; 1915, 58,014.42; total kilowatt power connected 1910, 14,969; 1915, 37,755.92; gas lights displaced in year 1915, 42,133; appliances sold in year 1915, 11,178.

Electric exports for 1915 arounted to \$24,298.516.

Dicetric exports for 1915 amounted to \$24,308,510, as against \$19,963,115 the previous year. There are 9,151,221 Bell Telephones in use in 70,000 cities and communities, with over 8,600,000 messages on these lines annually.

#### IMPROVED LIGHTING.

A large percentage of industrial accidents are recognized to be due to poor lighting, that is, not necessarily to too little light, but often to its bad distribution.

distribution. Good light may be secured at about the same cost as poor. Proper lighting is estimated to cost an amount generally less than 1 p. c. of the wages paid, or equal to only two or three minutes of a laborer's time a day. The time-saving due to efficient lighting sometimes runs as high as two or three hours on certain days, and the higher production secured will pay for any added cost many times over

times over.

Engineering societies, educational institutions, and Health Departments are giving considerable attention to this subject both in the education of factory managements and by the passing of stringent regulations. Pennsylvania, through its Department of Labor and Industry, has succeeded in passing a Code of Lighting which became operative June 1, 1916.

Proper lighting in office buildings and the home has been often more neglected than in industries, and is the cause of much suffering due to eye strain. Becent interesting contributions to this subject

and is the cause of much suffering due to eye strain. Recent interesting contributions to this subject have been "A Code of Lightling for Factories, Milis and Other Work Places," by the Illuminating Engineering Society, headquarters in the Engineering Societies Building, New York, by the series of iectures in which this society has co-operated with other institutions, among them the University of Pennsylvania, where a series of twenty iectures has been given, and the recent studies of Dr. M. McMilian of the Department of Health, New York City York City. The aver

become quite numerous, while much larger units of the compound type have been contracted for. The largest of the latter, so far, is the one for the Intervorough Rapid Transit Company, with a nominal rating of 60,000 K. V. A. and a two-hour rating of 70,000. However, as these large artificially-cooled units reach their ultimate temperatures in practically two hours, the above really constitutes a continuous rating for these units. A number of similar type units of practically 50,000 K. V. A. have been sold to various plants. The Intervorough unit consists of a high pressure turbine connected to a turbo generator, the high pressure turbine connected to a turbo generator, the high pressure turbine supplying steam to two lower pressure turbines in parallel, each driving a generator. The three generators are tied together electrically, practically as a single unit.

One of the notable conditions of the past year has been the increase in central station turbo generator capacities in the moderate size cities. Many of the stations in such cities have been buying turbo generator units of relatively large capacity compared with their preceding installations, indicating an enormous growth in central station service. In small turbo generator units there has been a very considerable growth in the gear-driven sets.

cating an enormous growth in central station service. In small turbo generator units there has been a very considerable growth in the gear-driven sets, for both A. C. and D. C. machines. In fact in the D. C. sets the gear drive has forced the direct coupled units out of business, so that practically none are sold at present.

The volume of orders handled since the beginning of the very is in excess of 2 000 000 tillowatts of

of the year is in excess of 2,000,000 kilowatts of turbine rating.

#### CENTRAL STATION PRACTICE, ETC.

CENTRAL STATION PRACTICE, ETC.

As mentioned before, there has been a very considerable growth in central station service. The find covered by central stations is increasing rapidly, and such stations have been reaching out for loads not heretofore considered very satisfactory, such as electric railway service. With the oid-time smaller stations the railway loads undoubtedly were objectionable from the central station standpoint, but with the later larger stations, with much larger and better regulated power units, the railway loads have become less and less objectionable intil, at present, many central stations are endeavoring to reach them, with the consequence that more and more railway power stations are being shut down, and power is being purchased from the large central stations. Formerly, the 60-cycle stations did not consider themselves in a position to handle large railway loads, due partly to shortcomings of the rotary converters, but through gradual improvements in the 60-cycle rotaries such service can now be bandled in a very satisfactory manner. Coincident with this there has been an enormous growth in 60-cycle work compared with 25-cycle work compared with 25-cycle growth, thus clearly indicating the endency.

Coincident with this grown there has been a strong tendency toward carriers the 4,000-kilowatt size has become a fleetric). In 60-cycle, 3,500-kilowatt 250-yoit units of the synchronous booster type to rotary is now practically on the same footing as the 25-cycle a regards capacities which can be furnished by the manufacturers.

Water-Wheeler Development.

#### WATER-WHEEL DEVELOPMENT.

While no especially notable installations of recent date can be pointed out, yet there has been a great increase in water-power development, but the electric machinery has been along well established lines.

Franklin K. Lane, in a recent report, stated that an amount of hydro-electric energy was running to waste in this country to equal the daily labor of 1,800,000,000 men, or thirty times our adult population.

#### ELECTRIC RAILWAYS.

The past year has shown no important contracts for heavy railway work, although plans have been made by several roads to extend very considerably their present electrification.

The Norfolk and Western electrification at Bluefield (a. c.) has passed through the heaviest year of service by far that the Norfolk and Western

has encountered

has encountered.

The Philadelphia-Paoll suburban electrification of the Pennsylvania Railroad (11,000 volts single phase) has extended its operation up to its full contemplated service, and the Chestnut Hill branch of this system is progressing actively toward completion. This Pennsylvania suburban electrification out of Philadelphia is interesting, in that it takes power from the main station of the Philadelphia Electric Company and has no power station of its own. This is a further important stage in the extension of central station service.

In connection with electric street railways the decrease in competing "litney" service is of considerable interest. However, the competition of the "litney" has indicated certain possibilities of smaller and lighter electric cars and more frequent service in the clties, and one consequence of this is that there is a certain tendency at present toward

service in the cities, and one consequence of time is that there is a certain tendency at present toward smaller sizes in the popular railway motors.

The electrification of 440 miles of the St. Paul Railroad between Harlowton, Mont., and Avery, Idaho, has in every way exceeded the expectation of both railbad officials and the manufacturers of

the equipment.

of both rallroad officials and the manufacturers of the equipment.

The novel features of this electrification are the development of a direct current voltage of 3,000 volts, the development of the method of receiving this current from the overhead wires, and the regenerative braking.

D. A. Goodnow, assistant to the President and In charge of the electrification, reports that on the division which has teen electrined the work formerly done by 24 heavy Mailet steam locomotives is now being done more quickly and with greater economy by nine electric locomotives.

The regenerative method of braking is of especial interest and importance on this electrification. There are many long, steep grades on this rallroad which crosses two mountain ranges. Where formerly the tremendous energy stored in a heavy train at the summit of these grades had to be dissipated in heat in the brake shoes and weeks during the descent, and caused or all sheet during the control of the motors and goes to hauf of the control of the motors and goes to hauf is thus effected, as well as the more important saving of wear and tear on rolling stock.

#### MILL WORK.

MILL WORK.

Possibly the most notable progress in steel mill work in the last year has been in the electric operation of large reversing mills. While a number of these have been sold and put in operation in the past seven or eight years, yet the sale of such apparatus for driving reversing mills has practically trebled during the past year. No doubt the great boom in the steel business has exagerated this tendency. Many of these reversing mill sets are of very large capacity, some of them reaching 15,000 H. P. maximum. In general, they are all of one type, each set consisting of a large motor-generator coupled to a large fly wheel. The driving motor, as a rule, is an induction motor with automatic speed control for the purpose of shifting the peak load to the fly wheel. The generator is of the direct current type, with means for varying and reversing its voltage from zero to a maximum in elther direction. The roll motors are of the direct current type and have their speed varied by voltage variation at the generators. tion at the generators.

#### ELECTRIC DRIVE FOR BATTLESHIPS.

ELECTRIC DRIVE FOR BATTLESHIPS.

Last year was marked by the extension of the policy of the Navy to use electric drive for battleships. Two additional battleships, of the dreadnought type, have been contracted for with electric drive. This method of propulsion has worked out so satisfactorily that doubtless the Navy Department will continue this policy to a certain extent on the new vessels authorized in the recent Navy Bill. In the recent contracts for electric drive of battleships, the installations in general will consist of four induction motors, each direct coupled to a propelier shaft. Each motor will have a normal expancity of about 7,000 H. P. The generating plant will consist of two turbo generator sets, each of

approximately 15,000 K. V. A. capacity. Each motor can give two operating speeds by pole changing. The electric power that can be generated on the Tennessee will be equal to the power consumed by the central stations at New Orleans and Washington, D. C., with their suburbs, which serve a combined population of aimost 700,000 souls, or 70 p. c. of the size of the entire electrical development in the State of New Hampshire.

in the State of New Hampshire.

SMALLER APPARATUS.
There has been considerable growth in the small generator business for are welding.

There has been notable advancement in the selective protection of feeders and systems, through relays, etc., thus improving the continuity of service. There has been marked activity in industrial heating apparatus, as distinguished from household heating. There has been great growth in the heating business as a whole, and in some cities the heating load is rapidly approaching the total lighting load. The subject of rates in general, and more particularly measuring devices that take into account the demand feature, has received much attention during the past year.

during the past year.

during the past year.

RESEARCH WORK.

Owing to the tremendous boom in the electrical business much of the facilities of the research departments of the various electrical manufacturing companies have been turned toward the engineering and application side of the work, to meet the many problems arising. While very great progress has been made along the various lines, yet, in many cases, this forms part of the general engineering result and does not stand out prominently. Owing to the great growth of the electrical work the research facilities of all the manufacturing companies have had to be very greatly increased during the past year. In fact one of the great tendencies during the past year. In fact one of the great tendencies during the past year. In fact one of the great tendencies during the past year. In fact one of the great industrial interfact of research in the content of the past year. sets as a whole. The electrical business has, in general, led other industries in this respect, due probably to the more complex nature of the problems which are encountered in the electric field.

#### ELECTRIC REFINING OF STEEL

The unprecedented demand during the last year for high-grade steel has been a great stimulus to the development of the electric furnace for the re-

fining of steel.

Steel refined in an electric furnace can be made to conform to any specifications, since from the nature of the fuel no physical impurities or impurities from oxidization are introduced with the fuel and the temperature of the furnace is easily controlled by the operator.

Moreover, castings made of electrically refined steel are better able to withstand the stress of a sudden shock, have a higher tensile strength and are less liable to a change in internal structure due to are less table to a change in internal structure due to crystallization when intermittent load is applied than steel refined in any other type of furnace. Another point of superiority of an electric furnace is the fact that the capacity of a single furnace may applied

be greatly increased.

is the fact that the capacity of a single furnace may be greatly increased.

The crucible used in the open hearth method of refining steel holds only 100 to 160 pounds, and it was a great tribute to German machine-like training and commercial efficiency that the Krupps were able to pour very large castings with crucible steel. This was accomplished by having an army of workmen working together, so that the steel in a large number of crucibles (often many hundreds) was ready at the proper time, and then pouring the casting from these crucibles.

The ingenuity of the engineer has substituted the electric furnace with its capacity at present of 25 tons. The usual capacity of the electric furnace for refining steel is from 1½ to 2½ tons, though the average capacity of the furnaces installed in the United States is above this, and there has been installed at Ugine, France, afurnace of 25 tons capacity.

As an example of the progress made, the 1ron Age

stalled at Ugine, France, a furnace of 25 tons' capacity, As an example of the progress made, the Iron Age in a recent article says:
"In 1910 there were 10 electric furnaces in the United States and 104 elsewhere in the world. In 1913 there were 19 in the United States against 121 elsewhere. In 1915 there were 41 against 172 elsewhere. On January 1, 1916, there were 73 against 230 elsewhere, while at the present time there are no less than 100 in the United States against 250 elsewhere,"

This indicates that the United States has taken a decided lead in the production of high-grade steel since the war began.

The furnaces instelled in this country are of larger average size than those installed in Europe, and so the relative production of electrically refined steel in this country and elsewhere is even greater than would be indicated by the number of furnaces.

The furnaces in operation in the United States represent the utilization of 135,000 H. P. and give a tonnage output of over 1,100,000 each year.

A Western copper refining company which refines 330,000,000 pounds of copper annually has been able to effect a saving of one cent per pound of copper refined by the complete electrification of its mine and refining plant. This company uses annually 700,000,000 kilowath hours of electric energy, or over 2 kilowath ours of electric energy.

#### FIXATION OF NITROGEN

One item of the more than \$600,000,000 appropriated for defence by the last Congress, and an important item from its bearing on the preparedness issue, was that of \$20,000,000 for a hydro-electric plant for the manufacture of nitrates from the free

nitrogen of the air.

The nitrogen of the air.

The nitrogen of the atmosphere is "fixed" or changed into a useful form by passing a current of air through a continuous electrical discharge.

The nitrogen and oxygen of the air combine under the action of this electrical discharge to form the oxides of nitrogen used to make nitric acid, which is so necessary in the manufacture of high explosives.

Since Chile furnishes almost the entire supply of

Since Chile furnishes almost the entire supply of nitrates at present, our country would be in a serious dilemma were this supply shut off in time of war. These nitrates with which Chile furnishes the world come from very large natural deposits along the Chilean coast. They are very important as fertilizers in times of peace and are vitally necessary in the manufacture of high explosives. The export duty on them is one of the great sources of income to the Chilean Government.

The cost of making nitrates by the electric method

Income to the Chilean Government.

The cost of making nitrates by the electric method is just a little more than that paid for Chile nitrates. The normal price of sodium nitrate (Na NO<sub>2</sub>) delivered at west coast points is \$30 per ton. At \$9 per H. P. year for electric power the cost of producing sodium nitrate by the electric fixation of nitrogen would be \$32 per ton.

However, there is included in the \$30 price of the

Horogen would be \$32 per ton.

However, there is included in the \$30 price of the natural product from South America, an export duty of \$11 per ton levled by the Chilean Government, and the state of the control of th \$35 a ton.

ELECTRIC HEATING.

During the past year there has been a remarkable development in the use of electricity for heating purposes, both domestic and industrial.

There has been a general impression that the cost of electric energy was entirely too high to permit of its use for this purpose except in such small quantities as that decessary to operate an electric iron. coffee percolator, chafing dish, toaster or such small

devices.

devices. That this impression is a wrong one is most conclusively shown by the fact that in the rate files of the Society for Electrical Development there are listed 3,335 communities which have special rates for electricity for cooking and heating purposes of 5 cents or less per kilowatt hour. Of these 70 p. c. are 4 cents or less and 32 p. c. 3 cents or less. This is also shown by the fact that over \$2,000,000 worth of electric ranges have been sold during the year. At the Montana State Hospital, Warm Springs, Mont., there is an electric range installed to cook

for 1,500 persons, or 4,500 meals per day. The largest installation for electric cooking at present is at Slemerstadt, near Berlin, Germany. This electric kitchen has a capacity for serving 3,000 persons, or 9,000 meals per day. The electrical dishwashing apparatus in this kitchen is also most complete

Applications of industrial electric heating are in-numerable, ranging from an electric steel refining furnace of 25 tons' capacity to the electrically heated gloves used by the British aviators.

There has been a wide application of electric heat-ing to glue pots, wax pots, and embossing heads for bookbinding machines. Applications of industrial electric heating are in-

bookbinding machines.

book binding machines.

The greatest single advance in the industrial heating field was made in the development of an electric heater for japaning ovens. The explanation of the marked superiority of electric heat in such ovens is this: the two Important reartions in baking japan are driving out the volatile oils and oxidizing the japan films. In a gas oven one of the products of combustion is water vapor, the presence of which retards the drying process. This means a slower bake and less lustre to the finish. The oxygen of the furnace is also used up by the burning gas and oxidizing the process. furnace is also used up by the burning gas and oxi-dization of the film requires more time. Temperature is another important factor and the

Temperature is another important factor and the electric oven gives a much more positive control by a thermostat. The capacity of a japanning oven is increased at least 25 p. c., due to the decreased time required, and another saving is effected by arranging an automatic control whereby both sides of a rotary oven are filled and electric time and thermostatic switches control the baking operation during the night. The first charge is held at a predetermined temperature for a definite time. The oven is then rotated and this charge cools while the other charge is kept at the proper temperature for the proper time. The operation of the oven may be thus made practically continuous.

time The operation of the oven may be thus made practically continuous.

The price of high-speed tool steel has increased over 700 p. c. since the beginning of the war. The greater quantity of this steel is receiving the heat treatment in electric furnaces. In the old style gas furnace expert care was necessary, and even then much material was spoiled through the difficulty of regulating the furnace temperature. This has been entirely eliminated by the use of the electric furnace with its perfect control.

Electric furnaces are also used where accurate

with its perfect control. Electric furnaces are also used where accurate and clean heat treatment is necessary, as is the case in tempering finished tools or machine parts. Tempering is no longer a matter entirely of experience and personal judgment. The electric furnace can be easily adjusted to any required temperature and maintained at that temperature, thus dispensing with the judgment necessary in the use of a gas turnace.

furnace. Another application of electric heating which is becoming more and more important is that of welding. This is accomplished by the electric resistance or electric are method. In the former a heavy current of electricity is caused to pass across the joint to be welded so that the resistance of the joint to the flow of current causes the metal near the joint to be rought up to the welding temperature. The pieces are then pressed together, completing the weld. This method is very economical and quick, and results in an excellent weld, since the heat is applied without introducing impurities into the material. Usually no flux is required. There are two methods of welding with the electric arc. One in which a carbon electrode is used and the other in which a carbon electrode is used. For ordinary purposes the metal electrode is used. bon electrode is used and the other in which a inetal electrode is used. For ordinary purposes the metal electrode is most suited for welding, and the earbon electrode is generally used only for cutting metals. The intense heat of the electric arc, when properly applied, affords a very effective method of cutting metals and is being frequently used for this purpose. Another use of the electric arc with metal electrode

Another use of the electric arc with metal electrode is the depositing of a layer of metal on the worn surface of large castings, switch plates, and for filling up cracks and blow holes. When castings have slight imperfections, or when a large machine part becomes too much worn for further use, instead of being thrown in the scrap heap it is sent to the electric welder, has a new wearing surface deposited on it and is as good as new.

#### TELEGRAPHY.

An American, Col. George O. Squier, Military Attaché at London, has invented a notable im-

provement in transmission of cable messages, the most radical since the installation of the first trans-

atlantic cable.

atiantic cable.

The result is accomplished by substituting a low frequency single-phase sine-wave alternator in place of the make and break battery current transmitter. The alternating current is not broken. By the use of a single time element for the different durations of dot, dash and space he effects economies that are startling. In the record received a dot is a single stroke, the dash a triple one, but of the same length as the dot and space. Special skill is not required in reading the record making a highly paid operator unnecessary.

not required in reading the record making a highly paid operator unnecessary.

The saving in paper alone will run into many thousands of dollars a year. The new alphabet also permits direct relay from cable to land wires. The substitution of the sine-wave for the old square-topped wave pernits higher power being used with more certain results and without danger of puncturing of cable insulation due to high voltage produced by the higher harmonics of the square-topped wave.

Tryica se meany letters can be transmitted by the

produced by the higher harmonics of the squaretopped wave.

Twice as many letters can be transmitted by the
new method in a given time as compared with the
oid, and there is a further saving of time of six
hours a day, due to its not being necessary in the
Squier system, to ground the current after each
signal to clear the circuit of the excess charge which
has to be used in the older method.

To analyze the saving, each transatlantic cable
costs about \$2,500,000; with the Squier system
two cables can now do the work of three.

These economies are figured on the use of only
4 to 10 cycles per second. It is believed that higher
frequencies up to 50 per second can be used with
corresponding speed and resultant economies.

When it is realized that the same principal is
applicable to long distance land lines the value of
Col. Squier's method can be appreciated.

Though there has been no advance in wireless
during the year 1916 as notable as the achievement
of simultaneous communication with Hawaii and
Paris from New Jersey by wireless telephone, which
took place in 1915, yet during 1916 the range of
wireless communication has constantly broadened.

The increased range of communication between
land stations and ships at sea has been remarkaule.
Messages sent out by the station at Tuckerton,
N. J., using a 60-kilowatt Federal-Poulsen arc
transmitter, have been read in the early evening
by the S. S. Ventura when 530 miles southwest of
Samoa, approximately 8,000 miles from Tuckerton.

Constant communication between San Francisco
and the Sierra, a vessel of the Ocean Steamship

Constant communication between San Francisco and the Sierra, a vessel of the Ocean Steamship Company, which is equipped with a 5-killowatt Federal-Poulsen are transmitter, has been main-tained more than 4,870 miles.

Wireless operators near New York have recently wireless operators near New York have recently been surprised at the clearness with which they have been able to hear music played by a phono-graph and transmitted by experimenters at Tut's College. The wireless transmission of speech and music is no longer unusual, but the distinctness and clearness with which this music can be heard is surprising. surprising.

surprising.

A De Forest oscillion bulb is used to provide the high frequency current necessary. The improvement in the frequency current necessary. The improvement in the first interest of the high frequency current provides the voice to the high rutther directive results in increased clearness. Further improvements may be expected from experiments being conducted along this line.

One peculiarity in the transmission of phonograph music by wireless is the elimination of phonograph music by wireless is the elimination of the scratching noise, which is such an objectionable feature of musical reproduction, and which is caused by the friction of the needle on the surface of the record. This is a sound of too high frequency to affect the wireless circuit, and is not transmitted. The music which is received by the wireless outfit always surprises one hearing it for the first time because of the absence of this mechanical scratching noise.

Mr. Lee De Forest, who invented and developed Mr. Lee De Forest, who invented and developed the audion lamp amplifier, has brought the attention of musicians to the wonderful musical tones and effects which may be produced by the audion lamp. By varying the elements of the circuit peculiar drum notes may be produced as well as notes implicating the flute, violin, and other instruments.

Wire communication from New York to San

Francisco has been established on a commercial basis and no longer excites wonder. The American Institute of Electrical Engineers held meetings simultaneously in six cities interconnected by telephones. The members present at this meeting were each provided with a telephone receiver enabling them to hear what was going on in the other cities. The roll was called with 500 present at Atlanta, Ga., 700 present at San Francisco, at Boston 900, at Philadelphia 850, at Chicago 1,000, and at New York 1,100. Members at Denver and Salt Lake City listened to the proceedings, but were not connected so as to take part.

During the closing months of the Panama-Pacific Exposition there was installed a piece of electrical apparatus which attracted much attention and comment from both the public and from engineers. This was an electric transformer rated 1,000 K. V. A., 60 cycles—2,200 to 1,000,000 volts. In the design of such a transformer in use at present depend for their insulation on specially treated cotton tape, with which the vire is covered, supplemented by the oil in which they are immersed. In this case the wires were not wrapped and oil is depended upon altogether as the insulating medium. The high voltage winding is made up of 190 coils, rated at 5,300 volts, each connected in series, giving a rated voltage of 1,007,000 volts.

Each of these coils is wound with 212 turns of aluminum full, 8 mils, by 135 mils, separated by

a rated voltage of 1,007,000 volts.
Each of these coils is wound with 212 turns of aluminum foit, 8 mils by 135 mils, separated by three thicknesses of paper 6 mils thick. Each soil is 3' 7" inside diameter and 4' 3" outside diameter.

The assembled high tension coil is 5' 11" long. The transformer weighs 30,000 lbs., and contains 26,000 separate pieces. More than 400 miles of paper, aluminum and copper are used in its construction.

When completed it was placed in a concrete tank, pyramidal in shape, open at the top and with a rim measuring 16' x 18", '7,312', gallons of oil are required to fill the tank and completely cover the transformer.

transformer.

transformer.

Many interesting experiments were conducted with this apparatus. When it was operating at 400,000 voits pressure the air was so charged that a person alighting from an automobile at a distance of 50 feet would receive a shock as his feet touched the ground. Sparks could be drawn from any insulated piece of metal and hair pins and metal parts of clothing became distinctly uncomfortable within this distance.

The apparatus will be used to investigate many high voitage phenomena and to test the insulating properties of material used for insulating high tension currents.

tension currents.

#### ELECTROTHERAPEUTICS.

Increased use is being made of electricity by the medical profession, notably in replacing the laborious and slow massage treatment in building up shrunken muscular tissue of soldiers wounded in the war. In penceful America the same apparatus is being utilized to build up the tissue of victims of infantile paralysis.

Stimulation for the affected limbs is accomplished by the application of state, galvanic, and sinusoidal current, and by electrically driven vibrators and exercising machines. Among the interesting applications of electricity

exercising machines.

Among the interesting applications of electricity in new roles in the service of mankind the motor-driven gyroscope takes a leading place. The gyrocompass has reached a high state of development, and has been adopted by the leading navies of the world for their capital ships, and all submarines. The gyroscope of the compass is driven by a small electric motor and rotates at 8,600 R. P. M. The complete apparatus is inclosed in a vacuum, so that only .234 H. P. is required for its operation. The advantage of the gyrocompass is that it is not affected by magnetic disturbances—the motion of magnetic bodies about it—and that it always indicates the true north.

Moreover, any number of auxiliary compasses may be operated from the master compass, which permits the installation of accurate compasses in all the important parts of a ship, as Captain's capital free control room, bridge, and other places. As many as seventeen auxiliary compasses have been placed on one English battlesing on the state of the places.

ment by means of which a submarine may take the bestrings of a vessel at a great distance—submerge and run by dead reckoning to a point close enough to the vessel to make the torpede effective. The motor-driven gyroscope is also being successfully applied to the stabilizing of vessels—that is, to prevent them from pitching and rolling. This is of great importance to the Navy and several installations have been made on vessels of the Navy. The importance of stabilizing a war vessel is apparent when the difference of the effectiveness of fire from a steady platform and from a moving platform is considered.

If the number of hits made by a navy can be doubled this is equivalent to doubling the size of the navy. The ships on which the stabilizer has been placed range from the smallest submarine characteristic of the contil 11,000-ton battleship.

The fourth will change a roll of 45° when the boat is making 40 miles per hour to less than 4°. The outfit will change a roll of 45° when the boat is making 40 miles per hour to less than 4°. The outfit will change a roll of 45° when the boat is making 40 miles per hour to less than 4°. The outfit will change a roll of 45° when the boat is making 40 miles per hour to less than 4°. The outfit will change a roll of 45° when the stabilizer find that has been made at present has two gyroscopes 9′ in diameter and weighing 50,000 lbs. each.

The stabilizer can be used either to prevent a stilp's rolling or to cause it to roll. This peatier.

50,000 lbs. each.

The stabilizer can be used either to prevent a ship's rolling or to cause it to roll. This peculiar property is taken advantage of in rolling a ship which is stuck on a mnd bank or a sand bank. The outfit has been placed on ice breakers to roll them and prevent their packing in the ice after striking a blow and before they can be withdrawn. An apparatus called the gyroscope roll and pitch recorder has been developed and is being used in the Navy acceptance tests to record the roll and pitch of vessels.

The stabilizer has also been developed for use

pitch of vessers.

The stabilizer has also been developed for use on the aeroplane. This outfit weighs only 40 lbs. An aeroplane equipped with such a control recently flew for 30 minutes with pilot and passenger without the hand controls being touched.

they for 30 minutes with plot and passenger without the hand controls being touched.

In conjunction with this stabilizer there has been developed an instrument called the anenometer, and the two greatly reduce the hazards of flying. Many accidents have occurred because the pilot produced the stability of the s In the case of this searchlight this is effected by a thermostatic control which will maintain the arc within 1.5 millimeters of the exact focus.

An observer standing near this searchight would be dazzled by its powerful beam, so the searchight is equipped with an electric control which permits it to be operated at any distance. The observer should be stationed at least a mile from the search-

light. It may be remarked that the beam from this searchlight will quickly "sunburn" any part of the body exposed to its effects.

#### INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION.

The original act to regulate commerce, approved February 4, 1887, provided for a commission consisting of five members. By various amendatory and supplementary enactments the powers of the commission have been increased and the scope of the regulating statute materially widened. Among the more important of these enactments are the acts of March 2, 1889; the Fikins act, approved February 19, 1903; the Hepburn act, approved February 29, 1906; the Mann-Eikins act of June 18, 1910; and the act of August 24, 1912. Under the act of June 27, 1906, the commission is now composed of seven members.

The act to regulate commerce applies to all

omposed of seven members.

The act to regulate commerce applies to all common carriers energed in the transportation of oil or other commodities, except water, and except natural or artificial gas, by means of pipe lines, or partly by pipe lines and partly by railroad, or partly by pipe lines and partly by railroad, or partly by pipe lines and partly by railroad, or partly by pipe lines and partly by railroad, or state, Territory, or District of the United States to any other State, Territory, or District of the United States to any other State, Territory, or District of the United States or to any foreign country, and to common carriers engaged in Interstate transportation of passengers or property wholly by railroad (or partly by railroad and partly by water when both are used under a common control, manager or shipment); also to express companies and sleeping-car companies, and to bridges or ferries used or operated in connection with any railroad engaged in interstate transportation. in interstate transportation.

in interstate transportation.

The act to regulate commerce requires all rates to be reasonable and just; robbits preferential rates for transportation; receive percented unterstate for transportation of the properties and conditions; prohibits undue for unreasonable preferences or advantages in rates or facilities and the charging of a higher rate for a shorter than for a longer haul, over the same line, in the same direction, the shorter being included within the longer haul. It is provided, however, that the commission may, in special cases, after investigation, authorize carriers to charge less for longer than for shorter distances. The commission is authorized to require carriers to establish through routes and joint rates. The commission is also authorized to require carriers subject to the act to construct switch connections with lateral branch lines of railroads and private sidetracks. The act provides that where two or more through routes and through rates shall have been established, shippers shall have the right to designate in writing via which of such also surediction, upon complaint.

The commission has jurisdiction, upon complaint

via which of such through routes the property shall be transported to destination.

The commission has jurisdiction, upon complaint or in a proceeding instituted upon its own initiative, and after full hearing, to determine and prescribe reasonable rates, regulations, and practices; to award reparation to injured shippers, and to require carriers to case and desist from unjust discrimination or undue or unreasonable preferences.

Carriers are required to publish and file all rates, rules, and regulations applying to interstate traffic, and are prohibited from engaging in interstate transportation unless such rates, rules, and regulations applying to be such a considerable of the provisions and present the provisions and interstate transportation unless such rates, rules, and regulations are published and filed. Severe penalties are provided in the statute for failure to observe the rates and regulations shown in the published tariffs. The commission may inquire into the management of the business of all common carriers subject to the provisions of the act to regulate commerce, and may prescribe the accounts, records, and memoranda which shall be kept by the carriers, which shall be open to examination by the commission through its authorized agents or examiners. Carriers are required to file annual reports with the commission, and such other reports as may from time to time be required.

The commission appoints a secretary, who is its point affects and carriers and carriers and carriers and carriers are defined and carriers, who is its point and carriers and carriers and carriers are required and carriers, who is its point and carriers and carriers and carriers are defined and carriers, who is its point and carriers are required and carriers, which shall be carriers, who is its point and carriers are required and carriers.

from time to time be required.

The commission appoints a secretary, who is its chief administrative and executive officer, an assistant secretary, and such attorneys, examiners, special agents, and clerks as are necessary to the proper performance of its duties.

By the act of June 18, 1910 (Mann-Elkins law), the jurisdiction of the commission was increased as to through routes and joint rates, freight classification, switch connections, long and short hauls, filling or rejection of rate schedules, investigations

on own motion, determining reasonable rates, suspension of proposed rates, and other matters. This act also authorized the President to appoint a special commission to investigate questions per-

as special commission to treestigate questions pertaining to the Issuance of railroad stocks and bonds. By act approved Aurust 24, 1912 (section 11), a new paragraph was added to section 5 of the act to regulate commerce, by which it is made unlawful after July 1, 1914, for any common carrier subject to the act to regulate commerce to own, lease operate, control, or have any interest in any competing carrier by water. Jurisdiction is conferred upon the commission to determine questions of fact as to competition, after full hearing, on the application of any railroad company or other carrier, and to extend beyond July 1, 1914, the time during which such ownership or operation of vessels plying elsewhere than through the Panama Canal may continue, when it is found to be in the interest of the public and is of advantage to the convenience and commerce of the people, and not in restraint of competition. of competition.

At the same time section 6 of the act was ameoded by adding a new paragraph conferring upon the commission jurisdiction over transportation of property from point to point in the United States by rail and water, whether through the Panama Canal or otherwise, and not entirely within the limits of a single State, this jurisdiction under certain conditions, including power to establish physical connection between lines of the rail carrier and the dock of the water carrier by directing the rail carrier to make such connection; to establish through routes and maximum joint rates over such rail and water lines, and to determine the conditions thereof; to establish proportional rates by rail to and from ports, and to determine to what traffic and in connection with what vessels and upon what terms and conditions such rates shall apply; and to require rail carriers entering into through routing arrangements with any water carrier to extend the At the same time section 6 of the act was amended arrangements with any water carrier to extend the privileges of such arrangements to other water

privileges of such arrangements to other water carriers.

By the act approved March 1, 1913, amending the act to regulate commerce, the commission is directed to investigate, ascertain, and report the value of all the property owned or used by every common carrier subject to the provisions of the act. Jurisdiction is conferred upon the commission to enforce certain provisions of the act approved October 15, 1914, to supplement existing laws against unlawful restraints and monopolies in so far as such provisions relate to carriers subject to the act to regulate commerce. The act prohibits, with certain exceptions, carriers from discriminating between purchasers in sales of commodities, and from making leases or sales of commodities, and from acquiring stock or capital of other corporations engaged in commerce tending to substantially lessen competition or create a monopoly; makes it a felony for a President or other specified officers to misappropriate a carrier's funds; and provides that after two years from the approval of the act no carrier shall have dealings in securities or supplies, or contract for construction or maintenance to the amount of more than \$50,000 in the aggregate in any one year, with another corporation or organization when, by reason of common officers or otherwise, there exists a community of interest between the carrier and such other corporation or organization, except as a result of free competitive bidding under regulations of the act by carriers and to require the guilty parties to cease therefron, and its findings violations of the act by carriers and to require the gullty parties to cease therefrom, and its findings of fact in such investigations shall be conclusive when supported by testimony.

when supported by testimony.

The urgent deficiency appropriation act approved October 22, 1913 provided that the Commerce Court should be abolished from and after December 31, 1913, and that the jurisdiction theretofore vested in the Commerce Court under act approved June 18, 1910, be transferred to and vested in the several District Courts of the United States.

The act approved March 4, 1915, which became effective June 2, 1915, makes common carriers liable for all damage to property caused by them, and forbids, with certain exceptions, limitations of liability.

liability.

#### INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION-Continued.

The act of February 11, 1903, provides that suits in equity brought under the act to regulate commerce, wherein the United States is complainant, may be expedited and given precedence over other suits, and that appeals from the Circuit Court lie only to the Supreme Court. The act of February 19, 1903, commonly called the Elkins law, prohibits rebating, allows proceedings in the courts by instruction to restrain departures from published rates, and provides that cases prosecuted under the direction of the Attorney-General in the name of the commission shall be included within the expediting act of February 11, 1903.

Under the act of August 7, 1888, all Governmentaided railroad and telegraph companies are required to file certain reports and contracts with the commission, and it is the commission's duty to decide questions relating to the interchange of business between such Government-aided telegraph company and any connecting telegraph company The act provides penalties for failure to comply with the act or the orders of the commission.

The act of March 2, 1893, known as the safety-appliance act, provides that railroad cars used in Interstate commerce must be equipped with automatic couplers, and drawbars of a standard height for freight cars, and have grab frons or handholds in the ends and sides of each car; and that locomotive engines used in moving Interstate traffic shall be equipped with a power driving-wheel brake and The act of February 11, 1903, provides that suits in equity brought under the act to regulate

in the ends and sides of each car; and that locomotive engines used in moving interstate trailic shall be equipped with a power driving-wheel brake and appliances for operating the train-brake system. The act directs the commission to lodge with the proper District-Attorneys information of such violations as may come to its knowledge. The act of The act differs the commission whose win the proper District-Attorneys information of such violations as may come to its knowledge. The act of March 2, 1903, amended this act so as to make its provisions apply to Territories and the District of Columbia, to all eases when couplers of whatever design are brought together, and to all locomotives, cars, and other equipment of any railroad engaged in interstate traffic, except logging cars and cars used upon street railways, and provides for a minmum number of air-braked cars in trains.

By act of April 14, 1910, the safety-appliance acts were supplemented so as to require railroads to equin their cars with sill steps, hand brakes, ladders, running boards, and roof handholds, and the commission was anthorized to designate the number, dimensions, location, and manner of application of appliances. By act of May 6, 1910, the prior accident-reports law was repealed and a new statute passed giving

more power to the commission as to investigating accidents, and is more comprehensive than the former law.

The act of March 4, 1907, makes it the duty of the Interstate Commerce Commission to enforce the provisions of the act wherein it is made unlawful to require or permit employes engaged in or connected with the movement of trains to be on duty more than a specified number of hours in any 24.

The act of May 30, 1998, directs the Interstate Commerce Commission to make regulations for the safe transnortation of explosives by common earriers

safe transportation of explosives by common carriers engaged in interstate commerce. A penalty is provided for violations of such regulations.

vided for violations of such regulations.

The act of May 30, 1908, makes it the duty of the Interstate Commerce Commission to enforce the provisions of the act wherein it is provided that after a certain date no locomotive shall be used in moving interstate or foreign traffic, etc., not equipped with an ash pan which can be emptied without requiring a man to go under such locomotive. A penalty is provided for violations of this act.

The act of February 17, 1911, confers jurisdiction upon the commission to enforce certain provisions compelling railroad companies to equip their locomotives with safe and suitable boilers and appurtenances thereto.

By an amendatory act approved March 4, 1915.

By an amendatory act approved March 4, 1915, the powers of the commission to inspect and to prescribe standards of safety for locomotive bollers and appurtenances thereto was extended to include "all parts and appurtenances of the locomotive and tender."

The urgent deficiency appropriation act approved October 22, 1913, contains an appropriation of \$25,000 to enable the commission to investigate \$25,000 to enable the commission to investigate and test block signals and appliances for the automatic control of rallway trains, and appliances or systems intended to promote the safety of railway operation, including experimental tests of such systems and appliances as shall be furnished, in completed shape, to the commission for investigation and test, free of cost to the Government, in accordance with the provisions of joint resolution approved June 30, 1906, and sundry civil appropriation act approved May 27, 1908. Provision was made in the sundry civil appropriation acts approved August 1, 1914, and March 3, 1915, for continuing the investigation and testing of these systems and appliances. appliances.

#### MILITARY ORDER OF THE CARABAO.

Military organization composed of those officers of the United States Volunteer or Regular Army, Navy, Marine Corps, Philippine Scouts, or as a Naval eadet or midshipman, or as acting assistant surgeon, contract surgeon, contract dental surgeon, or any person who served as an enlisted man in the United States Army, Navy or Marine Corps and subsequently received a commission for appointment in any of the above named classes, and accredited war correspondents who served in the Philippine Islands between May 1, 1898 and July 4, 1902. Members of the order are known as Carabao. The oidest lineal male descendant of a Carabao is eligible for membership. The order is composed of a main body at Washington, known as the Main Corral, and branches in Manila, P. I.; San Francisco, Cal.; San Antonio, Tex., and Fort Monroe, Va.

The order was created for the purpose of fostering a high standard of military and social duty and to perpetuate the memories and associations of military service in the Philippines during the early days of American occupation. The origin of the order grew out of an idea conceived at a dinner at the Officers Club in Manila shortly after the return of troops from China in 1968 and the Services rendered to the American forces by the faithful carabao, the principal beast of burden in the Philippines. The emblem of the order is a carabao's head on a pendant. The officers of the Main Corral: Grand Paramount Carabao (National Commander)—Admiral Thomas B. Iloward, U. S. N. Grand Partarch of the Herd (National Vice-President)—Major Joseph M. Heller, U. S. N., Grand Lead and Wheel Carabao (National Vice-President)—Major Joseph M. Heller, U. S. N., the Mariborough, Washington, D. C.

### THE NATIONAL FIRST AID ASSOCIATION OF AMERICA.

The association was organized by the late Miss Clara Barton, chartered under the laws of the District of Columbia, April 18, 1905, and has distributed its vital knowledge throughout many sections of almost every State in the Union. It is a practical philanthropy and is paying tribute to its founder by holding the presidency in her name.

\*\*Acting President—Mrs. J. Sewall Reed, Dorchester, Mass. Vice-President and Treasurer—Roscoe G. Wells. Secretary—Mrs. Mary Kensel Wells. Executive office, Arlington, Mass.

#### LAKE CHAMPLAIN ASSOCIATION.

President—John G. Clark. Historian—James A. Holden. Treasurer—Edmund Seymour, 45
Wall Street, New York City. Secretary—Percival Wilds, 2 Rector Street, New York City.
The purpose of this association is: "To assemble in social gatherings; to renew and extend affiliations; to perpetuate the historical traditions, and to promote the welfare of the Lake Champlain Valley."

# PRINCIPAL RAILROAD SYSTEMS OF UNITED STATES AND CANADA, . WITH A SYNOPSIS OF LAST ANNUAL REPORT OF INCOME AND EXPENDITURE AS SUBMITTED TO THE WORLD ALMANAC BY THE RAILROAD COMPANIES.

SUBMITTED TO THE WORLD ALMANAC BY THE RAILROAD COMPANIES.			
SYSTEMS, LOCATION, AND FINANCIAL DATA.	Divisions, Mileage, and Operating Express.	General Officers.	
Archison, Topeka & Santa Fe Ry. System.—"Santa Fe." [Hinlos, Iowa, Missouri, Kansas, Nebraska Colorado, Texas, New Mexico, Arizona, Callorina, Oklahoma, Louisiana, Foryear ending June 30, 1916. Total earnings\$133,762,392 Operating expenses 83,730,980 Nct earnings\$50,031,432 Other income\$3,307,129 Total payments\$3,338,561 Total payments\$3,338,561 Total payments\$14,091,408	Atchison, Topeka & Santa Vé Ry., 8,238 m.; Rio Crande, El Paso & Santa Fé R. R., 20,22 m.; Gulf, Colorado & Santa Fé Ry., 1,937.59 m.; Grand Canyon Ry., ét.11 m.; Panhandle & Santa Fé Ry., 670.33 m.; Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fé P. & P. Lines, 403 m. Total mileage, 11,333.25. Express Co.—Wells Fargo & Co.	President, E. P. Ripley, Chicago, Ill.; Vice-Presidents, W. B. Storey, Chicago, Ill.; Edward Chambers, Chicago, Ill.; W. E. Hodges, Chicago, Ill.; W. E. Hodges, Chicago, Ill.; General Managers, F. C. Fox, Topeka, Kan.; A. G. Wells, Los Angeles, Cal.; R. J. Farker, Amarillo, Tex.; W. A. Drake, Prescott, Ariz.; Freight Traffic Manager, F. B. Houghton, Chicago, Ill.; Passenger Traffic Manager, W. J. Black, Chicago, Ill.; Secretary, E. L. Copeland, Topeka, Kan.; Assistant Secretary, L. C. Derning, New York, General Offices, Chicago, Ill.; Topeka, Kan.; Los Angeles, Cal.; Galveston, Tex.; Now York Offices, Stageles, Cal.; Calveston, Tex.; Now York Offices, Stageles,	
ATLANTIC COAST LINE R. R. [Virzinia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Florida, Alabama.]  For year ending June 30, 1915. Total earnings \$31, 556, 474 Operating expenses 24, 493, 313 Net earnings \$7,043, 161 Other income \$10,347, 908 Total payments 9,484,707 Surplus \$863,201	Total mileage, 4,698. Express Co.—Southern.	President, John R. Kenly; Vice-Presidents, Lyman Delano, R. A. Brand; General Manager, P. R. Albright; Secretary, H. L. Borden, New York, General Offices, Wilmington, N. C.; New York Offices, 71, 407 and 1218 Broadway.	
Baltimore & Ohio R. R. [New Jersey, Pennsylvanla, Delaware, Maryland, District of Columbia, Virginia, West Virginia, Ohio, Il-linois, Indiana, Kentucky, Missourd, For year ending June 30, 1915. Total earnings. \$21,815,797 Operating expenses. 63,925,507 Net earnings. \$27,800,290 Other income. 5,260,847 Total net income. \$33,151,137 Total payments. \$277,475 Express.	Lines included in income account, 4,516.22 m. EXPRESS CO.—Wells Fargo & Co.	President, Daniel Willard; 1st Vice-President, George F. Randolph; 2d Vice-President, George M. Shriver; 3d Vice-President, A. W. Thompson; 4th Vice-President, J. V. McNeal; Secretary, C. W. Woolford; General Freight Traffic Manager, C. S. Wight: Passenger Traffic Manager, O. P. McCarty, General Offices, Baltimore, Md. New York Offices, 2 Well Street, 12, 377 and 1276 Broadway.	
	Brownville to Caribou, 155.13 m.; Oldtown to Greenville, 76.13 m.; Ashland Junction to Fort Kent, 94.87 m.; Carlbou to Van Buren, 33.40 m.; South Lagrange to Searsport, 54.13 m.; Stockholm to Soua Pan, 48 m.; So. Lagrange to Packards, 27.96 m.; Van Buren to Fort Kent, 43.72 m.; branches and spurs, 235.65 m. Total mileage, 784.63. Express Co.—American.	President, Percy R. Todd; General Manager, J. B. Stewart. General Offices, Bangar. Me.	
BOSTON & ALBANT R. R.—See New York Central Railroad.  BOSTON AND MAINE RAIL- ROAD. (New York, Massachusetts, Vermont, New Hampshire, Maine, Quebec.)  For year ending June 30, 1916. Total eartnings\$52,075,427.  Operating expenses 36,197,958 Net earnings\$15,877,469 Other income\$17,048,184 Total payments\$12,982,493 Surplus\$4,065,691	Main Lines (Boston to Portland, via Dover), 114.70 m.; (Boston to Portland, via Portsmouth), 108.50 m.; Jewett, Me., to Intervale, N. H., 73.10 m.; Worcester, Mass., to Portland, Me., 146.90 m.; Boston, Mass., to Groveton, N. H., 219.20 m.; Concord, N. H., to White River Jct., Vt., 69.60 m.; White River Jct., Vt., 69.60 m.; White River Jct., vt., 69.60 m.; White River Jct., vt., 50 m.; Springfield, Mass., to Brattleboro, Vt., 60.30 m.; Boston to Rotterdam Jct. and Troy, 253 m.; South Ashburnham Jct. to Bellows Falls, 53.90 m.; branches, 994.7 m. Total mileage, 2.298.49.		

SYSTEMS, LOCATION, AND FINANCIAL DATA.	Divisions, Mileage, and Operating Express.	General Officers.
BUFFALO, ROCHESTER & PITTSBURGH RAILWAY, [New York, Pennsylvania.] For year ending June 30, 1916. Total earnings . \$1,1971.018 Operating expenses . \$6,487.79 Other income . 1,016.038 Total net income . \$4,333,327 Total payments . \$1,184,137	Main Line and branches, 367.06 m.; leased lines, 83.90 m.; trackage rights, 129.52 m. Total mileage, 566.48. EXPRESS CO.—American.	President, Wm. T. Noonan; Vice-Presidents, Adrian Iselin, Jr., New York, and W. Emlen Roosevelt, New York; General Manager, T. F. Breunan; Secretary, Ernest Iselin, New York. General Offices, Rochester, N. Y.; New York Office, 36 Wall Street.
CANADIAN NORTHERN RY, [Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta, Ontario, British Columbia, Quebec, Nova Scotia, Minnesota, No recent financial report available when ALMANAC went to press.	East of Port Arthur, 2.910 m.; west of Port Arthur, 6,593 m. Total mileage, 9,413. Express Co.—Canadian Northern.	President, Wm. Mackenzie, Toronto, Ont.; Vice-President, D. D. Mann, Toronto, Ont.; 3d Vice-President, D. B. Hanna, Toronto, Ont.; Gen- eral Traffic Manager, Geo. H. Shaw, Toronto, Ont.
CANADIAN PACIFIC RY. [New Brunswick, Maine, Quebec, Ontario, Michigan. Manitoba, Assimioda, Saskatchewan, Alberta, Pritish Co-For year ending June 30, 1916. Total earnings	Atlantic Div., 783.5 m.; Eastern Div., 1,609.4 m.; Ontarlo Div., 1,508.6 m.; Lake Superior Div., 1,110.2 m.; Manitoba Div., 2,463.8 m.; Saskatchewan Div., 2,150.1 m.; Alberta Div., 2,509.3 m.; British Columbia Div., 2,530.3 m.; British Columbia Div., 1,221.1 m. Total mileage, 13,377.2. Length of Main Line, Montreal to Vancouver, 2,899.1 miles. Express Cos.—Dominion and Western.	President, Rt. Hon. Lord Shaughnessy; Vice-Presidents, George Bury, I. G. Ogden, G. M. Bosworth, E. W. Beatty, Montreal; Grant Hall, Winnipeg, Man; Secretary, W. R. Baker. General Offices, Montreal, Quehec; New York Offices, 64 Wall Street and 458 Broadway.
CENTRAL OF GEORGIA RY.   Georgia, Alabama, and Tennessee.    For year ending June 30, 1916. Total earnings \$12,567,618   Operating expenses 8,845,067   Net earnings \$3,722,551   Other income \$5,260,283   Total payments \$4,488,970   Surplus \$771,313	Columbus-Andalusia, 138 m.; Griffin-Chattanoga, 188m; Macon-Athens, 105 m.; Savannah-Atlanta, 294 m.; Birmingham-Macon. 257 m.; Ft. Valley-Montzomery, 194 m.; Smltn-ville-Lockhart, 176 m.; other branches, 562 m. Total mileage, 1,934. EXPRESS Co.—Southern.	President, W. A. Winburn; Vice- Presidents, A. R. Lawton, C. F. Parker, Chicago, Ill.; General Manager, L. W. Baldwin; Secre- tary, Chas. F. Groves. General Offices, Savannah, Ga.; New York Offices, 501 Flith Avenue and 291 Broadway.
CENTRAL RAILROAD OF NEW JERSEY. [New York, New Jersey. Pennsylvania.] For year ending June 30, 1916 Total earnings. \$33,462,928 Operating expenses. 21,129,895 Net earnings. \$12,330,333 Other income. \$1,178,183 Total net income. \$13,511,216 Total payments. 10,831,059 Surplus. \$2,680,157	New York to Scranton, 191.55 m.; Newark Br., 11 26 m.; South Br., 15.78 m.; Perth Amboy Br., 23.12 m.; High Bridge Br., 55.80 m.; sundry branches in New Jersey, 25.33 m.; sundry branches in Pennsylvania, 124.44 m.; New Jersey Southern Div., 175.56 m.; Freehold and At- lantic Highlands Div., 22.75 m.; New York and Long Branch R. R., 38.94 m. Total mileage, 683.93. EXPRESS COS.—American; Wells Farro & Co. On New York and Long Branch R. R., Adams; Am- erican.	President and General Manager, William G. Besjer; Vice-President, R. W. de Forest; Vice-President and Freight Traffic Manager, Tlighman B. Koons; Secretary, G. O. Waterman. General Offices, 143 Liberty Street, New York.
CENTRAL VERMONT RV. [Connecticut, Massachusetts, Vermont, Quebec.] For year ending June 30, 1916. Total earnings. \$1,612,357 Operating expenses. 3,444,718 Net earnings. \$1,107,639 Other Income. \$1,211,359 Total payments. 1,036,149 Surplus. \$175,210	Southern Div., 173.5 m.; Northern Div., 362.6 m. Total mileage, 537. Express Cos.—American; Canadian; National. Part of Grand Trunk Ry. System.	President, E. C. Smith; Vice-President, W. H. Biggar General Offices, St. Albans, Vt.; New York Offices, 335 Broadway and 82 Wall Street.
Surplus. \$15,210 CHESAPEAKE & OHIO RY. [Virginia, West Virginia, Kentucky, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois]. For year ending June 30, 1916. Total earnings. \$48,239,012 Operating expenses 31,789,179 Net earnings. \$16,449,833 Other income. 191,899 Total net income. \$16,641,822 Total payments. 9,762,607 Surplus. \$6,879,215	Main Line, 949.3 m.; Louisville Line, 208.4 m.; James River Line, 229.9 m.; Washington Line, 94.5 m.; other branches, 894.6 m. Total mileage, 2,376.7. Express Co.—Adams.	President, Geo. W. Stevens; Vice-Presidents, Decatur Axtell, Henry T. Wickham, F. M. Whitaker; Secretary, Carl Remington, New York. General Offices, Richmond, Va.; New York Office 71, 299 and 1238 Broadway.

Systems, Location, and Financial Data.	Divisions, Mileage, and Operating	General Officers.
CHICAGO & ALTON R. R. [Illinois and Missourt.]  For year ending June 30, 1916.  Total earnings \$16,325,237  Operating expenses, \$16,325,237  Other income (Dr.) \$52,710  Total net income. \$4,096,734	Express.  Chicago to East St. Louis, 279.95 m.; Pequot Line, 26.92 m.; Dwight to Peorla, 70.33 m.; Peorla to Spring- field, 50.65 m.; Bloomington to Roodhouse, via Jacksonville, 110.63 m.; Titus to Barnett Junction, 55.38 m.; Roodhouse to Kansas City, 250.90 m.; Mexico to Cedar City, 50.12 m.; branches, 119.53 m. Total nileage, 1,015.47. EXPRESS Co3.—American; National.	President. W. G. Bierd; Vice-President, F. H. Davis, New York; General Traffic Manager, S. G. Lutz; Passenger Traffic Manager, George J. Chariton; Secretary, James S. Mackie, New York, General Offices, Chicago, Ill.; New York Offices, 60 Wall Street and 233 Broadway.
For year ending June 30, 1916.         Total earnings	EXPRESS Co.—Wells Fargo & Co.	Receiver, W. J. Jackson, Chicago, Ill. General Offices, Chicago; New York Office, 61 Brondway.
Total payments	200 8 107 82	President, R. H. Aishton; Vice-President and Asst. Secretary, S. A. Lynde, New York City; Vice-Presidents, H. R. McCullough and Marvin Hughlit, Jr.; General Manager, S. G. Strickland; Freight Traffic Manager, A. C. Johnson, General Offices, Chicago, Ill.; New York Offices, 111 and 1232 Broadway.
CHICAGO, BURLINGTON & QUINCY RAILERAD.—"BURLINGTON ROUTE." [Hilmois, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Iowa, Missouri, Nebraska, Kansas, Colorado, Wyoming, South Dakota, Monfor vear ending June 30, 1915. Total earnings\$91,125,660 Operating expenses. 60,441,367 Net earnings\$30,683,693 Other income. 1,221,069 Total nat Income. \$31,907,762 Total payments\$26,826,647 Surplus\$5,081,115		President, Hale Holden; Vice-Presidents, H. F. Bryan, C. G. Burnham, T. S. Howland, and W. W. Baldwin; Assistant Secretary, H. W. Welss, Chicago, Ill.; Passenger Traffic Manager, P. S. Eustis; Freight Traffic Manager, G. H. Crosby, General Offices, Chicago, Ill.; New York Offices, 32 Nassau Street, 233 and 184 Broadway. General Offices of lines west of the Missouri River at Omaha, Neb.
Total payments. 26,826,647 Surplus. 55,081,115 CHICAGO GREAT WESTERN RAILROAD, Illilnois, Iowa, Minnesota, Missouri, Kan- sus, Nebraska.] For year ending June 30, 1916. Total earnings. \$15,067,345 Operating expenses. 10,716,438 Net carnings. \$43,350,847 Other income. 1,281,343 Total net income. \$5,622,100 Total payments. 3,368,106 Surplus. \$1,763,991 CHICAGO, INDIANAPOLIS & LOUISYILLE RY, Ilndiana,	Hayneid to Claron, 190.85 m.; Oel- wein to Omaha, 267.95 m.; De Kalb Br., 5.81 m.; Cedar Falis Br., 7.48 m.; Mantorville Br., 6.95 m.; Lehigh Br., 15.69 m.; Mankato-Osage Line, 144.94 m.; Winona-Simpson Line, 54.20 m.; other hranches, 31.27 m. Total mileage, 1,427.10. Express Co.—Weils Fargo & Co.	President, S. M. Felton; Vlce-President, Jos. W. Blabon; Secretary, J. F. Coykendall; General Manager, J. A. Gordon, General Offices, Chicago, Ill.; New York Offices, 388 Broadway.
Illinois, Kentucky,   For year ending June 30, 916,   Total earnings   \$7,694,733     Operating expenses   \$5,111,639     Net earnings   \$2,583,694     Other income   \$339,272     Total net Income   \$2,921,966     Total payments   2,570,763     Surplus   \$351,203	Chicago to Louisville, 32-3, Th.; Mohon to Indianapolis, 95.1 m.; Bioomfeld Br., 40.3 m.; Michigan City Div., 95.6 m.; Indianapolis & Louisville Ry, Br., 64.2 m.; French Lick Br., 17.7 m.; Indiana Stone E. R., 9.2 m. Total mileage, 621.4.  Express Co. — American. (May change.)	Vice-Presidents, M. F. Plant, New York, and F. Zimmerman, Chicago Ill.; General Superintendent, P. I. McManus, Lafayette, Ind.; Secre tary, J. A. Hilton, New York. Gen eral Offices, Chicago, Ill.; New Yor Office, 52 Broadway.
* Exclusive of Chicago, St. Paul, Minn. & Omaha Ry. † Interest accrued but not included in the above and not paid by the Receiver under orders of the Court amounted to \$2,837,018.55.		

SYSTEMS, LOCATION, AND	Divisions, Mileage, and Operating	1
FINANCIAL DATA.	Express.	General Officers.
CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE & ST. PAUL RAILWAY. [Illinois, Wisconsin, Michican, Minnesota, Iowa, Missouri, South Dakota, North Da- keta, Montana, Idaho, Washington.! For year ending June 30, 1916. Total carnings \$105,516,483 Operating expenses 69,120,957 Net earnings \$36,525,526 Other income \$335,445 Total net income \$39,884,971 Total payments 23,167,614	Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Ry., 10,031.88 m.; Gallatin Valley Ry., 97.96 m.; Idaho & Washington Northern R. R., 12 m.; Tacoma Esstern R. R., 14.31 m.; Heiluncham & Wochen Ry., 55.14 m. Total mileage, 10,391.09 Express Co.—Wells Fargo & Co.	President, A. J. Earling, Chicago, Ill.; Vice-Presidents, H. R. Williams, New York; J. H. Hilland, E. S. Keeley, E. D. Sewall, D. L. Bush, Chicago, Ill.; H. B. Farling, Seattle, Wash.; Secretary, E. W. Adams, Milwaukee, Wis. General Offices, Chicago, Il.; Milwaukee, Wis., and Seattle, Wash.; New York Offices, 233 and 1200 Broadway.
Surplus \$16,717,357		
CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND & PACIFIC RAILWAY. [11- tinois, Iowa, Minnesota, South Dakota, Missouri, Nebraska, Kansas, Okla- homa, Colorado, Tennes- see, Arkansas, Louisiana, New Mexico.] For year ending June 30, 1916. Total earnings \$72.189.276 Operating expenses. 52,308,871	Chicago-Colorado Springs, 1,070.12 m.; Davenport Terral. 832.15 m.; Herington-Texhoma, 323.33 m.; Dos Moines-Siblev, 176.35 m.; Burlington-Minneapolls, 335.52 m.; Vinton-Watertown, 375.97 m.; Memphis-Texola, 649.49 m.; Biddle-Enuice, 330.08 m.; Kannasz Cit-Si, Louis, 293.81 m.; Bravo-Santa Rosa, 111.50 m.; Glenrio-Tucumcari, 41.46 m.; Allerton-Maniv, 201.84 m.; McFarland-Belleville, 103.19 m.; Altamont-North Topeka, 183.65 m.; Cher Jines and branches, 2,649.50 m. Total mileage, 7,664.77. EXPRESS CO.—American.	Receiver, J. M. Dickinson; Chief Exceutive Officer, J. E. Gorman; Chief Operating Officer, A. C. Ridgway; Secretary, George H. Crosby; General Managers, C. W. Jones, Des Moines, Iowa; T. H. Beacom, El Reno, Okla. General Offices, Chicago, Ill.; New York Offices, 14 Wall Street.
Net earnings. \$19,880,405 Other income. 1.889.167 Total net income. \$21,769.572 Total payments. 18,973.513 Surplus. \$2,796,059	land-Belleville, 103.19 m.; Altamont- North Topeka, 138.36 m.; other lines and branches, 2,649.50 m. Total mileage, 7,664.77. Express Co.—American.	cago, Ill.; New York Offices, 14 Wall Street.
CINCINNATI, HAMILTON & DAYTON RAHWAY. [Ohio, Indiana.]  For year ending June 30, 1915. Total earnings. \$9,725,972 Operating expenses 9,004,262 Debit. \$721,710 Other income. 220,244 Total net income. \$941,954 Total payments. \$3,093,186	Main line and branches, 621 m. Express Co.—Wells Fargo & Co.	Receivers, Judson Harmon and Rutus B. Smith; President, Daniel Willard, Baltimore, Md.; Vice-Presidents, George F. Randolph, Baltimore, Md.; G. M. Shriver and A. W. Thompson; Secretary, C. W. Wool- ford, Baltimore, Md.; Freight Traf- fic Manager, C. L. Thomas; Gen- eral Passenger Agent, W. B. Callo- way; General Manager, C. W. Gal- loway. General Manager, C. W. Gal- loway. General Offices, Cincinnati, Ohio; New York Office, 2 Wall Street, 1276 Broadway.
CLEVELAND, CINCINNATI, CHICAGO & ST. LOUIS RY, —"BIG FOUR ROUTE." (Ohio, Indiana, Michigon, Illinois.]   For year ending June 30, 1916. Total earnings \$43,478,001 Operating expenses. 29,195,229 Net earnings \$14,282,772 Other income 1,551,635 Total payments 8,979,549 Surplus \$6,866,276	Cleveland Div., 333.74 m.; Mt. Glicad Short Line, 2.02 m.; Cincinnati-Sandusky Div., 371.92 m.; St. Louis Div., 330.11 m.; Chicago Div., 315.7 m.; Cairo Div., 30.624 m.; Peoria and Eastern Div., 347.67 m.; Whichigan Div., 301.33 m.; Kankakee & Seneca. Div., 32.56 m. Total mileage, 2,425.96. This road is part of New York Central System.	President, A. H. Smith; Vice-Presidents, A. H. Harris and W. K. Vanderoilt, Jr., New York; Vice-President and General Manager, H. A. Worcester: Secretary, D. W. Pardee, New York, General Offices, Chreinnati, Ohio: New York Office, Grand Central Terminal.
COLORADO & SOUTHERN RAIL- WAY. [Colorado, Wyoming, New Mexico.] For year ending June 30, 1915. Total earnings \$7,662,38 Operating expenses 5,557,733 Net earnings \$2,104,555 Other income 1,832,263 Towal net income. \$3,936,228 Total payments 3,511,831 Surplus \$424,947	Valley Ry., 256.90 m.; Trinty & Brazos Valley Ry., 256.90 m. Trinty & Brazos Valley Ry., 455.52 m. Total mileage, 2,329.53, EXPRESS Co.—Adams.	President, H. Holden, Chicago, Ill.; Vice-Presidents, H. E. Byram, Chicago, Ill.; C. G. Burnham, Chicago, Ill., and E. S. Koller; Secretary, B. F. James; Assistant Secretary, T. S. Howland, New Col.; New York Office, Lorerty Street, 29 and 184 Broadway. Fort Worth & Denver City Ry.— President, Geo. B. Harris, Chicago; Vice-President, D. B. Keeler, Fort Worth, Tex. General Offices, Fort Worth, Tex.

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Systems, Location, and Financial Data.	Divisions, Mileage, and Operating Express.	General Officers.
COLORADO MIDLAND RAIL- WAY. [Colorado.] For year ending June 30, 1916. Total earnings \$1,516,758 Operating expenses. 1,441,148 Net earnings \$75,610 Other income. \$108,990 Total payments 174,254	Colorado Springs, Col. to Grand Junction, Col., 302 m.; Aspen Br., 18 m.; Jerome Park Br., 15 m. Total mileage, 335. Express Co.—Wells Fargo & Co.	Receiver, Geo. W. Vallery. General Offices, Denver, Col.; New York Office, 233 Broadway.
Deficit.	Pennsylvania Div., 142.27 m.; Saratoga Div., 302.29 m.; Champlain Div., 229.71 m.; Susquehauna Div., 235.11 m. Total mileage, 909.38. Express Co.—Nationai.	President, L. F. Loree; Vice-President, Chas. A. Peabody; Vice-President, and General Manager, C. S. Sims, Albany, N. Y., Vice-Fresident, W. Williams, Secretary, F. M. Olynant, N. W. York, General Offices, Albany, N. Y.; New York Office, 32 Nassau Street.
DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA & WESTERN RAILROAD, INCW YORK, New Jersey. Pennsylvania.] For year ending June 30, 1916. Total earnings. \$49,335,739 Operating expenses. 29,511,905  Net earnings. \$19,823,834 Other income. \$6,556,063  Total net Income. \$26,679,897 Total payments. 20,945,104  Surplus. \$5,734,793	Main Llne, Hoboken, N. J., to Buffalo, N. Y., 465,65 m.; Morristown Line, 34.46 m.; Sussex R. R., 30.55 m.; Bagor and Portland Br., 38.39 m.; Bloomsburg Br., 79.64 m.; S. B. & N. Y. R. R., 80.95 m.; Gwego & Syracuse Div., 34.98 m.; Utica Div., 105.51 m.; Ithacs Br., 34.41 m.; Lackawanna & Montrose R. R., 10.38 m.; Lackawanna R. R. Co. of N. J., 27.44 m.; other branches, 99.14 m.; Total mileage, 981.50, EXPRESS CO.—Adams.	President, W. H. Truesdale; Vice-Presidents, E. E. Loomis, P. J. Flyun, and W.S. Jenney; Secretary, A. D. Chambers. General Offices, 90 West Street, New York.
DENVER & RIO GRANDE   RAILROAD   (Colorado, Utah, and New Mexico.)   For year ending June 30, 1916.   Total earnings \$24,890,894   Operating expenses 14,739,410   Net earnings \$10,150,674   Other income 1,027,739   Total net income \$1,178,404   Total payments 9,949,714   Surplus \$1,228,690	Denver to Orden 782.49 m.; Salida to Grand Junction, via Gunnison, 288.22 m.; Cucharra Junction to Silverton, 328.47 m.; Antonilo to Santa Fé. 123.79 m.; Pueblo to Trindad, 91.55 m.; Carbon Junction to Farmington, 47.66 m.; Marysvale Branch, 132.51 m.; other branches, 89 36 m. Total mileage, 2.576.75. Express Co.—Wells Fargo & Co.	Chairman of the Board, Edward T. Jeffrey, New York; President, H. U. Mudge; Vice-Presidents, A. E. Sweet, Denver, Col., and Kingdon Gould, New York; General Man- ager, James Russell; Secretary, J. P. Howland, New York. General Offices, Denver, Col.; New York Offices, 155, 291, and 1246 Broadway.
DETROIT & MACKINAC RAIL-	Bay City to Cheboygan, 195.15 m.; Prescott Div., 11.85 m.; Rose City Div., 31.21 m.; Lincoln Br., 14.33 m.; Au Gres Br., 7.95 m.; Hillman Br., 22.40 m.; Ausable Br., 50.41 m. Rogers City Br., 13.70 m.; logging branches, 35.85 m. Total mileage, 382.90.  Express Co.—American.	President, H. K. McHarg, Stamford, Ct.; Vlee-President and General Manager, J. D. Hawks; Vlee-President, G. M. Crocker; Seretary, C. B. Colebrook, New York. General Offices, Detroit, Mich.; New York Office, 40 Wall Street.
DETROIT, TOLE DO & IRONTON RALROAD. [Michigan and Ohio.]   For year ending June 30, 1916. Total earnings \$2,212,255 Operating expenses 1,611,093     Net earnings \$601,172 Other income	Detroit, Toledo & Ironton R. R., 436 m. Express Co.—American.	President, J. M. Kurn; Vice-President, F. H. Osborn. General Offices, De- troit, Mich.

### 218 Principal Railroad Systems of United States and Canada—Con.

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SYSTEMS, LOCATION, AND FINANCIAL DATA.	Divisions, Mileage, and Operating Express.	General Officers.
Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway, [Michigan, Wisconsin, Minnesota.]   For year ending June 30, 1916.   Total earnings \$3,556,732   Operating expenses 2,482,148	Main Line, 526.84 m.; other branches, 76.97 m. Total mileage, 603.81. This road is controlled by the Canadian Pacific Ry. EXPRESS CO.—Western.	President, A. B. Eldredge, Marquette, Mich.; 1st Vice-President and General Manager, W. W. Walker, Duluth, Minn.; 2d Vice-President, Geo. H. Church, New York, Secretary, James Clarke, New York, General Offices, Marquette, Mich.; New York Offices, 55 Wall Street, 233 and 458 Broadway.
EL PASO & SOUTHWESTERN SYSTEM. [Texas, New Mex- too, Arizona.] For year ending June 30, 1915 Total earnings. 57,910,152 Other income. \$292,685 Other income. 1,283,705 Total net income. \$2,213,309 Total payments. 1,650,743 Surplus. \$562,647	Western Div., 507.83 m.; Eastern Div., 520.45 m. Totai mlieage, 1,028.28. Exraess Co.—Wells Fargo & Co.	President, James Douglas, New York; General Manager, G. F. Hawks General Offices, El Paso, Tex.; New York Offices, 99 John Street and 291 Broadway.
ERIE RAILROAD. [New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois.]  For year ending Dec. 31, 1915. Total earnings. \$20,765,971 Other income. \$24,642,214  Total net income. \$23,230,185 Total payments. 17,213,967	New York Div., 244.58 m.; Northern R. R. of N. J., 28.15 m.; Greenwood Lake Div., 54.27 m.; Delaware Div., 104 m.; Jefferson Div., 44.82 m.; Wyoming Div., 79.52 m.; Rochester Div., 144.37 m.; Susquehanna Div., 138 m.; Tioga Div., 61.10 m.; Buffalo Div., 188.17 m.; Allegheny Div., 160.62 m.; Bradford Div., 80.88 m.; Meadville Div., 284.48 m.; Mahoning Div., 163.38 m.; Kent Div., 198.11 m.; Marlon Div., 299.56 m. Total mileage, 2,194.01. N. J. & N. Y. R. R., 37.87 m. Express Co.—Wells Fargo & Co.	President, F. D. Underwood; Vice- Presidents, G. F. Brownell, G. N. Oreutt, A. J. Stone, and D. W. Cooke; Vice-President and Secre- tary, David Bosman. General Of- fices, 50 Church Street, New York.
FLORIDA   EAST   COAST   RAIL-   WAY.   [Florida.]     For year ending June 30, 1915.   Total earnings. \$5,513,477   Operating expenses 3,418,531   Net earnings. \$2,004,946   Total payments. 1,881,627   Surplus. \$213,319	Jacksonville to Key West, 522 m.; branch lines, 222 m. Total mileage, 744. Connects at Miami with P. & O. S. Co. for Nassau (Winter season) and at Key West for Hayana.	President, W. H. Beardsley; Vice- Presidents, J. P. Beckwith, J. E. Ingraham, and W. B. Kenan, T. New York; Secretary, J. C. Salter, New York General Offices, St. Augustine, Fla.; New York Offices, 26 Broadway and 243 Fifth Avenue.
GEORGIA RAILROAD.     (Georgia.)   For year ending June 30, 1916.     Total earnings \$3,937.865     Operating expenses 2,242,930     Net earnings \$854,935     Other income \$217.498     Total net income \$1,072,433     Total payments 956,481     Surplus \$115,952	Augusta, Ga., to Atlanta, Ga., 17i m.; Macon Br., 78 m.; Athens Br., 40 m.; Washington Br., 18 m. Total mileage. 307. Express Co.—Southern.	General Manager, Chas. A. Wicker- sham. General Offices, Augusta, Ga.: New York Office, 290 Broad- way.
GEORGIA SOUTHERN & FLOR-	Macon, Ga., to Jacksonville, Fla., and Valdesta, Ga., to Palatka, Fla. Total mileage, 395. Express Co.—Southern.	President, Fairtax Harrison, Washington, D. C.; Vice-President and General Manager, J. B. Munson; Secretary, F. S. Wynn, New York. General Offices, Macon, Ga.; New York Office, 120 Broadway.

Principal Kailroad Systems of United States and Canada—Con. 219			
SYSTEMS, LOCATION, AND FINANCIAL DATA.	Divisions, Mileage, and Operating Express.	General Officers.	
GRAND RAPIDS & INDIANA RAILWAY. [Indiana and Michigan] For year ending June 30, 1916 Total earnings \$5,632,004 Operating expenses 4,119,902 Net earnings \$1,482,102 Other income \$1,265,311 Total net income. \$1,565,311 Total payments 1,446,705	Richmond, Ind., to Mackinaw City, Mich., 459 80 m.; Traverse City Div., 25.86 m.; Muskegon Div., 36.85 m.; Harbor Springs Br., 5.79 m.; Missaukee Br., 31.94 m.; other branches, 14.79 m. Total mileage, 575.03.  EXPRESS CO.—Adams.	President, J. H. P. Hughart; Vice- Presidents, G. L. Peck, D. T. McCabe, Pittsburgh, Pa.; General Manager, W. B. Wood: Secretary, J. M. Metheany, General Offices, Grand Rapids, Mich.	
Surplus \$118,606  GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY. [Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Quebec, Ontario, Illinois, Indiana, Michigan.] For year ending Dec. 31, 1915. Total earnings \$40,357,748 Operating expenses \$0,689,989  Net earnings \$9,667,759 Other income \$3,395,115  Total net income \$13,362,874 Total payments 13,310,879  Surplus \$51,995	Montreal Div., 611.81 m.; Ottawa Div., 466.11. m.; Belleville Div., 772.26 m.; Hamliton Div., 182.87 m.; Barrie Div., 447.93 m.; London Div., 532.91 m.; Startier Div., 447.93 m.; London Div., 532.47 m.; St. Thomas Div., 245.86 m.; Detroit Div., 592.67 m.; Chicago Div., 401.21 m. Total mileage, 4,792.29. Grand Trunk Pacific Ry., 2,748 m. EXPRESS Cos.—Canadian. On Grand Trunk Western Ry., National.	President, E. J. Chamberlin; Vice- Presidents, H. G. Kelley, J. E. Dalrymple, R. S. Logan, and Frank Scott. General Omces, Montreal, Quebec; New York Omce, 220 Broadway and 32 Wall Street.	
GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY, [Minnesota, North Dakota, Iowa, Montana, Idaho, Washington, Wisconsin, Oregon, Manitoba, British Columbia.]  For year ending June 30, 1916. Total earnings \$81,262,478 Operating expenses \$31,348,402 Other income \$37,348,402 Other income \$245,652 Total payments \$7,967,001	Great. Northern Ry. Total mileage, 8,102. EXPRESS Co.—Great Northern.	President, Louis W. Hill; Vice-Presidents, R. A. Jackson, W. P. Kenney, J. M. Gruber; Vice-President assistant, Secretary, E. T. Nichas, New York; General Manager, Geo. H. Enerson. General Offices, St. Paul, Minn.; New York Offices, 32 Nassau Street, 299 and 184 Broadway.	
\$2,287,028	Toledo to Athens, Ohlo, 198.2 m.; River Div. (Oldtown to Pomeroy), including Pomeroy Belt Ry., 84.5 m.; Jackson Br., 17.3 m.; other branches, 51 m. Total mileage, 351.1. EXPRESS CO.—Adams. Now part of Chesapeake and Chio Lines.	President, G. W. Stevens; Vice-Presidents, Decatur Axtell, F. M. Whitaker, W. J. Caples; Secretary, Carl Remington, New York, General Offices, Columbus, Ohio; New York Office, 71 Broadway.	
Other income 9,620,743  Total net income. \$27,524,358  Total payments 21,334,525	Chicago, St. Louis & New Orleans R. R., 1,396.90 m.; Dubuque and Sioux City R. R., 760.93 m.; other hyanches, 335.11 m. Total mileage, 4,773.64. Yazoo & Miss. Val. R. R., 1,381.87 m.	President, C. H. Markham; Vice-Presidents, W. L. Park, F. B. Bowes, and C. F. Parker; General Manager, T. J. Foley; Secretary, D. R. Burhank, New York; Assistant Secretary, B. A. Beck, Chicago, Ill. General Offices, 22 Nassau Street, 140 West 42d Street, 29! Broadway, General Offices, Yazoo & Mississippi Valley R. R., Memphis, Tenn., and Chicago, Ill.	
Surplus \$6,189.833 INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY [Nova Scotla, New Bruns- wick, Quebec.] For year enting June 30, 1915. Total earnings \$11,300,176 Operating expenses 11,348.756 Deficit \$48,580	Express Cos.—Canadian; Dominion.	General Offices, Moncton, N. B.;	

Systems, Location, and Financial Data.	Divisions, Mileage, and Operating	General Officers.
INTERNATIONAL & GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY.	Express	
For year ending June 30, 1916. Total earnings \$9,420,291 Operating expenses. 7,339,224		Receiver, James A. Baker; General Manager, A. G. Whittington; Sec- retary, A. R. Howard. General Of- lices. Houston, Tex.; New York
Net earnings \$2,081,067 Other income 112,558	Gulf Div., 553.8 m.; Fort Worth Div., 327.6 m.; San Antonio Div., 278.1 m. Total mileage, 1,159.5. Express Co.—Wells Fargo & Co.	retary, A. R. Howard. General Offices, Houston, Tex.; New York Office, 290 Broadway.
Total payments 2,486,695		
Deficit \$293,070  IOWA CENTRAL RAILWAY.	Now part of Minneapolis & St. Louis R. R.	
KANSAS CITY SOUTHERN	R, R,	
RAILWAY. TEXARKANA & FORT SMITH RAILWAY. [Missourl, Kan- sas, Arkansas, Oklahoma, Louisiana, Texas.] For year ending June 30, 1916. Total earnings	Kansas City, Mo., to Port Arthur, Tex., 788 m.; Fort Smith Br., 16 m.; Lake Charles Br., 23 m.; Air Line Br., 6 m. Total mileage, 839. Express Co.—Wells Fargo & Co.	Kansas City Southern Ry.—Presidents, J. F. Holden and R. J. McCarty; Secretary, G. C. Hand, New York, General Offices, Kansas City, Mo.; Aww. York Offices, 25 Broad Street Preverkas & Eventh Market President Research
Net earnings \$4,221,908 Other income 194,448	Br., 8 m. Total mileage, 839. EXPRESS Co.—Wells Fargo & Co.	dent, J. A. Edson, Kansas City, Mo.; 1st Vice-President, W. L. Estes. General Offices, Texarkana,
Total net income. \$4,416,356 Total payments 3,521,641		Tex.
Surplus \$891,715		
LAKE ERIB & WESTERN RAIL- ROAD. (Ohlo, Indiana, II- linois.)  For year ending June 30, 1916.  Total earnings. \$6,941,334 Operating expenses. 4,607,785 Net earnings. \$2,333,569 Other income. 147,523 Total net income. \$2,481,092 Total payments. \$1,270,508 Surplus. \$1,210,588	Main Line, 412.8 m.; Indianapolis and Michigan City Div., 158.6 m.; Fort Wayne and Connorsville Div., 104.6 m.; Rushville Br., 24.1 m.; Minster Br., 10 m.; Northern Ohio Ry., 161.7 in. Total mileage, 871.8. EXPRESS Co.—American. This road is part of New York Central System.	President, A. H. Smith; Vice-President, W. K. Vanderbilt, Jr., New York; Secretary, D. W. Pardee, New York; General Manager, H. A. H. A. Gomer, Indianapolis, Ind. General Offices, Grand Central Terminal, New York, and Indianapolis, Ind.
LEHIGH   VALLEY RAILROAD.   New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania.    For year ending June 30, 1916.   Total earnings \$47,382,569   Operating expenses \$33,082,977   Net earnings \$14,229,502   Other Income \$16,556,118   Total payments \$16,556,118   Total payments \$17,666,449   \$7,666,449	New York Div., 32.78 m.; New Jersey and Lehigh Div., 227.28 m.; Mahanoy and Hazleton Div., 199.44 m.; Wyoming Div., 318.49 m.; Auburn Div., 318.81 m.; Seneca Div., 186.32 m.; Buffalo Div., 160.19 m. Total mileage, 1.443.81.  EXPRESS CO.—American.	President, E. B. Thomas; Vice-Presidents, F. L. Blendinger, J. A. Middleton, T. N. Jarvis, New York; L. D. Smith; General Manager, J. F. Maguire, South Bethlehem, Pa.; Secretary, D. G. Baird, General Offices, Philadelphia, Pa.; New York Office, 143 Liberty Street.
LONG   ISLAND   RAILROAD	Main Line—Long Island City to Greenport, 94.44 m.; Long Island City to Montauk, 115.02 m.; branches owned, 114.02 m.; branches leased, 57.34 m.; New York and Rockaway Beach Ry., 12.37 m. Total mileage, 393, 12.37 m. EXPRESS Co.—Adams. This road is now controlled by the Pennsylvania R. R.	President, Ralph Peters. General Offices, Pennsylvania Railroad Sta- tion, Seventh Avenue and Thirty- second Street, New York.
LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE RAILROAD. [Kentucky, Indiana, Illinois, Georela, North Carollina, Virginia, Itennessee, Alabama, Flor- Ida, Louisiana, Mississippi.] For year ending June 30, 1915. Total earnings \$51,606,015 Operating expenses \$9,431,789 Net earnings \$12,174,226 Other income \$12,603,821 Total net income. \$15,603,821 Total payments 10,743,678 Surplus \$4,860,143	Cincinnati to Louisville, 114 m.; Louisville to Nashville, 186 m.; Nashville to New Orleans, 622 m.; Memphis Junction to Memphis, 260 m.; E. St. Louis to Amgul, 307 m.; Lagrange to Lexington, 67 m.; Cincinnati to Atlanta, 486 m.; other branches, 3,029.29 m. Total mileage, 5,071.29. EXPRESS COS.—Adams; Southern.	President, Milton H. Smith; Chairman of Board, Henry Walters, New York; ist Vice-President, W. L. Mapother, Louisville; 2d Vice-President, E. L. Smithers, New York; 3d Vice-President, A. R. Smith; 4th Vice-President, G. E. Evans; Secretary, J. H. Ellis; General Manager, B. M. Starks; Freight Traffic Manager, B. M. Starks; Freight Traffic Manager, V. A. Russell, Traffic Manager, V. A. Russell, Grefal Offices, Louisville, Ky; New York Offices, 71, 291 and 1182 Broadway.

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SYSTEMS, LOCATION, AND FINANCIAL DATA.	Divisions, Mileage, and Operating Express.	General Officers.
Maine Central Ratiroad.     Maine, New Hampshire,     Walne, New Hampshire,     Vermont,   Quebec, New     For year ending June 30, 1916     Total earnings   \$12,001,672     Operating expenses   8,192,577     Net earnings   \$3,899,995     Other income   \$4,430,426     Total net income   \$4,430,426     Total payments   4,182,568     Surplus   \$247,858	Express.  Portland to Vanceboro, via Augusta, 250.90 m.; Royal Jct. to Waterville, 72.3 m.; Bath to Lewiston and Farmington, 76.38 m.; Woolwich to Rockland, 47.13 m.; Rumford Jct. to Rumford, 52.75 m.; Rumford to Kennebago, 46.62 m.; Oakland to Kineo Station, 90.61 m.; Washington Jct. to Calais, 102.49 m.; Portland to St. Johnsbury, Vt., 132.05 m.; other brauches, 350.78 m. Total mileage, 1,221.15.  Express Co.—American.	President, Morris McDonald; 2d Vice- President, George S. Hobbs; Gen- eral Manager, Dana C. Douglass, General Offices, Portland, Me.
Michigan Central R. R. See New York Central Railroad.		
MINNEAPOLIS & ST. LOUIS RAILROAD.—"ALBERT LEA ROUTE." [Minnesotta, lowa, South Dakotta, Illinois.] For year ending June 30, 1915. Total earnings \$10,111,975 Operating expenses. 6,903,594 Net earnings \$3,208,381 Total payments 3,021,776		President, E. L. Brown; Vice-President, F. H. Davis; Vice-President and General Manager, C. W. Huntington; Secretary, A. C. Doan, New York. General Offices, Minneapolls, Minn.; New York Offices, 25 Broad Street and 299 Broadway.
Surplus \$186,605		Select and 200 Divadway.
MINNEAPOLIS, ST. PAUL & SAULT STE MARIE RAIL-WAY.—"SOO LINE." [II-linois, Michigan, Wisconsin, Minnesota, North Dakota, South Dakota, Monthana.] For year ending June 30, 1916. Total earnings \$35,010,064 Operating expenses. 19,081,088 Net earnings \$15,928,936 Other income \$15,928,257 Total payments \$16,928,257 Total payments \$8,701,823 Surplus \$8,226,434	East of Minneapolls, 709.98 m.; west of Minneapolls, 2429.02 m.; Chicago Div. (Wisconsin Central), 1,020.89 m. Total mileage, 4,159.89, Express Co.— Western.	President, E. Pennington; General Manager, G. R. Huntington; Secre- tary, G. W. Webster. General Of- fices. Minneapolis, Minn.; New York Offices, 64 Wall Street, 235 and 1270 Broadway.
	& Southwestern R. R., 10 m.; Texas Central R. R., 309 m.; Peaumont & Great Northern R. R., 48 m. Total mlleage, 3,865.	General Officers of M., K. & T. Ry.— Receiver, C. E. Schaff, St. Louis, Mo.; Secretary, Carl Remington, New York. Officers of Missourl, Kansas & Texas Ry. Co. of Texas—Receiver, C. E. Schaff, St. Louis, Mo.; Secretary, C. S. Sherwin, Dallas, Tex. Gen- eral Offices, St. Louis, Mo.; Parsons, Kan.; Dallas, Tex.; New York Of- fices, 71 Broadway.
MISSOURI PACIFIC SYSTEM. [MiSSOURI, KAISSS, Nebras- ka, Colorado, Oklahoma, Arkansas, Louislana, Ten- nessee, Illinois.] For year ending June 30, 1916. (Including Iron Mountain Line.) Total earnings. \$64,372,302 Operating expenses 48,284,016 Net earnings. \$16,088,286 Other income. \$1,397,349  Total net income. \$17,485,635 Total payments. 18,825,857 Deficit. \$1,340,222	Missouri Pacific Ry., 3,919.58 m.; St. Louis, Iron Mountain & Southern Ry., 3,364.80 m. Total mileage, 7,284.38. Express Co.—Wells Fargo & Co.	Recciver, B. F. Bush; Assistant, F. J. Shepard, New York; Chief Operating Officer, A. Robertson; Chief Traffic Officer, J. M. Johnson; Secretary, H. L. Utter, New York, General Offices, St. Louis, Mo.; New York Offices, 120 Broadway.

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SYSTEMS, LOCATION, AND FINANCIAL DATA.	Divisions, Mileage, and Operating Express.	General Officers.	
MOBILE & OHIO R. R. [Missourl, Illinois, Kentucky, Tennessee, Mississippl, Alabama.]   For year ending June 30, 1915. Total earnings. \$10,982,149 Operating expenses. 7,933,656	Main Line, St. Louis, Mo., to Mobile, Ala., 555.53 m.; Aberdeen Br., 9 m.; Starkwille Br., 11 m.; Montgomery Div., 183 n.; Blocton Br., 13.32 m.; Warrior Southern R. R., 13.69 m.; Warrior Br., 9.51 m.; Millstadt Br., 7.23 m.; Mobile & Pay Shore Ry., 38.36 m.; Columbus Br., 1.55 m.; Dawes Br., 79 m.; Ruslor, Miss., to Birmingbam, Ala., 171.84 m. Total mileage, 1,122.48. EXPRESS CO.—Southern.	President, Fairfax Harrlson, Washington, D. C.; Vice-President and General Manager, R. V. Taylor, Mobile, Ala.; Secretary, F. S. Wynn, New York, General Offices, Mobile, Ala.; New York Office, 30 Church Street.	
NASHVILLE, CHATTANOOGA & ST. LOUIS RAILWAY.— "LOOKOUT MOUNTAIN ROUTE", [Georgia, Alabama, Tennessee, Kentucky.] For year ending June 30, 1916. Total earnings\$12,670,688 Operating expenses. 9,439,032 Net earnings\$231,656 Other income. \$4,016,415 Total payments\$2,718,428 Surplus. \$1,297,986	Chattanooga Div., 151.69 m.; Nasliville Dlv., 171.61 m.; Lebanon Br., 29.45 m.; Shelbyville Br., 8.14 m.; Sparta Br., 83.70 m.; Columbla Br., 85.94 m.; Huntsville Br., 78.89 m.; Tracy City Br., 32.85 m.; Sequatchle Valley Br., 76.88 m.; Orme Br., 10.42 m.; Centreville Br., 73 m.; West Nashville Br., 6.23 m.; Rome Br., 18.14 m.; M., T. & A. Br., 36.91 m.; Memphis Div., 229.61 m.; Perryville Br., 24.14 m.; Atlanta Div., 136.81 m. Total mileage, 1,236.51.	President and General Manager, John H. Peyton: Vice-President and Traffic Manager, H. F. Smith; Sec- retary, T. A. Clarkson. General Of- fices, Nashville, Tenn. General Of- fices of Western & Atlantic R. R., Atlanta, Ga.	
New Orleans, Mobile & Chicago R. R. [Alabama, Mississippl, Tennessee.] For year ending June 30, 1915. Total earnings \$1,771,472 Operating expenses. 1,320,685 Other income \$470,787 Other income \$504,080 Total payments \$504,062 Deficit \$327,895	Main Line, 368.83 m.; Hattlesburg Br., 27.03 m.; other branches, 6.56 m. Total mileage, 402.42. Express Co.—Southern.	Receiver, W. F. Owen; Traffic Manager, W. L. O'Dwyer. General Offices, Mobile, Ala.	
New York Central R. R. [New York New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Oho, Michigan, Indiana, Illinois, Massachusetts]  For year ending June 30, 1916. Total earnings \$259, 331,753 Operating expenses 132,949,170  Net earnings \$76,354,553 Other incomes 18,276,552 Total net lnoome \$94,631,135 Total payments 66,722,852 Surplus \$27,908,233	New York Central R. R., 5,699.07 m.; Boston & Albany R. R., 392.97 m.; Raquette Lake Ry., 18.13 m.; Fui Albany R. R., 1982.97 m.; Raquette Lake Ry., 18.13 m.; Fui Albany R. R., 18.13 m.; Single & Western R. R., 18.25 m.; Chicago, Kalamazoo & Saginaw Ry., 44.266 m.; Pittsburgh & Lake Erie & Western R. R., 243.66 m.; Lake Erie & Western R. R., 900.01 m.; Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis Ry., Inc. P. & E., 2,383.73 m.; Cincinnati Northern R. R., 245.68 m.; Indiana Harbor Belt R. R., 109.54 m.; Toronto, Hamilton & Buffalo Ry., 166.51 m.; Kanawha & Michigan Ry., 176.60 m. Total mileage, 12.676.27. Express Co.—American; National.	Chairman of the Board, Chauncey M. Depew: President, A. H. Smith; Vice-Presidents, W. K. Vanderblit, Jr., John Carstensen, Ira A. Place, Chas, F. Daly, A. H. Harris, P. E. G. Vanderblit, Jr., V	
New York, CHICAGO & St. LOUIS RAILEADAD. [New York, Pennsylvanla, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois.]   For year ending June 30, 1916. Total earnings \$14,378,613     Operating expenses 9,904,099     Net earnings \$4,474,514     Other income \$1,688,492     Total net income \$1,688,492     Total payments \$2,731,271     Surplus \$1,937,181	Buffalo, N. Y., to Chicago, Ill., 523 m. Express Co.—National.	Chairman of the Board, O. P. Van Sweringen, Cleveland, Ohio; Presi- dent, John J. Bernet, Cleveland, Ohio; Secretary, W. D. Turner, General Offices, Cleveland, Ohio.	

Systems, Location, and Financial Data.	Divisions, Mileage, and Operating Express.	General Officers.
New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad (Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut. New York, 1970; 1988; 1989; 198	New York Div., 99.04 m.; New Haven Div., 254.70 m.; Highland Div., 257.98 m.; Hartford Div., 238.06 m.; New London Div., 150.96 m.; Providence Div., 263.75 m.; Boston Div., 291.96 m.; Old Colony Div., 225.87 m. Midland Div., 161.44 m. Total mileage, 1,953.73. Express Cos.—Adams. (American for through business only.)	President, Howard Elliott; Vice-Presidents, E. J. Pearson, E. G. Buckland, B. Campbell, J. M. Tomlinson, A. R. Whaley, New York; General Manager, C. L. Bardo; Secretary, A. E. Clark, General Offices, New Haven, Ct.; New York Offices, Grand Central Terminal.
New York, Ontario & Western Rallwax. (New York, Pennsylvania.)   For year ending June 30, 1916   Total earnings.	Main Line, Cornwall, N. Y., to Oswego, N. Y., 272,22 m.; Delhil Br., 16,87 m.; Wharton Valley R. R., 6.85 m.; New Berlin Br., 22,40 m.; Utica Div., 31,23 m.; Rome Br., 12,79 m.; Scranton Div., 54,10 m.; Ellenville Br., 7,37 m.; Pecksport Ry., 3,70 m.; Weehawken, N. J., to Cornwall, N. Y., ttrackage rights), 53,07 m.; Ellenville and Kingston R. R., 27,81 m.; Port Jervis, Mont. and Sum. R. R., 38,20 m.; Mine branches, 19,50 m.; Total mileage, 568,46. EXPRESS CO.—Adams.	President, John B. Kerr; General Traffic Manager, J. B. Stewart; Secretary, R. D. Rickard, General Offices, Grand Central Terminal, New York.
New York, Susquehanna & Western Rallroad.   New Jersey and Pennsylvania.     For year ending Dec. 31, 1915.     Total errings. \$4,107,365     Operating expenses 2,775,655     Net earnings. \$1,331,381     Other Income. \$15,151,389     Total net income. \$1,511,389     Total payments. \$1,214,349     Surplus. \$324,215	Express Co - Wells Fargo & Co	President, F. D. Underwood; Vice-Presidents, G. F. Brownell, G. A. Rilchardson, D. W. Cooke, A. J. Stone, G. N. Orcutt; Vice-President and Secretary, David Bosman; General Manager, F. B. Lincoln. General Offices, 50 Church Street, New York.
NORPOLK SOUTHERN R. R.   Virginia, North Carolina.     For year ending June 30, 1915.     Total earnings . \$3,875,875     Operating expenses . \$2,973,877     Net earnings . \$901,998     Other income . \$307,166     Total net income . \$1,209,184     Total payments . 1,398,655     Deficit . \$189,491		President, Joseph H. Young; Vice- President, Frederick Hoff, New York: Secretary, Morris S. Haw- kins. General Offices, Norfolk, Va.; New York Office, 37 Wall Street.
NORFOLK & WESTERN RY.	m.: Walton Junction to Bristol, 110.75 m.; North Carolina Junction to Fries, 43.49 m.; Graham to Norton, 100.40 m.; Vers Junction to Cincinnati and Ivorydale, 105.92 m.; branches, 544.21 m. Total mileage, 2,885.99.	President, L. E. Johnson, Roanoke, Va.; Vice-President in Charge of Accounting and Finance, Win. G. Macdowell, Philadelphia, Pa.; Vice-President in Charge of Operation, N. D. Maher, Roanoke, Va.; Vice-President in Charge of Traffic, T. S. Davant, Roanoke, Va.; General Manager, A. C. Needles; Secretary, E. H. Alden, Philadelphia, Pa. General Offices, Roanoke, Va.; New York Offices, 299 and 1245 Broadway.
NORTHERN PACIFIC R.Y. [Wisconsin, Minnesota, North Dakota, Montana, Idaho Washington, Oregon 1975 of the armings \$83,171,65.0 Operating expenses 37,106,104 Net earnings \$26,063,60 Other income 10,439,17 Total net income \$36,502,78. Total payments \$5,039,66 Surplus \$1,462,82	Ashland, Wis., and St. Paul, Minn., to Portland, Ore., Tacoma, Seattle, and Sumas, Wash., 2,97.65 m.; other divisions and branches, 4,246.47 m Total mileage, 7,164.12. Express Co.—Northern.	President, J. M. Hannaford; Vice- President, George T. Slade; General Manager, J. M. Rapelje; Sceretary, G. H. Earl, New York. General Of- frees, St. Paul, Minn.; New York Omces, 34 Nassau Street, 291 and 1244 Broadway.

SYSTEMS, LOCATION, AND FINANCIAL DATA. Divisions, Mileage, and Operating General Officers. NORTHWESTERN PACIFIC
RAILROAD. [California.]
For year ending June 30, 1916.
Total earnings ... \$4,319,597
Operating expenses. 2,752,955
Net earnings ... \$1,566,642
Other income. 136,728 San Francisco to Trinidad, 312.34 m.; Sausalito to Cazadero, 77.93 m.; Christine to Albion, 25.65 m.; branches, 102.36 m. Total mileage, President and General Manager, W. S. Palmer; Vice-President, A. H. Payson; Secretary, G. L. King. General Offices, San Francisco, Cal. Other income..... Total net income \$1,703,370
Total payments 1,618,284
Surplus \$85,086 EXPRESS Co .- Wells Fargo & Co. President, E. E. Calvin, Omaha, Neb.; Vice-President and General Manager, H. V. Platt, Salt Lake City; Secretary, Alex. Milian, Nev York, General Offices, Omaha, Neb., and Salt Lake City, Utah; New York Offices, 165 and 236 OREGON SHORT LINE R. R. [Utah, Wyoming, Idaho, Montana, Oregon.] (Financial report included in "Union Pacific.") Lines in Utah, 219.92 m.; in Wyoming, 125.31 m.; in Idaho, 1,561.78 m.; in Montana, 144.45 m.; in Oregon, 207.18 m. Total mileage, 2,258.64. EXPRESS CO.—American. Broadway. Eastern Pennsylvania Div., 1.259.37
m.; Western Pennsylvania Div., 173.91 m.; Philadelphia Terminal Div., 467.05 m.; Central Div., 1,060.86 m.; Philadelphia, Baitimore & Washington R. R. Div., 697.76 m.; West Jersey & Sea Shore R. R. Div., 338.12 m.; Northern Div., 776.15 m.; Baitimore & Sparrows Point R. R., 5.43 m.; Baitimore, Chesapeake & Atlantic Ry., 87.61 m.; Barnegat R. R., 8.83 m.; Cherry Tree and Dixonville R. R., 3.835 m.; Cornwall & Lehanon R. R., 26.44 m.; Cumberland Valley R. R. lines, 163.65 m.; Long Island R. R. lines, 393.71 m.; Maryland, Delaware & Virginia R. W., 77.43 m.; Monongahela R. R. lines, 163.60 m.; Penna. & Atlantic R., 24.37 m.; Philadelphia & Beach Hatener R., 12.12 m.; Susquelbia & Dixonville R. R., 24.37 m.; Philadelphia & Gerchelbia & Berchelbia & Beach Hatener R., 18.18 m.; Dinon R. R. of Baltimore, 8.25 m.; other branches, 30.16 m. Total mileage lines east, 6,519.02; lines west of Pittsburgh, 5,303.99 m. Total mileage, 11,823.01. Eastern Pennsylvania Div., 1,259.37 m.; Western Pennsylvania Div., President, Samuel Rea; Vice-President, in Charge of Operation, W. W. Atterbury: Vice-President, in Charge of Traffic, G. D. Dixon; Vice-President, in Charge of Finance, H. Tatnail: Vice-President, in Charge of Deal Estate Dividence and Vice-President, Vi PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD. [New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware, Maryland, Pistrict of Co-lumbia, Virginia, West Vir-ginia, Michigan, Kentucky, Obio, Indiana, Illinois, Misnail: Vice-President, in Charge of Real Estate, Purchases and Insur-ance, W. H. Myers; General Man-ayer, S. C. Long, Secretary, Lewis Neilson; Treasurer, Jas. F. Fahne-stock, General Office, Broad Stree-stock, General Office, Broad Stree-stock, General Office, Broad Stree-Station, Philadelphia; New York Offices, 170 Broadway, 263 and 501 Pitth Avenue, 153 W. 125th Street, Desbrosses Street Station, Cort-landt Street Station, Hudson Ter-minal, Cortlandt and Church Streets; Seventh Avenue and Thirty-Second Street, and 35 Cedar Street (Executive and Stock Trans-ter Office). souri.)
For year ending Dec. 31, 1915.
(Rail lines directly operated.)
Total earnings....\$196,628,170
Operating expenses 142,736,560 Net earnings... \$53,891,610 Other income . . . . 20,375,320 Total net Income \$74,266,930
Total payments...... 63,740,167
Surplus...... \$10,526,763 fer Office). PERE MARQUETTE R. R. [Michigan, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Ontario, Canada.]
For year ending June 30, 1916. Total earnings. ... \$21,210,053 Operating expenses. 14,530,424 Net earnings. ... \$6,679,629 Other Income. Chicago-Petoskey Div., 700.09 m.; Detroit-Canadian Div., 495.90 m.; Toledo-Ludington Div., 472.25 m.; Port Huron-Grand Rapids Div., 580.51 m. Total mileage, 2,248.75. Receivers, D. E. Waters and Paul H. King; General Manager, F. H. Alfred. General Offices, Detrolt, Mich.; New York Office, 290 Broad-Other income. 156,610
Total net income. \$6,836,239 EXPRESS Co .- Adams. way. Total payments. . . 6,581,682 Surplus. . . . \$254,557 PHILADELPHIA & READING RAILWAY. [New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware.] For year ending June 30, 1916. Total earnings....\$57,298,392 Reading Div., 399.47 m.; Philadelphia Div., 52.98 m.; New York Div., 155.25 m.; Harrisburg Div., 103.67 m.; Shamokin Div., 265.74 m.; Wilming-ton and Columbia Div., 121.43 m.; other lines operated separately, 491.64 m. Total mileage, 1,581.13. President, Agnew T. Dice; Vice-President and Traffic Manager, John F. Auch; General Manager, Chas. H. Ewing; Secretary, George Zlegler. General Offices, Philadel-phia, Pa. Operating expenses. 33,389,658 Net earnings....\$23,908,734 Other Income..... 431,351
Total net income. \$24,340,085 491.64 m. Total mileage EXPRESS Co.—American. Total payments. . . . 11,671,731 Surplus . . . . . \$12,668,354 Comprising the following lines: Cincinnati, New Orleans and Texas Pacific Ry., 38 m.; Alabama Great Southern R. R., 296 m.; Belt Raliway of Chattanouga, 49 m.; Harriman & Northeastern R. R., 20 m.; Cincinnati, Burnsle & Cumbertland River R. R., 4m. Total mileage, 707. Express Co.—Southern. C., N. O. & T. P. Ry.—President, Fairlax Harrison, Washington, D. C.: Vice-President, T. C. Powell, Cincinnati, Ohio: Secretary, F. S. Wynn, New York: General Man-ager, Horace Baker, Chelnnati, Ohio. New York Office, 120 Broad-QUEEN & CRESCENT SYSTEM. Ohlo, Kentucky, Tennes-see, Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana.]

Total net income, \$27,378,585
Total payments. 18,132,881
Surplus. \$9,245,704

## 226 Principal Railroad Systems of United States and Canada—Con.

SYSTEMS, LOCATION, AND FINANCIAL DATA.	Divisions, Mileage, and Operating Express.	General Officers.
SPOKANE, PORTLAND & SEAT- TLE RAILWAY.   Washing- ton, Oregon.     For year ending June 30, 1916.     Total earnings \$4,971.800     Operating expenses 2,522,054     Net earnings \$2,449,746     Other income \$2.882,511     Total net income \$2.882,511     Total payments 4,902,376     Deficit \$2,019,865	Spokane, Wash to Portland, Ore., 383.32 m.; Willbridge to Holladay, 114.70 m.; branches, 46.72 m Total mileage, 554.74 EXPRESS COS. — Northern; Great Northern.	President, L. C. Gliman. General Offices, Portland, Ore.
ST. LOUIS SOUTHWESTERN RAILWAY. [Illinois, Missouri, Arkansas, Louislana, Texas] For yerr ending June 30, 1916, Total earnings. \$12,224,449 Operating expenses. \$,406,785 Net earnings. \$3,817,664 Other Income. \$5,097,297 Total net income. \$5,097,297 Total payments. \$3,829,849 Surplus. \$1,267,457	St. Louis Southwestern Ry., 943.3 m.; Pine Bluff Arkansas River Ry., 25. m., St. Louis Southwestern of Texas, 810.5 m., Eastern Texas R. R., 30.3 m. Total milease, 1,809.9.	President, Edwin Gould, New York: Vice-Presidents, J. M. Herbert, D. H. Moris, N. B. Burr; Secretary, A. J. Trussell, New York: General Manager, J. W. Everman, Tyler, Tex. General Offices, St. Louis, Mo., Tyler, Tex., and 165 Broadway, New York.
8T. LOUIS & SAN FRANCISCO R. R. [Missouri, Kansas, Arkansas, Oklahoma, Tex- as, Tennessee, Mississippi, Albamai, For year ending June 30, 1916. Total earnings. \$18,403,390 Operating expenses. \$48,971,086  Net earnings. \$13,432,304 Other income. \$14,181,327 Total payments. 12,700,237 Surplus. \$1,481,090	St. Louis & San Francisco R. R., 4,741.58 m.; Paris & Great Northern R. R. 16.94 m. Total mileage, 4,788.52. EXPRESS COS.—Southern operates between Kansus City and Birmingham; Wells Fargo & Co. balance of line.	Receivers, James W. Lusk, W. B. Biddle, W. C. Nixon; Agent for Receivers, C. W. Hillard, New York: General Manager, E. D. Levy; Freight Traffic Marager, J. A. Middleton, General Offices, St. Louis, Mo.; New York Offices, 71 and 385 Broadway.
	Eastern Div., 554.14 m.; Rio Grande Div., 483 m.; Louisiana Div., includ- ing branch lines, 524.26 m.; Fort Worth Div., 382.67 m. Total mile- age, 1,944.07. Express Co.—Wells Fargo & Co.	President, George J. Gould: Vice- Presidents, Kingdon Gould and J. L. Lancaster, New Orleans, La.: General Traffic Manager, N. M. Leach, New Orleans, La.: Secre- tary, C. W. Veltch, New York, General Offices, 165 Broadway, New York; New Orleans, La., and Dallas, Tex.
RAILWAY. See New York Central Railroad.  TOLEDO, ST. LOUIS & WESTERN RAILROAD. [Ohio, Indian, Illinois, Missouri]. For year ending June 30, 1916. Total earnings \$5.643,685 Operating expenses. \$3,623,892 Net earnings \$2,019,473 Other income, fr. 400,968 Total net income. \$1,618,505 Total payments \$1,234,815 Surplus \$323,690		Receiver. W. L. Ross; Genoral Traffic Manager, B. C. Stevenson; Agent for Receiver, James S. Mackie, New York. General Offices, Toledo. Ohlo; New York Office, 60 Wali Street.

Surplus.....

#### RAILROAD COMMISSIONS.

INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION, WASHINGTON, D. C.

Balthasar H. Meyer, of Wisconsin, Chairman; Judson C. Clements, of Georgia; Henry C. Hall, of Concado; Edgar E. Clark, of Iowa; James S. Harlan, of Illinois; Charles C. McChord, of Kentucky; Winthrop M. Daniels, of New Jersey; George B. McGinty, of Georgia, Secretary.

ALABAMA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, Montgomery—S. P. Kennedy, President; B. H. Cooper, S. P. Gaillard; A. Mullin, Secretary.

S. P. Gaillard; A. Mullin, Secretary.

ARIZONA CORPORATION COMMISSION, Phoenix—
F. A. Jones, Chairman; A. W. Cole, W. P. Geary;
W. N. Sangster, Secretary-Auditor,
RALIROAD COMMISSION OF ARKANSAS, Little Rock—
Thomas E. Wood, Chairman; W. F. McKnight,
J. Sam Rowland; Herbert R. Wilson, Secretary.
RALIROAD COMMISSION OF CALIFORNIA, San Francisco—Max Thelen, President; H. D. Loveland,
Alex, Gordon, E. O. Edgerton, Frank R. Deviin;
Charles R. Detrick, Secretary.
PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION OF COLORADO,
Denver—M. H. Aylesworth, Chairman; George T.
Bradley, Sheridan S. Kendall; George F. Oxley,
Secretary.

Secretary.

Connecticut Public Utilities Commission,
Hartford—Richard T. Higgins, Chalrman; C. C.
Elwell, John H. Hale; Henry F. Billings, Secretary.
Public Utilities Commission of the District
of Columbia, Washington, D. C.—
RALBOAD COMMISSIONERS of Florida, Tallahasse—R. Hudson Burt, Chairman; N. A. Blitch,
Royal C. Dunn; J. Will Yon, Secretary.
RALROAD COMMISSION of GEORGIA, Atlanta—
Charles M. Candler, Chairman; George Hillyer,
Joseph F. Gray, Paul B. Trammell, James A. Perry;
Albert Collier, Secretary.
Public Utilities Commission of Hawaii, Honolulu.

PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION OF HAWAII, HONOluli.

PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION OF IDAHO, BOISS—
A P. Ramstedt, President; John W. Graham, A. L.
Frechafor; E. G. Gallet, Secretary,
PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION OF ILLINOIS, Springfield—William L. O'Connell, Chairman; O. P.
Thompson, Walter A. Shaw, Richard Yates, Frank
H. Funk; R. V. Prather, Secretary.
PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF INDIANA, Indianapoiis—Thomas. C. Duncan, Chairman; John
F. McClure, Charles A. Edwards, James L. Clark;
J. L. Reiley, Secretary.
10wA BOARD OF RAILROAD COMMISSIONERS, Des
Moines—Clifford Thorne, Chairman; J. H. Wilson,
John A. Gulher; George L. McCaughan, Secretary.
KANSAS PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION, Topeka—
Joseph L. Bristow, Chairman; John M. Kinkel, C.
F. Foley: Carl W. Moore, Secretary.
KENTUCKY RAILROAD COMMISSION, Frankfort—
Laurence B. Finn, Chairman; S. T. Douthitt, H.
Green Garrett, Richard Tobin, Secretary.
RAILROAD COMMISSION OF LOUISIANA, Baton
Rouge—Sheby Taylor, Chairman; S. R. Bridges,
John T. Michel; Henry Jastemski, Secretary.
PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION OF MAINS, Augusta—Benjamin F. Cleaves, Chairman; William B.
Skeiton, Charles W. Mullen; George F. Giddings,
Clerk,
MARYLAND PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, Balti-

MARYLAND PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, Balti-more—Albert G. Towers, Chairman; E. Clay Timanus, Philip D. Laird; Benjamin T. Fendali,

Secretary Secretary.
Public Service Commission of Massachusetts,
Boston—Frederick J. MacLeod, Chairman; Everett
E. Stone, Joseph B. Eastman, John F. Meaney;
Andrew A. Highlands, Secretary.

Andrew A. Highlands, Secretary.
MICHIGAN RALIROAD COMMISSION, Lansing—Lawton T. Hemans, Chairman; Cassius L. Glasgow, C. S. Cunningham; Williard N. Sweeney, Secretary.
MINNESOTA RALIROAD AND WAREHOUSE COMMISSIONERS, St. Paul—Ira B. Mills, Chairman; Charles E. Elmquist, O. P. B. Jacobson; A. C. Clausen, Secretary.

Secretary.

MISSISSIPPI RAILROAD COMMISSION, Jackson—F.
M. Sheppard, President; George R. Edwards, W.
B. Wilson; James Galceran, Secretary.
PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF MISSOURI, Jefferson City—William G. Busby, Chairman; Edwin J.
Bean, John Kennish, Howard B. Shaw, Eugene
McQuillin; T. M. Bradbury, Secretary.
RAILROAD AND PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF
MONTANA, Helena—J. H. Hall, Chairman; F. A.
Morley, J. E. McCormick; W. B. Rhoades, Secretary.
NEBRASKA STATE RAILWAY COMMISSION, Lincoln

—H. T. Clarke, Jr., Chalrman; Thomas L. Hall, H. G. Taylor; T. A. Browne, Secretary.
RALROAD COMMISSION OF NEVADA, Carson Clty—H. F. Bartine, Chilef Commissioner; J. F. Shaughnessy, W. H. Simmons; E. H. Walker,

Secretary,
PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF NEW HAMPSHIRE
Concord—Edward C. Niles, Chairman; Thomas W.
D. Worthen, William T. Gunnison; Walter H

Thum, Clerk

NEW JERSEY BOARD OF PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSIONERS, Trenton—Ralph W. E. Donges, President; John J. Treacy, John W. Slocum; Alfred N. Barber, Secretary.

STATE CORPORATION COMMISSION OF NEW MEXICO,

STATE CORNORATION COMMISSION OF NEW MEXICO.
SAITA FÉ—M. S. Groves, Chalrman; Hugh H.
Williams, O. L. Owen; Edwin F. Coard, Clerk.
New York Public Service Commissions, First
District (Greater New York), New York City—
Oscar S. Straus, Chalrman; William Hayward,
Henry W. Hodge, Travis H. Whitney, Charles S.
Hervey; James B. Walker, Secretary. Second DisTrict (all of the State outside Greater New York),
Albany—Seymour Van Santvoord, Chalrman; Devoe
P, Hodson, Wm. Temple Emmet, Frank Irvine,
James O. Carr; Francis X. Disney, Secretary.
North Carolina Corporation Commission,
Raleigh—Edward L. Travis, Chalrman; William T.
Lec, George P. Pell; A. J. Maxwell, Clerk.
North Dakota Board of Ralroad CommisSIONERS, Bismarck—W. H. Stutsman, President;
O. P. N. Anderson, W. H. Mann; Walter F. Cushing,
Secretary.

Secretary.

PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION OF OHIO, Columbus
-Beecher W. Waltermire, Chalrman; Louis M.
Day, Lawrence K. Langdon; D. H. Armstrong,

Secretary.

CORPORATION COMMISSION OF OKLAHOMA, Oklahoma City—J. E. Love, Chalrman; George A. Henshaw, W. D. Humphrey; J. H. Hyde, Secretary, RAILROAD COMMISSION OF OREGON, Salem—Thomas K. Campbell, Chalrman; Frank J. Miller, Hylen H. Corey; Edward Ostrander, Secretary, Public Service Commission of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, Harrisburg—W. D. B. Alney, Chairman; John S. Rilling, William A. Magee, Milton R. Brecht, Michael J. Ryan, James Alcorn; Archibald B. Millar, Secretary, Public Utilities Commission of Philippine Islands, Manila.

PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF RHODE ISLAND, Providence—William C. Bliss, Chair-man; Samuel E. Hudson, Robert F. Rodman; John W. Rowe, Secretary.

SOUTH CAROLINA RAILEOAD COMMISSION, Columbia—G. McD. Hampton, Chalrman; John G. Richards, Frank W. Shealy; J. P. Darby, Secretary. Richards, Frank W. Shean; J. F. Daroy, Secretary.
SOUTH DAKOTA RALIROAD COMMISSIONERS, Pierre
—J. J. Murphy, Chairman; P. W. Dougherty, W.
G. Smith; H. A. USU'ud, Secretary.
TENNESSEE RALIROAD COMMISSIONERS, Nashville
—B. A. Enloe, Chalirman; H. H. Hannah, George
N. Welch; Miss Willie Fields, Secretary.

RAILROAD COMMISSION OF TEXAS, Austin—Allison Mayfield, Chairman; William D. Williams, Earle B. Mayfield; E. R. McLean, Secretary.

VERMONT PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION—Brattle-boro—Robert C. Bacon, Chalrman; William R. Warner, Walter A. Dutton; Neil D. Clawson, Clerk.

STATE CORPORATION COMMISSION, VIRGINIA; RIchmond—Robert R. Prentis, Chalirman; William F. Rhea, J. Richard Wingfield, R. T. Wilson, Clerk. PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF WASHINGTON, Olympla—E. F. Bialne, Chalrman; Arthur A. Lewis, Frank R. Spinning, J. H. Brown, Secretary.

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF WEST VIRGINIA, Charleston—E. F. Morgan, Chairman, Elliott Northcott, E. G. Rider, R. B. Bernheim, Secretary. RAILROAD COMMISSION OF WISCONSIN, Madison—Carl D. Jackson, Walter Alexander, Henry R. Trumbower; Haroid L. Geisse, Secretary, Wyomino Public Service Commission, Cheyenne

#### RAILROAD COMMISSIONS-Continued.

—The Governor, Chairman; Robert B. Forsyth, Herman B. Gates; H. A. Floyd, Secretary.

Board of Rallway Commissioners for Canada, Ottawa—Henry L. Drayton, Chief Commissioner; D'Arcy Scott, W. B. Nantei, S. J. McLean, A. S. Goodeve; A. D. Cartwright, Secretary.

MANITOBA PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION, Winnipeg, Canada.

NEW BRUNSWICK PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION,

NEW DRUNNER TO BE COMMISSIONERS OF PUB-LIC UTILITIES, Halifax, N S.

THE ONTARIO RAILWAY MUNICIPAL BOARD,

Toronto, Ont.

QUEBEC PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION, Quebec, Canada

#### RAILROAD STATISTICS.

(From Report of Interstate Commerce Commission for fiscal year ended June 30, 1915.)

On June 30, 1915, the roads covered by this report represented 257,569.32 miles of line operated, including 11,279.64 miles used under trackage rights. The aggregate mileage of railway tracks of all kinds covered by these roads was 391,141.51 miles.

covered by these roads was 391,141,51 miles.

Equipment—11 appears from the annual reports submitted to the commission by the roads that there were 65,099 locomotives in their service on June 30, 1915, as shown by the Ioliowing statement: Steam, 64,835; other, 264; total, 65,099. The total number of cars of all classes in service was 2,507,977. assigned as follows: Passenger service, 55,705 cars; freight service, 2,365,338; company service, 95,934. These figures do not include so-called private cars of commercial firms or corporations. Of the cars in freight service, exclusive of cabcose cars, 2,327,562 were classified as follows: Box cars, 1,041,030, 36,978,004 tons; flat cars. 145,191, 5,225,995 tons; stock cars, 86,312, 2,759,536 tons; coal cars, 900,780, 41,-287,823 tons; tank cars, 9,512, 379,415 tons; refrigerator cars, 52,443, 1,681,212 tons; other freight-train cars, 92,294, 3,913,556 tons; total 2,327,562, 92,225,541 tons.

Employés—Class I and Class II roads, operating

92,225,541 tons.

Employés—Class I and Class II roads, operating 24,858.89 miles of line, reported 1,409,342 as the average number of employés in their service during the year ended June 30, 1915. The total amount of compensation reported as paid to rallway employés during the year by roads of the same classes, operating 224,371.01 miles of line, was \$1,164,844,430. The foregoing figures for average number of employés are not comparable with similar items for prior years. In 1915 the Interstate Commerce Commission for the first time prescribed rules to govern the railway companies in the classification of steam railway employés and their compensation for the annual reports required to be made by such companies to the Commission. These rules, which became formally effective on July 1, 1915, divide employés with respect to occupation into 68 classes, and though, In anticipation of the rules, provision and though, in anticipation of the rules, provision

the year, \$203,105,7/4.

Passengers carried, 976,303,602; passengers carried one mile, 32,384,247,563; tons of freight moved, 1,802,018,177; tons carried one mile, 276,830,302,723.

Traffic earnings—Passengers, \$646,475,045; freight, \$2,037,925,560, and, including revenue from miscellaneous sources, making total operating revenues \$2,956,193,202.

Operating expenses—Maintenance of way and structures, \$351,532,488; maintenance of equipment, \$509,818,744; traffic expenses, \$60,962,687; transportation expenses, \$1,032,442,821; general expenses, \$79,043,173; total operating expenses, \$2,088,682,956

#### CAPITALIZATION OF RAILWAY PROPERTY

On June 30, 1915, according to the annual reports submitted to the Interstate Commerce Commission by roads, the par value of the amount of railway capital outstanding was \$21,127,959,078. This amount includes capital securities held by the railway companies concerned, as well as by the public. Of the total amount there existed as stock \$8,994,894,721, and as funded debt \$12,133,064 357. Of the total capital stock outstanding for the roads under consideration, \$3,415,472,806, or 39.55 per cent, paid no dividends. The amount of dividends declared during the year (by both operating and non-operating companies represented in this statement) was \$328,477,938, being equivalent to 6.29 per cent on dividend-paying stock. The average rate of dividends paid on all stocks outstanding pertaining to the roads under consideration was 3.80 per cent.

#### THE WORLD'S PRINCIPAL RAILROAD TERMINALS.

	Total:	Length	No.	No. of		Totai	Length	No.	No. of
		Track.		Plat-		Area,	Track,		Plat-
	Acres.	Miles.	Tracks	forms.		Acres.	Miles.	Tracks	forms.
New York Central.					Boston, South Sta-				
Grand Central					tion	9.2	15.0	32	19
Terminal, N. Y.					Chicago & North-				
City	79.0	33.6	67	36	western, Chicago	8.0	2.7	16	8
Pennsylvania Sta-		]	1		London, Waterloo				Ì
tion, N. Y. City.		16.0	21	11	Station	8.75		18	
Washington, Union		1			Paris, St. Lazare	11.2	3.5	31	14
Station	13.0		29	13	Frankfort, Main				
Kansas City, Mo.,		1			Station	11.0		18	9
Union Station	5.5		32	16	Dresden, Main Sta-				_
St. Louis, Union		l			_ tion	7.0	3.0	14	8 9
Station	10.9	5.4	32	1 16	Cologne	5.8	3.4	14	( 9

#### RAILWAY EMPLOYES IN THE UNITED STATES.\*

(From latest available Statistical Report of the Interstate Commerce Commission.)

General officers (selow \$3,000)   1,027   1   1,194   Teleg., telep., and block oper   4,686   2   518   520   Division officers (below \$3,000)   7,645   3   5,520   Teleg. & telep., and block oper   1,8361   8   263   263   264   2							·	
General officers (below \$3,000)   3,330   1   6,501   Train despatchers and direct rs   4,686   2   518   519	CLASS.	Average Number.	Per 100 M's Line.	Average Hourly Pay.	CLASS.	vera	Per 100 M's Line.	Average Hourly Pay.
	ieneral officers (below \$3.000 biv n officers (\$3.000 and up) bivision officers (\$6.000 and up) bivision officers (\$9.000 per annum and up lerks (below \$9.000 per annum lessengers and attendantsst' tengineers & draughtsme ection foremen.  ien, foremen, M. E. dept., iang and oth. I'men, M. E. dept., iang and oth. I'men, M. E. dept., is a season and bricklayers. It is the state of the season and bricklayers. It is the state of the season and bricklayers. It is the state of the season and bricklayers. It is the season and bricklayers. It is the season and bricklayers. It is the season and bricklayers. It is the season and bricklayers are repairers are repairers. It is the skilled labor feed and the season and bricklayers are repairers. It is the skilled labor feed and the season and solicitor in the sea	) 3.330 1.027 7.645 54.225 ) 89.845 8.131 7.144 6.171 37.356 14.205 10.738	24 40 43 33 17 16 15 53 1 19 4 2 2 7 2 4 19 29 95 12	.6594 .520 .416 .224 .140 .403 .328 .232 .429 .347 .386 .379 .279 .285 .266 .232 .265 .283 .225 .266 .150	Train despatchers and direct is Teleg, telep, and block oper Teleg, & telep, op'g interlockers Levermen. Teleg, & telep, op'g interlockers Levermen. Telegrapher clerks Agent telegraphers Station agents. Station asservice. Station service. Yard engineers and assistants. Station service. Yard engineers and motormen. Yard engineers and motormen. Yard conductors. Yard conductors. Yard conductors. Rid paskeren and helpers Rod freight conductors engineer. Rid firt. brakemen and fiagmen. Rid pas ger eng. & motormen. All other employés, excepting those unlisted. Total.	4,686 18,361 7,425 2,903 9,065 18,597 14,168 613 3,122 12,192 12,425 11,716 30,523 23,830 24,834 19,756 49,448 11,817 11,411 9,936 13,560 13,560 13,560 13,560 13,560 14,747 27,119	31 48 66 57 15 56 53 111 111 99 22 55 46 63 12	.263 .286 .212 .240 .222 .251 .299 .398 .424 .260 .386 .3493 .378 .494 .497 .653 .376 .191

<sup>\*</sup> As of date, June 30, 1915. Does not include roads having annual operating revenues below \$100,000, and switching and terminal companies.

RAILWAY AC	CIDEN	TS IN	THE	UNITE	DST	TES.		
* Includes certain classes of casual-		STEAM R	AILWAYS	3.	E	LECTRIC	RAILWA	rs.
ties that for years 1915-14 were included		16.	19	15.	19	16.	19	15.
in "Other Causes."	Killed.	Injur'd.	Killed.	Injur'd.	Killed.	Injur'd.	Killed.	Injur'd.
Passengers-In train accidents	141	3,850	89	4,648		708	9	769
Other causes	142		133	7,462		1,208	26	1,696
Total	283	8,379	222	12,110	25	1,916	35	2,465
Employes on duty-In train accidents	304	3,352	221	3,371	10	97	9	111
In coupling accidents	123 59	2,194	90	1,993 1.083		22 20		14
Overhead obstructions, etc Falling from cars, etc	384	1,310 $12,196$	368			106		21 134
Other causes	1,101	23,374	870	20,865	18	214	8	221
Total	1,971	42,426	1,594	38,060	37	459	24	501
Total passengers and employés	===	===			==	===	===	==
on duty	2,254	50,805	1.816	50,170	62	2,375	59	2,966
Developing and on duty. In their co.			===	===	===	===	===	===
Employes not on duty—In train ac-	9	60	5	72				4
cidents In coupling accidents				1				
Overnead obstructions, etc	5 57	13 292	45	10 287				
Falling from cars, etc Other causes	230	361	165			2		16
Total	301	726	215	840	1			25
	===	===	====	===	===	====	<u>`</u>	
Other persons—Not trespassing— In train accidents	11	92	7	110		7		or
Other causes	1.467	4.352	1,156	5,280	216	922	190	1.093
Total	1,478	4,444	1,163	5,390	216	929	191	1,118
Description In train analdonta	84	119	88	161		===	===	====
Trespassers—In train accidents	4,763	4.990	4.996		130	95	····ioà	106
Total	4,847	5,109	5.084	6,448	131	95	103	106
				===	====	===		100
Total accidents involving train operation	8,880	61,084	8,278	62.848	410	3,402	356	4.215
Non-train accidents*		119,296		99,192	36	1.160	16	932
Grand total	9,366	180,380	8,621	162,040	446	4,562	372	5,147

Figures for the year 1915 cover only industrial accidents to employes not involving train operation. The corresponding figures for the fiscal year 1916 are 398 employes killed and 116,699 injured for steam railways and 15 employes killed and 974 injured for electric railways.

The number of passengers carried by roads having annual operating revenues above \$100,000 during the year ended June 30, 1915, was 976,303,602; 1914, 1,053,128,718; 1913, 1,033,679,680. The passenger milicage or the number of passengers carried one mile in 1915 was 32,384,247,563; in 1914, 35,258,497,509.

#### RAILWAY MILEACE IN THE UNITED STATES."

RAILWAY MILEAGE IN THE UNITED STATES.\*

(From Statistical Report of the Interstate Commerce Commission for year ended June 30, 1915.)

Total miles of railway in each State as follows: Alabama 5,424, Alaska (see foot note), Arizona 2,360,
Arkanass 5,407, California 8,451, Colorado 5,724, Connecticut 1999, Delawar 335, Florida 5,252, Georgia
7,427, Hawaii (see foot note), Idaho 2,792, Illinois 12,157, Indiana 7,479, lowa 9,978, Kansas 9,261, Kenrucky 3,802, Louislana 5,729, Mane 2,276, Maryland 1,434, Massachusetts 2,131, Michigan 8,862, Minnesota 9,060, Mississippi 4,470, Missourl 8,275, Montana 4,844, Ncbraska 6,171, Nevada 2,332, New
Hampshire 1,256, New Jersey 2,315, New Mexico 3,038, New York 8,534, North Carolina 5,656, North
Dakota 5,226, Ohio 9,159, Oktahoma 6,405, Oregon 3,115, Pennsylvania 11,693, Rhode Island 203, South
Carolina 3,690, South Dakota 4,278, Tennessee 4,101, Texas 15,831, Utah 2,111, Vermont 1,073, Virginia
4,729, Washington 5,560, West Virginia 3,910, Wisconsin 7,638, Wyoming 1,891, District of Columbia 36,
Grand total mileage in U. S. in 1906, 224,363; in 1907, 229,951; in 1908, 233,467; in 1909, 233,834;
in 1910, 240,293; in 1911, 243,979; in 1912, 246,776; in 1913, 249,776; in 1914, 252,230; in 1915, 253,789.

\* Does not include mileage of switching and terminal companies. Mileage: In Alaska, 462 miles: in Hawaii, 250 miles.

RAILWAYS OF AMERICA "CROUPED" BY CAPITALISTS.

The great railroad systems of the United States have been reduced to a few "groups" by means of consolidation and reconsolidation. The following is a list of these groups, which comprise three-quarters of all the railroad lines of the country:

GROUPS.	Mileage.	Stocks.	Bonds.
Vanderbilt			\$765,443,700
Pennsylvania		786,119,000 758,220,000	581,229,000 1.115,781,410
Hill	14,196	419,224,000	434,812,000
MorganGould		575,221,000 542,221,000	547,119,000 824,117,000
Moore-Reid	14,321	152,906,000	142,623,500
Rockefeller's	18,196 11,923	262,117,000 152,127,000	
Independent			
Total	†227,867	\$5,577,383,000	\$5,972,286,610

\*Increase in mileage, etc., of independent lines, due to change in both the Moore-Reid and Erb syndicate holdings, during past year. † October 1, 1916, one-seventh of the total railroad mileage of this country, on which is over one-ninth of the total capitalization, was in the hands of receivers. Total mileage of such roads is 37,530, with a total bonded debt of \$1,488,137,616 and capital stock of \$653,929,551. This compares with a total of eighty-two railways operating 41,988 miles of line and with a total capitalization of \$2,264,000,000 in hands of receivers on October 1, 1915.

OPERATIONS OF BRITISH RAILWAYS.

(Report of U S. Vice-Consul-General, London.)

Government returns show that during 1913 the railways of the United Kingdom carried 1,228,316,000 passengers and 371,571,000 tons of freight. The passengers were divided into classes as follows: First, 26,025,000; second, 12,088,000; third, 933,498,000, and workmen, 256,705,000. The number of season-ticket holders is estimated to have been about 595,000.

The length of the lines, reduced to single track, was 55,438 miles. The gross receipts of the companies were \$677.674, 724, of which \$277,044,978 was derived from passenger traffic, \$324,-191,630 from freight traffic, and \$76,438, 115 from other sources, mainly subsidiary businesses. The gross expenditure was \$424,563.193, of which \$383,494,799 was devoted to operating expenses, leaving a net income of \$253.111,531.

The gross revenue and trading profit of the minor businesses are a matter of much interest and

The gross revenue and trading profit of the minor businesses are a matter of much interest and

they are also shown:

ITEMS.	Gross Revenue.		ITEMS.	Gross Revenue.	Trading Profit.
Passenger road vehicles Steamboats	12,550,703 5,358,016	705,642 1,708,142	Hotels and refreshment rooms and carsOther businesses	\$15,548,468 554,781.	\$2,705,774 \$79,587 \$11,723,398

Sir Edgar Speyer, presiding at a meeting September 19, 1914, of the underground electric rail-ways in London, said 900,000,000 passengers had been carried without a single fatality since the opening of the tube and the electrification of the district railway.

AMERICA'S TWENTY BEST CUSTOMERS.

(From Report of Burean of Foreign and Domestic Commerce.)

The following table is arranged to show the twenty heaviest buyers of American goods, as indicated by the value of exports from the United States during the fiscal years 1915 and 1916.

	1915.			191	5.	<u> </u>	191	6.
_	COUNTRY.	Value.		COUNTRY.	Value.		COUNTRY.	Value.
23	England France Canada Italy Netherlands	369,397,170 300,692,405 184,819,683 143,267,019	17 18 19 20	ArgentinaGermanyBrazilPhilippinesGreece	25,629,555 24,755,320	7 8 9 10	Russia (Asia) Cuba Netherlands Japan Scotland Argentina	\$130,255,759 127,040,067 99,232,930 75,098,188 66,037,362 65,993,611
7	Sweden	78,273,818 75,530,382	}	191	6.	12	Australla Denmark	59,245,084 55,662,411
9	Scotland	53,612,156 43,620,676	II .	COUNTRY.	Value.	114	Norway Spain	53,678,126 52,771,652
1:	Japan	41,514,792 39,074,701 38,112,969	1 2 3	England France Canada Italy.	630,672,504 466,884,415	16 17 18	Sweden	
	5 Merico	34 164 447	11 5	Russia (Europe)	183 259,605	120	Greecel	31.024.363

#### RAILROAD SPEED.

#### NOTABLE FAST RUNS OF PASSENGER TRAINS FOR LONG DISTANCES.

					JSIVE.
DATE.	Railroad.	Terminals.	Dis- tance.	Time,	Miles
2.112.	There out,	i ciminais.	Miles.	Н. М.	Per Hour,
					Hour.
May, 1848	Great Western (England)	London—Didcot London—Edinburgh	53.25	0.47	68
Aug., 1888	London, N. W. & Caledonian	London-Edinburgh	400	7.38	52.4
April. 1895	Pennsylvania	ICamden—Atlantic City	58 3	0.45%	76.50
Aug., 1895	London & Northwestern	London—Aberdeen	540	8.32	63.28*
Sept., 1895	New York Central & H. R	New York—Buffalo	436.50	6.47	64.33*
Sept., 1895	N. Y. Central "World Flyer"	Albany—Syracuse	148	2.10	68.3
Feb., 1897	Chicago, Burnington & Quincy	Chicago—Denver	1,025	18.52	58.74
April, 1897	Durington Pouts	Alpine, N. Y.—Geneva Junc., N. Y.	43.96	0.33	80
May, 1900	Burlington Poute	Burlington—Chicago Eckley—Wray	14 0	3.08/2	65.5‡
Aug 1002	"20th Century Ltd " on L Shore	Kendaiville—Toledo	01.0	1.15	$\frac{98.7}{72.8}$
Mar 1902	Atlantic Coast Line	Jacksonville—Savannah	179		70.7
July, 1903	Great Western (England)	London—Plymouth	246	3.54	63.13
April, 1904	Mlchigan Central	Niagara Falls—Windsor	225 66	3 1116	70 74
July, 1904	Great Western (England)	Paddington—Bristol	118.5	1.24	84.6
June, 1905	Pennsylvania	Chicago—Pittsburgh	468		63.53*
June, 1905	Lake Shore & Mich. Southern	Chicago—Pittsburgh. Buffalo—Chleago	525	7.50	69.69t
June, 1905	Pennsylvania	New York—Chicago	897	16.3	56.07
June, 1905	New York Central	Chlcago—New York	960.5	15.56	60.281
		Washington, Ohio-Fort Wayne			75.84
Oct., 1905	Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne & Chicago	Crestline, Ohlo—Clark Junc., Ind	257.4	3.27	74.55
Mar., 1909	New York Central	New York—Chicago	965	15.43	62.54
Feb., 1911	Pennsylvania	Altoona—Philadelphia †Toledo—Elkhart	235	3.29	67.2
April, 1911	Dilledelphia & Deading	Elkins Park (20 minutes out of Phila-	133	1.46	75.28
Mar., 1912	rimaueipina & Reading	delphia)—Jersey City	01	1.16	63.9
Mov. 1012	190th Century Itd "on I Shore	Elkhart—Toledo			
Iviay, 1912	20th Century Lad., On L. Shore	(Enanary Torono,	199	1.47	74.26

<sup>\*</sup> Including stops. † Start and stop with 9 cars and 2 engines. † Excluding stops.

#### FASTEST RECORDED RUNS FOR SHORT DISTANCES.

DATE.	Railroad.	Terminals.	Dis- tance, Miles.	Time, M. S.	Miles Per Hour.
Aug., 1895 Jan., 1899 Mar., 1901 Jan., 1903 April, 1904 July, 1904	Pennsylvania. Burlington Route. Plant System. N. Y. Central & H. R. Michigan Central. Philadelphia & Reading.	Crittenden—"Empire State Exp." Landover—Anacosta. Siding—Arlon. Run from Fleming to Jacksonville. Palmyra—Macedon. Crisman—Lake. Egg Harbor—Brigantine Junction. Crotton—Ossining.	5.1 2.4 5 7.29 3.73 4.8	$2.30 \\ 4.00 \\ 2.00 \\ 2.30$	102 108 120 109.35 111.90 115.20

The fastest time on record for a distance of over 440 miles was made by the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern R. R. from Buffalo to Chicago, in June, 1905, noted above. The fastest long distance run less than 440 miles was on the New York Central R. R., September 11, 1895, from New York to Buffalo, 436½ miles, in 407 minutes actual time. Average speed, 64 1-3 miles an hour, with two stops and 28 slow-ups, and on January 1, 1903, from Albany to Buffalo, 302 miles, in 295 minutes.

Among the fastest regular trains in the United States, for a shorter distance, are believed to be the New York Central "Empire State Express," between New York and Albany, 143 miles in 175 minutes, and the "Congressional Limited," on the Pennsylvania Railroad, which makes the run from Jersey City to Washington in 4 hours 46 minutes, a distance of 227 miles. The "Pennsylvania Special" over P. R. R., which runs from Jersey City to North Philadelphia, 84 miles in 83 minutes; from Jersey City to Harrisburg, Pa., 194 miles in 196 minutes. The "Royal Blue Line" from New York to Philadelphia (Reading Terminal), 91, miles in 1 hour 50 minutes. On November 25, 1913, a special train, consisting of a locomotive and two cars, ran from Washington, D. C., to Jersey City, 227 miles, in 4 hours, the fastest trip ever made between the two cities. two citles.

On August 15, 1898, on P. & R. and C. R. R. of N. J., "Royal Blue Line," between Elizabeth, N. J., and Jenkintown, a distance of 69 miles, in 61 minutes, including 2 slow-ups, some of the miles being traversed in 38 seconds.

On October 7, 1913, a special train on the Baltimore & Ohlo, occupied by a party of baseball writers en route to report the World's Series, ran from Pittsburgh to Cumberland, Md., 147 miles, in 3 hours and 37 minutes, without stops, and from Cumberland to Baltimore, 190 miles, whothout stops, in 3 hours and 55 minutes, an average of 48.7 miles per hour. Both of these runs were made without taking water.

The Jarrett and Palmer special theatrical train, Jersey Clty to Oakland (San Francisco), 3,311 miles, June, 1876, 83 hours 45 minutes; average speed, 39.53 miles per hour.

In October, 1905, the "Harriman Special" made the run from Oakland to Jersey City (3,239 miles) in 73 hours 12 minutes, or 44.30 miles per hour. In May, 1906, the "Harriman Special" made the run from Oakland, Cal., to New York City in 71 hours 27 minutes.

The "Scott Special" left Los Angeles. Cal., July 9, 1905, and arrived in Chicago (2,415.5 miles), July 11, having made the run in 44 hours 54 minutes, maintaining an average speed while in motion of 51 miles an hour.

On November 15, 1907, at Clayton, N. J., in a trial test on Pennsylvania R. R. between steam and electric locomotives, the steam engine made 93.6 miles an hour on a specially built seven mile curved track, while the electric locomotive made but 90 miles an hour.

A special train of an engine and two cars, which was run in January, 1911, to carry J. P. Morgan from Washington to New York over the Pennsylvania Rallroad, made the trip of 226.8 miles in 3 hours 55 minutes and 30 seconds, or at the rate of 57.8 miles an hour. The speed over the New York Division, West Philadelphia to New York, 90.5 miles, averaged 67 miles an hour.

#### RAILROAD SPEED-Continued.

In February, 1911, the "Gates Special," from Yuma, Ariz., to New York, 2,787 miles, made the run in 74 hours 19 minutes, or an average of 40.41 miles per hour, including stops. From Albany to New York the trip, 143 miles, was made in 143 minutes.

A remarkable record was made in the run of a slik train between Seattle and New York in October, 1911. The distance is 3.178 miles, and the time made 82½ hours. The average speed all the way across the continent, including stops and a delay of more than two hours in switching at Chicago, was 38½ miles per hour. SOME FOREIGN RAILWAY RUNS.

The Northern Railway runs a day express from Berlin to Paris, which covers the distance from Paris to St. Quentin (96¼ miles) in 93 minutes. The Eastern Railway Company has an afternoon express from Paris to Basel, which runs the first 164.37 miles in 107 minutes. The fastest train in Germany is the socialed "D-Zug 20", between Berlin and Hamburg, which maintains an average speed of 55.177 miles per hour. (U. S. Consular Report.)

(From "Archiv für Elsenbahnwesen," showing mileage in 1913, published by Prussian Ministry of Public Works, Berlin.)

SINGLE TRACK ONLY OR LENGTH OF THE LINE.							
COUNTRY.	Total Mile- age.	State Owned.	COUNTRY.	Total Mile- age.	State Owned.		
EUROPE: Germany. Austria-Hungary.	39,600 28,706 23,436	36,619 23,442	AMERICA. Canada. United States. Newfoundland.	29,298 255,332 769	1,771		
Great Bitain	31,807 38,648 10,957	5,610 24,563 9,090	Mexico. Central America. Greater Antilles.	15,840 2,005 3,406	12,351 359 150		
Beiglum. Luxemburg. Netherlands. Switzerland.	5,477 326 2,023 3,022	2,705 122 1,113 1,701	Lesser Antilles	336 621 634 104	110 68		
Spain Portugal Denmark	9,538 1,853 2,343	713 1,217	Dutch Gulana Ecuador Peru.	37 652 1.719	1,053		
Norway Sweden Serbia Roumania	1,921 9,004 634 2,338	1,635 2,864 634 2,205	Bolivia Brazil Paraguay Uruguay	1,502 15,525 232 1,639	6,727		
Greece Bulgaria. Turkey in Europe. Malta. Jersey. Man.	1,000 1,200 1,239 68	1,200	Chile Argentina Totals	3,958 20,639 354,248	1,981 3,490 28,060		
Totals		115,433	AFRICA: Egypt	3,695 3,965	2,909		
Russia (Central Asiatic Province) Siberia China Japan, including Korea (Chosen).	9,886 6,123 6,826	6,803 4.870	Belgian Congo Colony South African Union: Cape Colony Natal	3,976 1,103	1,103		
British East India. Ceylon. Persla. Asia Minor, etc.	34,648 603 34 3,398	29,317 912	Central South Africa. Rhodesia. † Colonies of Germany:	3,468 2,406	3,312		
Portuguese India	51 857 1,773	1,537	German East Africa	1,307 203 193			
Slam	$\begin{array}{ c c c }\hline 702\\ 3,297\\ \hline 68,198\\ \hline \end{array}$	44,037	EnglandFranceItaly.	2,355 1,999 96	1,314		
AUSTRALIA, ETC.: New ZealandVictoria	2,889 3,672	2,860 3,647	Portugal  Totals	1,009 27,531	16,467		
New South Wales. South Australia. Queensland Tasmania West Australia.	4,097 2,313 4,817 701	3,930 2,080 4,524 507	SUMMARY: Europe	215,140 354,248 68,198	28,060 44,037		
West Australia	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	2,854	Africa. Australia, etc. Grand totals.	27,531 22,006 687,123	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c }\hline 16,467 \\ 20,402 \\ \hline 224,399 \\ \hline \end{array}$		
	22,000	201202					

† Subject to change because of war.

## MANUFACTURES OF CREATER NEW YORK. (From a statement prepared by the Census Office for year 1914.)

	Boroughs of Manhattan and Bronx.	Borough of Brooklyn.	Total, Greater New York.*
Number of establishmeuts. Capital. Cost of materials used. Salaries and wages. Value of products. Value added by manufacture (products less cost of materials) Employés: Number of salaried officials and clerks. Average number wage-earners employed during the year	\$951,407,000 \$788,615,000 \$368,684,000 \$1,577,852,000 \$789,237,000 90,756 405,289	\$448,757,000 \$298,269,000 \$109,832,000 \$515,303,000 \$217,034,000 19,592 140,881	\$1,626,104,000 \$1,229,155,000 \$510,711,000 \$2,292,832,000 \$1,063,677,000 116,100
* Includes Bronx, Brooklyn, Manhattan, Queens, and F	tichmond Borou	ghs.	

#### CORPORATION PENSIONS IN THE UNITED STATES.

The following table shows the estimated number of employés on the following roads now having pension systems in force. In general all the roads here shown has their pensions on a percentage of the employé's wages, multiplied by the number of years that he has been in service For example, the rate on the Pennsylvania is I per cent. A man having worked 40 years received a pension equal to 40 per cent. of his average salary for the 10 years pecceding retirement. Most companies include in their rules a reservation of the right to vary the rate of pensions if the total requirements of any one year shall demand more than a predetermined gross amount. All of the companies in counting time include years of service under other companies bought by or consolidated with the present one. Short breaks in the service not due to any fault of the employé, or due to a minor fault involving suspensions, are generally overlooked.

Railro4b	No. of Employés.	No. of Employés on Pen- sion Roll.	During	Employes	Age at Which Employé May Receive Pension.	Date Estab- lished.
Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fé Atlantic Coast Line* Baltimore & Ohio*	55,518 20,654 67,000	415 103 862	\$117,476 25,110 129,000		None 70 65	1907 1904
Bessemer & Lake Erie* Boston & Maine	3,808 28,184	17 267	3,620 89,125	t	70	
Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburgh Canadian Pacific	6,125 75,000	65 834	26,337 240,223	20	70 65	1903 1992
Chesapeake & Ohio	22,149 43,940	73 904	21,687 282,710	Not stated	65 1	1911
Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific. Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton.	40,670 6.211	250 12	80,368 2,774	20-25		
Cincinnati Northern	746	303	2.274		(b)	
Cleve., Cin., Chicago & St. Louis. Delaware, Lackawanna & Western	19,798 21,460	417	73,361 117,356	†	60	
Eigin, Joliet & Eastern	5,917 3,911	24			70	
Galveston, Harrisburg & S. A.* Georgia Rallroad*	5,728 2,427	25 8	9,443 625		1	
Grand Trunk Hocking Valley	41,973 4,145	786 20	213,651 7,187	25	60 70	
Illinois Central	52,092 10,000	549 634	153,127 152,674	10	60	1901
Long Island	7,477 6,839	68 68	10.014		1	
Minneapolis, St. Paul & S. S. Marie Nashville, Chattanooga & St. Louis	12,869 8,921	64 86	14,639 30,161	15 10 (a) 30	65 65–70	
New York Central R. R	$83,247 \\ 42,016$	1,269 517	344,994 207,039	(a) 30	(b) None	
New York Railways*	6,700 25,126	38 95	8,903 29,330			
Northwestern Pacific Pennsylvania R. R	2,130 146,399	3.410	8,731	20-25	(c)	
Philadelphia & Reading	25,000 11,061	391 62	136,539		(d)	
Pittsburgh & Lake Erie	7,951 2,535	50 2	13,079	(a)	(b) (e)	
Southern Pacific: Sunset Central Lines	16,883	136	44.934		(D)	
Union Pacific*	18,803	263 12	93,131 2,702	20-25	65	
and or manipulation valley	1,000	12	2,702	1 .0	, 50	

Announcement of a pension system, affecting more than 15,000 employés, was made by Weils Fargo & Co. on June 1, 1916. It makes provision for contingencies ranging from sudden death to disability and old age.

and old age.

A pension system was inaugurated by the Interborough Company on January 2, 1916, embracing all employes who have attained the age of 70 years and who bave been in the service not less than twenty-five years, as well as those who have been in the service for twenty-five years or more and have become physically and permanently disabled. The allowance is computed on the time of service, with a minimum of \$20 per month. At the present time there are twenty-six employés carried on the pension roll. Two million dollars, with an addition of \$400,000 each year, has been set aside by Swift & Co. as a pension fund for its 30,000 employés. Hereafter any employé who has been with the concern twenty-five years and reached the age of sixty, in the case of a man, or fifty, if a woman, may retire and receive a good part of the "alary carried at the time of retirement.

The Western Union Telegraph Company can alwary 1, 1913, established a Plan for Employés Pensions, Disablity Benefits and Insurance, setting aside a fund of \$1,000,000 for the purpose,

#### RAILROAD EQUIPMENT

WEIGHT and horse-power of different types of locomotives, including the modern electric tractor, and also the weight, size and cost of freight ears, ordinary coaches, parlor and sleeping cars.

RECENT HEAVY LOCOMOTIVES.

RECENT HEAVY LOCOMOTIVES.									
TYPE.	Road.	Total Weight.	Weight on Drivers, (Pounds.)	of Drivers	Heating Surface (Sq Feet.)	Size of Cylinders. (Inches.)	Tractive Effort. (a) (Pounds.)		
Triplex*(Centipede)	Erie	853,050	761,600	63	6,886	36x32	160,000		
Mailet	nooga & St. Louis Buf., Roch, & Pitts	469,400	430,300 355,500	56 57	5,433 4,935	27x41x30 23 1/4 x37x32	98,500 80,000		
Mailet	Denver & Sait Lake City	359.000	331,500	55	4.111	27x331/4x32			
Mikado Santa Fét	Penn. R. R Erle	319,300 417,200	238,850 337,400	62 63	4,035 5,863	27x30 31x32	57.850 83.000		
	Baltimore & Ohio Delaware& Hudson	406,000 293,000	336,800 267,500	58 57	5,573 3,814	30x32 27x32	84,500 61,400		
Mountain Pacific § ‡	Norfolk & Western Chesapeake & Ohio		236,000 191,455	70 69	3,984 4,479	29x28 27x28	57,200 46,600		
Atlantic	Pennsylvanla Southern Pacific	240,000 222,000	133,100 173,500	80 69	2,856 2,400	23½x26 23x28	29,427 36,500		
American Switching	Phila. & Reading New York Central	173,490 239,500	120,530 239,500	68½ 58	1,517 2,751	21x24 25x30	27,850 49,500		
Baitie ¶	Chemin de Fer du Nord	225,000	119,000	80	3,396	17 1/2 x25 1/4 & 24 3/4 x28 3/4	32,362		

\* Steel underframe, steel side frames, and steel roof.

T 
$$0.85 P \times C2 \times S$$

where T = tractive effort in pounds, P = hoiler pressure in pounds per square inch, C = diameter of cylinders in inches, S = stroke of piston in inches, D = diameter of driving wheels in inches.

HEAVY ELECTRIC LOCOMOTIVES.

ROAD.	Weight on Drivers. (Pounds.)	Max. Guar. Speed. (Miles per Hour.)	Туре.	Desig. for Trail. Load. (Tons.)
*New York Central Boston & Maine. New Haven. St. Paul, Rochester & Dubuque.	192,000 154,700	60 45 ‡	D. C. A. C. A. C. (a)	1,000 730† ‡

\* This is the newest type of electric locomotive in use and is an eight-motor articulated 600-volt locomotive. † Includes weight of electric locomotive. ‡ Develops 40,000 tractive power up to 6 miles per hour. The engine is for switching service and is unique in having a centre cab control. (a) Gas-electric. APPROXIMATE COST OF LOCOMOTIVES.

TYPE.	Service.	Avcrage Weight. (Pounds.)	Cost.	TYPE.	Service.	Average Weight. (Pounds.)	Cost.
Maliet Mikado	Freight Freight Passenger	500,000 250,000 280,000			Passenger Switching		\$16,500 18,000

	WEIGHT	r and cos'	T OF CARS.	
TYPE.	Weight.	Capacity.	Length. Width. Height. (Inside Dimensions.)	Cost.
*Box Steel coal (gondola). Flat. Day coach (steel). Sleeping car (wood). Sleeping car (steel).	34,000 lbs. 112,000 lbs. 115,000 lbs.	110,000 lbs. 100,000 lbs. 80 passengers 27 berths	40 ft. 6 in. 8 ft. 10 in. 8 ft. 46 ft. 46 ft. 8 ft. 9 in. 2 ft. 6 1 in. 78 ft. 3 in. 10 ft. 14 ft. 5 in. 12 ft. 6 in. 8 ft. 6 in. 9 ft. 6 in. 9 ft. 6 in. 9 ft. 6 in. 9 ft. 6 in.	\$1,500 1,200 800 11,000 16,000 29,000

#### FREIGHT TRAFFIC MOVEMENT.\*

PRODUCTS OF AGRICULTURE, ANIMALS, MINES, FORESTS, AND MANUFACTURES. (For year ended June 30, 1915 From reports of the Interstate Commerce Commission.)

COMMODITY.	Tonnage Orlginating on Road.	Соммориту.	Tonnage Originating on Road.
Products of agriculture: Grain. Flour. Other mill products. Hay Tobacco. Cotton. Fruits and vegetables.		Total	Tons. 50,644,194 26,029,827 76,674,021
Fruits and vegetables. Other products of agriculture. Total Products of animals: Live stock. Dressed meats	17,133,451 9,520,383 109,483,126 14,524,587 2,498,047	Iron and steel rails Other castings and machinery	12,327,912 3,607,367 856,858 9,455,375 2,090,826 9,131,932 11,607,367
Other packing-house products. Poultry, game, and fish. Wool. Hides and leather. Other products of animals.	2,520,591 851,796 361,937 1,113,405 4,130,065	Cement, brick, and lime. Agricultural implements. Wagons, carriages, tools, etc. Wines, liquors, and beers. Household goods and furniture. Other manufactures.	36,672,379 1,296,553 1,718,556 3,727,713 1,877,455 35,790,16 <b>5</b>
Total Products of mines: Anthracite coal Bituminous coal. Coke. Ores. Stone, sand, and other like articles.	64,892,981 256,296,937 22,919,584	Total  Miscellaneous—Commodities not specified above (carload rates) L. C. L. goods not distributed above	26,924,431
Other products of mines	12,090,763		923,428,445

<sup>\*</sup> Covers only roads having annual operating revenues above \$1,000,000.

### FINANCIAL REPORTS OF THE PRINCIPAL EXPRESS COMPANIES.

(From statements filed with the Interstate Commerce Commission for year ended June 30, 1916.)

ITEM.	Adams	American	Southern	Wells Fargo
	Express Co.	Express Co.	Express Co.	& Co.
Charges for transportation.  Express privileges—Dr. Operations other than transportation. Total operating revenues. Operating expenses Net operating revenue tron transportation Express taxes Operating income.	20,886,133 583,009 22,097,286 19,918,779 2,178,506 7,113 243,832	28,788,259 3,150,022 31,981,146 28,150,236 3,830,910 10,087 540,085	8,488,215 357,401 8,373,647 6,637,119 1,736,527 1,152 173,137	1,134,902 23,155,318 19,847,687 3,307,631 14,043 413,720

#### EXPRESS RATES.

(Statement of Interstate Commerce Commission.)

The United States is divided into 950 blocks, each | ance of 25% from the gross weight is made, except rmed by one degree of latitude and longitude em- | during December, January and February, when 15% The United States is divided into 950 blocks, each formed by one degree of latitude and longitude embracing approximately 3,500 square miles. Each block is designated by number. Rates are stated from one block to all others, and apply from all express stations within the initial block to all stations in the destination block. A directory of express stations shows the number of the block in which the

stations shows the number of the block in which the station is located, also indicates those stations at which collection and delivery service is performed. Express traffic is divided into three classes; First class includes all merchandise other than articles of food and drink, which, with few exceptions, fall within the second class, and certain printed matter, such as books, pamphets and advertising matter, tailing within the third class. Second-class rates are 75% of the first class, and third class are one-half cent per ounce; minimum charge, 15 cents.

When perishable shimments contain ice, an allow-

during December, January and February, when 15% is allowed.

The express classification, containing rules with which the shipping public should be familiar, also the tarlifs, are posted in express offices and depoits and may be inspected at any time during business hours. Express rates are dependent upon the value of the property. When the value as stated by the shipper is greater than \$50, or 50 cents per pound if the weight exceeds 100 pounds, the rate increases 10 cents for each \$100 or fraction thereof in excess of the above.

The express receipt, which is uniform with all express companies subject to the provisions of the act to regulate commerce, contains the following: Company will not pay over \$50 in case of loss, or 50 cents per pound on shipments in excess of 100 pounds, unless a greater value is declared and higher rates unless a greater value is declared and higher rates paid.

#### NATIONAL WOMEN'S TRADE UNION LEAGUE OF AMERICA.

The object of the league is to promote among women wage-earners organization into the trade unions of the American Federation of Labor.

President—Mrs. Raymond Robins. Secretary-Treasurer-Miss Emma Steghagen. Headquarters, 166

West Washington Street, Chicago. III.
The officers of the New York society are: President—Melinda Scott. Treasurer—Florem
Secretary—Mrs. Maud Swartz. Headquarters, 43 East Twenty-second Street, New York City. Treasurer-Florence Wise.

#### IMPORTANT TUNNELS OF THE WORLD.

Alberg—Under the Alps at the Arl Mountain, and extends from Langen to St. Anton, 6% miles; opened 1884.

extends from Langen to St. Anton, 6% mlles; opened 1884.
Andes Mountains—See "Trans-Andine."
Big Bend—Drains the Feather River in Callfornia, 2 mlles; opened 1886.
Bitter Root Mountains (Montana and Idaho)—10,100 feet long.
Blackwell—Under River Thames, England, 1½ miles; opened 1897.
Cascade Mountain—Through the Cascade Mountains in Washington, 3 miles.
Connaught—Through Selkirk Mountains, Canada; on Canadian Pacific Railroad, double track, about 5 miles long; completed 1916.
Continental Divide, for the Denver and Salt Lake R. R., 6.4 miles long (under construction).
Cumberland—Under Cumberland Mountains, Tennessee, 8,000 feet long.
Detroit (Michigan Central Ry.)—Under Detroit River.

River

Gunnison—Southwestern Colorado, 6 mlles; ppened 1999.

Hoosac—Through Hoosac Mountains, Mass., 434 mlles; opened 1873.

Kholak Pass—India, from Quetta to Kandahar,

miles.

Loetschberg—Through the Alps, in Oberland, Switzerland, 9½ miles; opened June 20, 1913, costing nearly \$10,000,000. Mt. Roberts—From the shore of Gastineau Chan-

nel at Juneau, Alaska, into Silver Bow Basin,

ont d'Or-Between France and Switzerland, was bored through October 2, 1913. The

tunnel pierces the Jura Mountains from Fresne

tunnel pierces the Jura Mountains from Fresne to Vallorbe, and is 3½ miles long.

Mont Cenis—Italy to France, under the Col de Freits, 8 miles; opened to New York City, 33 Cs miles; opened 1888.

Otra—In New Zealand, 51-3 miles.

Rove—Northwest from l'Estaque, France, part of canal connecting Marseilles with Rhone River; 41-2 miles long, 72 feet wide, 47 feet high; opened in 1916.

Saxony, 31½ miles; opened 1877.
St. Clair—Under St. Clair River from Sarnia,
Ont., to Port Huron, Mich., 2 miles; opened

St. Gothard—Through the Alps, connects Goschenen with Airolo, in Switzerland, 91-3 miles; opened 1881.
Severn—From Moomouthshire to Gloucestershire, England, 4½ miles; opened 1886.
Simplon—Through the Alps, 12½ miles; opened 1905.

Strawberry--Through the Wasatch Mountains.

Strawberry—Through the Wasatch Mountains. Sutro—Drains the Comstock Lode in Nevada, 4½ miles; opened 1879.

Trans-Andine Ry. tunnel—5 miles long, 12,000 feet above sea level and affords direct communication between Valparaiso and Buenos Ayres; opened April 5, 1910.

Wasserfluh—In the Alps, between Bunnadern and Lichtenstelg, Switzerland, 2 miles; opened

Woodhead-Between Manchester and Sheffield, England, 3 miles,

### TUNNELS IN AND ABOUT NEW YORK CITY.

(For Subways in and about New York City, see Index).

PENNSYLVANIA RAHROAD SYSTEM—Tunnels under Hudson River extend from Pennsylvania Railroad Station, New York, to Weehawken, N. J. There is no station at Weehawken, the electric trains from the Pennsylvania Station run to Manhattan Transfer, near Newark, N. J., without a stop. Work started April 1, 1904; completed in 1910. Two tubes of cast iron rings, 23 feet cutside diameter and 21 feet 2 inches inside diameter; subaqueous portion 6,118 feet

Manhattan cross-town tunnels from the Penn-sylvania Railroad Statton, menttoned above, across New York under 32d and 33d Sts. to First Ave. Started July, 1905, completed in 1910. There are two tunnels, each with two tracks. The tunnels are built of concrete with the crown about 60 feet below the surkers of the street about 60 feet below the surface of the street

East River Tunnels connect with the cross-town tunnels and extend under the East River to Long Island City. Started September, 1904; completed in 1910. Four separate tubes with rings 23 feet outside diameter, each tube from the Man-hattan shaft to the Long Island City shaft, 3,900

HUDSON AND MANHATTAN RAILROAD SYSTEM—North tunnels under the Hudson River from Jersey-City to Morton St., New York, Started November, 1874; the first in New York, officially opened February 25, 1908. Two single track tubes, with a miloimum inside diameter of 15 feet 3 inches, and approximately 5,700 feet long.

Up-town tunnels connect with north tunnels at Mor-ton St. and extend to Christopher St. thence to Sixth Ave, and up Sixth Ave. to 33d St. Started March, 1904, completed in 1910. Section from Morton to 12th St. shield construction, remainder cut and cover.

South tunnels under Hudson River from Jersey City to the Church St. Terminal Buildings (Cortlandt, Church and Fulton Sts.), New York, Started May, 1905; opened for traffic July, 1909. Two tubes about 5,950 feet long with east iron rings, 16 feet 7 Inches outside diameter and 15 feet 3 inches leide diameter. inches inside diameter.

New York City, see Index).

Tunnels (consisting of two single track tubes) extend from the Hoboken terminal of the Lackawanna Raliroad to Washington St., Jersey City, with connections to the north tunnels and to the Erle Raliroad Station. At Washington St. a branch runs to the Pennsylvania Raliroad Station at Jersey City, where connections are made with the south tunnels. West from Washington St. to a point east of Summit Ave. Is a double track concrete tunnel with a centre wall dividing the tracks. Work started March, 1906; completed in July 1911 tracks. W July, 1911.

July, 1911.

BELMONT TUNNEL under the East River from 42d
St., New York, to Long Island City. Subaqueons
portion two single track tubes with cast-iron rings
16 feet 10 inches outside diameter, and a clear inside diameter of 15 feet 6 inches. Through rock
a horseshne shaped concrete section is used and
in other places a rectangular double track cross
section with reinforced concrete lining. Construction started by New York and Long Island
Railroad, July 12, 1905; practically completed
January 1, 1908. (Commonly known as the
Steinway Tunnel).

RAPID TRANSIT TUNNEL under the East River from the Battery, New York, to Joralemon St., Brook-lyn, connecting the New York and Brooklyn sub-ways, Started April, 1903; trains running Janu-ary 9, 1908. Two tubes, 6,784 feet long, with a finished inside diameter of 15 feet 6 inches.

BERGEN CUT of Eric Railroad through Bergen Hill, Jersey City, parallel to the present tunnel, which is 4,700 feet long. The Bergen cut was, started March, 1906, and completed July 1, 1910. It has five four-track tunnels, with open cuts between the tunnels, making a total length of 4,300 feet. Tunnel sections 58 feet wide at the bottom and 21 feet bide. and 21 feet high.

And 21 teet nigh.

LACKAWANNA RAILROAD TUNNEL through Bergen
Hill, Jersey City. Started February 28, 1906;
completed February 14, 1909. Parallel to and
24 feet away from old tunnel and of the same
length, viz., 4,283 feet. New tunnel is double
tracked, lined with concrete, having inside dimensions 23 feet high by 30 feet wide. Bush track
construction used.

Tunnels from Whitehall St., Manhattan, to Montague St., Brooklyn, from Old Silp, Manhattan, to Clark St., Brooklyn, and from 14th St., Manhattan, to North 7th St., Brooklyn, are under construction, all of which are part of the new subway system in New York.

#### ALASKA RAILROAD.

On April 10, 1915, President Wilson announced the selection of the route for the Alaska railroad to be built by the Government.

On April 10, 1915, President Wilson announced the selection of the route for the Alaska railroad to be built by the Government.

The route adopted is known as the Susitna route, and extends from Seward, on Resurrection Bay, to Fairbanks, on the Tanana River, a distance of 471 miles. This route includes the existing Alaska Northern Railway, which runs from Seward through the Kenal Peninsula for a distance of 71 miles to Turnagain Arm, and it is to be bought from its present owners by the Government for \$1,150,000. The contract for the purchase of this road was signed by Secretary Lane of the Interior Department.

From Turnagain Arm the route is to be extended through the Susitna Valley and across Broad Pass to the Tanana River, and from there on to Fairbanks. It is to be a standard-gauge road. A side line is to run from Matanuska Junction into the Matanuska coal field, a distance of 38 miles. The road is to be built with its present base at Ship Creek, on Cook Inlet. The grade from the Matanuska field to Ship Creek is four-tenths of 1 per cent.

The Alaska Northern is to be put into operative condition and will be used as a base for extending the line along Turnagain Arm. Under the contract approved by the President the road is taken over free from all debt or obligation of any kind.

The estimated cost of construction of this line from Seward to Fairbanks, including the Matanuska Ranch, is \$25,800,000. The President has made an order directing that the work be carried on by the Alaskan Engineering Commission.

During the year 1916 grading has been completed on the 38-mile branch to the Matanuska coal field from Matanuska Junction, a point 36 miles northeasterly from Anchorage, a tidewater point on Cook Inlet, Alaska, where construction began a year ago, and the rails are now being laid on this branch line. It is anticipated that the line will be completed before the end of the open season. At Monose Creek, a point on the railroad and the town of Anchorage. Clearing and grading are under way on othe branch line

### FOREIGN CARRYING TRADE OF THE UNITED STATES.

TOTAL UNITED STATES IMPORTS AND EXPORTS.
(From Report of Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce of the Department of Commerce.)

		Br			Total by		
YEAR ENDED June 30.			Total. Per Cent. in American Vessels.		By Land Vehicles.	Land and Sea.	
1903			\$2,240,801,420	9.6	\$205,059,496	\$2,445,860,916	
1904	229,735,119		2,230,938,633	10.3	220,976,009	2.451.914.642	
1905	290,607,946		2,393,809,408		242,265,329	2,636,074,737	
1906			2,690,014,559		280,412,387	2,970,426,946	
1907			3.002,627,317		312,645,186		
1908	272,513,322		2,793,253,186	9.8	261,861,952	3,055,115,138	
1909	258,657,217	2,462,693,814	2,721,351,031		253,580,297	2.974.931.328	
1910	260,837,147	2,721,962,475	2,982,799,622		319,132,528		
1911	280,206,464	2,930,436,506	3,210,642,970		365,903,334		
1912	322,451,565		3,431,470,423		426,116,920	3.857.587.343	
1913	381,032,495		3,773,030,924		505,831,459	4,278,892,383	
1914	368,379,217	3,417,085,308	3,785,464,525		473,040,280	4.258.504.805	
1915	571,931,912		3,992,625,475		450,133,605	4,442,759,080	
1916	940,439,263	4,847,146,989	5.787,586,252	16.2	682,695,232	6,470,281,484	

In the year 1865 merchandise carried in American vessels was 27.7 per cent. of total; in 1875, 26.2 per cent.; in 1885, 15.3 per cent.; in 1895, 11.7 per cent. Merchandise and specie to 1879, inclusive; merchandise only after 1879.

# E UNITED STATES LEADS WORLD IN EXPORTS. (Report of Bureau of Foreign and Domostle Commerce.)

For the second time in its history the United States leads the world as an exporter. Occasionally we have suppressed the United Kingdom in the exportation of domestic products, but it was only in the fiscal years ended June 30, 1915 and 1916, that our total exports, domestic and foreign, exceeded those of the United Kingdom. Our total exports in the fiscal years 1916, according to an official statement of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, Department of Commerce, aggregated 34,335,659,000, as against \$2,651,-523,000 for the United Kingdom, the figures representing in the case of the United States an increase of 57 per cent. and in the case of the United States and increase of \$25,000, as a second with preceding year.

year.

American exports in the fiscal year 1916 included domestic products to the value of \$4,272,398,000, against \$2,716,178,000 in 1915; and foreign products, \$61,261,000, against \$52,411,000 in the preceding year. British exports in the same periods included British and Irish produce, \$2,156,120,000 in 1916, against \$1,746,522,000 in 1915; and foreign and colonial produce \$495,703,000 in 1916, compared with \$425,920,000 in 1915.

YEARS.	American Exports.	*British Exports.	YEARS.	American Exports.	*British Exports.
1815 1835 1855	115,000,000 218,900,000	443,600,000 567,900,000	1915		2,172,442,000

\* Years ended December 31, except 1916, which relates to the year ended June 30.

The great industrial development of the United States during the century is illustrated by the increase in exports of manufactures. In 1821, the earliest year for which figures are available, exports of manufactures were valued at \$8,000,000; in 1916 they aggregated \$2,658,917,000 exclusive of foodstuffs.

### FOREICN TRADE OF THE UNITED STATES.

(Report of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce of the Department of Commerce.)

EXPORTS.

MERCHANDISE AND SPECIE EXPORTED FROM UNITED STATES DURING FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1916.

A rom of Fig.	Quantities.	Values.	A person a	I Our male/am	1 77 1
ARTICLES.	Quantities.	values.	ARTICLES.	Quantities.	Values.
Domestic Merchandise.			Domestic Merchandise.		
Abrasives	l	\$3,333,338	Lead, manufactures of		\$13,787,774
Agricultural implements	[	17.611.297	Leather, and manufactures of		146,613,815
Aluminum, and manufac-			Meat and dairy products		291,057,602
tures of	l	5,644,349	Motion picture films, lin. ft.	230.850.779	8 977 776
Antonals		99,662,813	Motor boats	264	800,231
Animals		164.876.044	Motor boats. Musical instruments.	203	3,454,064
Breadstuits: Cornbush.	38,217,012	30,780,887	Naval stores		13,503,607
" Oatsbush.	95,921,620		Nickel, nickel oxide and		*0,000,001
" Wheat bush.	173,274,015	215,532,681	matte	25,649,995	9,876,403
" " flourbbls	15.520.669	87,347,805	Oil cake, oil cake meal lbs.	1,746,710,630	28,541,304
Cars, carriages, and other		1	Oils: Animalgalls.	1,222,199	871,017
vehicles and parts of *	<b></b>	167.742.608	" Mineral, crude galls	163,734,200	5,754,279
Chemicals, drugs, dves, and			" Mineral, refined or man-	100,000,000	0,101,010
Liediches		124,362,167	infactured galle	2,443,478,083	166,423,230
Clocks and watches and			" Vegetable		27,167,220
parts of		4,118,264			
Coal: Anthracitetons	3,879,183	20,358,936	nishes Paper, and manufactures of	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	11,417,814
" Bituminoustons		45,599,339	Paper, and manufactures of	· · · · · · · · · · · ·	29.111.004
Copper, manufactures of		173,946,226	Paramn, paramn waxlbs.	360,650,1141	
Cotton, unmanufactured.lbs.	3,084,070,125	374,186,247	Seeds		3,538,508
" Manufactures of		112,053,127	Silk, manufactures of		5,204,813
Earthen, stone, and china			Soap		6,319,758
waredoz.		3,607,824	Spirits, wines, malt liquors.		12,577,611
Eggsdoz.	26,396,206	6.134,441	Starchlbs.	210,185,192	5,576,914
Electrical machinery, etc		30,254,020	Sugar, refined lbs.	1,630,150,863	79,390,147
Explosives	404 000	467,081,928	Tobacco, unmanufact'dlbs.	451,569,581	53,163,595
Fertilizerstons		5,343,497	" Manufactures of		6,944,147
Fibres, vegetable, and textile grasses, manufactures of.		21,377,276	Vegetables		15,952,412
Fish		19.983,545	Wood, and manufactures of. Wool, and manufactures of.		60,707,229 53,983,655
Emilte and nuts		36,965,328			
Fruits and nuts		9,288,786	Total exports, domestic.		\$4,272,397,774
Class and glassware		12,321,338	Exports, foreign merchan-		
Glass and glassware	186,386,182	4.734.961	dise		61,261,091
Hay tons	178.336	3 267 0281	Total exports, domestic		
Hides and akinslbs. Hopslbs.	7,122,019	3,875,251	and foreign		\$4,333,658,865
Hopslbs.	22,409,818	4,383,929			
India rubber manufactures		35,180,096	Specie: Gold		\$90,249,548
Instruments and apparatus			Silver		59,791,523
for acientific purposes		5,868,155	Total exports, domestic		
Iron and steel, manufact's of		621,209,153	and foreign	1	\$1,483,699,936
Afficial concents by 1015 by	.1 150 -		F11 44C+ /- 101C 0CD		

\*Total exports in 1915 included 152 aeropianes, \$1,541,446; in 1916, 269 aeropianes, \$7,002,005; in 1915, 37,876 automobiles, and parts of, \$68,107,818; in 1916, 77,496 automobiles, value \$120,000,866. †Does not include fuel or bunker coal laden on vessels in the foreign trade, which aggregated during 1915, 7,062,653 tons, valued at \$23,679,212; in 1916, 7,540,551 tons, valued at \$25,727,939.

IMPORTS.

MERCHANDISE AND SPECIE IMPORTED INTO THE UNITED STATES DURING THE FIGCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1916.

ERDED 30NE 30, 1910.									
ARTICLES.	Quantities.	Values.	ARTICLES.	Quantities.	Values.				
Merchandise. Animals		20.831.531	Merchandise. Glass and glassware Gold and silver, manufac-		\$2,249,001				
Automobiles, and parts of Bristles	3,936,461	801,911 3,627,042	tures of, including jewelry Hair, unmanufacturedlbs. Hats, bonnets, hoods, and	16,847,261					
Chemicals, drugs, dyes, and medicines		109,106,634	materials for	1	11,175,490				
Clocks, watches, and parts of Coal, bluminoustons	1,618,539	3,597,524 4,841,157	furlbs.	743,669,860	158,861,376				
Cocoa, or cacao, crude lbs. Coffeelbs. Colors or dyes	1,201,104,485	115,485,970	and substitutes for, un- manufactured	[	159,858,096				
Copper, and manufactures of			factures of		23,393,250				
(not ore)	153,007,313	22,851,144	(contents)lbs.	81,599,238	3,358,345				
manufactures of	232,801,062	40,150,342	and manufactures of Meats and dairy products		19,019,526 24,757,512				
Manufactures of Earthen, stone & china ware Feathers, artific'l flowers, etc.		5,837,206	Oilcloth and linoleum for floorssq. yds.	1,078,465	529,969 48,091,993				
FertilizersFibres, vegetable and textile		6,327,495	Paper, and manufactures of. "Stock, crude, except		25,924,089				
grasses, unmanufa'dtons Fibres, vegetable and textile			wood pulp Pencils and pencil leads		4,954,566 119,614				
grasses, manufactures of Fish Fruits and nuts		17,455,266	Photographic goods, Includ- ing motion picture films. Platinum		1,420,310 4,256,519				
Furs and manufactures of		16,891,699	Plants, trees, shrubs, etc		3,686,348				

•		•			
ARTICLES.	Quantitles.	Values.	ARTICLES.	Quantities.	Values.
Sugar lbs. Sulphur ore tons Tea lbs. Tin, in bars, blocks, or pigs lbs.	82,880,337 5,633,161,749 1,375,041 109,865,935 143,984,269	33,571,697 124,333,655 31,911,856 8,946,622 16,685,356 208,769,399 7,121,614 20,599,857	Total merchandise  Specie: Gold	534,828,022	10,811,393 7,996,894 64,559,815 142,420,734 15,657,537 \$2,197,883,510 \$494,009,301 34,154,375
Tobacco, leaflbs. manufactures of	48,013,335				2,726,047,186

VALUE OF IMPORTS AND EXPORTS OF MERCHANDISE, 1903-1916.

YEAR	EXPO	RTS.			Total Exports		
ENDED			Total Exports.	Imports.	and	Excess of	Excess of
JUNE 30.	Domestic.	Foreign.			Imports.	Exports.	Imports.
1903	\$1,392,231,302	\$27,910,377	\$1,420,141,679	\$1,025,719,237	\$2,445,860,916	\$394,422,442	
1904	1.435.179.017	25,648,254	1,460,827,271	991.087,371	2,451,914,642	469,739,900	
1905	1.491.744.641	26.817.025	1,518,561,666	1,117,513,071	2,636,074,737	401,048,595	
1906	1.717.953.382	25.911.118	1,743,861,500	1,226,563,843	2,970,428,343	517,300,657	
1907	1.853.718.034	27,133,044	1.880.851.078	1,434,421,425	3,315,272,503	446,429,653	
1908		25.986.989	1.860,773,346	1.194.341.792	3.055,115,038	666.431.554	
	1.638,355,593	24.655.511	1,663,011,104	1,311,920,224	2.974.931.328	351.090.880	
	1.710.083.998	34,900,722	1,744,984,720	1,557,819,988		187,164,732	
1911	2,013,549,025	35,771,174	2.049,320,199	1.527,226,105	3,576,546,304	522,094,094	
1912	2.170.319.828	34,002,581	2,204,322,409	1.653.264.934	3.857.587.343	551.057.475	
	2.428.506.358	37.377.791	2,465,884,149	1.813.008.234	4.278.892.383	652.875.915	
1914	2,329,684,025		2.364.579.148	1,893,925,657	4,258,504,805	470.653.491	
1915	2.716.178.465		2,768,589,340				
	4,272,397.774		4,333,658,865			2,135,775,355	

The imports and exports of specie are not included in the above table.

VALUE OF IMPORTS AND EXPORTS OF MERCHANDISE INTO AND FROM THE UNITED STATES DURING FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1916.

STATI	STATES DURING FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1916.									
COUNTRIES.	Imports.	Exports.	Countries.	îmports.	Exports.					
Austria-Hungary	\$1,431,570	\$152,929	Brazil	\$132,663,984	\$41,202,277					
Azores and Madeira Islands.	792,814	317,977	Chile	64,154,859	24,289,652					
Belgium	1,478,579	21,844,638	Colombia	21,458,029	11,125,232					
Bulgaria	95,395	44,223	Ecuador	5,848,290	3,462,040					
Denmark	3,421,921	55,662,411	Guianas:							
Finland	36,838	420,493	British	261,290	2,183,535					
France	102,077,620	630,672,504	Dutch	607,681	718,307					
Germany	13,945,743	288,851	French	52,514	493,584					
Gibraltar	7,045 9,138,934	4,333,292 31,024,363	Paraguay	53,337 24,326,689	73,452 10,173,176					
Greece	56,273	251.447	Peru	14,475,478	10,173,176					
Italy	57,432,436	270,489,922	Uruguay Venezuela	14,942,448	8,999,272					
Malta, Gozo, etc	64,695	1,335,647	Aden	2,600,559	1,210,140					
Netherlands.	38,534,509	99,232,930	China	71.655.045	25.120.896					
Norway	6,851,714	53,678,126	German China	41.187	115.867					
Portugal	7,171,295	14.721.874	Japanese China	709,046	720,337					
Roumania	20.079	111,537	Chosen (Korea)	64,487	675,449					
Russia in Europe	3,613,986	183,259,605	East Indies:							
Serbia, Montenegro, Albania	50	385,995	British India	71,745,626	19,298,150					
Spain	27,864,130	52,771,652	Straits Settlements	82,114,598	4,583,318					
Sweden	11,846,881	51,939,182	Other British	23,563,122	814,567					
Switzerland	21,775,413	8,156,147	Dutch	27,716,589	7,396,282					
Turkey in Europe	151,606	41,421	French	60,030	16,904					
United Kingdom	308,443,223	1,518,046,263	Hongkong	5,401,171	12,005,610					
Bermuda	708,680	2,232,935	Japan	147,644,228	75,098,188					
British Honduras	1,246,957 204,018,227	1,486,450	Persla	583,456 2,302,858	13,495 130,255,759					
Canada. Newfoundland and Labrador	1,866,638	466,884,415 7,217,997	Russian Asia	237,250	741,430					
Central American States:	1,000,035	7,217,997	Slam.	712.879	741,430					
Costa Rica	4,335,415	3,512,849	Turkey in Asia	54,174,324	59,245,084					
Guatemala	8,724,723	3,847,101	New Zealand	10,379,117	15,219,024					
Honduras	2,978,473	4,607,423	French Oceania	2,346,263	996,586					
Nicaragua	2.394.821	3,138,595	Germau Oceania	445,508	139,703					
Panama	5,336,299	23,602,598	Philippine Islands	28,232,249	23,426,009					
Salvador	2,129,863	3.043.515	British West Africa	6,439,412	4,549,740					
Mexico	97,676,544	48,308,542	British South Africa	19,823,862	21,186,891					
West Indies:			British East Africa	496,696	2,604,317					
Barbados	395,318	1,645,592	Canary Islands	130,631]	819,949					
Jamaica Trinidad and Tobago	4,767,025	6,563,761	Egypt	33,254,943	7,791,421					
Trinidad and Tobago	7,009,834	4,407,103	French Africa	2,011,222	2,393,527					
Other British	2,232,577	5,213,612	German Africa		44,340					
Cuba	228,977,567	127,040,067	Llberia.	89,900	84,677					
Danish	63,496 844,784	898,541	Madagascar	104,566	394,869 348,980					
DutchFrench	88,496	1,594,055 3,500,494	Morocco Portuguese Africa	313,666 1,856,341	3,084,186					
Hayti	2,560,340	6,435,567	Italian Africa	1,830,341	155.137					
Santo Domingo	13,456,653	7,581,358	Italian Allica	109,192	100,101					
Argentina	112,512,420	65.993.611	Total (including smaller							
Bolivia.	204.904	1,367,891		\$2,197,883,510	\$4,333,658,865					
	,002	2,000,10016	2.20000 2000 200000/111111	4-11010001010	4-1-001-001-00					

### FOREIGN TRADE OF THE UNITED STATES-Continued.

TOTAL	IMPORTS	AND	EXPORTS	OF	MERCHANDISE	FOR	FISCAL	YEAR	ENDED
				TINE	7 20 1916				

			001	123 00, 10	101			
CUSTOMS	T	Form owner	CUSTOMS	T		CUSTOMS	T	Thomas
DISTRICTS.	Imports.	Exports.	DISTRICTS.	Imports.	Exports.	DISTRICTS.	Imports.	Exports.
Atlantic			Mexic'n Bor-			Montana		
Coast Dists.			der Districts.		1	and Idaho	\$2,110,168	\$2,610,849
Connecticut.	\$3,448,911		Arlzona	\$15,466,224	\$7,214,646	Ohio	11,461,985	
Georgia	1,777,700	\$45,924,984	Eagle Pass	3,555,283	1,602,694	Rochester	3,021,288	5,767,061
Maine and			El Paso	5,564,398	3,814,431	St. Lawrence	50,831,711	57,004,242
N. Hamp.	10,238,421	23,337,916	Laredo	9,211,212	7,891,269	Vermont	27,977,541	56,977,214
Maryland	27,808,916	180,772,074	Total 1916.	33,797,117	20,523,040	Wisconsln	1,890,731	123,987
Mass	210,900,213	131,085,048	1915.	20,801,472	14,801,494		214,196,786	514,634,583
New York	1,191,865,982	2,326,120,597	1914.	32,802,909	16,630,369	1915.	164,897,211	332,019,531
N. Carolina.	1,195,616		Pacific Coast			1914.	205,273,412	341,183,200
Philadelphia		197,66(4.231)	Districts.	į.	1	Interior		
Porto Rico	3,058,400		Alaska	1,066,012	1,426,362	Districts.		
Rhode Is	1,617,243	9,600	Hawaii	6,068,529	237,547	Colorado	202,514	
S. Carolina	1,740,295	6,006,848]	Oregon	2,439,139	10,654,491	Indiana		
Virginia	12,696,633	107,548,411	S. Francisco.	113,645,919	95,492,150	Iowa	178,172	
Total 1916.	1,562,179,535		S. California	4,175,260	3,189,097	Kentucky	515,216	
		1,739,159,496		135,580,910		Minnesota	4,330,195	
1914.	1,374,620,578	1,304,108,797	Total 1916.	262,975,769	275,959,725	Omaha		
			1915.	158,858,408	173,685,617	Pittsburgh	4,017.474	
Gull Coast			1914.	138,151,367	136,243,148	St. Louis	3,498,179	
Districts.			Nort'rn Bor-			Tennessee	171,361	
Florida	6,920,771		der Districts			Utah & Nev.		
Galveston	7,682,763		Buffalo	35,951,112	135,855,084	Total 1916.	14,580,134	
Mobile	4,196,252		Chicago	26,553,627	8,563,523	1915.	14,568,584	488,468
New Orleans	90,045,564		Dakota	17,475,214	39,093,233	1914.	22,705,357	25,972
Sabine	1,308,819		Duluth and			Grand total		
Total 1916.	110,154,169			8,390,597				4,333,658,865
1915.	102,388,415		Michigan	28,532,812	182,175,085			2,768,589,340
1914.	120,372,034	566,387,662	1			1 1914	1,893,925,657	2,364,579,148

#### GROWTH OF UNITED STATES EXPORTS.

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30.	Europe.	North America.	South America.	Asia and Oceania.	Africa.	Total.
1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 1915 1916	1,308,275,778 1,341,732,789 1,479,074,761 1,486,498,729 1,971,432,182	457,059,179 516,837,597 617,413,013 528,644,962 477,081,320	108,894,894 132,310,451 146,147,993 124,539,909 99,323,957	151,489,741 189,398,148 194,159,465 196,994,033 192,232,230	23,600,607 24,043,424 29,088,917 27,901,515 28,519,651	2,049,320,199 2,204,322,409 2,465,884,149 2,364,579,148 2,768,589,340

#### COMMERCE WITH CUBA, PORTO RICO, HAWAII, AND THE PHILIPPINES.

FISCAL YEAR ENDED	EXPORTS	FROM THE	UNITED STA	TES TO-	IMPORTS INTO THE UNITED STATES FROM-					
JUNE 30.	Cuba.	Porto Rico.	Hawaii.	Philippines.	Cuba.	Porto Rico.	Hawaii.	Philippines.		
1909	52,858,758 60,709,062 62,203,051 70,581,154 68,884,428	26,478,100 34,671,958 38,470,963 33,155,005 32,568,368 30,149,764	20,289,017 21,925,177 24,647,905 30,646,089 25,571,169 24,600,585	19,723,113 23,736,133 25,384,793 27,304,587 24,691,611	\$96,722,193 122,528,037 110,309,468 120,154,326 126,088,173 131,303,794 185,707,901	32,095,788 34,765,409 42,873,401 40,529,665 34,423,180 41,950,419	40,161,288 41,207,651 55,076,070 42,713,184 40,678,580 60,610,935	17,317,897 17,400,398 23,257,199 21,010,248 18,162,312 24,020,169		

The shipments of merchandise from the United States to Alaska in 1916 were \$26,502,311; to the United States from Alaska, \$47,619,894.

## GRAIN RECEIPTS BY SPECIFIED PORTS, CALENDAR YEARS 1911-1915. (From Annual Reports of the New York Produce Exchange.)

Ports.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
New York:	Bushels.	Bushels.	Bushels.	Bushels.	Bushels.
By canal, via river	7,895,000		4,371,700	5,803,900	3,841,000
Coastwise and river			3,904,292	11,333,344	7,291,640
By rail	107,411,728		131,768,203	142,127,622	214,753,963
Total New York	119,219,982	130,171,180	140,044.195	159,264,866	225.886,603
Boston	28,904,930	31,846,400	42,046,105	26,033,229	28,132,085
Philadelphia	41,195,845		47,496,548	49,009,621	70,765,806
Baltimore	42,123,546		68,754,883	68,909,106	106,124,331
New Orleans			30,757,892	53,061,500	56,774,000
Total	247,363,485	281,982,786	329,099,623	356,278,322	487,682,825
Montreal, Canada	50,539,637	59,393,707	66,078,237	99,054,293	68,231,647

Grain embraces wheat flour reduced to equivalent in wheat, corn, rye, oats, barley, mait and peas. Receipts at New York, Portland, Boston, Philadelphia and Baltimore include shipments from the West to foreign countries through these ports on through bills of lading. Receipts at Portland via Montreal are duplications of receipts reported at Montreal. Receipts at Baltimore include flour ground by city millers, and therefore duplicate an equivalent quantity of wheat received in grain.

#### COUNTRIES EXCELLING IN PRODUCTION

OF PRINCIPAL STAPLES AND RESPECTIVE QUANTITIES PRODUCED THEREIN.

(Compiled by Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, Department of Commerce.)

COM- MODITY.	Year.	Unit.	COUNTRIES OF MA	AXIMUM	COUNTRIES HOLD	ING SECOND
modiff.			Country.	Quantity.	Country.	Quantity.
Corn. Wheat Rye. Oats. Rice. Sugar. Ten. Coffee. Cocoa. Tobacco Cotton. Wool Silk. Coal. Petroleum. Pig iron Steel	1915 1915 1915 1915–16 1915–16 1915–16 1915 1915 1915 1915 1915 1915 1915 19	1,000 lbs. Tons, 2,240 lbs. Pounds. Bags, 132 lbs. Pounds. Bales, 500 lbs. Pounds. Tons, 2,240 lbs. Bbls, 42 gals. Tons, 2,240 lbs.	United States.  Russia a United States China. Cuba. China. Brazil. Gold Coast United States.	3.054.635.000 1.011.505.000 861.097.000 (5) 866.000 4237.647.067 417.061.319 167.598.000 11.191.820 641.786.519 (9) 628.104.104 29,916.213 32.151.04.104	Argentina Russia a Germany Russia a British India. Russia British India. Venezuela Brazil British India. Argentina Japan United Kingdom Russia Germany	338, 235, 000 833, 985, 000 475, 000, 000 1,006, 983, 000 c113, 412, 497 1,681, 000 6312, 976, 208 d1,043, 203 101, 985, 000 2,949, 600 2,949, 600 2,949, 600 2,949, 600 68, 548, 662 11, 603, 765 11, 603, 765
Copper	1915 1915	Pounds	Federated Malay States	1,388,009,527 d104,756,000	Japan Bolivia	168,000,000 d48,270,000
Gold	1914	Ounces, fine Dollars	Transvaal, Cape Colony, Natal	173,560,000	United States	000,166,28
Silver	1914	Ounces, fine	United States	72,455,100 j40,067,700	Mexico	70,703,828 j39,099,200

a Fifty-one governments of European and 10 of Asiatic Russla. b Actual production unknown. Rough rice. d Domestic exports. e Production in 1914. f Unofficial estimate. g Production unknown; exports of raw slik, Including wild, from China during 1915, 19,079,600 lbs.; exports of waste slik, 15,659,200 lbs. h Domestic exports. Production in 1913: Raw, 30,928,288 lbs.; waste, 9,098,304; floss slik, 833,264 lbs. i Quantity marketed. j Commercial value.

### THE CREATEST SEAPORTS.

THE following table, prepared by the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, Department of Commerce, shows the relative rank in value of commerce of the principal ports of the world in the latest available year. Figures of coastwise trade are not included:

PORTS.		Exports.			Exports. of dol'rs.)	Ports.	imports. (Millions	Exports. of dol'rs.)
New York London Hamburg	1,191.8 1,232.1 1,084.3	696.0	Buenos Ayres Trieste Singapore	176.0	161.4	Manchester Galveston	164.2 10.1 82.1	93.2 230.4 155.0
Antwerp Liverpool	623.2 810.0	588.2 836.0	HullSydney	199.7 151.9	130.5 151.4	Kobe Dunkirk	140.4 187.5 89.0	83.4 36.2 134.2
Marseilles Havre	357.9 370.6	258.8 211.4	New Orlcans Montreal		211.3 119.3	Yokohama Alex'ndria,Eg't Melbourne	91.1 118.4	116.1 86.4
Calcutta Bombay	229.3 202.8	317.6 225.4	Boston Shanghal	210.9 159.2		Southampton	\$1.1 110.9	94.7 69.1

### IMPORTS AND EXPORTS OF PRINCIPAL COUNTRIES.

(Compiled by the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, Department of Commerce, from the official records of the various countries.)

(Years ending December 31, unless stated otherwise; imports for consumption and exports of domestic merchanolse, gold and silver builton and coin not included, unless stated otherwise.)

COUNTRIES.	Yrs.	Imports.	Exports.	COUNTRIES.	Yrs.	Imports.	Exports.
Argentina	1914	\$262,304,000	\$337,030,000	India, British & a e .	1914	\$594,521,000	\$792,359,000
Australia, Common-				Italy	1914	556,236,000	428,055,000
wealth of $f a \dots$	1913	388,102,000	365,426,000	Japan k	1914	296,676,000	292,225,000
Austria-Hungary	1913	691,538,000	562,247,000	Mexico f j	1913	93,020,000	129,971,000
Belgium	1913	974,623,000	717,152,000	Netherlands f	1913	1.574.990.000	1,239,360,000
Brazil h	1914	172,161,000	225,810,000	Norway	1913	148,022,000	102,084,000
Bulgaria f	1911	38,474,000	34,634,000	Portugal	1913	96,096,000	38,110,000
Canada e	1915	455,446,000	409,419,000	Russia	1913	707.627.000	782,869,000
Chile	1914	98,461,000	109.382.000	Spain f	1914	195,480,000	163,855,000
China a	1914	381,803,000	230,447,000	Sweden f	1913	226,872,000	219,049,000
Cuba h	1914	133,975,000	170,776,000	Switzerland	1913	370,525,000	265,645,000
Denmark	1914	213,137,000	209,101,000	Union S. Africa d	1914	152,431,000	187,336,000
Egypt a	1914	107,385,000	119,086,000	United Kingdom	1914	2,925,550,000	2,096,105,000
France	1914	1,225,397,000	931,131,000	United States a g	1915	1,674,170,000	2,716,178,000
Germany	1912	62,544,557,000	b2,131,718,000	Uruguay h c	1914	38,501,000	54,201,000
Greece	1912	30,428,000	28,209,000	Venezuela g	1914	17,005,000	26,324,000

a Includes domestic produce. † Final data. c Postal figures are for 1912. d including bullion and speede and articles for Governments. e Years ending March 31. f Includes bullion and speede. g Year ending June 30. h Not including speede. f Government stores not included. f Imports through postomes not included. k Excluding Formosa and Sakhalin.

### FOREIGN COMMERCE, PRINCIPAL PORTS OF THE WORLD.

(Compiled by Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, Department of Commerce, from Official Reports of the Respective Countries.)

	f the F	Respective Countrie	es.)	
PORTS.	Year.	Imports.	Exports.	Total Commerce.
EUROPE-UNITED KINGDOM.				
EUROPE—UNITED KINGDOM.  London (a). Liverpool (b). Hull. Manchester (c). Glasgow. Southampton Grimsby. Harwich. Tyne Ports (d). Gardiff. Leith. Bristol. Belfast. GERMANY. Hamburg (e). Bremen (e). Bremen (e). Bremen (e).  Marseilles. Have. Dunkirk. Bordeaux. LTALY. Genoa. Naples.	1914 1914 1914 1914 1914 1914	\$1,232,066,000 \$99,998,000 199,658,000 164,204,000 82,099,000 91,118,000 64,527,000 83,053,000 45,684,000 29,473,000	\$695,994,000 836,009,000 130,484,000 93,153,000 154,999,000 94,699,000	\$1,928,060,000 1,646,007,000 257,357,000 237,357,000 185,517,000 133,170,000 103,828,000 98,153,000 96,404,000 95,368,000 103,117,000 43,643,000
Grimsby. Harwich. Tyne Ports (d).	1914 1914 1914 1914	64,527,000 83,053,000 45,684,000 29,473,000	154,999,000 94,699,000 68,643,000 25,775,000 52,469,000 66,931,000 28,945,000 17,874,000 4,381,000	133,170,000 108,828,000 98,153,000
Bristol. Belfast.	1914 1914 1914	66,923,000 85,243,000 39,267,000	28,945,000 17,874,000 4,381,000	95,868,000 103,117,000 43,648,000
Hamburg (e)	1913 1913	1,084,324,537 408,687,652	817,274,716 268,159,564	1,901,599,253 674,847,216
Antwerp	1912	625,991,233	588,734,262	1,214,725,495
Marsellles	1913 1913 1913	389,639,000 357,924,000 187,538,000 89,163,000	365,733,000 258,795,000 36,201,000	755,372,000 616,719,000 223,739,000 167,769,000
BordeauxITALY.	1913	1	78,606,000	(
Genoa	1913 1913	199,780,000 61,492,000	103,061,000 38,178,000	302,841,000 99,670,000
Trieste	1913 1912	175,997,289 43,832,566	161,430,389 53,923,188	337,427,678 97,755,754
Petrograd. Riga. Odessa.	1913 1913 1913 1913	110,934,000 69,597,000 33,899,000 8,477,000 40,265,000	69,112,000 104,450,000 44,923,000	180,046,000 174,047,000 78,822,000 46,427,000
Reval. Libau. Novorossisk.	1913 1913 1913	40,265,000 20,484,000 7,473,000 134,000 548,000	69,112,000 104,450,000 44,923,000 37,950,000 11,067,000 20,923,000 38,350,000 37,049,000 36,583,000	174,047,000 174,047,000 78,822,000 46,427,000 51;332,000 41,407,000 45,823,000 37,183,000 37,131,000
Nikolaiev Rostov Kherson Batum Vladivostok	1913 1913 1913 1913 1913	548,000 20,000 5,446,000 22,549,000	37,049,000 36,583,000 21,483,000 24,605,000 1,745,000	37,183,000 37,131,000 21,503,000 30,051,000 24,294,000
Constantinopie (h)	1912	74,360,000	28,600,000	102,960,000
Barcelona. Valencia. Bilbao. AMERICA—HINTER STATES (O.	1913 1913 1913	79,428,000 14,342,000 22,272,000	29,839,000 19,162,000 9,929,000	109,267,000 33,504,000 32,201,000
Durkiek Bordeaux.  Genoa. ITALY.  Genoa. Naples AUSTRIA-IIUNGARY. Trieste RUSSIA.  Petrograd RUSSIA.  Petrograd. RUSSIA.  Petrograd. RUSSIA.  Petrograd. Naples AUSTRIA-IIUNGARY.  Petrograd. RUSSIA.  Petrograd. RUSSIA.  Petrograd. RUSSIA.  Novorossisk.  Nikolalev.  Rostov.  Kherson.  Batum.  Vladivostok. TURKEY.  Constantinople (h).  SPAIN.  Barcelona Valencia.  Bilbao.  AMERICA—UNITED STATES (f).  New York.  Galveston.  New York.  Galveston.  New Orleans.  Massachusetts.  Philadelphia.  Maryland.  San Francisco.  Oregon.  Georgia.  Washington. CANADA (h).  Montreal.  Montreal.  Mexico (f).  Tampico.  Vera Cruz.  CUBA.  Havana.  Buenos Ayres.  BRAZIL.  Santos.  Rio de Janeiro.	1915 1915 1915 1915 1915 1915	931,011,000 10,148,000 79,745,000 152,654,000 72,948,000 24,983,000 76,068,000	1,193,581,000 230,392,000 209,373,000 107,476,000 90,666,000 81,501,000 20,406,000 74,919,000 67,838,000	2,124,592,000 240,540,000 289,118,000 260;130,000 163,614,000 156,961,000
San Francisco. Oregon. Georgia. Washington. CANADA (h).	1915 1915 1915 1915	3,251,000 3,251,000 68,466,000	1,,	23,656,000 78,170,000 136,354,000
Mexico (f).	1915	141,189,000	119,349,000	260,538,000
Vera Cruz	1913 1913	22,824,592 40,732,306	40,379,464 42,118,221	63,204,066 82,850,527
HavanaArgentina.	1914	82,208,000	45,179,000	127,387,000
Buenos AyresBRAZIL.	1914	200,833,000	140,438,000	341,271,000
SantosRio de Janeiro	1914 1914	41,587,000 69,741,000	104,954,000 28,746,000	146,541,000 98,487,000
Buenos Ayres  Santos Rio de Janeiro  Valparaiso Iquique Antofagasta  Callao  URUGUAY  Montevideo.	1914 1914 1914	46,235,000 7,972,000 13,745,000	10,502,000 18,453,000 17,008,000	56,737,000 26,425,000 30,753,000
Callao	1914	15,257,000	9,787,000	25,044,000
Montevideo	1911	42,627,000	32,167,000	74,794,000
Canton  Montevideo.  ASIA—CHINA (f). Shangha. Canton. Tlentsin.	1914 1914 1914	159,239,000 -23,282,000 34,792,000	98,573,000 29,463,000 6,446,000	257,812,000 52,745,000 41,238,000

#### FOREIGN COMMERCE. PRINCIPAL PORTS OF THE WORLD-Continued.

PORTS.	Year.	Imports.	Exports.	Total Commerce.
Yokohama. JAPAN. Kobe Osaka. Singapore (f) Calcutta (h) (k) Bonbay (h) AFRICA—EGYPT. Alexandria. Sydney. Melbourne.	1914	\$89,033,000 140,416,000 20,620,000 186,376,000 229,336,000 202,834,000 91,121,000 151,896,557 118,377,145	\$134,187,000 83,426,000 37,023,000 145,433,000 317,628,000 225,395,000 116,106,000 151,376,244 86,387,850	\$223,220,000 223,842,000 57,643,000 331,809,000 546,964,000 428,229,000 207,227,000 303,272,801 204,764,995

(a) Including Queensborough. (b) Including Birkenhead. (c) Including Runcorn. (d) Tyne ports comprise Newcastle, North Shields, and South Shields. (c) Exclusive of trade with other countries of the German Empire. (f) Years ending June 30; figures are for customs districts as of the fiscal year 1915. (h) Year ending March 31. (f) Direct foreign trade, exclusive of re-exports. (f) Inclusive of intercolonial trade, but not treasure. (f) Merchandisc only, exclusive of Government stores.

### UNITED STATES BUREAU OF MINES.

Director-Van H. Mauning, Washington, D. C. (\$6,000).

The general purpose of the Bureau of Mines of the Department of the Interior is to conduct, in behalf of the public welfare, fundamental inquiries and investigations into the mining industry. Two phases of the industry of greatest National concern are safety and efficiency—safeguarding the lives of our miners and insuring the most efficient and least wasteful development and use of our mineral resources.

These inquiries and investigations are National in scope; they do not contemplate the safeguarding of the life of the individual miner nor the promotion of the interests of the individual mine owner or operator, but seek the development of methods that will increase the safety of all miners and will promote the upbuilding and permanence of the whole mineral industry. Yet, although the advancement of the public welfare is the primary purpose of this work, it is obvious that broad fundamental inquiries and researches cannot fail to confer benefits on the individual miner and the individual miner owner. Hence, the function of the Bureau of Mines may be defined as the conducting of linquiries and investigations that have for their purpose the improvement of health conditions, and the increase of safety, efficiency, and economic development in the mining, quarrying, metallurgical and miscellaneous mineral industries of the country.

NUMBER OF MEN EMPLOYED AND NUMBER OF MEN KILLED AND INJURED IN THE MINERAL INDUSTRIES OF THE UNITED STATES DURING THE CALENDAR YEAR
1915 (EXCLUDING THE IRON BLAST FURNACES AND STEEL PLANTS).

•						
	ME	N EMPLOYED.	Kı	LLED.	INJURED.	
Industry.	Actual. Number.	Equivalent in 300-Day Workers (Calculated).	Total.	Per 1,000 300-Day Workers.	Total.	Per 1,000 300-Day Workers.
Coal mines.	734,008	511,598	2,269	4.44 3.89	(a) 35,295	(a) 248.56
Metal mines	152.118	141.997	553	3.89	35,295	248.56
Ontarriog	1 100 740	82,447	148	1.80	9,671	117.30
Gate award Beehive	17,699	15.436	10	.65	615	39.84
Coke ovens Beehive.	13.361	15,979	28	.65 1.75	2.237	140.00
Smelting plants (b)	13,361 31,327	36,262	38	1.05	5.718	157.69
Ore-dressing plants	18.564	19,107	38 30	1.57	2,095	109.65

(a) Not available. (b) Excluding iron blast furnaces.

In 1914 number employed in coal mines, 763,185; killed, 2,454; employed in metal mines, 158,115; killed, 559.

During the first six months of 1915, fatalities in and about coal mines were 1,067; for corresponding

During the first six months of 1915, fatathes in and about total mines were 4,007, for corresponding period in 1916, 990.

During the calendar year 1915 there were 2,269 men killed in and about the coal mines of the United States. Based on an output of 531,619,487 short tons of coal produced by 734,008 men, the number of men killed for every 1,000,000 tons of coal mined was 4,27, and the death rate per 1,000 employed was 3.09. In 1915 the number of men killed was 185 less than in 1914, representing a decrease of about 71-2 per cent. There were 234,297 tons of coal mined for each man killed in 1915, as compared with 209,261 in 1914.

During 1915 there were 11 mine disasters in which 5 or more men were killed, representing a total of

262 fatalities, as compared with 11 similar disasters in 1914, wherein 316 men were killed

NUMBER OF MEN KILLED IN AND ABOUT THE COAL MINES IN THE UNITED STATES IN THE CALENDAR YEARS 1910 TO 1915, INCLUSIVE, WITH DEATH RATES.

	N	UMBER KII	LED.	l	1	N	LED.			
YEARS.	Total.	Per 1,000 Employed.	Per 1,000,000 Short Tons Mined.	Produc- tion per Death, Short Tons.	YEARS.	Total.	Per 1,000 Em- ployed.	Per 1,000,000 Short Tons Mined.	Produc- tion per Death, Short Tons.	
1910 1911 1912	2,821 2,656 2,419	3.89 3.65 3.35	5.62 5.35 4.53		1913 1914 1915	2,785 2,454 2,269	3.73 3.22 3.09	4.89 4.78 4.27	204,685 209,261 234,297	

## Manufactures of the United States.

VALUES OF PRINCIPAL ARTICLES OF DOMESTIC MANUFACTURE.
THE UNITED STATES FROM 1906 TO 1916, YEAR ENDING
Norm.—These ten groups form about 75 per cent. of the total value of manufactu

YEAR	Iron and Steel Manufact- ures.	Copper Manufact- ares.	Agricultural lm- plements.	Wood Maaufact- ures.	Mineral Oils, Refined.	Chemicals, Drags, Dyes, Medicines.	and Manufact- ures of.	Cc Ma ures.	gravings,	aper and Manufact- ures of.
1906	\$160,984,985	\$81,282,664	\$24,554,427	\$65,214,094	\$77,025,196	\$18,331,974	\$40,642,858	\$52,944,033		\$9,536,065
1907					78,228,819	20,373,036				9,856,788
1908	183,982,182	104,064,580	24,344,398	77,183,5 9	97,651,326					
1909	144,951,357	85,290,186	25,694,184	64,640,573	99,092,112					
1910	179,133,186	88,004,397	25,124,033	74.920.9.8	93,813,031	21,415,935	52,646,755	33,397,097		
1911		103,813,110			92,698,003	23.007,414		40,851,918	8,853,998	10,861,601
1912		113,958,919		92,867,764	105,640,733	25,117,217			8,840,683	
1913		140,164,913		115,704,777	129.666,995	26,574,619	63,893,351	53,743,977	10,092,719	
1914		146,222,556				27,079,092	57,566,261	51,467,233	9,639,860	11,028,774
1915					129,781,641	46,380,986	120,727,156	71,973,497	8,096,473	
1916		173,946,226			160,668,951	124,362,167	146,613,815	112,053,127	9,243,148	19,867,856

For 1916, automobiles and parts of automobiles exported were \$120,000.866; paraffin and paraffin wax, \$12,873,250; manufactures of tobacco, \$6,944,147; manufactures of wool, \$53,983,655.

### MANUFACTURES IN THE UNITED STATES.

(From Census Bureau's Summary for 1914.)
SUMMARY FOR THE UNITED STATES FOR 1914 AND 1909.\*

	CEN	SUS.	Per Cent. of Increase
	1914.	1909.	1909-1914.†
Number of establishments.  Persons engaged in manufactures.  Proprietors and firm members  Salaried employés.  Wage-earners (average number employed during year).  Wage-earners, by months:	275,793 8,265,426 264,872 964,217 7,036,337	268,491 7,678,578 273,265 790,267 6,615,046	2.7 7.6 -3.1 22.0 6.4
January February March April May June	7,075,682 7,141,594 7,242,752 7,217,320 7,148,650 7,100,368	6,210,063 6,297,627 6,423,517 6,437,633 6,457,279 6,517,469	
July August September October November	7,018,867 7,020,682 7,086,804 7,006,342 6,736,699	6,486,676 6,656,933 6,898,765 6,997,090 7,006,853	
	\$1,287,917,000 \$4,079,332,000 \$14,368,089,000	\$4,365,613,000 \$938,575,000 \$3,427,038,000 \$12,142,791,000	22.9 37.2 19.0 18.3
Value of Products. Value added by manufacture (value of products less cost of materials).	\$24.246.323.000	\$20,672,052,000	17.3

<sup>\*</sup>Not including Alaska, Hawali or Porto Rico. †A minus sign (—) denotes decrease. CENSUS OF MANUFACTURES, 1914.

TOTALS FOR LEADING INDUSTRIES.

Industry.	Wage- Earners (Average Number)	Materials.	Value of Products.	Value Added by Manufacture.
All Industries	7,036,337	\$14,368,088,831	\$24,246,434,724	\$9,878,345,893
Slaughtering and meat packing. Iron and steel, steel works and rolling mills. Flour-mill and grist-mill products. Foundry and machine-shop products. Lumber and timber products. Cotton goods. Cars and general shop construction and repairs by steam railroad companies.	39,718 362,471 479,786 379,366	590,825,692 752,270,021 358,121,781 281,951,873 431,602,540	877,679,709 866,544,677 715,310,333 676,569,115	126,409,688 508,422,896 433,358,460 244,966,575
Automobiles	79.307	292,597,565		270,212,618 210,632,572
Boots and shoes, not including rubber boots and shoes.	191,555	310,356,586	501,760,458	191,403,872

In the above table the industries are arranged in the order of their gross value of products. Some of the industries which hold a very high rank in gross value of products rank comparatively low in the average number of wage-earners employed and in the value added by manufacture. Where this is the case it indicates that the cost of materials represents a large proportion of the total value of products, and that therefore the value added by manufacture, of which wages constitute usually the largest item, is not commensurate with the total value of products.

# Census of Manufactures.

## CENSUS OF MANUFACTURES.

4ARY FOR THE UNITED STATES, BY GEOGRAPHIC DIVISIONS AND STATES: 1914, 1909, AND 1904.

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DIVISION AND	Cen-	Number of Estab- lish-	Wage- Earners	Primary Horse-	Capital.	Wages.	Materials.	Value of Products.
STATE.	Year.	ments.	(Average Number).	power.	:	Expressed in	Thousands.	
UNITED STATES.	1914 1909 1904 1899	275,791 268,491 216,180 207,514	7,036,337 6,615,046 5,468,383 4,712,763	22,547,574 18,675,376 13,487,707 10,097,893	\$22,790,980 18,428,270 12,675,581 8,975,256	\$4,079,332 3,427,038 2,610,445 2,008,361	\$14,368.089 12,142,791 8,500,208 6,575,851	\$24,246,435 20,672,052 14,793,903 11,406,927
GEOGRAPHIC DIVISIONS: New England	1914 1909 1904	25,193 25,351 22,279	1,140,233 1,101,290 940,752	3,125,629 2,715,121 2,125,815	2,948,040 2,503,854 1,870,995	628,409 557,631 439,050	1,657,674 1,476,297 1,116,273	2,926,676 2,670,065 2,025,999
Middle Atlan-	1914 1909 1904	85,466 81,315 67,699	2,355,940 2,207,747 1,886,565	6,699,576 5,531,502 4,255,264	7,836,071 6,505,675 4,742,357	1,370,131 1,182,568 926,145	4,680,993 4,159,498 2,961,995	8,053,644 7,141,761 5,218,266
East North Central	1914 1909 1904	59,896 60,013 51,754	1,680,281 1,513,764 1,224,628	5,464,935 4,382,070 3,120,369	5,913,681 4,547,225 2,895,446	1,073,538 827,152 615,643	3,795,039 3,034,472 2,045,537	6,542,261 5,211,702 3,605,368
West North Central	1914 1909 1904	21,492	381,595 374,337 312,361	1.241.940	1,424,181 1,171,572 857,904 1,644,539	235,471 204,792 157,843	1,397,841 1,241,855 862,011 1,003,068	2,032,192 1,803,899 1,284,446
So. Atlantic  East South	1909 1904	19,564	522,611	1,221,040	930,420	293,063 244,378 175,461	550,102	974,028
Central West South	1914 1909 1904	15,381 10,311	221,229		405,361		l .	700,668 630,488 464,336
Central	1914 1909 1904 1914	12,339 8,279	211,940 204,520 143,470 81,113	873,350	547,739 328,906	116,128 97,646 67,128 66,358	526,907 382,131 246,832 272,215	802,538 625,443 415,232 437,568
Pacific	1909 1904 1914 1909 1904	16,206 13,579	235,515 213,166	400,766 241,825 1,109,814 802,016 460,049		39,046 178,247 153,810		254,663 1,067,889 843,512
New England: Maine	1914		ŧ	487 917	1	1	117.655	551,565 200,450
N. Hampshire	1909 1904	3,546 3,145 1,736 1,961 1,618	74,958 78,993 78,658	344,093 293,991 218,344	156,749 139,990 109,495	37,632 32,692 40,642 36,200 27,693	97,101 80,042	176,029 144,020 182,844 164,581 123,611
Massachus'ts.	1909 1904 1914 1909	1,958 1,699 12,013 11.684	33,788 33,106 606,698 584,559 488,399		1,548,961 1,279,687	36,200 27,693 18,617 17,272 15,221 341,310 301,174 232,389	34,823 32,430 931,384 830,765	76,991 68,310 63,084 1,641,373 1,490,529
Rhode Island.	1904 1914 1909 1904 1914	2,190	113,425 113,538 97,318 226,264 210,792	209,834	308,445 290,901	59,366	162,425	1,490,529 1,124,092 279,546 280,344 202,110
MIDDLE ATLAN-	1909	4,251 3,477	210,792 181,605	400,275 304,204	620,194 517,546 373,283	43,113 125,220 110,119 87,942	288,511 257,259 191,302	545,472 490,272 369,082
New York	1914 1909 1904	44,935	1,067,857 1,003,981 856,947	2,356,655 1,997,662 1,516,592	3,334,278 2,779,497 2,031,460	557 021	2,108,607 1,856,904 1,348,603	3,814,661 3,369,490 2,488,346
New Jersey	1914 1909 1904	1 8817	373,605 326,223 266,336	1,997,662 1,516,592 793,063 612,293 436,274 3,549,858 2,921,547 2,302,398	2,031,460 1,352,382 977,172 715,060	211,136 169,710 128,169	720,034 470,449	1,406,633 1,145,529 774,369 2,832,350 2,626,742
Pennsylvania.  EAST NORTH	1909 1904	27,563	924,478 877,543 763,282	3,549,858 2,921,547 2,302,398	3,149,411 2,749,006 1,995,837	128,169 527,953 455,627 367,961	1,688,921 1,582,560 1,142,943	2,832,350 2,626,742 1,955,551
CENTRAL: Ohlo	1914 1909	15,658 15,138	510,435 446,934	2,002,780 1,583,155	1.300.733	318,924 245,450	1,020,782 824,202	1,782,808 1,437,936
Indiana	1904 1914 1909 1904	8,022 7,969 7,04	364,298 197,503 186,984 154,174 506,943	1,116,932 709,703 633,377 380,758 1,305,930	856,989 668,863 508,717 312,071	182,429 119,259 95,510 72,058 340,910 273,319 208,405	824,202 527,637 423,857 334,375 220,507	730,795 579,075
Illinois	1914 1909 1904	18,026	405,764		312,071 1,943,836 1,548,171 975,845	340,910 273,319 208,405	1,340,184 1,160,927 840,057	2,247,323 1,919,277 1,410,342

Wisconstn			0011		Di arrog a				~11
E.N.CEN.—Con. Michigan. 1914 8,724 271,050 764,183 8800,143 182,252 (\$50,250) \$1,080,189 Wisconsin 1914 9,746 177,229 40,480,00 774,287 112,193 30,041 683,199 Wisconsin 1914 9,746 177,229 40,480,00 774,287 112,193 417,445 693,199 WEST NORTH MINESOLU 1914 5,974 92,834 40,224 112,047 71,475 693,001 1004 1004 1004 1004 1004 1004 1004	DIVISION AND	Cen-	of Estab-	Wage Earners	Primary Horses	Capital.	Wages.	Materials.	Value of Products.
Michigan   1914   8,724   271,090   598,288   3869,143   \$182,252   \$1592,801   \$4,085   \$1090   97,721   \$125,583   598,289   774,287   \$112,193   366,326   696,172   696,17	STATE.	Year.		(Average		:	Expressed in	Thousands.	
West North   Central   C	Michigan	1909 1904	9,159 7,446	931 4001	598,288 440,890	\$869,143 583,947 337,894	\$182,252 118,968 81,279	\$592,801 368,612 230,081	\$1,086,163 685,109 429,120
CENTRALE:   Minesota   1904   4.756   69.630   229.934   148.932   408.325   1094   4.756   69.630   229.934   148.903   35.843   210.554   407.526   407.		1909 1904	9,721 8,558	182,583 151,391	554,179	605,657	93,905 71,472	346,356 227,255	590,305 411,140
Indexal	CENTRAL:	1014	5,974 5,561	92,834 84,767	358,737 297,670	354,434 275,416	58,507 47,471	336,849 281,622	493,354 409,420
Missouri 1914	Iowa	1914	4,756 5,614 5,528		191 (194)	184,903 233,128 171,219	39,860 32,542	205,451 170,707	307,858 310,750 259,238
South Dakota 1914 988 3.788 16.324 15.060 2.425 17.060 24.75 1909 1.020 3.602 17.666 13.018 2.297 11.476 17.876 1909 1.020 6.666 2.492 11.154 7.855 1.422 8.697 13.088 1914 2.492 2.5144 90.192 121.008 16.893 17.4114 221.616 1909 1.020	Missouri	1914 1909	8,386 8,375 6,464	152,182 152,993	340 467	444,343	89,197 80,843	388.715	637,952 574,111
South Dakota 1994 898 3,788 16,324 15,060 2,625 17,060 1996 1,020 3,002 11,006 13,015 12,007 11,476 17,877 1,606 1909 1,020 2,500 2,		1914 1909 1904	699 752 507	3,275 2,789 1,755	15,062 13,196 9,873	14,213 11,585 5,704	2,416 1,787	14 4841	91 147
Kansas   1904   1,310   24,350   44,405   99,401   13,935   151,081   199,016   13,405   134,915   134,405   134,405   140,		1909 1904	1,020 686	3,788 3,602 2,492	11.104	15,060 13,018 7,585	2.297	8,0971	13 086
So. Atlantic   Delaware   Delaw		1909 1904	2.500	25,144 24,336 20,260	90,192 64,466 46,372	99,901 80,235	13,948 11,022	151 001	
Delaware.   1914   808   22,155   64,403   69,324   11,382   31,649   56,031		1909	3,435	35,570	213,141 99,441	88,080	15,553	190,510	323,234 325,104 198,245
District of Columbia 1914 514 8.877 24.775 40.810 6.069 12.239 28.975 1909 518 7.707 16.563 30.553 4.989 10.247 25.286 1904 482 6.299 12.592 20.200 3.659 7.732 18.355 1909 5.685 10.5676 283.925 216.501 44.874 125.533 24.979 1909 5.685 10.5676 283.925 216.392 38.154 125.553 21.9799 1904 3.187 80.285 176.998 147.989 27.943 83.649 148.857 1909 2.566 63.893 217.496 150.922 33.000 92.878 161.945 1909 4.2109 43.758 138.578 86.821 21.153 54.419 99.041 1904 2.109 43.758 138.578 86.821 21.153 54.419 99.041 1909 4.931 121.473 378.556 217.185 34.355 121.861 216.656 1909 4.931 121.473 378.556 217.185 34.355 121.861 216.656 1909 4.931 121.473 378.556 217.185 34.355 121.861 216.656 1909 4.375 1909 1.375 1909 1.375 1909 1.375 1909 1.375 1909 1.375 1909 1.375 1909 1.375 1909 1.375 1909 1.375 1909 1.375 1909 1.375 1909 1.375 1909 1.375 1909 1.375 1909 1.375 1909 1.375 1909 1.375 1909 1.375 19	Delaware	1909 1904	808 726 631 4.797	22,155 21,238 18,475	52 770		11,382 10,296 8,158 53,792	24.8841	56,035 52,840 41,160
Section   1904   4.931   21.473   278.536   217.185   34.355   121.861   216.535	District of	1909 1904	3,852	32,112	105,449	201,878	30,144	150,024	
Section   1904   4.931   21.473   278.536   217.185   34.355   121.861   216.535		1909	518 482	8,877 7,707 6,299	24,775 16.563 12.592	40,810 30,553 20,200	6,069 4,989 3,659	12,239 10,247 7,732	
Section   1904   4.931   21.473   278.536   217.185   34.355   121.861   216.535		1909 1904 1914		102,320 105,676 80,285 71,078	283,928 176,998 278,504	216,392 147,989 175,995		83 640	219,794 219,794 148,857 193,512
1606	N. Carolina	1904 1914	5.507	63,893 43,758 136,844	217,496 138,578 508,085 378 556		46,039		99,041
1606	S. Carolina	1904 1914 1909	3,272 1,885 1,854	85,339 71,914 73,046	916 699	141,001 203,211 173,221	21,375 24,173 20,361	79,268 91,009 66,351	
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL: Kentucky  1914	Georgia	1914 1909	4 620	59,441 104,461 104,588			13,869 38,128	160,089 116,970	79,37t 253,271 202,863
Central: Kentucky   1914	Florida	1914 1909	2,518 2,159 1,413	55,608 57,473 42,091	100,071 89,816	88,319 65,291 32,972	24,822 22,982	33,816 26,128	81,112 72,890
Tennessee 1914 4,775 4,4373 225,859, 2111423 33,383 123,439 212,071 1909 4,609 73,840 242,277 167,924 28,251 104,016 180,217 1904 1,821 1904 3,75 60,672 175,780 102,440 22,806 79,352 137,961 1904 1,822 62,73 233,185 105,383 24,678 60,458 109,170 1909 2,598 50,854 206,222 73,393 18,768 36,926 80,555 1909 2,598 50,854 206,222 72,393 18,768 36,926 80,555 1904 1,822 62,73 23,185 105,383 24,678 60,458 109,170 1909 2,598 50,854 206,222 72,393 18,768 36,926 80,555 1904 1,520 38,990 110,338 50,256 14,819 25,801 57,451 1904 1,822 62,73 18,768 36,926 80,555 1904 1,520 38,990 110,338 50,256 14,819 25,801 57,451 1904 1,909 2,558 15,768 100,417 19,113 34,935 74,916 1904 1,909 2,925 44,882 173,088 70,174 19,113 34,935 74,916 1904 1,907 33,089 109,599 46,306 11,913 34,935 74,916 1904 1,907 33,089 109,599 46,306 14,544 21,799 33,865 190,599 2,516 75,451 1904 1,909 1,909 2,516 75,451 1904 1,909 2,516 75,451 1904 1,909 2,516 75,451 1904 1,909 1,909 2,516 75,451 1904 1,909	· CENTRAL:	1914 1909	4,184 4,776			193, <b>42</b> 3 172,779	31,830 27,888		230,249 223,754
1914   2.604   41.979   177.088   77.162   20.752   44.907   83.940	Tennessee	1914 1909	4.009		250,857	147,282 211,423 167,924	33.083		180.217
1914   2.604   41.979   177.088   77.162   20.752   44.907   83.940	Alabama	1914 1909 1904	3,398 1,882	78,717 72,148 62,173	445,762 357,837 293.185	227,505 173,180 105,383	33,897	107,412 83,442 60,458	145,962
West South         Central:         Actansas		1914 1909 1904	2,209 2,598	46,702 50,384 38,690	206.222	72,393	19,177 18,768 14,819	41,340 36,926	79,550 80,555
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$									
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Arkansas	1909 1904	2,604 2,925 1,907	41,979 44,982 33,089	177,208 173,088 109,509	40:300	19,113	34 035	74,916 53 885
		1914 1909 1904	2,211 2,516 2,091	77,665 76,165 55,859	399,743 346,652 251,963	261,635	39,544 33,386 25,316	157,886 134,865 117,035	255,313 223,949
		1909 •1904	1,123	13.1431	71,139 29,608	38,873 16,124	7,240 2,799	34,153	53,682

<sup>\*</sup> Includes Indian Territory.

#### CENSUS OF MANUFACTURES-Continued.

DIVISION AND	Cen-	Number cf Estab-	Earners	Prlmary Horse-	Capital.	Wages.	Materials.	Value of Products.
STATE.	Year.	lish- ments.	(Average Number).	power.	I	Expressed In	Thousands.	
W.S. CENTRAL- Texas	Cont. 1914	5,084	74.853	335,791	\$283,544	\$44,821	\$253,144	\$361,279
I CAMEDI I I I I I I	1909	4,588	70.230	282,471	216,876	37,907	178,178	272,896
MOUNTAIN:	1904	3,158	49,066	164,637	115,665	24,469	91,604	150,528
Montana	1914 1909	939 677	13,704 11,655	$91,671 \\ 90,402$	79,246 14,588	13,001 10,901	46,744 49,180	84,446 73,272
Idaho	1904 1914	382 698	8,957 8,919	46,736 50,326	52,590 44,961	8,652 7,491	40,930 14,892	66,415 28,454
idano	1909	725	8,220	42,804	32,477	5,498	9,920	22,400
Wyoming	1904 1914	364 337	3,061 2,989	16.987 10,004	9,689 29,270	$\frac{2,059}{2,312}$	4,069 5,560	8,769 $11,224$
	1909 1904	268 169	2,867 1,834	7,628 3,604	6,195 2,696	2,081 1,261	2,608 1,301	6,249 3,523
Colorado	1914 1909	2,126	1,834 27,278 28,067	162,828 154,615	181,776 162,668	20,200 19,912	89,756 80,491	136,839 130,044
Now Montes	1904	1,606	21.813	124,907	107,664	15,100	63,114	100.144
New Mexico.	1914 1909	313	3.776 4,143	15,668 15,465	8,984 7,743	2,695 2,591	4,430 3,261	9,320 7,898
Arizona	1904		3,478 6,898	5.948 54,697	4,638 40,300	2,153 6,229	2,236 39,283	5,706 64,090
	1909 1904	311	6,441	39,140 21,412	32,873 14,396	5,505 3,969	33,600 14,595	50,257 28,083
Utah	1914	1,109	13.894	59,536	71.843	10.852	62,233	87.112
	1909 1904	606	11,785 8,052	19,397	52,627 26,004	8,400 5,158	24,940	61,989 38,927 16,083
Nevada	1914 1909		3,655 2,257	18,748 7,765	13,591 9,806	3,578 1,982	9,317 8,366	16,083 11,887
Pacific:	1904		802	2,834	2,892	694	1,628	3,096
Washington	1914		67,205		277,715	51,703	136,609 117,888	
_	1909 1904	2,751	69,120 45,199	168,342	222,261 96,953	49,766 30,087	66,166	220,746 128,822
Oregon	1914 1909		28,829 28,750	219,222 175,019	139,500 89,082	20,931 19,902		93.005
California	1904 1914	1,602	18,523 139,481	81,348 491,025	44,023	11,443 105,613		55,525 712,801
Camoi ma	1909	7,659	115,296	329,100	537,134	84,142	325,238 215,726	529,761
	1904	6,839	100,355	210,359	282,647	64,657	213,720	367,218

### MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES OF NEW YORK STATE PRISONS.

Statement showing the financial results of the operation of industries of Sing Sing Prison, Auburn Prison, Clinton Prison, Prison for Women, and Great Mendow Prison during the fiscal years ended September 30, 1913, and September 30, 1914, as per books and records of the prisons.

	FISCAL YEA	R ENDED SE	рт. 30, 1914.	FISCAL YEA	R ENDED SE	Рт. 30, 1913.
INDUSTRY.	Net	Cost of	Net	Net	Cost of	Net
	Sales.	Operation.	Earnings.	Sales.	Operation.	Earnings.
SING SING PRISON.						
	\$29,326.76	\$22,990,29	\$6,336,47	S22.520.47	\$17,722,70	\$4,797,77
Brush and mattress	5.602.50					
art and wagon	33,232.63					
Aothing	15.080.73					4,743.36
Foundry	123,188.16				62,966,27	37,413.73
Knitting and hosiery	3,272.59				5,364.77	†36.54
Mat	11,543.08				8,584.34	1.944.87
Printing and stationery					16,303,91	11,916.38
Sash and door	88.816.59				52,905.35	7.931.23
Shoe						
Total	\$311,067.86	\$270,233.97	\$40,833.89	\$308,138.88	\$234,586.38	\$73,552.50
AUBURN PRISON,						
Bed and brass	10,680.88	10,519.93			14,664.13	
Broom and basket	15.174.95				14,931.33	5,489.40
Cabinet	90,661.90					
Cloth	139,502.34			155,190.16		
School furniture	82,747.76	76,730.61	6,017.15	87,433.55	88,689.33	†1,255.78
Total	\$338,767.83	\$304,943.84	\$33,823,99	\$372,529.68	\$347,608.49	\$24,921.19
CLINTON PRISON.			200,020.00	,	,	
Shirt and clothing	54,738.33	53,600,72	1,137,61	58,694,49	45,621.75	13.072.74
Tloware	21,628.29					4,320.84
Woodenware	11,437,77					7.75
Yarn and cloth	98,091.83			71,981.55		13,762,79
Lumbering	20.639.51	5,114.19		7.491.98	1.692.38	5,799.60
				\$163,024.76		\$36,963.72
Total	\$200,000.70	\$151,547.53	\$34,988.20	3103,024.70	\$120,001.04	\$30,903.74
PRISON FOR WOMEN.	4 101 05	0.000.45	1 100 00	4,646.33	3,382,35	1,263.98
Cotton and hair mattress	4,191.67	3,003.45	1,188.22	4,040.33	3,382,33	1,203.98
GREAT MEADOW PRISON.	10 177 40	11 000 75	41 405 22	*4 017 01	2,368.01	2.449 20
Farming, etc	10,177.42					
Total all prisons	8870,740.51	\$741,331.54	\$129,408.97	\$853,156,86	\$714,006.27	\$139,150.59

<sup>\*</sup> Transactions for 1913 from April 1, 1913, to September 30, 1913, only. † Loss.
For year ending September 30, 1915—Summary of total industrial operations of Sing Sing, Clinton, and
Auburn Prisons (except for Woman's Frison at Auburn and Great Meadow): Production, \$942,398.72; cost
of operation, \$772,287.17; gross sales, \$979,941.02; net sales, \$941,917.04; earnings, \$169,629.87; percentage
of earnings to cost of production, 21.9; percentage of earnings to sales, 18.0.

According to the Report of Occupations issued by the Director of the Bureau of the Census there were 2,152,433 persons ten years of age and over in New York City engaged in gainful occupations in 1910. The gainful workers thus formed 45.2 per cent. of the total population of the city (4,766,883) and 56.3 per cent. of the population ten years of age and over (3,821,540). In 1900 the 1,469,908 gainful workers of the city formed 42.8 per cent. of the total population and 54.7 per cent. of the population ten years of age and over (3,821,540). In 1900 the 1,469,908 gainful workers in 1910 numbered 1,566,240, or 82.1 per cent. of all males ten years of age and over, as compared with 1,102,471, or 83 per cent., in 1900. The female gainful workers in 1910 numbered 586,193, or 30.6 per cent. of all females ten years of age and over, as compared with 367,437, or 27.1 per cent., in 1900.

The 2,152,433 gainful workers in 1910 were distributed among the main branches of occupations as follows: Agriculture, forestry, and animal husbandry, 9,950, or 0.5 per cent.; extraction of minerals, 886, or less than one-tenth of 1 per cent.; manufacturing and mechanical industries, 873,497, or 40.6 per cent.; transportation, 169,834, or 7.9 per cent, trade, 361,053, or 16.8 per cent.; public service, 41,004, or 1.9 per cent.; professional service, 12,7395, or 5.9 per cent.; domestic and personal service, 333,954, or 16.5 per cent.; and clerical occupations, 234,860, or 10.9 per cent.

SET OF WORKERS.

Of the gainful workers in 1910, 1,566,240, or 72.8 per cent., were males and 586,193, or 27.2 per cent., females. In agriculture, forestry, and animal husbandry the males numbered 9,455, or 95 per cent., so the females 495, or 5 per cent. Nearly all—848, or 95.7 per cent.—of the persons engaged in the extraction of minerals were males. In manufacturing and mechanical industries 665,538, or 76.2 per cent., of the workers were males and 207,959, or 23.8 per cent., females. Males constituted 94.8 per cent. of the 16,834 persons engaged in tradic, and 99.2 per cent. of the 41,004 persons engaged in tradic, and 99.2 per cent. of the 41,004 persons engaged in public service females, a targe proportion of the females being school teachers. Domestic and personal service was the only large field of occupations in which the females outnumbered the males. Here females persons pursuing clerical occupations, 156,836, or 66.8 per cent., of the workers. Of the persons pursuing clerical occupations, 156,836, or 66.8 per cent., were males and 78,024, or 33.2 per cent., females.

per cent., females.

COLOR OR RACE OF WORKERS.

Of the 1.566.240 gainfully occupied males in 1910, 265.393 were native whites of native parentage, 415.926 native whites of foreign or mixed parentage, 856.650 foreign-born whites, 33.110 negroes, and 5.161 other colored. The proportion which the gainfully occupied males formed of all the males ten years of age and over in each principal class of the population was: For native whites of native parentage, 75.5 per cent.; for native whites of foreign-born whites, 90 per cent.; and for negroes, 90.7 per cent.

Of the 586,193 gainfully occupied females in 1910, 93.266 were native whites of native parentage, 78.32 negroes, and 188 other colored. The proportion which the gainfully occupied females formed of all the females ten years of age and over in each principal class of the population was: For native whites of native parentage, 26.8 per cent.; for native whites of foreign or mixed parentage, 30.7 per cent.; for foreign-born whites, 30.6 per cent.; and for negroes, 60.7 per cent.

The gainfully occupied males in 1910 were distributed according to age periods as follows:
Ten to thirteen years, 712; fourteen to fitteen years, 20,696; stxteen to twenty years, 189,497; twentyone to forty-four years and age unknown, 1,012,631; and forty-five years and over, 342,704. The
proportion which the gainfully occupied males formed of all males in each age period was: For
those ten to thirteen years of age, 0.4 per cent.; for those fourteen to fitteen years of age, 25.9 per
cent.; for those sixteen to twenty years of age, 84.2 per cent.; for those twenty-one to forty-four
years of age, 97.3 per cent.—that is, all but three men in every 100 had gainful occupations—and for
those forty-five years of age and over, 87.1 per cent.

The gainfully occupied females in 1910 were distributed according to age periods as follows: Ten to
thirteen years, 622; fourteen to fifteen years, 165.39; sixteen to twenty years, 171,780; twenty-one
to forty-four years and age unknown, 330,738; and forty-five years and over, 66,514. The proportion which the gainfully occupied females formed of all females in each age period was: For those
ten to thirteen years of age, 0.4 per cent.; for those fourteen to fifteen years of age, 20.2 per cent.;
for those sixteen to twenty years of age, 65.8 per cent.; for those tourty-one to forty-four years of
age, 32.9 per cent.; and for those forty-five years of age and over, 16.8 per cent.

NUMBER OF CHILDREN AT WORKE

In New York City in 1910 there were 21,408 males and 17,161 females ten to fifteen years of age engaged in gainful occupations; or, stated otherwise, 8.6 per cent. of the males and 6.8 per cent. of the females ten to fifteen years of age were gainful workers. In 1900 there were 29,871 males and 22,868 females ten to fifteen years of age engaged in gainful occupations.

PRINCIPAL OCCUPATIONS IN NEW YORK CITY.

The principal occupations followed by the males and the females, respectively, in New York City in 1910 were as follows:

MA	LES.	
4,207	Draymen, teamsters, and expressmen	39,776 15.512
7.045	Elevator tenders	7,554
4,016		14,898
		7,320
		4,447
		7,924 8,522
		5.342
		8.004
		9,039
		,,,,,
9,255	General and not specified	35,501
87,813	Heipers in building and hand trades	5,752
34,629		16,618
		4,788
	Steam railroad	7,453
		11,873 4,143
22,127	Laundry operatives	4,140
	4,207 8,099 7,045 4,016 13,312 16,210 12,519 7,922 33,795 16,804 15,000 41,442 87,813	8,099 Electricians and electrical engineers. 7,045 Elevator tenders. 4,016 Engineers (stationary). 13,312 Firemen (except locomotive & FireDept.) 16,210 Firemen (Fire Department). 12,519 Foremen and overseers (manufacturing). 7,922 Guarda, watchmen, and doorkeepers. 33,795 Hostlers and stable hands. 15,000 Janitors and sextons. 41,442 Laborers: 9,255 General and not specified. 87,813 Heipers in building and hand trades. Road and street building and repairing Public service. Steam railroad. Laborers, porters, and helpers in stores.

#### OCCUPATIONS-NEW YORK CITY SUMMARY-Continued.

M	IALES-	Continued.	
Lawyers, Judges, and Justices Lonsshoremen and stevedores. Machinists and millwrights Mail carriers. Mail carriers Managers and superintendents (manufg) Manufacturers and officials. Messenger, bundle, and office boys. Musicians and teachers of music. Painters, glaziers, and varnishers (buildg.) Painters, glaziers, and varnishers (factory) Physicians and surgeons. Plasterers. Plumbers and gas and steam fitters Policemen. Porters (except in stores) Real estate agents and officials. Restaurant. café. and lunchroom keepers	10.563 17.165 24.707 7.664 35.864 35.864 9.342 27.133 4.797 8.241 6.388 19.564 11.834 12.818	Sallors and deck hands. Salesmen (stores). Salonkeepers. Semi-skilled operatives: Cign and tobace instories. Training and publishing. Shee factories. Suit, coat, cloak, and overall factories. Servants. Sewers & sewing machine operators (fact'y) Shoemakers and cobblers (not in factory) Soldiers, sallors, and marines. Stenographers and typewriters. Tailors. Teachers (school). Tinsmiths. Waiters.	4,743 66,445 4,204 9,968 7,689 5,416 26,578 38,003 8,108 4,573 6,342 49,276 5,388 20,659
Retail dealers		Wholesale dealers, importers, & exporters	7,762
	FEM	ALES.	
Actresses. Barbers, bairdressers, and manicurists Boarding and lodging house keepers Bookkeepers, cashiers, and accountants	3,759 3,864 6,707 21,613	Musicians and teachers of music	5,804 7,799 27,761
Charwomen and cleaners. Clerks (except cierks in stores). Clerks in stores. Dressmakers & seamstresses (not in fact'y) Forewomen & overseers (manufacturing).	4,692 19,409 9,947 38,850 3,302	Clgar and tobacco factories.  Raper box factories.  Printing and publishing.  Silk mills.  Servants.	8,751 3,011 6,889 3,303
Housekeepers and stewardesses.  Janitors and sextons  Laundresses (not in laundry).  Laundry operatives.	7,522 10,454 17,823 5,874	Sewers & sewing machine operators (fact'y) Stenographers and typewriters. Talloresses. Teachers (school).	
Messenger, bundle, and office girls Midwives and nurses (not trained) Milliners and millinery dealers	2,664 9,709 12,096	Telephone operators. Trained nurses. Waltresses.	7,362 7,504 8,958

For table of Occupations in the United States see 1915 Almanac, pages 242-245.

### WORKERS IN THE UNITED STATES, BY ACE AND COLOR OR RACE.

(From a report of the Bureau of Census, July 9, 1914.)

More than eight in every ten (81.3 per cent.) makes ten years of age and over in the United States in 1910 were engaged in gainful occupations, according to the figures presented in the Report on Occupations issued by the Director of the Census. In the tabulation of occupations for this report all gainful workers were distributed in the following five age periods: Ten to thirteen years, fourteen to fifteen, sixteen to twenty, twenty-one to forty-four (including age unknown), and forty-five years and over. In the lowest age period, ten to thirteen years, the proportion of makes gainfully occupied was one in six (16.6 per cent.); in the next age period, fourteen to fifteen, the proportion more than doubled, being over two in each five (41.4 per cent.); and in the age period street to twenty the proportion increased to almost four in five (79.2 per cent.). The proportion was highest for the age period thenty-one to forty-four years (including persons of unknown age). In this age period 96.7 per cent. of the males were gainfully occupied; or stated otherwise, only 3.3 men out of cevery 100 in this age group were without gainful occupation in 1910. In the highest age period, forty-five years and over, the proportion of makes gainfully occupied was 85.9 per cent.

The proportion of all makes ten years of age and over engaged in gainful occupations was sightly larger in 1910 than in 1900, but this increase was confined to two age periods, sixteen to twenty and smaller in 1910 than in 1900, the decrease being greatest for the age period fourteen to fitteen.

Of the females ten years of age and over eage period ten the engaged in gainful occupations in the age period denter to the same of the proportion of the females to years of age and over, when the proportion of the females they are of age period ten the proportion of the females they are of age period ten the proportion of the females ten years of age and over engaged in gainful occupations is a period to the proportion of the females eitheen to twenty years of age

COLOR OR RACE OF WORKERS.

COLOR OR RACE OF WORKERS.

Of the 30,091,564 gainfuily occupied males in the United States in 1910, 14,855,825 were native whites of native parentage, 5,285,811 native whites of foreign or mixed parentage, 6,588,711 foreign-born whites, 3,178,554 negroes, and 182,663 Indians, Chinese, Japanese, and all other. The proportion which the gainfuily occupied males formed of all males ten years of age and over in each principal class of the population was, for native whites of native parentage, 78.5 per cent; native whites of foreign or mixed parentage, 76.5 per cent; foreign-born whites, 90 per cent; negrees, 87.4 per cent; and Indians, Chinese, Japanese, and all other, 80.8 per cent.

Native white males of native parentage formed 49.4 per cent. of the male gainful workers, as compared with 51.1 per cent. of all males ten years of age and over; while the corresponding percentages for native white males of foreign or mixed parentage were 17.6, as compared with 18.7 per cent.; for foreign-born white males, 21.9, as compared with 19.8 per cent.; and for negro males, 10.6, as compared with 9.8 per cent.

Of the 8,075,772 gainfully occupied females, 3,098,639 were native whites of native parentage, 1,222,791 foreign-born whites, 2,013,981 negroes, and 18,082 Indians, Chinese, Japanese, and all other. The proportion which the gainfully occupied females formed of all females ten years of age and over; neach principal class of the population was, for native whites of native parentage, 17.1 per cent.; native whites of foreign or mixed

#### WORKERS IN THE UNITED STATES, BY AGE AND COLOR OR RACE-Continued.

parentage, 24.6 per cent.; foreign-born whites, 21.7 per cent.; negroes, 54.7 per cent: and Indians, Chinese, Japanese, and all other, 17.6 per cent.

Native white females of native parentage formed 38.4 per cent. of the female gainful workers, as compared with 52.5 per cent. of all females ten years of age and over; while the corresponding percentages for native white females of foreign or mixed parentage were 21.3, as compared with 20.3 per cent.; for foreign-born white females, 15.1, as compared with 16.3 per cent; and for negro females, 24.9, as compared with 10.7 per cent.

#### CHILD WORKERS.

There were 1,990,225 children of both sexes, ten to fifteen years of age, engaged in gainful occupations in 1910, or 18.4 per cent. of the total number of children of that age group. The males numbered 1,353,139, and the females 637,086. In 1900 1,750,178, or 18.2 per ceut. of the children ten to fifteen years of age were engaged in gainful occupations; and in 1880 1,118,356, or 16.8 per

ten to fifteen years of age were engaged in gainful occupations; and in 1880 1,118,356, or 16.8 per cent., of them.

The increase from 1900 to 1910 in the number, and hence in the proportion, of all children ten to fifteen years of age engaged in gainful occupations was confined to children engaged in agricultural pursuits, where the increase was 369,283, or 34.8 per cent., for both sexes: 166,394, or 19.5 per cent., for the males; and 202,889, or 97.9 per cent., for the females. There was a marked decrease from 1900 to 1910 in the number of children ten to fifteen years of age engaged in non-agricultural pursuits. This decrease was 129,236, or 18.8 per cent., for both sexes; 77,666, or 19 per cent., for the females and 51,570, or 18.5 per cent., for the females.

#### KNOWLEDGE OF CONSULAR LAW NEEDED IN TRADE WITH FOREIGN COUNTRIES.

(Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce Builetin, September 23, 1915.)

AN understanding of the main principles of the customs and consular regulations of the United States affecting imports and exports will enable the American exporter to look at the question of the rules prevailing in other countries from the foreign point of view, and to avoid the tendency to consider every foreign consular regulation as mere red tape and imposition, in the view of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, Department of Commerce, which has made a close study of the problems to be solved by those engaged in selling American goods. It has been found, for instance, that the exporter

It has been found, for instance, that the exporter to Latin-American countries is apt to grumble considerably at having to fill out the many details on his consular invoice, but is often unaware that just as many, if not more details are required by the United States in American consular invoices

United States in American consular invoices
It is pointed out that one of the main requisites for a good all-round export man is a thorough knowledge of such regulations, especially those affecting the Republics of Central and South America. In order thoroughly to grasp these regulations, the student should analyze the purpose for which they are promulgated. He will find that the main objects are two, in all countries. The fees exacted for consular certification are largely for the upkeep of the consulates in the various cities and for the remuneration of the consular officers. The bulk of the regulations, however, are made and enforced in order to comply with and carry out the import customs requirements of the countries of destination, each country naturally having its own customs laws and provisions.

In advocating a mastery of American requirements

In advocating a mastery of American requirements as preliminary to a proper understanding of those of foreign lands, the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce mentions a few of the details which have been found to be of Importance. Any brief statement, however, must of necessity be a kind of bibliography to be studied by the commercial student at his icisure, and to be enlarged upon by him according to the particular subject that may really he of ing to the particular subject that may really be of interest to him.

ink to the particular subject that may really be of interest to him.

For all goods imported into the United States amounting to \$100 or more, there must be taken out a consular invoice, which must be certified by the United States Consul at the point of sale, manufacture, or shipment of the merchandise. The fee for each certification is \$2.50. Three copies of the consular invoice are usually made out. The original copy is retained by the Consul for his files, a duplicate is given to the exporter, stamped with the official seal of the Consul and bearing the revenue stamp of \$2.50. a triplicate is forwarded by the Consul to the Collector of Customs at the port to which the goods are consigned, and sometimes a quadruplicate is given to the shipper as an extra file copy.

There are two forms of consular invoices—one a blue form for showing when goods have been purchased outright and are the property of the consignee, and a white form issued when the goods are sent to the United States on consignment and are still the property of the chipper.

On arrival in the American port, the shipment has to be entered within forty-eight hours of the official cutry of the vessel at the Custom House. Goods not entered within forty-eight hours are sent to the general order warehouse as unclaimed, often entailing heavy storage and cartage expenses

Several kinds of entries can be made. If goods are free of duty or if they are needed for immediate consumption, an import or consumption entry is made. If they are not needed immediately a warehouse entry is made, and goods are stored in warehouse, to be withdrawn at a later date in one or more package. Parts of packages cannot be withdrawn from

Another entry is an I. T. (immediate transporta-tion) entry, which means that goods are shipped through to another city of the United States in bond (in sealed cars), and that the required entry will be made by the ultimate consumer or his agent in that

city.
Forms or blanks approved by the Treasury Department must be used in clearing merchandise. When properly filled out by the importer or lis representative, they are filed with the consular invoice and bill of lading in the Custom House, and duty is assessed at the appropriate rates, gauged from the invoice description. A portion of the consignment is designated by the Collector's representative for examination by the appraiser, and the balance of the shipment is delivered to the importer. If the appraiser finds that the goods are correct in value and invoice description, and there are no other facts known to the authorities which lead them to doubt the correctness of the invoice legental, the entire the correctness of the invoice in general, the entire consignment is considered as released and the im-

consignment is considered as released and the im-porter secures a delivery permit for the portion re-tained for examination.

Should the appraiser desire to examine any other cases than those preliminarily examined, he orders the additional cases to the appraiser's warehouse, under the conditions of a bond given by the importer at the time of entry.

under the conditions of a bond given by the embode, under the conditions of a bond given by the importer at the time of entry. In the matter of merchandise which the importer with the matter of merchandise which the importer being the condition of the condition

#### WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION LAWS OF STATES AND TERRITORIES.

(Report of Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor.)

In order to facilitate the study and comparison of the Compensation laws of the various States, they are analyzed in the following pages according to a uniform outline designed to show clearly the most important features of the several plans.

#### ALASKA.

DATE OF ENACCHENT—April 29, 1915; in effect July 28, 1915.

INJURIES COMPENSATED—Personal injury causing disability for more than two weeks, or death, arising out of and in course of employment, not due to the employee's wilful intention to injure himself or another, or to his intoxication,

INDUSTRIES COVERED—Mining operations in which five or more persons are employed, unless election to the contrary is made (includes development and construction work, stamp and roller mills, reduction work and processes, coke ovens, etc.).

roller mills, reduction work and processes, coke ovens, etc.)
PERSONS COMPENSATED—Private employment: All employees in industries covered, contractors and subcontractors excluded. Public employment: Not included the process of the

exceed \$150, and other capenses, n eng, to same amount.

COMPENSATION FOR DISABILITY:

(a) Total permanent, \$3,600 to workman alone; \$1,200 additional if wife is living; \$600 additional for each child under sixteen; total not to exceed \$6,000. If no wife or children, \$600 to each dependent

wife or children, \$600 to each dependent
(b) Total temporary disability, 50 per cent.
of weekly wages for not over six months.
(c) Partial permanent disability, fixed sums
for specified injuries, varying with conjugal
REVISION OF BENETIS—Readjustment must
be made if within two years an injury develops
or proves to be such as to warrant a different
award from any previously made.
INSURANCE—No provision.
SECURITY OF PAYMENTS—Attachment may
be had pending result of action, or employer may
deposit cash or bond with court. Payments are
exempt from execution.
SETTIREMENT OF DISPUTES—By courts,
either with or without jury trial.

#### ARIZONA

DATE OF ENACTMENT—June 8, 1912; in effect September 1, 1912; new act May 13, 1913; in effect October 1, 1913; new act May 13, 1913; in effect October 1, 1913.

INJURIES COMPENSATED—All accidental injuries causing disability of at least two weeks, or death, arising out of and in the course of the employment, caused in whole, or in part, or contributed to, by a necessary risk or danger of, or inherent in the nature of the employment, or by failure of the employer or his agents to exercise due care or to comply with any law affecting the employment.

due care or to comply with any law affecting the employment.
INDUSTRIES COVERED—All especially dangerous employments, including the construction, operation and maintenance of steam and street railroads, using or working near explosives, building work using iron or steel frames or hoists, derricks, or ladders or scaffolds twenty or more feet above ground; telegraph, telephone or other electrical work; work in mines, quarries, tunnels, subways, etc.; all mills, shops and factories using power machinery. Industries declared especially dangerous are specified in law. Elective as to other industries.

other industries.
PERSONS COMPENSATED-Private employ-

ment: All employees in industries covered. Public employment: No provision.

BURDEN OF PAYMENT—Entire cost rests

BUILDEN OF FATALANT—Entitle cost tasks upon the employer.

COMPENSATION FOR DEATH:

(a) To persons wholly dependent, a lump sum equal to 2,400 times one-half the daily wages or earnings of the deceased employee, but not to exceed \$4,000. Payments to children cease on reaching the age of eighteen years

cigliteen years.
(b) If no dependents, the reasonable expenses of medical attendance and burial of deceased employee.
COMPENSATION FOR DISABILITY:
(a) For total disability, 50 per cent, of the employee's semi-monthly earnings during the time has in smalled to work at any rainful. time he is unable to work at any gainful occupation.

time he is mable to work at any gainful occupation.

(b) For partial disability, a semi-monthly payment equal to one-half the wage decrease, (c) The total amount of payments for total or partial disability caused by a single injury not to exceed \$4,000.

REVISION OF BENEFITS—Examinations as to the nature of injury and degree of incapacity, etc., may be required by either party at intervals of not less than three months.

INSURANCE—The employer may insure provided the liability for compensation is not less than the compensation fixed by law.

SECURITY OF PAYNIENTS—A judgment for compensation issued by a court is collectible without relief from valuation or appraisement laws and has the same preferential claim as is allowed by law for unpial wages or personal services.

SETTLEMENT OF DISPUTES—Disputes may be settled by (a) written agreement between the parties, (b) arbitration, or (c) by reference to the Attorney-General of the State, in case of failure or refusal to agree by any of the modes above provided, then by a civil action at law.

### CALIFORNIA,

CALIFORNIA.

DATE OF ENACTMENT—April 8, 1911; in effect September 1, 1911; new act May 26, 1913; in effect September 1, 1911; new act May 26, 1913; in effect January 1, 1914; amended, chapters 541, 607, 662, acts of 1915

INJURIES COMPENSATED—Injuries arising out of and in the course of employment causing disability for more than two weeks, or death, and not the result of the intoxication or wilful misconduct of the injured employee.

INDUSTRIES COVERED—All excepting agriculture and domestic service.

PERSONS COMPENSATED—Private employment: Every person in the service of an employer for hire, including aliens, apprentices and members of employer's family who perform labor, excepting casual laborers. Public employment: Persons employed by the State and its political subdivisions (except masalaried deputies appointed for their own convenience), and by all public corporations.

BURDEN OF PAYMENT-Entire cost rests

BURDEN OF PAYMENT—Entire cost rests upon the employer.

(a) To persons wholly dependent, three times the annual earnings of the deceased employee; not less than \$1,000 nor more than \$5,000, payable at least monthly in instalments equal to 65 per cent, of the wases. Payments to children cease on reaching the age of eighteen years, unless mentally or physically incapacitated for earning a living.

(b) If only partial dependents survive, such proportion of the above as corresponds to the ratio between the carnings of the deceased and his contribution to their support.

(c) If no dependents, the reasonable expense of burial, not exceeding \$100.

COMPENSATION FOR DISABILITY:
(a) Reasonable medical, surgical and hospital treatment required during the first ninety days after the injury, or longer if the com-

mission directs.
(b) For temporary total disability, 65 per cent, of average weekly earnings during such

disability.

(c) For temporary partial disability, 65 per cent, of weekly loss of wages during such disability.

disability

(d) The aggregate amount of benefits for a single injury causing temporary disability is limited to three times the annual earnings of the injured person, with a maximum benefit period of 240 weeks.

(e) For permanent disability, 55 per cent, of average weekly earnings, for periods varying from forty to 240 weeks, according to the degree of disability. After the expiration of 240 weeks a further benefit varying from 10 to 40 per cent, of the weekly earnings is payable during the remainder of life, when the degree of disability reaches or exceeds 70 per cent.

In case of permanent incapacity or death,

ability reaches or exceeds 70 per cent.

In case of permanent incapacity or death,
a lump sum may be substituted for benefits,
such lump sum to equal the present value
of the benefits computed at 6 per cent.
REVISION OF BENEFITS—Decisions and
awards may be reviewed at any time during the
first 245 weeks, after legal notice received.
INSURANCE—A State insurance fund is created
under State control for the purpose of insuring
employers against liability. Employers may effect
insurance for liability for accident with any insurance company. Municipalities are required to
insure in the State fund, unless the risk is
refused.

refused,
SECURITY OF PAYMENTS—A claim for injury or death of an employee or any award shall have the same preference over other unsecured debts as is given by law to claims for wages, but not so as to impair a lien of a previous award, SETPLEMENT OF DISPUTES—Disputes are settled by the State Industrial Accident Commission, subject to a limited review by the courts.

#### COLORADO.

DATE OF ENACTMENT—April 10, 1915; in effect August 1, 1915.
INJURIES COMPENSATED—Injuries caused by accident arising out of and in course of employment, not intentionally self-inflicted or intentionally inflicted by another, and causing death within two years or disability for more than three

INDUSTRIES COVERED—All except interstate commerce and domestic and agricultural labor in which four or more persons are employed in which employers elect to come under the act; others may elect, but lose no defences if they do not. Public service under State, municipalities, school or irrigation districts, etc.

PERSONS COMPENSATED—Private employment: Every person in the service of another under any contract of hire, express or implied, casual employees excepted. Public employees: All ander any appointment or contract of hire; elective officials excluded.

BURDEN OF PAYMENT—All on employer.

COMPENSATION FOR DEATH:

(a) To persons wholly dependent; 50 per cent, of the weekly wages for six years, \$8 maximum, total not to exceed \$2,500 nor to be less than \$1,000. If death occurs from any cause during receipt of disability benefits, any unaccrued and unpaid remainder goes to dependents.

(b) If only partial dependents survive, 50 per COVERED--A11

to dependents.

(b) If only partial dependents survive, 50 per cent, of the weekly wages, \$8 maximum, for such part of six years as the commission may determine, total not to exceed \$2,500. If death occurs from any eause during the receipt of disability benefits, partial dependents shall receive not more than four times the amount contributed by the deceased during his last year of employment,

the aggregate of disability and death benefits not to exceed \$2,500, (c) If no dependents, \$100 funeral expenses, (d) Payments to widow or dependent widower cease on death or remarriage; to children, on reaching the age of eighteen, unless physically incapacitated from earning.

COMPENSATION FOR DISABILITY:

(a) Medical and surgical assistance for first thirty days, not more than \$100 in value, (b) For total disability, 50 per cent, of weekly wage during continuance, \$5 minimum, \$8 maximum; full wages if less than \$5.

(c) For partial disability, 50 per cent, of the weekly wage decrease, \$8 maximum; total not to exceed \$2,080.

(d) Special schedule for specified injuries, 50 per cent, of weekly wages for periods ranging from four to 208 weeks,
Payments may be commuted to a lump sum after six months.

sum after six months.

REVISION OF BENEFITS—Awards may be changed within fifteen days after making on discovery of mistake, and may be appealed from

covery of mistake, and may be appealed from within sixty days.

INSURANCE—Insurance in State fund, stock or mutual company, or proof of financial ability to make payments is required.

SECURITY OF PAYMENTS—Insurers are primarily liable to a workman or his beneficiaries entitled to benefits; notice to employer does not release insurer. Claims are not assignable, and payments are exempt from attachment or exemption. nents are exempt from attachment or execution.
SETTLEMENT OF DISPUTES—Disputes are determined by the Industrial Commission, with limited appeal to courts.

#### CONNECTICUT.

DATE OF ENACTMENT—May 29, 1913; in effect January 1, 1914; amended, chapter 288, Acts of 1915.

INJURIES COMPENSATED—All injuries arising out of and in the course of employment, disability of more than ten days, or death, except when injury is caused by wilful and serious coisconduct of the injured employee, or by his introviection. toxication

INDUSTRIES COVERED-All industries in

INDUSTRIES COVERED—All industries in which five or more persons are employed, in absence of contrary election by employer.

PERSONS COMPENSATIED—Private employment: All employees of employers accepting the act, in absence of contrary election, outworkers and casual employees excepted. Public employment: Employees of the State and any public corporation within the State using the services of another for pay.

BURDEN OF PAYMENT—Entire cost rests upon the employer.

COMPENSATION FOR DEATH:

compension the employer.

(a) \$100 for burial expenses.

(b) To persons wholly dependent, a weekly compensation equal to one-half the earnings of the deceased employee, (c) If only partial dependents survive, weekly compensation, determined according to the measure of dependence, not exceeding one-half the earnings of the deceased employee

one-half the earnings of the deceased employee,
(d) Compensation shall in no case be more than \$10 or less than \$5 weekly, and shall not continue longer than \$12 weeks.

A widow's or widower's dependence cases with remarriage, and a child's upon reaching eighteen years of age, unless physically or mentally incapacitated.

If a widow or dependent widower remarries or dies during the term of benefit payments, subsequent payments go to other dependents, if any,

COMPENSATION FOR DISABILITY:
(a) Medical and sugical aid and hospital service during such time a needed (b) For total disability and the service during such time a needed (b) For total disability here and the service during such time as service during such time as needed, and the service during such time as needed.

(c) For partial disability, a weekly compensation equal to one-half the wage loss, but not more than \$10 per week, or for longer than 312 weeks. For specified injuries causing permanent partial disability, one-half the average weekly earnings for fixed periods in lieu of all other payments.

Lump sum payments may be approved by the commissioner, provided they equal the value of the compensations.

REVISION OF BENEFITS—Review may be had upon request of either party, whenever it shall appear to the compensation commissioner that the incapacity or the measure of dependence has changed.

has changed. INSURANCE INSURANCE—Approved schemes may be substituted provided the benefits are equivalent to those provided by law. Insurance may be taken in approved stock or mutual companies or associations.

SECURITY OF PAYMENTS-Employer must SECURITY OF PAYMENTS—Employer must furnish the insurance commissioner satisfactory ploof of his solvency and financial ability to pay awards, file satisfactory security with the insurance commissioner, or insure in approved stock or mutual companies or associations, SETTLEMENT OF DISPUTES—Disputes are to be settled by the compensation commissioners. Appeals from findings and awards of any commissioner may be made to the Superior Court of the country without cost to either party.

the county without cost to either party.

#### HAWAII.

DATE OF ENACTMENT—April 28, 1915; in effect July 1, 1915.
INJURIES COMPENSATED—Personal injury by accident arising out of and in course of employment, causing disability for more than fourteen days or death within two years, and not due to the employee's intention to injure himself or another or to his intention to injure himself or another or to his intention.
INDUSTRIES COVERED—All public and all industrial employment.
PERSONS COMPENSATED—Private employ.

PERSONS COMPENSATED-Private employ-PERSONS COMPENSATED—Fittate employment: All persons under contract of employment or apprenticestip, other than casual employees, whose pay does not exceed \$36 per week. Public employment: All except elective officials and employees who receive salaries in excess of \$1,800

BURDEN OF PAYMENT-All on employer.

BURDEN OF PAYMENT—All on employer.
COMPENSATION FOR DEATH:
(a) \$100 funeral expenses if death occurs
within six months after the injury.
(b) 49 per cent. of average weekly wages to
widow or dependent widower alone, 50 per
cent, if one or two dependent children, 60
per cent. if three or more; 30 per cent. to
one or two orphans, 10 per cent. additional
for each child in excess of two, total not
to exceed 50 per cent. If no consort or
child, but other dependents, 25 to 40 per
cent.

to exceed 50 per cent. If no consort or child, but other dependents, 25 to 40 per cent.

(c) Payments to widow cease on death or remarriage, and to widower on termination of disability or remarriage; to child on reaching age of sixteen, unless incapable of self-support, when they may continue to eighteen; to other beneficiaries, on termination of disability; no payments except to childeren to continue longer than 312 weeks. Basic wages not less than \$5 nor more than \$36 weekly.

COMPENSATION FOR DISABILITY:

(a) Reasonable surgical, medical and hospital services for first fourteen days, not exceeding \$50 in amount.

(b) For total disability, 60 per cent. of weekly wages, \$3 minimum, \$18 maximum, for not longer than 312 weeks; total not to exceed \$5,000. If wages are less than \$3, full wages will be paid unless disability is permament, when \$3 will be paid.

(c) For partial disability, 50 per cent. of wage decrease, \$12 maximum, not over 312 weeks, total not to exceed \$5,000; fixed awards for specified injuries.

Payments may be commuted to one or more lump sums in any case.

REVISION OF BENPFITS—Agreements and awards may be reviewed at any time, not oftener

awards may be reviewed at any time, not oftener than once in six mouths.

INSURANCE—Private employers must carry insurance, secure guarantee insurance, deposit security, or furnish proof of financial ability to make payments.

SECURITY OF PAYMENTS—Payments are preferred claims, the same as wage debts. Employees have direct recourse to insuring company; insolvency of employer does not release insurer.

SETTLEMENT OF DISPUTES—Industrial accident backles for courts. cident boards for each county; appeals to courts,

### ILLINOIS.

DATE OF ENACTMENT—June 10, 1911; in effect May I, 1912. New act, June 28, 1913; in effect July 1, 1913; amended June 28 (p. 400), 1915

INJURIES COMPENSATED—Accidental in-juries arising out of and in the course of employ-ment causing permanent disfigurement, disability of over six working days, or death, INDUSTRIES COVERED—The building trade;

INDUSTRIES COVERED—The building trades; construction, excavating and electrical work; transportation; mining and quarrying; work with or about explosives, molten metals, injurious gases or vapors, or corrosive acids, and all enterprises in which the law requires protective devices, provided the employer elects. Other employers may elect, but forfeir no defences if they do not. Compulsory as to State and its municipalities, PERSONS COMPENSATED—Private employment: All employees. Public employment: All persons employed by the State, county, municipality, etc., except officials.

BURDEN OF PAYMENT—Entire cost rests.

BURDEN OF PAYMENT-Entire cost rests

BURDEN OF PAYMENT—Entire cost rests on the employer.

COMPENSATION FOR DEATH:

(a) To persons wholly dependent or to lineal heirs to whose support the employee had contributed within four years, a sum equal to four years' earnings, not less than \$1,650

contributed within four years, a sum equal to four years' carnings, not less than \$1,650 nor more than \$3,500, nor more than \$3,500, nor more than \$3,500, nor more than \$3,500, nor more than \$3,500, nor more than \$3,500, nor more than \$3,500, nor more than \$3,500, nor more than \$3,500, nor more than \$3,500, nor more than \$4,500, nor more than \$4,500, nor more such a percentage of the above sum as the support rendered during the last two years was of the earnings of the deceased. (c) If dependents, a burful benefit of exceeding \$150.

COMIFENSATION FOR DISABILITY:

(a) Medical and surgical aid for not over eight weeks, not over \$200 in value.

(b) For total disability, beginning with eighth day (second day of permanent), a weekly sum equal to one-half the employee's earnings, \$6 minimum, \$12 maximum, during disability or until payments equal a death benefit; thereafter, if the disability is permanent, a sum annually equal to 8 per cent, of a death benefit, but not less than \$10 per month.

(c) For permanent partial disability, one-half the loss of earning capacity, not more than \$12 per week.

(d) For certain specific injuries (mutilations, etc.), a benefit of 50 per cent, of weekly wages for fixed periods.

(e) For serious and permanent disfigurement, not causing incapacity and not otherwise compensated, a sum not exceeding one-fourth the death benefits.

No payments are to extend beyond eight years, except in case of permanent total incapacity.

capacity.

capacity.

Lump sum payments for either death or disability may be substituted by the Industrial Board for periodic payments.

REVISION OF BENEFITS—Medical examination may be had not oftener than every four weeks. The Industrial Board may, on request, review instalment payments within eighteen months after the award or agreement thereon.

INSURANCE—The employer may insure or

maintain a benefit system, but may not reduce his

liability under the act.

Hability under the act.

Hability of PAYMENTS—In case of insolvency, awards conclude liens upon all property of the employer within the county, paramount to all other claims, except wages, taxes, mortgages, or trust deeds.

or trust deeds,
Employers must furnish proof of ability to pay,
or give security, insure, or make other provision
for security of payment. The rights of an insolvent employer to insurance indemnities are subrogated to injured employees.
SETTLEMENT OF DISPUTES—Disputes are
determined by the Industrial Board through an
arbitrator or arbitration committee, subject to review by the board. Questions of law may be reriewed by the courts.

#### INDIANA.

DATE OF ENACTMENT—March 8, 1915; in effect September 1, 1915.

INJURIES COMPENSATED—Personal injury causing disability for more than two weeks, or death by accident arising out of and in course of employment, not due to wilful misconduct, intention to injure self, intoxication, or wilful failure or refusal to use safety appliance or perform duty required by statute.

INDUSTRIES COVERED All expect intox

INDUSTRIES COVERED—All except inter-state and foreign commerce, for which Federal laws make provision, and domestic and agricul-tural labor, unless employer make contrary elec-tion; compulsory as to State and its municipalities.

PERSONS COMPENSATED-Private employment: All employees and contractors' employees engaged upon the subject matter of the contract; casual employees are excepted. Public employ-

casual employees are excepted. Public employment: All employees
BURDEN OF FAYMENT—All on employer.

COMPENSATION FOR DEATH:

(a) \$100 for funeral expenses, if death from the injury occurs within 300 weeks.

(b) 50 per cent, of weekly wages opersons wholly dependent; to those partially dependent, amounts proportionate to decedent's contributions to their support. The term of payment is limited to 300 weeks from the receipt of the injury (c) Payments campent and injury (c) Payments campent and injury (c) Payments campent of the injury (c) Payments campent of the injury (c) Payments campent of the injury (c) Payments campent of the injury (c) Payments campent of the injury (c) Payments can be considered as not above \$24 nor less than \$10 weekly, no total to exceed \$5,000. may 100 MISARILITY.

55,000.

COMPENSATION FOR DISABILITY:

(a) Medical and hospital services for first thirty days, and longer at option of employer; employee must accept unless otherwise ordered by Industrial Board.

(b) For total disability, 55 per cent, of wages for not more than 500 weeks.

(c) For partial disability, 50 per cent, of wage loss for not more than 300 weeks.

(d) For certain specified injuries, 55 per cent, of wages for designated periods ranging from 15 to 200 weeks.

Wage basis and total amounts are limited as for death benefits.

Any payments may be commuted to a lump sum after twenty-six weeks,

REVISION OF BENEFITS—Awards may be

REVISION OF BENEFITS—Awards may be viewed at any time by Industrial Board on its own motion or the request of either party, but without retroactive effect.

without retroactive effect.

INSURANCE—Required unless satisfactory proof of financial ability to meet parments.

SECURITY OF PAYMENTS—Contracts of inaurance must inure directly to the benefit of the person entitled to payments under an award, Payments have same preference and priority as unjudy wages, and are exempt from claims of creditors.

SETTLEMENT OF DISPUTES—Disputes are determined by the Industrial Board, with appeal to courts on questions of law.

IOWA.

DATE OF ENACIMENT—April 18, 1913; in effect (a) establishing industrial commission and providing for insurance of employees, July 1, 1914; (b) compensation features, July 1, 1914, 1913; (I) The state of the course of the employment causing disability of more than two weeks, or death; except when caused by the injured employee's wilful intention to injure bimself or another, or by the intoxication of the employee, INDUSTRIES COVERED—All industries except agriculture, in absence of contrary election by employer. Compulsory as to State and its municipalities.

palities.

PERSONS COMPENSATED-Private employ-PERSONS COMPENSABLED—FITABLE employment: All employees in Industries covered in absence of contrary election, except clerks not subjected to the bazards of the industry and casual employees. Public employment: All employees of the State and its subdivisions.

BURDEN OF PAYMENT—Entire burden is on

employer. COMPENSATION FOR DEATH:

(a) Reasonable expenses of the employee's last sickness and burial, not to exceed \$100. (b) To persons wholly dependent, a weekly payment equal to 50 per cent, of the wages of the deceased employee, but not more than \$10 nor less than \$5 per week, for 300

(c) If only partial dependents survive, such a proportion of the above as the amounts contributed by the employee to such partial dependents bear to his annual earnings.

contributed by the employee to such partial dependents bear to his annual earnings.

(d) If the employee was a minor whose earnings were received by the parent, a sum to the parent equal to two-thirds of the amount provided for persons whofly dependent.

COMPENSATION FOR DISABILITY:

(a) Reasonable surgical, medical and hospital services and supplies for first two weeks, not exceeding \$100.

services and support the state of the state of wages, not more than \$10 nor less than \$5 (unless wages are less than \$5, tender full wages), for not more than 300 weeks, (c) For total permanent disability, the same compensation as for temporary disability, to

be paid for a period of not more than 400 weeks,

(d) For partial permanent disability (apecified

weeks.

(d) For partial permanent disability (apecified mainings), 50 per cent, of average weekly wages for fixed periods.

Lump sum payments may be substituted on approval of the court.

REVISION OF BENEFITS—Payments may be reviewed by the Industrial Commissioner at the request of either party.

INSURANCE—Employers may insure in approved comnanies or mutual associations, or contract with employees to maintain approved scheme in lieu of the compensation provided by law, provided there is no diminution of benefits.

SECURITY OF PAYMENTS—Employers must insure in approved companies or mutual associations, or furnish satisfactory proof of financial ability to make payments, or deposit security with the State Insurance Department. In case of insolvency of the insurer, a claim for compensation becomes a first lieu, and in case of legal incapacity of insured to receive the amount due, the nsurer must settle directly with the beneficiary.

SETTLEMENT OF DISPUTES—Disputes may be settled by arbitration.

#### KANSAS.

DATE 'OF ENACTMENT—March 14, 1911; in effect January 1, 1912; amended March 10, 1913. INJURIES COMPENSATED—Injuries by accident arising out of and in the course of employment not due to intoxication or deliberate intention of injured employee, or caused by his wilful failure to use safeguards provided by statute or furnished by employer, causing incapacity to earn full wages for at least two weeks, or death, INDUSTRIES COVERED—Railways, factories,

quarries, electrical, building or engineering work laundries, natural gas plants, county and municipal work, employments requiring the use of dangerous, explosive or inflammable materials, if employing five or more persons; and mines without reference to the number of employees, in absence of contrary electron; employers of less than five persona may also elect.

PERSONS COMPENSATED—Private employment: All employees, including apprentices, but excluding cassal employees. Public employment: Workmen on county and municipal work.

BURDEN OF PAYMENT—Entire cost rests appon the employer.

BURDEN OF PAYMENT—Entire cost rests
upon the employer.
COMMENSATION FOR DEATH:
(a) To persons wholly dependent, a sum equal
to three years' earnings of the deceased
employee, not less than \$1,200 nor more
than \$3,600. For non-resident alien beneficiaries (except in Canada) the maximum is \$750.
(b) If only partial dependents survive, a sum proportionate to the injury to such dependents.

cents, (c) if we dependents are left, a reasonable expense for medical attendance and burial, not exceeding \$100. Compensation ceases upon the marriage of any dependent, or when a minor, not physically or mentally incapable of wage earning, shall become eighteen years of age.

COMPANSATION FOR DISABILITY:

eighteen years of age.

COMPRINSATION FOR DISABILITY:

(a) For total incapacity, payments during incopacity after the second week, equal to 50 per cent. of earnings, but not less than \$6 nor more than \$15 per week.

(b) For partial incapacity, payments during incapacity, after the second week, not less than \$25 nor more than 50 per cent. of earnings, not less than \$3 nor more than \$12 per week, except in case of minors earning less than \$10 per week, in which case the compensation shall not be less than \$10 per week, in which case the compensation shall not be less than 15 per cent. of the earnings. No payments for total or partial disability shall extend over more than eight years. After six months, lump sum payments may be substituted, as agreed upon or determined by the court.

REVISION OF BENEFITS—Any award may be modified at any time by agreement. After one year either party may demand a revision. Employees must submit to medical examination at reasonable periods to determine their physical condition.

INSUR ANCE—The employer may insure in any

INSURANCE-The employer may insure in any approved insurance scheme which provides com-pensation not less favorable than is provided in

this act.

SECURITY OF PAYMENT—Lump aums awarded by the court may be secured by order of the court, by a good and sufficient hond when there is doubt of security of payment. If the employer was insured, the insurer shall be subrogated to the rights and duties of the employer.

SETPLEMENT OF DISPUTES—Disputes not settled by agreement may be referred to arbitrators, subject to an appeal to courts, this act. SECURITY

#### KENTUCKY.

DATE OF ENACTMENT-March 23, 1916; in

effect August 1, 1916. INJURLES COMPENSATED — Personal in-INJURIES COMPENSATED — Personal injuries by accident arising out of and in course of employment, causing ineapacity for more than two weeks, or death, not self-inflicted, or due to intoxication or wifful misconduct. Results of prexisting diseases are not included, INDUSTRIES COVERED—All except domestic service and farm labor where five or more persons are employed; excepted industries may become subject to the act by joint application by emologyers and employees. PERSONS COMPENSATED—Private employment: All employees in establishments coming under the act, if the employee elect, Public employment: All employees of municipalities coming under the act, if the employees elect.

BURDEN OF PAYMENT-All on the em

COMPENSATION FOR DEATH:

(a) Reasonable burial expenses, not to exceed \$75.

(b) To persons wholly dependent, 65 per cent, of the average weekly earnings, not more than \$12 nor less than \$5 per week, for 335 weeks, the total not to exceed \$4,000. (c) If only partial dependents survive, a pro-

to it only partial dependents surver, a proportion of the amount for total dependency, determined by the degree of dependence.

(d) If no dependents, \$100 payable to the personal representative, and the personal representative and the personal representative.

Payments to a widow or widower cease on remarriage and to a child on reaching the age of 16, unless incapacitated for wage

Payments thus terminated go to other

beneficiaries, if any.

COMPENSATION FOR DISABILITY: (a) Medical, aurgical, and hospital aid for 90

(a) Medical, surgical, and hospital aid for 90 days, unless another period is fixed by the board, the cost not to exceed \$100.
(b) For total disability, 65 per cent, of average weekly wages for eight years, not to exceed \$5,000.
(c) For partial disability, 65 per cent, of the weekly wag: loss, not to exceed \$1,000.
(c) For nor more than 335 weeks, total not te exceed \$4,000.
Commensation periods are fixed for speci-Compensation periods are fixed for speci-

fied injuries.

Lump sun awards may be made after six months, if approved by the board.

REVISION OF BENEFITS—Review may be had on the request of either party or on the motion of the board, changing or evoking any

previous order. INSURANCE—Employers accepting must insure in a stock or mutual company or the State Employees Insurance Association, or give proof of financial ability to pay compensation

SECURITY OF PAYMENTS—Insurance poli-cies must provide for direct liability to the bene-liciaries, Self-insurers must furnish bond or other security, Benefits have the same priority as wage debts and are not subject to assignment or attachment.

SETTLEMENT OF DISPUTES—Disputes are settled by the Workmen's Compensation Board, or a member thereof, or a referee appointed by it; limited appeals to courts.

### LOUISIANA.

DATE OF ENACTMENT—June 18, 1914; in effect January 1, 1915.

INJURIES COMPENSATED—Personal injury by accident arising out of and in course of employment causing disability for more than two weeks, or death within one year, and not due to wilful intention to injure, to intoxication, to deliberate failure to use safeguarda, or to deliberate breach of safety laws.

INDUSTRIES COVERED—Hazardous trades, businesses or occupations in absence of contrary election; extensive list, and others may be so adjudged or brought within the act by voluntary agreement. Compulsory as to employees of the State and its numicipalities and public boards.

PERSONS COMPENSATED—Private employment: Every person performing services arising out of and incidental to his employer's trade, business or occupation, if the same is within the act. Public employment: Every person in the service of the State, etc., except officials.

BURDEN OF PAYMENT—All on employer.

COMPENSATION FOR DEATH:

(a) \$100 expenses of last sickness and burial (b) To widow or dependent widower alone, 25 per cent. of weekly wages, 40 per cent. if one child, and 50 per cent., 40 per cent. If one child alone, 25 per cent., 40 per cent.

For one dependent parent, 25 per cent.; for two, 50 per cent.; if one brother or sister, 25 per cent, and 10 per cent, additional for each other. The total in no case may exceed 50 per cent. of the weekly wages, \$3 minimum payment, \$10 maximum, for not over 300 weeks. Payment to any beneficiary ceases on death or marriage, to children on reaching the age of eighteen, unless mentally or physically inceparacitated, COMPENSATION FOR DISABILITY:

(a) Reasonable medical, surgical and hospital service, not to exceed \$100 in value.

(b) For total disability, 50 per cent, of the weekly wages, \$3 minimum, \$10 maximum, for not more than 400 weeks.

(c) For partial disability, 50 per cent, of the wage loss, not over \$10, for not more than 400 weeks.

wage loss, not over \$10, for not more than 400 weeks.

(d) Fixed schedule for apecified injuries, for periods from 10 to 150 weeks. Payments in any case may be commuted to a lump sum on agreement of the parties and approved by the courts.

REVISION OF BENEFITS—Judgments may be modified at any time by agreement of the parties and approval by the courts; or after one year, they may be reriewed by the court on application of either party.

INSURANCE—ONLY OF PAYMENTS—Policy of insurance must give claimants right to direct payment regardless of the default or bankruptcy of the employer. Compensation payments have the same employer. Compensation payments have the same preference as wage debts. SETTLEMIENT OF DISPUTES—Disputes are settled by Judges of the courts in simple, sum-Compensation payments have the same

mary procedure.

MAINE.

MAINE.

DATE OF ENACTMENT—April 1. 1915; in effect January 1, 1916.

INJURIES COMPENSATED—Injury sustained in course of employment, causing disability for more than two weeks, or death, not due to wilful intention to injure himself or another, and not due to intoxication unless fact or habit of intoxication was known or cognizable to employer.

INDUSTRIES GOVERED—All except agricultural and domestic labor, and seamen in interstate or foreign commerce, in which more than five persons are employed, if employer elects. Abrogation of defences does not affect cutting, hauling, driving or rafting of logs.

PERSONS COMPENSATED—Private employment: All persons in industries covered, casual employees of State, cities and counties, and of towns accepting the provisions of the act, other than official.

than official.

BURDEN OF PAYMENT—All on employer,

substitute scheme, If employees contribute to substitute scheme, additional proportionate benefits must be paid.

COMPENSATION FOR DEATH:

(a) To persons wholly dependent, 50 per cent. of weekly wages for 300 weeks, \$4 mini-

mum, \$10 maximum.
(b) If only partial dependents

amounts proportionate to their degree of dependency, for 300 weeks.

dependency, for 300 weeks,

(c) If only one wholly dependent and more than one partly dependent person survives, payments are to be divided according to the relative extent of dependency.

(d) If no dependents, not above \$200 expenses of last sickness and burial. Payments to children case at age of eighteen unless mentally or physically incapacitated for earning a living.

(OMPENSATION FOR DISABILITY:

(a) Reasonable medical and hospital services during first two weeks, not over \$30 in value, unless by agreement or order of commission a larger amount is provided for.

(b) For total disability, 50 per cent. of the wages for not more than 500 weeks, \$4 minimum, \$10 maximum, total not to exceed \$3,000.

(c) For partial disability, 50 per cent. of the weekly wage loss, not over \$10, for not more than 300 weeks. For specified injuries causing permanent partial disability, 50 per cent, of the wages for various fixed periods, then compensation on basis of wage loss, if any, for not more than 300 weeks in all. Lump sum payments may be approved by the commission after weekly payments for not less than six months.

REVISION OF BENEFITS—Agreements or awards may be reviewed at the instance of either party at any time within two years.

INSURANCE—Insurance in approved companies is required unless the employer gives satisfactory proof of solvency and makes deposit or bond to secure payments.

SECURITY OF PAYMENTS—Insurance as above. Claims have same preference over unsecured debts as do wages for labor.

SETTLEMENT OF DISPUTPS—Disputes are to be settled by the Industrial Accident Commission, with appeals to courts on questions of law.

#### MARYLAND.

MARYLAND.

DATE OF ENACTMENT—April 16, 1914; in effect November 1, 1914.

INJURIES COMPENSATED—Accidental personal injury arising out of and in course of employment, not due to wilful intention or intoxication, and causing disability for more than two weeks or death within two years.

INDUSTRIES COVERED—Extra hazardous (enumerated list); others by joint election of employers and employees. Farm and domestic labor, country blacksmiths and wheelwrights are excluded, PERSONS COMPENSATED—Private employment: All in industries covered, except casual employees and those receiving more than \$2,000 annually. Public employment: Workmen employed for wages in extra-hazardous work, unless the municipality makes other equal or better provision. vision.

sion.

BURDEN OF PAYMENT—All on employer.

COMPENSATION FOR DEATH:

(a) Funeral expenses not over \$75.

(b) To persons wholly dependent, 50 per cent, of the weekly wages for eight years; not more than \$4,250 nor less than \$1,000.

(c) To persons partly dependent, 50 per cent, of the weekly wages for such portion of eight years as the commission may fix, the amount not to exceed \$3,000.

eight years as the commission may his, one amount not to exceed \$3,000.

(d) If no dependents, funeral expenses only, (e) Payments to widow close on remarriage, and to children on reaching the age of sixteen years, unless mentally or physically incapacitated.

COMPENSATION FOR DISABILITY:

(a) Medical surviced etc. expenses not

OMPENSATION FOR DISABILITY:

(a) Medical surgical, etc., expenses, not above \$150 in value.

(b) For total disability, 50 ner cent, of weekly wages, \$5 minimum, \$12 maximum, for not over eight years; total not to exceed \$5,000. If wages are less than \$5, full wages will be naid.

(c) For partial disability, 50 per cent, of weekly wage loss, \$12 maximum, total not over \$3,000; specific periods for specified maimings.

Where the injured employee is a learner, with prospect of increase of wages, this fact

with prospect of increase of wages, this fact may be considered in fixing awards, Payments may, in the discretion of the commission, be made in part or in whole in

commission, be made in part of in white an important many sums. REVISION OF BENEFITS—The commission may modify its findings and orders at any time for justifiable cause.

INSURANCE—Insurance in State fund, stock or mutual company, or proof of financial ability, in required.

is required

SECURITY OF PAYMENTS—Policies must permit action by commission to secure payments to any person entitled. Payments may not be assigned, nor are they subject to execution or attachment.

SETTLEMENT OF DISPUTES—Disputes are to be settled by the Industrial Accident Commission, with appeal to courts.

#### MASSACHUSETTS.

DATE OF ENACTMENT—July 28, 1911; in effect July 1, 1912; amended chapters 571, 1912; 48, 448, 568, 696, 6746, 1913; 338, 708, 1914; 123, 275, 314, 1915.

INJURIES COMPENSATED—Injuries arising out of and in the course of employment causing incapacity for two weeks, or death unless the injury is due to the serious and wilful misconduct

injury is due to the serious and willin misconduct of the injured employee.

INDUSTRIES COVERED—All industries if the employer so elects.

PERSONS COMPENSATED—Private employment: All employees, except masters of reasels and seamen engaged in interstate or foreign commerce and casual employees. Public employment: and seamen engaged in interstate or foreign commerce and casual employees. Public employment: The State shall, and any county, city, town or district having power of taxation and accepting the act may compensate its laborers, workmen, and mechanics.

BURDEN OF PAYMENT—Entire cost rests upon the employer.

om the employer.

COMPENSATION FOR DEATH:

(a) To persons wholly dependent, a weekly payment equal to two-thirds the average weekly wages of the deceased employee, but not less than \$4\$ nor more than \$10\$, for a period of 500 weeks, the total not to exceed \$4,000.

(b) If only partial dependents survive, a sum proportionate to the portion of earnings contributed to their support by the deceased smultage.

contributed to their support by the de-ceased employee.
(c) If no dependents the reasonable expense of last sickness and burial, not to exceed

\$200. Children cease to be dependents at eighteen, unless mentally or physically incapacitated from earning a living.

COMPENSATION FOR DISABILITY:

(a) Reasonable medical and hospital services, and medicines as needed; for the first two weeks after injury.

(b) For total disability, a sum equal to two-thirds the average weekly wages, but not

thirds the average weekly wages, but not less than \$4 nor more than \$10 per week, not exceeding 500 weeks nor \$4,000 in amount.

amount.

(c) For partial disability, two-thirds the wage loss, but not to exceed \$10 per week, and for not longer than 500 weeks.

(d) In specified injuries (mutilations, etc.), two-thirds the weekly wages, not exceeding \$10 nor less than \$4 per week, for fixed periods, in addition to other compensation, Lump-sum payments may be substituted in whole or part, after payments for injury or death have been made for not less than six mouths. six months.

REVISION OF BENEFITS—Either party may demand a revision of payment at any time. Employees must submit to medical examination to determine their physical condition when requested

by the employer.

INSURANCE—Employer must become a subscriber of the State Employees' Insurance Association or insure in some authorized liability insurance company.

SECURITY OF PAYMENTS—All risks must be insured in approved companies.

SETTLEMENT OF DISPUTE—On request of either party, the Industrial Accident Board calls for a committee of arbitration, whose decision is subject to review by the Industrial Accident Board.

#### MICHIGAN.

DATE OF ENACTMENT—March 20, 1912; in effect September 1, 1912; amended chapters 50, 79, 156, 259, 1913; 104, 153, 170, 171, 1915. INJURIES COMPENSATED—liquires causing incapacity to earn full wages for a period of two

weeks, or death, arising out of and in the course of employment, unless such injuries resulted from intentional and wilful misconduct of the injured

person,
INDUSTRIES COVERED—Compulsory as to
the State and its municipalities, and each incorporated public board and commission authorized
to hold property and to sue and be sued. All industries having one or more persons in service
under contract of hire if the employer elects.
FERSONS COMPENSATED—Private employment: All employees, including aliens and minors,
except casual employees. Public employment; All
employees except officials of the State or of a
municipality,
BURDEN OF PAYMENT—Entire cost rests
upon the employer.

upon

BURDEN OF PAIMENT—Endure coet 1600 pon the employer.
COMPENSATION FOR DEATH:
(a) To persons wholly dependent, a weekly payment equal to one-half the deceased workman's earnings, but not less than \$4 nor more than \$10 per week for a period of 200 weeks.

300 weeks.
(b) If only partial dependents survive, such proportion of the above as the amount of previous contributions bears to such earn-

ings.

(c) If no dependents, the reasonable expense of the last sickness and burial, not exceed-

of the last sickness and burnal, not exceeding \$200.

COMPENSATION FOR DISABILITY:

(a) Reasonable medical and hospital services for the first three weeks.

(b) For total incapacity, a weekly payment equal to one-half the earnings, but not less than \$4 nor more than \$10 per week, nor for a period longer than 500 weeks from the date of the injury and not exceeding. date of the injury, and not exceeding

\$4,000.

(c) For partial incapacity, a weekly payment equal to one-half the wage loss, but not more than \$10 per week, and for not longer

than 300 weeks.

than 300 weeks.

(d) For certain specified injuries (mutilation, etc.) 50 per cent, of average weekly earnings for fixed periods.

(e) Payments begin with the fifteenth day after the injury, but if the disability continues for eight weeks or longer compensation is computed from the date of injury. After six months lump sums may be substituted for weekly payments.

REVISION OF BENEFITE—Weekly payments may be reviewed by the Industrial Actident Board at the request of either party. An injured employee must submit to medical examination when requested.

requested

INSURANCE—Employer must furnish proof of financial ability to pay the required compensation, or insure in an authorized employers' liability comor insure in an authorized employers' liability company, or in an employers' insurance association organized under State laws, or become a member of a State insurance fund administered by the State Commissioner of Insurance.

SECURITY 'OF PAYMENTS—In case of insolvency, claims constitute a first lien upon all property of the employer. Employers must furnish proof of financial ability to pay compensation, or insure in approved companies or with the State.

SETTLEMENT OF DISPUTES—Bither party may request the Industrial Accident Board to appoint a committee of arbitration, whose decisions are subject to review by the board. The Suprems Court may review questions of law.

#### MINNESOTA.

DATE OF ENACTMENT—April 24, 1913; in effect October 1, 1913; amended, chapters 193, 209, 1915.

NJURIES COMPENSATED—Injury by acci-

INJURIES COMPENSATED—Injury by accident arising out of and in the course of employment causing disability for more than two weeks, or death, unless intentionally caused, or due to the intoxication of the injured person, INDUSTRIES COVERED—All excepting common carriers by steam railroad and farm and

domestic service, in the absence of contrary elec-

tion by employers.

PERSONS COMPENSATED—Private employment: All employees, including allens and minors, in the absence of contrary election, casual employees excepted, Public employment: All persons in the service of a country, city, town, village, or school district, excluding public officials elected or appointed for regular terms,

BURDEN OF PAYMENT—Cost rests upon the employer,

the employer.

he employer.

COMPENSATION FOR DEATH:

(a) \$100 funeral expenses.

(b) To a widow alone, 35 per cent, of monthly wages of deceased, increasing to 60 per cent, if four or more children; to a dependent husband alone, 25 per cent; to a dependent orphan, 40 per cent, with 10 per cent, additional orphan, with a maximum 60 per cent, it to the dependent parent or parents, if no dependent widow, widower, or children, 30 per cent, if one parent and 40 per cent, if both aurvive; if none of the foregoing, but a brother, eister, grandparent, mother-in-law, or father-in-law is wholly dependent, if but one such relative, 25 per cent, or it more than one, 30 per cent, divided equally,

equally,

(c) If only partial dependents survive, that
proportion of benefits provided for actual
dependents which contributions bore to

wages earned.

wages earned.

(d) When no dependents are left, expense of last sickness and burial not exceeding \$100, in addition to medical and hospital services provided in case of disability. Payments continue for not more than 300 weeks, and cease when a minor child reaches the age of eighteen, unless physically or mentally incapacitated from earning, and upon the death or marriage of other dependents unless otherways specified. dependents, unless otherwise specified.

- dependents, unless otherwise spectified.

COMPENSATION FOR DISABILITY:

(a) Reasonable medical and surgical treatment, not exceeding 90 days nor \$100 in value, unless ordered in exceptional cases, when \$200 is the limit.

(b) For total disability, 50 per cent, of

wages.

(c) For temporary partial disability, 50 per cent, of the wage loss,

(d) For specified permanent partial disability

1) For specified permanent partial disability (mutilations, etc.), 50 per cent, of the earnings for fixed periods, Payment for death or disability may not be less than \$6.50 nor more than \$11 per week, unless the wages were less than \$6.50 when the amount of wages is paid. Payments may not extend beyond 300 weeks, except for permanent total disability, when the maximum is 400 weeks, with payments of not more than \$6.50 per week thereafter for 150 weeks, the total not to exceed \$5.000.

Lump sums may be substituted for periodical payments, but in case of compensation for death, permanent total disability, or certain mainings the consent of the court

certain mainings the consent of the court must be obtained.

REVISION OF BENEFITS—After six months from the date of an award either party may apply to the court for revision. The employee must submit to medical examination when requested. INSURANCE—Employers may insure in any authorized company, etock or mutual, or maintain co-operative schemes, assuming other and greater risks, and other classes of industrial insurance, SECURITY OF PAYMENTS—Insured workmen have an equitable lien upon any policy becoming due, and in case of the employer's incapacity the insurer shall make payment directly to them. Claims to compensation have the same preference against the assets of the employer as unpaid wages.

unpaid wages.

SETTLEMENT OF DISPUTES—Either party
may submit a claim to the Judge of the District

Court, who shall determine such dispute in a sum-mary manner, subject to review by the Supreme Court as to questions of law.

#### MONTANA.

DATE OF ENACTMENT—March 8, 1915; in effect July 1, 1915. INJURIES COMPENSATED—Injuries arising out of and in course of employment, resulting from some fortuitous event, causing death or disability of more than two weeks' duration, INDUSTRIES COVERED—"All inherently hazardous works and occupations," including manufactures, construction work irransortation.

manufactures, construction work transportation and repair of the means thereof, and any hazard-

nazardous works and occupations," including mannfactures, construction work, transportation and repair of the means thereof, and any hazardous occupation or work not enumerated, in which employers elect, but not including agricultural, domestic or casual labor.

PERSONS COMPENSATED—Private employment; All persons other than independent contractors, employed in the industries covered, whether as manual laborers or otherwise, except casual employees. Public employment; All employees in the industries covered.

BURDEN OF PAYMENT—All on employer, except that contributions may be arranged for hospital fund.

COMPENSATION FOR DEATH:

(a) \$75 for funeral expenses, if death occurs within six months of injury,
(b) To beneficiaries (widow, widower, child or children under 16, or invalid child above child 50 per cent, of wages of the deceased if residents of the United States, if not, 25 per cent, unless otherwise required by treaty. To major dependents (father or mother) in case there are no beneficiaries, 40 per cent. To minor dependents (father or mether) in case there are no beneficiaries, 40 per cent. To minor dependents, if no beneficiary or major dependent, 30 per cent. Non-resident alien dependents receive nothing unless required by treaty, nor do beneficiaries if citizens of a Government excluding citizens of the United States from equal benefits under compensation laws, Term of payments may not exceed 400 weeks, \$10 maximum, \$6 minimum; if wages less than \$6, then full wages, Payments cease on remarriage of widow or widower, or when child brother or sister reaches the age of sixteen, unless an invalid.

COMPENSATION FOR DISABILITY:

(a) Medical and hosnital services during first.

COMPENSATION FOR DISABILITY:

(a) Medical and hospital services during first
two weeks after happening of injury not
over \$50 in value, unless there is a hospital contract

contract.

(b) For total temporary disability, \$10 maximum, \$6 minimum, unless wages are less than \$6, when full wages will be paid, for not more than \$300 weeks, then \$5 per week, while disability, same scale as above for 400 weeks, then \$5 per week, while disability, 50 per cent, of the wage loss, wages and bevefits not to exceed \$10 nor fall below \$6 in amount, turless wages at time of injury were less than \$6; payments to continue not more than \$50 weeks for permanent cases, and 50 weeks where disability is temporary.

(e) For maimings, compensation of same scale and limits as in (b) for terms ranging from \$3 to 200 weeks.

scale and limits as in (b) for terms ranging from 3 to 200 weeks.

Periodical payments may in any case be converted in whole or part to lump sums.

REVISION OF BENEFITS—Decisions and awards may be rescinded or amended at any time by the Industrial Accident Board for good cause.

INSURANCE—The employer may carry his own risk on a showing of financial ability; security may be required for probable liabilities and must be given when a continuing payment is assertained. Insurance may be carried in any company authorized to do business in the State, or the employer may contribute to a State fund,

SECURITY OF PAYMENTS—In case of bank-ruptey, etc., liabilities under this act are a first lieu upon any deposit made by an employer, and if this is not sufficient, then on any property of the employer or insurer within the State, and shall be prorated with other lienable claims. SETTLEMENT OF DISPUTES—Proceedings to determine disputes under the act must be instituted before the board and not elsewhere; limited appeal to courts,

#### NEBRASKA.

DATE OF ENACTMENT—April 21, 1913; in effect July 17, 1913, INJURIES COMPENSATED—Injury causing disability for more than fourteen days, or death, caused by accident arising out of and in the course of employment, except accident caused by or resulting in any degree from wilful negligence or intoxication.

INDUSTRIES COVERED-All industries where five or more persons are employed by the employer in the regular trade, business or occupation of the employer, except domestic service, agriculture and interstate or foreign commerce, in the absence of contrary elyction. Exempt employees may make

an affirmative election.
PERSONS COMPENSATED—Private employment: All employees, including aliens and minors, but excluding casual employees and home workers, Public employment: All persons employed by the State, or any Government agency created by the state, not having been elected or appointed

the State, not having been elected or appointed for a regular term.

BURDEN OF PAYMENT—The entire cost rests upon the employer.

COMPENSATION FOR DEATH:

(a) In addition to any other benefits, a reasonable amount not exceeding \$100 to cover expenses of last sickness and burial.

(b) To persons wholly dependent, 50 per cent, of the employee's wages, but not less than \$5 nor more than \$10 per week, during dependency, but not exceeding 350 weeks; if the wages of the deceased were less than \$5 per week, then full wages are to be paid as compensation. compensation.

compensation.

(c) If only partial dependents survive, a proportion of the above corresponding to the relation the contribution of the deceased to their support bore to his wages. Compensation to children ceases when they reach the age of sixteen years, unless they are physically or mentally incapacitated from entring.

from earning.

COMPENSATION FOR DISABILITY:

(a) Medical and hospital services during the first twenty-one days, not exceeding \$200.

in value.

(b) For total disability, one-half of the weekly wages, but not less than \$5 or more than \$10 per week for 300 weeks; thereafter while disability lasts 40 per cent, of such wages, but not less than \$4 or more than \$8 per week; Provided, however, if weekly wages are less than the minimum, compensation to amount of full wages is to be paid.

weekly wages are less than the minimal, compensation to amount of full wages is to be paid.

(c) For partial disability, 50 per cent. of loss of earning capacity, but not exceeding \$10 per week, nor exceeding 300 weeks, (d) For certain specified injuries (mutilations, etc.), 50 per cent. of wages for fixed periods with the same limits as to amounts as above. Payments begin with the twenty-second day, but if disability continues eight weeks or longer, compensation is computed from the date of injury.

Lump sums may be substituted for periodic payments, but if for death or permanent disability, the approval of the court must be obtained.

REVISION OF BENIEFITS—Benefits running for a period of six months or longer may be rerised at any time by agreement of the parties, or after six months by application to a court.

INSURANCE—An employer may sinsure his

liability for compensation in any authorized stock or mutual insurance company.

SECURITY OF PAYMENTS—In case of the insolvency of an insured employer, claimants are subrogated to the rights as against the company which the employer would have had if he had paid the claim. Compensation rights and awards have the same preference against the assets of the employer as unpaid wages for labor.

SETTLEMENT OF DISPUTES—Questions may be submitted to advication.

be submitted to arbitration by mitual consent, or either party may submit a claim to the District Court of county to be heard and determined as a cause in equity, with the right of appeal to the Supreme Court.

#### NEVADA.

DATE OF ENACTMENT—March 15, 1913; in effect July 1, 1913; amended, chapter 190, 1915, LNJURIES COMPENSATED—Injuries arising ENJURIES COMPENSATED—Injuries arising out of and in couse of employment, causing incapacity to earn full wages for more than seven days, or death, except when caused by the employee's wilful intention to injure himself or another or the injury is sustained while intoxicated. cated

INDUSTRIES COVERED—All except domes-c and farm labor in the absence of contrary ection, compulsory as to the State and its

election, compulsory as to the State and its municipalities.
PERSONS COMPENSATED—Private employment: All employees in the industries covered, Public employment: All employees,
BURDEN OF PAYMENT—The entire cost rests on the employer, except that he may deduct \$1 per month from each employee's wages for

ests on the employer, except that he may deduct 1 per month from each employee's wages for dedical, etc. expenses.

COMPENSATION FOR DEATH:

(a) Burial expenses not to exceed \$1.25.

(b) To dependent widow or widower alone, 40 per cent, of the average monthly wages, total not to exceed \$1.000; if one or two children, 50 per cent, \$5,000 maximum; if three or more children, 60 per cent, \$6,000 maximum, Payments may not be less than \$20 nor more than \$60 monthly nor continue more than 100 months, 0r-phans under sixteen receive sums fixed by the commission. Partial dependents receive in proportion to the contributions of the deceased to their support at the time of his death for periods not exceeding 100 months.

COMPENSATION FOR DISABILITY:

(a) Reasonable medical, surgical and hospital aid for not more than four months.

(b) For total disability, an amount equal to one-half the average monthly wages, but not less than \$20 nor more than \$60 for 100 months, the total not to exceed \$5,000.

(c) For partial disability, one-half the loss of earning capacity, but not more than \$40 per month for not more than \$40 per month for not more than \$40 per month for not more than \$40 per month for not more than \$40 per month special per month for not more than \$40 per month

per month for not more than ou months.

(d) For certain specific injuries (mutilations, etc.) a monthly payment equal to one-half the monthly wages for fixed periods.

No compensation is payable for the first week of disability, but if it continues three weeks or longer compensation is paid from the date of the injury.

The Industrial Commission may permit the substitution of lump sums for monthly pay-

substitution of lump sums for monthly payments in an amount not exceeding \$5,000.

REVISION OF BENEFITS—Readjustment of compensation may be made by the commission on

compensation may be made by the commission on application therefor.

INSURANCE—Employers coming under this act must insure in the State insurance fund, SECURITY OF PAYMENTS—State management of the insurance fund and collection of premiums by the State. Payments are not assignable and are exempt from attachment, etc.

SETTLEMENT OF DISPUTES—All matters relating to the amount of compensation to be paid are determined by the Industrial Commission.

NEW HAMPSHIRE.

DATE OF ENACTMENT-April 15, 1911; in

NEW HAMPSHIRE.

DATE OF ENACTMENT—April 15, 1911; in effect January 1. 1912.

INJURIES COMPENSATED—Any injury to an employee arising out of and in the course of employment causing disability of over two weeks, or death, unless due to wilful misconduct, intoxication or violation of law. ED—Industries danger-out to life or limb, including the operation and maintenance of steam and electric railroads, work in shops, mills, factories, etc., employing five or more persons; work about lines or cables charged with electricity; operations dangerously near explosives used in the industry, or to a steam boiler owned and overated by the employer, and work in or about any quarry, mine or foundry; provided the employer elects.

PERSONS COMPENSATED—Private employment: All workmen engaged in any of the employement: Government employees are not mentioned, BURDEN OF PAYMENT—Entire cost rests upon the employer, and the deceased, not to exceed \$3,000.

(b) If only partial dependent, a sum equal to 150 times the average weekly carnings of the deceased, not to exceed \$3,000.

(c) If no dependents are left, expenses of medical care and burial to a reasonable amount, not in excess of \$100.

CMPENSATION FOR DISABILITY:

(a) For otal disability, a sum beginning with the fifteenth day, not exceeding 50 per cent, of the loss of earning capacity. In no case is compensation to exceed \$10 a week nor run for a longer period than 300 weeks. The court may determine the amount of Immp sums payable as a substitute for weekly payments.

REVISION OF BENEFITS—The injured person, when requested by the employer, must submit to medical examination not oftener than once a week.

week.

INSURANCE—No provision.
SECURITY OF PAYMENTS—The employer must satisfy the Commissioner of Labor of his ability to pay the required compensation or file a bond conditioned on the discharge of all liability incurred under this ect. Weekly payments have the same preferential claim against the assets of the employer as is allowed for unpaid wages or personal services.

SETILEMENT OF DISPUTES—All questions

SETTLEMENT OF DISPUTES—All questions not settled by agreement are determined by an action in equity.

#### NEW JERSEY.

DATE OF ENACTMENT—April 4, 1911; in effect July 1, 1911; amended May 2, 1911; April 1, 1912; March 27 1913; April 17, 1914. INJURIES COMPENSATED—Injury by accident arising out of and in the course of employment causing disability of over two weeks, or death, unless intentionally self-inflicted or due to intoxication

INDUSTRIES COVERED-All employments in

the absence of contrary election,
|PERSONS COMPENSATED-Private employ-PDRSONS COMPENSATED—Private employment: All employees except casual. Non-resident aliens receive no benefits. Public employment: Every employee of the State, county, municipality, board or commission, or other governing body, including boards of education, except persons receiving a salary greater than \$1,200 per year, and those holding an elective office.

BURDEN OF PAYMENT—The entire cost rests upon the employer.

(a) The expense of the last sickness and of burial, not exceeding \$100 for burial.

(b) To one dependent, 35 per cent, of the

wages of the deceased person, and for each additional dependent 5 per cent, additional, the total not to exceed 60 per cent., payable for not more than 300 weeks. Compensation not to be less than \$5 nor more than \$10 per week unless the earnings were less than \$5, when full wages are paid are paid.
Payments to widows cease on remarriage

and to onylans on reaching the age of 18, unless physically or mentally deficient.

A lump sum payment may be substituted at the discretion of the Court of Common

Pleas.
COMPENSATION FOR DISABILITY:
(a) Reasonable medical and hospital services for the first two weeks of incapacity, not exceeding \$50 in value,
(b) For temporary total disability, 50 per cent, of wages, payable during disability, but not beyond 300 weeks.
(c) For permanent total disability, 50 per cent, of wages during such disability, not beyond 400 weeks.

ccut. of wages during such disability, mo-beyond 400 weeks, (d) For certain specific injuries (mutilations, etc.) producing partial but permanent dis-abilities, 50 per cent. of wages during fixed periods. All weekly payments are subject to the same rule as to minimum and maxi-mum, as for death benefits.

A lump sum payment may be substituted at the discretion of the Court of Common

REVISION OF BENEFITS—At any time after one year from the time an award becomes opera-tive, either party may demand a revision of tive, ei benefits,

INSURANCE—No provision.
INSURANCE—No provision.
SECURITY OF PAYMENTS—The right of compensation has the same preference against the assets of the employer as are now or may hereafter be allowed by law for a claim for unpaid

wages, SETVILEMENT OF DISPUTES—Either party may submit a claim to the Judge of the Court of Common Pleas, who shall hear and determine such disputes in a summary manner, subject to review of questions of law by the Supreme Court.

### NEW YORK.

DATE OF ENACTMENT—December 16, 1913; in effect July 1, 1914; amended, chapters 41, 316, 1914; 167, 168, 615, 674, 1915; 622, 1916, INJURIES OOMFINSATED—Accidental injuries arising out of and in course of employment, and disease or infection naturally and unavoidably conditions. and disease or infection naturally and unavoidably resulting therefrom causing disability for more than two wedge, or death, unless caused by the wilful intention of the injured employee to tring about the injury or death of himself or another, or by his intoxication while on duty.

INDUSTRIES COVERED—"Hazardous employments," including construction, maintenance and operation of steam and street railroads; telegraph, telephone and other electrical construction, installation operation or renair founding me.

and operation of steam and street railroads; telegraph, telephone and other electrical construction, installation, operation or repair; foundries, machine shops and power plants; stone cutting, crushing, grinding or dressing; manufactures, tanneries, laundries, printing and bookbinding; shipbuilding and repair, and the use of vessels in intrastate commerce; work in mines, quarries, tunnels subways, shaft sinking, etc.; engineering work, and the construction, repair and demolition of buildings and bridges; lumbering, draying, loading and unloading, ice harvesting, freight and passenger elevators, etc.; others by election, PERSONS COMPENSATED—Private employment: All employees in industries covered; farm laborers and domestic servants not included. Public employment included.

BURDEN OF PAYMENT—Entire cost rests on employer.

BURDLES COMPENSATION FOR DEATH:

(a) \$100 for funeral expenses,

(b) To a widow or dependent widower alone,

30 per cent, of wages or deceased, 10 per

cent, additional for each child under eighteen; dependent orphans under eighteen receive 15 per cent, each, and dependent parents, brothers or sisters receive 15 per cent, each; aggregate payments in no case to exceed 66 2-3 per cent,

(c) Payments to widow or widower cease on death, or remarriage, or when dependence of widower ceases, with two years' compensation on remarriage; navenus to children.

of widower ceases, with two years' compensation on remarriage; payments to children brothers and sisters cease at eighteen, and to parents when dependence ceases. In computing the above benefits no wages in excess of \$100 monthly are considered. COMPENSATION FOR DISABILITY:

(a) Medical and surgical treatment and dospital services for sixty days, costs to be approved by the commission.

(a) Medical and surgical treatment and hospital services for sixty days, costs to be approved by the commission.

(b) For total disability, 66 2-3 per cent, of wages during continuance,

(c) For partial disability, 66 2-3 per cent, of wage loss; for specified permanent partial disabilities (mutilations, etc.), 66 2-3 per cent, of wages for fixed periods; separate provision for disrigurements. The foregoing payments may not be less than \$5 nor more than \$15 per week, except for certain mainings the maximum may be \$20.

REVISION OF BENEFITS—Awards may be reviewed at any time, and ended or increased or decreased within the limits fixed.

INSURANCE—Employer must give proof of financial ability to make payments (deposit of securities may be required), or must insure in State fund or mutual or stock company.

SECURITY OF PAYMENTS—insurance must be made to inure directly to the henefit of claimants; insolvency of employer does not release insurance company. Payments have same preference as uncell wages for labor.

surance company. Payments have same preference as unpaid wages for labor. SETTLEMENT OF DISPUTES—Disputes are settled by the State Industrial Commission, with limited appeals to courts.

DATE OF ENACTMENT—June 15, 1911; in effect January 1, 1912; amended pp. 72, 396, 1913; 193, 1914; 508, 1915.

INJURIES COMPENSATED—All injuries not self-indicted received in the course of employment causing disability beyond one week, or death,

INDUSTRIES COVERED—All industries employing five or more persons regularly in the same

INDUSTRIES COVEREDD—All industries employing five or more persons regularly in the same business; also establishments with less than five workmen if the employer elects to pay the premiums provided by this act, PERSONS COMPENSATED—Private employment: All employees, excluding casual workers, but including aliens and minors lawfully employed. Public employment: Persons in the service of the State, or its political subdivisions, excepting the officials of the State or municipal governments, and policemen and firemen in cities where pension funds are established and maintained by municipal authority. municipal authority.

BURDEN OF PAYMENT—Entire cost rests

BURDEN OF PAYMENT—Entire cost rests upon the employer.

COMPENSATION FOR DEATH:

(a) Burial expenses not to exceed \$150.

(b) To persons wholly dependent, 6624 per cent, of the average weekly earnings of the deceased workman for six years after the date of the injury, not less than \$1,500 nor more than \$3,750.

(c) If only partial dependents survive, a proportionate sum to continue for all or such portion of the period of six years as the Industrial Commission may determine in each case, not exceeding a maximum of \$3,750.

(d) If no medical and hospital no dependents, services not exceeding \$200 in value, and burial expenses as above.

COMPENSATION FOR DISABILITY:

(a) Medical hospital, etc., services, not to

(a) reducat nospitat, etc., services, not to exceed \$200.
 (b) For total temporary disability, a weekly payment of 66% per cent, of average weekly wages, during disability, not loss than \$5

nor more than \$12 per week, but not for longer than six years, nor exceeding \$3,750. (c) For total permanent disability, a weekly payment as above continuing until death. (d) For partial disability, 66% per cent, of loss of earning capacity during the continuance thereof, but not exceeding \$12 per week or a total of \$3,750. (e) In certain specified injuries (mutilations, etc.), compensation of 66% per cent, of wages for fixed periods, with the same maximum and minimum limitations as noted above. In all cases, if wages are less than prescribed minimum, then total wages are paid as compensation; an expected increase in wages may be given consideration. REVISION OF BENEFITS—The Industrial Commission may from time to time make such modification or change in its former findings of fact as it deems necessary.

INSURINCE—The law creates a State insurance fund, under control of an Industrial Commission. Other schemes are permitted, provided benefits equal to those provided by the State insurance fund are quaranteed employees at the employer's cost.

SECURITY OF PAYMENTS—Insurance is

employer's cost,
SECURITY OF PAYMENTS—Insurance is
under State control. Claims for compensation
under this law have the same preference against
the assets of the employer as are or may be
allowed by law on judgments rendered for claims

OF LAYES.

SETTLEMENT OF DISPUTES—The commission hears and determines all cases within its jurisdiction, limited right of appeal to the civil courts being reserved to the claimant.

### OKLAHOMA.

DATE OF ENACTMENT-March 22, 1915; in

effect September 1, 1915.
INJURIES COMPENSATED—Personal injuries INJURIES COMPENSATED—Personal injuries causing disability for more than two weeks arising out of and in course of employment not due to the wilful intention of the injured employee to injure himself or another, intoxication, or wilful failure to use statutory safeguard. Fatal injuries not covered.

INDUSTRIES COVERED—"Hazardous" (enumerated list and general clause), in which more than two persons are employed, including work by State or municipalities; agriculture, stock raising, retail stores, and interstate railways not included.

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PERSONS COMPENSATED-Private employ-TERSONS COMPENSATED—Firste employments: Persons engaged in manual or mechanical work or labor in industries covered. Public employment: Workmen employed for wages in any hazardous work within meaning of this act, EURDEN OF PAYMENT—All on employer. COMPENSATION FOR DEATH—Fatal intries not covered

COMPENSATION FOR DEATH—ratal injuries not covered,
COMPENSATION FOR DISABILITY:
(a) Necessary medical, surgical, or other treatment for first fifteen days.
(b) For temporary total disability, 50 per cent. of average weekly wages for not more than 300 weeks.

of average weekly wages for not more than 500 weeks. (c) For

(d) For permanent partial disability, 50 per cent, of wage loss for not more than 300 weeks; for specified injuries, 50 per cent, of weekly wages for fixed periods in lieu of

other compensation,

other compensation,
Payments may not exceed \$10 per week
nor be less than \$6 unless wages were less
than \$6, when full wages will be paid,
Periodical payments may be commuted to
lump sums, and aliens who are non-residents may have payments commuted to lump
sums equal to one-half of the value of the

present worth.
REVISION OF BENEFITS—Awards may be reviewed at any time on application of any party

in interest.

INSURANCE—Insurance, the maintenance of a benefit fund, or proof of ability to make compensation payments is required.

SECURITY OF PAYMENTS—Insurance companies or fund systems must be approved by the commission. Claims can not be assigned, and payments are exempt from levy, execution, etc. Deposits with the commission to secure payments may be required of employers or insurers. SETTLEMENT OF DISPUTES—Disputes may be settled by the Industrial Commission, subject to appeals to the Supreme Court.

#### OREGON.

DATE OF ENACTMENT—February 25, 1913; in effect June 30, 1914 (deferred by referendum); amended, chapter 271, 1915.

ENJURIES COMPENSATED—Injuries by accidents arising out of and in the course of employment, except those brought about intentionally

FNDUSTRIES COVERED—All hazardous oc-cupations, including factories, mills and work-shops employing machinery; mines, quarries, wharves and docks, dredges, engineering works; building trades; telegraph, tel-phone, electric light and power plants or lines, steamboats, tugs and ferries; all in absence of contrary election. Other employers may accept the law by affirmative election

and power plants or lines, steamboats, tugs and ferriew all in absence of contrary election. Other employers may accept the law by affirmative election.

PERSONS COMPENSATED—Private employment: Any workman employed as above in absence of contrary election. Non-resident alien beneficiaries other than parent, spouse or child are not included unless otherwise provided by treaty. Public employment: Not included.

BURDEN OF PAYMENT—The employr deducts one cent from employee's dally earnings, and himself courtibutes this sum and a percentage of his monthly payroll, fixed according to industry. The State gives a subsidy.

COMPENSATION FOR DEATH:

(a) Burial expenses not to exceed \$100.

(b) To widow or invalid widower, a monthly payment of \$30, and to each child under sixteen (daughters eighteen), \$6 a month; the total monthly not to exceed \$50.

(c) To orphans under sixteen years of age (daughters eighteen), a monthly payment of \$15 each; the total not to exceed \$50.

(d) To other dependents, there being none of the foregoing, a monthly payment to each of 50 per cent, of the average support received during the preceding year, but not to exceed \$30 a month in all.

(a) To parents of an unmarried minor, a monthly payment of \$25, until such time as he would have been 21, after which time compensation shall be paid according to (d) above. Payments to widow or widower continue until death or remarriage. On remarriage of widow she receives a lump sum of \$300. (Payments to a male child cease at sixteen and to a female at eighteen, unless the child is an invalid.

COMPENSATION FOR DISABILITY:

(a) Transportation, medical, surgical and hospital expenses not exceeding \$250 in value, (b) For permanent total disability, monthly payments as follows: (1) If unmarried at the time of the injury, \$30; (2) if with wife or invalid husband, but no child under sixteen years, \$35; if the husband is not an invalid, the sum is \$30; (3) if married or a widow or widower with a child or children under sixteen years of age, the total monthly pa

(Wages, days, and the state of

payable for fixed periods.

A lump sum at the option of the injured person is provided in some cases. Partial lump sum payments to any beneficiary may be substituted at the discretion of the com-

be substituted at the discretion of the commission.

Revision OF BENEFITS—The rate of compensation may be readjusted either upon the application of the beneficiary or by the State Industrial Accident Commission upon its own initiative.

INSURANCE—Insurance is effected through the State Industrial Accident Fund, under supervision of the State Industrial Accident Commission.

SECURITY OF PAYMENTS-Insurance under

State control.

STITLEMENT OF DISPUTES—Any decision of the commission is subject to review by the Circuit Court, and appeals lie from the Circuit Court as in other civil cases.

#### PENNSYLVANIA.

PENNSYLVANIA.

DATE OF ENACTMENT—June 2, 1915; in effect January 1, 1916.

INJURIES COMPENSATED—Personal injury by accident in the course of employment, causing disability for more than fourteen days or death within 300 weeks, not intentionally self-inflicted or due to the intentional act of a third person for reasons not connected with the employment.

INDUSTRIES COVERIED—All, unless employer makes election to the contrary. (Agricultural and demestic employees are excluded by a separate

demestic employees are excluded by a separate

makes election to the contrary. (Agricultural and demestic employees are excluded by a separate act.)

PERSONS COMPENSATED—Private employment: All persons rendering service to another for a valuable consideration, casual employees and those working on material given out to be made up, repaired, etc., on premises not under the control of the employer excepted. Public employment: All employees.

BURDEN OF PARMENT—All on employer.

COMPENSATION FOR DEATH.

(a) \$100 timenal expenses.

(b) 40 per cent. of weekly wages to widow or dependent widower, 5 per cent. additional for each child, total not to exceed 60 per cent.; if no parent, 25 per cent. additional for each child in excess of two, total not on exceed 60 per cent.; if no consort or child under sixteen, but dependent parent, brothers, or sisters, 15 to 25 per cent. of wages (c) Payments cease on death, remarriage of widow or widow-r, cessation of dependence of widower, or child, brother, or sister at taining the age of sixteen, not to continue beyond 350 weeks, unless for children under sixteen, when 15 per cent, will be paid for one and 10 per cent, additional for each additional child, total not to exceed 50 per cent. Basic wages are not less than \$10 cont. Basic wages for 500 weeks, Siminium, \$10 maximum, total not to exceed \$4,000; if wages less than \$5, full wages will be paid (c) For partial disability, 50 per cent, of weekly wage loss, \$10 maximum, full wages less than \$5, full wages will be paid (c) For partial disability, 50

awards may be reviewed by the board at any time for proper cause.

INSURANCE—Employers must insure in the State fund, a stock or mutual company, or give proof of financial ability.

SECURITY OF PAYMENTS—Agreements or claims may be filed with a prothonotary, who enters them as a judgment, and if approved by the board they become a lien on the property of the employer. A separate act provides for direct

rayments from insurance companies to the beneficiaries, in case of the employer's failure to make payment of benefits.

SETTLEMENT OF DISPUTES—Disputes are settled by a workmen's compensation board, with appeal to courts.

#### PORTO RICO.

DATE OF ENACTMENT-April 13, 1916; in

effect July 1, 1916

EMJURIDS COMPIENSATED—All personal infunction by accident arising out of and during the course of emoloyment causing death or disability, excepting injuries due to willul intent to commit

excepting injuries due to will'ul intent to commit crime, intoxication or gross negligence, or wilful criminal act of a third person, INDUSTRIES COVER-DD—All industries em-ploying five or more persons except domestic service and agricultural work without mechanically driven machinery, and common carriers by rail-

road.

PERSONS COMPENSATED—Privite emologment: all employees of employers not rejecting the provisions of the act, clerical employees in effices and commercial establishments where machinery is not used excepted; also excepting employees whose earnings exceed \$1,200 per year. Public employement: Not mentioned,
BURDEN OF PAYMENT—All on employer,
COMPENSATION FOR DEATH:

(a) Durial expenses not exceeding \$40,
(b) Any balance of the sums the deceased workmen would have received if the injuries had not proved fatal.

Benefits may be apportioned among the dependent legal heirs by the Workman's Relief Commission.

Relief Commission.

COMPENSATION FOR DISABILITY:

(a) Necessary medical attendance and such medicines and necessary food as the Workman's Relief Commission may prescribe, for not longer than 8 weeks, and not after the date on which compensation is allowed.

date on which compensation is allowed.

(b) For temporary disability, an amount equal to three-fourths of the weekly wages, not less than \$3 nor more than \$7, for not more than 104 weeks.

(c) For permanent disability, the sum of \$1,500 and an amount equal to three-fourths of the weekly wages, not less than \$3 nor more than \$7, for a maximum of 208 weeks.

The time and manner of payments are

The time and manner of payments are to be determined by the Workman's Relief

Commission.

REVISION OF BENEFITS—Awards may be modified at any time during the period for which

they were originally made.

INSURANOE—All payments are made from the Workman's Relief Trust Plud established by the act, to which all employers covered by the act contribute.

SECURITY OF PAYMENTS—Fund is administrated by the Tresuper of the Island. Rughts

istered by the Treasurer of the Island. Rights not assignable nor subject to attachment. SETTLEMENT OF DISPUTES—Disputes are settled by the Workman's Relief Commission, with limited appeals to the couris.

## RHODE ISLAND.

DATE OF ENACTMENT—April 29, 1912; in effect October 1, 1912; amended, chapters 937, 1913; 1268, 1915.
1NJURIES COMPENSATED—Personal injuries

INJURIES COMPENSATED—Personal injuries by accidents arising out of and in the course of employment causing incapacity for earning full wages for a period of more than two weeks, or death, except where the injury resulted from the wilful intention of the injured preson to injure himself or another, or from intoxication.

INDUSTRIES COVERED—All industries except domestic service and agriculture if the employer elects Defences in suits for damages are

ployer elects. Defences in suits for damages are not abrogated unless more than five persons are

employed

PERSONS COMPENSATED-Private employ-

ment: All employees in establishments covered by this act in absence of contrary election, casual em-ployees and those earning above \$1,800 a year ex-cepted. Public employment: Not mentioned.

ployees and those earning above \$1,800 a year excepted. Public employment: Not mentioned, BURDEN OF PAYMENT—Entire cost rests upon the employer.

COMPENSATION FOR DEATH:

(a) To persons wholly dependent, a weekly payment equal to one-half the average weekly earnings of the deceased employee, but not less than \$4 nor more than \$10 per week, for a period of 300 weeks,

(b) If only partial dependents survive, a sum proportionate to the amount which the annual contributions bore to the annual earnings of the deceased for not exceeding 300

ings of the deceased, for not exceeding 300

weeks.

weeks.

(c) If no dependents, the expense of the last sickness and burial of the deceased employee, not exceeding \$200. Payments to children cease on their reaching the age of eighteen years unless they are physically or mentally incapacitated.

COMPENSATION FOR DISABILITY:

(a) The necessary medical and surgical care and hospital services for the first two weeks after the injury.

and nospital services for the first two weeks after the injury.

(b) For total incapacity, a weekly payment equal to one-half the wages, but not less than \$4 nor more than \$10 per week, during such incapacity, but not for a longer period than 500 weeks.

(c) For partial incapacity, a weekly payment equal to one-half the loss of earning power, but not exceeding \$10 per week, during such incapacity, and not for a longer period than

300 weeks. (d) For certain specified injuries (mutilations, etc.), in addition to the above, one-half the wages, weekly payments to be not less than \$4 per more than \$10 per week, for fixed

periods. Lump sum payments may be substituted by order of the Superior Court after com-pensation has been paid for six months for

REVISION OF BENEFITS—Amounts payable may be reviewed and modified by the Superior Court at any time within two years, if the time for

payments has not expired.

INSUR-INCE—The employer must insure, give proof of financial ability to make direct payments, or furnish security or bond. If employees contribute to any approved scheme or insurance plan.

proportionate added benefits must be provided.
SECURITY OF PAYMENTS—Insurers are directly liable to claimants; beneficiaries have a first lien on any sum due from insurers to the

first hen on any sum due from misurers to the employer on any policy.

SETTLEMENT OF DISPUTES—Disputes are settled by the Superior Court on a petition in the nature of a petition in equity, filed by any party in interest. Appeals may be carried to the Superme Court by any aggrieved person.

#### TEXAS.

DATE OF ENACTMENT-April 16, 1913; in

effect September 1, 1913, In effect September 1, 1913, INJURIES COMPENSATED—Personal injury sustained in the course of employment causing incapacity to earn full wages for at least one week, or death.

INDUSTRIES COVERED-Excluded from the INDUSTRIES COVERED—Excluded from the act are domestic and farm labor, railways operated as common carriers, and cotton ginning; also establishments in which not more than fire persons are employed, Applies to other industries if the employer subscribes to the State insurance fund. PERSONS COMPENSATED—Private employment; All employees in industries included, except casual. Public employment: No provision. BURDEN OF PAYMENT—The entire cost rests aren the employer.

apon the employer.

nom the employer.

COMPENSATION FOR DEATH:

(a) 'Yo the legal beneficiary of the deceased
employee, a weekly payment equal to 60 per
cent, of his wages, not less than \$5 nor

more than \$15 for a period of 360 weeks, distributed according to law governing prop-

distribution.

(b) If no beneficiaries or creditors are left, the expenses of the last sickness and in addition a funeral benefit not to exceed

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(Webs.)

(b) For total incapacity, a compensation-equal to 60 per cent. of the average weekly wages of the injured person, but not less than \$5 nor more than \$15 per week during such disability, but not exceeding a period of 400

(e) For partial incapacity, a compensation equal to 60 per cent. of the loss of earning power during such disability, but not ex-ceeding 300 weeks, in no case to exceed \$15

power during such disability, but not exceeding 300 weeks, in no case to exceed \$15 per week.

(d) For certain specified injuries (mutilations, etc.) an additional compensation equal to 60 per cent of the average weekly wages of the injured person for fixed periods, not less than \$5 nor more than \$15 per week. A lump sum payment may be substituted for weekly payments in cases of death or total permanent disability, subject to the approval of the Industrial Accident Board. REVISION OF BENEFITS—The Industrial Accident Board as often as may be reasonably ordered. INSURANCE—Insurance may be effected through the Texas Employers' Insurance Association, or in any company admitted to do business in the State.

SECURITY OF PAYMENTS—All risks must be insured in approved companies.

SETTLEMENT OF DISPUTES—Disputes are referable to the Industrial Accident Board, whose decisions are subject to appeal to any court of competent jurisdiction.

#### VERMONT.

DATE OF ENACTMENT—April 1, 1915; in effect July 1, 1915. COMPENSATED—Personal injury causing disability for more than fourteen days or death within two years, arising out of and in course of employment, not due to the employee's wifful intention to injure himself or another, his intoxication, or failure to use a safety appliance. INDUSTRIES COVERED—All industrial establishments in which more than ten persons are employed, and commerce as far as permissible under Federal laws, domestic and casual labor excepted, unless election to the contrary is made. Public service under municipalities which elect compensation system.

cepted, unless election to the contary is made. Public service under municipalities which elect compensation system.

PERSONS COMPENSATED—Private employment: All under contract with or in service of an employer, domestic and casual employees and those receiving more than \$1,500 excepted. Public employees: All except those elected by popular vote or receiving in except of \$1,500 annually.

BUNDEN OF PAYMENT—All on employer.

COMPENSATION FOR DEATH:

(a) \$75 for funeral expenses if death occurs within two years.

(b) 33-1.3 per cent. of weekly wages to dependent widow or widower, 40 per cent, if there be one or two children, and 45 per cent, if more than two; if no parent; 25 per cent, is one or two children, 10 per cent, additional for each child in excess of two, total not to exceed 40 per cent,; if no consort or child under eighteen, and dependent parent, grandparent, or grand-child, 15 to 25 per cent, of wages.

(c) Payments to widow case on death or remarriage: to widewer on remarriage or cessation of dependency; to children on reach-

ing age of eighteen unless incapable of selfsupport, in no case to exceed 260 weeks or
\$3,500 in amount; payments to other classes
of beneficiaries end in 208 weeks at most.
Basic wages are not less than \$5 nor more
than \$25 week!Y.
COMPENSATION FOR DISABILITY:
(a) Medical and hospital services for first
fourteen days, not to exceed \$75.
(b) For total disability 50 per cent, of weekly
wages for twenty-six weeks if temporary,
260 if permanent, subject to extension for
fifty-two weeks, \$3 minimum, \$12,50 maximum, total not to exceed \$4,000. If wages
are less than \$3, full wages will be paid
unless disability is permanent, when \$3
will be paid.
(c) For partial disability, 50 per cent, of wage
decrease, maximum \$10, for not more than
livs years.

five years.

(a) For certain specified injuries, 50 per cent.

of weekly wages, but not more than \$10,

for designated periods ranging from eight

to I designated periods ranging how to 170 weeks.

Payments may be commuted to one or more lump sums in any case.

REVISION OF BENEFITS—Awards may be reviewed on application at any time, but not oftener than once in six months.

INSURANCE—Required unless deposit of senting in the product of

curity is made, or satisfactory proof of financial responsibility.

responsibility.
SECURITY OF PAYMENTS—Employees may have direct recours to insuring company; insolvency of employer does not release insurer; compensation rights are preferred claims.
SETTLEMENT OF DISPUTES—Disputes are determined by an Industrial Accident Board, with

appeal to courts.

#### WASHINGTON.

DATE OF ENACTMENT—March 14, 1911; in effect October 1, 1911; amended, chapters 138, 1913; 188, 1915.

INJURIES COMPENSATED—Injuries causing disability of 5 per cent., or death, to a person, whether received upon the premises or at the plant or in the course of employment while away from the establishment, except injuries brought about intentionally.

INDUSTRIES COVERED—All extra-hazardous employment, including mills, factories and workshops where machinery is used; blast furnaces, mines, quarries and wharves; engineering work; logging, humbering and shipbuilding; building trades; telegraph, telephone, electric light or power plants or lines; steamboats, tugs and ferries; railroads, except as governed by Federal statute; State, county and municipal undertakings involving extra, hazardous work in which persons are

State, county and municipal undertakings involving extra bazardous work in which persons are employed for wages.

PERSONS COMPENSATED—Private employment: All employees in industries covered by the act; any working employer or salaried employee on the payroll at a rate not greater than the average named in such payroll. Public employment: All EMRDEN OF PAYMENT—The entire burden rests upon the employer.

COMPENSATION FOR DEATH:

(a) Expenses of burial not exceeding \$75.

(b) To widow or invalid widower, a monthly payment of \$20; to each child under sixteen, \$5 per month, the total not to exceed \$35.

teen, \$5 per month, the total not to exceed \$35.

(c) If no parent survives, a monthly payment of \$10 to each child under sixteen years of age, the total not to exceed \$35.

(d) To other dependents, if none of the above survive, a monthly payment to each equal to 50 per cent, of the average amount previously contributed to the dependent, the total not to exceed \$20.

(e) To the parent or parents of an unmarried minor a monthly payment of \$20 until the time he would have been twenty-one. In case of dependence, payments to parents of minors are governed by (d). Payments to

'a widow or widower continue until death or remarriage, and to a child until reaching the age of sixteen years. If a widow remarries she receives a lump sum of \$240. COMPENSATION FOR DISABILITY:
(a) For permanent total disability, payments as follows: (1) If unmarried at time of the accident, \$20 per month; (2) if with a wife or invalid husband, but no child under sixteen years of age, \$25 a month; if the husband is not an isvalid, \$15 per month; (3) if married, or a widow or widower with a child or children under sixteen years, \$5 a month additional for each child, the total not to exceed \$35. not to exceed \$35.

not to exceed \$35.

(b) For total temporary disability, payments as for permanent total disability during disability, increased by 50 per cent. for first six months, but in no case to exceed 60 per cent. of monthly wages.

(c) For temporary partial disability, the payment as for total disability continues in proportion to the loss of earning power, provided this shall exceed 5 per cent.

(d) For permanent partial disability, a lump sum not to exceed \$1,500; if the injured person is a minor the parents receive an additional sum equal to 10 per cent of the award to the injured person. Monthly payments may be converted into lump sum payments in case of death or permanent total disability. payments in total disability

total disability.

REVISION OF BENEFITS—Revision may be had upon application of the beneficiary or upon the motion of the department.

INSURANCE—Insurance is required in a State

accident fund. SECURITY OF PAYMENTS-Accident fund

under State control.

SETTLEMENT OF DISPUTES—By Industrial Insurance Department, whose decisions are subject to review by the Superior Court, from which appeal lies as in other civil cases.

#### WEST VIRGINIA.

DATE OF ENACTMENT—February 22, 1913; in effect October 1, 1943; amended February 20 and May 21, 1915; INJURIES COMPENSATED—All personal injuries not the result of wilful misconduct or intextication of the injured employee, or self-incausing incapacity for more than one week

flicted, causing incapacity for more than one week or death.
INDUSTRIES COVERED—All except domestic or agricultural labor, if the employer becomes a member of the State insurance fund.
PERSONS COMPENSATED—Private employment: All employees in industries covered, including aliens, except persons casually employed, and the officers of corporations. Public employment: No provision.
BURDEN OF PAYMENT—Employer, 90 per cent.; employees, 10 per cent.
COMPENSATION FOR DEATH:
(a) Reasonable funeral expenses not to exceed \$156.

(a) The widow or invalid widower, \$20 per month and \$5 per month additional for each child under the age of legal employment, the total not to exceed \$35 per month. (c) To orphan child or children, \$10 each per month until the age of fifteen, total not to exceed \$30 per month until the age of fifteen, total not to exceed \$30 per month until the age of legal employment is left, 50 per ecent, of the average monthly support received from the deceased during the preceding year, not exceeding \$20 per month, (e) If the deceased was a single minor, to a dependent parent, 50 per cent, of the earnings, not to exceed \$6 per week, until the time when he would have become twenty.

(f) If only partial dependents survive, a com-pensation computed as in (d), with the same maximum

Payments to a widow or widower cease on remarriage, and to children on reaching the age of fifteen years. If widow or invalid widower remarry within two years of death of employee, to be paid 20 per cent, of balance of ten years' benefits, COMPENSATION FOR DISABILITY:

(a) Medical, nurse, and hospital services, not exceeding \$150 (\$300 in special cases),

(b) For temporary partial disability, during such disability, 50 per cent, of loss of his earning capacity not more than \$10 per week nor exceeding twenty-six weeks, except that for certain ununited fractures, etc., the period may be fifty-two weeks, etc., the period may be fifty-two weeks, etc., of wages for periods varying with degree of disability (from 10 to 70 per cent.), periods ranging from thirty to 210 weeks; from 70 to 85 per cent, disability, 40 per cent, or above), 50 per cent, of the average weekly wages, during life.

Lump-sum payments may be substituted for periodic payments in case of either in-

Lump-sum payments may be substituted for periodic payments in case of either injury or death. Payments under (c) and (d), \$4 minimum, \$8 maximum.

REVISION OF BENEFITS—Awards may be modified at any time.

LINSUIP ANCE Luvernes is effected through a

modified at any time, INSURANCE—Insurance is effected through a State fund under the control of the compensation commissioner, or employers of approved adulty may carry own risks, giving bond for performance of requirements not less than those of the law, without contributions from their employees, SECURITY OF PAYMENTS—Payments may be made only to beneficiaries, and are exempt from claims of creditors or attachment or execution.

tion.

SETTLEMENT OF DISPUTES—Disputes are settled by the commissioner; limited appeal to the Supreme Court,

#### WISCONSIN.

DATE OF ENACTMENT—May 3, 1911: in effect same date; amended, chapters 599, 707, 772, 1913: 121, 241, 316, 369, 378, 462, 1915, LNJURIES COMPENSATED—Personal injury by accident causing disability of at least one week, or death, while performing service growing out of and incidental to the employment, not intentionally self-inflicted, ENDUSTRIES COVERED—All, if the employer elects, Compulsory as to State and its municipalities.

INDUSTRIES COVERED—All, if the employer elects, Compulsory as to State and its municipalities,

PERSONS COMPENSATED—Private employment: All employees except casual, including aliens, in the absence of contrary election. Public employment: All employees of the State or its political subdivisions.

BURDEN OF PAYMENT—Entire cost rests upon the employer.

COMPENSATION FOR DEATH:

(a) To persons wholly dependent, a sum equal to four years' earnings, but which when added to any prior compensation for permanent total disability shall not exceed six years' earnings.

(b) If only partial dependents survive, a sum not to exceed four times the amount provided for their support during the preceding year.

provided for their support during the preceding year.

(c) If no dependents, the reasonable expense of burial, not exceeding \$100. All payments are to be made in weekly instalments equal to 65 per cent, of the average weekly earnings. Dependence of children ceases at eighteen, unless physically or mentally incapacitated.

COMPENSATION FOR DISABILITY:

(a) Medical, surgical, and hospital treatment for not exceeding ninety days, or the reasonable expenses therefor.

(b) For total disability, 65 per cent, of average weekly earnings during such disability, but if the injured person requires the assistance of a nurse, then 100 per

of earnings for first ninety days of

cent of earnings for first ninety days of disability.

(c) For partial disability, 65 per cent, of loss of earning power.

(d) For certain specific injuries (mutilations, etc.), a sum equal to 65 per cent, of average weekly earnings for fixed periods.

(e) For serious permanent disfigurement, a lump sum may be allowed, not exceeding \$750. In case of temporary or pertial disability the aggregate compensation for a single injury shall not exceed four years' earnings, and for permanent disability ity years' earnings, uor may the disability beriod exceed fifteen years from the date of the accident. Lump sum payments may be substituted at any time after six months from the date of injury.

EVISION OF BENEFITS—The commission

from the date of injury.

REVISION OF BENEFITS—The commission may modify or change its order or award within ten days if a mistake is discovered; or a review by the court may be had on appeal within twenty days. The commission may call for a medical examination at any time it deems necessary.

INSURANCE—Insurance in approved companies is permitted, but the liability of the employer may not be reduced.

SECURITY OF PAYMENTS—The employer must give proof of financial ability or insure risks. Claims for compensation are preferred above other unsecured debts thereafter contracted.

SETTLEMENT OF DISPUTES—Disputes are settled by the Industrial Commission, subject to a limited review by the courts.

#### WYOMING.

DATE OF ENACTMENT-February 27, 1915;

DAILS OF ENACTMENT—February 27, 1915; in effect April 1, 1915.

INJURIES COMPENSATED—Personal injury causing disability for more than ten days or death, as a result of employment and not due to the culpable negligence of the injured employee or to the wilful act of a third person due to reasons personal to such employee or because of his employment.

INDUSTRIES COVERED — Extra hazardous (enumerated list), in which five or more workmen are employed, interstate railroads excepted; public employments and use of explosives and work ten or more feet above ground included, without reference to number of employees.

or more feet above ground included, without reference to number of employees and work ten erence to number of employees.

PERSONS COMPENSATED—Private employment: All employees in industries covered. Public employment: All employees in classes of employments designated,

BURDEN OF PAYMENT—All on employer.

COMPENSATION FOR DEATH:

(a) \$50 for funeral expenses, unless other arrangements exist under agreement,

(b) Lump-sum payments of \$1.000 to widow or invalid widower, and additional sum, equal to \$60 per year, until the age of sixteen is reached for each child under the age of sixteen, the total for children not to exceed \$1,000. If there are dependent parents and no spouse and no child under sixteen, a sum equal to 50 per cent, of one year's contribution, not exceeding \$500.

COMPENSATION FOR DISABILITY:

(a) For total permanent disability, lump of \$1,000 if single, \$1.200 if wife or invalid husband, and a sum equal to \$60 per year for each child under sixteen not to exceed \$1,500. disability is temporary, \$15 per month of agic, \$20 if married, and \$5 monthly for each child under sixteen the total monthly payment not to exceed \$25 and the agreeste not the exceed the amount payable if the disability fixed

to exceed the amount payable if the disability were permanent.

(b) For permanent partial disability, fixed hump sums for specified injuries, others in proportion.

No provision is made for medical or sungical aid; all payments are lump sums, except for total temporary disability.

REVISION OF BENEFITS-No provision. INSURANCE-Insurance in State fund quired

SECURITY OF PAYMENTS—Insurance under State control; payments not assignable or subject to execution, attachment, etc. SETTLEMENT OF DISPUTES—Disputes are settled by the district courts of the counties, with appeal to the Supreme Court of the State.

#### UNITED STATES.

DATE OF ENACTMENT-Sept. 7. 1916; in effect same date.

INJURIES COMPENSATED—Personal injuries sustained while in the performance of duty. not due to intoxication, wilful misconduct or intention to bring about injury, causing death or disability for more than three days.

INDUSTRIES COVERED—All civilian employments of the United States Government, and the Panama Railroad.

PERSONS COMPENSATED—All civil em-ployees of the United States, and of the Panama tailroad Company, BURDEN OF PAYMENT—All on the em-

COMPENSATION FOR DEATH:

OMPENSATION FOR DEATH:

(a) \$100 burial expenses, and transportation
of body of residents of the United States
dying away from home, if relatives desire it,
(b) To widow or dependent widower alone,
35 per cent. of the monthly wages of deceased, with 10 per cent. additioal for
each child, the total not to exceed 66 2-3

per cent.

(c) If no parent survives, 25 per cent, to one child, and 10 per cent, additional for each additional child, the total not to exceed

66 2-3 per cent.

additional child, the total not to exceed 66.2-3 per cent.

(d) To dependent parents of deceased, 25 per cent. If one, 40 per cent if both are dependent; if there is a widov, widower or child the parents' rights are ubordinate, and the total awards may not exceed 66.2-3 per cent.

(e) Other dependent relatives receive benefits in smaller amounts subject to the chaims of the foregoing relatives.

Payments to a widow or dependent widower terminate on their death or remarriage; to a child on marriage, reaching the age of 18, or if over 18 and incapable of self-support, any ments to other beneficiaries are subject to the above limitations, but may in no case continue beyond 8 years.

All payments are subject to a maximum of \$63.33, unless the actual earnings are less than that amount, when the compensation shall equal the earnings, compensation shall equal the earnings.

COMPENSATION FOR DISABILITY:

(a) Reasonable medical, surgical and hospital services and supplies.

(b) For total disability, 66.2-3 per cent, of the difference in wage-earning capacity due to such disability,

of the difference in wage-earning capacity due to such disability.

Payments are subject to the same maxi-

mum and minimum amounts as in case of death.

Payments on account of death or permanent disability may be commuted to a

manent disability may be commuted to a humo sum.

REVISION OF BENEFITS—Awards may be reviewed at any time, either on request or by the commission on its own motion.

INSURANCE—No provision.

SEOURITY OF PAYMENTS—Compensation is paid from special compensation fund.

SETTLEMENT OF DISPUTES—The Usited States Employees' Compensation Commission decides all questions arising under the act.

#### THE COTTON SUPPLY.

#### CROP OF THE UNITED STATES FOR TWENTY YEARS.

THE following statements are furnished by the New York Financial Chronicle:

YEAR.	Bales.	YEAR.	Bales.	YEAR.	Bales.	YEAR.	Bales.
		1902					
		1903					
		1904					
1900	9,439,559	1905	13,556,841	1910	10,650,961	1915	15,067,247
1901.,	10,425,141	1906	11,319,860	1911	12,132,332	1916	12,953,450

The returns are for the years ended August 1 in 1914, 1915, and 1916, and for September 1 for all preceding years. The average net weight per bale for 1916 is 487.64.

#### EXPORTS AND DOMESTIC CONSUMPTION OF AMERICAN COTTON.

	1915-1916.	1914-1915.	1913-1914.	1912-1913.	1911-1912.	1910-1911.	1909-1910.	1908-1909.
_	Bales.							
Exports to Europe	5,192,339	7,708,264	8,500,490	8,235,687	9,934,132	7,459,397	6,093,400	8,198,922
Consumption, United States, Canada, etc	0 274 122	C 000 40E	e 3ec 100	e 100 207	C 147 200	4.055.000	4 000 957	F 454 504
Total	13,566,461	14,546,689	14,866,680	14,425,984	16,079,455	12,414,427	11,062,657	13,653,703

#### COTTON CONSUMPTION OF THE WORLD.

CONSUMPTION BALES, 500 LBS.	Britain. Continent.	United States.	India.	All Others.	Total World.
1905-1906	3,774,000 5,252,000	4,726,000	1.586,000	1,097,000	16,435,000
1906-1907	$\begin{bmatrix} 3.892.000 \end{bmatrix}$ $5.460.000$	4,950,000	1,552,000	1,145,000	16,999,000
1907-1908	3.690.0001 5.720.000	4,227,000	1,561,000	1,083,000	16.281.000
1908-1909	3,720,000 5,720,000				
1909-1910	3,175,000 5,460,000	4,533,000	1,517,000		
1910-1911	1 3,776,0001 5,460,000	4,485,000	1,494,000	1,535,000	16.750.000
1911-1912	4.160.000  5.720.000				
1912-1913	1 4.400.0001 6.000.000		1,643,000	2,068,000	19,642,000
1913-1914	4,300,000  6,000,000	5,680,000	1,680,000	2,198,000	19,858,000
1914-1915	I 3,900,000l 5,000,000				18,735,000
1915-1916	4,000,000 4,500,000	7,110,000	1,660,000	2,303,000	19,573,000

### WORLD'S PRODUCTION OF COTTON.

### (Bales of 500 pounds net each.)

COUNTRIES.	1915-1916.	1914-1915.	1913-1914.	1912-1913.	1911-1912.
United States. East Indies. Egypt. Brazil, &c.	$3,490,000 \\ 910,000 \\ 220,000$	3,337,000 1,235,487 240,000	4,592,149 1,439,802 387,947	3,468,407 1,416,352 370,000	3,107,660 1,396,474 341,836
Total	17,253,960	19,578,954	20,914,660	19,197,979	20,529,915

#### SPINDLES IN OPERATION.

	1916.	1915.	1914.	1913.	1912.	1911.
Great Britain	57,000,000					56,500,000
United States	43,200,000 32,306,006		43,200,000 31,840,240			42,000,000
East Indles	6,900,000	6,848,774				6,350,000
Total	139,406,006	138,966,743	138,719,135	137,613,454	136,390,929	134,653,000

### COTTON MARKETED BY STATES IN 1915-1916.

The figures of the Financial Chronicle are those of the commercial crop, namely, the crop which has come forward to be counted, that is, has reached the Southern outports, or Southern mills, or been shipped overland North. The crop in this way amounted to 12,953,450 bales. On the other hand, the census in its crop statement undertakes to show the actual production, and this it gives as 11,963,447 bales.

CROP OF 1915-1916.	Census Product.§	Stocks on Hand.‡ July 31, 1915.†	Total Supply, Season 1915–1916.	Less Stocks on Hand.¶ July 31, 1916.†	Amount Distributed, 1915–1916.
North Carolina South Carolina Georgia Alabama Mississippi Louisiana Texas Arkansas Tennessee Oklahoma Other States	2,113,459 1,099,843 1,008,654 369,146 3,299,795 845,014 349,555	Bales. 249,171 281,676 506,011 284,998 73,541 167,193 230,312 31,883 91,624 13,250 90,967	Bales. 1,040,547 1,523,227 2,619,470 1,384,841 1,082,195 536,339 3,530,107 876,897 441,179 684,934 264,337	Bales. 301,596 252,234 425,400 207,757 39,346 93,071 84,449 19,832 65,083 5,451 68,739	Bales. 747,951 1,270,993 2,192,070 1,177,084 1,042,849 443,268 3,445,658 857,065 376,096 679,483 195,598
Plus decrease in lint	11,963,447 ers not apportlor	2,020,626 led to States*	13,984,073	1,562,958	12,428,115 41,085
Total amount marke	12,469,200				

<sup>\*</sup> This is the decrease in linters in mills, public warehouses, and compresses on July 31, 1916, from the same date in 1915. † Do not include stocks in private warehouses. † At Southern mills and in public warehouses and compresses. § Including linters. ¶ At mills, public warehouses, etc.

#### HICHEST AND LOWEST PRICES FOR COTTON

IN NEW YORK FOR MIDDLING UPLANDS COTTON FROM JANUARY 1 TO DECEMBER 31 OF THE YEARS NAMED.

						_					
YEAR.	Highest.	Lowest.	YEAR.	Highest.	Lowest.	YEAR.	Highest.	Lowest.	YEAR.	Highest.	Lowest.
1863	93	51	1878	12 3-16	8 13-16		9 1-2	7 3-4	1904	17.25	6.85
1864		72	1879	13 3-4	9 1-4		10		1905	12.60	7.00 9.60
1865 1866	120 52	35 32	1880	13 1-4 13		1893	9 15-16 8 5-16		1906	12.25 13.55	10.70
1868	33	16	1882	13 1-16		1895	9 3-8	5 9-16	1908	12.25	9.00
1869	35	25	1883		9 3-4	1896	8 7-8		1909	16.50 19.75	9.25
1870 1871	25 3-4	14 3-4	1884	11 15-16		1898	8 1-4 6 9-16		1911	16.15	9.20
1872	27 3-8	18 5-8	1886	9 9-16	8 13-16	1899	7 13-16	5 7-8	1912	13.40	9.35
1873	21 3-8	13 5-8		11 7-16 11 3-8	9 7-16	1900	11		1913	14.50 14.50	11.70
1875 1876	17 1-8 13 3-8	10 7-8	1889.		9 3-4	1902	9 7-8		1915.	12.75	7.90
1877		10 15-16	1890	12 3-4	9 3-16	1903	14.10	8.85	1916	19.30	11.20

1916 prices are for January 1 to October 31, inclusive.

#### ACRICULTURAL RANK OF STATES.

(Report of Bureau of Census, February 13, 1914.)

The general report on the census on agriculture of the Thirteenth Census discloses some interesting facts regarding the crops of the country and the relative rank of the States in regard to the value of all farm crops according to farm values.

Eleven of the leading crops in 1909 showed a total aggregate value of \$4,813,281,000, or approximately 90 per cent. of the total value of all the crops of the United States, which amounted to \$5,487,161,000. Of these eleven leading crops corn was the most valuable, followed by hay and forage, cotton, wheat, oats, vegetables (of all kinds), forest products on farms (timber, lumber, etc.), potates, tobacco, barley and apples, in the order named. The value of the corn crop alone was \$1,438,554,000; that of cotton, \$703,619,000; that of wheat, \$657,657,000; that of vegetables, \$216,257,000; that of tobacco, \$104,304,000.

The relative rank of the first nine States in regard to value of crops showed that Illinois led with a total valuation for all farm crops of \$372,000,000; low awas second with \$315,000,000; Texas third with \$298,000,000, followed by Ohlo with \$230,000,000. Georgia, \$227,000,000; that of vegetables, \$216,257,000; that of vegetables and Missouri in the order, named. New York ranked first in its production of corn, followed by Iowa and Missouri in the Order, named. New York ranked first in the production of hay and forage, followed by Iowa and Wisconsin. Texas ranked first in the production of hay and forage, followed by Iowa and Wisconsin. Texas ranked first in the production of other, followed by Georgia and Mississiph was first in the production of postate, followed by Iowa and Minnesota. New York and Illinois was first in the production of oats, followed hy Iowa and Minnesota. New York was trust in the production of potatoes, with Pennsylvania second and Virginia hird. Minnesota ranked first in the production of potatoes, with Pennsylvania and Minnesota. New York also ranked first in the production of paples, with Michigan second and Pennsylvania third.

A

#### RANK OF COUNTIES BY VALUE OF CROPS.

#### (Report of Bureau of Census, March 25, 1914.)

Los Angeles County, Cal., took the first rank as regards value of crops of all the 2,950 counties of the United States, according to the final report on the census of agriculture, 1910. Lancaster County, Pa., ranked second as regards value of the production of crops; McLean County, Ill., was third; Whitman County, Wash., 10th; Livingston County, Ill., Eith; Iroquois County, Ill., sixth; La Saile County, Ill., seventh, and Aroostook County, Ill., eighth.

The valuation (at the farm) of the crops raised in Los Angeles County, Cal., according to the census, was \$14,720,900; Lancaster County, Pa., \$13,059,600; McLean County, Ill., \$10,807,800; La Saile County, Ill., \$10,222,200, and Aroostook County, Me., \$13,77,300; Iroquois County, Ill., \$10,807,800; La Saile County, Ill., \$10,222,200, and Aroostook County, Me., \$10,151,000. The total valuation of the crops raised in these eight counties was \$95,491,000, or about 2 per cent. of the total valuation of all crops raised in the United States, which was \$54,87,161,000.

The principal crops raised in Los Angeles County in the order of their value were fruits, etc., hay and forage, live stock, dairy products, etc., and vegetables; of Lancaster County Pa., corn, wheat no dast, and live stock and dsiry products; of McLean County III.; Whitman County, Wash, Livingston County, Ill., and La Saile County, Ill., corn, wheat, oats and cereals, and of Aroostook County, Me., potatoes and vegetables. The principal crops of the United States, in the order of their value, were the cereals, corn, wheat, oats, etc., hay and forage, and cotton.

Some interesting data are presented by the figures for the value per acre and per capita (the crops raised in the states with a population of the United States. The figures for the value of the crops raised in the state of the crops raised the verage and \$10,000 county, 111, \$10,000 county, 111, \$10,000 county, 111, \$10,000 county, 111, \$10,000 county, 111, \$10,000 county, 111, \$10,000 county, 111, \$10,000 county, 111, \$10,000 county, 111, \$10,

#### WOOL IN THE UNITED STATES.

		Exports,	NET IN	MPORTS.	U.S.		FINE WOOL.		
FISCAL YEAR.	Tetal Imports.	Domestic and Foreign.	Classes III.		Production Preceding Year.	for Con- sumption.	Retained for Con- sumption.	Per Cent. of Foreign	
1908-09. 1909-10. 1910-11. 1911-12	Pounds. 266,409,304 263,939,584 137,647,641 193,400,713	3,926,992 8,205,699	139,986,526	120,073,586 84,027.888	Pounds. 311,138,321 328,110,749 321,362,750 318,547,900	Pounds. 574,023,650 588,123,341 450,804,692 510,228,743	Pounds. 476,005,857 468,049,755 366,766,804 404,078,845	12.38	
1912-13 1913-14 1914-15 1915-16	195,293,255 247,648,869 308,083,429 534,828,022	4,423,161 1,141,874 7,259,934	80,883,313 144,839,116 236,631,246	109,986,781 101,667,879	304,043,400 296,175,350 290,192,000	494,913,494 542,682,295 591,015,495	384,926,713 441,014,416 526,823,246	21.01 32.84 44.91	

Wool of Classes I. and II. are used for the manufacture of cloths, dress goods, and similar fabrics. Domestic wools are of these two classes. Class III. wools are used principally in the carpet manufacture and are practically not grown in the United States. The domestic wool shown in the above table is the quantity in its greasy state as shorn from the sheep and includes 28,800,000 pounds of pulled wool. Fleece wool is wool shorn from living sheep. Pulled wool is wool removed from the shi of slaughtered animals. Reduced to the scoured condition fit for use in manufacture, the annual production, both fleece and pulled, and total value based on the price in Boston in October of each year for the years 1904-1915, inclusive, are as follows:

YEAR.	Fleece and Pulled. Scoured.	Total Value.	Pot	E PER JND. Pulled.	YEAR.	Fleece and Pulled. Scoured.	Total Value.	T)	Pulled.
1904 1905 1906 1907 1908	130,359,118	80,415,514 79,721,383 78,263,165 61,707,516	54.1 65.4 63.8 62.3 46.6	54.3 50.2 41.6	1910 1911 1912 1913 1914	Pounds, 141,805,813 139,896,195 136,866,652 132,022,080 131,840,680 131,987,960	66,591,017 76,020,229 57,582,954 66,731,237	47.7 55.4 43.6 50.6	Cents. 51.75 47.5 56 43.4 46.9 60.5

Number of sheep in the world, according to the most recent available statistics and estimates: North America, 55,796,350; South America, 128,406,273; Europe, 185,477,065; Asia, 93,321,990; Africa, 64,408,848; Oceania, 106,487,132; total world, 633,897,655. The world's wood production for the year 1915 amounted to 2,836,519,134 pounds, according to the latest official returns and commercial estimates, but are subject to modification because of European war.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF MACHINERY IN THE WOOL MANUFACTURE, IN OPERA-TION AT THE DATES NAMED.

	SEPTE!	MBER 1, 1	PER CENT. OF IDLE TO TOTAL REPORTE					RTED.	
MACHINERY.	Tetal No. Reported,		Idle.	Sept. 1, 1916.	June 1, 1916.	March 1, 1916.	Dec. 1, 1915.	Sept. 1, 1915.	June 1, 1915.
Looms, wider than 50 in. reed space	38,001	31,164	6,837	18	13.9	12.1	16.8	26.7	30.4
Looms, carpet	13,000 2,808 3,116	11.615 2,077 2,775	1,385 731 341	26	6.7 17.6 12.7	7.7 17.1 7.3	20.2 19.6 8.8	31.2 24 15.5	25.9 24.5 17.7
Worsted combs	1,665 1,021,075	1,451	214 135,740	12.9 13.3	10 9.8 11	7.9 9.3 7.9	14.2 8.6 15.6	14 14.2 17	30 17.4 39.6

The wool statistics in above tables were prepared by Wm. J. Battison, of Boston, for the National Association of Wool Manufacturers.

#### THE MORRIS PLAN:

The Morris Plan of Industrial loans and investments-named for its originator, Arthur J. Morrishas been in operation in Norfolk, Va., since March, 1910, and to-day is operated in about thirty other cities throughout the country. Loans are usually made in the amount of \$50 or multiples thereof. They are based on character and earning capacity, and are secured only by the borrower's note indorsed by two co-makers. If a loan is granted a small fee is charged toward the cost of investigation, and the note is discounted at the legal rate of interest. At the same time the borrower subscribes for one or more of the lending company's certificates of investment for an amount equal to his lnan, and in purchase thereof pays \$1.00 a week for fifty weeks on each \$50 borrowed. At the end of the year he can cash in his certificate and with the money thus obtained redeem his note. To encourage the habit of saving, Morris Plan companies sell certificates of investment, either for cash or on the instalment plan, to others than borrowers. These certificates begin to hear interest at 4 per cent. when twenty-five payments have been made, and at 5 per cent, when they are full paid. Holders of interest-bearing certificates can borrow on them, without indorsements or other securities, an amount equal to the total payments they have made in purchase of the certificates.

At the close of the year 1916 over \$25,500,000 had been lent to about 200,000 borrowers on the Morris Plan in sums averaging less than \$128. The subscribed capital of Merris Plan companies exceeds \$7,000,000. The largest auxiliary institution is the Morris Plan Company of New York (Equitable Building, 120 Broadway), of which Henry R. Towne is President.

These companies are organized throughout the United States by the Industrial Finance Corporation (52 William Street, New York), which has a subscribed capital of \$3,700,000. Officers—Clark Williams, President: Arthur J. Morris, Vice-President; Charles H. Sabin, Treasurer; Joseph B. Gilder, Secretary.

#### THE PUBLIC LANDS OF THE UNITED STATES.

(Prepared for THE WORLD ALMANAC by the General Land Office.)

TABULAR statement showing area of public lands vacant and subject to entry and settlement in the public land States and Territories, July 1, 1916.

STATE OR		JNAPPROPRIAT UNRESERVED		STATE OR	AREA UNAPPROPRIATED AND UNRESERVED.			
TERRITORY.	Surveyed.	Unsurveyed.	Total.	TERRITORY.	Surveyed.	Unsurveyed.	Total.	
Alabama Alaska* Arizona Arkansas California Colorado Florida Idaho Kansas Louislana Michigan Minnesota Mississippi Missouri	8,831,490 56,018 44,804 90,540 798,804 30,374	17,030,931 4,248,065 2,002,783 6,679,071	23,597,219 402,219 20,025,999 14,908,127 135,237 15,510,561 56,018 44,804 90,540 798,804 30,374	Wisconsin Wyoming	13,942,348 2,328,807 14,435,859 982,783 5,872 26,567,740	8,320 24,845,759 7,900,991 1,395,461 53,781 18,532,978 149,788 1,960,752	55,375,077 26,338,379 381,199 58,250 15,337,809 2,382,588 32,968,837 1,132,571 5,872	

\*The unappropriated lands in Alaska are not included herein. The total area of Alaska is 378,165,760 acres, of which about 15,500,000 acres are reserved. Approximately 740,000 acres have been surveyed under the rectangular system.

Cash receipts of the General Land Office during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1916: From disposal of public lands, \$3,427,772.24; sales of Indian lands, \$2,000,516.17; leases of power sites, etc., \$4,750.43; depredation on the public lands, \$12,540.19; copies of records and plats, \$24,071.82; and sales of Government property, etc., \$315.96. Total receipts for the year, \$5,470,466.81.

Area of public and Indian lands originally entered during the fiscal year, 17,414,042.25 acres; area of lands patented, 12,161,807.75 acres.

The total number of entries, acres sold and amount received therefor under the Timber and Stone Acts of June 3, 1878, and August 4, 1892, were: From June 3, 1878, to June 30, 1916, entries, 102,376; acres, 13,336,097.48; amount, \$33,756,976.41.

13,336,097.48; amount, \$33,756,976.41.								
1	UNITED ST		OFFICES ANI					
STATE.	Office.	Register.	Receiver.	STATE.	Office.	Register.	Receiver.	
Ala	Montg'ery.	Cato D. Glover	John S. Hunter	Mont	Miles City.	G. W. Myers	J. T. Hamilton.	
Alaska.	Fairbanks	J. E. Clark	Lewis T. Erwin.	Neb	Missoula	F.M. MacHaffle	W.E.McMurry.	
	Juneau	C. B. Walker G. A. Adams	F. A. Boyle.	Neb	Alliance	T. J. O'Keefe M. C. War'gton	J. C. Morrow.	
Ariz	Phoenix	T. F. Weedin	John J. Birdno.l		Lincoln	H. A. Meier	G. G. Beams	
Ark	Camden	R. D. Newton.	O. B. Gordon.		N. Platte	E. J. Eames	A. F. Beeler.	
	lHarrison	B. B. Hudgins	W. F. Eatman.			J. P. Golden C. A. Rosseter		
Cal	El Centro	John W. Allen Finls C. Farr	P. W. Brooks.	Nev	CarsonCity	S. J. Rogers	Edmund James	
Cal	Eureka	IF. P. Wheeler	IG. D. Little.		Elko	S. J. Rogers J. E. Robbins	A. G. Dawley.	
	lInde'd'nce.	O. C. Harper!	A. T. Force.	N.Mex.	Clayton	Paz Vaiverde	Thos. E. Owen.	
	Los Angeles	J. D. Roche	Alex. Mitchell.	1	Ft. Sumner	A. J. Evans	R. Harrison.	
	Sac mento.	H. P. Andrews.	Mrs.G.BCaukin		Roswell	Emmett Patton	S. P. Ascarate. Wm. G. Cowan.	
	Susanville	James Wylie	J. B. Alvord.	1	Santa Fe	F. Delgado	Juan N. Vigil.	
	Visalia	Frank Laning	Joseph Allen.		Tucumcari.	R. P. Donohoo.	F. S. y Baca.	
Col	Del Norte.	H. H. Abhott.	W. A. Maxwell.	N.Dak.	Bismarck	P. E. Byrne W. B. Dickson.	F. L. Brant.	
	Durango	J. T. Joyce	George Weaver.	1	Minot	F. F. Fritz	Wm. O'Leary	
	IClanw'd S.	ID C. Wevand.	F. H. Selborst, 1		Williston	W. E. Byerly	C. A. Mansfield.	
	Hugo	J. R. Beavers	J. J. Missemer.	Okla	Guthrie	J. Y. Callahan.	A. X. Campbell.	
	II.amar	A. L. Beavers E. J. Hoefnagels	in. J. McGram.	Ore	Burns	C. S. Dunn	S. Mothershead.	
	Montrose	O. C. Skinner	Sam. B. Berry		Lakevlew	J. F. Burgess	A. J. Foster	
	Pueblo	IG. M. Dameron	J. B. Orman.		Portland	N. Campbell	G. I. Smith.	
	Sterling	A. F. Browns	John W. Cloyd.	ll .	Roseburg	W. H. Cannon.	R. R. Turner.	
Fla		R. W. Davis J. T. Carruth	P. M. Colson.	li		H. F. Woodc'ck T. Jones		
Idaho.	Boleá	F. S. Heer	F. B. Kinyon.	S. Dak.		J. A. Ross		
	C. d'Alene.	Frank Langley.	F. A. McCall.		Gregory	E. M. Starcher.	D. F. B'kholder.	
	Hailey	Ben. R. Gray	Wm. U. Hews.	li .		J. C. Stoner		
**		H. Heitfeld R. R. Wlison	B. F. Hoar.	H	Pierre	J. E. Kelley	LeR.E.C'm'ngs. W.H.Tompkins.	
Kan	Toneka	H. C. Green	J. E. Barrett.	ł	T'ber Lake	W. Healey	W. W. Sparks.	
La	Bat. Rouge	E. D. Glanelloni	IW. W. Ventress.	Utah	S. L. City	G. B. Blakely	H. C. Jex.	
Mich.	Marquette.	J. L.Hefferman.	IP. H. Ross.	11	Vernal	P. Hanson	S. L. Page.	
Minn.	. Cass Lake.	A.G. Swindleh't	J. P. O'Connell.	Wash	Seattle	R. Strobach G.A.C.Roch'ter	I W Oven	
	Dubith	J. Winczewski	J. L. Travers.		Spokane	J. L. Wiley	W. F. Page.	
Miss.	Llackson	IW. F. Cummins	sin, C. Sharkey.		Vancouver.	J. J. O'Keane.	C. Kalahan.	
Mo	Springfield	.l.I. H. Bowen	I (Abolished.)	11	W. Walla	F. M. Hedger	W. A. White.	
Mont.	Billings	F. H. Foster F. W. Appleton	I P Bole	Wis	Waterville.	B. Spear H. Schmidt	K A Revreis	
	IGIaszow	.IT. R. Jones	. 1E. C. Hargadine.	Wyo	Buffalo	R. R. Read	IG. T. Stahl.	
	Great Falls	slR. N. Sutherlir	dThos. Corbally.	1	Chevenne.	. W. Reid	L. Voorhees.	
	Havre	IM W. H'chins'r	J. A. Mayer.	11	Douglas	W. H. Fowler.	Julia M. Cross.	
	Helena	Jos. Oker F. O. Williams	O E Thomas	Į I	Lander	R. Connagham.	W H Edley	
	Lewiston .	H. J. Kelly	A. Hogeland.	[]	Sundance	.W. J. Wood	C. R. Yeoman.	

#### THE FEDERAL FARM LOAN ACT.

(RURAL CREDITS BILL.)

An Act to provide capital for agricultural development, to create standard forms of investment based upon farm mortgage, to equalize rates of interest upon farm loans, to furnish a market for United States bonds, to create Government depositaries and financial agents for the United States, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the short title of this Act shall be "The Federal Farm Loan Act." Its administration shall be under the direction and control of the Federal Farm Loan Board hereinafter created.

#### DEFINITIONS.

DEFINITIONS.

SEC. 2. That wherever the term "first mortgage" is used in this Act it shall be held to include such classes of first liens on farm lands as shall be approved by the Federal Farm Loan Board, and the credit instruments secured thereby. The term "farm loan bonds" shall be held to include all bonds secured by collateral deposited with a farm loan registrar under the terms of this Act; they shall be distinguished by the addition of the words "Federal," or "joint stock," as the case may be.

FEDERAL FARM LOAN BOARD.

FEDERAL FARM LOAN BOARD.

SEC. 3. That there shall be established at the seat of government in the Department of the Treasury a bureau charged with the execution of this Act and of all Acts amendatory thereof, to be known as the Federal Farm Loan Bureau under the general supervision of a Federal Farm Loan Board shall consist of five members, including the Sceretary of the Treasury, who shall be a meinber and chairman ex officion and four meinbers to be appointed by the President of the United States, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate. Of the four members to be appointed by the President, not more than two shall be appointed from one political party, and all four of said members shall be citizens of the United States and shall devote their entire time to the business of the Federal Farm Loan Board, they shall receive an annual salary of \$10,000 payable monthly, together with actual necessary travelling expenses, one for four years, one for six years, and one for eight years, and thereafter each members on appointed shall serve for a term of eight years, unless sooner removed for cause by the President. One of the members shall be designated by the President as the Farm Loan Commissioner, who shall be the active executive officer of said board.

No member of the Federal Farm Loan Board hore.

the Farm Loan Commissioner, who shall be the active executive officer of said board.

No member of the Federal Farm Loan Board shall, during his continuance in office, be an officer or director of any other institution, association, or partnership engaged in banking, or in the business of making land mortgage loans or selling land mortgages. Before entering upon his duties as a member of the Federal Farm Loan Board each member shall certify under oath to the Fresident that he is eligible under this section.

under this section.

The President shall have the power, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, to fill any vacancy occurring in the membership of the Federal Farm Loan Hoard; if such vacancy shall be filled during the recess of the Senate a commission shall be granted which shall expire at the end of the next session.

Session.

The Federal Farm Loan Board shall appoint The Federal Farm Loan Board shall appoint a farm loan registrar in each land bank district to receive applications for issues of farm loan bonds and to perform such other services as are prescribed by this Act. It shall also appoint one or more land bank appraisers for each land bank district and as many land bank examiners as it shall deem necessary. Farm loan registrars, land bank appraisers, and land bank examiners appointed under this section shall be public officials and shall, during their continuance in office, have no connection with or interest in any other institution, association, or partnership engaged in banking or in the business of making land mortgage loans or selling land mortgages: Provided, That this limitation shall not apply to persons employed by the board temporarily to do special work. do special work.

The Federal Farm Loan Board shall annually

make a full report of its operations to the Speaker of the House of Representatives, who shall cause the same to be printed for the information of the Con-

gress.

The Federal Farm Loan Board shall from time to time require examinations and reports of condition of all land banks established under the pro-

visions of this Act and shall publish consolidated statements of the results thereof. It shall cause to be made appraisals of farm lands as provided by this Act, and shall prepare and publish amortization tables which shall be used by national farm loan associations and land banks organized under this Act.

The Federal Farm Loan Board shall prescribe a

form for the statement of condition of national farm loan associations and land banks under its super-vision, which shall be filled out quarterly by each such association or bank and transmitted to said board.

#### FEDERAL LAND BANKS.

FEDERAL LAND BANES.

SEC. 4. That as soon as practicable the Federal Farm Loan Board shall divide the continental United States, excluding Alaska, into twelve districts, which shall be known as Federal land bank districts, shall be apportioned with due regard to the farm loan needs of the country, but no such district shall ocutain a fractional part of any State. The boundaries thereof may be readjusted from time to time in the discretion of said board.

The Federal Farm Loan Board shall establish in each Federal land bank district a Federal land bank, with its principal office located in such city within the district as said board shall designate. Each Federal land bank shall include in its title the name of the city in which it is located. Subject to the approval of the Federal Farm Loan Board, any Federal land bank may establish branches within the land bank district.

proval of the Federal Farm Loan Board, any Federal land bank may establish branches within the land bank district.

Each Federal land bank shall be temporarily managed by five directors appointed by the Federal Farm Loan Board. Said directors shall be citizens of the United States and residents of the district. They shall each give a surety bond, the premium on which shall be paid from the funds of the bank. They shall each give such compensation as the Federal Farm Loan Board shall fix. They shall choose from their number, by majority vote, a president, a vice president, a secretary and a treasurer. They are further authorized and empowered to employ such attorneys, experts, assistants, cierks, laborers, and to fit their compensation, subject to the approvat of their compensation, subject to the approvation of their compensation, subject to the approvation. Said temporary directors shall, under their hands, forthwith make an organization certificate, which shall specifically state:

First. The name assumed by such bank.

Second. The district within which its operations are to be carried on, and the particular city in which its principal office is to be located.

Third. The amount of capital stock and the number of shares into which the same is to be divided: Provided That every Federal land bank organized under this Act shall by its articles of association permit an increase of its capital stock from time to time for the purpose of providing for the issue of shares to national farm loan associations and stockholders who may secure loans through agents of Federal land banks in accordance with the provisions of this Act.

Fourth. The fact that the certificate is made to enable such persons to avail themselves of the advantages of this Act.

Fourth. The fact that the certificate is made to enable such persons to avail themselves of the advantages of this Act.

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Fourth. The fact that the certific

inspection The Federal Farm Loan Board is authorized to direct such changes in or additions to any such organization certificate, not inconsistent with this Act, as it may deem necessary or expedient. Upon duly making and filing such organization certificate the bank shall become, as from the date of the execution of its organization certificate, a body corporate, and as such, and in the name designation. nated in the organization certificate, it shall have

ist.—To adopt and use a corporate seal. 2d.—To have succession until it is dissolved by Act of Congress or under the provisions of this Act. 3d.—To make contracts. 4th.—To sue and be sued, complain, interplead, and defend, in any court of law or equity, as fully as natural persons. 5th.—To elect or appoint directors, and by its board of directors to elect a president and a vice president, appoint a secretary and a treasurer and other officers and employes, define their duties, require bonds of them, and fix the penalty thereof; by action of its board of directors dismiss such officers and employes, or any of them, at pleasure and appoint others to fill their places. 6th.—To prescribe, by its board of directors, subject to the supervision and regulation of the Federal Farm Loan Board, by-laws not inconsistent with law, regulating the manner in which its stock Pederal Farm Loan Board, by-laws not inconsistent with law, regulating the manner in which its stock shall be transferred, its directors elected, its officers elected, or appointed, its property transferred, its general business conducted, and the privileges granted to it by law excreised and enjoyed. 7th.—To exercise, by its board of directors or duly authorized officers or agents, subject to law, all such incidental powers as shall be necessary to carry on the business herein described.

business herein described.

After the synthons to stock in any Federal After the synthons to stock in any Federal After the synthons to stock in any Federal and Federal Federal Synthonic Federal Federal Synthonic Federal Federal Synthonic Federal Federal Synthonic Federal Federal Synthonic Federal Fed Federal Farm Loan Board and represent the public

interest.

At least two months before each election the Farm Loan Commissioner shall notify each national farm loan association in writing that such election is to be held, giving the number of directors to be elected for its district, and requesting each association to nominate one candidate for each director to be elected. Within ten days of the receipt of such notice each association shall forward its nominations to said Farm Loan Commissioner. Said Commissioner shall prepare a list of candidates for local directors consisting of the twenty persons securing the highest number of votes from national farm loan associations making such nominations. At least one month before said election said, Farm

farm loan associations making such nominations.

At least one month before said election said Farm Loan acommissioner said mail to each national farm loan association the list of candidates. The directors of each national farm loan association shall cast the vote of said association for as many candidates on said list as there are vacancies to be filled, and shall forward said vote to the Farm Loan Commissioner within ten days after said list of candidates is received by them. The candidates received by them. The candidates received highest number of votes shall be electred as local directors. In case of a tie the Farm Loan Commissioner shall determine the choice.

The Federal Farm Loan Commissioner shall determine the choice.

The Federal Farm of the board of directors and to act as chairman of the board of directors it shall designate one of said directors a serve for a term of two years and one to deep a serve for a term of two years and one to deep care. After the first appointments each district director shall be appointed for a term of the year. After the first appointments each district directors in the poard of directors of the poard of directors and the first regular meeting of the board of directors hall be appointed for a term of the year.

rector shall be appointed for a term of three years. At the first regular meeting of the board of directors of each Federal land bank it shall be the duty of the local directors to designate two of the local directors whose term of office shall expire in one year from the date of such meeting, two whose term of office shall expire in two years from said date, and two whose term of office shall expire in three years from said date. Thereafter every local director of a Federal land bank chosen as hereinbefore provided shall hold office for a term of three years. Vacancies that may occur in the board of directors

shall be filled for the unexpired term in the manner provided for the original selection of such directors.

snail be filed for the unexpired term in the finality provided for the original selection of such directors. Directors of Federal land banks shall have been for at least two years residents of the district for which they are appointed or election of the district for which they are appointed or election of the district to which they are appointed at the time of his appointment in farming operations within the district. No director of a Federal land bank shall, during his continuance in office, act as an officer, director-or employe of any other institution, association, or employe of any other institution, association, or partnership engaged in banking or in the business of making or selling land mortgage loans.

Directors of Federal land banks shall receive, in addition to any compensation otherwise provided, a reasonable allowance for necessary expenses in attending meetings of their respective boards, to be paid by the respective Federal land banks. Any compensation that may be provided by boards of directors of Federal land banks for directors, officers, or employes shall be subject to the approval of the Federal Farm Loan Board.

Capital Stock of Federal Land Banks.

CAPITAL STOCK OF FEDERAL LAND BANKS,

CAPITAL STOCK OF FEDERAL LAND BANKS.

SEC. 5. That every Federal land bank shall have, before beginning business, a subscribed capital of not less than \$750,000\$. The Federal Farm Loan Board is authorized to prescribe the times and conditions of the payment of subscriptions to capital stock, to reject any subscription in its discretion, and to require subscribers to furnish adequate security for the payment thereof.

The capital stock of each Federal land bank shall be divided into shares of \$5 each, and may be subscribed for and held by any individual, firm, or corporation, or by the Government of any State or of the United States.

Stock held by national farm loan associations shall not be transferred or hypothecated, and the certificates therefor shall so state.

Stock owned by the Government of the United States in Federal land banks shall receive no dividends, but all other stock shall share in dividend distributions without preference. Each national farm loan association and the Government of the United States shall be entitled to one vote for each share of stock held by it in deciding all questions at meetings of shareholders, and no other shareholder shall be permitted to vote. Stock owned by the United States shall be voted by the Farm Loan Commissioner, as directed by the Federal Farm Loan Commissioner, as directed by the Federal Farm Loan It shall be the duty of the Federal Farm Loan It shall be the duty of the Federal Farm Loan Internal contents and the contents and the contents and the contents and the contents are contents and the 
Commissioner, as directed by the Federal Farm Loan Board.

It shall be the dutty of the Federal Farm Loan Board, as soon as practicable after the passage of this Act, to open books of subscription for the capital stock of a Federal land bank in each Federal land bank in each Federal land bank in each Federal land bank district. If within thirty days after the opening of said books any part of the minimum capitalization of 8750,000 herein prescribed for Federal land banks shall remain unsubscribed, it shall be the dutty of the Secretary of the Treasury to subscribe the balance thereof on behalf of the United States, said subscription to be subject to call in whole or in part by the board of directors of Said land bank upon thirty days' notice with the approval of the Federal Farm Loan Board; and the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized and directed to take out shares corresponding to the unsubscribed balance as called, and to pay for the same out of any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated. Thereafter no stock shall be issued except as hereinafter provided.

After the subscriptions to capital stock by national farm loan associations shall amount to \$750,000 in any Federal land bank, said bank shall apply semi-annually to the payment and retirement of the shares of stock which were issued to represent the subscriptions to the original capital twenty-five per centum of all sums thereafter subscribed to capital stock until all such original capital stock is retired at par.

At least twenty-five per centum of that part of

stock until all such original capital stock is retired at par.

At least twenty-five per centum of that part of the capital of any Federal land bank for which stock is outstanding in the name of national farm loan associations shall be held in quick assets, and may consist of each in the vauits of said land bank, or in deposits in member banks of the Federal reserve system, or in readily marketable securities which are approved under rules and regulations of the Federal Farm Loan Board: Provided, That not less than five per centum of such capital shall be invested in United States Government bonds.

#### GOVERNMENT DEPOSITARIES

SEC. 6. That all Federal land banks and joint stock land banks organized under this Act when designated for that purpose by the Secretary of the Treasury, shall be depositaries of public money, except recepts from customs under such regulations as may be prescribed by said Secretary; and they may use the purposet as financial secretary; and they may also be employed as financial agents of the Government; and they shall perform all such reasonable duties, as depositaries of public money reasonable duties, as depositaries of public money and financial agents of the Government, as may be required of them. And the Secretary of the Treasury shall require of the Federal land banks and joint stock land banks thus designated satisfactory security, by the deposit of United States bonds or otherwise, for the safekceping and prompt payment of the public money deposited with them, and for the faithful performance of their duties as financial agents of the Government. No Government funds deposited under the provisions of this section shall be invested in mortgage loans or farm loan bonds.

#### NATIONAL FARM LOAN ASSOCIATIONS

NATIONAL FARM LOAN ASSOCIATIONS

SEC. 7. That corporations, to be known as national farm loan associations, may be organized by persons desiring to borrow inoncy on farm morrgage security under the terms of this Act. Such persons shall enter into articles of association which shall specify in general terms the object for which the association is formed and the territory within which its operations are to be carried on, and which may contain any other provision, not inconsistent within its, which the association may see fit to adopt for the regulation of its business and the conduct of its afiairs. Said articles shall be signed by the persons uniting to form the association, and a copy thereof shall be forwarded to the Federal land bank for the district, to be filed and preserved in its office. Every mational farm ion association shall elect, in the manner prescribed for the election of directors of mational banking associations, a board of not

In the manner prescribed for the election of directors of national banking associations, a board of not less than five directors, who shall hold office for the same period as directors of national banking associations. It shall be the duty of said board of directors to choose in such manner as they may prefer a secretary-treasurer, who shall receive such compensation as said board of directors shall determine. The board of directors shall elect a president, a vice president, and a loan committee of three members.

The directors and all officers except the secre-The directors and all officers except the secre-tary-treasurer shall serve without compensation, unless the payment of salaries to them shall be ap-proved by the Federal Farm Loan Board. All of heers and directors except the secretary-treasurer shall, during their term of office, be bonn fide resi-dents of the territory within which the association is authorized to do business, and shall be share-holders of the association.

It shall be the duty of the secretary-treasurer of every national farm loan association to act as cus-todian of its funds and to denosit the same in such

every national farm loan association to act as custodian of its funds and to deposit the same in such bank as the board of directors may designate, to pay over to borrowers all sums received for their account from the Federal land bank upon first mortgage as in this Act prescribed, and to meet all other obligations of the association, subject to the orders of the board of directors and in accordance with the by-laws of the association. It shall be the duty of the secretary-treasurer, acting under the direction of the national farm loan association, to collect receipt for, and transmit to the Federal land duty of the secretary-treasurer, acting under the direction of the national farm loan association, to collect, receipt for, and transmit to the Federal land bank payments of interest, amortization instalments, or principal arising out of loans made through the association. He shall be the custodian of the securities, records papers, certificates of stock, and additional to the affairs of the association. He shall only the federal Farm Loan Board for the proper performance of the duties imposed upon him under this Act, which shall cover prompt collection and transmission of funds. He shall make a quarterly report to the Federal Farm Loan Board upon forms to be provided for that purpose. Upon request from said board said secretary-treasurer shall furnish information regarding the condition of the national farm loan association for which he is acting, and he shall carry out all duly authorized orders of said board. He shall assure himself from time to time that the loans made through the na-

tional farm loan association of which he is an officer tional farm loan association of which he is an officer are applied to the purposes set forth in the application of the borrower as approved, and shall forthwith report to the land bank of the district any failure of any borrower to comply with the terms of his application or mortgage. He shall also ascertain and report to said bank the amount of any delinquent taxes on land mortgage to said bank and the name of the delinquent.

The reasonable expresses of the secretary-treas-

the name of the delinquent.

The reasonable expenses of the secretary-treasurer the loan committee, and other officers and agents of national farm loan associations, and the salary of the secretary-treasurer, shall be paid from the general funds of the association, and the board of directors is authorized to set aside such suns as it shall deem requisite for that purpose and for other expenses of said association. When no such funds are available, the board of directors may levy an assessment on members in proportion to the amount of stock held by each, which may be repaid as soon as funds are available, or it may secure an advance from the Federal land bank of the district, to be repaid with interest at the rate of six per centum per annum, from dividends belonging to said association. Said Federal land bank is hereby authorized to make such advance and to deduct such repayment. such repayment.

Ten or more natural persons who are the owners, or about to become the owners, of farm land qualified as security for a nortgage loan under section twelve of this Act, may unite to form a national farm loan association. They shall organize subject to the requirements and the conditions specified in this cast loans and in section to you of this Act so far as

to the requirements and the conditions specified in this section and in section four of this Act, so far as the same may be applicable: Provided, That the board of directors may consist of five members only, and instead of a secretary and a treasurer there shall be a secretary-treasurer, who need not be a shareholder of the association.

When the articles of association are forwarded to the Federal land bank of the district as provided in this section, they shall be accompanied by the written report of the loan committee as required in section ten of this Act, and by an affidavi stating that each of the subscribers is the owner, or is about to become the owner, of farm land qualified under that each of the subscribers is the owner, or is about to become the owner, of farm land qualified under section twelve of this Act as the basis of a mortgage loan; that the loan desired by each person is not more than \$10,000, nor less than \$100, and that the aggregate of the desired loans is not less than \$20,000; that said affidavit is accompanied by a subscription to stock in the Federal land bank equal to five per centum of the aggregate sum desired on mortgage loans; and that a temporary organization of said association has been formed by the election of a board of directors, a loan committee, and a secretary-treasurer who subscribes to said affidavit, giving his residence and post-office address. ing his residence and post-office address.

ing his residence and post-office address. Upon receipt of such articles of association, with the accompanying affidavit and stock subscription, the directors of said Federal land bank shall send an appraiser to investigate the solvency and character of the applicants and the value of their lands, and shall then determine whether in their judgment a sharter should be granted to such association. They shall theil decernme whether in their judgment a charter should regranted to such association. They shall forward such articles of association and the accompanying affidavit to the Federal Farm Loan Board with their recommendation. If said recom-mendation is unfavorable, the charter shall be re-

If said recommendation is favorable, the Federal If said recommendation is favorable, the reversile Farm Loan Board shall thereupon grant a charter to the applicants therefor, designating the territory in which such association may make loans, and shall forward said charter to said applicants through said Federal land bank. Provided. That said Federal Farm Loan Board may for good cause shown in any

Farm Loan Board may for good cause shown in any case refuse to grant a charter.

Upon receipt of its charter such national farm loan association shall be authorized and empowered to receive from the Federal land bank of the district sums to be loaned to its members under the terms and conditions of this Act.

Whenever any national farm loan association shall desire to secure for any member a loan on first mortgage from the Federal land bank of its district; it shall subscribe for capital stock of said land bank to the amount of five per centum of such loan, such subscription to be paid in cash upon the granting of the loan by said land bank. Such capital stock shall be held by said land bank as collateral security

for the payment of said loan, but said association shall be paid any dividenda accruing and payable on said capital stock while it is outstanding. Such stock may, in the discretion of the directors, and with the approval of the Federal Farm Loan Board, be paid off at par and retired, and it shall be so paid off and retired upon full payment of the mortgage loan. In such case the national farm loan association shall pay off at par and retire the corresponding shares of its stock which were issued when said land bank stock was issued. The capital stock of a Federal land bank shall not be reduced to an amount less than five per centum of the principal of the outstanding farm loan bonds issued by it.

# CAPITAL STOCK OF NATIONAL FARM LOAN ASSOCIATIONS.

SEC. 8. That the shares in national farm loan associations shall be of the par value of \$5 each.

SEC. S. That the shares in national farm loan associations shall be of the par value of \$5 each. Every shareholder shall be entitled to one vote on each share of stock held by him at all elections of directors and in deciding all questions at meetings of shareholders in the maximum number of votes which may be cast by any one shareholder shall be twenty.

No persons but borrowers on farm land mortgages shall be members or shareholders of national farm loan associations. Any person desiring to borrow on farm land mortgage through a national farm loan association shall make application for membership and shall subscribe for shares of stock in such farm loan association to an amount equal to five percentum of the face of the desired loan, said subscription to be paid in cash upon the granting of the loan. If the application for membership is accepted and the loan is granted, the applicant shall, upon full payment therefor, become the owner of one share of capital stock in said loan association for each \$100 of the face of his loan, or any major fractional part thereof. Said capital stock shall be paid off at par and retired upon full payment of said loan. Said capital stock shall be paid as collateral security for the payment of said loan, but said borrower shall be paid any dividends accriling and payable on said capital stock while It is outstanding.

Every national farm loan association formed unoutstanding.

Every national farm loan association formed under this Act shall by its articles of association provide for an increase of its capital stock from time to time for the purpose of securing additional loans for its members and providing for the issue of shares to borrowers in accordance with the provisions of this Act. Such increases shall be included in the quarterly reports to the Federal Farm Loan Board.

#### NATIONAL FARM LOAN ASSOCIATIONS-SPECIAL PROVISIONS.

Sec. 9. That any person whose application for membership is accepted by a national farm loan association shall be entitled to borrow money on farm land mortgage upon filing his application in accordance with section eight and otherwise com-plying with the terms of this Act whenever the Federal land bank of the district has funds avail-able for that purpose, unless said land bank or the able for that purpose, unless said land bank or the Federal Farm Loan Board shall, in its discretion, otherwise determine.

otherwise determine.

Any person desiring to secure a loan through a national farm loan association under the provisions of this Act may, at his option, borrow from the Federal land bank through such association the sum necessary to pay for shares of stock subscribed for by him in the national farm loan association, such sum to be made a part of the face of the loan and paid off in amortization payments: Provided, however that in amortization payments: Provided, however that here addition on those the line of the loan personal property in the provided of the loan subscribed by the control of the loan subscribed in subsection fifth of section twelve.

Subject to pulse and regulations prescribed by the

Subject to rules and regulations prescribed by the Federal Farm Loan Board, any national farm loan association shall be entitled to retain as a commission from each interest payment on any loan indorsed by it an amount to be determined by said board not to exceed one-eighth of one per centum semi-annually upon the unpand principal of said loan, any amounts so retained as commissions to be deducted from dividends payable to such farm loan association by the Federal land bank, and to make application to the land bank of the district for loans not exceeding in the aggregate one-fourth of its total stock holdings in said land bank. The Federal land bank shall have power to make such loans to associations applying therefor and to charge in-Subject to rules and regulations prescribed by the

terest at a rate not exceeding six per centum per annum.

Shareholders of every national farm loan association shall be held individually responsible, equally and ratably, and not one for another, for all contacts, debts, and engagements of such association to the extent of the amount of stock owned by them at the par value thereof, in addition to the amount paid in and represented by their shares.

After a charter has been granted to a national farm loan association, any natural person who is the owner, or about to become the owner, of farm land qualified under section twelve of this Act as the basis of a mortgage loan, and who desires to borrow on a mortgage of such farm land, may become a member of the association by a two-thrids borrow on a mortgage of such farm land, may become a member of the association by a two-thirds vote of the applial stock of such association for each \$100 of the face of his proposed loan or any major fractional part thereof. He shall at the same time tile with the secretary-treasurer his application for a mortgage loan, giving the particulars required by section twelve of this Act.

SEC. 10. That whenever an application for a mortgage loan is made to a national farm loan association, it shall be first referred to the loan committee provided for in section seven of this Act. Said loan committee shall examine the land which is offered as security for the desired ioan and shall make a detailed written report signed by all three members, giving the appraisal of said land as determined by rules and regulations to be prescribed by the Federal Farm Loan Board. No loan shall be approved by the directors unless said loan committee agrees upon a favorable report.

The written report of said loan committee shall be submitted to the Federal land bank, together with the application for the loan, and the directors of said land bank shall examine said written report when they pass upon the loan application which it accompanies, but they shall not be bound by said appraisal.

appraisal.

Before any mortgage loan is made by any Federal Before any mortgage loan is made by any Federal land bank, it shall refer the application and written report of the loan committee to one or more of the land bank appraisers appointed under the authority of section three of this Act, and such appraiser or appraisers shall investigate and make a written report upon the land offered as security for said loan. No such loan shall be made by said land bank unless said written report is favorable.

Forms for appraisal reports for farm loan asso-

Forms for appraisal reports for farm loan asso-clations and land banks shall be prescribed by the Federal Farm Loan Board. Land bank appraisers shall make such exami-

Land bank appraisers shall make such examinations and appraisals and conduct such investigations, concerning farm loan bonds and first mortages, as the Federal Farm Loan Foard shall direct. No borrower under this Act shall be cligible as an appraiser under this section, but borrowers may act as members of a loan committee in any case where they are not personally interested in the loan under consideration. When any member of a loan committee or of a board of directors is interested, directly or indirectly, in a loan, a majority of the board of directors of any national farm loan association shall appoint a substitute to act in his place in passing upon such loan.

## OWERS OF NATIONAL FARM LOAN ASSOCIATIONS.

POWERS OF NATIONAL FARM LOAN ASSOCIATIONS.
SEC. 11. That every national farm loan association shall have power:
First, To indorse, and thereby become liable for the payment of, mortgages taken from its shareholders by the presence of the payment of, mortgages taken from its shareholders of the control of

of the district in the amount of \$25 or any multiple thereof. Such deposits, when received, shall be forthwith transmitted to sald land bank, and be invested by it in the purchase of farm loan bonds issued by a Federal land bank or in first mortgages as defined by this Act.

RESTRICTIONS ON LOANS BASED ON FIRST MORTGAGES.

SEC. 12. That no Federal land bank organized under this Act shall make loans except upon the folfowing terms and conditions:

First. Said loans shall be secured by duly re-corded first mortgages on farm land within the land bank district in which the bank is situated.

corded first mortgages on farm land within the land bank district in which the bank is situated.

Second. Every such mortgage shall contain an agreement providing for the repayment of the loan on an amortization plan by means of a fixed number of annual or semi-annual instalments sufficient to cover, first, a charge on the loan, at a rate not exceeding the interest rate in the last series of farm loan bonds issued by the land bank making the loan; second, a charge for administration and profits at a rate not exceeding one per centum per annum on the unpaid principal, said two rates combined constituting the interest rate on the mortgage; and, third, such amounts to be applied on the principal as will extinguish the debt within an agreed period, not less than five years nor more than forty years? Provided, That after five years from the date upon which a loan is made additional payments in sums of \$25 or any multiple thereof for the reduction of the principal, or the payment of the entire principal, may be made on any regular instalment date under the rules and regulations of the Federal Farm Loan Board. And provided farther, That before the first every farm of the principal content of said land bank subject to the provision and limitations of this Act.

Third. No loan on mortgage shall be made under this 4 of a fact of of the farmer avased that we have the farm the farm the farm that the farm is a farmer and and limitations of this Act.

Third. No loan on mortgage shall be made un-der this Act at a rate of interest exceeding six per centum per annum, exclusive of amortization payments.

returnents Such loans may be made for the following purposes and for no other: (a) To provide for the purchase of land for agricultural uses. (b) To provide for the purchase of land for agricultural uses. (b) To provide for the purchase of equipment, fertilizers and live stock necessary for the proper and reasonable operation of the mortgaged farm; the term "equipment" to be defined by the Federal Farm Loan Board. (c) To provide buildings and for the improvement of farm lands; the term "improvement" to be defined by the Federal Farm Loan Board. (d) To liquidate indebtedness of the owner of the land mortgaged, existing at the time of the organization of the first national farm loan association established in or for the county in which the land mortgaged is situated, or indebtedness subsequently incurred for purposes mentioned in this section.

Fifth. No such loan shall exceed fifty per centum of the value of the land mortgaged and twenty per centum of the value of the permanent, Insured improvements thereon, said value to be ascertained by appraisal, as provided in section ten of this Act, In making said appraisal the value of the land for agricultural purposes shall be the basis of appraisal and the earning power of said land shall be a principal factor.

cipal factor.

cipal factor.

A reappraisal may be permitted at any time in the discretion of the Federal land bank, and such additional loan may be granted as such reappraisal will warrant under the provisions of this paragraph. Whenever the amount of the loan applied for exceeds the amount that may be loaned under the appraisal as herein limited, such loan may be granted to the amount permitted under the terms of this paragraph without requiring a new application or

paragraph without requiring a new application or appraisal.

Sixth. No such loan shall be made to any person who is not at the time, or shortly to become, engaged in the cultivation of the farm mortgaged. In case of the sale of the mortgaged land, the Federal land bank may permit said mortgage and the stock interests of the vendor to be assumed by the purchaser. In case of the death of the mortgagor, his heir or heirs, or his legal representative or representatives, shall have the option, within sixty days of such death, to assume the mortgage and stock interests of the deceased.

Seventh. The amount of loans to any one bor-

Seventh. The amount of loans to any one bor-

rower shall in no case exceed a maximum of \$10,000,

rower shall in no case exceed a maximum of \$10,000, nor shall any loan be for a less sum than \$100.

Eighth. Every applicant for a loan under the terms of this Act shall make application on a form to be prescribed for that purpose by the Federal Farm Loan Board, and such applicant shall state the objects to which the proceeds of said loan are to be applied, and shall afford such other informations.

to be applied, and shall afford such other information as may be required.

Ninth. Every borrower shall pay simple interest
on defaulted payments at the rate of eight per centum
per annum, and by express covenant in his mortgage deed shall undertake to pay when due all taxes,
licus, judgments, or assessments which may be lawfully assessed against the land mortgaged. Taxes,
licus, judgments, or assessments not paid when due,
and paid by the mortgagee, shall become a part of
the mortgage debt and shall bear simple interest at
the rate of eight nor centium per annum. Every the mortgage debt and shall bear simple interest at the rate of eight per centum per annum. Every borrower shall undertake to keep insured to the satisfaction of the Federal Farm Loan Board all bulldings the value of which was a factor in determining the amount of the loan. Insurance shall be made payable to the mortgagee as its interest may appear at time of loss, and, at the option of the mortgagor and subject to general regulations of the Federal Farm Loan Board, sums so received may be used to pay for reconstruction of the buildings destroyed.

of the Federal Farm Loan Board, sums so received may be used to pay for reconstruction of the buildings destroyed.

Tenth. Every borrower who shall be granted a loan under the provisions of this Act shall enter into an agreement, in form and under conditions to be prescribed by the Federal Farm Loan Board, that if the whole or any portion of his loan shall be expended for purposes other than those specified in his original application, or if the borrower shall be in default in respect to any condition or covenant of the mortgage, the whole of said loan shall, at the option of the mortgage, become due and payable forthwith: Provided, That the borrower may use part of said loan to pay for his stock in the farm loan association, and the land bank holding such mortgage may permit said loan to be used for any purpose specified in subsection fourth of this section.

Eleventh. That no loan or the mortgage securing the same shall be impaired or invalidated by reason of the exercise of any power by any Federal land bank or national farm loan association in excess of the powers berein granted or any limitations thereon. Finds transmitted to farm loan associations by Federal land banks or national farm loan association in excess of the powers berein granted or any limitations thereon. Finds transmitted to farm loan associations by Federal land banks to be loaned to its members shall be in current funds, or farm loan bonds, at the option of the borrower.

option of the borrower.

#### POWERS OF FEDERAL LAND BANKS.

SEC, 13. That every Federal land bank shall have power, subject to the limitations and requirements of this Act—
First. To issue, subject to the approval of the Federal Farm Loan Board, and to sell farm loan bonds of the kinds authorized in this Act, to buy the same for its own account, and to retire the same

the same for its own account, and to retire the same at or before maturity.

Second. To invest such funds as may be in its possession in the purchase of qualified first mortgages on farm lands situated within the Federal land bank district within which it is organized or for which it is acting.

Third. To receive and to deposit in trust with the farm loan registrar for the district, to be by him held as collateral security for farm loan bonds, first mortgages upon farm land qualified under section twelve of this Act, and to empower national farm loan associations, or duly authorized agents, to collect and immediately pay over to said land banks the dues, interest, amortization instalments and other sums payable under the terms, conditions, and covenants of the mortgages and of the bonds secured thereby.

and covenants of the mortgages and of the bonds secured thereby.

Fourth. To acquire and dispose of—(a) Such property, real or personal, as may be necessary or convenient for the transaction of its business, which, however, may be in part leased to others for revenue purposes of db. Parcets of land acquired in satisfactors, or the part lease of the control of the part lease of the part l state purchased or acquired to secure any debt due to it, for a longer period than five years, except with the special approval of the Federal Farm Loan Board in writing.

Fifth. To deposit its securities, and its current

funds subject to check, with any member bank of the Federal Reserve System, and to receive interest on the same as may be agreed.

Sixth. To accept deposits of securities er of cur-rent funds from national farm loan associations holding its shares, but to pay no interest on such

seventh. To borrow money, to give security therefore, and to pay interest thereon. Eighth. To buy and sell United States bonds. Ninth. To charge applicants for loans and borrowers, under rules and regulations promulgated by the Federal Farm Loan Board, reasonable from the receding the activation of the property of the certain and the control of the property of the certain and the control of the property of the certain and the control of the property of the certain and the c gated by the Federal Farm Loan Board, reasonable fees not exceeding the actual cost of appraisal and determination of title. Legal fees and recording charges imposed by law lu the State where the land to be mortgaged is located may also be included in the preliminary costs of negotiating mortgage loaus. The borrower may pay such fees and charges or he may arrange with the Federal land bank making the loan to advance the same, in which case said expenses shall be made a part of the face of the loan and paid off in amortization payments. Such addition to the loan shall not be permitted to increase said loan above the limitations provided in section twelve. In section twelve.

#### RESTRICTIONS ON FEDERAL LAND DANKS. SEC. 14. That no Federal land bank shall have

power-

First to accept deposits of current funds payable upon demand except from its own stockholders, or to transact any banking or other business not expressly authorized by the provisions of this Act. Second. To loan on first mortgage except through

or to transact any danking or other dusiness hot expressly authorized by the provisions of this Act, Second. To loan on first mortgage except through national farm loan associations as provided in section seven and section eight of this Act, or through agents as provided in section fitteen.

Third. To accept any mortgages on real estate except first mortgages created subject to all limitations imposed by section twelve of this Act, and those taken as additional security for existing loans. Fouth. To issue or obligate itself for outstanding farm loan bonds in excess of twenty times the amount of its capital and surplus, or to receive from any national farm loan association additional mortgages when the principal remaining unpaid upon mortgages when the principal remaining unpaid upon mortgages already received from such association. Fifth. To demand or receive, under any form or pretence, any commission or charge not specifically authorized in this Act.

#### AGENTS OF FEDERAL LAND BANKS.

AGENTS OF FEDERAL LAND BANKS.

SEC. 15. That, whenever, after this Act shall have been in effect one year, it shall appear to the Federal Farm Loao Board that national farm loan associations have not been formed, and are not likely to be formed, in any locality, because of peculiar local conditions, said board may, in its discretion, authorize Federal land banks to make loans on farm lands through agents approved by said board.

Such loans shall be subject to the same conditions and restrictions as if the same were made through national farm loan associations, and each borrower shall contribute five per centum of the amount of his loan to the capital of the Federal land bank, and shall become the owner of as much capital stock of the land bank as such contribution shall warrant.

warrant.

warrant.

No acent other than a duly incorporated bank, No acent other than a duly incorporated bank, trust company, mortgage company, or savings institution, chartered by the State in which it has its principal office, shall be employed under the provisions of this section.

Federal land banks may pay to such agents the actual expense of appraising the land offered as security for a loan, examining and certifying the title thereof, and making, executing, and recording the mortgage papers; and in addition may allow said agents not to exceed one-half of one per centum per annum upon the unpaid principal of said loan, such commission to be deducted from dividends payable to the borrower on his stock in the Federal land bank.

Actual expenses paid to agents under the pro-

and bank.

Actual expenses paid to agents under the provisions of this section shall be added to the face of
the loan and paid off in amortization payments
subject to the limitations provided in subsection
ninth of section thirteen of this Act.

Said agents, when required by the Federal land

banks, shall collect and forward to such banks without charge all Interest and amortization payments to the payment of the payment of the payment of the payment of the payment have the same and become liable for the payment thereof, and for any default by the mortgagor, on the same terms and under the same penaltics as if the loan lund been originally made by said agent as principal and soid by said agent to said land bank, but the aggregate of the unpaid principal of mortgage loans received from any such agent shall not exceed ten times its capital and surplus.

If at any time the district represented by any agent under the provisions of this section shall, it a the judgment of the Federal Farm Loan Board, be adequately served by national farm loan associations, no further loans shall be negotiated therein by agents under this section.

#### JOINT STOCK LAND BANKS.

SPC. 16. That corporations, to be known as joint stock land banks, for carrying on the business of lending on farm mortgage security and issuing farm loan bonds, may be formed by any number of natural persons not less than ten. They shall be organized subject to the requirements and under the conditions set forth in section four of this Act, so far as the same may be applicable: Provided, That the board of directors of every joint stock land bank shall consist of not less than five members.

Ders.
Shareholders of every joint stock land bank organized under this Act shall be held individually responsible, equally and ratably, and not one for another, for all contracts, debts, and engagements of such bank to the extent of the amount of stock owned by them at the par value thereof, in addition to the amount paid in and represented by their

shares.

shares. Except as otherwise provided, joint stock land banks shall have the powers of, and be subject to all the restrictions and conditions imposed on, Federal land banks by this Act, so far as such restrictions and conditions are applicable: Provided, houseer. That the Government of the United States shall not purchase or subscribe for any of the capital stock of any such bank; and each shareholder of any such bank shall have the same voting privileges as holders of shares in national banking associations. No joint stock land bank shall have power to issue or obligate itself for outstanding farm loan bonds in excess of fifteen times the amount of its capital and surplus, or to receive deposits or to transact any banking or other business not expressly authorized by the provisions of this Adt.

No joint stock land bank shall be authorized to obusiness until capital stock to the amount of at least \$250,000 has been subscribed, one-half thereof pald in cash and the balance subject to call by the

paid in cash and the balance subject to call by the

do Dusiness until capital stock to the amount of all least \$250,000 has been subscribed, one-half thereof paid in cash and the balance subject to call by the board of directors, and a charter has been issued to it by the Federal Farm Loan Board. No joint stock land bank shall sale and the subject to capital stock is all sales and the subject of the land of the subject to the provisions of subsection of the subject to the provisions of subsection (b) of section seventeen of this Act as to interest rates on mortgage loans or farm loan bonds set of the provisions of subsection (b) of section seventeen of this Act as to interest rates on mortgage loans or farm loan bonds, nor to the provisions of subsections first, fourth, sixth, seventh, and tenth of section twelve as to restrictions on mortgage loans. Provided, however, That no loans shall be made which are not secured by first mortgages on farm lands within the State in which such joint stock land bank has its principal office, or within some one State contiguous to such State. Such joint stock land bank shall be nable to all other restrictions on mortgage loans in section twelve of this Act.

Joint stock land banks shall in no case charge a rate of interest on farm loan bonds issued by them. Joint stock land banks shall in no case demand or receive, under any form or pretence, any commission or charge not specifically authorized in this Act.

Each joint stock land bank organized under this

Each joint stock land bank organized under this

Act shall have authority to issue bonds based upon mortgages taken by it in accordance with the terms of this Act. Such bonds shall be in form prescribed mortgages taged of this Act. Such bonds shall be in form prescribed by the Federal Farm Loan Board, and it shall be stated in such bonds that such bank is organized under section sixteen of this Act, is under Federal supervision, and operates under the provisions of this Act.

# POWERS OF FEDERAL FARM LOAN BOARD.

Sec. 17. That the Federal Farm Loan Board shall have power—

(a) To organize and charter Federal land banks, and to charter national farm loan associations and joint stock land banks subject to the provisions of

joint stock land banks subject to the provisions of this Act, and in its discretion to anthorize them to increase their capital stock.

(b) To review and alter at its discretion the rate of interest to be charged by Federal land banks for loans made by them under the provisions of this Act, said rates to be uniform so far as practicable.

(c) To grant or refuse to Federal land banks, or joint stock land banks, anthority to make any specific issue of farm loan bonds.

(d) To make rules and regulations respecting the charges made to borrowers on loans under this Act for expenses in appraisal, determination of title, and recording.

(e) To require reports and statements of con-

this Act for expenses in application of title, and recording,

(e) To require reports and statements of condition and to make examinations of all banks or associations doing business under the provisions

dition and to make examinations of all banks or associations doing business under the provisions of this Act.

(f) To prescribe the form and terms of farm loan bonds, and the form, terms, and penal sums of all surety bonds required under this Act and of such other surety bonds as they shall deem necessary, such surety bonds to cover financial loss as well as faithful performance of duty.

(g) To require Federal land banks to pay forthwith to any Federal land bank their equitable proportion of any sums advanced by said land bank to pay the coupons of any other land bank, baslog said required payments on the amount of farm loan bonds issued by each land bank and actually outstanding at the time of snot requirement.

(h) To suspend or to remove for cause any district director or any registrar, appraiser, examiner on other official appointed by said board under such suspension or removal to be companied for the field appointed or the couple of

(i) To exercise general supervisory authority over the Federal land banks, the national farm loan associations, and the joint stock land banks

form associations, and the joint seek land values herein provided for.

(i) To exercise such incidental powers as shall be necessary or requisite to fulfill its duties and carry out the purposes of this Act.

#### APPLICATIONS FOR FARM LOAN BONDS,

APPLICATIONS FOR FARM LOAN BONDS.

SEC. 18. That any Federal land bank, or joint stock land bank, which shall have voted to issue farm loan bonds under this Act, shall make written application to the Federal Farm Loan Board, through the farm loan registrar of the district, for approval of such issue. With sald application said land bank shall tender to said farm loan registrar as collateral security first mortgages on farm lands qualified under the provisions of section twelve, section fitteen, or section sixteen of this Act, or United States Government bonds, not less in aggregate amount than the sum of the bonds proposed to be issued. Said bank shall furnish with such mortgages a schedule containing a description thereof and such further information as may be prescribed by the Federal Farm Loan Board.

Upon receipt of such application said farm loan registrar shall verify said schedule and shall transmit said application and said schedule to the Federal Farm Loan Board, giving such further information formation for f

mit said application and said schedule to the Federal Farm Loan Board, giving such further information pertaining thereto as he may possess. The Federal Farm Loan Board shall forthwith cause to be made such investigation and appraisement of the securi-ties tendered as it shall deem wise, and it shall grant in whole or in part, or reject entirely, such appli-

cation.

The Federal Farm Loan Board shall promptly transmit its decision as to any issue of farm loan bonds to the land bank applying for the same and

to the farm loan registrar of the district. Said registrar shall furnish in writing, such information regarding any issue of farm loan bonds as the Federal Farm Loan Board may at any time require. No issue of farm loan bonds shall be authorized unless the Federal Farm Loan Board shall approve such issue in writing.

#### ISSUE OF FARM LOAN BONDS.

SEC. 19. That whenever any farm loan registrar shall receive from the Federal Farm Loan Board trar shall receive from the Federal Farm Loan Board notice that it has approved any issue of farm loan bonds under the provisions of section eighteen he shall forthwith take such steps as may be necessary, in accordance with the provisions of this Act, to insure the prompt execution of said bonds and the delivery of the same to the land bank applying therefor

Whenever the Federal Farm Loan Board shail

therefor.

Whenever the Federal Farm Loan Board shall reject entirely any application for an issue of farm loan bonds, the first nortgages and bonds tendered to the farm loan registrar as collateral security therefor shall be forthwith returned to said land bank by lilm.

Whenever the Federal Farm Loan Board shall approve an issue of farm loan bonds, the farm loan registrar having the custody of the first mortgages and bonds tendered as collateral security for such issue of bonds shall retain in his custody those this mortgages and bonds tendered as collateral security for such issue of bonds shall retain in his custody those this mortgages and bonds which are to be held as collateral security, and shall return to the bank owning the same any of said rortgages and bonds which are not to be held by him as collateral security. The land bank which is to issue said farm loan bonds shall transfer to said registrar, by assignment, in trust, all first mortgages and bonds which are to be held by said registrar as collateral security, said assignment providing for the right of redemption at any time by payment as provided in this Act and reserving the right of substitution of other mortgages qualified under sections twelve, fifteen, and sixteen of this Act. Said mortgages and bonds shall be deposited in such deposit vault or bank shall be deposited in such deposit vault or bank shall be deposited in such deposit vault or bank shall be deposited in such deposit vault or bank soubject to the control of sald registrar and in his name as trustee for the bank issuing the farm loan bonds.

No mortgage will be accepted by a farm loan bonds.

hame as fusice to prospective holders of said farm loan bonds.

No mortgage will be accepted by a farm loan registrar from a land bank as part of an offering to secure an issue of farm loan bonds, either originally of by substitution, except first mortgages made symmetric than the secure of the said sections weeklye, fitteen, and stytement of the said sections weeklye, fitteen, and stytement loan loan registrar to see that the farm loan bonds delivered by him and outstanding do not exceed the amount of collateral security pledged therefor. Such registrar may, in his discretion, temporarily accept, in place of mortgages withdrawn, United States Government bonds or cash.

The Federal Farm Loan Poard may, at any time, call upon any land bank for additional security to protect the bonds issued by it.

#### FORM OF FARM LOAN BONDS.

FORM OF FARM LOAN BONDS.

SEC. 20. That bonds provided for in this Act shall be issued in denominations of \$25, \$5.0, \$100, \$500, and \$1,000; they shall run for specified minimum and maximum periods, subject to payrent and retirement, at the option of the land bank, at any time after five years from the date of their issue. They shall have interest coupors attached, payable semi-annually, and shall be issued in series of not less than \$50,000, the amount and terms to be fixed by the Federal Farm Loan Board. They shall hear a rate of interest not to exceed five per centum per annum.

The Federal Farm Loan Board shall prescribe rules and regulations concerning the cirgumstances and manner in which farm loan bonds shall be paid and retired under the provisions of this Act.

Farm loan bonds shall be delivered through the registrar of the district to the bank applying for the same.

the same.

the same. In order to furnish farm loan bonds for delivery at the Federal land banks and joint stock land banks, the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized to prepare suitable bonds in such form, subject to the provisions of this Act, as the Federal Farm Loan Board may approve, such bonds when pre-

pared to be held in the Treasury subject to delivery upon order of the Federal Farm Loan Board. The engraved plates, dies, bed-pieces, and so forth, executed in connection therewith shall remain in the custody of the Secretary of the Treasury. Any expenses incurred in the preparation, custody, and delivery of such farm loan bonds shall pald by the Secretary of the Treasury from any funds in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated. Proteided, however, That the Secretary shall be reimbursed for such expenditures by the Federal Farm land banks in proportion to the work executed. They may be exchanged into registered bonds of any amount, and re-exchanged into coupon bonds, at the option of the holder, under ruies and regulations to be prescribed by the Federal Farm Loan Board.

#### SPECIAL PROVISIONS OF FARM LOAN BONDS.

SPECIAL PROVISIONS OF FARM LOAN BONDS.

SEC. 21. That each land bank shall be bound in all respects by the acts of its officers in signing and issuing farm loan bonds, and by the acts of the Federal Farm Loan Board in authorizing their issue. Every Federal land bank issuing farm loan bonds shall be primarily liable therefor, and shall also be liable, upon presentation of farm loan bond coupons, for interest payments due upon any farm loan bonds issued by other Federal land banks and remaining unpaid in consequence of the default of such other land banks; and every such bank shall likewise be liable for such portion of the principal of farm loan bonds so issued as shall not be paid after the assets of any such other land banks shall have been liquidated and distributed: Provided, That such losses, if any, either of interest or of principal, shall be assessed by the Federal Farm Loan Board against solvent land banks liable therefor in proportion to the amount of farm loan bonds which each may have outstanding at the time of such assessment.

Every Federal land bank shall by appropriate action of its board of directors, duly recorded in its minutes, obligate itself to become liable on farm loan bonds as provided in this section.

Every farm loan bond issued by a Federal land bank shall be signed by its president and attested by its secretary, and shall contain in the face entered a certificate signed by the Fraderal land bank shall under the authority of the deteral Farm Loan Act, has the approval in the face therefore the federal Farm Loan Board and slegal and regular in all repects; that it is issued against collateral security of United States Government bonds, or inclored first mortgages on farm lands, at least equal in amount to the bonds issued; and that all Federal land banks are liable for the payment of each bond.

Application of amortization and interest

#### APPLICATION OF AMORTIZATION AND INTEREST PAYMENTS.

Sec. 22. That whenever any Federal land bank, or joint stock land bank, shall receive any interest, amortization or other payments upon any first mortgage or bond pledged as collateral security for the issue of farm loan bonds, it shall forthwith notify the farm loan pendit are security for the issue of farm loan bonds, it shall forthwith notify the farm loan registrar of the items ao received. Said registrar shall forthwith cause such payment to be duly credited upon the mortgage is paid in full, said registrar shall cause the same to be cancelled and delivered to the properiand bank, which shall promptly satisfy and cancelled and transmit such cancelled mortgage to the original maker thereof, or his helis, administrators, executors or assignst Federal land breaking, it may be permitted, in the discretion of safe registrar, it may be permitted, in the discretion of safe registrar, to withdraw any mortgages or bonds pledged as collateral security under this Act, and to substitute therefor other similar mortgages or United States Government bonds not less in amount than the mortgages or bonds desired to be withdrawn.

Whenever any farm loan bonds or coupons or interest payments of such bonds, are due under their terms, they shall be payable at the land bank by which they were issued, in gold or lawful money, and upon paymen, shall be duly cancelled by said

bank. At the discretion of the Federal Farm Loan Board, payment of any farm loan bond or coupon or interest payment may, however, be suthorized to be made at any Federal land bank, any joint stock land bank, or any other bank, under rules and regu-lations to be prescribed by the Federal Farm Loan

When any land bank shall surrender to the proper farm loan registrar any farm loan bouds of any series caucelled or uncancelled, said land bank shall be entitled to withdraw first mortgages and bonds pledged as collateral security for any of said series of farm loan bonds to an amount equal to the farm loan bonds so surrendered, and it shall be the duty of said registrar to permit and direct the delivery of such mortgages and bonds to such land bank. Interest payments on hypothecated first mortgages shall be at the disposal of the land bank pledging the same, and shall be available for the payment of coupons and the interest of farm loan bonds as they become due. When any land bank shall surrender to the proper

of coupons and the interest of farm loan bonds as they become due.

Whenever any bond matures, or the interest on any registered bond is due, or the coupon on any coupon bond matures, and the same shall be presented for payment as provided in this Act, the full face value thereof shall be pald to the bolder.

Amortization and other payments on the principal of first mortgages held by a farm loan registrar as collateral security for the issue of farm loan bonds shall constitute a trust fund in the hands of the Federal land bank receiving the same, and shall be applied or employed as follows:

In the case of a Federal land bank—

(a) To pay off farm loan bonds issued by sale

(a) To pay off farm loan bonds issued by said bank as they mature.
(b) To purchase at or below par farm loan bonds issued by said bank or by any other Federal land bank.

(c) To loan on first mortgages on farm lands within the land bank district, qualified under this Act as collateral security for an issue of farm loan

bonds.
(d) To purchase United States Government bonds

In the case of a joint stock land bank—

(a) To pay off farm loan bonds issued by sald bank as they mature.

(b) To purchase at or below par farm loan

bonds.

(c) To loan on first mortgages qualified under section sixteen of this Act.

(d) To purchase United States Government

bonds.

The farm loan bonds, first mortgages, United States Government bonds, or cash constituting the trust fund aforesaid, shall be forthwith deposited with the Iarm loan registrar as substituted collateral security in place of the sums paid on the principal of indorsed mortgages held by him in

Every Federal land bank, or joint stock land bank, shall notify the farin loan registrar of the disposition of all payments made on the principal of mortgages held as collateral security for an issue of farm loan bonds, and said registrar is authorized, at his discretion, to order any of such payments, or the proceeds thereof, wherever deposited or however invested, to be immediately transferred to his account as trustee aforesaid.

#### RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS OF LAND BANKS.

SEC. 23. That every Federal land bank, and every joint stock land bank, shall seml-annually carry to reserve account twenty-five per centum of its net earnings until said reserve account shall of its net earnings until said reserve account shall show a credit balance equal to twenty per centum of the outstanding capital stock of said land bank. Whenever said reserve shall have been impaired, said balance of twenty per centum shall be fully restored before any dividends are paid. After said reserve has reached the sum of twenty per centum of the not earnings shall be annually added thereto. For the period of two years from the date when any default occurs in the payment of the interest, amortization instalments, or principal on any first mortgage, by both mortgagor and indorser, the amount so defaulted shall be carried to a suspense account, and at the end of the two-year period specified, unless collected, shall be debited to reserve account. serve account.

After deducting the twenty-five per centum or the five per centum hereinbefore directed to be deducted for credit to reserve account, any Federal land bank or joint stock land bank may declare a dividend to shareholders of the whole or any part of the balance of its net earnings. The reserves of land banks snall be invested in accordance with rules and regulations to be prescribed by the Federal Farm Lean beard Farm Loan Board.

RESERVE AND DIVIDENDS OF NATIONAL FARM LOAN ASSOCIATIONS.

SEC. 24. That every national farm loan association shall, out of its net earnings, semi-anually carry to reserve account a san not less than ten per centum of such net carnings until said reserve account shall show a credit balance equal to twenty per centum of the outstanding capital stock of said association.

Whenever said reserve shall have been impaired,

Whenever said reserve shall have been impaired, said credit balance of twenty per centum shall be fully restored before any dividends are paid. After said reserve has reached said sum of twenty per centum, two per centum of the net earnings shall be annually added thereto.

After deducting the ten per centum or the two per centum hereinbefore directed to be credited to reserve account, said association may at its discretion, declare a dividend to shareholders of the whole or any part of the balance of said net earnings.

cretion, declare a dividend to sharcholders of the whole or any part of the balance of said net earnings. The reserves of farm loan associations shall be invested in accordance with rules and regulations to be prescribed by the Federal Farm Loan Board. Whenever any farm loan association shall be voluntarily liquidated a sum equal to its reserve account as herein required shall be paid to and become the property of the Federal land bank in which such loan association may be a shareholder.

#### DEFAULTED LOANS.

SEC. 25. That if there shall be default under the terms of any indorsed first mortgage held by a Federal land bank under the provisions of this Act, the national farm loan association or agent through which said mortgage was received by said Federal land bank shall be notified of said default. Said association or agent may thereupon be required within thirty days after such notice, to make good said default, cliter by payment of the amount unpaid thereon in cash, or by the substitution of an equal amount of farm loan bonds issued by said land bank, with all unmatured coupons attached.

# EXEMPTION FROM TAXATION.

SEC. 26. That every Federal land bank and every national farm loan association, including the capital and reserve or surplus therein and the income denational farm loan association, inclinding the capital and reserve or surplus therein and the income derived therefrom, shall be exempt from Pederal, State, municipal, and local taxation, except taxes upon real estate held, purchased, or taken by said bank or association under the provisions of section elevens as a second to the provisions of the state of the second to the second taxes of the second taxes and farm loan bouls issued under the provisions of this Act, shall be deemed and held to be instrumentalities of the Government of the United States, and as such they and the income derived therefrom shall be exempt from Federal, State, municipal, and local taxation.

Nothing herein shall prevent the shares in any joint stock land bank from being included in the valuation of the personal property of the owner or holder of such shares, in assessing taxes imposed by authority of the State within which the bank is located; but such assessment and taxation shall be in manner and subject to the conditions and limitations contained in section fifty-two hundred and nineteen of the Revised Statutes with reference to the shares of national banking associations.

Nothing herein shall be construed to exempt the

Nothing herein shall be construed to exempt the real property of Federal and Joint stock land banks and national farm loan associations from ether State, county, or municipal taxes, to the same extent, according to its value, as other real property is taxed.

### INVESTMENT IN FARM LOAN BONDS.

SEC. 27. That farm loan bonds issued under the provisions of this Act by Federal land banks or joint sloke land banks shall be a lawful investment for all fiduciary and trust funds, and may be accepted as security for all public deposits.

Any member bank of the Federal Reserve System may buy and sell farm loan bonds issued under the authority of this Act.

Any Federal reserve bank may buy and sell farm loan bonds issued under this Act to the same extent and subject to the same limitations placed upon the purchase and sale by said banks of State, county, district. and municipal bonds under subsection (b) of section fourteen of the Federal Reserve Act approved December twenty-third, nine-teen hundred and thirteen.

#### EXAMINATIONS.

SEC. 28. That the Federal Farm Loan Board shall appoint as many land bank examiners as in its judgment may be required to make careful examinations of the banks and associations permitted to do business under this Act.

Said examiners shall be subject to the same requirements, responsibilities and penalties as are applicable to national bank examiners under the National Bank Act, the Federal Reserve Act and other provisions of law. Whenever directed by the Federal Farm Loan Board, said examiners shall examine the condition of any national farm Loan Commissioner. They shall examine and report the condition of every Federal land bank and Joint stock land bank at least twice each year. Said examiners shall receive salaries to be fixed by the Federal Farm Loan Board.

#### DISSOLUTION AND APPOINTMENT OF RECEIVERS.

DISSOLUTION AND APPOINTMENT OF RECEIVERS.
SEC. 29. That upon receiving satisfactory evidence that any national furm loan association has failed to meet its outstanding obligations of any description the Federal Farm Loan Board may forthwith declare such association insolvent and appoint a receiver and require of him such bond and security as it deems proper: Provided, That no national farm loan association shall be declared insolvent by Said board until the total amount of defaults of current interest and amortization instalments on loans indorsed by national farm loan associations shall amount to at least \$150,000 in the Federal land bank district, unless such association shall have been in default for a period of two years. Such receiver, nader the direction of the sociation shall have been in default for a period of two years. Such receiver, under the direction of the Federal Farm Loan Board, shall take possession of the books, records, and assets of every description of such association, collect all devis. dues, and claims belonging to it, and, with the approval of the Federal Farm Loan Board, or upon the order of a court of record of competent Jurisaledion, may sell or compound all bad or doubtful debts, and, on a like approval or order, may sell all the real and personal property of such association, on such terms as the Federal Farm Loan Board or said court shall direct. Such receiver shall pay over all money so collected to the Treasurer of, the United States, subject to the order of the Federal Farm Loan Board, and also make report to said board of all his acts and proceedings. The Secretary of the Treasury shall have authority to deposit at interest any money so received. If of any objects to the conduction of the resurer of the Treasury shall have authority to deposit at interest any money so received. If of any objects the Federal Farm Loan Board, and

Nave authors, so received.

Upon default of any obligation, Federal land banks and joint stock land banks may be declared insolvent and placed in the hands of a receiver by the Federal Farm Loan Board, and proceedings shall thereupon be had in accordance with the provisions of this section regarding national farm loan associations.

of this section regarding national farm loan associations.

If any national farm loan association shall be declared insolvent and a receiver shall be appointed therefor by the Federal Farm Loan Board, the stock held by it in the Federal land bank of its district shall be cancelled without impairment of its liability and all payments on such stock, with accrued dividends, if any, since the date of the last dividend shall be first applied to all debts of the Insolvent farm loan association to the Federal land bank and the balance, if any, shall be paid to the receiver of said farm loan association: Provided, That in estimating said debts contingent liabilities incurred by national farm loan associations under the provisions of this Act on account of default of principal or interest of indorsed mortgages shall be estimated and included as a debt, and said contingent liabilities shall be determined by agreement between the receiver and the Federal land bank of the district, subject to the approval of the Federal Farm Loan Board, and if said receiver and

said land bank cannot agree, then by the decision of the Farm Loan Commissioner, and the amount thus ascertained shall be deducted in accordance with the provisions of this section from the amount otherwise due said national farm loan association for said cancelled stock. Whenever the capital stock of a Federal land bank shall be reduced, the Board of Directors small cause to be executed a certificate to the Federal Farm Loan Board, showing such reduction of capital stock, and, if said reduction shall be due to the insolvency of a national farm ioan association, the amount repaid to such association. association.

No national farm loan association, Federal land bank or joint stock land bank shall go into volun-tary liquidation without the written consent of the Federal Farm Loan Board, but national farm loan associations may consolidate under rules and regula-tions promulgated by the Federal Farm Loan Board.

#### STATE LEGISLATION.

SEC. 30. That it shall be the duty of the Farm Loan Commissioner to make examination of the laws of every State of the United States and to inform the Federal Farm Loan Board as rapidly as may be whether in his Judgment the laws of each State relating to the conveying and recording of land titles, and the foreclosure of mortgages or other instruments securing loans, as well as providing homestead and other exemptions and granting the gover to waive such exemptions as respects first

homestead and other exemptions and granting the power to waive such exemptions and granting the power to waive such as exemptions are respects afrest mortgages, are such as a consistency of the control nis examination of the lews of the several states and forming his conclusions thereon said Farm Loan Commissioner may call upon the office of the Attorney General of the United States for any needed legal advice or assistance, or may employ special counsel in any State where he considers such action necessary.

At the request of the Executive of any State the Federal Farm Loan Board shall prepare a state-ment setting forth in what respects the requirements of said board cannot be complied with under the existing laws of such State.

#### PENALTIES.

existing laws of such State.

PENALTIES.

Sec. 31. That any applicant for a loan under this Act who shall knowingly make any false statement in his application for such loan, and any member of a loan committee or any appraiser provided for in this Act who shall wilfully overvalue any land offered as security for loans under this Act, shall be punished by a fine of not exceeding \$5,000, or by imprisonment not exceeding one year, or both. Any examiner appointed under this Act who shall accept a loan or gratuity from any land bank or national farm loan association examined by him, or from any person connected with any such bank or association in any capacity, shall be punished by a fine of not exceeding \$5,000, or by imprisonment not exceeding one year, or both, and may be fined a further sum equal to the money so loaned or gratuity given, and shall forever thereafter be disqualified from holding office as an examiner under the provisions of this Act. No examiner, while holding such office, shall perform any other service for compensation for any bank or banking or loan association, or for any person connected therewith in any capacity.

Any person who shall falsely make, forge, or counterfett, or cause or procure to be falsely made, forged, or counterfetted, or willingly ald or assist in falsely making, forging, or counterfetting any bond, coupon, or paper in limitation of, or purporting to be in imitation of, the bonds or coupons issued by any land bank or national farm loan association, now or hereatter authorized and acting under the laws of the United States; or any person who shall pass, utter, or publish, or attempt to pass.

utter, or publish any false, forged, or counterfeited hond, coupon, or paper purporting to be issued by any such bank or association, knowing the same to be falsely made, forged, or counterfeited; or whoever ahali falsely alter, or cause or procure to be falsely altered, or shall willingly aid or assist in falsely altering any such bond, coupon, or paper, or ahall pass, utter, or publish as true any falsely altered or spurious bond, coupon, or paper issued, or purporting to have been issued, by any such bank or association, knowing the same to be falsely altered or spurious, shall be punished by a fine of not exceeding \$5,000 or by imprisonment not exceeding fifty years, or both.

not exceeding \$5,000 or by imprisonment not exceeding five years, or both.

Other than the usual salary or director's fee paid to any officer, director, or employé of a national farm loan association, a Federal land bank, or a joint stock land bank, and other than a reasonable fee paid by such association or bank to any officer, director, attorney, or employé of an association or bank organized under this Act shall be a beneficiary of or receive, directity or indirectly, any fee, commission, gift, or other consideration for or in connection with any transaction for bank or association or bank. No land bank or astociation at larm loan association for bank or antional larm loan association and larm loan sective any fee, commission, to such association for consideration not herein specifically anthorized. No examiner, public or private, shall disclose the names of borrowers to other than the proper officers of a national farm loan association or land bank without first having obtained express permission in writing from the Farm Loan Commissioner or from the board of directors of such association or bank, except when ordered to do so by a court of competent jurisdiction or such association or bank, except when ordered to do so by a court of competent jurisdiction or by direction of the Congress of the United States, or of either House thereof, or any committee of Congress or of either House duly authorized. Any person violating any provision of this paragraph shall be punished by a fine of not exceeding one year, or both. Any person connected in any capacity with any national farm loan association, Federal land bank, or joint stock land bank, who embezzles, abstracts, or willfully misapplies any moneys, funds, or credits thereof, or who without authority from the directors draws any order, assigns any note, bond, draft, mortgase, judgment, or decree thereof, or who makes any false entry in any book, report, or statement of such association or land bank with intent in either case to defraud such institution or any o ing five years, or both.

Other than the usual saiary or director's fee paid

loan association or land bank or any agent appointed

person, or to deceive any officer of a national farm loan xamule into the affairs of any such association or land bank or any agent appointed not bank, and every person who with like intention to the affairs of any such association or bank, and every person who with like intention of this section, shall be punished by a fine of not exceeding \$5,000 or by imprisonment not exceeding five years, or both.

Any person who shall deceive, defraud, or impose upon, or who shall attempt to deceive, defraud, or impose upon, any person, firm, or corporation by making any false pretence or representation regarding the character, issue, security, or terms of any farm loan bond, or coupon, issued under the terms of this Act, or by falsely pretending or representing that any farm loan bond, or coupon, issued under the terms of this Act by one class of land banks is a farm ioan bond, or coupon, issued under the terms of this Act by one class of land banks is a farm loan bond, or coupon, issued under the terms of this Act, or by falsely pretending or representing that any farm loan bond, or coupon, issued by another class of banks; or by falsely pretending or representing that any farm loan bond, or coupon, issued to the face of said bond, or coupon, issued to be on the face of said bond or coupon, shall be fined not exceeding \$500 or imprisoned not exceeding one year, or both.

The Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized to direct and use the Secret Service Division of the Treasury Department to detect, arrest, and deliver into custody of the United States Marshal having jurisdiction, any person or persons violating any of the provisions of this section.

#### GOVERNMENT DEPOSITS.

SEC. 32. That the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized. In his discretion, upon the request of the Federal Farm Loan Board, to make deposits for the temperary use of any Federal land bank, out of

#### THE FEDERAL FARM LOAN ACT-Continued.

any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated. Such Federal land bank shall issue to the Secretary of the Treasury a certificate of indebtedness for any such deposit, bearing a rate of interest not to exceed the current rate charged for other Government deposits, to be secured by farm loan bonds or other collateral, to the satisfaction of the Secretary of the Treasury. Any such certificate shall be redeemed and paid by such land bank at the discretion of the Secretary of the Treasury. The aggregate of all sums so deposited by the Secretary of the Treasury shall not exceed the sum of \$6,000,000 at any one time.

#### ORGANIZATION EXPENSES.

SEC. 33. That the sum of \$100,000, or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to be expended under the direction of the Federal Farm Loan Board, for the purpose of

carrying into effect the provisions of this Act, including the rent and equipment of necessary offices. LIMITATION OF COURT DECISIONS.

SEC. 34. That if any clause, sentence, paragraph, or part of this Act shall for any reason be adjudged by any court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid, such judgment shall not affect, impair, or invalidate the remainder of this Act, but shall be confined in its operation to the clause, sentence, paragraph, or part thereof directly involved in the controversy in which such judgment shall have been rendered.

REPEALING CLAUSE.

SEC. 35. That all Acts or parts of Acts inconsistent with this Act are hereby repealed, and this Act shall take effect upon its passage. The right to amend, alter, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved July 17, 1916.

#### AMERICAN DAIRY EXPORT TRADE.

(Compiled by the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, United States Department of Commerce,)

Cheese, butter, and other butter fats are again important factors in our export trade after a long period of comparative inactivity. In the early nineties the United States was selling abroad between period of comparative inactivity. In the early nineties the United States was selling abroad between 20 million and 30 milliou pounds of butter, from 50 million to 80 million pounds of cheese, and from 5 million to 10 million pounds of imitation butter annually. In later years, however, exports of this class decreased in a marked degree, and in the fiscal year 1914 had fallen far below the quantities named. In the year just ended there was a continuation of the revival begun In 1914 in all these lines, with totals closely approximating the high levels touched in the decade from 1890 to 1900.

The large gains made by domestic dairy products and butter substitutes are well illustrated by figures published by the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, Department of Commerce, in the June Summary of Foreign Commerce. Butter, varying from 3 million to 5 million peunds annually in our export trade, in 1916 went to 13 1-2 million pounds. During this period imports of butter were greatly reduced, falling from a little less than 8 million pounds last year.

American cheese, which since 1905 fluctuated

last year. last year.

American cheese, which since 1905 fluctuated between 2 1-2 million and 17 million pounds, went to 44 million pounds in the fiscal year 1916. Here also, as in the case of butter, the trade balance was on the export side, for the year's imports of cheese, are in 1916 only totalled 30 million pounds, a decrease of 33 3-4 million pounds from the total for 1914.

Exports of condensed milk, usually exported in 142 million pounds.

sums valued at between 1 million and 2 million dollars annually, in 1916 rose to 12 1-2 million dollars annually, in 1916 rose to 12 1-2 million dollars in value, the quantity (156 million pounds) being nearly 10 times that of 1914.

Imitation butter contains in addition to oleomargarine oil some butter fat. The exports of this article rose from 2 1-2 million pounds in 1914 to 5 1-2 million pounds in 1916.

5 1-2 million pounds in 1916.
England and Canada are our largest foreign markets for butter, cheese, and condensed milk. England took, in 1915, the latest fiscal year for which data are at hand, 3 1-3 million pounds of butter, out of a total export of 10 million pounds; 48 1-2 million pounds of cheese, out of a total export of 55 million pounds of condensed milk, out of a total export of 37 million pounds. Cuba, Hayti, Panama, Australia, and Venezuela also take considerable quantities of American butter; Canada, Panama, and the West Indies are important markets for our cheese, while Cuba, Belgium, the Netherlands, China, Japan, Hongkong, Russia. Chosen, Panama, Brazil and Peru take large amounts of American condensed milk. These exports, while important, represent a very

large amounts of American condensed milk. These exports, while important, represent a very small proportion of the annual products of the 60 million cattle on American farms, valued at more than 2 1-3 billion dollars. As long ago as 1909, the latest period covered by the National census, we produced 1,619 million pounds of butter, 321 million pounds of cheese, and 5,814 million gallons of milk, while the quantity of oleomargarine on which internal revenue tax was pald in 1914 aggregated 142 million pounds.

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS OF MILK, BUTTER AND CHEESE,

YEAR ENDED	MILK AND CREAM.		Bur	TER.	CHEESE.	
JUNE 30.	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.   Exports.		1mports.	Exports.
		(Qua	antities in mi	ilions of pour	nds.)	
911	Not s	tated.	1 1.0	4.9	45.6	10.4
912	Not 8	tated.	1.0	6.1	46.5	6.3
913	Not s	tated.	1.2	3.6	49.4	2.6
914	Not s	tated.	7.8	3.7	63.8	2.4
15	Not s		3.8	9.9	50.1	55.4
16	Not s	tated.	0.8	13.5	30.1	44.4
20		(V	alues in millions of dollars.)			
11	2.0	0.9	0.3	1.1	7.9	1.3
12	1.0	1.9	0.2	1.5	8.8	0.9
13	1.2	1.9	0.3	0.9	9.2	0.4
014	2.6	1 7	1.8	0.9	11.0	0.4
	1 4 4	3 4	1.0	2.4	9.4	8.5
915	2.6	13.2	0.2	3.6	7 1	7.4

# FARMERS' NATIONAL CONCRESS.

President—H. E. Stockbridge, Atlanta, Ga. Secretary—J. F. Griffin, Tiptonville, Tenn. Treasurer—D. K. Unsicker, Wright, Iowa.
A delegate body representing more than 3,000,000 farmers. Urges: General parcel post; liberal Federal aid for good roads and inland waterways; teaching of agriculture in the public schools; a Federal pure seed law; head tax and illiteracy test on immigration; a rural credit system not controlled by the banking power; also law to prevent imitation of hutton legislation to subject to the controlled by the banking power; also law to prevent imitation of hutton legislation to subject to the controlled by the banking power; also law to prevent imitation of hutton legislation to subject to the controlled by the controlled by the controlled by the banking power; also law to prevent imitation of hutton legislation to subject to the controlled by th rederal but e banking power; also law to prevent imitation of butter; legislation to curb water-power monopolies; National and State control of land fraud agencies; protection of co-operative enterprises. Opposes: Ship subsidies; interstate liquor traffic into known dry territory; free distribution of seeds.

# CRAIN STATISTICS.

GRAIN PRODUCTION OF THE UNITED STATES.

United States Census report of the production of the principal cereals in the census year 1909, with the reports of the Department of Agriculture for other years.

YEARS.	Corn. Wheat.		Oats.	Barley.	Rye.	Buckwheat.
	Bushels.	Bushels.	Bushels.	Busheis.	Bushels.	Bushels.
1907	2,592,320,000	634,087,000	754,443,0001	153.597.000	31,566,000	
1908	2,668,651,000		807,156,000	166,756,000	31.851.000	15,874,000
1909	2,552,189,630		1.007,142,980			14,849,332
1910	2,886,260,000			173,832,000	34.897.000	17,598,000
1911				160,240,000		17,549,000
1912				223,824,000		19,249,000
1913	2,446,988,000			178,189,000		13.833.000
1914	2,672,804,000			194,953,000		16.881.000
1915	3,054,535,000					
1916	*2,717,932,000					

\* Forecast from condition on October 1, 1916. a Preliminary estimate.

WHEAT YIELD OF SPECIFIED COUNTRIES, WITH COMPARISONS.

(Report of the United States Department of Agriculture.)

(Report in the Officed Boards Department of righted early								
COUNTRY.	1915. Bushels.	1914. Bushels.	COUNTRY.	1915. Bushels.	1914. Bushels.			
Russia (61 governments) United States British India France. Canada. Hungary (proper). Argentina. Italy	1,011,505,000 383,376,000 258,102,000 336,258,000 152,934,000 178,221,000 170,541,000	891,017,000 312,032,000 282,689,000 161,280,000 105,237,000 113,904,000 169,442,000	Roumanla. England Austria Austria Austrialia Bulgaria. Algeria Tunis Egypt.	68,652,000 60,000,000 25,626,000 46,212,000 34,654,000 11,023,000	59,217,000 55,000,000 106,600,000 29,654,000 30,000,000 2,205,000			
Spain				3,998,756,000	3,409,284,000			

The rye crop of principal countries in 1915 was (in bushels): United States, 49,190,000; Germany, 475,000,000; Austria-Hungary, 154,075,000; Russia (61 governments), 861,097,000; France, 40,307,000; Spain, 28,664,000.

Spain, 28,864,000.
The barley crop of the world in 1915 (in bushels) was 1,542,972,000; oat crop, 4,783,778,000.

WORLD'S CROPS.

In September, 1916, the International Institute of Agriculture at Rome, Italy, announced its preliminary estimates of world-crop production for 1916 as follows:
Wheat, 1,526,000,000 bushels, total production in eleven countries.
Rye, 83,200,000 bushels, total production in thre countries.
Oats, 1,831,200,000 bushels, total production in then countries.
Oats, 1,831,200,000 bushels, total production in nine countries.
Oats, 1,831,200,000 bushels, total production in three countries as follows: United States, 2,865,
900,000 bushels; Japan, 4,102,000 bushels, and Switzerland, 157,000 bushels.
Rice (rough), 18,978,700,000 pounds, total production of the United States and Japan. The crop
of Japan is estimated at 17,448,700,000 pounds.
Beet Sugar, 1,576,000 short tons, total production (expressed as raw sugar) in seven countries for
1915-1916, or 93 per cent. of the preceding year (1914-1915).

WHEAT HARVEST CALENDAR.

January—Australia, New Zealand, Chile, Argentina.
February and March—Upper Egypt, India. Argentina.
February and March—Upper Egypt, India. Persia, Asia Minor, Mexico, Cuba.
May—Texas, Aigeria, Central Asia, China, Japan, Morocco.
June—California, Oregon, Mississippi, Alabama, Georgia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee, Virginia, Kentucky, Kansas, Arkansas, Utah, Colorado, Missouri, Turkey, Greece, Italy, Spain, Fortugal, South of France, Italy, Spain, Fortugal, South of France, July—New England, Nev York, Pensya, Arkansas, Utah, Colorado, Missouri, Turkey, July—New England, Nev York, Penska, Upper Canada, Richigan, Illinois, Iowa, Wisconsin, Southern Minnesota, Nebraska, Upper Canada, Roundania, Bulgaria, Austria, Hungary, South of Russia, Germany, Minnesota, Dakotas, Mantoba, Lower Canada, British Columbia, Beigium, Holland, Greed Britain, Denmark, Poland, Central Russia.
September and October—cocland, Sweden, Norway, North of Russia.
November—Fert, South Africa.
December—Burmah, New South Wales.

#### PRICES OF WHEAT (CHICAGO MARKET).\*

YEARS. Months of Yearly Rauge Highest Price.	fce. YEARS. Months of Lowest Price. Yearly Range Highest Price.								
1897. April 641/6@1.09 December. 1898October. 62 @1.85 May.†	1907. January 71 @1.05¼ October, 1908. July 84½@1.11 May.								
1899 December 64 @ 794 May. 1900 January 61 @ 874 June.	1909   August   99¼@1.60   June.   1910   November   89½@1.27½   February.   1911   April   83½@1.01   January.								
1901. July 63½@ 79½ December 1902. October. 67½@ 95 September 1903. March. 70¼@ 93 September	1912 January 93%@1,20 May.								
1904 January. 81%@1.22 October. 1905 August 77%@1.24 February.	1914 July								
1906lAugSep. 69%@ 94% April.	1916 . June 984@1.88 October.								

No. 2 cash wheat. † The Leiter ''corner'' figure.
The above table was compiled by Charles B. Murray, Cincinnati, Ohio.

PRODUCT.

Apples.....bbls. 1915 Apricots....bush. Census

Flaxseed bush 1915
Flowers, plants Census
Forest products Census
Fruits, orch'rd bush Census
Fruits, small quarts
Census

Fruits, tropical and

Year.\*

PRODUCTION BY STATES IN 1916.

(From Report of the Bureau of Crop Estimates of the Department of Agriculture.)							
~f	Characa   Oats,*   Corn,†   W		Wheat,*	STATES.	Oats,*	Corn,†	Wheat,*
States.	Bushels.	Bushels.	Bushels.	STATES.	Bushels.	Bushels.	Bushels.
Maine	5,550,000	510,000	108 000	Kansas.,	38,399,000	58,970,000	89,742,00€
N. Hampshire	444.000			Kentucky	4,200,000		8,190,000
Vermont	2,528,000		25 000	Tennessee	7,119,000	89,578,000	8,417,00C
Massachusetts.		1.769 000	20,000	Alabama	9,450,000	50,232,000	1.054.000
Rhode Island	54,000			Mississippi	4,050,000		105,000
Connecticut	390,000	2.671.000		Louisiana	2,052,000	44.622.000	
New York	31,356,000	14,892,000	7.875.0001	Texas	31.008.000	119,733,000	10.923.000
New Jersey	2,070,000			Oklahoma	15,106,000	63,486,000	25,608,000
Pennsylvania	34,286,000	57,908,000	26,429,000	Arkansas	6,846,000	46,437,000	1,856,000
Delaware	120,000	7,034,000	1,860,000	Montana	24,624,000	2,072,000	23,064,000
Maryland	1,298,000			Wyoming	8,750,000		2,865,000
Virginia	5,129,000			Colorado	9,900,000		10,841,000
West Virginia	2,599,000		4,640,000	New Mexico	1,914,000		2,164,000
North Carolina			10,342,000	Arizona	338,000		1,160,000
South Carolina			2,396,000	Utah	4,480,000	464,000	6,920,000
Georgia	16,244,000		3,808,000	Nevada	602,000	33,000	1,764,000
Florida	885,000			Idaho	14,104,000		14,366,000
Ohio	48,076,000			Washington	14,256,000		
Indiana	54,060,000			Oregon		1,241,000	
Illinois	172,210,000	339,947,000		California	6,175,000	2,362,000	5,024,00€
Michigan	42,690,000		12,631,000		4.000.400.000	0.515.000.000	000 550 000
Wisconsin	81,141,000			Total bushels			
Minnesota	85,304,000			Total acres	40,599,000	108,620,000	50,871,000
Iowa	186,813,000			Total farm		60 000 070 000	000 001
Missouri	31,550,000	152,599,000	15,164,000	value, Oct. 1.	\$546,986,000		\$828,100,000
North Dakota.				Yield per acre		25.0	11.9
South Dakota.	55,236,000			Farm price per bushel, Oct. 1	\$.445	\$.823	\$1,363
Nebraska						1 0.020	71.303
	ower action at a			ion on Oatobor 1			

\* Preliminary estimate. | Forecast from condition on October 1, 1916. FARM PRODUCTIONS IN

Value.

Quantity.

76,670,000

13,845,000

214.683,695

426,565,863

4,150,263

Beans, castorbush.	Census	2,077		Molasses h galls.			
Beans, dry edi-	1			Nursery products			21,050,822
ble bbush.	1915	10,278,000		Nutslbs.	Census	162,328,010	14,447,674
Beescolonies	Census	3,445,006		Onlons kbush.		10,083,212	a9,559,000
Broom cornlbs.	Census	78,959,958		Peachesbush.		63,460,000	
Butter:				Peanuts bush.		19,415,816	18,271,929
Madeonf'rms.lbs.	Census	994,650,610		Pearsbush.	1915	11,216,000	79,063,00C
Madeinf't'riesibs.	Census	627,145,865		Peas, dry bush.	Census	7,129,294	10,963,739
Cereals $c, \ldots$ bush.	1915	5,908,370,000	d3,417,932,000	Plums and			
Cheese:			1	prunesbush.		15,480,170	10,299,195
Madeonf'rms.lbs.	Census	9,405,864		Potatoes, Irish, bush.	1915	359,103,000	d221,104,000
Madeinf't'rieslbs.	Census	311,175,730		Potatoes, sw't.bush.	1915	74,295,000	d46,081,000
Chicorylbs.	Census	19,284,000		Rice (rough)bush	1915	28,947,000	d26,212,000
Clder galls.	Census	32,583,998		Seeds, alfalfabush.			2,051,840
Cottonlbs.		5,595,910,000		Seeds, clover bush.	Census	1,025,816	6,925,122
Cotton seed s. tons		4,992,000		Seeds, millet bush.	Census	588,270	
Diagonal hugh		13 845 000	424 080 0001	Soode timothy buch	Concite	2 979 7001	4 0 10 0 5 1

d24,980,000

34,872,329 195,306,283

140,867,347

THE UNITED STATES.

 a\$156,406,800
 Hops.
 lbs. Census
 40,718,748
 \$7,841,71

 2,884,119
 Milk.
 galls.
 1915
 11,590,000,000
 2,329,000,000

Year.\* | Quantity.

Value.

491,566 4,018,951 15,137,653 m85,652,000 m13,377,000 1,380,492 9,642,312 3,797,317

7.963,499

2,878,790 6,671,348 874,000

4,106,418 16,532,382

1,060,587,000

136,500 14,060,206 21,633,579

PRODUCT.

134,872,329 | Seeds, timothy.bush. | Census 34,872,329 | Seeds, all gra's.bush. | Census 195,336,283 | Sugar, beet...s. tons | 1915 149,867,347 | Sugar, cane n.s. tons | 1915 29,974,481 | Sugar, maple...lbs. | Census

Fruits, tropical .... Census sub-tropical .... Census Grapes ... ibs Census 4,571,065,205 Hay (tame) ... stons 1915 85,225,000 Hemp ... ibs. Census 55,719,757 d96,041,000 216,257,068 f67,574,000 #The word "Census" is 15,719,757 
5.992,083 | Wool (unw hed).1bs. | 1915 | 288,777.000 
#The word "Census" in this table refers in all cases to Census of 1910. # Earm price November 15 
1915. # For only New York, Michigan, California, Colorado, and New Mexico. # CNot including rice for Farm price December 1, 1915. # Included in orchard products. # Average farm price for the year, # Including wax. # Made in factories. The product on farms and plantations in 1909 was 4,153 gailous, value as 1,710. # Excludes peanuts and cocoanuts. # Excludes peanuts, but includes value of cocoanuts. # Commercial only. # Farm price August 15, 1915. # Based on the expoit value of refined for year ended Jun 30, 1916. # Louisiana only. # The case syrup made in sugar milis in 1909 amounted to 1,449,860 gailons valued at \$336,5632. # Excluding potatoes and sweet potatoes and yams.

The Census of 1910 gives the following farm statistics for the United States; Farms, total number, 6,361,502 total acres in farms, \$78,783,325; improved acres in farms, 478,451,759; value of land in farms, \$23,475,674,169 value of buildings on farms, \$3,325,451,528; value of implements and machinery on farms, \$1,265,149,783; value of land buildings, \$39,60; value per acre of land alone, \$32.40. Value of wealth produced of farms in 1915, estimated by Secretary of Agriculture, \$10,501,686,375.

#### DOMESTIC ANIMALS IN THE UNITED STATES. (From a Report of the Department of Agriculture.)

DOMESTIC ANIMALS.	ON FARMS (Jan. 1, 1916)		DOMESTIC ANIMALS.	ON FARMS (Jan. 1, 1916)	
DOMESTIC ANIMALS.	Number.	Value.	DOMESTIC ANIMALS.	Number.	Value.
			Mules		\$519,824,00
		2,506,254,000	Sheep	49,162,000	
Horses	21,166,000	2,150,468,000	Swine	68,047,000	571,890,00

By Census of 1910 there were on farms and ranges in United States 61,803,866 neat cattle, cows, bulls, etc. valued at \$1,499,523,607; horses and colts, 19,833,113, valued at \$2,083,888,195; mules, 4,209,769, valued at \$525,391,863 asses and burros, 105,869, valued at \$13,200,112; sheep and lambs, 52,447,861, valued at \$232,841,585; swine, 58,185,676, valued at \$399,338,308; goats, 2,915,125, valued at \$6,176,423.

#### SUCAR PRODUCTION.

MULHALL gives the following estimates of the production of cane and beet sugar in the world in English tons from 1890 to 1898; and Willett & Gray, New York, for the years following:

YEARS.			Total.	YEARS.	Cane.	Beet.	Total.	YEARS.	Cane.	Beet.	Total.
*****	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.		Tons.	Tons.	Tons.		Tons.	Tons.	Tons.
			5,360,000 7,500,000				9,513,262 13,947,225				16,982,793
			8.647,286								15,886,296 18,208,814
1902	1,079,742	6,913,504	10,993,346	1908	6,917,663	7,002,474	13,920,137	1914	9.821.413	8.845.986	18.667.399
1903	4,163,941	5,756,720	9,920,661	1909	17,625,639	6.927.875	14.553.514	1915	10.171.397	8.243.451	18.414.848
1904	14,234,203	10,089,408	10,323,631	11910	18,327,069	16,597,506	114,914,575 [	1-1916(est.)	10,524,7721	5,983,450	16,508,222

The production of sugar in 1914-15 by sugar-growing countries, in tons of 2,240 pounds, as reported by Willett & Gray, was:

COUNTRIES.	Cane Sugar	Countries.	Cane Sugar	Countries.	Beet Sugar.
Louisiana (State) Porto Rico. Cuba. British West Indies Hayti and S. Domingo Peru	308,178 2,592,667 120,748 108,267 175,000	Java Hawail. Australia and Fiji. Mauritius. Demerara. Argentina Philippines.	577,186 348,408 277,164 113,632 335,833	United States Germany Austria. France Russia Belgium Holland	2,500,000 1,602,315 302,961 1,992,776 204,697

Beet sugar production in the United States in 1914-15, by States, in tons of 2,240 pounds; Michigan 98,714; Colorado, 197,187; Utah. 70,374; Idaho, 35,367; California, 151,078; Nebraska, 29,888; Ohio, 19,165; all others, 44,534. Total, 646,257 tons.

#### CONSUMPTION OF SUGAR.

Licht's estimate of consumption of sugar of all kinds in various countries in 1914-15 per capita in pounds was: Germany, 74.95; Austria, 37.38; France, 39.01; Spain, 15.91; England, 89.69; Switzerland, 74.87; United States (W. & C.), 83.83; Russia, 29.26; Netherlands, 53.44; Denmark, 93.48; Italy, 10.45; Belgium, 42.79; Turkey, 20.33; Sweden, 60.48; Norway, 60.37.

The consumption of sugar in the United States in the calendar year 1915, estimated by Willett & Gray, of New York, was:

Gray, of New York, was:	•	
Imported (including 509,263 tons Hawai-		Domestic beet
lan, 300,310 Porto Rican, and 120,202		
Philippine sugar).  Domestic, manufactured from imported	2,792,106	Domestic total
Domestic, manufactured from imported		Total product consumed
molasses, U. S. maple, etc	15,400	or 83.83 pounds per ca
Domestic cone	224 768	

Domestic total	1,009,425 3,801,531

#### PRODUCTION OF TOBACCO.

#### RETURNS FOR 1915 TO THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

STATES.	Acreage .	Production.	Farm Value December 1.		Acreage.	Production.	Farm Value December 1.
N. Vienenskins	Acres.	Pounds. 140.000	Dollars.	Obto	Acres.	Pounds.	Dollars.
N. Hampshire. Vermont	100	130,000	14,000	Obio Indiana	93,700 13,500	11,340,000	828,000
Massachusetts. Connecticut	7,300 22,200			lilinois Wisconsin	700 41.000	595,000 36,900,000	
New York Pennsylvania		5,280,000	502,000	Missouri Kentucky	3,500 440,000	3,150,000	378,000
Maryland	22,000	15,280,000	1,384,000	Tennessee	92,900	69,675,000	4,390,000
Virginia West Virginia	11,300	9,831,000	983,000	Alabama Louisiana	200 300	100,000 126,000	38,000
North Carolina South Carolina.	65,000	37,700,000	2,639,000	Texas	200 500	100,000 300,000	
Georgia	1,700 3,900	1,496,000 3,549,000		United States	1.368.400	1.060.587.000	96,041,000

#### STATISTICS OF TOBACCO-GROWING COUNTRIES.

Countries.	Year.	Production.	Total Consumption.	Total Revenue (Customs and Excise).	Per Capita Consump- tion.	Capita	Tax Per Pound Consumed.
United States Germany Russia. France United Kingdom. Austria-Hungary.	1913 1913 1913 1913	Pounds. 953,734,000 56,952,951 233,451,159 35,780,658 b159,087,904	271,205,899 202,503,424 116,364,079 95,983,525	45,072,123 41,140,511 104,840,422 86,804,340	4.03 1.18 2.93 2.09	Dollars. 1.08 .67 .24 2.64 1.89 1.26	Cents. 19.4 16.6 20.3 90.1 90.4 40.0

a Year ended June 30, 1914. b Austria, 12,659,033 pounds; Hungary, 146,428,871 pounds. c Austriatungary, Import duties, 1913, \$5,583; Austria, net receipts from sales, 1912, \$43,958,026; Hungary, net
receipts from sales, 1910, \$19,700,135
receipts from sales, 1910, \$19,700,135
reduction of tobacco of 1914 in pounds: United States, 1,034,679,000; Canada, 11,000,000; Cuba,
2,585,000; Mexico (1906), 34,711,000; Brazil (exports), 59,481,096; Chile, 6,282,28; Uruguay, 1,73,805;
Italy, 20,943,700; Roumania, 18,970,129; Switzerland, 815,702; Japan, 115,741,500; Philippine Islands,
13,024,183; Tunis, 376,325; Rhodesia, 3,162,000; Union of South Africa (Census of 1911), 14,961,000,
Grand total, 1,496,470,668.

## TEA, COFFEE AND COCOA.

PRODUCTION AND CONSUMPTION DURING LATEST YEARS FOR WHICH DATA ARE AVAIL-ABLE, BY PRINCIPAL COUNTRIES INVOLVED.

(Compiled by the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, Department of Commerce,)

COUNTRY PRODUCING.	Quantity.	COUNTRY CONSUMING.	Quantity.	COUNTRY CONSUMING.	Quantity.
British India (1914) China (1915)* Ceylon (1913)* Java (1914)* Japan (1914)	237,647,000 191,509,000 71,449,000 69,658,000	United Kingdom (1915) Russia (1914) United States (1915) Canada (1916) Australia (1915)	169,822,000 92,174,000 40,656,000	Netherlands (1914) Germany (1913) New Zeaiand (1914) France (1915) Austria-Hung'y (1913).	9,897,000 6,131,000
Formosa (1913)	29.784.0001				

Imports of tea into the United States during the year ended June 30, 1916, were 109,865,935 pounds, valued at \$20,599,857. Of this 52,359,526 pounds were imported from Japan and 20,422,700 pounds from

COUNTRY PRODUCING.	Quantity.	COUNTRY CONSUMING.	Quantity.
Brazil Central America Venezuela Colombia Dutch East Indies Hayti Mexico United States British India Jamaica Other countries	231,315,000 121,350,000 136,500,000 63,799,000 57,594,000 48,179,000 39,973,000 10,034,000 333,272,000	Germany (1913). France (1915). Austria-Hungary (1913). Netherlands (1915). Belglum (1913). Sweden (1914). Italy (1915). Denmark (1914). United Kingdom (1915). Russia (1914).	362,084,000 304,813,000 130,952,000 85,955,000 93,250,000 63,774,000 88,102,000 31,967,000 32,723,000 18,309,000
Total	2 586 490 000	British South Africa (1915)	31,609,000

Imports of coffee Into the United States, year ended June 30, 1916, were: From Brazil, 849,405,925 pounds, value \$73,541,315; Colombia and Venezuela, \$2,768,757 pounds, value \$21,441,145; Central America, 95,573,010 pounds, value \$10,997,303; Mexico, 49,832,801 pounds, value \$6,222,326. The remainder came in smaller quantities from other countries, with 2,252,364 pounds of domestic coffee from Hawaii and 509,158 pounds from Porto Rico.

#### COCOA, 1915.±

COUNTRY PRODUCING.	Quantity.	COUNTRY CONSUMING.	Quantity.
Gold Coast. Ecuador. Brazil. St. Thomas (Portuguese). Trinklad. Dominican Republic. Venezuela. Grenada. All other countries.	72,386,000 101,985,000 65,252,000 48,078,000 51,563,000 27,006,000 16,232,000	Unité d States Germany. Netherlands United Kingdom France. Switzerland Austria-Hungary Spain Belglum All other countries. Total	96,121,000 90,289,000 104,205,000 68,343,000 24,936,000 12,456,000 14,356,000 8,377,000 44,079,000

Imports of crude cocoa into the United States in the fiscal year 1915-16 amounted to 243,231,939 pounds, valued at \$35,143,865. The Dominican Republic furnished 48,990,707 pounds, the British West Indies 39,933,405 pounds, Brazil 45,657,401 pounds, and Ecuador 31,878,350 pound of the imports.

\* The figures represent exports.

† The figures of production are from report of the Department of Agriculture, and represent exports only.

† Data from The Gordian.

#### NATIONAL CORN EXPOSITION.

Organized and held annually under the direction of the National Corn Association. Association officers are: President—E. D. Funk, Shirley, Ill. First Vice-President—E. G. Montgomery, Ithaca, N. Y. Secretary and Treasurer—C. P. Bull, St. Paul. Thirty-five States are represented by Vice-Presidents.

The National Corn Exposition has been held six times. The first was in Chicago, 1907; the second and third in Omaha, Neb., in 1908 and 1909; the fourth in Columbus, Ohio, 1911; the fifth at Columbia, S. Car., 1913, and the sixth in Dallas, Tex., 1914.

The slogau of the National Corn Exposition is the "Betterment of Agriculture." The exposition is composed of three prominent factors: (1) Educational exhibits from twenty-five to thirty-five State agricultural colleges and experiment stations, demonstrating experimental work and principles and facts in agriculture. (2) Competitive exhibits from thirty of more States, selected from State contests. (3) Competensive and complete educational exhibits from the Federal Department of Agriculture, devoted to many phases of agricultural endeavor.

Four trophies are awarded: (1) Indiana Ten Ear Trophy, for best ten ears of corn, value \$1,000.

(2) Colorado Dat Trophy, for best peck of oats, value \$1,500. (3) Kellog Since Ear Trophy for best peck of wheat, \$48,000 in cash premiums. Also other smaller trophies for small grains are offered as prizes. No exposition is arranged for 1917.

#### HAY CROP OF THE UNITED STATES.

ACREAGE, PRODUCTION, AND VALUE OF HAY, 1916.

	(Con	abuer nom	a report or	Department of A	griculture./		
STATE		Produc-	Farm 1	STATE		Produc-	Farm
OR	Acreage.	tion (Pre-	Value	OR	Acreage.	tion (Pre-	Value
DIVISION.	Table of the Control	liminary).	October 1.	DIVISION.	1101 000 000	liminary).	October 1.
		111111111111111111111111111111111111111	O COLOLICE II	277785611			
	Acres.	Tons.	Dollars.		Acres.	Tons.	Dollars.
Maine	1.264,000			Texas	405,000	486,000	4,325,000
New Hampshire.	529,000			Oklahoma	460,000		
Vermont	1,018,000			Arkansas	343,000		
Massachusetts	484.000			Montana	790,000		
Rhode Island				Wyoming	544,000		l 10.671.000
Connecticut	383,000			Colorado	892,000		
New York	4,770,000			New Mexico	181,000		
New Jersey	386,000			Arlzona	162,000		6,160,000
Pennsylvania	3,255,000		67,704,000	Utah	394,000		
Delaware	75,000			Nevada	230,000		
Maryland	413,000		9,287,000	Idaho	684,000		
Virginia		1.040.000	15.184.000	Washington	836,000		
West Virginia	752,000			Oregon	858,000		
North Carolina	329,000			California	2,536,000	4.438,000	
South Carolina	213,000			Camor marrire	2,000,000	1,100,000	
Georgia	285,000			United States	52 504 000	86 155 000	916.629.000
Florida	53,000			1915	150 872 000	85 225 000	*912 320,000
Ohlo	2,981,000			1914	49 145 000	70 071 000	*779.068.000
Indiana	2,121,000	3,054,000		1913	48 954 000	64 116 000	*797.077.000
Illinois	2,520,000	3,654,000	39,463,000	1912	49,530,000	72,691,000	*856,695,000
Mlchigan	2,766,000	4,398,000	43,980,000	1911	48 240 000	54.916.000	*784.926.000
Wisconsin	2.576,000	4.379.000		1910	51 015 000	69 378 000	*842.252.000
Minnesota	1.747.000			1909 (Census)	51,041,000	68 833 000	*722.401.000
Iowa	3.129.000			1303 (CCH3da)	01,011,000	00,000,000	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Missourl	3,172,000			Division: 1916.	1	(	
North Dakota	471,000	801.000		N. Atlantic	12 149 000	19,298,000	258,098,000
South Dakota	640.000			S. Atlantic		4,045,000	
Nebraska	1,683,000		19.626,000	N. Cent'l E. of		1,010,000	00,002,000
Kansas	1,678,000				112 964 000	20,165,000	209,276,000
Kentucky	945,000			N. Cent'l W. of		20,230,000	200,210,000
Tennessee	998.000		19,553,000	Miss. River.	12 520 000	20,715,000	147,233,000
Alabama	238,000					5,257,000	
Micelogiani	240,000					16,675,000	
Mississippi Louisiana					0,107,000	10,070,000	101,100,000
LAURISIANIZ	440.000	404,000	4.040.0001		1	1	

\*Farm value December 1. The average farm price per ton of 2,000 pounds December 1, 1908, \$8.98; 1909, \$10.50; 1910, \$12.14; 1911, \$14.29; 1912, \$11.79; 1913, \$12.43; 1914, \$11.12; 1915, \$10.70; October 1, 1915, \$10.69; October 1, 1916, \$10.36.

### YEARLY MARKETINGS OF LIVE STOCK.

(From a report of the Department of Agriculture.)

The combined receipts and shipments of hogs, cattle, and sheep at Chicago, Kansas City, Omaba, St.
Louis, Sloux City, St. Joseph, and St. Paul yearly since 1907 were as follows:

CATTLE.\* Hogs SHEEP. YEAR. Shipments. Shipments. Shipments. Receipts. Receipts. Receints. 9,857,877 9,833,640 10,284,905 12,366,375 13,521,492 13,733,980 14,037,830 13,272,491 11,160,246 4,549,000 4,489,295 4,172,388 6,013,215 5,891,034 5,369,402 6,046,260 5,993,069 7,288,403 6,381,667 4,628,760 6,418,246 6,096,906 9,590,710 8,827,360 9,189,312 9,116,687 19,544,617 22,863,701 18,834,641 14,853,472 1907....... 5,360,790 5,360,790 4,936,731 5,181,446 5,122,984 4,805,766 4,318,648 4,596,085 1908 1909 19,926,547 19,771,825 19,924,331 18,272,091 21,031,405 8,629,109 1911.... 8,029,109 8,061,494 7,904,552 7,182,239 1912.... 6,414,815 5,816,069 6,823,983 1913. . 5,331,449 4,370,504

| 1914 | 7.182.239 | 3.933.663 | 18.272.091 | 5.816.068 | 13.272.491 | 5.331.449 | 1915 | 7.963.591 | 3.944.152 | 21.031.405 | 6.823.983 | 11.160.246 | 4.370.504 | 7.963.591 | 3.944.152 | 21.031.405 | 6.823.983 | 11.160.246 | 4.370.504 | 7.963.6483 | 1.160.246 | 4.370.504 | 7.963.6483 | 1.160.246 | 4.370.504 | 7.963.6483 | 1.160.246 | 4.370.504 | 7.963.6483 | 1.160.246 | 4.370.504 | 7.963.6483 | 1.160.246 | 4.370.504 | 7.963.6483 | 1.160.246 | 4.370.504 | 7.963.6483 | 1.160.246 | 4.370.504 | 7.963.6483 | 1.160.246 | 4.370.504 | 7.963.6483 | 1.160.0483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.963.6483 | 1.96

DISTRIBUTION OF HOG PRODUCTS EXPORTED FROM THE UNITED STATES IN 1916.\*

(From a report of Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, Department of Commerce.)

(I tolk disepart of a state of the state of								
COUNTRY.	Lard.		Hams and	Sh'ld'rs.t	'ld'rs.† Bacon.		Pork, Pickled.	
77 1. 3 771	Pounds.	Dollars.	Pounds.	Dollars.	Pounds.	Dollars.	Pounds. 13,124,077	Dollars. 1.644.441
United Kingdom Belgium		21,640,498 7,327,075			339,341,069 60,160,749		b1,014,3091	
France		5,075,237		(a)	52,501,448	6,442,595	b1,550,777	b182,973
Germany			(a)	(a)		31 405 505	(a)	(a)
Italy	3,487,719 13,281,671	390,806 1,467,341		(a)	b10,532,169 12,846,176			
Netherlands Norway		(a)	(a) (a)	(a) (a)	b22,386,900		(a)	(a) (a) 285,093
Other Europe	9,495,073	1,049,778	9,059,531	1,421,909			2,641,812	285,093
Canada							17,835,273	
Mexico				(a) 1.875,091	259,307 13.543,082		(a) 7.846.918	(a) 888,699
Cuba	53,811,784	5,930,069	11,493,464	1,070,091	10,040,082	1,080,940	7,040,910	000,099
Total c	427,011,338	47,634,376	282,208,611	40,803,022	579,808,786	78,615,616	63,460,713	6,752,356

\* Fiscal year ended June 30. † Cured.  $\sigma$  Not separately stated. b Not separately stated prior to January 1, 1916. c Total, including all other countries.

Total exports: Neutral lard, 34,426,590 pounds. \$4,050,397; pork, canned 9,610,732 pounds, \$1,815,586; fresh, 63,005,524 pounds, \$7,523,408.

DISTRIBUTION OF BEEF PRODUCTS EXPORTED FROM THE UNITED STATES IN 1916.\* (From a report of Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, Department of Commerce,)

	Beer.								
COUNTRY.	Canned.		Fresh. Pickled a		Pickled an	nd Other.†		eo Oil.	
France Italy Netherlands Norway United Kingdom Other Europe Panama Canada	Pounds. 6,508,241 (a) (a) (a) (a) 37,819,212 b4,599,175 (a) (a)	(a) (a) (a) 7,461,162	647,887,945 (a) (a) 117,305,639	b6,340,028 (a) (a) 15,148,556 (a)	(a) (a) (a) 12,003,390	938,936 (a)		1,796,590 3,684,779	
m1 .	En 110 con	0.050 (50	221 215 075	20 000 112	20 000 000	4 004 105	100 045 044		

### NUMBER OF CATTLE IN SELECTED COUNTRIES IN SPECIFIED YEARS. (From a report of the United States Department of Agriculture.)

COUNTRY AND YEAR.	Number of Cattle.	COUNTRY AND YEAR.	Number of Cattle.	COUNTRY AND YEAR.	Number of Cattle.
Argentina:		Canada-Cont.		Russla, Eu'pean-Con.	
1908 (Census)	29,124,000	1911 (Census)	6,533,000	1910	33,616,000
1915	29,500,000	1916	5,917,000	1913	33,985,000
Australia:		France:		Russia, Asiatic:	1,111,010
1900	8,640,000	1900	14,521,000	1913	18,404,000
1910	11,745,000			Union of South Africa:	, . , , . ,
1914	11,052,000	1916	12,723,000		3,500,000
Austria-Hungary:		Germany:		1911 (Census)	5,797,000
Austria:		1900 (Census)	18,940,000		
1900 (Census)	9,511,000		20,182,000		11,455,000
1910 (Census)	9,160,000		20,317,000		11,765,000
Hungary:	** ***	Italy:	0.100.000	1915	12,171,000
1911 (Census)	*6,184,000	1908 (Census)	6,199,000		
1913	6,045,000	1914	*6,646,000		61,804,000
Brazii:		Mexico:	F 140 000	1916	61,441,000
1913 (Census)	30,705,000	1902 (Census)	5,142,000		
Canada:		Russia, European:	24 404 000	1900 (Census)	6,827,000
1901 (Census)	5,576.0001	1900	34,484,000	1908 (Census)	8,193,000

<sup>·</sup> lacluding buffaloes.

# MILK AND BUTTER FAT PRODUCTION

OF VARIOUS BREEDS OF DAIRY CATTLE.

RECORDS FOR YEARLY PRODUCTION ONLY.

TEN INDIVIDUALS WITH HIGHEST BUTTER FAT RECORDS OF JERSEY CATTLE FEBRUARY 1, 1916.

	Lbs. Milk.	Lbs. Fat		Lbs. Milk.	Lbs. Fat.
Sopbie 19th of Hood Farm Spermfield Owl's Eva. Eminent's Bess Dosoris Park Lily. Jacoba Irene Olympia's Fern. Sophie 19th of Hood Farm.	16,457.4 18,782.9 16,728.1 17,253.2 16,147.8	993.3	Lass 38th of Hood Farm. Spermfield Owl's Temisia. Temisia Owl's Rose, 215973 Total. Average.	15,147.1 17,056.4 165,513.6	890.4 875.2 863.7 9,364.6 936.46

TEN INDIVIDUALS WITH HIGHEST BUTTER FAT RECORDS OF BROWN SWISS COWS, JANUARY 1, 1916.

	YEARLY P	ROD'CTIONS.		YEARLY P	ROD'CTIONS.
	Pounds Milk.	Pounds Butter Fat.		Pounds Milk.	Pounds Butter Fat.
College Bravura, 2d, 2577 Ethel B., 3842 Rosalind B., 3905 Iola, 3923 Lottle G. B., 3530	18816.2 16804.4 16844.6	779.97 727.64	Militia May, 3542. Merry Merney, 3379. Merney, 2859. My One Baby, 3378.	15679.5 14674.7	634.81 628.86 596.94 595.83
Kaliste W., 2905		650.32	Average	16704.56	676.225

#### RECORDS OF TEN HIGHEST HOLSTEIN-FRIESIANS, JANUARY 26, 1916.

	Milk.	Fat.		Milk.	Fat.
Duchess Skylark Ormsby, 124514	27761.7	1205.09	Lothian Maggle De Kol, 90209	27967.6	990.80
Finderne Pride Johanna Rue 121083	28403 7	1176 47	Maplecrest Pontiac Flora Hartog,		000.00
Finderne Holingen Fayne, 114551	24612 8	1116.05	143950	25106.2	986.11
Banestine Belle De Kol, 90441	27404 4	1050 24	Charm Donting Toport 101019	20100.0	
Banestine Belle De Kol, 30441	27404.4	1000.04	Crown Pontiac Josey, 101812	28102.3	984.23
Pontiac Clotbilde De Kol, 2d, 69991	25318.0	1017.28			
Highlawn Hartog De Kol, 34319	25592.5	998.34	Average	26835.18	1052.897
Colantha 4th's Johanna, 48577	27432.5	998.26			

#### MILK AND BUTTER FAT PRODUCTION-Continued.

#### GUERNSEYS-TEN HIGHEST RECORDS OF BUTTER FAT, JANUARY 17, 1916.

	Milk.	Fat.		Milk.	Fat.
May Rilma, 22761	19673.0 18602.8 17661.0	1073.41 957.38 953.53	Dairymald of Plnehurst, 24656. Dolly Dimple, 19144. Imp. Beauty of Park Farm, 28420. Imp. Queen Regent, 4th, 22716.	18458.8 14686.8	906.89 898.83
Miranda of Mapleton, 19606	16630.7	927.16	Average	18088.83	954.402

#### RECORDS OF HIGHEST AYRSHIRES, JANUARY 17, 1916.

	Milk.	Fat.		Milk.	Fat.
Lily of Willowmoor, 22269. Auchenbrain Brown Kate, 4th, 27943. Imp. Garclaugh May Mischlef, 27944. Auchenbrain Yellow Kate, 3d, 36910. Agnes Wallace of Maple Grove, 25171.	23,022 25,329 21,123	917.6 894.91 888.33	Garclaugh Spottle, 27950. Gerranton Dora, 2d, 23853. Jean Armour, 25487. Henderson's Dairy Gem, 35176.	21,023 20,174 17,974	
Netherhall Brownie, 9th, 23985	18,110	820.91	Average	20,959.7	843.285

### AYRSHIRE CATTLE-HIGHEST PRODUCTION OF MILK, JANUARY 17. 1916.

	Pounds Milk.		Pounds Milk.
Imp. Garclaugh May Mischlef. Auchenbrain Brown Kate, 4th. Lily of Willowmoor. Garclaugh Spottle Auchenbrain Yellow Kate, 3d. Gerranton Dora, 2d.	23,022 22,596 22,589 21,123	Jean Armour. Rena Ross, 2d. Netherhall Brownie, 9th. Henderson's Dairy Gem, 35176. Average.	18,849 18,110 17,974

# RECORDS FOR PERIODS SHORTER THAN ONE YEAR. Leaders in Seven Classes of Seven-Day Division.

#### Leaders in Seven Classes of Thirty-Day Division.

K. P. Pontiac Lass, 106812	ıFull age)	2.316.4 M.15.92%	137 198 F
Ormsby Jane Segis Aaggie, 150943	Senior four	3.241.0 M. 4.52%	146 524 F
Mabel Segis Korndyke, 161784	Junior four	2.695.8 M. 4.90%	132.175 F.
Woodcrest Ina De Kol. 4th. 181529	Senior three	2,599.4 M.[4.43%]	115.176 F.
Finderne Holingen Fayne, 144551	Junior three	2,599.1 M. 4.63%	120.265 F.
Flint Bertjusca Pauline, 175817	Senior two	2,496.0 M. 3.75%	93.490 F.
Fairvlew Korndyke Pletertje, 252940	Junior two	2,064.8 M.[4.54%]	93.829 F.

#### Leaders in Eight-Month Division.

Finderne Pride Johanna Rue, 121083	Full age		28.821 F.
Keystone Beauty Plum Johanna, 161646	Senior four	491.7 M. 3.98%	19.584 F.
Mllanhurst America De Kol, 143441	Junior four	531.4 M. 4.29%	22.814 F.
Liudale Bonnie Pauline, 177521	Senior three	482.1 M. 3.34%	16.108 F.
Finderne Hollngen Fayne, 144551	Junior three	339.1 M. 5.32%	18.056 F.
K. P. Gem, 201634	Senior two		15.063 F.
Finderne Mutual Fayne, 183215	Junior two	405.8 M. 4.32%	17.535 F.

#### Leaders in Yearly or Lactation Period Butter Fat Records.

Duchess Skylark Ormsby, 124514	Full age 27,761.7 M.]4.34% 1,205.09 F.
Lucille Jolle Pontlac, 144478	Senior four 23,830.2 M. 3.94% 938.52 F.
Queen Plebe Mercedes, 154610	Junior four 30,230.2 M. 3.68% 1,111.56 F.
Duchess Hengerveld Korndyke, 131752	Senior three 22,897.0 M. 3.95% 903.38 F.
Finderne Holingen Fayne, 144551	Junior three 24,612.8 M. 4.53% 1,116.05 F.
K. P. Manor Kate, 126416	Senior two 22,106.4 M. 3.70% 818 73 F.
Finderne Mutual Fayne, 183215	Junior two [22,150,4 M . ] 4,34%   960,51 F

CLASSES—All animals over 5 years of age are in the full-age class; animals 4 1-2 to 5 in the senior four-year class, 4 to 4 1-2 in the junior four-year class, 3 1-2 to 4 in the senior three-year class, 3 to 3 1-2 in the junior three-year class, 2 1-2 to 3 in the senior two-year class, and all animals younger than 2 1-2 years in the junior two-year class.

#### THE MERCHANTS' ASSOCIATION OF NEW YORK.

THE MERCHANTS' ASSOCIATION OF NEW YORK.

The Merchants' Association of New York is a commercial and civic organization whose object it is "to foster the trade and welfare of New York," to develop its industries, and to protect and promote its interests. The association was founded in 1897. Headquarters, Woolworth Building, 233 Broadway. It has about 5,000 members, representing every trade, industry, and profession, doing business in all the five boroughs of the city. President—William Fellowes Morgan. Secretary—S. C. Mead.

The organization includes a Research Bureau, a Traffic Bureau, an Industrial Bureau, a Foreign Trade Bureau, a Convention Bureau, a Publicity Bureau, and a Membership Bureau. It is a membership corporation, governed by a board of twenty-four directors elected by the membership. The association has thirty-three standing committees, who make recommendations to the directors. The annual dues are \$50.

#### COAL PRODUCTION.\*

AREA of coal fields in the United States, 450,839 square miles, including 89,482 square miles supposed, but not definitely known, to contain usable coal, and 28,470 square miles in which the coal lies under cover 3,000 or more feet in thickness. Estimated available supply at close of 1913 (short tons), 3,538,506,328,300. In regard to the coal supplies of the countries outside of the United States, the Geological Survey does not know of any official estimates, with the exception of those of Great Britain, which have been placed by the Royal Commission of Coal Supplies at approximately 180,000,000,000 short tons. A statement by the Secretary of the Bituminous Coal Trade Association places the German supply at 164,344,000,000 short tons; Canada's known supplies at 100,000 000,000 tons tons, Japan at 50,000,000,000 Austria-Hungary, 30,000,000,000 Belgimn, 20,000,000 000 Despinn, 20,000,000,000 German at 50,000,000,000 Austria-Hungary, 30,000,000,000 Belgimn, 20,000,000 000 Spain 4,000,000,000

The same authority places the contents of the Chinese fields at 1,500,000,000,000 Short tons His estimates of the areas in square miles of the countries outside of the United States are as follows China. 232,500, Canada, 65,000; India, 35,000, New South Wales, 24,000, Russia, 20,000, Great Britain, 12,000; Spain 4,500, Japan, 5,500; Farnace, 2,500; Austria-Hungary, 1,800 Germany, 1,700; Belgium, 500; Sheria, Central Asia, and Africa 180,000

A monograph of the Coal Resources of the World was compiled by the Executive Committee of the Twelfth International Congress of Geology, which met at Toronto Canada, August 7 to 14, 1913. The total resources are estimated at 7,397,533 million tons, of which 4,000,000 million tons are bituminous, 3,000,000 million tons brown coal and the remainder anthracte.

The world's annual production of coal in short tons la countries approximating 1,000,000 tons, or more

million tons brown coal and the remainder anthracite.

The world's annual production of coal in short tons in countries approximatiog 1,000,000 tons or more are as follows. with the year in parentheses: United States (1914) 513,525,477. Great Britain (1914) 297,698,617, Germany (1914) 270,594,952, Austria-Hungary (1913) 59,647,957. France (1913) 45,108,524, Russia (1913) 35,500,674. Belgium (1913) 25,196,869, Japan (1914) 21,700,572. Chima (1913) 15,432,200, India (1913) 15,63856, Canada (1914) 13,537,982. New South Wales (1914) 11,644,476. Spain (1913) 473,647, Transvaal (1913) 5,225,036. Natal (1913) 2,898,726. New Zealand (1913) 2,115,834. Holland (1913) 2,064,608. Asiatic Russia (1910) 1,371,261, Chile (1913) 1362,334. Queensland (1914) 1,180,805. Mexico (1912) 982,396.

The total world's production in 1911 was approximately 1,310,000,000 short tons, in 1912 approximately 1,374,755,000 tons, ond it is estimated that in 1914 the total decreased to about 1,345,322,000 short tons. The United States in 1914 contributed 38 per cent. Great Britain 22 per cent. and Germany 20 per cent. In 1914 the United States decreased its production approximately by 55,000,000 tons, or 10 per cent. Great Britain by 24,000,000 tons, or 7 per cent. and Germany by 11,000,000 tons, or 7 per cent. Great Britain by 24,000,000 tons, or 7 per cent. Great Britain by 24,000,000 tons, or 7 per cent. Great Britain by 24,000,000 tons, or 7 per cent. Great Britain by 24,000,000 tons, or 7 per cent. Great Britain by 24,000,000 tons, or 7 per cent. Great Britain by 24,000,000 tons, or 7 per cent. Great Britain by 24,000,000 tons, or 7 per cent. Great Britain by 24,000,000 tons, or 7 per cent. Great Britain by 24,000,000 tons, or 7 per cent. Great Britain by 24,000,000 tons, or 7 per cent. Great Britain by 24,000,000 tons, or 7 per cent. Great Britain by 24,000,000 tons, or 7 per cent. Great Britain by 24,000,000 tons, or 7 per cent. Great Britain by 24,000,000 tons, or 7 per cent. Great Britain by 24,000,000 tons, or 7 per cent. 300,000 tons,

COAL PRODUCTION OF THE UNITED STATES, 1915 (TONS OF 2,000 POUNDS).

COAR TROBECTION OF THE UNITED STATES, 1915 (TONS OF 2,000 TOUMDS).								
		VALUE AT N	IINE.			VALUE AT N	IINE.	
STATES	Tons	Total Per Ton.		STATES.	Tons.	Total.	Per Ton.	
Bituminous Alabama Arkansas California. Idaho, and Nevada Colorado Georgia Illinois. Indiana. Iowa Kansas Kentucky. Maryland Michigan Missouri. Montana New Mexico North Dakota Ohio	14,927,937 1 652 106 12,503 8,624,980 58,829,576 17,006,152 7,614 143 6,824,474 21 361,674 1 156 138 2,789 755 3 817,940 523 434,691	2,950,456 32,054 13,599,264 231,861 64.622,471 18.637,476 13.577,608 11.360,630 21.494,008 5.330,845 2.372,797 6.595,918 4.526,509 5.481,361 766,072	1.79 2.56 1.58 1.72 1.10 1.78 1.66 1.66 1.28 2.05 1.73 1.64 1.44	Total bituminous Penn anthracite Grand total	3 693 580 39,231 157,955,137 10,593 5,730,361 2,088,993 3,108,715 77,184,069 6,554,028 442,624,426 88,995,061 531,619,487	111,240 167,419,705 16,384 6,479,916 3,445,487 4,916,916 7,962,934 5,276,299 74,561,349 9,555,804	2.84 1.06 1.55 1.13 1.65 1.58 2.17 .97 1.46 1.13 2.07	

Figures reported by the U. S. Geological Survey Average number of employes in 1915 734,008.

### PIC IRON PRODUCTION IN PRINCIPAL COUNTRIES.

THE following table is taken from Metal Statistics. The grand totals are regarded as representing the world's production of pig iron (in long tons) and the United States produces about 40 per cent. of the total.

COUNTRY.	1850.	1890.	1900.	1910.	1912.	1914.
United States	563,755	9.202,703	13 789,242	27 303.567	29,726,937	23 332 244
Germany		4.584.882	8.381.373	14,559,509	17.586.521	14 162 147
Great Brltain	2,300,000	7,904,214	8,959,691	10,012,098	8.889,124	9,005 898
France	405,653	1,931,188	2.669,966	3,974,478	4 870,913	c3 500 000
Russla	227,555	912,561	2,889,789	2,992,058	4 133.000	4,190,000
Austria-Hungary	250,000	910,685	1,472,695	2,153,788	2.276 141	c1,500,000
Belginm	144,452	775,385	1,001,872	1,822,821	2.307.853	c1 500,000
Canada	1	19,439	86,090	740,210	912,878	705 972
Sweden	150,000	483,155	518,263	594,385	688,757	629 608
Spaln		176,598	289,315	367.423	c402,209	c400 000
Italy		[ 14,094	23,569	347,657	373,960	379.028
Other countries c	10,000	80,000	100,000	400 000	350,000	500 000
Total	4,401,415	26,994,904	40,181,865	65,267 994	72,719,002	59,804,897

b Provisional, c Estimated. Estimate for 1915 60 000 000 long tons.

# STEEL PRODUCTION.\*

Austrla-Hungary (1912), 2,685,611 tons; Belglum (1911), 1,537,000 tons; Canada (1913), 1,042,503 gross tons, (1914) 694,447 gross tons; France (1912), †4,403,688 tons; Germanyt (1912), 17,301,998 tons; Italy (1912), 917,911 tons; Russia (1911), 2.519,000 tons; Spain (1911), 228,230 tons; Sweden (1912), 515,738 tons; United Kingdom (1911), 656,231 tons; United States (1913) 32,151,036 gross tons, (1914) 23,513,030 gross tons all other countries (1911), 325,000 tons. Later foreign reports not available at time Almanac went to press.

\*Production is shown in metric tons, except for the United States and Canada. † Ingots only. ‡ Inevalent \*\*Ingots only. \*\*Ingots

cluding Luxemburg.

# PRODUCTION OF CRUDE PETROLEUM IN THE UNITED STATES. (From a Report of the United States Geological Survey.)

PETROLEUM MARKETED IN UNITED STATES AND PETROLEUM PRODUCTS EXPORTED

I ETHOLEGIE MARKIETED IN CHIEF CHIEF TENDER THOSE CONTROL ENCORTED.								
	MARKETED	PRODUCTION.	EXPORTS.					
Year.	Barrels of 42 Gallons.	Gallons.	Mineral,	Crude.*	Mineral, Refined or Man- ufactured; Naphtha, Benzine, Gasoline, Etc.			
			Galions.	Value.	Gallons.	Value.		
1906	126,493,936	5,312,745,312		\$7,731,226	27.544.939	\$2,488,401		
1910	209,557,248	8.801,404 416			100,695,382			
1911	220,449,391	9,258,874,422						
1912	222,935,044	9,363,271,848			186,000,094			
1913	248,446,230				188,043,379			
1914	265,762,535	11,162,026 470			209,692,655			
1915	281,104,104	11,806,372,368	158,263,069	4,282,827	281,609,081	33,885,047		

* Including all natural oils, without regard to gravity.									
	EXPORTS.								
	Miner	al, Refined o	or Manufact	ured.	1		1		
YEAR.	Illumin	ating.	Lubricating (Heavy Paraffin, Etc.)		Residuum.†		Total Exports.		
	Gallons.	Value.	Gallons.	Value.	Gallons.	Value.	Gallons.	Value.	
1906	878,274,104	\$54,858.312	151,268,522	\$18,689,622	64,644,765	\$1,971,305	1,269,777,645	\$85,738,866	
1910	940,247 039		163,832,544		117,605,802		1,502,491,933		
	1,112,295,006		183,319,645		133,979,087 266,236,938		1,768,731,699 1,883,479,897		
	1,026,138,239 1,119,441,243		216,393,206 207,639,092				2.136.465.721		
	1.010,449,253		191,647,570				2,240,033,652		
1016	026 050 665	40 088 507	230 678 795	22 459 641	812 216 209	22.325 557	2 328 725 749	1142 941 669	

† Tar, pitch, and all other, from which the light bodies have been distilied. WORLD'S PRODUCTION OF PETROLEUM.

	1915.		1914.		Тотац, 1857-1915.		
COUNTRY.	Production.	Per-	Production.	Per-	Production.	Per-	
	Bbls., 42 galls.	centage.	Bbls., 42 galls.	centage.	Bbls., 42 galls.	centage.	
United States	a281,104,104				a3,616,561,244		
Russla	68,548,062						
Mexico,	32,910,508	7.69					
Roumanla	12,029,913						
Dutch East Indies (b)	b12.386.808		b12,705,208				
Indla	8,202,674	1.92	c8,000,000				
Galicia	4,158,899	.97	c5,033,350				
Japan and Formosa	3,118,464	.73	1 2.738.378		30,169 622		
Peru	2,487,251	.58	1,917,802	.48	16,794,223	.28	
Germany	995,764	.23	c995,764		13,961,333		
Egypt			777,038		1,308,496		
Trinidad	c750,000		643,533				
Canada	215,464	05	214,805		23,709,074	.39	
Italy	39,548	.01	39,548		842,020	.01	
Other countries	10,000	,01	d620,000	.16	372,000	.01	

100.00 100.00 427,695,347 400,483,489 10.000 6,018,260,040 a Marketed production. b Includes British Borneo c Estimated. d Includes 600,000 barrels produced in Argentina in 1914 and 516,120 in 1915.

PRODUCTION OF COPPER, TIN, AND ZING.

COPPER:—The following figures for world's copper in 1914 are taken from Metal Statistics, 1916, pp. 176-7, being quoted from Henry R. Merton & Co., London. All are in tons of 2,240 pounds: Artica: Cape Colony, 3,455: Namaqua, 2,300; sundries, 18,000; Argentina (Note a); Australasia, 37,000; Austria, 4,000; Bolivia, Coro-Coro, 2,700; Canada, 33,810; Chile, 35,145; Cuba, 6,525; England, 400; German (Note a); Hungary, Including Serbia and Bosnia, 4,400; Italy, 1,600; Japan, 67,000; Mexico, Boleo, 11,300; other Mexican, 23,580; Newfoundiand (Note a); Norway, Sulitelma, 4,725; other Norweglan, 7,125; Peru, 22,515; Russia, 3,1,435; Sweden, 1,000; Spain and Portugal, Rio Tinto, 2,1515; Tharsis, 3,600; Mason & Barry. 22,65; Sevilla, 1,435; Other mines, 7,700; Turkey, 560; Venezuella, 1,000; The copper production of the United States in 1915 was distributed as follows, 560; Venezuella, 1,000; The copper production of the United States in 1915 was distributed as follows, 7,272; TS; Unlan, 6,217,728; Maryland, 15,26; Mchielan, 235,964,40; Missa, 37,636,440; Missa, 7,636,440; Missa, 7,

CCUNTRIES.	1914.	1915.	COUNTRIES.	1914.	1915.
Australia. Hoiland. Japan.	18,098	12,243	Spain Sweden United States	10,028	17,349 489,51 <b>9</b>

<sup>\*</sup>Estimated. (a) Figures not available.

Italy...Other countries....

# EXPLOSIVES IN THE UNITED STATES.

(Report of United States Bureau of Mines.)

AMOUNT OF EXPLOSIVES (EXCLUDING EXPORTS) MANUFACTURED AND USED IN THE UNITED STATES DURING THE CALENDAR YEAR 1915.

KIND OF EXPLOSIVE.	Coal Mining.	Other Mining.	Railway and Other Cou- struction Work.	All Other Purposes.	Total.
Black blasting powder High explosives other than permissible Permissible explosives*	22,384,025	109,128,966	22,279,699	Pounds. 16,257,975 82,035,897 680,897	235,328,587
Total	211,739,634	120,520,126	29,666,267	98,974,769	460,900,796

The figures represent a decrease of 8,377,400 pounds of black powder, an linerease of 17,374.616 pounds of high explosives, and an increase of 1,652,091 pounds of permissible explosives, as commared with 1914.

\* Include ammonium nitrate explosives, hydrated explosives, organic nitrate explosives, and certain nitroglycerine explosives containing an excess of free water or earbon. All permissible explosives have passed certain tests of the Bureau of Mines, and are not to be regarded as permissible unless used in the manner specified by the bureau.

# EXPORTS OF EXPLOSIVES, YEARS ENDING JUNE 30. (Report of Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce.)

KIND OF EXPLOSIVE.		914.	19	915.	1916.		
KIND OF EXPLOSIVE.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	
Cartridges.  Dynamite lbs. Gunpowder lbs. All other	14,464,601 989,385	247,200	7,712,999	5.091.542	20,104,804 212,821,076	\$37,083,488 3,893,675 173,736,374 252,368,391	
Total		\$6,272,197		\$41,476,188		\$467,081,928	

#### EMPLOYEES IN MUNITION PLANTS.

Statistics of 1906 placed the number of men in the Krupp works at 30,000. A recent work on the Krupps places the number of employes at Essen just before the war at 85,000, and states that since the declaration of hostilities the number has been increased to 100,000. In connection with the strike at the Remington Arms Company works at Dridgeport in August, 1915, the following figures were published, giving the number of men employed in the various arms and munition factories of New England at that time:

Remington Arms and Ammunition Company . 16,000	Iver Johnson Arms Company
Union Metallic Cartriage Company14,000	General Electric Company (Pittsfield) *8,000
Colt Potent Fire Arms Company 15,000	Marlin Fire Arms Company
Smith & Wessen Company 4 000	J. Stevens Arms and Tool Company 4 000
Hopkins and Allen 3.000	J. Stevens Arms and Tool Company 4,000 U. S. Cartridge Company 2,000

<sup>\*</sup> In addition to this number the General Electric Company has about 15,000 employés in Schenectady, N. Y., and about 22,000 elsewhere in the United States, making a total for this company of about 45,000.

# FOURTH OF JULY ACCIDENTS.

The Journal of the American Medical Association has kept a record of the accidents in the United States, due annually to the celebration of Independence Day.

YEAR.	Killed.	Injured.	Total.	YEAR.	Killed.	Injured.	Total.
1905. 1906. 1907. 1908. 1909.	158 164 163	4,994 5,308 4,249 5,460 5,092 2,792	5,176 5,466 4,413 5,623 5,307 2,923	1911. 1912. 1913. 1914. 1915.	41 32 40	1,546 945 1,163 1,506 1,135 820	1,603 986 1,195 1,546 1,165 850

The decrease from 466 deaths in 1903 to 30 ln 1916 was due to more intelligent methods of celebration, the most marked decrease taking piace in States where the agitation for restrictive measures was strongest.

# PRODUCTION OF LEAD.\*

IN SHORT TONS (2,000 LBS.), APPORTIONED ACCORDING TO SOURCE OF ORE.
(Report of United States Geological Survey.)

COUNTRY.	1912.	1913.	COUNTRY.	1912.	1913.
Australia	23,589	26,565	Russla. Spain.	205,799	223,767
Belgium Canada France	17,968 34,282	18,849 30,864	Sweden Turkey in Asia Other countries	13,779	15,322
Germany	194,666 32,187	33,629	United States (domestic, re- fined)	392,517	411,878
Greece	23,699	23,920	TotalUnited States percentage of	1,282,513	1,270,458
Japan	132,276	68,343	world's production	30.6	32.4

<sup>\*</sup>Owing to the war no figures of the world's production since 1913 are available.

#### MINERAL PRODUCTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

(From a statement prepared by the United States Geological Survey for calendar year 1915.)

#### METALLIC.

PRODUCT.		15.	Doorwan	19	15.
T RODUCT.	Quantity.	Value	PRODUCT.	Quantity.	Value.
Aluminum (consumpt'n) lbs	99,806.000	\$17 985.500	Platinum and alised metals.		
Antimonial lead $(a)$ s. t. Antimony $(b)$ s, t.	23.224 *2,000	3 665 736 *6325.000	value at N. Y. City.troy oz	8,665	\$478,688
Bauxitel. t.	297,041		Quicksliver, value at S Fran- ciscoflasks (75 lbs net)	21,033	1.826,912
Cadmium	91.415	108 443	Silver trov oz.	74.961.075	37,397,300
Chromic iron ore t Copper (c) value at New	3.281	36,744	Tin (metallic equivalent) lbs. Titanium ore (rutile)s. t.	*204,000 *250	*78,846 *27,500
York City	1.388.009.527	242.902,000	Tungsten ore (60 p. c concen-		*21,500
Ferro-alloys (d)i. t.	4 007 204	17 450 385 101,035 700	trates)s. t.	*2,256	*3,500,000
Gold $(e)$ troy oz. Iron $\{ \text{Ore } (f) \dots \} $ t	55, 193 100	101,033,100	Uranium and vanadium min- eralss. t.		*693,750
		401 409,604	Value at St. Louis		
Lead (refined) (c) value at New York City s. t.	507 026	47 660 000	Zine (c) { (1914) s. t. Sales value (1915) .	458,135	113,617,000
Manganese ore t.	9 709	113 309			
Manganiferous ore (g) I t. Nickel (h). value at New	185,238	266 380	Total value of metalic		******
York City	*1,120,000	*448,222	products		*\$992,216,853

#### NON-METALLIC

	19	15	}	1915.		
PRODUCT	Quantity	Value	PRODUCT.	Quantity.	Vaiue.	
Arsenlous oxides t	*5,195	*\$207 780	Mineral waters gals. sold	52,113,503		
Asbestos	1,731 740,254	76,952 5,242,073	Natural gas. Oilstones, etc		101,312,381 115,175	
Barytes (crude)s. t	108.547	381 032	Peat	1	*308,500	
Borax (crude)s. t	67 003	1 677 099	Petroleumbarrels (42 gals.).	281.104.104	179,462,890	
Brominelbs	855,857 20,535	856 307 139 830	Phosphate rockl. t. Pumices. t.	1,835,667 27,708	5,413,449 63,185	
Characte housely (200 the not)	OF COT DOG	75 155,102	Pyrite t.	394.124	1,674,933	
Clay   Productss. t	2.362.954	163 120,232 f3,971 941	Saitbarrels (280 lbs., net)	38,231,496		
(Dituminous (i) a t	440 631 136	502.037.688	Sand Glasss. t. Moulding, building,	1,884,044	1,606,640	
Coal Penna. anthracite 1 t	79 459 876	184,653,498	etc., and gravel.s. t.	74,719,259	21,514,977	
Cobait oxideibs	41.581.150		Sand-lime bricks. t.	112,575	1,135,104 273,553	
Diatomaccous (infusorial)			Slate		4,958,915	
earth and tripolis. t	3.063	£611,021 31.131	Stone	(m)	74,595,352	
Feldspar			Sulphur	(1/6)	(m)	
Fluorspars. t	136,941	764,475	from copper and zinc			
Fuller's earths. t		489,219	smelterss. t.		7,621,241	
posess. t	4,301	139,584	sive of fibrous taic)s. t.		1,026,739	
Gems and precious stones		170.431	Tale, fibrouss t.	88,214	864,843	
Graphite { Amorphouss. t Crystallineibs	1,18i 7,074,370		Thorium minerais (mena- zite), and zircon lbs.			
Grindstones and pulpstones.		648,479				
Gypsums. t		6,596,893 14 336,756	Total value of non-metal- lic products		*1 202 400 705	
Limes. t Magnesite (crude)s t			Total value of metallic		1,393,490,123	
Scrap 8. t	3,959		products		*992,216,853	
Milstones	553,821	378,259 53,480	Unspecified (0), metallic and non-metallic (estimate)		0 6,000,000	
(Natural pig	1			\		
Mineral   ments (l) s t Paints   Zinc and lead pig		551.598	Grand total		,*2,391,707,578	
ments (l)s. t		14,962,461	}	1	}	

<sup>\*</sup>Subject to final revision (a) From both domestic and foreign ores. (b) From all sources. Values excluded from metrilic totals as the values of the antimony contained in antimonial lead are included in the antimonial lead values and the remainder under Unspecified. (c) Product from domestic ores only. (d) Ferro-alloys include ferro-manganese, epigedelsen, ferro-silicon, ferro-phosphorus, ferro-molybdenum, ferro-tungsten, and ferro-vanadium (e) Value, \$20 671834625323 an ounce. (f) Value not included in total value (g) Exclusive of those ores from Lake Superior district running so low in manganese as to be classed with from ore. (a) By-product in electrolytic copper refining. (f) 1941; Consists of 4,294 tons of uranium ore (carnotite), valued at \$441,300, including the value of 22.3 grams of radium, not isolated, and 452 tons of vanadium in roscocitte and carnotite ores with an arbitrarily assigned value of \$500,000. (f) Includes brown coal and flighte, and anthractic mined cleswhere than in Pennsylvania. (k) Exclusive of considerable production for special uses, value of which is included under "Unspecified." (f) Natural pigments: Sublimed blue lead, sublimed white lead, leaded zinc oxide, zinc oxide, and zinc lead. (m) Value included under "Unspecified." (n) Includes \$3,193 tons of stronger acid, reported as oleme, etc., not converted to 60° Baumé. (6) includes in 1915 bismuth, cadmium sulphide, dilatomaceous earth for special uses, limente, lithium minerale, mails molybdenum, selelnum, siliva sand and sandstone (finely ground), sulphur, and an estimate of the value of miscellaneous mineral products not collected annually by the Survey.

# PRODUCTION OF LICUORS AND WINES IN THE UNITED STATES.

PRODUCTION OF FERMENTED LIQUORS AND DISTILLED SPIRITS.

YEAR ENDED	PRODUCT	ON OF DI	Fer-	tion of	Total Pro- duction of				
JUNE 30.	Whiskey.	Rum.	Gin.	Alcohol.	Com'reial Alcohol.	Total.‡	Liquors.	Fruit Brandy.†	Distilled Spirits.‡
1910 1911 1912 1913	Gallons 82,463,894 100,647,155 98,209,574 99,615,828 88,698,797	2,832,516 2,750,816	3,577,832 4,014,601	24,408,462 27,629,345 30,320,894	\$44,205,330 \$45,863,685 48,560,920	Gallons, 156,237,526 175,402,395 178,249 985 185,353,383 174,611,645	62,176,694 65,324,876	7,953,132 9,321,823 8,252,879	183,355,527 187,571,808 193,606,258

NOTE-1915 figures not available when Almanac went to press.

(a) In 1909 and 1910, as classified by Internal Revenue Circular No. 723, embodying opinion of Attorney-General as to names of spirits; in later years, as classified by Internal Revenue Circular No. 737, embodying opinion of the President, dated December 27, 1909.
Of not more then 31 gallons. The figures include fermented liquors secured from breweries for export,

• Of not more then 31 galtons. The figures include fermented liquors secured from breweries for export, free of tax. † Including apple, peach, and grape. † Including also ligh wines and miscellaneous spirits. § Neutral and cologne spirits after 1910.

Distilled spirits other than fruit brandy (tax paid for consumption), 1909, 114,799,465 gallons; 1910, 126,433,592 gallons; 1911, 132,166,143 gallons; 1912, 133,377,455 gallons; 1913, 140,418,289 gallons; 1914, 136,433,749 gallons.

The production of wines in the United States in 1915 was as follows: Collifornia, sweet, 3,825,000; dry, 20,000,000; New York, 1,250,000; Ohio, 2,000,000; Missouri, 400,000; New Hork, 1,250,000; Ohio, 2,000,000; Missouri, 400,000; New Jersey, 200,000; Virginia, 100,000; North Carolina, 150,000; other States, 150,000.

# IMPORTATION OF SPIRITS, MALT LIQUORS, AND WINES

INTO THE UNITED STATES. IN QUANTITIES.

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30.	1913.	1914.	1915.	1916.
Malt liquors, in bottles or jugs, gallons. Malt liquors, not in bottles or jugs, gallons. Spirlts, distilled and spirituous compounds, brandy, proof gallons Spirlts, distilled and spirituous compounds, all other, proof gallons Spirits, domestic manufacture, returned, gallons. Wines, still wines in casks, gallons. Wines, still wines in bottles, dozen. Wines, champagnes and other sparkling, dozen.	6,245,922 610,358 3,470,352 113,950 4,417,130 677,111	1,213,320 5,963,913 602,563 3,558,280 88,056 5,220,380 728,303 270,002	799,946 2,251,158 400,203 2,889,534 51,472 3,860,273 626,565 114,630	872,402 1,740,333 536,342 3,417,157 26,118 3,455,756 547,119 206,210
VALUES.				
Malt liquors	\$3,290,265}	\$2,967,029	\$1,587,3981	\$1,456,893

Spirits, distilled and compounds (a).
Wines. (a) Compounds not included after 1908.

#### CONSUMPTION OF SPIRITS MALT LIQUORS AND WINES

6,374,157 10,078,707

7.263.848

10,116,669

5,570,322 6,247,183

7,231,569 7,996,894

IN THE UNITED STATES, IN GALLONS,

	Diemerten	Corpane C	OMETIMEN	WINES C	OMETIMED	MALTITATION	RS CONSUMED	
YEAR			ONSUMED.	WINES C	DINSUMED.	WINEI LIQUO	to COMSUMIND	Total
ENDED	Domestic	Spirits.	Imported	Domestic	Imported	Domestic	Imported	Consump-
JUNE 30.	FromFruit.	All Other		Wines.			Malt Liu'rs.	tion.
	From Franc.	. The Other.	L/011105.	111100.	*********	THE LING LO.	Tractio Did to.	
1905	1,595,021	116,544,802	2,729,826	29,369,408	5,690,309	1,533,325,442	5,201,168	1.694,455,976
1906								
1907	1,993,688	134,308,693	3,782,035	50,079,283	7,659,565			2.020,136,809
1908	1,670,031	119,951,185	3,758,098	44,421,269	7,700,377	1,821,418,322	7,311,126	2,006,233,408
1909		111,913,702						1,935,544,011
1910		126,593,951						2,045,353,420
1911	2,434,015	132,315,123	3,836,821					2,169,356,975
1912		133,502,079	3,544,921	50,619,880	5,804,831	1,925,361,507	7,169,677	2,128,452,226
1913								
1914		136,521,805	4,220,670	44,973,643	7,444,787	2,049,236,412	7,170,696	2,252,272,765
1915		121,690,596	2,952,448	27,255,690	5,656,219	1,852,136,960	3,387,324	2,015,595,291

# CONSUMPTION OF MALT LIQUORS, WINE, AND ALCOHOL IN PRINCIPAL COUNTRIES. IN GALLONS.\*

COUNTRIES.	Year.	Malt Llquors.	Wine.	Alcohol.	COUNTRIES.	Year.	Malt Liquors.	Wine.	Alcohol.
United States. United King'm Russia. Germany. France. Spain. Belglum. Italy Austria.	1913 1910 1913 1912	446,422,000 19,126,000	13,705,000 55,467,000 1,758,900,000 350,343,000	43,538,000 229,722,000 98,863,000 80,096,000 12,812,000 12,046,000	Sweden. Norway. Denmark. Portugal. Netherlands. Switzerland. Hungary. Roumania. Bulgaria.	1912 1909 1913 1912 1912 1909	70,216,000 13,500,000 61,499,000 46,893,000 b82,051,000 88,365,000 4,914,000 3,196,000	1,030,000 1,004,000 146,271,000 2,052,000 62,344,000 53,838.000 33,682,000	2,338,000 6,842,000 8,483,000 3,857,000 443,667,000 6,657,000

Note—Quantities of alcohol are stated in U. S. proof gallons (at 50%). a Distilled spirits. b Year 1911. c Year 1910. d Year 1909. \*Later data of foreign countries not available because of war.

#### WINE PRODUCTION OF THE WORLD.

THE following table shows estimates of wine production in gallons by the principal wine-producing countries according to the French publication Moniteur Vinicole, and is for the year 1915.

COUNTRIES.	Gallons.	COUNTRIES.	Gallons.	COUNTRIES.	Gailons.
France	501,923,000	Germany	26,417,000	Bolivia Corsica	1,107,506
Spain	135,757,518 127,409,191	Switzerand Bulgarla Brazil.	19,812,750 13,208,500	Azores, Canaries and Madeira Canada	924,595 475,506
Russia	105,668,000 105,668,000	Turkey and Cyprus. Tunis Australia	13,208,500 13,049,998	Mexico	39,625
Roumania	58,117,400 52,834,000	Cape of Good Hope.	5,943,825 4,622,975	Luxemburg	26,417
Hungary United States		Peru			2,248,993,805 4,276,295,485

#### THE NATIONAL TEMPERANCE SOCIETY.

President—Rev. David S. Dodge. Editor and Lecturer—Prof. A. A. Hopkins, Ph. D. Secretary—Frederick Gates. Treasurer—James C. Crawford.

The National Temperance Society and Publication House was organized in 1865 for the special work of creating and circuitating sound temperance literature to promote the cause of total abstinence from all intoxicants, and to unity and concentrate the temperance and Christian sentiment ct the Nation against the drink habit and the drink traffic. The headquarters of the society is at 373 Fourth Avenue, New York City.

# MINERAL WATER TRADE IN UNITED STATES.

(From a report of United States Geological Survey.)

THOUGH the total value of production in 1915 exceeded that in 1914 the maximum production and value of 1911 were not equalled. There seems to be a general tendency toward increased sales of table waters. decreased sales of medicinal waters, decreased number of active springs, and greatly increased sales of a few waters. The statistics of production in the United States during the last five years, shown in the following table, indicate a gradual decline in quantity sold since 1911.

#### MINERAL WATERS SOLD IN THE UNITED STATES, 1911-1915.

YEAR.	Commer- cial Springs.	Quantity Sold.	Value.	Average Price Per Gallon.		Commer- cial Springs.	Quantity Sold.	Value.	Average Price Per Gallon.
1911 1912 1913	746		6,615,671	11	1914 1915		Gallons 54,358,466 52,113,503		

In 1915, as in 1913 and 1914, nearly half the trade in mineral waters was in the hands of a few very large producers. Five springs, as in 1913 and 1914, sold more than 1,000,000 gallons each, and 16 springs, as compared with 18 in 1914 and 20 in 1913, sold more than 50,000 gallons each. The total output of these 16 springs was 18,483,823 gallons, valued at \$2,016,445. The total output of the 20 largest producers in 1915 was 20,312,142 gallons, valued at \$2,087,895, as compared with an output by the 20 largest producers in 1914 of 21,356,203 gallons, valued at \$1,636,316. Fifty springs in 1915 did more than \$20,000 worth of business each, selling a total of 23,717,725 gallons for \$3,421,153. Fifty-one prings in 1914 did more than \$20,000 worth of business each, selling a total of 26,731,787 gallons for \$3,050,563. Corresponding figures for 1913 are 54 springs, 28,769,596 gallons, and \$3,042,964. The decrease in quantity of mineral waters sold in 1915 by the large producers is equivalent to 11 per cent, and the increase in value is equivalent to 12 per cent. These differences indicate a tendency toward increase in price during 1915. In addition to those large producers, however, there were 762 others whose sales ranged from \$5 to \$20,000 and whose fields of activity are general. fields of activity are general.

#### MINERAL WATER USED IN THE MANUFACTURE OF SOFT DRINKS. 1915.

	WINELEND WATER COLD IN			Creits of coll Entitle, 1	
RANK.	State.	Quantity.	RANK.	State.	Quantity.
234 56 789	Massachusetts. Wisconsin. Minnesota. Virginia. New York. Connecticut. Illinois. Pennsylvania. North Dakota. Colorado.	802,417 435,601 350,753 340,976 320,469 267,880 261,407 250,000	12 13 14 15 16 17	South Carolina Kentucky. Iowa Michigan Maryland Now Hampshire Arkansas. Other States. Total	185,385 152,411 144,728 120,000 118,250 100,000 530,508

### MINERAL WATERS IMPORTED INTO THE UNITED STATES 1911-1915.

YEAR.	Quantity.		Price Per Gallon.		Quantity.		Price Per Gallon.
1911 1912 1913	1 3,499,4971	930.0911	27	1914	Gallons. 2,786,142 1,528,181	\$857,707 551,648	

# LIQUOR TRAFFIC AND PROHIBITION STATES.

LIQUOR LICENSES AND FEES.

Alabama—Prohibition.
Alaska—Local option under acts of Congress.
Prohibition effective in 1917.

Arlzona—Prohibition.
Arkansas—Prohibition.
California—Local option, fee by authorities.
Colorado—Prohibition.

Connecticut—Local ontion, fee \$415 to \$759.

Delaware—Wholesale liquor dealers, \$500; liquor merchants, \$200; Inn or tavern in cities or towns of 10,000 luhabitants or over, \$300; all other places, \$200. Kent and Sussex Counties, local option, no license tax.

license tax.

District of Columbia—Licenses issuable at discretion of Excise Board, except within certain prescribed areas in which public institutions are located; except within certain distances of churches and educational institutions, and subject to other restrictions in the interest of public order and the diminution of temptation. Wholesale fee, \$800; bar-room fee, \$1,500 per annum.

Florida—Local option, fee \$1,000, Governor-elect in 1916 and Legislature pledged to State-wide prohibition.

prohibition.

Georgia—Prohibition. Hawail—License by commissions appointed by the

Governor.

Governor. Idaho—Prohibition.
Illinois—Local option license by City Council or Village or County Board, fee not less than \$500; matt liquors, \$150.
Indiana—Fee for retail license, \$200. In cities of the first and second class an additional license fee of \$300 is required, and in other cities and towns an additional lee of \$200 is required. In townships outside of cities and towns an additional fee of \$50 is required. These last fees are increased in some \$200 is required. These last fees are increased in some \$200 is required. \$200 to \$300, where action was taken making such increases within 30 days after the law became effective in 1911.

nective in 1911.

Iowa—Prohibition.

Kansas—Prohibition.

Kentucky—County local option. In some eases city license for saloons runs as high as \$1,500.

Louisiana—Local option, fee \$200 up.

Maine—Prohibition.

Maine—Prohibition.

Maryland—Local option, fee varies. In Baltimore City, retail, 81,100.

Massachusetts—Local option, fee for first-class license not less than \$1,000; number limited, one to one thousand inhabitants; in Boston, number not to exceed one thousand licensed places.

Michigan—Prohibition by vote of 1916.

Minnesota—Not a State-wide prohibition State, Has county option law, and about forty-five of the eighty-six counties are dry.

Mississippi—Prohibition.

Missouri—Section 7199 R. S. Missouri for 1909 provides that upon every dramshop license "there shall be levied a tax of not less than \$100 nor more

than \$200 for State purposes, and not less than \$250 nor more than \$400 for county purposes, for every period of six months."

Montana-Semi-annual ice, \$165-\$330. Probibition

Montana—Semi-annua les. 3165-S330. Probibition in effect January 1 1919.

Nebraska—Prohibition by vote of 1916.

Nebraska—Prohibition by vote of 1916.

Nevada—State Itenes \$150 per annum wholesale, \$160 per annum retail, drug store \$25 per annum. New Hampshire—License by majority of voters, fees based on population, maximum \$1,200. Dictillers and bewers' maximum \$2,000.

New Mexico—General license issued by County Cierk on assessment fixed by County Assessor, which is from \$100 to \$400, according to population of precinct or municipality. County Commissioners have power to revoke for specified statutory causes. Municipalities may impose additional tax without limit. Governor-elect in 1916 and Legislature pledged to State-wide prohibition. hibition.

New York—Local option in towns, fee \$187.50-\$1,500, according to population.
North Carolina—Prohibition.
North Dakota—Prohibition.
Ohio—Application fee, \$5. Certificate, \$100. Tax on the business, \$1,000.
Oklahoma—Prohibition.
Oregom—Prohibition.

Pennsylvania-License under control of courts, fee \$100-\$1,100.

Porto Rico—Licenses controlled by the Treasurer of Porto Rico. Issued and paid quarterly, first day of every quarter. Transferable upon application to Treasurer. Rhode island—Local option, fee \$300-\$1,500.

Rhode Island—Local option, fee S300-\$1,500.
South Carolina—Prohibition.
South Dakota—Prohibition by vote of 1916.
Tennessee—Wholesale, S500; retail, in cities, taxing districts, or towns of 6,000 inhabitants or over, S500; at any place, city, taxing district, or town of less than 6,000 inhabitants, S500. State-wide prohibition under a four-mile law.
Texas—License for State and county issued by the County Clerk; fees, State S475, county S187.50; city S187.50; city license issued by city Tax Collector.

lector.

Utah—License granted by local authorities, fee \$400—\$2,000. Druggists, \$200—\$600; brewers, \$250—\$1,250. Governor-elect in 1916 and Legislature pledged to State-wide prohibition.
Vermont—License local option.
Virginia—Prohibition.

Virguna—Fronibition.
Washington—Prohibition.
West Virginia—Prohibition.
Wisconsin—Local option, fee \$100-\$200, with
power in voters to increase from \$200-\$500.
Baker law provides one saloon to each 500 persons.
Wyoming—Wholesale dealer, \$300; retail, \$1,000.
City ficense additional.

# UNITED STATES BREWERS' ASSOCIATION.

President—Gustave Pabst, Milwaukee. Wis. First Vice-President—Louis B. Schram, Brooklyn, N. Y. Second Vice-President—August Fitger, Duluth, Minn. Third Vice-President—John Gardiner, Philadelphia, Pa. Treusurer—Gustav W. Lembeck, Jersey City, N. J. Secretary—Hugh F. Fox, 50 Union Square, New York City.

#### DENATURED ALCOHOL.

NUMBER OF DENATURING WAREHOUSES AND AMOUNTS OF SPIRITS DENATURED. (Reports of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, Treasury Department.)

				To	ral.
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30.	Ware- houses.	Completely Denatured.	Specially Denatured.	Wine Gallons.	Equivalent in Proof Gallons.
1907. 1908. 1909. 1910. 1911. 1912. 1913. 1914. 1915.	12 12 12 14 14 21 25	Wine Gallons. 1,397,861,16 1,812,122,38 2,370,839,70 3,076,924,55 3,374,019,92 4,161,268,56 5,223,240,78 5,213,129,56 5,386,646,96	Wine Gallons. 382,415,19 1,509,329,35 2,185,579,15 3,002,102,55 3,507,109,94 4,608,417,76 5,191,846,03 8,599,821,81	1,780,276.35 3,321,451.73 4,556,418.85 6,079,027.10 6,881,129.86 8,094,515.00 9,831,658.54 10,404,975.59 13,986,468.77	3,084,950.8 5,640,331.2 7,967,736.4 10,605,870.7 11,682,887.9 13,955,903.8 16,953,552.8 17,811,078.2 25,411,718.8

#### LIQUOR TRAFFIC IN NEW YORK CITY.

Comparative table showing the number of licenses issued and net receipts under excise boards for year ended April 30, 1896 (old law), also number of liquor tax certificates in force, net revenue, State's share of net revenue, boroughs' share of net revenue, benefit to boroughs by diminished State tax, together with total benefit to each borough comprising the City of New York, for the year ended September 30, 1915 (new law).

Boroughs.	Licenses Issued,	No. of Certifi- cates in Force Sept. 30, 1916 (New Law).	Under Excise Boards, 1895-96	Net Revenue Year Ended Sept. 30, 1916 (New Law).	State's Share Net Revenue Year Ended Sept. 30, 1916 (New Law).	Ended Sept. 30, 1916	Benefit to Boroughs by Dimin- ished State Tax Year Ended Sept. 30, 1916 (New Law).	
Manhattan} Bronx} Brooklyn Queens	8,906 4,702 1,206 543	3,226 1,700	599,115.89 43,424.61	4,250,506.76 686,125.56	690,925.32 2,550,304.06 411,675.34	460,616.88 1,700,202.70 274,450.22	685,706.69 1,746,029.00 541,623.76	1,146,323.57 3,446,231.70 816,073.98
Total	15,357	11,585	\$1,736,918.43	\$13,133,702.77	\$7,880,221.67	\$5,253,481.10	\$8,481,041.64	\$13,734,522.74

Table showing the number of liquor tax certificates (covering hotels, saloons, clubs, etc.) in force September 30, 1916, by boroughs, in the City of New York.

· Boroughs.	Hotels.	Saloons, Clubs, Etc.	Borougns.	Hotels.	Saloons, Clubs, Etc.
Manhattan		3,670	Richmond	203	271
BrooklynQueens.	379	2,325 1,057	Total New York City	1,652	8,015

#### ALCOHOLIC STRENGTH OF LIQUORS.

This and tables below were prepared by Affred F. Osborn of Osborn's Annual Guide to Agencies,

Bass's Ales. 74%
Gulnness Stout. 74%
Culnness Stout. 74%
Lager Beer from 3 to 4½%, but sometimes
slightly under 3% and over 4½%.
French Brandy in bottles generally from 45%
to 49% but very old sometimes as low as 40%
Burgundy, red and white. 12 to 13%
Hungarian Wines, red and white (dry). 11 to 13%
Tokay (Hungarian), sweet. 16 to 20%
Champagne and other sparkling wines. Amer Picon. 23% 

49%. in bottle. Ron Bacardi Ron Bacardi.
Aurelcan Whiskey. When bottled in bond for con-New England Rum | sumption in U. S., 50%, Blended American Whiskey in bottle 45 to 47%, Blended American Whiskey in barrel, 45 to 50%. Applejack or Apple Brandy, 50%.

# AMERICAN AND IMPERIAL FLUID OUNCES.

1 American gailon = 0.83311 Imperiat gailons, or 6 pints, 13 fluid ounces, 2 fluid drams, 22.85 minms.
1 American fluid ounce = 1.04139 Imperial fluid

ounces.

153 3-5 American fluid ounces = 160 Imperial fluid

ounces.

The American fluid ounce is greater than the Imperial fluid ounce. One of the former (American fluid ounce) is equal to 1.04139 of the latter (Imperial fluid ounces), so that 160 Imperial fluid ounces (one Imperial gallon) is only equal to 153 3-5 American fluid ounces, or 1 1-5 American gallons of 128 American fluid ounces each.

#### WHEN TO SERVE BEVERAGES.

With Fish—Sauternes, Chablis, Rhine Wine, I or Capti; cool.
With Entrées—Claret or Chianti.\*
With Roast—Claret, Burgundy, or Chianti.\*
With Game—Champagne; cold. Old
Champagne; cool.
With Pastry—Madelra; cool.
With Pastry—Madelra;

Appetizer—Dry pale Sherry plain or with a dash of Bitters, Vermouth plain or a cocktail.

With Futle—Tokay, Malaga, or Muscat.\*

With Goffee—Brandy or Cordial.\*

With Coffee—Brandy or Cordial.\*

If such a variety is not desired, the following may be used, viz.: Sherry or Sherry and Bitters, Vermouth with Soup—Sherry, Madelra, or Marsala; cool.

With Fish—Sauternes, Chablis, Rhine Wine, Moselle, or Capri; cool.

With Entrées—Claret or Chianti.\*

With Game—Champagne; cold. Old Vintage Champagne; cold.

With Gast—Claret, Burgundy, Chianti, or Whiskey High Bail throughout the meal: Brandy, Cordial or Port after dinner; Ale or Stout with oysters, fish, cold meats, steaks, choos, or bread and cheese.

\*Temperature of room.

#### CRIMES AND

#### COMPILED FROM THE CODES OR REVISED STATUTES OF THE

WITHIN the limits of the subjoined table showing the penalties prescribed by the respective States for the offences enumerated it is impossible to attain complete accuracy in comparing the several penalties, for the reason that the provisions of the several States defining these very familiar crimes are not identical. Especially is this true in regard to crimes classified in degrees, some States making but little attempt in that direction, leaving it to the discretion of the trial court to adapt the severity of the punishment to the gravity of the offence, while other States provide a minute classification into degrees, depending on the several possible circumstances attending the commission of the crime. Where no penalty is shown under a given degree of crime the State recognizes but one designation, namely, that of the crime committed

Murder in the First Degree—in the table below—may be generally defined to be the unlawful strenstoad and premeditated killing of a human being, or such a killing resulting from the commission or attempt to commit one of the graver crimes such as areon, burglary, rape, or robbery.

Murder in the Second Degree is such a killing without premeditation, or resulting from the attempt to commit some lessor crime.

to commit some lesser crime.

Manslaughter may be dedued as a killing either unintentionally resulting from the careless or unlawful doing of some otherwise lawful act or from the commission of some unlawful act of comparatively trivial character, or intentionally, in the heat of passion and without premeditation.

Arson—where classified in degrees—though the number and exact definition of degrees varies greatly—is in general classified with reference to two conditions. First, the character of the building burned, whether a dwelling house or structure likely to or containing a human being; and, second, whether the crime is perpetrated by day or night. Thus the most serious offence is the burning of an inhabited dwelling by night, and the least serious, the burning of an uninhabited structure by day. Often intermediate degrees are recognized, such as burning a dwelling by day or an uninhabited building by night.

ue	grees are recognized	i, such as bur	ning a dwenin	g by day or an	n unimanited	building by hi	gnt.
_		Mur	rder.	Mansla	ughter.	Assault with	
	STATE.	1st Degree.	2d Degree.	1st Degree.	2d Degree.	Intent to Kill.	Robbery.
1	Aiabama	Death or life im- prisonment	Not less than 10	110	Not over 1 and \$500	2—20	Death or not less than 10
2	Arizona	†Death or life im- prisonment	10 up to life	Not over 10	4000	5 up to life im- prisonment	than 10 Not less than 5
	Arkansas	*Death	521	27	Not over 12 months	1-21	15
	Catitornia	ilfe im-	Not less than 10	Not over 10		114	Not less than 1
5	Colorado	†Death or life imprisonment (cc)	Not less than 10 up to life	18	Not over	1—14	3—14
6	Connecticut	†Death	Life im- prisonment	Imprisonment and \$1,000	Not over	1030	Not over
7	Delaware (d)	†Death	Life im- prisonment	Not over	Not over 1 and fine	Not over	Not over 12
	Florida	†Death	Life im- prisonment	Not over 20 or \$5,000		Not over 20	Not over
	Georgia	†Death	Life im- prisonment	120	1—3	1—10	110
10	idaho	†Death or life im- prisonment	Not less than 10 up to life	Not over 10		114	Not less than 5 up to life
	Iilinois	Death or not	less than 14 o life	to.	ed by jury up life	)	i up to
12	Indiana	*Death or life im-	Life im- prisonment	2—21		2—14 and \$2,000	5—14 and \$1,000
13	Iowa	†Death or life im- prisonment	Term fixed by court	Not over 8 and \$1,000		Not over 30 (h)	220
14	Kansas	Life im- prisonment	Not less than 10	521	3—5	Not over	10—21
	Kentucky	*Death impriso	or life nment	221	1-6	1 <del></del> 5	2 <sup>(j)</sup> 10
16	Louislana	†Death impriso	or life nment		ver 20 \$2,000	Not over	Not over
	Maine	Life impri	1	Not o or \$1,000	ver 20 or both	1—20	Any term of years
18	Maryland	†Death or life im- prisonment	5—18	Not o	ver 10 \$500	2—10	3—10 (0)
19	Massachusetts	*Death	Life im- prisonment	Not o	ver 20	Not over 10	Life impris- onment (p)
20	Michigan	Life im- prisonment	Life im- prisonment or any term	15 or not over \$1,000		Life or any term or \$800	15 to life
21	Minnesota	Life impris-	of years Life impris- onment	5—20	115	510	5—40
22	Mississippi	†Death impriso	or life	Not over		Not over 10 or \$1,0^0	Not over 15
23	Missouri	†Death or life im- prisonment	Not less than 10	Not less than 5	3—5 (t)	Not over 5	Not less than 5

#### THEIR PENALTIES.

SEVERAL STATES AS AMENDED BY SUBSEQUENT LEGISLATION.

Burglary—The classification of burglary or house breaking depends on substantially the same elements as that of arson namely the building entered, whether a dwelling or other building, and whether the offence was committed by day or night.

Robbery may be generally defined as the their of property from the person or immediate presence of the victim, accomplished by force or fear. Where degrees of robbery are recognized, the distinction is generally determined by whether the thief be armed or unarmed, though some States also distinguish the second from the first degree, where the their is accomplished by means of threats of future rather than immediate injury.

Grand Larceny is simple theft, of property above a fixed value, generally \$25 to \$50—most States also classify as grand larceny, theft of property from the person of the victim irrespective of value, though, of course accomplished without the force or fear which constitute the crime of robbery Assault with intent to kill, bigamy, forgery, perjury and rape are not subdivided into degrees in the

subjoined table

subjoined table

Where crimes are divided into several degrees it is generally within the province of the jury. In convicting to fix the degree of the crime, and in almost every case in which a crime is punishable by death or imprisonment it is the province of the jury to determine the punishment, except upon a piea of guilty, when the duty devolves upon the court.

Where the classification of a crime in a particular State does not approximately agree with the definitions given above, note is made of the fact.

Norm-In the table below, after the figures given, "years" is understood. unless otherwise stated, Where two figures are given, separated by a dash, as 1—7, the provision should be understood as "not less than one year nor more than seven:" where a sum of money is given in the table the provision should be understood as meaning a fine of not exceeding the sum mentioned.

_	Ars		Burg		Grand	Discourse	Danis 1		
Rape.	1st Degree.	2d Degree.	1st Degree.	2d Degree.	Larceny.	Blgamy.	Perjury.	Forgery.	
	5-41		1 00		1-10	2-5	2-5	210	1
Death or not less	Death or not less	2-10	120		1—10	2-3	(a)	2-10	
than 10	than 10						(4)		
Not less	Not less	1-10	115	Not more	110	Not over	1-14	1-14	2
than 5	than 2			than 5		10 and			
up to life						\$2,000	0 15	F 01	3
*Death	2-10	6 months	3—7		1—5 (e)	3-7	3—15	5-21	3
Not over	Not less	and fine 1—25	115	Not over	1-10	Not over	1-14	1-14	4
50	than 2	120	1 10	5		10 and			-
•				-		\$5,000			i
1 up to life	110		1-10		1-10	Not over	1-14	1-14	5
			(cr)			2 and \$1,000	(cc)		1
10	Not over		Not over	Not over	Not over	Not over	Not over	Not over	6
10	10		25	20	5 (c)	5	5	5	1
†Death	†Death	15	†Death	Not over	5 (c) Not_over	Not over	Not over	Not over	7
			1	40	5		\$2,000 and	5	
177			A ner toum	Not over	Not over 5	Not over 5	not over 10	and fine Not over	8
†Death or life	Any term up to life		Any term up to life	20	or \$1,000	or \$500	20	10	0
Death	5-20	1-20	1-20	1-20	or \$1,000 1—20	i—10	1-20	1-20	9
1) Caron	0 20			1	(f)				1
Not less	Not less	110	1-15	Not more	1-14	Not over	114	1-14	10
than 5	than 2			than 5		5 and			1
up to life	up to life	1—10	1-20		1-10	\$2,000 1—5 and	114	1-14	11
1 up to life	1-20	1—10	1-20		1-10	\$1,000	1—14	1-14	114
2-21	2-21		10-20	2-14	1-14	2-5 or	2-21 or	2-14 or	12
(hh)					(g)	\$1,000	\$50-	\$1 000	
							\$1,000		
Any term	Any term	Not over	Any term	Not over	Not over	Not over	up to life	Not over	13
up to life	up to life	30	up to life	20	5	3	ab to me	10	1
5-21	10-21	710	10-21	5-10	57	Not over	Not over	Not over	14
0 21	10 21	(1)	1	1 5 -5		5	7 (j)	21	1
*Death or	5-12	1	5-12	1	15	3-9	1—5	210	15
life	170 03	į.	†Death or	1	Not over	1-5	Not over	2—14	16
†Death	†Death or		not over		10	and \$500	5	2-14	10
	1-10		14	1	1 .0	and door		1	1
Any term	1-20	Any term	Any term	1-10	15	Not over	Not over	Not over	17
of years	1	of years (k)	of years	(k)	1	5 or \$500	10 (k)	10	
†Death or	†Death or	2-20	3-10		1-15	18 mos.	Not over	1-10	18
18 mos.—	not over		(0)		(0)	-9 years	10		
21 years Life im-	Life im-	Not over	Llfe lm-	Not over	Not over	Not over	Not over	Not over	19
prisonment	prisonmen	10	prisonment		5	5	20 (p)	10	1
or any term	or any term		or not less			1	1 ""		1
o! years	of years		than 10						1
Life im-		ver 15	Not over	Not over	Not over	Not over	Not over	Not over	20
prisonment		1.000	20	15	5 or \$500	5 or \$500	15 (q)	14	1
or any term	l l		1	1		!	Į.	1	1
of years 7—36	Not less	7-15	Not less	Not more	1-10	Not over	2-10	Not over	21
,00	than 10	(r)	than 10	than 10		5		20	
†Death or	Death or	Not over	7-15	Not over	Not over	Not over	Not over	2-15	22
life lm-	life im-	10		10	- 5	10	10		
	t prisonmen	Not less	Not less	Not less	Not over	Not over	Not over	Not over	23
†Death or not less	Not less	than 3	than 5	than 2	7 (t)	5	7 (t)	10	120
than 5	than o	l man o	UILLE O	1	1 . (0)	1		1	1
man o									

50							
	State.	Mur 1st Degree.	der. 2d Degree.	Mansla 1st Degree.	ughter 2d Degree	Assault with Intent to Kill.	Robbery.
24	Montana	†Death or life im-	Not less than 10	Not over 10		5-20	1-20
25	Nebraska	prisonment *Death	Life impris- onment or not	1—10		2-15	315
26	Nevada	Death or life in-	Not less than 10 up to life	Not over 10		1—14	Not less than 5
27	New Hampshire	prisonment †Death or life imprisonment	Any term up to life	Not over 30	Not over 10 or \$1,000 or	Not over	Not over 30
28	New Jersey	*Death	Not over 30	Not over 20	both	Not over	Not over 15 or \$1,000 or both
$\frac{29}{30}$	New Merleo New York	†Death *Death	3 or more Not less than	1—10 Not over 20	Not over 15 or \$1,000 or both	1—5 or \$1,000 Not over 10	3—15 10—20
31	North Carolina	*Death	20 up to life 2—30	4 months to 20 years	31,000 01 0000	Fine or Imprisonment or both	5 <del></del> 60
32	North Dakota	Life im-	1030	515	1—5	1—10	1—10
33	Ohio	*Death or life im-	Life 1m- prisonment	1—20		1-20	1—15
34	Oklahoma	prisonment *Death or life imprisonment		Not less than 10	2—4	Not over 10	Not less than 10
35	Oregon	Life im- prisonment	Life im- prisonment	1—15 and \$5,000		1—10	Not less than 3
36	Pennsylvania	*Death	Not over 20	Not over 12 and \$1,000	Not over 2 and \$1,000	Not over 7 and \$1,000	up to life Not over 5 and \$1,000
37	Rhode Island	Life lm- prisonment	10 to life	Not over 20	\$1,000	1—20	Not less than 5 up to life
38	South Carolina	*Death or life im- prisonment		2—30		(n)	Not over 10
<b>3</b> 9	South Dakota	Life lm-		Not less	2-4	Not over	1020
40	Tennessee	prisonment Life im- prisonment	10—20	than 4 2—10	15	3—21	5—15
41	Texas	†Death or any term not less	v	2—5		2—15 (bb)	Not less than 5 up to life (bb)
42	Utah	than 5 ‡Death or life lm-	Not less than 10	1—10	Not over	1-20	Not less than 3
43	Vermont	prisonment *Death	up to life Life im- prisonment	Not less than 1		Not over 10	Not over
	-			up to life or \$1,000			
	Virginia	*Death or life im- prisonment	5—18	15	(83)	1—10	†Death or 5—18
45 46		Life im- prisonment Death or life	Not less than 10 5—18	Not over 20 1—5	Court to	Not less than 5 2—10	Not less than 5 5—10
47		imprisonment Life Im-	14—25	5—10	fix penalty	1-30	315
48		prisonment †Death or life imprisonment	(ff) Not less	Not over 20	(ff)	1-30 or \$1,000 Not over 14	Not over 14
	Alaska	†Death or life imprisonment		1—20		1—20	TERRI 1—5
	Dist. of Columbia	†Death	Not less than 20 up to life	Not over 15 or \$1,000 or both		Not over 15	6 months to 15 years
	Hawaii	†Death	20 up to life	10-20	510	Not over 5 and fine	Life or any number of years
	Porto Rico	Death or life		Not over 10	Not over	1—15	years 1—20

\*By electroeution. † By hanging. † By hanging or shooting, at discretion of murderer.

(a) Alabama—Perjury on trial of a felony (3-20 years). (b) Alaska (rape of daughter, sister or temale under 12 years)—Life imprisonment. Perjury in trial of egiptal offence (2-20 years). (c) Connecticut—Tho punishment of larceay of over \$2,000 is not more than 20 years, the fluer given in the table is larceny of over \$30 and helow \$2,000 in value. (d) In Delaware, besides imprisonment and graduated fines, whipping

Rape.	1st Degree.		Burg 1st Degree.		Grand Larceny.	Bigamy.	Perjury.	Forgery.	
2-99	Not less than 5	1—10	115	Not over	1—14	Not over 3 and	1—14	1—14	24
320	1—20		1—10	1—5	1—7	3 and \$2,000 1—7	1—14	1—20	25
Not less than 5 up to life (u)	Not less than 2 up to life (u)	1—10	1—15	Not over	1—14	1—5 and S1,000	1—14	1—14	26
Not over 30	Not over	Not over 20	Not over	Not over 5	Not over 7 (v)	Not over 3	Not over 5	Not over	27
Not over 15 or \$5,000 or both 5-20 10-20	Not over 15 or \$2.000 or both		Not over 7 or \$2,600 or both		Not over 7 or \$2,000 or both	Not over 10 or \$1,000 or both	or nota 1	Not over 7 or \$2,000 or hoth	1
5-20 10-20	1-20 Not over 40	Not over 25 (w)	1—12 Not less than 10	Not more than 10 (w)	1—10 Not over 10	2—7 Not over	2-5 Not over 10 (w)	1—5 Not over	29 30
(w) *Death	*Death	()	*Death	Any term up to life	Not over 1 (x)	4 mos.— 10 years	4 mos.— 10 years and \$1,000	4 mos.—	31
1-15	Not less than 10	7—10 (y)	Not less than 10	5—10 (y) 1—15	15	1—5	1—10 3—10	Not less than 10 1—20	32
320	Not over 20		Life im- prisonment	115	1—7	1—7	3—10	120	33
*Death or not less	10-30	210	or 530 720	27	Not over	Not over	5-20	7—20	34
than 15 3—20	1020	5—15 (z)	5—15	3—10 (nn)	1—10	1-4	3—10 (z)	2—20	35
Not over 15 and	Not over 12 and \$2,000	Not over 10 and \$2,000	Not over 10 and \$1,000	Not over 10 and \$500	3 and \$500	Not over 2 and	Not over	Not over 10 and \$1,000	36
S1,000 Not less than 10	Not less than 1	\$2,000	Not less than 5	\$500	Not over 5 or \$1,000	\$1,000 1—5	S500 Not over 20	Not over 10 or \$1,000	37
up to life *Death or 5—40	up to life *Death	In discretion of court	up to life Life im- prisonment or not less		or both 3 mos.— 10 years	or \$1,000 6 mos.— 5 years	Not over	or both 1—7	38
Not less	Not less	7—10	than 5 Not less	3—10	Not over	Not over	1-20	Not over	39
*Death or not less than 10	than 10 5—21	221	than 10 5—15	3—10	2—10	2—21	1—15	3—15	40
up to life †Death or any term over 5	520		212:	Not less than 5	2—10 (bb)	2—5	2—10 (bb)	27	41
up to life Not less than 5	1—15	1—10	25-40	1-20	1—10	Not over 5 and \$500	1—10	1—20	42
Not over 20 or \$2,000	*Death or up to life	Not over 10 or \$1,000	Not over 15 or \$1,000	Not over 10 or \$1,000	Not over 10 or \$500	Not over 5 or \$1.000	Not over 15 and \$1,000	Not over 10 and \$1,000	43
or both †Death or 5—20	*Death	5—18 (dd)	*Death or 5—18	3—10	or both 1—10	or both	Not over 1 year and \$1,000 (dd)	1—10	44
Not less than 5 tDeath or	Not less than 5 10-20	Not over 10 or \$5,000	Not less than 5 2—15	Not over	Not over 15 2—10	Not over 5 1—5	Not over	Not over	45 46
†Death or 7—20 1—35	3—15	3—10 (ff)	5—15 (ff)	, 3—8 (ff)	1-25	1—5	1 year and \$1,000 (ee) 2—5 (ff)	1-7	47
Not less than 1 up to life	Not over 21	(11)	Not over 14 (gg)	(1.7)	Not over 10	Not over	Not over 14	Not over 14	48
TORIES.	10-20	5-15	1—15	15	110	1—7	1—10	2-20	
(b) 5-30 or †death	1—15	1—10	Not over	6 months and fine	1-10	2—7	2 <del>-1</del> 0	1—10	
Up to life and \$1,000	†Death or life im- prisonmen	number	Not over	Not over 10	Not over 10	Not over 2 or \$500	Not over	Not over 10 and \$500	
Not less than 5	Not less than 10	1-10	1—15	Not over	1-10	Not over or \$2,000	1—10	1—14	

EXPLANATORY NOTES—Continued. See following page also.

is prescribed for some of the offences scheduled, and usually consists of 20 to d lashes. (c) Stealing horse or mule, 1 to 15 years. (f) in Georgia various grades of larceny are recognized for theft of horses, cattle, etc. (g) Also fine not over twice value of property destroyed or stolen. (h) Assault with Intent to rape punishable by not over 20 years lesser assault by not over 5 years. (j) in Kansas lesser degrees of robbery are punishable (5-10) and (not over 5). Two lesser degrees of arson are also recognized. Perjury on trial

#### ORIMES AND THEIR PENALTIES-EXPLANATORY NOTES-Continued.

of canital offence or felony (not less than 7). Burglary, 3d degree (not over 5). (k) In Maine a lesser degree of arson is punishable (1-10). A lesser degree of burglary is punishable (not over 5). Perlury on trial of crime punishable (b) file imprisonment is punishable (not less than 10). (m) Train robbery, 15 years; bank robbery, 20 years and \$1,000 fine; others 10 years. (a) Discretion of court, according to nature of offence. (o) And restoration of property stolen or its value. (p) In Massachusetts 3 lesser degrees of robbery are punishable by life imprisonment or any term of years. (not over 10). Perjury in trial of capital offence is punishable by life imprisonment or any term of years. (r) In Minnesota murder in the third degree by punishable by life imprisonment or any term of years. (r) In Minnesota murder in the third degree of punishable (7-30 years). Third degree of arson is punishable (not over 7), (s) In Mississippi, third degree arson is punishable four degrees of manslaughter and three degrees of the punishable (not less than 10). (l) Missouri defines four degrees of manslaughter and three degrees of robbery. Lareeny of horse is punishable (not over 7). Perjury on trial of felony or capital offence is punishable (not less than 10). (u) In Nevada robbery in a railroad train may be punished with death. Rape accompanied with extreme violence and great bodily injury, is punishable by death or not less than 20 years, in the discretion of the jury. Arson is also punishable by fine not over \$10,000 and not over twice value of property destroyed. (v) in New Hampshire a lesser degree of burglary is punishable (not over 5) and larceny of horses or cattle (not over 7). (w) in New York there are three degrees of robbery—first, second and third, with imprisonment of 20, 15, and 10 years respectively. Rape, first and second degrees, with 10 years respectively on trial of a felony is punishable (not over 10). (y) In North Carolina larceny in aggravated cases (or habitual offenders) is punishable (not over 10).

#### NATIONAL PROBATION ASSOCIATION.

Organized in 1909 as the National Probation officers' Association; title changed to present one in 1911. The purposes of the association are to promote the more extensive and wise use of the probation and parole systems of dealing with both juvenile and adult offenders; also to encourage the adoption of the most approved methods of conducting children's courts. The association holds an annual conference each Spring at the time and piace of the meetings of the National Conference of Charities and Correction. It publishes a directory of probation officers in the United States, the proceedings of its annual conferences, and other literature. From time to time it appoints special committees to study and report on particular phases of probation, parole, and juvenile court work. Supported by membership fees (\$1 a year) and voluntary contributions.

\*\*President\*\*—Albert J. Sargent, Boston, Mass. \*Vice-Presidents\*\*—Mrs. Benj. J. West, Memphls, Tenn.; John W. Houston, Chicago, Ill.; Thomas G. Parris, Philadelphia, Pa. \*Secretary-Treasurer\*\*—Charles L. Chute, 58 North Pearl Street, Albany, N. 7.

# PRISONERS' COMMUTATION TABLE.

(In effect May 1, 1916.)

THE following table shows the time subtracted for uniformly good conduct from the terms to which prisoners are sentenced under the regulations in force in the State prisons of New York:

#### HOMICIDES.

1904-1913.	No. of Homicides.	Homicide Rate of 100 000 of Population	1904-1913	No of Homicides.	Homicide Rate of 100,000 of Population.
Hungary (1902-1911) Cuba (1910-1913) United States*. Uruguay Italy Switzerland Austria (1903-1912) German Empire (1910-1913) Australa (1910-1913)	629 28,760 585 12,835 882 6,083 6,541	6.92 5.91 5.40 3.77 2.40 2.20 2.05	Ireland. New Zealand. England and Wales Jamailea Japan (1909-1912) Province Ontario. Norway. Denmark. Scotland (1906-1913)	142 114 47	1.02 0.88 0.85 0.75 0.65 0.58 0.51 0.44 0.34

#### \* Registration area.

\*Registration area.

According to Frederick I. Hoffman author of above table the average homicide rates per 100,000 of population for 3) representative 'American cities were as follows: For the years 1885-1894, 4 8; for 1895-1904, 5.0; and for 1905-1914, S.1. The nomicide rates for the 10 years ending with 1914 were as follows For 9 Southern cities, 23 0; for 3 Pacific Coast cities 10.8; for 7 Central cities 8 8; and for 11 Eastern cities 5.1. The number of homicides in 1915 in some of the large cities were: Memphis, 122; New Orleans, 83 Atlanta, 64; St. Louis, 103; San Francisco 75; Chicago 211; Manhattan and the Bronx, 186; Brooklyn 58; Boston, 37; Philadelphia, 74; Milwaukee 14

The average number of murders in the United States annually during the twenty years, 1885-190¢ was 6,597. In 1893 the murders reached high-water mark 10 662, and in 1895 there were 10,500. Fo. 1914 the Census Bureau reported the number of homicides in the registration area of the United States (66.8 per cent. of the total population) as 4 847 comprising 3,888 males and 959 females. The estimated number of homicides in the continental United States for 1916 is 7 450. The excessive mortality from homicicle among the colored race is indicated by the following data: For the last available five-year period in New Orleans the colored race is indicated by the following data: For the last available five-year period in New Orleans the colored race trom homicide was 65.9 per 100 000 of population as against 9.1 for the white population: in Savannah Ga, the rate was 49 4 for the colored against 13 7 for the white population, and in Charleston S C. 57 6 for the colored against 7 6 for the white population.

#### SUICIDES.

The suicide rate of the registration area of the United States in 1914 was 16.6 per 100,000 of population. The estimated number of suicides in the entire United States. excluding insular possessions, was 17,000 in 1916. In the United States registration area during the five years 1910-1914, there were 37,500 suicides among meas and only 11,289 among females the male rate being 24.1 per 100,000 of population, and the female rate 7.7 per 100,000 of population. The percentage distribution by months is as follows:
January 74 February 76 March, 86 April 9.1 May 93; June 9.3; July 86; August, 8.3; September, 8.0; November 79; December 75. The most common means of self-destruction in 1914, according to the mortality returns of the Census Bureau were: Firearms 3,26; polsoning, 3,000; hanging from high places 225 crushing 89; and other means. 85.

The suicide rate of large American cities according to Frederick L. Hoffman statistician, the Prudential Insurance Company of America was 20.3 per 100,000 of population during 1915. The number of suicides in 100 American cities for the 10 years ending 1915 were 44 700 in Manhattan and Bronx, 5,208; in Brooklyn, 2,304; in Chicago 4,758; in Philadelphia 2,565; in St. Louis 2,266; and in San Francisco, 1,933. The average sulcide rate per 100,000 of population for 20 leading cities for the 5 years ending with 1914 were as follows: San Francisco 4,68; St. Louis, 34,3; Los Angeles 33; Denver, 21; Seattle, 29.0; Washington, 23,2; Chicago 22 5; Detroit 21.8; Memphis, 21.5; Milwaukee, 19.9; Newark 19.9; Cleveland, 19.3; Pitts-burch 187; Baltimore, 184; New Orleans, 179; Philadelphia, 177; Cliniand, 17.3; New York City, 16.9; Boston 16.5; Buffalo, 12.0. The average sulcide rates for the more important countries during five recent years were Switzerland, 23.4; France 22.8; German Empire 22.5; Austria, 19.2; Hungard, 18.9; Dermark, 18.5; Japan, 18.2; Sweden, 17.6; United States registration area, 16.1; Pelgium 13.2; Commonwealth of Australia, 12.5; Urugusy, 12.3; Norway, 11.4; England and

# LYNCHINGS AND LECAL EXECUTIONS.

Lynchings—The total number of lynchings in the United States from 1885 to December 31, 1915, was 3,638. In 1916 to November 1 there were 55 lynchings, of which 54 were in the South and one in the North, Fifty-two were males and 3 females. Of the lynched, 48 were negroes, 6 whites, and 1 Mexican. The offences for which they were lynched were: Murder 23, accessory to murder 11, rape 5, attempted rape 7, murderous assault 3, burglary 2, theft 1, attempted nurder 1, rape and murder 1, race projudice 1 The States in which these lynchings occurred and the number in each State were as follows: Alabama 1, Arkansas 5, Florida 9, Georgia 14, Kansas 1 Kentucky 2, Louisiana 2, Mississippl 2, Missourl 1 North Carolina 2, Oklahoma 4, South Carolina 1, Tennessee 3, Texas 7.

Oklahoma 4, South Carolina 1. Tennessee 3, Texas 7.

Legal Executions—In 1908 to November 15 there were 92; in 1909 107; in 1910, 104; in 1911, 61; in 1912 to November 15, 128; in 1914 to November 12, 81; in 1914, 74; in 1915 to October 11, 94; in 1915 to November 12, 107, of which 61 were in the South and 46 in the North; 58 were whites, 39 negroes, 9 Mexicans, and 10 the 10 t

EMBETTI EMENTS

The fidelity department of the Fidelity and Casualty Company of New York keeps a record of embezzlements reported in the United States. The following are the figures for five calendar years:					
	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
Banks and trust companies. Beneficial associations Public service General business Insurance companies Transportation companies. Courts and trusts Miscellaneous	477,858 1,736,428 4,417,250 60,279 310,551 356,836	\$4,630,785 143,295 187,405 1,767,405 51,683 50,304 188,395 214,140	\$1,290,583 150,131 853,646 619,793 183,653 194,597 39,764	\$4,879,362 276,057 555,572 1,055,091 113,386 498,869 134,555 283,192	\$2,351,435 452,474 651,847 1,474,540 1,5321 334,714 408,468

\$7,233,456

\$3,713,857

\$7,796,084

\$6,010,687

FEDERAL PRISONS

Are located at Atlanta, Ga.; Fort Leavenworth, Kan.; McNeil's Island, Wash.; \*Mare Island, Cal.; \*Boston, Mass., and \*Portsmouth, N. H. \*Naval Prisons.

# NEW YORK STATE PRISONS, REFORMATORIES, INSANE AND STATE HOMES. THE State Hospitals for the Insane are located as follows: HOSPITALS FOR THE

Hudson River State Hos-Middletown State Homos-Rochester,
pital at Poughkeepsie,
Kings Park,
Manhattan State Hos-Middletown,
pital at New York,
Aliddletown,
Middletown,
Middle Binghamton. Brooklyn State Hospital, Flatbush. Buffalo. Central Islip. Gowanda.

\$11,482,051

Matteawan State Hospital at Matteawan; Dannemora State Hospital at Dannemora.
Craig Colony for Epileptics at Sonyea; State Hospital for Treatment of Incipient Pulmonary Tuberculosis at Raybrook; Rome State Custodial Asylum; State Hospital for Care of Crippled and Deformed Children, West Haverstraw.

NEW YORK STATE PRISONS. (James M. Carter, Superintendent, Albany, N. Y.)

Name of Prison.	Place.	Agent or Warden.	Appointed.
Clinton	Dannemora	Calvin Derrich (Acting) Chas, F. Rattigan. John B. Trombly. Wm. J. Homer.	July 10, 1913

The number of legal executions in the New York State prisons for the fiscal year October 1, 1915, to July 1, 1916, was as follows: Aubnrn 1, Sing Sing 9; total 10. The total number of executions in the following three State prisons, from August 6, 1890, to September 30, 1915, was: Auburn 55, Clinton 26, Sing Sing 135. The electric chair was introduced as a means of execution July 28, 1891. All executions in New York State now take place at Sing Sing.

The managers of the reformatories of the State are appointed by the Governor (by and with the advice and consent of the Senate). Each of the institutions is supported by the State. Reformatories are under the Fiscal Supervisor of State Charities.

Agricultural and Industrial School Juvenile Male Delinquents, Ran-\*State Training School for Boys, for Boys, Industry.

dall's Island.

\*Reformatory for Male Misde-Training School for Girls, Hudson.

†House of Refuge (for Males), meanants. for Boys, Industry.

for Boys, Industry.

dall's Island.

\*Reformatory for Male Misdementality.

\*Reformatory for Male Misdementality.

\*Reformatory for Men, Elmira.

Reformatory for Women, Bedford. Women, Albion.

Hills.

State Homes and Saliors' Home, Bath.
Soldiers and Saliors' Home, Bath.
Thomas Indian School, Iroquois
Custodial Asylum for Feeble-Minded Women, Newark.

State Institution for Eeble-Minded Children.

State Institution for Sons.

Under private management, although supported by Corps Home, Ox-Letsworth Village at Thiells for Epileptic and Feeble-Minded Persons.

Epileptic and Feeble-Minded Persons.

Children.

# THE NATIONAL REFORM ASSOCIATION.

President—Henry C. Minton, LL.D. Corresponding Secretary—Thos. D. Edgar, D. D. Treasurer— James S. Tibby. General Superintendent—James S. Martin, D. D. The official organ is The Christian Statesman, published monthly. Headquarters, 603 Publication Building, 209 Ninth Street, Pittshurgh, Pa.

NATIONAL COMMITTEE ON PRISONS.

President—Adolph Lewisohn. Honorary President—Thomas Mott Osborne. Chairman, Executive Committee—Dr. E. Stagg Whitin. Treasurer—Columbia Trust Company. Headquarters, Broadway and One Hundred and Sixteenth Street, New York.

The committee carries on its work through the following standing committees: The Bureau of Administration and Information, Dr. E. Stagg Whitin, the Committee on Eugenics, Mrs. E. H. Harriman, Honorary Chairman, Dr. C. B. Davenport, Chairman; the Committee on the Social Hygiene of the Prisoner, Mrs. Helen Hartiey Jenkins, Chairman; the Committee on Prison Administration, Dean Frederick A. Goetze, Chairman; the Committee on Self Government, Hon. Thomas Mott Osborne, Chairman; the Committee on a Department of Penal Science at Columbia University, Adolph Lewisohn, Chairman; the Committee on Jais, Dr. Hastings H. Hart, Chairman; the Committee on Prison Construction, Joseph H. Wise, Chairman; the Committee on Labor, Collis Lovely; the Committee on Prison Construction, Joseph H. Kirchwey, Chairman; the Committee on Honor Men, Charles Henry Davis, Chairman; the Committee on Agriculture and Reforestation, Herbert S. Carpenter, Chairman; the Committee on Employment, R. J. Caldwell, Chairman; the Committee on Humane Education, Dr. Samuel McCune Lindsay, Chairman; the Committee on Religious Work, James C. Egpert, Chairman; the Joint Committee on Juvenile Delinquency, John Collier, Chairman; the Committee on a Federal Office of Prisons, George Gordon Battle, Chairman.

#### AMERICAN SOCIETY FOR JUDICIAL SETTLEMENT OF INTERNATIONAL DISPUTES

The American Society for Judicial Settlement of International Disputes was formed in 1910 for the purpose of promoting the establishment of a judicial tribunal which would perform for the nations of the civilized world a similar service to that which is given by ordinary courts to individuals, and of encouraging recourse to such a tribunal after its establishment.

During this period annual conferences have been held, the printed proceedings of which have been a valuable acquisition to libraries and to all interested in the development of judicial settlement and of international law; men of distinguished ability and unquestioned influence contributed the papers, some of which have been voluntarily translated into French, German, Italian, and Sponish Spanish.

Spanish. Some of which have been voluntarily translated into French, German, Italiah, and Quarterly pamphlets, each containing an appropriate monograph by some acknowledged authority on subjects tending to advance the purpose of the society, have been issued, not only to members, but though the selected list of 30,000 names, including the leading law schools and the state of the society of all publications is sent to the foreign office of every nation and to the heads of foreign legations in Washington.

There is a widespread and growing interest in the work of the society; bardly a day passes without requests, not only from America but from many parts of the world for copies of the pamphlets, which are always sent free of charge. The officers and Executive Committee are much gratified at the interest awakened by their efforts, but are obliged to issue an earnest appeal for contributing members in order to continue the work on the present scale.

The object of the founders of the society was to give it a large following, and so there were three classes of membership established (life, sustaining, and annual), with equal privileges, leaving each member to determine what he would give, and in order that it might be beyond the reach of none, the subscription for annual membership was fixed at one dollar, At the same time, in order to obtain a more adequate income, a sustaining membership at ten dollars a year was established.

\*\*President—Theodore Marburg, Baltimore Md. Vice-President—Ellin toot, New York. Secretary—James B. Scott, Washington, D. C. Assistant Secretary—Tunstall Smith, The Preston, Baltimore, Md. Treasurer—J. G. Schmidlapp, Cinchnati, Ohlo.

\*\*Life membership, \$100; sustaining membership, \$10 a year; annual membership, \$1 a year.

#### THE BANKRUPTCY LAW.

EXTRACTS FROM THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY ACT OF JULY 1, 1898, AS AMENDED BY SUBSEQUENT ACTS.

Sec. 4. Who May Become Bankrupts .-- (a) Any person who owes debts, except a corporation, shall

be entitled to the benefits of this act as a voluntary bankrupt.

(b) Any natural person, except a wage-earner, or a person engaged chiefly in farming or the tillage of the soil, any unincorporated company, and any corporation engaged principally in manufacturing, trading, printing, publishing, mining, or mercantile pursuits, owing debts to the amount of one thousand dollars or over, may be adjudged an involuntary bankrupt upon default or an impartial trial, and shall be subject to the provisions and entitled to the benefits of this act. Private bankers, but no national banks or banks incorporated under State or Territorial laws, may be adjudged involuntary bankrupts.

The bankruptcy of a corporation shall not release its officers, directors, or stockholders, as such, from

any liability under the laws of a State or Territory or of the United States.

SEC. 7. DUTIES OF BANKRUPTS. -(a) The bankruptshall (1) attend the first meeting of his creditors. if directed by the courtor a Judge thereof to do so, and the hearing upon his application for a discharge, if filed; (2) comply with all lawful orders of the court; (3) examine the correctness of all proofs of claims filed against his estate; (4) execute and deliver such papers as shall he ordered by the court; (5) claims nied against his estate; (4) execute and deliver such papers as shall he ordered by the court; (5) execute to his trustee transfers of all his property in foreign countries; (6) immediately inform his trustee of any attempt, by his creditors or other persons, to evade the provisious of this act, coming to his knowledge; (7) in case of any person having to his knowledge proved a false claim against his estate, disclose that fact immediately to his trustee; (8) prepare, make oath to, and file in court within ten days, unless further time is granted, after the adjudication it an involuntary bankrupt, and with the petition if a voluntary bankrupt, a schedule of his property, showing the amount and kind of property, the location thereof, its money value in detail, and a list of his creditors, showing their residences, if known (if unknown that fact to be stated), the amount due each of them, the consideration thereof, the security held by them, if any, and a claim for such exemptions as he may be entitled to, all in triplicate, one copy of each for the clerk, one for the referee, and one for the trustee; and (9) when present at the first meeting of his creditors, and at such other times as the court shall order, submit to an examination concerning the conducting of his business, the cause of hisharkruptcy, his dealings with his creditors and other persons, the amount, kind, and whereabouts of his property, and, in addition, all matters which may affect the administration and settlement of his estate; but no testimony given by him shall be offered in evidence against him in any criminal proceedings.

Provided, however, that he shall not be required to attend a meeting of his creditors, or at or for an examination at a place more than one hundred and fifty miles distant from his home or principal place of business, or to examine claims except when presented to him, unless ordered by the court, or a Judge thereof, for cause shown, and the bankrupt shall be paid his actual expenses from the estate when examined o execute to his trustee transfers of all his property in foreign countries; (6) immediately inform his

SEC. 252 states the appellate jurisdiction of the Supreme Court conferred upon it by the Bank-ruptcy Act of July 1, 1898.

SEC. 4, Act of January 28, 1915, as follows:

"That the judgments and decrees of the Circuit Courts of Appeals in all proceedings and cases arising under the Bankruptcy Act and in all controversies arising in such proceedings and cases shall be final, save only that it shall be competent for the Supreme Court to require by ceritorari, upon the petition of any party thereto, that the proceeding, case, or controversy be certified to it for review and determination, with the same power and authority as if taken to that court by appeal or writ of error; but certificant shall not be allowed in any such proceeding, case, or controversy unless the petition therefor is presented to the Supreme Court within three months from the date of such judgment or decree."

### MARRIAGE AND DIVORCE LAWS.

(Revised to December 1, 1916)

(Revised to December 1, 1916)

Marriage Licenses.—Required in all the States and Territories except Alaska. California, and New Mexico require both parties to appear and be examined under oath, or submit affidawlt. 
Marriage, Prohibition of.—Marriages between whites and persons of negro descent are prohibited and punishable in Alabama, Arizona, Arkansas, California, Colorado, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Idaho, Indiana, Kennucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, Missonri, Nebraska, North Carolina, Oklahoma, Oregon, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Virginia, and West Virginia, Marriages between whites and Indians are void in Arizona, North Carolina, Oregon, and South Carolina; and between whites and Chinese in Arizona, California, Mississippi, Oregon, and Utah. Marriage between first cousins is forbidden in Alaska, Arizona, Arkansas, Illinois, Indiana, Kansas, Missouri, Nevada, New Hampshire, North Dakota, Ohio, Oklahoma, Oregon, Pennsylvania, South Dakota, Washington, and Wyoming, and in some of them is declared incestuous and void, and marriage with step-relatives is forbidden in all the States except Florida, Hawaiian Islands, Iowa, Kentucky, Minnesota, New York, Tennessee and Wisconsin.

Connecticut and Minnesota prohibit the marriage of an epileptic, imbecile, or feeble-minded woman under 45 years of age, and marriage of lunatics is void in the District of Columoia, Kentucky, Maine, Massachusetts and Nebraska; persons having sexual diseases in Michigan.

California prohibits divorced persons from marrying anywhere within a year by granting only an interlocutory decree at first and final decree one year later.

For age of causent see table following this.

For age of consent see table following this.

STATES.	Residence Required.	Causes for Absolute Divorce. In addition to adultery, which is cause for divorce in all the States.*
Alabama	1-3 yrs.	Abandonment two years, crime against nature, habitual drunkenness, violence, pregnancy of wife by other than husband at marriage, physical incapacity, imprisonment for two years for felony, if husband becomes
Alaska Arizona,	2 years. 1 year	addicted to cocaine, morphine or similar drugs, Felony, plysical incapacity, desertion two years, cruelty, habitual drunkenness. Felony, physical incapacity, desertion one year, excesses, cruelty, neglect to provide one year, pregnancy of wife by other than husband at marriage, conviction of felony prior to marriage unknown to other party, habitual drunkenness.
Arkansas	1 year.	Descrition one year, felony, habitual drunkenness one year, cruelty, former marriage existing, physical incapacity.
California	1 year.	Cruelty, desertion one year, neglect one year, babitual drunkenness one year, felony.
Colorado	1 year.	Describin one year, physical incapacity, cruelty, failure to provide one year, habitnal drunkenness or drug field one year, felony, former marriage existing.
Connecticut	3 years.	Fraudulent contract, wilful desertion three years, with total neglect of duty, habitual drunkenness, cruelty, imprisonment for life, infamous crime involving violation of conjugal duty and punishable by imprisonment in State prison, seven years' absence without being heard from.
Delaware	1 year.	Desertion two years, habitual drunkenness for two years, cruelty, bigamy, felony followed by a continuous imprisonment for at least two years—and at the discretion of the Court, fraud, want of age, neglect to provide three years.
D.of Columbia	3 years.	Marriages may be annulled for former existing marriage, lunacy, fraud, coercion, physical incapacity, and want of age at time of marriage.
Florida	2 years.	Cruelty, violent temper, habitual drunkenness, physical incapacity, desertion one year, tormer marriage existing, relationship within prohibited degrees.
Georgia	}	Mental and physical incapacity, desertion three years, felony, cruelty, force, duress, or fraud in obtaining marriage, pregnancy of wife by other than husband at marriage, relationship within prohibited degrees,
Hawaii Idaho	2 years, 6 mos.	Descrition one year, felony, leper cruelty, habitual drunkenness, Cruelty, descrition one year, neglect one year, habitual drunkenness one year, felony, insauity.
Illinois	1 year.§	Desertion two years, habitual drunkenness two years, former existing mar- riage, cruelty, felony, physical incapacity, attempt on life of other party; divorced party cannot marry for one year.
Indiana	2 years.	Abandonment two years, cruelty, babitual drunkenness, failure to provide two years, felony, physical incapacity.
Iowa		Desertion two years, ferony, habitual drunkenness, cruelty, pregnancy of wife by other than husband at marriage, unless husband has illegitimate child or children living of which whe did not know at time of marriage. The marriage may be annulled for the following causes existing at the time of the marriage: Insanity, physical incapacity, former existing marriage, consanguinity
	l .	Ahandonment one year, cruelty, fraud, habitual drunkenness, gross neglect of duty, felony, physical incapacity, pregnancy of wife by other than husband at marriage, former existing marriage.
Kentucky	1 year.	iSeparation tive years, desertion one year, felony, physical incapacity, loathsome disease, habitual drunkeunless one year, cruelty, force, fraud or duress in obtaining marriage, joining religious sect believing marriage unlawful, pregnancy of wife by other than husband at marriage or subsequent unchaste behavior, ungovernable temper.
Louisiana	1 year.	Felony, habitual drunkenness, excesses, cruelty, public defamation of other party, abandonment, attempt on life of other party, fugitive from justice.
Malne	1 year,	Cruelty, desertion three years, physical incapacity, habits of intoxication by liquors, opium, or other drugs, neglect to provide, insanity under certain limitations.
Maryland	2 years.	Abaudonment three years unchastity of wife before marriage, physical incapacity, any cause which renders the marriage null and void ab initio.
* Exclusive	e of South	Carolina, which has no divorce law. § Not required for offence within State.

<sup>\*</sup> Exclusive of South Carolina, which has no divorce law. § Not required for offence within State.

		2000
STATES.	Residence Required.	Causes for Absolute Divorce. In addition to adultery, which is cause for divorce in all the States.*
Mass'chusetts	3-5 yrs.	Cruelty, desertion three years, habits of intoxication by liquors, oplum or other drugs, neglect to provide, physical incapacity, imprisonment for felony, uniting for three years with religious sect believing marriage unlawful. Felony, desertion two years, habitual drunkenness, physical incapacity, and in the discretion of the Court for cruelty or neglect to provide. Desertion one year, habitual drunkenness one year, cruelty, physical incapacity imprison part for fermions.
Michigan	l year.	uniting for three years with religious sect believing marriage unlawful. Felony, desertion two years, habitual drunkenness, physical incapacity, and in the discretion of the Court for cruelty or neglect to provide
Minnesota	1 year.	Desertion one year, habitual drunkenness one year, cruelty, physical incapacity, imprisonment for felony.
Mississippi	1 year.	Felony, desertion two years, consanguinity, physical incapacity, habitual drunkenness by liquor, opium, or other drugs, cruelty, insanity at time of marriage, former existing marriage, pregnancy of wife by other than husband at marriage.
Missouri	1 year.	Felony, absence one year, habitual drunkenness one year, cruelty, indignities, vagrancy, former existing marriage, physical incapacity, conviction of felony prior to marriage unknown to other party, wife pregnant by other than husband at marriage.
Montana	I year.	Uruelty, desertion, neglect one year, habitual drunkenness one year, felony, innocent party may not remarry within two years and guilty party within three years of the divorce.
Nebraska	1 year.†	
Nevada	6 mos.	failing to support two years, cruelty, imprisonment for more than 3 years, Desertion one year, felony, habitual drunkenness, physical incapacity, cruelty, neglect to provide one year.  Cruelty, felony, physical incapacity, absence three years, habitual drunkenness, three years, failure to provide three years, treatment endangering
N.Hampshire	1 year.	Cruelty, felony, physical incapacity, absence three years, habitual drunken-
N Tanana		without the State ten years, not claiming marrial rights, busband absent from United States three years intending to become citizen of another
New Jersey	2 years.	country without making any provision for while's support.  Descrition two years, cruelty. No divorce may be obtained on grounds arising in another State unless they constituted ground for divorce in the State where they arose. The marriage may be annulled for the following causes existing at the time of the marriage. Wint of legal age, former existing marriage, consanguinly, physical incapacity, idiocy, abandonment, cruelty, neglect to provide, habitual drunkenness, felony, physical incapacity, pregnancy of wife by other than busband at marriage. Adultery only. The marriage may be annulled for such causes as rendered the relationship void at its inception.  Pregnancy of wife by other than busband at marriage, physical incapacity.
New Mexico.	1 year.	Abandonment, cruelty, neglect to provide, habitual drunkenness, felony, physical incapacity, pregnancy of wife by other than husband at marriage.
New York	(‡)	Adultery only. The marriage may be annulled for such causes as rendered
N. Carolina	2 years.	Pregnancy of wife by other than husband at marriage, physical incapacity,
North Dakota	1 year.	year, felony. The marriage may be annulled for the following causes existing at the time of the marriage: Former existing marriage, insanity.
Ohio	1 year.	physical incapacity, lorce or fraud inducing the marriage, or want of age. Absence three years, cruelty, fraud, cross neglect of duty, habitual drunkenness three years, felony, former existing marriage; procurement of divorce without the State by one party, which continues marriage binding upon other party; physical incapacity, abandonment one year, cruelty, fraud, habitual drunkenness, felony, gross neglect of duty, physical incapacity former existing marriage, prepancy
Oklahoma	1 year.	of wife by other than husband at marriage
Oregon	1 year.	reiony, naoittai drunkeiness one year, physical incapacity, desertion one
Pennsylvania	1 year.	rendering life burdensome, felony, fraud, relationship within prohibited
Porto Rico Rhode Island.	1 year. 2 years.	Felony, habitual drunkenness, abandonment one year. Criefty, desertion five years, habitual drunkenness, excessive use of morphine, optim, or chloral, neglect to provide one year, gross mishehavior, living separate ten years, physical incapacity. Either party civilly dead for crime or prolonged absence. The marriage may be annulled for causes
S. Carolina		No discussed whether the relationship originally void of voidable.
South Dakota		Cruelty, desertion one year, neglect one year, national transcenses one year, felony. The marriage may be annulled for the following causes existing at the time of the marriage: Want of age, former existing marriage, in the time of the marriage.
Tennessee		attempt on life of other party, refusal of wife to live with husband in the State and absenting herself two years, pregnancy of wife by other than husband at marriage; at the discretion of the Court for cruelty, indignities, beginning the property of the court for cruelty, indignities,
Texas	1 year.	rendering life together insupportable, felony.
Utah	1 year.	
Vermont	1 year.	Imprisonment three years, intolerable severity, desertion three years, neglect
Virginia	1 year.	Insanity at marriage, felony, describin three years, fugitive from pastice two years, pregnancy of wife by other than husband at marriage, wife a prostitute, or either party convicted of felony before marriage unknown
		to other, physical incapacity.

<sup>\*</sup> Exclusive of South Carolina, which has no divorce law. † Two years for causes arising out of State. † Actual residence.

STATES.	Residence Required,	
Washington	1 year.	Abandonment one year, fraud, habitual drunkeuness, refusal to provide, felouy, physical incapacity, incurable insanity, cruelty or indignities rendering life burdensome, other cause deemed sufficient by the Court.
West Virginia	1 year.	Desertion three years, felony, physical lincapacity, pregnancy of wile by other than husband at marriage, husband a licentious character or wife a prostitute unknown to other party, either party convicted of felony before marriage unknown to other. The marriage may be annulled for the following causes existing at the time of the marriage: Former existing marriage, consanguinity, insanity, physical incapacity, miscegenation, want of age.
Wisconsin	2 years.	Felony (imprisonment three years), desertion one year, cruelty, physical incapacity, habitual drunkenness one year, separation five years. In the discretion of the Court for cruelty or neglect to provide. The marriage may be annulled for the following causes existing at the time of the marriage: Want of age, or understanding, consanguinity, force or fraud inducing marriage; where marriage was contracted with former marriage existing the second marriage is void without any divorce proceedings.
Wyoming	1 year.	Felony desertion one year, habitual trunkenness, crueity, neglect to provide one year, husband a vagrant, physical incapacity, indignities rendering condition intolerable, pregnancy of wife by other than husband at marriage, either party convicted of feliony before marriage unknown to other. The marriage may be annulled for the following causes existing at the time of the marriage: Want of age, force or fraud. The marriage is void without diverse proceedings: Consanguinity, insanity, former existing marriage.

<sup>\*</sup>Exclusive of South Carolina, which has no divorce law.

AGE AT WHICH A VALID MARRIAGE MAY BE CONTRACTED.

MALES.			FEMALES. Lowest age at which			
STATE OR	Age without	Age with	Age without	Age with		make a valld
TERRITORY.	Parents'	Parents'	Parents'	Parents'	contract exc	ept marrlage.
	Consent.	Consent.	Consent.	Consent.	If Single.	If Married.
Alahama	21 years		1			
Alabama	21 years	17 years No law	18 years	14 years No law	21 years	18 years
Alaska	21 "	18 "	18 "	14 "	21 "	
Arkansas	21 "	16 "	18 "	14 "	18 "	14 (a)
California	21 "	18 "	18 "	15 "	18 "	18 "
Colorado	21 "	(j)	18 "	(i)	18 "	(1)
Connecticut		islon in the	Connecticut		10	(1)
Delaware	See note (b)	1310H III CHE	Connecticut	10W.	21 "	21 "
Delaware	21 years	Not stated	18 years	Not stated	21 "	21 "
Florida	21 "	1100 304000	21	1100 Stated	21 "	Not stated
Georgia	21 "	17 years	18 "	14 years	21 "	21 years
Hawaii	20 "	18 "	18 "	15 "	18 **	18
Idaho	18 "	18 "	18 "	18 "	18 "	18 "
Illinois	21 "	18 "	18 "	16 "	18 " (h)	18 "
Indiana	21 "	18 "	18 "	16 "	21 " -	18 " (k)
Iowa	21 "	16 "	18 "	14 "	18 "	14 "
Kansas	21 "	17 **	18 "	15 "	18 " (h)	18 "
Kentucky	21 "	14 "	21 "	12 "	21 "	21 "
Louisiana	21 "	14 "	21 "	12 "	21 "	21 **
Maine	21 "	18 "	18 "	14 "	21 "	. 21 "
Maryland	21 "	14 "	16 "	12 "	21 " (c)	21 " (c)
Massachusetts	21	18 "	18 "	16 "	21	21 "
Michigan	1 10	19	1 19	10	21 (d)	21 " (d)
Minnesota	21	10	18 "	15	18	18
Mississippl	21 "	1.4 (C)	1 10	12 (6)	21	21 " (h)
Missouri	21 "	No statute		No statute	No statute	No statute
Montana	21 "	18 years	18 "	16 years	18 years 18 "	18 years
Nebraska	21 "	18 "	18 "	16 "	Not stated	Not stated
New Hampshire	18 "	14 "	16 "	13 "	21 years	21 years
New Jersey	21 "	No law	18 "	No law	21 , , ,	21 / 6213
New Mexico	21 "	Not stated	18 "	Not stated	21 "	21 "
	See note (f)	1400 202000	10	1100 000000	21 "(h)	21 "
North Carolina	18 years	16 years	18 years	14 years	21 "	21 "
North Dakota	21	18	18	15 "	21 "	21 "
Ohlo	21 "	18 "	18 "	16 "	18 "	18 "
Oklahoma	21 "	18 "	18 "	15 "	18 "	18 "
Oregon	21 "	18 "	18 "	16 "	18 "	16 "
Pennsylvania	21 "	See note (g)	21 "	See note (g)		
Porto Rico	21 "	18 years	21 "	16 years	21 years	16 years
Rhode Island	1 21	18 "	21	14	21 "	(m)
South Carolina	1 19	Not stated	18 "	14	21	21 years
South Dakota	21	18 years	110	1 1 2	18	18 "
Tennessee	1 14	No law	12	No law	21	21
Texas	21 "	16 years	18 "	14 years	21 "	14 " 18 "
Utah	21 "	Not stated	18 "	Not stated	18 "	18 "
Vermont	21 "	14 years	21 "	12 years	21 "	21 4
Virginia	21 "	18 years	18 "	12 years	18 "	18 "
Washington		18 "	21 "	16 "	21 "	21 "
Wisconsin		18 "	18 "	15 "	21 "	21 "
Wyoming		l 18 "	21 "	16 "	21 "	21 "
ту учинь						

### MARRIAGE AND DIVORCE LAWS-Continued.

(a) Marriage confers right to contract for necessaries. Female retains exclusive control of her separate property. (b) In Delaware there is no provision in the law fixing a minimum age below which marriage cannot be contracted even by parental consent, so that so far as the statutory law is concerned male minors under eighteen may be married with parental consent, no matter how young they be. (c) Except for necessaries and contracts made by infant under authority of statute, as contracts under license to trade, bond of infant executor, contracts of apprenticeship in accordance with statute relating thereto. (d) Infants' contracts for necessaries are binding. (e) Ether party may disavow a marrisez contracted under sixteen years of age, on arriving at that age. (f) Under section 16 of the New York Domestic Relations Law, when the man is under twenty-one or the woman under eighteen the recording officer must require the written consent from both parents. Section 7 of the same law provides that a marriage is voidable if either party is under the age of legal consent, which is eighteen years. Section 1743 of the Code of Civil Procedure provides that a woman may bring an action to annul a marriage where, at the time she was married under the age of stxteen and has not cohabited with the spouse since she attained the age of sixteen years. Section 1743 of the code provides that a marriage may be annulled either as to the male or the female where at the time of the marriage they had not reached the age of legal consent. (g) In Pennsylvania persons of either sex who have not attained legal age, or twenty-one years, may obtain a marriage license upon the written consent of parents or legal guardians of such minor. The marrial contact is a civil contract. It can be made at any age, but if a promise of marriage is made by a minor, whether male or female, under twenty-one years of age, it may be repudiated when the minor attains majority. Contracts made by minors cannot be enforced at law unless the minor when he attains his

### DIVORCE STATISTICS.

The Bureau of the Census issued in 1909 a report of the results of a compilation of statistics of divorces of married people granted by the courts in the United States for a period of forty years; being from 1867 to 1906, both years inclusive, and which are shown in 1912 Almannac, pages 197-199. For comparison with foreign countries see 1914 Almannac, page 277.

### FROM 1910 CENSUS REPORT.

The number of divorced persons in the United States when the census was taken in 1910 was 156,176 men and 185,101 women—0.3 per cent. of the total male population and 0.4 per cent. of the total female population. There were fourteen boys and thirty-three girls less than fifteen years old who

total famale population. There were fourteen boys and unity-times gits less than interest years old awere divorced.

The statistics of the number of divorced persons fifteen years old and over in New York State are:

Men—Native white of native parentage, 3,784; native white of foreign or mixed parentage, 1,692; foreign-born white, 1,775; negro, 164; total, 7,436, Women—Native white of native parentage, 4,950; native white of foreign or mixed parentage, 2,347; foreign-born white, 2,609; negro, 292; total, 10,227. The total figures for the males include 18 divorced Indians, 2 Chinamen and 1 Japanese; those for females include 28 divorced Indians, and 1 Japanese.

### THE PROCREATION COMMISSION.

This commission, created by an act of the Legislature of New York State, is to examine into the mental and physical condition and the record and family bistory of the feeble-minded, epileptic, criminal and other defective inmates contined in the State hospitals. reformatories, charitable and penal institutions; and if in the judgment of the majority of the board procreation by any such person would produce children with an inherited tendency to crime, insanity, feeble-mindedness, idiocy, or imbedilty, and there is no probability of an improvement in their condition, then the board shall appoint one of their number to perform such operation for the prevention of procreation that shall be decided to be most effective. All orders made under this law are subject to review by the Supreme Court.

The board, as appointed by Governor Dix, consists of Dr. Charles H. Andrews. Buffalo, N. Y., Chairman; Dr. L. Thomson, Glens Falls, N. Y., Secretary; Dr. Wm. J. Wansboro, Albany, N. Y.

# THE EUGENICS RECORD OFFICE.

THE EUCENICS RECORD OFFICE.

The purposes of this office are to serve eugenical interests in the capacity of repository and clearing house; to build up an analytical index of the traits of American families; to study the forces controlling and the hereditary consequences of marriage matings, differential fecundity, survival and migration; to investigate the manner of inheritance of specific human traits; to advise concerning the eugenical fitness of proposed marriages; to train field workers to gather data of eugenical import; to meintain a limited field force actually engaged in gathering data for eugenical studies; to co-operate with other institutions and with persons concerned with eugenical study; to encourage new centres of eugenical research and education; to publish the results of researches and to aid in the dissemination of eugenical truths.

The Eugenics Record Office was organized in October, 1910, by Charles B. Davenport with funds provided by Mrs. E. H. Harriman, who has remained the principal patron of the work. It has also received generous support from John D. Rockefeller.

Chairman—Alexander Graham Bell. Resident Director—Charles B. Davenport. Superintendent—H. H. Laughlin. Address, Cold Spring Harbor, Long Island, N. Y.

NEW YORK STATE PROBATION COMMISSION.

The State Probation Commission, created by Chapter 430, Laws of 1907, consists of seven members. Four are appointed by the Governor for terms of four years each; one is appointed by the State Commission of Prisons from among its members; and the State Commissioner of Education is a member ex-officto. Commissioners serve without compensation, but are entitled to necessary travelling expenses.

The duties of the commission are to exercise general supervision over the work of probation officers and to keep informed as to their work; to collect and publish statistical and other information as to the operations of the probation system; to inquire from time to time into the conduct and efficiency of probation officers, and when advisable to conduct a formal investigation of the work of any probation officer make recommendations and to secure the effective application of the probation system and the one of the probation is all parts of the State. The commission makes an annual report controls localities in showing its proceedings and the results of the probation system as administered in the various localities in the State, and making suggestions and recommendations. The commission in the discharge of its duties has access to all offices and records of probation officers, and may direct formal investigation of the work of any probation of the work.

of any probation officer.

President—Homer Folks, New York. Vice-President—Frank E. Wade, Buffalo. Secretary—Charles

L. Chute. The commission has its office at Albany.

# ADMINISTRATION OF DECEASED PERSONS' ESTATES.

INHERITANCE TAX LAWS.

ADMINISTRATION OF DECEASED PERSONS' ESTATES.

INHERITANCE TAX LAWS.

The following is a synopsis of several of the laws of the various States affecting the administration of the estate of a deceased person; of the laws of the various States affecting the administration of the estate of a deceased person; of the laws of the various States affecting the administration of the executor to see, the Court will grant administration under the event of the death or refusal of the executor to see, the Court will grant administration under the provisions of the will, such as the residuary legates, if any. (b) If the deceased died intestate, letters of administration are granted to the following persons in practically all the States:

First—To the surviving husband or widow.

Second—To one or more of the next of kin entitled to share in the estate.

Third—If none of the above consent to act, to one of the creditors of the estate, except in localities where there is provided by law a Public Administrator, who is preferred to creditors. In practically all the States an administrator is required to give bond for the faithful performance of his duties in double the value of the estate to be administrated.

In most of the States, if so provided by the will, no bond is required on executor, except that no some States an executor is required to give a bond to cover the probable amount of the debts of the estate, and in practically all the States, in the discretion of the Court, for cause shown, an executor may be required to give a bond.

2. Claims of Creditors.—The procedure in the several States in presenting creditors' claims against the estate varies very considerably. In the majority of the States the executor or administrator is required to to present their claims supported by an affidavit that the same are justly due and owing from the estate, above any offsets or counter claims, within a period ilmited generally to six months or a year. The law of each State should be consulted for more specific details. Most of the State

the Insolvency of the estate obligations given priority over other claims in case of the Insolvency of the estate.

By act of Congress, effective September 8, 1916, an inheritance tax payable to the United States is imposed in addition to the State iaxes listed below. The Federal act (General Revenue Law In this Almanac), provides for an exemption of \$50,000; and a graduated tax above that amount as follows: 1% on the first \$50,000; 2%, \$50,000 to \$150,000; 3%, \$150,000 to \$250,000; 4%, \$250,000 to \$250,000; 7%, \$2,000,000 to \$3,000,000; 8%, \$3,000,000 to \$250,000,000; 7%, \$2,000,000 to \$3,000,000; 8%, \$3,000,000 to \$250,000,000; 7%, \$2,000,000 to \$3,000,000; 8%, \$3,000,000  8%, \$3,000,000; 8%,

STATE.	Inheritance Tax.	Preferred Obligations.
Alabama	None.	<ol> <li>Funeral expenses.</li> <li>Administration expenses.</li> <li>Expenses of last sickness.</li> <li>Taxes.</li> <li>Wages of servants or employés.</li> </ol>
Arizona	To grandfather, grandmother, parents, husband, wife, child, brother, sister, son-in-law, or daughter-in-law, or adopted child, 1%; 55,000 exempt to each beneficiary above named. Estates less than \$10,000 exempt. To uncie, aunt, nephew, niece or descendant thereof, 2%; \$2,000 exempt to each beneficiary named. Estate less than \$5,000 exempt. To others, 3% up to \$10,000; 4% from \$10,000 to \$20,000; 5% from \$20,000 to \$50,000; 6% above \$\$50,000. \$500 exempt.	
Arkansas	On amounts not exceeding \$5,000 the rate is 1% to parents, hysband or wite, child or adopted child, brother, sister, son-in-law or daughter-in-law To all others one rate of the state of t	Expenses of last sickness.     Wages of servants.     Judgments which are liens on land of deceased.
California	(a) To husband, wife, descendants, ancestors, adopted children or issue thereof, 1% up to \$25,000; 2% from \$25,000 to \$50,000; 4% from \$50,000 to \$10,000; 4% from \$50,000 to \$10,000 to \$1	Funeral expenses.     Expenses of last sickness.     Wages due within sixty days.     Debts preferred by U. S. laws.     Judgments, mortgages and other liens.

	1	
STATE.	Inheritance Tax	Preferred Obligations.
California Continued.	son-in-law or daughter-in-law 3% up to \$25,000; upon the Increasing amounts in the preceding paragraph the rates are 6%, 9%, 12%, 15%, 20%, and 25%, \$2,000 exempt from tax. (c) To uncles, aunts, or their descendants, 4% up to \$25,000; upon the same increasing amounts the rates are 8%, 10%, 15%, 20%, 25%, and 30%. \$1,000 exemption. (d) To others more remote in blood, 5% up to \$25,000; the rates increase as above up to \$500,000 as follows: 10%, 15%, 20%, and 25%, above \$500,000 the rate is 30%. \$500 exemption.	
Colorado	scendants, 3%. To all others above \$500: On \$500 to \$10,000, tax is 3%; \$10,000 to \$20,000, 4%; \$20,000 to \$50,000, 5%; \$50,000 to \$500,000, 6%; above \$500,000, 10%.	Moneys held in a fiduciary capacity.     Administration expenses.     Expenses for funeral and last sickness.     Allowances to widow and orphans.
Connecticut	To husband, wife, parent, grandparents, descendants, adopted parent, adopted child or its descendants, 1%, \$10,000 to \$50,000; 2%, \$50,000 to \$250,000; 3%, \$250,000 to \$1,000,000; 4% above \$1,000,000.  To brothers, sisters, or their descendants, stepchild, son-in-law or daughter-in-law, 3%, \$3,000 to \$25,000; 5%, \$25,000 to \$50,000; 6%, \$50,000 to \$25,000; 5%, \$25,000 to \$1,000,000; 5%, \$000; 6%, \$50,000 to \$25,000; 6%, \$50,000 to \$50,000; 7%, \$250,000; 7%, \$250,000 to \$1,000,000; 8%, \$250,000 to \$1,000,000.	Funeral and administration expenses.     Expenses of last sickness.     Taxes.     Wages within three months.     Other preferred claims by State laws.
Delaware	Exempt to parents, grand-parents, husband, whe, descendants, adopted child. To others exempt to \$500 and taxable on excess as follows: To brothers, sisters or their descendants, 1%; to uncles, aunts or their descendants, 2%; to great-uncles, great-aunts or their descendants, 3%; to those more remote in blood, 5%.	1. Funeral expenses.
District of Columbia	None.	1. Judgments or decree of Court. 2. Other debts.
Florida	None.	Administration expenses.     Funeral expenses.     Expenses of last sickness.     Judgments and debts due to State
Georgia	To parents, husband, wife, child, or adopted child, lineal descendant, brother, or sister, or daughtor-in-law the tax is 1%. \$5,000 exempt.  To all others, 5%.	1 Steem's suppose of family
Idaho,	Tax on estates less than \$25,000 at following rates:  (a) To husband or wife, lineal issue or ancestor, 1%; exempt to widow or minor child, \$10,000; to others of Class A, exempt, \$4,000.  (b) To brother or sister, or their descendants, or wife or widow of son, or husband of daughter, 1½ %; exempt, \$2,000.  (c) To uncies, aunts or descendants, 3%; exempt, \$1,500.  (d) To great-uncles, great-aunts or descendants, 4%; exempt, \$1,000.  (e) To more distant relatives or stranger in blood, 5%; exempt, \$500.  On larger estates than \$25,000 the above rates are multiplied as follows: \$25,000 to \$50,000, 1½ times above; \$50,000 to \$500,000, 2½ times above; \$500,000 and upward, 3 times above; \$500,000 and upward, 3 times above;	Funeral expenses.     Expenses of last sickness.     Debts preferred by U. S. laws.     Judgments and mortgages.
Illinois	To parents, husband, wife descendant, adopted child, brother, sister, wife of son, husband of daughter, on amounts from \$20,000 to \$100,000 the rate is 1%; above \$100,000, 2%; exempt below \$20,000.	Funeral and administration expenses.     Allowance to widow and children.     Expenses of last sickness, except

Smine	Inharitanca Tay	Preferred Obligations.
STATE.	Inheritance Tax.	
Illinois Continued.	To uncle, aunt. nlece, nephew or their descendants the rate is 2% on amounts less than \$20,000; 4% on amounts in excess of \$20,000; 4% on amounts in excess of \$20,000; exempt below \$2,000.  To all others the rates vary with amounts as follows: Up to \$10,000, 3%; \$10,000 to \$10,000, 4%; \$20,000 to \$50,000, 5%; \$50,000 to \$100,000, 6%; above \$100,000, 10%; exempt to \$500.	doctor's bill and wages to serv- ants.  4. Debts to common school or town- shlp funds.  5. Doctor's bill, last sickness.  6. Money owed in fiduciary capacity.
	On amounts not exceeding \$25,000, the primary rates are:  (1) To husband, wife, ancestor, descendant, adopted child, 1%. Exempt \$10,000 to widow and \$2,000 to other parties just named.  (2) To brother, sister or their descendants, or to son-in-law or daughter-in-law, 1½%; exempt \$500.  (3) To uncle, aunt or their descendants, 3%, exempt \$250.  (4) To great-uncle, great-aunt or their descendants, 4%; exempt \$100.  (5) To others more remote, 5%.  On larger amounts the primary rates are multiplied as follows: (1) from \$25,000 to \$50,000,000,100,000 twice: (3) from \$100,000 to \$500,000. 2½ times; (4) above \$500,000, 3 times.	1. Administration expenses. 2. Funeral expenses. 3. Expenses of last sickness. 4. Taxes. 5. Debts secured by liens on real estate. 6. Wages, not over \$50.
Iowa	Property passing to parents, husband or wife, lineal descendants, adopted child or issue thereof is exempt.  To others 5% tax above \$1,000.  To alien non-residents of the State tax is 20%, unless alien is brother or sister, when tax is 10%.	Public rates and taxes.     Wages within 90 days of death.     Claims filed within six months after notice.
Kansas	Property passing to husband, wife, ancestors, descendants, son -in -law, daughter - in - law, adopted children or their descendants is exempt from tax.  To brothers or sisters, \$5,000 is exempt, and rates are 3%, \$5,000 to \$25,000 to \$5,500 to \$55,000 to \$5,000 to \$7½%, \$50,000 to \$100,000: 10\%, \$100,000 to \$500,000; 12\%, above \$500,000.  To others more remote the rate is 5% up to \$25,000, and on the increasing amounts stated above the rates are 7½%, 10%, 12\%%, and 15%.	Istration expenses. Wages of servants.  3. Debts due to State.  4. Judgments.  5. All demands presented within one year after letters of administra-
Kentucky	On amounts not exceeding \$25,000, the primary rates are:  (a) To husband, wife, ancestor, descendant, adopted child, 1%. \$10,000 exempt to widow and each minor child, to otners in this class \$5,000 exempt.  (b) To brother, sister, or their descendants, or to son-in-law, or daughter-in-law, 1½%; exempt \$2,000.  (c) To uncle, aunt, or their descendants, 3%; exempt \$1,500.  (d) To great-uncle, great-aunt, or their descendants, 4%; exempt \$1,000.  (e) To others more remote, 5%; exempt, \$500.  On larger amounts the primary rates are multiplied at the same amounts and rates as provided by the Indiana statute (above).	Funeral expenses.     Administration expenses.     Moncys due in fiduciary capacity.
Louisiana	Exempt to \$10,000 to parents or lineal ancestors, children or descendants; excess taxable at 2%; to others 5%.	1. Funeral expenses.
Maine	To ancestors, parents, husband, wife, descendants, adopted child, wife of soin husband of daughter, the rates are as follows: Up to \$50,000, 1%; \$50,000 to \$100,000, 1½%; \$50,000 to \$100,000, 1½%; \$10,000 exempt to parents, husband, wife, child or adopted child. To brother, sister, uncle, aunt, nephew, niece or cousin, the rates on the above amounts are 4%, 4½% and 5%; \$500 exempt. To others, rates on the same amounts are 5%, 6% and 7%; same exemption.	Funeral and administration expenses.     Allowance to husband, widow or children.     Expenses of last sickness.     Debts preferred under U. S. laws.     Taxes.
Maryland	Exempt to parents, husband or wife, children, or lineal descendants; to others, 5% above \$500.	II. Taxes.

STATE.	Inheritance Tax.	_	Preferred Obligations.
Massachusetts	To hushand, wife, ancestor, descendant, adopted child or its descendants, adopted parent or its ancestors, son-in-law, daughter-in-law, 1% up to \$50,000; 2% \$50,000 to \$250,000; 3% \$250,000 to \$1,000,000; 4% above \$1,000,000.  To brother, sister, nephew or niece, 2% up to	1. 2. 3. 4.	Debts preferred by U. S. laws. Public rates and taxes. Wages, not over \$100. Debts for necessaries furnished within six months not exceeding \$150.
	To brother, sister, nephew or niece, 2% up to \$10,000; 3% \$10,000 to \$25,000; 5% \$25,-000 to \$55,000; 6% \$50,000 to \$250,000; 7% \$250,000 to \$1000,-000; 8% above \$1,000,-000; 5% above \$1,000,-000; 5% \$50,000 to \$1000,-000; 6% \$50,000 to \$1000,-000; 6% \$50,000 to \$1000,-000; 6% \$50,000 to \$1000,-000; 6% \$50,000 to \$1000,-000,-000,-000; 6% \$50,000 to \$1000,-000,-000,-000,-000,-000,-000,-000		
	To others, 5% up to \$50,000; 6% \$50,000 to \$250,000; 7% \$250,000 to \$1,000,000; 8% above \$1,000,000. \$10,000 passing to parent, husband or wife, child, adopted child or adopted parent is exempt. To others the exemption is \$1,000.		
Michigan	Tax of 1% to grandparents, parents, husband or wife, child, brother or sister, wife or widow of son, husband or daughter, lineal descendants, adopted child, or one to whom decased stood in relation of parent, exempt to \$2,000. To others, \$7\circ over \$100. Exemption to widow is \$5,000.	1. 2. 3. 4.	Administration expenses. Funeral expenses. Expenses of last sickness. Debts preferred by U. S. laws.
Minnesota	Five classes of beneficiaries are recognized: (a) wife, or lineal descendant; (b) husband, parents, ancestors, adopted children or lssue thereof; (c) brother or sister or their descendants, son-in-law or daughter-in-law; (d) uncles, aunts or their descendants; (e) others more remote.	1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	Administration expenses
	The rates for amounts not exceeding \$15,000 (called the primary rates) for the classes given above are respectively 1%, 11%%, 3%, 4%, 43, and 5%, 0n amounts from \$15,000 to \$30,000 the primary rates are multiplied 11½ times; from \$30,000 to \$50,000 twice; from \$50,000 to \$100,000 2½ times, and above \$100,000 3 times.  Exemptions are to classes (a) and (b), except ancestors, \$3,000; to class (c) \$1,000; to class (d) \$250 and to class (e) \$100.		
	above \$100,000 3 times, Exemptions are to classes (a) and (b), except ancestors, \$3,000; to class (c) \$1,000; to class (d) \$250 and to class (e) \$100.	_	
Mississippi	None.  All inheritances taxable at 5% except to parents, husband or wife, adopted child, or lineal descendants, which are exempt.	1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	No statutory preference. Funeral expenses, Expenses of last sickness; wages of servants, Taxes and public dcbts, Judgments. All demands presented within six months after letters. All demands exhibited after six months and before one year.
Montana	Tax of 1% to parents, husband, wife, child, brother, sister, descendant, adopted child, son-ln-law, daughter-in-law, \$7,500 exempt. To all others, 5% over \$500.	1. 2. 3. 4.	Funeral expenses. Expenses of last sickness. Debts preferred under U. S. laws. Indepents and mortgages
Nebraska	taxable at 1% to parents, introduced on which child, brother or sister, wife or widow of son, husband of daughter, adopted child, and lineal descendants in lawful wedlock, exempt to \$10,000.  To uncle, aunt, nephew or niece, or descendants, 2%; exempt to \$2,000.  To others, ahove \$500 as follows; \$500 to \$5,000, 2%; \$5,000 to \$10,000, 3%; \$10,000, 500, 500, 500, 500, 500, 500, 50	1. 2. 3.	Funeral expenses, Expenses of last sickness. Debts preferred by U. S. laws.
Nevada	on amounts not exceeding 22,000 the primary rates are exceeding 22,000 the primary rates are wife, ancestors, descend ants or adopted child, 1%, \$20,000 exempt to widow or minor child; to others just named \$10,000 exempt.  (2) To brother, sister, nephew, nlece, or their descendants, 2%; \$10,000 exempt.	1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	Funeral expenses. Expenses of last sickness. Wages, within ninety days. Debts preferred by U. S. laws. Judgments and mortgages.
	(3) To uncles, aunts or their descendants, 3% \$5,000 exempt.  (4) To great-uncles, great-aunts or their descendants, 4%. (5) To all others, 5%.  On larger amounts the primary rates are multiplied as follows: \$25,000 to \$50,000, twice primary rates; \$50,000 to \$500,000, 3 times \$100,000 to \$500,000, 4 times; above \$500,000, 5 times.		
N. Hampshire	Exempt to parents, husband or wife, linea	1.2.3.4.	Administration expenses. Funeral expenses. Allowance to widow. Taxes and expenses of last sickness.

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STATE.	Inheritance Tax.	Preferred Obligations.
New Jersey	Inheritance Tax.  To parents, brother, sister, son-in-law, and daughter-in-law, the rates are 2%, from \$5,000 to \$50,000 to \$150,000; 24% \$50,000 to \$150,000; 3% \$150,000 to \$250,000; 4% above \$250,000. \$5,000 is exempt.  To husband or wife, child, adopted child, or lineal descendant the rates are 1% from \$5,000 to \$50,000; 1½% \$50,000 to \$150.000; 2% \$150,000; 3% above \$250,000. \$5,000 is exempt. All others, 5%.	Judgments.     Funeral expenses.     Medical expenses of last slckness.
New Mexico	None.	<ol> <li>Funeral and last sickness expenses.</li> <li>Allowance for widow and minor children.</li> <li>Debts preferred by U. S. or State</li> </ol>
New York,,	To parents, husband or wife, child, adopted child (\$5,000 exempt); and to descendants (\$500 exempt). If up to \$25,000; 2% on the next \$75,000; 3% on the next \$100,000; 4% upon all additional sums.  To brother, sister, son-in-law, or daughter-in-law, \$500 exempt; 2% up to \$25,000; 3% on the next \$75,000; 4% on the next \$100,000; 5% thereafter.  To others more remote, \$500 exempt; 5% up to \$25,000; 6% on the next \$75,000; 7% on the next \$100,000; 8% thereafter.	Funeral and administration expenses.     Debts preferred under U. S. laws.     Taxes.     Judgments and decrees.
North Carolina.	Exempt to husband or whe. (1) To lineal ancestors, or descendants, brothers or sisters, or where mutual relation of parents and child existed, \( \frac{4}{3}\triangle \), (2) Descendants of brother or sister, 1\( \frac{1}{3}\triangle \), (3) Uncles or aunts, or descendants, \( \frac{3}{3}\triangle \), (4) Greatuncles, great-aunts, or descendants, \( \frac{4}{3}\triangle \), (5) To all others, \( \frac{2}{3}\triangle \), (9) to \$5,000, \( \frac{5}{3}\triangle \), (8) (5) To all others, \( \frac{2}{3}\triangle \), (9) (1) (2) (2) (2) (3) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4	Debts secured by liens on property of deceased.     Funeral expenses.     Taxes.     Debts due U. S. or State.     Judgments.     Wages within one year. Medical attendance within one year.
North Dakota	\$50,000 15%; evemnt \$2,000 in all cases. To husband or wife \$20,000 exempt) father, mother, descendants, adopted only or its descendants, 1% to \$100,000 exempt) for the \$100,000 to \$250,000: 24%, \$250,000 to \$500,000: 3% above \$500,000: 3% above \$500,000: 3% from \$50.000 to \$50.000; 3% from \$50.000 to \$50.000; 3% from \$50.000 to \$100,000 to \$50.000; 3% from \$50.000 to \$100,000; 3% from \$50.000 to \$100,000; 3% from \$50.000; 4½% above \$500,000. To uncle, annt or their descendants, 3% up to \$25,000; 4½% from \$25,000 to \$50,000; 6% from \$50,000 to \$50,000; 6% from \$100,000; 9% above \$500,000. To others, 5% up to \$25,000; 6% from \$25,000; 6% from \$25,000; 6% from \$25,000; 6% from \$25,000; 6% from \$25,000; 6% from \$25,000; 9% from \$50,000 to \$100,000; 9% from \$50,000; 9% from \$50,000; 15% above \$500,000.	Administration expenses.     Funeral and last sickness expenses.     Allowance to family.     Debts preferred by U. S. laws.     Debts secured by liens on property of deceased.
Ohio	Exempt to parents, husband or wife, lineal descendants or adopted child.  To others, 5% above \$500 exempt.	sickness expenses.  2. Allowance to widow and children for tweive months.  3. Debts preferred by U. S. laws.
Oklahoma	To parents, husband or wife, child, brother, sister, son-in-law, daughter-in-law, adopted child, or lineal descendant, 1% up to \$25,000; 2%, \$25,000 to \$50,000; 3%, \$50,000 to \$100,000; 4% above \$100,000; \$25,000 to widow, \$10,000 to each child, and \$5,000 to each other person named above is exempt.  To others more remote, \$2,500 exempt; tax above exemption, 5% up to \$25,000; 6%, \$25,000 to \$50,000; 8%, \$50,000 to \$100,000; 10% above \$100,000;	Funeral expenses.     Expenses of last sickness.     Support of family for ninety days.     Taxes to U. S. or State.     Debts preferred by U. S or State laws.     Judgments or mortgages.     Other claims presented within six months.
Oregon	(a) Tax of 1% to parents, husband or wife, child, brother or sister, wife or widow of son, husband of daughter, adopted child, lineal descendants or ancestors, \$5,000 exempt to each person. Estate must exceed \$10,000.  (b) Tax of 2% to uncle, aunt, niece, nephew or descendants, \$2,000 exempt to each person. Estate must exceed \$5,000.  In all other cases above \$500:\$500 to \$10,000, 3%; \$10,000 to \$20,000, 4%; \$20,000 to \$50,000, 5%; above \$50,000, 6%.	6. Debts secured by liens on prop- erty of deceased. Wages within ninety days.
Pennsylvania	Estates less than \$250 exempt.  Exempt to parents, husband or wife, children or lineal descendants, stepchildren, adopted children, wife or widow of son.  To all others, 5%.	Funeral and last sickness expenses. Wages due household servants within one year.     Rent, within one year.

STATE.	Inheritance Tax.	Preferred Obligations.
Rhode Island	Estates under \$5,000 tax exempt. To grand-parents, parents, husband or wife, child, or descendant, adopted child, brother, sister, nephew niece, son-in-law, or daughter-in-law, \$25,000 is exempt. Rates on excess are: ½% below \$50,000; 1%, \$50,000 to \$250,600; 1½%, \$250,000 to \$500,000; 2%, \$500,000 to \$750,000; 3% above \$1,000,000, \$750,000; 30,000, \$76, \$250,000 to \$50,000; 6%, \$50,000 to \$250,000; 6%, \$50,000 to \$250,000; 7%, \$250,000 to \$1,000,000, \$76, \$250,000 to \$1,000,000; 8%, above \$1,000,000.	Funeral expenses.     Expenses of last sickness.     Debts due U.S.     State and town taxes.     Wages up to \$100.     Other claims presented within six months.     Other claims presented within one year.
South Carolina.	None.	<ol> <li>Funeral, last sickness, probate and administration expenses.</li> <li>Debts due to public.</li> <li>Judgments, mortgages and executions.</li> <li>Rent.</li> <li>Bonds, contract debts.</li> </ol>
South Dakota	On amounts not exceeding \$15,000 the primary rates of tax are:  (1) To wife or lineal issue, 1%. (2) To husband, ancestor or adopted child or its issue, 1½%. (3) To brother, sister or their descendants, to son-in-law or daughter-in-law, 3%. (4) To uncles, aints or their descendants, 4%, (5) To others, 5%.  On increased amounts the primary rate is multiplied as follows: \$15,000 to \$30,000, 1½ times; \$30,000 to \$50,000, twice: \$50,000 to \$100,000, 2½ times; above \$100,000, 3 times. \$10,000 is exempt to husband, wife, issue or adopted child; \$3,000 is exempt to ancestor; \$1,000 exempt to class (3), \$250 to class (4) and \$100 to class (5).	Funeral expenses.     Expenses of last sickness.     Administration expenses.     Wages for 60 days.     Debts preferred by U S. laws.     Debts secured by liens on property of deceased.
Tennessee	To parents, husband, wife, child or descendants, \$5,000.exempt. Upon excess, 1% up to \$20,000; 1¼% above \$20,000. To others, 5% above \$250.	No priority.
Texas	Exempt to parents, husband or wife or descendants. The rate of taxation on other legacles varies (above such sum as is exempt) with the amount of the legacy. Six divisions as to amount are recognized: (1) up to \$10,000:	
	\$10,000 of each estate exempt; tax 3%, \$10,000 to \$25,000; 5% above \$25,000.	11. Funeral expenses.
Vermont	Exempt to parents, husband or wife, lineal descendants, stepchild, adopted child, or lineal descendant thereof, wife or widow of son, husband of daugnter.  To all others, 5%.	<ol> <li>Headstone not over \$25.</li> <li>Expenses of last sickness.</li> <li>Taxes.</li> <li>Debts due to State.</li> <li>Debts due to U. S.</li> <li>Wages within 3 months, not over \$50 per creditor.</li> </ol>
Virginia	On amounts not exceeding \$50,000 the primary rates are: (a) To grand-parent, parent, husband or wife, child, descendant, brother or sister, 1%, \$15,000 exempt. (b) To others more remote, 5%. On larger amounts the primary rates are multiplied as follows: (1) rom \$50,000 to \$250,000, twice; (2) \$250,000 to \$1,000,000, 3 times; (3) above \$1,000,000, 4 times.	Funeral and administration expenses.     Expenses of last sickness, not ex- strains S50, doctor or druggist.     Taxes.     Money owing as trustee or in fiduciary capacity.

STATE.	Inheritance Tax.	Preferred Obligations.
Washington	(a) Tax of 1% above \$10,000 to parents, husband or wife, lineal descendants, adopted child, or lineal descendant thereof.  (b) To collaterals, including the third degree of relationship, 3% up to \$50,000, 4½% from \$50,000 to \$100,000, and 6% from \$100,000 upward.  (c) To those further removed, 6% up to \$50,000, 9% up to \$100,000, 12% above \$100,000.	2. Expenses of last sickness. 3. Debts preferred by U. S. laws. 4. Wages, within ninety days.
West Virginia	To lineal ancestor, husband, wife, descendant, the rate is 1% on amounts up to \$25,000; \$25,000 to \$55,000, 1½%; \$55,000 to \$100,-000, 2%; \$100,000 to \$500,000, 2½%; above \$5500,001, 3%. Exempt up to \$10,-000, except in case of widow, where \$15,000 is exempt.  To brother or sister the rate is 3% up to \$25,-000, and for the varying amounts stated above the rates are $4½%, 6%, 7½%$ and $9%, T0,000$ there more remote the rates are	2. Debts owing to U. S. 3. Taxes. 4. Fiduciary obligations.
Wisconsin	5%, 7½%, 10%, 12½% and 15%.  (i) Tax of 1% to husband, wife, lineal descendants, lineal ancestors, adopted child, and lineal issue thereot.  (2) To brothers, sisters and descendants, wife or widow of son, or husband of daughter, (3) To uncles, aunts or their descendants, a%.  (4) To great-uncles, great-aunts and their descendants, 4%, (5) To all others, 5%.  When the estate is above \$25,000 the above rates are multiplied as follows: \$25,000 to \$50,000, 1½ times on excess; \$50,000 to \$50,000, 2½ times on excess; \$50,000 to \$500,000, 2½ times on excess; above \$500,000 to \$400,000, 2½ times on excess; above \$500,000 to \$600,000, 2½ times on excess; above \$500,000 to \$600,000, 2½ times on excess; above \$500,000 to \$600,000, 2½ times on excess; above \$500,000 to \$600,000,2½ times on excess; above \$600,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000	2. Debts preferred by U. S. laws.
Wyoming	Tax of 2% on amount above \$10,000 to parents, husband or wife, child, brother, sister, lineal descendants, wife or widow of son, husband of daughter, adopted or acknowledged child for ten years. Except that to husband, wife or child resident of the State \$25,000 to each is exempt. To others than above, tax of \$5%; \$500 exempt.	Expenses of last sickness and sixt days' wages, including medica attendance and medicines.     Judgments and mortgages.     All claims presented within sl. months.

# AMERICAN CAME PROTECTIVE AND PROPAGATION ASSOCIATION.

Incorporated on September 25, 1911, under the laws of the State of New York.

President-John B. Burnham. and Treasurer-William S. Haskell. Second Vice-President-E. A. Quarles. Secretary-George M. Fayles. Headquarters, 233 Broadway, New York.

The particular objects for which said corporation is formed are as follows:

(a) To preserve and propagate game and fish.

(a) To preserve and propagate gathe and six of the preservation and propagation of game and fish; to obtain uniformity of and to correct inconsistencies and irregularities in existing laws for the preservation and propagation of game and fish. (b) To urge the enactment of proper laws for the preservation and propagation of game and fish; to obtain uniformity of and to correct inconsistencies and irregularities in existing laws for the preservation and propagation of game and fish.

(c) To co-operate with and assist the proper authorities, regularly organized societies, clubs and

Vicc- | individuals, in enforcing the laws for the protection

individuals, in enforcing the laws for the protection and propagation of game and fish.

(d) To establish and maintain preserves and reserves where game may be propagated.

(e) To awaken interest among individuals, societies, clubs, and organizations in the protection and propagation of game and fish, and to demonstrate to them that propagation is a feasible and practical means of increasing the sport and the general food supply and can be made commercially successful.

### THE NATIONAL EDITORIAL ASSOCIATION. Organized at New Orleans, February 19-21, 1885.

The object of the association is to elevate the character and advance the interests of the profession of journalism and to promote the welfare of newspaper makers in the United States.

Any person connected with the editorial or business department of a newspaper, magazine or periodical, or any professional writer may become an active member.

The association is the only national organization representing the weeklies and small dallies of the country, and delegates to its conventions, held annually, are elected by the local and State associations. Committees look after national elevational advertising, cost and other business matters and one, newly mutees look after national legislation, national advertising, cost and other business matters and one, newly appointed, will take up the matter of a home for aged writers and newspaper people. The next convention will be held at Minneapolis, Minn., June, 1917.

The officers are: President—E. H. Tomlinson, Morristown, N. J. Vice-President—H. C. Hotaling, Mapleton, Minn. Secretary—George Schlosser, Watertown, S. Dak. Treasurer—J. Byron Cain, Belle Plaine, Kan.

## DISTRIBUTION OF INTESTATE'S PERSONAL ESTATE.

THE following is a synopsis of the laws of the various States providing for the distribution of the personal estate of a deceased after the payment of funeral expenses and other debts where there is no will:

In many of the States the widow and children are entitled to receive a small portion of the estate, generally varying from \$100 to \$500, before the claims of creditors are paid. Aside from such exempt portion of the estate, the property to be distributed to the widow or relatives is that remaining after all creditors' claims have been satisfied,

The following is the pian of distribution of a male's property. The same rules apply to a female's estate, except in some States, where the rights of a husband in the estate of his deceased wife differ from those of a wife in the estate of her deceased husband, which will be shown in a separate table.

I. In all States where the deceased leaves a child or children, or descendants of any deceased child, and no widow, the children or descendants take the entire estate, to the exclusion of all other relatives. The children take equal shares, and in most States the descendants of a deceased child together take the share of their parent, except where the descendants are all in equal degree to the deceased (all grandchildren, no children surviving), when they share equally and do not take their proportionate share of their parent's interest.

No statement is given in this synopsis of the law of Louisiana, which, being founded on the provisions of the French code and Roman law instead of the English common law, which is the underlying principle in the other States, differs in many respects from the principles followed in the other States, especially on the question of the rights of a husband and wife in each other's property and in the property acquired by the husband and wife during their married life. The provisions of the law of Indiana are also not included, for the reason that for an accurate statement of its provisions a reading of the entire statute is necessary, together with the decisions of the Indiana courts construing its provisions, which would occupy too much space for a statement here.

II. (a) If deceased leaves a widow, and no children or descendants, the widow takes all. This is the rule in Alabama, Arizona, Colorado, Fiorida, Georgia, Illinois, Kansas, Minnesota, Mississippi, New Jersey, New Mexico, Ohio, Oregon, Tennessee, Texas, Washington, West Virginia and Wisconsin.

(b) In the following States the widow takes one-half, the residue being taken by the other relatives in the manner and proportion in which they take the entire estate when the deceased leaves neither widow nor descendants (given below); Arkansas, California, Delaware, District of Columbia, Idaho, Iowa, Kentucky, Maine, Maryland, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, Nevada, North Carolina, Oklahoma, Rhode Island, Texas, Washington, West Virginia and Wisconsin.

(c) In Massachusetts, North Dakota, Pennsylvania and Utah the widow takes the entire estate up to \$5,000 and one-half of the residue.

(d) In Connecticut the widow takes the entire estate up to \$2,000 and one-half of the residue.

(e) In New York, if there be a father or mother of deceased surviving, the widow takes one-half; if there be no father or mother, but a brother or sister, nephew or niece surviving, the widow takes \$2,000 and one-half residue; if there be no parent, brother, sister, nephew or niece, the widow takes all. The residue after the widow's share passes in each case in accordance with the provisions applying where no widow or issue survive.

(f) In New Hampshire the widow takes \$1,500, and, if the estate exceeds \$3,000, onehalf of the residue.

(g) In Wyoming the widow takes the entire estate up to \$20,000 and three-fourths of the residue (if brother, sister or parent survive, otherwise all to widow).

(i) In Michigan the widow takes the entire estate up to \$3,000 and one-half of the residue (if brother, sister or parent survive, otherwise all to widow).

(i) In Vermont the widow takes entire estate if not exceeding \$2,500; if more n \$2,500, widow takes that sum and one-half of residue.

III. (a) When the deceased leaves a widow and children, or descendants, the widow takes one-third and the children snare equally in the residue in the following States: Arizona. Arkansas, Connecticut, Delaware, District of Columbia, Ilinois, Iowa, Marne, Maryiand, Massachusetts, Minnesota, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Ohio (one-half if less than \$400), Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Carolina, Texas, Vermont, Virginia and West Virginia.

(b) In the following States, if there be but one child, the widow takes one-half and the child one-half; if two or more children or their descendants, the widow takes one-third, as above, and the children or their descendants the residue: California, Florida, Idaho, Michigan, Montana, Nevada, North Dakota, Oklahoma, South Dakota and Utah.

(c) In the following States the widow takes one-half and the children, or descendants, the residue: Colorado, Kansas, Kentucky, Oregon, Washington and Wyoming.

(d) In the following States the widow takes the same share as each of the children: Mississippi, Missouri, Tennessee and Wisconsin.

(e) In North Carolina, if there are less than three children, the widow takes one-third and the children the residue; if there are three or more children, the widow takes the same share as each of the children.

## DISTRIBUTION OF INTESTATE'S PERSONAL ESTATE—Continued.

(f) In Alabama, if there is but one child, the widow takes one-half and the child one-half; if there are more than one child and less than five children, the widow takes the same share as each of the children; if there are five or more children, the widow takes one-fifth and the children or their descendants share equally in the residue.

(g) In Georgia, if there are less than five children, the widow takes the same share as each of the children; if there are five or more children, the widow takes the same share as each of the children; if there are five or more children, the widow takes one-fifth and the children or their descendants share equally in the residue.

In Nebraska if widow is not the parent of all the children of the deceased and there be more than one child, widow takes one-fourth and children the residue. If widow is parent of all children of the deceased, she takes one-half if there be but one child and the child the residue; if there be more than one child the widow takes one-third and the children the residue.

(h) In New Marken the widow takes

(h) In New Mexico, the widow takes one-half of the estate acquired during marriage, otherwise than by gift (by purchase, for example) and the children or their descendants share equally in the residue; the widow also takes one-fourth of the estate acquired before marriage, or by gift or legacy during marriage, the children or their descendants

taking the residue.

IV. (a) When the deceased leaves no widow, children or descendants, the parents take the entire estate in equal shares in the following States: Alabama, Arizona, California, Colorado, Connecticut. Idaho, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Montana, Nebraska, Nevada, New Hampshire, North Carolina, Oklahoma, Pennsylvania, Texas, Utah, Vermont, Washington, Wisconsin and Wyoming.

In all of the States just mentioned, except Alabama, Arizona, Maine, and Texas, if one parent is dead, the surviving parent takes the entire estate, to the exclusion of brothers and sisters. In Alabama, Arizona, Maine, and Texas the surviving parent takes one-half and the brothers and sisters, or their descendants, take the residue.

In all of them, if both parents are dead, the brothers and sisters and their descendants

take the entire estate.

- (b) In the following States the father, if living, takes the entire estate; if the father is dead, then to the mother and brothers and sisters, or their descendants equally; and if both parents are dead, then to the brothers and sisters, or their descendants: Florida, New York, Oregon, Rhode Island, South Dakota, Tennessee, Virginia and West Virginia.
- (c) In the following States the father, if living, takes the entire estate; if the father is dead, then to the mother; and if both parents are dead, then to the brothers and sisters or their descendants: Arkansas, District of Columbia and North Dakota.

  (d) In the following States the parents, if living, and the brothers and sisters, or their descendants, take the entire estate, sharing equally. Georgia, Illinois, Mississippi, Missouri, New Jersey and South Carolina.

(e) In Delaware, Ohio and Maryland (where the property did not descend to intestate from either parent), the brothers and sisters, or their descendants, take the entire estate in preference to the parents, who only inherit if there are no brothers or sisters or lawful issue of any deceased brothers or sisters.

## DISTRIBUTION OF FEMALE'S ESTATE.

In the following States, if the deceased was a married woman, the rights of her surviving husband in her personal estate differ from the rights of a widow in the estate of her deceased husband as shown in the above synopsis.

(a) In Delaware, District of Columbia, North Carolina, Rhode Island, and Virginia the husband takes the entire personal estate, whether there is any issue of the mar-

the husband takes the entire personal estate, the children of children, the husband riage or not.

(b) In New York, if there are no children or descendants of children, the husband takes the entire estate.

(c) In Florida, Georgia, and Pennsylvania, if there are no children or descendants, the husband takes the entire estate; if there are children, the husband takes the same share as each child.

(d) In Ohio the husband takes the entire estate if there are no children or descendants; if there are children or descendants, they take the entire estate.

(e) In Alabama the husband takes one-half of the estate, the children, or descendants; taking the residue.

 $(\tilde{t})$  In North Carolina, where surviving husband is not also the father of all the children of decedent, if there be one child the husband takes one-half and the child one-half; if there be more than one child, husband takes child's share.

# LAW EXAMINATIONS IN NEW YORK STATE.

To entitle an applicant to an examination as an attorney and counsellor he shall pay to the examiners a fee of \$15, and he must prove (15 days in advance) to the satisfaction of the State Board of Law Examiners: 1. That he is a citizen of the State, twenty-one years of age, and that his residence for six months prior to the examination is actual and not constructive, which proof must be made by his own affidavit. 2. That he has studied law in the manner and according to the conditions prescribed for a period of four years, except that if the applicant is a graduate of any college or university his period of study may be three years instead of four, and except also that persons who have been admitted as attorneys in the highest court of original jurisdiction of another state or country, and have remained therein as practising attorneys for a least three years, may be admitted to such examination after a period of law study of one year within this State, 3. That the applicant, if not a college graduate, has passed the recents' examination or its equivalent must be proved by the production of a certified copy of the regents' certificate filed in the office of the Clerk of the Court of Appeals.

Address communications concerning law examinations to F. M. Danaher, Secretary, Albany, N. Y.

### ACKNOWLEDGMENT OF DEEDS.

AN ACKNOWLEDGMENT is the act of declaring the execution of an instrumen before an officer authorized to certify to such declaration. The officer certifies to the fact of such declaration, and to his knowledge of the person so declaring. Conveyances or deeds of land to be entitled to be recorded must first be acknowledged before a proper officer. Most of the States have forms of acknowledgments, which should be followed.

Acknowledgments may be taken in general by Notaries Public, Justices of the Peace, Judges or Clerks of Courts of the higher grades, Registers, Masters in Chancery, Court Commissioners, Town Clerks, Mayor and Clerks of Incorporated cities, within their respective jurisdictions.

The requisites to a valid deed are the same in general as other contracts, but the appointment of antorney to execute a deed for another person must in general be executed with the same formalities requisite to the deed itself.

SEALS or their equivalent (or whatever is Intended as such) are necessary in Alaska, Connecticut, Delawine, District of Columbia, Florida, Idaho, Illinois, Maine Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, Oregon, Pennsylvania, South Carolina, Vermont, Virginia, West Virginia, Wisconsiu. Wyoming. In almost all the States deeds by corporations must be under seal. Forms are prescribed or indicated by the statutes of most of the States except Connecticut, Florida, Louisiana. Separate Actrowneroment by wife is required in Alaska, Arkansas, Delaware. District of Columbia, Florida, Georgia, Idaho, Kentucky, Louisiana, Montana, Nevada, New Jersey North Carolina, Oregon. Pennsylvania, South Carolina, Centsomary), Maryland, Nebraska. New Jersey (usual). Oklahoma, Utah. Wyoming. Two Witnesses to the execution of deeds is required in District of Columbia, Minnesota, New Hampshire, Ohio, Oregon, South Carolina. Texas, Vermont, Wisconsin. SEALS or their equivalent (or whatever is Intended as such) are necessary in Alaska, Connecticut,

# PROMISSORY NOTES AND CHECKS.

Negotiable instruments, the common forms of which are promissory notes, checks, or other bills of exchange, while having the same general requisites as other contracts, have certain distinct features. The purpose of the law is to facilitate as much as possible their free passing from hand to handlike currency. The assignment of an ordinary contract leaves the assignee in no different position for enforcing his rights than that of his assignor but one who takes a negotiable instrument from a prior holder, without knowledge of any defences to it, before its maturity, and gives value for it, holds it free of any defences which might have been set up against his predecessors, except those defects that were inherent in the instrument itself,

To be negotiable an instrument must be in writing and signed by the maker (of a note) or drawer (of a bill or check).

It must contain an unconditional promise or order to pay a sum certain in money.

Must be payable on demand, or at a fixed future time.

Must be payable to order or to bearer.

In a bill of exchange (check) the party directed to pay must be reasonably certain.

Every negotiable instrument is presumed to have been issued for a valuable consideration, and want of consideration in the creation of the instrument is not a defence against a bona-fide holder.

An instrument is negotiated, that is completely transferred, so as to vest litle in the purchaser, if payable to bearer, or indorsed simply with the name of the last holder, by mere delivery, if payable to order by the indorsement of the party to whom it is payable and delivery. One who transfers an instrument by indorsement warrants to every subsequent holder that the lastrumentis, genuine, that he has title to it, and that if not paid by the party primarily liable at maturity is a will pay it in our payable and the payable and the payable and the payable and the payable and the payable at maturity is a will pay it in our payable.

turity, he will pay it upon receiving due notice of non-payment.

To hold an indorser liable the holder upon its non-payment at maturity must give prompt notice of such non-payment to the indorser and that the holder looks to the indorser for payment such notice should be sent within twenty-four hours.

When an indorser is thus compelled to pay he may hold prior parties through whom he received the instrument liable to him by sending them prompt notice of non-payment upon received profession from the holder.

nug such notice from the noticer.

One who transfers a negotiable instrument by delivery, without indorsing it, simply warrants that the instrument is genuine, that he has title to it, and knows of no defence to it, but does not agree to pay it if unpaid at maturity. ing such notice from the holder.

The maker of a note is liable to pay it if unpaid at maturity without any notice from the holder or indorser.

Notice to one of several partners is sufficient notice to all.

When a check is certified by a bank the bank becomes primarily liable to pay it without notice of its non-payment, and when the holder of a check thus obtains its certification by the bank, the drawer of the check and previous indorsers are released from liability, and the holder looks to the bank for payment.

A bonn-fide holder of a negotiable instrument, that is, a party who takes an instrument regular on its face, before is maturity, pays value for it and has no knowledge of any defences to it, is entitled to hold the party primarily liable responsible for its payment, despite any defences he may have against the party to whom he gave it, except such as rendered the instrument void in its inception. Thus, if the maker of a note received no value for it, or was induced to issue it through fraud entire relief that they depend on the first party and they have the right of a bene-fide holder to convenient new terms. or imposition, they do not defeat the right of a bona-fide holder to compel its payment from him.

The following States have enacted a similar Negotiable Instrument Law: Alabama, Artzona, Colorado, Connecticut, Dist. of Columbia, Florida, Idaho, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Nebraska, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, North Dakota, Oregou, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Tennessee, Utah, Virginia, Washington, and Wisconsin—and the same general rules apply in all the States.

LAW OF CONTRACTS.

A contract is an agreement of two or more parties, by which reciprocal rights and obligations are created. One party acquires a right, enforceable at law, to some act or forbearance from the other, who is under a corresponding obligation to thus act or forbear. Generally speaking, all contracts which are made between two competent parties, for a proper consideration, without fraud and for a lawful purpose, are enforceable at law.

To the creation of a valid contract there must be:

1. Precise agreement. The offer of one party must be met by an acceptance by the other, according terms of agreed.

1. Precise agreement. The offer of one party must be met by an acceptance by the other, according to the terms offered.

2. There must be a consideration. Something of value must either be received by one party or given up by the other.

3. The parties must have capacity to contract. The contracts of Insane persons are not binding upon them. Married women are now generally permitted to contract as though single, and bind their separate property. The contracts of an infant are generally not binding upon him, unless ratified after attaining his majority. The contracts of an infant for "necessaries" may be enforced against him to the extent of the reasonable value of the goods furnished. It is incumbent upon one seeking thus to hold an infant to show that the goods furnished were in fact necessary to the infant, and that he was not already supplied by his parents or guardiaus.

4. The party's consent must not be the result of fraud or imposition, or it may be avoided by the party imposed upon.

party imposed upon.

party imposed upon.

5. The purpose of the parties must be lawful. Agreements to defraud others, to violate statutes, or whose aim is against public policy, such as to create monopolies, or for the corrupt procurement of legislative or official action, are void, and cannot been forced by any party thereto.

Contracts in general are equally valid, whether made orally or in writing, with the exception of certain classes of contracts, which in most of the States are required to be attested by a note or memorandum in writing, signed by the party or his agent sought to be held liable. Some of the provisions, which are adopted from the old English Statute of Frands, vary in some States, but the following contracts very generally are required to be thus attested by some writing: Contracts by their terms not to be performed within a year from the making thereof.

A promise to answer for the debt, default, or miscarriage of another person.

Contracts inade in consideration of marriage, except mutual promises to marry.

Promise of an executor, or administrator, to pay debts of deceased out of his own property.

Contracts for the creation of any interest or estate in land, with the exception of leases for a short term, generally one year.

short term, generally one year.

Contracts for the sale of goods above a certain value, unless a portion of the price is paid or part of the goods delivered. The required value of the goods sold varies in different States from \$30 to \$200. In a number of the States no such provision exists.

In many of the States declarations or conveyances of trust estates. In many States representations as to the character, credit, or responsibility of another person. Partial performance of the contract is generally held to dispense with the necessity for a

writing

writing.

If the damages liable to result from the breaking of a contract are uncertain the parties may agree upon a sum to which either may be entitled as compensation for a breach, which will be uplied by the courts, but if the sum so fixed is not designed as a fair compensation to the party injured, but as a penalty to be inflicted, it will be disregarded.

A party is generally excused for the failure to perform what he has agreed only by the actol God or the public enemy. Except in cases involving a personal element in the work to be performed, such as the rendition of services, when the death or sickness of the party contracting to perform them is a valid excuse, or contracts for the performance of work upon a specified object, when its destruction without the fault of the party sought to be held liable is a sufficient excuse.

### ARREST IN CIVIL ACTION.

WHILE imprisonment for debt as it formerly existed in English and American iaw, by which a debtor might be arrested and imprisoned for mere inability to pay his creditor, no longer exists in the United States, the statutes of the majority of the States provide for the arrest of a defendant in a civil action under varying conditions. A large number of States determine the right of arrest by the character of the claim on which suit is brought, allowing in it actions for fraud or the injuries known in the law as "torts," such as an injury to the person or property, conversion or embezzlement, libel, slander, or the like.

In the following States no civil arrest is allowed—Arizona, District of Columbia, Florida, Maryland, Minn-sota, Mississippi, Missouri, Nebraska, New Mexico, Tennessee, and Texas.

In the following States the right to arrest depends upon the nature of claim in suit. In actions for fraud or torts, Connecticut; for fraud, libel, slander, or violent injury to person or property, Delaware, for fraud only, Iowa and Kansas; only after verdict of jury, finding malice, fraud, or wilful deceit, Colorado; for torts, breach of promise to marry, misconduct or embezzlement in office or professional capacity, Michigan, Pennsylvania, and New York (also for fine or penalty or to recover property concealed from Sheriff).

In the following States arrest is only allowed against a defendant about to remove from State or about to conceal, transfer, or remove his property to avoid plaintiff's claim or defraud creditors, irrespective of the nature of the claim: Indiana, Kentucky, Louisiana, New Hampshire, Utah, Virginia. In New Hampshire tax collector may also arrest person for non-payment of poli tax, if not sufficient property upon which to make distress.

In the following States arrest is allowed in contract actions where the defendant is about to depart from the State, or conceal or remove his property, and also in actions for fraud or torts of various kinds, though the provisions are not identical: Arkansas (fraud

A WILL OR TESTAMENT is a final disposition of a person's property, to take effect after his death. A codicil is an addition or alteration in such disposition. All persons are competent to make a will except idiots, persons of unsound mind, and infants. In many States a will of an unmarried woman is deemed revoked by her subsequent marriage. A nuncupative or unwritten will is one made or ally by a soldler in active service, or by a mariner while at sea.

In most of the States a will must be in writing, signed by the testator, or bysome person in his presence, and by his direction, and attested by witnesses, who must subscribe their names thereto in the presence of the testator. The form of wording a will is immaterial as long as its intent is clear.

Age at which persons may make wills is in most of the States 21 years. Males and females are competent to make wills at 18 years in the following States? California, Connecticut, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, North Dakota, Okiahoma, South Dakota, Utah and the Hawalian Islands; and in the following States only females at 18 years: Colorado, District of Columbia, Illinois, Maryland, Missouri, Washington, Wisconsin.

In the following States persons of 18 years may dispose of personal property only: Alabama, Arkansas, Missouri, Oregon, Rhode Island, Virginia, West Virginia; in Georgia any one over 14 years and in Louisiana any one over 16 years is competent to make a will. In Colorado, persons of 17 years, and in New York males of 18 and females of 16 years may dispose of personalty. With Missonal in New York males of 18 and females of 16 years may dispose of personalty. With Missonalty New Hampshire (3), South Carolina (3), Vermont (3).

## THE INTERCOLLEGIATE PROHIBITION ASSOCIATION.

THE INTERCOLLECIATE PROHIBITION ASSOCIATION.

This association was incorporated in 1901 and is organized in 266 colleges and universities, and has an enrolled membership of 8,800. It encourages study and discussion of the liquor problem, especially in its economic and social phases, and enlists students for service and leadership in the settlement of this and similar civic social problems. To this end it conducts among the colleges of the United States oratorical contests, lournalistic contests, study groups, debates, etc., and sends out a thousand or more students annually into local and State anti-liquor campaigns. Its work is educational in character, training leaders and workers for the various anti-liquor organizations of the country.

President—D. Leigh Colvin, Ph. D., New York, First Vice-President—Daniel A. Poling, Boston, Mass. Secretary—Elon G. Borton.

Treasurer—Harry S. Warner. Headquarters, 189 West Madison Street, Chicago, Ill.

ACCORDING TO A RECENT REPORT OF CENSUS BUREAU THE NUMBER OF INHABITANTS
TO EACH SALOON IN THE CHIEF CITIES OF UNITED STATES IS AS FOLLOWS:

TO photi ballook in the child cirillo of childs sinited is as follows.								
CITY.	Per	Number of Saloons.	CITY.	Per	Number of Saloons.	CITY.	Per	Number of Saloons.
Milwaukee. San Francisco. New Orleans. Buffalo. Newark, N. J. Houston, Tex. St. Louis.	218 243 277 281 298	2,018 2,073 1,488 1,653 1,386 351 2,300	Louisville, Ky Chlcago Detroit Cincinnati Baitimore Donver Kansas City	335 397 457 482 496	703 7,152 1,377 880 1,203 495 574	Cleveland New York St. Paul Pittsburgh Philadelphia Boston Washington, D.C.	515 573 718 862 1.028	413 787 1,922 715

# ANTI-CAPITAL PUNISHMENT SOCIETY OF AMERICA.

The purpose of the organization is self-evident—to work for the abolition of capital punishment in every state, and also to work for the commutation of sentences of those who are condemned to death by the State. The national officers are: \*President—Gov. George W. P. Hunt, of Arizona. \*Vice-Presidents—McKenzle Cleland, Louis K. Phillips, Robert McMurdy, and Charles H. Ingersol. \*Secretary—Maurice B. Kovnat. \*Treasurer—Pay Lewis. National office, 5413 Harper Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

# PRISONERS' RELIEF SOCIETY.

# OPERATING IN EVERY STATE IN THE UNION.

President—Earl E. Dudding. Vice-President—J. W. Koontz. Treasurer—Letha Watts. Secretary—Stella B. Dabney. Chairman—O. E. Reckard. Headquarters, Huntington, W. Va.

President—Eugene Smith. Treasurer—J. Seely Ward. Gen. Secretary—O. F. Lewis. Headquarters, 135 East Fifteenth Street, New York City.

Chartered in 1846. Its objects are to secure: 1. The protection of society against crime. 2. The reformation of the criminal. 3. Protection for those unjustly accused. 4. Probation for first offenders. 5. Improvement in prisons and prison discipline. 6. Employment, and, when necessary, food, tools, and shelter for discharged prisoners. 7. Necessary aid for prisoners' families. 8. Supervision of those on probation and parole. 9. Needed legislation and correction of abuses in our penal system.

According to Census Bulletin 120, issued in 1914, the number of paupers in almshouses in the United States on January 1, 1910, was 84,198. Of these, 57,049 were males and 27,149 females; 44,149 were native born 33,125 foreign born, 355 nativity unknown, 6,464 colored. The total number of admissions to almshouses in 1910 was 88,313. The deaths of pauper inmates of almshouses in 1910 were 17,486, the largest causes of these deaths being tuberculosis of the lungs, 3,135; senlity, 1,813; heart disease, 1,439; pneumonia, 1,071; Bright's disease, 1,471. The number of paupers in almshouses who were discharged in 1910 to be self-supporting was 44,491; to relatives and friends, 14,160; to be boarded out, 459, and indentured, 10. More than half of the persons admitted during the year were over 60 years of age. The number 80 years old and over was 3,365.

PAUPERISM IN UNITED KINGDOM IN 1914.
England and Wales (on January 1), indoor 271,463, outdoor 389,314; Scotland (on January 15), paupers 66,832, dependents 38,413; Ireland (at close of first week in January), indoor 35,355, outdoor 37,837.
Total number, 839,214. Amount of relief in 1913, £17,784,579.

AMERICAN HUMANE ASSOCIATION.

A federation of societies and individuals "for the prevention of cruelty, especially cruelty to children and animals." The officers are: President—Dr. William O. Stillman, Albany, N. Y. Secretary—N. J. Walker, Albany, N. Y. Treasurer—Edgar McDonald, Brooklyn, N. Y.

### MORTALITY STATISTICS FOR 1915.

(From a bulletin issued by the Census Bureau, September 19, 1916.)

THE annual report on mortality in the United States, relating to the calendar year 1915, shows a death rate of 13.5 per 1,000 estimated population in the registration area of the United States.

the registration area of the United States.

TOTAL DEATHS IN REGISTRATION AREA,
The total number of deaths (exclusive of stillbirths)
In the registration area, which now contains about
two-thirds of the population of the United States,
was 909,155. There has been a marked, though not
continuous, decline in the death rate since 1830, when
it was 19.8 per 1,000, based on the deaths among 17
per cent. of the country's population.

The registration area of the United States, as constituted for the year 1915, consists of 25 States
(in one of which, North Carolina, the registration
is restricted to municipalities which had 1,000
population or over in 1910), the District of Columbia,
and 41 cities in non-registration States. The States
and cities making up this area are those whose registration of deaths has been accepted by the Bureau of

that cross making up this area are mose whose registration of deaths has been accepted by the Bureau of the Census as being fairly complete (at least 90 per cent, of the total number of deaths), and from which transcripts of the death certificates recorded under the State laws or municipal ordinances were received by the Bureau of the Census.

by the Bureau of the Census.

The estimated population of the registration area in 1915 was 67,336,992. It has grown from sixteenths of 1 per cent. of the total land area of the United States in 1880 to 41.3 per cent. in 1915, and the proportion of the population living in it has Increased from 17 per cent. in 1880 to 67.1 per cent. in

COMPARISON WITH FOREIGN COUNTRIES. COMPARISON WITH FOREIGN COUNTRIES. Comparative figures for foreign countries are not available for 1915, but in 1914 the only important countries or provinces having lower death rates than the United States were Denmark (12.6), the Province of Ontario (11.8), Holland (12.4), Australia (10.5), and New Zealand (9.3).

### DEATH RATES OF STATES.

Following are the death rates per 1,000 population in 1915 for the States included within the registration area: California, 13.7; Colorado, 11.3; Connectieut, 14.9; Indiana 12.7; Kansas 10.1 (these rates are based on estimates of population computed on the assumption that the annual numerical increase since 1910 has tion that the annual numerical increase since 1910 has been the same as the average annual numerical increase between 1900 and 1910. This method probably results, in the cases of the States and cities for the years indicated, in an exaggeration of the estimated population and a consequent reduction of the apparent death rate below the true figure); Kenuteky, 12.3 (white, 11.1c colored, 22.0); Maine, 15.6; Maryland, 15.8 (white, 14.1; colored, 24.1); Massachusetts, 14.5; Michigan, 13.4; Mornesota, 10.1; Missouri, 12.6; Montana, 11.4; New Hampshire, 16.1; New Jersey, 13.8; New York, 14.6; North Carolina (includes only minicipalities having a population of 1,000 or over in 1910), 17.3 (white, 13.5; colored, 24.9); Ohio, 13.0; Pennsylvania, 13.8; Rhode Island, 14.8; Utah, 9.9; Vermont, 14.7; Virginia, 14.2 (white, 11.6; colored, 19.8); Washington, 8.1; Wisconsin, 10.8.

# DEATH RATES FOR CITIES.

DEATH RATES FOR CITIES.

Following are the death rates per 1,000 population in 1915 for the 50 registration cities with populations of 100,000 or over in 1910. Separate figures for white and colored persons are given in parentheses for eities in which the colored population constituted 10 per cent. or more of the total in 1910:

Alabama—Birmingham, 15.6 (white, 11.3; colored, 22.7). California—Los Angeles, 12.3 (white, 12.0; colored, 19.4); Oakland, 11.4; San Francisco, 15.9 (white, 15.6; colored, 24.9). Colorado—Denver, 13.3. Connecticut—Bridgsport, 15.4; New Haven, 15.7. District of Columbia—Washington, 15.1 (white, 15.1; colored, 25.9). Georgia—Altheno, 14.3 (white, 14.0; colored, 25.3). Georgia—Altheno, 14.3 (white, 14.0; colored, 25.3). Georgia—Altheno, 14.3 (white, 14.0; colored, 25.3). Holiona—Indianapolis, 14.7 (white, 15.0; cwhite, 15.0; colored, 24.2). Louis—New Orleans, 21.2 (white, 16.2; colored, 34.6). Maryland—Baltimore, 17.1 (white, 15.2; colored, 28.1). Massachusetts—Boston, 16.1 (white, 15.0; colored, 23.0); Cambridge, 13.1; Fall River, 15.9;

lowell, 16.2; Worcester, 15.4. Michigan—Detroit, 15.7; Grand Rapids, 12.5. Minnesota—Minneapolls, 15.7; Grand Rapids, 12.5. Minnesota—Minneapolls, 11.5; St. Faul, 10.7. Missouri—Kansas City, 14.7 (white, 13.5; colored, 26.7); St. Louis, 13.8 (white, 13.0; colored, 24.5). Nebraska—Omaha, 12.2. New Jersey—Jersey City, 14.5; Newark, 13.1; Paterson, 13.2. New York—Albany, 20.0; Buffalo, 14.9; New York, 13.9; white, 13.7; colored, 23.7); Rochester, 13.9; Syraeuse, 13.2. Ohio—Cincinnati, 15.6 (white, 14.8; colored, 29.9); Cleveland, 13.4; Columbus, 14.0 (white, 13.6; colored, 13.4; Columbus, 14.0 (white, 13.6; colored, 23.4); Pittsburgh, 15.3 (white, 15.1; colored, 23.4); Pittsburgh, 15.3 (white, 15.1; colored, 23.4); Pittsburgh, 15.3 (white, 15.1; colored, 24.9); Nashville, 17.2 (white, 14.0; colored, 24.4); Virginia—Richmond, 18.9 (white, 15.9; colored, 24.4); Washington—Scattle, 7.4; Spoicane, 8.1. Wisconsin—Milwaukee, 11.4.

The lowest rate shown by any of these cities was that for Seattle, Wash. (7.4), while the highest (21.2) was for New Orleans, La.

DEATH RATES IN CITIES HAVING LARGE COLORED POPULATIONS.

DEATH RATES IN CITIES HAVING LARGE COLORED POPULATIONS.

An interesting feature of the report is the presentation of a table showing comparative death rates for white and colored persons (including Indians, Chinese, and Japanese) in 79 cities in which the colored population constituted 10 per cent. or more of the total in 1910. In these 79 cities (including two in Kentucky and two in Maryland in which the colored population constituted less than 10 per cent. of the total), taken together, the death rate among the white in 1915 was 15.0 per 1,000, while among the colored population to was 27.5. The highest rate for the colored was 56.5, in Columbia, S. C., and the lowest was 6.1, in Riverside, Cal.

By the aid of this table it is possible to make a much fairer comparison between the healthfulness of different cities, on the basis of the death rates among the white alone, than could be made on the basis of general death rates. For example, Birmingham, Ala., in which the combined death rate for white and colored persons was 15.6 per 1,000—considerably above the average for large cities—shows a rate of only 11.3 for whites alone— a little less than that for Oakland, Cal., and considerably less than that for Oakland, Cal., and considerably less than the rates for many other cities.

AVERAGE AGE AT DEATH.

The average age at death in 1913 for both sexes, from all causes combined, was 39.8; for males alone, 39.2; for females alone, 40.6. The corresponding averages for 1912 were 40.6, 39.9, and 41.4. The report cautions the reader not to confuse the average age at death with expectation of life as given in life tables.

Nearly 18 per cent. of all deaths were of infants under 1 year of age, and more than 25 per cent. were of children under 5 years. After the first five years of enddren under 3 years. After the list have years of age deaths were most frequent among persons between 70 and 74, inclusive. This applied to both sexes combined and to women alone, the deaths among these groups forming 6.56 per cent. and 6.88 among these groups for many one get cent. and one per cent, respectively of the corresponding totals. For men alone, however, the period of greatest mortality was between the aces of 65 and 69, inclusive, the deaths during this period constituting 6.4 per cent, of the total for males.

FEWER DEATHS FROM TUBERCULOSIS.

The death rate from tuberculosis (all forms) declined from 146.8 per 100,000 population in 1914 to 145.8 in 1915. The rate from this cause shows a

145.8 in 1915. The rate from this cause shows a continuous, though irregular, decline from year to year since 1904.

The death rates from cerebral hemorrhage and apoplexy, and organic heart diseases and endocarditis increased as compared with 1914, the former from 77.7 to 79.3 per 100,000 population, and the latter from 150.8 to 156.2. These rates are higher than in any of the years between 1900 and 1915.

The rates for typhoid rever, searlet fever, dipheria and croup, and diarrheza and entertitis (infants under 2 years) show decreases as compared with 1914, and there has been a general and pronounced decline in the rates from these causes since 1900.

# PRINCIPAL CAUSES OF DEATHS.

(From a bulletin issued by Census Bureau, November 11, 1916.)

The deaths from heart diseases (organic diseases of the heart and endocarditis) in the registration area in 1915 numbered 105,200, or 156.2 per 100,000 pepulation. The death rate from this cause shows a marked increase as compared with 1900, when it was only 123.1 per 100,000.

Tuberculosis in its various forms claimed 98,194 victims in 1915, of whom 85,993 died from tuberculesis The progress made in the prevention of the lungs. of this dreaded maiady during recent years has been most gratifying. In only a little more than a decade, from 1904 to 1915, the death rate from tuberculosis in all its forms fell from 200.7 to 145.8 per 100,000, the decline being continuous from year to year. This is a drop of more than 25 per cent.

Pneumonia (including bronchopneumonia) was responsible for 89,326 deaths in the registration area in 1915, or 132.7 per 100,000. This rate, although lower than for most of the years from 1900 to 1911 inclusive, is higher than for 1912, 1913, and 1914. The rate for 1914, 127 per 100,000, was the lowest on record. The death rate from this disease, like that from tuberculosis, has shown a marked decline since 1900, when it was 180.5 per 100,000.

The only remaining death rate higher than 100

per 100,000 in 1915 was that for Bright's disease and acute nephritis, 104.7. The total number of deaths due to these maladies in 1915 was 70,500; of this number, 64 480 were caused by Bright's disease and 6,020 by acute nephritis. The mortality rate from these two causes increased from 89 per 100,000 in 1900 to 103.4 in 1905, fluctuated more or less between 1905 and 1912, and has shown little change

since the last-mentioned year.

Next in order of deadliness come cancer and other malignant tumors, which caused 54,584 deaths in 1915. Of these, 21,221, or nearly 39 per cent., resuited from cancers of the stomach and liver. The death rate from cancer has risen from 63 per 100,000 in 1900 to 81.1 in 1915. The increase has been almost continuous, there having been but two years, 1906 and 1911, which showed a decline as compared with the years immediately preceding

Apoplexy was the cause of 53,397 deaths, or 79.3 per 100,000. The rate from this disease has increased gradually, with occasional slight declines, since 1900,

when it stood at 67.5.

Diarrhœa and enteritis caused 48,325 deaths in 1915, or 71.7 per 100,000. This rate has shown a marked falling off in recent years, having been 90.2 in 1913 and 79.4 in 1914; and has declined very greatly as compared with the corresponding rate for Nearly five-sixths of the 1900, which was 133.2. total number of deaths charged to these causes in 1915 were of infants under 2 years of age.

Arterial diseases of various kinds—atheroma, aneurism, etc.—caused 15,685 deaths in 1915, or 23.3 per 100,000. This rate, although somewhat lower than the corresponding ones for 1912 and 1913, is higher than that for 1914, and is very much higher than that for 1900, which was 6.1.

Diabetes was the cause of 11,775 deaths, or 17.5 per 100,000. The rate from this disease has risen almost continuously from year to year since 1900,

when it was 9.7 per 100,000.

Influenza caused no fewer than 10,768 deaths in the registration area in 1915, the rate being 16 per 100,000. The rate from this malady, which fluctuates very considerably from year to year, was higher in 1915 than during several years preceding.

The mortality rate from typheld fever has shown a most gratifying and remarkable decline since 1900, having dropped from 35.9 per 100,000 in that year

to 12.4 in 1915, the decrease amounting to nearly two-thirds. This decline is greater, relatively, than that shown for any other important cause of death. The total number of deaths due to typhoid fever in 1915 was 8,332.

WHOOPING COUGH, MEASLES, AND SCARLET FEVER.

The principal epidemic maladies of childhoodwhooping cough, measies, and scarlet fever-were together responsible for 11,489 deaths of both adults and children, or 17.1 per 100,000, in the registration area in 1915, the rates for the three diseases separately being 8.1, 5.4, and 3.6, respectively. In 1913 measles caused a greater mortality than either of the other diseases, but in 1914 and 1915 whooping cough had first place.

EFFECTS OF THE "SAFETY-FIRST" CAMPAIGN.

That the "safety-first" campaign, inaugurated a few years ago, has borne good fruit is brought out by the figures for accidental deaths. 54,011 deaths were reported as due to accident; for 1914 the corresponding number was reduced to 51,770, and for 1915 to 51,406; and during this period there was not only an increase in the population of the registration area as it existed in 1913, but an increase in the extent of the area itself. The rate per 190,000 population for accidental deaths tell from 85.3 in 1913 to 78.5 in 1914 and to 76.3 in 1915.

Deaths due to railway accidents and injuries totailed 6,652 in the registration area in 1915, or 9.9 per 100,000. This number includes fatalities resulting from collisions between railway trains and vehicles at grade crossings. This death rate is the lowest on record and shows a marked decline during the past 10 years.

Deaths resulting from street-car accidents and injuries numbered 1,555, or 2.3 per 100,000. This rate, like that for railway fatalities, is the lowest on record and shows a material failing off during the past 10 years.

Automobile, conducts and being the conductions are considered to the conduction of the conduction

record and shows a material failing oil during the past 10 years.

Automobile accidents and injuries caused 3,978 deaths in 1915, or 5.9 per 100,000. There has been an increase in this rate from year to year, but, as already mentioned, the increase has not been so rapid as that in the number of machines in use. The number of deaths from mine accidents and injuries in the registration area in 1915 was 2,009, corresponding to a rate of 3 per 100,000. This rate shows a material decline as compared with the coresponding figure for 1913, 3.6, and a very great to the highest on record.

Deaths caused by machinery accidents in 1915 numbered 1,257, or 1.9 per 100,000. This rate also shows a marked decline during recent years, the corresponding figures for 1913 and 1914 being 2,4 and 2, respectively. The highest recorded rate from this cause is 2.5, for 1907.

SUICIDES.

The number of suicides reported for 1915 was 11,216, or 16.7 per 100,000 population. The suicide rate has not varied very greatly during the past 10 years. DEATHS CAUSED BY FIREARMS.

The census figures bring out the astonishing fact that during the year 1915 firearms caused more deaths than railroad accidents, more than five times as many as street-car accidents, nearly as many as railroad and street-car accidents combined, and more than twice as many as railroad and street-car accidents. many as railroad and street-car accidents, nearly as many as railroad and street-car accidents combined, and more than twice as many as automobile accidents. The total number of deaths due to the use of frearms in the registration area in 1915 was 7,994, corresponding to a rate of 11.9 per 100.000, Of these deaths, 3,608 were suicides, 2,885 were housededs, and 1,501 were accidental including those concerning which the status as to suicide, homeled, or accident was in doubt). The suicidal use of recarms has increased from year to year sinc 1913; the frequency of accidental deaths cent years; and the homicidal use of frearms shores a decline as compared with 1913 and 1914, but increase as compared with 1910, 1911, and 1912. No separate data as to homicides by frearms for the years prior to 1910 are available. are available.

# INFANTILE PARALYSIS (POLIOMYELITIS).

INFANTILE paralysis (poliomyelitis) is a disease characterized by inflammation of the nerve cells of the spinal cord, or brain, resulting in their total or partial destruction, with consequent wasting, paralysis and deformity of the parts which they

HISTORY-Poliomyelitis is not a new disease. It was first described in 1840 by von Helne, but unquestionably existed for centuries previous to that Its occurrence in epidemic form was first recognized by Bergenholz in 1861, his observations being published in 1890. The largest epidemics have occurred in Vermont in 1894, Norway and Sweden in 1905, New York City and vicinity 1907,

Iowa 1908-1910, Massachusetts 1907 and the three subsequent years, Minnesota 1908-1909-1910, District of Columbia 1910, Sweden 1911, Buffalo 1912, New York and surrounding States 1916. Isolated cases are, however, being constantly reported. The following table shows the rapid increase in the number of cases in this country in recent years:

1880-1884..... 23 cases. 93 1885-1889..... 1890-1894..... 151 \*\* 1895-1899..... .. 1900-1904..... 349 1905-1909..... 8.054 Since 1910..... (estimated) 45,000

DISTRIBUTION-The disease exists in all parts of the world, and extensive outbreaks have occurred in countries with every conceivable variation of climate. Northern Europe and the northern portion of the Western Hemisphere have suffered to a greater extent, however, than southern sections, and in the United States generally the Infection is more prevalent than in other countries.

SEASONAL PREVALENCE-Cases occur in every month of the year, but the late Summer and early Fall months generally show the greatest incidence. With the approach of cold weather the disease usually declines rapidly, although one of the most extensive outbreaks occurred in Sweden in the depth of Winter. In the Southern Hemisphere poliomyelitis is most common from December to May, the Summer months.

AGE INCIDENCE-The disease occasionally, though rarely, affects adults. In the New York City 1916 epidemic approximately 88 per cent. of all cases were in children under the age of 5, and 98.5 per cent. were in those under 15.

INSECTS-Experimentally poliomyelitis has been transmitted by the stable-fly (stomoxys calcitrans). and the virus may be carried mechanically by the common house-fly (musca domestica). Whether or not these insects play a rôle in the transmission of the disease has not as yet been definitely determined. There is no reason for believing that the mosquito is concerned in the dissemination of the disease. Recently the flea has been incriminated, the theory of flea transmission being advanced by Richardson, in September, 1916. The evidence to support this theory is inconclusive.

OTHER CONDITIONS-Rich and poor are alike affected, and the presence of insanitary conditions seems to exert but little influence in the development of the disease. The robust and the weak are attacked with equal frequence, but the latter succumb more The disease is slightly more common among males. It is the exception rather than the rule for more than one case to develop in the same family. Many of the most fatal epidemics have occurred in rural districts, hence density of popula-tion would seem not to be a factor. The rapid spread of the disease over a wide area would suggest

that the infection is disseminated by human traffic-As a rule only a small percentage of the total population is affected, after which the disease rapidly A history of direct exposure to other subsides. paralytic cases is somewhat uncommon, and the belief is gaining ground that the infection is chiefly spread through contact either with healthy carriers, convalescent cases, or those who have had a mild form of the affliction. Foodstuffs, water supplies, domestic animais, and other external agencies have never been proved to be factors in the dissemination of infantile paralysis.

VIRUS—In 1913 Flexner and Noguchi described a micro-organism which they believe to be the cause of poliomyelitis. The virus is present in the brain, spinal cord, and nasal, mouth and intestinal secretions of those afflicted, but it has not been found in the circulating blood. Secretions or extracts derived from these sources when injected into monkeys reproduce the disease. Young rabbits may also at times be infected, but other animals are not susceptible. It is believed that the virus leaves the body in the secretions, gains access to other persons, multiplies and penetrates to the brain and spinal cord, where it produces its characteristic lesions. The virus casily passes through the pores of a porcelain filter, and is especially resistant to temperature and other physical changes and to the action of certain disinfectants, while it is readily destroyed by others. Virus-In 1913 Flexner and Noguchi described a is readily destroyed by others.

INCUBATION-The disease arises not infrequently about eight days after exposure, but this period is subject to marked variations.

about eight days after exposure, but this period is subject to marked variations.

SYMPTOMS—The onset is usually sudden but maialse, weakness and such digestive disturbances as nausea, constipation or diarrheea may precede the initial fever. In the early stages the disease may present the picture of almost any acute condition and the true nature of the infection may not be recognized until after the development of paralysis. The temperature is fairly high, headache is complained of, prostration may be pronounced, restlessness and irritability are present, and an apathete or drowsy state develops. Pain and tenderness, especially in the neck and spine, are fairly constant early symptoms, and delirium is not uncommon Paralysis usually develops within two or three days from the date of onset, but it may be a stage of the symptom noticed. Sometimes only only may be involved, such as the form the day as the form of the condition of the paralysis and the control of the paralysis of the covers, introvenent in the paralysis is generally to be expected. Following the normalise steen and the system and the paralysis is generally to be expected. Following the normalise and the system and the produced the paralysis the muscles waste and unless prein the paralysis is generally to be expected. Following the paralysis is generally to be expected. Following the paralysis the muscles waste, and, unless pre-vented, contractures and deformities may ensu-Skilful treatment is especially needed in this stage of the disease.

Many types of the disease are recognized. In the abortive form paralysis does not develop and the patient recovers uninjured. These mild and often

patient recovers uninjured. These mild and often unrecognized cases are probably of great importance in the transmission of the disease. Other cases are characterized by meningeal symptoms, and still others by different forms of paralyses.

Prognosis—As a rule the younger the child the better the prognosis. Fully 20 per cent. of all cases make a complete recovery. Improvement is possible even after paralysis has been present for years. The mortality in the New York epidemic was especially high, approximately 25 per cent.

Care of Pattern—It nollowellis is present in

Carle of Pattern—If pollomyelitis is present in a community, medical ald should be summoned whenever a child is ill. Isolate the patient, place a competent person in charge and reduce communication with the sick room to a minimum. Hospital care is preferable, not only for the child but in order to safeguard against the spread of the disease. The sick room should be screened. Nasal and mouth The slok room should be screened. Nasal and mouth secretions should be received in cloths and burned. The clothing of the child, the bed linen, and the excretions should be disinfected by boiling or by long-continued application of a strong disinfectant.

### INFANTILE PARALYSIS (POLIOMYELITIS).

Most authorities recommend the continuance of quarantine from six to eight weeks, but the period that the child remains infectious varies.

Absolute rest 1s essential in the acute stages. The pain may be relieved by warm baths, but in this, as in all other measures, the parents should be guided solely by the physician. There is no specific treatment. Serum derived from patients who have recovered frein the disease has been used, but its value is a matter of opinion. The same can be said of airenaline when injected intraspinally. Lumbar puncture is usually beneficial and is also of value in establishing the diagnosis.

When the acute stage has passed and tenderness and pain have enthrely disappeared, the patient sbould attempt to move about, care being taken to avoid fatigue. If necessary braces should be secured and properly fitted. Massage, if skillfully performed, prevents the muscles from wasting, but 1k has no effect upon the paralyzed nerve cells. Electricity may be helpful, but it should only be used by the skilled physician. Muscle training is a measure which is of greatest service, as it directly affects the nervous centres.

The prevention of deformity requires the greatest care, Permanent deformity of the limb may result if the child is neglected, and continued treatment until recovery ensues is to be recommended. Progress toward recovery is almost invariably slow but steady. For those cases which do not fully recover many ingenious operations have been devised, such as making the tendon of a non-paralyzed muscle do the work of one which is paralyzed, the transplanting of nerves and other procedures.

POLIOMYELITIS DEATHS IN CITY OF NEW YORK, JUNE 1 TO OCTOBER 31, 1916, INC.

(As reported by Department of Health, New York City.)

	Males.	Females.	Total, Both Sexes.				
Total, all ages Under 1 year 1 year 2 years	1,407 240 312 255	998 183 209 180	2,405 423 521 435				
3 years	185 136 1,128	769 71	311 207 1,897				
5 to 9 years 10 to 14 years 15 to 19 years 20 to 24 years	208 33 12 8	169 31 13 4	377 64 25 12				
25 to 29 years 30 to 34 years 35 to 39 years 40 to 44 years	10 3 3	6 1	14 9 4 3				
45 years and over Colored	23	ii	34				

AGE SUMMARY OF 7,496 CASES REPORTED IN BUL-LETIN OF NEW YORK CITY DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, SEPTEMBER 16, 1916.

77- 1 1	10.00
Under 1 year	10.0%
1 year and over, but under 6 years	75.0%
6 years and over, but under 11 years	10.8%
11 years and over, but under 16 years	1.9%
16 years and over	1.7%
to years and over	A 70

### ANTHRAX.

(From the Monthly Review of the U. S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.)

At the annual meeting of the Delaware State Medical Society at Wilmington, October 11 and 12, 1915, Dr. John Palmer, Jr., reported that within the last eight years he had attended over 42 cases of anthrax affecting the cutaneous and cellular tissues.

Many cases of anthrax have been found among workers in hides in New York City and among the workers in skins in Gloversville, N. Y. The sporadic and exceptional occurrence of the infection, however, has obscured its importance as an occupational disease. The Bulletin of the New York State Industrial Commission for March, 1916, records the fact that since March, 1915, 11 cases of anthrax have been reported in the second inspection district and 11 in the metropolitan district. Of the number in the second district 7 were tannery employes, 3 were farmers, and 1 a schoolboy; of the 11 infected 4 died of anthrax. The metropolitan cases are to be made the subject of a special report, and subsequently a general report embracing all the cases in the State will be submitted.

In Massachusetts, where occupational anthrax is subject to compensation under the Workmen's Compensation Law, 6 cases, 2 of which were fatal, were reported during the year ended June 30, 1914. Of these, 3 were in tanneries (1 fatal) and 3 in water transportation (1 fatal).

In the blennial report of the Texas State Board of Health from September 1, 1912, to August 31, 1914, there were reported "14 human cases" of anthrax infection, with 3 deaths. Among animals 11,746 cases were reported, with 9,328 deaths. The epidemic appeared in 26 counties, while in 1913 there were only 17 infected counties. The conclusion announced by the board is that the extensive epidemics of anthrax in west Texas "are largely due to the horsefly, which carries the infection from the sick to the well."

In Germany, in 1910, 287 cases of anthrax, with 36 deaths, were discovered in the Empire.

In Great Britain, reports of industrial anthrax have been tabulated since 1900 as follows:

Cases Reported.			1	CASES R	EPORTED.		CASES REPORTED.	
YEAR.	Totai.	Fatai.	YEAR.	Totai.	Fatal.	YEAR.	Total.	Fatai.
1900 1901 1902	39 38	9	1906	47	21 11 7 12	1912 1913 1914	47 70 54	6 7 7
1903 1904 1905	50 59		1909 1910 1911	56 51 64	12 4	Total	784	152

In France, returns for the years 1910 to 1912, Indicate the total number of occupational-anthrax cases as follows: 1910, 54 (39 males, 15 females); 1911, 42 (35 males, 7 females); 1912, 38 (29 males, 9 females).

According to the records of the Bavarian Statis-

tical Bureau, between 1890 and 1911, 314 Bavarian workmen contracted the disease; 94 of that number, or 30 per cent., died.

Most of the anthrax-infected material (hides, hair, bristies, wool, etc.) comes from countries that are far behind the times in respect to practical hygiene—Russia, Siberia, China and South America.

### LEPER COLONIES.

No leper colonies are maintained by the United States Government. Institutions of this character have, however, been established under the control of the respective State, Territorial or Insular authorities in the following places:

in the following places:

San Francisco, Cal., Leper Home, administered by the Health Officer, San Francisco, Cal.

Louisians State Leper Home, administered by the Board of Control for Leper Home, New Orleans, La.

Massachusetts Leper Station, Penikese Island,

Mass., administered by the State Commissioner of Health, Boston, Mass.

County Hospital, leper ward, Los Angeles, Cal.

Hawaiian Leper Colony, Molokai, Hawaii, admin-istered by the Secretary, Territorial Board of Health, Honolulu, H. T. Philippine Leper Colony, Culion Island, P. I., ad-ministered by the Director of Health, Manlia, P. I., Porto Rico Leper Colony, Cabras Island, P. R., administered by the Insular Director of Sanitation, San Juan, P. R.

The United States Senate Public Health Committee recommended on March 25, 1916, the passage of a bill for a National Home for lepers. Various estimates placed the number of lepers at large in the United States as high as 500. The report of the committee, based on expert testinony, declared that leprosy is present in every State and that its victims are rapidly increasing. A bill appropriating \$250,000 for a leper colony passed, the Honse of Representatives on May 4, 1916, at the first session of the Sixty-fourth Congress. The bill, however, although favorably reported by committee, did not reach a vote in the Senate.

### THE UNITED STATES PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE.

THE UNITED STATES PI
THE United States Public Heaith Service is a
branch of the Treasury Department. The head of
the service is a commissioned medical officer with
the title of Surgeon-General. The bureau of the
service in Washington is under the immediate direction of the Surgeon-General and consists of seven
divisions, namely, Scientific Research, Foreign and
Insular Quarantine and Immigration, Domestic (Interstate) Quarantine, Sanitary Reports and Statistics, Personnel and Accounts, Marine Hospitals
and Relief and Miscellaneous.
The commissioned corps of the service consista

and Relief and Miscellaneous.

The commissioned corps of the service consists of medical officers of the following grades: Surgeon-General Assistant Surgeons-Ceneral, Senior Surgeons, Surgeons, Passed Assistant Surgeons, and Assistant Surgeons are made to the grade of Assistant Surgeon after successful examination. Qualifications for examinations are graduation from a reputable medical college, one year's hospital experience or two years' professional work after graduation, and testimonials from responsible persons as to professional and moral character. Applicants must be between the ages of 23 and 32 years. The service corps also comprises a large number of non-commissioned officers, consisting of scientific experts, Acting Assistant Surgeons, pharmacists, and other specially trained employes. employés.

employés.

The Division of Scientific Research supervises field and laboratory investigations of public bealth matters. These investigations relate to such diseases as flariasis, hookworm disease, leprosy, infantile paralysis, maiaria, pellagra, traclioma, tuberculosis, and typhoid fever, and sanitary problems of national importance, as industrial hygiene, school hygiene, rural sanitation, public health administration, coastal waters, and shelifish pollution, and water supplies and sewage. For this purpose field headquarters and laboratories are located at convenient places throughout the country. Purely technical studies are carried on at the Hygienic Laboratory in Washington, where are also conducted the tests of preparations necessary for the enforcement of the law regulating the sale of biological products in interstate traffic.

Under the direction of this division the Public

ment of the law regulating the sale of biological products in interstate traffic.

Under the direction of this division the Public Health Service co-operates with State and local Boards of Health in the eradication of epidemic diseases, such as plague, cholera, vellow fever, typhus fever, smallpox, and leprosy. Details of officers are also made, on request from State and municipal health authorities, to assist in the suppression of typhoid fever, infantile paralysis, cerebro-spinal meningitis, and other diseases.

The Foreign and Insular Quarantine and Immigration division of the bureau has under its immediate supervision the 55 quarantine stations in the United States, 26 stations in its insular possessions, and 89 stations for the medical inspection of immigrants. Eighteen officers are also stationed at American consulates abroad to assist in the administration of the quarantine laws and the medical inspection of immigrants. During the fiscal year 1916 there was an increase in the number of vessels inspected at quarantine stations, a total of 12,120 such inspections having been made, as compared with 10,397 in 1915. These vessels carried 1,477,000 passengers and crews, as compared with 612,026 in 1915. Fumigations to the number of 1,680 were

made in 1915, as compared with 1,794 in 1916. The total immigrants inspected during the year 1916 were 481,270, as compared with 562,263 in 1915, and the number certified for rejection on account of mental and physical defects was 15,327, whereas in 1916 17,340 such certifications were made.

The service, through the Division of Domestic (Interstate) Quarantine, has supervision of measures for the prevention of the spread of infectious and contagions diseases in interstate traffic, and the administration of matters in regard to the interstate traffic, and the certifications regarding prevention of the use of common towels and common drinking cups on vehicles or vessels operating in interstate traffic, and the certification of water furnished by common carriers for passengers in interstate traffic. In this division is also maintained a stereopticon loan library for sanitarians, teachers, and others who desire to give instruction in sanitation and hygiene. The popularization of public health through the medium of Health News is also carried on under this division.

Under the supervision of the Division of Sanitary Perports and Stratifies the service keeps currently

health through the medium of Health News is also carried on under this division.

Under the supervision of the Division of Sanitary Reports and Statistics the service keeps currently informed of the prevalence of communicable diseases throughout the United States and of epidemic diseases throughout the World. It also compiles the laws and regulations relating to public health adopted by States and clitics. These laws and regulations, together with information regarding prevalence of diseases are published with other sanitary information in the Public Health Reports, a bulletin of approximately 70 pages, issued weekly.

The Division of Personnel and Accounts of the service has charge of the changes in the personnel of the service and the movement of commissioned officers and other employes of the service in the field work. The personnel of the Public Health Service now consists of 187 commissioned medical officers, 255 Acting Assistant Surgeons (physicians appointed locally and not subject to change of station). 63 physicians employed locally for the medical relief of superintendents, keepers, and surfmen at Life-Saving Stations, 50 pharmacists, 1,420 attendants, and 156 other employes, a total of 2,131 persons. The fiscal matters of the service are also handled in this division. division.

The Marine Hospital and Rellef Division of the service has charge of the 22 marine hospitals and 125 other relief stations of the service located throughout the country. During the isseal year 1916, 68,398 patients were treated—17,464 in hospitals and 50,934 as dispensary or out-patients. The Miscellaneous Division of the bureau has

The Miscellaneous Division of the bureau has charge of the distribution of service literature, editions of which aggregated during the fiscal year 1916 over two million copies. In this division are also supervised various miscellaneous matters not coming within the jurisdiction of any of the other divisions of the bureau.

Among the notable achievements of the service in recent years in the field of public health work have been the eradication of bubonic plague in California, Porto Rico, and New Orleans, and the suppression of yellow fever in the South. During the year 1916 measures were instituted for the prevention of the interstate spread of pollomyelitis (Infantile paralysis) from New York and other Northern points.

THE INSANE

(From a bulletin issued by the Census Bureau, January 25, 1915. The repo The report is based upon data relative

MORE MEN INSANE THAN WOMEN.
ON January 1, 1919, there were 98,695 males in Institutions for the insane, as compared with 89,096 females, and during the year 1910 34,116 males were admitted, as compared with 26,653 females.
There were 208.5 male in nates of insane asylums to every 100 000 males in the total nanutation while the every 100 000 males in the total nanutation while the

There were 208.5 male in.nates of insane asylums to every 100,000 males in the total population, while the corresponding ratio of femnle inmates to total female population was 199.6 to 100,000. The males admitted during the year 1910 represented a ratio of 72.1, the females a ratio of 59.7. This means that in a typleal community of 200,000 persons equall / divided as to sex 20% of the males would be found in insane asylums and 200 of the females, and in the course of one year 72 males would go admitted to the asylums, as com-

72 males would be admitted to the asylums, as compared with 60 tenades.

The number of males in asylums for the Insane has increased faster than the number of females. In 1850 the two sexes had, in fact, a nearly equal representation in these institutions, as the total number of inmates included 20,635 males and 20,307 females; but by 1910 the number of male inmates had increased to 98,695 and the number of female inmates to 89,096, so that the males outnumbered the females by a ratio of 111 to 100. The excess of males among the current admissions in 1910 was still greater—128 males to 100 females.

100 females.

ONE REASON WHY

Of females.

Of pecullar interest in this connection is the table which distinguishes the cases diagnosed as alcoholic psychosis or general paralysis—mental disesses which, generally speaking, are the aftermath of vice and dissipation. Of the 34,116 males admitted to hospitals for the insane in 1910, \$3.56, or about 25 per cent. of the total number, were reported as suffering from one or the other of these diseases, while the number of females having these diseases was only 1,551, representing about 7 per cent. of the 26,635 females admitted If from the total number of admissions the cases of alcoholic psychosis and general paralysis are decided, are dispared to be ween the sexes practically \$25,760 males as compared with 24,801 admissions slight excess of males, but not so great as naturally would result from the fact that there are more males than females in the general population.

The table following shows the number of admissions to hospitals for the insane in 1910:

sions to nospitate for the insure in 1910:						
	Males.	Females.				
Total number admitted	34,116	26,653				
Having general paralysis Having alcoholic psychosis Having both diseases	147	895 902 54				
All other cases	25,760	24,802				

COMPARISON BY AGE PERIODS.

The statistics give the number of insane of each sex admitted to hospitals in each age period per 100,000 persons of the same age and sex in the total population. The ratio of admissions increases with advancing years, reaching its maximum in extreme oid age, when senile dementia marks the weakening of the mental faculties.

Is and asylums in 1910.)

This does not mean that a majority of the admissions to institutions for the insane are old people. On the contrary, only about 10 per cent. of the insane admitted to hospitals were over 65 years of age, while about 57 per cent. were between 25 and 50 years of age; but in proportion to the total number of people in the same period of life the number of admissions is larger in old age than in middle life, and larger in middle life than in youth. In fact, very lew young people are included in the admissions, and practically no children.

Propose are included in the admissions, and practically no children.

Throughout the entire life period the ratio of admissions for males is larger than that for the other sex. Upon eliminating the cases of alcoholic psychosis and general paralysis, the ratio for males still remains higher than that for females up to the age of 30 and above the age of 60, but is lower in the intervening years. This indicates, in other words, that when the cases of general paralysis and alcoholic psychosis are eliminated there are more cases of other forms of insanity among women than among men in the peciod of life from 30 to 60 years of age, but fewer in early life and in old age.

RATIO OF ADMISSIONS TO HOSPITALS FOR THE INSANE PER 100,000 POPULATION OF THE SANE SEX AND AGE.

Ages.	ALL CASES.		PARA ALCO	ERAL LYSIS ND HOLIC HOSIS.	ALL OTHER CASES.	
	Males	Te- males	Males	n'e- males	Males	Fe- males
All ages	72.1	59.7	17.7	4.1	54.4	55.6
Under 15 yrs. 15 to 19 yrs. 20 to 24 yrs. 25 to 29 yrs. 30 to 34 yrs. 35 to 39 yrs. 40 to 44 yrs. 50 to 54 yrs. 50 to 54 yrs. 50 to 54 yrs. 60 to 64 yrs. 65 to 69 yrs. 70 to 74 yrs. 75 to 79 yrs. 80 yrs. 60	1.2 32.5 70.6 92.1 109.9 121.5 129.8 133.0 128.5 132.7 143.2 145.3 177.0 204.1 224.0	55.1 79.2 98.8 112.4 115.2 120.5 120.9 107.3 108.6	0.1 1.1 5.9 16.0 29.8 41.9 48.5 42.9 39.1 30.4 24.4 15.7 14.8	0.1 0.7 2.1 3.9 6.7 9.5 12.2 11.1 7.3 7.2 5.4 7.7 5.8	64.8 76.1 80.0	53.0 75.2 92.2 102.9 102.9 109.4 111.2 99.2 101.3 107.5 136.2

An increase of Insanity is probably in some degree a natural consequence of the rapid grawth of cities in the United States. Between 1880 and 1910 the proportion of the population of the United States living in urban communities increased about 190 per cent. while the rural population increased only about 40 per cent. As a result, 46 per cent. of the total population tion of the United States was urban in 1910, as com-nared with 30 per cent. In 1880. The percentage living in cities of over 100,000 inhabitants nearly doubled in the same interval, belng 12.4 per cent. In 1880 and 22.1 per cent. In 1910.

THE Number of feeble-minded in institutions on January 1, 1910, was 20,731; on January 1, 1905, the number was 15,315. The total number of feeble-minded in the United States has been estimated at not less than 150,000. Of the feeble-minded in institutions 47, 2 per cent, were under twenty years of age and 76.4 per cent, were under thirty years of age

BIRTHS IN THE UNITED STATES.

[Births for provisional birth registration area, which comprised Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts Michigan, New Hampshire, Pennsyivania, Rhode Island, Vermont, District of Columbia (City of Washington), and New York City, based on transcript returned to the Burcau of the Census; for other areas State or city, compilations or official statements were used.]

AREA.	Births, 1910.	AREA.	Births, 1910.	AREA.	Births, 1910.	AREA.	Births, 1910.
California. Colorwlo. Connecticut. Indiana. Kentucky Maine. Maryland	12,164 27,291 56,309 *60,732 15,578	Massachusetts Michigan Minnesota Missouri Montana New Hampshire	63,566 43,840 *74,130 ‡6,124	New Jersey New York Ohlo. Pennsylvania Rhode Island Utah	213,235 100,969 202,643 13,439	Total registra-	19,21 50,84

\* Figures for 1911. † Includes District of Columbia and excludes North Carolina. ‡ Include stillbirths.

## FATHER'S DAY.

The State of Delaware in 1913 granted a charter to Charlotte K. Kirkbride and B. Carrie Sternberg and others for the celebration under the laws of that State of "Father's Day" on the first Sunday in June of each year. In accordance with the request of these incorporators, Representative J. Hampton Moore of Fennsylvania, on October 2, introduced a bill in Congress providing that: "The first Sunday in June in each and every year hereafter be designated as Father's Day, upon which, as an expression of sentiment corresponding to that of Mother's Day, the rose, irrespective of color, shall be regarded as the emblem."

### MOTHER'S DAY.

### SECOND SUNDAY IN MAY.

Its object-An ali-nations' and simultaneous observance for the well-being and honor of the home.

How observed—Through some distinct act of kindness, visit, letter, gift or tribute, show remembrance of the Mother and Father to whom grateful affection is due. Mother's Day is equally a Father's Day, and is designed to deepen and perpetuate all family ties. The day is so-called because in most countries no national celebration is in special honor of the home and noble motherbood.

Its slogan—In honor of "The Best Mother Who Ever Lived" the mother of your heart. The badge is a white carnation. Time of observance is the second Sunday in May by churches of all creeds, etc. Schools celebrate on Friday, and business and other organizations on Saturday preceding second Sunday in May.

On May 10, 1913, a resolution passed the United States House of Representatives and the Senate commending Mother's Day for observance by the House and Senate, the President of the United States and his Cabinet and other heads of Government departments. In 1913 the Legislature of Nebraska made Mother's Day a State flag day in bonor of the patriotism of Nebraska's true homes and mothers.

President Woodrow Wilson Issued the first National Mother's Day proclamation on Saturday, May 9, 1914, asking that Sunday, May 10 (second Sunday in May, 1914), be observed as Mother's Day in accordance with the joint resolution of the House of Representatives. This official recognition of Congress of the Mother's Day movement was the culmination of years of work to permanently establish a day for sons and daughters of all lands to bonor their homes. The United States is the first nation of the world to give such a national, patriotic honor and tribute to its homes as "the fountain head of the State," and to its sons and daughters "for their work for the home, moral uplift and religion," for the good of the Government and humanity.

For several years it has been the custom of the Governor of almost every State in the Union to issue a Mother's Day proclamation, asking citizens, churches, homes, and organizations to enter into the spirit of the day. Former Governor Colquitt of Texas made it a practice to pardon a number of prisoners on Mother's Day.

MOTHER'S DAY INTERNATIONAL ASSOCIATION—This association was organized to promote and protect the celebration of Mother's Day and its work in the United States and foreign countries, Any son or daughter of any country is eligible to membership in the Mother's Day Association. Its president is Miss Anna Jarvis, the founder of the movement.

In the United States the association has among its honorary national officers President Wilson and ex-Presidents Roosevelt and Taft, and Governors, or other prominent citizens of the various States. Philadelphia, Pa. Headquarters, 2031 N. 12th Street.

## VITALITY OF LAST CHILDREN.

The old belief, still common among the latty, that first-born children are endowed by nature with greater vitality and longevity than last-born, has induced Dr. Alfred Ploetz of Munich, Jermany, to make an exhaustive study to ascertain if this were true. He complied the returns rom a very large number of families of the nobility, and his figures show, generally speaking, hat the vitality of first to ninth-born children varied very little, but that from the tenth to the lineteenth-born the mortality was markedly greater. Dr. Ploetz's figures, published in the "Archiv ir Rassen und Gesellschafts-Bioligie," appeared in a recent issue of the Journal of Heredity of the American Genetic Association.

In the following table Dr. Ploetz has made groupings of first-born children, second-born, and o on, and it was his object to find out how many of these died before the fifth year. Order of lirth, number of children, and per cent. died, as follows:

drst-born	614	26.4 Fifth-born	311	26.0 Tenth to nineteenth-	
econd-born	539	24.9 Sixth-born	249	26.1 born 30	2 34.4
hird-born		26.4 Seventh to ninth-			
ourth-born	386	25.6 born	463	26.3 3.31	9 26.7

### NATIONAL BOARD OF MEDICAL EXAMINERS.

Chairman—W. C. Braisted, M. D. Treasurer—Louis A. LaGarde, M. D. Secretary—J. S. Rodman, I. D., 2106 Walnut Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

PREAMBLE—The need of a standard medical examining body for the whole United States and its erritories (tributary thereto) has occasioned the organization of The National Board of Medical Examiners. is a voluntary board, the members of which are selected from the Medical Corps of the Army, the Navy, and the Public Health Service, the Federation of State Examining Boards, and other representative orinizations, and the medical profession of the United States.

The aim of this board is to establish a standard of examination and certification of graduates in medicine, rough which by the co-operation of the individual boards of Medical Examiners, the recipients of the triticates of the National Board of Medical Examiners may be recognized for licensure to gracuite medicine. The policy of the board is to conduct its examinations on a broad scientific basis of such a high yet acticable standard that the holders of its certificates will receive universal recognition.

The independent action by the board is furthered by the financial and moral support of the Carnegie hundation.

### REVIEW OF LEGISLATION OF 1916.

(FROM REPORT PRESENTED AT THE MEETING OF THE AMERICAN BAR ASSOCIATION. AT CHICAGO, JLL., AUGUST 30, 31, AND SEPTEMBER 1, 1916.)

In 1916, an off-legislative year, regular sessions have been beld in Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Massachusetts, Mississippi, New Jersey, New York, Rhode Island, South Carolina, and Virginia. Special sessions for the consideration of particular emergency questions have been held in California, Illinois, Oklahoma, South Dakota, and Tennessee. At the regular sessions alone there were introduced over 15,000 bills.

ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE.

ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE,

Mississippi inserted in the State Constitution amendments adopted by the people in November, 1914, as follows: Increasing (154) the number of Supreme Court Judges to six: requiring (156) them to be elected by the people; fixing (157) titleir term at eight, vears; end providing (152) that the Supreme Court may sit in two divisions. Carrying out the provisions of one of these amendments, another act (161) provides for the term of Judges of the Supreme Court and the manner of nominating and electing them.

Massachusetts (174) extends the civil and criminal jurisdiction of district Police or Municipal Courts on that their process runs throughout the State, end makes then courts of superior and general jurisdiction; and (flee, 30) provides for the appointment of a commission of three to investigate the advisability of abolishing the office of trial justice and bringing within the jurisdiction of existing District or Municipal Courts towns now outside their jurisdiction. Virginia (300) authorizes court clerks to appoint as deputies women over 21. New Jersey (248) permits the Sheriff to appoint attendants for the several county courts to take the place of constables, and places them in the olassified civil service.

New York (171) authorizes the Secretary of State

stables, and places them in the olassified civil service. New York (171) authorizes the Secretary of State to grant the right to publish reports prepared by official reporters in annotated editions of however, and the reports beretories in annotated editions of the points beretories in annotated editions of the point of the points beretories in annotated editions of the point of

or assisting attorneys to organize corporations, to charitable corporations, to those organized in the State for the purpose of assisting persons without means in pursuit of civil remedies, to newspapers answering inquiries through their columns, or to corporations providing legal advice to their employees. Maryland (695) also prohibits corporations practising law.

Mississippi (107) establishes a State Board of Law Examiners and regulates admission to the bar, and Maryland (509) requires applicants for admission to have a school certificate.

Virginia (204) provides for a public defender in cities of over 50,000, appointed for two years and removable by the Judge appointing him, and (373) for payment of counsel designated to defend poor persons charged with serious crimes. See New Jersey (54) as to State legal aid to workmen's compensation claimants.

JURILES—New Jensey (184) provides that for

Jersey (54) as to State legal aid to workmen's compensation claimants.

JURIES—New Jeasey (184) provides that for the selection of a struck jury the Jury Commissioners shall fumish the courts with a list of persons liable to jury duty, containing in first class counties 400 and in other counties 160 names. An interesting illustration of administrative detail finding its way into a formal statute is furnished by the New York memedment to the law relating to fining delinquent jurors in New York County. This act (598) requires the Commissioner of Jurors to transmit to the Corporation Counsel a record in duplicate of fines imposed and the latter to enter on such duplicate the fineal disposition of the proceedings to enforce the fine and then to return it to the Commissioner of Jurors.

Mississippi (158) inserts in the Constitution an machineut chorted by the people in Movember, 1914 (162) under this outhority enects are in all civil cases in Circuit or Chancery Cours in a civil cases in Circuit or Chancery Cours in all civil cases in Circuit or Chancery Cours in a provision with the additional requirement that a trial judge when requested shall so instruct the jury.

that a trial judge when requested shall so instruct the jury.

NEW REMEDIES—Louisiana (No. 98) creates a mechanics' lien on roadhed, rights of way and franchises of railroads; (No. 232) requires owners, in cases of contracts of \$1.000 or over for drilling oil, gas or water wells, to file a contract and a bond from the contractor to seeme mechanics and material men, and if the bond is not sufficient, a lien created on the property may be foreclosed; (No. 262) assures to mechanics' the claimants on building or construction work the right to sue in. material men, and if the bond is not sufficient as line created on the property may be foreclosed; (No. 262) assures to mechanics' hen claimants or building or construction work the right to sue individually, or to start a joint action (concursus), regardless of the acceptance of the work by the owner, on the contractor's bond, and (No. 229) regulates the enforcement of the lien on the projectly. New York (507) extends the mechanics' lien law, provides in detail for the priority of liens for materials furnished, labor performed or money advanced for improvements; and in particular provides, under various circumstances of mortrage of assignment by owners or contractors, for the sub-ordination to a subsequent mortgage of all liens if the holders of 75 per cent, of the liens agree South Carolina (No. 375) grants a lien if the improvements were authorized by the owner, and otherwise amends the law.

Louisiana (No. 82) gives garages and repair shops for automobiles or "other machinery" a lier for repairs, except against bone fide purchaser without notice; (No. 133) gives to judgments of the State Court in Louisiana the same lien against property of the debtor as judgment of the State courts.

Mississippi (134) authorizes the assignee of a chose in action to sue in his name if the assignment be in writing.

Virginia (137) provides that where real or personal property is held in trust to secure payment

of a debt, and no date of maturity is fixed or authority given to sell the security, the Court, on application of the lien creditors, may decree a sale and reinvestment of the proceeds.

Louisiana (No. 263) provides that where property destroyed by fire is subject to a vendor's lien the holder of such lien may enforce payment of the unpaid purchase price against any funds due the owner of the property under a policy of insurance covering it.

LIMITATION OF ACTION—Viginia (290) provides that computation of time shall exclude

the owner of the property under a policy of insurance covering it.

ILMITATION OF ACTION—Virginia (290) provides that computation of time shall exclude the first and include the last day of a stated period and extends the provision, now limited to time stated in statutes, to contracts. Hirginia (442) regulates the suspension of the virginia (442) regulates the suspension of the virginia (442) regulates the suspension of the virginia of the time specified in the laws of his residence unless that proper the brought after the expiration of the time specified in the laws of his residence unless that time be less than that allowed by New York law, in which case the latter applies (536).

Virginia (419) limits action on ground rents to 10 years from date the rent became due.

CRIMES AND CRIMINAL PROCEDURE—Congress (No. 31). Sec. 10, evidently intended to amend the criminal code as to defacement of mail boxes, actually by areason of careless drafting provides that the criminal code of the United States shall be amended "to read as follows," and then inserts a 10-line provision as to the mail boxes, Strictly interpreted, this provision probably repeals the entire criminal code of the United States been lost the State's attorney may file a copy and trial may proceed thereon.

Mississippi (103) expressly provides that an indictment for violation of its prohibitions of the liquor traffic need not negative the exceptions in the act.

Heavier trains need not negative the exceptions in the act.

Kentucky (49) defines and punishes pandering and makes the woman a completent witness not-withstanding her marriage to the accused, unless she has lived with him for three years after mar-

sne has lived with him for three years after marriage.

The movement to abolish capital punishment is represented by Marylend (214) providing that the jury may add to first degree murder verdicts the words "without capital punishment," in which case the court shall impose a life sentence and shall not impose a death penalty; and New Jersey (270) providing that the jury at the time of rendering the verdict may recommend imprisonment at hard labor for life, in which case no greater punishment shall be imposed. Virginia (198) avocides that if a person sentenced to death or imprisonment in the penitentiary asks for time to apply for a writ of error the Court shall postpone execution of the sentence for a reasonable time, and also that after conviction, sentence or suspension of the execution of the sentence the Court or Judge may admit the prisoner to bail, Mississippi (217) provides for release on bail pending an appeal in certain felonies. Kentucky (39) provides that juries shall fix penalties in all criminal cases.

New Jersey passed two bills in order to event.

ing an appeal in certain felonies. Kentucky (39) provides that juries shall fix penalties in all criminal cases.

New Jersey passed two hills in order to expedite the trial of petty criminal cases and to save the finances of cities and towns affected. One (225) authorizes Justices of the Peace in fourth class cities to take complaints against, persons guilty of criminal offences and issue warrants, and if beilable to admit to bail. The other (73) provides that in cities of the second class, a Recorder's Court. Police Court or Municipal Court shall have jurisdiction over cases of assault, larceny, embezzlement or similar offences where the penalty does not exceed a fine of \$100 or imprisonment for six months, provided that the accused waives, in writing, indictment and trial by jury.

The New York Charter (29) was amended to authorize the Folice monisonment of any person guilt for a reward in cases of larceny, arson or record for a reward in cases of larceny, arson or record and (No. 93) provides that in all criminal cases tried before a Judge without a jury.

counsel shall have the same right to submit propositions of law and to request charges to the jury, and that the Judge shall pass upon such propositions before entering judgment, and counsel may reserve bills of exception and have the evidence annexed thereto; and also (No. 157) provides that conversations between husband and wife shall be privileged, and neither husband nor wife shall be compelled to be a witness on the trial of a criminal proceeding against the other; end on the trial of a criminal proceeding gainst the other; end on the trial of a criminal proceeding the defendant at his own request, and not otherwise, shall be a competent witness, and his neglect or refusal to testify shall not create any presumption against him.

CIVIL PROCEDURE—To save expense in cases where the summons is sufficient to induce the debtor to pay. New Jersey (253) provides that in contract actions in District Courts a plaintiff who fails to file with the clerk a copy of his account or state of demand shall be mon-suited.

Virginia (287) provides that on motion in actions for personal injuries contributory negligence must be set forth in a bill of particulars, but the defendant is not precluded from relying on the contributory medigence disclosed by the plaintiff's testimony. Maryland (206) provides for judgment by default, unless the affidavit of defence states a legal defence, and (14) that failure of administrations or executors to plead plene administravit or insufficiency of assets shall not render them personally responsible.

The report of the Massachusetts Commission on

by default, unless the affidavit of defence states a legal defence, and (14) that failure of administrators or executors to plead plene administrators or executors to plead plene administration or some property of the plead plene administration or sufficiency of assets shall not render them personally responsible.

The report of the Massachusetts Commission on Uniform Methods of Procedure for taking land for public purposes was referred (Res. 91) to the Attorney-General for further investigation and report. New York (440) authorizes the Supreme Court to appoint a guardian ad litem or special guardian for infants or incompetent persons at any stage of an action when it appears necessary to probe the interest of such persons. New York probes also amends in toode out mortgage or closure shall be admended to the court in the pleasure of the interest of such persons. New York probes also amends in toode after filling a notice of pendency of action, and possons born between the filling of such notice and the entry of judgment who would have been bound by the judgment if born after such entry. Provision is made for allowing such persons to intervene and giving the Court discretion as to answers by intervening parties, appointment of guardians, etc.

Louisiana (No. 112) regulates the form and effect of bonds in judicial proceedings, and provides for the correction of errors or omissions in such bonds and for supplementing them; and no appeal is to be dismissed nor process set aside on account of such error or omission or on account of the insufficiency of sureties until the party furnishing the bond has failed to supplement if as provided in the act.

New Jersey (198) provides that in personal actions against foreign corporations the summons may be served on any officer, divector, ticket or freight agent, personally in the county in which venue is laid. Maryland (604) nermits entits to be brought against demand of the principal office or any ticket or freight agent in the county in which venue is laid. Maryland (604) p

corporated association it appears that any member has not been made a party defendant, or has not been served or is not liable to the particular sut, the Court may give judgment against the members served and liable in the same manner as if they were the only defendants, and the judgment may be entered against and bind the partnership or association assets if the plaintiff or his attorney makes affiderit of due dligence in attempting to make parties and to serve all the members, and if at least two members were served.

TRIALS—Louisiana (No. 157) provides that a competent witness in any civil or criminal proceeding shall be a person of "proper understanding." and also that conversations between husband and wife shall be privileged, and neither husband one wife shall be compeled to be a witness on the trial of a criminal proceeding against the other; and, on the trial of a criminal proceeding against the other; and, on the trial of a criminal proceeding, the defendant, at his own request and not otherwise, shall be a competent witness, and his neglect or refusal to testify shall not create any presumption against him. Louistana (211) provides that in a proceeding for permission to marry egain after 10, years' absence of a husband or wife, the petitioning spouse is a competent witness. Mississippi (133) in actions for non-delivery or failure to deliver promptly makes the copy of a telegram transcribed by the company's agent at destination conclusive evidence of the filing of the original in the receiving office. New Jersey (205) provides for admission of transcripts of the entry or abstract of mortages. mortgages.

Virginia (406) provides that in any trial at com-Virginia (400) provides that in any trial at common law or proceeding in which the procedure is that which obtains at common law any party may "except to any action, ruling, order or judgment of the Court." Bills of exception are abolished, and in the place thereof it is sufficient for the trial Judge to certify the ruling and that any party excepted thereto. (416) also relates to bills of exceptions.

Coursiana (No. 17) requires actions ex delicto to be placed on the preference docket for trial.

to be placed on the preference docket for trial.

APPEALS—California (Res. 9) requests the Judges of the State courts and the State and local Bar Associations to submit recommendations to avoid dilatory practices and delays on appeal, New Jersey (62) provides that in cases submitted without a jury, error by the court in giving final judgment is not subject to modification or reversal unless the grounds of objection have been specifically aubmitted.

New York (236) takes away the right of the attorney for a defendant convicted of a crime punishable by death to have the stenographic minutes unless he files notice of appeal, Mississippi (217) provides for release on bail only in the discretion of the court on appeal after conviction in certain felonies, and for such release as matter of right in other felonies, and also (222) limits to one year the time in which appeals may be taken to the Supreme Court.

JUDICES! PENSIONS—Virginia (193) restricts

Supreme Court.

JUDGES' PENSIONS—Virginia (193) restricts to those Judges who retire during the years 1915 to 1919. inclusive, the operation of an existing provision that after 12 consecutive years of service, and attaining 70 years, the Judges of the Supreme Court of Appeals who retire shall receive three-fifths of their salary for the balance of their lives. New York (262) extends to the Third and Fourth Judgical Departments the existing law heretofore confined to the First and Second Departments authorizing the Appellate Division to appoint as referees former Judges who have served for 14 years or who have served for 25 years in a court of record in which 14 were served in the Supreme Ocurt.

PRISONS AND PHINISHMENT HOW.

Court,
PRISONS AND PUNISHMENT FOR CRIME,
Congress (No. 60) provides that "judgment of
conviction" against children in the Juvende Court
of the District of Columbia shall not be denominated a "conviction," nor the defendant a "criminal," and that such conviction shall not disqualify
the child for jury duty or public office. New York
(334) provides that minors in the penitentiary shall
be kept apart from adults.
Virginia (297) authorizes the trial Judga to sub-

Virginia (297) authorizes the trial Judge to substitute road work for jail sentence in misdemeanor cases, and (57) provides for a suspended sentence

during good behavior for a first offender in case of larceny, and forgery.

Mississippi (S. 95) reduces to life sentence the penalty for rape and (218) prohibits public hangings. Virginia (29) repeals the requirement of life sentences for penitentiary convicts who have been twice before sentenced to the penitentiary, and allows the Judge to add such term as he deems proper to the sentence which would be imposed on such convict if he had not previously been in the penitentiary. It also (30) substitutes for a required five years' addition to penitentiary sentences where the convict has been once before sentenced to the penitentiary, provision authorizing the Judge to impose such additional term not exceeding five years as he deems proper.

to the penitentiary, provision authorizing the Julies to impose such additional term not exceeding five years as he deems proper.

Kentucky (39) repeals the law imposing double time for second conviction of a felony and life sentence for a third conviction.

Virginia (282) reduces jail or penitentiary sentences in default of payment of fines by the time actually spent in jail awaiting trial or sentence. Maryland (646) and Massachusetts (3) reduce the fine in such cases by \$1 and 50 cents respectively for each day spent in jail.

Virginia (324) allows for good conduct 10 days instead of four for each month of faithful observance of prison rules, and adds a provision that for violation of rules "punishable by stripes" or for attempt to escape a convict shall forfeit all earned allowances. New York (358) provides that persons in State prison under definite or indefinite sentence may earn by faithful performance of duty a commutation of sentence or the right to be considered for parole. It provides a form of payment for work done by prisoners, Kentucky (39) allows 10 days per month for good conduct to penitentary convicts.

sidered for parole. It provides a form of payment for work done by prisoners. Kentucky (39) allows 10 days per month for good conduct to penitentiary convicts.

Kentucky (36) provides for employment of prisoners on roads, prison farms, or within prisons, and for payment to him or his family of not exceeding 15 cents per day of his earnings.

New York (287) amenda in minor details the Parole Commission act for first class cities, Among other things the amendment prohibits commitment to a penitentiary for failure to pay fines or give security, and provides that no person convicted of enumerated offences for which increased punishment is provided for third offenders shall be sentenced until finger-print records of the Megistrates' Counts have been searched and the results certified to the court. Kentucky (38) makes the Farole law applicable to all penal institutions of the State, and authorizes a prisoner who has served one-half his sentence to apply for parole. Formerly the application for parole could be made only after serving the minimum time specified in the sentence. The amendment thorizes the Farole Board of the most prove good conduct. Formerly the statute the application, during the prisoner must prove good conduct. Formerly the statute the prisoner must prove good conduct. Formerly the statute the prisoner must prove good conduct. Formerly the statute the prisoner must prove good conduct. Formerly the statute the prisoner sentence shall be imposed. The minimum penalty does not exceed one year, or persons convicted of "specified crimes, an indeterminate sentence shall be imposed. The minimum fixed by such statute "provided that where no maximum penalty does not exceed one year, or operance so the effect, to investigate the conduct of prisoners other than "lifers" sentenced to inferioners of the maximum fixed by such statute "provided that where no maximum term shall be taken and intended as being one year." Louisiana (No. 124) also requires the Board of Parole, six months after the conduct of prisoners ha

behavior. Parole of a life termer must be approved by the Board of Pardons, and cannot be granted until' the convict has served "one-third of the actual time he would have served if classed as eligible for reduction of sentence under the laws of the State." Mississippi (106) creates a Board of Pardons to advise the Governor in granting or refusing applications for pardon.

Massachusetts (241) abolishes the Board of Prison Commissionera end Board of Parole, and establishes a Bureau of Parole refusing an extra serve men and two was an actual part of the parallel of the server of the server of the management and condition of all penal institutions. Pewers of the old Board of Parole and establishes a Bureau of Parole of three members. This bureau is given power to investigate the management and condition of all penal institutions. Pewers of the old Board of Parole are vested in the new board. Maryland (556) creates a State Prison Control Board: Lonisiana (No. 137) substitutes a general manager of the State penitentiary for the Board of Control; and Kentucky (47) reorganizes the Board of Prison Commissioners. Virginia (45) requires Sheriffs and jailers to keep records of their prisoners and to report monthly to the State Board of Charities and Corrections the records of prisoners received during the preceding month, stating whether the offence was a violation of State law or city ordinance, and describing the offence if imprisonment is for nonpayment of fine. Such record shall give other required details, including color, age, physical condition, sentence, and whether confirmed drunk and or drug habitue. If such report is not furnished the Secretary of the State board may prepare it, and, on certifying its cost, that sum is to be deducted from any funds due the defaulting Sheriff or jailer.

New York (236 and 242) reorganizes penal and denitable institutions in Westchester County under the management of the washing and work house, which is under the new commission.

Alessachusetts (76) authorizes the removal from Ma

ORGANIZATION AND ADMINISTRATION OF STATE GOVERNMENTS.

Recognition of the demand for business methods in the conduct of government is found in acts establishing budget systems of appropriation, central purchasing agencies, and economy and efficiency commissions.

New Jersey (15), establishing a budget system requires the Governor to make his recommended appropriations on the basis of estimates submitted by the departments; all appropriations are required to appear in the general appropriation are required to appear in the general appropriation fill Carefully guarded provision is made for the transfer of items to relieve possible inflexibility of segregated appropriations. New York (130), providing a budget system, requires the Governor to submit recommended appropriations and author-

izes him to submit estimates of revenue. The principal responsibility for preparing budget data is placed on the Chairman of the Finance Committee of the Legislature. Not later than March 15 annually these committees are required to submit a budget of appropriations, detailed estimates of revenues, and proposed State taxes. The most important changes in present procedure are those requiring all appropriations to be in a single bill, providing that the appropriation bill shall be a special order for five full legislative days in Committee of the Whole, authorizing the appearance of heads of departments to be heard and answering inquiries, making the bill when advanced to third reading a special order for three full legislative days, and confining amendments on third reading to reduction or elimination of frems except.

The Louisiana (No. 140) creates a Board of State Affairs which is required to compile and review departmental estimates and submit a budget prior to the meeting of the Legislature; to investigate the efficiency of the State administrative agencies, and to take over the duties of existing offices dealing with assessments of State taxes and supervision of local taxation.

Now Jersey (08) creates a central purchasing agency, controlled by a commission consisting of the Governor, Treasurer and Comptroller, to purchase all supplies for State departments and offices except for construction work. A purchasing agent, at \$5.000 a year, appointed by the commission, with an advisory board composed of representatives from each department, is charged with agent, at \$5,000 a year, appointed by the mission, with an advisory board composed of representatives from each department, is charged with the fixing of standards and prices and the administration of the detail provisions governing pur-

chases.

New York (49) aims at economy through cooperation of State departments by authorizing a
department having apparatus or expert service
necessary to perform special work to furnish the
same to other departments, on request, and in
other ways surgests and facilitates co-operation.
Maryland (285) with similar purpose provides for
the use of trained specialists in educational institutions by making professors of designated subjects in the State college, the State entomologist,
the State pathologist and the State horticulturist
respectively. respectively

respectively.

Massachusetts (296) abolishes its Economy and Efficiency Commission and substitutes therefor a Supervisor of Administration. Virginia (211) creates an unpaid Economy and Efficiency Commission to investigate the possibility of more efficient and economical organization and administration of the State and local governments, and (199) authorizes a committee to study methods and expense of publishing State and local documents.

Massachusetts (2) increases central control over expenses by prohibiting increases in salary of employees without approval of the Governor and

Doyces without approval of the Governor and Council.

Reorganization in the interest of centralization and economy is found in Massachusetts (288) abolishing port and harbor offices and substituting a single Commission on Waterways and Public Lands, and in Maryland (682) vesting in a new Conservation Commission the powers and duties of several abolished offices.

An interesting example of contingent legislation and of State retirement from administrative fields fully occupied by the Federal Government is found in New York (342), which provides that they have, in pursuance of the authority delegated by the act, transferred the State quarantine establishment to the United States, the office of Health Officer of the Port of New York shall be abolished.

Virginia (400) creates a State Art Commission, and Maryland (705) creates a State Charities Board.

and Maryland (105) creates a State Charlacs Board.
Kentucky (19) provides for a Fire Marshal in the Insurance Department to enforce the laws re-lating to fires and generally to investigate, regul-late and co-operate with owners in preventing

fires.
Vinginia (451) provides for removal by the courts of any State or municipal officer, except

those whose removal is provided for by the Constitution, who shall knowingly or wilfully misconduct himself in office or neglect to perform any duty or be intoxicated in public places or engage in gambling or violating any penal statute involving moral turpitude. Such cases are preferred and shall be tried forthwith. Provision is made for appeal on a writ of error from a decree of removal.

Virginia (68) proposes a constitutional amendment authorizing the Legislature to submit to cities a choice of several forms of government. Meanwhile, to make this latter provision effective, provision is made (65 and 76) for the method of procedure for drafting and submitting to the Legislature a desired special form of government. New York (156) provides that petitions for change of government under the Optional City Government law may be presented after June 30, 1947, thereby practically postponing the effect of the act until that, time. LOCAL GOVERNMENT

of government under the Optional City Government law may be presented after June 30, 1917, thereby practically postponing the effect of the act until that time.

Oklahoma (p. 120), by adopted constitutional amendment, authorizes counties to abolish or resume township form of government. Supervisors of counties adjoining large cities are by Virginia (102) given the same powers as City Councils, except that their regulations are to be subject to the approval of the Circuit Court.

Virginia (103) recognizes the need of experts in city government and proposes to amend the Constitution so that persons having technical skill may be appointed to office although neither residents nor voters, and (281) outhorizes the appointment of police-women in certain cities.

Massachusetts (223) provides for central purchasing departments in cities (except Boston) which adopt it on referendum.

New Jersey (J. R. 7) continues its Commission on Municipal Financing. Important bills recommended by this commission were passed by the Egislature, but vetoed by the Governor. One which became law (252) contains detailed provisions for the issuance of bonds by counties and minicipalities. Ark Charter as amended (615) prophibits the use of the proceeds of long-term bonds for non-revenue-producing improvements.

One of the last strongholds of the fee system of compensating public officers is removed by New York (525), which requires the Sheriff of New York County, after January 1, 1918, to pay over the one-half of his fees (said to amount to \$50,000 annually), which he now retains.

City Planning is provided for in Massachnestts (190), which authorizes cities to establish Boards of Survey to make and alter plans for streets, and by New Jersey (275), which requires Municipal Plan and Art Commissions to prepare a city plan when they deem its preparation of lease of amunicipal rare at the expense of abunting property. New York (108) authorizes excess condemnation in the City of New York to the extent necessary to form suitable huilding sites abut

rannoad unrough, over or upon city streets of phrate property, with incidental docks, warehouses and terminals.

Kentucky (54) authorizes cities having light or water plants to serve other cities and towns in

water plants to set the State. New Jersey (70 and 71) divides the State into two water districts and establishes a Water Supply Commission for each, with power to find new plants of the state of the s sources of municipal water supply, to acquire

water rights, construct water systems, and make arrangement for joint supplies to different mu-nicipalities.

nicipalities. Rhode Island (1.411) provides for a Retirement Board to retire employees of the City of Providence, and Maryland (498) provides pensions for disabled employees of Baltimore. Massachusetts (75) makes the pledge or transfer of a right to a State or municipal pension or the holding of such pension as collateral a misdemeanor. New York (201) permits a State or municipal pensioner to hold certain offices without forfeiting his pension, it being suspended during his holding of such office.

such office.

Virginia (451) provides for removal of officers by the courts

Kentucky (76) authorizes owners of horse-drawn

Kentucky (76) authorizes owners of horse-drawn vehicles licensed by one municipality to operate in another municipality.

CIVIL SERVICE.

New York (438) authorizes Civil War veterans employed continuously for 10 years in the State service, who have reached 70, to apply for retirement at half pay not exceeding \$1,000. If such veterans be manual laborers they shall be retired when incancitated.

ment at half pay not exceeding \$1000. If such veterans be manual laborers they shall be retired when incapacitated.

New Jersey (129) requires the State Commission to provide for the keeeping of efficiency records for the State and municipal competitive service, Mimicipalities are required to keep efficiency records subject to the supervision of the State Commission, these records to be a basis of promotion, and, in case of reduction of force, the persons shown by the records to be least efficient are to be dropped first; and (122) provides for demotion to lesser positions of persons whose positions are abolished for reasons of economy and for placing such persons' names on special eligible lists which take precedence of other lists for the positions abolished or similar positions.

New Jersey (Res. 6) creates a commission to study the operation of the Civil Service laws in the State and its municipalities. New York (357) gives Municipal Commissioners power to investigate the operation of the Civil Service law and cules, conduct hearings, summon witnesses, etc.

Massachusetts (297) authorizes the Civil Service Commission to investigate the work and compensation of officers and employees in the classified service, and on request of the appointing power to inquire into the efficiency and conduct of particular officers and employees, and if necessary recommend their removal.

# ELECTIONS.

The Oklahoma initiated constitutional amendment (p. 114), making ability to read end write a section of the State Constitution a qualification of voters, excepting certain persons and their lineal descendants, having been held unconstitutional a joint resolution (p. 144) proposes a new amendment, changing the description of the persons excepted from the literacy test to those who have seen military or naval service (including service in any foreign nation) and their descendants. This seems to vary the usual "grandfather clause" by confining the ballot to the military and their descendants.

by confining the ballot to the military and their descendants.

New Jersey (277) requires registration in person or by affidavit in municipalities of more than 10,000. The provision for registration by affidavit is new and applies to persons prevented from registering in person by illness or absence from State. This law also authorizes marking the ballots with a + mark as well as with an X. State-wide registration is required in Oklahoma (24). Louisiana (No. 195) provides for registration throughout the State.

Oklahoma (25) permits voting in another was

Oklahoma (25) permits voting in another pra-cinct by the votor absent from his own county, and Vizginia (369) permits absent votors to voto by registered mail Massaobusetts (16) regulates primary ballot ar-

Massachusetts (16) regulates primary ballot arrangement of candidates for delegate to National Conventions. Preferences for President shall be entered on the ballot, if declared by candidates and consented to by person preferred, which consent may be communicated by telegraph or cable, Massachusetts (179) repeals (subject to referendum at the next State election) the 1914 law authorizing a single ballot for all parties at primary elections and restores the 1913 requirement of

separate ballots for each party. California (1, 2, Special Session) amend the Direct Primary and Presidential Primary laws. Chapter 135 of the Laws of 1915 provided for registration without declaration of party affiliation, but that act was rejected by the voters on referendum. The 1916 amendment provides for declaration of party affiliation at the time of voting at a primary election instead of at the time of registration. Maryland (292) prohibits voting at primary elections without disclosing party affiliation. South Dukota (3, Special Session) advances date fixed by the 1915 law for the general primary to obviate necessity of two primaries in the Presidential year, one for Spate officers and another for national conventions and also contains new provisions as for president of degates and expressing preference for the 1915 Primary law previding the supposite for the 1915 Primary law previding that all party candidates for State and local offices, including United States Senators and Congressmen, shall be nominated by direct primary. Louisiana (No. 130) is a General Election law dealing with nominations, ballots, etc.

nated by direct primary. Louisiana (No. 130) is a General Election law dealing with nominations, ballots, etc.

Kentucky (13) enacts a Corrupt Practices act prohibiting corporation contribution to and limiting amounts of campaign expenses, and annulling elections in certain cases of violations.

INTIATIVE, REFERENDUM AND RECALL, Oklahoma (32) amends the Initiative and Referendum law respecting the distribution of publicity pamphlets and electromay petition the court for a mandamus, but failure to print and distribute such pamphlets is not to invalidate any election.

Mississippi (159) is the constitutional amendment authorizing the initiative and referendum adopted in 1914. It applies to constitutional amendments as well as statutes.

The absence of further legislation in this field is probably due to the fect that no State west of the Mississippi River held a regular session this year.

year.

REVISION AND AMENDMENT OF STATE
OONSTITUTIONS.

Massachusetts (98) submits to the general electiom 1916 the question of calling a Constitutional
Convention. If approved, 320 delegates are to be
elected first Tuesday of May, 1917, and the convention meets first Tuesday of April following,
Nomination and election of delegates must be by
non-partian ballots,
Specific constitutional amendments proposed or
adopted are classified under the subject matter to
which they relate,
UNIFORM STATE LAWS.

which they relate,

UNIFORM STATE LAWS.

Bills recommended by the Conference of Commissioners on Uniform State Laws were passed as follows: Uniform Transfer of Stock Act—New Jersey (191). Uniform Partnership Act—Maryland (175). Uniform Bills and Notes Act—Missispip (244). Uniform Brobate of Wills Act—Louisiana (No. 92). Uniform Acknowledgment of Foreign Deeds Act—Louisiana (No. —).

Louisiana (No. 92). Uniform Acknowledgment of Foreign Deeds Act—Louisiana (No. —).

STATUTES—PREPARATION REVISION AND CONSOLIDATION.

Virginia (147) proposes to amend the Constitution respecting the reading of bills so that instead of being read at length on three different calendar days in each House they shall be read by title on three such days and at length once in each House. New York (32) emends the law regulating the Bill Drafting Commission by making the Commissioners' five-year term indefinite, by reducing their salaries from \$6 000 to \$5,000 each, payable in six monthly invalaments, and by requiring them to keep their office at the Capitol of the Commissioners' five-year term indefinite, by reducing their salaries from \$6 000 to \$5,000 each, payable in six monthly invalaments, and by requiring them to keep their office at the Capitol of the office by \$2,400 annually out of an expenditure for last year of about \$37,000 longiana (No. 260) creates a commission to investigate legislative procedure and to report on the desirability of establishing a legislative reference by Collegian before the Legislative is regulated by bureau

Lobbying before the Legislature is regulated by Kentucky (16) and Mississippi (105).

New Jersey (84) creates a commission of lawyers who are or have been counsel to cities torevise and codify statutes relating to municipalities and to report bills for the delegation to
the statutes of the commission of the color of the
hereby avoiding the necessal with occal matters.
Legislature, The preumble to this act suggests
that such delegation, in addition to removing
"confusion and uncertainty," would also "shorten
the sessions of the Legislature,"
New York (378) repeals the existing law authorizing the preparation of an index to the State
statutes. The continuance of the index is made
dependent on the report to the next Legislature
of the Chairman of the Judiciary Committees of
the Senate and Assembly, New York (400) extends to February 15, 1917, the time for the final
report of the commissioners to consolidate laws
relating to decedents' estates and Surrogates'
Courts.

Massachusetts (Res. 43) provides for the ap-

Massachusetts (Res. 43) provides for the appointment of three "able and discreet persons learned in the law" as commissioners to consolidate and errange the general laws of the State. The commissioners are instructed to render the laws "concise and intelligible." to "omit redundant enactments." to reject superfluous words, to condense into concise form if consistent with cleamers "all circuitous, tautological and ambignious phraseology, and to suggest methods of correcting, supplying or amending mistakes, omissions, inconsistencies and imperfections. A report of substantive changes is to be made in January, 1918, and the final report in January, 1919. The commissioners shall receive \$5 000 a year and nay expend such sums as the Governor and Council authorize. authorize.

New Jersey (56) authorizes the Governor, President of the Senate and Speaker of the Assembly to contract for the preparation of a supplement to the compiled statutes to cover the session laws from 1911 to 1916, inclusive, and abstracts of decisions,

cisious,

Congress (No. 52) incorporates "American Academy of Arts and Letters" to further interests of literature and fine arts, with not exceeding 50 members, 49 of whom are named in the act.

New Jersey (152) prohibits conferring of degrees by any institution not licensed by the State Board of Education, and contains curious detailed procedure for imposing penalties for violation of the act

procedure for imposing penalties for violation of the act.

New York (545) incorporates "Institute for Public Service" to conduct training school to prepare men for the public service by doing field work in co-operation with public officers. This field work may be conducted in the problems of public business, education and benevolent foundations. The wide scope of the institute's work is indicated by the power to "search for strong administrators and for large opportunities that need efficient men,"

Mississippi (110) creates an unpaid commission to study and eliminate adult illiteracy, and (111) establishes a training school for delinquent chil-

establishes a training school for delinquent children.

Kentucky (73) provides for a census by the Illiteracy Commission of all adult illiterates.

New Jersey (76 and 102) provide appropriations
for vocational education. Massachusetts (95) defines co-operative courses authorized in the public
schools and co-operating industrial establishments
as "courses approved as such by the Board of
Education and conducted in public shools in which
tecludical or related instruction is given in conjunction with practical experience by employment
in co-operating factory manufactory mechanical
and mercantile establishment or workshop."

Mississippi (1871) requires the public school curriculum to include "history of Mississippi, elements of agriculture, civil government with special
reference to local and State government, physiology and hyriene with special reference to the
effect of alcohol and narcotics on the human
system, and home and community sanitation,"
Kentucky (19) requires the teaching of fire prevention in public and private schools at least one
hour weekly. New York and Louisiana require instruction in military science, (See "Military Affairs.")

Massachusetts (185) authorizes cities whose

fairs.")
Massachusetts (185) authorizes cities whose

roters accept this act on referendum to establish day or right schools in agriculture and horticulture under the supervision of the Board of Education. South Carolina (503) provides State and for teaching agriculture in the public schools, and Kentucky (20) provides for agricultural extension work and home economics by the State University. Massachusetts (Res. 106) creates a commission to investigate agricultural education as conducted at the Massachusetts (Res. 106) creates a commission to investigate agricultural education as conducted at the Massachusetts (Res. 106) creates a commission to investigate agricultural education as conducted at the Massachusetts (Res. 106) creates a commission to investigate agricultural education as conducted at the Massachusetts a compulsory school attendance are applying to children between T and 14 for 140 days, but excepting children whose services are needed to support widowed mothers.

Massachusetts (102), provides for the registration of minors and enforcement of Compulsory Education law by attendance officers.

New Jersey (263) requires teachers to read without comment in each public school classroom at the opening of each day at least five verses of the Old Testament.

New Jersey (139) provides for collection from the children and deposit in savings banks of small sums by achool authorities, and New York (90) amends a similar law by extending its provisions to pullanthropic agencies having the direction and guidance of children.

New Jersey (149) authorizes the Commissioner of Education to appoint "helping teachers" to aid teachers in two or more districts, Mississippi (191) authorizes the issuance of teachers' itsenses to holders of such licenses issued by other States.

The use of school houses and grounds for recreative, social, affletic and other purposes is authorized by New Jersey (227), and by Rhode Island (1, 449) and the contract with District Board of a district in which there is a Normal School for the education of children in such district, and Kentucky (24)

pare a sch Legislature.

pare a school code for submission to the 1918 Legislature. Louisiana (No. 120) creates a State Board of Education of which the State Superintendent of Education is a member; prescribes the powers and duties of the board and the organization, powers and duties of local school boards; and provides generally for public education in the State. Mississippi (179) regulates the purchase from publishers of school text-books.

South Carolina (505) requires the State Charities Board to investigate the financial condition of persons hodding scholarships in the State higher educational institutions.

Louisians (No. 4) proposes a constitutional amendment which, among other things, separates school from general revenue in New Orleans and authorizes the city Board of Education to levy 3½ milla annually and an additional 2 mills when authorized by vote of the people.

AGRICULTURE.

### AGRICULTURE.

Congress (No. 158) provides a comprehensive Federal farm loan or rural credits system administered by the Federal Farm Loan Board. South Carolina (Res. 731) creates a commission to report on a State system of rural credits. Maryland (675) incorporates an agricultural society to develop agricultural resources of the State, and Massachusetts (Res. 106) creates a commission to study its agricultural resources. Maryland (698). Kentucky (62) and Virginia (506) regulate the purity and sale of seeds. South Carolina (Nos. 362 and 368) declare the sale of

seed or unpicked lint cotton in specified months contrary to public policy and therefore prohibit such sales in specified counties.

contarry to public policy and therefore probibits such sales in specified counties.

Rhode Island (1,400) authorizes the organization of co-operative agricultural associations.

Maryland (391) creates a State Agricultural Board of nine appointed by the Governor. New Jersey (268) creates a State Department of Agricultural may be convention of delegates from specified agricultural societies and (269) transfers to the new department powers and duties of existing officers. Oklahoma (initiated constitutional amendment, adopted 1913, p. 122) provides for a Board of Agriculture of five, chosen according to law. A previous initiated law (adopted 1912, p. 115) provided that the members of the board should be elected by a State institute composed of one delegate from each county institute.

Virgina (391) establishes a Bureau of Markets in the Department of Agriculture, and New York (356) creates a Bureau of Farm Settlement in its department to "promote the settling by desirable immigrant rural laborers in farm sections" and generally to bring immigrant laborers into the farm districts, even to the point of corresponding with prospective immigrants in foreign countries.

Louisiana (No. 145), levying a license tax on

into the farm districts, even to the point of corresponding with prospective immigrants in foreign countries.

Louisiana (No. 145) levying a license tax on mining and timber cutting, is interesting principally because of the assignment of practically one-half of the revenue derived from the itenses to a "rural progress fundamentally because of the assignment of practically one-half of the revenue derived from the itenses to a "rural progress fundamentally because of the commissioner of Agriculture, the superintendent of the Statement of the spointion of land, and they should be used in the way deemed best to return something to the land; (2) that the depletion of the rural population and the congestion in cities are destructive to the security of government and the happiness of the people, and any efforts which will tend to prevent as grievous an end are to be encouraged. "This board is not to be operative until January 1, 1918.

Mississippi (167) and Louisiena (No. 127) provide for State-wide tick eradication. Treatment of live stock by public officers is made mandatory on owners, and non-compliance is punished by civil and criminal penalty. Mississippi (122) provides for reimbursement of owners of live stock destroyed to prevent the spread of contagious disease, Louisiana (No. 18) prohibits transportation of tick-infected animals into tick-free territory.

Virginia (371) provides for analysis by the State Agricultural Department of foods for domestic animals. Louisiana (No. 38) regulates sales of commercial feeding stuffs.

Mississippi (121) provides for the distribution and sale by a State agency of pure bred live stock and poultry, and authorizes rules to prevent purchase therefore an arrangement of consect

# WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.

WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.

New Jersey (31) and Virginia (437) provide for State supervision of the instruments for applying the Bancock test to milk and cream bought on the basis of percentage of butter-fat therein and their use. Massonwestis (151) provides a procedure by which wholesale milk dealers may have the containers of purchasers tested by public officers and the capacity stamped on the container. Massachusetts (157) provides that legal weight of bread loates shall not apply to bread sold in wrapper marked with net quantity. New Jersey (181) requires the net quantity of food packages to be marked thereon in terms of weight; measure or numerical count. Reasonable "tolerance" as

to small packages allowed by the United States laws\_and regulation is authorized. A similar law was enacted in Maryland (667) and Virginia

The grading, packing and shipping of apples is regulated by Maryland (627) and Kentucky (79).
Rhode Island (1,387) defines a legal bushel for

# MILITARY AND NAVAL AFFAIRS,

Rhode Island (1,387) defines a legal bushel for farm produce.

MILITARY AND NAVAL AFFAIRS.

Congress (No. 85), in an act "making further and more effectual provision for the national defence," provides for the reorganization of the United States army, which is to consist of the regular army, the volunteer ormy, the officers reserve corps, the volunteer ormy, the officers reserve corps, the volunteer ormy, the officers reserve corps, the Vational Guard while in the United States service, and other land forces now or hereafter authorized. The regular army is to consist of 64 regiments of infantry, 25 cavalry, 25 field artillery, a coast artillery corps and specified officers, divisions, etc. The act requires that the regular army shall be maintained at full strength. The increases provided for by the act are to be made in five annual increments. In case of threatened war or similar emergency the President is authorized to organize immediately the entire increase authorized by the act, After November 1, 1916, enlistments in the regular army are to be for seven years, first three in active service and the balance in the reserve. Enflisted men in the active service whether officer or private, are not to be detailed or permitted to engage in any business or performance in civil life for emolument, hire or otherwise when the same shall interfere with the customary employment and regular engagement of local civilians results in made for officers' training corps and training comps and for the organization of the militia, An extensely important provision of this act is that if in time of war "there shall not be enough voluntary engiaments for the organization of the militia, An extensely important provision of this act is that if in time of war "there shall not be enough voluntary engiaments of the unorganized militia shall be drafted into the service of the United States to maintain each of such battalions at the proport strength," In a word, conscription is authorized. The Secretary to investigate awards of Congression

Congress (Res. 190) authorizes the President in an emergency to raise all existing army organiza-tions to their maximum strength and maintain them at full enlisted strength while the emer-gency continues.

gency continues.

Compress (No. 88) authorizes the President to detail to assist Hayti officers and men of the United States Navy and Marine Corps. Men so detailed are authorized to accept employment and compensation from Hayti, subject to the President's approval. The act also provides for increases in the marine corps and in the hospital service of the navy, apparently to meet the vacancies which might result from the details authorized. Detailed men are to be entitled to the same credit for service, retirement, foreign scrivce, pay and all other purposes that they would have received in their regular places.

Congress (No. 69) increases cadets at West Point to two from each Congressional district and territory; four from District of Columbia; two from Potto Rico; four from each State; 80 from United States at large, 20 of whom shall be selected from educational institutions to which army officers are detailed for military instruction; and as nearly as possible equal numbers from regular army and National Guard of men between 19 and 22 who have served a year; but the total number at the academy from the army and guard shall not at any time exceed 180. The increase is to be distributed into four annual increments as nearly as practicable equally distributed among the sources from which the increased appointments are authorized. Congress (No. 18) increases the number of midshinmen at Annabolis ty authorizing three for each Senator, Representative and Delegate in Congress, one for Porto Rico, two for District of Columbia, 10 appointed annually from enlisted men in navy.

Congress (No. 79) authorizes Secretary of War to issue supplies and stores for maintenance of military instruction camps for students of educational institutions to which army officers are detailed as instructors in military tactics, and (No. 49) increases the result of their organization.

Congress (No. 56) establishes in the War and Naval Departments the "Groy Secouts of America" and provides for their organization.

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Congress (No. 56) establishes in the War and Naval Departments the "Groy Secouts of America" and provides for their organization.

Congress (No. 56) establishes in the Board of Regents in devising school courses in physical training and to give military training Commission is required to be given as part of the prescribed course, and private schools which fail to provide it shall not be deemed to have given "substantially equivalent" instruction to that in the public schools of the public schools and to recomm

amount of one-half the salaries paid to physicaltraining instructors is authorized,

Massachusetts (Res. 90) creates a commission
to investigate physical training for how and girls
in the public schools and to recommend among
other things the system which will provide "an
adequate basis for citizen soldiery" with special
reference to the following subjects; Physical and
disciplinary training military history, personal
hygiene and sanitation. New Jersey (211), after
a long preamble, dealing with the need of a
"trained citizenry" and the beneficial educational
and physical effects of military training, creates
a commission to study military training in the
high schools. Maryland (33) also creetes a commission to investigate military education for boys
between 14 and 21, the advisability of requiring
all males it for military reserve to give limited
period to service in the milital the practicability
of creating a military reserve in similar subjects
Louisian proprietable in all the grades higher than
the eighth grade, in principle and practice of military science and tactics especially with reference
to the duties of the soldier, an object of general
military interest." This instruction is to be given
for at least one hour a week.
Virginia (482) prohibits carriers, inn-keepers
and amusement pleces to discriminate against persons lawfully wearing the uniform of the military
or naval service of the United States or of the
State. Violation of the act authorizes the person

debarred to recover \$100 in addition to actual

debarred to recover \$100 in addition to actual damages,
In view of the opposition of labor unions to the use of the State millita in labor disturbances, it is interesting to note the amendments in New York of the Military law (255) and of the code of criminal procedure (353), which take from the Sheriffs, Mayors and Judges of the Supreme Court power to call out the militia and confines this power to the Governor, and the creation by Massachusetts (Res, 92) of a board to study the possibility of creating a State police, theely relieving the militia from strike duty.

The cammairn for preparedness has produced a

sibility of creating a State police, thereby relieving the militia from strike duty.

The campaign for preparedness has produced a number of laws dealing with the State militia. Detail amendments interesting chiefly for the embasis which they put on the Governor's power as Commander-in-Chief, were enacted in New Jersey (165) and Massachusetts (284). The latter act authorizes the establishment of recruiting depots in time of war or while the militia is in the ective service of the United States. New York reorganized and increased the strength of the militia (564) and of the naval militia (565).

Massachusetts (170) creates a reserve list of officers of the militia and of the naval militia. New York (470) authorized the Governor to detail officers from the retired list to active duty and to return them to such list.

New York (368) authorizes the Governor to organize the reserve militia (which by existing law was composed of all those liable to military service), or designated classes thereof or volunteers. The Governor is expressly authorized to draft or call for volunteers in order to bring the guardent of the standard of officiency required for public safety" or to make it conform to the organizatine provisions are contained in Missisalphi (245), which constitutes the State military code.

code.

Kentucky (43) recodifies the Militia law, provides for the calling out and organization of the reserve militia in case the National Guard is unequal to an emergency, and authorizes the Governor to enroll all able-bodied males between 18 and 45 subject to military duty. This act also contains an interesting provision that military of fences shall be misdemeanors and that conviction or acquittal in a civil court bars prosecution in a military court.

Masserbuckts (127) authorizes the transfer of

cences shall be misdemeanors and that conviction or acquittal in a civil court hars prosecution in a military court.

Massachusetts (127) authorizes the transfer of any organization of the volunteer military force other than the regular army which may be authorized by Congress. No such transfer is to be effective if a majority of the officers and enlisted men, within 30 days after notice from the Governor, reject it. This act authorizes the Governor to permit the use by United States volunteer forces of the military and naval property of the State.

Provision for the more advanced arms of the service is made by New York (474), which regulates the Signal Corps, providing among other things for radio compenies and an aero company, and the service is made by New York (474), which regulates the Signal Corps, providing among other things for radio compenies and an aero company, and the state of the service is made by new York (474), which regulates the Signal Corps, providing among other things for radio compenies and an aero company, and the organizations as the Harvard Resiment, Massachusetts (8) authorizes students enrolled in a military organization over which United States or State military authorities have supervision to drill and parade with firearms in public.

Massachusetts (209) requires the volunteer militia to perform not less than 14 days' training annually, and (126) provides that State officers and employees, may receive pay for service in the militia without loss of usual compensation from the State, and in addition shall be entitled to the some leave of absence with pay as is given to other State officers. South Carolina (365) provides for payment of squard while attending drills.

Other detailed amendments to the military laws are contained and south and the same laws of absence with pay as is given to other State officers. South Carolina (365) provides for payment of militia to conform to United States requirements. Virginia (516) also amends generally its Militia law.

Virginia (433) makes discrimination against persons wearing the United States or State military or naval uniform a misdemeanor, and authorizes the recovery of actual damages plus \$100 by the person affected. Proof that person debarred was sober, orderly and willing to pey constitutes prima facie evidence that he was discriminated against because of his uniform.

PROTECTION OF THE FLAG

PROTECTION OF THE FLAG.

Mississippi (118) and South Carolina (No. 537) make it a misdemeanor to mutifate, deface or otherwise misuse the United States flag. These acts apply to the placing upon or attaching to the flag any mark, picture or advertisement, or to the attachment of any representation of the flag to any stricle. Both acts are similar to, but vary in detail from, the Uniform Flag law recommended by the Conference of Commissioners on Uniform State Laws. The Mississippi law applies as well to the State and Confederate flags as to the Unifed States flag.

Massachusetts (36) amends the law relating to the use of the flag for advertising purposes by excepting publications giving information as to the flag or intended to promote patriotism or encourage study of American history, provided no marks be placed on flag.

HIGHWAYS AND MOTOR VEHICLES, South Dakota (2d Special Session) submits constitutional amendment declaring that construction and maintenance of good roads and supplying. of coal to the people are works of necessity in which the State may engage, but that no expenditure therefor shall be made without two-thirds vote of the Loxislature.

which the State may engage, but that no expenditure therefor shall be made without two-thirds vole of the Legislature.

New Jersey (285) refers to voters the creation of a Highway Commission and authorization of 13 routes for construction of roads across State, Maryland (375) and Mississippi (168) create State Hughway Commissions.

New Jersey (24) gires to pedestriams a right of way over vehicles at street crossings where houses are supported to the state of the state

Associated and the privileges to resistents of Massachusetts.

New York (72) provides for registering and regulation of motorcycles, but does not apply to motorcycles registered in other States which extend similar privileges to residents of New York, The

act is exclusive and strictly limits local regulation of the use of highways by motorcycles. New Jersey (148) makes it a misdemeanor to ask or give commissions by garage keepers, repair men, etc., to chanifeurs and mechanics on bills for storage, repairs, etc.

### TAXATION.

Massachusetts (269, see also 300) imposes an income tax. Incomes from investments, except from savings denosits or bonds of the United States or of the State and its subdivisions, are taxed 6 per cent. Incomes from trades, professions and business are taxed 1½ per cent, on the excess over

\$2,000.

cent. Incomes from trades, professiona and business are taxed 1½ per cent, on the excess over \$2,000.

Rhode Island (1,339) imposes "as a tax upon the right to transfer" a tax of ½ per cent, on the net estate of a resident decedent, and on that part of the net estate of a non-resident decedent consisting of real property within the State. An exemption of \$5,000 is allowed to the estate of a resident decedent consisting of real property within the State. An exemption of S5,000 is allowed to the estate of a resident section of \$5,000 is allowed to the estate of a resident section of \$5,000 is allowed to the estate of a resident, and a proportionate part of \$5,000 is notable because it is the only estate tax levied by a State, although a tax of this sort is included in the Revenue bill mow pending in Congress, and Utah imposes such a tax, but provides for its proportional payment by all the beneficiaries. The same act also imposes 'as a tax upon the right to receive' an inheritance tax at rates varying from ½ per cent, to 3 per cent, on other transfers. An exemption of \$25,000 is allowed to the specified relatives and of \$1,000 to others. Virgina (484) imposes a tax at rates varying from 5 to 8 per cent, on other transfers. An exemption of \$25,000 is allowed to the specified relatives and of \$1,000 to others. Virgina (484) imposes a tax at rates varying from 5 to 8 per cent, under a second of the specified incal and collateral relatives herefore exempt, and imposes a tax at increased rates varying from 5 to 20 per cent, upon inheritances are supplied to the specified incal and collateral relatives herefore exempt, and imposes a tax at primary rate. Massachusetts (268) adds to its Succession Tax law a new class of beneficiaries, consisting of persons other than relatives specified in the lexent, upon such class, New York (548) reduces the grades and lowers the exemptions of the Inheritance Tax law and also creates a new class, consisting of relatives formerly included in the direct class, and now taxes this class a

varying from 2 to 5 per cent, instead of from 1 to 4 per cent.

New York (261) re-enacts its secured debts tax in substantially the form of the existing law, This tax of 75 cents per \$100 applies chiefly to mottgages and bonds secured by real property in other States, bonds secured by other than real property, and public bonds, and its payment exponpts the security from the personal-property tax for five years. The mortgage-recording tax, the principle of which is much the same, is also amended (335) to permit the tax to be paid on the whole amount of a mortgage secured by real property, part of which is within and part without the State, thus securing exemption from the petsonal-property tax of the entire amount of the security.

vessels operated in the coast trade shall not be within the exemption,

Virginia (462) allows the same deductions in the assessment of income or other taxes for adopted children as for natural children; (472 and 476) revises its Income and License Tax laws and adds new provisions for the taxation of collection agencies and of vater, heat, light and power companies; and (495) provides that in the case of Virginia corporations not doing business in that State no income or ad valorem taxes shall be imposed on stocks, bonds, investments or other intangible property thereof. Merely holding stockholders' meetings is not to be construed as doing business in the State; but intangible property subject to taxation, if assigned to such corporation, shall continue to be subject to taxation "now or hereafter imposed." (This would seem to confine the act to intangible property owned by corporations at the time the act was passed.)

Massachusetts (242) imposing a license tax on peddlers excepts wholesale or jobber having permanent business place in the State and selling to dealers only and agents selling at wholesale by sample.

dealers only and agents selling at wholesale by sample.
Vinginia (24) prohibits suits to restrain assessment or collection of State or local tax except where there is no adequate remedy at law.
Oklahoma (initiated const. amend, adopted, p. 119) requires property taxes for school purposes levied on public utility companies operating in more than one county to be paid into the common school fund,
Virginia (215) converts the State Advisory Board on taxation into a State tax board, with power to supervise local tax officers, and contains detailed provisions as to valuation, Mississippi (98) creates a State Board of Tax Commissioners and regulates assessments.

regulates assessments.

Kentucky (137) creates a commission to prepare a new law on revenue and taxation.

CONSERVATION.

Three States adopted laws for the prevention of forest fires. Massequestes, in a new act (51), provides that the written permission of an authorized fire official must be obtained before open fires may be built, between the first day of March and the first day of December. The burning of debtis from fields and orchards and like fires are permitted without official sanction. New Jersey (44) amends the existing law by providing a more severe penalty for a withit than for an innocent violation of the Fire law, and gives power to the Board of Conservation and Development in its discretion to permit the person who violates the law to pay the cost of extinguishing the fire of other expense less than the minimum fine. Virguia (268) increases the penalty for setting fire to woods or any inflammable substance on lands whereby damage is done to the property of others, and extends the provision to cover cases in which property of others is "ieopardized,"

Maryland (682) creates a Conservation Commission to control its ifsil, bird game and fur-bearing animal resources. Virginia (152) creates a Department of Game and Iuland Fisheries to enforce fish, game and forestry laws and to "foster the preservation of all wild life in the State." Missispipi (99) creates a Fish and Game Department for the enforcement of the game laws, New York (451) amends generally the Conservation law regulating public lauds and forests.

property, part of which is within and part without the State, thus securing exemution from the personal-property tax of the entire amount of the security.

LOUISIE AWS—PROHIBITION.

Maryland (30) submits the question of prohibition to voters at the 1916 November election.

Geograf (Extra Session 1915, No. 2) forbids the requirement that all property shall be taxed in proportion to its value and permit the valuation for State taxes to be different from the valuation for State taxes to be different from the valuation for other purposes. The same amendment would also extend the duties of the Bard of State Affairs to include the assessment, budsing the property of State assessment, budsing the property of prohibition for state to the same amendment (No. 2007) and the property of the property

permitting intrastate or interstate shipments. Missiselppi (104) makes liquor advertisements criminal and also authorizes injunctions to restrain them, Mississippi (103) forbids transporting into the State or reception therein of liquors contrary to law. The penalties and provisions for enforcement are very rigorous.

Mississippi (102) forbids transporting into the State or reception therein of Iguous contrary to law. The penalties and provisions for enforcement are very rigorous.

Massachusetts (168) penaltizes delivery of liquors in a town where licenses for sale of such liquors are not granted, even though such delivery be by a person licensed to sell in other towns.

Maryland (30) provides for local option in specified cities and counties.

Kentucky (14) regulates licensed liquor dealers and forbids any screen or other obstruction interfering with full view from the street of rooms where liquors is seld.

Louisiana (No. 14) prohibits keeping or selling malt faiquors, whether or not intoxicating or containing alcohol, in municipalities where the sale of infoxicating liquors is prohibited. Louisiana (No. 13) masses it unlawful to ship of cearry or ordinance, except as provided in this act. Carriers bringing such liquors into the State and making delivery in any prohibition territory are required to make a record of such carriage and delivery and furnish a cony of it to the clerk of the county to which carried. Delivery by carriers bringing such liquors is on the sale of the county from which carried, Delivery by carriers must be to consignee or his duly authorized agent. Packages carrying liquor from one part of the State to a prohibition territory within the State must be labelled. The act permits shipping and carrying for the consignee's own use or that of his family of not exceeding 55 gallons of liquors. Apparently the law is directed only at the dealer in liquors, because this allowance of 55 gallons is not liquors in formula or distilling apparatus for making intoxicating beverages, except those containing less than 2 per cent, of alcohol or preparations for medicinal purposes,

### MOTION PICTURES.

MOTION PICTURES,

Maryland (200) creates a State Board of Motion
Picture Censors, makes it unlawful to show any
unapproved film, and requires the board's approval to be stamped on the film and shown on
the screen. Provision is made for appeal, after
re-examination by the board, to the Baltimore
Gity Court. The act does not apply to the use of
films for educational, religious and like purposes
by described institutions.

Massaclusetts (118) permits second and third
class construction for moving-picture buildings
where the apparatus is operated with cellulose acetate films of a fixed width and using an enclosed
incandescent lamp, and New Jersey (270) authorizes the use of portable booths for temporary exhibitions for church and like meetings.

HEALTH AND SANITATION.

HEALTH AND SANITATION.

Virginia (148) regulates the practice of optometry and (84) of medicine and surgery. Maryland (113) regulates osteopathy. Louisiana (No. 159) and Maryland (522) regulate chiropody, and Missispipi (144) regulates pharmacy. Kentucky (35) and Virginia (498) prohibit. Duving and selling of patients by physicians' ty making it a misdemeanor to divide fees, New York (328) requires applicants for physicians' licenses to have certificates of the completion of a four-year high school course or its equivalent before commencing their first year of medical study. Virginia (512) authorizes the Dental Examiners to arrange for reciprocity with other States and to license applicants who have practised in such other States for fire years.

Rhode Island (1.382) requires physicians and other persons baving knowledge of infectious and contagious diseases to report them to town Health Officer, who in turn reports them to the State Board. Other laws requiring reports in the interest of health are New York (370, 515) and Massachusetts (53).

Mississippi (115) provides for prevention of blindness from inflammation of the eyes of newyears, Rhode Island (1.382) requires

born through reports to and aid by State and local Health Officers.

born through reports to and aid by State and local Health Officers.
Provision for the care of needy sick is made in New Jersey (214), which requires the State to contribute 33 weekly for each person maintained by a county in a hospital, and by authorizing (202) municipalities to employ visiting nurses. Rhode Island (1.405) authorized Providence to appropriate not exceeding \$5.600 annually to the support of the Providence Nursing Association. New York (413) provides for a Town Physician to render medical relief to poor persons at the request of town officers, and (371) provides for the care in a hospital or private family at patie expense of a person of the exclanation of prevented (109) provides for a State sanitarium for prevention and treatment of tuberculosis and requires ubysicians to report cases. Virginia (397) provides for submitting to voters of a county the question of establishing a county tuberculosis santarium when 15 per cent, of the voters petition the courts for submission of this question. California (Res. 6) and Mississippi (597) endorse a bill pending in Congress; providing Federal aid for indigent non-resident tuberculosis patients cared for in hospitals conforming to Federal standards. South Carolina (551) requires the State Health Department to make the Wassermann blood test without charge. Louisiana (No. 163) makes it unlawful for any cettified nurse or midwife to administer anaesthetics except under the direction and supervision of a competent practising physician. Violation is a misdemeanor.

Massachusetts (Res. 157) creates a Social Insurance Commission to study the effects of sickness, unemployment and old age, and (Res. 112) amission to infectigat the direction and supervision of a competent practising physician, Violation is a misdemeanor to study the effects of sickness, unemployment and old age, and (Res. 112) and declares that an accumulation of water in which mosquitoes are likely to breed is a nuisance. New Jersey (235) forbids the construction of huriat walls above ground witho

### PURE FOOD LAWS

New Jersey (101) and Maryland (163) require licenses for cold-storage warehouses issued only after inspection of sanitary conditions, and Virginia for the sanitary conditions, and virginia figures of shauther houses not licensed by United States, but excepting "sound and wholesome" meats raised and offered for sale by farmers

Virginia (9) prohibits sale of human food articles prepared or kept under unsanitary conditions, forbids (12) unsanitary conditions in transportation or storage of food for men or animal, agentically storage of food for men or animal, agentically some of the storage of the st

buyer agree upon.

LABOR,
ADMINISTRATION ORGANIZATION—Mary-land (406) creates a State Board of Labor and Statistics to take the place of existing agencies administering labor laws and to administer new laws respecting public employment bureaus and industrial disputes. New Jersey (40) reorganizes the Department of Labor, All officers and camployees in the new department except the Commissioner are placed in the classified civil service. The Commissioner is expressly authorized to transfer clerks from one bureau to another to facilitate the efficient performance of the work of the department. Volunteer inspectors without compensation may be appointed with the same rights and powers as paid inspectors.

pointed with the same rights and powers as paid inspectors.

Massachusetts (308) transfers to the State Board of Labor and Industries the power to investigate and regulate the safety and sanitation of work places in the interest of prevention of accidents and occupational diseases which is now exercised jointly by that board and the Industrial Accident Board.

New York (503) transfers to city building officials the powers of the Industrial Board in regar to building construction in New York (517).

WAGES AND HOURS—Kentucky (21) obliges corporations for procuring profit to pay wages every two weeks: Louisiana (No. 108) adds oil and mining companies to the employers who must pay wages every two weeks, and (No. 102) licenses and regulates the business of loaning money on wages, requiring among other things the consent of the made of the employer if the assignment is to be valid against him.

Massachusetts (208) provides that a married man's assignment of future wages shall not be valid unless his wife's written consent is attached thereto.

thereto.

Massachusetts (229) amends existing law providing for weekly payment of vages by limiting the hotels to which it applies to those in a city, and (14) rests its enforcement in the State Board of Labor instead of the chief of district police or a factory inspector.

a factory inspector,

New York (151 and 152) amends the provision
that contracts for public work shall be void unless
the contractor observes the Eight-Hour-Day law,
and provides that the first offence against that
law shall be punished by fine or imprisonment,
but that for the second offence the contract shall
be forfeited and no payment shall thereafter be
made thereon.

Vassachusetts (240) requires forty-eight-hour

made thereon.

Massachusetts (240) requires forty-eight-hour week as well as eight-hour day for public employees and employees on public work subject to acceptance by council of cities and voters of towns, Maryland (134) makes nine hours a day's work on the roads of a specified county.

Maryland (147) permits employment of women in certain mercantile establishments for twelve hours a day on Saturday and the five days preceding Christmas, provided two rest periods of one hour each be allowed on such days, and (147) prohibits employment of women between 6 P. M. and 6 A. M. more than three days a week.

Massachusetts (Res. 14) requires the State Labor Board to investigate hours and conditions of labor in hotels and restauants and report of desirability of one day's rest for employees thereof, and (Res. 164) requires the Social Insurance Commission to study hours of labor in continuous industries.

mission to study hours of labor in continuous industries. South Carolina (No. 546) requires certain corporations to pay wages weekly, (188) forbids employers to require employees to deal with particular merchants: Kentucky (21) requires corporations to pay wages semi-monthly. Mississippi (241) amends the semi-monthly wage law by sauc-

(241) amends the semi-monthly wage law by sauctioning payment on the second and fourth Saturdays of each month.

South Carolina (No. 544) limits hours of employees on interurban railways to ten daily, and authorizes (No. 517) manufacturing companies to make up lost time to the extent of 60 hours per year, but otherwise makes more effective provision for the enforcement of the Ten-Hour-Day law.

Mississippi (239) amends the Ten-Hour-Day law by permitting more than ten hours on the first five days of the week, but limiting the total for the week to sixty hours, and by excepting from the act employees of railroads and public service corporations,

Massachusetts (303) amends the Minimum Wage

the week to sixty hours, and by excepting from the act employees of railroads and public service corporations,

Massachusetts (303) amends the Minimum Wage law by providing that one of the members of the commission shall be an employer of women, one a woman and one a representative of labor.

Lonsiana (1477) strikes out of the Women's and Children's Hours law the exemptions in favor of mercantile establishments during twenty days before Christmas.

Congress (No. 68) changes the penalty for violation of the law similing railroad employees' hours from 'not less than one hundred dollars nor more than five hundred dollars' to 'not to CHILD LABOR—Compress prohibits the shipment in interstate conuncre of the products of mines or factories employing children under four-teen or children between fourteen and sixteen more thom eight hours a day, six days a week or between 7 P. M. and 6 A. M.

New York (278) forbids employment in the making of motion picture films of children under sixteen without the consent of designated local officer. The officer is required to give forty-eight hours' notice of application for such consent to the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children and to hold a hearing on the stage.

The issuance of employment certificates in the enforcement of child labor laws is dealt with by several amending acts: New York (463) strikes out the provision making school certificates evidence of a child's age and inserts a provision that it the evidence submitted with the application, other requirements the child presents a certificate of graduation from a public or other designated

school. This makes the graduation certificate a condition precedent to the right of a child under fifteen to work. Rhode Island (1378) provides that employment certificates where the child's application shows his right thereto shall be issued not to the child but to the employer who files with the issuing officer a written statement agreeing to employ the child and to return the certificate to the distuired officer on the termination of such employment.

ing to employ the chart and to revise arrival cate to the disturbing officer on the termination of such employment.

Maryland (222) makes many changes in her law, notably adding mercantile establishments, places of amusement and distribution of merchandise of the employments prohibited to chil dren under 14, and reducing the minimum fines for relations.

for violations. Massachusetts Massachusetts (66) authorizes the granting of employment certificates good for the summer vacation to children over 14 who do not possess the educational requirements required for certif

icates generally.

index generally.

The progress of vocational education is evidenced by New Jersey (242) authorizing special "age and school certificates" for pupils over 14 who study part time in vocational schools to work in factories. Such employment is to constitute part of the child's schooling. Massachusetts (95) amends existing law authorizing cooperative courses in the public schools and cooperative courses in the public schools and cooperating industrial and mercantile establishments and provides for a special certificate for pupils between 14 and 15, authorizing them to work in the co-operating establishments. Pupils in co-operative courses are also excepted from the law prohibiting the employment of children over 16 but under 21 unless the employer keeps of flue an educational certificate showing the child's ability to read and write.

South Carolina (361) raises the age at which children may work in factories, etc., from 12 to 14 years.

children may work in factories, etc., from 14 years.

Massachusetts (242), providing for licensing of peddlers, allows children under 16 to obtain permits to sell only those things which peddlers may sell without a license.

SAFETY AND HEALTH—New York (424) makes it a misdemeanor for steam or electric railroads to employ in the operation of trains an engineer, fireman, etc., who is unable to read, hear or understand signals, hear or understand the

and understand signals.

New York (466) excepts from the requirement of fire alarm systems and fire drills those factories wholly protected by approved automatic sprinkler systems, provided the maximum number of occupants on each floor does not exceed by more than 50 per cent, the canacity of exits.

New Jersey (260) provides that within two rears all passenger elevators shall be equipped with automatic safety devices preventing movement of the car until doors are closed.

Massachusetts (115) requires mercantile and manufacturing establishments where nature of work necessitates "substantially complete change of clothing," to provide separate lockers for their employees.

of clothing." to provide separate lockers for their employees, an areadments in the safety and sanitation laws are contained in Massachuzetts (154). New Young and Contained in Massachuzetts (154). New Young and Contained in Massachuzetts (154). New Young and Contained Contain

South Carolina (No. 545) creates a conciliation board for the investigation and settlement of industrial disputes. The board is authorized to investigate strikes and lockouts, to compel the production of testimony, and to report if they deem it advisable the results of such investigations.

Massachusetts (S9) provides that the law prohibiting advertisements to scure new employers without plainly stating the existence of a strike or lockout shall cease to be operative when the State Board of Conciliation determines after hearing, at which all parties shall be heard, that the employer's business is being carried on in the usual manner, that is, that the strike has terminated.

UNEMPLOYMENT AND EMPLOYMENT

minated, UNEMPLOYMENT AND EMPLOYMENT AGENCIES—California (Res. 8) endorsed the recommendation of the United States Labor Department that by financial aid and otherwise the memployed be encouraged to take up homes on the public lands, Maryland (406) authorizes the State Labor Board to investigate extent and causes of unemployment and the remedies therefor, and to establish free employment agracies in such parts of the State as it deems advisable. Wirging (168) amends existing law regulating.

Virginia (168) amends existing law regulating private employment agencies by providing, among other things, that fees paid by applicants who fail to obtain employment within 30 days shall be returned and that the sending of women to places of ill-repute shall constitute a felony, and (517) increases the annual license tax on labor agencies which do not have regular offices.

Massachusetts (Res. 157) directs the Social Insurance Commission to study memployment,

agencies which do not have regular offices.

Massachusetts (Res. 1571 directs the Social Insurance Commission to study unemployment.

WORKMEN'S COMPENS YPION AND EMPLOYERS' LIGHTHIN THE COMPENS AND EMPLOYERS' LIGHTHIN THE COMPENS AND EMPLOYERS' LIGHTHIN THE COMPENS AND EMPLOYERS AND EMPLOYERS AND EMPLOYERS AND EMPLOYER AND EMPLO

dered if the employer has not taken out insur-ance, evidently a step toward compulsory in-surance.

New York (622) authorizes compensation for "scricus facial or head disfigurement." Insurance carriers are required to pay to the State Treas-urer \$100 for every accident resulting in death for every compensable death case in which there is no person entitled to receive compensation. These payments are to be held in a special fund and used to pay additional compensation for life to

employees who, after suffering permanent partial disability, subsequently sustained injury resulting in permanent total disability.

Maryland (368) extends the benefits of its law to alien non-resident dependents on the same basis as residents, except that future payments may be commuted by payment of a lump sum egual to three-fourths of their present value, and (597) makes other changes in the existing Compensation law. New York (622) limits the non-residents entitled to compensation to surviving wife or child, or if none, surviving parent or grandparent, whom the employee has supported wholly or in part for one year prior to the accident. cident.

wilding or in part for one year pion to the cident.

New Jersey (54) adds an interesting variation to the tendency to take cases involving the right to or the amount of compensation out of the courts and provides for their settlement by administrative commission. The New Jersey act leaves disputes to be settled by the courts, but it creates a "Workmen's Compensation Aid Bureau" in the Labor Department, which is required generally to observe the operation of the Compensation have and particularly to assist employees in recovering their just compensation.

Massachusetts (72) makes the report of a physician appointed by the Industrial Accident Board to examine an injured employee admissible in evidence provided the employer and insurer have been furnished with covies thereof.

New York (622) limits appeals to the Court of

dence provided the employer and insurer have been furnished with covies thereof.

New York (622) limits appeals to the Court of Appeals in compensation ages to cases in which the Appellate Division's decision is not maximous, or consent of the provided of the provided of the Appeals of the provided of

bears to the total compensation paid by all carriers.

The possibility of restoring the earning power of injured employees is recognized in Massachusetts (Res. 75), which requires the Board of Education to report to the next Legislature on facilities for special training and instruction to persons whose earning capacity has been destroyed or impaired by injury.

Massachusetts (Res. 157) creates a Social Insurance Commission to study sickness, unemployment and old age of wage-artners.

Congress (——) passed a Workmen's Compensation act for Federal employees, fixing compensation at not over 66 2-3 per cent. of wages, not over \$66.67, not under \$33.33, and creating a commission to administer the act virginia (444) in South Carriers in intrastate commerce. The fellow servant rule is abolished, the assumption of risk rule is not to apply where the employer's violation of a safety law contributes to the accident and contributory negligence is limited in its effect to proportional reduction of damages. These laws have been copied from the Federal law and tend to make the law regulating liability for injuries to carriers' employers the same whether the accident happens in interstate or intrastate commerce.

MISCELLANEOUS—Congress includes in two merce

MISCELLANEOUS—Congress includes in two appropriation acts (Nos. 132, 143) the prohibition against the use of stop watches on measuring derices or the payment of bonuses to Government

employees. South Carolina (391) makes it a misdemeanor to violate the law requiring separation of the races in factories.

### INSURANCE

misdemeanor to violate the law requiring separation of the races in factories.

INSURANCE.

Louisiana (No. 76) provides that life companies organized on the stock plan under Louisiana law may provide in their charters for participation of policy holders in the election of the company's directors. This right once granted to policy holders may be extended but not curtailed. Louisiana (No. 240) limits industrial life insurance to that in which dues are payable at stated periods not exceeding one calendar month.

Massachusetts (12) authorizes the stated periods not exceeding one calendar month.

Massachusetts (12) authorizes the amount of new business which may be written by life companies. New York (360) increases the amount of new business which may be written by life companies. Generally this increase is 5 per cent. of the total amount of insurance in force in the preceding year. It is also provided that in determining the amount of new insurance, group insurance, overing groups of not less than 100 lives in the employ of the same person, shall be excluded.

New York (119) changes from ½ to ¼ of 1 per cent, the amount by which the contingency reserve of domestic life insurance companies shall decrease for each additional \$5,000,000 orthe contingency reserve shall not exceed 7½ per cent. New York (120) amends the limitation of life insurance companies which have changed from stock to mutual or from non-participating to participating may incur expenses in addition to the general limitation not to exceed 6 per cent, of aggregate net premiums. This takes the place of previous authorization of excess expense for such companies not greater than the excess of 25 per cent, of near premiums of the premium sover loadings collected on business prior to the date of the change. This amendment also provides that no mutual company shall issue after June 30. 130, any life or endowment be not exceeded by except when the premium solicies (except industrial policies providing for loans or surrender values unless the company is aut

New York (393) provides that dividends on ex-New York (393) provides that dividends on expired policies of mutual employers' liability and workmen's compensation companies shall not be defined the provided that the provided the provided to write this business to maintain a surplus, over liabilities including uncarned premiums and loss reserves, of \$100,000, under penalty of revocation of such company's authorization to do business in the State, Louisiana (No. 88) expressly exempts dividends on life policies from liability for debts.

Maryland (254) prohibits insurance companies or their agents issuing or circulating statements misrepresenting terms of policies or benefits thereunder. Life, health and accident companies and their agents are forbidden to make any misrepresentation to induce the taking out or surrender of a policy. This act also declares that agents of industrial companies shall not be deemed the owner of the periodic "debit" collected by them

and forbids such agents to sell "or in any manner switch" such debit without the company's consent. Massachusetts (25) provides that actilent insurance policies may, at the option of the insured, provide that benefits for death or disability shall be payable in instalments. In such case the policy is to contain the total sum, the number, amount and time of payment and the time, not exceeding 60 days, from proof of first payment.

Louisiana (No. 227) adds to the law requiring life policies to contain the entire contract a provision that no statement not endorsed or attached to the policy when issued shall be used in defence of a claim unless a copy of such statement be endorsed or attached to the policy when issued. Massachusetts (150) adds to the standard fire policy provision that limitation of action thereunder to two years after loss shall not apply if within that time the loss is referred to arbitration, in which case the limitation shall be 90 days after award or waiver of award, or, if action be enjoined or abetted, one year after dissolution of injunction. Virginia (99) provides that suicide or legal execution shall not be a defence to a life policy issued to a resident or otherwise subject to the laws of the State unless the policy contains express limitations to the contrary. This applies to policies issued before the act takes effect if the contrary and the state unless the policy contains express limitations to the contrary. This applies to the read of the state unless the policy contains express limitations to the contrary. This applies to the laws of the State unless the policy contains express limitations to the contrary. This applies to the policy discount of the content of the policy the insured intended suicide there shall be no recovery for such suicide.

Maryland (275) makes fraudulent certificates of death, sickness, etc., by insured persons a misdemeanor.

Kentucky (55) provides for the reorganization of co-operative or assessement life and casualty com-

Kentucky (55) provides for the reorganization of co-operative or assessment life and casualty companies, and their reincorporation as mutual or

co-operative or assessment life and casualty companies, and their reincorporation as mutual or atock companies.

Kentucky (56) provides that life and casualty companies organized on the assessment or cooperative plan shall not commence business until a guarantee fund of \$160,000 for the protection of the company's members has been raised and deposited with the State Treasury; regulates (28) assessment and co-operative fire companies.

New Jersey (127) authorizes county officers to establish fire insurance funds for county property, to be administered by a committee of the county officers. Insurance may be placed with companies when the officers deem it desirable, Kentucky (58) provides for the establishment of school property insurance funds by Boards of Education in second class cities. South Carolina (No. 373) requires all school buildings, except those which are not of brick or concrete construction and having an insurable value of less than \$300, to be kept insured. The non-brick or concrete buildings must be insured in "reliable old line insurance companies." Other buildings are to be insured to perform the state Insurance Department and 55 per cent, in the State Insurance Provision is made for increase in the percentage of insurance to be carried by the State department as its assets increase.

Mississippi (205) forbids placing of insurance on

carried by the State department as its assets increase.

Mississippi (205) forbids placing of insurance on persons or property except in the case of the policies of the commanded by the states that the risk has been also the policies of the commanded by the states that the states that the states that its purpose is that the State may receive the tax on premiums. The law does not apply to reciprocal indemnification contracts; and it declares that it is not intended to "direct" insurance covering rolling stock of railroads or property in transit in the possession of common carriers. It is probable that the word "direct" is an error for "affect." A similar act in Louisiana (No. 218) does not apply. Maryland (255) prescribes qualifications for insurance agents and authorizes the Commissioner on notice and hearing to revoke an agent's license for violation of law, misrepresentation or unjust dealing; and (257) provides for the licensing of insurance brokens, who are defined

to be persons who "represent citizens of this State for the placing of insurance in insurers licensed in the State or in any other State or country."

South Carolina (No. 371) forbids combinations of fire companies or their agents for the purpose of controlling rates, Violation of the act is penalized by revocation of the company's license to do business in the State and no new license may be granted to such company for three years. Kentucky (19) creates a State Insurance Board of which the Insurance Commissioner is Secretary to supervise five insurance rates and ratemaking bureaus. The act forbids any unauthorized company to issue an insurance policy on any property in the State. It forbids any company issuing any policy except through agents licensed by the Iusurance Commissioner. Every fire company is required to be a member of or maintain a rating buseau.

This act provides for the organization of mutual

a rating buteau. This act provides for the organization of mutual insurance companies for specified kinds of insurance. Life and fire insurance are not included; but disability insurance and workmen's compensation insurance are included. Provision is made for the admission of foreign mutuals to engage in the same lines of insurance.

The act also authorizes individual or associated "underwriters" to engage in insurance (except life insurance) on the Lloyd's plan.

Mississippi (200) repeals Section 18 of Chapter 171 of the laws of 1912 relating to mutual fire companies. This section made notes of the insured for premiums and assessments a lien on the property insured and the land on which it was situated

property insured and the land on which it was situated.

Maryland (274) prohibits the sale of insurance company's stock until the Commissioner has been furnished particulars as to the methods and proposed cost of promotion and until salesman, after investigation of his record, has been licensed.

New York (13) provides for the organization of mutual automobile casualty insurance companies with power to insure against accident, theft and other losses except loss by fire or transportation; and (14) for the organization of mutual automobile fire insurance companies with power to insure against various losses, including theft but excluding personal injuries. Both of these acts authorize certificates to foreign mutual companies, Massaohusetts (32) archorizes suretyship, fidelity and burglary companies to insure in one contract banks and brokers against loss of notes, securities, documents and money, except loss in transportation.

Kentucky (28) regulates assessment and co-operative fire companies.

Massaohusetts (200) provides that mutual liabil-

ative fire companies. Massaohusetts (200) provides that mutual liability companies, with Insurance Commissioner's approval, may exercise rights and privileges in relation to workmen's compensation business which are by law vested in the Massachusetts Employees' Insurance Association, and that such association with the Commissioner's approved, may exercise in or outside the State the privileges vested in domestic mutuals under general laws and be subject to laws "now or thereafter in force" relating to such mutuals.

mestic mutuals under general laws and be subject to laws "now or hereafter in force" relating to such mutuals.

New Jersey (87), amending existing law, authorizes insurance companies to do the following additional business; (1) damage to automobiles or to property resulting from their operation; (2) health sinsurance, including not exceeding \$100 funeral benefits; (3) loss to automobiles by collision or lygal liability for damages resulting from such collision; (4) loss by banks, etc., of bills, securities, coin, etc., except loss from marine or transportation risks; (4) loss by non-payment of mortgage or interest thereon; (5) loss due to leakage of fire extinguishing apparatus,

Mississippi (202) requires life companies to file an annual statement showing their Mississippi reserve (defined by the act to mean the amount of the legal reserve required by the laws of the State of the companies' domicile to be maintained on account of subsisting policies on the lives of residents of Mississippi, and the gross amount of premiums received by the company during the preceding year on policies of residents, Failure to comply is penalized by revocation of license.

Mississippi (203) provides that the tax on gross premiums of life companies shall not be less than an amount equal to one and three-fourths percent, of gross premiums of his companies on business done in the New Units of the Ne intendent

intendent.

Massachusetts (135). The act authorizes provision in the policies of domestic or foreign
companies for waiver of premiums or special surrender values in case either of the insured persons becomes disabled,
Mississippi (201) authorizas service of process
and other papers against insurance companies
upon the State Insurance Commissioner,
Mississippi (204) requires fraternal benefit societies to give bond to pay any judgment against
the society, and otherwise regulates such societies
by limiting expenses to a separate fund not exceeding 10 per cent, of collections, and requiring
mortality funds, where practicable, to be kept
enact the uniform fraternal insurance law known
as the Mobile bill. enact the uniform as the Mobile bill.

#### BANKS AND BANKING.

Congress (No. 158) provides a rural credit system which is more fully described under "Agri-

culture."

tem which is more fully described under "Agriculture."

Congress (No. 75) amended the Clayton act by authorizing officers, directors or employees of member banks, or Class A directors of reserve banks, with the consent of the Federal Reserve Board, to become officers, directors or employees of not more than two other banks, banking associations or trust companies organized under United States or State laws and not in "substantial competition" with the member bank.

Congress (No. 81) amends the Postal Savings act by increasing the interest-bearing deposits of an individual from \$500 to \$1,000, by permitting the acceptance of an additional full of the permitting the acceptance of an additional full of the following the acceptance of an additional full of the following the postal deposits. Member and so the Federal reserved system are given reference as deposits. Deriving this act but does not say so, and no original act but does not say so, and not original act but fefer to "this act," may be considered the constant of the federal case of the federal case of the permitted of the federal case of the federal ca aeffective.

aeffectives (No. 90) raises from one-third to two-diffectives (No. 90) raises from one-third to two-larges of the total amount of gold certificates end by the Treasury at any time, the limit in must of gold certificates of not less than \$1,000 stude on deposits of gold bullion.

Rhode Island (1389) increases the criminal penty for fraudulent checks on banks in which the rawer has not sufficient funds, and makes the sauance of the check prima facie evidence of them to defraud in those cases in which the trawer fails to deposit sufficient funds to meet heack within seven days after he receives ortice of the bank's refusal to pay. Mississippi 120) prohibits checks if drawer has insufficient

funds under penalty of punishment as for a misdemeanor if the amount is less than \$25 and for a felony if that amount or over.

Louisiana (No. 22) makes cases of embezzlement by check or draft triable in the county where the check was drawn, no matter where it is made payable, and in addition makes the case triable either in that county or in the county in the State in which the check may be made payable.

New Jersey (123) provides that ohecks or drafts shall be paid by the drawer, notwithstanding the death of the drawer between the times of drawing and presentation, provided presentation be made within 10 days after date.

Louisiana (No. \$5) provides that banking associations, savings banks and trust companies may send for collection checks, drafts, etc., directly to the bank on which they are drawn and the latter bank's failure to account for the proceeds, through insolvency or otherwise, shall not render the forwarding bank liable.

New York (363) audhorizes savings banks to invest in promissory notes of savings and loan associations and in bonds of the State Land Bank; and (164) makes 60-day withdrawal motices ineffective if withdrawal is not made within 15 days after expiration of such 60-day withdrawal notices ineffective if withdrawal is not made within 15 days after expiration of such 60-day withdrawal notices ineffective if withdrawal is not made within 15 days after expiration of such 60-day withdrawal notices inserted the propose is to induce the banks and authorizes has a sociations as over savings banks and authorizes banks which do not pay it. Evidently the purpose is to induce the banks to deduct and pay the tax or the names of the banks which do not pay it. Evidently the purpose is to induce the banks to deduct and pay the tax or the names of the banks which do not pay it. Evidently the purpose is to induce the banks to deduct and pay the tax or the names of these banks which do not pay it. Evidently the purpose is to induce the banks and authorizes examination of snoth associations at their exp

Mississippi (207) amends the Bank Deposit Guarantee law.

Massachusetts (129) authorizes domestic trust companies to accept future drafts and bills of exchange and to issue letters of credit to an amount not exceeding one-half paid-up capital and surplus without the approval of the Bank Commissioner, and not exceeding such capital and surplus with such approval. Virginia (298) authorizes tanks and trust companies to accept drafts and issue letters of credit not exceeding for any one person 10 per cent, of capital and surplus. New York (247) authorizes investment companies to advance money on bonds and notes owned, issued or guaranteed by them, and to purchase and pledge the same to secure payment of collateral trust bonds and notes and to sell and negotiate such trust bonds and notes.

New Jersey (115) gives to banks and to sell and negotiate such trust bonds and notes and to sell and negotiate such trust bonds and notes and to sell and negotiate such trust bonds and notes and to sell and negotiate such trust bonds and notes and to sell and negotiate such trust bonds and notes.

New Jersey (115) gives to banks are secured by escurities assigned in blank the same authority as legal representative to have such securities retarsfered vivering (33) authorizes bankers and busiless to vivering (33) authorizes bankers and busiless of the property of the prope

Virginia (83) authorizes bankers and brokers to require in advance a minimum discount fee on a negotiable paper of 50 cents on loans of 30 days

negotiable paper of 50 cents on loans, of 30 days or more.

New York (96) provides that only those banks and trust companies which do not have unimpaired surplus equal to 20 per cent, of capital need report their dividend declarations, Kentucky (74) prohibits bank or trust company dividends until surplus equals 10 per cent, of capital, and requires 10 per cent, of net profits for the dividend period to be carried to surplus until surplus equals 20 per cent, of capital.

Massachusetts (175) regulates deposits with private bankers and their investment.

Mississiphi (136) regulates interest on instalment loans and provides that the loan contract may contain a provision that in case the borrower pays before maturity or breaks any of his coveriants, interest, otherwise limited to 5 per cent, per annum, may be charged at the rate of 10 per cent, per annum.

PUBLIC UTILITIES,

#### PUBLIC UTILITIES,

Kentucky (125) proposes an amendment to Sec. 201 of the State Constitution prohibiting railroad, telegraph, telephone, bridge and common carrier

companies to consolidate their capital stock, franchises or property, or pool their carnings with sup similar company owning a parallel or competing line or structure, or to acquire such parallel or competing line or structure, by purchase, lease or otherwise, or to operate the same. Kentucky (18) extends the jurisdiction of the Railroad Commission over express, telephone, telegraph or boat companies, except specified telephone companies.

graph or boat companies, except specified telephone companies.

Kentucky (60) enacts and makes applicable to intrastate commerce the Carmack amendment to the Interstate Commerce Act making the initial carrier liable for any damage in transit whether upon its own or enother road.

Kentucky (15) forbids condemnation of railroad rights of way for the use of a wire line running longitudinally along such right of way.

Massachusetts (266) authorizes certain corporations to operate "trolley-motors" or "trackless trolleys" on public ways or private rights of way subject to consecut of local officers and of the Public Service Commission; authorizes (29) the Public Service Commission; authorizes (29) the Public Service Commission to order reparation with interest for that part of a discriminatory rate which has been collected within two years prior to filling of petition for redress, and authorizes (23) cities and towns to appropriate money to prosecute or defend before courts or commissions proceedings relative to rates and franchise rights of public utilities.

retative to rapes and trancinse rights of public utilities. Regulation of "jitneys" is provided for in Maryland (610) and New Jersey (136). The latter act requires every "jitney" owner to take out an insurance policy indemnifying himself against liahility for bodily injury or death caused by the operation of such "jitney." Massachysetts (293) requires applicants for "jitney" licenses to file bonds to pay damages for injuries to person or property caused by operation. New Jersey (36) permits passes to certain local police officers, Mississippi (132) prohibits passes on street railways except to specified persons, and Kentucky (1) is a general anti-pass law, punishing with fine, imprisonment and forfeiture of office those public officers who accept free or reduced fare transportation. Louisiana (No. 271) proposed to amend the Constitution to permit passes to State officers and employees engaged in promoting scientific agriculture.

scientific agriculture.

Maryland (272) makes toll bridges over county-dividing streams common carriers.

Virginia (372) makes it a misdemeanor for an intexticated person to operate an engine, car, auto-

intexicated person to operate an engine, car, automobile or train.

Virginia (439) places burden on telegraph company to show necessity of giving interstate character to message between points within State, South Carolina (No. 475) requires railroads to load live stock not more than two hours before departure of train and to unload within two hours after aprival, subject to specified exceptions, and provided that the owner may consent in writing other than the bill of lading to a longer time.

septions, and provided that the owner may consent in writing other than the bill of lading to a longer time.

South Carolina (No. 476) extends to February 1, 1917, the time for compliance with an act of 1912 regulating locomotive headights.

Louisiana (No. 249) makes it a misdemeanor to steal or maliciously remove or interfere with any parts or attachments of locomotives or cars, or fixtures used by a railroad commany in operating its trains, and (No. 250) provides that any person who without written authority from the railroad owning the same, purchases or receives in pledge or storage any metal article manufactured and used exclusively for railroad purposes, is guilty of a misdemeanor.

Louisiana (No. 208) makes the tapping of electric wires or gas or water pipes with intent to secure current, gas or water pipes with intent to secure current, gas or water without paying therefor, a misdemeanor. Breaking any mister knowingly and for purpose of defrauding is like-wise unitshed.

wise nunished.
Louisiana (No. 36) establishes a Board of Public Utilitiee for the city of New Orleans and authorizes the board, in connection with the local Commission Council, to supervise and regulate public service utilities within the city. Four of the five members of the board shall be appointed by the Governor.

CORPORATIONS.

CORPORATIONS.

Maryland (596) amends existing corporation laws generally. Among the more important provisions are: (1) reduction of outstanding capital stock not to r.Hease the liability to the corportion of stockholders whose shares are not fully paid; (2) stock without per value may be issued by companies which do not issue preferred stock, except bank, sofe deposit, trust or foan companies; (3) an existing provision penalizing the compaction for refusal to permit stockholders to inspect its books is repealed.

By New Jersey (243) corporations organized or licensed to do business under the laws of the State are required to maintain a principal office in the State in charge of an agent opporations which report to Banking Commissioner are excepted.

are excepted.

porations which report to Banking Commissioner are excepted,

(Louisiana (No. 207) proposes a constitutional amendment requiring gallroad and other corporations organized or doing business in the State to maintain within the State a general office (formerly a "public" office) in charge of one of the general officers of the company, and requiring public service corporations organized under the laws of the State to maintain within the State titleir general offices for the operation and conduct of their business.

New York (127) requires comporation stock books to be kept open daily three business hours for inspection by judgment creditors or stockholders who hold 5 per cent, of outstanding stock or who have been stockholders for simporthin that the stockholder applying fram or sale a list of the company of or official of inspection (inspection for proporations must be filed in orders of single orders of the single of the company of the credit of the credit of the company of the credit of the credit of the company of the credit of

or Seoretary of State.

Massachusetts (184) provides that voluntary associations created by written instrument or declaration of trust, the beneficial interest in which is divided into twansferable certificates or shares, may be issued for debts incurred by the trustess or their agents or for damages due to their negligence, and the property of the association subjected to attachment and exclusion in the same manner as if it were a corporation. Service of process on one trustee is sufficient. New Jersey (191) enacts the uniform transfer of stock act.

act. Sissippi (96) validates contracts of foreign corporations void because of failure to comply with laws requiring the filing of certificates, payment of fees, etc., provided such certificates be filed and such fees, together with 200 per cent, for damages, be paid. The law is frankly entitled "to raise revenues, etc."

for damages, be paid. The law is trankly entitled "to raise revenues, etc."

Mississippi (92) requires corporations doing intrastate business to incorporate under the laws of the State, validates (96) contracts of foreign corporations not conforming to certain statutory regulations provided fees are paid, and regulates (97) the sale and purpose of the stock of foreign end domestic Copporations:

Virginia (190) portionizes the corporation commission to investigate offers to sell securities, etc., and makes of the stock of corporation and the state of the stock of the portion of the property and indemenor, and the state in a effort of the property of the state of the point of the property a misdemeanor, combinetious in restraint of trade.

Oklahoma (initiated const. amend., adopted 1912. p. 119) permits railroad and transportation companies their property and franchises.

Maryland (374) prohibits corporations setting up the defence of usury.

Mississippi (123), in addition to existing penalties for violation of the anti-trust laws, makes participation in combines, whether within or without the State, which effect injury to any person or corporation in the State, a felony punishable by fine and invursonment. Corporation violators are to be fined not less than \$5,000, whereas that is the maximum in the case of individuals.

#### DOMESTIC RELATIONS.

Maryland (577) makes marriages in other States in violation of the Maryland law void, New York (605) provides for the annulment of marriages where one or both of the parties had not attained the age under which consent of parent or guardian is required by the laws of the State where the marriage was contracted.

New York (482) makes it a misdemeanor for a person having a husband or wife living to take out a license to marry another.

Louisiana (No, 31) asks Congress to submit an amendment to the Federal Constitution prohibiting polygemy.

amendment to the Federal Constitution prohibiting polygemy.

New Jersey (63) requires petitions for annulment of marriages to be accompanied by petitioner's affidavit that there is no collusion in the application. Thereafter the procedure is to be the same as that in divorce, the purpose of the act being "to make uniform the practice and procedure in all cases of annulment of marriages," and (57) authorizes the defendant in divorce suit to file counter-suit against the plaintiff. Virginia (61) adds to the grounds of absolute divorce sentence to a State penitentiary where cohabitation has not been resumed, Pardon granted not to restore conjugal rights.

Louisiana (No. 269) authorizes absolute divorce on proof of continuous living apart for a period of seven years.

on proof of continuous living apart for a periou of seven years.

Louisiana (No. 247) expressly provides that alimony shall be payable from "earnings" as well as from "property" of the husband.

Virginia (417) declares that father and mother are equally entitled to custody, services and carnings of legitimate children, but in determining controversies the courts are to be guided by the welfare of the child.

controversies the courts are to be guided by the welfare of the child,
Louisiana (No. 139) makes it a misdemeanor for parents or other persons having custody and control of children under 17 to abuse or neglect such child or to permit, through careless control, such child to become delinquent under the laws

of the State. New York

of the State.

New York (196) extends to wrong done under pretence of fraudulent representation of marriage the penalty for wrong under promise of marriage. Louisiana (No. 94) provides that a married woman may contract and oblige herself personally and with reference to her separate and paraphermal property, that she may appear in court, sue and be sued in the same manner as though a femme sole; but this act is not to affect the existing laws regulating community property and prescribing what shall be deemed community and what separate property of husband and wife. and what separate property of husband and wife,

#### PROPERTY AND DECEDENTS' ESTATES.

PROPERTY AND DECEDENTS' ESTATES.

In one of the most important statutes of recent years affecting the law of real property, Massachusetts (108) provides that a contingent remainder shall take effect, 'notwithstanding any determination of the particular estate, in the same manner in which it would have taken effect if it had been an executory device or a springing or shifting use, and shall, as well as such limitations, be subject to the rule respecting remoteness known as the rule against, perpetuities, exclusive of the rule against perpetuities, exclusive of any case of the rule properties of any case of the rule properties of the rule properties of the rule properties of the rule properties of the rule against perpetuities, while it is true that the statute merely enacts the Massachusetts rule against perpetuities, the rule of remoteness of vesting, and declares that this rule applies to every future interest in property, nevertheless, it is of vital interest because it is a legislative recognition that the rule is one of remoteness of vesting, and it has remained for the Legislature of his native State to give the first statiory sanction to his theory, Maryland (325) makes the descent of real property in certain cases.

South Carolina (No. 387) authorizes Probate

South Carolina (No. 387) authorizes Probate

Judges to accept the resignation of an executor when not injurious to the estate,

Judges to accept the resignation of an executor when not injurious to the estate.

Ohattel mortgages in New York (348) need not be filed where there is a mortgage, pledge or lien on stocks or bonds which by the written instrument creating the same are to be delivered to the lender on the day the loan is made, Such mortgage, pledge or lien is valid against creditors if the securities are delivered to the mortgage on the day the loan is made. If not so delivered, the instrument or a copy must be filed. Purchasers, pledgees or mortgages in good faith of such bonds or stocks take good title at any time if there is delivery to them, unless the instrument or a copy is filed. Another amendment to the property law of New York (313) provides that all rents reserved by lease, annuities and other payments due at fixed periods shall be apportioned on death or other transfer of the interest of any person interested therein according to the time which has elapsed to and including the day of such death or transfer. The person entitled to the portion of such payment approved prior to transfer shall have the same right to recover the past apportioned to him by this act as he would have had if each it is a state of the whole; but the person lable to pay rents reserved shall not be referred to for such payment of the time of the property lable to pay rents reserved shall not be referred to for such payment of the more payment in a provide that no apportionment is to be made, nor to suns payable in policies or insurance or under annuity contracts issued by life insurance companies. The law is similar to the present rule respecting the division of interest, A third amendment to the New York property law (364) provides that where undisposed of profits, pending suspension of the power of alienation or the ownership of real estate in consequence of a valid limitation of an expectant estate, are legally paid to the next individual estate, the birth of a child to any person receiving any part of the profits shall not stop payment to him

New Jersey (157) permits a married woman over 21 to acknowledge conveyances as a fermme sole in so far as she need not be examined apart from her husband, nor need she declare that she signed and delivered as a voluntary act without compulsion of her husband. In Virginia (59), where allotment is made in partition suits, the sale bars the husband's right of curtesy as well as the wife's dower in the land thus sold,

Virginia (292) reduces from seven to two years the time within which a devisee may claim from the innocent purchaser of an heir at law.

the innocent purchaser of an heir at law.

Virginia (62) adopts the uniform land registration or Torrens system law and provides (335) that it does not apply to certain cities and counties until approved on referendum by the voters thereof. South Carolina (549 and 550) provides for quieting titles to real estate to determine adverse claims, and for title registration. The registration act is patterned on North Oarolina's Torrens law and contains a compulsory insurance fund provision. New York (547) makes the Torrens and more attractive to holdinaval from registration, providing for official examiners appointed by the Registrar, subject to the court's approval, and by making payments to the assurance fund compulsory. The Registrar may appoint official examiners. Louisiana (No. 170) regulates title and mortgage guarantee companies.

panies.

Mississippi (134) regulates the filing of assignments, New Jersey (221) requires written instruments recorded with the County Clerk or Register of Deeds to be in English. Virginia (209) repealed the act within 10 days after arknowledgment as effective against creditors as if recorded on the day of acknowledgment.

Louisiana (No. 151) authorizes chattle mortages of specified personal property. Purchasers are subject in certain cases unless they take the

#### REVIEW OF LEGISLATION OF 1916-Continued.

seller's affidavit that there is no mortgage on the

property sold.

Kentucky (99) provides for leases by guardians or committees in lunacy of mining rights in the ward's real estate. The term of such lease need not be limited to the period of disability. Louisiana (No. 192) authorizes similar leases by guardians when recommended by the family meeting of the civil law.

when recommended by the family meeting of the civil law.

FRAUD AND MISREPRESENTATION.

Congress (83) problibits in the District of Commission false or misleading advertisements or statement to sell goods, or to induce any person or corporation to purchase, discount or in any way invest in or accept as collateral security any securities or property. Massachusetts (149) forbids any untrue, deceptive or misleading advertisement intentionally placed before the public in order to sell any property. Masrachusetts (149) forbids any untrue, deceptive or misleading advertisement intentionally placed before the public in order to sell any property. Maryland (655) makes it a misdemeant to obtain a credit or rating by false pretences, or (370) to be instrumental in furnishing a third person such rating, or to make a false statement. Virginia (42) and Kentucky (97) are broad acts punishing untrue, decentive or anisheading advertisements of anything offered to the public with intent to sell or dispose of it.

Virginia (13) provides that persons who, with intent to injure or defraud, enter into written contracts for personal services in the cultivation of the soil and thereby obtain money or other thing of value and fraudulently refuse to perform such service or refund the money are guilty of larceny. (280) provides that persons who, with intent to defraud, obtain from licensed merchants goods for examination and approval and refuse to return the same in unused condition, or to pay therefor, are guilty of larceny. This act, towever, does not apply unless a card or tag is attached to the goods containing the clause the request for return be made within five days after delivery. (499) provides that if any person, corporation, etc., has devised a scheme to defraud by the sale or distribution of stocks or securities or real estate, and shall, for the execution of that scheme, committed universities etc.

New York (387) makes it a misdemeanor, punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, to attempt to operate slot machines or slo

# SALES AND MERCANTILE LICENSES.

Maryland (355) provides that conditional sales in Baltimore are void unless recorded. Massa-clusetts '1991 provides for a fine not exceeding \$100 to be assessed against others than licensed peddlers and newsparer dealers who solicit busi-ness on public sidewalks in front of any retail store other than their own, or one in which

they are employed, to induce any person to purchase at retail merchandise similar in kind to any kept or displayed for sale in such store.

Maryland (632) enacts a new license law for selling goods and chattels. Massachusetts (242) amends the law relating to the licensing of peddlers so that "wholesalers or jobbers having a permanent place of business in the State and selling to dealers only and persons selling at wholesale by sample-lists, catalogues or otherwise" are excepted from its provisions, and bartering is included with selling.

wholesale by sample-lists, catalogues or otherwise", are excepted from its provisions, and bartering is included with selling.

New York (385) amending the Agricultural law, provides for the distribution among consignor creditors of amonuts recovered by the Commissioner on bonds of commission merchants, such distribution to be pro rata if the funds are insufficient to pay in full. Virginia (77) requires commission merchants to seeme a license and to keep a record of goods received and sold. Provision is made for a consignor to obtain a settlement of his claim after 30 days by filing a complaint with the Commissioner of Agriculture, who shall hold a hearing and may revoke the license and bring action on the bond to recover the moneys for him.

Louisiana (No. 233) forbids commission houses to combine or agree to keep the market on farm or forest products or fish below the "proper limit indicated by the supply and demand thereof," or to charge excessive commission rates, or in any manner to cheat or defrand consignors. Violation is made a crime punished by 6 to 12 months' imprisonment. Louisiana (No. 234) makes all books and records of commission agents subject to examination by Commissioner of Agriculture, the Attorney-General or any District Attorney for the purpose of finding evidence of any violation of law or improper methods.

or improper methods.

Louisiana (Nos. 95 and 275) in order to encourage such sales prohibit license taxes on producers' sales of farm and dairy products direct

courage such sases promit hornes takes on producers' sales of farm and dairy products direct to the consumer.

Virginia (409) makes sales of goods in bulk void as to creditors unless its provisions as to notice are complied width.

Kentucky (111) defines the business of temporary or transient merchant, requires a license for ils conduct and otherwise regulates it. The definition includes all merchants who conduct bankrupt, fire or other closing out sales, unless they have conducted a merchandise business in the place where such sale is held for at least one year. Provision is made for permits to be granted on application by the county court to conduct a business which would be within the act without complying with its regulation, provided the applicant proves that he intends in good faith to conduct the business of a permanent, merchant.

good faith to conduct the business of a permanent merchant.

Louisiana (No. 273) makes wilful purchase of junk or second-hand property not owned or unpaid for by the seller, a misdemeanor. The purchaser is required to take a signed statement from the seller that he is the owner and that the property is paid for, Failure to take this statement is prima facie evidence of guilty knowledge within the meaning of the act. The purchaser who takes the statement is exonerated from such intent or knowledge. The act does not affect the rights of the real owner of such property.

property.

#### ASIATIC INSTITUTE.

The Asiatic Institute was organized April 21, 1913, to promote the study of progress and conditions in East Asia and the Pacific; to disseminate in the United States knowledge of the same and to promote the solution of questions arising from the contact of two civilizations in the Pacific Basin. It seeks to secure a wider appreciation of Pacific affairs, and to be a repository and arsenal of information of all that concerns the two civilizations, as well as to realize the stable relationship and understanding that must ultimately exist between them.

President-William Howard Tait. Secretary and Treasurer-Frederick McCormick, 27 West Sixty. seventh Street, New York City. Executive Committee-William Barclay Parsons, Willard Straight, Martin Egan, Dr. Arthur J. Brown, Frederick W. Williams.

#### LECISLATION OF NEW YORK IN 1916.

LIST OF IMPORTANT LAWS PASSED BY THE NEW YORK STATE LEGISLATURE OF 1916.

LIST OF IMPORTANT LAWS PASSED BY THI

The Legislature of 1916, in addition to passing laws, submitted to the people for ratification or rejection at the polls at the Fall election of 1916 an act making provision for issuing bonds to the amount of not to exceed \$10,000,000 for State park purposes, \$2,500,000 to be used in the acquisition of lands for the extension of the Palisades Interstate Park and \$7,500,000 to the acquisition of lands for State park purposes within the forest preserve counties. "which lands if now owned by the State under existing law would be a part of the forest preserve."

The list of the more important laws passed by the Legislature of 1916 is as follows:
Chapter 1—Appropriates \$10,000 for the Senate Civil Service Committee in the investigation of the civil lists of the State.
Chapter 5—Authorizing Boards of Supervisors of counties adjacent to first class cities to establish plans for the grades of streets.
Chapter 7—Creating a Commission of Electors for Monroe County.

Chapter 8—Appropriating \$27,000,000 for the improvement of the Errie the Owners and the

for Monroe County.

Chapter 8—Appropriating \$27,000,000 for the improvement of the Erie, the Oswego and the Champlain Canals.

Chapter 10—Permitting village trustees to accept a dedication of land for a street already laid at as a street or land not laid out as a street.

street.

Chapter 13—Amending the Insurance Law authorizing the creation of mutual companies to make insurance upon or pertaining to automobiles against loss or damage resulting from accident to or injury suffered by any person and for which the person insurance is labeled insurance. Law by

Chapter 14—Amending the Insurance Law by authorizing the creation of mutual companies to make insurance upon or perteining to automobiles against all or any of the hazards of fire, explosion, transportation, collision and certain

explosion, description of \$250. The hazards, Chapter 16—Making an appropriation of \$250. 000 for the expenses of the members of the Panama-Pacific International Exposition at San

000 for the expenses of the members of the Panama-Pacific International Exposition at San Francisco. Cal.—Providing that all taxes upon personal property and one-half of all taxes upon real estate in New York City shall be due and payable on the first day of May and the remaining and final one-half of taxes on real estate shall be due and payable on Nov, 1 each year. Chapter 19—Providing that five or more persons may become a membership corporation. Chapter 20—Providing for the extension of willows lighting systems.

Chapter 20—Providing for the extension of village lighting systems.

Chapter 27—Incorporating the Andrew Freedman Home for the free and granuitous reception, shelter, nourishment, care and maintenance of aged and indigent versons of both sexes, "and which shall be open to all without regard to race or religious creed." Chapter 31—Providing that ballots cast at purely State elections shall be preserved at least six months, and secondly that in each year in which a President of the United States is to be elected in counties in which no contest has been voted the ballots may be destroyed after four months. months

Chapter 32-Creating a Legislative Bill ing Commission of two members to be appointed by the Temporary President of the Senate and the Speaker of the Assembly Chapter 35—Apprographing \$37,000 for the en-forcement of the five provisions of the Conserva-

tion Law.
Chapter 36—Giving village trustees the to acquire rights of way by condemnation.
Chapter 41—Enlarging the boundaries of the right of the

Chapter 41—Enlarging the boundaries of the City of Albany.

Chapter 43—Authorizing village trustees to accept lands for a public park, within three miles of a village, or to submit to a village election a proposition to purchase land for such a purpose, Chapter 44—Authorizing Westchester County bond itself for \$3,866,170 for a sanitary trunk

Chapter 45-Appropriating \$10,000 for general

expenses of the Forestry Bureau of the Conservation Department.

expenses of the Forestry Bureau of the Conservation Department.

Chapter 47—Authorizing the election of a town
superintendent of highways.

Chapter 50—Stating costs and disbursements
of actions in the Sur reme Count of the Counties
of Rensselaer, Bronx and Queens which could
nave been brought, except for the amount claimed,
in the County Courts of those counties.

Chapter 53—Providing for the filing of a ceroration in the office of the Secretary of State.

Chapter 54—Authorizing town boards liaving
jurisdiction in territory adjacent to cities of the
first class to establish park districts.

Chapter 65—Authorizing town boards liaving
jurisdiction in territory adjacent to cities of the
Eastern Star of the State of New York.

Chapter 65—Providing penalties for failure to
promerly record and file a certificate of birth
Chapter 63—Providing that the Supervisor of
a town 'shall wh'n present preside at all meetings of the Town Board.

Chapter 62—Stating the requirements for the
freproof construction of factories.

ings of the Town Board."

Chapter 62—Stating the requirements for the fireproof construction of factories.

Chapter 71—Fermitting the superintendent of the Rome State Custodial Asylum to grant to groups of inmates of that institution in colonies on rented premises or on land owned by the State, parole or leave of absence to do domestic work under the direction of the superintendent, or agricultural work under the direction of the State Department of Agriculture, or reforestation and forestry work under the direction of the Conservation Commission.

tion and forestry work under the direction of the Conservation Commission.

Charter 72—Adding a new article to the Highway Law in regard to the registration and regulation of motorcycles.

Chapter 77—Protects certain wild birds.
Chapter 78—Providing that a certain notice shall be given to a Town Clerk of a question to be voted upon at a town meeting.

Chapter S1—Defines the powers of Town Boards to borrow money.

voted upen at a town meeting.
Chapter 93—Defines the powers of Town Boards to borrow money.
Chapter 90—Specifies the methods to be followed in conducting the school savings banks.
Chapter 93—States the collection of ashes and disposition of garbage in certain towns.
Chapter 93—States the compensation to be received by inspectors of election, ballot clerks and poll clerks in towns, unless the Town Board provides a higher comensation.
Chapter 93—States the compensation beard provides a higher comensation.
Chapter 93—Authorizes the Police Commissioner of New York to offer rewards to persons to give information which shall lead to the arrest of persons guilty of a felony.
Chapter 96—Providing for the making of certain reports by banks and trust companies to the Superintendent of Banks.
Chapter 99—Providing for the compensation of lighting districts.
Chapter 104—Providing the compensation of the control of the compensation of compens

crossings Chapter 112-Authorizing the City of New York

Chapter 112—Authorizing the City of New York to acquire more land and pro-erty than is needed for actual construction in laying out, widening, extending or relocating parks, public places, highways or streets.

Chapter 115—Authorizing the Board of Estimate and Apportionment of the City of New York to make an approviation annually for the due observance of Memoriai Day.

Chapter 116—Reappropriating \$62,500 for the expenses of the commission created to provide for the celebration of the centenary of the Battle of Plattshurg

Plattsburg.

Chapter 118—Changing the fiscal year of the State so that instead of beginning on October 1 it begins now on July 1, and adapting the laws of the State to the change thus made.

Ohapter 119—In relation to the contingency reserve of domestic life insurance corporations.

Chapter 120—Amends in certain respects the

reserve of domestic life insurance corporations. Chapter 120—Amends in certain respects the provisions of the Insurance Law limiting the expenses of life insurance companies. Chapter 121—Amends Section 100 of the Surance Law regarding the investments of domestic life insurance companies by providing that they should dispose of certain shares of stock and bonds and obligations within fifteen years from December 31, 1906, instead of in ten years from that date

from December 31, 1906, instead of in ten years from that date.

Chapter 125—Defines vinegars and adulterated vinegars and probibits the manufacture or sale of adulterated vinegar in the State.

Chapter 126—Provides for the return to the general fund of the unexpended balance of certain existing appropriations.

Chapter 127—Declares that persons entitled to inspect stock books of stock corporations may make extracts therefrom.

Chapter 129—Almends the Health Law by defining the practice of dentistry and provides for the division of the dental examiners into four classes. classes.

the division of the dental examiners into four classes, the division of the dental examiners into four classes, the convenience of the Legislature submit to the Senate and Assembly a statement of the total amount of appropriation, and may at the same time make the submit as a part of such a propriation of the probable revenues of the State Department, and may at the same time make the submit as a part of such statement an estimate of the probable revenues of the State for the ensuing year. The same law provides that the Finance Committee of the Senate and the Ways and Means Committee of the Assembly, acting sound we seem to the respective shouses not later than March 15 a budget containing a complete and detailed statement of all appropriations to be made out of moneys of the general fund in the State Treasury for the support and maintenance of the government of the State and for all other purposes, which appropriations or any part thereof shall become available during the period ending with the ensuing fiscal year.

Chapter 134—Provides that certain statements shall be attached to packages of concentrated commercial feeding stuffs.

Chapter 135—Department of the International statement of the attached to packages of concentrated commercial feeding stuffs.

Chapter 135—Department of the provides that certain statements shall be attached to packages of concentrated commercial feeding stuffs.

Chapter 135—Defines the powers of the land bank, Chapter 135—Defines the powers of the land bank, Chapter 140—Provides compensation for per-

bank. Chapter 140—Provides compensation for persons whose animals have been slaughtered on account of foot and mouth disease or authrax. Chapter 142—Provides for the filing of maps by persons or comporations who sub-divide real property into lots for the purpose of offering such lots for sale.

Chapter 144—Making regulations in regard to the purpose of the property of the propert

Chapter 144—Making regulations in regard to the manufacture of evaporated milk.
Chapter 145—Making eligible for appointment as policemen in villages adjacent to cities of the first class certain persons.
Chapter 151—Stating the hours of labor that may be required by a person or a corporation.
Chapter 152—Providing that eight nours shall constitute a legal day's work for all classes of employees, except those engaged in farm and domestic service, unless otherwise provided by law. law

Chapter 155-Providing for bird and

refuges.
Chapter 156—States the time when petitions may be presented to the common councils of second and third rate cities.
Chapter 159—Authorizing second class cities to make temporary loans.
Chapter 164—Providing that in case savings banks shall require sixty days' notice of an in-

tention to withdraw a deposit, and such a deposit tention to withdrawn a deposit, and shon a deposit is not withdrawn within fifteen days after the expiration of the sixty days' notice, the deposit "shall not then be due or payable under such notice or by reason thereof."

Chapter 165—Increasing the number of Justices of the Supreme Court in the Eighth Judicial District by two

District by two.

Chapter 172—Incorporating the City of Sherrill in the town of Vernon, Oneida County.

Chapter 173—Providing that animals undergoing transportation on a railway shall be fed and
sup-lied with water every five hours.

Chapter 174—Appropriating \$40,000 for the improvement of highways and bridges on Indian
reservations.

reservations.

Chapter 177—Authorizing the Brooklyn Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children to exercise all its powers in the Counties of Nassau and Suffolk until such a corporation is organized those counties.

and Suffolk until such a corporation is organized in those counties.

Chapter 179—Provides an alternative method of ap-ortioning the expense of county highways.

Chapter 182—Providing that medical inspectors of schools, if appointed by the Board of Education of a city, shall reside within the city.

Chapter 184—Making it unlawful for any person or persons, save as excepted under Section 18A of the article, to operate any moving picture apparatus and its connections in a city of the first class, unless such person or persons or operating such apparatus is duly licensed to do so. Chapter 190—Providing for the appointment of Commissioners of Deeds for the Counties of New York, Kings, Queens, Richmond and Bronx.

Chapter 196—Providing for the suspension of a pension to an employee of the City of New York if he shall hold any State office or office of the City of New York or in any of the counties composing it.

if he shall hope to the composing it.

City of New York or in any or composing it.

Chapter 207—Providing that certain officials shall not be interested in the manufacture of complete the composition of

Chapter 207—Providing that certain officials shall not be interested in the manufacture or sale of liquors. Stating the qualified voters at Conster 210—Stating the qualified voters at corporate meetings of an incorporated church. Chapter 215—Authorizing common councils to appropriate money to meet the expenses of maintaining the conference of Mayors and other city officials of the State of New York.

Chapter 216—Providing for the placing, if desired by the owner, of a designating mark or milk bottles—said mark to be registered with the Commissioner of Agriculture.

Chapter 217—Providing for the marking of the corners of certain municipal boundaries wher located in highways improved or to be interproved.

Chapter 218—Making appropriations for the maintenance and repair of improved State and

maintenance and repair of improved State and county highways.
Chapter 220—Providing that the Commissione of Education shall designate by proclamation annually the day to be observed as Arbor Day,
Chapter 226—Makes provision for fire companies in towns,
Chapter 229—Incorporating the City of Sarators (Springer)

Chapter 230—Incorporating the City of Sara-toga Springs.

Chapter 230—Amending the Code of Civil Pro-cedure so as to provide that when a judgment is of death and au avpeal is taken, a copy of the record and judgment roll shall be supplied to the Governor as well as three to the de-fendant's attorney and three to the District

Attorney. Chaoter 235—Authorizing alumni corporations to control an alumni fund and for that purpose to acquire real and personal property by gift devise or purchase, the net annual income of which shall not exceed the sum of \$50,000.

Chapter 249—Providing that the State Board of Equalization in fixing the aggregate amount of assessment for a county shall not include the shares of stock of banks or banking associations assessed pursuant to Article 2 of the Taxation Law. Law

Chapter 255—Appropriating \$45,000 to provide towing facilities on the completed portions of the barge canal system of the State.

Chapter 257—Transferring to the Conservation

Department the duties of the Commissioners of the State Reservation at Saratoga Syriags, Chapter 261—Amending generally the tax law in relation to the tax on secured debts by defining "secured debts" and providing for a tax at the rate of 75 cents on each \$100 or fraction thereof on the face value of such secured debts. Chapter 328—Amending the Public Health Law in relation to the practice of medicine, Chapter 330—Amending the Code of Civil Procedure in relation to partition actions brought or local divisions, except as provided in other sections of the same chapter, for a period of five years.

years.
Chapter 262—Amending the Judiciary Law in relation to the an ointment and compensation of official referees by the Appellate Divisions of the Supreme Court in the First, Second, Third and Fourth Judicial Departments,
Chapter 268—Incorporating the United Synagogue of America,
Chapter 276—Declaring that the General Assembly of the Preshyterian Church in the United States shall have supervision of the business of the Woman's Board of Home Missions of the Preshyterian Church in the United States of America. America,

america,
Chapter 278—Permitting the employment of a child, with the content of a Mayor of a city or the President of the Board of Trustees of a village, to take part in the making of a motion picture film.
Chapter 280—Legalizing and confirming the official acts of notaries public and commissioners of deeds.
Chapter 287—Defining the powers and duties of Parole Commissioners.

of deeds.
Chapter 287—Defining the powers and duties of Parole Commissioners.
Chapter 289—Permitting the Homoeopathic Medical College of the State of New York in New York City to hold property to the amount of \$5,000,000 instead of \$2,000,000 as formerly.
Chapter 291—Providing that the determination of the State Commissioner of Health or of his deputy and the local health officer shall be final and conclusive as to a site for a tuberculosis hospital.
Chapter 295—States the lands and rights to be acquired for the State Reservation at Saratoga Springs and the purpose of the reservation.
Chapter 296—Appropriates \$152,000 for the State Reservation at Saratoga Chapter 297—Provides for the disposition of hunting and trapping license fees.
Chapter 299—Amends the Public Lands Law in relation to the disposition of lands and structures owned by the State for canal purposes and no songer necessary or useful therefor.
Chapter 300—Authorizes the Canal Board to sell and convey rights of way and access in and over canal lands from public streets.
Chapter 305—Makes further requirements relating to the business of plumbing.
Chapter 309—Making it unlawful to sell a disabled horse.
Chapter 315—Authorizing the Commissioner of

abled horse, Chapter 315—Authorizing the Commissioner of Education to enter into a contract with the Board of Education of a city or district in which a State normal school is located for the education by the State of all or part of the children of legal school age residing in such city or school district

district.
Chapter 317—Amending the Tenement House Law in relation to yard snaces of lots running through from street to strett.
Chapter 319—Amending generally the Tenement House Law relative to permits and penalties and repealing statutes inconsistent with the law.
Chapter 320—Making guilty of a misdemeanor any person who shall entice away inmates of any public institution; such as a public charitable institution or a reformatory.
Chapter 321—Making guilty of a misdemeanor whoever wilfully throws injurious substances on roads.

roads.

Chapter 322—Providing for the enrolment of stallions offered for public service and for the improvement of the horse industry in the State of

improvements of the horse later. New York.

Chapter 323—Amending the Tax Law generally, with reference to tax of lands sold or leased by the State, the place of taxation of property of residents, place of taxation of real property, report of exempt property, preparation of assessment roll,

Chapter 327—Amending the Public Health Law relative to examinations for licenses to practice of pharmacy.

Chapter 328—Amending the Public Health Law in relation to the practice of medicine.

Chapter 330—Amending the Code of Civil Procedure in relation to partition actions brought against the beer lee of the State and costs therein.

Chapter 331—Amending the Code of Civil Procedure in relation to actions for foreclosure of mortgages brought against the people of the State and costs therein.

Chapter 332—Amending the Tax Law in relation to collectors' returns of unpaid taxes.

Chapter 333—Amending the Tax Law in relation to collectors' returns of unpaid taxes.

Chapter 333—Amending the Tax Law in relation to the franchise tax on corporations, by declaring that "for the orivilege of exercising its corporate franchises in this State every domestic corporation, joint stock company or association shall pay to the State Treasurer annually in advance an annual tax to be computed upon the basis of the amount of the computed upon the basis of the amount of the computed upon the basis of the amount of the computed upon the basis of the amount of the computed upon the basis of the amount of the computed upon the basis of the amount of the computed upon the basis of the amount of the computed upon the basis of the amount of the computed upon the basis of the amount of the computed upon the basis of the amount of the computed upon the passessment of sherial franchises; declaring the december of the process declaring the december declaring the process declaring the december of the process declaring the december of the process declaring the december of the process declaring the december declaring the december declaring the december declaring the process declaring the december declaring the process declaring the december declaring the december declaring the december declaring the december declaring the december declaring the december declaring the december declaring the december declaring the december declaring the december de

Amount, this state, and upon each dothar of such amount, chapter 334—Amending the Tax Law in relation to the assessment of special franchises; declaring that "the Tax Commission shall amurally fix and determine the full and actual valuation of each special franchise subject to assessment in each city, town or village; shall imquire into and ascertain as mear as may be the percentage of the full and actual value at which other real property in the city, town or village for which such full valuation has been made is being assessed, and by the rate of equalization so cetablished fax and determine the equalized valuation of each special franchise subject to assessment." Chapter 335—Amends the Tax Law in relation to the determination and apportionment of mortage taxes.

gage taxes. Chapter 336-

gage taxes.

Obapter 336—Amends the Tax Law in relation to a refund of mortgage taxes.

Obapter 337—Amends the Tax Law in relation to an optional tex on prior advanced mortgages.

Charter 339—dincorporates the Isaac L. Rice Memorial Hospital, having for its objects the establishment of a hospital for the graduitous reception, shelter, nourishment, care, maintenance and medical treatment during the period of their convalescence, of persons of both sexes recovering from illness." from illness." Chapter 341-

Providing for the Golding of spe-

convarianteene of persons of both sexes recovering from illness.

Chapter 341—Providing for the troiding of special town meetings.

Chapter 342—Creating a commission "to negotiate for the transfer of the quarantine establishment to the United States, with power to effectuate such transfer and if such transfer be effectuate such transfer and if such transfer be effectuate such transfer and the control of the Power for the Work and ceding jurisdiction over the quarantine establishment to the United States.

Chapter 343—Amending the Code of Givil Procedure in relation to expediting the work of the Court of Chaims.

Chapter 343—Amending the Loging the work of the Court of Chaims.

Chapter 345—Amending the Lieu Law in relation to mortgaging for pledging stocks and bonds as security for a loan.

Chapter 350—Authorizing the Mayor of any city of the first class or the President of any borough in New York City to grant temporary permits for booths for the purpose of a public celebration—if the consent of the owners of abutting property is also granted.

Chapter 352—Incorporating the "Grimes Foundation," the objects and purposes of the corporations being, among others, to establish, maintain and aid schools for the education of males and fendes.

Chapter 353—Takes away from Sheriffs authority to order out the militia for the prevention and suppression of niots.

Chapter 353—Provides that "whenever it shall be mare to appear to the Governor that there is a breach of the peace, tumult, riot or resistance

to process of this State, or imminent danger thereof, the Governor may, upon the request of either the Sheriff of a county or the Mayor of a city, order out any part or all of the military or unwal forces of the State in aid of the civil authorities in the suppression of such disorder."

Ohapter 357—Gäves to municipal Civil Service Commissioners the same powers that are granted to the State Civil Service Commission "for the purpose of investigating the enforcement and cfeet of the Civil Service Law and the rules and regulations prescribed thereunder in the service of such city."

Chanter 358—Amends the Prison Law in rela-

Chapter 358-Chapter 358—Amends the Prison Law in relation to convict labor, commutations, compensation

and paroles.

Chapter 359—Providing that under certain circumstances the Attorney General shell assign one or more of his deputies to act as counsel for the State Superintendent of Elections and to take charge of prosecutions under the Election Law. Chapter 360—Amends the Insurance Law in relation to the amount of new business which may be written by life insurance companies and provider the companies and the companies of the companies of the companies and the companies are companies and the companies are companies and the companies and the companies are companies and the companies and the companies are companies are companies and the companies are companies and the companies are companies and companies are companies are companies are companies are

Chapter 363—Amends the Banking Law in relation to investments by savings banks.

Chapter 364—Amends the Real Property Law in relation to the disposition of undisposed profits.

Chapter 365—Amends the Real Property Law in relation to validating the record of certain con-

reyances.

reyances. Chapter 366—Amends the Penal Law in relation to criminally receiving property.

Chapter 367—Amends the Penal Law in relation to fraudulently obtaining property or the use of property.

Chapter 368—Making it a misdemeanor to un-

tion to fraudulently obtaining property or the use of property.

Chapter 368—Making it a misdemeanor to unlawfully solemnize a marriage.
Chapter 369—Amending the Public Health Law in relation to consolidated health districts.
Chapter 370—Amending the Public Health Law regarding the reporting of non-resident patients having tuberculosis admitted to institutions.
Chapter 371—Amending the Public Health Law in relation to the care and maintenance of carriers of disease.
Chapter 372—Amending the Public Health Law in relation to civil penalties.
Chapter 373—Amending the Senate Districts shall consist of certain counties or parts of cities and apportioning the members of Assembly among the several counties. (This Othapter 373 was declared unconstitutional by the Court of Appeals July 24, 1916.)
Chapter 378—Repeals Chapter 673 of the Law of 1913 entitled "an act authorizing the preparation of an index of the session laws and statutes of the State of New York."
Chapter 380—Amends the Second Claes Cities Law an relation to officers who may not be interested in contracts.
Chapter 381—Providing that records of marriages shall be open to public inspection.
Chapter 384—Amending the Agricultural Law in melation to fines and penaltite.
Chapter 384—Amending the Agricultural Law in melation to fines and penaltite.
Chapter 384—Amending the Agricultural Law in melation to fines and penaltite.
Chapter 380—Declares that "the Comptroller of audit any distin or account or draw a for the payment of moneys for the pure of the carrying of passengers or the 1, for such purpose, for a period longer bars. Index moneys for a period longer bars.

an automobile adapted and intended for the carrying of passengers or the of, for such purpose, for a period longer tars, unless moneys are specifically ap-therefor."

93—Amending the Insurance Law in dividends of mutual employers' lia-orkmen's compensation corporations, in to the authorization of foreign

de corporations.

-Provides for the separation of prisoners in county peniteutiaries.

\text{\text{mends}} the Real Property Law

in relation to the form of acknowledgments and proofs in foreign countries.

Chapter 396—Amends the Town Law in relation to powers, duties and proceedings of town officers of certain towns and providing penalty for violation.

Chapter 397—Amerids the Village Law in relation to the adoption and enforcement of building code.

Chapter 398—Amending the Judiciary Law in relation to delinquent jurors in New York County, Chapter 399—Authorizing the Chamberlain of New York City to cancel cortain worthless mortgages

Chapter 400—Extending until February 15, 1917, the time for the making of the final report of the Commissioners designated to consolidate, codify and revise the laws relating to the estates of deceased persons and the procedure and practice in Surrogates' Courts.

Chapter 402—Amending the Conservation Law in relation to the importation of certain mammats and birds from without the United States, Chapter 402—Amending the Conservation Law in relation to the importation of certain mammats and birds from without the United States, Chapter 405—Providing that game shall not be taken on certain public lands.

Chapter 406—Amending the Conservation Law in relation to the importation and sale of certain mammats and birds.

Chapter 408—Amending the Public Health Law by providing for the appointment of mosquito extermination commissioners in certain counties.

Chapter 412—Exempting from taxation to the exemption of libraries.

Cliapter 412—Exempting from taxation to the amount of \$1.500 the real and personal property of a minister of the gospel or priest of any demomination who is engaged in the work assigned to him by the clurch or denomination to which he belongs, or who is disabled by impaired health from the performance of such dutles, or over severity years of age and the property of the widow of such minister.

Chapter 410—Amending the Liquor Tax Law in relation to the minister of the property of the widow of ribing existing claims egainst the State for compensation or amages for or on account of the appropriation of property in connection with the construction of improved canals and canal terminals.

time for filing existing claims against the State for compensation or damages for or on account of the appropriation of property in connection with the construction of improved canals and canal terminals.

Chapter 421—Ahmending the Membership Corporation Law in relation to the consolidation of zertain corporations.

Chapter 422—Addis Broux County to the counties within which the Public Service Commission of the First District has jurisdiction.

Chapter 423—Ahmending the Public Service Commissions Law in relation to determining what telephone corporations are subject to the jurisdiction of the commissions.

Chapter 424—Ahmending the Penal Law in relation to the illiteracy of certain employees in connection with the operation of railreads.

Chapter 424—Ahmending the Penal Law in relation to the inheritance of certain employees in connection with the operation of railreads.

Chapter 424—Ahmending the Penal Law in relation to the compensation of supervisors.

Chapter 438—Provides that "every soldier, salion or manine of the army or navy of the United States in the tate Civil War, honorably discharged from service, who shall have been employed for a continuous period of ten years or more in the Civil Service of the State and who shall have reached the age of seventy years, upon his own request, or if employed in manual labor upon becoming incapacitated for performing manual labor schall be retirred from in employment by the State on New York, and thereafter and this retirement shall pay to him in the salary or wages his former penalone that the salary or wages of his former penalone that the salary or wages of his former penalone that the salary or wages of his former penalone that the salary or gages of his employment; provided, however, that the amount so to be paid to such retired vectoran shall not exceed the sum of \$1,000 per annum," Ohapter 440—Authorizing the Supreme Court

appoint guardians ad litem and special guardians.

Chapter 441—Amends the Code of Civil Procedure in relation to actions in which warrants of attachment may be granted.

Chapter 442—Amends the Code of Civil Procedure in relation to the powers of the Comptroller in supervising the administration of court and trust funds.

Thist. Tunds.

Chapter 443—Amending the Code of Civil Procedure in relation to the deposit of court funds. Chapter 447—Amends Section——, the Code of Civil Procedure "in relation to definitions used in Chapter 18 thereof."

Chapter 451—Amends the Conservation Law "in relation to lands, forest, and public parks:" by defining the powers and duties of the Conservation Commission, classifying the fire districts, etc.

servation Commission, classifying the the county law in relation to the appointment of special deputy county clarks.

Chapter 452—Amending the county law in relation to the adoption of children.

Chapter 453—Amending the domestic relations law in relation to the expense of constructing county systems of road.

Chapter 460—Amending the Highway Law in relation to the expense of county highways.

Chapter 460—Amending the Highway Law in relation to the acceptance of county highways.

Chapter 460—Amending the Highway Law in relation to Storte and county highways of additional width and increased cost at the expense of a town.

tional width and increased cost at the expense of a town.
Chapter 463—Amending the Fighway Law in relation to expenditures for bridges and other highway purposes.
Chapter 465—Amending the Labor Law relative to the issuance of employment certaincates for children in factories and mercantile establish-

to the issuance of employment certificates for children in factories and mercantile establishments.

Chapter 466—Amending the Labor Law in relation to automatic sprinklers in factory buildings.
Chapter 466—Amending the military law in relation to definquency courts for enlisted men.
Chapter 460—Amending the military law in relation to recirce officers.
Chapter 470—Amending the military law in relation to retired officers.
Chapter 471—Amending the military law in relation to training detachments.
Chapter 472—Amending the military law in relation to training detachments.
Chapter 473—Amending the military law in relation to improvements and repairs in armories.
Chapter 473—Amending the military law in relation to staff departments, the hospital corps and commissions for officers.
Chapter 473—Amending the military flaw in relation to the signal corps.
Chapter 473—Amending the military flaw in relation to the signal corps.
Chapter 473—Amending the military flaw in relation to staff departments, the hospital corps and commissions for officers.
Chapter 473—Amending the military flaw in relation to samories.
Chapter 479—Stating for workmen's compensation insurance on public works.
Chapter 479—Stating fibe boundaries of municipal count distriots in the Borough of Brooklyn.
Chapter 480—Authorizing justices of the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court in the First Department to retire employees for indicance a person who having a busband or wife living takes out a license to marry another person.
Chapter 480—Authorizing hospital accommodation for indicent person in the supreme Court in the relation to the benevolent fund or wife living takes out a license to marry another person.
Chapter 483—Authorizing hospital accommodation for indicent person of extinct churches.
Chapter 480—Authorizing supreme Court in the relation to the benevolent fund or wife living takes out a license to marry another person.

York.

Chapter 491—Amending the Greathr New York charter in relation to the surveyor and to tax maps: and repealing an sot of 1892 to provide for the establishment of the system of block tax assessment maps and records in the City of New York.

Chapter 492—States the institutions under the jurisdiction of the Commissioner of the Department of Charities and Correction of New York.

Chapter 493—States the powers of boards of local improvements in Greater New York.

Chapter 494—Authorizing the City of New York code to ded to the United States land under water required for the improvement of navigation.

Chapter 496—Amending the charter of New York in relation to permits for the removal of parements.

Chapter 497—Amending the charter of New York by providing that the Board of Estimate and Apportionment may from time to time, after and Apportionment may from time to time, after public notice and hearing, amend, supplement and change the regulations that limit the height and bulk of buildings hereafter erected and the area of yards, courts and other open spaces.

Chapter 498—Authorizos the Poera

Chapter 498—Authorizes the Board of Estimate and Apportionment of New York to allot certain lands to the International Garden Chip for the establishment thereon of a horticultural garden. Chapter 499—Authorizes the State Land Bornt to grant to New York certain land at Himit's Point, and the city to convey the land to persons

or comporations.

Chapter 501—Amending the Greater New York charter so as to prohibit the inclusion in the cost of work to be assessed upon property the expense of moving or altering water mains. pipes or appurtenances

Chapter 502—Authorizing the Mayor of New York to appoint a Director of the Port to repre-sent him in matters pertaining to the port, har-

bor and water front.

Chapter 503—Amending the Greater New York chapter in relation to the construction alteration, structured changes in occusancy, use and inspection of huidings and structures in said city: and creating a board of standards and

Obaster 504—Amende the general municipal law in relation to local boards of child welfare. Charter 705—Amending the mubic health law in relation to licenses to practise veterinary

medicine.

to relation to licenses to practise veterinary medicine.
Chapter 506—Creates an Interstate Bridge Commission, having as its members the State Engineer and Surveyor, the Superintendent of Public Works and the State Highway Commission of the State of Fernisylvania in the acquission of the State of Fernisylvania in the acquistion of the State of Fernisylvania in the acquisition of the Department of Correction of that city.
Chapter 510—Authorizing New York City to acquire a site beyond its retritorial limits for use as a farm colony for women sentenced to institutions under the jurisdiction of the Department of Correction of that city.
Chapter 511—Amending the charter of New York City by declaring that the Court House Board shall not incur any liability unless the Board of Estimate and Apportionment shall first have sanctioned it.
Chapter 512—Amending New York City's charter in relation to the powers of the Board of Estimate and Apportionment to reconsider its action in the apportionment of the cost of certain mublic improvements.
Chapter 513—Amending the Greater New York Charter in relation to the filing of maps showing the lay-out of streets mon private property.
Chapter 514—Amending the Greater New York charter by inserting therein provisions for recording and indexing instruments affecting land in the counties of New York and Bronx.
Chapter 515—Amending the Greater New York charter in relation to the bear of Fernicus and in the counties of New York and Bronx.
Chapter 515—Amending the Greater New York charter in relation to the bear of Fernicus and in the counties of New York and Bronx.

Health. Chapter 516—Amending the Greater New York Chapter in relation to the powers and duties of the Board of Assessments and the Board of Estimate and Apportionment.

Chapter 517—Lamending the Chapter of New York in relation to the office of the Commission—

York in relation to the office of the Commissioners of Accounts.

Chapter 521—Amending the conservation lay generally in relation to fish and game.
Chapter 522—Amending the conservation law in relation to non-resident dishing.
Chapter 523—Authorizing the Conservation Commission to set aside as a game refuge cyrtain land surrounding the game form at Shefourne, Chenango County, New York.
Chapter 524—Authorizing the City Clerk of New York or any one of his deputies to selemnize

the rites of matrimony in the office of the City Clerk in case it is requested.
Chapter 525—Amends Chapter 523 of the Laws of 1890 in relation to the salary of the Sheriff of the County of New York.
Chapter 526—Amends the Greater New York Charter in relation to the New York City penisentiary, workhouse and reformatory for misdementals. meanants.

meanits.

Chapter 527—Provides a method of maying damages to owners of real estate who suffered a decrease in value of that real estate in consequence of the execution of mlans for an additional water supply for New York City from the Catskill Mountain region.

Chapter 528—Amending the Greater New York charter in relation to the Department of Bridges of the City of New York and the devolution of certain powers and duties of other departments.

Chapter 529—Amending the Greater New York Charter in relation to the bureaus in the Department of Finance.

Chapter 532—Amending the poor law in relation to the relief of soldiers, sailors and their families.

Chapter 532—Amending the poor law in relation to the relief of soldiers, sailors and their families.

Chapter 533—Exempts the New York State Soldiers and Sailors' Home and the New York State Women's Relief Corps Home from trusing uniforms made in the State prisons, or in reformatories of permetentiaries.

Chapter 536—Exempts the appropriation act control of teachers in the State prisons, or in reformal schools.

Chapter 535—Amending the Code of Civil Procedure in realtion to judicial accounts by committees flaving obarge of incompetent persons, Chapter 535—Amending the Code of Civil Procedure in realtion to actions against a non-resident upon a demand barred by the law of his residence.

Chapter 536—Amending the election law generally in regard to "definitions," voting booths and enrolment boxes, enrolment by voters, State Committee, designation by petition, organization and conduct of official primaries, independent of the committee, designation by petition, organization of the committee of the medical primaries, independent of the committee of the medical primaries, independent of the committee of the medical primaries, independent of the committee of the medical primaries of the persons of the medical primaries of the persons of the medical primaries of the

militia.

Amending the Greater New York by dividing the city into sixty-seven alcodistricts and also dividing the city for a floor rule and local improvements enty-four districts of local improvements. er 645—Incorporating the Institute for Service with powers to conduct a training for public service through assignments of irk, investigations and reports, ter 546—Amending the Public Service sion law in relation to the prayer for indement an action to recover penalties or forfestures. nilitia. er 540-by divi

judgment in an action to recover penalties or forfeitures. Chapter 547—Amending the real property law in relation to registering title to real property. Obapter 548—Amending the tax law in relation to taxable transfers: gaving the rates of the tax and adding one exemption from the provisions of the article.

Chapter 549—Amending the tax law in relation to the salaries of clerks to transfer tax appraisers in Kings and Bronx counties.

Chapter 550—Amending the tax law in relation to taxable transfers with reference to proceedings by appraisers and the determination of the Surrogade.

by appraisers and the december of the tax law in relation to preventing the evasion of taxable transfers by alleged non-residents, Ohapter 552—Amending the tax law in relation to the tax imposed upon transfers of stock; by modifying in some respects the provisions in regard to the sale of stamps, Chapter 553—Amending the town law in relation to receivers of taxes and assessments in cortain towns.

tion to receivers of taxes and assessments in certain towns.
Chapter 554—Amending the town law in relation to town clerks and deputy town clerks in certain counties.
Chapter 555—Amending the village law in relation to providing for a receiver of taxes and assessments in centain villages.

Chapter 556—Amending the village law in relation to the appointment of a receiver of village taxes.

Chapter 558—Appropriating \$30,000 for an administration library and demonstration building of the New York Agricultural Experiment Station.

Chapter 564—Amending the military law in relation to the composition and strength of the National Guard.

Ohapter 565—Amending the military law in relation to the naval militia; its composition, strength and command.

relation to the navel militia; its composition, strength and command, the military law by creating a military draining commission, consisting of the Major General commanding the National Guardina to the Major General commanding the National Guardina to General commanding the National Guardina member of the Major General commanding the National Guardina member to be appointed in the Major of the Major of the Major of the Major of Regents as to the course of instruction in physical training to be prescribed for elementary and secondary schools as provided by the Education Law and of recommending from time to time to the Board of Regents the establishment in such schools of habits, customs and methods best adapted to develop correct physical posture and bearing, mental and physical alertness, self-control, disciplined initiative, sense of duty and the spirit of co-operation under leadership. Under the law all boys above the age of sinceten years, except boys exempted by the commission, are to be given such military training as the commission may prescribe for periods aggregating not more than 3 hours in each week during the school or college year, in the case of boys who are pupils in rubic or private schools or colleges, and for periods not exceeding those stated between September first of each year and the fifteenth day of June next ensuing in the case of boys who are not youngles; but any boy who is regularly and lawfully employed in any occupation for a livelihood, is not to be remired to take such training unless he volunteers and is accepted therefor."

hood" is not to be required "to take such training unless" she volunteers and is accepted therefor."

Chapter 567—Amending the education law by providing what all military and female pupils above the age of eight years in all expectations and secondary solved in the prescribed course of the frequents after confer with the prescribed course of the frequents after confer with the training as the Regents after confer with the training as the Regents after confer with the curring periods which shall at a certain the prescribed courses of instruction therein is a consist of the prescribed courses of instruction.

Chapter 568—Declares that the milwid of the State shall be divided into two parts; the active and the reserve militia; the active militia; and the reserve militia; to consist of the organized and uniformed military forces known as the National Guard and of the naval militia; and the reserve militia to consist of all those liable for service in the militia but not serving in the National Guard and of the naval militia; of the State. The law also says that "whenever it shall be necessary to call out any portion of the reserve militia for active duty in case of insurrection, invasion, tumult, riot or when called forth for service or he may direct in order or when called forth for service or he may direct his order or who who may do the same that forthwith proceed to draft as many of the reserve militia in his city or town, or accept as many fown, who mon the receipt of the same that forthwith proceed to draft as many of covernor, and shall forthwith forward to the Governor all shall for the pressure of the amount of not to exceed ten million dollars for the accusition of the service of the covernor and shall forthwith forward to the covernor and shall forthwith forward to the covernor and shall forthwith forward to the covernor and shall for the covernor of a covernor and shall for the covernor of the covernor and shall for the covernor of the covernor and shall for the covernor of the covernor and shall for t

cepted as voluntees."
Chapter 569—Made provision for issuing bonds to the amount of not to exceed ten million dollars for the acquisition of lands for State parks purposes, (\$7.500,000 for the purchase of lands for the extension of the Palisades Interstate Park; and providing for the submission of the submission of the submission of the same to the people t

be voted upon at the general election to be held in the year 1916. Chapter 570—Amends the Highway Law in re-lation to connecting highways in villages and cities of the second and third classes. Chapter 571—Amends the Highway Law in re-lation to the construction of State and county highways in villages and cities of the second and third classes.

third classes,

third classes.
Chapter 572—Amends the Public Service Commissions Law by making the regulative expenses of the Commission of the First District a State obarge; and making all local expenses of such commission subject to the approval of the Board of Estimate and Approximent, Chapter 577—Amending the Highway Law in relation to the disposition of registration fees collected under the disposition of registration fees collected under the disposition that the Highway Law gen erally,

Chapter 579—Attachding the Highway Law in lation to the publication of brief summaries of call additioners a lating to the speed of motor relation

Chapter 531--Amending the Tax Law in rela-tion to deduction from the special franchise tax

tion to deduction from the special franchise tax for local purposes.

Chapter 584—Amends the Conservation Law relative to river regulation by storage reservoirs.

Chapter 585—Amending the Code of Civil Procedure in relation to purchase by a guardian ad litem at a sale of real estate in which the infant is interested.

is interested.

Chapter 586—Establishes a Bureau of Farm Settlement in the Department of Agriculture; to formulate plans for and promote the settling by desirable immigrant rural laborers, with their families, in farming sections,

Chapter 587—Amends the General Business Law in relation to contracts and division of fees in employment agencies.

Chapter 588—Provides that executors of estates shall keep the funds and property received from the estate of any deceased person separate and distinct from their own personal funds and property.

Chapter 589—Provides that the sale of real property made in pursuance of the provisions of Chapter 14, Title 1, of the Code of Civil Property et al., shall be at public auction to the highest

apter 590-Amends the Insurance Law in re-

apter 590—Atmends the Insurance Law in re1 to domestic insurance corporations doing
55 in a foreign state or territory.
.apter 591—Habrotasing by one the number of
stices in the Supreme Court in the Third
adicial District.
Chapter 592—Atmending the Greater New York
Charter in relation to ordinances regulating the
use of streets.
Chapter 592—Atmending the Town Law is rela-

Chapter 503—Amending the Town Law in rela-tion to the establishment and maintenance of sower systems outside of incorporated cities and

sewer systems outside of incorporated cities and villages.

Chapter 594—Providing for the ending of the terms of the Commissioners of New Prisons and their being succeeded by a new Commission on New Prisons to consist of the Superintendent of State Prisons, the Superintendent of Public Works, the State Architect and two persons to be approximed by the Governor. The commission is to select either the site at Wingdale or at Beckman, both owned by the State, as a site for the construction thereon of a new farm and industrial prison. It is also to select a location on the site of the State Prison at Sing Sing for the construction thereon of a new farm and industrial prison. It is also to select a location on the site of the State Prison at Sing Sing for the construction station for an industrial prison for mirroners committed to State Prison. The sum of \$200 000 is appropriated for the construction of the sadd new building at Sing Sing and the demolition of the old cell block and cell heave at Sing Sing; and \$200,000 for the beginning of the construction of the new farm and industrial prison at either Wingdale or Bockman.

Chapter 505—Augusting the Algenborship Conand inch Beckman.

Charter 505—Amending the Membershio Cor-porations Jaw relative to fire corporations. Chapter 596—Amending the Code of Civil Pro-idue in respect to commissions of executors.

administrators. mardians and testamentary trustees.

Chapter 597—Appropriating \$10,000,000 for the improvement of public highways.

Chapter 598—Amending the Highway Law in relation to the registration fees for auto trucks

relation to the registration fees for auto trucks and omnibuses.

Chapter 599—Amending Chapter 594 of the Laws of 1907 "to provide for preserving the waters of the Bronx River from pollution."

Chapter 600—Amends Chapter 531 of the Laws of 1884 in relation to the bond of the Register of the County of New York and official searches in the office.

Authorized municipalities of Work and official searches in the office.

Chapter 601—Authorizes municipalities of West-ohester County to lay mains connecting with New York's water supply and to take water for their use: paying water rates at the same rates as are paid by persons using water in New York. Chapter 602—Amends the Greater New York Charter in relation to water charges and water

meters.

meters.
Chapter 604—States that the price of gas in New York City shall be 80 cents in the Borough of Manhattan, in the First Ward of the Borough of Queens, in the Borough of Brooklyn, and in the Borough of the Bronx, except that portion formerly contained in the town of Westchester outside of the willages of Wakefield and Williamshridge; and \$1 in the Second, Third and Fourth Wards of the Borough of Queens and the Borough of Richmond.

of the Borough of Queens and the Borough of Richmond.
Chapter 605—Amending the Code of Civil Procedure in relation to an action to annul a void or voidable marriage.
Chapter 607—Amending the Insanity Law in relation to the reliment of employees of State hoesitals for the insane.
Chapter 608—Chapter 608—Chapter 608—Browning the name of the Long Island State Hospital to the Brooklyn State Hospital

Dital. Chapter 609—Amending the Military Law in relation to the compensation of retired officers. Chapter 611—Amending the Greater New York Charter in relation to promotions in the police

Charter in relation to promotions in the polar-force.

Chapter 612—Amends Chapter 125 of the Laws of 1906 in relation to the metering of gas. Chapter 613—Authorizing the Comptroller of New York to pay certain sums of pensions of retired public school teachers.

Chapter 615—Amending the Greater New York Charter in relation to the powers of the Board of Aldermen and of the Board of Estimate and Amontiforment.

Apportionment.

Apportionment.
Chapter 616—Providing for the reinstatement of policemen of New York City who prior to January 1, 1913, resigned without charges pending against them, if they be less than thirty-five years of age and pass a physical test.
Chapter 622—Amending the Workmen's Compensation Act generally.
Chapter 623—Amending the Agricultural Law in relation to fines and penalties for violations of its provisions.

provisions.

Chapter 624—Amending the Code of Civil Procedure so as to provide for two disinterested appraisers of the personal property of a deceased person.

Chapter 625-Amending the Code of Civil Procedure in relation to executions against decedents

property.
Chapter 626—Appropriates \$25,000 for the State
School of Agriculture and Domestic Science at

Delhi, Charler 629—Appropriating \$15 000 for the New York State Veterinary College for a special in-vestigation of infectious abortion and sterility in

dairy cattle.

Chapter 639—Appropriating 87,500 for the expenses of the Civil Service Committee of the Service Committee of the Service of the State.

Chapter 631—Appropriating \$5,917,47 for the parment of the expenses of Alvah II, Doty in the examination and investigation of the management and affairs of the office of the Health Oricer of the Port of New York and York of the Civil Service of the Port of New York and York of the Port of New York and York of the Port of New York and York of the Port of New York and York of the Port of New York and York of the Port of New York and York of the Civil Market 633—Appropriating \$3,000 for the establishment of a fish hatchery in the City of Dunkirk.

Chapter 633—Appropriating \$1,000 for the Stablishment of a fish hatchery in the City of Dunkirk.

Chapter 633-Appropriating \$1,956,275.98 for

#### LEGISLATION OF NEW YORK IN 1916-Continued.

the contributions of the State for the repair and improvement of town highways. Chapter 638—Appropriating \$5,000 for the preparation of a schedule of registration fees to be paid by the owners of auto trucks and omnibuses.

Chapter 639—Appropriating \$15,403.35 for the maintenance of the New York State School of Agriculture on Long Island.

Chapter 640—Appropriating \$125 000 for the construction of an addition or new buildings for the State Normal School at New Paltz.

Chapter 641—Appropriating \$7,994,45 for expenses in connection with the butter and egg investigation conducted by the Attorney General.

Chapter 642—Appropriating \$7.482.500 from the sinking funds for the payment of the interest on the State debt during the period from July 1, 1916, to September 1, 1917, Chapter 648—Appropriating \$10.000 for the expenses of the Joint Committee of the Legislature appointed to investigate and inquire into the report of the Board of Statutory Consolidation on the simplification of the civil practice in the courts of the State,

Ohapter 645—Appropriating \$500,000 for mobilization, encampment and field exercise of the Național Guard of the State,

Național Guard of the State,

National Guard of the State.

Chapter 646—Makes appropriations for the support of government amounting to \$51,711,624,88,

## UNITED STATES POST-OFFICE STATISTICS.

FISCAL YEARS.	Number of Post-Offices.	Extent of Post Routes in Miles.	Revenue of the Department.	Expenditure of the Department.		Transportation of the Mail.
1903	71,131 68,131 65,600 62,659 61,158 60,144 59,580 59,237 58,729 58,020 56,810 54,380	506,268 496,818 486,805 478,711 463,406 450,738 448,618 447,998 435,388 436,469 436,293 435,597 433,334 446,711	\$134,224,443 143,582,624 152,826,585 167,932,782 183,585,005 191,478,663 203,562,383 224,128,657 237,879,823 246,744,015 266,619,525 287,934,565 287,248,165 287,248,165	\$138,784,488 152,362,117 167,399,169 178,449,778 190,238,288 208,351,886 221,004,102 229,977,224 237,648,926 248,525,450 262,067,541 283,543,769 298,546,026	\$21,631,724 22,273,344 22,743,442 23,544,585 24,575,696 25,599,397 26,569,892 27,521,013 28,284,964 28,467,726 29,126,662 29,968,515 30,400,145	\$65,321,711 69,820,732 72,862,605 76,174,945 81,090,849 81,381,421 84,052,596 85,259,102 88,058,922 83,154,811 92,278,517 98,002,421 104,701,200

Of the whole number of post-offices at the close of the fiscal year June 30, 1916, 9,192 were Presidential offices and 46,742 were fourth-class offices.

#### MONEY-ORDERS ISSUED ON DOMESTIC FORMS IN FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1916.

States and Territories.		States and Territories.		States and Territories.	
Alabama		Louisiana	\$8,958,346	Oklahoma	\$12,201,57 <b>3</b>
Alaska		Maine	8,648,057	Oregon	8,519,203
Arizona	5,715,929	Maryland	5,836,753	Pennsylvania	54,714,740
Arkansas	8,352,865	Massachusetts	26,590,908	Porto Rico	3,263,100
California	35,885,033	Michigan	35,713,331	Rhode Island	3,660,972
Colorado	11,493,901	Minnesota	19,962,464	Samoa (Tutu la)	47,245
Connecticut	11,535,075	Mississippl	8,682,001	South Carolina	5,463,926
Delaware	1,540,613	Missourl	17,375,612	South Dakota	6,72
District of Columbia	2,439,318	Montana	11,297,668	Tennessee	8,821,622
Florida	7,951,042	Nebraska	12,204,263	Texas	26,701,087
Georgia		Nevada	3,766,880	Utah	4,385,615
Guam	178,281	New Hampshire	4,749,203	Vermont	4,058,847
Hawaii		New Jersey	17,553,174	Virginia	11,637,511
Idaho	5,795,745	New Mexico	4,222,107	Washington	15,121,492
Lilinois		New York		West Virginia	10,969,598
Indiana		North Carolina		Wisconsin	21,581,240
Iowa		North Dakota	8,263,891	Wyoming	3,198,515
Kansas			35,806,722	China (Postal Agent)	550,457
Kentucky	7,793,772			,	

Number of money-orders issued on domestic forms 122,302,149, amounting to \$728,177,816.63; number of money-orders issued on international forms 2,345 766, amounting to \$37,544,520.17.

Domestic money-orders Paid number 124,247,527, amounting to \$738,976,465.20; international money orders PAID number 303,559, amounting to \$7,697,365.09.

## RURAL DELIVERY SERVICE.

The following table exhibits the growth of the rural delivery service from 1898 to 1916.

YEAR.	Carriers (Number).	Daily Mileage.	Annual Cost.	YEAR.	Carriers (Number).	Dally Mileage.	Annual Cost.
1898. 1901. 1903. 1904. 1905.	4,301 15,119 24,566 32,055 35,318	100,299 332,618 552,725 721,237 820,318	1,750,321 8,051,599 12,645,275 20,864,885 25,011,625	1909. 191C. 1911. 1912. 1913.	40,997 41,559 42,199 42,805 43,652	993,068 1,007,772 1,021,492 1,028,603 1,050,266	45,642,766 47,377,070
1907 1908	37,582 39,143	883,117 891,432		1915	43,710 42,766	1,073,099 1,063,305	50,000,000 49,715,616

The maximum salary of rural carriers was incressed July 1, 1914, from \$1,100 to \$1,200.

# STOCK LIST AND PRICES OF LEADING STOCKS IN 1916.

OUTSTANDING STOCK AND BONDED INDEBTEDNESS.

Highest and Lowest Prices on the New York Stock Exchange in 1916 to Close of Week Ended November 3, 1916.

	INOVEMBER 0,	1510.			
Stocks.	Stock Outstanding.	Eonds Outstanding.	Rate Pct. Last Div.	Date Payment Last Dividend Declared. Sept. 1, 1916	Hignest and Lowest 1916.
Adams Express	\$11120,000	\$36,000,000	\$1.50	Sept. 1, 1916	1541/611321/4
Adams Express	10 636 700	330,000,000	01.00	2, 2020	2032 14
Advance Rumely	12,030,700 (	3,500,000			1200 2034
Advance Rumely pid	10,982,000 )	4 #00 000			45 5078
Alaska Gold Mines	7,500,000	1,500,000			261/2 111/2
Alaska Juneau Gold	13,967,330				1014 6%
Allis-Chalmers Mfg	26,000,000 1				1014 634 33 1/8 19
Allis-Chalmers Mfg, pfd	16,500,000		1 ½	Oct. 16, 1916	85 701/2
Am Agricultural Chem	18,430,900 1	16,804,000	11/4	Oct. 16, 1916	86 1/2 63
Am Agricultural Chem. pfd	27.558.200	10,004,000	11/2	Oct. 16, 1916	102 96
n Reet Snear	15,000,000 1		*11/2	July 29, 1916	104 1/2 61 3/4
Reet Sugar pfd	5,000,000	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	11/2	Oet. 2, 1916	102 93
Am Brake Shoe & Foundry	4.600.000 1	691,000	13/4	Sept. 30, 1916	109 5/8 100
Am Brake Shoc & Foundry pfd	5,000,000	091,000	2	Sept. 30, 1916	200 165
Am Can	41,233,300 1 1	12 449 000		Oct. 16, 1916 Oct. 16, 1916 Oct. 16, 1916 July 29, 1916 Oct. 2, 1916 Sept. 30, 1916 Sept. 30, 1916	681/2 501/4
Am Can pfd	41.233.300	13,448,000	134	Oct. 1, 1916	115% 108%
Am Car & Foundry	30,000,000		1/2	Oct. 2, 1916	78 52
Am Cor & Foundry pfd	30,000,000		134	Oct. 2, 1916	1191/2 1153/8
Am Cotton Oil	20,237,100 1	10,000,000	1	Sept. 1, 1916	581/8 501/2
Am Cotton Oil pfd	10.198.600	10,000,000	3	Oct. 1, 1916 Oct. 2, 1916 Oct. 2, 1916 Sept. 1, 1916 June 1, 1916 Oct. 2, 1916	102 98
Am Express	18,000,000		\$1.50	Oct. 2, 1916	140½ 123
Am. Hide & Leather	11,500,000 }	5,265,000			201/2 83/4
Am. Hide & Leather pfd	13,000,000		5	Sept. 1, 1916 July 20, 1907	$     \begin{array}{c cccc}       79\frac{1}{2} & 45 \\       31\frac{1}{2} & 25 \\     \end{array} $
Am. Ice Securities	19,046,900	2,973,080	13/4	July 20, 1907	311/2 25
Am. Linseed	16,750,000 1				
Am. Linsced pfd	16,750,000		134	Sept. 15, 1900	601/2 381/4
Am. Locomotive	25,000,000 1			Sept. 28, 1916	92 58
Am. Locomotive pfd	\$  120,000 12,688,700 10,982,000 17,500,000 13,967,330 26,000,000 16,500,000 18,430,900 27,558,200 15,000,000 4,600,000 4,600,000 4,600,000 4,1233,300 41,233,300 41,233,300 41,233,300 11,100,000 11,100,000 11,500,000 11,500,000 11,500,000 11,500,000 11,500,000 11,500,000 11,500,000 11,500,000 11,500,000 11,500,000 12,500,000 12,500,000 12,500,000 12,500,000 12,500,000 12,500,000		134	Sept. 15, 1900 Sept. 28, 1916 Oct. 21, 1916	1081/2 991/2
Am. Malt Corp	5,756,256 \			37-11 0 1010	12/8 377
Am. Malt Corp. pld	5,756,256 8,844,300 30,000,000 50,000,000 50,000,000 11,000,000 3,952,800 17,184,000 45,000,000 45,000,000 46,000,000 40,242,400 12,500,000 4,280,000 14,582,500 14,962,500 14,979,300 14,979,300 120,000,000		1/2	Sept. 28, 1916  Oct. 21, 1916  Oct. 2, 1916  Oct. 16, 1916  Oct. 16, 1916  Oct. 16, 1916  Oct. 16, 1916  April 1, 1913  Aug. 1, 1916  Aug. 1, 1916  Oct. 2, 1916	06 02.8
Am, Smelters Sec. pid. B	30,000,000	• • • • • • • • • • • • •	1/4	Dec. 2, 1916	117 884
Am, Smelting & Renning	50,000,000 }	13,351,000	1 1/2	Dec. 15, 1916	1101/100/2
Am. Smelting & Renning pid	50,000,000 }	,,	1 %	Oct 9 1016	140 8 130
Am. Snuff	11,000,000 (		3	Oct. 2, 1910	110 2 106
Am. Snutt pid	3,952,800 )	4 910 100	1 /2	Dec. 31 1914	6654 44
Am. Steel Foundries	15,104,000	4,819,100	1 32	Oet 2 1016	12552 10512
Am. Sugar Renning	45,000,000		1 32	Oct. 2, 1916	1237 1157
Am. Sugar Renning plus	365 896 700	135,159,100	274	Oet. 16, 1916	134 3/ 1261/
Am Tobago	40 242 400 1	100,100,100	5	Dec. 1, 1916	229 % 188
Am Tobacco nid new	52 761 200	2,479,150	114	Oct. 2, 1916	113 10514
Am Woolen	20,000,000	ł	11/	Oct. 16, 1916	551/4 42
Am Woolen pfd	40,000,000		137	Oct. 16, 1916	102 92
Am Writing Paper pfd	12,500,000	17,000,000	1'	April 1, 1913	521/2 11
A- Zinc, Lead & S	4,828,000		\$1.50	Aug. 1, 1916	97 1/8 29 3/8
Anaconda Copper	116,562,500		\$2	Nov. 27, 1916	102 77
Atch., Top. & Santa Fe	202,441,500 \	311.579.314	11/2	Dec. 1, 1916	108% 10014
Atch., Top. & Santa Fe pid	114,173,730	150.015,011	$2\frac{1}{2}$	Aug. 1, 1916	102   97%
Atlantic Coast Line	68,558,000	156,345,715	$2\frac{1}{2}$	July 10, 1916	124% 1061/2
Atl., Gulf & West Indics	14,963,400	12,378,000		:: ' ' o ' i o i e	701 61
Atl., Gulf & West Indies pid	14,979,900		1 1/4	Oet. 2, 1910	11053 6637
Baidwin Locomotive	20,000,000	10,000,000	21/	Toly 1 1916	110 8 104 8
Baldwin Locomotive pid	159 217 469 1		0 12	Copt 1 1016	06 8274
Paltimore & Ohio ntd	60,000,000	343,882,779	272	Sept. 1, 1016	80 7212
Borrett Co	10.760.200		134	Oct. 2, 1916	175 1 130
Bethlehem Steel	14,862,000	06 115 500	71%	Oct. 2, 1916	678 415
Bethlehem Steel pfd	14,908,000	20,115,033	134	Oct. 2, 1916	155 126
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	74,520,000	10,429,000	11/2	Oct. 1, 1916	88 1/8 83 1/2
Brooklyn Union Gas	18,000,000	14,698,000	11/2	Oct. 2, 1916	133 1/2 126
Butte & Superior	2,720,990		a \$6.25	Sept. 30, 1916	105 1/4 60 1/2
Butterick	14,647,200		3/4	Sept. 1, 1916	32 28
California Petroleum	14,877,005		11/4	July 1, 1913	425/8 15
Callfornia Petroleum pfd	12,343,026	00 600 600	1	Oct. 1, 1916	8038 40
Canada Southern	15,000,000	22,030,000	11/2	Aug. 1, 1916	1022 1601
Canadian Pacific	200,000,000	16,807,520	2 1/2	Sept. 30, 1916	183 34 162 1/2
Central Leather	39,701,030	36,764,150	*2	Nov. 1, 1910	116% 108%
Chardles Meter pid	7 000 000	, , , , , , , , ,	*2 74	Sept. 1, 1916 Oct. 2, 1916 Oct. 2, 1916 Oct. 2, 1916 Oct. 2, 1916 Oct. 1, 1916 Sept. 30, 1916 Sept. 30, 1916 Sept. 30, 1916 Sept. 30, 1916 Sept. 30, 1916 Oct. 1, 1916 Oct. 2, 1916 Oct. 2, 1916 Oct. 2, 1916 Oct. 2, 1916	131 88 100 /8
Character Motor	62 705 800	173 563 939	1	Dec 31 1914	71 58
Chie Creet Western	45 246 913 )	170,000,202	1	100. 01, 1914	1576 1184
Chie Great Western nfd	43,902,902	37,910,000		Oct. 2 1916	4716 33
Chie All & St Papi	117.561.400 1		214	Sent. 1, 1916	102 % 91
Chie Mil & St. Paul pfd	116.274.900	310,444,000	314	Sept. 1, 1916	136 % 124 %
Chie Rock Island & Pacific	74.877.200	257,815,600	11/	Dec. 31, 1913	36 1/2 15 1/2
Chie St. P. Minn & Omaha.	11,256,800 1		316	Aug. 2, 1916	124 1154
Chic., St. P., Minn, & Omaha pfd.	18,556.200	41,337,000	31/2	Aug. 2, 1916	139 13137
Chic. & Northwestern	130,114,500 1	207,340,000	13%	Oct. 2, 1916	134 1/8 124
Chie, & Northwestern pfd	22,395,000		2	Oct. 2, 1916	175 165
Addams Express, Advance Rumely pfd. Advance Rumely pfd. Alaska Gold Mines. Alaska Juneau Gold. Allis-Chalmers Mfg. Allis-Chalm	20,000,000 152,317,468 60,000,000 10,760,200 14,962,000 14,968,000 74,520,000 14,968,000 74,520,900 14,627,200 14,877,005 12,720,900 14,877,005 12,333,025 15,000,000 62,795,800 45,246,913 43,902,902 117,561,400 116,274,900 74,877,200 112,256,200 130,114,500 92,300,000 95,000,000 43,349,000 95,000,000 43,349,000 95,000,000 43,349,000 95,000,000 43,349,000 95,000,000 43,349,000 95,000,000	15,000,000		Dec. 31, 1914 Oct. 2, 1916 Sept. 1, 1916 Sept. 1, 1916 Dec. 31, 1913 Aug. 2, 1916 Oct. 2, 1916 Oct. 2, 1916 Sept. 30, 1916	25% 19%
Chino Copper	4,349,700		e\$2.25	Sept. 30, 1916	641/81 461/8

STOCKS.  Čieve., Cin., Chic. & St. L. Cieve., Cin., Chic. & St. L. ptd. Colorado Fuel & Iron. Colorado & Southern 1st ptd. Colorado & Southern 1st ptd. Colorado & Southern 1st ptd. Colorado & Southern 2d ptd. Consciliated Gas. Continental Can ptd. Corn Products Refining. Corn Products Refining ptd. Crucible Steel ptd. Cuba Cane Sugar Cuba Cane Sugar ptd. Cuba Cane Sugar ptd. Cuba Cane Sugar ptd. Cuban-American Sugar. Delaware, Lack, & Western. Delaware, Ender, & Western. Delaware, Rio Grande. Denver & Rio Grande ptd. Derver & Rio Grande ptd. Dervoit United Railway. Diamond Match Distillers Securities. Dome Mines, Driggs-Scabuty Electric Storage Battery Erie. Erie 1st ptd. Erie 2d ptd. Fed. Mining & Smelting Fed. Mining & Smelting Fed. Mining & Smelting Fed. Mining & Smelting Fed. General Chemical and General Chemical General Chemical General Chemical General General General General Motors ptd. General Motors ptd. General Motors ptd. Grathy Consol. Great Northern ptd. Guif States Steel 1st ptd. Guif States Steel 2d ptd.	Stock Outstanding.	Bonds Outstanding.	Rate Pct, Last Div.	Date Pay- ment Last Dividend Declared.	Highest and Lowest 1916.	
F	047 050 050			Clause 1 1000	6010 00	
Cleve., Cln., Chic, & St. L	\$47,056,300 \	\$95,796,667	2	Sept. 1, 1910	02% 38	
Cleve., Cin., Chic. & St. L. pid	10,000,000 }	20,000,000	14	Oct. 20, 1916	80 1 10	
Colorado Fuel & Iron	34,235,500	39,972,000	1 1/4	April 15, 1902	00 14 00 18	
Colorado & Southern	31,000,000	F0 00F 000	7	Dec. 31, 1912	24%	
Colorado & Southern 1st pid	8,500,000 }	50,205,900	2	Oct. 10, 1916	02 /8 40	
Colorado & Southern 2d pid	8,500,000 )	1 226 000	13/	Doc 15 1016	1443/ 1301/	
Consolidated Gas	\$47,056,300 \\ 10,000,000 \\ 34,235,500 \\ 31,000,000 \\ 8,500,000 \\ 8,500,000 \\ 99,816,500 \\ 8,000,000 \\ 5,250,000	1,200,000	122	Oct. 2 1916	111 752	
Continental Can pfd	5 250 000		137	Oct. 2, 1916	113 106	
Corn Products Refining	49.777.300 )	7 000 440			251/1 131/4	
Corn Products Refining pid	5,250,000 49,777,300 29,826,900 24,578,400 25,000,000	7,000,440	11/4	Declared. Sept. 1, 1910 Sept. 20, 1916 April 15, 1902 Dec. 31, 1912 Dec. 31, 1912 Oct. 10, 1916 Oct. 1, 1916 Oct. 2,  1916 Sept. 20, 1916	101 1/2 85	
Crucible Steel	24,578,400				991/2 523/4	
Crucible Steel pid	25,000,000		†2	Nov. 29, 1916	123 110812	
Cuba Cane Sugar	500,000				7638 5214	
Cuba Cane Sugar pid	50,000,000		134	Oct. 2, 1916	26077 152	
Cuban-American Sugar	7,135,600	9,110,000	452 /2	Oct. 2, 1910	240 8 216	
Delaware, Lack, & Western	42,277,000	69 320 000	2 /2	Sept 20, 1916	156 14914	
Delaware & Hudson	29,000,000	02,020,000	274	DCp0, 20, 1010	231/187	
Denver & Rio Grande	49 779 800	123,965,000	216	Jan. 16, 1911	52 1/2 1	
Denver & Rio Grande pid	12,500,000	24,950,000	13%	Dec. 1, 1916	120	
Diemond Match	16,090,600		1 3/4	Dec. 15, 1916	122 1021/4	
Distillers Securitles	30,843,400	14,093,236	11/2	Oct. 16, 1916	54 1/2 41	
Dome Mines	4,000,000		50c	Sept. 1, 1916	291/2 22%	
Driggs-Seabury	9,000,000	1,500,000	5	Dec. 15, 1916	119% 85	
Electric Storage Battery	16,249,425		1	Oct. 2, 1916	125/ 20	
Erie	12,378,900	201 810 400		Fab 28 1007	5014 49	
Erle 1st pfd	25,000,000 1,500,000 50,000,000 7,135,600 42,277,000 42,5503,000 38,000,000 12,5500,000 16,090,600 30,843,400 4,000,000 9,000,000 16,249,425 12,378,900 16,000,000 16,000,000	201,010,200	2	April 9 1907	5416 41	
Erie 2d pid.	16,000,000 16,000,000 12,000,000 13,110,900 15,208,300 101,506,500 16,501,783 14,985,200 28,000,000 28,000,000 21,500,000 249,476,850		114	Jan. 15, 1909	35 1254	
Fed. Mining & Smelting and	12 000 000		1 1 2	Sent. 15, 1916	57 1/6 351/6	
General Chemical	13.110.900		1 1/6	Dec. 1, 1916	350 265	
General Chemical pfd	15,208,300	***********	11/2	Oct. 2, 1916	117 113	
General Electric	101,506,500	12,067,500	2	Oct. 14, 1916	1871/4 159	
General Motors	16,501,783	2,500,000	5	Nov. 1, 1916	850 405	
General Motors pfd	14,985,200		31/2	Nov. 1, 1916	128 12 108	
Goodrich, B. F	60,000,000		13/	Tep. 13, 1917	1163/1110	
Goodrich, B. F., pid	28,000,000		2 74	Nov 1 1916	1 99 4 1 80	
Creek Morthorn pid	240 476 850		134	Nav. 1, 1916	127 1 1161	
Great North Ore Properties	220,210,000	140,001,909	75c*	D 3, 20, 1916	50 34 33 34	
Greene-Cananea	47,441,100 5,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 25,116,000 15,440,700 19,22,627 45,740,500 13,055,500 140,000,000 30,000,000 30,000,000		\$2	g.ov. 27, 1916	53 3/8 34	
Gulf States Steel	5,000,000		2	Jan. 2, 1917	97 71	
Gulf States Steel 1st pfd	2,000,000 }		13/4	July 1, 1916	101 1/2 87	
Gulf States Steel 2d pld	4,000,000		1 1/2	Nov. 1, 1910	1251/ 126	
Homestake Mining	100 206 000		000	Dec. 1 1916	10972 9934	
Ingrigation Consol Copper	15 440 700	195,110,000	\$2 72	Oct. 30, 1916	69% 42%	
Interhoro Consolidated	1932,627	3,000,000			21 1/8 15 1/8	
Interboro Consolidated pfd	45,740,500		11/2	Oct. 2, 1916	77 1/2 71	
International Agricultural	7,303,500 \	11 706 200		1	29 % 11	
International Agricultural pid	13,055,500	11,720,200	3 1/2	Jan. 15, 1913	74 3838	
International Harvester of N. J.	40,000,000		1 1/4	Cont 1 1016	11974 110072	
International Harvester Corp	40,000,000		1 13	Tuly 15 1914	841/ 6814	
International Harvester Corp. pid	30,000,000		13%	Sept. 1, 1916	110 104%	
International Mer. Marine tr					50 % 13%	
International Mer. Marine pfd. tr	10,351,500			Oct. 2, 1916 Sept. 20, 1916 Sept. 20, 1916 Sept. 20, 1916 Sept. 1, 1916 Dec. 1, 1916 Dec. 1, 1916 Dec. 1, 1916 Dec. 1, 1916 Oct. 2, 1916 Oct. 2, 1916 Oct. 2, 1916 Oct. 2, 1916 Oct. 1, 1916 Oct. 2, 1916 Oct. 1, 1916 Oct. 1, 1916 Oct. 1, 1916 Oct. 2, 1916 Oct. 1, 1916 Oct. 1, 1916 Nov. 1, 1916 Oct. 2, 1917 Jan. 3, 1917 Jan. 1, 1916 Oct. 2, 1916 Oct. 2, 1916 Oct. 30, 1916 Oct. 1, 1916 Oct. 2, 1916 Oct. 1, 1916	125% 61%	
International Nickel	38,031,500					
International Paper	17,442,800 }	14,889,000	1	July 1, 1899	10718 4913	
International Paper pid	12,406,700	,000,000	1	Oct. 10, 1916	06 67	
Tewel Tea nid	4 000 000		"ià/	Oct. 1 1916	107 1 42 1 67 113 104	
Kan, C., Ft. S. & Memphis pfd.	15,000,000	44,567,000	134	July 1. 1916	75 160	
Kansas City Southern	30,000,000	47,000,000		Oct. 16, 1916 July 1, 1916 Oct. 16, 1916 Nov.@1, 1916 Sept. 30, 1916 Sept. 30, 1916 Sept. 15, 1916	32 1/2 23 1/4	
Kansas City Southern pid	21,000,000 }	47,000,000	1	Oct. 16, 1916	64 % 58	
Kelly-Springfield Tire	3,582,500		4	Nov.Œ1, 1916	85 1/4 1/166	
Kennecott Copper	12,777,578		\$1.50	Sept. 30, 1916	59 744 1/2	
Lackawanna Steel	10.700,000	31,000,000	1 1/2	Sept. 30, 1910	10032 10214	
Lake Frie & Western	1 840 000	20,000,000	1%	pehr. 19, 1910	26 1 10	
Lake Erie & Western ofd	1 840 000	10,875,000	····i	Ian 15 1908	55 1 32	
Lee Rubber & Tire	1100,000		175c	Dec. 1 1916	56½ 39 87¼ 74½	
Lehigh Valley	60,608,000	75,766,000	21/2	Oct. 14, 1916	8718 7436	
Liggett & Myers	21,496,400 \	30,085,000	3	Dec. 1, 1916	305 240	
Liggett & Myers pfd	15,383,800		134	Oct. 2, 1916	124 118	
Long Island	12,000,000	59,300,168	1	Jan. 15, 1908 Dec. 1, 1916 Oct. 14, 1916 Dec. 1, 1916 Oct. 2, 1916 Nov. 2, 1896	24 22 20	
Loose-Wiles Biscuit 1st ofd	10,351,500 } 38,031,500 17,442,800 } 22,406,700 } 4,000,000 4,000,000 } 4,000,000 } 30,000,000 21,090,000 } 30,000,000 21,090,000 } 3,522,203 35,522,203 35,700,000 1,840,000 } 1,840,000 } 1,840,000 1,840,000 } 1,840,000 } 1,840,000 1,840,000 } 1,840,000 1,840,000 } 1,840,000 1,840,000 } 1,840,000 1,940,000 21,496,400 } 15,383,800 } 12,000,000 4,915,000 2,000,000 4,915,000 2,000,000 4,915,000 2,000,000 4,915,000 50,000,000 4,915,000 50,000 50,000 50		13/	Oct 2 1016	91 78	
Loose-Wiles Biscuit 2d ofd	2,000,000		132	Feb. 1, 1915	65 50	
Louisville & Nashville	72,000,000	137,627,500	31/2	Aug. 10, 1916	139 1/21 1/4	
Mackay Companies	41,380,400		11/4	Oct. 2, 1916	91 75	
Mackay Companies pfd	50,000,000		1	Oct. 2, 1916	6834 6534	
Manhattan Railway	60,000,000	40,777,000	13/4	Oct. 2, 1916	132 12734	
Maxwell Motors 1st ped	9,586,200		21/2	Oct. 2, 1916	03 70%	
Maxwell Motors 2d pfd	9,586,200 9,791,800 7,457,900		11%	Nov. 2, 1896 Oct. 2, 1916 Feb. 1, 1915 Aug. 10, 1916 Oct. 2, 1916	60% 421	
Grain Northern pid Great North. Ore Properties Greene-Cananea. Gulf States Steel Gulf States Steel st pid Gulf States Steel st pid Gulf States Steel st pid Gulf States Steel st pid Gulf States Steel st pid Gulf States Steel st pid Gulf States Steel st pid Gulf States Steel st pid Gulf States Steel st pid Gulf States Steel st pid Gulf States Steel st pid Gulf States Steel st pid Gulf States Steel st pid Gulf States Steel st pid Gulf States Steel st pid Gulf States Steel st pid Gulf States Steel st pid Gulf States Steel st pid Gulf States Steel st pid Gulf States Steel Gulf States Steel Gulf States Steel Gulf States Steel Gulf States Steel Gulf States Steel Gulf States Steel Gulf States Steel Green Steel Gulf States Steel Gu	, 1,201,000		1 72	2, 1010	30/8. 2274	

200 20000 2000 4000 20000	-,				
STOCKS.	Stock Outstanding.	Bonds - Outstanding.	Rate Pct. Last Div.	Date Pay- ment Last Dividend Declared.	_
May Department Stores	\$15,000,000		1/2	Sept. 1, 1916 Aug. 30, 1918 Nov. 15, 1916	1/8 5/8
		\$3,654,200	11/2	Aug. 30, 1918	%
Miami Copper	3,735,565	19,000	\$1.50	Nov. 15, 1916	17
Minn., St. P. & S. S. Marie	12 602 400	71,422,000	3 1/2	Oct. 16, 1916 Oct. 16, 1916	14
Minn & St. Louis (new)	25,792,600	46,510,650	072	000. 10, 1510	/3
Missouri Kansas & Textu	63,300,300 1				1/8
Missouri, Kansas & Texas pid	13,000,000	143,163,500	2	Nov. 10, 1913 Jan. 30, 1908	
Missouri Pacific	\$15,000,000 40,287,300 3,735,565 25,206,800 12,603,400 25,792,600 63,300,300 13,000,000 83,251,085	162,896,500	21/2	Jan. 30, 1908	14
Missouri Pacific when issued					24
Missouri Pacine plu when issued	40 557 600 }		····i··	Oct. 2, 1916 Oct. 2, 1916 Aug. 1, 1916 Oct. 14, 1916 Aug. 31, 1916	
Montana Power ofd	9 700 000	16,000,000	13/	Oct. 2, 1916	/4
Nast vule Chat & St. Louis	16,000,000	11,025,000	3 1/2	Aug. 1, 1916	
National Biscuit	29,236,000 \		13/4	Oct. 14, 1916	
National Biscuit pfd	24,804,500 /		1 3/4	Aug. 31, 1916	
National Cloak & Suit	12,000,000		1 3/	Sept 1 1016	
ational Enameling & Stamping	15,591,800 )		1/4	July 1, 190!	3/4
ional Enameling & Stamping pfd	8.546.600	2,766,000	1 3/4	Sept. 30, 1916 973	قا 92´°
N anal Lead	20,655,400		1	Sept. 30, 1916 745	8 601/2
Natural Tead pfd	24,367,600		134	Dec. 15, 1916 1173	8 112
Nevada Con. Copper	9,990,970	42 024 000	j\$1 2	Nov. 1 1016 210	150
New Jersey Central	10,000,000	3,000,000	216	Sept. 22 1916 1623	118
New York Central	249,590,460	591,446,508	11/4	Nov. 1, 1916 1143	4 100 14
New York, Chlcago & St. Louis	14,000,000	43,924,000 3,000,000 591,446,508 28,672,000 214,280,100 28,630,000	5	Mar. 1, 1916 45	33
New York, New Haven & Hartford	157,117,900	214,280,100	11/2	Sept. 30, 1913 777	8 57
New York, Ontarlo & Western	58,113,982	16,851,000	1 1	July 24, 1916 32	26
Norfolk & Western	108.698.400 1		1 3/4	Dec. 19, 1916 147 1	1114
Norfolk & Western pfd	22,991,700	107,482,500	1	Nov. 18, 1916 893	84 1/8
North American	29,793,300	1	11/4	Oct. 2, 1916 75	651/2
Northern Pacific	248,000,000	191,365,500	1 %	Nov. 1, 1916 118 ;	8 108 34
Pacific Mail	1.000,000	1	k\$25	Dec. 15, 1915 31	1134
Pacific Tel. & Tel	18,000,000 \	41,112,000		Sept. 1, 1914 Sept. 1, 1904 Sept. 30, 1916   973 Sept. 30, 1916   743 Dec. 15, 1916   1743 Dec. 15, 1916   1743 Dec. 15, 1916   117 Sept. 30, 1916   25 Nov. 1, 1916   140 Mar. 1, 1916   143 Mar. 1, 1916   45 Sept. 30, 1913   777 July 24, 1916   32 Jan. 1, 1914   27 Dec. 19, 1916   147 Nov. 18, 1916   893 Oct. 2, 1916   75 Nov. 1, 1916   183 Dec. 20, 1902   113 Dec. 20, 1902   113 Dec. 15, 1916   93	321/4
Pacific Tel. & Tel. pfd	32,000,000		1 1/2	Oct. 15, 1916 98	931/2
Pennsylvania R. R	499,265,700	234,156,982 46,455,000	1 1/2	Nov. 29, 1910 00	100 18
P Torillard	15.155.600 )		3 72	Oct. 2, 1916 2393	1791
P. Lorillard pfd	11,307,600 }	21,304,500	1 3/4	Oct. 2, 1916 1223	1151
Philadelphia Company	47,248,000	21,645,000	13/4	Nov. 1, 1916 46	38 78
Pittsburgh, Cinc., Chic. & St. Louis	37,595,600	64,106,000	2	Dec. 15, 1915 31 Oct. 15, 1916 98 Nov. 29, 1916 16 Nov. 25, 1916 118 Oct. 2, 1916 1239 Oct. 2, 1916 123 Nov. 1, 1916 46 Jan. 25, 1916 98 July 25, 1916 98 Oct. 25, 1916 1113	78 88
Pittsburgh Coal	28,104,600	10 207 000		45	22%
Pittsburgh Coal pfd	27,071,800 }	19,337,000	11/4	Oct. 25, 1916 1113	4 100
Pressed Steel Car	12,500,000	1	1 1/2	Dec 6, 1916 75	98 15
Pressed Steel Car pid	25,000,000	47,500,000	274	Sept 30 1916 137	115
Pullman	20,000,000	2.,000,000	2	Oct. 25, 1916 1113 Dec 6, 1916 75 Nov. 22, 1916 106 Sept. 30, 1916 137 Nov. 15, 1916 17	159%
Quicksilver	5,708,700 \	1		63	1 2 ½ 4 3 ½
Quicksilver ofd	12 500 000 1		2 2	May 20 1013 577	32 32
Polivey Steel Spring pfd	13,500,000	6,628,000	134	Sept. 20, 1916 102 9	9514
Ray Consolidated Copper	14,587,790	2,380,000	i750	Sept. 30, 1916 29	4 20
Reading	70,000,000	00 505 000	2	Nov. 19, 1916 1153	751/8
Reading 1st pfd	42,000,000	98,537,000		Dec. 14, 1916, 46	4178
Republic Iron & Steel	**49.557.600	15 105 000		Nov. 15, 1916 177  June 1, 1903 8  May 20, 1913 577  Sept. 20, 1916 1023  Sept. 30, 1916 1023  Nov. 19, 1916 1153  Dec. 14, 1916 46  Oct. 12, 1916 52  Oct. 2, 1916 1163	4 42
Republic Iron & Steel pfd	25,000,000 }	15,105,000	$m5\frac{3}{4}$	Oct. 2, 1916 116 3	14 11 10 6 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
St. Louis & San Francisco when issued	16 256 100			25	151/2
St. Louis Southwestern ofd	19.893.650	53,458,500	1,6	April 15, 1914 52 Oct. 2, 1916 842 Aug. 15, 1914 423 Nov. 15, 1916 2322 Oct. 2, 1916 127 5 Oct. 20, 1916 403 Sept. 1, 1910 70 Oct. 2, 1916 100 Oct. 2, 1916 104 	371/6
Saxon Motor	6,000,000		1 34	Oct. 2, 1916 843	77 1/8
Seaboard Air Line	37,019,400 \	45,375.900	;	183	14
Seaboard Air Line pid	60,000,000		1 3/	Nov 15 1916 9391	8 34 2 168 4
Sears-Roebuck nfd	8.000,000		1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Oct. 2, 1916 127	2 125
Shattuck Arlzona Copper	3,500,000		n81.25	Oct. 20, 1916 403	4 24
Sloss-Sheffield Steel & Iron	10,000,000 }	4,000,000	1 14	Sept. 1, 1910 703	37
Southern Pacific	272 672 405	195.081.900	1 1/6	Oct. 2, 1916 104 1	9114
Southern	120,000,000 \	021 440 000	1	309	18
Southern pfd	60,000,000	231,440,000	2	Dec. 10, 1914 72	56
Standard Milling	4,600,000		\$8 114	Nov. 29, 1916 1073	90
Studebaker	30,000,000		216	Sept. 1, 1916 167	1191
Studebaker pfd	10,965,000		1 3/4	Sept. 1, 1916 114 Oct. 2, 1916 79;	10814
Stutz Motor	1175,000		\$1.25	Oct. 2, 1916 791	63 1/2
Tennessee Copper	30,000,000	15,000,000	214	Sept 30 1916 9351	2114
Texas & Pacific	38,763.810	54,952.011	272	Oct. 2, 1916 1043 Dec. 10, 1914 72 Nov. 29, 1916 1073 Nov. 29, 1916 943 Sept. 1, 1916 167 Sept. 1, 1916 167 Sept. 1, 1916 167 April 15, 1916 663 Sept. 30, 1916 235 Oct. 1, 1916 168	63
Third Avenue Railway	16,590,000	800,000 15,000,000 54,952,011 47,506,000	···i	Oct. 1, 1916 68	5218
Tobacco Products	25,000,000   16,366,100   16,386,100   16,386,100   16,386,100   16,000,000   10,00	J	132	Oot 2 1016 100	4814
Twin City Rapid Transit	22,000,000	10,000,000	1 14	Oct. 2, 1916 99	94
Mexican Petroleum. Mami Copper Minn., St. P. & S. S. Marie Minn., St. P. & S. S. Marie Minn., St. P. & S. S. Marie Minn., St. P. & S. S. Marie Minn., Missouri, Kansas & Texas Missouri Pacific M	16,000,000 7,000,000 22,000,000 3,000,000	19,888,000	1 134	Oct. 2, 1916 1091 Oct. 2, 1916 99 Oct. 2, 1916	

STOCK LIST AND PRICES OF LEADING STOCKS IN 1916 -Continued.

			Doto	Data Pare	YTlahoot
	Gt l-	D 1-	Rate	Date Pay-	Highest
STOCKS. ·	Stock	Bonds	Pct.	ment Last	and
DIOCES.	Outstanding.	Outstanding.	Last	Dividend	Lowest
			Div.	Deciared.	1916.
Underwood Typewriter	\$8,500,000		1	July 1, 1916	110 ) 86
Underwood Typewriter pfd	4.500,000			July 1, 1916	119% 110
				2017 1. 1210	
Union Bag & Paper	16,000,000 }	\$3.517.000	····i	0-4 16 1616	181/2 41/4
Union Bag & Paper pfd	11,000,000		1 1	Oct. 15, 1912	751/2 28
Union Pacific	222,291,600	191,920,865	2	Oct. 2, 1916	153 3 129 34
Union Pacific pfd	99,543,500	101,020,000		Oct. 2, 1916	84 1/2 80
United Cigar Mirs	18.104.000	·		Nov. 1, 1916	64   46
United Cigar Mfrs. pfd	5.000,000	1	13/	Sept. 1, 1916	1111   1106
United Cigar Stores	15,405,500		13/	Nov. 15, 1916	105% 90
United Cigar Stores pid	2,116,900			Sept. 15, 1916	120 1115
United Fruit	36.549.300	30,305,000	2 2	Oct. 14, 1916	1601/ 1361/
Officed Fruit	20,400,000 1			000. 14, 1810	211/ 71/
United Railways Investment		18,150,000	1	1	393 17
United Railways Investment pfd	16,000,000 }			Jan. 2, 1907	39% 17
United States Cast Iron Pipe	12,000,000 }	1,078,000	1	Dec. 2, 1907 Nov. 15, 1916	28 16%
United States Cast Iron Pipe pfd	12,000,000 }	2,0.0,000	031/2	Nov. 15, 1916	65% 481/2
United States Industrial Alcohol	12,000,000		1	Oct. 15, 1916	1703/2 97
United States Industrial Alcohol pfd	6,000,000	1	134	Oct. 15, 1916	114 9914
United States Realty & Imp	16,162,800	11,930,000	1	Feb. 1, 1915	149 125
United States Reduction & Refining	5,918,800 \			July 1, 1903	378 1
United States Reduction & Refining pfd.	3,945,800 }	1,510,000	1146	Oct. 1, 1907	1 4 1 8/
United States Rubber	36,000,000 (			April 30, 1915	
United States Rubber 1st pid	59,374,900	17,500,000	2'	Oct. 31, 1916	115 1063
United States Rubber 1st pid	17,555,750	l .	sī	Oct. 14, 1916	80% 6234
United States Smelting & Refining	24,317,500	1		April 15, 1916	5314 50
United States Smelting & Refining pfd	500 200 500	1		Dec. 30, 1916	122 1 79%
United States Steel	508,302,500 \	627.045.112	1 274	Nov. 29, 1916	123 115
United States Steel pfd	360,281,100 }	1	1 23	Nov. 29, 1910	1123 1110
Utah Copper	16,244,900		p\$3	Sept. 30, 1916	
Utah Securities	23,993,500	1	1	120:00:20:22	2034 1634
Virginia-Carolina Chemical	27,984,400 \	13,200,000	1 1 1/2	Feb. 15, 1913	51 36
Virginia-Carolina Chemical pid	20,000,000 [		1 4	Oct. 16, 1916	113 1/8 108
Virginia Iron, Coal & Coke	9.073.680	5,149,000	<b>45</b>	Oct. 1, 1907	6212 41
Wabash	47.290.000 1	1	1	l	17 131/8
Wabash pfd A	46,200,000 }	66:581,000	1		58% 4136
Wabash pfd B	49,970,000	11,011,111			32 1/2 25
Wells-Fargo & Company	23,967,400	1	3	July 15, 1916	138 123 14
Western Maryland	49,429,230 1	10.001.000			341/2 241/2
Western Maryland pfd	10,000,000	46,624,000	i	Oct. 19, 1912	55 40
western Maryland pld	99.817.100	32.101.000	1 12	Oct. 14, 1916	105 16 87
Western Union Telegraph	37.246.750			Oct. 31, 1916	7198 5234
Westinghouse Elec. & Mig	3.998.700	19,476,000	133	Oct. 16, 1916	79 70 70
Westinghouse Elec. & Mfg. 1st pid			1 1/2		1 10
Wheeling & Lake Erie	20,000,000	15 000 000			6 2 181/6 5
Wheeling & Lake Eric 1st pfd	4,986,900 }	19,000,000			181/2 5
Wheeling & Lake Erie 2d pfd	11,993,500 J			Oct. 18, 1916 Nov. 1, 1916 Oct. 2, 1916	7% 2%
White Motor	16,000,000		13/4	Oct. 18, 1916	59% 54%
Willys-Overland	20,000,000		¶75e	Nov. 1, 1916	811/4 415/8
Willys-Overland pid	4,750,000		13/4	Oct. 2, 1916	117 1102
Wisconsin Central	16,146,400	42,463,000			1 20 1/4 1 33
Woolworth (F W)	50,000,000 \	42,463,000	2	Dec. 1, 1916	141% 118
Woolworth (F. W.)	13.500,000		13/	Oct. 1, 1916	126 123
TOURWOLD (I. Tr.) pld	10,000,000	<u> </u>	- /4		

<sup>\*</sup>One per cent. extra. † Back dividend. † One-half per cent. extra. || Shares. ¶ Also \$1,140,000 in cash payable November 1. § Payable quarterly one-half cash and one-half stock at par. a \$5 extra. d Includes 50 per cent. extra; 10 per cent. cash, 40 per cent. stock, e Includes \$1 extra. h Stock. t 25 cents extra. f 50 cents extra. t 50 cents extra. t 50 cents extra. t 50 cents extra. t 50 cents extra. p \$1.50 extra. q Scrip.

# NATIONAL AMERICANIZATION COMMITTEE.

The National Americanization Committee is a body of fifty-six American citizens who believe that Americanization—a deeper, broader sense of nationalization—is the need of the hour, and that it should be a nation-wide movement in every hamlet in America. They are dominated solely by the dream of a United America: no other power or motives determine their policies, methods or plans, and they are willing to give their time, thought, effort, and resources—in money, association, and power—to the end that the many races in America may become one nation in spirit and achievement.

They believe that American-born citizens need Americanization in increased respect for the flag, in renewed allegiance to America, in partiolic use of bolidays, in the discipline and loyalty of citizens' training camps, in the abolition of race prejudice, and in the full recognition of foreign-born citizens as a civic as well as an industrial factor in American civilization.

They believe that the foreign born peoples within our land owe to America the duties of learning our national language, of becoming literate, of becoming naturalized, and of becoming thirity and efficient citizens and of loyally supporting the best ideals and traditions, the government and institutions of America, in exchange for the rights America guarantees to all residents alike in this country

They believe that American and foreign-born alike should join hands to assure to each allen within our borders the opportunity to learn English, become literate, and to provide facilities for preparation for citizenship.

Chatrman—Frank Trumbull. First Vice-Chatrman—Percy R. Pyne, 2d. Second Vice-Chatrman—Mrs. Edward Stotesbury. Third Vice-Chatrman—William Sproule. Treasurer—Wm. Fellowes Morgan. Executive Committee—Mrs. Vincent Astor, Frances A. Keilor, Peter Roberts, Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt, Felix M. Warburg. Headquartera, 18 West Thirty-fourth Street, New York City.

#### RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENT'S UNITED STATES COVERNMENT. ORDINARY RECEIPTS BY FISCAL YEARS.

YEARS. Ended June 30.	Customs.	Internal Revenue.	Miscellaneous Items.	Total Ordinary Receipts.	Excess of Ordinary Receipts Over Ordinary Disbursements.
1904 1905 1906 1907 1908 1909 1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 1915	261,798,857 300,251,878 332,233,363 286,113,130 300,711,934 333,683,445 314,497,071 311,321,672 318,591,396 292,320,015 209,786,673	249,150,213 269,666,773 251,711,127 246,212,644 289,933,519 322,529,201 321,612,200 344,416,966 380,041,007 415,669,646	48,712,161 45,315,851 61,225,524 63,236,466 56,664,912 51,894,751 64,346,103 58,844,593 60,802,868 62,312,145,72,454,509	601,060,723 603,589,490 675,511,715 701,372,375 691,778,465 724,111,230 734,673,167 697,910,828	*18,753,335 45,312,517 111,420,531 *20,041,667 *58,734,955 15,806,324 47,234,377 37,224,502 41,340,524 34,418,677 33,488,931

#### ORDINARY DISBURSEMENTS BY FISCAL YEARS.

YEARS. Ended June 30	Civil and Miscellacous Items.	Department.	Navy Department.	Indians.	Pensions.	Interest on Public Deht.	Total Ordinary Disbursem'ts.
1904 1905 1906 1907 1909 1910 1911 1912 1913 1914	143,035,729 142,801,472 153,045,913 175,420,409 186,502,150 180,076,442 173,838,599 173,824,989 170,829,673 170,530,236	122,175,074 117,946,692 122,576,466 137,746,523 161,067,462 155,911,706 160,135,976 148,795,422 160,387,453 173,522,804	117,550,308 110,474,264 97,128,469 118,037,097 115,546,011 123,173,717 119,937,644 135,591,956 133,262,862 139,682,186	14,236,074 12,476,859 15,163,609 14,579,755 15,694,618 18,504,131 20,933,870 20,134,840 20,306,159 20,215,076	\$142,559,266 141,773,965 141,034,562 139,309,514 153,892,467 161,710,367 160,696,416 157,980,575 153,590,456 175,085,451	\$24,646,490 24,590,944 24,308,576 24,481,158 21,426;138 21,303,836 21,342,979 21,311,334 22,616,300 22,899 108	\$532,237,822 563,360,094 549,405,425 551,705,129 621,102,390 662,324,445 659,705,391 654,137,998 654,137,998
1915 1916	207,169,824 204,038,738			22,130,351 17,570.283			

The total receipts of the United States from the beginning of the Government, 1789 to 1916, inclusive, have been: From customs, \$12,854,895,392; internal revenue, \$10,630,925,660; miscellaneous, \$2,333,591,-168; total, excluding loans and premiums, \$25,5819,412,222.

The total disbursements, excluding postal service, Panama Canal, and public debt, same period, have been: For civil and miscellaneous, \$5,844,224,389; war, \$7,821,957,782; Navy, \$3,388,892,080; Indians, \$624,839,731; pensions, \$5,099,606,494; interest, \$3,370,454,683; total, †\$26,150,991,471.

\* Disbursements in excess of receipts. † Including difference arising in adjustment of uncovered rements, \$1,016,310. (a) Exclusive of Panama Canal. payments, \$1,016,310.

FOREIGN LOANS IN THE UNITED STATES. (From a statement in the Wall Street Journal, October 27, 1916.)

The new Bridsh \$300,000,000 loan, the largest obligation of any single country ever brought out here, rings the total of our loans to foreign countries since the war started up to nearly two billion dollars.

At the present time we hold unmatured obligations of foreign nations, states, eitles, or have advanced commercial credits abroad, to the amount of approximately \$1,910,000,000. As many private credit arrangements have been made, of which there is no record, the total outstanding indebtedness of foreign countries to us may be above this figure.

Great Britain, the banker for the allies, has been the largest borrower. With her half of the \$500,000,000 larging \$100,000,000 for the latest commercial credit arranged here for French companies, which has however as yet not been drawn on

has, however, as yet not been drawn on.

Below is the list of foreign loans and credits that have been arranged in this country since the war started, and are still outstanding. In addition to these, American investors have gone into foreign markets to take advantage of war prices on some of the internal government issues. In the table below, offering bases are given where known:

Anglo-French 5-year 59 on 5½% basis. British 2-y. 5% col. loan on 5½% basis British 3 and 5-year col. loan on 5½% basis British 3 and 5-year col. loan on 5½% basis. French commercial credits. British banks extended loan. City of Paris 5-year 68 on 6.30% basis. London Met. Wat. Board 1-y. 6% disc. Canada: Dominion 5, 10 and 15-y. 5s. Dominion 2-year 5s at 5½%. Provincial. Municipal. Newfoundland 3-year 5s at 5½% basis. 2 and 3-year 6s on 6½% basis. 2 and 3-year 6s on 6½% basis. Six months notes. 1-year 5s on 4.70% basis. 1-year fascounts 5% to 55½% basis.	\$500.000.000 250.000.000 300.000.000 100.000.000 100.000.000 50.000.000 6.000.000 6.400.000 57.500.000 57.500.000 57.500.000 57.000.000 57.000.000 63.000.000 57.000.000 63.000.000 10.000.000 15.000.000	Miscellaneous credits. Russia 3-year loan on 64% basis. Italy 1-year 6a on 6% basis. Switzerland 3 and 5-y. 5a on 6% basis. Germany 1-y, treasury notes 6% basis. Norway 2 and 3-year 6a on 6% basis7-year 6a on 5.75% basis. Chile bank loan. Sao Paulo, Brazil, 2-11-year 6s. Bogota, Columbia Sweden 2-year 6a on 6% basis. China banking loans Panama serial 5s. 12-year 5a on 5.25% basis. Bolivia bank loan. Total.	50,000,000 25,000,000 10,000,000 10,000,000 3,000,000 5,000,000 6,000,000 5,000,000 5,000,000 5,000,000 1,200,000 1,250,000 1,250,000
1-year discounts 5% to 5% % Dasis.	13,000,000	10624	\$1,910,550,000

\*Estimated, † Matured, European beligerents have done \$1,542,350,000 of this borrowing, Canada and neutral countries, \$368,000,000. Subsequent loans to above listed; Russia \$50,000,000 5-year 51/4s on 634 % basis; China \$5,000,000 3-year 61/4s on 6.90% basis.

# VALUE OF FOREICH COINS IN UNITED STATES MONEY.

(Proclaimed by the Secretary of the Treasury October 1, 1916.)

Country.	Sta'dard.	Monetary Unit.	Value in U.S.Gold Dollar.	Remarks. (a)
Argentina	Gold	Peso		Currency: depreciated paper, convertible at 44 per cent. of face value. Exchange rate about
Austria-Hung'y. Belgium	Gold Gold (b)	Crown	.2026 .1930	\$0.42½.  Member of Latin Union; gold is the actual stand-
Bolivia Brazil British Colonies	Gold Gold	Boliviano Milreis	.3893	ard. 12½ bolivianos equal 1 pound sterling. Currency: Government paper. Exchange rate about \$0.25 to the milrels.
Cent. American	Gold Gold	Pound sterling Dollar	4.8665 1.0000	
	1	Dollar Coion. Peso		Currency: Inconvertible raper, exchange rate 40 pesos = \$1.00.
Honduras Nicaragua Salvador	Silver Gold Silver	Peso Cordoba Peso	.3537 1.0000 .3537	Currency: bank notes. Exchange rate about \$0.35, Currency: conversible into silver on demand, Ex- change rate about \$0.42.
Chile	Gold	Peso	.3650 .7441	Currency: inconvertible paper; exchange rate approximately, \$0.14.
China		Tael Shanghal Haikwan Canton	.8289	
		Dollar	1.0000	Currency: inconvertible paper; exchange rate, approximately, \$105 paper to \$1 gold.
Denmark Ecuador Egypt.	Gold Gold Gold	Peso Crown Sucre Pound (100 plasters)	.2680	The actual standard is the British pound ster-
	1	MarkFranc.	.1930 .1930	ling, which is legal tender for 97% pissters.  Member of Latin Union; gold is the actual standard.
Germany Great Britain Greece	Gold Gold Gold (b)	MarkPound sterling Drachma	$\begin{array}{r} .2382 \\ 4.8665 \\ .1930 \end{array}$	Member of Latin Union; gold is the actual stand-
Haytl	Gold	Gourde	.9647	ard. Currency: inconvertible paper; exchange rate, approximately \$0.16.
India (Brltish) Italy	Gold (b)	RupeeLira	.3244 .1930	approximately, S0.16. (15 rupees equal 1 pound sterling.) Member of Latin Union; gold is the actual standard.
	Gold	Yen Dollar	1	Currency: depreciated silver token toms duties are collected in gold.
		Peso		Mexican exchange rate fluctuating violently.
Newfoundland Norway	Gold Gold	Florin. Doilar. Crown. Balboa.	1.0139 .2680 1.0000	
L and a day		12 000	. 1000	Currency: depreciated paper; exchange rate 1.550 per cent.
	1	AchrefiKran	.0959	change value of silver kran, approximately, \$0.117.
Peru Philippine Isl'ds Portugal	Gold Gold	LibraPesoEscudo	4.8665 .5000 1.0805	Currency: inconvertible paper; exchange rate,
Roumania Russia San Domingo Serbia Siam.	Gold Gold Gold Gold	LeuRubleDollar	.1930 .5146 1.0000 .1930 .3709 .1930	Valuation is for the gold peseta; currency is silver circulating above its metallic value; exchange
Straits Set'm'ts Sweden Switzerland Turkey Uruguay Venezuela	Gold	Dollar Crown Franc Plaster Peso Bolivar	.5678 .2680 .1930 .0440 1.0342 .1930	value, approximately, $80.20$ .  Member Latin Union; gold is actual standard. $100$ plasters equal to the Turkish £.

<sup>(</sup>a) The exchange rates shown under this heading are recent quotations and given as an indication of the values of currences which are fluctuating in their relation to the legal standard. They are not to take the place of the Consular certificate where it is available. (b) And silver.

#### COVERNMENT SECURITIES.

AVERAGE ANNUAL NET PRICE OF GOVERNMENT BONDS OF ENGLAND, FRANCE, GERMANY AND UNITED STATES.

The quotations for Euglish consols, French rentes and German imperial loans from 1883 to 1905 are taken from the "Materialien zur Beurteilung der Zusammenbange zwischen dem offentlichen Schuldenwesen und dem Kapitalmarkte." Berlin, 1908. Figures for more recent years compiled by the Burcau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce from returns of the Bank of England and data given in the Statistisches Jahrhunch des Deutschen Reichs.

by the United States freasury Department.

	ENGL	ASH CON	SOLS.	1	GERMAN	IMPERIA	L LOANS.	UN	ITED ST	ATES BO	NDS.
YEAR.	3 per cent.	2¾ per cent.	2½ per cent.	French Rentes, 3 per cent.		3½ per cent.	3 per cent.	4 per cent. of 1907.	4 per cent. of 1925		3 per cent. of 1908-1918.
.883		95.21 98.71 97.67 96.15 95.39 96.34 98.03 100.73 105.86 110.62 112.06 110.62 106.84 99.29 93.95 94.01		97.16 98.83 97.65 94.85 96.24 97.77 97.98 95.61 92.46 87.08	100.39 102.92 102.09 102.09 100.92 98.54	102 88 192 79 162 45 103 70 100 8 39 100 8 39 102 38 104 58 104 58 104 58 104 58 104 58 104 58 102 30 101 194 101 133 99 54 102 06 102 30 101 194 101 133 99 54 102 30 101 194 101 194	87 .05 86 .27 86 .27 98 .91 99 .95 .52 90 .71 86 .27 90 .71 89 .27 90 .08 87 .73 84 .15 83 .44 85 .44 85 .47 77 .35	118 69 115 64 111 93 114 01 112 01 112 60 112 60 111 55 112 93 110 47 110 30 106 74 104 61 102 84	121 53 116 23 124 52 125 527 129 68 134 52 136 62 138 32 136 62 131 98 132 36	104 04 107 30 108 78 107 09 104 99 104 16 103 93 101 47 100 87 101 38 100 87	105-31 108-29 109-73-1 109-33 107-33 107-36 104-1 104-75 102-47-1 104-75 102-76

REAL INTEREST EARNED UPON EUROPEAN, ENGLISH AND AMERICAN GOVERNMENT BONDS AT THEIR AVERAGE MARKET PRICE.

	ENGL	ISH CON	sols.		GEI	MAN LOA	NS.	U	ITED ST	ATES BO	ONDS.
YEAR.	3 per	2¾ per cent.	21/2 per cent.	French Rentes.	4 per cent.	3½ per cent.	3 per cent.	4 per cent. of 1907.	4 per cent. of 1925	2 per cent. of 1930	3 per cent. of 1908-1918*.
1884 1884 1885 1896 1890 1890 1890 1892 1892 1893 1894 1895 1896 1900 1903 1903 1903 1903 1904 1905 1905 1905 1909 1909 1909 1909 1909	2.99 3.04 3.00 2.97	2.89 2.79 2.82 2.85 2.85 2.85 2.65 2.49 2.49 2.41 2.55 2.65 2.85	2 77 22 77 22 87 22 97 53 00 30 03 30 23	3.69 3.55 3.22 3.19 3.10 3.01 2.95 2.95 2.96 2.97 3.00 3.01 3.00 3.01 3.00 3.01 3.00 3.00	3.75 3.74 3.74 3.75 3.79 3.79 3.85 4.00	3.486 3.509 3.429 3.342 3.355 3.341 3.652 3.775	3.45 3.52 3.48 3.48 3.31 3.02 3.02 3.07 3.14 3.31 3.32 3.46 3.32 3.46 3.32 3.46 3.32 3.46 3.32 3.46 3.32 3.46 3.32 3.48 3.31 3.48 3.31 3.48 3.48 3.48 3.48 3.48 3.48 3.48 3.48	2.58 2.73 2.96 2.72 2.82 3.06 2.57 2.50 1.70 1.1.81 1.34 1.68 1.68 1.68 1.1.07	2 91 3 14 2 73 2 69 2 47 2 18 1 99 2 09 2 09 2 09 2 2 44 2 2 57 2 66	1.82 1.70 1.61 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.90 1.90 1.90	2. 46 1.71 1.61 1.63 1.40 1.55 1.66 1.43 1.55

<sup>\*</sup> These bonds are here listed as Praticing August 1, 1903. †The New York Stock Exchange closed on July 30, and remained closed until November 28, 1914. †The 1914 quotations for European loans are for seven months only, January to July inclusive

# Money Value of Human Beings.

#### FINANCIAL STATEMENT OF THE UNITED STATES COV

(From a statement of September 30, 1916, issued by the Secretary of the CASH AVAILABLE TO PAY MATURING OBLIGATION Balance held by the Treasurer of the United States as per daily Treasury statement for September 30, 1916.

Deduct—Not excess of payments over receipts in September reports subsequently received. Settlement warrants, coupc checks outstanding: Treasury warrants.....
Matured coupons..... ..\$181,102,712.34 Interest checks. Disbursing officers' checks 292,005.51 Balance.... | INTEREST-BEARING | DEBT. |
| Consols of 1930, 2 per cent. | \$627,320,850.00 |
| Loan of 1908-1918, 3 per cent. | \$63,945,460.00 |
| Loan of 1925, 4 per cent. | 118,489,900.00 | DEBT BEARING N Obligations required to be when redecmed: United States notes... Loan of 1925, 4 per cene.

Panama Canal loan:
Series 1906, 2 per cent.
Series 1908, 2 per cent.
Series 1911, 3 per cent.
Conversion bonds, 3 per cent.
One-year Treasury notes, 3 per cent.
Postal Savings bonds (1st to 10th Less gold reserve..... 53,829,480.00 29,867,000.00 50,000,000.00 10,689,800.00 Excess of notes over robligations that will be representation;
Old demand notes.....
National-bank notes assume United States on different control of the co 9,175,000.00 8,254,100.00 lawful money for their re 906,700.00 Fractional currency..... Aggregate of interest-bearing debt. \$972,469,290.00 Total..... DEBT ON WHICH INTEREST HAS CEASED SINCE MATURITY. Aggregate debt on which interest \$1,469,980.00 has ceased since maturity..... GROSS DEBT. \$245,474,697.27 1,469,980.26 972,469,290.00 Gross debt (opposite) Deduct—Balance available i maturing obligations (see Debt bearing no interest...... Debt on which interest has ceased Interest-bearing debt..... Net debt..... PRINCIPAL OF THE PUBLIC DEBT.

Statement of outstanding Principal of the Public Debt of the United States annuall 

For amount of the Principal of the Public Debt from 1793 to 1873, see 1913 W

WORLD'S PRODUCTION OF RUBBER.

An article in Capital, published in Calcutta, contains the following estimate tion and consumption of rubber from 1905 to 1921. Beginning with 191 expected yields per acre.

YEARS.	Propt	CTION,		Consump-	YEARS.	Рвопист
I BARD.	Planta'on.   Brazil.	Other.	Total.	otal. tion.		Planta'on Brazil.
	Tons. Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.		Tons. Tons.
1905	145 34,000			61,000	1914	64,000 40,000 2
1906	510 36.000			66,000	1915	94,000 38,000 1
1907	1,000 38,000					121,000 35.000
1908	1,800 39,000					147.000 32,000
1909	3,600 42,000	23.400	69,000	68.500		166,000 30,000
1910	8,200 40,500	21,300	70,000			183,000 30,000
1911	14,100 39,500	22,400	76,000			198,000 30.000
1912	28,500 40,500	30,000	99,000	98.000	1921	209.000[30,000]
1913	42,000 41,000	32,000	115,0001	112.000		1 1

MONEY VALUE OF HUMAN BEINGS.

(By Irving Fisher, Professor of Political Economy, Yale University.)

The average person living at 20 or 30 years of age has a present worth as a bread-winner of about \$4,000. This is the net present worth of his future productive power over and above the cost of his future maintenance. In old age the average net worth becomes a minus quantity.

The figures for different ages are given in the following table, based on calculations of Dr. William Farr, formerly Registrar of Vital Statistics of Great Britain:

AGE.	Net Avcrage Worth of a Person.	AGE.	Net Average Worth of a Person.	AGE.	Net Average Worth of a Person.
0 5 10	950	20 30	\$4,000 4,100	50 80	\$2,900 700

In short, a human life has, in addition to its higher valuations, a money valuation simply as a moneymaking machine. This is really the basis of ordinary life insurance.

### PUBLIC DEBT OF THE STATES, CITIES, COUNTIES,

AND MINOR CIVIL DIVISIONS IN THE UNITED STATES.

(From latest statement by the Bureau of the Census.)

		INDEBTE	DNESS LESS SI	NKING I	FUND ASSETS.		
GEOGRAPHIC		Total 19		11221111	)	June 30, 1	915.
DIVISION.	1		Dehts of Citles	Per			
STATE OR TERRITORY	Aggregate	Debts of	and Minor	Capita	STATE.		Per
IERRITORI	Debts.	Counties.	Civil Divisions,	1913.		Amount.	Cap-
	\$3,475,954,353	\$371,528,268	\$2,985,555,484	\$35.81	The state of the s		ita.
Total	\$3,475,954,353	5371,528,208	52,985,555,484	\$35.81	Total	\$424,154,647	\$4.31
New England	\$295,390,706	\$6,055,070	\$288,261,198	\$43.03	Alabama	13,352,055	5.90
Maine	21,542,712	1,462,952	20,079,760		Arizona	910.972	3.75
New Hampshire.	9,344,558	488,234 25,931	8,375,579	21.40	Arkansas	1,202,641 25,666,382	0.71
Vermont	6,410,736	3,113,436	5,791,112 184,464,568	17.81 52.86	California	3,631,837	$9.16 \\ 4.02$
Massachusetts Rhode Island	187,578,004 25,589,314		25,589,314	44.15	Colorado	0,001,001	1.02
Connecticut	44,925,382	964,517	43,960,865	38.01	G	11 004 100	
fiddle Atlantic	\$1,461,733,152	\$87,916,084	\$1,350.288,440		Connecticut Dclaware	11,064,100 746,815	9.24
*ew York	1,046,226,813	23,310,172	1,017,846.323 126,735,949	107.71	Dist. of Col		
Jorsey	169,527,120	33,869,447	126,735,949	61.66 30.34	Florida	601,567	0.71
sylvania	245,979,219				Georgia	6,534,202	2.35
North Central		\$65,374 456					
Ohio Indiana	234,525,134 66,053,653	34,845,120 9,721,434	195,578,407 50,653,058	23 03	Idaho	1,451,193 2,066,350	3.71 0.35
Illinois	137,207,747 52,907,733	11,555,014	121.342.112	23.24	Illinois Indiana	1,051,106	0.35
Michigan	52,907,733	5,152,318	44,589,335	$\{18.02$	Iowa		
Wisconsin	37,816,043	4,100,570			Kansas	80,361	0.04
West North Central		\$49,459,318	\$197,811,341				
Minnesota	69,018,441 35,069,386	14,012,782	47,948,136	31.64 15.78 16.98	Kentucky	2,431,845 19,497,722 2,135,467 13,719,576	1.03
Iowa Missouri	56,951,123	6,580,450	22,142,931 46,999,383 5,798,415	16.98	Louisiana	19,497,722	10.99
North Dakota	56,951,123 12,440,699	2,212,102	5,798,415	1 18 83	Maine Maryland	13 719 576	2.80
South Dakota Nebraska	12,314,512	3,590,560	6,330,121 29,049,052	19.15 29.50		84,700,601	23.52
Kansas	12,314,512 36,371,067 52,624,731	9,580,266 6,580,450 2,212,102 3,590,560 3,706,128 9,777,030	39,543,303	31.22			1
South Atlantic		\$31,943,957	\$167,000,541		Michigan	6,905,655	2.30
Delaware	6,097,324	1,389,283	4,665,436	29.31	Minnesota	2,603,000 5,126,292 7,308,339 1,271,899	1.18
Maryland	52,211,884	2,859,285	49,352,599	39.25	Mississippl Missouri	5,126,292	2.70
District of Col Virginia	9,060,823 39,886,753	1 5 543 733	9,060,823	26.03 18.73	Montana	1.271.899	$\frac{2.17}{2.95}$
West Virglnia	11,195,094	2,443,173 7,049,219 2,763,807 2,724,561	7,273,221	8.57			2.00
<ul> <li>North Carolina</li> </ul>	11,195,094 26,285,249 15,096,533	7,049,219	19,236,030	11.39			1
South Carolina Georgia	25,613,855	2,763,807	22,675,208	9.60	Nevada	680,000	
Florida	17,804,955	7.170,896	33,049,264 7,273,221 19,236,030 11,281,673 22,675,208 10,406,287	9.36 21.96	New Hamp New Jersey	1,961,117	0.04
East South Central	\$126,973,325	\$39,652,452	\$87,320,873	\$14.61	New Mexico	1,028,252	2.69
Kentucky	25,588,562	4,568,780	21,019,782	10.95		-	
Tennessee	47.286,778	16,520,434	30,766,344	21.13	New York	125,461,557	12.73
Alahama Mississippi	29,930,124 24,167,861	7,938,919 10,624,319	21,991,205 13,543,542	13.37 12.88	N. Carolina	8,878,600 548,366	3.80
West South Central				1	Ohio	548,366 5,202,264	1.04
	12,577,033		8 990 203	7 58	Oklahoma	6,519,810	3.15
Arkansas Louisiana		2,877,142 3,153,848	58,306,833	35.21 27.74 19.95			1
Oklahoma	53,790,889	7.937.004	38,982,074	27.74	Oregon Pennsylvania	312,016	.0.04
Texas					Thurst Island.	6,072,046	10.27
Mountain					S. Carolina S. Dakota	5.399.793	3.40
Montana		6,492,127	8,984,270 6,239,296	39.68 31.64	S. Dakota		
Idaho Wyomlng	1 4.202.012	1 972.940	6,339,296 2,972,485 27,544,353 2,358,369	25.73	Tennessee	14.878,534	6.60
Colorado	1 36 473 364	5,583,801	27,544,353	41.29 17.41	Texas	4.077.500	0.96
New Mexico Arizona	7.323.794	3,054,640 2,478,410	2,358,368 4,114,427		Vermont	1.790,000	4.33
Utah	13,858,621	936,730	H 10.988.423	34.24	Virginia	24,142,898	
Nevada	2,575,407	1,292,228					1
Pacific	\$274,740.855				Washington	293,024	0.21
Washington	94,415,072	10,300,505	77,173,977 38,788,140	70.21	West Virginia Wisconsin	2,251,000	6.91
Oregon California	136,528,824	2,614,312 12,443,514	116,500,277	51.18	Wyoming	111,000	0.66
Juliot Internation							

Minor civil divisions included in the second column above embrace villages, towns, townships, precincts, fire districts, irrigation districts, poor districts, school districts, etc.

SINKING FUND ASSETS OF STATES, 1915—Arizona, \$2,098,303; Arkansas, \$47,859; California, \$809,118; Colorado, \$10,763; Delaware, \$87,470; Georgia, \$100,000; Idaho, \$939,057; Indiana, \$207; Kansas, \$78,639; Kentucky, \$55,176; Maryland, \$5,966,305; Massachusetts, \$38,263,061; Montana, \$150,601; New Hampshire, \$90,000; New Mexico, \$1,577,248; New York, \$34,487,679; North Dakota, \$30,334; Ohio, \$111,510; Oklahoma, \$190; Pennsylvania, \$811,733; Rhode Island, \$844,954; South Carolina, \$469,704; Utah, \$370,000; Virginia, \$637,588.

### STATE REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES.

REVENUE RECEIPTS, GOVERNMENTAL COST PAYMENTS, ASSESSED VALUATIONS, RATE OF LEVY AND AMOUNT OF LEVY: 1915.

(From a statement prepared by the Department of Commerce.)

(From & succement)	repared by	WG D	cpai difett	01 COL	umerce.)		
	REVEN RECEIP		GOVERNM COST PAYM	ENTAL LENTS.	Assessed Valuation of Property	Rate	Amount
GEOGRAPHIC DIVISION AND STATE.		Per		Per	Subject to	of	of
Opodimino Diversi in Dinie	Total.	Cap-	Total.		the General		Levy.
	Total.	ita.	Total.	Cap- ita.	Property		
		Ita.		Iva.	Tax.		
Grand total	\$458,232,597	\$4.66	\$494,907,084	\$5.03	\$70,789,755,451		\$178,618,924
New England	45,630,965	6.56	51,279,930	7.38	7,599,586,847		15 207 100
Maine	5,795,555	7.60	6,137,716	8.05	525,052,678	\$4.63	15,307,188 2,435,436
Maine New Hampshire	2,418,421	5.52	2,128,204	4.86	436,728,607	2.97	1.310 013
Vermont	2,630,267	7.27	2.780.954	7.68	272,508,952	3.30	899,519
Massachusetts	24,050,945	6.68		7.44	4.563 741 002	1 1 92	
Rhode Island	3,244,655		3,482,272	5.89	698,564,973 1,102,990,545 14,020,963,067	0.90	629,997
Connecticut	7,491,122 104,957,260	6.26 5.02		8.33 6.38	1,102,990,545	1.16	1,282,223
Middle Atlantic	53,776,665	5.46			11,385,137,127	a0.10	12,263,762 1,103,449
New York New Jersey		6.42		6.55	2,635,825,940	4.23	11,160,2
Pennsylvania		4.03	33,467,942	4.06	b	1	
PennsylvaniaEast North Central	91.377.565	4.76	82,193,877	4.28	17,978,964,577		47,716,155
Obio	20,849,246	4 15	18,644,017	3.71	7,537,486,981	0.45	3.391.552
Indiana	10,100,410	3.86	10,458,335	3.77	1.967,431,018	4.01	7,889,410
Illinois	26,239,290	4.40	18,936,023	3.17	2,455,966,349	4.80	11,788,639
Michigan	17,703,225 15,880,328	5.91 6.46		6.10	3,049,288,900 2,968,788,329	4.62	
Wisconsin West North Central	56,897,346	4.66		4.39	9,333,886,707	3.55	10,546,141 25,839,877
Minnesota	19,470,046	8.85	16 557 650	7.52	1,526,222,576	4.57	6,974,680
Tomo	1 9.489 022	4.27	9,201,661	4.14	1.177.118.270	4.92	5,792,901
Missouri	10,000,582	2.96	10,204,123	3.02	1.818,992,249	1.90	3,456,085
North Dakota		5.43	3,775,754	5.39	313,286,198	4.30	1,347,131
South Dakota	1 3,203,762	4.78	3,195,114	4.76	1,221,420,354	1.00	
Nebraska	5,116,045	4.11 3.24	4,679,442 5,934,394	3.76	472,036,968	7.80	
Kansas South Atlantic	5,816,973 37,901,815	3.01	42,236,986	3.35	2,804,810,092 5,591,789,818		3,365,772 17,669,960
Delaware			848,779	4.04			11,009,900
Maryland	1 (,496,481	5.60	11 552 707	8.62	1,026,076,735	3.10	3,180,838
Witainia		4.30	8,835,293	4.12	934,767,438	3.50	3,271,686
West Virginia	3,264,452	2.42	1 3,086,709	4 4.74	1,276,690,222	1.00	
North Carolina	4,706,347 2,728,549	2.01 1.72		2.14	807,672,784 307,178,882 953,542,882	2.77 6.00	2,234,495 1,843,073
Georgia	6,384,875	2.30	6,330,346		953.542.892	4.50	4,290,943
Florida	1 3.107 152	3.66	2,998,653	3.54	285,860,875	5.50	1,572,235
FloridaEast South Central	25,301,066	2.88	26,747,354	3.05	2,891,986,179		15,396,543
Kentucky. Tennessee.	8,046,606	3.41	8.670.980	3.68	1,162,353,426	5.50	6,392,944 2,354,641
Tennessee	5,134,638 7,177,725	2.28	5,522,627 7,438,722	2.45	672,754,691 615,380,500	3.50	2,354,641
Alabama	4,942,097	3.17 2.61	5,115,025	3.29 2.70	441,497,562	6.50 6.00	3,999,973
Alabama Mississippi West South Central	36,533,767	3.74	36,082,017	3.69	4,952,119,025	0.00	2,649,985 20,295,808
Arkenges	1 3,798,7701	2.24	4,161,792	2.46	450,317,491	6.88	3.095.933
Louislana	8,735,237	4.92	9,898,580	5.58	581.788.976	9.25	5,383,315
Oklahoma	5,275,904	2.55	5,656,865	2.73	1,176,933,582	1.30	1,530,014
Texas	18,723,856	4.43	16,364,780	3.87	2,743,078,976 3,201,293,682	3.75	10,286,546
Mountain	19,085,713 3,283,835	6.30 7.61	20,462,959 3,173,644	6.75 7.36	412,361,919	3.39	10,386,321 1,397,123
Tdaho	2,078,206	6.31	2,000,691	5.11	425,196,245	2.46	1,044,880
Wyoming	1.242.4601	7.42	1 226 837	7.33	203,740,037	2.85	580,659
ColoradoNew Mexico	3,640,168	4.03	4 189 042	4.64	1,306,647,430 84,086,518	1.30	1,698,642
New Mexico	1,946,290	5.09	1,384,824	3.62	84,086,518	14.14	1,188,571
Arizona	2,247,707 3,712,350	9.24 8.97	2,764,594 4,580,797	11.37 11.67	408,540,283 221,611,412	4.48 8.14	1,830,262 1,803,248
Utah Nevada	934.697	9.47	1,142,530	11.57	139,109,838	6.06	842,936
Pacific.	40.547.100	8.16	49,008,083	9,86	5,219,165,549		13.743.310
Washington	11.367.047	8.16	10 290 940	7.39	1,031,901,697	8.07	8,317,447
Oregon	4,540,696	5.85	4,597,670	5.92	954,282,374	4.36	4,165.000
California		8.79	34,119,473		3,232,981,478		
a Average rate based on the assessed	valuation	of ail	property	in the	State. Pro	perty '	within the

a Average rate based on the assessed valuation of all property in the State. Property within the limits of New York City not taxed for State purposes in the year reported.

b General property not assessed for State purposes. District of Columbia total assessed valuation all taxable property, \$446,774,467; tax rate per \$1,000, \$15. Hawaii total assessed valuation all taxable property, \$206,970,229; tax rate per \$1,000, \$12.73 to \$14.20.

DIVISION OF GOVERNMENT.		NET INDEBTED	PER CAPITA NET INDEBTEDNESS.			
DIVISION OF GOVERNMENT.	1913.	1913. 1902. 1890.		1913.	1902.	1890:
Total	\$4,850,460,713	\$2,838,896,122	\$1,989,112,842	\$49.97	\$35.99	\$31.76
NationStates	345,942,305	969,457,241 239,369,271 1,630,069,610	†851,912,752 †211,210,487 925,989,603	10.59 3.57 35.81	12.22 3.03 20.74	13.60 3.37 14.79

\* Total indebtedness less sinking fund assets or funds available for payment of debt. \* Indebtedness st 1891; that of 1890 not available. (Census report.)

# INDEBTEDNESS AND FINANCES OF NATIONS.

[From latest available data by Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, Department of Commerce.)

From latest available data by		UE AND EXP		1	DEBT.				
	REVEN	OE AND EAF	ENDITORE.	l	Total in		Interest and		
COUNTRY.	Year.	Revenue.	Expendi- ture.	Year.	U. S. Currency.	of in- terest.	Other Annu- al Charges.		
	4045	Dollars.	Dollars.	1914	Dollars.	Per ct.	Dollars. 36,737,000		
Argentina	1915	136,947,000	136,797,000		761,284,000	4 -0			
Commonwealth of Australia.	1914-15	78,097,000	154,191,000 226,594,000 60,246,000 160,487,000 702,527,000	1915	181,979,000 1,432,564,000 486,942,000 1,043,675,000	31/2-4	3,089,000 56,091,000 14,947,000 47,960,000		
Australia, States	1913-14	230,035,000	226,594,000	1913	1,432,564,000	3 -4	56,091,000		
New Zealand	1914-15 1914-15	160,597,000	160,246,000	1915 1914	1 043 675 000	3 -4 3 -5	47 960 000		
Austria	1914-15	60,597,000 160,487,000 702,581,000	702.527.000	1914	1,515,871,000 1,338,348,000	3 -4	63,851,000 64,268,000		
Hungary	1914-15	459,624,0001		1910	1,338,348,000	3 -41/2	64,268,000		
Belgium	1914 1914	155,812,000	155,704,000 12,174,000	1914 1912	825,518,000	2½-3 3 -4	41,978,000 1,490,000		
Rollyis	1914	8,392,000	9,589,000		825,518,000 54,741,000 19,369,000	3 -10	1,698,000		
Brazii	1915	5,977,000 8,392,000 189,375,000	9,589,000 131,057,000	1914	1,026,312,000	4 -6	40,121,000		
Bulgaria	1915 1913-14	53,148,000 163,174,000	53,146,000 127,384,000	1915 1913	223,056,000 544,391,000	4½-6 2½-4	14,851,000 14,493,000		
Cantral American States:	1915-14	103,174,000		1					
Costa Rica	1915	3,517,000 2,987,000	3,750,000 1,835,000	1915	16,488,000 16,326,000	4 -5	727,000 208,000 152,000		
G. atemala	1914 1913-14	2,987,000 2,103,000	1,835,000 2,103,000	1914 1914	16,326,000 123,691,000	4 -8 5 -10	208,000		
Minagagua	1913-14	3,822,000	3,826,000		13.787.000	6	1,115,000		
Panama	1915	5,311,000	5,823,000	] 1915	1 290,000				
Salvador	1914	4,970,000	6,034,000	1915	1 11.157 000	2 -6 4½-5	1,509,000		
Australasia: Commonwealth of Australia. Australia, States. New Zealand. Austria-Hungary. Austria. Hungary Belgium. Congo, Belgian. Bolivia. Brazil. Bulgaria. Canada. Pentral American States; Posta Ricu. Caracha. Nicaragua. Panama. Salvador. Cinina. Colombia. Cuba. Denmark Ecuador Egypt. France Algeria. Tunis. French Indo-China.	1911	51,466,000 97,163,000	64,041,000 97,163,00	1913	228,416,000 969,189,000	4 -5	11,175,000 33,696,000		
Colombia	1914	16,939,000	19,192,00	0 1914	21,419,000 69,204,000	3 -6	2,975,000		
Cuba	1914-15	41.829,000	40,263,00 34,759,00	0 1915	69,204,000	4 ½-5 3 -4	4,458,000		
Denmark	1915-16 1915	35.517,000 10.161,000	10,161,00	0 1915 0 1914	105,226,000 20,508,000 458,437,000 6,347,540,000	3 -4	3,315,000		
Egypt	1915-16	72,939,000 1,001,511,000	78,594,00 1,001,987,00	0 1914	458,437,000	3 -4	2,810,000 22,730,000 252,171,000		
France	1914	1,001,511,000	1,001,987,00	0 1914	6,347,540,000	214-3	252,171,000		
Algeria	1914 1914	12 228 000	33,066,00 12,157,00		24,787,000 68,936,000	3 -31/2	2 989 000		
French Indo-China	1913	33.073.000 12,228,000 29,444,000	29,444,00	0 1913	47,461,000	21/2-31/2	2,153,000		
French Colonies, n. e. G	1911	26,413,000 899,685,000 1,551,493,000	29,444,00 25,313,00 3,283,907,00 1,532,714,00 35,375,00 81,612,00	0 1912	47,461,000 59,533,000 1,172,339,000	3 -4	2,989,000 2,153,000 2,335,000 59,360,000		
German Empire	1914-15 1913-14	1 551 493 000	1 532 714 00	0 1913			169,859,000		
German Colonies	1913-14	1 14,297,000	35,375,00	0 1913	32,410,000 258,219,000 30,373,000 1,479,361,000		2,506,000		
Greece	1915	J 50.451 000	81,612,00	0 1915	258,219,000	21/2-5	10.942.000		
Hayti	1913-14 1914-15	6,282,000 390,081,000			1 479 361 000	2 ½-5 3 -3 ½	2,984,000 49,471,000		
Italy	1914-15	1 548.804 000	552,600,00	0 1913	2,921,153,000 1,248,173,000	3 -5	126,028,000		
Japan	1915-16	309,253,000 20,790,000	403,423,00 552,600,00 293,970,00 20,790,00	0 1915	1,248,173,000	4 -5	61,624,000		
Formosa	1915-16 1915-16	20,790,000	20,790,00 29,163,00	0 1915	29,888,000	6 -61/2	1,939,000		
Liberia	1914	535,000	535.00	ol 1915	1,710,000	11 5	198,000		
Luxemburg	1915	4.004.000	4,642,00 75,798,00	0 1910	2.091.000	31/2	359,000		
Merico	1914-15 1914	72,687,000 1,900,000	75,798,00 2,455,00	0 1913	221,773,000 1,218,000	3 -5	15,531,000 61,000		
Netherlands	1914	86,915,000	101,744,00	ก  1915	518,625,000	23/2-3	15,515,000		
Dutch East Indies	1915	124 806 000		01					
Egypt. France. Algeria. Tunis. French Indo-China. French Indo-China. French Colonies, n. e. e. German Empire. German States. German States. German States. German Colonies Hayti. India, British Italy Japan. Formosa. Chosen (Kotta). Liberia. Liberi	1915	2,972,000 45,851,000	3,496,00	0 1914	95,782,000	3 -51/2	4,747,000		
Paraguay	1914-15 1914	1 5,280,000	1 5,348.00	0 1915	12,303,000	3 -7			
Peru	1915	19,105,000	19.105.00	1915	44.112.000	1 -6	542,000		
Portuguese Colonies	1914-15 1913-14	90,062,000 17,186,000	86,021,00	ió!	938,484,000	3 -5	30,695,000		
Roumania	1913-14	94,062,000	91,877.00	0 1913	316,693,000	4 -5	17,582,000		
Russia	1915	1,617,962,000	91,877,00 1,649,284,00 32,342,00	0 1914	4,536,939,000	3 -6	226,449,000		
Finland	1913 1915	32,894,000 4,485,000	32,342,00	00 1914 00 1915	31,288,000	3 -41/2	1,452,000 1,810,000		
Serbla	1915	t 41.364 nm	า! 41.364.00	101 1913	126,232,00	2 -5	8.873.000		
Siam	1914-15	25,456,000 247,143,000 103,133,000	25,454,00 282,754,00 103,132,00 19,298,00	00 1915	13,043,000 126,232,000 30,452,000 1,816,301,000	43	1,411,000 81,546,000		
Spain	1915 1915	103 133 000	282,754,00	00 1915 00 1914	1,816,301,000	3 -4	9,037,000		
Sweden	1915	14,763.00	19,298.00	00 1915	166,846,00 73,739,00 843,286,00	3 -31	1,941,000		
Turkey	1914-15	14,763,000 107,311,000			843,286,00	31/2-5	71 013 000		
Union of South Africa	1914-15	87,442,000 1,103,207,000 141,343,000	89,155,00 2,727,544,00 137,156,00	00 1914 00 1915	614,621,00 5,673,374,00 213,828,00	3 -4 2 ½-3 ½	22,754,000 110,318,000 11,620,000		
British Colonies, n e. s	. 1914-15 . 1913-14	141,343,00	137,156.00	00 1913	213,828.00	3 -4	11,620.000		
United States	1914-15	1.007.646.00	1.065.088.06	ากเ 1915	1,090,148,00	0 2 -4	22,903,000		
Philippine Islands	1914-15	12,736,000 33,086,000	13,074,00	00 1915 00 1914	12,000,000 140,933,00	33/2-5	713,000 8,900,000		
Switzerland Turkey Unlon of South Africa United Kingdom British Colonies, n e. s. United States Philippine Islands. Ururuay Venezuela.	1914-15 1914-15	10,000,000	10,000 00	0 1914	34,057,000	3	1,685,000		
				-					
Total	1	12,831,174,000	17,130,010,00	901	46,657,733,00	Л. і	1,904,487,000		

WEALTH OF NATIONS.

These are the latest estimates: United States, \$187,739,071,090; Gt. Britain and Ireland, \$85,000,000,000; Canada, \$7,000,000,000; India, \$15,000,000,000; total British Empire (including possessions not here stated), \$130,000,000,000; Germany, \$80,000,000,000; France, \$50,000,000,000; Russia, \$40,000,000,000; Austria-Hungary, \$25,000,000,000; Italy, \$20,000,000,000; Fegium, \$9,000,000,000; Spain, \$5,400,000,000; Netherlands, \$5,000,000,000; Switzerland, \$4,000,000,000; Portugal, \$2,500,000,000.

# MONETARY STATISTICS.

(Complled from the Report of the Director of the Mint.)

MONETARY SYSTEMS AND APPROXIMATE STOCKS OF MONEY IN THE AGGREGATE AND PER CAPITA IN THE PRINCIPAL COUNTRIES OF THE WORLD DECEMBER 31, 1915.

		7	STO	OCK OF SILV	PER CAPITA.					
COUNTRY.	Popula- tion.	Stock of Gold.	Full Tender.	Limited Tender.	Total.	Uncovered Paper.	Gold.	Sllver.	Paper.	Total.
United States	101,577,000	\$2,299,454,000	\$568,272,000	\$187,739,000	\$756,011,000	\$965,039,000	\$22.64	\$7.44	\$9.50	\$39.58
British Empire: Australia Canada Ceylon United King India South Africa Straits Settl'ts	6,026,000 8,075,000 250,000 46,407,000 315,156,000 6,416,000 750,000	170,560,000 1,140,000 661,944,000 42,412,000 32,572,000 1,665,000	NII. NII. 2,784,000 NII. NII. NII.	204,393,000 112,194,000 2,601,000 10,792,000	2,835,000 4,780,000 204,393,000 112,194,000 2,601,000 10,792,000	134,233,000 3,793,000 451,013,000 45,416,000 13,434,000 13,827,000	4.56 14.26 .13 5.08 2.23	4.40 .36 .41 14.39	16.62 15.17 9.72 .14 2.09	38.85 28.38 .63
Bulgaria Chosen (Korea) Denmark Egypt. France Germany* Greece.	4,700,000 15,509,000 2,920,000 12,733,000 39,700,000 67,810,000 5,165,000 37,048,000	1,256,000 31,168,000 22,832,000 1,384,125,000 714,073,000 11,518,000 335,699,000	NII. NII. NII. 342,550,000 NII. NII. 46,568,000	7,806,000 65,000	411,090,000 7,806,000 65,000 46,568,000	16,027,000 29,435,000 21,827,000 1,502,511,000 758,952,000 14,034,000 616,813,000	.08 iv.67 1.79 34.36 10.53 2.23 9.06	1.26	1.71 37.85 11.19 2.72 16.65	5.2 83.06 21.84 4.95 26.97
Japan Moroeco Nethérlands Norway Portugal Russla Slam Spain Sweden Switzerland Turkey	55,500,000 5,000,000 6,340,000 2,462,000 5,958,000 178,379,000 8,542,000 20,356,000 5,639,000 3,831,000 21,274,000	172,536,000 24,887,000 17,794,000 1,058,480,000 167,375,000 43,542,000 48,276,000	N11. N11. N11. N11. N11. 88,203,000 N11. 193,449,000 N11. 9,889,000 N11.	7,549,000 48,362,000 10,492,000	195,968,000 4,395,000 41,646,000 171,465,000 7,549,000 241,811,000 10,492,000 9,889,000	57,709,000 17,307,000 111,316,000 2,046,461,000 5,393,000 92,648,000 52,399,000 34,033,000	27.21 10.11 2.99 5.93 8.22 7.72 12.60	1.29 .22 30.91 1.79 6.99 .96 .88 11.88 1.86 2.58 2.67	9.42 7.03 18.68 4.50 63 4.55 9.29 8.88 6.11	.22 67.54 18.93 28.66 11.39 1.51 24.65 18.87 24.06
So. Amer. States: Argentina Brazil Guiana, Brit'h Guiana, Dutch Paraguay Peru Uruguay Venezuela	7,883,000 24 308,000 300,000	228,939,000 24,408,000 36,000 95,000 1,930,000 25,622,000 28,356,000	NII. NII. NII. NII. NII. NII. NII.	975,000 188,000 3,425,000 1,898,000 1,464,000	975,000 188,000 3,425,000 1,898,000	741,166,000 563,658,000 849,000 134,000 27,738,000 9,463,000	29.04	3.25 1.88 		123.06 24.19 6.20 3.81 37.08
Cen. Am. States: Guatemala Nicaragua Panama Salvador Total	400,000 1,268,000	51,000	N11. N11. N11. 1,554,000		13,000 1,554,000	1,412,000	.13	.53 .03 1.22	1.89 2.91	1.83 3.44 2.33

<sup>\*</sup> The figures for the stock of gold in Germany represent the amount held by the Reichsbank, and the estimated amount of coined gold in circulation only.

## WORLD'S PRODUCTION OF GOLD AND SILVER FOR THE CALENDAR YEAR 1915.

G	G	old.	Sif	ver.	COUNTRIES, Gold.		Sil	Silver.	
COUNTRIES.	Oz., fine.	Value.	Oz., fine.	Com.Val.t		Oz., fine.	Value.	Oz., fine.	Com. Vel.
United States.		\$101,035,700	74,961,075		Turkey	23			\$783,119
Canada Mexico	916,076 317,305		28,401,503 39,570,151		New S. Wales. Queensland	132,498 249,711			
Central Amer.	143,687	2,970,271	2,920,496	1,515,504	Victoria	329,068		16,514	8,569
B'llvla & Chile Brazil	39,397 117,286	814,418 2,424,515		11,169	W. Australia New Zealand.		8,740,567	957,541	
Colombia	263,796	5,453,148	351,271	182,281	British India.	557,399 135,677		284,875 18,230	147,827 9,460
Ecuador Peru	26,397 53,691	545,674 1,109,891	9,419,950	4,888,200	Chosen (Kor.)	180,897	3,739,477	21,876	
Brit. Guiana	44,693 94,805	923,892			Brit. E. Indies Japan	212,776 260,544	4,398,476 5,385,917	5,079,552	2,635,881
Venezuela	29,644 9,711	612,796			Rhodesla	915,029		185,233	
AustHung France	9,711 67,725	200,744 1,400,000		816,129	Transvaal, Cape Colo-				
Great Britain.	932	19,266	96,450	50,050	ny & Natal.		188,033,156	996,379	517,041
Greece	1,382,867	28,586,392	591,464		* Total	22,758,808	\$470,466,214	179,753,978	\$93,277,933
Spain			4,565,396						

<sup>•</sup> Including other countries with small production not enumerated. †\$0.51892.

## COMMERCIAL RATIO OF SILVER TO GOLD (CALENDAR YEARS).

1892	23.72	111897	34.28	11902	39.15	[1907	31,24	11912	33.62
1893	26.49	1898	35.03	1903	38.10	1908	33.64	1913	34.19
1894	32.56	1899	34.36	1904	35.70	1909	39.74	1914	37.37
1895	31.60	1900	33.33	1905	33.87	1910	39.39	1915	39.84
1896	20.66	111901	34.68	111906	30.54	11911	38.33	11 1	

# BULLION VALUE OF 371% GRAINS OF PURE SILVER CONTAINED IN THE SILVER DOLLAR (9-10 OF THE TOTAL WEIGHT) AT THE ANNUAL AVERAGE PRICE OF SILVER AT PAR OF EXCHANGE.

(Alloy in United States coins; Gold coin = 900 gold + 100 copper, silver coin = 900 silver + 100 copper, nickel coin = 25 per cent. nickel + 75 per cent. copper, bronze coin = 95 per cent. copper + 5 per cent. tin and zino.)

YEAR.	Value.	YEAR.	Value.	YEAR.	Value.	YEAR.	Value.	YEAR.	Value.
1881		1888		1895		1902		1909	\$.402
1882		1889		1896		1903	.443	1910	.405
1883		1890		1897		1904	.447	1911	. 417
1884	.859	1891		1898		1905	.472	1912	. 475
1885		1892		1899		1906		1913	.488
1886		1893		1900	.479	1907		1914	.428
1887	.757	1894	,491	1901	,461	1908	.414	1915	. 401

# DEPOSITS AND PURCHASES OF SILVER BY THE UNITED STATES.

DEFOSITS AND PORCHASES OF SILVER BY THE UNITED STATES.

DIRGIASed during the fiscal year 1916 totalled 6,545,161.98 fine ounces, costing 33,38,642.49, at an erast price of 51 cents per fine ounce; the silver received and repaid to the depositors thereof in hars bearing the Government stamp totalled 3,362,233.24 fine ounces; the three ounces of the ounces of the ounces, the college of the colle

DISTRIBUTION OF THE GOLD AND SILVER PRODUCT OF THE UNITED STATES AS REPORTED BY THE MINE OWNERS FOR THE CALENDAR YEAR 1915. (Figures furnished by the United States Geological Survey.)

STATE GOI		LD.		SILVER.		STATE	Go	LD. ,	1	SILVER	
OR TERRI- TORY.	Deep Mines.	Placer.	Dry or Siliceous Ores.	Lead Ores.	Copper Ores.	TERRI- TORY.	Deep Mines.	Placer.	Dry or Siliceous Ores.	Lead Ores.	Copper Ores.
	Fineoz.	Fineoz	Fine oz.	Fine oz.	Fine oz.		Fine oz.	Fineoz	Fine oz.	Fine oz.	Fine oz.
Alabama	251		12			N. Mexico	70,234	447	1,431,405	60,838	
Alaska	300,996				897,839	N. Car	7,910		1,465		
Arizona	199,826					Oregon	66,739		104,791	3,349	9,807
Californía.						S. Car	171	12	8		
Colorado		1,012			204,317	S. Dakota.	358,203	77	199,801	63	
Georgia	995		138		*******	Tennessee.	332		********		100,543
Idaho	28,775	4,758	80,416	11,516,781		Texas	73		666,641	5,035	3,797
Illinois				3,864		Utah	174,545	46	1,035,716	9,211,828	2,065,661
Michigan		[		*******	585,933	Virginia	26				
Missouri	مناهدا	4 000	1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	57,740		Wash	18,589		150,727	9,244	95,766
Montana			1,642,996			Wyoming.	672	34	572		268
Nevada	532,560	19,123	13,814,942	400,255	244,643	Totals	2 677 042	+472 500	DE OCA 400	02 202 000	10 504 005
N. Hamp.					379	Total*	0,017,040	1419,000	40,804,473	27,707,892	18,781,365
and Vt	1	1	1		3/91	1					

\* Philippine Islands and Porto Rico excluded. † Exclusive of dredge output of 566,358 fine ounces as follows: Alaska, 112,714; California, 377,154; Colorado, 32,527; Idaho, 23,536; Montana, 4,168; Oregon, 16,193.

DESCRIPTION OF COLD AND SILVER IN THE UNITED STATES IN CALENDAR VELD 1015

PAODOC	PRODUCTION OF GOLD AND DIEVER IN THE UNITED BIATES IN CALENDAR TEAR 1910.											
	G	OLD.	Sil	VER.	Contract on	G	OLD.	SILVER.				
STATE OR TERRITORY.	Fine Ounces		Fine Ounces.	Value.*	STATE OR TERRITORY.	Fine Ounces	Value.	Fine Ounces.	Value.*			
Alabama	247 808,346		1,054,634			90,321 63,898						
Arizona California Colorado	220,392 1,090,731 1,089,928	22,547,400	5,665,672 1,689,924 7,199,745	843,100	Porto Rico South Carolina South Dakota	34 174 358,145			98,600			
GeorgiaIdaho	1,684 56,628	34,800	141 13,042,466	6,506,800	Tennessee	329 87	6,800 1,800	99,171 724,580	49,500 361,500			
Illinois Michigan Montana	240.825	4 978 300	3,892 581,874 14,423,173	290,300	UtahVermont			13,073,471 150	100			
Missouri Nevada	574,874	11.883,700	55,534 14,453,085	27,700 7,210,500	Washington	22,330	461,600	213,877				
New Mexico North Carolina			2,337,064 1,496	1,165,900 700	Total	4,887 60'	101,035.700	74,961,075	\$37,397,300			

\* At the average price of silver per fine ounce for the calendar year 1915, \$0.49889.

RATIO OF	SOURCES	OF	SILVER	PRODUCT	OF	THE	UNITED	STATES
----------	---------	----	--------	---------	----	-----	--------	--------

Interest of Decision of District Property of the Childs of the Control of the Con											
Source.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.	SOURCE.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
Quartz mills	41.5%	41.7%	39.5%	40.2%	35.7%	Copper bullion.	27.4%	26.5%	25.6%	21.3%	26.0%
Food buillion	21 107	31 8 07	24 9 07.	38 50%	28 2 07.	Total	100 007	100 00	100 0 07	100 007	100 00

# PRODUCT OF GOLD AND SILVER FROM MINES IN THE UNITED STATES.

Y		LD.	Sil	VER.
YEAR.	Fine Ounces.	Value.	Fine Ounces.	Commercial Value.
1903	3.560,000	\$73,591,700	54,300,000	\$29,322,000
1904	3,892,480	80,464,700	57,682,806	33,456.000
1905	4,178,592	86,337,700	58,938,355	35,952,397
1906	4,565,333	94,373,800	56,517,900	38,256,400
1907	4,374,287	90,435,700	56,514,700	37,299,700
1908	$4.574,340 \\ 4.821,700$	94,560,000	52,440,800	28,050,600
1909	4,657,018	99,673,400 96,269,100	54,721,500	28,455,200
1910	4,687,053	96,890,000	57,137,900 60,399,400	30,854,466 32,615,700
1912	1,520,719	93,451,500	63,766,800	39,197,500
1913	4,299,784	88,884,400	66,801,500	40.348.100
1914		94,531,800	72,455,100	40,067,700
1915	4,887,604	101.035.700	74,961,075	37,397,300

#### WORLD'S PRODUCTION OF GOLD AND SILVER.

		LD.			VER.	1		LD.	Silv	
YEARS.	Fine Ozs.	Value.	Fine	Ozs.	Com. Val.	YEARS.	Fine Ozs.	Value.	Fine Ozs.	Com. Val.
1902		\$296,737,600					21,965,111	\$454,059,100	212,149,023	\$110,364,4
1903 1904					90,552,200 95,233,300				221,715,763 226,192,923	
1905	18,396,451	380,288,700	172,31	7.688	105,113,700	1912	22,549,335	466,136,100	221,310,654	137,000.0
1906	19,471,080	402,503,000	165,05	6 98.1	111,721,100 121,577,100	1913			223,907,843 160,626,019	
1908					108,655,100				179,753,978	

For production in years 1492 and subsequent thereto, see 1913 ALMANAC, page 268.

# WORLD'S INDUSTRIAL CONSUMPTION OF GOLD AND SILVER IN 1915.

COUNTRY.	Gold.	Silver.	Country.	Gold.	Sllver.
United States. Argentina Australia (Victoria). Austrila* Hungary* Brazil. Canada. China; Foochow.	506,687 905,740 52,444 1,388,620 23,391 2,140,000	9,565 13,190 16,569 222,732 252,000	Nanking Mukden. Great Britaln Portugal Sweden* Netherlands.	192,744 16,708,006 1,639,653 498,450 719,783	84,651 4,151,360 222,168 133,371 162,766

<sup>\* 1914</sup> figures.

### COINAGE OF THE UNITED STATES, FISCAL YEAR 1916.

The domestic coinage amounted to \$37,209,062, represented by 154,523,524 pieces.

There were also struck for foreign countries and the Philippine Islands 52.387,156 pieces of coined with end to 100,000 gold and 500,829 silver planchets were prepared for Peru for future coinage in that country, making a total of 207,491,509 pieces commanded with 148,205,907 pieces made during the fiscal year 1915.

Domestic coinage at United States mints; Philadelphia, gold pieces, 1,697,390, value \$11,007,375; silver pleces, 9,233,50, value \$1,501,382; minor pieces, 9,9131,680, value \$23,3731. Sar Francisco, gold pieces, 1,117,194, value \$20,070,034; silver pieces, 1,636,000, value \$681,000; minor pieces, 3,514,000, value \$71,580. Denver, silver pieces, 3,794,000, value \$1,146,500; minor pieces, 37,309,062.

Total coinage, 154,523,524 pieces, value \$37,209,062.

The approximate amount of corper used in the above coinages was 728 tons, of which 8 tons were used in alloying gold, 14 tons in alloying silver, 219 tons for nickel, and 487 tons for bronze coinages.

The mints of the United States during the fiscal year 1916 manufactured in addition to the domestic coinage 52,367,153 pieces of metallic money and 600,829 planchets for other Governments.

#### COINAGE OF NATIONS IN CALENDAR YEAR 1915.

COUNTRIES.	Gold.	Silver. (Coining Value.†)	COUNTRIES.	Gold.	Sliver. (Coining Value.†)	Countries.	Gold.	Silver. (Coining Value.†)
United States. Philippine Isl. Australia Canada Great Britain.	8,276,315	44,041 33,906 66,438	Denmark Egypt. France Germany Italy	6,011,011	1,353,509 6,013,002	*Total	\$3,667,000 13,210,105 \$183,518,602	1,669
India Chile China Cuba	476,588	3,072,649 836,239 56,592,742	Japan Netherlands Serbla Siam	15,084,610	727,262 2,576,628 1,162,135	Recolnage		

<sup>\*</sup> Including other countries with small coinage. † Based on the average London price of silver per fine ounce, \$0.51892.

#### MONETARY STATISTICS-Continued.

### PRESENT MONETARY SYSTEM OF THE UNITED STATES ILLUSTRATED.

	Gold Coin.	Standard Silver Dollars.	Subsidiary Silver Coio.	Minor Coin.
Fineness Ratio to gold Limit of issue Denominations	Unlimited. \$20, \$10, \$5, \$21/4.	900-1000. 15.988 to 1. Coipage ceased In 1905. \$1.	dollar. 900-1000. 14.953 to 1. Needs of the people. 50 cents, 25 cents, 10 cents.	
Legal tender Receivable Exchangeable. Redeemable	For all public dues. For gold certificates, as below, and subsidiary and minor colo.	For silver certificates and	For all dues up to \$10. For minor coin.	Not to exceed 25 cents.  For all dues up to 25 cents.  In "lawful money" at the Treasury In sums or multiples of \$20.

	Gold Certificates.	Silver Certificates.	United States Notes.	Treasury Notes of 1890.	National Bank Notes. *
't of issue. I	Unlimited for gold coin unless gold reserve falls below \$100,000,000.	dollars coined,		No further issues; volums sleadily diminishing by re- denption in silver dollars.	
Denominations \$	\$10,000.\$5,000,\$1,000, \$500,\$100,\$50,\$20, \$10.	\$100, \$50, \$20, \$10, \$5, \$2, \$1.	\$1,000, \$500,\$160, \$50, \$20, \$10, \$5, \$2, \$1.	\$1,000, \$500, \$100, \$50, \$20, \$10, \$5, \$2, \$1,	\$1,000, \$500, \$100, \$50, \$20, \$10, \$5.
Legal tender	Not a tender.	Not a tender.	For all debts, public and private, except customs and inter- est on public debt.	Unlimited, unless otherwise con- tracted.	Not a tender.
Receivable I	For all public dues.	For all public dues.			For all public dues ex-
Redeemable	In gold coin at the Transury.	In silver dollars at the Tressury.	In gold at the Treus- ury.	In gold at the Treas-	in "lawful money" at the Transury, or st bank of issue.

<sup>&</sup>quot;Lawful money" includes gold coin, silver dollars, United States notes and Treasury notes. United States notes are by regulation receivable for customs so long as they continue redeemable in coin. There are still in use small amounts of \$1\$ and \$2\$ national bank notes; also \$500 and \$1.000 silver certificates. Treasury notes were issued for purchases of silver bullion, which was coined into dollars wherewith the notes are being redeemed as rapidly as practicable. The issue of national bank notes is practicable to issue notes.

\*Federal Reserve Notes: Limit of issue at the discretion of the Federal Reserve dear through Federal Reserve agents to Federal Reserve banks for the purpose of discounting paper for banks, members of the Federal Reserve System and for no other purpose. Denominations; \$100, \$50, \$31, \$10, \$5 (not a legal tender). Receivable for all public dues. Redeemable in gold coin of the United States by the Treasurer and in gold and layer imosey by 'v Federal Reserve bank.

The above table "revised for THE WORLD ALMANAC by the Director of the Mint."

#### RETAIL PRICES OF FOOD.

RELATIVE RETAIL PRICES OF SOME OF THE PRINCIPAL ARTICLES OF FOOD EACH YEAR FROM 1907 TO 1915, AND EACH MONTH FROM JANUARY TO SEPTEMBER, 1916. (Average price for 1915 = 100.)

YEAR OR MONTH.	All Articles Combined.	Strioin Steak.	Round Steak.	Rib Roast.	Chuck Roast.*	Plate Boll- ing Beef.*	Pork Chops.	Bacon, Smoked.	Ham, Smoked.	Lard, Pure.	Hens.	Eggs, Strict ly Fresh.	Butter, Creamery.	Muk, Fresh.	Flour, Wheat.	Corn Meal.	Potatoes, Irish.	Sugar, Granulated.	Bread.
1907	81 83 87 91 90 96 98 101 100	101	87 97 103	75 77 80 83 84 92 99 102 100	105	104 100	77 79 86 95 88 95 104 109 100	75 77 83 95 92 91 100 102 100	78 80 84 94 92 93 103 105 100	86 96 111 95 100 107 106 100	84 85 91 96 93 96 103 105 100	85 87 94 99 95 100 101 104 100	91 92 97 101 94 105 107 101	88 90 92 95 96 98 101 101 100	76 81 87 86 81 84 80 83 100	81 85 87 88 87 94 92 97 100	119 125 126 114 147 149 113 122 100	90 89 91 98 96 83 90	90
January February March April May Junc July August September	106 104 105 107 107 109 109 112	100 103 105 108 112 111	90 102 105 109 113 113 112	100 100 102 105 108 112 110 109	102 105 108 112	107 110 108	93 96 108 111 113 114 116 116 125	101 103 104 106 107 108 103 1 10	104 105 107 110 112 113 114 115	103 107 114 116 118	104 107 110 114 116 117 116 115 117	83 88 94	113	101 100 100 100 100 100 100 102 103	95 99 95 95 95 93 92 107 117	99 99 99 99 100 100 102 104	153 158 157 155 157 187 151 158 181	104 114 121 130 132 133 129	98 99 99 99 99 99 102 109

<sup>\*</sup> Relative prices not computed prior to 1914.

#### BANKING STATISTICS.

THE NATIONAL BANKS OF THE UNITED STATES. (From the Annual Report of the Comptroller of the Currency.)

					and or the Curre	deg.,		
Year Ended Sept. 1.		Capital.	Surplus.	Total Dividends.	Net Earnings.	Ratio of Dividends to Capital.	Dividends	Ratio of Earnings to Capital and Surplus.
1899	3,561	\$608,674,895	*247,930,970,00	\$46,691,502 00	\$54,346,692,00	7.67	5, 45	6.34
1900	3,604	608,754,600	251,950,843.42	48,033,094,39	87, 276, 836, 60	7.88	5.58	10.14
1901	3.969	635,511,286	268, 451, 548, 00		81.853.797.00		5.72	8.15
1902	4,269	673,763,767	302,513,154,55		106,581,476,85		6,99	10.12
	4,700		353,105,524,91		109,881,530,97		5.91	10.21
1904	5,134			75,588,889,00	112,936,426,00		6.56	9.80
	5.505				105,909,385,00		6.18	9.42
	5,876				127,526 836,00	11.14	7.18	10.26
	6,043			99,728,239,00	152, 235, 434, 00	11.90	7.30	11.20
	6,751			97, 336, 282, 00	131,333,288,00	10.89	6.75	9.10
	6,788				131,185,750,00		6.18	8.72
	6.996		630, 159, 719, 00		154,167,489,47		6,65	9.67
*1911	7.163	1,008,180,225			156.985,513,00		6.83	9,35
*1912	7,307	1,031,383,425	704,346,706.70	120,300.872.22	149.056,603,23	11,66	6.93	8.59
*1913	7,404	1,051,720,675	725, 272, 182.05		160,980,084.46		6.75	9.06
*1914	7,473	1,063,978,175	$\{714, 117, 131.40$		149,270.170.87		6.81	8.39
*1915	7,560	1,068,577,080	726,620,202,00	113,639,415.00	127,052.974.00	10,63	5.03	7.64

\*To July 1; abstract period changed.

The circulation outstanding June 23, 1915, was \$722,703,856; demand deposits, \$5,325,853,-421.84; time deposits, \$1,285,428,400.06; due to banks, \$2,208,006,117.36. Resources as follows: Leans and discounts, \$6,659,971,463.44; bonds, securities, etc., \$2 068,368,968.70; banking house. furniture and fixtures, \$277,804,754.22; other real estate owned. \$43,971,595.32; due from banks, \$1,688,978,355.31; checks and other cash items, \$37,280,378,35; exchanges for Clearing House, \$213,005,965.71; cash on hand, \$789,781,217.99; all other resources, \$16,522,457.84; total resources, \$11,795,685,156.88.

#### RESOURCES AND LIABILITIES OF REPORTING STATE, SAVINGS, PRIVATE BANKS, AND LOAN AND TRUST COMPANIES, JUNE 23, 1916.

CLASSIFICATIONS.	15,450 State Banks.*	622 Mutuai Savings Banks.	1,212 Stock Savings Banks.	1,606 Loan and Trust Companies.	Total 19,934 Banks.
Resources. Loans and discounts! Bonds, securities, etc. Banking house, furn. & fixt's Other real estate owned. Due from banks. Checks and other cash Items. All other resources.	52,204,090.91 817,578,090.65	29,811,988.37 19,452,143.50 210,919,583.66 2,753,380.16 26,135,692.28	131,404,563.61 31,749,087.19 7,429,471.59 111,099,140.62 2,416,714.42 32,821,494.87	82,329,933.81 850,499,082.13 109,990,485.22 229,456,991.49	4,443,609,640.68 322,415,335.35 168,859,451.33 2,018,706,378.52 248,500,724.08 666,515,321.95
Total resources	\$5,552,977,153.40	\$4,547,941,986.84	\$1,033,328,742.60	\$7,028,269,761.55	\$18:344,369,696.93
Liabilities. Capital stock paid in. Surplus fund. Undivided profits Due to banks. Dividends unpaid. Individual deposits. Postal savings deposits. Notes and bills rediscounted. Bills payable. Other ilabilities.	268,821,906.55 91,152,015.33 217,212,186.75 3,081,220.02 4,296,253,030.05 4,457,263.97	51,380,612.85 868,536.72 4,186,976,600.64 943,593.78 136.78 84,230.45	16,103,770.05 6,405,727.16 349,780.23 901,610,693.88 881,654.11 878,182.11 1,082,769.27	508,822,951.65 96,669.859.59 525,008,135.55 4,125,999.91 5,198,496,296.53 4,826,014.51 3,283,010.39 16,127,661.60	1,118,304,074.48 258,487,993.50 750,668,916.33 7,591,888.81 14,730,102,074.98 11,108,526.37 20,181,936.89 77,918,783.57
Total liabilities	\$5,552,977,153.40	\$4,547,941,986.84	\$1,033,328,742.60	\$7,028,269,761.55	\$18,344,369,696.93

<sup>\*</sup>Includes reports of stock savings banks for Virginia, South Carolina, Tennessee, Wisconsin, North Dakota, Kansas, Montana, Idaho, and Nevada. Includes trust companies for Virginia, North Carolina, Tennessee, Idaho, and Nevada. Includes private banks for Virginia, North Carolina and Idaho, and Nevada. Includes private banks for North Carolina and Idaho, fincluding 1014 private banks with resources as follows: Loans and discounts, \$117,715,926,13; bonds, scurities, etc., \$14,39,225,69; banking house, furniture and fixtures, \$4,420,743; other real estate owned, \$7,343,811,57; due from banks, \$23,610,451,46; checks and other cash Items, \$1,077,168,36; cash on hand, \$6,347,339,97; all other sources, \$19,43,323,97; total resources, \$161,852,502,54.

Liabilities: Capital stock paid in, \$16,852,170,34; surplus fund, \$6,763,114,51; undivided profits, \$2,181,735,68; dividends unpaid, \$24,838,65; due to banks, \$1,174,330,15; deposits (individual), \$146,765,438,8; bills payable, \$2,730,677,49; notes and bills rediscounted, \$524,803,97; other liabilities, \$2,824,877,87; total liabilities, \$181,852,-682,84.

t Including overdrafts.

.OSTAL-SAVINGS SYSTEM OF THE UNITED STATES.

Balance to the credit of depositors June 30, 1915, \$65,694,708; deposits during fiscal year, \$76,775,808; deposits withdrawn during the fiscal year, \$56,440,691; balance to credit of depositors June 30, 1916, \$30,775,588; balances on deposit in banks June 30, 1916, \$30,775,583;

BANKING STATISTICS-Continued.

#### MONEY IN CIRCULATION.

STATEMENT SHOWING THE AMOUNTS OF GOLD AND SILVER COINS AND CERTIFICATES. UNITED STATES NOTES, AND NATIONAL BANK NOTES IN CIRCULA-TION NOVEMBER 1, 1916.

CIRCULATING MEDIUM.	GENERAL STOCK OF MONEY IN THE UNITED STATES. Nov. 1, 1916.	THE GOVERN- MENT.	HELD BY FEDERAL RE- SERVE BANKS AND THEIR AGENTS.  NOV. 1, 1916.	Money in C	
Gold coin (inc. bul. in Treas.). Gold certificates*. Standard silver dollars. Silver certificates*. Subsidiary silver. Treasury aotes of 1890*. United States notes. "deral Reserve notes. "local Bank notes. "local Bank notes.	\$2,700,136,976 568,270,319 189,695,716	\$268,965,399 16,847,436 9,160,753 4,977,143 2,245,315 39,390	\$10,845,130 207,829,600	\$650,123,528 1,562,373,319 70,351,734 479,021,918 180,534,963 2,049,231	\$597,108,847 1,226,472,789 65,723,809 486,851,787 164,248,257 2,198,788 340,639,038 160,088,855
Total	\$4,780,278,487	\$320,441,568	\$218,674,730	\$4,241,162,189	\$3,799,531,052

# EXCHANGES OF CLEARING HOUSES OF UNITED STATES CITIES.

CLEARING	ļ	EXCHANGES FOR	YEARS ENDED S	SEPTEMBER 30—					
House AT-	1916.	1915.	1914.	1913.	1912.				
New York	\$147,180,709,000	\$90,842,708,000	\$89,760,345,000	\$98,121,520,000	\$96,672,301,000				
Boston	10,180,120,000								
Chicago	19,129,452,000								
Philadelphia	12,018,127,000		8,231,518,000	8,543,472,000	7,878,577,000				
St. Louis	4,947,429,000	3,883,252,000							
San Francisco	3,186,602,000								
Baltimore	2,192,008,000	1,727,833,000	1,899,411,000						
Pittsburgh									
Cincinnati	1,658,175,000								
Kansas City									
New Orleans									
Minneapolis									
Detroit	2,020,598,000								
Louisville									
Cleveland									
Other citles	25,483,648,000	19,846,052,000	20,937,778,000	21,231,648,000	20,028,297,000				
				64 50 500 000	2400 200 000 000				
Total	1\$241,407,541,000	\$162,777,508,000	\$163,975,683,000	\$173,765,288,000	\$168,506,362,000				

#### TRANSACTIONS OF THE NEW YORK CLEARING HOUSE.

	No. of Mem- bers.	Capital.	Clearings.	Balances Pald in Money.	Average Daily Clearings.	Average Daily Balances Pald in Money.	
1901 1902 1903 1904 1905 1906 1907 1908 1909 1910 1911 1912 1913 1913	54 54 55 54 50 51 50 67 65 64 62	\$81,722,700 100,672,700 113,072,700 115,972,700 115,972,700 118,150,000 129,400,000 126,350,000 127,350,000 132,350,000 170,275,000 170,275,000 179,900,000 175,300,000	74,753,189,435 70,833,655,940 59,672,796,804 91,879,318,369 103,754,100,091 95,315,421,238 73,630,971,913' 99,257,662,411 102,553,959,069 92,420,120,091 96,672,300,863 98,121,520,297 89,760,344,971	3,377,504,072 3,315,516,487 3,105,888,576 3,953,875,975 3,832,621,023 3,813,926,108 3,409,632,27 4,194,484,028 4,195,293,963 4,388,563,61 5,051,262,291 5,144,190,38 5,128,647,302	245,898,649 233,005,447 195,648,514 302,234,600 342,422,772 313,357,569 241,413,02 326,505,468 338,461,911 305,016,897 319,050,497 323,833,400 296,238,762	10,906,304 10,183,143 13,006,171 12,648,914 12,545,809 11,179,122 13,797,644 13,845,854 14,483,706 16,670,832 16,977,328 16,926,229	4.56 4.51 4.68 5.20 4.33 3.69 4.00 4.83 4.22 4.74 5.22 5.24 5.71
1915 1916	62	178,550,000 185,550,000	90,842,707,724 147,180,709,461	5,340,846,740 8,561,624,447	299,810,917 484,147,071		5.87 5.82

Clearing House returns prepared for THE WORLD ALMANAC by Assistant Manager W. J. Glipin of New York Clearing House.

Population of continental United States November 1, 1916, estimated at 103,002 000; circulation per capita, 841.18.
For redemption of outstanding certificates and Treasury notes of 1890 an exact equivalent in amount of the appropriate kinds of money is held in the Treasury and is not included in the account of money held as assets of the Government of money held in the Treasury as assets of the Government does not include deposits of public money in Federal Reserve banks and National bank depositaries to the credit of the Treasurer of the United States.

#### BANKING STATISTICS-Continued.

#### FOREICN BANKING STATISTICS.

(From The Federal Reserve Bulletin, November 1, 1916.)

SPECIE ON HAND, CIRCULATION OUTSTANDING AND AMOUNT OF DEPOSIT, AND CURRENT ACCOUNTS OF PRINCIPAL FOREIGN BANKS OF ISSUE.

	Data	IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS.					
Banks.	Date, 1916.	Gold.	Silver.	Circulation.	Deposits and Current Accounts.		
Bank of England. Bank of France. German Reichsbank. Russian State Bank Bank of the Netherlands. Bank of Italy. Norges Bank, Norway. Riksbank, Sweden. Swiss National Bank Bank of Spaln. National Bank Bank of Dann.	Sept. 7 Sept. 8-21 Sept. 30 Aug. 20 Sept. 30 Sept. 30 Sept. 35 Sept. 35 Sept. 30 Sept. 30	236,119 183,973 *30,532 *40,685 55,936 228,429 41,713	\$64,675 5,660 49,135 2,652 16,417 10,973 146,934	61,615 386,885 83,176 439,781	446,078 684,939 1,086,501 42,596 154,539 20,439 17,726 28,819 149,903 25,230		

<sup>\*</sup> Total cash-not classified.

#### PREMIUMS ON COLD.

Gold sold first at a premium early in January, 1862, the New York banks having s specie payments December 28, 1861. The highest point reached was 285, July 11, 1864. The p. on gold disappeared at the end of 1878, just prior to resumption of specie payments. Following is given a table of the high and low prices of gold from 1862 to 1878 inclusive.

DATE.	Low.	High.	Date.	DATE.	Low.	High.	Date
1862 Mar. 25.	101 ¼	.134 .	Dec. 4	1871April 8	31101/8	115	Oct. 1
1863Aug. 25.	122 1/8	.172 3/2 .	Feb. 25	1872Jan. 11	l 108 ½	115%	Aug. 5
1864 Jan. 6.	151 36	.285 .	July 11	1873Jan. 6	3106 1/8	119 1/4	.April 5
1865 June 5.	135 ¼	. 234 3/8	Jan. 4 l	1874July 31	1109	114 %	. April 15
1866 Mar. 24.	124 %	. 167 34 .	June 18	1875Jan. 1	511134	117 5/8	. Oct. 5
1867 Jan. 11.	132 1/2	146 %	. Sept. 12	1876Dec. 30	0107	115	., Mar. 3
1888 Nov. 6	132	.150 .	Aug. 6	1877Oct.	81021/2	107%	. April 17
1869Nov. 30.	1211/4	.162 1/4 .	Sept. 24	1878 Dec.17 to D	ec.31 100	102 %	.Jan. 2
1870 Nov 4	110	123 14.	Jan. 10				

Above table was prepared by James B. Colgate & Co., New York City.

#### COST OF MEMBERSHIP IN LEADING EXCHANGES.

(Corrected to November 18, 1916.)

		Montreal Stock Exchange	\$21,000
Berlin Bourse (entrance fee, not transferable)		New Orleans Cotton Exchange	
Boston Stock Exchange	16,000	New York Coffee Exchange	5,000
Chicago Board of Trade	7,600	New York Cotton Exchange	17,25
Chicago Stock Exchange	1.275	New York Produce Exchange	1.90
Cincinnati Stock Exchange		New York Stock Exchange	74.000
Cleveland Stock Exchange		Paris Bourse (appointments made and con-	
Consolidated Stock and Petroleum Exchange,		trolled by French Government)	
New York	750	Philadelphia Stock Exchange	3,200
London Stock Exchange (entrance fee, not		Pittsburgh Stock Exchange	2,300
transferable)		St. Louis Stock Exchange	1.500
Louisville Stock Exchange	2.250	Stock and Bond Exchange (San Francisco)	8,000
Minneapolis Chamber of Commerce			2,500

The value of a membership in an exchange depends in a large measure upon the prevailing state of business and the market level of securities.

#### NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE SEATS.

(Corrected to November 14, 1916.)

THE following table prepared by Dow, Jones & Co., publishers of *The Wall Street Journal*. Before 1868, seats on the New York Slock Exchange were not transferred by purchase and sale, Aninitation fee of \$5,000 was, however, required from members duly elected by the board. In 1868, the transfer of seats began to have a market valuation, for in that year the present system of transfer was instituted.

YEAR.	High.	Low.	YEAR.	High.	Low.	YEAR.	High.	Low.	YEAR.	High.	Low.
1916	675 000	260,000	1908	880 000	\$51,000	1900	847 500	\$37,500	1892	\$22,000	\$17,000
1915	74.000	38,000				1899			1891	24,000	18,000
1914	55,000					1898			1890	22,500	
1913	53,000		1905	*95,000	72,000	1897	72,000		1889	23,000	
1912 1911	74,000 73,000		1903			1895	20,000		1887	30,000	
1910	94,000	65,000	1902	81,000	65,000	1894	21,250	18,000	1886	33,000	23,000
1909	94.000	73,000	1901	80,000	49,500	1893	20,000	15,250	1885	34,000	20,000

<sup>\*</sup> Record high price.

# YORK STATE PROPORTIONAL REPRESENTATION LEAGUE

NEW YORK STATE PROPORTIONAL REPRESENTATION LEACUE

Its purpose is to have every party or group of voters represented in every lawmaking body in exact proportion to the number of votes they east, thus assuring, what is not possible under our present method, that legislative bodies will be practically a condensation of the whole voting population. For example: If nee parties, or temporary groups, had 30 percent, 25 per ent., 20 per cent., 10 per cent., and 10 per cent, respectively of the total vote east means so ra legislative body, each would have exactly the same percentage of the members of such assemblage.

The league states there are several ways by which the above result can be accomplished with the secret ballot now universally used as several ways by which the above result can be accomplished with the secret ballot now universally used your assemblage. The league states there are several ways by which the above result can be accomplished with the secret ballot now universally used your particular of the proper several ways by which the above result can be accomplished with the secret ballot now universally used your particular of the proper several ways by which the above result can be accomplished with the secret ballot now universally used to not a qualate of the proper several ways by which the above result can be accomplished with the secret ballot now universally used to not not properly of the properly

# SAVINGS BANKS STATISTICS.

(As reported by the Comptroller of the Currency.)
MUTUAL SAVINGS BANKS, 1916.

STATE	Number of Dep'rs.	Amount of Deposits.	Ave. to Each Dep'r.	STATE.	N umber of Dep'rs.		Ave. to Each Dep'r.
ne	239,500	\$99,546,046.12	\$115.46	West Virginia	6,181	\$1,616,077.91	\$261.42
mpshire.	202,209 116,812	101,431,017.52 56,071,818.82	480.01		6,181	\$1,616,077.91	\$261.42
d etts. .cut	157,445 2,419,914 653,947	88,343,735.47 975,365,518.29 338,899,894.47		Ohio Indiana Wisconsin	115,320 33,367 8,784	\$64,789,961.25 13,062,412.08 2,306,046.15	391.47
.a1	3,789,827	\$1,659,708,030.69	\$437.94		114,826	28,393,328.47	247.27
	3,335,538	\$1,883,242,203.58	\$564.60	Total	272,297	\$108,551,747.95	\$398.65
New Jersey Pennsylvania	301,943 515,687	120,383,076.18 238,502,832.12	462.49		87,945	\$62,071,789.39	\$705.79
Delaware Maryland	36,691 246,162	13,362,876.51 99,537,966.31	364.19 404.36	Total	87,945	\$62,071,789.39	\$705.79
Total	4,436,021	\$2,355,028,954.70	\$530.89	Grand total	8,592,271	\$4,186,976,600.64	\$487.30
1.00.01	1,100,021			NGS BANKS.			

STOCK SAVINGS BANKS.											
STATE.	Number of Dep'rs.	Amount of Deposits.	Ave. to Each Dep'r.	STATE.	Number of Dep'rs.	Amount of Deposits.	Ave. to Each Dep'r.				
N. Hampshire.	24,122			Iowa	25,423 670,000	\$8,326,277.87 246,172,395.04	\$327.51 367.42				
N. E. States.	24,122	\$9,051,992.20		Total M. W. States	724,341	\$262,070,083.29	\$361.80				
New Jersey Maryland D. of Columbia Total	38,242 45,000 101,452	13,152,577.00	292.28		22,202	\$3,784,460.21	\$170.46				
East. States. Virginia West Virginia	184,694			Montana Wyoming Colorado New Mexico	2,709 11,755 14,463						
North Carolina South Carolina.	40,600	7,472,475.61	184.05		51,129		\$212.68				
Georgia Florida Alabama	54,424 7,197 229,000	1,759,612.08	244.49 58.13	Washington	55,760 1,785	529,226.72	296.49				
Mississippi Louislana Kentucky	10,300 89,408 19,000	2,205,420.21 22,186,796.03	219.94 248.15	California Idaho Utah	985,319 56.232	474,485,569.90 14,251,551,68					
Tennessee				Nevada Arizona	6,063						
South. States				Total Pacific States	1,105,159	\$510,257,649.32	\$461.71				
Michigan Wisconsin	28,918	\$7,571,410.38	5261.82	Total United States	2,556,121	\$901,610,693.88	\$352.72				

Note—Savings deposits in the savings departments of Illinois State Banks and Trust Companies on June 30, 1916, aggregating \$314,538,623, not included in above table.

Note—Returns from the banking departments of 10 State Include stock savings banks with commercial banks. It is estimated that 300 stock savings banks, with \$15,000 depositors and \$250,000,000,00 deposits, are included with the figures furnished by the State banking departments for State banks. This estimate includes the so-called stock savings banks of Michigan.

# SAVINGS BANKS, DEPOSITORS, AND DEPOSITS IN THE UNITED STATES.

YEAR.	Number of Banks.	Number of Depositors.	Deposits.	YEAR.	Number of Banks.	Number of Depositors.	Deposits.
1850 1860 1870 1880	108 278 517 629 921	251,354 693,870 1,630,846 2,335,582 4,258,893	\$43,431,130 149,277,504 549,874,358 819,106,973 1,524,844,506	1910	1,002 1,759 2,159 (a)622 (b)1,242	$ \begin{array}{r} 6,107,083\\ 9,142,908\\ 11,285,755\\ 8,592,271\\ 2,556,121 \end{array} $	\$2,449,547,885 4,070,486,246 4,997,706,013 4,186,976,600 901,610,693

(a) Mutual. (b) Stock Savings. (c) Incomplete.

NUMBER OF DEPOSITORS AND AMOUNT OF DEPOSITS IN FOREIGN COUNTRIES.

COUNTRIES AND FORM OF ORGANIZATION.	Date of Reports.	Number of Depositors.	Deposits.	Average Deposit Account.	Deposit Per
istria, communal private savings banks	1912	4,404,506		\$295.71	
istria, postal savings banks, savings dept	1913	2,300,507			
istria, postal savings banks, check dept	1913	122,870		647.53	
elgium, Government savings banks	1912 1912	3,013,296 49,794		67.75	
ilgaria, postal savings banks	1911	312,462	11,854,503 8,797,965		
ille, public savings banks		396,488	11,334,804		
enmark, com. savings and corp. savings bank		1,202,973			
Typt, postal savings banks	1914	233,744			
ance, private savings banks	1913	8,604,993	774,405,417	89,96	19.65
ance, postal savings banks	1914	6,555,992	348,858,018	53.21	
ermany, public and corporate savings banks	1913 .	23,871,657			
ermany, com. and private savings banks	1909	1,149,251	428,023,064	372.44	
ungary, postal savings banks, savings dept	1912	836,143		26.29	
ungary, com. and corporate savings banks	1913 1914	2,438,108 6,274,133		205.41 61.66	
aly, private savings banks	1912	8,639,296			
pan, postal savings banks	1915	128928.005			1.88
etherlands, private savings banks	1913	509,836			
etherlands, postal savings banks		1,671,498	74,203,170		
orway, com. and private savings banks	1913	1,136,262	162,595,349	143.10	
oumania, Government savings banks	1910	218,690		53.12	
ussia, State, including postal savings banks (c).	1916	10,257,000		133.89	7.8
ain, private savings banks	1914	781,274		113.92	4
veden, communal and trustee savings banks	1914	1,755,009		159.67	
vitzerland, com. and private savings banks	1908 1914	1,963,417 1,917,944		156.56 136.87	
nited Kingdom, trustee savings banks (a) nited Kingdom, postal savings banks		13.515.814			
anada, postal savings banks (b)		132,304	39,230,868		
	,	,	,	,	

<sup>(</sup>a) Exclusive of Government stock held for depositors, which at the end of the year amounted the 29,336,231 in postal savings banks and to \$13,121,563 in the trustee savings banks. (b) Exclusive of ominion Government savings banks, with \$13,903,114 deposits, and exclusive of savings deposits in artered banks and special private savings banks. (c) Not including private savings banks with 0,844,408 deposits.

### FAILURES IN THE UNITED STATES.

	NUM	BER.	LIABII	ITIES.	YEA	RLY FA	ILURES.
•	*1916.	*1915.	*1916.	*1915.	Year.	No.	Llabilities.
MANUFACTURERS.			21 000 480	an con oor	1875 1876 1877	9.092	\$201,000,000 191,117,000
on, Foundries and Nails	220 220	316	\$1,922,473 3,913,983	27,566,032	1878	8,872 10,478 6,658	190,669,93 <b>6</b> 234,383,132
Voollens, Carpets and Knit Goods. ottons, Lace and Hoslery	20 34	60 37	1,817,036	2,570,796 1,095,688	1879	4.735	98,149,053 65,752,000
umber, Carpenters and Coopers	451 597	477 928	13,303,887 5,350,911	16,872,978 9,139,568	1881	5,582 6,738	81,155,932 101,547,564
lats, Gloves and Furs	70 28	150 27	1,173,962 264,566	2,348,169 464,367	1883 1884	$9,184 \\ 10,968$	226,343,427
aints and Ollsrinting and Engraving	$\frac{22}{216}$	278	560,623 3,343,345	1,360,180 4,276,547	1885 1886	10,637 9,834	124,220,321
filling and Bakerseather, Shoes and Harness	449 114	390 118	3,279,076 2,408,178	2,083,952 3,116,096	1887	9,634	128,829,973
iquors and Tobaccos	144	186 140		3.034.130	1889	10,882	148,784,337 189,856,964
Il other	1,803	2,036 5,268	28,857,557	40,076,865 \$126,951,794	1891	12,273 $10,344$	189,868,638 114,044,167
Total manufacturing	4,323	3,208	\$10,111,510	\$120,931,794	1893 1894	15,242 13,885	346,779,889 172,992,856
TRADERS.	1,668	2,475	\$12,613,994	\$28,446,450	1895 1896	13,197 15,088	173,196,060 226,096,834
eneral Storesroceries, Meats and Fish	3,620 663	3,604 670	13,392,017	14,499,620 10,007,708	1897	13,351 12,186	154,332,071 130,662,899
Iotels and Restaurants	992	1,278	6,819,373 5,787,637	10,019,275	1899	9,337	90,879,889
lothing and Furnishing	1,194 782	1,824	9,852,749 12,142,589	15,397,358 29,304,851	1901	11.002	113.092.379
hoes, Rubbers and Trunks urniture and Crockery	413 301	599 517	2,674,296 2,726,962	3,937,848 6,441,154	1903 1904	11,615 12,069 12,199	145,444,185 144,202,311
Iardware, Stoves and Tools	367 538	486 641	2,657,401	5,097,696 5,114,966	1905	11,520	
Paints and Oilsewelry and Clocks	298	79 517	496,647 2,775,325	1,173,294 6,400,249	1907	11,725	197,385,225
looks and Papers	105 65	128 127	587,924 598,580	994,605 1,185,750	1909	12,924 12,652	154,603,465 201,757,09 <b>7</b>
Ill other	1,588	$\frac{2,126}{16,282}$		25,661,476 \$163,682,300	1911	13,241	186,498,823 203,117,391
3rokers and Transporters		990			1913	15,632 18,280	250,802,536
Total Commercial		22,540			1915	22,156	302,286,148

<sup>\*</sup> Twelve months from November 1 to October 31. Other years calendar years, These statistics were repared for The World Almanac by R. G. Dun & Co.

LIMIT of sum which may be deposited by a single individual in a savings bank under the various State

1445.									
STATE.	Limit of Deposit.	STATE.	Limit of Deposit,	STATE.	Limit of Deposit.				
Alabama (a) Alaska Alaska Alaska Alaska Alaska Alaska Alaska Alaska Alaska Alaska Alaska Alaska Alaska Alaska Alaska Alaska Colorado Connecticut Delaware District of Columbia Florida Georgia Hawaii Idaho Illinois Indiana Iowa Kansas Kentucky	\$2,000 (c) (f) (f) none none none none	Louislana. Maine Maine Maryland. Massauusetts. Minnesote. Missoire. Missoire. Montana (a) Nebraska. Nevada. Nevada. New Hampshire. New Hampshire. New York New York North Carolina. North Dakota.	\$2,000 (d) \$1,000 (e) \$5,000 none \$4,000 none none none none none s3,000 (g)	Ohlo Okiahoma (a) Oregon (a). Oregon (a). Pennsylvania Rennsylvania Rhode Isiand South Carolina. South Dakota (a). Tennessee. Texas Utah Vermont. Virginia. Washington West Virginia Wisconsin Wyoming.	none s5,000 (J) (f) (f) (none none none s4,000 none none (m) none				

(a) The State has no separate savings banks. Most commercial banks accept savings deposits as allowed in their charters. (b) In any period of three years. (c) With accrued interest limit is \$3,000. Limitation does not apply to religious and charitable associations. (d) No interest on sum exceeding \$2,000 veept for deposits by widows, orphans, administrators, executors, guardians, charitable institutions and trust funds. (e) With accrued interest limit is \$2,000. (f) No statutory limit. Limit determined by 'k. (g) Exclusive of dividends. Every savings bank may further limit the aggregate amount which 'dividual or any corporation or society may deposit to such sum as it may deem expedient to receive; 'in its discretion, refuse to receive a deposit or at any time return all or any part of any deposit, limit (\$10,000 applies to a great many banks in Ohio, but all savings banks have their own rules, alt accordingly. (f) Exclusive of accrued interest. The act, however, does not apply to savings a incorporated by special acts of Legislature prior to 1874. (k) This sum to to be exceeded in any one ar. (m) 1,000 in mutual savings banks; no limit in other savings banks.

#### INTEREST LAWS AND STATUTES OF LIMITATIONS.

				0 /110		710120 C			0.401		
	INTEREST LAWS.						INTEREST LAWS.		STATUTES OF LIMITATIONS.		
STATES AND TERRITORIES.	Legal Rate.	Rate Allowed by Contract.	ments,	Notes, Years.	Open Ac- counts, Years	STATES AND TERRITORIES.	Legal Rate.	Rate Allowed by Contract.	ments.	Notes, Years.	Open Ac- counts, Years.
Alabama Alaska Arkansas Arkansas Arkansas Arlzona California Colorado Connecticut Delaware Dist. of Col. Florida. Georgis Hawaii Habo Inols Idabo Inols Inol	6 to 10	Any rate. 6 6 10 10 8 12 12 7 8 8 10 6 8 Any rate. Any rate. 8 10 6 8 8 12 12 7 8 8 8 10 6 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	20 (k) 10 (h) 12 20 7 20 6 7 20 (d) 15 10 6–20 12 6 (c)	66544666356651001555-20	36334663334645653536366635	Montana Nebraska Nevada New Jersey New Mexico New Mexico New York N. Carolina N. Dakota Oklahoma Ocegon Oregon Rhode Island S. Carolina South Dakota Tennessee Toxas Utah Vermont Verginia Washington West Virginia Wisconsin	666666666666776668666	6 12 6 6 10 8 10 10 10 12 (e) Any rate. 8 12 (m) 6 12 6	20 10 20 10 10 8 6 20 6 10	8566666663*665366666446145610610	54466463663663666624633568

\*Under seal, 10 years, † Unless a different rate is expressly stipulated. † Under seal, 20 years, †† New York has legalized any rate of interest on call loans of \$5,000 or upward, on collateral security, \$5 \text{Six years from last item on either side. (a) Judgments, 6 per cent. (b) Judgments, 6 years, (c) Witnessed, 20 years. (d) Thirty-five years in Courts of Record, eighteen years in inferior courts. (c) Pawnbrokers, 4 per cent, per month. (f) Ceases to be a lien after the period unless revived. (h) Subject to renewal. (f) Not of record, 6 years. (k) No limit. (m) No statute. (n) Except witnessed promissory

Pawnbrokers, 4 per cent, per month. (f) Ceases to be a lien after the period unless revived (h) Subject to renewal. (f) Not of record, 6 years. (k) No limit. (m) No statute. (n) Except witnessed promissory note, 14 years.

Penalties for usury differ in various States. California, misdemeanor with jail term, \$500 fine or both; Colorado, Maine, Massachusetts (except on loans of less than \$1,000), have no provisions on the subject. Loss of principal and interest is the penalty in Arkansas and New York. Loss of principal in Delaware and Oregon.

Loss of interest in Alabama, Arizona, District of Columbia, Florida, Idaho, Illinois, Iowa, Louislana, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Nebraska, New Jersey, North Carolina (double amount if paid), North Dakota (double amount if paid), Porto Rico, South Carolina, South Dakota, Virginia, Washington (double amount if paid), Porto Rico, South Carolina, South Dakota, Virginia, Washington (double the amount of interest collected.

Loss of excess of interest in Connecticut, Georgia, Indiana, Kansas, Kentucky, Maryland, Missouri, Nevada, New Hampshire (three times), Ohio, Pennsylvania, Tennessee, Vermont, and West Virginia, Loss of principal and interest in Rhode Island, also fine or imprisonment. In New Mexico, fine and forfeiture of double amount collected.

#### FEDERAL RESERVE BOARD.

THE banking and currency law, known as the Federal Reserve Act, was approved December 23, 1913. Under the system known as the National Banking System, which was inaugurated at the latter of the Civil War, the National bankinote currency was based upon Government bonds deposited in the Treasury, and the currency thus issued has been classed by economists as bond-secured currency. This plan was evolved not only to nationalize and unity the currency, which had theretofore consisted of notes issued by State banks, but as well to create a market for United States bonds, and in this way to sustain their value. It was entirely successful for the latter purpose, but has outworn its usefulness as a banking system because of its entire want of elasticity.

The Federal Reserve Act is the result of a long discussion by statesmen, financiers, economists and bankers, and is a constructive measure based upon and growing out of many bills which have been introduced within the past twenty years. Under it twelve cities, known as Federal Reserve cities, are established, and the (continental) United States is divided into twelve geographical districts, each district containing one of the reserve cities. The twelve districts and their respective reserve cities are as follows:

Dist. No. 1   Boston, Mass.	Dist. No. 5.   Richmond, Va.	Dist. No. 9.   Minneapolis, Minn.
Dist. No. 2 New York, N. Y.		Dist. No. 10. Kansas City. Mo.
Dist. No. 3 Philadelphia, Pa.		Dist. No. 11. Dallas, Tex.
Dist. No. 4.   Cleveland, Ohio.	Dist. No. 8. St. Louis, Mo.	Dist. No. 12. San Francisco, Cal.

Every National bank is required to become a stockholder in the Federal Reserve bank of the district in which it is situated, and any State bank or trust company which compiles with certain specified requirements is permitted to become a member bank. There are at the present the 7,598 National banks in the United States which have thus been required to become member banks. This eight State banks are also members.

Fhe largest district, in respect to number of member banks—the seventh or Chicago & 93 member banks. The smallest district—the sixth or Atlanta district—has 390 member banks. has 993 member banks.

Each member bank; The smailest district—the sixth of Atlanta district—mas 390 member bank. Each member bank is required to subscribe to the stock of the Federal Reserve bank district in the amount equal to 6 per centum of its paid-up capital stock and surplus. The Fea. Reserve bank does not do business with the public in the sense that banks usually do; it may bett, be described as a bank of banks. It is made a depositary for a certain proportion of the reserve of all the member banks, and in addition may also be a depositary for Government funds. An important function is as a bank of issue and redemption of currency, for it may secure from the Treasury Government notes known as Federal Reserve notes, which it is authorized to issue against commercial paper with a minimum gold reserve of 40 per centum. Besides this, Federal Reserve banks are granted certain powers in the matter of operations in the open market, such as the purchase of commercial paper, foreign exchange, etc., and in a general way are expected to perform important functions as clearing houses between their member banks.

Each Federal Reserve bank has nine directors, three of whom represent the member banks, three represent commercial, agricultural or other industrial pursuit (these six being chosen by the member banks), and finally three Government directors chosen by the Federal Reserve Board. These nine directors are charged with the duty of appointing all necessary officers, including the active manager of the bank, who is designated as its Governor.

Under the act the whole system is under the supervision of a central board in Washington, known as the Federal Reserve Board, consisting of the Secretary of the Treasury and the Comptroller of the Currency acting ex-officio, and five members named by the President with the approval of the Senate. The five members and the expirations of their terms are as follows:

W. P. G. Harding, Governor, August 10, 1922; Paul M. Warburg, Vice-Governor, August 10, 1918; Charles S. Hamlin, August 10, 1926; Frederic A. Delano, August 10, 1920; A. C. Miller, August 10, 1924.

The salary of the members of this board is \$12,000 per annum each, which salaries, together with all other expenses of operating the system, are assessed against the Federal Reserve banks in proportion to their capital stock and surplus. Secretary to the board, H. Parker Willis: Assistant Secretary and Fiscal Agent, Sherman Allen. Headquarters, Washington, D. C.
The capital of the Reserve hanks of the system follows:

The capital of the Reserve Banks of the System follows.										
Dist. No. 1 (Boston)	\$10.048,200.00	Dist, No. 8 (St. Louis)	\$5,588,700.00							
Dist. No. 2 (New York)	23.817.300.00	Dist. No. 9 (Minneapolis)	5,207,100.00							
Dist. No. 3 (Philadelphia)	10.447.700.00	Dist. No. 10 (Kansas City)	6,087,000.00							
Dist. No. 4 (Cleveland)	11,978,600.00	Dist. No. 11 (Dallas)	5,387,566.66							
Dist. No. 5 (Richmond)	6,679,500.00	Dist. No. 12 (San Francisco)	7,840,366.66							
Dist. No. 6 (Atlanta)	4,958,400.00									
Dist. No. 7 (Chicago)	13.361.600.00	Total	111.402.033.32							

#### THE CREMATION ASSOCIATION OF AMERICA.

President—G. S. Metcalfe, Buffalo, N. Y. Vice-President—Richard D'Ocneh, St. Louis, Mo. Treasurer—E. P. Samson, Pittsburgh, Pa. Secretary—A. T. Roever, Cincinnati, O.

#### HUMAN CREMATIONS IN AMERICA

(From the Institution of the first crematory in 1876 down to and including the year 1915.)

Crematories at the following places: Ancon Panama; Baltimore, Md.; Boston, Mass.; Buffalo, N. Y.; Cambridge, Mass.; Chicago, Ill.; Cincinnati, Ohio; Cleveland, Ohio; Davenport, Ia.; Denver, Col.; Detroit, Mich.; Fort Wayne, Ind.; Presno, Cal.; Honolulu, Hawait; Indianapolis, Ind.; Lancaster, Pa.; Linden, N. J.; Los Angeles, Cal.; Midletown, Ct.; Milwauke, Wis.; Minneapolis, Minu.; Anotreal, Canada; New York, N. Y.; North Bergen, N. J.; Oakland, Cal.; Omaha, Neb.; Pasadena, Cal.; Pendleton, Ore.; Philadelphia, Pa.; Pittsburgh, Pa.; Portland, Ore.; Rochester, N. Y.; Sacramento, Cal.; Salem, Ore.; San Diego, Cal.; San Francisco, Cal.; Seattle, Wash.; Spokane, Wash.; Springfield, Mass.; St. Louis, Mo.; St. Paul, Minn.; Tacoma, Wash.; Troy, N. Y.; Union Hill, N. J.; Vancouver, B. C.; Washington, D. C.; Washington, Pa.; Waterville, N. Y.

Cremations in the following years: 1876-1884, 28: 1885, 58: 1886, 110: 1887, 127: 1888, 187: 1889, 239: 1890, 368; 1891, 459; 1892, 547; 1893, 644; 1894, 809; 1895, 1, 005; 1896, 1,084; 1897, 1,371; 1898, 1,688; 1899, 1,976; 1900, 2,363; 1901, 2,713; 1902, 3,200; 1903, 3,532; 1904, 4,093; 1905, 4,328; 1906, 4,537; 1907, 1907,

#### AIR PILOTS' CLUB-(America.)

Composed of American airmen who hold international licenses granted under authority of the Aero

Club of America. The officers are: The officers are: President—George B. Harrison, 1019 Grand Avenue, Kansas City, Mo. Vice-President
—A. Roy Knabenshue, Toledo, Ohlo. Secretary—Charles F. Williard, 297 Madison Ave., New York, N. Y.
Directors—Gienn L. Martin, Walter R. Brooklins, Arthur S. Smith and Robert G, Fowler. Vice-President

#### LIFE INSURANCE STATISTICS.

CONDITION OF REGULAR LEGAL RESERVE COMPANIES JANUARY 1, 1916, AND BUSINESS THE PRECEDING YEAR.\*

No. of Assets.	Premiums Total Received, Income,	Payments to Policyholders (Losses, Div-penditures.	New Policies Issuen.	Policies in Force.
Co's 238 \$5,190,310,35		idends, Sur- renders, &c.) \$768,506,477	No.   Amount.	No. Amount. 41,933,932 \$21,729,563,761

# CONDITION AND BUSINESS OF ASSESSMENT COMPANIES AND ORDERS.

		1			NEW POLICIES ISSUED.		INSURANCE IN FORCE.	
Assets.	Assessments	Total	Paymentsto	Total Ex-			No.of	Amount.
	Collected.		Policy holders		No.		Members.	
233,050	\$157,963,090	\$151,952,738	\$107,603.507	\$138,805,985	11.600,000	\$1,023,789,356	8,665,044	\$9,491,441,128

ncluding industrial policies. † Estimated.

The returns of life insurance in the first three tables were compiled from The Insurance Year Book, published by The Spectator Company.

# INCOME AND DISBURSEMENTS.

The following table shows the receipts and disbursements of the "old-line" life insurance companies reporting to the New York Insurance Department.

YEAR ENDED DEC. 31.	No. of Com- panies.	Total Income.	Total Pay- ments for Losses, Endow- ments, and Annuities.	Total Payments for Lapsed, Surrendered, and Purchased Policies.	Total Dividends to Policyholders.	Total Payments to Policyholders.	Taxes, Com- missions, and other Expenses.	Total Dis- bursements.
1901	38	\$437,935,470	\$135,674,468	\$23,907,412	\$23,811,649	\$183,393,529	\$103,051,203	8287,181,045
1902	39	488,736,272			26,589,715		116,474,384	
1903	42	534,161,859		31,497,758	30,617,368		128,440,557	
1904	42	580,743,959	171,804,278	35,916,236	33,334,133			
1905	43	614,712,082	179,795,591	42,366,560	35,795,581			
1906	43	632,446,618	183,626,623	55,178,177	39,782,313			404,215,088
1907	37	625,718,823	191,854,912	55,441,688	45,109,125			
1908	35	644,573,752	194,679,498	71,084,481	52,830,628			428,536,035
1909	35	679,723,687	206,913,492		62,034,966			
1910	ő,	703,920,542			72,874,539			
1911	34	750,115,822			80 <b>,0</b> 95 <b>,</b> 320			
1913	34	791,913,771	247,121,290		88,354,107			
1913	34	833,681,444			96,867,236	436,968,154		
1914	35	865,857,129			104,128,162			
1915	35	917,992,752	288,028,236	113,365,213	106,065,500	507,458,949	178,349,881	687,255,559

# ASSETS OF AND AMOUNT INSURED BY THE PRINCIPAL AMERICAN COMPANIES JANUARY 1, 1916.

COMPANIES.	Insurance in Force.	Admitted Assets.	COMPANIES.	Insurance in Force.	Admitted Assets.
Metropolitan, N. Y rudentiai, N. J ew York Life, N. Y. wutuai Life, N. Y. wutuai Life, N. Y. Routiable Life, N. Y. Northwestern Mutuai, Wis. John Hancock Mutuai, Mass. Mutuai Benefit, N. J. Penn Mutuai, Pa. Union Central, Ohio. Aetna Life, Ct. Fravelers (Life Dept.), Ct. Massachusetts Mutuai, Mass.	\$3,196,491,344 2,810,080,324 2,403,800,878 1,636,538,117 1,529,896,053 797,995,461 761,459,167 646,383,305 429,975,546 407,959,099 394,815,205	\$539,441,119 393,335,700 852,292,736 616,642,730 545,869,211 350,376,422 127,112,603 192,660,163 162,034,738 109,385,689 124,385,762 103,349,726	National Life, Vt. State Mutual, Mass. Phoenix Mutual, Ct. Fidelity Mutual, Pa. Home, N. Y. Pittsburgh L. & T., Pa. Connecticut General, Ct. Berkshire Life, Mass. Columbian National, Mass. Union Mutual, Me. Security Mutual, N. Y. Postal Life, N. Y. Manhattan Life, N. Y.	\$200,987,121 188,317,515 167,512,999 132,335,787 125,660,173 108,524,009 95,984,980 76,522,036 67,115,899 64,639,278 48,916,938 41,093,656 41,027,507	40,003,938 31,278,558 31,969,248 23,865,460 16,349,485 22,803,228 11,256,006 19,043,108 7,609,903
New England Mutual, Mass Connecticut Mutual, Ct	309,699,971	74,273,591	United States Life, N. Y Colonial, N. J	35,024,027	7,629,529

# LIFE INSURANCE IN VARIOUS COUNTRIES.

Insurance in force, United States (including assessment Insurance), \$31,221,004,889; Great Britain, 5,870,212,000; Germany, \$2,350,000,000; France, \$762,300,000; Austria, \$950,000,000; Scandinavia, \$350,000,000; Svandinavia, \$350,000,000; Sussia, \$4100,000,000; Japan, \$280,003,764. Regarding European countries the fore-olding are the latest returns, but amounts in force may have been affected by the war.

# RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS IN 1915 OF COMPANIES REPORTING TO THE NEW YORK INSURANCE DEPARTMENT.

	i	RECEIPTS.			D	ISBUPSEME	NTS.		
COMPANIES.	Premlums Received.	Interest and Other Income.	Total Income.	Death Claims Paid.	Matured Endow- ments.	Lapsed and Sur- rendered	Dividends to Policy- holders.	Total Paid Policy- holders.	
Aetna Life. Bankers', Iowa Berkshire. Columbian Nat'l. Colonial Life. Connecticut Gen. Connecticut Gen. Connecticut Mut. Equitable, N. Y. Fidelity Mutual. Germania. Home Life. John Hancock. Manhattan Life. Mass. Mutual. Metropolitan. Mutual Beneft. Mutual Beneft. Mutual, N. Y. Natlonal, V. New Eng. Mut. New York Life. Northwest. Mut. Paclic Mutual. Phoenix Mutual. Phoenix Mutual. Phoenix Mutual. Phoenix Mutual. Phoenix Mutual. Phoenix Mutual. Phoenix Mutual. Phoenix Mutual. Phoenix Mutual. Prostal, N. Y. Provident L. & T. Protential. Security Mutual.	7,275,084 2,707,030 2,143,152 1,194,181 2,868,327 7,492,914 56,015,862 4,799,524 5,988,195 1,930,271 12,185,959 112,696,948 26,899,014 26,899,014 59,255,293 7,290,432 10,192,309 91,332,663 5,990,985 1,465,742 11,465,742 11,465,742 11,465,742 93,851,365 93,851,365 1,670,387	1,367,323 538,037 135,052 844,348 3514,179 26,702,677 1,696,238 1,551,919 1,551,943 1,033,960 4,328,790 24,674,717 9,628,477 24,674,717 9,628,477 23,099,008 3,316,141 39,778,867 1,346,530 8,040,891 2,160,592 1,333,584 512,641 4,231,710 18,717,057	6.495,807 8.514,114 5.897,008 34,550,907 2.964,177 16.514,749 137,371,665 16.527,491 187,862,968 10,389,440 131,111,430 7,655,391 111,436 8,159,675 1,1978,283 1,1978,283 1,198,155 1,1978,283 1,198,156	4,328,791 1,328,415 500,388 341,812 4,771,125 4,771,125 4,794,132 1,708,333 1,70	223,539 72,334 4,007) 288,333 391,669 1,33,465 1,771,568 627,983 722,537 130,324 286,359 4,282,050 1,735,996 7,1222,015 637,697 1,222,015 637,697 1,222,015 1,000,252 4,500,097 240,965 2,257,715 1,000,252 4,500,097 240,965 2,257,715 1,000,252 4,500,097 240,965 2,257,715 1,000,252 4,500,097 240,103 143,192 3,044,454 1,441,128 25,000	31,339 652,201 350,635 45,433 2,77,939 14,062 1,974,514 1,384,818 861,589 3,177,624 1,136,218 1,136,218 1,136,218 1,366,138 1,799,327 1,366,138 1,367,369 1,	271,758 464,305 68,850 9,333 2,49,484 12,345,015 793,576 940,404 602,721 2,901,434 258,400 1,1324,247 1,120,80 16,672,583 13,271,982 626,624 39,526,496 239,825 1,934,778 1,7846,937	4,631,888 997,771 400,578 1,509,484 7,900,326 58,371,388 4,762,683 5,849,885 3,447,381 15,707,786 2,842,599 8,694,2 47,956 19,34 67,05 19,34 67,05 19,34 17,468,70 4,943,941 1,135,537 1,621,872 9,592,137 43,043,862 1,162,131	
State Mutual Travelers Union Central Union Mutual Western & South.	6,537,726 10,988,286 14,684,470 2,298,178 3,437,634	4,467,456 7,151,246 860,665	15,455,742 21,835,716 3,158,843	3,374,611 3,706,581 743,097	1,281,048 3,141,056 429,957	1,768,621 2,861,972 953,316	63,341	6,573,327 12,485,488 2,482,448	

### DISBURSEMENTS-Continued.

COMPANIES.	Commis- sions Paid.	Salaries Paid.	All Other Expenses.	Dividends to Stock- holders.	Taxes.	Profit and Loss.	Total Expenses .	Total Disburse- ments.
Aetna Life. Bankers', Iowa Berkshire. Columbian National. Colonial Life. Connecticut General. Connecticut General. Connecticut General. Germania. Home Life. John Hancock. Manhattan Life. Massachusetts Mut. Metropolitan. Mutual Benefit. Mutual, N. Y. National, Vt. New England Mutual New York Life. Northwestern Mutual New York Life. Northwestern Mutual New General Mutual New York Life. Northwestern Mutual Pacific Mutual	Paid.  \$1,251,675 687,006 214,846 196,734 164,046 366,597 690,788 4,887,037 453,680 426,517 1,79,637 1,79,637 1,79,637 1,79,637 1,000,309 2,624,804 4,219,780 1,000,309 1,000,309 1,773,65 1,000,309 1,977,365 1,855,210 4,977,365 1,977,367	Pald.  \$748,377 194,531 161,597 394,531 360,174 360,714 360,727 355,054 375,054 329,9853 345,950 4,827,520 4,827,520 4,827,520 4,827,520 4,827,520 4,754,786 4,754,786 1,171,792 324,089	Expenses. \$1,557,868 230,7811 293,061 86,429 206,922 655,832 3,805,106 4,42,429 523,462 523,462 1,767,399 429,780 12,699,557 1,557,142 4,036,786 600,957 2,918,576 2,649,245 4,92,67	holders. \$400,000 70,000 40,000 7,000 24,000 15,000 42,249	\$471.204 1111.489 50.938 39,080 16,146 255,474 971,534 94,257 67,340 71,611 366,428 36,767 245,714 1,587,984 1,182,250 1,230,149 1,162,940 1,110,994	Loss.  \$96,643 3,566 48,479 20,102 341 20,704 82,356 12,910 7,972 68,688 52 3,02 29,683 5,715,268 1,981 29,723 7,039 7,143	Expenses.  \$3,557,868 1,389,34° 609,121 750,515 610,647 747,546 1,701,674 1,191,906 1,156,374 1,499,677 1,140,515 7,864,811 759,353 2,644,384 36,703,606 4,872,456 11,482,326 11,589,388	ments. \$16,390,385 6,021,236 3,277 1,748,286 1,011,225 2,257,030 9,602,000 69,563,294 5,919,057 7,349,567 4,587,896 4,587,896 4,587,896 4,587,896 4,587,896 84,659,758 84,659,758 84,659,758 84,659,758 84,659,758 84,157,77 9,262,614 4,738,615
Penn Mutual. Phesia Mutual. Plttsburgh L. & T. Postal. Provident L. & T. Prudential. Security Mutual. State Mutual. Travelers Union Central. Union Mutual. Western & Southern.	535,274 199,708 29,800 1,065,821 2,743,174 177,874 661,381 1,156,175 1,639,463 209,269	457,946 335,633 87,715 588,210 18,267,984 210,927 233,646 728,563 634,843 161,728	431,533 526,478 320,493 660,181 221,811,283 7 203,211 0 485,330 1,735,607 1 1,869,994 3 244,067	280,000 50,000	183,876 58,673 2,953 186,842 2,242,6855 32,356 120,856 281,857 310,418 47,677	1,114 127,214 431 15,307,697 31,496 32,145 62,864 81,962	1,061,819 438,008 2,314,212 42,822,441 592,012 1,380,357 3,620,345 4,144,298 615,064	4,197,356 2,059,888 11,906,349 85,866,303 1,754,143 6,699,319 10,193,672 16,629,786 3,097,512

LIFE INSURANCE PROCRESS IN THE UNITED STATES.

It is within the past seventy-three years that the vast business of life insurance in the United States has been developed. The experimental stage was ended and the era of advance was opened when, in 1843, the Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York began business, its first policy having been issued on February 1 of that year.

Since then a large number of life insurance companies have been established. The following list includes those now transacting business which had their inception between 1843 and 1860 inclusive, arranged concerning the control of the first policy, issued:

cludes those now transacting business which had their inception between 1843 and 1860 Inclusive, arranged according to the date of the first policy Issued:

Muthal Life Insurance Company, 1843, February 1; New England Muthal Life Insurance Company, 1845, April 17; Muthal Benefit Life Insurance Company, 1845, April 17; Muthal Benefit Life Insurance Company, 1845, May 6; State Muthal Life Assurance Company, 1845, June 1; Connecticut Muthal Life Insurance Company, 1846, December 15; Penn Muthal Life Insurance Company, 1847, June 25; Union Muthal Life Insurance Company, 1849, October 1; National Life Insurance Company, 1847, June 25; Union Muthal Life Insurance Company, 1850, March 4; Ætha Life Insurance Vermont, 1850, February 1; United States Life Insurance Company, 1850, August 1; Mansatana Life Insurance Company, 1850, August 1; Mansatana Life Insurance Company, 1851, September 11; Berkshire Life Insurance Company, 1851, September 11; Berkshire Life Insurance Company, 1850, Vocember 25; Equitable Life Assurance Society, 1859, July 28; Washington Life Insurance Company, 1860, February 2; Home Life Insurance Company, 1860, February 2; Home Life Insurance Company, 1850, May 1; Germania Life Insurance Company, 1850, July 16.

How life Insurance has progressed since the early part of 1843 is shown in the subjoined table by periods of years as Indicated, assessment Insurance not being Included.

of years as indicated, assessment insurance not being included.

DECEMBER 31.	Amount of Outstand- ing Insurance.	Amount of Assets.
1843 967 12 1	1.235.000.000	\$1,000,000 124,534,000 907,441,000 1,576,000,000 4,935,252,793

### AMERICAN EXPERIENCE TABLE OF MORTALITY.

is is the mortality table prescribed by statute in most of the States as the basis upon which the es of life insurance companies shall be computed:

	00 01 1110 1	III) CIII COTI CO	Compension	-5 6554455	o obimpat	· · ·					
AGE.	Number Living.	Num- ber Dylng.	Expec- tation of Life.	AGE.	Number Llying.	Num- ber Dying.	Expec- tation of Life.	AGE.	Number Living.	Num- ber Dying.	Expec- tation of Life.
10	100,000	749	48.72	39	78,862	756	28.90	68	43,133	2,243	9.47
îĭ	99,251	746	48.08	40	78,106	765	28.18	69	40.890	2,321	8.97
12	98,505	743	47.45	41	77,341	774	27.45	70	38,569	2,391	8.48
13	97,762	740	46.80	42	76.567	785	26.72	71	36,178	2,448	8.00
14	97,022	737	46.16	43	75,782	797	26.00	72	33,730	2,487	7.55
1ŝ	96,285	735	45.50	44	74,985	812	25.27	73	31,243	2,505	7.11
16	95,550	732	44.85	45	74,173	828	24.54	74	28,738	2,501	6.68
16 17	94,818	729	44.19	46	73,345	848	23.81	75	26,237	2,476	6.27
18	94,089	727	43.53	47	72,497	870	23.08	76	23,761	2,431	5.88
19	93,362	725	42.87	48	71,627	898	22.36	77	21.330	2,369	5.49
20	92,637	723	42.20	49	70,731	927	21.63	78	18,961	2,291	5.11
21	91,914	722	41.53	50	69,804	962	20.91	79	16,670	2,196	4.74
22	91,192	721	40.85	51	68,842	1,001	20.20	11 80	14,474	2,091	4.39
23	90,471	720	40.17	52	67,841	1.044	19.49	ll 81	12,383	1.964	4.05
24	89,751	719	39.49	53	66,797	1,091	18.79	82	10,419	1,816	3.71
25	- 89.032	718	38.81	54	65,706	1.143	18.09	ll 83	8,603	1,648	3.39
26	88,314	718	38.12	55	64,563	1,199	17.40	84	6.955	1,470	3.08
27	87,596	718	37.43	56 57	63,364	1.260	16.72	85	5,485	1,292	2.77
28	86,878	718	36.73	57	62,104	1.325	16.05	ll 86	4.193	1.114	2.47
29	86,160	719	36,03	58	60,779	1.394	15.39	ll 87	3,079	933	2.18
30	85,441	720	35.33	59	59,385	1,468	14.74	88	2,146	744	1,91
31	84 721	721	34.63	60	57,917	1,546	14.10	89	1,402	555	1.66
31 32	84,000	723	33.92	61	56,371	1.628	13,47	90	847	385	1.42
33	83,277	726	33.21	62	54,743	1,713	12.86	91	462	246	1.19
34	82,551	729	32.50	63	53,030	1.800	12.26	92	216	137	.98
35	81,822	732	31.78	64	51,230	1.889	11.67	93	79	58	.80
26	81,090	737	31.07	65	49,341	1,980	11.10	94	21	18 3	.64
37	80,353	742	30.35	66	47,361	2,070	10.54	95	3	3	.50
38	79,611	749	29.62	67	45,291	2,158	10.00	11			1

### CASUALTY INSURANCE IN THE UNITED STATES.

INSURANCE in force January 1, 1916—Personal Accident and Health, \$5,000,000,000; Steam Boller, \$500,000,000; Plate Glass, \$200,000,000; Employers' Liability (estimated), \$1,000,000,000; Fidelity, \$1,700,000,000; Surety, \$1,500,000,000; Credit, \$50,000,000; Burglary, \$80,000,000; Workmen's Compensation (liability unlimited and impossible to estimate).

CASUALTY AND SURETY INSURANCE BUSINESS IN 1915.

The following was the business transacted in the United States in 1915 by the companies doing a miscellaneous insurance business:

CLASS OF BUSINESS.	Prem'ums Received.		P.C.	CLASS OF BUSINESS.	Premlums Received.	Losses Paid.	P.C.
Accident	\$36,977,988 6,692,937	\$17,197,415 2,626,438	$\frac{46.5}{39.2}$	Liability	\$35,537,231 4,865,675		62.6
Burglary and Theft Credit	1,395,713	1,792,101 939,765	$\frac{37.7}{67.3}$	Sprinkler	215,818 3,019,587	185,556	6.1
Fidelity	239,947	27,593	11.5	Surety			
# Down and Include	,		10.0.	1 404	00,1,0,010,		10.0

<sup>\*</sup> Does not include State Fund figures.

### FIRE INSURANCE STATISTICS.

# CONDITION AND TRANSACTIONS OF COMPANIES DOING BUSINESS IN THE UNITED STATES, YEAR ENDED JANUARY 1, 1916.

Number of Companies. 302 Stock*	Capital. \$107,674,615	Assets Exclusive of Premium Notes. \$873,944.888		Cash Premiums Received during Year. \$419,361,346	duriog Year.
NUMBER OF COMPANIES.	Paid for Losses during Year.	Paid for Dividends	Expenses other than Losses and Divi- dends during Year.	Total Dispurse ments during Year.	Risks Written during Year.
302 Stock*	\$221,701,359	\$26,509,028	\$157,729,585	\$405,939,972	+\$53,000,000,000·

<sup>\*</sup>Including Lloyds. † Approximation. These statistics of fire insurance business in the United States are, with the exception of the estimate of risks written during the year, compiled from The Insurance Year-Book, published by The Spectator Company. They do not include the returns of a few stock companies and some 500 mutuals and town and county mutuals, whose transactions are purely local and individually of small volume.

## CONDITION OF THE PRINCIPAL JOINT STOCK COMPANIES DOING BUSINESS IN THE UNITED STATES, JANUARY 1, 1916.\*

UNITED STATES, JANUARY 1, 1916.*											
COMPANIES.	Admitted Assets.	Capital.	Surplus.	COMPANIES.	Admitted Assets.	Capitai.	Surplu.				
Home, N. Y Continental, N. Y	\$38,938,684 30,948,140	\$6,000,000	16,509,061	Milwaukee Mech., Wis. Security, Ct	4,268,134	\$1,000,000					
Hartford, Ct	28,261,480			National Union, Pa	4,080,994	1,000,000					
Aetna, Ct	24,705,536 22,819,113		7,404,628 8,672,171	Ins. Co. of State of Pa American Central, Mo	4,927,468 4,002,418						
Ins. Co. of N. America.	20,517,190	4.000,000		Orient, Ct	3.866.139		1,112,905				
Fidelity Phenix, N. Y	17,789,708	2,500,000	6,214,021	Phœnix, Eng	3.822,298	†200,000	1,240,123				
National, Ct	16,224,444		3,385,641	NatBen Franklin	3,463,212	1,000,000					
Phœnix, Ct Liv., Lon. & Globe, Eng.	15,345,365 14,546,298	1200,000	6,056,106 4,626,913	Camden, N. J	3,405,404 3,344,254						
Springfield F. &M., Mass.	11,695,374	2,500,000	2,580,667	Jakor, Russia	3,315,905	1200,000					
St. Paul F. & M., Minn.	11,228,419	1,000,000	2,516,509	Buffalo German, N. Y	3,287,770	400,000	1.368.224				
Fireman's Fund, Cal	11,222,086		2,449,774	North River, N. Y Palatine, England	3,166,706 3,143,416						
Queen, N. Y	10,873,209 10,548,295	1,000,000 1,000,000	4,537,559 3,579,672	London Assurance, Eng.	3,099,015		984,341 798,241				
Globe & Rutgers, N. Y.	10.492.866	400,000	4.960.272	Atlas Assurance, Eng	3,082,720	1200,000	1.176.426				
Fire Association, Pa	9,348,357	750,000	2,408,235	Commonwealth, N. Y.	3,022,107	500,000	1,464,719				
Commercial Union, Eng. N. British & Mercantile.	9,230,454	1200,000	2,159,880	Norwich Union, Eng Mercantile, N. Y	2,916,866 2,915,127	1,000,000					
Munich Reinsurance	9,067,007 8,546,628	†200,000 †200,000	3,931,875 1,522,748	Western Assurance, Can.							
Pennsylvania Fire, Pa.	8,157,499	750,000	2.358.386	Aachen & Munich, Ger	2,720,360	1200,000					
Germania Fire, N. Y	8,071,399	1,000,000	2,151,044	Alliance, Pa	2,690,769		750,000				
Niagara Fire, N. Y	7,726,670		1,799,767	Gerard F. & M., Pa Royal Exchange, Eng	2,476,903 2,462,649						
Northwestern National. Boston, Mass	7,113,003 7,101,639	1,000,000	1,944,538 2,554,412	Concordia, Wis	2,423,006	†200,000 600,000	754,99 <b>9</b> 396,366				
Firemen's, N. J	7,046,763	1.000,000	2,708,837	Detroit F. & M., Mich	2,392,921	500,000	1,115,208				
Connecticut Fire, Ct	6,920,535	1,000,000	1,558,793	American Eagle, N. Y.	2,373,908	1,000,000	1,087,519				
Scottish Union & N	6,759,837	<b>†</b> 200,000	3,883,330	Automobile, Ct Balkan National	2,338,857	1,000,000					
New Hampshire, N. H Westchester Fire, N. Y.	6,690,100 6,202,375	1,350,000 500,000	2,152,011 1,114,772	Prussian National	2,327,273 2,318,927	1200,000 1200,000	775,516 708,313				
Northern Assec., Eng	5,954,996	+200,000	2,621,966	Caledonian, Scotland	2.284.738	+200,000					
Glens Falls, N. Y	5,861,325	500,000	1,637,471	Newark Fire, N. J	2,153,768	500,000	429,698				
Rossia, Russia	5,739,510	†200,000	1,169,983	Moscow, Russia	2,138,885	†200,000	627,131				
Providence-Wash., R. I. Williamsburgh C., N. Y	5,657,560 4,996,585	1,000,000	399,620 230,788	Swiss National	2,099,287 2,062,618	†200,000 400,000	570,731 1,037,368				
Lon. & Lancashire, Eng.	4,994,655	1200,000	1,899,920	Franklin, Pa	2.052.726	500,000	611.952				
Sun, England	4,886,598	†200,000	1,768,526	Lumbermen's, Pa	1,975,442	250,000	1,247,146				
Agricultural, N. Y	4,689,817	500,000	1,841,377	People's National, Pa	1,974,807	1,000,000	96,5				
Hamburg Assurance Hanover Fire, N. Y	4,565,793 4,541,291		1,166,025 801,114	British America, Canada	1,938,809	†200,000	775,645				

<sup>\*</sup>Annual statements of the lire insurance companies are rendered to the Insurance Departments during themonth of January; therefore the statistics of condition January 1, 1917, were not ready when this publication went to press, † The New York law requires a deposit of \$200,000 from foreign companies with the Insurance Department. This is treated by the department as "deposit capital," and the surplus states in the next column is "surplus beyond deposit capital" and other liabilities.

### ANNUAL PROPERTY LOSSES IN THE UNITED STATES AND CANADA BY FIRES.

YEARS.	Property Loss.	Insurance Loss.	YEARS.	Property Loss.	Insurance Loss.
1901 1902 1903 1904 1905 1906 1907 1908	161,488,355 145,302,155 222,198,050 165,221,650 518,611,800 215,084,709	94,775,045 104,532,000 144,621,235 116,446,324 292,124,866 127,847,000	1909	234,476,650 234,337,250 225,320,900 224,723,350 235,591,350 182,836,200	\$121,800,000 140,400,000 139,900,000 135,200,000 133,300,000 140,000,000 110,000,000 102,000,000

The property loss due to lightning in the United States in 1915, as reported by the National Board of Fire Underwriters, was \$4,698,170. This is the combined experience of nearly 200 stock fire insurance companies and about 50 of the 2,500 farm mutuals in the United States.

### COMPARATIVE WHOLESALE PRICES OF COMMODITIES.

QUOTATIONS RULING FOR STANDARD GRADES, 1900 TO 1916.

The following table from "Bradstreet's Journal" shows actual ruling prices for 107 commodities in the United States at various periods from 1900 to 1916:

parties						
COMMODITIES.	1900.	1910.	1913.	1914.	1915.	1916.
COMMODITIES.	Feb. 1.	Nov. 1.	Nov. 1.	Nov. 1.	Nov. 1.	Nov. 1,
BREADSTUFFS.  Wheat, No. 2, red Winter, in clevator, per bush. Corn, No. 2, mixed, in elevator, per bush. Oats, No. 2, mixed, in elevator, per bush. Barley, No. 2 (Miwaukee), per bush. Rye, Western, per bush. Flour, straight Winter, per barrel. LIVE STOCK.	\$0.75125 .40 .285 .46 .61 3.40	\$0.96 .5675 .34 .71 .865 4.25	\$0.98 .80 .445 .79 .70 4.15	\$1.215 .83 .53 .78 1.03 5.10	\$1.25 .76 .415 .64 1.08 5.20	\$1.85 1.15 .5825 1.23 1.51 8.25
Beeves, best, native steers (Chic.), per 100 lbs. Sheep, prime (Chic.), per 100 lbs. Hogs, prime (Chic.), per 100 lbs. rses, average com. to best (Chic.), per head. PROVISIONS AND GROCERIES.	6.35 5.25 4.90 185.00	7.55 4.30 8.60 195,00	9.70 5.15 8.00 200.00	10.90 6.00 7.25 200.00	10.30 6.50 7.50 180.00	11.65 8.55 10.00 195.00
Barley, No. 2 (Minwanger), per busing and analyst of the per barrel.  Rye, Western, per bush per loo lbs. Flour, straight Winter, per barrel.  Beeves, best, nativities rock.  Sheep, prime (Chie.), per 100 lbs. Sheep, prime (Chie.), per 100 lbs. Tress, average com. to best (Chie.), per head. Provisions AND GROGERIES.  Bef carcasses (Chie.), per lb. Hous, market pigs, carcasses (Chie.), per lb. Mutton, carcasses (Chie.), per lo. Mutton, carcasses (Chie.), per lb. Mutton, carcasses (Chie.), per lb. Mutton, carcasses (Chie.), per dozen. Bread (New York), per dozen. Bread (New York), per load.  Bed, family, per barrel.  Bacon, short ribs, smoked (Chie.), per lb. Hams, smoked, per lb.  Lard, Western steam, per lb. Butter, creamery, State, best, per lb. Cheese, choice East factory, per lb. Molasses, holee East factory, per lb. Molasses, New Orleans, prime, per galion. Salt, inc domestic, sacks, 224 pounds. Rice, domestic, good, per lb. Molasses, New Orleans, prime, per galion. Salt, inc domestic, sacks, 224 pounds. Rice, domestic, good, per lb. Beans (New York), holee marrow, per 100 lbs. Peas, choice, per borr, per lb. Molasses, best of the per borr. Brutters.  Apples (State), per barrel.  Peanuts, best Virginia, in hull, per lb. Lemons, choice, per box, 300s.  Radins, layer, per lb  Radward Manuffactured textifies.  Native Steer indes, No. 1, per lb.  Humiock; packer, middleweight, No. 1, per lb.  Union, middling uplands, per lb.  Peanuts, best Virginia, in hull, per lb.  Lamon, choice, per box, 300s.  Radins, layer, per lb  Radward Manuffactured Textifies.  Ootion, and dide backs, tannery run, per lb.  Oak, scoured backs, No. 1, per lb.  Humiock; packer, middleweight, No. 1, per lb.  Humiock; packer, middleweight, No. 1, per lb.  Peans, choice, of grades, per lb.  Flax, New Zealand, spot, per lb.  Juice, average of grades, per lb.  Juice, average of grades, per lb.  Pe	0775 .0625 .03775 .19 .104 11.00 10.50 .0975 .25 .1275 28.00 4.50 .08375 .0615 .255 .255 .251 .255 .251 .255 .251 .251	.095 .1175 .1275 .344 .9.50 .20.00 .1175 .1615 .325 .1525 .26.00 .750 .11 .046 .32 .80 .2.45 .2.80 .2.45 .1.25	1.25 1.200 1.200 1.200 1.200 1.200 1.200 1.200 1.200 1.250 1.2	.1375 .165 .1090	.1350 .06 .35 .04 18.00 .17.00 .11875 .17 .0915 .2875 .1575 21.00	.1730 .3675 .215 20.00 8.50 .09625 .0750 .19 .40
Apples (State), per barrel. Cranberries, Cape Cod, fancy, per barrel. Peanuts, best Virginia, in huli, per lb. Lemons, choice, per box, 30ds. Radins, layer, per lb. Currants, new, dried, per lb.	4.50 8.00 .035 2.10 .0775 .045	3.00 4.50 .045 5.25 .09 .075	2.50 5.50 .055 5.50 .0725 .06375	1.50 2.50 .055 3.50 .07 .0625	2.50 6.50 .0475 †4.00 .085 .12	2.75 6.00 .0475 †7.25 .11 .1775
Native Steer hides, No. 1, per lb. Herniock; packer, middleweight, No. 1, per lb. Luion, middle backs, tannery run, per lb Oak, scoured backs, No. 1, per lb RAW AND MANUFACTURED TEXTILES.	.1325 .26 .37 .41	.145 .24 .32 .38	.1975 .31 .40 .46	.2075 .32 .42 .47	.26 .34 .47 .51	.305 .46 .70 .70
Cott.n. middling uplands, per lb. Wool. Ohlo & Pa. X. washed (Boston), per lb. Vool. Aust., super combing, per lb. scoured hemp. Manlla, per lb. Jute, average of grades, per lb. Silk, best No. 1, flature; per lb. Flax. New Zealand, spot, per lb. Print clotts, 64s (Boston), per yard. Jinghams, Amosk. Staple (Boston), per yard. Jinghams, Amosk. Staple (Boston), per yardotton sheetings, Southern, 3 yards, per yard	.0825 .34 .90 .145 .0375 5.20 .085 .0325 .0625 .055 .0575	.1455 .29 .85 .0425 3.675 .05 .0375 .0775 .07	.1410 .23 .85 .07625 .08 3 .875 .06125 .04 .0825 .065 .08	.0760 .28 .70 .065 .0425 2.85 .0550 .03 .675 .625	.1195 .30 .78 .0925 .0575 3.75 .0775 .03625 .0750 .0675 .0725	.1875 .35 1.02 .1075 .08 5.20 .1125 .0575 .115 .085
Pig. Bessemer (Pittsburgh), per ton. Steel billets, Bessemer (Pittsburgh), per ton. Steel rails, Standard (Pittsburgh), per ton. Tin plates, American (Pittsburgh), per 100 lbs. Steel beams (Pittsburgh), per ton. Silver, commercial bars (N.Y.), per ounce. Copper, Electrolytic (N.Y.), per lb. Lead, pig. Western (New York), per lb. Tin, pig. spot (New York), per lb. Quicksilver (San Fran.), per flask, 75 pounds.	25.00 35.00 35.00 4.65 45.00 .60375 .1625 .04675 .275 51.00	5.00 15.75 11.00 15.90 23.50 28.00 3.50 27.00 .56 .128125 .0440 .3675 45.00	27.00 59625	10.00 14.55 19.50 28.00 3.30 22.00 .48125	3.75 16.75 13.00 16.95 25.00 28.00 3.10 26.00 .49625 .17875 .0490 .35875 95.00	4.45 23.00 17.00 26.95 50.00 33.00 5.75 56.00 .68125 .2850 .7 41875
Anthraelte, stove Sizes (New York), per ton Bituminous (Pitts.), f. o. b. Chic., per ton Connellsylle coke, per short ton, f. o. b Southern coke (Chattanooga), per ton	4.25 3.50 3.00 4.30	5.00 3.225 1.55 4.50	5.25 3.55 1.90 4.95	5.36 3.55 1.65 4.70	5.35 3.40 2.60 4.70	5.75 7.00 3.25 6.95

COMPARATIVE WHOLESALE	1 1010:120	OF COL	amodii.	LO-CON	umuea.	
COMMODITIES.	1900.	1910.	1913.	1914.	1915.	1916.
000000000000000000000000000000000000000	Feb. 1.	Nov. 1.	Nov. 1.	Nov. 1.	Nov. 1.	Nov. 1.
MINERAL AND VEGETABLE OILS. Potroleum, crude, in barrels (N. Y.), per barrel. Petroleum, reined, in cases, per gallon. Linseed, per gallon. Cottonseed, crude, prime (N. Y.), per pound Castor, No. 1, per pound Oilve, Italian, in barrels, per gallon. NAVAL STORES. NAVAL STORES.	.099 .56 .0426 .115 .59	\$1.30 .0740 .97 .0727 .105 .90	\$2.50 .0875 .50 .0694 .09 .84	\$1.45 .0875 .45 .05 .085 1.00	\$1.80 .0775 .62 .0765 .105 .90	\$2.60 .0835 .90 .1250 .15
Rosin, good strained (Savannah), per barrel Turpentine, machine, reg. (Savannah), per gal. Tar, regular (Wilmington, N. C.), per barrel BUILDING MATERIALS.	1.30 .53 1.30	5.875 .7675 2.60	3.60 .42 2.20	3.50 .455 2.25	4.40 .505 2.00	6.15 .455 2.60
Brick, Hudson River, hard, per M. Lime, Eastern common, per barrel. Cement, dom. (Portland), spot, per barrel. Nails, wire, from store, base price, per keg. Glass, window, 10x15 per box, 50 sq. feet Pine, yellow, 12 inches and under, per M. Timber, Eastern spruce, wide random, per M. Timber, hemlock, Penna, random, per M. CHEMICALS AND DRUGS.	3.65 $2.20$ $22.00$ $21.50$	5.50 1.02 2.15 2.44 24.00 22.00 20.00	6.00 .92 1.90 2.14 25.00 24.00 22.50	5.00 .92 1.80 2.14 25.00 24.00 22.00	6.50 1.20 1.67 1.90 2.10 26.50 24.00 22.00	7.75 1.50 1.67 3.10 2.57 26.75 23.00 24.00
Alum per poundant and state of the per pound blearbonate soda, American, per pound borax crystals, per pound per pound carbonic seid in bulk per pound.  Caustic soda, 60 per cent., per pound Nitric acid, 36 degrees, per pound Sulphuric acid, 66 degrees, per 100 pounds Sulphuric acid, 66 degrees, per 100 pounds Alcohol, 94 per cent., per gallon Oplum, per pound Quinine, domestic, in bulk, per ounce.  Misocula Nicola Sulphurican and per pounds.	.0115 .0725 .40 .0225 .035 1.20 7.50	.0175 .0110 .0375 .075 .0185 .03875 1.00 6.00 2.54 4.60	.0175 .0110 .04 .875 .0180 .03875 1.00 6.00 2.50 5.70 .23	.0250 .0110 .0425 .32 .01625 .03875 1.00 6.00 2.64 9.00 .31	.05 .0110 .0575 *1.00 .05 .0625 1.75 6.00 2.60 10.00 .50	.04 .02 .5 .04 .0625 1.75 0.60 2.74 11.50
Hop3, Pacific, choice, per pound. Rubber, up-river, Para, fine new, per pound. Tobacco, med. leaf, Burley (Louisville), per pound Paper, news, roll, per pound Ground bone, fine, average per ton, steamed. Hay, prime (New York), per 100 pounds.  *Nominal. † California. An average of it	20.00 .85 16.00				.14 .575 :0817 .0215 21.50 1.35 36.00	.16 .825 .1086 .045 32.00 1.00 57.00

*Nominal.	† California. At	average of index num	pers yearly since	e 1905 reveals the fe	ollowing:
YEAR.	Number.	YEAR.	Number.   Y	EAR.	Number
1905	8.0987	1909	8.5153   1	913	9.2076
1906	8.4176	1910	8.9881   1	914	8.90°
	8.9045	1911	8.7132   1	915	9.8
1908	8.0094	1912	9.1867   1	916	11.6004

The figures for 1916 are based on the numbers ruling on the first of January, February, March, April, May, June, July, August, September, October, and November.

# COEFFICIENTS OF DICESTIBILITY AND AVAILABILITY OF ENERGY OF DIFFERENT CROUPS OF FOODS.

KIND OF FOOD.	Protein.	Fat.		Availa - bility of Energy.	KIND OF FOOD.	Protein.	Fat.		Avalla- bility of Energy.						
Meat and fish Eggs Dairy products. Total animal	P. C. 97 97 97 97	P. C. 95 95 95 95	P. C. 98 98	P. C. 87 89 93	Sugars and starchesVegetablesFruitsTotal vegetable	83 85	P. C. 90 90	P. C. 98 95 90	P. C. 98 91 88						
dlet Cereals Legumes, drled.	97 85	95 90 90	98 98 97	89 91 83	foods of mixed diet otal food		90 95	97 97	92 91						

LENGTH O	FTIME	DIFFEREN	T FO	ods i	REMAIN	IN T	THE.	STOMACH	•	
		H	. M.						H.	м.
Apples, sweet			30							15
Asparagus	. Bolled	1	30	Liver (c	calves)	Fri	led or a	sautéed	2	30
Beans	. Bolled	2	30`	Lamb.		Gr	· illed .		2	30 .
Beef, lean	Roasted	3	00							15
Beef, fresh salted	Bolled.	9								00
Beef, old salted	Bolled	e e	ôŏ					nd brolled		00
Beets	Bolled.	3								ŏŏ
Bread, fresh			30							55
Cabbage			30							30
Celery			30							30
Chlcken.			0.0							15
Chicken			00							15
Cheese, old			30					baked		30
Duck	. Roasted.		00	Rice		Bc	illed		1	00
Eggs, fresh			2 00	Sausage	e	Gr	illed.		3	30
Eggs, fresh			3 00	Tripe		Во	tted		1	00
Eggs, fresh			00							30
Fish, not fat			30							30
Fish, not fat.								or grilled		ÕÕ

### UNITED STATES EMPLOYMENT OFFICES.

The Department of Labor, through the Division of Information of the Bureau of Immigration, has established Distribution Branches throughout the country for the purpose on the one hand of developing the welfare of the wage-carners of the United States and improving their opportunities for profit-able employment, and on the other hand of affording to employers a method whereby they may make application for such help as they need, either male or female, citizens or allen residents, and have their wants supplied through said Distribution Branches. No fee is charged employer or employé for this service.

Manufacturers, contractors, farmers, and, in fact, all employers of labor, may now utilize the Government machinery to supply their wants in this direction.

The country has been divided into twenty zones, thus bringing the distributing points near to the places where help is needed. The applications for laborers of all kinds and the applications for employment are cleared through one office in each zone. Many of these head offices have sub-branches under their jurisdiction.

Applications for workers should be addressed to the Distribution Branch, Immigration Service, in the city named in this list as the headquarters of the zone in which the help is required.

ZONE	Location of Branch.	Local Address.	States or Territory Controlled.
No.	nocation of Branch.	Local Address.	States of Territory Controlled.
1	Boston, Mass	Long Wharf	Malne, Massachusetts, Rhode Island.
2	New York, N. Y	United States Barge Office	New York, Connecticut, New Hampshire, Vermont.
			New Jersey.
4	Philadelphia, Pa	134 South Third Street	Pennsylvania, Delaware, West Virginia.
6	Norfolk Va		Maryland. Virginia, North Carolina.
~	Jacksonville, Fia	Federal Building	Florida, Georgia, Alabama, South Carolina,
ă	'New Orleans, La	City Hall	Louisiana, Mississippi, Arkansas, Tennessee. Texas, New Mexico.
10	Cieveland, Chio	Post-Office Building	Ohlo, Kentucky.
11 12	Chicago, Ili	845 South Wabash Avenue Federal Building	Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Wisconsin.
13	St. Louis, Mo		Minnesota, North Dakota, South Dakota. Kansas, Oklahoma, Iowa.
14	Kansas City, Mo	804 Grand Avenue	Mlssouri.
			Colorado, Wyoming, Nebraska, Utah. Montana, Idaho.
17	Seattle, Wash	208 Liberty Bullding	Washington.
18 19	Portland, Ore	Railway Exchange Building U. S. Appraisere' Building	Oregon.  Callfornia, north of the northern boundary
13	" " (Women's		of San Luls Obispo, Kern, and San Ber-
00	and Girls' Division).	Room 108, Custom House.	nardino Counties; also State of Nevada.
20	Los Angeles, Cal	Post-Office Bullding	California, south of the northern boundary of San Luis Oblspo, Kern, and San Ber-
			nardino Counties: also State of Arlzona.

All of the postmasters throughout the United States are co-operating in this work by distributing application blanks both to employers and employes. The appropriate blanks may, therefore, be had on resets to any postmaster. However, in those etitles designated as zone headquarters, application for blanks information should be made direct to the Inspector-in-Charge of the Distribution Branch at the office of ... Immigration Service at the address indicated in the foregoing table.

The present system of distribution has only been in operation since the first of February, 1915. The number of applications during the five months (Pebruary 1 to June 30, 1915) was 76,503. The number directed to employment during the same period was 10,916. For the fiscal year July 1, 1915, to June 30, 1916, the number of applications for positions was 184,481. The number directed to employment during the same period was 84.955.

### CONSTANCY OF EMPLOYMENT OF WAGE-EARNERS.

THE Federal Census of Mannfactures of 1914 shows that the average number of wage-earners employed at all manufacturing industries during that year was 7,037,336. The largest number, 7,242,752, was employed in March and the smallest number, 6,640,284, in December, equal to 91.7 per cent. of the maximum. The statistics are embraced in the following tables.

INDUSTRIES IN WHICH LARGEST NUMBER OF WAGE-EARNERS ARE EMPLOYED

MODELLIES IN WHICH LANGEST NUMBER OF WAGE-EARCHERS ARE EMILOTED.							
	Average Number		MAXIMUM MONTH.		MINIMUM MONTH.		
Industries.	of Wage- Earners.	13042	Number of Wage- Earners.	Month.	Number of Wage- Earners.	of Maxi-	
United States	7,037,336	Mar	7,242,752 137,954	Nov		85.5	
Car and general shop construction and repairs by	124,052	Feb	126,772	Nov Jan	118,545	93.5	
steam railroad companies. Clothing, men's, including shirts. Clothing, women's	225,719	Sept Feb Mar	238,439	Dec Nov July	213,026	89.3	
Cotton goods, including cotton small wares Electrical machinery, apparatus and supplies Furniture, including refrigerators	393,404 118,078	Jan Jan Mar	404,647 128,766	Aug Dec	382,702 107,277	94.6 83.3	
Hoslery and knit goods	150,520 272,092	Mar Mar	157,636 276,848	Dec Aug Aug	142,779 266,932	90.3 96.4	
Tobacco manufactures. Woollen, worsted, felt goods, and wool hats	178,872 195,285	Mar Apr		Dec			
IMPORTANT INDUSTRIES SHOWING LARG							
Brick and tile. Canning and preserving.	74,071	June Sept	185,724	Feb Jan	27.917	15.0	
Ice, manufactured	1 23,011	July Nov	36,838	Jan June	15,144 7,063		

### ROWING.

YALE VS. HARVARD-VARSITY EIGHTS.

YALE and Harvard eights have rowed fifty races, beginning in 1852 on Lake Winipiseogee at two miles, when Harvard won. In 1855 the course was changed to Springheld and lengthened to three miles. Lake quinsigamond was the scene for nine years, and Lake Saltonstall for 1859. After an interval of seven years the crews in 1876-77 went to Springheld, Mass., when the four-mile course was inaugurated. In 1878 the crews changed again to New London, Ct. For records prior to 1859. see 1914 ALMANAC.

DATE.	Won By.	TIME.		DATE.	Won By.	TIME.		
DAIE.	won by.	Winner.	Loser.	-	,, on D,,	Winner.	Loser.	
June 29,1889	Yale	21.30	21,55	June 29.1905	Yale	22.33	22.36	
June 27, 1890		21.29		June 28, 1906	Harvard	23.02	23.11	
June 26, 1891	Harvard	21.23		June 27, 1907	Yale	21.10	21.13	
July 1,1892	Yale	20.48		June 25,1908	Harvard		27.45	
June. 3,1893., .	Yale			July 1.1909			22.10	
June 28, 1894	Yale	22.47		June 30, 1910	Harvard		21.04	
June 28, 1895	Yale	21.30		Juue 30, 1911			23.41%	
June 29, 1899	Harvard	20,521/2		June 21, 1912		21.431/4	22.04	
June 28, 1900	Yale	21.12 4-5		June 20,1913		21.42%	22,20	
June 27, 1901	Yale	23.37		June 19, 1914		21.16	21.16 1-5	
June 26, 1902		20.20		June 25, 1915			21.13%	
June 25, 1903 .	Ynle	20.19 4-5		June 23, 1916	Harvard	*20.02	20.17	
June 30, 1904	Yale	21,40%	22,10	Ų į				

\* Record for course.

SECOND VARSITY EIGHT-OARED-TWO MILES.

Harvard, 10m. 25s.; Yale, 10m. 27s.

FRESHMAN EIGHT-OARED-TWO MILES.

Harvard, 10m. 36 3-5s.; Yale, 10m. 39s.

INTERCOLLEGIATE REGATTA.

Rowed at Poughkeepsle, N. Y., on the Hudson. Results since 1900:

VARSITY EIGHT-OARED-FOUR MILES.

Rowed at Poughkeepsle, N. X., on the Hudson. Results since 1900;

VARSITY EIGHT-OARED—FOUR MILES.

June 30, 1900—Pennsylvania, 19m, 44 3-5s.; Wisconsin, 19m, 46 2-5s.; Cornell, 20m, 4 1-5s.; Columbia, 20m, 8 1-5s.; Georgetown, 20m, 191-5s.

July 2, 1901—Cornell, 18m, 53 1-5s. (record); Columbia, 18m, 58s.; Wisconsin, 19m, 6 4-5s.; Georgetown, 19m, 21s.; Syracuse, 19m, 49s.; Fennsylvania, 19m, 58 1-5s.

Georgetown, 19m, 21s.; Syracuse, 19m, 49s.; Fennsylvania, 19m, 58 1-5s.

Pennsylvania, 19m, 21s.; Syracuse, 19m, 31 2-5s.; Georgetown, 19m, 3-5s.; Columbia, 19m, 18 3-5s.; Pennsylvania, 19m, 58 1-5s.; Columbia, 19m, 31 2-5s.; Ceorgetown, 19m, 27s.; Wisconsin, 19m, 18 3-5s.; Pennsylvania, 19m, 36 2-5s.; Columbia, 19m, 54 4-5s.

June 28, 1904—Syracuse, 20m, 22 3-5s.; Cornell, 20m, 31'1-5s.; Pennsylvania, 20m, 42s.; Columbia, 19m, 36 2-5s.; Georgetown, 20m, 52 2-5s.; Wisconsin, 21m, 1 1-5s.

June 29, 1905—Cornell, 20m, 29 2-5s.; Syracuse, 21m, 47 2-5s.; Georgetown, 21m, 49s.; Columbia, 20m, 43 4-5s.; Pennsylvania, 21m, 53 4-5s.; Pennsylvania, 21m, 59 4-5s.; Wisconsin, 22m, 6 1-5s.

June 23, 1906—Cornell, 19m, 36 4-5s.; Pennsylvania, 19m, 43 4-5s.; Syracuse, 19m, 45 1-5s.; June 26, 1907—Cornell, 20m, 2 3-5s.; Columbia, 20m, 43 4-5s.; Pennsylvania, 21m, 20m, 33 2-5s.; Wisconsin, Georgetown, 27m, 35s.; Georgetown, 20m, 36s.

June 26, 1907—Cornell, 20m, 2 3-5s.; Columbia, 20m, 4s.; Annapolis, 20m, 13 4-5s.; Pennsylvania, 19m, 32 3-5s.; Wisconsin, Georgetown, 20m, 4s.; Annapolis, 20m, 13 4-5s.; Pennsylvania, 19m, 30 3-5s.; Wisconsin, 20m, 13 4-5s.; Columbia, 20m, 4s.; Annapolis, 20m, 13 4-5s.; Pennsylvania, 19m, 30 3-5s.; Wisconsin, 20m, 13 4-5s.; Columbia, 20m, 4s.; Annapolis, 20m, 14 1-5s.; June 27, 1908—Syracuse, 19m, 34 1-5s.; Columbia, 20m, 4s.; Annapolis, 20m, 15 1-5s.; Wisconsin, 20m, 15 3-5s.

June 27, 1908—Syracuse, 19m, 34 1-5s.; Columbia, 20m, 44 1-5s.; Columbia, 20m, 54 1-5s.

June 28, 1916—Cornell, 19m, 31 2-5s.; Columbia, 20m, 16 4-5s.; Pennsylvania, 20m, 54 1-5s.

June 29, 1916—Cornell, 20m, 25 2-5s.; Wisc

20m. 52 4-5s.

Winners—1900, Pennsylvania, 10m. 31 1-5s; 1901, Corneil, 11m. 39 3-5s;; 1902, Corneil, 10m. 43 3-5s;; 1903, Corneil, 10m. 34s; 1904, Corneil, 10m. 53 5s;; 1905, Syracuse, 10m. 15 2-5s;; 1906, Corneil, 10m. 35 1-5s; 1907, Syracuse, 10m. 37 1-5s; Corneil, 10m. 40s; Pennsylvania, 10m. 49s; Columbia, 10m. 59 3-5s;; 1908, Syracuse, 10m. 52 4-5s; Columbia, 11m. 63 5-5s; Pennsylvania, 10m. 57 4-5s;; 1909, Corneil, 10m. 1s; Syracuse, 10m. 10s; Columbia, 10m. 12s; Pennsylvania, 10m. 27 2-5s;; 1910, Corneil, 11m. 37 4-5s; Syracuse, 11m. 43 2-5s; Columbia, 11m. 48 1-5s; Pennsylvania, 12m. 22s;; 1911, Corneil, 57racuse, Columbia, Pennsylvania. No time taken, 1912, Corneil, 10m. 34 1-5s; Columbia, 10m. 47 2-5s; Pennsylvania, 10m. 52 1-5s; Columbia, 10m. 54 4-5s; Wisconsin, 10m. 58 4-5s; Washington, 12m. 8 3-5s.

JUNIOR EIGHT-OARED-TWO MILES.

In 1914 the four-oared varsity crew two-mile race was succeeded by a two-mile race for eight-oared crews known as junior or second crews. Results to date: 1914, Cornell, 11m. 152-5s.; Columbia, 11m. 252-5s.; Pennsylvania, 11m. 32-5s.; Syacuse, 11m. 503-5s.; 1916, Syracuse, 11m. 152-5s.; Cornell, 11m. 203-5s.; Columbia, 11m. 32s.; Pennsylvania, 12m. 61-5s.

FRESHMAN EIGHT-OARED-TWO MILES.

Winners—1900, Wisconsin, 9m. 45 2-5s.; 1901, Pennsylvania, 10m. 20 1-5s.; 1902, Cornell, 9m. 39 4-5s.; 1903, Cornell, 9m. 18s.; 1904, Syracuse, 10m. 1s.; 1905, Cornell, 9m. 35 2-5s.; 1906,

Syracuse, 9m. 51 3-5s.; 1907, Wisconsin, 9m. 58s.; Syracuse, 10m. 3s.; Pennsylvania, 10m. 4s.; Columbia, 10m. 5 2-5s.; Cornell, 10m. 7 4-5s.; 1908, Cornell, 9m. 20 2-5s.; Syracuse, 9m. 38 3-5s.; Columbia, 9m. 43s.; Wisconsin, 9m. 55 1-5s.; Pennsylvania, 10m. 42s.; 1909, Cornell, 9m. 11 3-5s.; Syracuse, 9m. 14 3-5s.; Pennsylvania, 9m. 21s.; Wisconsin, 9m. 22 1-5s.; Columbia, 9m. 26s.; 1910, Cornell, 10m. 40 1-5s.; Columbia, 10m. 53 2-5s.; Syracuse, 10m. 53 4-5s.; Pennsylvania, 11m. 91 1-5s.; Wisconsin, 11m. 15 1-5s.; 1911, Columbia, 10m. 13 1-5s.; Cornell, 10m. 20 2-5s.; Syracuse, 10m. 23 1-5s.; Pennsylvania, 10m. 24 4-5s.; Wisconsin, 10m. 38s.; 1912, Cornell, 9m. 31 2-5s.; Wisconsin, 10m. 39 3-5s.; Syracuse, 9m. 42 3-5s.; Pennsylvania, 9m. 47 2-5s.; Columbia, 9m. 47s.; 1913, Cornell, 10m. 44-5s.; Wisconsin, 10m. 29s.; Syracuse, 10m. 14 3-5s.; Pennsylvania, 10m. 26s.; Syracuse, 10m. 50 1-5s.; Pennsylvania, 10m. 20 2-5s.; Columbia, 9m. 47s.; Pennsylvania, 10m. 25s.; Syracuse, 10m. 50 1-5s.; Pennsylvania, 10m. 50 2-5s.; Syracuse, 11m. 15 3-5s.; Pennsylvania, 11m. 1 2-5s.; 1916 (rowed June 19 after postponement), Cornell, 11m. 54-5s.; Syracuse, 11m. 15 3-5s.; Pennsylvania, 11m. 16 1-5s.; Columbia, 11m. 23 3-5s.

BEST INTERCOLLEGIATE RECORDS.

Varsity eight-oared, four-mile race: Cornell, July 2, 1901, 18m. 53 1-5s. Varsity four-oared, two-mile race: Cornell, June 28, 1915, 10m. 1-5s. Freshman eight-oared, two-mile race: Cornell, July 2, 1909, 9m. 11 3-5s.

THE OXFORD-CAMBRIDGE BOAT

Not held in 1916 owing to the war. For previous winners see 1915 ALMANAC.

April 7—Seattle. 3 miles—Washington (5 lengths), 17m. 6s.; Stanford, 17m. 37s.
April 15—Annapolls. 2 miles—Navy (12 lengths), 10m. 37 3-5s.; Analostan Boat Club (Washington), 11m. 19s.

11m. 19s.
 April 20—Princeton.
 1 7-8 miles—Princeton (1 foot), 10m. 12 1-2s.; Harvard, —.\* Annapolis.
 2 miles—Syracuse (1 1-4 lengths), 10m. 17s.; Navy, 10m. 21s.
 April 22—Oakland.
 3 miles—Stanford (5 lengths), 18m. 22s.; California, —. Philadelphia.
 1 1-2 miles—Pennsylvania (1 1-2 lengths), 7m. 31 1-5s.; Yale, —.
 April 29—Annapolis.
 1 5-16 miles—Navy (2 lengths), 7m. 10s.; Pennsylvania, 7m. 19s.
 May 13—Philadelphia, 1 mile 550 yards—Princeton (one length), 7m.; Navy, second; Columbia, third;

cylvania last. May 20—Boston. 1 7-8 miles—Harvard (2 lengths). 9m. 47s.; Cornell, 9m. 54s, May 27—Seattle. 3 miles—Washington (16 lengths), 17m. 40s.; California, 18m. 41s. Ithaca. 2 miles—rhell (14 length), 11m. 21s.; Princeton (5 lengths), 11m. 23 1-5s.; Yale, 11m. 43 1-5s

\* For Childs's Cup.

and the mean process of the control

Athletic Club, fifth. Time—7m. 44 3-5s. Junior double sculis—Won by Pennsylvania Barge Club, Detroit Boat Club second, West Philadelphia Boat Club third, Undine Barge Club fourth, Manayunk Boat Club fifth. Time—7m. 3 3-5s. Intermediate quadruple sculls—Won by Undine Barge Club, First Bohemian Boat Club, New York, second; New Rochelle Rowing Club third. Time—6m. 41s. Intermediate eight-oared shells—Won by Detroit Boat Club; New York Athletic Club second. Vesper Boat Club third. Time—6m. 18 3-5s. Senior double sculls—Won by Vesper Boat Club, Bachelors' Barge Club third. Time—6m. 42 2-5s. Intermediate double sculls—Won by Detroit Boat Club, Bachelors' Barge Club second, Time—6m. 42 2-5s. Intermediate double sculls—Won by Detroit Boat Club, Bachelors' Barge Club second, Undine Barge Club third, New Rochelle Rowing Club fourth. Time—7m. 4s. Junior quadruple sculls—Won by Potomac Boat Club, Malta Boat Club second, West Philadelphia Boat Club third. Time—6m. 46s. Intermediate four-oared gig—Won by Vesper Boat Club; Potomac Boat Club, third. Time—7m. 6 2-5s. Association single sculls—Won by Matthew G. Lukens, Undine Barge Club; J. Elliott Newlin, Philadelphia Barge Club, second; Granville Maione, Malta Boat Club, third. Time—7m. 6 2-5s. Association single sculls—Won by Matthew G. Lukens, Undine Barge Club; J. Elliott Newlin, Philadelphia Barge Club, second; Granville Maione, Malta Boat Club, third. Time—7m. 8s. Senior quadruple sculls—Boat Club second, Detroit Boat Club third. Time—6m. 13 2-5s. Senior four-oared shells, for Downing Cups—Won by Vesper Boat Club; Vesper Boat Club Second. Time—6m. 25-5s. Senior quadruple sculls—Won by Vesper Boat Club, Undine Barge Club second. Time—6m. 25-5s. Senior quadruple sculls—Won by Vesper Boat Club, Undine Barge Club second. Time—6m. 25-5s. Senior quadruple sculls—Won by Vesper Boat Club, Vulnion Boat Club, Second, John Sullivan, St. Alphonsus Boat Club, Indine Barge Club second. Time—6m. 7s. Seston, Mass. New England Amateur Rowing Association, Charles River course. Results: Sen

10m. 25s. War canoes—Won by Crescent Canoe Club, Waltham Canoe Club second, Time—fim. 51 1-2s.

Novice singles—Won by A. F. Lippitt, Narragansett Boat Club of Providence; W. Crawford, Riverside Boat Club, second, Time—fim. 51 1-2s. Senior double sculls—Won by Riverside Boat Club, St. Alphonsus's second, Farraguts third, Crescents fourth. Time—film. 15s. Tandem canoes—Won by Crescent Canoe Club, Second, Mediord Boat Club, Time—10m. 15s. Tandem canoes—Won by Crescent Canoe Club, Waltham Canoe Club second, Mediord Boat Club, West Lynn Boat Club second, Boston Athletic Association third. Time—9m. 3s. Club four canoes—Won by Waltham Canoe Club second, Mediord Boat Club, West Lynn Boat Club second, Boston Athletic Association third. Time—9m. 3s. Club four canoes—Won by Waltham Canoe Club second, Mediord Boat Club, Time—3m. 51 1-2s. Eight-oared shells, junior—Won by St. Alphonsus Boat Club, G. L. Burrows, Crescent Canoe Club second; H. Calon, third. Time—4m. 38s. Eight-oared shells, senior—Won by Farragut Boat Club four Canoes—Won by Alphonsus Boat Club, G. L. Burrows, Crescent Canoe Club, Second; H. Calon, third. Time—4m. 38s. Eight-oared shells, senior—Won by Farragut Boat Club four Club, Bayonne Rowing Association, Time—8m. 58s.

July 8—New York. Hudson River Rowing Association, Hudson River course, Results: Junior four-oared barge race—Won by Active Boat Club, Bayonne Rowing Association scond, First Bohemian Boat Club, Cliffon, S. 1; V. Gunther, Active Boat Club, second. Time—7m. 33-5s. Junior sligle gig race—Won by Joseph Mack, Metropolitan Rowing Club, second. Time—7m. 59 4-5s. Junior sligle gig race—Won by Active Boat Club; Club, Bayonne Rowing Club wanned soon after start, Time—7m. 16 1-5s. Senior four-oared barge race—Won by Woodcliff Boat Club, Metropolitan Rowing Club account. Results: Single sculls—Won by Lincoln Park Boat Club Club Could Results States Rowing Association. Results: Single sculls—Won by Lincoln Park Boat Club Club Could Results States Rowing Association. Results: Single sculls—Won by Lincol

clation second. Time—fm. 16 1-5s. Senior four-cared Darge race—won by Woodclin Boat Club, Metropolitan Rowing Club second, Active Boat Club third. Time—6m. 28 3-5s.

July 3-4—Peoria, II. Central States Rowing Association. Results: Single sculls—Won by Lincoln Park Boat Club, Chicago; South Side Boat Club, Quincy, second. Time—11m. 55 4-5s. Distance 3-4 of a mile. Pair oared sculls—Won by Central Rowing Club, St. Louis, Only entrant to finish. Time—15m. 14-5s. Distance 3-4 of a mile. Four-oared shell—Won by Ilinois Valley Yacht and Canoe Club, Peoria, Mound City Rowing Club, St. Louis, second; I. V. Y. and C. Club third. Time—9m. 6 4-5s. Distance 3-4 of a mile. Quarter-mile dash, singles—Won by Lincoln Park Boat Club second; South Side Boat Club, Quincy, third. Time—1m. 13 1-5s. Double scull—Won by Lincoln Park Boat Club, South Side Boat Club, Quincy, third. Time—1m. 13 1-5s. Double scull—Won by Lincoln Park Boat Club, Chicago. Time—9m. 36 4-5s. Other entrants failed to finish. Distance 3-4 of a mile. Eight-oared shells—Won by Lincoln Park Boat Club, Chicago, North End Rowing Club, St. Louis, second; Central Rowing Club, St. Louis, third. Hilnois Valley Yacht and Canoe Club also entered. Time—5m. 23 1-5s. Barge, 3-4 of a mile—Won by Western Rowing Club, St. Louis, Second; North End Rowing Club, St. Louis, Second; North End Rowing Club, St. Louis, Second; North End Rowing Club, St. Louis, Second; North End Rowing Club, St. Louis, Second; North End Rowing Club, St. Louis, Second; North End Rowing Club, St. Louis, Second; North End Rowing Club, St. Louis, Second; North End Rowing Club, St. Louis, Second; North End Rowing Club, St. Louis, Second; North End Rowing Club, St. Louis, Second; North End Rowing Club, St. Louis, Second; North End Rowing Club, St. Louis, Second, Time—3m. Single sculls, 3-4 of a mile—Won by Lincoln Park Boat Club, Chicago, Second, Western Rowing Club, St. Louis, Hund, Time—3m. Single sculls, 3-4 of a mile—Won by St. Louis, Rowing Club, St. Valley Yacht and Canoe Club, Peoria, third. Time—3m.

Club: Central Rowing Club, St. Louis, second. Time—5m. 26 1-5a. Senior four-oared shell, 3-4 of a mile—Won by Lincoln Park Boat Club, Mound Clty Rowing Club, St. Louis, second. Time—8m. 53 4-5s.

September 4—Washington, D. C. Twenty-seventh annual Middle States regatta, over Potomac River course. Results: Incermediate eight-oared shells—Won by Undine Barge Club of Philadelphia; second. Prank L. Patchell George W. Allison, Undine Barge Club, Philadelphia; second, Prank L. Patchell Club, Deliand Club, Hisbourgh W. Allison, Undine Barge Club, Philadelphia; second, Prank L. Patchell Club, Prank Club, Philadelphia; property of the Club, Philadelphia; the Club, Prank Club, Club, Club, Club, Club, Club, Club, Club, Club, Club, Club, Club, Club, Club, Club, Cl

September 11 and 12—Duluth, Minn. Forty-fourth annual champlonship regatta, National Association of Amateur Carsmen. Results first day: Senior double sculls—Won by A. G. Osman and A. R. Kent, Duluti; Walter J. Smith and John B. Kelly, Vespers, Philadelphia, second. Cnly two starters. Time—8m, 12 2-5s. Association single sculls—Won by T. J. Rooney, Ravenswood, L. I.; second, H. Darling, Union Boat Club, Boston; third, A. G. Osman, Duluth; fourth, W. Regan, Murual Rowing Club, Balaalo; fifth C. F. Brown, Pout Carterian Company, Protection of the Company of

### YACHTING.

YACHTING.

The continuation of the European war prevented any effort toward holding the race for the America's Gup, originally scheduled for the Antumn of 1914. Sir Thomas Lipton's challenging yacht, Shamrock IV, remained in divisor at the Erie Basin, Brooklyn, N. Y, and neither the Resolute nor Vanitie, defending candidates, were in commission during the season of 1916. There was considerable activity in yachting circles along the Atlantic Coast and on the Great Lakes, races between the 4-lot and 50-foot class yachts being the feature of the Atlantic Season. A record of the trial races between the Resolute and Vanitie during the season of 1915 is appended for reference purposes: Fifteen trials between the Resolute and the Vanitie were sailed, and the Resolute won on July 3 by 1m. 8s.; on July 7 by 1m. 6s.; on July 9 the Vanitie discontinued owing to the breaking of a gaff; on July 10 by 3m. 3ls.; on July 3 by 4m. 1ss.; on July 15 by 13s.; on July 27 by 3m. 57s.; on August 5 by 1m. 36s. (corrected time, the Vanitie making 28s. faster actual time); on August 7 by 20m. 18s.; on August 10 by 4m. 15s., and on August 11 by 3m. 59s. The Vanitie defeated the Resolute on July 5 by 4m. 1ls.; on August 3, the Resolute meeting with an accident, and on August 6 by 10m. 55s.

The America's Cup—For past winners see 1915 Almanac.

COLLEGE ATHLETICS.
INTERCOLLEGIATE AMATEUR ATHLETIC ASSOCIATION OF AMERICA CHAMPIONSHIPS.

COLLEGE A

INTERCOLLEGIATE AMATEUR ATHLETIC AS

The forty-first annual champlonships of the I. C. A.

A. A. A. were held at Harvard Stadium, Cambridge,
Mass. May 26-27 Point score: Cornell 44, Yale
29, Leland Stanford 22, California 22, Pennsylvania
18, Dartmouth 14, Michigan 13, Harvard 11, Princeton 10, Bowdoin 5. Syracuse 3, Penn State 2, Mass.

"Sech. I. Stimmaries: 100-yard dash—Won by H.

L. Smith, Michigan; second, W. B. Moore, Princeton theid, E. A. Teschner, Harvard; fourth, A. F.

Van Winkle, Cornell; fifth, H. L. Treadway, Yale,
-fime—10s 20-yard dash—Won by W. B. Moore,
-Princeton; swoud, H. I. Smith, Michigan; third,
A. F. Van Winkle, Cornell; fourth, H. L. Treadway,
Yale; fifth, F. Kausman, University of Pennsylvania, Time—21 3-5s, 440-yard run—Won by J.

E. Meredith, University of Pennsylvania; second,
E. C. Riley, Dartmouth; third, W. D. Crim, Cornell; fourth, W. Willcox, Jr., Harvard; fifth, H. J.

Richardson, Princeton, Time—47 2-5s, nøw intercollegiate record. S80-yard run—Won by J. E.

Meredith, University of Pennsylvania second, W.

J. Bingham, Harvard; third, L. C. Scudder, University of Pennsylvania; fourth, G. M. Taylor, Cornell; fith, C. Peterson, Syracuse. Time—1m. 53s,
a new Intercollegiate record. Mile run—Won by
L. V. Windmagle, Cornell; second, H. L. Carroll,
Michigan; third, J. W. Overton, Yale; fourth, H. R.

Wilson, Leland Stanford; fith, R. G. Brown, Massachusetts institute of Technology, Time—4m. 15s.

Two-milerun—Won by D. F. Potter, Cornell; second,
J. S. Hoffmire, Cornell; third, E. Frey, Cornell;
fourth, J. C. Corwith, Cornell; third, I. T. Preble, California;
Journh, J. K. Norton, Leland Stanford; fith, J. V.

Farwell, Yale, Time—15s, a new intercollegiate
record. 220-yard tow hurdles—Won by F. S. Murray, Leland Stanford; second, J. V. Farwell, Yale;

third, J. K. Norton, Leland Stanford; fourth, D. V.

Farwell, Yale, Time—15s, a new intercollegiate
record. 220-yard tow hurdles—Won by F. S. Murray, Leland Stanford; second, J. V. Farwell, Yale;

Time—21

SSOCIATION OF AMERICA CHAMPIONSHIPS.
and C. C. Glfford, Yale, at 6 ft. 1-4 in. Broad jump—Won by H. T. Worthington, Dartmouth, distance, 24 ft. 1-4 in.; second, W. M. Oler, Jr., Yale, distance, 23 ft. 2 in.; fourth, F. L. Maker, California, distance, 23 ft. 2 in.; fourth, F. L. Maker, California, distance, 23 ft. 1-7-8 in.; fith, F. M. Hampton, Yale, distance, 23 ft. 1-7-8 in.; fith, F. M. Hampton, Yale, C. C. Glidersleeve, California, distance, 155 ft. 1 in.; second, G. W. Leadbetter, Bowdoin, distance, 152 ft. 4 in.; third, D. H. Richardson, California, distance, 144 in.; third, D. H. Richardson, California, distance, 151 ft. 9 1-2 in.; fourth, C. F. Hagemann, Cornell, distance, 413 ft. 3 1-2 in.; fifth, C. A. Pudrith, Dartmouth, distance, 143 ft. 3 1-2 in.; fifth, C. A. Pudrith, Dartmouth, distance, 145 ft. 1-2 in. Shot put—Won by H. B. Leversedge, California; distance, 46 ft. 1 3-8 in.; fourth, E. R. Caugbey, Leland Stanford, distance, 45 ft. 4 in.; fourth, E. R. Caugbey, Leland Stanford, distance, 45 ft. 1 3-4 in.; fourth, E. R. Caugbey, Leland Stanford, distance, 45 ft. 1 Shot, Darth, E. R. Caugbey, Leland Stanford, distance, 45 ft. 1 Shot, Darth, E. R. Caugbey, Leland Stanford, distance, 45 ft. 1 Shot, Darth, E. R. Caugbey, Leland Stanford, distance, 45 ft. 1 Shot, Darth, E. R. Caugbey, Leland Stanford, distance, 45 ft. Shot, Darth, E. W. Shot,

### BEST I. C. A. A. A. A. RECORDS.

BEST I. C. A. A. A. A. RECORDS.

100-yard dash—9 4-5s., B. J. Wefers, Georgetown
University, New York, May 30, 1896, and R. C.
Cralg, Michigan, Cambridge, Mass., May 26 and 27,
1911. 220-yard dash—211-5s., B. J. Wefers, Georgetown University, New York, May 30, 1896, and R. C.
Cralg, Michigan, Philadelphia, May 28, 1910,
and Cambridge, Mass., May 27, 1911, and D. F.
Lippincott, Pennsylvania, Cambridge, Mass, May
31, 1913. 440-yard run—47 2-5s., J. F. Meredith,
Pennsylvania, Cambridge, Mass., May 27, 1916.
Half-mile run—1m. 53s., J. E. Meredith, Pennsylvania, Cambridge, Mass., May 27, 1916.
Gone-mile run—4m. 14 2-5s. J. P. Jones, Cornell, Cambridge, Mass., May 31, 1913. Two-mile run—6m.
23 4-5s., J. S. Hoffmire, Cornell, Cambridge, Mass., May 31, 1914. Running broad jump—24 ft. 4, 1-2 in., A. C. Krasnziein, Pennsylvania, New York, May 37, 1899. Running high jump—6 ft 4 1-2 I., W. M., 1899. Running high jump—6 ft 4 1-2 I., W. M., 1899. Running high jump—6 ft 4, 1-2 II., W. M., 1899. T. Yale, Philadelphia, May 29, 1913. Putting
16-pound shot—48 ft. 10 3-4 In., P. Beatty, Colum-

bla, Philadelphia, Pa., June 1, 1912. Throwing the hammer—173 ft. 6 in., Lee Talbott, Pennsylvania, Harrisburg, Pa., May 7, 1910. Pole vault—13 ft. 1 in., R. Gardner, Yale, Philadelphia, Pa., June 1, 1912. 120-yard high hurdles—15s., F. S. Murray, Leland Stanford, Cambridge, Mass., May 27, 1916. 220-yard hurdles—23 3-5s., A. C. Kraenzlein, Pennsylvania, New York, May 28, 1898, and J. I. Wendell, Westeyan, Cambridge, Mass., May 31, 1913. One-mile walk —6m. 452—5s., W. B. Fetterman, Jr., Pennsylvania, New York, May 28, 1898.

Wesleyan, Cambridge, Mass., May 31, 1913. Onemile walk-6m. 452-5s., W. B. Fetterman, Jr., Pennsylvania, New York, May 28, 1898.

I. C. A. A. A. INDOOR GAMES,
held at Madison Square Garden, New York City,
Saturday, March 4. Results: 70-yard dash—Won
by Yale, 27 points; second, Michigan, 15 points;
third, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, 14
points; fourth, Pennsylvania, 11 points; fifth, Cornell, 10 points; sixth, Columbia, 7 points; seventh,
Princeton, 4 points. Final heat, individual finish—
Harold L. Smith, Michigan, first; Francis P. O'Hara,
Mass. Inst. Tech., second; Heaton I. Treadway,
Yale, third; Henry Berg, Jr., Yale, fourth. Time—
7 2-5s. 75 yards, high hurdles—Won by Cornell,
25 points; second, Pennsylvania State, 21 points;
third, Yale, 16 points; fourth, Princeton, 9 points;
thtp, Pennsylvania 2 points. Final heat, Individual
finish—F. V. Starr, Cornell, first; J. V. Farwell,
Yale, second; L. E. Gubb, Cornell, third; Donnd McK. Brown, Penn. State, fourth, Princeton,
29 7t. 3-4 in; third, Princeton, average, 37 ft. 1-2 in;
fourth, Pennsylvania, average, 36 ft. 9. 7-8 in; fifth,
Columbia, average, 34 ft. 10 1-2 in, Individual winners: Cecil F. Cross, Michigan, 43 ft. 9 1-2 in; second, A. W. Richards, Cornell, 43 ft. 5 3-4 in; third,
C. C. Shelarle, Princeton, 40 ft. 4 1-2 ln. Running
broad jump—Won by Cornell, average, 21,4 ft.;
second, Pennsylvania, average, 20,7 ft.; third, Columbia, average, 17.5 ft. Individual winners—First,
A. W. Richards, Cornell, 22 ft., third, I. D. Bertolet, Jr.,
Pennsylvania, 21 ft. 10 in. Running broad jump—Won by Cornell, 29 ft. 3 in.; second, A. L.
Culbertson, Cornell, 22 ft.; third, I. D. Bertolet, Jr.,
Pennsylvania, 21 ft. 10 in. Running high jump—
Won by Yale, average, 5 ft. 9.4 in.; third, Cornell, average, 5 ft. 7.8 in. Individual winners—First,
A. W. Richards, Cornell, 22 ft.; third, I. D. Bertolet, Jr.,
Pennsylvania, 21 ft. 10 in. Running high jump—
Won by Yale, average, 5 ft. 9.4 in.; second, Pennsylvania, alt ted at 12 feet.
Relay races, four I, C, A. A. A. A. INDOOR GAMES,

WESTERN INTERCOLLEGIATE CONFERENCE CHAMPIONSHIPS.

ENCE CHAMPIONSHIPS.

Sixteenth annual meet, held at Evanston, Ill., June 3. Point score: Wisconsin 49, Illinois 35 3-4, Chicage 20 3-4, Missouri 20 1-4, California 12, Purdue 11, Mississippi 4 1-2, Notre Dame 4, Minnesota 3 3-4, Oberlin 3, Northwestern 2, Indiana 2, Ohio State 1, Ames 1.

Summaries: 120-yard hurdles—Won by R. L. Simpson, Missouri: second, W. B. Ames, Illinois; third, A. T. Bush, Illinois; fourth, H. Hentzen, Wisconsin. Time—14 3-5s. 100-yard dash—Won by C. B. Smith, Wisconsin; second, E. P. Hohman, Illinois; third, J. D. Peterson, Wisconsin; fourth,

J. Barker, Northwestern. Time—10s. One-mile run—Won by A. H., Mason, Illinois; second, E. H. Fall, Oberlin; third, A. A. Schardt, Wisconsin; fourth, F. F. Campbell, Purdue. Time—4m. 201-5s. 440-yard dash—Won by B. Dismond, Chicago; second, R. E. Williams, Wisconsin; third, V. G. Dagge; fourth, P. M. Spink, Illinois; time—47s. 220-yard dash—Won by C. B. Smith, Wisconsin; second, E. P. Hohman, Illinois; third, W. J. Carter, Time—213-5s. 220-yard hurdlesser on by R. Sinpson, Missouri; second, E. J. Renick, Missouri; third, W. B. Ames, Illinois; fourth, R. Packer, Ames, Time—23 4-5s. Discus throw—Won by R. Sinpson, Missouri; second, E. J. Renick, Missouri; third, W. B. Ames, Illinois; fourth, R. Packer, Ames, Time—23 4-5s. Discus throw—Won by A. M. Mucks, Wisconsin; second, M. R. Husted, Illinois, third, C. Bachman, Notre Darne; fourth, A. R. Rankin, Ohio. Distance—155 ft. 2 in. Two-mille run—Won by Stout, Chicago; second, G. A. Benisch, Wisconsin; third, L. D. Atkins, Purdue; fourth, A. H. Mason, Illinois, Time—9m. 29 3-5s. Pole vault—J. D. Culp, Illinois; D. J. Fisher, Chicago; E. Bros, Minnesota, and W. D. Powell, Missouri, tied for first place at 12 feet; points divided. 830-yard run—Won by D. M. Scott, Mississippl A. C.; second, W. D. Harvey, Wisconsin; third, W. B. Van Aken, Purdue; fourth, L. Sanger, Minnesota. Time—Im. 53 1-5s. 10-pound shot—Won by A. M. Mucks, Wisconsin, and St. 6. in.; second, J. Reber, Kansas, 42 ft. 4 in.; third, M. R. fiusted, Illinois, 42 ft. 21-21n. Running pingh jump—Won by J. Pser, Chicago; second, Jackson, Callfornia; third, Wonbert, Missouri, time—3m. 23 2-5s. Running broad jump—Won by H. A. Pogue, Illinois; second, C. B. Smith, Wisconsin, third, E. K. Lockard, H. Grutzmacher, Kansas, and Robert Simpson, Callfornia; teed for fourth, Distance—23 ft. 1-2 in. Hammer throw—Won by C. C. Gildersleeve, California; teed for fourth. Distance—23 ft. 1-2 in. Hammer throw—Won by C. C. Gildersleeve, California; second, C. E. Montux, Callfornia; third, L. K. Murchle, Indiana; fourth, B. Bennet

### BEST CONFERENCE RECORDS.

Sin.

BEST CONFERENCE RECORDS.

100-yard dash—9 4-5s., W. W. May, Chicago, June I, 1907, and June 6, 1908, and J. Ward, Chicago, Urbana, Ill., June 6, 1915.

220-yard run around a durn—22s., William Hogenson, Chicago, June 3, 1905; H. J. Huff, Grinnell, June 1, 1907. Straightaway—21 3-5s., J. Ward, Chicago, Urbana, Ill., June 5, 1915.

440-yard run—1m. 53 1-5s., Don Scott, Mississippi A. and A., Evanston, Ill., June 3, 1916.

880-yard run—1m. 53 1-5s., Don Scott, Mississippi A. and A., Evanston, Ill., June 3, 1916. One-mile run—4m. 19 1-5s., Ivan Myers, De Pauw, Urbana, Ill., June 5, 1915. Two-mile run—9m. 33 2-5s., A. H. Mason, Illinols, Urbana, Ill., June 5, 1915. 120-yard high hurdles—14 3-5s., Robert Sian'pson, Missouri, Evanston, Ill., June 3, 1916. 22b-yard iow hurdles—23 4-5s., Robert Simpson, Missouri, Evanston, Ill., June 3, 1916. The Mission Wissouri, Evanston, Ill., June 3, 1916. Washen, June 4, 1916. The Mission Wissouri, Evanston, Ill., June 3, 1916. Washen, June 4, 1916. The Mission Wissouri, Evanston, Ill., June 5, 1915. Putting 16-pound shot—47 ft. 1-4 ln., Ralph Rose, Michigan, June 4, 1904. Throwing 16-pound hammer—160 ft. 4 ln., K. Shattuck, California, Madison, Wiss, June 7, 1913. Throwing the discuss—155 ft. 2 in., A. M. Mucke, Wisconsin, Evanston, Ill., June 3, 1916. One-mile relay (4 men)—3m. 21 4-5s., Chicago (Campbell, Stegemann, Cornwall, Dismond), Urbana, Ill., June 5, 1915.

### CONFERENCE INDOOR GAMES.

Held at Chicago, Ill., March 18. Point scores; Illinois 41 2-3, Wisconsin 28 3-4, Chicago 23, Pur-due 6 3-4, Minnesota 5, Northwestern 3 1-4, Iowa

nols, first; Watson, Minnesota, second; Felton, Wisconsin, third; Benish, Wisconsin, tourth. Time—9m. 43 4-5s. Half-mile run—Harvey, Wisconsin, first; Clark, Chicago, second; Forsburg, Wisconsin, third; Schardt, Wisconsin, tourth. Tine—2m. 2 2-5s. Running high jump—Webster, Illinois, first; James, Northwestern, and Fisher, tied for second; Schumaker, Purdue; Pittinger, Ohio; Vanauken, Wisconsin, and Rowe, Iowa, tied for third. Height—5 ft. 11 in. Pole vauth—Culp, Illinois, and Huston, Wisconsin, tied for first; Fisher, Chicago; Wagner, Chicago; Burgess, Illinois, and Warner, Northwestern, tied for third. Height—12 ft. Shot put—Mucks, Wisconsin, first; Crowe, Purdue, second; Prins, Purdue, third; Husted, Illinois, fourth. Distance—48 ft. 7 1-2 in. One-mile relay—Chicago (Merrill, Cornwell, Clark, Dismond), first; Illinois, second; Wisconsin, third; Minnesota, fourth. Time—3m. 34s. (Equals conference record made by Illinois in 1913.) nois in 1913.)

### PENNSYLVANIA RELAY CHAMPIONSHIPS.

PENNSYLVANIA RELAY CHAMPIONSHIPS.
Held at Franklin Field, Philadelphla, Pa., April
29. Summaries: Two-nile, college—Won by Yale,
with H. Rolle, H. Cooper, A. Barker, and J. Overton; Chlcago, second, with Mark, Stout, Merrill, and
Dismond; Michigan, third, with G. Murphy, C.
Upper, H. Donnelly, and H. Carroll; Princeton,
fourth, with E. Becker, H. Flota, K. Colwell, and J.
Barr. Time—Tm. S3s., equalling world's record and
beating collegiate record. One-mile, freshmen—
Won by Pennsylvania, with Brennan, Walker, Clayton, and Smith; Princeton, second; Pennsylvania
State, third; Columbia, fourth. Time—3m. 29 4-5s.
One-mile, college—Won by Harvard, with T. Pennypacker, H. Minot, W. Bingham and W. Wilcox;
Princeton, second, with G. Wallace, J. Barret, H.
Richardson, and J. Barr; Pennsylvania, third, with
F. Kaulmann, F. Dorsey, A. Scudder, and J. E.
Meredith; Wisconsin, fourth, with M. Burke, W.
Carter, R. Williams, and C. Smith. Time—3m. 19s.
Four-mile, college—Won by Cornell, Fith G. Taylor,
J. Hoffmore, L. Mandage, and B. Humphreys,
Time—17m. 51 1-2s. Equals world's record and
beats collegiate record. beats collegiate record.

### NATIONAL INTERSCHOLASTIC CHAMPION-SHIPS.

NATIONAL INTERSCHOLASTIC CHAMPION-SHIPS.

Held at Newark, N. J., June 24. Point score: Central High 26, Phillips-Exeter Academy 20, Hebron Academy 15, Moses Brown School 14, Wakefield (Mass.) H. S. 10, Flushing H. S. 8, Far Rockawy H. S. 7, Stuyvesant H. S. 7, East Orange H. S. 7, Mount Vernon H. S. 61-2, Jamaica H. S. 6, Hamilton Institute 5, Atlantic City 5, St. Benedict's Prep. 5, Concord (N. H.) H. S. 5, Dickinson H. S. 3, 1-2, Barringer H. S. 3, Poly Prep. 3, Nutley H. S. 3, St. John's Prep. 3, Englewood H. S. 3, Worcester H. S. 2, Morris H. S. 2, Ridgewood H. S. 1, Pawtucket (R. I.) H. S. 1, Essencial St. 1, Pawtucket (R. I.) H. S. 1, Essencial St. 1, Pawtucket (R. I.) H. S. 1, C. W. Bilss, Moses Brown H. S. second; Fred. Muenster, Central H. S., third; R. Austin, Jamaica, fourth. Time—10 1-5s. 440-yard run—Won by W. Angus, Central H. S.; R. Williams, Phillips-Exeter, second; Charles Hopkins, Barringer, Newark, third; L. Silker, Central, Newark, fourth. Time—52s. One-mile run—Won by R. G. Goodwin, Wakefield, H. S.; R. Crawford, Flushing, second; V. Woodruff, Central, Newark, third; L. Silker, Central, Newark, fourth. Time—52s. One-mile run—Won by R. G. Goodwin, Wakefield, H. S.; R. Crawford, Flushing, second; V. Woodruff, Central, Newark, third; H. Silean, Moses Brown H. S., Fouther, J. R. S. 10, Phillips-Exeter, J. Ryan, St. John's Prep., second; G. Hughes, Flushing, third; H. Silean, Moses Brown H. S., Fouther, J. R. S. 10, Phillips-Exeter, Smith, Phillips-Exeter, Smith, Phillips-Exeter, Mueley, H. S., Providence; Freed Muenster, Central, Newark, Second; A. Brewster, Nutley H. S., Nutley, N. J. third; C. Meeter, East Orange, fourth. Time—16s. 220-yard dash—Won by G. W. Bliss, Moses Brown H. S., Povidence; Freed Muenster, Central, Newark, Second; A. Brewster, Nutley H. S., Nutley, N. J. third; A. Hulliams, Phillips-Exeter, Jourth. Time—108, 2-5s. 880-yard run—Won by A. W. Gorton, Moses Brown School, Providence; Frank L. Jenkins, Far Rockaway, second; W. Krals, Mount Vernon H. S., thord; A. H. Williams, P

Morris H. S., third; V. Woodruff, Central, fourth. Time—10m. 17 3-5s. Putting 12-pound shot—Won by J. Murphy, Hebron Academy, Hebron, Me., with 47 ft. 2 in.; James Sinclair, Stuyvesant, with 44 ft. 5 1-2 in., second; J. J. Thomas, St. Benedict's Prep., with 42 ft., 3 1-2 in., third; J. Arneth, Far Rockaway, with 41 ft. 9 in., fourth. Running broad jump—Won by D. Brown, Jamaica, with 21 ft. 6 1-2 in.; W. E. Trotter, Mount Vernon, with 21 ft. 6 1-2 in.; W. E. Trotter, Mount Vernon, with 21 ft. 6 1-2 in.; W. E. Trotter, Mount Vernon, with 21 ft. 6 1-2 in.; W. E. Trotter, Mount Vernon, with 21 ft. 6 1-2 in.; W. E. Trotter, Mount Vernon, with 21 ft. 6 1-2 in.; W. E. Trotter, Mount Vernon, with 21 ft. 6 1-2 in.; W. E. Trotter, Mount Vernon, with 21 ft. 6 1-2 in.; W. E. Trotter, Mount Vernon, with 21 ft. 6 1-2 in.; W. E. Trotter, Mount Vernon, with 21 ft. 6 1-2 in.; W. E. Trotter, Mount Vernon, with 21 ft. 6 1-2 in.; W. E. Trotter, Mount Vernon by Central High, Newark (Beath, House, Vault for height—Won by Robert W. Harwood, Concord High, Concord, N. H., with 10 ft. 6 in.; T. Farrell, Central High, Newark, with 10 ft. 6 in.; T. Farrell, Central High, Newark, with 10 ft. 6 in.; T. Farrell, Central High, Newark, with 10 ft. 6 in.; T. Farrell, Central High, Newark, with 10 ft. 6 in.; The State, Phillips-Exeter Academy, with 5 ft. 7 3-4 in., W. Zittel, Mount Vernon High, and J. Hill Dickinson High Jersey City), tied for second, with 5 ft. 7 3-4 in., Nourth. Zittel took second place on lump-Onoma Murphy, House Shedar, Stuyvesant High, with 117 ft. 2 in., second: William Schimpf, Polytechnic Prep. School, Brooklyn, with 110 ft. 2 in., third; J. J. Thomas, St. Benedict's Prep. Newark, with 39 ft.; J. Arnett, Far Rockaway H. S., second, with 139 ft.; J. Arnett, Far Rockaway H. S., second, with 130 ft.; G. Judson, Central H. S., Newark, third, with 123 ft. 2 in. Throwing the lavelin—Won by Van Cortlandt Eliot, Hamilton Institute, New York, with 139 ft.; J. Arnett, Far Rockaway H. S., second, with 130 ft.; G. Judson, Central H.

EST INTERSCHOLASTIC RECORDS.

William Schimpf, Poly. Prep., third, with 111 ft.

BEST INTERSCHOLASTIC RECORDS.
50-yard dash—5 -5-5s. E. C. Jessup, St. Louig.
Mo., July 4, 1904. 100-yard dash—9 4-5s. Ernest
E. Nelson. Volkmann School, Cambridge, May 2,
1908, and H. Hoyt, University of Chicago neet,
June 7, 1913. 220-yard dash—21 3-5s. W. Schick,
1900-1901. 440-yard run—48 4-5s., James E. Meredith, Mercersburg Academy, Philadelphia, Pa.,
May 18, 1912. 880-yard run—1m. 55s., James E. Meredith, Mercersburg Academy, Philadelphia, Pa.,
May 4, 1912. One-mile run—4m. 23 3-5s., Edward
Shields, Mercersburg Academy, Princeton, N. J.,
May 4, 1912. One-mile run—4m. 23 3-5s., Edward
Shields, Mercersburg Academy, in Tome School
meet, Port Deposit, Md., May 20, 1916. Two-mile
run—9m. 51 3-5s., C. Boughton, Central High
School, Newark, N. J., Princeton, N. J., May 23,
1914. '120-yard hurdles—15 2-5s., H. Whitted,
Citrus Union School, Stanford, Cal., April 13,
1912. 220-yard hurdles—24 2-5s., H. L. Lamport, Los Angeles, Cal., at Fresno, Cal., April 3,
1915. Running high jump—2 ft. 3 5-8 ln., W. M.
Oler, Jr., Fawling School, Cambridge, Mass., May
25, 1912. Running broad jump—23 ft. 5 3-8 ln.,
H. T. Worthington, Exeter, N. H., May 3, 1913.
Pole vault—12 ft. 6 1-16 in., C. Borestrom, Pacific
Coast interscholastic meet, Berkeley, Cal., April 3,
1913. Pele vault, indoor—12 ft. 1 in., Eugene
Schohlner, Harvard School, Chicago, Ill., February
18, 1911. Putting 8-pound shot, Indoor—18 ft. 1911. Petting 12-pound shot—
Oshkosh, Wiss, January 19, 1912. Putting 16-pound
shot—45 ft. 6 1-4 in., Ralph Rose, San Francisco,
May 2, 1903. Thowing 12-pound hammer—197 ft.
1-2 in., L. J. Talbot, Washington, Pa., May 25, 1907.
Throwing idscus—139 ft. 5 1-2 in., B. L. Byrd,
Champaign, Ill., May 21, 1910. Throwing iunlor
discus—150 ft., L. Whitney, Worcester Academy,
Travers Island, N. Y., June 17, 1911. One-quartermile relay—46 4-5s. University High School, Chlcago, Ill., June 11, 1919. one-nalf-mile relay—1m.
32-5s. Lewis Institute, at Northwestern University,
May 23, 19

### WORLD'S ATHLETIC RECORDS.

Acknowledged by International Athletic Federation.

(Owing to the war there were no meetings of the I. A. F. during 1916 and no records applied for.)

RUNNING.

TOTALIO.								
EVENT.	Time.	Holder.	Nation.	l Da	ite.			
220 yards 220 yards 300 yards 440 yards 600 yards 880 yards 1,320 yards 1,320 yards 1 mile 2 miles 4 miles 5 miles 6 miles 9 miles 10 miles 10 miles 10 miles 20 miles 9 miles 10 miles	21 1-5s,	D. J. Kelly.  B. J. Weters R. C. Craig. D. F. Lippincott B. J. Weters M. W. Long M. W. Sheppard J. E. Meredith M. W. Sheppard J. E. Meredith M. W. Sheppard T. P. Conneff N. S. Taber A. Shrubb	U. S. A. U. S.	June 2 May 3 May 3 Sept. 2 Sept. 2 July July 1 July 1 June 1 May 1 June 1 May 1 Nov. Nov. Nov. Nov. Nov. Nov. Nov. July July 1 July 1 June 2 May 3 May 3 May 3 May 3 May 3 May 4 May 4 May 5 May 5 May 5 May 6 May	23, 1906 30, 1896 30, 1896 21, 1913 21, 1913 26, 1896 29, 1900 44, 1910 44, 1910 46, 1915 66, 1915 66, 1915 67, 1904 67,			
One hour	11 miles 1,442 yards 20 miles 952 yards	J. Bouin H. Green.  TRIC DISTANCES.	France	July				

METRIC DISTANCES.								
EVENT.	Time.	Holder.	Nation.	Date.				
200 metres 300 metres 400 metres 500 metres 500 metres 1,000 metres 1,500 metres 5,000 metres 10,000 metres 10,000 metres 11,000 metres 15,000 metres	21.6s. 36.4s. 36.4s. 48.2s. 1m. 7.6s. 1m. 51.9s. 2m. 32.3s. 3m. 55.8s. 8m. 36.8s. 14m. 36.6s. 30m. 58.8s. 31m. 20.8s.	D. F. Lippincott. A. Habn. F. Mezel. Falllot. C. Reidpatb. F. Rajz. J. E. Meredlih Mickler. A. R. Kiviat. H. Kolehmainen. H. Kolehmainen. J. Bouin. H. Kolehmainen. J. Bouin. A. Ahlgren.	U. S. A. Hungary France. U. S. A. Hungary U. S. A. Finland Finland France Finland France Finland France France	1912 1904 1913 1908 1912 1913 1912 1913 1912 1912 1913 1912 1913 1913				
One hour	19,021m., 90cm	J. Bouln	France	1913				

WALKING.									
EVENT.	Time.	Holder.	Nation.	Date.					
3 miles. 4 miles. 5 miles. 6 miles. 7 miles. 8 miles. 9 miles. 10 miles. 15 miles. 20 miles. 25 miles.	13m. 11 2-5s 20m. 25 4-5s. 27m. 14s. 36m. 1-5s. 43m. 26 1-5s. 50m. 50 4-5s. 58m. 18 2-5s. 1h. 7m. 37 4-5s. 1h. 15m. 57 2-5s. 1h. 59m. 12 3-5s. 2h. 47m. 52s. 3h. 37m. 6 4-5s.	G. H. Goulding. G. E. Larner. H. V. L. Ross. T. Griiffth. S. A. Schoniekd.	England England England England England England England England England England England England England England England	July 13, 1904 Aug. 19, 1905 Aug. 19, 1905 Sept. 30, 1905 Sept. 30, 1905 Sept. 30, 1905 Sept. 30, 1905 July 17, 1908 July 17, 1908 May 20, 1911 Dec. 30, 1870 May 20, 1911					
		G. E. Larner							

JUMPING. ,							
EVENT. I	Height or Distance.	Holder.	Nation.	Date.			
Running high 6 Standing broad 11 Running broad 24 Hop, St'p & J'mp. 50	ft. 7 in	L. Goehring G. L. Horine R. C. Ewry P. O'Connor D. F. Ahearne M. S. Wright	U. S. A	May 18, 1912 Aug. 29, 1904 Aug. 5, 1901 July 31, 1909			

WEIGHT EVENTS.								
EVENT. Distance. Holder. Nation.								
Putting 16-lb, weight. Throwing 16-lb, hammer. Throwing 56-lb, weight Throwing discus (8 1-2-ft, circle). Throwing javelin (heid in middle)	189 ft. 6 1-2 in 40 ft. 6 3-8 in Committee will	P. Ryan	U. S. A U. S. A	Aug. 17, 1913 Sept. 23, 1911				

### WORLD'S ATHLETIC RECORDS-Continued.

METRIC DISTANCES.								
EVENT.	Time.	Holder.	Nation.	Date.				
5,000 metres 10 kilometres	24m. 35.8s	T. Blidt	Sweden Canada	1911 1912				

### HURDLES (10 Hurdles).

EVENT.	Time.	Holder.	Nation.	Date.
120 yards (hurdles 3 ft. 6 ln. high)	23 3-5s.	A. Kraenzieln	U. S. A	May 28, 1898 May 31, 1913

### HURDLES (10 Hurdles).

### METRIC DISTANCES.

EVENT.	Time.	Holder.	Nation.	Date.
200 metres	24.6s	F. Smithson	U. S. A	1904

### RELAY RACES.

### (Four men to run equal distances.)

EVENT.	Time.	Holders.	Nation.	Date.
Two miles	7m. 53s	Schaaf, Glssing, Sheppard, Rosenberger Rlley, Bromllow, Sheppard, Klylat Mahoney, Marceau, Powers, Hedlund	U. S. A	Sept. 5, 1910

### RELAY RACES.

### (Four men to run equal distances.)

### METRIC DISTANCES.

EVENT.	Time.	Country-Holders.	Date.
400 metres 800 metres 1,600 metres	1m. 36s	Team of Germany (Röhr, Kern, Hermann, Rau). A. F. K., Stockholm (Ljung, Petterson, Almqist, Hakansson) Team of U. S. A. (Sheppard, Reidpath, Meredith, Lindberg)	1908

### AMERICAN AMATEUR ATHLETIC RECORDS.

AMERICAN AMATEUR A

RUNNING.

60 yards—6 2-5s, L. E. Myers, New York City, December 12, 1882; J. W. Tewksbury, New York City, December 12, 1882; J. W. Tewksbury, New York City, January 13, 1899; W. D. Eaton, Buffalo, N. Y., September 6, 1901; Washington Delgado, New York City, February 4, 1901; R. Cloughen, Irish-American A. C., and R. Reed, Gordon A. A., Madison Square Garden, New York City, December 1, 1908; W. J. Zeating, Athany, N. Y., February 8, 1910; R. Cloughen, New York City, January 28, 1910; J. Wasson, Notre Danie, Chicago, Ill., March 11, 1911; A. T. Meyer, Irish-American A. C., Paterson, N. J., January 21, 1914; S. Butler, Hutchinson, Kan, H. S., Evanston, Ill., March 28, 1914; R. A. Carroll, Indiana Normal School, at Cratton Athlete Association meet, held at Pittsburgh, Pa., July 31, 1914, J. Loomis, Chicago A. A. at the National A. A. U. Indoor Track and Field Champlonships held at 22d Regiment Armory, New York City, March 18, 1916, 75 yards—7 3-5s., L. H. Cary, Princeton, N. J., May 9, 1891; B. J. Wefers, Boston, Mass., January 25, 1896; Archie Hahn, Milwaukee, Wis., March 11, 1905; H. P. Drew, New York City, March 6, 1913; A. T. Meyer, Irish-American A. C., at Indoor National Champlonships, Madison Square Garden, New York City, March 2, 1914.

100 yards—9 8-5s., Dan. J. Kelly, Spokane, Wash., June 23, 1906, H. P. Drew, University of Southern California, Berkeley, Cal., March 28, 1914; Y. M. A., H. P. Drew, Springfield H. S., at Eastern tryous, Park City, March 2, 1914; A. T. Garde, Candada, C. and May 27, 1911; D. F. Lippincott, Cambridge, Mass., May 31, 1913. Around half of a quarter-mile path, 21 4-5s., J. H. Maybury, Madison, Wiss, May 9, 1896. Around part of a filth of a mile path, 21 4-5s., J. B. J. Wefers, Travers Island, N. Y., June 13, 1896. Around a turn, one-third mile track, 21 3-5s., p. J. Walsh, Montreal, Canada, September 21, 1902. Slight curve, 21 1-5s., Dan. J. Kelly, Spokane, Wash., June 25, 1914.

June 23, 1906. H. P. Drew, University of Southern California, Claremont, Cal., February 28, 1914; George Parker, Olympic Club, Fresno, Cal., October 2, 1914.

Callornia, Claremont, Cal., February 28, 1914; George Parker, Olympic Club, Fresno, Cal., October 2, 1914.
300 yards—30 3-5s., B. J. Wefers, Travers Island, N. Y. September 26, 1896.
300 yards, indoor—32 1-5s., A. T. Meyer, Irish-american A. C., at Indoor A. A. U. National Championships, heid at Madison Square Garden, New York City, March 2, 1914.
440 yards, straightaway—47s., M. W. Long, Guttenburg Race Track, October 4, 1900. Round path, 352 yards circuit, 47 4-5s., M. W. Long, Travers Island, N. Y., September 20, 1900. Round path outdoor—47 2-5s., James E. Meredith, University of Pennsylvania at Intercollegiate A. A. A. A. Championships held at Cambridge, Mass., May 27, 1916.
440 yards, indoor—49 3-5s., T. J. Halpin, Buffalo, N. Y., March 15, 1913.
600 yards—1m. 10 4-5s., M. W. Sheppard, Celtie Park, New York City, August 14, 1910.
600 yards, indoor—1m. 13 2-5s., T. J. Halpin, Boston A. A., at Indoor Amateur Athletic Union National Championships, held at Madison Square Garden, New York City, March 2, 1914.
880 yards, indoor, board—1m. 54 3-5s., E. B. Parson, Buffalo, N. Y., March 19, 1904.
880 yards, outdoor—1m. 52 1-5s., James E. Meredith, University of Pennsylvania, made at dual meet with Cornell University, May 13, 1916, Franklin Field, Philladelphia, Pa.
1,000 yards—2m. 12 2-5s., M. W. Sheppard, Celtie Park, New York City, July 17, 1910. Indoor—2m. 122-5s., J. W. Overton, Yale University, March 18, 10, 1, 230 yards—3m. 54 -5s., T. P. Conneff, Travers Island, N. Y., August 21, 1895.
1, 230 yards, indoor—3m. 7s., J. P. Driscoll, Buffalo, N. Y., March 15, 1013.
1, 500 metres—3m. 55 4-5s., A. R. Kivlat, Cambridge, Mass., June 8, 1912.
1 mile, indoor—4m. 18, 1-5s., A. R. Kivlat, New York City, February 15, 1913.

I mile, outdoor—4m. 12 3-5s., Norman S. Taber, Boston A. A., made at Hervard Stadium, Cambridge, Mass., July 16, 1915.

3.000 metres, indoor—8m. 35s., G. V. Bonhag, Brooklyn, N. Y., December 16, 1911.

2 miles, outdoor—9m. 17 4-5s., T. S. Berna, Ithaca, N. Y., May 4, 1912.

2 miles, indoor, board—9m. 14 1-5s., G. V. Bonhag, Buffalo, N. Y., February 26, 1910.

3 miles, indoor—14m. 18 1-5s., H. Kolehmainen, Brooklyn, N. Y., February 12, 1913.

3 miles, indoor—14m. 23 3-5s., H. Kolehmainen, Celtic Park, New York City, Augus 47, 1913.

4 miles, indoor—14m. 22 3-5s., H. Kolehmainen, New York City, S. 1910.

4 miles, indoor—14m. 22 3-5s., H. Kolehmainen, New York City, S. 1910.

4 miles, outdoor—20m. 20m. 24s., J. Stockt, Celtic Park, New York City, May 1912.

5 miles, indoor—15m. 5 4-5s., G. V. Bonhag, Madison Square Garden, January 25, 1912.

5 miles, indoor—24m. 29 1-5s., H. Kolehmainen, New York City, Tebruary 12, 1913.

5 miles, outdoor—25m. 8a, H. Kolehmainen, New York City, Nevember 1, 1913.

6 miles, outdoor—25m. 8a, H. Kolehmainen, New York City, November 1, 1913.

6 miles, outdoor—30m. 20 2-5s., H. Kolehmainen, New York City, November 1, 1913.

7 miles, indoor—30m. 24s., H. Kolehmainen, New York City, November 1, 1913.

7 miles, indoor—35m. 36 2-5s., H. Kolehmainen, New York City, November 1, 1913.

7 miles, indoor—35m. 36 2-5s., H. Kolehmainen, New York City, November 1, 1913.

8 miles, indoor—35m. 36 2-5s., H. Kolehmainen, New York City, November 1, 1913.

9 miles, indoor—46m. 47 4-5s., H. Kolehmainen, New York City, November 1, 1913.

9 miles, indoor—46m. 47 4-5s., H. Kolehmainen, S. Miles, indoor—46m. 47 4-5s., H. Kolehmainen, New York City, November 1, 1913.

9 miles, indoor—46m. 47 4-5s., H. Kolehmainen, New York City, November 1, 1913.

10 miles, outdoor—51m. 6 3-5s., H. Kolehmainen, New York City, November 1, 1913.

10 miles, outdoor—51m. 6 3-5s., H. Kolehmainen, New York City, November 1, 1913.

10 miles, outdoor—51m. 6 3-5s., H. Kolehmainen, New York City, November 1, 1913.

10 miles, indoor—51m.

WALKING.

1 mile, outdoor—6m. 29 3-5s., F. P. Murray, New York City, October 27, 1833.

1 mile, indoor—6m. 28s., G. H. Goulding, Buffalo, N. Y., December 16, 1911.

2 miles, indoor—13m. 37s., G. H. Goulding, New York City, March 18, 1916,

2 miles, outdoor—13m. 48 3-5s., F. P. Murray, Williamsburg, L. I., May 30, 1884.

3 miles, indoor—20m. 49 4-5s., G. H. Goulding, Brooklyn, N. Y., March 30, 1912.

3 miles, outdoor—21m. 91-5s., F. P. Murray, New York City, November 6, 1883.

4 miles, lndoor—28m. 6 1-5s., G. H. Goulding, Brooklyn, N. Y., March 30, 1912.

5 miles, outdoor—36m. 10s., G. H. Goulding, Toronto Central Walkers' Club, made at Nellson Fleid (Rutgers College), New Brunswick, N. J., October 23, 1915.

6 miles, outdoor—43m. 28 2-5s., G. H. Goulding, Toronto Central Walkers' Club, made at Nellson Fleid (Rutgers College), New Brunswick, N. J., October 23, 1915.

7 miles, outdoor—50m. 40 4-5s., G. H. Goulding, Toronto Central Walkers' Club, made at Nellson Fleid (Rutgers College), New Brunswick, N. J., October 23, 1915.

tober 23, 1915.

7 miles, outdoor—50m. 40 4-5s., G. H. Goulding, 7 miles, outdoor—50m. 40 4-5s., G. H. Goulding, 7 orouto Central Walkers' Club, made at Neilson Field (Rutgers College), New Brunswick, N. J., October 23, 1915.

8 miles—1b. 20m. 8 1-2s., J. B. Clark, New York City, September 8, 1880.

9 miles—1b. 10m. 8s., E. E. Merrill, Boston, 10 miles—1b. 170m. 40 3-4s., E. E. Merrill, Boston, 10 miles—1b. 17m. 40 3-4s., E. E. Merrill, Boston, 15 miles—2h. 14m. 44s., W. O'Keefe, Williamsburg, L. 1., December 31, 1880.

20 mlles—3h. 8m. 10s., J. B. Clark, New York City, December 5, 1879. 25 mlles—4h. 3m. 35s., J. B. Clark, New York City, December 5, 1879.

City, December 5, 1879.

RELAY RACING.
880-yard relay (Indoor, Olympic style, with baton, 4 men)—Im. 35 2-5s., Xavier A. A. team (C. B. Clark, H. Heiland, E. Lohse, W. J. Keating), New York City, February 21, 1912.

1,760 yards—Teams of 4 men, each man ran 440 yards; 3m. 18s., University of Pennsylvania team (F. Kaufmann, J. Lockwood, D. Lippincott, J. E. Meredith), made at Franklin Field, Philadelphia, Pa., April 24, 1915. Indoor—3m. 25 1-5s., New York A. C. team (O. W. De Gruchy, J. W. Richmond, E. Frick, Le Roy Wood), New York City, February 17, 1912.

1912. 1,760 yards, outdoor-

17160 yards, outdoor—Teams of 5 men each, each man to run one-fifth of the distance; 3m. 11 4-5s., New York A. C. team (W. G. Packard, E. Frick, L. C. Carry R. T. Edwards, Le Roy Wood), Travers Island, N. Y. June 1, 1912.

Silond, S. Y. June 1, 1912.

Silond, S. T. Sand, J. HURDLE RACING

HURDLE RACING.

60 yards—5 hurdles, 2 ft. 6 in. high, 7 2-5s. (Indoor), J. J. Eller, New York City, January 25, 1913;
5 hurdles, 3 ft. 6 in. high, 8s., F. Sralthson, San Francisco, Cal., February 19, 1909 (Indoor), F. W. Kelly, University of Southern California, Brooklyn, N. Y., April 27, 1914, 15 yards to first hurdle, 10 yards apart, 5 yards to finish, 8s.; J. R. Case, Olympic Club, San Francisco, Cal., February 20, 1914, 15 yards to first hurdle, hurdles 10 yards apart and 5 yards to finish; 3 hurdles, 3 ft. 6 in. high, 15 yards apart, 15 yards start and finish, 7 2-5s.; R. G. Haskine, Chicago, Ill., March 11, 1911; 3 hurdles, 2 ft. 5 in. high, 15 yards apart, 15 yards to finish; 3 hurdles, 2 ft. 5 in. Fletcher, Notre Dame, Chicago, Ill., March 11, 1911.

70 yards—5 hurdles, 3 ft. 6 in. high, 16 yards to finish apart, 15 yards apart, 15 yards apart, 15 yards apart, 15 yards apart, 15 yards with the start of the

31, 1910; J. I. Wendell, New York City, March 6, 1913.

70 yards, outdoor—5 hurdles, 2 ft. 6 ln. high. 8 2-5s., J. J. Ellier, New York City, February 5, 1910. Indoor, 8 2-5s., R. Eller and J. J. Eller, Madison Square Garden, New York City, February 4, 1911. 120 yards—5 hurdles, 3 ft. high. 17s. W. M. 1911. 120 yards—5 hurdles, 3 ft. high. 17s. W. M. 1911. 120 yards—5 hurdles, 3 ft. high. 17s. W. M. 1911. 120 yards—6 hurdles, 3 ft. high. 17s. 40 hurdles, 3 ft. high. 17s. H. G. Otis, Nahari Bosch, Mass. September 28, 1878. 6 hurdles, 10 hurdles, 2 ft. 6 in. high. 17 3-4s, W. H. Young, 10 hugh. 17 1-4s, R. B. Jones, San Francisco, 11 high. 17 1-4s, R. B. Jones, San Francisco, 11 high. 17 1-4s, R. B. Jones, San Francisco, 11 high. 17 1-4s, R. B. Jones, San Diller, 17sh-American A. C., Brooklyn, N. Y., February 23, 1914. 10 hurdles, 3 ft. high, 18 1-5s, G. H. Taylor, Rulland, Vt., August 24, 1883. 10 hurdles, 3 ft. 6 in. high, 14 3-5s, Robers Slmpson, University of Alissouri, made at Missouri Valley Conference Meet, held at Columbia, Mo., May 27, 1916, and at intercollegiate Conference Meet, held at Evanston, III., June 3, 1916.
220 yards—5 hurdles, 3 ft. high, 29 3-4s., F. W. Janssen, New York City, July 26, 1880. 6 hurdles, 2 ft. 6 in. high, 26-5s., C. T. Wiegand, New York City, May 4, 1889. 7 hurdles, 2 ft. 6 in. high, 29s., J. McClelland, New York City, September 6, 1870. 9 hurdles, 2 ft. 8 in. high, 28 7-8s., J. S. Voorhees, Jersey City, N. J., October 26, 1880. 9 hurdles, 3 ft. 6 in. high, 29 3-5s.

J. B. Hanna, New York City, March 14, 1880. 10 hurdles, 2 ft. 6 in. high, 23 3-5s., A. C. Kraenzlein, New York City, May 28, 1898. 10 hurdles, 2 ft. 6 in. high, 23 3-5s., 10 hurdles, 2 ft. 6 in. high, 23 3-5s., 10 hurdles, 2 ft. 6 in. high, 23 3-5s., 1. I. Wendell, Cambridge, Mass., May 31, 1913. 10 hurdles, 3 ft. high, 28 4-5s., C. T. Wiegand, Brooklyn, July 10, 1886. 10 hurdles, 3 ft. 6 in. high, 23 3-5s., J. Eller, Celtic Park, New York City, October 11, 1908, 10 hurdles, 2 ft. 6 in. high, 23 3-5s., Robert Simpson, University of Missouri, made at the Missouri Valley Conference Meet, held at Columbia, Mo., May 27, 1916.

Quarter mile—8 hurdles, 3 ft. 6 in. high, 13 4-5s., T. S. Buck, Williamsbridge, New York City, September 19, 1896. 10 hurdles, 3 ft. 6 in. high, 1m. 4s., W. L. Allen, St. Hyacinthe, Province of Quebec, October 10, 1878. 10 hurdles, 2 ft. 6 in. high, 1m. 8 1-4s., R. S. Summerhaves, Montreal, Province of Quebec, October 7, 1877. 15 hurdles, 2 ft. 6 in. high, 1m. 43-4s., R. S. Summerhaves, Montreal, Province of Quebec, October 7, 1877. 15 hurdles, 2 ft. 6 in. high, 1m. 43-4s., C. G. G. Neidilinger, Brooklyn, N. Y., Decenber 31, 1879. 16 hurdles, 2 ft. 6 in. high, 1m. 4s., H. H. Morttz, New York City, July 4, 1879. 18 hurdles, 2 ft. 6 in. high, 1m. 94-5s., A. F. Copland, New York City, Juny 4, 1879. 18 hurdles, 2 ft. 6 in. high, 1m. 94-5s., A. F. Copland, New York City, Juny 4, 1879. 18 hurdles, 2 ft. 6 in. high, 1m. 94-5s., A. F. Copland, New York City, Juny 4, 1879. 18 hurdles, 2 ft. 6 in. high, 1m. 94-5s., A. F. Copland, New York City, Juny 4, 1879. 18 hurdles, 2 ft. 6 in. high, 1m. 94-5s., A. F. Copland, New York City, Juny 4, 1879. 18 hurdles, 2 ft. 6 in. high, 1m. 94-5s., A. F. Copland, New York City, Juny 4, 1879. 18 hurdles, 2 ft. 6 in. high, 1m. 94-5s., A. F. Copland, New York City, Juny 4, 1915. 10 hurdles, first hurdle 40 yards from start, 40 yards between each hurdle and 90 yards to finish, 54 3-5s., M. L. Hillman, Travers Island, N. Y., October 1, 1904.

JUMPING.

Standing high jump, without weights, outdoor—5 ft. 5 3-4 in., Leo Goehring, Travers Island, N. Y., June 14, 1913. Indoor, 5 ft. 4 1-8 in., Platt Adams, New York City, January 25, 1913.

Running high jump, without weights—6 ft. 7 5-16 in., outdoor, E. Beeson, Olympic Club, Berkeley, Cal., May 2, 1914.

Running high jump, indoor, without weights—6 ft. 4 1-2 in., S. C. Lawrence, Boston, Mass., February 9, 1912.

One standing long jump, without weights—11 ft. 47-8 in., Ray C. Ewry, St. Louis, August 29, 1904.

Three standing jumps—35 ft. 8 3-4 in., Ray C. Ewry, Celtic Park, New York City, September 7, 1903.

Running long jump, without weights—24 ft. 7 1-4 in., M. Prinstein, Philadelphia, Pa., April 28, 1900. Running hop, step and jump, without weights—50 ft. 11 in., D. F. Ahearne, Celtie Park, New York City, May 30, 1911.

VAULTING.

Pole vault for helpht—13 ft. 2 1-4 in., M. S. Wright, Cambridge, Mass., June 8, 1912. Pole vault for distance, indoor—28 ft. 2 in., Platt Adams, New York City, October 31, 1910.

THROWING THE HAMMER

Regulation hammer, A. A. U. rules, weight (including handle), 16 pounds, entire length 4 feet, thrown from 7-ft. circles ft. 6 1-2 in., P. Ryan, Celtle Park, New York City, August 17, 1913.

SHOT PUTTING.

8-pound shot—67 ft. 7 in., Ralph Rose, Travers Island, N. Y., September 14, 1907.
il2-pound shot—57 ft. 3 in., Ralph Rose, Celtic Park, New York City, August 29, 1998.
16-pound shot—51 ft., Ralph Rose, San Francisco, August 21, 1909.
24-pound shot, outdoor—38 ft. 10 11-16 in., P. J. McDonald, Celtic Park, New York City, October 22, 1911.

24-pound shot, indoor (from board to dirt pit)—39 ft. 8 1-4 in., P. J. McDonald, New York City, March 6, 1913.

March 6, 1913.

16-pound shot, right and left hand, with toe board

—91 ft. 10 1-2 in, (right hand, 50 ft. 6 in.; left hand,
41 ft. 4 1-2 ln.), Raiph Rose, Oakland, Cal., June 2,
1912. Right and left hand, without toe board—91 ft.
10 in, (right hand, 49 ft. 10 in.; left hand, 42 ft.),
Raiph Rose, American League Park, New York City,
June 12, 1912.

THROWING WEIGHTS.

56-pound weight, thrown with both hands from a 7-ft. circle, without follow—40 ft. 6 3-8 in., M. J. McGrath, Montreal, Canada, September 23, 1911.

56-pound weight for height—16 ft. 11 1-4 in., P. Donovan, Pastime A. C., San Francisco, Cal., February 20, 1914.

JAVELIN RECORD.

Throwing the javelin—190 tt. 6 in., George A. Bronder, Jr., Irish-American A. C., made at National A. A. U. Track and Field Championships, held at Wecquahle Park, Newark, N. J., Sept. 9, 1016.

THROWING THE DISCUS.

THROWING THE DISCUS.

Throwing the discus, Olympic style, weight, 4 pounds 6 1-2 ouoces (8 ft. 2 1-2 in. circle)—156 ft. 1 3-8 in., James Duncan, Cettle Park, New York City, May 27, 1912.

Throwing the discus from 7-ft. circle—145 ft. 9 1-2 in., James Duncan, Celtic Park, New York City, June 2, 1912.

Throwing the discus (8 ft. 2 1-2 in. circle, right and left hand)—252 ft. 8 7-8 in., James Duncan, Celtic Park, New York City, May 27, 1912. Right hand, 156 ft. 1 3-8 in.; left hand, 96 ft. 7 1-2 ln.

ALL-AROUND TRACK AND FIELD RECORD. All-around record—7,499 points, F. C. Thomson, Princeton University, Princeton, N. J., June 5, 1913.

### NOTEWORTHY PERFORMANCES. RUNNING.

20 yards—2 4-5s, E. B. Bloss, roose...
February 22, 1892.
February 22, 1892.
S. Yards—48.
A. W. Grosvenor, Boston Mass.,
35 yards—48.
A. Blair, Chicago, February
22, 1902.
May 8, 1902. (twice); W. Hogenson, Madison, Wis.,
March 18, 1905. Frank Waller, Madison, Wis.,
March 18, 1905. Frank Waller, Madison, Wis.,
(twice), March 18, 1905; F. Kuhn, Chicago A. A.,
Chicago, III., February 25, 1911.
40 yards—4 2-5s., W. D. Eaton, Boston, Mass.,
Theorem 11, 1905.

February 11, 1995.

45 yards—5 1-5s., C. A. Blair, Chicago, February 13, 1904; Victor S. Rice, Chicago, February 13, 1904; Victor S. Rice, Chicago, February 13, 1904; W. D. Eaton, New York City, Cetober 10, 1905; Richard L. Murray, St. Louis, Mo., March 17, 1906; F. Kuha, Chicago, A. A., Omaha, Neb., April 1, 1911; A. T. Meyer, Irish-American A. C., made at Meadowbrook Games, held in Convention Hall, Philadelphia, Pa., March 13, 1915, 51-5s., Jo Loomis, St. Louis, March 15, 1915; 52-5s., Brooke Brewer, Philadelphia, March 11, 1916, 65 yards, indoor—7s., Lawson Robottson, New York City, March 2, 1908; H. P. Drew, New York City, January 25, 1903; March 11, 1916.

70 yards—7 1-5s. (made in two races the same evening), W. A. Schick, New York City, February 28, 1903; J. J. Archer, New York City, February 5, 1910; R. Cloughein, New York City, February 5, 1910; R. Cloughein, New York City, February 5, 1910; R. Cloughein, New York City, December 7, 1912. S0 yards—8s., Wendell Baker, Boston, Mass., July 1, 1886.

90 yards, indoor—9 1-5s., H. P. Drcw, University of Southern California, Brooklyn, N. Y., April 27,

110 yards—10 4-5s., R. Cloughen, Celtic Park, New York City, September 5, 1910. 120 yards, outdoor—11 3-5s., H. P. Drew, Unl-versity of Southern California, Crescent Park,

versity of Southern California, Crescent Park, Rhode Island, August 20, 1914. 130 yards—12 4-5s., Robert Cloughen, Brooklyn, N. Y., February 11, 1909; H. P. Drcw, University of Southern California, Brooklyn, N. Y., November

Southern California, Brooklyn, N. Y., November 22, 1913.
150 yards—14 4-5s., C. H. Sherrill, Jr., Berkeley Vorl, New York City, May 17, 1890; J. Owen, Jr., Detroit, Mich., September 13, 1890.
200 yards—20s. W. Baker, Berkeley Oval, New York City, November 8, 1890.
250 yards—25.4 Sept., C. H. Sherrill, Jr., New Haven, Ct., June 15, 1888.

330 yards—35s October 22, 1881. -35s., L. E. Myers, New York City,

October 22, 1881, 350 yards—36 2-5s., M. W. Long, Guttenburg Race Track, N. J., October 4, 1900. (This was the first 350 of a 440 yards straightaway trial.) 400 yards, straightaway—42 1-5s., M. W. Long, Guttenburg Race "Track, N. J., October 4, 1900. (this was the first 400 yards of a 440-yards trial.) 500 yards—57 3-5s., M. W. Sheppard, Celtle Park, New York City, August 14, 1910. 550 yards—Im. 4s., M. W. Sheppard, Celtle Park, New York City, August 14, 1910.

Sporting Reco

660 yards, outdoor—Im. 20 2-5s., H. Baker, New
York A. C., Travers Island, N. Y., September 26,
1914. Indoor—Im. 21 2-5s. James E. Meredith,
710 yards—Im. 22 4-5s., James E. Meredith,
Philadelphis, March 11, 1916.
2-12ths of a mile—Im. 42 4-5s., M. W. Sheppard, Celtic
Park, New York City, May 30, 1910.
3-12ths of a mile—Im. 42s., W. G. George, New
York City, November 30, 1882.
800 yards—Im. 44 2-5s., L. E. Myers, Williamsburg, L. I., September 16, 1882.
800 yards—Im. 43 3-5s. (race track), M. W. Sheppard, Poughkeepsie, N. Y., August 23, 1910.
900 yards—Im. 57 1-5s., M. W. Sheppard, Celtic
Park, New York City, August 7, 1910.
2-3ds of a mile—2m. 42 2-5s. (race track), M. W.
Sheppard, Newark, N. J., August 20, 1910.
2-3ds of a mile—2m. 45 2-5s., M. W. Sheppard,
Celtic Park, New York City, July 31, 1910.
1-14 miles—5m. 38 4-5s., T. P. Conneff, Bergen
Point, N. J., September 2, 1895.
1-1-2 miles—6m. 46 2-5s., T. P. Conneff, September 2, 1895.
1-3-4 miles—8m. 18 1-5s., W. D. Day, Berkeley
Oval, May 17, 1890.
1-3-4 miles, Indoor, Day G. S., G. V. Bonhag, Buffalo, N. Y., February 26, 1910.
2-12 miles, indoor—11m. 53 2-5s., H. Kolehmainen, Brooklyn, N. Y., February 12, 1913.
2-12 miles, outdoor—17m. 11 3-5s., H. Kolehmainen, Berkeley, New York City, August 17, 1913.
3-1-2 miles, indoor—17m. 11 3-5s., H. Koleh-2 1-2 mites, outdoor—11m. 59 2-5s., H. Kolehmainen, Cettic Park, New York City, August 17, 1913.
3 1-2 mites, indoor—17m. 11 3-5s., H. Kolehmainen, New York City, February 12, 1913.
3 1-2 mites, outdoor—17m. 26 3-5s., H. Kolehmainen, New York City, November 1, 1913.
4 1-2 mites, outdoor—22m. 36 4-5s., H. Kolehmainen, New York City, November 1, 1913.
4 1-2 mites, indoor—22m. 74-5s., H. Kolehmainen, New York City, February 12, 1913.
10-mite team race—44m. 92-5s., M. D. Huysman and M. J. Ryan, Madison Square Garden, New York City, February 12, 1911.
11 mites—1h. 56 1-5s., J. F. Crowley, Cettle Park, New York City, November 14, 1909.
12 mites—1h. 6m. 59 3-5s., J. F. Crowley, Cettle Park, New York City, November 14, 1909.
13 mites—1h. 12m. 49 3-5s., J. F. Crowley, Cettle Park, New York City, November 14, 1909.
14 mites—1h. 18m. 56 3-5s., J. F. Crowley, Cettle Park, New York City, November 14, 1909.
16 mites—1h. 31m. 49s., J. F. Crowley, Cettle Park, New York City, November 14, 1909.
17 mites—1h. 38m. 37 1-5s., J. F. Crowley, Cettle Park, New York City, November 14, 1909.
18 mites—1h. 38m. 37 1-5s., J. F. Crowley, Cettle Park, New York City, November 14, 1909.
18 mites—1h. 45m. 11 4-5s., James Ciark, Cettle Park, New York City, November 14, 1909.
19 mites—1h. 51m. 41 4-5s., James Ciark, Cettle Park, New York City, November 14, 1909.
50 mites—7h. 29m. 47s., P. Golden, Williamsburg, N. Y., February 22, 1883.

### HURDLE RACING.

40 yards—3 hurdles, 3 ft. 6 in. high, 15 yards to first hurdle, 5 2-5s. T. N. Richards, Lafayette, Ind., February 19, 1910.

40 yards—3 hurdles, 2 ft. 6 in. high, 15 yards to first hurdle, 5s. T. N. Richards, Lafayette, Ind., February 19, 1910.

45 yards—3 hurdles, 2 ft. 6 in. high, 5 3-5s., F. B. Scheuber, Boston, Mass., March 18, 1899; 5 3-5s., F. B. Scheuber, Boston, Mass., March 16, 1901.

4 hurdles, 2 ft. 6 in. high, 5 4-5s., F. B. Scheuber, Boston, Mass., February 16, 1901; 3 hurdles, 3 ft. 6 in. high, 6s., J. W. Mayhew, Boston, Mass., March 4, 1905.

1905. J. W. Maynew, Boston, Massa, March 4, 50 yards—4 hurdles, 3 ft. 6 in. high, 7s, M. S. Catlin, Chicago, February 20, 1904. 2 ft. 6 in. high, indoor (4 hurdles, first hurdle 15 yards from start, hurdles 10 yards apart, 5 yards to finish, 6 1-5s., J. J. Eller, Irish-American A. C., made at the Meadow-brook Club Games, held in Convention Hall, Philadelphia, Pa. March 13, 1915, and March 11, 1916. 75 yards, outdoor—6 hurdles, 2 ft. 6 in. high, 19-5s., J. J. Eller, Celtic Park, L. 1., June 4, 1911. 75 yards, indoor—6 hurdles, 2 ft. 6 in. high, 15 yards to first hurdle, 10 yards between hurdles, 10 yards to first hurdle, 10 yards between hurdles, 10 yards to first hurdle, 10 yards apart, 10 yards to first hurdle, 10 yards apart, 10 yards to finish, 9s., R. Templeton, San Francisco, Cal., February 21, 1913; 9s., J. J. Eller, Irish-American A. C., Brooklyn, N. Y., April 27, 1914.

75 yards, indoor—6 hurdles, 3 ft. 6 in. hlgh, 9 4-5s., F. W. Schule, Milwaukee, March 5, 1904; 9 4-5s., 16 yards to first hurdle, 10 yards apart, 10 yards to first hurdle, 10 yards apart, 10 yards to first hurdle, 10 yards apart, 10 yards to first hurdle, 10 yards apart, 10 yards to first hurdle, 10 yards apart, 10 yards to first hurdles, 12 yards to first hurdles, 2 ft. 61s., 1845. F. Solyards—6 hurdles, 3 ft. high, 12s., M. W. Ford, New York City, March 13, 1886. 7 hurdles, 2 ft. 6 in. high, 9 3-5s., F. Smithson, San Francisco, February 19, 1909. 7 hurdles, 3 ft. 6 in. high, 11 1-4s., A. A. Jordan, New York City, October 9, 1887.
100 yards—5 hurdles, 3 ft. 6 in. high, 14 1-2s., J. C. Austin, Worcester, Mass., November 3, 1874. 8 hurdles, 2 ft. 6 in. high, 12 1-5s., J. S. Hill, Baltimore, Md., February 9, 1907. 8 hurdles, 2 ft. 6 in. high, 15 yards to first hurdle, hurdles 10 yards apart, 15 yards to first hurdle, hurdles 10 yards apart, 15 yards to first hurdle, hurdles 10 yards apart, 15 yards to first hurdle, for hurdles, 2 ft. 6 in. high, 13 1-5s., 5 hurdles, 2 ft. 6 in. high, 13 1-5s., E. M. Pritchard, Travers Island, N. Y., September 28, 1913. 10 hurdles, 2 ft. 6 in. high, 12 1-5s., S. C. Northridge, Brooklyn, N. Y., March 30, 1907.
120 yards—Hurdles 2 ft. 6 in. high, indoor, 10 hurdles, 13 1-5s., J. J. J. Filber Tich-American

n. r., september 28, 1913. 10 hurdles, 2 ft. 6 in. high, 12 1-5s., S. C. Northridge, Brooklyn, N. Y., March 30, 1907.

120 yards—Hurdles 2 ft. 6 in. high, Indoor, 10 hurdles, 13 1-5s., J. J. Eller, Irish-American A. C., made at St. John's College Meet. held in the 13th Regiment Armory, Brooklyn, N. Y., April 9, 1915.

10 hurdles, 3 ft. high, 14 3-5s., F. S. Murray, Thave Island, N. Y., September 23, 1916.

200 yards—10 hurdles, 3 ft. 5 in. high, 26 ft. C. Puffer, Boston, Mass, April 12, 1890. L. mardles, 2 ft. 6 in. high, 30 4-5s., A. A. Jordan, New York City, November 21, 1888.

250 yards—10 hurdles, 2 ft. 6 in. high, 31 4-5s., G. Schwegler, Staten Island, October 26, 1889.

7 W. Brown, Yonkers, N. Y., October 10, 1873. 10 hurdles, 2 ft. 6 in. high, 42s. F. W. Brown, Yonkers, N. Y., October 10, 1873. 10 hurdles, 2 ft. 6 in. high, 42s. F. W. Brown, Yonkers, N. Y., October 10, 1873. 10 hurdles, 2 ft. 6 in. high, 42s. F. W. Brown, Yonkers, N. Y., October 10, 1873. 10 hurdles, 2 ft. 6 in. high, 45s., 15 hurdles, 2 ft. 6 in. high (distances from start to first hurdle, 26 yards, and from last hurdle to finish, equal), 36 2-5s., H. L. Hillman, Jr., New York City, November 23, 1995. 10 hurdles, 2 ft. 6 in. high, 40 yards), 34 3-5s., H. L. Hillman, Jr., Travers Island, N. Y., September 23, 1995. 10 hurdles, 3 ft. high, 45s., J. E. Halgh, Yonkers, N. Y., August 30, 1879. 12 hurdles, 2 ft. 6 in. high, 41s., A. A. Jordan, New York City, November 21, 1888. 13 hurdles, 2 ft. 6 in. high, 51-2s., H. P. Mac-Mahon, Jersey City, N. J., June 19, 1880.

One-fith mile—10 hurdles, 2 ft. 6 in. high, 43 3-5s., C. J. Bacon, Celtic Park, New York City, June 25, 1910.

### JIIMPING.

One standing long jump, with weights—12 ft. 9 1-2 in., L. Hellwig, Williamsburg, N. Y., November 20, 1884.

One standing long jump, backwards, with weights —9 ft., J. J. Carpenter, Ann Arbor, Mich., November 8, 1884

Der o. 1884. Two standing long Jumps, with weights—24 ft., J. E. Payne, Cleveland, Ohlo, February 2, 1895. Three standing long jumps, with weights—35 ft. 9 ln. W. S. Lawton, San Francisco, Cal., May 13, 1876.

1876.
Nine standing long jumps, without weights—100 ft. 4 in., M. W. Ford, New York City, June 7, 1885. Ten standing long jumps, without weights—116 ft. 3 1-2 in., Dr. B. F. Mulligan, Celtie Park, New York City, September 1, 1902. Standing hop, step and jump, without weights—30 ft. 3 in., J. Cosgrove, Albany, N. Y., April 25, 1894. Standing hop, step and jump, with weights—31 ft. 7 in., W. W. Butler, Oak Island Grove, Mass., June 18, 1886. 7 in., W. 18, 1886.

7 lii, W. V. V. Standing jump, step and jump, without weights—32 ft. 4 1-2 ln., Platt Adams, Celtic Park, New York City, September 6, 1909.
Running two hops and jump, without weights—50 ft. 2 7-10 in., D. F. Ahearne, Boston, Mass., July 31, 1909.

### THROWING THE HAMMER,

Regulation hammer, A. A. U. rules, weight dinctuding handle) 12 pounds, entire length 4 feet, thrown from 7-ft. cfr-213 ft. 9 1-8 ln., P. Ryan, Celtle Park, New York City, October 19, 1913.

Hammer, with handle 3 ft. 6 in. long, thrown with both hands from a mark without run or follow. 12-pound hammer head—116 ft. 4 in., C. A. J. Queckberner, Staten Island, November 17, 1888. 16-pound hammer head—100 ft. 5 in., C. A. J. Queckberner, Staten Island, November 17, 1888. 21-pound hammer head—15 ft. 3 in., C. A. J. Queckberner, Staten Island, November 14, 1888. 21-pound hammer head—15 ft. 3 in., C. A. J. Queckberner, Staten Island, November 14, 1888. Hammer, with handle 4 ft. long, thrown with one hand from a mark, without run or follow: 8-pound hammer—15 ft. 9 in., W. L. Coudon, Pertynan, Md., August 9, 1884. 12-pound hammer—16 ft. 9 in., W. L. Coudon, Chestertown, Md., June 25, 1890. 16-pound hammer, including weight of head and handle—101 ft. 5 1-2 in., W. L. Coudon, Chestertown, Md., June 25, 1890. 16-pound hammer, with handle 4 ft. long, thrown with both hands from a mark, without run or follow: 10-pound hammer head—134 ft. 3 in., W. L. Coudon, Wilmington, Del., May 10, 1888. 12-pound hammer head—15 ft. 4 in., W. L. Coudon, Wilmington, Del., May 10, 1888. 14-pound hammer head—13 ft. 11 in., W. L. Coudon, Wilmington, Del., May 10, 1888. 15-pound hammer head—13 ft. 11 in., W. L. Coudon, Wilmington, Del., May 10, 1888. 16-pound hammer head—13 ft. 11 in., W. Coudon, Wilmington, Del., May 10, 1888. 18-pound hammer head—13 ft. 11 in., W. Coudon, Wilmington, Del., May 10, 1888. 18-pound hammer head—180 ft. 3 ft. 11 in., W. Coudon, Wilmington, Del., May 10, 1888. 18-pound hammer head—180 ft. 3 ft. 11 in., W. Coudon, Wilmington, Del., May 10, 1888. 18-pound hammer head—180 ft. 3 ft. 11 in., W. Coudon, Wilmington, Del., May 10, 1888. 18-pound hammer head—180 ft. 3 ft. 11 in., W. Coudon, Wilmington, Del., May 10, 1888. 18-pound hammer head—180 ft. 3 ft. 11 in., W. Coudon, Wilmington, Del., May 10, 1888. 18-pound hammer head—180 ft. 3 ft. 11 in., W. Coudon, Wilmington, Del., May 10, 1888. 18-pound hammer head—180 ft. 3 ft. 3 ft. 3 ft. 3 ft. 3 ft. 3 ft. 3 ft. 3 ft. 3 ft. 3 ft. 3 ft. 3 ft. 3 ft. 3 ft. 3 ft. 3 ft.

16-pound hammer, including weight of head and handle—146 ft. 4 in., E. E. Parry, Portland, Ore., August 5, 1905.

16-pound hammer head—130 ft., J. S. Mitchel, New York City, November 6, 1888.

21-pound hammer, weight of head without handle —109 tt. 1 1-4 in., B. F. Sherman, Boston, Mass., June 17, 1908.

June 17, 1908.

21-pound hammer bead—90 ft. 3 in., C. A. J. Queckberner, Staten Island, November 17, 1888.

Hammer, with handle 4 ft. long, thrown with both hands (9-ft. circle):

16-pound hammer—189 ft. 3 in., P. Ryan, Cettle Park, New York City, September 1, 1913.

Hammer, with handle 4 ft. long, thrown with one hand, with unlimited run, but no follow:

8-pound hammer bead—189 ft. 1-4 in., W. L. Coudon, Elkton, Md., October 11, 1889.

10-pound hammer—167 ft. 2 in., W. L. Coudon, Perryman, Md., August 9, 1894.

Hammer, with handle 4 ft. long, thrown with one hand, with unlimited run and follow:

16-pound hammer, including weight of head and

16-pound hammer, including weight of head and handle—129 ft. 11 in., W. L. Coudon, Washington, D. C., October 8, 1892.

D. C., October 8, 1892.

Hammer, with handle 4 ft. long, thrown with both hands, with unlimited run and follow:

16-pound hammer head—125 ft. 10 in., J. S. Mitchel, Brooklyn, N. Y., October 1, 1888.

18-pound hammer head—118 ft. 11 in., J. S. Mitchel, New York City, September 29, 1888.

18-pound hammer, weight of head without handle—131 ft. 1 4 in., B. F. Sherman, Boston, Mass., Isound hammer, weight of head without handle—17, 1908.

16-pound hammer, with unlimited run and follow —180 ft. 1 in., J. J. Flanagan, Celtic Park, New York City, October 10, 1909.

### SHOT PUTTING.

14-pound shot—51 ft. 6 3-8 in., Ralph Rose, Travers Island, N. Y., September 14, 1907.
18-pound shot (7-ft. elrele, outdoor)—46 ft. 2 3-4 in., P. J. McDonald, Irish-American A. C., Celtic Park, New York City, May 30, 1914.
18-pound shot, Indoor—45 ft. 5 3-4 in., Ralph Rose, San Francisco, Cal., February 21, 1913.
21-pound shot—42 ft. 4 1-2 in., P. McDonald, Celtic Park, New York City, October 20, 1912.

25 1-2-pound shot, with follow—36 ft. 8 1-2 in., W. Real, Philadelphia, Pa., October 25, 1888. 28-pound weight, with follow, indoor—36 ft. 8 1-2 in., P. Ryan, Irish-American A. C., New York City, February 14, 1914 28-pound shot—34 ft. 5 3-4 in., Ralph Rose, Travers Island, N. Y., September 14, 1907. 42-pound stone, with follow—28 ft. 11 1-4 in., P. Ryan, Celtic Park, New York City, September 1, 1913.

56-pound shot, with follow—23 ft. 1-2 in., W. Real, Boston, Mass., October 4, 1888.

### HROWING WEIGHTS.

14-nound weight, thrown from shoulder, with follow—58 ft. 2 in., J. S. Mitchel, Boston, Mass., October 4, 1888.

Der 4, 1888.
28-pound weight, with follow—36 ft. 3 in., DennisHorgan, Travers Island, N. Y., September 29, 1906,
35-pound weight for height—21 ft., P. Ryan,
Bronx, New York City, April 12, 1913.
35-pound weight for distance—57 ft. 7-8 in., P.
Ryan, Celtic Park, New York City, September 1,
1013

56-pound weight, thrown from side, with one hand, vithout run or follow—28 ft. 9 in., J. S. Mitchel, New York City. August 26, 1905.
56-pound weight, thrown from the side, with two-

hands, without run or follow—31 ft. 5 ln., John Flanagan, New York City, August 26, 1905.

56-pound weight, thrown with two hands, unlimited run and follow—40 ft. 2 n., John Flanagan, Long Island City, July 17, 1904.

56-pound weight, Irish style, one hand, with unlimited run and follow—38 ft. 5 in., J. S. Mitchel, Celtle Park, New York City, September 7, 1903.

56-pound weight, from stand—33 ft. 1 in., M. J. McGrath, Travers Island, N. Y., September 24, 1910, 56-pound weight, over bar—15 ft. 2 5-8 in., P. Donovan, San Francisco, Cal., October 25, 1913.

### THROWING THE DISCUS.

Throwing the discus, Greek style—116 ft. 7 1-2 in., M. J. Sheridan, Philadelphia, Pa., June 6, 1908.

### RELAY RACING.

1,200 yards, outdoor—Teams of 4 men, each man to run 300 yards, 2m. 6 4-5s., New York A. C. team (F. P. McNally, D. A. Kubn, V. Wilkle, T. Lennon), Travers Island, N. Y., September 26, 1914.

1,280 yards—2m. 28 4-5s., Georgetown University team (Edmunson, McCarthy, Reilly, Mulligan), St. Louis, Mo., March 26, 1904.

1,173 1-3 yards relay, indoor—2m. 25s., Cross Country Club team (T. P. McDonagh, A. F. Warner, E. B. Allison, M. J. B. McDonagh), Georgetown University, March 2, 1912.

1,408 yards, indoor, board—Teams of 4 men, each man to run 352 yards, 2m. 45 2-5s., Chicago A. A. team (F. V. Belote, A. Ward, T. H. Blair, E. F. J. Lindberg), Champalen, Ill., February 22, 1913.

1,560 yards, indoor, board—Four men, each man to run 390 yards, 3m. 24-5s., Boston A. A. team (F. Burns, S. D. Rose, D. S. Caldwell, T. J. Halpin), made at Boston, Mass., February 6, 1915.

made at Boston, Mass., February 6, 1915.
2,400 yards.—Teams of 4 men, each man to run 600 yards, 5m. 11 3-5s., Irish-American A. C. team (Odell, Riley, Bromilow, Sheppard), Long Island City, May 30, 1907; 5m. 6 1-5s. (Indoor), Irish-American A. C. team (J. Bromilow, W. C. Robbins, A. R. Kliviat, H. Schaar), New York City, February 5, 1910.

KIviat, H. Schaaf), New York City, February 5, 1910.
3, 126 yards, Indoor—Teams of 4 men, each man torun 780 yards, 6m. 59s., Boston A. A. team (D. S.
Caldwell, O. F. Hedlund, E. T. Marceau, T. J. Halpin), Boston, Mass., March 1, 1913.
Medley relay, outdoor—7m. 44 2-5s., Irish-Amerlean A. C. team (I. J. Archer, 220 yards; J. M. Rosenberger, 440 yards; A. R. Kivlat, 830 yards; J. Bromilow, 1 mile), Boston, Mass., July 24, 1909; indoor,
7m. 38 2-5s., All New York team (F. P. MeNally,
220 yards; J. M. Rosenberger, 440 yards; J. P. Sullivan, 880 yards; A. R. Kivlat, 1 mile), Buffalo, N. Y.,
April 7, 1911.
For the following, see WORLD ALMANAC. 1915:

April (, 1911.

For the following, see WORLD ALMANAC, 1915:
Yaulting, Stone Gathering, Wall Scaling, Horse Carriage, Dumbbells, Rope Climbing, Littling, Long Dive, Parallel Bars, Kicking, Jumping from Springboard, Pulling the Body Up by the Arms, Batting, Throwing and Kicking Balls, and Medley Race.

### TRACK AND FIELD ATHLETICS.

### AMATEUR ATHLETIC UNION CHAMPIONSHIPS.

TRACK AND FIEL

AMATUR ATHLETIC U.

AMATUR ATHLETIC U.

National A. A. U., Junfor Championships, held at Newark, N. J., September 8. Point score: New York A. C., 52: Chicago A. A., 20; Irish-American A. C., New York, 16; Irish-American A. A., Boston, 13; Boston A. A., 13; Los Angeles A. C., 10; Tloga A. A., et Kinghts of St. Antony, 6; Multnomath A. A., 6; Kinghts of St. Antony, 6; Multnomath A. A., 6; Kinghts of St. Antony, 6; Multnomath A. A., 6; Kinghts of St. Antony, 6; Multnomath A. A., C., 3; Pastime A. C., 3; University of Chicago, 3; Bronx Church House, 3; Alpha P. C., 3; Mothawk A. C., 3; Pastime A. C., 3; Chicago, 3; Bronx Church House, 3; Alpha P. C., 3; Mothawk A. C., 3; Pastime A. C., 2; Newark A. C., 8; Second, 3; Spoicane A. A. C., 2; Newark A. C., 20; Summaries: 100-yard dash—Won by A. E. Ward, Chicago A. A.; second, F. Motley, Jr., unattached, Atlantic Clty; third, H. N. Williams, Spokane A. C., fourth, J. L. Foley, Boston A. A. Time—10s, 120-yard high hurdles—Won by E. J. Thomson, Los Angeles A. C.; second, A. T. Brush, University of Chicago; third, B. Browa, New York A. C.; fourth, F. J. Loomis, Chicago A. A. Time—16s, 1-mile run—Won by A. D. Colby, Boston A. A.; second, H. L. Carroll, New York A. C.; third, G. Benish, Chicago A. A.; fourth, Frank Jenkins, St. Christophers Club, New York A. C.; tourth, W. H. Duncan, Tloga A. C., Pittsburgh Time—23s, 220-yard low hurdles—Won by C. W. Looms, Boston A. A.; second, A. Breecester A. C.; fourth, W. H. Duncan, Tloga A. C., Pittsburgh Time—23s, 220-yard low hurdles—Won by F. J. Loomis, Chicago A. A.; second, F. Lagay, New York A. C.; third, W. A. Armstrong, Philadelphia; fourth, J. F. Ryan, Knights of St. Antony. Time—25s, 220-yard down hurdles—Won by W. P. Howard, Pittsburgh A. A.; second, F. Lagay, New York A. C.; third, A. B. Boothe, Chicago A. A.; fourth, W. McFadden, New York A. C. Time—60s, 58-5s, 440-yard un—Won by W. P. Howard, Pittsburgh A. A.; second, F. Lagay, New York A. C.; Thire, A. C.; Durth, W. McFadden, New York Clty, 16t, 61-61, 51-

ELD ATHLETICS.

UNION CHAMPIONSHIPS.

Iyn, 21 ft. 51-2 in, fourth. Running high jump—
Won by G. A. Peilctier, Irish-Amerlean A. A.,
Boston, 5 ft. 11 in; S. Potander, Swedish-Amerlean
A. C., Brooklyn, 5 ft. 10 in., second; W. Zittel,
N. Y. A. C., 5 ft. 9 in., third; F. A. Crane, Meadowbrook A. C., Philadeiphia, 5 ft. 8 in., fourth. 16pound hammer—Won by O. R. Bonson, Chieago
A. A., 149 ft. 7 in.,; A. G. Gennert N. Y. A. C., 144
ft. 10 in., second; H. C. White, N. Y. A. C., 133 ft.
71-2 in., third; J. Conway, Irish-American A. C.,
New York City, 122 ft. 2 in., fourth. 880-yard run—
Won by L. E. Scudder, N. Y. A. C.; E. J. Garvey,
Knights of St. Antony, Brooklyn, second; S. Evans,
Salem-Crescen A. C., third; L. A. Sos,
Prishum St.
pound weight—Won by L. R. Gear, N. Y. A. C.,
31 ft. 9 in.; P. O'Connor, Irish-American A. C.,
New York City, 27 ft. 8 1-8 in., second; J. Conway,
Irish-American A. C., New York City, 27 ft. 3 in.,
third; B. F. Herman, unattached, New York City,
24 ft. 8 1-2 in., fourth. Running hop, step and jump—
Won by J. E. Madden, N. Y. A. C., 43 ft.; H. B.
Foye, Irish-American A. A., Boston, 43 ft. 6 in.,
second; J. S. Ferris, Newark A. C., 43 ft. 5 3-4 in.,
third; L. Labeer, Salem-Crescent A. C., New YorkCity, 43 ft. 1 3-4 in., fourth.
National A. A. U. Scnior Championships, held at
Newark, N. J., September 9. Point score: IrishAmerican A. C. (New York) 38, Chicago A. A.;
Second; J. S. Herris, Club, 5 Musinomah A. C. 5.
Mississippi Agricultural College 5, Millrose A. A.,
Salem-Crescent A. C. (Musinomah A. C. 5.
Mississippi Agricultural College 5, Millrose A. A.,
Salem-Crescent A. C. 1, unduffended College
Irish-American A. C. (New York) 38, Chicago A. A.;
Second, J. R. Harley, New York A. C. Time—108.
Irish-American A. C. Indientached 26. Summaries; 100-yard dash—Won by A. E. Ward, Chicago
A. A.; second, Aly hurdles—Won by Hurdlespen,
Irish-American A. C. Indientached 26. Summaries; 100-yard dash—Won by A. E. Ward, Chicago
A. A.; second, hurdles—Won by A. E.
Ward, Chicago A. A.; fourth,

Floyd, Missourl A. A., 12 ft. 6 in.; fourth, J. D. Nagel, New York A. C., 12 ft. Putting 16-pound shot—Won by A. W. Mucks, University of Wisconsin, 47 ft. 21-8 in.; second, A. W. Richards, Salt Lake City, 43 ft. 11 in.; third, John C. Lawlor, 42 ft. 11 1-4 in.; fourth, R. A. Shepard, Irish-American A. A., of Boston, 42 ft. 53-4 in. Throwing 16-pound hammer—Won by Patrick Ryan, Irish-American A. C., New York, 174 ft. 8 in.; second, M. McGrath, Irish-American A. C., New York, 174 ft. 8 in.; second, M. McGrath, Irish-American A. C., New York, 174 ft. 8 in.; second, M. Hayde, C. R. Benson, Chicago A. A., 144 ft. 6 in.; fourth, W. Krapowitz, Irish-American A. C., New York, 124 ft. 71-2 in. Running broad jump—Won by Harry T. Worthington, Boston A. A., 23 ft. 21-2 in.; second, William F. Sisson, San Francisco, 22 ft. 1 i-2 in.; third, Flatt Adams, New York A. C., 21 ft. 107-8 in.; fourth, Frank French, New York A. C., 21 ft. 7-3-4 in. Throwing discus—Won by A. W. Mucks, University of Wisconsish, 145 ft. 41-2 in.; second, E. Muller, New York A. C., 141 ft. 9 hy. Nucks, University of Wisconsish, Los Aspelsork, 135 ft. fourth, L. R. Bagmad, Los Aspelsork, 135 ft. 10 urch, I. Throwing 56-pound weights—Won by M. 10 in. Throwing 56-pound weights—Won by A. Haern, Illinois A. C., 46 feet 1-2 in.; second, T. Ahearn, Illinois A. C., 46 feet 1-2 id.; second, T. Ahearn, Irish-American A. C., New York, 34 ft. 5-3-8 in., third, William Lynch, Irish-American A. C., New York, 130 ft. 10 in. Throwing javelin—Won by George A. Bronder, Irish-American A. C., New York, 190 ft. 6 in.; second, J. C. Lincoin, New York, 190 ft. 6 in.; second, J. C. Lincoin, New York, 190 ft. 6 in.; second, J. C. Lincoin, New York, 190 ft. 6 in.; second, J. C. Lincoin, New York, 190 ft. 6 in.; second, J. C. Lincoin, New York, 190 ft. 6 in.; second, J. C. Lincoin, New York, 190 ft. 6 in.; second, J. C. Lincoin, New York, 190 ft. 6 in.

New York A. C., 189 ft, 9 1-8 in.; third, R. L. Nourse, Inter-Mountain Association, 172 feet 8 in.; fourth, Laurt Karund, Kaleva A. C., 167 ft, 4 3-4 in.

National A. A. U. Ail-Round Championship, leda to Newark, N. J., September 16. Final standing on point basis—Avery Brundage, Chicago A.A., 6468, 750; Fred W. Kelly, Los Angeles A. C., 5981, 262; Earl Thomson, Los Angeles A. C., 5961, 100; A. W. Richards, untatached, 5672, 700; P. Oconnor, I. A. A. C., N. Y., 5588, 775; Robert Nash, N. Y. A. C., 5083, 375; Roy Bagnard, Los Angeles A. C., 4843, 100. Results by events; 100-yard dash—First heat won by F. Kelly, Los Angeles A. C., (874); second, E. Thomson, A. Roy, C. (874); second, E. Thomson, C. (874); second, E. Thomson, C. (824, 1); third, P. O'Connor, I. A. A. C. (710, 9); olourth, R. Bagnard, Los Angeles A. C., (624, 1). Time—11s, Putting 16-pound shot—Won by Richards (797), 41 ft, 1-4 in.; third, Bagnard, 1639, 32 ft, 31-4 in. Running high jump—Won by Richards (797), 41 ft, 1-4 in.; second, Thomson (203), 32 ft, 31-4 in. Running high jump—Won by Richards (796), 5 ft, 9-3-8 in.; seventh, Thomson (203), 32 ft, 31-4 in. Running high jump—Won by Richards (796), 5 ft, 9-3-8 in.; second, Thomson (620), 5 ft, 6-5-8 in.; third, Brundage (625), 5 ft, 2-3-8 in.; seventh, Kelly (500), 4m. 15-25-8; lourth, Thomson (620), 4m. 18-25-8; iffth, Nash (435), 4m. 15-25-8; lourth, Thomson (620), 4m. 18-25-8; iffth, Nash (335), 77 ft, 6-25-8; sixth, Bagnard (506), 4m. 41-58, 55, 4m. 52-5-8; sixth, Bagnard (506), 4m. 41-58, 55, 5m. 55, 5m. 55, 5m. 18-18, 5m. 19 fth, Nash (363), 4m. 15-25-8; lourth, Thomson (620), 4m. 18-25-8; iffth, Nash (363), 77 ft, 6-12-11, 190-4 vanit—Won by Richards (595), 77 ft, 6-25-8; sixth, Bagnard (506), 10 ft, 376), 81 ft, 61 in; seventh, O'Connor (480, 185; second, Relumds (

rds—Continued.

(486 1-2), 25 ft. 5 1-8 in.; third, Nash (421), 23 ft. 9 1-4 in.; fourth, O'Cennor (395), 23 ft. 23-4 in.; fifth, Brundage (306 1-2), 21 ft. 45-8 in.; sixth, Bagnard (275 1-2), 20 ft. 87-8 in.; seventh, Themson (261 1-2), 20 ft. 53-8 in. Running bread jump—Wen by Thomson (746), 20 ft. 10 3-4 in.; second, O'Cennor (729), 20 ft. 87-8 in.; third, Frundage (722), 20 ft. 73-4 in.; fourth, Richards (684), 20 ft. 3 in.; fifth, Kelly (658), 19 ft. 11 3-4 in.; sixth, Nash (563), 19 ft. 23-8 in.; seventh, Bagnard (595), 18 ft. 95-8 in. One-mile run—Won by O'Cennor (660), 5m. 25-4-5s.; second, Thomson (594), 5m. 39s.; third, Kelly (531), 5m. 51 3-5s.; fourth, Brundage (493), 5m. 59 1-5s.; fifth, Nash (452), 6m. 72-5s. National A. A. U., Junior Indoor Championships, held at New York City, January 29. Point scores: New York A. C. 40, Irish-American A. C. 26, Knights of St. Antony 16, Prudential A. A. 5, Boston A. A. 5, Loughlin Lyceum 4, Salem-Crescent A. C. 3, Yonkers Y. M. C. A. 3, Clark House 3, University of Pennsylvania 3, Massachusetts Institute of Technology 3, Cincinnati Y. M. C. A. 2, Bronx Church House 2, Pastime A. C. 2, Ancher A. C. 4, S. George S. A. C. 2, Meadowbrook A. C. 2, Long Island A. C. 26, West Side Y. M. C. A. 2. Summaries—2-mile run—Won by P. Flynn, Irish-American A. C.; Second, Russell Springsteen, Yonkers Y. M. C. A.; third, Casper Schoffer, Long Island A. C.; furne—Im 35 1-5s 100-yard num—won york A. C. 100 yeard num—won york Antony; third Myles Methages (19), Prudential Antony; third Myles Methages (19), Prudential Antony; third Myles Methages (19), Prudential Antony; third Myles Methages (19), Prudential Antony; third Myles Methages (19), Prudential Antony; third Myles Methages (19), Prudential Antony; third Myles Methages (19), Prudential Antony; third Myles Methages (19), Prudential Antony; third Myles Methages (19), Prudential Antony; third Myles Methages (19), Prudential Antony; third Myles Methages (19), Prudential Antony; third Myles Methages (19), Prudential Antony; third m. 16 2-5s. (Co. Miss.) abeh.—Won by S. Johnston, Knights of St. Antony, second, C. Wolfer, M. Massachusetts Institute of Technology; third, of M. Massachusetts Institute of Technology; third, of M. Massachusetts Institute of Technology; third, of M. Massachusetts Institute of Technology; third, and M. M. M. C. Time—7s. 1,000-yard rung-won by Wilson Adams, New York A. C.; second, W. J. Banfield, Knights of St. Antony; third, A. H. Dolder, West Side Y. M. C. A.; fourth, I. F. O'Connor, New York A. C. Time—2m. 28s. 70-yard high hurdles—Wen by J. A. High, Beston A. A.; sccond, R. F. Warren, University of Pennsylvanla; third, A. T. Crane, Meadowbrook Club, Philadelphia; fourth, H. C. Segur, New York A. C. Time—10 1-5s. 2-mile walk—Won by J. Pearmas, New York A. C.; second, W. J. Rolker, Irish-American A. C.; third, T. A. Maroney, Bronx Church House; feurth, A. Jessup, unattached. Time—11sm. 2-25s. 17-8-mile medley relay race (men to run 440, 220, 880 yards and 1 mile in order named)—Won by New York A. C. (Georg, Sanger, Kuhn and O'Neil): second, Knights of St. Antony; third, Irish-American A. C. Time—8m. 83-5s. (Loughiln Lyceum finished second, but was disqualified.) 300-yard dash—Won by R. E. Dalsiey, New York A. C.; second, P. Hauser, Loughlin Lyceum; third, F. Stormer, Cincinnati Y. M. C. A.; fourth, R. W. McDonald, Loughlin Lyceum. Time—33-3-5s. Standing broad Jump—Won by J. A. Froehlich, Irish-American A. C., 9 ft. 11 -4 ln.; second, S. Kromman, Clark House A. A., 9 ft. 11 -4 ln.; third, C. Revan, Intry, J. A. Froehlich, Irish-American A. C., 41 ft. 8 ln.; second, A. Fetter, Irish-American A. C., 41 ft. 8 ln.; second, A. Fetter, Irish-American A. C., 41 ft. 8 ln.; second, A. Fetter, Irish-American A. C., 42 ft. 41 ft., 14 in.; third, G. A. Kueil, Anchor A. C., 40 ft. 10 in.; fourth, L. Gear, New York A. C., 30 ft. 61 4 in. Running hop, step and jump—Won by J. J. Rothschild, Irish-American A. C., 41 ft. 8 ln.; second, A. Fetter, Irish-American A. C., 42 ft. 4 in.; third, W. Bartels, Knights of St. Antony, 35 ft

National A. A. U., Senior Indoor Championships, held at New York City, March 18. Point scores: New York A. C. 23 1-2, Irish-American A. C. 22, Boston A. A. 16, Illinois A. C. 14, unattached 14, Chicago A. A. 12, Holy Cross College 8, Harvard University 6, Bronx Church House 5, Yale 3 1-2, Mohawk A. C. 3, Swedish-American A. C. 3, Salem-Crescent A. C. 3, Boston Y. M. C. A. 1, Long Island

A, C. 1. Summarles: 60-yard dash—Won by J. G. Loomls, Chicago A. A.; second, Ray F. Morse, Salem-Crescent A. C.; third, Howard P. Drew, Los Angeles; fourth, Irving T. Howe, Boston Y. M. C. A. Time—6 2-5s. 1,000-yard run—Won by John W. Overton, unattached (Yale University); second, Homer Baker, unattached; third, David S. Caldwell, Boston A. A.; fourth, Ivan A. Myers, Illinois A. C., Chicago. Time—2m. 15 2-5s. 300-yard dash—Won by A. B. Kelly, Holy Cross College; second, Poger E. Daisley, New York A. C.; third, William H. Meanix, Boston A. A.; fourth, Westmore Willicox, Jr. Time—32 2-5s. Standing high jump—Won by William H. Taylor, Irish-American A. C., with jump of 5 ft. 3 in.; second, Platt Adams, New York A. C., 4th. L. Ences, Bronx Church House, 5 ft. in.; third, Edward L. Ences, Bronx Church House, 5 ft. in.; third, Edward L. Ences, Bronx Church House, 5 ft. 10 in. Patting Influence and C. With put of 46 ft. 7 in.; second, V. C. Maxfield, New York A. C., 4th. 18-12 in.; third, William R. Os, New York A. C., 4th. 18-12 in.; third, William Roos, New York A. C., 4d ft. 9 1-4 in.; fourth, John C. Lawlor, unattached (Boston), 43 ft. 8 1-4 in. 70-yard high hurdle race—Won by John J. Eller, Irish-American A. C.; second, Arthur Engels, unattached (New York); third, Edward B. Leisuering, Yale University; fourth, Harry Goelitz, Chicago A. A. Time—93-5s. 2-mile run—Won by John Stand A. C.; third, A. D. Colhy, Boston A. A.; fourth, Patrick Flynn, Irish-American A. C. Time—9m. 25 4-5s. Standing broad jump—Won by Patt Adams, New York A. C., with jump of 10 ft. 7 in.; second, William H. Taylor, Irish-American A. C., 10 ft. 61-2 in.; third, Edward B. Leisuering, Yale University; fourth, Harry Goelitz, Chicago a. A., fourth, Patrick Flynn, Irish-American A. C., 10 ft. 61-2 in.; third, Edward B. Leisuering, Yale University; fourth, Harry Goelitz, Chicago, Second, Sidney Pattern, Pattern, Pattern, Pattern, Pattern, Pattern, Pattern, Pattern, Pattern, Pattern, Pattern, Pattern, Pattern, Pattern, Pattern, Pattern, Pattern, Patt

fourth, Wesley Oler, Jr., Yale, and E. Loescher tied, at 5 ft. 10 in.

Metropolitan Association Senior Chamnionships, held at New York City, August 26. Point scores: New York A. C. 93. Irish-American A. C. 77. Salem-Crescent A. C. 8, Milirose A. C. 7, Long Island A. C. 5, Knights of St. Antony 5, New Haven A. C. 4, Pastime A. C. 1, Broax Church House 1, Brooklyn A. A. 1, St. Christopher A. C. 1, Unattached athleles scored 3 points, Summaries: 100-yard dash—Won by Roy F. Morse, Salem-Crescent A. C.; scoond, Alvah T. Meyer, Irish-American A. C.; third, Andy B. Kelly, New York A. C.; fourth, R. J. White, Salem-Crescent A. C. Time 10s. 120-yard high hurdle race—Won by John J. Eller, Irish-American A. C.; scoond, Frank A. French, New York A. C.; third, Arthur Einzels, New York A. C.; fourth, Derrill Trenhom, New York A. C. Time—16 2-5s. 1-mile run—Won by William F. Gordon, New York A. C.; third, Midhael A. Devanney, Millrose A. A.; fourth, Frank L. Jenkins, St. Christopher A. C. Time—4m. 23s. 1-mile walk—Won by William Plant, Long Islaud A. C.; second, Fichard R. Remer, New York A. C.; third, William J. Rolker, Irish-American A. C.; fourth, Thomas A. Maroney, Bronx Church House. Time—6m. 58 2-5s. 860-yard run—Won by Jarry Scudder, New York A. C.; second, Honer Baker, matached; third, W. Randolph Granger, Irish-American A. C.; Tourth, Joseph Bromilov, Irish-American A. C.; Tourth, Joseph Bromilov, Irish-American A. C.; Tourth, Joseph Bromilov, Irish-American A. C. Time—1m. 57 3-5s. 220-yard run—Won by Andrew B. Kelly, New York A. C.; second, Hector

Auray, New Haven A. A.; third, R. M. Georgi, New York A. C.; fourth, Roy F. Morse, Salem-Cresceut A. Control, 28, 220-yard low burdle race—Won by John J. Eller, Irish-American A. C.; second, Frank French, M. Eller, Irish-American A. C.; second, Frank French, M. Eller, Irish-American A. C.; second, Frank York A. Work A. C.; third Arthu Engels, A. C. Time—25 4-5s. 5-mile run—Won by H. H. Holden, New York A. C.; second, Hannes Kolehmainen, Irish-American A. C.; third, Charles Pores, Mill-rose A. A.; fourth, Eddie Mayo, Brooklyn A. A. Time 26m. 51 2-5s. 440-yard low hurdle race—Won by C. Walthers, Knights of St. Antony; second, H. Schaaf, Irish-American A. C.; third, Ralph J. Hillman, Irish-American A. C.; touth, A. Bensis, New York A. C. Time—58 2-5s. 440-yard run—Won by Frank Lagay, New York A. C.; second, Tom Jennon, New York A. C.; third, Roger E. Daisley, New York A. C.; notth, Hector Auray, New Haven A. A. Time—51 1-5s. Putting 16-pound shot—Won by Patrick J. McDonald, Irish-American A. C., with put of 46 ft. 8 1-4 ln.; second, Howard Cann, New York A. C., with 43 ft. 6 1-8 ln.; third, John J. Cahili, Millrose A. A., with 42 ft. 11 in.; fourth, W. Ross, New York A. C., with 41 ft. 71-2 in. Running high jump—Won by Egon Erickson, with jump of 6 ft. 2 in.; second, Westey Oler, New York A. C., with 6 ft. 1 in.; third, Emil Loescher, New York A. C., with 5 ft. 11 in.; fourth, D. Walker, New York A. C., with 5 ft. 11 in.; fourth, D. Walker, New York A. C., with 5 ft. 11 in.; fourth, D. Walker, New York A. C., with 5 ft. 10 in. Pole vunit—Won by Kenneth S. Caldwell, Irish-American A. C., with 21 ft. 3-8 in. hind; ft. 11 in.; fourth, D. Walker, New York A. C., with 26 ft. 11 in.; blird, Eddie Carroll, New York A. C., with 27 ft. 11 in.; fourth, D. Walker, New York A. C., with 27 ft. 11 in.; fourth, D. Walker, New York A. C., with 27 ft. 11 in.; fourth, D. Walker, New York A. C., with 28 ft. 11 in.; fourth, D. Walker, New York A. C., with 27 ft. 11 in.; fourth, D. Walker, New York A. C., with 27 ft. 11 in.; fourth, D

American A. C., and Lionel 1.3 sect. Salem-Crescent A. C., tied for fourth, with 42 tr. 11-2 ln.

Metropolitan Association Senior Championships, heid at New Brunswick, N. J., June 17. Point score: New York A. C. 97 1-2, Irish-American A. C. 33, Knights of St. Antony 13 1-3, Iong Island A. C. 12, Salem-Crescent A. C. 7, Swedlish-American A. C. 7, Pastime A. C. 5, New Haven A. A. 5, Millros A. A. 3, 1-2, Hollywood Inn A. A. 3, 1-2, Bronx Church House 3, St. Christopher A. C. 2, Norwegian T. A. C. 2, Mohawk A. C. 2, Boys' Club 2, Union Settlement A. C. 1, Loughlin Lyceum 1, Johnson & Johnson A. A. 1. Summaries: 880-yard run—Won by L. C. Scudder, New York A. C.; Scudder, New York M. C.; scond, F. Whelan, New York A. C.; third, Frank L. Jenkins, St. Christopher A. C.; fourth, H. Weltyen, New York A. C.; Time—Im. 58 2-5s. I-mile walk—Won by W. J. Rolker, Irish-American A. C.; second, T. A. Maroney, Bronx Church House; third, J. L. Aronson, Pastime A. C.; tourth, W. J. MacFadden, New York A. C.; Time—6m. 58 1-5s. 100-yard dash—Won by W. F. La Rose, Knights of St. Antony; second, Fr. A. Islem-Crescent A. C.; fourth, P. J. White, Salem-Crescent A. C. Time—10 2-5s. 1-mile run—Won by James W. Plant, Long Island A. C.; second, E. Gar-

vay, Knights of St. Antony; third, Jack O'Nell, New York A. C.; fourth, S. Cobb, New York A. C.; Time—4m. 33 2-5s. 120-yard high hurdle race—Won by G. Granger, New York A. C.; Second, D. Crockett, New York A. C.; third, R. Crawford. New York A. C.; third, R. Crawford. New York A. C.; third, R. Crawford. New York A. C.; third, R. Crawford. New York A. C.; third, R. Crawford. New York A. C.; third, G. W. Dernell, Boys Club; fourth, P. Fearich, New York A. C.; third, G. W. Dernell, Boys Club; fourth, P. Fearich, New York A. C.; chird, G. W. Dernell, Boys Club; fourth, P. Fearich, New York A. C.; chird, G. W. Dernell, Boys Club; fourth, P. Fearich, New York A. C.; chird, G. M. Corwin, A. C.; fourth, C. Scheffer, Long Island A. C. Time—15m. 22 2-5s. 220-yard run—Won by J. de Cerna, New York A. C.; second, Ramon W. Georgi, New, York A. C.; third, O. Adamson, Salem-Crescent A. C.; fourth, R. W. McDonald, Loughin Lyceum. Time—22 4-5s. Putting 12-pound shot—Won by R. J. Moore, New York A. C., with 47 ft. 11 n.; second, George Kuell, Anchor A. C., with 47 ft. 10 1-4 ln.; third, W. Bradley, New York A. C., with 46 ft. 73-4 ln.; fourth, F. L. Onken, Irish-American A. C., with 46 ft. 2 in. Pole vault—Won by J. D. Nagel, New York A. C., with 11 ft. 3 ln.; second, O. F. Dowell, New York A. C., with 11 ft. 3 ln.; fourth, F. Witself, Long Island A. C., with 10 ft. Throwing 12-pound hammer—Won by W. T. Brown, New York A. C., with 170 ft. 11 ln.; second, C., with 18 ft. 11 ln.; fourth, G. C. Smith, New York A. C., with 148 ft. 11 ln.; fourth, G. C. Smith, New York A. C., with 148 ft. 11 ln.; fourth, G. C. Smith, New York A. C., with 148 ft. 11 ln.; fourth, G. C. Smith, New York A. C., with 148 ft. 11 ln.; fourth, G. C. Smith, New York A. C., with 148 ft. 11 ln.; fourth, G. C. Smith, New York A. C., with 148 ft. 11 ln.; fourth, G. C. Smith, New York A. C., with 148 ft. 11 ln.; fourth, G. C. Smith, New York A. C., with 148 ft. 11 ln.; fourth, G. C. Smith, 140 ft. 5 ln.; second, S. E. Graham, New York A. C., with 16 ft. 4 l-2 ln.; f

E. F. Adams, New York A. C., with 32 ft. 6 1-4 in. 220-yard low hurdles—Won by R. Crawford, New York A. C.; second, F. Kaufman, Irish-American A. C.; third, G. Hughes, Irish-American A. C.; tourth, C. H. Bellerian, Johnson & Johnson A. A. Time—25 3-5s. 440-yard high hurdles—Won by C. A. Walsha, Knights of St. Antony; second, E. W. Storey, New York A. C.; third, R. J. Hillman, Irish-American A. C. E. B. Sanger, New York A. C. and E. J. Hinssey, Millrose A. A., tied for fourth. Time—1m. 4-5s. 1m. 4-5s.

American A. C. E. B. Sanger, New York A. C. and E. J. Hussey, Millrose A. A., tied for fourth. Time—Im. 4-5s.

National A. A. U. Pentathlon Champlonship, held at Travers Island, New York. September 23. Point score: Fred W. Kelly, Los Angeles A. C., 9: Pat. O'Counor, Irish-American A. C. 12: Dan Stea. 21: Henry S. Thorne, unattached, 23: Robert Nach, 21: Henry S. Thorne, unattached, 23: Robert Nach, New York A. C., uplaced for not starting in 1,500-metre run. Running broad jump—Won 19: Fred W. Kelly, Los Angeles A. C., with imp of 21: Fred in: Patrick O'Connor, Irish-American A. C., 24 in.; Patrick O'Connor, Irish-American A. C., 24 in.; Patrick O'Connor, Irish-American A. C., 24 in.; Patrick O. Connor, Irish-American A. C., 24 in.; Patrick O. Connor, Irish-American A. C., 25 in.; Fourth, Robert Nash, New York A. C., with a jump of 19 It.; In.; fifth, Henry S. Thorne, unattached, with a jump of 19 It.; skth, Hector Auray, New Haven A. A., with a jump of 18 It.; skth, Hector Auray, New Haven A. A., with a jump of 18 It.; skth, Hector Auray, New Haven A. A., with a jump of 18 It.; 31n.; second, Patrick O'Connor, Irish-American A. C., with a throw of 123 It. 21n.; flith, Henry S. Thorne, unattached, with a throw of 131 It. 21n.; flith, Henry S. Thorne, unattached, with a throw of 108 It. 21-2 In.; flith, Henry S. Thorne, unattached, with a throw of 107 It. 7 in.; sixth, Hector Auray, with a throw of 19 Fred Kelly, Los Angeles A. C. Time—22 2-5s. Second, Hector Auray, New Haven A. A. Time—24 2-5s. Third, Henry S. Thorne, unattached, Time—24 2-5s. Fourth, Dan Shea, Pastime A. C. Time—22 2-5s. Second, Hector Auray, New Haven A. A. Time—24 2-5s. Fourth, Dan Shea, Pastime A. C., with a throw of 85 It. 10 1-4 in.; sixth, Henry S. Florne, unattached, Time—24 2-5s. Fourth, Dan Shea, Pastime A. C., with a throw of 85 It. 10 1-4 in.; sixth, Henry S. Florne, unattached, with a throw of 95 It. 93-4 in.; fourth, Robert Nash, New York A. C., with a throw of 95 It. 43-4 in.; third, Dan Shea, Pastime A. C., fourth, Fred Kelly, Los

Steeplechase National Championship, held same day and place: 2-mile steeplechase—Won by Mike Devanny, Millrose A.A., second, John Overton, Yale University; third, W. J. Kennedy, unattached. Time—10m. 48s.

### COURT TENNIS, RACQUETS. SQUASH.

National Amateur Court Tennis Singles Championship, held at New York, April 8, final round, Jay Gould, defender, defeated Joshua Crane, 6-2,

National Amateur Court Tennis Doubles Cham-

Nauonal Amateur Court Tennis Doubles Cham-pionship, heid at New York, April 15, final round, Jay Gould and W. H. T. Huhn defeated Charles E. Sands and Payne Whitney, 6-4, 6-1, 6-1, National Professional Court Tennis Singles Cham-pionship, held at New York, April 29, Walter Kin-sella defeated Cecil (Punch) Fairs, London, 6-4, 6-4, 6-4, 6-4,

6—4, 6—0.

National Amateur Racquet Singles Championship, held at Boston, February 22, final round, S. G.

Mortimer defeated C. C. Pell, 15—12, 15—2, 15—12.

National Amateur Racquet Doubles Championship, held at Boston, January 30, final round, Lawship, held at Round Spans S

Brooke and J. C. Wear, 15-10, 8-15, 15-4, 15-5,

15—11.
Gold Racquet Trophy Tournament, held at Tuxedo Park, N. Y., February 13, final round, C. C. Pell defeated Joshua Crane, 15—8, 15—1, 15—3. Victory gave Pell permanent possession of trophy first offered

National Amateur Squash Racquet Champion-ship, held at Baltimore, February 13, final round, S. W. Pearson defeated C. R. Drewry, 15-9, 15-3, S. W. F 15—10.

National Professional Squash Racquet Championship, held at Philadelphia, April 8, Jack Squter defeated William Ganley, 14—17, 14—15, 18—15, 15—12, 15—10.

### DOG RACING IN 1916.

February 18—Liverpool, England, Waterloo Cup 412 miles, won by L. Seppala's Siberian wolf dogs; won by E. Huiton's Harmonicon; second, H. Hardy's second, F. Delzene's Alaska Malamutes; third, T. April 15—Nome, Alaska, All-Alaska Sweepstakes, minutes; purse, S2,000.

### ICE SKATING.

INTERNATIONAL Indoor Championships, held at Pittsburgh, Pa., February 29 to March 1. Results: 440 yards—Won by Ben. O'Sicky, Cleveland, Ohlo; Ado yards—Won by Ben. O'Sicky, Cleveland, Ohio;
J. Hoernig, Cleveland, Ohio, second; Harry Cody,
Toronto, Canada, third. Time—37 2-5s. Two
miles—Won by Carl Fisher, Milwaukee, Wis.;
Aston O'Sicky, Cleveland, Ohio, second; J. Hoernig,
Cleveland, Ohio, third. Time not taken. One-half
mile—Won by Ben. O'Sicky, Cleveland, Ohio; Anton O'Sicky, Cleveland, Ohio, second; Harry Cody,
Toronto, Canada, third. Time—1m. 15 3-5s.
One and one-half miles—Won by Carl Fisher,
Milwaukee, Anton O'Sicky, Cleveland, Ohio, second; Harry Cody, Toronto, Canada, third. Time—
4m. 18 1-5s. Three-mile championship—Won by
Carl Fisher, Milwaukee, Wis.; Anton O'Sicky,
Cleveland, Ohio, second; Ben. O'Sicky, Cleveland,
Ohio, third, Time—9m. 19 3-5s.
Anton O'Sicky, Cleveland,
Ohio, third, Time—9m. 19 3-5s.
Anton O'Sicky, Cleveland,
Ohio, third, Ohio, second; Ben. O'Sicky,
Cleveland, Ohio, second; Ben. O'Sicky,
Cleveland,
Ohio, Second; Ben. O'Sicky,
O'Results; 220
yards—Won & Y. L. February 8-10. Results; 220
yards—Won & Y. Y. February 8-10. Results; 220
yards—Won & Y. L. February 8-10. Results; 220
yards—Won & Y. February 8-10

Montreal, Canada, third, Time—21 2-5s. 400 yards —Won by Ben, O'Sicky, Cleveland, Ohio; 'red. Robson, Toronto, Canada, second; Carl I er, Milwaukee, Wis, third. Time—41 2-5s. One m. Won by Harry Cody, Toronto, Canada; Anto. O'Sicky, Cleveland, Ohio, second; George Pickering, Paterson, N. J., third. Time—3m. 15 2-5s. Two miles—Won by Arthur Staff, Chicago, Ill.; Harry Cody, Toronto, Canada, second; Anton O'Sicky, Cleveland, Ohio, third. Time—6m. 24 4-5s. 220-yard hurdles—Won by Ed. Horton, Saranac Lake, N. Y.; Lyail Delamater, Saranac Lake, N. Y.; Second; Anton O'Sicky, Cleveland, Ohio, third. Time—23 4-5s. Half-mile—Won by Ray McWhiter, Chicago, Ill.; Harry Cody, Toronto, Canada, shird. Time—23 4-5s. Taree miles—Won by Carl Fisher, Milwaukee, Wish, Ben, O'Sicky, Cleveland, Ohio, third, Time—11. 28 3-5s. Taree miles—Won by Carl Fisher, Milwaukee, Wish, Ben, O'Sicky, Cleveland, Ohio, third, Time—128 3-5s. One social Ray One mile by Second Sec

American Amateur Records; 50 yards—5s., Robert McLean, Lake Placid, N. Y., Feb. 4, 1914. 75 yards—8 1-5s., Morris Wood, Verona Lake, N. J., 1905. 100 yards—9 3-5s., Morris Wood, Verona Lake, N. J., 1905. 100 yards—9 3-5s., Morris Wood, Verona Lake, N. J., 1903. 150 yards—15 7-8s., G. D. Phillips, December 26, 1885. 200 yards—16 2-5s., J. C. Hemment, January 24, 1895. 220 yards—18s.. Fred. J. Robson, Boston, January 13, 1911. 220 yards hurdles—12 12-5s., Fred. J. Robson, Toronto, February 11, 1913. 300 yards—25 2-5s., Ray McWhirter, Chicago, Ill., March 5, 1916. 440 yards—35 1-5s., H. P. Mosher, January 1, 1896. 660 yards—69 3-5s. Morris Wood, Pittsburgh, Pa., 1944. 880 yards—Im. 15 3-5s., Ben. O'Sicky, Pittsburgh, Pa., March 1, 1916. 1,329 yards—2m. 4 1-5s., E. Lamy, Cleveland, Ohio, January 1, 1910. One-mile handicap—2m. 39 4-5s., Robert G. McLean, Cleveland, Ohio, January 25, 1913. One mile, open—2m. 41 1-5s., Morris Wood, Pittsburgh, Pa., February 13, 1904. One and one-half miles—4m. 10s, L. Roe, January 29, 1910. Four miles—12m. 1-2s., A. Schiebe, February 13, 1894. Five miles—14m. 55s., E. Lamy, Pittsburgh, Pa., 1910. Brown miles—12m. 1943. Morris Wood, February 13, 1904. N. Y., February 15, 1897. 5,000 metres (656.17 yards)—59 3-5s., Morris Mood, February 13, 1904. 1,000 metres (1,093.61 yards)—59 3-5s., Morris Mood, February 13, 1904. 1,000 metres (1,093.61 yards)—59 3-5s., Morris Mood, February 13, 1904. N. McCulloch, February 10, 1897. 5,000 metres (1,093.61 yards)—59 3-5s., Morris Mood, February 13, 1904. New 1907. Solve 1907. New

World's Amateur Records: 500 metres—43 7-10-s. flat, O. Mathlesen, Norway, at Christiania, Norway, January 11, 1914. 1,000 metres—1m. 31 4-5s., O. Mathlesen, Norway, at Davos, Switzerland, January 29, 1910. 1,500 metres—2m. 19 1-2s., O. Mathlesen, Norway, at Christiania, Norway, January 11, 1914. 5,000 metres—8m. 36 3-5s. O. Mathlesen, Norway, at Christiania, Norway, January 17, 1914. 10,000 metres—17 m. 22 6-10s., O. Mathlesen, Norway, at Christiania, Norway, February 1, 1913.

January 17, 1914. 5,000 metres—Sm. 30 -38. O. Mathlesen, Norway, at Christiania, Norway, February 1, 1913.

Professional Records: 50 yards—6s. S. D. See and C. B. Davidson, New York City, 1885. 100 yards—9 4-5s., John S. Johnson, Minneapolis, Minn., 1893. 120 yards—11 3-5s., John S. Johnson, Minneapolis, Minn., 1893. 150 yards (with wind)—14 1-5s., S. D. See, New York, February 21, 1896. 200 yards—17 2-5s., John S. Johnson, Minneapolis, Minn., February 26, 1893. 220 yards (with wind)—17 4-5s., J. F. Donohue, Red Bauk, N. J., Deen Deep York, February 21, 1896. 200 yards—11, 1896. 440 yards—31 3-4s., John S. Johnson, Minneapolis, Minn., February 26, 1893. 220 hand, Minn., February 4, 1896. 440 yards—31 3-4s., John S. Johnson, Minneapolis, Minn., January 24, 1895. 440 yards—31 3-4s., John S. Johnson, Minneapolis, Minn., May 5, 1893. 880 yards—1m. 16 1-5s., John Nilsson, Montreal, Canada, February 4, 1897. Two-thirds of a mile—1m. 54 4-5s., O. Rudd, Minneapolis, Minn., January 26, 1894. One and one-third miles—3m. 48 1-5s., O. Rudd, Minneapolis, Minn., February 19, 1916. One and one-third miles—3m. 48 1-5s., Ohn Johnson, Minneapolis, Minn., January 23, 1894. One and one-third miles—4m. 45s., Ohn Johnson, Minneapolis, Minn., February 26, 1894. One and the end one-third miles—4m. 45s., Ohn Johnson, Minneapolis, Minn., February 26, 1895. Two miles—5m. 33 4-5s., John Nilsson, Montreal, Can., February 26, 1894. Two and one-half miles—10m. 39s., John S. Johnson, Montreal, Can., February 26, 1894. Three miles—8m. 41 1-5s., John Nilsson, Montreal, Can., February 26, 1894. Four miles—10m. 39s., John S. Johnson, Montreal, Can., February 26, 1894. Four miles—10m. 39s., John S. Johnson, Montreal, Can., February 26, 1894. Flye miles—11m. 39s., John S. Johnson, Montreal, Can., February 26, 1894. Flye miles—12m. 38s., John S. Johnson, Montreal, Can., February 26, 1894. Nile miles (made in 10-mile race)—21m. 43s., John S. Johnson, Montreal, Can., February 26, 1894. Nile miles (made in 10-mile race)—22m. 43s., John S. Johnson, Mont

### THE AMERICAN TURF.

WINNERS OF IMPORTANT EVENTS.
METROPOLITAN HANDICAP BELMONT PARK.
(Distance, 1 mile.)

YEAR.	Owner, Winner, Second, and Third.	Time.	Value.
1906 1907 1908 1909 1910 1913 1914 1915	James R. Keene's Sysonby, O. L. Richard's Race King, O. L. Richard's Race King, J. A. Drake's Grappie, Dandelion, Oxford. J. H. McCormick's Glorifier, Okenite, Roseben. B. Schreiber's Jack Atkin, Restigouche, Don Creole. S. C. Hildreth's King James, Fayette, Juggler. Oneck Stable's Fashion Plate, Prince Imperial, Jack Atkin. H. P. Whitney's Whisk Broom II., G. M. Miller, Sam Jackson. C. H. Robbins's Buskin, Figinny, Rock View. Aug, Belmont's Stromboll, Sharpsbooter, Flying Fairy. H. C. Hallenbeck's The Finn, Stromboll, Spur.	1.39 1.40 4-5 1.38 3-5 1.40 1.37 4-5 1.39 1.37 4-5	\$9,230 10,850 10,570 9,620 3,875 5,000 2,500 2,500 2,350 2,750

† Dead heat.

THE FUTURITY, SHEEPSHEAD BAY. (Distance, 6 furlongs.)

(E-Diamet)							
YEAR.	Owner, Winner, Second, and Third.	Time.	Value.				
905. 996. 1907. 1908. 1909. 1910* 1913* 1914*. 1915†	H. B. Duryea's Artful, Tradition, Sysonby Ormondale Stable's Ormondale, Timber, Belmere. W. Lakeland's Electioneer, Pope Joan, De Mund. James R. Keene's Colin, Bar None, Chapultepec. James R. Keene's Maskette, Sir Martin, Helmet James R. Keene's Sweep, Candleberry, Grasmere. S. C. Hildreth's Novelty, Bashit, Love Not. H. P. Whitney's Pennant, Southern Maid, Addie M. Qulney Stable's Trojan, Kaskaskia, Harry Junior. L. S. Thompson's Thunderer, Bromo, Achlevement R. T. Wilson's Campfire, Rickety, Skeptic.	1.11 4-5 1.13 3-5 1.11 1-5 1.11 4-5 1.12 1-5 1.15 1.16 4-5 1.11 4-5	\$42,880 38,680 37,270 24,830 24,985 25,710 10,000 15,000 16,010 23,450 17,340				

\* Run at Saratoga. † Run at Belmont Park.

# BROOKLYN HANDICAP, GRAVESEND. (Distance, 1½ miles.)

YEAR. Owner, Winner, Second, and Third.	Time.	Value.
1905	2.05 3-5 2.09 2.04 1-5 2.04 2.05 3-5 2.03 2-5 2.08 1.50 3-5†	\$15,800 15,800 15,800 19,750 3,850 6,000 3,025 3,350 3,950 3,850

\* Run at Belmont Park, L. I. † 1915 distance, 1½ miles. ‡ Aqueduct. BRIGHTON HANDICAP, BRIGHTON BEACH, (Distance 1½ miles.)

YEAR. Owner, Winner, Second, and Third. Time. Value. 1903. J. B. Haggin's Waterboy, Roehampton, River Pirate.
1904. Capt. S. S. Brown's Broomstick, Irish Lad, Higbball.
1905. H. P. Whitney's Artivil, Ort Wells, Beldame
1906. W. S. Williams's Ram's Horn, First Mason, Tokalon.
1907. James R. Keene's Peter Pan, McCarter, Montgomery.
1908-09. Not run.
1910\*. R. T. Wilson Jr.'s Olambala, Hampton Court, Czar 2.03 1-5 2.02 4-5 2.04 4-5 2.03 3-5 2.03 2-5 \$8,000 21,750 21,750 19,750 19,750 2.06 3-5 6,000

\* Run at Empire City Race Track. EXCELSIOR HANDICAP, JAMAICA.

(Distance, 1 1-16 lines.)						
YEAR.	Owner, Winner, Second, and Third.	Time.	Value.			
1904 1905 1906 1907	W. C. Whitney's Blackstock, Heno, Yellow Tail F. R. Doctor's Rostand, Red Knight, Lord Badge Albemarle Stable's Santa Catalina, Rapid Water, Sinister Newcastle Stable's Merry Lark, Ormonde's Right, Eugenia Burch T. D. Sullivan's Dr. Gardner, Glorifier, Cairngorm Newcastle Stable's McCarter, Jack Atkin, Rilieman	1.45 3-5 1.46 2-5 1.47 1-5 1.48 1-5 1.46	\$6,730 6,660 6,450 7,350 7,350 6,850			
1910	Not run. G. W. Heffner's Guy Flsher, Fayette, Arasee. J. W. Messervy's Addic M., Stromholl, Short Grass	1.46	2,500			

CARTER HANDICAP, AQUEDUCT.
(Distance, 7 furlongs, not run in 1909, 1911-1913.)

(2.00000) (						
YEAR.	Owner, Winner, Second, and Third.	Time.	Value.			
1905	N. Bennington's Beldame, Peter Paul, Wotan, Sydney Paget's Ormonde's Right, Roseben, Little Em. D. C. Johnson's Roseben, Southern Cross, Red Knight. J. H. McCormick's Clorifier, Roseben, Don Diego. B. Schreiber's Jack Atkin, Red River, Chapuitepec. John W. Schorr's Gretna Green, Alfred Nobel, Fair West. Andrew Miller's Roamer, Borrow, Flying Fairy S. L. Parson's Phosphor, Pomette Bleu, Leo Skolny. E. B. Cassatt's Trial by Jury, Ormesdale' Aport Grass.	1.26 4-5 1.26 2-5 1.28 1-5 1.27 4-5 1.27 4-5 1.24 4-5 1.30	\$7,710 7,100 7,850 7,850 6,850 2,500 2,500 2,500 2,500			

# SUBURBAN HANDICAP, SHEEPSHEAD BAY. (Distance, 1 ½ miles.)

YEAR.	Owner, Winner, Second, and Third.	Time.	Value.
1905 1906 1907 1908	E. R. Thomas's Hermis, The Picket, Irish Lad. August Belmont's Beldame, Proper, First Mason. A. Shleld's Go-Between, Dandellon, Colonial Girl. C. E. Durnell's Nealon, Montgomery, Beacon Light James R. Keene's Ballot, King James, Fair Play S. C. Hildreth's Fitz Herbert, Alfred Noble, Fayette.	2.05 3-5 2.05 1-5 2.06 2-5 2.03 2.03 2-5	\$16,800 16,800 16,800 16,800 19,750 3,850
1910 1913* 1915*†	R. T. Wilson, Jr.'s Olambala, Prince Imperial, Ballot. H. P. Whitney's Whisk Broom II., Lahore, Meridian. A. Belmont's Stromboll, Sam Jackson, Sharpshooter A. Belmont's Friar Rock, Short Grass, Stromboll.	2.04 2-5 2.00 2.05 2-5	6,000 3,000 5,000 3,450

<sup>\*</sup> Run at Belmont Park, L. I. † Not run in 1914.

### SARATOGA HANDICAP, SARATOGA.

(Distance, 11/4 miles.)

YEAR.	Owner, Winner, Second, and Third.	Time.	Value.
1904 1905 1906 1907 1908 1909	J. B. Haggin's Waterboy, Hunter Raine, Caughnawaga. August Belmont's Lord of the Vale, Bad News, Caughnawaga. J. Sanford's Caughnawaga, Water Light, Beldame. F. R. Hitchcock's Dandellon, Tangle, Gallavant. Newsatik Stable's McCarter, Running Water, Dandellon Montpeller Stable's Monfort, Far West, Danoscara. James R. Keene's Affliction, King's Daughter, Olambala B. T. Wilson, Jr.'s Olambala, Bailot, Stanley Fay	2.05 2.07 2.04 3-5 2.05 3-5 2.05 4-5 2.05 2.08 3-5	\$8,800 8,800 8,300 8,300 8,300 7,150 3,850 7,500
1915*	F. Johnson's Cock o' the Walk, Lahore, Rolling Stone Andrew Miller's Roamer, Saratoga, Star Jasmin. A. Belmont's Stromboll, Ed. Crump, Friar Rock.	2.04 2-5	5,000 3,000 5,000

<sup>\*</sup> Not run in 1914.

# THE ENGLISH DERBY, EPSOM DOWNS. † (Distance, about 1½ miles, run since 1788.)

YEAR.	Owner and Winner.	Sire.	Time.	Second.
1906 1907	Lord Rosebery's Cleero Maj. Loder's Spearmint Richard Croker's Orby E. Ginlstrelli's Signorinetta King Edward's Minoru Mr. Fairie's Lemberg* J. B. Joel's Sunstar W. Raphael's Tagalie A. P. Cunliffe's Aboyeur H. B. Durvas's Durbar II	Carbine Orme Chaleureux Cyllene Cyllene Sunbridge Cyllene Desmond	2.36 4-5 2.44 2.39 4-5 2.42 2-5 2.35 1-5 2.36 4-5 2.38 4-5 2.37 3-5	Pictou. Sileve Gallion. Primer. Louviers. Greenback. Stedfast. Jaegar. Louvois.

<sup>\*</sup> Record time for race. † Not run in 1915.

1915, New Derby Stakes, run at Newmarket, won by Sol Joel's Pommern, Let Fly, second; Rossendale, third. 1916, E. Hulton's Fifinella, Kwang Su, Nassovian.

### TEN LEADING AMERICAN JOCKIES, 1916.

JOCKEY.	Mounts.	1st.	2d.	3d.	Unp.	P. C.	JOCKEY.	Mounts.	1st.	2d.	3d.	Unp.	P. C.
Robinson, F McTaggart, J Murphy, F Pool, E Goose, R.	767	145		112 88 68	280	.19	Taplin, E Connelly, D Shilling, H O'Brlen, W. J Hunt, C.	503 527	104 100 91 89 83	92	69 50	209 236 275 172 268	.24 .20 .17 .23

### LEADING ENGLISH OWNERS, WITH AMOUNTS, 1916.

H. Ellis, \$14,675. W. A. Wallis, \$14,165. R. Croker, \$12,125. J. Parkinson, \$9,950. J. Daly, \$8,455. C. J. Blake, \$7,870.

### LEADING ENGLISH TRAINERS, 1916.

P. Behan, 18, \$23,385. J. Parkinson, 32, \$20,925. J. Dunne, 7, \$18,495. J. Arnott, 23, \$16,055. RECORDS OF BEST PERFORMANCES OF THE RUNNING TURF.

DISTANCE.	Name, Age, and Weight.	Place.	Date.	Time.
14 mile	Bob Wade, 4	Butte, Mont	Aug. 20, 1890	0.211/4
	Atoka, aged, 103 lbs			
31/2 furlongs	Supremacy, 2, 115 lbs	Juarez, Mexico	Feb. 1, 1914 .	0.39 1-5
⅓ mile	Geraldine, 4, 122 lbs	Morris Park (st. c.)	Aug. 30, 1889 .	0.46
416 furlance	Preceptor, 2, 112 lbs	Belmont Park (st.c.)	May 19, 1908	0.51
1/9 rarrongs	) Joe Morris, 2, 103 lbs	Louisville (C. Downs).	May 8, 1909	0.52 4-6
% mile	Maid Mariau, 4, 111 lbs	Morris Park (st. c.)	Oct. 9, 1894	0.5694
78 11110	[ Fall Zaleta, 0, 120 105	Juarez, Mex	Feb. 10, 1916	0.57 1-5
	Plater, 2, 107 lbs	Morris Park (st.c.) .	Oct. 21, 1902	1.023
5% furlongs.	Bringhurst, 2, 92 lbs	Louisville, Ky	Oct. 8, 1913	1.04 8-6
nd unione	Pan Zareta, 3, 124 lbs	Juarez, Mexico	Dec. 6, 1913	1.04 3-6
	Pan Zareta, 3, 126 lbs	Juarez, Mexico	Dec. 13,1913	1.04 3-5
*Futurity c	Kingston, aged, 139 lbs	Sheeps'd B. (C.I.J.C.)	June 22, 1891	1.08
	(Artful, 2, 130 lbs	Morris Park (st. c.)	Oct. 15, 1904.	1.08
& furlance	] Iron Mask, 5, 127 lbs	Louisville, Ky	Sept. 23, 1913	1.10 4-5
o luliong	Lochares, 3, 109 lbs	Louisville, Ky	Oct. 3, 1913	1.10 4-5
	Orb, 2, 90 lbs	Juarez, Mexico	Dec. 9, 1913.	1.10 4-5

THE AMERICAN TURF—Continued.					
DISTANCE.	Name, Age and Weight.	Place.	Date.	Time.	
	Priscillian. 5, 113 lbs	Hamilton, Ont	June 19, 1911	1.11	
616 furlongs	Lady Vera, 2, 90 lbs	Belm't P., L.I. (st. c.) Belmont Park, L. I	Oct. 19, 1906	1.16 3-5	
	/ Brookdale Nymph, 4, 124 lbs	Belmont Park, L. I	Oct. 14, 1907	1.17 2-5	
7 furlongs	Roseben, 5, 126 lbs	Belmont Park, L. I	Oct. 16, 1906	1.22	
		Belm't P., L. I. (st.c.)	Oct. 16, 1907	1.23	
742 furlongs	Restigouche, 3, 107 lbs	Belmont Park, L. I	May 29, 1908	1.31 1-5	
1 mile	Salvator, 4, 110 lbs.t	Monmouth P. (st. c.) Belmont Park, L. I	Aug 28, 1890	1.3542	
,	[ ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( (	Belmont Park, L.1	Sept. 7, 1914.	1.36 3-5	
1 " 20 yas.	Froglegs, 4, 107 lbs.	Louisville, Ky	May 13, 1913	1.39	
1 mile, 40 yds.	Preen, 4, 104 lbs.	Buffalo, N. Y	June 16, 1906 (	1.42	
	Main Chance, 3, 114 lbs	Buffalo, N. Y	Sont 5 1000	7 40 4 5	
i ou y uo.	Bubbling Water, 4, 121 lbs.	Seattle, Wash'n Oakland, ('al Oakland (Cal. J. C.)	Nov. 20 1010	1.40 1 5	
1 " 100 vos	Rapid Water, 6, 114 lbs	Oakland (Cal T C)	Nov. 30, 1310	1 44 1.5	
1 100 3 (2.3.	(Royal Tourist, 3, 104 lbs	Oakland, Cal	Nov 11 1908	7 44 1-5	
	Creen Seel 4 100 lbs	Seattle, Wash'n	Sept. 12, 1908	1 44 9-5	
1 1-16 miles	Gretna Green, 5, 100 lhs.	Fort Erie Ont	Aug. 28, 1909.	1 48 3-5	
	Short Grass, a. 124 lbs	Fort Erie, Ont Belmont Park, L.I	June 4, 1915	1.44 4-5	
117 6	(Charles Edward, 3, 126 lbs	Brighton Beach	July 16, 1907	1.50 3-5	
178	Green Seal, 4, 107 lbs	Seattle, Wash'n	Aug. 20, 1908	1.50 3-5	
1 3-16	Milton B., 6, 100 lbs	Latonia, Ky Belmont Park	July 4, 1913	1.56 3-5	
11/4	Whisk Broom 11., 6, 139 lbs	Belmont Park	June 28, 1913	2.00	
-1 5-16 " .	Ballot, 4, 126 lbs	Sheepsh'd Bay (C.1.)	July 1, 1908	2.09 3-5	
	Swift Wing, 5, 100 lbs	Latonia, Ky	July 8, 1905	2.10 1-5	
is intles	Irish Lad, 4, 126 lbs	Sheepsh'd Bay (C. I.)	June 25, 1904 .	2.17 3-5	
	Goodrich, 3, 102 lbs	Chicago (Wash. Park) Sheepsh'd Bay (C. I.) Morris Park, N. Y	July 16, 1898	$2.30\frac{1}{4}$	
199	Fitz Herbert, 3, 122 lbs	Sneepsn'd Bay (C.1.)	July 13, 1909	2.45	
193	Major Daingerfield, 4, 120 lbs	Morris Park, N. Y	Oct. 3, 1903	2.57	
166		Oakland, Cal			
2	Everett, 4, 107 lbs	Pimlico, Md Ontario (Tor' to J. C.)	Court 02 1005	3.20 3-0	
	War Whoop, 4,96 lbs	Chlange (Herlem)	A 120 20 1904	2 40	
21/4	Joe Murphy, 4, 99 lbs Ethelbert, 4, 124 lbs.	Drighton Rooch N V	Aug. 50, 1034	2 40 1 5	
01/4	Kyrat, 3,88 lbs	Newport Ky	Nov 18 1800.	1 0/1/	
2½ 254	Ten Broeck, 4, 104 lbs	Lexington Ky	Sept 16, 1876	4 5836	
298	Hubbard 4 107 lbs	Saratoga, N. V.	Ang. 9 1878.	4 58 84-	
28%	Hubbard, 4, 107 lbs. Mamie Algol, 5, 108 lbs	New Orleans (CityP.)	Feb. 16, 1907	5.19	
4 11	Lucrezia Borgia, 4, 85 lbs.t	Oakland (Cal. J. C.).	May 20, 1897	7.11	
4 "	Messenger Boy, 5, 106 lbs	Louisville, Ky	Oct. 7, 1911	7.14 1-5	

\* 170 feet less than % mile.

† Races against time.

St. c., straight course.

### CHESS.

What with the Rice Memorial Masters' Tournament, set matches between Marshall and Janowski Janowski and Jaffe, and Showalter and Whitaker, the tours of Capablanca and Marshall and record-breaking performances by Marshall and Kostic in simultaneous and bilindfold by, in addition to the various State, league and club contests, including the intercollegiate tournaments, the chess players of the United States enjoyed a full season of activity during the year 1916, in spite of the war conditions which affected the game so seriously abroad and prevented the holding of any international tournaments of the first rank.

QUADRANGULAR COLLEGE CHESS LEAGUE. GUADRANGULAR COLLEGE CHESS LEAGUE. Twenty-fourth annual tournament between Columbia, Harvard, Yale and Princeton, played in New York, December 22, 23, and 24, 1915. Won by Columbia, 10½ to 1½; second, Princeton, with 6 to 6; third, Harvard, with 5½ to 6½; fourth, Yale, with 2 to 10. The members of the winning Columbia team and their scores were: H. E. Leede, 2.1 Å. J. Mandell, 2—0; E. F. Korkus, 2—1 Wins: Harvard and Yale tied, 2: Princeton, 1. 1909, Harvard and Yale tied, 2000 Columbia, 11.

Harvard and Yale tled.
TRIANGULIAR COLLEGE CHESS LEAGUE.
The seven:centh meeting of the league, composed of Cornell. Pennsylvania and Brown, took place in New York on December 27 and 28, 1916, Brown not being represented. Pennsylvania won vith totals of 5½ to 2½, losing the first match by 2½ to 1½ and winning the second by 4—0. The Cellege of the City of New York was admitted to 'senicership. The winning Pennsylvania team:
i. Iline, 2; B. Winkelman, 1½; J. Davis, 1; E. S. J.ckson, 1. The record: Pennsylvania, 9; Cornell, 6. Pennsylvania tled once with Brown and once with Cornell. with Cornell.

WILL COTIEN.

RICE MEMORIAL MASTERS' TOURNAMENT.
Played in New York, January 18 to February 11;
14 competitors in preliminary tourney; 5 prize
winners in final stage, as follows: J. R. Capablanca,
Havana, 14—3; D. Janowski, of Paris, 11—6; O.
Chajes, New York, 10½—6½; B. Kostic, Budapest,
and A. Kupchik, New York, each 10—7. Other
scores: J. Rosenthal, 7½—5½; J. Bernstein and
A. W. Fox, each 7—6; A. Schroeder, 5½—7½;
R. T. Black and A. B. Hodges, each 5—8, I. Tenenwurzel, 3½—9½; F. K. Perkins, 3—10; N. W.
Banks, 2—11.

ng of any international tournaments of the first rank.

RICE MEMORIAL INTERNATIONAL

PROBLEM TOURNEY.

Two-move section—C. Promislo, Philadelphia;
K. Grabowski, Warsaw, Russia: A. M. Sparke,
Lincoin, England; Vaientin Marin, Barcelona,
Spain, and J. J. Rietveld, Kesteren, Netherlands,
divided first, second and third prizes. Three-move
section—Emil Palkoska, Prague, Austria; Godfrey
Heathcote, Arnside, England; Valentin Marin,
Barcelona, Spain; H. F. L. Meyer, London, England;
and J. Willney, Kishineff, Russia, divided first,
second and third prizes. End-game section—
Henri Rinck, Barcelona, Spain, and H. J. A. Drewitt,
Coxford, England, tied for prize for hest set; H. A. L.
Kubhel, Petrograd, Russia, prize for best middle
game; F. C. M. Simkovitch, Kishineff, Russia,
prize for best study.

METROPOLITAN CHESS LEAGUE.

METROPOLITAN CHESS LEAGUE.
Metropolitan championship won by Manhattan
Chess Club, with six straight matches, the I. L.
Rice Progressive Chess Club placed second and
Brooklyn third. The summary:

CLUBS.	Matches.		Gam	es.	
	w.	L.	Dr.	w.	L.
Manhattan	6	0	0	381/4	91/2
Progressive	4	1	1	36	12
Brooklyn	4	1	1	341/2	133/2
Staten Island	3	3	0	27	21
Columbia	2	4	0	151/2	311/2
Ocean Hill	0	5	1	81/2	39 1/2
Clty College	0	5	1	7	40

JANOWSKI-JAFFE MATCH.
Played in New York, February 25 to March 20;
won by D. Janowski of Paris, 5; C. Jaffe of New York,
4; drawn 4.

MARSHALL-JANOWSKI MATCH.
Played in New York, June 1 to June 15. Score—

### CHESS-Continued.

F. J. Marshall of New York, 4; D. Janowski of Paris, 1; drawn 3.

SHOWALTER-WHITAKER MATCH.

Played at Lexington, Ky., June 15 to June 22; won by J. W. Showalter of Georgetown, Ky., 6; N. T. Whitaker of Washington, D. C., 1.

MANHATTAN C. C. CHAMPIONSHIP.

Won by A. Kupchik, 8—1; A. B. Hodges, 6½—2½; J. Bernstein, 5—4; R. Raubitschek, 4—5.

CAPABLANCA'S AMERICAN TOUR.

The American tour of J. R. Capablanca of Havana, ended at Pittsburgh on May 2. The Cuban Chess champion played 419 games; won 404, lost 5, and 10.

### NEW BLINDFOLD RECORD.

Boris Kostic established a new record for blind-fold play in New York City by playing against 20 opponents at the I. L. Rice Progressive Chess Club on June 4. Score: Kostic won 19 and drew 1; time, 6 hours and 11 minutes.

### INTER-CITY CHESS MATCHES.

New York vs. Philadelphia in New York, May 30—Manhattan C. C., 11½; Franklin C. C., 4½. Telegraph Match, September 4—San Francisco, 7; Southern California, 5.

NEW YORK STATE CHAMPIONSHIP.

Match for title played in New York during June. ore: A. Kupchik, 3; J. Bernstein (challenger), drawn 1. Score: 1; drawn

NEW YORK STATE MID-SUMMER MEETING.

Held at Buffalo at the Consistory Chess Club. Held at Buffalo at the Consistory Chess Club, July 24 to 29. Championship tournament—won by H. E. Jennings, Rochester, 7½—2½; second and third (tled), P. D. Crow, Buffalo, and D. F. Searle, Rome, each 6—4. Class A—won by H. Guenther, 5—1. Class B—won by J. McMichael, 8—2. Class C—won by J. Klock, 9½—2½.

(Compiled by Herman Helms,

WORLD'S RECORD FOR SIMULTANEOUS

Made at Washington on March 21, at the National Press Club, by F. J. Marshall (U. S. Champion), Score: Total played, 95; won 80; lost 8; drawn 7.

WESTERN CHAMPIONSHIP MEETING.

MESTERN CHAMPHONSHIP MEETING.
Annual Western Championship Tournament
heid at Chicago, August 14 to 23. First prize,
E. Lasker of Chicago, 16½—2½; second, J. W.
Showalter, Georgetown, Ky., 16—3; third, H.
Hahlbohm, Chicago, 14½—4½; foutth and fifth
(tied), J. T. Beckner, Winchester, Ky., and N. T.
Whitaker, Wasnington, D. C., each 13½ to 5½;
slxth, R. S. Hoff, Chicago, 13—6.

LOUISIANA STATE TOURNAMENT Played in Lafayette La., August 14 to 15—Winner, J. W. Treen of Baton Rouge, 9—0.

COPENHAGEN TOURNAMENT.
Held during August; winner Paul Johner, Berne,
Switzerland, 5—2: second (tied), M. Marchand,
Amsterdam, Dr. Krause, Copenhagen, and J.
Loowenborg, Stockholm, cuch 41/2—2/2, a

DUTCH NATIONAL CONGRESS.
Held at Amsterdam, July 30 to August 10; first prize, M. Marchand, 9—2; second, Dr. A. G. Olland, -4.

TAMPA QUADRANGULAR TOURNEY. Held at Tampa, Fla., during February—Won by W. L., Moorman, Lynchburg, Va., 7–2; second and third, J. W. Showalter, Georgetown, Ky., and S. F. J. Trabue, Punta Gorda, Fla., each 4–5.

S. F. J. Itabue, Funds of votes, when the state of the st

RICE PROGRESSIVE C. C. CHAMPIONSHIP.
Won by Boris Kostic, after a tie with A. Kupchik,
whom he defeated by 1½ to ½.

Editor American Chess Bulletin.)

Thirty-sixth annual champlonship tournament, United States National Lawn Tennis Association, held at Forest Hills, Long Island, August 28th to September 5th. Champlon in singles required to play through. Richard Norris Williams, 2d, of Philadelphia, won singles title, deteating William M. Johnston of San Francisco in final round 4-6, 6-4, 0-6, 6-2, 6-4. William M. Johnston and Clarence J. Griffin defeated the challengers, Maurice E. McLoughlin and Ward Dawson 6-4, 5-7, 6-3, all of San Francisco, Cal., in the challenge round of the national doubles.

Women's national champlonship held at Phila-

of San Francisco, Cal., in the challenge round of the national doubles.

Women's national championship heid at Philadelphia Cricket Club, Chestnut Hill, Philadelphia, June 5th. Singles—linal round: Miss Molla Bjurstedt, d. Mrs. Edward Raymond, 6—0, 6—1. Doubles—final round: Miss Molla Bjurstedt, Mrs. Edward Raymond, 4—6, 6—2, 10—8. Mixed doubles—final round: Miss Eleonora Sears-W. E. Davis d. Miss Florence Ballin-W. T. Tilden, 2d, 6—4, 7—5.
Seventh clay court championship, U. S. N. L. T. A., at Lakewood Country Club, Cleveland, Ohio, June 24th to July 1st. Singles—final round: W. E. Davis d. C. B. Doyle, 6—2, 7—5, 6—3. Challenge round: W. E. Davis d. R. N. Williams by default. Doubles—linal round: George M. Church-Dean Mathey d. W. E. Davis d. R. N. Williams by default. Doubles—linal round: George M. Church-Dean Mathey d. W. E. Davis M. V. D. Johns, 7—5, 6—0, 6—2. Women's Singles—final round: Miss Molla Bjurstedt-d. Miss Martha Guthrle, 8—6, 6—3. Mixed doubles—final round: Miss Molla Bjurstedt-G. M. Church d. Miss. H. W. Bickle-C. B. Doyle, 6—1. National Lindous championship. New York City. -1, 6-2. National

6—1, 6—2.

National indoor championship, New York City,
February 12th to 22d, held by Seventh Regiment
Tennis Club. Singles—Inal round: R. L. Murray d.
A. H. Man, Jr., 6—2, 6—2, 9—7. Doubles—final
round: Dr. William Rosenbaum-Arthur Lovibond d.
King Smith-A. S. Cragin, 3—6, 1—6, 6—4, 8—6,
8—10.

Women's national indoor championship, held by
the Seventh Regiment Tennis Club, New York City,

TENNIS.

March 13th. Singles—final round: Miss Molla Bjurstedt d. Mrs. Frederick Schmitz, 6—2, 6—1. Doubles—final round: Miss Molla Bjurstedt-Miss Marle Wagner d. Mrs. S. F. Weaver-Mrs. Frederick Schmitz, 6—1, 6—3.

Thirty-sixth annual intercollegiate championship held at Merion Cricket Club, Haverford, Pa., September 12th to 16th. Singles—final round—G. C. Caner (Harvard) d. J. S. Pfaffman (Harvard), 6—3, 6—1, 5—7, 6—2. Doubles—final round: G. C. Caner-Richard Harrie (Harvard), 6—3, 6—1, 6—2.

First annual junior and boys' championships, U. S. N. L. T. A., held at Forest Hils, L. I., August 28th to September 5th. Junior age limit 20 years Harold Throckmorton, Elizabeth, N. J., Middle States sectional champion, d. Roland Roberts, Fact. By September 5th. Junior age limit 20 years harold Throckmorton, Elizabeth, N. J., Middle States sectional champion, d. Roland Roberts, Fact. By September 5th. Junior age limit 20 years on, Tri-State sectional champion, 6—0, 6—0, 6—1. First annual junior indoor championship, held at Seventh Regiment Armory, New York, December 27th. Singles—final round: Elliott Binzen d. James Weber, 6—3, 7—5, 3—6, 6—2. Doubles—final round: James Weber-R. C. Rand d. H. Taylor-Elliott Binzen, 6—3, 6—2, 6—2. Doubles—final round: James Weber, 6—3, 6—2, 6—2.

### DAVIS CUP CONTESTS.

No challenge was issued owing to the war. trophy remains in Australia. For previous winners see 1915 ALMANAC.

see 1915 ALMANAC.
East vs. West matches, August 4th and 5th, at West Side Tennis Club, Forest Hills, L. 1., Friday, August 4th. Singles: George M. Church (East) d. Clarence J. Griffin (West), 6—3, 6—4, 6—4. Watson M. Washburn (Eest) d. Robert L. Murray (West), 1—6, 6—4, 6—1, 2 all, default. Karl H. Behr (East) d. Willis E. Davis (West), 6—0, 3—6, 6—1, 6—1, Richard N. Williams, 2d (East) d. William M. Johnston (West), 3—6, 6—7, Saturday, August 5th. Singles: Nathaniel W. Niles (East) d

### LAWN TENNIS -- Continued.

Roland Roberts (West), 7—5, 6—3, 6—3. Doubles: William M. Johnston-Clarence J. Griffin (West) d. Freterick B. Alexander-Karl H. Behr (East), 7—5, 6—3, 2—6, 6—3. Richard N. Williams, 2d-George M. Church (East) d. Willis E. Davis-Robert L. Murray (West), 6—8, 6—2, 6—2, 1—6, 6—3.

### STATE AND SECTIONAL CHAMPIONSHIPS.

Metropolitan men's singles and doubles championships, held at Bronxville A. A., Bronxville, N. Y., beginning June 10th. Men's singles—final round: George M. Church d. Dean Mathey, 6—3, 6—4, 9—7. Men's doubles—final round: George M. Church Dean Mathey d. H. H. Hackett-W. M. Hall, 6—1,

6—3. Metropolitan women's championships were played on the dirt courts of the West Side Club at Forest Hills, May 15th. Singles—final round: Miss Molla Bjurstedt d. Miss Martha Guthric. 6—2, 6—6. Doubles—final round: Mrs. Rawson Wood-Mrs. S. F. Weaver d. Miss Marie Wagner-Miss Molla Bjurstedt, 6—1, 4—6, 6—4, ed., ed., ed., values belong to Vannue.

stedt, 6-1, 4-6, 6-4.

New York State championship beld at Yahnundasis Golf Club, near Utlea, N. Y., July 10th. Singles—final round: Ichika Kumagae d. C. J. Griffin, 6-2, 6-1, 8-6. Doubles—final round: Clarence J. Griffin-Roland Roberts d. William S. McEllroy-C. S. Garland, 6-4, 6-1, 6-4.

Loug Island championship, held at Kings County Tennis Club, Brooklyn, N. Y., June 26th. Singles— final round: S. H. Voshell d. F. G. Anderson, 3-6, 6.2, 6.4, 6-2. Doubles—final round: F. T. Hun-ter-James O'Neale d. G. C. Baggs-S. H. Voshell, 7-5, 2-6, 4-6, 6-3.

2—6, 4—6, 6—3.

Twenty-ninth annual tournament, championship of the West, held at Onwentsla Club, Lake Forest, Ill., August 5th. Men's singles—final round: H. T. Byford d. Jerry Weber, 6—4, 8—10, 6—1, 6—2. Challenge round: G.M. Church d. H. T. Byford, 6—4, 6—0, 6—1. Doubles—final round: Hayes-Burdick d. Weber-Weber, 6—3, 6—0, 6—0. Women's singles, final round: Miss Marguerite Davis d. Miss Katherine Voorbees, 5—7, 7—5, 6—2. Challenge round: Miss Marguerite Davis d. Miss C. H. Neely, 6—3, 6—3. Women's doubles—final round: Miss Katherine Voorbees-Miss Mirlam Stever d. Miss C. B. Neely-Miss Dorothy Higbie, 6—2, 6—1. B. Neely-Miss Dorothy Higbie, 6-2, 6-1.

B. Neety-miss Dorotuy Higole, 6—2, 0—1.

Annual Invitation tournament, Meadow Club, Southampton, L. I., August 21st. Singles—final round: Watson M. Washburn d. William J. Clothier, 6—3, 6—4, 6—2. Doubles—final round: W. M. Johnstou-C. J. Griffin d. R. Harte-R. N. Williams, 7—9, 6—4, 6—3. Mixed doubles—final round: Miss Ina Kissel-J. Atmatrong d. Mrs. R. Wood-C. J. Griffin, 3—6, 6—2, 8—6.

Annual invitation tournament, Newport Casino, Annual Invitation tournament, Newport Casino, Newport, R. I., August 14th. Singles—final round: Ichlya Kumagaed. W. M. Johnston, 6—1, 9—7, 5—7, 2—6, 9—7. Doubles—final round: J. J. Armstrong-W. F. Johnson d. C. J. Griffin-W. M. Johnston, 4—6, 6—2, 6—1, 3—6, 9—7.

Country Club of Westchester, Invitation tournament, June 3d. Singles—final round: W. M., Vashburn d. S. H. Vosheil, 4—6, 6—3, 6—1, 6—4, Doubles—final round: F. C. Inman-L. E. Mahan d. F. C. Baggs-S. H. Voshell, 6—3, 6—3, 6—4.

R. V. Baggs-S. H. vosnell, 6—3, 6—3, 6—4.
Bronx County chamblonship, New York Lawn
Tennis Chb, May 20th. Singles—final round: S. H.
Voshell d. Abraham Bassford, 17, 7—3, 6—0, 6—3.
Doubles—final round: A. H. Man, Jr.—Cedric H.
Major d. J. S. O'Neale-H. Beler, 4—6, 3—6, 6—2,
6—1, 7—5.

Middle States champlonship, Orange Lawn Tennis Club, June 19th. Men's singles—final round: T. R. Pell d. F. C. Inman, 6—1, 6—2, 6—1. Doubles—final round: Dean Mathey-Harold Throckmorton d. C. F. Watson-N. W. Niles, 6—0, 6—4, 1—6, 6—4. Women's singles: Miss Ina Kissel d. Mrs. Robert Leroy, 4—6, 6—2, 6—1. Women's doubles—final round: Mrs. N. W. Niles-Miss Ina Kissel d. Miss Margaret Nichols-Miss Susette Henry, 6—2, 9—7.

New England championship, Hartford Golf Club, New England championship, Hardord Golf Club, June 13th. Singles—final round: R. S. Stoddart d. Jerry Weber, 5-7, 6-3, 3-6, 6-3, 6-0. Doubles—final round: W. L. Ferris-F. H. Harris d. Amos Wilder-Peter Ball, 6-4, 6-4.

Seabright Invitation tournament, Seabright Tennis and Cricket Club, August 7th. Singles—final round: G. M. Church d. R. L. Murray, 6—4, 6—2, 6—4, Challenge round—Achells Cup: R. N. Williams, 2d, d. G. M. Church, 5—7, 6—3, 6—3, 4—6, 6—2, Doubles—final round: W. M. Johnston-C. J. Griffin d. Fl. S. Alexander-K. H. Behr, 8—10, 6—3, 11—9,

Middle Atlantic tournament, Columbia Country Club, Chevy Chase, Md., May 27th. Singles—final round: C. B. Doyle d. H. C. Breck, 6—2, 6—4, 2—6, 6—3. Doubles—final round: C. B. Doyle-H. C. Breck d. H. G. Wiltehead-Richard Tunstall, 6—4, 6—1, 3—6, 6—3. Women's singles—final round: Miss Eva Baker d. Miss Gertrude Greely, 6—1, 2—6, 6—2

Gulf States championship, New Orleans Tennis Gulf States championsbip, New Orleans Tennis Club, New Orleans, La., June 5th. Singles, final round: Edgar Morris d. James H. Bruns, 1—6, 1—6, 6—4, 6—4, 6—1. Doubles—final round: J. L. Berthe-James Bruns d. Randolph Lyons-Logan Bruns, 6—4, 7—5, 6—0. Women's singles—final round: Mrs. Irving Murphy d. Miss Ethelyn Legendre, 6—1, 6—2.

Pacific Coast champlonship, Del Monte Country Club, Del Monte, Cal., June 17th. Singles—final round: W. M. Johnston d. C. J. Criffin, 9—7, 7—5, 6—8, 8—6. Doubles—final round: W. M. Johnston C. J. Criffin d. J. C. Rohlfs-B. Detrick, 6—2, 6—2, 8—6. Women's singles—final round: Miss Baker d. Miss Thorn, 8—6, 6—4. Women's doubles—final round: Miss Myers—Miss Baker d. Miss Cassel-Mrs. Cushing, 6—4, 6—3.

Great Plains States championship, Rockhill Tennis Club, Kansas City, Mo., July 15th. Singles—final round: Heath Byford d. C. J. Lockhorn, 6—4, 7—5, 5—7, 6—1. Doubles—final round: C. J. Lockhorn-Heath Byford d. Jerry Weber-James Weber, 6—4, -8, 6-3, 7-5.

Championship of South, Memphis Tennis Club, Memphis, Tenn., July 3d. Singles—final round: Douglas Watters d. Carlton Y. Smith, 6—2, 10—8, 5—7, 6—2. Doubles—final round: Nat Emerson-Lew Hardy d. Douglas Watters-Henry Brus, 1—6, 6—4, 9—7, 1—6, 6—4. Women's singles—final round: Miss Ethelyn Legendre d. Miss Irving Murphy, 6—4, 7—5.

Central States championship, St. Louis A. A. A.; St. Louis, Mo., July 3d. Singles—final round: Ichiya Kumagae d. R. M. Hoerr, 6—3, 6—3, 6—2, Doubles—final round: I. Kumagae-H. Mikami d. H. P. Gautler-A. von Reppert, 6—2, 7—5, 6—1.

Championship Pacific Northwest, Tacoma Lawn Tennis Club, Tacoma, Wash., July 31st, Singles—final round: John Strachan d. Clyde Curley, Singles—Imal round; John Strachan d. Clyde Curley, Allyn Barber, 6—1, 6—2, 6—3. Women's singles—final round; John Barber, 6—1, 6—2, 6—3. Women's singles—final round; Miss Anita Myers d. Miss Sarah Livingston,

Utah State championship, Salt Lake Tennis Club, Salt Lake City, Utah, July 4th. Singles—final round: T. B. Parker d. R. J. McKay, 7-9, 6—3, 10—8, 6—3. Doubles—final round: Sam Neel-George Badger d. O. J. Salisbury-C. B. Oliver, 6—5, 6-4, 6-4.

Border States champlonship. Tucson Country Club, Tucson, Ariz., May 10th. Men's singles—final round: J. B. Adoue, Jr., d. G. V. Peak, Jr., 5-7, 7-5, 4-6, 7-5, 6-4. Men's doubles, final round: J. B. Adoue, Jr.-G. V. Peak, Jr., d. N. A. Ferguson-H. E. Christie, 5-7, 6-3, 6-1, 7-5. Women's singles—final round: Miss Margaret Chesney d. Miss Marlon Allison, 6-4, 4-6, 6-4, Women's doubles: Miss Florence Allison-Miss Virginis Lyne d. Miss Margaret Chesney-Miss Putler. ginia Lyne d. Miss Margaret Chesney-Miss Butler, 6-1, 6-8, 6-2.

Northwestern championship, Deep Haven, Lake Minnetonka, July 29th. Singles—final round: Heath T. Byford d. Seiforde Stellwagen, 6—3, 6—3, 6—6, 6—2. Doubles—final round: T. N. Jayne-S. Stellwagen, d. J. W. Adams-Ward Burton, 2—6, 6—1, 0—6, 6—4, 6—2. Women's singles—final round: Miss Marguerite Davis d. Miss Allce Drake, 6—2, 6—2.

### HARNESS HORSE RACING.

WORLD'S TROTTING RECORDS.

DISTANCE.	Name.	Place.	Date.	Time.
I mile (world's record)	Uhlan*	Lexington, Ky	Oct. 8,1912	1.58
1 " in a race	Hamburg Belle	No. Randall, Ohio	Aug. 25,1909	2.0114
1 " on half-mile track.	Uhlan*	Goshen, N. Y	Aug. 24,1911	2.0284
1 " by a stallion	Lee Axworthy	Syracuse, N. Y	Sept. 12,1916	2.00
1 " " gelding	Uhlan*	Lexington, Ky	Oct. 8,1912	1.58
		Memphis, Tenn. †		1.583
		Lexington, Ky		1.5414
1 " by a yearling	Airdale	Lexington, Ky		2.1534
1 " two-year-old	The Real Lady	Lexington, Ky	Oct. 7,1916	2.0434
		Lexington, Ky	Oct. 6,1914	2.031/
j " four-year-old.	Lee Axworthy	Lexington, Ky	Oct. 4, 1916	1.593
1 " " five-year-old	Lou Dillon*	Memphis, Tenn. †	Oct. 24,1903	1.583
1 " six-year-old	Lou Dillon*	Memphis, Tenn	Nov.11,1904	2.01
	Major Delmar	Memphis, Tenn	Oct. 26.1904	2.07
1 " " " " "	Peter Billiken* ‡	Goshen, N. Y	Aug. 20,1914	2.1414
		No. Randall, Ohio	Aug. 25,1909	2.014 2.0184
* 3 *	Etawah	Lexington, Ky	Oct. 8,1914	2.03 12.03 2.03 2.03 34
2 miles	The Harvester	Lexington, Ky	Oct 13,1910	4.1514
3 14	Nightingale*	Nashville, Tenn. (reg.)	Oct. 20,1893	6.55
3		Minneapolis, Minn		
4 ''	Bertie R	Blackpool, England †	Sept. 11,1899	9.58
	Senator L	San Jose, Cal. (reg.)	Nov. 2,1804	10 12
5 **	Bishop Hero	Oakland, Cal. (reg.)	Oct. 14,1893	10.30%
10 "	Pascal*	New York, N. Y. (reg.)	Nov. 2,1893	26.15
••	Controller	San Francisco, Cal. (reg.)	NOV. 23,1878	27.23%
20 "	Capt. McGowan*	Boston, Mass. (reg.)	Oct. 31,1865	58.25
	Gen. Taylor*	San Francisco, Cal	Feb. 21,1857	1.47.59
50 "	'Ariel*	Albany, N. Y	May 5.1846	3.55.40
100 "	'Conqueror*	Centreville, L. J	INOV. 12,1853	118.55.53

### Trotting-To Wagon.

1 mile (against time)	(Lou Dillon*	Memphis, Tenn.t	Oct. 28,1903	2.06
1 " " "	Uhlan*	Cleveland, Ohio	Aug. 8,1911	2.00
i " In a race	Lon Dillon	Memphis, Teun	Oct. 21,1903	2.04%
Best 2 heats	Lon Dillon	Memphis, Tenn	Oct. 21, 1903	2.0484 2.0484 2.17 2.17
3 11	Hopeful	Chicago, Ill	Oct. 12,1878 2.1616	2.17 2.17
9 miles	Pelegon	Belmont. Phila	Oct. 20,1909	4.38
3 '	Ed Bryan	Point Breeze, Phila,	Nov. 8.1905	7.3016
5 11	Ed Bryan	Philadelphia, Pa	Aug. 22.1907	13.03
10 ''	Julia Aldrich	San Francisco, Cal	June 15.1858	29 0416
20 '	Controller	San Francisco, Cal	April20,1878	58.57
20	TOOLING THE TANK			

### Trotting-By Teams.

		1
1 mile	{Uhlan	2.031/4
1 " In a race	Rose Leaf   Columbus, Ohio   Sept. 27,1894	2.151/4
1 " road wagon	Maid S.*	2.151/2
Best 3 heats in a race	Arab	2.1834

<sup>\*</sup>Against time. †Paced by runner to sulky carrying wind or dust shield, runner preceding trotter. †Half mile track.

### WORLD'S PACING RECORDS.

DISTANCE.	Name.	I'lace.	Date.	Time.		
%mlle	Dan Patch	Memphis, Tenn	Oct. 27,1903		. 56	
1 mile	Dan Patch*	St. Paul, Minn. †	Sept. 8,1906		1.551/4	
1 " by a stallion		St. Paul, Minn. †	Sept. 8,1906		1.5514	
	Directum I	Syracuse, N. Y	Sept. 15, 1915		1.5634	
1 " by a gelding	Prince Alert*	New York, N. Y.1	Sept. 23, 1903		1.57	
1 " in the open	Directum I	Columbus, Ohio	Sept.30, 1914		1 58	
1 " by a mare	Dariel	Memphis, Tenn	Oct. 24,1908		2.0014	
1 " (half mile track)	Dan Patch	Allentown, Pa	Sept. 21,1905		2 02	
	Directum I	Columbus, Ohio	Sept.30, 1914		1.58	
	Rose McGee	Lexington, Ky	Aug. 12.1914		2 1914	
		Lexington, Ky			2.15	
	(Directly*	Galesburg, Ill			2.0784	
1 " two-year-old		Lexington, Ky			2.0893	
1 " three-year-old		Columbus, Ohio			2.0034	
		Grand Raplds, Mich			2.00	
		Macon, Ga.t			2.0431	
2 mlles	Dan Patch*	Macon, Ga.t	Nov. 30, 1903		4.17	
3 **	(Joe Jefferson*	Knozville, Iowa (reg.)	Nov. 6.1891		7.3314	
3		Centreville, L. I. (reg.)			7.44	
4 "	loe lefferson*	Knoxville, lowa (reg.)	Nov. 13,1891		16.10	
5 "		San Francisco, ('al. (reg.)			13.031/4	
Best 2 heats		Columbus, Ohio			2.00	
" 3 "	William	Grand Rapids, Mich	Aug. 5.1414	2.00% 2 10	2.0236	
_						

### HARNESS HORSE RACING-Continued.

### To Wagon.

DISTANCE.	Name,	Place.	Date.	Time.	
I mile (against time)					1.5714
in a race	Angus Pointer	Memphis, Tenn	Oct. 20,1904		2.043
2 miles		Sacramento, Cal			4.584 <sub>2</sub> 7.53
		San Francisco, Cal			10.4236
5 "	Lady St. Clair	San Francisco, Cal	Dec. 11,1874		12.5484
Best 2 heats					2.05%
	Johnston	St. Paul, Minn	Sept. 16,1887	2.1614 (2.1516)	2.15
	-				

### By a Team.

<sup>\*</sup>Against time, †Paced by runner to sulky carrying a wind or a dust shield, the runner preceding the pacer.

### 1916 GRAND CIRCUIT RESULTS.

The leading money-winning Grand Circuit drivers, | trotters, and pacers, with the amounts won, are as Darwane

DRIVERS.						
Murphy Cox. McDonaid. Geers Valentine White Durfee Engleman McMahon	\$81,910 E 73,339 R 30,560 S 28,341 G 27,965 M 23,308 C 14,202 W 11,284 9,769	ddmandodneynowradyf. Childshandler	\$8,476 7,965 7,705 7,095 6,915 6,565 5,724 360,679			
Murray	9,3551					

	TROT	TERS.	
Mabel Trask	\$33,320	Donna Clay	. \$6,385
St. Frisco	23,175	Brisac	6.223
Volga	17,045	Bingen Silk	4.982
Real Lady	13.662	Early Don	4.857
Expressive Lou.,	12,784	Allie Watts	3.840
Harrods Creek	11,284		
Azora Axworthy.	7,437	Total	.8144.940
	PAC	ERS.	
Mlss Harris M	\$9,537	Young Todd	. \$5,780
J. Eli Mack	7,537	Spring Maid	. 3.722
Ben Earl	7,040	Peter Look	3.696
Napoleon Direct.	7,015	White Sox	3.203
Roan Hal	6,865	Little Frank D.	. 3,200
Dlumeter	6,852		
Single G	5,894	Total	. \$70,341

### POLO.

THERE was no International match between representative teams of the United States and Great Britain and the International Challenge Cup remains therefore in possession of England. Previous cup matches: 1886, at Newport, Great Britain won by 10 to 4 and 14 to 2: 1900, Hurlingham Club, one game, Great Britain won, 8 to 2; 1902, Hurlingham Club, first game, America won, 2 to 1; second and third games, Great Britain won, 6 to 1 and 7 to 1; 1909, Hurlingham Club, America won, 9 to 5 and 8 to 2; 1911, Meadow Brook Club, America won, 4½ to 3 and 4½ to 3½; 1913, Meadow Brook Club, America won, 5½ to 3 and 4½ to 4½; 1914, at Meadow Brook Club, America won, 5½ to 3 and 4½ to 4½; 1914, at Meadow Brook Club, America won, 5½ to 3 and 4½ to 4½; 1914, at Meadow Brook Club, America won, 5½ to 3 and 4½ to 4½; 1914, at Meadow Brook Club, America won, 5½ to 3 and 4½ to 4½; 1914, at Meadow Brook Club, America won, 5½ to 3 and 4½ to 4½; 1914, at Meadow Brook Club, America won, 5½ to 3 and 6½ to 3½.

and 4 to 2¾.

National Championships, played at Narragansett Pier, R. I., July and August. Junior Championship, Meadow Brook, 3d. defeated Point Judith, 11½ to 2¾. Players—Meadow Brook, 3d: F. S. Von Stade, Raymond Delmont, Thomas Hitchcock, Jr., Morgan Belmont; Point Judith: Philip Stevenson, Rodman Wannaker, A. C. Schwartz, P. S. P. Randolph, Jr. Senior Championship, Meadow Brook defeated Great Neck, 5% to 7%. Players—Meadow Brook: F. S. Von Stade, C. C. Rumsey, H. P. Whitchey, D. Milburn; Great Neck: T. Hitchcock, Jr., J. Watson Webb, Malcolm Stevenson, L. E. Stoddard: Championships, played at Philadelphia September 16-23. First match—Southeastern team defeated Midwestern team, 13 to 15. Second match—Eastern defeated Southern team, 19 to 11½. Thad and final match—Eastern team defeated Southers team, 15 to 12½. Players, champlon-ship round—Eastern: T. Hitchock, Jr., J. W. Webb, M. Stevenson, D. Milburn; Southeastern: Thomas Stokes, W. S. Stokes, E. L. Stokes, R. E. Strawbridge.

### ARCHERY.

The thirty-eighth annual tournament of the National Archery Association was held at Newark, N. J., August 22, 24. Results:

### YORK ROUND FOR MEN. (National Champlonship.)

	Hits.	Score.	]	Hits.	Score.
Dr. R. P. Elmer, Wayne, Pa. James S. Glles, Pittsburgh Homer Taylor, Greenfield, Mass. O. L. Hertlg, Pittsburgh S. P. Bryant, Boston Cyrus Dallin, Boston James Duff, Jersey City	172 181 156 163 160	804 777 717 711	W. S. Donthitt, Pittsburgh. E. Cole, Ossining, N. Y. B. P. Gray, Boston. F. T. Leport, Kanass City, Kan. S. S. McMeen, Columbus, Ohio. H. I. Ives, Boston.	85 80 83 58	527 358 338 308 218 143

### NATIONAL ROUND FOR WOMEN. (National Champlonship.)

MOTORCYCLE RACING.

PROFESSIONAL RECORDS (AMERICAN AND FOREIGN).

1 KILO.—25 3-5s., by H. Clissac at Blackpool, England, July 27, 1905. \*1 KILO.—35 1-5s., by J. Olleslagers at Antwerp, Belgium, June 24, 1909. \*1 Mille—50 1-5s., by H. Clissac at Blackpool, England, July 27, 1905. 1 Mile, 36s.; 2 miles, 1m. 12 2-5s.; 3 miles, 1m. 50 3-5s.; 4 miles, 2m. 28 3-5s.; 5 miles, 3m. 64-5s.; 6 miles, 3m. 45s.; 7 miles, 4m. 23 1-5s.; 8 miles, 5m. 13 -5s.; 9 miles, 5m. 39 4-5s.; 10 miles, 3m. 64-5s.; 6 miles, 6m. 56 4-5s.; 12 miles, 7m. 37 3-5s.; 13 miles, 8m. 17 2-5s.; 14 miles, 8m. 56 4-5s.; 15 miles, 9m. 35 1-5s.; 16 miles, 10m. 14 3-5s.; 17 miles, 10m. 15 1-5s.; 13 miles, 10m. 13 2-5s.; 12 miles, 10m. 14 3-5s.; 17 miles, 10m. 13 2-5s.; 12 miles, 12m. 32 4-5s.; 20 miles, 12m. 32 4-5s.; 20 miles, 12m. 32 4-5s.; 20 miles, 12m. 32 4-5s.; 20 miles, 12m. 32 4-5s.; 20 miles, 12m. 32 4-5s.; 20 miles, 12m. 32 4-5s.; 20 miles, 15m. 71-5s.; 24 miles, 15m. 47e.; 25 miles, 6m. 27s.; all by Ray Seymour at Los Angeles, Cal., May 24, 1912. 30 miles, 20m. 18 1-5s.; 35 miles, 23m. 42s.; 40 miles, 27m. 6s; 45 miles, 30m. 32 1-5s.; 50 miles, 33m. 55 1-5s.; 55 miles, 37m. 19 2-5s.; 60 miles, 40m. 42 2-5s.; 65 miles, 44m. 62-5s.; 70 miles, 47m. 31 1-5s.; 75 miles, 50m. 55 2-5s.; 80 miles, 54m. 19 3-5s.; 85 miles, 57m. 46 3-5s.; 90 miles, 1h. 1m. 12 2-5s.; 95 miles, 1h. 4m. 36 3-5s.; 10 miles, 54m. 19 3-5s.; 35 miles, 30 by W. Humiston. 20 miles, 4h. 5m. 54 2-5s.; by H. Martin at Canning Town, England, May 5, 1909. 1 Hour—88 miles 360 yards; by W. Humiston. 2 Hours—118 miles 719 yards; by H.V. Colver at Brooklands, England, December 12, 1915. 400 miles, 9h. 6m. 254-5s.; by H. A. Collier at Canning Town, England, May 5, 1909. 1 Hours—248 miles 360 yards; by W. Humiston, 20 miles, 30 miles

miles 940 yards; all by H. A. Collier, Canning Town, England, May 5, 1909. 24 Hours—930 miles; by Edwin Baker, Melbourne, Australia, January 12, 1916.

1 Kilo.—28 2-5s.; Charles Spencer at Springfield, Mass., October 23, 1909. \*1 Kilo.—39s.; Charles Gust-1500 at Springfield, Mass., October 23, 1909. \*1 Mile—55 4-5s.; Charles Spencer at Springfield, Mass., October 23, 1909. \*1 Mile—55 4-5s.; Charles Spencer at Springfield, Mass., October 23, 1909. \*1 Mile—55 4-5s.; Charles Spencer at Springfield, Mass., October 23, 1909. \*1 Mile—55 4-5s.; Charles Spencer at Springfield, Mass., October 23, 1909. \*1 Mile—55 4-5s.; Thiles, H. 40s.; 8 miles, 5m. 20 4-5s.; 9 miles, 6m. 1-5s.; 6 miles, 3m. 18 4-5s.; 6 miles, 3m. 59 1-5s.; 7 miles, 1m. 18 2-5s.; 3 miles, 5m. 40 4-5s.; 9 miles, 6m. 1-5s.; 10 miles, 10m. 3 4-5s.; 16 miles, 7m. 23s.; 12 miles, 8m. 3 2-5s.; 13 miles, 5m. 43 4-5s.; 14 miles, 9m. 23 4-5s.; 16 miles, 10m. 3 4-5s.; 16 miles, 10m. 44 2-5s.; 17 miles, 11m. 24 3-5s.; 31 by Lon Clafilin at Los Angeles, Cal., May 17, 1912. 18 miles, 12m. 57s.; 19 miles, 11m. 24 3-5s.; 31 by Lon Clafilin at Los Angeles, Cal., May 17, 1912. 18 miles, 12m. 57s.; 19 miles, 11m. 40 1-5s.; 20 miles, 19m. 3s.; 21 miles, 10m. 35s.; 35 miles, 20m. 25 2.5s.; 40 miles, 10m. 3s.; 35 miles, 25 m. 20m. 25 2.5s.; 40 miles, 10m. 3s.; 35 miles, 30m. 39s.; 50 miles, 41m. 49 3-5s.; 55 miles, 46m. 10 1-5s.; 60 miles, 23 -5s.; 40 miles, 41m. 36m. 3s.; 95 miles, 10m. 25m. 48 2-5s.; all by Fred Huyck at Springfield, Mass., September 6, 1909. 75 miles, 1h. 20m. 1-5s.; 80 miles, 1b. 25m. 19 2-5s. 85 miles, 19m. 3s.; 37s.; 90 miles, 1h. 36m. 3s.; 95 miles, 1h. 20m. 1-5s.; 80 miles, 1b. 25m. 25s.; 30 miles, 5h. 48m. 55s.; 400 miles, 8h. 12m. 36s.; both by Charles Gustafson at Springfield, Mass., October 10, 1915. 200 miles, 3h. 55m. 20s.; Charles Spencer at Springfield, Mass., October 1, 1909. 500 miles, 10m. 20m. 300 miles, 11m. 15m. 16s.; 10m. 58r.; May, 1914.

Economy Records—31 miles 1,400 yards, 1 pint, by F. A. Baker, Cambridge, Md., July 9, 1904. 55 miles 528 yards, 1 quart, by E. Buffum, New York City, July 4, 1904. 162.7 miles, 1 gallon, Ed. Perrin, 1914. 190 miles, 4 quarts 10 ounces, by F. A. Baker, Long Island, September 15, 1907.

\* Made with standing start.

Annual National Championship tournament held at Norwich. Ct. Winners in various divisions. First Division—National Champion. Eddie Clark. Springfield; second, Harold Clark. Springfield. Second Division—First, George Huot. Glicopee Falls: second, G. L. Hewitt, Mansfield. Third Division—First, George Huot. Second, G. L. Hewitt, Mansfield. Third Division—First, Richard Peale. Norwich; second, Dennison Covles. Brattleboro. First Van Wickle Medal—Eddie Clark. Springfield. Second Van Wickle Medal—Eddie Glark Springfield. Second Van Wickle Medal—Eddie George Huot. Chicopee Falls. Adams Frize Mallet—George Huot. Chicopee Falls. Adams Frize Mallet—Gerald Brassill. Norwich.

The final standing in the three divisions, showing games won and lost:

The first Division—Eddie Clark. Springfield. won 13. lost 3: Harold Clark. Springfield. won 13. lost 3: Harold Ecsword. Wash. Oct. won 11. lost 4: F. K. Kirk. Philadelphia won 9 lost 4: F. H. Foss, Willimantic, won 11. lost 5; H. T. Webb. West Chester, Pa., won 8, lost 6; W. C.

Rodman, Philadelphia, won 9, lost 7; E. R. Robinson, Mansfield, won 6, lost 7; Gerald Brassill, Norwich, won 6, lost 8; W. L. Robinson, Mansfield, won 5, lost 8; Loue Stockwell, Norwich, won 7, lost 9; A. D. Snellman, Willimantie, won 6, lost 10; L. C. Williamson, Washington, won 5, lost 11; F. P. Fenton, Willimantie, won 4, lost 12; J. D. Miner, East Greenwich, won 2, lost 14; E. G. Adams, Kingston, won 1, lost 15, Second Division—George Huot, Chicopee Falls, won 8, lost 0; L. Hewitt, Mansfield, won 6, lost 2; F. M. Thompson, Danbury, won 6, lost 2; F. M. Thompson, Danbury, won 6, lost 5; C. B. Thompson, Williamantie, won 3, lost 5; C. B. Crowell, Brattleboro, won 3, lost 6; S. B. Prentice, Providence, won 2, lost 6; S. B. Prentice, Providence, won 2, lost 6; C. Third Division—Richard Peale, Norwich, won 1, lost 1; Dennison Cowles, Brattleboro, won 6, lost 2; C. S. Hopkins, Norwich, won 5, lost 3,

### HOCKEY.

HO	ike t.
Amateur Hockey League, final standing:  Goals, Games, Club, For, Against, W. L. P.C.  *St. Nicholas. 33 16 6 2 .756  *Boston A. A. 32 23 6 2 .756  Harvard Club. 27 22 4 4 500  Crescent A. C. 24 27 4 4 500  Crescent A. C. 24 27 4 4 500  for championship, best two out of three games.  Play-off:  Club. For, Against, W. L. P.C.  Boston A. A. 13 2 2 1 6  St. Nicholas. 2 3 1 2 .333  OTHER LEAGUE WINNERS AND CITY  Ton Against, W. L. P.C.  Boston A. 13 2 2 1 2 .333  OTHER LEAGUE WINNERS AND CITY  Ton Against, W. L. P.C.  Boston B. For, Against, W. L. P.C.  Boston J. A. 13 2 2 1 2 .333  OTHER LEAGUE WINNERS AND CITY  Ton Dr. Club; Duquesne Garden  Jam, Pittsburgh, won 20 games, lost 3; Cleve-  Jond, O., team, won 20 games, lost 4; tied 1  Against, Less Canadiens, 16 7 104 76  Ottawa 12 11 55 77  Ottawa 19 11 59 79  Warderers 10 12 92 93  Warderers 10 14 90 116  Tonias (P.C. H. A.  Portland, Ore.) Lus (World's Championship)  Les Canadiens (N. A.  Portland, Ore.) 2 15 13  Post Winners of Stanley Cup—1900, Shamrocks  of Montreal; 1901, Victorias of Winniber; 1902  Montreal; 1906, Wanderers; 1907, Wanderers; 1911, Ottawa; 1905, Ottawa; 1904, Ottawa; 1905, Ottawa; 1906, Wanderers; 1907, Wanderers; 1908, Wanderers; 1909, Ottawa; 1910, Wanderers; 1911, Ottawa; 1915, Vancouver; 1916, Les Canadiens,  COLLEGE TEAM SCORES.  Yale, 5; New Haven, 1, Yale, 5; Mass, "Aggies,"	Yale, 0: Harvard, 2. Yale, 5: Williams, 0. Yale, 3: Princeton, 4. Yale, 6: Princeton, 3. Yale, 2: Harvard, 4. Yale, 2: Princeton, 4. *Yale, 0: Princeton, 4. *Yale, 0: Princeton, 4. *Yale, 3: Princeton, 1. *Exhibition games at Pittsburgh. Harvard, 1: Boeton A. A., 3. Harvard, 3: Queens Coll, 4. Harvard, 2: Commell, 0: United, 3: Princeton, 0. Harvard, 4: McGill, 1. Harvard, 2: Princeton, 0. Harvard, 4: McGill, 1. Harvard, 2: Princeton, 0. Harvard, 4: St. Nicholus H. C., 2. Harvard, 4: Yale, 2. United States Military Academy, 4: Stevens. Inst., 1. United States Military Academy, 4: Stevens. Inst., 1. United States Military Academy, 9: Newburgh, A. C., 1. United States Military Academy, 9: Newburgh, A. C., 1. United States Military Academy, 9: Newburgh, A. C., 1. United States Military, 4:
A team of five American athletes, selected by the Amateur Athletic Union, competed through	Name. Events. 1st. 2d. 3d. Loomis 7 5 1 1 1 1 1

the Amateur Athletic Union, competed through-out Scandinavia during the Autumn of 1916, During the contests abroad the team took part in seven meets, entering one or more men in forty-nine events. Without a simple exception the American athletes finished among the first three.

Fred Murray of the Olympic Club of San Francisco took part in thirteen events, including hurdles, sprints, jumps and shot-put, in addi-tion to running on the relay team, and nis record shows that he won three firsts, six seconds and three thirds, Joe Loomis of the Chicago Athletic Association specialized in the sprints and jumps, winning five firsts, one second and one third in seven state.

winning five firsts, one second and one third in seven starte.

Robert Simpson of the Missouri Agricultural College track team competed eleven times in the hurdles, sprints and broad jumps and was first four times, second four times and third three times. Ted Meredith, formerly of the University of Pennsylvania, started in seven middle distance races, winning two, being second in three and finshing third in two.

Andy Ward of the Chicago Athletic Association started four times and wound up with a record of two firsts, one second and one third, The relay team, consisting of Loomis, Murray, Simpson and Ward, won every one of the seven races in which it competed.

The records of the athletes follow:

R. 1. 4.52.
3,965; Springfield, Mass., 5,900, According to the control of the con

Nary Brench Newbort, 536 points: San Francisco, 520; West End Branch, Toronto, 495; Rochester, 493 the boys contest resulted as follows: The boys contest resulted as follows: The boys contest resulted as follows: East Side Branch, New York, 20,277; Central Branch, Toronto, 19,786; Hamilton, O., 19,460. Class B—London, Ontario, 12,805 points; Montgomery, Ala., 14,898; Tulsa, Okla., 11,796; El Paso, 11,662.
Class C—Youngstown, O., 6,536 points; Bataria, N. Y., 6,402; Quebec, 6,323; Laurel, Miss., 6,296.

BASEBALL.

WORLD'S CHAMPIONSHIP SERIES, 1916.

PLAYED between Boston, winner of American League pennant, and Brooklyn, winner of National League pennant. Boston defeated Brooklyn 4 games to 1.

League pennant. Boston defeated Brooklyn 4 games to 1.

RESULTS OF GAMES.

First Game, at Boston, October 7. Boston—6 runs, 8 hits, 1 error. Brooklyn—5 runs, 10 hits, 4 errors. Batteries—Shore, Mays, Cady and Thomas; Marquard, Pfeffer and Meyers.

Second game, at Boston, October 9. Boston—2 runs, 7 hits, 1 error. Brooklyn—1 run, 6 hits, 2 errors. Batteries—Ruth and Thomas, Smith and Miller. 14 linnings.

Third game, at Brooklyn, October 10. Brooklyn—4 runs, 10 hits, 0 errors. Boston—3 runs, 7 bits, 1 error. Batteries—Coombs, Pfeffer and Miller; Mays, Foster and Thomas.

Fourth game, at Brooklyn, October 11. Boston—6 runs, 10 hits, 1 error. Brooklyn—2 runs, 5 hits, 4 errors. Batteries—Leonard and Carrigan; Marquard, Cheney, Rucker and Meyers.

Fitth game, at Boston, October 12. Boston—6 runs, 7 hits, 2 errors. Brooklyn, 1 run, 3 hits, 3 errors, Batteries—Shore and Cady; Pfeffer, Dell and Meyers.

### COMPOSITE SCORE. BOSTON (AMERICAN LEAGUE).

_		BATTING. G. [A,B,] R.   H.   2B,   3B,   H. R,   T,B,   S,O,   B,B,   S,B,   S,H,   Ave														FIELDING.				
PLAYERS.	G.	A.B.	R.	Η.	2B.	3B.	1		3.0.	B.B.	S.B.	S.H.	Ave.	P.O.			Ave.			
Gainer Carrigan Shorten Lewis Hooper Walker Cady Hoblitzel Janyrin	2 5 5 3 2 5	1 3 7 17 21 11 4 17 23	0 0 0 3 6 1 1 3 2	1 2 4 6 7 3 1 4 5	0 0 0 2 1 0 0 1 3	0 0 0 1 1 1 0 1	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1 2 4 10 10 5 1 7	0 1 1 1 1 2 0 0 6	0 0 0 2 3 1 3 6	0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0	0 1 1 4 0 0 0 0	1.000 .667 .571 .353 .333 .273 .250 .235 .217	3 9 8 4 11	0 1 0 1 2 1 1 4 16	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000			
Gardner	3	7	0	1	0	1	ő	3	1	ő	ő	1	.176	10	4	ő	1.926			

Lewis	1 5	17	3	6	2	1 1	1 0	10	1 1	1 2	1 0	4	. 353	9	1 1	(1)	1.000
Hooper	5	21	6	7	1	1	0	10	1	3	1	0	.333	8	2	0 1	1.000
Walker	3	11	1	3	0	l i	0	5	2	1	0	0	.273	4	11	011	1.Cu0
Cady	2	4	1 1	1	0	0	0	1	0	3	0	0.	.250	11	1 1	Û i	1.000
Hoblitzel	5	17	3	4	1	1	0	7	0	6	1 0	0	.235	69	4	01	1.000
Janvrin	5	23	2	5	3	0	0	8	6	0	0	1	.217	. 8	116	2	.923
Gardner	5	17	2	3	0	0	2	9	2	0	0	2	.176	7	18	2	. 926
Thomas	3	7	0	1	0	1	0	3	1	l ó	0	1	.143	10	4	011	1.000
Scott	5	16	1	2	Ō	l i	0	4	1	1	0	2	.125	9	25	2	.944
Mays	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	.000	0	4	0 1	
Foster	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	.000	1	2	0 1	1.000
Ruth	1 1	5	0	1 0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	.000	2	4		1.000
Shore	2	7	0	0	0	Ó	0	0	2	0	0	0	.000	2	6		1.000
Walsh	1	3	0	0	- 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	.000	1	0	011	1.000
Leonard	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	.000	0	1	0 1	1.000
Henriksen	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	.000	0	0		.000
McNally	1	0	1	0	0	Ō	0	0	0	0	0	0	.000	0	01	0	.000
															1-		
Totals	5	164	21	39	7	6	2	64	25	18	1	12	. 238	147	[90]	6	.975

BROOKLYN (NATIONAL LEAGUE).

PLAYERS. BATTING. G. [A,B.] R. [H. [2B.] 3B.[H. R.]T.B.[S.O.[B,B.]S.B.[S.H.] Ave.																	NG.	
PLAYERS.	G,	A.B.	R.	H.	2B.	3B.	H. R.	T.B.	S.O.	B.B.	S.B.	S.H.	Ave.	P.O.	A .	Ē.	Ave.	
Stengel	4	11	2	4	0	0	0	4	1	0	0	1	.364	3	1	1	.800	)
Coombs	1	1 3	0	1	l ö	Q.	Q ·	1	l g	1 0	Q	0	.333	ų į	2	0	1.000	

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G. 1 W. 1 L. 1 I. P. 1 S.O. 1 B. B.H. B.IW. P.I R. 1 H. 1 Pet.													
	G.	W.	L.	I. P.	S. O.	В. В.	H. B.	W. P.	R.	H.	Pet.		
Shore. Ruth Leonard. Coombs. Dell Foster Chency	2 1 1 1 1 1 1	2 1 1 1 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	17 2-3 14 9 6 1-3 1 3	9 4 3 1 0 1 5	4 3 4 1 0 0	1 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 1 0 0 1	6 1 2 3 0 0 2	12 6 5 7 1 3 4	1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 000 .000		
Rucker Pfeffer Smith Mays Marquard	1 3 1 2 2	0 0	1 1 1 2	10 2-3 13 1-3 5 1-3 11	5 2 2 9	0 4 6 3 6	0 0 1 0	0 0 0	0 5 2 4 9	7 7 8 12	.000 .000 .000 .000		

PITCHERS' RECORDS.

Miscellaneous records: Earned runs—Off Foster hone, off Rucker none, off Deli none, off Ruth 1, off Leonard 1, off Cheney 1, off Shore 2, off Smith 2, off Pfeffer 3, off Coombs 3, off Mays 4, off Marquard 7, Passed bails—J. Meyers 2, Cady 1. First base on errors—Boston 6, Brooklyn 5. Left on bases—Boston 31, Brooklyn 32. Double plays—Boston 5, Brooklyn 2

### BASEBALL-Continued.

ATTENDANCE, RECEIPTS, ETC.													
GAMES AND CITY.	Pald Admission.	Receipts.	Players' Share.	Club Owners' Share.	National Commission.								
First, Boston. Second, Boston. Third, Brooklyn. Fourth, Brooklyn. Fifth, Boston.	41,373 21,087 21,662	\$76,489.50 82,626.00 69,762.00 72,840.00 83,873.00	\$41,304.33 44,618.04 37,671.48 39,333.60	\$27,536.22 29,745.36 25,114.36 26,222.40 75,486.70	\$7,648.95 8,262.60 6,976.20 7,284.00 8,387.30								
Totals.			\$162,927.45	\$184,104.04	\$38,559.05								

Eligible players for prize money: Boston, 22; Brooklyn, 25. Each winning player's share, \$3,826.25; each losing player's share, \$2,715.40.

	RECEIPTS AND ATTENDANCE S	INCE 19	905.	
YEAR.	Clubs,	Games.	Attendance.	Receipts.
1905	New York-Athletics	5	91,723	\$68,436.00
	White Sox-Cubs		99,845 78,068	106,550.00 101,728.00
1908	Chicago-Detroit	5	62,223 145,295	94,975.00 188.302.00
1910	Athletics-Chicago	5	125,222	173,980,00
	Athletics-Giants		179,851 252,037	342,364.00 490,833,00
1913	Athletics-Giants. Boston, Nationals-Philadelphia, Americans.	5	150,992 111,009	325,980.00 226,739.00
1915	Boston, Americans-Philadelphia, Nationals	5	143,351	320,361.50
1016	Roston Americans-Brooklyn Nationals	l h	1 162 859 1	385 590 50

	PREVIOUS WO	ORLD'S CHA	MPIONSHIPS.		
YEAR.	Winners.	Games Won.	Losers.	Games	Won.
	Chicago (N. L.)	3	St. Louis (A. A.)	3	tle
1886	St. Louis (A. A.)	4	Chicago (N. L.)	1 2	
1887	Detroit (N. L.)	10 10	St. Louis (A. A.)	4	
1888	New York (N. L.)	6	St. Louis (A. A.)	4	
1889	New York (N. L.)	9	Brooklyn (A. A.)	3	tle
	Boston (N. L.)	5	Cleveland (N. L.)	ň	CIC
1904	New York (N. L.).	4	Baltimore (N. L.)	ň	
1895	Cleveland (N. L.)	- Â	Baltimore (N. L.)	Ĭ	
	Baltimore (N. L.)	4	Cleveland (N. L.)	! 0	1
	Baltimore (N. L.)	4	Boston (N. L.)	1	
	Boston (A. L.)	5 _	Pittsburgh (N. L.)	1 3	
	New York (N. L.)	4	Philadelphia (A. L.)	1	
1906	Chicago (A. L.)	1 4	Chicago (N. L.)	1 2	
1907	Chicago (N. L.)	4	Detroit (A. L.) Detroit (A. L.)	1 9	'
1908	Chicago (N. L.)	1 7	Detroit (A. L.)	[ 2	
1910	Philadelphia (A. L.)	1 1	Chicago (N. L.)	l ĭ	
1011	Philadelphia (A. L.)	4	New York (N. L.)	1 2	
1912		4	INew York (N. L.)	1 3	tle
1913	Philadelphia (A. L.)	4	New York (N. L.)	1 1	
1914	Boston (N. L.)	4	Philadelphia (A. L.)	0	1
1915	Boston (A. L.)	4	Philadelphia (N. L.)	1	
1916	Boston (A. L.)	1 4	Brooklyn (N. L.)	.1 1	

# OTHER POST SEASON SERIES. CHICAGO SERIES (Final). Won. Lost. Per Cent. | Won. Lost. Per Cent. | O 4 .000 ST. LOUIS SERIES (Final). American League. | 4 1 .800 ||National League. | 1 4 .200

				I/	ΊAJ	OR	t I	LE	AGU	E R	E	ECORDS FO	$\mathbf{R}$	18	916.								
	N	ATIO	NAL	LE	LAGU	π.					11			A	MER	1CA	N ]	LBA	GU	Ð.			
Clubs.	Brooklyn.	Philadelphia.	New York.	Chicago.		St. Louis.	Cincinnati.	Games Won.	Games Lost.	Per Cent.		CLUBS.	Boston.	Chicago.	Detroit.	New York.	St. Louis.	Cleveland.	Washington.	Philadelphia.	Games Won.	Games Lost.	Per Cent.
Brooklyn Philadelphia Boston New York Chicago Pittsburgh St. Louis Cincinnati	7	11 9 8 9 9 5	1 13 11 0 10 8 5 9 7 9 5	14 14 12 10 8 13	13 14 17 12 6 13	12 13 15 14 16	_	94 91 89 86 67 65 60	60 62 63 66 86 89 93	.586 .566 .438 .422		Boston Chicago Detroit New York St. Louis Cleveland Washington. Philadelphia	7 11 6	9 12 7 9 10 4	9 11 8 4	10 14 13 12 7	15 13 9 11 12 5	13 11 10 11 13 4	12 14 15 10 9	18 15 17 18 15	89 87 80 79 77 76	77 77	.578 .565 .519
Games lost.	1601	6216	3166	186	1891	931	93			ι.	Ц	Games lost	163	165	167	74	175	177	1771	117			

## Sporting Records-Continued.

### BASEBALL-Continued.

### PENNANT WINNERS-AMERICAN LEAGUE.

YEAR.	Winner.	Won.	Lost.	Per Cent.	Manager.	Clubs.	YEAR.	Winner.	Won	Lost.	Per Cent.	M:
1903 1904 1905 1906 1907	Philadelphia Boston Boston Philadelphia Chicago Detroit Detroit Detroit	91 95 92 93 92 90	47 59 56 58 58 63	.659 .617 .622 .616 .613	Mack Collins Collins Mack Jones Jennings Jennings Jennings	8	1911 1912 1913 1914 1915	Philadelphia Philadelphia Boston Philadelphia Philadelphia Boston Boston	101 105 96 99 101	50 47 57 53 50	$.651 \\ .669$	Mac

### PENNANT WINNERS-NATIONAL LEAGUE.

YEAR.	Winner.	Won.	Per Cent.	Manager.	Clubs.	YEAR.	Winner.	Won.	Lost.	Per Cent.	Mana
1878	Boston	41 1	9 683	II. Wright	6	1898	Boston	102	47	685	Selee.
	Providence	55 2	3 705	G. Wright	8	1899					Hank
	Chicago	67 1	7 798	Anson	8		Brooklyn	82	54	603	Hanlo
	Chicago	5612	8 667	Anson	8	1901	Pittsburgh				Clark
	Chicago			Anson	8	1902	Pittsburgh	103	36	.741	Clarl
	Boston			Morrell	8	1903	Pittsburgh	91	49	.650	Clark
	Providence	84 2	8 .750	Bancroft	8	1904	New York	106	47	,693	McGi
1885	Chicago	87 2	5 .776	Anson	8	1905	New York	105	48	.686	McGr
1886	Chicago			Anson	8		Chicago				
	Detroit			Watkins	8		Chicago				
	New York			Mutrie	8		Chicago				Chanc
	New York			Mutrie	8		Pittsburgh				Clarke
	Brooklyn			McGunnigle.	8	11910	Chicago	104			
1891				Selee	8	1911	New York	99	54	. 647	McGra
	Boston			Selee	12		New York				McGra
	Boston			Selce	12		New York				McGr
	Baltimore	893	91.695	Hanion	12		Boston	94	29	.619	Stalllr
1895				Hanlon	12		Philadelphia		02	.592	Mora
	Baltimore			Hanlon	12	1915	Brooklyn	94	00	.010	Robin
1897	Boston	9313	91.705	Sciec	1141						-

### MINOR LEAGUE RECORDS.

PACIFIC COAST LEAGUE.	Second Season.
PACIFIC COAST LEAGUE.  W. L. P.C. W. I. P.C. L. Angeles 118 80 . 596   SanFrancisco103 103 . 500 Vernon 115 91 . 588   Portland 94 97 . 492 Salt Lake 99 97 . 513   Oakland	W. I. P.C. Tulsa. 27 18 .600 Parls McAlester. 27 18 .600 Fort Smith Denison. 26 20 .565 Muskogee. 2 Okla. City. 25 21 .543 Sherman. 1
W. L. P.C. Louisville	TEXAS LEAGUE.  W. L. P.C.  Waco
Omaba         W. L. P.C.         W. L. P.C.           September         89 58 .605 Des Moines         76 75 .503           Lincoln         84 65 .664 Topeka         71 83 .401           Sloux City         78 71 .523 St. Joseph         67 84 .444           Denver         78 74 .513 Colo. Springs         58 91 .389           International League	INDIANA-IOWA-ILLINOIS LEAGUE.  W. L. P.C. W  Peorla.
Buffalo.         W. L. P.C.         W. L. P.C.           Providence.         76 62 .586   Toronto.         73 66 .525           Providence.         76 62 .551   Richmond.         64 75 .460           Montreal         75 65 .536   Rochester.         60 78 .435           Baltimore.         74 65 .532   Newark.         52 87 .374           EASTERN LEAGUE.	NORTHWESTERN LEAGUE.  W. L. P.C. W Spokane 78 49 .614 Great Falls . 60 Butte 65 60 .520 Seattle . 60
rew Mexico 86 34 717 Worcester 61 60 504 vitland 81 37 886 New Haven 55 65 458 siringfield 70 53 559 Bridgeport 47 78 381 ynn 66 57 537 Hartford 38 79 325	Tacoma
WESTERN ASSOCIATION. First Season.	SOUTHERN LEAGUE.
W. L. P.C. enison 61 29 678 Fort Smith 42 50 .457 cAlester 52 40 .565 Muskogee 43 51 .457 ulsa 52 41 .559 Oklahoma C 39 52 .424 terman 46 46 .500 Parls 34 59 .366	Rirmingham 69 62 .526 Chattanooga 65

### -Sporting Records-Continued.

### BASEBALL-Continued.

INTERSTATE LEAGUE.
First Season.
W. L. P.C.   W. L. P.C.   Ridgway
Second Season.
W. L. P.C. Ridgway. 26 11 .703 Bradford. 18 20 .474 St. Marys. 24 12 .667 Johnsonburg. 8 25 .242 Wellsville 17 18 .486
. North Carolina League.
First Season.
W. L. P.C. Asheville. 33 21 611 Durham. 27 28 491 WinSalem. 30 22 577 Raleigh. 25 27 481 Charlotte 31 22 514 Greensboro. 14 39 .264
Second Season.
W. L. P.C. W. L. P.C. Chariotte. 38 20 655 Greensboro. 31 27 .534 Durham. 34 23 .596 Asheville. 25 32 .439 WinSalem. 32 27 .542 Ralelgh. 13 44 .228
team playing independent schedules. The games won and lost, as reported, follow:
40-lumble 00 10 1 040
Tufts.         22         20         2         910           *Harvard.         25         21         3         35           Syracuse.         22         19         3         865           Lehigh.         18         13         5         724           Navy.         24         16         8         667           Brown.         19         12         7         632           Cornell.         22         13         9         592           Princeton.         22         13         9         592
Cornell
Princeton
*Army 19 10 8 5.56 Lafayette 22 12 10 546 *Fordham 14 7 6 539 *Amherst 17 9 7 530 Georgetypp 22 11 11 550
Yale
*Pennsylvania 22 6 15 .273

### NATIONAL LEAGUE BATTING AVERAGES.

ving are the official batting averages of the first twenty National League players who participated mer in at least fifteen championship games during the season of 1916:

PLAYERS.	G.	AB.	R.	H. 1	T.B.	2B.	3B.	H.R.	S.H	S.B.	Pct.
'alter, New York	34	111	16	39	47	4	2	0	3	10	.351
l. Cincinnati L., Brooklyn, 55; New York, 25	142	542	66	184		29	12	4	9	22	.339
L., Brooklyn, 55; New York, 25	80	218	23	74	93	9	5	0	10	4	.339
Miller, St. Louis	18 127	478	75	151	190	16	1 2	9	22	21	.333
Jake, Brooklyn	152	555	64		237	10	16	0	35 17	10	.316
Rogers, St. Louis	139	495	63	155		18 17	15	46	ii	17	.313
čack, Brooklyn		568	76	177	262	32	13	ğ	- 19	19	
n, Davis, New York	150	587	88	180	250	.18	8	12	16		.30
iomas, St. Louis	119	403	37	118	152	11	10	1	9	21	.29:
John H., Pittshurgh	123	432	45 76	124	160	15	9	1	10	11	.28;
an, H., Chlcago, 107; New York, 40	147	549	76	157	214	29	5	6	13		
, Arthur, New York	133 137	500 448	53 70	143 127	191 197	23 21	588	11	15 15		.28(
George, Philadelphia	147	526	68	148	210	20	12	11 6 5	30	29	.28
Fred, Phlladelphia.	146	508	52	143	190	26	13	) š	13	1 8	.28
filton, Philadelphia	132	509	61	143	183	25	ŏ	1	12	21	.28
Feorge, New York	1.55		105	174	229	24	8	5	9		.27
George, Philadelphia	149	555	82	155	223	30	7	588	12		.27
Charles, Brooklyn	127	462	661	129	196	271	8	۱ 8	15	111	1.27

## BOXING.

# PROFESSIONAL.

LACK of space precludes the recording of bouts other than those between puglists of promi Abbreviations: K. O., knockout; D., draw; R. D., referee's decision; P. V., popular verdict; F., foul.

Abbreviations: K. O., knockout; D., draw; R. D., reft 1916 was marked in pugillsm by several bouts in which large purses, attendance and gate receipts illted them above the usual run of boxing contests. On March 25, Jess Willard, heavyweight champion, and Frank Moran boxed ten rounds at Madison Square Garden in New York City for a purse of \$71,250 offered by Tex Rickard, the promoter of the Johnson-Jeffries battle at Reno, Nev., July 4, 1910. Willard easily won the popular verdict and received \$47,500 as his share of the purse while Moran received \$23,750. The paid and complimentary admissions amounted to 10,140 and the gross gate receipts to \$15,1524. Moran also met Jack Dillon in a ten-round bout at Washington Park, Brooklyn, on June 29, and Dillon was accorded the popular verdict by a majority of the 6,396 Park, Brooklyn, on June 29, and Dinon was accorded the popular verdict by a majority of the 6,396 spectators who paid \$28,521 in admission fees, according to the figures announced by the promoters of the contest. The pugilists' share of the receipts was not made public.

January 1—Ted Lewis vs. Knockout Brennan, D., ten rounds, Buffalo, N. Y. Young Ahearn defeated Al McCoy, P. V., ten rounds, New York City

January 3—Harry Wills defeated Sam Langford, R. D., twenty rounds New Orleans

deteated Al McCoy, F. v., teh rounds, New Ions City.

January 3—Harry Wills defeated Sam Langford, R. D., twenty rounds, New Orleans.

January 4—Matt Wells defeated Charlle White, R. D., Twelve rounds, Boston, Mass.

January 7—Frank Moran K. O. Jim Coffey, ten rounds, New York City.

January 8—Johnny Kilbane K. O. Patsy Cline, two rounds, Philadelphia, Pa.

January 10—Jack Dillon defeated Dan (Porky) Flynn, R. D., eight rounds, Memphls, Tenn.

January 11—Battling Levinsky defeated Tom Cowler, R. D., twelve rounds, Boston, Mass.

January 15—Johnny Kilbane defeated Franks Confirey, P. V., six rounds, Philadelphia, Pa. Leach, Cross defeated Walter Mohr, ten rounds, Brookin, R. C. Sonder, Australia. Leach, N. Y.

January 17—Eddie McAndrews defeated Freddle Welsh, P. V., six rounds, Philadelphia, Pa.

January 18—Mike Gibbons K. O. Young Ahearn one round, St. Faul, Mil.

January 20—George

Welsh, P. V., sen rounds, Philadelphia, Pa.

January 21—Johnny Ertle deleated Jack Sayles, P. V., ten rounds, Brooklyn, N. Y.

January 21—Johnny Dundee defeated Stanley Yokum, R. D. twenty rounds, Lonver, Col January 24—Joe Rivers vs. Ritchie Mitchell, D., twelve rounds, Akron, Ohio.

January 25—Johnny Griffiths vs. Freddle Welsh, D., twelve rounds, Boston, Mass. Charlie Welsh, C. O. Jim Savage, seven rounds, New York City.

January 26—Battling Levinsky defeated Al Relch, R. D., twelve rounds, Boston, Mass. Charlie Welsh, D., twelve rounds, Boston, Mass. Charlie Welsh, D., twelve rounds, Potter Related Dan (Porky) Press Markey Related Dan (Porky) Press Markey Control of Potters Mr.

wemert K. O. Jim Savage, seven rounds, New York City, January 28—Fred Fulton defeated Dan (Porky) Flynn, R. D., twenty rounds, New Orleans. Jim Coffey K. O. Lou Bodie, five rounds, Syracuse, N. Y.

Flynin, R. O. Lou Bodie, five rounds, Syracuse, N. Y.

January 31—Johnny Kilbane defeated Packey Hommey, P. V., six rounds, Philadelphia, Pa.
Fébruary 1—Jack Dillon K. O. Tom Cowler, two rounds, Brooklyn, Wilte defeated Vie Moran, R. D. Tom Cowler, White defeated Vie Moran, R. D. Tom Cowler, Charles Chattanoora, Tean, R. D. Tom Cowler, T. C. Cowley G. C.

Ad Wolgast vs. Francie Burns, D., ten roums, Kanasa City, Mo.
February 9—Johnny Erile defeated Terry Martin, P. V., ten rounds, Brooklyn, N. Y. Soldier Barrfield vs. Ted Lewis, D., ten rounds, Buffalo, N. Y. February 11—Sam Langlord K. O. Harry Wills, ulneteen rounds, New Orleans. Young Brown K. O.

Joe Papke, three rounds, Scheneetady, N. Y. Morris K. O. Arthur Pelky, five rounds, Okla. Andy Cortez defeated Frank Whitne. fifteen rounds, Savannah, Ga. Charlle defeated Harvey Thorpe, P. V., ten rounds, City. Joe Azevedo K. O. Frankie McMan. rounds, New London, Ct. February 12—George Chip K. O. Frankie Neur rounds, Brooklyn, N. Y. George Cl. K. O. Mickey Donnelly, five rounds, Philadel Philade

Fig. February 14—Johnny Ertle defeated Joe T P. V. six rounds, Philadelphia, Pa. Jack IJ. Gefeated Vie Hanson, R. D., eight rounds, Mempl Tenn. Jimmy Wilde K. O. Young Symonds, twe rounds, London, England.

February 15—Jack Britton defeated Ted V-P. V., ten rounds, Brooklyn, N. Y.

February 16—Johnny Kilbane defeated Greeley, P. V., ten rounds, Hot Springs, A February 17—George Chaney vs. Cal. D., ten rounds, Steveland, Ohio. Sam I defeated Sam MeVey, P. V., ten rounds, Ne Glay.

Clty.
February 21—Joe Mandot defeated John Febru Tebruary 21—Joe Mandot defeated Johr dee, R. D., twenty rounds, New Orleans, Burns defeated Eddie Coulon, R. D., eight Memphis, Tenn. Bombardier Wells K. C. Smith, three rounds, London, England. Saylor K. O. Leach Cross, five rounds, Cinc.... Ohio. Benny Leouard K. O. Jimmy Mrrphy, rounds, Philadelphia, Pa. Jimmy Duffy defeated T Lewis, P. V., ten rounds, Bulladio, N. Y. February 22—Young Ahearn defeated Gorth, foul, five rounds, Brooklyn, N. Y. John Ertle vs. Al Shubert, D., twelve rounds, New February 25—Ted Lewis K. O. Harry Tre seven rounds, St. Louis, Mo. Joe Jeanette

Ertle vs. Al Shubert, D., twelve rounds, New P ford, Mass.

February 25—Ted Lewis K. O. Harry Tre seven rounds, St. Louis, Mo. Joe Jeanette Silas Green, six rounds, Montreal, Canada. Chip stopped "K. O." Sweeney, ten rounds, Louis Holling Levinsky K. O. Jack Driscoll, three rounds: Sam Langford defeat Cleve Hawkins, P. V., ten rounds, Sar Langford defeat Cleve Hawkins, P. V., ten rounds, N York City. Benny Leonard defeated Rocky Kans; P. V., ten rounds, Buffalo, N. Y. February 29—Matt Wells vs. Johnny Griffith D., twelve rounds, Edwinds, New Orleans, March 3—Battling Levinsky K. O. Jack Hanlot Lines rounds, New York City. March 3—Battling Levinsky K. O. Jack Hanlot Lines rounds, New York City. March 7—Harry Willia decarde Sam Langford P. V., ten rounds, New York City. Battling Levins Bridgeport, Ct. March 5—Benny Leonard defeated Johnny Du dee, P. V., ten rounds, New York City. March 5—Benny Leonard defeated Johnny Du dee, P. V., ten rounds, New York City. March 10—Jack Dillon defeated Jim Fly P. V., ten rounds, New York City. March 10—Jack Dillon defeated Jim Fly P. V., ten rounds, New York City. March 13—Johnny Griffiths defeated Will, Beecher, R. D., twelve rounds, Columbus, Oblings Columbus, Obl

March 13—Johnny Griffiths defeated Will. Beecher, R. D., twelve rounds, Columbus, Ohi Benny Leonard defeated Sam Robideau, P. V skr rounds, Philadelphia, 1a. Johnny Erile defeated Sub Robideau, P. V, ten rounds, Brooklyn, N. Y.

March 17—Benny Leonard K. O. Shamus O'Br seven rounds, New York City, Mike Gibbo defeated Joff Smith, P. V., teir rounds, St. Par Minn. Fred. Futton K. O. Jim Flynn, two roun Milwaukee, Wis.

Milwaukce, Wis.
March 29—Charlle White defeated Matt W.
F. V., ten rounds, Cincinnati, Ohio. Battling
F. V., ten rounds, Cincinnati, Ohio. Battling
F. V., ten rounds, Cincinnati, Ohio. Battling
Schenestady. N. Y. Johnny Erüle defeated Young
McGovern, F. V., six rounds, Filladelphia, Fa.
March 21—Freddie Weish defeated Fhil Bloom,
P. V., ten rounds, Brooklyn, N. Y. Al McCoy vs
Leo Benz, D., ten rounds, Brooklyn, N. Y.
March 23—Jack Britton defeated Kild Graves
R. D., lifteen rounds, Dayton, Ohio. Al Reich vs,
Dan (Porky) Flynn, ton rounds, New York City,

rch 24—Joe Jeanette K. O. Joe (Kid) Cotton, ounds, Brooklyn, N. Y. Freddie Welsh defeated ie Whitney, five rounds (bout stopped), Johnny ne defeated Harry Donahue, P. V., ten rounds, York City. rch 27—Jimmy Wilde K. O. Sid Smith

rch 27—Jimmy Wilde K. O. Sid Smith, three

« London, England. Harry Reeve defeated

ith, R. D., twenty rounds, London, England.

h 30—Dan (Porky) Flynn defeated Gun
aith, R. D., ten rounds, New York City

ch 31—Sam Langford K. O. Jeff Clarke

ounds, St. Louis, Mo. Ever Hammer defeated

olgast. P. V., ten rounds, Racine, Wis. Benny

ard defeated Freddie Welsh, P. V., ten rounds,

ard defeated Freune Weinert defeated Dan (Porky)

NP Vork City,

ril 4—Charile Weinert defeated Dan (Porky)

NP V., ten rounds, Brooklyn, N. Y.

April 6—Pal Moore defeated Benny McCoy,

V., ten rounds, New York City. Charile White

feated Matt Weils, R. D., fifteen rounds, Kansas

tv. Mo.

No. 17—Johnny O'Leary vs. Jimmy Duffy, D., nds, Buffalo, N. Y. Freddie Welsh defeated Mitchell, P. V., ten rounds, Milwaukee, arl Morris defeated Gunboxt Smith, R. D., nds, Tulsa, Okla. Harry Wills defeated Johnson, P. V., ten rounds, New York City. 8—Sam Langtord vs. Sam McVey, D. uds, Syracuse, N. Y. 11—Kid Willams defeated Battling Lahn, en rounds, Baltimore, Md. 12—Johnny Dundee defeated Phil Bloom, ten rounds, Brocklyn, N. Y. 13—Jim Coffey K. O. Jack Geyer, five nds, New York City. Co. Jack Geyer, five nds, New York City. Andre Anderson, Fround,  Chattanooga, Tenn. Andre Phil Bloom.

April 19-

or round, New York City.
April 19—Ted Lewis defeated Jack Abel, R. D.,
th rounds, Chattanooga, Tenn.
April 20—Benny Leonard defeated Phil Bloom,
V., ten rounds, New York City.
"Il 22—Les Darcy K. O. Lee O'Donnell, seven

s, Sydney, Australla.

1 24—Jack Dillon defeated Ted Lewis, R. D.,
rounds, New Orleans, La. Ever Hammer
feated Freddie Welsh, P. V., ten rounds, Miluukee, Wis. Jimmy Wilde defeated Johnny Rostr, R. D., eleven rounds, London, England,
April 25—Jack Dillon defeated Battling Levinsky,
D., fifteen rounds, Kansas City, Mo. Harry Wills
feated Sam Langford, R. D., elght rounds, St.
uls, Mo. Mike O'Dowd K. O. Joe Eagan, nine
unds, Boston, Mass. Johnny Coulon defeated
hnny Ritchie, P. Vetter rounds, Kenosha, Wis.
April 26—Eawle Work City.
April 28—Fred Fulton defeated Al Relch, nine
ounds (bout stopped), New York City. Ad Wolgast
efeated Joe Flynn, R. D., fifteen rounds, Dcnver,
Jol.
May 1—Benny McCov defeated Pal Moore

May 1—Benny McCoy defeated Pal Moore, Y. V., ten rounds, New York City. Benny Leonard feated Charlle (Kid) Thomas, P. V., six rounds, Pa. uladelphia.

uladelphia, Pa.

May 8—Johnny Kilbane defeated Willie Jack
, four rounds (bout stopped), Philadelphia, Pa.

1ay 9—Johnny Ertle K. O. Bobbie Burns
r rounds, St. Paul, Minn. Young Ahearn deated Al McCoy, P. V., ten rounds, Brooklyn, N. Y.

May 11—Jimmy Anderson K. O. Bobby Moore,
k rounds, New York City.

May 12—Sam Langford K. O. Joe Jeanette,
ven rounds, Syracuse, N. Y.

May 13—Albert Badoud defeated Young LoughP. V., ten rounds, New York City.

May 15—George Chip K. O. Sallor Grande,
rteen rounds, Bridgeport, Ct. Kild Williams
auted Billie Bevan, P. V., ten rounds, Wilkesre, Pa.

re, Pa.

ay 16—Battling Levinsky defeated Gunboat h, P. V., six rounds, Philadelphia, Pa. Johnny Dundee defeated Matt Wells, R., D. twelve rounds Boston, Mass.

May 22—Al McCoy vs. Al Ross, D., twenty ounds, New Haven, Ct. Bandsman Blake defeated Pat O'Keefe, R. D., twenty rounds, London, Eng-

May 23—Jack Dilion defeated Bob Devere, P. V., ten rounds, Buffalo, N. Y.

May 25—Charlie White K. O. Milburn Saylor, one round, Cincinnati, Ohio, Ted Lewis K. O. Eddle Moha, thirteen rounds, Dayton, Ohio, Johnny Kilbane vs. Eddle Wallace, D., ten rounds, Montreal, Canada. Bill Brennan vs. Andre Anderson, D., twelve rounds, Providence, R. 1.

June 3—Les Darcy K. O. Buck Crouse, two rounds,

Sydney Australia.

Sydney Australia.

June 5—Dick Smith defeated Harry Curzon,

B. D., twenty rounds, London, England.

June 7—Gunboat Smith defeated Arthur Pelky,

June 7—Gunboat Smith defeated Tommy Lowe,

R. D., eight rounds, Memphis, Tenn.

June 8—Freddie Welsh defeated Tommy Lowe,

P. V., ten rounds, Washington, D. C.

June 13—Johnny Kilbane defeated

Johnny O'Leary, P. V., ten rounds, Buffelo, N. Y. Frankie

Russell defeated Ad Wolgast, foul, four rounds,

St. Louis, Me.

Russell defeated Ad Wolgast, foul, four rounds, St. Louis, Mo. June 17.—Johnny Ertle defeated Johnny Ritchie, R. D., twelve rounds, St. Louis, Mo. June 23.—Benny Leonard defeated Vic Moran P. V., ten rounds, New York City. June 30.—Battling Levinsky defeated Jim Barry, P. V., ten rounds, New York City. July 4—Jack Dillon, K. O., Jim Flynn, four rounds, Dewey, Okla. Freddie Weish defeated Ad Wolgast, foul, eleven rounds, Denver, Col. Johnny Criffiths, defeated Charlie White, P. V., twelve rounds, Canton, Ohio. Johnny Dundee vs. Ever Hammer, D., ten rounds, East Chicago, Ind. Joe Mandot defeated Jimmy Minor, R. D., eight rounds, Memphis, Tenn.

Memphis, Tenn.

July 10—Gunboat Smith defeated Tom McMahon.

July 10—Gunboat Smith defeated Tom McMahon, P. V., ten rounds, Rochester, N. Y.
July 11—Charlie White defeated Matt Wells, five rounds, stopped, Boston, Mass.
July 12—Kid Williams K. O. Alf. Mansfield, five rounds, Baltimore, Md.
July 13—Battling Levinsky defeated Jack Dillon, P. V., ten rounds, Baltimore, N. Y.
July 18—Joe Thomas defeated Jack White, R. D., fifteen rounds, New Orleans, La.
July 21—Battling Levinsky defeated George Ashe, P. V., ten rounds, Far Rockaway, L. I.
July 26—Jack Britton vs. Johnny Griffiths, D., twelve rounds, Boston, Mass.
Battling Levinsky defeated Tommy Bourke, P. V., twelve rounds, St. Louis, Mo.

Louis, Mo.
July 28—Freddle Welsh defeated Benny Leonard,
P. V., ten rounds, Brooklyn, N. Y.
July 29—Jim Barry K. O. Sailor Carroll, six
rounds, Millord, Ct.
July 30—Harry Stone defeated Clew Edwards,
R. D., twenty rounds, Sydney, Australia.
July 31—Jimmy Wilde K. O. Johnny Hughes, ten
rounds, London, England.
August 3—Ever Hammer defeated
O'Relen eight rounds, E. Boston Mess

August 3—Ever Hammer defeated O'Brien, eight rounds, F. Boston, Mass. George Chaney defeated Packey Hommey, P. V., ten rounds, New York City. George Chaney defeated Packey Hommey, P. V., ten rounds, New York City.

August 5—Les Darcy K. O. Dave Smith, twelve

August 5—Les Darcy K. O. Dave Smith, twelve rounds, Sydney, Australla.
August 15—Johnny Dundee K. O. Johnny O'Leary, nine rounds, Boston, Mass.
August 18—Bennie Leonard defeated Joe Azevedo, P. V., ten rounds, Saratoga Springs, N. Y.
August 22—Eddie Coulon defeated Jack Douglas,
P. V., twelve rounds, St. Louis, Mo.

August 23—Young Ahearn defeated Jack Blackburn, P. V., six rounds, Philadelphia, Pa. Vic. Moran vs. Frankle Mack, D., twelve rounds, Boston, Mass.

August 24—Irish Patsy Cline defcated Leo Johnson, P. V., ten rounds, New York Clty.

August 25—Frankie Callahan defeated Ad Wolgast, P. V., ten rounds, Brooklyn, N. Y.

gast, P. V., ten rounds, Brooklyn, N. Y.
September 4 (Labor Day)—Freddle Welsh defeated Charley White, R. D., twenty rounds, retaining lightweight champlonship, Colorado Springs, Col. Johnny Kilbane K. O. George Chaney, three rounds, retaining featherweight champlonship, Cedar Point, Ohio. Kid Williams defeated Franke Brown, P. V., ten rounds, Baltimore, Md. Ad Wolgast vs. Lee Morrissey, draw, R. D., twenty rounds, Idaho Falls, Idaho. Frankle Russell K. O. Joe Mandot, fourteen rounds, New Orleans, La. Battling Levinsky defeated George (K. O.) Brown, P. V., ten rounds,

#### BOXING-Continued.

East Chicago, Ind. Frankie Whitney defeated Frankie Callahan, R. D., ten rounds, Atlanta, Ga. Benny Kaufman defeated Johnny Erde, P. V., sky rounds, Philadelpha, Pa. Johnny Griffiths defeated Joe Rivers, P. V., twelve rounds, Canton.

September 8-Fred. Fulton defeated Dan (Porky)

obio.

September 8—Fred. Fulton defeated Dan (Porky)
Flynn, P. V., ten rounds, St. Paul, Minn.

September 9—Young Ahearn defeated Jack
Blackburn, P. V., ten rounds, New York City. Les
Darcy defeated Jimmy Clabby, R. D., twenty
rounds, London England.

September 12—Jack Williams defeated K. O.
September 12—Jack Dillon vs. Battling Levinsky.
D. eleht rounds, Kansas City. Mo.
September 12—Jack Dillon vs. Battling Levinsky.
D. eleht rounds, Memphis, Tenn.
September 14—Benny Leonard K. O. Frankle
Conifrey, six rounds, New York City.
September 14—Benny Leonard K. O. Frankle
Conifrey, six rounds, New York City.
September 15—Kid Williams defeated Dick Loadman. P. V., ten rounds, Buffalo, N. Y.
September 13—Gunboat Smith K. O. Cleve
Hawkins, three rounds, Brooklyn, N. Y.
September 23—Gunboat Smith defeated Jim
Coffey, P. V., six rounds, Philadelphia, Pa.
Seotember 26—Gunboat Smith defeated Tom
Cowler, P. V., ten rounds, New York City. Battling
Levinsky defeated Battling Bradley, P. V., twelve
rounds, Columbus, Ohio.
Johnnie O'Leary defeated
Vie Moran, R. D., twelve rounds, Boston, Mass.
September 30—Les Darcy K. O. George Chip,
nine rounds, Sydney, Australia.
October 2—Kild Williams defeated Benny Kaufman, P. V., six rounds, Philadelphia, Pa.
Jack
Britton defeated Jim Coffey, P. V., ten rounds,
Schenectady, N. Y.
October 3—Gunboat Smith defeated Joe Cox,
P. V., ten rounds, Rwey York City.
Battling LevinRounds, Sydney, Australia.

Schemetady, N. Y. October 3—Gunboat Smith defeated Joe Cox, P. V., ten rounds, New York City. Battling Levinsky vs. Gus Christle, D., eight rounds, Memphis,

Tenn.
October 10—Johnny Ertile defeated Joe Lynch,
V., ten rounds, New York City. Matt Erock
K, O. Eddie Campl, two rounds, Minneapolis, Minn.
Battling Levinsky defeated Gunbaat Smith, R. D.,
twelve rounds, Boston, Mass. Jack Dillon K. O.
Sallor Grande, one round, New York City.
October 12—Battling Levinsky defeated Billy
Miske, P. V., ten rounds, New York City.
October 18—Harry Wills K. O. Kid Cotton, five
rounds, New York City.
October 16—Kid Williams defeated Al Shubert.
P.V., six rounds, Philarleiphia, Pa.
October 17—Jack Dillon defeated Tim O'Neill,
P.V., ten rounds, New York City. Jack Britton
defeated Ted Lewis, R. D., twelve rounds, Boston,
Mass.

October 18—Benny Leonard K. O. Ever Hammer, twelve rounds, Kansas City, Mo. Sam Robideau K. O. Jim Coffey, eleven rounds, Providence,

R. I.

October 19—Albert Badoud defeated Johnny Alberts, P. V., ten rounds, Brooklyn, N. Y.
October 23—Jack Dillon defeated Larry Williams, P. V., six rounds, Phillade phia, Pa.
October 24—Battling Levinsky defeated Johnson Dillon, R. D., twelve rounds, Boston, Mass. Ted Lewis defeated Young Denny, R. D., twelve rounds, St. Lewis Mo.

Lewis defeated Young Denny, R. D., twelve rounds, St. Louis, Mo. October 25—Albert Badoud defeated Angle Ratner, P. V., ten rounds, New York City. October 26—Kid Williams defeated Al Shubert, P. V., ten rounds, Baltimore, Md. October 27—Fred Fulton K. O. Andre Anderson, one round, Eau Claire, Wis.

one round, Eau Claire, Wis.
October 30—Billy Miske defeated Battling Levinsky, P. V., ten rounds, Brooklyn, N. Y.
October 31—Tom Cowler defeated Bill Brennan,
P. V., ten rounds, New York City.
November 10—Mike Gibbons defeated Jack Dillon, P. V., ten rounds, St. Paul, Minn. Benny
Leonard defeated Stanley Yoakum, P. V., ten rounds,
New York City. Johnny Ertle defeated Mickey
Byrne, nine rounds, stopped, Cleveland, Ohlo.
November 11—Clew Edwards defeated Hero Me-

November 11—Clew Edwards defeated Hero Mc-Coy, R. D., twenty rounds, Melbourne, Australia. November 15—Johnny Dundee defeated Benny Leonard, P. V., stx rounds, Philadelphia, Pa.

November 16—Marty Cross defeated A Badoud, six rounds, stopped, New York ( Carl Morris defeated Battling Levinsky, R. D., teen rounds, Kansas City, Mo. November 17—Billy Miske defeated Bob Moh P. V., ten rounds, Brooklyn, N. Y.

#### AMATEURS.

AMATEURS.

A. A. U. Championships, held in Boston, Mass. April 3-4. Results: 108-pound class—(semi-finals First bout—Tom Darcy, B. Y. M. C. U. (108½, beat George Etcell, New York (108), in four rounds (Referee's decision.) Second bout—Issy Wiesel Providence (108½), beat Freddle Madden, East Boston (107½), in four rounds. Final—Darcy beat Wiesel in three rounds. Final—Darcy beat Wiesel in three rounds. 115-pound class—(semi-finals); First bout—Tony Vatlan, Brighton (113), beat Joe Gans, Lynn Y. M. C. A. (115½), in three rounds. Second bout—Beat Vogler, New York (114½), beat John Perry, Dorchester (111½ in three rounds. Final—Wolger beat Vatlan, four rounds. 125-pound class.—(semi-finals); First Second bout—George Final—Wolger beat Vatlan, four rounds. 125-pound class.—(semi-finals); First Second bout—Milly Morris, New York (110) beat Charles Miller, bury (122), in three rounds. Final—Morris beat Juhn H. Green, South Boston (133½), in three rounds. Second bout—Tommy Murphy, Kansas City (133½), beat Arnold Schneider, Detroit (133) in three rounds. 145-pound class (semi-finals). First bout—Tounds. Second bout—Tommy Murphy beat Marto if three rounds. 145-pound class (semi-finals). First bout—Eugene Brosseau, Montreal (145½), bea Roy Helton, Kansas City (144½), in three rounds. Second bout—M. Stark, New York (14¼½), bea Paul de Salvo, Quincy (145), in three rounds. 158-pound class—(semi-finals). First bout—Joseph Landrieu (164), beat R. E. Evans, Boston (154), in three rounds. Second bout—M. Stark, New York (14¼½), beat Meta Eddle McCormack, R. M. M. Y. (155), beat Eddle McCormack, R. M. M. M. Y. (155), beat Eddle McCormack, R. M. M. M. (155), beat Geond bout—Charles Schons, Pittsburgh (171½), beat William Sorenson (161), in two rounds (stopped.) Second bout—Charles Schons, Pittsburgh (200), in three rounds. Heavyweight class. Final—Carlo Armstrong (161), beat George Hook, Pittsburgh (200), in three rounds. Metropolitan Association Championships, held by New York A. C., New York City, March 22, 23 and 25. Results of

neavyweight class. Final—Carlo Armstrong (161). beat George Hook, Pittsburgh (200), in three rounds, Metropolitan Association Championships, held by New York A. C., New York City, March 22, 23 and 25. Results of final bouts: 108-pound class—George Etceli, Union Settlement A. C., 'won by default from A. Goldstein, Ninety-second Street Y. M. H. A. 115-pound class—B. Volgar, Educational Alliance, defeated Fabius Zeliner, Trinity Club, four rounds, judge's decision. 125-pound class—William Mortis, East Side House, defeated Fred Hamilton, Union Settlement A. C., three rounds, judge's decision. 135-pound class—W. Smith, Jr., Bronx Church House, defeated J. Sullivan, Union Settlement A. C., three rounds, judge's decision. 135-pound class—John Gaddi, S. Bardondur, Our rounds, Judge's decision. 2018. The Judge's decision. 2018. The Judge's decision of the Judge's decision. 2018. The Judge's decision. 2018. The Judge's decision. 2018. The Judge's decision. 2018. The Judge's decision. 2018. The Judge's decision. 2018. The Judge's decision. 2018. The Judge's decision. 2018. Heavyweight class—John Gaddi, Trinity Club, defeated W. Sorenson, Trinity Club, three rounds, judge's decision.

Club, three rounds, judge's decision.

New York State Championships, held by Clty
A.C., New York City, April 18 and 20. Results of
final bouts; 108-pound class—George Etcell, Union:
Settlement A. C., defeated G. Peterson, Dominican
Lyceum. 115-pound class—Dave Astey, Christ
Church, defeated A. La Rose, unattached. 125-pound
class—John List, Union Settlement A. C., defeated
Victor Allen, Union Settlement A. C., defeated
Victor Allen, Union Settlement A. C. 135-pound class—Walter Kothe, Paulist A. C., defeated M. Baritz,
Union Settlement A. C. 145 pound-class—Mike
Stark, Ninety-second Street Y. M. H. A., defeated
R. Katz, unsttached. 158-pound class—John Gaddi,
St. Bartholomew Club, defeated Edward Stvori, East
Side House. Heavyweight class—John Gaddi, St.

# Sporting Records—Continued.

#### BOXING-Continued.

olomew Club, defeated W. Logeman, Trinity

Vew Jersey State Championships, held by Nanal Turn Verein, Newark, N. J., June 5. Result final bouts: 108-pound class-George Hendler. ron A. C., Newark, defeated Anthony Sole, portus A. C., Newark, 115-pound class—John Ingle, Puritan A. C., Newark, defeated Frank Geiger, National Turn Verein. 125-pound class— Geiger, National Turn Verein. 125-pound class—bert Thoma, National Turn Verein, deteated Louis ban, National Turn Verein, desteated Louis ban, National Turn Verein, 135-pound class—bert Thoma, National Turn Verein, deennis Canning, Puritan A. C., Newark. 145-pound (ass—Emil Franzen, National Turn Verein, deeated William J. Bien, National Turn Verein, 158-pound class—Emil Franzen, National Turn Verein, 158-pound class—Joseph Wolf, Central Institute, 75-pound class—Joseph Wolf, Central Institute,

Irvington, defeated John Palmer, Sportlus A. C.

Irvington, defeated John Palmer, Sportlus A. C., Newark.
Newark.
England A. A. U. Championships held at Boston, Mass., March 21. Winners: 108-pound class—Thomas Darcy, Boston, Mass. 118-pound class—W. Corbett, Somerville, Mass. 125-pound class—Johnny Downes, Boston, Mass. 135-pound class—Johnny Downes, Boston, Mass. 135-pound class—Arthur McDonald, Boston, Mass. 145-pound class—Arthur McDonald, Boston, Mass. 158-pound class—Arthur McDonald, Boston, Mass. 158-pound class—Carlo Armstrong, Boston, Mass.
Harvard University Championships held at Cambridge, Mass., February 25. Winners: Heavy-weight class—O. G. Kigkpatrick, 158- and 175-pound class—A. J. Weatherhead, 145-pound class—E. F. Cahili, 135-pound class—W. Cummings, 125-pound class—L. H. Bevier, 115-pound class—C. W. Heffinger.

#### FOREIGN BOUTS

Three American amateur boxers, John Maioney, St. Rita Catholic Club, Philadelphia, Pa., William ngier, Union Settlement Club, New York City and John Karpenski, Cleveland A. C., Cleveland, Ohio, "sted in a series of amateur tournaments in Scandinavia during March, winning a large majority of

#### PUGILISTIC CHAMPIONS AND RECEIPTS.

All attempts to designate and classify the pugllistic champions and title holders are more or less ribitary because of the fact that few such champions won and defended the championships at the same leight. Among the lighter weight boxers it is not at all unusual for a puglist to be forced from one class to the next higher by growth and increased weight. The following list, dating from 1890, is enerally scepted by critics and boxers as being the correct classification, although holders did not always win title om previous champions:

HEAVYWEIGHTS (over 158 lbs.)—1890-1892, John L. Sullivan; 1892-1897, James J. Corbett; 197-1899, Robert Fitzsimmons; 1899-1906, James J. Jeffries; 1906-1908, Tommy Burns; 1908-1916, Jack binson; 1915-1916, Jess Willard.

MIDDLEWEIGHTS (158 lbs.)—1890-1897, Robert Fitzsimmons; 1897-1907, Tommy Ryan; 1907-908, Stanley Ketchel; 1908, Bill Papke and Stanley Ketchel; 1908-1910, Stanley Ketchel; 1911-1913, laimed by Frank Klaus, Mike Gibbons, Ed McGoorty and Geo. Chip; 1914-1916 AI McCoy

WELTERWEIGHTS (145 lbs.)—1890-1893, no recognized champion; 1894-1896, Tommy Ryan; 896-1897, Kid McCoy; 1898-1906, Bully Smith; 1909, Rube Ferns; 1901. 1904, Joe Walcott; 1904-1908 Dixle Kid; 1908-1912, 1916 Jack Britton.

LIGHTWEIGHTS (133 lbs.)—1890-1894, Jack McAulifie; 1894-1899, Kid Lavigne; 1899-1905. Frank Erne; 1902-1908, Joe Gans; 1908-1910, Battling Nielson; 1910-1911, Ad Wolgast; 1912, Ad Wolgasa and Willie Ritchie; 1913, Willie Ritchie; 1914-1916, Freddie Welsh.

FEATHERWEIGHTS (122 lbs.)—1890-1892, no recognized champion; 1892-1897, George Dixon, 1897, Solly Smith; 1898, Solly Smith and Dave Suilivan; 1898-1906, George Dixon; 1900-1901, Terry McGovern; 1901-1904, Young Corbett; 1904-1908, Tommy Suilivan; 1908-1911, Abe Attell; 1911-1915, Johnny Kilbane.

BANTAMWEIGHTS (116 lbs.)—1890-1892, George Dixon; 1892-1894, no recognized champion: 1894-1898, Jimmy Barry: 1898-1901, no recognized champion; 1901-1903, Harry Forbes; 1903-1905, Fr., 1816, Nell: 1905-1907, no recognized champion; 1907-1913, Johnny Coulon; 1914-1915, Kid Williams; 1916, claimed by Kid Williams and Johnny Ertle.

#### LARGEST GATE RECEIPTS OF BOXING.

DATE.	Winner.	Loser.	Place.	Gate Receipts.
July 4, 1910	Johnson	Jeffrles	Reno, Nev	\$270,755
March 25, 1916	Willard	Moran	New York Clty	151.524
September 3, 1906	Gans	Nelson	Goldfield, Nev	69,715
April 5, 1915	Willard	Johnson	Havana, Cuba	168,000
December 26, 1908	Johnson	Burns	Sydney, Australia	167,500
November 3, 1899	Jeffries	Sharkey	New York City	66,300
August 14, 1903	Jeffries	Corbett	San Francisco, Cal	63,340
September 11, 1915	‡Gibbons	McFarland	New York City	58,069
August 30, 1900	Corbett	McCoy	New York City	56,350
December 20, 1904	Nelson	Brltt	Coima, Cal	48,311
September 7, 1892	Corbett	Sullivan	New Orleans, La	+45,000
March 8, 1893	Fitzsimmons	Hall	New Orlcans, La	40,000
February 22, 1910	Wolgast	Nelson	San Francisco, Cal	37,750
			San Francisco, Cal	
			Sau Francisco, Cal	32,245
July 25, 1902	Jeffries	Fitzslmmons	San Francisco, Cal	31,800
			Carson City, Nev	22,000
November 15, 1901	Jeffries	Ruhlin	San Francisco, Cal	30,800
June 29, 1916	Dillon	Moran	Brooklyn, N. Y	28,521
September 9, 1905	Nelson	Britt	San Francisco, Cal	27.775
October 31, 1904	Britt	Gans	San Francisco, Cal	21,761
August 26, 1904	Jeffrics	Munroe	Son Francisco, Cal	21,760
December 2, 1896	Sharkey	Fitzsimmons	San Francisco, Cal	21,000
March 31, 1903	Corbett	[McGovern	San Francisco, Cal	20,880

<sup>\*</sup>Purse \$25,000 and \$10,000 a side. †Estimate: †Ten-round. no-decision bout.

#### WRESTLING.

PROFESSIONALS.

PROFESSIONALS.

JANUARY 21, 1916. Boston, Mass.—Joe Stecher defeated Cyclone Burns in straight falls, Time 10m. 27s. and 4m. 20s.
January 26, Springfield, Mass.—"Strangler" Ed Lewis defeated Dr. Ben F. Roller in two straight falls.
January 27, New York City—Joe Stecher defeated Mort Henderson in two straight falls.
January 29, New York City—International Tournament November 8 to January 29. Official award and \$5,000 cash prize Graeco-Roman wrestling to Alexander Aberg.
January 31, Louisville, Ky.—Joe Stecher defeated John Perelli in two straight falls. Time 4m. 30s. and 3m. 50s.

Jannary 31, Louisville, Ky.—Joe Stecher defeated John Perelli in two straight falls. Time 4m. 30s. and 3m. 50s. February 1, Boston, Mass.—Youssiffo Hussan defeated Mort Henderson in two straight falls. Time 25m. 8s. and 11m. 25s. February 8, Des Moines, Ia.—Joe Stecher defeated Leo Vannice in two straight falls. Time Im. 20s. and 40s. Joe Stecher defeated Raiph Vita in two straight falls. Time 4m. 10s. and 4m. 35s. February 11, Aitoona, Pa.—Mort Henderson defeated Paul Sampson in two straight falls. February 12, New Haven, Ct.—"Strangler" Ed Lewis defeated Mort Henderson in 27m. 35s. February 12, Council Bluffs, Ia.—Joe Stecher defeated Suffalo Joe Rogers in two straight falls. Time 16m. and 15m. Mass.—Wladeck Zbyszko defeated Buffalo Joe Rogers in two straight falls. Time 16m. and 15m. Mass.—Wladeck Zbyszko defeated Chicago. III.—Joe Stecher defeated Chicago. III.—Joe Stecher defeated Chicago. III.—Joe Stecher defeated Tall Martinson in two straight falls. Time 7m. 50s. and 9m. 15s.
February 28, New York City—"Strangler". Ed Lewis defeated Dick Butler in two straight falls. Time 6m. and 1m. 35s.
March 3, Louisville, Ky.—Wladeck Zbyszko defeated Carl Lemie in two straight falls. Tune 30m. and 15m. March 4, Butte, Mont.—Joe Stecher defeated Carl Lemie in two straight falls. Tune 30m. and 15m. March 4, Butte, Mont.—Joe Stecher defeated Carl Lemie in two straight falls.

m. and 15m. March 4, But

30m. and 15m. Mont.—Joe Steeber defeated Pat Connolly in two straight fails. Time 15m and 6m. 35s. March 28, Kansas City, Mo.—Joe Steeher defeated Dr. Ben F. Rolfer in two straight fails. Time 5m. 34s. and 5m. 35. March 30, Liocoln, Neb.—Joe Steeher defeated Harry Ordeman in two straight fails. Time 15m. 44s. and 6m. 43s. April 4, Duluth, Minn.—Joe Steeher tefcated F. Beele in two straight fails. Time 8m. 31s. April 7, Chicago, Ili.—Joe Steeher defeated Bill Hokuff in two straight fails. Time 8m. 31s. and 3m. 40s.

April 15, Bellefonte, Pa.—Mort Henderson de-feated Joe Godeski in two straight falls. Time

April 15, Belleionte, Ps.—Anor Henderson defeated Joe Godeski in two straight falls. Time 25m. April 28, Baltimore, Md.—Joe Stecher defeated Americus in two straight falls. Time 2m. 15s. and 2m. 35s. and 2m. 35s. and 2m. 35s. and 2m. 45m. April 28, New York City. N. Y.—George Bothner and Jack Millot wrestled no-fall draw. Time 5h. 34m. May 2, New York City. N. Y.—"Strangler" Ed Lewis defeated Mort Henderson in two straight falls. Time 17m. 5s. and 10m. 28s. May 5, Chicago, Ill.—Joe Stecher defeated William Demetral in two straight falls. Time 6m. 42s. and 2m. 58s. May 12, Louisville, Ky.—Joe Stecher defeated Youssiffo Hussan in two straight falls. Time 12m. 16s. and 3m. 37s. May 27, Indianapolis, Ind.—Joe Stecher defeated Chris Sorenson in two straight falls. Time 28m. and 1m. 32s. July 4, Omaha. Neb.—Joe Stecher and "Strangler" Ed Lewis wrestled a no-fall draw. Time 5h. 10m. AMATEURS.

AMATEURS.

AMATEURS.

Amateur Athleite Union Championships, held at Newark, N. J., May 6. Results in final rounds and classes: 108-pound class—George Taylor National Turn Verein, Newark, defeated Max Gans, Morils A. C., Chicago; body and bar hold. Time 7m. 13 3-5s. 115-pound class—Kalmar Borsits, Y. M. C. A., Gary, Ind., defeated Water Strobech, Y. M. C. A., Elizabeth, N. J., referce's decision. Time 16m. 125-pound class—C. Lijehult, Bronx Church House, New York, defeated C. Molinos,

Greek-American A. C., New York; bar and band Nelson hold. Time 6m. 36s. 135-pound class William Hallas, Greek-American A. C., Chic. defeated Louis Gaigle, Greek-American A. C., Chic. defeated Louis Gaigle, Greek-American A. New York; referee's decision. Time 15m. 1 pound class—William Americus, Greek-American A. C., New York, defeated I. Nelson, Norwegi. American A. C., New York, referee's decision Time 15m., extra period of 3 minutes to decide bo 175-pound class—N. G. Pendleton, New York A. defeated A. Hedlund, Finnish Gymnasium, Quin Massir, referee's decision Time 15m. Authority of the Company of

COLLEGE WRESTLING.

January 15, Princeton, N. J.—Princeton 23 points, Columbia 3 points. January 22, Providence, R. I.—Harvard 20 points,

Columbia 3 points.

January 22, Providence, R. I.—Harvard 20 points,
Brown 6 points.
February 12, Princeton, N. J.—Princeton 17
points, Harvard 4 points. New Haven, Ct.—
Yale 29 points, Columbia 4 points. New Haven, Ct.—
Yale 29 points, Columbia 4 points. Boston, Mass—
Massachusetts Tech., 28 points, Springfield Y. M.
C. A. Training Coilege, 2 points. Annapolis, Md.—
Yavy 21 points, Fennsylvania 11 points.
February 18, Philadelphia, Pa.—Pennsylvania
State Coilege 25 points, Princeton 7 points.
February 19, Philadelphia, Pa.—Yale 23 points,
Pennsylvania 9 points, Ithaca, N. Y.—Cornell
21 points, Princeton 3 points. Annapolis, Md.—
Navy 20 points, University of Pittsburgh 18 points.
February 25, Philadelphia, Pa.—Princeton 18
points, Pennsylvania 8 points. Springfield, Mass.—
Harvard 19 points, Springfield Y. M. C. A. Training
Coilege 12 points. Annapolis, Md.—Yale 19 points,
Navy 14 points.
March 10, New York City, N. Y.—Cornell 20
points, Columbia 4 points.
Spoints, Columbia 4 points.
March 11, New Haven, Ct.—Princeton 16 points,
Yale 12 points.

NEW ENGLAND INTERCOLLEGIATE

Yale 12 points.

NEW ENGLAND INTERCOLLEGIATE
WRESTLING LEAGUE
First and championship eet held at Cambridge, Mass.

15-pound class—Loo, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, defeated Fowler of Yale by a decision. 125-pound class—Rritschneider of Springfield Y, M. C. A. College defeated Davison of Harvard by a fall. 135-pound class—Kriche of Yale, defeated Hoffman of Massachusetts Institute of Technology by a decision. 145-pound class—Bentett of Yale defeated Morse of Massachusetts Institute of Technology by a decision. 158-pound class—Potter of Yale defeated Cook of Harvard by a fall. 175-pound class—Adams of Bates defeated Smith of Yale by a fall. Heavyweight—Aldrich of Yale defeated Springfield Y, M. C. A. College by a fall. Team points: Yale 34, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, 11, Springfield Y, M. C. A. College 11, Harvard 9, Bates 8.

INTERCOLLEGIATE CHAMPIONSHIPS.

INTERCOLLEGIATE CHAMPIONSHIPS. Heid at Princeton N. J., March 18. Won by Cornell with 24 points. Princeton second, 14 points. Lehigh third, 12 points: Pennsylvania fourth, 11

#### WRESTLING-Continued.

its: Columbia fifth, 9 points Summarles, 1 bouts: First place—115-pound class—Wiss, necton, was given decision over Nackenske, Cornell, deno over Jones, Princeton, Time 15m, 125-pound sa—Hess, Lehigh, decision over Reynolds, Cornell, e 15m, 15-pound class—Captain Milligan, nssylvanla, decision over Beatty, Princeton, Time n, 150-pound class—Saeger, Cornell, decision or Captain Franz, Princeton, Time fam, 175-pound sa—Kessen, Cornell, thew Turner, Princea, with a ball Nelson and bar lock in 6m, 23s, limited class—Dortas. Pennsylvania, threw wett, Princeton, with a body hold in 20 2-5s, nals, second place—115 pounds—Mackenzie, rnell, decision over Pascarella, Columbia. 125 mds—McCullough Lehign, decision over Louder, "isylvania, in extra period. 135 pounds—Rey-

noids, Cornell, decision over Ohler, Princeton, in extra period. 145 pounds—Beatty Princeton, decision over Post, Cornell, in extra period. 158 pounds—Franz, Princeton, decision over Krulowitz, Columbia. 175 pounds—Turner, Princeton, decision over Statler, Pennsylvania. Unlimited—Snyder, Cornell, secured a fail over Jewett, Princeton. Time 35s. Finals, third place—115 pounds—Kirkoff, Lehigh, given decision over Survay, Pennsylvania. 125 pounds—Sauter, Pennsylvania, decision over Jones, Princeton. 135 pounds—Demuria, Columbia, decision over Ohler, Princeton. 145 pounds—Shaeffer, Lehigh, decision over Post, Cornell. 158 pounds—Levin, Lehigh, given decision over Levin, Pennsylvania, in extra period. 175 pounds—Criggs, Lehigh, given decision over Statler, Pennsylvania. Unlimited—Jewett, Princeton, fall over Caegner, Columbia, in Im. 23s.

'HE golf season of 1916 was made particularly ) cable by the winning of both the National Amateur d Open Championships by Charles G. (Chick) vans, Jr., of Edgewater Club, of Chicago, the rst time the double-championship has ever been on by the same player in one season in the history of American golf. The records of the tournaments

# NATIONAL TOURNAMENTS.

MATIONAL TOURNAMENTS.

United States Open Championship, played at Minikahda Club, Minneapolis Minn. Final round, June 30. Won by Charles G. Evans, Jr., amateur, 286; J. Hutchinson, 288 second: J. M. Barnes, 290, third Previous winners: 1915, at Short Hills, N. J., won by Jerome Travers amateur, 297; second, T. L. McNamara professional, 298; third, R. G. McDonald 300. 1914 at Midlothian, Chicago, Ill., won by W. C. Hagen, score 290; Charles Evans, Jr., 291, second; George Sargent, third, 1913, at Brookline, Mass. won by Francis Ouimet, 72, with Harry Vardon, 77 second, and Edward Ray, 78, third, after a triple tie in final round of 304, 1912, at Burfalo, N. Y. won by Jack McDermott, 294, with Tom McNamara 296, second, and Alex. Smith, and M. J. Birady tied at 299 for third. 1911, at Wheaton, Ill, after a triple tie between J. J. McDermott, M. J. Brady and George O. Simpson at 307. J. J. McDermott won in the playoff, with Brady second and Simpson third. 1910, at Philadelphia, Pa., Alex Smith, 298 1900, at Englewood, N. J. George Sargent, 290 1908, at Myopla, Fred McLeod 322, 1907, at Philadelphia Cricket Club, Alexander Ross. 302. 1906, at Oliventsia, Alex Smith, 295. 1905, at Myopla, W. Anderson, 314, 1904, at Gleny W. Anderson, 307, 1902, at Garden City, L. Auchtronic, 307, 1901, at Myopia, W. Anderson, 331, 1900, at Chicago, M. H. Vardon, 313. 1903, at Baltusrol, W. Anderson, 307, 1902, at Garden City, L. Auchtronic, 307, 1901, at Myopia, W. Anderson, 331, 1900, at Chicago, M. H. Vardon, 313. United States Amateur, played at Merion Club, Philadelphia. Final round, September 9. Charles G. Evans, Jr., Chicago defeated Robert A. Gardner, Chicago, 4 up and 3 to piay, Previous winners: 1915, at Detroit, Mich., Robert A. Gardner, Chicago, defeated John G. Anderson, Mount Vernon, N. Y., 5 up and 4 to play, 1914, at Manchester, Vt., Francis Ouimet defeated Jerome D. Travers defeated W. K., Anderson, 307, 1902, at Gardner, Chicago, defeated John G. Anderson, Mount Vernon, N. Y., 5 up and 4 to play, 1914, at Manchester,

F.

feated Mrs. W. A. Gavin, England, by 3 up and 2 to play. 1914, at Glen Cove, N. Y., Mrs. H. Jackson, Boston, defeated Miss. E. V. Rosenthal, Chicago, up. 1913, played at Wilmington, Del., October 18, Miss G. Ravenscroft, of England, defeated Miss M. Hollins, 2 up. 1912, played at Essex Country Club, Manclester, Mass., Miss M. Curtis defeated Mrs. R. H. Barlow, 3 up and 2 to play. 1911, at West-chester Country, N. Y., Miss M. Curtis, 1910, at Chicago, Ill., Miss Dorothy Campbell, Hamilton, Ont. 1909, at Philadelphia, Miss Dorothy Campbell, Hamilton, Ont. 1909, at Washington, Miss Kate C. Harley. 1907, at Midlothian, Miss Margaret Curtis. 1906, at Brae Burn, Miss Harriet Curtis. 1905, at Morris County, Miss Pauline Mackay. 1904, at Merlon C. C., Miss G. Bishop. 1903, at Wheaton, Miss B. Anthony. 1902-01, at Brookline and Baitusrol, Miss G. Hecker. 1900, at Shinnecook, Miss F. C. Griscom. 1900, at Shinnecock, Miss F. C. Griscom.

#### STATE AND SECTIONAL CHAMPIONSHIPS.

STATE AND SECTIONAL CHAMPIONSHIPS.
Western Championship, played at Del Monte, Cal. Heinrich Scimidt defeated Douglas Grant, 7 and 6. Women's Western Championship, played at Grand Rapids, Micn., Mis. F. C. Letts, Jr., defeated Miss L. Kaiser, 3 and 1. Carolinas Championship, Asheville, N. C., W. Bowden defeated W. M. Faull, 5 and 4. Wisconsin State Championship, at Konosha, E. P. Allis, 3d, defeated R. Cavanaugh, 1 up on forty-second green. Central States Championship, at Toledo, O., W. H. Diddle defeated H. Hubbard, 1 up on thirty-seventh green. Massachusetts State Championship, at Wollaston, J. P. Guilford defeated S. T. Hicks, 10 and 9. Trans-Mississippi Championship, at Wilnaston, J. P. Guilford defeated J. Hubbell, 6 and 5; Vermont State Championship, at Rutland, F. B. Jennings, Jr., defeated W. A. Barber, Jr., 5 and 4. Midle-Atlantic Championship, at Rutland, F. B. Jennings, Jr., defeated W. A. Barber, Jr., 5 and 4. Midle-Atlantic Championship, at Rutland, F. B. Jennings, Jr., defeated T. Hubbell, 6 and 5; Vermont State Championship, at Rutland, F. B. Jennings, Jr., defeated W. A. Barber, Jr., 5 and 4. Midle-Atlantic Championship, at Rutland, F. B. Jennings, Jr., defeated W. A. Barber, Jr., 5 and 4. Midle-Atlantic Championship, at Rutland, F. B. Jennings, Jr., defeated W. A. Barber, Jr., 5; Charles Hoffner, 77. Lesley Cup matches, played at Brooken, Massachusetts defeated Pennsylvania 10 to 5, New York defeated Veterans 9 to 6, Massachusetts defeated New York 9 to 6, Professional Golfers' Association Championship, played at Sivanoy (N. Y.) Club. Jim Barnes defeated Jack Hutchinson, 1 up.

# INTERCOLLEGIATE GOLF.

Played at Oakmont Club, Pittsburgh, Pa. Final round team championship, Princeton defeated Harvard 9 matches to Four Ball Matches, Daudson Herron and Robert Maxwell, Princeton, Ball Matches, Daudson Herron and Robert Maxwell, Princeton, Beat L. M. Lombard and James Wylde, Harvard, 5 and 3D. C. Corkran and Henry Grinnelly, Princeton, beat L. M. Lombard and James Wylde, Harvard, 6 and 5; W. A. Lownle and P. Herron, Princeton, beat James Hubbell and Austin Fiage, Harvard, 1 up. Singles Matches, D. Herron beat Canan, 7 and 6, Corkran beat Hubbell, 2 and 1. Maxwell beat Hutchins, 5 and 3. Lowrle beat Finag, 1 up. Percy Parker, Jr., beat Wylde, 1 up, and G. L. McCormick beat Amory, 5 and 4. Individual Championship, J. W. Hubbell, Harvard, defeated D. C. Corkran, Princeton, 1 up on thirty-sixth green. Played at Oakmont Club, Pittsburgh, Pa.

#### SWIMMING.

A. A. U. Championships—The Amateur Athletic Union championship competitions were held in various parts of the country, one or more events being allotted to each club. The event, date, place, and result follow:

SENIOR NATIONAL INDOOR SWIMMING CHAMPIONSHIPS,

and result follow:

SENIOR NATIONAL INDOOR SWIMMING
CHAMPIONSHIPS,

50-yard swim—Held by Chicago A. A., Chicago,
Ill. April 27, 1916 (20-yard bath); won by Duke
P. Kahanamoku, Hui Nalu, Honolulu; Perry McGillivray, Illinois A. C., Scoond; A. C., Raifhel,
Illinois A. C., third; Walter Ramme, New York
A. C., fourth, Time, 23 4-53; littsburgh Aquatic
Club, Pittsburgh, Pa. April S. 1916 (30-yard
bath); won by Perry McGillivray, Illinois A. C.;
Duke P. Kahanamoku, Hui Nalu, Honolulu, second; Arthur Raithel, Illinois A. C., third; TecCamn, New York A. C., fourth, Time, 56-1-36.
200-yard bresst stroke—Won by Michael a.
200-yard bresst stroke—Won by Michael a.
200-yard swim—Held by New York A. C., fourth,
Camn, New York A. C., fourth, Time, 56-1-36.
200-yard wwim—Held by New York A. C., New
York City, beats were held on April 9 and final
on April 10, 1916 (25-yard bath); final heat, won
by Herbert Volliner, New York A. C., Perry
McGillivray, Jdlinois A. C., Chicago, Second; Ted
Cann, New York A. C., third; J. C. Wheatley,
New York A. C., fourth, Time, 23-3-5s,
Inew werld's record).
Fancy diving frou springboard—Won by Arthur
McAleenan, Jr., New York A. C., with 142-23
points; Frank 11, Mullen, New York A. C., second, with 137-25 points; Ruihertord Lawrence,
New York A. C., third, with 131.8 points,
Plonge for distance—Held by Missouri A. A. at
st. Louis, Mo., April 22, 1916 (25-yard bath);
won by D. V. A. Smith, Illinois A. C., (75 feet),
50-1-52; J. C. Rechnonds, Chieggo University, (75
lect), 53-3-58, second; C. A., Gardi, New York
A. C., buke P. Kahanamoku, Hui Nalu, Honolulu, second; Herman Laubis, Missouri A. A.,
A. (71 feet inis), (05, fourth), Jime, Mr. (1916), 12-3-40.
A. (71 feet inis), (05, fourth), Water York
A. C., Second; New York A. C., 2d team,
New York A. C., second; Scoles, Northwestern
University, third, Time, Im., 56 4-5s,
1-50-yard back stroke—Held by Illinois A. C., (2d team,
New York A. C., second; Scoles, Northwestern
University, third, Time, Im., 56 4-5s,
1-50-yard lelay—Won by Hillino

#### JUNIOR NATIONAL INDOOR SWIMMING CHAMPIONSHIPS.

CHAMPIONSHIPS,

Held by Illinois A. C., Chicago Ill., March 29 and 30, 1916 (20-yard bath), 100-yard swim—Won by Ted Cann, New York A. C.; Clement Browne, Hamilton Club, second; K. Huszagh, Chicago A. A., third. Time, 55 2-5s. 500-yard swim—Won by Clement Browne, Hamilton Club; W. L. Wallen, Hamilton Club, second; L. A. Vitack, Northwestern University, third. Time, 6m, 25 3-5s. 100-yard back stroke—Won by Leo Handy, Brookline Gym, A. A., R. Voiret, Pittsburgh A. A., second; E. N. Ohapman, Chicago A. A., third. Time, 1m, 12 3-5s, 100-yard breast stroke—Won by J. B. Ward, Cincinnati Gymnastic A. C.; E. Vacin, Illinois A. C., second; E. N. Chapman, Chicago A. A., Littd. Time, 1m, 13 1-5s, 13 1-5s, 14 100-yard breast stroke—Won by J. B. Hard, Time, 1m, 13 1-5s, 15 100-yard dying from springboard—Won by W. P. Heyn, Chicago A. A., with 409 points; A. W. Hartung, Illinois A. C., second, E. M., second, with 395 points;

Elmer Bauer, Missouri A. A., third, with 377 points.

SENIOR NATIONAL OUTDOOR SWIMMING CHAMPIONSE PS.

CHAMPIONSHIPS.

CHAMPIONSHIPS.

440-yard swim—Held by New York A. C., at Travers Island, Pelham Manoc, N. Y.. August 5, 1916 (110-yard course); won by Ludy Langer, Los Angeles A. C.; Herbert Vollmer, New York A. C., sccond; Trd Cann, New York A. C., third; Joseph Wbeatley, New York A. C., fourth, Time, 5m, 38 3-55.

High diving—Held by South Shore Country Chub, Chicago, Ill., August 12, 1916; won by Albert E. Downes, New York A. C., 153.6 points; W. P. Heyn, Chicago A. A., 125.8 points, second; Jack Briggs, Chicago A. A., 120 points, third, 250-yard swim—Held by Missouri A. A. 155.

torro, £80-yard swim—Held by Missouri A. A., et Fairground Pool, St. Louis Mo., August 12, 1916 (110-yard course); won by Ludy Langer, Los Angeles A. C., Ted Cann, New York A. C., second; Herbert Vollmer, New York A. C., third; Herman Laubis, Missouri A. A., fourth, Time, 12m, 1-5s.

12m, 1-98.

One-mile swim—Held by Los Angeles A. C. of Los Angeles, Cal., at Ocean Park, California, August 20, 1916 (110-yard course in the sea); won by Ludy Langer, Los Angeles A. C.; Norman Ross, Olympic Club, San Francisco, Cal., second; Elliott Burns, San Diego Rowing Club, third; Obarles Shields, San Diego Rowing Club, fourth, Time, 23m, 22s.

# LONG DISTANCE CHAMPIONSHIP.

10-mile river swim—Held by Missouri A. A., St. Louis, Mo., in Mississippi River, September 4, 1916 (Labor Day); won by Michael McDermott, Illimois A. C.; Herman Laubis, Missouri A. A., second; Clement Browne, Hamilton Club, Onicago, third; F. M. Eaker, Missouri A. A. fourth, Time, 1b, 45m, 23 2-5s.

#### WOMEN'S SENIOR INDOOR S CHAMPIONSHIPS, 1916. SWIMMING

WOMEN'S SENIOR INDOOR SWIMMING THAMPIONSHIPS, 1916.

500-yard swim—Held by National Women's Life Saving League, at West 60th Street Baths, New York City, March 31, 1916 (20-yard bath); won by Miss Claire Galligan, National Women's Life Saving League, New York, Miss Lucy Freeman, National Women's Life Saving League, Streeman, National Women's Life Saving League, Streeman, National Women's Life Saving League, Held, Time, Sm. 52-5s.

50-yard swim—Held, Philadelphia, Tumge-meinde, Philadelphia, Pa., June 3, 1916 (20-yard bath); won by Miss Oiga Dorfner, Philadelphia Tumgemeinde of Philadelphia; Miss Gertrude Artest, Philadelphia Tumgemeinde, Second; Miss Peggy Lynch, Spring Lake, N. J., third; Miss Flizabeth Insinger, Spring Lake, N. J., third; Miss Flizabeth Spring, Spring Lake, N. J., third; Miss Flizabeth Spring, Spring Lake, N. J., third; Miss Flizabeth Spring, Spring Lake, N. J., third; Miss Josephine Bartlett, National Women's Life Saving League of New York; Miss Doordby Burns, Spring Lake, N. J., third; Miss Flizabeth Spring,

#### SWIMMING-Continued.

# WOMEN'S SENIOR OUTDOOR SWIMMING CHAMPIONSHIPS, 1916.

WOMEN'S SENIOR OUTDOOR SWIMMING

440-yard swim—Held by South Shore Country
Club, Chicago, Ill., August 12, 1916 (110-yard
course); won by Miss Claire Galligan, National
Women's Life Saving League of New York; Miss
Thelma S, Darby, Indianapolis, second; Miss
Jacqueline Thomoson, Northwestern University
Summer School, third, Time, 7m, 23, 1-5.
High diving—Held by South Shore Country
Club, Chicago, Ill., August 12, 1916 (110-yand
country), Miss A C, Smith, Winnerka,
Miss Ayelyn Burnett, Sin. Social Center, Chicago,
Miss Ayelyn Burnett, Miss A, C, Smith, Winnerka,
Miss Ayelyn Burnett, Miss A, C, Smith, Winnerka,
Miss Sylvan exim—Held by the Columbia A, C,,
St. Louis, Mo., August 26, 1916 (110-yard
course); won by Miss Thelma Darby, Indianapolis,
Canos, Tub; Miss Ethel Titsworth, Columbia A,
C, St. Louis, Mo., August 26, 1916 (110-yard
course); won by Miss Thelma Darby, Indianapolis,
Canos, Tub; Miss Ethel Titsworth, Columbia A,
C, St. Louis, Second; Miss Grace Stewart, Columnie A, C, S' Louis, third, Time, 16m, 84-5s.
One calie—Held by Rye Beach Club and National Women's Life Saving League, at Rye
Beach, Rye, New York, September 2, 1916 (110yard course); won by Miss Claire A, Galligan,
Sational Women's Life Saving League of New
York; Miss Florence McLoughlin, First Regiment
Evanuming Pool, Philadelphia, second; Miss
Marion Gibsor, Brookline Swimming Club, Boston, third; Miss, Clarabelle Barrett, National
Women's Life Saving League, New York, fourth,
Time, 31m, 19 3-5s.
Long distance swim cloud, 4 miles)—Held by
Western Roving Club of St. Louis, Mo., August
10nd Miss Ethel Titsworth of St. Louis, Mo., August
10nd Miss Ethel Titsworth of St. Louis, Mo., Navy
Miss Ethel Titsworth of St. Louis, Mo., Navy
Metrropolutan Championships.

#### METROPOLITAN CHAMPIONSHIPS.

Indoor—100 yards—Held by New York A. C. January 12, 1916 (25-yard bath); won by H. E. Vollmer, New York A. C., 55 1-5s, (\*cord for this competition); T. H. Cann, New York A. C., 58-35s., second; Philip Herbert, New York A. C.,

220 yards—Held by New York A. C., Feb-mary 16, 1916 (25-yard bath); won by H. E. Vollmer, New York A. C., 2m 24 4-5s, (world's record); T. H. Cann, New York A. C., 2m, 31,25s., second; Jennold Smith, New York A. C.

500 yards—Held by Rutgers College A. A., New Brunswick, N. J., March 15, 1916 (25, Ar.) bath); won by H. E. Vollmer, New York A. C., 6m. 23 3-5s; J. C. Wheatley, New York A. C., 6m. 24 4-5s, second; T. H. Caun, New York A. C., third

6m. 24 3-5s.; J. C. Wheatley, New York A. C. 6m. 24 4-5s., second; T. H. Caum, New York A. C., third, Fancy, diving from 11-foot, springboard—Held by New York A. C., February 16, 1916 (3 judges); won by Arthur McAleenan, Jr., New York A. C., place number 3, 148,35 points; A. E., Downes, New York A. C., place number 7, 135,37 points, second; J. F. Dunn, New York A. C., place number 8, 138,03 points; third, Outdoor—140 yards—Held by Rve Beach Clubett Rve, N. Y., July 22, 1916 (110-yard course); won by H. E. Vollmer, New York A. C., 5m. 52 1-5s., second; J. C. Wheatley, New York A. C., 5m. 55 1-5s., second; J. C. Wheatley, New York A. C., bird, 880 yards—Held by Deal Beach Swimming Club, at Allenhurst, N. J., July 29, 1916 (110-foot course); won by H. E. Vollmer, New York A. C., 12m. 10s. third, G. Wheatley, New York A. C., 12m. 10s. third, G. Wheatley, New York A. C., 12m. 10s. third, G. Wheatley, New York A. C., 12m. 10s. third, G. Wheatley, New York A. C., 12m. New York A. C., 25m. 16 2-5s.; H. E. Vollmer, New York A. C., 25m. 13s., second; J. C. Wheatley, New York A. C., 25m. 33s., second; J. C. Wheatley, New York A. C., 25m. 33s., second; J. C. Wheatley, New York A. C., 25m. 33s., second; J. C. Wheatley, New York A. C., 25m. 33s., second; J. C. Wheatley, New York A. C., 25m. 16 2-5s.; H. E. Vollmer, New York A. C., 25m. 33s., second; J. C. Wheatley, New York A. C., Sept. 12, 1916; won by L. J. Goodwin, New York A. C., Sept. 12, 1916; won by L. J. Goodwin, New York A. C.; J. J. Curren,

New York A. C., second: Charles Kaufman, American Life Saving Society third.
High diving—Held by Rye Beach Club, Rye,
N. Y., September 2, 1916 (3 judges); won by
A. E. Downes, New York A. C., place number
3, 155,02 points; F. N. Mullen, New York A. C.,
place number 6, 126,52 points, second: T. Hirschfield, Central Y. M. C. A., place number 10,
118,76 points, third.

#### JUNIOR CHAMPIONSHIPS.

JUNIOR CHAMPIONSHIPS, 100 yards junior—Held by Playgrounds Association, at Betsey Head Public Bath, September 16, 1916 (50-yard bath); won by Charles Lee, Jr., New York A. C.; Philip Herbert, New York A. C., second; John Zimnoch, New York A. C., shird, Time, Im. 2s. 440 yards, outdoor—Held by Jamaica Bay Yacht Chub, Rockaway Beach, I. I. August 20 1916; won by Lee Giebel, New York A. C., 6m., 27 2-5s.; Charles Lee, Jr., New York A. C., second; C. Kaufman, American Life Saving Society, third.

INTERCOLLEGIATE CHAMPIONSHIPS.

INTERCOLLEGIATE CHAMPIONSHIPS.

Held March 24, 1916, in Columbia University
Bath, New York City
50-yard race—Won by Schlaet, Yale: Nelligan,
Amherst, second; Turner, Wesleyan, third;
Lemcke, Amherst, fourth; Simonton, Pennsylrania, fifth, Time, 25 4-5s,
Fancy dive—Won by Friesell, Princeton; Benjamin, Yale, second; Coons, Pennsylvania, third;
Evans, Pennsylvania, fourth,
220-yard race—Won by Vollmer, Columbia;
Shryock, Pennsylvania, second; Ferguson, Yale,
third; Russell, Pennsylvania, fourth,
Time, 2m,
34 4-5s,
Freslman relay race—Won by Princeton (Lord,
Georgie, Holden, Ills); Yale (Mayer, Jenks,
Pussy, Herrick), second; Columbia (McCabe,
Frankel, Rogers, Herbert), third, Time, 1m, 49s,
100-yard ace—Won by Vollmer, Columbia;
Lee, Columbia, second; Lemcke, Amherst, third;
Shryock Pennsylvania, fourth, Time, 573-5s,
Plunge for distance—Won by Lebman, Pennsylvania, 75 feet, Landstreet, Yale, 71 feet 6
inches, second; Norris, Princeton, 69 feet, fourth,
FFNAL STANDING OF TEAMS.

# FINAL STANDING OF TEAMS. (Dual competitions.) SWIMMING

Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Yale 6	2	.725
Columbia 5	3	.625
Princeton 5	3	.625
Pennsylvania 4 C. C. N. Y 0	8	.000
O. O. N. 1	G	.000
THATED DOLO		

#### WATER POLO,

Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Princeton 7	0	1.000
Pennsylvania 5	2	.714
Yale 4	3	.572
Columbia 1	5	.167
C. C. N. Y 0	0	.000

# LONG DISTANCE SWIMS.

June 23. Norfolk, Va.—Charles Durborow of Philadelphia swam from Cape Charles to Cape Henry, a distance of 18 miles, in 8h, 42m July 30, Boston, Mass.—Charles Toth, Boston, wen a race from Charlestown Bridge to Boston Light in 6h; none of the other competitors fin-

ished.

August '18, Londom, England—Miss Eileen Lee swam 36 1.4 miles in the Thames River from Teddington Lock to Wapping and back to Kew Bridge, aided by the tide, in 10h, 17m,
August 19, Boston, Mass.—Henry Miren, 18 years old bettered all records for the swim from Charlestown Ridge to Boston Light, 4h, 54m, 30s.

The best previous performance was 5h, 15m, 40s,
August 20, Boston, Mass.—Henry F, Sullivan of Lowell was declared the wimner over Charles Toth, in a swimming race between Race Point, Provincetown, and Nantasket Beach. Toth was taken from the water when a shark circled about

#### SWIMMING-Continued.

him after he had covered 17 1-2 miles in a little more than 14h. Superan covered 25 miles. His followers said he was in the water 20h. 27m. September 9, Boron, Mass,—Charles Toth of the L Street Swimming Club won the New England amateur 10-mile swimming championship in 7h. 46m, in the Charles River basin, Twenty-three minutes slower, Walter Dunn, his clubmate, finished second. They were the only survivors of nine

three minutes slower, Walter Dunn, his clubmate, finished second. They were the only survivors of nine.

September 10. Philadelphia, Pa.—Charles E. Durborow swam 36 1-2 miles in the Delaware River, with the tide, in 13h.

September 12. New York City—L. J. Goodwin, New York A. C., the American long distance champion, won the 5-mile metropolitan championship from the Columbia Yacht Club to Spuyten Duyvil, Owing to darkness, the distance covered was more than 5 miles, and Goodwin was in the water about 21-2h.

September 17. Philadelphia, Pa.—Capt, Alfred G. Brown of New York, one of this country's best professional swimmers, swam from Chester to Philadelphia, in the Delaware River, in 5h. 58m. He started from Market St. wharf. Obester, at 12-19 R. M., and finished at Walmut St. wallstance of the started from Market St. wharf. Obester, at 12-19 R. M., and finished at Walmut St. wallstance of the started from Market St. wharf. Obester, at 12-19 R. M., and finished at Walmut St. wallstance of the started from Market St. wharf. Obester, at 12-19 R. M., and finished at Walmut St. wallstance of the started from Market St. whalf is the started from Market St. whalf is the started from Market St. whalf is the started from Market St. whalf is the started from Market St. whalf is the started for the st

#### A. A. U. RECORDS.

American records are recognized over the following distances, if made over a course not less than 66 feet and not more than 220 yards in length: 50 yards, 120 yards, 120 yards, 120 yards, 200 yards, 300 yards, 440 and 500 yards, for swimming on the back; 100 yards and 150 yards, for swimming the breast stroke; 100 and 200 yards, for relay racing club teams of 4 or 5 men, each man to swim 50 and 100 yards; and over the following distances if made over a course not less than 220 feet and not more than 220 yards in length: 880 yards, 1,000 yards and one mile. For plunging, one minute time limit. In addition to distances mentioned above, all records over distances in made records yards in length: 880 yards, 1,000 yards and one mile. For plunging, one minute time limit, In addition to distances mentioned above, all records over distances in metres, if made under record conditions of the International Swimming Federation, are acknowledged as American records. Figures in parentheses indicate length of course in yards unless stated otherwise, 50 yards, bath (100 feet), 1 turn, 23 2-5s., Duke P. Kahanamoku, San Francisco, Cal., August 6, 1912; 50 yards, open tidal salt water, straightaway, 23s., Duke P. Kahanamoku, Honolulu Bay, Honolulu H. T., June 11, 1915 (swimmer was not aided by the tide); 100 yards, bath (75 yards, salt water), 1 turn, 54 2-5s., Duke P. Kahanamoku, Honolulu, Sutro Baths, San Francisco, Cal., July 17, 1915; bath (20), 4 turns, 54e, Perry McGilhiyay, Chicago, Ill., February 3, 1916; open tidal salt water, straightaway, 53 1-5s., Duke P. Kahanamoku, Hui Nau, Honolulu, Honolulu Bay, H. T., June 11, 1915 (swimmer was not aided by the tide); 120 yards, bath (25), 4 turns, 1m, 10e. C. M. Daniels, New York City, December 9, 1908; bath (20), 5 turns, 1m, 82-5s., Penry McGillivray, Illinois A. C., Illinois A. C., Bath, Colicago, Ill., January 8, 1914; 150 yards, bath (26), 5 turns, 1m, 29 4-5s., H. E., Vollmer, New York City, January 10, 1916; 200 yards, bath (26), 2 turns, 2m, 72-5s., H. J. Hebner, Illinois A. C., Bath, Chicago, Ill., January 8, 1914; 150 yards, bath (27), 2 turns, 6alt water), 2 2-5s., H. J. Hebner, Illinois A. C., Bath, Chicago, Ill., January 8, 1914; bath (25), 4 turns, 2 2-5s., H. J. Hebner, Illinois A. C., Bath, Chicago, Ill., January 8, 1914; bath (25), 4 turns, 2 2-5s., H. J. Hebner, Illinois A. C., Bath, Chicago, Ill., January 8, 1914; bath (27), 2 turns, 6alt water), 2 turns, 2 2-5s., L. J. Hebner, Illinois A. C., Bath, Chicago, Ill., January 8, 1914; bath (27), 2 turns, 2 2-5s., H. J. Hebner, Illinois A. C., Bath, Chicago, Ill., January 8, 2 2-5s., Duke P. Kahamanoku, Honolulu, Sutro Baths, San Francisco, Cal., July 16, 1915; open

# SWIMMING-Continued.

LADIES' RECORDS.

50 yards, bath (20), 2 turns, 30 1-5s, 0 lga
Dorfrer, Philadelphia, Pa., June 3, 1916; 50
yards, open water, straight-way, 30 3-5s, 0 lga
Dorfrer, Lafsvette, Pa., September 11, 1915;
100 yards, bath (75), 1 turn, 1m, 8 4-5s, 0 lga
Dorfrer, Satro Baths, San Francisco, Cal., July
4, 1916; 100 yards, open fresh water (100), 1m,
9 3-5s, 0 lga Dorfner, Lafsvette, Pa., September
11, 1915; 220 yards, bath (20), 10 turns, 3m,
5 1-5s, 0 lga Dorfner, Y, W, C, A, Bath, Philadelphia, Pa, March 4, 1916; 220 yards, open
water (110), 1 turn, 3m, 15 2-5s, 0 lga Dorfner, Lafsvette, Pa., September 11, 1915; 300 yards, bath
(20), 14 turns, 4m, 44s, Claire Galligan, New York City, March 31, 1916; 400 yards, bath (20), 21 turns, 7m, 6 3-5s, Claire Galligan, New York City, March 31, 1916; 500 yards, bath (20), 24 turns, 5m, 5 2-5s, Claire Galligan, New York City, March 31, 1916; 500 yards, bath (20), 24 turns, 31m, 10 3-5s, Claire Galligan, New York City, March 31, 1916; 1 mile, open salt water (110), 15 turns, 31m, 10 3-5s, Claire Galligan, New York
City, March 31, 1916; 1 mile, open salt water (110), 15 turns, 31m, 10 3-5s, Claire Galligan
New York City, March 31, 1916; 1 mile, open salt water (110), 15 turns, 31m, 10 3-5s, Claire Galligan
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New York City, March 31, 1916; 1 mile, open salt water (110), 15 turns, 31m, 10 3-5s, Claire Galligan, New York
City, March 31, 1916; 1 mile, open salt water (110), 15 turns, 31m, 10 3-5s, Claire Galligan, New York
City, March 31, 1916; 1 mile, open salt water (110), 15 turns, 31m, 10 3-5s, Claire Galligan, New York
City, March 31, 1916; 1 mile, open salt water (110), 15 turns,

NOTEWORTHY PERFORMANCES.

dependent Turn Verein Bath, Indianapolis, Ind., May 31, 1916.

NOTEWORTHY PERFORMANCES.

The A. A. U. Record Committee is authorized to examine any performance if made under other than record conditions, and if in the opinion of the Record Committee such performance is worthy of being recorded it, will be noted under "Noteworthy Performances," 40 yards, bath (20 yards), 1 turn, 18 1-5a. Perry McGillivray, Chicago, Ill., February 3, 1916; 60 yards, bath (20), 2 turns, 30s., C. M. Daniels, Pittsburgh, Pa., December 19, 1907; 75 yards, bath (100 feet), 2 turns, 37 2-5s., Duke P. Kahawamoku, San Francisco, Cal., August 6, 1913; 80 yards, bath (20), 3 turns, 41 3-5s. Perry McGillivray, Chicago, Ill., February 3, 1916; 110 yards, bath (20), 5 turns, Im. 2 3-5s., H. J. Hebner, Illinois A. C. Jillinois A. C. Bath, Chicago, Ill., Pril 2, 1914; 250 yards, bath (25), 9 turns, 2m. 56 1-5s., H. E. Vollmer, New York City, July 18, 1916; bath (20), 12 turns, 2m. 56 1-5s., Perry McGillivray, Illinois A. C. Bath, Chicago, Ill., Pitteriary 4, 1915; 320 yards, bath (20), 16 turns, 5m. 55 1-5s., H. J. Hebner, Illinois A. C. Bath, Chicago, Ill., Pitteriary 4, 1915; 320 yards, bath (20), 16 turns, 5m. 56 1-5s., H. J. Hebner, Illinois A. C. Bath, Chicago, Ill., Pitteriary 4, 1915; 4 ceross tida, Witteress Island, September 1, 1913; 4 ceross tida, Witteress Island, September 1, 1914; 50 yards, bath (20), 27 turns, 4m. 155. 4 turns, 4m. 156. 156; 40 yards, bath (25), 15 turns, 4m. 157. 5 turns, 4m. 158. 5 turns, 5m. 55 turns, 5m. 55 turns, 5m. 55 turns, 4m. 158. 5 turns, 5m. 55 turns, 4m. 158. 5 turns, 5m. 55 turns, 5m. 55 turns, 5m. 55 turns, 5m. 50 turns, 4m. 158. 5 turns, 5m. 50 turns, 5m. 50 turns, 5m. 50 turns, 5m. 50 turns, 5m. 50 turns, 5m. 50 turns, 5m. 50 turns, 5m. 50 turns, 5m. 50 turns, 5

City, February 23, 1907; open still salt water (80). 9 turns, 11m, 8 4.5s., J. C. Wheatley, Coney Island, N. Y. September 2, 1915; 880 yards, bath (20), 43 turns, 11m, 14 1.5s. H. J. Hebner, Jilinois A. C. Bath, Chicago, Ill., February 4, 1915; 900 yards, bath (25), 35 turns, 12m, 3s., C. M. Daniels, New York, February 23, 1907; 1,000 yards, bath (20), 49 turns, 13m, 19 2.5s., Clement Browne, Chicago, Ill., January 13, 1916; 1,100 yards, bath (20), 54 turns, 14m, 43s., C. M. Daniels, New York City, February 25, 1907; open salt water (110), 9 turns, 15m, 20 2.5s., Ludy Langer, Los Angeles, San Francisco, Cal., July 23, 1915; 1,200 yards, bath (20), 59 turns, 16m, 5s., Clement Browne, Chicago, Ill., January, 1916; open still salt water (80), 14 turns, 17m, 2 2.5s., J. C. Wheatley, Coney Island, N. Y., September 2, 1915; 1,320 yards, bath (20), 65 turns, 17m, 45 4.5s., C. M. Daniels, New York City, February 25, 1907; open sal water (110), 11 turns, 18m, 33 1.5s., Ludy Langer, Los Angeles, Sam Francisco, Cal., July 23, 1915; 1 mile, bath (20), 87 turns, 23m, 40 3.5s., C. M. Daniels, New York February 25, 1907;

Luciy Langer, Los Angeles, San Francisco, Cal., July 23, 1915; 1 mile, bath (20), 87 turns, 23m, 40 3-5s., C. M. Daniels, New York, February 25, 1907.

Swimming on the back—40 yards, bath (25), 1 turn, 23 1-5s., H. J. Hebner, Illinois A. C. Bath, Chicago, Ill., February 23, 1911; 60 yards, bath (25), 2 turns, 40s., H. J. Hebner, Orysal Bath, Chicago, Ill., March 6, 1913; 75 yards, bath (25), 2 turns, 40s., H. J. Hebner, Crysal Bath, Clotics, Mo., Abril 1, 1911.

St. Louis, Mo., Abril 1, 1911.

Miscellaneous events—Relay cacing, 300 yards, 6 men, 30 yards each, bath (25) with the control of the contr

#### AMERICAN INTERCOLLEGIATE RECORDS.

AMERICAN INTERCOLLEGIATE RECORDS,

40 yards, bath (20), 19s., W. C. Darle, Chicago University, at Annapolis, February 21, 1916; 50 yards, bath (25), 251-5s., S. E. Hoodlev, Yale, at New Haven, December 11, 1914; 100 yards, bath (25), 662-5s., Herbert Vollmer, Columbia at New York, February 18, 1916-220 yards, bath (100 feet), 2m, 31s., Ebem Cross Princeton, at Princeton, February 20, 1914; 440 yards, bath (100 feet), 2m, 31s., Simerson, Northwestern, at Evanston, Ill., March 17, 1916. Relay racing—160 yards, bath (20), 1m, 20s., Northwestern, at Evanston, Ill., March 17, 1916. Relay racing—160 yards, bath (20), 1m, 20s., Thickedon, at Annapolis, February 21, 1916; 200 yards, bath (25), 1m, 44 2-5s., Frinceton (Seby, Lester, Delacy, Burchenal), at Princeton, March 1, 1916; 860 feet, bath (100 feet), 2m, 30s., Yale (Maver, Summers, Marr, Roberts), at Princeton, February 27, 1914; 400 yards, bath (20), 4m, 12-5s., Yale (Maver, Rosener, Schlaet, Ferguson), at Chicago, April 23, 1916, Back stroke—150 yards, bath (20), 1m, 50-2-5s., C. B. Paylicek, Chicago University at Chicago, February 22, 1916. Breast stroke—200 wards, bath (20), 4m, 45-2-5s., Herbert, Taylor, Wisconein University, at Madison, Wis., March, 1915. Plunae—for distance—One minute time limit, 78 feet, Carl G. Lehnan, Pennsylvania, at Philadelphia, February 2, 1916, for speed—bath (60), 184-5s., J. C. Redmond, Chicago University, at Chicago, February 26, 1916.

### WORLD'S SWIMMING RECORDS

March   Marc		WC	ה פטוואנ	WIMMING RECORD	Ja.			
Made in Baths   Made in Open water   Made in Baths   Made in Baths		A	MATEUR RI	CORDS.		PROFESSIONAL RE	CORDS.	
March   Marc	DISTANCE.	Made in Bath.		Made in Open W	ater.			
50 yards. D. P. Kahanamoku (A.) 23 2-5 D. P. Kah'oku (A.) 23 120 yards. P. McGillivray (A.) 54 D. P. Kah'oku (A.) 53 1-5 A. Wickham (Aus) 1.00 4 D. P. Kah'oku (A.) 53 1-5 A. Wickham (Aus) 1.00 4 D. P. Kah'oku (A.) 53 1-5 A. Wickham (Aus) 1.00 4 D. P. Kah'oku (A.) 52 150 yards. P. McGillivray (A.) 120 4-5 120 yards. H. J. Hebner (A.) 120 2-5 200 yards. H. J. Hebner (A.) 120 2-5 220 yards. H. J. Hebner (A.) 122 1		Holder.	Time.	Holder.	Tlme.	Holder.	Time.	
1,000 yards     B. Kleran (Aus.)     12.52 2-5     L. Langer (A.)     13.07 2-5     D. Billington (E.)     13.26       1,320 yards     C. M. Daniels (A.)     117.45 4-5     W. Longworth (Aus.)     17.42     *D. Billington (E.)     17.36 2-5       1 mile     B. Kieron (Aus.)     23.16 4-5     G. R. Hodgson (C.)     23.3442     *D. Billington (E.)     24.11 1-       2 miles     Geo. Read (Aus.)     54.54     W. Longworth (Aus.)     51.32	100 yards. 100 metres 120 yards. 150 yards. 200 yards. 200 wetres 200 yards. 300 yards. 400 metres 440 yards. 5500 metres 500 yards. 830 yards. 1,000 yards. 1,320 yards. 1 mile.	P. McGillivray (A.) C. Bretting (G.) P. McGillivray (A.) H. E. Vollmer (A.) H. J. Hebner (A.) H. J. Hebner (A.) O. McGillivray (A.) J. G. Hatfield (E.) B. Kleran (Aus.) H. E. Voltmer (A.) J. G. Hatfield (E.) B. Kleran (Aus.) B. Kleran (Aus.) C. M. Daniels (A.)	23 2-5 54 1.02 1-5 †1.08 2-5 †1.09 4-5 †2.07 2-5 2.23 2-5 †2.21 3.26 1-5 5.21 3-5 6.51 3-5 6.62 4-5 11.11 3-5 †17.45 4-5 23.16 4-5	D. P. Kah'oku (A.) D. P. Kah oku (A.) C. Healy (Aus.) D. P. Kah'oku (A.) H. Cunha (A.) B. Kleran (Aus.) G. R. Hodeson (C.) L. Langer (A.) H. Taylor (E.) L. Langer (A.) W. Longworth (Aus.) G. R. Hodeson (C.).	23 53 1-5 1.01 3-5 1.34 2.29 3.31 4-5 5.24 2-5 5.22 1-5 6.11 2-5 11.25 2-5 13.07 2-5 17.42 23.34 ½	A. Wickham (Aus) J. Nuttall (E.) D. Billington (E.) D. Billington (E.) D. Billington (E.) D. Billington (E.) D. Billington (E.) D. Billington (E.) D. Billington (E.) P. Billington (E.) *D. Billington (E.) *D. Billington (E.) *D. Billington (E.) *D. Billington (E.)	1.00 4-5 1.18 2-5 1.39 2.18 1-5 2.34 4-5 3.32 5.26 6.18 11.37 13.26 17.36 2-5 24.11 1-5	

#### RECORDS OF WOMEN.

		M. S.			M. B.
100 yards	Fanny Durack (Aus.)	1.06	300 metres Fan	y Durack (Aus.)	4.43
180 metres	Fanny Durack (Aus.)	1.17	440 vards Fant	y Durack (Aus.)	6.03 2-5
		2.53	880 vards Fant	V Durack (Aug.)	12.52
		4.12	l mile Fant	v Durack (Aus)	26.08
220 yards	Fanny Durack (Aus.) Fanny Durack (Aus.)	2.53	880 yards Fant	y Durack (Aus.) y Durack (Aus.)	12 52

Swimming on the back—100 yards, H. J. Hebner (A.) and Russell Dean (A.), 1m. 8 2-5s.; L. Jones, 58s.) Swimming in English 150 yards. H. J. Hebner (A.), †1m. 49 3-5s.; breast stroke, 200 yards, M. McDermott (A.), †2m. 28 2-5s.; plunge for distance (1m. time limit), W. Russes, an Englishman living in 28 2-5s.; plunge for distance (1m. time limit), W. Russes, an Englishman living in 28 2-5s.; plunge for distance (1m. time limit), W. Russes, an Englishman living in 19 paris, September 5-6, 1911, South Foreland, English (E.), S2 feet 7 inches; under water swimming. E. P. Swatek (A.), 164 yards, 2 feet; relay racing, 5 men. 500 yards, Illinois A. C., Chicago (A.), †4m. 40 3-5s., Illinois A. C., Chicago (A.), 14m. 40 3-5s., Illinois A. C.

#### MOTOR BOAT RACING.

National Power Boat Association championship Gold Cup races, held at Detroit, Mich., Sept. 2-5, Results: First heat, Gold Cup races, 30 miles:

Elansed Boat and Club. time.

Miss Minneapolis, M. P. B. A. 44, 41
Peter Pan VII. C. Y. C. 44, 55
Miss Detroit, D. P. B. A. 47, 28
Hawkeye, Lake George M. B. C. 47, 33
Baby Marold, D. B. C. 52, 14
Miss Hamtramek, Del Rey B. C. Detroit.

Only 10 April 10 Second heat, Gold Cup races, 30 miles:

Elaused Boat and Club. time.

Miss Minneapolis. M. P. B. A. 41.46
Miss Detroit. D. P. B. A. 41.59
Peter Pan VII. C. Y. C. 42.11
Hawkeye, Lake George M. B. C. 46.24
Baby Marold, D. B. C. Did not finish

Peter Pan VII. C. Y. C. Did not times
Time and points for 90 miles:
Miss Minneapolis 2.07.48 20
Miss Detroit 2.10.43 18
Hawkeye 2.23.20 13
Peter Pan VII. 11
\*Did not finish.
Lake George Cup race emblematic national timile championshin. Detroit, Mich. Sept. 6. Re-

Best

Boat and Club. \*Average, Miss Minneapolis, M. P. B. A. . . 53.11 Miss Detroit, D. P. B. A. . . . . 45.45 \*Miks per hour. Time. 1.04.6 1.16.6 Miss Minneapolis's average speed in six 1-mile trials was 53.1 nautical or 61.08 statute miles an hour, and her fastest nautical mile was 1 minute ±6 seconds, which she made in her first mile, running with the current.

Miss Detroit averaged 45.45 nautical or 52.27 statute miles an hour, and her fastest nautical mile was 1 minute 16.6 seconds, made with the current in her third mile.

Previous winners of Gold Cup, owner and average speed:

\*1904—Standard C. C. Riotte. 23.6 \*1904—Vingt-et-Un II. W. Sharpe Kilmer. 25.3 †1905—Chip II. J. Wainwright. 16.9 †1906—Chip II. J. Wainwright. 20.6 †1907—Chip II. J. Wainwright. 20.8 1903—Dixie II. E. J. Schroeder. 30.0 1909—Dixie II. E. J. Schroeder. 32.9 1904—Dixie III. E. K. Burnhen. 32.6 1910—Dixie III. F. K. Burnham 33.6 1911—Mat II. J. H. Hayden 86.1 1912—P. D. Q. II. Alfred G. Miles 36.8 1913—Ankle Deep. Count Mankowski 44.5 1914—Baby Speed De-mon II....Paula Blackton... 50.49

1915-Miss Detroit...M. D. P. B. A... 48.49 \*Two races were run in 1904 when Riotte waived the conditions of the deed of gift.

+Handicap events.

New York to Albany and return race, 235 miles, July 1-2—Won by Eydll, owned by A. Barrett, Colonial Y. C.: elapsed time, 38h, 10m.

New York to Block Island race, 116 miles, June 25—Won by Countess, owned by W. H. Hand, Jr.: elapsed time 4h, 12m, 20s.

### RIFLE SHOOTING.

RIFLE SH.

National matches were held at the State Camp, near Jacksonville, Fla., during October. The winners of these matches were: National Individual Match, 929 entries, W. H. Spencer, St. Louis, Missouri Civilian Team, score 274. National Team Match, 55 teams—Winners: Class A, National Trophy, U. S. Marine Corps, score 3,047; Class B, Hilton Trophy, New York National Guard, score 3,037; Class C, Soldier of Marathon Trophy, California Civilian Team, score 2,964; Class D, trophy to be provided, Military College of South Carolina, score 2,839. United Service Match, winner, U. S. Marine Corps, score 4,320. National Pistol Match, 517 entries, winner George E. Cook, District of Columbia Civilian Team, score 399.
National matches held under the auspices of the National Rifle Association—Inter-Club Military Match, shot in July, 25 teams competing, the Rocky Mountain Rifle Club of Butte, Mout., winnling, score 2,373.

score 2,373.

score 2,373.
Inter-Military School Match, indoor, 20 clubs competing—St. John's Military Academy, Delafield, Wis., won Class A, score 8,851; Wentworth Military Academy, Lexington, Mo., won Class B, score 8,489.
Intercollegiate match, outdoor, 17 teams competing—Wuner, Norwich University, Northfield,

Vt., score 841. VL, score 941. Inter-Public High School Match, indoor, 34 teams competing—Winners, Class A, Placer County High School, California, score 10,632. Class B, Erasmus Hall High School, New York, score 10,111; Class C, Central High School, District of Columbia,

National Rifle Association matches held at Jack-National Riffe Association matches held at Jacksonville, Fla., during October: President's Match—Winnier, Capt. W. G. Fay, U. S. M. C., score 290. Wimbledon Cup Match—Winner, Sergt. John J. Andrews, U. S. M. C., score 99. Rapid Fire Match—Winner, Color-Sergt. Foster Houck, 3d 1ud. Inflantry, score 94. Members Match—Winner, G. W. Chesley, Quinnipiae Rifle Club, New Haven, Ct., score 50. D. C.

Marine Corps Match—Winner, Capt. D. A. Preuss-ner, Iowa Infantry, score 196. Leech Cup Match— Winner, W. H. Richards, Quinniplac Riffe Club, New Haven, Ct., score 104. Grand Aggregate Match— Winner, Geo. W. Chesley, New Haven, Ct., score

Company Team Match-Winner, Co. F, 1st Ohio

Infantry, score 361.
Pistol Team Match—Winner, Mound City Rifle
Club, St. Louis, Mo., score 1,760.
Enlisted Men's Team Match—Winner, 4th U. S.

Emisted Men's Team Match—Winner, 4th U. S. M. C. Team, soore 557.
Regimental Team Match—Winner, 1st Team, 1st Iowa Infantry, score 808.
Civilian Rifle Club Match—Winner, 1st Team Mound City Rifle Club, St. Louis, Mo., score 702.
Individual Pistol Match, N. R. A.—Winner, 1st Lleut, Jerry B. Garland, 3d Ind. Inf., score 387.
Interscholastic Team Championship (Indoor)—For the Astor Cup—Won by Iowa City High School, score 993.

For the Astor Cup—Won by Iowa City High School, score 993.
Indoor Interclub League Match—Winners, Class A, Peters Rifle and Revolver Club, Kings Mills, Ohlo, score 10,911; Class B, Ogden, Utah, Rifle Club, score 10,833; Class C, St. Paul, Minn., Rifle Club, score 10,800; Class D, Quinnijnac Rifle Club, New Haven, Ct., score 10,817; Class E, Pierre, S. D., Rifle Club, score 10,561; Class F, Taunton, Mass., Indoor Rifle Club, score 10,562.
Outdoor Small Bore Interclub Match—Winner, Peters Rifle and Revolver Club, Kings Mills, Ohlo, score 9,610.
Individual Gallery Championship—Winner, A. B.

score 9,610.
Individual Gallery Championship—Winner, A. R. Sammons, Marion, Ohio, Riffe Club, score 500.
Intercollegiate Indoor Match—Winners, Class A, Michigan Agricultural College, score 12,998; Class B, University of Michigan, score 12,631; Class C, Columbia University, score 12,654.
Compiled by Brig.-Gen. Fred H. Phillips, Jr., Secretary National Rifle Association, Washington, D. C.

# BASKETBALL.

# AMATEUR ATHLETIC UNION CHAMPIONSHIP.

Held at Illinois A. C., Chicago, March 16-17, with thirteen teams competing. The University of Utah team won the National Championship, defeating the runner-up five, Illinois A. C., 28 to 27. Third, Oakland (Cal.) Y. M. C. A.

#### INTERCOLLEGIATE LEAGUE-FINAL STANDING.

TEAM.	Won.	Lost.	Pts. For.	Pts. Against.	P.C.	TEAM.	Won.	Lost.	Pts. For.	Pts. Against.	P.C.
Pennsylvania Princeton	9 8 5	2 3 5	234 228 245	170 195 184	.818 .727 .500	Yale Dartmouth Columbia	5 3 1	5 7 9	236 224 163	226 261 294	.500 .370 .100

#### MIDDLE WESTERN CONFERENCE LEAGUE-FINAL STANDING.

TEAM.	Won.	Lost.	Pts. For.	Pts. Against.	P.C.	TEAM.	Won.	Lost.	Pts. For.	Pts. Against.	P.C.
Wisconsin Northwestern Illinois Minnesota Indiana	11 9 9 6 3	1 3 6 5	358 307 295 247 196	234 250 217 257 230	.750 .750	Chlcago Iowa Ohlo Purdue	4 2 2 2	8 4 8 10	230 108 134 244	269 154 259 303	.323 .333 .200 .167

# GREATER NEW YORK HIGH SCHOOL CHAMPIONSHIP-FINAL STANDING.

TEAM.	Won.	Lost.	TEAM.	Won.	Lost
Stuyvesant Boys' Eastern District Commerce Bushwick De Witt Clinton	8 7 7	2 3 3	Newtown Townsend Harris Hall Far Rockaway Evander Childs. Erasmus Hall	3 3	6 7 6 8 10

United States Military Academy (Army) Scores: Army 28, St. John's College, 21; Army 19, New York University 28; Army 19, Yule 29; Army 24, Lehigh 17; Army 35, Manhattan College 18; Army 14, Swarthmore 16; Army 17, Springfield 24; Army 30, Brooklyn Poly 10; Army 11, Pittsburgh 20; Army 18, Syracuse 15; Army 16, Union College 21; Army 26, Cornell 36.

United States Naval Academy (Navy) scores: Navy 30, Loyola 20; Navy 45, George Washington University 11; Navy 18, Pennsylvania 12; Navy 24, New York University 29; Navy 21, Catholic University 19; Navy 40, St. John's (An.) 19; Navy 29, Georgetown 15; Navy 23, Brooklyn Poly 17; Navy 52, St. John's (Sc Navy 46, West Virginia Wes, 9; Navy 26, Crescent A. C. 21; Navy 14, Swarthmore 17; Navy 28, Washington and Lee 17; Navy 35, Virginia 26.

# BILLIARDS AND POOL.

FIFTEENTH annual tournament, Class A, National Amateur Championship, played at New York City, February 28 to March 10. Final standing:

PLAYERS.	Ŵ.	L.	H. R.	H. A.	G. A.
Ed. W. Gardner. Morris D. Brown. *F. S. Appleby. *E. T. Appleby. Charles Heddon. J. F. Poggenburg. Jacob Klinger.	3 3 3	0 1 3 3 3 5 5	50 53 81 73	10 13 23-39 9 13-43 7 36-52 10 10-39 11 15-35 10 18-28	7.92 6.63 7.27 7.36

<sup>\*</sup> Played off tie for third place.

#### Previous winners:

1901-A. R. Townsend, New York.

1902-Edward W. Gardner, Montelair, N. J.

1903-Wilson P. Foss, Haverstraw, N. Y.

1904-J. Ferdinand Poggenburg, New York.

1905—C. Fred Conklin, Chicago, Ill.

1906-Edward W. Gardner, Montelair, N. J.

1907—Calvin Demarest, Chicago, Ili.

1908-Caivin Demarest, Chicago, Ill. 1909-H. A. Wrlght, San Francisco, Cai.

1910-Edward W. Gardner, Montclair, N. J.

1911-J. F. Poggenburg, New York.

1912-Morris D. Brown, Brooklyn, N. Y.

1913-Joseph Mayer, Philadeiphia, Pa.

1914-Edward W. Gardner, Montclair, N. J -Joseph Mayer, Philadelphia, Pa.

In 1909 the tournament was changed to 400 points In previous years it was 300 points at 14.2. Interstate Three-Cushion League—1915-16 season ended May 4, 1916, with following result; games won, lost, high runs, and prize money won:

PLAYERS.	W.	L.	H. R.	Р.
C. McCourt, Pittsburgh	39		7	\$750
C Elils, Pittsburgh		10	11	400
P. Maupome, St. Louis	37	11		300
C. Jackson, Detroit			8	175
J. Capron, Chicago		17	1 8	135
H. Heal, Toledo		17		135
F. Jones, Philadelphia				100
E. Helm, Cleveland			8	70
R. Cannefax, St. Louis	26	22	9	55
J. Moore, Chicago	26	22		55
G. Copulos, Detroit	24	24	8	25
C. Morin, Chicago		24	11	25
C. Otis, Brookiyn		25		1
J. Keogh, Rochester		25	8	1
R. Hascali, Mllwankee	19			1
M. Maley, Detroit		3	1 16	1 :: 1
H. Cooler, Indianapolis W. Cullen, Buffalo		131	1 8	1 ::
C. Le Gros, Peoria		3		1 :: 1
J. Stone, New York		3130		1 ::
W. Kalthoff, Cincinnatl	1.	5 33	6	1
J. Scanlon, Cleveland	1 14	134	6 9 8	
V. Gasper, Indianapolis	1 12	2 3	6) 9	
G. Felton, Boston	1 10	013	91 8	1

Fourth annual tournament, National Amateur Pocket Blillard (Pool) Championship, played at New York City, March 13-24. Flual standing:

PLAYERS,	W.	L.H.	R.	Pts.
J. H. Shoemaker E. F. Raynolds		0	35 31	750 678
J. M. Munoz	4	$\frac{2}{3}$	15 14	645 627
F. A. Unger	2	4 5	16	629 557
H. B. Hawkins		6	14	470

Professional Pocket Blillards (Pool) Champion-ship, played at Chicago, Ill., final games March 20. Results:

		_	
PLAYERS.	W.	L.	Pct,
W. E. Blankenship, Detroit	10	2	.833
John Layton, Sedalia, Mo	8	3	.750 .727
F. Taberski, Schenectady, N. Y Ralph Greenleaf, Monmouth	1 4	5	.583
George Clark, Brooklyn E. I. Ralph, Trenton	6	5	.545
Joe Concannon, Jersey City	5	7	417
M. A. Petrie, Chicago	1 0	7	417
Charles Weston, Chicago	0	7	.417
Bennie Allen, Kansas City	4	8	.333
J. L. Chapman, Chicago	1 1	111	1.083

#### OTHER MATCHES.

January 14, Boston, Mass.—Alfredo De Oro defeated Lioyd Jevne, 150 to 133, in a three-cushion billiard match for world's champiouship.

February 25, Philadelphia, Pa.—Charles Ellis defeated Alfredo De Oro, 150 to 129, in a three-cushion billiard match for world's championship.

April 5, Pittsburgh, Pa.—Charles Ellis defeated Pierre Maupome, 150 to 143, in a three-cushion billiard match for world's championship.

May 5, Detroit, Mich.—John Layton defeated W. E. Biankenship, 450 to 341, in a pocket billiard (pool) match for world's championship.

May 17, Pittsburgh, Pa.—Charies McCourt defeated Charles Ellis, 150 to 149, in a three-cushion billiard match for world's championship.

September 9, Sedaila, Mo.—Frank Taberski defeated Frank Layton, 450 to 347, in a pocket billiard (pool) match for world's championship.

September 27, Pittsburgh, Pa.—Hugh Heal defeated Charles McCourt, 150 to 139, in a three-cushion biliiard match for world's championship.

October 20, New York, N. Y.—Frank Taberski defeated Ralph Greenleaf, 450 to 407, in a pocket billiard (pool) match for world's champlonship.

November 1, St. Louis, Mo.—William F, Hoppe defeated George B. Sutton, 1,500 to 508, in an 18.2 billiard match for world's championship. High runs: Hoppe, 187; Sutton, 51.

November 8, Toledo, O.—George Moore 'defeated Hugh Heal, 150 to 125, in a three-cushion billiard match for world's championship.

# BEST RECORD AVERAGES.

Professionai—135 1-4 at 18.2, Willie Hoppe, Chicago, Ill., February 24, 1914; 40 at 18.1, Jacob Schaefer, Chicago, 1898; 10 at straight cushion-caroms, J. Schaefer, New York, 1883; 37.97 at champion's game, G. F. Slosson, Paris, 1882; 52 at 14.1, George Sutton, Baltimore, Md., October 28, 1914.

Amateur—57.14 at 14.2, Calvin Demarest, Chicago, 1908; 33.33 at 18.2, Lucien Rerolle, Paris, 1903.

Professionit—312 at 18.2, Calvin Demarest, Chicago, Ili., November 16, 1910; 155 at 18.1, Willie Hoppe, Philadelphia, Pa., November 29, 1910; 246 at 18.2, Maurice Vignaux, Chicago, 1883, when record balkine was first played; 303 at 14.1, Willie Hoppe, New York City, April 23, 1914; 85 at straight cushion-caroms, F. C. Ives, Boston, 1906; 398, champion's game, Paris, 1882; 2,196 at English billiards, by George Gray, Australia, at London, March 18, 1911.

Amateur—175 at 18.2, L. Reroile, Paris, 1908; 202 at 14:2, Caivin Demarest, Chicago, 1908.

Three Cushion—Best run—18, Pierre Maupome, St. Louis, Mo., September 18, 1914, in exhibition; 18, Charles Morin, at St. Louis, Mo., May 20, in competition.

Best run under new rule, one ball always on table—74, Morton Phillips, Chleago, Ill., February 13, 1913; in amateur city champlonship—59, Aifredo De Oro, New York, Lynnary 8, 1913, in professional champlonship match with James Maturo.

#### CYMNASTICS.

NATIONAL A. A. U. Champlonships, held at Newark, N. J., May 13. Results: Long Horse— Won by P. Hol, Norwegian Turn and Athletic Club, 83.75 points; second, V. E. Winsjansen, Nor T. and A. C., 81 points; third, Frank Kriz, Bohemlan Gym-rellym Association, 75 points. Results Research 1987. Won by P. Hol, Norwegian Turn and Athletic Club, 83.75 points; second, V. E. Winsjansen, Nor T. and A. C., 81 points; third, Frank Kriz, Bohemian Gymaslum Association, 78 points. Parallel Bars—Won by P. Hol, Nor. T. and A. C., 85.50 points; second. B. Jorgensen, Nor. T. and A. C., 85.50 points; second. B. Jorgensen, Nor. T. and A. C., 85.50 points; second. B. Jorgensen, Nor. T. and A. C., 78 points; fourth, Joseph Duda, Bohemian G. A., Newark, 73.50 points. Rope Climb—Won by F. Siebert, Grace Club, 5 1-5s.; second, L. Weissman, Ninety-second Street Y. M. H. A., 6s.; third, J. Kreyling, National Turn Verein, 6 4-5s.; fourth, T. Jorgensen, Nor. T. and A. C., 7 1-5s. Side Horse—Won by Joseph Ocssy, West Side Y. M. C. A., 80 points; second, J. B. Richter, Bohemian Athletic Association, Winfield, L. I., 79.25 points; third, Charles F. Zenker, Jr., New York Turn Verein, 78 points; fourth, Trand A. C., 73.50 points; Turnbling—Won by Arthur Nugent, National Tv. V., 77.70 points; second, Joseph Dunn, New York A. C., 70.30 points; hird, Clayton Parker, M. Y. A. C., 64 points; fourth, Thomas E. Brady, N. Y. A. C., 64 points; fourth, Thomas E. Brady, N. Y. A. C., 63.50 points; hird, Clayton Parker, M. Y. A. C., 64.50 points; fourth, Thomas E. Brady, N. Y. A. C., 64.50 points; fourth, Thomas E. Brady, N. Y. A. C., 64.50 points; fourth, Thomas E. Brady, N. Y. A. C., 64.50 points; fourth, Thomas E. Brady, N. Y. A. C., 63.50 points; hird, Clayton Parker, N. Y. A. C., 64.50 points; fourth, Thomas E. Brady, N. Y. A. C., 63.50 points; fourth, Thomas E. Brady, N. Y. A. C., 63.50 points; fourth, Thomas E. Brady, N. Y. A. C., 63.50 points; fourth, Thomas E. Brady, N. Y. A. C., 63.50 points; fourth, Thomas E. Brady, N. Y. A. C., 63.50 points; fourth, Thomas E. Brady, N. Y. A. C., 63.50 points; fourth, Thomas E. Brady, N. Y. A. C., 63.50 points; fourth, Thomas E. Brady, N. Y. A. C., 63.50 points; fourth, Thomas E. Brady, N. Y. A. C., 63.50 points; fourth, Thomas E. Brady, N. Y. A. C., 63.50 points; fourth, Thomas E. Brady, N. Y. A. C.

# BOWLING.

The sixteenth Annual tournament was held at Toledo, Ohlo, from March 10 to 28. First five winners in each competition with scores and eash prizes follow:
Individual—Frank Shaw, Chleago, Ill., 685, \$210; Ben Huesman, Cincinnati, Ohlo, 685, \$210; Sam Schilman, Toronto, Canada, 685, \$210; R. Raydi, Chicago, Ill., 681, \$160; H. Steers, Chicago, Ill., 6874, \$145.

Chicago, II 674. \$145.

674, \$145.

Two-Man Event—Thoma and Marino, Chicago, Ill., 1,279, \$420; Faetz and Hildebrandt, Chicago, Ill., 1,273, \$360; Harkenrider and Doehrman, Ft. Wayne, Ind., 1,273, \$360; G. and W. Dernbach, Chicago, Ill., 1,266, \$305; Hatch and Nelson, Racine. Wis., 1,261, \$275.

Five-Man Event—Commodore Barry's, Chicago, Ill., 2,205, \$800; Helnie Richl's, Columbus, Ohlo,

LING.

2.895, \$750; Wittman's, Rochester, N. Y., 2,892, \$700; Journal's, Detroit, Mich., 2,879, \$650; José Gomez's, Chicago, Ill., 2.864, \$600.

Withners in previous years: All Events (nine games) with the previous years and Events (nine games). Hermann, Caveland, Ohio, 1,972; 1912; L. Sutton, Rochester, N. Y., 1843; 1911, J. Smith, Fuffalo, N. Y., 1,919; 1910, Thomas Haley, Detroit, Mich., 1,961; 1909, James Blouin, Cleveland, Ohio, 1,895; 1908, R. Crabe, East Liverpool, Ohio, 1,910; 1907, Harry Ellis, Grand Rapids, Mich., 1,767; 1906, J. T. Leacock, Indianapolis, Ind., 1,794; 1905, J. G. Relly, Chicago, Ill., 1,791; 1904, Martin Kern, St. Louis, Mo., 1,804; 1903, Fred Strong, Chicago, Ill., 1,896; 1902, John Koster, New York City, 1,841; 1901, Frank H. Brill, Chicago, Ill., 1,736, Individual—1915, W. H. Pierce, Pueblo, Col., 711; 1914, W. Miller, Detroit, Mich., 675; 1913, Peterson,

Columbus, Ohio, 693; 1912, L. Sutton, Rochester, N. Y., 679; 1911, J. Blouin, Chicago, Ill., 681; 1910, Tromas Haley, Detroit, Mich., 705; 1909, L. Sutton, Rochester, N. Y., and F. Brusgemann, Sloux Falls, 10va, tied; Sutton won roll-ofi, one game, score 215 to 179; 1908, A. Wingler, Chicago, Ill., 699; 1907, Marshall B. Levy, Indianapolis, Ind., and R. F. Matak, St. Louis, Mo., tied on 624; in the roll-oft Levy won—552 to 385; 1906, F. J. Favour, Oshkosh, Wis, 669; 1905, C. M. Anderson, St. Faul, Minn., 561; 1904, M. Kern, St. Louis, 1902, Fred H. Strong, Vision of 1908, 1905, C. M. Anderson, St. Faul, Minn., Jones, Milwaukee, Wis, Fack, H. Brill, Chicago, Ill., 642; 1904, Chicago, Ill., 642; 1904, Chicago, Ill., 642; 1904, Chicago, Ill., 642; 1914, Negley-Van Ness, Newark, N. J., 1245; 1913, Schultz-Koster, Newark, N. J., 1246; 1910, Delker-Waterran, Chelanatl, Ohio, 1246; 1910, Delker-Waterran, Chelanatl, Ohio, 1231; 1909, Schoegler brothers, Madison, Wis., 1304; 1903, Kiena-Chalmers, Chicago, Ill., 1254; 1907, E. C. Richter-E. M. Bigley, Louisville, Ky., 1,164; 1906, J. N. Reed-E. Dresbach, Columbus, Ohio, 1247; 1905, R. Rolife-E. Stretch, Chicago, Ill., 1231; 1904, H. Krauss-C. H. Spiess, Washington, 1,123; 1904, H. Krauss-C. H. Spiess, Washington, 1,123; 1904, J. McClan-H. Steers, Chicago, Ill., 224; 1905, Grand, Rapids (St. Louis), 2,775; 1906, Centurys, Chicago (Louisville), 2,794; 1905, Gunthers No. 2, Chicago, (Milwaukee), 2,795; 1904, Alonko Club, New Haven, Ct., 2,944; 1905, Gunthers No. 2, Chicago, (Milwaukee), 2,795; 1904, Alonko Club, New Haven, Ct., 2,944; 1905, Gunthers No. 2, Chicago, (Milwaukee), 2,795; 1904, Alonko Club, New York City, 2,004; 104, Fig. 1905, Gunthers No. 2, Chicago, (Milwaukee), 2,795; 1904, Alonko Club, New York City, 2,004; 104, Fig. 1905, Gunthers No. 2, Chicago, (Milwaukee), 2,795; 1904, Alonso, Chudanapolis), 2,319; 1902, Fidellas, New York Ci

NATIONAL BOWLING ASSOCIATION.

2.819; 1902; Fidelias, New York (Buffalo), 2.792; 1901, Standards (Cilcago), 2.720.

NATIONAL BOWLING ASSOCIATION, The tenth annual tournament was held at New York, March 22 to April 4. First five competitors in each classification with scores; proceedings of the competitors in each classification with scores; proceedings of the competitors in each classification with scores; proceedings, pro

Voorhies, Brooklyn, N. Y., 1,956; 1908, W. L. Erdmann, Brooklyn, N. Y., 1,835; 1909, Frank Hegeman, Brooklyn, N. Y., 1,908; 1910, George Freman, Newark, N. J., 1,916; 1911, George Brunt, Paterson, N. J., 1,894; 6eorge Burgart, Chicago, Ill., 1,894; 1912, M. Lindsey, New Haven, Ct., 2,031; 1913, Smith, New York City, 1,928; 1914, J. Smith, Brooklyn, N. Y., 1,917; 1914, Thomas Scannell, New York City, 1,935.

B. A. TOURNAMENT RECORDS.

N. B. A. TOURNAMENT RECORDS.
Individual High Score, One Game—O. Kallusch,
288, Bunalo, 1911. Individual Total, Three Games—
G. Kunpf, Buffalo (Rochester, 1913), 712. TwoMen, Single Game—McGuirk-Grady, Paterson, N.
J. (Rochester), 523. Two-Men, Three-Game TotalKelsey-Johnson, New Have-, Ct. (Buffalo, 1911),
1,355. Five-Men, Single Game—Keller Five, Faterson, N. J. (Rochester), 1,060. Five-Men, Total
Three Games—Grand Central Club, Rochester, N.
V. (Paterson, N. J., 1912), 2,997. High Individual
Average, All Eyents—M. Lindsey, New Haven Club
(Paterson, N. J., 1912), 225 6-9.

ATLANTIC COAST BOWLING ASSOCIATION.
The annual tournament was held at Washington,
D. C., April 10 to 19. First five leaders in each
competitie:
Tennin Tieams—Hudson, Hoboken, N. J., 2.857;
Ordes Stats, New York, 2.823; Weingarth No. 2,
New al. 2, 793; Manufacturers, Philadelphia,
N. J., 2373; Manufacturers, Philadelphia,
Tennin Doubles—Cohin and Gengler, Hoboken,
N. J., 1230; Rodgers and Satterthwaite, Philadelphia,
Pa. J., 211; Bonitz and Brunt, New York, N. Y.,
193; Thompson, New York, N. Y., and Krauss,
Washington, D. C., 1, 186; Topham and Nock,
Philadelphia, Pa., 1, 177.
Tenpin Singles—E. Fiehl, Ellzabeth, N. J., 660;
Maurer, Syraeuse, N. Y., 646; Thompson, New
York, N. Y., 641; Rodgers, Philadelphia, Pa., 632;
Lake, Philadelphia, Pa., 632; Fick, Philadelphia,
Pa., 628.

Pa., 628.
Duckpin Teams—Mlah Murrays, Boston, Mass., 1,601; Shermans, Washington, D. C., 1,545; Washington Railway and Electric, Washington, D. C., 1,517; Marquettc, Washington, D. C., 1,517; Marquettc, Washington, D. C., 1,518; Royals, Washington, D. C., 1,508.
Duckpin Doubles—Lorenson and Gheen, Washington, D. C., 665; McKee and Taylor, Boston, Mass., 662; Moack and Groff, Washington, D. C., 647; Maughum and Jughes, Washington, D. C., 644.
Duckpin Singles—McClure, Washington, D. C., 367; McKee, Boston, Mass., 365; Oehler, Washington, D. C., 367; McKee, Boston, Mass., 365; Oehler, Washington, D. C., 353; Murphy, Washington, D. C., 352; Murphy, Washington, D. C., 352; Murphy, Washington, D. C., 347.

NATIONAL TELEGRAPH TOURNAMENT.

NATIONAL TELEGRAPH TOURNAMENT.
Telegraph match open to athletic club five-men
teams of United States and Canada for Ocean-toOcean trophy, presented by Col. Robert M. Thompson. Rolled on home alleys of competing clubs
April 22. Results: Seattle A. C., Seattle, Wash.,
3,146; Detroit A. C., 2,895; Illinois A. C., Chicago,
2,889; Minneapoils A. C., 2,837; Columbus A. C.,
2,828; Olympic Club, San Francisco, 2,811; Montreal A. A. A., 2,777; Pitrisburgh A. A., 2,763; New
York A. C., 2,791; Cleveland A. C., 2,688; Denver
A. C., 2,596; Crescent A. C., Brooklyn, 2,507, and
Multonomah A. C., Portland, Ore., 2,399.

OTHER MATCHES. OTHER MATCHES.

Intercity team match between James Smith and Glenn Riddell, representing New York City, N. Y., and James Blouin and Tony Karlicek, Chicago, Ili., for \$4,000 purse, won by New York team. Forty-two games were rolled, one-half in each city. Total pin score: Smith-Riddell, 16,603; Blouin-Karlicek, 16,538, Intercollegiate individual championship won by Dowd, Syracuse University, who defeated Strickland, Yale University, 191 to 169 in final match of tournament at New Haven, April 8.

WORLD'S RECORDS.

MORLD'S RECORDS.
Individual, Open, Three Games — Roy Flagg,
Aberdeen, S. Dak., 270, 300, 300, total 870; average
290. William E. Roach, Academy Alleys, Wilmington, Del., 300, 300, 269, total, 869; average
289 2-3, 1906. Six Games—Lee R. Johns, Oxford Alleys, Newark, N. J., 1909, 279, 268, 248,
277, 277, 279, total, 1,628; average, 271 1-3. All
Events—Mortlmer Lindsey, New Haven, Ct.,
2,031 for 9 games, averaging 225 6-9, in N. B. A.

#### BOWLING-Continued.

tournament at Paterson, N. J., 1912; James Smith, Buffalo, N. Y., 2,060 for 9 games, averaging 228 8-9, in Canadian Bowling Association tournament at Toronto, Ont., 1912. Head Pin—Oscar Steinquest. Riverside Alleys, New York, 118, 1909. Tournament, Three Games—Charles Schaeder, Amphion Alleys, Prooldyn, 257, 279, 278; average, 271 1-3, 1907. Six Games—Charles Schaeder, Amphion Alleys, Brooklyn, 236, 255, 267, 279, 263, 232; total, 1,537; average, 256 1-6, 1907. Seventy-five Games—Fred B. Ezethoff, Palace Alleys, Brooklyn, average, 230,29, 1906. Greatest Number of 300 Scores—John Koster, of New York, 12. Highest Woman's Scotte—Mrs. Nellic Lester, Lenox Alleys, New York, 277, 1909. Two-Men, Open—Khox-Sauterthwalte, Philadelphia, Pa., 357, February 15, 1912. Three Games—Knox-Satterthwalte, Philadelphia, Pa., 1,445, February 18, 1912. Tournament—McGulrk-Grady, of Paterson, N. J., In N. B. A.

Cournment, Rochester, N. Y., 523, 1908. Three Games—McGulrk-Grady, same place and time, 1,318. Three-Men, Open—Mortimer Lindsey, Glenn Riddell, Alex Dunbar, Columbia Alleys, New York, 757, 1908. Tournament—Imperial team, Brooklyn Palace Tournament, 748, in 1910. Five-Men, Open—All Wooden Balls—Algonquins, New York, Columbia Alleys, New York, 1,175, 1906. Three Games—Brooklyn Interstate Team, raand Central Alleys, Brooklyn Interstate Team, raand Central Alleys, Brooklyn Interstate Team, Tannuary 21, 1913, against Syracuse, 3,497 plns, average, 1,155, 2. Four Games, same team and place, average, 1,247, 1907; Koenig and Kalser team, St. Louls, Mo., 1,207, 1908; Burkes, St. Louis, Mo., 1,207, 1909. Three Games—Howard Majors, Chicago, 111, average, 1,124, 1906. Head Pin—Roseville A. A., Iroquois Alleys, Newark, N. J., 545, 1909. and time

#### AVIATION.

THE European war completely paralyzed competitive aviation, aeroplanes being commandeered for military purposes and aviators pressed into army service, and there were no records accepted by the I. A. F. quring 1915 or 1916. (For all International Aviation Federation records, etc., see 1915 and 1916 ALMANGS.) IMPORTANT FLIGHTS DURING 1916.

	IMPORTANT FEIGHTS DURING 1910.												
DATE.	Aviator.	Distance.	Time.	Place.	Class.	Remarks.							
Feb. 20	Corp. Smith		8h. 42m	San Diego, Cal Newport News to	Duration								
Aprll 1	S. McGordon	300 miles	4h, 29m	Washington and re-	Cross country	i passenger,							
	E. T. McCauley E. T. McCauley			Newport News, Va Newport News, Va									
May 24	V. Carlstrom	*237 miles	3h. 7m	Now Vork to Wach'ton	Cross country	1 naccongov							
June 20	Lieut. A. Marchal	*812 miles		( Cinom, roland.	Cross country								
July 19	Lleut. Yerisso	645 miles		Beun, Ayres to Men-	Cross country								
	V. Carlstrom		lh. 4m	! + monusport.	Cross country								
Aug. 25	V. Carlstrom	*661 miles	8b. 40m	Newport News, Va	Duration	1 passenger.							
Nov. 2 Nov. 3	V. Carlstrom V. Carlstrom	*452 miles 515 miles	th. 17m. 30s. th. 11m	Chicago to Erie, Pa Erie to N. Y. City	Cross country	to N. Y. City,							
Nov. 17	Capt. de Beauchamp	457 miles		{ Nancy, France, to Plave, Italy.	Cross country								
Nov. 19 Nov. 20	Ruth Law	*590 miles 294 miles	5h. 45m 3h. 10m. 35s.	Ch'go to Hornell, N.Y. Hornell to N. Y. City.	Cross country Cross country	Elapsed flying time, Chicago to N. Y. City, 8h. 53m. 35s.							

#### \* Non-ston flight.

#### ALTITUDE FLIGHTS DURING 1916.

DATE.   Aviator.   Place.	Altitude.	Remarks.
Feb. 14   F Smith	9,600 feet. 16,072 feet. 14,020 feet. 24,408 feet. 16,500 feet.	3 passengers. 1 passenger. 1 passenger.

# LONG DISTANCE CHAMPIONSHIP AND MARATHON RACES.

Powderhall Marathon, Edinburgh, Scotland, January 3 (15 Miles)—G. McCrea, 1h, 21m, 55s.; Hans Holmer, 1h, 21m, 58½s,
Bronx County Marathon, New York City, February 22 (25 Miles)—A, Roth, 2h, 48m, 40s.; H, Schuster, 2h, 49m, 7s.; H, Lucas, H. Schuse. 2h. 52m. 10s.

2h, 52m, 10s,
Boston A, A, Marathon, Boston, Mass., A'ril
19 (25 Miles) → A, V, Roth, 2h, 27m, 16 2.5s,;
V, Kyronen, 2h, 27m, 27s.; Sidney Hatch,
2h, 28m, 30s,
Missouri A, A, Marathon, St, Louis, Mo.,
May 6 (25 Miles) → Sidney Hatch, 3h, 5m, 15s,;
William J, Kennedy, 3h, 18m, 34s.; Olaf
Lodel, 3h, 31m, 41s.
Evening Mail Marathon, New York City, May
20 (12¾ Miles) → V, Kyronen, 1h, 9m, 10s;
Hannes Kolehmainen, 1h, 9m, 10 1.5s.; Joe
Organ, 1h, 11m, 27s.

Johnstown Marathon, Johnstown, N. Y., July 29 (26.8 Miles)—Sidney Hatch, 3b, 7m, Milwaukee to Chicago Race Against Time, October 18 (95.7 Miles)—Sidney Hatch, 14b,

29 (20.8 Miles)—Sidney Hatch, 3h, 7m, Milwaukee to Chicago Race Arainst Time, October 18 (95.7 Miles)—Sidney Hatch, 14h, 50m, 30s, National Amateur Athletic Union 10-Mile Championshin Rum, New York City, October 28—Hannes Kolehmainen, unattached, 52m, 50 4-58,; V. Kvronen, Millrose' A. A. 52m, 53s,; James Hennigan, Dorchester A. C., Boston, 52m, 56s, National Amateur Athletic Union 7-Mile Walk, New York City, October 28—Richard Remer, New York A. C., 55m, 13 3-55s,; William Plant, Long Island A. C., 55m, 13 2-5s,; William Plant, Long Island A. C., 55m, 13 2-5s,; William Plant, Long Jahand, A. C., 56m, 94-5s,; William Plant, Conso Country Champhonshin Charles York Oltv. Nevember 11 (6 Miles)—Charles Pores, Millrose A. A., 31m, 34s,; Eddie Maye, Brookty, 32m, 9s.

### TRAP SHOOTING:

TRAP SH
THE Interstate Association's Seventeenth Grand American Trap-Shooting Tournament, St. Louis, August 21-25. Results: Grand American Handicap won by J. F. Wulf, of Milwaukee, Wis., with 99 out of 100 from 19 yds. National Amateur Champiorship won by F. M. Troen, of Vancouver, Wash., with 99 out of 100. Preliminary Handicap won by Al. Koyen, of Fremont, Neb., with 97 out of 100 from 17 yds. Double Championship won by Allen Hell, of Allentown, Pa., with 89 out of 50 pair, Consolation Handicap won by H. E., Furness, of St. Louis Mo., with 96x100 and 17x20, 16 yds. St. Louis Introductory won by Harvey Dixon, of Oronoro, Mo., with 197 out of 200 from 18 yds. Mound City Overture won by F. M. Troeh, Vancouver, Wash., with 99x100 and 20 in shoot-off. Professional Championship won by P. R. Miller, 97 out of 100 and 25 in the shoot-off.
GRAND AMERICAN HANDICAPS SINCE 1908.

out of 100 and 25 in the shoot-off.
GRAND AMERICAN HANDICAPS SINCE 1908.
June 25, 1908, Columbus, O., 362 entries; won by Fred Harlow, yds., 16, bk., 92. Tled by Woolfolk Henderson (19 yds.). In the shoot-off at 20 targets, Harlow, 18. Henderson June 44, 1999, Chicaco, Ill., 457 entries; won by Fred Shattuck, yds., 18, bk., 96 entries; won by Burns (16 yds.); I. Livingston (19 yds.). W. Wettleaf (19 yds.). In shoot-off at 20 targets, Shattuck, 20; Livingston, 19; Burns, 18; Wettleaf, 16. June 23, 1910. Chicago, Ill., 383 entries; won by Rilcy Thompson, yds., 19, bk., 100. June 22, 1911, Columbus, O., 418 entries; won by Harvey Dixon, yds., 20, bk., 98. June 20, 1912. Springfield, Ill., 377 entries; won by W. E. Phillips, yds., 19, bk., 96. Tled by H. D. Duckham (19 yds.). In shoot-off at 20 targets, Phillips, 17; Duckham, 15.

June 19, 1913, Dayton, O., 501 entries; won by M. S. Hootman, yds., 17, bk., 97. Tled by J. A. Blunt (18 yds.), and F. A. Graper (18 yds.). In shoot-off at 20 targets, Hootman, 20; Blunt, 19; Graper, 19. September 10, 1914, Dayton, O., 556 entries; won by Woolfolk Henderson, yds., 22, bk., 98. Tlentes; won by Woolfolk Henderson, yds., 22, bk., 98. by L. B. 19, 1915, Chicago, Ill., 884 entries; won by L. B. Clarke, yds., 18, bk., 96. Tled oy M. E. Dewire (19 yds.), 31, J. Randall (19 yds.), and C. C. Hickman (18 yds.). In shoot-off at 20 targets, Clarke, 20; Dewire, 19; Randall, 18, Hickman, 17. August 24, 1916, St. Louis, Mo., 683 entries; won by J. F. Wulf, yds., 19, bk., 99. Handicap Tournaments—The Interstate Asso-

1916, St. Louis, Mo., 683 entries; won by J. F. Wulf, yds., 19, bk., 19.

Handicap Tournaments—The Interstate Association's Eleventh Southern Trap-Shooting Tournament, Memphis, Tenn., May 9-11. Southern Handicap won by F. C. Koch (19 yds.). Phillipsburg, O., R. E. Duvall (16 yds.). Belleville, Ill., tied Koch with a score 95x100. On the first shoot-off both made 19x20. Koch won in the second shoot-off, breaking 20 targets to Duvall's 16.

The Interstate Association's Eleventh Western Trap-Shooting Tournament, Omala, Neb., June 13-15. Western Handleap wor by E. T. Gibbs (17 yds.). Cawker, Kan., V. C. of 19x100. Each broke 16x20 in the six shoot-off, and Gibbs won on the second with a sperfect score to Fye's 19x20.

The Interstate Association's Tenth Eastern Trap-Shooting Tournament, Portland, Ore., September 12-14, won by F. M. Templeton (20 yds.), 91x100.

91x100.

STATE.	Champion.	Score.	Runner-Up.	Score
Alabama	*H. C. Ryding	98	J. K. Warren	98
Arizona		98	D. E. Morrell	95
California		100	C. H. Nash	96
Colorado		100	W. R. Thomas, Jr	95
Congecticut		94	E. H. Moore	92
Delaware		95	Clyde Leedon	1 95
Florida		91	W. N. Boylson	1 88
Georgia		98	W. N. Jones	1 97
daho		98	E. C. Grice	1 98
		100	C. M. Powers.	1 99
llinois	C. G. Burilleister	199	D II Daves	99
ndiana	Le Roy Pickett	100	R. H. Bruns	
owa	William Ridley		J. R. Jahn	
Kansas	. George Grubh	99	Frank Luther	
	J. D. Gay	98	W. Henderson	. 31
ouisiana		95	Not given.	92
faine	*T. A. Randall	92	A. H. Waldron	
Maryland	M. G. Gill	98	R. D. Morgan	96
Massachusetts	!*G. L. Osborne	97	L. E. Lowry	.1 97
Alchigan	Joseph Bryant	98	G. A. Gallbralth	.1 97
Ainnesota		96	W. A. Anderson	. 1 95
/igsigsinni	. F. P. Fitzgerald	99	O. Wineman	.1 98
Algoniri	C. B. Eaton	98	T. M. Ehler	97
Montana		98	Not given.	
Nebraska	*F. Dudat.	98	H. Philson	. 98
Nevada	Affiliated with California.	1 00	ш. т шюон	.   "
New Hampshire		94	M. Kling	. 93
	C W Choose	99	C D Diett	
New Jersey	C. W. Speer	99	C. B. Platt	.   00
New Mexico		1	· ·	. 99
New York		100	R. L. Spotts	
North Carolina		98	L. C. Grant	
North Dakota	F. Holland	97	A. R. Chezik	
Obio,,		99	K. P. Johnson	
Oklahoma	J. N. Walker		W. R. Campbell	
Oregon	P. H. O'Brien	98	A. H. Blair	. 97
Pennsylvania	Allen Hell	100	Paul Burger	. 97
Rhode Island			A. T. Sisson	.1 90
South Carolina	J. H. Staples	98	J. I. Chipley	. 97
South Dakota	A. C. Buzzell		Ray Chase	
Tennessee			J. H. Noel.	
			Not given.	.1 00
Texas	A D Digology		C I Poster	. 99
Utah			G. L. Becker	
Vermont		94	G. H. Burr	
Virginia	W. D. Runnells	98	G. O. Lee	
Washington		97	G. E. McKelvey	. 94
West Virginia	W. A. Weldenbusch		R. Gertsell, Jr	. 98
Wisconsin	A. Bushman	99	G. V. Dering	. 9
Williamina	Max Welck	98	F. Oswaid	. 9

<sup>.</sup> Won on shoot-off.

#### TRAP SHOOTING-Continued.

#### OTHER IMPORTANT TOURNAMENTS.

National Amateur Championship Tournament held under auspices of New York Athletic Club, Travis Island, May 6. First five places: R. L. Spotts, 196; H. J. Pendegrast, 191; A. Hell, 191; E. Bartlett, 190; C. A. Newcomb, 190; W. Wolsten-crott, 190; F. B. Stephenson, 189; J. G. Martin, 188; L. S. Pagey, 185; W. B. Short, 188; Conrad Stein, 188; A. E. Ranney, 188; William Foord, 188. Intercollegiate Trap-Shooting Association Championships, New Haven, Ct., May 6. Results: straight; C. G. Spencer, 16 yds., 515

#### CRICKET.

#### NEW YORK AND NEW JERSEY CRICKET ASSOCIATION.

#### FINAL STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

CLUBS.	P.	W.	L.	D.	P.C.	CLUBS.	P.	W.	L.	D.	P.C.
Etaten Island	12 12 12	8 7 4	2 2 5	2 3 3	.800 .777 .444	Paterson	12 12	3 1	8	1 5	.272 .143

Manor Fleid being unable to raise a team withdrew from the competition.

#### BATTING-FIRST TWELVE.

BATSMEN AND CLUBS.	Ins.	N.O. H.S.	R.	Avs.	BATSMEN AND CLUBS.	Ins.	N.O.	H.S.	R.	Avs.
B Kortlang, Rlch. Co	13				M. R. Cebb, Staten Isl.		1	71		22.18
J. H Briggs, Bensonhurst	8	2   *79	225	37.50	W B. Ottewill, Benson, R.	8	2			20.16
R. Belgrave, Bensonhurst	10	1 64	272	27.20	F. C. Gantier, Benson, R.	7		42		18.66
C.E. Marshall, B'sonh'rst.	11	1 62	255	25.50	F A. W. Ireland, Stat. Isl.	. 5	2	*33		18.33
H. L. Woodroffe, B'hurst	11	55	264	24.00	F. F. Kelly, Staten Island	11	2	81	163	18.11
J. D. Keenan. Staten Isl.	11	2 1*100	204	22.66	D. G. Birkett, Benson. R.	12	1 3	38	158	17.55

<sup>\*</sup> Denotes not out.

#### BOWLING-FIRST TWELVE.

BOWLERS AND CLUBS.	В.	М.	R.	W.	Avs.	BOWLERS AND CLUBS.	В.	М.	R.	w.	Avs.
M. R. Cobb, Staten Isl J. H. Briggs, Bensonhurst F. C. Taylor, Rich. Co C. A. Hoyle, Bensonh'st F. F. Kelly, Staten Isl A. Evelyn, Benson. Rov.	608 290 493 830	5 2 3	332 131 242 453	43 13 22 40	7.72 10.07 11.00 11.32	E. G. Hull, Rich. Co D. G. Birkett, Benson. R. H. Smith, Faterson. F. S. Franklin, B'hurst. L. W. Staughton, Rich. Co. W. Clarkson, Paterson	380 727 747 284 445 389	1 5 0 2	154 420 386 199 265 211	35 32 16 21	11.85 12.00 12.06 12.44 12.62 13.18

#### METROPOLITAN DISTRICT CRICKET LEAGUE-FINAL STANDING.

CLUBS.	W.	L.	D.	Tie.	P.C.	CLUES.	W.	L.	D.	Tie.	P.C
Brooklyn	10 10 7	3 4 3	2 1 5	0 0 0	.769 .714 .700	Rings County	2 1	7 13	0	1	.222 .071

Paterson forfelted two games, one each to Manhattan and Columbia Oval.

BATTING AVERAGES	S-FIRS	TTWE	LVE.	BOWLING AVERAGES—FIRST TWELVE.					
BATSMEN AND CLUBS.   In	ns. N.O.	H.S R.	Avs.	BOWLERS AND CLUBS.	В.	M.	R.	w.	Avs.
L. Miller, Manhattan 1 R. Comacho, Col. Oval . J. Dellera, Col. Oval . H. A. Mever, Brooklyn . 1 L. Comacho, Col. Oval . J. L. Poyer, Brooklyn . 1 T. Mulligan, Col. Oval . C. M. Lauder, Brooklyn . 1 W. B. King, Brooklyn . 1 F. Michaelowski, Col. Oval 1	9 4 155 1 155 0 137 0 144 2 157 0 144 2 157 0 158 0 15	*71 34 40 17 95 14 64 28 58 14 *53 24 *50 20 38 9 *67 12	1 28.20 2 21.69 5 20.71 0 20.00 9 17.25 4 15.69 4 15.50	L. Miller, Manhattan. H. Rushton, Brooklyn. C. A. Worm, Brooklyn. H. Poyer, Brooklyn. H. Clarke, Brooklyn. A. Hoskings, Manhattan. F. S. Hall, Manhattan. J. L. Poyer, Brooklyn. A. Collins, Paterson. John Mullin, Paterson. J. Marshbanks, Kings Co. T. Holbrook, Col. Oval.	816 810 124 423 350 241 625 262 470 363 220 523	7 3 7 0 1 5 2 1 1	300 319 45 140 136 112 314 143 212 179 122 279	57 8 22 21 15 41 18 23 18 12	4.28 5.59 5.62 6.36 6.45 7.47 7.65 7.94 9.21 9.94 10.16

<sup>\*</sup> Signifies not out.

#### HALIFAX CUP. 1916, PHILADELPHIA, PA.

CLUBS.	P.	W.	L.	D.	Tle	Pts.	CLUBS.	P.	W.	L.	D.	Tie.	Pts.
Germantown New York Merion.	8 8 8	5 4 3	1 2 3	1 2 1	i	6 5 4	Frankford	8	3 2	5 6	0	::::	3 2

#### CRICKET-Continued.

BATTING-	FIR	ST T	EN.			BOWLING—FIRST TEN.					
BATSMEN AND CLUBS.	Ins.	N.O.	Pts.	R.	Avs.	BOWLERS AND CLUBS.	В. \	M.	R.	W.	Avs.
B. Kortlang, New York J. R. Vetterlein, Merlon	8	2	97 *61	393	65.50	Bennett, Frankford J. H. Briggs, New York	1014		416 381	39 34	10.66
W. M. Crossman, Merion Bennett, Frankford	8	1	93 *104	178 338	59.33 48.28	E. M. Mann, Germant'n. L. Miller, New York	651 205	5	270 101	22	12.27 12.62
J. B. King, Philadelphia., J. L. Evans, Merlon	8		61 164	338	41.00	H. W. Goodall, Phila F. A. Greene, Germant'n.	690	6	197 306	23	13.13
R. P. Anderson, G'town L. Miller, New York	2	i.		33	33.00	A. Hoskings, New York W. P. Newhall, Ger'town	374			13	14.16 15.38 16.71
A. G. Scattergood, Phila. W. P. Newhall, Ger'town	- 6	1	72 112			H. W. Middleton, Phila J. B. Clement, Merion			351 282	16	17:60

<sup>\*</sup> Signifies not out.

Somerset Cricket Club (Bermuda) made a second visit to New York, playing 6 games, winning 4, losing

Visit to New York, playing o games, withing 4, iosing 1, drawing 1. Canneron Cricket Club won the championship of the Van Cortlandt Park League.

The New York and New Jersey Cricke Association defeated the Metropolitian District Cricket League on August 17 by 312 to 122.

The Interstate game hetween Rhode Island and Massachusetts on July 4 was drawn on account of the control of the control of the country of the control of the country of the control of the control of the country of

rain.
The game netween Rhode Island District League and New Bedford Cricket League on Septe ber 4 resulted in a tie, 34 runs each
The interstate League champlonship (Philadelphia) was won by the Contennial.
The Inter-City game Letween New York and Philadelphia, played on September 1 and 13, e ded

Haverford College won the Philadel phia Cup cham-

pionship.

Me'ion Cricket Club won the Associated Cricket
Cube champions ip.
The following New Zork cricketers were killed in
the European war during 1916; II. V. Tattersall
(Manhattan), L. A. Care (Kings County), H.
Lomas (Richmond County)
There was no first allowed the England due to
There was no first allowed the England due to
The county of the C

vs. Harrow games did not take place.

H. Livingston of the Pittsburgh Field Club established a record for the United States by scoring established a record for the United States by scoring three consecutive centuries in one week in a tournament held in Chicago in August, 1907; a similar feat was performed by II. N. R. Coblet in Canada in a tournament held in Vancouver, British Columbia, in August, 1906. H. V. Hordern of the University of Pennsylvania established a record for the United States and Canada by securing 213 wickets during 1907. J. B. Kiag and F. F. Kelly are the only two bowlers whe nave taken over 2,000 wickets. A. C. MacLaren scored 424 for Lancashire vs.

Somerset at Taunton, England, July, 1895—the record in a first-class match. A. F. J. Colling, playing at Clifton June, 1899, for Clarke's House against North Town, scored 628, not out—the record in any match. Melbourne University scored playing at Clifton June, 1899, for Clarke's House against North Town, scored 628, not out—the record in any match. Melbourne Clustersity scored 1,094 runs against Essenden at Melbourne (Australia), 1898—the highest authentleated record. In a match between A. E. Stoddart's English team and New South Wales 1,739 runs were scored—a record in Irist-class cricket. The longest partnership of record was 623 runs by Capitain Oakes and Private Fitzerald, First Royal Munster Fusiliers vs. Army Service Corps at Curragh, 1895. In a small match in Australia F. R. Spoiforth bowled down all 10 wickets of his opponents in cach inning—a feat without parallel. First Royal Munster Fusiliers vs. Army Service Corps at Curragh, 1895. In a small match in Australia F. R. Spoiforth bowled down all 10 wickets of his opponents in cach inning—a feat without parallel. First Royal Munster Fusiliers vs. Army Service Corps at Curragh, 1895. In a small match in the control of the Australia F. R. Spoiforth on the Astralan IO. W. G. Stock 7 world's greatest cricketer, died October 23, 1915. He hit up 217 centuries during, his career, which will not likely ever be equalled. Best records in the United States and Canada are by G. S. Patterson eleven playing against A. M. Woods eleven at Philadelphia, scoring 689 runs, in 1894. Australians against Vancouver scored 633 for 8 wickets in 1913. J. B. Kling scored 344 runs for Belmont against Merlon B. in 1906. W. Robertson, 206, not out, and A. G. Sheath, 118, not out, scored 340 runs in partnership, without the loss of a wicket, at San Francisco in 1894. Smallest score, Americas 0 against Roseville at Guttenberg, N. J., in 1897. The smallest score in international match in United States, West Indians 13 against Australians, 1913. Smallest score in international match in United States, West Indians 13 against Australians, 1913. Smallest score in international match in United States, West Indians 13 against Australians, 1913. Smallest score in Canada, Winnippe 6 against Manhattan, at Boyonne, N. J., 1897

(Compiled by F. F. Kelly.)

#### FENCING.

Amaleur Fencers' League of America, National Champions.aip Tournament, New York, April 28, Sumnaries—Foils—Alfred E, Sauer, Illinois A, C, defeated Philip P, Allison, New York A, C, 3—2; Sherman Hall, New York A, C, 5—3, and Lieut, A, O, Dickenson, West Point, 5—3; total, won 3, lost 0, Lieut, A, O, Dickenson, West Point, defeated Allison, 2—1, and Hall, 5—3, and was defeated by Sauer, 3—5; total, won 2, lost 1, Sherman Hall, New York A, C, defeated Allison, 6—4, and was defeated by Dickenson, 1—2, and Sauer, 2—3; total, won 1, lost 2, Philip W, Allison, New York A, C, was defeated by Sauer, 3—3; by Dickenson, 1—2, and by Hall, 4—5; total, won 0, lost 3, Epice—William H, Russell, Harvard University, defeated Sherman Hall, N. Y, A, C, and John A, McLaughlin, Washinaton, Sherman, Hall Koutchi, Washinaton, Sherman, Hall Koutchi, Cital, won 2, Sherman, Hall Koutchi, Cital, won 4, McLaughlin, Washinaton Fencers' Club, defeated Hall and was defeated by William L, McLaughlin, Washinaton Fencers' Club, defeated McLaughlin, Washinaton Fencers' Club, defeated McLaughlin, Washinaton Rowman, V, Y, A, C, defeated McLaughlin and was defeated by William L, Bowman, N, Y, A, C, defeated McLaughlin and was defeated by William L, Bowman, N, Y, A, C, defeated McLaughlin and was defeated by William L, Country C, defeated McLaughlin and was defeated by William L, Bowman, N, Y, A, C, defeated McLaughlin and was defeated by William L, Bowman, N, Y, A, C, defeated McLaughlin and was defeated by William L, Bowman, N, Y, A, C, defeated McLaughlin and was defeated by William L, Bowman, N, Y, A, C, defeated McLaughlin and was defeated by William L, Bowman, N, Y, A, C, defeated McLaughlin and was defeated by William L, Bowman, N, Y, A, C, defeated McLaughlin and was defeated by William L, Bowman, N, Y, A, C, defeated McLaughlin and was defeated by William L, Bowman, N, Y, A, C, defeated McLaughlin and was defeated by William L, Bow

#### FENCING-Continued.

FENCING—

N. Y. A. C.; second, A. S. Lyon, F. C.; third, J. A. McLaughlin, W. F. C. Three-Weapon Event (President's Steedilord Pitt F. C.; second, Sherman Hall, C. J. C. Foil, C.; second, Sherman Hall, C. J. C. Foil, C.; second, Sherman Hall, C. J. C. Foil, C.; second, F. C.; second, F. C.; second, G. Hoisinston, W. P.; third, A. S. Lyon, F. C.; second, G. Hoisinston, W. P.; third, A. S. Lyon, F. C.; second, G. Hoisinston, W. P.; third, A. S. Lyon, F. C.; second, G. Hoisinston, W. P.; third, A. S. Lyon, F. C.; second, G. Hoisinston, W. P.; third, A. S. Lyon, F. C.; second, G. Hoisinston, W. P.; third, A. C. Subres—First, A. Strauss, N. Y. T. V.; Second, G. Reimherr, Jr., N. Y. A. C. W. Allison, N. Y. A. C., L. Novice Foils (Hammond Prize)—Herman L., Druckliev, Team Championshim—Foils (A. F. L. A. Cup)—N. Y. A. C., Lo, Nunez, P. W. Allison, Sherman Hall, Epee (Saltus Cup)—N. Y. A. C., Lon, Nunez, P. W. Allison, Sherman Hall, Epee (Saltus Cup)—N. Y. A. C., Leon Nunez, Victor P. C., Jos. T. Shaw, S. Lyon, E. M. Merley, S. C. Shaw, S. Lyon, Carson, L. Nunez, Expected A. S. Lyon, Carson, L. Nunez, Expected A. S. Saltson, M. Y. A. C., Leon, M. W. C., Lo, Nunez, Expected A. S. Saltson, M. Y. Sabres (A. F. L. A. Medals)—F. C. G. H. Breed, P. J. Mevlan, C. W. C. Gottshall, Sabres (A. F. L. A. Medals)—F. C. G. H. Breed, P. J. Mevlan, L. M. Schoommaker, Novice Foils Compellition—W. S. Y. M. C. A. Mario Betancourt, N. Y. M. A.; H. K. Ebey, Falkir's Club, Interschlastic Fencing Tournament—N. Y. Military Acad, M. Betancourt, B. Reiner, S. Salts, S. Summaries: Final Round—Foils—Columbia: L. Mouquin defeated H. J. White D. C. Lond, C. H. Wan, Stuyyesant Fish, N. Y. F. C.; third, Mrs. Stuyyesant Fish, N. Y. F. C.; third, Mrs. Stuyyesant Fish, N. Y. F. C.; third, Mrs. Stuyyesant Fish, N. Y. F. C.; third, Mrs. Stuyyesant Fish, N. Y. F. C.; third, Mrs. Stuyyesant Fish, N. Y. F. C.; third, Mrs. Stuyyesant Fish, N. Y. F. C.; thir

Harvard. 11—6. Yale—R. P. Pflieger defeated W. H. Russell. Harvard. 14—13: E. M. Little defeated G. H. Code. Harvard. 14—8: F. D. Downey defeated E. P. Hamilton. Harvard. 8—6: E. N. Little defeated G. H. Code. Harvard. 14—8: F. D. Downey defeated E. P. Hamilton. Harvard. 8—6: E. N. Little defeated E. R. Smiley. Pennsylvania. 14—5: Rr. P. Pfliger defeated M. Forshay. Pennsylvania. 11—5. Individual Standing—L. Mouduin. Columbia. won 14. lost 1: L. Doughty United States Naval Academy. won 12. lost 3: W. H. Russell, Harvard. won 13. lost 2: I. P. Jeter. United States Naval Academy. won 12. lost 3: W. H. Russell, Harvard. won 11. lost 4: G. H. Code. Harvard. won 12. lost 3: W. P. Pflieger. Yale. won 10. lost 5: E. M. Little. Yale. won 9. lost 6: S. W. Allison. Columbia. won 8. lost 7: P. De Lima. Cornell. won 8. lost 7: E. R. Smiley. Pennsylvania. won 5. lost 10: G. M. De Costa. Cornell. won 5. lost 10: J. G. Bartol. Pennsylvania. won 4: lost 11: G. P. Hamilton. Harvard. won 2. lost 2: M. Forshay. Pennsylvania. won 10: St. 11: S. P. Hamilton. Harvard. won 2: lost 13: W. P. Pennsylvania. won 0. lost 10: S. 9: In. Armund. Columbia. won 0. lost 11: Team stunding—Nay. won 36: lost 9: Yale won 19. lost 16: Harvard. won 36: lost 9: Yale won 19. lost 26: Harvard. won 36: lost 27: Pennsylvania. defeated M. Cannon. Columbia. 7—1: M. J. Baber. Yale. defeated S. P. Fullenweider. U. S. Military Academy. defeated A. R. Clapp. Pennsylvania. defeated H. W. Ruhl. Yale. 7—4: F. Nyland. Columbia. defeated H. W. Ruhl. Yale. 7—4: F. Nyland. Columbia. defeated H. W. Ruhl. Yale. 7—4: F. Nyland. Columbia. defeated H. W. Ruhl. Yale. 7—4: F. Nyland. Columbia. defeated H. W. Ruhl. Yale. 7—4: F. Nyland. Columbia. defeated H. W. Ruhl. Yale. 7—4: F. Nyland. Columbia. defeated H. W. Ruhl. Yale. 7—4: F. Nyland. Columbia. 3: Fullenweider. 3: Nyland. 3: Cannon. Composition. 5: Hance. 5: Ruhl. 3: Fullenweider. 3: Nyland. 3: Cannon. Composition. 5: Hance. 5: Ruhl. 3: Fullenweider. 3: Nyland. 3: Cannon. Composition. 5: Hance. 5: Ruhl. 3: Fullenweider.

# IMPORTANT DUAL AND TRIANGULAR TOURNAMENTS.

January 28—Philadelphia, Pa. Pennsylvania 5, Harvard 4, New Haven, Yale 9, Springfield Y, M. C. A. T. S. O. January 29—Annapolis, Md. Navy 8, Harvard 1, February 26—Annapolis, Md. Washington Fencing Club 7, Navy 2, March 11—Annapolis, Md. Navy 8, Cornell, 1, Cambridge, Mass, Yale 5, Harvard 4,

#### ASSOCIATION (SOCCER) FOOTBALL.

THE feature of the year in American soccer was the successful tour of the All-American team of the United States Football Association to Scandinavia, where six games were played, three being won, two drawn and one lost. The results follow:

DATE.	Place.	Teams and Scores.	Result.
Aug. 20 Aug. 24 Aug. 27 Sept. 2	Stockholm Stockholm Gothenburg Christlania	All-America, 1; Stockholm Tigrarna, 1 All-America, 3; All-Sweden, 2. All-America, 0; combined team, Stockholm A. I. K. and Djurgardens I. F., 3 All-America, 2; Gothenburg O. I., 1. All-America, 1; All-Norway, 1. All-America, 2; combined team, Stockholm A. I. K. and Djurgardens I. F., 1	Won, Lost, Won, Draw,

National Challenge Cup series, final round, played at Pawtucket, R. I., May 6. Result: Bethlehem

DUCCI CO. 11 Ci, 17 1 cm = (	.,	
American Football Association F. C., 0. Previous winners:	Cup, final round: Bethlehem Ste	el Co. F. C., 3; Scottish-American
		1911—Howard & Bullough F. C., Pawtucket, R. I.
1887—O. N. T., Newark.	1897—Manx Eleven, Philadelphia. 1898—Arlington A. A., Kearny.	1912—West Hudson F. C., Har-
1889—Fall River Rovers. 1890—Olympics, Fall River.	1906—West Hudson F. C., Har- rison.	1913—True Blues, Paterson. 1914—Bethlehem F. C., Bethle
1891—East Ends, Fall River. 1892—East Ends, Fall River.		hem, Pa. 1915—Scottish-Americans of New
1893—Pawtucket Free Wanderers. 1894—Olympics. Fall River.	1909—True Blues, Paterson. 1910—Tacony F. C., Tacony, Pa.	ark.

Note-From 1899 to 1905, inclusive, there was no competition for the cup.

#### ASSOCIATION (SOCCER) FOOTBALL-Continued.

#### WINNING TEAMS VARIOUS LEAGUES AND ASSOCIATIONS.

LEAGUE.	Team.	W.	L.	D.	LEAGUE.	Team.	W.	L	D.
Rhode Island L	Staten Island Brooklyn Celtic	12 13 7 14 5	2 1 2 0 2	0 1 2	California L North Texas L	Denvers	10 6 16 5 15	2 1 2 2 1	2 0 2 1 0

<sup>\*</sup> First division.

# INTERCOLLEGIATE LEAGUE. (Final standing 1915 season.)

COL LEGE.	Won.	Lost.	Tied.	Pts.	College.	Won.	Lost.	Tied.	Pts.
Haverford. Pennsylvan ia. Yaic. Columbia.	4 4 3 3	0 1 2 3	2 1 1 0	10 9 7 6	Princeton Corneli Harvard	1 1	3 4 5	1 1 0	5 3 2

#### THE LEACUE OF AMERICAN SPORTSMEN

This league was organized for the purpose of protecting the game and game fishes, the long insectivorous and other innocent birds. *President*—G. O. Shields, 1110 Simpson Street, New York City. *Secretary*—H. M. Beach, 308 Broadway, Paterson, N. J. *Treasurcr*—J. Adams Brown, 41 West Thirty-fourth Street, New York City.

# THE HALL OF FAME.

MARCH 5, 1900, the Council of New York University accepted a gift of \$100,000, afterward increased to \$250,000, from a donor, whose name was withheld, for the ercetion and completion on University Heights, New York City, of a building to be called "The Hall of Fame for Great Americans." A structure was built in the form of a terrace with superimposed colonnade connecting the University Hall of Philosophy with the Hall of Languages. On the ground floor is a museum 200 feet long by 40 feet wide, consisting of a corridor and six halls to contain mementoes of the names that are inscribed above. The colonnade over this is 600 feet long with provision for 150 panels, each about 2 feet by 6 feet, each to bear the name of a famous American.

Only persons who shall have been dead ten or more years are cligible to be chosen. Fifteen classes of citizens were recommended for consideration, to wit: Authors and editors, business men, educators, inventors, missionaries and explorers, philanthropists and reformers, preachers and tologians, acientists, engineers and architects, lawyers and judges, musicians, painters and sculptors, physicians and surgeons, rulers and statesmen, soldiers and caliors, distinguished men and women outside the above classes. Fifty names were to be inscribed on the tablets at the beginning, and five additional names every fifth year thereafter, until the year 2000, when the 150 inscriptions will be completed. In case of failure to fill all the panels allotted, the vacancies are to be filled in a following year.

In February, 1904, the pian was announced of a Hall of Fame for Women near the former, with places for 50 tablets. Its foundation has been begun.

The rules prescribed that the council should invite nominations from the public. Every nomination seconded by a member of the University Senate should be submitted to an electorate of one hundred eminent citizens selected by the council. Chancelior Emeritus MacCracken presides in the Senate when the Hall of Fame is considered. Address University Heights, New York City.

In October, 1900, the University Senate received the ballots of the electors. Of the one hundred judges selected ninety-seven voted. The number of names which had been submitted to them was 252. Of these each judge returned, a vote for fity. The rule required that no candidate receiving less than fity-one votes could be accepted. The returns showed that but twenty-nine candidates received the required number and were chosen. These were as follows: George Washington, Abraham Lincoln, Daniel Webster, Benjamin Franklin, Ulysses S. Grant, John Marshall, Thomas Jefferson, Ralph Waldo Emerson, Hepry W. Longfeilow, Robert Fulton, Washington Irving, Jonathan Edwards, Samuel B. B. Merse, David G. Farragut, Henry Clay, Nathanlel Hawthorne, George Peabody, Robert E. Lee, Peter Cooper, Ell Whitney, John J. Audubon, Horace Mann, Henry Ward Beecher, James Kent, Joseph Story, John Adams, William E. Channing, Gilhert Stuart and Asa Gray.

-In October, 1905, under the rules named above, the Senate received the ballots of 95 electors out of 101 appointed, of whom only 85 undertook to consider the names of women. A majority of 51 was demanded, but in the case of the names of women, a majority of only 47. The following persons were found to be duly chosen: John Quiney Adams, 59; James Russell Lowell, 58; William Tecumseh Sherman, 58; James Madison, 56; John Greenleaf Whittier, 52; Mary Lyon, 58; Emma Williard, 50, and Maria Mitcheil, 48;

The hall was dedicated May 30, 1901, when twenty-five or more National associations each unveiled one of the bronze tablets in the colonnade, and on May 30, 1907, eleven new tablets were unveiled, orations being given by the Governors of New York and Massachusetts.

In October, 1910, the next ballot was taken, the number cast being 97 and the number required for a choice being 51. The following persons had the requisite number of votes: Harriet Beecher Stowe, 74; Oliver Wendell Holmes, 69; Edgar Allan Poe, 69; James Fenimere Cooper, E; Phillips Brooks, 60; William Cullen Bryant, 59; Frances E. Willard, 56; Andrew Jackson, 53, George Bancroft, 53; John Lothrop Motley, 51. There were 211 nominees.

The fourth quinquennial election in 1915 secured the ballots of ninety-seven electors, three electors having died within the year, nine names were admitted, viz., Alexander Hamilton, 70 votes; Mark Hopkins, 69; Francis Parkman, 68; Elias Howe, 61; Joseph Henry, 56; Rufus Choate, 52; Daniel Boone, 52; with one woman, Charlotte Cushman, 53. Of these Hamilton and Agassiz had been elected in 1905 to the separate hall proposed for famous foreign-born Americans. When the Constitution was amended in 1914, to do away with the line of discrimination between native-born and foreign-born, it was required that the four foreign-born aready chosen, be re-elected in competition with the native-born put in nomination. The two above named were approved, while John Paul Jones and Roger Williams lacked a majority, but remain in nomination for the year 1920. The total names admitted in the four quinquennial elections is 50 men and 6 women. The hall has recently received \$27,000 toward its completion and \$10,000 toward its endowment.

# AUTOMOBILE RACES AND RECORDS.

OFFICIAL RECORDS ACKNOWLEDGED BY THE CONTEST BOARD OF THE AMERICAN AUTOMOBILE ASSOCIATION:

STRAIGHTAWAY FREE-FOR-ALL RECORDS, REGARDLESS OF CLASS.

DATE.	Place.	Car.	Driver.	Distance.	Time.
April 23, 1911 April 23, 1911 Jan. 24, 1906 Mar. 24, 1909 Jan. 29, 1906 Mar. 30, 1911 Mar. 38, 1911 Mar. 6, 1908 Mar. 31, 1911 Mar. 31, 1911 Mar. 31, 1911	Daytona Daytona Daytona Daytona Daytona Daytona Jacksonville Jacksonville Jacksonville Jacksonville Jacksonville Jacksonville Jacksonville	ßltzen Benz. Blitzen Benz. Darracq. Benz. Flat Buick Bug. Bulck Bug. Renault. Special Special Special Special Special	Burman. Burman. Burman. Ilemery. Bruce-Brown Lancia. Burman. Burman. Burman. Jishrow. Disbrow.	1 mile	15.88 25.40 5 1.28 2 34.00 5 14.40 10 .00 13 11.92 35 52.31 1 12 45.20 1 55 18.00 2 34 12.00 3 53 33.50 One Hour

# (STANDING START.)

DATE.	Place.	Car.	Driver.	Distance.	Time.
Mar. 16, 1910	Daytona	Benz	Oldtield	I mile	40.53

# SPEEDWAY RECORDS, REGARDLESS OF CLASS.

DATE.	Place.	Car.	Driver.	Distance.	Time.
May 29, 1911. In May 29, 1911. In May 29, 1911. In May 29, 1911. In May 29, 1911. In May 29, 1911. In May 30, 1912. Lc May 5, 1912. Lc May 5, 1912. Lc May 5, 1912. Lc May 5, 1912. Lc May 30, 1914. In May 30, 1914.	idianapolis dianapolis	Blitzen Benz Blitzen Benz Blitzen Benz Blitzen Benz Blitzen Benz Flat Flat Flat Flat Flat Flat Suttz Suttz Suttz Mercedes Peugeot Peugeot Peugeot Peugeot Peugeot Peugeot Peugeot Delage Delage Delage	Burman. Burman. Burman. Burman. Burman. Burman. Brags. Brags. Brags. Brags. Brags. Herne. Oldfield. De Palma Christiaens. Duray. Duray. Duray. Thomas. Bofilot. Thomas.	4 mile. 34 mile. 1 kilo. 1 mile. 2 miles. 3 miles. 3 miles. 4 miles. 5 miles. 10 miles. 10 miles. 10 miles. 11 miles. 20 miles. 20 miles. 20 miles. 20 miles. 20 miles. 30 miles. 4 miles. 4 miles. 4 miles. 5 miles. 5 miles. 6 miles. 6 miles. 6 miles. 7 miles. 7 miles. 7 miles. 8 miles. 9 miles. 9 miles. 9 miles. 9 miles. 9 miles. 9 miles. 9 miles. 9 miles. 9 miles. 9 miles. 9 miles. 9 miles. 9 miles. 9 miles. 9 miles. 9 miles.	8.16 16.80 21.40 35.35 1 15.96 1 54.83 2 33.31.75 5 51.75 1 0 25.17 1 35.81.4 1 10 46.20.00 1 46 20.00 1 46 20.00 2 90 02.47 50 21.24 1 10 46.20.00 2 95.11.00 3 3 00 58.48 4 15 22.69 4 15 22.69 4 15 22.69 6 03 45.94

#### (HOUR RECORDS.)

DATE.	Place.	Car.	Driver.	Distance.	Time.
April 16, 1910 April 16, 1910	Los Angeles Los Angeles	Marmon	Harroun	74 miles	$\frac{1}{2}$

# ONE-MILE CIRCULAR DIRT TRACK RECORDS.

DATE.	Place.	Car.	Driver.	Distance.	Time.
Aug. 8, 1914 Sept. 14, 1912 Sept. 14, 1912 Sept. 14, 1912 Jan. 3, 1915 Jan. 3, 1915 Jan. 3, 1915 Jan. 3, 1915 Jan. 3, 1915 Jan. 3, 1915 Oct. 22, 1914 Oct. 24, 1914 Aug. 25, 1912	Cleveland, C. Cleveland, O. Cleveland, O. Bakersfield, Cal. Bakersfield, Cal. Bakersfield, Cal. Bakersfield, Cal. Bakersfield, Cal. Galesburg, Ill. Hamline, Minn. Columbus, O.	SImplex Simplex Simplex Simplex Peugeot Peugeot Peugeot Peugeot Peugeot Peugeot	Disbrow. Disbrow. Disbrow. Burman. Burman. Burman. Burman. Burman. Burman. Burman. Burman. Wurman. Burman.	3 miles. 4 miles. 5 miles. 5 miles. 10 miles. 15 miles. 20 miles. 25 miles. 25 miles. 75 miles. 100 miles. 100 miles. 100 miles. 150 miles.	46.20 1 32.60 2 27.81 3 17 02 4 06.58 8 16.40 12 23.20 16 25.60 20 28.80 40 57.80 1 08 56.00 2 30 51.00

# 24-HOUR TRACK RACES.

D	ATE.	Place.	Car.	Driver.	Distance.
October	15, 1909, .	Brighton B'ch.	Stock Chassis Lozler	Patschke & Mulford	1,196 miles.
October	19, 1910	Brighton B'ch.	Class "C" Stearns	Poole & Patschke	1,253 miles.
A nrll	8. 1911	Los Angeles	Class"C"Sp'dway.Flat	Verbeck & Hirsh	11.491 miles.

# BIG AMERICAN AUTOMOBILE RACES.

	THIRDEREDIES COL.									
DATE.	Starters.	Car.	Driver.	Place.	Miles	Average.				
1904 1905	18 19	Darracq	Hemery	Long IslandLong Island	284.4 283.3	52.2 61.4				
1906 1908		Locomopile	Robertson	Long Island	$297.1 \\ 258.6 \\ 278.08$	60.8 64.3 62.8				
1910 1911	30 14	AlcoLozier	Grant	Long Island	278.08 291.38	65.18				
1912 1914.	15	Mercedes	De Palma	Milwaukee	299.54 294.035	68.97 75.60				
1915*. 1916	19			San Francisco Santa Monica, Cal	$300.78 \\ 294.035$	66.29				

\* Decided over specialty constructed road inside Panama-Pacific Exposition Grounds measuring 3.905 miles or 77 laps, and bullt of dirt and wood.

† Time 3h, 22m, 48s.

1 1	me	ou.	aam.	*O0.	

	G	$R_{\mathbf{A}}$	$^{ m ND}$	-PR	ZE.
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DATE.	Starters.	Car.	Driver.	Piace.	Miles	Average.
1908 1910 1911 1912 1914 1915*	15 16 14 19 80	Benz Fiat Flat Mereer	Bruce-Brown	Savannah Savannah Savannah Milwavkee Santa Monica San Francisco Santa Monica, Cal	415.2 411.36 409.9 403.24 402.75	65.1 70.55 74.45 68.4 77.22 56.78

\* Decided over specially constructed road inside San Francisco Fair Grounds. \*\* Relieved by Altken 21st lap. ‡ Time 4h, 42m, 47s.

(OTHER	1916	ROAD	RAC	ES.)
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DATE. S	Starters.	Car.	Driver.	Place.	Milles.	Time.
April 8	17	Duesenberg Special	O'Donnell	Corona Boulevard Race	$\frac{301.815}{301.4}$	3h. 29m. 52s.
April 29	12	Duesenberg Special	O'Donnell	Fresno, Cai., Raisin Classic Trophy		4h. 54m. 13s.

#### ELGIN NATIONAL.

DATE.	Starters.	Car.	Driver.	Place.	Miles.	Average.
1909 1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 1915	10 11 12 28 12	Lozier. National. Mercedes. Stutz Mercedes. Stutz	Mulford. Zengei De Palma Anderson. De Palma	Chicago Chicago Chicago Chicago Chicago Chicago Chicago Chicago Chicago	305 302.5 302.5 301.16 401.18	49.33 62.05 66.38 68.9 71.05 73.05 77.256
	NOT H					1

# LOS ANGELES-PHŒNIX DESERT.

DATE, Starters.	Car.	Driver.	Place.	Miles.	Average.
1908 12 1909 13 1910 15 1911 16 1912 19 1913 23 1914 20 1916 NOT H	Buick. Kissei. National Frankiln Locomobile. Stutz	Joe Nikrent. Herrick Herrick Hamlin Davis	Los Angeles—Phœnix Los Angeles—Phœnix Los Angeles—Phœnix Los Angeles—Phœnix Los Angeles—Phœnix Los Angeles—Phœnix Los Angeles—Phœnix	418 418 418 551 511 574 671	17.6 21.02 26.41 27.03 28.02 30.47 29.02

# SANTA MONICA.

DATE.	Starters.	Car.	Driver.	Place.	Miles.	Average.
1910		Lozier	Tetzlaff	Santa Monica	202 202	71.31 74.62
1912 1913	11	Fiat	Tetzlaff	Santa Monica Santa Monica	303	78.7 73.77
	NOT H	ELD.	Соорсин	Sanda Monta a	110.2	

# G IMPORTANT SPEEDWAY RACES 1916.

DATE.	Mlies.	Size (miles) and Kind of Track.	Start- ers.	Car	Driver.	Piace,	Time.
March 5	100	1 asphaltum	14	Mercer Sp	Pullen	Los Angeles, Cal	1 30 42.00
April 16 May 13	150	1 asphaltum 2 board	10	Maxwell Sp	Rickenbacher	(Ascot Speedway.) Los Angeles, Cal New York City Indianapolls	2 17 09.00 1 33 31.43
May 30 June 11 June 26 July 4	300	2 ½ brick 2 board 1 board 2 concrete	21 12	Peugeot Sp	Resta De Paima	Chicago Des Molnes, Ia Twin Clty Speedway,	3 02 31.64 1 36 36.23
July 15	150	1 1/4 board	17	Peugeot Sp	Resta Rickenbacher	Ft. Snelling, Minn. Omaha, Neb Tacoma, Wash	1 30 45.88 3 21 40.00
Sept. 4 Sept. 9 Sept. 30	300 100	2 board 2½ brick 2 board.	28 12 32	Peugeot Sp	Altken Aitken	Cincinnati, O Indianapoils New York City	3 05 27.23 1 07 05.04 2 23 04.03
Oct. 14 Oct. 28	250	2 board	19	Peugeot Sp	Resta	Chicago New York City	2 24 10.08

#### PISTOL AND REVOLVER SHOOTING.

#### UNITED STATES REVOLVER ASSOCIATION CHAMPIONSHIPS.

# INDOOR, 1916. NATIONAL WINNERS.

Any revolver champlonship (possible 500)— George Armstrong, San Francisco, 463; Dr. J. H. Snook, Columbus, Ohio, 462; Dr. D. A. Atkinson, Pittsburgh, 459; P. J. Dolfen, Springfield, Mass., 449; Dr. W. E. Quicksall, Philadelphia, 448.

Any pistol championship (possible 500)—George Armstrong, 471; G. E. Kimball, San Francisco, 465; P. J. Dolfen, 465; John P. Ross, Pittsburgh, 463; Dr. J. H. Snook, 459.

Pocket revolver championship (possible 250)—Dr. J. H. Snook, 209; Hans Roedder, New York, 194; L. P. Castaldini, Springfield, 190; Dr. John R. Brown, Pittsburgh, 189; C. W. Linder, San Francisco, 189.

Novice match, for pistols and revolvers (possible 250)—Stanley Runck. Cincinnati, 226; A. A. Lane, New York, 224; W. D. McVey, San Francisco, 221; C. L. Camman, New York, 220; E. G. Johnson, Seattle,

Pollee team championship, open to members of any uniformed police force; teams of five men, twenty shots per man, distance twenty yards, Asso-ciation target, weaps in the evolvers, time 2 minutes per string of five shots; team possible, 1,000.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL	PHILADELPHIA, PA. Charles A. Beers162
S. Carr	Charles R. Taylor161
J. M. Mann157 T. J. Sullivan143	Hermas Thomas153 Joseph Eckels147
E. C. Lange140	Herbert Brown137
Fotals	Totals760
CHICAGO POLICE	
TEAM NO. 1.	BERKELEY, CAL.
C. H. Weidling160	C. T. Vinthers156
S. Peterson	H. P. Lee148
E. P. McConville148	F. L. Ingersoll143
H. L. Werner146	C. A. Becker143
S. Ferguson143	F. H. De Pue135
Totals749	Totals725
Other contestants were:	St. Louis, 706; New York,
697; Chicago, 2d team, 69	1; Denver, 637; Oakland,
605.	

# STATE CHAMPIONS AND PRIZE WINNERS.

Any revolver—California—George Arnstrong, 463; C. W. Randall, 433. Canal Zone—Jacob Bernson, 406; Capt. P. Whitworth, 381; D. T. Baker, 357. Colorado—Dr. J. R. Ocisner, 444; J. B. Humphreys, 418; Henry Dietrich, 409. Cuba—Rene Valverde, 420; Hi Batista, 417; Mizuel Andux, 400. Hilmois—White Castaldini, 425; E. A. Taylor, 418. Missouri—E. A. Krondi, 429; M. B. Peterson, 426; A. G. Busch, 417. Castaldini, 425; E. A. Taylor, 418. Missouri—E. A. Krondi, 429; M. B. Peterson, 426; A. G. Busch, 417. Acc. 430; M. Saschomery, 341. New Yerk—D. J. G. Weatherly, 383; W. J. Wilson, 348, C. F. Montgomery, 341. New Yerk—D. J. G. P. White, 400. W. J. Medforth, 392. Oregon—David Goodell, 424; W. H. Hubbard, 417; Roger Nowhall, 398. Pennsylvania—Dr. D. A. Atkinson, 459; Dr. W. E. Quicksall, 448; Herman Thomas, 431 Quebec—F. Dumfreis, 422; Lieut. G. M. Le Hain, 411; E. A. Brewer, 403. Vermont—George Metcall, 313; Edward Strong, 351; P. T. Clapp, 344. Virginia—Commander D. M. Wood, 404; Lleut, H. G. Laird, 401; P. J. Gallagher, 353. Any pistol—California—G. Armstrong, 471; G. E. Kimball, 465; Robert Mills, 450. Canal Zone—O. J. Lindo, 419; L. A. Clausel, 411; Jacob Bernson 409. Colorado—Dr. J. B. Ocissuer, 465, R. R. P. Monthout, 432; Lieut. W. A. Lee 41; A. R. R. P. Northcott, 432; Lieut. W. A. Lee 41; A. R. R. P. Northcott, 432; Lieut. W. A. Lee 41; A. B. R. P. Northcott, 432; Lieut. W. A. Lee 41; A. Missouri—E. A. Selleric, Gooden, 450; W. E. Pennell, 465, Missouri—E. A. Selleric, Gooden, 450; W. E. Pennell, 465, Missouri—E. A. Selleric, Gooden, 450; W. E. Pennell, 465, Missouri—E. A. Selleric, Gooden, 450; W. E. Pennell, 465, Missouri—E. A. Selleric, Gooden, Manito (Spokane, Wash.). Baltimore.

CLASS Carlorado—O. J. W. Ford, 369; W. J. Wilson, 355; J. G. Weatherly, 353. New York—D. J. Gould, Jr., Belleville, Ill. Havana, Cuba. Forfelted.

459; A. A. Lane, 456; Dr. R. H. Sayre, 447. Ohio—
Dr. J. H. Snook, 459; T. H. Clark, 449; W. H. Cox,
448. Oregon—David Goodell, 431; Roger Newhall,
426; S. J. Cillford, 417. Pennsylvania—John P.
Ross, 463; Dr. D. A. Atkinson, 459; Dr. W. E. Quleksall, 434. Texas—W. C. Hilborn, 418; J. C. Gunning,
414; R. S. McBean, 414. Vermont—H. W. Cooney,
412; G. E. Carponter, 395; G. A. Metcalf, 371.
Pocket revolver—Callfornia—C. W. Linder, 189;
G. Armstrong, 169; H. P. Lee, 164. Canal Zone—
L. A. Clausel, 149; D. T. Baker, 143; Capt. P. Whitworth, 121. Colorado—Capt. A. H. Hardy, 180; I.
B. Humphreys, 178. Illinois—W. P. Northcott, 185;
Col. W. H. Whigam, 180; Lieut, W. A. Lee, 180,
Massachusetts—L. P. Castaldini, 190; P. J. Dolfen,
188; H. R. Marshall, 185. Missourl—L. M. Rumsey,
1r., 185; R. J. Russell, 183; A. G. Busch, 177. New
Mexico—J. G. Weatherly, 168; W. J. Wilson, 108;
J. W. Ford, 92, New York—Hans Roedder, 194; R.
Douglas, 182; J. A. Baker, Jr., 165. Ohlo—Dr. J. H.
Snook, 209; W. H. Cox, 187; L. D. Cornish, 184.
Pennsylvania—Dr. J. R. Brown, 189; Dr. D. A.
Atkinson, 180; J. O. Roishouse, 172.
National pistol match, held at State encampment,
near Jacksonville, Fla., October, 1915—First, Dr.
Georye Earle Cooke, 399; second, Millo D. Snyder,

near Jacksonville, Fla., October, 1915—First, Dr. George Earle Cooke, 399; second, Milo D. Snyder, 393; third, John P. Steele, 390; fourth, E. P. Lips-comb, 388; fifth, Jerry B. Garland, 386.

#### UNITED STATES REVOLVER ASSOCIATION PISTOL AND REVOLVER RECORDS.

Revolver, 50 yards—Fifty shots, John A. Dietz, New York, 1911, score 475; thirty shots, 284, Twenty shots, A. P. Lane, New York, 1913, 191. Ten shots, Frank H. Dreher, Denver, 1914, 97. Military revolver, 50 yards—Seventy-five shots, McCutcheon, Denver, 1914, 627; fifty shots, 421. Twenty-five shots, Dr. J. H. Snook, Columbus, 1914

Target pistol, 50 yards—Fifty shots, Thomas Anderton, Walnut Hill, Mass., 1903, 480. Thirty shots, F. H. Dreher, Denver, 1914, 291; twenty shots, 196; ten shots, 100.

The rules of the United States Revolver Associa-tion call for shooting at lifty yards, outdoor, daylight, and twenty yards, Indoor, artificial light. The tar-gets are so proportioned that the scores for the different distances are practically equivalent.

# THE U. S. R. A. LEAGUE.

During the Winter of 1915-1916 a series of matches between the teams of clubs affiliated with the United States Revolver Association was hotly contested. Three teams tied for first place Class A and there were several ties for place in other classes. The standing of the clubs by classes and matches won and lost is given herewith.

WOLL WING TOOL TO BY COM MOTOR TOOL		
	Won	Lost
Olympic Club (San Francisco)	16	2
Pittsburgh		2 2 2 3
Spokane		2
Portiand, Ore	15	3
CLASS B.		
Boston	14	4
Springfield, Mass	13	4 5 6 8
Cincinnatl	12	6
Seattle	10	8
CLASS B.		
Rifle & Revolver Club of New York	10	8
St. Louis	10	8 8 9
Manhattan	9	
Providence	7	11
CLASS D.		
Youngstown	6	12
Chlcago	5	13
Manito (Spokane, Wash.)	4	14
Baltlmore	3	15
CLASS E.		
Citizens (Rochester, N. Y.)	3	15
Dallas	2	16
Belleville, Ill		18
0.1. 77. 613		

| Tuber | Color ecords of the more important teams, with opponents' scores in second column. | NORTHWESTERN. | 6 Lake Forest | 29 | 0 Chlcago | 10 | 0 Drake | 40 | 6 Indiana | 7 | 7 | 0 Purdue | 33 | 36 | Ohio State | 3 | 37 | HARVARD. 
 Bates
 26

 Tufts
 3

 North Carolina
 21

 Mass. Aggles
 47

 Cornell
 23

 Virginia
 51

 Princeton
 3

 Brown
 0

 Yale
 3
 Carnegle Tech....25 Carnegie 1 ecn. 25
Virginia 61
Lehigh 12
Virginia P I 19
W. and J 36
Colgate 7 Brown 6 Princeton 10 Harvard 6 PRINCETON. 0 PENNSYLVANIA. Swarthmore 0
State 15
Pitt 0
Lafayette 19
Darimouth 7
Michigan 10
W Va Wes 16
Cornell 23 CORNELL. Gettyshurg . . . . . . 26 Gettysburg 26
Williams 42
Bucknell 19
Harvard 0
Carnegie 15
Michigan 23
Mass Aggies 27
Penn 3
BROWN
R Island St 18 3 26 | BROWN | R. Island St. | 18 | Trinity | 42 | Amhierst | 69 | Williams | 20 | Rutgers | 21 | Vermont | 42 | Yale | 21 | Colgate | 0 PITTSBURGH. PITTSBURGH.
Westminster 58
Navy 20
Syracuse 30
Penn 20
Allegheny 46
W. and J 37
Carnegle Tech 14
Penn State 31 000670007 COLGATE. 

# CONFERENCE COMMITTEE ON NATIONAL PREPAREDNESS.

The Conference Committee on National Preparedness was organized on June 3, 1915, in New York City, by delegates from National defence societies, for the purpose of co-ordinating the efforts of various National defence societies, so that National preparedness may be attained with greater efficiency and economy, and without duplication of offert

effort.

The societies represented by delegates in the Conference Committee are: National Security League, American Legion, Institute of Radio Engineers,

United States Power Squadron, American Red Cross, Aero Club of America, American Society Aeronautic Engineers, Patriotic Education Society, Woman's Section of Movement for National Preparedness, The officers of the committee are: Chairman—Henry A. Wise Wood. Vice-Chairman—Alexander M. White. Treasurer—Raymond B. Prico, Econding Secretary—James E. Clark,
The office of the Secretary and the committee's headquarters are at 30 East Forty-second Street, New York City.

# THE NEW UNITED STATES ARMY LAW.

An Act for making further and more effectual provision for the national defence, and for other purposes. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Army of the United States shall consist of the regular army, the volunteer army, the Olincers' Reserve Corps, the enlisted reserve corps, the National Guard while in the service of the United States, and such other land forces as are now or may be eafter be authorized by law.

COMPOSITION OF THE REGULAR ARMY.

COMPOSITION OF THE REGULAR ARMY.

SEC 2. The regular army of the United States, including the existing organizations, shall consist of sixty-four regiments of Infantry, twenty-five regiments of Cavalry, twenty-one regiments of Field Artillery, a Coast Artillery Corps, the brigade, division, army corps, and army headquarters, with their detachments and troops, a General Staff Corps, an Adjutant General's Department, an Inspector General's Department, a Quartermaster Corps, a Medical Department, a Corps of Engineers, an Ordinance Department, a Corps of Engineers, an Ordinance Department, a Corps of Engineers, an Ordinance Department, a Corps of Engineers, an Ordinance University of Insular Affairs, the Militia Bureau, the detached officers, the chaplains, the Regular Army Reserve, the detached officers, the detached non-commissioned officers, the chaplains, the Regular Army Reserve, all organized as herelnatter provided, and the following as now authorized by law: The officers and enlisted men on the retired list; the additional officers; the professors, the Corps of Cadets, the general army service detachment, and detachments of Cavalry, Field Artillery, and Engineers, and the band of the United States Milliary Academy; the most non-commissioned staff officers; the recruitthe post non-commissioned staff officers; the recruit-lng parties, the recruit depot detachments, and unassigned recruits; the service school detachments; imassigned recruits; the service school detachments; the disciplinary garaxis; the disciplinary organizations; the Indian Scoots; and such other officers and enlisted men as are now or may be hereafter provided for: Provided, That hereafter the enlisted personnel of all organizations of the regular army shall at all times be maintained at a strength not below the minimum strength fixed by law: Provided further, That the total enlisted force of the line of the regular army, excluding the Philippine Scouts and the enlisted men of the Quarternester Corps, of the Medical Department, and of the Signal Corps, and the unassigned recruits, shall not at any one time, except in the event of actual or threatened war or similar emergency in which the public safety demands it, exceed one hundred and seventy-five thousand men: Provided further, That the unassigned recruits at depots or elsewhere shall at no time, except in time of war, exceed by more than seven per centum the total authorized shall at no time, except in time of war, exceed by more than seven per centum the total authorized enlisted strength.

#### COMPOSITION OF BRIGADES, DIVISIONS, ETC.

COMPOSITION OF BRIGADES, DIVISIONS, ETC.

SEC. 3. The mobile troops of the regular army of the United States shall be organized, as far as practicable, into brigades and divisions. The President is authorized, in time of actual or threatened hostilities, or when in his opinion the interests of the public service demand it, to organize the brigades and divisions into such army corps or armies as may be necessary. The typical infantry brigade shall consist of a headquarters and three regiments of Infantry. The typical Cavairy brigade shall consist of a headquarters and three regiments of Cavairy. The typical Field Artillery brigade shall consist of a headquarters and three regiments of Field Artillery. The typical Infantry division shall consist of a headquarters, three infantry brigades, one regiment of Cavairy, one Field Artillery brigade, one regiment of Engineers, one Field Artillery brigade, one goadafron, one ammunition train, one supply one aero squadron, one ammunition train, one supply train, one engineer train, and one sanitary train. The typical Cavalry division shall consist of a head-The typical Cavalry division shall consist of a head-quarters, three Cavalry brigades, one regiment of Fleid Artillery (horso), one battalion of mounted Engineers, one field signal battalion (mounted), one aero squadron, one ammunition train, one supply train, one engineer train, and one sanitary train. The typical army corps shall consist of a headquarters, two or more Infantry divisions, one or more Cavalry brigades or a Cavalry division, one Fleid Artillery brigade, one telegraph battalion, and one field signal battalion, and such ammunition, supply, engineer, and sanitary trains as the President may deem necessary. A brigade, a division, an army corps, and an army headquarters shall consist of such officers, enlisted men, and civilians as the President may prescribe. Each supply train, ammunition train, sanitary train, and engineer

train shall consist of such officers and enlisted men train shall consist of such officers and chilosed men and shall be organized as the President may pre-scribe, the line officers necessary therewith to be detailed under the provisions of sections twenty-six and twenty-seven, Act of Congress approved six and twenty-seven, Act of Congress approved February second, intereen hundred and one. Nothing herein contained, however, shall prevent the President from increasing or decreasing the number of organizations prescribed for the typical brigades, divisions, and army corps. or from prescribing new and different organizations and personnel as the efficiency of the service may require.

#### GENERAL OFFICERS OF THE LINE,

SEC. 4. Officers commissioned to and helding In the army the office of a general officer shall here-after be known as general officers of the line; officers commissioned to and helding in the army an office other than that of a general officer, but to which the rank of a general officer is attached, shall be known as general officers of the staff. The number of general officers of the line now authorized by law is hereby increased by four Major Generals and nineteen Brigadier Generals: Provided, That hereafter in time of peace Major Generals of the line shall be appointed from officers of the grade of Brigadier Generals of the line shall be appointed from officers of the grade of Colonel of the line of the regular army. Officers commissioned to and helding

#### THE GENERAL STAFF CORPS.

the grade of Colonel of the line of the regular army. The General Staff Corps.

Sec. 5. The General Staff Corps shall consist of one Chief of Staff, detailed in time of peace from Major Generals of the line; two assistants to the Chief of Staff, who shall be general officers of the line, one of whom, not above the grade of Erigadier General, shall be the President of the Army War College; ten Colonels; ten Lieutenant Colonels; 16 Majers, and 17 Captains, to be detailed from corresponding grades in the army, as in this section hereinafter provided. All officers detailed in the General Staff Corps shall be detailed therein for periods of four years, unless sooner relieved. While serving in the General Staff Corps shall be detailed therein for periods of lour years, unless sooner relieved. While serving in the General Staff Corps shall be detailed therein for periods of lour years, unless sooner relieved. While serving in the General Staff Corps shall be detailed therein formsissions, and no officers shall return to the branch of the army in which they hold permanent commissions, and no officers shall be eligible to a further detail in the General Staff Corps until he shall have served two years with the branch of the army in which commissioned, except in time of actual or threatened hostilities. Section twenty-seven of the Act of Congress approved February second, nineteen hundred and one, shall apply to each position vacated by officers below the grade of general officer detailed in the General Staff Corps. Not more than one-half of all the officers detailed in sald corps shall at any time be stationed, or assigned to or employed upon any duty, in or near the District of Columbia. All officers detailed in sald corps shall be exclusively employed in the study of military problems, the preparation of plans for hundred and one of the General Staff duties in connection with troops, including the National Chard, or as military problems, the preparation of plans for hundred and properly employed: Provided, That not of

tary attachés la foreign countries, or on other duties, not of an administrative nature, on which they can be lawfully and properly employed: Provided, That no officer shall be detailed as a member of the General Staff Corps, other than the Chief of Staff and the general officers herein provided for as assistants to the Chief of Staff, except upon the recommendation of a board of five officers not below the rank of Colonel, who shall be selected by the President or the Secretary of War, and neither the Chief of Staff nor more than two other members of the General Staff Corps, ner any officer not a member of said corps, who shall have been stationed or employed on any duty in or near the District of Columbia withiu one year prior to the date of convening of any such board, shall be detailed as a

member thereof. No recommendation made by any such board shall, for more than one year after the making of such recommendation or at any time after the convening of another such board, unless again recommended by the new board, be valid as a basis for the detail of any officer as a member of the General Staff Corps; and no alteration whatever shall be made in any report or recommendation of any such board, either with or without the consent of members thereof, after the board shall have submitted such report or recommendation and shall have adjourned sine die: Provided further. That the War College shall remain fully subject to the supervising, co-ordinating, and informing powers conferred by law upon members of the General Staff Corps, and officers for duty as instructors or students in or as attaches of said college may be selected and detailed other than one director shall thereupon except the control of member thereof. No recommendation made by any such board shall, for more than one year after the making of such recommendation or at any time ness under his charge: Provided Purcher. That hereafter members of the cereal Staff Corps shall be confined strictly to the lscharge of the duties of the general nature of these steedied for them in the state of the duties of the general nature of these steedied for them in the state of the organization of the confined strictly of the confined

THE ADJUTANT GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT, SEC. 6. The Adjutant General's Department

shall consist of the Adjutant General with the rank of Brigadier General; seven Adjutants General with the rank of Colonel; thirteen Adjutants General with the rank of Lieutenant Colonel; and thirty Adjutants General with the rank of Major.

#### THE INSPECTOR GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

SEC. 7. The Inspector General's Department shall consist of one Inspector General with the rank of Brigadier General; four Inspectors General with the rank of Colonel; eight Inspectors General with the rank of Colonel; and sixteen Inspectors General with the rank of Major.

THE JUDGE ADVOCATE GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

SEC. 8. The Judge Advocate General's Department shall consist of one Judge Advocate General with the rank of Brigadier General; four Judge Advocates with the rank of Colonel; seven Judge Advocates with the rank of Colonel; and twenty Judge Advocates with the rank of Major: Provided, That acting Judge Advocates with the rank of Major: Provided, That acting Judge Advocates may be detailed under cates with the rank of Colonel; seven Judge Advocates with the rank of Lieutenant Colonel; and twenty Judge Advocates with the rank of Major: Provided, That acting Judge Advocates may be detailed under the provisions of existing law for separate prigades and for separate general count-martial jurisdictions, and when not immediately required for service with a geographical department, tactical division, separate brigade, or other separate general countries of the separate of the service with the service of the service may require: Provided Aurother, That, of the vacancies created in the Judge Advocate General's Department by this act, one such vacancy, not below the grade of Major, shall be filled by the appointment of a person from civil life, not less then forty-five nor more than fitty years of age, who shall have been for ten years a Judge of the Supreme Court of the Phillippine islands, shall have served for two years as a Captain in the regular or volunteer army, and shall be proficient in the Spanish language and laws: Provided further, That so much of the Act of Congress approved August twenty-fourth, nineteen hundred and twelve, as relates to the detachment or detail of officers for duty in the Judge Advocate General's Department shall hereafter be held to apply only to the acting Judgee Advocates autherized by law, and hereafter no officer shall be or remain detached from any command or assigned to any duty or station with intent to enable or aid him to pursue the study of laws. And provided further, That no officer of the Judge Advocate General's Department of the Judge Advocate General's Department of the supply only to the acting Judge Advocate General's Department cannination and be found disqualified for promotion before a board consisting of not less than two officers of the Judge Advocate General's Department two officers of the Judge Advocate General's Department of the Judge Advocate General's Department of the security of the sevice. Provided, That should any officer in the grade of Major of of the examinist board is concurred in by the board of evice in his floer reported disqualitied for protein shall be honorably discharged from the service with one year's pay. If the action of the examining board is disapproved by the board of review, the officer shall be considered qualified and shall be promoted: Provided Inther, That any Lleutenant Colonel of the Judge Advocate General's Department who, at his first examination for promotion to the grade of Colonel, has been found disqualified for such promotion for any reason other than physical disability incurred in the line of duty shall be suspended from promotion and his right thereto shall pass successively to such officers next below him in rank as are or may become eligible to promotion under existing law during the period of his suspension; and any such officer suspended from promotion shall be re-examined as soon as pracfrom promotion shall be re-examined as soon as prac-

tleable after the expiration of one year from the date tleable after the expiration of one year from the date of the completion of the examination that resulted in his suspension; and if on such re-examination he is found qualified for promotion, he shall again become eligible thereto; but if he is found disqualified or yeason of physical disability incurred in fine of duty in either examination, he shall be retired with the ranket which he scioutly entitled hind with the ranket which he scioutly entitled hind by reason of such physical disability, but is found disqualified for promotion for any other reason in the second examination, he shall be retired without promotion. out promotion.

THE QUARTERMASTER CORPS.

SEC. 9. The Quartermaster Corps shall consist of one Quartermaster General with the rank of Major General; two assistants to the Quartermaster of one Quartermaster General with the rank of Major General; two assistants to the Quartermaster General; twenty-one Colonels; twenty-four Lieutenant Colonels; skty-eight Majors; one hundred and eighty Captains; and the pay clerks now in active service, who shall hereafter have the rank, pay, and allowances of a Second Lieutenant, and the President is hereby authorized to appoint and commission them, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, Second Lieutenants in the Quartermaster Corps, United States Army. The total enlisted strength of the Quartermaster Corps and the number in each grade shall be limited and fixed from time to time by the President in accordance with the needs of the army, and shall consist of Quartermaster Sergeants, enlor grade; Quartermaster Sergeants; Sergeants, first class; Sergeants; Corporals; cooks; privates, first class; Sergeants; Corporals; cooks; privates, such provided, That the master electricians now authorized by law for the Quartermaster Corps shall hereafter be known as Quartermaster Sergeants, enior grade, and shall be included in the number of Quarternaster Sergeants, senior grade, therein authorized: And provided further, That all work pertaining to construction and repair that has heretofore been done by or under the direction of officers of the Quartermaster Corps shall, except as otherwise now provided by laws or regulations, hereafter be done by or under the direction of officers of sald corps.

THE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT,
SEC. 10. The Medical Department shall consist
of one Surgeon General, with the rank of Major
General during the active service of the present
incumbent of that office, and thereafter with the rank
of Brigadier General, who shall be chief of said department, a Medical Corps, a Medical Reserve Corps
within the limit of time filed by this act, a Dental
Corps, a Veterlary Corps, and enlisted force, the
Nurse Corps and contract surgeons as now authorleved by law the commissioned officers of which shall

Nurse Corps and contract surgeons as now authorleved by law, the commissioned officers of which shall
be citizens of the United States.

The Medical Corps shall consist of commissioned
officers below the grade of Brigadier General, proportionally distributed among the several grades
as in the Medical Corps now established by law.
The total number of such officers shall approximately be equal to, but not exceed, except as hereinafter provided, seven for every one thousand of
the total enlisted strength of the regular army
authorized from time to time by law; Provided,
That if by reason of a reduction by law in the authorized enlisted strength of the army aforesaid, the total
number of officers in the Medical Corps commissioned
previously to such reduction shall for the time number of officers in the Medical Corps commissioned previous of the state of the decided corps commissioned previous of the state of the decided corps shall be made until the total number of commissioned of such reduced enlisted strength no original appointment to commissioned rank in said corps shall be made until the total number of commissioned officers thereof shall have been reduced below the equivalent of seven to the thousand of the said reduced enlisted strength, nor thereafter so as to make the total number of commissioned officers thereof in excess of the equivalent of seven to the thousand of and reduced enlisted strength; and no promotion shall be made above the grade of Captain in said corps until the number of officers in the grade above that of Captain to which the promotion is due shall have been reduced below the proportional number authorized for such grade on the basis of the reduced enlisted strength, nor thereafter so as to make the number of officers in such grade in excess of the proportional number authorized for such grade in excess of the proportional number authorized for such grade in excess of the proportional number authorized for such grade in excess of the proportional number authorized for such grade in excess of the proportional number authorized for such grade in excess of the proportional number authorized for such grade in excess of the proportional number authorized for such grade in excess of the proportional number authorized for such grade in excess of the proportional number authorized for such grade in excess of the proportional number authorized for such grade in excess of the proportional number authorized for such grade in excess of the proportional number authorized for such grade in excess of the proportional number authorized for such grade in excess of the proportional number authorized for such grade in excess of the proportional number authorized for such grade in excess of the equivalent for the excess of the equivalent for the equivalent for the equivalent grade in excess of the proportional number authorized on the basis of said reduced enlisted strength; Provided further, That when in time of war the regular army shall have been increased by virtue!

of the provisions of this or any other act, the medical officers appointed to meet such increase shall be homorably discharged from the service of the United States when the reduction of the enlisted strength of the service of the United States when the reduction of the enlisted strength of the service of the United States between the sees of the united states between the ages of twenty-two and thirty years and shall be promoted to the grade of Captain upon the completion of five years' service in the Medical Corps and upon passing the examinations prescribed by the President for promotion to the grade of Captain in the Medical Corps: Provided further, That relative rank among Captains in the Medical Corps, who have or shall have attained that rank by operation of law after a period of service fixed thereby, shall be determined by counting all the service readered by them as officers in said corps and as assistant surgeons in the regular army, subject however, to loss of files by reason of sentence of court-martial or by reason of failure to pass examination for promotion. Provided further, That here of the provisions of this or any other act, the medical

court-martial or by reason of sentence of court-martial or by reason of sentence of court-martial or by reason of sentence. That hereafter the President shall be authorized to detail not to exceed five officers of the Medical Department of the army for duty with the military relief division of the American National Red Cross. The enlisted force of the Medical Department shall consist of the following personnel, who shall not be included in the effective strength of the army nor counted as a part of the enlisted force provided by law: Master hospital Sergeants, hospital Sergeants, Corporals, cooks, horseshoers, saddlers, farriers, mechanics, privates (first-class), and privates: Provided, That master hospital Sergeant shill be appointed by the Secretary of War, but no person shall be appointed master hospital Sergeant until he shall have passed a satisfactory examination under such regulations as the Secretary of War may prescribe before a board of one or more medical officers as to his qualifications for the position, including knowledge board of one or more medical officers as to his qualifications for the position, including knowledge of pharmacy, and demonstrated his fitness therefor by service of not less than twelve months as hospital Sergeant or Sergeant, first-class, Medical Department, or as Sergeant, first-class, Medical Department, or as Sergeant, first-class, in the Hospital Corps now established by law; and no person shall be designated for such examination except by written authority of the Surgeon General: Provided further, That original enlistments for the Medical Department shall be made in the grade of reveals and recombine meronotions of enlisted. private, and re-enlistments and promotions of enlisted men therein, except as hereinbetore prescribed, and transfers thereto from the enlisted force of the line of other staff departments and corps of the army shall be governed by such regulations as the Sccretary of War may prescribe: \*Provided further.\* That the enlisted men of the Hospital Corps who are in active service at the time of the approval of this act are hereby transferred to the corresponding grades of the Medleal Department established by this act. \*Provided further.\* That the total number of enlisted men in the Medleal Department shall be approximately equal to, but not exceed, except as hereinafter provided, the equivalent of five per centum of the total enlisted strength of the army authorized from time to time by law: \*Provided further.\* That in time of actual or threatened hostilities, the Secretary of War is hereby authorized to enlist or cause to be enlisted in the Medleal Department such additional number of men as the service may require: \*Provided further.\* That the number of enlisted men in each of the several grades designated below shall not exceed, except as hereinafter provided, the following percentages of the total authorized enlisted strength of the Medleal Department, to wit: Master hospital Sergeants, one-half of one per centum; Sergeants, Ifist-class, seven per centum; Sergeants, Ifist-class, seven per centum; Sergeants, Ifist-class, seven per centum; men therein, except as hereinbefore prescribed, and transfers thereto from the enlisted force of the line of one per centum; hospital Sergeants, one-half of one per centum; Sergeants, Irst-class, seven per centum; Sergeants, eleven per centum; Corporals, five per centum; and cooks, six per centum; Corporals, five per centum; and cooks, six per centum; Froulded Turther, That the number of horsesboers, saddlers, farriers, and mechanics in the Medical Department shall not exceed one each to each authorized ambulance company or like organization: Provided further, That privates, first-class, of the Medical Department shall be eligible for ratings for additional pay as follows: As dispensary assistants, \$2 a month; as nurse, \$3 a month; as surgical assistant, \$5 a month: Provided further, That no enlisted man shall receive more than one rating for additional pay under the provisions of this section, nor shall any enlisted man receive any additional pay under

such rating unless he shall have actually performed the duties for which he shall he rated.

The President is hereby authorized to appoint and commission, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, dental surgeons, who are clitzens of the Senate, dental surgeons, who are clitzens of the Senate, dental surgeons, who are clitzens of the United States between the ages of twenty-one and twenty-seven years, at the rate of one for each one thousand enlisted men of the line of the army, bental surgeons shall have the rank, pay, and allowances of First Lieutenants until they have completed eight years' service. Dental surgeons of more than eight but less than twenty-lour years service shall, subject to such examination as the President may prescribe, have the rank, pay, and allowances of Captains. Dental surgeons of more than twenty-lour years service shall, subject to such examination as the President may prescribe, have the rank, pay, and allowances of state of the standard allowances of a prescribed to such examination as the President may prescribed to such examination as the President may prescribed to such examination as the President of the standard prescribed to such examination as the President of the standard prescribed to such examination as the President of the standard prescribed to such examination as the President of the standard prescribed to such examination as the President of the standard prescribed to such examination as the President of the standard prescribed to such examination of the standard prescribed to such examination of the standard prescribed to such examination as the President of the standard prescribed to such examination of the standard prescribed to such examination as the prescribed prescribed to such examination of the standard prescribed to such examination as the prescribed prescribed to such examination as the prescribed prescribed to such examination as the prescribed prescribed to such examination and the standard prescribed to such examination as the provision of the s

surgeons. Authority is hereby given to the Secretary of War to grant permission, by revocable lluense, to the American National Red Cross to erect and maintain on any military reservations within the jurisdiction of the United States buildings, suitable for the storage of supplies, or to occupy for that purpose buildings erected by the United States, under such regulations as the Secretary of War may preseribe, such supplies to be available for the aid of the civillan population in case of serious national disaster.

disaster.

#### CORPS OF ENGINEERS.

SEC. 11. The Corps of Engineers shall consist of one Chief of Engineers, with the rank of Brigadier General; twenty-three Colonels; thirty Lieutenant Colonels; seventy-two Majors; one hundred and fifty-two Captalns; one hundred and forty-eight First Lieutenants; seventy-nine Second Lieutenants;

Inty-two Captains; one nutured and inty-earn First Lieuteiants; seventy-nine Second Lieutenants; and the enlisted men hereinatter enumerated. The Engineer troops of the Corps of Engineers shall consist of one band, seven regiments, and two mounted battalions.

Each regiment of Engineers shall consist of one Cotonel; one Lieutenant Colonel; two Majors; eleven Captains; twelve First Lieutenants; six Second Lieutenants; two master engineers, senior grade; one regimental Sergeant Major; two regimental supply Sergeants; two Color Sergeants; one Sergeant bugler; one cook; one wagoner for each authorized wagoo of the field and combat train, and two battalions. Each battalion of a regiment of Engineers shall sergeant Major; three master engineers, junior grade; and three companies.

The enlisted force of the Corps of Engineers and the officers serving therewith shall constitute a part of the line of the army.

#### THE ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.

SEC. 12. The Ordnance Department shall consist of one Chief of Ordnance, with the rank of Brigadier General; ten Colonels; fitten Lieutenant Colonels; thirty-two Majors; forty-two Captains; forty-two First Lieutenants; the Ordnance Sergeants as now authorized by law, and such other enlisted men of grades now authorized by law as the President may direct: Provided, That Ordnance Sergeants shall be selected by the Secretary of War from the Sergeants of the line or Ordnance Department who shall have served faithfully for eight years, including four years in the grade of non-commissioned four years in the grade of non-commissioned officer.

# THE SIGNAL CORPS.

THE SIGNAL CORPS.

SEC. 13. The Signal Corps shall consist of one Chief Signal Officer, with the rank of Brigadier General; three Coloneis; eight Lleutenant Coloneis; ten Majors; thirty Captains; seventy-flue First Lieutenants; and the aviation section, which shall consist of one Colonel; one Lieutenant Colonel; eight Majors; twenty-four Captains; and one hundred and fourteen First Lleutenants, who shall be selected from among officers of the army at large of corresponding grades or from among officer of the grade below, exclusive of those serving by detail in staff corps or departments, who are qualified as military aviators, and shall be detailed to serve as aviation officers for periods of four years unless sooner

aviation examining board, which shall be composed of three officers of experience in the aviation service and two medical officers, shall have examined him, under general regulations to be prescribed by the Secretary of War and published to the army by the War Department, and shall have reported him to be qualified for the rating. No person shall receive the rating of military aviator until he shall have served creditably for three years as an aviator. aviator.

Each aviation officer authorized by this act shall, while on duty that requires him to participate regularly and frequently in aerial flights, receive an increase of twenty-five per centum in the pay of his grade and length of service under his commission. regularly and frequently in aerial flights, receive an increase of twenty-five per centum in the pay of his grade and length of service under his commission. Each duly qualified junior military aviator shall, while so serving, have the rank, pay, and allowances of one grade higher than that held by him under his commission if his rank under said commission be not higher than that of Captain, and while on duty requiring him to participate regularly and frequently in aerial flights he shall receive in addition an increase of fifty per centum in the pay of his grade and length of service under his commission. Each military aviator shall, who so scale higher than that held and allowances to the stank pay, and allowance to seem the higher than that held and commission be not higher than that held and commission be not higher than that held and commission be not higher him to participate regularly and frequently in aerial flights be shall receive in addition an increase of seventy-five per centum of the pay of his grade and length of service under his commission: Provided farther, That the provisions of the act of March second, nineteen hundred and thirteen, allowing increase of pay and allowances to officers detailed by the Secretary of War on aviation duty, are hereby repealed: Provided further, That hereafter married officers of the line of the army shall be eligible equally with unmarried officers, and subject to the same conditions, for detail to aviation duty; and the Secretary of War on aviation duty, are hereby repealed in the art of flying as he may deem necessary: Provided further, That hereafter the age of officers shall not be a bar to their first detail in the aviation section of the Signal Corps, and neither their age nor their rank shall be a bar to their first detail in the aviation section of the Signal Corps, and help the deciral and the secretary of War hand have authority to cause as many enlisted men of the aviations cection of the signal corps, and that grade is hereby created. The personned the

The total enlisted strength of the Signal Corps anall be limited and fixed from time to time by the President in accordance with the needs of the army, and shall consist of master signal electricians; Sergeants, first class; Sergeants; Corporals; cooks; horse-shoers; private, first class, and privates; the number in each grade being fixed from tine to time by the President. Authority is hereby given the Presi-dent to organize, in his discretion, such part of the commissioned and enlisted personnel of the Signal Corps into such number of companies, battallons, and aero equadrons as the necessities of the service may demand.

#### BUREAU OF INSULAR AFFAIRS.

SEC. 14. Nothing in this act shall be construed to repeal existing laws relating to the organization of the Bureau of Insular Affairs of the War Depart-

SEC. 15. The President is authorized to appoint by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, chaplains in the army at the rate of not to exceed, including chaplains now in service, one for each regiment of Cavalry, Infantry, Field Artillery, and Engineers, and one for each one thousand two hundred officers and men of the Coast Artillery Corps, with rank, pay, and allowances as now authorized by law. Provided, That in the appointment of chaplains in the regular army, preference and priority shall be given to applicant veterans, if otherwise duly qualified and who shall not have passed the age of forty-one years at the time of application, who have rendered honorable war service in the army of the United States or who have been honorably discharged from such army.

#### VETERINARIANS.

Szc. 16. The President is hereby authorized, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, to appoint veretinarians and assistant veterinarians now in service, two suca o fleers for each regiment of Cavairy, one for exceed including veterinarians now in service, two suca o fleers for each regiment of Cavairy, one for each mounted battalion of engineers, seventeen as inspectors of horses and mules and as veterinarians in the Quartermaster Corps, and seven as inspectors of of the Quartermaster Corps; and said veterioarians and assistant veterinarians shall be citizens of the United States and shall constitute the Veterinary Corps and shall be a part of the Medical Department of the army. Hereafter a candidate for appointment as assistant veterinarian must be a citizen of the United States, between the ages of twenty-one and twenty-seven years, a graduate of a recognized veterinary colloge or university, and shall not be appointed until he shall have passed a satisfactory examination as to character, pinysical condition, general education, and professional qualifications. And professional qualifications are shall, for the first five years of service he shall have the rank, pay, and allowances of Second Lieutenant; that after five years of service he shall have the rank, pay, and allowances of First Lieutenant that after fifteen years of service he shall have the rank, pay, and allowances of First Lieutenant that after fifteen years of service he shall be promoted to be a veterinarian with the rank, pay, and allowances of service he shall be promoted to be a veterinarian with the rank, pay, and allowances of first Lieutenant that after fifteen years of service he shall be promoted to be a veterinarian with the rank, pay, and allowances of first Lieutenant that after fifteen years of service he shall be promoted to be a veterinarian with the rank, pay, and allowances of Service he shall he promoted to be a veterinarian that after fifteen years of service he shall be promoted to be a veterinarian that after fifte

in order to be promoted as nerelaborary revolved, must first pass a satisfactory examination, under such rules as the President may prescribe, as to professional qualifications and adaptability for the military service; and if such assistant veterinarian shall be found deficient at such examination be shall be discharged from the army with one year's

shall be discharged from the army with one year's Pay.

The veterinarians of Cavairy and Field Artillery now in the army, together with such veterinarians of the Quartermaster Corps as are now employed in said corps, who at the date of the approval of this act shall have had less than five years' governmental service, may be appointed in the Veterinary Corps as assistant veterinarians with the rank, pay, and allowances of Second Lieutenant; those who shall have had over five years of such service may be appointed in said corps as assistant veterinarians with the rank, pay, and allowances of First Lieutenant; and those who shall have had over fiveen years of such service may be appointed in said corps as veterinarians with any beap pointed in said corps as veterinarians with any beap pointed in appointment of any veterinarians with the rank, pay, and allowances of Captain: Provided, That no such appointment of any veterinarian shall be made unless he shall first pass satisfactorily a practical professional and physical examination as to his fitness

for the military service: Provided further, That veterinarians now in the army or in the employ of the Quartermaster Corps who shall fall to pass the prescribed physical examination because of disability incident to the service and sufficient to prevent them from the performance of duty valuable to the Government shall be placed upon the retired list of the army with seventy-five per centum of the pay to which they would have been entitled if appointed in the Veterinary Corps as hereinbefore prescribed.

The Secretary of War upon recommendation of the Surgeon General of the army, may appoint in the Veterinary Corps, for such time as their services may be required, such number of reserve veterinarians as may be necessary to attend public animals pertaining to the Quartermaster Corps. Reserve veterinarinans as employed shall have the pay and allowances of Second Lieuenant during such employ-

allowances of Second Lieutenant during such employallowances of Second Lieutenant during such employ-ment and no longer: Provided, That such reserve veterinarians shall be graduates of a recognized veterinary college or university and shall pass a satisfactory examination as to character, physical condition, general education, and professional qualifications in like manner as hereinbefore re-quired of assistant veterinarians; such reserve veterinarians shall constitute a list of eligibles for appointment as assistant veterinarians, subject to all the conditions hereinbefore prescribed for the appointment of assistant veterinarians.

appointment as assistant Veterinarians, subject to all the conditions hereinbefore prescribed for the appointment of assistant veterinarians. Within a limit of time to be fixed by the Secretary of War, candidates for appointment as assistant veterinarians who shall have passed satisfactority the examinations prescribed for that grade by this act shall be appointed, in the order of merit in which they shall have passed such examination, to vacancies as they occur, such appointments to be for a probationary period of two years, after which time, if the services of the probationers shall have been satisfactory, they shall be permanently appointed with rank to date from the dates of rank of their probationary appointments. Probationary veterinarians whose services are found unsatisfactory shall be discharged at any time during the probationary period, or at the end thereof, and shall have no further claims against the Government on account of their probationary service.

The Secretary of War shall from time to time appoint boards of examiners to conduct the veterinary examinations hereinbefore prescribed, each of said boards to consist of three medical officers and two veterinarians.

veterinarians. two

#### COMPOSITION OF INFANTRY UNITS.

SEC. 17. Each regiment of Infantry shall consist of one Colonel, one Lieutenant Colonel, three Majors, fifteen Captains, sixteen First Lieutenants, fifteen Second Lieutenants, one headquarters company, one machine-gun company, one supply company, and twelve Infantry companies organized into three battalions of four companies each. The commissioned officers required for the Infantry headquarters, supply, and machine-gun companies and for the companies organized into battalions shall be assigned for those hereinbefore authorized.

authorized.

#### COMPOSITION OF CAVALRY UNITS.

SEC. 18. Each regiment of Cavalry shall consist of one colonel, one Licutenant Colonel, three Majors, fifteen Captains, sixteen First Lieutenants, sixteen Second Lieutenants, one headquarters troop, one machine-gun troop, one supply troop, and twelve troops organized into three squadrons of four troops each.

The commissioned officers required for the Cavalry headquarters, supply, and machine-gun troops, and for the troops organized into squadrons, shall be assigned from those hereinbefore authorized.

### COMPOSITION OF FIELD ARTILLERY UNITS.

COMPOSITION OF FIELD ARTILLERY UNITS.

SEC. 19. The Field Artilliery, including mountain artillery, light artillery, horse artillery, heavy artillery (field and siege types), shall consist of one hundred and twenty-six gun or howitzer batteries organized into twenty-one regiments. In time of actual or threatened hostilities the President is authorized to organize such number of ammunition batteries and battalions, depot hatteries and battalions, and such artilliery parks with such numbers and grades of personnel and such organizations as he may deem necessary. The

officers necessary for such organization shall be supplied from the Officers' Reserve Corps provided by this act and by temporary appointment as authorized by section eight of the Act of Congress approved April twenty-fifth, nineteen hundred and fourteen. The enlisted men necessary for such organizations shall be supplied from the Regular Army Reserve provided by this act or from the lar Army Reserve provided by this act or from the

lar Army Reserve provided by this act or irom one regular army.

Each regiment of Field Artillery shall consist of one Colonel, one Lieutenant Colonel, one Captain, one headquarters company, one supply company, and such number of gun and howitzer battalions as the President may direct. Nothing shall prevent the assembling, in the same regiment, of gun and howitzer battalions of different calibres and classes.

ciasses. COAST ARTILLERY CORPS.

SEC. 20. The Coast Artillery Corps shall consist of one Chief of Coast Artillery, with the rank of Brigadier General; twenty-four Colonels; twenty-four Lieutenant Colonels; sventy-fow Majors; three hundred and sixty Captains; three hundred and sixty Second Lieutenants, three hundred and sixty Second Lieutenants, thirty-one Sergeants Major, senior grade; sixty-four, Sergeants Major, Junior grade; forty-one master electricians; seventy-two engineers; inhecty-nine electrician Sergeants, first class; two fundred and seventy-five assistant engineers; inhecty-nine electrician Sergeants, second elass; one hundred and sixty-three First Sergeants; two hundred and sixty-three supply Sergeants; two hundred and sixty-three supply Sergeants; two hundred and sixty-three mess Sergeants; two thousand one hundred and four Sergeants; two thousand one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and our Sergeants; the housand one hundred and one hundred and our Sergeants; three housand one hundred and sixty-three mess Sergeants; two thousand one hundred and sixty-three mess Sergeants; three housand one hundred and sixty-three mess Sergeants; three hundred and sixty-three mess Sergeants should should should should should should should should should should should should should should shoul and says and sergeants; two thousand one hundred and flotr Sergeants; two thousand one hundred and flotr-six Corporals; five hundred and twenty-six cooks; five hundred and twenty-six buglers; five thousand two hundred and twenty-six buglers; five thousand two hundred and twenty-six buglers; five thousand two hundred and twenty-five privates, first class; fitcen thousand six hundred and seventy-five privates; and eighteen bands, organized as hereinbefore provided for the engineer band. The rated men of the Coast Artiliery Corps shall consist of casemate electriclans; observers, first class; plotters; chief planters; cox-swains; chief loaders; observers, second class; gun commanders and gun pointers. The total number of rated men shall not exceed one thousand seven hundred and eighty-four. Coxwains shall receive \$9 per month in addition to the pay of their grade.

### PORTO RICO REGIMENT OF INFANTRY.

Porto Rico Regiment of Infantry of the United States Army shall hereafter have the same organization, and the same grades and numbers of commissioned officers and enlisted men, as are by this act or shall hereafter be prescribed by law for other regiments of Infantry of the army. All vacancies created by this act or occurring hereafter in commissioned offices of said regiment above the grade of Second Lieutenant and below the grade of Golonel shall, except as hereinafter provided to the contrary, be filled by promotion according to seniority in the several grades and within the regiment, subject to the examination prescribed by section three of the Act of Congress approved October first, eighteen hundred and minety, and said section is hereby extended so as to apply in the cases of all officers below the grade of Leutenant Colonel, who shall hereafter be examined for promotion in the Porto Rico Regiment of Infantry, except that the President may prescribe such a system of examination for the promotion of officers of said regiment shall be detailed by the President, from among officers of Infantry of the army not below the grade of Lieutenant Colonel, for a period of four years unless sooner relieved. Vacancies created by this act in the grades of Lieutenant in regimental rank of the Porto Rico regiment shall be filled by appointments from the senior Captains in regimental rank of the Porto Rico regiment shall be filled by promotions as may be approved by the Secretary of War; but vacancies created by such detachment of officers shall also be eligible for such detached service, transfer, or assignment to duty with other organizations as may be approved by the Secretary of War; but vacancies created by such detachment of officers shall not be filled by promotions appointments.

All men hereafter enlisting in said regiment shall be natives of Porto Rico. All enlistments in the

regiment shall hereafter be the same as is provided herein for the regular army, and the regiment, or any part thereof, may be ordered for service outside the island of Porto Rico. The pay and allowances of members of said regiment shall be the same as provided by law for officers and enlisted men of like grades in the require gays.

ances of members of said regiment shall be the same as provided by law for officers and enlisted men of like grades in the regular army.

Vacancies created by this act or occurring hereafter in the grade of Second Lieutenant in said regiment shall be illed during any calendar year by the appointment by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, of any native of Porto Rico graduated from the United States Military Academy, and, after such appointment shall have been made or provided for, by like appointment of native clizen of Porto Rico between twenty-one and twenty-seven years of age.

On and twenty-seven years of age.

On June thirdeth, inheteen hundred and infantry, United States Army, who hold commissions in the Porto Rico Provisional Regiment of Litarty on June thirdeth, inheteen hundred and eight of the same relative order held by them in said of the same relative order held by them in said of the same relative order held by them in said some of the provisional Regiment of Infantry on June thirdeth, nineteen during the examinations for promotion or to sentence of court-martial.

Sec. 22. All evising laws portialize to a martial. SEC. 22

martial.

SEC, 22. All existing laws pertaining to or affecting the United States Military Academy and civilian or malitary personnel on duty thereat in any capacity whatever, the officers and enlisted men on the retired list, the detached and additional officers under the Act of Congress approved March third, nineteen hundred and eleven, recruiting parties, recruit depots and unsassigned recruits, service school detachments, United States disciplinary barracks guards, disciplinary organizations, the Philippine Scouts, and Inoian Scouts shall continue and remain in force except as herein specifically provided otherwise.

# ORIGINAL APPOINTMENTS TO BE PROVISIONAL.

ORIGINAL APPOINTMENTS TO BE PROVISIONAL.

SEC. 23. Hereafter all appointments of persons other than graduates of the United States Millitary Academy to the grade of Second Lieutenant in the regular army shall be provisional for a period of two years, at the close of which period such appointments shall be made permanent if the appointness shall have demonstrated, under such regulations as the President may prescribe, their suitability and moral, professional, and physical fitness for such permanent appointment, but should any appointee fail so to demonstrate his suitability and fitness, his appointment shall terminate; and should any officer become ellelible for promotion to a vacancy in a higher grade and qualify therefor before the expiration of two years from the date of his organization of two years from the date of his organization of two years from the date of his organization of two years from the date of his organization of two years from the date of his organization of two years from the date of his original appointment, or shall terminate if he shall fail so to qualify.

INCREASE TO BE MADE IN FIVE INCREMENTS.

#### INCREASE TO BE MADE IN FIVE INCREMENTS

INCREASE TO BE MADE IN FIVE INCREMENTS.
SEC. 24. Except as otherwise specifically provided by this act, the increases in the commissioned and enlisted personnel of the regular army provided by this act shall be made in five annual increments, each of which shall be, in each grade of each arm, corps, and department, as nearly as practicable, one-fifth of the total increase authorized for each arm, corps, and department. Officers promoted to vacancies created or caused by the addition of the first increment shall be promoted to rank from July first, mineteen hundred and sixteen, and those promoted to vacancies created or caused by the second increment shall be promoted to rank from July first, mineteen hundred and seventeen; those promoted to vacancies created or caused by the addition of the third increment shall be promoted to rank from July first, nineteen hundred and eighteen; those promoted to vacancies created or caused by the addition of the fourth increment shall be promoted to rank from July first, nineteen hundred and nineteen; and those promoted to fifth increment, shall be promoted to fifth increment, shall be promoted to rank from July first, nineteen hundred and twenty. \*Provided\*\*. That in the event of actual or threatened war or similar emergency in which the public safety demands Except as otherwise specifically

it the President is authorized to immediately organit the President is additionated to immediately organize the entire increase authorized by this act, or so much thereof as be may deem necessary, and when, in the Judgment of the President, war becomes imminent, all of said organizations that shall then be below the maximum enlisted strength authorized by law shall be raised forthwith to that strength, and shall be maintained as nearly as possible thereat so long as war, or the imminence of war, shall continue

Vacancies in the grade of Second Lieutenant created or caused by the increases due to this act, in any fiscal year shall be filled by appointment in the following order: (1) Of cadets graduated from the United States Military Academy during in the following order: (1) Of cadets graduated from the United States Military Academy during the preceding fiscal year for whom vacancles did not become available during the fiscal year in which they were graduated; (2) under the provisions of existing law, of enlisted men, including officers of the Phillippine Scouts, whose fitness for promotion shall have been determined by competitive examination; (3) of members of the Officers' Reserve Corps between the ages of twenty-one and twenty-seven years; (4) of commissioned officers the National Guard between the ages of twenty-one and twenty-seven years, of distinguished colleges as are now or may hereafter be entitled to preference by general orders of the War Department; and (6) of candidates from civil life between the ges of twenty-one and twenty-seven years; and the President is authorized to make the necessary rules and regulations to carry these provisions into

the President is authorized to make the necessary rules and regulations to carry these provisions into effect: Provided, That any such original vacancies not to be filled and remaining at the time of graduation of any class at the United States Military Academy, may be filled by the appointment of members of that class; and all vacancies in the grade members of that class; and all vacancies in the grade of Second Lieutenaut not created or caused by the Increases due to this act shall be filled as provided in the act making appropriation for the support of the army, approved March third, nineteen hundred and eleven: Provided Jurther, That enlisted men of the regular army who have completed one year's service with an organization may become candidates for vacancies in the grade of Second Lieutenaut created or caused by the increases due to the operation of this act: Provided Jurther, That appointments to the grade of Second Lieutenaut in the Corps of Engineers, including those created by this act. ments to the grade of Second Lieutenant in the Corps of Engineers, including those created by this act, shall continue to be made as now provided by law, but that officers of the army or navy of the United States may become candidates for said appointments under the provisions of section five of the Act of Congress approved February twenty-seventh, nineteen hundred and eleven, without previously vacating their commissions as officers and that the Secretary of War may, in his discretion, allow persons to become candidates without previously establishing eligibility for appointment as junior engineer under the Engineer Bureau of the War Department: Provided further, That officers appointed to original vacancies in the grade of Second Lieutenant created or caused by this act shall take lineal tenant created or caused by this act shall take lineal tenant created or caused by this act shall take lineal and relative rank according to dates of appointment, and the lineal and relative rank of Second Lieutenants appointed on the same date shall be determined under such regulations as the Secretary of War may prescribe: "Provided parther, That the President may recommission persons who have heretofore held commissions in the regular army and have left the service honorably, after ascertaining that they are qualified for service plysically, morally, and as to age and military fitness; such recommissioned officers shall take rank at the foot of the respective grades which they held the foot of the respective grades which they held at the time of their separation from the army: Produced further, That the provisions of existing law requiring examinations to determine fitness promotion of officers of the army are hereby extended to include promotions to all grades below that of Brigadier General: Provided further, That examinations of officers in the grades of Major and Lleutenant Colonel shall be confined to problems involving the higher functions of staff duties and command: And provided further, That in time of war retired officers of the army may be employed on active duty, in the discretion of the President, and when so employed they shall receive the full pay and allowances of their grade: And provided further, That hereafter any retired officer, who has been or the foot of the respective grades which they held

shall be detailed on active duty, shall receive the rank, pay, and allowances of the grade, not above that of Major, that he would have attained in due course of promotion if he had remained on the active list for a period beyond the date of his retirement equal to the total amount of time during which he has been detailed on active duty since his retire-

#### THE DETACHED OFFICERS.

THE DETACHED OFFICERS.

SEC. 25. That on July first, nineteen hundred and sixteen, the linc of the army shall be increased by eight hundred and twenty-two extra officers of the Cavalry, Field Artillery, Coast Artillery Corps, and Infantry arms of the service, of grades from First Lieutenant to Colonel, inclusive, lawfully available for detachment from their proper arms for duty with the National Guard, or other duty, the usual period of which exceeds one year. Said extra officers, together with the two hundred detached officers provided for by the Act of Congress approved March third, nineteen hundred and eleven, shall, on and after July first, nineteen hundred and sixteen, constitute the Detached Officers List, and all positions vacated by officers assigned to said list, and the officers so assigned, shall be subject to the provisions of section twenty-seven of the Act of Congress approved February second, nineteen hundred and one, with reference to details to the staff corps. The total number of officers hereby authorized for each grade ou said list exhall be in proportion to the total number of officers shall be in proportion to the total number of officers shall be in proportion to the total number of officers shall be in proportion to the total number of officers shall be in proportion to the total number of officers shall be in proportion to the total number of the extra of the staff of the st mineteen hundred and one, with reference to details to the staff corps. The total number of officers hereby authorized for each grade ou said list entire shall be in proportion to the total number of officers of the corresponding grade now authorized by law other than this act for all of the said four arms combined, exclusive of Second Lieutenants and of the two hundred extra officers authorized by the Act of Congress approved March third, nineteen hundred and eleven, and exclusive also of the additional officers authorized by the act to restore lineal rank lost through the system of regimental promotion formerly in force; and the total number of officers hereby authorized for each grade in each of said arms on said list shall be in the proportion borner by the number of officers now authorized by law other than this act for such such proposition borner by the said four arms combined, exclusive of the extra number of officers in the proportion of the said four arms combined, exclusive of the extra number of officers has thereinbefore specifica and excluded: Provided, that all vacancies created or caused by the foregoing provisions of this section in grades above that of Second Lieutenantshall be filled by promotion according to law existing on and before the date of approval of this act, and subject to the examinations prescribed by existing law. As soon as practicable after such promotions shall have been made, there shall be detached from each arm and assigned to the Detached Officers Islat a number of officers of each grade equal to the number of officers of each grade equal to the benefits of the service but the assignment of an officer and provisions of this section; and thereafter any vacancy created or caused in any of the said arms of the service but the arm in which such vacancy shall occur. Provided further, That no officer of any of said arms of the service bat he arm in which such vacancy shall occur. Provided further, That no officer of any of said arms of the service shall be permitted to remain o said arms of the service shall be permitted to remain on said Detached Ofteers' List for more than forty-five days unless he shall have been actually present for duty for at least two years out of the last preceding six years with an organization composed of one or more statutory units, or the equivalent thereof, of the arm to which he shall belong. Any vacancy created in said list by the removal of any officer therefrom because he shall not have been present for duty as before prescribed in this provise shall be filled by the transfer to said list of an officer having the same grade and belonging to the same arm as the officer whose removal from said list shall have created said vacancy; but, except as before prescribed in this provise, all officers who shall have been assigned to said list shall remain thereon for not less than four years from the respective dates of their assignment thereto, unless in the mean time they shall have been separated entirely from the army, or shall have been promoted or appointed to higher offices, or shall have been retired from active service: Provided further, That after the apportionment of officers to said Detached Officers' List shall have been made as authorized by this act, whenever any vacancy shall have been caused in said list by the separation of an officer of any grade therefrom, such vacancy shall, except as prescribed in the last preceding proviso, be filled by the detail and assignment to said list of an officer of the corresponding grade in that arm in which there shall be found the officer of the next lower grade who at that time shall be the senior in length of commissioned service of all the officers of the said lower grade in all of the four arms hereinbefore specified; if two more officers of different arms shall be found to appear of the said lower grade in said lover grade, the question of seniority shall be decided by their relative status of seniority shall be decided by their relative status of seniority shall be decided by their relative status in the last of further. That, with a vice of the ermy: Provided further, That, with a vice of the ermy: Provided further, That, with a vice of the ermy: Provided further, and the status of the ermy: Provided further, the Cava Institute of the ermy: Provided further, the Cava Institute of the ermy: Provided further, the Cava Institute of the ermy: Provided further, the cava Institute of the ermy: Provided further, that is a status of the ermy: Provided further, that is a status of the ermy of

# RETIREMENT OF OFFICERS OF PHILIPPINE SCOUTS.

SEC. 26. Captains and Lieutenants of Philippine Scouts who are citizens of the United States shall be reatter be entitled to retirement under the laws severaing the retirement of enlisted men of the regular army, except that they shall be retired in the grade held by them at the date of retirement, shall be entitled to retirement for disability under the same conditions as officers of the regular army, and that they shall be entitled to retirement for disability under the same conditions as officers of the regular army, and that they shall receive, as retired pay, the amounts allowed by law, as retired pay and allowances of master signal electricians of the United States Army, and no more: Provided, That double time for service beyond the continental limits of the United States shall not be counted for the purposes of this section so as to reduce the actual period of service below twenty years: Provided further, That former officers of the Philiopine Scouts who, hecause of disability occasioned by wounds received in action, have resigned or been discharged as such for a period of more than a constant and have been retired as a enlisted more as and have been retired as a enlisted more as a constant of the provided further, That any former officers of Philippine Scouts who wacated his office in the provided by and provided further, That any former officer of Philippine Scouts by discharge or resignation of account of disability contracted in the line of outy and who was subsequently retired as an enlisted man, except any former officer of Philippine Scouts by his charge or resignation of the second of the second of the provided further. That any former officer of Philippine Scouts who has been retired as an enlisted man except any former officer of Philippine Scouts who has been retired as an enlisted man by special Act of Congress, shall be transferred to the retired list created by this section and shall thereafter receive the retired pay and allowances anthorized by this section, and nom one. Officers of Phili

tion shall not form part of the limited retired list now authorized by law.

#### ENLISTMENTS IN THE REGULAR ARMY.

ENLISTMENTS IN THE REGULAR ARMY.

SEC. 27. On and after the first day of November, nineteen hundred and sixteen, all enlistments in the regular army shall be for a term of seven years, the first three years to be in the authorized form a part and, except as otherwise of which those interest form a part and, except as otherwise and the first three years to be in the authorized form a part and, except as otherwise and the first four years in the Regular Army Reserve hereinafter provided for a soften and a transpart of three years to here a first or any subsequent enlistment provided for any subsequent enlistment any soldier may be re-enlisted for another period of seven years, as above provided for in which event he shall receive his final discharge from his prior enlistment: Provided further, That after the expiration of one year's honorable service any enlisted man serving within the continental limits of the United States whose company, troop, battery, of detachment commander shall report him as proticient and sufficiently trained may, in the discretion of the Secretary of War, be furloughed to the Regular Army Reserve under such regulations as the Secretary of War may prescribe, but no man furloughed to the reserve shall be eligible to re-enlist in the service until the expiration of his lerm of cents errared with any except of the services of this act three years shall be counted sea enlistment period in computing continuous service pay: Provided further, That any non-consistence officer discharged with an excellent of three years in the active service, to with the rank and grade held by him at the time of his discharge if he re-enlists within twenty days after the date of such discharge: Provided further, That any non-consistency of the second, third, and fourth classes in procuring the enlistment of the interest of the United States without the written consent of his parents or guardians, provided that such minor has such parents or guardians entitled to his ensisted yna control? And provided for hearther,

# PAY OF CERTAIN ENLISTED MEN.

SEC. 28. Hereafter the monthly pay of enlisted men of certain grades of the army created in this act shall be as follows, namely: Quartern sater Sergeant, senior grade, Quartermaster Corps; mester hospital Sergeant, Medical Department; master enginer, senior grade, Corps of Engineers; and band leader, Infantry, Cavalry, Artillery, and Corps of Engineers, 575: hospital Sergeant, Medical Department, and master engineer, junior grade, Corps of Engineers, 585: Sergeant, first-class, Medical Department, SSC Sergeant, first-class, Corps of Engineers, regimental properties of Engineers; battalion supply Sergeant, and Corps of Engineers; battalion supply Sergeant, and Corps of Engineers; battalion supply Sergeant, and Corps of Engineers; and Artillery Cavalry, Artillery, and Corps of Engineers; and Sergeant budget, Infantry, Cavalry, Artillery, and Corps of Engineers; and Sergeant budget, Infantry, Cavalry, Artillery, and Corps of Engineers; and Sergeant budget, Infantry, Cavalry, Artillery, and Corps of Engineers; SEC. 28. Hereafter the monthly pay of enlisted men

supply Sergeant, mess Scrgeant, and stable Sergeant, Corps of Engineers; Sergeant Medical Department, \$36; supply Sergeant. Infantry, Cavalry, and Artillery; mess Sergeant, Infantry, Cavalry, and Artillery; cook, Medical Department; horseshoer, Infantry, Cavalry, and Medical Department; stable Sergeant, Infantry and Cavalry, radio Sergeant, Coast Artillery and Cavalry; radio Sergeant, Coast Artillery and Cavalry; radio Sergeant, Coast Artillery, and Corps of Engineers, S30; musician, turid class, Infantry, Cavalry, Artillery, and Corps of Engineers, Corporal, Medical Department, \$24; saddler, infantry, Cavalry, Field Artillery and Medical Infantry, and Cavalry, Artillery, and Medical Department; farrier, Medical Department, Gavalry, Artillery, and Medical Department, S21; pilvate, first class, Infantry, Cavalry, Artillery, and Medical Department, S21; pilvate, first class, Infantry, Cavalry, Artillery, and Medical Department, S28; Private, Medi

#### FINAL DISCHARGE OF ENLISTED MEN.

FINAL DISCHARGE OF ENLISTED MEN.

SEC. 29. No enlisted man in the regular army shall receive his final discharge until the termination of his seven-year term of enlistment except upon re-enlistment as provided for in this act or as provided by law for discharge prior to expiration of term of enlistment, but when an enlisted man is furloughed to the Regular Army Reserve his account shall be closed and he shall be paid in full to the date such furlough becomes effective, including allow-ances provided by law for discharged soldiers: Provided, That when by reason of death or disability of a member of the family of an ealisted man occurring after his enlistment members of his family become dependent upon him for support, he may, in the discretion of the Secretary of War, be discharged from the service of the United States or be furloughed to the Regular Army Reserve, upon due proof being from the service of the United States or be furloughed to the Regular Army Roserve, upon due proof being made of such condition: Provided further, That when an enlisted man is discharged by purchase while in active service he shall be furloughed to the Regular Army Reserve, unless, in the discretion of the Secretary of War, he is given a final discharge from the army.

# COMPOSITION OF THE REGULAR ARMY RESERVE.

SEC. 30. The Regular Army Reserve shall consist of, first, all enlisted men now in the Army Reserve or who shall hereafter become members of the Army Reserve under the provisions of existing law; second, all enlisted men furloughed to or calisted in the Regular Army Reserve under the provisions. law; second, an emisted men furroughed to or emissed in the Regular Army Reserve under the provisions of this act; and, third, any person holding an honor-able disenance from the regular army with character reported at least good, who is physically qualified for the duties of a soldier and not over forty-five

reported at least good, who is physically qualified for the duties of a soldier and not over forty-five years of age who enlists in the Regular Army Reserve for a period of four years.

SEC. 31. The President is authorized to assign members of the Regular Army Reserve, as to particular organizations of the regular army, or to organize the Regular Army Reserve, or any part thereof, into units or detachments of any arm, corps, or department in such manufactures, or department in such manufactures, and to assign army or of the Officers' reserves to the Regular army or of the Officers' reserves to the Regular army or of the Officers' reserves to the Regular army reserves or any part thereof for field training for a period not exceeding fifteen days in each year, the reservists to receive travel expenses and pay at the rate of their respective grades in the regular army during such periods of training; and in the event of actual or threatened hostilities he may mobilize the Regular Army Reserve in such manner as he may determine, and thereafter retain it, or any part thereof, in active service for such period as he may determine the conditions demand: Provited, That all enlistments in the regular army, including those in the Regular Army Reserve, which are in force on the date of the outbreak of war shall continue in force for one year, unless sooner terminated by order of the Secretary of War, but nothing herein shall be construed to shorten the time of enlistment prescribed: Provided further, That subject to such regulations as the President may prescribe for their proper identification, and location, and physical condition, the members of the Regular Army Reserve shall be paid

semi-annually at the rate of \$24 a year while in the reserve.

REGULAR ARMY RESERVE IN TIME OF WAR

REGULAR ARMY RESERVE IN TIME OF WAR.
Sec. 32. When mobilized by order of the President, the members of the Regular Army Reserve shall, so long as trey may remain in active service, receive the pay and allowances of enlisted men of the regular army of like grades: Provided, That any enlisted man who scall have re-enlisted in the Regular Army Reserve shall receive during such active service the additional pay now provided by law for enlisted men in his arm of the service in the second enlistment period: Provided further, That upon reporting for duty, and being found physically fit for service, members of the Regular Army Reserve shall receive a sum equal to \$3 per month for each month during which they shall have belonged to the reserve, as well as the actual necessary cost of transportation and subsistence from their longed to the reserve, as well as the actual necessary cost of transportation and subsistence from their homes to the places at which they may be ordered to report for duty under such summons. And provided further, That service in the Regular Army Reserve shall confer no right to retirement or retired pay, and members of the Regular Army Reserve shall become entitled to pension only through disability incurred while on active duty in the service of the United States.

USE OF OTHER DEPARTMENTS OF THE GOVERNMENT.

SEC, 33. The President may, subject to such rules and regulations as in his judgment may be necessary, utilize the sorvices of members and employes of all departments of the Government of the United States, without expense to the individual reservist, for keeping in touch with, paying, and mobilizing the Regular Army Roserve, the enlisted Reserve Corps, and other reserve organizations.

#### RE-ENLISTMENT IN TIME OF WAR.

RE-PNLSTRENT IN THE OF WAR.

BE-C. 34. For the purpose of utilizing as an auxliary to the Itegular Army Iteserve the services
of men who have had experience and training in
the regular army, or in the United States Volunteers,
outside of the continental limits of the United States,
in time of actual or threatened hostilities, and after
the Frestdent shall by proclamation, have called
upon honorably discharged soldiers of the regular
army to present themselves for re-enlistment therein
within a specified period, subject to such conditions
as may be prescribed, any person who shall have been
discharged honorably from said army, with character reported as at least good, and who, having been
found physically qualified for the duties of a soldier, if
not over litty years of age, shall re-enlist in the line of
said army, or in the Signal, Quartermaster, or Medical Department thereof, within the period that
shall be specified in said proclamation, shall receive
on so re-enlistim; a bounty which shall be computed
at the rate of S3 for each month for the first year
of the period that shall have elapsed since his last
discharge from the regular army and the date of
his re-enlistment therein under the terms of said
proclamation; at the rate of S6 per month for the
second year of such period; at the rate of S4 per
month for the third year of such period; and at the
rate of S2 per month for any subsequent year of
such period; but no bounty in excess of s365 shall
be paid to any person under the terms of this section.

ENLISTED MEN PROHIDITED FROM CIVIL EMPLOYMENT. ENLISTED MEN PROHIDITED FROM CIVIL EMPLOYMENT.

ENLISTED MEN PROHIDITED FROM CIVIL EMPLOYMENT.
SEC. 35. Hereafter no enlisted man in the active service of the United States in the Army, Navy, and Marine Corps, respectively, whether a non-commissioned officer, musician, or private, shall be detailed, ordered, or permitted to leave his post to engage in any pursuit, business, or performance in civil life, for emotument, hire, or otherwise, when the same shall interfere with the customary employment and regular engagement of local civilians in the respective arts, trades, or professions.

SERGEANTS FOR DUTY WITH THE NATIONAL GUARD.

SERGANIS FOR BUTY WITH THE NATIONAL GUARD.

SEC, 36. For the purpose of assisting in the instruction of the personnel and care of property in
the hands of the National Guard the Secretary of War
is authorized to detail from the Infantry, Cavalry,
Field Artillery, Corps of Engineers, Coast Artillery
Corps, Medical Department, and Signal Corps
of the regular army not to exceed one thousand Sergeants for duty with corresponding organizations
of the National Guard and not to exceed one hundred
Sergeants for duty with the disciplinary organiza-

tions at the United States Disciplinary Barracks, who shall be additional to the Sergeants authorized by this act for the corps, companies, troops, batterles, and detachments from which they may be detailed.

#### THE OFFICERS' RESERVE CORPS.

SEC. 37. For the purpose of securing a reserve of officers available for service as temporary officers in the regular army, as provided for in this act and in section eight of the act approved April twenty-fifth, nineteen hundred and fourteen, as officers of the Quartermaster Corps and other staff corps and departments, as officers for recruit rendezvous and depots, and as officers of volunteers, there shall be organized under such rules and regulations as the President may prescribe not inconsistent with the provisions of this act, an Officers' Reserve Corps of sections corresponding to the various arms, staff corps. and departments of the regular army, Sald corps shall consist of sections corresponding to the various arms, staff corps. and departments of the regular army call of the regular army call of the regular arms, the corps of the Officers' Reserve Corps shall not be subject to call for service in time of peace, and whenever called upon for service shall not, without his consent, be so called in a lower grade than that held by him in said

upon for service shall not, without his consent, be so called in a lower grade than that held by him in said Reserve Corps.

The President alone shall be authorized to appoint and commission as reserve officers in the various sections of the Officers' Reserve Corps, in all grades up to and including that of Major, such citizens as, upon examination prescribed by the President, shall be found physically, mentally, and morally qualified to hold such commissions: Provided, That the proportion of officers in any section of the Officers' Reserve Corps shall not exceed the proportion for the same grade in the corresponding arm, corps. or dethe same grade in the corresponding arm, corps, or department of the regular army, except that the number commissioned in the lowest authorized grade In any section of the Officers' Reserve Corps shall not be limited.

in any section of the Officers' Reserve Corps shall not be limited.

All persons now carried as duly qualified and registered pursuant to section twenty-three of the Act of Congress approved January twenty-first, nineteen bundred and tirce, shall, for a period of three years after the passage of this act, be eligible for appointment in the Oificers' Reserve Corps in the section corresponding to the arm, corps, or department for which they have been found qualified, without further examination, except a physical examination, and subject to the limitations as to age and rank herein prescribed: Provided, That any person carried as qualified and registered in the grade of Colonel or Lientenant Colonel pursuant to the provisions of said act on the date when this act becomes effective may be commissioned and recommissioned in the Officers' Reserve Corps with the rank for which he has been found qualified and registered, but when such person thereafter shall become separated from the Officers' Reserve Corps for any reason the vacaney so caused shall not be filled, and such office shall cease and determine.

No payson shall, except as hereinafter provided, be

saall not be lilled, and such office shall cease and determine.

No person shall, except as hereinafter provided, be appointed or reappointed a Second Lieutenant in the Officers' Reserve Corps after he shall have reached the age of thirty-six years, a Captain after he shall have reached the age of thirty-six years, a Captain after he shall have reached the age of forty-years, or a Major after he shall have reached the age of forty-years, or a Major after he shall have reached the age of forty-years, or a Major after he shall have reached the age of forty-five years. When an officer of the Reserve Corps shall reach the age limit fixed for appointment or reappointment in the grade in which commissioned he shall be honorably discharged from the service of the United States, and be entitled to retain his official title and, on occasions of ecromental his official title and, on occasions of ecromental his official title and, on occasions of ecromental his official title and, on occasions of ecromental his official title and, on occasions of ecromental his official title and, on occasions of ecromental his official title and, on occasions of ecromental his official title and, on occasions of ecromental title and, on occasions of ecromental his official title and, on occasions of ecromental his official title and, on occasions of ecromental his official title and, on occasions of ecromental title and, on occasions of ecromental his official his official title and, on occasions of ecromental his official his offic

One year after the passage of this act the Medical Reserve Corps, as now constituted by law, shall cease to exist. Members thereof may be commissioned in the Officers' Reserve Corps, subject to the provisions of this act, or may be honorably discharged from the service. The Secretary of War may, in time of peace, order First Lieutenants of the medical section of the Officers' Reserve Corps, with their consent, to active duty in the service of the United States in such numbers as the public interests may require and the funds appropriated may pormit, and require and the funds appropriated may pormit, and

may relieve them from such duty when their services

may relieve them from such duty when their services are no longer necessary. While on such duty shall receive the pay and allowances, including pay for periods of sickness and leaves of absence, of onfecrs of corresponding rank and length of active service in the regular army.

The commissions of all officers of the Officers' Reserve Corps snall be in force for a period of five years unless sooner terminated in the discretion of the President. Such officers may be recommissioned, either iz the same or higher grades, for successive periods of five years, subject to such examinations and qualifications as the President may prescribe and to the age limits prescribed herein: Provided, That officers of the Officers' Reserve Corps shall have rank therein in the various sections of said Reserve Corps according to grades and to length of service Corps according to grades and to length of service in their grades.

#### THE OFFICERS' RESERVE CORPS IN WAR.

SEC. 38. In time of actual or threatened hos-tilities the President may order officers of the Officers' Reserve Corps, subject to such subsequent physical examinations as he may prescribe, to temporary duty with the regular army in grades thereof which cannot, for the time being, be filled by promotion, or as officers in volunteer or other organizations that may be subported by they are officers at recently or as officers in volunteer or other organizations that may be authorized by law, or as officers at recruit rendezvous and depots, or on such other duty as the President may preserble. While such reserve officers are on such service they shall, by virtue of their commissions as reserve officers, exercise command appropriate to their grade and rank in the organizations to which they may be assigned, and shall be entitled to which they may be assigned, and shall be entitled to the pay and allowances of the corresponding grades in the regular army, with Increase of pay for length of active service, as allowed by law for officers of the regular army, from the date upon which they shall be required by the terms of their orders to obey the same: Provided, That officers so ordered to active service shall take temporary rank among themselves, and in their grades in the organizations to which assigned, according to the dates of orders placing them on active service; and they may be promoted, in accordance with such rank, to vacancles in the regular army thereafter occurring in the organizations or to temporary vacancles in the regular army thereafter occurring in the organizations in which they shall be serving: Provided further, That officers of the Officers' Reserve Corps shall not be entitled to retirement or retired pay, and shall be entitled to pension only for disability incurred in the line of duty and while in active service.

shall be entitled to pension only for disability incurred in the line of duty and while in active service. Any officer who, while holding a commission in the Officers' Reserve Corps, shall be ordered to active service by the Secretary of War shall, from the time he shall be required by the terms of his order to obey the same, be subject to the laws and regulations for the government of the Army of the United States, in so far as they are applicable to officers whose permanent retention in the military service is not contemplated.

tempiated.

INSTRUCTION OF OFFICERS OF THE OFFICERS' RESERVE CORPS.

SEC. 39. To the extent provided for from time to time by appropriations for this specific purpose, the Secretary of War is authorized to order resevo officers to duty with troops or at field exercises, or for instruction, for periods not to exceed fifteen days in any one calendar year, and while so serving such officers shall receive the pay and allowances respective grades in the regular army: Provided, That, with the consent of the reserve officers concerned, and within the limit of funds available for the purpose, such periods of duty may be extended for reserve officers as the Secretary of War may direct: Provided further, that in time of actual or threatened hostilities, after all available officers of any section of the Officers Reserve Corps corresponding to any arm, corps, or department of the regular army shall have been ordered into active service, officers of volunteers may be appointed in regular army shall have been ordered the active service, officers of volunteers may be appointed in such arm, corps, or department as may be authorized by law: Provided further, That nothing herein shall operate to prevent the appointment of any officer of operate to prevent the appointment of any officer of the regular army as an officer of volunteers before all the officers of the Officer's Reserve Corps or any section thereof shall have been ordered into active service: And provided further, That in determining the relative rank and the right to retirement of an officer of the regular army, active duty performed

by him while serving in the Officers' Reserve Corps shall not be reckoned.

THE RESERVE OFFICERS' TRAINING CORPS.

SEC. 40. The President is hereby authorized to establish and maintain in civil educational institutions a Reserve Officers' Training Corps, which shall consist of a senior division organized at universities and colleges requiring four years of colshail consist of a senior division organized at universities and colleges requiring four years of collegiate study for a degree, including State universities and those State institutions that are required to provide instruction in military tactics under the provisions of the Act of Congress of July second, eighteen hundred and sixty-two, donating lands for the establishment of colleges where the leading object shall be practical instruction in agriculture and the mechanic arts. Including military tactics and mechanic arts, including military tactics, and a junior division organized at all other public or private educational institutions, except that units of the senior division may be organized at those essentially senior division may be organized at those essentially military schools which do not confer an academic degree shools which do not the annual inspection of such institutions by the War Department, are specially designated by the Secretary of War as qualified for units of the senior division, and each division shall consist of units of the several arms or corps in such number and of such strength as the

corps in such number and of such strength as the President may prescribe.

SEC. 41. The President may, upon the application of any State Institution described in section forty of this act, establish and maintain at such institution one or more units of the Reserve Officers' Training Corps: Provided, That no such unit shall be established or maintained at any such institution until an officer of the army shall have been detailed as professor of military science and tactles, nor until such institution shall maintain under military instruction at least one hundred physically fit male students

students

SEC, 42. The President may, upon the applica-tion of any established educational institution in the United States other than a State institution de-scribed in section forty of this act, the authorities of which agree to establish and maintain a two years' elective or compulsory course of military training as elective or compulsory course of minitary training as a minimum for its physically fit male students, which course when entered upon by any student shall, as regards such student, be a prerequisite for graduation, establish and maintain at such institution one or more units of the Reserve Officers' Training Corps: Provided, That no such unit shall be established or maintained at any such institution until an officer of the army shall have been detailed as professor of military science and testies nor until such institut.

maintained at any such institution until an officer of the army shall have been detailed as professor of military science and tactics, nor until such institution shall maintain under military instruction at least one bundred physically fit male students.

SEC. 43. The Secretary of War is hereby authorized to prescribe standard courses of theoretical and practical military training for units of the Reserve Officers' Training Corps, and no unit of the senior division shall he organized or maintained at any educational institution the authorities of which fail or neglect to adopt into their curriculum the prescribed courses of military training for the senior division or to devote at least an average of three hours per week per academic year to such military training; and no unit of the junior division shall be organized or maintained at any educational institution the their curriculum the prescribed courses of military training for the their curriculum the prescribed recessor military training for the junior division, or to devote at least an average of three hours per week per academic year to such military training.

SEC. 44. Eligibility to membership in the Reserve Officers' Training Corps shall be limited to students of institutions in which units of such corps may be established who are citizens of the United States, who are not less than fourteen years of age, and whose bodily condition indicates that they are physically fit to perform military duty, or will be so upon arrival at military age.

physically fit to perform military duty, or will be so upon arrival at military age.

SEC. 45. The President is hereby authorized to detail such numbers of officers of the army, either active or retired, not above the grade of Colonel, as may be necessary, for duty as professors and assistant professors of military science and tactics at institutions where one or more units of the Reserve Officers' Training Corps are maintained; but the total counter of active officers of active officers and activity of active forces and detailed at adventional. number of active officers so detailed at educational institutions shall not exceed three hundred, and no active officer shall be so detailed who has not had five years' commissioned service in the army. In

time of peace retired officers shall not be detailed under the provisions of this section without their consent. Retired officers below the grade of Lieutenant Colonel so detailed shall receive the full pay and allowances of their grade, and retired officers above the grade of Major so detailed shall receive the same pay and allowances as a retired Major would receive under a like detail. No detail of officers on the active list of the regular army under the provisions of this section shall extend for more than four years. four years.

SEC. 46. The President is hereby authorized to detail for duty at institutions where one or more units of the Reserve Officers' Training Corps are maintained such number of enlisted men, either active or retired or of the Regular Army Reserve, as he may deem necessary, but the number of active non-commissioned officers so detailed al all not exceed five

ueem necessary, but the number of active non-commissioned officers so detailed si all not exceed five bundred, and all active non-commissioned officers so detailed s' all be additional in their respective grades to those otherwise authorized for the army. Retired enlisted men or members of the Regular Army Reserve shall not be detailed under the provisions of this section without their consent. While so detailed they shall receive active pay and allowances.

SEC. 47. The Secretary of War, under such regulations as he may prescribe, is hereby authorized to issue to institutions at which one or more units of the Reserve Officers' Training Corps are maintained such public animals, arms uniforms, equipment, and means of transportation as le may deem necessary, and to forage at the expense of the United States public animals so issued. He shall require from each institution to which property of the United States is issued a bord in the value of the property issued for the care and safe-keeping thereof. property issued for the care and safe-keeping thereof,

property issued for the care and safe-keeping uneren, and for its return when required. Sec. 48. The Secretary of War is hereby authorized to maintain camps for the further practical instruction of the members of the Reserve Officers' Training Corps, no such examps to be maintained for a period longer than six weeks in any one year, except in time of actual or threatened hostilities; to transport members of such corps to and from such camps at the expense of the United States so far as appropriations will permit; to subsist them at the expense of the United States while traveiling to and

camps at the expense of the United States so far as appropriations will permit; to subsist them at the expense of the United States while travelling to and from such camps and while termelning therein so far as appropriations will permit; to use the regular army, such other military forces as Congress from time to time authorizes, and such Government property as he may deem necessary for the military training of the members of such corps while in attendance at such camps; to prescribe regulations and discretion and such corps, and to authorize, in the discretion and affect of the second with the such company units thereof into hat tables and affect of the senior division and affect of the senior division of the Reserve Corps any graduate of the senior division of the Reserve Corps any graduate of the senior division of the Reserve Corps and the such completed the further training provided for in section fifty of this act. or any graduate of the junior division who shall have satisfactorily completed the further training provided for in section fifty of this act, and shall have participated in such practical instruction subsequent to graduation as the Secretary of War shall prescribe, who shall have sarrived at the age of twenty-one years and who shall agree, under outh in writing, to serve the United States in the capacity of a reserve officer of the army during a period of at least ten years from the date of his appointment as such reserve officer, unless sooner discharged by proper authority; but the total number of restrive officers so appointed shall not exceed fifty thousand: Provided, That any graduate qualified under the provisions of this section undergoing a post-graduate course at any institution shall not be eligible for appointment as a reserve officer while undergoing such post-graduate course for such appointment as a reserve officer while undergoing such post-graduate course for such appointment as a reserve officer while undergoing such post-graduate course at any institution shall not be eligib gone such post-graduate course.

SEC. 50. When any member of the senior division of the Reserve Officers' Training Corps has completed two academic years of service in that division, and has been selected for further training by the President of the institution and by its professor of military science and tactics, and has agreed in writing

to continue in the Reserve Officers' Training Corps for the remainder of his course in the institution, devoting five hours per week to the nsilitary training prescribed by the Secretary of War, and has agreed in writing to pursue the courses in camp training prescribed by the Secretary of War, he may be furnished, at the expense of the United States, with commutation of subsistence at such rate, not exceeding the cost of the garrison ration prescribed for the army, as may be fixed by the Secretary of War, during the remainder of his service in the Reserve Officers' Training Corps.

SEC. 51. Any physically fit male citizen of the United States, between the ages of twenty-one and twenty-seven years, who shall have graduated prior to the date of this act from any educational institution at which an officer of the army was detailed as professor of military science and tactics, and who,

to the date of this act from any educational institution at which an officer of the army was detailed as professor of military science and tactics, and who, while a student at such institution, completed courses of military science and tactics authorized to the student at the fraction of such professor of military science and tactics substantially equivalent to those prescribed pursuant to this act for the senior division, skall, after satisfactorily completing such additional practical military training as the Secretary of War shall prescribe, be eligible for appointment to the Onleers Reserve. Corps and as a temporary additional Second Lleutenant in accordance with the terms of this act. Sec. 52. The President alone is hereby autorized to appoint and commission after the content of the second provided by law for that grade, but with pay at the rate of \$100 per month, any reserve officer appointed pursuant to sections forty-nine and fifty-one of this act and to attach him to a unit of the regular army for duty and training during the period covered by his appointment as such temporary Second Lieutenant, and upon the expiration of sends service

are and to actain many the period covered by his appointment as such temporary Second Lieutenant, and upon the expiration of such service with the regular army such officer shall revert to his status as a reserve officer.

SEC. 53. No reserve officer or temporary Second Lleutenant appointed pursuant to this act shall be entitled to retirement or to retired pay and shall be elligible for pension only for disability incurred in line of duty in active service or white serving with the regular army pursuant to the provisions of this act: Provided, That in time of war the Fresident may order reserve officers appointed under the provisions of this act to active duty with any of the military forces of the United States in any grades not below that of Second Lieutenant, and while on such active duty they shall be subject to the Ruics and not below that of Second Lieutenant, and while on such active duty they shall be subject to the Ruies and Articles of War: And provided further, That the Adjutant General of the army shall, under the direction and supervision of the Secretary of War, obtain, compile, and keep continually up to date all obtainable information as to the names, ages, addresses, occupations, and qualifications for appointment as commissioned officers of the army, in time of war or other emergency, of men of suitable ages who, by reason of having received military training in civilian educational institutions or elsewhere, may be regarded as qualified and available for appointment as such commissioned officers.

#### TRAINING CAMPS.

TRAINING CAMPS.

SEC. 54. The Secretary of War is hereby authorized to maintain, upon military reservations or elsewhere, camps for the military instruction and training of such citizens as may be selected for such instruction and training, upon their application and under such terms of enlistment and regulations as may be prescribed by the Secretary of War, to use, for the purpose of maintaining said camps and imparting military instruction and training thereat, such arms, ammunition, accourtements, equipments, tentage, field equipage, and transportation belonging to the United States as he may deem necessary to furnish at the expense of the United States, uniforms, subsistence, transportation by most usual and direct route within such limits as to territory as the Secretary of War may prescribe, and medical supplies to persons receiving instruction at said camples to persons receiving instruction and the proposed for the persons of the proposed for the persons of the pe for officers nor barracks for men, screening, and damages resulting from field exercises, and other expenses incidental to the maintenance of said camps, and the

theoretical Winter Instruction in connection therewith; and to sell to persons receiving instruction at said camps, for cash and at cost price plus ten per centum, Quartermaster and ordnance property, the amount of such property sold to any one person to be limited to that which is required for his proper equipment. All moneys arising from such sales shall remain available throughout the fiscal year following that in which the sales are made, for the purpose of that appropriation from which the property sold was authorized to be supplied at the time of the sale. The Secretarry of War is authorized further to prescribe the courses of theoretical and practical instruction to be pursued by persons attending the camps authorized by this section; to fix the periods during which such camps shall be maintained; to prescribe rules and regulations for the government thereof; and to employ thereat officers and culisted men of the regular army in such numbers and upon such duties as he may designate. such duties as he may designate.

#### THE ENLISTED RESERVE CORPS.

SEC. 55. For the purpose of sequring an additional reserve of enlisted men for military service with the Engineer, Signal, and Quartermaster Corps and the Ordnane and Medical Departments of the regular army, an Enlisted Reserve Corps, to consist of such number of enlisted men of such grade or grades as may be designated by the President from time to time, is hereby authorized, such authorization to be effective on and after the first day of July, nineteen hundred and sixteen.

There may be enlisted in the grade or grades hereinhefore specified, for a period of four years, under such rules as may be prescribed by the President, citizens of the United States, or persons who have declared their intentions to become citizens of the United States, subject to such physical, educational, and practical examination as may be prescribed in said rules. For men enlisting in said grade or grades certificates of enlistment in the Enlisted Reserve Corps shall be issued by the Adjutant General of the army, but no such man shall be enlisted in said corps unless he shall be found physically, mentally, and morally qualified to hold such certificate and unless he shall be found physically, mentally, and morally qualified to hold such certificate and unless he shall be from the physically cand during the period of such active service or for purposes of instruction and training, and during the period of such active service, instruction, or training, all the authority, rights, and privileges of like grades of the regular army. Enlisted and during the period of such active service, instruc-tion, or training, all the authority, rights, and pilv-ileges of like grades of the regular army. Enlisted men of the Enlisted Reserve Corps shall take prece-dence in said corps according to the dates of their certificates of enlistment therein and when called into active service or when called out for purposes of instruction or training shall take precedence next below all other enlisted men of like grades in the regular army. And the Secretary of War is hereby authorized to issue to members of the Enlisted Re-serve Corps and to persons who have narticinated person an other emisted men of the grades in the regular army. And the Secretary of War is hereby authorized to Issue to members of the Enlisted Reserve Corps and to persons who have participated in at least one encampment for the military instruction of citizens, conducted under the autorizes of the War Department, distinctive rosettes or knots designed for wear with civilian clothing, and whenever a rosette or knot issued under the provisions of this section shall have been lost, destroyed, or rendered unfit for use without fault or neglect which part of the person to a new tosette or knot to be issued to such a new toset or knot to be issued to such as the without fault or neglect without participated in the part of the person without charge therefor. Any preserve Corps and shall not have participated in at least one encampment for the military instruction of citizens, conducted under the auspices of the War Department, and who shall wear such rosette or knot shall be guilty of misdemeanor punishable by a fine of not exceeding \$300, or imprisonment not exceeding six months, or both.

The President is authorized to assign members of the Enlisted Reserve Corps as reserves to particular organizations of the regular army, or to organize the Enlisted Reserve Corps, or any part thereof, into units or detachments of any arm, corps or department in such manner as he may prescribe, and to assign to such units and detachments of other regular army or of the Officers' Reserve Corps, herein provided for.

To the extent provided form time to time by appropriations the Secretary of War may order enlisted men of the Enlisted Reserve Corps to active service for purposes of instruction or training for

periods not to exceed fifteen days in any one calendar year: Provided, That, with the consent of such en-listed men and within the limits of funds available for such purposes, such periods of active service may be extended for such number of enlisted men as may

be deemed necessary.

Enlisted men of the Enlisted Reserve Corps shall De geemen necessary.

Enlisted men of the Enlisted Reserve Corps shall receive the pay and allowances of their respective grades, but only when ordered into active service, including the time required for actual travel from their homes to the places to which ordered and return to their homes: Provided, That said enlisted men shall not be entitled to retirement or retirement pay, nor shall they be entitled to pensions except for physical disability incurred in line of duty while in active service or while travelling under orders of competent authority to or from designated places of duty. The uniform to be worn by enlisted men of the Enlisted Reserve Corps, except corps insignia, shall be the same as prescribed for enlisted men of the regular army reserve, and that in licu of any money allowance for clothing there shall be issued to each enlisted man of the Enlisted Reserve Corps in time of peace such articles of clothing and equipment as the President may direct: Provided, That any clothing or other equipment issued to any enlisted man

of peace such articles of clothing and equipment as the President may direct: Provided, That any clothing or other equipment issued to any enlisted man of the said corps shall remain the property of the United States, and in case of loss or destruction of any article, the article so lost or destroyed shall be replaced by Issue to the enlisted man and the value thereof deducted from any pay due or to become due him, unless it shall be made to appear that such loss or destruction was not due to neglect or other fault on his part: Provided further, That any clothing or other equipment issued to enlisted men of the Enlisted Reserve Corps which shall have become unserviceable through ordinary wear and tear in the service of the United States shall be received back by the United States and serviceable like articles issued in lieu thereof: Provided further, That when enlisted men of the Enlisted Reserve Corps shall be discharged or otherwise separated from the service, all arms, equipage, clothing, and other property issued to them shall be accounted for under such regulations as may be prescribed by the Secretary of War.

regulations as may be prescribed by the Secretary of War.

Any enlisted man of the Enlisted Reserve Corps ordered to active service or for purposes of instruction or training shall, from the time he is required by the terms of the order to obey the same, be subject to the laws and regulations for the government of the army of the United States.

The Secretary of War is hereby authorized to discharge any enlisted member of the Enlisted Reserve Corps when his services shall be no longer required, or when he shall have by misconduct unfitted himself for further service in the said corps: Provided. That any enlisted man of sald corps who shall be ordered upon active duty as herein provided and who shall wilfully fall to comply with the terms of the order so given him shall, in addition to any other penalty to which he may be subject, forfeit his certificate of enlistment.

In time of actual or threatened hostilities the President may order the Enlisted Reserve Corps, in such numbers and at such times as may be considered.

In time of actual or threatened hostilities the President may order the Enlisted Reserve Corps, in such numbers and at such times as may be considered necessary, to active service with the regular army, and while on such service members of said corps shall exercise command appropriate to their several grades and rank in the organizations to which they shall be assigned and shall be entitled to the pay and allowances of the corresponding grades in the regular army, with increase of pay for length of service as now allowed by law for the regular army: Provited, That upon a call by the President for a volunteer force the members of the Enlisted Reserve Corps may be mustered into the service of the United States as volunteers for the said corps, and shall be entitled to the heavy and allowances of the corresponding grades in the regular army, with increase of one of the corresponding grades in the regular army, with increase of the corresponding grades in the regular army, with increase of the corresponding grades in the regular army. And provided That enlisted men of the Enlisted Reserve Corps shall not acquire by virtue of issuance of the United States.

MILITARY EQUIPMENT AND INSTRUCTORS AT OTHER SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES.

SEC. 56. Such arms, tentage, and equipment as

the Secretary of War shall deem necessary for proper military training shall be supplied by the Government to schools and colleges, other than those provided for in section forty-seven of this act, having a course of military training prescribed by the Secretary of War and having not less than one hundred pitysically fit male students above the age of four-ten years, under such rules and regulations as he may prescribe; and the Secretary of War is hereby authorized to detail such commissioned and non-commissioned officers of the army to said schools and colleges, other than those provided for in sections forty-live and forty-six of this act, detailing not less than one such officer or non-commissioned officer to each five hundred students under military instruction. instruction.

#### COMPOSITION OF THE MILITIA.

COMPOSITION OF THE MILITIA.

SEC. 57. The militle of the United States shall consist of all able-bodied male citizens of the United States and all other able-bodied males who have or shall have declared their intention to become citizens of the United States, who shall be more than eighteen years of age and, except as hereinafter provided, not more than forty-live years of age, and said militla shall be divided into three classes, the National Guard, the Naval Militia, and the Unorganized Militla.

#### COMPOSITION OF THE NATIONAL GUARD.

SEC. 58. The National Guard shall consist of the regularly enlisted militia between the ages of eighteen and forty-five years, organized, armed, and equipped as hereinafter provided, and of com-missioned officers between the ages of tweuty-one and sixty-four years.

#### EXEMPTIONS FROM MILITIA DUTY.

SEC. 59. The Vice-President of the United States; the officers, indicial and executive, of the Government of the United States and of the several States and Territories; persons in the military or naval service of the United States; enstorn-house cierts; persons employed by the United States in the transmission of the mail; artificers and workmen employed in the armorles, arsenals, and navy verte of the United States; nights; marlners actually men employed in the armorles, arsenals, and navy yards of the United States; pilots; marlners actually employed in the sea service of any citizen or merchant within the United States shall be exempt from militia duty without regard to age, and all persons who because of religious belief shall claim exemption from military service, if the conscientious holding of such belief by such person shall be established under such regulations as the President shall person the properties of the properties of the properties of the properties of the properties of the properties of the presence of the properties of the presence of the properties of the presence of the properties of the presence of the presen combatant.

### ORGANIZATION OF NATIONAL GUARD UNITS.

ORGANIZATION OF NATIONAL GUARD UNITS.

SEC, 60. Except as otherwise specifically provided hercin, the organization of the National Guard, including the composition of all units thereof, shall be the same as that which is or may bereatier be prescribed for the regular army, subject in time of peace to such general exceptions as may be nuthorized by the Secretary of War. And the President may prescribe the particular unit or units, as to branch or arm of service, to be maintained in each State, Territory, or the District of Columbia in order to secure a force which, when combined, shall form complete higher tactical units.

#### MAINTENANCE OF OTHER TROOPS BY THE STATES.

SEC. 61. No State shall maintain troops in time of peace other than as authorized in accordance with the organization prescribed under this act. Provided, That nothing contained in this act shall be construed as limiting the rights of the States and Territories in the use of the National Guard within their respective borders in time of peace: Provided further, That nothing contained in this act shall prevent the organization and maintenance of State police or constability. police or constabulary.

#### NUMBER OF THE NATIONAL GUARD.

SEC. 62. The number of enlisted men of the National Guard to be organized under this act within one year from its passage shall be for each State in the proportion of two hundred such men for each Senator and Representative in Congress from such State, and a number to be determined

The New United States.

by the President for each Territory and the District of Columbia, and snall be increased each year thereafter in the proportion of not less than fifty per centum until a total peace strength of not less than eight hundred enlisted men for each Senator and Representative in Congress shall have been reached: Provided, That lo States which have but one Representative in Congress such Increase shall be at the discretion of the President: Provided further, That this shall not be construed to prevent any State, Territory, or the District of Columbia from organizing the full number of troops required under this section in less tine than is specified in in this section, or from maintaining existing organizations if they shall conform to such rules and regulations regarding organization, strength, and armament as the President may prescribe; And provided further, That nothing in talls act shall be construed to prevent any State with but one Representative in Congress from organizations to no Representative in Congress from organizations to receive all the benefits accruing under this act under the conditions set forth herein; Provided further, That the word Territory as used in this act under the conditions set forth herein; Provided further, That the word Territory as used in this act under the conditions set forth herein; Provided further, That the word Territory as used in this act under the conditions set forth herein; Provided further, That the word Territory as used in this act under the conditions of the Canal Zone, and the militals and National Guard shall include and apply to Hawaii, Alaska, Potor Rico, and the Canal Zone, and the militals and Satola States has been in continuous existence since the passage of said act, under its provisions and under the provisions of sections two hundred and thirty-two and sections stateen hundred and the provisions and seventy.

provisions of section two hundred and thirty-two and sections sixteen hundred and twenty-five to sixteen hundred and sixty, both inclusive, of title sixteen of the Revised Statutes of elghteen hundred and seventy-three, and the act of January twenty-first, ninesteen hundred and three, relating to the militia, shall be allowed to rotain its ancient privileges, subject, nevertieds. That said organizations may be a part of the National Guard and entitled to all the privileges of this act, and shall conform in all respects to the organization, discipline, and training of the National Guard in time of war: Provided further, That for purposes of training and when on active duty in the service of the United States they may be assigned to higher units, as the President may direct, and shall be subject to the orders of officers under whom they shall be

Provided. That the Adjutants General of the Territories and of the District of Columbia shall be appointed by the President with such rank and qualifications as he may prescribe, and each Adjutant General for a Territory shall be a citizen of the Territory for which he is appointed.

## APPROPRIATION, APPORTIONMENT, AND DISBURSEMENT OF FUNDS FOR THE NATIONAL GUARD.

SEC. 67. A sum of money shall hercafter be appropriated annually, to be paid out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the support of the National Guard, including the expense of providing arms, ordnance stores, quartermaster stores and camp equipage, and all other military supplies for issue to the National Guard, and such other expenses pertaining to said guard as are now or may hereafter be authorized by law.

The appropriation provided for in this section shall The appropriation provided for in this section shall be apportioned among the several States and Territories under just and equitable procedure to be prescribed by the Secretary of War and in direct ratio to the number of enlisted men in active service in the National Guard existing in such States and Territories at the date of apportionment of said appropriation, and to the District of Columbia, under such regulations as the President may prescribe: Providea That the sum so apportioned among the several States, Territories, and the District of Columbia, shall be available under such rules as may be prescribed by States, Territories, and the District of Columbia, Stali be available under such rules as may be prescribed by the Secretary of War for the actual and necessary expenses incurred by officers and enlisted men of the regular army when travelling on duty in connection with the National Guard; for the transportation of supplies furnished to the National Guard for the permanent equipment thereof; for office rent and necessary office expenses of officers of the regular army on duty with the National Guard; for the expenses of the Millita Bureau, including clerica? services, now authorized for the Division of Millita Afairs; for expenses of enlisted men of the regular army on dut with the National Guard, including quarters, fue light, medicines, and medical attendance; and suc expenses shall constitute a charge against the whole sum annually appropriated for the support of the National Guard, and shall be paid therefrom and not from the allotment duly apportioned to any particular State, Territory, or the District of Columbia, fuel of the promotion of rither actues, including men acquisition, galeeries and stales carget ranges; for the hiring the press and dianglat animals for the use of mounted from the stateries and wayous for foreract for the same of horses and draught animals for the use of mounted troops, batteries, and wagons, for forage for the same; and for such other incidental expenses in connection

vice of the United States they may be assigned to higher units, as the President may direct, and shall be surving.

Assignment of National Guard of the United States and Territories and the District of Columbia the direct of Columbia are erganized within a State. Periode, That where complete units are organized under the provisions of the regular army to end and in the service of the regular army to end and the other chief of staff and one officer of the regular army or the National Guard as assistant to the chief of staff of any division of the National Guard of the States and Territories of the regular army to report and content of the regular army to report and the District of Columbia the commanding officers thereof shall not be displaced under the provisions of this section.

CHIEFS OF STAFF OF NATIONAL GUARD DIVISIONS.
Sec. 65. The President may detail one officer of the regular army so collect and the commanding officers thereof shall not be displaced under the provisions of this section.

CHIEFS OF STAFF OF NATIONAL GUARD DIVISIONS.
Sec. 65. The President may detail one officer of the regular army so collect of staff and one officer of the regular army so collect of staff and one officer of the regular army so collect of staff and one officer of the regular army or the National Guard as assistant to the chief of staff of any division of the National Guard of the States in the service of the United States as a National Guard organization: Provided, That in order to insure the prompt mobilization of the National Guard of the States as a National Guard organization: Provided, That in order to insure the prompt mobilization of the National Guard of the States and Territory, or District, and shall make such returns and for each fully organized tactical division of the National Guard of the District of Columbia, to pay the provided of the National Guard of t

to be fixed by the Secretary of War, and such compensation shall be a charge against the whole sum annually appropriated for the support of the National Guard: Provided, That when travelling in the performance of his official duties under orders issued by the proper authorities he shall be relimbursed for his actual necessary travelling expenses, the sum to be made a charge against the allotunent of the State, Territory, or District of Columbia: Provided further, That the Secretary of War shall cause an inspection of the accounts and records of the property and disbursing officer to be made by an Inspector General of the further, That the Secretary of War is empowered to make all rules and regulations necessary to carry into effect the provisions of this section. effect the provisions of this section.

#### LOCATION OF UNITS.

SEC. 68. The States and Territorles shall have the right to determine and fix the location of the units and headquarters of the National Guard within their respective borders: Provided, That no organization of the National Guard, members of which shall be entitled to and shall have received compensation under the provisions of this act, shall be disbanded without he consent of the President, nor, without such constituent of the president of any such organization be reduced below the minimum that shall be prescribed therefor by the President.

that shall be prescribed therefor by the President.

ENLISTMENTS IN THE NATIONAL GUARD

ENLISTMENTS IN THE NATIONAL GUARD.

SEC. 69. Hereafter the period of enlistment in the National Guard shall be for six years, the first three years of which shall be in an active organization and the remaining three years in the National Guard Reserve, lereinafter provided for, and the qualifications for enlistment shall be the same as those prescribed for admission to the regular army: Provided, That in the National Guard the privilege of continuing in active service during the whole of an nistment period and of re-enlisting in said service hall not be denied by reason of anything contained title or 1 this act.

FEDERAL ENLISTMENT CONTRACT.

FEDERAL ENLISTENT CONTRACT.

SEC. 70. Enlisted men in the National Guard of the several States, Territories, and the District of Columbia now serving under enlistment contracts which contain an obligation to defend the Constitution of the United States and to obey the crders of the President of the United States shall be recognized as members of the National Guard under the provisions of this act for the unexpired portion of their present enlistment contracts. When any such enlistment contracts. When any such enlistment of the National Guard until he shall have signed an enlistment contract and taken and subscribed to the following

man shall not be recognized as a member of the National Guard until he shall have signed an enlistment ontract and taken and subscribed to the following oath of enlistment, upon signing which credit shall be given for the period already served under the old enlistment contract: "I do hereby acknowledge to he would be supported by the contract of the the state of the states and of the States and of the States and of the States and of the States and the period of three years in service and three years in the reserve, under the conditions prescribed by law, unless sooner discharged by proper authority. And I do solemily swear that I will bear true falth and allegiance to the United States of America and to the State of and that I will serve them honsely and faithfully against all their enemies whomsever, and that I will obey the orders of the President of the United States and of the Governor of the State of and that I will bear the orders of the President of the United States and of the Governor of the State of and of the officers appointed over me according to law and the rules and articles of war."

Sec. 71. Hereafter all men enlisting for service I the National Guard shall sizn an enlistment ronatc and take and subscribe to the oath prescribed in the preceding section of this act.

DISCHARGE OF ENLISTED MEN FROM THE NATIONAL

SEC. 72. An enlisted man discharged from ser-ice in the National Guard shall receive a discharge a writing in such form and with such classification as or shall be prescribed for the regular army, and time of peace discharges may be given prior to the xpiration of terms of enlistment under such regutions as the President may prescribe.

FEDERAL OATH FOR NATIONAL GUARD OFFICERS. SEC. 73. Commissioned officers of the National mard of the several States, Territories, and the listrict of Columbia now serving under commissions

QUALIFICATIONS FOR NATIONAL GUARD OFFICERS. SEC. 74. Persons bereatter commissioned as officers of the National Guard shall not be recognized as such under any of the provisions of this act unless they shall have been selected from the following classes and shall have taken and subscribed uniess they shall have been selected from the following classes and shall have taken and subscribed
to the oath of office prescribed in the preceding section of this act: Officers or enlisted men of the National Guard; officers on the reserve or unassigned
list of the National Guard; officers, active or retired,
and former officers of the United States Army,
Navy, and Marine Corps; graduates of the United
States Military and Naval Academies and graduates
of schools, colleges, and universities where military
science is taught under the supervision of an officer
of the regular army, and, for the technical branches
and staff corps or departments, such other civilians
as may be especially qualified for duty therein.

SEC. 75. The provisions of this act shall not apply
to any person hereafter appointed an officer of the
National Guard unless he first shall have successfully
passed such tests as to his physical, moral, and
professional fitness as the Fresident shall precisions
for commission shall determine the dual professions
for commission shall officers appointed by the Secretary of War from the regular army or the National
Guard, or both.

Guard, or both.

FILLING OF VACANCIES WHEN DRAFTED INTO FEDERAL SERVICE.

SEC. 76. All vacancies occurring in any grade of commissioned officers in any organization in the military service of the United States and composed of persons drafted from the National Guard under the provisions of this act shall be filled by the President, as far as practicable, by the appointment of persons similarly taken from said guard, and in the manner prescribed by law for filling similar vacancies occurring in the volunteer forces.

ELIMINATION AND DISPOSITION OF OFFICERS.

ELIMINATION AND DISPOSITION OF OFFICERS.
SEC. 77. At any time the moral character, capacity, and general fitness for the service of any National Guard officer may be determined by an efficiency board of three commissioned officers, senior in rank to the officer whose fitness for service shall be under investigation, and if the findings of such board be unfavorable to such officer and be approved by the official authorized to appioint such an officer, he shall be discharged. Commissions of officers of the National Guard may be vacated upon resignation, absence without leave for three months, upon the recommendation of an efficiency beard, or pursuant to sentence of a court-martial. Officers of said guard rendered surplus by the disbandment of their organizations shall be placed in the National Guard Reserve. Officers may, upon their own application, be placed in the Said reserve.

THE NATIONAL GUARD RESERVE,

THE NATIONAL GUARD RESERVE.

SEC, 78. Subject to such rules and regulations as the President may prescribe, a National Guard Reserve shall be organized in each State, Territory, and the District of Columbia, and shall consist of such organizations, officers, and enlisted men as the President may prescribe, or members thereof may be assigned as reserves to an active organization of the National Guard: Provided, That members of said reserve, when encaged in field or coast-defence training with the active National Guard, shall receive the same Federal pay and allowances as enlisted men of like grade on the active list of said guard when likewise engaged: Provided further, That, except as otherwise Specifically provided in this act, no commissioned or enlisted reservist shall

receive any pay or allowances out of any appro-priation made by Congress for National Guard purposes.

#### RESERVE DATTALIONS FOR RECRUIT TRAINING.

REERINE HATTALIONS FOR RESERVATIONS FOR RESERVATIONS OF REAL PROPERTY.

SEC, 79. When members of the National Guard and the enlisted reserve thereof of any State, Territory, or the District of Columbia shall have been brought into the service of the United States in time of war, there shall be immediately organized, either form such enlisted reserve or from the unorganized militla, in such State, Territory, or District, one reserve hattalion for each regiment of Infantry or Cavalry, or each nine batteries of Field Artillery, or each twelve companies of Coast Artillery, brought into the service of the United States, and such reserve hattalion shall constitute the fourth battalion cavalry, or each nine batteries of Field Artillery, or each twelve companies of Coast Artillery, brought into the service of the United States, and such reserve battalion shall constitute the fourth battalion of any such regiment or twelve companies of Coast Artillery. Reserve battalions shall consist of four companies of such strength as may be prescribed by the President of the United States. When the members of three or more regiments of the National Guard of any State, Territory, or District shall have been brought into the service of the United States, the reserve battalions of such regiments may be organized into provisional regiments and higher units. If or any reason there strength a sufficient number of the present of the United States to maintain each of such battalions at the proper strength. As vacancies occur from death or other causes in any organization in the service of the United States and composed of men taken from the National Guarl, men shall be transferred from the reserve battalions to the organizations in the field so that such organizations may be maintained at war strength. Officers for the reserve battalions or the National Guard or the Officers from the National Guard or the Officers from the National Guard or the Officers from the National Guard or the Officers from the States, respectively, in which the battalions shall be organized. Officers and non-commissioned officers returned to their home stations because of their hability to perform that allons because of their hability to perform that allons benders the relist of reserve battalions until returned to duty or until discharged.

LEAVES OF ABSENCE FOR CERTAIN GOVERNMENT

#### LEAVES OF ABSENCE FOR CERTAIN GOVERNMENT EMPLOYES.

SEC. 80. All officers and employés of the United States and of the District of Columbia who shall be members of the National Guard shall be entitled to leave of absence from their respective duties, without loss of pay, time, or efficiency rating, on all days during which they shall be engaged in field or coast-defence training ordered or authorized under the provisions of this act.

### MILITIA BUREAU OF THE WAR DEPARTMENT.

SEC. 81. The National Militia Board created by section eleven of the act of May twenty-seventh, nineteen hundred and eight, amending section twenty of the act of January twenty-first, nineteen hundred and eight, amending section twenty of the act of January twenty-first, nineteen hundred and three, shall, from the date of the approval of this act, be abolished. The Militia Division now existing in the War Department shall hereafter be known as the Militia Bureau of said department, shall, like other hureaus of said department, be under the immeditate supervision of the Secretary of War, and shall not form a part of any other bureau, office, or other organization, but the Chief of the Militia Bureau shall be ex-officion a member of the Genral Staff Corps: Provited, That the President may, in his discretion, assign to duty in the Militia Bureau an assistants to the chief thereof not to exceed one Colonel and one Lieutenant Colonel of the National Guard, for terms of four years, and any such officer while so assigned shall, subject to such regulations as the President may prescribe, receive out of the whole fund appropriated for the support of the militia the pay and allowances of a regular army officer having the same rank and lenath of service as said National Guard officer, whose prior service in the Organized Militia shall be counted in ascertalning his rights under this proviso.

ARMAMENT, EQUIPMENT, AND UNIFORM OF THE NA-TIONAL GUARD.

States shall, as far as practicable, be uniformed, armed, and equipped with the same type of uniforms, arms, and equipments as are or shall be provided for the regular army.

Sec. 83. The Secretary of War is bereby authorized to procure, under such regulations as the President may prescribe, by purchase or manufacture, within the limits of available appropriations made by Congress, and to issue from time to time to the National Guard, upon requisition of the Governors of the several States and Territorics or the Commanding General of the National Guard of the District of Columbia, such number of United States service arms, with all accessories, field artillery materiel, equipage, publications, and military stores of all kinds, including public animals, as are necessary to arm, uniform, and equip for field service the National Guard in the several States. Territories, and the District of Columbia: Provided, That as a condition precedent to the issue of any property as provided for by this act, the State, Territory, or the District of Columbia such issue shall make adequate provision, to the satisfaction of the Secretary of War for the protection and care of such property: Pi of columbia desiring such issue shall make adequate provision, to the satisfaction of the Secretary of War for the protection and care of such property: Priviled Parther, That, whenever it shall be shown to take state of any State, Territory, or the District of Columbia, is properly organized, armed, and equipped for field service, funds allotted to that State, Territory, or District for the support of its National Guard of any State for the purchase, from the War Department, of any article issued by any of the supply department of the army and preserving the such supply department, or field gun shall have been issued to the National Guard of the several States, Territories, and the District of Columbia, such equipment, small arms, and field guns, including all accessories, shall be furnished without charging the cost or value thereof or any expense connected therewith against the appropriations provided for the Support of the Propriet of the National Guntler, and the District of Columbia, such equipment, small arms, and field guns, including all accessories, shall be furnished without charging the support of the propriet of the National Certifory, and the District of Columbia shall, on the receipt of new property issued to replace obsolete or condemned prior issues turn in to the War Department or otherwise disposof, in accordance with the directions of the Secretary of War, all property so replaced or condemned, and shall on the receipt of new property issued to receive any money credit therefor.

Sec. 86. Any State, Territory, or the District of Columbia may, with the approval of the Secretary of War, purchase for cash from the War Department for the use of the National Guard, including the officers thereof, any stores, supplies, material of war, and millitary publications furnished to the army provision, to the satisfaction of the Secretary of Wa

or War, purenase for east from the War Deplatment for the use of the National Guard, including the officers thereof, any stores, supplies, material owar, and military publications furnished to the arm; in addition to those issued under the provisions this act, at the price at which they shall be listed to the army, with cost of transportation added to the army, with cost of transportation added to the appropriation to which they shall belong about the covered into the Treasury, and shall be available until expended to replace therewith the supplies sold to the States in the manner herein authorized: Provided, That stores, supplies, and mater of war so purchased by a State, Territory, or till District of Columbia may, in time of actual or the State for use in the military service thereof, and when requisitioned by the United States and deliver credit for the ultimate return of such property the District of Columbia.

DISPOSITION AND REPLACEMENT OF DAMAGED PRO ERTY, AND SO FORTH.

onty in the Militia Burean as assistants to the chlef interest on the exceed one Colonel and one Lieutenant closel of the National Guard, for terms of four agras, and any such officer while so assigned shall, agreed to such regulations as the President may be rescribe, receive out of the whole fund appropriated a regular army officer having the same rank and not of service as said National Guard officer, whose for service in the Organized Militia shall be counted a sacertaining his rights under this proviso.

RMAMENT, EQUIPMENT, AND UNIFORM OF THE NATIONAL GUARD.

Sec. 82. The National Guard of the United Secretary of War from the receiver shall be few and discovered to the Secretary of War, or to such officer and its secretary of War, or to such officer where the shall designate to receive such reports; and it shall appear to the Secretary of War from the receiver of the shall appear to the Secretary of War from the receiver of the shall appear to the Secretary of War from the receiver of the shall appear to the Secretary of War from the receiver of the shall appear to the Secretary of War from the receiver of the shall appear to the Secretary of War from the receiver of the shall appear to the Secretary of War from the receiver of the shall appear to the Secretary of War from the receiver of the shall appear to the Secretary of War from the receiver of the shall appear to the Secretary of War from the receiver of the shall appear to the Secretary of War from the receiver of the shall appear to the Secretary of War from the receiver of the shall appear to the Secretary of War from the receiver of the shall appear to the Secretary of War from the receiver of the shall appear to the Secretary of War from the receiver of the shall appear to the Secretary of War from the receiver of the shall appear to the Secretary of War from the receiver of the shall appear to the Secretary of War from the receiver of the shall be 
of survey that the property was lost, damaged, or destroyed through unavoidable causes, he is hereby authorized to relieve the State or Territory, or the District of Columbia from further accountability therefor. If it shall appear that the loss, damage, or therefor. If it shall appear that the loss, damage, or destruction of proporty was due o earlessness or neglect, or that its loss, damage, or destruction could have been avoided by the exercise of reasonable care, the money value of such property shall be charged to the accountable State. Territory, or District of Columbia, to be paid from the State, Territory, or District funds, or any funds other than Federal. If the articles so surveyed are found to be unserviceable or unsultable, the Secretary of War shall direct what disposition, by sale or otherwise, shall be made of them; and if sold, the proceeds of such sale, as well as stoppages against officers and enlisted men, and the net proceeds of collections made from any person or from any State, Territory, or

such as wen as stoppages against of onces and enlisted men, and the not proceeds of collections made from any person or from any State, Territory, or any State, Territory, or the deposited in the Treasury of the United States as a credit to said State, Territory, or the District of Columbia, accountable for said property, and as a art of and in addition to that portion of its allotent set as alde for the purchase of similar supplies, stores, or material of war. Providet further, That it any State, Territory, or the District of Columbia shall neglect or refuse to pay, or to cause to be paid, the money equivalent of any loss, damage, or destruction of property charged against such State, Territory, or the District of Columbia by the Secretary of War after survey by a disinterested officer appointed as hereinbefore provided, the Secretary of War after survey by a disinterested officer appointed as hereinbefore provided, the Secretary of War is hereby authorized to debar such State, Territory, or the District of Columbia from further participation in any and all appropriations for the National Guard until such payment shall have been made. made.

SEC. 88. The net proceeds of the sale of con-demned stores issued to the National Guard and not charged to State allotinents shall be covered into the Treasury of the United States, as shall also stoppages against officers and calisted men, and the stoppages against others and cranza men, and the net proceeds of collections made from any person to keimburse the Government for the loss, damage, or destruction of said property not charged against the State allotment issued for the use of the National Guard.

#### HORSES FOR CAVALRY AND FIELD ARTILLERY OF NATIONAL GUARD.

SEC. 89. Funds allotted by the Secretary of War for the support of the National Guard shall be availfor the support of the National Guard Shall be available for the purchase, under such regulations as the Secretary of War may prescribe, of horses conforming to the regular army standards for the use of Field Artillery and Cavalry of the National Guard, said horses to remain the property of the United States and to be used solely for military purposes. Horses so purchased may be issued not to exceed

Horses so purchased may be issued not to exceed thirty-two to any one battery or troop, under such regulations as the Secretary of War may prescribe; not the Secretary of War is further authorized to ssue, in lieu of purchase, for the use of such organizations, condemned army horses which are no longer it for service, but which may be sultable for the purches of instruction, such horses to be sold as now provided by law when said purposes shall have been served.

sec. 90. Funds allotted by the Secretary of Sec. 90. Funds allotted by the Secretary of War for the support of the National Guard shall be vallable for the purchase and issue of forage, bediing, shoeins, and veterinary services, and supplies or the Government horses issued to any battery the second of the compensation of competent or the Government horses issued to any battery troop, and for the compensation of competent elp for the care of the material, animals, and equipment thereof, under such regulations as the Secretary f War may prescribe: Provided, That the men to e compensated, not to exceed five for each battery troop, shall be duly enlisted therein and shall be stalled by the battery or troop commander, under the regulations as the Secretary of War may preside, and shall be paid by the United States disjusting officer in each State, Territory, and the listrict of Columbia.

ISCIPLINE TO CONFORM TO THAT OF REGULAR ARMY. SEC. 91. The discipline (which includes training) the National Guard shall conform to the system high is now or may hereafter be prescribed for the gular army, and the traking shall be carried out

by the several States, Territories, and the District of Columbia so as to conform to the provisions of this act.

TRAINING OF THE NATIONAL GUARD.

SEC. 92. Each company, troop, battery, and detachment in the National Guard shall assemble for drill and instruction, including indoor target practice, not less than forty-eight times each year, and shall, in addition thereto, participate in encampents, manocuvres, or other exercises including utdoor target practice, at least fifteen days in training each year, including target practice, unless such company, troop, battery, or detachment shall have been excused from participation in any part thereof by the Secretary of War: Provided, That credit for an assembly for drill or for indoor target practice shall not be given unless the number of officers and enlisted men present for duty at such assembly shall equal or exceed a minimum to be prescribed by the President, nor unless the period of actual military TRAINING OF THE NATIONAL GUARD. equal or exceed a minimum to be prescribed by the President, nor unless the period of actual military duty and instruction participated in by each officer and enlisted man at each such assembly at which he shall be credited as having been present shall be of at least one and one-half hours' duration and the character of training such as may be prescribed by the Secretary of War.

### INSPECTIONS OF THE NATIONAL GUARD.

INSPECTIONS OF THE NATIONAL GUARD.

SEC. 93. The Sceretary of War shall cause an inspection to be made at least once each year by Inspectors General, and if necessary by other officers, of the regular army, detailed by him for that purpose, to determine whether the amount and condition of the property in the hands of the National Guard is satisfactory; whether the National Guard is satisfactory; whether the National Guard is organized as hereinbefore prescribed; whether the officers and enlisted men possess the physical and other qualifications prescribed; whether the organization and the officers and enlisted men thereof are lzation and the officers and entisted men thereof are sufficiently armed, uniformed, equipped, and being trained and instructed for active duty in the field or coast defence, and whether the records are being kept in accordance with the requirements of this act. The reports of such inspections shall serve as the basis for deciding as to the issue to and retention by the National Guard of the military property provided for by this act, and for determining what organizations and individuals shall be considered as constituting parts of the National Guard within the meaning of this act. ization and the officers and enlisted men thereof are

### ENCAMPMENTS AND MANOEUVRES.

meaning of this act.

ENCAMPMENTS AND MANOEUVRES.

SEC. 94. Under such regulations as the President may prescribe the Secretary of War is authorized to provide for the participation of the whole or any part of the National Guard in encampments, maneuvres, or other exercises, Including outloor target practice, for field or coast-defence instruction, either independently or in conjunction with any part of the regular army, and there may be set aside fine the hands appropriated for that purpose and the regular army, and there may be set aside fine the hands appropriated or that purpose of Columbia appropriate of the payment, subsistence, transportation, and other proper expenses of such portion of the National Chard of such State, Territory, or the District of Columbia as shall participate in such encampments, manœuvres, or other exercises, including outdoor target practice, for field and coast-defence instruction; and the officers and enlisted men of such National Guard while so engaged shall be entitled to the same pay, subsistence, and transportation as officers and enlisted men of such National Guard while so engaged shall be entitled to the same pay, subsistence, and transportation as officers and enlisted men of such National Guard army are or hereafter may be entitled by law.

SEC. 95. When any part of the National Guard participates in encampments, manceuvres, or other exercises, Including outdoor target practice, for field or coast-defence instruction at a United States military post, or reservation, or elsewhere, if in conjunction with troops of the United States on duty there or elsewhere shall remain with the commander of the United States on duty there or elsewhere shall remain with the commander of the United States on duty there or elsewhere shall remain with the commander of the United States on duty there or elsewhere shall remain with the commander of the United States on duty there or elsewhere shall remain with the commander of the United States on duty there or elsewhere shall remain with the

manœuvres, or other exercises.

USE OF REGULAR ARMY PERSONNEL

of the National Guard, who shall give such instruction and information to the officers and men assembled for such encampment, manœuvre, or other exercise as may be directed by the Secretary of War or requested by the Governor or by the commanding officer of the National Guard there on duty.

SEC. 97. Under such regulations as the President may prescribe, the Secretary of War may provide camps for the instruction of officers and eilisted men of the National Guard. Such camps shall be conducted by officers of the regular army detailed by the Secretary of War for that purpose, and may be located either within or without the State, Territory, or District of Columbia to which the members of the National Guard designated to attend said camps shall belong. Officers and enlisted men attending such camps shall be entitled to pay and transportation, and enlisted men to subsistence in tenung such camps such be entitled to pay and transportation, and enlisted men to subsistence in addition, at the same rates as for encampments or manneuvres for field or coast-defence instruction. Sec. 98. When any portion of the National Guard shall participate in encampments, manceuvres,

Guard shall participate in encampments, mancouvers, or other exercises, including outdoor target practice, for field or coast-defence instruction, under the provisions of this act, if may, after being duly mustered, be paid at any time after such muster for the period from the date of leaving the home rendezvous to date of return thereto as determined in advance, both dates inclusive; and such payment, if otherwise correct, shall pass to the credit of the disbursing officer making the same.

NATIONAL GUARD OFFICERS AND MEN AT SERVICE SCHOOLS, AND SO FORTH.

NATIONAL GUARD OFFICERS AND MEN AT SERVICE SCHOOLS, AND SO FORTH.

SCHOOLS, AND SO FORTH.

SCH. 99. Under such regulations as the President may prescribe, the Secretary of War may, upon the recommendation of the Governor of any State or Territory or discontinuity of the Post of the

DETAIL OF OFFICERS OF REGULAR ARM: WITH THE NATIONAL GUARD. ARMY TO DUTY

SEC. 100. The Secretary of War shall detail officers of the active list of the army to duty with the National Guard in each State, Territory, or District of Columbia, and officers so detailed may accept commissions in the National Guard, with the permission of the President and terminable in his discretion, without vacating their commissions in the regular army or being prejudiced in their relative or lineal standing therein. The Secretary of War may, upon like application, detail one or more enlisted men of the regular army with each State, Territory, or District of Columbia for duty in connection with the National Guard. But nothing in this section shall be so construed as to prevent the detail of retired officers as now provided by law.

NATIONAL GUARD, WHEN SUBJECT TO LAWS GOVERN-ING REGULAR ARMY.

SEC. 101. The National Guard when called as such into the service of the United States shall, from the time they are required by the terms of the call to respond thereto, be subject to the laws and regulations governing the regular army, so lar as such laws and regulations are applicable to officers and enlisted men whose permanent retention in the military service, either on the active list or on the retired list, is not contemplated by existing law. respond thereto, he subject to the laws and regulations governing the regular army, so far as such we and regulations are applicable to officers and listed men whose permanent retention in the listed men whose permanent retention in the listed is not contemplated by existing law.

INTEREM OF COURTS-MARTIAL FOR NATIONAL GUARD, SEC. 102. Except in organizations in the service

SYSTEM OF COURTS-MARTIAL FOR NATIONAL GUARD,

of the United States, court-martial in the National Guard shall be of three kinds, namely, general courts-martial, special courts-martial, and summary courts-martial. They snall be constituted like, and have cognizance of the same subjects, and possess like powers, except as to punishments, as similar courts provided for by the laws and regulations governing the Army of the United States, and the proceedings of courts-martial of the National Guard shall follow the forms and modes of procedure prescribed for said similar courts. similar courts.

of courts-martial of the National Guard shall follow the forms and modes of procedure prescribed for said similar courts.

Sec. 103. General courts-martial of the National Guard not in the service of the United States may be convened by orders of the President, or of the Governors of the respective States and Territories, or by the commanding General of the National Guard of the District of Columbia, and such courts shall have the power to impose fines not exceeding \$200; to sentence to forfeiture of pay and allowances; to a reprimand; to dismissal or dishonorable discharge from the service; to reduction of non-commissioned officers to the ranks; or any two or more of such punishments may be combined in the sentences imposed by such courts.

Sec. 104. In the National Guard, not in the service of the United States, the commanding officer of each garrison, fort, post, camp, or other place, brigade, regiment, detached battalion, or other detached command, may appoint special courts-martial may in any case be appointed by superior authority when by the latter deemed desirable. Special courts-martial shall have power to try any person subject to military law, except a commissioned officer of the United States, and superior authority when by the United States, and powers of the United States, and courts-martial shall have the satual powers of the United States, and chard, not in the services of the United States, and curred the National Guard, not in the services of the United States, and curred the National Guard not in the services of the United States, the commandiag officer of one officer, who shall have power to administer oaths and to try the enlisted men of such place or command for breaches of discipline and violations of laws governing such organizations; and such place or command for breaches of discipline and violations of laws governing such organizations; and such opposition to the ranks; may sentence to forfeiture of pay and allowances. The proceedings 55 for any slugle offeace; may sentence non-commiss United States.

SEC. 106. All courts-martial of the National Guard, not in the service of the United States, including summary courts, shall have power to sentence to confinement in lieu of fines authorized to be imposed; Provided, That such sentences of confinement shall not exceed one day for each dollar of

imposed: Provided, This such sentences of the imposed; Provided in the such collar of nee authorized.

Sec. 107. No sentence of dismissal from the service or disnonorable discharge, imposed by a National Guard court-martial, not in the service of the United States, shall be executed until approved by the Governor of the State or Territory concerned, or by the commanding General of the National Guard of the District of Columbia.

Sec. 108. In the charge presidents of courts-martial and summary out officers shall have power to issue warrants to riest accused persons and to bring them before the court for trial whenever such persons hall have disobeyed an order in writing from the convening authority to appear before such court, a copy of the charge or charges having been delivered to the court of the convens and subpernas duces tecum and to enforce by altachment attendance of witnesses and the production of books and papers, and to sentence for a refusal to be sworn or to answer as provided in actions before civil courts.

All propesses and sentences of said courts shall be

duly appointed deputy, and it shall be the duty of any United States marshal to execute all such processes and sentences and make return thereof to the officer issuing or imposing the same.

#### PAY FOR NATIONAL GUARD OFFICERS.

Certain commissioned officers on the active list belonging to organizations of the National Guard of each State, Territory, and the District of Columbia participating in the apportionment of the Columbia participating in the apportionment of the annual appropriation for the support of the National Guard shall receive compensation for their services, except during periods of service for which they may become lawfully entitled to the same pay as officers of corresponding grades of the regular army, as follows, not to include longevity pay: A Captain \$500 per year, and the same pay shall be paid to every officer of higher rank than that of Captain, a First Lieutenant \$240 per year, and a Second Lieutenant \$200 per year, Regulations to be prescribed by the Secretary of War shall determine the amount and character of service that must be rendered by officers character of service that must be rendered by officers enaracter of service that must be rendered by oneers to entitle them to the whole or specific parts of the maximum pay hereinbefore authorized: Provided, That all staff officers, aldes-de-camp, and chaplains hall receive not to exceed one-half of the pay of a Saptaiu, except that regimental Adjutants, and Majors and Captains in command of machine-gun companies, ambulance companies, field hospital companies, or sanitary troops shall receive the pay here-inbefore authorized for a Captain,

### PAY FOR NATIONAL GUARD ENLISTED MEN.

PAY FOR NATIONAL GUARD ENLISTED MEN.
SEC. 110. Each enlisted man on the active list belonging to an organization of the National Guard of a State, Territory, or the District of Columbia, participating in the apportionment of the annual appropriation for the support of the National Guard, shall receive compensation for his services, except during periods of service for which he may become lawfully entitled to the same pay as an enlisted man of corresponding grade in the regular army, at a rate equal to twenty-five per centum of the initial pay now provided by law for enlisted men of corresponding grades of the regular army. Provided, That such enlisted man shall receive the compensation herein provided if he shall have attended not less than forty-eight regular drills during any one year, and a proportionate amount for attendance upon a lesser number of such drills, not less than twenty-four; and no such enlisted man shall receive any part of said compensation except as authorized year, and a proportionate amount for attendance upon a lesser number of such drills, not less than twenty-four; and no such enlisted man shall receive any part of said compensation except as authorized by this proviso and the three provisos next following: Provided further, That the compensation provided herein shall be computed for semi-annual periods, beginning the first day of January and the first day of January and the first day of January and the mist day of July of each year, in proportion to the number of drills attended, and no compensation shall be paid to any enlisted man for the first semi-annual period of any year unless he shall have attended during said period at least twenty-four drills, but any lesser number of drills attended during said period shall be reckoned with the drills attended during the second semi-annual period in computing the compensation, if any, due him for that year: Provided further, That when any man enters into an enlistment other than an immediate re-enlistment he shall be entitled to proportional compensation for that year if during the remainder of the year he shall attend a number of drills whose ratio to twenty-four is not less than the ratio of the part of the year so served to the whole year; and when any man's enlistment shall expire, the compensation, if any, to which he may be entitled shall be determined in like manner: Provided, further, That periods of any actual military duty equivalent to the drills herein preseribed (except hose periods of service for which members of the National Guard may hecome lawfully entitled to the same pay as officers and enlisted men of the corresponding grades in the regular army) may be accepted as service in lleu of such drills when so provided by the Secretary of War.

All amounts appropriated for the purpose of this and the last preceding received in the purpose of this each year upon pay rolls prepared and duthenticated in the manner to be prescribed by the Secre

of each year upon pay rolls prepared and authenti-cated in the manner to be prescribed by the Secre-

tary of War: Provided, That stoppages may be made against the compensation payable to any offerer or enlisted man hereunder to ever the cost of public property ose of entering the provided provided herein, no money appropriated man.

The provided herein, no money appropriated under the provisions of this or the last preceding section shall be paid to any person not on the active list, nor to any person over sixty-four years of age, nor to any person over sixty-four years of age, nor to any person who shall fail to qualify as to fitness for military service under such regulations as the Secretary of War shall prescribe, nor to any State, Territory, or District, or officer or enlisted man in the National Guard thereof, unless and until such State, Territory, or District, or officer or enlisted man in the National Guard thereof, unless and until such State, Territory, or District provides by law that staff officers, including officers of the Pay, Inspection, Subsistence, and Medical Departments, hereafter appointed shall have had previous military experience and shall hold their positions until they shall have reached the age of sixty-four years, unless retired prior to that time by reason or resignation, disability, or for cause to be determined by a court-martial legally convened for that purpose, and that vacancies among said officers shall be filled by appointment from the officers of the militia of such State, Territory, or District: Provided, further, That the preceding proviso shall not apply to any State, Territory, or District until sixty days next after the adjournment of the next seasino of its Legislature held after the approval of this act. after the approval of this act.

#### NATIONAL GUARD WHEN DRAFTED INTO FEDERAL SERVICE.

When Congress shall have authorized the use of the armed land forces of the United States. the use of the armed land forces of the United States, for any purpose requiring the use of troops in excess of those of the regular army, the President may, under such regulations, including such physical examination as he may prescribe, draft into the military service of the United States, to serve therein for the period of the war unless sooner discharged, any or all members of the National Guard and of the National Guard Reserve. All persons so drafted shall, from the date of their draft, stand discharged from the militia, and shall from said date be subject to such laws and recentarious for the government of from the militia, and shall from said date be subject to such laws and regulations for the government of the Army of the United States as may be applicable to members of the volunteer army, and shall be embodied in organizations corresponding as far as practicable to those of the regular army or shall be otherwise assigned as the President may direct. The commissioned officers of said organizations shall be appointed from among the memhers thereof, officers with rank not above that of Colonel to be appointed by the President alone, and all other officers to be appointed by the President alone, and all other officers to be appointed by the President by and with the advice and consent of the Senate. Officers and enlisted men in the service of the United States under the terms of this section shall have the same pay and allowances as officers and enlisted men of the regular army of the same grades and the same prior service. army of the same grades and the same prior service.

### RIGHTS TO PENSIONS.

RIGHTS TO PENSIONS.

SEC. 112. When any officer or enlisted man of the National Carlo drafted into the service of the United States hard drafted into the service of the United States hard for a is stabled by reason in the active service of the United States in time of war, he shall be entitled to all the benefits of the pension laws existing at the time of his service, and in case such officer or enlisted man dies in the active service of the United States in time of war or in returning to his place of residence after being mustered out of such service, or at any other time in consequence of wounds or disabilities received in such active service, his widow and children, if any, shall be entitled to all the benefits of such pension laws. laws.

#### ENCOURAGEMENT OF RIFLE PRACTICE.

The Secretary of War shall annually submit to Congress recommendations and estimates for the establishment and maintenance of indoor and outdoor rife ranges, under such a comprehensive and outdoor rile ranges, under such a comprehensive plan as will ultimately result in providing adequate facilities for rife practice in all sections of the courtry. And that all ranges so established and all ranges which may have already been constructed, in whole or in part, with funds provided by Congress shall be open for use by those in any branch of the military or naval service of the United States and by all able-bodied maies capable of bearing arms, under reasonable regulations to be prescribed by the controlling authorities and approved by the Secretary of War. That the President may detail capable officers and non-commissioned officers of the regular officers and non-commissioned officers of the regular army and National Guard to duty at such ranges as instructors for the purpose of training the citizenry in the use of the military arm. Where rifle ranges shall have been so established and instructors assigned to duty thereat, the Secretary of War shall be authorized to provide for the issue of a reasonable number of standard military rifles and such quantities of animulation as may be available for use in conducting such rifle practice. conducting such rifle practice.

TEMPORARY VACANCIES IN REGULAR ARMY DUE TO DETAILS TO THE NATIONAL GUARD.

SEC. 114 In time of war the temporary vacan-eles created in any grade not above that of Colonel among the commissioned personnel of any arm, staff corps, or department of the regular army, through spnointments of officers thereof to higher rank in organizations composed of members taken from the National Guard, shall be filled by tempo-rary promotions according to seniority in rank from cofficers belging compussions in the next layer grade rank in organizations composed of members taken from the National Guard, shall be filled by temporary promotions according to seniority in rank from officers holding commissions in the next lower grade in said arm staff corps. or department, and all vacancies created in any grade by such temporary promotions shall be in like manner filled from, and thus create temporary vacancies in the next lower grade, and the vacancies that shall remain thereafter in said arm, staff corps, or department and that can not be filled by temporary promotions, as prescribed in this section, may be filled by the temporary appointment of officers of such number and grade or grades as shall maintain said arm, corps, or department at the full commissioned strength authorized by law: Prootded, That in the staff corps and departments subject to the provisions of sections twenty-six and twenty-seven of the act of February second, nineteen hundred and one, and acts amendatory thereof, temporary vacancies that can not be filled by temporary promotions as herelinbefore prescribed in said sections twenty-six and twenty-seven, and acts amendatory thereof, and the resulting temporary vacancies in the branches of the arts of the filled as hereinbefore in the branches of the arts of the arts of the arts of the act of the section shall be filled as hereinbefore the section of the section shall be promoted or appointed in der the terms of this section shall be promoted or appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, for terms that shall not extend beyond the war or the passing of the emergency for which additional forces were brought into the military service of the var or the passing of the emergency for which additional forces were brought into the military service of the united States, and at the termination of the war or the passing of the emergency for which additional forces were brought into the military service of the united states, and at the termination of the war or the passing of the emergency for which

### PHYSICAL EXAMINATION.

Sec 115. Every officer and enlisted man of the National Guard who shall be called into the service of the United States as such shall be examined as to of the United States as such shall be evamined as to his obysical fitness under such regulations as the President may prescribe without further commission or enlistment: Provided, That immediately preceding the muster out of an officer or enlisted man called into the active service of the United States he shall be physically examined under rules prescribed by the President of the United States, and the record thereof shall be filed and kept in the War Decertified. Department.

#### NON-COMPLIANCE WITH FEDERAL ACT.

SEC. 116. Whenever any State shall, within a limit of time to be fixed by the President, have falled or refused to comply with or enforce any requirement of this act, or any regulation promulgated thereunder and in aid thereof by the President or the Secretary of War, the National Guard of such State shall be debarred, wholly or in part, as the President may direct, from receiving from the United States any pecuniary or other aid, benefit, or

privilege authorized or provided by this act or any other law.

APPLICABLE TO LAND FORCES ONLY.

APPLICABLE TO LAND FORCES ONLY.

SEC. 117. The provisions of this act in respect to the militia shall be applicable only to militia organized as a land force and not to the Navai Militia, which shall consist of such part of the militia as may be prescribed by the President for each State, Territory, or District: Proticted, That each State, Territory, or District maintaining a Navai Militia as herein prescribed may be credited to the extent of the number thereof in the quota that would otherwise be required by section sixty-two of this act.

#### NECESSARY RULES AND REGULATIONS,

SEC, 118. The President shall make all necessary rules and regulations and issue such orders as may be necessary for the thorough organization, discipline, and government of the militia provided for in this act.

#### ANNUAL ESTIMATES REQUIRED

SEC. 119. The Secretary of War shall cause to be estimated annually the amount necessary for carrying out the provisions of so much of this act as relates to the militia, and no money shall be expended under said provisions except as shall from time to time be appropriated for carrying them out.

PURCHASE OR PROCUREMENT OF MILITARY SUPPLIES IN TIME OF ACTUAL OR IMMINENT WAR.

IN TIME OF ACTUAL OR IMMINENT WAR.

SEC, 120. The President, in time of war or when war is imminent, is empowered, through the head of any department of the Government, in addition to the present authorized methods of purchase or procurement, to place an order with any individual, firm, association, company, corporation, or organized manufacturing industry for such produce or material as may be required, and which is of the nature and kind usually produced or capable of being produced by such individual, firm, company, association, corporation, or organized manufacturing industry. The President, in time of war or when industry

clation, corporation, or organized manufacturing industry.

Compiliance with all such orders for products or material shall be obligatory on any individual, firm, association, company, corporation, or organized manufacturing industry or the responsible head or leads thereof and shall take precedence over all other orders and contracts theretofore placed with such individual, firm, company, association, corporation, or organized manufacturing industry, and any individual, firm, association, company orporation, or organized manufacturing industry or the responsible head or heads thereof owning or operating any plant equipped for the manufacturing of arms or ammunition, or parts of ammunition, or any necessary supplies or equipment for the army, and any individual, firm, association, company, corporation, or organized manufacturing industry or the responsible head or heads thereof owning or operating any manufacturing plant, which, in the opinion of the Secretary of War shall be capable of heing readily transformed into plant for the minimum of the content of arms of ammunition, or complement, who shall refuse to manufacture the kind, quantity, or quality of arms or ammunition, or the parts thereof, or any precessory sumplies or equipment, as ordered by the In the matter of the execution of orders, or who shall refuse to manufacture the kind, quantity, or quality of arms or ammunition, or the parts thereof, or any necessary supplies or equipment, as ordered by the Secretary of War, or who shall refuse to furnish such arms, ammunitions, or parts of ammunition, or other supplies or equipment, at a reasonble price as determined by the Secretary of War, then, and in either such case, the President, through the head of any department of the Government, in addition to the present authorized methods of purchase or procurement herein provided for, is bereby authorized to take immedjate possession of any such plant or plants, and through the Ordnance Department of the United States Army, to manufacture therein in time of war, or when war shall be imminent, such product or material as may be required, and any individual, firm, company, association, or corporation, or creanized manufacturing industry, or the responsible head or heads thereof, failing to comply with the provious consenses of the provious of the complex of the provious of the complex of the provious of the complex of the provious of the complex of the provious of the complex of the provious of the provious of the complex of the provious of the complex of the provious of the complex of the provious of the provious of the complex of the provious of the provious of the provious of the complex of the provious of the part of the provious of the provious of the provious of the provious of the provious of the provious of the provious of the provi

material, or as rental for use of any manufacturing plant while used by the United States, shall be fair

The Scoretary of War shall also make, or cause to be made, a complete list of all privately owned plants in the United States equipped to manufacture plants in the United States equipped to manufacture arms or ammunition, or the component parts thereof. He shall obtain full and complete information regarding the kind of arms or ammunition, or the component parts thereof, manufactured or that can be manufactured by each suce plant, the equipment in each plant, and the maximum capacity thereof. He shall also prepare, or cause to be prepared, a list of univately ewned manufacturing plants in the United States capable of being readily transformed into ammunition factories, where the capacity of the plant is suificient to warrant transformed. into ammunition factories, where the capacity of the plant is suificient to warrant transforming such plant or plants into ammunition factories in time of war or when war shall be imminent; and as to all such plants the Secretary of War shall obtain full and complete information as to the equipment of each such plant, and he shall propare comprehensive plans for transforming on the studies in the state.

each such plant, and he shall propare comprehensive plans for transforming each such plant into an annunition factory, or a factory in which to manufacture such parts of annunition as in the opinion of the Secretary of War such plant is best adapted. The President is hereby authorized, in his discretion, to appoint a Beard on Mobilization of Industries Essential for Military Preparedness, non-partisan in character, and to take all necessary steps to provide for such clerical assistance as he may deem necessary to organize and co-ordinate the work hereinbefore described.

hereinoefore described.

# INVESTIGATION AS TO GOVERNMENT MANUFACTURE OF ARMS, AND SO FORTH.

SEC. 121. The Secretary of War is hereby authorized to appoint a board of five citizens, two of whom shall be eivillans and three of whom shall be officers of the army, to investigate and report to him the feasibility, desirability, and practicability of the Government manufacturing arms, munitions, and equipment, showing in said report the comparative prices of the arms, munitions, and equipment manufactured in Government plants and those manufactured in private plants, the amount of money necessary to build and operate Government plants not the manufacture of arms, munitions, and equipment; showing also what the Government plants and arsenals are now doing in the way of manufacturing arms, munitions, and equipment, and what saving has accrued to the Government by reason of its having manufactured a large part of its own arms, munitions, and equipment for the last four years. And the Secretary of War is hereby directed to transmit said report to Congress on or before January first, indeteen hundred and seventeen. before January first, nineteen hundred and seventeen.

INVESTIGATION CONCERNING MEDALS OF HONOR,

SEC. 122. A board to consist of five general officers on the retired list of the army shall be convened by the Secretary of War, within sixty days after the approval of this act, for the purpose of investigating and reporting upon past awards or issues of the so-called Congressional Medal of Honor by or through the War Department: this with a view mers on the retired list of the army shall be consended by the Secretary of War, within sixty days there he speroval of this act, for the purpose of the speroval of this act, for the purpose of the speroval of this act, for the purpose of sucs of the so-called Congressional Medal of Honor yor through the War Department; this with a view assectiain what medals of honor, if any, have been warded or issued for any cause other than disniguished conduct by an officer or enlisted man in tool involving actual conflict with an enemy by the officer or enlisted man or by troops with which was easily the work of the was serving at the time of such action. And in ny case in which said board shall find and report if the medal was issued for any cause other than the reinbefore specified the name of the recipient if the medal so issued shall be tricken permanently form the official medal of honor list. It shall be a list of the work of the wor to ascertain what medals of honor, if any, have been awarded or issued for any cause other than dis-tinguished conduct by an officer or enlisted man in tinguished conduct by an officer of enlisted man in action involving actual conflict with an enemy by such officer or enlisted man or by troops with which he was serving at the time of such action. And in any case in which said board shall find and report that said medal was issued for any cause other than that hereinbefore specified the name of the recipient that herelubefore specified the name of the recipient of the medal so issued shall be stricken permanently from the official medal of honor list. It shall be a misdemeanor for bim to wear or publicity display said medal, and, if he shall still be in the army, he shall be required to return said medal to the War Department for cancellation. Said board shall have full and free access to and use of all records pertaining to the award or issue of medals of honor by or through the War Department. The actual and necessary expenses of said baard and its members shall be paid out of any appropriations available for contingent expenses of the army or the War Department. partment.

PROCUREMENT OF GAUGES, DIES, JIGS, ETC., NECES-SARY FOR MANUFACTURE OF ARMS, ETC.

hereby, authorized to prepare or cause to be prepared, to purchase or otherwise procure, such sauges, dies, Jizs, tools, fixtures, and other special aids and appliances, including specifications and detailed drawings, as may be necessary for the immediate manufacture, by the Government and by private manufacturers, of arms, ammunition, and special equipment necessary to arm and equip the land forces likely to be required by the United States in time of war: Provided, That in the expenditure of any sums appropriated to carry out the purposes of this section the existing laws prescribing competition in the procurement of supplies by purchase shall not govern, whenever in the opinion of the Secretary of War such action will be for the best interest of the public service. hereby, authorized to prepare or cause to be pre-

#### NITRATE SUPPLY

SEC. 124. The President of the United States is SEC. 124. The President of the United States is hereby authorized and empowered to make, or cause to be made, such investigation as in his judgment is necessary to determine the best, cheapest, and most available means for the production of intrates and other products for munitions of war and useful in the manufacture of fertilizers and other products as in his judgment is the best and cheapest to use; and is also hereby authorized and empowered to designate for the exclusive use of the United States, if in his judgment such means is best and cheapest, such site or sites, upon any navigable or non-navigable river or rivers or upon the public lands, as in his ophinon will be necessary for carrying out the purposes of this act; and is further authorized to construct, maintain, and operate, at or ou any site purposes of this act; and is further authorized to construct, maintain, and operate, at or ou any site or sites so designated, dams, locks improvements to navigation, power houses, and other plants and equipment or other means than water power as in his judgment is the best and cheapest, necessary or convenient for the generation of electrical or other power and for the production of nitrates or other products needed for minificions of war and useful in the manufacture of fertilizers and other useful productions. nets.

The President is authorized to lease, purchase, or The President is authorized to lease, purchase, or acquire, by condemnation, gitt, grant, or devise, such lands and rights of way as may be necessary for the construction and operation of such plants, and to take from any lands of the United States, or to purchase or acquire by condemnation materials, minerals and processes, patented or otherwise, necessary for the construction and operation of such plants and for the manufacture of such products. The products of such plants shall be used by the President for inlittary and naval purposes to the extent that he may decen necessary, and any surplus which he shall determine is not required shall be sold and disposed of by him under such regulations as he

and disposed of by him under such regulations as he

prescribe.

The President is hereby authorized and empowered to employ such officers, agents, or agencies as may in his discretion be necessary to enable him to

### THE NEW UNITED STATES ARMY LAW .- Continued.

advisable, and fix, instead of fifty years after date of issue, as in said Act of August fifth, nineteen hundred and nine, not exceeding fifty years.

#### PROTECTION OF THE UNIFORM.

of issue, as in such act of largest interpretable of red and nine, not exceeding firty years.

PROTECTION OF THE UNIFORM.

SEC. 125. It shall be unlawful for any person not an officer or enlisted man of the United States Army, Navy, or Marine Corps, to wear the duly prescribed uniform of the United States Army, Navy, or Marine Corps, to a such uniform of the United States Army, Navy, or Marine Corps, or any distinctive part of such uniform of a uniform any part of which is similar to a distinctive part of the duly prescribed uniform of the United States Army, Navy, or Marine Corps. Provided, That the foregoing provision shall not be construed so as to prevent officers or enlisted men of the National Guard from wearing, in pursuance of law and regulations, the uniform lawfully prescribed to be worn by such officers or enlisted men of the National Guard; nor to prevent members of the organization known as the Boy Scouts of America, or the Nava Militi, or may designate, from wearing, who in time of war have served honorabily as officers of the United States Army, Navy, or Marine Corps, regular or volunteer, and whose most recent service was terminated by an honorable discharge, muster out, or resignation, from wearing, upon occasions of ceremony, the uniform of the highest grade they have held by hrevet or other commission in such regular or volunteer, from wearing, upon occasions of ceremony, the uniform of the highest grade they have held by hrevet or other commission in such regular or volunteer, from wearing, upon occasions of ceremony, the uniform of the highest practice of the more of the first provided from the United States Army, Navy, or Marine Corps, regular or volunteer, from wearing is uniform from the place of his discharge to his home, within three months after the date of such discharge; nor to prevent the members of military societies composed entirely of honorably discharged officers or enlisted men, or both, of the United States Army, Navy, or Marine Corps; or to prevent the members of the duly o tion, and at which an officer or enlisted man of the United States Army, Navy, or Marine Corps is law-

can be seen as a second of the

Any person who offends against the provisions of this section shall, on conviction, be punished by a fine not exceeding \$300, or by imprisonment not exceeding six months, or by both such fine and im-

prisonment.

prisonment.

SEC. 126. On and after July first, nineteen hundred and sixteen, an enlisted man when discharged from the service, except by way of punishment for an offence, shall receive 3½ cents per mile from the place of his discharge to the place of his acceptance for enlistment, enrolment, or original muster into the service, at his option: Provided, That for sea travel on discharge, transportation and subsistence only shall be furnished to enlisted men.

SEC. 127. Nothing in this act shall be held or construed so as to discharge any officer from the regular arroly or to deprive him of the commission which he now holds therein.

SEC. 128. All laws and parts of laws in so far as they are inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed.

pealed.

Approved, June 3, 1916.

### THE WORLD'S COURT LEAGUE.

For the purpose of securing concerted action to establish an International Court of Justice.

Piatform—We believe it to be desirable that a league among nations should be organized for the following purposes:

1. A World court, in general similar to the Court of Arbitrai Justice, already agreed upon at the Second Hague Conference, should be, as soon as possible, established as an international court of justice, representing the nations of the world, and, subject to the limitations of treaties, emoowered to assume jurisdiction over international questions in dispute that are justiciable in character, and that are not settled by negotiation. settied by negotiation.

2 All other international controversies not settled by nesotiation should be referred to the Permanent Court of Arbitration at The Hague, or submitted to a council of concillation, or International Commission of Inquiry, for hearing, consideration

and recommendation.

3. Soon after peace is declared there should be heid either "a conference of all great governments, as described in the United States Navail Appropriation Act of 1916, or a similar assembly, formally designated as the Third Hague Conference, and the sessions of such international conferences should become permanently periodic at shorter intervals than formerly.

(a) Formulate and adopt plans for the estab-

lishment of a World Court and an International Council of Conciliation, and

(b) From time to time formulate and codify the sof international law, which, unless some con-stituent State shall signify its dissent within a stated period, shall govern in the decisions of the World Court.

4. In connection with the establishment of automatically periodic sessions of an international conference the constituent governments should establish a permanent continuation committee of the con-ference, with such administrative powers as may be delegated to it by the conference,

The organization of an international court of fus-tice with the necessary attendant institutional ma-chinery, sustained by a strong public opinion, is the irreducible minimum in the demands of all workers for peace with justice. Hence the league stands for common ground upon which all such workers can meet and co-operate. Official organ, The World Court, published monthly. The organization of an international court of jus-

Officers: Honorary President—William Howard Tait. President—John Hays Hammond. Chairman Executive Committee—Emerson McMillin. Treasurer—Henry Clews. General Secretary—Dr. Samuel T. Dutton, Room 2932 Equitable Building, 120 Broadway, New York.

### THE UNITED STATES ARMY.

GENERAL STAFF OF THE ARMY-Major-General Hugh L. Scott Chief of Staff

GENERAL STAFF OF	THE ARMIT—Major-General Hug	at 1. Beott, Chief of Brail.
Major-General Tasker H. Bliss, Assistant to t	the Chief of Staff.   Major-General H	Erasmus M. Weaver, Chief of Coast Artillery.
COLONELS.	LIEUTENANT-COLONELS-Cont.	MAJORS-Continued.
George T. Bartlett, Coast Artillery. Chase W. Kennedy, Infantry. William H. Johnston, Intantry. Ernest Hinds, Field Artillery.	William S. Graves, Infantry. Robert E. Callan, Coast Artillery. Robert L. Howze, Cavalry.	Walter C. Babcock, Cavalry, Francis Le J. Parker, Cavalry, Dennis E. Nolau, Infantry, Dan T. Moore, Fleid Artillery,
William F. Martin, Infantry.		Chas, E. Kilbourne, Coast Artillery,
		Douglas MacArthur, Corpsof Eng'rs.
Malvern-Hill Barnum, Cavalry, P. D. Lochridge, Cavalry,		John J. Kingman, Corps of Eng'rs.
1. D. Lochinge, Cavalry.	Palmer E. Pierce Infantry	Monroe C. Kerth, Infantry,

LIEUTENANT-COLONELS.
Frank W. Coc, Coast Artiliery,
Jame W. McAndrew, Infantry.
Munroe McFariand, Infantry.

George B. Duncan, Infantry.

Andrew Moses, Coast Atthlery, George A. Nugent, Field Artillery, John McA. Palmer, Infantry, John McA. Palmer, Infantry, Frank S. Coeheu, Infantry, Oliver Edwards, Infantry, Briant H. Wells, Infantry, Harry N. Coctes, Cavalry.

Tenney Ross, Infantry. Wm. H. Raymond, Coast Artillery. Harry N. Cootes, Cavalry.

	GENERAL	OFFICERS OF THE DINE.	
Major-General	. Leonard Wood	. Eastern Department	. Governor's Island, N. Y.
	J. Franklin Bell	.Western Department	.San Francisco, Cal.
	Thomas H. Barry	. Central Department	. Chicago, Ili.
		.Southern Department	
**	. Hugh L. Scott	.Chief of Staff, General Staff	. Washington, D. C.
"	.Tasker H. Bliss	.General Staff	. Washington, D. C.
		.Eighth Brigade	
Brigadler-General	. Clarence R. Edwards	.Canal Zone	.Ancon.
	James Parker	.First Cavalry Brlgade	. Fort Sam Houston, Tex.
••	Hunter Liggett	.Philippine Department	. Manlla, P. I.
**		.Sixth Brigade	
••		****************	
44	George Bell, Jr	Fifth Brigade	. El Paso, Tex.
••	Henry A. Greene	. First Brigade	. Eagle Pass, Tex.
44		Objet Militale Dameers	

**	Charles J. Balley
41	George Bell, Jr Fifth Brigade El Paso, Tex.
**	Henry A. Greene First Brigade
44	William A. Mann Chief Militla Bureau Washington, D. C.
**	Frederick S. Strong Hawaijan Department
44	Harry F. Hodges No. Atlantic Coast Artillery Dist Fort Totten, N. Y.
**	John F. Morrison
44	Edward H. PlummerFourth BrigadeNogales, Ariz.
*4	Clarence P. TownsleySo. Atlantic Coast Artillery Dist Charleston, S. C.
	Charles G. Morton Seventh Brlgade' Douglas, Arlz.
44	John W. Ruckman Laredo, Tex.
44	William L. Sibert Pacific Coast Artillery Dist Fort Miley, Cal.
**	Eben Swlit Second Cavalry Brigade' Columbus, N. Mex.
4.0	Francis H. French. San Francisco, Cal.
**	Edwin St. J. Greble
64	Charles C. Treet First Hawailan Prizade Schofield R'ka Hawail

	CHIEFS OF STAFF CORPS AND BUREAUS OF THE WAR DEPARTMENT.
Brigadier-General.	Henry P. McCain The Adjutant-General Washington, D. C.
	Ernest A. GarlingtonInspector-General
**	Enoch H. Crowder Judge-Advocate-General Washington, D. C.
Major-General	Henry G. Sharpe Quartermaster-General
	Carroll A. Devoi Quartermaster Corps Washington, D. C.
	Abiel L. Smith Quartermaster Corps Washington, D. C.
	William C. GorgasSurgeon-GeneralWashington, D. C.
	William M. Black Chief of Engineers
- **	William Crozier Chief of Ordnance Washington, D. C.
**	George P. Scriven Chief Signal Officer Washington, D. C.
••	Frank McIntyreChief Bureau Insular Affairs Washington, D. C.

### RETIREMENTS OF GENERALS ON THE ACTIVE LIST.

The following are the dates of the future retirements of Generals on the active list;
Inspector-General Ernest A. Garlington, February 20, 1917; Brigadier-General Thomas F. Davis,
May 8, 1917; Major-General Hugh L. Scott, September 22, 1917; Major-General Tasker H. Bliss, December
31, 1917; Brigadier-General James Parker, February 20, 1918, Brigadier-General George P. Scriven, Chief
Signal Officer, February 21, 1918; Brigadier-General Eben Swift, May 11, 1918; Major-General Frasmus
M. Weaver, Chief of Coast Artillery, May 23, 1918; Brigadier-General William A. Mann, July 31, 1918,
Surgeon-General William C. Gorgas, October 3, 1918; Chief of Ordnance William A. Mann, July 31, 1918,
1919; Brigadier-General Edward H. Plummer, September 24, 1919; Brigadier-General Clarence P. Townsley,
September 24, 1919; Major-General Thomas H. Barry, October 13, 1919; Brigadier-General Frederlek S.
Strong, November 12, 1919; Brigadier-General William M. Black, Chief of Engineevs, December 8, 1912,
Major-General J. Franklin Bell, January 9, 1920; Brigadier-General Ampry A. Greene, August 5, 1920;
Brigadier-General Hunter Liggett, March 21, 1921; Brigadier-General Ablel L. Smith, Quartermaster
Corps, July 14, 1921; Brigadier-General Francis H. French, September 27, 1921; Brigadier-General John
F. Morrison, December 25, 1921; Major-General Henry G. Sharpe, Quartermaster-General, April 30, 1922;
Brigadier-General Ch. E. Edwards, January 11, 1923;
Brigadier-General George Bell, Jr., January 23, 1923; Brigadier-General C. E. Edwards, January 12, 1923;
Brigadier-General George Bell, Jr., January 23, 1923; Brigadier-General C. R. Edwards, January 14, 1924;
Brigadier-General C. R. Edwards, January 21, 1923;
Brigadier-General C. R. Edwards, January 21, 1923;
Brigadier-General C. R. Edwards, January 23, 1924;
Major-General John J. Pershing, September 13, 1924;
Brigadier-General Leonard William Silbert, October 12, 1924;
Brigadier-General Leonard Wood, October 9, 1924;
Brigadier-General William Silbert, October 12, 1924;
Brigadier-General Le The following are the dates of the future retirements of Generals on the active list:

<sup>\*</sup> Revised to December 1, 1916.

### GENERAL OFFICERS ON THE RETIRED LIST AND YEAR OF RETIREMENT.

Correspondence intended for the general officers whose names appear in this list can be addressed in care of the War Department, Washington, D. C., if a better address is not known by the sender.

care of the war Departs	ment, wasin	igion. D. C., ii a better	addi cas is no	o may in by the beader.
Abbot, Henry L	1895B. G.1	Grimes, George S	1907B. G.l	Pratt, Edward B 1909 B. G.
Adams, Granger	1916 "	Guenther, F. L	1902 "	Pratt, Richard H1903 "
Ainsworth, Fred C	1912M. G.	Hains, Peter C	1904M. G.	Pratt, Sedgwick1906 "
Aleshire James B	1916 "	Hall, Wm. P	1912B. G.	Price, Butler D1906 "
Alexander, Chas. T	1897B. G.	Harbach, Abram A	1902 "	Randall, George M1905M. G.
Allen, James	1913 "	Hardin, M. D	1870 "	Rawles, Jacob B 1903B. G.
Anderson, Harry R	1907 "	Haskin, William L	1903 "	Reade, Philip1908
Anderson, Thos. M	1899M.G.	Hickey, James B	1909	Reed, Henry A1906
Andrews, George	[914B. G.]	Hobbs, Charles W	1903	Robert, Henry M1901
Andrews, Geo. L	1892	Hodges, Henry C	1895 "	Roberts, Bent. R1905
Auman, William	1902 "	Hood, Charles C	1902	Roberts, Cyrus S 1903
Balley, Clarence M	1899	Hooton, Mott	1902 "	Robinson, Frank U1905
Baldwin, Frank D	1905M. G.	Hoskins, John D. C	1908 "	Robinson, W. W., Jr., 1910
Baldwin, Theo. A	1903	Hoxie, Richard L	1908	Rodgers, John I 1902
Barr, Thomas F	1000	Hoyle, Ell D	1012 "	Degali William T 1012 . **
Bates, John C	1900	Hubball Hopes W	1005 44	Sanger Joseph P 1904 M C
Dingham Than	1901	Hugging Ett I	1002 44	Cobustor Weiter C 1013 R G
Bingham, Theo. A	1002 4	Humphron Char E	1905 1907 M. C.	Schwan Theodore 1901 M G
Dishon William H	1902	from P I D	1804 B G	Scully James W 1900 B G
Divby William H	1013 "	Iocelyn Stephen P	1907	Sheridan M V 1902"
Borden Ceorge P	1907 "	Kant Iscob F	1898 M G	Sibley, Frederick W1916 "
Bowman A H	1903. "	Kerr John B	1909 . B. G.	Smith, Allen1905 "
Breck Samuel	1897 "	Kingman Dan C	1916"	Smith, Charles S 1907 "
Breckingidge I C	1903 . M. G	Knight J G D	1910 "	Smith, Fred'k A 1913 "
Brooke John R	1902"	Kohhé, William A	1904M.G.	Smith, George R 1913 "
Brush, Daniel H	1912B. G.	Kress, John A	1903B. G.	Smith, Jacob H1902 "
Bubb, John W	1907 "	Lazelle, Henry M	1894 "	Sniffen, Culver C1908 "
Buchanan, Jas. A	1906 "	Lee, Jesse M	1907M. G.	Stanton, William 1906
Buffington, A. R	1901 "	Lleber, G. Norman	1901 . B. G.	Steever, Edgar Z1913
Burbank, James B	1902	Lincoln, Sumner H	1902	Stickney, Amos 1907.
Burton, George H	1906 "	Lockwood, Benj. C	1907 "	Summer, Samuel S 1900 M. G.
Byrne, Charles C	1901 "	Lodor, Richard	1004 "	Eurost Ouron I 1000
Carlton, Caled H	1897	Long, Oscar F	1904	Taylor Acher C 1903 **
Carter, William H	1915M. G.	McCletten John	1006 B C	Taylor Frank 1905
Caziare, Louis v	1012	McClenand Edw I:	1012 "	Thomas Earl D 1911 . "
Chittenden H M	1010 "	McCrea Tully	1903 "	Thompson, J. M 1903 "
Clam John I.	1915 M G	McGinness John R.	1904 "	Thorp, Frank1906 "
Closson H W	1896. B. G.	McGregor, Thomas	1901 "	True, Theo. E1901 "
Coolidge, Chas. A	1903"	McKlbbin, Cham	1902 "	Van Horne, W. M 1901 "
Cooney, Michael	1899 "	Mackenzie, Alex	1908 . M. G.	Vogdes, Anthony W 1904 "
Cooper, Charles L	1993 "	Macklin, Jas. E	1906B. G.	Vroom, Peter D1903"
Crawford, M	1908 "	Macomb, M. M	1916 "	Wade, James F 1907. M. G.
Daggett, Aaron S	1901 "	Mansfield, S. M	1903	Wallace, Wm. M 1900 . B. G.
Davis, Chas. E. L. B.	1908 "	Markley, Altred C	1907	Ward, Frederick K1910
Davis, Charles L	1903 "	Marshall, W. L	1910	Word Thomas 1002 "
Davis, Edward	1905	Mattle, Leon A	1012 4	Wassells H W Ir 1901 **
Davis, George W	1903 M. G.	Mans, Manon E	1906 "	Weston, John F 1909 . M. G.
Davis, John M. K	1905b. G.	Miles Nelson A	1903. L. G.	Wheaton, Loyd1902 "
Dertol C. A.	1902	Miller Crosby P	1906B. G.	Wheelan, James N 1901B. G.
Dimmiels Fug D	1913 .B G	Miller James	1903"	Wherry, Wm. M1899 "
Dodd Ceorge A	1916 "	Mills Anson	1897 "	Whipple, Chas. H 1912 "
Dunwoody H H. C.	1904 "	Miner, Charles W	.1903 "	Whitall, S. R1906
Duval. Wm. P.	1911M.G.	Moore, Francis	1905 "	Wilcox, Timothy E 1904
Eagan, Charles P	1900 B. G.	Mordecal, Affred	1904 "	Williams, Constant1907
Edgerly, Winfield S	1909 "	Moseley, Edward B	1907 "	Williston, Edw. B 1900
Ennis, William	1905"	Noves, Henry E	1901 "	Wilson, James H 1901 . M. G.
Ernst, Oswald H	1906M.G.	O'Connell, John J	1904.	Invigant John P 1016 "
Evans, Robert K	1916. B. G.	Osternaus, Peter J	1800 B C	Wood E E 1910. "
Forbes, Theodore F	1903	Dowler Delugerfield	1806 "	Wood Henry C 1896 "
Fountain, S. W	1905	Patterson I H	1899 . **	Woodhull, A. A 1901 "
Curson, Horatto G	1901	Penney, Chas, G	1903 "	Woodruff, Chas. A1903 "
Codfrey Edward S	1907. "	Pennington, A. C. M.	.1899M. G	Woodward, G. A1879 "
Godwin Edward A	1908 "	Phipps, Frank H	1907B. G.	Woodward, S. L 1904
Goethals, George W.	1916 M. G.	Pltman, John	1906 "	Wotherspoon, W. W 1914M. G.
Gordon, David S	1896B. G.	Pope, James W	1916 "	Yeatman, Rich'd T 1909 . B. G.
Greely, A. W	1908M. G.	Potts, Ramsay D	1914	Pratt, Edward B. 1909. B. G. Pratt, Richard H. 1903. " Pratt, Richard H. 1903. " Pratt, Richard H. 1903. " Pratt, Richard H. 1903. " Pratt, Richard H. 1904. " Price, Butler D. 1906. " Randali, George M. 1905. M. G. Rawles, Jacob B. 1903. B. G. Reade, Philip. 1908. G. Reade, Henry A. 1906. " Robert, Henry M. 1901. " Roberts, Benl. K. 1905. " Roberts, Senl. K. 1905. " Roberts, Cyrus S. 1903. " Roberts, Cyrus S. 1903. " Robinson, Frank U. 1905. " Roders, John I. 1902. " Rodinson, W. W. Jr. 1910. " Rodgers, John I. 1902. " Rodney, George B. 1903. " Rossell, William T. 1913. " Sanger, Joseph P. 1904. M. G. Schwan, Theodore. 1901. M. G. Schwan, Theodore. 1901. M. G. Schwiller, Watter S. 1913. B. G. Schwan, Theodore. 1901. M. G. Schiller, Green G. 1905. " Smitch, Alaman, M. V. 1902. " Sibley, Frederick W. 1916. " Smitch, Chanes S. 1905. " Smitch, Goorge R. 1913. " Smitth, Jacob H. 1902. " Stanton, William. 1906. " Stanton, William. 1906. " Stanton, William. 1906. " Steever, Edgar Z. 1913. " Stickney, Amos. 1907. " Sumner, Samuel S. 1906. M. G. Suter, Chas. R. 1905. B. G. Sweet, Owen J. 1909. " Taylor, Asher, C. 1903. " Taylor, Frank. 1905. " Thompson, J. M. 1903. " Thorp, Frank. 1906. " Trylor, Frank. 1906. " Thompson, J. M. 1903. " Thorp, Frank. 1906. " Thompson, J. M. 1903. " Thorp, Frank. 1906. " Wade, James F. 1907. M. G. Wellace, Wm. M. 1904. " Wade, James F. 1907. M. G. Wellace, Wm. M. 1904. " Weston, John F. 1909. M. G. Wellace, Wm. M. 1904. " Weston, John F. 1909. M. G. Wheelan, James M. 1901. B. G. Wheelan, James M. 1901.

## AMERICAN PIONEERS OF '98.

This organization was formed and registered with headquarters in San Juan, Porto Rico, December, 1913, for the purpose of promoting social intercourse and friendship, and providing means for closer ties of friendship, between the American pioneers of Porto Rico, who constitute its membership, and to maintain a register of American pioneers in Porto Rico. President—Noah Shepard. Secretary—H. L. Moore. Tressurer—John E. Heinzman.

### KNICHTS OF WASHINGTON.

The first chapter of the Knights of Washington was organized in 1915. President—Herman G. Johnson, Elkins, W. Va. Vice-President—Russell H. Allen. Secretary—Preston Harman. Treasurer—Howard L. Collett.

### THE CIRLS NATIONAL HONOR CUARD

(Incorporated June, 1916.)

Founded and organized by Miss Theodora Booth, for the purpose of creating a spirit of patriotism and duty among the girls of America.

The duties of "The Girls National Honor Guard" shall be to incutcate the spirit of unity and learning to do one thing well, which shall prove of helpfulness and value both in duration of peace as well as times of war. Hence it shall be the duty of each girl of the Honor Guard to maintain the honor of the country, the principles of the Government of the United States and the respect and honor of its flag.

Any girl while having full freedom to express

States and the respect and honor of its flag.

Any girl while having full freedom to express her views respecting any policy action or conduct on the part of those holding executive office in the United States, shall yet respect the position of the same and accord that position the sustained respect and deference due it.

Any young woman between the ages of fourteen pand thirty years with a knowledge of the working of her Government and a recognition of the needs of her country and an appreciation of the sacredness of her obligations, is eligible for admission.

mission.

There are three divisions-

First aid to the wounded—Comprising emergency treatment in accidents, sterilizing, bandaging, diet-cooking, etc.

(Incorporated June, 1916.)

Miss Theodora ding a spirit of girls of America. Autional Honor Guard girls will be ready to give practical aid. Co-operation with the Gorrament climates confliction. No analysis are as a salary. The Gorrament of the Gorrament of the Gorrament climates confliction. No the Honor Guard girls will be ready to give practical aid. Co-operation with the Gorrament climates confliction. No the Gorrament climates confliction. No the Gorrament climates confliction. No the Gorrament climates confliction. The Gorrament climates confliction with the Gorrament climates confliction. No the Gorrament climates confliction. The Gorrament climates confliction with the Gorrament climates confliction. The Gorrament climates confliction. The Gorrament climates confliction with the Gorrament climates confliction. The Gorrament climates confliction. The Gorrament climates confliction. The Gorrament climates confliction. The Gorrament climates confliction. The Gorrament climates confliction. The Gorrament climates confliction. The Gorrament climates confliction. The Gorrament climates confliction. The Gorrament climates confliction. The Gorrament climates confliction. The Gorrament climates confliction with the Gorrament climates confliction. The Gorrament climates confliction with the Gorrament climates confliction. The Gorrament climates confliction with the Gorrament climates confliction with the Gorrament climates confliction. The Gorrament climates confliction with the Gorrament climates confliction. The Gorrament climates confliction with the Gorrament climates confliction with the Gorrament climates. The Gorrament climates confliction of the Gorrament climates with the Gorrament climates. The Gorrament climates confliction of the Gorrament confliction of the Gorrament confliction of the control of the Gorrament climates. The Gorrament climates confliction of the Gorrament confliction of the Gorrament confliction of the Gorrament confliction of the confliction of the confliction of the confliction of t

The second division—First aid to families, comprising care of children, plain cooking, seving, social service, nursing, etc.

The third division—First aid in general utility, comprising riding, swimming, telegraphy, comprising riding, swimming, swimming, telegraphy, comprising riding, swimming, telegraphy, comprising riding, swimming, swimming, telegraphy, comprising riding, swimming, telegraphy, compri

### UNITED STATES MILITARY ACADEMY AT WEST POINT.

UNITED STATES MILITARY ACADEMY AT WEST POINT.

EACH Senator, Congresslonal District, and Territory, including Porto Rico, Alaska, and Hawaii, is entitled to have two cadets at the academy; the District of Columbia, four cadets. There are also eighty appointments at large, specially conferred by the President of the United States. The law (act of May 4, 1916) authorizes the President to appoint cadets to the United States Military Academy from among enlisted men in the regular army and National Guard, the total number not to exceed one hundred and eighty at any one time.

Hawaii and Porto Rico, combined, I cach year to the source longest without an appointment, and when the state of the Columbia of the Columbi

of 136 persons.

### RELATIVE RANK OF THE SUPERIOR OFFICERS OF THE RECULAR ARMY.

(Revised to December 1, 1916.)

Abbreviations: g. o., General Officer; g. s., General Staff; a. g., Adjutant-General's Department; l. g., Inspector-General's Department; j. a., Judge-Advocate-General's Department; qm., Quartermaster Corps; ned., Medical Department; eng., Corps of Engineers; ord., Ordnance Department; sig., Signal Corps; chap., Chaplains; prof., Professors, Military Academy; i. af., Bureau of Insular Affairs; cav., Cavalry; f. a., Field Artillery; c. a., Coast Artillery; inf., Infantry; p. r. inf., Portor Rico Regiment of Infantry; c. p. b., Charge of Public Buildings and Grounds; c. of c., Commandant of Cadets; p. s., Philippine Scoats.

			Corps	11 .			Cerps
S S	Name, Rank, and Da	te of Commission.	00	No.	Name, Rank, and Dat	e of Commission.	or
4			Arm.				Arm.
	MAJOR-GEN	ERALS.			COLONELS—Colonels—Col	intinued.	
1	Wood, L. Bell, J. F. Berl, J. F. Barry, T. H. Funston, F. Scott, H. L. Gorgas, W. C. Bliss, T. H. Weaver, E. M. Pershing, J. J. Sharpe, H. G.	Aug. 8, 1903	g. o.	35	Getty, R. N	June 1, 191	linf.
2	Bell, J. F	Jan. 3, 1907	g. o.	36	Birmlngham, H. F	June 7.	med.
3	Barry, T. H	April 29, 1908	g. o.	37	Jones, F. B	June 21,	inf.
4	Funston, F	Nov. 17, 1914	g. o.	38	Benét, J. W	Aug. 5,	erd.
5	Scott, H. L	April 30, 1915	g. o.	39	Cronknite, A	Aug. 11,	e. a.
6	Gorgas, W. C	Mar. 4,	med.	40	Van Deusen, G. W	Sept. 7,	f. a.
7	Bliss, T. H	Nov. 20,	3. 0.	41	Frederick, D. A	Sept. 27,	inf.
8	Weaver, E. M	July 6, 1916	c.a.	42	Foote, S. M	Oct. 5,	c. a.
- 9	Persmag, J. J	Sept. 25,	g. o.	43	Tillsen, J. C. F	Nov. 27,	ini.
10	Snarpe, H. G	Sept. 25, 1916	qm.	44	Miliar, E. A.	Dec. 1,	f. a.
	nord press	m., m	1	45	Bartlett, G. T	Dec. 5,	с. а.
-1	Crosion W BRIGADIER-G	NOT 99 1001		40	Bennett, C. A	Dec. 0,	c. a.
- 5	Carlington E A	Oct 1 1906	ord.	46	Welling II C	Jan. 17, 191	2 C. a.
2	Crowder E H	Feb 15 1911	1. g.	40	Wanace, n. S	Fob 27	qin.
4	Edwards C. R	May 12 1912	7 0	50	Warten, J. G		eng.
5	Melntyre F	Aug. 24	i af	51	Burr E	Mar. 2	eng
6	Parker J	Feb. 12, 1913	2.0.	52	Kennen, L. W. V	Mar. 28.	inf.
7	Liggett, H	Feb. 12.	g. O.	53	Pickering A	Mar. 30.	inf
8	Scriven, G. P	Feb. 14.	sig.	54	Haynes, I. A	April 1.	c. a.
ğ	Davis, T. F	May 16,	g. o.	55	Owen, W. O	Apr. 12.	med.
10	Balley, C. J	Oct. 10,	g. o.	56	Stephenson, W	April 12,	med.
11	Bell, Geo., Jr	Julv 17, 1914	g. o.	57	Mallory, J. S	May 28.	int.
12	McCain, H. P	Aug. 27,	a. g.	58	Brainard, D. L	June 8,	qm.
13	Greene, H. A	Nov. 19,	g. o.	59	Beach, W. D	July 30,	cav.
14	BRIGADIER-G. Crozier, W Garlington, E. A. Crowder, E. H. Edwards, C. R. McIntyre, F. Parker J. Liggett, H. Scriven, G. P. Davis, T. F. Bell, Geo., Jr. McCain, H. P. Greene, H. A. Mann, W. A. Strong, F. S. Hodges, H. F. Morrison, J. F. Black, W. M. Plummer, E. H. Townsloy, C. P. Motton, C. G. Ruckman, J. W. Sibert, W. L. Swift, Eben. French, F. H. Grebie, E. St. J. Treat, C. G.	Jan. 20, 1915	g. o.	60	Shuna, W. A	Aug. 2,	cav.
15	Strong, F. S	May 4,	g. o.	61	Walke, W	, Aug. 3,	c. a.
16	Hodges, H. F	Mar. 4,	g. o.	62	Edie, G. L	Aug. 6,	med.
17	Morrison, J. F	Nov. 20,	g. o.	63	Walcutt, C. C., Jr	Aug. 27,	i. af.
18	Black, W. M	Mar. 7, 1916	eng.	64	Lockett, J	Aug. 28,	cav.
19	Plummer, E. H	July 1,	g. o.	65	Gibson, W. W	Sept. 2,	ord.
20	Townsley, C. P	July 1,	g. o.	66	Miller, S. W	Nov. 12,	inf.
21	Morton, C. G	July 1.	g. o.	67	Van Vliet, R. C	Mar. 3, 191	linf.
22	Ruckman, J. W	Alig. 1,	g. o.	68	Crosby, W. D	Dec. 7, 191	2 med.
23	Sibert, W. L	Mar. 4,	g. o.	69	Sturgis, S. D	Dec. 27,	f. a.
24	Smith, A. L	Sept. 21,	qm.	1 40	Blocksom, A. P	1, 191	3 cav.
25	Dwareh E H	Cont 20,	g. o.	1 41	Cruse, 1	reb 20	qm.
20	Crobio E St I	Oct 13	g. o.	72	Dulin, G. M	Lob 20	J. E.
27	Tract C C	Oct. 18	E. O.	74	Poogh T. II	Fab. 20,	ord.
28	Treat, C. G		g. o.	1 75	Coston I A	Mor A	eng.
	COLONE	P. 13	) 1	76	Classiand W A	Niar 5	eig.
1	Heistand, H. O. S	July 22, 1902	20	77	McCarthy D. E	Mar. 5.	am
5	Simpson, W. A	Aug. 18, 1903	3. 2.	78	Noves, C. R.	Mar. 8.	inf
3	Chamberlain, J. L	Nov. 21, 1904	1. g.	79	Berry, L. G	Mar. 16.	f. a.
4	Fiebeger, G. J	May 26, 1906	prof.	80	Gardy, C. M	April 16.	med.
ŝ.	McGunnegle, G. K	July 3,	int.	81	Blatchford, R. M	April 30.	int.
6	Ludlow, H. H	Dec. 27, 1908	:. a.	82	McCaw, W. D	May 2.	med.
7	Mitcham, O. B	Jan. 21, 1909	ord.	83	Zinn, G. A	Aug. 12.	eng.
8	Rogers, H. L	Mar. 4,	qm.	84	Wright, W. K	Aug. 27,	inf.
9	Abbot, F. V	June 24,	eng.	85	Howell, D. L	Aug. 27,	inf.
10	Irons, J. A	June 26,	inf.	86	Barrette, J. D	Sept. 21,	a. g.
11	Townsend, C. McD	Oct. 16,	eng.	(*)	Harts, W. W.	Oct. 1,	c. p. b.
12	Richard, C	Feb. 26, 1910	mea.	87	Langutt, W. C	Oct. 12,	eng.
13	Hunter, G. K	Feb. 20,	i. g.	1 88	Knight, J. T	Nov. 14	qm.
14	Wilson, P. H	Tune 12,	oper	89	Kornon F I	Nov. 14,	a g.
15	Ballinger I B	Aug 1	am.	90	Erwin I B	Inn 4 101	400 1
10	Ebert P. C.	Dec 27	mod.	91	Kennedy C W	Ion 11	acav.
10	Arthur W H	Jan. 1 1011	med.	02	Davis R. P	Jan. 24	g. s.
10	Wilder W E	Jan. 19.	cav	1 04	Sanford J C	Feb. 27	ong.
20	Allen S E	Feb. 2.	c. a.	95	McIver, G. W	Mar. 13	inf
21	Hull J. A	Feb. 15.	1. 2.	11 96	Downey, G. F	Mar. 27	am
29	Biddie, J	Feb. 27.	eng.	97	Carson, J. M., Jr	Mar. 29	am.
23	Littell, L. W	Mar. 3.	am.	95	Kean, J. R.	April 23	med.
24	Bingham, G. S.	Mar. 3.	am.	99	Morgan, G. H.	April 26.	cav.
25	Guilfoyle, J. F	Mar. 11,	cav.	11100	Siel:el, H. G	July 30, 191	2 cav.
26	Rogers, J. S.	Mar. 11.	Inf.	1101	Richardson, W. P	April 28, 191	4inf.
27	Young, G. S	Mar. 3,	inf.	102	Barth, C. II	May 30.	inf.
28	Rafferty, W. C	Mar. 3,	c. a.	1103	Eehols, C. P	July 1.	prof.
29	Builard, R. L	Mar. 11,	inf.	104	Wilcox, C. De W	July 1.	prof.
30	Glenn, E. F	Mar. 11,	inf.	1105	Bundy, O	July 20,	a. g.
31	Waltz, M. F	Mar. 11,	inf.	106	Hatch, E. E.	July 29.	inf.
32	Phillips, C. L	Mar. 13,	0. 8.	1107	Shanks, D. C	Aug. 4.	l. g.
33	Heistand, H. O. S.  Simpson W. A. O. S.  Simpson W. A. O. S.  Simpson W. A. O. S.  Changer, G. J. J.  McGunnegle, G. K.  Ludlow, H. H.  Mitcham, O. B.  Rogers, H. L.  Abbot, F. V.  Irons, J. A.  Townsend, C. McD.  Richard, C.  Hunter, G. K.  Wilson, P. H.  Millis, J.  Bedlinger, J. B.  Ebert, R. G.  Arthur, W. H.  Wilder, W. E.  Allen, S. E.  Hull, J. A.  Biddinger, J. W.  Limpham, G. S.  Guilfoyle, J. F.  Rogers, J. S.  Young, G. S.  Rafferty, W. C.  Builard, R. L.  Glenn, E. F.  Waltz, M. F.  Phillips, C. L.  Gordon, W. B.  Bushnell, G. E.	April 5,	prof.	108	Ridgway, T. Waliace, H. S. Warren, J. G. Burr, E. Kennen, L. W. V. Pickering, A. Haynes, I. A. Owen, W. O. Stephoson, W. Brainard, D. L. Beach, W. D. Shuna, W. A. Walke, W. Edie, G. L. Walket, W. Edie, G. L. Walket, W. Gleson, W. W. Miller, S. W. Gibson, W. W. Miller, S. W. Van Vilet, R. C. Crosby, W. D. Sturgis, S. D. Blocksom, A. P. Crosc, T. Dunn, G. M. Babbitt, E. B. Beach, L. H. Gaston, J. A. Glassiord, W. A. McCarthy, P. Berry, L. G. Gasdy, C. M. Blatchford, R. M. McCarthy, R. Berry, L. G. Gardy, C. M. Blatchford, R. M. McCarthy, W. D. Zinn, G. A. Wright, W. K. Howell, D. I. Barrette, J. D. Harts, W. W. Langfitt, W. K. Howell, D. I. Barrette, J. B. Kernan, F. Erwin, J. B. Kernan, F. Sanford, J. G. Molver, G. W. Davis, R. Morgan, G. H. Siciclo, H. G. Richardson, W. P. Barth, C. II. Echols, C. P. Wilcox, C. De W. Bundw, O.	Aug. 9.	cav.
34	Bushnell, G. E	May 1,	ined.	11 100	Slocum, H. J	Aug. 2, 191	2 cav.
-	(a) Tomporery repla	(t) Philippine Cor	afurintac	rv			

<sup>(\*)</sup> Temporary rank. (†) Philippine Constabulary.

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Name, Rank, and D  ONlcholson, W. J.  IBrown, W. C.  2Brett, L. M.  3 Macomb, A. C.  4 Allaire, W. H.  5 Hodges, H. C., Jr.  1 Traub, P. E.  6 Landers, G. F.  7 Wheeler, C. B.  8 Davison, L.  1 Hooberts, H. L.  1 Hooberts, H. L.  1 Hooberts, H. L.  1 Hooberts, H. L.  2 Pottrag, J. T.  2 Pottrag, J. T.  2 Pottrag, J. T.  3 Sage, W. H.  4 Root, E. A.  5 Taylor, H.  6 Kuhn, J. E.  8 Hale, H. C.  9 Petree, W. S.  0 Newcomer, H. C.  1 Raymond, H. 1.  2 Gatchell, G. W.  3 Straub, O. I.  4 Hunter, A. M.  5 Taggar, E. F.  6 Faison, S. L.  7 Carleton, G.  8 Hasbrouck, A.  9 Zalinski, M. G.  0 Dugan, T. B.  1 Perkins, F.  2 Patrick, M. M.  3 Burnham, W. P.  4 Harris, H. S.  5 Frick, E. B.  6 Keder, F. R.  7 Burr, G. W.  8 Hashster, W. B.  2 Mason, C. F.  3 Glennan, J. D.  4 Bradley, A. E.  6 Keefer, F.  8 Hanister, W. B.  2 Mason, C. F.  3 Glennan, J. D.  4 Bradley, A. E.  6 Keefer, F.  7 Burr, G. W.  8 Willeox, C.  9 Riché, C. S.  9 Riché, C. S.  9 Riché, C. S.  9 Riché, C. S.  9 Riche, D. L.  10 O'Neil, J. P.  11 Hoonber, C. T.  2 Hayden, J. L.  3 Hash, P. C.  8 Skerrett, D.  10 O'Neil, J. P.  11 Hoonber, C. T.  2 Hayden, J. L.  3 Hayer, H. D.  3 Glennan, J. P.  4 Hardre, P. C.  8 Skerrett, D.  10 O'Neil, J. P.  11 Hoonber, C. T.  2 Hayden, J. L.  3 Hash, F. R.  8 Skerrett, D.  1 Soott, W. S.  8 Skerrett, D.  8 Skerrett, D.  8 Skerrett, D.  8 Skerrett, D.  1 Soott, W. S.  8 Skerrett, S.  8 Redonding, J. P.  8 Skeretter, S.  8 Redonding, J. P.  8 Dauberter, J. P.  8 Skeretter, S.  8 Redonding, J. P.  9 Ochster, S.  9 Oc	ate of Commission.	or Arm.	No.	Name, Rank, and Dat  Wright. W. M. Brewster, A. W. Waterman, J. C. Mulr. C. H. Parmerter, A. L. Smilley, S. E. Devore, D. B. Cameron, G. H. Buck, B. B. Walsh, R. D. Martin, W. F. Johnson, E. M. Baker, D. J. Poore, B. A. Read, G. W. Cabell, De R. Sayre, F. Hutcheson, G. Cress, G. O. McRae, J. H. Gordon, W. H. Lasselgne, A. I. Brown, R. A. Irwin, G. Le R. Frier, J. H. McChell, R. L. Woldel, W. S. Tompkins, S. R. H. Rick, W. S. Tompkins, S. R. H. Rick, W. S. Tompkins, S. R. H. Bellott, S. Thayer, A. Snow, W. J. Traub, P. E. Carter, J. McL Barnum, M. H. Wright, E. S. Hay, W. H. Elllott, S. H. Jenkins, J. M. Lochridge, P. D. McClure, N. F. Rivers, W. C. Evans, E. W. Donaldson, T. Q. Beach, F. H. Ellis, W. E. Ballou, C. Esatman, F. F. Smitb, E. V. Halns, J. F. Grav, A. Todd, H. D. Duncan, G. B. LEUTENANT- Dodds, F. L. Hold, L. H. Raymond, T. U.	e of Commission.	Arn
ONIcholson, W. J	Continued Aug. 24, 1915	cav.	191	Wright, W. M	ontinuedJuly 1, 1916	a. g.
1 Brown, W. C	April 26, 1914	cav.	192	Brewster, A. W	July 1,	cav.
3 Macomb, A. C	Sept. 2,	cav.	194	Mulr. C. H	July 1,	inf.
Allaire, W. H	Sept. 13,	inf.	195	Parmerter, A. L	uly 1,	inf.
Traub. P. E	Oct. 4,	(†)	197	Devore, D. B	uly 1.	inf.
6 Landers, G. F	Nov. 2,	c. a.	198	Cameron, G. H	uly 1,	cav. inf.
N heeler, C. B	Nov. 20.	iuf.	200	Walsh R D	diy 1,	cav.
9 Hirst, R. L	Nov. 20,	inf.	201	Martin, W. F.	July 1,	g. s.
URoberts, H. L	Mar. 15,	cav.	202	Johnson, E. M	July 1,	inf.
2 Foltz, F. S	Sept. 27,	cav.	204	Poore, B. A.	Jily 1,	lnf.
Cronin, M. D	Jan. 1, 1918	int	205	Read, G. W	July 1,	a. g.
4 Root, E. A	Feb. 7.	inf.	200	Savre, F	July 1.	cav.
5 Taylor, H	Feb. 28,	eng.	208	Hutcheson, G	July 1,	cav.
7 Craighill W. E	Mar. 12.	eng.	209	McRae I H	July 1,	a. g.
8 Hale, H. C	Mar. 26,	iaf.	211	Gordon, W. H	July 1,	lnf.
9 Peirce, W. S	May 2.	eng.	212	Lasselgne, A. I	laly 1,	lnf.
1 Raymond, H. 1	May 9,	med.	214	Irwin, G. Le R	July I,	f. a.
2 Gatchell, G. W	May 25,	c. a.	215	Frier, J. H	July 1,	inf.
4 Hunter, A. M	Aug. 25,	c. a.	216	Koehler, L. M	July 1.	cav.
5 Taggart, E. F	Sept. 21,	inf.	218	Mlchie, R. E. L	July 1	cav
7 Carleton. G	Oct. 4,	cav.	219	McNalr W S	July 1	inf.
8 Hasbrouck, A	Oct. 24,	inf.	221	Tompkins, S. R. H	July 1,	cav
9 Zalinski, M. G	Nov. 1,	cav.	222	Rice, S	July 1.	cav
1 Perkins, F	Feb. 21, 191	inf.	223	Snow, W. J	July 1.	f. a.
2 Patrick, M. M	Mar. 24.	eng.	225	Traub, P. E	July 1,	cav
4 Harris, H. S. T	May 23,	med.	226	Ramum M H	July 1,	g. s.
5 Kendall, W. P	May 26,	med.	228	Wright, E. S	July 1,	cav
7 Arrasmith, J. M	June 12.	inf.	229	Hay, W. H.	July I,	cav.
8 Johnston, W. H	June 12,	g. s.	1230 1231	Jenkius, J. M	July 1,	cav.
OKniskern A. D.	July 1.	gm.	232	Lochridge, P. D	July 1,	cay
1 Banister, W. B	July 1.	med.	233	Rivers, W. C	July 1.	cav
2 Mason, C. F	July 1,	med.	235	Evans, E. W	July 1,	cav
4 Bradley, A. E	July 1,	med.	1236	Donaldson 1' O	July 1,	pro
5 Frick, E. B	July 1,	med.	238	Beach, F. H	July 12,	cav
7 Burr. G. W	July 1,	ord.	239	Ellis. W. E	July 19,	c. a
8 Willcox, C	July 1,	med.	241	Eastman, F. F.	Aug. 1,	qm
ORICHO, C. S	July 1.	eng.	242	Smith, E. V	Aug. 10.	inf.
Menoher, C. T	July 1,	f. a.	243	Grav. A	Aug. 27.	ca.
2 Hayden, J. L	July 1.	c. a.	245	Todd, H. D	Sept. 10,	C. 8
4 Blake, E. M	July I,	c. a.	1246	Durton I. I.	Sept. 18,	g. s
Barroll M. G	July 1,	c. a.	248	Krauthoff, C. R	Sept. 22,	qm
37 March, P. C	July 1,	i. a.	11	LIEUTENANT-C	COLONELS.	
38 Skerrett, D	July 1,	c. a.	11	Holt L H	June 11, 1910	pro
OO'Neil J. P	July 1,	inf.	11 3	Raymond, T. U	Jan. 1, 1911	lme
1 McDonald, J. B	July 1,	cav.	11 9	Smith A M	Jan. 1,	me
73 Kenley, W. L	July 1,	f. a.	11 6	Clarke, J. T	Jan. 1,	me
74 Allen, H. T	July 1.	cav.	11 3	Potter, C. L	Mar. 3.	ong
76 Heard, J. W	July 1,	cav.		Baker, C. B	Mar. 3,	qm
77 Forsyth, W. W	July 1,	cav.	10	Williamson, G. McK.	Mar. 3,	qm
78 Styer, H. D	r July 1,	inf.	II is	Stanley, D. S	Mar. 3,	qm
80 Noble, R. H.	July 1,	inf.	1	Ruggles, C. L'H	April 13,	ord
81 Scott, W. S	July 1,	cav.	11 1	Fisher, H. C.	June 7.	me
82 Tate, D. L 83 Reber, S	July 1.	sig.	II i	Goodman, T. C	June 13,	qn
84 Morse, B. C	July 1,	inf.	1	Shunk, F. R	Aug. 16.	eng
85 Lassiter, W	July 1.	f. a.	1 1	Montgomery, G	Sept. 21,	ord
87 Day, F. R.	July 1,	l.g.	20	Krauthoff, C. R.  LIEUTENANT-( Dodds, F. L.  Holt, L. H.  Raymond, T. U.  Snyder, H. D.  Smith, A. M.  Glarke, J. T.  Potter, C. L.  SWood, W. S.  Baker, C. B.  Williamson, G. McK.  ISlavens, T. H.  Staaley, D. S.  Ruggles, C. L'H.  4 Ireland, M. W.  5 Fisher, H. C.  8 Goodman, T. C.  78 Houston, J. B.  9 Montgomery, G.  9 Schofield, R. McA.  1, Stuart, E. R.  2, Jervey, H.  3 McKinstry, C. H.  Ongs. (f) Phillippine C.	Sept. 22,	qm
88 Reichmann, C	July 1,	inf.	1 2	2 Jervey, H	Feb. 27, 191	2 en
90 Buffington, A. P		12 0	11 0	Ola Mallington C II	Ken 97	len

<sup>(\*)</sup> Included in his grade in the arm to which he belongs. (†) Philippine Constabulary.

RE	LATIVE	RANK	OF THE SUPERI	OR OFF	ICE	RS OF	THE R	EGULAR	ARM	Y—Co1	ntinue <b>d.</b>
No.	Name. 1	Rank, and	Date of Commission  LONELS—Continued.  Mar. 2, 19  April 12,  April 13,  May 1,  Aus. 6,  Feb. 20,  Feb. 20,  Feb. 27,  Mar. 5,  Mar. 6,  Mar. 17,  April 16,  May 9,  July 13,  Aug. 12,  Oct. 24,  Oct. 30,  Dec. 6,  Jan. 24, 191  Feb. 27,  April 6,  Mar. 17,  April 16,  May 9,  July 13,  Aug. 12,  Oct. 24,  Oct. 30,  Dec. 6,  Jan. 24, 191  Feb. 27,  April 26,  Mar. 17,  April 6,  May 9,  May 25,  July 25,  Aug. 22,  Nov. 3,  Feb. 28,  Feb. 28,  Mar. 11,  Mar. 12,  Mar. 12,  Mar. 12,  Mar. 12,  May 9,  May 26,  July 15,  Aug. 21,  May 16,  May 2,  May 9,  May 16,  May 25,  July 15,  Aug. 21,  Mar. 12,  July 15,  Aug. 25,  July 15,  Aug. 27,  Oct. 7,  Oct. 7,  Oct. 7,  Oct. 7,  Oct. 7,  Oct. 1,  Dec. 11,  July 1,  J	Corps	No.	Name	Rank, an	d Date of	Comm	laslon	Corps
z			- David of Communication	Arm.	11	l .					Arm.
24	Judson, V	ENANT-CO	LONELS—Continued.	12 eng	104	Skinner	TENANT-C G. A.  C. R.  B. K.  H. A.  H. B.  W.	OLONELS-	-Contin	ued. 1, 1916	med.
25	Shaw, H.	A	April 12,	med.	105	Darnall	C. R		July	1,	med.
(*)	Tschappa	t, W. H.	May 1,	prof.	107	Ashford	. В. К		July	1,	mcd.
27 28	Winslow,	E. E	Aug. 6, Oct. 12,	med.	108	Clayton	, н. а , J. В		July	1,	med. med.
29	McCulloo Yates, A.	ch, C. C.,	JrDec. 7,	med.	1110	Chambe	erlain, W.	В	July	1.	med.
31	Goodier,	L. E	Feb. 20,	j. a.	112	Hartsoc	k, F. M		July	į,	med.
33	Flagler, (	Ž. A. F	Feb. 27,	eng.	114	Raymor	id, R. R.		July	i,	eng.
34 35	Harding, Kimball,	A. W		eng.	1115	Ladue, Smith.	W. B W. R		July	1,	eng.
36	Hart, W.	H	Mar. 6,	qm.	117	Barden,	W. J		July	1,	eng.
38	Reynolds	, F. P		med.	1119	Schulz,	E. H	• • • • • • • • • • •	July	i,	eng.
39 40	Stark, A.	N	July 13,	med.	121	Kephar	t, S. A		July	1,	c. a.
41	Harts, W Jadwin, I	. W	Aug. 12, Oct. 12.	eng.	$  122 \\   123$	Burgess	, L. R		July July	1.	c. a.
43	Horton,	W. E	Oct. 24,	qm.	124	Chambe	erlaine, W		July	1.	c. a.
44	Keller, C		Dec. 6,	eng.	126	Gerhard	lt, C		July	1,	inf.
46	Hearn, C Deakyne,	. С	Jan. 24, 191	eng.	127	McMan	us, G. H. ake, E. J.		July	1,	c. a.
48	Lynch, C	n R F	April 23,	med.	129	Dean, J	. T	G	July	1,	a.g.
50	Davis, W		July S,	c. a.	131	Jones, V	V. K		July	i,	inf.
(*)	Walker, I	M. L	Aug. 22,	prof.	133	Wittenr	nyer, E.		July	į.	inf.
(*)	Kreger, V Ketcham	v . D. W	Aug. 22, Nov. 2,	prof.	134	Lenihar Hersey,	M. L		July	1,	lnf.
53	Morton,	K	Nov. 3,	ord.	136	Albright	t, F. H		July	1,	lnf. a. g.
55	McIndoe	, J. F	Feb. 28,	eng.	138	Carnah	n, E. C.	****	July	į,	inf.
56 57	Morrow, Cavanau	J. J gh, J. B	Mar. 11, Mar. 12,	eng.	140	Taymai	i, C. E		July	1,	lnf.
58	Jervey, J	. Р	Mar. 12.	eng.	141	McAnd	rew. J. W n. E. R		July	1,	g. s.
60	Howell, C	3. P	May 2,	eng.	143	Harris,	P. C		July	1,	a. g. c. a.
61	Lamoreu:	x, T. B	May 16,	c. a.	145	Gilmore	, J. C., Jr		July	1.	c. a.
63	Hero, A., Morrow.	Jr		c. a. j. a	146	Wilder,	and, M W. T		July	1,	g. s. inf.
65	Hof, S	F	July 15,	ord.	148	Sample, Dashiel	W. R		July	1.	inf.
67	Bailey, G	. G	Aug. 14,	qm.	150	Helmich	K, E. A		July	1,	i.g.
68 69	Blakely,	G	Aug. 17,	l. g.	152	Sargent	, F. H		July	į,	inf.
70	Coe, F. V William.	V	Sept. 11,	g. s.	1153	Jackson Chase,	, Н. L W		July	1,	inf.
72	Penn, J.	A	Oct. 7,	lnf.	155	Hagado	rn, C. B		July July	1,	lnf.
74	Penrose,	G. H	Nov. 1,	qm.	157	Lacey,	f, E., Jr.,		July	1,	inf.
75	Kutz, C. Croxton.	R. C	Dec. 11, Feb. 21, 19:	eng.	158	Crawfor	d, C	• • • •     • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	July	1,	inf.
77	Jones, E.	N., Jr	Mar. 10,	lnf.	160	Graves, Webster	W. S F. D		July	1,	g. s. inf.
79	Johnson,	A	May 1,	lnf.	162	Leitch,	J. D		July	1,	inf.
80	Howard,	D. C	May 26,	med.	164	Alexand	er. R		July	1,	inf.
82	Martin, C Townsher	nd, O. P.	June 3, June 3,	p.r.lnf.	165	Lindsay	J. R		July	1,	l. g. inf.
84	Weigel, V	V	June 12,	inf.	167	Sladen, Lyon, I	F. W		July	1,	inf.
86	Hall, H.	7. 6	June 12,	inf.	169	Horn, T	N. N.		July	1,	f. a. f. a.
88	Farnswor	th, C. S	June 12,	inf.	171	Cruiksh	ank, W. N	1	July	1,	a. g.
89	Gatley, G Bethel, W	. G V. A	June 12, July 1.	j. a.	$  _{173}^{172}$	Ferguso	n, H. T		July	1,	lnf.
91	Davis, A.	M	July 1,	qm.	174	Learnar Farr, O	d, H. G B		July	1, 1,	a. g. f. a.
93	Wilson, V	v. н	July 1,	med.	176	Aultma	n, D. E		July	1,	f. a.
94 95	Kice, J. I King, D.	M	July 1,	ord.	178	Wolf, P	A		July	î,	lnf.
96	Lewis, W	F	July 1,	med.	$\begin{bmatrix} 179 \\ 180 \end{bmatrix}$	Fleming  Dade, A	, A. S L		July	1,	a. g.
98	Klrkpatri	ck, T. J.	July 1,	med.	181	Wlnn, J	. S		July	1.	l. g.
100	Fauntlero	у, Р. С	July 1,	med.	183	Koester.	F. J		July	1,	cav.
101	Wilson, J Dutcher.	B. H	July 1,	med.	185	Hartma	n, J. D. L		July	į,	cav.
103	Fuller, L.	. A	July 1,	med.	11186	Howze,	K. L		July	1,	g. s.

<sup>(\*)</sup> Temporary rank.

RE	LATIVE RANK OF	THE SUPERIO	R OFF	ICE	RS OF THE RECUL	AR ARMY—Con	tinued.
No.	Name, Rank, and De  LIEUTENANT-COLON Guiguard, W. S. Bowley, A. J. Prestou, G. H. Anderson, E. Stockle, G. E. Littebrant, W. T. MeNamee, M. M. Harrison, R. Rhodes, C. D. Bishop, H. G. Langhorne, G. T. Young, G. Marshall, F. C. Ryan, James A. Caldwell, F. M. Hornbrook, J. J. Clark, G. G. Marshall, F. C. Ryan, James A. Caldwell, F. M. Hornbrook, J. J. Clark, G. G. Lowell, M. W. Fleming, L. J. Moore, G. D. Meyer, O. B. Klowellon, J. J. Wheeler, J. Jr Uline, W. Symmonds, C. J. Callan, R. Landon, E. McNeil, C. H. Tracy, J. P. Kessler, P. M. Clark, C. C. Caldwell, V. A. Fenton, C. W. Hagood, J. Butts, E. L. Hutt, H. J. Newbill, W. D. McCloskey, M. Anderson, E. D. Gallagher, H. J. Renry, G. V. Patterson, G. T. Murphy, T. O. Bertsch, W. H. Bush, R. L. Fergusson, F. K. White, G. P. Bennet, J. B. Scherer, L. C. Fleming, R. J. Wilkins, H. E. Sambril, W. G. Sanby, J. Baker, D. Fruby, A. E. Church, J. R. Sambril, W. G. Sarby,	nte of Commission.	Corps or Arm.	No.	Name, Rank, and Date		Corps or Arm.
187	LIEUTENANT-COLON Guignard, W. S	ELS—Continued. July 1, 191	6 f. a.	30	MAJORS—Con. Marrow, C. E. Shockley, M. A. W. Lyster, T. S. H. Wathanas, C. F. Wathanas, S. H. Rhoods, T. F. Rhoods, T. I. Gilchrist, H. L. Lyster, W. J. L. Persons, E. E. Bispham, W. N. Geddings, E. F. Bricker, E. D. Morse, A. W. Baker, F. C. Reynolds, C. R. Randolph, J. A. Hutton, P. C. Reynolds, C. R. Randolph, J. A. Hutton, P. C. Resynolds, C. R. Randolph, J. A. Hutton, P. C. Resynolds, C. R. Randolph, J. A. Hutton, P. C. Resynolds, C. R. Randolph, J. A. Hutton, P. C. Resynolds, C. R. Randolph, J. A. Hutton, P. C. Resynolds, C. R. Randolph, J. A. Hutton, P. C. Resd, B. A. Dale, F. A. Burgess, H. Roberts, W. M. Hoffman, G. M. Shook, J. R. Vose, W. E. Wose, W. E. Whitmore, E. R. McAndrew, P. H. Brownie, C. Y. Murtazh, J. A. Ekwurzel, G. M. Van Poule, G. McD. Reno, W. W. Dosman, G. H. R. Koerper, C. E. Allen, J. II. Patterson, R. U. Noble, R. E. Wan Dusen, J. W. Brooke, R. Connor, W. D. Easterbrook, E. P. De Witt, W. Schull, H. W. Hillman, J. W. Perry, B. W. Thornburgh, R. M. Grubbs, R. B. Cannon, W. C. Oakes, J. C. Scott, W. S. Rolfe, R. H. Nicholls, J. C. De Laney, M. A. Bloombergh, H. D. Halloran, P. S. Nelson, K. Field, P. C. Shaw, H. G. Breelemin, L. J. Frettus, H. L. Grant, F. A. Alstaetter, F. W. Ferguson, H. B. Boggs, F. C. Smith, C. S. Wooten, W. P. Garrard, L. F., Jr Clayton, B. T. Pettus, H. L. Grant, F. A. Abernethy, R. S. Sarratt, E. O. Miller, L. S. Borokey, M. E. Pruden, A. A.	tinued. Jan. 1, 1909	med.
188 189	Bowley, A. J	July 1,	f. a.	31	Marrow, C. E Shockley, M. A. W	Jan. 1,	med. med.
190	Anderson, E	July 1,	cav.	33	Lyster, T. C	Jan. 1,	med. med.
192	Littebrant, W. T	July 1,	cav.	35	Robbins, C. P	Jan. 1,	med.
194	Harrison, R	July 1,	a. g.	37	Gilchrist, H. L.	Jan. 1.	med.
195 196	Rhodes, C. D	July 1,	cav.	39	Persons, E. E	Jan. 1,	med. med.
197	Langhorne, G. T	July 1,	cav.	40	Bispham, W. N	Jan. 1,	med. med.
199	Marshall, F. C	July 1,	cav.	42	Bricker, E. D	Jan. 21,	ord.
200	Ryan, James A Caldwell, F. M	July 1,	cav.	44	Baker, F. C.	Feb. 26,	med.
202	Hornbrook, J. J	July 1,	cav.	45 46	Reynolds, C. R Randolph, J. A	Mar. 13, April 22,	med. chap,
204	Jones, S. G	July 1,	cav.	47	Hutton, P. C	June 16,	med.
$\frac{205}{206}$	Fleming, L. J	July 1,	qm.	49	Dale, F. A	July 8,	j. a. med.
207 208	Moore, G. D	July 2,	lnf.	51	Roberts, W. M.	Nov. 17,	ong. med.
209	Knowlton, J. L	July 10,	qm.	52 53	Shook, J. R	Dec. 3, Jan. 1, 1910	eng. med.
211	Ullne, W	July 10,	int.	54 55	Vose, W. E	Jan. 1,	med. med.
212	Callan, R. E	July 12,	g. s.	56	Rutherford, H. H	Jan. 1,	med.
214 215	Landon, E	July 19,	a. g.	58	Whitmore, E. R.	Jan. 1,	med. med.
216	Tracy, J. P	July 19,	a. g.	59    60	McAndrew, P. H Brownlee, C. Y	Jan. 1, Jan. 1,	med. med.
218	Clark, C. C.	July 19,	qm.	61	Murtagh, J. A	Jan. 1,	med.
219 220	Caldwell, V. A Fenton, C. W	July 19, July 21.	inf.	63	Van Poole, G. McD	Jan. 1,	med.
221	Hagood, J	July 26,	c. a.	65	Buck, C. D	Jan. 1,	med. med.
223	Hunt, H. J.	July 26,	inf.	66	Gosman, G. H. R	Jan. 1,	med. med.
224 225	McCloskey, M	July 26,	qm.	68	Allen, J. II	Jan. 1,	med. med.
226	Anderson, E. D	July 27,	cav.	70	Noble, R. E.	Jan. 1,	med.
(*)	Henry, G. V	Aug. 9,	c. of c.	71 72	Van Dusch, J. W Brooke, R	Jan. 1,	med. med.
228 229	Patterson, G. T	Aug. 10,	c. a.	73	Connor, W. D Easterbrook, E. P	Feb. 9,	eng. chap.
230	Murphy, T. O Bertsch. W. H	Sept. 9,	a. g.	75	De Witt, W	Feb. 1S.	med.
232	Bush, R. L.	Sept. 9,	inf.	77	Carr, D. J.	Mar. 14,	ord. sig.
234	White, G. P	Sept. 13,	cav.	78 79	Perry, B. W	April 5,	chap. chap.
235 236	Scherer, L. C	Sept. 18, Sept. 21,	inf.	80	Thornburgh, R. M Grubbs, R. B	April 7,	med. med,
237 1	Fleming, R. J	Sept. 21,	cav.	82	Cannon, W. C	April 2I,	qm.
200	MAJOI	Nov. 12, 100	qii.	84	Scott, W. S	July 4,	qm.
2	Lord, H. M.	Feb. 20, 190	qm.	86	Nicholis, J. C	Nov. 1,	qm. ord.
3	Smith, R. S	Jan. 4, 190	qm.	87 88	De Laney, M. A Bloombergh, H. D	Dec. 27, Jan. 1, 1911	med. med.
5 6	Gambrill, W. G	Jan. 23,	qm.	89	Halloran, P. S	Jan. 1.	med, med.
7	Stanton, C. E	Aprll 15, 1907	qm.	91	Field, P. C	Jan. 1.	med.
9	Ames, T. L	Mar. 17, 190	ord.	93	Brechemin, L., Jr	Jan. 1,	med. med,
100	Groves, L. R Manly, C. J	Mar. 25, Aprll 23,	chap, med.	94	Whitcomb, C. C Crahtree, G. H	$\dots$ Jan. 1, $\prod_{i=1}^{n}$	med. med.
12 1	Baker, D Fruby, A. E	April 23,	med.	96	Kreger, E. A	Feb. 15, Feb. 27	a.
14	Church, J. R	May 1,	med.	98	Alstaetter, F. W	Feb. 27,	eng.
16	Ashburn, P. M	June 24,	med.	100	Boggs, F. C	Feb. 27,	eng. eng.
17 0	Gavitt, H. C O'Hern, E. P	Oct. 27,	chap.	$\frac{101}{102}$	Smith, C. S	Feb. 27,	eng.
19	Dean, E. A	Dec. 4,	med.	103	Garrard, L. F., Jr	Mar. 3,	qm. qm.
21	Truby, W. F.	Jan. 1, 1909	med.	105	Pettus, H. L.	Mar. 3,	qm.
23	Wolfe, E. P.	Jan. 1,	med.	106	Hampton, K. J	Mar. 3,	qm. qm.
24 C 25 1	Greenleaf, H. S	Jan. 1,	med.	108	Abernethy, R. S	Mar. 11,	c. a.
26	Collins, C. C	Jan. 1,	med.	110	Miller, L. S	April 1,	c. a.
28	Waterhouse, S. M	Jan. 1,	med.	112	Johnston, F. E.	April 12,	c. a.
291	nathett, E. H	Jan, 1,	med.	113	rruden, A. A	April 26, (	chap.

<sup>(\*)</sup> Temporary rank.

						PECKII AR	ADMV-Co	กปากบอดี
EI	ATIVE RANK OF	THE SUPERIOR	R OFFI	CERS C	F THE	REGULAR	AICM 1—Co.	Corps
No.	ATIVE RANK OF  Name, Rank, and Date  MAJORS—Cor  Hiliman, I. T.  Davidson, W. T.  Rice, G. D.  Penree, E. D.  Bartlett, C. J.  Miller, R. B.  Conklin, A. S.  Brown, L.  Ragan, C. A.  Stull, G. C.  Brown, L.  Brown, L.  Brown, E.  Brown, E.  Brown, E.  Brown, C.  J.  Wesson, C.  M.  Wesson, C.  J.  J.  J.  J.  J.  J.  J.  J.  J.	e of Commission.	or Arm.	Nan Nan	ne, Rank,	and Date of	Commission.  **cd.** April 30, 1913* May 9, May 99, May 29, June 27, July 12, July 12, July 12, Aug. 12, Bec. 6, Dec. 11, Dec. 23, June 24, Feb. 10, Feb. 27, June 5, July 29, July 25, July 29, July 25, July 25, July 25, July 25, July 25, Aug. 9, Sept. 1, Sept. 2, Sept. 2, Sept. 2, Sept. 2, Sept. 13, Sept. 13, Sept. 13, Sept. 14, Sept. 15, Sept. 24, Sept. 15, Sept. 27, Sept. 27, Sept. 27, Sept. 28, Sept. 13, Sept. 13, Sept. 14, Sept. 15, Sept. 21, Sep	Arm.
-	MAJORS-Cor	tinued.	ord.	196 Hard	away, B.	FConting	April 30, 1913	Inf.
14	Hlliman, L. T Davidson, W. T	May 1,	med.	197 Beva	ns, J. L.		May 29,	med.
16	Rice, G. D.	May 27,	c. a.	199 Dalt	on, A. C.		June 27,	med.
18	Bartlett, C. J	June 7,	med.	200 Litti 201 Will	ams, A.		July 13,	med.
19	Miller, R. B	July 7.	c. a.	202 Pope	F. A		. Aug. 12, . Aug. 27,	inf.
$\frac{20}{21}$	Brown, L	July 11,	med.	203 Cast 204 Wyl	ie, R. E.		Aug. 27.	c. a.
$\frac{22}{23}$	Stull, G. C	July 19,	chap.	205 Fors	e, W ngberg. C	Α	Sept. 3,	eng.
24	Brady, J. F	Aug. 11,	chap.	207 Sige	foos, E		Sept. 5, Oct. 12,	eng.
$\frac{25}{26}$	Wesson, C. M	Aug. 25,	ord.	208 Bon 209 Shn	tleworth.	E. A	Nov. 21.	inf.
27	Shinkle E. M	Sept. 29,	ord.	210 Wes	tervelt, V	V. 1	Dec. 5,	inf.
29	Carmichael, R. L	Sept. 30,	eng.	212 John	sion, E.	N	Dec. 6,	eng.
130 131	Moses, A	Oct. 5.	g. s.	213 Van 214 Mar	Deman, quart. P.	E	Dec. 23,	qm.
132	Ashburn, T. Q	Nov. 12,	qm.	215 Bro	oke, W		Jan. 11, 191	C. a.
134	Heavey, J. W	Nov. 27,	om.	217 Cha	pman, L.	A. 1	Feb. 10,	p. s.
$135 \\ 136$	Hirsch, H. J	Dec. 5,	c. a.	218 Pric	e, H. J rill. C. O		Feb. 27.	eng.
137	Cloke, H. E	Dec. 5,	qm.	220 Pee	, E. D.	D	Feb. 27,	eng.
138	Ward, P. R.	Dec. 6,	c. a.	221 Spa   222 Der	t, E. J.		.Feb. 27,	eng.
140	Grove, W. R	Jan. 17, 191	2 g. s.	223 Cap	les, W. C	ł	Nlar. 3,	eng.
142	Hartmann, C. F	Jan. 19,	chap.	225 Ma	iden, J. 1	8	. Mar. 3,	qm.
143	Fries, A. A	Feb. 27,	eng.	1226 Wa 1227 She	nace, w .		April 23.	med.
14	Woodruff, J. A	Feb. 27,	eng.	228 Kol	be, F. W	v R	April 28,	p. s.
147	Rand, L. H.	Feb. 27,	eng.	230 Bro	wn, L. C		. May 27.	c. a.
148	Markham, E. M	Mar. 2,	inf.	231 Pal	mer, J. M	IcA	. June 26,	qm.
15	Smith, H. A	Mar. 2.	eng.	233 Kel	ler, W. L		July 4,	med om.
15	IJackson, T. H	Mar. 7.	c. a.	234 Dw 235 Mil	yer, T. F ler, J. K.		July 20.	inf.
15	Hacker, T. B	Mar. 11, Mar. 12,	inf.	236 MI	chell, J.	В	July 25.	c. a.
15	5 O'Keefe, T. P	Mar. 22,	chap.	238 W	cox, F. A		Aug. 5,	inf.
15	6 Pierce, P. E	Mar. 30,	int.	239 Sch	erer, L. C	J	Sept. 1.	cav.
15	8 Wahl, L	Mar. 30,	c. a.	241 WI	nans, E.	B	Sept. 2,	a. g.
15 16	Olohnson, J. C	April 3,	i. g.	242 Joi 243 Ho	mston, Ward, H.	P	Sept. 4,	qm.
16	1 Eastman, W. R	April 13,	med.	244 Th	reikeld, F	[. L	Sept. 13,	inf.
16	3 Jackson, W. P	April 23,	1. g.	246 Lit	dsley, E.	2	Sept. 27,	qm.
16	4 Hines, J. L	May 28,	inf.	247 Mc	rgan, A. herty, F.	B	Nov. 4,	cha
16	6 Bradley, J. J	May 30, June 8,	qm.	249 Sto	kes, M.	B	Nov. 11,	inf.
16	8 Metcalf, R. F	Aug. 6,	med.	250 Mg	ker, J.H		Nov. 21,	inf.
16	9 Rich, E. W	Aug. 16,	inf.	252 Jet	iks, G. F.	3	Nov. 24,	ord
17	1 Switzer, J. S	Oct. 12.	eng.	254 G1	sgow, W	. J	Nov. 26,	cav
17	3 Williams, H. O	Oct. 13,	i.g.	255 Ar 256 Hs	mstrong, rbord, J.	G	Dec. 10.	cav
17	4 Case, D. B	Nov. 1,	qm.	257 0'	Shea, J.		Jan. 15, 1	915 cav
17	76 Logan, J. A., Jr	Nov. 1,	qm.	259 W	odward,	J. E	Feb. 12,	a. g
17	77 Dutton, S. F	Nov. 12	qm.	260 St	vett, H.	Ö	Feb. 28,	eng
1	79 Boyer, P. L	Dec. 7,	qm.	262 W	lliams, A		Feb. 28,	eng
1:	*) Parker, II. W	Dec. 16,	p. s.	263 W	ithrle, W	L	Feb. 28,	eng
1	81 Ansell, S. T	Feb. 20, 13	eng.	265 M	itchell, W	, A	Feb. 28, Mar. 11.	eng
1	83 Slattery, J. R	Feb. 27,	eng.	267 R	iston, R.	R	Mar. 12,	eng
1	84 Otwell, C. W 85 Waldron, A. E	Feb. 27,	eng.	268 Bi	ooke M	D	Mar. 26.	inf
1	86 McDonough, M. J	Mar. 2.	inf.	270 W	ecks, G.	McD	April 3,	inf
1	87 Ely, H. E	Mar. 3,	j. a.	271 T 272 H	liton, C.	H	April 8,	C.
į	89 Wildman, L. D	Mar. 7,	c. a.	273 D	illard, J.	B	April 14,	qn
1	191 Casad, A. F	Mar. 8,	inf.	275 E	rwin, I	***************************************	April 29,	inf
1	192 Sorley, L. S	Mar. 15,	lnf.	276 F	razier, L. Illingslea.	C. C	May 9,	me
	194 Clarke, W. L	April 16.	med	1278 G	lasgow, F	L	May 16	0.
	(*) Included in his							

REI	ATIVE RANK O	F THE SUPERIO	R OFFI	ICE	RS OF THE REGUL	AR ARMY-	-Continued.
No.	Name, Rank, and I  MAJORS— Ham, S. V. Willis, P. Bell, J. F. Williams, E. J. Stewart, W. F. J. F. Stewart, W. F. J. F. Stewart, W. F. J. F. J. Stewart, W. F. J. G. Williams, R. C. Wolfe, O. R. Williams, R. C. Wolfe, O. R. Williams, R. C. Wolfe, O. R. Munroe, J. E. Morse, H. L. Hall, H. Latrk, E. W. Laucach, H. L. Hall, H. Clark, E. W. Crery, H. R. MacArthur, D. Short, W. C. Stone, G. E. Killoourne, L. F. Kogers, W. C. Creese, C. E. Jamerson, G. H. Carey, E. C. Monortich, W. H. Gapen, N. Smith, H. A. Nelson, H. B. Stephens, J. E. Grant, U. S., 3d. Schley, J. L. Saville, M. A. Bamford, F. E. Knudson, F. L. Castle, C. W. Malone, P. B. Schindel, S. J. B. Preston, J. F. Clayton, P. Barton, F. A. Barnhardt, G. C. Reeves, J. H. Merrell, T. E. Kimmel, E. Procotro, J. R. Lawton, F. G. Martin, A. H. Drath, C. F. Cocheu, F. S. Hunt, O. E. Wels, F. L. Wels, B. H. Marker, J. W. Welsh, W. E. Strizinger, F. G. Jr. Smith, C. C. Wells, F. L. Welsh, W. E. Strizinger, F. G. Jr. Smith, C. C. Wells, F. L. Welsh, W. E. Strizinger, F. G. Jr. Smith, C. C. Wells, F. L. Wels, B. H. Marker, J. W. Wise, H. D. Wise, H. D. Worrllow, U. G. Clement, H. C., Jr. Jrop, R. S. Jrop, R	Date of Commission.	Corps or Arm.	No.	Name, Rank, and Date	of Commissi	on. Corps or Arm.
279	MAJORS—	Continued.	inf.	358	MAJORS-Con		1916 inf.
280 281	Willis, P	May 25	qm.	359 360	Miles, P. L	July 1,	inf.
(*)	williams, E. J	June 26,	p. s.	361	Richardson, L. T	July 1,	Inf.
283	Stewart, W F., Jr.	Aug. 10,	с. а.	363	Walker, K	July 1,	cav.
284 285	Mearns, R. W	Sept. 4,	inf.	365	Adams, S. P.	July 1,	cav.
286 287	Lutz, W. J Patten, H. T	Sept. 5,	c. a.	367	Lindsey, J. R Leary, E. M	July 1,	cav.
288 289	Smith, S. J Kinnson, H. L	Sept. 17, Sept. 21.	chap.	$\frac{368}{369}$	Conrad, J. T	July 1,	cav.
290	Palmer, G. G	Oct. 2,	inf.	370	Arnold, S. B	July 1,	cav.
292	Wolfe, O. R	Oct. 7,	a. g.	372	Kirkpatrick, G. W	July 1,	cav.
294	Munroe, J. E	Oct. 29,	ord.	374	Cusack, J. E.	July 1,	cav.
295 296	Morse, H. L Hall, H	Oct. 29,	c. a.	376	Whitman, W. M Andrews, L. C	July 1,	cav.
297 295	Clark, E. W	Nov. 22, Dec. 5,	inf.	377 378	Smedberg, W. R., Jr Morgan, J. M	Juiy 1,	cav.
299 300	MacArthur, D	Dec. 11,	g. s.	379	Williams, A. E	July 1,	cav.
(*)	Leonard, I. W	Jan. 1, 1916	p. s.	381	Crosby, H. B	July 1,	cav.
(*)	Huston, J	Feb. 1,	p. s.	383	Smith, M. C.	July 1,	cav.
302	Houle, G. E Kilpourne, L. F	Feo. 11,	inf.	384	Pattison, H. H	July 1,	qm.
304 305	Rogers, W. C	Mar. 11,	eng.	386 387	Nuttman, L. M Davis, G. H	July 1,	inf.
308	Reese, C. E	April 5,	p. s.	388	Hutton, F. S	July 1,	inf.
307	Carey, E. C	May 15,	iaf. med.	390	McBroom, W. S	July 1.	inf.
309	Gapen, N	May 26,	med.	392	Parker, F. Le J	July 1,	inf. g. s.
3108	Smith, H. A Nelson, H. B	June 3,	inf.	393 394	Hamilton, G. F Paine, W. H	July 1,	cav.
312	Stephens, J. E	June 3,	eng.	395	Craig, J. W Berkelev, H. D	July 1,	cav.
314	Schley, J. L	June 3,	eng.	397	Saxton, A. E	July 1,	qm.
316	Bamford, F. E	June 12,	inf.	399	Hawkins, H. S	July 1,	cav.
317	Knudson, F. L Castle, C. W	June 12,	inf.	400	Bash, L. H.	July 1,	inf.
319	Malone, P. B	June 12,	inf.	402 403	Watson, F. B Charles, O. J	July 1,	inf.
321	Preston, J. F	June 12,	inf.	404	Pearce, T. A Vidmer, G	July 1,	inf.
323	Barton, F. A	June 12,	cav.	406	Allen, R. H	July 1,	inf.
325	Reeves, J. H	June 12,	cav.	108	Creary, W. F	July 1,	inf.
$\frac{3261}{3271}$	Merrell, T. E Kimmel, E	June 12,	c. a.	410	Shaw, F. B	July 1,	inf.
328 I 329 I	Proctor, J. R	June 12,	c. a.	411	Rethers, H. F	July 1,	inf. qm.
330 1	Martin, A. H	June 18,	inf.	413	Conrad, C. H., Jr	July 1,	cav.
332	Cocheu, F. S	June 18,	g. s.	415	Silelton, G. H	July 1,	inf.
334	McArthur, J. C	July 1,	qm.	417	Simonds, L. B	July 1,	inf.
335 E	Ely, F. D Bell, E	July 1,	inf.	419	Cavenaugh, H. La T	July 1,	cav.
337	Rosenbaum, O. B	July 1,	inf.	$\frac{420}{421}$	Stewart, M. B Bigelow, M. O	July 1,	cav.
339 I	Edwards, O	July 1,	g. s.	422 423	Lewis, F. W	July 1,July 1.	inf. g. s.
341	Welsh, W. E.	July 1,	inf.	424	Sills, W. G	July 1,	cav.
343	Smith, C. C.	July 1,	inf.	426	Miles, P. M. L. McGrew, M. L. McGrew, M. L. McGrew, M. L. McGrew, M. L. McHonardon, C. R. Walker, C. R. Walker, C. R. Walker, C. R. Sweezey, C. B. Adams, S. P. Lindsey, J. R. Leary, E. M. Courad, J. T. Hickok, H. R. Arriold, S. B. Rutherford, W. A. Rorrad, J. E. Rutherford, W. A. Rorrad, J. M. Wallians, A. E. Babacock, W. C. Crosby, H. B. Ruther, B. B. Smith, M. C. Walker, K. W. Nutman, L. M. Rutherford, S. S. Simford, S. B. Rutherford, S. S. Simford, S. B. Rutherford, W. S. Simford, S. B. Rutherford, W. S. Simford, S. B. Rutherford, W. S. Simford, S. B. Rutherford, S. S. Rutherford, W. S. Simford, S. B. Rutherford, W. S. Simford, S. B. Rutherford, S. S. Rutherford, S. S. Rutherford, W. S. Simford, S. B. Rutherford, S. B. Rutherford, S. B. Rutherford, S. B. Rutherford, S. Rut	July 1,	inf.
344 \	Wells, F. L Wells, B. H	July 1,	g. s.	427	Langdon, R. C.	July 1,	qın. lnf.
346 H	Barker, J. W	July 1,	inf.	429	Nissen, A. C	July 1,	qm.
348	Wise, H. D	July 1,	inf.	431	Tebbetts, H. H	July 1,	inf.
350	Moss, J. A	July 1,	inf.	433	Butner, H. W	July 1,	f. a.
351 N 352 N	Morrow, F. J	July 1,	inf.	435	Scott, E. D.	July 1,	f. a.
353 C	Clement, H. C., Jr.	July 1,	inf.	436	Goodale, G. S	July 1,	inf.
355 I	Lyon, S. P	July 1,	inf.	438	Bolles, F. C Clinton, J. W	July 1,July 1.	inf.
357	Darrah, T. W	July 1,	inf.	440	Ovenshine, A. T	July 1,	inf.

<sup>(\*)</sup> Included in the grade to which he belongs.

RELATIVE RANK OF THE SUPERIOR OFFICERS OF THE REGULAR ARMY-Continued.

RE	LATIVE RANK OF THE SUPERIOR	R OFF	ICE	RS OF THE REGULAR	ARMY—Con	tinued.
No.	Name, Rank, and Date of Commission.	Corps or Arm.	No.	Name, Rank, and Date of C	commission.	Corps or Arm.
	MAJORS-Continued.			MAJORS-Continue	d.	
441	Parker, J. S July 1, 1916	cav.	524	MAJORS—Continue Sheen, H. H. J. Guilck, J. W. J. Hopkins, F. E. J. Tilton, E. R. J. Grant, H. B. J. Waldron, L. T. J. Greenough, E. A. J. Greig, A. Jr. J. Boiseau, L. T. J. Lambdin, W. McK. J. Morse, C. F. J. Hansell, H. S. J. J. Gregory, J. C. J. Gregory, J. C. J.	uly 1, 1916	
443	Eames, H. E July 1, Herron, J. S July 1,	inf.	525	Honking F E	uly 1,	c. a.
444	Armistead, C. FJuly 1.	inf.	527	Tilton, E. R J	uly 1.	c. a.
445	Giddings, P July 1,	inf.	528	Grant, H. BJ	uly 1,	C. a.
440	Walton, E. SJuly 1, Pritegard G B Ir July 1	inf.	11529 530	Waldron, L. T	uly 1,	c. a.
448	Anderson, A. Van PJuly 1.	cav.	531	Greig, A., Jr.	nly 1.	c. a.
449	Smith, A. T July 1,	inf.	532	Boiseau, L. T J	uly 1,	f. a.
451	Anderson T. M. JrJuly 1,	qm.	534	Morse C F	uly 1,	f. a. med.
452	Hunt, J. EJuly 1,	2 2	535	Hansell, H. S	uly 1,	med.
453	Roberts, C. DJuly 1,	inf.	a36	Gregory, J. C J	uly 1,	med.
45±	Christian J. B July 1.	s. c.	538	Grissinger, J. W. J.	my 1,	med.
456	Milier, C. HJuly 1,	inf.	539	Pyles, W. L J	uly 1,	med.
457	Fiske, H. B July 1,	inf.	540	Smart, W. MJ	uly 1,	mcd.
459	Helms, G. WJuly 1.	inf.	542	Bourke, J J	uly 1,	med.
460	Langdon, R. E July 1,	inf.	543	De Loffre, S. MJ	uly 1,	med.
461	Moses, G. WJuly 1,	cav.	544	Duncan, L. C J	uly 1,	med.
463	Fassett. W. MJuly 1,	inf.	516	Clark, J. AJ	uly 1.	med.
464	Dienmann, H. M July 1,	inf.	5.17	Morris, S. J J	uly 1.	med.
465	Dorey, H July 1,	inf.	548	Coffin, J. MJ	uly 1,	med.
467	Coniey, E. TJuly 1,	inf.	550	Hathaway, L. MJ	uly 1.	med.
468	Collins, E. T July 1,	inf.	551	Murray, AJ	uly 1,	med.
469	Miller A M July 1,	cav.	552	Huntington, P. MJ	uly 1,	med.
471	Drake, C. BJuly 1,	qm.	554	Powell, W. AJ	uly i.	med.
472	Willard, H. OJuly 1,	cav.	555	Harris, J. RJ	uly 1.	med.
473	Wode I P	qm.	1556	Corewall D. I.	uly i,	med.
475	Helperg, E. R July 1,	cav.	558	Craig, C. F J	uly i,	med.
476	Bell, OJuly 1,	cav.	559	Banta, W. P J	uly 1,	med.
477	Smith W July 1.	cav.	561	Mabee J I	inly 1,	med.
479	King, E. LJuly 1,	cav.	562	Peed, G. PJ	July 1,	med.
480	Daliam, S. F July 1,	cav.	563	Porter, R. SJ	uly 1.	med.
482	Phisterer, F. WJuly 1.	c. a.	11565	Jones, P. L.	fuly 1,	med.
483	Kelton, R. H. C July 1,	c. a.	566	Palmer, F. WJ	fuly 1,	med.
484	Whitehead, H. C July 1,	cav.	567	Vedder, E. BJ	July 1,	med.
486	Mitchell W. July 1.	sig.	569	Foster, C. LJ	July 1.	med.
-487	Vallace, C. SJuly 1,	sig.	570	Bosley, J. RJ	fuly 1,	med.
488	Pone F H	qm.	1571	Brown O G	fuly 1.	med.
490	Bishop, P. P. July 1,	c. a.	573	Juenemann, G. FJ	July 1,	med.
49	Wallace, E. JJuly 1,	c. a.	1574	Siler, J. FJ	July 1,	med.
492	Hase, W. FJuly 1,	c. a. c. a.	1576	Lamson, T.	July 1.	med.
49	Staroird, A. A July 1,	f. a.	577	Snyder, C. R	fuly 1.	med.
49	Howeil, J. FJuly 1,	c. a.	1578	Bingham, E. G	July 1,	med.
490	Geary, I. TJuly 1,	c. a.	1580	Smith, L. L.	July 1,	med.
49	Lloyd, C. RJuly 1,	c. a. f. a.	581	Huggins, J. B.	July 1,	med.
499	Carpenter, EJuly 1,	c. a.	583	Williamson, L. P	July 1.	med.
50	Spaulding, O. L., Jr.,July 1,	f. a.	584	Davis, W. R.	July 1.	med.
50	Lanza, C. HJuly 1,	f. a.	585	Owen, L. J	July 1,	med.
50	Martindale E. B. Jr. July 1.	c. a. c. a.	587	Weed. F. W	July 1.	med.
50	Ooleman, Le VJuly 1,	qm.	588	Wickline, W. A	July 1,	med.
50	6 Nicholls, J. C July 1,	ord.	1589	Bally, H. H	July 1, Intv 1	med.
50 50	SSchull H. WJuly 1.	c. a. ord.	591	Freeman, P. L	July 1,	med.
50	Farrar, H. B July 1,	f. a.	592	Duncan, W. A	July 1.	med.
51	OCarter, C. C July 1,	c. a.	1593	Gibner H C	July 1,	med.
51 51	2 Cooke, F. NJuly 1.	c. a.	598	Cole, C. Le R	July 1,	med.
51	Embick, S. BJuly 1,	с. а.	1596	Love, A. G.	July 1,	med.
51	4 Granger, R. S July 1,	qm. g. s.	598	Pinkston, O. W	July 1,	med.
51	6 Smith, C. BJuly 1,	C. 8.	599	Reasoner, M. A	July 1,	med.
51	7 Reeder, R. P July 1,	c. a.	600	Nichols, H. J	July 1,	med.
51	SMCMIIIAN, R. FJuly 1,	c. a.	600	2 Hopwood, L. I.	July 1.	med.
52	0 Kilbourne, C. EJuly 1,	g. s.	603	Freeman, C. E	July 1,	med.
52	1 Monroe, W. HJuly 1,	c. a.	604	Silvery F.S.	July 1,	med.
52	MAJORS - Continued.   Parker, J. S.   July   1,   1916	c. a.	11808	Hansell, H. S., G. J. Gregory, J. G. J. Connor, C. H. J. J. Greisringer, J. W. J. Pyles, W. L. J. J. Smart, W. M. M. J. Blanchard, R. M. J. Blanchard, R. M. J. J. Duncin, L. G. M. J. Talloott, E. M. J. Hanner, J. W. J. Hanner, J. R. J. Graig, C. F. J. J. Graig, C. F. J. J. Powell, R. J. Graig, C. F. J. J. Peed, G. P. J. J. J. Peed, G. P. J. J. J. Peed, G. P. J.	July 1.	eng.

RELATIVE RANK OF THE SUPERIOR OFFICERS OF THE REGULAR ARMY-Continued.

RELATIVE RANK OF THE SUPERIO			Corps
Name, Rank, and Date of Commission.	or Arm.	Name, Rank, and Date of Commission.	or Arm.
MAJORS—Continued. 607 Moore, R. C. July 608 Adams, L. M. July 609 Petris, C. R. July 610 Adams, L. M. July 610 Petris, C. R. July 610 Adams, L. M. July 610 Petris, C. R. July 610 Petris, C. R. July 611 Ward, R. T. July 612 Kingman, J. J. July 612 Kingman, J. J. July 613 Howell, R. P. July 614 Robert, H. H. July 615 Brown, P. July 616 Petris, P. W. July 616 Chitty, W. D. July 616 Chitty, W. D. July 616 Chitty, W. D. July 619 Heldt, J. V. July 619 Redertson, J. July 610 Robertson, J. July 611 Ruggles, J. A. July 612 Menington, A. E. July 612 Munlay, P. F. July 613 Cotton, E. P. July 614 Lincoln, C. S. July 615 Cotton, E. P. July 616 Powers, R. B. July 617 Robertson, J. July 618 Robertson, J. July 619 Robertson, J. July 619 Robertson, J. July 619 Robertson, J. July 619 Robertson, J. July 620 Hennington, A. July 621 Mullay, P. H. July 622 Murlay, P. H. July 623 Roberts, H. A. July 624 Sievert, H. A. July 625 Roberts, R. B. July 626 Powers, R. B. July 627 Roberts, R. July 638 Raymond, A. D. July 639 Raymond, A. D. July 631 Roberts, J. R. July 632 Pourle, J. R. July 634 Jordan, L. W. Jr. July 635 Gowen, J. B. July 640 Petris, M. Scholer, P. B. July 641 Incolant the grade to which he be	eng. 63 eng. 63 eng. 63 eng. 63 eng. 64 eng. 64 eng. 64 eng. 64 inf. 64 inf. 64 inf. 64 inf. 65 inf. 65 cav. 6	TBETTY L. G.   July 26,   SHughes, J. L.   July 26,   G.   SHEWATE, G. H.   July 27,   STATE   S	p. 8. inf. inf. inf. c. a. ord. ord. ord. ord. ord. ord. sig. ord. ord. sig. sig. p. s. p. s. p. s. cav. inf. cav. inf. inf. qm. cav. inf. p. s.

(\*) Included in the grade to which he belongs.

### FIELD OFFICERS OF INFANTRY RECIMENTS.

FIE	בט ס
First Infantry.	1 1
Col. Henry C. Hodges, Jr.	Cot L
LtCol. Rich. C. Croxton.	LtCo
Mai. Lewis S. Sorley.	Maj.
Maj. Americus Mitchel.	(Mai. '
Maj. Herschel Tupes.	Maj
Second Infantry. Col. Daniel L. Howell.	١,
Col. Daniel L. Howell.	
LtCol. William Weigel.	Col. I
Maj. Guy G. Palmer.	LtCo
Maj. Otho B. Rosenbaum. Maj. William B. Cochran.	Maj.
Third Infantry.	Mai.
Col. Robert L. Hirst.	1.120.
It -Col Julius A Penn	E
Mai, Hunter B. Nelson.	Col. A
Maj. Hunter B. Nelson. Maj. Franklin S. Hutton.	LtCe
Maj. Paul Giddlngs.	Mai.
Fourth Infantry.	Maj. I
Col. Everard E. Hatch.	Maj.
LtCol	7
Maj. Charles G. French.	Col. V
Maj. John F. Preston. Maj. Louis M. Nuttman.	LtC
	Maj.
Fifth Infantry. Col. Evan M. Johnson.	Maj.
Lt -Cal	Maj.
LtCel Maj. John K. Miller.	
Maj. George F. Baltzell.	Th
Maj	Col. E
Sixth Infantry.	LtCo
Col. Robert H. Noble.	Maj.
LtCol. Edson A. Lewis.	Maj. V
Maj. Matthias Crowley.	Maj.
Maj. Frank A. Wilcox.	For
Maj. Louis II. Dasa.	
Seventh Infantry.	Col. F
Col. Frank B. Jones.	LtCo Maj.
LtCol. George D. Moore. Maj. Hanson E. Ely.	Maj.
Mai Edward Sigerfoes	Maj.
Maj. Edward Sigerfoes. Maj. T. M. Anderson, Jr.	
Eighth Infantry.	F
Gol. Benjamin A. Poore.	Col. I
LtCol. Jos. D. Leitch. Maj. George McD. Weeks.	LtCe
Maj. George McD. Weeks.	Maj.
Maj. James A. Lynch.	Maj. Maj.
Maj. Thomas A. Pearce.	IMaj.

Ninth Infantry. Sixteenth Infantry. yman W. V. Kennon ld. Harry R. Lee, John W. Heavey, William J. Lutz. John E. Hunt. Maj. Geo, H. McMaster Maj. Edward C. Carey, Maj. Walliam F. Creary, Maj. Geo. H. McMaster. Maj. Edward C. Carey. Maj. William F. Creary. Tenth Infantry. Seventeenth Infantry.

leventh Infantry.

welfth Infantry.

irteenth Infantry. Beojamin C. Morse. ol. Ross L. Bush. Isaac C. Jenks. William M. Fassett.

urteenth Infantry. Richard H. Wilson, ol. William K. Jones. Marcus B. Stokes.

ifteenth Infantry. Harry C. Hale. ol. James R. Lindsay. Harry A. Smith. Frank D. Ely. Edwin Bell.

Daniel B. Devore, ol. Charles Crawford, Lt.-Col. John B. Bennet, George H. Shelton, Maj. Geo. C. Saftarrans, James N. Piekering, Charles D. Roberts. Maj. Edward S. Walton,

Eighteenth Infantry. Abner Pickering.

Ol. Wm O. Johnson.

Willam M. Morrow.

William M. Morrow.

Raiph E. Ingram.

Maj. Frank J. Morrow.

Maj. John Robertson.

Notation Industry.
Nilliam H. Sage.
o) Sydney A. Cloman
Pegram Whitworth.
Glenn H. Davis.
James W. Clinton.
Maj. S. J. Bayard Schindel.
Maj. George W. Helms. Ninetcenth Intantry.

Twentieth Infantry. Col. Afred Hasbrouck, Lt.-Col. Ed. N. Jones, Jr. Maj. Charles C. Smith. Alaj. Law'nce B. Simouds. Maj.

Twenty-first Infantry. Col. Joseph P. O'Neil. Lt.-Col. Fred. W. Sladen. Maj. William Brooke. Maj. James P. Harbeson. Maj. Robert S. Offley.

Twenty-second Infantry.
Col. John C. F. Tillson.
Lt.-Col. Frank D. Webster. Maj. La Roy S. Upton.
Maj. Jehn Howard.
Maj. Oscar J. Charles.
Maj. Russell C. Langdou, Maj.

Twenty-third Infantry, Col. Walter K. Wright. Lt.-Col. Wm. C. Bennett. Maj. Howard R. Perry. Maj. Fredrik L. Knudsen. Maj. F. G. Stritzniger, Jr.

Twenty-fourth Infantry.
Col. Frank L. Winn.
Lt.-Col. Mark L. Hersey.
Maj. Willam Newman.
Maj. John H. Parker.
Maj. Girard Sturtevant

Twenty-fifth Infantry.

Twenty-lith Infantry.
Col. Sauson L. Faison
Lt-Col. Frank H. Aloright
Mai. Jesph F. Schley.
Mai. Joseph F. Janda.
Twenty-sixth Infantry.
Col. Roosert L. Bullard.
Lt.-Col. Wilson Chase.
Maj. Frank G. Lawton.
Maj. Frank G. Lawton.
Maj. William A. Burnside.
Twenty-sepenth Infantry.
Col. Charles H. Barth.
Lt.-Col. William T. Wilder.
Maj. Patrick H. Mullay.
Maj. Patrick H. Mullay.
Maj. Maj.

Twenty-eighth Infantry.
Col. Francis J. Kernan.
Lt.-Col. Chas. E. Tayman.
Maj. George H. Jamerson.
Maj. Frank E. Bamford.
Maj. Walter S. McBroom.

Twenty-ninth Infantry. Col. John S. Mallery. Lt.-Col. Peter Murray. Maj. John J. Bradley, Maj. James A. Moss. Maj. Charles H. Palne, Thirtieth Infantry.

### FIELD OFFICERS OF INFANTRY REGIMENTS-Continued.

Thirty-first Infantry. Col. Walter H. Gordon, Lt.-Col. F. H. Sargent. Maj. Rovert H. Allen, Maj. Henry M. Dichmann. Maj. Preston Brown.

Thirty-second Infantry. Col. Benj. W. Atkinson. Maj. Samuel P. Lyon. Maj. Henry E. Eames. Maj. Rufus E. Longan.

Thirty-third Infantry. Col. Charles H. Muir. Lt.-Col. Ed. R. Chrisman Lt.-Col. Harold L. Jackson. Maj. Heury C. Clement. Jr. Maj. Benj. T. Slinmons. Maj. Milton L. McGrew. Maj. Beorge S. Goodale. Maj. Robert McCleave.

Thirty-fourth Infantry. Col. Clarence E. Dentler. Lt.-Col. Wm. R. Sample. Maj. Henry L. Kinnison. Maj. Arthur R. Kerwin. Maj. Harvey W. Miller. Thirty-fifth Infantry.

Thirty-sixth Infantry. Col. Almon L. Parmerter Lt.-Col. Arthur Jo.inson. Maj. Frederick B. Shaw. Maj. Edward A. Roche. Maj. James V. Heidt.

Thirty-seventh Infantry. 

Porto Rice Regiment of Infantry.
Col. (by detail) William P. Burnham.
Lt.-Col. O. P. Townshend.
Mai, John M. Fleid.
Mai, Edwin J. Grifith.
Mai, Miles K. Taulbee.

MAJORS.

### FIELD OFFICERS OF REGIMENTS AND OF THE COAST ARTILLERY CORPS.

First Cavalry.
Col. Frederick S. Foltz.
Lt.-Col. James A. Ryan.
Maj. Frank A. Barton.
Maj. Samuel B. Arnold.
Maj. Harry H. Pattisou.

Maj, Harry H. Pattison,
Second Cavalry,
Col. Joseph T. Dickman,
Lt.-Col. Guy H. Preston,
Maj, Wm. R. Smedberg, Jr.
Maj, Geo. F. Hamilton,
Maj, Joseph S. Herron,

Third Cavalry.
Aug. P. Blocksom. Col. Lt.-Col. Maj. James H. Reeves. Maj. Casper H. Conrad, Jr. Maj. Geo. B. Pritchard, Jr.

Maj. Geo. B. Pritchard, Jr.
Fourth Cavalry.
Col. John F. Guilfoyle.
Lt.-Col. Chas, A. Hedekin
Maj. Walter C. Short.
Maj. Benjamin B. Hyer.
Maj. Hamilton S. Hawkins

Maj. Hamilton S. Hawkins
Fifth Caustry.
Col. Wilber E. Wilder.
Lt.-Col. L'rence J. Fleming
Maj. William J. Glasgow.
Maj. August C. Nissen.
Maj. Harry O. Williard.
Sixth Caustry.
Col. Joseph A. Gaston.
Lt.-Col. Chas. J. Symonds.
Maj. Andrew E. Williams.
Maj. Andrew E. Williams.
Maj. George E. Mitchell.
Sepenth Caustry.
Septenth Caustry. Seventh Cavalry.

Col. James B. Erwin.
Lt.-Col. Alexander L. Dade
Maj. Edwin B. Winans.
Maj. Edmund M. Leary.
Maj. Samuel F. Dallam. Eighth Cavalry.

Col. Lt.-Col. Geo.T.Langhorne Maj. Frank S. Armstrong. Maj. John O'Snea. Maj. Pierce A. Murphy. Ninth Cavalry.

Col. Thomas B. Dugan. Lt.-Col. Francis J. Koester. Maj. Ervin L. Phillips. Maj. Lincoln C. Andrews. Maj. Mathew C. Smith.

Tenth Cavalry.
Col. De Rosey C. Cabell.
Lt.-Col. Charles Young. Maj. Robert J. Fleming. Maj. H. La T. Cavanaugh. Maj. Henry C. Whitehead.

Eleventh Cavalry.
Col. Wm. J. Nicholson. Melvin W. Rowell. Maj. Julian R. Lindsey.
Maj. S. McP. Rutherford.
Maj. Herman A. Slevert.
Maj. Charles C. Pulis.

Twelfth Cavalry. Col. Horatio G. Sickel. Lt.-Col. Geo. E. Stockle. Maj. Abraham G. Lott, Maj. William D. Chitty. Maj. Francis H. Pope.

Thirteenth Cavalry. Col. Herbert J. Slocum. Lt.-Col. Samuel G. Jones. Maj. Nathan K. Averill. Maj. Mortimer O. Bigelow Maj. William G. Sills.

Fourteenth Cavalry. Lt.-Col. Oren B. Meyer.
Maj. Robert C. Williams.
Maj. Kirby Walker. 

Fifteenth Cavalry. Col. William II. Hay. Lt.-Col. Fr'cis C. Marshall Maj, Julius T. Conrad. Maj, Howard R. Hickok. Maj, William H. Paine.

Col. Williard A. Holbrook. Lt.-Col. George P. White. Maj, Hugh D. Berkeley. Maj, George Vidmer. Maj, John B. Christian.

First Field Artillery. Col. William J. Snow. Lt.-Col. Tiemann N. Horn Maj. Fred. T. Austin.

Second Field Artillery.
Col. Geo. W. Van Deusen.
Lt.-Col.
Maj. O. L. Spalding, Jr. Third Field Artillery.

Col. Edward A. Millar. Lt.-Col. Manus McCloskey Maj. Henry B. Farrar. Fourth Field Artillery.
Col. George Le R. Irwin.
Lt.-Col. Le Roy S. Lyou.
Måj. Thomas E. Merrill.

Fifth Field Artillery.
Col. Charles T. Menoher.
Lt.-Col. Albert J. Bowley.
Maj. Wright Smith.
Maj. Alfred A. Starbird.

Sixth Field Artillery.

Seventh Field Artillery. Cel. Samuel D. Sturgis. Lt.-Col. Otho W. B. Farr.

Eighth Field Artillery.
Col. Peyton C. March.
Lt.-Col. Harry G. Bishop.
Maj. Frank E. Hopkins.
Maj. Wm. McK. Lambdin

Ninth Field Arvillery. Col. John E. McMahon.
Lt.-Col. Wm. S. Guignard.
Maj. Henry W. Butner.

> Coast Artillery Corps. COLONELS.

Ludlow, H. H.
Allen, S. E.
Rafferty, W. C.
Phillips, C. L.
Cronkhite, A.
Foote, S. M. Col. William II. Hay.
Lt.-Col. Fr'eis C. Marshal
Mai. Jullus T. Conrad.
Mai. Howard R. Hickok.
Maj. William H. Paine.
Sxteenth Cavalry.
Col. William S. Scott.
Lt.-Col. Edward Anderson
Maj. George W. Moses.
Sceenteenth Cavalry.
Col. William A. Holbrook.
Lt.-Col. George P. White.
Maj. Howard A. Holbrook.
Lt.-Col. George P. White.
Maj. Howard A. Holbrook.
Maj. Howard A. Holbrook.
Maj. Howard A. Holbrook.
Maj. Hugh D. Berkeley. Skerrett, D. Campbell, A. Ellis, W. E. Hains, J. P. Todd, H. D., Jr.

LIEUTENANT-COLONELS.

LEUTEMANT-COLC
Hearn, C. C.
Davis, W. C.
Mauldin, F. G.
Ketcham, D. W.
Lamoreux, T. B.
Hero, A., Jr.
Harris, F. E.
Smith, W. A.
Chase, A. W.
Kephart, S. A.
Burgess, L. R.
Shipton, J. A.
Chamberlaine, W.
Heiner, G. G. Heiner, G. G. McManus, G. H. Williams, J. M. Hamilton, J. C., Glimore, J. C., Wheeler, J., Jr. Kessler, P. M. Hagood, J. Patterson, G. T. Fergusson, F. K.

Abernethy, R. S. Miller, L. S. Buckey, M C Johnston, F. E. Pearce, E. D'A. Conklin, A. S. Brady, J. C. Carmichael, R. L. Ashburn, T. Q. Bottoms, S. F. Cloke, H. E. Ward, P. R. Cole, W. E. Spinks, M. G. Wyllie, R. E. Forse, W. Young, M. Young, M.
Brown, C.
Mitchell, J. B.
Morgan, A. S.
Hilton, C. H.
Glasgow, E. L.
Stewart, W. F., Jr.
Douglas, J. B.
Patten, H. T.
Hall, H.
Kimmel E. Kimmel, E. Kimmel, E.
Procter, J. R.
Proteter, J. R.
Phisterer, F. W.
Kelton, R. H. C.
Bishop, P. P.
Hatch, H. J.
Wallace, E. J.
Hase, W. F.
Doores, W. R.
Howel, J. F.
Coodfellow, J. C. Howell, J. F. Goodfellow, J. C. Geary, J. T. Carpenter, E. Merriam, H. M. Wilbur, H. P. Martindale, E. B. Lewell, F. C. Wilbur, H. P.
Martindale, E. B
Jewell, F. C.
Carter, C. C.
Carter, C. C.
Clark, H. B.
Cooke, F. N.
Emblek, S. D.
Smith, C. B.
McMillan, R. F.
Ordway, G.
Monroe, W. H.
Ellis, F. T.
Stopford, F. W.
Gullok, J. W.
Tilton, E. R.
Grant, H. B.
Raymond, A. D.
Rourle, J. L.
Raymond, A. D.
Fourle, J. L.
Hughes, J. L.

### AERONAUTICS IN THE UNITED STATES.

AERONAUTICS IN THE CONTROL OF THE METERS AND ACCORDED TO THE BOTTON OF THE METERS AND ACCORDED TO A STREET AND ACCORDED TO ACCORDED TO A STREET AND ACCORDED TO A STREET AND ACCORDED TO A STREET AND ACCORDED TO A STREET AND ACCORDED TO A STREET AND ACCORDED TO A STREET AND ACCORDED TO A STREET AND ACCORDED TO A STREET AND ACCORDED TO A STREET AND ACCORDED TO A STREET AND ACCORDED TO A STREET AND ACCORDED TO A STREET AND ACCORDED TO A STREET AND ACCORDED TO A STREET AND ACCORDED TO A STREET AND ACCORDED TO ACCORDE

313 SSI 666 for the Aviation Section of the Signal Corps of the Army, \$3.500.000 for the Naval Piyring Corps, \$76,000 for special training of National Ginardsmen.

The total flying strength of the United States, including alteraft now in service and that under order for delivery early in 1917, is 522 planes, balloons and dirictibles. The men authorized to be utilized for aviation under the National Defense Act are 2,028, being 148 officers and 1,200 enlisted men from the Army, and 150 officers and 350 enlisted men from the Avay. This also includes 30 acting ensigns and 150 student flyers to be appointed respectively to the Navy and Army from civil life. Provision for an Aviation Section Signal Reserve Corps has also been made to consist of 296 reserve officers and 2,000 enlisted reserves from the Army. There are the training schools, and as many. There are the training schools, and as many. There are the training schools, and as many. On the constitution of the Army contracts are let to all companies bidding who can construct required designs at reasonable figures, and the Government is willing to buy faster than the contractors can build the planes. There is no official aeroplane model in this country, though the Curties machine is more common in the Army, A special committee of the Army General Staff was abnointed last Spring to look generally into Army aviation with a view to reorganizing the service. Its recommendations were made and the Aviation Section of the Signal Corps, in its present status, resulted from its work. The efforts of that committee are now of a passive and achieves of the Army General Staff was abnointed fast Spring to look generally into Army aviation with a view to reorganizing the service. Its recommendations were made and the Aviation Section of the Signal Corps, in its present status, resulted from its work. The efforts of that committee are now of a passive and advisory nature. There is a National Advisory and pominent of Army Aeronautics, of the development of avail aviation, may h

Navy. Dir Under construction. D-1 type	igibles.
Grand total	522
Pensacola, F1a, Training Schools—Army, San Diego, Cal, Chicago, Ill, Mineola, L. 1.	18 12 12
Trained Aeronauts, Junior military aviators (Army officers). Under instruction (Army officers). Naval aviators (naval officers). Under instruction (naval officers). Trained bilots (enlisted soldiers on dut with their regiments). National Guard. Under instruction (National Guard). Reserve military aviators (from civil life).	51 38 29 14 7
Total aeronauts  Enlisted men assigned to aeronautic s for general care of stations, planes, etc.; Army Navy  Total	. 188 stations 350 stations 120 stations 470
Classes of Aircraft—Army. In service, training	Aero- planes. 42 51
Total Under construction, training Under construction, reconnuissance	: 120 : 218
Total (Note: 148 of the 338 machines under ction are hydroaeronianes and will be reconnaiseance coast defence and for translativity at San Diego.)	onstruc- ised for raining.
Navy. In service, training In service, reconnaissance	Sea- planes. 23 11
Total	. 32 . 36 . 13
Total  The battleship' North Carolina has been as the aviation ship of the Navy.	

Dirigibles

as the aviation ship of the Navy.
The Army has four aero squadrons organized.
Practically all aeronlanes comprising these squadrons are of the "tractor" type, and some of these are "twin tractors."
Aero Squadrons:
First Aero Squadron, Columbus, N. M.
Second (Aero Squadron, Manila, P. I. (incomplete).

plete).
Third Aero Squadron, San Antonio, Tex,
Fourth Aero Squadron, San Antonio, Tex,
Four planes, with reserve planes, comprise one
company.
Three companies, 12 planes with reserve, make
one squadron.

company.

Three companies, 12 planes with reserve, make one squadron.

There is a company and a half, or 6 planes, with reserve planes, at the Phillippine base.

It costs approximately \$800.000 to equip a squadron, including transportation whicles, hangars, planes, reserve planes, extra parts, etc.

### AVIATION SECTION, SIGNAL CORPS.

The National Defence Act, approved June 3, 1916 amended the act of July 18, 1914, relating to the ariation section of the Signal Corps. by authorizing a maximum number of officers of each grade from Colonel to First Lieutenant, inclusive, giving an increase to be added in five annual increments, so that on July 1, 1920, the ariation section will consist of 1 Colonel, 1

### AVIATION SECTION, SIGNAL CORPS-Continued.

Lieutenant Colonel, 8 Majors, 24 Captains, and 114
First Lieutenants, inclusive, and such number of
enlisted men as may be fixed by the President
from time to time. Avaition officers may be
detailed from the Army at large from corresponding grades or from grades below; those waite on
duty that requires them to participate regularly
and frequently in aerial flights shall receive an
increase of 25 per centum of the pay of their
grades and length of service under their comlights.

missions; those rated as junior military aviators shall have the rank, bay and allowances of one grade higher than their line commission, and shall have an increase of 50 per centum in the pay of his grade and length of service under their commissions, and similarly those rated as military aviators shall have an increase of 75 per centum in their pay while on duty that requires them of the pay of the control of the pay of the control of the pay while on duty that requires them of the pay of

### MILITARY EDUCATIONAL SYSTEM OF THE UNITED STATES.

THE military educational system of the United States, exclusive of the Military Academy at West Point,

The military educational system of the United States, exclusive of the Military Academy at West Point, comprises the following:

1. The Army War Gollege, Washington, D. C., under the management of a President and directors detailed from officers of the army. The course of instruction is for one year, beginning September 1. A limited number of officers not below the rank of Captain, selected on account of exceptional efficiency and fitness, are detailed annually for instruction. The purpose of the college is to make practical application of knowledge already acquired, not to impart academic instruction.

11. The Army Service Schools. The group of schools established at Fort Leavenworth, Kan., consisting of the Army Service Schools. The group of schools established at Fort Leavenworth, Kan., consisting of the Army Service Schools, and the Army Fleid Service and Correspondence School for Medical Officers as special affiliated schools, are designated the Army Service Schools, and are under the direction of a Commandant not of lower grade than that of a Brigadier-General.

The course of instruction at the schools, except as otherwise stated, is included in one term from September 1 to June 30 of the following year.

1. The Army School of the Line.

The object of this school is the instruction of selected officers from the line of the army in the leading and care of troops in time of war and their training in time of peace. The Assistant Commandant of the Army Service Schools is also the Director of the School of the Line.

Upon graduation, the student class are graded, in order of merit, as "honor graduates," "dis-

Ecnol of the Line.

Upon graduation, the student class are graded, in order of merit, as "honor graduates," "distinguished graduates," and "graduates," respectively.

2. The Army Staff College, for the instruction of officers detailed annually from the bighest graduates of the latest class of the School of the Line, recommended by the Academic Board of that school. The object of this college is to Impart instruction to officers in the duties of the general staff of an army; to prepare them for the Army War College and to Investigate military inventions discoveries and developments.

discoveries and developments.

The Commandant, Assistant Commandant, Secretary and Senior Instructors of the School of the Line hold corresponding positions in the Staff College.

3. The Army Signal School, for Instruction of officers of the Signal Corps in their duties, including aeronautics; for instruction of officers of the line, who are designated therefor, in signal duties, and to make research and experiments in subjects pertaining to the work of the Signal Corps. The school is under the general direction of the Commandant of the Army School of the

dutles, and to make research and experiments in subjects pertaining to the work of the Signal Corps. The school is under the general direction of the Commandant of the Army School of the Line.

4. The Army Field Engineer School, for the instruction of officers of the Engineer Corps, not exceeding ten, and engineer officers of the National Guard.

5. The Army Field Service and Corps and of the Madical Officers, for the Instruction of officers of the Medical Corps and of the Mady and part who for a course by correspondence. The Course of in the Medical Corps and of the Mady and part who for a course by correspondence. The course of intelly receive certificates of proficiency.

The town of the Court of the Medical Corps and of the Mady and part who for a course by correspondence. The course of intelly receive certificates of proficiency.

The town of the Madical School, Washington, D. C., for the instruction of medical officers of the Holland School, Washington, D. C., for the instruction of medical officers of the Engineer Carduates for appointment in the Medical Corps, and medical officers of the Madical School, Washington, D. C., for the instruction is for eight months, from October leach year. Graduates receive diplomas.

IV. The Coast Artillery School, Fortress Monroe, Virginia. The object of this school is to enlarge the field instruction of the garrison schools for Coast Artillery officers by advanced courses of study and practical training in technical duties; to prepare specially selected officers for the more important positions in the Coast Artillery; also to educate and train selected enlisted men for the higher non-commissioned staff grades in the Coast Artillery. The courses of instruction for officers and enlisted men are each comprised in one school year, from January 3 to December 1. Special courses in ballistics are also provided.

Officers who are graduated are furnished with diplomas, as "honor graduates," "distinguished graduates," or "graduates," according to their standing.

V. The Engineer

tary subjects.

XI. Schools for Bakers and Cooks, at The Presidio of Monterey, California, Fort Sam Houston,
Tex.; Fort Shafter, Hawaii; Washington, D. C., and Fort Riley, Kansas, for the instruction of selected

enlisted men.

XII. The Signal Corps Aviation School. The object of this school is the training of officers and enlisted men in matters of military aviation. For Training Schools see preceding page.

### CHAPLAINS IN UNITED STATES ARMY AND NAVY." ARMY.

CHAPLAINS IN UNITED STATES ARMY AND NAVY.\*

With Rank of Major.

Bateman, Cephas C., 14 cav.,
Baptilist, Jan. 17, 1908.
Groves, Lesile R., 14 inf., Pres-byterian, March 25, 1908.
Gavitt, Halsey C., 1 cav., Michael 13, 1902.
Randolph, Joh. A., 2 eng., Meindelt 1912.
Randolph, Joh. A., 2 eng., Meindelt 1913.
Randolph, Joh. A

NAVY.

## NAME AND RANK. Present Duty or Station. NAME AND RANK. Present Duty or Station. Radk of Lieut., junior grade—Cont. Le Roy Nelson Taylor... Mar. Bar., San Diego, Cal. Phos. Berthier Thompson Navy Yard, Puget Sound. John Joseph Brady... Arkansas. ACTING-CHAPLAINS. Rank of Lieut., junior grade. Irénée Joseph Bouffard... South Carolina. Robert Du Bois Workman Florida. William Earl Anderson... Brooklyn. Milton O. Alexander...., Nebraska. Eng. Sepastian Burgke. Jr. Milebirgo. Cantain. Great Lakes.‡ San Francisco, Cal.‡ New York, N. Y.§ Norfolk, Va.‡ Wyoming. Frank Thompson..... Carroll Quinn Wright... Walter Gilbert Isaacs... John Brown Frazier. Wm. Gilbert Cassard Curtis Hoyt Dickins. Chas. Magnus Charlon. Bower Keynolds Patrick. Dower Keynolds Patrick. Bower Keynolds Patrick. Down Frank Fleming. Eugene Ed. AlcPonald. Geo. Livineston ayard. Arthur William Stone. Arthur William Stone. Evan Watter Scott. Evan Watter Scott. Sydney Key Evans. Rank of Lleut. Bydney Key Evans. Naval Academy. Hugh Miller T. Pearce. James Duncan MacNair. James Duncan MacNair. Edm. Alex. Brodman. \*\*Navy Yard. \*\*Distribution for grade. ank of Commander William Earl Anderson... Brooklyn. Wilton O. Alexander... Whehraska. Eug. Sebastian Burke, Jr. Usear William Be rens... Under treatment. Osear William Be rens... Texas. Charles Vinton Ellis... Olympia, George Boniface Kranz... Kansas. Herbert Dumstrey.... Ush. de. George Boniface Kranz. . | Kansas. | Herbert Dumstrey . | Utah. | Edward Aloysius Duff. . | Nevada. | Roy Leslie Lewis . | Wiscousin. | Wiscousin. | William Wytche Elder . | Ohio. | Pennsylvania. | Praul Edward Seidler . | North Carolina. | Albert Newton Park, Jr . | Receiving ship at Norfolk. | Charles Henry Hastines . | Illinois. | Richard | Receiving Ship at N. York. | Charles Henry Hastines . | Illinois. | Receiving Ship at N. York. | Charles Henry Hastines . | Illinois. | Receiving Ship at N. York. 
### CHAPLAINS IN UNITED STATES ARMY AND NAVY-Continued.

An Act of Congress approved June 30, 1914, provides that "Hereafter the total number of Chapiains and Acting-Chapiains in the Navy shall be one to each twelve bundred and fifty of the total personnel of the Navy and Marine Corps as fixed by law, including Midshipmen, apprentice seamen and naval prisoners, and of the total number of Chapiains and Acting-Chapiains herein authorized, ten per centum thereof shall have the rank of Capiains the Navy, twenty per centum the rank of Commander, twenty per centum the rank of Lieutenant-Commander, and the remainder to have the rank of Lieutenant (junior grade). "Acting-Chapiains have the rank, pay and allowances of Lieutenant (junior grade), and, after serving as such at sea for three years, are appointed Chapiains. The act provides further that not more than seven Acting-Chapians shall be commissioned Chapiains in any one year.

### UNITED STATES ARMY PAY TABLE.

YEARLY INITIAL OR BASE PAY(a) OF ARMY OFFICERS AND ENLISTED MEN OF THE PRINCIPAL POWERS.

GRADE.	VOLUNIER Aumes.		COMPULSORY SERVICE ARMIES,							
GRADE.	United Stat s.	Great Britain.	France.	Germany.	Russia,	Austria- Hungary.	Japan.	Italy.	Spalu.	Turkey.
General		814,600	\$5,558	\$4,284	\$1,272	\$4,800	\$3,750		\$6,000	
Lieutenant-General (b)		10,950		3,318	1,017	3,360		\$2,850	4,500	\$5,280
Major-General	\$8,000		3,648		762		1,950	2,280	3,000	
Brigadier-General	6,000	(0)4,866	2,432	2,441		2,280	}	1,900	1,800	2,640
Colonel	4,000		1.744	2,162	398	1,440		1,520	1,450	1,584
Lieutenant-Colonei			1,271	2,156	598	1,200	1,098	1,140	1.250	
Major	3,000		1,063	1,560	398	802		950	1,060	
Captain	2,400		676		350		450	760	700	
First Lieutenant			486		274	408			500	
Second Lieutenant	1,700		452		274	386	240		423	
Sergeant	(d) 360			115	9	50	47	146	130	21
Corporal	(d) 252			85	5	22	28	77	72	
Private	(d: 180	89	20	[\$8	4	8	8 .	70	53	11

(a) Figures to the nearest dollar. The base pay in all armies is increased for length of service by percentages similar in all. In European armies officers receive extensive allowances in addition to their pay. The laws and regulations in the different countries about pay and allowances are so voluminous and cover so many varying conditions that a simple comparison of the amounts received either in pay or allowances is very difficult. The table gives, however, approximately the minimum pay for the grade.

(b) Grade of Lieut.-General discontinued in United States by Act of Congress, March 2, 1907. (c) In the British army and many others the grade of Brigadier-General is not a permanent grade, but is temporary and ex-officio only.

(d) In United States pay is increased with each enlistment to the seventh. Enlisted men may retire on thirty years' service with 75 per cent. of pay and allowances.

Note—The United States and Great Britain are the only countries having volunteer armies, and the United States the only one having a thoroughly democratic army in which both officers and men are drawn from all walks of life and which, therefore, has to offer monetary inducements in competition with the wages of labor.

In a memorandum for the Secretary of War on the subject of the pay and allowances of the different countries Brig.-Gen. M. M. Macomb, President of Army War College, made the following

remarks:
"In order to make intelligent comparison of the figures given it is necessary to take into account-

cost of living in different countries.

2. That the United States and Great Britain are the only countries athering to a volunteer system and hence having to offer monetary inducements for soldiers in competition with the

wages of labor.
3. That as regards officers, the United States

3. That as regards officers, the United States has the only democratic volunteer army. Its officers are drawn from all walks of life, and it is supposed that their salaries are sufficient to support them and their families.

In Great Britain officers are drawn almost entrely from the upper and wealthier classes, and it is not supposed that their salaries are sufficient os support them. For example, second sens and remittance men generally, if possible, become officers of the army or navy, enter the diplomatic service or the clergy.

In Germany an officer before receiving permission to marry must show that he or his wife has sufficient private income to maintain himself ac-

sufficient private income to maintain himself ac-

cording to his position.

In the matter of pay a simple comparison of the figures in this table, without having in mind the preceding remarks, can only lead to erroneous conclusions.

#### ALLOWANCES.

In the matter of allowances, all soldiers in all armies receive quarters, ciothing, and rations. All officers receive quarters or allowance in lieu

The purchasing power of a dollar, or the filting in different countries.

That the United States and Great Britain ne only countries adhering to a volunteer comparison. In the United States officers receive allowances in different armies are impossible of comparison. In the United States officers receive

lowances in different armies are impossible of comparison. In the United States offleers receive allowances for fuel and light, extra pay when on aviation duty, and both officers and soldiers receive additional pay for tropical service.

In European armies the pay for different duties and the allowances for different circumstances are so many that books are required to cover them. In European, for example, the subject of pay is covered in four volumes.

In England additional pay is given for foreign service, for command, for armament pay, for engineer pay, for corps pay, and allowances for fuel, light, servants, mess, official entertainments, etc.

In France additional pay is given for children, for belonging to the Legion of Honor, for prison duty, for marches and manceuves, for being stationed in Paris (on account of the high cost of living), etc., and allowances for service expenses incident to commands, office expenses, etc.

In general, the allowances in Europe for officers are relatively greater than in the United States and the pay less. But the allowances are so varied, not only between different grades but between officers and soldiers of the same grados, and the whole subject so comprehensive that any attempt to reduce the allowances of the armies of the world to a uniform basis so that they can be compared in a table is an impossibility.

### CRAND ARMY OF THE REPUBLIC.

Headquarters, Soldiers and Sallors' Memorial Hall, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Commander-in-Chief—William J. Patterson, Plusburgh, Pa. Senior Vice-Commander—Wm. H. Wormstead, Kanass City, Mo. Junior Vice-Commander—E. K. Russ, New Orleans, La. Surgeon-General—William M. Honna, Aurora, Ill. Chaplain-in-Chief—O. S. Reed, Manzanola, Col.

-William M. Hallia, Alloca, in: Companie-in-clief—0.5. Reed, Manadom, college, Adjunt-General—H. H. Bengough, Pittsburgh, Pa. Quartermaster-General—Cola D. R. Stowits, Buffalo N Y. Judve Advocate-General—Ralzemond A. Parker, Detroit, Mich. Inspector-General—Chailes H. Haskins. Los Angeles, Cal. National Patriotic Instructor—Uriah Seely, Newark, N. J. Chief of Stan—William M. Hahn. Mansheld, Ohio. Schior Aide-de-Camp—B. J. Coll. Pittsburgh, Pa. Assistant Adjunti-General—E. B. Stillings. Boston, Mass. Assistant Quartermaster-General and Custodian of Records—J. Henry Holcomb, Philadelphia, Pa.

The National Council of Administration has 44 members, each department having one member.

DEPARTMENTS. (44)	Department Commanders.	Assistant Adjutants-General.	Mem- bers.
Alabama Arizona Arizona Arkansas Cal. & Nevada Colorado & Wyo. Connecticut Dolaware Florida Georgia & S. Car. Idaho Illinois Indiana Iowa Kansas Kentucky La & Miss Malne Maryland	J. J. Powers. Mobile. George W. Barrows, Phoenix. H. F. Wallace, Siloam Springs A. E. Leavit, San Francisco James Moynahan, Denver, Col Henry J. Seeley, Bridgeport. Stophen S. Johnson, Wilmington W. H. McIrath, Jacksonville. R. S. Smith, Tallapoosa, Ga. Robert H. Barnes, Twin Falls. W. F. Calhoun, Decatur. V. Williams, Bedford John H. Mills, Redueld Robert M. Painter, Topeka. Sam D. Brown, Louisville. E. T. Gipson, New Orleans, Tobias L. Eastman, Fryeburg James E. Van Sant, Ellicott City.	Charles C. Chapin, Birmingham A. J. Sampson, Phoenix J. W. Lane, Siloam Springs John H. Roberts, San Francisco Rankin Smith, Denver, Col. Wm. M. Barnum, Rridgeport. J. S. Litzchberg, Wilmington William James, Jacksonville. F. A. Jones, Tallapoosa, Ga. Edwin P. Durrell, Boisé. Henry C. Cooke, Chicago. J. R. Fesler, Indianapolis, George A. Newman, Des Molnes D. L. Sweeney, Topleia M. H. Davidson, Louisville. F. C. Antoine, New Orleans, Frederlek A. Motley, Portland Robert C. Sunstrom, Baltimore.	80 102 331 5,556 1,774 2,181 358 691 176 403 11,101 8,957 7,788 912 560 2,902
Massachusetts. Michigan. Minnesota. Missouri. Montana. Nebraska. New Hampshire. New Jersey. New Work. North Dakota. Ohio. Oklahoma. Oregon. Pennsylvania. Potomae. Rhode Island. South Dakota. Tennessee. Texas. Utah. Vermont. Va. & N. Car. Wash h & Alaska.	irrancis E. Mole, Adams. Lucius H. Ives, Masson. Charles Van Campen, Rochester. Wm. H. Wormstead, Kansas City G. I. Reiche, State House, Helena. W. H. Stewart, Geneva. Reuben T. Leavitt, Pittsfield. William O. Allen, Newark F. E. Olney, Las Vegas. Solomon W. Russell, Salem. Henry Beals. Valley City W. H. Surles, East Liverpool. Albert Reeves, Tulsa. Joseph E. Hall, Portland L. F. Arcnsberg, East Millisboro. A. J. Huntoon. Washington, D. C. Joseph Gough, Providence. Walter H. Carr, Hurley. J. R. Kennedy, Louisville N. D., Corser, Salt Lake City. Henry C. Strucker Littleboro. Chas. H. Halbe Soldkers' Home, Va J. E. Galnoy, Porkershurp.	Philip A. Nordell, Boston.  Henry Spaulding, Lansing. Orton S. Clark, St. Paul Wilbur F. Henry, St. Louls. George H. Taylor, Helena. A. M. Trimble, Lincoln. Frank Battles, Concord. F. P. Lozler, Newark. John A. Ross, East Las Vegas. Philip M. Wales, Albany. S. J. Hill, Fargo. W. S. Matthews, Columbus. A. W. C. Weeks, Oklahoma City. C. A. Williams, Portland. S. P. Town, Philadelphia. O. H. Oldroyd, Washington, D. C. Philip S. Chase, Providence. C. A. B. Fox, Sloux Falls. B. F. Bashor, Knoxville. Edwin N. Ketchum, Galveston. C. W. A. Schnell, Salt Lake City. H. P. Hunter, Brattleboro. G. W. Burchfield, Nat. Sold's' Home, Va. E. B. Hopkinson, Spokane, Wash.	9.086 6.995 2.907 4.287 319 3.132 2.665 1.1483 2.715 1.576 237 15.045 1.414 1.842 1.5.890 1.239 9.200 2.23 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27
Total	1		149,074

The number of Grand Army Posts December 31, 1915, was 5,342. Losses by death during the year ended December 31, 1915, were 11,856 The first post was organized at Decatur, Ill., April 6, 1866. The first National Encampment was held at Indianapolis, November 20, 1866.

# NATIONAL ENCAMPMENTS AND COMMANDERS-IN-CHIEF, 1902-1916.

1902—Washington, D. C.Thos. J. Stewart, Pa.	1909-Salt Lake City Sam'l R. Van Sant, Minn.
1903—San Francisco*John C. Black ill.	1910—Atlantic City John E. Gilman, Mass.
1904—Boston' *W, W. Blackmar, Mass	1911—Rocnester Harvey M. Trimble, Ill.
1905—Roston tJohn R. King, D C.	1912—Los Angeles Alfred B. Beers, Ct.
1905—DenverJames Tanner, New York.	1913—Chattanooga Wash'n Gardner, Mich.
1906-Minneapolis*R. B. Brown. Ohio.	1914—Detroit David J. Palmer, Ia.
1907 - Sarutoga Charles G. Blirton, Mo.	1915—Washington, D. C.Elias R. Monfort, Ohlo.
1908—Toledo *Henry M. Nevius, N. J.	1916—Kansas City, Mo., Wm. J. Patterson, Pa.
1908-101600 110113	

\* Deceased, † After the death of the Commander-in-Chlcf the Senior Vice-Commander succeeded him.

## INTERNATIONAL ORDER OF THE KING'S DAUGHTERS AND SONS.

INTERNATIONAL ORDER OF TME KING'S DAUCHTERS AND SONS.

Headquarters, 287 Madison Avenue, New York City. Officers: Prestdent—Mrs. A. II. Evans. General Secretary.—Miss Clara Morchouse. Treasurer—Mrs. K. M. Farnsworth.

The order is an interdenominational, religious and philantiropic society, working locally in Circles, County and City Unions. Chapters. National, State and Provincial organizations. Branches are established in thirty-two States and in eight Canadian provinces.

The objects of the order are "the development of spiritual life and the stimulation of Christian activities." It has a paid membership in all countries of 58,000. The order has establ'shed and is supporting several hundred institutions of different kinds in different localities. Its members are engaged in every form of helpful work, religious, educational and philanthrople. The badge is a small silver cross, which is also the corporate scal of the society. A monthly megazine, The Silver Cross, is the official organ of the order,

### SOLDIERS' HOMES.

### NATIONAL HOME FOR DISABLED VOLUNTEER SOLDIERS.

President of the Board of Manager Gen. Gen. George H. Wood, Dayton, Ohio.
Secretary Hon. James S. Catherwood, Hoopeston, Illinois.

There are branches of the National Home at Dayton, Ohio; Milwaukee, Wis.; Togus, Me.; Hampton, Va.; Leavenworth, Kan.; Sana Monica, Cal.; Marlon, Ind.; Danville, Ill.; Johnson City, Tenn., and Hot Springs. S. Dak. The aggregate number of members cared for is about 32,000.

REQUIREMENTS FOR ADMISSION.

An honorable discharge from the United States service during a war in which it was engaged,

An honorable discharge from the fatted States service during a war in which it was engaged.

2. Disability which prevents the applicant from earning his littling by labor.

3. Applicants for admission will be required to stipulate and agree to abide by all the rules and applicant for mannade by the Board of Managers, or by its order; to perform all duties required of them, and to obey all the lawful orders of the officers of the Home. Attention is called to the fact that by the law establishing the Home the members are made subject to the Rules and Articles of War, and will be governed thereby in the same manner as if they were in the Army of the United States.

4. A soldier or salior must forward with his application for admission his Discharge Paper, and when he is a pensioner, his Pension Certificate, which papers will be retained at the branch to which the applicant is admitted, to be kept there for him, and returned to him when he is discharged. This rule is adopted to prevent the loss of such papers and ertificates, and to hinder fraudulent practices; and no application will be considered unless these papers are sent with it. If the original discharge does not exist, a copy of discharge, certified by the War or Navy Department, or by the Admant-General of the State, must accompany the application.

There are state Homes for disabled volunteer soldiers provided by the States of California, Comado, Connection, tidaho, fillinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Massouri, Montana, Nebraska, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, North Dakota, Origon, Pennsylvania, Ithode Island, South Dakota, Vermont, Washington, Wisconsin, and Wyoming.

### STATE HOMES FOR DISABLED VOLUNTEER SOLDIERS.

STATES.	Location.	STATES.	Location.	STATES.	Location.
California	Yountville,	Missouri	St. James.	Ohio	Saudusky.
Colorado		Montana	Columbus Falls		Madison.
Connecticut	Noroton Heights	Nebraska	Grand Island.	Oregon	Rosehurg.
Idaho			( Milliora. )	Pennsylvania	
Illinois		N. Hampshire.		Rhode Island	
Indiana	i minyette.	New Jersey	{ Kearny.	South Dakota	
	Marshalltown.	}	( vinetanu.	Vermont	
Kansas		New York	Sath.	Washington	Poteil
Michigan		North Dakota	Liebon	Wisconsin	Wanpaca.
Minnesota.		Toru Danota	Highor.	Wyoming	

### UNITED STATES SOLDIERS' HOME FOR THE REGULAR ARMY.

The United States Soldiers' Home in the District of Columbia receives and maintains discharged soldiers of the regular army. All soldiers who have served tweuty years as enlisted men in the army (including volunteer service, if any), or who have served in any war, and all soldiers of less than twenty years' service who have incurred such disability, by wounds, disease, or injuries in the time of duty white in the regular army, as midistributed in the preparation of the Home. Pensions of inmates are drawn by the Treasurer of the Home and held in trust for the pensioner, to whom it is paid in such sums as the Governor of the Home deems proper while he is an inmate of the Home, the balance heling paid in full when he takes his discharge and leaves the Home.

Immates are subject to the Rules and Articles of War, the same as soldiers in the army. They are comfortably lodged, fed, and clothed, and receive medical attendance and medicine, all without cost to them. There are 1,453 men now receiving the benefits of the Home.

Applications for admission to the Home may be addressed to the "Board of Commissioners, S. Soldiers' Hone, War Department, Washington, D. C.," and must give date of enlistment and date of discharge, with letter of company and number of regiment for each and every term of service, and rate of pension, if any, and must be accompanied by a medical certificate showing nature and degree of disability if any exists. The United States Soldiers' Home in the District of Columbia receives and maintains discharged

### CONFEDERATE SOLDIERS' HOMES.

Atlanta, Ga.; Austin, Tex.; Beauvoir, Miss.; Columbia, S. C.; Hermitage, Tenn.; Higginsville, Mo.; Iaeksonville, Fla.; Little Rock, Ark.; Mountain Creek, Ala.; New Orleans, La.; Pewee Valley, Ky.; Pikes-rille, Md.; Raleigh, N. C.; Richmond, Va.; Washington, D. C.

### NATIONAL CEMETERIES.

NATIONAL CEMETERIES.

National Cemeteries in which the soldiers of the Civil and Spanish Wars are interred are located at the following places:

Alexandria, I.a.; Alexandria, Va.; Andersonville, Ga.; Annapolis, Md.; Antietam, Md.; Arlington, Va.; Balls Bluff, Va.; Barrancas, Fla.; Baton Rouge, La.; Battle-Ground, D. C.; Beanfort, S. C.; Beverly, N. J.; Brownsville, Pex.; Camp Butler, III.; Camp Nelson, Ky.; Cave Hill, Ky.; Chalmette, La.; Chattanooga, Tenn.; City Point, Va.; Cold Harbor, Va.; Corluth, Miss.; Crown Hill, Ind.; Chipeper, Va.; Cister Battlefield, Mont.; Cypress Hills, N. Y.; Danville, Ky.; Danville, Va.; Fayetteville, Ark.; Finns Point, N. J.; Florence, S. C.; Fort Donelson, Tenn.; Fort Gibson, Okla.; Fort Harrison, Va.; Fort Leavenworth, Kan.; Fort McPherson, Neb.; Fort Scott, Kan.; Fort Smith, Ark.; Fredericksburg, Va.; Gettysburg, Pa.; Glendale, Va.; Grafton, W. Va.; Hampton, Va.; Je-Terson Barracks, Mo.; Jefferson City, Mo.; Keokuk, I.a.; Knoxville, Tenn.; Lebanon, Ky.; Lexington, Ky.; Lexington, Ky.; Lexington, Ky.; Lexington, Ky.; Care, Mill Springs, Ky.; Mobile, Ala.; Mound City, III.; Nashville, Tenn.; Natchez, Miss.; New Albany, Ind.; New Berne, N. C.; Philadelphia, Pa.; Popitar Grove, Va.; Port Hudson, La.; Quincey, III.; Raleigh, N. C.; Eichmond, Va.; Rock Islaud, III.; St. Augustine, Fla.; Sallsbury, N. C.; Sant Autonio, Tex.; San Francisco, Cal.; Santa Fé, M. M.; Seven Pines, Va.; Shilcin, Tenn.; Soldiers' Honne, D. C.; Springfield, Mo.; Staunton, Va.; Stone River, Tenn.; Vicksburg, Miss.; Wilniugton, N. C.; Wiuchester, Va.; Woodlawn, N. Y.; Yorktown, Va.

### MILITARY DEPARTMENTS AND DIVISION, BRICADE AND DISTRICT COMMANDS.

THE EASTERN DEPARTMENT-Embracing the New England States, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware, Maryland, District of Columbia, Virginia, West Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Kentucky, Tennessee, Georgia, syivania, Deiaware, Maryiand, District of Coulinbia, Virginia. West Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Kentucky, Tennessee, Georgia, Florida, Aiahama, Mississippi, the pools of Court Logan H. Roots, Ark., the coast dead construction of Court Logan H. Roots, Ark., the coast dead construction of Court Logan H. Roots, Ark., the coast dead construction of Court Logan H. Roots, Ark., the coast dead construction of Court Logan H. Roots, Ark., the coast dead construction of Court Logan H. Roots, Ark., the coast dead construction of Court Logan H. Roots, Ark., the Cour

First Division—Headquarters, Governor's Island, N. Y. Commander, Major-Gen, Leonard Wood.
North Atlantic Coast Artillery District Headquarters, Fort Totten, N. Y., Brig.-Gen, Harry F.

North Atlantic Cost Artinery District Headquarters, Fort Totten, N. Y., Brig.-Gen. Harry F.
Hodgos, commanding.
South Atlantic Coast Artillery District. Headquarters, Charleston, S. C., Brig.-Gen. Clarence P.
Townsley, commanding.
First Brigade—Headquarters, Albany, N. Y.,
Col. John C. F. Tillson, Inf.
THE CENTRAL DEPARTMENT—Embracing the
States of Ohlo, Michigan, Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin, Minnesota, North Dakota, South Dakota,
Iowa, Missouri, Kansas, Nebraska, Wyoming (except that part included in the Yellowstone Park),
Colarado, and the post of Fort Missoula, Mont.;
headquarters, Chicago, Ill. Commander, MajorGen. Thomas H. Barry,
Third Cavalry Brigade—Headquarters, Fort
Riley, Kan.
Second Division—Headquarters, Chicago, Ill.
Fourth Brigade—Headquarters, Nogales, Ariz.,
Brig.-Gen. Edward H. Plumner.
THE SOUTHERN DEPARTMENT—Embracing the

THE SOUTHERN DEPARTMENT—Embracing the States of Texas (except the coast defences of Galveston), Louisiana (except the coast defences Galveston, Louisiana (except the coast defences of New Orleans). Arkansas (except the post of Fort Logan H. Roots). Okiahoma. New Mexico and Arizona; headquarters. Fort Sam Houston, Tex. Commander, Major-Gen. Frederick Funston. Cavairy Division—Headquarters, San Antonio, Tex. Major-Gen. Frederick Funston.

First Cavairy Brigade—Headquarters, Fort Sam Houston, Tex. Brig. Gen. James Parker. Second Cavairy Brigade—Headquarters, Columbus, N. Mex., Brig. Gen. Eben Swift. First Brigade—Headquarters, Fagle Pass., Tex., Brig. Gen. Henry A. Greene.
Second Brigade—Headquarters, Laredo, Tex., Brig. Gen. Robert K. Evans.
Fifth Brigade—Headquarters, El Paso, Tex., Brig. Gen. Gen Bell. Jr.

Fith Brigade—Headquarters, El Paso, Tex., Brig.-Gen. Geo. Bell. Jr.
Sixth Brigade—Headquarters, Douglas, Ariz., Brig.-Gen. Thomas F. Davis.
Seventh Brigade—Headquarters, Douglas, Ariz., Brig.-Gen. Charles G. Morton.
Eighth Brigade—Headquarters, Columbus, N. Mex., Major-Gen. Join J. Pershing,
THE WESTERN DEPARTMENT—Embracing the States of Washington, Oregon. Idaho, Montana (except the post of Fort Missoula), so much of Wyoming as includes Yellowstone Park. California, Nevada, Utah and Alaska; headquarters, San Francisco, Cal. Commander, Major-Gen. J. Frankin Beil.

Third Division—Headquarters, San Francisco, Cal. Major-Gen. J. Franklin Bell. Pacific Coast Artillery District—Headquarters, Fort Miley, Cal. Commander, Brig.-Gez. William L. Sibert.

THE PHILIPPINE DEPARTMENT—Embracing all the islands of the Philippine archipelago. This department is subdivided territorially into the District of Luzon, comprising the islands heretofore included in the Department of Luzon, and the District of Mindana, comprising the islands heretofore included in the Department of Mindana, breadquarters, Manila, P. I. Commander, Brig. Gen, Hunter Liggett.

THE HAWAIIAN DEPARTMENT—Embracing the Hawaiian Islands and their dependencies; head-quarters, Honoliul, H. T. Commander, Brig.-Gen. Fried Hawaiian Brigade—Headquarters, Schoßeld Barracks, H. T. Brig.-Gen. Charles G. Treat.

## AERO SCIENCE CLUB OF AMERICA.

The Aero Science Club of America was formed in 1914. Its membership consists of college students and others interested in the science. Its purpose is to further the science of aeronautics. The club has branches in all parts of the United States, the branches consisting of the leading model aeropiane clubs in America. Kite thing also forms an important addition to the activities of the club. President—Harry G. Schultz. Secretary—Fred C. Thicle. Treasurer—Ladis Gladki. Headquarters, 29 West Thirty—init: Street, New York City.

#### MILITARY SMALL ARMS.

Compiled from latest available data. Changes are frequently made, and it is difficult to present accurate statistics.

About 1880 all the civilized countries began rearming their troops with magazine rifles of small callbre, using high power cartridges with smokeless powder. Modifications and improvements in these as well as in carbines and pistois, have materially added to their effectiveness. present time no great difference exists in the effectiveness of the kinds of rifles with which the armies of the great powers are supplied with regard to their ranges and shooting qualities. It is well known that the effectiveness of any arm depends greatly on the experience and skill of the men who use it, and that, other things being equal, the troops most thoroughly instructed and drilled in the use of the rifle are the most efficient in battle.

An automatic rifle will be, doubtless, the military weapon of the near future. States and nearly all of the principal countries of Europe have been experimenting with rifles of this type. It seems, however, that, as yet, no automatic shoulder rifle has been brought forward that is considered to be sufficiently reliable and effective for war purposes to justify the great

expense of adopting it in the place of those now in use.

A few years ago the Mexican Government ordered some 4,000 rifles of the automatic type. known as the "Mondragon," with which to arm part of its army. This gun has the same calibre and uses the same cartridge as the German Mauser, with which the Mexican troops are mostly armed, but information as to the result of this experiment of introducing an automatic rifle to actual military use is lacking.

Germany adopted an automatic pistol for military use in 1908. The United States has adopted for the Army and Navy, in place of the service revolver, the Colt automatic pistol, after extended experiments and tests. This is regarded as a very effective weapon. Its length is 8.5 inches; length of barrel, 5 inches; weight, 2 ibs. 7 oz.; calibre, .45; cartridges in magazine, 7. The German automatic pistol has a length of 8.54 inches; length of barrel, 4.02 inches; weight, 1 ib. 13½ oz.; calibre, .35; cartridges in magazine, 8.

### MILITARY SMALL ARMS-Continued.

COUNTRIES.	Name or Model of Gun.	Year of   Introduction.	Calibre,	Without Bryonet, With	Weight With	Cariridges in	Covering or Jacket of Bullets.	Weight of En-	Gun Sighted to—	Mnzzle Velocity.	Kind of Powder.
			In.	Feet.				Grains.	Yarde.	Ft.Second	
United States	U. S. Rifles*	1903	.304	3.6 4.			Cupro Nickel	395	2,850	2,700	Pyrocellulose
Argentina	Mauser	1909	.301	4.1 5.			Nickel Coated Steel .	371	2,187	2,788	Nitrocellulose
Austria-Hung	Mannlicher	11895	.315	4.1 4.			Lubricated Steel	454	2,132	2,840	Nitrocellulose
Belgium	Mauser	1889	.301	4.2 4.			Cupro Nickel	432	2,187	1,968	Nitrocellulose
Bolivia	Mauser	1899	.28	4.0 4			Cupro Nickel	382	2,187	2,280	Nitrocellulose
Brizil.	Manser	1911	.275	4.1 4.			Steel	417	2,187	2,906	Nitrocellulose
Bu garia	Manulicher Mauser	1005	.010	4.2 4.	9 8.0	5 5	Nickel Coated Steel	458 386	2,132	2,034 1,910	Nitrocellulose
Chie	Mauser	1005	.210	4.0 4.		5	Cupro Nickel	382	2,187	2,280	Nitrocellulose
Colombia	Mauser.	1804	.20	4.0 4	9 8	5	Cupro Nickel	382	2,187	2,953	Nitrocellul-se
Downork	Krag-Jorgenson	19-0	216				Cupro Nickel	448	2,235	2,461	Nitrocellulose
Fogland	Lee-Enfield	1907	303	4.1 5			Cupro Nickel	415	2,800	2,440	Cordite
Trence	Lulial	1698	315	4 3 6	0 9		Copper Zinc	459	2,620	2,263	Nitrocellulose
Germany	Lebel Mauser Mannlicher-Sch'n'r	1898	311	4 1 5			Nickel Coated Steel.		2,187	2,960	Nitrocellulose
Greece	Mannlicher-Sch'n'r.	1903	.256	404			Nickel Conted Steel		2,187	2,400	Nitrocellulose
Italy	Paravicino-Carcano.	118911	. 2561	4 2 5	2 8	3 6	Cupro Nickel	340	2,187	2,300	Balistite
Japan	Arisakae	1905	,264	4 2) 5	4 8		Copper	346	2,187	2,420	Nitrocellulose
Mexico	Mauser	1902	. 276			0 5	Cupro Nickel	336	2,187	2,295	Nitrocellulose
Netherlands	Manulicher	1895	,256	4.2 5.			Nickel Coated Steel	346	2,187	2,870	Nitrocellulose
Normon	Krug Torgenson	11904	1156	4 1 5			Nicket Crated Steel .	364	2,405	2,460	Nitrocellulose
Peru	Mauser	1910	.301	4.1 5			Cupro Nickel		2,187	2,780	Karlernhis less
Portugal	Mauser-Verguiero	1904	.256	3 6 4			Nickel Coated Steel		1,968	2,347	Nitrocellumee
Roumanla	Mauser. Mauser-Verguiero Maunlicher. Nagant † Manser.	1893	.256	4.0 4.			Nickel Coated Steel		2,270	2,296	Nitrocellulose
Russ	Nagant t	1901	.312		18.		Nickel GermanSilver		2,489	2,800	Pyroxilin
Serbia	Manser	1899	.276	3 7	. 8		Cupro Nickel	374	2,187	2,290	Nitrocellulose
Spain.	Manser	11893	.276	4.0 4.	8 8.		Cupro Nickel	380	2,187	2,330	Nitrocellulose
Sweden	Manser	1896	.256	4 1 4.			Cupro Nickel		2,187	2,400	Nitrocellulose
Switzerland	Schmidt-Rubin	1906	.295	4.4 5	2 9.		Nickel Conted Steel.		2,187	1,968	Grafiledpowder
Turkev	Mauser	11903	.301		ā 9		Nickel Coated Steel.		2,187	2,140	Nitrocellulose
Oruguay	Manser	11908	.275	4.1 4.	9 8	8 5	Nickelled Copper	365	2,187	2,740	Smokels-flakes

The core of the bullet used in the above mentioned rives is hard lead, except the German bullet, which is soft lead, the French, copper, and the United States, lead and tin. Mostly all the bullets are pointed. The polluted bullet was first adopted by the French some years ago. \* Springned type, †22.55 grams. ‡ Three-line rife, which refers to calibration. A line is a unit varying in different countries from one-tenth to one-twelfth of an lineh. Three-line would be about 30 calibre. In the case of attacks, actually .312 calibre.

#### UNITED STATES ARMY APPROPRIATIONS.

AS ADOPTED AUGUST 29, 1916.

Appropriations for the maintenance of the Army
Appropriations for the Military Academy 1,225,043
Fortifications, artillery, and munitions †39,556,950 Quartermaster's Corps
Medical Department
Signal Service
Corps of Engineers. 9,257,850 Ordnance Department. 90,900,000
*Pay of Officers of Line (Regular, Na-
tional Guard and Reserve Corps) 21,265,000
Guard and Reserve Corps) 43,357,500
*Pay enlisted men (Regular, National Guard and Reserve Corps)

\*Training and care of National Guard and civilians . . . . . . . . . . Incidentals and contingencies.....

\$6,972,850 21,509,392

The fortifications appropriation is allied to the Army maintenance appropriation so closely as to constitute a total for the use of the Army between them amounting to \$307.153,480.

\*Additional to sums provided under other de-pertinents. + Ordnance expenditures authorized, but not appropriated for, amount, to \$13,800,000; leaving the amount actually appropriated for forti-fications, artillery and munitions \$25,756,950.

#### NATIONAL AUTOMOBILE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

President—Charles Clifton. Vice-President—Wilfred C. Leland. Scordcry—R. D. Chapin. Treasurer—George Pope. General Manager—Alfred Roeves. Headquarters, 7 East Forty-second Street, New York City.

### AUTOMOBILES IN NEW YORK STATE.

The tremendous growth in the use of motor vehicles in New YORK ETATE.

The tremendous growth in the use of motor vehicles in New York State is demonstrated by the registration and license figures, together with the total receipts since 1910. In the early years, however, annual registration was unnecessary, so that the figures up to 1910 do not show the total number of machines in operation, only those registered in each year. When the present law took effect in August, 1910, there was a reregistration of all machines. The official figures for the registration of cars, licensing of chaufleurs, with the total receipts, are:

YEAR.	Owners.	Chauf- feurs.	Receipts.	YEAR.	Owners.	Chaul- feurs.	Receipts.
1901 1902.	954			1910 (to July 31) 1910 (Aug. 1-Feb.,	,19,252	9,595	\$57,694.00
1903	6,412	2.382	*9,181.00		62,655 83,969	27,416 35.890	
1904 1905	8,625	4.387	25,953.50	1912. 1913.	105,749	45,834 57,154	1,060,554.30
1906 1907	13,985	9,388	44,580.10	1914	163,428 231.831	67,170 82,153	1,533,367.86
1908 1909	24,059			1915 1916 (to Nov. 29)	310,457	102,691	2,559,708.00

<sup>\*</sup> Estimated; no separate account until 1904. For automobile exports see index.

### STRENGTH OF THE ORGANIZED MILITIA.

### REPORTED BY OFFICERS MAKING FEDERAL INSPECTIONS, JANUARY 1 TO MARCH 31, 1916.

_	STATES AND TERRITORIES.	General and General Staff Officers.	Regimental and Company Officers.	Total Commis- sioned.	Enlisted Men.	Total Commis- aloned and Enlisted.	Reserve Militia (Unor- ganized), (*)
10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 20 21 22 23 25	Arizona Arkansas California Colorado. Connecticut Delaware District of Columbia Plorida Georgia Hawaii Hawaii Hobio Hillinois Indiana Iowa Kansas Kansas Kansas Maine Maryland Massachusetts Michigan Minesota Mississipol	7 19 43 17 32 6 6 12 23 11 22 18 10 22 15 12 25 12 12 12 13 14 15 15 16 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	146 62 202 41 195 29 71 73 197 80 51 420 125 1125 1172 137 360 178 237 179 179 174 39 174 179	166 81 245 58 227 35 94 85 225 93 63 500 156 218 170 171 168 220 71 210 71 207 50	2.391 884 3.218 3.218 3.476 426 1.741 1.181 2.859 2.548 1.925 2.411 3.1825 2.252 1.192 2.412 2.412 2.600 3.430 2.400 2.400 2.400 2.400 2.400 2.400 2.400 2.400 2.400 2.400 2.4	2,557 915 3,463 828 3,703 461 1,835 1,266 3,084 2,641 2,641 3,465 2,452 2,452 2,159 2,701 3,650 3,650 3,650 3,650 1,156 3,953 3,650 1,156 3,953 4,617	401.145 58,962 311.972 665,522 203,982 257,996 44.634 78,349 171,688 497,095 64.663 86,384 1,330.556 475,827 475,827 474,493 333,335 474,493 1616,729 491,113 345,745 771,166 123,332 267,497
29 30 31 33 34 35 37 38 39 41 42 45 49	Nevada (a) New Hampshire New Jersey New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohlo Oklahoma Oregon Pennsylvania Rhode Island South Dakota South Dakota Tennessee Texas Utah Vermont Virginia Washington West Virginia Westoning	13 49 10 155 37 86 17 13 114 13 9 22 25 77 13 24 18 27	70 252 859 171 48 404 53 587 76 89 91 160 25 63 173 76 88 165 28	\$3 301 67 1.014 208 55 70 96 96 90 102 103 113 185 32 76 197 99 106 192 35	1.175 4.021 867 15.309 2.846 735 5.916 9.63 9.452 1.527 1.424 2.720 5.46 878 2.808 1.358 1.358 1.358 3.247	1,258 4,322 934 16,323 3,054 7,90 6,403 1,036 1,691 10,151 1,617 1,526 2,905 578 954 3,005 1,443 1,611 3,439 614	(a) 90,357 597,513 73,097 2,166,361 392,192 145,628 3,77,933 190,553 1,788,619 125,213 276,788 423,088 804,980 84,449 73,685 398,728 340,872 275,048 497,922 54,654
_	Totals	1,371	7,218	8,589	123,605	132,194	20,538,347

Males from 18 to 44 years of age, according to 1910 census. (a) No organized militia in Nevada.
 Reserve militia unorganized, 12,940.

Alaska has no militia, though provision is made for such if need arises. Guam and Samoa have each a small provisional force, used more for police purposes than for military. The Philippines have a constabulary force which can be used either for police or war purposes, provided the latter is on the islands. Porto Rico has a regiment of eight companies of infantry which is a part of the army. The enlisted men of this regiment are natives of Porto Rico. The reserve militia in the Southern States is assumed to include negroes capable of bearing arms.

## STRENGTH OF THE NATIONAL GUARD IN FEDERAL SERVICE ON SEPTEMBER 30, 1916

Alabama	4,604 Iowa	4,323 New Hampshire		Souta Dakota	966
Arizona	E63 Kausas	2,069 New Jersey		Tennessee	2,644
Arkansas	1,229 Kentucky	2,259 New Mexico	957	Texas	4.563
California	3.592 Louisiana	483 New York	17.852	Utah	781
Colorado	943 Maine	983 North Carolina		Vermont	959
Connecticut	2.921 Maryland	3.156 North Dakota		Virginia	2.910
Delaware	575 Massachusetts	7,967 Ohlo		Washington	1.730
Dist. of Columbia.	2.125 Michigan	4,239 Oklahoma		West Virginia	1,156
Fiorida	1.225 Minnesota	4,019 Oregon	318	Wisconsin	4,125
Georgia	3.918 Mississippi	1.308 Pennsylvania	13.745	Wyoming	498
Idaho	1.178 Missouri	2.629 Rhode Island	644		
Illinois	8,497, Montana	1.049 South Carolina	2,271	Total1	43.704
Indiana		1.718	-,		

### UNITED STATES MARINE CORPS.

Commandant-Major-General George Barnett,

\*\*Addutant and Inspector's Department—Brig.-Gen. Charles H. Lauchhelmer. Quartermaster's ment—Brig.-Gen. Charles L. McCawley. Paymaster's Department—Brig.-Gen. George Richards. Quarters, Navy Building, Washington, D. C. Quartermaster's Depart-Head-

The United States Marlne Corps is an independent branch of the military service of the United States serving generally under the direction of the Secretary of the Navy. The corps may be detached by order of the President for service with the army, and on various occasions parts of the corps have so served.

Marines served on shore and on board vessels of the navy throughout the Revolutionary War, two battalions having been authorized by the Continental Congress November 10, 1775, but the present organization dates from July 11, 1798, when an Act of Congress was approved establishing and organizing a marine corps to consist of 1 major, 4 captains, 16 first lieutenants, 12 second lieutenants, 48 sergeants, 48 corporals, 32 drums and fifes, and 720 privates.

The authorized strength of the corps is (September 1, 1916) 597 officers, 40 warrant officers, 9 paymaster's clerks, and 14,981 enlisted men, as follows: 1 major-general commandant, 3 brigadier-generals, staft; 4 brigadier-generals, line; 16 colonels, 24 lleutenant-colonels, 68 majors, 180 captains, 150 first lleutenants, 151 second lleutenants, 20 marine gunners, 20 quartermaster clerks, 9 paymaster's clerks, 40 sergeant-majors, 201 quartermaster-sergeants, 1 drum major, 226 first sergeants, 218 gunnery sergeants, 1,011 sergeants, 1,802 corporals, 174 drumpers, 174 trumpeters, 1 leader of the band, 1 second leader, 10 principal musiclans, 25 first-class musiclans, 20 second-class musiclans, 10 third-class musiclans, and 11,067 privates.

GENERAL OFFICERS OF THE MARINE CORPS, IN ADDITION TO THE COMMANDANT. Brigadier-Generals, Staff-Charles H. Lauchheimer, Adjutant and Inspector; Charles L. McCawley, Quartermaster; George Richards, Paymaster. Brigadier-Generals, Line-Four, to be selected.

The following duties are assigned to the marine corps: To garrison the different navy yards and naval stations, both within and beyond the continental limits of the United States. To furnish the first line of the mobile defence of naval bases and naval stations beyond the continental limits of the United States. To man such naval defences, and to aid in manning, if necessary, such other defences as may be erected for the defence of naval bases and naval stations beyond the continental limits of the United States. To furnish such gartisons and expeditionary forces for duties beyond the seas as may be necessary in time of peace, To serve on board all battleships, battle cruisers, and armored cruisers of the navy, and such other vessels as may be directed, in detachments of not less than 8 per cent. of the strength of the emilsted men of the navy on such vessels. In case of disturbances in foreign countries marines are landed to protect American interests and to guard emphassies and legations. terests and to guard embassies and legations,

The marine corps garrisons the following places:

Naval Proving Ground, Indian Head, Md. American Legation, Peking, China. American Legation, Managua, Nic-

Marine Barracks, San Diego, Cal. Marine Barracks, Washington, D.C. Rifle Range, Winthrop, Md. Navy Yards.

Boston, Mass. Charleston, S. C. Mare Island, Cal. New York, N. Y. Norfolk, Va. Philadelphia, Pa. Puget Sound, Wash. Portsmouth, N. H. Washington, D. C.

Naval Stations Cavite, Philippine Islands. Cavite, Philippine Islands, Guam, Mariana Islands. Guantanamo, Cuba. Pearl Harbor, Hawail. Key West, Fla. Olongapo, Philippine Islands. Recruit Depots.

Mare Island, Cal. Port Royal, S. C. Naval Academy. Annapolis, Md. Naval Hospitals. Boston, Mass. Las Anlmas, Col. New York, N. Y. Norfolk, Va. Washington, D. C.

Naval Magazines.

Dover, N. J.
Fort Mifflin, Pa.
Hingham, Mass.
Iona ïsland, N. Y.
St. Julien's Creek, Va.

Naval Prisons. Cavite, Philippine Islands. Mare Island, Cal. Portsmouth, N. H.

United States Navy. Detachments on board 38 vessels. Staff Offices.

New York, N. Y. Philadelphia, Pa. San Francisco, Cal.

In addition, the First Brigade of Marines, comprising the First, Second and Fourth Regiments of Marines and the Artillery Battalion, are temporarily stationed in Hayti and Santo Domlogo. Incident to the occupation of Hayti 35 officers and 63 enlisted men have been detailed as officers of the newly created Haytien Constabulary under the direction of Major Smedley D. Butler, Commandant, Gendarmerie d'Hayti.

Commissioned officers are appointed from graduates of the Naval Academy, from worthy non-com-missioned officers, and from civil life. Applicants from civil life must be 21 years of age and not over 25, and must pass such mental, moral, and physical examinations as are prescribed by the President.

The term of enlistment in the marine corps is four years. Applicants must be 18 years of age and not over 35, able-bodied and of good character. Minors must have consent of parents or guardian. All recruits, after acceptance, are sent for three months to the recruit depots at Port Royal, S. C., or Mare Island, Cal., for instruction. Permanent marine corps recruiting stations as follows:

Atlanta, Ga., 29½ Marietta Street.
Baltimore, Md., 313 Custom House Building.
Boston, Mass., 22 Tremont Row.
Buffalo, N. Y., 215 Federal Building.
Chicago, Ill., 628 South State Street.
Cincinnati, Ohlo, 23 Pickering Building.
Cleveland, Ohlo, Federal Building.
Denver, Col., 1605 Larimer Street.
Detroit, Mich., 22 Monroe Avenue,
Houston, Tex., 915 Prairie Avenue.
Kassas City, Mo., 1324 Main Street.
Louisville, Ky., 414 West Jefferson Street.

Memphis, Tenn., 206 South Main Street. Memphis, Tenn., 206 South Main Street.
New Orleans, La., 638½ Gravier Street.
New York, N. Y., 24 East Twenty-third Street.
Philadelphia, Pa., 130 South Fifteenth Streets.
Pittsburgh, Pa., Smithfield and Water Streets.
Portland, Ore., Third and Aider Streets,
Richmond, Va., Post-office Building.
Salt Lake City, Utah, 216½ Main Street,
San Francisco, Cal., 36 Annie Street.
St. Louls, Mo., 122 Seventh Street.
St. Paul, Minn., 47 Baltimore Building.
Seattle, Wash., 101 First Avonue South.

Information regarding pay, allowances, etc., may be obtained by addressing the officer in charge of re-cruiting at any of the above addresses or the Officer in Charge of Recruiting, Headquarters, United States Marine Corps, Washington, D. C. Emistments are also made at all navy yards naval stations.

### THE UNITED STATES NAVY.

### FLAG OFFICERS

ADMIRAL OF THE NAVY.							
Name.	Where Stationed						
George DeweyPresident General Board							
REAR-	ADMIRALS—ACTIVE LIST						
Name.	Duty 1 Station	Where Stationed					
James M. Helm Sen. Member Com	on Estab. of Addi Navy Yards	. Washington, D C					
Nathaniel R. UsherCommandant Navy	y Yard	New York N Y. Washington D C.					
Wythe M. Parks General Inspector I	Machinery for Navy	Philadelphia Pa					
William B. Caperton* Commanding Pacific	St. Eng	Brooklyn N Y					
Henry T. Mayo* Commanding Atlan	tie Fleet	Flagship Pennsylvanla					
Charles F Pond Commanding Cruis Walter McLean	Yard	Norfolk Va					
De Witt CoffmantCoindg. Battleship	Force & Div. Eight, Atlantic Flee	et Flagship Wyoming					
William F. Fullam Commanding Reservation	ve Force Pacific Fleet	Flagshlp Colorado					
Albert G. Winterhalter*Commanding Asiat	ic Fleet	Flagship Brooklyn					
Augustus F Fechteler. Commanding Divis	over Force, Atlantic Fleet	Flagship Birmingham.					
Herbert O. DunnCommanding Divis	ion Five. Atlantic Fleet	Flegship Connecticut.					
William S. BensontCommanding Suba	rations	Washington D. C.					
Thomas S. Rodgers Commanding Divis	ion Seven, Atlantic Fleet	Flagship Florida.					
Name.  Austin M. Knight Commandant Nava James M. Helm Sen. Member Com Nathaniel R. Usher Commandant Navy Frank F. Fletcher Member General B. Wythe M. Parks General Inspector? William B. Caperton*. Commanding Pacifi Walter F. Worthington Inspection duty, B. Henry T. Mayo* Commanding Atlan Charles F. Pond Commanding Atlan Charles F. Pond Commanding Atlan Charles F. Pond Commanding Crust Walter MeLean Commanding Crust Walter MeLean Commanding Charles F. Pond Commanding Commanding F. Sender M. William F. Fullam Commanding Devix Albert Gleaves Commanding Divix Albert Gleaves Commanding Divix H. Hopert W. Grant Commanding Subtantial S. Bensont Chief of Naval Ope Thomas S. Rodgers Commanding Divix James H. Glennon Commanding Divix James H. Glennon Commanding Divix James H. Glennon Commanding Divix James H. Glennon Commanding Divix James H. Glennon Commanding Divix James H. Glennon Commanding Divix James H. Glennon Commanding Divix James H. Glennon Commanding Divix James H. Glennon Commanding Divix James H. Glennon Commanding Divix Divix Medical Commanding Divix James H. Glennon Commanding Divix Divix Medical Commanding Divix Divix Medical Commanding Divix James H. Glennon Commanding Divix Divix Medical Commanding Divix Divix Me	DMIRALS-RETIRED LIST.	, mashington D. O.					
Name.  Residence  James D. Adams	Name.	Residence.  Washington, D. C.  Palais, Va.  Palais, Va.  Washington, D. C.  Palais, Va.  Washington, D. C.  Palais, Va.  Washington, D. C.  Washington, D. C.  Santa Barbara, Cal.  Washington, D. C.  Annapolis, Md.  Washington, D. C.  New York, N. Y.  Washington, D. C.  Werneraville, Pa.  Washington, D. C.  New York, N. Y.  Washington, D. C.  Werneraville, Pa.  Washington, D. C.  Palatsur, Ill.  Anordad.  Washington, D. C.  Washington, D. C.  Washington, D. C.  Port Deposit, Md.  Annapolis, Md.  Washington, D. C.  Washington, D. C.  Port Deposit, Md.  Annapolis, Md.  Washington, D. C.  Seattle, Wash.  Winchester, Va.  St. James, L. I., N. Y.  Havre de Grace, Md.  Abroad.					
James D. Adams Washington, D.	C. Urlah R. Harrls	Washington, D. C.					
Conway H. Arnold New York, N. Y.	John M. Hawley	Washington D. C.					
Frank H. Bailey Gowanda. N. Y	. Francis J. Higginson	Cold Spring, N. Y.					
George W. Baird	Y. John A. Howell	Plains, Va.					
Warner W. Bayley Washington, D.	C. John Hubbard	Washington, D. C.					
Frank E. Beatty	Y. Charles T. Hutchins	Washington, D. C.					
Robert M. Berry Birmingham, M	Ilch. George E. Ide	New York, N. Y.					
John V. B. BleeckerMorristown, N.	J. Theodore F. Jewell	Washington, D. C.					
Gottfried Blocklinger Dubuque, Iowa	. Louis Kempff	Santa Barbara, Cal.					
Clifford J. Boush Brookline, Mas	Harry Knox	Annapolls, Md.					
Willard H. Brownson Washington, D.	C.   Eugene H. C. Leutze	Washington, D. C.					
French E. Chadwick Newport, R. I.	Leavitt C. Logan	Washington, D. C.					
Colby M. Chester New York, N. Yashington D.	Y. Edwin Longnecker	Wernersville, Pa. Washington, D. C.					
Richardson Clover Washington, D.	C. Stephen B. Luce	Newport, R. I.					
H. G. O. Colby Abroad.	Henry W. Lyon Henry B. Manafield	Brooklyn, N. Y					
Samuel P. Comly Woodbury, N.	J. Adolph Marix	New York, N. Y.					
Vinc'don L. Cottman Washington, D	Ind Newton E. Mason						
Walter C. Cowles Washington, D.	C. Thomas C. McLean	New Hartford, N. Y.					
William S. Cowles Farmington, Ct.	C. John P. Merrell	Washington, D. C.					
Bartlett J. Cromwell Washington, D.	C. Albert Mertz	Greenwich, Ct.					
Renjamin F. Day	Charles B. T. Moore	Decatur, Ill.					
William P Day Abroad.	Edwin K. Moore	Abroad.					
Francis H. DelanoPortsmouth, N.	H. Reginald F. Nicholson.	Washington, D. C.					
Albert C. Dillingham Norfolk, Va.	Nathan E. Niles	Abroad. Washington, D. C.					
Franklin J. Drake	C. Hugo Osterhaus	Washington, D. C.					
John R. Edwards Bristol, R. I.	Edwin C. Pendleton	Port Deposit, Md.					
Oscar W. Farenholt	Cal. George W. Pigman	Annapolis, Md.					
Bradley A. Fiske New York, N. William M. Folger Windson Vt.	Y. John E. Pi isbury William P. Potter	Whitehall, N. Y.					
John D. FordBaltimore, Md.	George B. Ransom	Plattsburg, N. Y.					
Charles T ForsePittsburgh, Pa.	C. Allen V. Reed	Washington, D. C.					
Edward H. Gheen Washington, D	C. George C. Reiter	New York, N. Y.					
Caspar F. GoodrichPomfret, Ct.	George C. Remey	Washington, D. C.					
Franklin HanfordScottsville, N.	Y. Charles C. Rodgers	Winchester, Va.					
Glies B. Harber Washington, D	. C. Frederick Rodgers	Havre de Grace, Md.					
P. F. Harrington Yonkers, N. Y.	R. P. Rodgers	Abroad.					
	na aa Commondon in Chlof						

\* Holds the rank of Admiral while serving as Commander-in-Chief.
† Serving as Second in Command, Atlantic Fleet, and holds the rank of Vice-Admiral while so serving.
‡ Holds the rank of Admiral while serving as Chief of Naval Operations.

Name. Albert Ross John Schouler	ResidenceClarlon, PaCatskill N Y	Name. Frederick M. Symonds Benjamin Tappan	Galesville, Wis.
Seaton Schroeder	Washington, D. C.	Edward D. Taussig	Jamestown, R. I.
Uriel Sebree Thos. O. Selfridge		Chauncey Thomas Chapman C. Todd	Annapolis Md
Charles D. Sigsbee	New York, N. Y.	John H. Upshur	Washington, D. C.
Frederic Singer	New Orleans, La.	Samuel W Very George H. Wadlelgh	Newton Cent., Mass.
Albert S. Snow	Brookliue, Mass.	R. Wainwright	Washington, D. C.
W. H. H. Southerland Arthur B. Speyers	Washington, D. C.	Aaron Ward	Roslyn, N. Y.
Oscar F. Stanton	New London, Ct.	Aaron W Weaver	Bella Vista, Va.
Sidney A. Staunton		Harrie Webster	Richmond, Va.
Yates Stirling Charles H. Stockton	Washington, D. C.	William H. Whiting Albert B Willits	Philadelphia. Pa.
Daniel D. V. Stuart	Baltimore, Md.	George S. Willits	Riverton, N. J.
George W. Sumner William Swift	Richfield Spgs., N. Y.	Cameron McR. Winslow William C. Wise	Newport, R. I. Fort Monroe Va
Wm. T. Swinburne	New York, N. Y.	Abraham V. Zane	

For dates of future retirements of Rear-Admirals, see Index.

### \*COMMODORES-RETIRED LIST.

	dent or or or or or or or or or or or or or	- Itellited mot.	
Name.		Name.	Residence.
Reuben O. Bitler	.Brookline, Mass.	Henry Morrell	New York, N. Y.
Frank M. Bostwick	. Philadelphia, Pa.	R. T. Mulllgan	Ellzabeth, N. J.
Chas. G. Bowman	. Delphi, Ind.	Val. S. Nelson	Annapolis, Md.
Wilson W. Buchanan	. Zanesville, Ohio.	John T Newton	Monroe, N. Y.
James H. Bull	.Boston, Mass.	John M. Orchard	Salem. Mo.
John B. Collins	. Annapolls, Md.	James P. Parker."	Washington, D. C.
John E. Craven		Harry Phelps	Southport, N. C.
R. G. Davenport	. Washington, D. C.	R. L. Phythian	Annapolis, Md.
Robert G. Denig	.Sandusky, Ohio.	Theodoric Porter	Annapolis, Md.
William C. Eaton	. Hamilton. N. Y.	Stacy Potts	Vallejo, Cal.
Frank H. Eldridge	. Hartford, Ct.	I. S. K. Reeves	Washington, D. C.
Charles M. Fahs	. York, Pa.	Geo. R. Salisbury	Independence, Mo.
James C. Gilmore	. Washington, D. C.	Jas. T. Smith	Washington, D. C.
Thomas D. Griffin	. Annapolis, Md.	William H. Turner	Cincinnati, Ohio.
William S. Hogg		E. B. Underwood	Oswego, N. Y.
Richard M. Hughes		T. E. D. W. Vecder	Washington, D. C.
Albert L. Key	. Chattanooga, Tenn.	A. V. Wadhams	Wadhams, N. Y.
Edward Lloyd		Burns T Walling	. Washington, D. C.
Robert F. Lopez	. San Francisco, Cal.	Moses L. Wood	.New York, N. Y.
Dennis H. Mahan		Edw. E. Wright	. Newton Cent., Mass.

<sup>\*</sup> The grade of Commodore on the active list has been abolished.

## CAPTAINS OF THE NAVY-ACTIVE LIST-NOVEMBER 1, 1916

CAPIA	AINS OF THE N	AVY-ACT	1AE F121-140	VEWBER 1, 191	о.
CAPTAINS.	Present Duty.	Commission.	CAPTAINS.	Present Duty.	Commission.
Harry S. Knapp	Mem. General Bd	Nov. 20, 1909	Henry B. Wilson.	Com. Pennsylvania	Mar. 4, 1911
Wm. L. Rodgers	Com. Train, Atlantic	D 4 1000	G. Kaemmerling	Insp. duty, Bu. St. Eng	Mar. 4, 1911
II Mal D IIII	Nav. War Col., New-	Dec. 4, 1909	K. McAlpire	Insp. duty, Bu. St. Eng	Mar. 4, 1911
n. McL. P. nuse.	port	Dec. 4, 1909	Emi Inciss	Bd. Insp. and Sur.	Mar. 4, 1911
Gen. W. McElroy.	linsn duty, Bu. St. Eng	Dec. 27, 1909	Spencer S. Wood.	Mem General Rd	Mar 4 1911
Robt. S. Griffin	Ch. Bu. St. Eng	Jan. 9, 1910	IWm. B. Fletcher	Mem. General Bd	May 19, 1911
Frank W. Bartiett	Insp.duty, Bu.St. Eng	Mar. 17, 1910	M. Johnston	Com. Navy Yard.	
George R. Clark	Com. Nav. Sta., Ha-	1 1010	P	New Orleans	June 14, 1911
Can D Dund	waii Navy Yard, New York	July 1, 1910	E. A. Anderson	Nav. War Col., New-	Tune 14 1011
	Dir. Naval Intelli-		Joseph I. Jayro	port	June 14, 1911
James II. Onvei	gence		boseph L. sayne	port	July 1, 1911
John Hood	Com. Reserve Force,		Wm. L. Howard	Com. Navy Yard,	0 (1) 1, 1011
	Atlantic Fleet	July 1, 1910	1	Portsmouth	July 1, 1911
Ed. E. Hayden	Navy Yard, Noriolk.	July 1, 1910	Robt. B. Higgins.	Insp. duty, Bu. St. Eng	July 1, 1911
Benj. C. Bryan	Com. Navy Yard,	Turker 1 1010	Chas. W. Dyson.	Bu. St. Eng.	July 1, 1911
Pay C Smith	Charleston	1200 27 1000	Alex. S. Haistead .	Nav. War Col., New- port.	July 1, 1911
Clarence A. Carr.	Insp. duty, Bu. St.	Dec. 21, 1909	C S Williams	Nav. War Col., New-	July 1, 1911
			1	Promé.	July 1, 1911
William A. Gill	Pres. Bd. Ins. & Sur	July 1, 1910	Roger Welles	Com. Oklahoma Com. Arizona Nav. War Col., New-	Aug. 3, 1911
Harold P. Norton.	Mem. Nav. Ex. Bd.	Sept. 16, 1910	J. D. McDonald	Com. Arizona	Sept. 14, 1911
Frank M. Bennett	Com. Navy Yard,	0	Hilary P. Jones	Nav. War Col., New-	
Thomas Spondan	Mare Island Hydrographer	Nov 7, 1910	Hanny A Field	Mem, Nav. Ex. Bd.	July 1, 1911
	Com. Naval Station,			Navy Dept.	
Edward Dimpson.	Olongapo	Mar. 4, 1911	Chas. P. Plunkett	Navy Dept.	April 27, 1912
Thos. W. Kinkaid	Naval Academy	Mar. 4, 1911	Volney O. Chase	Navy Dept	June 7, 1912
William S. Sims	Com. Nevada	Mar. 4, 1911	George W. Kline	Bd. Ins. and Sur	July 1, 1912
Wm. J. Maxwell	Nav. War Col., New-		Joseph Strauss	Ch. Bu. Ordnance	July 1, 1912
William C Cmith	Navy Dept	Mar. 4, 1911 Mar 4, 1911	Root. L. Russell.,	Com. Navy Yard, Philadelphia	July 1, 1912
Albert P Niblack	Nav. War Col., New-	10121 4, 1911	E W Eherle	Supt. Naval Academy	July 1, 1912
India I . I I Iblaca	port	Mar. 4, 1911	Wm. W. Gilmer	Sup. 12th Nav. Dist.	July 1, 1912
Hugh Rodman	Mem. General Bd	Mar. 4, 1911	Robert E. Coontz.	Com. Navy Yard,	
J. A. Hoogewerff .	Supt. Naval Observa-		11	Puget Sound	July 1, 1912
_	tory	Mar. 4, 1911	<sup>13</sup> W. H. G. Bullard.	Com. Arkansas	July 1, 1912

Joseph W. Oman. Sup. New York HarborFeb. 13, 1913 William M. Crose. Com. North Dakota. July 1, 191 Com. New Hamp-shireJuly 1, 191 July 1, 191						
Description   Phillip Andrews   Nav. War Col., New-port   Nav. War C	CAPTAINS.	Present Duty.	Commission.	CAPTAINS.	Present Duty.	Commission.
Second   Philip Andrews   Nav. War Col., New   Dort   Nav. Mar. 10, 1913   Nav. Mar. 10, 1914   Nav. Mar. 10, 1915   Nav. Mar. 10, 1916   Nav. War Col., New   Dort   Nav. War Col., New   Dort   Nav. Mar. 10, 1916   Nav. War Col., New   Dort   Nav. War	Joseph W. Oman.	Sup. New York Har-		William M. Crose.	Com. North Dakota.	July 1, 1914
Corge F. Cooper   Nav. War Col., Newport.   July 1, 1913   N. A. McCully.   Nav. War Col. Newport.   July 1, 1913   N. A. McCully.   Nav. War Col. Newport.   July 1, 1913   N. A. McCully.   Nav. War Col. Newport.   July 1, 1913   N. A. McCully.   Nav. War Col. Newport.   July 1, 1913   N. A. McCully.   Nav. War Col. Newport.   July 1, 1913   N. A. McCully.   Nav. War Col. Newport.   July 1, 1913   N. A. McCully.   Nav. War Col. Newport.   July 1, 1913   N. A. McCully.   Nav. War Col. Newport.   July 1, 1914   Nav. War Col. Newport.   July 1, 1915   N. C. Twining.   Nav. War Col. Newport.   Nav. War Col. Newport.   Nav. War Col. Newport.   Nav. Nav. Nav. Nav. Nav. Nav. Nav. Nav.	Philip Andrews	Nav. War Col., New-	Feb. 13, 1913	L. H. Chandler		
Doslah S. McKean   Mary Dept		port	Mar. 26, 1913		Com. South Carolina	July 1, 1914
Benton C. Decker Com. Washington.   July   1, 1913   Henry A. Wiley.   Com. Wyoming.   April 23, 191   N. A. McCully.   Nav. Att. Petrograd   July   1, 1913   N. A. McCully.   Nav. War Col. Newport.   Nav. War Col. Newport.   July   1, 1913   N. C. Twining.   Nav. War Col. Newport.   July   1, 1913   N. C. Twining.   Nav. War Col. Newport.   July   1, 1914   Nav. War Col. Newport.   July   1, 1914   Nav. War Col. Newport.   Nav. War Col. Na		port	June 15, 1913	Edward L. Beach.	Waiting orders	Dec. 12, 1914
Mark L. Bristol.         Com. North Carolina. July         1, 1913         F. B. Bassett, Jr. Com. Utah         May         5, 191           M. A. McCully.         Nav. Att., Petrograd. July         1, 1913         R. H. Jackson.         Com. Com. Com. Virginia.         July         11, 1913           Henry F. Bryan.         Nav. War Col., Newport.         July         1, 1913         N. C. Twining.         Nav. War Col., Newport.         July         29, 191           Edward H. Durell         Com. Connecticut.         Dec. 20, 1913         B. F. Hutchison.         Com. Kansas.         Aug.         6, 191           A. H. Scales.         Com. Delaware.         Mar.         10, 1914         S. E. W. Kittelle.         Nav. War Col., Newport.         Sept. 7, 191           Victor Blue.         Com. Florida.         April 9, 1913         April 28, 1914         Walliam V. Pratt         Army War Col.         Sept. 29, 191           A. H. Robertson.         Nav. War Col., Newport.         July 1, 1914         Louls M. Nulton.         Nulton.         Nov 26, 191           Carlo B. Brittain.         Gom. Michigan.         July 1, 1914         W. D. MacDougaull Nav. Att. London.         June 13, 191	Benten C. Decker	Navy Dept	July 1, 1913			
Mar.   Nav. War Col., New	Mark L. Bristol	Com. North Carolina.	July 1, 1913	F. B. Bassett, Jr.,	Com. Utah	May 5, 1915
Edward H. Durell Con. Minnesotcut.   Dec. 20, 1913   B. F. Hutchson.   Coln. Kansas.   Adg. 6, 191	Henry F. Bryan.	Nav. War Col., New-	July 1, 1913	N. C. Twining	Nav. War Col., New-	July 11, 1913
Edward H. Durell Con. Minnesota.   Feb. 13, 1914   T. P. Magruder.   Navy Dept.   Aug. 6, 191   A. H. Seales.   Com. Delaware   Mar. 10, 1914   Victor Blue.   Com. Tevas.   Mar. 10, 1914   Thos. Washington Com. Florida.   April 9, 1914   Guy H. Burrage.   Com. Neoraska.   April 28, 1914   A. H. Robertson.   Nav. War Col.   Newport.   William V. Pratt.   Armondom V. Sept. 29, 191   Carlo B. Brittain.   Com. Michigan.   July 1, 1914   W. D. MacDougail Nav. Aut. London   June 13, 19	Andrew T. Long.					
Victor Blue.	Edward H. Durell	Com. Minnesota	Feb. 13, 1914	T. P. Magruder	Navy Dept	Aug. 6, 1915
Guy H. Burrage. Com. Neoraska. April 28, 1944 A. H. Robertson. Nav. War Col., Newport. July 1, 1914 Carlo B. Brittain. Com. Michigan. July 1, 1914 Washington. Sept. 29, 191 Louis M. Nulton. Naval Academy. Nov 26, 191 George R. Marvell Bu. Ordnance. Dec. 8, 191 W. D. MacDougail Nav. Att. London. June 13, 191	Victor Blue	Com. Texas	Mar. 10, 1914	1	port	Sept. 7, 1915
A. H. Robertson. Nav. War Col., New- portJuly 1, 1914 George R. Marvell Bu. OrdnanceDec. 8, 191 Carlo B. Brittain. Com. MichiganJuly 1, 1914 W. D. MacDougatil Nav. Att., LondonJune 13, 191	Guy H. Burrage.	Com. Florida Com. Nepraska	April 9, 1914 April 28, 1914	William V. Pratt.	Army War Col., Washington	Sent. 29 1915
Carlo B. Brittain Com. Michigan July 1, 1914 W. D. MacDougail Nav. Att., London June 13, 191	A. H. Robertson	Nav. War Col., New-		Louis M. Nulton.	Navai Academy	Nov 26, 1915
	Carlo B. Brittain.	Com. Michigan	July 1, 1914	W. D. MacDougaii	Nav. Att., London	June 13, 1916
Casey B. Morgan Nav. Wat Col., New-July 1, 1914	Casey B. Morgan.					

## COMMANDERS OF THE NAVY-ACTIVE LIST-NOVEMBER 1, 1916.

COMMANDERS.	Present Duty,	Com	mission.	COMMANDERS.	Present Duty.	Com	mission.
Geo. B. Bradshaw	Com. San Diego	July	1, 1910	John F. Hines	Com. Chattanooga	Dec.	14, 1911
Cleland N. Olliev.	Navy Vard Mare Is	July	1, 1910	Robt. K. Crank	Chg. Navy Publicity	-	•
L. R. de Stelguer.	Nav. War Col., New-	T.,1	1 1010	Chanford T. Monor	Bu., New York	Jan,	25, 1912
Wm W Pheins	Com. Louisiana	July	1, 1910 16, 1910	Staniord E. Moses	Navy Yard, Phila- delphia		27 1012
Louis A. Kaiser	Com New Inger	Sept.	22, 1910	Powers Symington	Walting orders	May	10, 1912
William C. Cole	Insp. duty, Bu. Stm.	1		Yates Stirling, Jr.	Com. Sub. Base, New	1	20, 1011
	l Eng	Oct.	20, 1910	D D *** 1	London	June	7, 1912
W I Torbuno	Leave of absence Com. Nav. Sta., Key	MOA.	14, 1910	I Loof P. B. Pringto	Navy Yard, Boston	July	1, 1912 1, 1912
	1 Wort	Jan.	7, 1911	E. S. Kellogg	Com. Dixie	July	1, 1912
F. H. Schoffeld	Navy Dent	Jan.	29, 1911	Frank H. Clark	Com. Galveston Navy Dept	July	1, 1912
Urban I. Holmes.	Siek leave	Feb.	15, 1911	E. H. Camphell	Com. Charleston	July	1, 1912
Jenu V. Chase	Mem. Board on Ord-	Fob	18, 1911		Com. Prairie	July	1, 1912 1, 1912
H. J. Ziegemeier.	Scety. General Board	Mar.	4. 1911	Martin E. Treneh.	Ex. Off., Utah Com. Colorado	July	1, 1912
Geo. W. Williams.	Com. Oregon	Mar.	4. 1911	Orton P. Jackson.	Chf. of Stair. At. Floet	July	1, 1912
Claude B. Price	Com Pittsburgh	Mar.	4, 1911	F. L. Chadwick	Com. Wilmington	July	1, 1912
M. M. Taylor	Com. Maine Nav. War Col., New-	Mar.	4, 1911	Henry B. Price	Com. Melville	July	1, 1912 16, 1913
	nort	Mar	4, 1911	John R. Brady	Com. Salem Sick leave	Feh.	12, 1913
Chas. B. McVay	Bureau of Ordnance	Mar.	4, 1911	IC. C. Fewel	INGVV Yard, Norfolk	Mar.	26, 1913
John H. Dayton	Com. Rec. Ship, Nor-			Frank B. Upham.	Navy Yard, New York	June	15, 1913
I. A Bostwick	Duty General Board.	Mar.	4, 1911 4, 1911	Cheeter Wells	Com. Panther Com. Montana	June	1, 1913
Wm. A. Moffett.	Com. Train. Sta., Gt.	Mai.	4, 1311	Ridley McLean	Judge Advocate Gen.	July	1, 1913
	Lakes.	Mar.	4, 1911	David F. Sellers	Nav War Coi., New-	- 41.5	
Julian L. Latimer.	Com Rhode Island	Mar.	4, 1911		port	July	1, 1913
De Witt Blamer	Com. Kentucky Com. Birmingham	Mar. Mar.	4, 1911 4, 1911	J. T. Tompkins	Ex Off., Nevada Nav. Att., Vienna	July	1, 1913 1, 1913
John K. Robison.	Nav. Torp. Sta., New-	ivi ai .	4, 1511	Alfred W. Hinds.	Ex. Off., Oklahoma	July	1. 1913
	port	Mar.	4, 1911	E. L. Bennett	Com. Vestal	July	1, 1913
A. L. Willard	Navy Yard, Washing-		4 4044	William P. Scott	Navy Dept Navy Yard, Mare Is.	July	1, 1913
Edwin T Pollock	ton Com. Hancock	Mar.	4, 1911	Rosono C Moody	Navy Yard, Mare Is. Navai Academy	July	1, 1913 1, 1913
Clark D. Stearns.	Com, Raieigh	Mar.	4, 1911	Frank Lyon	Navy Yard, Boston	July	1, 1913
Henry H. Hough.	Naval Academy Insp. duty, Bu. St. Eng	May	19, 1911	John M. Luby	Navy Yard, Boston Navy Yard, Phila-		
Milton E. Reed.	Insp. duty, Bu. St. Eng	June	14, 1911	A G Wassanagh		July	1, 1913
Noble E. Irwin	Com. Reina Mercedes General Board	July	1, 1911 1, 1911	A. G. Kavanagh	Com. Coast Torp. Force, Pacific Fleet	Intv	1, 1913
Waldo Evans	Nav. War Col., New-	ourg	.,	Hutch I. Cone	Marine Supt., Canal	o any	1, 1010
	port.	July	1, 1911		Zone	July	1, 1913
R. R. Belknap	Coin. Mine Force, Atlantic Fleet	Mar.	4, 1911	G S Galbraith	Com. Sacramento	July	1, 1913 1, 1913
Thomas J. Senn	Bu. Navigation	July	1, 1911	R. W. McNeely	Insp. duty, Bu. Ord Bu. of Navigation	July	1, 1913
Jay H. Sypher	Ch. of Staff. Asiatle			Walter S. Turpin.	Under treatment	Dec.	20, 1913
Die D. Diese	Fleet	July	1, 1911	George E. Gelm	Com. Kearsarge Com. Cincinnati	Feb.	13, 1914
Chag E Preston	Com. Olympia Nav. War Col., New-	July	1, 1911	Irank H. Brumny	Com. Cincinnati Com. Scorpion	April	9, 1914 9, 1914
Onas. F. Treston.	port	July	1, 1911	Geo. L. P. Stone.	Com. Georgia	April	28, 1914
Richard H. Leigh.	Bu. Steam Eng	July	1. 1911	Harris Laning	Navy Dept	July	1, 1914
Adelbert Althouse	Asiatic Station	July	1, 1911	F. D. Karns	Com. Prometheus	July	1, 1914
	Com. Helena Com. Alabama		1, 1911 1, 1911	David W. Todd	Dir. Nav. Communi-	July	1, 1914
George W. Laws.	Naval Academy	July	1. 1911	John V. Klemann.	NavvYd. Portsmouth	July	1, 1914
George C. Day	Com. Brooklyn	July	1, 1911	Henry V. Butler	Navy Department Nav. Att., Berlin	July	1, 1914
Luke McNamee	Nav. War Col., New-	Tester		W. R. Gherardi	Nav. Att., Berlin	July	1, 1914
Chas. I. Huggov	Duty General Board.	July	3 1911	F. N. Freeman	Naval Academy Com. Torp. Flet.,	July	1, 1914
J. R. Y. Blakely	Com. Des Meines	Sept.	14. 1911]		Pacific Fleet	July	1, 1914
F. A. Traut	Com. Illinois	Oct.	26, 1911	Wm. H. Standley.	Naval Academy	July	1, 1914

#### THE UNITED STATES NAVY-Continued

The state of the s										
COMMANDERS.	Present Duty.	Commission	COMM	ANDERS.	Pres: nt Duty	Commission				
E. H. Watson Rufus Z. Johnston	Com. Castine Com. Wheeling Com. Naval Training Station, Newport	July 1, 191 July 1, 191	Duncan Leigh C. A. W. M	M. Wood Nav Palmer Chf arshall Con	val Academy vy Yard. Norfolk. Bu Navigation a Baltimore	May 5, 1915 July 11, 1915 July 29, 1915				
	Nav. War Col., New- port	July 1, 191	Frank E.	Ridgely, Ex	al Academy Off Pennsylvania	Sept. 7, 1915				
	Ex. Off. Texas Chg. Nav. Proving Ground		1	G	n Nav. Station	Sept. 29, 1915				
	Naval Academy Navy Yard, Puget	July 10, 191	Ed McC	culey, Jr. Off	Nav Intelligence War Col New-	Dec 8. 1915				
Chas. M. Tozer	Sound									

Abbreviations: Att.—Attaché; Bd.—Board; Bu.—Burcau; Ch.—Chief; Col—Colege; Com—Com—Mandler; Eug.—Engineer or Engineering; Ex.—Executive: Insp.—Inspector or Inspection; Nav.—Naval; Off.—Officer; Sta.—Station; St.—Steam; Sub.—Submarine; Sup.—Supervisor.

#### POINTS CONCERNING UNCLE SAM'S NAVY.

To previde for the welfare and comfort of the officers and enlisted men of the Navy during the fiscal year of 1917, it is going to cost Uncle Sam just \$50,226,912.65. Of this amount \$13,102.735 is required to pay the officers on the active list, while the retired officers receive the sum of \$3,124.527.

The perquisites allowed officers of the Navy will aggregate about three-quarters of a million dollars in 1917. Of this amount \$510,000 will he spent in providing quarters for those officers who cannot be accommodated in buildings or houses maintained by the Government, and \$200,000 for the item of heat and light for officers using other than Government quarters and in Government quarters where no heating and lighting plant is maintained by the Government, also the item of rations for collisted men and certain officers, which figured at 30 cents a day amounts to nearly \$7,500,000. The sum of \$765,000 is required to pay the midestipnent under instruction at the Nava Academy flowing items. The pay of the calisted men of the Navy is divided into the following items. Pay of 68,700 petty officers, seamen, etc., \$59,655,704; 6,000 apprentices under training, \$999,630: 472 retired enlisted men \$43,134, and 1,000 enlisted men in prisons undergoing sentences of court-martial, etc., \$225,000 Each man in the Navy holding an honorable discharge receives a bounty. This item will cost the Government \$2,106,000 in 1917. There is also required the sum of \$12,000 for interest on the deposits held by Uncle Sam for the enlisted men of the Navy. One hundred and nineteen housand one hundred and eighty-two doublars is recoulted to pay the Female Nurse Corps of the Navy and \$15,000 is allowed them for communication of quarters.

tegrity-two donats is required to pay the Female Nurse Corps of the Navy and \$15,000 is anowed them for commutation of quarters.

Each officer or enlisted man in the Navy who dies from wounds or disease contracted in the line of duty is entitled to have paid to his beneficiary a sum equal to one-ball of his annual pay. For this purpose the sum of \$75,000 will be required for the fiscal year 1917.

#### MORTALITY OF THE NAVY AND MARINE CORPS.

For comparison with civil mortality statistics, the following data concerning the mortality of the United States Navy and Marine Corps were supplied by the Surgeon-General of the Navy:

The low rates as compared with those of the registration area are, of course, dependent upon the special age distribution of the navai force, which is for the most part composed of men in the most favorable periods of life. The marked reduction in the mortality of the entire service from 8.88 in 1900 to 3.82 in 1913 is notable. Comparative figures for the English Navy, 1911, are as follows: Average strength of service affoat, 117,100; total deaths, 366, or 3.12 per 1,000; deaths from diseases, 260, or 2.22 per 1,000; deaths from violence, 106, or 0.90 per 1,000.

		RAGE	DEATHS.						DEA	TH RAT		1,000 c	,000 OF AVERAGE				
	STRE	NGTH.	ENTI	RE SER	VICE.	FOR	CE AFI	OAT.	ENTI	RE SE	VICE.	FORCE AFLOAT.					
YEAR*	Entire Service		All Causes		from	All Causes	from Dis-	Deaths from In- juries.	All Causes	from Dis-	Deaths from ln- juries.	All Causes	from	Deaths from In- juries.			
1914 1913 1912 1911 1910 1908 1907 1906 1905 1904	68,075 67,141 65,926 61,897 61,399 58,340 57,172 52,913 46,336 42,529 41,313 40,555 37,248	46,978 42,719 41,842 42,911 35,567 34,688 32,181 38,369 30,846 34,820 33,914	281 252 253 253 330 286 305 263 241 268 246	160 146 128 130 159 135 187 162 144 129 130	121 106 125 123 171 109 111 101 97 139 116	109 101 85 99 92 126 88 87 102 87 138 107	24 27 26 25 31 25 17 31 30 31 25 37	77 58 73 67 94 63 60 71 57 107	5.08 4.18 3.82 4.08 4.12 5.66 5.76 5.67 5.68 6.06 6.01	2.38 2.21 2.06 2.11 2.73 2.36 3.53 3.94 3.38 3.12 4.40	1.80 1.45 2.01 2.00 2.09 2.17 2.28 3.36 2.85 1.60	2.36 2.14 1.28 2.36 2.15 2.70 2.65 2.91 3.91 3.91 3.91 3.91	0.51 0.40 0.62 0.58 0.87 0.72 0.52 0.80 0.97 0.89 0.73	1.04 0 87 1.74 1.56 2 64 1 81 1.86 1.85 1.84 3 07 2.41			

\* Years given as far back as comparable data are available.

#### THE NAVY LEACUE OF THE UNITED STATES.

THE NAVY LEAGUE OF THE UNITED STATES.

The Navy League of the United States was incorporated under the laws of the State of New York on January 2, 1903, its declared object being "to acquire and spread before the citizens of the United States, through branch organizations and otherwise, information as to the condition of the naval forces and equipment of the United States, and to awaken public interest and co-operation in all matters tending to aid, improve and develop their efficiency." It is sticitly non-partisan. Men, women and children are eligible to membership. The button of the league is of silver gilt and bine enamel, with letters in white and anchor of gold, and is worm by members. The membership fee is \$2 annually. The headquarters of the league is at the Southern Building, Washington, D. C.

The general officers are: President—Col. Robert M. Thompson. Secretary—Arthur H. Dadmun. Treasurer—Lewis L. Clarke.

Treasurer-Lewis L. Clarke.

	V	ES	SEL	SC	)F T	HE	UN	NITED STATES NAVY.
	ŝ.	75.7	ace- t, s.	₽. 83	9 %			BATTERIES.
NAME.	Class	Keel Laid	Dispiace- ment, Tons.	Speed, Knots.	Horse- Power	Cost.	(1)	Main Guns. Secondary.
ARMORED VESSELS.			=	-		<u> </u>		
ARMORED VESSELS. SEAGOING BATTLE- SHIPS.								
AlabamaArizona	BS BS	1896 1914	11,552 31,400	17 01 21	11,207 34,000	\$4,665, †7,425,	,8 <b>2</b> 0 ,000	14 13-in. B L R, 14 6-in. R F. 4 6-pdr. S A.
Arkansas	BS	1910	26,000	21.05	28,697	†4,675,	,000	R F. 12 12-in. B L R, 21 5-in. 4 3-pdr. S A, 2 21-in. torp.
California*	BS		32,000	21		<b>†7,</b> 800,	000	R F. 12 14-in. B L R, 22 5-in 4 6-pdr. S A, 4 21-in. torp.
Connecticut	BS	1903	16,000	18.78	19,819	7,911,	,175	54 12-in. B L R, 8 8-in. B L 4 3-pdr. S A, 4 21-in. torp.
Delaware	BS	1907	20,000	21.56	29,043	. 5,702,	,757	R F. R. B L R. 8 8-ln. B L 4 3-pdr. S A, 4 21-in. torp. R. 12 7-in. B L R. 4 15-in. 4 10-in. R. F. R. F. L. R. 14 5-in. 4 10-in. R. F. L. L. 14 10-in. 4 10-
Florida	BS	1309	21.825	22.08	41,240	10 100	000	to to to T T T to to tin to ada C A 2 2t in town
Georgia	BS	1901	14,948	19.26	25,088	6,543,	,531	14 12-in. B L R. 8 8-in. B L 12 3-in. R F, 4 6-pdr. S A, 4
Idaho*	BS	1915	32,000	21	32,000	<b>†7,2</b> 50,	,000	R F.   R F.   R S-In.   B L R.   8 S-In.   B L R.   8 S-In.   B L R.   8 S-In.   B L R.   12 S-In.   R F.   4 S-Ipdr.   S A.
Illinois	BS	1897	11,552 10,289	17.45	12,757	4,621,	408	R F.   R L R,   22 - 3 - 11   4 - 5   17   5   1, 4   2 - 11   10   12   13   18   L R,   14   6 - 11   R F,   4   6 - 5   R F,   7
Indiana	BS BS	11893	11,346	17.09	11,933	5,871	,206	14 13-111. B L R, 88-111. B L R, 12 3-111. R F, 4 0-pdr. S A.
Kansas	BS	1	16,000	1		7,000,	,020	L R, 12 7-in. B L R. 21-in. torp. tubes.
Kearsarge	BS	1	11 520	l .		5,043,	,591	L R, 18 5-in. R F. tube.
Kentucky	BS	i i	11,520	1	1	4,998	,119	
Louisiana	BS	1	16,000			7,425	,613	34 12-in. B L R, 8 8-in. B is 3-in. R F, 4 6-pdr. S A L R, 12 7-in. B L R. 4 21-in. torp. tubes. 34 12-in. B L R, 16 6-in. B 6 3-in. R F, 4 3-pdr. S A, 3
Maine	BS	1	12 500	1	15,603	5,381	,903	L R. 18-in. torp. tubes.
Massachusetts Michigan	BS BS	1891 1906	10,288 16,000	16.21 18.79	10,240 16,313	6,047. †3,585	,000	3; 12-in. B L R, 16 6-in. B 6; 3-in. R F, 4 3-pdr. S A, 2; 12-in. B L R, 8s-in. B L R, 12; 13-in. R F, 4 6-pdr. S A, 08; 12-in. B L R, 8s-in. B L R, 12; 1-in. R F, 4 3-pdr. S A, 2; 1-in. R F, 4 3-pdr. S A, 2; 1-in. R F, 4 3-pdr. S A, 1; 12-in. B L R, 8s-in. B 18; 3-in. R F, 4 6-pdr. S A, L R, 12; 1-in. B L R, 4; 1-in. R F, 4 3-pdr. S A, 12; 12-in. R F, 14; 12-in. R F, 14; 13-in. R F, 14; 14; 14; 15; 16; 16; 16; 16; 16; 16; 16; 16; 16; 16
Minnesota	BS	1903	16,000	18.85	20,235	7,442	,103	34 12-in. B L R, 8 8-in. B 18 3-in. R F, 4 6-pdr. S A
Mississippi*	$_{\mathrm{BS}}$	1915	32,000	21	32,000	†7,115	,000	12 14-in. B L R, 22 5-in. 4 6-pdr. S A, 4 21-in. torp
Missouri	BS	1900	12,500	18.15	15,845	5,258	,260	04 12-in. B L R, 16 6-in. B 6 3-in. R F, 4 3-pdr. S A L R. 94 12-in. B L R, 8 8-in. B 12 3-in. R F, 4 6-pdr. S A
Nebraska	BS	1902	14,948	19.06	21,283	1		1 L R 12 6-in. B L R. 1 4 21-in. toro, tupes,
Nevada	BS	1912	27,500	20.50	26,500	†5,895	,0G0	9[10 14-in. B L R, 21 5-in.]4 3-pdr. S A, 4 21-in. torp
New Hampshire	$_{\mathrm{BS}}$	1905	16,000	18.16	17,820	6,354	,139	R F: 94 12-in. B L R, 8 8-in. B 8 3-in. R F, 4 6-pdr. S A L R, 12 7-in. B L R. 65 12-in. R L R, 2 8-in. B 2 2-in. R F, 3 3-udr. S A L R, 12 6-in. B L R. 94 21-in. torp. tubes. 94 21-in. torp. tubes. 94 21-in. torp. tubes.
New Jersey	$_{\mathrm{BS}}$	1902	14,948	19.18	23,089	6,536	,726	64 12-in. B L R, 8 8-in. B 12 3-in. R F, 3 3-pdr. S A
New Merdco*	BS	1915	32,000	21	27,500	†7,800	,000	0 12 11-in. B L R, 22 5-in. 4 6-pdr. S A, 4 21-in. torp R F. tubes.
New York	$_{\mathrm{BS}}$	1911	27,000	21	28,100	†6 400	,000	010 14-in. B L R, 21 5-in. 4 3-pdr. S A, 4 21-in. torp
North Dakota	BS	1907	20,000	21.01	31,635			I D I D tubes
Ohio	$_{\mathrm{BS}}$	1899	12,500	17.82	16,220	5,265.	.504	14 12-in. B L R, 16 6-in. B 6 3-in. R F, 4 6-pdr. S A L R. 11-in. B L R, 21 5-in. 4 3-pdr. S A, 4 21-in. torp
Oklahoma	BS	1912	27,500	20.50	24,800			
Oregon Pennsylvania	BS BS	1891 1913	10,288 31,400	16.79	11,037 31,500	6 575 †7,260,	032	1 13-in. B L R, 88-in. B L R. 12 3-in. R F, 4 6-pdr. S A.
Rhode Island	BS	1	14,948		1	6 536,	.568	R F. 46-pdr. S A 12-in. B L R, 8 8-in. B 12 3-in. R F, 4 6-pdr. S A
South Carolina	BS	1	16,000			5 097	,355	12 Hr. B L R, 8 8-in, B 12 1-in, R F, 4 6-pdr. S A 12-in, B L R, 12 6-in, B L R, 2 12-in, torp, tubes, 2 1-in, R F, 2 2-pdr. S A 2 1-in, torp, tubes, 2 1-in, B L R, 2 2 5-in, 4 6-pdr. S A, 4 21-in, torp
Tennessee*	BS		32 000	21		†7,800	,000	12 14-in. B L R, 22 5-in. 4 6-pdr. S A, 4 21-in. torp
Texas	BS	1911	27,000	1	28,100			10 14-in. B L R, 21 5-in. B 4 3-pdr. S A, 4 21-in. torp
Utah	BS		21,823	1	1			10 12-in B L B. 16 5-in 4 6-udr. S A. 2 21-in, torp
Vermont	BS	1904	16,000	18.33	17,741	7,563	,963	RF. DID SS TO THE SA
Virginia	BS		14,949		1	6,703	,614	L R, 12 7-1n. B L R. 4 21-1n. torp. tubes.
Wisconsin Wyoming	BS	1897	11,552 26 000	17.17	12,452	4,723	,894	L R, 12 6-in. B L R. 4 21-in. torp. tabes. 4 143-in. BLR, 146-in. R F. 10 12 12-in. B L R, 21 5-in. 4 3-pdr. S A, 2 21-in. torp.

<sup>(1)</sup> Figures showing complete cost are given as far as possible. † Contract price of hull and machinery.

\* Under construction or contracted for.

NOTE—Naval Appropriation Act of August 29, 1916, authorizes the construction of 10 first-class batteships, 6 battle cruisers, 10 scout cruisers, 50 destroyers, 68 submarines, 3 fuel ships, 1 repair ship, 1 transport, 1 hospital ship, 2 destroyer tenders, 1 fleet submarine tender, 2 ammunition ships, and 2 gunboats,

VESSELS OF THE UNITED STATES NAVY .- Continued.

					HE (	JNITED	STATES NAVY.—Continued.
NAME.	Class.	keel aid.	Displace- ment, Tons.	Speed, Knots.	Horse- Power.	.Cost.	BATTERIES.
	0	1	Dis	ΣX	ĦŸ		Main. Secondary
ARMORED CRUISERS. Colorado			13,680		26,837	\$5,692,142	4 8-in. B L R, 14 6-in. B 18 3-in. R F, 4 3-pdr. S A. L. R. 2 18-in. torp. tubes. 4 8-in. B L R, 14 6-in. B 18 3-in. R F, 4 3-pdr. S A. L. R. B L'R, 16 6-in. B 12 3-in. R F, 4 6-pdr. S A. L. R. L. R. L. R. L. R. L. R. F, 4 6-pdr. S A. L. R. R. R. L. R.
Maryland	AC	1901	13,680	22.41	28,059	5,682,894	4 8-in. B L R, 14 6-in. B 18 3-in. R F. 4 3-pdr. S A,
Montana	AC	1905	14,500	22.26	27,938	5,707,579	4 10-ln. B L'R, 16 6-in. B 22 3-in. R F, 4 6-pdr. S A,
North Carolina	AC	1905	14,500	21.91	25,598	5,062,592	4 10-in. B L R, 16 6-in. B 22 3-in. R F, 4 6-pdc. S A,
Pittsburgh (6)	AC	1901	13,680	22.44	28,600	5,707,579	4 8-in. B L R, 14 6-in. B 18 3-in. R F, 4 3-pdr. S A,
San Diego (7)	AC	1902	13,680	22.20	29,658	5,341,754	10-in B L R, 16 6-in. B 22 2-in. R F, 4 6-pdr. S A, L R, 4 8-in. B L R, 14 6-in. B 18 3-in. R F, 4 3-pdr. S A, L R, 4 8-in. B L R, 14 6-in. B 18 3-in. R F, 4 3-pdr. S A, L R, 4 8-in. B L R, 14 6-in. B 18 3-in. R F, 4 3-pdr. S A, L R, 4 8-in. B L R, 14 6-in. B 18 3-in. R F, 4 3-pdr. S A, L R, 4 10-in. B_L R, 16 6-in. B 18 3-in. R F, 4 3-pdr. S A, L R, 4 10-in. B_L R, 16 6-in. B 22 3-in. R F, 4 3-pdr. S A, L R, 4 8-in. B L R, 14 6-in. B 22 3-in. R F, 4 3-pdr. S A, L R. 4 8-in. B L R, 14 6-in. B 18 3-in. R F, 4 3-pdr. S A, 2 18-in. torp. tubes.
South Dakota	AC	1902	13,680	22,24	28,543	4,735,160	4 8-in. B L R, 14 6-in. B 18 3-in. R F, 4 3-pdr. S A,
Washington	AC	1903	14,500	22.27	27,152	6,146,302	4 10-ln. B L R, 16 6-ln. B 22 3-in. R F, 4 3-pdr. S A,
West Virginia	AC	1901	13,680	22.15	26,135	5,729,057	4 8-in. B L R, 14 6-in. B 18 3-in. R F. 4 3-pdr. S A,
FIRST-CLASS CRUISERS. Brooklyn Charleston Mllwaukee Saratoga (5) St. Louis.	100 100 100 100 100	1893 1902 1902 1890 1902	9,215 9,700 9,700 8,150 9,700	21.91 22.04 22.22 21 22.13	18,425 27,200 24,166 17.075 27,264		8 8-in, B L R, 12 5-in, R F, 4 6-pdr, S A, 14 6-in, B L R, 12 5-in, B L R, 18 3-in, R F, 4 3-pdr, S A, 48-in, B L R, 105-in, B L R, 3 3-in, R F, 4 3-pdr, S A, 18 3-in, R F, 18 3-pdr, S A, 18 3-in, R F, 18 3-pdr, S A, 18 3-in,
SECOND-CLASS CRUISERS. Chicago. Columbia Minneapolis Olympia			}	18 22.89 23.07 21.69	9,000 18,269 20,544 17,080		14 5-in, R. F. 9 6-pdr, R. F. 9 6-pdr, R. F. 9 6-in, R. F. 2 6-pdr, S. A. 9 6-in, R. F. 2 6-pdr, S. A. 4 8-in, B. L. R. F. 2 6-pdr, S. A. 4 8-in, B. L. R. F. 2 6-pdr, R. F.
THIRD-CLASS CRUISERS. Albany Birmingham	3CC	1905	3,430 3,750	20.52 24.33	7,400 15,670		,
Boston	3CC 3CC	1883 1900 1905	3,000 3,200 3,750	15.60 16.65 26.52	4,300 5,303 25,400	†619,000 1,686,594 1,950,480	10 5-in. B L R. 2 5-in. B L R. 6 3-in. R F. 2 3-pdr. R F. 2 8-in. B L R. 7 10 5-in. B L R. 7 2 1-in. torp. tubes. 2 1-in. B L R. 8 5-in. B L R. 8 5-in. B L R. 8 5-in. R F. 10 5-in. R F
Cincinnati. Cieveland Denver Des Moines Galveston Marblehead Montgomery	3CC 3CC 3CC 3CC 3CC 3CC 3CC	1890 1900 1900 1900 1901 1890 1890	3,183 3,200 3,200 3,200 3,200 2,072 2,072	19.91 16.45 16.75 16.65 16.41 13.41	7,070 4,640 6,125 5,340 5,073 4,937 5,543	2,371,904 1,374,809 1,415,060 1,426,101 1,736,774 1,291,162 1,267,109	10 5-in, B L R. 86-pdr, R F 10 5-in, B L R. 86-pdr, R F 10 5-in, B L R. 86-pdr, R F 3 5-in, R F 46-pdr, R F, 2 21-'n, torp.
New Orleans. Raieigh	3CC 3CC 3CC	1839 1905	3,439 3,183 3,750	20 21.12 25.95	7,500 8,159 19,578	11,429,215 2,199,729 1,541,571	10 5-in. B L R. 2 3-pdr R F. 11 5-ia. R F 6 5-pdr R F, 2 5-in. B L R. 6 5-pdr R F, 2 3-pdr R F, 2 2 1-in. B L R. 6 2-in. R F, 2 3-pdr. R F, 2 2 1-in. torp. tubes
Tacoma	3CC	1900		1	5,288	1,398,781	i0 5-in. B L R.   8 6-pdr. R F
TORPEDO BOATS. Basiley Basiley Barney Biddie Blakely Dallisren De Long Dupont Farragut Foote. Fox Goldsborough Morris Rodgers. Shubrick Somers Thornton Tingey Double Turrer Montrors.	TB TB TB	1899 1899		29.15 30.29 29.04 28.57 25.53 30.13 24.53 23.13 27.40 24.49 24.49 24.88 24.94	3,920 5,000 3,920 3,910 3,000 4,200 3,800 5,609 2,000 1,750 2,295 3,600 1,900 3,000 3,000	†161,000 †210,000 †161,000 †161,000 †159,400 †159,400 †139,400 †141,009 †227,500 †81,456 †214,509 †27,500 †87,500 †87,500 †129,750 †129,750 †129,750	3 1-pdr R F, 3 18-in. W T. 4 6-pdr, R F, 2 18-in. W T. 3 1-pdr, R F, 3 18-in. W T. 3 1-pdr, R F, 3 18-in. W T. 3 1-pdr, R F, 3 18-in. W T. 3 1-pdr, R F, 3 18-in. W T. 4 1-pdr, R F, 3 18-in. W T. 4 1-pdr, R F, 3 18-in. W T. 4 1-pdr, R F, 3 18-in. W T. 4 1-pdr, R F, 3 18-in. W T. 4 1-pdr, R F, 3 18-in. W T. 5 1-pdr, R F, 3 18-in. W T. 5 1-pdr, R F, 3 18-in. W T. 5 1-pdr, R F, 3 18-in. W T. 5 1-pdr, R F, 3 18-in. W T. 5 1-pdr, R F, 3 18-in. W T. 5 1-pdr, R F, 3 18-in. W T. 5 1-pdr, R F, 3 18-in. W T. 5 1-pdr, R F, 3 18-in. W T. 5 1-pdr, R F, 3 18-in. W T. 5 1-pdr, R F, 3 18-in. W T.
MONITORS. Amphitrite Monadnock Monterey	CD CD	1874 1875 1889	3,990 2,990 4,084	10.50 11.6: 13.60	1,600 2,163 5,104	2,195,980 2,756,760 2,761,371	i 10-in. B L R. 2 4-in. R F, 2 2-pdr. R F, 10-in. B L R. 2 4-in. R F, 5 6-pdr. R F. 2 12-in. B L R, 2 10-in. B L R, 6 6-pdr. R F. 2 12-in. B L R, 2 10-in. B L R, 6 6-pdr. R F. 2 12-pdr.

<sup>(5)</sup> Formerly named New York. (6) Formerly named Pennsylvania. (7) Formerly named California, † Contract price of hull and machinery. [[ Purchased during Spanish war.

VESSELS OF THE UNITED STATES NAVY-Continued.

	VE	2881	ELS C	)F 7	HE	UNITED	STATES NAVY—Continued.
NAME.	Class.	Keel Lald.	Displace- ment, Tons.	Speed, Knots.	Horse- Power.	Cost.	Batteries.
	0		QHL	SE X	HÃ		Main, Secondary.
Single Turret Monitors. Cheyenne (1) Ozark (2) Tallahassee (3) Touopah (4)	CD CD CD CD	1899 1899 1899 1899	3,225 3,225	11.80 12.03 12.40 13.04	2,359 1,739 2,336 1,970	\$1,590,380 1,623,879 1,518,179 1,619,052	2 12-in, B L R. 44-in, R F, 26-pdr, R F, 2 12-in, B L R. 44-in, R F, 26-pdr, R F, 2 12-in, B L R. 44-in, R F, 36-pdr, R F, 2 12-in, B L R. 44-in, R F, 2 6-pdr, R F,
GUNBOATS. Castine. Dolphin. Don Juan de Aus-	GB GB	1891 1883			2,180 2,253	†318,500 †315,000	2 4-in. R F, 6 6-pdr. R F. 6 6-pdr. R F.
tria	GB		1,130			<b>†180,000</b>	2 4-ln. R. F, 8 6-pdr. R. F,
Elcano	GB GB	1894	1,392 1,030	15.50	600 1,959 516	539,042 215,000	2 4-in. R. F. 8 6-pdr. R. F. 2 1-pdr. R. F. 4 3-pdr. R. F. 4 4-in. R. F. 4 3-pdr. R. F. 8 4-in. R. F. 4 3-pdr. R. F. 4 4-in. R. F. 4 3-pdr. R. F. 2 1-pdr. R. F. 6-pdr. R. F. 2 1-pdr. R. F. 2 1-pdr. R. F. 4 4-in. R. F. 2 3-pdr. R. F. 2 1-pdr. R. F.
Machias	GB	1891	1,177	15.46	1,848	657,761	
Monocacy Nashville		1913 1894	1,371		800 2,524	†215,000 586,368	2 1-pdr. R F. 2 6-pdr. R F, 6 auto. mach. 8 4-in. R F, 4 6-pdr. R F, 2 3-pdr. R F.
Palos Pampanga Petrel	GB	1913 1887 1887	243	13.25 10 11.40	250 1,008	†260,000 464,035	2 6-pdr R F, 6 auto. mach. 4 3-pdr. R F, 2 1-pdr. R F. 4 4-in. R F, 2 3-pdr. R F.
Quiros. Ranger. Sacramento. Samar. Sandoval. Villalobos. Wilmington. Yorktown.	ĞB	1867	1 425	10 12.78 10.5 8	550 500 950 250 666 450 1,868 3,341	†492,500 531,192 †455,000	2 1-par. R. F. 4 3-pdr. R. F. 3 4-in. R. F. 2 3-pdr. R. F. 4 3-pdr. R. F. 2 1-pdr. R. F. 2 3-pdr. R. F. 2 1-pdr. R. F. 4 3-pdr. R. F. 2 1-pdr. R. F. 4 3-pdr. R. F. 2 1-pdr. R. F. 6 5-in. R. F. 4 3-pdr. R. F. 4 1-pdr. R. F.
Converted Gunboats.							
Aunapolis	CGB	1896	1,010	13.17	1,223	375,417	6 4-in. R F, 4 6-pdr. R F,
D thuque	CGB	1903	1,085	12.90	1,193	442,403	
	CGB		990	13.02	1,036	251,424	6 4-in. R F, 4 6-pdr. R F, 2 1-pdr. R F, 6 4-in. R F, 4 6-pdr. R F, 2 1-pdr. R F, 2 1-pdr. R F, 6 4-in. R F, 4 6-pdr. R F, 2 1-pdr. R F,
Wewport	CGB CGB	1896 1903	1,010 1,085	12.29 12.85	998 1,247	506,932	6 4-in. R F, 4 6-pdr. R F,
Frinceton	CGB	1896	1,010	10.64	835	400,645	6 4-in. R F, 4 6-pdr. R F,
Vlcksburg	CGB	1896	1,010	12.71	1,111	388,750	6 4-in. R F, 4 6-pdr. R F,
Wheeling			990	12.88	1,063	348,515	2 1-pdr, R.F. 4-pdr, R.F. 4-in, R.F. 4-pdr, R.F. 2 1-pdr, R.F. 4-in, R.F. 4-pdr, R.F. 2 1-pdr, R.F. 4-in, R.F. 4-pdr, R.F. 4-in, R.F. 4-pdr, R.F. 2 1-pdr, R.F. 2 1-pdr, R.F.
Baltimore	MDS	1887	4,413	20.10	8,777 1,100	†1,325,0 <del>8</del> 0	4 6-in, R F 4 6-pdr. S A.
Baltimore	AS		4,000 3,285		1,000	1225,000	4 4-ln. R F, 2 3-pdr. R F,
Leonidas. Prometheus. San Francisco. Solace Vestal Vesnvius	SS RS MDS HS RS TPS	1907 1898 1907 1857	4,023 12,585 4,083 5,700 12,585 930	19.52 15 16	1,100 7,500 9,913 3,200 7,500 4,295	2,135,303	4 6-hn. R. F 4 6-pdr. S. A.  4 4-in. R. F. 2 3-pdr. R. F. 2 i-pdr. R. F. 5-in. R. F. 4 6-pdr. S. A. 1 5-in. R. F. 1 3-pdr. S. A. 1 2i-in. torp. tube, 3 18-in. torp. tubes.
DESTROYERS. Allen* Ammen Aylwin Bainbridge  .	Des Des Des Des	1915 1910 1912 1899	1,075 742 1,036 420	29.60 28.45	17,500 14,001 16,000 8,000	800,000 †648,000 †756,100 †283,000	4 21-in. W T. 4 4-in. R F 3 18-in. W T. 5 3-in. R F 4 18-in. W T. 5 3-in. R F, 5 5 -pdr. R F 4 19-in. W T. 4 2-in. R F, 5 6-pdr. R F 2 18-in. W T. 4 2-in. R F 5 -pdr. R F 5 -pdr. R F 7 2 3-in. R F, 5
1	Des Des	1 1			16,000 8,000	283,000	2 18-in. W T. 2 3-in. R F. 5 6-pdr. R F
BealeBenhamBurrows	Des	1912	1,036 742	29.65 29.53 30.67	11,800 16,060 13,254	654,000 756,100 665,000	2 18-111. W 1. 2 3-111. R F, 8 6-pdr. R F 5 3-110. R F 3 18-10. W T, 5 3-10. R F 4 18-10. W T, 5 3-10. R F.

<sup>(1)</sup> Formerly named Wyoming. (2) Formerly named Arkansas. (3) Formerly named Florida. (4) Formerly named Nevada. \* Under construction or contracted for. \*\* Captured from Spain. † Contract price of built and machinery. || Not serviceable for duty with floet.

The following vessels are serving as tenders to torpedo vossels: Alert, Bushnell, Dixlo, Fulton, Iris, Melville, Panther, and Fompey.

The following are used as transports: Buffalo, General Alava, Hancock, Henderson, and Prairie.

VESSELS OF THE UNITED STATES NAVY-Continued.

	VES	SEI	LS O	BT.	HE (	NITED	STATES NAVY—Cont	inuea.
Name	Class.	Keel Laid.	Displace- ment, Tons.	Speed, Knots.	Horse- Power.	Cost.†	Ватт	TERIES.
	0		ğ	ĒΧ.	H		Main.	Secondary.
DESTROYERS— Continued. Caldweit* Cassin. Chauncey		1912 1899	1,085 1,020 420	32 30.14 28.64	15,307 8,000	\$925,000 761,500 283,000		4 21-in. W T, 4 4-in. R F, 4 18-in. W T, 4 4-in. R F, 2 18-in. W T, 2 3-in. R F, 5 6-ndr. R F.
Conner* Conyngham Cummings Craven* Cushing Dale	Des Des	1914 1912 1913 1899	1,134 1,090 1,020 1,085 1,050 420	29.50	18,000 16,335 8,000	845,000 881,000 761,500 925,000 854,500 260,000		4 21-in, W T, 4 4-in, R F, 4 18-in, W T, 4 4-in, R F, 5 18-in, W T, 2 3-in, R F, 5 6-pdr, R F, 14 4-in, R F, 4 21-in, W T, 4 4-in, R F, 4 18-in, W T, 4 4-in, R F, 4 18-in, W T, 4 4-in, R F, 4 18-in, W T, 4 4-in, R F, 5 6-pdr, R F, 2 3-in, R F, 5 6-pdr, R F, 5 4 18-in, W T, 4 4-in, R F, 5 6-pdr, R F, 5 4 18-in, W T, 5 3-in, R F, 5 4 18-in, W T, 4 4-in, R F, 5 4 18-in, W T, 5 3-in, R F, 5 4 18-in, W T, 5 3-in, R F, 4 18-in, W T, 4 4-in, R F, 5 18-in, W T, 5 3-in, R F, 5 18-in, W T, 4 4-in, R F, 6 18-in, W T, 4 4-in, R F, 6 18-in, W T, 4 4-in, R F, 6 18-in, W T, 4 4-in, R F, 8 18-in, W T, 4 4-in, R F, 8 18-in, W T, 4 4-in, R F, 8 18-in, W T, 4 4-in, R F, 8 18-in, W T, 4 4-in, R F, 8 18-in, W T, 4 4-in, R F, 8 18-in, W T, 4 4-in, R F, 8 18-in, W T, 4 4-in, R F, 8 18-in, W T, 4 4-in, R F, 8 18-in, W T, 4 4-in, R F, 8 18-in, W T, 4 4-in, R F, 8 18-in, W T, 4 4-in, R F, 8 18-in, W T, 4 4-in, R F, 8 18-in, W T, 4 4-in, R F, 8 18-in, W T, 4 4-in, R F, 8 18-in, W T, 4 4-in, R F, 8 18-in, W T, 4 4-in, R F, 8 18-in, W T, 4 4-in, R F, 8 18-in,
Davis Decatur//	Des Des	1915 1899	1,075 420	30 28.10	17,500 8,000	800,000 260,000		4 21-ln. W T, 4 4-ln. R F. 2 18-ln. W T, 2 3-ln. R F, 5 6-ndr R F.
Downes	Des Des Des	1912 1909 1912	1,072 742 1,014	29 30.83 29.14	16,000 15,524 16,000	777,500 644,000 779,450		4 18-lh. W T, 4 4-ln. R F. 3 18-ln. W T, 5 3-ln. R F. 4 18-ln. W T, 4 4-ln. R F.
Ericsson	Des Des Des Des Des Des	1913 1911 1908 1911 1899	1,090 742 700 1,125 742 408	29.99 30.41 30 30.41	17,151 12,600 11,541 13,472 8,456	873,500 630,500 624,000 885,000 648,700 291,000		4 18-in. W T, 4 4-in. R F, 5 18-in. W T, 5 3 in. R F, 3 18 in. W T, 5 3 in. R F, 4 21-in. W T, 5 4-in. R F, 2 18-in. W T, 5 3-in. R F, 2 18-in. W T, 5 3-in. R F, 6 6-ndr. R F, 6
Hull	1	1899	1	1	9,119	291,000		2 18-in. W T, 2 3-in. R F, 6 6-pdr. R F.
Jacob Jones Jarvis. Jenkins Jouett Lamson Lamson Lawrence[  Msnley* Mayrant McCall McDougal Macdonough[  Monaghan Nicholson O'Brien Parker Patterson Paulding Faul Jones[	Des Des Des Des Des Des Des Des Des Des	1911 1908 1899 1909 1909 1913 1899 1916 1913 1912 1916 1909	742 742 742 760 400 1,085 742 1,020 400 742 1,050 1,050 1,036 1,036 742 742	30.01 31.27 32.27 28.61 28.41 32 30.22 30.66 29 28.03 30.45 29 29.55 29.55	17,000 10,584 12,440 12,340 10,769 8,400 13,072 16,000 12,410 15,906 16,275 16,000 12,622 17,393 8,000	825,090 640,000 651,500 654,500 585,000 879,500 664,000 810,000 842,000 842,000 842,600 644,000 285,000		1 18-10. W T. 4 4-10. R F. 1 18-10. W T. 5 3-10. R F. 2 18-10. W T. 5 3-10. R F. 6 -0dr. R F. 2 18-10. W T. 2 3-10. R F. 6 -0dr. R F. 2 18-10. W T. 5 3-10. R F. 3 18-10. W T. 5 3-10. R F. 3 18-10. W T. 5 3-10. R F. 3 18-10. W T. 5 3-10. R F. 3 18-10. W T. 5 3-10. R F. 3 18-10. W T. 7 3-40. R F. 3 18-10. W T. 7 3-40. R F. 3 18-10. W T. 7 3-40. R F. 3 18-10. W T. 7 4-40. R F. 3 18-10. W T. 7 4-40. R F. 4 18-10. W T. 7 4-40. R F. 4 18-10. W T. 7 4-40. R F. 4 18-10. W T. 5 3-10. R F. 5 18-10. W T. 5 3-10.
Perkins	Des Des	1899	420	28.32	11,668 7,950	610,000 285,000		3 18-in. W T, 5 3-in. R F. 2 18-in. W T, 2 3-in. R F, 5 6-pdr. R F.
PorterPreble	Des Des	1899	1	29.50 28.03	18,000 7,310	881,000 285,000		2 18-in. W T, 2 3-in. R F, 5 6-pdr. R F.
Preston Reid Roe Rowan Sampson Shaw* Smith Sterett Stewart	Des Des Des Des Des Des Des Des	1908 1913 1913 1914 1908 1908	700 742 5 1,126 6 1,126 700 742 9 742	31.82 29.60 29.5 29.5 29.5 29.5 28.3 30.3 29.6	10,918 212,421 11,789 17,000 17,000 17,000 5 9,946 7 12,789 8,000	645,000 624,000 620,000 795,000 795,000 925,000 610,000 282,000		5 18-1n. W T, 5 3-1n. R F, 5 18-1n. W T, 5 3-1n. R F, 3 18-1n. W T, 5 3-1n. R F, 2 1-1n. W T, 4 4-1n. R F, 4 21-1n. W T, 4 4-1n. R F, 4 21-1n. W T, 4 4-1n. R F, 3 18-1n. W T, 5 3-1n. R F, 3 18-1n. W T, 5 3-1n. R F, 5 18-1n. W T, 2 3-1n. R F, 5 6-pdr. R F, 5
Stockton* Tenry. Trippe. Truxton	Des Des Des Des	1909	1,13 742 743 9 433	30 230.2 30.8 329.5	13,350 914,978 8 8,300	845,00 620,00 659,50 286,00	) ) ) )	. 4 21-in. W T, 4 4-in. R F, 3 18-in. W T, 5 3-in. R F, 3 18-in. W T, 5 3-in. R F, 2 18-in. W T, 2 3-in. R F, 6 6-pdr. R F.
Tucker Wadsworth Walnwright Walke Warrington Whipple	Des Des Des	191 191 190	4 1,09 4 1,15 0 74 9 74 9 43	0 30 0 29.5 2 29.7 2 30.1 3 28.2	0 17,000 16,091 0 17,000 8 12,573 2 12,486 4 8,300	861,00 884,00 825,00 644,00 664,00 286,00	0 0 0 0 0 0	14 21-in. W T, 4 4-in. R F, 4 21-in. W T, 4 4-in. R F, 14 21-in. W T, 4 4-in. R F, 13 18-in. W T, 5 3-in. R F, 13 18-in. W T, 5 3-in. R F, 14 18-in. W T, 2 3-in. R F, 6-pdr. R F, 8
Wilkes* Winslow Worden	Des Des Des	191 191 189	5 1,11 3 1,05 9 43	0 29.5 0 29 3 29.8	17,000 15,984 6 8,300	812,30 842,00 286,00	9	. 4 21-in. W T, 4 4-in. R F. 4 18-in. W T, 4 4-in. R F. 2 18-in. W T, 2 3-in. R F, 6-pdr. R F.

<sup>\*</sup> Under construction or contracted for. † Contract price of hull and machinery. || Not serviceable for duty with fleet.

#### VESSELS OF THE UNITED STATES NAVY-Continued.

Submarines designated as follows: A-2, A-3, A-4, A-5, A-6, A-7, B-1, B-2, B-3, C-1, C-2, C-3, C-4, C-5, D-1, D-2, D-3, E-1, E-2, F-1, F-2, F-3, G-1, G-2, G-3, G-4, H-1, H-2, H-3, K-1, K-2, K-3, K-4, K-5, K-6, K-7, K-8, L-1, L-2, L-3, L-4, L-5, L-6, L-7, L-8, L-9, L-10, L-11, M-1, N-1, N-1, N-3, N-4, N-5, N-6, N-7, C-1, O-2, O-3, O-4, O-5, O-6, O-7, O-8, O-9, O-10, O-11, O-12, O-13, O-14, O-15, O-16, No. 60, No. 61, and Schley.

#### DATES OF FUTURE RETIREMENTS OF REAR-ADMIRALS.

DATES OF FUTURE RETIREMENTS OF REAR-ADMIRAIS.

The following are the dates of future retirements of Rear-Admirals (named in the order of their rank) now on the active list for age limit under the law: Austin M. Knight, December 16, 1918; James M. Helm, December 16, 1919; Nathaniel R. Usher, April 7, 1919; Frank F. Fletcher, November 23, 1919; Wythe M. Parks, September 8, 1920; William B. Caperton, June 30, 1919; Walter F. Worthington, March 8, 1919; Henry T. Mayo, December 8, 1920; Charles F. Pond, October 26, 1920; Walter McLean, July 30, 1919; De Witt Coffman, November 28, 1918; Reynold T. Hall, November 5, 1922; William F. Fullam, October 20, 1919; Albert G. Winterhalter, October 5, 1920; Angustus F. Fechteler, September 1, 1921; Albert Gleaves, January 1, 1922; Herbert O. Dunn, May 28, 1921; Albert W. Grant, April 14, 1920; William S. Borson, September 25, 1919; Thomas S. Rodgers, August 18, 1922; James H. Glennon, February 11, 1921.

The active list of the Navy comprises 3,054 commissioned and 400 warrant officers on tincluding 1,226 at the Naval Academy. There are 845 commissioned and 135 warrant officers on the retired list. The enlisted sciench all values of the Naval Academy by law is 14,700 men and apprentice seamen.

MARINE CORPS. For details see Index for "United States Marine Corps."

#### VESSELS OF UNITED STATES NAVY IN COMMISSION.

#### CORRECTED TO NOVEMBER 1, 1916.

#### ATLANTIC FLEET.

Admiral Henry T Mayo Commander-in-Chief. Pennsylvania, B. 1st L. (Flagehlp of Admiral Mayo), Capt. H. B. Wilson.

#### BATTLESHIP FORCE

Vice-Admiral De Witt Coffman, Commander,

#### DIVISION FIVE

#### Rear-Admiral Herbert O Dunn, Commander,

Connecticut, B. 2d L. (Flagship of Rear-Admiral Dunn). Capt. A. T. Long.
Michigan, B. 2d L. Capt. C B Brittain

South Carolina, B. 2d L. Capt. S. S. Robison.
Vermont, B. 2d L. Capt. H. O. Stickney.

#### DIVISION SIX.

#### Rear-Admiral Augustus F. Fechteler, Commander.

New York, B. 1st L. (Flagship of Rear-Admiral Fechteler). Capt. C. F. Hughes. Delaware, B. 2d L. Capt. A. H. Scales.

#### DIVISION SEVEN.

#### Rear-Admiral Thomas S. Rodgers, Commander.

Florida, B. 1st L. (Flagship of Rear-Admiral Rod· | Arkansas, B. 1st L. Capt. W. H. G. Bullard gers). Capt. Thos. Washington. | Utah, B. 1st L. Capt. F. B. Bassett, Jr.

#### DIVISION EIGHT.

#### Vice-Admiral De Witt Coffman, Commander.

Wyoming, B. 1st L. (Flagship of Vice-Admiral Coff-man). Capt. H. A. Wiley. Arizona, B. 1st L. Capt. V. S. Sims. Arizona, B. 1st L. Capt. J. D. McDonald.

CRUISER FORCE Rear-Admiral Charles F. Pond, Commander.

Prairie, Trans. (Flazship of Rear-Admiral Charles F. Fond, Commander.
Comdr. W. S. Crosley.
Castine, fuel ship. Comdr. K. M. Bennett.
Des Moines, C. 3d C. Comdr. J. R. Y. Blakely
Illinois, B. 2d L. Comdr. F. A. Traut.
Machias, G. B. Lieut.-Comdr. A. Kautz.

Rear-Admiral Charles F. Fond, Commander.
Nontana, A. C. Comdr. C. Wells.
Nashville, G. B. Lieut.-Comdr. H. E. Yarnell.
Nashville, G. B. Lieut.-Comdr. H. E. Bristol,
Sacramento, G. B. Comdr. R. C. Bulmer.
Wheeling, G. B. Comdr. E. H. Watson.

## DESTROYER FORCE.

#### Rear-Admiral Albert Gleaves, Commander,

Aylwin Balch Beale Benham Burrows	Conyngham Cummings Cushing Davis Downes Drayton Duncan	Fanning Flusser Henley Jacob Jones Jarvis	Lamson Mayrant McCall McDougal Monaghan	O'Brien Parker Patterson Paulding Perkins Porter Preston	Roe Rowan Sampson Smith Sterett	Trippe Tucker Wadsworth Wainwright Walke Warrington Winslow				

#### MINE FORCE.

Commander Reginald R. Belknap, Commander.

Baitimore, Mine Planter. Comdr. A. W. Marshall, Dubuque, G. B. Lieut.-Comdr. T. L. Johnson, Lebanon, A. S. Chf. Bosn. C. Crone. Ontario, Tug. Chf. Bosn. C. Crone. Ontario, Tug. Chf. Bosn. B. O. Halliwill.

# TRAIN.

	Capt. William D Rougels, Con	umander.
Vestal (repair ship) Arethusa (fuel ship) Celtic (supply ship) Culgoa (supply ship)	Cyclops (fuel ship) Jupiter (fuel ship) Neptune (fuel ship)	Orion (fuel ship) Prometheus (repair ship) Solace (hospital ship)

RESERVE FORCE.

Alabama, B. 2d L. Comdr. J. F. Carter, Chester, C. 3d C. Lieut. (J. G.) C. C. Baughman. Cheago, C. 2d C. Lieut. (J. G.) E. F. Clement. Georgia, B. 2d L. Comdr. G. L. P. Stone. Kanssas, B. 2d L. Comdr. G. E. Gelm. Kernsage, B. 2d L. Comdr. G. E. Gelm. Kentucky, B. 2d L. Comdr. D. E. Dismukes, Louislana, B. 2d L. Comdr. D. E. Dismukes, Maine, B. 2d L. Comdr. M. M. Taylor. Minnesota, B. 2d L. Capt. E. H. Durell.

FORCE.
Missourt, B. 2d L. Lleut, W. F., Jacobs.
Nebraska, B. 2d L. Capt, G. H. Burrage.
New Hampshire, B. 2d L. Capt, L. H. Chandler.
New Jersey, B. 2d L. Comdr. L. A. Kaiser.
North Dakota, B. 1st L. Capt, W. M. Crose.
Ohio, B. 2d L. Lleut, Comdr. G. J. Meyers.
Rhode Island, B. 2d L. Comdr. J. L. Latimer.
Virginia, B. 2d L. Capt, R. H. Jackson,
Washington, A. C. Capt, B. C. Decker.
Wisconsin, B. 2d L. Lieut, C. H. Shaw.

PACIFIC FLEET.

Admiral William B. Caperton, Commander-in-Chief.

San Diego, A. C. (Flagship of Admiral Caperton). Comdr. G. B. Bradshaw. Chattanoga, C. 3d C. Comdr. J. F. Hines. Chattanoga, C. 3d C. Lieut.-Comdr. A. Bronson, Jr. Annapolis, G. B. Lieut.-Comdr. C. Richardson. Buffalo, Trans. Lieut.-Comdr. P. Washington.

COAST TORPEDO FORCE.

Commander Arthur G. Kavanagh, Commander.

Hopkins Hull

Lawrence Paul Jones Perry Preble Stewart Whipple

Brutus (fuel ship) Glacier (supply ship)

TRAIN. Iroquois (tug) Nanshan (fuel ship)

Nero (fuel ship) Saturn (collier)

RESERVE FORCE.

Rear-Admiral William F. Fullam, Commander,

man. Maryland, A. C. Lieut.-Comdr. D. E. Theleen. New Orleans, C. 3d C. Lieut. B. L. Canaga.

Colorado, A. C. (Flagship of Rear-Admiral Fulliam).
Comdc, M. E. Trench.
Cleveland, C. 3d C. Lieut. (J. G.) W. E. Baughman.
Maryland, A. C. Lieut.-Comdc, D. E. Theleen.
Waryland, A. C. Lieut.-Comdc, D. E. Theleen.
West Virghia, A. C. Lieut.-Comdr. L. R. Sargent,

ASIATIC FLEET.

Admiral Albert G. Winterhalter, Commander-in-Chief.

FIRST DIVISION.

Brooklyn, C. 1st C. (Flagship of Admiral Winter-halter). Cemdr. G. C. Day. Comdr. F. H. Brumby. Galveston, C. 3d C. Comdr. E. S. Kellogg.

SECOND DIVISION.

Wilmington, G. B. Comdr. F. L. Chadwick. Monceacy, G. B. Licut. G. S. Bryan. Palos, G. B. Licut. H. Delano.

Quiros, G. B. Lieut. (J. G.) F. Loltin. Samar, G. B. Lieut. (J. G.) S. W. King. Villalobos, G. B. Lieut. W. E. Clarke.

THIRD DIVISION.

Helena, G. B. Comdr. W. D. Brotherton. Elcano, G. B. Lieut.-Comdr. W. G. Briggs. Pampauga, G. B. Lieut. (J. G.) J. R. Barry.

|Balnbridge

VESSELS OF TORPEDO FLOTILLA. Barry Chauncey

Decatur

Abarenda (fuel ship) Ajax (Iuel ship)

Dale

FLEET AUXILIARIES. Monterey (monitor) Piscataqua (tug)

Wompatuck (tug)

For complete list and stations of United States Naval Vessels see Monthly Navy and Marine Corps List and Directory, which may be purchased from the Superintendent of Public Documents, Washington, D. C., at 10 cents per copy.

Abbrevlations: A. C.—Armored Cruiser. B. Ist L.—Battleship, first line. B. 2d L.—Battleship, seeond line. C. 1st C.—Cruiser, first class. C. 2d C.—Cruiser, second class. C. 3d C.—Cruiser, third class.
C. G. B.—Converted gunboat. Des.—Destroyer, G. B.—Gunboat. M.—Monitor. Mer. Com.—Merelant complement. T. B.—Torpedo boat. Trans.—Transport. Sta. Ship—Station ship. R. S.—Receiving

#### CHIEF OF NAVAL OPERATIONS.

The Naval Appropriation Act, approved March 4, 1915, provides that "There shall be a Chief of Naval Operations, who shall be an officer on the active list of the Navy, appointed by the President by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, from among the officers of the line of the Navy not below the grade of Captain, for a period of four years, who shall, under the direction of the Secretary of the Navy, not below the grade of Captain of the grade of Captain be appointed Chief of Naval Operations, to the grade of Captain be appointed Chief of Naval Operations, he shall have the rank, title, and emoluments of a Rear-Admiral while holding that position."

The Naval Appropriation Act, approved August 29, 1916, provides that "Hereafter the Chief of Naval Operations, while so serving as such Chief of Naval Operations, shall have the rank and title of Admiral, to take rank next after the Admiral of the Navy, and shall, while so serving as Clief of Naval Operations, receive the pay of \$10,000 per annum and no chowances. All orders issued by the Chief of Naval Operations in performing the duties assigned him shall be performed under the authority of the Secretary of the Navy, and his orders shall be considered as emanating from the Secretary, and shall have full force and effect as such. To assist the Chief of Naval Operations in performing the duties of his one there shall be assigned for this exclusive duty not less than fitteen officers of and above the rank of Lieutenant-Commander of the Navy of Major of the Marine Corps: Provided, That if an officer of the grade of Captain be appointed Chief of Naval Operations in performing the duties of his one there shall be assigned for this exclusive duty not less than fitteen officers of and above the rank of Lieutenant-Commander of the Naval Operations he shall have the rank and title of Admiral, as above provided, while holding that position: Provided Jurther, That should an officer, while serving as Chief of Naval Operations and holds the rank of the Navay Yard, Phi

# DIMENSIONS, COAL SUPPLY, ARMOR, AND COMPLEMENT.

	Load ine.	نے و	ught.	- ×	of uhes.	P	RMO	R.	Pro	VE		IPLE-	
Vessels.	Length on Los Water Line.	Extreme Breadth.	Mean Draugh	Bunker Capacity.	Number of Torpedo Tubes	Sides.	Turrets.	Barbette.	Ends.	Amid-	Officers.	Men.	Type of Engines.
Alabama. Alabama. Alabamy. Alert. Amphitrite. Annapolis. Arkansas Baltimore. Birmingham. Boston. Brooklyn Bushnell. Castine. California* Castine. Charleston. Chatleston. Chester. Cheyenne (1) Chicago Cleviand. Colorado. Columbla. Colorado. Columbla. Colorado. Columbla. Colorado. Columbla. Colorado. Columbla. Colorado. Columbla. Connecticut. Delaware. Denyer. Des Moines. Dikle. Dolphin. Don Juan de Austris Dubuque. Elcano. Florida. Fulton. Galveston. Georgia. Hancock. Helena. Henderson'. Idaho* Illinois. Indiana. Henderson'. Idaho* Illinois. Indiana. Henderson'. Idaho* Kearsatge. Keathucky. Lebanon. Louislana. Machias. Maine. Maryland. Massachusetts. Melville. Michigan. Milwaukee. Minneapolis. Monocaey. Montana. Monterey. Monterey. Monterey.	Ft. In. 3348 0 3348 0 10 1777 4 34 20 0 0 0 5524 0 0 15 20 20 2 0 2 20 2 20 2 20 2 20 2	72 2 43 9 0 4 4 2 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Ft. 1n. 6 10 13 16 10 13 16 10 13 16 10 13 16 10 10 13 16 10 10 16 10 10 11 12 15 15 16 10 10 11 12 15 15 16 10 10 10 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	1,447,747,197,271,197,271,197,271,197,271,1,250,21,250,21,250,21,250,21,250,21,250,21,250,21,250,21,250,21,250,21,250,21,250,250,250,250,250,250,250,250,250,250	2-21 2-21 2-21 2-21 2-21 3-21 3-21 3-21	11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	736 7 7 10 10 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12	8 8 111 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1.551. 1.552. 2.44. 3.22.44. 3.22.44. 3.33.43. 4.33.43. 7-11.43. 3.34.33.44. 4.33.44. 7-11.43.	2 2 3 3 1 1 2 2 3 3 1 1 2 2 3 3 2 3 4 5 1 1 2 3 3 2 3 4 5 2 1 1 2 3 3 2 3 4 5 2 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 2 3 3 3 1 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 2 3 3 3 1 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 2 3 3 3 3	5291995 199195 1	129	T.T.S.S., V.T.T.E.E.S.S., V.Y.T.T.E.E.S.S.S.S.S.V.Y.T.T.E.E.S.S.S.V.Y.T.E.E.S.S.S.V.Y.T.E.E.S.S.S.S.V.Y.T.E.E.S.S.S.S.V.Y.T.E.E.S.S.S.S.S.S.S.S.V.Y.T.E.E.S.S.S.S.S.S.S.S.S.S.S.S.S.S.S.S.S

<sup>•</sup> Under construction. † Tors of fuel oil. (1) Monitor formerly named Wyoming.

DIMENSIONS, COAL SUPPLY, ARMOR. AND COMPLEMENT.

		0110,	COAL	SUPPI								ENI.	·
	on Load r Line.	the th	Draught.	ity.	r of Tubes,	Α	RMOI	ł.	PRO TI DE	TEC~ VE CK.		PLE-	
Vessels.	Length of	Extreme Breadth.	Mean Dr	Bunker Capacity.	Number of Torpedo Tubes.	Sides.	Turrets.	Barbette.	Ends.	Amid- ships.	Officers.	Mea.	Type of Engines.
		Ft. In.	Ft In.	1		In	In	In.	In.	In.			
Nevada. New Hampshire New Mexico* New Jersey New Mexico* New Orleans Newport New Orleans Newport North Carolina North Dakota. Onlo. Orleans Orleans Orleans Orleans Orleans Orleans Orleans Orleans Orleans Orleans Orleans Orleans Orleans Orleans Orleans Orleans Orleans Orleans Pallos Padlos Pallos Pallos Pampanga Panther Pennsylvania Petrel Pittsburgh (6) Pompey Prairle Princeton Prometheus Quiros Raieleih Ranger Rhode island Sacramento Salem Sacramento Salem Sacramento Salem Sacramento Salens Saratora (5) Solace South Carolina South Dakota St. Louis Taciona Tallahnssee (3) Tennessee* Texas Texas Tonopah (4) Utah Vestal Vestal Vesturina Vesturina Vesturina Withiniaton Wisconsin Wilminiaton Wisconsin Wyoming Yorktown	575 5 292 292 252 252 252 252 252 252 252	$ \begin{array}{c} 764 \\ 1836 \\ 201$	230 0 10 2 2 3 6 6 6 6 1 2 3 2 3 2 3 2 3 2 3 2 3 2 3 2 3 2 3 3 3 3 2 3 2 3 3 3 2 3	2.592 2.592	4-21 4-21 4-21 3-18 4-21 3-18 4-21 3-18 4-21 3-18 4-21 3-18	11	12 12 15 10 10 12 12 9	10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 11 11 10	23 34 3.4.3 2.&3	5-16-16-16-16-16-16-16-16-16-16-16-16-16-	5335392285541811111111111111111111111111111111	84129441941941941941941941941941941941941941	2-Screw Turbine. T. S. V.T. E. 4-Screw Electric, S. S. V.T. E. 4-Screw Electric, S. S. V.T. E. S. S. V. T. E. S.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Under construction. (2) Monitor formerly named Arkansas. (3) Monitor formerly named Florida. (4) Monitor formerly named Newada. (5) Cruiser formerly named New York. (6) Armored cruiser formerly named Pennsylvania. (7) Formerly named California.

Abbreviations, C. I.—Compound inverted. T. S.—Twin screws. V. T. E.—Vertical triple expansion H. C.—Horizontal compound. I. C.—Inclined compound. S. S.—Single screw. H. T. E.—Horizontal triple expansion. V C.—Vertical compound. V. Q. E.—Vertical quadruple expansion.

The origin of the Navy Department may he said to date from October 13, 1775, when Congress authorized the equipment of two cruisers, mounting respectively 10 and 14 guns. Before the end of that year 15 more vessels of from 20 to 36 guns were authorized. The affairs of the Navy were at that time intrusted to a "Maritime Committee." In 1798 the present department was formally created, and Benjamin Stoddart appointed the first Secretary.

#### NAVY YARDS.

1. New York Navy Yard, Brooklyn, N. Y.
2. Boston Navy Yard, Boston, Mass.
3. Norfolk Navy Yard, near Norfolk, Va.
4. Portsmouth Navy Yard, Portsmouth, N. H.
5. Philadelphia Navy Yard, Philadelphia, Pa. 6. Mare Island Navy Yard, near San Francisco, Cal.
7. Washington Navy Yard, Washington, D. C.
8. Puset Sound Navy Yard, Fremerton, Wash.
9. Charleston Navy Yard, Charleston, S. C.
10. New Orleans, La.

There is a naval station at Key West, Fla., a torpedo and training station at Newport, R. I., a training station on Yerba Buena Island, Cal., and a training station at No. Chicago, Ill., an aeronautic station at Pensacola, Fla., and the Naval War College, Newport, R. I.

Naval stations have been established at Tuttilla, Samoa; Island of Guam; Guantanamo, Cuba; Honothe Aslatic Fleet.

#### OLD VESSELS.

There are in the Navy a small number of old vessels which are unserviceable for war purposes. A number of these vessels are in service as receiving ships at the principal Navy Yards.

There are 50 tugs in the Naval Service, of which the Ontario and Sonoma have a displacement of 1,102 tons, and the two smallest, the Chickasaw and Waban, 100 and 150 tons respectively. These vessels are distributed among the various naval stations in the United States and the Philippine Islands.

#### SUMMARY OF VESSELS IN THE UNITED STATES NAVY.

(In service, under construction and authorized.)

Battleships, first line, 26; battleships, second line, 26; battle cruisers, 6; armored cruisers, 10; cruisers, first class, 5; cruisers, second class, 4; cruisers, class, 16; nonitors, 7; destroyers, 124; torpedo boats, 18; submarines, 143; tenders to torpedo vessels, 8; gunboats, 30; transports, 6; supply ships, 5; hospital ships, 2; tenders, 25; converted yachts, 14; tugs, 50, special type, 6; unserviceable for war purposes, 21. Total, 552.

#### RELATIVE RANK IN THE UNITED STATES ARMY AND NAVY.

(Section 1466 of the Revised Statutes of the United States.)

Generals rank with Admirals. Generals rank with Vice-Admirals. Major-Generals rank with Rear-Admirals. Brigadier-Generals rank with Commodores. Colonels rank with Captains. Lieutenant-Colonels rank with Commanders.

Majors rank with Lieutenant-Commanders. Captains rank with Lieutenants. First Lieutenants rank with Lieutenants, Junior Grade.

Second Licutenants rank with Ensigns. Cadets rank with Midshipmen.

#### CUNNERY AND EFFICIENCY OF UNITED STATES WARSHIPS.

IN September, 1916, the Navy Department published the relative standings of the principal vessels of the Navy in gunnery and general efficiency during the past year.

The standing of vessels in gunnery for the year ended June 20, 1916, was as follows:

The standing of vessels in gunnery for the year ended June 20, 1916, was as follows:

Vessels of the Battieship Class—Texas, 93.700; II-2, 79.747; K-4, 72.585; II-3, 49.570; K-3, 48.246; Virginia, 78.840; Michigan, 78.825; Nebraska, K-5, 39.967; D-1, 37.954; K-7, 37.238; D-3, 34.016; 76.109; New York, 72.594; New Jersey, 62.374; K-1, 32.673; K-2, 31.118; A-2, 27.286; C-3, 21.518; 77.075; San Diego, 54.453; South Carolina, 51.718; Louisiana, 49.406; Delaware, 46.496; Kanasa, 49.406; Delaware, 46.496; Kanasa, A-2, 5.462; B-3, 11.01; A-6, 0.833; 40.402; Utah, 37.659; Arkanasa, 33.297. Vessels of the Torpedo Class—Stewart, 96.714; Patterson, 93.270; Perry, 87.830; Fanning, 86.678; Paul Jones, 83.426; Cassin, 82.429; Warrington, 78.272; McDougal, 75.923; Drayton, 73.385; Nicholson, 70.322; Preble, 69.695; Cummings, 69.480; Parker, 65.060; Balch, 58.907; Jarvis, 57.538; Ericsson, 55.834; Winslow, 33.930; O'Brier, 51.293; Warylower, 73.516; Dubque, 48.946; Samar, Whipple, 49.359; Jenkins, 47.507; Aylwin, 45.044; Wardsworth, 44.271. Vessels of the Submarine Class—K-8, 100.000; Uklmington, 16.297; Jupiter, 15.908; Eleano, The standings and merit for battle efficiency for the year ended June 30, 1916, were as follows:

The standings and merit for battle efficiency for the year ended June 30, 1916, were as follows:

Vessels of the Battleship Class—Texas, 99.174; Michigan, 90.475; New York, 84.045; Wyoming, 70.232; Florida, 69.236; San Diego, 65.848; Louisiana,

Vessels of the Battleship Class—Texas, 99.174; Winslow, 68.089; Jenkins, 67.984; Barry, 56.852; Michigan, 90.475; New York, 84.045; Wyoming, 70.232; Florida, 69.236; San Diego, 65.848; Louisiana, 59.774; Arkansas, 54.042; South Carolina, 53.122; Utah, 44.369.

Utah, 44.369.

Vessels of the Torpedo Class—Patterson, 95.861; Cassin, 78.238; Jarvis, 72.862; Balch, 68.970; K-7, 60.257; A-4, 56.372; D-1, 55.544; D-3, 53.985; Vessels of the Torpedo Class—Patterson, 95.861; A-7, 46.543; D-2, 45.93; K-5, 42.861; Sanning, 88.370; McDougal, 83.481; Cummines, A-6, 38.175; A-3, 37.641; K-2, 36.674; B-3, 34.841; 31.554; Cassin, 78.238; Jarvis, 72.862; Balch, 68.970; K-1, 32.918; H-1, 32.911; A-2, 30.691.

#### JOINT STATE AND NAVY NEUTRALITY BOARD.

Shortly after the outbreak of the European war the President of the United States appointed a Neutrality Board to advise the Department of State and other departments of the Government regarding the numerous questions with respect to the duties and the rights of the United States as a neutral nation, in cases which bave constantly arisen and many of which are of a very delicate character. The Chairman of the Neutrality Board is Dr. James Brown Scott, formerly Solicitor for the Department of State and now Sceretary of the Carnegie Endowment for International Peace and Director of its Division of International Law; associated with blim are Capt. Harry S. Knapp, member of the General Board of the Navy and of the joint Army and Navy Board, and Capt. James H. Oliver, Director of the Office of Naval Intelligence and member of the General Board of the Navy. Headquarters, Washington, D. C.

The Neutrality Board holds dally sessions to consider questions referred to it by the Department of State.

#### UNITED STATES NAVAL ENLISTMENT.

THE term of enlistment in the Navy is four years, except for boys under eighteen, who enlist for minority, with the consent of parents or guardian - Minors over eighteen are enlisted without the consent of parents or guardian, but they must furnish a birth certificate or verified written statement of parent or guardian as to their age. Only American citizens of good character who may reasonably be expected to remain in the service are enlisted, and every applicant must pass the required physical examination, be able to read and write English and take the oath of alleglance. No boy under seventeen can be enlisted except by special permission from the department.

Information regarding rates, with pay, opportunities for advancement, allowances, etc., can be obtained by addressing: Bureau of Navigation Navy Department, Washington, D. C.

#### PERMANENT NAVY RECRUITING STATIONS ARE LOCATED AS FOLLOWS:

ALABAMA—Birmingham, Hood Building
ARIZONA—Phœnix, Central Building; Tucson, Pennington and Stone Streets.

nington and Stone Streets.

ARKANSAS—Fort Smith, American National Bank
Building; Little Rock, Bankers Trust Building;
CALIFORNIA—Los Angeles, Union Oil Building; Sacramento, Fith and K Streets; San Diego Post
Building; San Francisco, 417 Market Street
COLORADO—Colorado Springs. Post-Office Building;
Denver, Quincy Building, Pueblo Post-Office

Building

Gundag.

Gonzerieur—Bridgeport, 62 Cannon Street: Hartford, Post-Office Building, New Haven, 962 Chapel Street: New London State and Bradley Streets; Georgia—Atlanta, Post-Office Building, Savannah.

GEORGIA—Atlanta, Post-Office Building, Savadinan-Halligan Building;
LLINOIS—Chicago, 130 North Fifth Avenue; Moline
Post-Office Building, Post-Office Building; Fort
Wayne, Post-Office Building; Indianapolis, PostOffice Building and Ocener Illinois and Onlo
Streets; South Bend, Office Building; Terre

Streets; South Bend, Post-Unice Building; Terre Hautc, Post-Office Building; Cedar Rapids, 322 Serond Avenue; Davenport 104½ West Second Street; Des Moines old Post-Office Building; Fort Dodge, Post-Office Building; Slottuc City, Post-Office Building; Waterloo, 208½ East Equation Street.

City, Post-Office Building; Waterioo, 2037 East Fourth Street.

KANSAS—Topeka, Post-Office Building; Wilchita, Post-Office Building, KENTUCKY—Louisville, Post-Office Building, LOUISIANA—New Orleans, 730 Common Street.

MAINE—Bangor, 208 Exchange Street; Lewiston, 138 Lisbon Street; Portland, 97 Exchange Street.

MARTIANO—Baltimore, Metropolitan Savings Bank Building. Building.

MASSAGRUSETTS—Boston, 146 Tremont Street: Fall River, 102 South Main Street; Holvoke, 303 National Bank Building; Lowell, 7 Merrimack Street: Pittsfeld, Post-Office Bullding; Spring-field, 264 Main Street; Worcester, Knowles Building

ing.

MicHigAN—Detroit, Hall Bullding; Grand Rapids,
Fourth National Bank Building; Kalamazoo, PostOffice Building; Saginaw, Post-Office Building,
MinNessora—Duluth, Post-Office Building; Minneapolis, Federal Office Building and Custoni-House;
St. Paul, Post-Office Building; Virginla, Matheson
Ratiding.

St. Paur, Post-Office Building; Kansas Building.
Missouri—Joplin, Post-Office Building; Kansas City, Post-Office Building; St. Joseph, Post-Office Building; St. Joseph, Post-Office Building; Great Falls, 6 Simpson Block.

NEBRASKA—Lincoln, Post-Office Building; Great Post-Office Building.

Post-Office Building.

Post-Office Building. NEW HAMPSHIRE—Dover, 356 Central Avenue. NEW JERSEY—Elizabeth, 225 Broad Street; Newark, 86 Park Place and 294 Market Street; Paterson, 202 Market Street; Trenton, Post-Office Building.

NEW MEXICO -Albuquerque, Armijo Building.

New York—Albany, 463 Broadway; Binghamton, Post-Office Building; Brooklyn. 1239 Bedford Avenue I Hanson Fiace, and 1028 Gates Avenue; Buffalo Post-Office Building; Elmira, Post-Office Building; Jarnaica. 324 Fulton Street; New York City 34 East Twenty-third Street, 112 East One Hundred and Twenty-fith Street, 130 West Street; Bronx, 394 East One Hundred and Fitteth Street; Rochester, 30 Main Street East, Schenectady, Hong: Building; Syracuse, McCarthy, Building; Troy, 210 Times Building.

North Carolina—Charlotte, Davidson & Childs Building; Raleigh Martin and Wilmington Streets; Winston-Salem. Post-Office Building.

Winston-Salein. Post-Office Billiding.
NORTH DAXOTA—Fargo, Post-Office Billiding.
OHIO—Akron. 37 South H. ward Street; Chichnatl,
Post-Office Billiding; Cleveland. Boehme Buildlng and 727 Superior Avenue N. E.; Columbus,
Post-Office Billiding; Dayton, Post-Office Building;
Toledo. 639 St. Clair Street; Youngstown, Federal
Street and Spring Common.

OKLAHOMA—Muskogee, 1091/2 West Okmulgee Street: Oklahoma City, Grand Avenue and Broadwav.

OREGON-Portland, Dekum Building and 221/2 North Third Street.

ENNSYLVANIA-Allentown, Commonwealth Build-ENNSYLVANIA—Allentown, Commonwealth Build-ing; Erle, Post-Office Building; Harrisburg, Berg-ner Building; Johnstown. Franklin and Main Streets; Philadelphia. 1310 Arch Street; Pitts-burgh. Fitzsimons Building; Reading, Post-Of-fice Building; Scranton, Coal Exchange Building, Wilkes-Barre, Davidow Building.

Wilkes-Barre, Davidonee, 42 Westminster Street; Woonsocket, 57 Commercial Building. South Dakora—Sieux Falls, Post-Office Building. Tennessee—Chattanooga, 154 East Seventh Street; Knoxville, Post-Office Building; Memphis, Main and Madison Streets; Nashville, Custom-House Building

Building.

Texas—Abilene, Post-Office Building; Austin, old
Post-Office Building; Beaumont, Post-Office Building; Dallas, 1616½ Main Street; Denison, PostOffice Building; El Paso, 204½ El Paso Street;
Fort Worth, 506½ Main Street; Galveston,
Twenty-second Street and Avenue C; Houston,
Binz Building; San Antonio Post-Office Building;
Tevarkana, Federal Court Building; Tyler, PostOffice Building; Waco, Post-Office Building;
Wichita Falls, 713½ Indiana Avenue.
UTAH—Ogden, 2408 Washington Street; Sat Lake
City, Keth Emporlum Building.
Vermont—Burlington, Post-Office Building;
Vermont—Burlington, Post-Office Building;
Mond, Allison Building; Roanoke, McBain Building.

ing.
WASHINGTON—Seattle, Marlan Block; Spokane,
Exchange Bank Building.
WISCONSIN—Marinette, Post-Office Building; Milwaukee, 222 Grand Avenue; Oshkosh, Post-Office
Building; Wausau, 501 Third Street.
WYOMING—Clieyenne, 212½ West Sixteenth Street

#### NAVY RECRUITING SERVICE.

Publicity offices have been established at New York, N. Y. (318 West Thirty-ninth Street), for the Eastern district, and Indianapolis, Ind. (Post-Office Building), for the Western district, where full information regarding the pay, opportunities, etc., of service in the United States Navy may be obtained. Inquiries from the different States should be sent to the nearest of the two districts enumerated above. Address "Publicity Office. Navy Recruiting Service, 318 West Thirty-ninth Street, New York," or "Indianapolis, Ind.," as the case may be. All inquiries will be promptly answered by an officer of the Navy. Better still, if you are in a position to do so, call at the nearest station and get all information first hand from the enlisted men who have seen service in our Navy.

## YEARLY PAY OF NAVAL OFFICERS AND MEN OF THE NAVIES OF THE PRINCIPAL POWERS.\*

United States.		ENGLAND.		GERMANY.	
Title.	Pay, b.	Corresponding Title.	Pay, c.	Corresponding Title.	Pay, d.
Admiral of the Fleet a Admiral f. Vice-Admiral f. Rear-Admiral Commodore,† Captain Commander Lieutenant-Commander Lieutenant Lieutenant (Junior Grade) Ensign	\$13,500 9,000 8,000 6,000 4,000 3,500 3,000 2,400 2,000 1,700	Admiral of the Fleet Admiral. Vice-Admiral. Rear-Admiral. Commodore. Captain. Commander. Lieutenant Commanding. Lieutenant (average).  Sub-Lieutenant.	8,881 7,105 5,329 5,329 2,443 1,950 1,620 1,287	Grand Admiral Admiral Admiral Vice-Admiral Rear-Admiral Sea Captain Frigate Captain Corvette Captain Captain-Lieutenant Sea Lieutenant Sea Lieutenant Sub-Lieutenant	\$7,611 4,297 3,342 2,23 1,903 1,633 1,633 1,633 1,635 1,636 1,285
Midshipman	1,500 to 2,250		} 977	Senior Warrant Officer Warrant Officer	1
Mate	1,125 te 1,500 { 600 } to 840 } 432 } to 720	Chief Petty Officer (av.) Petty Officer, 6 years	326	Sergeant-Major	21
Petty Officer, Second Class Petty Officer, Third Class. Seaman, First Class	{ to 420 to 480 360 { 288 to 420	Petty Officer, 3 years Petty Officer, 1-3 years Leading Seaman	252 237 170	Senior Mate Mate Senior Seaman	13 9
Seaman, Second Class Seaman, Third Class	te360 192 to264	Able SeamanOrdinary Seaman	148	Ordinary Seaman Ship's Boy	

United States.		FRANCE.		Russia.	
Title.	Pay, b.	Corresponding Title,	Pay.	Corresponding Title.	Pay.
Admiral of the Fleet a Admiral Vice-Admiral Rear-Admiral Commodore † Captain Commander Lieutenant-Commander Lieutenant (Junior Grade) Ensign Midshipman Warrant Officer { Chief Petty Officer Petty Officer, First Class Petty Officer, Second Class Petty Officer, Third Class. Seaman, First Class	\$13,500 9,000 8,000 6,000 4,000 3,500 3,000 2,400 1,700 600 1,125 to 1,500 600 1,125 to 1,500 4,202 4,202 1,500	Aspirant  { Pilote Major.	\$4,220 to 4,888	Admiral Vice-Admiral Rear-Admiral Captain Commander Senior Lieutenant Lieutenant Sub-Lieutenant Chief Petty Officer Boatswain Petty Officer Seaman, First Class	\$8,300 to10,145 7,865 to 9,590 7,689 to 9,246 2,871 2,102 1,348 973 603 243 163 { 58
Seaman, Second Class Seaman, Third Class	to360 192 to264	Apprentice Seaman	42		

YEARLY PAY OF	F NAVAL OFFICERS	AND MEN O	F PRINCIPAL	POWERS-Cont'd.

UNITED STA	TES.	JAPAN.		ITALY.		SPAIN.		
Title.	Pay, b.	Correspond- ing Title.	Pay.	Correspond- ing Title.	Pay.	Correspond- ing Title.	Pay.	
Adm't of Fleet a Admirat		Admiral Vice-Admiral Rear-Admiral	\$2,988 1,992 1,643	Vice-Admiral	83,474 2,316 1,930	Admiral. Vice-Admiral. Rear-Admiral	\$4,748 3,165 2,761	
Captain	4,000	Captain	1,243	Captain	1,621	Captain {	1.543 to 1.796	
Commander	3,500	Commander	945	Commander {	1,120 to 1,409	Commander	1,198	
LieutCom	3,000	LieutCom			984 to 1,023	Lieut., 1st Class	922	
Lleutenant	2,400	Lieutenant	to 478	Lieutenant {	to 907	Lleutenant	648	
Lieut. (Jun. Gr.)	2,000	I t as Class	to 269					
Ensign	1,700	Sub-Lieut	221	Ensign	to 579	Ensign, 1st Class.	361	
Midshipman	600	Midshipman	149	Midshipman		Ensign	358	
Warrant Offic. {	1,500 to 2,250	Chief War.Off. Warrant Off	to 388	Wannant Officer	275 233			
Mate {	1,125 to 1.500							
Chief Petty Off.	600 to 840			Chief Petty Off.	137		H	
PettyOff.,1st Cl.	to 720	PettyOff.,1st Cl.	to 153	PettyOff.,1stCi.	113		}	
Petty Off.,2d Cl.	to 420	Petty Off., 2d Cl.	1					
Petty Off.,3d Cl.	200	DALLA OF 24 CI	55 to 58				11	
Seaman, 1st Cl.	to 420	1st-Cl. Seaman.	38	Seaman, 1st Cl.	71			
Seaman, 2d Cl	to 360	2d-Cl. Seaman.	33	Seaman, 2d Cl	49			
Seaman, 3d Cl		4th-Cl. Seaman.	13	Seaman, 3d Cl.	21	l}	IJ	

a. In the United States and nearly all other countries, Admiral is the highest naval grade. b. Base pay or pay proper of officers. For increase for length of service, etc., see Navy Pay Roll. c. Pay proper; does not include allowances. d. Does not include table money. c. Data for enlisted personnel not available. f. A provision contained in the Naval Appropriation Act approved March 4, 1915, provides that the Commanders in Chief of the Atlantic, Pacific, and Asi the Fleets shall have the rank of Admiral while so serving, with pay at the rate of \$10,000 per annum, and that the officers designated as second in command of the above-named fleets shall have the rank of Vice-Admiral while so serving, with pay at the rate of \$9,000 per annum. "This table gives approximately the correct average of pay of each grade. It is practically impossible to give the exact amounts received by officers, because of differences of pay of the same grade under varying conditions, that the late of the same productions on retired list of United States Navy receive \$4,500.

#### NAVAL CONSULTING BOARD.

THE Secretary of the Navy, during the Summer of 1915, organized a Naval Consulting Board composed of a number of scientists for the purpose of making available the latent inventive genius of the country to improve the Navy by the development of inventions and such suggestions any be of practical utility. In this connection it is the intention to establish an experimental and research laboratory in the Navy Department, The members of the Consulting Board will receive no compensation for their scrules, there being no provision of law providing therefor. In selecting the members of the board, the Secretary requested Mr. Thomas A. Edison to become Chairman, who has accepted such designation. He further requested eleven great engineering and scientific societies to select by popular election two members each to represent their society on the board. The board has since been legally organized in accordance with the provisions of the Act of Congress of August 29, 1916. A committee was appointed on September 19, 1916, to investigate proposed sites for the establishment of an experimental and research laboratory. The following are the societies with the members selected and accepted:

American Chemical Society—W. R. Whitney and I. American Society of Automobile Engineers—

American Chemical Society—W. R. Whitney and L. H. Backeland. L. H. Backeland.
American Institute of Electrical Engineers—Frank
Julian Sprague and Benjamin G. Lamme.
American Mathematical Society—Robert Simpson Woodward and Arthur Gordon Webster.
American Society of Civil Engineers—Andrew
Murray Hutt and Alfred Craven.
American Aeronautical Society—Matthew Bacon

Sellers and Hudson Maxim. Inventors' Guild—Peter Cooper Hewitt and Thomas Robins.

American Society of Automobile Engineers— Howard F. Coffin and Andrew L. Riker. American Institute of Mining Engineers—William Lawrence Saunders and Benjamin Bowditch Thayer. American Electrochemical Society—Joseph Will-iam Richards and Lawrence Addicks. American Society of Mechanical Engineers— William Le Roy Emmet and Spencer Miller. American Society of Aeronautic Engineers—Elmer A. Sperry and Bion J. Arnold.

The following committees have been formulated to deal with the various kinds o. technical problems submitted by the Navy Department. The name of Chalrman is given.

R. Ordnance and Explosives-Hudson Steam Chemistry and Physics-W. Whitney.

Aeronautics (including aero motors) Maxim.

Wireless and Communications—P.
C. Hewltt.
Transportation—Benjamin B.
Thayer. -Elmer A. Sperry.

Internal Combustion Motors—Andrew L. Riker.
Electricity—Frank J. Sprague. Production, Organization, Manufac-ture, and Standardization—How-ard E. Coffin. Ship Construction—Frank J. Mines and Torpedoes-Elmer A.

Sperry. Submarines-William Le Roy Em-Ship Sprague. Steam Engineering and Ship Pro-pulsion—Andrew M. Hunt. Life-Saving Apparatus—Spencer Miller. Aids to Sperry Navigation-Elmer Food and Sanitation-L. H. Backe-

land.

Public Works, Yards, and Docks—
Afred Craven. Oil Fuel-Spencer Miller.

#### NAVAL MILITIA.

THE Naval Militia is now organized in twenty-two States, the District of Columbia, and the Territory of Hawali, as follows:

STATE.	Com- mis'd Offs.	War- rant Offs.	ty	Men.	To- tal.	Commanding Officer.
California	55	Q	166	657	887	Capt. Geo. W. Bauer.
Connecticut	18	3	100	228	238	Com, E. Hill, Jr.
D. of Columbia.	18 13 16	9 3 0 3	89 86	102	201	Com. R. B. Brummett.
Florida	16	3	75	187	281	LieutCom. G. B. Graham, 1st Bat.; LleutCom. L. W.
	10	ľ	1 10	101	201	Strum, 2d Bat.
Hawail	1	0	0	0	1 1	Com, A. Ger'ey.
Illinois	36	ň	132	393		Capt. E. A. Lyers.
Louisiana	36 23	002030000	69	202	206	Com, J. W. Bostick.
Maine	10	ก็	38	124	179	LleutCom. R. K. Dycr.
Maryland	10	3	38 44	128	104	Com, C. F. Macklin.
Massachusetts	53	ñ	171	524	749	LieutCom, J. T. Nelson.
Michigan	38	ő	125	333	106	Com. J. F. Lewis, 1st Bat.; Com. G. T. Stephenson, 2d Bat.
Minnesota	10 19 53 38 27 17 27	ñ	67	345	430	Capt. Guy A. Eaton.
Missouri	1 17	ŏ	50	161	998	Com, G. F. Schwartz.
New Jersey	97	1	69	345	449	Com. E. M. Peters, 1st Bat.; LleutCom. F. W. Hoffman.
	~ '	1	0.0	0.0	1	2d Bat.
New York	88	0	245	1,165	1 408	Com. R. P. Forshew.
North Carolina.	19	0	75	118		Capt, C. D. Bradham,
Ohlo	22	ŏ	100		294	Com. A. F. Nicklett, 1st Bat.; Com. E. J. Kelly, 2d Bat.
Oregon	- 2	2	45	137	192	LleutCom, G. F. Blair.
Pennsylvania	16	ñ	35	112	163	Com. T. T. Nelson, Jr.
Rhode Island	22 8 16 10	0 2 0 1	35 40	153	204	LientCom, E. P. Gladding.
South Carolina	19	îl	56	134	210	Com. H. W. Crouch.
Texas	5	ô	7	42	54	LieutCom, H. G. Black.
Washington	12	ĭl	60	251	324	LieutCom, W. B. Allison.
Wisconsln	12 6	ô	13	63	82	Lleut,-Com, Theo, W. Werder,
Total	558	26	1,857	6,076	8,517	

The following vessels have been assigned to the various Naval Militia: Adams, Alleen, Amphitrite, Boston, Chicago, Don Juan de Austria, Dorothea, Dupont, Elfrida, Essex, Farragut, Foote, Fox, Gloucester, Goldsborough, Gopher, Granite State, Hawk, Huntress, Isla de Luzon, Kersage, Maphlehead, Montgomery, New Orleans, Oregon, Rodgers, Sandoval, Somers, Sylvia, Vicksburg, Viken, Wasp, Welverine, Yantic.
All matters relating to the Naval Militia come under the cogulzance of the Assistant Secretary of the Navy, who transacts all business with the Naval Militia through the Governors and Adjutants-General (or Quartermasters-General) of the States. The officer in the Navy Department, Washington, having charge of Naval Militia matters is Capt. T. P. Magruder, U. S. N.

#### UNITED STATES NAVAL ACADEMY AT ANNAPOLIS.

UNITED STATES NAVAL ACADEMY AT ANNAPOLIS.

The students of the Naval Academy are called midshipmen. Three midshipmen are allowed for each Senator, Representative, and Delegate in Congress, two for the District of Columbia, fifteen each year from the United States at large and twenty-five each year from the enlisted personnel of the Navy who have been one year in the service. The appointments from the District of Columbia and fifteen each year at large and made by the President, while the twenty-five each year from the enlisted personnel of the Navy are made by the Secretary of the Navy after a competitive examination. One midshipman is allowed from Porto Rico, who injust be a native of that island. The appointment is made by the President, on the recommendation of the Governor of Porto Rico. The Congressional appointments are equitably distributed, so that as soon as practicable each Senator, Representative, and Delegate in Congress may appoint one midshipman during each Congress. The course for midshipmen is four years at the academy, when the succeeding appointment is made and the examination for graduation takes place. Midshippinen who pass the examination for graduation are appointed to fill vacancies in the lower grade of the Line of the Navy, in the order of merit as determined by the Academic Board of the Naval Academy. The act of June 29, 1906, prescribes that the Secretary of the Navy shall as soon as possible after June 1 of each year preceding the graduation, and which he shall be entitled to fill by nomination of a candidate and one or more alternates therefor. The nomination of candidate and afternate or alternates to fill said vacancy shall be made upon the recommendation of the Senator, Representative or Delegate, if such recommendation is nade by March 4 of the year following that in which said notice in writing is given, but if it is not made by that time the Secretary of the Navy shall fill the vacancy by appointment of an actual resident of the State, Congressional District, or Territory, as

## WARSHIP TONNACE OF THE PRINCIPAL NAVAL POWERS.

Number and displacement of warships built and building, of 1,500 or more tons, and of torpedo craft of more than 50 tons.

Type of Vessel.	GT. BRITAIN.		(a)		UN	TED STATES.	France,	
TITE OF VESSEL.	No.	Tons.	No.	Tons.	No.	Tons.	No.	Tons.
Battleships (1) (dreadnought type) Battleships (2) (predreadnought) Coast-defence vessels (3). Battle cruisers.	40	589,385	20	472,822 242,800 8,168 198,924	25 4	467,450 340,146 12,900		286,024 262,675 8,800
Armored cruisers. Cruisers. Destroyers. Torpedo boats. Submarines.	34 91 183 49 97	449,815	9 46	94,245 177,647 81,494 28,540	15 74 6	140,080 75,625	9	46,095 38,465
Total tons		2,713,756		1,304,640		(c) 1,097,502		899,915
TYPE OF VESSEL.		JAPAN. (a)	F	RUSSIA. (a)		ITALY.	Aus	TRIA-HUNG. (a)
	No.	Tons.	No.	Tons.	No.	Tons.	No.	Tons.
Battleships (1) (dreadnought type) Battleships (2) (predreadnought) Coast-defence vessels (3). Battle cruisers.	6 13 2 4	110,000	7 2 4	181,844 98,750 10,380 128,000	8	96,100	6	178,040 74,613 41,700
Armored cruisers Cruisers Destroyers Torpedo boats Submarines	13 13 52 27 15	138,483 57,915 22,163 3,017 3,872		63,500 106,445 90,412 2,132 19,790	51	74,020 23,718 31,010 11,856 11,317	10	13,380 35,031 9,450 12,738 7,056
Total tons		699,916		701,253		497,815		372,008

Notes—(a) July 1, 1914. (b) July 1, 1916. (c) Exclusive of submarines. (1) Battleships having a main battery of all big guus (11 Inches or more calibre. (2) Battleships of about 10,000 or more tons displacement whose main batterles are of more than one calibre. (3) Includes smaller battleships and monitors. The following ships are not included in the tables: Ships over 20 years old from date of launch, unless they have been reconstructed and rearmed within five years. Torpedo crat over 15 years old. Those not actually begun or ordered, although authorized. Transports, colliers, repair ships, torpedo depot ships, or other auxiliaries. Vessels of less than 1,500 tons, except torpedo craft. Torpedo craft of less than 50 tons.

#### PERSONNEL OF THE PRINCIPAL NAVAL POWERS.

	Great Britain. (a)	Germany.	United States. (b)	France.	Japan.	Russia.	Italy.	Austria- Hungary. (a)
Officers and men	150,609	79,197	58,039	63,846	55,736	52,463	39,913	19,531

(a) July 1, 1914. (b) July 1, 1916.

## NAVAL APPROPRIATION.

The Naval Act, approved August 29, 1916, authorized the President to undertake, prior to July 1, 1919, the construction of 156 naval vessels and, in addition, one coast defence submarine equipped with the Nett system of submarine propulsion, to cost, exclusive of armor and armament, \$250,000, which sum was appropriated. Here follows a statement with reference to said 156 vessels.

	Number		Number		Total	Amount	Total					
TYPE OF VESSEL.	of Each	of Each	Remain-	Estimated	Estimated	Appro-	Amount					
	Type.*	Type.t	ing.t	Cost.a	Cost.b	priated.c	Remaining.d					
Battleship	10	4	6	\$18,713,431	\$187,134,310	\$27,221,500	\$159,912,810					
Battle cruiser	6	4.	Ž	21,933,531			104,399,686					
Scout cruiser	10	4	2 6	6.071.900								
T'pedo boat destroyer.	50	20	30	1,525,314								
Fleet submarine	, a		ğ	1.685,525			15.169.707					
Coast submarine:				1,000,000	20,,		,,					
800-ton type	3	3		1.306,302	3.918.906	3,762,000	156,906					
Smaller type	55	27	28	806,302								
Fuel ship	3	l ~i	2	1,593,272								
Ammunition shlp	2	l î	l ĩ l	2,464,650								
Hospital ship		1		2,350,000								
Repair ship	1 1	1	' i	2,714,650		1,230,000	2.714.650					
Transport	1 1		1 1	2,663,299			2,663,299					
Doctrover tender	1						4,395,884					
Destroyer tender	1 2	• • •	4	2,197,942								
Submarine teuder	1 1		l i	1,835,523			1,835,523					
Gunboat	2	1	1	913,611	1,827,222	387,000	1,440,222					
m	150				0544 000 110	001 040 000	0450 405 450					
Totals	156	66_	90		8544,660,113	\$91,240,660	\$453,425,453					

The ammunition for the above 156 vessels will cost, estimated, \$42,834,775, toward which the act appropriated \$19,485,500.

\*Authorized. † For which initial appropriations were made in act. † Of each type toward the construction of which no appropriations have been made. a Of each type of vessel. b Of whole programme of 156 vessels. c Toward the construction of the 66 vessels for which initial appropriations were made in 1917 act. a To be appropriated for all of the 156 vessels.

#### WAR RELIEF MEADQUARTERS AND RELIEF FUNDS IN NEW YORK CITY.

WAR RELIEF 4% ADQUARTERS AND

Allied Home Committee 200 Fifth Avenue—Er.
Lawshe, Secretary. This committee raised from
the time \to the establishment in Midsummer. 1916.
to Oct.Deg. 19-2. \$51.573.17.

Wall Street. The cost of maintenance of this
hospital in Paris is, roughly \$1.000 per day, not
including the cost of auxiliary hospitals, which is
privately borne. The cost of maintenance of this
hospital in Paris is, roughly \$1.000 per day, not
including the cost of auxiliary hospitals, which is
privately borne. The cost of maintenance of the
American Ambulance Field Service is about
\$11.000 a month. From the beginning of the
war up to October 1, 1916, the ambulances had
carried more than 250,000 patients. The American Ambulance Hospital and its auxiliary nospitals
care for about 1,700 patients daily.

American Artists' Committee of One Hundred
Relief Fluid for the Families of French SoldierArtists.—William A. Coffin, Chairman, 58 West
Fifty-seventh Street; Wm. Bailey Faxon. Treasurer and General Secretary, 215 West Pifty-seventh
Street. This committee for atmenian 2nd Syrfan
Relief, 70 Fifth Avenue—Samuel T. Dutton,
Secretary, The aponoximate amount given to this
committee up to October 1, 1916, was \$1,200,000

American Committee of International Reconstruction League, 200 Fifth Avenue. Established
February 1, 1916, Cash receipts up to October
1, 1916, \$81,648.13.

American Committee for the Relief of Babes of
Belxium, 233 West Thirty-fifth Street—Mrs, Marion
March Welsh, Chairman, Up to October 1, 1916,
this committee had sent to Belgium garments for
about 8,000 infants, about 3,000 yards of piece
goods to give work to the women of Belgium and
about 90 cases of condensed milk

American National Red Cross from all yources
for European war relief from August 6, 1914, to
October 15, 1916, aggregated \$2,350,376,69. In
addition supplies were donated to the estimated
value of \$950,000. Total, \$3,300,376,69. In
The American Society for the Relief of French War
Orphans of the War in German's Called Time.

The A

Cash, Cardinal Mercier Fund for Special Belgium Relief, 10 Bridge Street—Marie La Montague, Treasurer, Amount of funds eent to Cardinal Mercier up to October 1, 1916, 860,000 Charties of the Queen of Belgium, 200 Fifth Avenue—John Moffat, Honorary Secretary, Estab-

RELIEF FUNDS IN NEW YORK CITY.

lished February, 1916, Raised in the United States of America up to October, 1916, \$12,649.23.

Committee on American Hostels for Kefugees in Paris and Children of Flanders Rescue Committee. 21 East Eleventh Street—Mrs. Cadwalader Jones. Chairman; Mrs. J. Lloyd Derby, Secretary. This committee had sent up to November 1, 1916 to Mrs. Edith Wharton to aid in her relief work in Paris, gifts in kind to the ratue of about \$5,000 and in money approximately \$25,000. Total, \$30,000.

The Committee for Mich Blinded in Battle, 17 East Thirty-eighth Street—Mrs. Peter Cooper Hewitt, Secretary, To November 1, 1916, the committee had raised funds amounting approximately to \$35,000.

The Committee of Mercy 200 Fifth Avenue—August Blimont, Treasurer. From its establishment, in August, 1014, up to 0 Cooper 1, 1916, this committee had raised funds amounting approximately to \$35,000.

Committee for the aid of women and children and the committee for the aid of women and children and the committee for the Relief of Belgian Prigoners in Germany. 200 Fifth Avenue—Mrs. Holmes Beckwith Secretary. Raised by the United States of America section of this committee up to October 1, 1916, this committee for the Relief of Belgian Prigoners in Germany. 200 Fifth Avenue—Mrs. Holmes Beckwith Secretary. Raised by the United States of America section of this committee up to October 1, 1916, this committee up to Delbar Christmas Fund for Destitute Belgian Children, 68 Broadway—Percy S. Bullem, Secretary. Gash paid to Commission for Relief in Belgium, 120 Broadway. New York, \$100,000. All food supplies and other goods resulting from the appeals of the Dollar Christmas Fund for Destitute Belgian Children, 66 Broadway—Percy S. Bullem, Secretary. Gash paid to Commission direct for transport to Belgium, Their value was large.

Fatherless Children of France. American Headmarters, 665 Pifth Avenue—Tr. Raised by the American society, France-American Committee for the Protection of the Children of the Frontier, 2 Rector Stre

German Rener Fund, 45 William Steet, 10 to Cotober 1, 1916, this fund had remitted approximately \$225,000 to Germany for the relief of war sufferers. Joint Distribution Committee of the Funds for Jewish War Sufferers, Room SOI, 20 Exchange Place—Felix M. Warburg, Chairman: Herbert H. Jewish Relief Committee, 32 William Street, the American Jewish Relief Committee, 32 William Street, the Central Committee, 32 William Street, the Central Committee of the American Jewish Relief Committee, 13 William Street, the Central Committee of the French Committee, 13 William Street, 13 Coronal tree, 13 Coronal tree, 13 Coronal tree, 13 Coronal tree of the Street of Street Fund Treasurer, Cash raised to October, 13 Coronal tree, 14 Coronal tree, 14 Coronal tree, 14 Coronal tree, 15 Coronal tr

#### WAR RELIEF HEADQUARTERS AND RELIEF FUNDS IN NEW YORK CITY-Continued.

WAR RELIEF HEADQUARTERS AND RELIE

Hungarian prisoners of war up to October 1, 1916, collected in cash \$206,518,98 and received donations of goods, the insured value of which was \$88,888,40, making a total of \$295,387,38,

Relief Committee for War Sufferers in Germany and Austria-Hungary, 531 Broadway, BrooklynCharles Froeb, Treasurer, The committee collected up to Sentember 1, 1916, \$528,272,92.

Russian-American Relief Association, Flation Building—A, Znamiecki, Treasurer; Mrs. John D, Prince, Secretary, This association, formed in America under the auspices of Mme, Bakhmeteff, wife of the Russian Ambassador to the United States, since it started its campaign for funds in August, 1916, up to October 1, 1916, had collected \$12,633,35.

Russian War Relief Committee, 200 Fifth Avenue—John Moffat, Secretary, Established March, 1916, Raised to October 1, 1916, by the New York committee approximately \$10,000.

Secours National, 16 East Footy-seventh Street—Lloyd II, Smith, Jr., Secretary, Total collections to October 1, 1916, \$214,847,17.

Serbian Relief Committee of America, 70 Fifth Avenue—Miss F, Hastings, Secretary, The statement of the committee for the period February 10, 1915, to June 30, 1916, shows the distribution of

relief in cash or purchases amounting to \$175, 430,33, also donations received in the form of clothing, food and hospital supplies, valued at \$22,768,91, Total, \$198,199,24 West Twenty-second Street—J. S. Ekcovich, Secretary. Contributions received from Serbian immigrants in the United Serbian Red Cross and for the relief of the Serbian Red Cross and for the relief of the

Serbian Red Cross and for the relief of the refusees.

Vacation War Relief Committee, 38 West Thirty-inth Street. To Cotober 1, 1916, total cash receipts (including five complete motor flottillas donated to France, value \$61,556,59), \$304,169,24,
War Babies' Cradle, 42 Broadway—Mrs. J. S. Bache, Treasurer, This fund, which was started August, 1916, collected up to November 1, 1916, over \$4,000,
War Relief Clearing House for France and Her Allies, 40 Wall Street (warehouses, 133 Charlton Street)—Clyde A. Pratt. Executive Secretary. Up to November 1, 1916, more than 49,000 cases of relief supplies, valued in excess of \$3,000,000, had been forwarded and more than \$866,000 in cash received. received.

#### AMERICAN AUTOMOBILE ASSOCIATION.

AMERICAN AUTOMOBILE ASSOCIATION.

Prestdent—H. M. Rowe, Vice-Presidents—Ralph W. Smith, P. J. Walker, H. J. Clark, Preston Balvin, David Jameson, C. C. Janes, Frank S. Fishback. Chairman of Executive Board—A. G. Batchelder. Secretary—John N. Brooks, Treasurer—H. A. Bonnell, Headquarters, Riggs Building, Washington, D. C., and 437 Fifth Avenue, New York City.

The American Automobile Association is the National organization of motor car users. It was organized in 1902 and has a membership of over 100,000, subdivided into State and local clubs, and individual members. Its main objects, briefly stated, are: To unite in one body all the automobile clubs and individual motorists of the country to secure reasonable and just legislation; to ald in proper enforcement of automobile laws and ordinances; to advocate and obtain local, State and Federal aid in the construction and maintenance of good roads; to encourage touring and to secure, prepare and disseminate information relative thereto, and to support sportsmanlike contests and other movements that will advance motoring interests. interests.

THE PHILIPPINE SOCIETY.

President—Gen. Luke E. Wright. Vice-President—Lieut.-Col. E.W. Halford, U. S. A. Secretary—ard E. Forrest. Treasurer—Chas. D. Palmer. Executive Secretary—William J. Platka, 13 Astor

President—Gen. Luke E. Wright. Vice-President—Lieut.—Col. E.W. Halford, U. S. A. Secretary—Richard E. Forrest. Treasurer—Chas. D. Palmer. Executive Secretary—William J. Platka, 13 Astor Place, New York City.

The Philippine Society was founded in April, 1913, to diffuse among the American people a more accurate knowledge of the Philippine Islands; to benefit the people of the Islands by co-operation in the fields of religion, philanthropy, education and commerce; to promote social intercourse in the United States among those who are interested in the Islands—the society will be kept free of all partisanship or sectarianism. Ex-President Taft is the Honorary President Will be kept free of all partisanship or society is composed of persons residing in the United States or in the Philippine Islands who are in any way interested in the welfare of the Islands. The dues are: Patron \$500; life membership \$100; annual membership \$10 per year; associate membership, limited to officers in the army and navy. Filipinos, and those engaged in educational and religious work, \$5 per year.

#### THE UNITED STATES BOY SCOUTS.

SLOGAN—"The United States of America first, last and all the time."

The United States Boy Scouts, formerly the American Boy Scouts, organized April 8, 1999. The object and purpose of this corporation is: To promote, teach and inculcate in the youth of this State and throughout the United States a spirit of loyalty and obedience to the Government of this Republic, a familiarity with its history, its economic progress and its civil and military institutions; to educate the American Boy to a finer spirit of loyalty and obedience to his parents and to his superiors, and to afford him an opportunity for mental, moral and physical training, to the end that the youth of this State and of the Republic generally may be better and more adequately coulpped to perform the futles and obligations of citizenship thereof, and for such purposes to provide and maintain such organizations and equipment of the boys of this country for such training as may best subserve this purpose.

purpose.

The territory within which the operations of this corporation are to be principally conducted is the United States of America. It is soverned along the lines iollowed by the United States Army and Navy. Boys from eight to eighteen years of age are eligible to membership. Boys are given commissions as Corporals, Sergeants, First and Second Lieutenanis. The smallest unit in the United States Poy Scouts is the squad, consisting of eight boys, the leader of which receives a warrant as Corporal. The next is the company, consisting of from two to twelve

ES BOY SCOUTS.

squads, commanded as follows: Two to three squads
by a Sergeant, from four to five by a Lieutenant, and
an additional Sergeant, and when composed of six
or more squads it is entitled to the following officers;
Captain, First Lieutenant, Second Lieutenant, First
Sergeant, Quartermaster-Sergeant, four Sergeants
and a Corporal for each squad. Four companies
form a battislion and three battailons a regiment.
The organization is non-sectarian, There are no
dues, fees or charges. The organization is a National
one, having branches in every State and Territory.
The movement is intended to build up a moral and
a National defence.

one, having branches in every state and Territory. The movement is intended to build up a moral and a National defence.

The troops in New York City are divided into two brigades. The first, commanded by Brig.-Gen. Edward H. Soyder, is composed of units in the boroughs of Manhattan and the Bronx, and consists of the Third, Seventh, Eighth, Ninth and Twen; y-second Regiments of Infantry, a battalio; of field artillery, engineers and hospital troops. The second brigade is composed of the troops in Brookiyn and Queens, and is commanded by Brig.-Gen. Ardolph L. Kline, ex-Mayor of New York City. It consists of the Second, Fourth, Fith, Sixth and Twelfith Regiments of Infantry, one troop of cavalry, two batteries of artillery, one troop of cavalry, two batteries of artillery, one bospital company and one field hospital.

Presidem—Major-Gen. E. A. McAlpin, New York City. Vice-President—Col. S. L. H. Slocum, Washneton. D. C. Second vice-President—Alex. Van Rensselaer, Philadelphia, Pa. Treasurer—Col. L. W. Amerman, 7 Maiden Lane, New York City.

MOTOR CAR LAWS OF THE 'VARIOUS STATES. COMPILED BY THE TOURING BUREAU OF THE AMERICAN AUTOMOBILE ASSOCIATION.

٦		30	de	es	SIO:		959	eg,	Sp. r. s				9 <u>5</u> 6
	Speed.	Front and rear. Reasonable and proper, not exceeding 30 for $\mathcal M$ mile.	Chauffeur \$5. Exempt six months Front and rear. Reasonable and proper. Built up sections With home tags. In municipalities 50.	Exempt with home Front and rear. Built up sections 8; outside municipalities tags.	Exempt with home Front and rear, Reasonable and proper. Bullt up sections naish. Exempt 3 20: business districts 15; ourves, etc., 10; non-resident per nin-resident per nin, no fee.	days Front and rear. Reasonable and proper.	Front and rear. Reasonable and proper. Maximum 25 for Ymles. Curves, etc., 10. Full stop 10 feet back of street cars receiving or discharging passengers.	Reasonable and proper. Built up sections 15; curves, etc., 745; passing vehicles, curves, etc., in thinly settled sections 12; elsewhere 25.	Outside fire limits 20; parks 15; fire limits 12; except 8 at envestigs, 6 around corners, 4 at street car intersections. Stop back of street cars receiving or discharging passengers.	Reasonable and proper. Curves, etc., 4.	Reasonable and proper. Curves, etc., 6.	Careful and prudent, not exceeding 30.	days Front and rear Reasonable and prudent. Bullt up sectags the following the followi
	License Plate.	Front and rear.	Front and rear.	Front and rear.	Front and rear.	Front and rear.	Front and rear.	Front and rear.	Rear. \$2.	Rear (not supplied).	days Rear.	Rear	Front and rear.
	Non-Resident.	Reciprocity.	Exempt slx months with home tags.	Exempt with home tags.	Exempt with home tags. Exempt 3 months with non-resident pcrmit, no fee.	Exempt 90 days with home tags.	Reciprocal.	Reciprocal.	Exempt for period Rear. \$2. State.	Exempt 30 days Rear (not supwith home tags plied).	Exempt 30 days with home tags.	Reciprocal for period granted by home State.	Exempt 60 days with home tags and reciprocity.
	Driving License.	Chauf. \$5; re- newal \$2.50	Chauffeur \$5.	Chauffeur \$1.	Chauffeur \$2.	\$1.	muni- Owners and Chauffs, \$2.	then Owners \$5; Reciprocal. family \$8; Chauf. \$5.	and fs. 52. tual.	\$2 perpetual, also county registration by H. P.	None.	Chauffeur \$2.	Chauffeur S5.
	If Taxed as Personal; Also Any Other Taxes.	Ad valorem tax.	Ad valorem tax.	Personal property.	State Personal property. Chauffeur \$2. April 1 eept. 39,	Personal property. Chauffeur	Additional muni- cipal tax.	If levied, then only by counties and towns.	Automobile Personal property. Owners Chaul	Personal property.	Personal property: municipalities may add to tax.	Registration is in lieu of all taxes.	Personal property.
	Registration and Fees.	Annually, Sec. of State. To 19 H. P. 87-50. to 29 H. P. 812.50; to 39 H. P. 817.50; 40 H. P. and over \$20. (May change.)	Annually, Sec. of State. To 25 H. P. S5; Ad valorem tax. to 39 H. P. \$10; 40 H. P. and over \$15.	Annually, Com. State Lands, H and Improvements, \$10.	Annually, Motor Vehicle Dept. Treas. 40c, per H. P. Elect. \$5, to June 30, & fee; July 1 to \$5, \$\frac{1}{2}\$; Oct. 1 to Dec. 31, \$\frac{1}{2}\$.	Annually, Sec. of State. Up to 20 H. P. \$2.50, up to 39 H. P. \$5; over 40 \$10.	CONN Annually, Sec. of State. 50c. per H. P.	DEL Annually, Sec. of State. \$5.	Perpenual, District Com. Automobile Board, \$2.	Perpetual, Sec. of State. \$2,	Annually, Sec. of State, \$5.	Annually, Sec. of State through County Registration is in Chauffeur \$2. Assessors, To 50 Hr. P. Sist to 40 Hr. P. Iteu of all taxes, \$20; to 50 Hr. P. Scs. over 50 S40.	Abnually, Sec. of State. 25 H. P. \$4; to 35 Personal property. Chauffeur S5. Exempt 60 H. P. \$6; to 50 H. P. \$8; above 50 H. P. \$10. Electrics \$5.
	STATE.	ALA. (a)	ARIZ	ARK	CAL	COL	CONN	DEL	DIST. OF COL	FLA	GA	грано.	ILL

xempt 60 days Front and rear. Reasonable and prudent. Built up dis- with home tags. 20: curves, etc., 6; elsewhere cities	days Front and rear. Over 25, presumptive evidence of eareless- ness.	Reasonable and proper. Municipalities 12; curves, etc., 8; street intersections 6; excess of 25, presumptive evidence in case of accident.	Reasonable and proper. Bullt up sections 10; residential 1b; curves, etc., 8; elsewhere 20.	Front and rear Reasonable and prudent.	Front and rear. Built up sections 10; elsewhere 25.	Reasonable and proper. Built up sections 8; thinly settled 12; elsewhere 25. Reduce for curves, etc. Rigidly enforced.	30 Front and rear. Reasonable and proper. Bullt up sections 15; curves etc, 8; elsewhere 20.	Reasonable and proper. Built up sections 10: elsewhere in municipalities 15: open country 25. Reduce for curves, etc.	Reasonable and proper, not to exceed 25. Curves, etc., 71/2.	Reasonable and prudent. No fixed speeds. Municipalities may enact regulations.	Careful and prudent, not to exceed 25 for distance of ½ mile.	Front and rear. Reasonable and proper.	Reasonable and proper. Municipalities 12, crossings 6; curves, etc., 8. Full stop back of street cars receiving or discharging passengers.
Front and rear.	Front and rear.	days Rear.	Rear.	Front and rear.	Front and rear.	Front and rear.	Front and rear.	Front and rear.	Front and rear.	\$2 for life of car.	Rear.	Front and rear.	ags. (not supplied).
Exempt 60 days with home tags.	Exempt 30 with home and reciproc	Exempt 30 days with home tags.	Reciprocal with Rear, home tags.	Exempt with home tags and reciprocity.	ဓ	Exempt 14 days Front and rear. with home tags.	Reciprocal for days.	Exempt if home Front and rear. State grants reci- procity.	Exempt with home tags, temporarily.	Exempt 60 days with home tags.	Exempt 20 days Rear, with home tags.	Exempt under reciprocity with home tags.	Exempt 30 with home t
Chauffeur \$2.	None re- quired.	None.	Chauffeur \$2.	No State fee; local regu- lation.	Owners and Chaufs. \$2.	Owners \$2, 1 perpetual: Chaufs. \$5.	Owners and Chaufs, \$2; renewal 56c.	Chauffeur \$2.	Chauf. \$1.50; renewal \$1.	None re- quired.	Chauf. \$1.50.	Chauffeur \$2.	None re-
Personal property.	Registration is in heu of all taxes.	Personal property.	Personal property; also some citles charge registra- tion fee.	Personal property.	Personal property.	Personal property.	Personal property.	Registration is in licu of all taxes.	Personal property.	Ad valorem tax.	Personal property.	Personal property.	\$3; one-half after Personal property. None quired.
Annually, Sec. of State. To 25 H. P. \$5; Personal property. Chauffeur \$2, Exempt to \$40 H. P. \$8; to 50 H. P. \$15; above 50 \$20. Electrics \$3.	Plates assigned for 3 years, license paid each year. Sec. of State. To 20 H. P. \$8; above 20 H.P. atratecf \$00, per H.P.	Annually, County Trens. \$5. Less than 6 Personal property. months, half rate.	Annually, Com. Motor Vehicles. To 25 H. P. \$6; 50 H. P. \$11; 51 H. P. and over \$20.	Annually, Sec. of State. 25c. per H. P. minimum of \$5; after Aug. 1, half fee.	Annually, Sec. of State. To 20 H. P. \$5; to 35 H. P. \$10: over 35 H. P. \$15.	Annually, Com of Motor Volticks, Try 10 Rersonal property. S15; tr 20 H P. 8.96; to 30 H P.	Annually, Highway Commission, To 19 H. P. S5; to 29 H. P. S10; to 39 H. P. S15; to 49 H. P. S20; 50 H. P. and over \$25.	Annually, Sec. of State, 25c, ea. H. P. plus 25c, each 100 lbs. of its weight, Electric. \$1 cach H. P. plus 25c, each 100 lbs. of its weight. Half rate after Sept. 1.	Triennially, Sec. of State. \$1.50.	Annually, Tax Collector of County. $36e$ per H. P. After third payment reduced $\%$ . Electrics $\$4.80$ .	Annually, Sec. of State. To 11 H. P. 82; 023 H. P. 83; 105 H. P. 85; 1047 H. P. 87; to 59 H. P. 88; to 71 H. P. 810; 72 H. P. and up \$12.	Annually, Sec. of State.	Annually, Sec. of State.
IND	IA	KAN	KY	I.A.	ME	MD	MASS	MICH.	MINN.	MISS	МО	MONT	NEB

MOTOR CAR LAWS OF THE VARIOUS STATES-Continued.

_			MUUIOI Cu	Luws	Uj i	ile v	urio	WO A	30000	00	10001000	<i>.</i>		
	Speed.	Reasonable and proper. Speed regulated by municipalities.	Bullt up sections 15; reduce for curves, etc.; elsewhere 25.	Front and rear. Built up districts 12; curves, etc., 844; country crossings or within 200 feet of horses on highways 15; elsewhere 25.	Reasonable and proper.	xempt if home Front and rear. Careful and prudent, not exceeding 30. Fractive grants reel-	Reasonable and proper. Built up sections 10; other portions of municipalities 15; elsewhere 25.	Reasonable and proper. City limits 10; curves, etc., 7½; elsewhere 30.	Built up sections 8; elsewhere in municipalities 15; elsewhere 20.	Reasonable and prudent.	Careful and prudent, not exceeding 25.	Reasonable and proper. 24 unless otherwise sign-posted.	Built up sections 15; elsewhere 25.	r e No provision made Rear (not sup Reasonable and proper. Curves, etc., 6: piled).
Constitution	License Plate.	Rear.	Front and rear.	Front and rear.	Rear.	Front and rear.	Rear.	Front and rear.	Front and rear.	Rear.	days Front and rear.	state Front and rear.	Front and rear, \$1.	Rear (not supplied).
arives states	Non-Resident.	re-Exempt 30 days Rear, with home tags.	July, Aug. and Sept., Front and rear. Built up registation half regular rate. Operators and chaulters \$1 if hold-fing home State license, otherwise \$2 and ex'm'tions.	Exempt for aggre- gate of 15 days if h o m e S t a t e grants reciproc- ity. Chauf.same	M	田	Exempt 15 days.	No provision. Exempt with home Front and rear,	Exempt with home Front and rear, tags.	Exempt with reci-Rear, procity and home tags.	Exempt 30 with home	Exempt for came time bome State grants.	Exempt 10 days in a year.	No provision made.
2 277	Driving License.	N o n e quired.	Chauffeur \$5: renewal \$1.	Owners and Chaufs. 1 to 30 H. P. \$2; over 30 H. P. \$4.	None re- quired.	Chauffeur \$5; renewal \$2.	None re- quired.		Chauffeur \$3.	None,	Chauffeur \$2; after Aug. 1 half fee.	Chauffeur \$2.	Chauffeur \$1.	
OH THE THE ALL	If Taxed as Personal; Also Any Other Taxes.	Personal property.	Personal property.	Personal property.	Personal property.	Registration fee in lieu of all taxes.	Ad valorem tax.	Personal property.	Electrics \$3. General taxes.	Registration fee in None. lieu of all taxes.	Personal property.	No added tax.	Personal property.	Personal property. Non equired.
TOTAL	Registration and Fecs.	Annually, Sec. of State. 12½c, per H. P. with minimum of 20 H. P.		Annually, Com. of Motor Vehicles. To 10 Personal property. H. P. 84.50; to 29 H. P. \$7.50; 30 and over \$15.	Annually, Sec. of State, To 11 H. P. \$2, Personal property. 19 H. P. \$4; 29 H. P. \$6; 39 H. P. \$8; 49 H. P. \$10; 50 H. P. and over \$12.	Aonually, Sec. of State, To 25 H. P. 85, to 34 H. P. 810; to 49 H. P. 815; 50 H. P. and over 825.	Annually, Sec. of State. To 25 H. P. \$5: to 40 H. P. \$7.50: over 40 H. P. \$10. Be- tween March 1 and June 30, half fee.	Annually, Sec. of State. \$3.	Annually, Sec. of State. \$5.	Annually, Dep. of Highways. 56c, per H. P. first year; 2d year 40c, per H. P.; 3d year 36c, per H. P. Each year thereafter 20c, per H. P.	Annually, Sec. of State. To 26 H. P. 83: to 36 H. P. 25; to 40 H. P. \$7.50; over 40 H. P. \$10. Electrics \$3.	Annually, State Highway Com. To 19 H. No added tax. P. 55; to 34 H. P. \$16; to 49 H. P. \$15; 60 H. P. and up \$20.	Annually, State Board of Public Roads, Personal property, Chauffeur \$1. Tr 29 H. P. 55; t. 93 H. P. 819; to 40 H. P. 810, over 4 of R. P. 825.	S. C Clerk of County Court. \$1.
	STATE.	NEV	N. H	N. 5.	N. M.	N. Y.	i.	N. D	OE10	OKLA	ORE	PA	R. 1	B. C.

		27.2	.0007	Car 230	1200	oj u		ario	WO N	tatto	00,000	recor.		
Exempt with reci-Front and rear, Careful and prudent, procity and home tags.	Exempt with home Front and rear. Careful and prudent.	Reasonable and proper. Municipalities 8; elsewhere 18.	Front and rear. Reasonable and safe, reducing for curves, etc.	certif. Front and rear. Built up sections 10; elsewhere 25. Prima, K resi- X renst. A residence of carciess or negligent allow- Bilon- Estate.	Municipalities, curves, etc., 8; elsewhere 20.	Reasonable and proper. Bullt up sections 12; curves, etc., 4; elsewhere 30.	Exempt with home Front and rear. Municipalities 15; elsewhere 20. tags, and reel- proofity.	Reasonable and proper. 15; curves, etc., 8; elsew	Reasonable and proper. Municipalities 12; curves, etc., 8; street crossings 6.	Reasonable and proper. Municipalities 12; closely built sections 15; obstructed views 20; curves, etc., 6.	Reasonable and proper. Obstructed views, curves, etc., 15; open country 20.	Reasonable and proper. Municipalities (15: elsewhere 20. Stop back of street cars receiving or discharging passeugers.	Reasonable and proper. Municipalities 14; elsewhere 18.	
Front and rear.	Front and rear.	Front and rear (not supplied).	Front and rear.	Front and rear.	Rear.	Front and rear.	Front and rear.	Front and rear.	Front and rear.	Front and rear.	3 months Front and rear, ome tags.	Front and rear.	Front and rear, \$1.50.	
Exempt with reclprocity and home tags.	Exempt with home tags.	No provision made.	Exempt 30 days with home tags.	3 months' cate for 3 dent fees. I tion same ed by home	Exempt 2 periods Rear. 7 consec. days.	90 days with home Front and rear.	Exempt with home tags and reciprocity.	Exempt with home Front and rear.	Exempt with home Front and tags.	Owners exempt 21 days. Chauffeurs must take out license.	Exempt with b	Not exempt, except Front and rear. those of other provinces, who are allowed 3 consec. months.	Reciprocal with home tags.	
	Nono	None.	Chauffeur \$2.	Owners and Chaufs, \$2.	Chauf. \$2.50.	None re- quired.	Chauffeur \$2.	None re- quired.	None re-	Owners and Chaufs, \$2.	Chauffeur \$2.	Chauffeur \$2; annual re- newal \$1.	Chauffeur \$5.	
Personal property. None.	Ad valorem tax in None f e w counties and cities.	Personal property.	Personal property. Chauffeur \$2.	None.	Personal property.	Personal property.	Personal property. Chauffeur \$2.	Personal property.	Personal property.	Personal property.	Exempt.	Exempt.	None.	
b. D   Annually, County Treasurers. \$3.	Annually, County Clerk. More than 4 passenger capacity \$7.50: 4 passenger or less \$5. After Sept. 1 half fee.	County Clerk, 50c. per H. P.	Annually, Ssc. of State. To 25 H. P. S5. to 40 H. P. S16. over 40 H. P. S15. Electrics S10. One-half fee after June 30.		Annually, Sec. of State. To 20 H. P. S5; Personal property. Chauf. \$2.50. to 44 H. P. \$10; 45 H. P. and over \$20.	Annually, County Auditor, To 25 H. P. Sersonal property. None resists to 39 H. P. 55; 40 H. P. and over \$7,50.	Annually, State Auditor. \$10.	Perpetual, Sec. of State. \$5.	Annually, Sec. of State. \$5.	Amually, Sec. of Public Works. To 19 H. Personal property. Owners 55 arch additional 10 H. P. 515:	Annually, Provincial Sec. To 20 H. P. \$10; Exempt. to 30 H. P. \$20; to 40 H. P. \$30; to 50 H. P. \$40; over \$0 H. P. \$30.	Annually, Provincial Sec. To 25 H. P. 86; Exempt. 10 35 H. P. 820; over 50 H. P. 825.	Annually, Director Auto, Bureau, To 25 H. P. \$10; to 35 H. P. \$15; to 50 H. P. \$20; over 50 H. P. \$25; additional \$1.50 for plates.	Alebome lew subject to change
8. D	TENN	TEX	UTAH	VT	VA	WASH	W. VA	WIS	WYO	NEW BRUNS- WICK	NOVA	ON- TARIO	QUE- BEC.	3

(a) Alabama law subject to change.

## PROTECTION OF THE ARMY AND NAVY UNIFORM.

An Act of Congress approved March 1, 1911, entitled "An act to protect the dignity and honor of the uniform of the United States," provides: "That hereafter no proprietor, manager or employe of a theatre or other public piace of entertainment or amusement in the District of Columbia or in any Territory, the District of Alaska or insular possessions of the United States, shall make or cause to be made any discrimination against any person lawfully wearing the uniform of the Army, Navy, Revenue Cutter Service or Marine Corps of the United States, because of that uniform, and any person making or causing to be made such discrimination shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, punishable by a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars."

#### SOCIETY OF AUTOMOBILE ENGINEERS.

The object of the society is to promote the arts and sciences and standards and engineering practices connected with the design and construction of automobiles, all forms of self-propelled or mechanically propelled mediums for the transportation of passengers or freight, and internal combustion prime movers. The principal means for this purpose shall be the holding of meetings for the reading and discussion of professional papers and reports, the publication and distribution of the same, and social intercourse. President—Russell Huff, Detroit, Mich. First Vice-President—Eugene S. Foljambe, Philadelphia, Pa. Treasurer—Herbert Chase, New York. Chairman of Finance Committee—Horace M. Swetland, New York. Secretary and General Manager—Coker F. Clarkson, New York. Headquarters, 29 West Thirtyminth Street, New York City.

#### EXPORTS OF AUTOMOBILES FROM THE UNITED STATES.

(Report of Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce for fiscal year 1916.)

		MERCIAL MOBILES.	PAS	SENGER MOBILES.			MERCIAL MOBILES.		SENGER MOBILES.
COUNTRIES.	AUIO	MUBILES.	AUTO	MOBILES.	COUNTRIES.	71010	MOBILES.	AUIC	BIODILES.
	No.	Values.	No.	Values.		No.	Values.	No.	Values.
Azores and Madeira.			6	\$2,272	Peru	5	\$5,830	7 59	\$40,388
Denmark	41	\$36,413	806	548,971	Uruguay	ž	5,818	285	
Gibraltar			15	16,165	Venezuela	6	13,029	518	314.156
Greece	45	98.815	124	118,398	Paraguay			6	2,256
Italy	5	14,655	382	217,240	Aden			16	9,166
France	5.681	17,709,579	2.087	1,428,325	China	39	89,799	264	191,932
Netherlands	50	93,797	439	399,017	Chosen (Korea)	3	5,027	7	4,780
Norway	81	121.480	732	592,560	British India	135	208,067	2.289	1.638.262
Portugal	295	1,117,681	204	198,975	Straits Settlements.	17	25.169	376	239,715
Roumania			2	3,000	Other Brit, E. Indies	20	27,841	239	168.685
Russia, European	3,909	12,544,258	1.268	3,142,616	Dutch East Indies.	58	82,586	1,064	753,128
Serbia	20	65,000	. 3	4.200	French East Indies.			. 8	3.033
Spain	30:	57,277	364	299,367	Hongkong	3	6.304	15	10,858
Sweden	19	29.050	238	180,869	Japan	15	14,528	153	120,061
Switzerland			6	4,499	Russia, Asiatic	1,170	3,546,435	683	529,385
United Kingdom:					Siam	9	7,036	41	32,082
England	8,268	18,723,403	9,810	6,933,806	Aust'lia & Tasmania	201	295,538	5,335	4,147,302
Scotland	224	271,745	158	124,138	Other Brit. Oceania.	2	2,612	28	18,227
Ireland	8	39,776	60	55,014	French Oceania	1	860	92	56 789
Canada	387	724,817	10,017	6,555,324	German Oceania	1	1,530	. 7	3,208
Costa Rica			60	28,325	Philippine Islands	58	88,286	861	859,450
Guatemala	2	4,916	24	23,552	New Zealand	93	149,848	2,672	2,055,843
Honduras	6	14,540	34	22,652	British West Africa.	7	13,173	63	35,361
Nicaragua	1	2,500	6	3,109	British South Africa	36	54,519	2,859	2,040,977
Panama	32	55,171	228	170,964	Br tish East Airlea.			237	137,245
Salvador	_1	1,300	68 383	54,598	Canary Islands			51 2	32,935
Mexico	51	100,500	21	309,200 15,632	French Africa			20	1,155 7,760
Newfoundland	1	1,692			German Africa			20	
West Indies: British	17	31,825	564 3,698	374,706	Madagascar		9.675	52	2,532 20,574
Cuba	117	176,647	3,098	2,091,295 3,426	Madagascar Morocco Portuguese Africa	- (1	9,070	56	38,510
Danish			21	10.945	Egypt	- 1	2,003	25	18,352
Dutch	;	2,310	101	63,670	Egypt			23	10,004
French	1	2,310	10	3,788	Grand Divisions:				
Hayti Dominican Rep.	4	5,173	131	60.127	Europe	18 676	\$50,922,929	16 704	\$14,269,432
Argentina	45	33,063	4.399	2,065,439	North America	620	1,121,391	15,375	9.791.323
Bollvia	450	33,003	26	16,208	South America	93	129.592	6.633	3,422,201
Brazil	····ii	19.635	272	157,968	Asia	1.469	4.012,792	5,155	3,701,087
Chlie	17	46,566	826	530,211	Oceania	356	538,674	8,995	7,140,819
Colombia	4	1,236	91	58,525	Africa	51		3,372	2,335,401
Ecuador	2	3,378	62	44,396			30,110	0,012	2,000,101
Gulanas: British			73	23,933	Total foreign				
Dutch	i i	1,037	15	7,181		21,265	\$56,805,548	56,234	\$40,660,263
French			ľi		000000000000000000000000000000000000000	1 31,230	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	30,23	1

Note—In addition there were shipped to our non-contiguous territories: Alaska, 114 automobiles, valued at \$102,426; Hawali, 1,903, value \$1,900,926, and Porto Rico, 1,152, value \$789,067, the class of cars not stated.

TOTAL EXPORT TRADE FOR THE LAST TWO FISCAL YEARS.

Kinds.	1915.	1916.	KINDS.	1915.	1916.
Commercial automobiles Passenger automobiles Automobile tires Automobile engines	21,113,953 4,963,276	40,660,263 3,093,077	Automobile parts  Total exports to foreign countries		\$22,536, <b>485</b> \$125,636,787

THE BOY SCOUTS OF AMERICA.

THE BOY SCOUTS OF AMERICA.

ORIGIN AND GROWTH OF SCOUTING.

Like many other things showing permanence and power, the Scout movement can be traced back to widely separated sources where constructive ideas came to boy workers and were tested with varying degrees of success. In America there were a number of originators of methods, plans, and principles that have proved effective. In Great Britain, Lieut.-Gen. Sir Robert S. S. Baden-Fowell became active in organization work based partly on the ideas and methods of American workers. He did this so successfully that the enrolment of British Boy Scouts soon grew into the hundred thousands, with the emphasis, not on the military note, but on peace virtues and learning practical trades. Then the movement spread to Germany, France, Italy, Australia, and New Zealand, to Canada and the United States; to South American republics; in short, almost the world over, since it is already established in seventeen different countries in addition to the numerous colonial possessions of Great Britain and the United States. Everywhere it has shown adaptation to new fleids and nationalities.

In Germany the boys have engaged in the work with such enthusiasm and in such numbers that the Prussian and Bavarian authorities are giving the movement financial aid. While the number of Boy Scouts enrolled throughout the world is estimated as not less than one million, one-lifth of the whole number are in the United States. The emphasis and ideals of the movement belong here also to the highest plans—that of efficient citizenship, service, and character-building.

"The Boy Scouts of America" was incorporated February 8, 1910, and given a Federal charter protecting the name, uniform, hadges, insignia, etc., June 15, 1916. It has as its Honorary President the Hon. Woodrow Wilson, President of the United States, and Hon. William H. Taft and Cot. Theodore Roosevelt as its Honorary Vice-Presidents. Associated with these in approval and promotion of the movement are eminent citizens from all walks of

councils in the citites and towns of the whole country, and a host of others who earnestly co-operate in the

ouncils in the citizens from all walks of public life, who are members of the National Coupell and of the local councils in the citizens from all walks of the whole country, and a host of others who earnestly co-operate in the work.

A group of men, representing the various religious and civic organizations of the community that are engaged in boys' work, are brought together as a local council for the promotion of Scout work. This local council receives a charter from the national organization, giving them full authority to deal with all questions relating to scouting in that district and to pass upon all Scout Masters' applications. In many cases this council engages a Sout Executive to take charge of the work in that community. He is responsible to the local council for the direction and promotion of the work. He is the leader of the Scout Masters, and as such gives such instructions and help as may be necessary, arranges inter-troop meets, games, camps, and in general makes uniform the plan of work conducted in whom is chosen as the Patrol Leader. Three parrols make up a troop. The Scout Master is the council leader of the troop. Aiready there are about 320 local councils in as many citles throught States, and under the direction of each there are from five to one hundred and the states through the states and under the direction of each there are from five to one hundred and the properties of troops. In the past year arrangements were completed where the direction of class in charge of troops. In the past year arrangements were completed where the direction of the properties of the properties. There are many citles so the properties and eligible to all the properties and benefits of scouting.

The Scout programe is a properties of the properties of scouting.

The scout programe is a properties of the community is being reached by Scout activities. The properties of the properties of the properties of the properties of the properties of the properties of the properties of the properties of the properties of

OFFICERS OF THE NATIONAL COUNCIL.

Honorary President-Hon. Woodrow Wilson. Honorary Vice-President-Hon. William H. Taft. Honorary Vice-President-Col. Theodore Roosevelt. President-Colin H. Livingstone, Washington, D. C. Vice-President-B. L. Dulaney, Bristol, Tenn. Vice-President-Milton A. McRae, Detroit, Mich.

ATTONAL COUNCIL.

Vice-President—David Starr Jordan, Stanford University, Cal.

Vice-President—A. Stamford White, Chicago, Ill.

National Scout Commissioner—Daniel Carter Beard, Flushing, N. Y.

Treasurer—George D. Pratt, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Chief Scout Executive—James E. West, 200 Fifth Avenue, New York City.

ADDITIONAL MEMBERS OF THE EXECUTIVE BOARD
Ernest P. Bicknell.
William D. Murray.
Frank Presbrey.

Mortimer L. Schiff.
G. Barrett Rich, Jr.
John Sherman, Hoyt.
Charles C.
Charles C. Jeremiah W. Jenks. George D. Porter. Charles C. Jackson. John H. Nicholson. Robert Garrett.

Frank Presbrey. Charles P. Neill. Edgar M. Robinson.

THE NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF AUDUBON SOCIETIES.

The National Association of Audubon Societies for the protection of wild birds and animals is an endowed membership institution, incorporated under the laws of New York.

The objects of the association are to arouse to a greater degree the public conscience on the Important subject of preserving the wild birds and game animals of the country and to secure protection at all times for the valuable non-game bird life

President—William Dutcher. Secretary—T. Gilbert Pearson.

Treasurer—Jonathan Dwight, Jr. Headquarters, 1974 Broadway, New York City.

REIGNING FAMILIES OF THE PRINCIPAL EUROPEAN COUNTRIES.

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AUSTRIA-HUNGARY.

Charles I., Emperor of Austria and King of Hungary, burn August 17, 1887, succeeded his grand-uncle, Francis Joseph I., on November 21, 1916. The Emperor is the eitlest of the two sons of the late Archduke Otto and the Archduchess Marie Josefa, sister of the present King of Saxony. The Emperor married on Correct of the Transpare of the Process and the Archduchess Marie Josefa Auguster of Duke Robert of Parma and a younger sister of the two sens of the present King of Saxony. The Emperor married on the correct of the William of the Archduches of the Maria of Hungary and a younger sister of the William of the William of the Maria of Hungary and the Emperor States of the Process of the tenstein.

The late Emperor had a third brother, the Archduke Louis Victor, born 1842, who is unmarried.

There are over eighty other archdukes and archduchesses of Austria, cousins of the late Emperor, collateral relatives of the reigning house and members of the formerly reigning branches of Tuscany and Modena.

BAVARIA.

Louis III., King of Bavaria, born January 7, 1845, succeeded his cousin, Otto, who, after having been nominal King since Louis II.'s death in 1886, was declared incapable of occupying the throne in October, 1913. It was necessary to alter the Constitution to bring about the succession. Otto died October, 1916. Louis III. married the Archduchess Maria Theresa of Austria-Este, and has six daughters and three sons. The eldest, Prince Rupert, the Crown Prince, was born in 1869, and in 1900 married his cousin, Duchess Maria Gabriele, who died October, 1916, leaving the Princes Luippold, born 1991, and Abrecht, born 1905. Princess Irmengard and Prince Rudolf having preceded her in death. Time Luippold died Argust 27, 1902. Princess Argundar, born 1874, and Abrecht, born 1903. Princes Argundar, born 1874, and Abrecht, born 1904. Princes Argundar, born 1874, and Abrecht, born 1907. Princes Indeed Princes Isabella von Croy, 1912, and has Issue: Louis-Charles born 1914. 6. Princess Hildegard, born 1831. 7. Princess Wiltrude, born 1874. 5. Prince Franz born 1914. 6. Princess Hildegard, born 1831. 7. Princess Wiltrude, born 1884. 8. Princess Heimtrud, born 1914. 6. Princess Gundelinde, born 1831. 7. Princess Wiltrude, born 1884. 8. Princess Heimtrud, born 1874. 6. Princes Gundelinde, born 1891. 7. Princess Wiltrude, born 1884. 8. Princess Heimtrud, born 1875, ruarried Joseph, Archduke of Austria, Georg-Francis, born 1880, married, 1912, Princess Igabella, of Austria, Imariaga annulled 1913); Conrad, born 1883. The King's slets Princess Indeed, of Austria, Georg-Francis, born 1880, married, 1912, Princess Igabella, of Austria, Imarriaga ennulled 1913); Conrad, born 1883. The King's slets Princess Fheresa, a doctor of philosophy, member of the Academy of Sciences, and Lady Abbess of a convent. A second brother, Francis, born 1852, died 1907, married Therese, Princess of Liectnessien. She had one son, Prince Henry, born 1884, who died November 7, 1916, from wounds received on the battlefield.

The royal house of Bavaria desce

Prince Charles of Hohenzoilern.

The late King Leopoid was born in 1835, and was married in 1853 to Marle Henriette, Archduchess of Austria, who died 1902. He died 1909. The daughters of the late King are:

1. Princess Louise, born 1858, married to Prince Philippe of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha, 1875, and divorced

of Alsaria, who died 1902. He died 1903. He dadgites of the tack Ring are:

1. Princess Louise, born 1855, married to Prince Philippe of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha, 1875, and divorced in 1906.

2. Princess Stephanie, born 1864, married, 1881, to the late Archduke Rudolf of Austria. Princess Stephanie married, second, in 1900. Elemer, Count Lonyay,

3. Princess Clementine, born 1872, married November, 1910, Prince Victor Napoleon Bonaparte, on of the late Prince Jerome Bonaparte. Prince Victor Napoleon is Bonaparte claimant to throne of France,

The aunt of King Albert is Princess Chariotte, sister of the late King Loopoid II, and ex-Empress of Mexico, widow of Maximilian of Austria, who was shot in Mexico in 1867. She was born in 1840.

Fordinand, son of the late Prince Augustus of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha and the late Princess Clementine of Bourbon-Orleans (daughter of King Louis Philippe), born February 28, 1861, assumed government 1887 in succession to Prince Alexander, who had abdicated; married, 1893, Marie Louise (died), daughter of Duke Robert of Parma; married, second, 1908, Princess Eleonore of Reus-Kostritz.

The children of the King are all by first marriage. 1. Prince Boris, born 1894, helr-apparent.

Prince Cyril, born 1895. 3. Princess Eudoxia, born 1898. 4. Princess Nadejda, born 1899.

Christian X., King of Denmark, succeeded to the throne of Denmark by virtue of the law of the Danish saccession on the death of his father, King Frederick VIII., May 15, 1912. He was born September 1900. In the Princes Indenburg, and has two sons, Crown Prince Frederick, born March 11, 1899, and Knud, born July 27, 1900.

The King's brothers and sisters are:

1. The King of Norway, Haakon, born 1872, married, 1896, the Princess Maud Alexandra of Great Britain and Ireland, and has one son, Olaf, born 1903.

2. Harald, Prince of Denmark, born 1876, married, 1909, Princess Helena, Duchess of Sonderborg-Glücksborg; offspring, Princess Feedora, born 1910; Caroline, born April 27, 1912; Alexandrine, born December, 1914.

3. Ingeborg, born 1878, married, 1897, Prince Charles of Sweden, 4. Thyra, born 1830.

5. Gustav, born 1887, 6. Dagmar, born 1890.

The King's mother is the Dowager Queen of Deomark; married, 1869, the late King Frederick VIII. of Denmark. She was born, 1851, as the Princess Louise of Sweden, daughter of King Charles XV. of Sweden and Norway.

Denmark. She was born, 1851, as the Princess Louise of Sweden, daughter of King Charles XV. of Sweden and Norway.

The King's uncles and aunts are:

1. The ex-Queen of Great Britain and Ireland (Alexandra), born 1844, marsied 1863, and has four living children, one being the King of England.

2. Prince Christian Wilhelm, born 1845 (King George I. of Greece, 1863), died 1913.

3. The Dowager Empress of Russia (Dagmar), born 1847, married the late Czar Alexander III. in 1866, and has four children, one being the present Czar.

4. The Duchess of Cumberland (Thyra), born 1853, married the present Duke of Cumberland (English title), son of the ex-King of Hanover, in 1878.

5. Prince Valdemar, born 1859, married, 1885, the Princess Marte of Orleans (died 1909), daughter of the Duke of Chartres, and has four sons and a daughter. He was offered the crown of Bulgaria in 1886 but declined. Prince Aage, the eldest son of Prince Valdemar, married the Countess Caivi di Bergolo, daughter of the late Italian Minister to Denmark. By this marriage he renounced all right of succession to the throne for himself and heirs, the latter to be Counts or Countesses of Rosenborg.

William II.. German Emporor and King of Prussia, was born January 27, 1859, succeeded his father, the Emperor Frederick III., June 15, 1888. He married, 1881, the Princess Augusta Victoria of Schleswig-Holstein-Sonderburg-Augustenburg (born 1858), and has had issue:

1. Frederick William, Crown Prince, born May 6, 1882, married, June 6, 1905, to Duchess Cecilie of Meckienburg-Schwerin, and has four sons. William Frederick, born July 4, 1906; Lonis Ferdinand, born November 9, 1907; Hubert, born September 30, 1909, Frederick, born 1853, married, 1911, and one daughter, alexandriae Irene, born April 7, 1915.

2. William Eltel-Frederick, born 1853, married, 1914, Adelaido, Princess Alexandra Victoria of Schleswig-Holstein, 1908, and has one son, Alexander-Fredinand, born 1915, died 1915).

3. Adalbert, born 1884, married, 1914, Adelaido, Princess Alexandra Victoria of Schleswig-Holstein, 1908, and has one son, Alexander-Fredinand, born 1912.

5. Oscar, John 1858, married morganatically Countess Bassewitz, 1914, and has one son born 1912.

5. Oscar, 1809, married 1916, to Princess Marie Auguste, of Anhait.

7. Victoria Louise, born 1892, married May, 1913, to Prince Ernest August of Cumberland, Duke of Ernuswick; Issue, Prince Ernest August, born March 18, 1914, and Prince George Wilhelm, born March 25, 1915.

The Emperor's brother is Prince Henry, born 1852, and married, 1888, to his cousin, Princess Irene of Hesse, and has two sons, Waldemar, born 1889, and Sigismund, born 1890, and the Emperor has four sisters. The sisters are:

1. Princess Charlotte, born 1860, married, 1878, to George, hereditary Prince of Saxe-Melningen, and has one daughter.

and has one daughter.

2. Princess Victoria, born 1866, married, 1889, to Prince Adolph of Schaumburg-Lippe.

3. Princess Sophie, born 1870, married, 1889, to Constantine, King of Greece, and has three sons.

4. Princess Margarot, born 1872, married, 1893, to Prince Frederick Charles of Hesse. Issue: Six sons, two of whom have fallen on the field of battle.

The Emperor has an aunt, the Princess Louise, born 1838, widow of the late Grand Duke of Baden; and he has a number of cousins, descendants of the brothers and sisters of the Emperor William I. One of these is Princess Louise, daughter of the late Prince Frederick Charles and wife of the British Duke of Connaught, son of Queen Victoria. The reigning family is descended from Frederick of Hohenzollern, a German count in 980, and Frederick William, the Elector of Brandenburg, 1640-88, whose son became King of Prussia.

GREECE.

King of Prussia.

Constantine I., King of the Hellenes, born August 3, 1868, succeeded his father, King George, on the assassination of the latter by a neurasthenic named Alexander Schinus at Salonica, March 18, 1913. His mother was Grand Duchess Olga of Russia, born 1851. King Constantine married, 1889, the Princess Sophle of Prussia, sister of the present German Emperor. They have three sons and three daughters.

Sophie of Prusia, alster of the present German.

The effects process.

The effects process, born 1890, unmarried. The other sons of the King are: Prince Alexandros, born 1893 and Prince Paulos, born 1901. The daughters are: Princess Helene, born 1896; Princess Irene, born 1904, and Princess Catherine, born 1913. The brothers and sisters of the King are:

1. Georgios, born 1809, married Princess Marie, only daughter of Prince Roland Bonaparte; offspring, Petros, born 1908; Eugenia, born 1913. Marie, born 1908.

2. Nicolaos, born 1876, married Grand Duchess Helene Vladimirowna of Russia; offspring, Olga, born 1903; Elizabeth, born 1904; Marina, born 1906.

3. Maria, born 1876, married Grand Duck George Michallovitch of Russia, 1900; issue two daughters.

4. Andreas, born 1882, married Princess Alice, daughter of Prince Louis of Battenberg; offspring, Margaret, born 1905; Theodora, born 1906; Cecilla, born 1911; Sophie, born 1914.

5. Christophoros, born 1888.

ITALY.

Victor Emmanuel III., King of Italy, was born November 11, 1869, and is the only son of Humbert Victor Emmanuel III., King of Italy, was born November 11, 1869, and is the only son of Humbert Victor Emmanuel III., King of Italy, was born November 11, 1869, and is the only son of Humbert Victor Emmanuel III., King of Italy, was born November 11, 1869, and is the only son of Humbert Victor Emmanuel III., King of Italy, was born November 11, 1869, and is the only son of Humbert Victor Emmanuel III.

Marcarei, born 1905; Theodora, born 1906; Cecilla, born 1911; Sophie, born 1914.

5. Christophoros, born 1888.

Victor Emmanuel 111... King of Italy, was born November 11, 1869, and is the only son of Humbert I., second King of United Italy, murdered by the Anarchist Bresci at Mouza, July 9, 1900. He married, in 1896, Frincess Italia, daughter of Nicholas, King of Montenegro, and has five children—Princess Volanda, born June 1, 1901; Princess Mataida, born November 19, 1902; Prince Humbert (left-apparent), born June 1, 1901; Princess Mataida, born November 18, 1907, and Princess Marla, born December 26, 1914. Emmanuel, Duke of Aosta, born November 18, 1907, and Princess Marla, born December 26, 1914. Emmanuel, Duke of Aosta, born 1898, eldest son of the late Prince Amedio, married, 1895, Princess Elena of Orleans, daughter of the late Comte de Parls, and they have had issue two children—Amedio, born 1898, and Almone, born 1900. The three remaining sons of the late Prince Amedio are Victor, Count of Turin, born 1870; Luigl, Duke of Abruzzl, born 1873, and Humbert, Count of Salvan, born in 1889 of his eccond marriage with his niece, Princess Lettila, eister of Prince Napoleon Bonaparte.

The mother of the King is Dowager Queen Margherita, daughter of the late Prince Ferdinand of Savoy. She was born November 20, 1851, and married the late King, 1868.

The King's great-aunt by marriage was the Princess Elizabeth, wildow of the Duke of Genoa; she dled August 14, 1912, and had a son (Prince Thomas, Duke of Genoa, married, 1883, Princess Isabella, daughter of Prince Adalbert of Bavaria, and has four sons and two daughters), and a daughter, Marguerite, the latter being the late King Humber's wife. The family le descended from the Counts of Savoy, who flourished in the eleventh century.

MONTENEGRO.

the leavesth century.

MONTENEGRO.

Nicholas I., born October 7, 1841, proclaimed Prince of Montenegro as successor to his uncle, Danilo I., 1860. Assumed title of King 1910; married Milena Petrovna Vucotic, 1847. Children of the King are;

1. Princess Militza, born 1866, married, 1889, Russian Grand Duke Peter Nikolalevitch. 2. Princess Anastasia, born 1867, married, 1889, George, Duke of Lucebtenberg (marriage dissolved), he died 1912;
married again, 1907, Russian Grand Duke Nikolalevitch. 3. Prince Danilo Alexander, helr-

apparent, born 1871, married, 1899, Princess Jutta of Meckienburg-Streitz. 4. Princess Helena, born 1873, married, 1896, Victor Emmanuel III., King of Italy, 5. Princess Anna, born 1874, married, 1897, Prince Francis Joseph of Battenberg, Frince Kinko, orn 1879, married, 1902, Natalle Constantinovitch; offspring, Princess Vera, born 1887, Prince Emmanuel, born 1912, 7. Princess Xenia, born 1879, Princess Vera, born 1887, 9. Prince Peter, born 1889, porn 1892, 7. Princess Xenia, born 1892, 1971, princess Vera, born 1887, 9. Prince Peter, born 1889, descending collaterally, since Danlio Petrovic, who was proclaimed Viadika of Montenegro in 1697, liberated the country from the Turks. NETHERLANDS.

Wilhelmina, Queen of the Netherlands and Princess of Orange-Nassan, born August 31, 1880, daughter of the late King William III. and Emma, daughter of Prince George Victor of Waldeck-Pyrmont. She married, February 7, 1901, Prince Henry of Mecklenburg-Schwerin; issue, Juliana Wilhelmina, born April 30, 1909, Princess of Orange.

The queen's mother, Queen Emma, was regent from the death of the late King, her husband, November 23, 1890, until the end of the minority of her daughter, August 31, 1898. This family, known as the House of Orange, is descended from the Princes of Orange, stadt-holders during the Dutch Republic.

Haakon VII., King of Norway, was before his election to the crown by the Norwegian people, in 1905, Prince Charles of Denmark. He is the second son of the late King Frederick VIII. of Denmark; was born Britain, and has one son, Olay, Crown Prince of Norway, born July 2, 1963.

ROUMANIA.

Ferdinand, King of Roumania, born August 24, 1865, is the nephew of the late King Carol I., who dled October 10, 1914. He married, in 1893, Princess Marle of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha, and had issue as follows: 1. Charles (Carol), born 1893. 2. Elizabeth, born 1894. 3. Marle, born 1899. 4. Nicolas, born 1903. 5. Ileana, born 1908. 6. Mirela, born 1912, died November, 1916.

born 1903. 5. Ileana, born 1908. 6. Mircia, born 1912, died November, 1916.

RUSSIA.

RUSSIA.

Nicholas II., Emperor of Russia, was born May 18, 1868, and succeeded his father, the late Emperor Alexander III., November 1, 1894. He is married to the Princess Alexandra Alice (Alix), daughter of Ludwig IV., Grand Duke of Hesse, and has four daughters and one son-Oliza, born in 1895; Tatlana, born in 1897, Marle, born in 1899, Anastasia, born in 1901, and Alexis (the Czarevitch), born august 12, 1904.

The late Emperor Alexander III., born in 1845, married, in 1866, the Princess Dagmar, daughter of the late King Christian IX. of Denmark, has issue two sons: 1, Nicholas, the present Emperor. 2, Grand Duke Michael, born December 4, 1878, and two daughters: 1, Grand Duchess Xenia, born 1875, married, 1894, her cousin, the Grand Duke Alexander; has six sons and one daughter; and, 2, Grand Duches Olga, born 1882, married to Prince Peter of Oldenburg, marriage dissolved October, 1916. The uncles and anns of the Emperor were:

born 1882, married to Prince Peter of Oldenburg, marriage dissolved October, 1916. The uncles and annis of the Emperor were:

1. Grand Duke Vladimir, born 1847, died 1909. He married, 1874, the Princess Marle of Mecklenurg-Schwerin, and had three sons and one daughter: 1. Grand Duke Cyrl, born in 1876, married, 1905, Princess Victoria of Saxe-Coburg and Cotha and divorced wife of the Grand Duke of Hesse; ofispring: Marle, born 1907, and Kira, born 1909. 2. Grand Duke Borls, born in 1877. 3. Andreas, born 1879. 4. Helene, born 1852, married, 1902, Nicolaos of Greece.

2. Grand Duke Alexis, High Admiral, born 1850, married the late Duke of Edinburgh, son of the late Queen Victoria. He died in 1900.

4. Grand Duke Sergius, born 1857, married, 1884, Princess Elizabeth of Hesse-Darmstadt, daughter of Princess Aliee of England. Assassinated in 1905. He left no Issue.

5. Grand Duke Paul, born 1850, married, 1889, Princess Alexandra of Greece. She died 1891, leaving a son, the Grand Duke Dimitri, born 1891, and a daughter, Marle, bown 1890, married, 1908, Princes Wileting of Sweden, divorced 1914. In 1902 he contracted a morganatic marriage with Olga Valerianovna, now Countess Hohenfelsen.

Countess Hottenfelsen.

Countess Hottenfelsen.

A grand uncle, the Grand Duke Constantine, born 1897, died 1892; married, 1848, Princess Alexandra of Saxe-Altenburg, and had issue five children, the Grand Duke Nicholas, born 1850, being the cidest son, and the Grand Duchess Oiga, born 1851, the cidest daughter, being married to the late King of the Hellones A second grand uncle, the Grand Duke Nicholas, born 1831, died in 1891, married, in 1856, the Princess Alexandra of Oidenburg, and had issue two sons. Grand Duke Nicholas, born 1836, married, 1907, Princess Anastasia, daughter of the present King of Montenegro and sister of Queen Helene of Italy, and Grand Duke Peter, born 1864, married, in 1889, Militza, sister of the preceding.

The last grand uncle of the Emperor. Grand Duke Michola, born 1832, died in 1909. He married, 1857, Princess Cecilia of Baden, and had issue six children, the cidest daughter, Anastasia, born 1860, being the widow of the Grand Duke of Mecklenburg-Schwerin and mother of the German Crown Princess Cecilia. The Grand Duke Anastasia is now known as Grand Duchess Mikalovitsch.

The Russian reigning family is descended in the Iemale line from Michael Romanof, elected Czar in 1613, and in the male line from Duke Karl Friedrich of Hoistein-Gottorp. The members of the family for over two centuries, however, have married so generally into the German royal houses that the present Romanofs are practically, by blood, Cermans; as much so as their kinsman, the head of the German Empire.

Friedrich August III., King of Saxony, horn May 25, 1865, succeeded his lather, King Georg, October 15, 1904. He married, in 1891, Princess Louise of Tuscany (marriage dissolved 1903). The King has three daughters and three sons, the Crown Prince being Georg, born 1893; Prince Friedrich Christian, born 1893; Prince Ernst Heinrich, born 1896; Princess Margarethe, born in 1900; Princess Maria Alix, born 1901; Princess Anna Monica, horn 1903.

The King has two sisters, Mathilde, born 1863, unmarried, and Maria Josepha, born 1867, married to the late Archduke Otto of Austria (died 1906), and two brothers, Johann Georg, born 1869, married first to Duchess Isabella of Württemberg (died 1904), and in 1906 to Princess Maria Immacutata of Bourbon, and Max, born 1870, a priest in holy orders.

The royal house of Saxony is one of the oldest in Europe, having given an emperor to Germany as early as the beginning of the teath century. The Elector of Saxony assumed the title of King in 1806, and was confirmed therein in 1815.

SERBIA.

SERBIA.

SERBIA.

Peter I., King of Serbia, born in Belgrade, 1844, son of Alexander Kara-Georgevitch, after the murder of King Alexander and Queen Draga, he was proclaimed King; ascended the throne June 2, 1903. King Peter I. was married in 1833 to Princess Zorka of Montenegro, who died in 1890. He has two sons and a daughter—George, born 1837 (who renounced his right to the throne in 1909); Alexander, born 1889, and Helene, born 1834. King Peter, owing to continued ill health, has delegated full royal authority to his son Alexander for the purposes of government.

Alexander for the purposes of government.

King Peter is descended from Karageorge Petrovitch, who was proclaimed Commander-in-Chief in Serbla, but was murdered in 1817.

The King bas one brother, Prince Arsene, born 1859, married, 1892, Aurora Demidoff (divorced 1896); offspring: Prince Paul, born April 15, 1893.

SPAIN.

Alfonso XIII. King of Spain, born May 17, 1886, nearly six months after the death of his father.

Alfonso XII. His mother is Maria Christina, an Austrian Princess. He married in 1996 the English

#### REIGNING FAMILIES-Continued.

Princess Victoria Eugenie, daughter of the late Prince Henry of Battenberg and Princess Beatrice (daughter of the late Queen Victoria). He has four sons: Alfonso, Prince of the Asturias, heir to the Spanish throne, born the 10th of May, 1907; Prince Jaime, born on the 23d of June, 1908. and is deaf and dumb; Prince Juan, born June 20, 1913, and Prince Carlso, born october 24, 1914; and two daughters, Princess Beatrice, born June 20, 1909, and Princess Maria Christina, born December 12, 1911.

The King's sisters, Maria de las Mercedes, born September 11, 1880, married, February 14, 1901, Prince Carlso of Bourbon, son of Count Caserta; died October 17, 1904; Issue: Alfonso, born 1901, and Isabel, born 1904; Inlanta Maria Teresa, born 1852, and married to Prince Ferdinand of Bavaria, died on September 23, 1912, suddenly from the after effects of childbirth, leaving issue: Lonis Alfonso, born in 1906; José Eugenio, born lon 1909 Maria de las Mercedes, born in 1911, and Piar, born September 5, 1912. Prince Ferdinand remarried October 1, 1914, with Doña Maria Luisa Pie de Concha. This lady on her marriage was created Duchess of Talavera de la Relna, and given the courtesy title of Highness by King Alfonso. The King's sanuts are the Infantas Isabel, born December 20, 1851, widow of the Count de Girgenti, Maria de la Paz, wife of Prince Ludwig of Bavaria, and Eulaile, born February 12, 1864, wife of Prince Antolne of Orleans (marriage dissolved July, 1900).

The King's grandmother, ex-Queen Isabel, born in 1830, crowned 1833, abdicated 1870, died April 9, 1904. Her husband, the Infanta Caulsa, widow of the Duke of Montpensier (son of King Louis Philippe of France), now dead, was the mother of a son and three daughters: 1 The wife of the fence precedent of Paris and mother of the French pretender, the Duke of Montpensier (son of King Louis Philippe of France), now dead, was the mother of a son and three daughters: 1 The wife of the late Count of Paris and mother of the French pretender, the Duke of Montpensier (son of K

The Spanish reigning family are Bourbons, descendants of King Louis XIV. of France.

SWEDEN.

Gustaf V., King of Sweden, born June 16, 1858; son of Oscar II. and Sophie, Princess of Nassau, and great-grandson of Marshal Bernadotte. He married, 1881, the Princess Victoria of Baden, and has had three sons, the eldest of whom is the Crown Prince Gustaf Adolf, born 1882, who married, in 1905, Princes Margaret Victoria of Connaught, and has four sons and a daughter: Gustaf Adolf, born 1905, Princes other sons are: Prince Wilhelm, born 1891, and a son, born October 31, 1916. The King's other sons are: Prince Wilhelm, born 1884, and married, 1908, the Grand Duckess Marla Pavlovna of Russla (issue one child, Prince Lennart, born 1909), divorced 1914, and Prince Eric, born 1889. The King has three brothers: Prince Oscar, born 1595, married Lady Ebba Munck, one of his mother's maids of honor, and relinquished his rights to the throne; Prince Carl, born 1861, and married, 1897, Princess Ingeborg, daughter of King Frederik of Denmark; offspring: Margaretha, born 1899; Martha, 1897, Brinces Ingeborg, daughter of King Frederik of Denmark; Offspring: Margaretha, born 1899; Martha, Startid, born 1905, Prince Carl, born 1911. Another brother is Prince Eugene, born 1865. The King has a cousin, Louise; married to the late King Frederik VIII. of Denmark. The royal family comes from Napoleon's Marshal Bernadotte, a Frenchman, who was elected heir-apparent to the crown of Sweden in 1810 and became King in 1818.

WÜRTTEMBERG.

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THE FRENCH PRETENDERS.

BONAPARTIST.

Of the Emperor Napoleon I. and his brothers Joseph and Louis, male issue is now extinct. The Emperor's brothers Lucien and Jerôme are represented by the following living descendants, and they constitute the present Imperialist house of France:

Prince Victor Napoleon of the house of Jerôme), born July 18, 1862, is the son of the late Prince Napoleon, who died March 18, 1891, and the Princess Clotide, who died June 25, 1911, sister of the late King Humbert of Italy. The Prince has been recognized by his party as the undisputed head of the Bonaparte family. He lived in Brussels before the war, now resides in England, and in 1910 married Clementine, third daughter of Leopoid I. King of Belgium. A daughter was born in 1912, and a son in 1914. His only brother, Prince Louis Napoleon, born 1864, is a General in the Russian Army, and is unmarried. His sister Frincess Lettia, born 1806, is the widow of Prince Amedêo of Italy, her own uncle, by whom she had a son, Prince Humbert, born 1896. Victor Napoleon, the Princess Mathilde, born 1820, married, 1840, Prince Dentifolf of Russia: died in 1904 without children.

Prince Charles Napoleon, brother of the late Cardinal Bonaparte, who died February 12, 1899, was married, and had two daughters—Marle, wile of Lieutenant Gottl, of the Italian Army, and Engenie, unmarried. He had three sisters, married respectively to the Marquis of Roccagiovine, Count Primoli, and Prince Gabreill, who have descendants.

Prince Roland Bonaparte is the only living male cousin of Prince Charles Napoleon. He is a son of the late Prince Roland Bonaparte is the only living male cousin of Prince Charles Napoleon. He is a son of the proprietors of the Monte Carlo gambling-hell. His wife died in 1830, and married to the Marquis de Willeneuw, who died in 1910.

Ex-Empress Eugénle, widow of Emperor Napoleon III., was a daughter of Count Cyprien de Montile a Spanish grandee, and was horn May 5, 1226.

Ex-Empress Eugénie, widow of Emperor Nanoleon III., was a daughter of Count Cyprien de Montijo, a Spanish grandee, and was born May 5, 1826. She married 1853. Became a widow 1873. Her only son, Prince Louis Napoleon, was killed in Zululand in 1879.

BOURBON-ORLEANIST.

Pollippe, Duke of Orleans, born 1869, succeeded his fasher, the late Count of Parls, in 1894, as the head of the royal family of France. He married, in 1896, the Archduchess Marle-Dorothea, daughter of the Archducke Joseph, cousin of the Emperor of Austria. His mother (still lving) was the Spanish Infanta Louise of Montpensier, and he has one brother, the Duke of Montpensier, and four sisters—Princess Amelie, married the late King Charles of Portugal; Helena, married to the Duke of Assta, nephew of the late King Humbert of Italy; Isabel, married to the Duke of Guise, son of the Duke of Chartres, and Louise, married to Prince Clarles of Bourbon, grandson of King Ferdinand II, of Naples.

The only uncle of the Duke of Orleans, who died 1910, was the Duke of Chartres, born 1840. He married, 1863, Frances, Princess of Orleans, and had two children, Marguert, born 1899, married, 1896, Patrice MacMahon, Duke of Magenia, and Jean, Duke of Guise, born 1874, married, 1899, Isabelle, Princess of France. The Issue of the latter are Isabelle, born 1900; Frances, born 1902; Anne, born 1906, and Henry, born 1908.

#### THE FRENCH PRETENDERS-Continued.

The grand-uncles of the Duke of Orleans (who were the sons of King Louis Philippe) are dead. They were Louis, Duke of Nemours, born 1814, died 1896, married 1840, Victoria, Princess of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha; Prince of Joluville, born 1818, died 1990, married, 1843, Frances, Princess of Bragance; Antony, Duke of Montpensier, born 1824, died 1890, married, 1846, Louise, Infanta of Spain. The children of the Duke of Nemours are Gaston, Comte of Eu, born 1842, married, 1864, Isabelle, Princess of Braganca, and has three sons—Pierre of Alcantara, born 1875; Louis, born 1878, and Antony, born 1881, Duke of Alençon, born 1844, died 1910, married, 1868, Sophie, Duchess of Bayaria (who was burned in the Paris bazaar fire in 1897), and Blanche, born 1857. The children of the Prince of Joinville are Frances, born 1844 married, 1863, Robert, Prince of Orlcaus, Duke of Chartres, and Pierre, Duke of Penthlevre, born 1845. The children of the Duke of Montpensier are Isabelle, born 1848, married, 1864, Philippe, Count of Paris, and Antony, Duke of Calliera, born 1866, married, 1886, Eulaile, Infanta of Spain. Prince Pierre of Alcantara, son of the Comte of Eu, has two children, Isabelle, born 1911, and Pierre, born 1909; Louis, born 1911, and Pierre, born 1913. His brother, Prince Louis, married, 1903, Marie, Princess of Bourbon-Siclies, and has three children, Pierre, born 1909; Louis, born 1911, and Pierre, born 1913. Antoher brother, born 1881, is unmarried.

The Duke of Alencon has Issue: Princess Louise, born 1869, married, 1891, Prince Alphonse of Bayeria; Emmanuel, Duke of Vendome, and Alençon, born 1872, married Henrietta, Princess of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha, and Louis Ferdinand, born 1888, By the death of the Count of Chambord, in 1883, the elder line of the Bourbons of France became extinct, and the right of succession merged in the Count of Paris, grandson of King Louis Philippe, representative of the younger, or Orleans, line.

sentative of the younger, or Orleans, line.

#### THE RULERS OF FRANCE.

The following is a list of the Sovereigns and Governments of France, from the accession of the House

House of Bourbon.	Second Republic.
Henri IV	Provisional Government, February-De-
Louis XIII., "le Juste"	cember
Louis XIV., "le Grande"	Louis Napoleon
Louis XV	Second Empire.
Louis XVI	
First Republic.	Napoleon III. (died 1873)1852-1870
Convention	Third Republic.
Directory	Government of National Defence1870-1871
Consulate (Bonaparte)	Adolphe ThiersPresident 1871-1873
First Empire.	Marshal MacMahon " 1873-1879
Napoleon I	F. J. P. Jules Grévy
Napoleon II. (never reigned; died July 22, 1832).	*F. Sadi Carnot 1887-1894
House of Bourbon Restored.	Caslmir Perier (June-January) " 1894-1895
Louis XVIII	Félix Fauré
Charles X	Emile Loubet
House of Bourbon-Orleans. 1830-1848 (Abdicated February 24, 1848; died Au-	Armand Fallières
Louis-Philippe1830-1848	Raymond Poincaré 1913
(Abdicated February 24, 1848; died Au-	*Assassinated at Lyons June 24, 1894.
gust 26, 1850.)	Assassinated at Lyons June 24, 1004.

NOTICE—Exact information concerning the European Governments was not obtainable (because of the war) at the time Almanac went to press. See also table, "Heads of the Governments of the World."

#### THE CERMAN COVERNMENT.

THE REICHSTAG.

Consists of Social Democrats, 89; Centre Party, 91; National Liberals, 45; Radicals, 45; Conservatives, 44; the German Party, 27; Poles, 18; Social Democratic Labor Union, 18, and Independents, 20.

The 61 members of the Bundesrat are appointed by the Governments of the individual states for each session, while the members of the Reichstag are elected by universal suffrage and ballot for the term of five

#### THE AUSTRO-HUNCARIAN COVERNMENT.

Legislative power relating to common affairs is exercised by the Parliaments of both states.

#### THE FRENCH COVERNMENT.

The Senate and Chamber of Deputies assemble every year on the second Tuesday in January, unless previous summons is made by the President of the republic.

#### THE RUSSIAN COVERNMENT.

The Council of the Empire and the Duma have equal legislative powers and the same right of initiative in legislation and of addressing questions to Ministers.

## THE ITALIAN COVERNMENT.

PARLIAMENT.

Lower House, elected October, 1913: Constitutionalists, 318; Radicals, 70; Republicans, 16; Socialists, 77; Syndicalists, 3; Catholics, 24.

## THE SPANISH COVERNMENT.

Carlists, 9; Independents, &

## HEADS OF THE COVERNMENTS OF THE WORLD

Last subject to changes because of the war.

JANUARY 1, 1917.

COUNTRY	Official Head.	Title.	Born.	Accede	d.
Abyssinia Afghanistan Albania Annam Argentina Austria-Hungary Belglum Bokhara Bolivia Brazil Brazil Bulgaria	Uizero-Zeodita	Empress		Sept.,	1916
Afghanistan	Habibulla Khan. Essad Pasha (Claimant).	Ameer	1872	Oct 3	1901
Albania	Essad Pasha (Claimant)	President King.	**** T200	Oct.	1914
Argentina	Essad Pasha (Claimant). Duy Tan Hypolite Irigoyen Charles I. Albert Seid Mir Alim Ismael Montes Wenceslaus B. Pereira Gomez. Ferdinand	President	1055	July 20	1916
Austria-Hungary	Charles I.	Emperor	Aug. 17, 1887	Nov. 2	1, 1916
Belgium	Seid Mir Alim	Ameer	April 8, 1875	Jec. 2	3,1909 1,1911
Bolivia	Ismael Montes	President		Aug.	, 1911 , 1913
Brazil	Wenceslaus B. Pereira Gomez.	President	Ech "00 1001	March,	1914
Chile	Ismael Montes. Wenceslaus E. Pereira Gomez. Ferdinand. Juan Luis San Fuentes. Li Yuang-hung. José Vicente Concha. Albert (King of the Belgians). Alfredo Gonzalez. Mario G. Menocal. Christian X. Frederico H. Carvajal. Leonidas Plaza. Hussein Kamel. Haymond Poincaré.	President	Feb. 26, 1861	Aug. ( March, Aug. 11	1915
China	Li Yuang-hung	President		June ?	1915 7, 1916 8, 1914 3, 1909
Colombia	José Vicente Concha	President	April 8, 1875	Feb. 8	1914
Costa Rica	Alfredo Gonzalez	President	April 0, 1019	May 8	3, 1914 9, 1918
Cuba	Mario G. Menocal	President	Gama	May 19	1913
Dominican Republic	Frederico'H Carvaial	Prov President	Sept 26, 1870	May 17	, 1912 , 1916 1912
Ecuador	Leonidas Plaza	President		1145 11	1912
Egypt	Hussein Kamel	Sultan	2000	Dec. 19	3, 1914
France. Germany Prussia. Bavaria. Saxony. Württemberg. Anhalt	Leonidas Plaza. Hussein Kamel. Raymond Pojucarė. William II. Uouis III. Friedrich August III. William II. Frederick II. Frederick II. Ernest Augustus. Ernest Augustus.	Emperor	Aug. 20, 1860		1,1913
Prussia	William II	King.	Jan. 27, 1859	1	, 1888
Bavaria	Louis III	King.	Mor 95 1305	Nov. 8	1913
Württemberg.	William II	King.	May 25, 1865 Feb. 25, 1848	Oct. 6	, 1904 5, 1891
Anhalt	Frederick II	Duke	Aug. 19,1856 July 9,1857		1 1 QA.
BadenBrunswick	Frederick 11	Grand Duke	July 9,1857	Sept. 28 Nov. 1 March 1	1, 1907
Hesse	Ernest Augustus. Ernest Ionis Frederick Francis IV. Adolphus Frederick II. Frederic Augustus. Ernest II Charles Edward.	Grand Duke	Nov. 25 1868	March 13	1892
Mecklenburg-Schwerin.	Frederick Francis IV	Grand Duke	April 9,1882 June 17,1882 Nov. 16,1852	April 10	
Mecklenburg-Strelitz	Adolphus Frederick II	Grand Duke	June 17. 1882	June 11	1, 1914 3, 1900
Oldenburg	Ernest II	Duke Duke	Nov. 16,1852 1871	June 13	1908
Saxe-Altenburg Saxe-Coburg and Gotha	Charles Edward	Duke	July 19, 1884	July 30	1900
Saxe-Meiningen	Bernhard II	Duke	lnno 10 1070	Aug.,	1914
Saxe-Weimar Waldeck-Pyrmont	Charles Edward Bernhard II William Ernest Frederick George V Constantine. Manuel Estrada Cabrera. Geu, Dartiguenave. Dr. Bertrand.	Prince	Jan. 20, 1865	Jan. 5 May 12 May 6 March 18 March 18	1893
Great Britain and Ireland	George V	King.	June 3,1865	May 6	, 1910
Greece	Manual Estrada Cahrara	Provident	Aug. 3, 1868	March 18	1911
Hayti Honduras India, Empire of Italy Japan Vivo	Geu. Dartiguenave	President	24,1000	Allen	191.
Honduras	Dr. Bertrand	President Emperor King Emperor	1867	March 21	, 1913
India, Empire of	George VVictor Emmanuel III	King	June 3,1865 Nov. 11,1869	Inly 29	. 1910 . 1900
Japan		Emperor	Aug. 31, 1879	July 30	), 1912
Khiva	Asfendiar D. E. Howard Marie Venustiano Carranza. Albert	Khan President	1871	Sept. 1 Jan. 1	.1910
Liberia Luxemburg Mexico	Marie	Grand Duchess	June 14, 1894	Feb. 25	1912 1912
Mexico	Venustiano Carranza	First Chief			1919
Montonogro	Nicholas	Prince	Nov. 13, 1848 Oct. 7, 1841	Sept. 10	1889 1910
Morocco	Muley Yusoef	Sultan	1875		1912
Nepal	Micholas Muley Yusoef. DhirajaTribhubanaSh'sherJang. Wilhelmina	Maharaja	June 30, 1906	Dec. 11	1911
Morocco	Emiliano Chamorro	Queen President	Aug. 31,1880	Jan. 1	, 1898 , 1917
Norway Oman Panama Paraguay Persia	Emiliano Chamorro Haakon VII. Seyyid Taimur bin Turkee	King	Aug. 3, 1872	NOV 18	าดกล
Oman	Seyyid Taimur bin Turkee	Sultan President	••••	Oct. 5 Oct. 1	1913
Paraguay	Ramon M. Valdes. Emanuel Franco. Ahmed Mirza.	President		TAGA"	1910
Persia	Ahmed Mirza	President Shah.	June 29, 1898	July 21	. 1914
Peru Portugal Roumania Russia Salyador	José Pardo Dr. Bernardino Machado		1950	Aug. 6	, 1915 . 1915
Roumania	Ferdinand	President King. Emperor President	Aug. 11, 1865	Oct. 10	, 1915 , 1914
Russia	Nicholas II	Emperor	Aug. 11, 1865 May 18, 1868	Nov. 2	, 1894
Salvador Serbia	Peter (Karageorgevitch)	King	1844	March,	1913
Siam	Vagiravudh	King. King. King. President	1880	Oct. 23	3, 1910
Spain Sweden Switzerland Tunis Turkey United States of America	Alfonso XIII	King	May 17, 1886	May 17	1.1886
Switzerland	Camille Déconnet	President.	June 16, 1858	Jan.	1907 1917
Tunis	Mohamed en Nasir	Bey	1855		1906
Turkey	Mohammed V	Sultan	1844	Monoh	1909
United Statesor America.	Feliciano Viera	President	Dec. 28, 1856	March 4	1913
UrugnayVenezuela	Juan Vicente Gomez	President		(	1915
Zauzibar	Ferdinand Nicholas II. Carlus Melendez. Peter (Karageorgevitch). Vagiravudb. Alfonso XIII Gustaf V. Camille Décoppet. Mohamed en Nasir. Mohammed V. Woodrow Wilson. Feticiano Viera. Juan Vicente Gomez. Khalifa bin Harub.	Bultan	••••	Dec. 9	, 1911

## DIPLOMATIC INTERCOURSE.

All representatives not otherwise designated bore the title of minister plenipotentiary or envoy extraordinary or both, RUSSIA.

UNITED STATES MINISTERS AND AMBASSADORS TO RUSSIA.

PRESIDENTS.	liepresentatives.	States.	Date.*	PRESIDENTS.	Representatives.	States.	Date.
Madison	John Quincy Adams	Mass	1809	Grant	James L. Orr	s. c	1872
44	Levett Harris, ch. d'aff	Pn	1814	*	Marshall Jewell	Ct	1873
44	William l'inkney	Md	1816	"	Engene Schuyler, ch. d'aff	N. Y	1874
Monroe	George W. Campbell	Tena	1818	*	George II. Boker	I'a	1875
44	Henry Middleton	S. C	1820	llayea	E. W. Stoughton	N. Y	1878
J. Q. Adams	" "	"	1820		Wickham Hoftman, ch. d'aff	. "	1879
Jackson	John Randolph	Va	1830		John W. Foster		1880
44	James Buchanan	Pa	1832		Wickham Hoffman, ch. d'aff.		1881
44	John R. Clay, ch. d'aff	"	1833		William II. Hunt		1882
44	William Wilkins	1 ** *****	1834		Alphouso Taft		1884
61	John R. Clay, ch. d'aff		183ā		George V. M. Lothrop		1885
Van Bursn	George M. Dallas	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1837		Lambert Tree	111	1888
"	W. W. Chew, ch. d'aff	"	1839		George W. Wurts, ch. d'aff		1889
** ****	Charcaill C. Campreleug	A. T	10.30		Charles Emory Smith		1890
Tyler	Charles S. Fodd	Ky	1841	"	Andrew D. White.	N. X	1892
Polk	ttalph J. Ingersoll	Ct	1846		Clifton R. Breckinridge		1894
"	Arthur P. Bagby	Ala	1848	McKinley	Ethan A. Hitchcock	MO	1897
	Neil S. Brown				" amb		1898
	Thomas II. Seymour			II " · · · ·	Charlemagne Tower, amb	l'a	1899
	Francis W. Pickens			Roosevelt			1899
	John Appleton				Robert S. McCornick, amb	1111	1902
	Cassius SI, Clay			"	George von L. Meyer, amb	Minsg	1905
**	Simon Cameron	Pa	1862		John W. Riddle. amb	Mass	1907
"	Bayard Taylor	N. Y	1862	Tatt	William W. Rockoill, amb	D. C	1909
**	Cassius M. Clay	Ку	1863		Curtis Guild, amb	Mass	1911
Grant	Andrew G. Curtin	11'n	1869	W11son	David R. Francis, amb	1410	1914

RUSSIAN MINISTERS AND AMBASSADORS TO THE UNITED STATES.

EMPERORS.	Representatives.	Date.*	Emperors.	Representatives.	Date.*
" ::	Andre de Daschkoff, ch. d'aff Count Theodore de l'ablen Andre de Unschkoff Chevalier l'ierra de l'oletica	1810 1811 1819	" ·····	Alexander Gorloff, ch. d'aff	1871 1872 1874 1875
Nicholas I	George Ellisen, ch. d'aff Baron de Tuyli Baron de Maltitz, ch. d'aff Baron de Krudener	1823 1826 1827	Alex. Ill	Michel Bartholomel Charles de Struve. Baron Gustave Schilling, ch. d'aff Prince Cantacuzene	1880 1882 1892 1893 1893
Alex. II	George Krehmer, ch. d'aff	1838 1854 1868	46 46	E. de Kotzebue Count Cassini, ambassador Baron Rosen, ambassador George Iiskhmeteft, am'assador	1896 1898 190 <b>5</b>

\* Date of commission.

# AUSTRIA AND AUSTRIA-HUNGARY.

UNITED STATES MINISTERS AND AMBASSADORS TO AUSTRIA.

PRESIDENTS.	Representatives.	States.	Date.	PRESIDENTS.	Representatives.	States.	Date.
	Henry A. Muhleuberg J. R. Clay, ch. d'aff				William Walter Phelps		1881 1882
Tyler	Danlel Jeuifer Wm. H. Stiles, ch. d'aff	Md	1841	46	John M. Francis	N. Y	1884 1885
Taylor Fillmore	J. Watson Webb, ch. d'aff C. J. McCurdy, ch. d'aff	N. Y	1849 1850	"	James Fenner Lee, ch. d'aff Nexander R. Lawton	Md Ga	188 <b>5</b> 188 <b>7</b>
Plerce	T. M. Foote, ch. d'aff II. R. Jackson, min. res	Ga	1853	Cleveland	Frederick D. Grant	S. Dak	1889 1893 1897
Lincoln	Auson Burlingame	Маза	1858 1861 1861	"	Charlemagne Tower	1nd	1899 1901
Johnson	John Lothrop Motley George W. Lippitt, ch. d'aff. John Hay, ch. d'aff.	R. I	1867	Roosevelt	46 46	Ohio	1901 1902
"	Henry M. Watts	Pa	1868	Taft	Charles S. Francis, amb	N. Y	1906 1909
"	Godlove S. Orth Edward F. Beale,	Ind	1875 1876	Wils on	Richard C. Kerens, amb Frederic C. Penfield, amb	Мо Ра	1909 1913
	John A. Kasson			[1]	1		

AUSTRIAN MINISTERS AND AMBASSADORS TO THE UNITED STATES.

Emperors.	Representatives.	Date.	Emperors.	ltepresentatives.	Date.
Franz loseph.	Count Nicholas Glorgi, min. res Count Wydenbruck Baron de Frankenstein, ch. d'aff	1841 1855 1863 1865 1867	66 ' 66 '	Chevalier E. S. von Tavera, ch. d'aff. Baron Ernest von Mayr. Comnt Lippe-Weissenfeld, ch. d'aff. Baron Igoatz von Schaeffer Count Lappe-Weissenfeld, ch. d'aff. Chevalier E. S. von Tavera. L. Hengelmulier von Hengervar.	1817 1819 1881 1882 1885 1887 1895
44 44	Baron Charles de Lederer	1874	44	Dr. K. Theodor Dumba, amb * CountAdam v.TainowTarnowski,amb.	1919

\*Recalled 1915.

## FRANCE.

#### UNITED STATES MINISTERS AND AMBASSADORS TO FRANCE. PRESIDENTS, ( States. Representatives. Date. | PRESIDENTS. | Representativos. Date. Polk, Richard Rush. Taylor, William C. Rives. Fillmore... "" Va. . . . Filmore. Pierce... Henry S, Sauford, ch. d'aff... John Y, Masen... Buchanaa. W, It. Calhoun, ch. d'aff... "Charles J, Faulkuer... Liacolu. William L, Dayton... "Lohn Bitzelow... Ct..... Va. S. C. Va. N. J. N. Y. John Bigelow John Bigelow John Jigelow John Jlay, ch. d'aff. John A Jix. Grant. Ellin B. Washburne. Hayes Edward F. Noyes. Garfield, Levi P. Morton Arthur itarfield, Levi P. Morton "" Arthur "" Cleveland N. Moeri M. McLane Md. B. Harrison Whitelaw Reid N. Y. T. Jefferson Coolidge Mass. James B. Eustis, ambassador. N. Y. Itoosevelt "" Robert S. McCormick, amb. Illition "" Robert Bacon, ambassador. N. Y. Taft. Robert Bacon, ambassador. N. Y. Robert Bacon, ambassador. N. Y. N. Y.. Thomas P. Harron, ch. d'att. Lewis Cass Ohio Rebert Bacon, ambassador... N. Y... Myron T. Herrick "Ohio Van Buren ... ... Ohio ... ..... William G. Sharp "

#### FRENCH MINISTERS AND AMBASSADORS TO THE UNITED STATES.

Government.	Representatives.	Date.	GOVERNMENT.	Representatives.	Date.
Louis XVI	Count de Moustier	1788	Napoleon III	Viscount Jules Treilhard, ch. d'aff	1859
44	M. Otto, ch. d'aff	1789	- "	Hearl Mercier	1860
44	Celonel Terasat	1791	"	Viscount Jules Trellhard, ch. d'aff	1863
Convention	Edmond C. Genel			Louis de Geofroy, ch. d'aft	1864
Directory	Joseph Fauchet		"	Marquis de Montholon	1865
44	Pierre Augusts Adet	1795	"	Jules Barthemy	1866
Consulala	44 44 44	1795	"	Count de l'averney, ch. d'aff	1869
44	I. A. Pichoa, ch. d'aff		. "	Prevost Paradol	1870
Napoleon I	General Turreau	1805		Inles Borthemy	1870
	M. Sarurier	1811	Not Defence	Jules BerthemyViscount Jules Treilhard	1870
Louis XVIII.	"		Pres. Thiers	lleary de Belleanet, ch. d'aff	1871
	G. Hyde de Neuville	1816	"	Marquis de Nosilles	1872
"	Count de Menou, ch. d'aff	1822	Pr MacMahon	A. Bartholdi	1874
Charles X	Baron de Mareull	1824	46	F. de Vaugelas, ch. d'aff	1876
	Count de Menou, ch. d'aff		64	Mamime Outrey	
	Ronx de Rochelle	1830	44	Theodore J. D. Roustan	1882
	M. Serurier	1831	Pres Grevy	J. l'atenotre	1691
et this process	Alphouse l'ageot, ch. d'aif		Pres. Carnot	44	1891
	Edouard Pontois.	1837	4	" smbassador	1893
	Alphouse l'ageot, ch. d'aff	1839	Pres. Faure	44 44	1893
	L. Adolph Aime Fourier de liscourt			Jules Cambon, ambassador	1898
41	Alphaes Joseph Yver Pagent	1842	Pres. Lonbet	ti	1898
L. Napoleon	Alphaase Joseph Yver Pageat Guillanne Tell Lavallee Poussin	1848		Jean J. Jusserand, ambassador	
are triaporcour.	E. A. Olivier Sain de Boislecomte	1850	Pres. Fallieres		
Nanolson III.	Count de Sartiges		l'res. l'oincare		1913
amposided IIII		1001	. r .eg. r oldcatte		1919

#### CERMANY.

#### UNITED STATES MINISTERS AND AMBASSADORS TO THE GERMAN EMPIRE.

PRESIDENTS.	Representatives.	States.	Date.	PRESIDENTS.	Representatives.	States.	Date.
	George Bancroft Nicholas Fish, ch. d'aff			B. Harrison	William Walter Phelps Theedore itunyon, amb	N. J	1889 1893
46	J. C. Bancroft Davis	"	1874	"	Edwin F. Uhl, ambassador	Mich	1896
"	llayard Taylor	Pa	1878	Roosevelt		**	1897 1897
** ******	Andrew D. White	N. Y	1879	"	Charlemagne Tower, amb David J. Hill, amb	N. Y	1902
Arthur	II. Sidney Everett, ch. d'aff A. A. Sargent	Cnl	1882		John G. A. Lelshman, amb		1909 1911
	George II. Pendleton		1884	Wllseg	James W. Gerard, amb	N. Y	1913

#### GERMAN MINISTERS AND AMBASSADORS TO THE UNITED STATES.

EMPERORS.	ltepreseatutives.	Date.	Emperors.	Representatives.	Date.
William II	Kurd von Schlozer. Count von Heust, ch. d'aff. Karl von Eisendecher. H. von Alvensleben. Count Arco Valley. A. von Mumm, ch. d'aff.	1882 1883 1884 1888	46	Theodore von Holleben. Baron von Saurma-Jaltsch, amb Baron Max von Thielmann, amb. Herr von Holleben, ambassador. Baron Spack von Sternburg, amb. Johann Helnrich von Bernstorff, amb.	

# UNITED STATES MINISTERS AND AMBASSADORS TO ITALY.

PRESIDENTS.	Representatives.	States.	Date.	PRESIDENTS.	Representatives.	Statee.	Date.
Johnson Grant Hayes Garfield Arthur.	66 66 66 46 66 46	"	1861 1861 1861 1861 1861	McKinley	J. J. Van Alen, ambassador*. Wayne MacVeagh, amb William F. Draper, amb George von L. Meyer, amb Henry White, ambassador Lloyd C. Griscom, amb	Pa Mass " " R. I	1893 1893 1897 1901 1901 1906
Cleveland B. Harrison	William Waldorf Astor John B. Stallo Albert G. Porter William Potter	Ohio lud	1885 1889	Taft	John G. A. Leishman, amb Thomas J. O'Brien, amb Thomas Nelson Page, amb	Mich	1909 1911 1918

<sup>\*</sup> Mr. Van Alen was confirmed by the Senats but declined, and Mr. MacVesgh was appointed.

#### ITALIAN MINISTERS AND AMBASSADORS TO THE UNITED STATES.

Kings.	Representatives.	I)ste.	Kings.	Representatives.	Date.
44 44 46 48	Chavalier Joseph II-rtinati Itomeo Cautagalll, ch. d'aff. Count Luig Colobiano, ch. d'aff. Count Luigi Cortobiano, ch. d'aff. Count Luigi Corto Count Litta, ch. d'aff. Baron Alberto Iilanc. Prince Camporeate, ch. d'aff.	1866 1867 1869 1870 1874 1875	V, Emman. il.		1892 1893 1893 1901 1910

# SPAIN. UNITED STATES MINISTERS AND AMBASSADOR TO SPAIN.

PRESIDENTS.	Representatives.	States.	Date.	PRESIDENTS.	Rapresentatives.	States.	Date.
	W. Carmichsel, ch. d'aff		1790		John P. Hale		1865
"	William Short, min. res	Vs			Daniel E. Sickles		1869
"	Thomas Pinckney	S. C	1794		Alvey A. Adee, ch. d'aff	"	1873
	David Humphreys		1796		Caleb Cushing	Mass	1874
Jefferson	Charles l'inckney	S. C	1801		James itussell Loweli		1877
44	G. W. Erving, ch. d'aff	Mass	1805	. "	Lucius l'airchild	W18	1880
	Official relations with Spain		1 1	Garfield	" "		1880
	were broken off from 1808	l	1		Hanalbal Hamlia		1881
	to 1814.	1	1		John W. Foster		
Madlson	G. W. Erving	Mass	1814		Jabez L. M. Curry		
	John Forsyth		1819		i'erry lielmont		1889
**	Hugh Nelson	Vs	1823		Thomas W. Palmer		1889
	Alexander ti. Everett		1826		E. Burd Grubb		
	Cornelius P. Van Ness			"	A. Loudon Snowden	l'a	1892
44	A. Middleton, Jr., ch. d'aff	S. C	1836	Cleveland	Hannis Taylor	Ala	1893
Van Buren	John II. Eaton	Tenn	1837	McKinley	Stewart L. Woodford	N. X	1897
**	Aaron Vail, ch. d'aff	N. Y	1840		Official relations with Spain		
Tyler	Washington Irving	"	1842	1	were broken off, April, 1898,	1	
Polk	Itomulus M. Saunders	N. C	1846	1	to April, 1899.	ا ۱	
Taylor	Daniel M. Barrioger	"	1849	"	Bellamy Storer	Onio	1899
Pierce	Pierre Soule	La	1853	Roosevelt	46 46		1899
"	Augustus C. Dodge	la	1855	"	Arthur S. Hardy	N. II	1902
Buchanan	William Preston	Ky	1858		William M. Collier		
	Carl Schurz			Taft	Henry Clay file	V t	1909
	Gustavus Koerner			Wilson	Joseph E. Willard, amb	Va	1913
"	H. J. Perry, ch. d'aff	N. H	1864	J	t	1	

#### SPANISH MINISTERS TO THE UNITED STATES.

Sovereigns.	Ministers.	Date.	Sovereigns.	Ministers.	Date.
	Jose Ignacio de Viar, ch. d'aff	1789		Admiral Don Jose Polo de Bernabe	1872
" …	Jose Ignaclo de Vlar, { joint } Jose de Jaudenes, { ch. d'aff.} · · · ·	1791	Pr. Figueras		1872 1872
**	Carlos M. de Irujo	1796	" Serrano	Antonio Mantliia	1874
*	Vai-ntin de Forenda, ch. d'aff Official relations with Spain were	1807	Alfonso XII	Jose Brunetti, ch. d'aff	1878 1879
	orokea off from 1808 to 1814.	ł i	44	Francisco Barca del Corrai	1881
	Hateo de la Seras, ch. d'aff		44	Enrique Dupuy de Lome, ch. d'aff Juan Valera y Alcala Galiano	1883 1884
	Francisco Dionisio Vives.	1820	Alfonso XIII.	Emilio da Muruaga	1886
"	Josquin de Anduaga	1821 1823	""	Miguel Suarez Guanes	1890 1891
	Francisco Tacon		44	Enrique Dupuy de Lome	1892
M. Chrietlna			**	Emilio de Muruaga	1893 1896
	Angel Calderon de la Harca Pedro Alcantara Argaiz		44	Enrique Dupuy de Lome	1898
44	Fidencio liourman, ch. d'aff	1844		Diplomatic Intercourse broken off by	
	Angel Calderon de la Barca, min. res Jose Maria Magallon, ch. d'aff	1844 1853	**	the war. Jose lirunetti, Duke of Arcos	1899
44	Leopoldo Augusto de Cueto	1854	**	Emilio de Ojeda	1902 1906
#	Alfonso Escalante	1855 1867		Ramon Plus	1907
"	Faoundo Goni	1867 -	::	Marquie of Villalobar	1909
Provis. Gov	Muaricio Lopez Roberta	1869	(1 **	Don Juan Itiano y Gayangos	1910

#### CREAT BRITAIN.

#### UNITED STATES MINISTERS AND AMBASSADORS TO GREAT BRITAIN.

PRESIDENTS.	Representatives.	States.	Date.	PRESIDENTS.	Representatives.	States.	Date.
Washington	Thomas Pinckney	S. C	1792		James Buchauan		1863
	Rufus King				George M. Dalins	44	1856
John Adams	**	"	1796	Buchanan	44 44	"	1866
Lefferson	James Mouroe *	Va	1803		Charles Francis Adams	Mass	1861
Jeneraon	William l'inkney	Ма	1806	Johuson		} " ···	1851
Madison	Jonathan Russell, ch. d'all	R. I	1811		Heverdy dehnson	Md	1868
** *****	John Quincy Adams	Mass	1815	Grant	John Lothrop Motley	Masa	1869
Monroe	J. Adams Smith, cb. d'aff		1817	*******	Robert C. Schenck		
	Richard Rush			"	Edwards Pierrepont	N. Y	1878
J. Q. Adams	Itufus King	N. Y	1825		John Weish		
	Albert Gallatin	Pa	1826		Wm. J. Hoppin, ch. d'aff	N. Y	1879
	W. B. Lawrence, ch. d'aif			a	James Russell Lowell	Mass	1880
	James Harbour			Garneld	4 4 4	" …	1880
Jackson	Louis Mclane	Del	1829	Arthur			1880
	Washington trving, ch. d'aff.			Cleveland	Edward J. Phelps	Vt	1885
	Martin Van Buren		1831		Rebert T. Lincoln		
*****	Aaron Vail, ch. d'aff		1832		Thes. F. Bayard, ambassador.		
*****	Andrew Stevenson				John Hny, ambassador		
Tyler	Edward Everett	MASG	1841		lleury White, ch. d'aff	IC. I	1898
	Louis McLaue				Joseph II. Choate, ambassados	N. Y	1899
	George Baucroft						
Taylor	J. C. B. Davis, ch. d'aff	31886	1849		Whitelaw Reld, ambassador	l :: ····	1906
******	Abbott Lawrence		1649	Taft			1909
Fillmore	Joseph R. Ingersoil	1'a	1852	I W 1180D	Walter H. Page, ambassader.		1913

#### BRITISH MINISTERS AND AMBASSADORS TO THE UNITED STATES.

Sovereigns.	licpresentatives.	Date.	SOVEREIGNS.	Representatives.	Date.
Georga III	George Hammond	1791	Victoria.	Sir Henry Lytton Bulwer	1849
24	l'hineas Bond, ch. d'aff	1795	86	John F. T. Crampton, ch. d'aff	1851
44	Robert Liston	1796	"		1852
44	Edward Thornton, ch. d'aff	1800	44	l'hillp Griffith, ch. d'aff	1863
44	Anthony Merry		44	John Savile Lumley, ch. d'aff	1888
44	David M. Erskine	1806		Lord Napier	
					1867
****	Francis James Jackson			Lord Lyona	1859
	John l'ullip Morier, ch. d'nff	1610	[]	Joseph Hume Burnley, ch. d'aff	1864
**	Augustus John Foster	1811		Sir Frederick W. A. Bruce	1866
**	Anthony St. John Baker, ch. d'aff	1816	**	ifrancis Clark Ford, ch. d'aff	1867
**	Charles Bagot	1816	4	Sir Edward Thornton	1868
George IV	Gibbs Crawford Antrobus, ch. d'aff	1819	44	Lionel S. Sackville West	1881
	Sir Stratford Chaning	1820		Str Julian Pauncefole	1869
	Henry linwin Addington, ch. d'aff	1823		" ambasador	1803
	Charles Glehard Vaughan	1825	Edward VII	66 86 64 14	1893
William IV	1 11 11 11	1825	Lawsia vii	Hon, Sir Michael H. Herbert, amb	
			11	mon. Sir michael it. fierbert, amb	1902
	Charlos Bankhead, ch. d'aff			Sir Henry Mortimer Durand, amb	1903
	Henry Stephen Fox		1	James Bryce, ambassador	1907
	Elehard Pakenbam	1844	George V		1910
**	John F. T. Crampton, ch. d'aff	1647	34	Sir Cecil A. Spring Rice, smbassador	1912

<sup>\*</sup>Monroe was appointed slone in 1803, and then jointly with Pinkney in 1806. † Later Lord Pauncofote.

#### THE AMERICAN INDIAN.

THE annual reports of the various Indian Superintendents showed as of June 30, 1916, that the Indian population was 335,753, distributed in the several States as follows:

fAlabama		363]] (b) Nevada	7,915  South Dakota	21,237
Arizoga	44,436 Kansas	1,415   tNew Hampshire		216
tArkansas	460 Kentucky		168 Texas	702
(a) California		780 New Mexico	20,819  1Utah	3.215
Colorado	893  tMaine	892   INew York	6,245  tVermont	26
†Connecticut	152llt Maryland	55 North Carolina.	8,096 Virginia	539
†Delaware	6 1 Massacausetts.	688 North Dakota	8.887 Washington	11,488
†Dist.ofCol'bla	65 Michigan	7.514   tOhio	127 West Virginia.	36
&Florida	574 Minnesois	11.758 Oklahoma	118,996 Wisconsin	9.997
†Georgia				
Idaho	4.162   Missouri	313  †Rhode Island	284	
†II!inois	188 Montana	11.450   South Carolina.	331 Total for U. S.	235.753
†Indiana		3,941	(	,

The expanditures of the United States on account of the Indians in the fiscal year ended June 30, 1916, were \$16,527,428.22. The expenditures from 1789 to 1916, inclusive, have been \$698,701,294.11. The appropriation made by Congress for Indian schools for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1916, was 4,391,155. The Government supports 1909 boarding schools and 215 day schools. In addition to these there are 76 mission schools conducted by various churches and religious sciences. The five civilized tribes, Oklaicons—Cherokee, 41,824; Chickasaw, 10,966; Chootaws, 26,828; Creeks, 18,774; Saminoles, 3,127. Total, 191,519.

This total of 101,519 includes 23,405 colored freedmen and 2,582 intermarried whites. Pueblos of New-Mexico. 9,662
Six Nations, St. Regis, and other Indians of New York 9,6245
Eastern Cherokees of North Carolina. 2,260
(a) See Nevada, (b) Includes 5,100 Indians reported under Special Agent, Rano, Nev. † States in which Indian Office has no representative; 1910 census report. † Figures compiled partly from Indian Superintendents' reports and partly from 1910 census. § Report of Special Agent to Seminoles.

# It will be noticed that some of the The list is not exhaustive. FOREIGN TITLES. AMERICAN WOMEN WHO HAVE MARRIED Brlow is a list of the most prominent American women who have married titled foreigners, most prominent international marriages have been omitted, because the husbands are not titled.

S.I. St. Louis. New York. Providence, R. I New York
New York
New York
Solitoria,
New York
California,
New York
New York
New York
New York
New York Hls Address. Washington, D. Chicago. New York. New Brighton, S Massachusetts. New York. Callfornia. San Francisco. Pennsylvania. Rhode Island. Washington. New York. New York. Philadelphia. New York. New York. New Jersey. Cincinnati. New York. New York. New York. Arkansas. Callfornia. New York. New York. New York. Boston. New York. Baltlmore, Newport, Jerome Napoleon Bonaparte. Charles W. Bonynge. W. L. Breese. W. L. Breese. E. F. Burke. J. H. Burke. Walter H. Burns. John C. Calhoun. Wm. S. Chamberlain Lindley Hoffman Chapin Reuben B. Claffin Clarence L. Collins. Joseph D. B. Curtis Major J. Wayne Cuyler. Marcus Daly. William Danlel. John H. Davis. C. Endicott..... Marshall Field. David D. Fleid. Henry W. Miller. L. J. Nicolis Ogden Goelet..... Bradford Allen. Loring Andrews. Henry I. Barbey Henry Barbey John Bigelow. George Campbell..... N. Devereux Clapp. Clayton George Cochran J. C. Donnelly. Late Gen. Win. F. Draper of Mass. homas Dermot..... Olney Arnold..... Isaac Bell..... Wife's Father. William Garrison. William Gammell O. French... Marcus Daly 606 Austria.... England 3elgium.... rurkey.... Italy.... England Birthplace. France.... France.... France England. Italy.... Denmark Jermany Hungary Spgland England Holland, England Sngland England England England Scotland Spriand England England England Austria. England England Earl of Aneaster

Table Edward Cunard
Fat Gould Curry
R. Hon Levis Rarourt
Baron Eabert de Nagell
Prince San Fustuno
Paron Newborough
Count von Rasseustann
Count besterlaav Court Divonne,
Baron André de Neuflize
Count Herman de Pourtales,
Count Aramon
Baron Brocklin von Brocklinsau,
Agon, Liongl George William Guest, Prince di Camporvale Motte-Autoritation Lieut-Gen. Sir Joan Maxweli Lord Alastair Robert Innes-Ker. Sir Anthony Musgrave Count Lionel de Montesquiou-Fezensac Prince Victor of Thurn and Taxis Baron Moncheur Count de Fernon Fourth Earl of Strafford Count Czaykowski Princs Ruspoli (Prince di Poggio-Suasa) Sir Philip Grey-Egerton Baron Ashburton Prince Andreu: Koncompagni Sir Johnston Forogs-Roocrison Count von Linden Marquis Lassimiliano Strozzi Sir Francis Cook Count Rens de Retgemont Viscour Definition Rt. Hon. Joseph Chamberlain Viscount Campden Visc-Admiral Sir David Beatty. Baron Cheylesmore Sir Arthur James Herbert Count Mottice-Huiticide Llaut -Col. Sir William Gordon-Cumming Sount de Casteja. Sount Chandon de Brialles Prince di Bassiano. Count Anton Sigray. Duke of Montefeltro. Duke of Roxburghe..... Husband's Name or Title. Sount Moltke-Huitfeldt. Saron Cheylesmore Viscount Deerhurst Clayton, Charlotte.
Coctran, Elizabeth L.
Colgate, Mrs. Samuel
Collins, Edith.
Curtis, Josephine Barbey, Eva. Barbey, Helene Bell, Rita. Berwind, Gertrude. Bigelow, Flora. Bluney-Kingsland, Florence. Burns, Mary. Calhoun, Julia. Campbell, Jane. Southparte, Louise Sellna.... Breese, Eloise Laurence. Burke, Maud Alice. Burke, Patricia. Carr, Grace Bruce Carroll, Agncs. Carroll, Sarah Chamberlain, Jeanie W Chaple, Marguerite G. Jonnelly, Frances, Draner, Margaret Preston... Elliott, Gertrude. Daly, Harrlot. Daniel, Virginla Lee. Clapp. Edith Devereux.... Florence.... Fitzgerald, Mrs. Geraid. French, Elizabeth Gammell, Helen Louise. Garner, Edith. Allen, Annie Russell. Sonaparte, Louise Goelet, May.... Jarrison. Draner,

. X.	
New York, New York, New York, New York, New York, New York, San Francisco, New York California, Brooklyn, New York, Larchmont, New York,	Droadyn.  New York. New York. New York. New York. Pittspurgh. New York. Battlmore. Cincinnati. New York. Battlmore. Cincinnati. Cincinnati. New York. Battlmore. Cincinnati. Cincinnati. Cincinnati. New York. Detroit. Staatsburg. New York. Detroit. New York.
Jay Gould.  George Jay Gould.  Mitchel P. Grace.  Bach Grant.  Ann. A Green.  John English Green.  Vir. Hamilton.  James Hanan.  James Hanan.  James Handlor.  Varwick Howel.  C. Oliver Iselin.  C. Oliver Iselin.  J. Graham.  J. Graham.  J. Graham.  J. Graham.  Benjamin Knower.  Edwin F. Knowtkon.	E G. Lawrance John C. Lawrance John C. Lawrance John C. A. Letsen John G. A. Letsen Levi C. Laterer Charles F. Livermore Johnston Livingston Nicholas Longworth Plerer Lorilland James McMillan J. O. Ogden Mills J. O. Ogden Mills J. H. Mittonell Charles A. Moore- Levi F. Morton Daniel T. Murpby Frank C. Nicholson C. G. Olbrien James B. Oliver R. V. Farker
19893 19908 19908 18933 18933 19000 19000 19000 19000 19000 19000 19000 19000	1990-94-94-94-94-94-94-94-94-94-94-94-94-94-
France France Freance Bengland Bengland Bengland Russia Hungary Hungary Hungary Hungary Bengland Austria Austria Bengland Bengland Bengland Bengland Bengland Bengland Bengland Bengland Bengland Bengland Bengland Bengland	Germany Germany France Digital of France France Germany France Germany France Germany France Germany France Germany France France France France France France France France France France France France Germany France Germany France Germany France Germany France France France France France France France France Germany France Germany France Germany France Germany France France France France France France France France France France France Germany France Germany France Germany France Germany France Germany France France France France France Germany France Germany France Germany France Germany France Germany France Germany France Germany France Germany France Germany France Germany France Germany France Germany France Germany Germany
(18t) Count Boul de Castellane (2d) Prince Heile de Sagan, Duke de Talleyrand-Perigord Baron Doctes End of Sorovaguanore End of Esconsolitation Sir James Home Brand Festelies von Telas Sir James Home Brand Festelies von Telas Sir Salmes Home Sir Sydney H. Waterlow Plune For Annals of Autrazoo Plune For Annals of Autrazoo Plune For Annals of Autrazoo Plune For Annals of Autrazoo Plune For Annals of Autrazoo Plune For Annals of Autrazoo Plune For Annals of Autrazoo Plune For Annals of Autrazoo Plune For Annals of Autrazoo Plune For Annals of Autrazoo Plune For Annals of Autrazoo Plune For Annals of Autrazoo Plune For Saganor Figure Annals of Autrazoo Plune For Saganor Figure Annals Saganor Figure For Annals Sagan	Visiont to on Francken-Siersforpil. Visiont of Prancken-Siersforpil. Baron voor Sternburg. Sternbur
Gould, Anna.  Grace, Elona Maria.  Grace, Elona Maria.  Grent, Adele.  Green, Elona Maria.  Green, Ethel.  Haggin, Ella.  Haggin, Kata Hart.  Hondly, Susanne.  Hondly, Sophie.  Kennedy, Sophie.  King, Marion Allee.  Kingon, Mrs. Marion Allee.  Kingon, Mrs. Marion Allee.	Kunwiton, Mae  Langham, Ivy  Langham, Ivy  Langham, Idy  Langham, Idy  Lawrance, Agnes  Leidyard, Maud  Leishman, Martha  Leishman, Martha  Leishman, Martha  Livernore, Constance  Marth, Clara  Marth, Clara  Marth, Clara  Marth, Marthe  Marth, Marthe  Milles, Marthe  Milles, Marthe  Morton, Helen  Morton, Helen  O'Erich, Helen  O'Erich, Helen  O'Erich, Helen  O'Erich, Helen  O'Erich, Gerturd C  Phart, Alice  Phaterson, Eleanor  Phater, Alice  Phater, Alice  Phater, Alice  Phater, Alice  Phater, Milles  Philips, Antoinette  Reade, Mary  Reade, Mary  Reade, Mary  Reade, Mary  Robers, Elliasbeth Reid

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His Address.	Ohio.  Joseph On John Ohio.  Joseph On John Ohio.  Joseph On John Ohio.  John On John Ohio.  John On John Ohio.  J	New York. Louislana. Cincinnati.
Wife's Father.	Charles Rule.  Samule II. Fussell William T. Rivle. William T. Rivle. William Stort Schnigt Edward A. Schnidt Glevalier Scovel William Sharon Theodore P. Shutts Berry Sigel Isaac Singer Cuthbert Slocomb Austin Sperry Austin Sperry Austin Sperry Austin Stern Theodore P. Sallo Edmund K. Stallo Edmund K. Stallo Louis Stern Schwens Schw	John Eugene Wyman. Antonio Yznaga del Valle. Eugene Zimmerman.
Mar- ried.	100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	1902 1881 1900
His Birthplace.	England Dagland Austria Dagland Austria Dagland Austria Challand Austria Challand Ch	Austria. England England
Husband's Name or Title.	Rt. Hon. Sir Samuel Thomas Evans  Baron Playfar  Count Playfar  Count Delay of Bernard de la Fosse  Baron Barista von Moentch  Baron Baron Carlowering  Estate and Coccurity of Country  Estate and Coccurity of Trails  Estate Changes  Count of Frasiles  Count of Brazas  Count of Brazas  Count of Brazas  Prince Prancesco Rosciptiosi  Prince Prancesco Rosciptiosi  Prince Prancesco Rosciptiosi  Baron Leon de Graffouried  Count of Brazas  Count of Brazas  Prince Brancesco Rosciptiosi  Baron Leon de Graffouried  Count Delails  Baron Leon de Graffouried  Count Delails  Count Edillet  Saron Leon de Graffouried  Count Delails  Count Ballet  Count Delails  Count Delails  Count Delails  Baron Marson  Count Carlowerie  Baron Halkett  Count On Brazas  Count Geraffouried  Count On Brazas  Count Carlowerie  Baron Marynor  Count Geraffouried  Count Geraffouried  Count Geraffouried  Count Geraffouried  Count Geraffourie  Count Geraffourie  Count Geraffourie  Count Geraffourie  Count Geraffourie  Baron Marynor  Count Geraffourie  Parince Graffourie  Far of Transcy of Count  Baron Marynor  Count Geraffourie  Parinc Geraffouried  Count Geraffourie  Parinc Geraffouried  Count Geraffouried  Parince Geraffouried  Count Geraffouried  Parince Geraffouried  Count Geraffouried  Parince Geraffouried  Count Geraffouried  Parince Geraffouried  Count Geraffouried  Parince Geraffouried  Count Geraffouried  Parince Geraffouried  Count G	Count Hugo Lerchenfeld zu Kofering Sir John Pepys Lister-Kaye Duise of Manchester
NAMB.	Rule, Blanche Rusell, Edith Rusesle, Edith Rusesle, Edith Rusell, Edith Rusell, Edith Rusell, Margaret Doro Schenley, Hernfore Schenley, Hernfore Schenley, Hernfore Schenley, Hernfore Schonley, Development State, Goorgian Whide Shorts, The Cornella Rossell State, Isshell Dianche Slayder, Horn Slager, Glorgian Whide Slayder, Horn Slager, Glorgian Brobe Slayder, Horn Slager, Glorgian Mide Slager, Ellen Slager, Ellen Slager, Ellen Slager, Ellen Slager, Ellen Slager, Ellen Slager, Share McDonald Sleren, Irma, Slerer, Ellen Slager, Share McDonald Sleren Slager, Share McDonald Slager, Hars Slager, Slager, Share Slager, France McDonald Slerens, France Be Slevens, Marie de Grasse Slevens, Marie de Grasse Slevens, Marie de Grasse Slevens, Marie de Grasse Slevens, Marie Traylor, Harriet Traylor, Harriet Traylor, Harriet Traylor, Harriet Traylor, Harriet Traylor, Marriet Whitter Sleven Waltehouse, Ellen Whater Whater Whater Whater When Bentrine Indias Whater Whater Whater Whater Whater Whiter	Wyman, Ethel Louise. Yznaga, Natioa. Zimmerman, Helena

# SOVEREIGNS OF EUROPE.

List subject to change owing to the war because of losses and conquests incidental thereto.

ARRANGED ACCORDING TO THE DATES OF THEIR A	CCKS		ARRANGED ACCORDING TO THEIR RESPECTIVE	K AG	ea.	
Sovereigns.	Acces-	Age nt Acces- sion.	Sovereigns.	Yr. of Birth.	Age	Jan.1,
Sovereness.  Some II., Prince of Liechteustein Icholas, King of Montenegro. enry XIV., Prince of Reuss (younger line).  Iline M., Prince of Reuss (younger line).  Iline II., German Emperor.  Iline II., For Jose Soverenesse.  Iline II., King of Writtemberg.  Iline II., King of Writtemberg.  Iline II., Emperor of Russia.  Iline II., King of Italy  Iline II., King of Italy  Iline II., King of Russia.  Iline II., Ring of Russia.  Iline II., Ring of Russia.  Iline II., Ring of Saxony.  Iline II., Grand Duke of Baden.  Iline II., Gr	1858 1860 1860 1860 1886 1886 1886 1890 1891 1891 1892 1990 1990 1990 1990 1990 1990 1990 19	7 19 20 36 27 29 10 20 42 42 43 31 17 52 32 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45	Henry XIV., Pr. of Renss (y'ngerline) John H., Prince of Liechtenstein Nicholas, King of Montenegro. Peter, King of Serbia. Mohammed V., Sultan of Turkey Louis III., King of Bayaria. William H., King of Hayaria. William H., King of Württemberg Adolphus Frederick H., Grand Duke of Mecklenburg-Streiltz. Albert, Prince of Monaco. Bernhard H., Duke of Saxe-Meiningen Fr'c Augustus, Grand Duke, Oldenburg Gunther, Pr. of Schwarzb'g-Rudolstadt Prederick H Duke of Anhali. Prederick H. Grand Duke of Isaden. Ginstaf V., King of Sweden. William H., German Emperor Ferdinand, Czar of Bulgaria Frederick, Prince of Waldeck. Friedrich August HI., King of Saxony. Georre V., King of Great Britain, etc. Fredinand, King of Rudmania. Nicholas H., Emperor of Russia Constantine, King of the Hellenes. Emest Louis, Grand Duke of Hesse Victor Emmannel H., King of Hesse Victor Emmannel H., King of Heyen Leopold JV., Prince of Lippe. Eviest H., Duke of Saxe-Altenburg Haakon VII., King of Norway. Albert, King of the Belgans William Ernest, (7d D'k Saxe-Weimal Henry XXIV., Pr. of Reuss (cld. line). Willelm R., Prince of Nanger Willelm Ernest, (7d D'k Saxe-Weimal Henry XXIV., Pr. of Reuss (cld. line).	1832 1840 1841 1846 1848 1852 1856 1866 1866 1866 1866 1866 1866 1866	984 97.1 1876 1876 1876 1876 1876 1876 1876 187	10 61 96 44 56 11 11 76 47 41 88 88 69
dristant A., King of Denmark laric, Grand Duchess of Luxemburg onis 111., King of Bavaria onstantine, King of the Hellenes	1912 1913	18 68	Frederick IV., Grand Duke of Meck- lenburg-Schwerin Maurice, Prince of Schaumburg-	1882	-	-
ernhard II., Duke of Saxe-Menningen, erdinand, King of Roumania dolphus Frederick II., Grand Duke of	1914 1914	63 49	Lippe Charles Edward, Duke of Saxe- Coburg-Gotha	1884	32	0
	1914 1916 1916	32	Alfonso XIII. King of Spain	1886	30 29	4

# COST OF THE BRITISH ROYAL FAMILY. \*

The annulties paid by the British neople to the roval family for its support are as follows: The King and Queen. \$2,55,000: Queen Alexandra \$350,000; Princess Christian, \$30,000; Princess Louise (Duchess of Argyll) \$30,000; Duke of Coimanght, \$125,000; Duchess of Edinburgh, \$30,000; Princess Reatrice, \$30,000; Duchess of Albany, \$30,000; Duchess of Mecklenburg-Strelitz, \$15,000 (suspended); Trustees for King Edward VII.'s daughters, \$90,000; total, \$3,790,000. The King also receives the revenues of the Duchy of Lancaster. During recent years these have amounted to about \$30,000 per annum. The Prince of Wales has an income also from the revenues of the Duchy of Cornwall, amounting to about \$210,500 per annum. When the royal children marry dowries are usually provided for them. The last of the children of the late Queen Victoria to marry, Princess Beatrice, received \$150,000 as dowry from the British people by Parliamentary grant.

# CIVIL LISTS OF EUROPEAN SOVEREICNS.\*

Austria-Hungary, Emperor of, \$4,567,000. Bayaria, King of, \$1,296,303. Bulgaria, King of, \$416,000. Denmark, King of, \$270,552. German Emperor, \$3,371,585. also a vast amount of private property, castles, forests and estates, out of which the court and royal family are paid.

Greece, King of. \$389,606. Great Britain and Irelaud—See separate statement

above

Netherlands, Queen of, \$240,000; also a large revenue from domains and \$20,000 for maintenance

of the royal paluces.

Montenegro, King of, \$72,000 plus contributions from Russia each year toward the military, ed-

\*As approximated prior to war.

ucational and hospital expenditure of Monte-

negro. Norway, King of, \$187.719.

Ronmania, King of, \$230,838 and revenues of crown lands.

lands. Russia, Czar of, had private estates of more than 1,000,000 square miles of cultivated land and forests, besides gold and other mines in Siberia. Saxony, King of, \$2898,056.
Serbia, King of, \$240,000.
Spain, King of, \$238,000, exclusive of allowances to the royal family
Sweden, King of, \$288,077.
Turkey—The Sultan's income is derived from the recorne of Crown demains about \$5,000,000.

revenue of Crown domains, about \$5,000,000. Wurttemberg, King of, \$513,916.

# THE BRITISH EMPIRE.

		NITED KINGDOM.		
Countries.	Area In Square Miles.	How Acquired by England.	Date.	Repulation.
England Wales. Scotland	58,340	Conquest	1282	{ 36,960,684
Wales. Scotland Ireland.	30,405	UnionConquest	1603	4,728,500 4,375,554
	32,586	i	1172	
Totals	121,331			46,064,738†
5	BRITIS	H DOMINIONS.		
EUROPE: Gibraltar	2	Treaty cession	1713	23,381 219,311
Gibraltar	118	Treaty cession	1814	219,311
ASIA:	1 000 000	Consument	1757 1007	215 150 200
ASIA: Empire of India Ooylon. Cyprus. Welhalwel. Straits Settlements Federated Malay States. Other Malay States. Hongkong. North Borneo. Sarawak. Brunel.	1,802,629 25,332	Conquest. Annexation. Annexation. Treaty cession Treaty cession Treaty cession Treaty cession Treaty cession Treaty cession Formal protectorate Treaty cession Treaty cession	1757-1897 1815	315,156,396 4,262,097 286,922
Cyprus	3,584 285	Annexation	1914 1398	286,922 150,000
Straits Settlements	1,600 27,506 14,500	Treaty cession	1785-1909	150,000 761,521 1,037,000 800,000
Other Malay States	27,506 14,500	Treaty cession	1874-1888 1909	1,037,000
Hongkong.	376	Treaty cession	1842	489,114
North Borneo	31,100	Formal protectorate	1888 1842	208,183
Brunel	31,100 42,000 4,000	Treaty cession	1888, 1906	489,114 208,183 650,000 80,000
A manager at the state of the s		Treaty cession Annexation Annexation Annexation Conquest Occupation Cession and protectorate Treaty cession Conquest and cession Treaty cession Annexation Treaty cession Annexation Treaty cession		
Cape Province. Now form Natal the Union of South Orange Free State St. Helena.	277,000 35,290 110,400	Treaty cession	1814	2,565,000 1,200,000 1,686,212 529,000
Transvasi of South	110.400	Annexation	1900	1,200,000
Orange Free State   Africa.	50,400	Annexation	1900	529,000
St. Helena	47 34	Conquest	1673	3,500 196
Sierra Leone and Protectorate Gold Coast	31,000 80,000	Cession and protectorate	1787, 1896	1,403,132
Gold Coast	80,000 720	Treaty cession	1672	1,503,386
Mauritlus Nigeria (Northern & Southern). Rhodesia. East Africa Protectorate.	336,000 438,575 246,822 11,716 275,000	Treaty cession	1891	17,000,000
Rhodesia	438,575	Annexation	1889	1,403,132 1,503,386 380,000 17,000,000 1,750,000 4,040,000
Basutoland	11,716	Annexation	1884	405,903
Bechuanaland	275,000	Annexation	1895	126,000
Bast Willed Tolectolate Basttoland Bechuanaland Gambia Somaliand Uganda Zanzibar and Pemba. Nyassaland	4,500 68,000 121,437 1,020 40,000	Treaty cession	1884	4,040,000 405,903 126,000 140,000 310,000 2,910,000 198,000
Uganda	121,437	Protectorate	1894	2,910,000
Nyassaland	40.000	Treaty cession	1891	1.075.000
Egypt	350,000	Occupation and protectorate	1882, 1914	11,500,000
Egypt. Sudan (Angio-Egyptian). Seychelles.	985,000 156	Conquest	1814	2,500,000 23,800
1				
AMERICA: Ontario Ouebec. New Brunswick Nova Scotia Manitoba British Columbia Yukon Territory Northwest Territories.	407,262 706,834 28,000	Conquest and cession	1759-1763	2,523,274 2,003,000 352,000 492,500 455,614 502,000 8,500 18,481 539,000 675,000
New Brunswick	28 000	Treaty cession	1759-1763 1763	352 000
Nova Scotia	21,428	Conquest and cession	1627-1713 1813 1670	492,500
British Columbia	252,000 355,855	Settlement	1813	455,614 502,000
Yukon Territory	207,100	Settlement	1670 1670	8,500
Northwest Territorles	1,242,224	Settlement	1670	18,481
Saskatchewan	251,700	Settlement	1670 1763	675,000
Prince Edward Island	2,184	Conquest	1763 1583	94,000
British Guiana	28,000 21,428 252,000 355,855 207,100 1,242,224 255,300 251,700 2,184 162,734 89,480 89,480	Conquest and cession	1803-1814	304,149
British Honduras	8,600 4,200	Conquest	1798 1655	864 000
Trinidad and Tobago	1,868	Conquest	1797	352,145
Barbados	166 4,404	Settlement	1605 1629	173,359
Bermudas	20 715	Settlement	1612	19,935
Leeward Islands	715	Settlement	1623-1659	127,200
Falkland Islands	516 6,500 1,000	Treaty cession	1623-1659 1763-1783 1771	3,223
Alberta Saskatchewan Prince Edward Island Newfoundland and Labrador. British Guiana British Honduras. Jamaica. Trlinidad and Tobago Barbados. Bahamas. Bermudas Leeward Islands. Windward Islands. Falkland Islands. Seuth Georgia.	1,000	Conquest and cession Conquest and cession Treaty cession Conquest and cession Settlement Settlement Settlement Settlement Settlement Treaty cession Conquest Treaty cession Conquest Co	1771	539,000 675,000 94,000 247,574 304,149 41,170 864,900 352,145 173,359 57,241 19,935 127,200 165,721 3,223 2,000
AUSTRALASIA:	000.445		1000	
New South Wales	309,460 87,884 904,602 670,500 976,000	Settlement Settlement Settlement Settlement Settlement Settlement	1788 1832	1,855,561
South Australia	904,602	Settlement	1836	444,705
Queensland	670,500	Settlement	1824 1828	678,864
Tasmanla	26,215			196,758
New Zealand	105,000	Settlement and conquest Cession from the natives	1845 1874	1,159,720
AUSTRALASIA: New South Wales Victoria. South Australia Queensland. Western Australia Tasmania. New Zealand Fiji. Papua. Pacific Islands	26,215 105,000 7,435 90,540 20,560	Annexation	1884	1,855,561 1,421,985 444,705 678,864 323,952 196,758 1,159,720 153,704 251,579
A GOING TOTAL CO		AnnexationTreaty cession	1 1893-1906	
* Subject to changes arising f	rom losses or o	conquests incidental to the war.	† 1914 esti	mate.

<sup>\*</sup> Subject to changes arising from losses or conquests incidental to the war. † 1914 estimate.

### THE BRITISH EMPIRE-Continued.

These estimates of the area and population of the British Empire do not include any acquisition of territory in the present war. The figures here stated are based on the table designated "The British Empire." The total population is approximately 437,947,432, divided as follows: Europe, 46,307,430; Asia, 323,731,233; Africa, 51,124,129; North America, 7,910,43; Central America, 41,170; West Indies, 1,760,501; South America, 309,372; Australasia, 6,762,554. Total area 12,745,766 square miles, of which 121,451 are in Europe, 1,652,912 in Asia, 3,463,117 in Africa, 3,852,621 in North America, 8,600 in Central America, 11,889 in West Indies, 96,980 ia South America, 3,198,196 in Australasia.

	POPULATION OF THE UNITED KINGDOM BY SUCCESSIVE CENSUSES.										
	1841.	. 1851.	1861.	1871.	1881.	1891.	1901.	1911.			
England Wales Scotland. Ireland	15,002,443 911,705 2,620,184 8,196,597	1,005,721 2,888,742	1,111,780 3,062,294	1,217,135	3.735.573	4,033,103	4,472,103	4,760,904			
Totals.	26,730,929	27,390,629	28,927,485	31,484,661	34,884,848	37,888,439	41,458,721	45,231,615			

ORGANIZED April 5, 1768. Incorporated by George III, March 13, 1770. Reincorporated by the State of New York April 13, 1784. Its object is indicated in the following words of the original charger: "Sensible that numberless inestimable benefits have accrued to mankind from commerce; that they are, in proportion to their greater or lesser application to it, more or less opulent and potent in all countries; and that the enlargement of trade will vastly increase the value of real estates as well as the general opulence of our said colony," and "to carry into execution, encourage, and promote, by just and lawful ways and means, such measures as will tend to promote and extend just and lawful commerce." ful commerce.

fulcommerce."

During the decade 1760-1770, according to Lord Sheffield's Observations, the average yearly value of American Colonial imports from Great Britain was £1,763,409, and of exports to the same country £1,014,591. Up to the evacuation of the city by the British and its occupation by the Americans, on the 25th of November, 1783, the New York Chamber of Commerce had had seven Presidents, thirteen Vice-Presidents, eight Treasurers, one Secretary, and 135 members. In May, 1763, the Sandy Hook Lighthouse was lighted up for the first time. In 1786 the Chamber of Commerce first suggested the construction of the Eric Canal, and in 1784 petitioned the New York Legislature (which so ordered) that duties should be levied under a specific instead of an act vadorem tarlif.

As a society the Chamber of Commerce is limited to fifteen hundred resident and two hundred and fifty non-resident members. Initiation fee, \$50. Annual dues, \$50 per annum.

The building of the Chamber is at 65 Liberty Street, New York. Officers: President—E, H. Outerbridge; Secretary—Chas. T. Gwynne; Treasurer—William H. Porter.

THE FORTY IMMORTALS OF THE FRENCH ACADEMY. \*

		INC POSES DISTINGUES AND OF S		
	PAR LECTED.	Name.	Born.	Predecessor.
9110	വറ 1	Othenin P. de Cléron, Comte d'Haussonville. Charles Louis de Saulces de Freycinet	Toiv 1898	Emila Angiar
3 18	91	Louis Marie Julien Viaud (Pierre Loti) Ernest Lavisse.	Rochciort, 1850	Octave Feuillet.
5 18	94	Paul Bourget	Amiens, 1852	Maxime Du Camp.
7 18	97	Gabriel Hanotaux	Beaurevoir, 1853	Challemel-Lacour.
8 18	99	Henri Léon Émile Layedan Paul Deschanel.	Orleans, 1859 Brussels, 1856	Henri Meilhac.
10 19	01	Edmond Rostand	Marseilles, 1868	Bornier.
12:19	03	Frédéric Masson	Angers, 1853	Legouve.
13 19 14 19	05 06	Etienne Lamy	Cize, 1845 St. Omer. 1842	Gerard,  D'Andiffret Pasquler.
15 19	06	Maurice Barrès	Charmes, 1862	De Hérédia.
17 19	08	Jean Richepin	Medca, Algeria, 1848	Theuriet.
18:19 19:19	09 09	Raymond Poincaré Eugène Brieux	Bar-le-Duc, 1860 Paris, 1858	Gebbardt. Halévy.
20:19	09	Jean Aicard. René Doumic.	Toulon, 1848	Coppée.
22 19	09	Marcel Prévost	Paris. 1862	Sardou.
23 19 24 19	11	Monseigneur Duchesue	Houfleur, 1864	Matnieu. Melchier de Vogue.
25 19	11	Denys CochinGeneral Lyautey	Paris, 1851,	Comte Vandal.
27 19	12	Emile Boutroux	Mon'uge(Seine) 1845	Hippolyte Langlols.
28 19 29 19	14	Alfred Capus	Vannes, 1846	Thureau-Dangin.
30/19	14	Bergson	Paris, 1859	Emile Ollivier.

<sup>\*</sup>The French Academy is one of five academies, and the most eminent, constituting the Institute of France. It was founded in 1635 by Cardinal Richelieu, and reorganized in 1816. It is composed of 40 members, elected for life, after personal application and the submission of their nomination to the head of the state. It meets twice weekly, at the Palace Mazarin, 23 Quai Conti, Paris, and is "the highest authority on everything appertaning to the niceties of the French language, to grammar, rhetoric, and poetry, and the publication of the French classics." The chief officer is the Secretary, who has a life tenure of his position. The office is at present held by Etienne Lamy. A chair in the Academy is the highest ambition of most literary Frenchmen.

The other academies of the Institute of France are. The Academy of Inscriptions and Belles-Lettres, with 40 members; Academy of Sciences, with 68 members; Academy of Fine Arts, with 40 members (as follows: Painting, 14; sculpture, 8; architecture, 8; engraving, 4; musical composition, 6), and Academy of Moral and Political Science, with 40 members. All members are elected for life.

# THE BRITISH ROYAL FAMILY.

JANUARY 1, 1917.

George V., "by the grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominious Beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India," was born June 3, 1865, and succeeded his father, Edward VII., May 6, 1910. He was married to the Princess Victoria Mary of Teck (born May 26, 1867), July 6, 1893. In the first table following are the names of their children:

the names of their children:	y 26, 1867)	, July 6, 1893. The ties have to lowin	g are
NAME.	Born Died.	Married.	Date.
EDWARD Albert, PRINCE OF WALES	1894		
ALBERT Frederick	[ 1895]		
Victoria Alexandra Mary	1897		
HENRY WilliamGEORGE Edward	1900		
John Charles	1905		
		TE KING EDWARD VII.	
1. ALBERT VICTOR, DUKE OF CLARENCE. 2. KING GEORGE V. (See above)	1865	Princess Victoria Mary of Teck	1893
			1889
Alexandra Victoria, Duchess of Fife	1891	Prince Arthur of Connaught (born 1883)	1913
Alexandra Victoria, Duchess of Fife Alastair Arthur, Earl of Macduff Maud Alexandra	1914		
Maud Alexandra	1893	King Haakon VII. of Norway	
5 MARD OREEN OF NORWAY	1869	King Haakon VII of Norway	1896
Olav	1903	Hing Hackon VII. O. Norway	12000
6. ALEXANDER	1903 1871 1871		
DESCENDANTS OF	THE LAS	TE QUEEN VICTORIA. *	
1. VICTORIA, PRINCESS ROYAL		Frederic, German Emperor (died 1888).	1858
William (succ. as German Emperor.	1 1	rederio, derman Emperor (aled 1000).	1000
June, 1888). (Issue, 6 sons, 1			
daughter)	1859	Princess Augusta of Schleswig-Holstein .	1881
Unariotte. (Issue, Laughter)	1862	Prince of Saxe-Meiningen	$ 1878 \\ 1888$
Henry. (Issue, 2 sons)	1864 1866	Princess Irene of Hesse	1000
Sigismund. Victoria	1866	Prince Adolphus of Schaumburg-Lippe	1890
Waldemar. Sophia Dorothea. (Issue, 3 sons, 3 dau.)	1868 1879		7000
Sophia Dorothea, (Issue, 3 sons, 3 dau.)	1870	King Constantine of Greece	$  1889 \\ 1893$
Margarete. (1880e, 6 8008)	1872	Prince Frederick Charles of Hesse Princess Alexandra of Denmark	1863
Margarete, (Issue, 6 sons)	1011	Louis IV., Grand Duke of Hesse (died	
OF HESSE	1843 1878	Louis IV., Grand Duke of Hesse (died March 13, 1892).  Prince Louis of Battenberg	1862
Victoria Alberta (/ssue.2 sons.2 dan.)	1863	Prince Louis of Battenberg	1884
Elizabeth Canal	1864	Grand Duke Sergius of Russia (288'd 1905)	1884
Elizabeth Irene Marie. (Issue, 2 sons) Ernest Louis, Grand Duke of Hesse.	1800	Prince Henry of Prussia	1888
(Issue, 2 sons)	1868	Princess Victoria of Saxe-Coburg-Gotha	1894
Frederick William	1870 1878	3	
(Issue, 2 sons) Frederick William Alix. (Issue, 1 son, 4 daughters) Mary Victoria	1872	Thinperor Atomoras 11. Or Itussia	1894
Mary Victoria	1874 1878	Grand Duchess Marie denahtor of Alors	
4. ALFRED, DUKE OF SAXE-COBURG- GOTHA, DUKE OF EDINEUROH.	1844 1900	Grand Duchess Marie, daughter of Alexander II., Emperor of Russia	1874
Alfred Alexander	1874 1899		
Marie Alexandra Victoria. (Issue,			
Alfred Alexander.  Marie Alexandra Victoria. (Issue, 3sons, 3 daughters).  Victoria Melita. (Issue, 2 daughters).	1875		1893
Alexandra Louise. (Issue, 1 son,	1876	Grand Duke Cyril of Russia (2d marriage) Reigning Prince of Hohenlohe-Lang-	1905
Alexandra nomice, (1500c) & Sou,	1878	enherg	1896
Beatrice (Issue, 3 sons)	1884	Infante Alfonso of Orleans	1909
5. HELENA, PRINCESS CHRISTIAN	1846	Prince Christian of Schleswig-Holstein	1866
Christian Victor	1867 1900 1869	,	
Victoria Lonise	1870		
Victoria Louise Louise Augusta Harold	1872	Prince Aribert of Anhalt-Dessau	1891
Harold.	1876 1876	3	1
6. LOUISE, DUCHESS OF ARGYLL. 7. ARTHUR, DUKE OF CONNAUGHT. Margaret. (Issue, 4 sons, 1 daughter) Arthur Patrick. (Issue, I son)	1848	Duke of Argyll (died 1914)	1871
Margaret (Issue, 4 sons 1 daughter)	1850 1882	Princess Louise of Prussia Crown Prince of Sweden Duchess of Fife	$1879 \\ 1905$
Arthur Patrick. (Issue, I son)	1883	Duchess of Fife	1913
Littoria Patricia  LEOPOLD, DUKE OF ALBANY. Alice Mary, (Issue, I son I daughter). Charles Edward, Duke of Saxe-Co- burg-Gotha, (Issue, 2 sons, 2 cau.).  BEATRICE MARY VICTORIA FEODORE.	1886		
8. LEOPOLD, DUKE OF ALBANY	1853 1884	Princess Helena of Waldeck-Pyrmont	1882
Alice Mary. (Issue, 1 son 1 daughter).	1883	Prince Alexander of Teck.	1904
burg-Gotha (Issue 2 song 2 can)	1884	Princess Victoria of Schleswig-Holstein- Glücksburg	1905
9. BEATRICE MARY VICTORIA PEODORE.	1857	Prince Henry of Battenberg (died 1896).	1885
Victoria Ena. (Issue, 4 sons, 2 dan.).	. 1887	King Alfonso XIII. of Spain	1906
Leopold Arthur Louis	1889		
			1
First cousins of the late Queen Victor	a in the pa	aternal line were the Duke of Cambridge	, born

First cousins of the late Queen Victoria in the paternal line were the Duke of Cambridge, born 1819, died 1904; Augusta, Duchess of Meckleuburg-Strelitz, born 1822, and Mary Adelaide, Duchess of Teck, born 1822, died 1897. Whitaker's Peerage has a list of over 320 living blood relatives of the late Queen. \* Children in SMALL CAPS. Their children follow. † Marriage dissolved, 1901. She married second Grand Duke Cyrll of Russla, and has by him two daughters. Grand Duke Ernest married, second, Princess Elenore of Solms-Hohensolms and has by her two sons. ‡ Marriage dissolved in 1900.

NOTICE—Exact information concerning the European Governments was not obtainable (because of the war) at time ALMANAC went to press.

## THE BRITISH COVERNMENT.

THE CABINET AS ANNOUNCED DECEMBER 10, 1916. Minister of Munitions-Dr. Christopher Addison

IN THE WAR COUNCIL Prime Minister—David Lioyd George (Lib.).\* Lord President of the Council—Earl Curzon (U.). Chancellor of the Exchequer—Andrew Bonar Law (U.).\*

Without Portfolio—Arthur Henderson (Lab.).\*

Without Portfolio—Lord Milner (U.).

NOT IN THE COUNCIL.

Lord High Chancellor-Sir Robert Bannatyne Finlay (U.).
Scoretary of State for the Home Department—Sir

George Cave (U.).

Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs—Arthur J.

Ballour (U.).\*

Secretary of State for the Colonies—Walter Hume Long (U.).\*

Long (U.).\*
Secretary of State for War—The Earl of Derby (U.).\*
Secretary of State for India—Austen Chamberlain (U.).\*
President of the Local Government Board—Baron Rhoudia (David A. Thomas) (Lib.).
President of the Earl of Trade—Sir Albert Stanley.
Minister of Labor—John Hodge (Lab.).

First Lord of the Admiralty-Sir Edward Carson (U.).t

Minister of Nunuous—It. Collection (U.).\*
Minister of Blocked—Lord Robert Cecil (U.).\*
Food Comptroller—Baron Devenport (Lib.).
Shipping Comptroller—Sir Joseph Paton Maclay,
President of the Board of Agriculture—Rowland E.
Prothero (U.).
President of the Board of Education—Herbert A. L.

First Commissioner of Works-Sir Alfred M. Mond

(Lib.).
Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster—Sir Frederick

Cawley (Lib.).

Postmaster-General—Albert Holden Illingworth
(Lib.).

(ib), Minister of Pensions—George N. Barnes (Lab.), Attorney-General—Sir Frederlek E. Smith (U.).\*
Solictior-General—Gordon Howart, K. C. (Lib.), Secretary for Scotland—Robert Munro (Lib.).\*
Lord Advocate—James A. Clyde, K. C. (U.).
Solictior-General for Scotland—Thomas B. Morison, C. (Lib.).\*
Lord Lieuterant of Ireland—Hord Wimborne (Lib.).\*
Lord Lieuterant of Ireland—Hord Wimborne (Lib.).\*
Lord Chancellor for Ireland—Sir Ignatius J. O'Brien, C. (Lib.).

K. C. (Llb.).\*

\* Members of the former Asquith Government. † Withdrew from the Asquith Ministry. § At the time the Almanac went to press it was announced that the regular general election, scheduled for December, 1916, would again be postposed, probably until the end of the war.

## COURTS OF LAW.

COURTS OF LAW.

House of Lords—Lord High Chancellor, Lord Buckmaster, and such peers of Parliament as are holding of have held high juddelal office.

Lords of Appeal in Gadinary—Lords Atkinson, Shaw, Moulton, Parker, Dunedia, and Summer.

Court of Appeal—Ex-Officia Judges, The Lord High Chancellor, the Lord Chief Justice of England, the Master of the Rolls, and the President of the Probate, Divorce, and Admiraty Division. Master of the Rolls, Lord Cozens-Hardy. Lords Justices, Sir C. Swinfen Eagl, Sir Winfer Court of Justices, Sir Thomas Rolls Wartington, Sir Thomas E. Scrutton.

Bigh Court of Jospice, Carners Division—President, The Lord High Chancellor. Justices, Sir Raipa Noville, Sir Harry Trelawny Eve, Sir C. H. Sargant, Sir J. M. Astbury, Sir Robert Younger and Sir Arthur Frederic Peterson.

High Court of Jospice, King's Ernch Division—Lord Chief Justice of England, Viscount Reading (Sir Rufus Isaacs). Justices, Sir Edward Ridley, Sir Charles John Daviling, Sir Recinald More Bray, Sir Alfred T. Lawrence, Lord Coleridge, Sir Horace Avory, Sir Thomas G. Horridge, Sir Charles Montagu Lush, Sir Sidaey A. T. Rowlatt, Sir C. M. Barbache, Sir J. R. Atkin, Sir Montagu Shearman, Sir John Sankey, Sir Frederick Low, Sir Horry A. McCardie.

High Court of Jospice, Profester Bargrave Deane.

Evinne, Justice, Sir Hearry Bargrave Deane.

Court of Chimilical Appealar Bargrave Deane.

Court of Chimilical Appealar Lowis Tomas G. Horridge. Registrars, John E. Linklater, Herbert J. Hope, L., Henry J. Hood, E. W. Dinanson.

THE ESTABLISHED CHURCH OF ENGLAND.

# THE ESTABLISHED CHURCH OF ENGLAND.

ENGLISH ARCHBISHOPS.

App. 1908. York, Cosmo Gordon Lang. b. 1864. App. 1903. Canterbury, Randall T. Davidson, b. 1848.

#### ENGLISH BISHOPS.

App.
1903. Manchester, Edmund A. Knox, b. 1847,
1907. Neaccastle, Herhart Louis Wild, b. 1804,
1910. Norwick, Bertram Pollock, B. 1863,
1910. Norwick, Bertram Pollock, B. 1863,
1910. Prove Challes and Theodore Woods, b. 1871,
1911. Phyon, Thos. Wortley Drury, b. 1848,
1905. Rochester, John R. Harmer, b. 1857,
1903. St. Albuns, Edgar Jecob, b. 1844,
1899. St. Asaph, Alfred George Edwards, b. 1848,
1897. St. David's, John Owen, b. 1854,
1914. St. Edmandsbury and I pswich, Henry Bernard
Hodgson, b. 1854,
1911. Saitsbury, F. E. Ridgeway, b. 1848,
1914. Sheffield, Leonard Hedley Burrows, b. 1857,
1911. Southwark, Hubert M. Burge, b. 1862,
1911. Southwark, Hubert M. Burge, b. 1862,
1912. Traro, W. O. Eurrows, b. 1858,
1912. Traro, W. O. Eurrows, b. 1853,
1904. Worcester, H. W. Yeatman-Biggs, b. 1845. App.

1901. London, Arthur Foley W. Ingram, b. 1858.
1901. Durhem, Handley Carr Clyn Moule, b. 1841.
1901. Winchester, Edward Stuart, Tatbot, b. 1844.
1802. Bragor, W. H. Williams, b. 1845.
1894. Beh and Weils, G. W. Kennion, b. 1845.
1911. Burnaphan, H. Russell Wakefield, b. 1854.
1897. Bistol, George Nickson, b. 1864.
1897. Chelmsford, John Edwin Watts-Ditchfield, b.
1808.

1862. 1862. 1869. Chester, Francis John Jayne, b. 1845. 1960. Chester, Francis John Jayne, b. 1842. 1905. Eth, Frederick Henry Chase, b. 1853.

1905. Ety, Frederick Henry Chase, b. 1853.
1916. Exter, vacent.
1905. Glowester, E. C. Sumner Gibson, b. 1848.
1805. Herdord, John Perelval, b. 1834.
1913. Lichfield, John A. Kemphiorne, b. 1864.
1910. Licepton, Edward Lee Hicks, b. 1843.
1900. Licepton, Francis James Chavasse, b. 1846.
1905. Lianday, Joshua P. Hughes, b. 1847.

# GOVERNMEN'T OF INDIA.

Viceroy and Covernor-General. Baron Chalaistord, Governor of Bombay. Lord Willingdon, Governor of Madras. Lord Pentland. Governor of Bengal. Lord Carmichael

HOTOTOTOTOT

#### NAVY.

Lords Commissioners of the Admiral Tyr-First Lord, Sir Edward Carson; Sentor Naval Lord, Admiral Sir John R. Jellicoe; K. C. B.; Second Naval Lord, Vice-Admiral Hon. Sir Somerset A. Gough-Calthorpe, K. C. B.; Third Naval Lord, Rear-Admiral F. C. T. Tudor, C. B.; Juntor Naval Lord, Capt. Ceell F. Lambert, M. P.; Civil Lords, Earl of Lytton, R.t. Hon. Sir F. J. S. Hopwood, G. M. G. Admiral Sir P. J. S. Hopwood, G. M. G. Admiral Sir P. J. S. Hopwood, G. M. G. Admiral Sir P. J. S. Hopwood, G. M. G. Admiral Sir P. J. S. Hopwood, G. M. G. Hon. Sir Hedworth Meux, G. C. B. Honoary Admiral of the Fleet—H. I. M. Nicholas II., Emperor of Russia. Admiral—Sir R. Poore, Sir Archibald B. Milne, Bt.; H. S. H. Prince Louis of Battenberg, G. C. B.; Fr. W. Fisher, Sir G. A. Callaghan, Sir R. S. Lowry, K. C. B.; Horn Sir Stanley Colville, K. C. B.; Ernest A. Simons, Sir Frederick Tower Hamilton, K. C. B.; Sir Ceell Burney, K. C. B.; Hon, Sir Alexander E. Bethell, K. C. B.; Sir Henty B. Jackson, K. C. B. (President Royal Naval College at Greenwich). Honoardy Admirals—H. M. King of Norway, H. M. King of Sweden.
VICE-ADMIRALS—Sir C. J. Griggs, Hon, Sir F. E. Brock, K. C. M. G. Sir C. H. Coke, Sir T. H. M. Jertam, K. C. B.; Sir G. J. S. Warronder, Bart.; Sir D. A Gamble, Sir F. C. D. Sturdee, Sir E. Bradford, Sir E. J. W. Slade, Sir S. H. C. Reden, R. B. Farquhar, Sir L. Bavly, Sir Rehard H. Petrse, K. C. B.; Sir Herbert G. King-Heil K. C. B.; William L. Grant C. B.; Sir Arth r H. Limpus, Bernard Currey, Ernest C. T. Trowbridge, C. B.; Sir Arch, G. H. W. Moore, Sir Cha les E. Madden, K. C. M. G. COmmander of The Grand Fleet——Sir David Beatty, K. C. B.

Chief of the Imperial General Staff—Lieut.-Gen. Sir William Robertson, K. C. V. O. Adjutant-General—Lieut.-Gen. Sir Cecil F. H. Master-General of the Ordnance—Major-Gen. Sir S. Macready, K. C. B.

### FIELD MARSHALS.

H. I. M. The Czar of Russia, K. G. H. R. H. Duke of Connaught. Sir Evelyn Wood, V. C., Col. Royal Horse Guards. Lord Grentell, Col. 1st Life Guards.

### GENERALS-ACTIVE LIST.

H. M. King of Spain. Sir Archibald Hunter, G. C. B. Sir Chas. C. Monroe. Sir E. G. Barrow, G. C. B. Sir B. Duff, G. C. B. (Hudla). Sir W. T. Adair, K. C. B.	H. C. Eagles. Sir H. L. Smith-Dorrien, G. C. B. Sir II. F. Grant, G. C. V. O. Sir A. H. Paget, G. C. B. Sir B. M. Hamilton, K. C. B. Sir W. H. Mackinnon, K. C. B.	7070-07070

Sir F. R. Wirgate, G. C. V. O. Sir J. Eccles Nixon, K. C. B. Sir Reginald Hart, V. C., K. C. B. Sir William C. Nicholis, K. C. B. Sir Douglas Halg, K. C. B.

# GOVERNORS OF BRITISH DOMINIONS.

GOVERNORS OF BRITISH DOMINIONS.

Commonwealth of Australia—Sir R. Munro-FerRuson.

New South Wales—Sir Gerald Strickland.

Victoria—Hon Sir Lyulph Stanley.

South Africa—Uscount Buxton, High Com'r.

Malta—Field Marshal Lord Methuen.

Canada—Duke of Devosibire, K. G.

New Yound Address.

West Australia—Major-Gen Sir H. L. Galway.

Gerald Sir J. R. Chancellor.

Tranhand—Sir W. E. Ellison Macartney.

New Zealand—Earl of Liverpool.

Trinhdad—Sir J. R. Chancellor.

Windward Islands—Sir G. B. Haddon-Smith.

Leeward Islands—Sir F. H. May.

Gold Coast Colony—Sir H. C. Clifford.

British Honduras—Sir W. Collet.

Nigerla—Col. Sir F. J. D. Lugard.

Gambia (West Africa)—Sir E. J. Cameron.

British East Africa—Sir E. J. Cameron.

Somalliand—G. F. Archer.

Nyassaland—Sir George Smith. Commonwealth of Australia—Sir R. Munroguson.
New South Wales—Sir Gerald Strickland.
Victoria—Hon. Sir Lyulph Stanley.
South Australia—Lieut.-Col. Sir H. L. Galway.
Queensland—Sir H. J. Good-Adams.
West Australia—Major-Gen. Sir Harry Barron.
Tasmania—Sir W. E. Ellison Macartney.
New Zealand—Earl of Liverpool.
Trinidad—Sir J. R. Chancellor
Windward Islands—Sir G. B. Haddon-Smith.
Leeward Islands—Sir E. M. Micrewether.
British Guiana—Sir F. H. May.
Ceylon—Sir John Anderson.
Fijl—Sir G. B. Sweet-Escott.
Sierra Leon—Richard J. Wilkinson, C. M. G.
Straits Settlements—Sir A. H. Young.

# THE CITY OF LONDON.

	Lord Mayor.	Ald.	Shff. A	Layor.	Aldermen.	Ald.	Shff. M	tayor.			
	Sir William Hy. Dunn, Kt	1909	1906	1916	Sir John Charles Bell, Bart	1894	1901	1907			
	Aldermen.				Sir George Wyatt Truscott, Bart.	1895	1902	1908			
	Sir Henry Edmund Knight, Kt	1874	1875	1882	Sir John C. Knill, Bart	1897	1903	1909			
	Sir Joseph Savory, Bart	1883	1882	1890	Rt. Hon. Sir Thomas Vesey						
	Sir Walter H. Wilkin, K. C. M. G.		1894	1895		1897	1904	1910			
	Sir Alfred James Newton, Bart	1890	1888	1899	Sir David Burnett, Bart		1907	1912			
	Sir Marcus Samuel, Bart	1891	1894	1902	Sir T. Vansittart Bowater, Bart		1906	1913			
	Sir Walter Vaughan Morgan, Bart,	1892	1900	1905			1910	1914			
	Sir William Purdie Treloar, Bart.	1892	1899	1906	Sir Charles Wakefield	1908	1907	1915			
All the above have passed the Civic Chair.											
	am 4				John Humpherv	1012	1913				
	Charles Augustin Hanson	1909	1911		Tolung Cool Moone	1012	1914				
	Sir Horace B. Marshall, Kt., LL. D.		1901		Edward Cecil Moore	1015	1915	• • • •			
	Sir Edward Ernest Cooper, Kt		1912		George Alexander Touche	1015		• • • •			
	James Roll		1909		Sir L. Lulham Pound, Bart	1016	• • • •	• • • •			
	Sir John James Baddeley, Kt	1912	1909		James William Domoney	1210					

The Lord Mayor has an annual salary of £10,000, or \$50,000.

POPULATION OF LONDON WITHIN VARIOUS BOUNDARIES.		I	POPULATION	r. "
POPULATION OF BONDON WITHIN VARIOUS BOOKBRADS.	Statute Acres.	1891.	1901.	1911.
Administrative County of London	671	37,705		19,657
Metropolitan Parliamentary Boroughs (Including the city) Metropolitan and City Police Districts (Greater London)	75,442	4,232,118 5,633,806	4,563,200 6,581,402	4,542,618 7,252,963

# THE BRITISH PARLIAMENT .- (See foot note.)

The supreme legislative power of the British Empire is, by its Constitution, vested in Parliament, This body consists of two houses, the Lords and the Commons.

THE HOUSE OF LORDS.

The House of Lords is composed of the whole Peerage of England and of the United Kingdom, and of certain representative Peers of Scotland and Ireland, but many members of these latter have also English titles which give them seats in the House. The Duke of Buccleuch sits as Earl of Doncaster, and the Duke of Leinster as Viscount Leinster. The House at present consists of 3 Princes of the Blood, 2 Archbishons, 21 Dukes, 26 Marquesses, 121 Earls, 46 Viscounts, 24 Pishons, 356 Barons, 16 Scotlish Itepresentative Peers elected for each Parliament, and 27 Irish Representative Peers elected for life

The Lord Chancellor of England is the Speaker of the House of Lords.

## A TABLE OF SPITISH DIRES

	A TABLE OF BRITISH DUKES.								
CREATED.	Title.	Name.	Born.	Succeeded	Heir to Title.				
1868 1881	Abercorn*Albany†.	James Hamilton, 3d Duke	1869 1884	1913 1884	H. R. H. Prince Johann				
1703 1682 1694	Atholl‡ Beaufort Bedford Buccleuch&(1684)	Niall Diarmaid Campbell, 10th Duke (k) John J. H. H. Stewart-Murray, 7th Duke H. A. W. Fitzroy Somerset, 9th Duke Herbrand Arthur Russell, 11th Duke	$\frac{1840}{1847}$	$1864 \\ 1899$	Marq. Tullibardine, s. Marq. of Worcester, s.				
1:337 1799 1694 1889	Connaughl† Cornwall† Cumberland† Devonshire Fife	H. R. H. Ernest Augustus, 3d Duke (b) Victor C. W. Cavendish, 9th Duke H. H. Princess Alexandra, Duchess of (c)	1850 1894 1845 1868 1891	1910 1878 1908 1912	Earl of Armagh, s. Marq. of Hartington, s. Prin. Alastair Arthur,				
1643 1694 1766 1719 1702 1707	Hamilton t and Brandon Leeds Leeds Leinster* Manchester Marlborough Montroset	Aug. Charles Lennox Fitzroy, 7th Duke (d) Alfred D. Douglas-Hamilton, 13th Duke George Godolphin Osborne, 10th Duke Maurice Fitzgerald, 6th Duke William Augustus Drogo Montagu (e) Chas. R. J. Spencer-Churchill, 9th Duke (f) Douglas B. M. R. Graham, 5th Duke Henry P. A. Pelham-Clinton, 7th Duke.	1862 1862 1887 1877 1871 1852	1895 1895 1893 1892 1892 1874	Marq. of Douglas, s. Marq. of Carmarthen, s. Lord E. Fitzgerald, b. ViscountMandeville, s. Marq. of Blandford, s. Marg. of Graham, s.				
1438 1766 1716	Norfolk Northumberland.	Henry Fitzalan Howard, 15th Duke (g) Henry George Percy, 7th Duke W. J. A. Cavendish-Bentinck, 6th Duke	1847 1846 1857	1860 1899 1879	Clinton-Hope, b. Earl of Arundel, s. Earl Percy, s. Marq. of Titchfield, s				
1703 1684 1547 1833 1814	Lennox‡ Roxburghe‡ Rutland St. Albans Somerset Sutherland, Wellington	Charles H. Gordon-Lennox, 7th Duke (h). Henry John Innes-Ker, Sth Duke (m). Henry John Brinsley Manners, Sth Duke. Charles V. de Vere Beauclerk, 11th Duke (i). Algernon St. Many, 15th Duke. GeorgeSutherland-Leveson-Gower, 5th Duke.	1876 1852 1870 1846 1888 1849	1892 1906 1898 1894 1913 1900	Marq. of Granby, s. LalosborneBeauclerk,b Lord ErnestSt.Maur,b. Lord A. S-L-Gower, b. Marquis Douro, s.				

s, son; b, brother; c, consin; n, nncle.

s, son; b, brother; c, cousin; n, nucle.

'Irish Dukes, † Royal Dukes; ‡ Scottish Dukes. (a) Eighth Duke of Queensberry, descendant of the Duke of Monmouth, son of King Charles II. (b) Son of King George V., of Hanover. (c) Daughter of the Princess Louise, eldest daughter of King Edward. (d) Descendant of Henry Fitzroy, first Duke, son of King Charles II. and Barbara Villiers. (e) His mother was Miss Yzugga, of New York. His wife (whom he married November 14, 1900) was Miss Helena Zimmernnan, of Charlmati, Ohio, (f) His wife was Miss Consuelo Vanderbilt, daughter of William K. Vanderbilt, of New York. (g) Premier Duke. (h) Descendant of Charles Lennox, first Duke, son of King Charles II. and Louise-Renée de Querousilles. (i) Descendant of Charles Beauclerk, first Duke, son of King Charles II. and Nell Gwynne. (j) Grandson of the great Duke of Wellington, the victor of Waterloo. (k) Husband of Princess Louise, sixth child of Queen Victoria. (l) Duke of Saxe-Coburg-Gotha. (m) His wife (1903) was Miss Goelet, of New York.

THE HOUSE OF COMMONS.

The House of Commons consists of 670 members-465 for England, 30 for Wales, 72 for Scotland,

The House of Commons consists of 6 (0 members—400 for England, 50 for 1 water, 12 for 12 and 103 for freland. Salary £400.

The division of parties in the House of Commons, after the general election in December, 1910, was as tollows: Liberals, 272; Nationalists, 76; Independent Nationalists, 8, and 42 Labor members; Unionists, 272; the Ministerial majority being 126; the majority on November 1, 1914, was 96.

The Speaker of the House is the Right Hon, James William Lowther, M. P. for Penrith.

Note—The last general election in Great Britain was held in December, 1910, and the next would in ordinary circumstances, have taken place not later than December, 1915, Parliament being elected for a maximum period of five years, but it was announced that the regular general election would probably be postponed until the end of the war.

# POPULATION OF CREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND.

CENSUS OF 1911. ENGLAND.

COUNTIES.	Population.	Counties.	Population.	COUNTIES.	Populatiou.	Counties.	Population.
Bedford	303,428 193,951 215,122 895,410 325,315 265,780 547,768 701,981	Essex Gioncester Hants, Hereford Hertford Huntingdon Kent Lancaster Leicester Lincoin	672,581 915,563 113,088 286,998 48,105 1,019,870 4,825,739 481,115	Middlesex	414,730 488,630 363,892 697,014 716,517 198,499 21,168	Stafford Suffolk Sufrey Sussex Warwick Westmoreland Wiltshire Worcester York	382,748 919,977 666,876 1,024,196 63,575 279,391 562,383 3,969,151
Durham		London		Somerset		Total	34,047,659

# SCOTLAND.

Aberdeen	311,350((Edinburgh)	507,662  Lanark	1,447,113   Roxburgh	
Argyll	70,901 Eigin or	Linlithgow	79,456 Selkirk	
Ayr	268,332 Moray	43,427 Nairn	9,319 Shetland	
Bauff	61,402 Fife	267,794 Orkney	25,896 Stirling	
Berwick	29,643 Forfar	281,415 Peebles	15,258 Sutherland .	
Bute	18,186 Haddington.	43.253 Perth	124,339 Wigtown	31,990
Caithness	32,008   1 nverness	87,270 Renfrew		
Clackmannan,	31,121 Kincardine	41,007 Ross and Cro-		4,759,521
Dumbartou	139,831 Kinross	7,528 marty	77,853	
Dumfries	72,824 Kirkendbright	38,363	l it	

### WALES.

Anglesey	35,368   Carnarvon		60,292   Raduor	17,504
Brecon	56,380 Denbigin		62,202	100.000
Cardigan	80,768  Flint	69,737 Pembroke	84,869 Totai	,027,610
Cormorthan	151 0771 (11a morgan	1 120 818		

#### IRELAND.

LEINSTER.	[[Westmeath]	59,812) ULSTER.	Tyrone	142,437
Carlow	36,151   Wexford	102,287 Antrim & Bel-	CONNAUGHT.	
Dublin	476,909 Wicklow	60,603 fast Co. Boro.	478,603 Galway	181,686
Kildare	66.498 MUNSTER.	Armagh	119,625 Leitrim	63,557
Klikenny		104,064 Cavan	91,071 Mayo	191,969
King's		391,190 Donegal	168,420 Roscommon	93,904
Lougford		159,268 Down	304,589 Sligo	78.850
Lonth	63,402 Limerick	142.846 Fermanagh	61.811	
Meath		151.951 Londonderry	140,621 Total	4.381.951
		83,766 Monaghan	71,395	240024004
Queen's	or, out it attitute	oo, root atonas nam.	1240001	

The population returns are from the official census of Great Britain and Ireland taken in the Spring 1911. The total population of the United Kingdom, a month before the outbreak of war, was officially estimated at 46,039,249. The number of persons to the square mile was in 1911: England, 648.0; Scotland, 156.5; Ireland, 135.6.

# FOREICN DIPLOMATS DISMISSED FROM UNITED STATES.

CITIZEN GENET, sent here in 1793, after the execution of Louis X.VI. by the French Committee of Safety, tried to commission privateers here to prey on British commerce, besides making inflammatory speeches. Thomas Jefferson asked for his recall.

The Marquis of Casa Yrujo, Spanish Minister in 1805, attempted to bribe a Philadelphia editor to favor Spain in a controversy with the United States. He was handed his passports.

F. J. Jackson, British Minister, was recalled because he tried to grouse feeling against the United States by circularizing British Consuls, in which he accused the American Government of bad faith in 1809.

In 1849 M. Poussin, French Minister, because of insolence to the American Secretary of State, was recalled.

For enlisting soldiers for the Crimean War in 1855 British Minister Crampton was recalled and the exequators of three British Consuis were cancelled.

In 1888 passports were handed Lord Sackville-West, who, in r Americans of British birth to vote for Grover Cleveland for President. in response to a decoy letter, advised The Spanish Minister, Dupuy de Lome, wrote disrespectfully of President McKinley to a friend in

Cuba, for which he was dismissed in 1898.

During President Taft's term passports were handed to the Nicaraguan Chargé d'Affaires, Mr. Rodrigues, to protest against the judicial murder in Nicaragua of two Americans.

The Turkish Ambasador, Rustem Bey, whose criticisms of the United States aroused so much discussion in 1914, left this country in October of that year "on leave of absence."

Recall of Dr. Constantin Theodor Dumba, Austrian Ambassador, was requested by United States in September, 1915, as a result of his attempts to cripple American industries.

Formal announcement was made by Secretary of State Lansing on December 3, 1915, that Germany had been requested to immediately recall Captain Boy-Ed and Captain von Papen, the Navai and Military Attachés respectively, on account of what the United States Government considered improper activities in military and naval matters.

# THE NATIONS OF AFRICA.

COUNTRY.	Form of Government.	Area (In Sq. Mlies).	Population.	Capital.	Pop. of Capital.
Abyssinla	Empire	350,000	7,000,000	Adis Ababa	50,000
Egypt	Protectorate	363,200	11,400,000	Cairo	670,000
Liberia	Republic	48,000	2,050,000	Monrovia	8.000
Morocco*			5,000,000	Fez	140.000
Soudan			2,750,000	Khartoum	96.000
Union of South Africa	British	473,100	7,086,000	Pretoria	50,000
SUMMARY; Areatin			MAEY; A	rea (in Sq. Miles).	Population.
Independent	0,000 20,000,	000  Germa	m	. 930,000 ′	15,000 000
Belgian 800	0,000 15,000	000 Italiar	1	. 591.000	1,750,000
British †12,135	2,840 40,000	000 Portug	guese	. 800,000	9,000,000
Freuch 8 4.300	0.000 36.000	000 Spanis	11	86,000	250,000

<sup>\*</sup>The Barbary States are Algeria (French). Morocco (French). Tripoli (Italian), and Tunis (French). †Inclusive of the Union of South Africa (above). † Exclusive of Egypt and Anglo-Egyptiau Soudan. § Inclusive of Morocco.

# DIVISION OF AFRICA AMONG THE EUROPEAN POWERS.

British Africa: Basutoland, Bechuanaland Profectorate, Cape Colony, Central Africa, East Africa Protectorate, Egypt, Uganda Protectorate, Zanzibar Protectorate, Maurillus, Natal, Niger Coast Protectorate, Raodesia, Territory of the Royal Niger Co. South Africa, West Africa, Zulu-

Coast Protectorate, Rhodesia, Territory of the Royal Niger Co. South Africa, West Africa, Zululand and Islands, and the Boer Colonies.

FRENCH AFRICA: Algeria, Seugal, French Soudan and the Niger Gaboon and Guinea Coast, Congo Region, Somali Coast. Madagascar and Islands.

(a) GERMAN AFRICA: Togoland, Cameroons, Southwest Africa, East Africa.

1 TALIAN AFRICA: Eritrea, Somaliland, Tripoli.

PORTUGUESE AFRICA: Angola, the Congo, Guinea, East Africa and Islands.

SPANISH AFRICA: Rio de Oro, Adrar, Fernando Po and Islands.

BELGIAN AFRICA; The Congo State.

The remaining territory of Africa unoccupied is a part of the great Desert of Sahara and the independent States of Abyssinia and Liberia. Even this territory, except the last, is destined to pass under the power of the Europeans.

(a) Captured by British, 1914.

# THE UNION OF SOUTH AFRICA.

A FEDERATION of four British Colonies in South Africa, namely, the Cape Colony, Natal, the Transvaal and Orange Free State, was formed provisionally in 1909 by a convention held at Cape Town. The federation was confirmed by an act passed by the British Parliament August 16, 1909, and the date appointed for the establishment of the Union was fixed for May 31, 1910. Viscount Gladstone was appointed Governor-General and assumed office on that date.

Governor-General and assumed office on that date.

The act of Union vested the executive government in the King and his successors, a Governor-General advised by an Executive Council and Ministers of State. Legislative power was vested in a Parliament composed of the King, a Senate of forty members, eight nominated for ten years by the Governor-General in council, and eight for each original province elected for ten years by the two Houses of the Colonial Legislature sitting together, and a House of Assembly, consisting of members chosen as follows: From the Cape Colony, 51; Natal, 17; Transvaal, 36; Orange Free State, 17. The Governor-General has the power to summon, proroque and dissolve Parliament, and that body shall sit annually. Provision is made for an Administrator for each province for five years, appointed by the Governor-General, and a Provincial Council elected for three years.

Pretoria, in the Transvaal, is the seat of Government of the Union, and Cape Town the meeting place of Parliament. The English and Dutch languages are both official. It is provided that the British South African Company's territories may be received into the Union and the government of native territories may be transferred to the Union Government.

The area of the Union of South Africa is as follows, in square miles: Cape Colony, 276,995; Natal, 35,230; Transvaal, 110,426; Orange Free State, 50,389. Total Union, 473,100.

The population is as follows: Cape Colony, 3,000,000; Natal, 1,500,000; Transvaal, 2,000,000; Orange Free State, 586,000.

#### THE COMMONWEALTH OF AUSTRALIA.

The Commonwealth of Australia consists of the six original Australia. Colonies: New South Wales, Victoria, Queensland, South Australia, Western Australia and Tasmania. Each of these is a self-governing state, except as to the powers reserved to the Confederation. The Commonwealth of Australia was proclaimed at Sydney, January 1, 1901. Legislative power is vested in a Federal Parliament, consisting of the King—represented by a Governor-General—a Senate and a House of Representatives. The Senate consists of thirty-six Senators—six for each State—chosen for six years. The House of Representatives consists of seventy-five members, distributed as follows: New South Wales, 27; Victoria, 22; Queensland, 9; South Australia, 7; Western Australia, 5; Tasmania, 5. The South Wales, 27; Victoria, 22; Queensland, office, telegraph, census and statisties and conciliation and arbitration in Industrial disputes extending beyond the limits of any one State. Authority is given to the Commonwealth to assume jurisiction regarding railways, lighthouses, marriage and divorce, and emigration and immigration. The executive power is vested in the Governor-General, assisted by an Executive Council of responsible Ministers. There is also a Federal Judicature. The present scat of Government is at Melbourne, the Federal capital (Canberra) being in process of building. The area of the Commonwealth, with the Territories (Northern Territory, Papua) and Federal District (Canberra), is 3,603,041 square miles, and the population is 4,941,000.

Each of the states has its own Parliament, Governor, Ministry and Judiciary.

## STATISTICS OF THE COUNTRIES OF THE WORLD.

Owing to the war now involving many nations the statistics here given are subject to radical changes because of losses and conquests incidental thereto.

Countries.	Popu- lation.	Square Miles.	Capitals.	COUNTRIES.	Popu- lation.	Square Miles.	Capitals.
United States (Con-				German Emp.—Con.			
tinental)t	102,826,309	3,616,484	Washington	Schwarzburg - Ru-			
Philippines	8,879,999	1 15.026	Manila	dolstadt	100,702	363	Rudolstadt
Porto Rico	1,223,981	3,604	San Juan	Schwarzburg-Son-	90.017	200	Condiahausa
Hawaii Tutuila, Samoa	217,660	0,449	Honolulu	dershausen	89,917 61,707 2,437,574	433	Arolean
Guam	7,426 12,866 8,000,000	210	Agana Adis Ababa Kabul	Waldeck Württemberg	2.437.574	7.534	Sond'shauser Arolsen Stuttgart
Abyssinia	8,000,000	390,000	Adis Ababa	(Colonies in Africa)	13 419 5001	931,460	
Abyssinia Afghanistan	6,000,000	250.000	Kabul	h dolonies in Asia	§168,900	§200	
Albania	825,000	11,000	Durazzo (e) Andorra	Colonies in Pacinc	357.800	96.160	·····
Andorra	6,000	175	Andorra			46,522	Athens
Arabia	3,500,000 9,000,000	1,000,000	Buenos Ayres	Guatemala	2,119,165		Guatemala
Argentina	150 000,000 150 000 000	4920 094	Tionnot	Haytl	2,000,000		P'rt-au-Princ
Belgiiim	7,571,387	11.373	Brussels e Boma Punakha g La Paz Rio de Janeiro	Honduras	600,000	46,250	Tegucigalpa
Belgian Congo	15,000.000	900,000	Boma	Italy (Continental).	35,598,000	110,623	Rome Asmara Mogadisho
Belgian Congo Bhutan	250,000 2,267,925	20,000	Punakha g	Eritrea	450,000	46,000	Asmara
Bolivia	2,267,925	708,195	La Paz	Somaliland Tripoli	350,000	140,000	Mogadisho
Brazil	24,000,000	3,292,000	Rio de Janeiro	Tripoii	1,000,000	410,000	Tripoli
British Empire	4 755 000	43 000	Sofia	Japan	53,696,858	147,655 84,000	TOK10
Bolivia. Bolivia. Brazil. British Empire* Bulgaria. China b.	5,000,000	292,100	Santiago	Japan Chosen (Korea) Other Dependen- cies	16,500,000	04,000	BUUUI
China b	13,000,000	1,861,000	Santiago Peking	cies	3,610,441	26,611	
	0,000,000			Khlva	800,000	22,320	Khlva
Costa Rica	a420,180	23,000	San José	Liberia	2,060,000		Monrovia
Cuba. Denmark (Continen-	2,590,000	46,000	Havana	Liechtensteln	10,000		Vaduz
Denmark (Continen-	2 275 026	15 200	Cononhagon	Luxemburg	268,000		Luxemburg
tal)	2,775,076	10,388	Copenhagen Reykjavik	Mexico	15,063,267	765 535	City of Mexic
Groonland	85,118 11,893	46.740			20,000	8	City Offical
west indies	32,780	138		Monaco Mongolia. Montenegro Morocco.	3,000,000	1,076,000	Urga
Dominican Republic	710,000	19,325	San Domingo	Montenegro	520,000	5,650	Cettinje (e)
Ecuador	1,500,000	116,000 400,000	Quito	Morocco,	6,500,000	200,000	
EgyptSoudan	12,170,000			Nepal	4,000,000	54,000	Khatmandu
Soudan	3,000,000		Khartoum	Nepal Netherlands (Conti- nental)	6 500 000	12 648	Amsterdam
France(Continental) Algeria	5,600,000	194 950	Algiers	Borneo	6,500,000 1,250,000	284,000	Amsterdam
Tunig	1,900,000	51.000	Tunis	Celebes	851,000	72,000	Menado
Madagascar	3,253,581	227,000	Antananarivo	Celebes	30,098,008	50,400	Batavia
Madagascar Other Colonies In			1	Other Dutch East	. 200	B=B 000	
Africa	19,995,000	3,948,984		Indies Dutch West Indies	4,528,411 439,466	352,029	
Colonies in Asia.	16,594,000 400,000	310,170				49 200	Managua
Colonies in Oc'nia	85,000	8.700		Norway	2,459,000	124.129	Christiania
German Empire in	00,000	ŀ		Oman	750,000	82,000	Muscat
Europe	66,715,000	208,780	Berlin	Panama	427,000	32,380	Panama
Alsace-Lorraine	1,874,014	5,604	Strassburg	Paraguay	800,000	195,000	Asuncion
Anhalt	331,128 2,142,833 6,887,291 299,526	888	Strassburg Dessau Karlsruhe	Persia	9,000,000	625,000	Asuncion Teheran Lima
BadenBavarla	6 997 201	20,303	Munich	Poland	4,620,000 12,247,600	49 019	Warsaw
Bremen	299,526	25,292		Portugal, Azores.	15,511,000	40,010	TT aloaM
Bremen	494,339	1,418	Brunswick	Nicaragua Norway Oman Panama Paraguay Persia Peru Poland Portugal, Azores, Madeira Island. Colonies in Atrica	5,957,985	35,490	Llsbon
Hamburg	1,014,664	160		Colonies in Africa Colonies in Asia.	8.300,000	853 337	ļ.
Hesse	1,282,051	2,996	Darmstadt	Colonies in Asia.	950,000	0,000	
Llppe	150,937	469	Detmold	Roumania	7,600,000	0 617 657	Bucharest
Lübeck Mecklenburg-	116,599	145		Russian Empire Salvador	1,254,000	7 325	Petrograd San Salvado
Schwerin	639,958	5,069	Schwerln	San Marino	10,655	38	Dan Vau
Mecklenburg-	000,000	1	1	San Marino Serbia	4,600,000	34,000	(e) Bangkok
Strelitz	106,442	1,131	Neu Strelitz Oldenburg	Slam. Spain (Continental).	6,0GC,60C	220,000	Bangkok
Oldenburg	483,042	2,482	Oldenburg	Spain (Continental).	20,356,000	190,050	Madrid
Prussia	40,165,219	134,616	Berlin	Balearic and Ca-	6 FO F 10	4.0.0	
Reuss (younger	150 750	210	Gera	nary Islands Colonics in Africa	758,512	9,747	
Reuss (elder line).	152,752 72,769	122	Greiz	Sweden	235,844 5,680,090		Stockholm
Saxe-Altenburg	216,128	51	Altenburg	Sweden Switzerland	3.741.971	15,976	Berne
Saxe-Coburg-			_	Thibet	3,741,971 3,000,000	463,200	!I basa
Gotha	257,177	76	Gotha	Thibet Turkish Empire	21,274,000	710,224	Const'ntin'r
Saxe-Meiningen	278,762 417,149	95	Gotha Meiningen Weimar	European Turkey.	1.892,000	11,000	Const'ntin'
	417 140	1 1 39	/IV elmar	Asiatic Turkey	1 19 382,000	699.224	
Saxe-Welmar	1 0000 000	1 200	170	Transcent de Contraction de la contraction de Contr	E 000 000	100 100	122
Saxe-Welmar Saxony Schaumburg -	4,806,661	5,78	Dresden	European Turkey Asiatic Turkey Union of S. Africa* Uruguay Venezuela	21,274,000 1.892,000 19,382,000 7,086,000 1,400.000	473,100	Pretoria Montevideo

<sup>\*</sup> For statistics in detail see tabular page entitled "The British Empire." † Estimates for January 1, 1917, by United States Census Bureau. † Population of Austria 29,000,000, Hungary 21,000,000; area of Austria 134,634 square miles, Hungary 125,400. Capital of Hungary, Budapest. § Not including the Bay with an area of about 200 square miles and the neutral zone with an area of about 2500 square miles and population of 1;200,000. a Court capital, The Hague.  $\Phi$  Exclusive of Thibet and Mongolia, which see.  $\Phi$  Capital abandoned since occupation by Germans.  $\Phi$  Winter capital; Summer capital, Tasichozong.  $\Phi$  With the exception of a part of East Africa, the whole of the German Colonies are now in possession of either Great Britain, France, or Japan.

## NEWFOUNDLAND.

	Area (English square miles).	Popt	LATION.
	Area (English square miles).	Census of 1901.	Census of 1911.
NewfoundlandLabrador Coast		217,037 3,947	238,670 3,949
Total	162,750	220,984	242,619

#### INCREASE OF THE PEOPLE.

	I	NCREASE.					
YEAR.	Births.	Immigrants.	Total.	Deaths.	Emigrants.	Total.	Marriages.
1909-10 1911 1912 1913 1915	7,199 6,910 7,625 7,406 7,765	12,366 13,057 12,566 13,788 8,169	19,565 19,967 20,191 21,194 15,934	3,673 3,892 4,117 4,417 3,663	12,899 13,023 9,862 14,255 9,247	16,572 16,915 13,979 18,672 12,910	3,656 3,562 3,698 3,742 3,138

The Island of Newfoundland is situated between 46° 37′-57° 39′ north latitude and 52° 35′-59° 25′ west longitude, on the northeast side of the Gulf of St. Lawrence, and is separated from the North American content by the Straits of Belle Isle. The Island is a bout 317 miles long and 316 miles broad, and is triangular in shape, with Cape Bauld (north), Cape Race (southeast), and Cape Rav (southwest) at the angles. The coast is extremely rugged, and the coastal regions are mountainous, the north and east being moderately cold owing to the quantities of ice brought down from the Greenland seas. The interior is undulating and is covered with tolts (round hills) interspersed with lakes, rivers, and swamps, but containing many fertile valleys where the climate is favorable to agriculture, and a great wealth of forests, mainly of spruce and birch. The climate is salubrious, and the people are a strong, bealthy, hardy industrious race. The thermometer seldom falls below zero in Winter, and ranges in the shade in Summer from 70° to 80°.

# GOVERNMENT.

The executive is intrusted to a Governor, appointed by the Crown, aided by an Executive Council with a Legislature of two houses. The Legislative Council is appointed by the Crown and consists of theory four members; the House of Assembly consists of thirty-six members elected by the people, every male British subject aged twenty-one being entitled to the franchise.

Governor, His Excellency Sir Walter Edward Davidson, K. C. M. G., S12,500.

The Ministry—Premier, Sir Edward P. Morris; Colonial Sccretary, J. R. Bennett; Minister of Justice, R. A. Squires, K. C.; Minister of Finance and Customs, M. P. Cashin; Minister of Agriculture and Mines, S. D. Blandford, with a salary of \$2,000 each; C. H. Emerson, R. K. Bishop, M. P. Glibs and J. C. Crosble, without portfolio, form the Executive Council: Officials Not in Government-Minister of Marine and Fisheries, A. W. Piccott; Minister of Public Works, William Woodford; Auditor-General, F. C. Bertcau, I. S. O., Postmaster-General, vacant; Deputy Minister of Customs, H. W. LeMessurjer, J. P., C. M. G.

Legislature—The Legislative Council consists of not more than twenty-four members, appointed for life; the flouse of Assembly of thirty-six members, elected by the people for four years.

Judiciary—Chief Justice, Hon. Sir W. H. Horwood, \$5,000; Assistant Judges, Hon. G. M. Johnson and Hon. I. M. Kent, each, \$4,000.

Indiciary—Chief Justice, Hon. Sir W. H. Horwood, \$5,000; Assistant Judges, Hon. G. M. Johnson and Hon. I. M. Kent, each, \$4,000.

Education—Education is denominational, and is assisted by Government. Primary schools were attended in 1913 by 51,005 pupils, and secondary schools by 1,328 students. The Government grants in 1913 amounted to \$366,923.

amounted to \$366,923. Post-Offices (738)—Revenue, £27,350; expenditure, £122,006. Telegraphs—Revenue, £19,594; expenditure, £28,688. Rallways—827 miles. Total Shipping, Year Ended June 30, 1915—1,962,342 tons. Principal Imports, 1915—Coal, \$849,189; four, \$1,955,629; molasses, \$218,282; kerosene oli, \$139,323; hardware, \$357,773; machinery, \$446,958; meat, \$475,440; pork, \$420,191; sugar, \$373.085; tea, \$205,731; textiles, \$702,013. Exports, 1915—Coffee, \$39,000; fish, \$7,332,287; herrings, \$554,322; fobsters, \$92,228; salmon, \$74,910; chrome iron, \$581,814; cod oil, \$470,546; seal, \$292,513; seal skins, \$376,343.

Religion-At the census of 1901 and 1911 the following statistics were obtained:

	1901.	1911.		1901.	1911.
Roman Catholics	73,008	78,616	Presbyterians Salvation Army. Various	6.594	1,876 10,141 2,767

Finauce-The revenue, expenditure, and debt of Newfoundland for years ended June 30:

YEAR.	Revenue.	Expenditure.	Public Debt.	YEAR.	Revenue.	Expenditure.	Public Debt.
1909-10 1910-11 1911-12		3,354,747	27,176,280	1913-14	\$3,919,040 3,920,178 3,950,790	3,920,178	30,450,765

# External Trade-The external trade of the island for years ended June 30, as follows:

YEAR.	Imports.	Exports.	Total.	YEAR.	Imports.	Exports.	Total.
1909-10 1910-11 1911-12		11,975,747	25,359,657	1913-14	\$16,012,365 15,193,726 12,350,786		

The capital, St. John's, has a population of 32,292. Other towns are Harbour Grace (4,279), Carbonear (3,540), Twillingate (3,348), and Bonavista (3,911).

Labrador, a dependency of Newfoundland, forms the most easterly part of America, and extends from Blanc Sabion, in the Straits of Belle Isla, on the south, to Cape Chudleigh, at the entrance to Hudson's Straits (or to Cape Wolstenholme), on the north. The inhabitants of this 850 miles of coastal America are mainly Esquimant.

# DOMINION OF CANADA.

SEAT OF GOVERNMENT-OTTAWA.

Governor-General-Duke of Devonshire, K. G., G. C. M. G., G. V. C. O. Salary, \$50,000.

The salary of each member of the Dominion Cabinet holding a portfolio is \$7,000 per annum, except the Premier, who receives \$12,000. The leader of the Opposition receives \$7,000. The present Ministry was sworn into office October 10, 1911. It is conservative in politics.

Premier and President of the Privy Council—Right
Hon. Sir Robert Laird Borden.
Secretary of State and Minister of Mines—Hon. P. E.
Biondin.
Minister of Trade and Commerce—Right Hon. Sir
Minister of Trade and Commerce—Right Hon. Sir

Blondin.

Minister of Trade and Commerce—Right Hon. Sir George E. Foster.

Minister of Justice—Hon. Charles J. Doherty.

Minister of Marine and Fisheries and Minister of the Naval Service—Hon. John D. Hazen.

Minister of Milita and Defence—Lieut.-Gen. The Words Service—William and Defence—Lieut.-Gen. The Words St. Comp. Hughes Minister of Militia and Hon. Sir Sam. Hughes.

Cochrane.
Cochrane.
Minister of the Interior—Hon. William J. Roche.
Minister of Customs—Hon. John D. Reid.
Minister of Inland Revenue—Hon. L. Patenaude.
Minister of Labor—Hon. Thomas W. Crothers.

WITHOUT PORTFOLIO.

Hon. Sir George H. Perley, Hon. Albert E. Kemp. Parliamentary Secretary Militia and Defence— Fleming B. McCurdy.

Hon. Sir James A. Lougheed. Hon. Arthur Meishen, Solieitor-General. Parliamentary Under-Secretary of State for External Affairs—Lleut-Col. Hugh Clark.

The Senate (Dominion Parliament) is composed of 87 members. The Speaker's salary is \$4,000. Each Senator receives a sessional indemnity of \$2,500. The House of Commons is composed of 221 members. The Speaker receives a salary of \$4,000. Each member of the House receives a sessional indemnity of \$2,500. The members of the House of Commons are elected under the several provincial franchises, in accordance with a Federal act passed in 1898. The Senators are appointed for life by the Crown on the nomination of with a Federai act passed in 1898. the Governor in Council.

AREA, POPULATION AND SEATS OF GOVERNMENT, AND LIEUTENANT-GOVERNORS OF THE PROVINCES.

Provinces.	Area, Square Miles.*	Popula- tion, 1911.	Seats of Government.	Lieutenant-Governors.	Ap- point- ed.
Alberta† British Columbia Manitoba. New Brunswick Nova Scotia. Ontario. Prince Edward Island Quebec. Saskatchewan† N. W. Territories Yukon Territory.	355,855 251,832 27,985 21,428 407,262 2,184 706,834 251,700 1,242,224	392,480 455,614 351,889 492,338 2,523,274 93,728 2,003,232 492,432 18,481	Victoria. Winnipeg. Fredericton. Hailfax. Toronto. Chariottetown. Quebec. Regina. Ottawa.	Hon. R. G. Brett. Hon. G. H. Barnard. Hon. Sh James A. M. Aikins. Hon. Josish Wood. Hon. David MacKeen. Hon. Sir John S. Hendrie. Hon. A. C. Maedonald. Hon. Sir P. E. Leblane. Hon. R. D. Lake. Lawrence Fortescue, I. S. O. Com'r George Black, Com'r.	1915 1916 1912 1915 1914 1915 1915 1915 1905
Total	3,729,665	7,206,643			

\* Land and water included in area. tAlberta and Saskatchewan were erected into provinces in 1905.

\*Land and water included in area. †Alberta and Saskatchewan were erected into provinces in 1905. By the Extension Act of 1912, the area of Ontario was increased by 146,400 square miles, Quebec by 354,961, and Manitoba by 178,100.

High Commissioner in London, England, Sir George H. Perley (acting).

The Dominion of Canada has an area of 3,729,865 square miles (excluding the Hudson Bay, the Gulf of St. Lawrence and all tidal waters) and comprises one-sixteenth of the land surface of the globe. It is the largest of all the British possessions, Australia, the next in size, containing 2,946,691 square miles. The Government of Canada is federal, centred at Ottawa, which city is the capital of the Dominion, while the provinces have their respective local Legislatures. The head of the Federal Government is the Governor-General, appointed by the King of Great Britain, and holding office for five years, his salary being paid by the Dominion Government. the Dominion Government.

the Dominion Government.

The Lieutenant-Governors of the several provinces are appointed by the Federal Government for a term of five years. The Legislatures are elected by the people of each province. The hichest court in the Dominion is the Supreme Court, composed of a Chief Justice and five Judges, each of whom receives a salary of \$0,000 per annum, except the Chief Justice, who is paid an additional \$1,000. From the decisions of this court the only tribunal to which appeal can be made is to the Judicial Committee of the Imperial Privy Council of Great Britain. The only other Federal court is the Exchequer Court, presided over by a single Judge, for trying cases connected with the revenue. Salary \$8,000. All others are of a provincial character limited to jurisdiction in their respective provinces only.

#### FINANCES.

Revenue (financial year ended March 31, 1916), \$172,147,838, of which \$98,649,409 was from customs, \$22,428,492 from excise, \$18,858,690 from post-office, \$19,256,418 from public works, including Government rail rays; miscellaneous, \$12,954,829. The revenue in 1915 amounted to \$133,073,482, and in 1914, it was \$163,174,395.

tt was \$163,174,395.

The expenditure on account of consolidated fund was \$130,350,727, as follows: Interest, \$21,421,585; The expenditure on account of consolidated fund was \$130,350,727, as follows: Interest, \$21,421,585; etwis for expenditure on the expenditure of particles of the expenditure o

NATIONAL DEBT.

The gross public debt of Canada on March 31, 1916, amounted to \$943,839,434. The total assets counted against gross public debt amounted to \$328,683,263.

#### DEFENCE.

Owing to the war, the training of militia was suspended for 1915-16 and training establishments have

owing to the war, the training of minuta was suspended for 1915-10 and draining establishments have not been authorized.

From the outbreak of the war up to September 1, 1916, there had been sent overseas for active service in the war 210,394 officers, non-commissioned officers and men. At the same date there were training in Canada in camps in the various military districts 4,577 officers and 107,998 other ranks, a total of 112,575. In addition there have been maintained on guard duty in Canada (canals, certain railway bridges and public buildings) about 12,500, all ranks.

#### TRADE.

Exports (domestic and foreign) (1915-1916): To British Empire, \$494,546,383; United States, \$216,669, 202; Argentina, \$2,398,655; Brazii, \$1,142,105; Cuba, \$1,431,290; France, \$36,085,813; Holiand, \$2,563,626; Litaly, \$10,733,288; Japan, \$998,240; Russia, \$6,737,152; Switzerland, \$979,103. Total exports, \$882,872,502, of which goods not the produce of Canada, \$141,261,549 (including coin and bullion amounting to \$103,-572.432).

912, 933, 914, 560; Argentina, 317, 1915, 1916; From British Empire, \$105,140,717; United States, \$393,914,560; Argentina, 317,1296; Brazil, \$887,427; China, \$916,984; Cuba, \$1,393,494; France, \$5,714,053; Holland, \$878,195; Italy, \$986,746; Japan, \$4,079,273; Mexico, \$745,445; Peru, \$1,452,539; San Domingo, \$3,286,819; Spain, \$581,553; Switzerland, \$3,435,344. Total datable imports, \$310,193,014; free imports, \$220,052,580; coin and bullion, \$34,260,20. Total imports, \$564,505,796.

Chartered banks, March 31, 1916: Capital paid up, \$112,\$15,581; notes in circulation, \$114,804,604, total on deposit, \$1,295,790,458; discounts to the people, \$1,096,563,620; liabilities, \$1,462,825,316; assets, \$1,705,836,892; rest or reserve fund, \$113,022,933. Savings banks, March 31,916: Deposits in Government, \$13,520,009; deposits in post-office, \$40,008,418; special, \$40,405,037; total, \$93,923,464.

#### RAILWAYS.

Canada has a network of steam rallways, the total mileage of which at the end of June, 1915, was 35,582 miles, and 1,590 miles of electric railways.\*

# TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH.

Telephones—On the 30th of June, 1915, there were 533,090 telephones and 1,452,360 miles of telephone wire in use, of the latter 1,008,147 miles were urban and 443,213 rural. The earnings amounted to \$17,601,673, and the operating expenses to \$12,836,715.

Telegraphs, Government—The length of Government lines in 1915 was 11,497 miles (including 362 miles of cables) and the number of offices was 870, from which 377,849 messages were sert and received. Chartered companies—These companies have a line in leage of 38,503, carrying 184,602 miles of wire (including 962 miles of cables) and 3,342 offices, from which 10,348,295 messages were sent and received. Wireless—In 1915 there were 57 radiotelegraph coast stations operated in the public service of Carada, having a range of 100 to 750 nautical miles, or an average of 247 mattical miles. Messages ent and received numbered 174,017. There is also a long distance station near Glace Bay, Cape Breton, with a range of 3,000 nautical miles, and one at Newcastle, N. B., with a range of 2,500 nautical miles. Twenty-three Government steamers are equipped with wireless apparatus, having a range of 100 to 400 miles, or an average of 170 miles,

### FISHERIES.

		es within the Dominion of Canada:
1905\$29,479,562   1908-09	\$25.451.085[ 1911-12	\$34,667,8721 1914-15\$31,264,631
1906 26.279 485 1909-10	29.629 169 1912-13	33,389,464 1915-16 35,860,708
1907-08 25,499,349 1910-11		

### MINERALS.

The total value of the mineral production of Canada in 1915 was \$138,513,750, as compared with \$123,•475,499 in 1914. The principal minerals produced were as follows: Gold, \$18,936,971; sliver, \$14,083,397; arckel, \$20,423,348; copper, \$17,726,307; coal, \$31,957,757; pig iron (from Canadian and foreign ore), \$11,•592,819; cement, \$6,977,024; lead, \$2,541,116; natural gas, \$3,300,825, and asbestos, \$3,491,450.

# GENERAL STATISTICS.

Post-offices (year ended March 31, 1915), 13,348; number of letters and post-cards malled, 750,835,000. Shipping, March 31, 1916, tomage of sea-going vessels entered and cleared, 24,827,050 tons; tomage of shipping engaged in the coasting trade, 05,709,424 tons, tounge of shipping engaged in the Great Lakes carrying between Canada and the United States, 32,893,448 tons; vessels built and registered, 325; tonnage, 102,239; lightkeepers, 1,066; lights, 1,521, and 12 lightships.

CENSUS POPULATION OF CITIES, 1911.

Montreal, 470,480; Toronto, 376,538; Winnipeg, 136,035; Vancouver, 100,401; Ottawa, 87,062; Hamilton, 81,969; Quebec, 78,710; Halifax, 46,619; London, 46,360; Catgary, 43,704; St. John, N. B., 42,511;
Victoria, 31,660; Regina, 30,213; Edmonton, 24,900; Brantford, 23,132; Kingston, 18,874; Maisonneuve,
18,684; Peterborough, 13,360; Hull, 18,222; Windsor, 17,829; Sydney, 17,723; Glace Bay, 16,562; Fort Willlam, 16,499; Sherbrooke, 16,405; Kitchener, 15,196; Guelph, 15,175.

\*The earnings of steam railways amounted to \$199,843,072, and the operating expenses to \$147,731,099, Passengers carried numbered 46,322,035, and 87,204,838 tons of freight of 2,000 pounds. On electric railways the earnings amounted to \$26,922,900, and the operating expenses to \$18,131,842. The number of passengers carried was 562,302,373. (For year 1915.)

RACES AND RELIGIONS.

RACES (Birthplace).	1901.	1911.	RELIGIONS.	1901.	1911.
teres (Sirespand):			20021010101		
· Canada	4.671.815	5.619.682	Roman Catholics	2,229,600	2.833.041
United Kingdom	390.019	784.526	Methodists	916.886	1,079,892
England	201.285	510,674	Presbyterians	842,442	
Wales	2.518	92,874	Church of England	681,494	1,043,017
Scotland	83,631	169.391	Baptists	318,005	382.666
Ireland		8.727	Lutherans	92.524	
Lesser Isles	956	2.860	Congregationalists	28.293	34.054
Other British	30.693	48,896	Unknown	43,222	
inited States	127.899	303.680	Mennonites	31,797	44,611
Germany		39.577	Jews	16.401	74,564
Russia	31,231	100.971	Greek Catholics	15,630	
Norway and Sweden	10.256	49,194	Pagans	15,107	11,840
France	7.944	17.619	Disciples	14,900	11,329
Itaty		34.739	Brethren	8.014	9.278
Austria-Hungary	28,407	121,430	Buddhists	10,407	▶ 10.012
-China	17,043	27.083	Salvation Army	10,308	
Elsewhere			Doukhobors	8,775	10,493

## MEXICO.

THE official administration at time the ALMANAC went to press was not established excepting as to the chief executive.

First Chief-Venustiano Carranza.

### AREA AND POPULATION.

. STATES	l Area	Popula-	1 1	I STATES	Area	Popula-	
AND	Square	tion.	Capitals.	AND	Square	tion.	Capitals.
TERRITORIES.	Miles.	1910.		TERRITORIES.	Miles.	1910.	
Aguascalientes .	2,969	118,978	Aguascalientes.	Queretaro	4,492	243,515	Queretaro.
Campeche	18.086	85,795	Campeche.	San Luis Potosl.	24,000	624.748	San Luis Potosi.
Chiapas	27,222	436,817	San Cristobai.	Sinaloa	27,553	323,499	Culiacan.
Chihuahua	89,974	405,265	Chihuahua.	Sonora	76,619	262,545	Hermosilio.
Coahuila	63,728	367,652	Saltillo.	Tabasco	10.072	183,708	S. Juan Bautista.
Colima	2.273	77,704	Colima.	Tamaulipas	32,268	249,253	Ciudad Victoria.
Durango	42,265	436,147	Durango.	Tepic (Ter.)	10,951	171.837	Tepic.
Guanajuato	10,948	1,075,270	Guanajuato.	Tlaxcala	1.595	183,805	Tiaxcala.
Guerrero	24,996	605,437	Chilpancingo.	Vera Cruz	29,283	1.124,368	Jalapa.
Hidalgo	8,575		Pachuca.	Yucatan	18,565	337,020	Merida.
Jalisco	33.486	1.202.802	Guadalajara.	Zacatecas	24,467	475,863	Zacatecas.
Mexico	8,949	975.019		L. Calif'a (Ter.)	58,328	52,244	La Paz.
Michoacan	22,656		Morelia.	Federal Dist	579	719,052	City of Mexico.
Morelos	2,734	179,814	Cuernavaca,	Quintana Roo	16,638	9.086	Santa Cruz de
Nuevo Leon	23,679		Monterey.	-		·	Bravo.
Oaxaca	35,383	1,011,035					
Puebla	12,201	1,092,456	Puebla.	Total	765,535	15,063,207	

#### CONSTITUTION AND GOVERNMENT.

The Constitution of the United Mexican States, adopted February 5, 1857, provides for a representative, Federal form of Government, the several States of the Union regulating their internal affairs

States of the Union regulating their internal altairs. The National Congress is composed of a Senate and a Chamber of Deputies, the former consisting of 56 members, 2 for each State and the Federal District, elected indirectly for a term of four years. One-half of the Senate is renewed every two years. The members of the Chamber of Deputies are also elected indirectly, but for a term of two years, in the proportion of one Deputy for 40,000 inhabitants or fraction exceeding 20,000.

or traction exceeding 20,000.

Suffrage is possessed by all male citizens who have reached the age of 18 years if married, and of 21 years if not married. Congress meets twice a year. The first session is from September 16 to December 15, and may be extended for 30 lexiciative days. The second session is from April 1 to May 31, which may he extended for 15 legislative days.

may he extended for 15 legislative days.

During recess, Congress is represented by a Permanent Committee consisting of 14 Senators and 15 Deputies, which has the power to convene Congress, either upon its own initiative or at the suggestion of the President, in extraordinary session. The duties of the committee are to advise the President relative to matters affecting legislation; to give its consent to the use of the national guard by give its consent to the use of the national guard by the President upon certain occasions provided for by the constitution; to prepare a report on all pending legislative matters in order to expedite action by the next Congress; to give or withhold its approval of presidential appointments in the diplomatic and consular services, and to administer the oath of office to the President of the Republic and to the Justices of the Supreme Court in certain cases provided for by the Constitution.

The President and Vice-President are chosen by electors for a term of six years; the President is assisted by a Cabinet of eight Secretaries. His salary is 50,000 pesos, equal to \$25,000. The Cabinet officials are appointed by the President and are directly responsible to him for the proper administration of their respective departments, which are as follows:

as follows:

Department of Foreign Relations, Department of the Interior, Department of Justice, Department of Public Instruction and Fine Arts, Department of

Promotion, Department of Communications and Public Works, Department of Finance, Department of War and Marine.

of War and Marine.

Mexico is divided politically into 27 States, 3
Territories, and 1 Federal District. Governors of the States are elected in the same manner as the President of the Republic, as are also the Legislatures and the judiciary of each State. The Territories are administered by Governors appointed by the President, while the government of the Federal District, which includes the capital, Mexico City, is in the hands of three officials, likewise appointed by the President. The States and Territories are subdivided into municipalities, which elect their own administrative councils and Mayors,

# COAST OF MERICO.

Mexico has a coast line of 1,400 miles along the Mexican Gulf, 327 miles on the Carlbbean Sea, and no less than 4,574 miles on the Pacific Ocean, including the Gulf of Callfornia between the penlisula

cluding the Guilf of California between the penlusula of Lower California and the Mexican mainland, measuring indentations.

On the Guilf of Mexico the chief ports are: Matamoros, Tampico, Tuxpan, Vera Cruz, Puerto Mexico (Contaxcaclacos), Frontera, Campeche, and Progreso. On the Caribbean Sea there are two ports of entry: Ascension and Espiritu Santo, also Payo Chispo for Government transports. On the Paclite side there are the ports of Gaymas, Topolobampo, Altata, Mazatlan, San Blas, Manzauillo, Acapulco-Puerto Angeles, Salina Cruz, Tonala, and San Benito, on the mainland, and Ensenada and La Paz on the penlusula of Lower California. on the peninsula of Lower California.

# RECENT STATISTICS.

RECENT STATISTICS.

Notable progress has been made in the extension of the post and telegraph service in the Republic. There are now about 3,000 post-offices of all classes, 500 telegraph stations, with 25 telephone and 6 wireless-telegraph stations. The length of wires totals about 75,000 kilometres (46,602 miles), while an equally efficient cable system shows a total length of cable amounting to 775,000 metres (over 480 miles). There has been but little activity in the development of railway systems, owing to the prevailing political urrest. The recent additions make a total of about 16 000 miles prevailing political unrest. The make a total of about 16,000 miles.

Mexican trade statistics are not available for a date later than June 30, 1913. The following are estimates:

## FOREIGN COMMERCE (IN GOLD):

Year ended June 30, 1914, estimate—	Year ended June 30, 1915, estimate—
Exports	Exports
Total\$241,000,000	Total\$211,000,006

United States trade with Mexico for year ended June 30, 1916: Imports, \$97,676,544; exports, \$48. 508,542. (Report of Department of Commerce in Washington, D. C.)

# ARGENTINA.

ARGENTINA.

ARGENTINA, the third largest of the American Republics, is situated between latitude 22° and 56° south and longitude west of Greenwich 53° and 57°, being bounded by the Republics of Chile, Bolivia, Faraguay, Brazil, Urugusy, and the Atlantic Ocean.

It is a Federal republic of fourteen Provinces, ten Territories, and one Federal District. The provinces and Federal District are represented in the National Congress, composed of a Senate and Chamber of Depubles.

For commerce see table of "Latin-American Foreign Trade."

#### BRAZIL.

The Republic of the United States of Brazil is the largest of the South American countries and the second largest of the American republics. It is situated between 4° 22′ north and 33° 45′ south and longitude 34° 40′ and 75° 15′ west, and touches every other South American republic with the exception of Chile; besides, it is bounded by British, Dutch, and French Guiana.

The language of the country is Portuguese. Under the Constitution Brazil is a Federal Union of States, republican and representative. The Union is composed of 21 States, one National Territory, and the Federal Constitution Brazil is a Federal Union of States, republican and representative.

eral District.
For commerce see table of "Latin-American Foreign Trade."

#### CHILE.

THE Republic of Chile extends over more than 38 degrees of latitude, from 17° 57′ to 55° 50′ south, stretching from the Samu River to Cape Horn, and occupying a long, narrow strip of land between the Andean mountain range and the Pacific Ocean, with a coast line of 2.625 miles and an average width of 90 miles. The republic has a single republican form of government, with the customary division, into legislative, executive and judicial branches. There are twenty-three provinces and one Territory

The principal exports are nitrate of soda, copper, wheat, lodine, borats of lime, oats, bran, wool, etc.

The principal imports are textiles, mineral products, coal oils, etc., machinery, hardware, carriage, etc., vegetable products, animal products, paper, and manufactures; wines, liquors, and other beverages. For commerce see table of "Latin-American Foreign Trade."

PERU.

PERU became an independent republic July 28, 1821. It is divided into 19 departments and three provinces. The executive power is vested in the President, who is elected for four years. The legislative power is intrusted to a Sernate of 52 members and a House of Representatives of 116 members. The Government owns and operates the postal and telegraph lines in Peru, with the exception of the railway telegraphs. Principal exports: Minerals, sugar, rubber, cotton, wool, guano, straw hats, petroleum. For commerce see table of "Latin-American Foreign Trade."

# PANAMA.

Lies between Costa Rica and Colombia, with the Caribbean Sea on the north and Pacific Ocean on the south. The Panama Canat Zone runs across this republic. Panama has a sincle republicing form of government with the regular division into legislative, executive and judicial branches. There are eight provinces: Bocas del Toro, Chiriqui, Veragnas, Colon, Los Santos, Cocle, Herrera and Panama as political subdivisions. The capital city is Panama. Panama has no navy and no army, but has a national police corps of 1,000 men. For commerce see table of "Latin-American Foreign Trade."

### PARACUAY.

The Constitution of Paraguay prevides for a republican form of government, with the usual division of legislative, executive, and judicial authority. The National Congress is composed of the Senate and Chamber of Deputies, both elected by direct popular vote, all citizens over 18 years of age being entitled to suffrace. Senators are elected for six years on the basis of one for every 12,000 inhabitants, or fraction over 8,000; Deputies are ciected for our years at the rate of one for every 6,000 inhabitants, or fraction exceeding 3,000. The Senate is renewed by thirds and the Chamber of Deputies by halves every two years. Congress meets annually on April 1 and continues in session until August 31, but extraordinary sessions may be called at any time by the President or on motion of four Deputies and two Senators. The President and Vice President of the product of the product of the product of the very sufficient of the product of the product of the Project and Temperate Zones are successfully cultivated.

and an extensive hydrographic system, most of the products of the Propical and Temperate Zones are successfully cultivated.

Beef products, the valuable quebracho wood, yerba maté or Paraguay tea, and lace are the principal articles of export. Lapacho, curupaz, and cedar are valuable woods found in considerable quantities, and oranges, tobacco, coffee, rice, cotton, mandioca, and sugar are grown and exported. The beautiful nanduti lace is one of the products of native industry. For commerce see table of "Latin-American Foreign Trade."

# URUGUAY.

The Constitution of Uruguay, promulgated on July 18, 1830, is in force. The Senate and House of Representatives compose the General Assembly, in which all legislative power is vested, and meet annually from February 15 to June 15. Representatives, the number of whom varies with the population, are elected directly by popular vote in the propartion of one for every 3,000 inhabitants, or fraction exceeding 2,000, and for a term of three years. The Senate consists of 19 members, who are elected indirectly for a term of six years, one for each department. The Senate is renewed by thirds every two years. Every cltizen over 20 years of age, who le physicalty and mentally able to do so, and is registered, is entitled to vote. In case of the President's disability or death, the presiding officer of the Senate assumes the Presidency, as there is no vice-President in Uruguay.

of the President's disability or death, the presiding officer of the Senate assumes the Presidency, as there is no Vice-President in Urugnay.

The republic of Urugnay lies between the Atlantic Ceean, the Rio de la Plata (River Plate), Brazil, and the Argentine Republic. It is separated from Prazil by the Rivers Cuarelim and Yaguaron and by Lake Merlm, and from the Argentine Republic by the Rio de la Plata and the Urugnay River. It is the sur-liest republic in South America. The most notable feature of Urugnay is its extent of long rolling plains, comprising almost the entire length of the country, occasionally broken by low mountain ranges and conjustly watered by numerous streams. It is naturally suited for both sheep and cattle, the raising of which is its principal industry. Agriculture is also practiced to a considerable extent, nearly all of the cereals being grown. In the forests are found a number or excellent cabinet and other woods noted for their beauty and durability, and some mining is carried on.

Principal exports: Wool, hides and skins, meats and extracts, grease and tallow, live animals, oil-producing grains, flour, etc. For commerce see table of "Latin-American Foreign Trade."

# LATIN-AMERICAN FOREIGN TRADE.

NORTH AMERICAN REPUBLICS.			SOUTH AMERI	CAN REPUE	LICS.
COUNTRIES.	COUNTRIES. Imports. Exports.			Importa.	Emports.
Mexico (1915)* Guatemala (1914). Salvador (1914). Honduras (1913). Nicaragua (1914). Costa Rica (1913). Panama (1913). Cuba (1914-15). Dominican Rep. (1914). Hayti (1912).	\$61,000,000 9,331,115 4,958,624 5,132,678 4,134,323 8,778,497 11,397,000 128,132,000 6,729,007 8,100,125	12,754,026 10,796,495 3,300,254 4,955,050 10,434,553 5,383,027 219,447,000 10,568,787	Argentina (1915) Bolivia (1915) Brazii (1914) Chile (1915) Colombia (1914) Ecuador (1914) Paraguay (1915) Peru (1915) Uruguay (1915) Uruguay (1915) Venezuicja (1914)	15,506,876 168,363,000 55,922,218 20,979,229 8,402,767 2,333,711 15,044,347 36,378,925	225,223,200 117,606,365 32,632,884 13,061,566 8,624,269 68,638,128 76,222,298

The above returns were compiled from the reports of the Pan-American Union (Union of American iblice). \* Estimated.

## THE PAN-AMERICAN SOCIETY OF THE UNITED STATES.

THE objects of this society are: To promote acquaintance among representative men of the United States and those of the other republics of America; to show hospitality and attention to representative men of the other republics of America who vigit the United States; to take such other steps, involving no political policy, as the society may deem whee to develop and conserve mutual knowledge and understanding and true intendship among the American republics and peoples. President—John Bassett Moore. Vice-President—John Barrett, and Archibald Cary Coolidge. Scoretary—Harry Erwin Bard. Treasurer—Lorenzo Banklis. Headquarters, Mills Smilding, 15 Broad Street, New York City.

## PAN-AMERICAN UNION.

The Pan-American Union is the official international organization maintained in Washington by the 21 American republics for the development of good understanding, friendly intercourse, commerce and peace among them. It is supported by the joint contributions of these Governments, based on population, and controlled by a Coverning Board composed of the Secretary of State of the United States and the diplomatic representatives in Washington of the other republics. Its affairs are administered by a Director-General and an Assistant Director, who, in turn, are assisted by a staff of international experts, statisticlans, editors, compilers, translators and librarians. It was first established in 1890, and was reorganized in 1904. It occupies a building and grounds at the Seventeenth Street entrance to Potomac Park, representing an expenditure of \$1,100,000, toward which Mr. Andrew Carnevie contributed \$850,000, and the American republics \$250,000. In it is housed the Columbus Memorial Library of 30,000 volumes and 20,000 photographs, which are the best collection of present-day Pan-Americana in the world. The officers are: Director-General—Jonn Barrett. Assistant Director—Francisco J. Yánes. Chief Clerk and Editor—Francisco J. Yánes.

# THE CHINA SOCIETY OF AMERICA.

The object of this society is to promote, foster and perpetuate the friendly relations between the United States and China and to disseminate among the American and Chinese people, each to the other, a correct knowledge of the ideals, culture and progress of the two nations.

The officers are: Honorary President—Andrew D. White. President—Louis L. Seaman, 247 Fifth Avenue, New York City.

## CHINA.

# President of the Republic (Acting)-Li Yuang-hung.

MINISTERS (SEPTEMBER, 1916).

Premier and Minister for War—Foreign Affairs—Tang Shao Yi. Navy—Chen Pih-Kuan. -Tuan Chi Jui. Commerce and Agriculture—Ku Chung-Hsiu. Justice—Chang Yao-cheng.

Education-Fan Yuan-lien. Communications—Hsu Shih-ying, Finance—Chen Chin-tan, Interior—Sun-Jung-Yi,

## AREA AND POPULATION.

TERRITORY.	Square Miles.	Population.	TERRITORY.	Square Mlies.	Population.
China proper* Manchuria Mongolia	360,000	11,000,000	Thibet Eastern Turkestan	750,000 600,000	3,000,000 2,000,000
Mongona	1,010,000	1 0,000,000	Total	4,287,000	421,000,000

\*18 provinces.

On the conclusion of the war between Russia and Japan in 1905 a treaty and additional agreement relating to Manchuria were entered into between Japan and China. By the former the Chinese Government consented to all the transfers and assignments made by Russia to Japan in Manchuria; and by the latter cities and towns in Manchuria were opened as places of international residence and trade. In July, 1910, a convention was signed between Russia and Japan agreeing to co-operate to maintain the status quo in Manchuria in accordance with the treatics and conventions already made. In March, 1915, China agreed to extend the lease of the territory on the peninsula to 99 years.

Latest estimates of the foreign residents at the open ports of China are as follows: British, 8,966; Japanese, 84,950; Americans, 5,340; Russians, 56,765; Germans, 2,949; French, 2,292; Portuguese, 3,486; other nationalities, 3,340; total, 188,558.

Commerce—The foreign trade of China (exclusive of buillon) was as follows in 1914: Imports, S348, 187,530; exports, \$215,750,545.

Railways—In 1915 there were about 6,500 miles open, inclusive of the Manchurian lines, while 2,500 miles more are projected or under construction.

Shipping—In 1914 there were 1,130 vessels registered for inland waters navigation; of these 194 were foreign and 936 under the Chinese dag. In 1914 the total tonnage of vessels entered and cleared at the treaty ports was 96,326,276, of these 898,750 tons were American, 38,550,500 tons British, 1,926,526 tons French, 4,866,300 tons German, 19,265,000 tons Japanese, 2,889,790 tons Russian, 24,081,574 tons Chinese, of Wiles and Wiles and Saya and the one of 1914 was 36,339 miles, with 49,963 miles of wire.

The work of the second of the construction of the condition of the conditions of the conditions of the conditions of the conditions of the conditions of the conditions of the conditions of the conditions of the conditions of the conditions of the conditions of the conditions of the conditions of the conditions of

Postal—The number of Chinese post-offices in 1913 was 8,324, and the number of postal articles handled was 544,367,000.

THE	EEDEDAL	COVERNMENT.
1175	FEDERAL	GOVERNMENT.

President. Woodrow Wilson, of New Jersey\*. Salary, \$75,000. Vice-President. Thomas Riley Marshall, of Indiana. 12,000.

# THE CABINET.

Arranged in the order of succession for the Presidency declared by Chapter 4, Acts of 49th Congress, 1st Session, and subsequent acts.

Secretary of State—Robert Lansing, of New York.
Secretary of the Treasury—William Globs McAdoo, of New York.
Secretary of War—Newton Diehl Baker, of Ohlo.
Attorney-General—Thomas Watt Gregory,
of Secretary of Commerce—William C. Redfield, of New Secretary of Commerce—William C. Redfield, of New

Texas Postmaster-General-Albert Sidney Burleson, of

Secretary of the Navy-Josephus Danlels, of North Carolina.

Secretary of Commerce-William C. Redfield, of New York.

Secretary of Labor—William Bauchop Wilson, of Pennsylvania. The salarles of the Cabinet officers are \$12,000 each.

Carolina.	The salarles of the Cabinet officers are \$12,000 each.			
THE DEPARTMENTS.				
STATE DEF	ARTMENT.			
Counsellor-Frank L. Polk, N. Y \$7.500	Ch. Div. Far Eastern Affairs-Edward T			
Assistant Secretary 5,000	Williams, Ohio			
Second Assistant Secretary-A. A. Adee, D. C. 4,500	ncy, Ill			
Third Ass't Secretary—William Phillips, Mass. 4,500	Ch. Div. of Information—John H. James, Ohio 3,000			
Dir. Consular Service-Wilbur J. Carr. N. Y. 4,500	ney, III			
Chief Clerk—Ben G. Davis, Neb	Ch. Consular Burcau—Herbert C. Hengstier, O. 2,250			
Foreign Trade Adviser	Ch. Indexes & Archives—David A. Salmon, Ct. 2,100 Ch. Bureau Accounts—William McNeir, Mich. 2,300			
Foreign Trade Adviser— Ch. Div. Latin-American Affairs————————————————————————————————————	Ch. Bureau Accounts—David A. Shinon, Ct. 2,100 Ch. Bureau Accounts—William McNeir, Mich. 2,300 Ch. Bureau Rolls & Ltb'y—John A. Tonner, O. 2,100 Ch. Bureau Appointments—M. M. Shand, N. J. 2,100			
The Die of Mariage Affairs Loop I Capava	Ch. Bureau Appointments—M. M. Shand, N. J. 2,100			
Ch. Div. of Mexican Affairs—Leon J. Canova, Fla. 4,500	Ch. Bureau of Citizenship 2,100			
	EPARTMENT.			
Assistant Secretary—William P. Malburn, Col.\$5,000	Auditor for War Dept.—Jas. L. Baity, Mo\$4,000			
Assistant Secretary—Byron R. Newton, N. Y. 5.000	Auditor for Int. Dept.—Oscar A. Price, W. Va. 4,000			
Assistant Secretary-Andrew J. Peters, Mass 5,000	Auditor for Navy Dept.—Edward L. Luckow,			
Assistant Secretary—Andrew J. Peters, Mass. 5,000 Chief Clerk—Jas. L. Wilmeth, Ark. 4,000 Chief Appointment Div.—Jas. E. Harper, S. C. 3,000	Wis			
Ch. Bookkeeping and Warrants Div.—Chas. H.	Auditor for P. O. Dept.—Chas. A. Kram, Pa 5,000			
Miller, Mass	Treasurer of U. S.—John Burke, N. Dak 8,000			
Chief Public Moneys Div.—E. B. Daskam, Ct. 3 000	Assistant Treasurer—George Fort, Ga 3,600			
Chief Customs Div.—F. M. Halstead, Ore 4.500 Ch. Loans & Cur. Div.—Wm. S. Broughton, Ill. 3,500	Register Treasury—Houston B. Techee, Okla 4,000 Ass't Register of Treasury—Jas. W. McCarter,			
Ch. Stationery & Pr'a Div.—Fred F. Weston, 1a. 2,500				
Supt. Mails—S. M. Gaines, Ky	Compt. of Currency—John S. Williams, Va 5.000 Commts. Internal Rev.—Wm. H. Osborn, N. C. 6.500			
Capt. Com. Coast Guard—E. P. Bertholf, N. J. 5,000 Director of Mint—F. J. H. von Engelken, Fla. 5,000	Commis. Internal Rev.—Wm. H. Osborn, N. C. 6,500			
Director of Mint-F. J. H. von Engelken, Fla 5,000 Government Actuary—Joseph S. McCoy, N. J. 2,500	Den Com. Internal Ren.—Luther F. Speer, Pa. 4,000			
Surgeon-General Public Health Service—Rupert	Dep. Com. Internal Rev.—David A. Gates, Ark. 4.000 Dep. Com. Internal Rev.—Luther F. Speer, Pa. 4.000 Dep. Com. Internal Rev.—Geo. E. Fitcher, I.a. 3,600 Solicitor Internal Rev.—Elis C. Johnson, Wash. 5,000 Solicitor C. Tragaver. J. Laurene W. Decker.			
Blne, S. C	Solicitor Internal Rev.—Ellis C. Johnson, Wash. 5,000			
Ili	So teady of Treasury—Dawlence W. Becker,			
Supermising Architect 6.000	Chief Secret Service-Wm. J. Flynn, N. Y 4.000			
Compt. of Treasury—Walter W. Warwick, Ohlo 6,000 Auditor for Treasury—Samuel Patterson, Neb. 4,000	Disbursing Clerk—S. R. Jacobs, Wls 3,000			
	ARTMENT.			
Ass't Secretary—William M. Ingraham \$5,000 Ass't and Chief Clerk—John C. Scofield, Ga 4,000	Chief Clerk—John Wilson, N. J.       \$2,250         Ch. of Engineers—BrigGen. Wm. M. Black,       6,000         N. Y.       6,000         Chief Clerk—Phineas J. Dempsey, Va.       2,250			
Chief of Staff—Moi-Con Hugh I Scott 8 000	N. Y. 6.000			
Chief Clerk—Nathaniel Hershler, Ill. 2,250 AditGen.—BrigGen. Henry P. McCaln 6,000 Chtef Clerk—Alonzo W. Shunk, Pa. 2,250	Chief Clerk-Phineas J. Dempsey, Va 2,250			
AditGen.—BrlgGen. Henry P. McCaln, 6,000	Chief of Ordnance—BrigGen. Wm. Crozler 6,000 Chief Clerk—John J. Cook, D. C 2,250			
Insp. Gen.—BrigGen. E. A. Garlington 6,000				
Chief Clerk—John D. Parker, Va 1,800 Judge-AdvGen.—BrlgGen. Enoch H. Crow-	Scriven			
Judge-AdvGenBrlgGen. Enoch H. Crow-	Scriven 6,000 Chief Clerk—Herbert S. Flynn, D. C. 2,000 Ch. Bu. In. Aff.—BrigGen. Frank McIntyre. 6,000			
Chief Clerk and Solicitor—Wm. H. Kelth, Mo 2,500	Chief Clerk—Louis V Carmack Ky 2.250			
Quartermaster-General-Major-Gen. Henry G.	Ch. Bu. In. Aff.—Brig.—Gen. Frank McIntyre. 6,000 Chtef Clerk—Louis V. Carmack, Ky. 2,250 Officer Charge Pub. Bldgs.—Col. Wm. W. Harts 4,000 Chlef Clerk—E. F. Concklin, N. Y. 2,400			
Sharpe	Chlef Clerk—E. F. Concklin, N. Y. 2.400 Landscape Gardener— 2,400			
Chief Clerk—Emmet Hamilton, Minn 2,750 Surgeon-Gen.—MajGen. William C. Gorgas. 6,000	Lanascape Garaener— 2,400			
-	•			
	PARTMENT.			
Ass't Secretary—Franklin D. Roosevelt\$5,000	Ch. Steam Engineering—Rear-Adm. Robert S. Griffin			
Chief Clerk—Frank S. Curtis	Judge-AdvGen.—Capt. Ridley McLean 5.000			
Chief Yards and Docks-Civil Engineer Fred-	Pres. Navat Exam. Board—Capt. Harry McL.			
eric R. Hairis	P. Huse			
eric R. Harris. 6,000 Chief Ordnance—Rear-Adm. Joseph Strauss. 6,000 Chief Supplies and Accounts—Paymaster-Gen.				
Samuel McGowant 6,000	Ch. Intellig. Office-Capt. James H. Oliver 5,000			
Chief Mcdicine and Surgery-Surgeon-Gen.	Supt. Naval Obs.—Capt. John A. Hoogewerff. 5,000			
Chief Construction and Renalt—Ch Con-	Eichelberger 4.500			
structor David W. Taylort 6,000	Hydrographer-Capt. Thomas Snowden 5,000			
Ch. Navigation-Rear-Adm. Lelgh C. Palmer 6,000	Ch. Intellig. Office—Capt. James H. Oliver 5,000 Supt. Naval Obs.—Capt. John A. Hoogewerft. 5,000 Director Naviical Ainanac—Prof. M. W. S. Eichelberger. 4,500 Hydrographer—Capt. Thomas Snowden 5,000 Comdt. Marine Corps—MajGen. Geo. Barnett 8,000			
* Secretary to the President, Joseph P. Tumuit)	, of New Jersey (\$7,500).			
† Rank of Rear-Admiral while holding said office				

2100 2 0000 0000	THE COLOR OF THE C
POST-OFFICE	DEPARTMENT.
Chief Clerk—William I. Denning, Ga\$4,000	Supt. Div. of Foreign Mails-Robert L. Mad-
Ass't Chief Clerk-William W. Smith, Tenn 2,000	dox, Ky\$3,000
First Ass't P. M. G.—John C. Koons, Md 5,000	Supt. Div. of Money Orders—Charles E. Matthews, Okla
Second Ass't P. M. G Otto Praeger, Tex 5,000	Matthews, Okla. 2,750 Supt. Division of Postmasters' Appointments— Charles R. Hodges, Tex. 3,000 Gen. Supt. Div. of Ry. M. S.—Joe P. Johnston,
Third Ass't P. M. G.—Alex. M. Dockery, Mo. 5,000	Charles R. Hodges, Tex
Fourth Ass't P. M.—James I. Blakslee, Pa 5,000 Dir. Postal Savings System—Carter B. Keene,	Gen. Supt. Div. of Ry. M. S Joe P. Johnston,
Dir. Postal Savings System—Carter B. Keene,	[ Mo 4,000
Me	McLean, Tex
Purchasing Agent—James A. Edgerton, N. J. 4,000	Chief Inspector 4,000
Me. 4,800 Solicitor—William H. Lamar, Md. 5,000 Purchasing Agent—James A. Edgerton, N. J. 4,000 Appointment Clerk—George S. Pauli, Ohio. 2,000	Disbursing Clerk—W. M. Mooney, Ohio 2,250
INTERIOR D	EPARTMENT.
First Ass't Secretary—Alexander T. Vogelsang,	Com. Ind. Affairs—Cato Sells, Tex. \$5.000 Ass't Commis.—Edgar B. Nieritt, Ark. 3,500 Commis. Patents—Thomas Ewing, N. Y. 5,000 First Ass't Commis.—Robert F. Whitehead, Va. 4,500 Ass't Commis.—Francis W. H. Clay, Pa. 3,500 Clitef Clerk Patents—Win. F. Woolard, Ill. 3,000 Direc. Geol. Surv.—George Otls Sinith, Me. 6,000 Chief Clerk Geol. Surve—Henry C. Rizer, Kan. 2,500 Direc. and Chuf Engineer Reclamation Service— Arthur P. Davis, Kan. Direc. Bureau of Mines—Van H. Manning, Miss. 6,000
Cal St. Secretary—Alexander I Vogelssing S5,000 Assistant Secretary—Bo Sweeney, Wash 4,500 Chief Clerk—Ezeklet J. Ayers, N. J. 4,000 Solicitor—Charles D. Mahaffle, Ore. 5,000 Commis, Land Office—Clay Tallman, Nev 5,000 Ass't Commis.—Charles M. Bruce, Va. 3,500 Commis. Pensions—Gaylord M. Saltzgaber, Ohio. 5,000	Commis Patents—Thomas Ewing N. Y. 5.000
Chief Clerk—Ezekiel J. Ayers, N. J 4,000	First Ass't Commis Robert F. Whitehead, Va. 4,500
Solicitor—Charles D. Mahaffle, Ore 5,000	Ass't Commis Francis W. H. Clay, Pa 3,500
Commis. Land Office—Clay Tallman, Nev 5,000	Chief Clerk Patents—Wm. F. Woolard, III 3,000
Ass't Commis.—Charles M. Bruce, Va 3,500	Chief Clerk Geol. Surney—Henry C. Rizer Kan. 2 500
Ohlo	Direc, and Chief Engineer Reclamation Service-
Deputy Com. of Pensions—Edward C. Tieman,	Arthur P. Davis, Kan
	Direc. Bureau of Mines-Van H. Manning,
Mo. 3,500 Commis, Education—Phil'der P. Claxton, Tenn. 5,000 Cutef Clerk—Lewis A. Kalbach, Pa. 2,000	Miss
SolicitorGen.—John W. Davis, W. VaS10,000	Chief Clerk and Sunt of Puildings-Charles
SolicitorGen.—John W. Davis, W. Va \$10,000 1ss't to AttyGen.—Geo. Carroll Todd, Va 9,000 ss't Attorneys-General—Huston Thompson, Col.; William Wallace, Jr., Mont.; E. Marvin Urderwood. Ga.: Charles Warren. Mass.;	E. Stewart, Ala
iss't Attorneys-General-Huston Thompson,	Appointment Clerk-Charles B. Sornborger,
Col.; William Wallace, Jr., Mont.; E. Marvin	E. Stewart, Ala
	Vt. 2,000 Atty, for Pordons—James A. Finch, N. Y. 3,000 Disbursing Clerk—James H. Mackey, Col. 2,750 Suph, of Prisons—Francis H. Duchay, D. C. 4,000 System of Dort of Labor—Dub R. Desember
Samuel J. Graham, Pa	Supt. of Prisons—Francis H Duchay, D. C 4,000
folicitor for the P. O. Dept.—W. H. Lamar, Md. 5,000 Solicitor State Dept — Cone Johnson, Tex. 5,000 Solicitor of Internal Recenue—Ellis C. Johnson, Wash. 5,000 Solicitor of Ent. Commerce—Albert, Lee Thursdiction Dept. Commerce—Albert, Lee Thursd	
Solicitor State Dept - Cone Johnson, Tex 5,000	Mont 5,000
Solicitor of Internal Revenue—Ellis C. John-	Mont. 5,000 Solicitor for the Interior Dept. — Charles D.
son, Wash	Mahaffie, Ore 5,000
olicitor Dept. Commerce—Albert Lee Thur- man, Ohlo	Mahaffie, Ore. — 5,000  Mahaffie, Ore. — 5,000  Private Secretary and Ass't to Atty-Gen. — 3,000  John T. Suter, D. C. — 3,000  Chief of Division of Investigations—Alexander  B. Bielnski, Md. — 3,500
man, Ohlo	Chief of Division of Investigations—Alexander
Ind	B. Bielaski, Md 3.500
	F AGRICULTURE.
Iss't Secretary—Carl Vrooman, Ill\$5,000	Chief Bur. Cron Est.—L. M. Estabrook, Tex. \$4,000 Entomologist—L. O. Howard, N. Y 4,500 Chemist—Dr. Carl L. Alsberg, Mass 5,000 Chemist—Dr. Carl L. Alsberg, Mass 5,000
Thief Clerk—Robt. M. Reese, D. C	Chemist - Dr. Carl I. Alshera Mass 5 000
Phoef Weather Rusery—Chas E Marvin Ohio 5 000	Chief Bureau Biological Survey—Henry W.
Th Bur Animal Indust.—Dr. A. D. Melvin, Ill. 5,000	Henshaw, Mass
Dir. States Relations Service-A. C. True, Ct. 4,500	Henshaw, Mass
thief Div. Publications—Jos. A. Arnold, Ind 3,500	Taylor, Mich
Wise Pureau Soils-Milton Whitney Md 4000	Idbrarian—Miss C. R. Barnett, N. Y 2.000
ss't Secretary—Carl Vrooman, III	Chief, Office of Markets-Chas. J. Brand, Ill 4,500
DEPARTMENT	OF COMMERCE.
ss't Secretary—Edwin F. Sweet, Mich	Commissioner of Fisheries-Hugh M. Smith,
hief Clerk and Supt.—Geo. C. Havenner, D. C. 3,000	D. C
hief of Division of—	nam. lowa
Appointments—Clifford Hastings, Wash 2,500	nam, lowa
Publications—Dan. C. Vaughan, Ga 2,500	Jones, Va. 6,000  Commissioner of Navigation—Eugene T. Chamberlain, N. Y. 4,000
Supplies—Francis M. Shore, Ohio 2,100	Commissioner of Navigation - Eugene T. Cham-
rector of the Census - Sam. L. Rogers, N. C. 6,000	berlain, N. Y
merce Edward E Pratt N V 6000	tion Service—George Uhler, Pa 4,000
pirector Bureau of Standards—S. W. Stratton.	10.00 Doi 10.00 Good Gallery 2 and 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
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DEPARTMEN	
sststant Secretary—Louis F. Post, III \$5,000 olicitor—John B. Densmore, Mont. 5,000 mtsf Clerk—Robert Watson, Mass. 3,000 olisbursing Clerk—George G. Box, N. Y. 3,000 olisbursing Clerk—George G. Box, N	Commis. Naturalization—Rlehard K. Campbell, Va
olicitor—John B. Densmore, Mont 5,000	Commis Labor Statistics—Royal Meeker, N. J. 5.000
dehursing Clerk—George G. Box. N. Y 3.000	bell, Va
ommisGen. Immigration—A. Caminetti, Cal. 5,000	Ch. Div. Inform.—T. V. Powderly, Pa 3.500
	Public Printer—Cornelius Ford, N. J
Mellhenny, La	Librarian of Congress-Herbert Putnam 6,500
Avil Serv. Commis Chas. M. Galloway, S. C. 4,000	Assistant Inbrarian—Appleton P. G. Grimn 4,000
ivil Service Commis.—Hermon W. Craven.	Barrett III 7.500
Wash	Barrett, III. 7,500  Asst. Director—Francisco J. Yanes, Venez. 4,000  Clived Clerk—Francisco J. Yanes, Venez. 4,000
Recretary Civil Service—John T. Dovle, N. Y. 2.500	Asst. Director—Francisco J. Yanes, Venez. 4,000 Chief Clerk—Franklin Adams, Cal. 3,600
INTERSTATE COMM	ERCE COMMISSION.
Balthasar H. Meyer, Wis., Chairman\$10,000	(ERCE COMMISSION.)         \$10.000           (Charles C. McChord, Ky
udson C. Clements, Ga	Winthrop M. Daniels V. J. 10,000
Sagar E. Clark, 10Wa	Secretary—Geo. B. McGinty, Ga 5.000
ROARD OF INDIA	N COMMISSIONERS.
Chairman—George Vaux, Jr., Pa.   Wm. H. Ketchai	D C   Drank Knoy N H
Chairman—George Vaux, Jr., Pa. Wm. H. Ketchar Daniel Smiley, N. Y. Edward E. Ayer Warren K. Mooi	III. Isidore B. Dockweller, Cal. Secretary to the Board—Malcolm
Merrill E. Gates, D. C. William D. Walker, N. Y. Warren K. Moor Samuel A. Eliot.	Mass. Secretary to the Board—Malcolling Mass.
William D. Walker, N. Y. Sainuel A. Ellot.	nt corver without colory
The board commissioned directly by the Preside	the serves without sainty.

## UNITED STATES ASSISTANT TREASURERS.

	CITITED CINIED NOO	CIANI INEACO.	( E 1 C O I
Sub-Treasuries.	Assistant Treasurers.	Sub-Treasuries.	Assistant Treasurers.
Baltimore		New York	
Boston	Charles B. Strecker	Phlladelphia	John B. Evans
Chicago		St. Louis	
Cincinnati	Arthur Espy	San Francisco	William J. McGee

### SUPERINTENDENTS OF MINTS.

Carson City. (Equipped as Assay Office), Edward Ryan, Assayer in charge San Francisco. Thaddeus W. H. Shanahan New Orleans Leonard Magruder Denver. Thomas Annear

## COLLECTORS OF CUSTOMS AT THE PRINCIPAL PORTS.

Portland, Me.   Charles M. Sleeper.   S5,000   San Francisco, Cal.   J. O. Davis.   S7,000   St. Albans, Vt.   Herbert C. Comings   S,000   Tampa, Fla.   James F. C. Griggs   6,000   Portland, Ore.   Thomas C. Burke   4,500   Portland, Ore.   Thomas C. Burke   4,500   Portland, Ore.   Thomas C. Burke   4,500   Sattle, Wash   Roscoe M. Drumheller   6,000   Ogdeusburg, N. Y.   Henry Holland   5,000   Honolulu, Hawaii   M. A. Franklin.   5,000   Rochester, N. Y.   Geo. F. Roth   4,500   Great Falls Mont. A. J. King   3,500   Great Falls Mont.   A. J. King   3,500   Mineapolis and St.   Paul, Minn.   Harris Bennett.   4,000   Pittsburgh, Pa.   George W. Acklin   4,500   Mineapolis and St.   Paul, Minn.   Harry A. Lund.   4,000   Raltimore, Md.   William P. Ryan   7,000   Milwaukee, Wis.   August M. Garvia.   4,500   Minington, N. C.   Walker Taylor   2,509   Charleston, S. C. F. C. Peters.   2,500   Indianapolis, Ind.   Rivers McNeill.   7,000   Rochester, N. Morbile, A. David C. Borrow, Jr.   3,000   Cleveland, Ohio   W. B. Kinkead.   3,500   Mobile, Ala.   Percy W. Maer   3,500   Louisville, Ky. W. S. Kinkead.   3,500   Mobile, Ala.   Percy W. Maer   3,500   Louisville, Ky. W. S. Kinkead.   3,500   Louisvil	COLLEGIONS OF SOCIONS AT THE TRINGH AN TORTON					
St. Albans, Vt.         Herbert C. Comings         5,000 Boston, Mass.         Tampa, Fla.         James F. C. Griggs         6,000 Providence, R. I.           Boston, Mass.         Edmund Billiags         8,000 Portland, Ore.         Thomas C. Burke         4,500 Portland, Ore.         Thomas C. Burke         4,500 Portland, Ore.         Seattle, Wash         Roscoe M. Drumheller         6,000 Portland, Ore.         Juneau Alaska         John F. Pugh.         4,000 Portland, Ore.         Juneau Alaska         Judson LaMoure, Juneau Alaska         Juneau Portland         Juneau Alaska	PORT.	Name of Collector.	Salary.	PORT.	Name of Collector.	Salary.
Port Arthur, Tex. Robert E. Latiner. 3,000   St. Lönis Mo   Founiain Rothwell   6,000   Galveston, Tex   Fred C. Pabst. 5,000   Des Moines, Iowa   Christian A. Niemeyer. 3,000   Laredo, Tex.   Frank Rabb   3,500   Omaha, Neb   Charles W. McCune   3,500   El Paso, Tex   Zach L. Cobb   4,500   Derver, Col   George E. Hosmer   3,500   Salt Lake City, Utah Thomas F. Thomas   2,500   Salt Lake City, Utah Thomas F. T	Portland, Me. St. Albans, Vt. Boston, Mass. Providence, R. I. Bridgeport, Ct. Ogdensburg, N. Y. Rochester, N. Y. Buffalo, N. Y. New York, N. Y. Philadelphia, Pa. Pittsburgh, Pa. Baltimore, Md. Norfolk, Va. Wilmington, N. C. Charleston, S. C. Savannah, Ga. Mobile, Ala. New Orleans, La. Port Arthur, Tex. Galveston, Tex. El Paso, Tex. Eagle Pass, Tex.	Charles M. Sleeper. Herbert C. Comings Edmund Billings. F. E. Fitzsimmons. James L. McGovern Henry Holland Geo. F. Roth George Bleistein. Dudley Field Malone. Wm. H. Berry George W. Acklin. William P. Ryan Norman R. Hamilton. Walker Taylor F. C. Peters. David C. Borrow, Jr. Percy W. Maer Murphy J. Foster Robert E. Latimer. Fred C. Pabst. Frank Rabb. Zach. L. Cobb	\$5,009 \$,000 \$,000 4,500 5,000 \$,000 4,500 6,000 12,000 4,500 6,000 2,500 2,509 2,509 2,500 3,000 3,000 5,000 4,500 6,000	San Francisco, Cal. Tampa, Fla. Portland, Ore. Seattle, Wash. Juneau, Alaska. Honolulu, Hawaii. Great Fals Mont. Pembina, N. Oak. Duluth, Minn. Minneapolis and St. Paul, Minn. Minwaukee, Wis. Detrolt, Mich. Chicago, Ill. Indianapolis, Ind. Cleveland, Ohio. Louisville, Ky. Memphls, Tenn. St. Lonis, Mo Des Moines, Iowa Omaha, Neb Denver, Col. Salt Lake City, Utah.	J. O. Davis. James F. C. Griggs. Thomas C. Burke Roscoe M. Drumheller. John F. Pugh. M. A. Franklin A. J. King. Judson LaMoure, Jr. Harris Bennett. Harry A. Lund August M. Garvin Richard I. Lawson Rivers McNeill. Thomas E. Stucky. W. Burr Gongwer W. S. Kinkead George P. Woollen Fountain Rothwell Christian A. Niemeyer, Charles W. McCune. George E. Hosmer. Thomas F. Thomas.	\$7,000 6,000 4,000 5,000 4,000 5,000 4,000 4,000 4,500 4,000 6,000 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 2,500

# SURVEYORS OF CUSTOMS AT THE PRINCIPAL PORTS.

Portland, Me., Cyrus W. Davis, \$4,500. Boston, Mass., J. A. Maynard, \$5,000. New York, N. Y., Thomas E. Rush, \$8,00! Philadelphia, Pa., Chas. R. Kurtz, \$5,000.

Baltimore, Md., Guy W. Steele, \$4,500. New Orleans, La., W. Burch Lee, \$3,500. San Francisco, Cal., J. S. Wardell, \$5,000.

# NAVAL OFFICERS OF CUSTOMS.

Boston, Mass., John B. Nash, \$5,000. New York, N. Y., H. Otto Wittpenn, \$8,000. Chicago, Ill., William Brewn, \$5,000. New Orleans, Jared Y. Sanders, \$5,000.

Baltimore, Md., W. Mitchell Digges, \$5,000. San Francisco, Cal., James H. Barry, \$5,000. Philadelphia, Pa., William M. Croll, \$5,000.

# POSTMASTERS OF PRINCIPAL CITIES OF THE UNITED STATES.

POSTMASTERS OF PRINCIF
New York, Edward M. Morgan, 1911.
Chicago, Ill., Daniel A. Campbell, 1912.
Brooklyn, N. Y., Walter C. Burton, 1916.
St. Louis, Mo., Colin M. Seloh, 1913.
Boston, Mass., William F. Murray, 1914.
Baltimore, Md., Sherlock Swann, 1913.
San Francisco, Cal., Charles W. Fay, 1913.
Cluclmantl, Ohlo, Joel C. Clore, 1916.
Cleveland, Ohio, William J. Murphy, 1914.
Buffalo, N. Y., George J. Meyer, 1916.
Pletsburgh, Pa., Alexander S. Guffey, 1916.
Pletsburgh, Pa., Alexander S. Guffey, 1916.
Washington, D. C., Merritt O. Chance, 1915.
Detroit, Mich., Wm. J. Nagel. 1913.
Milwaukee, Wls., Frank B. Schutz, 1914.
Newark, N. J., John F. Sianott, 1916.
Winneapolis, Minn., Edward A. Purdy, 1914.
Jersey City, N. J., Matt Elly, 1915.
Omaha, Neb., Charles E. Fanning, 1916.
Omaha, Neb., Charles E. Fanning, 1916.
St. Paul Mn., Otto N. Edward A. 1915.
Providence, R. L., Walter A. Kilton, 1913.
Denver, Col., Benj. F. Stapleton, 1915.
Indianapolis, Ind., R. E. Springsteen, 1913.
Albany, N. Y., William H. Murray, 1014.

ITIES OF THE UNITED STATES.
Columbus, Ohio, Samuel A. Kinnear, 1914.
Syracuse, N. Y., John J. Kesel, 1913.
Worcester, Mass. John Alden Thayer, 1915.
Toledo, Ohio, George F. Parrish, 1915.
Richmond, Va., Hay T. Thornton, 1914.
New Haven, Ct., Philip Troup, 1914.
Nashville, Tenn., Eugene S. Shannon, 1914.
Seranton, Pa., John J. Durkhi, 1915.
Fall River, Mass., James H. Hoar, 1916
Memphis, Tenn., C. W. Metcalf, Jr., 1914.
Dayton, Ohio, Forest L. May, 1913.
Troy, N. Y., James H. Burns, 1914.
Grand Rapids, Mich., Charles E. Hogadone, 1915.
Reading, Pa., Charles N. Seltzinger, 1913.
Camden, N. J., Harry M., Knight, 1913.
Trenton, N. J., Harry M., Knight, 1913.
Allanta, Ga., Balling H., Jones, 1913.
Wilmington, Del., James J. English, 1913.
New Orleans, La., Charles Janvier, 1916.
Kansas City, Mo., Baylis Steele, 1916.
Philadelphia, Pa., John A. Thornton, 1913.
Charleston, S. C., 195. M. Poullot, 1913.
Seattle, Wash., Edgar Battle.
Portland, Ore., F. S. Meyers.

# SANTA CLAUS ASSOCIATION.

Incorporated under the membership laws of the State of New York, March 10, 1914. Founded by John D. Gluck, December 1, 1913, and is the largest institution of its kind in the world. The association is supported by popular subscription and by volunteer labor. Its principal object is the purveying of the Christmas spirit in the homes of the poor. It collects all the letters from the Post-Office each December and sends those deemed worthy direct to donors, of which the association has 30,000. President—John D. Gluck. Senior Vice-President—Martin H. Glynn. Secretary—Lester L. Mayer. Headquarters for the United States, Woolworth Building, New York City.

# THE JUDICIARY.

SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES.

Chief Justice of the United States—Edward D. White of Louisiana, born 1845, appointed 1910. Chtef Justice of the United States - Edward B. White of Louisland, about Asto, appointed Born. App.

Born. App.

Born. App.

Born. App.

Born. App.

Born. App.

"" Jas. C. McReynolds, Tenn. 1863 1914

"" Jas. C. McReynolds, Tenn. 1862 1914

"" Louis D. Brandels, Mass. 1856 1916

"" W Van Devanter. Wyo.. 1859 1910 "" Louis D. Brandels, Mass. 1856 1916

Clerk—James D. Maher (\$6,000) Marshal—Frank Key Green (\$4,500), Reporter—Ernest Knoebel (\$4,500).

The salary of the Chief Justice of the United States is \$15,000; Associate Justices, \$14,500 each.

CIRCUIT JUDGES OF THE UNITED STATES.

2. Altred C. Coxe N. Y. 1907
Henry G. Ward, N. Y. 1907
Henry G. Ward, N. 1907
Henry G. Ward, N. Y. 1907
Henry G. Ward, N. 1907
Henry G. Ward, N. Y. 1907
Henry G. Ward, N. 1907
Henry M. 1907
Henry G. Ward, N. 1907
Henry M. 1907
Henry G. Ward, N. 1907
Henry G. Ward

James Hay, va. Salaries: Chief Justice, \$6,500; Jus	tices, \$6,000.
DISTRICT COURTS OF	THE UNITED STATES.
Districts. Judges Addresses, App.	Districts. Judges. Addresses. App.
Ala.: N. & M. Henry D. Clayton. Montgomery. 1914	N. HampEdgar AldrichLittleton1891
" NWm. I. GrubbBirmingham 1909	New JerseyJohn RellstabTrenton1909
" G D	Thos. G. Haight. Newark1914
"S.D	"J. Warren Davis, Trenton 1916
John R. TuckerNome1913	New Mexico. Wm. H. Pope Santa Fé 1912
TE M Drown Volder 1013	New Mexico. Will. H. Pope Saltia Fe 1912
	N. Y.: N. D George W. Ray Blughamton 1902
	W. D. John R. Hazel Buffalo 1900
ArizWm. H. Sawtelle. Tucson 1913	" S. D Julius M. Maver N. Y. City 1912
Ark.: E. DJacob TrieberLittle Rock1901	" S. D., Augustus N. Hand. N. Y. City 1914
" W. DF. A. YoumansFort Smlth1911	" S. D., Augustus N. Hand. N. Y. City., 1914 " S. D., Chas. M. Hough. N. Y. City., 1906
Cal.: N. D M. T. Dooling San Francisco. 1913	" S. D. Learned Hand N. Y. City 1909
" Wm. C. Van Flect.San Francisco.1907	F. D., T. I. Chatfield Brooklyh 1907
" Wm. C. Van Flect.San Francisco.1907  S. D Oscar A. Trippet. Los Angeles. 1915	* E. D. V. V. Veeder Brooklyn 1911
" Beni. F. Bledsoe . Los Angeles 1914	N. C.; E. D., H. G. Conner Wilson 1909
Canal ZoneWm, H. JacksonAncon1914	W. D. James E. Boyd Greensboro 1901
Colorado Robert E. Lewis Denver 1906	N. Dakota Chas. F. Amidon . Fargo 1897
Connecticut Edwin S. Thomas. New Haven 1913	Ohlo: N. D John M. Killits Toledo 1910
DelawareEd. G. Bradford. Wilmington 1897	Onio: N. DJohn W. KintsToledo
Fla.: N. D, W. B. Sheppard Pensacola 1908	" N. D. Cleveland. 1910
" S. DRhydon M. Call. Jacksonville. 1913	S. DH. C. Homster Chicimati 1910
Ga.: N. DWm. T. Newman. Atlanta1886	" S. D John E. Sater Columbus 1909
"S. D Emory Speer Macon 1885	Okla.: E. D R. E. Campbell Muskogee 1908
" S. DWm. W. Lamdin. Sayannah1915	W. D. John H. Cotteral., Guthrie1908
HawaiiH. W. VaughanHonolulu1916	OregonC. E. Wolverton. Portland1906
Hawan	" Robert S. Bean Portland 1909
"Chas. F. Clemons. Honolulu1911	Park D. J. W. Thompson, Philadelphia, 1912
IdahoFrank S. Dietrich Bolsé1907	" E D O B Dickinson. Philadelphia. 1914
III.: N. D Ken. M. Landis Chicago 1905	" M. D Chas. B. Witmer Sunbury 1911
", G. A. Carpenter Chicago 1910	" W. D W.H.S. Thompson. Pittsburgh 1914
S. DJ. O. Humphrey Springfield 1901	" W. D Chas. P. Orr Pittshurgh 1909
" EF. M. WrightDanville1905	Porto RicoP. J. HamiltonSan Juan1913
IndianaA. B. AndersonIndianapolis1902	Rhode Island. A. L. Brown Providence 1896
Iowa: N. D Henry T. Reed Waterloo 1904	S. Car.; E. D. H. A. M. Smith. Charleston 1911
" S. D Martin J. Wade Davenport 1915	W. D. Joseph T. Johnson. Greenville 1916
Kansas	W. D. Joseph T. Johnson Greenvine 1910
Ky.: W. D Walter Evans Louisville 1899	So. Dakota Jas. D. Elliott Sloux Falls 1911 Tenn.: E. & M.Ed. T. Sanford Knoxville 1908
" E. D, A. M. J. Cochran, Covington,, 1901	Tenn.:E. & M.Ed. T. Saniord Knoxyme 1908
La.: E. D Rufus E. Fester New Orleans 1909	"W. Dr. John E. McCall Memphis 1905
" W. DShreveport	Tex.: E. DGordon RussellSherman1910
MaineClarence HalePortland1902	"W. DThos. S. MaxeyAustin1888
Maryland John C. Rose Baltimore1910	
MassJas. M. Morton, Jr. Boston1912	" S. DW. T. Burns Houston 1902
Mich.: E. D Arthur J. Tuttle Detroit 1912	UtahTill, D. JohnsonOgden City1916
" W. D., C. W. Sessions Grand Rapids. 1911	Vermont Harland B. Howe, Windsor, 1915
MinnesotaWilbur F. Booth. Minneapolis. 1914	Va · E D E. Waddill, Jr, Richmond 1898
Poge Morris Duluth 1903	W D H. C. McDowell Lynchburg 1901
Miss.: N. & S. Henry C. Niles Jackson 1892	Wash.: W. D., Ed. E. Cushman, Tacoma, 1912
Mo.: E. D David P. Dyer St. Louis 1907	W. D. J. Neterer Seattle 1913
Mo.: E. D David P. Dyel St. Louis 1807	" E. D. F. H. RudkinSpokane1911
" W. D A. S. Van Valken-	W. Va.: N. D.A. G. DaytonPhilippl1905
burghKansas City 1910	W. Va.: N. D. A. G. Dayton
MontanaG. M. Bourquin. Butte1912	Tile D D E A Coigon Milwaukon 1912
NebraskaJas.W.Woodrough.Omaha1916	Wis.: E. D F. A. Geiger Milwaukee 1912
"Thos. C. Munger. Lincoln1907	W. D. A. L. Sanborn Madison 1905
NevadaE. S. FarringtonCarson City1907	WyomingJohn A. RinerCheyenne1890
Salarles of District Judges, \$6,000 each. For l	District of Columbia Courts see Index for "District of
Columbia."	
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UN	TIED STATES DISTRIC	TATIOR	NETS AND MARSHALS.
DISTRICTS.	DISTRICT-ATTORNEY		Marshals.
	Names and Official Addresses.	Appointed.	Names and Official Addresses. Appointed.
Alabama, N	Robert N. Bell, Birmingham Thos. D. Samford, Montgomery	Dec. 20, 1913 Dec. 20, 1913	Henry A. Skeggs, Birmingham May 18, 1914 McDuffle Cain, Montgomery June 8, 1914
" S	Alexander D. Pitts, Mobile	Dec. 20, 1913	McDuffie Cain, Montgomery June 8, 1914 Christopher C. Gewin, Mobile. May 7, 1914
Alaska, 1st Div.	Alexander D. Pitts, Mobile James A. Smiser, Juneau	Jan. 30, 1915	India A. Dishop, Juneau (Niay 20, 1714)
" 2d Div 3d Div	F. M. Saxton, Nome	Oct. 2, 1913	Emmet R. Jordan, Nome June 16, 1913
" 3d Div	F. M. Saxton, Nome. Wm. N. Spence, Valdez Rinchart F. Roth, Fairbanks.	Mar. 27, 1914	F. R. Brenneman, Valdez Sept. 9, 1913
Arizona.	Thomas A. Flynn, Phoenix	Oct. 24, 1914	Joseph P. Dillon, Phoenix Jan. 15, 1914
Arkansas, E	Wm. H. Martin, Little Rock	July 30, 1913	Joseph P. Dillon, Phoenix Jan. 15, 1914 Andrew J. Walls, Little Rock . June 22, 1914
W	Wm. H. Martin, Little Rock J. V. Bourland, Fort Smith	June 10, 1913	John H. Parker, Fort Smith June 22, 1914
California, N	John W. Preston, San Francisco	Dec. 22, 1913	James B. Holohan, S. Francisco Mar. 2, 1914
Gamal 2000	A. Schoonover, Los Angeles	July 28, 1913 June 14, 1915	Chas. T. Waiton, Los Angeles. Feb. 25, 1914
Canal Zone	Chas. R. Williams, Ancon Harry B. Tedrow, Denver	June 14, 1915 June 26, 1914	Wm. Howard May, Culebra. Mar. 23, 1914 Samuel J. Burris, Denver. Mar. 2, 1915
Connecticut	Thos. J. Spellacy, Hartford	June 30, 1915	C C Middlahrooks Hartford Reb 20 1015
Dclaware	Chas. F. Curley Wilmington	Mar. 11, 1916	Martin F. Farry, Wiln Ington. Jau. 4, 1915 Maurice Splain, Washington. Feb. 25, 1914 Jas. B. Perkins, Pensacola. Oct. 1, 1913
Dist.ofColumbia	John E. Laskey, Washington	Oct. 22, 1914	Maurice Splain, Washington Feb. 25, 1914
Florida, N	John L. Neeley, Pensacola	June 4, 1915 June 10, 1913	Jas. B. Perkins, Pensacola Oct. 1, 1913
Georgia N	Hooner Alexander Atlanta	June 10, 1913 Sept. 29, 1913	Nath. H. Bosweli, Jacksonville, Mar. 3, 1916 Howard Thompson, Atlanta. July 22, 1913
Georgia, N	Earl M. Donalson, Macon	Aug. 24, 1914	Joseph S. Davis, Macon July 22, 1913
Hawali (trm 6 y)	S. C. Huber, Honoigh,	Mar. 22, 1916	Lerome J. Smiddy, Honolulu, Sept. 11, 1914
Idaho	James L. McClear, Boise	Dec. 22, 1913	Thomas B. Martin, Polsé  April 6, 1914
Illinois, N	Chas. F. Clyne, Chicago	Sept. 8, 1914	John J. Bradiey, Chicago, April 28, 1914
" E	Chas. A. Karch, Danville Edward C. Knotts, Springfield.	April 28, 1914 May 20, 1914	Cooper Stout, Danville May 14, 1914 Vincent V. Dallman, Springfield June 8, 1914
Indiana	Frank C. Dellay Indianapolic	Dec. 20, 1913	Mark Storen, Indianapolis July 14, 1914
Iowa, N.	F. A. O'Connor, N. H'pton (P.O.)	May 14, 1914	Mark Storen, Indianapolis July 14, 1914 E. R. Moore, Dubuque June 19 1914
D. ,	F. A. O'Connor, N. H'pton (P.O.) C. R. Porter, Centerville (P. O.)	Feb. 25, 1914	[Nicholas F. Reed, Cttumwa Mar. 10, 1914
Kansaa	r. Robertson, Kansas City	June 10, 1913	Otto T Wood, TopekaJune 25, 1914
Kentucky, E	Thomas D. Slattery, Covington	May 19, 1914 June 9, 1914	Robert C. Ford, Covington Jan. 26, 1914 Edgar H. James, Louisville Nov. 25, 1913
Louisiana, E	Perry B. Miller, Lovisville Walter Guion, New Orleans	July 7, 1913	Edgar H. James, Louisville Nov. 25, 1913 Frank M. Milier, New Orleans April 24, 1914
W	Geo. W. Jack, Shreveport	July 10, 1913	II H Kirknotriak Chromosurt Dag 18 1014
Maine	John F. A. Merrill, Portland	Feb. 15, 1915	John S. P. H. Wilson, Portland May 19, 1914 Wm. W. Stockham, Baltimore Jan. 8, 1915 John J. Mitchell, Boston Feb. 29, 1915
Maryland	Samuel K. Dennis, Baltimore	Jan. 8. 1915	Wm. W. Stockham, Baltimore Jan. 8, 1915
Massachusetts	George W. Anderson, Boston	Oct. 13, 1914	John J. Mitchell, Boston Feb. 29, 1915 Henry Behrendt, Detrolt May 5, 1914
Michigan, E	Jno. E. Kinnane, Detroit Myron H. Walker, Gd. Rapids.	Aug. 8, 1916 Aug 29, 1914	Henry Behrendt, Detrolt May 5, 1914 H. O'Connor, Grand Rapids. Mar. 1, 1915
Minnesota	Alfred Jaques, St. Paul	June 9, 1914	James A. Wessel, St. Paul Mar. 20, 1916
Mississippl, N	Wilson S. Hill, Oxford	Jan. 26, 1914	W. S. Vardaman, Oxford Feb. 24, 1914
" S	Joseph W. George, Jackson	July 8, 1915	John G. Cashman, Jackson Feb. 24, 1914
Missouri, E	Arthur L. Oliver, St. Louis	Aug. 4, 1914	John F. Lynch, St. Louis Aug. 4. 1914
Montana	Francis M. Wilson, Kansas City Burton K. Wheeler, Butte	Aug. 4, 1913 Oct. 30, 1913	Wm. A. Shelton, Kansas City. May 10, 1916 Jos. L. Asbridge, Helena May 1, 1915
Nebraska	*Thos. S. Alien, Lincoln	July 22, 1915	Thos. J. Flynn, Omaha Liuly 22 1915
Nevada	William Woodburn, Jr., Reno	April 6, 1914	A. B. Gray, Carson City July 2, 1913
New Hampshire	F. H. Brown, Somersworth (P.O.)	June 30, 1914	Chas. J. O Neill, Concord , June 30, 1914
New Jersey	Chas. F. Lynch, Newark	Jume 17, 1916 Aug 5, 1913	Albert Bolischweiler, Trenton. Dec. 11, 1913
New Mexico New York, N	S. Burkhart, Albuquerque J. H. Gleason, Utica	Aug. 5, 1913 Sept 10, 1913	A. H. Hudspeth, Santa Fé May 29, 1913 Clayton L. Wheeler, Utica Aug. 24, 1915 Thos. D. McCarthy, N. Y. City Mar. 3, 1915
" S	H. S. Marshall, New York City	April 24, 1913	Thos. D. McCarthy, N. Y. City Mar. 3, 1915
* E	Melville J. France, Brookivn	Mar. 2, 1915	Lies M Power Brooklyn   Mar 3 1018
" W	John D. Lynn, Buffalo James O. Carr. Wilmington	Mar. 5, 1915	Henry L. Fassett. Elmira. May 28, 1912 W. T. Dortch, Raleigh. Dec. 23, 1913
N. Carolina, E	James O. Carr. Wilmington	Aug 7, 1916 Feb. 24, 1914	W. T Dortch, Raleigh Dec. 23, 1913
North Dakota	Wm. C. Hammer, Ashboro Melvin A. Hildreth, Fargo	Feb. 24, 1914 Oct. 9, 1914	Chas. A. Webb, Asheville Dec. 23, 1913 Stephen J. Dovle, Fargo April 1, 1914
Ohlo, N	Edwin S. Wertz, Cleveland	Mar. 1. 1915	Chas. W. Lapp. Cleveland July 22, 1913
Ohlo, N	Stuart R. Bolla, Columbus	June 6, 1915	Michael Devanney, Cincinnati Mar. 1, 1915
Oklahoma, E	D. H. Linebaugh, Muskogee	May 29, 1913	IB. A. Enfoc, Muskogee Aug. 4, 1913
W	John A. Fain, Oklahoma City	Dec. 22, 1914	John Q Newell, Oklahoma City Nov. 3, 1913 John Montag, Portland. July 29, 1913
Oregon	C. L. Reames, Portland Francis F. Kane, Philadelphia	April 28, 1913 Sept. 10, 1913	John Montag, Portland July 29, 1913 Frank J Noonan, Philadelphia Oct. 30, 1914
Pennsylvania, E.	Rogers L. Burnett, Scranton	Dec. 20, 1913	James S Magee, Scranton Jan. 27, 1914
" W.	E. Lowry Humes, Pittsburgh	Sept. 10, 1913	Woseph Howley, Pittsburgh   April 28, 1914
Porto Rico	Miles M. Martin, San Juan	Mar. 12, 1915	wm. R. Bennett, San Juan. Mar. 2, 1915
Rhode Island	Harvey A. Baker, Providence	Sept. 15, 1914 Feb. 18, 1914	John J. Richards, Providence, Nov. 3, 1913 James L. Sims, Charleston Feb. 18, 1914
S. Carolina, E	Francis H. Weston, Charleston. J. Wm. Thurmond, Greenville. Robt, P. Stewart, Deadwood	April 2, 1915	C. J. Lyon, Greenville Mar 16, 1915
South Dakota	Robt, P. Stewart, Deadwood	Aug. 4, 1913	IT. W Taubman Slouv Falls   April 24 1914
Tennessee, E	L. M. Coleman, Chattanocga	July 10, 1913	John R. Thompson, Knoxviile, April 29, 1914
, M	Lee Douglas, Nashville	May 14, 1914	John T Amis, Nashville Jan. 26, 1915
VY	Hubert F. Fisher, Memphis	May 14, 1914	S. H. Trezevant, Memphis, Feb. 13, 1915 Wm. J. McDonaid, Dallas April 24, 1913
Texas, N	Jas. C. Wilson, Fort Worth John E. Green, Jr., Houston	July 29, 1913 Feb. 25, 1914	
" E	Clarence Merritt, Parls	June 16, 1914	B. F Sherreil, Texarkana May 6, 1913
" W	J. L. Camp. San Antonio	April 24, 1913	John H. Rogers, Austin   April 24, 1913
Utah	Wm. W. Ray, Sait Lake City	Mar. 10, 1914	Aquila Nebeker, Salt Lake City   Feb. 25, 1914
Vermont	Vernon A. Bullard, Bullington.	Mar 1, 1915	Arthur P Carpenter, Rutland, April 24, 1914
Virginia, E	Richard H. Mann, Richmond Richard E. Byrd, Roanoke	April 24, 1914 April 6, 1914	John G. Saunders, Richmond April 16, 1914 T. G. Burch, Martinsyllie April 6, 1914
Washington, E.		Jan. 27, 1914	James E. McGovern, Spokane, IV ar. 3, 1914
W.	Clay Allen, Seattle	Sept. 29, 1913	John M. Boyle, Tacoma
W. Virginia, N	Clay Ailen, Seattle Stuart W. Walker, Martinsburg Wm. G. Barnhart, Charleston	Jan. 6, 1914	Clarence E. Smith, Parkereding   Feb. 24, 1914
Witnesselp S	Wm. G. Barnhart, Charleston.	Aug. 18, 1913 July 13, 1915	William Osborne, Huntington. Feb. 2, 1914 S. W. Randolph, Milwaukee. July 13, 1915
Wisconsin, E	H. A. Sawyer, Milwaukee	July 13, 1915	Frank P. O'Connor, Madison, July 21, 1916
Wyoming	Chas. L. Rigdon, Cheyenne	June 9, 1914	Frank P. O'Connor, Madison. July 21, 1916 Daulel F. Hudson, Cheyenne. May 14, 1914
N., Norther	n; S., Southern; E., Eastern; W.	, Western: M	., Middie. * Temporarily.
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	CONSULAR SERVICE.
	ARY AND PLENIPOTENTIARY.
Country. Name and State Salary	Country, Name and State, Salary,
Argentina\$17,500	ItalyThomas Nelson Page, Va\$17,500
AustHungary . Frederic C. Penfield, Pa 17,500	Japan George W. Guthrie, Pa 17,500
Brazil Edwin V. Morgan. N Y 17,500	Mexico Henry P. Fletcher, Pa 17,500
ChileJoseph H Shea Ind17,500	Russia David R. Francis, Mo 17,500
FranceWilliam G. Sharp Ohlo 17,500	SpainJoseph E. Willard, Va 17,500
GermanyJames W. Gerard N. Y 17,500 Great BritainWalter Hines Page. N. Y 17,500	Turkey Abram I. Elkus, N. Y 17,500
ENVOYS EXTRAORDINARY AND	
BelgiumBrand Whitlock. Ohio § \$12,000	NlcaraguaBenjamin L. Jefferson, Col\$10,000
Bolivia John D. O'Rear. Mo 10,000	Norway A. G. Schmedeman, Wis 10,000
BulgariaSee Roumanla.	Panama
ColombiaPaul S. Reinsch Wis 12,000	Paraguay Daniel F. Mooney, Ohlo 10,000
Colombia. 10.000 Costa Rica. Edward J. Hale, N. C. 10.000	PersiaJohn L. Caldwell, Kan 10,000
CubaWm E Gonzales, S. C 12,000	PeruBenton McMlllin, Tenn. 10,000 Portugal. Thos. H. Birch, N. J. 10,000
DenmarkMaurice Francis Egan, D. C. 10,000	Roumania and
Dominican Rep.Wm W Russell, D. C 10,000	Serbia Ches I Vonicka III 10 000
Ecuador Charles S Hartman Mont 10 000	Serbia. Chas. J. Vopicka, Ill. 10,000 Salvador. Boaz W. Long, N. Mex. 10,000
Greece	Slam
GuatemalaWm H. Leavell, Miss 10.000	Slam
HaytlA. Bailly-Blanchard La 10,000	SwitzerlandPleasant A. Stovall, Ga 10,000
HondurasJohn Ewing, La 10,000	UruguayRobt. Emmett Jeffery, Ark 10,000
Netherlands 12,000	Venezuela Preston McGoodwin, Okla 10,000
	ND CONSUL-GENERAL.
Egypt	\$6.500
Egypt James L. C	
EgyptJames L. C LiberiaJames L. C SECRETARIES OF EMBA	
Egypt	
Egypt. LiberiaJames L. C SECRETARIES OF EMBA ArgentinaFrederic O. de Billier, D. C\$2,625 AustHungary, U. Grant Smith, Pa. 3,000	urtis, N. Y \$6,500. urtis, N. Y 5,000. ssies and legations. Honduras. Honduras. Ltaly Peter A. Jay, R. I. \$3,000
Fgypt Liberia James L. C Liberia James L. C SECRETARIES OF EMBA Argentina Frederic O. de Billier, D. C \$2,625 AustHungary U. Grant Smith, Pa 3,000 AustHungary Sheldon L. Crosby N. Y. (2d) . 2,000	urtis, N, Y 5,000.  SSIES AND LEGATIONS. Honduras. Lialy Peter A, Jay, R. I. \$3,000 Lialy N, Richardson, Miss. 2,625
Egypt. LiberiaJames L. C LiberiaJames L. C SECRETARIES OF EMBA Argentina Frederic O. de Billier, D. C\$2,625 AustHungary. U. Grant Smith, Pa	urtis, N. Y
Fgypt. LiberiaJames L. C SECRETARIES OF EMBA Argentina Frederic O. de Billier, D. C\$2,625 AustHungary U. Grant Smith, Pa. 3,000 AustHungary Sheldon L. Crosby N. Y. (2d) 2,000 Belgium Albert B. Ruddock, Ill. (2d) 2,000 Bollvia.	urtis, N. Y
Egypt. LiberiaJames L. C LiberiaJames L. C SECRETARIES OF EMBA ArgentinaFrederic O. de Billier, D. C\$2,625 AustHungary. U. Grant Smith, Pa	urtis, N. Y
Egypt Liberia. James L. C SECRETARIES OF EMBA Argentina. Frederic O. de Billier, D. C	urtis, N. Y
Egypt Liberia. James L. C SECRETARIES OF EMBA  Argentina. Frederic O. de Billier, D. C	urtis, N. Y
Egypt Liberia. James L, C Liberia. James L, C SECRETARIES OF EMBA Argentina. Frederic O de Billier, D. C. \$2,625 AustHungary, U. Grant Smith, Pa. 3,000 AustHungary Sheldon L. Crosby. N. Y. (2d) 2,000 Belgium Albert B. Ruddock, Ill. (2d) 2,000 Bollvia. Frazil Alexander Benson, Pa. 2,625 Bulgaria See Roumania Chile. Georyer T. Summerlin, La. 3,000 China. J. Van A. MacMurray, D. C. 3,000 China. Francis White, Md. (3d) 1,500 China. Francis White, Md. (3d) 1,500	urtis, N. Y
Figypt Liberia. James L. C SECRETARIES OF EMBA Argentina. Frederic O. de Billier, D. C	urtis, N. Y
Egypt Liberia. James L. C SECRETARIES OF EMBA Argentina. Frederic O. de Billier, D. C. \$2,625 AustHungary, U. Grant Smith, Pa. 3,000 AustHungary Sheldon L. Crosby. N. Y. (2d) 2,000 Belgium Albert B. Ruddock, Ill. (2d) 2,000 Bollvia. Frazil Alexander Benson, Pa. 2,625 Bulgaria See Roumania Chile. Georyer T. Summerlin, La. 3,000 China. J. Van A. MacMurray, D. C. 3,000 China. Francis White, Md. (3d) 1,550 Colombia. Perry Belden, N. Y. (2d) 2,000 Costa Rica. Wimson S. Howell Jr. Tex. (3d) 1,550 Costa Rica. Wimson S. Howell Jr. Tex. (3d) 1,500 Costa Rica. Wimson S. Howell Jr. Tex. (3d) 1,500 Costa Rica. Wimson S. Howell Jr. Tex. (3d) 1,500 Costa Rica. Wimson S. Howel	urtis, N. Y
Egypt Liberia. James L. C SECRETARIES OF EMBA Argentina. Frederic O. de Billier, D. C. \$2,825 AustHungary U. Grant Smith, Pa. \$3,000 ustHungary Sheidon L. Crosby. N. Y. (2d) 2,000 Belgium. Albert B. Ruddock, Ill. (2d) 2,000 Belgium. Albert B. Ruddock, Ill. (2d) 2,000 Belgium. Albert B. Ruddock, Ill. (2d) 2,000 Brazil. Alexander Benson, Pa. 2,625 Bulgaria. See Roumania. Chile. Georve T. Summerlin, La. 3,000 China. J. Van A. MacMurray, D. C. 3,000 China. Francis White, Md. (3d) 1,500 Cloombia. Perry Belden, N. Y. (2d) 2,000 Costa Rica. W'mson S. Howell, Jr., Tex. (3d) 1,500 Cuba. Gustave Scholle, Minn. 2,625	urtis, N. Y. 56,500.  SSIES AND LEGATIONS. HONDURAS. HONDURAS. HALL SAMPLE SAMP
Egypt Liberia. James L. C Liberia. James L. C SECRETARIES OF EMBA Argentina. Frederic O. de Billier, D. C. \$2,625 AustHungary, U. Grant Smith, Pa. 3,000 AustHungary Sheldon L. Crosby. N. Y. (2d) 2,000 Belgium Albert B. Ruddock, Ill. (2d) 2,000 Bollvia. Frazil Alexander Benson, Pa. 2,625 Bulgaria See Roumania Chile. Georyer T. Summerlin, La. 3,000 China. J. Van A. MacMurray, D. C. 3,000 China. J. Van A. MacMurray, D. C. 3,000 Colombia. Perry Belden, N. Y. (2d). 2,000 Cota Rica. Wimson S. Howell, Jr., Tex. (3d). 1,500 Cuba. Gusta Rica. Wimson S. Howell, Jr., Tex. (3d). 1,500 Cuba. Gusta Rica. Wimson S. Howell, Jr., Tex. (3d). 1,500 Cuba. Gusta New Methal. (3d). 1,500 Cuba. John Heath. Cal. (3d). 1,500 Cuba. John Heath. Cal. (3d). 1,500	urtis, N. Y
Egypt Liberia. James L. C SECRETARIES OF EMBA Argentina. Frederic O. de Billier, D. C. \$2,625 AustHungary U. Grant Smith, Pa	urtis, N. Y. 56,500.  urtis, N. Y. 5,000.  SSIES AND LEGATIONS.  Honduras.  Italy Peter A. Jay, R. 1 3,000  Italy N. Richardson, Miss 2,625  Japan Post Wheeler, Wash 3,000  Japan Sumner Welles, N. Y. (3d) 1,500  McKico M. M. Langhorne, Va Nearagus M. M. Langhorne, Va Caragus W. M. Caragus W. M. Caragus W. M. Caragus W. M. Caragus W. M. Caragus W. M. Caragus W. M. Caragus W. M. Caragus W. M. Caragus W. M. Caragus W. Willing Spencer, Pa. (2d) 2,000  Panama Willing Spencer, Pa. (2d) 2,000  Para Juay Persia Jefferson Caffery, La. (2d) 2,000  Peru J. G. Bailey, Ky 2,625  Roumania Crais W. Wadsworth, N. Y 2,625
Egypt Liberia. James L. C Liberia. James L. C SECRETARIES OF EMBA Argentina. Frederic O. de Billier, D. C . \$2,625 AustHungary, U. Grant Smith, Pa . 3,000 AustHungary Sheldon L. Crosby. N. Y. (2d) 2,000 Belgium Albert B. Ruddock, Ill. (2d) 2,000 Bollvia. See Roumania Chile. George T. Summerlin, La . 3,000 China. J. Van A. MacMurray, D. C. 3,000 China. J. Van A. MacMurray, D. C. 3,000 China. J. Van A. MacMurray, D. C. 3,000 Colombia. Perry Belden, N. Y. (2d) 2,000 Cota Rica. Wirmson S. Howell, Jr., Tex. (3d) 1,500 Cuba. Gusta Rica. Wirmson S. Howell, Jr., Tex. (3d) 1,500 Cuba. Gusta Rica. Wirmson S. Howell, Jr., Tex. (3d) 1,500 Cuba. Gusta Neta Chile. Gusta Rica. Wirmson S. Howell, Jr., Tex. (3d) 1,500 Cuba. Gusta Neta Chile. (3d) 1,500 Denmark William Walker Smith, Ohio 2,625 Ecuador	urtis, N. Y
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Egypt LiberiaJames L. C LiberiaJames L. C SECRETARIES OF EMBA  Argentina Frederic O. de Billier, D. C. \$2,625  AustHungary. U. Grant Smith, Pa. \$3,000  AustHungary. Sheldon L. Crosby. N. Y. (2d) 2,000  Belgium Albert B. Ruddock, Ill. (2d) 2,000  Belgium Albert B. Ruddock, Ill. (2d) 2,000  Bollvia.  Brazil Alexander Benson, Pa. 2,625  Bulgaria See Roumania  Chile. George T. Summerlin, La. 3,000  China. J. Van A. MacMurray, D. C. 3,000  China. J. Van A. MacMurray, D. C. 3,000  China. J. Francis White, Md. (3d) 1,500  Codombia. Perry Belden, N. Y. (2d) 2,000  Costa Rica. W'mson S. Howell, Jr., Tex. (3d) 1,550  Cuba. Gustave Scholle, Minn. 2,625  Cuba. John Heath, Cal. (3d) 1,500  Denmark William Walker Smith, Ohio 2,625  Ecuador  France. Robert Woods Bliss, N. Y.  France. Arthur H. Frazier, Pa. (2d) 2,625  France. Arthur H. Frazier, Pa. (2d) 2,625  France. Henry R. Carey, Mass. (3d) 1,500  Germany, Jos. C. Grew, Mass. 3,300	urtis, N. Y
Egypt Liberia. James L. C SECRETARIES OF EMBA Argentina. Frederic O. de Billier. D. C. \$2,625 AustHungary. U. Grant Smith, Pa \$3,000 AustHungary. Sheldon L. Crosby. N. Y. (2d) 2,000 Belgium Albert B. Ruddock, Ill. (2d) 2,000 Belgium Albert B. Ruddock, Ill. (2d) 2,000 Bollvia. See Roumania. 2,625 Bulgaria. See Roumania. 2,625 Bulgaria. See Roumania. 2,625 Bulgaria. See Roumania. 2, 3,000 Chila. Geover F. Summerlin, La. 3,000 Chila. Francis White. Murral C. 3,000 Chila. Francis White. Murral C. 3,000 Costa Rica. W'mson S. Howell, Jr., Tex. (3d) 1,500 Cuba. Gustave Scholle. Minn. 2,625 Cuba. John Heath. Cal. (3d) 1,500 Denmark. William Walker Smith, Ohio 2,625 Ecuador. France. Arihur H. Frazier. Pa. (2d) 1,625 France. Aelort Woods Bliss, N. Y. 3,000 France. Henry R. Carey, Mass. (3d) 1,550 Germany. Jos. C. Grew, Mass.	urtis, N. Y
Egypt LiberiaJames L. C LiberiaJames L. C SECRETARIES OF EMBA  Argentina Frederic O. de Billier, D. C. \$2,625  AustHungary. U. Grant Smith, Pa. \$3,000  AustHungary. Sheldon L. Crosby. N. Y. (2d) 2,000  Belgium Albert B. Ruddock, Ill. (2d) 2,000  Belgium Albert B. Ruddock, Ill. (2d) 2,000  Bollvia.  Brazil Alexander Benson, Pa. 2,625  Bulgaria See Roumania  Chile. George T. Summerlin, La. 3,000  China. J. Van A. MacMurray, D. C. 3,000  China. J. Van A. MacMurray, D. C. 3,000  China. J. Francis White, Md. (3d) 1,500  Codombia. Perry Belden, N. Y. (2d) 2,000  Costa Rica. W'mson S. Howell, Jr., Tex. (3d) 1,550  Cuba. Gustave Scholle, Minn. 2,625  Cuba. John Heath, Cal. (3d) 1,500  Denmark William Walker Smith, Ohio 2,625  Ecuador  France. Robert Woods Bliss, N. Y.  France. Arthur H. Frazier, Pa. (2d) 2,625  France. Arthur H. Frazier, Pa. (2d) 2,625  France. Henry R. Carey, Mass. (3d) 1,500  Germany, Jos. C. Grew, Mass. 3,300	urtis, N. Y. 56,500.  urtis, N. Y. 5,000.  SSIES AND LEGATIONS.  Honduras.  Italy Peter A. Jay, R. I \$5,000  Italy N. Richardson, Miss. 2,625  Japan Post Wheeler, Wash 3,000  Japan Sumner Welles, N. Y. (3d) 1,500  Mexico.  Netherlands M. M. Langhorne, Va. \$,000  Nicaragua  Norway H. P. A. Schoenfeld, D. C. (2d) 2,000  Panama Willing Speucer, Pa. (2d) 2,000  Paraauay  Persia Jefferson Caffery, La. (2d) 2,000  Persu  J. G. Bailey, Ky. 2,625  Roumanla Craig W. Wadsworth, N. Y. 2,625  Russia J. Butler Wright, Wyo. 3,000  Russia Wm. P. Cresson, Nev. 2, 625  Russia Sheldon Whitchouse, N. Y. (2d) 2,000  Russia Sheldon Whitchouse, N. Y. (2d) 2,000  Russia Norman Armour, N. J. (3d) 1,500  Salvador John Latta Ryan, Pa. 2,001

Cuba.....John Heath, Cal. (3d).....1,500 Denmark.....William Walker Smith, Ohio... 2,625 Denmark William warker Sintuly Yas 28 Ecuador Robert Woods Bliss, N. Y. 3,000 France Arihur H. Frazier, Pa. (2d) 2,625 France Henry R. Carey, Mass. (3d) 1,500 Germany Jos. C. Grew, Mass. 3,000 Germany Hugh R. Wilson, Ill. (2d) 2,000 Germany Alexander C. Kirk, Ill. (2d), 2,000 Great Britain Irwin B. Laughlin, Pa. 3,000 Great Britain Great Bittain Goward Bell, N. Y. (2d) 2,000 Great Bittain Fedward Bell, N. Y. (2d) 2,000 Great Bittain Frunklin M. Gunrher, Va. (2d) 2,000 Great Britain Fibridge G. Greece, Mass. (2d) 2,000 Greece. John Campbell White, Ind. (2d) 2,000 

CONSULAR SERVICE.

Venezuela.....

Spain. Alexander R. Magruder, Md. 2,625
Switzerland Chas Campbell, Jr., Va. (2d) 2,000
Turkey. Horman Phillip, N. Y. 3,000
Turkey. G. C. Tarler, N. Y. (2d) 2,625
Uruguay. Craig Wadsworth, N. Y. 2,625

CONSULAR SERVICE.

C. G., Consul-General; C., Consul; V. C., Vice-Consul; D. C., Deputy Consul; C. A., Consular Assistant, To insure prompt attention letters upon consular business should be addressed "To the American Consul at . . . . . . . Such letters are opened and attended to by the person who happens to be in charge of the office. If addressed to the Consul by name they are forwarded to him unopened if he should be absent, and a delay thus intervenes; if he should be an time have gone out of office they may wholly escape attention.

Consuls at the principal places in the world are given here. Where there are a Consul and Vice or Deputy Consul at the same place only the Consul is given. Consular officers are ex-officio notaries for all the States of the United States.

the States of the United States.

CONSULS-CENERAL AT LARGE. Chas, C. Eberhardt, Kan.; Nathaniel B. Stewart, Ga.; Ralph J. Totten, Tenn.; Stuart J. Fuller, Wis. Salaries, \$5,000 each.

Antwerp. Henry W. Diederich, D. C., C. G. Brussels. Ethelbert Watts, Pa., C. G. Ghent. Henry A. Johnson, D. C., C. Liege. Alex. Heinsartner, Ohio, C. Argentina. Buenos Ayres. . Wm. H. Robertson, Va., C. G. Rosario. . . . . Wm. Dawson, Jr., Minn., C. Austria-Hungary. Alex. Heingartner, Ohio, C.

Brazil.

Bohla. Edward Higgins, Mass., C.

Para. Geo. H. Pickerell, Onio, C.

Pernambuco. Arminius T. Haeberle, Mo. C.

Rio de Janeiro. Affred L. M. Gottschalk, N. Y., C. G.

Santos. Carl F. Deichman, Mo., C.

Sao Paulo. Charles L. Hoover, Mo., C. Budapest. William Coffin, Ky., C. G.
Carlshad. Wallace J. Young, Ill., C.
Flume. James B. Young, Pa., C.
Frayue. Graham H. Kemper, Mo., C.
Reichenberg. Nicholas R. Snyder, Pa., C.
Trieste. Ralph C. Busser, Pa., C.
Vienna. Albert Halstead, D. C., C. G.

<sup>\*</sup> Also to Luxemburg. † Also to Montenegro. ‡ Agt. and C. G. § During the German occupation of Brussels the American Minister is serving in the capacity of a special diplomatic agent of the State Department of United States rather than as Minister.

Diplomatic and Cons	u
Bulgaria,	)
Sofia	
AntofagastaThos. W. Voetter, N. Mex., C. Punta ArenasDavid J. D. Myers, Ga., C. ValparaisoLeo J. Keena, Mlch., C. G.	
O1 1	
Amoy	
CantenP. S. Heintzleman, Pa., C. G. ChangshaNelson T. Johnson, Okla., C.	
ChefooLester Maynard, Cal., C. ChungkingMyrl S. Myers, Pa., C.	
FoochowAlbert W. Pontius, Minn., C. HankowE. S. Cunningham, Tenn., C. G.	
HarbinCharles K. Moser, Va., C. Mukden E. Carleton Baker, Cal. C. G.	
Amoy Clarence E. Gauss, Ct., C. Antung. John K. Davis, Ohlo, C. Canton. P. S. Heintzleman, Pa., C. G. Changsha. Nelson T. Johnson, Okla., C. Cheigo. Lester Maynard, Cal., C. Chungking. Myrl S. Myers, Pa., C. Foochow Albert W. Pontius, Minn., C. Hankow E. S. Cunningham, Tena., C. G. Harbin. Charles K. Moser, Va., C. Mukden E. Carleton Baker, Cai., C. G. Nanking. J. Paul Jameson, Pa., C. Shanghai Thomas Samuons, Wash., C. G. Syatow Geo. C. Hanson, Ct., C. Tientsin Fred D. Fisher, Ore., C. G.	
SwatowGeo. C. Hanson, Ct., C. Tigutsin Fred D. Fisher Ore C. G.	١
Colombia.	l
Barranquilla	ł
Costa Rica.	I
Port LimonChester Donaldson, N. Y., C. San JoséBenjamin F. Chase, Pa., C.	l
San JoseBenjamin F. Chase, Pa., C.  Cuba.	I
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Clenfuegos. R. M. Bartleman, Mass., C. Habana. James L. Rodgers, Ohio, C. G. Santiago. P. Merrill Griffith, Ohio, C.	1
Denmark and Dominions.	
CopenhagenEdward D. Winslow, Ill., C. G. St. ThomasChris. H. Payne, W. Va., C.	ļ
Dominican Republic.	١
Puerto PiataFrank A. Henry, Del., C. Santo DomingoCari M. J. von Zielinski, Va., V. C.	
Ecuador.	
GuayaquilF. W. Goding, Ill., C. G.	
France and Dominions.  Algiers, Africa. Dean B. Mason, Ohio, C. Bordeaux. Geo. A. Bucklin, Jr., Okla, C. Calais. Kenneth S. Patton, Va., C. Dakar, Senegal. Wm. J. Yerby, Tenn., C. Grenoble. Thos. D. Davis, Okla., C. Grenoble. Thos. D. Davis, Okla., C. Gradelupe, W. I. Henry T. Wilcox, N. J., C. Havre. John B. Osborne. Pa. C. La Rochelle. James H. Goodler. N. Y. C. Limoges. Eugene L. Belisle, Mass., C. Lyons. John E. Jones, D. C., C. Martinique, W. L. Thos. R. Vellace, Iowa, C. Martinique, W. L. Thos. R. Vellace, Iowa, C. Nantes. Milton B. Kirk, Hi. G. Nantes. A. M. Thackara, Pa., C. G. Paris. A. M. Thackara, Pa., C. G. Samuel H. Muley, N. C. K. Eldene. William H. Hunt, N. Y., C. St. Eldene. William H. Hunt, N. Y., C. Tahiti Soc. Isl. Thos. B. L. Layton, La., C. Tannatave, Mada- Tascara. Tascara. James G. Carter, Ga., C.	
Bordeaux	1
Dakar, Senegal Wm. J. Yerby, Tenn., C.	-
Guadelupe, W. I Henry T. Wilcox, N. J., C.	
La RochelleJames H. Goodier, N. Y. C.	1
Limoges. Eugene L. Bensie, Mass., C. Lyons. John E. Jones, D. C., C.	١
Martinique, W. L., Thos. R. Wallace, Iowa, C.	1
NantesMilton B. Kirk, III., C. NiceWilliam D. Hunter, Minn., C	1
Paris A. M. Thackara, Pa., C. G. Paris Tracy Lay. Ala., C.	1
Rouen Albro L. Burnell, Me., C. Salgen Lawrence P. Briggs, Mich., C.	I
St. Etienne	ı
Tahiti, Soc. Isl Thos. B. L. Layton, La., C. Tainatave, Mada-	1
gascar	١
Aix la ChapelleHenry C. A. Damm, Tenn., C.	1
BarmenGeo. Eugene Eager, Ill., C. Berlin Julius G. Lav. D. C., C. G.	
Bremen	
ChemnitzJohn I. Wood, Hawali, C.	1
DresdenLeo A. Berghoiz, N. Y., C. G.	
FrankfortH. W. Harris, Ohlo, C. G.	-
HanoverTalbot J. Albert, Md., C.	-
Aix la Chapelle. Henry C. A. Damm, Tenn., C. Apla, Samoa. Mason Mitchell, N. Y. C. Barmen. Geo. Eugene Eager, Ill., C. Berlin. William T. Fee, Oblo, C. G. Bresian. Hulliam, T. Fee, Oblo, C. G. Bresian. John I. Wood, Hawail, C. Cologne. Emil Sauer, Tex., C. Dresden. Leo A. Bergholz, N. Y., C. G. Erfurt. Henry C. von Struve, Tex., C. Frankfort. H. W. Harris, Ohlo, C. G. Hamburg. Henry H. Morgan, La., C. G. Hamburg. Henry H. Morgan, La., C. G. Kiel. Milo A. Jewett, Mass., C. Lelpsic. William P. Kent, Va., C. Magdeburg. Alfred W. Donegan, Aln., C.	-
Magdeburg Airred W. Donegau, Alu., C.	•

Mannheim Cornellus Ferris, Jr., Col., C. Munich Wm. H. Gale, Va., C. G.* Nuremberg Charles S. Winans, Mich., C. Plauen Michael J. Hendrick, N. Y., C. Stettin Theodore Jaeckel, N. Y., C. Stuttgart George N. Iftt. Idaho, C.
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Great Br	Addison E. Southard, Ky, C. Alfred A. Winslow, Ind., C. G. C. L. Livingston, Pa., C. Hunter Sharp, N. C., C. Angustus E. Ingram, Cal., C. Angustus E. Ingram, Cal., C. Angustus E. Ingram, Cal., C. G. Lunder D. Chum, N. Y., C. Harold D. Chum, N. Y., C. G. Lorin A. Lathrop, Cal., C. G. Lorin A. Lathrop, Cal., C. G. Lorin A. Lathrop, Cal., C. William A. Pierce, C. F. W. Smith, N. Y., C. Wesley Frost, Ky., C. Glles R. Taggart, N. J., C. Edward L. Adams, N. Y., C. Charles L. Latham, C. Howard D. Van Sant, N. J., C. William E. Alger, Mass., C. G. C. C. Charles C. Chamberlin, N. Y., C. Richerd L. Sprague, Mass., C. Josh G. Olivares, Ms., C. G. Carl R. Loon, Ind. C. G. Franklin D. Hule, Vt. C. Chas, M. Hathaway, Jr., Pa., C. John P. Brav, N. Dak, C. G. Charles C. Broy, Va., C. James C. Monaghan, N. J., C. Freik S. S. Johnson, N. J., C. Henry M. Wolcott, N. Y., C. Honore M. Byington, Ct., C. H. L. Washington, D. C., C. Ross E. Holaday, Ohio, C. Ross E. Holaday, Ohio, C. William F. Doity, N. J., C. Ross E. Holaday, Ohio, C. C. William F. Doity, N. J., C. William H. Bradley, Ill., C. G. Frankl C. Denison, U., C. C. Lucleu Memmluger, S. C., C. William, F. Stinner, Ohio, C. G. Ripley Wilson, Ill., C. Lucleu Memmluger, S. C., C. William, F. Poity, N. J., C. G. Lucleu, M. Shiller, Ha., C. G. Joshard, C. Harner, P. Skinner, Ohio, C. G. Ripley Wilson, Ill., C. Lucleu Memmluger, S. C., C. William, F. Poity, N. J., C. G. John A. Gore, Miss., C. John A. G
Aden, Arabia	Addison E. Southard, Ky., C.
Barbades, W. I	C. L. Livingston, Pa., C.
Belize, Honduras	William L. Avery, Mont., C.
Bombay, India	Stuart Lutton, Tenn., C.
Bristol, Eng	John S. Armstrong, Jr., N. C., C.
Calgary, Can	Harold D. Clum, N. Y., C.
Campo th, N. B Cape Town	Geo. H. Murphy, N. C., C. G.
Charlottetown,	Lorin A. Lathrop, Cal., C.
P. E. I Colombo, Ceylon	William A. Pierce, C. F. W. Smith, N. Y., C.
Cork, Queenstown Cornwall, Ontario	Wesley Frost, Ky., C. Glles R. Taggart, N. J., C.
Dublin	Edward L. Adams, N. Y., C. Charles L. Latham, C.
Dunfermline Durban, Natal	Howard D. Van Sant, N. J., C. Wm W. Masterson, Ky., C.
Edinburgh Fernie, B. C	Rufus Fleming, Ohio, C. William E. Alger, Mass., C.
Ft. William & Pt.	Perry C. Hays, Mont., C.
Georgetown, G'na	Geo. E. Chamberlin, N. Y., C. Richard L. Sprague, Mass. C.
Glasgow	John N. McCunn, Wis., C.
Hamilton Bermuda	.Carl R. Loop, Ind., C.
Hobart, Tasmania.	William A. Bickers, Va., C.
Huddersfield	Franklin D. Hale, Vt., C.
Johannesburg	John P. Bray, N. Dak., C.
Kingston, Jamaica.	James C. Monaghan, N. J., C.
Lagor, Nigeria	Henry M. Wolcott, N. Y., C.
Liverpool	H. L. Washington, D. C., C.
London	Ripley Wilson, Ill., C.
Malta	Wilbur Keblinger, Va., C.
Meibourne	Wm. C. Magelssen, Minn., C.
Moncton, N. B	E. V. Richardson, C.
Nassau, N. P	William H. Bradley, In., C. G. William F. Doty, N. J., C.
Newcastle, N. S. W	Lucien N. Su'livan, Pa., C.
Nottingham	Calvin M. Hitch, Ga., C.
Plymouth	Joseph G. Stephens, Ind., C.
Jamalca	Ross Hazeltine, Ind., C.
Africa	E. A. Wakefield, Me., C.
Prince Rupert, B. C	Geo. N. Hanson, Utah, C.
Rangeon	. W. Roderick Dersey, Md., C.
Riviere du Loup	John A. Gore, Miss., C.
St. John, N. B	.B. S. Rairden, Me., C. .Henry S. Culver, Olilo, C.
St. John's, N. F., St. Stephen, N. B.	Edward A. Dow, C.
Sarma, Ontario Sault Ste Marie	rred. C. Siater, Kan., C.
Sheffieid	John M. Savage, N. J., C.
Singapore	E. N. Gunsaulus, Ohio, C. G.
Stoke-on-Trent	R. S. S. Bergh, N. Dak., C.
· Swansea, Wates	. Maxwell K. Moornead, Pa., C.

# DIPLOMATIC AND CONSULAR SERVICE-Continued.

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Sydney, N. S Chas, M. Freeman, N. H., C. Sydney, Aus Joseph I. Brittain, Ohio, C. G. Toronte, Ont Chas, W. Martin, Mich., C. Trinidad, W. I Henry D. Baker, Ill., C. Vancouver, B. C George N. West, D. C., C. G. Victoria, B. C Robert B. Mosher, D. C., C. G. Windsor, Ont Harry A. Conant, Mich., C. Winnipeg, Man. Fred. M. Ryder, Ct., C. G. Yarmouth, N. S. John J. C. Watson, Ky., C.	Norvay.  Bergen
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GuatemalaSamuel C. Reat, Ill., C.	Persia. TabrizGordon Paddock, N. Y., C.
Hayti. Cape HaitienLem W. Livingston, Fla., C. Port-au-PrinceJohn B. Terres, N. Y., C.	Callao, LimaWm, W. Handley, N. Y., C. G.  Portugal and Dominions.  Portugal In Lowels III. C. G.
Honduras. Ceiba	Lisbon
Catania. Robertson Houey, N. Y., C. Florence Fred T. F. Dumont, Pa., C. Genoa. David F. Wilber, N. Y., C. G. Leghorn. William J. Gray, N. S. C. Mains. Jay White, Mich., C. Falermo. Samuel H. Shank, Ind., C. Rome. Roger C. Tredwell, Ind., C. Turin. Joseph E. Haven, Ill., C. Venice B. H. Carroll, Jr., Tex., C.	Russta,  Relix W. Smith, N. Y., C. Moscow J. H. Snodgrass, W. Va., C. G. Moscow M. Maddin Summers, Tenn., C. Odessa. John A. Ray, Tex., C. Riga. Douglas Jenkins, S. C., C. Petrograd. North Winship, Ga., C. Vladivostok Jno. K. Caldwell, Ky., C. Warsaw Hernando de Soto, Cal., C.
Rome. Roger C. Fredweil, Ind., C. Turin. Joseph E. Haven, Ill., C. Venice. B. H. Carroll, Jr., Tex., C.	SalvadorFrancis M. Sack, N. Y., V. C. Santo Domingo, (See Dominican Republic.)
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Congo.	
Boma	Barcelona Carl B. Hu st, D. C., C. G. Bilbao Paul H. Foster, Tex., C. Malthao Paul H. Foster, Tex., C. Maltha Ely E. Palmer, R. I. O. Malaga Peccival Gassett, D. C., C. Seville. Wilbur T. Gracey, Cal., C. Teneriffe Geo, K. Stiles, Md., C. Valencia. John R. Putnam, Ore., C.
Chindren T. D. Edwards C. Dals C.	GothenburgBertil H. Rasmusen, Iowa, C. StockholmR. E. Mansfield, Ind., C. G
Chudad Julez. D. Edwards, S. Bak. C. Durango. C. Durango. C. Frontera, Tabas. Thomas D. Bowman, Mo., C. Guadalajara, Jalisco John R. Sillimau, Tex., C. Hermosillo. L. Hostetter, N. Mex., C. Matamoros. Jesse H. Johnson, Tex., C. Manzanillo, Coll. C. Mazatian Wm. E. Chapman, Okla., C. Mexico City. C. G.	Switzerland.  Basel. Philip Holland, Tenn., C. Berne. Walter H. Schulz, Okla., C. Geneva. Lewis W Haskell, S. C., C. St. Gall. William J. Pike, Pa. C. Zurich. Francis B. Keene, Wis., C. G.
Monterey Philip C. Hanna, Iowa, C. G. Nogales, Sonora. Pred Simpleh, Wash., C. G. Nuevo Laredo. Alouzo B. Garrett, W. Va., C. Progreso. Claude E. Guyant, Ill., C. Piedras Negras. C. Sailia Cruz, Oax. C. Satilllo, Coahulia. C. Sat. Luis Potosl. Claude I. Dawson, S. C., C. Tampico. Claude I. Dawson, S. C., C. Vera Cruz. William W. Canada, Ind., O.	Turkey and Dominions, Aleppo, Syria. Jesse B. Jackson, Ohio, C. Alexandria. Arthur Garreis, Mo., C. Bagdad. Charles F. Brissel, N. J., C. Beirut, Syria. W. Stanley Hollis, Mass., C. G. Cairo. Paul Knabenshue, Ohio, V. C. Constantinople. G. B. Ravndal, S. Dak., C. G. Diarbekir. Leslie A. Davis, N. Y., C. Jerusalem. Otis A. Glazebrook, N. J., C. Mersina. Edward I. Nathan, Pa., C. Smyrna. George Horton, Ill. C. G. Trebizond. Oscar S. Helzer, Iowa, C.
Morocco.  Marwell Blake, Mo., C, G,  Netherlands and Dominions.  Amsterdam	Montevideo. Uruguay.  Montevideo. Herman Spahr, S. C., C.  Venezuela.  La Guayra. Homer Brett, Miss., C.  Maracalbo. George K. Douald, Ala., C.  Puerto Cabello. Herbert R. Wright, Iowa. C.

It is not necessary to address a Consul by name if the business is of an official nature. "Official business" should be written on the envelope.

THE SOCIETY OF AMERICAN INDIANS.

This society is a National organization of In- as an American people in America. Membership, dians and their friends. The purpose of the society 3,000. President—Arthur C. Parker, Albany, N. Y. is to work for the uplift and advancement of the American Indian. It seeks to bring about better conditions, so that the Indians may develop normally

# FOREIGN EMBASSIES AND LEGATIONS IN THE UNITED STATES.

COUNTRY.	REPRESENTATIVES.	RANK.
Argentina	Mr. Romulo S. Naon	Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary.
Austria-Hungary	Count Adam von Tarnow Tarnowski. Baron Erleb Zwiedinek	Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary, Counsellor of Embassy. Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary, Counsellor of Embassy and Charge d'Affaires,
Belglum	Mr. E. Havenith	Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary. Counsellor. Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary.
Bollvia	Senor Don Ignacio Calderon	Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary.
Brazil	Mr. Domicio da Gama Mr. Alberto de Ipanema Moreira	Ambassador Extraordinary and Pienipotentiary, Counselior. Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Pienipotentiary.
Bulgarla	Mr. Stephen Panaretoff	Ambassador Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary.
Chine	Senor Don G. Munizaga-Varela	. Charge d'Affaires ad interim.
64	Senor Don Dario Ovaile	Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary. Charge d'Affaires ad Interim. Acting Secretary. Navai Attache.
Cbina	.Mr. Vi Kyuin Wellington Koo	Navai Attache. Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary. Counselior. Euroy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary. Secretary. Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary. Second Secretary. Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary. Acting Counsellor. Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary. Counsellor of Embassy.
Colombia	.Mr. Yung Kwai	Counsellor. Euvoy Extraordinary and Minister Pleninotentlary
Corombia:	Senor Don Roberto Anelzar	Secretary.
Cuba	Senor Don Manuel Castro Quesada Dr. Carlos Manuel de Cespedes	Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary,
	.Dr. Joaquio R. Torralbas	.First Secretary.
Dominican Rep.	Senor Dr. A. Perez-Perdomo	Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary.
Ecuador	Senor Dr. Don Gonzato S. Cordova	Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary.
France	Mr. Jean J. Jusserand	Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary.
German Emplre	Mr. Dejean	Acting Counsellor.  Ambassador Extraordinary and Pleninotentlary.
Guidan Empire	Mr. Haniel von Haimhausen	. Counsellor of Embassy.
Great Britain	Sir Cecil Arthur Spring Rice	Counsellor of Empassy.  Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary.
	Mr. Colville Barclay	Counsellor of Embassy.
Greece	.Mr. A. Vouros	. Charge d'Affaires ad Interlm.
Guatemala	Senor Don Joaquin Mendez	Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenlpotentiary.
Honduras	.Dr. Alberto Membreno	Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary.
Itoly	Senor Don R. Camilo Dlaz	Secretary. Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentlary.
	.Mr. Gluseppe Brambilla	Counsellor of Embassy.
Japan	.Mr. Almaro Sato	. Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary.
Mexico	.Mr. Eliseo Arredondo	Ambassador Designate.
Netherlands	Jonkheer W. H. de Beaufort	Secretary of Legation.
Nicaragua	Senor Dr. Don J. Cuadra Zavala	Charge d'Affaires.  Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Pleninotentiary.
_ "	.Mr. William Maithe Johannessen	First Secretary.
Panama	Senor Dr. Don Belisario Porras	. Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary.
Paraguay	.Mr. Hector Velazquez	. Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary.
Persia	. Mendi Khan	. Charge d'Affaires.
Peru	.Mr. Manuel de F. y Santander	. Charge d'Affaires ad interim.
Russia	.Mr. George Bakhmeteff	Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary.
Salvador	Mr. C. Onou	. Counsellor of Embassy. . Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary.
Siam	. Phya Prabha Karavongse	Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Pienipotentiary.
Spain	. Mr. Edward H. Loitus	. Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentlary.
Omeden	Senor Don Manuel Walis y Merlno	Counselior of Embassy.
oweden	Baron E. Akerhielm	. Counsellor.
Switzerland	Dr. Paul Ritter	Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary. Secretary of Legation.
Turkey	.A. Rustem Bey (absent)	Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary.
Hrugusy	. Abdul Hak Hussein Bey	First Secretary and Charge d'Anaires. . Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary.
Vancanalo	.Mr. Hugo V. de Pena	Secretary.
v enezueia	Senor Don Luis Churion	Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary. Acting Counsellor. Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary. Counsellor of Embassy. Counsellor of Embassy. Counsellor of Embassy. Naval Attache. Charge d'Affaires ad Interim. Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary. Secretary. Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary. Counsellor of Embassy. Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary. Counsellor of Embassy. Ambassador Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary. Counsellor of Embassy. Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary. Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary. First Secretary. Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary. First Secretary. Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary. Charge d'Affaires. Charge d'Affaires. Charge d'Affaires. Charge d'Affaires ad interim. Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary. Charge d'Affaires ad interim. Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary. Counsellor of Embassy. Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary. Secretary of Legation. First Secretary and Charge d'Affaires. Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary. Secretary. Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary. Secretary. Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary. First Secretary and Charge d'Affaires. Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary. Secretary. Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary. Secretary. Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary. First Secretary and Charge d'Affaires.

# NATIONAL AIRS AND ANTHEMS.

Austria—Hymn to the Emperor.
Belglum—Brahancome,
Denmark—Song of Danebrog.
France—Marscillaise.
Germany—Die Wacht am Rhein; Deutschland,
Deutschland ueber Alles; Heil dir im Siegerkranz,
Great Britain—God Save the King; Rule Britanpla. (Ireland—Wearing of the Green, also.)

Hungary—Rakoczy March, Italy—Garibaldi's Hymn, the War Song of the Alpine Huntsmen; Marcia Reale, Japan—Kimi Ga Yo.

Japan—Kimi Ga Yo.
Russia—God Save the Czar.
Spain—Spread the Tidings Afar.
Switzerland—Hail Thee, Helvetia,
United States—Star Spangled Banner.

# EXAMINATIONS FOR THE CONSULAR SERVICE.

In pursuance of the Executive order of June 27, 1906, whereby the President promulgated regulations governing appointments and promotions in the consular service, the following rules have been adopted by the consular service, the following rules have been adopted by the consular service whom the President shall have designated to formulate rules for and bold examinations of applicants for admission to the consular service whom the President shall have designated to 1. The examinations will be the same for all grades and will be to determine a candidate's eligibility for appointment in the consular service, irrespective of the grade for which he may have been designated or examination and without regard to any particular office for which he may be selected.

2. The examination will be to determine the candidate's business ability, alertness, general contemporary information, and natural fitness for the service, including moral, mental, and physical qualifications, character, address, and general education and good command of English. In this rate or the examination the applicant's business experience and ability. The written examination will be those subjects mentioned in the Executive order, to wit: French, German, or Spanish: the natural, industrial and commercial and maritime law. It will likewise Include American listory, spectrally as evidence of the United States, especially with reference to possibilities of increasing and extending the foreign trade of the United States; specially with reference to possibilities or increasing and extending the foreign trade of the United States; specially with reference to possibilities or increasing and extending the foreign trade of the United States; specially with reference to possibilities or increasing and extending the foreign trade of the United States; specially with reference to possibilities or increasing and extending the foreign trade of the United States; and the consultance of the written examination, or a country where the United States exercises extra-te

years.
5. Upon the conclusion of the examinations the names of the candidates who shall have attained upon the whole examination an average mark of at least eighty, as required by the Executive order, will be certified by the board to the Secretary of State as eligible for appointment in the consular service, and the successful candidates will be informed that this has been done.
6. The names of candidates will remain on the eligible list for two years, except in the case of such candidates as shall within that period be appointed or shall withdraw their names, and of candidates holding subordinate positions in the consular service, when eligibility shall not expire until appointment to consular rank or until separation from the service. Candidates whose names have thus been dropped from the eligible list will not be eligible for appointment unless upon fresh application, designation anew for examination, and the successful passing of such second examination.

## DUTIES OF CONSULAR OFFICERS.

Consular officers are expected to endeavor to maintain and promote all the rightful interests of American citizens, and to protect them in all privileges provided for by treaty or conceded by usage; to visé and, when so authorized, to issue passports; when permitted by treaty, law or usage, to take charge of and settle the personal estates of Americans who may die abroad without legal or other representatives, and rent the proceeds to the Treasury in case they are not called for by a legal representative within one year; osbip, discharge, and, under certain conditions, maintain and send American seamen to the United States; osettle disputes between masters and seamen of American vessels; to investigate charges of multipor or insubordination on the high seas and send multneers to the United States for trial; to render assistance in the case of shipwrecked or stranded American vessels, and, in the absence of the master or other qualified person, take charge of the wrecks and cargoes if permitted to do so by the laws of the country, to receive the paper of American vessels arriving at foreign ports and deliver them after the discharge of the obligations of the vessels toward the members of their crews, and upon the production of clearances from the proper fedgle port officials; to certify to the correctness of the valuation of merchandise exported to the United States where the shipment amounts to more than \$100, to act as official witnesses to martiages of American clears abroad; to aid in the enforcement of the immigration laws, and to certify to the conflict states issued by Chinese and other officials to Chinese persons coming to the United States; to protect the health of our scaports by reporting weekly the sanitary and health conditions of the ports at which they reside and by issuing to vessels clearing for the United States bills of health describing the condition of our proporting weekly the sanitary and health conditions and perform other acts which notaris public in the United States are authorized or

# THE SAFETY FIRST FEDERATION OF AMERICA.

This society has for its objects uniform laws for control of automobile Organized February 26, 1915. This society has for its objects uniform laws for control of automobile traffic and improvement of street traffic conditions throughout the country by a standard system of supervision. Prestdent—Darwin P. Kingsley, New York. Pirst Vice-Prestdent—Harold W. Newman, New Gliespie, La Steond Vice-President—Carles M. Talbert, St. Louis, Mo. Third Vice-President—John Gliespie, Detroit, Mich. Faurth Vice-President—Dr. Gardner T. Swarts, Providence, R. I. Treasurer—Ohards, L. Bernheimer, New York. Executive Secretary—Wayne D. Heydecker, New York. Assistant Secretary—Francis X. Butler, New York. Headquarters, 6 East Thirty-ninth Street, New York City. Secretary—Francis X. Butler, New York. President—Gharles L. Bernheimer. Vice-President—Hefferson De Mont Thompson, Magistrate McAdoo, Thomas W. Churchill, Police Commissioner Woods, Fire Commissioner Adamson, and William R. Willcox. Secretary—Wayne D. Heydecker. Headquarters, 6 East Thirty-ninth Street, New York City. Organized February 26, 1915.

FOREIGN CONSULS IN THE UNITED STATES.
(In Principal Places. For Foreign Consuls in the City of New York consult Index.)
C. G., Consul-General; C., Consul; V. C., Vice-Consul; C. A., Consular Agent; A. C., Acting Consul; P. C., Pro-Consul.

ARGENTINA. Ala., Mobile, Manuel S. Macias, V. C. Ala., Mobile, Manuel S. Macias, V. C. Cal., San Francisco, Boutwell Dunlap, V. C. Fla., Fernandina, Thomas C. Borden, V. C. Fla., Pensacola, J. Harris Picrpont, V. C. Fla., Apalachicola, Wm. W. Pooser, V. C. Ga., Brunswick, Rosendo Torras, V. C. Ga., Savannah, William G. Morell, V. C. Ill., Chicago, Alberto W. Brickwood, V. C. La., New Orleans, Alfred Le Blanc, V. C. Md., Baltimore, Richard J. Leupold, V. C. Md., Baltimore, Richard J. Leupold, V. C. Mass., Boston, Guillermo McKissock. V. C. Mass., Boston, Guillermo McKissock, V. C. Mo., St. Louis, Gustavo von Brecht, V. C. Pa., Philadelphia, Guillermo P. Wilson, V. C. P. I., Manila, J. F. Fernandez, V. C. P. R., San Juan, Sergio Ramirez, V. C.
Pex., Port Arthur, C. S. Flanagan, V. C.
Va., Newport News, H. C. Leslie, V. C.
Va., Norfolk, Franklin A. Oro., V. C.
Wash., Tacoma, Beecher A. McKensis, V. C.

AUSTRIA-HUNGARY.

AUSTRIA-HUNGARY.

Cal., San Francisco, Ferdinand Freyesleben (In charge). (a)

Col., Denver. Nicolaus von Bozovics, C. (b)

Fla., Pensacola, Robert Tümler, V. C.

Hawail, Honolulu, Herman P. F. Schultze, C.

Ga., Savannah, Ludwig E. Busch, V. C. (y)

Ill., Chicago, Hugo Slivestri, C. G. (p)

La., New Orleans, Franz Hindermann, C. (q)

Md., Baltimore, G. Louis Hester, C.

Mass. Boston, Oswald Kunhardt, C. (w)

Minn., St. Paul, Edgar Prochnik, C. (z)

Mo., St. Louis, Hans Schwegel, C. (r)

N. Y., Bulfalo, J. von Nyiri, Dep. C. A.

Obio, Cleveland, Errast Ludwig, C. (\*)

Pa., Uniontown, Ludwig Vaczek, C. A.

Pa., Wilkes-Barre, Emil Neumann, Deputy C. A.

Cal., Pittsburgh, Baron L. von Hauser, C.

P. I., Manlla, Karl Ziegler, C.

P. R., San Juan, Joannes D. Stubbe, C.

Tex., Galveston, John Reymershoffer, C.

V. R., Charleston, Alex. R. von Kaltenbrunn (in charge), (f)

charge). (t)

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Ala., Birmingham,

Ala., Mobile T. J. MoSweaney, C.

Ala., Mobile T. J. MoSweaney, C.

Ala., Mobile T. J. MoSweaney, C.

Ala., Los Angeles, Ch. Vinsonaler, C.

Cal., Los Angeles, Ch. Winsel, V. C.

Col., Denver, J. Mignolet, C. (t)

Fla., Jacksonville, J. Mucklow, V. C.

Fla., Pensacola, W. D. Howe, V. C.

Ga., Atlanta, H. L. de Give, C.

Ga., Sayannah, E. W. Rosenthal, C.

Hawail, Honolulu, R. F. Lange, V. C.

Ill., Chicago, Cyrille Vermeren, C. (u)

Kan, and Mo., Kansas City, G. Mignolet, C.

Ky., Loulsyille, St. de Ridder, C. (v)

La., New Orleans, L. de Waele, C. (T)

M., Battimore, Vivian C. Leftwieh (in charge). (d)

Mass, Boston, E. S. Mansheld, C. (\*\*)

Mich., Detroit, Theophile Frangols, C.

Mo., St. Louis, M. Seguin, C.

Neb., Omala, A. L. Holleaney, C. (e)

Ore., Totalaphia, Paul Hagemans, C. G.

Pa., Pittsburgh, F. O. Henal, V. C.

P. L., Manila, E. L. P. J. Franck, C.

P. R., Mayaguez, A. Bravo, V. C.

C. P. R., Mayaguez, A. Bravo, V. C.

C. P. R., Ponce, J. Lacot, V. C.

Cuba, Havana, Ch. de Waepenaert, C. G. for Porto

Rico and dependencies,

P. R., San Juan, J. E. Saldana, C.

S. C., Charleston, B. Rutledge, C. (e)

Va., Norfolk, A. J. P. Mottu, V. C.

Va. Richmond, Fred E. Nolting, C. (aa)

Wash, Seattle, J. Hertogs, V. C.

Wis., Green Bay, M. J. Heynen, C. (bb)

Ala., Mobile, T. G., McGonigal, Hon. V. C.
Cal., Los Angeles, Wm. Dunkerley, C.
Cal., San Diego, Philip Morse, C.
Cal., San Francisco, Carlos Sanjines T., C.
Ill., Chleago, rrederick Harnwell, C.
La., New Orleans, Juan Argote, Hon. C.
Md., Baltimore, Raymond M. Glacken, C.
Mass., Boston, Arthur P. Cushing, C.
Mo, Kansas City, E. R. Heath, Hon. C.
Pa., Philadelphia, Wiltred H. Schoff, Hon. C,
Va., Norfolk, John D. Leitch, V. C.
Wash., Seattle, W. C. Dawson, C.
BRAZLL. 

Va., Norfolk and Newport News, Barton Myers, CHILE.

Ala., Mobile, José A. del Campo F., C.
Cal., Los Angeles, Frank C. Prescott, C.
Cal., San Francisco, Arturo Lorca, P. G.
Ga., Savannah. C.
Haweii, Honolulu, J. W. Waldron, C.
Ill., Chicago, M. H. Ehlert, C.
Ind., Indianapolis, C. V. Balbontin, C.
La., New Orleans, Marcos Garcia Hulddoro, C.
Md., Baltlmore, Richard J. Leupold, C.
Mass., Boston, Horacio N. Fisher, C.
Mass., Wellesley Hills, David Montt G., C. G.
Mo., St. Louis, Francisco Méndez, C.
Ore, Portland, Ramon Escobar, C.
Pa., Philadelphia, Dudley Bartlett, C.
P. I., Manila, A. Malvehy, C.
Va., Norfolk, Carlos Peulma F., C.
Wash., Seattle, Luis A. Santander Ruiz, C.
CHINA.

Wash., Seattle, Luis A. Santander Ruiz, C. CHINA.
Cal., San Francisco, Hsu Shan Ching, C. G. Hawail, Honolulu, Wu Huang, C. Ore., Portland, Moy Back Hin, Hon. C. P. I., Manila, Sze Chao Tsang, C. G. Wash., Seattle, Goon Dip, Hon. C.

Wash., Seattle, Goon Dip, Hon. C.
COLOMBIA.
Ala., Mobile, Juan L. Marty, C.
Cal., San Francisco, Francisco Valencia, G.
Cal., Los Angeles,
Ill., Chicago, A. A. Greenman, C.
La., New Orleans, Luis A. Caro, C.
Md., Baltimore, Wm. A. Riordan, C.
Mass, Boston, Francis R. Hart, C. (cc)
Miss., Gullport, F. L. Rockwood, C. A.
Mo., St. Louis, J. Arbuckle, C.
N. J., Newark, Alfredo, J. de Leon, C.
Ohio, Cincinneti, H. E. Wurlitzer, C.
P. R., San Juan, M. R. Caideron, C.
P. R., Ponce, M. A. Morales, C.
Pa., Philadelphia, José T. H. Mejla, C.
Va., Norfolk, Howard P. Wilson, C.
COSTA RICA.

Va., Norfolk, Howard P. Wilson, C.
COSTA RICA.
Ala., Mobile, T. G. McGonigal, C.
Cal., San Francisco, P. de Obarrio, C. G.
Cal., Los Angeles, Carlos Enrique Bobertz, C.
Ill., Chicago, Berthold Singer, C.
La., New Orleans, Lamar C. Quintero, C. G.
Md., Baltimore, William A. Riordan, C.
Md., Baltimore, William A. Riordan, C.
Mo., St. Louis, Ernst B. Filsinger, C.
Ore, Portland, G. G. Ames, C.
Pa., Philadelpila, Wilfred H. Schoff, C.
Pa., Philadelpila, Wilfred H. Schoff, C.
Tex., Galveston, Henry Mosle, C.
Va., Norfolk, Harry Reyner, Hon. C.
Va., Norfolk, Harry Reyner, Hon. C.

# FOREIGN CONSULS IN THE UNITED STATES-Continued.

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FOREIGN CONSULS IN T

Ala., Mobile, Ramon L. B. y Sardny, C.
Cal., Los Angeles, James Pennie, Hon, C.
Cal., San Francisco, B. E. P. y Nunez, C.
D. C., Washington, J. A. A. y Valdes, V. C.
Fla., Fernandina, J. N. Partridge, Hon. C.
Fla., Jacksonville, F. R. y Perez, C.
Fla., Jacksonville, F. R. y Perez, C.
Fla., Tampa, Rafael M. Ibor, C.
Fla., Tampa, Rafael M. Ibor, C.
Fla., Tampa, Rafael M. Ibor, C.
Fla., Key West, José M. G. Cuervo, C.
Ga., Strusswick, R. Torras, Hon, C.
Ga., Savanne b. Arthur J. Howard, Hon, C.
Ill., Chicago, F. P. Cob. y Tâpany, C.
Ky., Louisville, Richard P. Cane, Hon, C.
M., Baltisrore, Eduardo J. Desvernine, C.
Mass, Boston, Radel, Harrah Hon, C.
Mick, Dulfport, Jos. W. Corry, Hon, C.
Miss., Passagoula, M. L. Ros, Hon, C.
Mo., St. Louis, Agusto A. y Requeijo, C.
Mo., St. Louis, Agusto A. y Requeijo, C.
P. R., Ponce, F. P. y Castillo, C.
P. R., Sau Juan, José C. del Rio, C.
P. R., Sau Juan, José C. del Rio, C.
P. R., Ponce, F. P. y Castillo, C.
Tenn, Chattanooga,
Tex., Galveston, Ernesto Cassaus y Almolna, C.
Va., Newport News, T. E. P. y Guardiola, C.
Va., Newport News, T. E. P. y Guardiola, C.
Va., Newport News, T. E. P. y Galderon, Hon, C.
Alba., Mobile, Louis Donald, V. C.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            Cal., San Francisco, H. C. J. Neltner, C. G. (II)
Cal., San Francisco, H. C. J. Neltner, C. G. (II)
Col., Denver, A. Bourquin, C. A.
Fla., Pensacola, W. Howe, C. A.
Fla., Pensacola, W. Howe, C. A.
Fla., Tampa, Ernest W. Monrose, C. A.
Ga., Savannah, Alexis Nicolas, C. A.
Hawail, Honolulu, Auguste Marques, Hon. C.
Ill., Chicago, Antonin Barthelemy, C. (JI)
Ky., Louisville, Michel Hermann, C. A.
La., New Orleans, Paul G. J. Ferrand (in charge), (kk)
Me., Portland, E. de Beaufort le Prohon, C. A.
Mass, Boston, Joseph J. Flamand, C. A.
Mish., Gultport, John Paol. C. A.
Mish., Gultport, John Paol. C. A.
Mish., Gultport, John Paol. C. A.
Mish., Gultport, John Paol. C. A.
Mish., Gultport, John Paol. C. A.
Mish. G. Kansas, St., Flame, C. Segiin, C. A.
Mish. C. Lerland, Charles Henri Labbe, C. A.
Ce., Portland, Charles Henri Labbe, C. A.
Pa., Philadelphia, Maurice Hellmann, C.
P. I., Manila, V. Fontenau, V. C.
P. R., San Juan, Yves L. N. du Courthial, V. O.
Tex., Galveston, F. E. Genoyer (in charge),
Va., Norfolk, Aubrey G. Bailey, C. A.
Wash, Seattle, R. G. E. H. A. de Lobel-Mahy, V. C. (hh)

GERMANY.

Ala., Mobile, R. Du-Mont, C.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      Wash., Seattle, R. G. E. H. A. de Lobel- Mahy, V. GERMANY.
Ala., Mobile, R. Du-Mont, C. Cal., San Francisco, Franz Bopp, C. (II)
Cal., San Francisco, Franz Bopp, C. (II)
Cal., San Francisco, Franz Bopp, C. (II)
Cal., San Francisco, Franz Bopp, C. (II)
Cal., San Francisco, Franz Bopp, C. (II)
Cal., Pensacola, Gerhard Rolfs, C.
Ga., Atlanta, Wilhelm Mueller, Act. C. (nn)
Ga., Sayannah, Ernst Eichorn, C.
Hawaii, Honoilul, Georg Rodiek, C.
III., Chicazo, Alfred Geissler, C. G. (oo)
La., New Orleans, Paul Roh, C. (pp)
Md., Baltimore, Carl A. Luderitz, C. (qq)
Mass., Boston, Oswald Kunhardt, C. (ce)
Minn., St. Paul, Johannes Grunow, C. (ss)
Mo., St. Louls, Wilhelm Bretelling, C. (tt)
N. C., Wilmington, J. Gieschen, C.
Ohio, Cinclinnati, Oscar Mezger, C.
Chio, Cinclinnati, Oscar Mezger, C.
Cutani, C.
Carex, Galveston, Henry J. Runge, C.
Va., Richmond, E. Carl Vietor, C.
Carex, Galveston, Henry J. Runge, C.
Va., Richmond, E. Carl Vietor, C.
Carex, Galveston, Henry J. Runge, C.
Vash, Seattle, Erich Zoepfiel, Act. C. (xx)
Wash, Tacoma, Otto Richter, V. C.
GREAT BRITAIN,
Ala., Mobile, Thos. J. McSweany, V. C.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    GERMANY.
Va., Newport News, T. E. P., y Guardiola, C. Va., Norlolk, G. de la Vega y Calderon, Hon. C. DENMARK.
Ala., Mobile, Louis Donald, V. C.
Cal., San Francisco, Otto Wadsted, C. (dd)
Col., Denver, Viggo E. Baerresen, V. C.
Hawall, Honolulu, Christian Hedemann, C.
Fla., Pensacola, C. McKenzie Oerting, V. C.
Ill., Chlcago, Johannes E. Boggid, C.
Lowa, Council Bluffs,
Kan., Kansas City,
La., New Orleans, T. Holfman-Olsen, V. C.
La., New Orleans, T. Holfman-Olsen, V. C.
Mass, Boston, Gustaf Lundberg, C. (ff)
Mich, Detroit, Peter Sörensen, V. C.
Minn, St. Paul, John C. Nelson, V. C.
Ninn, St. Paul, John C. Nelson, V. C.
Neb., Omaha, Otto Wolff, V. C.
Neb., Omaha, Otto Wolff, V. C.
N. J., Perth Amboy,
N. Jak, Grand Forks, M. Rasmussen, V. C. (gg)
Ohlo, Cleveland, Chas. E. Currie (in charge).
Ore, Pertland, H. Harkson, V. C.
Pa., Philadelphia, Christian Moe, V. C.
P. R., San Juan, T. G. I. Waymouth, C.
S. C., Charleston, James M. Seignlous, V. C.
Va., Newport News, H. E. Parker, V. C.
Va., Newport News, H. E. Parker, V. C.
Va., Newport News, H. E. Parker, V. C.
Wish, Seattle, M. J. Lelimann, V. C.
Doninican Republic,
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Wash., Seattle, Erich Zoepfiel, Act. C. (xx)
Wash., Tacoma, Otto Richter, V. C.
Ala., Mobile, Thos. J. McSweany, V. C.
Ariz., Douglas, Alex. Baird, V. C.
Cal., San Francisco, Alex. C. Ross, C. G. (rr)
Col., Denver, Alfred Crebben, V. C.
Cal., San Francisco, Alex. C. Ross, C. G. (rr)
Col., Denver, Alfred Crebben, V. C.
Fla., Fernandina A. J. W. Maddison, V. C.
Fla., Fernandina A. J. W. Maddison, V. C.
Fla., Erschonville, Walter Mucklow, V. C.
Fla., Eschonville, Walter Mucklow, V. C.
Fla., Eschonville, Walter Mucklow, V. C.
Fla., Port Trempa, P. F. Kennard, V. C.
Ga., Savannah, Arthur M. Brookheld, C.
Hawall, Honolulu, Edw. L. S. Gordon, C.
Hill., Chicago, Horace D. Nugent, C. G. (vv)
La., New Orleans, H. T. Carew-Hunt, C. G.
Md., Baltimore, Gilbert Fraser, C. G. (ft)
Mass., Boston, Frederick Peter Leay, C. G. (vy)
Mich., Detroit, Howard G. Meredith, V. C.
Minn., Duluth, David Quali, V. C.
Mins., Gulfport, Max Rowland, V. C.
Mo, St. Louls, C. L. Markham-Pearson, C. (22)
Neb., Omaha, Mathew Alexander Hall, V. C.
N. C., Wilmington, James Sprunt, V. C.
Ohio, Clevdand, H. F. Gresham, V. C.
Ohio, Cleudand, H. F. Gresham, V. C.
Pa., Pittsburgh, Lass. E. F. Childers, C.
P. R., San Juan, E. M. de Christon, C.
P. R., San Juan, E. M. de Christon, C.
P. R., San Juan, E. M. de Christon, C.
P. R., San Juan, E. M. de Christon, C.
P. R., San Juan, E. M. de Christon, C.
P. R., San Juan, E. M. de Christon, C.
P. R., San Juan, E. M. de Christon, C.
P. R., San Juan, E. M. de Christon, C.
P. R., San Juan, E. M. de Christon, C.
P. R., San Juan, E. M. de Christon, C.
P. R., San Juan, E. M. de Christon, C.
P. R., Providence, H. J. C. Dubols, V. C.
           Wash., Seattle, M. J. Lelmann, V. C. (nn)
Wis., Kenosha,
Dominican Republic.
Ala., Mobile, T. G. McGonigal, V. C.
Cal., John Barneson, Hon. C.
Ill., Chicago, F. W. Job, V. C.
Md., Baltimore, William A. Riordan, V. C.
Mss., Baston, Primitivo Logrono, C.
Mo., Kansas City, R. W. Lightburne V. C.
N. C. Wilmington, Thomas F. Wood, V. C.
Pa., Philadelphia, Rodman Wanamaker, C.
P. R., San Juan, Socrates Nolasco, C. G.
Tex., Galveston, Frank Webb, Hon, V. C.
Va., Norfolk, Harry Reynor, V. C.
Cal., San Francisco, Juan Chavez M., C. G.
Ill., Chicago, Frutos T. Plaza, C.
La, New Orleans, Alfredo Garcia G., C.
Md., Baltimore,
Mass., Boston, Hugo Barja, C.
Mo., St. Louis,
Ohio, Cliechnati,
Ohio, Cliechnati,
C.
Pa., Philadelphia, Arturo de Brigard, C.
P. I., Manils,
C.
Tex., Galveston,
Tex., C.
Va., Norfolk,
FRANCE,
Ala., Birmingham, Simon Klotz, C. A.
                                   FRANCE.
Ala., Birmingham, Simon Klotz, C. A.
Ala., Mobile, C. J. Wheeler, C. A.
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# FOREIGN CONSULS IN THE UNITED STATES-Continued,

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TORRIGH CONSULS IN T.

S. C., Charleston, Alexander Harkness, V. C.
Tex. Galveston A. J. Ogston, (3)
Tututla Samoa, Thomas Trood, Act. V. C.
Va., Norloik Wm. M. Royds, V. C.
Va., Richmond, Arthur Ponsonby Wilmer, V. C.
Wash. Seattle, Bernard Pelly, C.
Wash. Tacoma, Chas. E. L. Agassiz, V. C.
GREECE.
Ala., Mobile, Chas. S. Wheeler (in charge).
Cal., San Francisco, Alex. Pavelias, C. G.
Ill., Calicago, Nickolaso Salopoulos, C.
Mass., Boston, Demosthenis Timagenis, C. G. (ff)
Mo., St. Louis, H. M. Pesmazoglou (in charge).
Mont., Butte, Th. Stalkos (in charge). (4)
Neb., Omaha, John Stout, C.
N. C., Wilmington, D. Vafiades, V. C.
Pa., Philadelphia, Geo, Vilara (in charge). (5)
Tenn., Nastville, ————, V. C.
Wash., Seattle, Christo Lilliopoulos, C. (6)
GUATEMALA.
Ala., Mobile, Guillermo Valenzuela, C.
Col., Son Francisco To Valenzuela, C.
Col., Son Francisco To Valenzuela, C.
             R. I., Provincence, E. G., Kelloh, C.

Tex., Galveston, J. Merrow, Hon. C.

Wash., Seattle, —

RAYT., C.

Ala., Mobile. Emile Macellin, C. (7)

Mass., Boston, B. Preston Clark, C.

P. R., Mayaguez, Adolfo Steffens, Hon. C.

P. R., San Juan, Chas. Vere. C.

Ala., Mobile, Leopoid Cordov, J., C.

Cal., San Francisco, Timoteo Miralda, C. G.

D. C., Washington, Amoteo Miralda, C. G.

Cal., San Francisco, Timoteo Miralda, C. G.

P. E., San Juan, Chae, L. (Ephane, C.

Fla., Massoa M. L. Galeano, Hon. C.

Fla., Tango, Jule F. Brower, Hon. C.

Ky., Louisville, E. B. Coffey, Hon. C.

La., New Orleans, Santiago Chavez, C. G.

Mass., Boston, J. H. Emsile. Hon. C.

Mo., Kansas City, Gabriel M. Hernandez, Hon. C.

Mo., St. Louis, L. D. Kingsland, C. G.

Ohio, Clincinnati, —————, V. C.

Tex., Galveston, H. H. Halnes, Hon. C.

Va., Newport News, A. W. Duckett, Hon. C.

Cal., San Francisco, Chevatier F. Daneo, C. (8)

Col., Denver, Chevatier Orestes de Vella, O. (g.)

Ct., New Haven, Pasquale de Cicco, C. A.

D. C. Washington, Emanuele Fronani (in charge).

Fla., Tarnga, Raffaele Angelo Scotti, C. A.

Ga., Savannah, Mose Caflero, C. A.

Hawali, Honolulu, E. L. Gordon (in charge).

Ill., Chicago, Giulio Bolognesi, C.

A., San Grancia, Raffaele Purgatorio, C. A.

Md., Baltimore, Glovanni Schlaffino, C. A.

Md., Bultimore, Glovanni Schlaffi
                      Wash., Seattle, .
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     BATTI.
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Ohio, Cincinnati, Carlo Ginocchio, C. A.
Ohio, Cleveland, Nicola Cerri, C. A.
Ohio, Cleveland, Nicola Cerri, C. A.
Okla., McAlester, Glovanni B. Tua, C. A.
Ore., Portiand, Carlo Viesti, C. A.
Pa., Pilladeiphia, Gactano Poccard, C.
Pa., Pittsburgh, G. Natali, Act. V. C.
P. I., Manila, Thos. Harrington (in charge),
P. R., San Juan, C. D. Elphic, C.
R. I., Providence, Mariano Vervena, C. A.
S. C., Charleston, Carlo Bottigliero, C. A. (c)
Tenn., Memphis, G. Galelia (in charge).
Tex., Galveston, C. Nicolini, C. A.
Va., Noriolk, Arturo Parati, C. A.
Va., Richmond, C. Verta, C. A.
Wash., Seattle, C. Paolo Breinia, C. (1)
W. Va., Clarksburg, Chevalier T. Lucci, C. A.
Wis, Milwankee, Arminio Conte, C. A.
     Ala., Mobile, Wm. P. Hutchison, Hon. C. Cal., San Francisco, Yasutaro Numano, Act. C. G. Col., Denver, A. L. Bennett, Hon. C. Hawaii, Honolulu, Rokuro Morol, C. G. Ill., Chieago, Saburo Kurusu, C. (11)
La., New Orleans, John Walker Phillips, Hon. C. Mo., St. Louis, J. E. Smith, Hon. C. Orc., Portland, Kyo Kumasoki, C. P. I., Manlla, Tsunezo Sugimura, C. Tex., Galveston, J. H. Langhehn, Hon. C. Wash., Seattle, I. Tamaki, C. (12)
     Ala., Mobile, Geo. W. Lovejoy, C.
Cal., San Francisco, Oscar Hudson, C.
Md., Baltimore, Ernest Lyon, C. G.
La., New Orleans, L. H. Reynolds, V. C
Mo., St. Louis, Hutchins Inge, C.
N. J., Jersey City, Albert W. Minick, C. V.
Pa., Philadelphia, Thomas J. Huut, C.
P. I., Manila, R. Summers, C.
Tex., Galveston, J. R. Gibson, C.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         MEXICO.
        Cal., San Francisco, Ramon P. Denegel, C. G. La., New Orleans, Fca. R. Villaricencio, C. Md., Baltimore, Fernando R. Pesqueira, C. Pa., Philadelphia, Teodore Frezieres, C.
J.A., New Orleans, F.C., Vinarleando, C.
Pa., Philadelphia, Teodore Frezieres, C.
Md., Baltimore, Fernando R. Pesqueira, C.
Pa., Philadelphia, Teodore Frezieres, C.
MONACO.
Cal., San Francisco, Ray P. Saffold, C.
Ala., Mobile, L. Donald, V. C.
Cal., Los Angeles, F. J. Zeehandelaar, V. C. (‡)
Cal., San Francisco, H. A. Van C. Torchiana, C. G. (13)
Fila., Jacksonville, H. W. Van Till, V. C.
Cal., San Sananah, H. B. Jolies, C. (14)
Hawall, Honolulu, H. M. Von Holt, C.
Ill., Chicago, J. Vennema, C. G., (15)
La., New Orleans, W. J. Hammond, C. (16)
Md., Baltimore, R. H. Mottu, C. (17)
Mass, Boston, C. C. Dasey, C. (vy)
Mich., Grand Rapids, Jacob Steketee, C. (bb)
Minn., Minneapolis, A. Eenkema, V. C.
Miss, Gulfport, Max Rowland, V. C.
Mos, St. Louis, J. J. Houwink (in charge). (h)
Orle, Portland, A. H. Mczelaar, V. C.
Pa., Philadelphia, J. Elias, C.
P. I., Manila, F. K. A. L. Lee, C.
P. R., San Juan, Abb. S. Film, C.
Va., Norfolk, Barton Myers, V. C. (e)
Waghn, Seattle, J. G. J. Kempees, V. C.
Cal., San Francisco, Alejandro Canton, C. G.
Ill., Chicago, B. Singer, C.
Kan, Kansas City, E. R. Heath, C. G.
La., New Orleans, Clarence A. Burgheim, C. G.
Va., Norfolk, Carence A. Burgheim, C. G.
P. L., Manila, T. E. Lacayo, C. G.
Va., Norfolk, Chas. M. Bernett, C.
Aleska Nome Guldbrand J. Lomen, V. G.
     va., Norticis, Chas. M. Barnett, C. Norway.
Ala., Mobile, Louis Donald. V. C. Alaska, Nome, Gudbrand J. Lomen, V. C. Cal., Los Angeles, G. M. Ottis, V. C. Cal., San Francisco, Nils Voll, C. (18) Col., Denver, Viggo E. Baerresen, V. C.
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# FOREIGN CONSULS IN THE UNITED STATES-Continued.

FOR EIGN CONSULS IN

D. C., Washington, H. H. Bryn, C. G.
Fla., Jacksonville, Walter Mucklow, V. C.
Fla., Key West, Wm. J. H. Taylor, V. C.
Fla., Key West, Wm. J. H. Taylor, V. C.
Fla., Tampa, Barton H. Smith, V. C.
Ga., Savannah, Einar S. Trosdalni, V. C.
Hawali, Honolulu, Lowe M. Vetlesen, C.
Hll., Chicago, F. H. Gade, C. (19)
Iowa, Decorah, Johannes B. Wist, V. C.
La., New Orleans, A. E. Ugland, V. C.
Me, Portland, Percy Firmin Keating, V. C.
Me, Baltimore, A. F. Sidebothan, V. C.
Mass, Boston, Peter Justin Paasche, V. C.
Minn, St. Paul, Engebreth H. Hobe, C. (20)
Miss, Gulfport, Olus J. Dedeaux, V. C.
Mon, St. Louis, J. G. Borresen, V. C.
Mont, Great Falls, S. E. Feterson, C.
N. V., Buffalo, S. T. M. B. Klelland, V. C.
N. Y., Buffalo, S. T. M. B. Klelland, V. C.
N. T. Wilmington, Walte Smallhones, V. C.
N. Dak., Grand Forks, Ingoold A. Berg, V. C.
Ore., Fortland, E. M. Cederbergh, V. C.
P. I., Manila, Harodi A. M. C.
P. I., Manila, Harodi A. L.
C. R. San Juan, W. G. Charleston, V. C.
S. C., Charleston, G. Larsen, V. C.
S. Dak., Tankton, Sigurd O. Hanger, V. C.
Tex, Galvesone, G. Larsen, V. C.
S. Dak., Tankton, Sigurd O. Hanger, V. C.
Va., Noolek K. Litter, G. Bailey, V. C.
Wash., Tacoma, Ole Granrud, V. C.
Wash., Tacoma, Ole Granrud, V. C.
Wis, Milwalkee, Olof I. Rove, V. C.
P. Annana.
Ala., Moblle, Arturo M. Morague, C.

Wis., Milwaukee, Olof I. Rove, V. C.

PANAMA.

Ala., Mobile, Arturo M. Morague, C.
Cal., San Francisco, Alejandro Briceno, C.
Fla., Pensacola, Leopoldo J. Castellanos, Hon. C.
Ga., Atlanta, Russell Hopkins, C.
Hawail, Hilo, R. F. Guard, C.
Hawail, Honolulu, A. Marquez, Hon. C.
Hawail, Honolulu, A. Marquez, Hon. C.
Hawail, Honolulu, A. Marquez, Hon. C.
M., New Orleans, Rodolfo Ferez, C. G.
M., Balthmore, James F. Ferryssou, V. C.
Mass, Boston, Arthur P. Cushing, C.
Miss., Gulfport, Max Rowland, Hon. C.
Mo., Kansas City, Loren O. Booram, C.
Pa., Philadelphia, Wilfred H. Schoff, V. C.
P. R., San Juan, Chas. Vere, C.
Tex., Galveston, A. A. van Alstyne, C.
Va., Norfolk, J. D. Leltch, Hon. C.
Wash., Seattle, Adolfo Bracons, Hon. C.
Wash., Seattle, Adolfo Bracons, Hon. C.

Wash., Seattle, Adolfo Bracons, Hon. C. Paraguay.

Ala., Mobile, Elliot G. Rickarby, V. C. Cal., San Francisco, Max C. Richter, Hon. C. Del., Wilmington, A. L. Demorest, V. C. Ill., Chicago, Alberto W. Holmes, C. Holmes, C. Holmes, C. Holmes, C. Brach, Indianapolis, Chas. E. Coffin, V. C. Mass., Boston, Eben E. Flagg, C. Mich., Detroit, Juan Walker, V. C. Mor, Kansas City, F. L. Philips, V. C. Mo., St. Louis, J. E. Brock, V. C. N. J., Newark, James A. Coe, V. C. N. Y., Burlalo, Alberto W. Bayard, Hon, V. C. N. Y., Burlalo, Alberto W. Bayard, Hon, V. C. N. Y., Rochester, John M. Ives, V. C. Oho, Cheinnati, Irwin F. Westleimer, V. C. Pa., Philadelphia, Rodman Wanamaker, C. G. (k) P. R. San Juan, Manuel Fernandez Juncos, C. Va., Richmond, M. D. Hoge, V. C. PERSIA.

Va., Richmond, M. D. Hoge, V. C.
PERSIA.
Cal., San Francisco, Harry T. Moore, Hon. C.
Ill., Chicago, Sargis V. Baaba, Hon. V. C.
Mo. St. Louis, Milton Seropyan, V. C.
N. J., Jersey City, Alphonse Rutis, C. G.
Pa., Philadelphia, H. H. Pakradooni, V. C.

Pa., Philadelphia, H. H. Pakradooni, V. C. Peru.

Ala., Mobile, Chas. H. Brown, Hon. V. C. Cal., San Francisco, Enrique Cran. C. Hawali, Honolulu, Brace Cartwright, Jr., C. Ill., Chicago, Hiram Silier, Hon. C. La., New Orleans, Salvador M. Cavero, C. Md., Baltimore, O. G. H. E. Kehrhahu, C. Mass., Boston, E. C. Andres, C. Mo., St. Louis, C. H. Wetmore, C. Mo., St. Louis, C. H. Wetmore, C. N. Y., Buffest, E. R. de Money Hon. C. Ohio, Toled. C. S. Rowley, C. Ore., Portland, Carlos Barreto, C. Pa., Philadelphia, W. H. Schoff, Hon. C.

P. I., Manila. A. M. Barreto, C. P. R., San Juan, R. Loubriel Cueto, Hon. C. S. C., Charleston, C. (21)
Va., Norfolk, E. J. Rudgard Wigg, V. C. Wash., Port Townsend, F. A. Bartlett, C. Wash., Tacoma, Luls M. Duarie, C. Wash., Tacoma, Luls M. Duarie, C. PORTUGAL.
Cal., San Francisco, Simao Lopez Ferreira, C. Fla., Pensacola, Juan D. Borras, V. C.
Ga., Brunswick, Rosendo Torres, V. C.
Hawaii, Honolulu, Agneio L. da C. Pessoa, C. G.
Ill., Chicago, S. C. Simms, V. C.
La., New Orleans, Lulz da Costa Carvalho, V. C.
Md., Baltimore, Adelbert W. Mcars, V. C.
Mass., Boston, Jorge Ca S. D. d'Almeida, C. (ft)
Miss., Gulfport, John Paoly, V. C.
Pa., Philadelphia, J. J. de Macedo, Jr., V. C.
P. I., Manila, Daniel R. Williams, C.
P. R., San Juan, José Maria Lomba, C.
Va., Norfolk, James Haughton, V. C.
RUSSIA. RUSSIA.

Alaska, Nome, N. Bogoyavensky, C. G. (22)
Ala., Mobile, Murray Wheeler, V. C.
Cal., San Francisco, Artemi Vyvodtzew, C. G. (23)
Fla., Pensacola, Fannin Chipley, V. C.
Hawaii, Honolulu, Auguste Marques, V. C.
III., Chieago, Antoine Volkoff, C. G. (24)
Md., Baltimore, Chas. Fawcett, V. C.
Mass., Boston, Joseph A. Conry, C.
Pa. Philadelphla, William Tucker, C.
Pa. Pittsburgh, Georges Tchirkow, C. (25)
Wash., Seattle, N. Bogoyavensky, C. G. (26)

School, School, N. Boroyavensky, C. G. (26)
Salvador,
Cal., San Francisco, Encarnacion Mejia, C. G.
Ill., Chicago, B. Singer, Hon. C.
La., New Orleans, Lamer Guintero, Hon. C.
Salvador, S. Galler, C. G. W. Dinkelspiel, C.
Ill., Chicago, Milward Adams, C.
Salvador, S. G. Salvador, C. Salvado Va., Norfolk, Arthur C. Humphries, Hon. V. C.

Hon. V. C.
va., Norfolk, Arthur C. Humphries, Hon. V. C.
sweden.
Ala., Mobile, Harold Green Crimley, V. C.
Alaska, Nome, Eric W. Carleton, V. C.
Alaska, Nome, Eric W. Carleton, V. C.
Cal., San Francisco, William Matson, C. (30)
Col., Denver, Walter A. Peterson, V. C.
Fla., Pensacola, C. McKenzle-Oerting, V. C.
Ga., Savannah, Andrew John Ritch, V. C.
Hawaii, Honolulu, Geo. F. Rodiek, C.
Ill., Chicago, Carl G. G. Anderberg, C. (31)
Flowa, Sloux City, Gustavus N. Swan, V. C.
La., New Orleans, Chauncey French, V. C.
Md., Balthmore, P. G. L. Hilken, V. C.
Mass, Boston, Birser G. Adolf Rosentwist, V. C.
Mich., Grand Haven, D. F. Pagelson, V. C.
Minn, Minneapolis, Carl E. Wallerstedt, C. (ww)
Mo., Kansas City, A. Hawkinson, V. C.
Nont, Missoulas, John Darken, V. C.
Nont, Grand Forks, Andrew I. Widlund, V. C.
Ore, Portland, E. V. Lidell, V. C.
Pa., Philadelphia, Marcel Alonzo Vitt, V. C.
P. L., Manila, Herman Forst, C.
P. R., Ponce, M. K. Wilhelm Heine, V. C.
P. R., Ponce, M. K. Wilhelm Heine, V. C.
P. R., San Junn, J. F. von U. Schomburg, C.
Tex., Galveston, L. A. Adoue, V. C.
Utab, Sait Lake City, Oscar W. Carison, V. C.
Va., Nortolk, Henning Fernstrom, V. C.

# FOREIGN CONSULS IN THE UNITED STATES-Continued.

W.sh., Seattle, Andrew Chilberg, V. C. Wis. Madison, ——————, V. C. Cal. san Francisco, John Freuler, C. (x)
Col. Denver, Paul Welss, C. (mm)
Il., Chicago, Arnold Hollnger, C. (32)
La., New Orleans, Emile Hohn, C. (1)
Minn, St. Paul, Alfred Karlen, C. (33)
Mo., St. Louis, John J. Meyer, C. (m)
Obio, Cincinnati, Edmund Luthy, C. (u)
Ore., Portland, Albrech Streiff, C. (11)
Pa., Philadelphia, Chas. Vulleumier, C. (n)
P. I., Manila, Otto Gnür, C.
Tex., Galveston, Ulrich Muller, C. (o)
Wash., Scattle, S. J. Wetrick, C. (hh)
Wash., Tacoma, J. M. Thüringer, V. C. SWITZERLAND.

Ga., Savannah, Ramon Esteve, C.
Ill., Chleago, Rodolfo C, Llebrecht, C.
La., New Orleans, Rafael Marin, V. C.
Md., Battimore, Leonee Rabillon, C.
Mass., Boston, Wm. A, Mosman, C.
Mes., Portland, Jas. E. Marret, C.
Miss., Pascagoula, Manuel L. Ros, V. C.
Mo., Kansas City, G. M. Hernandez, V. C.
N. Y., Albany, G. A. Saxton, V. C.
Pa., Philadelphia, Rodman Wanamaker, C.
P. R., San Juan, M. Morales, C.
Tex., Galveston, Enrique Schroeder, V. C.
Va., Norlok, A. G. Bailey, V. C.
Vash., Seattle, Adolfo Bracons, V. C.

Wash., Scattle, Atolio Bracons, V. C.
Wash., Tacoma, J. M. Thiringer, V. C.
TURKEY.
Cal., San Francisco, Maurice Hall, Hon. C.
Ill., Chicago, Nortis Henrotin, Act. C. G.
Mass., Boston, C. G.
P. I., Manila, Franz K. Zitelmann (In charge).
URUGUAY.
Ala., Mobile, J. L. Marty, V. C.
Cal., San Francisco, J. L. Eastland, C.
Ill., Chicago, Blaine J. Brickwood, Hon. C.
Al., New Orleans, Juan Argote, Hon. C.
O., Clinclnnati, W. P., Willicox, Hon. C.
Pa., Philadelphia, H. M. Irazorri, C.
Pa., Philadelphia, H. M. Irazorri, C.
Pa., Pan Juan, Ello R. Rojan.
Wash., Seattle, Luis A. Santander, Hon. C.

Cal., San Francisco, C. M. Goldaracena, C. Fla., Jackson ville 2nd Fernandina. Salomon Brash, C. Wash., Seattle, Luis A. Santander, Hon. C. Reference Marks—(\*) Also for Mich., except counties under the jurisdiction of the Vice-Consulate at St. Paul; (\*) also for Ky., Tenn., and several counties in Va.; (\*) also for Ariz.; (\$) for Ark., Col., Iowa, Kan., La., Minn., Miss., Mo., Neb., N. Dak., Okla., S. Dak., Tex., Wyo; (\*\*) also for Me. N. H., Vt.; (††) also for Md., Va., W. Va.; (††) also for Idaho; (\$) also for Ala., Fla., La., Miss.; (a) for Cal., Nev., Ore., Wash.; (b) for Ariz., Col., Idaho, Mont., N. Mex. Utah. Wyo.; (c) also for Me. N. H., Vt.; (††) also for N. Dak., S. Dak., Neb.; (f) also for Okle.; (g) for Col., Utah. Wyo., Kan., Neb., N. Dak., S. Dak., Okla., N. Mex.; (h) also for Ark., Col., Iowa, Kan., Ky., N. Mex., Okla., Tenn., Utah.; (i) also for Ala., Ark., Fla., La., Miss., Tex.; (k) also for Del., Ill., Ind., Mich., Mo., N. J., Ohio, Wis.; (j) also for Ala., Ark., Fla., Ca., N. C., S. C., Miss.; (m) also for Kan., Neb., and Southern Ill.; (n) also for N. J., Del.; (o) also for Okla.; (p) for Ill., Ind., Ia., Neb., and other counties in Wis. not included in the purisdiction of the consulate at St. Paul; (a) for Ala., La., Miss.; (r) for Col., N. Mex., Wyo.; (u) also for Ind., Ky., Tenn.; (v) also for Ohio, Tenn.; (w) for Me., Mass., Ariz., Hawaii; (b) for Col., N. Mex., Wyo.; (u) also for Ind., Ky., Tenn.; (v) also for Ohio, Tenn.; (w) for Me., Mass., N. H.; (x) also for Me., N. H., R. I., Vt.; (gg) also for S. Dak.; (h) also for Als., Ark., Fla., La., Miss., N. Mex., Okla., Tex.; (if) also for C., Me., N. H., R. I., Vt.; (gg) also for S. Dak.; (h) also for Ala., Ark., Fla., La., Miss., N. Mex., Okla., Tex.; (if) also for Nev.; (mm) also for Ariz., Ams., N., Okla., Tenn.; (u) also for Nev.; (mm) also for Ariz., Ams., N., Okla., Tenn.; (a) also for Nev.; (mm) also for Ariz., Ams., N. O., Okla.; (b) also for Iowa, Mich., Nev., Oten., Nev., Utah., Nev., Oten., Nev., Utah., Nev., Oten., Nev., Utah.

# BLIND MEN'S IMPROVEMENT CLUB OF NEW YORK.

Organized 1906 with the view of improving the unhappy conditions of the blind men of New York. In case of a member's illness funds are contributed to relieve his necessities. Questions relative to the general welfare of the blind are considered, and resolutions for improved legislation are drafted and sent to the city and State authorities. The club interests itself on behalf of its members in obtaining newstand privileges, hospital treatment, etc. Meetings are held the second and fourth Monday evening of each month at the Lighthouse, 111 East Fifty-ninth Street, New York City. Membership, about 151. President—W. I. Scandlin. Treasurer—H. Baumann. Corresponding Secretary—G. H. Longenecker.

# AMERICAN ASSOCIATION OF UNIVERSITY PROFESSORS.

Prestdent—J. H. Wigmore, Northwestern University, Evanston, Ill. Vice-President—E. R. A. Selig-nar, Columbia University, New York City. Treasurer—J. C. Rolfe, University of Pennsylvania, Phila-delphia, Pa. Secretary—H. W. Tyler, 491 Boylston Street, Boston, Mass.

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NOTICE-Exact information concerning the European Governments was not obtainable (because of the war) at time ALMANAC went to press.

## AUSTRIA-HUNGARY\*.

Minister Foreign Affairs—Baron von Burlan. Minister Finance—Moriz von Koerber.

Premier—Count Dr. Ernest von Koerber.
Minister Interior—Prince Hohenlohe Schillingfürst.
Minister Finance—Ritter von Leth.
Minister Defence—F. Z. M. von Georgi.
Minister Ratlicays—Baron Zdenko Forster.
Minister Justice—Ritter von Hochenburger.

Premier—Count Stephen Tisza.
Interior—Johann Sándor.
Minister Finance—Baron Johann Teleszky.
Minister Dejence—F. Z. M. Baron Samuel Hazai.
Minister Commerce—Baron Johann Harkányi.

Premier and Minister of Justice—C. Th. Zahle. Minister Foreign Affairs—Erik Scavenlus. Minister National Defence—P. Munch, Ph. D. Minister Interior—Ove Rode. Minister Finance—E. Brandes, Ph. D.

remier and Minister Foreign Affairs—Arlstide Briand. Premier

Briand.
Minister of Finance—Alexander Ribot.
Minister of War-Gen. Hubert Lyautey.
Minister of Marine—Rear-Admiral Lacoze.
Minister of National Manufactures, including Munitions and Transport—Albert Thomas.
Minister of the Interior—Louis J. Malry.
Minister of Justice and Public Works—Rene Viviani.
Minister of Public Instruction—Paul Painleve.

Chancellor of the Empire-Herr von Bethmanu-Holi-

Weg.
Secretary of Foreign Affairs—Dr. Alfred Zimmermann.
Home Office and Representative of Chancellor—Dr.
Karl Helfferlch. Secretary of the Navy-Admiral von Capelle.

President and Minister Interior-Paolo Boselli.

President and Minister Interior—Paolo Boselli.
Minister Foreign Affairs—Baron Sidney Sonnino.
Minister Justice—Signor Sacchi.
Minister War—Gen. Motrone.
Minister Marine—Vice-Admiral Camillo Corsi.
Minister Instruction—Ruffini.
Minister Finance—Signor Meda.
Minister Treasury—Signor Paolo Carcano.

Prime Minister and Minister Agriculture-Gunnar Knudsen.

Minuser.

Minuser Foreign Affairs—Nils Claus Ihlen.

Minister Worship and Instruction—Jorgen Loviand.

Minister Justice—Andreas Urbye.

Minister National Defence—Theodor Holitodt.

Minister Finance—Anton Omholdt.

President of the Council—A, F, Trépoff.
Minister Foreign Affairs—M. Pokrovsky.
Minister Friance—P, L, Bark.
Minister Public Instruction—Count Ignatieff.
Minister Imperial Household—Baron Fredericks.
Minister Intertor—A. D. Protopopoff.

President-Count Romanones. Presiden—Could Robardones. Minister Interior—J. Rulz Jimenez. Minister Public Works—Rafael Gasset. Minister Pinance—Santlago Alba. Public Instruction—Julio Burell. Minister Forcipa Affairs—Amalio Jimeno.

Premier—Knut Hjalmar Leonard Hammarskjöld.
Foreign Affairs—Knut Agathon Wallenberg.
Justice—Berndt Fridoit Engelbrekt Hasselroth.
Minister War—Bror Birger Emil Mörcke.
Minister Warine—Dan Broström.
Minister of Interior—Oscar F von Sydow.

Minister War—F. Z. M. Ritter von Krobatin. Minister Navy—Vice-Admiral Haus.

AUSTRIA Minister Public Instruction-Max Hussarek von Heinlein.

Minister Agriculture—Dr. Franz Zenker. Minister Commerce—Herr von Spitzminlier. Minister Labor—Otto Trnka.

ARY.
Minister Education and Worship—de Jankovics.
Minister Agriculture—Baron Ghillányl.
Minister Justice—Dr. Eugen von Balogh.
Minister for Croatia—Count Pelacsevics.

Minister Instruction—S. Kelser-Nielsen.
Minister Agriculture—K. Pedersen Sandby.
Minister Public Works—Hassing Jorgensen.
Minister of Commerce—C. Hage.
Minister Jectand—Elnar Arnorson.

FRANCE.

Minister of Commerce and Agriculture—Etlenne Clementel. Minister of National Subsistence and Labor—M.

Herriot.

Minister of the Colonies—Gaston Doumergue.
Munitors Secretaries under Albert Thomas.
Munitions—M. Loucheur.
Transportation—Albert Clavellle,
Sanitary Service—Justin Godart.

ANY:
Colonial Secretary—Dr. Solf.
Secretary of Justice—Dr. Lisco.
Minister of War—Lieut. Gen von Stein.
Secretary of Treasury—Count von Rödern.
Minister Post-Office—Herr Krätke.
President Railways—Dr. Breitenbach.

ITALY.

Minister Agriculture—Signor Raineri.
Minister Public Works—Signor Bonomi.
Minister Public Works—Signor Bonomi.
Minister Posts and Telegraphs—Signor Fera.
Minister Colonies—Signor Colosimo.
Minister Wilhout Portfolio—Bissolati. Comandini.
Minister of Munitions—Signor Daliolio.
Under Secretary of State for War—Gen. Alfleri.

NETHERLANDS.

Prime Minister and Home Affairs—Dr. P. W. A. Minister Agriculture, Industry and Commerce—M. Posthuma. Minister Foreign Affairs—Dr. J. Loudon. Minister Colonies—Dr. Th. B. Pleyte. Minister Public Works—Dr. C. Lely. Minister Justice—Dr. B. Ott. Minister Marine—Captaln J. J. Rambonnet.

NORWAY.

Minister for Social Affairs—Lars Abrahamsen.
Minister Public Works—Fredrik Anton Martin Olsen
Nalum.

Minister Commerce, Navigation and Industry—Kristian Frlis Petersen.

Minister Provision—Oddmund Jakobson Vik.

RUSSIA

SIA..

Minister Agriculture—Count Bobrinsky.

Minister War—General Schouwaieff.

Minister Marine—Admiral Grigorovitch.

Minister Commerce—Prince V. N. Shakhovskoy.

Prestdent of Munitions Burcau—Alexander J. Guchkof.

SPAIN.

Minister Grace and Justice—Antonio Barroso.
Minister War—Tenleute General Luque.
Minister Marine—Admiral Miranda.
Minister Posts and Telegraphs (not in Cabinel)—
José Francos Rodfriguez.

SWEDEN.

Minister Finance—Axel Fredrik Vennersten.
Minister Instruction—Karl Gustaf Westman.
Minister Agriculture—Johan Beck Frils.
Ministers Without Portfolio—Sten Johannes Stenberg and Sigfrid Nathanael Linner.

<sup>\*</sup>Resigned December 13, 1916. Not reconstructed when Almanac went to press.

# CEOGRAPHIC RESEARCH IN 1916.

A REVIEW specially prepared for THE WORLD ALMANAC by the National Geographic Society, and covering the year between October 1, 1915, and October 1, 1916.

IN GENERAL.

The European war extended its territory, and the number of people involved, beyond the remarkable bounds of 1915. All other wars in the world's history pale before it in territory involved, in the people affected, in munitions expended, in debts piled up, in sacrifices demanded, in casualties sustained, almost as the moon pales before the sun. All this has left little time in the warring nations for thought of anything else than the fearful competition for survival, and the outstanding events in the year's record of geographic research are few. The work of Sir Ernest Shackleton, Vilhialmur Stefansson and Robert Griggs, and the reports of Prof. Hiram Bingham and Prof. O. F. Cook to the National Geographic Society on their Peruvian researches are the leading events in the year.

graphic research are few. The work of Sir Ernest Si and the reports of Prof. Hiram Bingham and Prof. O. Peruvian researches are the leading events in the yea NoRTH AMERICA.

Dr. Robert F. Griggs, financed by the National Geographic Society, returned from an important expedition to Katmai volcano. Alaska. Crossing the mountains toward Bering Sea, he entered the wonderful "Valley of the Ten Thousand Smokes." where he estimated that there were 1,000 columns of steam more than 500 feet high, even at that time, which seemed to be a period of minimum activity. He also found the crater of Katmai to be almost as large as the whole mountain of Vesuvius, discovered a number of volcances of the first magnitude and a canyon rivalling the Grand Canyon in depth and the Cauadian Rockies in its bordering mountains. He reported that new seedlings of all the important plants had been able to germinate in the ash deposited by the eruption and had survived the Winter. He also secured incontestable evidence to show that plants regained their vitality after three years burisl in the volcanic ash, during which no vegetative activity was possible.

Ten parties from the United States Geological Survey are engaged in geological exploration in Alaska. Reports on the geological exploration in Alaska. Reports on the geological promations and history of the Canal Zone and adjacent regions are anapyachaing completion.

An investigation of the "natural mounds" of Oklaboma by J. B. Tholurn and Dr. Irving Perine, of the University of Oklahoma, indicates that each of the thousands of tumuli is really the ruin of a dome-shaped, timber-framed habitation built by a race that passed away at least 600 years ago without leaving even a tradition, a people distinct from the cave-dwellers and the mound-builders, energetic, and skilled in making stone implements and in the manufacture of pottery. The population was denser than that of any of the later aboriginal tribes.

The Dunited States Coast and Geodetic Survey announced the completion in May, 1916, o

Texas, and Matamoros, Mexico, which counters the triangulation system of the United States and Mexico.

Dr. J. W. Fewkes, of the Bureau of American Ethnology, is engaged in research northeast of the Hopi villages of Northern Arizona.

Discovery of an immense archaeological field hitherto unknown to science, in the San Juan region of New Mexico, was reported by Professor Earl H. Morris, of the University of Colorado.

G. Allen Hancock gave the City of Los Angeles thirty-two acres of La Brea ranch. This area contains ancient deposits of asphalt, can be an expension to the Colorado of the Colorado. The Colorado of the Colorado of Mount Kitchi in the Canadian Rockies, in which the approached to within 200 feet of the top, Miss Mary L. Jobe returned through unmapped areas along Sheep Orcek, Sulphur and Big Smoky Prof. T. P. Savage and Dr. F. M. Van Tuyl,

Rivers,
Prof. T. P. Savage and Dr. F. M. Van Tuyl,
of the Department of Geology of the University
of Illinois, are on an expedition to Hudson Bay.
The discovery of new vegetation at the extreme
end of Alacran Reef, in the Gulf of Mexico of
Yucatan, was announced, March 22, 1916, by

backleton, Vilhjalmur Stefansson and Robert Griggs, F. Cook to the National Geographic Society on their or.

F. Cook to the National Geographic Society on their or of Natural History, Chicago, When charted by the Bratish Admiralty in 1842 it was marked devoid of vegetation. Three species of vegetation, entirely new to science, were discovered.

As evidence of the increasing interest of Americans in geographic research, it is interesting to note that during the year the National Geographic Society's mutabership crossed the half million mark and is now climbing un toward 600,000.

The reports of the National Geographic Society's mutabership crossed the half million mark and is now climbing un toward 600,000.

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The reports of the National Geographic Society's Interesting the National Geographic Society's mutaber of a national Geographic Society's mutaber of a national Geographic Society's mutaber of the National Geographic Society's Interesting the National Geographic Society's Interesting the National Geographic Society's Interesting the National Geographic Society's Interesting the National Geographic Society's Interesting the National Geographic Society's Interesting the National Geographic Society Society and Society Societ

Chief source of America 8 agreement supersumon, to the Incas.

The University Museum, Philadelphia, received an account, in Ootober, 1915, of Dr. W. C. Farrabee's journey between the Tapajoz and Xingu Rivers.

Dr. Emilia Snethlaga, of the Museu Goeldi, Para, Brazil, conducted an expedition to the re-sion between the middle reaches of the Xingu and Tapajoz and brought back important ethno-logical collections from the Indians living along

logical collections from the Indians living along those water courses,

Dr. J. N. Rose returned in October, 1915, from his second South American exploration trip, where he was sent by the Carnegie Institution of Washinston. The chief object of the trip was to study the cacti of the great desert regions.

The Brazilian expedition of Lieut, de Souza, deepatched under orders of Col. Rondon, of the Roseveit-Rondou expedition, after several disasters, including the loss of the leader, proved the Ananaz River to be the Cordoza of Col. Roosevelt-sundon. velt's map. Early in 1916 Capt. A. G. Noble. in com-

mand of the SS. Falstaff, visited the port of Puerto Madryn, of the Welsh colony in Chubut Valley, Patagonia. The vegetation and weather conditions were observed.

George and Stephen Gester, engineers of Berkoley, Oal., returned from an expedition into the eastern Andes early in January. They had reached the headwaters of Rio Dubina. The river was described as having its source among the glaciers high in the Andes and running 900 miles from the boundary of Bolivia into Brazil and emptying into the Madeira River near latitude 5.

Capt. Fritz Joubert Duomesne of New York

and emptying the tide 5.

Capt. Fritz Jonbert Dugnesne, of New York, who was in command of an expedition into the Bolivian wilds, was found, it was reported May 7, by troops at Itio Filcomayo in a wounded state after a battle in which the expedition had defeated a band of Indians on the Bolivian frontier. Capt. Duquesne was expected to re-

frontier. Capt. Duquesne was expected to recover.

Dr. K. T. Preuss engaged in an ethnological expedition to the Archuaco Indians in Colombia.

Dr. Frank M. Chapman, of the American Museum of Natural History and the National Geographic Society, has left on an expedition to the Andes to secure the setting for babitat groups of several birds of South America. He will carry to a conclusion the work of Naturalist Heller, of the recent National Geographic Society-Yale University expedition.

T. A. Bendrat, in July, started an expedition to explore the Orinoco River's sources and the surrounding region.

### AFRICA.

A discovery important to archaeologists of a large statue of Jupiter was made at Cyrene, in the Barca region, Africa.

Herbert Lang who was in charge of the Congoe expedition of the American Museum of Natural History, returned to New York in November, 1915, after an absence of several years.

G. J. F. Tomilinson, an official of British Nigeria, made the journey from Mongonu to Seyoram, on the shores of Lake Chad, and secured an account of the territory, vegetation and people,

The joint expedition of the University Museum of Philadelphia and the University Museum of Philadelphia and the University Museum of Oxford from Warsaw to the mouth of the Yenesei for the study of the primitive races within the Arctic Circle gave the University of Pennsylvania Museum a valuable collection of weapons, costumes, instruments and ornaments of copper and iron. The Samoyeds, Tungus and Tartars were studied, and the scientific world enriched by much data about a branch of the Mongolian race of which hithesto virtually nothing has been known.

Sir Aurel Stein traselled through the Alai region, across the Russian Pamirs and down the Buddhet State the Russian Pamirs and down the Buddhet State the Russian Pamirs of a large Student State that the mouth on Koh-i-Khwaja Hill among the terminal musbes of the Helmand, and in the desert further south, once watered by a branch of the Helmand, prehistoric potsherds, stone implements, mainly of Neolithic Age, as well as some Bronze Age relics. Another interesting discovery was a close line of ancient watch stations stretching across the desert.

Jonas Lied deanonstrated that the month of the Obi can be entered by vessels of considerable draught, in spite of the shoals that partially obstruct it.

The Chinese Government and the Nanking forestry school have undertaken important work of reforestation, in Ohina.

The Asiatic expedition of the American Museum of Natural History, under the leadership of Roy Chapman Andrews left on March 17, 1816, design of Agriculture to study the supply princhearing animals returned in March 37, 1816, design of the University of Chicago, is engaged in a study of the geography

of Japan, Korea, Manchuria and North and Central China,

- AUSTRALIA AND OCEANICA.
Prof. H. E. Gregory, of Yale University, spent
the Winter of 1915-16 in the Australian deserts,
An expedition into Central Borneo under Carl
Lumholtz left Batavia, Java, in the Fall of

1915.

An expedition into Central Borneo under Carl Lumholtz left Batavia, Java, in the Fall of 1915.

The survey vessel Carnegie, under the Department of Teorestrial Magnetism of the Carnegie Institution, arrived at Port Lyttelton in November, 1915. The Carnegie is engaged in the circumavigation of the region between parallels 50 degrees and 60 degrees, where almost no magnetic data have been secured during the past seventy-five years. Observations concerning two doubtful groups of islands in the South Pacific seem to disprove their existence.

The Department of Commerce, through the Coast and Geodetic Survey, announced January 20, 1946, that it had surveyed a safe passage through the Sulu Sea. The steamer Pathfinder made some remarkable soundings in the neighborhood of the Philippines, From these it appears that the Cagayanes, Cavilli and Arena Islands are coral-capped summits of a submerged mountain range which divides the Sulu Sea into two basins. The peaks rise, from depths of 6,000 to 12,000 feet, with stupendous submarine slopes. Since the Australian occupation of Kaiser-Wilhelmsland, the new authorities have made some effort to penetrate inland from the coast near Friedrich Wilhelmshafen, Lieut, Ogilyy made a short journey from Madang inland among the Hansemann ranges. Separate explorations by German twavellers, Dr. R. Thurnwald and a missionary named Pilhofer, during and before the Australian occupation, were of unusual interest, The Scoresby Rousledge, expedition to Easter Island returned to England, June 24, 1916. The antiquities of the Islands were visited. A valuable collection of stone implements was made at Pitcain, California in a rehaeological point of view, and the exact positions of all the larger mountains laid down on the return. Flecair Tabiti and the Sand-wich Islands were visited. A valuable collection of stone implements was made at Pitcain.

# EUROPE,

The Archangel Society has issued an appeal for subscriptious to finance a search for the two lost Russian Arctic expeditions which went out in

Observations of the little-known Island of Imbros, in the Ascean, were made between August, 1915, and January, 1846, by A. G. Ogilvie, while doing military duty connected with the operations on Gallipoli.

POLAR RESEARCH,
Capt, French, nephew of Sir John French;
two non-commissioned officers and four constables of the Northwest Mounted Police sailed
from Montreal, July 29, 1916, to the Arctic to
arrest the Esquiman murderers of Harry V. Radford, an American explorer, and George T.
Street, of Ottawa, who were mardered at Bathurst, Canada, June, 1912, when Esquiman guides
mutinied

ford, an American explorer, and Goorge T. Street, of Ottawa, who were mardered at Bathurst, Canada, June, 4972, when Esquiman guides mutinied.

The work of the expedition led by Dr. W. S. Bruce to Spitzbergen in the Summer of 1915 was curtailed by abnormal ice conditions and difficulties arising out of the war. Dr. Bruce later in the year went to the Seychelles.

A party headed by Birger Johnsson left Sweden with the project of working the coal deposits at the head of Bell Sound and Isiford, Spitzbergen. Various plants were taken along by the botanist of the expedition, which he hoped might be acclimatized.

Capt. Roald Amundsen is proceeding with the North Polar expedition plans which were suspended at the outbreak of the war. The Storthing had previously voted \$12,000 toward the expense of the expedition, but Capt. Amundsen did not accept the money lest it might be needed for more pressing things.

The Vilhialmur Stefansson expedition spent the Winter of 1905-16 exploring the new land which was discovered nouth of Prince Patrick Island, It was planned in the Summer of 1916 to pene-

### GEOGRAPHIC RESEARCH IN 1916-Continued.

trate further into the region between Alaska and the Nouth Pole where no ship has ever gone. Stefansson was to return this Autum, and, on July 25, Capt. L. L. Lane and John Borden of Ohicago, sailed in the Great Bear to join him at Banks Land. The Great Bear was wrecked at Pinnacle Rock in Bering Sea, and the members of the relief expedition were marooned on St. Matthew's Island until picked up by the United States Coast Guard culter McCulloch. The Borden party landed at Nome. August 27, 1916. The records found by Stefansson on Prince Patrick Island, left by Sir Francis Leonoid, McClintock in 1853, have been received by the Naval Service Department at Ottawa.

The southern party of the Stefansson expedi-

Department at Ottawa.

The southern party of the Stefansson expedition reached Nome, Alaska, on August 15, 1916. Detail surveys on the Arctic mainland coast of Canada, from Cape Pamy to Bathurst Inlet, were completed in the Spring of 1916, One lundred and fifty islands were mapped in Bathurst Inlet where three were previously indicated. A large collection of birds, mammals and photographs was brought back, The studies of Diamond Jenness on Victoria Island resulted in important discoveries relative to Esquimau magnations, tribal distinctions, customs and language. Although the relief ship Chuct was disabled

portant discoverers relative to Esquinisti magrations, tribal distinctions, customs and language.

Although the relief ship Chuctt was disabled at North Star Bay, Dr. E. O. Hovey, leader of the expedition that went to the relief of Donald Macmillan, succeeded in reaching the original party at Etah. He brought away four members and the most important records. The Crocker Land Committee is sending the stramer Daenmark to pick up the members of both expeditions, Knud Rasmussen left Copenhagen in April with plans to explore the region between Peary Land and Greenland. His start was made later than was originally contemplated, and it was doubful that he would be able to reach the unknown country during the year. As an alternative, he was to devote the season to systematic exploration of the shores of Melville Bay, investigations in marine-zoology in the wasters of the bay, and study of the Esquiman migrations on the west coast. coast.

coast,
The Endurance, carrying Sir Ernest Shackleton's expedition to Antarctica, was orushed by
ice in the middle of Weddell Sca in October,
1915. The entire party succeeded in landing on
the ice with supplies and boats. After ineffectual
attempts to land elsewhere, they finally were able
to land on Elephant Island and find shelter in
an ice cave. Thereafter, Sir Ernest Shackleton
and a party of six succeeded in reaching South

Georgia and crossing that island for the first time. Reaching civilization on May 31, he enlisted four different expeditions for the relief of the matter of the matter of the matter of the matter of the matter of the matter of the matter of the matter of the matter of the matter of the matter of the matter of the matter of the countries of the countries of the matter of the matter of the matter of the matter of the matter of the matter of the countries of the matter of the matter of the countries of the countries of the countries of the countries of the matter of the ma

The Aurora, the auxiliary vessel of the Shack-leton expedition, which was to establish a base at Ross Sea, was torn from her moorings during a blizzard in May and drifted in an ice pack for ten months before getting free and reaching New Zealand, Immediate steps were taken to rescue the ten teen she left ashoro at Cope Evans.

Mr. Stenhouse, chief officer of the Aurora, stated that in May two months' orosisons for twelve me, were put shore; later in that month were more to the men for two months, Mr. Stenhouse also reported that the provisions left by the Scott expedition at Cape Evans were ample for all the party's needs, and that there were large colonies of seals in the vicinity. On June 27 rt was announced at Wellinston, New Zealand, that Mr. Stenhouse would lead the party for the relief of Mr. Mackintosh and the nine others left on Cape Royds, As no news of them had been received in the middle of November. Sir Ernest Shackleton sailed from San Francisco for New Zealand to begin a final dash for Ross Sea. The explorer plans to enter the British army as soon as the mearooned party is rescued.

# AMERICAN ASSOCIATION OF FAIRS AND EXPOSITIONS.

The American Association of Fairs and Expositions comprises fifty-five fairs and expositions of the United States and Canada which have reached the stability of permanent institutions. In most instances they are State, interstate or provincial organizations, and thus represent the North American Continent in the progress made in agriculture, horticulture, stock raising, manufacturing, domestic science, public welfare, education, transportation, good roads, art, etc., etc. Secretary—Charles Downing, Indianapolis, Ind.

## SOCIALIST PARTY NATIONAL COMMITTEE.

Adolph Germer, Executive Secretary, 803 West Madison Street, Chicago, Ill. This organization, known nationally as the Socialist Party, is officially known as the Public Ownership Party in Minnesota, to conform to the election laws in that State. The National Executive Committee is composed of five members, elected by the referendum of the membership. The Executive Secretary is elected in like manner, The term of office is two years. The following are the Executive Committee: Victor L. Berger, Milwalkee, Wis.; Morris Hillquit, New York, N. Y.; Anna A. Maley, New York, N. Y.; John Spargo, Old Bennington, Vt.; John M. Work, Chicago Ill.

The National Committee is composed of representatives from each organized State or Territory, of which there are 64. Representation is as follows: The National Committee consists of the State Secretaries of all organized States and Territorics, or such other persons as the members of the party in the State elect by referendum vote, with one additional member from each State or Territory for every three thousand members in good standing in such State or Territory. For the purpose of determining the representation to which each State or Territory may be entitled, the National Secretary computes the beginning of each calendar year, the average dues-paying membership of such State or Territory or the preceding year. Three years' consecutive membership in the party is necessary to qualify for membership in the National Committee.

## SCIENTIFIC PROCRESS IN 1916. BY CHARLES H. HUGHES.

## ARCHAEOLOGY.

ARCHAEOLOGY.

The ruin of a building more than 1,000 years old was unearthed in Mesa Verde National Park, Coloradoxy D. J. W. Fewkes, of the Smithsonian Institution, Washington D. W. Farger amphitheatre was discovered at Pozzuoll, Italy. The building was first buried in its own debris, and later by a volcanic cruption. Fragments of gilded and colored stucco attest the former magnificence of the building.

There was found among the temple archives at Warka, the Btbileal Erech, a small tablet which contains the Interpretation of two dreams by a seer of the time of Belshazzar. The tablet is now in the Yale Babylon Collection.

The ruins of Zuni Valley, New Mexico, were examined, and the stratified shell-heaps studied, making it possible to determine the order in which these ruins were cocupied and the shifting of the centre of poulation. Some of these ruins were those seen by the Spanlards with Coronado when New Mexico was first visited by them in 1540. This work is being carried on by the American Museum of Natural History, New York City.

Announcement was made of the publication of a five-volume work on the great Oseberg, near Tonsberg, in Southern Norway, in 1904, and contained not only the body of the Queen of Vastifold, but also complete outfits of personal and household effects.

Dr. Farabee, of the University Museum, Philadelphia, Pa., made excavations on the Island of Marajo, at the mouth of the Amazon River, and obtained quantities of Indian pottery which throw light on the culture of former inhabitants of that region.

An altar erected by Ptolemy, father of Cleopatra, was unearthed in the ruins of a temple at Koptos (now known as Kutt), Egypt. The sides of the altar were covered with illustrations and finely

altar were covered with Illustrations and finely inscribed hieroglyphics.

A human skeleton, with the skull apparently petrified, was found near Gaylord, Kan.

A fortification declared to be more remarkable from an engineering standpoint than the pyramids of Egypt was discovered by a member of the Yale and Geographical Society Expedition in Peru.

The excavation of the palace of Memphis, in Egypt, was continued by Dr. Fisher of the University Museum, Philadelphia, Pa. He discovered the throne room and developed a general plan of the palace. the palace.

Viking relics of the ninth century were found at

Whing relies of the ninth century were found at Valtos, on Lewis Island, one of the Hebrides Islands. Among them were large oval brooches, part of a bronze chain, and a disc-shaped ornament.

A paper, published in the Journal of the East Africa and Uganda Natural History Society, volume V., calls attention to the fact that between Kismayu and Port Durnford there are about 60 miles of coast full of rulns, and north of Port Durnford there are innumerable rulns of stone buildings. No record remains of the builders, but they are supposed to be early Persian settlers.

A new stage in the evolution of the horse is represented by a skeleton secured in the Pilocene of Nebraska, in the Summer of 1916, by the American Muscum of Natural History, New York City. It is intermediate between the "three-toed horses" and the "one-toed" or modern type.

#### ASTRONOMY.

Observations on Mars, at the Lovell Observatory, showed that the canal development corroborates the theory of seasonal dependence on the melting of the polar cap.

A total solar eclipse on February 3, 1916, was observed through thin clouds by a party from the Argentine National Observatory, stationed at Tucacas, Venezuela.

The Mount Wilson Solar Observatory completed a catalogue of the magnitudes and colors of more than 1,000 stars in the globular cluster Messler 13.

According to a Harvard University circular an examination of photographic plates of the region near the South Pole has led to the discovery of 19 new variable stars.

The first cometary discovery of 1916 was made

by Mr. Neujmin on February 24 at the Simels Observatory, Crimea. From the character of the orbit it is believed that the comet (aNeujmin, 1900) on the comet was discovered by Mr. Wolf at Heidelberg, A neuteral to which is the comet was discovered by Mr. Wolf at Heidelberg, A neuteral to which is the character which is the comet was discovered by Mr. Wolf at Heidelberg,

on April 27.

A meteorite weighing about 20 tons was reported to have fallen at Bezerros, Pernambuco, Brazil.

Measurements of the radiation of stars by Dr., Coblentz, of the United States Bureau of Standards, brought out the relationship between total radiation and optical brightness. It was found that, in general, red stars emit two or three times as much total radiation as blue stars of the same photometric meanlitude. magnitude.

training the state of the same photometric magnitude.

Observations on Saturn at the Lowell Observatory showed a remarkable change in the color and brightness of the planet's ball.

A review of the planet's ball.

A review of the planet's ball.

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A review of the planet's ball.

The review of the planet's planet of the planet's ball of the planet of the provement consists in the employment of palrs of stars, one east and the other west, chosen so that the observation of both can be made in a short interval of time.

The relation reflector telescope, built for the Dominion Astronomical Observatory, Victoria, British Columbia, was completed at the works of the builder in Cleveland, Ohio.

A revision of the catalogue of stars found in Piolemy's Almagest (138, A. D.), was published by the Carnegie Institution of Washington, D. C.

The annual report of the Astronomer-Royal states that the magnetic declination is decreasing at the rate of nearly 10 minutes of arc per annum, the declination at Greenwich Observatory being now less than 15 degrees.

A unique use was made of the steel dome of the Chabot Observatory in the Oakland Hills, Cal., it being utilized to form part of a wireless system for transmitting time from the observatory to Oakland. The Van Vleek Observatory of the Wesleyan University, Middletown, Ct., was completed.

Markings of a new kind were observed on Mars at the Lowell Observatory. A small dot was noted within some of the polygons, made by the intersections of certain canals, and from this dot delicate lines extended to a corner and to the sides of the polygon.

polygon.

polygon.

A machine for computing perturbation of the planets was described in a memoir by the Finnish mathematician, K. F. Sundmann, an abstract of which was published by Dr. H. D. Curtis, of the Lick Observatory.

The Naval Observatory at Washington, D. C., installed a Ross photographic reflex zenith tube for the determination of the variation of latitude.

After nearly seven years' work students completed, at the University of Nebraska, one of the largest telescopes in the Middle West of the United States. The telescope is 18 feet long and has a 12-inch lens. 12-inch lens.

### CHEMISTRY.

A new method for determining barium carbonate in vulcanized rubber goods was described in United States Bureau of Standards Technologic Paper No. 64.

Zinc works were built at Drammen, Norway, for the extraction of zinc by an electric wet process. Special attention will be paid to ores containing 8 to 30 per cent. zinc.

Results or the effect of vertous amounts of carbon.

Results on the effect of various amounts of carbon and manganese on the corrosive properties of iron and steel were described in a paper read at the annual meeting of the Iron and Steel Institute, in London.

A revised edition of a bulletin on Standard Density and Volumetric Tables was published by the United States Bureau of Standards.

States Bureau of Standards.

Deposits of alunite were discovered on Vancouver Island, British Columbia. Raw alunite has been successfully used as a fertillizer, but, if roasted double, the yield of a crop is obtained.

An improved method of determining the chemical constituents of wood was brought out by the Forest Products Laboratory, Madison, Wis.

A further proof of the difference between ordinary

lead and that obtained from radio-active materials is afforded by the determinations of their respective densities (Journal American Chemist Society XXXVIII). The density of ordinary lead with atomic weight 207.2 was found to be 11.337, while that of radio-active lead (atomic weight 206.3) was 11.28.

was 11.25.

As a result of the great increase in the price of potassium-ferri-cyanide, or red prussiate of potash, which is used as a coating material for blue print paper, an economical method of preparing the substance was devised by the United States Department of Agriculture.

ment of Agriculture.

The Second National Exposition of Chemical Industries was held in New York City, from September 25 to 30.

The extraction of gasoline from natural gas by

absorption was outlined in a paper read before the Natural Gas Association of America at a meeting in Pittsburgh in May.

That the amounts of nitric and nitrous acids in

That the amounts of nitrie and nitrous acids in rain bears certain relations to the prevailing weather conditions was shown in a paper read before the Chemical Society of Melbourne, Australia. A result of this paper was the establishing of several observation stations in Australia. The manufacture of gasoline and benzene-toluene from petroleum and other hydrocarbons was described in Bulletin. Vo. 114, published by the United States Bureau of Mines. Exploitation of an immense deposit of sulphur was begun in the foothills of At-Chagyl, alongside the sait lake of Kukurt-Ata, Russia. That the vacuum treatment of commercial fron increases the maximum permeability from two to three times and decreases the hysteresis loss correspondingly was proved by Prof. Yensen, of Illinos University.

An improved process of tinning and preparing

University.

An improved process of tinning and preparing plates for tinning was tried out at Mahngriffth Tinplate Works, South! Wales. The process disenses with the necessity of white picking, and the white annealed plates after being separated are without any handling taken up by machinery and pickled, washed, turned, cleaned and piled.

A new method of treating brine to remove barlum chloride was published by the United States Bureau of Chemistry.

of Chemistry.

#### GEOLOGY.

GEOLOGY.

A geologic reconnaissance for phosphate in the Salt River range of Wyoming by the United States Geological Survey, resulted in the discovery of beds of phosphate, most of it of high grade, aggregating several billion tons.

Since the outbreak of the European war, the Geological Survey of Great Britain has been investigating the production of the Important minerals in the British Isles. A late publication on the subject deals with the sources of supply of fluor-spar and the methods of working it.

A volcanic mountain presenting some novel features was described in the transactions of the Royal Society of South Africa. The particular mountain (Geits Gubib) is situated in what was formerly German Southwest Africa, near the Keetmanshoop Railway, and rises to a height of about 5,000 feet above the sea. The noticeable feature is the complete absence of fragments of lava of the ordinary kinds.

The whole of Queensland is a vast cemetery of fossilized species—on the surface, buried in drifts or hidden in clays. No human bones, flut flakes or any kind of native weapons have ever been discovered with the extinct mammalia Geological Notes on Queensland—Africa Queensland Register).

A recessional moralne consisting of several segments disposed along muons course lies near the Atlantic Nowburn Mass. Furnaced from Sacol Moral Constant of the Turpan heds it seems that these beds refer to the Oligocone, and it appears that along the western guif shore there is no Miocene on the surface between Tuxpan Mexico and Galveston. Tex.

It is estimated by the United States Geological Survey. From another examination of the Tuxpan beds it seems that these beds refer to the Oligocone, and it appears that along the western guif shore there is no Miocene on the surface between Tuxpan beds to seem of the surface of the surface. If formed into one comitons of lightle in beds over 3 feet thick and within 1,000 feet of the surface. If formed into one com-

pact mass it would make a cube about 5 miles on a side.

on a side.

An improved recording micrometer for geometrical rock analysis was desaribed in the Journal of Geology for May.

In a paper on the geology of the district between Abereiddy and Abercastie, Pembrokeshire, is a description of a new mode of ignoous breeclation (Quarterly Journal Geological Society, volume

A monograph on the Pleistocene of Indiana and Michigan and the History of the Great Lakes was published by the United States Geological Survey. The monograph contains the most recently gathered facts and latest opinions concerning the forming of the Great Lakes.

The Geological Survey of Great Britan issued a memoir on the thickness of strata in the counties of England and Wales, exclusive of rocks older than the Permian.

than the Permian.

The Canadlan Arctic Expedition in charge of V Stefansson studied the geological formation of Stapylton Bay and the Arctic coast line of Canada. A large area was mapped and investigated where native copper was widely distributed in large amounts.

of the diamond appeared in Mining Journal for May, Among the conclusions is the statement—that the economic diamond is to be regarded as essentially a secondary mineral grown in situ in the kemberlite

matrix.

matrix.

The United States Geological Survey reports the following: (1) The finding of tin deposits in Northern Nevada of an uncommon type; (2) the determination that the rich silver minerals of most of the ores now mined at Tonopah. Nev., were probably deposited by ascending solutions and that therefore the geologic conditions are favorable for the extent of the rich ores to depths considerably greater than those yet attained in mining, and (3) the total petroleum remaining in the developed and prospective oil territory in the United States is estimated at 7,629,000,000 barrels, and the amount obtainable by distillation of hydrocarbon shales is over 20,000,000,000,000 barrels.

#### ENGINEERING.

One of the largest developments ever undertaken by a municipality was started by the City of Los Angeles, Cal. The development consists of the reclamation of over 137 square miles by the building of an irrigation system of 350 miles of steel pipes and approximately 13 miles of concrete conduits. The United States Bureau of Standards built a house of 56 panels, each about 12 feet by 14 feet, of different mixtures of cement, for ascertaining which mixture would stand best the aun, wind, rain and freezing temperatures of out of doors and yet remain in good condition.

and yet remain in good condition.

One of the largest double deck concrete viaducts in the United States was completed in Cleveland, Ohlo. It consists of 12 quadruple concrete arches with an average length of 140 feet each, and a steel arch over the Cuyahoga River with a span of 591 feet.

of 591 feet.

An aerial scenic tramway 1,800 feet long, built for taking passengers across the Whirlpool was completed at Niagara Falls, Ontarlo. There are six parallel cables, over which run sheaves, forming part of the frame that the passenger car is fastened to. Work was started on a new water supply system for Winnipeg, Manitoba. The water will be brought by gravity from Shoal Lake, a distance of about 100 miles, through nearly 85 miles of concrete conduit. conduit.

The Rhone-Marseilles Canal was finished early in 1916. The total length of the canal is 60 miles, and it can accommodate barges up to 600 tons dead weight.

Preesst reinforced concrete piles 100 feet long (reported as the longest ever driven) were used in building wharves at Auckland, New Zealand.

The contract was awarded for a large low service reservoir at Cleveland, Ohio. When completed the reservoir will have a storage capacity of 130,000,000 gallons.

A large steel arch bridge was built over the St. John River, at St. John, New Brunswick. The

#### SCIENTIFIC PROGRESS IN 1916-Continued.

bridge has a span of 565 feet, and a clear height of 76 feet from the underside of the arch to the ex-

76 feet from the underside of the arch to the ex-treme high water level.

Rapid progress has been made on the new water tunnel for Chicago, Ill. The tunnel will be about 8 miles long, with cross sections 12 feet by 12 feet, and 13 feet by 13 feet with vertical sides, semi-clicular roof and invert floor. The flow capacity will be 350,000,003 gallons per day, a planned for

will be 350,000,000 gallons per day.

A new water supply system was planned for Aberdeen, Scotland. The population to be supplied will be about 170,000, and the average daily consumption per head is computed as 40 gallons.

The largest steel rolling crest dam in the United States was completed by the United States Reclamation Service across the Grand River, near Grand Junction, Col. On the wcir is 420 feet of rolling crest, 10 feet 3 inches high, in six units of 70 feet each.

The Elephant Butte Dam in Sierra County,

New Mexico, was completed in May, at an approximate cost of \$5,000,000. It contains about 608,000 cubic yards of masonry, and is said to be one of the largest masonry structures in the world. The dam forms part of an extensive irrigation system whereby 200,000 acros of land in New Mexico and Texas will become productive.

Among the notable concrete structures completed was an ore dock 80 feet above water level and 1,132 feet long at Ashland, Wis, built by the Minneapoils, St. Paul and Sault Ste Marie Rullroad.

In August both cantilever arms of the Quebec Bridge over the St. Lawrence River were completed. Early in September, in attempting to place in position the suspended span of 640 feet in length by 88 feet in width, weighing about 5,000 tons, connecting the two cantilever arms, the span fell into the river, killing and injuring a number of workmen. Work, however, on the bridge will be continued. of workmen. be continued.

### INTERNATIONAL CANCER RESEARCH SOCIETY.

President—L. M. Ottofy, M. D., St. Louis, Mo. Secretary-Treasurer—F. W. Kirsch, M. D., St. Louis, Mo. Necrologist—J. A. Carpenter, Firvale (Bella Coala), B. C., Canada. Headquarters, 706 N. Grand Avenue, St. Louis, Mo.

### RECENTS' EXAMINATIONS IN NEW YORK STATE IN 1917.

REGENTS' EXAMINATIONS under the control of the University of the State of New York (office, Albany, N, Y,) will be held in 1917 at the following times and places: January 22-26, inclusive, at New York, and about 900 academies and high schools; June 18-22, inclusive, at New York, and about 900 academies and high schools. Examinations for teachers' certificates are held on the same dates as the Regents', and August 6-10. September 10-12, inclusive, at New York, Albany, Syracnee, Buffalo: 33 subjects. September examinations are for professional and technical students only. Morning session begins 9.15 o'clock. Afternoon session begins 1,15 o'clock. For conditions governing examinations, see World Almanac for 1913, page 161.

UNIVERSITY CREDENTIALS—Preliminary (preaca-REGENTS' EXAMINATIONS under the control of the

UNIVERSITY CREDENTIALS—Preliminary (preaca-demic) certificate—Reading, writing, spelling, ele-mentary English, arithmetic, geography, and ele-mentary United States history with civics. Students from countries where English is not the mother tongue must pass an examination in second year English for any one of the professional certificates.

LAW, MEDICINE, DENTISTRY, Erc.—Sixty counts qualifying certificate. All candidates taking Regents' examinations for qualifying certificates in law, dentistry, veterinary science, for admission to examination for certified public accountant, and for certified shorthand reporter, must earn counts upon examination as follows:

ination as follows:
English, three years, 10 counts; elementary algebra, 5 counts; plane geometry, 5 counts; physics and chemistry, 10 counts; or physics and blology, 10 counts, or chemistry and biology, 10 counts (for a medical student certificate, physics, chemistry, and blology, 15 counts); any second year foreign language, 10 counts; American history with civics, 5 counts; electives, 15 counts (for a medical student certificate, 10 counts)

biology, 15 counts; any second year foreign language, 10 counts; American history with civics, 5 counts; electives, 15 counts (for a medical student certificate, 10 counts). The electives shall be: English fourth year, 3 counts; Latin second year, or Greek second year, or Spanish second year, or Gerek second year, or Hebrew second year, or Italian second year, or Hebrew second year, or Italian second year, or Hebrew second year, 10 counts; advanced algebra, 5 counts; second year, 10 counts; bylsclal geography, 5 counts; ancient history, 5 counts; history of Greak is and Ireland, 5 counts; \*modern history 1, 3 counts; \*modern history 2, 3 counts; conomics, 2 counts; elementary bookkeeping and business practice, 3 counts; advanced bookkeeping and office practice, 3 counts; advanced bookkeeping and office practice, 3 counts; advanced bookkeeping and office practice, 3 counts; advanced bookkeeping and office practice, 3 counts; advanced bookkeeping and office practice, 3 counts; advanced bookkeeping and business practice, 3 counts; advanced bookkeeping and business practice, 3 counts; advanced bookkeeping and business practice, 3 counts; advanced bookkeeping and business practice, 3 counts; advanced bookkeeping and business practice, 3 counts; advanced bookkeeping and business practice, 3 counts; advanced bookkeeping and business practice, 3 counts; advanced bookkeeping and business practice, 3 counts; advanced bookkeeping and business practice, 3 counts; advanced bookkeeping and business practice.

tice, 5 counts; shorthand 1, 5 counts; shorthand 2, 5 counts; telementary representation, 2 counts; tadvanced design, 2 counts; tadvanced representation, 2 counts.

PROFESSIONAL CERTIFICATES WITHOUT EXAMINA TION—Candidates having credentials which can be accepted in place of examinations should send them to the University of the State of New York.

MEDICAL EXAMINATIONS—Examinations cense to practice medicine in this State will be held as follows: January 30 to February 2, May 15-18, June 26-29, October 2-5, at New York, Albany, Syracuse, and Buffalo. (Each candidate is notified as to exact place.)

PHARMACY AND DRUGGIST EXAMINATIONS—January 31 to February 1, May 22-25, June 27-28, October

CHIROPODY EXAMINATIONS—Dates and placof examinations same as Medical Examinations.

DENTAL EXAMINATIONS—Dates and places of examinations same as Medical Examinations shown adminations salue as Meterial Examinations subwinations, above, except that no examination is given in May. The practical examination is held on the Saturday morning following the regular examinations.

VETERINARY EXAMINATIONS—Dates and places of examinations same as Medical Examinations

shown above.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS—Dates of examinations: January 30 to February 1, June 26-28, at New York, Albany, Syracuse, and Buffalo.
CERTIFIED SHORTHAND REPORTERS—Examinations

on the first two days of the other regular professional examinations, when there are applicants, in January and June of each year.

<sup>\*</sup>Candidates who have credit in history of Great Britain and Ireland (3 or 5) may receive credit for modern history 2 but not for modern history 1. Candidates who have credit in European history may not have credit in modern history 1 or 2. † Candidates who have credit in elementary drawing based on the 1905 syllabus will receive no additional counts for passing elementary representation, but will receive two counts for passing advanced region and two counts for passing advanced region. Candidates who have credit for advanced drawing general based on the 1905 syllabus can obtain no additional counts in drawing.

#### THE TORRENS SYSTEM OF RECISTRATION OF TITLES TO REAL ESTATE.

(A statement prepared by the Registrar of the County of New York.)

A statement prepared by the Regi a system of "registration of titles to real cstate." Under this system an owner of land receives from the sublic officer, called the Registrar, an official certificate of title, which gives the name of the owner, a description of the land and a statement of all liens and incumbrances affecting the land. The certificate is issued in dunicate—the original remains on file in the Registrar's office and a duplicate is given to the owner as bits evidence of title.

or the owner, a description of the land and a statement of all liens and incumbrances affecting the land, The certificate is issued in dumicate—the original remains on file in the Registrar's office and a dumicate is given to the owner as his evidence of title.

When the original is sold and it is desired to transfer title, the owner surrenders his certificate with an instrument in the form of a deed or similar writing authorizing the Registrar to transfer the title, whereupon the Registrar to transfer the title, whereupon the Registrar to transfer the title, whereupon the Registrar to transfer the title, whereupon the Registrar to transfer the title, whereupon the Registrar to transfer the title, whereupon the Registrar to transfer the title, whereupon the Registrar to transfer is \$20 or \$3 and or-dinarily the matter is attended to in a few minntes. No title searching is necessary because the certificate is like a ledger page and is kept posted to date. All open matters affecting the title are carried over u on the new certificate and all cancelled or expired matters are omitted. The system was devised in its present general form by Robert R. Torrens and first promulgaled in the form of law in South Australia in 1858. The "Registration of Titles to Land," however, was in use as early as 1811 in Austria and in 1855 in Hungary. Demmark registered such fitles by judicial decree as early as 1550. The provisions of the later acts, however, differentiate the "Torrens" laws from these carlier forms. From South Australia the law soread to Queensland (1861), Tasmania (1862), New South Wales (1862), Victoria (1862), the work were inferential the law soread to Queensland (1863), in all of these the registration of crown lands, otherwise voluntary; only fee simple titles may be registered. The title obtained by registration is indefeasible.

Almost immeliately after the launching of the system in Austrial in 1897 registration was made compulsory in the City of London.

In Canada the system was adovted in British Honduras

Virginia (1916).
The system was adorted by the United States Government for the Philippine Islands in 1902 and for Hawaii in 1903.
In all of these States the law is voluntary except in the Philippines (Government grants, compulsory); Hawaii (lands owned by corporations) compulsory) and Illinois (decedent's estates). The

strar of the County of New York, a unit of registration is the county and generally the Register of Deeds or similar officer is the Recorder or Registrar. The operation of the act is confined to estates in fee simble absolute except in Hawaii, which, like the English law, includes qualified and possessory titles. In all there is a judicial proceeding which is beard, execut in Massachusetts, the Philippines and Hawaii, whe local court having ceasity introduction. The Hawaii is analogous to one to quiet the same analogous to make the first of a person of the estate of a person of the estate of a person of the estate of the cease of the desired was a special "Land Court" and the Territories "Courts of Land Registration" Othic awards its constitution and constitution of the constitution and constitution of the constitution and constitution of the constitution and constitution of the constitution and constitution of the constitution and constitution of the constitution and constitution of the constitution and constitution of the constitution and constitutions.

registered. Massachusetts has a special "Land Court and the Territories" Courts of Land Registration of the Territories "Courts of Land Registration of the Territories" courts of Land Registration of titles to be made directly by the Registrar without making it a matter of court litigation. In 1915 Pennsylvania ado ted a similar amendment, These constitutional amendments make these two States pioneers in the United States in the adoption of a pure Torrens system.

In the original Torrens law in Australia the Registrar had power to register uncontested titles, but contested titles were sent to the court for settlement. The first law of Illinois (1895, repealed in 1897) and that of Ohio (1896, repealed in 1897) and that of Ohio (1896, repealed in 1898) followed the same principle, but were declared unconstitutional on the technical ground that the Registrar was not a indicial officer. Because of this decision it has been necessary under the laws of most States to go to court for the initial registration of all titles even though uncontested. The constitutional change in Ohio and Pennsylvania obviates this unnecessary expense in those States. In 1913 (amended in 1914) Ohio passed a new law under the authority expressly conferred by its constitutional amendment.

The proceedings are declared to be "in rem"

immersesary expense in those states. In 1913 (amended in 1914) Ohio bassed a new two under the authority expressly conferred by its constitutional amendment.

The proceedings are declared to he "in rem" in New York and in most States. The judgment of registration binds the land and makes the title uncontestable.

The decree after a varying period becomes absolute and conclusive. The time is 30 days in Massachusetts and the Philippines, 90 days in Colorado and Washinston, 6 months in Minnesota, 2 years in Illinois and Oregon, and 1 year (amendment, 1914) in California, The title so registered is, generally speaking, indefeasible, the exceptions being by private parties for frand, for varying periods and under varying conditions becoming absolutely indefeasible for this cause in Massachusetts, the Philippines and Hawaii after one year. Proceedings to set aside a certificate for frand will not lix acauset an innocent holder for value. It is indefeasible as to boundaries except in Illinois, Minnesota, Oregon, Colorado and Washington, and in those States where the adiacent property owners have been "brought in." It is also defeasible as to unrecorded leases not required by the law to be recorded. Such a title "Governer" in actions by the States where the adiacent property owners have been "brought in." It is also defeasible as to unrecorded leases not required by the law to be recorded. Such a title "Governer" in actions by the State or Federal Governer in actions by the State or Federal Countributes and the certificate is indefeasible—that is, it cannot be attacked or unset by the claim of any third party, no matter how meritorious such a claim might be in itself. Any claim not stated on the face of the certificate is cut off. The certificate balder, theoretically at least, does not need any assurance fund for his security, but the assurance fund provides equitable money compensation to any one whose rights have been ext off by mistake. Mistakes, however, are very rare and the amount paid in losses is negligible in

#### THE TORRENS SYSTEM OF REGISTRATION OF TITLES TO REAL ESTATE-Continued.

law. The New York law still differs from that of Massachusetts, Illinois and other States in that the State (county) is not back of the assurance fund privately employed "official examiners of title" are

Massachusetis, Illinois and other States in shat the State (county) is not back of the assurance fund; privately employed "official examiners of title" are pennitted, and the court procedure is unnecessarily cumbersome and lengthy. By Chapter 52 of the Laws of 1909 the law was made a part of the Real Property Law contained in Chapter 50, the Cansolidated Laws. The original law constituted Chapter 627 of the Laws of 1908 and was amended by Chapter 627 of the Laws of 1908 and was amended by Chapter 627 of the Laws of 1910 and by Chapter 547 of the Laws of 1910.

PROCEDURE N. NEW YORK FOR INITIAL REGISTRATION—Upon the first application for a certificate of registration the title must be examined upon a burchase transaction. This examined upon a burchase transaction. This examination is done by an official examiner, who makes a complete examination of the title, including the Register's office, County Clerk's office, Surrogate's Court, Federal Courts, reading of the survey, inspection of the premises and all other matters pertaining to a fitle.

The results of this examination are placed in a report, which is signed by the official examiner, accompanied by a survey, with the owner's application for registration, is presented to the Supreme Court at Special Term, and if the Court considers that the title is one that should be registered an order is made to issue a summons. The proceedings then go forward as in any other action, if title is established to the satisfaction of the Court a final judgment is rendered, which contains instructions to the Registrar as to the manner and the details of the registration of the title. This judgment is filed with the Registrar, who thereupon issues the first certificate of title.

#### EXPENSE OF INITIAL REGISTRATION IN NEW YORK.

For the first application the costs are as follows: (1) OFFICIAL EXAMINATION—For the official examination, fees are fixed in the law at \$10, plus \$1 a themsand on the value of the property; that is, for a \$3.000 valuation the examiner's fee would be \$13. For a \$10,000 valuation the examiner's fee would be \$20, and so on. This fee is paid to the Registrar, (2) SURVEY—According to the surreyor's charge—about \$15 for each lot, paid to the surreyors.

reyor.

(3) PUBLICATION—Once a week for four weeks—about \$30, paid to the newspaper.

(4) FILING THE APPLICATION—\$1, paid to the Registrar.

(5) REGISTRATION OERTIFICATE-Fee \$5.

(5) REGISTRATION OERTIFICATE—Fee \$5, paid to the Registrar.

(6) STATE ASSURANCE PREMIUM—\$1 per thousand on the value of the property; that is, for a \$3,000 property the assurance premium would be \$3; on a \$10,000 property it would be \$10, and so on. The premium is paid to the Registrar.

(7) ATTORNEY'S CHARGIS—Owing to the court proceeding, which in New York is more complicated than in other States, the employment of an attorney for the initial registration is necessary. The legal fees are a matter of arrangement between attorney and client.

All of the foregoing expenses are incidental to the initial registration only. The assurance premium is paid once only. It is not paid on subsequent transfers, That is, the assurance premium once paid assures the ritle for all time, and sure the court premium county the present transaction, but also all future dealings.

For subsequent transfers the only expense is \$2, paid to the Registrar for transferring the title, cancelling the old certificate and issuing a new certificate to the new owner. For entering a mortage or other incumbrance upon the property a charge of \$1 is made, which is paid to the Registrar.

WHERE TO MAKE APPLICATION—The law

Istrar.

WHERE TO MAKE APPLICATION—The law has State-wide application. In the counties of New York. Kings. Bronx and Westchester the Register of the county is the Registrar. In all other counties the County Clerk acts as Registrar. In New York County the Register has designated an official examiner of titles to act in the County of New York, which is co-termiuous with the Borough of Manhattan.

Any county may apply or any person holding a

Any owner may apply or any person bolding a contract of purchase from the owner may apply. The holder of the contract may have the certificate issued in his own name after the title is closed.

issued in his own name after the title is closed. AMENDMENTS PROPOSED—The New York law has not been successful because it contains features which are foreign to a true Torrens system. Under the advocacy of John J. Hopper, Registrar of New York County, amendments are being pressed that will make the New York law similar to that of Massachusetts and other States where the law has been successful. The chief features of the proposed amendments are (1) to make the examination of titles exclusively official; (2) to put the Stabe (county) back of the assurance fund, and (3) to simplify the court procedure. The effect of these amendments will be to increase public confidence in the system and to make the initial proceeding short and commission.

### AMERICAN RAILROAD SECURITIES HELD ABROAD.

(From a statement issued September 25, 1916, by the President of the Delaware & Hudson Co.)

CLASS OF SECURITY.	Par Value.	Market Value.	CLASS OF SECURITY.	Par Vaiue.	Market Value.
	****** FOR #EO OO	C	Call Count Dands	1\$282,418,415,26	С
Preferred Stock	*\$120,597,750.00 †163,129,850.00	b117,863,393.01	Coll. Trust Bonds. Mortgage Bonds	*774,793,834.00	a\$628,183,797.00
Second Pref. Stock	\$204,391,100.00 \$4,858,650.00	a2,060,256.00		†1,150,339,130.00 ‡1,371,156,851.00	
'	†5,603,850.00 ‡5,558,150.00		Equip. Trust Bonds	*7,788,300.00 †25,253,201.00	a7,015,693.00 b21,480,410.55
Common Stock	*336,761,704.00 †511,437,356,25		Car Trusts	\$20,233,455.00 *836,000.00	a631,320.00
Notes	1573,880,393.00 *9.070,955.00	a6.814.240.00	Receivers' Certif's	†29,000.00 *958,000.00	a958,000.00
Nobels	†21,632,291.93 †58,254,330 15	b22,574,283.93		12,201,000.00 1998.000.00	b2,201,000.00
Debenture Bonds	*74,796,900.00 †160,288,700.00	a69,858,294.00	Total	*\$1,415,628,563.00	a\$1,110,099,090,00
Civil Timest Danda	1197,598,310.00 485,166,170.00	,		†\$2,223,510,229.18 1\$2,704,402,364.42	b\$1,751,437,912.50
Coll. Trust Bonds	180,590,850.00			++2,101,102,001.12	

During the year ended July 31, 1916, there were returned to the American market securities of the par value of \$807,881,666.

During the six months ended July 31, 1915, there were returned securities of the par value of \$480,892,135.

\*Compilation as of July 31, 1916. † Compilation as of July 31, 1915. †Compilation as of January 31, 1915. a As of July 31, 1916. b As of August 2, 1915. c No market value determined for first compilation

#### BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS.

THE following statistics of local Building and Loan Associations in the United States were reported at the last annual meeting of the United States League of Local Building and Loan Associations held at St. Louis, Mo., July 26 and 27, 1916. The returns are for 1915-1916;

STATES.	No. of Associa- tions.	Total Member- ship.	Total Assets.	STATES.	No. of Associa- tions.	Total Member- ship.	Total Assets.
Pennsylvania	1.830	568,000	\$277,000,000	Arkansas	39	22,540	\$10,031,099
Ohio		649,126	263,106,613	Washington	24	30,114	
New Jersey	742	281,464		Minnesota	64	18,500	
Massachusetts	179	217,427	101.543.318	West Virginia	43 37	18,500	
Illinois	632	215,150		Maine	37	13.120	5.957.696
New York	251	179,380			7	9,263	5,041,439
Indiana	344	190.925	63,679,080	Connecticut	16	12,618	3,855,546
Nebraska	71	83,765	41,660,870		14	5,261	3,226,591
California	89 65	38,788	30,441,084	New Hampshire.	20	9,424	2,734,727
Michigan	65	59,365	27,696,545	North Dakota	10 35 13	5,550	
Louisiana	66	50,462		Oklahoma	35	8,947	2,700,000
Kentucky	115	61,056		New Mexico	13	3,810	
Dist. of Col	19	37,044	20,959,574	Montana	13 19	2,020	
Kansas	65	56,689	20,797,976	Texas	19	3,903	
Missouri	153	43,987		Vermont	4	471	201,437
North Carolina	155	38,945	14,359,449	Other States	890	325,338	149,092,333
Wisconsin	74	37,747	14,228,401	I			
Iowa	51	36,200	12,517,852	Total	6,806	3,334,899	\$1,484,205,875

The following was the statement of receipts and expenditures by local associations in 1915. Receipts: Cash on hand January 1, 1915, \$37,008,676; weekly dues, \$30,205,992; paid-up stock, \$35,984,734; deposits, \$32,510,726; loans repaid, \$257,408,616; interest, \$34,588,554; premium, \$4,395,030; fines, \$1,315,102; pass books and initiation, \$742,726; borrowed money, \$109,085,326; real estate sold, \$6,595,952; miscollaneous receipts, \$35,246,830; total receipts, \$365,213,444.

Disbursements: Pass book loans, \$34,315,304; mortgage loans, \$351,820,448; stock withdrawals, \$268,185,412; paid-up stock withdrawals, \$31,561,093; deposit withdrawals, \$78,967,446; expenses, \$35,601,52; borrowed money repaid, \$106,530,075; interest, \$2,964,990; real estate purchased, \$10,064,278; mix-cellaneous disbursements, \$32,-162,080; cash on hand, January 1, 1916, \$41,612,093; total disbursements, \$966,913,444.

The officers of the league; President—George F, Gilmore, Omaha, Neb. First Vice-President—L. L. Rankin, Columbus, Ohlo. Second Vice-President—E. L. Keesler, Charlotte, N. C. Third Vice-President—Mark D. Rider, Chicago, Ill. Treasurer—Joseph K. Gamble, Philadelphia, Pa. Secretary—H. F. Cellarius, Cincinnati, Ohlo. Assistant Secretary—Edwin F. Howell, New York, N. Y.

#### INTERNATIONAL UNIVERSITY UNION.

An educational institution incorporated at Washington, D. C., to investigate the forces and laws involved in the "science of human relations" and to promulgate the truths and principles discovered. Founded in 1876, it was incorporated as an institution of university rank and power in 1910 to prescribe university courses of study, to conduct university examinations and to confer university degrees. It has had over 10,000 atudents and members. Its representative has been around the world three times on these tours of visitation to the colleges and universities of the world in the interest of "Religious Education from the Scientific Viewpoint," for "religion is man's recognition of his relations and the performance of his duties growing out of those relations."

The International University Union is now engaged in establishing State chairs (or professorships) of the "science of human relations" or "the science of religion" in New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvanis, Connecticut, and Massachusetts. Offices, Washington, D. C., Philadelphia, Pa., Shanghai, China. Prestary—G. S. Nicoll. Treasurer—J. W. Re'sner, Washington, D. C. Foreign Secretary—H. Douglass Rodger, Shanghai, China.

Shanghai, China.

#### THE MODERN HISTORIC RECORDS ASSOCIATION,

President—Justice Victor J. Dowling. Secretary—Alfred Kreymborg, 20 Exchange Place, New York. Founder—Alexander Konta.

President—Justice victor of the control of the cont

permanent photographs on glass positives, clay tablets, lantern shdes, and whatever other means the progress of science and the new triumphs of invention may provide. The organization was founded in 1911 by Alexander Konta, and among its incorporators are some of the most prominent individuals from every field of human activity all over the world.

The larger part of the records of our contemporary history, progress, life, and civilization, as given in our books, newspapers, periodicals, pamphiets, and reports, is printed on sulphite or on wood-pulp paper. Many of these records are doomed to dust in from fifty to seventy-five years. In a century comparatively little of the printed record of this great age will be in existence. To seek to disset this situation, so far as possiblo, by permanent records of the vital events in our history, and to remedy the evil itself, so far as its powers and influence permit, is the aim of the Modern Historic Records Association, the only organization of its kind in the world. The possibilities of the value of this work may be suggested in a single illustration from the past. Lincoln's immortal speech at Gettysburg is one of the treasures of English literature, yet there have been published over a hundred different versions of it. Congress has twice printed it incorrectly. Had it been possible to secure a phonogram record of the address when delivered there could be, at present no dispute as to the actual words spoken by Lincoln.

Pending the securing by the association of a building of its own, for which tentative designs have been pending the securing by the association of a building of its own, for which tentative designs have been the many names of famus men who had been served to the later of themse Eddson, ex-resident Maderlinek, Eugene Brieux, George Brandes, Paul Heyse, George Bernard Shaw, Prof. Paul Eurich, Col. Theodore Roosevett, Dr. Luther Burbank, Hon. James Bryce, Prof. Paul Dublos, Sit Hirm 5, Maxim, Hon. William Jenninss Bryan, Andrew Carnegle, Admiral George De

#### TREATY BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND THE REPUBLIC OF HAYT!. FINANCES, ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AND TRANQUILLITY OF HAYTI,

The United States and the Republic of Havii desiring to confirm and strengthen the amity existing between them by the most ordial coexisting between them by the most ordial cooperation in measures for their common advantage;
And the Republic of Hayti desiring to remedy
the present condition of its revenues and finances,
to maintain the ranguillity of the republic, to
carry out plans for the economic development and
prosperity of the renublic and its people;
And the United States being in full sympathy
with all of these aims and objects and desiring to
contribute in all proper ways to their accomplishment:

plishment

phshment;
The United States and the Republic of Hayti have resolved to conclude a convention with these objects in view, and have appointed for that purpose, plenipoteniaries.
The President of the United States, Robert Reale Davis, Jr., Charge d'Affaires of the United States.

States:

States:
And the President of the Republic of Hayti,
Lonis Borno, Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs and Public Instruction, who, having exhibited to each other their respective powers,
which are seen to be full in good and true form,
have agreed as follows:

The Government of the United States will, by its good offices, aid the Haytian Government in the proper and efficient development of its agricultural, mineral and commercial resources and in the establishment of the finances of Hayti on a firm and solid basis.

ARTICLE II

ARTICLE II.

The President of Hayti shall appoint, upon nomination by the President of the United States, a general receiver and such aids and employees as may be necessary who shall collect, receive and apply all customs duties on imports and exports accruing at the several custom houses and ports of entry of the Republic of Hayti.

The President of Hayti shall appoint, upon nomination by the President of the United States, a financial adviser, who shall be an officer attached to the Ministry of Finance, to give effect to whose proposals and labors the Minister will lend efficient aid. The financial adviser shall devise an adequate system of public accounting, aid in increasing the revenues and adjusting them to the expenses, inquire into the validity of the debts of the republic enlighten both Governments with reference to all eventual debts, recommend receives methods of collecting and applying the to the Minister of Finance and applying the tothe Minister of Finance and property of deemed necessary for the welfare and prosperty of Hayti. The Government of the Republic of Hayti will provide by law or appropriate decrees for the payment of all customs duties to the general receiver, and will extend to the receivership, and to the financial adviser, all needful aid and full protection in the execution of the powers conferred and duties inposed herein; and the United States on its part will extend to the financial adviser, all needful aid and protection.

protection.

Upon the appointment of the financial adviser, the Government of the Republic of Hayti in co-operation with the financial adviser, shall collate, classify, arrange and make full statement of all the debts of the republic, the amounts, character, maturity and condition thereof, and the interest accruing and the sinking fund requisite to their final discharge.

requisite to their final discharge.

ARTICLE V.

All sums collected and received by the general receiver shall be applied, first, to the nayment of the salaries and allowances of the general receiver, his assistants and employees, and expenses of the receivershin, including the salary and expenses of the financial adviser, which salaries will be determined by previous agreement; second, to the interest, and sinking fund of the public debt of the Republic of Hayti; and third, to the maintenance of the constabiliary referred to in Article X. and then the remainder to the Haytian Government for purposes of current expenses.

In making these applications the general receiver will proceed to pay salaries and allowances monthly and expenses as they arise, and on the first of each calendar month, will set aside in a separate fund the quantum of the collection and receibts of the previous month.

The expenses of the receivership, including salaries and allowances of the general receivership is assistants and employees, and the salary and expenses of the financial adviser, shall not exceed 5 per centum of the collections and receives from customs duties, unless by agreement by the two Governments.

ARTICLE VII

The general receiver shall make monthly reports of all collections, receipts and disbursements to the appropriate officer of the Republic of Hayti and to the Department of State of the United States, which reports shall be open to inspection and verification at all times by the appropriate authorities of each of the said Governments.

authorities of each of the said Governments.

ANTICLE VIII

The Republic of Hayti shall not increase its public debt excent by previous agreement with the President of the United States, and shall not contract any debt or assume any financial obligation unless the ordinary revenues of the republic available for that purpose, after defraying the expenses of the Government, shall be adequate to pay the interest and provide a sinking fund for the final discharge of such debt.

ARTICLE IX.

The Recublic of Hayti will not without a

pay the interest and provide a sinking fund for the final discharge of such debt.

ARTICLE IX.

The Republic of Hayti will not without a previous agreement with the President of the United States, modify the customs duties in a manner to reduce the revenues of the republic may be adequate to meet the public debt and the expenses of the Government, to proscrye transcription of the discovery transcription of the transcription of the discovery transcription of Hayti will co-operate with the financial adviser in his recommendations for improvement in the methods of collecting and disbursing the revenues and for new sources of needed income.

ARTICLE X.

The Haytian Government obligates itself, for the preservation of domestic peace, the security of individual rights and full observance of the provisions of this treat, to create without delay an efficient constabulary, urban and rural, composed of native Haytians. This constabulary shall be organized and officered by Americans, appointed by the President of Hayti, upon nomination by the President of the United States. The Haytian Government shall clothe these officers with the proper and necessary authority and unbold them in the performance of their functions. These officers will be replaced by Haytians as they, by examination, conducted under direction of a board to be calceted by the senior American officer of this constabulary and in the presence of a representative of the Haytian Government, are found to be qualified to assume such duties. The constabulary herein provided for, shall, under the direction of the Haytian Government, are found to be qualified to assume such duties. The constabulary herein provided for, shall under the direction of the Haytian Government of the States of the Republic of the remaining parties agree that the stinulations in this article are necessary to prevent factional strife and disturbances.

The Government of Hayti agrees not to surrender any of the territory of the Republic of Hayti by sale, lease, or otherwise, or jurisdiction

or tend to impair the independence of Hayti.

ARTICLE XII.

The Haytian Government agrees to execute with the United States a protocol for the settlement, by irbitration or otherwise, of all nending pecuniary laims of foreign corporations, companies, citizens or subjects against Hayti.

ARTICLE XIII.

The Republic of Hayti, being desirous to further the development of its natural resources.

## TREATY BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND THE REPUBLIC OF HAYTI-Continued.

agrees to undertake and execute such measures as in the opinion of the high contracting parties may be necessary for the sanitation and public improvement of the republic, under the supervision and direction of an engineer or engineers, to be appointed by the President or Hayti unon nomination by the President of the United States, and authorized for that purpose by the Government of Hayti

The high contracting parties shall have authority to take such steps as may be necessary to insure the complete attainment of any of the objects comprehended in this treat of any of the contracting of the Unit States will lend an efficient and for the Unit States will lend an efficient and for the unintensure of a government ademark for the protection of life, property and individual liberty.

The present treaty shall be approved and ratified by the high contracting parties in conformity with their respective kays, and the ratifications thereof

shall be exchanged in the City of Washington as soon as may be possible.

snail be exchanged in the City of Washington 25 soon as may be possible.

ARTICLE XVI.

The present treaty shall remain in full force and virtue for the term of ten years, to be counted from the day of exchange of ratifications, and further for another term of ten years if, for specific reasons presented by either of the high contracting parties, the purpose of this treaty has not been fully accomplished.

In faith whereof, the respective plenipotentiaries have sinced the present convention in duplicate, in the English and French languages, and have thereunto affixed their seels.

Done at Port-au-Prince, Hayti, the 16th day of sentember in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and reserve our Lord one thousand in ISEAL ARCHING HATTICAL DAVIS, JR., ISEAL ARCHING HATTICAL DAVIS, JR., Secreteary of State for Foreign Affairs and Public Instruction.

ROUTE CONVENTION.

NICARACUAN CANAL ROUTE CONVENTION.

NICARACUAN CANAL
Nacaragua, signed at Washinston on August 5, 1914, granting to the United States and Nicaragua signed at Washinston on August 5, 1914, granting to the United States, in return for a money payment, the exclusive proprietary rights for the construction and operation of an interoceanic canal by a Nicaragua route, the lease of certain islands, and the right to establish a naval base on the Gulf of Fouseca. The Government of the United States of America and the Government of Nicaragua being animated by the desire to strengthen their ancient and cordial friendship by the most sincere cooperation for all purposes of their mutual advantage and interest and to provide for the nossible future construction of an interoceanic ship canaby way of the San Juan River and the great Lake of Nicaragua, or by any route over Nicaragua, or by any route over Nicaragua, and the Government of Nicaragua wishing to facilitate in every way possible the successful maintenance and operation of the Panama Conal, the two Governments have resolved to conclude a Convention to these ends, and have accordingly appointed as their plenipotentiaries; The President of Nicaragua senor General Don Emillano Chamorro. Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of Nicaragua to the United States:

Who, having exhibited to each other their

Minister Preinformatia; of Antalague United States; exhibited to each other their respective full powers, found to be in good and due form have agreed upon and concluded the following articles:

following articles:

ARTICLE I.—The Government of Nicaragua grants in perpetuity to the Government of the United States, forever free from all taxation or public charge, the exclusive proprietary rights necessary and convenient for the construction, operation and maintenance of an interoceanic and by way of the San Juan River and the great Lake of Nicaragua or by way of any route over Nicaraguan territory, the details of the terms upon which such canal shall be constructed, operated and maintained to be agreed to by the two Governments whenever the Government of the Nicaragua of its desire or intention to construct such canal states shall notify the Government of Nicaragua of its desire or intention to construct such canal

Nicaragua of its desire or intention to construct such cannal of its desire or intention to construct such cannal of the United States to protect the Panama Canal cannate of the United States by the foregoing and also to enable the Government of the United States by the foregoing can also to enable the Government of the United States by the foregoing the ends contemplated herein, the Government of Nicaragua hereby leases for a term of Micaragua hereby leases for a term of ninetynine years to the Government of the United States the islands in the Caribbean Sea known as Great Corn Island and Little Corn Island; and the Government of Nicaragua further grants to the Government of on inetynine years the right to establish, operate and maintain a naval base at such place

ROUTE COMVENTION.

on the territory of Nicaragua bordering upon the Gulf of Fonseca as the Government of the United States may select. The Government of the United States shall have the option of renewing for a further term of ninety-nine years the above deases and grants unon the expiration of their respective terms, it being expressly agreed that the territory hereby leased and the naval base which may be maintained under the grant aforesaid shall be subject exclusively to the laws and sovereign authority of the United States during the terms of such lease and grant and of any renewal or renewals thereof.

ARTICLE III.—In consideration of the fore-

the terms of such lease and grant and of any renewal or renewals thereof.

ARTICLE III.—In consideration of the forgoing stipulations and for the purnoses contemplated by this Convention and for the purnoses contemplated by this Convention and for the purpose of reducing the present indebtedness of Nicaragua, the Government of the United States shall, upon the date of the exchange of ratification of this Convention, nav for the benefit of the Republic of Nicaragua the sum of three million dollars United States gold coin, of the present weight and fineness, to be deposited to the order of the Government of Nicaragua in such bank or banks or with such banking corporation as the Government of the United States may determine, to be amblied by Nicaragua un puon its indebtedness or other public nurposes for the advancement of the welfare of Nicaragua in a manner to be determined by the two high contracting parties of Nicaragua and approved by the Secretary of State of the United States or by such person as he may designate.

ARTICLE IV.—This Convention shall be ratified by the high contracting parties in accordance with their respective laws, and the ratifications thereof shall be exchanged at Washington as soon as possible.

In witness whereof the respective plenipotentiaries have signed the spresent treaty and have affixed thereunto their seals

Done at Washington, in duplicate, in the English and Spanish languages, on the 5th day of August. in the year mineteen hundred and fourteen.

WILLIAM JENNINGS BRYAM. [SEAL]

william Jennings Bryan, [SEAL.]
EMIDIANO CHAMORRO. [SEAL.]
Fibruary 18, 1916—Convention amended,
ratified and injunction of screecy removed.]
In the resolution of ratification by the United
State Senate is the following:
Provided that whereas Costa Rica, Savador
and Honduras have protested against the ratification of said Convention in the fear or belief that
said Convention might in some respect impair
existing rights of said States; therefore, it is
declared by the ratification of the said Convention as amended such advice and consent are given
with the inderstanding, to be expressed as a part
of the instrument of ratification af that nothing
in said Convention is intended to affect any existing right of any of the said named States.

## PRESIDENTIAL CABINET OFFICERS.

# SECRETARIES OF STATE.

			T1-4- 1				-
Presidents.	Cabinet Officers.	Resi- dences.	Date Ap- pointed.	PRESIDENTS.	Cabinet Officers.	Resi- dences.	Ap- pointed.
Washington	John Jay	N. Y	1 1	Buchanan	Lewis Cass	Mich	1857
	John Jay Thomas Jefferson	Va	1789		Lewis Cass Jeremiah S. Black	Pa	1860
6.6	Edmund Randolph		1794	LINCOIN	William H. Seward	N. Y	1861
4.6	Timothy Pickering	Mass	1795 1797	Liohnson		_ "	1865
Adams				1(Iront	Elihu B. Washburn Hamilton Fish	1111	1869
	John Marshall	Va	1800	_ ''	Hamilton Fish William M. Evarts James G. Blaine	N. Y	1869
Jefferson	James Madison		1801	Hayes	William M. Evarts		1877
Madison	Robert Smith	Md	1809	Garneid	lames & Blaine	Ме	1881
Monroe	James Monroe	Va	1811	Arthur	F. T. Frelinghuysen Thomas F. Bayard James G. Blaine John W. Foster Walter Q. Gresham Richard Olney John Sherman William R. Day John Hay	N. J	1881 1881
I O Adams	Honry Clay	Mass	1 1855	Clavaland	Thomas E Paraud	Dol	1885
Jackson	Martin Van Buren	N V	1829	B Harrison	James G Blaine	Me	1889
1 4 CA SOII,	Edward Livingston	T.a.	1831	D. 1101113011	John W Foster	Ind	1892
4.6	Louis McLane	Del	1833	Cleveland	Walter O. Gresham	Î 11	1893
4.4	John Forsyth	Ga	1834	**	Richard Olney	Mass	1895
Van Buren.	7,		1837	McKinley	John Sherman	Ohio	1897
Harrison	Daniel Webster*	Mass	*1841		William R. Day	"	1898
Tyler*	Hugh S. Legaré	S. C	1843		John Hay	:: ::	1898
	Abel P. Upshur	Va	1843	Roosevelt			1901
	John C. Calhoun	S. C	1814		Elihn Root	N. Y	1905
Polk	James Buchanan	Pa	1840		Robert Bacon		1909
Taylor	Deniel Webster	Mogo	1050	Taft	William T Pursus	Nob	1909
riimore	Edward Everett	mass	1852	Wilson	Pohort Langing	N V	1913
Diorgo	William L. Mayer	NT X***	1853		Robert Lansing	IN. I	1910
116166	James Monree	AV. 1	1000				
	SECRE	TARIE	S OF	THE TRE	EASURY.		
Washington	Alexander Hamilton	N. Y	1789	Buchanan	Philip F. Thomas	1Md	1860
.,	Alexander Hamilton Oliver Wolcott, Jr	Ct	1795		Philip F. Thomas John A. Dix	N. Y	1861
Adams	4.6		1795 1797	Liucoln	Salmon P. Chase	Ohio	1861
	Samuel Dexter	Mass	1801	"	Salmon P. Chase William P. Fessenden	Me	1864
Jefferson	"	_ ''	1801	'	3 Hugh McCulloch	Ind	1865
	Samuel DexterAlbert Gallatin	Pa	1801	Johnson			1865
Madison			1809	Grant	George S. Boutwell Wm. A. Richardson .	Mass	1869
	George W. Campbell	Tenn	1814		Wm. A. Richardson . Benjamin H. Bristow	100	1873
	Alexander J. Dallas	Pa	1814 1816		Jenjamii H. Bristow	M	1876
******	George W. Campbell Alexander J. Dallas William H. Crawford.		1817	Hovee	Lot M. Morrill John Sherman William Windom	Ohio	1877
Monroe J. Q. Adams	Dichard Buch	Pa	1825	Garfield	William Windom	Minn	1881
Jackson	Samuel D. Ingham	1,00	1829	Arthur	***************************************	11	1881
**	Richard Rush	Del	1831	111111111111111111111111111111111111111	Charles J. Folger Walter Q. Gresham Hugh McCulloch	N. Y	1881
* *	William J. Duane	Pa	1833		Walter Q. Gresham	Ind	1884
* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	Roger B. Taney	Md	1833	''	Hugh McCulloch	. ''	1884
* *	Levi Woodbury	N. H	1834	Cleveland	Daniel Manning	N. Y	1885
Van Buren	Thomas Ewing	l.,;;	1837	D 77	Hugh McCulloch Daniel Manning Charles S, Fairchild William Windom Charles Foster John G, Carlisle Lyman J, Gage	200000	1887
Harrison	Thomas Ewing	Onio	1841	B. Harrison	William Windom	uuu	1889
Tyler	III-14 Demmend	Do	1841 1841	Cleveland	Labra C. Carliala	1000	1893
	Walter Forward	NV	1843	McKinley	I vmen I Gege	111	1897
	George M Ribb	Kv	1844	Roosevelt	Lyman Gage	1	1901
Polk	Pohert I Walker	Miss	1845	Roosevelt	Leslie M. Shaw	Ta.	1902
Taylor	William M. Meredith.	Pa	1849	1 44	George B. Cortelyou.	N. Y	1907
Fillmore	Thomas Corwin	Ohio	1850	Taft	George B. Cortelyou. Franklin MacVeagh	111	1909
Pierce				Wilson	. William G. McAdoo	N. Y	1913
Buchanan	Howell Cobb	Ga	1857		1	1	1
		ECRE	TARIE	S OF WA	R.		
						-17.0	17007
wasnington	Henry Knox Timothy Pickering	Mass	1789	Lincoln	Joseph Holt	Do	1861 1861
4.6	James McHanry	Md	1795 1796	Diffeoil	Edwin M Stanton	1 44	1862
Adams	James McHenry	114	1797	Johnson T.	Joseph Holt. Simon Cameron	III	1867
11	Samuel Dexter	Mass	1800	11	John M. Schofield	11	1868
Jefferson	Henry Dearborn	64		Grant	John A. Rawlins		1869
Madison	William Enstis		1809	6.6	William T. Sherman.	Ohio	1869
	John Armstroug	N. Y	1813		William W. Belknap	Ia	1869
	James Monroe	Va	1814		Alphonso Taft	Oliio	1876
	William H. Crawford.	Ga	1815	TT	James Don. Cameron.	T.O.	1876
Monroe	Geo, Granam (ad. in.).	va	1017	Hayes	Alphonso Taft	Minn	1879
T O Adame	John C. Camoun	V. C	1895	Garfield	Robert T Tincoln	711	1881
J. Q. Adams	Poter P. Porter	N V	1828	Arthur	Trobert 1, Emcornami	17,	1881
Teckson	Iolin H Eaton	Tenn	1829	Cleveland	Robert T. Lincoln William C. Endicott. Redfield Proctor Stephen B. Elkins Daniel S. Lamont	Mass	1885
JACKSON	Lewis Cass	Ohio	1831	B. Harrison	Redfield Proctor	Vt	1889
	Benjamin F. Butler	N. Y	1837		Stephen B. Elkins	W. Va.	1891
Van Buren.	Joel R. Poinsett	S. C	1837	Cleveland	Daniel S. Lamont Russell A. Alger Elihu Root	N. Y	1893
Harrison	John Bell †	Tenn	†1841	McKinley	Russell A. Alger	Mich	1897
Tyler t	John C. Spencer	N. Y	1841		Elihu Root	N. Y	1899
	James M. Porter	Pa	1843	Roosevelt	TT	0110	1901 1904
_ "	William Wilkins	DT	1844		William H. Tait	Tonn	1904
Polk	William L. Marcy	N. Y	1845	To ft	William H. Taft Luke E. Wright Jacob M. Dickinson	Leun	1909
Taylor	George W. Crawtord	T 0	1850	1211	Henry I. Stimson	N V	1911
Fillmore	Lefferson Davis	Miss	1853	Wilson	Jacob M. Dickinson Henry L. Stimson Lindley M. Garrison Newton D. Baker	N. I	1913
Puchence	Iohn B Floyd	Va	1857	1,110011	Newton D. Baker	Ohio	1916
виспапап.	Henry Dearborn William Enstis John Armstrong James Monroe William H. Crawford Geo, Graham(ad. in.) John C. Calhoun James Barbour Peter B. Porter John H. Eaton Lewis Cass Benjamin F. Butler John Bell † John C. Spencer James M. Porter William Wilkins William L. Marcy George W. Crawford Charles M. Conrad Jefferson Davis John B. Floyd						

Passingers   Cabinet Officers   Resist   Passingers   P		SECRE	TARIE	S OF	THE INT	ERIOR.		
Thoms   Eving   Ohio   1849   Arthur   Samnel J. Kirkwood   1841   Frimore   Thos M. T. McKennan, P.   1850   Cleveland   Lincius Q. C. Lainar, Miss   1858   Blechanan   Jacob Thompson   Miss   1858   Blechanan   Jacob Thompson   Miss   1858   Blechanan   Jacob Thompson   Miss   1858   Blechanan   Jacob Thompson   Miss   1858   Blechanan   Jacob Thompson   Miss   1858   Blechanan   Jacob Thompson   Miss   1858   Blechanan   Jacob Thompson   Miss   1858   Blechanan   Jacob Thompson   Miss   1858   Blechanan   Jacob Thompson   Miss   1858   Blechanan   Jacob Thompson   Miss   1858   Blechanan   Jacob Thompson   Miss   1858   Blechanan   Jacob Thompson   Miss   1858   Blechanan   Jacob Thompson   Miss   1858   Blechanan   Jacob Thompson   Miss   Jacob Thompson   Mi		Cabinet Officers.	Resi-	Ap- point'd	`			
James Harlan	Taylor	Thomas Ewing	Ohio	1849	Arthur	Samuel J. Kirkwood	lowa	1841
James Harlan	Filmore	Thos, M. T. McKennan. Alexander H. H. Stuart	Va	1850	Cleveland	Lucius Q. C. Lamar	Miss	1885
James Harlan	Plerce	Robert McClelland	Mich	1853	B Harrison	William F. Vilas	Wis	
James Harlan	Lincoln	Caleb B. Smith	Ind	1861	Cleveland	Hoke Smith	G11	1893
James Harlan	Johnson	John P. Usher		1865		Cornelius N. Bliss	Mo	
	44	James Harlan	Iowa	1865		Ethan A. Hitchcock	. Mo	1898
	Grant	Jacob D. Cox	Ohio	1869	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	James R. Garfield	Ohio	1907
Adams		Columbus Delano Zaehariah Chandler	Mich	1875	Tait	Richard A. Ballinger Walter L. Fisher	Wash.	1909
Adams	Haves	Carl Schurz	Мо	1877	Wilson	Franklin K. Lane	Cal	1913
Adams	Garnerd	SECF	RETAR	IES	OF THE N	JAVY.		
Monroe   Smith Thompson   N	Adams		Md	1798	Fillmore	John P. Kennedy	Md	1852
Monroe   Smith Thompson   N		Robert Smith			Buchanan	James C. Dobbin	. N. C Ct	1853
Monroe   Smith Thompson   N	Madison	Paul Hamilton	S. C		Lincoln	Gideon Welles		1861
Levi Woodbury	4 4	B. W. Crowninshield		1814	Grant	Adolph E. Borie	Pa	11000
Levi Woodbury	Monroe		N. Y		Haves	George M. Robeson Richard W. Thompson	Ind	
Levi Woodbury	T 0 4 3	Samuel L. Southard	N. J	1823	Confield	Nathan Goll, Jr	. W. Va.	1881
Harrison   George E, Badger   N. Y.   ISSB   Cleveland   Hilary A, Herbert   Ala   1893   1897   Tyler   Abel P, Upslur   Va   1841   Rosevelt   William JI, Moody   1990   199	Jackson	John Branch	N. C	1829	Arthur	William H. Hunt	Litum	TOUT
Harrison   George E, Badger   N. Y.   ISSB   Cleveland   Hilary A, Herbert   Ala   1893   1897   Tyler   Abel P, Upslur   Va   1841   Rosevelt   William H, Moody   1990	11	Levi Woodbury	N. H	1831		William E. Chandler	N. H	1882
Mass   1943	Van Buren	branion pickerson	27, 7	1837	B. Harrison.	Benjamin F. Tracy		1889
Mass   1943	Harrison	George E. Badger	N. C	1841	McKinley	John D. Long	Mass	1897
	Tyler	Abol B Hockey	V2	1841	Rooseveit	William H Moody		1901
Thomas W   Gilmer   Va   1844	44	David Houshaw	Mass	1843			. m	1904
Polk		Thomas W. Gilmer	Va	1844		Victor H. Metcalf	. Cal	1906
Taylor	Polk	George Bancroft	Mass	1845		Truman H. Newberry.	Mich.	1908
SECRETARIES OF ACRICULTURE.	Taylor	William B. Preston	66	1849	Wilson	Josephus Daniels	N.C.	1913
Cleveland   Norman J. Colman   Mo   1889   Roosevelt   James Wilson   Ia   1901   Roter   1909   Cleveland   J. Sterling Morton   Neb   1893   Wilson   David F. Houston   Mo   1913   McKinley   James Wilson   Ia   1897   Wilson   David F. Houston   Mo   1913   McKinley   James Wilson   Ia   1897   Wilson   David F. Houston   Mo   1913   McKinley   James Wilson   Mo   1913   McKinley   James W. Marshall   Wis   1866   Marshall   James W. Marshall   Va   1874   James W. Marshall   Va   1874   Monroe   Marshall   James W. Marshall   Va   1874   Monroe   Montgomer   Marshall   James W. Marshall   James W. Marshall   Va   1874   Monroe   Montgomer   Marshall   James W. Marshall	Fillmore	William A. Graham	N.C					
Description   Neb.   1833   1834   1835	Cleveland	Norman J Colman	Mo	1889	Roosevelt	James Wilson	. Ia	1901
Washington   Samuel Osgood   Mass   1789   Johnson   William Dennison   Ohio   1865	B. Harrison.	Jeremiah M. Rusk	Neb	1889	Wilson	David F. Houston	Mo	
Washington Samuel Osgood   Mass   1789   Johnson   William Dennison   Ohlo   1880   Joseph Habersham   Ga   1795   Gantl   John A. J. Creswell   Md   1880   Jefferson   1891   James W. Marshall   Washington   Marshall   Washington   1891   James M. Ny Pier   1891   James W. Marshall   Washington   1892   James M. Tyner   Ind   1874   James W. Marshall   Washington   1890   James M. Ny Pier   Ind   1874   James W. Ny Pier   Ind   1875   James W. Ny Pier   Ind   1875   James W. Ny Pier   Ind   1875   James W. Ny Pier   Ind   1876   James W. Ny Pier   1876   James W. James W. James W. Ny Pier   1876   James W. Ny Pier   1876	McKinley	James Wilson	Ia	1897				
Timothy Pickering	Washington	Samuel Osgood	Mass	STEI	RS-CENER	AL.t	)Ohlo	1865
Monroe	wasnington	Timothy Pickering	111111111111111111111111111111111111111	1791	''	Alexander W. Randal	i Wls	1866
Monroe	Adams	Joseph Habersham	(ia	1797	Grant	James W. Marshall	Va	1874
Monroe	Jefferson	Gldoon Granger	C't			Marshall Jewell	Ct	1874
Monroe	Madison			1809	Hayes	David McK. Key	Tenn	1877
J. Q. Adams	******	Return J. Meigs, Ir				Horace Maynard	N. Y	1881
Van Buren.   John M. Niles.   Ct.   1830   Cleveland   William F. Vilas,   Wis.   1884   Lincoln,   Manos Kendall.   N. Y.   1841   R. Harrison   Francis Granger   N. Y.   1841   R. Harrison   Francis Granger   N. Y.   1841   R. Harrison   Francis Granger   N. Y.   1841   R. Harrison   John W. Niles.   Ct.   1840   R. Harrison   John W. J		John McLean,	::	1823	Arthur	, ,,		
Van Buren.   John M. Niles.   Ct.   1840   Harrison   Francis Granger   N. Y   1841   Tyler.   Charles A. Wickliffe   Ky   1841   Cleveland   Wilson S. Bissell.   N. Y   1843   Cleveland   Wilson S. Bissell.   N. Y   1843   Cleveland   Wilson S. Bissell.   N. Y   1849   Cleveland   Wilson S. Bissell.   N. Y   1849   Fillmore   Natlana K. Hall   N. Y   1850   William L. Wilson   W. Va.   1896   Fillmore   Natlana K. Hall   N. Y   1850   William L. Wilson   W. Va.   1896   Fillmore   Natlana K. Hall   N. Y   1850   Wilson   W. Va.   1896   Wilson   W. Va.   1896   Wilson   W. Va.   1896   Wilson   W. Va.   1896   Wilson   W. Va.   1897   Wilson   W. Va.   1896   Wilson   Wilson   W. Va.   1896   Wilson   Wilson   W. Va.   1896   Wilson   Wilson   Wilson   Wilson   Was   1897   Wilson   Wilson   Was   Wilson   Wils	Jackson	William T. Barry.	ку	1829	44	Walter Q. Gresham	Ind	1883
Harrison   Francis Granger   N. Y   1841   B. Harrison   John Wanamaker   Pa   1883   Tyler   Charles A   Wickliffe   Ky   1841   Cleveland   Wilson S. Bissell   N. Y   1883   Taylor   Jacob Collamer   Vt   1849   Taylor   Jacob Collamer   Vt   1849   Fillmore   Nathan K. Hall   N. Y   1850   William L. Wilson   W. Va. 1896   Fillmore   Nathan K. Hall   N. Y   1850   Charles Emory Smith   Pa   1889   Emory Smith   Pa   1889   Emory Smith   Pa   1889   Wilson   Wilson   Wis   1902	Amos Kendall				William F. Vilas	Wis		
Charles A, Wickliffe,   Ky   1841		John M. Niles	Ct		•••	Don M. Diekinson		1888
Polic	Tyler	4.4	7,,1	1841	Cleveland	Wilson S. Bissell	N. Y	1893
Plerce	Pollé	Cave Johnson	Freun	1845		. William L. Wilson James A. Gary	ADIO	1897
Plerce	Taylor	Jacob Collamer	Vt	1849		. Charles Emory Smith	. Pa	
Perce.	Filimore	Samuel D. Hubbard	Ct	1852	1.			1902
Soseph Holt.   Ry   1859   George Von L. Reyer   Mass   1861   Lincoln,   Montgomery Blair   Md.   1861   William Dennison.   Ohio   1864   William Dennison.   Ohio   1864   William Dennison.   Ohio   1864   The Postmaster-General was not considered a Cabinet officer until 1829.   ATTORNEYS-CENERAL.   Washington   Edmund Randolph.   Va   1789   Jefferson.   Cesar A. Roduey   Ohio   1807   William Bradford   Pa   1794   Madison   William Bradford   Pa   1794   Madison   William Bradford   Pa   1797   Madison   William Bradford   1807   Mass   1801   Monroe   Md   1811   Lefferson   Levi Llucoln   Mass   1801   Monroe   William   Pa   1814   Monroe   William   Pa   1814   Monroe   William   Pa   1814   William   William   Pa   1814   William   William   Pa   1814   William   Will	Plerce	James Campbell	Pa	1853	1	Robert J. Wynne	Pa	1904
The Postmaster-General was not considered a Caomet onner Butl 1929.   ATTORNEYS-CENERAL.   Washington   Edmund Randolph   Va   1789    Jetlerson   Cesar A Roduey   1809   Va   1794   Madison   Va   1794   Madison   William Pinkney   Md   1811   Md   Md   Md   Md   Md   Md   Md	Duchanan	Joseph Holt	Ку	1859			LATUSS	1 23707 6
The Postmaster-General was not considered a Caomet onner Butl 1929.   ATTORNEYS-CENERAL.   Washington   Edmund Randolph   Va   1789    Jetlerson   Cesar A Roduey   1809   Va   1794   Madison   Va   1794   Madison   William Pinkney   Md   1811   Md   Md   Md   Md   Md   Md   Md	Lincoln,	Montgomery Blair	Me	1861	Wilson	Albert S. Bnrleson	Tex	1909
ATTORNEYS-CENERAL.   1807   1807   1807   1807   1807   1808	1.00	William Dennison	lOhio	1864		1	ł	
Washington   Sdmund Randolph.   Va   1789    Jefferson   Cresar A. Roduey   Del   1807   William Bradford   Pa   1794   Madison   William Pinkney   Md   1811   Adams   Lefferson   Levi Llucoln   Mass   1801   Monroe   William Pinkney   Pa   1814   Hefferson   Levi Llucoln   Mass   1801   Monroe   William Pinkney   William Pinkney   Pa   1814   William Pinkney   Willia		stmaster-General was no	TTOR	NEYS	S-CENERAL	L		
Adams	Washington	Edmund Randolph	1779	117891	Jefferson	Casar A. Rodney	Del	
Jefferson[Levi Lincoln	6.6	Charles Lee	Va	1795	14	William Pinkney	Md	1811
" John Breckinridge Ky 1805   " William Wirt	Tefferson	Levi Llucoln	Mass	3 18011	Monroe	RICHARD RUSH	£ 84	1817
	4.6	John Breckinridge	(Ky	( <b>1805</b>		William Wirt	[Va	1817

#### ATTORNEYS-GENERAL-Continued.

PRESIDENTS.	Cabinet Officers,	Resi- dences.	Ap- point'd	PRESIDENTS.	Cabinet Officers.	Resi- dences.	Ap- point'd
Jackson	William Wirt John McP. Berrien	Ga	1829	Grant	William M. Evarts Ebenezer R. Hoar	Mass	1869
**	Roger B. Taney Benjamin F. Butler	Md	1831		Amos T. Akerman George H. Williams	Ore	1871
Van Buren	Foliv Grundy	Tenn	1837 1838		Edwards Pierrepont Alphonso Talt Charles Devens	lOhio	11876
	John J. Crittenden	LK.V	1 1841	Arthur	wayne Macveagh	Fa	1881
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Polk	John Y Mason Nathan Clifford	Va Me	1845 1846	Cleveland .	William H. H. Miller Richard Olney	Mass	1893
Taylor	Reverdy Johnson	Md	1849	McKinley	Judson Harmon Joseph McKenna John W. Griggs	Cal	1897
Pierce	John J. Crittenden Caleb Cushing Jeremiah S. Black	Mass	1853		Philander C. Knox	Pa	
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Edwin M. Stanton Edward Bates	44	1860 1861	::	William H. Moody Charles J. Bonaparte	Mass.	1904 1906
Johnson	James Speed	Ку	1864 1865	Wilson	Geo. W. Wickersham James C. McReynolds	.Tenn	1913
	Henry Stanbery	"Obio	1 1866		Thomas W. Gregory	rexas	.1 1914

SECRETARIES OF COMMERCE AND LABOR.

Roosevelt. | George B. Cortelyou, | N. Y. | 1903 | Roosevelt. | Oscar S. Straus, | N. Y. | 1906 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1909 | 1 Above department divided in 1913 into Department of Commerce and Department of Labor as

Above department divided in 1913 into Department of Committee and Department of Committee and Department of Committee and Department of Committee and Department of Committee and Department of Committee and Department of Committee and Department of Committee and Department of Committee and Department of Committee and Department of Committee and Department of Committee and Department of Committee and Department of Committee and Department of Committee and Department of Committee and Department of Committee and Department of Committee and Department of Committee and Department of Committee and Department of Committee and Department of Committee and Department of Committee and Department of Committee and Department of Committee and Department of Committee and Department of Committee and Department of Committee and Department of Committee and Department of Committee and Department of Committee and Department of Committee and Department of Committee and Department of Committee and Department of Committee and Department of Committee and Department of Committee and Department of Committee and Department of Committee and Department of Committee and Department of Committee and Department of Committee and Department of Committee and Department of Committee and Department of Committee and Department of Committee and Department of Committee and Department of Committee and Department of Committee and Department of Committee and Department of Committee and Department of Committee and Department of Committee and Department of Committee and Department of Committee and Department of Committee and Department of Committee and Department of Committee and Department of Committee and Department of Committee and Department of Committee and Department of Committee and Department of Committee and Department of Committee and Department of Committee and Department of Committee and Department of Committee and Department of Committee and Department of Committee and Department of Committee and Department of Committee and Department of Commit

JUSTICES	OF T	HΕ	UNI.	TED	STATES	SUPREME	COURT.			
	SERVIC	к.	1	,	1		SERVICE.			
Name.		1 4	Born.	Died.	N	NAME.	Term.	100	Born.	Died.
TANDE.	Term.	15			1		Term.	Yrs.	- 1	
7 1 7 37 37	1789-179	5 -	1745	1000	Nooh H St	wayne, Ohio	1861-1881	20	1804	1884
John Jay, N. Y	1780-170	ĭ i	1739		Samuel E	Miller, Iowa	1862-1890	28	1816	1890
John Rutledge, S. C	1789-181		1733	1910	David Day	is, 111	1862-1877	15	1815	1886
William Cushing, Mass James Wilson, Pa			1742		Stephen 1	Field, Cal	1863-1897	34	1816	1899
John Blair, Va	1789-179	6	11732		Salmon P	Chase, Ohio		9	1808	1873
Robert H Harrison, Md.	11789-179	ŏl -	11745	1790	William St	rong, Pa	1870-1880	10	1808	1895
James Iredell, N. C	1790-179		911751	1799	Joseph P. J	Bradley, N. J	1870-1892	22	1813	1892
Thomas Johnson, Md	1791-179					it, N. Y	1872-1882	10	1811	1886
William Paterson, N. J	1793-180		3 1745	1806	Morrison I	R. Waite, Ohio	1874-1888	14	1816	1888
John Rulledge, S. C	1795-179			1800	John M. H	larlan, Ky	1877-1911			
Samuel Chase, Md	1796-181	1116	5 1741	1811	William B.	. Woods, Ga	1880-1887			1887
Oliver Ellsworth, Ct	(1796-180	0  -	11745	$\bar{1}807$		atthews, Ohio	1881-1889			1889
Bushrod Washington, Va	1798-182	9 3.	1 1762	1829		ay, Mass	1881-1902			
Alfred Moore, N. C	1799-180	4	5 1755	1810		atchford, N. Y.	1882-1893			
John Marshall, Va	1801-183					. Lamar, Miss	1888-1893			
William Johnson, S. C	1804-183	4 30	1771	1834	Melville W.	. Fuller, Ill	1888-1910			
Brock, Livingston, N. Y.	1806-182	3 1	7 1757	1823	David J. F	Brewer, Kan	1889-1910			
Thomas Todd, Ky						Brown, Mich.	1890-1906			
Joseph Story, Mass						ras, Jr Pa	1892-1903	13	1852	1910
Gabriel Duval, Md	11811-188	6 2	5 1752	1844	Howell E	Jackson, Tenn.	1893-1895			1895
Smith Thompson, N. Y.	1823-184		1767	1843		White La	1894-1910			
Robert Trimble, Ky	1826-182	8	2 1777	1828		Peckham, N.Y.	1895-1909			
John McLean, Obio	1829-186	1 3	2 1785	1861	Joseph Mc	Kenna, Cal	1898 1902		$\frac{1843}{1841}$	
Henry Baldwin, Pa	1830-184	6 1	5 1779	1844	Oliver W.	Holmes, Mass	1902		1849	
James M. Wayne. Ga		7 8	2 1790	1867		Day, Ohio.			1853	
Roger B. Taney, Md		14 2	5 1777	1864		I. Moody. Mass.	1909-1914	4	1844	1914
Philip P. Barbour, Va	1836-184		5 1783	1841		Inrion, Tenn.	1:10-1916		1862	
John Catron, Tenn	1837-186	5 2	5 1780	1800	Charles F.	Hughes, N. Y. Devanter, W.yo.			1859	• • • • •
John McKinley, Ala		2	011780	1000	Tecoph D. I	Lamar, Ga	1910-1916		1857	1916
Peter V. Daniel, Va		0 1	1700	1000	Joseph K. 1	White. La	1910		1845	1010
Samuel Nelson, N. Y		5 2	6 1789	1070		tney, N. J	1912		1858	
Levi Woodbury, N. H	. 1845-185 . 1846-185					eynolds.Tenn.			1862	
Robert C. Grier, Pa		2 2	6 1600	1874	Tonie D B	randeis, Mass	1916-		1856	
Benj. R. Curtis, Mass	1852-186		8 1811	1889	Tohn H C	larke, Ohio	1916		1857	
John A. Campbell, Ala	. 1858-188	21 0	311803	1881	John II. C	101110, 01110				,
Nathan Clifford, Me	1000-100	12 60	0.1000	. 1001						

Names of the Chief Justices in italics,

## APPORTIONMENT OF CONCRESSIONAL REPRESENTATION.

]	Ratios under Constitution and at each Census, 1790 to 1910, by States.													
RATIOS UNDER CONSTITUTION AND CENSUSES.														
	Constitution.	1790	1800	1810	1820	1830	1840	1850	1860	1870	1880	1890	1900	1910
STATE.	30, 000.	33,000.	33,000.	35,000.	40,000.	47,700.	70,680.	93, 423.	127,381.	131, 425.	151.911.	173,901.	194,182.	211,877.
						Rep	esent	ation.						
Alabama	,			1	3	5	7	7	6	8	. 8	9	9	10-
Arizona					••••	1	"i	2		4				1 7 11
Arkansas California							2	2	3	4	5	7	7 8 3 5	11
Colorado										1 4	1	$\frac{7}{2}$	3	5
Connecticut	5	7	7	7	6	6	4	4	4		4	. 4		5
Delaware	1	1	1	2	1	1	1 1	1	1	$\frac{1}{2}$	1	1	$\frac{1}{2}$	1
Florida Georgia	3	2	4	6	7	9	8	8	7	9	10	$\frac{2}{11}$	11	12
Idaho				·i·	i			9			1 20	Î	î	$1\frac{4}{2}$ $27$ $13$
Illinois	• • • • •			1	3	3	7 10	11	14	19 13	20 13	1 22 13	25 13	27
Indiana				1	°	'								
Iowa	••••		••••				2	2	$\frac{6}{1}$	9	11	11 8	11	11
Kansas Kentucky		2	6	10	12	13	10	10	9	10	11	ıî	11	11
Louisiana				* 7	3	3 8	4	4	5	6	6	6		- 8
Maine	6			* 7	12 3 7 9	8	$\frac{7}{6}$	6	5	5	4	4	7 4 6	8 4 6
Marylaud		8				s		6	!	6	6	6	- 1	
Massachusetts	8	14	17	13	13	12	10	11	10	11	12	13	14	16
Minnesota	• • • •					1	3	$\frac{4}{2}$	6 2	9	11	12	12 9	13 10
Mississippi				1	1 1	2	4	5	2 5	6	5 7 14	7 7 15	8	8
Missouri						2	5	7	9	13	14	15	16	16
Montana		• • • • •			• • • • •		• • • •			••••	1	1	1	2
Nebraska									1	1	3	6	6	6
Nevada	3	4	5	6	6		4	3	3	3	1 2	1 2 8	$\frac{1}{2}$	2.
N. Hampshire New Jersey	4	5	6	6	6	6	5	5	5	1 3 7	$\frac{2}{7}$	ี 8	10	12 12 1
New Mexico	6			27										1
New York		10	17		34	40	34	33	31	33	34	34	37	43
North Carolina.	5	10	12	13	13	13	9	8	7	8	9	9	10	10
North Dakota Ohio			ï	6	14	19	21	21	19	20	$21^{-1}$	$\frac{1}{21}$	$\frac{2}{21}$	3. 22.
Oklahoma													1	8 3
Oregon		ïä	18	23	26	28	24	25	$\frac{1}{24}$	1 27	28	30 30	2 32	3
Pennsylvania	8	1												36
Rhode Island	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	$\begin{array}{c} 2\\7\\2\\10\end{array}$	2	2 7 2	3 7 3 10 18
South Carolina. South Dakota.	5	6	8	9	9	9	7	6	4	5	5	3	5	7
Tennessee		"i	3	6		iii	iï	10	8	10	10	7 2 10	10	10
Texas							2	2	4	6	11	13	16	18
Utah	••••	• • • • •	• • • •	• • • • •	• • • • •		• • • •	• • • • •			• • • •	!!	1	2
Vermont	·;;;	,2	4	6	5	5	4	3	3	3	10	10	12	2
Virginia		19	22	23	22	21	15	13	11	9	10	10	10	10 5
West Virginia.										3	4	$\frac{2}{4}$	3 5	6.
Wisconsin							2	3	6	8	9	10	11	11
Wyoming				700				005	040	000	\	1	1	105
Total	65	106	142	186	213	242	232	237	243	293	332	357	386	435

\* Included in the 20 members originally assigned to Massachusetts, but credited to Maine after its admission as a State March 15, 1820.

Note—The following representation included in the table was added after the several census apportionments indicated: Pirst—Tennessee, 1. Second—Ohio, 1. Third—Alabama, 1; Illinois, 1; Indiana, 1; Louisiana, 1; Maine, 7; Mississippi, 1. Fifth—Arkansus, 1; Michigan, 1. Sixth—California, 2; Florida, 1; Iowa, 2; Texas, 2; Wisconsin, 2. Seventh—Massachusetts, 1; Minnesota, 2; Oregon, 1. Eighth—Illinois, 1; Iowa, 1; Kentucky, 1; Minnesota, 1; Nebraska, 1; Nevada, 1; Ohio, 1; Pennsylvania, 1; Rhode Island, 1; Vermoni, 1. Ninth—Colorado, 1. Tenth—Idaho, 1; Montana, 1; North Dakota, 1; South Dakota, 2; Washington, 1; Wyoming, 1. Eleventh—Utah, 1. Thirteenth—Alabama, 1; Arizona, 1; California, 3; Colorado, 1; Florida, 2; Georgia, 1; Idaho, 1; Illinois, 2; Louisiana, 1; Massachusetts, 2; Michigan, 1, Minnesota, 1; Montana, 1; New Jersey, 2; New Mexico, 1; New York, 6; North Dakota, 1; Ohio, 1; Oklahoma, 8; Oregon, 1; Pennsylvania, 4; Rhode Island, 1; South Dakota, 1; Texas, 2; Utah, 1; Washington, 2; West Virginia, 1.

# THE SIXTY-FOURTH CONCRESS. BEGAN MARCH 4, 1915, AND ENDS MARCH 4, 1917.

SENATE. .Thomas R. Marshall, Dem., of Indiana. .James Marion Baker, Dem., of South Carolina. Secretary..... Terms Expire. Senators. P. O. Address. ALABAMA.

1919. John H. Bankhead, D.... Jasper.
1921. Oscar W. Underwood, D... Birmingham. NEBRASKA. 1917. G. M. Hitchcock, D. . . . Omaha. 1919. Geo. W. Norris, R. . . . . McCook. ARIZONA.

1917. Henry F. Ashurst, D. . . . . Prescott.
1921. Marcus A. Smith, D. . . . . Tucson. NEVADA. 1917...Key Plttman, D.............Tonopah. 1921...Francis G. Newlands, D.....Reno. ARKANSAS.

1919. Joe T. Robinson, D. . . . Lonoke.
1921. William F. Kirby, D. . . . Texarkana. CALIFORNIA. NEW JERSEY. 1917. John D. Works, R.... Los Angeles. 1921. Jas. D. Phelan, D.... San Francisco. 1917. James E. Martine, D. Plainfield. 1919. William Hughes, D. Paterson. COLORADO. 1919 John F. Shafroth, D. Denver. 1921 Charles S. Thomas, D. Denver. NEW MEXICO. 1917. Thomas B. Catron, R. . . . Santa Fé CONNECTICUT.

1917. George P. McLean, R.... Slmsbury.
1921. Frank B. Brandegee, R... New London 1919. Albert B. Fall, R. ..... Three Rivers. NEW YORK. 1917. James A. O'Gorman, D.... New York, 1921. James W. Wadsworth, Jr., R. Mount Morris DELAWARE.
1917. Henry A. du Pont, R. . . . Winterthur.
1919. Willard Saulsbury, D. . . . . Wilmington. NORTH CAROLINA.
1919. F. McL. Simmons, D..... Newbern,
1921. Lee S. Overman, D..... Salisbury. FLORIDA. 1917. Nathan P. Bryan, D. ... Jacksonville, 1921. Duncan U. Fletcher, D. ... Jacksonville. NORTH DAKOTA.

1917. Porter J. McCumber, R.... Wahpeton.
1921. Asie J. Gronna, R.... Lakota. 1919. Thomas W. Hardwick, D. ... Sandersville. 1921. Hoke Smith, D. ... Atlanta. IDAHO. 1919. William E. Borah, R. Bolsé. 1921. James H. Brady, R. Pocatello. OKLAHOMA, 1919 . Robert L. Owen, D. . . . Muskogee. 1921 . Thomas P. Gore, D. . . Lawton. ILLINOIS. 1919. Harry Lane, D. . . . . Portland. 1921. George E. Chamberlain, D. . Portland. 1919. Hamilton Lewis, D. Chicago. 1921. L. Y. Sherman, R. Springfield. INDIANA. 1917. John W. Kern, D. . . . . Indianapolis. 1921. James E. Watson, R. . . . . Indianapolis. PENNSYLVANIA. 1917. Geo. T. Oliver. R. Pittsburgh. 1921. Boies Penrose, R. Philadelphla. 10WA.
1919. William S. Kenyon, R.... Fort Dodge.
1921. Albert B. Cummins, R.... Des Moines. RHODE ISLAND. 1917. Henry F. Lippitt, R. . . . Providence. 1919. Le Baron B. Colt, R. . . . Bristol. SOUTH CAROLINA.

1919. Beni. R. Tillman, D. . . . . Trenton.
1921. Ellison D. Smith, D. . . . . . Florence. KENTUCKY. SOUTH DAKOTA.

1919. Thomas Sterling, R..... Vermillon,
1921. Ed. S. Johnson, D..... Yankton. 1919. Olite M. James, D. . . . . Marion. 1921. J. C. W. Beckliam, D. . . . Frankfort. LOUISIANA. 1919...Joseph E. Ransdell, D.....I.. Providence. 1921...Robt. F. Broussard, D.....New Iberia. MAINE. TEXAS.
1917. Charles A. Culberson, D. . . . Dallas.
1919. Morris Sheppard, D. . . . . Texarkana. 1917. Charles F. Johnson, D. . . . Waterville. 1919. Bert M. Fernald, R. . . . West Poland. MARYLAND. UTAH. 1917. George Sutherland, R. Salt Lake City. 1921. Reed Smoot, R. Provo. MASSACHUSETTS.
1917...Henry C. Lodge, R........Nahant,
1919...John W. Weeks, R.......West Newton. VERMONT. MICHIGAN. VIRGINIA. 1917. Charles E. Townsend, R. . . Jackson. 1919. William A. Smith, F. . . . . . Grand Rapids. 1917. Claude A. Swanson, D. . . . Chatham. 1919. Thomas S. Martin, D. . . . . Charlottesville. MINNESOTA. WASHINGTON. 1917. Moses E. Clapp, R. . . . . St. Paul. 1919. Knute Nelson, R. . . . . Alexandria. MISSISSIPPI. MONTANA. 1917. Clarence D. Clark, R. Evanston, 1919 Francis E. Warren, R. Cheyenne. 1919. Thomas J. Walsh, D. Hamilton.

D., Democrats, 55; R., Republicans, 41. Total, 96.
The salary of a Senator is \$7,500 per annum. Congress each session votes an appropriation of 20 cents per mile for travelling from and to the seat of government.

#### HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

HOUSE OF RE	PRESENTATIVES.
Dist. Representatives. Politics. P.O. Address.	Dist. Representatives. Politics. P. O. Address. ILLINOIS—Continued.
1 O. L. Gray. Dem. Mobile. 2 S. H. Dent, Jr.* Dem. Montgomery. 3 H. B. Steagall Dem. Ozark. 4 F. L. Blackmon* Dem. Anniston. 5 J. T. Hefiln* Dem. Lafayette. 6 W. B. Oliver. Dem. Tuscaloosa. 7 J. L. Burnett* Dem. Gadsden. 8 E. B. Almon Dem. Tuscumbla. 9 George Huddleston Dem. Lirmingham.  At Large.  J. W. Abereromble* Dem. Tuscaloosa.  ARIZONA. Carl Hayden* Dem. Phoenix.	ILLINOIS — Continued.
A DWANGAG	At Large.  B. M. ChipperfieldRepCanton. W. E. Williams*DemPittsfield.
1 T. H. Caraway*. Dem. Jonesboro. 2 W. A. Oldfield*. Dem. Batesville. 3 J. N. Tullman. Dem. Fayetteville. 4 O. T. Wingo*. Dem. De Queen. 5 H. M. Jaceway*. Dem. Derdanelle. 6 S. M. Taylor*. Dem. Pine Bluff. 7 W. S. Goodwin*. Dem. Warren. California.	1 Charles Lieb* INDIANA.  1 Charles Lieb* Dem. Reckport.  2 W. A. Cullop* Dem. Vincennes.  3 W. E. Cox* Dem. Jasper.  4 Lincol Dixon* Dem. North Vernon.  5 R. W. Moss* Dem. Center Point.
CALIFORNIA.  1 William Kent* Ind Kentfield. 2 J. E. Baker* Dem. Alturas. 3 C. F. Curry* Rep. Sacramento. 4 Julius Kahn* Rep. San Francisco. 5 J. 1. Nolan* Prog. San Francisco. 6 J. A. Elston Prog. Berkeley. 7 D. S. Church* Dem. Fresno. 8 E. A. Hayes* Rep. San José. 9 C. H. Randall Dem. Los Angeles. 10 H. S. Benediet. Rep. Los Angeles. 11 William Kettner* Dem. San Diego.	Charles Lieb* Dem. Reckport.
9 C. H. Randall Dem. Los Angeles. 10 H. S. Benedict Rep. Los Angeles. 11 William Kettner* Dem. San Diego.	1 C. A. Kennedy*. Rep. Montrose. 2 H. E. Hull Rep. Williamsburg. 3 B. E. Sweet Rep. Waverly.
1 B. C. Hilllard Dem. Denver. 2 Charles B. Timberlake. Rep. Sterling. 3 Edward Keating** Dem. Pueblo. 4 Edward T. Taylor* Dem. Glenwood Sp'g.	y W. R. Gleentep
CONNECTICUT.  1 P. D. Oakey Rep. Hartferd.  2 R. P. Freeman Rep. New London.  3 J. Q. Tilson† Rep. New Haven.  4 E. J. Hilli† Rep. Norwalk.  5 J. P. Glynn Rep. Winsted.	10 F. P. Woods* Rep. Estherville. 11 T. J. Steele. Dem. Sloux City.  KANSAS.  1 D. R. Anthony, J.** Rep. Leavenworth. 2 Joseph Taggart* Dem. Kansas City. 3 P. P. Campbell* Rep. Pittsburg. 4 Dudley Doolittle* Dem. Kansas City. 5 G. T. Helvering* Dem. Araysville. 6 J. R. Connelly* Dem. Colby. 7 Jouett Shouse. Dem. Kinsley. 8 W. A. Ayres. Dem. Wichita.
DELAWARE.  At Large.	4 Dudley Doolittle* Dem. Strong City.
T W Miller Ren Wilmington	6 J. R. Connelly* Dem. Colhy. 7 Jouett Shouse. Dem. Kinsley. 8 W. A Ayros Dem. Wichita.
FLORIDA.  1 S. M. Sparkman* Dem. Tampa.  2 Frank Clark*. Dem. Gainesville.  3 Emmett Wilson* Dem. Pensacola.  4 W. J. Sears. Dem. Kissimmee.	KENTUCKY  1 A. W. Barkley* Dem. Paducah. 2 D. H. Kinchloe Dem. Madisənville. 3 R. Y. Thomas Jr.*. Dem. Central City.
1 C. G. Edwards* Dem Savannah. 2 Frank Park* Dem Sylvester. 3 C. R. Crisp* Dem Americus. 4 W. C. Adamson* Dem Carrelliton. 5 W. S. Howard* Dem Kirkwood. 6 J. W. Wise Dem Fayetteville. 7 Gordon Lee* Dem Chiekamauga.	A W. A Ayres.  KENTUCKY  1 A. W. Barkley*. Dem. Paducah. 2 D. H. Kinchloe. Dem. Madisonville. 3 R. Y. Thomas, Jr.*. Dem. Central City. 4 Ben Jebnson*. Dem Bardstown. 5 Swagar Sherley*. Dem. Louisville. 6 A B. Rouse*. Dem Burlington. 7 J. C. Cantrill*. Dem. Georgetown. 8 Harvey Helm*. Dem Stanford. 9 W. J. Fields*. Dem. Olive Hill. 10 J. W. Langley*. Rep. Pikeville. 11 Caleb Powers*. Rep. Barbourville.
9 Thomas M. Bell* Dem. Gainesville 10 Carl Vinson* Dem. Milledgeville, 11 J. R. Walker* Dem. Valdosta. 12 D. M. Hughes* Dem. Danville, 11 DaHO.	1 Aleb Towers  LOUISIANA.  1 Aleb Testopinal* 2 H. G. Dupré* Dem. New Orleans. 3 W. P. Martin. 4 J. T. Watkins* Dem. Minden. 5 Riley J. Wilson. Ch. L. Morgan* Dem. Covington. 7 L. Lazaro* Dem. Washington. 8 J. B. Aswell* Dem. Natehitoches.
Robert McCracken Rep Bolsé. A. T. Smith* Rep Twin Falls.	6 L. L. Morgan* Dem. Covington. 7 L. Lazaro* Dem. Washington. 8 J. B. Aswell* Dem. Natehitoches.
A. T. Smith* Rep. Twin Falls,  "ILLINOIS."  1 M. B. Madden* Rep. Chicago.  2 J. R. Mann* Rep. Chicago.  3 G. W. Wilson* Rep. Chicago.  4 J. T. McDermott* Dem Chicago.  5 A. J. Sabath* Dem Chicago.  6 James McAndrews* Dem Chicago.  7 Frank Buchanan* Dem Chicago.  8 Thomas Gallagher* Dem Chicago.  9 F. A. Britten* Rep. Chicago.  10 G. E. Foss*, Rep. Chicago.  11 I. C. Copley* Prog Aurora.  12 C. E. Fuller* Rep. Belvidere.	MAINE
8 Thomas Gallagher*, Dem. Chicago. 9 F. A. Britten*, Rep. Chicago. 10 G. E. Fosst, Rep. Chicago. 11 I. C. Copley*, Prog. Aurora. 12 C. E. Fuller*, Rep. Belvidere.	2 J. F. C. Talbett*. Dem. Lutherville. 3 C. P. Coady*. Dem. Baltimore. 4 J. C. Linthleum*. Dem. Baltimore. 5 S. E. Mudd. Rep. La Plata. 6 D. J. Lewis*. Dem. Cumberlaud.

MASSACHUSETTS.	NEW JERSEY.
MASSACHUSETTS.  1 A. T. Treadway*. Rep. Stockbridge. 2 F. H. Gillett*. Rep. Springfield. 3 C. D. Palge*. Rep. Southbridge. 4 S. E. Winslow*. Rep. Worcester. 5 J. J. Rogers*. Rep. Lowell. 6 A. P. Gardner*. Rep. Hamilton. 7 M. F. Phelan*. Dem. Lynn. 8 F. W. Dallinger. Rep. Cambridge. 9 E. W. Roberts*. Rep. Lokelsea. 10 P. F. Tague. Dem. Boston. 11 G. H. Tinkham. Rep. Boston. 12 J. A. Gallivan*. Dem. Boston. 12 J. A. Gallivan*. Dem. Boston. 13 W. H. Carter. Rep. Rep. Rep. Cambridge. 14 Richard Olney, 2d. Dem. Boston. 15 W. S. Greene*. Rep. New Bedford.	Dist. Representatives. Politics. P. O. Address.  1 William J. Browning* Rep., Camden.  2 Issae Bacharach Rep., Atlantic City.  3 T. J. Scul y* Dem., South Amboy.  4 E. C. Hutchinson. Rep. Trenton.  5 J. H. Capstick. Rep. Montville.  6 A. C. Hart*. Dem. Hackensack.  7 D. H. Drukker* Rep. Passalc.  8 E. W. Gray Rep. Newark.  9 R. W. Parker* Rep. Newark.  10 Fred R. Lehlbach. Rep., Newark.  11 J. J. Eagan* Dem. Veebawken.  12 J. A. Hamili* Dem. Jersey City.  NEW MEXICO.  At Large.  B. C. Hernandez. Rep. Tierra Amarilla.
1 F. E. Doremus* Dem Detr' it. 2 S. W. Beakes* Dem Ann Arbor. 3 J. M. C. Smith* Rep. Charlotte. 4 E. L. Hamilton* Rep. Niles. 5 C. E. Mapes* Rep. Grand Rapids. 6 P. H. Kelley* Rep. Lansing. 7 I. C. Cramton* Rep. Lansing. 9 J. C. Webaughian* Rep. Miskergon. 10 G. A. Loud* Rep. Bay City. 11 F. D. Seott. Rep. Hancock. 12 W. Forlney* Rep. Hancock. 13 C. A. Nichols. MINNESOTA. 1 Sydney Anderson* Rep. Lanesboro. 2 E. E. Ellsworth Rep. Mankato. 3 C. R. Davis* Rep. Mankato. 4 C. C. Van Dyke. Dem St. Peter. 4 C. C. Van Dyke. Dem St. Peter. 5 G. R. Smith* Rep. Little Falls. 7 A. J. Volstcad* Rep. Duluth. 8 C. B. Miller* Rep. Duluth. 9 Halvor Steenerson* Rep. Duluth. 10 Thomas D. Schall. Prog. Minneapolls. 11 F. D. Stephens* Dem Corinth. 12 H. D. Stephens* Dem Meridian. 13 G. A. Humphreya* Dem Greenville. 14 T. U. Sisson* Dem Meridian. 15 Harrison* Dem Meridian. 16 B. P. Harrison* Dem Meridian. 16 B. P. Harrison* Dem Meridian. 17 P. E. Quin* Dem McComb City. 18 J. W. Collier* Dem St. Pem St. P. Dem Corinth. 2 W. W. Rancker* Dem McComb City. 3 J. R. Sephens* Dem McComb City. 4 T. U. Sisson* Dem McComb City. 5 W. Venable Dem McComb City. 5 W. P. Borland* Dem Sephensidian. 6 C. C. Dickinson* Dem Comb City. 6 C. C. Dickinson* Dem Comb City. 7 P. E. Quin* Dem Sephensidian. 7 C. W. Hamilin* Dem Springfield. 8 D. W. Shackleford* Dem Jefferson City. 9 Champ City. 19 C. Decker* Dem McChamb City. 10 J. E. Meeker Rep. St. Louis. 11 J. T. Livye* Dem Charleston. 11 J. T. Livye* Dem Charleston. 12 L. C. Dyerf Rep. St. Louis. 13 W. L. Hensley* Dem Charleston.	1 Frederick C. Hicks. Rep. Port Wash'ton 2 C. P. Caldwell Dem. Forest Hills, 3 Joseph V Flynn Dem. Brooklyn. 4 H. H. Dale* Dem. Brooklyn. 5 J. P. Maher* Dem. Brooklyn. 6 F. W. Rowe. Rep. Brooklyn. 7 J. J. Fitzzerald* Dem. Brooklyn. 8 D. J. Griffin* Dem. Brooklyn. 9 O. W. Swift. Rep. Brooklyn. 10 R. L. Haskell. Rep. Brooklyn. 11 D. J. Riordan* Dem. Brooklyn. 12 Meyer London So. Rep. Brooklyn. 13 Meyer London So. Rep. Brooklyn. 14 C. W. Lordon* Dem. New York City. 15 M. F. Conry* Dem. New York City. 16 Peter Dooling* Dem. New York City. 17 J. F. Carev* Dem. New York City. 18 T. G. Patten* Dem. New York City. 19 W. M. Chandier* Rep. New York City. 19 W. M. Chandier* Rep. New York City. 20 Isaac Siezel. Rep. New York City. 21 Murray Hulbert. Dem. New York City. 22 Henry Bruckner* Dem. New York City. 23 Wm. S. Bennet. Rep. New York City. 24 W. R. Ogleshy* Dem. New York City. 25 J. W. Husted Rep. Poughkeepsle. 26 Edmund Platt* Rep. Poughkeepsle. 27 C. B. Ward. Rep. Silngerlands. 30 W. B. Charles Rep. New York City. 31 B. H. Sanford. Rep. Silngerlands. 32 L. W. Motte* Rep. Detruce. 34 M. Syrachie* Rep. Silngerlands. 35 H. H. Snell. Rep. Syracuse. 36 N. J. Gould Rep. Syracuse. 37 H. H. Pratt. Rep. Rep. Rep. Secense Falls. 38 T. B. Dunn* Rep. Rep. Rep. Rep. Rep. Syracuse. 39 H. G. Danforth* Rep. Buffalo. 40 C. M. Hamilton* Rep. Ripley.
12 V. C. Dyerf Rep St. Louis. 13 W. L. Hersley* Dem Farmington. 14 J. Russel* Dem Charleston. 15 P. D. Decker* Dem Joplin. 16 T. L. Rubey* Dem. Lebanon.  MONTANA.  J. M. Evans* Dem. Lebanon.  MONTANA.  J. M. Evans* Dem. Lewiston.  NEBRASKA.  1 C. F. Reavis Rep Falls City. 2 C. O. Lobeck* Dem Omaha. 3 D. V. Stephens* Dem Fremont. 4 C. H. Sloan* Rep Geneva. 5 A. C. Shallenbergerf Dem Alma. 6 Moses P. Klukaid* Rep. O'Neit.  NEVADA.  L. E. Roberts* Rep Carson City.  NEW HAMPSHIRE. 1 Cyrus A. Sullowayt Rep Manchester. 2 Edward H. Wason Rep Nasbua.	1 J. H. Small* Dem Washington. 2 Claude Kitchin* Dem Scotland Neck. 3 George Hood Dem Goldsboro. 4 E. W. Pou* Dem Smithfield. 5 C. M. Stedman* Dem Gensboro. 6 H. L. Godwin* Dem Dunn. 7 R. N. Page* Dem Biscoe. 8 R. L. Doughton* Dem Laurel Springs. 9 E. Y. Webb* Dem Shelby. 10 J. J. Britt. Rep. Asheville.  NORTH DAKOTA.  1 H. T. Helgesen* Rep. Milton. 2 G. M. Young* Rep. Valley City. 3 P. D. Norton* Rep. Hettinger.  OHIO. 1 Nicholas Longworth† Rep. Cincinnati. 2 A. G. Allen* Dem Hamilton. 4 J. E. Russell. Rep. John Hamilton. 4 J. E. Russell. Rep. Defiance. 6 C. C. Kearns. Rep. Bep. Yellow Springs. 8 J. A. Key* Dem Marion. 9 I. R. Sherwood* Dem Toledo.

OHIO—Continued.	TENNESSEE—Continued.
Dist. Representatives. Politics. P.O. Address.	Dist. Representatives. Politics. P.O. Address.
Dist. Representatives, Pol. t.cs. P. O. Adaress.  10 R. M. Switzer* Rep. Gallipolis.  11 Edwin D. Ricketts Rep. Logan.  12 C. Brumbaugh* Dem. Columbus.  13 A. W. Overnyer Dem. Fremont.  14 S. H. Williams Rep. Lorain.  15 W. C. Mooney. Rep. Woodsfield.  16 R. C. McCulloch. Rep. Canton.  17 W. A. Ashbrook* Dem. Joinstown.  18 D. A. Hollingsworthit Rep. Cadiz.  19 J. G. Cooper. Rep. Youngstown.  20 William Gordon* Dem. Cleveland.  21 Robert Crosser* Dem. Cleveland.  22 H. I. Emerson. Rep. Cleveland.	4 Cordell Hull* Dom. Carthage. 5 W. C. Houston* Dem. Woodbury. 6 J. W. Byrns* Dem. Nashville. 7 L. P. Padgett* Dem. Columbia. 8 T. W. Sims* Dem. Linden. 9 F. J. Garrett* Dem. Dresden. 10 K. D. McKellar* Dem. Momphis.
11 Edwin D. Ricketts Rep., Logan.	5 W. C. Houston*Dem., Woodbury,
12 C. Brumbaugh*Dem. Columbus.	6 J. W. Byrns*DemNashville.
13 A. W. OvermyerDem. Fremont.	7 L. P. Padgett*DemColumbia.
14 S. H. WilliamsRepLorain.	8 T. W. Sims* Dem. Linden.
16 R C McCulloch Pen Canton	10 K D McKeller* Dem Memphis
17 W. A. Ashbrook* Dem. Johnstown	10 K. D. McKellat Dem. Mempuls.
IS D. A. Hollingswortht Rep. Cadiz.	TEXAS.
19 J. G. Cooper	2 Martin Diac* Dem Regument
20 William Gordon* Dem. Cleveland.	3 James Voung* Dem Kaufman
21 Robert Crosser* Dem. Cleveland.	4 Sam Rayburn* Dem. Bonham.
22 H. I. Emerson Rep Cleveland.	5 H. W. Sumners* Dem . Dallas.
OKLAHOMA.	6 Rufus Hardy*DemCorsicana.
1 J. S. Davenport*Dem. Vlnita.	7 A. W. Gregg*DemPalestine.
2 W. W. Hastings. Dem. Talequah. 3 C. D. Carter*. Dem. Ardmore.	8 J. H. Eagle*DemHouston.
A W H Murray* Dem Tishomingo	9 G. F. Burgess*Dem., Gonzales.
5 J. B. Thompson* Dem Pauls Valley	II R I. Henry* Dem Waco
5 J. B. Thompson* Dem. Pauls Valley. 6 Scott Ferris* Dem. Lawton.	12 Oscar Callaway* Dem Comanche
7 J. V. McClintic	13 J. H. Stephens*Dem. Vernon.
8 D. T. Morgan*RepWoodward.	14 J. L. Slayden*Dem. San Antonio.
OREGON.	15 J. N. Garner*Dcm. Uvalde.
1 W. C. Hawley*	10 K. D. McKellar*   Dem. Memphis.
2 C. M. Mearthur Rep., The Dalles,	At Large.
J. S. Davenport* Dem Vinita.  1 J. S. Davenport* Dem Vinita.  2 W. W. Hastings Dem Talequah.  3 C. D. Carter* Dem Ardmore.  4 W. H. Murray* Dem Tishomingo.  5 J. B. Thompson* Dem Pauls Valley.  6 Scott Ferris* Dem Lawton.  7 J. V. McClintic Dem Snyder  8 D. T. Morgaa* Rep. Woodward.  1 W. C. Hawley* Rep. Salem.  2 N. J. Sinnott* Rep. The Dalles,  3 C. N. McArthur Rep. Portland.	J. H. DavisDem. Sulphur Springs.
PENNSYLVANIA.	Jen. McLemoreDem. Houston.
2 G S Graham* Rep. Philodelphia	At Large.   J. H. Davis.   Dem. Sulphur Springs. Jeff. McLemore   Dem. Houston.
3 J. H. Moore* Rep. Philadelphia.	2 J H Mays Dem Salt Lake Clty
4 G. W. Edmonds*RepPhiladelphia.	VERMONT.
5 P. E. CostelloRepTacony.	1 F. L. Greene*RepSt. Albans.
6 G. P. DarrowRepPhiladelphia.	2 P. H. DaleRepIsland Pond.
7 T. S. Butler*RepWest Chester.	VIRGINIA.
8 H. W. WatsonRepLangnorne.	1 W. A. Jones*Dem., Warsaw.
10 I D Forr* Pen Serenton	2 E. E. Holland*DemSuffolk.
11 J J Casey* Dem Wilkes-Barre.	3 A. J. Montague*DemRichmond,
12 R. D. Heaton	4 W. A. Watson*Dem. Jenn'gs Ordinary
13 A. G. DewaltDemAllentown.	5 E. W. Saunders*Dem. Rockymount,
14 L. T. McFaddenRep Canton.	1 W. A. Jones* VIRGINIA.
15 E. R. Kiess*RepWilliamsport.	8 C. C. Carlin*Dem. Alexandria.
16 J. V. Lesner* Dem. Sunbury.	9 C. B. Slemp*
18 A S Vroidor* Den Appville	10 H. D. Flood*DemAppomattox.
19 W. W. Bailey* Dem. Johnstown.	WASHINGTON.
20 C. W. Beales Rep Gettysburg.	1 W. E. Humphrey* Rep. Seattle. 2 L. H. Hadley Rep. Bellingham, 3 A. Johnson* Rep. Hoquiam. 4 W. L. La Follette* Rep. Pullman. 5 C. C. Dill. Dem Spokane.
21 C. H RowlandRepPhillpsburg.	2 L. H. Hadley
22 A. L. Keister*RepScottdale.	3 A. Johnson*
23 R. E. Hopwood	5 C C Dill Dem Spokene
25 Michael Hobel Ir Dem Frie	o C. C. Dili
26 H. J. Steele Dem Easton.	WEST VIRGINIA.
27 S. T. North	2 Geo M Rowers Rep Martinshurg
28 S. H. MillertRepMercer	3 Adam B. Littlepaget Dem. Charleston.
29 S. G. Porter*RepPittsburgh.	4 Harry C. Woodyardt Rep Spencer.
30 W. H. Coleman	5 Ed. Cooper
22 A I Barchfold* Ren Pittsburgh	At Large,
3 C. N. McArthur Rep. Portland.  1 W. S. Vare* PENNSYUAVIA.  1 W. S. Vare* Rep. Philadelphia. 2 G. S. Graham* Rep. Philadelphia. 3 J. H. Moore* Rep. Philadelphia. 4 G. W. Edmonds* Rep. Philadelphia. 5 P. E. Costello Rep. Tacony. 6 G. P. Darrow Rep. Philadelphia. 7 T. S. Butler* Rep. West Chester. 8 H. W. Watson Rep. Langaborne. 9 W. W. Griest* Rep. Langaborne. 10 J. R. Farr* Rep. Seranton. 11 J. J. Cascy* Dem Wilkes-Barre. 12 R. D. Heaton Rep. Ashland. 13 A. G. Dewalt Dem Allentown. 14 L. T. McFadden Rep. Canton. 15 E. R. Kiess* Rep. Williamsport. 16 J. V. Lesher* Dem Sunbury. 17 B. K. Fochti* Rep. Lewisburg. 18 A. S. Kreider* Rep. Lewisburg. 18 A. S. Kreider* Rep. Annville. 19 W. W. Balley Dem Johnstown. 20 C. W. Beales Rep. Gettysburg. 22 A. L. Keister* Rep. Scriddale. 23 R. E. Howoon Rep. Philipsburg. 24 Henry Demple Rep. Washington. 25 Henry Lewisburg. 26 H. Rep. Philipsburg. 27 S. T. North. Rep. Punsutawney. 28 S. H. Miller† Rep. Punsutawney. 29 S. H. Miller† Rep. Punsutawney. 29 S. H. Miller† Rep. Pittsburgh. 20 W. H. Coleman Rep. Pittsburgh. 21 J. M. Morln* Rep. Pittsburgh. 22 A. J. Barchfeld* Rep. Pittsburgh. 23 A. J. Barchfeld* Rep. Pittsburgh. 26 J. J. Lafean' Rep. Pittsburgh. 27 J. J. M. Morln* Rep. Pittsburgh. 28 J. J. M. Holeman Rep. Pittsburgh. 29 J. J. Lafean' Rep. Pittsburgh. 20 J. J. Lafean' Rep. Pittsburgh. 20 J. J. Lafean' Rep. Pittsburgh. 21 J. M. Morln* Rep. Pittsburgh. 22 J. J. J. M. John Rep. Pittsburgh. 25 J. J. J. J. J. J. J. J. J. J. J. J. J.	5 C. C. Dill. Dem. Spokane.  1 M. M. Neely* WEST VRGINIA.  1 Geo. M. Bowers Lep. Martinsburg.  3 Adam B. Littlepaget Dem. Charleston.  4 Harry C. Woodyard Rep. Spencer.  5 Ed. Cooper Rep. Bramwell.  4 Large. H. Sutherland* Rep. Elkius.  WISCONSIN.  1 H. A. Cooper* Rep. Raclne.  2 M. E. Burke* Dem. Beaver Dam.  3 J. M. Nelson* Rep. Madison.  4 W J. Cary* Rep. Milwaukee.  5 W. H. Stafford* Rep. Milwaukee.  6 M. K. Reilly* Dem. Fond du Lae.  7 J. J. Esch* Rep. La Crosse.  8 E. E. Erowne* Rep. Waupaca.  9 T. F. Konop* Dem. Green Bay.  10 J. A. Fear* Rep. Hudson.  11 L. Lenroot* Rep. Superior.
T. S. Cragot	1 H A Cooper* Rep Racine
M. H. GarlandRepPittsburgh.	2 M. E. Burke*Dem. Beaver Dam.
D. F. Lafean' Rep York.	3 J. M. Nelson*RepMadison.
John R. Scott	4 W J. Cary*
RHODE ISLAND,	5 W. H. Stafford*RepMilwankee.
2 W R Stiness Rep Cowesett	7 I I Esch* Den La Crosse
3 Ambrose Kennedy* Ren Woonsocket.	8 E. E. Browne* Rep Wannaca
SOUTH CAROLINA.	9 T. F. Konop* Dem. Green Bay.
1 R. S. Whaley*DemCharleston.	10 J. A. Frear*RepHudson.
2 J. F. Byrnes* Dem. Alken.	11 I. L. Lenroot*RepSuperior.
3 Wyatt Alken*DemAbbeville.	$egin{array}{c}  ext{WYOMING.} \ A & Large. \  ext{F} & W. Mondell* Rep Newcastle.} \end{array}$
5 D E Finley* Dem York	A Large.
6 J. W. Ragsdale* Dem. Florence.	r w. Monden
7 A. F. Lever*	ALASKA.  James Wickersham*RepFairbanks.
SOUTH DAKOTA.	James wickersnam*RepFairbanks.
1 C. H. Dillon*RepYankton.	J K Kalaniansole Ron Honolulu
2 K. C. Johnson	J. K. KalanianaoleRepHonolulu.
o H. I. Gandy	Resident Commissioner
RHODE ISLAND.  1 G. F. O'Shaunessy* Dem Providence.  2 W. R. Stiness Rep. Cowesett.  3 Ambrose Kennedy* Rep. Woonsocket.  1 R. S. Whale Would Carolina.  2 J. F. Byrnes* Dem Alken.  3 Wyatt Alken* Dem Abeville.  4 S. J. Nicholis. Dem Spartanburg.  5 D. E. Finley* Dem Forence.  6 J. W. Ragsslale* Dem Forence.  7 A. F. Lever* Dem Lexington.  1 C. H. Dillon* Rep. Yankton.  2 R. C. Johnson Rep. Aberdeen.  3 H. I. Gandy Dem Rapid City.  5 S. R. Sells* Rep. Johnson City.  2 R. W. Austin* Rep. Knoxville.  3 J. A. Moon* Dem Chattanooga.	Resident Commissioner
2 R. W. Austin*	Manuel L. Quezon*DemTayabas.
3 J. A. Moon* Dem. Chattanooga.	Manuel Earnshaw*DemManiia.
	s for Independent In Cociolist I Whole number

Democrats, 230; Republicans, 201; Progressives, 5; Independent, 1; Socialist, 1. Whole number, 434 and 1 vacancy.

<sup>\*</sup> Served in the Sixty-third Congress. † Served in a previous House. Salaries of Representatives are \$7,500 per annum, and mileage of 20 cents per mile each way. Salary of the Speaker is \$12,000.

#### THE SIXTY-FIFTH CONCRESS.

BEGINS MARCH 4, 1917, AND ENDS MARCH 4, 1919.

#### SENATE.

	President		Thomas R. Marshall, D., of Indiana.	
Terms	Secretary		James M. Baker, D., of South Carolina.	
Expire.		P.O. Address.	Expire. Senators. P.O. Address.	
1921Oscar 1919John	W. Underwood, D H. Bankhead, D	Birmingham. Jasper.	NEBRASKA.  1923. G. M. Hitchcock, D. Omaha.  1919. George W. Norris, R. McCook.	
1923Henry 1921Marcu	ARI70NA. F. Ashurst, D	Prescott. Tucson.	1923. Key Pittman, D	
1921Willia 1919Joe T	m F. Kirby, D	Little Rock. Lonoke.	NEW HAMPSHIRE.  1921. Jacob H. Gallinger, R Concord.  1919. Henry F. Hollis, D	
1923Hiram 1921James	CALIFORNIA, a W. Johnson, R	Sacramento. San Francisco.	NEW JERSET. 1923. Joseph S. Frelinghuysen, R Raritan. 1919. William Hughes, D	
1921Charle 1919John	COLORADO. es S. Thomas, D	Denver. Denver.	1923. A. A. Jones, D	
1923Georg 1921Frank	e P. McLean, R	Simsbury. New London.	NEW YORK.  1923Wm. M. Calder, RBrooklyr. 1921Jas. W. Wadsworth, Jr., RMt. Morris.	
1923J. O. 1919Willan	Wolcott, Dd Saulsbury, D	Wilmington. Wilmington.	NORTH CAROLINA.  1921. Lee S. Overman, D Salisbury. 1919. F. McL. Simmons, D Newbern.	
	Trammell, D		NORTH DAKOTA. 1923. Port J. McCumber, R	
1921Hoke 1919Thom	Smith, Das W. Hardwick, D	Atlanta. Sandersville.	1923. Atlee Pomerene, D	
1921James 1919Willia	BAHO.  H. Brady, R  M. E. Borah, R	Pocatello. Boise.	1921. Thomas P. Gore, D Lawton, 1919. Robert L. Owen, D Muskogee.	
	Sherman, R		1921. G. E. Chamberlain, DPortland. 1919. Harry Lane, DPortland.	
1923Harry 1921James	S. New, R	Indianapolis. Rushville.	PENNSYLVANIA.  1923. Philander C. Knox R Plttsburgh.  1921. Boies Penrose, R	
1921, . Alber 1919 Willia	t B. Cummins, R m S. Kenyon, R	Des Moines. Fort Dodge.	1923. Peter G. Gerry D Providence. 1919. Le Baron B. Colt, R Bristol.	
	KANSAS. es Curtls, R Thompson, D KENTUCKY.		SOUTH CAROLINA.  1921. Ellison D. Smith D. Lynchburg.  1919. Benj. R. Tillman D. Trenton.	
1921J. C. 1919Ollie	W. Beckham, D	Frankfort. Marion.	SOUTH DALOTA, 1921. Edwin S. Johnson, D. Yankton, 1919. Thomas Sterling, R. Vermillon.	
	t F. Broussard, D h E. Ransdell, D		TENNESSEE. 1923. Kenneth D. McKellar. D. Memphis. 1919. John K. Shields. D	
	rick Hale, R		TEXAS.  1923. Charles A. Culberson D. Dallas. 1919. Morris Sheppard. D. Texarkana.  UTAH.	
1923J. I. I 1921John	France, R. W. Smith. D. MASSACHUSETTS.	Baltimore. Snow Hill.	1923. Wm. H. King, D. Salt Lake City 1921. Reed Smoot, R. Provo City. VERMONT.	7
	MASSACHUSETTS. y C. Lodge, R. W. Weeks, R. MICHIGAN.			
	es E. Townsend, R am A. Smith, R MINNESOTA.		WASHINGTON.	
	R B. Kellogg, R e Nelson, R MISSISSIPPI.		1923. Miles Poindexter, R Spokane. 1921. Wesley L. Jones, R N. Yakima. WEST VIRGINIA. 1923. Howard Sutherland R Elkins.	
1919J. K.	S. Williams, D	Jackson.	1923. Howard Sutherland, R. Elkins. 1919. Nathan Gon, R. Clarksburg. WISCONSIN. 1923. Robert M. La Follette, R. Madison.	
	MONTANA.		WYOMING.	
The wh	y L. Myers, D nas J. Walsh, D	Helena.	1923. John B. Kendrick, D Sheridan. 1919. Francis E. Warren, R Cheyenne.	
\$7,500 per a	annum and 20 cents per m	ile for travelling	rats 54, Republicans 42. The salary of a Senator in grow and to the seat of Government.	

## HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

17.17.144	ILLINOIS—Continued.
Dist. Representatives. Politics. P. O. Address.  1 Oscar L. Gray*. Dem. Mobile.  2 S. Hubert Dent, Jr.*. Dem. Montgomery.  3 Henry B. Steagall*. Dem. Ozark.  4 Fred. L. Blackmon*. Dem. Anniston.  5 J. Thomas Heflin*. Dem. Latayette.  6 William B. Oliver*. Dem. Lucaloosa.  7 Jehn L. Burnett*. Dem. Cadsden.  8 Edward B. Almon*. Dem. Tuscumbla.  9 George Huddleston*. Dem. Birmingham.  10 W. B. Bankhead. Dem. Jasper.	ILLINOIS—Continued.  12 Charles E Fuller*. Rep. Belvidere. 12 Oharles E Fuller*. Rep. Belvidere. 13 Oharles E Fuller*. Rep. Belvidere. 14 Oharles E Fuller*. Rep. Belvidere. 14 Oharles Rep. Elizabeth. 15 Cilward J. King*. Rep. Aledo. 16 Clufford Ireland. Rep. Peorla. 17 John A. Sterling*. Rep. Bloomington. 18 Joseph G Cannon*. Rep. Danville. 19 William B. McKlinley*. Rep. Champaign. 20 Henry T. Rainey*. Dem. Carrollton. 21 Loren E. Wheeler*. Rep. Springfield. 22 William A. Rodenberg*. Rep. East St. Louls. 23 Martin D. Foster*. Dem. Oliney. 24 Thomas S. Williams*. Rep. Leuisville. 25 Edward E. Denlson*. Rep. Marion.  Medill McCormick. Rep. Chicago. William E. Mason*. Rep. Chicago. William E. Mason*. Rep. Chicago.
Dist. Representatives. Politics. P.O. Autress.	12 Charles E. Fuller*RepBelvidere.
2 S Hubert Dept Jr * Dem Montgomery.	13 John C. McKenzle*RepElizabeth.
3 Henry B. Steagail*DemOzark.	14 William J. GranamRepAlego.
4 Fred. L. Blackmon*DemAnniston.	16 Cifford Ireland Rep., Peoris.
5 J. Thomas Heflin*Dem. Lalayette.	17 John A. Sterling* Rep Bloomington.
6 William B. Oliver*Dem 1 uscalosa.	18 Joseph G. Cannon*RepDanville.
8 Edward B Almon* Dem Tuscumbia.	19 William B. McKlnley*. Rep Champaign.
9 George Huddleston*DemBirmingham.	20 Henry T. Rainey* Peli Cartonion,
10 W. B. Bankhead Dem. Jasper.	22 William A. Rodenberg* Rep., East St. Louis.
ARIZONA.	23 Martin D. Foster*Dem. Olney.
At Large.	24 Thomas S. Williams*RepLouisville.
Carl Hayden*DemPhœnix.	25 Edward E. Denison*RepMarion.
ARKANSAS.	Medill McCormick Rep Chicago.
1 Thaddeus H. Caraway* Dem. Jonesboro. 2 William A. Oldfield*. Dem. Batesville. 3 John N. Tillman*. Dem. Fayetteville. 4 Otis Wingo* 6 Henderson M. Jacoway* Dem. Dardanelle. 6 Sam. M. Taylor*. Dem. Pine Bluff. 7 William S. Goodwin*. Dem. Warren.	William E. MasontRepChicago.
2 William A. Oldfield*DemBatesville.	INDIANA.
3 John N. Tillman* Dem. Fayetteville.	1 George K. DentonDemEvansville.
4 Otis Wingo*DemDe Queen	2 Oscar E. Bland Rep Linton.
6 Sem M Taylor* Dem. Pine Bluff.	3 William E. Cox*Dem. Jasper.
7 William S. Goodwin*DemWarren.	5 Everett Sanders Rep. Terre Haute.
CALIFORNIA.	6 D. W. ComstockRepRichmond.
1 Clarence F. LeaDem. Santa Rosa.	7 Merrili Moores*RepIndianapolis.
CALIFORNIA.  2 John E. Raker*. Dem. Alturas.  3 Charles F. Curry*. Rep. Sacramento.  4 Julius Kahn*. Rep., San Francisco.  5 John I. Nolan*. Rep., San Francisco.  6 John A. Elstoii*. Rep., Berkeley.  7 Denver & Church*. Dem., Fresno.  8 Everls A. Hayes*. Rep., San José.  9 Charles H. Randall*. Prob. Los Angeles.  10 Henry Z. Osborne. Rep., Los Angeles.  11 William Kettner*. Dem., San Diego.	INDIANA.  1 George K. Denton Dem Evansville. 2 Osent E. Bland Rep. Linton. 3 William E. Cox* Dem Jasper. 4 Lincoln Dixon* Dem North Vernon. 5 Everett Sanders Rep. Terre Haute. 6 D. W. Comstock Rep. Richmond. 7 Merrill Moores* Rep. Richmond. 8 A. H. Vestal Rep. Anderson. 9 Fred S. Purnell Rep. Anderson. 10 William R. Wood* Rep. Lafayette. 11 Milton Krauss Rep. Peru. 12 L. W. Faitfield Rep. Angola. 13 Henry A. Barnhart* Dem Rochester.
3 Charles F. Curry* Rep. Sacramento.	10 William R. Wood* Rep Lafavette.
4 Julius Kahn*Rep., San Francisco.	11 Milton KraussRepPeru.
6 John A Elston* Rep. Berkeley.	12 L. W. Fairfield Rep Angola.
7 Denver S. Church*Dem. Fresno.	13 Henry A. Barnhart*DemRochester.
8 Everls A. Hayes* Rep San Jose.	10WA.
9 Charles H. Randall*Proh. Los Angeles.	1 Charles A. Kennedy*RepMontrose.
10 Henry Z. Osborne Rep. Los Angeles.	2 Harry E. Hull* Rep Williamsburg.
11 William Retther Dem	3 Burton E. Sweet* Hep waverry.
	5 James W Good* Rep. Cedar Rapids.
COLORADO.  1 Beniamin C. Hilliard* . Dem . Denver.  2 Charles B. Timberlake* Rep Sterling.  3 Edward Keating* Dem . Pueblo.  4 Edward T. Taylor* Dem . Glenwood Springs.	6 C. William Ramseyer* Rep Bloomfield.
2 Charles B. Hinderlake Rep. Reting.	7 Cassius C. Doweli*RepDes Moines.
4 Edward T. Taylor*Dem. Glenwood Springs.	8 Horace M. Towner*RepCorning.
CONVEGENCE	10 Frank P Woods* Rep. Estherville.
CONNECTICUT.  1 Augustine Lonergant Dem Hartford.  2 Richard P. Freemant Rep New London.  3 John Q. Tilsont Rep New Haven.  4 Ebenezer J. Hillt Rep Norwalk.  5 James P. Glynnt Rep Winsted.	1 Charles A. Kennedy*. Rep Montrose. 2 Harry E. Hull*. Rep Williamsburg. 3 Burton E. Sweet*. Rep Waverly. 4 Gilbert N. Haugen*. Rep Northwood. 5 James W. Good*. Rep Cedar Rapids. 6 C. William Ranseyer*. Rep Bloomfield. 7 Cassius C. Dowelf*. Rep Des Molnes. 8 Horace M. Towner*. Rep Corning. 9 William R. Green*. Rep Audubon. 10 Frank P. Woods*. Rep Estherville. 11 George C. Scottt. Rep Sioux City.
2 Richard P. Freeman*RepNew London.	KANSAS
3 John Q. Tilson*RepNew Haven.	1 Dan'l R. Anthony, Jr. *, Rep Leavenworth.
4 Ebenezer J. Hill* Rep Norwalk.	2 E. C. Little Rep Kansas City.
5 James P. Glynn	3 Philip P. Campbell*RepPittsburg.
DELAWARE.	5 Guy T Helvering* Dem. Marysville.
At Large.	6 John R. Connelly*Dem. Colby.
Albert F. PolkDemGeorgetown.	7 Jouett Shouse* Dem . Kinsley.
FLORIDA.	KANSAS.  1 Dan'l R. Anthony, Jr.* Rep. Leavenworth. 2 E. C. Little. Rep. Kansas City. 3 Philip P. Campbell* Rep. Plttsburg. 4 Dudley Doolittle* Dem Strong City. 5 Guy T. Helvering* Dem Marysville. 6 John R. Connelly* Dem Colby. 7 Jouett Shouse* Dem Kinsley. 8 William A. Ayres* Dem Wichita.
1 H. J. Drane Dem. Lakeland. 2 Frank Clark* Dem. Gainesville. 3 Walter Kehoe Dem. Pensacola. 4 William J. Sears* Dem. Kissimmee.	KENTUCKY.
2 Frank Clark* Dem Gainesville. 3 Walter Kehoe Dem Pensacola.	1 Alben W. Barkley*Dem Paducan.
4 William J. Sears*DemKissimmee.	2 David H. Kincheloe" Dem. Madisolivine.
GEORGIA.	4 Ben Johnson*DemBardstown.
1 J. W. Overstreett Dem Statesboro.	5 Swagar Sherley* Dem . Louisville.
2 Frank Park*Dem. Sylvester. 3 Charles R. Crisp*Dem. Americus.	6 Arthur B. Rouse*DemBurlington.
GEORGIA.  1 J. W. Overstreett. Dem. Statesboro.  2 Frank Park* Dem. Sylvester.  3 Charles R. Crisp*. Dem. Americus,  4 William C. Adamson*. Dem. Carroliton.  5 William S. Howard*. Dem. Kirkwood.  6 James W. Wise*. Dem. Fayetteville.  7 Gordon Lee*. Dem. Chickamauga.	Alben W. Barkley* — Dem  2 David H. Kincheloe* Dem Madisonville.  3 R. Y. Thomas, Jr.* Dem Central City.  4 Ben Johnson* — Dem Burdstown.  5 Swagar Sherley* — Dem Burdstown.  6 Arthur B. Rouse* — Dem Burlington.  7 James G. Cantrill* — Dem Georsetown.  8 Harvey Helm* — Dem Stanford.  9 William J. Fields* — Dem Olive Hill.  10 John W. Langley* Rep. Pikeville.  11 Caleb Powers* — Rep. Barbourville.
5 William S. Howard*Dem. Kirkwood.	9 William J. Fleids* Dem. Olive Hill.
6 James W. Wise*Dem. Fayetteville.	10 John W. Langley* Rep Pikeville.
7 Gordon Lee*DemChickamauga.	11 Caleb Powers*RepBarbourvine.
9 Thomas M. Bell* Dem . Gainesville. 10 Carl Vinson* Dem . Mitledgeville. 11 J. Randail Walker* Dem . Valdosta. 12 W. W. Larsen . Dem . Dublin.	LOUISIANA.
10 Carl Vinson* Dem. Milledgeville.	1 Albert Estopinal* Dem . Estopinal.
11 J. Randali Walker*DemValdosta.	2 Whitmell P Martin Prog Thibodaux.
12 W. W. LarsenDem., Dublin.	4 John T. Watkins* Dem. Minden,
IDAHO.	5 Riley J. Wllson* Dem. Harrisonburg.
At Large.	6 J. Y. Sanders Dem. Franklin.
Addison T. Smith*RepTwin Falls.	7 Ladislas Lazaro* Dem Natchitoches.
Addison T. Smith*RepTwin Falls. Burton L. FrenchRepMoscow.	11 Čaleb Powers*. Rep. Barbourvine.  LOUISIANA.  1 Albert Estopinal*. Dem. Estopinal.  2 H. Garland Dupré* Dem. New Orleans.  3 Whitmell P. Martin. Prog. Thibodaux.  4 John T. Watkins* Dem. Minden.  5 Riley J. Wilson* Dem. Harrisonburg.  6 J. Y. Sanders. Dem. Franklin.  7 Laddislas Lazaro*. Dem. Washington.  8 James B. Asweil* Dem. Natchitoches.
	1 Louis B. Goodail Rep. Sanford. 2 Wallace H. White, Jr. Rep. Lewiston. 3 John A. Petors* Rep., Elisworth. 4 Ira G. Hersey Rep., Elisworth. 1 Jesse D. Price* Dem., Sallsbury. 2 J. Fred C. Talhott* Dem. Lutherville. 3 Charles P. Coady* Dem. Baltimore. 4 J. Charles Linthieum* Dem., Baltimore. 5 Sydney E. Mudd* Rep., La Plata. 6 Frederick N. Zihlman Rep., Cumberland.
1 Martin B. Madden*RepChicago.	2 Wallace H. White, Jr Rep Lewiston.
2 William W Wilson Rep. Chicago.	3 John A. Peters* Rep Ellsworth.
4 Charles Martin Dem. Chicago.	4 Ira G. Hersey
5 Adolph J. Sabath* Dem Chlcago.	1 Jose D. Price* Dem. Salisbury.
6 James McAndrews*DemChicago.	2 J. Fred C. Talhott* Dem. Lutherville.
8 Thomas Gallagher* Dem. Chicago.	3 Charles P. Coady* Dem . Baltimore.
9 Fred. A Britten*RepChicago.	4 J. Charles Linthieum* Dem Baltimore.
1 Martin B. Madden* Rep. Chicago. 2 James R. Mann* Rep. Chicago. 3 William W. Wilson. Rep. Chicago. 4 Charles Martin. Dem. Chicago. 5 Adolph J. Sabath* Dem. Chicago. 6 James McAndrews* Dem Chicago. 7 Niels Juul. Rep. Chicago. 8 Thomas Gallagher* Dem. Chicago. 9 Fred. A Britten* Rep. Chicago. 10 George E. Foss* Rep. Chicago. 11 Ira C. Copley*. Rep. Aurora.	5 Sydney E. Mudd*RepLa Piata.
11 Ira C. Copiey*RepAurora.	o Frederick IV. Miniman, teep Combertands

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Dist. Representatives Politics. P. O. Address.

1 William J. Browning* Rep. Camden.

2 Isaac Bacharach* Rep. Atlantic City.

3 Thomas J. Scully*(a). Dem. South Amboy.

1 Robert Carson (a) Rep. New Brusswick.

5 John H. Capstick* Rep. Montville.

6 John R. Ramsey Rep. Hackensack.

7 Dow H. Drukker* Rep. Passale.

8 Edward W. Gray* Rep. Newark.

9 Richard W. Parker* Rep. Newark.

10 Frederick R. Lelibach* Rep. Newark.

10 Frederick R. Lelibach* Rep. Newark.

11 John J. Eagan* Dem. Weehawken.

12 James A. Hamili* Dem. Jersey City.
MASAGRUSETTS.

Dist. Representatives Politics P. O. Address.

1 Allen T. Treadway* Rep. Stockbridge.

2 Frederick H. Gillett* Rep. Springfield.

3 Calvin D. Fugles* Rep. Southbridge.

4 Samuel E. Winslow* Rep. Worcester.

5 Samuel E. Winslow* Rep. Worcester.

6 Augustus P. Gadner* Rep. Lowell.

7 Michael F. Pledan* Dem. Lynn.

8 Frederick W. Dallinger* Rep. Cambridge.

9 A. T. Fuller. Ind. Malden.

10 Peter E. Tague* Ind. Malden.

11 Geo. Holden Tinkham, Rep. Boston.

12 James A. Galllyan* Dem. Boston.

13 William H. Carter* Rep. Needham Helghts

14 Hichard Oiney, 2d* Dem. Dedham.

15 William S. Greene* Rep. Pall River.

16 Joseph Waish* Rep. New Bedford.
   MASSACHUSETTS.
  NEW MEXICO.
At Large.
   W.B. Walton. De m. Silver City.

NEW YORK.

1 Frederick C. Hicks* Rep., Port Washington.

2 Chas. Pope Caldwell*. Dem. Forest Hills.

3 Joseph V Flynn* Dem. Brooklyn.

4 Harry H. Dale*. Dem. Brooklyn.

5 James P. Maher*. Dem. Brooklyn.

6 Frederick W Rowe*. Rep. Brooklyn.

7 John J. Fitzgerald*. Dem. Brooklyn.

8 Daniel J. Griffin*. Dem. Brooklyn.

10 Reuben L. Haskell*. Rep. Brooklyn.

11 Daniel J. Riordan*. Dem. New York City.

12 Meyer London*. Soc. New York City.

13 Chris. D. Sullivan. Dem. New York City.

14 F. H. LaGuardia. Rep. New York City.

15 Mehael F. Conry*. Dem. New York City.

16 Mehael F. Conry*. Dem. New York City.

17 John F. Carew*. Dem. New York City.

18 George B. Francis. Rep. New York City.

19 Walter M. Chandler*. Rep. New York City.

20 Isaac Siegel. Rep. New York City.

21 Murray Hulbert*. Dem. New York City.

22 Henry Bruckner*. Dem. New York City.

23 Daniel C. Oliver. Dem. New York City.

24 Beniamin L. Fairchild. Rep. Peham.

25 James W. Husted*. Rep. Peekskill.

26 Edmund Plati*. Rep. Peekskill.

26 Edmund Plati*. Rep. Pourhkeepsle.

27 [Charles B. Ward* (a) Rep. De Bruce.

28 Rollin B. Sanford. Rep. Silngerlands.

30 George R. Lunn. Dem. Seenectady.

31 Bertrand H. Shell*. Rep. Oswego.

33 Hamray H. Walter Rep. Oswego.

34 Harry H. Pratt*. Rep. Corning.

35 Walter W. Model*. Rep. Salem.

36 Walter W. Magee*. Rep. Salem.

37 Harry H. Pratt*. Rep. Corning.

38 Homma S. Danner. Rep. Salem.

39 Archie D. Sanders. Rep. Salem.

30 George R. Lunn. Dem. Sechenctady.

31 Harry H. Pratt*. Rep. Corning.

34 Harry H. Pratt*. Rep. Salem.

35 Walter W. Magee*. Rep. Salem.

36 Norman J. Gould*. Rep. Salem.

37 Harry H. Pratt*. Rep. Corning.

38 Homma S. Danner. Rep. Salem.

39 Archie D. Sanders. Rep. Salem.

40 S. Wallace Dempsy*. Rep. Lintle Falls.

41 Charles B. Smith*. Dem. Buffalo.

42 William F. Waldo. Rep. Buffalo.

43 Charles M. Hamilton*. Rep. Ripley.

Norman S. Dounders. Rep. Lockport.

41 Charles B. Smith*. Dem. Buffalo.

42 William F. Waldo. Rep. Buffalo.

43 Charles M. Hamilton*. D
   W.B.Walton......De m. .Silver City.
1 Frank E. Doremus* ... Dem. ... Detroit.
2 Samuel W. Beakes*f. ... Dem. ... Ann Arbor.
2 Mark R. Bacch ... Rep. ... Wyandotte.
3 John M. C. Smith* ... Rep. ... Charlotte.
4 Edward L. Hamilton* ... Rep. ... Niles.
5 Carl E. Mapes* ... Rep. ... Grand Rapids.
6 Patrick H. Kelley* ... Rep. ... Lansing.
7 Louis C. Cramton* ... Rep. ... Lapeer.
8 Joseph W. Fordney* ... Rep. ... Muskegon.
10 Gilbert R. Currie ... Rep. Midland.
11 Frank D. Scott* ... Rep. ... Alpena.
12 W. Frank James* ... Rep. ... Hancock.
13 Charles A. Nichols* ... Rep. ... Detroit.
   MICHIGAN.
   NEW YORK.
  MINNESOTA.

1 Sydney Anderson* ... Rep. ... Lanesboro.
2 Franklin F. Ellsworth* ... Rep. ... Mankato.
3 Charles R. Davis* ... Rep. ... St. Peter.
4 Carl C. Van Dyke* ... Dem. St. Paul.
5 Ernest Lundeen ... Rep. ... Minneapolis,
6 Harold Knutson ... Rep. St. Cloud.
7 Andrew J. Volstead* ... Rep. ... Granite Falls.
8 Clarence B. Miller* ... Rep. ... Duluth.
9 Halvor Steenerson* ... Rep. ... Crookston.
10 Thomas D. Schall* ... Prog. Minneapolis.
   MINNESOTA.
                            MISSISSIPI.

Ezeklel S. Candler* ... Dem. Corinth,
Hubert D. Stephens* ... Dem. New Albany,
Benl. G. Humphreys* ... Dem. Greenville,
Thomas U. Sisson* ... Dem. Winona.
William W. Venable* ... Dem. Meridian.
Byron P. Harrison* ... Dem. Gulfport.
Percy E. Quin* ... Dem. McComb City.
James W. Collier* ... Dem. Vicksburg.
  MISSISSIPPI,
   MISSOURI.
                         MISTORIL

MISTORIL

MILTON

MILLIAM

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   43 Charles M. Hamilton*, Rep., Ripley.

North Carolina.

John H. Small*, Dem., Washington.

Claude Kitchin*, Dem., Scotland Neck,

George E Hood*, Dem., Gotland Neck,

Edward W. Pcu*, Dem., Smithfield,

Charles M. Stedman*, Dem., Greensboro;

Hannibal L. Godwin*, Dem., Dunn,

L. D. Roblinson, Dem., Wadesboro,

Robert L. Doughton*, Dem., Laurel Springs,

George E Hood*, Dem., Shelby,

Dem., Shelby,

Dem., Hendersonville,
   MONTANA.
   At Large.
   NORTH DAKOTA.

Henry T. Helgesen*... Rep., Milton.

George M. Young*... Rep., Valley City.

Patrick D. Norton*... Rep., Hettinger.
                                   John M. Evans*.....Dem..Missoula.
Miss Jeannette Rankin.Rep...Missoula.
   NEBRASKA.
            1 Charles F, Reavis* Rep., Falls City, 2 Charles O, Lobeck* Dem. Omaha. 3 Dan, V. Stephens* Dem. Fremont, 4 Charles H. Sloan* Rep. Geneva. 5 A. C. Shallenberger* Dem. Alma. 6 Moses P. Kinkald. Rep. O'Neill.
   3 Patrick D. Norton* ... Rep. ... Hettinger.

OHIO

1 Nicholas Longworth* ... Rep. ... Clincinnati.
2 Victor Heintz. ... Rep. ... Hamilton.
4 Benjamin F. Welty. ... Dem ... Lima.
5 John S. Snooki ... Dem ... Paulding.
6 Charles C. Kearns* ... Rep. ... Yellow Springs.
7 Simcon D. Fess* ... Rep. ... Yellow Springs.
8 John A. Key* ... Dem ... Marjon.
9 Isaac R. Sherwood* ... Dem ... Toledo.
10 Robert M. Switzer* ... Rep. ... Gallipolis.
11 Horatio C. Claypoolf ... Dem ... Chillicothe.
12 Clement Brumbaugh* ... Dem ... Columbus.
   NEVADA.
  At Large.
                                   E. E. Roberts*......Rep...Carson City.
               NEW HAMPSHIRE.

1 Cyrus A. Sulloway*....Rep...Manebester.

2 Edward H. Wason*....Rep...Nashua.
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OHIO—Continued.	TENNESSEE—Continued
OHIO—Continued.  Dist. Representatives. Politics. P. O. Address.  13 Arthur W. Overmyer*. Dem. Fremont.  14 Ellsworth R. Bathrickt*. Dem. Akron.  15 George White*. Dem. Marletta.  16 Roscoe C. McCulloch*. Rep. Catton.  17 William A. Ashbrook*. Dem. Johnstown.  18 D. A. Hcilingsworth*. Rep. Cadiz.  19 John G. Ccoper*. Rep. Youngstown.  20 William Gordon*. Dem. Cleveland.  21 Robert Crossor*. Dem. Cleveland.  22 Henry I. Emerson*. Rep. Cleveland.	Dist. Representatives, Politics. P. O. Address.  8 Thetus W. Sims*Dem. Linden.  9 Finis J. Garrett*Dem. Dresden.  10 Hubert FisherDem. Memphis.
13 Arthur W. Overmyer*Dem., Fremont.	8 Thetus W. Sims*DemLinden.
14 Ellsworth R. Bathrickt . Dem Akron.	9 Finis J. Garrett*DemDresden.
15 George WhitetDem., Marietta.	10 Hubert FisherDemMemphis.
16 Roscoe C. McCulloch*RepCanton.	10 Hubert Fisher
17 William A. Ashbrook*DemJohnstown.	1 Eugene Black* Dem. Clarksville.
18 D. A. Hellingsworth*RepCaulz.	2 Martin Dies*DemBeaumont.
19 John G. Ccoper Rep Toungstown.	3 James Young*DemKaufman.
20 William Gordon* Dem Cleveland	4 Sam. Rayburn*DemBonnam.
22 Hopey I Emerson* Rep. Cleveland.	5 Hatton W. Sumners*DemDallas.
OKLAHOMA.	6 Rufus Hardy*Dem. Corsicana.
22 Henry I. Emerson* Rep Cleveland.  Den. Cleveland.  T. A. Chandler Rep Vinita.  William W. Hastings* Dem. Tahlequah.  Charles D. Carter* Dem. Ardmore.  T. D. McKeown Dem. Ada.  Joseph B. Thompson*. Dem. Pauls Valley.  Sout Ferris* Dem. Lawton  James V. McClinite* Dem. Snyder.  Dick T. Morgan* Rep Woodward.  Willis C. Hawley* Rep Salem.  Nicrolas J. Sinott* Rep The Dalles.  C. N. McArthur* Rep Portland.	7 Alexander W. Gregg*Dem. Palestine.
2 William W. Hastings* Dem Tahlequah.	0 I I Manefield Dem Columbus
3 Charles D. Carter*DemArdmore.	10 James P Ruchanan* Dem Brenham
4 T. D. McKeownDem. Ada.	11 Tom Connally Dem Marlin
5 Joseph B. Thompson*DemPauls Valley.	12 James C. WilsonDem. Fort Worth.
5 Joseph B. Thompson*. Dem. Pauls Valley. 6 Scott Ferris*	13 Marvin JonesDem. Amarlla.
7 James V. McClintic*DemSnyder.	12 James C. Wilson. Dem. Fort Worth. 13 Marvin Jones Dem. Amarilla. 14 James L. Slaydon* Dem. San Antoslo. 15 John N. Garner*. Dem. Uvalde. 16 Thomas L. Blanton. Dem. Abilene.
8 Dick T. Morgan*Rep woodward.	15 John N. Garner*DemUvalde.
OREGON, Pen Salem	16 Thomas L. BlantonDemAbllene.
a Minusley I Sinnett* Ren The Dalles	At Large, Jeff. McLemore*DemHouston, Daniel E. Garrett†DemHouston,
2 Nicholas J. Sinnott*RepThe Dalles. 3 C. N. McArthur*RepPortland.	Jeff. McLemore*DemHouston.
DENNSYLVANIA	Daniel E. Garrettt Dem Houston,
1 William S Vare* Rep. Philadelphia.	TUTALI
2 George S Graham* Rep Philadelphia.	1 M. H. WellingDem. Brigham City. 2 James H. Mays*Dem. Salt Lake City.
3 I Hampton Moore*RepPhiladelphia.	2 James H Mays* Dem Salt Lake City.
4 George W. Edmonds*RepPhiladelphia,	2 Ognics II, Mays III III Company Dans Store
5 Peter E. Costello*RepTacony.	VERMONT.
6 George P. Darrow*RepPhiladelphia.	VERMONT.  1 Frank L. Greene*RepSt. Albans. 2 Porter H. Dale*RepIsland Pond.
7 Thomas S. Butler*RepWest Chester.	2 Toroct II, Date
2 Nicnolas J. Sinnott*. Rep The Danies. 3 C. N. McArthur* Rep Portland.  1 William S. Vare*. Rep Portland. 2 George S. Graham*. Rep Philadelphia. 3 J. Hampton Moore*. Rep Philadelphia. 4 George W. Edmonds*. Rep Philadelphia. 5 Peter E. Costello*. Rep Tacony. Philadelphia. 6 George P. Zarrow*. Rep Philadelphia. 7 Thomas S. Butler*. Rep West Chester. 8 Harry W. Watson*. Rep Languere. 9 William W. Griest*. Rep Languere. 10 John R. Farr*. Rep Sernaton. 11 D. W. Templeton Rep Januarie. 12 Robert D. Heaton*. Rep Ashland. 13 Arthur G. Dewar*. Dem Ashland. 14 Louis T. McFadden*. Rep Canton. 15 Edgar R. Lesse**. Dem Sunbury. 16 John V. Serset. Rep Sernaton. 17 John V. Serset. Rep Williamsport. 18 John V. Serset. Rep Williamsport. 19 John V. Serset. Rep Johnstown. 19 John V. Serset. Rep Johnstown. 20 Andrew W. Brodbeckt. Dem Hanover. 21 William E. Toʻlas (a). Dem. Hanover. 22 William E. Toʻlas (a). Dem. Hanover. 23 Britze F. Sterillar. Dem Clearfield. 25 Edwin E. Robbins. Rep Greensburg.	VIRGINIA.  1 William A. Jones*. Dem Warsaw. 2 Edward E. Holland*. Dem Sulfolk. 3 Andrew J. Montague*. Dem Hichmond. 4 Walter A. Waston*. Dem Hichmond. 5 Edward W. Standers*. Dem Long Mount. 6 Cav Harrison. Dem Lynchburg. 7 Charles C. Carlin*. Dem Lexandria. 9 C. Bascom Slemp* Rep Big Stone Gap. 10 Henry D. Flood* Deta. Appomattox.
9 William W. Griest"RepLancaster.	1 William A. Jones*DemWarsaw.
10 John R. Farr* Rep. Scranton.	2 Edward E. Holland*DemSulloik.
11 D. W. Templeton Rep. Plymouth.	3 Andrew J Montague*DemRichmond.
12 Robert D. Heated Rep. Allentown	# Walter A. Walson Delu. Jennings Ordinal J
14 Jewis T. Melfoddon's Rep. Canton.	6 Conton Clace* Dem Lynchhurg
15 Edger P Fiers* Rep. Williamsport	7 To W Flarrison Dem Wheelester
16 John V Josher* Dem Sunbury.	& Charles C. Carlin* Dem. Alexandria.
17 Repigmin K Focht*Rep. Lewisburg	9 C. Bascom Slemp*RepBlg Stone Gap.
18 Aaron S Kreider* Rep Annville.	10 Henry D. Flood* Dem. Appomattox.
19 John M. ReseRep Johnstown.	WASHINGTON.
20 Andrew W. Brodbeckt. Dem. Hanover.	1 John F. Miller Rep. Seattle. 2 Lindley H. Hadley* Rep. Bellingham. 3 Albert Johnson* Rep. Hoqulam. 4 William L. La Follette* Rep. Pullman. 5 C. C. Dill* Dem. Spokane.
Chas. H. Rowland* (a).RepPhilipsourg.	2 Lindley H Hadley* Ren Bellingham
William E. Tobias (a). Dem. Clearfield.	3 Albert Johnson* Ren. Hoquiam.
22 Edwin E. RobbinsRepGreensburg.	4 William L. La Follette* Rep Pullman.
23 Bruce F. Sterling Dem. Unfoltown.	5 C. C. Dill*Dem. Spokane.
24 Henry W. Temple* Rep Washington.	WEST VIDOUIA
25 Henry A. ClarkRep., Eric.	1 M M Nocly* Dem Fairmont
26 Henry J. Steele Dem. Brookville	2 George M Rowers* Ren. Martinsburg.
22 Nathan L. Strong Rep. Franklin.	3 Stuart F. ReedRep., Charleston.
20 Stephen G Porter* Ren. Pittsburgh.	1 M. M. Neely* WEST VIRGINIA. 2 George M. Bowers*. Rep. Martinsburg. 3 Stuart F. Reed. Rep. Spearston. 4 Harry C. Woodyardf. Rep. Spearston. 5 Edward Cooper*. Rep. Branwell. 6 Adam B. Littlepage*. Dem. Charleston.
30 M Clyde Kellyt Dem Braddoek.	5 Edward Cooper*RepBramwell.
31 John M. Morin*Rep., Pittsburgh.	6 Adam B, Littlepage*DemCharleston.
32 Guy E, CampbellDemCrafton.	
At Large,	1 Henry A. Cooper*RepRacine.
Thomas S. Crago*Repwaynesburg.	2 Eward Voight Rep. Sheboygan.
Mahlon M. Garland Rep Philodolphia	3 John M. Nelson*RepMadison.
Joseph McLaughin Rep runadelphia.	4 William J. Cary*RepMllwaukee.
Class H. Royland (a) Dem. Clearfield	1 Henry A. Cooper* Rep. Racine. 2 Eward Voight Rep. Sheboygan. 3 John M. Nelson* Rep. Madison. 4 William J. Cary* Rep. Milwaukee. 5 William H. Stafford* Rep. Milwaukee.
1 Coo F O'Shannessy* Dem. Providence	6 J. H. Davidsont
2 Walter R Stiness* Ren. Cowesett.	7 John J. Esch*
3 Ambrose Kennedy*RenWoonsocket.	O David C Classon Pen Oconto
HODE ISLAND.  1 Geo. F. O'Shaunessy*. Dem. Providence.  2 Walter R. Stiness*. Rep Cowesett.  3 Ambrose Kennedy*. Rep Woonsocket.  SOUTH CAROLINA.  1 Richard S. Whaley*. Dem. Charleston.  2 James F. Byrnes*. Dem. Aiken.  3 Fred. H. Dominick. Dem. Newberry.  4 Sam. J. Nicholis*. Dem. Spartanburg.  5 David E. Finley*. Dem. Yorkville.  6 J. Willard Ragsdale*. Dem. Florence.  7 Asbury F. Lever*. Dem. Lexington.  SOUTH DAKOTA.	6 J. H. Davidsont Rep. Oshkosh. 7 John J. Esch* Rep. La Crosse. 8 Edward E. Browne* Rep. Waupaca. 9 David G. Classon Rep. Oconto. 10 James A. Frear* Rep. Hudson. 11 Irvine L. Lenroot* Rep. Superior.
1 Richard S. Whaley*Dem., Charleston.	11 Irvine L. Lenroot* Rep. Superlor.
2 James F. Byrnes*Dem., Aiken.	THE TAXABLE DE LIGHT OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR
3 Fred. H. DominickDem. Newberry.	WYOMING.
4 Sam. J. Nicholls*Dem. Spartanburg.	At Large. Frank W. Mondell*RepNewcastle.
5 David E. Finley* Dem. Yorkville.	
6 J. Willard Ragsdale*DemFlorence.	ALASKA. Delegate.
7 Asbury F. Lever Dem. Lexington.	Delegate.
7 ASDUTY F. LEVEL TO THE MEAN STANDARY F. SOUTH DAKOTA. 1 Charles H. Dillon* Rep Yankton. 2 Royal C. Johnson* Rep Aberdeen. 3 Harry L. Gandy* Dem. Rapid City.	Charles A. SulzerDemFairbanks.
Touries H. Dinon's Rep Yankton.	HAWAII.
2 Royal C. Johnson Rep Aberdeen.	Delegate.
3 Harry L. Gandy*DemRapid City.	J. Kuhlo Kalanlanaole*RepHonolulu.
TENNESSEE.	PHILIPPINES.
1 Sam. R. Sells*RepJohnson City.	Resident Commissioners.
2 Richard W. Austin*RepKnoxville.	
John A. Moon*Dem. Carthage	Manuel Earnshaw* Dem Manila.
Richard W. Auslin* Rep Knoxville. John A. Moon* Dem Chattanooga. Cordell Hull* Dem Carthage. William C. Houston* Dem Woodbury.	PORTO RICO
6 Joseph W Ryrns* Dem. Nashville.	Resident Commissioner
TENNESSEE.  Rep. Johnson City. Richard W. Auslin* Rep. Knoxville. John A. Moon* Dem Chattanooga. Cordell Hull* Dem Carthage. William C. Houston*. Dem Woodbury. Joseph W. Byrns*. Dem Nashville. Lemuel P. Padgett*. Dem Columbia.	
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Democrats, 213; Republicans, 212; Progressives, 2; Prohibition, 1; Socialist, 1: Independent, 1: 1 vacancy; undetermined, 4; whole number, 435, \*Served in Sixty-fourth Congress †Served in a previous Congress. (a) Election returns contested and result undetermined when ALMANAC went to press,

#### THE AMERICAN BONAPARTES.

PRINCE JEROME BONAPARTE (King of Westphalia), born Ajaccio, Corsica, November 15, 1784; died at Ville Genis, near Paris, June 24, 1860, Married, first, at Baltimore, Md., December 24, 1803, Elizabeth, daughter of William Patterson, Esq. She was born at Baltimore, February 6, 1785, and died in that city April 4, 1879. The issue of the marriage was:

Jerome Napoleon Bonaparte, born at Camberwell, England, July 7, 1805; dled at Baltimore, Md., June 17, 1870. Married, November 3, 1829. Susan May, daughter of Benjamin Williams, who was born in Roxbury, Mass., but spent his life in Baltimore, Md. She was born April 2, 1812, and died September 15, 1881. The issue of the marriage was:

(1) Jerome Napoleon Bonaparte, born at Baltimore, Md., November 5, 1830; died at Beverly, Mass., September 3, 1893. He was educated at and graduated from West Point Military Academy, and served for two years in the American Army, entered the French Army in 1854, took part in the Crimean and Italian campaigns and resigned after seventeen years' service at the close of the Franco-German war, with the rank of Lleutenant-Colonel.

He was married September 7, 1871, to Caroline Le Roy, daughter of Samuel Appleton, granddaughter of Daniel Webster, and widow of Newbold Edgar. She died November 19, 1911. The issue of the marriage was:

- (1) Louise Eugenie Bonaparte, born February 7, 1873. Married December 29, 1896, Comte Adam de Molkke-Hultfeldt, of Denmark, and has issue; (1) Marie Louise Caroline, born November 7, 1897; (2) Leon Charles Joseph, born November 14, 1898; (3) Jerome Eugene Otto, born January 14, 1902; (4) Adam Nicolas, born May 17, 1908; (5) Eyler Helwer.
- (2) Jerome Napoleon Bonaparte, born Paris, France, February 26, 1878. Harvard B. A. and Georgetown University. Lives in Washington, D. C. Married April 8, 1914, to Blanche Pierce Strebeigh.
- (2) Charles Joseph Bonaparte, born at Baltimore, Md., June 9, 1851 Married September 1, 1875. Ellen Chamning, daughter of Thomas Mills Day, of Hartford, Ct. No issue. Mr. Bonaparte is a Harvard B. A., 1871; LL. B., 1875; a lawyer. Was Secretary of the Navy from July 1, 1905. to December 17, 1906, and Attorney-General of the United States from December 17, 1906, to March 5, 1909; is now President of Enoch Pratt Library of Baltimore and was for 12 years Overseer of Harvard; is now Trustee Catholic University.

PARTY DIVISIONS
IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, 64TH AND 65TH CONGRESSES.

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Alabama. Alizona Arkansas. California. Colorado. Connecticut. Delaware Florida. Georgia. Idano. Ilinois. Ilinois. Ilinois. Ilinois. Ilinois. Alabama. Maine. Maryland. Maryland. Massachusetts. Mississippi. Mississi	17443 34 11110 111 16 99 71 15 42 21 18 14	11 12 11 12 11 18 8	†3	8 4	21 11 32 (c) 42 112 112 114 59	Nevada. New Hampshire. New Jersey e. New Mexico. New York Mexico. North Darkota. Onio. Oktaboma. Octaboma.	18 9 7 18 18 18 18 1 1 2 3	1 28 1 24 1 33 1 3 30 2 2 2 2 1 4 4 4 8 1	<i>a</i> 1	7 1 7 1 8 18	1 29 
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<sup>\*</sup> As constituted at time Almanac went to press. † One Independent member included. † And one vacancy, a Socialist. b Includes one Prohibitionist. c Progressive. d Whole number of members in House 435, including one vacancy, one Independent and one Socialist. c One district undetermined. † Includes one Progressive. d Includes one Socialist. h Includes 212 Republicans, one Prohibitionist, two Progressives, one Independent, one Socialist. Whole number of members in House 435.

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62d. 63d. 64th. 65th.	191	17-1919		54	42	1	1		ā	213	217			1	p5

Parties as constituted at beginning of each Congress are given. These figures were liable to change by contests for seats, etc. † Two Senators and 23 Representatives in 36th Congress under American Party designation, \*During the Civil War most of the Southern States were unrepresented in Congress. a Liberal Republicans. b Greenbackers. c David Davis, Independent, of Illinois. † Two Virginia Senators were Readjusters and voted with the Republicans. d People's Party, except that in the House of Representatives of the Fifty-fourth Congress one member is classed as Silver Party. e Three Senate scats were vacant (and continued so) and two Representative seats were unfilled (Rhode Island had not yet effected a choice) when the session began. Rhode Island subsequently elected two Republicans. f Five Populists, two Silver Party, tree Independents. g Including fifteen members classed as Fusionists. h Including three members classed as Silver Party. free Party. There was one vacancy. 'Six Populists, one Silver Party, two Independents, and three vacancies. & Three Populists, one Silver Party, two Independents, and three vacancies. & Three Populists, one Silver Party, two Democratic, one Republican. n One Socialist and delegates from Territories. g Consisting of 5 Progressives, 1 Socialist, 1 Independent. Prohibitionist, and 1 Independent.

#### WIDOW MOTHERS' PENSIONS.

#### RELIEF FOR THE CHILDREN OF WIDOWED MOTHERS.

Twenty-nine States now have so-called "Widow Mothers' Pension" acts. The word "pension" is a misnomer and therefore misleading. A law passed in 1915 by the New York Legislature shows the clear purpose of these acts. In a memorandum on that law, on signing it, Governor Whitman said: "The bill provides for the appointment of local boards of child welfare in the city of New York and in each county of the State outside of New York City. \* \* Such boards are created for the sole purpose of granting 'allowances to widowed mothers with cne or more children may be suitably cared for in their homes by such mothers,' Such allowances are to be granted in the discretion of the board when money has been appropriated therefor, in the county by the Board of Supervisors and in the county by the Board of Supervisors and in the county by the Board of Aldermen. The powers of the board in affording the relief provided by the bill will therefore be limited by the money made available by the local authorities, \* An allowance to a widowed mother may only be made under the bill where the board determines that the mother is a suitable person to bring up her own children and that aid is necessary to enable her to do so, It must further appear that if such is not granted the child or children must be cared for in an institutional home. The amount of allowance to the mother is limited to the amount which it would be necessary to pay to an institutional home for the care of such child or children. The allowance, when made, is to continue for a period of not longer than six months and may thereafter be continued for similar periods if renewed by the board or the time as in the similar periods if renewed by the board or the target of the State Senate of New York, of which Senator William Huffills of the high of the state that the state of the New York, of which Senator William Twenty-nine States now have so-called "Widow Mothers' Pension" acts. The word "pension" is

may be revoked at the pleasure of the board."

An investigation by a committee of the State Senate of New York, of which Senator William H, Hill is Chairman, disclosed "the fact that Missouri was the first State to attempt even in a limited form to have half-orphans cared for by their mothers in their home, said mothers to be compensated for such service from public funds." Senator Hill stated in a letter to Governor Whitman in 1915 that "the Missouri law was approved April 7 1911, and even into effect in June 1911. In Section County, in which Kanasa City is situated. The law has by appendix the property of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the se act. The third State was Colorado, which adopted by popular vote the 'Mothers' Compensation act, submitted at the November elections act, submitted at the November election in 1812. The law followed in general the provision of the Illinois 'Funds to Parents act,' and became operative upon proclamation of the Governor on January 22, 1913. At the present time twenty-nine States have either general or limited laws commonly, known as 'widowed mothers' pension monly known as laws," as follows:

Arizona Minnesota. Missouri. Oklahoma California, Oregon. Pennsylvania. Montana. Colorado. Florida. Nebraska. South Dakota. Nevada. Tennessee. Idaho. New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, North Dakota, Útah. Illinois. Washington, Wisconsin, Iowa. Kansas. Wyoming. Massachusetts. Michigan. Ohio.

Florida—Legislature of 1915 authorized appointment of commission to study question of mothers' pensions. Commission of five persons has been appointed.

appointed.

An account of the various widows' "pension" laws was given by the Hon, David F. Tilley, a member of the Massachusetts State Board of Charities, before the National Conference of Oatholic Charities, held at Washington in

September, 1914. He said: "The purpose underlying all these laws is that of preventing the breaking up of the home when, on account of death or disability, the support of the natural breadwinner of the family is removed. The methods adopted to secure this end vary widely in the different States, as will be seen from the following summary of the laws."

the breaking up of the home when, on account of death or disability, the support of the natural breadwinner of the family is removed. The methods adopted to secure this end vary widely in the different States, as will be seen from the following summary of the laws:

"Persons to Whom Aid May Bo Given,—The law applies to any parent who, on account of poverty, is unable to care properly for a dependent or neglected child, but is otherwise a proper guardian, in Colovado and Nebraska; to any parent or grandparent in Nevada; to any parent in Nevada; t

on whose account an allowance may be made is 14 years in California, Jowa, Massachusetts, Minnesota, Missouri, South Dakota and Wiscon-sin, also Illinois, although the limit may be extended to 16 years if child is ill or incapaci-

sin, also Illinois, although the limit may be extended to 16 years if child is ill or incapacitated for work; 15 years in Idaho, Utah and Washington; 16 in Colorado, New Hampshire, New Jersey, Oklahoma, Oregon and Michigan; 18 in Nebraska and Nevada, 'The legal working age is the limit in Ohio and Pennsylvania, "Amount of Allowance—The maximum allowance for one child is \$2 a week in Lova; \$3 a week in Michigan, It is \$9 a month for one child, \$14 for two children, and \$4 for each additional child in New Jersey; \$10 a month for one child, \$5 for each additional child in New Jersey; \$10 a month for each child in Minnesota and Nebraska; \$10 a month for one child, \$5 for each additional child in Jaho, Missouri (i, e., Jackson County), New Hampshire, and Utah; \$10 for one child and \$7.50 for each additional child in Oregon; \$12 for one child and \$4 for each additional child in Wisconsin (amount may, however, be temporarily increased in cases of sickness or unusual conditions); \$12 for one child, \$20 for two children, \$26 for three children and \$5 for each additional child in Pennsylvani; \$12.50 for each additional child in Pennsylvani; \$12.50 for each additional child in Pennsylvani; \$12.50 for each additional child in Washington; \$15 for one child and \$7 for each additional child in Misconic, \$15 for one child and \$10 for each additional child in Misconic, \$15 for one child and \$10 for each additional child in Misconic, \$15 for one child and \$10 for each additional child in Misconic, \$15 for one child and \$10 for each additional child in Misconic, \$15 for one child and \$10 for each additional child in Misconic, \$15 for one child and \$10 for each additional child in Misconic, \$15 for one child and \$10 for each additional child in Misconic, \$15 for one child and \$10 for each additional child in Misconic, \$15 for one child and \$10 for each additional child in Misconic, \$15 for one child and \$10 for each additional child in Misconic, \$15 for one child and \$10 for each additional child in Misconic, \$15 for one child and

mon Pleas), Ohio, Oregon, South Dakota, Utali, Washington and Wisconsin; by the County Commissioners, upon the advice of the School Board, in New Hampshire; by the City or Town Overseers of the Poor in Massachusetts, and by an unpaid of the Poor in Massachusetts, and by an unpaul board of five to seven women residents of each county, appointed by the Governor, in Pennsylvania, in Ohio, Neiraska and South Dakota, the order granting aid is good only for six months unless renewed. In Idaho, Illinois, Minnesota, Missouri, Nevada, Now Hampshire, Ohio, Utah and Washington the court may at any time modify or discontinue the allowance. In California supervisory powers are given to the State Board of Control, which can appoint three State children's agents with an unpaid advisory committee of three persons in each county; in New Jersey all cases granted aid are under the supervision of the State Board of Children's Guardians. In Massachusetts certain supervisory powers are given to the State Board of Charity; in Wisconsin to the State Board of Control, In Illinois and Ohio the law requires that visits shall be made to the homes from time to time by the Probation officers; in Massachusetts, that the Overseers of the Poor shall visit the families at least once a year. "Source of Funds—In all the States greent "Source of Funds—In all the States greent "Source of Funds—In all the States greent "Source of Funds—In all the States greent "Source of Funds—In all the States greent "Source of Funds—In all the States greent "Source of Funds—In all the States greent "Source of Funds—In all the States greent "Source of Funds—In all the States greent "Source of Funds—In all the States greent "Source of Funds—In all the States greent supported the supported the supported the supported the supported the supported the supported the supported the supported the supported the supported the supported the supported the supported the supported the supported the supported the supported the supported the supported the supported the supported the supported the supported the supported the supported the supported the supported the supported the supported the supported the supported the supported the supported the supported the supported the supported the supported the supporte board of five to seven women residents of each

Overseers of the Poor shall visit the families at least once every three months and reconsider each case at least once a year.

"Source of Funds—In all the States except California, Massachusetts, Pennsylvania and Wiscousin the funds for carrying out the provision of these laws come out of the county treasury. In Illinois they are raised by a special tax of not exceeding three-tenths of a mill on the dollar of a taxable property of the county, and in Ohio by a tax not exceeding one-tenth of a mill.

"Reimbursements to the extent of \$755 a year is made to the local authorities by California, and in Massachusetts one-third of the amount in settled cases and the whole amount in unsettled cases and the whole amount in unsettled cases in Pennsylvania and Wisconsin, within the limits of the appropriation, which is apportioned according to the appropriation, which is apportioned according to the appropriation, which is apportioned according to the population of the counties.

"Benalty for Frand—Penalties are provided for procuring or attempting to procure an allowance fraudhlently in Idaho, Illinots, Missouri, Nevada, Ohio, Pennsylvania, South Dakota; and Washington."

The Hon. William E. Hannan, Legislative Reference Librarian of the State of New York, prepared a bulletin which summarizes Mothers' Pension legislation in New York and other States. In this bulletin Mr. Hannan thus summarizes the provisions of the various States in regard to the persons who are to receive an allowance for the care of a child:

Stiate.	To Whom Allowance Paid.	State.	To Whom Allowance Paid.
	Widows who are mothers of dependent children; wives whose husbands are consigned to State penal institutions or insame asylums.	Kansas	Mother who is a widow or di- yorced or whose husband is incepacitated by a physical or mental infirmity or is an in- mate of any penal or other State institution or whose
Colorado	Dependent mother who is a widow.  To parent or parents if poor but		husband has deserted her for at least three months.
Colorado	otherwise proper guardians.  May be paid to other person for benefit of child.	Massachusetts	All mothers with dependent chil- dren in need of support.
Idaho	Dependent mother who is a widow or whose husband is confined in either State Pententiary, State Insane Asylum or State Home for Feeble-Minded. May be paid to individual or organization as trustee for mother's benefit.		Mother who is a widow or un- married or divorced or desert- ed by her husband; whose husband is insane, feeble- minded cpileptic or blind and confined in a State institu- tion or who is an inmate of some State penal institution.
Ulinois	Dependent mother who is a widow or whose husband is in- capacitated by a physical or mental infimity or who has deserted her for a period of two years prior to application.	Minnesota	Mother who is a widow or whose husband is confined in a penal institution or insane asylum, or because of physical disability is unable to support his family.
gowa	Dependent mother who is a widow or whose husband is an inmate of an institution under the State Board of Control.	Missouri	Women whose husbands are dead prisoners, or whose hus- bands are in hospitals for in- sane or colony for the feeble- minded and epikeptic,

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State.	To Whom Allowance Paid.	State.	To Whom Allowance Paid.
Montane	Mother who is a widow or whose husband is an immate of some institution of charity or correction or who is physically and mentally unable to work, such disability to have occurred while a resident of the State and who has failed to provide for his family for a period of two years or more, Aid to be given to mother.	Pennsylvania	Mother whose husband is either dead or an immate of a State institution or physically or mentally incapacitated and whose support as well as that of the children is dependent wholly or partly upon her labor. May be paid to other person for benefit of mother. Dependent mother who is a widow or whose husband is permanently confined in in-
Nebraska	To any parent unable to care properly for dependent child.	South Dakota	women whose husbands are dead or permanently disabled for
Nevada	Mother who is a widow or whose husband has deserted her for more than one year or whose husband is totally disabled or an inmate of a penal institu- tion or insane asylum.		work by reason of physical or mental infirmity or who are prisoners. Women granted a divorce and who are poor, Not to apply to woman who, while her flusband is imprig- oned, receives sufficient of his wages to support the children,
New Hampshire	Dependent mothers.	Tennessee	Women whose husbands are dead or disabled mentally or physi- cally as to be unable to aid in
New Jersey	Dependent mother who is a widow.	Utah	the support of the family.  Mothers who are dependent upon their own efforts for the
New York	Dependent widow whose de- ceased husband was a citizen of the United States and a resident of the State at the time of his death.	Washington	maintenance of their children.  Mother whose husband is dead or confined in a penal insti- tution or insane hospital or who, through total disability, is unable to support his fam-
North Dakota	Any woman with children de- pendent upon her for support.	Wisconsin	Mother who is a widow or whose husband is incapacitated by
Ohio	Mother who is a widow or whose husband is permanently incapacitated physically or mentally or who is in prison or who has deserted her for a continuous period of three years. (No aid given to mother who, while her husband is imprisoned, receives sufficient of his wages to support her children.)	Wyoming	permanent mental or physical disability or who has been sentenced to a penal institution for one year or more or who has continuously deserted her for one year or more, Aid may be granted to the child, its parents or other person daving care of child. Any woman whose husband is dead or permanently disabled for were by reason of physical for were by reason of physical
Oklahoma	Indigent women whose husbands are dead or insane or prison- ers in any State institution.		or mental infirmity or is a prisoner or who has deserted her for a comtinuous period of one year.

The child welfare boards of New York State are subject to the general supervision of the State Board of Charities. The Hon. Simon W. Rosendale, of Albany, who is Chairman of the Committee on Child Welfare of the State Board of Charities reported to it on May 17, 1916, as follows:

"Since the enactment of the law, boards of child welfare have been appointed in all the counties of the State excepting Hamilton and Wyoming. It is taken for granted that in these the County Judges will appoint such boards at an early date, as the act in part provides that 'The members of the Board of Child Welfare established by this act shall be appointed within sixty days after this act takes effect,' but in the two counties named the County Judges failed to make appointments within the time limit fixed by the statute.

"A number of the counties which established boards of child welfare made no appropriation for their work. The section of the law which governs appropriations conferred discretion in the determination of the necessity as well as the amount required for the purpose, and in twenty-four counties, including Hamilton and Wyoming, the Supervisors made no appropriations. These twentyfour counties are:

Clinton Columbia, Fulton. Greene, Hamilton. Delaware. Jefferson,

Lewis. Madison. Orange. Orleans.

Otsego, St. Lawrence, Saratoga, Schenectady.

Schoharie, Schuyler. Seneca. Tioga.

Ulster. Washington. Wyoming. Westchester."

The counties which made appropriations during !

The counties which made appropriations during fie 9 months ending June 30, 1916, were 3, 1916, over 3, 1916, were 15, 000: Albany, \$20,000: Allegany, \$20,000: Baoome, \$15,000: Cattaraugus, \$2,500: Cavnga, \$4,000: Chautauqua, \$2,600: Chemung, \$4,000: Cortland, \$3,000: Dutchess, \$4,000: Eric, \$50,000: Essex, \$3,000: Herkimer, \$2,050: Lir-

ingston, \$1,000; Montgomery, \$3,500; Nassau, \$13,024; New York, \$437,142 (number of children cared for in New York, \$437,142 (number of solidren cared for in New York, \$179, families 930); Nilagara, \$10,000; Oneida, \$14,775; Onondaga, \$15,000; Oswego, \$6,200; Reneselaer, \$45,000; Rockland, \$5,000; Steuben, \$6,500; Suffolk, \$5,400; Warren, \$5,001; Wayne, \$2,000,

#### ODD FELLOWSHIP.

SOVEREIGN GRAND LODGE OF THE INDEPENDENT ORDER OF ODD FELLOWS.

Grand Stre—F. C. Goudy, Denver, Col.
D. Grand Stre—Henry V. Borst, Amsterdam, N. Y. Grand Treasurer—William H. Cox, Mayville, Ky.
Grand Streatary—John B. Goodwin, Baltimore, Md.
Assistant Grand Grand—J. A. Lucas, Illinois.
Grand Marshal—Wiln. Powers, St. Paul, Minn.
Grand Guardian—O. E. Gipson, Caldwell, Idaho,
Grand Messenger—O. C. Black, Oklahoma City, Okla.

GRAND LODGES AND MEMBERSHIP IN SUBORDINATE LODGES, 1915.

. Jurisdiction.	No. of Members.	JURISDICTION.	No. of Members.	JURISDICTION,	No. of Members.
Alabama Alberta Arizona Arkansas British Columbia California Colorado Connecticut Delaware District of Columbia Fforida Georgia Idaho Illinois Indiana Iowa Kansas Kentucky	19.274 7,505 2,100 20,538 6,757 44,831 13,941 24,294 25,604 4,294 25,604 7,599 105,992 84,466 59,710 48,954	Manitoha Maritime Provinces Maryland Massachusetts. Michigan Minnesota Missourl Montana Nebraska Nevada New Hampshire New Jersey New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio	9,988 11,443 15,229 61,761 66,212 24,148 2,779 60,934 7,692 25,246 1,821 15,493 30,206 2,448 129,333 14,368 7,369 90,296	Ontario. Oregon Pennsylvania Quebec Rhode Island Suskatchewan South Carolina South Dakota. Tennessee Texas Utah Vermont* Virginia Washington West Virginia Wisconsin Wyoming	54,027 19,746 164,875 5,877 6,448 7,603 2,753 12,726 27,889 31,28 3,175 7,597 26,599 26,499 29,548 20,171 2,906
Louisiana	3,732	Oklahoma	33,549	Total	1,606,546

<sup>\*1914</sup> figures.

The lodge membership of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows includes the Grand Lodges of Australasia, 44,177; Denmark, 3,487; Germany, 6,502; Netherlands, 714; Sweden, 7,500; Switzerland, 599, total 62,979, lemale members not included. The American organization is not in affiliation with an English order entitled the Manchester Unity of Odd Fellows.

STATISTICS OF THE ORDER THROUGHOUT THE WORLD FROM 1830 TO DEC. 31, 1915,

Including Australasia, Denmark, Germany, Netherlands, Sweden and Switzerland.

Initiations in subordinate lodges, 4,292,111; members relieved, 4,563,816; widowed families relieved, 356,596; members deceased, 469,913. Total relief, \$166,808,700.59; total revenue, \$368,161,469.46.

CONDITION OF THE ORDER THROUGHOUT THE WORLD DECEMBER 31, 1915.

Sovereign Grand Lodge, 1; quasi-independent grand lodges (Australasia, Denmark, Germany, Netherlands, Sweden, and Switzerland), 6; grand lodges, 6; grand encampments, 58; subordinate lodges, 18, 986; subordinate encampments, 3,552; Rebekah Lodges, 9,654; lodge members, 1,670,597; encampment members, 233,212; Rebekah Lodge members, 752,938. Total number of persons belonging to the order, 2,188,458; total relicf paid in 1915, 85,975,208.09; total receipts of subordinate bodies for 1915, \$17,822,992.79; total expenses of grand and subordinate bodies for 1915, \$17,822,992.79; total expenses of grand and subordinate bodies for 1915, \$2,782,992.79; total bodies December 31, 1915, \$66,773,961.56.

#### INDEPENDENT ORDER OF ODD FELLOWS MANCHESTER UNITY.

Officers of New York District: J. W. Teare, Prov. G. M.; W. E. de Banke, Deputy Prov. G. M.; Harry Porter, Prov. C. S., 120 W. 143d Street, New York City.
Officers of the Grand Lodge of the United States are: Grand Master—Joseph H. Handford, New Bedford, Mass. Deputy Grand Master—John Rigg, 284 Riverside Drive, New York City. Grand Secretary—J. S. B. Clarke, Fall River, Mass. Grand Treasurer—George Lord, Providence, R. I.
This order was founded in 1806 and is represented throughout the United States, Canada, Great Britain and Ireland, South Africa, Australia, New Zealand, and India by 352 districts, 5,803 lodges, and 1,509,892 members; total funds, \$82,500,000.

#### CRAND UNITED ORDER OF ODD FELLOWS OF AMERICA.

GRAND UNITED ORDER OF COUNTIELLOWS OF AMERICA.

Grand Master—Edward H. Morris, Chicago, Ili. Deputy Grand Master—J. C. Johnson, BaitImore, Md. Grand Secretary—J. F. Needham, N. W. corner Twelfth and Spruce Streets, Philadelphia, Pa. Grand Treasurer—W. David Brown, 146 W. 53d Street, New York City.

This organization is composed of colored Odd Fellows, subordinate to G. U. O. O. F. Friendly Society, Manchester, England. The following is the statistical report for the year ended July, 1916; Lodges, 7,488; Households, 5,128; P. G. M. Councils, 448; Patriarchies, 222; D.G. Lodges, 42; Juvenile societies, 1,321; District Grand Households, 3.1. Total number of branches, 14,680. The total membership is 294,970. General meetings are biennial. Next one will be held at New York, N. Y., 1918.

INTERNATIONAL ORDER OF COOD TEMPLARS.

INTERNATIONAL SUPREME LODGE—Int. Chief Templar—Edvard Wavrinsky, M. P., Stockholm, Sweden. Int. P. Chief Templar—Jos. Malins, Birmingham, England. Int. Vice-Templar—Lars O. Jensen, Norway. Int. Secretary—Tom Honeyman, 160 Hill Street, Glassow, Scotland. Int. Treasure—Herman Blume, Hamburg, Germany.

NATIONAL GRAND LODGE—N. C. T.—Ben D. Wright, Lockport, N. Y. N. V. T.—Mrs. Harry E. Wellman, Kendall, N. Y. N. Sec.—Willard O. Wylle, Beverly, Mass. N. Treas—W. P. Carlson, Minnapolis, Minn. Next Session in 1917. Time and place not determined at time Almanac went to press.

The International Order of Good Templars is a world—wide brotherhood of over 600,000 total abstainers, and co-operation in temperance work.

The Order of Good Templars first sprang into existence in 1851 in Onelda County, New York State. One of its most radical features was the recognition of women's rights.

The last report of the International Secretary returned the number of grand lodges as seventy and the membership in both adult and juvenile branches, 620,000. Grand lodges exist in nearly all States of the Union, in England, Ireland, Scotland, Wales, Denmark, Germany, Sweden, Norway, Switzerland, Huncary, Roumania, Holland, the various provinces of Canada, the West Indies, East, West, and South Africa, Australia, New Zealand, British India, Iceland, and other countries.

# ORDER OF THE SONS OF TEMPERANCE. NATIONAL DIVISION OF NORTH AMERICA.

M. W. Patriarch—Emil G. Hohenthal, South Manchester, Ct. M. W. Associate—E. S. Hennigar, St. John, New Brunswick, Canada. M. W. Scribe—Ross Slack, 4539 North Twentieth Street, Philadelphia, Pa. M. W. Treasurer—M. M. Evenson, Camden, N. J. M. W. Patrin—Miss Cora M. Lavers, Halifax, Nova Scotia.

Nova Scotia.

The Order of the Sons of Temperance was organized in the City of New York September 29, 1842. It is composed of subordinate, grand, and national divisions. It has five national divisions—one for North America, one for Great Britain and Ireland, two for Australia, and one for New Zealand. It has been introduced in India and South Africa. In the course of its existence it has had nearly four million members on its rolls. Its present membership in North America is 25,000, of whom 12,200 are in the United States. Its fundamental principle is total abstinence from all intoxicating liquors.

The 73d annual session of the National Division of North America will be held at Boston, Mass., September 27-30, 1917. The 75th anniversary of the order to be celebrated at the same time, September 29-30.

### THE ROYAL ARCANUM.

SUPREME COUNCIL.

Supreme Regent—Samuel N. Hoag, Mount Vernon, N. Y. Supreme Vice-Regent—C. Arch. Williams, Chicago, Ill. Supreme Secretary—A. T. Turner, Boston, Mass. Supreme Treasurer—A. S. Robinson, St. Louis, Mo.

The membership of the order September 1, 1916, was 238,776; the number of grand councils 32 and subordinate councils 1,886. The Supreme Council was organized at Boston June 23, 1877, and incorporated under the laws of Massachusetts. Number of deaths to September 1, 1916, 63,438. Benefits paid to September 1, 1916, \$184,809,542.53. Emergency fund, September 1, 1916, \$3,903,992.21.

## KNICHTS OF PYTHIAS.

SUPREME LODGE.

Supreme Chancellor—John J. Brown, Vandalla, Ill. Supreme Vice-Chancellor—Charles S. Davis, Denver, Supreme Prelate—Joseph H. Spearing, New Orleans, La. Supreme Keeper of Records and Seal—Fred Wheaton, Minneapolis, Minn. Supreme Master of Exchequer—Thos. D. Meares, Wilmington, N. C. MEMBERSHIP, JANUARY 1, 1916.

Alabama	11,0241	Idaho	3,1571	Michigan	25,1351	IN. DakotaI	2,934	(Utah	1,420	
Alberta		Illinois		Minnesota	7,829	Ohio		Vermont	2,735	
Arizona		Indiana		Mississippi		Oklahoma		Virginia	7,310	
Arkansas		Iowa		Missouri		Ontario		Washington		
Br. Columbia		Kansas		Montana		Oregon		West Virginia		
California		Kentucky		Nebraska		Pennsylvania	58,328	Wisconsin	14,104	
Colorado		Louisiana	6,038	Nevada	1,827	Quebec	804	Wyoming	1,379	
Connecticut		Maine	17,240	N. Hampshire		Rhode Island		Subordinate		
Delaware		Manitoba		New Jersey		S. Carolina	10,024		1,264	
Dist. of Col		Mar. Prov's		New Mexico		S. Dakota	2,687			
Florida				New York		Tennessee	7,561		722,075	
Georgia	10,902	Massach'ttsl	27,1011	IN. Carolina	7,9691	Texas	22,683			

Membership of the insurance department (life insurance), 70,952, representing an aggregate insurance of \$86,271,082. Membership of the military department, 17,529. The office of the Supreme Keeper of Records and Seal is at Minneapolis, Minn. The next blennial convention of the Supreme Lodge will be held at Detroit, Mich., beginning August 13, 1918.

### MEMBERSHIP OF FRATERNAL ORCANIZATIONS.

According to the last reports of the supreme bodies of these organizations to The World Almanac, membership of principal fraternal organizations in United States and Canada is as follows:

Ddd Fellows.   1,606,546   Protected Home Circle.   92,489   Protected Workers of Liberty.   92,473   Sons and Daughters of Liberty.   92,473   Sons and Daughters of Liberty.   92,473   Modern Woodmen of America.   990,113   Eastern Star, Order of.   819,724   Mystic Workers of the World.   770,631   Rechabites, Independent Order of.   770,631   Travellers of Am., Order of.   73,062   America.   73,06	Freemasons	1.829.255	Tribe of Ben Hur	100.018
Independent Order of Odd Fellows   1,509,892   Mystic Worker's of the World   991,971   Modern Woordmen of America   990,113   Court of Honor   77,063   Woodmen of the World   770,631   Knights of the Golden Eagle   77,063   Knights of Pythias   722,075   Court of Honor   73,062   Knights of Pythias   722,075   Court of Honor   73,062   Knights of Pythias   722,075   Court of Honor   73,063   Knights of Pythias   722,075   Court of Honor   73,063   Knights of Hordinary   722,075   Court of Honor   73,063   Knights of Maerican Mechanics   62,000   Court of Pythias   722,075   Court of Honor   73,063   Court of Pythias   722,075   Court of Honor   73,063   Court of Pythias   722,075   Court of Cleaners   722,075   Court of Honor   73,063   Court of Pythias   722,075   Court of Honor   73,063   Court of Pythias   722,075   Court of Cleaners   722,075   Court of Hordinary			Protected Home Circle	92,489
Modern Woordmen of America   990,113   Court of Honor   77,063   Eastern Star, Order of   819,724   Knights of the Golden Eagle   74,063   Knights of Pythias   722,075   Court of Honor   77,063   Court of Honor   73,062   Knights of Pythias   722,075   Court of Honor   73,062   Knights of Pythias   722,075   Court of Honor   73,062   Court of Pythias   722,075   Court of Gleauers   73,062   Court of Gleauers   72,331   Court of Gleauers   72,3362   Court of Gleauers   72,331   Court of Gleauers   72,332   Court of Gleauers   72,331   Court of Gleauers   72,33	Independent Order of Odd Fellows, Man-		Sons and Daughters of Liberty	92,473
Modern Woodmen of America   990,113   Court of Honor   77,063   Kastern Star, Order of   819,724   Knights of the Golden Eagle   74,063   Woodmen of the World   770,631   United Com'l Travellers of Am, Order of   73,062   Knights of Pythias   722,075   Order of Gleauers   722,075   Order of Gleauers   72,031   Rechabites, Independent Order of   701,040   Patriotic and Protective Order of Stags   68,574   County Order of Moose   620,000   Loyal Order of Moose   620,000   Loyal Order of Moose   620,000   Loyal Order of Moose   64,200   Hermann's Sons   64,200   Hermann's Sons   64,200   Hermann's Sons   64,200   Order of Order of Red Men   422,359   Oaks, The Fraternal Order of   55,000   Order of Order of Eagles   413,627   National Union Assurance Society   37,817   Order of Eagles   413,627   National Union Assurance Society   37,817   Order of Eagles   413,627   National Union Assurance Society   37,817   Order of Eagles   422,359   Myste Order Veiled Prophets of the Entravel of Hibernians in America   220,090   Independent Order of Frate Institute   43,550   Order of Order of Hibernians in America   220,090   Independent Order of Frate Institute   43,550   Order of American   223,550   Order of American   225,000   Order of American   225,00	chester Unity	1,509,892	Mystic Workers of the World	
Eastern Star, Order of .   319,724   Knights of the Golden Eagle.   74,663   Woodmen of the World.   770,651   United Com'! Travellers of Am, Order of .   73,062   Knights of Pythias   722,075   Order of Gleauers.   72,331   Good Templars, International Order   620,000   Loyal Order of Moose.   620,000   Loyal Order of Moose.   620,000   Loyal Order of Moose.   620,000   Hermann's Sons.   64,800   Hermann's Sons.   64,80	Modern Woodmen of America	990,113	Court of Honor	
Woodmen of the World.	Eastern Star, Order of		Knights of the Golden Eagle	74.063
Reighbites, Independent Order of   701,040   Patriotic and Protective Order of Stags   68,574   Good Templars, International Order   620,000   Loyal Order of Moose   620,000   Improved Order of Roose   620,000   Improved Order of Red Men   620,000   Hermann's Sons   64,800	Woodmen of the World	770,631		73.062
Rechabites, Independent Order of   701,040   Pathlotic and Protective Order of Stags   68,574   Good Templars, International Order   620,000   Daughters of America   68,000   Loyal Order of Moose   620,000   Hermann's Sons   64,800   Improved Order of Red Men   469,480   Fraternal Aid Union   64,223   Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks   453,516   Catholic Mutual Benefit Association   64,123   Royal Areh Masons   422,239   Oaks, The Fraternal Order of   55,000   Order of Owls   413,627   National Union Assurance Society   57,817   Order of Eagles   490,000   Ladies of the Maccabees   51,073   Knights of Columbus   490,000   Mystic Order Veiled Prophets of the Enbruids, United Ancient Order of   335,310   The Maccabees   450,000   Mystic Order Veiled Prophets of the Enbruids, United Ancient Order of   450,000   The Maccabees   450,000   Mystic Order Veiled Prophets of the Enchanted Realm   450,000   The Maccabees   450,000   Mystic Order of Protection   49,359   Notles of the Mystic Brine   225,000   The Maccabees   450,000   Mystic Order of Hibertalans in America   235,000   The Maccabees   450,000   Mystic Order of Protection   49,359   The Maccabees   450,000   Mystic Order of Protection   45,000   The Mystic Order of American Mechanics   45,000   The Maccabees   450,000   Mystic Order of American Mechanics   45,000   The Mystic Order of American Mechanics   45,000   The Mystic Order of American Mechanics   45,000   The Mystic Order of American Mechanics   45,000   The Mystic Order of American Mechanics   45,000   The Mystic Order of American Mechanics   45,000   The Maccabees   450,000   The M	Knights of Pythlas	722,075	Order of Gleauers	72,331
Good Templars, International Order   620,000   Loyal Order of Moose.   620,000   Improved Order of Red Men.   629,000   Hermann's Sons.   64,800   Improved Order of Red Men.   469,480   Hermann's Sons.   64,800   Hermann's Sons.   64,8	Rechabites, Independent Order of	701,040	Patriotic and Protective Order of Stags	68.574
Improved Order of Red Men.   469,480   Fraternal Ald Union.   64,283   Catholic Routual Benefit Association.   64,187   Royal Arch Masons.   422,359   Catholic Routual Benefit Association.   65,187   Catholic Routual Benefit Association.   64,187   Catholic Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Rout	Good Templars, International Order	620,000	Daughters of America	
Improved Order of Red Men.   469,480   Fraternal Ald Union.   64,283   Catholic Routual Benefit Association.   64,187   Royal Arch Masons.   422,359   Catholic Routual Benefit Association.   65,187   Catholic Routual Benefit Association.   64,187   Catholic Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Routual Rout	Loyal Order of Moose	620,000	Hermann's Sons	
Royal Arch Masons.	Improved Order of Red Men		Fraternal Ald Union	
Order of Cagles				
State	Royal Arch Masons			
Knights of Columbus.	Order of Owls			
Druids, United Ancient Order of . 335, 310   Stanted Realm	Order of Eagles			51,073
The Maccabees	Knights of Columbus		Mystic Order Veiled Prophets of the En-	
Junior Order of United American Mechanics   250,950   Knights of Malta, Ancient and Illustrious   45,000   Ancient Order of Hiberians in America   250,000   Independent Order of Brial Britth   44,893   Knights Templar   243,590   United Order of American Mechanics   38,212   Brotherhood of American Yeomen   228,764   Royal Areanum   25,000   Sons of St. George   30,683   Foresters of America   210,617   Brotherhood of America   210,617   Britth Arhaham Order   203,509   Fraternal Brotherhood   27,000   Frith Arhaham Order   203,509   Fraternal Brotherhood   25,632   Independent Order of Foresters   198,725   Order of the Sons of Temperance   25,000   Small Brotherhood   25,000   Small Brotherhood   25,000   Small Brotherhood   25,000   Small Brotherhood   25,000   Smaller Organizations   144,883   Knights and Ladles of Security   165,779   Ladles' Catholic Benevolent Association   161,375   Total   7,801,049	Druids, United Ancient Order of		chanted Realm	
Ancient Order of Hibernians in America   250,000   Independent Order of B'niai B'rith.   44,893   Knights Templar   243,590   United Order of American Mechanics   38,212   Royal Arcanum   228,764   Improved Order of Heptasophs   36,521   Brotherhood of American Yeomen   227,643   Sons of St. George   31,838   Nobles of the Mystic Shrine   225,000   Sons of St. George   30,683   Foresters of America   210,617   Daughters of Isabella   27,000   B'rith Abraham Order   203,599   Fraternal Brotherhood   25,5632   Independent Order of Foresters   198,725   Order of the Sons of Temperance   25,001   Woman's Benefit Assn. of the Maccabees   187,591   Smaller organizations   144,883   Knights and Ladies of Security   165,779   Ladies' Catholic Benevolent Association   161,375   Total   7,801,049	The Maccabees			
Knights Templar				
Royal Areantim   238,776   Improved Order of Heptasophs   36,521				
Brotherhood of American Yeomen. 227,643   Royal League. 31,838   Robles of the Mystic Shrine. 225,000   Sons of St. George. 30,683   Foresters of America. 210,617   Daughters of Isabella. 27,000   Brith Abraham Order. 203,509   Fraternal Brotherhood. 225,632   Independent Order of Foresters. 198,725   Order of the Sons of Temperance. 25,001   Woman's Benefit Assn. of the Maccabees. 187,591   Smaller organizations. 144,883   Knights and Ladies of Security. 165,779   Ladies' Catholic Benevolent Association. 161,375   Total. 7,801,049	Knights Tempiar			
Nobles of the Mystic Shrine         225,000         Sons of St. George         30,883           Foresters of America         210,617         Daughters of Isabella         27,000           B rith Abraham Order         203,509         Fraternal Brotherhood         25,632           Independent Order of Foresters         198,725         Order of the Sons of Temperance         25,000           Woman's Beneth Assn. of the Maccabees         187,591         Smaller organizations         144,883           Knights and Ladies of Security         165,779         Total         7,801,049	Royal Arcanum			
Foresters of America.   210,617   Daughters of Isabella   27,000     B'rith Abraham Order   203,509   Fraternal Brotherhood   25,632     Independent Order of Foresters   198,725   Order of the Sons of Temperance   25,007     Woman's Benefit Ass, of the Maccabees   187,591   Smaller organizations   144,883     Knights and Ladles of Security   165,779     Ladles' Catholic Benevolent Association   161,375   Total   7,801,049			Royal League	
B'rith Abraham Order 233,509 Fraternal Brotherhood 25,532 Independent Order of Foresters 198,725 Order of the Sons of Temperance 25,000 Woman's Benefit Assn. of the Maccabees 187,591 Smaller organizations. 144,883 Knights and Ladles of Security. 165,779 Ladles' Catholic Benevolent Association. 161,375 Total 7,801,049			Sons of St. George	
Independent Order of Foresters.     198,725     Order of the Sons of Temperance.     25,000       Woman's Benefit Assn. of the Maccabees.     187,591     Smaller organizations.     144,883       Knights and Ladles of Security.     165,779     165,779     161,375     Total.     7,801,049				
Woman's Benefit Assn. of the Maccabees. 187,591 Smaller organizations. 144,883 Knights and Ladies of Security. 165,779 Ladies Catholic Benevolent Association. 161,375 Total. 7,801,049		203,509		
Knights and Ladies of Security			Order of the Sons of Temperance	
Ladies' Catholic Benevolent Association 161,375 Total		187,591	Smaller organizations	144,883
				.004.010
Loyal Grange Institution 150,000				,801,049
	Loyal Orange Institution	190,000		

#### PRINCIPAL FRATERNAL ORCANIZATIONS.

NOTICE—The following data concerning fraternal organizations is based upon the latest information obtainable, but is subject to the frequent changes incidental to the formation of these bodies.

BEN HUR, TRIBE OF—Founded 1894; supreme temple, Crawfordsville, Ind.; courts, 1,356; members, 100,018; benefits disbursed since organization, 314,-412,743; benefits disbursed since organization, 314,-412,743; benefits disbursed last fiscal year, \$1,241,895; Supreme Chief, R. H. Gerard; Supreme Scribe, J. C. Snyder, Crawfordsville, Ind.; Supreme Keeper of Tribute, S. E. Voris.

B'NAI B'RITH, INDEPENDENT ORDER OF—Founded 1842; grand lodges 11; subordings lodges 428; mem-

Supreme Chief, R. H. Gerard: Supreme Scribe;
J. C. Shyder, Crawfordsville, Ind.; Supreme Keeper
of Tribute, S. E. Voris.

B'NAI B'RIFI, INDEPENDENT ORDER OF—FOUNDED
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18 INTER, INDEP, DAUGHTERS OF AMERICA—Founded 1891; State councils, 12; subordinate councils, 800; members, 68,000; National Councillor, Miss Annie C. Nicholson, 812 Weedon Street, Fredericksburg, Va.; National Secretary, Mrs. Julia T. Roth, 1321 Oregon Avenue, Steubenville, Ohio; National Treasurer, Mr. A. M. Vaux, 807 Manor Avenue, Woodhaven, Long Island, N. Y.
DAUGHTERS of ISABELLA—National Supreme Regent, Mrs. Genevieve H. Walsh, 4241 Broadway, New York City; National Secretary, Mr. E. Kelly, 106 Genesee Street, Utica, N. Y.; State Regent, Katherine M. Rosney, Poughkeepsie, N. Y.; membership, 27,000. DAUGHTERS OF AMERICA-Founded 1891; State

rnal organizations is based upon the latest informas incidental to the formation of these bodies.

DRUIDS, UNITED ANCIENT ORDER OF—Founded 1781, in England; 1839, in America; number of grand groves, 17; sub-groves, 495; total number of members, in United States, 32,917; in all, 335,310; benefits disbursed since organization, \$8,061,199; benefits disbursed last fiscal year, \$111,427; Supreme Arch, Gen. E. P. Edsen, Seattle, Wash.; Supreme Secretary, H. Freudenthal, Albany, N. Y.; Supreme Secretary, H. Freudenthal, Albany, N. Y.; Supreme Treasurer, H. Ackerman, Marlon, Ohlo.

EAGLES, ORDER OF—Founded 1898; grand aerle, 1; subordinate aerles, 2,048; members, 400,000; benefits disbursed last Bscal year, \$1,576,583; President, Rex B. Goodcell, San Bernardino, Cal.; Secretary, John S. Parry, Kansas City, Mo.; offices, Kansas City, Mo. EASTERN STAR, ORDER OF—General Grand Chapter founded 1876; grand chapters, 54; subordinate chapters, 8,379; members, 819,724; Grand Matron, Mrs. Emma C. Octoock, Hartford, Mich. Grand Secretary, Mrs. Lorraine J. Pitkin, 1066 Berwyn Avenue, Chicago, Ili.; Grand Treasurer, Mrs. Alcena Lamond, Washington, D. C. Next meeting will be held in Seattle, Wash., in 1919.

ELEKS, BENEFOLENT AND PROTECTIVE ORDER OF—Gunded 1868; grand lodge, 1,501-61; escents disbursed since organization, \$51,445; Grand Exalted News, Chicago, Ili. Headquarters in New York (Lodge No. 1), 110 West Forty-third Street.

FORESTERS, INDEPENDENT ORDER OF—Founded 1874; high courts, 54; subordinate courts, 3,553; members, 198,725; benefits disbursed since organization, \$61,445; Grand Scattle, Vear, 3,772,433; Supreme Chief Ranger, E. G. Stevenson, 198,723; benefits disbursed last fiscal year, \$3,772,433; Supreme Chief Ranger, E. G. Stevenson, 7000, 01, 110 West Forty-third Street.

FORESTERS IN NEPERNDENT ORDER OF—Founded 1874; high courts, 54; subordinate courts, 3,553; members, 198,725; benefits disbursed last fiscal year, \$3,772,433; Supreme Chief Ranger, E. G. Stevenson, 7000, 01, 110; Supreme Secretary, Fred J. Darch, T

FATERAN DRAILEANDON—TWIND REAL STATES AND THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE

Mrs. Emma R. Neiting. Dos Angeles, Cal., Secretarly, Chas. W. Dempster, Los Angeles, Cal.

Free Sons of Israel, Independent of the Founded 1849; grand lodges, 3; subordinate lodges, 81; members, 7,842; beneits disbursed since organization, 87,445,626; beneits disbursed last fiscal year, \$296,741; Grand Master, Emil Tausig, 36 West Twentieth Street, New York City; Secretary, Abraham Hafer, 21 West 124th Street, New York City; Treasurer, Benl. Blumenthal, 1215 Madison Avenue, New York City. Gleaners, 1 local arbors, 1,367; members, 72,331; benefits disbursed since organization, 83,571,216; benefits disbursed since organization, 83,571,216; benefits disbursed since organization, 83,571,216; benefits disbursed last fiscal year, \$321,649; President Supreme Council, John Livingston; Secretary, G. H. Slocum; Treasurer, John M. Ealy. Headquarters, Detroit, Mich. Golden Großen Gross, United 11; subordinate commanderies, 468; members, 16,759; benefits disbursed last fiscal year, \$403,763; Commander, J. P. Bur-

lingame, Providence, R. I.; Keeper of Records, W. R. Cooper, Knoxville, Tenn.; Treasurer, Fred. W. Rauskolb, Boston, Mass.

RAUSKOID, HOSTOR, MASS.

GOLDEN SEAL, ORDER OF—Founded 1902: supreme camp, 1; subordinate camps, 350; members, 8,292; benefits disbursed since organization, 89,286,844; benefits disbursed isst fiscal year, \$146,373; President, Hill Montague, Richmond, Va.; Treasurer, J. Frisbee Bouton; Secretary, Arthur F. Bouton Roxbury, N. Y.

Frisbee Bouton, Secretary, Arthur F. Bouton Roxbury, N. Y.

HEFTASOHS, IMPROVED ORDER—Founded 1878; supreme conclave, 1; conclaves, 750; members, 36,521; benefits disbursed since organizating, 245,-356,686; benefits disbursed late fazion, Baltimore, McConstruction, 1986; Secretary, Proof, T. Supreme Archon, John E. Pleitner, Baltimore, McConstruction, 1986; Secretary, Proof, T. Supreme Archon, John E. Pleitner, Baltimore, McConstruction, 1986; Secretary, 1987; Sons—Founded 1840; grand lodges, 23; subordinate lodges, 745 brothers, 423 sisters; members, 44,000 brothers, 20,500 sisters; benefits disbursed since organization, 816,550,000; benefits disbursed last fiscal year, \$550,000; National Grand Secretary, Richard Schafer, New Britain, Ct.

HIBERNIANS OF AMERICA, ANCIENT ORDER OF—Founded 1836; national board, 1; State boards, 50, including Dominion of Canada; county boards, 450; Divisions, 1,500; members, 250,000; benefits disbursed last fiscal year, \$625,000; National President, Joseph McLaughlin, Philadelphia, Pa.; National Vice-President, Peter Doyle, Montreal, Quebec; National Secretary, Thomas J. Mathews, Providence, R. I.; National Treasurer, Michael W. Delaney, Chicago, Ill.

IRISH CATHOLIC BENEVOLENT UNION—Founded 1869; National Union, 1; subordinate organizations, 55; members, 6,000; benefits disbursed last fiscal year, \$28,969; President, Daniel Duffy, Pottsville, Pa.; Treasurer, Wm. F. Fanning, Providence, R. I.; Secretary, Augustus A. Boyle, 1431 North Marshall St., Philadelphia, Pa.

IRog0015, ORDER OF—Founded in 1896; represented to the property of the provision of the provision of the provision of the provision of the provision of the provision of the provision of the provision of the provision of the provision of the provision of the provision of the provision of the provision of the provision of the provision of the provision of the provision of the provision of the provision of the provision of the provision of the provision of the provision of the provision of the provision of the provision o

retary, Augustus A. Boyle, 1431 North Marsball St., Philadelphia, Pa.

IROQUOIS, ORDER OF—Founded in 1896; representative form of government through district conventions composed of elected delegates from the subordinate lodges, members, 1,410; benefits disbursed since organization, \$381,746; benefits disbursed since organization, \$381,746; benefits disbursed last fiscal year, \$32,265; Supreme President, Medford B. Farrington; Supreme Secretary, Charles F. Jekel; Supreme Treasurer, Dr. Earle S. Strong. Headquarters, Iroquois Building, Buffalo, N. Y.

KNIGHTS AND LADIES OF HONOR—Merged and consolidated with the North American Union of Chicago, August 24, 1916.

KNIGHTS AND LADIES OF SECURITY—Founded 1892; national lodge, 1; subordinate lodges, 1,739; members,

KNIGHTS AND LADIES OF SECURITY—Founded 1892; national lodge, 1; subordinate lodges, 1,739; members, 165,779; benefits disbursed since organization, 814,-844,740; benefits disbursed last fiscal year, 81,782,921; National President, J. M. Kirkpatrick, Security Bullding, Topeka, Kan.; National Secretary, J. V. Abrabam, Topeka, Kan.
KNIGHTS OF COLUMBUS—Founded 1882; State KNIGHTS, OF COLUMBUS—Founded 1882; State

Building, Topeka, Kan.; National Secretary, J. V. Abrabam, Topeka, Kan.

KNigars of Collegians—Founded 1882; State councils, 32; subordinate councils, 1.754; members, 368, 135; sasessments collected since organization, \$2,106,433; luproma deposited last fascal year, New Hayen, Ct.; Supreme Secretary, Willam J. McChiley, New Hayen, Ct.; Supreme Secretary, Willam J. McChiley, New Hayen, Ct.; Supreme Treasurer, D. J. Callahan, Washington, D. C.

KNIGHTS OF MALTA, ANGIENT AND ILLUSTRIOUS ORDER—Founded in Jerusalem, 1048; in Ametica, 1870; grand commanderles, 5; sub-commanderles, 300; members, 45,000; Supreme Commander, J. T. Sembower, Uniontown, Pa.; Supreme Recorder Frank Gray, Philadelphia, Pa.

KNIGHTS OF THE GOLDEN EAGLE—Founded 1878; supreme castle, 1; grand castles, 14; grand temples, 6; castles, 695; temples, 307; members, 74,063; benefits disbursed isnice organization, 86,963,920; benefits disbursed isnice organization, 86,963,920; benefits disbursed ince organization, 86,963,920; benefits disbursed since organization, 74,083; benefits disbursed since organization, 86,963,920; benefits disbursed since organization, 80,963,920; benefits disbursed since organization, 305, 500; benefits disbursed since organization, 805,600; benefits disbursed sinc

LADIES' CATHOLIC BENEVOLENT ASSOCIATION—Founded 1890; subordinate branches, 1,261; members, 161,375; benefits disbursed ince organization, 314,593,450; benefits disbursed ince organization, 314,593,450; benefits disbursed ince free from the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of th Keeper, Susion Huron, Mich.

Aceper, Susie S. Graves. Heazquarters, Port Huron, Mich.

LOYAL AMERICAN LIFE ASSOCIATION—Founded 1890; grand lodge, 1; subordinate lodges, 582; members, 13,090; benefits disbursed since organization, 53,316,853; benefits disbursed last fiscal year, S191,726; Supreme President, E. J. Dunn, Chicego, Ill.; Supreme Secretary, H. D. Cowan, Karpen Bullding, Chicago, Ill.; Supreme Treasurer, W. A. Holman, Decatur, Ill.

LOYAL ORANGE INSTITUTION—Founded 1688; supreme grand lodge, 1; members (1916), 150,000; Supreme Grand Master, Alexander McClintock, Philadelphia, Pa.; Supreme Grand Treasurer, Thomas Lees, Pittsburgh, Pa.; Supreme Grand Secretary, Wm. J. Kirkland, 2217 H Street, N. W. Washington, D. C. Next Blemila Session meets in Boston, Mass., August 13, 1918

LOYAL ORDER OF MOOSE—Founded 1888; supreme Goge, 1; subordinate lodges, 1,675; members, 620, 600; Supreme Dictator, H. D. Davis, Cleveland, Ohio; Supreme Secretary, Wm. T. Clies, Mooseheart, CCLBEES, Ther—Founded 1883; supreme tent

Omo; Supreme Secretary, wm. T. Giles, Mooseheart, Ill.

MACCABEES, THE—Founded 1883; supreme tent 1; great camps, 10; subordinate tents, 5,531; members, 316,575; benefits disbursed since organization, 888,026,627; benefits disbursed last fiscal year, 55,529,331; Supreme Commander, D. P. Markey, Detroit, Mich.; Supreme Record Keeper, L. E. Slsler, Detroit, Mich.

MASTER MATES AND PILOTS, AMERICAN ASSOCIATION—Founded 1889; subordinate harbors, 34; members, 6,000; President, John H. Pruett, Brooklyn, N. Y.; Secretary, M. D. Tenniswood, 308 Vine Street, Camden, N. J.; Treasurer, A. B. Devlin.

MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA, SOCIETY OF—Founded 1883; head camp, 1; local camps, 14,541; members, 990,113; benefits disbursed last fiscal year, 512,411,713; Head Consul, A. R. Talbot, Lincoln, Neb.; Head Clerk, James McNamara, Rock island, 111.

Neb.; Head Clerk, James McNamara, Rock island, Ill.

Mystic Circle, The Fraternal—Founded 1884; grand rulings, 17; subordinate rulings, 451; members, 16,883; benefits disbursed since organization, 86, 970,459; benefits disbursed since organization, 86, 970,459; benefits disbursed last fiscal year, 5385,348; Supreme Mystic Ruler, William C. Paul, Philadelphia, Pa.; Treasurer, John Smiles, Palladelphia, Palladelp

#### PRINCIPAL FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS-Continued.

Building, Philadelphia, Pa.; Supreme Financial Oak, George W. Hillsey, 629 Drexel Building, Philadelphia, Pa.; Organizer General, C. P. Hughes, Gamber of Commerce Building, Columbus, Onio. Suprene Headquarters, Drexel Building, Philadelphia, Pa. Owis, ORDER OF—Founded 1904; home nest, 1; subordinate nests, 2.146; imembers, 413,627; Supreme President, John W. Talbot; Supreme Secretary, George D. Beroth; Supreme Treasurcr, Frank W. Bailey. Headquarters, "Home Nest," South Bend, Indiana.

Indiana.

Indiana.

PATRIOTIC AND PROTECTIVE ORDER OF STAGS OF THE WORLD—Founded 1912; supreme drove, 1; subordinate droves, 206; members, 68,574; Supreme Director, Dr. W. H. Dupree. Executive offices, Wright Building, St. Louis, Mo.

PROTECTED HOME CIRCLE—Founded 1886; grand circles, 9; sub-circles, 598; members, 92,489; benefits disbursed since organization, \$10,168,346; benefits disbursed last fiscal year, \$898,468; President, A. C. McLear, Vice-President, J. A. McLaushry; Secretary, W. S. Palmer. Offices, Sharon, Pa.

RECHARITES. INDEPENDENT ORDER OF—Founded

RECHABITES, INDEPENDENT ORDER OF KECHABITES, INDEPENDENT ORDER OF—Founded 1835; grand tents, 4; subordinate tents, 4,037; members (Great Britain and America), 701,040; High Chief Ruler, Chas. T. Carroll, Washington, D. C.; Secretary, John C. Moore, 809 Sixth Street, Washington, D. C.; Treasurer, Loia V. Marks, Washington, D. C.

ington, D. C.; Treasurer, Lora V. Malaks, V. Assaule ton, D. C.

REP MEN, IMPROVED ORDER OF—Founded 1763 and 1834; great councils, 65; subordinate branches, 4,936; members, January 1, 1916, 489,480; benefits disbursed since organization, 536,260,900; benefits disbursed since organization, 536,260,900; benefits disbursed 1916, \$1,648,894; Great Incohonce, Thomas H. Jeffries, Atlante, Ga.; Great Senior Sagamore, James T. Rogers, Binghamton, N. Y.; Great Junior Sagamore, A. G. Rutherford, Nashville, Tenn.; Great Prophet, Frederick O. Downes, Boston, Mass.; Great Chief of Records, Wilson Brooks, 230 S. La Salle Street, Chicago, Ill.; Great Keeper of Wampum, D. K. Reef, Clarksburg, West Virginia, Royal, League—Founded 1882; advisory councils, 9; subordinate councils, 247; members, 31,838 benefits disbursed is since organizatiou, \$11,088,023; benefits disbursed is since organizatiou, \$11,088,023; benefits disbursed last fiscal year, \$789,831; Supreme Archon, W. E. Hyde, Chicago, Ill.; Supreme Scribe, Charles E. Piper, 1601 Masonic Temple, Chicago, Ill.; Supreme Treasurer, J. W. Fernald, Chicago, Ill.

III.; Supreme Treasurer, J. W. Fernald, Chicago, III. Scottist Clans, ORDER of Founded 1878; grand clan, 1; subordinate clans, 180; members, 18,000; benefits disbursed since organization, 82,132,319; benefits disbursed for six months ended June 30, 1916, \$101,833; Royal Chief, Alexander G. Findlay, Seattle, Wash; Royal Secretary, Thomas R. P. Glibb, 248 Boyiston Street, Boston, Mass.; Royal Treasurer, Duncan MacInnes, Brooklyn, N. Y.

SHELD OF HONOR—Founded 1875; grand lodges, 6; sub-lodges, 107; members, 8,276; benefits disbursed since organization to December, 1916, nearly \$5,000,000; Supreme Master, George M. Grim, M. D., Ottsville, Pa.; Sccretary, Thomas M. Vansant, Baltimore, Md.; Treasurer, Win. H. H. Sultzer, Baltimore, Md.

SONS AND DAUGHTERS OF LIBERTY—Founded 1875; State councils, 15; members, 92,473; benefits disbursed sixte councils, 15; members, 92,473; benefits disbursed sixt focal year, 2824,398; National Councillor, Walter D. Rhea, Philadelphia, Pa.; National Treasurer, Herman W. Relistab, Lawrencewille, N. J.; National Secretary, Wm. V. Edkins, 1604 East Fassyunk Avenue, Philadelphia, Pa.; National Secretary, Wm. V. Edkins, 1604 East Fassyunk Avenue, Philadelphia, Pa.
Sons of St. George, Order—Founded 1871; Sund bodies, 11; subordinate bodies, 311; members, 39,653 benefit silsoured since organization \$4,056, pp. 153, p

YEOMEN OF AMERICA—Amaigamated with the Loyal American Life Association, of Chicago, Ill., on August 7, 1916.

#### SOCIETAS ROSICRUCIANA IN AMERICA.

#### THE AMERICAN BRANCH OF THE ROSICRUCIAN BROTHERHOOD.

Incorporated under the laws of the State of New York in 1912. Has jurisdiction throughout the United States, operating through a High Council and subordinate colleges, also maintaining colleges on the African West Coast. Is in fraternal communication with councils in Great Britain, Germany, France, Spain and Egypt. Secretary-General's address, 45 John Street, New York City. Object: "The teaching and study of moral philosophy and ethical principles through the exploration of the archæological, historical and traditional subjects of Rosicrucianism, Freemasonry, Druidism and other arcane organizations.

#### THE BIG BROTHER MOVEMENT.

The big brother movement.

This movement was founded in 1904 by Ernest K. Coulter in New York City. Since that time the work has been taken up in over one hundred cities. There is a staff of paid workers, supplemented by volunteers—lawyers, physicians, merchants, executives, teachers—all busy men, selected because of their good will and natural ability to do effective work. The Little Brothers are boys referred by parents, hospitals, police, courts, by other boys and by the boys themselves. They are the sons of widows, inebriates, prisoners, of careless or Ignorant parents—boys who are largely the victims of their environment.

The task is to ascertain the cause of the boy's trouble—whether it be truancy, stealing, lying, running away from home, etc.; then, with the co-operation of parents, through the mediation of the Big Brothers, to build up within the boy a sense of honor and good citizenship. Every possible agency is employed to secure results—hospitals for examination or operation, the Y. M. C. A., church and settlement symnasiums, industrial classes and boys' ciubs, Boy Securts, trade schools, camps, and farm schools. Presidents—Franklin C. Hoyt. Vice-Presidents—Luther H. Lewis, Robert L. Gerry. Chairman Executive Committee—Ernest K. Coulter. Secretary—Charles A. Taussig. Treaswer—Francis J, Danforth. General Secretary—R. C. Sheldon, Headquarters, 200 Fifth Avenue, New York City.

#### FREEMASONRY,

#### MASONIC GRAND LODGES IN THE UNITED STATES AND BRITISH AMERICA.

GRAND LODGES.	Number Mem- bers, 1916.	Grand Secretaries.	GRAND LODGES.	Number Mem- bers, 1916.	Grand Secretaries.
Alabama	27,916	G. A. Beauchamp, Montg'y.	N. Brunswick	3,685	J. Twining Hartt, St. John,
Alberta		G. MaeDonald, Calgary.	N. Hampshire	10,910	H. M. Cheney, Concord.
Arizona	22,808	G. J. Roskruge, Tucson.	New Jersey		Theo. B. Townley, Trenton.
Arkansas		F. Hempstead, Little Rock.		3,564	A. A. Keen, Albuquerque.
British Col	2,564	W. A. DeWolf-Smith, New	New York	197,423	E. M. L. Ehlers, Masonic
O 114. 1	# A#A	Westminster.			Temple, W. 23d St. & 6th
California	17,678	J. Whicher, San Francisco.	N. Carolina	00.000	Ave., New York City.
Canada Colorado		Ralph L. Gunn, Hamilton. C. H. Jacobson, Denver.	North Dakota	23,909	John C. Drewry, Raieigh. W. L. Stockwell, Fargo.
Connecticut		Geo. A. Kies, Hartford,	Nova Scotla		Thomas Mowbray, Halifax.
Delaware		Harry J. Guthrie, Wil-	Ohio		J. H. Bromwell, Cincinnatl.
Delaware	0,011	mington.	Oklahoma		W. M. Anderson, Oklahoma
Dist. of Col	10.171	Arvine W. Johnston, Wash.	Oma Doma	20,000	City.
Florida		W. P. Webster, Jacksonville.	Oregon	14.214	Jas. F. Robinson, Portland.
Georgia		T. J. Carling, Macon.	Pennsylvania.		John A. Perry, Philadelphia.
Idaho	4,640	George E. Knepper, Boisé.	Pr. Ed. Island	799	W. P. Doull, Charlottetown.
Illinois		Isaae Cutter, Camp Point.	Quebec	8,152	Will. H. Whyte, Montreal.
Indiana		C. W. Prather, Indianapolis.		9,194	S. P. Williams, Providence.
Iowa	51,785	N. R. Parvin, Cedar Rapids.		6,705	W. B. Tate, Regina.
Kansas		Albert K. Wilson, Topeka.	S. Carolina	16,165	O. Frank Hart, Columbia.
Kentucky	43,387	Dave Jackson, Louisville.	South Dakota	11,163	G. A. Pettigrew, Sioux Falls.
Louisiana		J. A. Davilla, New Orleans.			S. M. Cain, Nashville.
Maine	30,884	Stephen Berry, Portland.	Texas	55,809	W. B. Pearson, Waco.
Manitoba Maryland		James A. Ovas, Winnipeg. George Cook, Baltimore.	Utah	2,355	F. A. McCarty, Salt Lake City.
Mass		Fred W. Hamilton, Boston.	Vermont	14.055	H. H. Ross, Burlington.
Michlgan		L. B. Windsor, Reed City.	Virginia		Chas. H. Nesbitt, Richmond.
Minnesota		John Fishel, St. Paul.	Washington	20,721	Horace W. Tyler, Tacoma,
Mississippi	20,073	F. G. Speed, Vicksburg.	West Virginia		John M. Collins, Charleston.
Missouri	63,966		Wiseonsin	30.551	Wm. W. Perry, Milwaukee.
Montana		Cornelius Hedges, Helena.	Wyoming		J. M. Lowndes, Casper.
Nebraska		Francis E. White, Omaha.			
Nevada	1,975	E. D. Vanderleith, Carson C.	Total	1,829,255	

Grand Master—His Royal Highness the Duke of Connaught and Strathearn, K. G. Deputy Grand Master—Rt. Hon. Thomas Frederick Halsey, P. C. Grand Treasurer—Lewis Evans. Grand Secretary—Sir E. Letchworth. Deputy Grand

#### ANCIENT ACCEPTED SCOTTISH RITE MASONS.

SUPREME COUNCIL OF SOVEREIGN GRAND INSPECTORS-GENERAL OF THE THIRTY-THIRD AND LAST DEGREE.

Supreme Council of Sovereign Grand Inspectors-General of the Thirty-Third and Last Degree.

The officers of the Northern Jurisdiction are: M. P. Sovereign Grand Commander—Barton Smith, Toledo, Ohlo. P. G. Lieutenant-Commander—Leon M. Abbott, Massachusetts. Grand Minister of State—Amos Pettibone, Ill. Grand Trassurer-General—Leoy A. Goddard. Grand Secretary-General—James H. Codding, office, 299 Broadway, New York City.

The officers of the Southern Jurisdiction are: Sovereign Grand Commander—George F. Moore. Secretary-General—John H. Cowles, Sixteenth and S Streets, N. W., Washington, D. C. These grand bodies are in relations of amity with the Supreme Councils for France, England, Scotland, Ireland, Belgium, Brazil, Argentina, Uruguay, Paraguay, Peru, Portugal, Italy, Mexico, Colombia, Chile, Central America, Greece, Canada, Cuba, Switzerland, Espt, Turkey, Spain, Serbia, Ecuador, and the Netherlands. Headquarters: House of the Temple, Sixteenth and S Streets, N. W., Washington, D. C.

#### ROYAL ARCH MASONS.

ROYAL ARCH MASONS.

OFFICERS OF THE GENERAL GRAND CHAPTER.

General Grand. High Priest—Geo. E. Corson, Washington, D. C. General Grand Ring—Wm. F. Kuhn,
Kansas City, Mo. General Grand Treasurer—Thos. J. Shryock, Baltimore, Md. General Grand Secretary
—Charles A. Conover, Coldwater, Mich.

The General Grand Chapter was organized at Boston, Mass., October 24, 1797, and is a central
organization of the grand chapter was organized at Boston, Mass., October 24, 1797, and is a central
organization of the grand chapters of the several State jurisdictions. It exercises direct jurisdiction over
territory not occupied by any grand chapter.

The number of grand chapters, each representing a State or Territory (except Pennsylvania and
Virginia), is 47, and the number of enrolled subordinate chapters is 3,241. Hawali, Chille, Philippine Islands,
Cubs., Porto Rico, Canal Zone, Alaska, and Panama are under the immediate jurisdiction of the General
Grand Chapter, with a total of 10 subordinate chapters.

The total membership of the enrolled subordinate chapters is 422,359. The degrees conferred in
chapters are Mark Master, Past Master, Most Excelent Master, and Royal Arch Mason.

The next Triennial Convocation will be held at Washington, D. C., October 2, 1918.

KNICHTS TEMPLAR. OFFICERS OF THE GRAND ENCAMPMENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

OFFICERS OF THE GRAND ENCAMPMENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

Grand Master—Lee Stewart Smith, Pittsburgh, Pa. Grand Treasurer—H. Wales Lines, Meriden, Ct.

Grand Recorder—Frank H. Johnson, Louisville, Kry.

The number of Grand Commanderies the United States and Territories, each representing individual station of the Commanderies that Massachusetts and Rhode Island are combined) is 46. Commanderies subordrate to Grand Commanderies, 1403, with a membership of 242 L77. Commanderies subordrate to Grand Encampments, 10; membership, 1,463; total number of commanderies, 1,413; total membership, 243,590. The orders conferred in a Commandery of Knights Templar are 3rd Cross, Knight Templar, and Knight of Maita. A Mason, to obtain these orders, must be a Master Mason and Royal Arch Mason in good standing, and a member of both Lodge and Chapter. The next Transial Conclave will be held in Philadelphia, Pa., September 10, 1919.

## FREE AND ACCEPTED (COLORED) MASONS OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK.

There are at present about two thousand members in the State of New York, more than four hundred Royal Arch Masons, two hundred Knights Templar, two hundred Scottish Rite Masons, and about one hundred and sventy-five Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. In the United States at present there are about one hundred and twenty-five thousand Masons with members of the Adoptive Rites in like proportion as those of New York State. Grand Master—William O. Payne, 141 West 136th Street, New York City. Deputy Grand Master—Rev, John C. Des Verney. Grand Treasurer—Thomas H. Wright, Brooklyn, N. Y. Grand Secretary—David W. Parker, 51 West 139th Street, New York City. The Seventy-second Annual Grand Communication will be held on June 7, 1917, in New York City.

#### NOBLES OF THE MYSTIC SHRINE.

The Ancient Arabic Order of the Nobles of the Mystic Shrine is not a regular Masonic body, but its membership is composed strictly of Masons who have reached the 32d degree, A. A. S. Rite (18th degree in England), or Knights Templar in good standing. There are 139 temples in the United States, and a total membership of about 225,000.

The following are the imperial officers for the United States for 1916-17. Imperial Potentate—Henry F. Niedringhaus, St. Louis, Mo. Imperial Deputy Potentate—Charles E. Ovenshire, Minneapolis, Minn. Imperial Chief Rabbin—Ellas J. Jacoby, Indianapolis, Ind. Imperial Treasurer—William S. Brown, 523 Wood Street, Pittsburgh, Pa. Imperial Recorder—Benjamin W. Rowell, 206 Masonie Temple, Boston. Mass. The 1917 Conclave will be held at Minneapolis, Minn., June 26, 27, 28.

RURAL POST ROADS.

An act to provide that the United States shall ald the States in the construction of rural post roads, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Remestratives of the United States of Agriculture is authorized to co-operate with the States, through their respective state Highway Departments, in the construction of rural post roads; but no money apportioned under this act to any State shall be expended therein until its Legislature shall have assented to the provisions of this act, except that, until the final adjournment of the first regular session of the Legislature held after the passage of this act he assented to the Governor of the State shall be sufficient. The Secretary of Agriculture and the State Shall be available for expended the secretary of Agriculture and the State Shall be available for expenditure like assented to the Governor of the State shall see sufficient. The Secretary of Agriculture and the State Shall be available for expenditure in an at State until the close of the succeeding itseal year. roads, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senite and House of Remesentatives of the United States of imerica in Concress assembled. That the Secretary of Agriculture is authorized to co-operate with the States, through their respective State Highway Departments, in the construction of rural post roads; but no money apportioned under this act to any State shall be expended therein until its Legislature shall have assented to the provisions of this act, except that, until the final adjournment of the first regular session of the Legislature held after the passage of this act, the assent of the Governor of the State shall be sufficient. The Secretary of Agriculture and the State Highway Department of each State shall agree upon the roads to be constructed therein and the character and method of construction. Provided, That all roads constructed under the provisions of this act shall be free from toils of all kinds.

Sec. 2. That for the purpose of this act the

That all roads constructed under the provisions of this act that set shall be free from toils of all kinds.

Sec. 2. That for the purpose of this act the term "rural post road" shall be construed to mean any public road over which the United States mails now are or may hereafter be transported, excluding every street and road in a place having a population, as shown by the latest available Federal census, of 2,500 or more, except that portion of any such street or road along which the houses average more than 200 feet apart; the term "State Highway Department" shall be construed to include any department of another name, or commission, or officials, of a State enpowered, under its laws, to exercise the functions ordinarily exercised by a State Highway Department; the term "construction" shall be construed to include reconstruction and improvement of roads; "properly maintaked and improvement of roads; "properly maintaked and the preservation of a reasonably smooth surface considering the type of the road, but shall not be held to include expandingly repairs, nor reconstruction; necessary

year.

Sec. 7. To maintain the reads constructed under the provisions of this act shall be the duty of the States, or their civil subdivisions, according to the laws of the several States. If a tany time the Secretary of Agriculture shall find that any road in any State constructed under the provisions of this act is not being properly maintained he shall give notice of such fact to the Highway Department of such State and if within four months from the receipt of said notice said road has not been put in a proper condition of maintenance then the Secretary of Agriculture shall thereafter refuse to approve any project for road construction in said State, or the civil subdivision thereof, as the fact may be, whose duty it is to maintain said road, until it has been put in a condition of proper maintenance.

NOTE.—The construction work and labor in each State shall be done in accordance with its laws, and under the direct supervision of the State Highway Department, subject to the inspection and approval of the Secretary of Agriculture and in accordance with the rules and regulations made pursuant to this act.

[Approved July 11, 1916.]

THE following are "State Flowers," as adopted in most included the respective State Flowers," as adopted in most instances by the vote of the public school scholars of the respective States:

 Louislana.
 Magnolia
 Washington
 Rhododendron

 Maryland.
 Black Eyed Susan
 Washington
 Rhododendron

 Moltigan
 Apple Blossom
 Wisconsin
 Violet

 Moltigan
 Moccasin
 Wowning
 Blue-friaged Gentiar

 Missksippi
 Magnolia
 Hawail
 Silms

1	MissouriGolden I	BoS
i	MontanaBitter R	toot
1	NebraskaGolden I	Red
į	New Mexico	tus
١	New YorkR	OSA
ı	North DakotaWild R	080
ł	Ohio*Scarlet Carnat	
l	Oklahoma*Mistle	
İ	OregonOregon Gr	
ı	Rhode IslandVi	
ļ	South Daketa	
ı	Tennessee	usic
ı	Texas	net
ļ	UtahSego I	illu.
ı	Vermont	WAF
I	Washington Rhododend	
ı	West VirginiaRhododend	
i	WisconsinVic	
J	Transcriber of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of t	2161

In other States the scholars or State Legislatures have not yet taken action. \* Adopted by State Legislature, not by public school scholars. † Not adopted but generally accepted.

#### RELICIOUS SOCIETIES.

Seventh-Day Adventists—The following statement has been prepared by H. E. Rogers, Statistical Secretary of the General Conference:
The doctrine of the second coming of Christ was preached extensively in the United States and Europe during 1840-1844, and found adherents in many denominations. The circulation of books and journals on this question deepened the interest, and this study and agitation brought about the formation of a movement which assumed definite form in 1846 in the New England States and was later organized as the Seventh-Day Adventist denomination. The chief tenets of this body are a belief in the literal, personal second appearance of Christ, yet without ever setting a time for that event, and the observance of the seventh day of the week as the Sabbath. They believe that the dead sleep until Christ's second coming; that the righteous dead are then raised to life, and that the living righteous are made immortal. Their total communicants throughout the world is 136,879. They have 130 organized conferences, 109 mission fields, 3,876 churches, 67 advanced educational institutions, 692 primary schools; total encolment, 21,036.

Beginning in 1894, active work was begun in non-Christian lands, and has been continued until the

ional institutions, 692 primary schools; total enrolment, 21,036.

Beginning in 1894, active work was begun in nonChristian lands, and has been continued until the
present, so that a segregation of the work conducted
in non-Christian and non-Protestant lands, from the
forecond in the segregation of the work conducted
in non-Christian and non-Protestant lands, from the
forecon 1,001. There are 842 churches, 24,902 adherents, 10,928 pupils in 246 schools taught by 428
forelgn and native teachers.

Headquarters, Takoma Park, Washington, D. C.
Latter Day Saints' Reorganized Church—
The Reorganized Church of Jesus Christ of Latter
Day Saints is a separate body, having its headquarters at Lamoni, ia. Its membership now
numbers 78, 326. It has about 1,200 active ministers
in the field, 38,938 Sunday-school members and 746
Sunday schools. It claims to be the church in sucession to the one founded by Joseph Smith in 1830.
It was reorganized in 1852, and is presided over by
Frederick M. Smith, of Independence, Mo. grandson
of the Prophet. Presiding Bishop—Benjamin R.

McGuire, Independence, Mo. General Church Scertary—Richard S. Salyards, Lamoni, Ia. The only
church of this denomination in New York City is at
Park Place and Schenectady Avenue, Brooklyn,
N. Y. Pastor—W. L. Christy, 1312 Park Place,
Brooklyn, N. Y.

Missionary Education Movement—Chatrman—
Samuel Tobres, Ir. Vice-Chatrman—Rev. H. Paul

Missionary Education Movement-Chairman Ambistonary Education Movement—Constitute
Samuel Thorne, fr. Vice-Chartman—Rev. H. Paul
Douglass, Recording Secretary—F. C. Stephenson.
General Secretary—Harry W. Hicks. Treasurer—
James S. Cushman. Headquarters, 156 Fifth Avenue, New York City.

Name S. Schery of Christian Endeavor—President—Rev Francis E. Clark, D. D. General Secretary—Rev Francis E. Clark, D. D. General Secretary—Rev Francis E. Clark, D. D. General Secretary—Rev William Shaw, LL. D. Each society is in some local church, and in no sense outside and efficient members of the Church of Onist. It is the church training the young. Its motto is, "For Christ and the Church." In July, 1916, there were more than 77,000 societies, with a membership of about 4,000,000, chiefly in the United States and Canada, and in Australia, Great Britain, China, India, Japan, and in all missionary lands. It is found in about the same proportions in all the great evangelical denominations and in all their subdivisions. Headquarters, Christian Endeavor House, 31 Mount Vernon Street, Boston, Mass.

31 Mount Vernon Street, Boston, Mass.

American Sunday-School Union—The First Day Society, founded in Philadelphia in 1791, still active, led to the formation in the Philadelphia Sunday and Adult School Union in 1817, which, uniting with other similation of the philadelphia Sunday School Union in 1824. Its object by the Sunday-School Union began with one juvenile book in the Bible. Its great field is the rural districts. The Philadelphia Union began with one juvenile book in 1817, and one missionary in 1821. The American Sunday-School Union now issues over a thousand works and ten periodicals. In ninety-nine years it has circu-

societies.

lated \$12,000,000 to \$15,000,000 worth of Bibles, testaments, and religious works. In ten years it follows the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the

Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, Pa.
Natlonal Woman's Christian Temperance Union—The National W.C. T. U. was organized in Cleveland, Ohio, in 1874, and is the sober second thought of the great woman's crusade. It is now regularly organized in every State of the Union.
There are about 12,000 local unions, with a membership and following, including the children's societies, of about half a million. The W. C. T. U. has forty distinct departments of work, presided over by as many women experts, in the National and in nearly every State organization. All the States have laws requiring the study of scientific temperance in the public schools, and all these laws were secured by the W. C. T. U., also the laws forbidding the sale of tobacco to minors. The first police matrons and most industrial homes for girls were secured through the efforts of this society, as were the refuges for erring women.

through the efforts of this society, as were the retuges for erring women.

The World's W. C. T. U. was founded by Frances E. Willard in 1883, and has auxiliaries in more than fifty countries and provinces. The white ribbon is the badge of all the W. C. T. U. members, and is now a familiar emblem in every civilized country.

The headquarters of the National organization is The Willard, Rest Cottage, Evanston, Ill. The following are the officers: President—Miss Anna A. Gordon, Evanston, Ill. Corresponding Secretary—Mrs. Frances P. Parks, Evanston, Ill.

Mrs. Margaret C. Munns, Evansten, Ill.

The Vedanta Society—The Vedanta Society of

The Vedanta Society—The Vedanta Society of New York was established in 1894 by Swami Vlve-kananda of India and was regularly incorporated in 1898 by Swami Albedanauda. The object of the society is to explain through logic and reason the spiritual laws that govern our lives; to show that the True Religion of the Soul is not antagonistic to, but In harmony with, philosophy and science; to establish that Universal Religion which underlies all the various serts and creeds of special religions; to propagate that offiversal religions which diddeness an die various seets and creeds of special religions; to propagate the principles taught by great seers of Truth and religious leaders of different countries; and to help mankind in the practical application of those principles in their spiritual, meral, intellectual and

tiples in their spiritual, moral, intellectual and physical received headquarters of the society, with its Circulating Library, Reading Room and Meditation Room, is at 236 Central Park West. New York City. The officers of the society are: President—W. N. Goodyear. Vice-President—M. Kreedop. Secretary-Treasurer—Mrs. M. Storey Williams.

The society has a large publishing department and issues a catalogue containing nearly forty titles of works on the Philosophy and Religion of Vedanta. Within the last five years it has sent out from its headquarters 39.576 books and pamphlets written by Swamis of India. There are also centres in Boston, D. C., besides a Peace Retreat in the mountains of Santa Clara County, Cal. These organizations in America are affiliated with Indireds of Vedanta Societies throughout India and Ceylon.

The Daughters of the King—The Order of the

Societies throughout India and Ceylon.

The Daughters of the King was organized on Easter evening, 1885. It is desired by its promoters that a carcful distinction shall be made between the Daughters of the King and the King's Daughters. This is the older organization, and differs from the King's Daughters in many important particulars. In the first place, it is an order, and is distinctively Ppiscopal. Its work is definite, and is distinctively Force of the rector's plans in the parish in which the particular chapter may be located." Its emblem is

a cross of silver, a Greek cross fleury, and its motto is "Magnanimeter Crucem Sustine" and its watchword "For His Sake." Its colors are white and bluewhite, the old royal color of Israel, and blue, the color of the Virgin Mary, the "blessed daughter of Israel's King, the Mother of the King of Kings." Its Constitution is framed, as far as possible, in the terms of that of the Brotherhood of St. Andrew, the work of the two organizations being similar. The officers of the Council are: President—Mrs. Adam Denmead, Baldmore, Md. Treasurer—Mrs. Charles H. Arndt, Germantown, Pa. General Secretary—Enma E. Behlendorff. Office of the Council, Church Missions House, 281 Fourth Avenue, New York City.

United Brethren Christian Endeavor Union—The union was organized June 5, 1890. It is a union of all forms of young people's societies within the Church of the United Brethren in Christ. There are now 2,419 societies, with 103,004 members. Each conference is called a Branch and holds annual conventions, when a review of the yoar's work is made and new plans formed.

The General Secretary Rev. O. T. Deever, Dayton, Oho, is elected by the General Conference to serve for the Quadrennium. The work is under the direction of a Board of Control. Rev. J. G. Huber, D. D., of Dayton, Ohio, is Chairman of the Board and also Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Young People's Department, which has supervision of the Christian Endeavor work of the denomination

Christian Science is a religion based on the Bible, and founded by Mary Baker Eddy in 1866. Her interpretation of the Scriptures, which she named Christian Science, is set forth in a book entitled "Science and Health, with Key to the Scriptures," first published in 1875. Since then it has been often reprinted, with occasional revisions of its wording, before her decease. Other works by the same author are "People's flee of God" (1885), "Christian Healing" (1886), "Unity of Good" (1887), "Retrospection and Introspection" (1891), "Rudimental Divine Science" (1891), "No and Yes" (1891), "Church Manual" (1895), "Miscellaneous Writings" (1896), "Christ and Christians" (1897), "Christian Science Versus Pantheism" (1898), "Pulpit and Press" (1838), "Messages to the Mother Church' (1900, 1901, 1902), "The First Church of Christ, Scientist, and Miscellany" (1913).

The First Church of Christ, Scientist, in Boston, Mass, founded in 1879, and known as The Mother Church, is the parent organization of the Christian Science denomination, Local churches, known as branches of The Mother Church, are situated in towns and cities throughout the world, but mainly in countries where the English language is spoken. The Mother Church is governed by a board of five directors, while the branch churches are self-governed, subject only to a limited supervision by The Mother Church as defined in the Church Manual. At present the number of churches and societies is 1,649, a considerable number of which have beautiful 16 of the charce of which have beautiful 16 of the charce of which have beautiful 16 of the charce of which have beautiful 16 of which have beautiful 16 of which have beautiful 16 of which have beautiful 16 of which have beautiful 16 of which have beautiful 16 of which have beautiful 16 of which have beautiful 16 of which have beautiful 16 of which have beautiful 16 of which have beautiful 16 of which have beautiful 16 of which have beautiful 16 of which have beautiful 16 of which have beautiful 16 of which have beautiful 16 o Christian Science is a religion based on the Bible,

ual. At present the number of churches and societies is 1,649, a considerable number of which have beauti-

is 1,649, a considerable number of which have beautiful and costly church edifices.

In the Church of Christ, Scientist, the place of preaching is taken by the reading of a "lesson-sermon" composed of selections from the Bible and from "Science and Health, with Key to the Scriptures," by Mrs. Eddy. The remainder of the Sunday service consists of hymns, a solo, silent prayer, the Lords Prayer, and a responsive reading from the Rible.

The Wednesday night meeting includes readings from the Bible and "Science and Health, with Key to the Scriptures," hymns, slient prayer, the Lord's Prayer, and testimonies of Christian Science healing from yoluntary speakers. This caured leains to be from voluntary speakers. This caured claims to be attended by a greater percentage of men than is apt to be the case in other churches.

The Christžan Science Publishing Society, under

The Christian Science Publishing Society, under the auspices of The Mother Church, issues a quarterly periodical named The Christian Science Quarterly Bible Lessons, a monthly periodical, The Christian Science Journal; a monthly, Der Herold der Christian Science, aweekly, the Christian Science Sentinel, and a daily, The Christian Science Monitor, the latter being a daily newspaper of general circulation and medicals in each issue an essay or article on Christian Science Science Monitor.

Science.
Christian Scientists are unique among religionists
by reasou of the extent to which they rely on the

practise of their religion for the prevention and cure of disease. For this they assign several reasons. They have found Christian Science most effective and reliable for this purpose; they believe it to be the same method of healing that was used and taught by Christ Jesus; they expect that this method of dealing with evil, as it becomes better known and more generally practised, will abate and ultimately abolish sin and mortality. sin and mortality.

In this way the Church of Christ, Scientist, is re-In this way the Cultre of Christ, Scientist, is regarded as a necessary agency in the restoration of original Christianity and the realization of the highest ideal in religious hope and faith. Headquarters, Boston, Mass. Christian Science Committee on Publication for the State of New York, 52 Vanderbitt Avenue, New Yerk City.

The National Spiritualists' Association—Organized September 28, 1893; incorporated November 1, 1893, at Washington, D. C. The object of said association shall be the organization of the various Spiritualist societies of the United States into one general association for the purpose of mutual aid and co-operation in benevolent, charitable, educational, literary, musical, scientific, religious and missionary purposes and enterprises germane to the phenomena, science, philosophy, and religion of spiritualism.

Active working local societies, 1,000; State associations and selections of spiritualism.

of spiritualism.

Active working local societies, 1,000; State associations, 22; other local societies meeting at Irregular attons, 22; other local societies meeting at Irregular interests, public meetings not organized associations of the public meetings not organized association for liberal education, 1; churches and temples, 20c; membership of avowed Spiritualists, 600,000; unidentified with organized societies, but believers in the philosophy and phenomena and frequent attendants at public services, 1,500,000 to 2,000,000; number of public mediums, 1,500; private mediums, nany thousands; ordained ministers, 500; total valuation church, temple and camp meeting property, \$6,000,000.

President—Dr. George B. Warne, 749 Oakwood Boulevard, Chicago. Secretary—George W. Kates, 600 Pennsylvania Avenue, S. E., Washington, D. C. Treasurer—Cassius L. Stevens, Plitsburgh, Pa. Headouarters, 600 Pennsylvania Avenue, Washington, D. C.

The Brotherhood of Andrew and Philip The Brotherhood of Andrew and Philip—This organization, founded by Rev. Rulus W. Miller in Reading, Pa., in 1888, held its first federal convention in the City of New York in 1893. It is composed of members of fifteen evangelical denominations, among them the Reformed Church in America, the Reformed Church in the United States, the Congregational, Presbyterian (North, South, Canadian, and United), Methodist Episcopal, Methodist Protestant, Baptist, United Brethren, Lutheran, Reformed Episcopal, Church of Christ, Friends, United Evangelical, Free Baptist, African Methodist Episcopal, and Evangelical Association. It has chapters in Australia and Japan, China and England, Jamaica, Philippines, Alaska. Its objects are embodied in the statement that "any man can belong to the brotherhood who will promise to pray daily for the spread of the kingdom of Christ among men, and to make an earoest effort to bring men within the hearing of the Gospel." The number of chapters of the brotherhood organized in the United States is 1,300, and the membership 15,000: 102 boys' chapters enrolling 3,000 members. The office of Norman J. Smith, General Secretary, is at 1214 Widener Building, Philadelphia, Pa.

The Brotherhood of St. Andrew—"The Brother.

The Brotherhood of St. Andrew—"The Brotherhood of St. Andrew is an organization of men in the Protestant Episcopal Church. Its sole object is the spread of Christ's kingdom among men. It works under two rules, known as (1) The Rule of Prayer: To pray daily for the spread of Christ's kingdom among men, and for God's blessing upon the labors of the brotherhood, and (2) The Rule of Service: To make at least one earnest effort each week to lead some man nearer to Christ through His church." There are now 1,200 active chapters with a membership of about 13,000 men.

The Brotherhood of St. Andrew in the Church of England in the Dominion of Canada has been formed, with 300 chapters and 3,000 men. A similar organization has been formed in the Scottist Episco-The Brotherhood of St. Andrew-'The Brother-

formed, with 300 chapters and 3,000 men. A similar organization has been formed in the Scottish Episco-realization has been formed in the Scottish Episcoship of 1,000 men. and there is alleger is a member-ship of 1,000 men. and there is alleger is a member-ship of 1,000 men. The second of St. Andrew in the Church of England was formed, and now has a membership of 1,200. It is also well organized in New Zealand.

The brotherhood in the United States Includes a Junior Department. It has 500 chapters in the United States, with about 4,000 members.

The officers are: President—Edward H. Bonsall. General Secretary—Franklin S. Edmondo. Editor of St. Andrew's Cross and Executive Secretary—G. H. Randall, Church House, Twelfth and Walnut Streets, Philadelphia, Pa.

Philadelphia, Pa.

The National Council of Congregational Churches—Is composed of delegates from Congre-Churches—is composed of detegates from Congregational conferences and associations, and was organized November 17, 1871. The officers are: Moderator—Henry M. Beardsley, Kansas City, Mo. Secretary—Rev. Hubert C. Herring, D. D., Boston, Mass. Treasurer—Rev. John J. Walker, Boston, Mass. Next meeting, Los Angeles, Cal., June 26–July 2017.

Federation of American Zionists-President-Harry Friedenwald. Chairman Executive Committee to this Lipsky. Secretary—Bernard A. Rosenhlatt. Treasurer—Louis Robison. Societies, 140; camps, 87; Circles of Young Judaes, 185. Office, 44 East Twenty-third Street. New York City.

The Epworth League—Officers of the Epworth League of the Methodist Episcopal Church: President—Bishop A. W. Leonard, San Francisco, Cal. General Secretary—Wilbur F. Sheridan, D. D. Treasurer—Edwin H. Forkel, Chicago, Ill. The central office of the Epworth League is located at 740 Rush Street Chicago.

urer—Edwin H. Forkel, Chicago, Ill. The central office of the Epworth League is located at 740 Rush Street, Chicago, Ill.

The Epworth League was organized at Cleveland, Ohio, May, 1889, by the union of five societies then existing in the Methodist Episcopal Church. These several societies held under their jurisdiction 1,500 local societies, with a membership of about son 800,000. The league now consists of two branches, senior and junior, with a membership of about one and one-half million. Its official organ, the Epworth Herald, has a circulation of over 100,000.

Officers of the Epworth League of the Methodist Episcopal Church South: President—Bishop J. H. McCoy, D. D. General Secretary Editor—Rev. Fitzgerald S. Parker, D. D. Assistant Secretary Editor—J. M. Culbreth. Junior League Secretary—Ada Trawick. The general organ of the league is the Epworth Era, published monthly by the publishing agents of the Methodist Episcopal Church South, Assistant Crenth, Dallas, Tex., and Rehmonic Publishing agents of the Methodist Episcopal Church South, Assistant of the Methodist Episcopal Courected to 1809, and in December of the Same year its organization was effected. It came under the supervision of the Sunday-School Board, The General Conference of 1894 created it a separate connectional board and elected a General Secretary. The Epworth League includes an organization for adolescent boys called the

Knights of Ezelah, and a parallel organization for girls called the Girls of Epworth. It has now 3,745 chapters, with a total membership of 133,044. Office, 810 Broadway, Nashville, Tenn. In addition to weekly chapter meetings, monthly meetings of City Unions and annual District meetings the league holds 32 State and conference conventions and three larger assemblies each year. Its gifts for missions and other benevolences last year were \$100,979.39.

and other benevolences last year were \$100,979.39.

Catholic Educational Association—The Catholic Educational Association was organized at St.

Louis in 1904. It consists of three general departments, the Seminary, College, and School, and embraces in its membership representatives from all the Catholic educational establishments in the United States. It issues in November a report of the year's work and of the annual convention held each year in the last week of June. The Thirteenth Annual Convention was held at Baltimore, Md., June 26-30, 1916. The development of secondary and college education continues to be the striking feature of the year's progress. Honorary President—James Cardinal Gibbons. President-General—Rt. Rev. Thomas J. Shahan D. D., Rector of the Catholic University at Washington. Secretary General—Rev. Francis W. Howard, L.I. D., 1651 East Main Street, Columbus, Ohio. Catholic Church Sensitian Society of the Catholic University at Catholic University at Catholic Church Church (Church). Chancellor—Archbishop Geo. W. Mundelein. Vice-Chancellor—Archbishop Geo. W. Mundelein. Vice-Chancellor—Archb Catholic Educational Association-The Catho-

sionary spirit in the elergy and people of the Catholic Church in the United States. To assist in the erec-tion of parish buildings for poor and needy places. tion of parish buildings for poor and needy places. To support priests for neglected and poverty-stricken districts. To send the comfort of religion to pioneer localities. In a word, to preserve the faith of Jesus Christ to thousands of scattered Catholies in every portion of our own land, especially in the country districts and among immigrants.

districts and among limingrants.

Society of St. Vincent De Paul—Crganized in Paris, France, 1833. A Roman Catholic society the objects of which are: (1) the practice of a Christian life; (2) to visit the poor in their dwellings and to earry them succor in kind; (3) to promote the elementary and religious instruction of poor children; (4) to distribute moral and religious books; (5) to

mentary and religious instruction of poor children; (4) to distribute moral and religious books; (5) to undertake any other charitable work to which its resources are adequate.

The society is organized in all countries and is under the general jurisdiction of the Council-General, located at Parls, France. The society in the United States is under the jurisdiction of the Superior Council of the United States, Society of St. Vincene De Paul, with headquarters at Washington, D. C. The President of the Superior Council is George J. Gillespie, 20 Vesey Street, New York City.

The society in the city of New York is under the jurisdiction of: The Particular Council of New York. Michael J. Scanlan, President, for the Boroughs of Manhattan and Richmond, office, 375 Lefavette Street. The Particular Council of Brooklyn, Thomas W. Ilynes, President, for the Boroughs of Brooklyn and Queens, office, 4 Court Square. The Particular Council of Bronx, for the Borough of Bronx, James J. Reid, President, office, 509 Willia Avenue.

Conferences: Nearly all the Roman Catholic churches in New York City have conference of the society. The name of the conference is usually the same as that of the church with which it is located; its work is confined to the parish in which it is located; its work is confined to the parish in which it is located;

same as that of the church with which it is confineted; its work is confined to the parish in which it is located, and the parish priest is, in most cases, its Spiritual Director. Applications may be made to the Director or to the President.

Special Works: In addition to the Conferences, there are a number of special works maintained by the Particular Councils and directed by committees made up of members of the Particular Councils and

Conferences.

Conterences.

The several committees above referred to visit regularly every Sunday the hospitels, prisons, and other city institutions, furnishing vending matter, giving religious instructions to those of their faith, and supplying such material ald and advice as is needed by the sick and convalence.

The Society for the Propagation of the Faith—Prestaint and Treasurer—Rt. Rev. Joseph Fret. Vice-Prestaint—Roy. P. Cantwell. Secritar—Vice-Prestaint—No. W. P. Cantwell. Secritar—The society assists missionaries in 325 dioceses, vicariates, and prefectures in Africa, Asia, Oceania, the United States, and the non-Catholic countries of Europe. It is the oldest missionary organization in the Catholic Church, dating back to 1822. Since its foundation it has given seven millions of dollars to the various missions of the United States.

The official publication is The Annals of the Propagation of the Faith, issued bi-monthly and distributed from the national office at 343 Lexington Avenue, New York City. Total membership in the world, 3,000,000. United States membership, 796,000.

American Federation of Catholic Societies — The American Federation of Catholic Societies was founded in 1901. It is composed of thirty-four national organizations, many State and county Independent of the Societies was founded in 1901. It is composed of thirty-four national organizations, many State and county for eractions and parishes. Total membership about 3,000,000. Its objects are the cementing of the bonds of fraternal union among the Catholic Interests. The federation has the approval and blessing of 102 archibishops and bishops, and of Pope Plus X. and Benedict XV. National headquarters is at 175 Jackson Boulevard, Chicago, Ill. The officers are as follows: Prestdent—John Whalen, New York. First Vice-Prestdent—Thos. Flynn, Chicago, Ill. Treasurer—C. H. Schulte, Detroit, Mich.

The Catholic Missionary Union—Prestdent—His Eminence John Cardinal Farley, of New York.

Anthony Matre, Chieago, Ill. Treasure—C. H. Schulte, Detrolt, Mich.
The Catholic Missionary Union—President—His Eminence John Cardinal Farley, of New York.
Senutry-Treasure—Rev. Thomas A. Daly, C. S. P., Washington, D. C. Directors—Most Rev. Edmond F. Prendergast, Philadelphia, Pa.; Right Rev. Mathew Harkins, Providence, R. I.; Very Rev. John J. Hughes, C. S. P., New York; Rev. Watter El-llott, C. S. P., Very Rev. E. S. Dyer, S. S., Baltimore, Md.; Rev. Peter J. O. Callagian, C. S. P., Washington, D. C.
The Catholic Missionary Union was incorporated under the laws of the State of New York, November, 1896, Its object is to arouse the Catholic people and clergy of the United States to greater missionary activity; to train priests to be Home Missionaries; to establish bands of Diocesan Missionaries in the United States that they present the truths of the Catholic Church to all the people in a purely expository manner, without controversy or religious rancor. Its home and training college is the Apostolic Mission House on the grounds of the Catholic University, at Brookland Station, Washington, D. C.
The Catholic Foreign Mission Society of America—The Catholic Foreign Mission Society of America in the Indiana Marker, Including a monthly periodical, The Field Afar.
Its incorporators include His Eminence John Cardinal Farley, Very Rev. James A. Walsh, Superlier of the society; Rev. Thomas F. Price, Vice-President, R. Rev. Pattr J. Happer D. D., Very State to train missioners for heathen Louding John U. M. Ewlin, Michael Maglions.
John U. M. Ewlin, Michael Maglions.
John U. M. Ewlin, Michael Maglions Dowling, John U. M. Ewlin, Michael Maglions Dowling, John U. M. Ewlin, Michael Maglions Dowling, John U. M. Ewlin, Michael Maglions Dowli

The Guild of the Love of God-

The Guild of the Love of God—Object: To unite all faithful Anglican Catholics by prayer and service, and to promote mutual recognition and friendship by the adoption of a distinctive badge. The guild admits to membership only those who go to confession. Members are pledged to help other members anywhere, at any time, and therefore isolated and lonely Catholics are especially invited to join this guild.

Sub-Warden—Rev. C. T. Pfelfier, Laurel, Del., Secretary-General—Rev. S. D. Van Loan, Georgetown, Del. A quarterly magazine entitled Carias is published by the society.

Northern, Barnier, Convention—President—

Northern Baptist Convention—President—C. A. Barbour, Rochester, N. Y. Corresponding Secretary—W. C. Bitting, D. D., 5109 Waterman Avenue, St. Louis, Mo. Recording Secretary—Rev. Maurice A. Levy, 754 Greene Street, Brooklyn. Treasurer—Frank L. Miner, Des Moines, Ia.

The purposes of the convention, as defined in its

by-laws, are "to give expression to the opinions of its constituency upon moral, religious and denominational matters, and to promote denominational unity and efficiency for the evangelization of the world."

The next meeting will be held in Cleveland, Ohio,

National Baptist Convention — President — Rev. E. C. Morris, Helena, Ark. Secretary—Prof. R. B. Hudson, Selma, Ala. Treasurer—Rev. A. J. Stokes, Montgomery, Ala

The object of the convention is to do foreign mission, home mission, educational, publishing, Young People's Union, and other work of a religious nature; this work to be done through and by its seven

Doards.

The membership of the National Baptist Convention as reported by the statistician at the last National Baptist Convention was 2,614,581.

National Baptist Convention President—

Southern Baptist Convention — President—
Lansing Burrows, D. D., Americus, Ga. Secretartes—Oliver F, Gregory, D. D., Baltimore, Md.; Hight
C. Moore, D. D., Raleigh, N. C.
It shall be the design of the convention to promote foreign and domestic missions, and other important objects connected with the Redeemer's kingdom, and to combine for this purpose such portions of the Equity, denomination in the United tions of the Eaptist denomination in the United States as may desire a general organization for Christian benevolence, which shall fully respect the independence and equal rights of the churches, Next meeting, New Orleans, La, May 16-21, 1917.

Lake Mohonk Conferences—Secretary—H. C. Phillips, Mohonk Lake, N. Y. Lake Mohonk Conference on the Indian and Other Dependent Peoples ference on the Indian and Other Dependent Peoples—The first annual conference was held in 1883, when Mr. Albert K. Smiley, who was a member of the Board of Indian Commissioners, invited a number of those interested in Indian affairs to a meeting at Mohonk Lake to confer regarding measures affecting the interests of the Indians. On Mr. Smiley's death his brother, Daniel Smiley, succeeded him as host of the conferences. In 1904 the scope of the conference was enlarged to include the peoples of the Philippines, Porto Rico, and other dependencies of the United States. The conference seeks to clarify public opinion on these great questions through free discussion by those having first-hand knowledge of existing conditions.

eussion by those having first-hand knowledge of existing conditions.

Lake Mohonk Conference on International Arbitration—The first of these annual conferences was held in 1895. The purpose is specifically to create and direct public sentiment in favor of international arbitration and an international court, and generally to encourage the substitution of pacific methods for war in settling disputes between nations. The conference maintains a permanent office

ference maintains a permanent office

ference maintains à permanent office

The Federal Council of the Churches of
Christ in America—The Federal Council was organized as the chief consumnation of the National
Federation of Churches at its first meeting, held in
Philadelphia, December 2-8, 1908. It is the delegated congress of thirty leading Christian bodies
while are constitutionally federated for the purpose
of providing this congress, through which to realize
their fellowship and united action. The Federal
Council, through its commissions and secretaries,
seeks to organize efficient State and local federations,
to secure co-operation in home missionary work, and
to promote moral reform and social service by the
churches throughout the United States.

The following denominations are represented in this

churches throughout the United States.

The following denominations are represented in this Federal Council: Baptist (North). Free Baptist, Christian, Congregational, Disciples of Christ, Evangelical Association Evangelical Synod, Friends, Lutheran General Synod, Methodist Episcopal (South), German Evangelical Synod, Colored Methodist Episcopal, Methodist Episcopal, Methodist Episcopal, Methodist Episcopal, Methodist Forestant, African Methodist Episcopal, African Methodist Episcopal, African Methodist Episcopal, Menonatte, Moravian, Presbyterian, Presbyterian, Presbyterian, Presbyterian, Protestant Episcopal, Commissions on Christian Church in America, Reformed Church in the U.S. A., Reformed Episcopal, Seventh-Day Baptist, United Brethren in Christ, United Evangelical, National Baptist Convention.

ventlon. The Council has active Commissions on Foreign Missions, Home Missions, Sunday Observance, Evangelism, Peace and Arbitration, Temperance,

Family Life, Social Service, Christian Education, Country Life and Federated Movements. The executive and field work of the council is in charge of the General Secretary, Rev. Chas. S. MacFarland, D. D. The officers may be addressed at the national office, 105 East Twenty-second Street, New York City. An office in Washington, D. C. (Woodward Building), is in charge of Rev. H. K. Carroll, D. D., Associate Secretary.
Religious Education Association was organized on February 12, 1903, at the close of a three days' convention held in Chicago, called to consider the improvement of moral and religious education. Its object is the promotion of moral and religious training in existing educational agencies, in homes, and through the press. It has no theological platform. Home, could be presidents and professors, sechers and parents interested in the problem of reverent, scientific, effective character training. The next convention will be held at Boston, Mass., February 27 to March I, 1917.

The officers are: President—Francis J. McConnell, LL, D., Bishop M. E. Church, Denver, Col. Secretary—Henry Frederick Cope, D. D., 332 South Michigan Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

Luther League of America—President—C. T. A Anderson Chicago. Ill. General Secretary—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry—Henry

Michagan Avene, Chicago, Ili.

Luther League of America—President—C. T.

A. Anderson, Chicago, Ili. General Secretary—Harry
Hodges, Philadelphia, Pa. Literature Secretary—
Luther M. Kuhns, 440 Paxton Biock, Omaha, Neb.
The first National Convention of the Luther League
of America was held at Pittsburgh, Pa., October 30
and 31, 1895. The league is a Lutheran organization,
linking together the Lutheran young people who are
laboring for the good of the church by means of many
individual secleties of various names and styles of laboring for the good of the church by means of inary individual societies of various names and styles of organization, each within its own immediate church. The Constitution declares that its objects shall be "to encourage the formation of the young people's societies in all Lutheran congregations in America, to urge their affiliation with their respective State or Territorial leagues, and with this league to stimulate the various young people's societies to greater Christian activity and to foster the spirit of loyalty to the church." The fundamental principles are federation and co-operation, and it is non-synodical in character.
The membership of the various organizations is over 100,000. These are comprised in twenty-five States, The membership of the various organizations by \$100,000. These are comprised in twenty-five States, fourteen of which already have permanent State organizations, and five foreign countries. The first local organization adopting the title of "The Luther League" was organized by delegates of six Lutheran Church societies in the city of New York, April 19, 1888, also in Canada, Nova Scotia, Porto Rico, Japan, China, and India.

The Identity Secretary has charge of the educational work, reading courses, publications and literary work of the league.

Reformed Church in America—Officers of the Reformed Church in America.

cational work, reading courses, publications and literary work of the league.

Reformed Church in America—Officers of the General Synod of the Reformed Church in America: President—Rev. Peter Moerdyke, Holiand, Mich. Vice-President—Rev. Thomas H. Mackenzie, Flushing, N. Y. Stated Clerk—Rev. Henry Lockwood, East Millstone, N. M. Penament Clerk—Rev. Clifform T. T. Sas Fought: Beauty of Direction, F. R. Van Nest; Foreign Missions and The Arabian Mission, Ilowell S. Bennet, and Rev. J. L. Amerman, D. D., Assistant; Domestic Missions, Charles W. Osborne; Education, John F. Berry; Publication, J. F. Chambers; Women's Board of Domestic Missions, Mrs. E. H. Peters; Women's Board of Poreign Missions, Miss Gertrude Dodd. The Corresponding Secretaries are; Foreign Missions, Gerbard, D. D.; Domestic Missions Office: Secretary—William T. Demarest; Publication, Rev. John G. Gebhard, D. D.; Educational Secretary of the Board of Publication and Bible School Works, Rev. Theo. F. Bayles; Business Manager Board of Publication, Mrs. John S. Allen; Women's Board of Problication, Lowis E. Turk; Women's Board of Pomestic Missions, Mrs. John S. Allen; Women's Board of Problication, Lowis E. Turk; Women's Board of Poreign Missions, Mrs. John S. Allen; Women's Board of Problication, Lowis E. Turk; Women's Board of Poreign Missions, Mrs. John S. Allen; Women's Board of Profigin Missions, Mrs. John S. Allen; Women's Board of Profigin Missions, Mrs. John S. Allen; Women's Board of Profigin Missions, Mrs. John S. Allen; Women's Board of Profigin Missions, Mrs. John S. Allen; Women's Board of Profigin Missions, Mrs. John S. Allen; Women's Board of Profigin Missions, Mrs. John S. Allen; Women's Board of Profigin Missions, Mrs. John S. Allen; Women's Board of Profigin Missions, Mrs. John S. Allen; Women's Board of Profigin Missions, Mrs. John S. Allen; Women's Board of Profigin Missions, Mrs. John S. Allen; Women's Board of Profigin Missions, Mrs. John S. Allen; Women's Board of Profigin Missions, Mrs. John S. Allen; Women's Board of Profigin

educational, agricultural, and religious conferences are held.

President—Rev. J. F. Carson. First Vice-President—W. P. Youngs. Second Vice-President—Rev. N. W. Wells. Secretary-Treasurer—W. J. Bolen, Business office, 1281 Bedford Avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y.

ness office, 1281 Bedford Avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y. Baptist Young People's Union of America—The union is a federation of all young people's societies connected with Baptist churches in the States and Canada. The following are the International officers: President—H. B. Osgood, Chicago, Ill. Vice-Presidents—W. Fred. Reynolds, A. H. Vautier, and Rev. I. R. Scarborough. General Secretary—James A. White, 15 No. Wabash Avenue, Chicago, Ill. Treasurer—Orio O. Montague, Chicago, Ill. The union was organized July 7 and 8, 1891. It holds annual meetings. annual meetings.

annual meetings.

Silver Bay Association—President—William D.

Murray. Vice-President—J. S. Cushman. Treasurer
—Samiel Thorne, Jr. Recording Secretary—George
T. Coxhead. General Secretary—C. L. Gates, 156
Fithi Avenue, New York City.
The Silver Bay Association is incorporated under
the New York Legislature, and holds the property on
Lake George for the use of Summer Christian conterences. The property consists of 1,550 acres, including a large main building, cottages, auditorium,
athletic field, and dormitory. Conferences were
held June 23 to August 30, 1916, attended by nearly
3,000 persons.

American Initiation Association—This associa-

American Unitarian Association—This associa-tion was organized in Boston, Mass., May 25, 1825, and incorporated in 1847. Its objects, as defined in the report of the Committee on Organization, are

as follows:

as follows:

1. To collect and diffuse information respecting the state of Unitarian Christianity in our country.

2. To produce union, sympathy, and co-operation among liberal Christians.

3. To p. vilsh and distribute books and tracts, inculcating correct views of religion, in such form and at such price as shall afford all an opportunity of being acquainted with Christian truth.

4. To supply missionaries, especially in such parts of our country as are destitute of a stated ministry.

5. To adopt whatever other measures may hereafter seem expedient—such as contributions in behalf of clergymen with insufficient salaries, or in aid of of clergymen with insufficient salaries, or in aid of building churches.

President—Rev. Samuel A. Eliot, D. D., Boston, Mass. Secretary—Rev. Louis C. Cornish, Boston, Mass. Treasurer—Henry M. Williams, Boston, Mass. Christian and Missionary Alliance—Officers: President and General Superintendent—Rev. A. B. Simpson. Secretary—Rev. Walter M. Turnbull. Treasurer—David Crear.

Treasurer—David Crear.

The Christian Alliance was founded in 1887. It combined with the International Missionary Alliance in 1897, and the present title was adopted. Membership consists of all professing Christians who shall subscribe to the principles of the movement and english the combined with the combined with the combined the combined with the combined with the combined with the combined with the combined with the combined with the combined with the combined with the combined with the combined with the combined with the combined with the combined with the combined with the combined with the combined with the combined with the combined with the combined with the combined with the combined with the combined with the combined with the combined with the combined with the combined with the combined with the combined with the combined with the combined with the combined with the combined with the combined with the combined with the combined with the combined with the combined with the combined with the combined with the combined with the combined with the combined with the combined with the combined with the combined with the combined with the combined with the combined with the combined with the combined with the combined with the combined with the combined with the combined with the combined with the combined with the combined with the combined with the combined with the combined with the combined with the combined with the combined with the combined with the combined with the combined with the combined with the combined with the combined with the combined with the combined with the combined with the combined with the combined with the combined with the combined with the combined with the combined with the combined with the combined with the combined with the combined with the combined with the combined with the combined with the combined with the combined with the combined with the combined with the combined with the combined with the combined with the combined with the combined with the combined with the c

Christian Unity Foundation—Incorporated July 18, 1910. Its purpose is to promote Christian unity at home and throughout the world, by the method of research and conference. Bishop Courtney of New York is President of the Foundation; Rev. Arthur Lowndes, D. D., Secretary; Origen S. Seymour, Tresaurer. Lawson Purdy is Chairman of the Executive Committee, and Rev. Rockland Tyng Homans is Chairman of the Committee on Research. Headquarters, 143 East Thirty-seventh Street, New York. Universalist General Convention—The Universalist General Convention—The Universalist Christian Unity Foundation—Incorporated July

Universalist General Convention—The Universalist General Convention has jurisdiction over the ecclesiastical organizations of the Universalist Church in the United States and Canadian provinces. The convention is composed of the officers of the

General Convention, of the Presidents, Vice-Presidents, and Secretaries of State conventions, all ordianded ministers in fellowship and actively engaged in the work of the ministry unless disabled by years or sickness, and of lay delegates from each local church. All laws relating to fellowship, ordination, and discipline originate in the General Convention, and it is the final court of appeal in all cases of dispute or difficulty between State conventions. It has funds to the amount of over \$500,000, the 1 icome of which, with the contributions of its constituency, is used for missionary and educational objects. The officers of the convention are: President—Rev. Lee S. McCollester, D. D., Tutts College, Mass. Secretary—Rev. W. H. Skeels, Watertown, N. Y. Treasurer—J. B. Harton, Boston, Mass. The denomination has a membership of 64,825.

The Baptist World Alliance—President—Rey.

a membership of 64,825.

The Baptist World Alliance—President—Rev. Robert S. MacArthur, New York. American Secretary—Rev. R. H. Pitt, Richmond, Va. European Secretary—Rev. J. H. Shakespeare, London W. C., England. Treasurer for the United States—E. W. Stephens, Columbia, Mo. Treasurer for Canada—E. M. Sipprill, St. John, N. B. Treasurer for Europe—Herbert Marnham, London, England. Deputy President for the Eastern Hemisphere—Rev. John Ciliford, London, England.

Church Temperance Society—General Officers: President, Br. Rev. Frederick Courtney D. New

Church London, England.
Church Temperance Society—General Officers: President—Rt. Rev. Frederick Courtney, D. D., New York. Treasurer—Irving Grinnell. General Secretary—H. K. Graham. The society was organized within the Protestant Episcopal Church in 1881. Its adult membership combines those who tomperately use and those who totally abstain from intoxicating ilquors as beverages. It works on the lines of moral as well as of legal sussion, and its practical objects are: 1. Training the young in habits of temperance. 2. Rescue of the drunkard. 3. Restriction of the saloon by legislation. 4. Counteractive agencies, such as iced water fountains, lunch wagons, coachmen's and firemen's coffee vans, coffee houses, workingmen's clubs, reading rooms, and other attractive, wholesome resorts. It has established the Squirrel Inn Free Reading Room, 131 Bowery, New York, and the Longsboremen's Rest, 164 Eleventh Avenue, New York. Headquarters, the Church Mission House, New York.

House, New York.

The Salvation Army—A religious body founded on military principles by the late Gen. William Booth at Mile End, England, July 5, 1865.

The United States is divided into two departments, with the National Headquarters, 120 West Fourteenth Street, New York City. Miss Evangeline Booth is in charge, with Col. William Peart as Chief Secretary. The Salvation Army is incorporated in the States of New York, Pennsylvania, Massachusetts, Illinois, and California.

The Department of the West, which administers the affairs of the Western States, has its headquarters in Chiegaco. Commissioner Thomas Estill is in charge,

The Department of the West, which administers the Chiefe Commissioner Thomas Estill is in charge. With Coil Sidney Gauntlet as Territorial Secretary. With Coil Sidney Gauntlet as Territorial Secretary. International Statistics, December, 1914; Countries and colonies occupied, 60; languages in which salvation is preached, 39; corps and outposts, 9,673; social institutions, 1,173; day schools, 611; naval and military homes, 17; officers and cadets (including social), 16,768; persons without rank employed wholly in Salvation Army work, 6,452; officers and cadets engaged in social work, 3,071; local officers (senior and junior), 61,685; bandsmen (senior), 24,466; bandsmen (junior), 3,742; songsters, 14,668; corps cadets, 12,719; periodicals issued, 80; total copies per issue, 1,204,222.

The following statistics refer to the United States for the year ended September 30, 1915;

Field Statistics—Corps and outposts, 946; Indoor meetings, 198,477; indoor attendance, 8,109,455; open-air meetings, 154,319; converts, 52,236; local officers and bandsmen, 7,367; junior meetings, 75,481; junior attendance, 2,274,020; War Crys published, 3,828,858. Workingmen's Hotels—Hotels, 79; accommodation, 7,043; beds supplied, 1,756,459; meals supplied, 10,8152. Industrial Homes—Homes, 134; accommodation, 3,280; men admitted, 17,620; men passed out, 15,954; meals supplied, 1,074,446. Children's Homes—Homes, 2; accommodation, 3,329; men admitted, 17,620; men passed out, 15,954; meals supplied, 1,074,446. Children's Homes—Homes, 2; accommodation, 30; beds supplied, 1,02,901; meal supplied, 3,090,72; beds supplied, 1,074,446. Children's Homes—Homes, 2; accommodation, 3,280; men admitted, 17,620; men passed out, 15,954; meals supplied, 1,074,446. Children's Homes—Homes, 2; accommodation, 3,09; giris passed out, 2,277; meals supplied, 1,083,501; beds supplied, 1,092; giris passed out, 2,277; meals supplied, 1,083,501; beds supplied, 2,277; meals supplied, 1,083,501; beds supplied, 1,093,501; beds supplied, 1,093,501; beds supplied, 1,094,46

supplied, 357,765; children admitted, 1,419; children passed out, 1,62‡; women in homes, end of year, 567; children in homes, end of year, 416.

Slums, Posts, and Nurseries—Posts and nurseries, 16; hours spent in active service, 134,689; families visited, 39,758; children sheltered, 46,416. Prison Work—Hours spent visiting, 14,167; prisoners prayed with and advised, 37,142; prisoners assisted on discharge, 3,414; situations found, 336. Missing and Inquiry—Inquiries, 942; persons found, 346.

General Statistics—Christmas dinners (1914), 27,144; persons afforded temporary relief outside Industrial Hours and 16,168; leaves 1914, 27,144; persons found, 346. Special Statistics—Christmas dinners (1914), 27,144; persons afforded temporary relief outside Industrial Hours and 16,168; women five the Summer of Special Statistics—Christmas dinners (1914), 27,144; persons of 168; women found employment outside vious, 66,168; women found employment outside own institutions, 20,12,56; beds given outside own institutions, 223,437; pounds of tee distributed, 577,880; pounds of coal distributed, 4,165,404.

The Volunteers of Americs—The Volunteers of

The Volunteers of America-The Volunteers of The Volunteers of America—The Volunteers of America is a philanthropic, social, and Christian movement. It was inaugurated in March, 1896. It was incorporated on November 6, 1896, under the Memhership Act of the State of New York. It is organized in military style, having as its model the United States Army, but in conjunction with military discipline and methods of work it possesses a

tary discipline and methods of work it possesses a thoroughly democratic form of government. Its Constitution and by-laws are framed by a Grand Field Council, which represents the minor councils of officers throughout the country annually. Though only twenty years old, the Volunteers have representatives and branches of their benevolent cause in almost all the principal cities of the United States. The Volunteers have some 56 principal homes and institutions of benevolence, many of which are Volunteer property, and are open for poor and deserving people in different sections of the country. During the past year the commissioned workers in their visitation called upon and aided, in one form or another, no less than 29,510 families. This was primarily in the poorer sections of the large cities. In primarily in the poorer sections of the large cities.

or another, no less than 29,510 families. This was primarily in the poorer sections of the large cities. In the different permanent philanthropic homes and institutions no less than 244,898 free lodgings have been given, and 307,169 have been paid for by work and other means, while \$20,072 free meals were given, and 410,103 meals were distributed to persons who paid for them, many doing so by work.

In their latest undertaking, which has proved a large responsibility, that is, the Volunteer Hospital, a separate corporation, which hospital is located at Beekman and Water Streets, New York City, near the Brooklyn Bridge, there have heen 2,023 ambul nance calls, 9,763 days' treatment given to patient in the surgical and medical wards; in the dispensar, department, 7,573 new cases treated, and 12,83 old cases treated. The hospital figures given above cover a period of nine months only to meet the change in the fiscal year. League, and the second of some 81,000 members alone its language and over 70 per cent. of those having left the prisons, and over 70 per cent. of those having left the prisons are, through their Hope Halls, living reformed and honest lives. Through the Fresh Air branch of the

tion. It has leagues in nearly thirty State prisons, and over 70 per cent. of those having left the prisons are, through their Hope Halls, llving reformed and honest lives. Through the Fresh Air branch of the work many thousands of mothers and children have been taken from crowded cities for a change in the open air amid hills and lakes, rivers and dales. From the regimental reports of Volunteer centres, it is carefully calculated that 852,350 persons were gathered to their indoor services, while 2,118,196 persons were listeners in God's natural cathedral, their open-air stands. By these services 7,601 were led to promise that they would lead a new life. In addition to the Volunteer reading rooms, thousands of copies of Christian literature are circulated in the State prisons, jails, hospitals, soldiers' homes, and children's homes. In connection with the Volunteers there are also sewing classes, hospital nursing, temporary financial relief departments, fresh air camps, Thanksgiving and Christmas dinners, and many other worthy undertakings. The headquarters of The Volunteers of America is at 34 West Twenty-eighth Street, New York City. The principal officers are General and Mrs. Ballington Booth, Presidents; General Edward Fielding, Vice-President; Col. Walter J. Crafts, Treasurer, and Col. James W. Merrill, National Secretary. (The above statement was prepared by Gen. Ballington Booth.)

Young Men's Christian Associations—Officers of the International Committee. Office, 124 East Twity—eighth Style, New York City: Chartman—Hruty—eighth Style, New York City: Chartman Chart Secretary—John R. Mott. The International Committee consists of 100 representative Christian laymen, and employs a force of 129 secretaries in the home and 199 In the foreign fields.

Officers of the World's Committee. Headquarters, 3 Rue Général Dufour, Geneva, Switzerland: President—Dr. Paul des Gouttes. Treasure—August Rappard. General Secretaries—Emil Sautter and Christian Phildius. The committee is composed of members representing America, Australasia, Austria-Hrungary, Belgium, Brazil, Denmark, Fliand, Great Britain, France, Germany, Italy, Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Russia, Spain, South Africa, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, China, Korea, Japan, and India.

India.

Officers of the State Executive Committee of the Young Men's Christian Associations of the State of New York. General office, 215 West Twenty-third Street, New York City: Chairman—William M. Kingsley. Treasure—Samuel Woolverton. State Secretary—F. W. Pearsall. This committee was incorporated under the laws of New York April 14, 1886, having for its object "the establishing and assisting Young Men's Christian Associations, and generally to provide for the spiritual, intellectual, physical, and social well being of young men in accordance with the aims and methods of Young Men's Christian Associations of the State of New York." The membership in the State is 73,216, divided as follows: General, 58,259, of which 16,148 are boys; railroad, 11,680; student, 3,311; county and small town, 2,729. A triennial meeting of the State Association, comprising the 208 associations in the State, is held in February.

Officers of the Young Men's Christian Association. Officers of the State Executive Committee of the

State, is held in February.

Officers of the Young Men's Christian Association of the City of Ne' Vork. General office, 215 West Twenty-third Street, New York City: President—W. Fellowes Morgan. Traeswarv—Samuel Stoan. There are 8,906 associations in the world, of which 2,757 are in North America. The total membership of these American associations is 689,023; they occupy 782 buildings of their own, valued at 583,263,439. They have 81,920 young men as students in evening educational classes, and 477,731 in their "physical" departments, and 152,160 different students in Bible classos. They employ 4,353 general secretaries and other paid officials, and expended last year for current expenses—local, State and international (including "Foreign" Departments)—314,812,260.

The association has branches in New York City as

nauman uncuming Foreign Departments)—\$14,812,260.

The association has branches in New York City as follows: 215 West Twenty-third Street, 222 Bowery, 8 East Third Street, 318 West Fifty-seventh Street, 109 West Fifty-fourth Street, 155 East Eighty-sixth Street, 5 West One Hundred and Twenty-fifth Street, East 150th Street, cor, Spencer Place, foot West Seventy-second Street, 531 West 155th Street, 470 East 161st Street, 129 Lexington Avenue, 346 West Fifty-seventh Street, 252 West 53d Street, 309 Park Avenue, 139th Street and St. Nicholas Terrace, Thirty-second Street and Eighth Avenue, 2929 Broadway, University Avenue and 181st Street, Broadway and 117th Street, Fort Jay, Fort Wood, Fort Wadsworth, Fort Slocum, Fort Schulyer, In Brooklyn, 55 Hanson Place, Founded 1853, 13,879 members. Average attendance of 6,156 daily. Reference libraries in ten branches, with 10,106 volumes; 11 reading rooms, with 512 magazines and newspapers; 8 gymnasiums. Educational departments in 9 branches, in 54 studies, with enrollment of 3,736; funch rooms in 5 branches; literary societies, chess, checker and camera clubs, entertainments and athletic teams. athletic teams.

Property totalling more than \$100,000,000 is now owned by the Young Men's Christian Association throughout the country, according to the annual report, made public Oct. 2, 1916. The money is invested in 782 buildings with their libraries and equipment.

The current expenses of the work in the United States totalied last year \$14,345,722. In foreign lands there was an expenditure of \$466,538, exclusive of the amount spent for special work among the European soldiers.
The total association membership in North Ameri-

ica is now 689,023. Employment was found for 63,148. In physical training 477,731 were enrolled.

ica is now osy, 0.23. Employment was found for 63, 148. In physical training 477,731 were enrolled, The World's Young Women's Christian Association—The World's Young Women's Christian Association was formed in 1894. Eighteen national associations are now affiliated; Great Britain, United States, Canada, Germany, Italy, France, Australasia, Finland, Hoiland, Japan, Portugal, South Africa, Sweden, India, Denmark, Austria-Hungary, and China. The headquarters is in London. Office, 26 George Street, Hanover Square West. The World's Committee is composed of seventy-seven members, the Executive Committee of which is resident in London. The Hon. Mrs. Montagn Wuldgrave, President; Miss Clarissa Spencer, General Secretary. The Young Women's Christian Association of the United States of America was formed in December, 1906, the Object being stated thus: "To unite in one body the Young Women's Christian Association of the United States; to establish, or Associations of the United States; to establish, or Associations of the World's Association; its Student Committee is a nember of the World's Association; its Student Committee is a nember of the World's Statesia Ecderation of the World's Statesia Ecderation of the World's Statesia Ecderation of the World's Statesia Ecderation of the World's Statesia Ecderation of the World's Statesia Ecderation of the World's Statesia Ecderation of the World's Statesia Ecderation of the World's Statesia Ecderation of the World's Statesia Ecderation of the World's Statesia Ecderation of the World's Statesia Ecderation of the World's Statesia Ecderation of the World's Statesia Ecderation of the World's Statesia Ecderation of the World's Statesia Ecderation of the World's Statesia Ecderation of the World's Statesia Ecderation of the World's Statesia Ecderation of the World's Statesia Ecderation of the World's Statesia Ecderation of the World's Statesia Ecderation of the World's Statesia Ecderation of the World's Statesia Ecderation of the World's Statesia Ecderation of the World's Edderation

women." The National organization is a member of the World's Association; its Student Committee is a member of the World's Student Christian Federa-tion, and is connected with the Student Volunteer Movement. The National Headquarters, 600 Lex-ington Avenue, New York City. President of the National Board—Mrs. Robert E. Speer. General Secretary—Mahel Cratty.

-Mabel Cratty. Secretary-

The National Board employs a staff of 113 head quarters and field secretarics. In addition to super quarters and neid secretaries. In addition to super vising local associations, through eleven field committees, this staff is promoting such specialized features as: visiting and teaching immigrant girls and women; bringing the "more abundant life" to the isolated farm girl through county associations; helping the industrial girl in vocational guidance, Summer camps, thrift, otc.; establishing club houses for nucses and art students; meeting the special needs of colored and Indian students; bringing to the leisure woman and young alumnae concrete opportunities for service in the Young Women's Christian Asfor service in the Young Women's Christian Association, church, philanthropic and allied agencies; extending its work to the young women of India, China, Japan, South America, and Turkey, through a staff of 43 foreign secretaries. Two hundred and fity-five city associations, 720 student and 18 county associations are members of the National organization, with a total of 360,965 young women. The National Board conducted in 1916 fitteen city, student and county conferences and seven industrial or high school councils in which 6.634 young women or high school councils in which 6,634 young women were given ten days of rest, recreation and grounding in Christian fundamentals. The official organ is The Association Monthly.

The Association Monthly.

The National Training School, 135 East Fifty-second Street, New York City, offers a one year graduate course preparing young women for executive positions in the associations. The National Training School of the Young Women's Christian Association opened September 7, 1916, with an enrolment of 46 students, 7 of whom came from foreign countries. Eighteen States are represented.

The association has branches in New York City as follows: 600 Lexington Avenue, 7 East Fifteenth Street, 124 West Sixteenth Street, 72 West 124th Street, 132 East Forty-fith Street, 132 East Forty-fith Street, 132 East Sixty-second Street.

American Tract Society—The society was

East Sixty-second Street.

American Tract Society—The society was founded in 1825. Its work is interdenomicational and international in scope, and is commended by all the evangelical churches. It has published the Gospel message in 178 languages, dialects and characters. Its total issues of books, tracts, and periodicials at the Home Office amount to 794,639,700 copies. It has made foreign cash appropriations to the value of \$799,456.39, by means of which millions of books and tracts have been published at mission stations abroad. Its coiporteurs have made 18,612,433 family visits, largely among the immigrants, and have circulated 17,382,454 volumes. The grand total of its gratuitous distributions has been to the value of \$2,634,505.89. The society is wholly dependent upon donations and legacles for the support of its benevolent work. Offices, Park Avenue and Fortieth Street, New York City. President—William Phillips Hall, General Secretary—Judson Swift, D. D.

#### RELIGIOUS SOCIETIES-Continued.

The Family Altar League—The Family Altar League is a world-wide company of people who have made a covenant to maintain a family altar in their homes, to come together for Bible study and prayer. The league was founded in 1909 and has had a phenomenal growth. Over 300,000 covenant cards have been sent out on request and more than 60,000 family altars have been established. The officers are: President—Rev. W. E. Biederwolf. Vice-President—Henry P. Crowell. Treasurer—E. O Excell. General Secretary—Rev. R. Howard Taylor. Headquarters, 508 Lakeside Building, Chicago, Ill.

New York Bible Society—(Original society.

General Secretary—Rev. R. Howard Taytor. Headquarters, 508 Lakeside Building, Chicago, Ill.

New York Bible Society—(Original society,
1809; Incorporated 1866), Room 66, Bible House,
New York City—The only society having for its
sole work Bible distribution in the city and harbor
of New York. Issues only Bibles and portions of
the Bible in all languages and styles of binding.
Supplies the Scriptures at cost and by gift. Unsectarian, interdenominational, the work being conducted without regard to creed, class or color.
Co-operates with missionaries and missionary societies of all denominations. Employs missionaries
among the immigrants and sailors. Hotels, hosoitals,
prisons and needy homes supplied. Total distribution during past year 350,332 volumes in 47 languages and in raised type for the bilind. Instituted
Bible Sunday, the third Sunday before Christmas.
Supported by church collections, donations and
legacies. Officers: President—John C. West. Treasurer—James H. Schmelzel. General Secretary—Rev.
George William Carter, Ph. D., to whom apply.

American Bible Society—The American Bible
Society was founded in 1816. It is a charitable institution whose sole object is to encourage a wider
circulation of the Scriptures without note or comment. It invites the contributions and do-operation
of all. The officers are a President and many Vice-

stitution whose sole object is to encourage a wider circulation of the Scriptures without note or comment. It invites the contributions and co-operation of ail. The officers are a President and many Vice-Presidents. There are thirty-six managers, divided into four classes as to terms of office. The Corresponding Secretaries are Rev. John Fox, D. D., and Rev. W. I. Haven, D. D.; Assistant Corresponding Secretary, Rev. L. B. Chamberlain; Recording Secretary, Rev. H. O. Dwight, LL. D. The Treasurer is William Foulke. The issues for the year ended December 31, 1915, were 7,761,377 volumes, and for the one hundred years of the existence of the society, 117,687,591 volumes. This includes Bibles in many foreign tongues and the languages of several American Indian tribes. The offices of the society are at the Bible House, Astor Place, New York.

United Catholic Works—President—His Eminence Cardinal John M. Farley, 452 Madison Avenue, New York City. Vice—Presidents—R. Rev. Mgr., Joseph F. Mooney, V. G., 457 West Fity-first Street, New York City, Street, New York City, Street, New York City. Street, Plank W. Smith, 82 Franklin Street, New York City, Council consists of the officers and Rev. John J. Wynne, S. J., George MacDonald, Mrs. Thomas H. Kelly, Miss Teresa R. O'Donohue. Church of God—The purposes of the Church of God are to gather together into one all the children

Mrs. Thomas H. Kelly, Miss Teresa R. O'Donohue.
Church of God—The purposes of the Church of
God are to gather together into one all the children
of God and to evangedize the world by preaching the
whole truth of the New Testament. Its teachings are
absolutely non-sectarian and entirely orthodox.
New Testament alone is its creed, Mr. A. L. Byers,
Anderson, Ind., attends to the correspondence of
the general convention, and M. Anna Blew.tt is Seccretary of the New York Headquarters. Annual
World's Convention of ministers, missionaries and
Sunday-School workers, held May 25 to June 1, at the
General Headquarters, Anderson, Ind. New York
Clty Convention, December 22 to January 1, at
2132-2142 Grand Avenue, New York City.
The Big Sisters—The Big Sisters is an incorporated organization of women which helps unfortunate children. Object: To promote the welfare and

improvement of children, especially girls who have been brought before the Children's Courts, and others whose physical, mental, and moral development have suffered because of bad environment or other conditions, and to enlist women who individually will take a friendly interest in such children and will aid them to become good citizens.

President—Mrs. William K. Vanderbilt. Secretary—Mrs. Chas. Dana Gibson. Treasurer—Mrs. Willard Parker, Jr. General Secretary—Mrs. Henry Beach Needham. Assistant Secretary—Miss Beatrice Beaumont. Headquarters, 200 Fifth Avenue, New York City.

mont.

The Young Women's Hebrew Association—The purpose of the association is to promote the temporal, mental, moral, religious, social, and physical weifare of young Jewish women, and more particularly of those dependent upon their own exertions for their support. There are about one thousand sustaining members in the association. Associate membership, 81 yearly; sustaining active membership, 85 yearly; patron, 810 yearly; donors, 825 to 8100 yearly; patron, 810 yearly; donors, 825 to 8100 yearly; patron, 810 yearly; donors, 825 to 8100 yearly; patron, 810 Yearly; found the yearly; patron, 810 Yearly; donors, 825 to 8100 yearly; Mrs. A. N. Cohen, 154 West Eighty-second Street, New York City; Mrs. Adolf Guggenheim, 165 West Seventy-second Street, New York City; Mrs. Felix M. Warburg, 1108 Fitth Avenue, New York City; Mrs. Samuel I. Hyman. Superimendent—Sophia Berger. Headquarters, 31 West 110th Street, New York City. Catholic Total Abstinence Union of America

ninth Street, New York City. Secretary—Mrs. Samuel I Hyman. Superintendent.—Sophia Berger. Headquarters, 31 West 110th Street, New York City. Catholic Total Abstinence Union of America —President.—Rev. John G. Beane. Secretary—T. E. McCloskey. Danbury. Ct. Members 100,000.

The New Jerusalem Church—This church is founded on the acknowledgment of the Lord Jesus Carist as the One God, and that the Trinity of Father, Son and Holy Spirit is in Him, as the soul, body, and proceeding life are in man. He took our nature upon Him to overcome the powers of hell by temptations, and thus glorified it or made it divine. So He redeemed man. Salvation is by our co-operating with Him by shunning our evils as sins against Him. The Sacred Scripture is His Word, containing a spiritual sense within the letter, and teaching the way of life in Him. At death the body is forever laid astic, and man rises in a spiritual body into the spiritual word. The environment character formed on earth. The Second Coming of the Lord is not in Person, but in the Word, to open its genuine meaning, effected through the writings of His servar t. Emanuel Swedenborg. Thus the New Christian Church of Divine Promise, signified by the New Jerusalem in Rev. xxi., has begun, introducing a new era of enlightenment and progress. The body numbers 98 societies in the United States and 72 in Great Britain, but there are many scattered centres in various parts of the world, and there is much interchange of thought and activity through periodical and missionary literature. The General Convention of the New Jerusalem is the leading organization in this country. Its chief officers are: President—Rev. Julian K. Smyth. Secretary—B. A. Whitemore, 134 Sowdoth Street, Bovonshire Street, Boston, Mass. The New-Christer, Extent Deston, Mass. The New-Christian Church of Secretary—B. A. Whitemore, 134 Sowdoth Street, Bovonshire Street, Boston, Mass. The New-Christian Church of Secretary—B. A. Whitemore, 134 Sowdoth Street, Sovonshore's works are published by the American Swed

### THE HUCUENOT SOCIETY OF AMERICA.

This society was organized April 13, 1883, with an office in New York at 2 West Forty-fifth Street.

Descent from Huguenot ancestors is the qualification necessary for membership. President—William Mitchell. Treasure—T. J. O. Rhinelander. Secretary—Mrs. James M. Lawton.

RELICIOUS DENOMINATIONS IN THE UNITED STATES.

Statistics of Ministers, Churches, Communicants or Members, prepared by Dr. H. K. Carroll, for year 1915, and published (in 1916) in the Bulletin of Church Statistics, under the auspices of the Federal Council of the Churches of Christ in America.

These statistics cover the territory of the United States and its possessions exclusively. Ministers, churches, and communicants or various denominations in foreign countries are deducted from the denominational totals.

DENOMINATIONS.	Ministers.	Churches.	Commu- nicants.	DENOMINATIONS.	Ministers.	Churches.	Commu- nicants.
Adventists: Evangelical	c 8 u 566	c 18 u 637	0.481	CHRISTIANS	1,066 c 35	1,360 c 17	113,887
Seventh-Day Church of God Life and Advent Union Churches of God In	552 34 c 12	1,987 22 c 12	u 28,990 73,343 800 c 509	(Dowie) CHRISTIAN UNION CHURCH OF CHRIST, SCIENTIST CHURCHES OF GOD	360 2,828	320 1,414	c 5,865 16,300 * 85,096
Jesus Christ  Total Adventists BAPTISTS:	1,233	2,742	106,347	(WINEBRENNARIAN) CHURCHES OF THE LIV- ING GOD (Col.): Christian Workers for	440	493	28,650
Six Principle	1 13,806	9,575 e 24,338 f 16,842 13	(511	Apostolic	c 51 c 30 c 20	c 44 c 15 c 9	c 2,676 c 752 c 858
Seventh-Day Free Freewill General	98 a 805 914 556	a 1,110 834 545 e 76	8,146 a 65,440 57,231 33,600	Tot. Chs. Llv. God. CHUR'S OF NEW JER'M: General Convention General Church	101 109 38	129 22	c 4,286 8,500 1,213
United. Bapt. Ch. of Chrlst	c 100 c 260 c 99 c 1,500	c 196 c 93 c 2.922	c 5,180 c 13,698 c 6,416 c 102,311 c 35,076	Tot. Chur's New Jer'm CHURCH TRANSCENDENT COMMUNISTIC SOCIETIES:	147 2	151	9,713 144
Primitive (Colored) Old Two Seed in the SpiritPredestinarian Church of God and Saints of Christ	c 1,480	c 797	c 781	Shakers		c 15 c 7	c 1,756 c 1,756
Total Baptists BRETHREN (DUNKARDS):	c 75 43,546 3,032	c 48 57,520 965	6,307,055	CONGREGATIONALISTS DISCIPLES OF CHRIST: Disciples of Christ Churches of Christ	f 5,923 f 6,161 c 2,100	f 6,108 f 8,494 c 2,649	f 771,362 f 1,363,163 c 159,658
ConservativeOld OrderProgressiveBeventh-Day (Ger.)	300 300 6	70 210 15	97,000 e 3,500 23,044 300	Tot. Dis. of Christ EvangeLical Bodies: Evangelical Ass'n United Evang, Church	8,261 1,036 528	11,143 1,626 975	1,522,821 118,620 86,635
Total Dun. Brethren BRETHREN (PLYMOUTH): Brethren (I.) Brethren (II.). Brethren (III.).	3,554	1,260 c 134 c 128	123,844 c 2,933 c 4,752 c 1,724	Total Evang. Bodics FAITH ASSOCIATIONS: Apostolic Faith Move.	1,564	2,601 c 6	205,255
Brethren (III.) Brethren (IV.) Tot. Plym. Brethren		c 81 c 60 403	c 1,724 c 1,157	Peniel Missions Metro, Church Ass'n Henziba Faith Ass'n	c 30 c 29 c 36 c 35	c 11	c 703
BRETHREN (RIVER): Brethren in Christ Old Order, or Yorker United Zion's Children	178 c 24 c 22	68 c 9 c 28	3,731 c 423 c 749	Missionary Ch. Ass'n Heavenly Recruit Ch. Apostolic Christ'n Ch. Christian Congrega. Voluntary Miss'y Soc.	c 55 c 19 c 26	c 27 c 42 c 9	c 4,558 c 395
Tot. River Brethren BUDDHISTS: Chinese Temples	224 c 1	105 c 62	4,903	Voiuntary Miss'y Soc. (Colored)	c 11 241	146	c 425 9,572
Japanese Temples Total Buddhists CATHOLIC APOSTOLIC:	c 14	c 12	c 3,165	FREE CHRISTIAN ZION CHURCH. FRIENDS: Orthodox. "Highests"	c 20 f 1,315	c 15 f 775 167	c 1,835 f 98,356 18,305 e 3,880
Catholic Apostolic New Apostolic	c 14 c 19	c 11 c 13	c 2,907 c 2,020	Orthodox. "Hickslte". "Wilburite" Primitive.	c 47 c 10 1,471	c 48 c .8	c 171
CATHOLIC, EAST, ORTH.: Armenian Apostolic Russian Orthodox	20 179	53 227	4,927 65,000 95,000	Total Friends FRIENDS OF THE TEMPLE. GER. EVANO. PROT GER. EVANG. SYNOD	c 3 c 59 1,085	c 66 1,378	120,712 c 376 c 34,704 264,097 143,000
Greek Orthodox Syrian Orthodox Serblan Orthodox Roumanian Orthodox. Bulgarian Orthodox.	80 30 21 5	30 31 5 3	175,000 45,000 64,000 20,000 3,500	JEWISH CONGREGA'NS (b) LATTER-DAY SAINTS: Utah Branch Reorganized Branch	c 1,084 2,435 1,700	c 1,769 905 775	330,000 67,000
Tot. East. Catholics CATHOLICS, WESTERN: Roman Catholic	338	419	467,500	Tot. Latter-Day Saints LUTHERANS: General Synod	4,135 1,426	1,680 1,830 490	397,000 356,072 53,705
Amer. Old Catholics	d 19,397 37 28	20	d 14,049,063 20,145 10,000	United Synod South. General Council Synodical Conference. United Norweglan (Jacobs doct Synod)	1,426 271 1,640 3,132 674	2,419 3,796 1,630	356,072 53,705 470,771 821,386 171,65 <b>7</b>
Tot. West. Catholics CHRISTADELPHIANS	19,462	70	14,079,208 1,500	(Independent Synod): Ohio	675	1,085	142,355

DENOMINATIONS.	Ministers.	Churches.	Commu- nicants.	DENOMINATIONS.	Ministers.	Churches.	Commu- nicants.
LUTH.—(Continued).  Buffalo  Hauge's	35 172	44 354	5,530 39,748 2,500 122,428 98,188 13,346	MORAVIAN BODIES: Moravian Union Boh, and Mor	145	126 21	20,146 1,000
Eielsen'sIowa	585	1,035	2,500 122,428	1	140	147	21,146
Norwegian	4321	1,050	98,188	Total Mor. Bodies. Nonsectarian Bible	149	1	-
Danish in America Icelandic	71 15	115 50	3,939	PENTECOSTAL BODIES:	c 50	c 204	c 6,396
Icelandic Immanuel Suomai (Finnish)	23 34	- 26 138	19.000	Pentecostai Church of		240	20 120
Fignish National	22	138 72	13,919 8,000	the Nazarene Other Pen. Ass'ns	c 115	842 36	32,139 1,270
Finnish Apostolic Norwegian Free	70 176	309 380	22,000 26,050	Tot, Pen. Bodies	890	878	33,409
Danish United	131	202	14,090	PRESHYTERIANS:			
Church of the Luth- eran Brethren	13	18	2,000	Northern. Cumberland Cumberland (Col.)	9,560 728	9,881	1,495,157 $62,294$
Ind. Congregations.	87	200	27,500	Cumberland (Col.)	c 375	c 196	c 18,066
Total Lutherans Scan, Evang. Bodies:	9,688	15,269	2,434,184	Welsh Calvinistic United	1,151	1,136	14,877 $153,651$
Swedish Evan. Miss.	400	550	50,000	Southern	1,850	3,438	332,339 500
Covenant Swedish Evan, Free	402	550		Associate Ref., South	113	155	14,821
Mission Norweglan Evan, Free	152 75	154 153	18,500 4,400	Reformed (Synod)	128 16	111	8,634 3,300
Tot. Scan, Evan. ‡	629	857	72,900	Ref. (Gen. Synod) Ref. (Covenanted)		1	- 40
MENNONITES:		257		Ref. in the U. S. and Canada	1	1	360
Mennonite Bruederhoef	560 32	20	1.033	Total Presbyterians.	14,012	16,530	2,104,039
Amish	128 161	64 55		PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL:		'	
Old Amish	61	22 14	1,200	Protestant Episcopal Reformed Episcopal	5,538 83	8,061 80	1,040,896
Reformed	32 172	112	1,029 12,797			8,141	1,051,696
Ch. of God in Christ	11	g g	1 300	Tot, Prot. Episcopal REFORMED:	1	1	
Old (Wisler) Bundes Conference	21 46	20 27	2,425	Reformed (Dutch) Reformed (German)	750 1,213	718 1,759	126,847 320,459
Defenceiess	12 149	15 97	824	Christian Reformed	161	231	36,296 19,000
Brethren in Christ Miscellaneous	91	48	3i 4,646	Hungarian Reformed	31	74	
Tot. Mennonites	1,476	760	61,331	Total Reformed	2,155	2,782	502,602 3,250
METHODISTS: Methodist Episcopal	18,813	28,428 225	3,657,594		2,961	941	27,664
Union American M. E. African Meth. Epis			20,000 620,000	SCHWENKFELDERS	c 15		c 1,043
African U. M. Prot African M. E. Zion	1 200	128	4,000	SOC. FOR ETH. CULTURE		2,100	2,450 200,000
African M. E. Zlon Methodist Protestant.	3,552 1,410	3,180	201.110	THEOROPHICAL SOCIETY		154	4,714
Weslevan Methodist	840	67	5] 20,50C	UNITED BRETHREN:	1,875	3,507	339,215
Meth. Epis. (South) . Cong. Methodist	7,203	333	15 520	Timited Drothron (Oic	1		1
New Cong. Methodist Zion Union Apostolic.	c 59	c 33	5 c 3.059	Constitution)	-	-	1
Colored M. E	3,072	3,196	240,798	Tot. United Brethren	2,185	4,022 469	360,387 70,542 55,000 48,673
Primitive Free Methodist	74 1,293	1,17	1 35,032	UNIVERSALISTS	656	763	55,000
Ref. Meth. Un. Epis Ind. Methodist	. 30	3	2 2,500 2 1,16	IND. CONGREGATIONS	267	.)	1
Ind. Methodist Total Methodists		62.72	7,472,108		180,604	225,333	39,380,670
1 Otal Michigans.	1 12,000		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				olles (com-

The aggregate of 39,380,670 represents actual church membership, and includes all Catholics (communicants, but not unconfirmed minors). It does not give all persons affiliated by family ties to Protestant bodies. The larger of the Protestant bodies may claim twice the number of their communicants as nominal adherents.—EDITOR OF THE ALMANAC.

NOTE.—(a) About 75 per cent. of these churches are merged with churches of the Northern Baptist Convention. (b) The American Jewish Year Book for 1915-16 estimates the number of the Jewish race in the United States as 2.349,754. (c) Census of 1906. (d) Estimates of increase are by editor of Catholic Directory. (e) Estimates of increase are by statistician of Southern Baptist Convention. (f) Returns of 1914. † Returns for 1913. \*For 1907. No figures furnished since. (u) Returns of 1911.

### SEATING CAPACITY OF CHURCHES

SEATING CAPACITY OF CHURCHES.

The total seating capacity of church edifices reported in 1906, according to the Census Bulletin of August 20, 1909, was 58,536,830, an increase over 1800 of 14,976,767, or 34.4 per cent. The seating capacity propried for the Protestant hodies was 53,282,445; for the Roman Catholic Church, 4,494,377; and for the remaining bodies, 760,008. The rate of increase was practically the same for both the Protestants and the Roman Catholics, being 33.6 per cent. for the former, and 33.3 per cent. for the latter. The increase in the seating capacity of churches has kept pace with the increase in population, the seating capacity being in the seating capacity per organization for the Protestant bodies taken together was 317, and The average seating capacity per organization for the Protestant bodies taken together was 317, and the Roman Catholic Church, 436. With the single exception of the Roman Catholic Church, all the denominations showed an average seating capacity considerably in excess of the average membership. The floor space of the large cathedrals of the world is as follows, in square feet: St. Peter's, Rome, 227,069; Seville, Spain, 124,000; Milano, Italy, 107,000; St. John the Divine, New York City, 99,500; Colgno, 227,069; Seville, Spain, 124,000; Milano, Italy, 107,000; St. John the Divine, New York City, 99,500; Colgno, Notre Dame, Parls, 64,108; Westminster, England, 61,729; St. Patrick's, New York City, 55,000.

### RELIGIOUS STATISTICS OF THE WORLD.

THE estimates in the first two tables, except footnotes thereto, are by Whitaker's (London) Almanack; those of Religious Divisions in Europe and the World, by Gustav Sundbarg in Webb-

Mulhall. A distinction								nd actual		unicar	its.
RELIGION.				ollowers				GION.		No. of	Followers.
1 Christianity 2 Confuciauism and 'I 3 Hindooism 4 Mohammedanism	Christianity 564 Confuciatism and Taoism 300 Hindooism 210 Mohammedanism 221		1.510.00 0,830.00 0,540.00 1.825.00 3.031.00	0 6 . 0 7 0 8	Judaism Animism Shintoism Unclassif	(a) n ied.		••••••		$\begin{array}{c} 13,052,846 \\ 158,270,000 \\ 25,000,000 \\ 15,280,000 \end{array}$	
		BY C	ONT	INENT.	AL I	DISTRIE	BUT				
RELIGION.		Enro	pe.	Asia.		Africa		North America		uth erica.	Oceania.
Christianity.  'See table below.)  Confucianism and Ta Hindooism.  Mohanmedanism.  Buddhism  Judaism (a).  Animism  Shintoism  Unclassified.	•••••	3,800 9,950	,000 ,175	300,000 210,000 142,000 138,000 484 42,000 25,000 6,000	,000 ,000 ,000 ,359 ,000	300, 5 <b>1</b> ,000,	000 000 836 000	100,00 100,00 15,00 2,144,06 20,00	00 1 31 1,2	50,000	25,000,000 20,000 19,415 17,000,000
Total Nou-Christian	ıs)	14,750	,175				836	10,379,00	31 1,4	20,000	42,919,415
				CHRIS							
CATHOLIC CHUR				Pollower				T CHURC			Followers.
Roman Catholic Eastern Churches		•••••	12 12	2.860.00 0,000,00	00  A			tions tians			171,650.000 564,510,000
C	HRIST	IANI	'Y F	BY CON	TIN	ENTAL	DIS	TRIBUT			
RELIGION.		Euro	ope.	. Asia.		Africa		North America		outh ierica.	Oceania.
Catholic Churches: Roman Catholic Eastern Churches Protestant Churches.		98,00	00,00	0.17,200	),000	3,800,0	100	36,700,0 1,000,0 65,000,0	00		8,200,000 0 4,500,000
Total Christians		374,70	30,00	0 28,700	0.000	9,050,0	000	102,700,0	00 36 e	00,00	0 12,700,000
Coptic Church has 70	6,32216	ollower	's (Eg	gyptian o	ensu	s 1907);	Nes	itorians 80	0,000;	Jacobi	tes 70,000.
RELIGIOUS DIVIS	ONS C	F EU	ROPE	E AND	WOF				PRES	ENT	CENTURY.
						Numb	ER (	OF			
COUNTRY AND CONTINENT.				istians.				ews.(a)	Moha	am-	Other Non-
•	Protes	tants.		holics.*	7	otal.*		C 17 131 (G)	meda	ns.‡	Christians.
Europe: United Kingdom. France. Germany. Austria-Hungary. Italy. Spain. Russia.	35,4 4,3 1 4,0	00,000 000,000 000,000 000,000 000,000 8,000 00,000	20, 35, 32, 18, 12,		38 55 †44 32 18 †100	,000,000 ,800,000 ,700,000 ,400,000 ,500,000 ,608,000 ,200,000	(a)	245,209 100,000 615,029 2,246,103 45,000 5,000 6,060,415	3,80	0,000	25,000 340,000
Total Europe	(6)98,4	00,000	179,	100,000	16382	.000,000	(C)	19,990,179	(c) 8,20 Moh		Other Non-
	Protes	tants.	_0	thers.	7	'etal.	_	Jews.	meda		Christians.
Asia:	1.0	00 000	1	900 000	9	900 000		20 980	62.50	000 00	229 600 000

 $\substack{1.900,000\\1,100,000\\70,000\\12,500,000\\12,000,000}$  $\substack{1,000,000\\200,000\\40,000}$ 2,900,000 1,300,000 100,000 20.980 62,500,000 30,000,000 India..... China.... 229,600,000 1,143 1,000 368,700,000 51,900,000 600,000 Japan..... Russian Asia.... Other countries... 120,636 14,600,000 12.500,000 25,000 1,200,000 52,000,000 13,200,000 63,400,000 702,800,000 (c)484,359 Total Asla.... 2.500,000 27,500,000 30,000,000 170,500,000 67,700,000 2,300,000 68,000,000 6,300,000 8,600,000 404,836 Africa.... Amer'ca: 11,000,000 26,800,000 37,400,000 United States.... Rest of No. Amer. 64,100,000 4,900,000 400,000 75,100,000 31,700,000 37,800,000 (b) 2,349,754 300,000 1,500,000 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . South America... 1,900,000 Total America. 69,400,000 75,200,000 144,600,000 3,000 5,700,000 4,700,000 19,415 1,000,000 Australasia..... Total for World... 177,300,000 394,100,000 571,400,000 (a) 13,168,924 246,700,000 774,100,000

Total for World... 177.300,090° 394,100,000° 571,400,000 (a)13,168,924° 246,700,000° 774,1C0,000° \*The totals are given to the nearest hundred thousand, and Include Christians not separately specified. For countries outside Europe, Roman Catholics are not separately specified, but are included under the heading "Others." It is estimated that there are about 89 million Roman Catholics outside Europe, thus making a total in the world of about 268 millions, as against 177 million Protestants. Greek Catholics numbered 119,300,000. Buddhists and Brahminists about 550 millions, †Including Greek Catholics. †Readjustment of boundaries owing to the European wars has doubtless affected the figures given in table.

(a) According to the London Jewish Year Book, 1915. Because of war data of some countries lacking.

(b) The American Jewish Year Book for 1915-16. (c) Including countries not enumerated.

### THE CENERAL CONVENTION OF THE PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL CHURCH.

The General Convention of the The 44th triennial General Convention of the Protestant Episcopal Church was held in St. Louis from October 11 to 27, 1916. This is the surreme legislative body of the Episcopal Church and is composed of two Houses—the House of Bishops and the House of Clerical and Lay Denuties. Either of these two bodies may initiate legislative measures, but a concurrent wote is necessary for actual legislation. Mit changes in the Constitution of the chart must be ratified at the rat enable House and an other statistical at the rat enable House and mistops, coadjutor-bishops, and suffragans. The latter have a seat in the House becoming effective. The House of Bishops consists of all diocesan bishops, coadjutor-bishops, and suffragans. The latter have a seat in the House but no vote. There are now 119 bishops, of whom 108 were present at the convention. The newly elected Chairman of the Upper House is the Rt. Rev. Thomas F. Gallor, Bishop of Tennessee, and the Secretary is the Rev. Dr. Samuel Hart, dean of the Berkley Divinity School, Middletown, Ct. Two new Missionary Bishops were elected—the Rev. Dr. Hugh Latimer Burleson, Editorial Secretary of the Beard of Missions, Missionary Bishop of South Dakota, and the Rev. Frank Hale Touvet, rector of Grace Church, Colorado, The Rt. Rev. Edward Oshorne, Bishop of Springs, Missionary Bishop of Springs, Missionary Bishop of Springs, Missionary Bishop of Springs, Missionary Bishop of Springs, Missionary Bishop of Springs, Missionary Bishop of Springs, Missionary Bishop of Springs, Missionary Bishop of Springs, Missionary Bishop of Springs, Missionary Bishop of Springs, Missionary Bishop of Western Colorado, The Rt. Rev. Edward Oshorne, Bishop of Springs, Missionary Bishop of Springs, Missionary Bishop of Western Colorado, The House of Deputies consists of 610 clerical and lay debuties. Each of the 68 dioceses of the United States is represented by four cleraymen and four laymen. The domestic missionary districts including the countries under the American C

orders.

The report of a joint commission on the basis of representation in the House of Deputies recommended the reduction of clerical and lay deputies from each diocese from four in each order to three and the granting of additional representatives to dioceses on the basis of one olerxyman and one layman for each 100 resident clerxymen in the dioceses. The deputies from posal would be to decrease the deputies from the smaller and poor dioceses of the South and the West and to increase the representation of the

PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL CHURCH. larger dioceses of New York, Pennsylvania, Massachusetts. Connecticut and Chicago. Of the 63 dioceses, under this scheme of proportionate representation, 35 would have 3 deputies in each order; 47 would have 4: 4 would send five detuties and the two largest dioceses would send each 6 deputies. The proposal of the commission was decistively defeated by both the clerical and lay order.

Other proposals which failed of passage were: The resolution making the election of women as deputies possible which have been an as yellow the commentation of the commentation of the commentation of the commentation of provincial suffragan-bishops, which would have paved the way for the election of a near bishop to have the oversight and direction of the work among the colored people of the South. A further proposal to give the suffragan-bishops, a voice in the Upper House, where they now have a seat without a vote, was passed by the Bishops, but rejected by the House of Deputies, It failed for want of concurrence.

currence.

House of Deputies. It failed for want of concurrence.

Turning to actual legislation accomplished at the convention, the most notable was the final adoption of an adequate pension fund for the support of aged and disabled clergymen. This scheme, which was inaugurated at the General Convention of 1913 is based on a acientific actuarial calculation and is, by the terms of its charter, subject to the jurisdiction of the Denariment of Insurance of the State of New York, Funds for the payment of the bensions are provided by an annual assessment on parishes of 7½ per cent. on the salaries paid to the clergy. This assessment will ultimately provide funds to pay a pension ranging from \$600 to \$2.000 per annum, varying according to the years of service and the stipend paid. All of the 68 diocesses of the church have agreed to levy this tax on the parishes in their jurisdiction. In order, however, to provide for the present generation of the clergy a fund of \$5.000,000 is being secured, of which \$3.500,000 is now in hand. The fund will be completed by March 1, 1917, at which date all clergymen who have reached the age of 68 and are then in active service will be entitled to retire on a pension. The convention appointed is trustees, of whom Bishop William Lawrence of Massachusetts is Chairman and Mr. John Pierpont Moran is Treasurer.

Considerable attention was given to the neces-

Rishop William Lawrence of Massachusetts is Chairman and Mr. John Pierpont Morgan is Treasurer.

Considerable attention was given to the necessity of the adoption of modern business methods in church affairs. On the recommendation of a six of the convention of the convention of the commission that convention and the convention of the convention of the convention of the convention of the convention of the convention of the convention of the convention of the convention of the convention of the convention of the convention of the convention of the convention of the convention of the convention also adopted a new canon requiring the and time of all church accounts over \$3.000 per annum by a certified public accountant, also the depositing of all trust and other permanent funds with a trust company or bank organized under the laws of the United States or of a State. The canon also makes an adequate fire insurance of all church property compulsory.

The convention adopted a new lectionary which provides the tables of lessons from Holy Scripture which are authorized to be read in the public services of the church. This covers a period of two years, during which the major portion of both the Old and the New Testaments will be read where daily services are held. The general tendency of the new lectionary is to shorten the lessons and it follows the Christian year instead of, as herefolore, the civil year. A new hymnal has also been adopted and authorized for use as an alternate to the present one, which has not been revised since 1892. Two hundred of the old hymns have been eliminated and 126 new ones added, so that the new book has 559 hymns as against 679 in the old. The new hymns are drawn from all ecclesiestical sources, ranging from Roman Catholic to Unitarian writers. Twenty-five of the lymns ave by American authors, including William Cullen Bryant, Whittier, Holmes and such English writers as Tenny-

### THE GENERAL CONVENTION OF THE PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL CHURCH-Continued.

THE GENERAL CONVENTION OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSENT OF THE PROSEN

diocesses. The Board of Missions reported an income of \$4,600.54.71 for the triennium and of \$1.543.750.88 for the period of September 1. 1915, to October 1. 1916, this being the largest income in its history. Of this amount the sum of \$761.354.32 was contributed by the parishes, \$171.864.26 by individuals, and \$193.049.20 by Sunday Schools, After the payment of appropriations amounting to \$1.550.060, the balance in hand was \$31.190.19. The reserve deposits are \$748.776.06. The united offering of the Woman's Auxiliary, presented during the convention, was \$352.141.04, an increase of \$50,000. This is devoted to the support of

otestant episcopal church.

other insionaries in various parts of the world. After a sharply contested election the Rt. Rev. Arthur Selden Lloyd was re-elected President of the Board of Missions by a majority of the Board of Missions by a majority of the Board of Missions by a majority of House of Bishops, and George Gordon King was elected Treasurer. The convention gave the board permission to elect a Vice-President who may be a layman. A special commission was appointed to visit Liberia, where the mission has been left without on Episcoval Lourch, and also to investigate conditions in the French plateau of the Soudan, with a view to the cetablishment of a new mission in that part of Africa. By an agreement with the Anglican Church the board is authorized to take over all the missions of the English Church in Central America, with the exception of British Honduras, and, with the addition of the Panatna Canal Zone, to establish a new foreign missionary district. When this has been done, the House of Bishops is empowered to elect a missionery bishop for Central America. The convention, by resolutions unanimously adonted, placed itself on record as favorage the introduction of Bricle study, with the stricter regulation of the study fliving: the stricter regulation and private social gatherings. A comprehensive report of the state of the church during the last three years contains the official statistics of the Episcoyal Church for that period and, in almost every department, notes growth. The number of communicants is given as 1,080,000, but this includes only those who have been actually confirmed, and the committee estimates the working adherents of the church at the review and and the review of the church at 100,000. There are 5,750 ordained clerymen, of whom about 1,000 are not in active service. In the Sunday Schools there are 55,000 officers and teachers and 450,000 scholars. As comprared with the previous triennium, the number of confirmations by 12,000, and the number of confirmations for the support of t

### CENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

The General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church in the U. S. A. held its 128th Annual Meeting at Attantic City. N. J., May 18 to May 26. 1916. There were present about 900 delegates, officially appointed, including the representatives of the various boards and agencies of the church. Among important matters decided were the following:

The Committee on Church Co-operation and Union, of which the Rev. W. H. Roberts, D.D. is Chairman, was authorized to go forward with its work.

is Chairman, was authorized to go forward with its work.

The Doctrinal Deliverance of the General Assembly of 1910 was unanimously reaffirmed as to the following points: Inerrancy of the Scriptures, Virkin Birth of Jesus Christ, vicarjous atonement of Jesus Christ, bodily resurrection of Jesus Christ, bodily resurrection of Jesus Christ, the actuality of the miracles of

Jesus Christ. The ficensure of candidates for the ministry was ordered deferred, if their views are not in

accordance with the Doctrinal Deliverance above

accordance with the Doctrinal Deliverance above given.

The Board of Missions for Freedmen was authorized to continue work in the Northern and Western States.

The 200th anniversary of the meeting of the First General Synod was appointed to be held by the Assembly on May 24, 1917.

The Home Missions Council was again approved and its standing rules and budget were confirmed. This body, which is advisory to the Board of Home Missions, is to meet annually on the Monday preceding the General Assembly. It was ordered that in foreign mission fields where there is no organized Presbytery, foreign missionsies, not less than three in number, may organize churches and ordain native multisters. A committee of five was appointed to coocerate with other committees anointed on the Acoth anniversary of the Protestant Reformation, A committee was appointed on the relations

#### GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH-Continued.

of the Theological Seminaries to the General Assembly.

The matter of the organization of an Evangelical Church in Porto Rico, to include the churches of all Protestant denominations, was referred to the Executive Commission to decide,

The new General Board of Education, to take the place of the College Board, located in New York, and the Board of Education, located in Philadelphia, was established, and its 36 mem

Philadesphia, was testing and the Assembly will be held at Dallas, Tex., May 17, 1917.

### THE DISCIPLES OF CHRIST.

The Disciples of Christ as a religious morement began to develop carly in the nineteenth entury. Among the Protestant bodies of America they rank fifth in number, having a membership of 1.875,060, with 9.000 churches and 6.000 ministers. Their strength is greatest in the Ohio and Mississippi Valley States. Their aim is to occupy a catholic position common to all Christian bodies. They seek to unite all followers of Christian bodies. They seek to unite all followers of Christian bodies, a return to the common faith and practice of the apostolic church. Their local churches are congregational in polity; their organized co-operative work embodies the following organizations:

A General Convention consisting of delegates from the churches meets annually in October. Its object is to promote unity, economy and efficiency among the philanthropic organizations of the Churches of Christ, promote equitable representation and secure closer co-operation. Its powers are advisory. Judge J. N. Haymaker, Wichita, Kan, is President and Rev. Robert Graham Frank, Liherty, Mo., is Secretary.

The American Christian Missionary Society was organized in 1849, has headquarters in Cincinnati, Ohio, and operates in all North America. It has departmental work for Sunday schools, Social Service, Rural Church, Immigrants and Foreign Relations. F. W. Burnhaw is Fresident, Grant K. Lewis, Secretary, and Robert M. Hopkins, Bible School Secretary.

The Christian Woman's Board of Missions was

rice, Rural Church, Immigrants and Foreign Relations. F. W. Burnhaw is President, Grant K. Lewis, Secretary, and Robert M. Hopkins, Bible School Secretary.

The Christian Woman's Board of Missions was organized in 1874, and has headquarters in the College of Missions Building, Indianapolis, Ind. This board has charge of the women's work and has missions both in the home and foreign lands, Mrs. Anna R. Atwater is the President and Mrs. Effie L. Cunningham, Mrs. J. McDaniel Stearns and Mrs. Ellie K. Payne are Secretaries.

The Foreign Christian Missionary Society was organized in 1875, and has headquarters in Cincinnati, Ohio. It is engaged exclusively in the work of foreign missions. A. McLean is the President, and F. M. Raims, Stephen J. Corey, R. A. Doan and Bent Wilson are Secretaries.

The Board of Church Extension was organized in 1888, and has headquarters in the New England Building, Kansas City, Mo. This board is engaged exclusively in the erection of church buildings. G. W. Muckley and John H. Booth are Secretaries.

Secretaries.

The National Benevolent Association was organized in St. Louis in 1887, where it has headquarters. It cares for orphans and widows and provides homes for the aged and infirm. It conducts hos-

pitals in Valparaiso, Ind., and at Kansas City, Mo. It manages homes for the aged in Jackson-ville, Ill.: East Aurora, N. Y.; Walla Walla, Wash, and Dallas, Tex. It conducts homes and institutions for children at St. Louis, Mo.; Cleveland, Ohio; Dallas, Tex.; Atlanta, Ga.; Denver, Col., and Omaha, Neb. J. W. Perry of Kansas City, Mo., is President; Lee W. Grant of St. Louis, Mo., Treasurer, and James H. Mohorter, St. Louis, Mo., General Secretary.

The Board of Ministerial Relief was organized in 1895, and provides pensions for ministers and missionaries, aged or disabled in the service of God, and for their widows and orphans. Its headquarters is at 120 East Market Street, Indianapolis, Ind. A. L. Orcutt is President, and W. K. Warren, Secretary.

The American Temperance Board was organized

quarters is at 120 East Market Street, Indianapolis, Ind. A. L. Orcutt is President, and W. R. Warren, Secretary.

The American Temperance Board was organized in 1919, and has headquarters in Indianapolis, Ind. Its business is to promote the temperance cause, including prohibition. Its President is David H. Shields, Kokomo, Ind., and its Secretary is L. E. Seliers, Box 501, Indianapolis, The Commission on Christian Union was organized in 1910, and Dr. Peter Ainslie of Baltimore, Md., has been the only President. This organization is for the promotion of Christian union throughout the world. With other similar bodies the commission is helping to plan for a world conference on unity.

The Board of Education was organized in 1914. It has headquarters at Indianapolis, Ind. It consists of the executive head of twenty-six institutions of learning among the Disciples of Christ. Dr. R. H. Crossfield Lexington. Ky., is President, and Charles E. Underwood, 70 Layman Avenue, Indianapolis, Ind., is Secretary.

All the institutions just referred to, missionary, and charles E. Underwood, 70 Layman Avenue, Indianapolis, Ind., is Secretary.

All the institutions just referred to, missionary and bracevolent, are related in the Men and Militons Movement for the purpose of promoting a special work of extension among the Disciples of Christ. This Me and This Men and Secretary and place the income to the several missionary and place the income to the severand abroad the regular income of fibrer secteties, \$6.300,000 for enlargement to asis by promoting the undget system and the every-member can was \$2.000.000.

### SOCIALIST LABOR PARTY.

Arnold Petersen, National Secretary, 45 Rose Street, New York City. Representative on International Socialist Bureau, Boris Reinstein. National Executive Committee—California, Sidney Armer; Connecticut, J. P. Johnson: Illinois, John M. Francis; Indiana, Ernst Viewegh; Massachusetts, John Sweeney; Michigan, James R. Murray; Minnesota, Samuel Johnson; Missouri, H. J. Poelling; New Grey, J. C. Butterworth; New York, Patrick E. De Lee; Ohlo, John D. Goerke; Pennsylvania, G. G. Anton; Virginia, Donald L. Munro; Washington, Thos, Taylor; Wisconsin, Albert Schnabel.

The party is organized in local organizations known as "sections," such sections existing in thirty States. Seven persons, five of whom must be actual ware-workers, may form a section, providing they acknowledge the platform, Constitution and resolutions of the Socialist Labor Party and do not belong to any other political party. But if more than seven propose to organize a section then at least three-fourths must be actual ware-workers. In places where no section exists, or where once can be formed, any person complying with the aforesaid provisions may become a member-atlarge upon application to the National Executive Committee. Sections are not permitted to charge initiation fees. All questions of importance arising within the party are decided by general vote. At each meeting of the section a Chairman is elected, and the same rule holds good with all standing committees. committees.

PRESBYTERIAN ASSEMBLIES.

OFFICERS OF THE LAST GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH IN

THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

Moderator—Rev. John A. Marquis, D. D., LL. D., Stated Clerk—Rev. W. H. Roberts, D. D., LL. D., 1319
Cedar Rapids, Iowa.

Walnut Street, Philadelphia, Pa. TRUSTEES.

President—Mr. Geo. Stevenson, Philadelphia, Pa. | Treasurer—Philadelphia Trust Co.

Prestaent—Mr. Geo. Stevenson, Philadelpnia, Pa. | Treasurer—Philadelpnia Trust Co.

AGENCIES OF THE CHURCH.

The following may be addressed at 156 Fifth Avenue, New York City, viz.: The Board of Home Missions, the Woman's Board of Home Missions, the Board of Forelgn Missions, the Board of Church Erection, and the College Board.

The following are located at 1319 Walnut Street, Philadelphia, Pa., viz: The Trustees of the General Assembly, the Board of Education, the Board of Publication and Sabbath-School Work, and the Board of Ministerial Relled and Sustentation.

The Board of Missions for Freedmeu is located at Bessemer Building, Sixth Street, Pittsburgh, Pa., and the Temperance Board at Columbia Bank Building, Pittsburgh, Pa.

The church magazine, The Assembly Herald, has its office at 1328 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

OFFICERS OF THE LAST GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH IN THE UNITED STATES.\*

Moderator—Rev. C. W. Grafton, D. D., Union | Stated Clerk—Rev. Thomas H. Law, D. D., Spartan-Church, Miss.

TRUSTEES. President—George E. Wilson, Esq., Charlotte, N. C. | Secretary and Treasurer—John R. Pharr, Esq., Charlotte, N. C. SECRETARIES.

Foreign Missions—Rev. Egbert W. Smith, D. D., Nashville, Tenn.
Nashville, Tenn.
Home Missions—Rev. S. L. Morris, D. D., Atlanta,
Ga.

Publication—R. E. Magili, Esq., 6-8 N. Sixth
Street, Richmond, Va.
Christian Education and Ministerial Relief—Rev. H.
H. Sweets, D.D., 122 Fourth Avenue, Louisville, Ky.

\*Commonly known as the Presbyterian Church, South.

### ALLIANCE OF THE REFORMED CHURCHES

THROUGHOUT THE WORLD HOLDING THE PRESBYTERIAN SYSTEM.

This organization represents nine Reformed and Presbyterian Churches in the United States, with a constituency of 6,500,000; the Presbyterian Church in Canada, with a constituency of 600,000, and more than 80 different denominations on the five continents other than North America, with a constituency of at least 30,000,000 persons, not counting 5,000,000 of the Reformed in the Lutheran Church. The American Secretary is the Rev. W. H. Roberts, D. D., LL. D., Witherspoon Building, Philadelphia, Pa. The following are the organizations in the United States, Canada, and Mexico which are members of the alliance.

SBYTERIAN CHURCH IN THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, COMMONLY KNOWN AS THE PRESSBYTERIAN CHURCH, NORTH.

Stated Clerk—Rev. W. H. Roberts, D. D., Ll. D., 1319 Walnut Street, Philadelphia, Pa.
Next meeting of General Assembly, Dallas, Texas, May 17, 1917. (Communicants, 1,560,009.) PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH IN THE

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH IN THE UNITED STATES, COMM CRURCH, SOUTH. COMMONLY KNOWN AS THE PRESBYTERIAN .

Stated C'erk—Rev. Thomas H. Law, D. D., Spartanburg, S. C.
Next meeting of General Assembly, Birmingham, Ala., May 17, 1917. (Communicants, 348,223.)
UNITED PRESENTERIAN CHURCH OF NORTH AMERICA.

Stated Clerk—Rev. D. F. McGill, D. D., 224 Ridge Avenue, Ben Avon, Pa. Next meeting of General Assembly, Boston, Mass., May 23, 1917. (Communicants, 200,879.)

Next meeting of General Assembly, Doston, Mass., May 23, 1917. (Communicants, 200,879,9 Stated Clerk—Rev. Henry Lockwood, East Millstone, N. J. Next meeting of General Synod, Asbury Park, N. J., June, 1917. (Communicants, 127,149.)

REFORMED (GERMAN) CHURCH IN THE UNITED STATES.

Acting Stated Clerk—Rev. J. Rauch Stein, 359 Broad Street, Bethelbem, Pa.

Next meeting of the General Synod, Dayton, Ohio, May 16, 1917. (Communicants, 320,493.)

REFORMED PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, GENERAL SYNOD.

Stated Clerk—Rev. J. L. Chesnut, Cedarville, Ohio. (Communicants, 3,000.)
Next meeting of the General Synod, Philadelphia, Pa., May 16, 1917.
SYNOD, CHRISTIAN REFORMED CHURCH IN NORTH AMERICA.
Stated Clerk—Rev. Henry Beets, LL. D., 2050 Francis Avenue S. E., Grand Rapids, Mich.
Next meeting of Synod, Grand Rapids, Mich., June 19, 1918. (Communicants, 36,296.) ASSOCIATE REFORMED PRESBYTERIAN SYNOD.

Stated Clerk—Rev. A. S. Rogers, D. D., Rock Hill, S. C.
Next meeting of Synod, time and place not determined when Almanac went to press. (Communicants, 15,112)

Stated Clerk—Mr. James S. Tibby, 408 Penn Bullding, Pittsburgh, Pa. Next meeting of the Synod. Sterling, Kan., June 6, 1917. (Communicants, 8,481.)

Stated Cterk—Rev. R. E. Williams, 56 N. Fifty-third Street, Philadelphia, Pa. Next meeting of the General Assembly, Lake Crystal, Minn., September, 1919. (Communicants, 14.326)

CUMBERLAND PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH (COLORED.)
Stated Clerk—Rev. James Edwards, Huntingdon Tenn.

Next meeting, Huntsville, Ala., May, 1917.

THE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH IN CANADA.

Stated Clerk—Rev. Malcolm Macgillivray, D. D., Kingston, Canada.
Next meeting of General Assembly, Montreal, Quebec, Canada, June 6, 1917. (Communicants, 333,

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH OF MEXICO. GENERAL SYNOD.

Stated Clerk—Rev. William Wallace, Saltillo, Mexico.

Next meeting of the Synod, July, 1917 (place not fixed when Almanao was printed). (Communicants, 10.000.)

# VALUE OF CHURCH PROPERTY IN UNITED STATES. (Report of Census Bureau.)

	(200port of Consus Dateau)						
	Organiza- tions Re- porting in 1906.	1890.	1906.		Organiza- tions Re- porting in 1906.		1906.
Protestant bodies:				Methodist bodies.	59,083	\$132,140,179	\$229,450,996
Adventist bodies	1,492	\$1,236,345	\$2,425,209				
Baptist bodies	49,339	82,328,123	139,842,656	ies	14,161	94,861,347	150,189,446
Christians (Chris-				Protestant Episco-			
tian connection)		1,775,202	2,740,322		6,057		
Church of Christ,			0.000 443	Reformed bodies	2,477		
Scientist	401	40,666	8,806,441		406	10,335,100	14,263,277
Congregationalists	5,366	43,335,437	63,240,305		0.000		
Disciples or Chris-	0.000	10.000.000	00.000.012	bodies	3,839		
tlans	8,906	12,206,038	29,995,316		779	8,054,333	10,575,656
Dunkers or Ger-		- 1		Other Protestant	0.550	F 007 500	14 010 004
man Baptist	974	1,362,631	2,802,532	hodles	2,552		
Brethren					173,902	\$549,695,707	\$935,942.578
Evangelical bodies Friends	1.097	4,785,680 4,541,334	3,857,451	Roman Catholic			
German Evangel-		4,041,094	9,001,401	Church	10,293	\$118,123,346	\$292,638,787
leal Synod of		}		Jewish congregations			
North America.	1,137	4,614,490	9,376,402	Latter-day Saints	909	1,051,791	3,168,548
Independent		1,011,100	0,010,100	Eastern Orthodox			
churches	806	1,486,000	3,934,267	Churches	89	45,000	
Lutheran bodies.	10,779	35,060,354	74.826.389	All other bodies	192	756,370	1,662,238
Mennonite bodies.		643,800			186,132	\$679,426,489	\$1,257,575,867
JEWS IN THE WORLD							

اق	E₩S	1 N	THE	AA C	DKLD.	

	From the Jewis	sh Year E	Boek (London	) for 1916.		
Europe	9,960,905 Alrica		380	.865 Australa	sia	19,415
Asla						
JEWISH POPU	LATION IN THI					
Algeria 65,000	Denmark	5,164	Luxemburg.	1,270	Russian Emp	6,060,415
Argentina 100,000	Egypt		Morocco		Serbia	
	France	100,000	Norway	1,045	Spain	4.000
Austria 1,313,687	Germany		Palestine		Sweden	
Belglum 15,000	Greece		Persia		Switzerland	
Bosnia-Herze-	Holland				Turkey in Eur.	
	Hungary		Portugal		United Kingd	
Bulgarla *67,650	India		Prussia		United States .	2,349,754
Canada 75.681	I Italy	43.929	<sup>1</sup> Roumanta	215,900	l	

\*By the acquisition of new territories, as the result of the wars with Turkey and Bulgaria in 1912-13, the number of the Jewish population of Greece has been immensely increased. A similar remark applies to the various Balkan states.

In 1904 the Jewish population of Turkey in Europe was estimated at 188,900. Since the Balkan wars it has been reduced to 80,000, the greater portion concentrated in Constantinople.—Jewish Review.

JEWISH I	POPUL	ATION IN SOM	E OF T	HE PRINCIPAL	FOREI	GN CITIES.	
Aberdeen	105	Coventry	80	Kovno	40,339	Petrograd	15,270
Aden	3.747	Cracow	25,670	Leeds	25,000	Pinsk	122,000
Adrianople	17,000	Czernowitz	28,613	Leghorn	4,200	Plymouth	400
	17.000	Damascus	12,000	Leicester	270	Portsmouth, Eng.	800
Amsterdam	61.684	Derby	122	Leipzig	6,171	Posen	5,988
Antwerp	4.500	Dublin	3,500	Lemberg	57,387	Prague,	20,000
Athens	300	Dudley	54	Libau	9,700	Preston	93
Bagdad	45,000	Dundee	120	Lisbon	400	Riga	18,000
Belfast	1,200	Durban	1,250	Liverpool	7,000	Rome	10,000
Belgrade	3,500	Dvinsk	32,369	Lodz		Rostov-on-Don	15,000
Berdichev*	47,000	Edinburgh	2,000	London (Greater)		Salonica	90,000
Berlin 1	42,289	Ekaterinoslav	47.566	Londonderry	60	Sarajevo	4,000
Beyrout	5,000	Elizabethgrad	24,340	Lublin	22,495	Sheffield	2,250
	42,000	Fez	11,000	Lyons	2,636	Smyrua	25,003
Birmingham	5,500	Frankfort-on-		Madrid	300	Sofia,	10,713
Blackburn	300	Main	23.552	Manchester, Eng.		Southampton	60
	10,739	Furth		Marsellles	8,000	Southend	600
Bordeaux	3,000	Galatz	13,970	Mayence	3,104	Southport	325
Bradford	750	Gateshead	130	Melbourne	5,200	South Shields	250
	19,743	Glasgow	8,000	Merthyl Tydvll.	300	Stockport	280
	36,650	Grodno	24,611	Mexico City	500	Sunderland	3,000
Brighton	675	Hamburg	17,949	Middlesboro	600	Swansea	1,000
Bristol	900	Hamilton (Ont.) .	1,760	Minsk	49,957	Sydney	6,500
Broussa	3,000	Hanley	315	Mohilev	25,000	Toronto	
Brussels	6,500	Hanover	4,540	Monastlr	6,000	Tunis	50,000
	43,274		123,000	Montreal	35,307	Turin	5.100
Budapest 2	03.687	Huddersfield	50	Munich	8,739	Venlce	
	30,000	Hull	2,500	Newcastle	3,000	Vienna	
Burton-on-Trent.	12	Jaffa	8,500	Nikolayev	16,000	Warsaw	298,137
	28,000	Jassy	35,000	Northampton	90	West Hartlepool	
Calcutta	1,889	Jerusalem		Nottingham	750	Wilna	63,986
Cape Town	6,800	Johannesburg	10,000 18,967	Nuremberg Odessa	5,956	Winnipeg	15,000 168
Cardiff	2,025	Kherson	16,000		40	Wolverhampton Yarmouth	
Cologne	9,745	Klev Kishlnev		Oldham Oxford	17	Yarmouth	70
	3.000	Königsberg	3,975			Zhitomir	
Corfu	400	120mgsoetg	0,970	Latio	00,000	21110011111	22,000
Cork	400					•	

\*Total population 53,000. † Total population 36,846. ‡ Total population 27,938. \$ Total population

#### JEWS IN THE WORLD-Continued.

JEWISH POPULATION IN SOME OF THE PRINCIPAL CITIES OF THE UNITED STATES.	
(From American Jewish Year Book of 1915-1916).	
Albert N. V. 13 500 Cleveland Ohio 60 000 Milwaukee, Wis., 15,000 Philadelphia, Pa., 150,000	1
Atlanta, Ga. 10,000 Denver, Col. 15,000 Minneapolis, Minn. 15,000 Pittsburgh, Pa. 35,000	,
Atlanta, G. 10,000 Detroit, Mich. 25,000 New Haven, Ct. 20,000 Providence, R. 1 13,000	
Battimore, Md 50,000 Indiannolis Ind 6,000 New York City Rochester, N. Y. 12,000	
Boston, Mass 60,000   Indianapolis, Ind 6,000   New York City   Rochester, N. Y 12,000   Buffalo, N. Y 20,000   Jersey City, N. J 10,000   (Greater)	
Bullato, N. 1 20,000 Los Angeles, Cal. 10,000 Newark, N. J. 35,000 San Francisco, Cal. 25,000 Chicago, Ill. 200,000 Los Angeles, Cal. 10,000 Newark, N. J. 35,000 San Francisco, Cal. 25,000	
Cinciprost Obio 28 000 Louisville Ky 10 000 Omaha, Neh 12.000 Washington, D. C. 6.000	

#### SOCIALIST PARTY PRINCIPLES.

#### WORKING PROGRAMME.

As general measures calculated to strengthen the working class in its fight for the realization of its ultimate aim, the co-operative commonwealth, and to increase its power of resistance against capitalist oppression, we advocate and pledge ourselves and our elected officers to the following programme:

#### POLITICAL DEMANDS.

1. Unrestricted and equal suffrage for men and

POLITICAL DEMANDS.

1. Unrestricted and equal suffrage for men and women.

2. The immediate adoption of the so-called "Susan B, Anthony Amendment" to the Constitution of the United States granting the suffrage to women on equal terms with men.

3. The adoption of the initiative, referendum and recall and of appropriate presentation, narticular and properties of the president of the Senate and of the veto of the President of the President and the Vice-President by direct vote of the people.

6. The abolition of the present restriction upon the amendment of the Constitution so that that instrument may be made amendable by a majority of the voters in the country.

7. The calling of a convention for the revision of the Constitution of the United States.

8. The abolition of the Dower usurused by the Supreme Court of the United States to nass upon the constitutionality of legislation enacted by Congress, National laws to be repealed only by Act of Congress or by a referendum vote of the Whole people.

9. The immediate curbing of the power of the courts to issue injunctions,

10. The election of all Judges of the United States courts for short terms.

11. The granting of the right of suffrage in the District of Columbia with representation in Congress and a democratic form of municipal government for purely local affairs.

13. The extension of democratic government to all United States territory.

14. The freedom of press, speech and assemblage.

all United States territory.

14. The freedom of press, speech and assemblage.

15. The increase of the rates of the present frome tax and the extension of the extension of the extension of the extension of the value of the estate and to nearness of kin—the proceeds of these taxes to be employed in the socialization of industry.

16. The enactment of further measures for general education and particularly for vocational education in useful pursuits. The Bureau of Education to be made a department.

17. The enactment of further measures for the conservation of health and the creation of an independent department of further measures for the conservation of health and the creation of an independent department of health.

18. The abolition of the monopoly ownership of patents and the substitution of collective ownership, with direct rewards to inventors by premiums or royalties.

### COLLECTIVE OWNERSHIP

COLLECTIVE OWNERSHIP.

1. The collective ownership and democratic management of railroads, telegraphs and telephones, express service, steamboat lines and all other social means of transportation and communication and of all large-scale industries.

2. The immediate acquirement by the municipalities, the States or the Federal Government of all grain elevators, stockyards, storage warehouses and other distributing agencies, in order to relieve the farmer from the extortionate charges of the middlemen and to reduce the present high cost of living. of living.

3. The extension of the public domain to include mines, quarries, oil wells, forests, and

include mines, quarries, oil wells, forests, and water power.

4. The further conservation and development of natural resources for the use and benefit of an timber protection. (b) By the reclamation of arid and swamp tracts, (c) By the storage of flood waters and the utilization of water power. (d) By the storage of the products of mines and oil wells, (e) By the development of highway and waterway systems.

5. The collective ownership of land wherever practicable, and in cases where such ownership is impracticable, the appropriation by taxation of the annual rental value of all land held for specular to of exhibitation.

annual rental value of all land held for speculaannual rental value of all land held for speculation or exploitation.

The currency shall be issued by the Governmoral currency shall be issued by the Governmoral currency shall be issued and shall be legal
and the currency shall be issued by the Governted and the country of taxes and impost
duties and for the discharge of public and private
debts. The Government shall lend money on
bonds to countries and municipalities at a nominal
rate of interest for the purpose of taking over or
establishing public utilities and for building or
maintaining public roads and highways, and public
schools—up to 25 per cent. of the assessed valuation of such countries or municipalities, Said
bonds are to be repaid in twenty equal and annual
instalments, and the currency issued for that purpose by the Government is to be cancelled and
destroyed seriatim as the debt is repaid. All banks
and banking institutions shall be owned by the
Government of the United States or by the
States. States

States.

7 Government relief of the unemployed by the Textension of all useful public works. All persons employed on such work to be engaged directly by the Government under a workday of not more than eight hours and at not less than the prevailing union wages. The Government also to establish employment bureaus: to lend money to States and municipalities without interest for the purpose of carrying on public works, to contribute money to unemployment funds of labor unions and other organizations of workers, and to take such other measures within its power as will lessen the widespread misery of the workers caused by the misrule of the capitalist class.

### INDUSTRIAL DEMANDS.

The conservation of human resources, particularly of the lives and well-being of the workers and their families:

1. By shortening the workday in keeping with the increased productiveness of machinery,

2. By securing the freedom of political and economic organization and activities.

economic organization and activities.

3. By securing to every worker a rest period of not less than a day and a half in each week.

4. By securing a more effective inspection of workshops, factories and mines.

5. By forbidding the employment of children under eighteen years of age.

6. By forbidding the interstate transportation of the products of child labor and of all uninspected factories and mines.

7. By establishing minimum wage coales.

factories and mines.

7. By establishing minimum wage scales.

8. By abolishing official charity and substituting a non-contributory system of old age pensions a general system of insurance by the State of all its members against unemployment and invalidism and a system of compulsory insurance by employers of their vorkers, without cost to the latter, against industrial diseases, accidents and death.

9. By establishing mothers' pensions.

### ROMAN CATHOLIC HIERARCHY OF THE UNITED STATES.

APOSTOLIC DELEGATION.

Rt. Rev. Glovanni Bonzano, Apostolic Delegate, 1811 Biltmore Street, Washington, D. C. Rt. Rev. Aluigi Cossio, D.D., Auditor, Washington, D. C. Secretary, Rev. John Foersh, D.D. ARCHBISHOPS.

	ISHOPS.
Cons.  Baltimore, Md. James Gibbons, Cardinal. 1888 Boston, Mass. W. H. O'Connell, Cardinal. 1901 Chicago, Ill. George Mundelein. 1909 Cincinnati, Johio Henry Moeller. 1904 Dubuque, Iowa. James J. Keane. 1878 Milwaukee, Wis. Sebastian G. Messmer. 1892 New Orleans, La. James Blenk. 1899	New York, N. Y. John M. Farley, Cardinal.   1895
BISI	
Cons.	Cons.
Albany, N. Y. Thomas F. Cusack. 1994 Alexandria, La. Cornelius Van de Ven. 1994 Alton, Ill. James Ryan. 1883 Altoona, Pa. Eugene A. Garvey. 1991 Baker City, Ore. Charles O'Reilly. 1993 Baltimore, Md. O. B. Corrigan (Auxiliary), 1999 Baltimore, Md. T. J. Shaban (Rector, Catholic Values), 1994 Palmort, N. C. Lee Meld. V. 1996	Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons.   Cons
Belmont, N. C.   Leo Haid, V. A.   1886	Lincoln, Neb. J. H. Then. 1911 Little Rock, Ark. John B. Morris. 1905 Los Angeles, Cal. Louisville, Ky. Denis O'Donaghue. 1900 Manchester, N. H. G. A. Guertin. 1904 Marquette, Mich. Frederick Els. 1899 Mobile, Ala. Edward P. Allen. 1897 Nashville, Tenn. Thomas S. Byrne. 1894 Natchez, Miss. John E. Gunn. 1911 Newark, N. J. John J. O'Connor. 1991 New York, N. Y. Patrlek J. Haves(Auxillary). 1914 Ozdensburg, N. Y. Henry Gabriels. 1892 Oklahoma, Okla. Theodore Meerschaert. 1901 Omaha, Neb. J. J. Harty. 1903 Peorla, Ill. Edmund J. Dunn. 1909 Philadelphia, Pa. J. J. McCort (Auxillary). 1909 Philadelphia, Pa. Regis Canevin. 1903 Protland, Me. L. Louis S. Wash. 1906 Protland, Me. L. Louis S. Wash. 1908 Rochester, N. Y. Thos. F. Hickey. 1905 Rockford, Ill. Peter J. Muldoon. 1901 St. Augustine, Fla. M. J. Curley. 1914 St. Cloud, Minn. J. F. Busch. 1910 S. Joseph, Mo. M. F. Burke. 1893 Sacramento, Cal. Thomas Grace. 1896 Sait Lake City, Utah, J. S. Glass. 1915 San Antonio, Tex. John W. Shaw. 1910 Savannah, Ga. Benj, J. Keiley. 1900 Seattle, Wash. Edward J. O'Dea. 1896 Scrauton, Pa. M. J. Hoban. 1895 Sioux City, Iowa. Philip J. Garrigan. 1902
Cheeland, Ohio. John Farrelly. 1999 Columbus, Ohio. J. J. Hartley. 1994 Concordia, Kan. J. F. Cunningham. 1898 Corpus Christi, Tex. Paul Nussbaum. 1913 Covington, Ky. Ferdinand Brossart. 1915 Crookston, Minn. Tlmothy Corbett. 1910 Dallas, Tex. Rt. Rev. Joseph P. Lynch. 1911 Davenport, Iowa. James Davis. 1994	Philadelphila, Pa. J. J. McCort (Auxillary)
Denver, Cot. 18 C. Matz. 1890 Des Moines, Iowa. A. Dowling. 1992 Detroit, Mich. John S. Foley. 1888 Detroit, Mich. Edward D. Kelly (Auxil'y). 1911 Duluth, Minn. James McGoldrick. 1899	St. Augustine, Fla. M. C. Curley   914 St. Cloud, Minn J. F. Busch   1910 St. Joseph, Mo M. F. Burke   1893 Sacramento, Cal. Thomas Grace   1898 Salt Lake City, Utah, J. S. Glass   1915 San Antonio, Tex. John W. Shaw   1910 Savannah, Ga   Penj. J. Keiley   1900 Seattle, Wash   Edward J. O'Dea   1898
Erie, Fa. A. John F. Filszmaurice. 1897 Fall River, Mass. Daniel F. Yeehan. 1897 Fargo, N. Dak. James O'Gilly. 1890 Fort Wayne, Ind. Herman Alerding. 1890 Galveston, Tex. N. A. Gallagher. 1882 Grand Rapids, Mich, H. J. Richter. 1883 Grand Rapids, Mich, M. J. Gallagher (Coadj.). 1815 Great Falls, Mont. M. Lenihan. 1894 Green Bay, Wis. P. Rhode. 1898	Seattle, Wash.         Edward J. O'Dea.         1896           Scranton, Pa.         M. J. Hoban.         1896           Sioux City, Iowa.         Philip J. Garrigan.         1902           Sioux Fills, S. Dak.         Thomas O'Gorman.         1896           Spökane, Wash.         A. F. Schinner.         1892           Springfield, Mass.         Thomas D. Beaven.         1892           Syracuse, N. Y.         John Grimes.         1908           Syracuse, N. Y.         John Grimes.         1901           Trenton, N. J.         James A. McFaul.         1894           Tucson, Arlz.         Henry Granjon.         1990           Wheeling, W. Va.         P. J. Donahue.         1894           Wilmington, Del.         John J. Monaghan.         1897           Wilmington, Del.         John J. Monaghan.         1897           Wilnona, Minn.         Patrick Heffron.         1910
Hartrord, Ct. John Nilan 1910 Hartrord, Ct. John Nilan 1910 Helena, Mont. John P. Carroll 1994 Indianapolis, Ind. F. S. Chatard 1873 Indianapolis, Ind. Joseph Chartrand (Coadj.) 1900 Kansas City, Mo Thomas Lillis. 1904	
Pope Benedict XV., Giacomo Della Ch	CARDINALS. lesa, born 1854; year of accession 1914. BISHOPS.
NAME. Office or Dignity. Nation. Age. Cons. Cassetta, Francesco.Pref. Cong. Coun. Italian. 74. 1899 De Lai, GSec. Consist. Cong. Italiau. 62. 1907	Name. Office or Dignity. Nation. Age. Cons. Faiconio, Homede. Bp. of Volieti American. 73 1911 Vannutelli, V Pref. Segnatura
Amette, L. A. Abp. Parla French. 65. 1911 Andrieu, P. P. Abp. Bordeanx French. 66. 1907 Arcoverde de. Abp. Rio Janeiro. Brazillan. 55. 1905 Ascalod. Abp. Benevento. Brazillan. 73. 1901 Begin, L. N. Abp. Quebec. Canadian. 75. 1914 Bello, M. Patriarch, Lisbon Portuguese. 73. *1911 Bellmonts, G. df. Benevento. Italian. 73. 1901 Beginni. Secretary, Holy Office. 1916 Boachi, Giullo. Abp. Ferrara Italian. 77. 1901 Bourne, Francis. Abp. Westminister. English. 4. 1911 Cagliaro, G. Alp. Strigonia AusHung. 63. 1814 Debourg. The Abp. Strigonia AusHung. 63. 1814 Debourg. Abp. Rennes	, PRIESTS.
* Dublisher 1014	

<sup>\*</sup> Publicly, 1914.

## COLLEGE OF CARDINALS-Continued.

NAME.	Office or Dignity.	Nation. Age	. Cons.	NAME. Office or Digoity. Nation. Age. Co.	Due.
Lualdi, A	Abp. Palermo	.ltslisn57	1907	Prisco, Giuseppe Abp. Naples Italian 79	1896
Lucon, L. H. J	Abp. Rheims	.French73	1907	Ranuzzi di Diauchi	
Maffi, P	Abp. Piss	.ltalisn57	1907	Vittorio AmedeoMajordomo Vatican	1916
Mariol	Sec. Holy Signature		1916	Richelmy, Agostino. Abp. Turin	
Martinelli, S	Pref. Cong. Rites	.Italian 67	1901	Rinaldini, Altalian71	1907
	Abp. Lyons			Santos, E. R. y Abp. Seville Spanish 68	1911
Meneudes, G. V.	yAbp. Toledo	.Spanish63	1914	Sbarrettl, DonatoAssessor Holy See	
Mercler, D	Abp. Mechlin	Belgian 64	1907	Sapinelli, Itaffaele, Nuncio at Vienna	
	Abn. St. Peter's			Serafini, DTit, Abp. SeleuciaItalian63	
	Abp. Florence			Tonti, Giulio Nuacio at Lisbon	1915
Netto, G. Seb	Patriarch Lisbont	.Portuguess 74	1884	Vico, A68	1911
O'Connell, Wm. I	1. Abp. Bostou	.American 55	1911	Von Bettinger, FAhp. Munich German 65	
	Abp. Vicuna				1914
Pompili, R		.Italian 59	1911		
				L DEACONS.	
Billot, L		Freach69	1911	Gasquet, AidanPres. Vulgate Com. English69	1914
Bisleti. C		. Halian 69	1911	Giustini, F62 Italian62	1914
Cagiano de Azeve	do. Pref. Cong. Relig.	.Italian 70	1905	Lega, M	1914
Della Volpe, F.	Pref. Coog. Index.	Italian 71	1899	Van Rossum, W	1911
	0				

† Retired. The General of the Society of Jesus is the Rev. Father Ledochowsky, elected February 11, 1915, known as the "Black Pope."

### RISHOPS OF PROTESTANT CHURCHES IN THE UNITED STATES.

BISHOPS OF PROTESTANT CHUR	CHES IN THE UNITED STATES.
BISHOPS OF THE PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL CHU	JRCH IN UNITED STATES AND ELSEWHERE.
Diocese. Cons.	Diocese, Cons.
Alabama-Charles Minnegerode Beckwith, Selma 1902	New York-Central: Charles Fiske, Coadjutor 1915
Alaska-Peter Trimble Rowe (missionary), Seattle, Wash. 1895	Western: William D. Walker, Buffalo 1882 Albany: Richard H. Nelson
Arizona-Julius W. Atwood (miss.), Phoenix	" Long Island: Frederick Burgess, Garden City. 1903
California—William Ford Nichols, San Francisco 1890	North Carolina-Joseph Blount Cheshire, Raleigh 1894
Sar Leganin: Louis C. Sanford (miss.), Fresno 1911	E. Carolina: Thomas C. Darst, Wilmington. 1915 Asheville: J. M. Horner (missionary) 1898
San Josquin: Louis C. Sanford (miss.), Fresno 1911 Los Angeles: Joseph H. Johnson, Pasadona 1896	Ohio-William Andrew Leonard, Cleveland 1889
Colorado-Irving P. Johnson, Coadjutor, Denver	Frank Du Moulin, Coadjutor, Toledo
Western: Vacant	Theodore I. Reese, Coadjutor, Columbus
" E. C. Acheson, Suffragan, Middletown 1915	Oklahoma-Francis K. Brooke (miss.), Gnthrie 1893
Dakota, NJ. Pontz Tyler (miss.), Fargo 1914	** East: Theodore P. Thurston (miss.), Muskogee 1911 OregonWalter Taylor Sumner, Portland
" S.— Delaware—Frederick J. Kineman, Wilmington	Eastern: Itobert L. Paddock (miss.), Baker City 1907
District of Columbia-Washington: Alfred Harding 1909	Pennsylvania-Philip Mercer Rhinelander, Philadelphia. 1911 Thoe. J. Garland, Condjutor, Philadelphia. 1911
Florids-Edwin Gardner Weed, Jacksonville	Pittsburgh: Cortlandt Whitehead 1882
Georgia-Frederick F. Reese, Savannah 1908	Bethlehem: Ethelbert Talbot, So. Bethlehem 1887
Atlanta: C. Kinioch Nelson	# Harrisburg: James H. Darlington 1908 Erie: Rogers Israel
Hijnois-Chicago: Charles Palmerston Anderson 1900	Rhode Island - James De W. Perry, Jr., Providence 1911
" Quincy: M. Edward Fawcett	South Carolina-W. A. Guerry, Charleston
"Springfield: Edward W. Osborne	Tennessee—Thomas F. Gailer, Memphis
" Michigan City: John 11. White 1895	Texas—George Herbert Klusolving, Austlu
Iowa-Theodore N. Morrison, Davenport	West: James S. Johnston, Kerrville
Kansas-Frank R. Millspaugh, Topeka	William T. Capers, Condintor, San Antonio 1914 North: Edward A. Temple (miss.), Amerillo 1910
" Salina: Sheldon Munson Griewold (miss.) 1903	Vitah—Paul Jones (missionary), Salt Loke City 1910
Kentucky-Charles Edward Woodcock, Louisville 1905 Lexingtou: Lewis W. Burtou	Vernout-Arthur C. A. Hall, Burlington 1894
Louislana-Davis Sessums, New Orleans 1891	George Y. Bliss, Coadjutor, Burlington 1915 Virginia—Robert A. Gibson, Richmond
Maiue—Benjamin Brewster, Portland	William C. Brown, Coadjutor 1914
Maryland—John G. Murray, Baltimore	Southern: Alfred M. Randolph, Norfolk 1883 B. D. Tucker, Condittor, Lynchburg 1906
Massachusetts-William Lawrence, Boston	West Virginia-W. L. Gravatt, Charlestown
<ul> <li>Western: Thomas F.Davies, Springfield, 1911</li> <li>Samuel G.Babcock, Suffragan, Boston 1913</li> </ul>	Wisconsin—Milwaukee: William Walter Webb 1906 "Fond du Lac: Reginald H. Weller 1900
Michigan—Charles David Williams, Detroit. 1906 Marquette: Gershom M. Williams. 1896	Washington-Olympia: Fred. W. Kentor, Tacoma 1902
Marquette: Gershom M. Williams	" -Spokane: Herman Page 1915 Wyoming-Nathaniel S. Thomas (missionary), Cheyenne. 1909
Western: John N. McCormick, Grand Rapids. 1906 Minnesota—Samuel C. Edsall, Minneapolis 1899	Africa—Liberia: vacant
4 Frank A. McElwain, Suffragan, Faribault 1912	Brazil-Lucien L. Kiusolving (miss.), Rio Grande do Sul. 1899
" Duinth: James D. Morrison	China—Shanghai; Frederick It. Graves (missionary) 1893 Hankow; Logan H. Roots (missionary) 1904
Missouri-Daniel Sylvester Tuttle, St. Louis 1867	" Anking: D. Trumbull Huntington 1912
" F. F. Johnson, Coadjutor, St. Louis 1905	Cuba-Hiram R. Hulse (missiousry)
West: Sldney C. Partridge, Kansas City 1900 Montana—William F. Faber, Helena	Japan-Tokio: John McKim (missionary)
Nebraska—Arthur L. Williams, Omaha	Hawaijan Islands-Honelulu: Henry B. Restarick (miss.) 1902
Western: George A. Beecher, Hastings 1910	Mexico: Henry D. Aves (missionary)
New Hampshire—Edward M. Parker, Concord	Porto Rico-Chas. B. Colmore (miss.), San Juan 1913
New Mexico-Frederick B. Howden (miss.), Albuquerque. 1914	Anson R. Graves, late Bishop of Kearney, Coronado, Cal. 1890
New Jersey—Paul Matthewe, Trenton	Arthur S. Lloyd, President Board of Missions, N.Y. City 1909 William M. Brown, lats Bishop of Arkunsas, Galion, O 1897
Wilson R. Stearley; Suffragan	James H. VanBuren, late Bishop Porto Rico, Indianapolis. 1902
New York—David H. Greer, New York City	William C. Gray, late Southera Florida, Nashville, Tenn. 1892 Lennel H. Wells, late Spokane, Tacoma, Wash 1892
Central: Charles Tyler Olinsted, Utlca 1902	Alblou W. Knight, late Bishop of Cuba, Sewance, Tenn 1904

### BISHOPS OF PROTESTANT CHURCHES IN THE UNITED STATES-Continued.

PAGILODO OD DATE APPARA	NOW EDVACODAT OFFICE
BISHOPS OF THE METHOT	
Residence. Elected.	Residence. Elected.
*John H. VincentChicago, Ill	Edwin H. Hughes Boston, Mass 1908
*James M. Thoburn Misa, Bis., Meadville, Pa 1888	Frank M. Bristol Chattanooga, Tenn 1908
*Earl Cranston	Homer C. Stuntz Omaha, Neb
*Joseph C. HartzellMiss.Bls., New York City, N.Y. 1896	Theodora S. Heuderson Detroit, Mich 1912
*John W. Hamilton Washington, D. C 1900	William O. ShepardKansas City, Kan 1912
Frank W. Warne Miss. Bis., Lucknow, Indis., 1904	Francis J. McConnell Deuver, Col
Joseph F. Berry Philadelphia, Pa 1904	Frederick D. LeeteAtlanta, Ga
William F. McDowell Washington, D. C	Richard J. Cooke
James W. Rashford Peking China 1904	Wilber F. Thirkield New Orleans, La 1912
James W. Bashford Peking, China 1904 William Burt Buffalo, N. Y. 1904	John W. Itobinson Miss. Bis., Bombay, Indla 1912
Luther B. WilsonNew York City, N. Y 1904	Herbert WelchSeoul, Kores 1916
*Thomas B. NeslyPhiladelphia, Pa	Thomas Nicholaon Chicago, Ill 1916
*Issiah B. ScottMiss. Bis., Afr. (Monrovia) 1904	A. W. Leonard San Francisco, Cal 1916
John E. RobinsonMiss. Bis., Bombay, India 1904	M. S. Hughes Portland, Ors 1918
*Merriman C. Harris Miss. Bis., Senul, Kores 1904	W. F. Oldham Buenos Ayres, Argentina 1916
William F. AndersonCinciunati, Ohio	C. B. MitchellSt. Paul, Minn
John L. NuelsenZurich, Switzerland 1908	Frank Hamilton Pittsburgh, Pa 1916
	A. P. Camphor
William A. Quayle,St. Louis, Mo	E. S. Johnson Miss. Bis., Africa 1876
Wilson S. Lewis Foothow, China 1908	E. S. JOHUSON 151198. Dia., ALTICA 1510
*Retired.	
BISHOPS OF THE METHODIST	EPISCOPAL CHURCH SOUTH.
E. R. Hendrix	W. B. Murrah Jackson, Miss 1910
J.S. Key 1886	John C. Kilgo Durham, N. C 1910
W. A. CandlerAtlanta, Ga 1898	Walter R. Lambuth Nashville, Tenn 1910
H. C. Morrison, Birming ham, Ais 1898	R. G. WaterhouseLos Angeles, Cal 1910
E. E. HossMuskogee, Okls	F. D. Mouzon San Antonio, Tex 1910
James Atkins	James H. McCoy Birmingham, Ala 1910
Collins Deany	Dames II Secojiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiii
	Charle Court will be beld Mr 1010 of Atlanta Ca
The next general conference of the Methodist Episcopa	Church South will be held May, 1918, at Atlanta, Ga.
BISHOPS OF THE AFRICAN ME	THODIST PRISOCRAL CHIERCH
Bishop B. T. Tanner, D. D., 2908 Diamond Street,	Bishop J. S. Flipper, D. D., 401 Houston Street,

Bishop J. S. Flipper, D. D., 401 Houston Street, Atlanta, G. Bishop J. Albert Johnson, Baltimore, Md. Bishop W. H. Heard, 1426 Rockland Street, Bishop John Hurst, D. D., 1808 McCullough Street, Baltimore, Md. Bishop W. D. Chappelle, D. D., 1208 Harden Street, Columbia H. Jones, D. D., Wilberforce, Ohlo. Bishop W. N. Ross, D. D., Monrovia, Liberia, Bishop W. W. Beckett, D. D., Cape Town, South Africa. Africa.

nue, Chicago, III.

The Bishops of the African Methodist Episcopal Zlon Church are: J. W. Hood, Fayetteville, N. C.;
C. R. Harris, Salisbury, N. C.; Alexander Walters, New York City: G. W. Clinton, Charlotte, N. C.; J. W.
Alstork, Montgomery, Ala.: J. S. Caldwell, Philadelphia, Pa.; G. L. Blackell, Philadelphia, Pa.; A. J.
Warner, Charlotte, N. C.; L. W. Kyles, St. Louis, Mo.; R. B. Bruce, Charlotte, N. C.; W. L. Lee, Brooklyn,
N. Y.; G. C. Clement, Louisville, Ky.

The Bishops of the Colored Methodist Episcopal Church are L. H. Holsey, Atlants, Ga.; Isaac Lsne, Jackson, Tenn.; R. S.
Williama, Augusta, Ga.; Ellias Cottrell, Holly Springs, Miss.; C. H. Phillips, Nashville, Tenn.; M. J. Jamison, Leigh, Tex.;
R. A. Carter, Atlanta, Ga.; N. C. Cleaves, Memphis, Tenn.

BISHOPS OF THE REFORMED EPISCOPAL CHURCH.					
Samuel Fallows	Willard BrewingToronto, Can.				
Robert L. Rudolph	Arthur L. Pengelley				

Archbishop Platon Rozbiestvensky of North America, and Bishop Innoceut, of Alaska, represent the Greek Orthodox Church, and Archimandrite Raphael, New York, the Syrian Greek Orthodox Church.

### UNIVERSITY FORUM OF AMERICA.

An educational institution of travelling professorships of eminent men of action, and original An educational institution of travelling professorships of eminent men of action, and original investigators, whose lectures are based on personal experience and observation. The lectures are delivered before the leading universities, colleges, and other educational bodies throughout North America, Europe, and in other parts of the world.

The forum acts as a standing committee, a bureau of information, a clearing-house, through which universities and colleges may promptly and readily secure national leaders to speak at first-hand and authoritatively concerning their particular line of life-work and activity.

Meetings in New York City are held weekly on Tuesday evenings. President—Alexander Cumming 316 West 88th Street, New York City.

### STAR OF BETHLEHEM.

STAR OF BETHLEHEM—Ancient and Illustrious Order of and Kuights and Ladies of. Chartered at Philadelphia 1869; lodges, 172; members, 21,110; sickness benefits paid, 8522,000. Officers: Emt. Grand Commander, Frank C. Reichlin, Detroit, Mich.; Emt. Grand Vice-Commander, Henry Reimann, Trenton, N. J.; Emt. Grand Scribe-Treasurer, Thomas J. Crower, 926 Cass Avenue, Detroit, Mich. EASTERN STAR BENEVOLENT FUND—(Insurance Auxiliary) 2,306 members; death benefits paid, \$171,018

### WARS OF THE UNITED STATES.

STATEMENT OF THE NUMBER OF UNITED STATES TROOPS ENGAGED, AS COMPILED FROM CONSERVATIVE AND AUTHENTIC SOURCES.

7 -					
WARS.	From-	То	Regulars.	Militia and Volunteers.	Total.*
War of the Revolution	April 19 1775	April 11, 1783	130.711	164,080	309,781
Northwestern Indian Wars	Sont 19 1790	Apg 3 1795			8,983
Northwestern Indian wars	1500	20 1600			†4,593
War with France	July 3, 1130	June 4.1805			+3,330
War with Tripoli	June 10, 1801		**********	13,181	13,781
Creek Indian War	July 27, 1813	Aug. 9,1814	600	10,101	10, 601
War of 1812 with Great Britain	June 18,1812	Feb. 17, 1815	85,000	471,622	576,622
Seminole Indian War	Nov. 20,1817	Oct. 21,1818	1,000	6,911	7,911
Black Hawk Indian War	April 21.1831	Sept. 30,1832	1,339	5,126	6,465
Cherokee disturbance or removal	1836	1837		9,494	9,494
Creek Indian War or disturbance	May 5 1836	Sept. 30.1837	935	12,483	13,418
Florida Indian War	Dec 23 1835	Ang 14 1843	11, 169		
		1839		1,500	
Aroostook disturbance			20.054		
War with Mexico	April 24, 1840		30,954		
Apache, Navajo, and Utah War	1849	1855	1,500	1,061	2,501
Seminole Indian War	1856	1858		3,687	
Civil Wart	1861	1865			[2,772,408]
Spanish-American War **	April 21.1898	Dec. 10, 1898			§274,717
Philippine Insurrection.	1899	1900			60,000
Philippine Insurfection	1000	1 2000			00,000

<sup>\*</sup> Including all branches of the service. † Naval forces engaged. ‡ The number of troops on the Confederate side was about 750,000. \*\*Hostllities actually ceased Aug. 13, 1898. Troops actually engaged, about 60,000.

### THE GREAT BATTLES OF THE CIVIL WAR.

(From "Regimental Losses in the American Civil War," by William F. Fox. Lieutenant-Colonel, U. S. V.)

As to the loss in the Union armies, the greatest battles in the war were:

DATE.	Battle.	Killed.	Wounded.*	Misslng.	Aggregate.
July 1-3, 1863	Gettysburg	3,070	14,497	5,434	23,001
May 8-18, 1864		2,725	13,413	2,258	18,396
May 5-7, 1864	Wilderness	2,246	12,037	3,383	17,666
September 17, 1862		2,108	9,549	753	12,410
May 1-3, 1863	Chancellorsville	1,606	9,762	5,919	17,287
September 19-20, 1863	Chickamauga	1,656	9,749	4,774	16,179
June 1-4,1864	Cold Harbor	1,844	9,077	1,816	12,737
December 11-14, 1862			9,600	1,769	12,653
August 28-30, 1862	Manassas ‡	1,747	8,452	4,263	14,462
April 6-7, 1862	Shiloh	1,754	8,408	2,855	13,047
December 31, 1862			7.802	3,717	13,249
June 15-19,1864	Petersburg (assault).	1,688	8,513	1,185	11,386

June 15-19,1864. ...... | Petersburg (assault).! | 1,688 | 8,513 | 1,185 | 11,386 |

\* Wounded in these and the following returns includes mortally wounded.
† Not including South Mountain or Crampton's Gap.
† Including Chantilly, Rappahannock, Bristol Station, and Bull Run Bridge,
§ Including Knob Gap and losses on January 1 and 2, 1863.
The Union losses at Bull Run (first Manassas) July 21, 1861, were: Killed, 470;
wounded, 1,071; captured and missing, 1,793; aggregate, 3,334.

The Confederate losses in particular engagements were as follows: Bull Run (first Manassas), July 21, 1861, killed, 387; wounded, 1,582; captured and missing, 13; aggregate, 1,982. Fort Donelson, Tenn., February 14-16, 1862, killed, 466; wounded, 1,534; captured and missing, 13,829; aggregate, 15,829. Shiloh, Tenn., April 6-7, 1862, killed, 1,723; wounded, 8,012; captured and missing, 559; aggregate, 16,664. Seven Days' Battle, Virginla, June 25-July 1, 1862, killed, 3,478; wounded, 16,261; captured and missing, 875; aggregate, 20,614. Second Manassas, Angust 21-September 2, 1862, killed, 1,481; wounded and missing, 662; aptured and missing, 89; aggregate, 9,197. Antietam campaign, September 12-20, 1862, killed, 1,886; wounded, 9,348; captured and missing, 1,367; aggregate, 2,601. Predoricksburg, December 13, 1862, killed, 596; wounded, 4,068; captured and missing, 1,027; aggregate, 10,266. Chancellorsville, May 1-4, 1863, killed, 1,665; wounded, 9,081; captured and missing, 2,018; aggregate, 12,764. Gettysburg, July 1-3, 1863, killed, 2,592; wounded, 12,763, captured and missing, 1,097; aggregate, 10,266, chancellorsville, May 1-4, 1863, killed, 1,665; wounded, 9,081; captured and missing, 2,018; aggregate, 12,764. Gettysburg, July 1-3, 1863, killed, 2,592; wounded, 12,764. Gettysburg, Tuly 1-3, 1863, killed, 2,592; wounded, 12,764. Chickamauga, September 19-20, 1863, killed, 2,268; wounded, 13,613; captured and missing, 1,099; aggregate, 10,099; aggregate, 10,110; aggregate, 10,110; aggregate, 10,110; aggregate, 10,110; aggregate, 10, 1,090; aggregate, 16,971.

Gettysburg was the greatest battle of the war; Antietam the bloodiest. The largest y was assembled by the Confederates at the seven days' fight; of the Unionists at army was asset

The number of casualties in the volunteer and regular armies of the United States, during the war of 1861-65, according to a statement prepared by the Adjutant-General's office, was as follows: Killed in battle, 67,058; died of wounds, 43,012; died of disease, 199,720; other causes, such as accidents, murder, Confederate prisons, etc., 40,154; total died, 349,944; total deserted, 199,105. Number of soldiers in the Confederate service who died of wounds or disease (partial statement), 133,821; deserted (partial statement), 104,428. Number of United States troops captured during the war, 212,608; Confederate troops captured, 476,169. Number of United States troops varoled on the field, 16,431; Confederate troops paroled on the field, 248,599. Number of United States troops who died while prisoners, 30,156; Confederate troops who died while prisoners, 30,152.

## SOCIETY OF THE CINCINNATIA



well the remembrance of this vast event as the mutual friendships which have been formed under the pressure of common danger, and, in many instances, cemented by the blood of the parties, the officers of the American army do hereby, in the most solemn manner, associate, constitute, and combine themselves into one Society of Frieuds, to endure as long as they shall endure, or any of their eldest male posterity, and in failure thereof the collateral branches who may be judged worthy of becoming its supporters and members."

For convenience, thirteen State societies were formed, and one in France, under the direct patronage of Louis XVI., which was dispersed at the Reign of Terror in 1793. Upon the roll of original members appeared the names of all the great historic military and naval characters of the Revolution, and upon the roll of honorary members, elected for their own lives only, appeared many of the signers of the Declaration of Independence.

signers of the Declaration of Independence.

THE RIGHT TO MEMBERSHIP.

All Continental officers who had served with honor and resigned after three years' service as All Continental officers who had served with honor and resigned after three years' service as officers, or who had been rendered supernumerary and honorably discharged, in one of the several reductions of the American army, or who had continued to the end of the war, and all French officers who had served in the co-operating army nuder Count d'Estaing, or audiliary army under Count de Rochambeau, and held or attained the rank of colonel for such services, or who had commanded a French fleet or ship of war on the American coast, were entitled to become original members, and upon doing so were required to contribute a month's pay.

STATE SOCIETIES.

The Cincinnati is organically one society in membership, but for convenience in admission of members and in its charitable and patriotic objects was subdivided into State societies by the Institution of 1783, there being thirteen. Four dormant societies were restored to membership at the triennial meeting of 1902.

Membership descends to the eldest lineal male descendant, if judged worthy, and, in failure of direct male descent, to male descendants through intervening female descendants. The Institution gives the same right to the proper descendant of any Continental officer who was killed or died in

gives the same right to the professions of the good of the Order is composed of the general officers service.

The general society when legislating for the good of the Order is composed of the general officers and five delegates from every State society, and meets triennially. In 1854 it ruled that proper descendants of Revolutionary officers who were entitled to original membership, but who never could avail themselves of it, are qualified for hereditary membership, if found worthy, on due application.

The following have been the principal general officers:

PRESIDENTS-GENERAL

1783. Gen. George Washington, LL. D., Va. 1800. Major-Gen. Alexander Hamilton, LL. D., N. Y. 1839. Major-Gen. Morgan Lewis, A. M., N. Y. 1844. Brevet-Major William Popham, N. Y. 1848. Brig. -Gen. H. A. Scammell Dearborn, A. M., Mass. 1854. Hon. Hamilton Fish, LL. D., N. Y. 1896. Hon. William Wayne, A. M., Pa. 1902. Hon. Winslow Warreu, A. M., Mass. 1805.. Major-Gen. Charles Cotesworth Pinckney,

Li. D., S. C. 1825. Major-Gen, Thomas Pinckney, A. M., S. C. 1829. Major-Gen, Aaron Ogden, Li. D., N. J.

VICE-PRESIDENTS-GENERAL, 1784. Major-Gen, Horatio Gates, LL. D., Va. 1787. Major-Gen, Thomas Millin, A. M., Pa. 1799. Major-Gen, Alexander Hamilton, LL. D., N. Y.

N. Y.

1800. Major-Gen. Charles Cotesworth Pinckney,
Ll. D., S. C.

1805. Major-Gen. Henry Knox, A. M., Mass.
1811. Brig-Gen. John Brooks, M. D., Ll. D., Mass.
1825. Major-Gen. Aaron Ogden, Ll. D., N. J.
1829. Major-Gen. Morgan Lewis, A. M., N. Y.

NTS-GENERAL.

1839. Major the Hon. William Shute, N. J.

1844. Hon. Horace Binney, LL. D., Pa.

1848. Hon. Hamilton Fish, LL D., N. Y.

1854. Hon. Charles Stewart Davies, LL. D., Mass.

1866. Mr. James Warren Sever, A. M., Mass.

1872. Hon. James Simons, A. M., S. C.

1881. William Armstrong Irvine, M. D., Pa.

1887. Hon. Robert Milligan McLane, Md.

1896. Hon. Winslow Warren, A. M., Mass.

1902. Hon. James Simons, LL. D., S. C.

SECRETARIES-GENERAL.

1783. Major-Gen. Henry Knox, A. M., Mass. 1799. Major the Hon, William Jackson, Pa. 1829. Mr. Alexander W. Johnston, Pa.

| 1857..Mr. Thomas McEwen, A. M., M. D., Pa. | 1875..Mr. George Washington Harris, Pa. | 1884..Hon. Asa Bird Gardiner, LL. D., L. H. D., R. I.

1829. Mr. Alexander W. Johnston, Pa. 1884. Hon, Asa Bird Gardiner, Ll.D., L.H. D., R.I.
The last triennial meeting of the general society was held at Baltimore, Md., in May, 1914. The
next triennial meeting will be held at Asheville, N. C., in May, 1917.
The address of the Secretary-General is the Union Club, New York.
The number of living hereditary members of the Society of the Cincinnati, as reported at the
triennial meeting May, 1914, was 1,007. The limited list of honorary members of the Order includes
President Wilson, ex-President Tatt, ex-President Roosevelt, Admiral Dewey, Lleut.-Gen,
Miles and ex-President Loubet, of France. Presidents Andrew Jackson, Zacliary Taylor, James
Buchanan, Ulysses S. Grant, Benjamin Harrison, Grover Cleveland, and William McKinley were
also honorary members.
President James Monroe was an original member like Washington, and President Pierce was an
hereditary member.

hereditary member.

All the Presidents-General prior to 1848 were Original members of the War of the Revolution and also all the Vice-Presidents-General prior to 1844 and the remainder taken from the Hereditary List.

#### SOCIETY OF THE CINCINNATI-Continued.

The following are the Presidents, Vice-Presidents, and Secretaries of the several State societies:

STATES.	Presidents.	Vice-Presidents.	
		Daniel Gilman	
		Horatio Appleton Lamb	
Rhode Island	Asa Bird Gardiner	Charles Howland Russell	William Paine Sheffield.
		Morris Woodruif Seymour	
		Francis Key Pendleton	
		William Pennington	
		Tilghman Johnston	
		John Osgood Platt	
Maryland	Oswald Tilghman	Henry Randall Webb	Thomas E. Sears.
		William Weldon Bentley	
		John Collins Daves	
South Carolina.	James Simons	Daniel E. Huger Smith	Henry M. Tucker, Ir.
		William Hall Milton	

Post-office addresses of Secretaries are as follows: Massachusetts, 10 Tremont Street, Boston; Rhode Island, Newport; Connecticut, 60 Wall Street, New York City; New York, 25 Broad Street, New York City; New York City; New Jersey, Easton, Pa.; Pennsylvania, Lebanon; Delaware, Wilmington; Maryland, 668 West Franklin Street, Baltimore; Virginia, Richnond; Korth Carolina, Raleigh; South Carolina, Charleston; Georgia, Savannah; New Hampshire, 160 State Street, Boston, Mass.

### SONS OF THE REVOLUTION.

General President-James Mortimer Montgomery, New York City.

General Vice-Pres.—Richard M. Cadwalader, Philenerut vuc-1100, adelphia, Pa. adelphia, Pa. Vice-Pres.—Walter Gilman Page, Second Gen.

General Secretary-Prof. Wm. Libbey, Princeton N. J. Assistant-W. Hall Harris, Jr., Baltimore Md. General Treasurer—Ralph Isham, Chicago, Ill.
General Registrar—Hon, George E, Pomeroy,

Second Gen., Vice-Pres.—Walter Gilman Page, Boston, Mass.

General Chaplain.—Rt. Rev. Daniel S. Tuttle, D. D., Toledo, thio.

The society of the "Sons of the Revolution" was instituted in New York City December 18, 1875, on the motion of John Austin Stevens, to be composed exclusively of gentlemen of Revolutionary War ancestry; reorganized December 4, 1883, to include civil officers who materially assisted in establishing American Independence, and incorporated May 3, 1884, to "perpetuate the memory of the men who, in military, naval or civil service, by their acts or counsel, achieved American Independence; to promote and assist in the proper celebration of the Anniversaries of Washington's Birthday, the Battles of Lexington and Bunker Hill, the Fourth of July, the Capitulations of Saratoga and Yorktown, the Evacuation of New York by the British Army, and other prominent events relating to or connected with the War of the Revolution; to collect and secure for preservation the manuscript rolls, records and other documents and memorials relating to or connected with the devents are and their descendants the patriotic spirit of their forefathers; to incubate in the community in general sentiments of nationality and respect for the principics for which the patriots of the Revolution contended; to assist in the commemorative celebration of other great historical events of national importance, and to promote social intercourse and the feeling of fellowship among its members." its members

its members."

Eligibility to membership is confined to male descendants, above the age of twenty-one years, from an ancestor who as either a military, naval or marine officer, soldier, sallor or marine, or official in the service of any one of the thirteen original Colonies or States, or of the National Government, representing or composed of those Colonies or States, assisted in establishing American Independence during the War of the Revolution between the 19th day of April, 1775, when hostlities commenced, and the 19th day of April, 1783, when they were ordered to cease. The triennial meetings of the general society are held in the City of Washington.

The officers of the New York Society Sons of the Revolution are as follows: President—Robert Olyphant. Vice-Presidents—Norman Henderson, Francis G. Landon and Thomas Denny. Sectory—Henry Russell Drowne, Fraunces's Tavern, corner Broad and Pearl Streets, New York. Treasurer—Arthur Melvin Hatch. Registrar—Edward B. Van Winkle. Chapitin—Rt. Rev. David H. Greer, D. D.

There are thirty-one State societies and associety in the District of Columbia. The aggregate membership is 8,000, that of the New York Society being over 2,400 and the Pennsylvania Society over 1,100.

President—Miss Julia Chester Wells. Vice-President—Miss Laura Sylvina Heliner. Secretary—Miss Clara Richards, 13 West 31st Street, N. Y. City. Treasurer—Miss Annie Clarkson. Incorporated in 1894. The objects are "to renew, foster and develop among its members the friend-ships formed and cemented amid the trying ordeals of the War of the Revolution, in the camp, and on the battlefield by their ancestors; to advance and encourage investigation and study of the history of the Revolution, its causes and results, to cherish the memory and record the deeds of the noble women who encouraged and assisted the patriot cause; to commemorate by celebrations and tablets the achievements of our ancestors in the Revolution, and to gather and carefully preserve documents and relics relating to the Revolutionary period."

The great work of the society is the education of a daughter of a Naval or Army officer, with a view to self-support in Teachers' College. The daughters of the Cincinnati are now educating their seventh "God Child" with a maintenance fund for the average scholastic year expense.

THE DRAMA SOCIETY

It is an organization of art-loving playoners on a basis that secures to regular members of the society the best seats, for the best productions only, at the box-office price. There are no dues, and no initiation fees. There are no dues, and no initiation fees. There are no dues, and for initiation fees. The only condition imposed is that the members yearly attend ten productions found worthy of the intelligent playsgeor, within the first month of the run. By insuring that intelligent plays receive immediate attendance and financial support, the society hopes to encourage the better forms of dramatic art.

President—Mrs. E. R. Hewitt, New York City. Secretary—John Corbin, 131 East Fliteenth Street, New York City. Treasurer—Thomas W. Lamont, 23 Wall Street, New York City. Execution Committee—Mrs. August Belmont, Mrs. Phillip Lydig, Mrs. Frederic B. Prett, Mrs. W. K. Vanderblit, Mrs. Egerton L. Winthrop, Jr., Mr. Walter P. Eaton, Mr. Robert P. Perkins and Dr. Percy R. Turnure.

### MILITARY, PATRIOTIC AND OTHER SOCIETIES.

National Association of Naval Veterans— Commodore Commanding—William H. Comstock, 315 Fox Street, Denver, Col. Fleet Captain—Sheldon H. Hoyt, Stamford, Ct. Fleet Commander and Chief of Staff—Bryon P. Drowne, El Paso, Tex. Fleet Lieutenant—Carter C. Morgan, Lafayette, N. Y. Fleet Seretary and Paymaster—Henry F. McCollum, 40 Shelter Street, New Haven, Ct. Organized 1887, 7,000 members, 1,500 contributing members. 20 associations in all the principal cities of the United States

The American Cross of Honor—This order was organized in 1898 and incorporated by Act of Congress in 1996. The charter members were H. A. George, Richard Stockton, John J. Delaney, Andrew M. Taylor, Eugene Longstreet, and Thomas H. Herndon. The regular membership is composed of persons upon whom the United States Government has conferred the life-saving medal of honor, and its object is to advocate those great principles of the value and sanctity of human life, and the best means of preserving it.

Bronze crosses of bonor are conferred in certain cases where great heroism is shown in saving human life. A gold cross of honor is awarded in exceptional cases to persons who by great daring have highly distinguished themselves in saving life. This cross also is conferred biennially upon some person nominated by the Royal National Life-Boat Institution of Great Britain for the most heroic service in saving life; the person thus honored must have received the gold life-saving medal of the said institution.

The President of the United States is Honorary President of the order. M Armand Fallières, ex-President of France; the German Emperor, the King of Great Britain, the King of Italy, ex-Presidents Roosevelt and Taft, and Andrew Carnegie are honorary members.

President—Thomas H. Herndon, Vice-President—Richard Stockton, Capt. Louis J. Van Schalk, U.S. A. Treaswer—Harry A George, Secretary—Andrew M. Taylor, Capt Richard Stockton, Jr. Headquarters, Washington, D. C.

Patriotic Order Sons of America—Organized December, 1847, A patriotic, fraternal sick and death benefit organization. National President—J. Calvin Strayer, York, Pa. Vice-President—William J. Heaps. Battimore, Md. National Secretary—Charles H. Stees, 1416 North Broad Street, Philadelphia, Pa. Treasurer—O. B. Wetherhold, Reading, Pa. Place of meeting in 1917, Chicago, 111. Membership 270,000.

Society of Colonial Wars—The Society of Colonial Wars was instituted in 1892 to "perpetuate the memory of these events and of the men who, in military, naval, and civil positions of high trust and responsibility, by their acts or counsel assisted in the establishment, defence, and preservation of the American Colonies, and were in truth the lounders of the Nation. With this end in view it seeks to collect and preserve manuscripts, rolls, and records, to patch the seeks of the American Colonies, and were in truth the founders of the American Colonies of the Colonial of the Colonial of the Colonial of the Colonial of the Colonial of the Colonial of the Colonial of the Colonial of the Colonial of the Colonial of the Colonial of the Colonial of the Colonial of the Colonial of the Colonial of Colonial Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Colonial of Co

Governor-General—Richard M. Cadwalador, Philafelphia, Pa. Secretary-General—John L. Merrili, 43 Cedar Street, New York City. Treasurer-General —William Macpherson Hornor, Philadelphia, Pa.

The Order of the Founders and Patriots of America—Governor-General—William Cary Sanger, New York Society, Sangerfield, N. Y. Secretary-General—Edward S. Hyde, New York Society, 17 Battery Place, New York City, Treasurer-General—John C. Hinckley, Pennsylvania Society, Philadelpila, Pa.

The order was founded in 1896, its object being "to bring together and associate congenial men whose

ancestors struggled together for lifejand liberty, bome and happiness, in the land when it was a new and unknown country, and whose line of descent from them comes through patriots who sustained the Colonies in the struggle for independence in the Revolutionary War; to teach reverent regard for the names and history, character and perseverance, deeds and heroism of the founders of this country and their patriot descendants; to discover, collect, and preserve records, documents, manuscripts, monuments, and history relating to the first Colonists and their ancestors and their descendants and to commemorate and celebrate events in the history of the Colonies and the Republic. Eligibility—Any man above the age of twenty-one years of good moral character and reputation, and a citizen of the United States, who is lineally descended, in the male line of either parent, from an ancestor who settled in any of the Colonies now included in the United States of America prior to May 13, 1657, and whose intermediate ancestors in the same line during the Revolutionary period adhered as patriots to the cause of the Colonies. There are State societies in New York, Connecticut, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Massachusetts, and Illinois. The Governor of the New York Stoty States of the Colonies, New York City. Secretary—Ralph M. Leonard, 120 Broadway, New York City.

Society of Tammany, or Columbian Ordes—This organization was formed in 1789, being the effect of a popular movement in New York having primarily in Society of the Citish and the so-called raisy anti-Federalist or democratic in its character, and its chief founder was William Mooney, an upholsterer and a native-born American of Irish extraction. It took its first title from a noted ancient, wise and friendly chief of the Delaware tribe of Indians, named Tammany, who had, for the want of a better stiblet, been canonized by the solders of the Revolution as the American patron saint. The first meeting was held May 12, 1789. The act of incorporation was passed in 1805. The Grand Sachem and thirteen Sachems were designed to typify the President and the Governors of the thirteen original States. William Mooney was the first Grand Sachem. The society is nominally a charitable and social organization, and is distinct from the General Committee of the Tammany Democracy, which is a political organization and cannot use Tammany Hall without the consent of the society.

\*\*Grand Sachem\*\*—John R. Voorhis, \*\*Sachem\*\*\*—Louis\*\*

Grand Sachem—John R. Voorbis, Sachems—Louis F. Haften, George W. Loft, Thomas F. McAvoy, Edward C. Sheehy, John J. Scannell, Charles F. Murphy, Henry W. Unger, John F. Ahearn, Asa Bird Gardiner, George W. Plunkitt, Wauhope Lynn, William Dalton, Thomas Darlington. Secretary—Thomas F. Smith. Treasurer—William Sohmer. Sagamore—Vork City.

Daughters of the Revolution—President-General—Mrs. Everett M. Raynor, New York, Recording Secretary-General—Miss Clara J. Coburn, Newton, Mass. Corresponding Secretary-General— Mrs. Winfield W. Kendall, Jersey City, N. J. Treasurer-General—Mrs. Frank P. Whiting, New York.

winnerd w Kendall, Jersey City, N. J. Treaswer-General—Mrs. Frank P. Whiting, New York.
The general society was organized in the City of
New York August 20, 1891. Eligibility to membership is restricted to 'women who are lineal descendants of an ancestor who was a military or naval or
marine officer, soldler, sailor or marine in actual
service under the authority of any of the thirteen
Colonies or States, or of the Continental Congress,
and remained always loyal to such authority, or
descendants of one who signed the Declaration of
Independence, or of one who as a member of the
Continental Congress or of the Congress of any of
the Colonies or States, or as an official appointed by
or under the authority of any such representative
bodies, actually assisted in the establishment of
American independence by service rendered during
the War of the Revolution, becoming thereby liable
to conviction of treason against the Government of
Great Britain, but remaining always loyal to the
authority of the Colonies or States. The office of
the Goneral Secretary is 33 West Forty-second Street,
New York City.

New York State Society—Secretary—Mrs. William L. Cunningham, 123 Cedar Road, New Rochelle, N. Y.

N. Y.

Sons of the American Revolution—A society of descendants of Revolutionary patriots and others was organized in San Francisco. Cal., after the centennial parade of July 4, 1876, entitled "Sons of Revolutionary Sires," from whence was organized in 1889 the California Society Sons of the American Revolution and became part of the National Society in that year. State societies exist in forty-six States, the District of Columbia, Hawail, the Philippines, and France. The total membership of the organization is about 15,000. President-General—Elmer M. Wentworth, Des Moines, Iowa, Vice-Presidents-General—Orison J. C. Dutton, Frederick E. Emerson, Thomas W. Williams, Philip F. Turner, Wm. K. Boardman, Treasure-General—John II. Burroughs, New York City. Secretary-General and Registrar-General—A. Howard Clark, Smithsonian Insiltution, Washington, D. C.

Daughters of the American Revolution—

Registrar-General—A. Howard Clark, Smithsonian Insultution, Washington, D. C.

Daughters of the American Revolution—
Prestdent-General—Miss Grace M. Pierce. Corresponding Secretary-General—Miss Grace M. Pierce. Corresponding Secretary-General—Mrs. Delos A. Blodgett.
Treasurer-General—Mrs. Joseph E. Ransdell. Recording Secretary-General—Mrs. William C. Boyle.
Chaplain-General—Mrs. Mary S. Lockwood.
The society was organized in the City of Washington, D. C., October 11, 1890. Membership, admitted, 124,789; actual, 93,173; 1,525 local chapters exist in the States, the District of Columbia, Cuba, Chioa, Mexico, and the Philippines, presided over by regents.
Eligibility—Any woman who is of the age of eighteen years, is descended from an ancestor who. "with unfailing loyalty, rendered matterial striot, as solvent Conness or States, or of the United Colonies or States," provided that the applicant shall be acceptable to the society. Every application for membership must be indorsed by at least two members of the National Society, and is then submitted to the Registrar-General, who reports on the question of eligibility to the Board of Management, and upon its approval the applicant is enrolled as a member. Headquarters, Memorial Continental Hall, Seventeenth and D Streets N. W., Washington, D. C.

Sons of Veterans, U. S.—Commander-in-Chief—Warn T. Church Chicapo.

Headquarters, Methodia, Continhenta Frain, every teenth and D Streets N. W., Washington, D. C.

Sons of Veterans, U. S.—Commander-In-Chief—
Wm. T. Church, Chieago, Ill. Senior-Vice-Commander-In-Chief—E. L. Graves, Bridgeport, Ct. Junior Vice-Commander-In-Chief—L. L. Roberts, Kansas City, Mo. Chief of Stoff—Edwin M. Amies, Altoona, Pa. National Secretary—Horace H. Hammer, Reading, Pa. National Treasurer—James Lewis Rake, Reading, Pa. National Treasurer—James Lewis Rake, Reading, Pa. National Treasurer—James Lewis Rake, Reading, Pa. Camp No. 1, Sons of Veterans, U. S. A., was organized in the City of Philadelphia September 29, 1879. The organization is composed of lineal descendants, over eighteen years of age, of honorably discharged soldiers, sailors, or marines who served in the late Civil War. There are now about 1,216 camps, with a membership of 56,000 distributed among 27 divisions, corresponding to States, the Gommandery-In-Chief. Each camp has its own officers, the head officer being the Commander. The principal officer of the division is the Division Commander.

mander.

Lafayette Camp No. 140 (Division of New York) by roster of February 15, 1916, had 307 members and 4 associate members. Commander—Dr. N. B. Van Etten, Secretary—Frederick F. Richardson, 62 William Street, New York City.

The Sons of Veterans Auxiliary is an association of women auxiliary to the above organization. Mrs. May Clothier, Rockford, Ill., is National President, and Miss Ida Patterson, Rockford, Ill., National Secretary.

and Miss Ida Patterson, Rockford, Ill., National Secretary.
New York Division, Sons of Veterans Auxiliary,
U.S. A., Mrs. Nellie Canwright, President, Schenetady, N. Y. A patriotic order, organized to assist
the needy eteran and his family, to perpetuate the
memory and history of the heroic dead of the Civil
War, 1861 to 1865, and the proper observance of
Memorial Day.

Sons of Confederate Veterans—This organiza-tion is composed of the male descendants of men who fought in the Confederate Army or Navy during the Clvil War. It was formed in 1896 for benevolent,

social, and historical purposes. The following ato the officers: Commander-in-Chtef—E. G. Baidwin, Roanoke, Va Aajuant-in-Chtef—Nathan Bedford Forrest, Biloxl, Miss. Headquarters, Memphis, Tenn.

Forrest, Blloxi, Miss. Headquarters, Memphis, Tenn.

Army of the Philippines—Commander-na-ChtefDr. P. J. H. Farrell, 25 E. Washington Street, Chlecago, Ill. Vicc.Commander-na-Chtef-Chas. King,
Milwaukee, Wis. Adjutant-General—Edwin Bihns,
J31 S. Fitch Avenue, Chicago, Ill. Asststant AdjutantGeneral—G. W. Daywait, Manila, P. I. Quartermaster-General—W. E. Hammerstein, St. Louis, Mo.
Surgeon-General—D, S. Fairchild, M. D., Davenport, Ia. Any officer, soldier or sailor of the regular
or volunteer Army, Navy, and Marine Corps who
served honorably in the Philippine Islands during
the Spanish-American War or the Philippine insurrection, including Jolo and Mindanae expeditions of
1906, is eligible to membership.

Veterans of Foreign Wars of the United States—Commander-in-Chief—Albert J. Rabing, 23 Washington Place, New York City. Senior Vice-Commander-in-Chief—W. W. Rosser, Chicago, Ill. Junior Vice-Commander-in-Chief—C. T. Spear, St. Paul, Minn. Adjutant-General—R. G. Woodslde, 329 Bakwell Building, Pittsburgh, Pa. Quartermaster-General—Charles D. Lehmisuhl, Detroit, Mich. National, Changing, Physical Sci. I. Smith. CA. C. 329 Bakewell Building, Pittsburgh, Pa. Guarter-master-General—Charles D. Lehmbuhl, Detroit, Mich. National Chaplain—Major S J. Smith, C. A. C., Fort Barraneas, Fia. Surgeon-General—Major Chas, E. Locke, Denver, Col. Judge Advocate-General—Hon. Thomas S. Crago, M. C., Washington, D. C. Chtef of Staff—Bennardt Wall, 39 West Sixy-seventh Street, New York City, N. Y. Inspector-General—Hugh L. McLaughlin, Harrisburg, Pa. National Patriotic Instructor—William H. Crowell, Los Angeles Col. geles, Cal.

This society is composed of officers and enlisted This society is composed of officers and enlisted men who served in the Army, Navy, or Marine Corps of the United States of America, in Cuba or Porto Rico, between April 21, 1898, and June 1, 1899, in the China Relief Expedition, or in Guam, or the Philippines, from April 21, 1898, to July 4, 1902, or who since July 4, 1902, have served in the Philippines and whose service entitled them to campaign badges, Issued by the Government of the United States.

Its objects are to preserve and strengthen fraternity among its members; to assist worthy comrades; to care for the widows and orphans of deceased comrades; to perpetuate the memory and history of our dead; to maintain true allegiance to the Government dead; to maintain true allegiance to the Government of the United States of America, and fidelity to its Constitution and laws; to cultivate the spirit of patriotism; to work for the universal spread of liberty, equal rights and justice to all men; and to preserve and defend the United States of America from all her enemies whomsoever.

Naval and Military Order of the Spanish-American Ware-Instituted February 2, 1899. Headquarters, 78 Broad Street, New York City. Officers of the National Commandery: Commander-in-Chief—Brigs-Gen. John L. Clem, U. S. A., Washington, D. C. Sento Vice-Commander-in-Chief—Major Edward Schulze, Hartford, Ct. Juntor Vice-Commander-in-Chief—Lieut. Edward E. Hartwick, Detroit, Mich. Recorder-in-Chief—Ensign B. P. Lamberton, U. S. N., Washington, D. C. Treasurer-in-Chief—Capt. Homer C. Croscup, 78 Broad Street, New York Clty. The Commander of the New York Commandery is Col. John J. Byrne, N. Y. Membership is composed of persons who served on the active list or performed active duty as commissioned officers, regular or volunteer, during the war with Spain, or who participated in the war as naval or military cadets. Membership descends to the eldest male descendant in the order of primogeniture.

Society of the Army of Santlago de Cuba—

Society of the Army of Santiago de Cuba—Organized July 31, 1898 in the Governor's Palace at Santiago de Cuba to record the history and conserve the memory of the events of the campaign' between June 14 and July 17, 1898. Only those participating in Cuba between those dates are eligible to membership. President—Major-General Leonard Wood, U. S. A. Secretary and Treasure—Colonel Charles A. Williams. U. S. A. Historian—Major G. Creighton Webb. Registrar-General—General Philip Reade. Actual membership, I, 190.

United Spanish War Veterans—National En-campment United Spanish War Veterans. Organized April 18, 1904, by the consolidation of the National Army and Navy Spanish War Veterans, National

Association of Spanish-American War Veterans, and the Society of the Service Men of the Spanish War, to which was added in 1906 the Legion of Spanish War Veterans and in 1908 the Veteran Army of Philippines. Commander-in-Chief—Daniel V. Chisholm, Washington, D. C. Sendor Vitee-Commander—Erskine L. Solomon, Wilkes-Barre, Pa. Junior Vice-Commander—Oscar E. Kilstrom, Grand Rapids, Mich. Adjutant-General—James E. Maynard, Washington, D. C. Soidiers and sallors of the regular and volunteer Army, Navy and Marine Corps who served honorably in the war with Spain or the insurection in the Philippines prior to 1902 are eligible to membership. Headquarters. Southern Building, Washington, D. C. United States Volunteer Association—All white soldiers and sallors who served honorably in the military or naval service of the United States during the war with Spain or the Incident Insurrection in the Philippines are eligible to membership. This society was organized at Chattanooga, Tonn., Angust 17, 1899, and has a membership of nearly 44,000. It is national in scope and character. Officers: Prest-den—Col. Wm. C. Liller, Indianapolis, Ind. First-den—Col. Wm. C. Liller, Indianapolis, Ind. First-den—Col. Wm. C. Liller, Indianapolis, Ind. First

11, 1899, and has a memorrhip of nearly 44,000. It is national in scope and character. Officers: Prest. dent.—Col. Wm. C. Liller, Indianapolis, Ind. First Vice-Prestdent.—G. A. Wheatley, Texas Secretary-Treasurer.—Capt. Frank S. Clark, Indiana.

Society of American Wars—Commander-tn-Chte—Brig-Gen. Wm. H. Bixby. Recorder-General—Major Hamilton Rowan. For the purpose of paying just homage to the memory of those who conquered that we might live, and to inculcate and foster in all citizens that love of country and flag and that ambitton for honorable achievement upon which so in all chizens that love of country and hig and that ambition for honorable achievement upon which so largely depends the maintenance of our high position among nations. An applicant for membership in the society must be a citizen of the United States, twenty-one years of age, of sood moral character and reputation, who is: (a) A lineal descendant of character and reputation, who is: (a) A lineal descendant of character and reputation, who is: (a) A lineal descendant of characters, (b) A member of the Council of War of any of the thirteen Colonies. (c) A member of the Council of War of any of the thirteen Colonies (c) A lineal descendant of a military or naval officer under authority of the Colonies which afterward formed the United States, from the settlement of Jamestown, May 13, 1607, to April 19, 1783. (d) A military or naval officer who has served with honor as a commissioned officer of the United States, in the Army, Navy, Marine Corps or Revenue Cutter Service, in any war in which the United States has been engaged, or a lineal descendant thereof (e) A lineal descendant of a Companion of the Society of American Wars Headquarters, Washington, D. C. Membership, 1,020. New York State Commander—Capt, F. M. Dearborn, 55th Street and 7th Avenue, New York City. Recorder—Elmer D. Coulter, 23 W. 26th Street, New York City. Membership, 200.

Descendants of the Signers of the Declaration of Independence—The society was founded July 4, 1907, at Jamestown, Va. Its purpose is to help educate the people in love and patriotism to country, and to encourage a devotion which will stimulate them to offer upon the altar of their country women who are over twenty-one years of age and are lineally descended from one of the Headquillar. Phase of the Declaration of Independence. Headquarters, Phadelphila. W. Gordon McCabe, Richmond, Va. Secretize—Carl M. Repess Stoneleigh Court, Phila-Secretize—Carl M. Reposs Stoneleigh Court, Phila-Secretize—Carl M. Reposs Stoneleigh Court, Phila-Secretize—Carl M. Reposs Stoneleigh Court. largely depends the maintenance of our high position

Philadelphia, Pa. Gordon McCabe, Richmond, Va. Seretary—Oarl M. Kneass, Stoneleigh Court, Philadelphia, Pa. Treasurer—John S. Braxton, Philadelphia, Pa.

Military Order of Foreign Wars—The Military Order of Foreign Wars of the United States was instituted in the City of New York December 27, 1894, by veterans and descendants of veterans of 1894, by veterans and descendants of veterans of one or more of the four foreign wars which the United States had been engaged in, to wit: The War of the Revolution, the war with Tripell, the War of 1812, the Mexican War, "to perpetuate the names and memory of brave and loyal men who took part in establishing and maintaining the principles of the Government," in said wars, and "to preserve records and documents relating to said wars, and to celebrate the contingencies of biggories are such some content of the contingency of the contingency of the state of the contingency of the state of the contingency of the state of the contingency of the state of the contingency of the state of the contingency of the state of the contingency of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the s the anniversaries of historic events connected there-with." Since the institution of the order the United States has fought two foreign wars (war with Spain and China campaign). By an amendment to the

Constitution all American officers who participated in the war with Spain, or any future foreign campaign recognized by the United States Government as 'war,' are rendered eligible to membership as veteran companions,

war," are rendered eligible to membership as veteran companions
State commanderles now exist in New York, Pennsylvania, Connecticut, Illinois, California, Massachusetts, Maryland, Ohio, Missouri, Vermont, Virginia, Rhode Island, Louislana, Indiana, Wisconsin, Michigan, Colorado, New Jersey, and the District of Columbia.

The National Commandery was instituted March II, 1896, by the officers of the New York, Pennsylvania, and Connecticut commanderies. The following are the officers of the National Commandery Commander-General—Admiral William B. Caperton, U. S. N. Secretary-General—Major David Banks, 23 Park Place, New York City. Treasurer-General—Rev. Henry N. Wayne. Judge Advocate-General—Rev. Henry N. Wayne. Judge Advocate-General—Admirating each State commandery.

Society of Mayflower Descendants—The General Scolety of Mayflower Descendants is made up of several State societies, organized at Plymouth, Mass., 1897. Societies have been formed in New York, Connecticut, Massachusetts, Pennsylvania, Illinois, District of Columbia, Ohio, New Jersey, Wiscousin, Rhode Island, Michigan, Maine, Colorado, California, Washington, Kansas, and Indiana. Officers of the General Society are: Governor-General—Major-Gen. Leonard Wood, Washington, D. C. Secretary-General—Walter S. Allerton, New York, Treasurer-General—Henry H. Belknap, Pennsylvania, The Society of Mayflower Descendants was or-

The Society of Mayflower Descendants was organized in the City of New York, December 22, 1894, by lineal descendants of the Mayflower Pilgrims. oy inical descendants of the Mayflower Pilgrims, Every descendant over eighteen years of age, male or female, is eligible to membership. Headquarters, 44 East Twenty-third Street, New York City, Governor—Frederick C. Seabury. Deputy Governor— Thomas Denny. Secretary—E. B. Terry. Treasurer —J. F. Yawger.

Order of Washington—This society is similar to the Orders of Chivalry Instituted in Europe. Its purposes are to promote the growth of the spirit of patriotism, to cultivate the study of history, to preserve family records and other documents relating to the rise of the Republic, to stimulate a National pride and to preserve the integrity, honor and Christian manhood of the members. Eligibility: The ancestor must have arrived in America prior to 1750, have been a landowner or founder of a town, and have held some official, military, naval or ministerial position in Colonial days and also had a descendant who assisted the Colonies in attaining their independence. Order of Washington-This society is similar

pendence.

Commander-General—Rear-Admiral Charles H.

Stockton.

J. Wright.

Secretary-General—Alfred B. Dent, 906

A Street S. E. Washington, D. C. Treasuer-General—Dr., Charles H. Bowker.

Chancelor-General—Dr. J. G. B. Bulloch. Headquarters, Washington, D. C.

Attec Club of 1847—This society, originally composed of officers of the United States Army who served in the war with Mexico, was formed in the City of Mexico in 1847, and has been continued "with a view to cherish the memories and keep alive the traditions that cluster about the names of those officers who took part in the Mexican War." Membership is confined to officers of the Army, Navy, and Marine Corps who served in the war, or their male blood relatives. Each primary member may nominate as his successor his son or a male blood relative, who during the life of the primary member is known as associate-member, and on the death of the former is entitled, as his representative, to full membership. There are 218 members.

President and Vice-President—Gen. H. G. Gibson

There are 218 members.

President and Vice-President—Gen. H. G. Gibson,
Washington, D. C. Secretary—Wm. S. Abert,
Washington, D. C. Secretary—William Tayloe
Snyder, Washington, D. C.

National Society Colonial Daughters of America—President-General—Mrs. John B. Taylor. Secretary-General—Miss Mary Florence Taney, Covington, Ky. Registrar-General and Treasurer—Mrs.
Georgena Hodge Balley and Miss Florence May
Washington. Washington.

The society was organized May 1, 1307, and its object is to perpetuate in enduring form the memory of the women of the Colonial period from 1607 to 1775. Headquarters, 335 g. 3d Street, Newport, Ky., Colonial Dames XVII. Gentury Society—Was organized July 24, 1915, following meeting of the International Genealogical Congress at a. Francisco. Life membership, 310, certificate descending to next of kin without further dues. Object—To aid in establishing College of Heraldinate descending to next of kin without further dues. Object—To aid in establishing College of Heraldinate chairs of genealogical research in colleges and universities. President-General—Miss Stella Pickett Hardy, 827 East Main Street, Batesville, Ark. Sceretary-General—Miss Mary Florence Tancy, Covington, Ky. Registra-General—Mrs. Georgena Hodge Quarters, Batesville, Ark.
United States Daughters of 1812—President-National—Mrs. Robert Hall Wiles, Chicago, Ill. Corresponding Secretary—Mrs. R. J. Johnston, Humboldt, Iowa. The office of the National society is at Hotel Del Prado, Chicago, Ill.
Eligibility—Any woman over eighteen years of 8ge, of good character and a lineal descendant of an

is at Hotel Del Prado, Chicago, III.

Elighility—Any woman over eighteen years of age, of good character and a lineal descendant of an ancestor who rendered civil, military, or naval service with the service of the control of the causes with the control of the total war (subsequent to the War of the control of the causes with the control of the causes with the control of the cause with the control of the cause with the control of the cause with the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the con

retary is Miss Eloise Rand Butler.

Washington Headquarters Association—Prestent—Mrs. George W. Smith. Treasurer—Mrs. Joseph Hendrick Butler, Brooklyn, N. Y. Recording Secretary—Mrs. Malcoim McLean, 252 West. 76th Street, New York City. Corresponding Secretary—Mrs. Oviedo M. Bostwick, 236 West 187th Street, New York City. Enrolling Secretary—Mrs. George D. Bangs, Hunlington, L. I. The Durpose of the association is to preserve the old machon of the American Revolution, the headquarters of Washington. The property is owned by washington Heights, Knickerbocker, Mary of the Daughters of the American Revolution. It is open daily to the public.

General Federation of Women's Clubs—Prest-

General Federation of Women's Clubs—Prest-gent—Mrs. Josiah E. Cowles, Los Angeles, Cal. Vice-Frestdents—Miss Georgie A. Bacon, Worcester, Mass., and Mrs. Eugene Reilley, Charlotte, N. C. Recording Secretary—Mrs. W. S. McFarland, Wag-ner, S. Dak. Corresponding Secretary—Mrs. Francis D. Everett, Highland Park, III. Treasurer—Mrs. William B. Young, Jacksonville, Fla.

William B. Young, Jacksonville, Fila.
Colonial Dames of America—The Society of
the Colonial Dames of America was organized in the
City of New York May 23, 1890, and was the first
cociety of women for this patriotic purpose founded
in this country. It was incorporated April 23, 1891.
The society is purely patriotic and educational in its
objects, which are: (1) To collect and preserve relies,
manuscripts, traditions, and mementoes of the founders and builders of the thirteen original States of the
Union, and of the heroes of the War of Independence,
that the memory of their deeds and achievements may Union, and of the heroes of the War of Independence, that the memory of their deeds and achievements may be perpetuated. (2) To promote celebrations of great historic events of National importance; to diffuse information and subjects concerning American history, particularly among the young, and to cultivate the spirit of particular and reverence for the founders of American constitutional history. This society already has a large membership and chapters in many States. It is a distinct organization from that which follows. from that which follows.

Trot that which follows.

Proceem—Mrs. Timothy Matlack Cheesman, 157

East 55th Street, New York City First Vice-Prestdent—Mrs. The Day Cond Vice-Prestdent—Mrs. In Dayenport. Second Vice-Prestdent—Mrs. E. W. Humphreys. Treasurer—Mrs. George Augustus Lung. Secretary—Miss Borrowe. Historian—Mrs. Arthur Suteliffe.

National Society Colonial Dames of America. Is composed of forty corporate societies, of which there is one in each of the thirteen original States, and the District of Columbia, and in twenty-six other States. It was founded as a memorial of the

Thirteen Colonies. Membership is by invitation only. The membership is about 9,000. It holds a biennial conneil in Washington, D. C. Presideni—Mrs. Joseph R. Lamar, Washington, D. C. Secretary—Mrs. Chas. R. Miller, Red Oak Road, Wilmington, Del. Treasure—Mrs. Alexander J. Cassatt, Haverford, Pa. The Colonial Dames of the State of New York maintain the Van Cortlandt House Museum in Van Cortlandt Park and give prizes for essays at the Teachers' College and the University of Rochester. The society supports four classes in the City History Club, and gives a gold watch annually to the best cyde on the training ship Newport. It has a library of 1,700 genealogical and historical volumes at the rooms of the society, 2 West 47th Street, New York City.

rooms of the secondary of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the contro

Daughters of Holland Dames—Descendants of ne ancient and honorable families of New Nether-

The objects of the society are to perpetuate the memory and to primete the principles and virtues of the Duten ancestors of its members, to collect docu-ments, genealogical and historical, relating to the Dutch in America, and to erect commemorative and durable memorials to be lasting tributes to the early Dutch settlers.

Mount Vernon Ladles' Association of the Union—This association was organized in 1853 by Miss Ann Pamela Cunningham of South Carolina for the Durpose of raising money for the purpose of raising money for the purpose of raising money for the purpose of the home and tomb of Washington. In 1858 the amount required was paid over, 8200,000, and the property received; it included 237 acres around the manslon and tomb, out of the 8,000 acres owned by Washington. The estate is cared for and directed by a Regent, assisted by one Vice-Regent from each State represented; there are now thirty-two. They had their council at Mount Vernon every year in May. Miss Ann Pamela Cunningham was the first Regent.

The present officers are: Regent—Miss Harriet C. Conseys, Dover, Del. Recording Secretary—Mrs. Henry W. Rogers, Essex Farm, Riderwood, Md. Conseynating Secretary—Mrs. J. Julius Pringle, Chicora Wood, Georgetown, S. C. Treasurer—Arthur T. Brice, 1711 M Street, N. W., Washington, D. C.

D. C.

Ladles of the Grand Army of the Republic— National President—Virginia C. McClure, Peorla, Ill. National Secretary—Helen M. Wilson, 405 N. Monroe Street, Peorla, Ill. National Treasurer— Mrs. Olive I. Allison, Richmond, Ind.

Mrs. Olive I. Allison, Richmond, Ind.

United Daughters of the Confederacy—The
United Daughters of the Confederacy was organized
at Nashville, Tran. September 10, 1894. It is composed formale vidows, wives, mothers, sisters, and
interpreted in the confederacy of the confederacy and
bity in the army and navy of the Confederate States,
or who served in the civil service of the Confederate
States or one of the Southern States, or who gave
personal services to the Confederac cause. The
objects of the United Daughters of the Confederacy,
as stated in the Constitution of the society, are
"social, literary, historical, monumental, benevolent,
and honorable in every degree, without any political
signification whatever." To cultivate ties of frieadship among our women whose fathers, brothers, soms, signification whatever." To cultivate ties of friend-ship among our women whose fathers, brothers, sons, and, in numberless cases, mothers, shared com-mon dangers, sufferings, and privations; and to per-petuate honor, integrity, valor, and other noble at-tributes of true Southern character. To instruct and instil into the descendants of the people of the South a proper respect for and pride in the glorious war history, with a veneration and love for the deeds of their forefathers which have created such a monu-ment of military renown, and to perpetuate a truthnent of military renown, and to perpetuate a truth-ful record of the noble and chivalric achievements of their ancestors. The organization now has about 3,000 chapters in the United States, North and South. The organization has about 0,000 members.

President—Mrs. F. G. Odenhelmer, Washington, D. C. First Vice-President—Mrs. J. H. Stewart, Los Angeles, Cal. Recording Secretary—Mrs. W. C. N. Merchant, Chatham, Va. Corresponding Secretary—

Mrs. Arthur Wolcott, Ardmore, Okla. Mrs. Eugene Littie, Wadesboro, N. C. Treasurer-

The Confederate Veteran Camp of New York-The Confederate Veteran Camp of New York was organized April 11, 1890, incorporated December 5, 1911. "Its object shall be to perpetuate the memorles 1911. "Its object shall be to perpetuate the memories of our fallen comrades, to bury our dead and minister to the wants of the living who are needy and worthy Confederate soldiers and sailors, avoiding everything partaking of partisanship in religion or politics, and to lend our aid to the maintenance of law and order." \*Commander—Richard H. Gordon. \*Lieut.-Com\*

Commander—Richard H. Gordon. Lieut.-Com-mander—J. A. Sweeney. Adjutant—Capt. Clar-ence R. Hatton, 538 West 179th Street, New York City. Meetings held the fourth Thursday of each City. month. Headquarters, Hotel Astor, New

Society of the Army of the Tennessee—Prest-dent—Gen. Samuel Fallows, Chicago, Ill. Recording Secretary—Smith Hickenlooper, Cincinnati, Ohio The society was organized at Raleigh, N. C., April 14, 1865. The headquarters is at Cincinnati,

Army of the Tennessee Association—President—H. L. Dean. Secretary—Byron W. Bonney, 1724 Sanler Place, N. W., Washington, D. C. Treauerer—James S. Roy. Organized at Washington, D. C., August, 1902. All who served in that army eligible to membership.

to membership.

National Society of Daughters of Founders and Patriots of America—This society was organized in Washington, D. C., June 7, 1898, by Eugenia Washington, Helen M. Boynton, and Pelia H. Mason. The objects are to preserve the history of Colonial and Revolutionary times, to inculcate patriotism in the present generation, and in times of war to obtain and forward supplies for field hospitals, National President—Mrs. William Van Zandt Cox, Emery Place, Wæshington, D. C. National Vice-President—Mrs. Henry V. Beynton, Washington, D. C. National Corresponding Secretary—Mrs. George G. Martin, 101 The Wyoming, Washington, D. C. National Treasurer—Mrs. William M. Hannay, Washington, D. C. Society of the Army of the Cumperland—

Washington, D. C.
Society of the Army of the Cumberland—
President—Gen. Orlando A. Somers, Kokomo, Ind.
Corresponding Secretory—Lleut C. D. Mitchell,
Chattanooga, Tenn. The society was organized in
February, 1868, and its present membership is 350.
The permanent meeting place is Chattanooga, Tenn.

Society of the Army of the Potomac—President
—Gen. Theodore S. Peck. Treasurer—Charles A. Shaw, Mount Kisco, N. Y. Secretary—Brevet Col. Horatio C. King, 44 Court Street, Brooklyn, N. Y. The society was organized in 1868. The present membership is over 1,500.

membership is over 1,500.

Intercollegiate Socialist Society—This society has chapters for the study of Socialism in seventy colleges and universities in the United States and alumin chapters in Los Angeles, New York, Springfield, Chicago, Cleveland, Buffalo, Detroit, Portland, Schenectady, Scattle, Wilkes-Barre, St. Louis, Boston, and Washington. Headquarters, 70 Fitth Avenue, New York City.

Boston, and Washington. Headquartera, 70 Fifth Avenue, New York City.

President—J. G. Phelps Stokes, Yale University, Secretary—Leroy Scott, Indiana. Treasurer—Mary R. Sanford, Vassar. Organizing Secretary—Harry W. Laidler, Wesleyan University.

National Association of State Universities—President—Frank Strong, Chancellor of the University of Kansas, Lawrence, Kan. Vice-President—Thomas D. Boyd, President Louisiana State University, Baton Rouge, La. Secretary-Treasure—Guy Fotter Benton, President University of Vermont, Burlington, Vt. Executive Committee—Chancellor Strong of Kansas, Chalrman; President Bondon of Vermont, Secretary; President Boyd of Louisiana, the United States Commissioner of Education, Chancellor Avery of Nebraska, and President Duniway of Wyoming.

National Institute of Arts and Letters—This society was organized by men nominated and elected by the American Social Science Association at its annual meeting in 1898, with a view to the advancement of art, music, and literature.

Qualification for membership is notable achievements is limited to 250 errature. The number of members is limited to 250 errature—H, Thorndike, Columbia University, New York City.

The Art Alliance of America—Founded 1914 in the Interest of art workers to promote art and industrial betterment and vocational training, and to further co-operation between art workers and those engaged in the practical use of art. The Art Alliance furnishes advice and direction and aid in sales, and it holds exhibitions. It is supported by subscriptions and membership fees and makes no charges for its services. The membership is about 700.

Officers are: President—W. Frank Purdy, Vice-Presidents—Mrs. Ripley Hitchcock and Mrs. John Henry Hammond. Treasurer—Alexander S, Webb. Secretary—Miss B. Grimball. Headquarters, 45 East 42d Street, New York City.

American Federation of Arts-The American

ters, 45 East 42d Street, New York City.

American Federation of Arts-The American
Federation of Arts is an association of art organizations constituting chapters and of individuals. It was
formed at a convention held in Washington in May,
1909, which was called by the Regents of the National
Academy of Art. Yearly conventions have been held
since that time. The federation has 22s chapters,
1,902 associate members, and 688 active.
The federation publishes a monthly magazine, The
American Magazine of Art, and The American Art
Annual

Annual.

The objects of the federation are to unify the art interests of the country and to stimulate popular interest in art of all kinds. It acts as a clearing-house for public opinion in matters of legislation and civio

President—Robert W. De Forest, New York, First Vice-President—Charles L. Hutchinson, Chlcago, III. Secretary—Lella Mechlin, 1741 New York Avenue, Washington, D. C. Treasurer—N. H. Carpenter, Chicago, Ill.

Carpenter, Chicago, III.

International Academy of Sciences, Arts, and
Letters—Perpetual Secretary—Dr. Francis C. Nicholas, New York City. President—Dr. Thomas G.
Lewis, Washington, D. C. Vice-President—E. B.
Webster, Washington, D. C. Secretary—C. N.
Murray, 1639 W. Street, S. E., Washington, D. C.
Treasurer—J. D. McLaren, Washington, D. C.
Organized and incorporated, Washington, D. C.
1910. Object: The promotion of the study of sciences,
arts, and letters on an international basis. Meetings
at 1343 F Street, N. W., and at Oriental University,
1702 Oregon Avenue, N. W., Washington, D. C.
Annual dues, 81.00. Membership, 140.

American Society of Landscape Architects—

American Society of Landscape Architects— The American Society of Landscape Architects was organized 1899. Eighty-six members. President— Prof. James S. Pray, 50 Garden Street, Cambridge, Mass. Secretary—Alling S. De Forest, Slbley Build-ing, Rochester, N. Y.

ing, Rochester, N. Y.

Society for the Promotion of Useful Giving—
Prestdent—Mrs. August Belmont. Treasurer—Miss
Anne Morgan. Secretary—Miss Miriam K. Oliver.
Headquarters, 38 West Thirty-ninth Street, New
York City. The object of this society shall be to
eliminate through co-operative effort the custom of
giving indiscriminately at Christmas and to further
in every way the true Christmas spirit of unselfish
and independent thought, good will, and sympathetic
understanding of the real needs of others. Any girl
or woman is eligible who, accepting the object of the
society and signing a membership card, agrees to
further its purpose by joining an existing squad or by
herself forming a squad. The dues shall be 10 cents
a year. Each member shall be given a S. P. U. G.
button, which shall be worn during all campaigns.
Christian Socialist League of America—

button, which shall be worn during all campaigns.
Christian Socialist League of AmericaSecretary—Dr. John D. Long, 406 Second Avenue,
Astoria, New York City. Treasurer—Miss Mary
Allen Stuart, New York City. Traveler's Frotective Association—President
—Daniel W. Sale, Lynchburg, Va. Vice-President—
H. B. Ramey, Champaign, Ill. Secretary and Treasurer—T. S. Logan, 915 Olive Street, St. Louis, Mo.
Membership, 59,000.

Soclety of the Army and Navy of the Con-Society of the Army and Navy of the Confederate States — President — Lieut. McHenry Howard. Vice-President—Lieut. Joseph Packard. Secretary—Capt. William L. Ritter, Relsterstown, Md. Treasurer—Capt. F. M. Colston. There are twelve Vice-Presidents and an Executive Committee of seven members. The Society of the Army and Navy of the Confederate States in the State of Mary-land was organized in 1871 "to collect and preserve the members for a trutful history of the late were hear executive for a trutful history of the late were hear executive." land was organized in 1871 "to collect and preserve the material for a truthful history of the late war be-tween the Confederate States and the United States

of America; to honor the memory of our comrades who have fallen; to cherish the ties of friendship among those who survive, and to fulfil the duties of sacred charity toward those who may stand in need of them." The membership is 758.

United Confederate Veterans—This association was organized at New Orleans, June 10, 1859. Its avowed purpose is strictly social, literary, historical, and benevolent. Its Constitution says that it "will endeavor to unite in a general federation at a speciations of Confederate veterans, societs, and sailors now in existence or hereafter to be formed; to associations of Confederate veterans, Sugles, and sailors now in existence or hereafter to be formed; to gather authentic data for an impartial history of the war between the States; to preserve relies or mementoes of the same; to cherish the ties of friendship that should exist among men who have shared common dangers, common sufferings, and privations; to care for the disabled and extend a helping hand to the needy; to protect the widows and the orphans, and needy; to protect the widows and the orphans, and to make and preserve a record of the services of every member, and, as far as possible, of those of our comrades who have preceded us in eternity." State organizations are authorized, and are called Divisions. The permanent headquarters of the association is at New Orleans, La. Number of Camps, 1,807. Number of members, according to last report, estimated about 40,000 to 50,000.

Commander-Gen. George P. Harrison, Opelika,

Army of Northern Virginia Department—Commander—Gen. J. Thompson Brown, Richmond, Va. Adjutant-General—Brig.-Gen. E. V. White, Norfolk, Va.

Army of Tennessee Department—Commander—Gen. John P. Hickman, Nashville, Tenn. Adjutant General—Gen. William A. Montgomery, Edwards

Depot, Miss.
Trans - Missisppi Department — Commander Lieut.-Gen. K. M. Vanzandt, Fort Worth, Tex, Adjuan-General—Brig.-Gen. W. T. Shaw, Fort Worth,

Leut. Gen. K. M. Vanzandt, Fort Worth, Tex. Adjutant-General—Brig.-Gen. W. T. Shaw, Fort Worth, Tex. The Confederate Veteran, Nashville, Tenn, established by S. A. Cunningham, is the official organ. Arlington Confederate Monument Association—During the administration of President McKinley the Confederate dead buried in the City of Washington, D. C., and tentily were removed to the National Cemeter, where they were reinterred in a plot of ground search by the President for that purpose, and designed "The Confederate Section." The Arlington confederate Monument Association was formed for large termination of the confederate Section. "The Arlington confederate Monument Association was formed in Larger sense, as a memorial to all those who lost their lives in defence of the Confederacy, as were sommittee of the United Daughters of the Confederacy, the President-General of which is the President of the association. Vice-President—Col. Hilary A. Herbert, Washington, D. C. Recording Secretary—Mrs. Drury C. Ludlow, Washington, D. C. Treasurer—Wallace Streater. Washington, D. C. Treasurer—Wallace Streater. Washington, D. C. Treasurer—Wallace Streater. Washington, D. C. Treasurer—Wallace Streater. Washington, D. C. Treasurer—Wallace Streater. Washington, D. C. Treasurer—Wallace Streater. Washington, D. C. Treasurer—Wallace Streater. Washington, D. C. Treasurer—Wallace Streater. Washington, D. C. Treasurer—Wallace Streater. Washington, D. C. Treasurer—Wallace Streater. Washington, D. C. Treasurer—Wallace Streater. Washington, D. C. Treasurer—Wallace Streater. Washington, D. C. Treasurer—Wallace Streater. Washington, D. C. Treasurer—Wallace Streater. Washington, D. C. Treasurer—Wallace Streater. Washington, D. C. Treasurer—Wallace Streater. Washington, D. C. Treasurer—Wallace Streater. Washington, D. C. Treasurer—Wallace Streater. Washington, D. C. Treasurer—Wallace Streater. Washington, D. C. Treasurer—Wallace Streater. Washington, D. C. Treasurer—Wallace Streater. Washington, D. C. Treasurer—Wallace Streater. Washington,

for, D. C. Treasurer—Wallace Streater, Washingfor, D. C. Treasurer—Wallace Streater, Washingfor, Talph E. Prime, Yonkers N. Y. Scretary—
Gol. Raiph E. Prime, Yonkers N. Y. Scretary—
Louis A. Ames, 99 Fulton Street, New York City.
Treasurer—Major Henry The American Flag Assooiatton was organized February 17, 1898, its motto
being "One Flag, One Country, God Over All," Its
object is to secure National Altate legislation for
the protection of the flag from degrading and desecrating uses, and to secure of the flag from deprading one
of the protection of the flag from deprading and desecrating uses, and to secure of the flag from deprading and desecrating uses, and to secure of the flag from deservance of
June 14 as 'Flag Day,' because on that day in 1777
Congress adopted the United States flag. The association is composed of individual members and also
the members of the flag committees of patriotic
societies for the purpose of fostering public sentiment
in favor of honoring the flag of our country and preserving it from deservation. It aims to co-ordinate
the efforts of all flag committees.
"American National Red Foss—Incorporated
by Congress, 1905, National headquarters, Washmgton, D. C. President—Wootrow Wilson, VicePresident—Robert W. De Forest, Tanising, John Skelton polylliams, Major Cen. William, C. Gorgas,

Rear-Admiral William C. Braisted, John W. Davis, Mabel T. Boardman, Robert W. De Forest, W. W. Morrow, John Bassett Moore, Albert A. Sprague, James Tanner, Brig.-Gen. Charles Bird, John M. Glenn, Franklin K. Lane, Charles Nagel, Charles D. Norton, Alfred T. White. Director General of Military Relief—Col. Jefferson R. Kean, Director-General of Civillan Relief—Ernest P. Bicknell, Treasurer—John Sketton Williams, Counsellor—John W. Davis, Secretary—Charles L. Magee.

Davis, Secretary—Charles L. Magee.

Imperial Order of the Dragon—Commemorating the China Relief Expedition of 1900. Grand Viceroy—W. C. Manly. Custodian of Archives—J. F. Wanner. Custodan of Finance—Harry Pierce. Surgeon—Samuel E. Reeves, M. D. Chaplatn—Rev. Cecil McAdie. Publicity Enroy—W. J. Lynn. Every soldier, sailor or marine at present in the service or bonorably discharged or retired from the service of the U. S. Army, Navy or Marine Corps who is entitled to the Chinese Campaign Medal may become life members upon the payment of \$3. This fee includes the official insigna and life membership card, and no other dues and assessments are to be made. Address all communications to Custodian of Archives, 347 West Forty-fourth Street, New York be made. Address all communications to Customan of Archives, 347 West Forty-fourth Street, New York

City.

Military Order of the Dragon—President—Major-Gen. Charles E. Humphrey, U. S. A. (retired). Vice-Presidents—Capt. Ridley McLean, U. S. N. and Col. George Richards, U. S. Marine Corps, Registrar—Major Henry Leonard, U. S. Marine Corps, Retired). Sectary and Treasurer—Col. Henry O. S. Heistand, U. S. A., Federal Building, Chicago, Ill.

The Veteran Corps of Artillery of the State of New York—The Veteran Corps of Artillery of the State of New York was instituted in New York City November 25, 1790, exclusively by officers and soldiers of the War of the Revolution, and was duly confirmed as a separate corp in the Clinton March 3, 179 in Charles of 1792, 1874, 1903, and Way 27, 1908, enacted that it should retain "accustomed privileges" as a component part of the Article Clinton March 3, 179 in Charles of the Majora Charles of the Majora Charles of the Majora Charles of the Majora Charles of the Majora Charles of the Majora Charles of the Majora Charles of the Majora Charles of the Majora Charles of the Majora Charles of the Majora Charles of the Majora Charles of the Majora Charles of the Majora Charles of the Majora Charles of the Majora Charles of the Majora Charles of the Majora Charles of the Majora Charles of the Majora Charles of the Majora Charles of the Majora Charles of the Majora Charles of the Majora Charles of the Majora Charles of the Majora Charles of the Majora Charles of the Majora Charles of the Majora Charles of the Majora Charles of the Majora Charles of the Majora Charles of the Majora Charles of the Majora Charles of the Majora Charles of the Majora Charles of the Majora Charles of the Majora Charles of the Majora Charles of the Majora Charles of the Majora Charles of the Majora Charles of the Majora Charles of the Majora Charles of the Majora Charles of the Majora Charles of the Majora Charles of the Majora Charles of the Majora Charles of the Majora Charles of the Majora Charles of the Majora Charles of the Majora Charles of the Majora Charles of the Majora Charles of the Majora Charles

When composed wholly of Revolutionary veterans, it was in the military service of the United States, June 25 to July 2, 1812, and September 2, 1814, to March 2, 1815, and afterward recruited exclusively from veterans War of 1812, until 1890, when the surviving veteran original members amended their regulations to admit male descendants of original members or male descendants of those who served honorably in the War of 1812 and the War of the Revolution, which limitation was fixed by law March 9, 1895. When composed whoily of Revolutionary veterans,

9. 1895.
On January 8, 1826, the Military Society of the War of 1812 was formed at New York City exclusively by officers of the regular Army, Navy, and volunter services of that war, and consolidated January 8, 1848, with the Veteran Corps of Artillery, and was constituted by law the Civic Association of the Corps, for "patriotic and other laudable purposes." Its last Revolutionary member, Daniel Spencer, died March 4, 1854, aged 95; its last War of 1812 member, Hiram Cronk, died May 13, 1905, aged 105. The officers are: Colond-Commandant—Ass. Bath. Actina Adjutant and Secretary—Lieut. Benjamin R. Lummis, Corumissary, 25 West Thirty-third Street, New York City.
The officers are commissioned, and the corps, with the National Guard, form a part of the active militia of the State.

of the State.

of the State.

The General Society of the War of 1812—
Composed of federated State societies in Pennsylvania, Maryland, Massachusetts, Connecticut, IlJinois, District of Columbia, New York, and New
Jersey, the members of each of which State societies
are borne upon the membership roll of the general
society. Any male person above the age of twentyone years who participated in, or who is a lineal
descendant of one who served during the War of
1812-1814 in the Army, Navy, Revenue, Marine,
or privateer service of the United States, offering
satisfactory proof to the State society to which he
makes application, and is of good moral character and
reputation, may become a member. In case of failure

of lineal descendants of an actual participant in said war, one collateral representative who is deemed worthy may be admitted to membership. President-General—John Cadwalader, Pennsylvania. Secretary-General—Herbert M. Leland, 10 Post-Office Square. Boston, Mass. Registrar-General—Herby Harmon Noble, Essex, N. Y. Treasure-General—George H. Richards, M. D. Otange, N. J. Seppendeneral—Alevania. Judge-Adweate-General—A. Lee Knott, Maryland. Chaptain-General—Rev. Henry Branch, Mary-

Society of the Sons of Oneida—President—Joseph M. Deuel, 125 West Eightieth Street, New York City, Vice-Presidents—Samuel A. Beardsley, 50 Wall Street, New York City; James L. Bennett, Chas. R. Carruth, 2 Rector Street, New York City. Secretary—Charles H. Wilson, 2 Rector Street, New York City. Treasurer—Charles E. Cady, 2 Rector Street, New York City. Executive Committee—Ellihu Root, James R. Sheffield, James E. Duross, A. Delos Kneeland, and Wm. F. Miller.

A. Delos Kneeland, and Wm. F. Miller.

Army and Navy Medal of Honor Legion—The
legion is composed of officers and enlisted men of the
United States Army and Navy who have been
awarded medals of honor for most distinguished gallantry in action during any war in which the United
States has been engaged. At the present time it

has 300 such members.

has 300 such members.

Commander—Orville T, Chamberlain, Elkbart,
Ind. Sentor Vice-Commander—Joseph S, Keene,
Detroit, Mich. Junior Vice-Commander—Paul H.
Welnert, Boston, Mass. Quartermaster—Alexander
A, Forman, 189 Montague Street, Brooklyn, N, Y.
Chaplain—Wm. S, Hubbell, Bible House, New York
City. Adjutant—John Brosnan, 381 Third Street,
Brooklyn, N, Y.
Naval History Society—The Sixty-second Congress of the United States, Second Session, enacted
the following law incorporating the Naval History
Society.

Soclety:

Sec. 2. That the object of such corporation shall be

Sec. 2. That the object of such corporation shall be to discover and procure data, manuscribts, writings, and whatever may relate to naval history, science, and art, and the surroundings and experiences of seamen in general and of American seamen in particular, and to preserve same by publication or otherwise. Sec. 4. That said corporation shall have the right to hold meetings at any place in the United States, but annual meetings for the election of officers shall be held in the City of Washington, where the principal office of said corporation shall be.

Sec. 5. That the said corporation shall have the power to take and hold, by gift, grant, purchase, or devise, real and personal property not exceeding in value five hundred thousand dollars, which shall not be divided among the members of the corporation, but shall be used and administered as a trust for the purposes of the corporation, and so tar as junexpended

be divided among the members of the corporation, but shall be used and administered as a trust for the purposes of the corporation, and so far as unexpended transmitted to their successors for the further promotion of such purposes.

Sec. 6. That the government of such corporation shall be vested in a board of eleven managers, to be elected by the members of such corporation, and the corporation shall have such officers as its Constitution and by-laws may prescribe.

President—Rear-Admiral C. F. Goodrich, U. S. N., Pomirte, Ct. Vtce-President—Robert M. Thompson, Washington, D. C. Secretary-Treasurer—Robert W. Neeser, 247 Flith Avenue, New York City.

Naval Order of the United States is composed of a General Commandery and Commanderies in the States of Massachusetts, Pennsylvania, New York, and California. The General Commanderies meet annually in the month of November. The Massachusetts Commandery as established three years later, on June 19, 1893. The Companions of the General Commandery was established three years later, on June 19, 1893. The Companions of the order are officers and the descendants of officers who served in the Nava of Maria In any war or in any battle in which the said naval forces of the United States have participated.

General Commander—Admiral George Dewey, U. S. N. Washington, D. C. Vice-General Commander—Admiral George Dewey, U.

General Commander—Admiral George Dewey, U. S. N., Washington, D. C. Vice-General Commanders—Rear-Admiral E. C. Pendieton, U. S. N., Philadelphia, Pa.; Brig.-Gen. James Forney, U. S. M. C., Philadelphia, Pa.; Rear-Admiral Francis J. Higgin-

son, U. S. N. General Recorder—Wm. A. Dripps (late U. S. N.), Philadelphia, Pa. General Treasurer— James Collum, Philadelphia, Pa.

Army and Navy Union—The Army and Navy Union was organized at Cincinnati and incorporated under the laws of Ohio in March, 1888. The National organization (called the National Corps) was organized in August, 1888. The union admits to its ranks any man who possesses an honorable discharge from the United States service, either regular or volunteer Army and Navy or Marine Corps, whether said service was before, during, or since any war at home or abroad. National headquarters, 1320 New York Avenue N. W., Washington, D. C.

York Avenue N. W., Washington, D. C. National Commander—H. Oden Lake, Washington, D. C. Adyutant-General—W. W. Lansdale, 1320 New York Avenue, Washington, D. C. Inspectar-General—Henry Lee, 1282 Price Street, Germantown, Philadelphia, Pa. Judge-Advocate-General—Andrew Olsson, 4509 Sixth Avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Olsson, 4509 Sixth Avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y.

The Union Society of the Civil War—President-General—Thurlow Weed Barnes, New York City.

Resistra-General—Col. Henry H. Andrew, New York City.

Secretary and Treasurer-General—Walter Rysam Jones, 45 Pine Street, New York City.

The society was founded in 1909 'To perpetuate the memory of those loyal officials who, outside the military and mayal service of the United States, rendered Invaluable aid and assistance to the National Government and Union cause during the Civil-War.' Elizibility—any loyal Union mans are observed and the second of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of the Court of Board of Managers to have been of sufficient value to warrant his election to membership in the society. Any man twenty-one years of age is eligible to membership who is descended from any of the foregoing classes provided he may be found worthy.

classes provided he may be found worthy. United Military Order of America—Organized in 1915 to unite in bonds of fraternity and friendship the descendants of men in the Army, Navy, and civilian service of the North and South during the war between the States, and to promote patriotism, Any acceptable man, 21 years of age, shall be eligible to membership in this order who is an hereditary member or eligible to hereditary membership in a recognized Northern or Southern patriotic organization of the United States of America in existence at date of formation of this order, in which qualification for membership is based on military, naval, or civilian service rendered between April 12, 1861, and April 9, 1865. and April 9, 1865.

and April 9, 1865.

The officers are: Governor-General—Col. Henry H,
Andrew, 507 West End Avenue, New York City,
Letetenant-Governor-General—Hon. George G. Battle, New York; Dr. George B. Lee, New York; Hon.
Hannibal E. Hamilin, Maine; Hon. Henry A. Wise,
New York; Hamilin R. Fairlax, New York, and Hon.
Edward C. Smith, Vermont. Secretary-General—
Waiter Rysam Jones, 45 Pine Street, New York
City. Treasurer-General—Henry P. Gibson, 49
Liberty Street, New York City.

George Washington Memorial Association— President—Mrs. Henry F. Dimock, New York, Treasurer—Mrs. Frank Northrop, New York, General Secretary—George Milbank Hersey, 609 Publicity Building, Boston, Mass

To furnish our National capital with a building which will provide facilities for the holding of congresses and conventions—both National and International. The building will also provide office accommodations for the many societies of National scope devoted to the advancement of humanity which require National headquarters, such as the patriotic, scientific, educational, art, literary, sociological and civic virtue organizations. It will also set apart a room for each State (which appropriates its quota of the total amount to be raised) so that a permanent exhibit of the State's resources may be accessible to the vast number of people visiting the National capital. It is to cost \$2,000,000 and will have an endowment fund of \$500,000 for maintenance. The building may also be used for langurat receptions and special public meetings authorized by Gongress. The structure which is to embody deals to be known as the George Washington Memorial Building. In a broader sense it will fulfil Washington's wish expressed in his Farewell Address, to "promote as an object of primary importance situtions for the general diffusion of knowledge." President Taft signed the bill on March 4, 1913, giving the association permission to erect this building in the north end of the reservation known as Armory Square, bounded by Sixth and Seventh Streets West, and B Street South, Washington, D. C. The Governors of forty-three States have accepted the Honorary Chairmanship of Advisory Councils being organized or appointed in their respective commonwealths.

The total amount to be raised, \$2,500,000, is commonwealths.

commonwealths.

The total amount to be raised, \$2,500,000, is equitably apportioned to the different States; for Instance. Rhode Island, \$50,000: Connecticut, \$100,000: Massachusetts. \$200,000: New York, \$350,000, etc., etc. A considerable amount has been raised and paid in to Mr. Charles J. Bell, Trustee of the Permanent Fund, President of the American Security and Trust Company of Washington, D. G. Gifts are invited.

The United States Hay Fever Association—Forty-three years ago the United States Hay Fever Association came into existence as a loke. But very soon it was discovered that real service might be rendered hay fever sufferers through organization. The "joke" became a "practical" one and has so remained to date. The forty-third annual convention of the association was held at Bethlehem, N. H., on August 31, 1916. A Vermont chapter was formed at Lunenberg, Vt., at the meeting held there on August 30, 1916.

The object of the association is the seeking for in-The object of the association is the seeking for information which will serve to relieve sufferers with hay fever and for their mutual benefit and comfort. Not only hay-feverites, but the townspeople and proprietors of hotels of places exempt from hay fever, the manufacturers of remedies for hay fever, and especially physicians who have made a study of this disease are invited to become members of the association, that all may work together for the best results.

President—John R. Pinover, Brookiyn, N. Y. Vice-President—William M. Patterson, New York. Secretary-Treasurer—Miss L. B. Gachus, 39 Third Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

The National Council of Women Voters— The Object of this association is to educate women voters in the exercise of their citizenship and to secure legislation in equal suffrage States in the interests of men and women, of children, and the home. To aid in the further extension of woman suffrage in the United States. National headquarters, 605 Perkins Building, Tacoma, Wash.

American Proportional Representation
League (For Securing an Effective Ballot)—
Prestdent—Wm. Dudley Foulke, Richmond, Ind.
Vice-Prestdents—Prof. John R. Commons, University
of Wisconsin; W. S. U'Ren, Portland, Ore; Alice
Thacher Post, Washington, D. C. General SecretaryTreasurer—Clarence Gilbert Hoag, Haverford, Pa.
Secretary-Treasurer for Canada—Howard S. Ross, Montreal.

American Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals—President—Alfred Wagstaff.
Vice-President—Gordon Knox Bell. Secretary—Richard Welling. Treasurer—Henry Bergh. General Manager—William K. Horton. Superintendent—Thomas F. Freel. Headquarters, Madison Avenue and Twenty-sixth Street, New York City.

Parliament of Peace and Universal Brother-hood—(non-political and unsectarian). Founded March 3, 1913, by Katherine Tingley, Point Loma, Cal. Corresponding Secretary—J. H. Fussell. The principles governing the parliament are: Brotherhood, Internationalism, Higher Patriotism, Moral Power. The parliament was convened at Point Loma, Cal., June 22, 1915, and will remain in session so long as the European war continues.

The Universal Brotherhood and Theosophical The Universal Brotherhood and Theosophical Society—The Universal Brotherhood and Theosophical Society, founded by Mine. H. P. Blavatsky in New York, 1875, continued after her death under the leadership of the co-founder, William Q. Judge, and now, under the leadership of their successor, Katherine Tingley, has its international headquarters at the world's theosophical centre, Point Long. Cal.

Loma, Cal.

Loma, Cai. This organization declares that brotherhood is a fact in Nature. The principal purpose of the organization is to teach brotherhood, demonstrate that it is a fact in nature, and make it a living power in the life of humanity, establishing Raja Yoga schools throughout the world, and creating a new literature. Its subsidiary purpose is to study ancient and motern subsidiary purpose is to study ancient and modern religion, science, philosophy, and art, to investigate the laws of nature and the latent divine powers in man. It declares in its Constitution that every member has a right to believe or dishelleve in any religious system or ohilosophy, each being required to show that tolerance for the opinions of others which he expects for his own.

Secretary—J. H. Fussell. Point Loma, Cal.

Secreany—J. H. Fussell. Point Loma, Cal.

Society of New York State Women—The society was organized in 1909 and incorporated in 1912. The object of this society is to promote interest along all lines pertaining to the development in New York State of the fine arts, civic and State prosperity, the betterment of conditions affecting women and children, the advancement of education in matters connected with the history of New York State and the encouragement of good fellowship among the members.

Men are eligible to associate membership; initia-

Men are eligible to associate membership; intitation fee, S2; yearly dues, S3; meeting place, Hotel Astor, second Monday of each month.

The officers and their addresses in New York City are: President—Mrs. Gerard Bancker, Slaterville Springs, N. Y. First Vice-President—Mrs. Wm. G. Demorest, 788 Riverside Drive. Second Vice-President—Mrs. Wnn. G. Mailer, Dinlie. Third Vice-President—Mrs. Wnn. C. Walser. Recording Secretary—Mrs. Oscar Simmons, 427 Fort Washington Avenue, New York City. Corresponding Secretary—Mrs. William D. Beam, 65 West Sixty-eighth Street, New York City. City.

National One-Cent Letter-Postage Associa-tion—President—Charles William Burrows. Secre-tary-Treasurer—George T. McIntosh. Headquarters, New Guardian Building, 627 Euclid Avenue, Cleve-land, Ohlo.

and, Ohio.

The Non-Smokers' Protective League—The Non-Smokers' Protective League was organized in New York May 9, 1910. President—Dr. Charles G. Pease. Scretary—Eugenio di Pirani. Directors—Chancellor James R. Day, Syracuse; President David Starr Jordan, Leland Stanford University; Dr. Harvey W. Wiley; Prof. Burt G. Wilder, Cornell; Rev. Dr. Jenkin Lloyd Jones, Chicago; Prof. Thomas B. Stowell, University of Southern California; Prd. Winneld S. Hall, Northwestern University; Prof. W. A. McKeever, Kansas State Agricultural College; Dr. J. W. Seaver; Dr. Stephen F. Peckham, Brooklyn, and William H. Douglas, William E. Che H. Valentine, George A. Rutherford, T. Abrock H. Valentine, George A. Rutherford, T. Asserb, H. Valentine, George A. Rutherford, T. C. Lasswell, Brooklyn, N. Y. F. W. Moman Lutiversity of South Dakota, Membership G. Pease of New York City.

Membership G. Pease of New York City.

Membership G. Pease of New York City.

New York Start League of Savings and Load.

New York State League of Savings and Loan New York State League of Savings and Loan Associations—president—James P. Judge, Brooklyn, N. Y. First Vice-President—Elmer E. Stanton, Troy, N. Y. Treasurer—John H. White, Schenetady, N. Y. Secretary—Archibald W. McEwan, 2161 Bathgate Avenue, New York City. There are 145 associations enrolled, with a membership of 158,-000 and 527 000 000 assets. 000 and \$57,000,000 assets.

Metropolitan League of Savings and Loan Associations—President—J. Barth, Cronin, Brooklyn, New York. Secretary—Archibald W. McEwan, 2161 Bathsate Avenue, New York City. Treasurer—Edward M. Cutler, New York City. There are forty-seven associations enrolled, with a membership of 48,330 and 530,000,000 assets.

Congress of States Societies—President—Mrs. Thomas J. Vivian. Recording Secretary—Mrs. Robins A. Lau, 315 West Ninety-fourth Street, New York City. Corresponding Secretary—Mrs. Charles D. Hirst, 239 West Forty-fith Street, New York City. Treasurer—Miss Bertha L. Soule, Hotel St. George, Brooklyn, N. Y. Headquarters—Hotel Astor, New York City.

F. Life-Saving Service of the City of New York

—President—Commodore Henry E. Smolen. VicePresident—Wallace E. Schaufele. Treasurer—Chas. —President—Commodore Henry E. Smolen. Vice-President—Wallace E. Schaufele. Treasurer—Chas. F. Stahl. Secretary—Roland Whitehurst. Head-quarters, 220 Broadway, New York City. Life-saving stations in all boroughs of Greater New York. Complement comprises 32 divisions, 148 commis-sioned officers, 1,112 surfmen and petty officers. Rescues, 501; assistance rendered, 1,106; first aid cases, 3,386. Awards of medals, bars, certificates for cases, 3,386. Awards of medals, bars, certificates for heroic rescues, 101.

Anti-Horse Thief Association—Founded 1854; National order, 1; State orders, 7; sub-orders, 1,350; membership, 45,000.

The aim and object of the A. H. T. A. are concisely stated in the following preamble to the Constitution

of the association:

We, the State order, including the delegates representing the subordinate orders of the "Anti-Horse-Thief Association," of the Kansas Division and its furisdiction. In order to add in the upholding of civil laws. To insure the safety of our people and the security of their property against loss by thleves, roherman. bers, murderers, vagrants, tramps, incendiaries, and all violators of law, and to secure to us and our fam-ilies the enjoyment of life and the pursuit of happiness

liles the enjoyment of life and the pursuit of happiness in the possession of our honest reward of labor with equal and just rights to all.

National President—Bert Williamson, Newton, Kan. National Secretary—J. M. Pence, Morrison-ville, Ill. President, Kansas Division—B. L. Taft, Parsons, Kan. Secretary—G. J. McCarty, Coffey-ville, Kan. Next State meeting will be held on the third Wednesday in October, 1917, at Ottawa, Kan. Next National meeting will be held on the first Thursday in October, 1917, at Joplin, Mo.

The Gateway Movement-The Gateway Move-The Gateway Movement—The Gateway Movement is a campaign of agitation, education, and legislation through the press, pulpit, and lyceum in support of MY PLATFORM. Officers: Prestdent—George S. Lovelace (Great Commander Knights of the Maccabees). Vice-Prestdents—Malcolm J. McLeod, D. J. Hendrie, John H. Greusel. Founder and Secretary—John F. Hogan (publisher and editor The Gateway Magazine). Office, 1124 Dime Bank Building, Derrols, Moh. John F. Hogar Magazine). O Detroit, Mich.

MY PLATFORM—To combat Socialism; to uphold our representative form of government; to safeguard rights of life, liberty, and property; to promote respect for constituted authority; to assist in a better mutual understanding between capital and labor, rich and poor, employer and employé; to sustain workmen in their demand for just compensation; to support employers in their right for reasonable profits; to make clear that the interests of both sides are mutual, and based on loyalty in its broadest sense; to advocate individual initiative as the basis for all social, industrial, and political progress; to defend integrity of family, love of country, reverence for God. -To combat Socialism; to uphold MY PLATFORMfor God.

Bald-Head Club of America—Organized in Falls Village, Ct., 1912. One of the conditions mentioned in the application for membership is the statement printed therein that the applicant's "bald spot is not less than three inches in diameter," and a further purpose is to promote social and fraternal relations between bald heads and cultivate a sentiment of sympathy for men who have hair. Membership fee 31.

ment of sympathy for men who have hair. Attemoerabip fee, St.

Prestdent—P. Davis Oakey, Hartford, Ct. VicePrestdent—George C. Woodruff, Litchfield, Ct.

Secretary-Treasurer—Walter W. Norton, Lakeville,
Ct. Commissioners of Publicity—Louis T. Stone,
Winsted, Ct.: John Rodemeyer, Canaan, Ct., and
Clifford Knight, Hartford, Ct.

National Association for the Study and Education of Exceptional Children—"This association, which was founded by Dr. Maximilian P. E. Grosznann, has approached the problem of exceptional development from the point of view of the normal, or potentially normal, child as representing an actual, positive asset in human society. In doing this, this association has endeavored to elaborate a auitable and selentifically tenable classification and terminology which would enable students of this problem to understand the different types of exceptional development in their true perspective. It is the purpose of this association to evolve methods by which this human waste can be avoided, just as modern processes of manufacture and industry have ied to saving what was formerly waste material and modern processes of manufacture and industry have led to saving what was formerly waste material and what is now often turned into products more valuable than the original object of production." Organized in New Jersey in 1905.

Prestdent—Dr. Ira S. Wile, New York City. Vice-Prestdent—A. A. D'Ancona, San Francisco, Cel. Secretary and Treasurer—Waldemar H. Groszmann, Plainfield, N. J. Educational Director—Dr. Maximillian P. E. Groszmann, Plainfield, N. J.

National Association of Postmasters-National Association of Postmasters—The National Association of Postmasters of First-Class Offices was organized at Detroit, Mich., October 8, 1898. The association consists of Postmasters of the first, second, and third class Post-Offices in the United States, Secretary—E. S. Shannon, Nashville, Tenn.

The American-Scandinavian Society-This so-The American-Scandinavian Society—This society was organized 1908. Its purposes are to cultivate closer relations between the Scandinaviar countries and the United States, and to strengther the bonds between Scandinavian-Americans. In this season of 1913-1914 the society arranged a Scandinavian concert in New York and lectures by prominent Scandinavians. Headquarters, 25 West Forty fifth Street, New York City. President—F. C. W. Rambusch, Scardiavy—Stanley T. Olafson.

Rambusch. Sceretary—Stanley T. Olatson.

The American-Scandlnavlan Foundation—
Consists of a self-perpetuating board of trustees, in corporated in 1911, to hold in trust and administer as endowment of more than \$500,000, given by the lat Niels Poulson, and other funds which may be in trusted to their care in order to cultivate closer in tellectual relations between residents of the Unite States and the Scandinavian countries. The foundation carries out this end by granting stipends t students, and aids to educational undertakings be publishing the Scandinavian Classics, Scandinavia monographs, and the American-Scandinavian Revited and by maintaining a bureau in New York. In the Scandinavian countries it is represented by advisor committees appointed by the Kings of Denmarl Norway, and Sweden. Headquarters, 25 West Forty fith Street. Secretary—Henry Goddard Leach.

Nazional Municipal League.—Prestdent—Law

nith Street. Secretary—Henry Goddard Leach.

National Municipal League—Prestdent—Law son Purdy, New York. Vice-Presidents—Chan Richardson, Philadelphia, Pa.; J. H. McFarland Harrisburg, Pa.; Miss Jane Addams, Chicage Ill.; Meyer Lissner, California; John Stewart Bryan Richmond, Va.; Dubley Tibblits, Troy, N. Y.; Ławrence Lowell, Cambridge, Mass.; George McAneny, New York City, Richard S. Childs, Ne York; Oliver McClintock, Pittsburgh, Pa.; Walter Fisher, Chicago, Ill.; Robert Treat Paine, Boston Mass.; L. S. Rowe, Philadelphia, Pa. Treasurer-George Burnham, Jr., Philadelphia, Pa. Secretary-Clinton Rogers Woodruff, 703 North America Building, Philadelphia, Pa. Chairman Executic Committee—M. N. Baker, Montclair, N. J. Tleague is composed of individuals and association formed in cities of the United States, and having an object the improvement of municipal governmen It has no connection with State or National partic or Issues, and confines itself strictly to municipalfairs. Any association belonging to the leagung withdraw at any time.

hay withdraw at any time.

League of American Municipalities—Preside:
—Martin Behrman, New Orleans, La. First Vic
President—Fatrick C. O'Brien, Newark, N. J. Se
oud Vice-President—Leslie H. Boyd, Montres
Canada, Third Vice-President—James M. Curle
Boston, Mass. Fouth Vice-President—Roswell of
Johnson, Gary, Ind. Scretary-Treasurer—Robe
E. Lee, Baltimore, Md. Honoray Secretary f
Canada—C. J. Brown, Winnipeg, Canada.

The objects of the League of American Municipalities are as follows: The general improvement and facilitation of every branch of municipal administration by the following means: First—The perpetuation of the organization as an agency for the co-operation of American cities in the practical study of all questions pertaining to municipal administration. Second—The holding of annual conventions for the discussion of contemporaneous municipal affairs. Third—The establishment and maintenance of a central bureau of information for the colicction, compilation, and dissemination of statistics, reports, and all kinds of information relative to municipal government. The membership of the league includes nearly all of the important cities in this country and Canada. all of the important cities in this country and Canada.

all of the important cities in this country and Canada.

American Civic Association — President — J.

Horace McFarland, Harrisburg, Pa. First VicePresident—John Noien, Cambridge, Mass. VicePresident—Ciliton Rogers Woodruft, Philadelphia, Pa.; Geo. B. Dealey, Dalliss, Tex.; J. Lockie Wilson, Toronto, Canada; Mrs. Edward W. Biddle, Carlisle, Pa.; Arnoid W. Brunner, New York City; J. C. Nichols, Kansas City, Mo. Secretary—Richard B. Watrous, 914 Union Trust Building, Washington, D. C. Treasurer—William B. Howland, New York City.

The American Civic Association was formed by merger of the American League for Civic Improvement and the American Park and Outdoor Art Association, June 10, 1904. The association seeks to combine and make efficient the country-wide effort for civic betterment. It has led in the effort to prevent the destruction of Niagara Falls for power purposes; it advocates a Federal Bureau of National Parks; it is inaugurating a campaign for the restraint and reduction of Objectionable outdoor advertising Parks; it is inaugurating a campaign for the restraint and reduction of objectionable outdoor advertising as a defacement of Nature, and it urges community beauty. It fosters parks, playgrounds, and outdoor recreation; it arouses communities, and leads them toward betterment; it conducts a city-planning department, and directs a National crusade against the "typhoid" fly. A lantern-slide service is maintained, and many bulletins are issued.

"typhoid" fly. A lantern-slide service is maintained, and many bulletins are issued.

Society of Building Commissioners and Inpectors—President—James G. Houghton, Inspector if Buildings, Minneapolls, Minn. Executive Officer—Fow D. Fitzpatrick 4200 Statement Street, Sashing Minnels of Commissioners and respective of the Statement of Statement of Municipal Building Commissioners and respective and association of the chiefs of the building departments of the United States. Canada, and Mexico, the vincipal cities of Europe, Australia, and China, to romote the "improvement of building methods: the evision and perfecting of building ordinances and ecuring their more thorough enforcement; the lesseng of our appalling fire losses; mutual assistance, the neterchange of ideas, and the binding in closer union of the building bureaus of the several cities with the riew of ultimate uniformity of building laws."

International Reform Bureau—206 Pennsylania Avenue S. E., Washington, D. C. President—tev. W. R. Weddersnoon. Secretary—Rev. Henry unstadt. Superintendent and Treasurer—Rev. Wilhur? Crafts, Ph. D. Devoted to the repression of inemperance, impurity, Sabbath-breaking, gambling, and kindred evils, by lectures, letters, legislation, and iterature; also giving special attention to anti-opium roors in China, and the suppression of liquor selling of only in the United States, but also in mission elds, among native races. The bureau has drawn txteen laws that have passed Congress. Is now romoting bills for Federal censorship of motion picures and prohibition of 'interstate telegraphing of see gambling bets, and providing union courses of ible reading and wall charts of the Commandments or public schools.

National Housing Association—Established in or public schools.

National Housing Association-Established in National Housing Association—Established in 910 to improve housing conditions, both urban and uburban, in every practicable way. Local associations or committees affiliated with the National association are being established in many American titles. Secretary and Director—Lawrence Veiller, leadquarters, 105 East Twenty-second Street, New ork City.

National Highways Protective Society—
resident—Frederic R. Coudert. Sicreary—Edward
Cornell. Treasure—Joseph A. Herron. Headuarters, 1 West Thirty-fourth Street, New York
ity. To prevent the improper and unreasonable use
t the public highways and public roads and places
y the owners and users of horses, carriages, bicycles,

automobiles, and all other vehicles; to enforce and protect the rights of the members of this corporation and the public in the reasonable and proper use of such public highways, public roads and places, endeavor to secure the construction and maintenance of good roads by public authority; and in furtherance, and not in way of limitation upon the objects above enumerated, to endeavor to bring about reasonable and uniform rules and regulations for the use of the public highways, roads and places throughout the United States of America; to aid in the enforcement of the laws in respect thereto, and so far as may be United States of America; to aid in the enforcement of the laws in respect thereto, and so far as may be lawful to aid in securing any such changes or modifications thereof as may be found necessary or proper. The society has a children's farm-garden in New York City (Jones's Wood), Sixty-sixth Street, between First and Second Avenues; playground for small children, Sixty-ninth Street and Second Avenue. Established for the purpose of keeping children off the street and out of harm's way.

National Conference of Chaptiles and Conse

the street and out of harm's way.

National Conference of Charities and Correction—The National Conference of Charities and Correction the National Conference of Charities and Correction meets annually. The forty-fourth session, 1917, will be at Pittsburgh, Pa., June 6-13. President—Frederic Almy, Buffalo. N. Y. General Secretary and Treasurer—William T. Cross, 315 Plymouth Court, Chicago, III.

The purpose of the National Conference is to be a forum for discussion of the various problems of philanthropy, penoigy, and social progress. The conference does not formulate platforms nor adopt resolutions calling for action. Proceedings published, cloth bound, about 500 pages, price \$2.

The Secretary's office includes a bureau of In-

The Secretary's office includes a bureau of information on all subjects concerning charity and correction, service free to members of the conference. Annual dues, \$3.00. Sustaining membership, \$10. Headquarters, Chicago, III.

National Veterans Relief Corps, Inc.—Incorporated December 28, 1914. Charitable organization for relief of all honorably discharged soldiers, sallors, their widows, and decendents. Fresident-General—Col. Wm. Patton Griffith. Vice-President-General—Comm. Chas. Choate Dow. Treasurer—Chas. O. S. B. Gumaelins. Headquarters, 307 Pulitzer Building, New York City.

American Association of Societies for Organ-American Association of Societies for Organizing Charities—The chier work of the association is to carry the message of organized charity throughout the country, and to assist in the formation of new societies, in response to a call which will probably exceed all present resources for such work.

Executive Committee—Mrs. W. H. Lothrop, Boston, Mass., Chairman; W. H. Baldwin, Vice-Chairman, Treasurer—W. Frank Persons. General Secretary—Francis H. McLean. General Office, 130 East Twenty-second Street, New York City.

Twenty-second Street, New York City.

The Anti-Saloon League of America—President
—Bishop Luther B. Wilson, New York City. General
Supertinencent—Rev. P. A. Baker, Westerville, Ohio.
Secretary.—Rev. S. E. Nicholson, Richmono, Ind.
Treasurer.—Foster Copeland, Columbus, Ohio, Ind.
Treasurer.—Foster Copeland, Columbus, Ohio, Ind.
The Anti-Saloon League of America was organized
at Washington, D. C., December 18, 1895, and is
installed in all the States and Territories, including
the Hawaiian Islands and Alaska.
The league throughout the Nation employs about
1,000 persons, who give their entire time to the work
of this institution, and it has about 175 offices from
which were distributed during the year more than
2,000,000 book pages of anti-saloon literature per
day during the year.
World's Purity Federation—This tederation
and the committee out of which it grew have been at

day during the year.

World's Purity Federation—This federation and the committee out of which it grew have been at work since November, 1900, and represents the largest and first real organized movement in North America, in a national and international sense, for the eradication of the annihilation of the committee in white save training the annihilation of the save training the same and and an enternation of the young in sex hydrene. Departments of work are maintained covering every phase of social purity work. An International Purity Congress is held every two years.

The international headquarters is at La Crosse, Wis. The officers are: President—B. S. Steadwell, La Crosse, Wis. First Vice-Prestdent—Rev. T. Albert Moore, Toronto, Canada. Second Vice-Prestdent—Dr. E. H. Pratt, Chicago, Ili. Secretary—Laurence E. Brownell, Winnipeg, Canada. Treasurer—Dr. W. D. Lawrence, Minneapolis, Minn,

International Defense League for Home Pro-tection—J. Hungerford Milbank, founder. Head-quarters, 21 Park Row, New York City.

quarters, 21 Park Row, New York City.

American Society for Thrift—The society was founded to promote thrift by inquiry, discussion, and education. It accepts no fees or contributions; it sends out regularly literature on the subject of thrift. In brief, its function is to lead an American thrift propaganda. It is affiliated with the National Education Association in its work, and these two organizations have appointed a thrift board which is canvassing a plan of introducing thrift teachings in the public schools of America.

President—S. W. Straus. Secretary—Henry R. Danlel. Headquarters, 30 North Michigan Boulevard, Chicago, Ill.

American Order of Clansmen, Grand Clansmen, Organd Clansmen, Grand Clansmen,

American Order of Clansmen, Grand Clan—
The American Clansmen date back their history to
the early settlement at Jamestown in 1607. The
American Order of Clansmen is a nation-wide patriotic, social, and benevolent secret society of the
best class of white male citizens. The purpose of
this order is to encourage a greater love of our country, our fag. and our profitoral institutions. The this order is to encourage a greater love of our country, our fag, and our national institutions. The Grand Clan American Order of Clansmen is the source of all authority. The governing hodies are the Grand Clan and the Grand Clan Council, which are located in San Francisco, Cai. There are numerous local clans instituted in every state of the Union. Grand Director-General—Dr. Henry Waterhouse. Grand Secretary—Francis R. Apter, 12 Dodge Street, San Francisco, Cai.

Cripples' Welfare Society—Chartered to promote and elevate, through organization, crippled humanity's social and physical condition, thereby opening to them such suitable departments of labor as their physical condition will permit them to pursue;

as their physical condition will permit them to pursue; procuring them employment; securing their artificial appliances at a greatly reduced price, as well as their everyday necessities, thereby placing them above dreaded mendicancy; likewise securing their rights and equity in National, State and civic laws. President—Dr. R. H. Shanahan, Yonkers, N. Y. Vice-presidents—Dr. John N. Bassiu, Dr. Wm, Sheldon Coons and Rev. Lewis Edwin Hess. Secretary-Treasurer—Geo. W. Ryder, Hotel St. Dennis, Broadway and Eleventh Street, New York City. Headquarters, 347 Fifth Avenue, New York City. Mendigation of Park SuperIntend-American Association of Park SuperIntendas their physical condition will permit them to pursue

American Association of Park Superintendents—Organized in Boston, Mass., 1898. President—John F. Walsh, Jr., New York City. Vice-President—Henry W. Busch. Detroit, Mich.; Hermann W. Merkel, New York City; Erust Strehle, St. Louis, Mo.; Alexander Stuart, Ottawa, Canada; Clarence L. Brock, Houston, Tex.; Chas. W. Davis, Memphis, Tenn. Secretary-Treasurer—Roland Cotterili, Seattle, Wash.

Attle, Wash.

National German-American Alliance of the United States—Founded 1900. Incorporated by Act of Congress. President—Dr. C. J. Hexamer. Secretary—Adolph Timm. Treasurer—Gottlob Hammer. Headquarters, 419 Walnut Street, Philadelphia, Pa. Object: Educational and patriotic.

Telephone Floncers of America—The objects of this society are social. They are to bring together those who were associated with the early days of the telephone business and perpetuate those friendships made at that time. President—Theo. N. Vall. Secretary—R. H. Starrett. Treasurer—George D. Milne. Headquarters, 195 Broadway, New York City. City.

New York Association for the Blind—Organ-lzed in 1906 for the prevention of blindness and for the training and relief of the blind. Headquarters, the Lighthouse, 111 East Filty-ninth Street, New York City; Bourne Workshop for Blind Men (for the manulacture of brooms, baskets, brushes, etc.); Tuning School. President—Joseph H. Choate. Vice-Presidents—Miss Helen Keller, John H. Finley, and F. Park Lewis. Treasurer—F. L. Eldridge. Secretary—Miss Winifred Holt.

The Blind Tuners Guild of New York, which has The Blind Tuners Guild of New York, which has its headquarters at 111 East Fitty-ninth Street, was founded with the ohject of stimulating and developing the work of blind tuners in New York.

Intercollegiate Menorah Association—An association whose membership is about 3,500, comprising at present constituent societies in fitty universities

and colleges of the United States and Canada. The purpose of the association is "the study and advancement of Jewish culture and ideals." Membershlp in the various societies is open to all students and members of the faculties in the respective universities.

The officers are as follows: Chancellor—Henry Hurwitz, 600 Madlson Avenue, New York City. President—Prol. I. Leo Sharfman, University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, Mich. Secretary—Samuel Sussman, Columbia University. Treasure—B. J. Reis, New York University. First Vice-President—Benjamin Levinson, Yale University. Second Vice-President—Harry W. Davis, University of Minnesota. Third Vice-President—Miss Rosalind Magnes, University of California.

Woman's Relief Corps—This organization is one of the largest organizations of women in the country, numbering 2,715 corps, with a membership of 161,761. It has been the recognized auxiliary of the Grand Army of the Republic since 1833, and has expended for the assistance of veterans of the Civil War and their dependent ones and for Memorial Day the sum of \$4,699,299.21.

The objects of the order are: To ald and assist the G. A. R. and perpetuate the memory of their heroic dead. To find homes for the Union veterans, their widows and orphans, and to emulate the deeds of our army nurses. To maintain true allegiance to the United States of America; to Inculeate lessons of patriotism and love of country among our children and in the communities in which we live; to encourage the spread of universal liberty and equal rights to all. Headquarters, 1.17 Colfax Avenue South, Minneapolis, Minn. National President—Ida K. Martin, Minneapolis, Minn. National Secretary—Eliza Brown-Daggett, Attleboro, Mass. National Treasurer—Estelia E. Plopper, Iowa Falls, Iowa. The objects of the order are: To aid and assist the

American Society of Marine Draftsmen— President—G. W. Nusbaum, Washington, D. C. Vice-President—A. H. Haag, Newport News, Va. Treasurer—P. K. Thurston, Washington, D. C. Seccetary—B. G. Barnes, 40 Faxon Avenue, Quincy, Mass. This society has nineteen branches, with an approximate membership of 1,500.

approximate membership of 1,500.

Headquarters Army and Navy Medal of Honor Legion of the United States of America—Congress passed a bill, which was approved by President Wilson on April 27, 1916, which established in the War and Navy Departments, respectively, a Roll, designated as the Army and Navy Medal of Honor Roll, and grants to each person enrolled thereon a special pension of ten dollars per mouth, in addition to any other pension he may receive. The United States Congress requires a far higher degree of valor hefore granting the Congressional Medal of Honor than is required by any other nation for its similar decoration. Every nation, with its special decoration, gives a special pension for the special deed of valor which gained it. The Congressional Medal of Honor is hardest to gain, fewest in numbers, the least known and appreciated of any military decoration of honor is hardest to world. Commander—Ovylile T. Chamberlain, 329 West Franklin Street, Eikhart, Ind.

Ind.

The Military Order of the Serpent—The Military Order of the Serpent Is a secret and social organization founded upon facts, and is of historical interest. "A corporation not for proft," founded at Cleveland, Ohio, January 1, 1904, by Fred Manning and Walter Scott MacAaron, and Incorporated under the laws of Ohio, August 6, 1907. It consists of the Supreme Lair of the United States and twenty-one Grand Lairs, with Local Lairs owing allegiance to them. Having spread with great rapidity it now maintains flourishing Grand Lair organizations in the following States and Territories: New York, Ohio, Colorado, Massachusetts, Pennsylvania, California, Missouri, Minnesota, Montana, New Jersey, Washington, Iillnois, Connecticut, Indiana, Wisconsin, Nebraska, Iowa, Oklahoma, Michigan, Virginia, Kansas, Philippine Islands, Canal Zone, Hawail, District of Columbia, Also members-atlarge in twenty States where there is no Grand Lair or unattached Lair.

Its objects and purposes are: To maintain a secret and social society to perpetuate the memories of the war with Spain, the incident struggle in the Philip-pines, the China Relief Expedition; for literary pur-

#### MILITARY, PATRIOTIC AND OTHER SOCIETIES-Continued.

poses connected with these wars, as well as to more firmly establish good fellowship among the comrades of the United Spanish War Veterans. No person not a member of that body in good standing is eligible to its membership.

Suprome Gu Gu Grandississimo—Paul Stobbe, \$42
East 228th Street, New York City. Supreme Datto—
Howard M. Peters, Q. M. Dept. United States Marine
Corps, Washington, D. C. Supreme Slite and Slimy
Keepers of the Ophidian—Eben O'Brien, 3149 West
Thirty-eighth Street. Chicago, Ill. Albert J. Obenberger, 613 Twenty-eighth Street, Milwaukee, Wis.;
Nick De Nunzio, 529 West Market Street, Louisville,
Ky.; Thos. M. Stalford, care of the Hiker, Athens,
Pa

Order of Indian Wars of the United States— The object of this society shall be to perpetuate the memories of the services rendered by the military forces of the United States in their conflicts and wars against hostile Indians within the territory or jurisdiction of the United States, and to collect and Salle St., Chicago.

secure for publication historical data relating to the instances of heroic service and personal devotion by which Indian warfare has been illustrated. Recorder—Col. Chas. C. Walcutt, Jr., U. S. A., War Department, Washington, D. C.

The National Industrial Traffic League—The object of this league is to interchange ideas concerning traffic matters, to co-operate with the Interstate Commerce Commission, State railroad commissions and transportation companies in promoting and securing heter understanding by the public and the State and National Governments of the needs of the traffic world; to secure proper legislation where deemed necessary, and the modification of present laws where considered harmful to the free interchange of commerce, with the view to advance fair dealing and to promote, conserve, and protect the commercial and transportation intests. President—G. M. Freer. Vace-Pressert, Bell. Headquarters—Tacoma Bidg., 5 North La Salle St., Chicago.

### THE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH IN THE UNITED STATES.

DEPARTMENTS OF EDUCATION AND MINISTERIAL RELIEF.

Secretary—Henry H. Sweets, 122 South Fourth Avenue, Louisville, Ky. Treasurer—John Stites, sville, Ky. Louisville.

#### JAPAN.

It is claimed that the Empire was founded by the first Emperor, Jimmu Tenno, 660 B. c. The succession to the throne devolves upon the male descendants. By the Constitution of February 11, 1889, the Emperor has the right of all the executive powers, assisted by the advice of the Cabinet Ministers who are appointed by him.

-President-Prince I. Tokugawa. Vice-President-Marquis Kuroda. Secretary-House of Peers-Pa General-Mr. K. Yanagida.

The composition of the House of Peers is as follows: Princes of Blood, 12; Princes, 12; Marquises, 35; Counts, 17; Viscounts, 69; Barons, 63; Imperial Nomlnees, 123; Representatives of Highest Taxpayers, 43; total, 374.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES-President-Mr. S. Shimada. Vice-President-Mr. S. Hayami. Secretary-General-Mr. K. Okazaki.

The number of members is as follows: Doshikai, 147; Chuseikai, 34; Koyu Club, 53. These parties are pro-Government: Kokumato, 27; Seiyukai, 104; Independents, 19; total, 381.

The Cabinet consists of the following members:

Prime Minister and Minister of Finance—Marshal Marine—Admiral Tomosaburo Kato.
Terauchi.
Interior—Baron Goto.
Foreign Affairs—Baron Motono.
Foreign Affairs—Baron Motono.
War—Licut-Gen. Oshima.

Marine—Admiral Tomosaburo Kato.
Agricutture and Commerce—Mr. Naks
Mastinum.
Education—Mr. Okada.
Communications—Baron Den. -Mr. Nakasholi.

Five principal islands—Honshiu, Kiushiu, Shlkoku, Hokkaido, and Taiwan—and many small islands make up the Empire.

Islands.	Area Sq. Mi.	Islands.	Area Sq. Mi.		Area Sq. Mi.
Honshiu (Malnland) Shikoku. Hokkaldo* Kiushiu Kurile Islands‡	87,426 7,083 30,502 15,703 6,068	Awaji. Iki. Tsushima Riukiu† Ogasawarajima§.	52 266 941	Chosen (Korea) Taiwan (Formosa) Hokoto (Pescadores) Karafuto.	13,944 47 13,253
SadoOki	131	Total	148,756	Grazia dosta	200,.00

\*Excluding the Chishima. †55 islands. ‡31 islands. \$20 islands. In 1905 Japanese Karafuto and the lease of Port Arthur, Talien and adjacent territory were ceded by Russia by the Treaty of Portsmouth, N. H. The Chino-Japanese Treaty of December 22, 1905, provided for the interests of China and Japan in relation to Manchuria (see China). On August 23, 1910, by a treaty between Japan and Korea, the Korean Territory was annexed to Japan.

The population of Japan in 1914 was: Males, 27,091,958; females, 26,504,926; total, 53,696,858.

The population of Japan in 1914 was: Males, 27,091,958; females, 26,504,926; total, 53,696,858. The total imports of Japan during 1915 amounted to \$265,160,069, of which \$73,497,484 were from British India, \$51,062,071 from the United States, \$42,-752,172 from China, \$28,926,015 from Great Britain, \$14,228,590 from Australia, \$13,853,908 from the Kwantung Province, \$8,123,503 from Dutch India. The value of Japan's total exports during 1915 was \$352,736,884, of which \$101,662,638 went to the United States, \$70,279,048 to China, \$38,992,991 to Asiatic Russia, \$34,110,017 to Great Britain, \$21,062,030 to France, \$21,016,825 to British India, \$13,645,870 to Hongkong, \$11,055,999 to the Kwantung Province, Japanese subjects residing abroad in June 30, 1914, were: China 121,956, United States \$0,778, Hawaiian Islands 90,803, South America 21,831, Canada 11,959, Australia 6,661, Philippine Islands 5,298, Singapore and Straits Settlements 5,166, Siberia 4,563, Java 2,949, Mexico 2,737, Hongkong 1,555, India, Siam, Indo-China 1,224, Europe 1,231, Total, 358,711.

#### MILITARY ORDER OF THE LOYAL LEGION OF THE UNITED STATES.

Commander-tn-Chief—Lieut.-Gen. Samuel B. M. Young, U. S. A. Recorder-tn-Chief—Brevet Lieut.-Col. John F. Nicholson.
The Military Order of the Loyal Legion of the United States was organized by officers and ex-officers of the Army, Navy and Marine Corps of the United States who took part in the war of 1861-65. Total membership of the Loyal Legion 18 6,914.

#### ELIGIBILITY TO MEMBERSHIP AS FOLLOWS:

Conginal companions of the first class—Commissioned officers and honorably discharged commissioned officers of the United States Army, Navy and Marine Corps, regular or volunteer, including officers of assimilated or corresponding rank by appointment of the Secretary of War or Navy, who were actually engaged in the suppression of the Rehellion prior to the 15th day of April, 1850; or who, having served as non-commissioned officers, warrant officers or enlisted men, during the War of the Rebellion, have since been or may hereafter be commissioned as officers in the United States Regular or Volunteer Army, Navy or Marine Corps. All midshipmen in the United States Naval Academy or the United States Army, who, while pursuing their course in the United States Military Academy at West Point, actually rendered service. Herefitary companions of the first class—The direct male lineal descendants, who shall have attained the age of 21 years, of deceased original companions of the first class, and of deceased officers not members of the order, but who were eligible as such, and whose direct descent shall in every case be traced anew from the original founder of the membership in the order, or from the deceased eligible officer, and not otherwise. Any original companion about not officer in male descendant, may by writing, filed with the Recorder of his Commandery, nominate a companion of the second class from among the collateral male members of his family, descending only from his own brother or sister, and the person so nominated when he shall have attained the age of 21 years shall become eligible to membership for life in the second class.—The sons, and if there be no sons, the grandsons, of living companions of the first class, whether original in succession, or by inheritance, who shall have attained the age of 21 years, shall be eligible to membership for life in the second class.

whether original, in succession, or by inheritance, who shall have attained the age of 21 years, shall be eligible to membership.

Third class—Companions of the third class are those gentlemen who in civil life during the Rebellion

were specially distinguished for conspicuous and consistent loyalty to the National Government and were active and eminent in maintaining the supremacy of the same; and who, prior to the 15th day of April, 1890, were elected members of the order pursuant to the then existing provisions of the Constitution, the power to elect such having ceased at that date.

ROLL OF COMMANDERIES, AUGUST 1, 1916.

No.	Commandery of the—	H'dqua'ters.	Instituted.	Recorders.	Address.
2 3 4 4 5 6 6 7 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 17 18 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19	State of N. Y. State of Me. State of Me. State of Mass, State of Cal. State of Wis. State of III Dist. of Col. State of Mich. State of Mich. State of Mich. State of Mon. State of Mon. State of Mon. State of Mon. State of Kan. State of Col. State of Col. State of Col. State of Col. State of Col. State of Col. State of Col. State of Col. State of Col. State of Col. State of Wash. State of Vis.	N. Y. City. Portland Boston. S. Francisco. Milwaukee. Chicago Washington. Chaclinati. St. Paul. Portland St. Louis Omaha. Leavenw'th. Des Moines, Denver. Indianapolis Seattle. Burlington.	Jan. 17, 1866 Mar. 4, 1868 Mar. 4, 1868 Mar. 4, 1868 May 15, 1874 May 15, 1874 May 3, 1882 May 3, 1882 May 6, 1885 Oct. 21, 1885 May 6, 1885 Oct. 21, 1885 Apr. 22, 1886 June 1, 1887 June 1, 1887 June 1, 1888 Jan. 14, 1891	Brevet LieutCol. J. P. Nicholson Brevet LieutCol. W. S. Cogswell First Lieut. Horatio Staples. Capt. Lohn C. Currier. Capt. John C. Currier. Charles S. Carter. Capt. Simeon H. Crane. First Lieut. Thos. H. McKee. Capt. Richard P. Rifenberick. Capt. Charles G. Hampton. Capt. Orton S. Clark. Lieut. Joseph E. Hall. Capt. William R. Hodges. First Lieut. F. B. Bryant. Capt. John T. Taylor. Brevet Capt. Elbridge D. Hadley Lieut. W. H. Conley. First Lieut. Alex. M. Scott. Walter B. Beals. First Lieut. Carlos D. Williams. Lieut. Joseph J. Janney.	140 Nassau St., New York, 33 West St., Portland, Cadet Armory, Boston, San Francisco, Cal. Matthewa Bidg., Milw'kee, 320 Ashland B., Chicago, Kellogg Bidg., Wash. Cincinnati, Ohio, Memorial Hall, Detroit, St. Paul, Minn, Alnsworth Bidg. Portland, Chical Control of the Control of the Control Control of the Control Leavenworth, Call of the Control Call of the Control Call of the Control Call of the Control Call of the Control Call of the Control Call of the Control Call of the Control Call of the Control Call of the Control Call of the Control Call of the Control Call of the Control Call of the Control Call of the Control Call of the Control Call of the Control Call of the Control Call of the Control Call of the Control Call of the Control Call of the Control Call of the Control Call of the Control Call of the Control Call of the Control Call of the Control Call of the Control Call of the Control Call of the Control Call of the Control Call of the Control Call of the Control Call of the Control Call of the Control Call of the Control Call of the Control Call of the Control Call of the Control Call of the Control Call of the Control Call of the Control Call of the Control Call of the Control Call of the Control Call of the Control Call of the Control Call of the Control Call of the Control Call of the Control Call of the Control Call of the Control Call of the Control Call of the Control Call of the Control Call of the Control Call of the Control Call of the Control Call of the Control Call of the Control Call of the Control Call of the Control Call of the Control Call of the Control Call of the Control Call of the Control Call of the Control Call of the Control Call of the Control Call of the Control Call of the Control Call of the Control Call of the Control Call of the Control Call of the Control Call of the Control Call of the Control Call of the Control Call of the Control Call of the Control Call of the Control Call of the Control Call of the Control Call of the Control Call of the Control Call of the Contro

### EDUCATIONAL SOCIETIES.

Chautauqua Institution—Chancellor Emeritus— John H. Vincent. Chancellor—George E. Vincent. President—Arthur E. Bestor. President of Trustees— Clement Studebaker, Jr. Treasurer—M. J. Gallup.

The Chautauqua Assembly, now Chautauqua Institution, was organized in 1874 as a result of the joint plan of Lewis Miller and John H. Vincent. The annual assembly during July and August at Chautauqua, N. Y., is a sixy-day programme of lectures, or a control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of t platform entertainment, out-of-door recreation, and highly organized social group life. Local assemblies patterned after the parent Chautauqua in the United States number over 3,000.

The Chautauqua Summer Schools (E. B. Bryan, Principal of Summer Schools are annually conducted during six weeks of the assembly season. Faculty, 115; courses, over 200, in fourteen departments; six in academic subjects usually pursued in academics and colleges, eight in special professional work in Library Training, Domestic Sclence, Music, Physical Education, Arts and Crafts, etc. Over 3,500 students annually. annually.

The Chautauqua Literary and Scientific Circle (E. H. Blichfeldt, Manager), organized at Chautauqua in 1878, continues the educational influence of the assembly throughout the year. More than 350,000

members have been enrolled. Individual readers may pursue the course alone, or local circles may be ormed. The time required is about one-half hour daily for nine months. Diplomas are granted to those who complete the course. Any one may become a member of the C. L. S. C. by sending \$5 for the unit (four books, membership book and magazine for one year) to Chautauqua Institution, Chautauqua, N. Y.

National Society for Broader Education—National Society for Broader Education of New York was organized in December, 1909; incorporated January, 1910, under the laws of New York. Its purpose is: "Through the education of the adult to ald in the normal development of National life; in removing the causes of distrust and antagonism between classes and in promoting the interests of the whole

classes and in promoting the interests of the whole people."

The society carries on its work through the lecture

The society carries on its work through the lecture and concert platforms, the pulpit, and the newspapers. In 1916 its speakers delivered 543 lectures, its singers gave 470 concert lectures, several hundred sermons, conducted 530 discussions. President—George Edward Reed, S. T. D., Li. D., Harrisburg, Pa. Managing Director—Guy Carleton Lee, Ph. D., 55 West Forty-tourth Street, New York City. Secretary and Treasurer—Dr. H. H. Langsdorf, 168 West High Street, Carlisle, Pa.

#### EDUCATIONAL SOCIETIES-Continued.

The Northfield Conferences and Summer Schools were established by D. L. Moody, and meet annually between about June 15 and about September 1. Bible Studies and Special Addresses in connection with the above gatherings, and the sessions of the Northfield Schools are given at different times during the Fall and Winter. Northfield Seminary for young women and Mount Hermon School for young men, each with an attendance of about 600, constitute the Northfield Schools. President—William R. Moody. Clerk—Ambert G. Moody. Headquarters, East Northfield, Mass.

G. Moody. Headquarters, East Northfield, Mass.

The John F. Slater Fund—In 1882 Mr. John F. Slater of Connecticut placed in the hands of trustees the sum of \$1,000,000 for the purpose of "uplifting the lately emancipated population of the Southern States and their posterity." For this patriotic and munificent rift the thanks of Congress were voted, and a medal was presented. The board consists of William A. Slater, President; Richard H. Williams, Vice-President; John A. Stewart, John M. Glenn, Cloveland H. Dodge, Wickliffe Rose, David F. Houston, Francis P. Venable, William Lawrence, James H. Dillard, Fairfax Harrison, Charles Scribner. The Treasurer is the Metropolitan Trust Company of New York. Director—Jas. H. Dillard, Charlottesville, Va. Field Agents—W. T. B. Williams, Hampton, Va., and B. C. Caldwell, Natchilothes, La. Office Secretary—Miss G. C. Mann, Charlottesville, Va. Trust Company of New York and S. C. Caldwell, Natchilothes, La. Office Secretary—Miss G. C. Mann, Charlottesville, Va. Trust and S. C. School, Natchilothes, La. Office Secretary—Miss G. C. Mann, Charlottesville, Va. Trust School, Natchilothes, La. Office Secretary—Miss G. C. Mann, Charlottesville, Va. Trust School, Natchilothes, La. Office Secretary—Miss G. C. Mann, Charlottesville, Va. Trust School, Natchilothes, La. Office Secretary—Miss G. C. Mann, Charlottesville, Va. Trust School, Natchilothes, La. Office Secretary—Miss G. C. Mann, Charlottesville, Va. Trust School, Natchilothes, La. Office Secretary—Miss G. C. Mann, Charlottesville, Va. Trust School, Natchilothes, La. Office Secretary—Miss G. C. Mann, Charlottesville, Va. Trust School, Natchilothes, La. Office Secretary—Alson G. C. Mann, Charlottesville, Va. Trust School, Natchilothes, La. Office Secretary—Alson G. C. Mann, Charlottesville, Va. Trust School, Natchilothes, La. Office Secretary—Alson G. C. Mann, Charlottesville, Va. Trust School, Natchilothes, La. Office Secretary—Alson G. C. Mann, Charlottesville, Va. Trust School, Natchilothes, La. Office Secretary—Alson G. C. Man colored race in the South.

colored race in the South.

The General Education Board—The General Education Board was organized in New York February 2002, and incorporated by an Act of Congress signed January 12, 1903. The following are efficiers of the board: Frederick T. Gates, Chairman; L. G. Myers, Treasurer; L. M. Dashiell, Assistant Treasurer; Walace Buttrick, Sceretary; E. C. Sage and Abraham Flexner, Assistant Sceretaries, The following are members of the board: Frederick T. Gates, Charles W. Filot, Andrew Carnegie, Walter H. Page, J. D. Rockefeller, Jr. Albert Shaw, Wallace Buttrick, Starr J. Murphy, Jerome D. Green, Anson Phelps Stokes, Edwin A. Alderman, Hollis B. Frissell, Harry Pratt Judson, Edgar L. Marston, Wickliffe Rose, Abraham Flexner and George E. Vincent. The purposes of the board are to promote education in the United States, without distinction of race, sex, or creed, and especially to promote, systematize, and

CIETTES—Continued.

make effective various forms of educational beneficence. Office, 61 Broadway, New York City.

The Southern Conference for Education and Industry—Successor to the Southern Educational Association (organized 1890), the Conference for Education in the South (organized 1898), and the Southern Education Beard (organized 1998), and the Southern Education Beard (organized 1901), consolidated at Chattanoga April 29, 1915.

President—Sidney G. Gilbreath, Johnson City, Tenn. Vice-President—T. J. Wootter, University of Georgia, Athens, Ga.; Treasurer—T. R. Preston, Chattanoga, Tenn. Executive Secretary—A. P. Bourland, 508 McLachien Building, Washington, D. C. Members of the Executive Board from the Country at Large—P. P. Claxton, Washington, D. C.; John M. Moore, Nashville, Tenn.; B. D. Gray, Atlanta, Ga.; Clarence Poe, Raicigh, N. C.; W. R. Riggs, Clemson College, S. C.; H. A. Morgan, University of Tennessee, Knoxville, Tenn.

The conference is a united effort for Southern

The conference is a united effort for Southern

development.

The conterence is a united effort for Southern development.

Catholic Summer School of America—A Roman Catholic Chautauqua or Summer school was opened at New London, Ct., in the Summer of 1892 under the auspices of distinguished clergymen and laymen, and the first meetings were heid from July 30 to August 14. The association has since acquired a site at Cliff Haven, near Plattsburg, N. Y., on Lake Champlain, upon which the necessary buildings have been erected, and here the Summer school is held annually for ten weeks, from July to September. The work of the institution is continued throughout the year by means of reading circles and study clubs on the University Extension plan. President—Rs. Rev. Mgr. John P. Chidwick, D. D., 7 East Forty-second Street, New York City.

Negro Rural School Fund, Jeanes Poundation—The Negro Rural School Fund, amounting to \$1,000,000, was established in 1907 by Miss Anna T, Jeanes, a resident of Philadelphia. The Income of the fund is used in assisting small rural public schools for negroes in the Southern States by supplying county superintendents with a part of the salary of a supervising industrial teacher, who Introduces simple forms of home industries in the schools and supervises them. The board consists of: President—James H. Dillard. Vice-President—Watter H. Page.

forms of home industries in the schools and supervises them. The board consists of: President—James H. Dillard, Vice-President — Walter H. Page. Treasurer—George Foster Peabody. Secretary—R. R. Moton. Director—James H. Dillard, Charlottesville, Va. Field Agents—B. C. Caldwell, Natchitoches, La., and W. T. B. Williams, Hampton Institute, Va. Office Secretary—Miss G. C. Mann, Charlottesville, Va.

#### OF ALASKA. TERRITORY

(Statement prepared by Charles E. Davidson, Secretary of Alaska.)

ALASKA was purchased in 1867 for \$7,200,000, and since that time has yielded over sixty-six times its purchase price. Congress did not pay any attention to Alaska for the first seventeen years of its existence. From the date of its purchase until 1877 a Collector of Customs and some troops were the sole representatives of the Federal Government. However, since 1867 (and by far the greater portion since 1899, or only fifteen years), according to official documents, its outnut has been: output has been

Gold	.\$260,488,175
Silver	. 3,011,153
Copper	. 46,281,148
Other minerals	2,751,638
Fisheries and furs	. 299,581.890
Other merchandise	
Total	.S614.319.824

Alaska is situated in approximately the same latitude as the Scandinavian countries, but the climate is much milder, especially along the coast, where there is an unusually large amount of rainfall.

The Agricultural Department has established successful experimental stations at various points within the Territory, demonstrating that vegetables, grains, grasses, and live stock are adapted to the climate.

grasses, and live stock are adapted to the climate. Next to mining, the fisheries are the most productive industry in the Territory.

The first arterial route of a Government railroad in Alaska, reaching from the coast to navigable waters of the interior, was designated by the President on April 11, 1915. Starting from Seward, on Resurrection Bay, the route follows the line of the Alaska Northera Railroad (acquired by purchase) to Mile 72 on Turnagain Arm of Cook's Inlet, thence follow-

lng the north shore of the arm to Ship Creek; thence in a generally northerly direction along Knik Arm and the easterly side of the Sustana Valley to Broad Pass in the Alaska range of mountains and the head-waters of the Nenana River; thence down the river to the Tanana Valley and Fairbanks, a total distance of 471 miles, with a spur of 38 miles from a point near the head of Knik Arm to the Matanuska coal field. The estimated cost of this system is \$26,800,000. Congress authorized the construction of Government railroads in Alaska to the extent of \$35,000,000, which leaves a balance of \$8,200,000 available for other routes or branches.

The large and extensive coal fields—the Bering ing the north shore of the arm to Ship Creek: thence

available for other routes or branches.

The large and extensive coal fields—the Bering River, the Matanuska Valley, and the Nenana fields—containing deposits of high grade character, were subdivided into townships by Government surveyors during the Summer of 1915. A portion of these and other fields contain low grade deposits known as lignite. The Nenana coal fields were subdivided into townships during 1916.

The route of the railroad will open up the development of the coal fields, as well as make available for

The route of the range and will open up the develop-ment of the coal fields, as well as make available for settlement the many thousands of acres of agricul-tural lands, not to speak of the immense regions known to be highly mhoralized, as the lack of transportation facilities heretofore has prevented the extraction of minerals except at a loss. Every one familiar with Alaska is confident that the building of the road will revolutionize conditions in the North.

The principal snipments from Alaska for the iscal year ended Jun 30, 1916, were: Gold, \$16,195,635; sliver, \$759,962; copper, \$26,488,288; other minerals, \$449,518; fisheries and furs, \$20,202,400; other merchandise, \$479,688.

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#### AMERICAN LEARNED SOCIETIES.

Actuarial Society of America—President—Arthur Huffer, Vice-Presidents—Edward E, Rhodes, Robert Henderson Secretary—Wendell M, Strong, 346 Broadway, New York City, Treasure—David G, Alsop, Philadelphia, Pa. Editor of the Transactions, William Young, New York. The Actuarial Society of America was organized in 1889 for the purpose of prometing actuarial science. Applicants whose nominations are approved by the council are admitted to membership on passing the requisite examinations. There are two classes of members: Fellows, now numbering 138, and associates, 128. Besides including the actuaries of life insurance companies and consulting actuaries of the United States and Canada, the membership embraces leading actuaries in Europe and Australasia.

Aeronautical Englineers' Society, A. S. of A.—

rope and Australians.

Aeronautical Engineers' Society, A. S. of A.—
Founded 1914. This society has for its principal objects the promotion of the science of aeronauties and
the various branches of engineering kindred to it; to
create and promote an intercourse between persons interested, and to create a body which, by the Con-stitution of its membership and achievement, will be entitled to represent the interests of aeronautical be entitled to represent the interests of accountry. A further purpose is to review technical and scientific papers relating to aeronautical engineering. Persons eligible for membership include graduates

papers relating to aeronautical engineering.

Persons eligible for membership include graduates of engineering schools in good standing; persons who for a period of not less than one year have been in charge of responsible work of an engineering nature; persons who have shown high proficiency in fitting; persons who have shown high proficiency in fitting; persons who have sendered signal service to the development of the science or art of aviation.

There is no initiation fee. The yearly dues are 825. Chairman—Charles Wesley Howell. Secretary and Treasurer—Lewis R. Compton. Headquarters, 29 West Thirty-ninth Street, New York City.

Aeronautical Society of America—Founded 1908. The objects of this society are to advance the science of aerial navigation by assisting its members to carry out experiments; to provide facilities for testing aeronautical devices; to bring together, as far as possible, those interested in the aeronautical art, and to carry out public demonstrations of completed alcreaft so as to keep the general public informed of the progress and advancement from year to year. The society maintains flying grounds at Oakwood Helghts, Staten Island, N. Y., the use of which is furnished free to its members, and hangars are provided at a nominal rent. To the society proper there are no initiation fees; the yearly dues are \$19. This entities the members to all privileges, including eligibility to membership in the Aeronautical Engineers' Society. President—Frederick W. Barker. First Vice-President—William J. Hammer. Treasurer—Lewis R. Compton. Secretary—Edward Durant. Headquarters, 29 West Thirty-ninth Street, New York City.

American Academy of Medicine—President—

Baraer. Fus. 102-71834ach.—Wintan J. Hamiler. Treasurer—Lewis R. Compton. Secretary—Edward Durant. Headquarters, 29 West Thirty-nitch Street, New York City.

American Academy of Medicine—President—George A. Hare, M. D., Fresno, Cal. Secretary—Thomas Ways Grayson M. D., Pitsburgh, 7a. Editor of the Journal of October—To mitter and the Street of Control of October—To mitter and to investigate the various problems of "medical sociology." Initiation fee, \$5; dues, \$3 per annum Present membership, 576. Organized 1876. Incorporated 1913.

American Academy of Political and Social Science—President—L. S. Rowe, Ph. D., University of Pennsylvania. Secretary—J. P. Lichtenberger, Ph. D., University of Pennsylvania. Clyde Lyndon King, Ph. D., University of Pennsylvania. Clyde Lyndon King, Ph. D., University of Pennsylvania. Clyde Lyndon King, Ph. D., University of Pennsylvania. Clyde Lyndon King, Ph. D., University of Pennsylvania. Clyde Lyndon King, Ph. D., University of Pennsylvania. Clyde Lyndon King, Ph. D., University of Pennsylvania. Clyde Lyndon King, Ph. D., University of Pennsylvania. Clyde Lyndon King, Ph. D., University of Pennsylvania. Clyde Lyndon King, Ph. D., University of Pennsylvania. Clyde Lyndon King, Ph. D., University of Pennsylvania. Clyde Lyndon King, Ph. D., University of Pennsylvania. Clyde Lyndon King, Ph. D., University of Pennsylvania. Clyde Lyndon King, Ph. D., University of Pennsylvania. Clyde Lyndon King, Ph. D., University of Pennsylvania. Clyde Lyndon King, Ph. D., University of Pennsylvania. Clyde Lyndon King, Ph. D., University of Pennsylvania. Clyde Lyndon King, Ph. D., University of Pennsylvania. Clyde Lyndon King, Ph. D., University of Pennsylvania. Clyde Lyndon King, Ph. D., University of Pennsylvania. Clyde Lyndon King, Ph. D., University of Pennsylvania. Clyde Lyndon King, Ph. D., University of Pennsylvania. Clyde Lyndon King, Ph. D., University of Pennsylvania. Clyde Lyndon King, Ph. D., University of Pennsylvania. Clyde Lyndon King, Ph. D., University of Pennsylvania. Clyde Lyndon

NED SOCIETIES.
fee of United States members, \$5; annual dues of New England members, \$5.
American Asiatic Association—President—Willard Straight. Vice-President—Eugene P. Thomas. Sceretary—John Foord, P.-O. Box 1500, New York. The purposes of the society are to foster and safeguard the trade and commercial interests of the citizens of the United States and others associated therewith in China, Japan, Korea, the Philippines, and elsewhere in Asia and Oceania. Membership, 300, Organized 1898. Annual dues, \$10. Auxillary societies at Shanghai, Yokohama and Kobe.
American Association for the Advancement

Organized 1985. Annual dues, 510. Auxiliary societies at Shanghal, Yokohama and Kobe.

American Association for the Advancement of Science—President—Charles R. Van Hise, University of Wisconsin, Madison, Wis. Permanent Secretary—L. O. Howard, Smithsonian Institution, Washington, D. C. Areas Statin Secretary—F. S. Hazard, Smithsonian Institution, Washington, D. C. Treasurer—R. S. Woodward, Washington, D. C. Treasurerian, Van Schaller, Washington, D. C. Treasurerian, S. Life membership, 55.

American Association of the American Association of Geologists and Naturalists, organized in 1840. The membership is 11,000. Admission fee, S5: annual dues, S3. Life membership, S5.

American Association of Anatomists—Prestatent—Prof. H. II. Donaldson, Wistar Institute of Anatomy, Philadelphia, Pa. Secretary-Treasurer—Prof. Chas. R. Stockard, Cornell University Medical School, New York City, Has 300 members. Annual dues, S7.

dues, 57.
American Association of Obstetricians and Gynecologists—President—Dr. John W. Keefe, Providence, R. I. Secretary—Dr. First Gustav Zinke, 4 West Seventh Avenue, Cincinnati, Ohlo. Annual meeting at Newark, N. J., September 24, 25, 26,

American Association of Orificial Surgeons— President—Eugene Hubbell, M. D., St. Paul Minn, Secretary—B. A. Bullock, D. O., 211 Stevens Building, Detroit, Mich. Treasurer—B. J. Wisner, St. Louis,

Detroit, Mich. Treasurer—B. J. Wisner, St. Louis, Mo.

American Association of Pathologists and Bacteriologists—President—W. H. Park, New York. Vice-President—E. L. Ople, St. Louis, Mo. Secretary—Dr. H. C. Ernst, 240 Longwood Avenue, Boston, Mass.

American Association of Progressive Medicine—President—L. D. Rogers, M. D., Chicago, Ill. Secretary-Treasurer—L. M. Ottofy, M. D., St. Louis, Mo. Next convention, Hotel Sherman, Chicago, Ill., September 5, 6, 7, 8, 1917.

American Association to Promote the Teaching of Speech to the Deaf—Founded by Alexander Graham Bell. President—Edmund Lyon, Rochester, N. Y. First Vice-President—Edmund Lyon, Rochester, N. Y. First Vice-President—Edmund Lyon, Rochester, N. Y. First Otto-President—Edmund Lyon, Company of Teaching One of Speech of the Deaf—Founded by Alexander Graham Bell. President—Edmund Lyon, Rochester, N. Y. First Vice-President—E. McKay Goodwin, M. A., Morganton, N. C. Treasurer—Frederick Elcheberger, Washington Loan and Trust Co., Washington, D. C. Official Secretary—Z. F. Westervelt, LL. D., 945 North St. Paul Street, Rochester, N. Y. General Secretary—Harris Taylor, 904 Lexington Avenue, New York City, Business office, The Volta Bureau, Thirty-fith Street and Volta Place, Washington, D. C. Superintendent The Volta Bureau—Fred De Land. Object: "To aid schools for the deaf in their efforts to teach speech and speech-reading."

In addition to its special work in promoting the teaching of speech to the deaf, the association now carries on the work of The Volta Bureau in Wash-carries on the work of The Volta Bureau in Wash-carries on the work of The Volta Bureau in Wash-carries on the work of The Volta Bureau in Wash-carries on the work of The Volta Bureau in Wash-carries on the work of The Volta Bureau in Wash-carries on the work of The Volta Bureau in Wash-carries on the work of The Volta Bureau in Wash-carries on the work of The Volta Bureau in Wash-carries on the work of The Volta Bureau in Wash-carries on the work of The Volta Bureau in Wash-carries on the wor

and specen-reading."

In addition to its special work in promoting the teaching of speech to the deaf, the association now carries on the work of The Volta Bureau in Washington, D. C., an institution dealing more generally with the education of the deaf.

The association welcomes to its membership all persons who desire to promote the teaching of speech and speech-reading. Membership dues, \$2 a year, with no entrance fee. Life membership, \$50. Persons desiring to become members should apply to the superintendent, The Volta Bureau, Thirty-fifth Street and Volta Place, Washington, D. C., inclosing their membership fee. The Volta Review is sent to all members.

American Astronomical Society—President—Edward C. Pleckering, Cambridge, Mass. Secretary—Philip Fox, Evanston, Ill. Organized 1899. Membership, 300.

American Association of Teachers of Journalism—The association was founded in 1910 at the University of Kansas, Lawrence, Kan. President—James Melvin Lee, New York University, New

York City. Vice-President—Will H. Mayes, University of Texas, Austin, Tex. Secretary-Treasurer—Carl H. Getz, University of Montana, Missoula, Mont.

Members of Executive Committee—Fred Newton Scott, University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, Mich.; Joseph W. Piercy, University of Indiana, Blooming-

Joseph W. Piercy, University of Indiana, Bioomington, Ind.

American Bar Association—President—George Sutherland, Sait Lake City, Utah. Secretary—George Whitelock, Baltimore, Md. Treasurer—Frederick E. Wadhams, Albany, N. Y. Each State and Territory is represented by one Vice-President and one member of the General Council. Membership about 10,500. This association of lawyers of the United States was organized in 1878.

American Chemical Society—President—Chas. H. Herty, Chapiel Hill, N. C. Secretary—Chacles L. Parsons, Box 505, Washington, D. C. The society was organized in 1876 for "the advancement of chemistry and the promotion of chemical research." Annual dues, \$10. Total membership, \$200.

American Climatological and Clinical Association—President—Judson Daland, M. D., Philadelphia, Pa. Secretary—Guy Hinsdale, M. D., Hot Springs, Va. Organized 1884. Next annual meeting, Lakewood, N. J., May 29-31, 1917.

American Dermatological Association—President—August Ravogil, 5 Garfield Place, Cincinnati, Ohio. Secretary—Guiver S. Ormsby, 25 East Washington Street, Chicago, Ili.

American Dialect Society—President—J. W. Bright, The Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, Md. Secretary—Our V. Long. Harvard University.

Ington Street, Oncago, III.

American Dialect Society—President—J. W.
Bright, The Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, Md.
Secretary—Dr. Percy W. Long, Harvard University,
Tressurer—Prof. George D. Chase, University of
Maine, Orono, Me. Organized in 1889 for "the investigation of the spoken English of the United
States and Canada, and incidentally of other nonaboriginal dialects in the same countries." Publishes
Dullect Notes semi-annually. Annual fee. St. Mem-Dtalect Notes semi-annually. Annual fee, S1. Membership, about 325.

American Economic Association—President—
Prof. T. N. Carver, Harvard University, Cambridge,
Mass. Secretary—Allyn A. Young, Cornell University, Ithaca, N. Y. Organized 1885, Has 2,500
members; annual dues, S5; life membership, \$100.
The objects of the association are the encouragement of economic studies and the publication of

The objects of the association are the encouragement of economic studies and the publication of papers thereon.

American Electro-Therapeutic Association—
President—Dr. J. Willard Travell, 27 East Eleventh Street, New York City. Secretary—Dr. Byron Sprague Price, 65 Central Park West, New York City. Teasurer—Dr. Emil Heuel, 151 West Elghtyseventh Street, New York City. Organized 1890. Membership, 225.

American Entomological Society—President—Henry Skinner, M. D., Sc. D. Secretary—R. C. Williams, Jr., Philadelphia, Pa. Organized 1859. Object: The study of entomology. Membership, 140.

American Fisheries Society—President—Henry O'Malley, Oregon City, Ore. Recording Secretary—Dr. Chas. Avery, St. Paul, Minn, Corresponding Secretary—Dr. Chas. H. Townsend, The Aquarlum, New York City, Organized December, 1870. Annual dues, S2. Next meeting, St. Paul, Minn., American Folklore Society—President—Dr. Robert H. Lowle, New York. Permanent Secretary—Dr. C. Peabody, Harvard University, Cambridge, Mass. Organized in 1888 for "study of folklore in 1888 for "study of folklore in General, and in particular the collection and publication of folklore of North America." Membership fee, including a copy of The Journal of American Fokklore (quarterly), S3 per annum.

American Forestry Association—President—Charles Lathrop Pack, Lakewood, N. J. Secretary—Charles Lathrop Pack Lakewood, N. J. Secretary—Charles Lathrop Pack

Fokkine (quarterly), \$3 per annum.

American Forestry Association—President—
Charles Lathrop Pack, Lakewood, N. J. Secretary—
P. S. Ridsdale, 1410 H Street, N. W., Washington,
D. C. Organized 1882. Membership, 15,000.

American Geographical Society—President—
John Greenough. Vice-Presidents—James B. Ford,
Paul Tuckerman, Anton A. Raven. Corresponding
Secretarles—Foreign, William Libbey; Domestic,
Archibaid D. Russell. Recording Secretary—Hamilton
F. Kean. Offices of the society, Broadway and 156th
Street, New York City. The objects of the society
are to investigate and disseminate new geographical
Information; to establish in the chief city of the
United States, for the benefit of commerce and navigation. \* \* a place where the means shall be

afforded of obtaining accurate information for public use of every part of the globe. Organized in 1852; membership, 1,400. Annual dues, \$10; no entrance fee.

American Gynecological Society—President—Frank Farrow Simpson, Pittsburgh, Pa. Secretary—George Gray Ward, Jr., 71 West Flitieth Street, New York City. Organized 1876.

American Historical Association—President—George L. Burr, Cornell University, Ithaca, N. Y. Secretary—W. G. Leland, A. M., Carnegie Institution, Washington, D. C. Treasurer—Clarence W. Bowen, Ph. D. Association founded 1884, incorporated by Congress 1889. Object—The promotion of historical studies. Annual dues, \$3. Membership, 2000

of mistorical studies. Annual dues, 83. Atempersinp, 2,900.

American Institute of Architects—Offices and library, The Octagon, Washington, D. C. President —John Lawrence Mauran, St. Louis, Mo. Secretary—Burt I. Fenner, New York City. Treasure—D. Everett Ward, New York, N. Y. Ereculive Secretary—Edward C. Kemper, The Octagon, Washington, D. C. The Institute has 39 chapters, 314 fellows. 809 members, 36 corresponding and 88 honorary members. Initiation fee is 330; yearly dues, fellows, 525; inembers, 520. Organized 1857.

American Institute of Electrical Engineers—President—II. W. Buck, New York City. Secretary—F. L. Hutchinson, at the executive offices, library, and reading-room, 33 West Thirty-ninth Street, New York City. Annual dues, associates, S10; members, S15; fellows, S20; entrance fee, S5, S15, and S20 respectively. Frequent meetings from October to May in various cities throughout the country. Organized 1834. Prints its Proceedings monthly, and Transactions annually. Membership, October 1, 1916, 8,430.

actions annually. Membership, October 1, 1916, 8,430.

American Institute of Homeopathy—President—Wm. W. Van Baun, M. D., 1404 Spruce Street, Philadelphia, Pa. Secretary—Treasurer—T. E. Costain, M. D., 829 Marshall Field Building, Chicago, Ill. Organized in 1844. The oldest national medical organization in the United States.

American Institute of Mining Engineers—President—L. D. Ricketts, New York City. Secretary—Bradley Stoughton, 29 West Thirty-ninth Street, New York City. Treasurer—Geo. C. Stone, New York. Membership, October 1, 1916, 5,785. Organized 1871; incorporated 1905. Annual dues, 812. American Irish Historical Society, The—Founded 1897. President—Richard C. O'Connor, San Francisco, Cal. Secretary—Edward H. Daly, 52 Wall Street, New York City. Treasurer—Alfred M. Barrets, New York City. Treasurer—Alfred M. Barrets, New York City. Treasurer—Founded 1822. President—Dr. Cyrus Adler, Philadelphia, Pa. Treasurer—N. Taylor Phillips, New York City. Corresponding Secretary—Albert M. Friedenberg, 38 Park Row. New York City. Recording Secretary—Samuel Oppenheim, New York.
American Laryngological Association—President—Dr. Joseph L. Goodale, Boston, Mass. Secretary—Hilb, 82.

American Laryngological, Rhinological and Otological Society—President—Thomas J. Harris, J. Harris.

Sind, ozican Laryngological, Rhinological and Othorican Society—*President*—Thomas J. Harris, M. D., 104 East Fortleth Street, New York City. Secretary—William H. Haskin, M. D., 40 East Forty-first Street, New York City.

Forty-first Street, New York City.

American Library Association—Organized 1876.
Object—To promote the welfare of libraries in America.

President—Walter L. Brown, Buffalo Public Library.
Secretary—George B. Utley, 78 East Washington Street, Chicago, Ill. Membership, 3,200.

American Mathematical Society—President—E. W. Brown. Secretary—F. N. Cole, Columbia University, New York City. Treasurer—J. H. Tanner, Librarian—D. E. Smith. Meetings held in New York, Chilegon, and other cities. Society was represided.

Librarian—D. E. Smith. Meetings held in New York, Chicago, and other citles. Society was reorganized July, 1894. Object—To encourage and maintain an active interest in and to promote the advancement of mathematical science. Admission fee, \$5; annual dues, \$5; life membership, \$50. Membership, 740. The society publishes two journals, the Bulletin and the Transactions, and is located at 501 West 116th Street

American Medical Association—President—Dr. Rupert Biue, Washington, D. C. Secretary—Dr. Alex. R. Craig. Editor and General Manager—Dr.

George H. Simmons. Office of the association, 535 North Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ili. Incorporated 1897. Next annual session at New York City, June 4-8, 1917. Annual fee, S5. Membership, 75,000; feilowship, 42,000.

American Medico-Psychological Association—Prestdent—Chas. G. Wagner, M. D., Binghamton, N. Y. Secretary-Treasurer—Henry C. Eyman, M. D., Massilion Oblo.

Massilion, Ohlo

American Medico-Pharmaceutical League

Massilon, Ohlo
American Medico-Pharmaceutical League—
Prestdent—Prof. Ramon Gnitoras, M. D. VicePrestdent—Dayve B. De Waltoff, M. D. Correspondting Secretary—Samuel F. Brothers, M. D., 96 New Jersey Avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y. Treasurer—Eugenie R. Eliscu, M. D., New York. Object—To federate the medical, dental, and pharmaceutical professions of the Americas with a view to fostcring all that appertains to their mutual welfare, in tight relations to each other and to the public at large. American Microscopical Society—Prestdent—
Prof. M. F. Guyer, University of Wisconsin, Madison, Wis. Secretary—T. W. Galloway, Betoit College, Beloit, Wis. Treasurcr—Dr. H. J. Van Cleave, Urbana, ill. Custodian—Magnus Phaum, Meadville, Pa. Organized 1878. Incorporated at Washington, D. C., 1891. Object—The encorragement of microscopical research, 350 Control of Medical College, American Nature Study Society—Prestdent—
L. H. Balley, New York. Vice-Presidents—M. A. Bigelow, New York; B. M. Davis, Ohlo; C. F. Hodge, Oregon; S. B. McCready, Ontario; Alice J. Ta Herson, Illinols. Secretary-Editor—Elliot R. Downing, University of Chicago, Chicago, Ill. Society was organized in 1998 to promote critical and constructive investigation of all phases of scientific nature study Review.

American Neurological Association—Prestdent——American Neurological Association—Prestdent——Affred Reginald Alien, M. D., 2013 Spruce

retary—Aifred Reginald Alien, M. D., 2013 Spruce Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

American Numismatic Association—President
—H. O. Granberg, Oshkosh, Wls. General Secretary—
John M. Oliver, Springfield, Mass, Treasurer—
Herbert R. Wolcott, Springfield, Mass, The society
was founded in 1891 for the promotion of numismatics, Federal charter granted by special Act
of Congress, 1912. Membership, 700.
American Numismatic Society, The—Broadway between 155th and 156th Streets, New York
City. President—Edward T. Neweli
John Relily, Jr. Curator—Howland Wood. Libratian—Sydney P. Noe. Society founded in 1858
for the promotion of numismatics, etc., in the United
States; possesses building, coin and medal collection

for the promotion of numismatics, etc., in the United States; possesses building, coin and medal collection and library. Total membership, 400.

American Ophthalmological Society—President—Peter A. Callau, New York City. Secretary—W. M. Sweet, 1205 Spruce Street, Philadelphia, Pa. Membership, 197.

American Oriental Society—President—Prof. George A. Barton, Bryn Mawr, Pa. Corresponding Secretary—Franklin Edgerton, University of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia, Pa. Recording Secretary—George C. O. Haas, Coliege of the City of New York, Treasurer—Albert T. Clay, New Haven, Ct. Organized September 7, 1842, for the cultivation of learning in the Asiatic, African, and Polynesian languages, and the publication of works relating to these languages. Publishes a quarterly journal. Annual fee, 55; no admission fee. Membership, 319.

American Ornithologists' Union—President—Dr. Albert K. Fisher. Secretary—John H. Sage, Portland, Ct. Organized 1833. Object—The advancement of its members in ornithological science, the publication of a journal of ornithology and other works relating to that science, etc. Annual dues, fellows, 85; members, 84; associates, 83. Membership, 1,120. Orthopedic Association—President—David Silver, Pittsburgh, Pa. Secretary—H. W. Orr, American Oriental Society-President-Prof.

American Orthopedic Association—Presidenl— David Silver, Pittsburgh, Pa. Secretary—H. W. Orr, Lincoin, Neb. American Osteopathic Association—President—W. B. Meacham, Legal Building, Asheville, N. C. Secretary—Dr. H. L. Chiles, Founded 1897. Annual Ice, S5.

American Otological Society—President—Dr. Christian R. Homles, Cincinnati, Ohio. Secretary—Dr. John B. Rae, 247 West Seventieth Street, New York City.

American Pediatric Society—President—Frank S. Churchill, M. D., Chicago, Ill. Secretary—Howard Childs Carpenter, M. D., 1805 Spruce Street, Philadelphia, Pa. Next annual meeting at White Suiphur Springs, W. Va., May 28-29-30, 1917. American Pharmaceutical Association—Organized 1851. President—Fred J. Wulling, Minneapolis, Minn. Secretary—William B. Day, Chicago, Ill. Treasurer—Henry M. Whelpley, St. Louis, Mo.

Mo.

American Philatelic Society—Organized 1886. President—C. A. Howes, Boston, Mass. Secretary— Dr. H. A. Davis, 125 North Tejon Street, Colorado

Dr. H. A. Davis, 125 North Tejon Street, Colorado Springs, Col.
American Philological Association—President—Prof. Carl D. Buck, University of Chicago. Vice-Presidents—Prof. Kirby F. Smith, Johns Hopkins University, and Prof. James R. Wheeler, Columbia University, Secretary and Treasurer—Prof. Frank G. Moore, of Columbia University, New York, Initiation fee, 55; annual dues, 83. Total member, ship, 718. The association was organized in 1869-185 object is the advancement and diffusion of Philological Philological Association—Evunded America Philology.

American Philosophical Association—Founded 1900. President—A. O. Lovejoy, Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, Md. Secretary—Prof. E. G. Spauiding, Princeton, N. J. Membership, 225.

Spaniong, Frinceton, S. V. Fee Sl.
American Philosophical Society—President—William W. Keen. Sceretartes—I. Minis Hays, Arthur W. Goodspeed, Amos P. Brown, and H. F. Keller, Office of society, 104 South Fifth Street, Philadelphia, Pa. Object—For promoting useful knowledge, Founded in 1727.

American Physical Society—President—Rob-

American Physical Society—President—Robert A. Millikan, University of Chicago. Secretary—A. D. Cole, Onjo State University, Columbus, Ohlo.

M. D. Cole, Only State University, Columbus, Only, Membership, 725.

American Proctologic Society—President—Al-fred J. Zobel, M. D., San Francisco, Cal. Secretary-Treasurer—Collier F. Martin, M. D., 601 Professional Building, Philadelphia, Pa.

Building, Philadelphia, Pa.
American Psychological Association—President—Raymond Dodge, Wesleyen University, Middletown, Ct. Secretary and Treasurer—R. M. Ogden, Cornell University, Ithaca, N. Y. Organized in 1892 for "the advancement of psychology as a science." Membership, 308. Annual dues, S1.
American Public Health Association—President—Prof. Seiskar M. Gunn, 755 Boylston Street, Boston, Mass.

American Roentgen Ray Society—President— Dr. L. G. Cole, New York City. Secretary—Dr. W. H. Stewart, 222 West Seventy-ninth Street, New York City

American Social Science Association—The association was founded in 1865. Incorporated by Act of Congress, 1899. President—Hon. George Cordon Battle. Secretary—Wm. C. Le Gendre, 59 Wall Street, New York. Membership, about 1,000. Annual fee, 85. nual fee, \$5.

Street, New York. Membership, about 1,000. Annual Ice, \$5.

American Society of Civil Engineers—Prestdent—Clemens Herschel. Secretary—Charles Warren Hunt. Treasurer—Lincoin Bush. Regular meetings first and third Wednesdays of each month (except July and August) at 8,30 p. m. at the society's house, 220 West Fifty-seventh Street, New York City. Has 8,200 members. Instituted in 1852.

American Society for the Control of Cancer—The purpose of the organization, which was founded in 1913. Is 'to disseminate knowledge concerning the symptoms, diagnosis, treatment and prevention of cancer, to investigate the conditions under which cancer is found and to compile statistics in regard thereto." President—George C. Clark. Vice-Presidents—Dr. Clement Cleveland, Dr. Le. F. Barker, Dr. Arthur D. Bevan, Dr. Lewis E. McMurtry, and Dr. Edward Reynold. Treasure Howard Bayne. Charman Finance Committee Mrs. Robert G. Westerner, 25 West Forty-fifth Street, New York City.

American Society of Landscape Architects—President—James Surgis Pray, Cambridge, Mass. Vice-President—Hing S. De Forest, 222 Sibley Block, Rochester, N. Y. Treasurer—Henry V. Hubbard, Boston, Mass.

Boston, Mass.

American Society of Mechanical Engineers—
President—D. S. Jacobus, New York City. Secretary—Calvin W. Rice, 29 West Thirty-ninth Street, New York City. Society house, 29 West Thirty-ninth Street, New York City. Total membership, all grades, 7,243. Two annual meetings, in Spring and Autumn, the latter in New York City in December; monthly meetings, October to May, in Atlanta, Birmingham, Boston, Buffalo, Chicago, Cincinnati. Los Angeles, Milwaukee, Minnesota, New Haven, New Orleans, New York, Philadelphia, St. Louis, San Francisco, and Worcester. Initiation fee, members, associates and associate members, \$25; juniors, \$15. Annual dues, members, associates and associate members, \$15; juniors, \$10. The society was chartered in 1851. Membership is not limited in number.

1881. Membership is not limited in number.

American Society of Naturalists—President—
Raymond Pearl, Maine Agricultural Experiment
Station, Secretary—Bradley M. Davis, University
of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia, Pa. Treasurer—J.
Arthur Harris, Cold Spring Harbor, N. Y. Organized 1883. Annual dues Sl. Membership, 400,
American Society for Psychical Research—
Secretary-Treasurer—James H. Hyslop, Li. D., 44
East Twenty-third Street, New York City, Associates dues, S5; members, S10; fellows, S25. Publications; Monthly Journal and annual Proceedings.
Headquarters 44 East Twenty-third Street, New
York City. York City.

reaquarters 4\* East Twenty-tuird Street, New York City.

American Sociological Society—President—George E. Vincent, President University of Minnesota, Minneapolis, Minn. Secretary and Treasurer—Sect E. W. Bedford, University of Chicago. Organized 1905 to encourage the scientific study of society. Membership, 750. Holds annual meetings Publishes annual Proceedings and the American Journal of Sociology, Annual dues, \$3.

American Statistical Association—President—Charles P. Nell. Vice-Presidents. Charles S. Getenny, Joseph A. Hill, Charles H. Verrill. Secretary—C. W. Doten, 491 Boylston Street, Boston, Mass. Treasurer—S. B. Pearmain. Membership, 665. Annual dues, \$2. Association organized 1839.

Annerican Surgical Association—President—Dr. Samuel J. Mixter, Boston, Mass. Secretary—John H. Gibbon, 1608 Spruce Street, Philadelphia, Pa. Number of members, 159.

American Therapeutic Society—President—Dr. J. N. Hali, Denver, Col. Secretary—Dr. Lewis H. Taylor, Washington, D. C. Treasurer—A. Ernest Gallant, New York City, June 1, 2, 1917. Organized May 1, 1900.

American Urological Association—President—Frederick W. Robbins, Detroit, Mich. Secretary—Dr. Henry L. Sanford, 1021 Prospect Avenue, Cleve-

Freenerk W. Koddins, Detroit, Mich. Secretary—
Pr. Henry L. Sanford, 1021 Prospect Avonue, Cleveland, Ohlo.
Archaeological Institute of America—President—F. W. Shipley, Washington University, St. Louis, Mo. Secretary—Mitchell Carrolt, The Octagon, Washington, D. C. Organized 1879. Has 3,200 members. No entrance fee. Annual dues, S10.
Arctic Club of America—President—ela, W. Greely, U. S. A. (retired). Secretary—Felix Riesenberg, 345 Amsterdam Arenue, New York City. Organized 1894. Memerica—President—ela, Riesenberg, 345 Amsterdam Arenue, New York City.
Association—Bresident—Mark Jefferson, Vice-President—J. Russell Smith and J. Paul Goode. President—A. Russell Smith and J. Paul Goode. And William Libbey, Treasurer—F. E. Matthes. Secretary—Isalah Bowman, Broadway at 156th Street, New York City.
Its object shall be the cultivation of the scientific study of geography in all its branches, especially by promoting acquaintance, intercourse and discussion among its members, by encouraging and alding geographical exploration and research, by assisting the publication of geographical essays, by developing better conditions for the study of geography in schools, colleges and universities, and by co-operating with other societies in the development of an intelligent interest in geography among the people of North America.

Association of American Physicians—President—George Dock, M. D., 1627 Spruce Street, Philadelphia, Pa. Organized 1886. Membership limited to 160 active and 25 associate members.

Astrological Society, The—Incorporated at Albany, N. Y., 1912. President—Dr. Altan Z. Steven—

son, Secretary—S. A. Stevenson. Treasurer—J. R. Wilson. Headquarters, 509 West Fifty-first Street, New York City.
Botanical Society of America—President—Prof. R. A. Harper, Columbia University, New York, N. Y. Secretary—Prof. H. H. Bartlett, University of Michtgan, Ann Arbor, Mich. Has 496 members. Founded 1893. Annual dues, 55. Enlarged by federation with the Society for Plant Morphology and Physiology and the American Mycological Society, 1906. Publishes the American Journal of Botany.

Geological Society of America—President—John M. Clarke, Albany, N. Y. Secretary—E. O. Hovey, American Museum of Natural History, New York City. Treasurer—William Bullock Clark, Baltimore, Md.; Editor, J. Stanley-Brown, New York City. Society founded in 1888. Has 380 fellows. Entrance fee, 810; annual dues, 510.

trance fee, \$10; annual dues, \$10.

Illuminating Engineering Society—President— Dr. William J. Serrill. Assistant Secretary—C. D. Faweett. Treasurer—L. B. Marks. General offices, 29 West Thirty-ninth Street, New York City.

29 West Thirty-ninth Street, New York City.

Institute of Accountants, The (in the United States of America). Membership consists of about 1,200 practising accountants in various parts of the United States. The institute conducts examinations for admission to its membership. President—W. Sanders Davies, New York. Vice-Presidents—Harvey S. Chase, Boston; Carl H. Nau, Cleveland. Secretary—A. P. Richardson, 55 Liberty Street, New York. Treasurer—Adam A. Ross, Philadelphia phia.

Inventors' Guild—Founded 1910. The object of the guild is to advance the application of the useful arts and sciences, to further the interests and secure full acknowledgment and protection for the rights of inventors, to foster scelal relations among those who Inventors, to foster scelal relations among those who have made notable advances in the application of the useful arts and sciences, President—Frank J. Sprarue, 165 Broadway, New York City, First Vice-President—Dr. Peter Cooper Hewitt, Madison Square Garden, New York City, Second Vice-President—Carl Thomas, Johns Hopkins University, President—Carl Thomas, Johns Hopkins University, Chromes Dobins 12 Page. Row, New York City. Treasurer—Henry L. Doherty, 60 Wall Street, New York City.

Medical Association of the Southwest— President—E. S. Larou, M. D., Oklahoma City, Okla. Secretary—F. H. Clark, M. D., El Reno, Okla.

Medico-Legal Society—Meetings held monthly on the third Wednesday, New York City. Medico-Legal Journal is its official organ. There are Viee-Presidents for each of the States and Territories and all the principal foreign countries. Total mem-bership, about 1,800.

Modern Language Association of America. The—President—James Douglas Bruce, Knoxville, Tenn. Secretary-Treasurer—William Guild Howard, Cambridge, Mass. Object—The advancement of the study of the modern languages and their literatures through the promotion of friendly relations among scholars, through the publication of the results of investigation by members and through the presentation and discussion of papers at an annual meeting. Initiation fee, none; ducs, 83 per annum. Present membership, 1,250. Organized 1883. Incompressed 1900 corporated 1900.

National Academy of Sciences—President—Wm. H. Welch, Baitimore, Md. Vice-President—Chas, D. Walcott, Washington, D. C. Foreign Sceretary—George E. Haie, Pasadena, Cal. Home Secretary—Arthur L. Day, Washington, D. C. Treasurer—Whitman Cross, Washington, D. C. Treasurer—Whitman Cross, Washington, D. C. The academy, Incorporated by Act of Congress March 3, 1863, "shall, whenever called upon by any department of the Concernment investigate evening experiment and "shall, whenever called upon by any department of the Government, investigate, examine, experiment, and report upon any subject of science or art; the actual expense \* \* \* to be paid from appropriations which may be made for the purpose." The academy holds a stated session each year in the City of Washington on the third Monday in April. An Autumn meeting is held at such place and time as the Council shall determine. There are at present 147 members and 40 foreign associates.

National Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis (105 East Twenty-second Street, New York City)—Presidents—Dr. W. S., Rankin, and Dr. James A. Miller. Honorary Vice-

#### AMERICAN LEARNED SOCIETIES-Continued.

Presidents—Theodore Roosevelt, Sir William Osler. Pressurer—William H. Baldwin. Executive Secretary— Dr. Charles J. Hatfield. Secretary—Dr. Henry B. Jacobs, 11 Mount Vernon Place West, Baltimore,

National Association for the Study of Epilepsy—President—Dr. David F. Weeks, Skiliman, N. Y. Sceretary—Dr. Arthur L. Shaw, Sonyea, N. Y. Annual dues, \$5.

N. Y. Annual dues, S. National Committee for Mental HygienePresident—Dr. Lewellys F. Barker, Baltimore, Md. 
Vice-Presidents—Charles W. Eliot, Cambridge, Mass, and Dr. William H. Welch, Baltimore, Md. Treasurer—Otto T. Bannard, New York City. Medical Director—Dr. Thomas W. Salmon. Secretary—Ciliford W. Beers, 50 Union Square, New York City. Objects are to work for the conservation of mental health; to help raise standards in the treatment of mental diseases and mental deficiency; to promote the study of mental diseases and to disseminate information regarding their causes, treatment and prevention. Organized 1909.

National Education Association—The National

prevention. Organized 1909.

National Education Association—The National Education Association (N. E. A.) is an incorporated organization of teachers, others engaged in educational work, and educational institutions, its object and purpose being "to elevate the character and advance the interests of the profession of teaching and to promote the cause of popular education in the United States." It was organized in 1857 under the name "National Teachers" Association." In this organization bere are three classes of members-active, associate, and corresponding—whose qualifications, terms of membership, rights and obligations are prescribed by the act of incorporation and the by-laws, and are, in brief, as follows:

The annual dues for active and associate members

by-laws, and are, in Drief, as follows:

The annual dues for active and associate members are two doliars. Active members, however, pay an enrolment fee the first year of two doliars, making their initial payment four dollars. Institutions are listed as active members and may be represented at the meetings by their executive officers. Active members enjoy certain advantages over associate members, some of which are; Active members only are privileged to vote. Active members are listed in the Year Book of the association, with their educational position, titles and degrees, and year of expediment.

Executive Committee: President—Robert J. Aley, Orono, Me. Vice-President—David B. Johnson, Rock Hill, S. C. Treasurer—Thomas E. Finegan, Albany, N. Y. Member by Election—George B. Cook, Little Rock, Ark. Secretary—Durand W. Springer, Ann Arbor, Mich.

National Genealogical Society—Organized 1903. Its objects shall be to collect and preserve genealogical and historical data, to assist its mem-bers in their genealogical research, and to issue such bers in their genealogical research, and to issue such publications and devote such attention to heraldry as may be considered advisable and desirable. National President—Dr. Francis A. St. Clair, 1319 T St., N. W., Washington, D. C. National lecording Secretary, Miss Maud Burr Morris, 1603 19th Street, N. W., Washington, D. C. National Carresponding Secretary—Mrs. Gaius M. Brumbaugh, 905 Massachusetts Avenue, N. W., Washington, D. C. National Transver—Mr. Affred B. Dent, 906 A Street, S. E., Washington, D. C.

National Geographic Society—President—O. H. Tituman. Vice-President—J. E. Pilisbury. Secretary—O. P. Austin. Director and Eattor—Gilbert H. Grosvenor. Headquarters, Washington, D. C. Its purpose is "the increase and diffusion of geographic knowledge." It publishes a monthly magazine. Organized 1883. Annual dues for members, \$2. There are 500,000 members. Social Sciences—National Institute O. Social Sciences—National Institute O. Social Sciences—National Institute O. Social Sciences—Piet, C. P. Persident—Nicholas Murray Butter, C. P. P. Savison, 23 Wall Street, New York City. Membership, 1,045.
New York Zoological Society—President—Henry Fairfield Osborn. Chairman Executive Committee—Madison Grant, 111 Broadway, New York City. Treasurer—Percy R. Pyne, 20 Exchange Place. William T. Hornaday, Director of the New York Zoological Park; Charles H. Townsend, Director of the Aquarium. Annual dues, \$10. Ilfe membership, \$200. The Zoological Park and the New York Aquarium are under the sole control and management of the society. ment of the society.

ment of the society.

Society for Electrical Development—President
—Henry L. Doherty. General Manager—J. M.
Wakeman. Secretary-Treasurer—James Smleton, Jr.
Headquarters, 29 West Thirty-ninth Street, New
York City. Organized in 1912 to carry out, in a
broad way, the work of co-operative electrical development. Membership, 1,274.

broad way, the work of co-operative electrical development, Membership, 1,274.

Society for the Promotion of Engineering Education—Prestdent—G. R. Chathurn, University of Nebraska, Lincoln, Neb. Secretary—F. L. Bishop, University of Pittsburgh, Pittsburgh, Pat. Treasurer—W. O. Wiley, 432 Fourth Avenue, New York City, 1,450 members from 149 engineering colleges, 18 manual training and trades schools; 400 members are practitioners and are not teachers. Founded in the Engineering Education Section of World's Engineering Congress, 1893, Chicago, Annual fee, S4.

Society of American Bacteriologists—Prest-

Society of American Bacteriologists

nual fee, S4.

Society of American Bacterlologists—President—

Vice-President—L. F. Rettger, New Haven, Ct. Secretary-Treasurer—A. Parker Hitchens, Glenolden, Pa.

Society of Chemical Industry (New York Section)—Chairman—Jerome Alexander, New York City.

Local Secretary—Parker C. Meilniney, 50 East Forty-first Street, New York City. Membership, 796. The society is international, while the New York and New England branches are the American representatives. The officers of the general society are; President—Chas, C. Carpenter. Secretary—J. P. Longstaff, Broadway Chambers, Westminster, London S. W., England. (Report of 1915.)

Society of Naval Architects and Marine Engineers—President—Stevenson Taylor. Secretary-Teasurer—Daniel H. Cox, 29 West Thirty-ninth Street, New York City. Object—The promotion of the art of shipbuilding, commercial and naval. Headquarters, 29 West. Thirty-ninth Street, New York City. Membership fee for members and associates, \$10; annual dues, \$10. Juniors, member ship fee, \$5; annual dues, \$1. Has 1,000 member, associates and juniors.

Southern Medical Association—President—Dr. Robert Wilson, Jr., Charleston, S. C. Secretary—Dr. Seale Harris, Birmingham, Ala,

#### THE UNIVERSITY OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK.

THE STATE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

The University of the State of New York, governed by the Board of Regents, established and incorporated in 1784, includes in its constituent membership all public schools of the State and, as institutions in the university, all secondary and higher educational Institutions incorporated in the State and such libraries, museums, institutions, schools, organizations and agencies for education as may be admitted to or incorporated by the university. The President of the university is also the Commissioner of Education, the chief executive officer of the entire State educational system. The Assistant Commissioners are Thomas E. Finegan for elementary education, who is also Deputy Commissioner; Augustus S. Downing for higher education, and Charles F. Wheelock for secondary education. The State Library, James I. Wyer, Jr., director, and the State Museum, John M. Clarke, director, are departments of the university.

### NATIONAL REPUBLICAN LEACUE OF THE UNITED STATES.

The National Republican League of the United States was organized in Chickering Hall, New York City, December 15-17, 1887, by delegates from about 350 Republican clubs of the United States, assembled in National Convention, pursuant to a call issued by the Republican Club of New York City. It is composed of the Republican clubs of the United States, organized by States and united in a national organization. Its purpose is "Organization and Education." It aims to enlist recruits for the Republican Party, particularly the vounger men and the "first voters," National Conventions have since been held at Baltimore, 1889; Nashville, 1890; Cincinnati, 1891; Buffalo, 1892; Louisville, 1893; Denver, 1894; Cleveland, 1895; Milwalkee, 1896; Detroit, 1897; Omaha, 1898 (blennial sessions afterward); St. Paul, 1900, Chicago, 1912. At the close of the campaign of 1908, the league, including the Tait campaign clubs, comprised approximately 4,000 clubs, with a membership of 1,500,000. Officers—President, John Hays Hammond, Gloucester, Mass.; Treasurer, D. B. Atherton, New York City; Secretary, W. B. Brewster, East Orange, N. J.

# SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION

# FOR THE INCREASE AND DIFFUSION OF KNOWLEDGE AMONG MEN.

OFFICERS OF THE SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION:

Ex-Officio Presiding Officer of the Institution, Woodrow Wilson, President of the United States; Chancellor of the Institution, Edward Douglass White, Chief Justice of the United States; Secretary of the Institution, Charles D. Walcott; Assistant Secretary in Charge of United States National Museum, Richard Rathbun.

Rehard Rathbun.

Board of Regents, Edward Douglass White, Chief Justice of the United States, Chancellor; Thomas R. Marshall, Vice-President of the United States; Henry Cabot Lodge, Member of the Senate; William J. Stone, Member of the Senate; Henry F. Hollis, Member of the Senate; Scott Ferris, Member of the House of Representatives; Lames T. Lloyd, Member of the House of Representatives; James T. Lloyd, Member of the House of Representatives; Andrew D. White, citizen of New York; Alexander Graham Bell, citizen of Washington, D. C.; Charles F. Choade, Jr., citizen of Massachusetts; George Gray, citizen of Delaware; John B. Henderson, Jr., citizen of Washington, D. C.; Charles W. Fairbanks, citizen of Indiana.

The Institution at Washington, D. C., was established by statute in 1846, under the terms of the will of James Smithson, who bequeathed his fortune in 1826 to the United States to found an institution for the "increase and diffusion of knowledge among men." From the income of the fund a building, known as the Smithsonian Building, was erected on land given by the United States. The Institution is legally an establishment having as its members the President of the United States. The Institution is legally an establishment having as its members of the United States, the Vice-President, the Chief Justice, and the President's Cahinet. Jt. Is governed by a Board of Regents consisting of the Vice-President, the Chief Justice, three members of the United States Senate, three members of the House of Representatives, and six citizens of the United States appointed by joint resolution of Congress. It is under the immediate direction of the Secretary of the Smithsonian Institution aids investigators by making grants for research.

director of the Institution's activities.

For the increase of knowledge, the Institution aids investigators by making grants for research and exploration, supplying books, apparatus, laboratory accommodations, etc. It occasionally provides for lectures, which are published. It has initiated numerous scientific projects of national importance, some of which have been turned over to the Government and resulted in the creation of independent Government bureaus. It advises the Government in many matters of scientific bodies, such as the National Academy of Sciences, the American Association for the Advancement of Science, the American Historical Association, etc. It issues three regular series of publications: Annual Reports, contairing papers of general interest intended to keep the ordinary reader abreast of the progress of science; Contributions to Knowledge, the distinct feature of which is that each memoir constitutes an original contribution to knowledge; Miscellaneous Collections, which contain bibliographies, reports of expeditions and of various scientific researches, and standard tables. All these publications are distributed gratuitously to important libraries throughout the world. the world.

which contain bibliographies, reports of expeditions and of various scientific restricted, and standard tables. All these publications are distributed gratuitously to important libraries throughout the world.

The Institution maintains a library, in co-operation with the Library of Congress, which numbers 265,000 volumes and consists mainly of the transactions of learned societies and scientific periodicals. While the body of the library is deposited in the Library of Congress and accessible to all its readers, a working library is maintained at the Institution. Lists, bibliographies, rules for cataloguing and library work have been published. The Institution supports a table at the Naples Zoological Station. All these an numerous of activities do all the source of the Smiths of the Smiths of the Smiths of the Smiths of the Smiths of the Smiths of the Smiths of the Smiths of the Smiths of the Smiths of the Smiths of the Smiths of the Smiths of the Smiths of the Smiths of the Smiths of the Smiths of the Smiths of the Smiths of the Smiths of the Smiths of the Smiths of the Smiths of the Smiths of the Smiths of the Smiths of the Smiths of the Smiths of the Smiths of the Smiths of the Smiths of the Smiths of the Smiths of the Smiths of the Smiths of the Smiths of the Smiths of the Smiths of the Smiths of the Smiths of the Smiths of the Smiths of the Smiths of the Smiths of the Smiths of the Smiths of the Smiths of the Smiths of the Smiths of the Smiths of the Smiths of the Smiths of the Smiths of the Smiths of the Smiths of the Smiths of the Smiths of the Smiths of the Smiths of the Smiths of the Smiths of the Smiths of the Smiths of the Smiths of the Smiths of the Smiths of the Smiths of the Smiths of the Smiths of the Smiths of the Smiths of the Smiths of the Smiths of the Smiths of the Smiths of the Smiths of the Smiths of the Smiths of the Smiths of the Smiths of the Smiths of the Smiths of the Smiths of the Smiths of the Smiths of the Smiths of the Smiths of the Smiths of the Smiths of the Smiths of the Smiths

#### AMERICAN BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS FOR FOREIGN MISSIONS.

The head office of the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions is at the Congregational House, 14 Beacon Street, Boston, Mass. There are three district offices: (1) at the United Charities Bullding, Twenty-second Street and Fourth Avenue, New York City, Rev. E. L. Smith, D. D., Secretary; (2) 19 S. La Saile Street, Chicago, Ill., Rev. A. N. Hitchcock, D. D., District Secretary; (3) San Francisco, Cal., Henry H. Kelsey, D. D., District Secretary. Its officers are: President—Edward C. Moore, D. D. Corresponding Sceretaries—James L. Barton, LL. D., Cornelius H. Patton, D. D., Edward L. Smith, D. D. Treasurer—Frank H. Wiggin.

The American Board, which is the oldest foreign missionary society in the United States, was organized June 29, 1810. During its history it has sent out over 3,000 missionaries, of whom 664 are now in service. Into the 701 churches which have been organized by these missionaries there are now eurolled 33,135 members. The total receipts from the beginning have been \$46,696,466.61; for year 1916, \$1,207,126.54.

The mission fields now occupied by the board are: Mexico; Micronesian Islands; Mindanao, Philippine Islands; Japan: North China; Shansi, in Northwestern China; Foochow and Canton, in Southern China; Ceylon; Madura, in Southern India; the Marathi field of Western India; in Southern Africa, the Rhodesian branch and the Zulu branch, West Central Africa; Bulgaria and Asiatic Turkey; Austria; Spain; Greece, and Serbla.

#### THE SCHOOL OF JOURNALISM.

(From a statement prepared by Dr. Talcott Williams, Director.)

THE School of Journalism In Columbia University, New York City, on the Pulitzer Foundation, opened September 30, 1912. On November 1, 1916, it had in all 180 students, of whom 36 are women. Divided by classes, there are 69 in the first-year class, 43 in the second-year class, 43 in the third-year class, and 25 in the fourth-year class. Of the women who will take their degree in the School of Journalism, 17 are in Barnard, and 8 of the men at present registered in Columbia College are taking courses in the School of Journalism. Of the first-year class entering last Fall, 55 are men and 10 are women. Of this number, 43 men entered on examination and 11 under the provision laid down by the lat Joseph Pulitzer in his gift, that students of maturity, experience and marked fitness should be admitted without examination. Of the women, 10 entered Barnard College, to be there two years, on examination. Admission without examination, as Mr. Pulitzer expected, has enabled a number of journalists to enter the school. On pursuing courses for two years with credit, these students are admitted to candidacy for the degree of Bachelor of Literature in Journalism. This degree was conferred on 24 graduates in the course at the last commencement of columbia University; of the fourth-year class, 18 were in the school stay year in the third-year class, and 6 are graduates of other colleges. In 1918 the school will be placed on a full professional standing Five years will be required for a degree from the high school, the first two in college and the last three in the almost professional study.

The total attendance grows steadily year by year and establishes the leading position of the

The total attendance grows steadily year by year and establishes the leading position of the school among institutions of its kind in this or any other country. The number attending is greater in proportion to the number of journalists in the country than is the number attending the law and medical courses in Columbia University in proportion to the number of those practising law and medicine. In September, 1913, the school entered its new building, for which \$500,000 was provided by Mr. Pulitzer's bequest. The building is excellently equipped in every way for training in journalistic work, and contains a reference library, files of a hundred daily papers, American and foreign, and a morgue of 400,000 newspaper clippings made under the supervision of the Director during the last thirty years.

No step in professional education has attracted wider public attention or awakened a more general approval in the American press. When Mr. Pulitzer proposed the school twelve years ago its plan, purposes and need were all challenged. From the announcement of the appointment in February, 1912, of its Director, Talcott Williams, formerly of The New York World staff and for 38 years in active journalism, to its successful opening and full operation the school has commanded the confidence of newspapers and journalists. One-third of its teaching staff of 25 have been in active service on newspapers.

The plan of the school and its course of study were approved and at many points directed by an Advisory Board of eleven journalists, including Mr. John Langdon Heaton, of the editorial staff of The New York World, Mr. Ralph Pullitzer, President of the Press Publishing Company (The New York World), and Mr. George S. Johns, editor of the St. Louis Post-Dispatch. The other journalists on this Advisory Board, of which President Butler of Columbia University is a member, are S. B. Griffin, Springfeld Republican, Victor Fremont Lawson, Chicago Daily News; Charles Ransom Miller, New York Times; Edward Page Mitchell, The Sun, New York; Melville Elijah Stone, Associated Press, New York; Charles H. Taylor, Boston Globe, and Samuel Calvin Weils, Philadelphia Press.

The administrative work of the school is conducted by an Administrative Board, composed of President Butler; the Director, Talcott Williams; the Associate Director, Prof. John W. Cunliffe; Frederick P. Keppel, Dean of Columbia College; William P. Trent, Professor of English Literature; Henry R. Seager, Professor of Folitical Economy; James T. Shotwell, Professor of History; Ashley H. Thorndike, Professor of English, and Charles A. Beard, Associate Professor of Politics.

M. Thorndike, Professor of English, and Charles A. Beard, Associate Professor of Politics. While there are universities and colleges which give courses in various phases of journalism and several which have schools of journalism, no other school has an endowment so large, beginning at \$1,000,000 and enlarged by the final legacy of \$1,000,000 from the Pulitzer estate; none has a course giving so much time to the solid study needed for the training of the journalist, and this has also the crowning advantage of a metropolis like New York in which to train its students in reporting by sending them to see and to write upon events as they come in the life of a great city. The City Hall, the departments and the regular newspaper assignments have all been used to train men in getting news as well as in writing it. Attendance on first-night performances is employed in training for dramatic criticism. From the second year on, the students are under direction and correction, writing articles on financial and business subjects, editorials, special articles, and in other fields of newspaper work. The headquarters of the political parties in New York City have given opportunity for training in National and State politics.

This practical training in the work of the journalist in the greatest news centre of the country comes in the last two years, but of the four years' course four-fifths are devoted to the study of history, constitutional law, political science, economics, statistics, American and European literature, etc.; a mastery of either French or German is insisted on. These studies follow the lines laid down by Mr. Joseph Pulitzer in his plan for the school. They are taught with the comprehensive thoroughness only possible in a great university. The work and study required is on a professional standard. Taking the technical work of reporting and their studies, the students of the school are working as hard as in a newspaper office, covering the same range of subjects and writing under close supervision and correction from men trained as journalists.

(Statistics supplied by the Bureau of the Census for THE WORLD ALMANAC.)

The term illiterate, as here used, includes all persons unable to write their own language, except in cases indicated by an asterisk (\*), where the basis is inability to read (a).

indicated by an ask			5 Inabiii	ty to read (a).			
COUNTRY.	Illit- erate	Basis.	Year.	COUNTRY.	Illit- erate	Basis.	Year.
EUROPE: Austria. Belgium (b). Bulgaria	P. C.			AMERICA-Cont'd.	P. C.		
Austria	18.7	Popul'n over 11 yrs.	1910	British Honduras	68.8	AII ages	1901
Belgium (b)	12.7	Popul'n over 10 yrs.	1910	Canada	11.0	Popul'n over 5 vrs	1911
"	7.9	Army recruits	1913	Chile*	49.9	Popul'n over 10 yrs.	1907
Bulgaria	65.5	Popul'n over 10 yrs.	1905	Colombia*	73.0	Males of all ages	
	25.4	Army recruits	1909	Costa Rica	80.2	All ages	1892
"	58.4	Marriages	1901-10	Cuba*	43.4	Popul'n over 10 yrs.	1907
Denmark	0.2	Army recruits	1907	Guatemala	92.7	All ages	1893
England and Wales.	1.8	Marriages	11901-10	Mexico	70.7	Popul'n over 12 yrs.	1910
France	14.1	Popul'n over 10 yrs.	1906	Newfoundland	35.2	Popul'n over 5 yrs	1911
	4.3	Army recruits	1912	Porto Rico	00.5	Popul'n over 10 yrs.	1910
a."	4.1	Army recruits  Marriages  Army recruits  Popul'n over 10 yrs.	11801-10	oruguay (b)	39.8	Popul'n over 5 yrs	1908
German Empire (c)	57.00	Army recruits	1912	AUSTRALIA:			1
Greece (a)	20.0	A morning	1907	Commonwealth o f	1.8	Donulla casa 10	1011
Hungary (b)		Army recruits Popul'n over 6 yrs.		New So. Wales (j)*	2.0	Popul'n over 10 yrs. Popul'n over 10 yrs.	1911
Trolond *	00.0	Popul'n over 9 yrs.	1011	Iven So. Wates (J)*	1.0	Marriages	1911
iteland	8 1	Marriages	1001-10	New Zeeland (b)*	0.9	Popul'n over 10 yrs.	1011-10
Ireland *	37.0	Popul'n over 10 yrs.	1011	" Zealand (k)",	0.3	Marriages	1001-10
(b)	31 1	Army recruits	1010	Queensland (j)*	2.5	Marriages Popul'n over 10 yrs.	1011
" (57	38 7	Marriages	1961-10	egaccustana (j)	2.0	Marriages	1001-10
		Popul'n over 5 yrs	1901	South Australia (j)*	1.8	Popul'n over 10 yrs.	1911
Netherlands (f)	0.8					Marriages	1901-10
110000011000000000000000000000000000000	2.2	Marriages Popul'n over 10 yrs.	1901-10	Tasmania (i)*	3.3	Marriages Popul'n over 10 yrs.	1911
Portugal * (g)	68.9	Popul'n over 10 vrs.	1911		2.4	Marriages	1901-10
Prussia (c)	0.02	Army recruits	1910	Victoria (j) *	1.1	Popul'n over 10 yrs.	1911
Netherlands (f)  Portugal * (g)  Prussia (c)	0.4	Marriages	11901-10		0.4	Marriages	1901-10
Roumania (f) (d) (h)	60.6	Popul'n over 7 yrs	1909	West. Australia (i)*	1.6	Marriages Popul'n over 10 yrs.	1911
" (d)	41.0	Army recruits	1911	" "	0.6	Marriages	1901-10
Russia (h)	69.0	Popul'n over 10 yrs.	1897	ASIA AND OCEANIA:			
(h)	61.7	Army recruits	1894	Ceylon (all races)	78.3	All ages	1901
Scotland	1.6	Marriages	1901-10	Ceylon			
Berbla	78.9	Popul'n over 11 yrs.	11900	(European race)	11.9	All ages	1901
4	43.4	Army recruits	1911	Ceylon (other than	-0.4	4.17	1001
Cools	30.7	Marriages	1901-10	European)	100.4	All ages	1901
Spain	103.4	Popul'n over 10 yrs. Army recruits	1900	India (l)	92.1	Popul'n over 10 yrs. Popul'n over 10 yrs.	1903
Sweden Switzerland (i)	1 0.2	Army recruits	1011	Russia (n)	07.0	Popul'n over 10 yrs.	
United Kingdom	1 1 6	Army recruits	1003-04	Hawaii	26.8	Popul'n over 10 yrs.	
AMERICA:	1.0	in in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its in its	1303-04	AFRICA:	20.0	opus a over 10 yrs.	1010
Continental U. S.	1			Algeria	13.0	Army recruits	1912
total popul'n		Popul'n over 10 yrs.	1910	Cape of Good Hope	1-0.0		1-0
Native white, na-		-		(ali races)		Popul'n over 10 yrs.	1911
tive parents		Popul'n over 10 yrs.	1910	Cape of Good Hope	:		
Native white,	.1		ł	(European race)		Popul'n over 10 yrs.	1911
foreign or mix-	4		1	Cape of Good Hope			1
_ ed parents		Popul'n over 10 yrs.	1910	(other than			
Foreign-born	1			European)	82.8	Popul'n over 10 yrs.	
white	12.7	Popul'n over 10 yrs.		Egypt (d)	192.7	Popul'n over 10 yrs.	
Negro	130.4	Popul'n over 10 yrs.		Natal(Europ'nrace) " (others)	1.6	Popul'n over 10 yrs.	
Indlan	45.3	Popul'n over 10 yrs.		(others)	94.8	Popul'n over 10 yrs.	1911
Chinese	15.8	Popul'n over 10 yrs.	1910	Orange Free State	FO C	Donulla oues 10	1011
Japanese	9.2	Popul'n over 10 yrs.	1910	(all races)		Popul'n over 10 yrs.	
Argentina	09.4	Popul'n over 10 yrs. Popul'n over 6 yrs. Popul'n over 7 yrs. All ages.	1000			Popul'n over 10 yrs.	1911
Bonvia	82.9	All oges	1900	Union of South		Bonul'n over 10 ***	1011
Brazii	85.2	All ages	11990	Africa (all races).	109.7	ropui n over 10 yrs.	[191]

(a) Figures for army recruits largely from Huebner's Statistical Tables, 1914. (b) Based on number unable to read and write. (c) Based on number without schooling. (d) Based on number illiterate, but this term is not defined in official report. (e) Native Maltese population. (f) Based on number unable either to read or write. (g) Including Azores and Madeira. (h) Excluding Finland. (l) Based on number without any proficiency in writing. (j) Excluding full-blooded aboriginals. (k) Excluding Maoris and Chinese. (l) Based on number unable to write letter to friend and read reply. (m) Civilized population. (n) Caucasia, Siberla, and Central Asla.

#### PERCENTAGE OF ILLITERACY IN 1910 (10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER).

113110111111111111111111111111111111111					
STATES.	P. C.	STATES.	P. C.	STATES.	P. C.
United States	7.7		1.7	Mississippi	22.4
New England	5.3	Miasouri	4.3	West South Central	13.2
Maine	4.1	North Dakota	3.1	Arkansas	12.6
New Hampshire	4.6	South Dakota	2.9	Louislana	29.0
Vermont		Nebraska	1.9	Oklahoma	5.6
Massachusetts	. 5.2	Kansas	2.2	Texas	9.9
Rhode Island	. 7.7	South Atlantic	16.0	Mountain	6.9
Connecticut			8,1		4.6
Middle Atlantic	5.7		7.2		2.2
New York	. 5.5	District of Columbia	4.9	Wyoming	3.3
New Jersey	. 5.6		15.2	Colorado	3.7
Pennsylvania	. 5.9		8.0		20.2
East North Central	. 3.4	North Carolina	18.5		20.9
Ohio	. 3.2		25.7		2.5
Indiana	. 3.1		20.7		6.7
Illinois			13.8	Pacific	3.0
Miehigan			17.4		2.0
Wisconsin	. 3.2		12.1		1.9
West North Central			13.6		3.7
Minnesota	. 3.0	Alabama	22.9	([	

#### NATIONAL READING CIRCLE.

THE United States Bureau of Education has established the National Reading Circle and will issue lished the National Reading Circle and will issue certificates to readers who meet requirements. The Reading Circle comes under the auspices of the Home Education Division of the Bureau of Education at Washington, and for the benefit of those who wish to be enrolled among its students various courses of readings are recommended. The following courses are either ready for distribution or preparators:

courses of readings are recommended. The following courses are either ready for distribution or preparation:

Course I., The Great Literary Bibles; Course II., Masterpleces of the World's Literature; Course III., A Ready Course for Parents; Course IV., Miscellaneous Reading for Boys; Course V., Miscellaneous Reading for Girls; Course VII., Thirty Books of Great Fletion; Course VII., Thirty Books of Great Fletion; Course VII., Some of the World's Heroes; Course VIII., American Literature; Course IX., Blography; Course X., History.

Course I. Includes "The Bliad' and the "Odyssey" of Homer, "The Divine Comedy of Dante," "The Merchant of Venice." "Macheth." "Hamlet," "Othello." "Faust," and the present Course II., which Includes these eight books and also the nine following: "Job" "Isalah," "Deuteronomy," "Prometheus Bound of Æschylus," "The Æneid of Virgil." "The Nibelungenlied." "Don Quixote," "Select Plays of Molière," Millor's "Paradise Lost." Course III., includes "Practical Motherhood," "Two Girls and Mothers of Girls," "Marriage and the Sex Problems," "The Development of the Child," "Studies in Child Development," "The Eare of the Baby," "Childhood" "Training of the Human Plan," "A Study of Child Nature," "Children's Rights," "A Montessori Mother." "Misunderstood Children," "Beckoning from Little Hands," "Taining of the Girl," "Training of the Boy," "Ethics for Children," "Beckoning from Little Hands," "The Training of the Girl," "Training of the Training," "Dawn of Character," "Elements of the Theory and Practice of Cookery," "Domestic Economy," "Shelter and Clothing," "Mother," "The House of Happiness," "Polly Anna—The Glad Book," "Bobbie, General Manager," "Rebecca of Sunny-brook Farm," "Parents and Their Prohlems," "Library of Home Economics," "Parents, Duty Cooking-School Cook Book," "Canning Vegetables in the Home (Farmers' Bulletin 359), Canoing Tomatoes at Home and in Club Work (Farmers' Bulletin 551), Canned Fruit, Preserves, and Jellies (Farmers' Bulletin 359), The Farmers' Bulletin 359, The Farme

Bulletins are secured from the Superintendent of Documents, Government Printing Office, Washington, D. C. Course IV. includes "Hans Briker," "The Jungle Book," "Robinson Crusce," "The Last of the Mobleans," "Tom Sawyer," Stover at Yale, "Lorna Doone," "Treasure Island," "The Cloister and the Hearth," "David Copperfield," "Westward Ho!" "Age of Chivairy," "Ivanhoe," "Idylls of the King, "Macbeth," "Merchant of Venlee," "The Oregon Trail," "Franklin's Autoblography," "Abraham Lincoln," "Robert E. Lee," "Burke's Concillation," "Webster's First Burker Hill Oration," "Washington's Farewell Address," "Lincoln's Gettysburg Address," "Lives of Poor Boys Who Became Famous," "Famous Scouts (Including trappers, ploneers, and soldiers of the frontier)," "Careers of Danger and Daring," "What Can Literature Do for Mer. Course V. Includes' 'Alice in Wonderland," "Birds' Christmas, Carol," "Little Women," "Pride and Prejudice," "The Jungle Book," "David Copperfield," "Lorna Doone," "The Will on the Floss," "Vanhoe," "Evangeline," "Idylls of the King," "Merchant of Venlee," "Romeo and Juliet, "Florence Nightingale," "The Story of My Life; Helen Keller," "A Short History of the English People," "Some Silent Feachers," "Shelter and Clothing, "Foods and Household Management," "The Furnishing of a Modest House," "Girl and Woman," "What Can Literature Do for Me?"

The Bureau of Education does not lend or sell the books.

Course VI. Includes "Adam Bede," "Arabian

DUDINS. VI. Includes "Adam Bede." "Arabian Course VI. Includes "Adam Bede." "Arabian Nights," "A Modern Instance." "Clarissa Harlowe." "David Copperheld," "Guy Mannerins," "History of Henry Esmond," "Ivanhoe," "Joseph Vance," "Kidnapped," "Lorna Doone," "Luck of Roaring

Camp," "Ordeal of Richard Feverel," "Pilgrim's Progress," "Pride and Prejudice," "Robinson Crusoe," "Romola," "Tale of Two Citles," "The Cloister and the Hearth" "Vanity Fair," "Viear of Wakefield," "Last of the Mohleans," "Scarlet Letter," "The Pilot," "Les Misérables," "The Three Musketeers," "Père Gorlot," "Anna Karenina," "With Fire and Sword," "Treasure Island," Course VIII. Includes "The American," "Autocrat of the Breakfast Table," "Bea Hur," "Bigclow Papers," "Essays," "Representative Men," "Democracy," "The Federalist," "Four Million," "Goldbug, Etc.," "The Federalist," "Four Million," "Luck of Roaring Camp," "Man Without a Country," "Marble Faun," "Scarlet Letter," "A Modern Instance," "Montcalm and Wolfe," "My Summer In a Garden," "Reign of Law," "The Sumea lil who wish to undertake this course of reading under its direction to join its National Reading Circle. For admission to this circle it is only necessary to write to the "Home Education Division of the Bureau of Education, Washington, D. C.," giving your name, post-office address, your age, and a very brief statement of your education and occupation. You should also write the Mome Education Division of the bureau for requirements.

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ments.

To each person submitting satisfactory evidence of having read all the books on this list within three years from the time of joining circle, there will be awarded a certificate bearing the seal of the United States Bureau of Education and signed by the Commissioner of Education. All young men and women who wish to lay a good foundation for a knowledge of the best literature are invited to join this circle.

circle.
Charles Alphonso Smith, Edgar Allan Poe Professor of English in the University of Virginia, Charles Forster Smith, Professor of Greek in the University of Wisconsin; Richard Burton, Professor of English Literature in the University of Minnesota, and William Lyon Phelps, Professor of English Literature in Yale University, Will assist the Bureau of Education in directing this course of reading.

In writing about this course refer to it as "United States Bureau of Education, Home Education Division, Reading Course No. II., or, Great Literature—Ancient, Medisval, and Modern."

Readers may take one or more courses. They are

States Bureau of Education, Home Education Division, Reading Course No. II., or, Great Literature—Ancient, Mediaval, and Modern."
Readers may take one or more courses. They are required to read Course I. twice during the three years succeeding enrolment. Any other courses are to be read but once. No reading done previous to the date of curolment will be considered adequate. Let the bureau know when each book is begun and when it is completed. Send a description of the principal characters, the chief episodes, and impressions. When the nature of the hook does not lend itself to this form of report, send a list of five important lessons or truths found in each book. When the course is completed a few questions as the final test will be sent.

Books may less or truths found in each book. When the course is completed a few questions as the final test will be sent.

Books may less the completed a few questions as the final test will be sent.

Books may less the completed a few questions as the final test will be sent.

Books may less the completed a few questions as the final test will be sent.

Books may less the completed a few questions as the final test will be sent.

Books may be used, but the advantage to be gained from Moulton's Modern Readers' Bible will more than pay for the additional cost.

The following list of classical dictionaries, etc., may be of help to readers:

Classical Dictionary. William Smith. Published by the American Book Co. \$4.50.

Gayley's Classical Myths, Published by Ginn & Co., New York \$1.50.

Whibley's Companion to Greek Studles, Published by G. P. Putnam's Sons, New York, \$6.00.

Rich's Classical Dictionary of Greek and Roman Antiquities, Published by Longmans, Green & Co., New York, \$2.50.

Introduction to Homer. Richard C. Jebb, Encyclopaedia Britannica.

The Reader's Handbook of Famous Names in Fletcion, Allusanis, Randbook of Famous N

### LITERATURE OF 1916. BY FREMONT RIDER

The book trade in this country revived in 1916 after the slump of 1914-15, the retail trade is especially prosperous. The book output was larger and of a high level of quality, making being especially prosperous, selection doubly difficult,

FICTION was one of the classes to show improvement, several new authors of promise being introduced to the reading public, and novels by foreign authors showing a marked increase. DRAMA, thanks to the Shalkespeare centenary and thorning picture interest, held its own. SPORTS and GAMES showed a large number of titles. TRAVEL and DESCRIPTION was comparatively scant this year, its place being taken by a veritable flood of books on the WAR in all its various phases. There were several notable BIOGRAPHIES.

The following 900 odd titles out of some 11,000 published in 1916 aim to include the most important, not only in the sense of having more or less enduring value, but also because of their popularity, possibly transient, but no less significant, as evidenced by sales or repute. Where choice was necessary, emphasis has been laid on the popular and practical, rather than the sobolarly and theoretical. Endeavor has been made, in other words, to list books of legitimate interest to the stenographer as well as the economist, to the fammer as well as the reader of belles-lebtres. New editions are seldom listed unless of notable importance. The classification adopted is a rough adaptation of the Dewey Decimal classification for books, which is in wide international library and bibliographical use.

#### FICTION.

FICTION.

POPULAR ROMANCE OF THE BEST-SELLING TYPE—"The Agony Column," by Earl Derr Biggers; a mystery story of Americans in London in wartime that has surprises up to the last page (Bobbs, \$1.25), "Behold the Woman," by T. Everett Harre; a tale of redemption; ford tale of Egypt in the 3d century (Lipp., \$1.35n.). "The Blind Man's Eyes," by Wm, MacHarg and Edn, Balmer; an adventure-mystery story of a bind lawyer with uncanny powers of perception (Litt., B., \$1.35n.). "Buck Parvin and the Mories," by Chas, E. Van Loan; inimitable short stories of movie folk and motion picture make the property of the stories of movie folk and motion picture make the stories of movie folk and motion picture make the stories of movie folk and motion picture make the stories of movie folk and motion picture make the stories of movie folk and motion picture make the stories of movie folk and motion picture make the stories of movie folk and motion picture make the stories of movie folk and motion picture make the stories of the sacrity. Ceter 15 (1994) and a fine of the stories of the sacrity of the stories of movie folks and motion picture make the stories of the sacrity of the "Pollyanna" type (Britt, \$1.25n.). "The Girl Philipos," by Robit, W. Chambers; romance of Belgium in war time (Apltm, \$1.45n.). "In Belgium in war time (Apltm, \$1.45n.). "The Lightning Conductor Discovers America," by C. N. and A. M. Williamson; motor travel in Long Island and New England woren around a story (Dou, P., \$1.55n.). "The Lightning Conductor Discovers America," by C. N. and A. M. Williamson; motor travel in Long Island and New England woren around a story (Dou, P., \$1.55n.). "The Lightning Conductor Discovers America," by C. N. and A. M. Williamson; motor travel in Long Island and New England woren around a story (Dou, P., \$1.55n.). "The Lightning Conductor Discovers America," by C. N. and A. M. Williamson; motor travel in Long Island and New England woren around a story (Dou, P., \$1.55n.). "The Thirteenth Commandment," a novel, by Rupert Hughes;

"best-selling" style (Book Supply, \$1,35n.)

BY SEMI-STANDARD AUTHORS—"Captain Margaret." by John Massfield, adventure story of Virginia and the Caribbean 200 years ago (Macm., \$1,35n.). "The Leatherwood God," by Wm. Dean Howells; story of Olio early in last century (Cent., \$1,55n.). "Life and Gabriella," the story of a woman's courage, by Eilen Glasgow; a Southern woman braves class prejudice and turns wage, earner (Dou. P., \$1,35n.). "The Lion's Share, by Arnold Bennett; a girl left free, suddenly, to spend her life as she will, doesn't make a mess of it (Doran, \$1,50n.). "Mrs. Baldame," by Gertrude Atherton; a detective story with unusual sublicty of delineation and denouement (Stokes, \$1,35n.) wh. Estiling Sees It Through," by H. G. Wells; the war seen through the yess of a thoughtful middle-aged Englishman (Macm.,

\$1.50n.). "The Mysterious Stranger," by Mark Twain: a pessimistic allegory: The Stranger, ome to earth, is Satan (Harp. \$2n.). "The Sailor," by J. C. Snaith: the horrors and glories of the sea (Apltn., \$1.40n.). "The Rising Tide," by Margaret Deland: feminist movement at once defended and satirized—both inimitably (Harp., \$1.35n.). "The Midder," a novel with several heroos, by Mary S. Watts; an ice-strike in midsummer is used to show the tyrauny of labor (Macm., \$1.50n.). "The Side of the Angels," by Basil King; Thor wants to see everybody "on the side of the angels," but too much self-sacrifice tangles his plans (Harp., \$1.35n.). "The Way of All Flesh," by Samuel Butler; satirical novel written during the Victorian period which it depicts (Dutt., \$1.50n.). "Within the Tides," by Jos. Conrad; worth-while short stories (Dou., P. \$1.25n.). "The World for Sale," by Sir Gilbert Parker; half-Indian girl resists the call of the wild (Harp., \$1.35n.). "Xingu," by Edith Wharten; varied and nunsual short stories by one of our greatest masters of the short story (Scrib., \$1.40n.). "The Evock Kerith," by Geo. Moore: unorthodox fictional life of Christ (Macm., \$1.50n.).

BY FOREIGN AUTHORS—"The Orushed

S1.50n.).

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THE PRODUCTION OF BOOKS.

American Publications, 1915 (including new editions)—Fletion, 919; theology and rellgion, 800; literature, essays, 409; general encyclopaedias, general work—bibliographies, miscellaneous, 114; medical, hygiene 125; iuvenile, 594; noetry and ographies, miscellaneous, 114; medical, hygiene 125; iuvenile, 594; noetry and crama, 741; law, 255; biography, genealogy, 548; history, 758; description, geography, travel, 483; education, 237; fine and economics, 726; philology, 293; science, economy, 137; philosophy, 358; socionemering, 463; agriculture, 285; games, soports and amusements, 10123; 1910, 13,470; 1909, 10,901; 1913, 12,230; 1912, 10,93; and amusements, 10123; 1910, 13,470; 1909, 10,901; 1918, 973; 1918, 11,23; 1910, 13,470; 1909, 10,901; 1908, 9,254; 1905, 8,112; 10,93; philosophy, 1915; dencing new editions,—Religion, 896; philosophy, 237; education, 293; philology, 216; fiction, 1,693; juvenile, 582; law, jurisprudence, 217; education, 293; philology, 216; fiction, 1,693; juvenile, 582; law, jurisprudence, etc., 258; sociology, 694; travels, geography, 483; history, 763; biography, 3gricethnology, 520; poetry and derama, 567; medicine, public health, etc., 268; sociology, 694; travels, geography, 483; history, 763; biography, 3gricethnology, 520; noetry and derama, 567; medicine, public health, etc., 266; fine arts, 225; music, 45; games, etc., 75; science, 693; general, 37; bissess, 186; fine arts, 225; music, 45; games, etc., 75; science, 693; general, 10,75; bissess, 186; fine arts, 225; music, 45; games, etc., 75; science, 693; game and 10,75; high and political science, 3,050; modicine, 10,764; and political science, 3,050; modicine, 10,764; and political science, 3,050; modicine, 10,769; numeral sciences, mathematics, 1,557; philosophy and theosophy, 93; decartion, books for the young, 4,152; language and literature, 1,807; high and popular literature, 4,207; language, 1,175; architecture and civil engineering, 956; domestic commerce, industrial are

The Library of Congress was established in 1800, destroyed in 1814 by the burning of the Captito afterward replenished by the purchase by Congress of the Library of experience of the Captito afterward replenished by the purchase by Congress of the Library of experience of the Captito of \$7,500%; loereased (1) by regular appropriations by Congress; (2) by deposits under the Copyright Law (3) by gifts and exchanges; (4) by the exchanges of the Smill missonian institution, the library of which (4,600 of 1,500%); loereased (1) by regular appropriations by Congress; (2) by deposits under the Copyright Law (1) by the control of the Captito of the Librarian of Congress to Caption (1) by the control of the Caption of the Caption (1) by the Caption of the Librarian of Congress to Caption (1) by the Caption of the Caption of the Caption (1) by the Caption (1) by the Caption (1) by the Caption (1) by the Caption (1) by the Caption (1) by the Caption (1) by the Caption (1) by the Caption (1) by the Caption (1) by the Caption (1) by the Caption (1) by the Caption (1) by the Caption (1) by the Caption (1) by the Caption (1) by the Caption (1) by the Caption (1) by the Caption (1) by the Caption (1) by the Caption (1) by the Caption (1) by the Caption (1) by the Caption (1) by the Caption (1) by the Caption (1) by the Caption (1) by the Caption (1) by the Caption (1) by the Caption (1) by the Caption (1) by the Caption (1) by the Caption (1) by the Caption (1) by the Caption (1) by the Caption (1) by the Caption (1) by the Caption (1) by the Caption (1) by the Caption (1) by the Caption (1) by the Caption (1) by the Caption (1) by the Caption (1) by the Caption (1) by the Caption (1) by the Caption (1) by the Caption (1) by the Caption (1) by the Caption (1) by the Caption (1) by the Caption (1) by the Caption (1) by the Caption (1) by the Caption (1) by the Caption (1) by the Caption (1) by the Caption (1) by the Caption (1) by the Caption (1) by the Caption (1) by the Caption (1) by the Caption (1) by the Caption (1) by the

Army, Inter-Library Loans—While not a lending library, but a reference library, primarily and essentially, the Library of Congress maintains an inter-library loan system by which special service is rendered to scholarship by the lending of books to other libraries for the use of investigators engaged in serious research which it is not within the power or duty of the library in question to supply, and which at the time are not needed in Washington.

\*Copyright Office—The Copyright Office is a distinct division of the Library of Congress, and is located on the ground floor, south side; open 9 to 4.30. It is under the immediate charge of the Register of Copyrights, who, by the acts of February 19, 1897, and March 4, 1999, is authorized "under the direction and supervision of the Librarian of Congress 197, and March 4, 1999, is authorized "under the direction and supervision of the Librarian of Congress by the act of July 8, 1870. Of most articles copyright tregis—two copies, and of some one copy, must be deposited in the Library of Congress to perfect copyright.

### THE LIBRARY OF CONGRESS-Continued.

Hours—The library building is open to the public all days in the year excepting 4th of July and Christmas. The hours are from 9 A. M. to 10 P. M. week days, from 2 P. M. to 10 P. M. Sundays and holidays, and 9 A. M. to 1 P. M. on Saturdays from June 15 to September 15.

The Main Reading Room and Periodical Reading Room are open to the public from 9 A. M. to 10 P. M. week days, and from 2 P. M. to 10 P. M. Sundays and holidays.

The Librarian's Office is open for the transaction of business from 9 A. M. to 4.30 P. M. week days, and from 2 P. M. to 6 P. M. Sundays and holidays.

The other administrative divisions of the library, including the Copyright Office, are open for the transaction of business from 9 A. M. to 4.30 P. M. all days in the year, excepting legal holidays and Sundays.

Librarians Since the Inception of the Library—1800-1814, the Clerk of the House of Representatives (for the time belne): 1815-1829, George Watterston; 1829-1861, John S. Meehal; 1861-1864, John G. Stephenson; 1864-1897 (June 30), Ainsworth R. Spofford; 1897-January 17, 1899, John Russell Young; 1899 (April 5), Herbert Putnam. 500, Herbert Putham. 60, Herbert Putham. 60, Herbert Putham; Chief Assistant Librarian of Congress, Herbert Putham; Chief Assistant Librarian, Appleton P. C. Griffin; Chief Clerk, Allen R. Boyd; Secretary, Jesslea L. Farnum.

Ro.

Ro is the name of the universal language constructed by Rev. Edward P. Foster of Marietta, Ohio. The first publication—an eight-page outline—of the language was issued in 1906.

Ro uses the method technically known as a priori, that is, it rejects all existing root words, whether of Latin or any other language, and uses as a basis simply the twenty-six letters of the alphabet. These letters it makes absolutely phonetic. No accents or diacritical marks are employed.

For the formation of words, Ro first analyzes ideas into their ultimate elements. Having completed the analysis, it chooses an initial letter or initial syllable to designate one of these primary elements or general concepts. Each added letter subdivides or particularizes so that the completed word represents an individual thought of the general signification denoted by the initial of the word. The initial letter represents, as it were, an army corps, the second letter a division of that corps, the third a brigade, the fourth a regiment, the fifth a company, and the final letter the individual soldier.

For example, Ro takes the luitial "a" to denote pronoun; "ab" for pronoun of the first person; "abl" for this pronoun in the nominative case, "I;" "abiz," we; "abe," my; "abez," our; "abo," me; "abo," it oumake; "ebo," to be made (passive voice). The initial "t" denotes time; "ta", definite period of time; "tab," moment, second; "tac," minute; "tad," hour; "tada," morning hour; "tadab," I. A. M.; "tadib," I. A. M.; "tadib," I. A. M.; "tadib," in the column; "zab," one; "zac," two; "zad," three; "zaf," four; "tag," four; "zag," five; "zeb," ten; "zec," twenty; "zed," thirty; "zib," one hundred "zibzdedzaf," 134.

This method of word-building is choosen as the scientific method, the only one that is absolutely international, definite or adequate for the twendeth eentury.

# THE PRINCIPAL LANGUAGES OF THE WORLD.

THERE are said to be 3,424 spoken lauguages or dialects in the world, distributed as follows: America, 1,624; Asia, 937; Europe, 587; Africa, 276.

The English language is spoken by more than 150,000,000 of people.

German by more than 120,000,000 of people.

Russian ' ' ' 90.000,000 ' ' Spanish by more than 55,000,000 of people.

Italian ' ' 40,000,000 ' ' French ' ' 60,000,000 ' ' ' 30,000,000 ' ' ' ' 30,000,000 ' ' '

The English language contains approximately 600,000 words. Of this total nearly one-half consists of scientific terminology seldom met outside of text-books and of archaic, obsolescent or

obsolete terms.

obsolete terms. Various estimates of the sources of English words have been made at different times. On the basis of the Lord's Prayer, George Hickes calculated that nine-teuths of our words were of Saxon origin. Sharon Turner's estimate was that the Norman were to the Saxon as 4 to 6. Trench computed 60 per cent. Saxon; 30 per cent. Latin, including those received through Freuch; 5 per cent. Greek, and 5 per cent, other sources. Prof. W. W. Skeat in the recently published fourth edition of his Dictionary, which contains approximately 20,000 words, shows the following sources:

his Dictionary, which contains approximately 20	doo words, shows the following sources:
Anglo-Saxon and English 3,681	Spanish 108
Low German 126	Portuguese 21
Dutch 207	Greek direct or through Latin, Late Latin,
	French or other sources
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German	
French from Low German 54	
Dutch or Middle Dutch 45	Asiatic: Aryan languages, including Per-
" Scandinavian 63	sian and Sauskrit 163
" (1) German 85	
(5) Old High German 1.79	
" (4) Teutonic 225	Asiatic: Non-Arvan, not Semitic, including
" (Romauce languages) 297	Malay, Chinese, Japanese, Tatar, Aus-
" from Latin	
Late Latin. 828	
11311311	
Celtic 170	
Latin (direct)	Unknown 12
Provencal, from Latin 25	
Italian 99	1018119,100

As regards the number of words in the principal other languages no estimate of any practical value baseen made in recent years, but existing dictionaries show the following facts:

The vocabulary of the New Standard Dictionary of the English Lauguage aggregates approximate-

The vocabulary of the New Standard Dictionary of the Algorithms of the New Standard Dictionary of the Resident of the German word-book (Kürschner's Universal-Kouversatious-Lexikon) contains not more than 300,000 words, including personal names.

Grimm's Dictionary of the German Language contains approximately 150,000 words; Littre's Dictionary of the French Language, 210,000 words; Dahl's Dictionary of the Russian Language, 140,000 words; Catological Control of the Spanish Language, 120,000 words; Petrocchi's Dictionary of the Italian Language, 140,000 words.

This table was prepared by Dr. Frank H. Vizetelly, Managing Editor of the Standard Dictionary.

COPYRICHT LAW OF THE UNITED STATES.

THE copyright law approved March 4, 1909, which took effect on July 1, 1909, provides that the application for registration of any work "shall specify to which of the following classes the work in which copyright is claimed belongs":

right is claimed belongs."

SUBJECT MATTER OF COPYRIGHT.

(a) Books, including composite and cyclopædic works, directories, gazetteers and other compilations; (b) periodicels, including newspapers; (c) lectures, sermons, addresses, prepared for oral delivery; (d) dramatic or dramatico-musical compositions; (e) musical compositions; (f) maps; (g) works of art. (d) dramatice or dramatice or dramatice musical compositions; (e) musical compositions; (f) maps; (g) works of art. (d) drawings or plastic works of art. (h) reproductions of a work of art.; (f) drawings or plastic works of a scientific or technical character; (f) photographs; (k) prints and pletorial illustrations. The amendment of August 24, 1912, adds; (i) motion pleture photo-plays; (m) motion pletures other than photo-plays.

The application for registration of any article should distinctly specify to which one of these classes the work belongs. An article is not entitled to registration unless it is reasonably possible to class it under one or the other of the designations named in the Secure Copyright Telegraphy to which one of these classes the work belongs. An article is not entitled to registration unless it is reasonably possible to class it under one or the other of the designations named in the Secure Copyright Telegraphy to work spread one of copyright proprietor, or in case of works specified distribution: 1. Publish the work with the copyright notice. The notion of the copyright proprietor, or in case of works specified above (f) to (k) the notice may consist of the letter C enclosed in a circle (C) accompanied by the initials, monogram, mark or symbol of the proprietor—provided that his name shall appear on some accessible part of the copies." 2. Promptly after publication send to the Copyright Office, Library of Congress, Washington, D. C., two copies of if the work is by a foreign citizen and is first published in a foreign country, one copy only) of the best edition of the work, with an application for registration. In the case of motio

with application for registration and fee (81) published during the ad intertire term, the copyright shall be extended for the full term of 28 years.

For works not reproduced in copies for sale: Copyright may also be had of certain classes of works (see a, b, c, below) of which copies are not reproduced for sale, by filling in the Copyright Office an application for registration, with the statutory fee of \$1, sending therewith: (a) In the case of lectures or other oral addresses or of dramatic or musical compositions, one complete manuscript or typewritten copy of the work. This privilege of registration, however, does not exempt the copyright proprietor from the deposit of printed copies of a dramatic or musical composition or lecture where the work is later reproduced in copies for sale. A new application must be made in such cases and another fee of \$1 paid. (b) In the case of photographs not intended for general circulation, one photographic print. (c) In the cree of works of art (paintings, farm) register in the case of the proprietor from the print taken from each scene or act. In case of a motion picture photo-play, a title and description and one print taken from each scene or act. In case of a motion picture other than a photo-play, a title and description with not less than two prints to be taken from different sections of a complete motion picture. In all these cases, if the work is later reproduced in copies for sale, two copies must then be deposited.

For registration of any work subject to copyright, \$1, which sum is to include a certificate of registration under seal. But only one registration at one fee is required in the case of several volumes of the same book deposited in the Copyright office at the same time. For every additional certificate of registration, or copy of record under seal, 50 cents. In the case of photographs the fee shall be 50 cents where a certificate of required in the case of photographs the fee shall be 50 cents where a certificate in the case of the copyright of the a

ASSIGNMENTS.

ASSIGNMENTS.

Copyrights are assignable by any instruments of writins. Every assignment of copyright must be recorded in the Copyright Office within three calendar months after its execution in the United States or within six calendar months after its execution without the limits of the United States. "In default of which it shall be void as against any subsequent purchaser or mortgages for a valuable consideration, without notice, whose assignment has been duly recorded." Every assignment of copyright executed in a foreign country must be acknowledged by the assignor before a consular officer or secretary of legation of the United States authorized by law to administer oaths or perform notarial acts. The certificate of such acknowledgement under the hand and official seal of such Consular Officer or Secretary of Legation is prima facte evidence of the execution of the instrument."

INTERNATIONAL COPYRIGHT RELATIONS

of the execution of the instrument.

INTERNATIONAL COPYRIGHT RELATIONS.

Copyright is not secured in foreign countries by action in the Copyright Office, but only by complying with the legislation of such countries.

Copyright relations have been established with the following foreign countries by proclamation of the President: Austria, Beigium, Chile, Costa Rica, Cuba, Denmark, France, Germany, Great Britain and the British possessions, Italy, Luxemburg, Mexico, Netherlands and possessions, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Swilzerland, Tunis.

Copyright treaties have also been entered into with China, Japan and Hungary (the latter in effect on October 16, 1912). The Copyright Convention of Mexico of 1902 has been ratified by the United States and is effective from July 1, 1908, as between the United States and Costa Rica, Guatemala, Hondurss, Nicaragua and Salvador. The Pan-American Copyright Convention signed at Buenos Ayres in 1910 was proclaimed July 13, 1914, and is effective as between the United States and Bolivia, Brazil, Costa Rica, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Guatemala, Honduras, Nicaragua, Panama and Salvador.

CARNECIE ENDOWMENT FOR INTERNATIONAL PEACE.

ON December 14, 1910, Andrew Carnegie of New York transferred to a Board of Trustees the abolition of international war." The methods by which the annual income can best be expended for this purpose were left to be determined by the trustees. The Board of Trustees consists of the following members:

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CARNECIE MUSEUM.

(Department of the Carnegle Institute, Pittsburgh, Pa.)

Founded 1897. W. J. Holland, LL. D., Director. Established on the broadest lines for the promotion of scientific research and the diffusion of knowledge. Collections, valued at more than \$1,250,000, especially rich in the fields of zoology, paleontology, ethnology, and industrial art. Publishes Annals, 8vo (10 vols. issued); Memoirs, 4vo (7 vols. issued); Annual Reports, 8vo (20 vols. issued).

CARNECIE FOUNDATION FOR THE ADVANCEMENT OF TEACHING.
An institution founded by Andrew Carnegie in 1905, and incorporated by the Congress of the United States in 1906. The institution is endowed with \$15,000,000 to provide retiring allowances for teachers and officers of colleges, universities, and technical schools in the United States, Canada, and New Youndland, and with \$1,250,000 to provide for educational inquiry and publication. By the tenth annual meeting of the trustees in 1915, 327 allowances were being paid to teachers and 118 pensions to widows of teachers, at an annual cost of \$690,668. The amount of the average retiring allowance is \$1,552,06, the average age of retirement being about skty-cight years.
In the administration of its endowment the foundation has restricted its allowances to professors and officers in a list of seventy-three institutions selected for their educational standing, and has published a series of widely influential reports and bulletins concerning educational conditions. President, Dr. Henry S. Pritchett; Secretary, Clyde Furst; 576 Fifth Avenue, New York City.

The Carnegie Institution of Washington was founded by Mr. Andrew Carnegie, January 28, 1902 when he gave to a board of trustees \$10,000,000, in registered bonds, yielding 5 per cent. annual interest. In Senal terrs, histard that he prosess was to "found in the City of Washington an institution when, with the persistence to the improvement of institution mover hereafter stablished, there or tesswhere, shall in the broadest and most liberal manner encourage investigation, research and discovery, show the application of knowledge to the improvement of mankind, and provide such buildings, laboratories, books, and apparatus se may be needed." Mr. Carnegie added \$2,000,000 to his gift in 1907, and \$10,000,000 in 1911, making a total endowment of \$22,000,000.

By an Act of Congress, approved April 28, 1904, the institution was placed under the control of a board of twenty-four trustees, all of whom had been members of the original board referred to above.

The trustees meet annually, and during the intervals between such meetings the affairs of the institution are conducted by an Executive Committee, chosen by and from the Board of Trustees, acting through the President of the institution as chief executive officer.

The Administration Building is situated on the S. E. corner of Sixteenth and P Streets, N. W., Washington, D. C.

Trustees of the Institution—Chotyman—Elihu Boat. Was Chotyman Charles of the lastitution.

Trustees of the Institution——Chairman—Elihu Root. Vice-Chairman—Charles D. Walcott. Secretary—Cleveland H. Dodge. Robert S. Brookings, Charles P. Fenner, Myron T. Herrick, Charles L. Hutchinson, Henry Cabot Lodge, Andrew J. Montague, William W. Morrow, William Barclay Parsons, Stewart Paton, George W. Pepper, Henry S. Pritchett, Martin A. Ryerson, Theobadd Smith, William H. Tatt, Henry P. Walcott, William H. Welch, Andrew D. White, Henry White, George W. Wickersham, Robert S. Woodward. One vacancy.

President of the Institution—Robert S. Woodward.

#### CARNECIE CORPORATION OF NEW YORK.

Carnegie Corporation of New York, incorporated by an act passed by the New York Legislature June 9, 1911, was organized November 10, 1911. As stated in the charter, it was organized "for the purpose of receiving and maintaining a fund or funds and applying the income thereof to promote the advancement and diffusion of knowledge and understanding among the people of the United States, by aiding technical schools, institutions of higher learning, libraries, scientific research, hero funds, useful publications, and by such other agencies and means as shall from time to time be found appropriate therefor."

Mr. Carnegie transferred to the corporation \$25,000,000 and later added \$100,000,000 to the original gift. The work carried on by Mr. Carnegie as an individual for many years in founding and aiding educational institutions and in the making of grants to churches for the purchase of organs has been turned over to the corporation.

to the corporation.

The trustees are Andrew Carnegie, Elihu Root, Henry S. Pritchett, S. H. Church, Robert S. Woodward, Charles L. Taylor, Robert A. Franks, and James Bertram. The officers are: President—Andrew Carnegie. Vice-Presidents—Elihu Root and Robert A. Franks. Treasurer—Robert A. Franks. Secretary—James Bertram, 576 Fitth Avenue, New York City.

THE CARNECIE HERO FUND.

In April, 1904, Andrew Carnegie created a fund of \$5,000,000 for the benefit of the dependents of those losing their lives in heroic effort to save their fellow men, or for the heroes themselves if injured only. Provision was also made for medals to he given in commemoration of heroic acts.

The endowment known as "The Hero Fund" was placed in the hands of a commission composed of twenty-one persons, residents of Pittsburgh, Pa., of which Charles L. Taylor is President, and F. M. Wilmot, Secretary and Manager of the fund.

"To line there is the Hero Fund Commission Mr. Carnegie outlined the general scheme of the fund thus:

"To line those following peaceful vocations, who have been injured in heroic effort to save human life, in somewhat better positions pecuniarily than before, until able to work again. In case of death, the widow and children or other dependents are to be provided for until she remarries, and the children until they reach a self-supporting age. For exceptional children, exceptional grants may be made for exceptional education. Grants of sums of money may also be made to heroes or heroines as the commission thinks advisable—each case to be judged on its merits."

The fund applies only to acts performed within the United States of America, the Dominion of Canada, the Colony of Newfoundiand, and the waters thereof, and such acts must have been performed on or after April 15, 1904, and brought to the attention of the commission within three years of the date of the act. Applications should be made by letter addressed to the manager, Oliver Building, Pittsburgh, Pa.

During the year 1916 the commission has awarded 121 medals—101 bronze and 20 silver. In addition

During the year 1916 the commission has awarded 121 medals—101 bronze and 20 silver. In addition to the medals, pensions amounting to \$11,580 annually and also sums aggregating \$81,495 were granted for disablement benefits and for the dependents of heroes who lost their lives and for educational and other special purposes. Pensions in force as of December 31, 1916, amount to \$87,000 annually.

# ACTORS' FUND OF AMERICA.

President—Daniel Frohman. First Vice-President—Joseph R. Grismer. Second Vice-President—F. F. Mackay. Treasurer—William Harris, Jr. Secretary—Gus Hill.

The Actors' Fund was established in 1882 to provide assistance for disabled and needy members of the theatrical profession, and burial for such as leave no means therefor. The Actors' Fund Home, West New Brighton, Staten Island, under the direction of the Actors' Fund of America, was opened May 10, 1902. This is a home for aced and needy actors and acresses. There are 31 honorary members and 542 life members. Office, 1476 Broadway. New York City.

# RUSSELL SACE FOUNDATION.

Russell Sage Foundation was incorporated under the laws of the State of New York, April 1, 1907, for the improvement of social and living conditions in the United States of America. The foundation does not attempt to relieve individual or family needs, but aims to eradicate the causes of distress.

Trustees—Prestdent—Mrs. Russell Sage. Vice-Prestdent—Robert W. de Forest. Treasurer—Cleveland H. Dodge; John H. Finley, John M. Glenn, Mrs. William B. Rice, Miss Louisa Lee Schuyler, Mrs. Finley J. Schepard, and Alfred T. White. General Director—John M. Glenn. Office, 130 E. 22d Street, New York

DEPARTMENT OF SURVEYS AND EXHIBITS. The social or community survey is described as an important means to a better democracy. The survey is shown to serve this end by informing the community upon community matters, and thereby providing a basis for intelligent public opinion. It is a school whose teaching is not confined to children and youth, but which aims to get its facts and message, expressed in the simple terms of household experience, before the whole people. It utilizes as many channels of education as possible.

### ESPERANTO, THE INTERNATIONAL LANGUAGE.

Esperanto is an artificial language invented by the Russian Dr. L. L. Zameuhof, of Warsaw, Poland. It has only one object in view, namely, to serve as an international auxiliary language; it is not in the least intended to replace the national languages. The first book in the new language was published in 1887. The Esperanto words are mostly of Latin, but to some extent also of Anglo-German origin, so that at the first glance Esperanto has the familiar appearance of a Roman language.

The great success of Esperanto, which is now known and studied all over the world, is chiefly due to the facility with which it may be mastered. The pronunciation is strictly phonetic, making the study of spelling unnecessary. The grammar does not admit of any exceptions to the rules, and is so logical and simple that it may be learned completely in a few hours by any person who is familiar with the grammar of his mother tongue. The vocabulary consists of about 2,500 root words, a large majority of which is known to any one whose language contains a great number of Latin roots—for instance, English.

In spite of this small number of root words Esperanto has been mader rich in words and expressions by the adoption of certain athics and certain methods of word combination. By these simple and easy mecha e considerable vocabulary may be obtained. Esperanto is a well-sounding language when spoken.

Esperanto is now used for all civilized purposes by many hundreds of thousands of persons in all civilized countries. It made its appearance in the United States in an organized form in 1900, when he work is a supernation of the states, and powerful "Universal Esperanto Association" maintains a regular system of consulates all over the world, to facilitate the transaction of all kinds of legitimate business for its members by means of the common tongue.

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Greater New York Esperanto Society, 243 Bedford Park Boulevard, the Bronx, New York City.

# THE RHODES SCHOLARSHIPS AT OXFORD UNIVERSITY.

CECIL J. RHODES, statesman and capitalist, who died at Cape Town, South Africa, March 26, 1902, directed in his will, dated July 1, 1899, that a part of his fortune should be applied for the creation of a fund for the support of a certain number of scholarships covering a three years' course at Oxford University. He directed that the selection of the recipients of this gift should be made as follows: From three to nine scholars from each of the British Colonies, two from each State and Territory of the United States, or one hundred in all. Mr. Rhodes desired that in awarding the scholarships account should be taken of different qualities—literary and scholarstic attainments, love of outdoor sports, strong, manly qualities such as courage, generosity, kindness, etc., high moral character, and desire to serve in public affairs.

The agencies for final selection vary a good deal. Scholars from Cape Colony are chosen by the individual schools to which the scholarships are especially assigned. It several of the Canadian provinces it has been decided that an appointment shall be made in rotation. It several of the Canadian provinces it has been decided that an appointment shall be made in rotation. It several of the Canadian provinces of Canada, in New Zealand and the States of Alexander in the constitution of these committees, as it has been for a Committee of the States of Alexander in the constitution of these committees, as it has been for the conditions regulating the award of scholarships in the American States provide that the candidate must be all have stated in the constitution of these committees, as it has been for the conditions regulating the award of scholarships in the American States provide that the candidate must be allowed to the conditions of the scholar ship at Oxford. To be eligible the candidate must be a citizen of the United States, or the son of a citizen, and must be unmarried. Each student receives an allowance of £300 a year, which is equivalent to \$1,500, payable in quarterly Instalments

C. North Carolina. North Dakota. B. Maryland. New Jersey. Virginia. Arizona. Delaware. Florida. California. Michigan. Maine. New Hampshire. Vermont. Washington. Missouri. Oklahoma. Oregon. Iowa. Georgia. Idaho. South Carolina, Massachusetts. Ohio. Louisiana. Montana. Nevada. New Mexico. Indiana, Kentucky, Illinois. Texas. South Dakota. Rhode Island. Connecticut. Nebraska. Utah. West Virginia. Kansas. Alabama. Pennsylvania. New York. Minnesota. Wisconsin. Arkansas. Mississippi. Wyoming. Tennessee.

The examinations are not competitive, but qualifying. Inquiries as to particulars by intending candidates may be addressed to any college. Information may also be obtained from The Rhodes Trust, Seymour Rosa, Oxford, England.

There were five annual German Scholarships which were created by a codicil to the will of 1899, scholars for which were appointed by the German Emperor. These scholarships were for three years and had an annual value of £250. They have naturally stopped since the outbreak of bostilities. As they were created by a codicil to the original will of Mr. Rhodes, the English Parliament can divert this fund with-out effecting the other scholarships. out affecting the other scholarships.

# NEW ,YORK PUBLIC LIBRARY.

ASTOR, LENOX AND TILDEN FOUNDATIONS.

ESTABLISHED by consolidation of the "Trustees of the Astor Library," the "Trustees of the Lenox Library," and the "Tilden Trust," May 23, 1895, twenty-one trustees being chosen from the Trustees of these corporations; in 1902 the number of Trustees was increased to twenty-five, of which number the Mayor of the City of New York, the Comptroller, and the President of the Board of Aldermon serve ex officto. The agreement of consolidation provided for the establishment and maintenance of a free public library and reading room in the City of New York, with such branches a might be deemed advisable for the continued promotion of the objects and purposes of these

maintenance of a free public library and reading room in the City of New York, with such branches as might be deemed advisable for the continued promotion of the objects and purposes of these several corporations.

The Trustees soon after consolidation in 1895 determined to pursue a liberal policy and to create a great library system that would serve the needs of scholars and of the general reading public as well. An act was passed by the Legislature and approved May 1, 1897, giving the city the necessary authority to issue bonds for the construction of a building on the present site and to contract with the New York Public Library for its occupancy. Carrère & Hastings were appointed architects of the building on December 9, 1897. The corner-stone was laid November 10, 1902, and the building was opened to the public on May 23, 1911.

The building is in the form of a rectangle 390 feet long and 270 feet deep, built around two liner courts, each about 80 feet square; it has a cellar, basement, and three upper floors. The area covered is about 115,000 square feet, the cubic contents 10,380,000 cubic feet. The material is argoty Vermont marble (375,000 cubic feet), bonded in brick walls. There are seasts for 768 readers in the main reading room and seats in other public rooms bring the total capacity or about 2,500,000 volumes. Book stacks in the special reading rooms amount to about 70,000 feet, with capacity for about 5,00,000 volumes. Forty-second Street, are the rooms for circulation of books, for children's reading, for newspapers, a library school and its offices, and public telephones; on this basement floor, with entrance from Forty-second Street, are the rooms for circulation of books, for children's reading, for newspapers, a library school and its offices, and public telephones; on this basement floor, with entrance on Fortieth Street, are the shipping rooms and the printing and blading offices. On the first floor are bebusiness offices of the circulation department, the offices of the business. On the f

side of the third floor are special reading rooms devoted to American history, maps, and engravings. Along the Fifth Avenue front are the art and architecture reading rooms, he Stuart room, the picture gallerles, and he manuscripts division. Along the north front of the third floor are reading rooms for music and for general control of the third floor are reading rooms for music and for general control of the third floor are reading rooms for music and for general control of the third floor are reading rooms for music and for general control of the mayor on March 12, 1901, Mr. Andrew Carnesle offered to give \$5,200,000 to the city for the control of the mayor on March 15, and on April 26 an act was passed authorizing acceptance of the gift by the city upon the terms imposed by Mr. Carnesle. An agreement with the city was executed on the major on March 15, and on April 26 an act was passed authorizing acceptance of the gift by the city upon the terms imposed by Mr. Carnesle. An agreement with the city was executed on purchased by the city with the approval of the library, the buildings to be leased to the library and to be under its control. The city agrees to provide adequate yearly maintenance, 10 per cent. of the cost of each building being agreed upon as a minimum.

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# CO-OPERATIVE EDUCATIONAL WORK OF THE BUREAU OF NATURALIZA-TION AND THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS OF THE UNITED STATES IN THE EDUCATION OF FOREICN-BORN RESIDENTS.

TER Naturalization Laws of the United States are administered by the Federal Bureau of Naturalization in Washington City, which, by the act of June 29, 1906, provides for a uniform rule for the naturalization of aliens throughout the United States. Congress has placed with this bureau the administrative control of all matters relating to the anturalization of aliens, under the direction of the Secretary of Labor, of the United States Department of Labor, making the Commissioner of Naturalization, or, in his absence, the Deputy Commissioner of Naturalization the administrative officer in charge of this Federal administration.

The public schools throughout the United States co-operate with the bureau by opening evening classes to train the uninformed candidate for citizenship in American government. The bureau furnishes them the names and addresses of the foreigners who declare their intention to become citizens, only who pertition for naturalization for the purpose ers who declare their intention to become citizens, and who petition for naturalization, for the purpose of bringing these prospective citizens into contact at the earliest moment with the Americantizing influences of the public school system. By insuring a comprehension of the true spirit of our institutions on the part of the aliens admitted to citizenship the bureau strives to make their nequisition serve as a strengthening influence on the social, political, moral, and industrial qualities of these institutions.

Through reports from various public schools

moral, and industrial qualities of these institutions. Through reports from various public schools where classes in citizenship have been maintained for aliens seeking naturalization, the bureau disseminates information regarding these courses throughout the public school system. It thereby acts as a clearing bouse for information bn civic instruction. It is endeavoring, through the public schools of the United States, to stimulate interest throughout the Nation in the preparation for citizenship responsibilities of all candidates for naturalization tion.

The Bureau of Naturalization has a field service extending throughout the United States composed of Naturalization Examiners. The entire country is divided into eleven districts with a central headquarters for each district, presided over by Chief Naturalization Examiners. Through these officers the Bureau of Naturalization examines all candidates for citizenship as to their attachment to the principles of the Constitution of the United States and their compliance with the requirements of the Naturalization Law. These Naturalization the Naturalization, and there represents the Law of the Naturalization, and there represents the Harding of the petitions for an unrulization by the Judges of the courter States and the principles of the propose to personal inquiries, and aid the public school authorities in their co-operation with the Federal Bureau in Washington in its national educational movement.

The Bureau of Naturalization in Washington fur-

ton in its national educational movement.

The Bureau of Naturalization in Washington furnishes all of the naturalization supplies to the clerks of the naturalization courts. There are nearly 2,500 build. Second to the bureau in Washington, on the first working day of each month, the duplicates of all naturalization papers issued and executed by them during the preceding month. This represents over 40,000 foreigners, including the wives of those who declare their intention, or

THE Naturalization Laws of the United States are | take out their first papers, and those who petition take out their first papers, and those who petition for naturalization, or secure their second papers. In all, the names of something over 500,000 foreigners come before the Bureau of Naturalization each year. Last year 207,935 declared their intention, and 108,009 filed their petitions for naturalization. Of these latter 93,911 were admitted to dtizenship, With each of these foreigners who individually took steps to become a citizen of the United States there was on an average of one foreigner who became a citizen by reason of the family ties. The wives and citizen by reason of the family ties. The wives and minor children born abroad and living in the United States become citizens in this way. During the last year there were, therefore, upon this basis, 631,888 foreigners who came before the bureau to secure their first and final papers. During the ten years of Federal supervision there have been 1,726,544 who declared their intention, 615,473 who were admitted to citizenship, and 85,996 who were denied admission to citizenship. In the first three years of Federal supervision 9,921 were denied. These denials aroused public interest, and through the intervention of the Naturalization Examiners citizenship classes were organized as early as 1909 in various parts of the country. parts of the country.

The Judges of the naturalization courts agreed to send to these citizenship schools the candidates who were found incligible through a failure to understand our governmental institutions.

derstand our governmental institutions. In April, 1914, the plan of securing a nation-wide educational co-operation on the part of the public schools with the Bureau of Naturalization in citizenship preparedness was formulated in that bureau. With the opening of the school year in 1915 the co-operation of the public schools in every important city in the country had been secured by the bureau. This has been extended until the public schools of every State in the Union, representing over 750 cities and towns, have volunteered to co-operate through the organization of evening classes in citizenship it teach the adult foreigner citizenship responsibilities. The bureau has prepared individual cards for adding the public schools in maintaining sponsibilities. The bureau has prepared individual cards for adding the public schools in maintaining their records, and sent the names of 223,111 foreigners—men and women—to the public schools in these places. It also sent personally addressed letters to these men and women, urging the advantages of the public schools, both in securing better jobs and in the establishment of American homes. It also secured information from the public schools engaged in teaching foreigners, showing the various methods pursued by them in this instruction. From this it caused to be prepared and issued a pamphlet entitled "An Outline Course in Citizenship." Thousands of copies of this outline have been distributed for the use of the teachers of the foreign classes, and also in the high and upper graded schools among and also in the high and upper graded schools among the native-born American children.

The bureau is now engaged in the preparation of a text-book for the candidate for citizenship in the public schools which is intended for free distribution to those who take out their first papers and enter the public schools.

Through the medium of the public schools and the Bureau of Naturalization, those alien friends who come forward for citizenship are becoming so enlightened that their true Americanization is re-

# OCCUPATIONS OF COLLEGE CRADUATES.

The United Sta 28 Bureau of Education in May, 1913, made public statistics showing the occupations of college graduates, from 1642 to 1900, from returns furnished by thirty-seven colleges and universities. Taking three periods a century apart gave these percentages:

OCCUPATION.	1696-1700.	1796-1800.	1896-1900.	OCCUPATION.	1696-1700.	1796-1800.	1896-190 <b>0</b>
Ministry Law	1.6	21.4 30.5 8.4	15.6	Education Business Public Service	1.6	5.7 5.6 1.1	26.7 18.8 1.0

#### STATISTICS OF THE PRESS.

THE American Newspaper Annual and Directory, published by N. W. Ayer & Son, reported the number

of new	spapers publi	onen in	the Officer States	III 1910 as follows:			
Alabai	na	2251	Indiana	745 Nebraska	65518	South Carolina	173
Alaska		31	Iowa	934 Nevada	3918	South Dakota	414
	a	87	Kansas	725 New Hampshire	1061	rennessee	313
	3a9	311	Kentucky	305 New Jersey		rexas	1.033
	nia	972	Louisiana	206 New Mexico		Utah	120
	do	393	Maine	136 New York		Vermont	98
	ctlcut	155	Maryland	191 North Carolina		Virginia	259
Delaw	are	35	Massachusetts	693 North Dakota	3891	Washington	416
	f Columbia	95	Michigan	707 Ohio	1.102	West Virginia	203
Florida	A	204	Minnesota	800 Oklahoma	601	Wisconsin	690
Georgi	a	360	Mississippi	216 Oregon	301	Wyoming	89
Idaho.		160	Missouri	1,000 Pennsylvania	1.357		
Illinois	3		Montana	270 Rhode Island	52		23,281
							,

The total number of newspapers published in New York City (Manhattan and Bronx), 1,049.

In Porto Rico, 30; Hawaii, 37; Philippines, 40; Canada, as follows: Alberta, 117; British Columbla, 102; Manitoba, 139; Saskatchewan, 170; Yukon, 3; New Brunswick, 49; Nova Scotia, 74; Ontario, 647; Prince Edward Island, 10; Quebec, 149; Newfoundland, 21.

The total number of newspapers published in the world at present is estimated at about 60,000, distributed as follows: United States and Canada, 24,491; Germany, 8,049; Great Britain, 9,500; France, 6,681; Japan, 1,000; Italy, 2,757, Austria-Hungary, 2,958; Asia, exclusive of Japan, 1,000; Spain, 1,000; Russia, 1,000; Australia, 1,000; Greece, 130; Switzerland, 1,005; Holland, 980; Belgium, 956; all others 1,000. Of these more than one-half are printed in the English language.

#### THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.

The following are the officers and directors of this organization: President—Frank B. Noves, Washington Star. First Vice-President—Joseph Pulitzer, Jr., St. Louis Post-Dispatch. Second Vice-President—Wm. H. Dow. Portland (Me.) Express and Advertser, General Manager—Melville E. Stone. Assistant General Manager—Frederick Roy Martin. Treasurer—J. R. Youatt. Directors—Adolph S. Ochs, New York Times; Clark Howell, Atlanta Constitution; W. I. McLean, Philadelphia Bulletin; Charles A. Rook, Pittsburgh Despatch; Charles W. Knapp, St. Louis Republic; Victor F. Lawson, Chicago Dally News; Frank B. Noyes, Washington (D. C.) Star; V. S. McClatchy, Sacramento Bee; A. C. Weiss, Duluth Herald; C. H. Clark, Hartford Courant; W. H. Cowles, Spokane Spokesman Review; W. Y. Morgan, Hutchinson News; R. M. Johnston, Houston Post, and D. E. Town, Louisville Herald; Oswald Garrison Villard, New York Evening Post, and E. H. Baker, Cleveland Plata Dealer.

#### INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE OF PRESS CLUBS.

Elected at the eighteenth annual convention, held in Bermuda, May 20-29, 1909: President—T. J. Keenan, Pittsburgh, Pa. Vice-President—J. A. Rountree, Birmingham (Ala.) Dixte Manufacturer. Secretary—Lewis G. Early, Reading, Pa. Treasurer—Robert B. McIntyre, Brookly Riem. Executive Committee — Daniel L. Hart, Wilkes-Barre, Pa.; E. W. Humphreys, Woodstown, N. J.; Mrs. Josephine Arnold Rich, Washingtor, D. C.; A. G. Anderson, Toledo, Ohio; C. Frank Rice, Boston Press Club; Giles H. Dickinson, Binghamton, N. Y. Republican; H. B. Laufman, Pittsburgh Leader; Libble Luttrell Morrow, Nashville Banner; Harriet Hayden Finck, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania Woman's Press Association; Belva A. Lockwood, Washington (D. C.) Peacemaker.

# AMERICAN NEWSPAPER PUBLISHERS' ASSOCIATION.

President—Hopewell L. Rogers, Chicago Daily News, Chicago, Ill. Vice-President—F. P. Glass, Birmingham News. Secretary—John Stewart Bryan, News Leader, Richmond, Va. Treasurer—Edward P. Call, N. Y. Journal of Commerce, New York City. Chairman Special Standing Committee—H. N. Kellogg, 831 Occidental Building, Indianapolis, Ind.

# ORDER OF THE BLUE GOOSE.

A National organization of general and special agents of fire insurance companies for social purposes. Each State organization is known as a "State pond" in the United States, and "Provincial pond" in Canada, and the general organization as the "Grand Nest." The following are the National officers: Most Loyal Grand Gander—E. G. Carlisle, 124 South La Salle Street, Chicago, Ill. Grand Supervisor of the Flock—Gus M. Wise, 1503 Waldheim Building, Kanasas City, Mo. Grand Custodian of the Gostings—W. J. Sonnen, Insurance Exchange, Chicago, Ill. Grand Guardian of the Nest—John A. Hanson, Endicott Building, St. Paul, Minn. Grand Keeper of the Golden Goose Egg—E. D. Marr, 909 Sharp Building, Kanasas City, Mo. Grand Wielder of the Goose Quill—Paul E. Rudd, 1305 First National Bank Building, Milwaukee, Wis.

### NEW YORK ELECTRICAL SOCIETY.

President—Putnam A, Bates, Municipal Building, New York City. Secretary—George H. Guy, 29 West Thirty-ninth Street, New York City. Treasurer—Thomas F. Honahan, 85 Liberty Street, New York City. Membership, 792.
The object of the society is: "The dissemination of the knowledge of theoretical and applied electricity

the object of the society is: "The dissemination of the knowledge of theoretical and applied electricity to be accomplished by periodical meetings for the reading and discussion of relevant topics, by collective visits to places of interest; the study of scientific advance in general, and the promotion of social intercourse among its members." Headquarters, Engineering Societies Building, 29 West Thirty-ninth Street, New York City.

NATIONAL MODEL LICENSE LEAGUE.

President—T. M. Gilmore, Louisville, Ky. Vice-President—George G. Brown, Louisville, Ky.

Treasurer—J. B. Wathen, Jr., Louisville, Ky. Secretary—G. R. Washburne, Louisville, Ky. Chairman

Executive Committee—I. W. Berrheim, Louisville, Ky. Chairman Model Law Committee—A. C. Van Winkle, Louisville, Ky.

Louisville, Ky.

The purpose of the organization is to conduct a National educational campaign in favor of legislation intended to take the liquor question out of politics and to put law-breakers out of the liquor business. It advocates limitation of licenses in proportion to population, thus preventing undue competition; mandatory penalties suspending and cancelling licenses of law-breakers; moderate license fees enabling the license holder to make a legitimate profit, and the renewal of a license so long as the holder obeys the law, and so long as the business is not outlawed by vote of the people, thereby relieving the liquor dealer of the domina-

tong as the business is not obtained by your of the people, elected fellow and the addition of politicians.

The league's legislative plan has been adopted as a whole by Indiana and Ohio, and in part by Texas, Arkansas, Michigan, Louislana, and Connecticut. The league was organized in October, 1907. Its membership includes numerous professional and business men. Office, Commercial Building, Louisville, Ky.

#### PRINTING AND PUBLISHING.

CENSUS BUREAU'S SUMMARY, ISSUED AUGUST 28, 1916, CONCERNING THE INDUSTRY FOR 1914.

According to the census classification the printing According to the census classification the printing and publishing industry is made up of three branches, comprising; (1) establishments whose chief business is book and job printing, book printing and publishing, or book publishing only; (2) establishments whose sole or chief business is music printing, or music printing and publishes is music printing, or music printing and publishing or business is music printing only; (3) establishments whose sole or music printing and publishing only in the publishing only, of newspapers and periodicals, some of the first-pamed doling lob work also. named doing job work also.

The daily newspaper, according to the census definition, is a publication issued on each of the secular days of the week, Sunday editions being excluded. A morning and an evening paper issued by

ciuded. A morning and an evening paper issued by the same plant are counted as two papers. A total of 2,580 dailies was reported for 1914, representing a slight decrease as compared with 2,600 in 1909. The aggregate circulation of the dailies in 1914 was 28,436,030, representing an increase of 17.4 per cent, as compared with the 1909 circulation. During the semi-decade a number of publishers of both morning and evening papers suspended publication of one or the other of their editions; in several instances dailies were consolidated; in others the daily, after an experiment, retried into the weekly field whence it came, and other dailies disappeared without transformation. without transformation.

without transformation. The number of Sunday papers published in the United States in 1914 was 570, as compared with 520 in 1909; and their combined circulation in the later year, 16,445,820, represented an increase of 23.2 per cent. as compared with the corresponding figure for the earlier year.

The number of weekly newspapers and periodicals reported for 1914, 15,166, shows a slight increase as compared with the corresponding number in 1909, 15,097. The 1914 circulation of such publications

was 50,454,738, an increase of 23.6 per cent. as compared with 1909.

There were also reported for 1914 84 tri-weekly There were also reported for 1914 84 trI-weekly newspapers, with an aggregate circulation of 549, 495, representing increases of 15.1 per cent. and 63.8 per cent., respectively, as compared with 1909; 583 semi-weekly papers, with a circulation of 2,485,629, representing a decrease of 8.2 per cent. In number, together with an increase of 7.4 per cent. in circulation: 2.820 monthly publications, with a circulation of 79,190,838, the percentages of increase in number and circulation being 13.2 and 25.1, respectively. 500 quarterly publications, with a circulation of 18,582,401, representing increases amounting to 38.5 per cent. and 17.4 per cent., respectively; and 442 other periodicals, with a circulation of 8,946,567, the percentages of increase during ane five-year period being 21.4 and 118.5, respectively.

#### OCATION OF ESTABLISHMENTS

Of the 31.612 establishments in the entire Industry reported for 1914 4,159 were located in New York; 2,533 in 1612 (1914). The stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the stable of the

PRINTING AND PUBLISHING—COMPARATIVE STATISTICS FOR THE UNITED STATES, BY CHARACTER OF PRODUCTS OR RECEIPTS: 1914 AND 1909.

BI CHARACTER OF PRODUCTS ON RECEN	10. 1011 2212	. 1000.	
	1914.	1909.	Per Cent. of Increase, 1909-14.
Number of establishments, total	31,612	29,757	6.2
Book and job. Music Newspapers and periodicals.	12,115 180 19,317	10,708 178 18,871	13.1 1.1 2.4
VALUE OF PRODUCTS.	\$810,508,111	\$662,591,959	22.3
Publications: Newspapers and periodicals. Subscriptions and sales. Advertising.	419,531,172 163,577,090 255,954,082	337,596,288 135,063,043 202,533,245	24.3 21.1 26.4
Newspapers. Subscriptions and sales Advertising. Periodicals other than newspapers. Subscriptions and sales Advertising. Ready prints (patent insides and outsides)	283,588,966 99,541,860 184,047,106 135,942,206 64,035,230 71,906,976 1,965,210	232,993,094 84,438,702 148,554,392 104,603,194 50,624,341 53,978,853 2,293,077	21.7 17.9 23.9 30.0 26.5 33.2 —14.3
Books and pamphiets— Published or printed and published. Printed for publication by others. Sheet music and books of music—	68,266,697 19,049,651	62,930,394 10,209,509	8.5 86.6
Published or printed and published.  Printed for publication by others.  Other products for sale and in execution of orders:	6,803,491 822,585	5,510,698 1,000,966	23.5 -17.8 22.3
Job printing. Machine composition for others Bookbinding and blank books. Electrotyping, engraving, lithographing, etc. All other products.	9,698,641	204,154,096 (2) 18,810,392 8,201,398 11,885,141	-i9.8 -18.3 16.6

#### PRINTING AND PUBLISHING-Continued.

NEWSPAPERS AND PERIODICALS—NUMBER AND AGGREGATE CIRCULATION PER ISSUE:

1314 AND 1300.							
PERIOD OF ISSUE.	1914.	1909.	Per Cent. of Increase, 1909-14.	PERIOD OF ISSUE.	1914.	1909.	Per Cent. of Increase, 1909-14.
Total number	22,745	22,141	2.7	Weekly: Number	15,166	15,097	0.5
Daily: Number	2,580	2,600	-0.8	Agg. circulation.	50,454,738		
Agg. circulation.	28,436,030	24,211,977	17.4	Number Agg. circulation.	2,820 79.190.838		13.2 25.1
Number Agg. circulation.	570 16,445,820			Quarterly: Number	500		i
Trl-weekly:	84	73		Agg. circulation.	18,852,401	16,058,099	
Agg. circulation.			63.8	Number	8,946,567	364 4.093,874	21.4 118.5
Number	583 2,483,629	635 2,312,919			_,,	-,-,-,-	

A minus sign (-) denotes decrease.

THE ALFRED B. NOBEL PRIZES.

THE Swedish scientist Alfred B. Nobel, the inventor of dynamite, died in 1896, bequeathing his fortune, estimated at \$9,000,000, to the founding of a fund, the interest of which should yearly be distributed to those who had mostly contributed to the benefit of mankind improvement during the year immediately proceeding. The interest is divided in five equal shares, given away, "One to the person who in the domain of physics has made the most important discovery or improvement, one to the person who has made the most important chemical discovery or improvement, one to the person who has made the most important chemical discovery or improvement, one to the person who has made the most important chemical discovery or improvement, one to the person who has produced the most institution of a domain of physiology or medicine, one to the person who has produced the most distinguished work of an idealistic tendency, and one to the person who has produced the most distinguished work of an idealistic tendency, and one to the person who has produced the most distinguished work of an idealistic tendency, and one to the person who has produced the most distinguished work of an idealistic tendency, and one to the person who has produced the most distinguished work of an idealistic tendency, and one to the person who has produced the most distinguished work of an idealistic tendency, and one to the person who has produced the most distinguished work of a person who has produced the most distinguished work of a person who has produced the most distinguished work of a most distinguished work of a most distinguished work of most distinguished work of members of the four has a person who has produced the most distinguished work of members of the four above named institutions elected by the Nowelland and the person the person who has produced the most distinguished work of the institution and the peace prize is awarded by a committee of five persons elected by the Nowelland and the person the person the

Pri	Prizes awarded thus far as follows:								
YEAR.	Physics.	Chemistry.	Medicine.	Literature.	Peace.				
1901	W. C. Röntgen (G.)	J. H. van't Hoff	E. A. von Behring	R. F. A. Sully-	J. H. Dunant (Swl.)				
	H. A. Lorentz (D.) P. Zeeman (D.)		Sir Ronald Ross (E.)	Th. Mommsen (G.)	E. Ducommun (Swl.) A. Gobat (Swl.)				
1903	H. A. Becquerel (F.) P. and Marie Curie	(Swe.)	N. R. Finsen (Dane.)	B. Bjornson (N.)	Sir W. R. Cremer (E.)				
1904	Lord Rayleigh (E.)	Sir Wm. Ramsay	I. P. Pawlow (R.)	F. Mistral (F.) J. Echegaray (Sp.)	Institute of Inter- national Law.				
1905	Ph. Lenard (G.)	A. von Baeyer (G.)	R. Koch (G.)		Baroness von Sutt-				
1906	J. J. Thomson (E.)	H. Moissan (F.)	C. Golgi (I.) S. Ra- mon y Cajal (Sp.)	G. Carducci (I.)	Th. Roosevelt (A.)				
1907	A. A. Michelson	E. Buchner (G.)	C. L. A. Laveran	R. Kipling (E.)	E. T. Moneta (I.) L. Renault (F.)				
1908	G. Lippmann (G.)	E. Rutherford (E.)		R. Eucken (G.)	K. P. Arnoldson				
1909	G. Marconi (I.) F. Braun (G.)	W. Ostwald (G.)	Th. Kocher (G.)	l .	F. Bajer (Dane.) A. M. F. Beernaert (B.) Baron de Constant (F.)				
1910	J. D. van der Waals	O. Wallach (G.)	A. Kossel (G.)	P. v. Heyse (G.)	Int'l Peace Bureau				
1911	(D.) W. Wien (G.)	Marie Curie (F.)	A. Gullstrand (Swe.)	M.Maeterlinck (B.)	T. M. C. Asser (D.) A. H. Fried (Aus.).				
1912	Gustaf Dalén	V. Grignard (F.) P. Sabatier (F.)	A. Carrel (A.)	G. Hauptmann (G.)					
1914	(Swe.) H. K. Onnes (D.) M. von Laue (G.) W. H. Bragg (E.)	A. Werner (Swl.) T. W. Richards(A.) R. Willstätter (G.)	C. Richet (F.) R. Bárány (Aus.) Not awarded.	R. Tagore (Beng.) Not awarded. Romain Rolland (F.)	H. LaFontaine (B.) Not awarded. Not awarded.				
1916	W. L. Bragg (E.) Not awarded.	Not awarded.	Not awarded.	Verner Heldenstam (Swe.)	Not awarded.				

A., American; Aus., Austrian; B., Belgian; Beng., Bengalese; D., Dutch; E., English; F., French; G., German; I., Italian; N., Norwegian; P., Polish; R., Russian; Sp., Spanish; Swe., Swedish; Swi., Swiss.

## PAINTING AND SCULPTURE.

NATIONAL ACADEMY OF DESIGN.

NATIONAL ACADEMICIANS.

EMY OF DESIGN.

ADEMICIANS.

Elected.

1905. Kendall, William Sergeant, 58 Trumbull Street, New Haven, Ct.

1906. Kost, F. W., 146 West 55th Street.

1907. Kost, Islidore, W., 146 West 55th Street.

1907. Lower, William, 1909. Pa.

1897. Lower, William, 1909. Pa.

1897. Lower, William, England.

1906. MacNeil, Hermon A., College Point, L. I.

1876. Magrath, William, England.

1876. Magrath, William, England.

1876. Magrath, William, England.

1910. Mead, William, R., 101 Park Avenue.

1920. Mead, William R., 101 Park Avenue.

1930. Mead, William R., 101 Park Avenue.

1910. Mead, William R., 101 Park Avenue.

1915. Miller, Charles H., Queens, L. I.

1915. Miller, Rienard E., 450 Fifth Avenue.

1884. Moran, Thomas, 57 West 45th Street.

1884. Moran, Thomas, 57 West 45th Street.

1885. Naora, F. Luis, 142 East 18th Street.

1885. Milor, Charles H., New Rochelle, N. Y.

1906. Mean, F. Luis, 142 East 18th Street.

1885. Milol, J. C., 51 West 10th Street.

1885. Nicoll, J. C., 51 West 10th Street.

1885. Nicoll, J. C., 51 West 10th Street.

1885. Nicoll, J. C., 51 West 10th Street.

1966. Niehaus, Charles H., New Rochelle, N. Y.

1904. Ochman, Loonard, Coscob, Ct.

1897. Palmer, Walter L., Albany, N. Y.

1909. Pennell, Joseph, London, England.

1911. Platt, Chas, A., 11 East 22th Street.

1906. Potter, Edward C., Greenwich, Ct.

1906. Potter, Edward C., Greenwich, Ct.

1906. Ranger, Henry W., 27 West 67th Street.

1906. Ranger, Henry W., 27 West 67th Street.

1906. Roth, Fred'k G. R., Englewood, N. J.

1909. Roth, Fred'k G. R., Englewood, N. J.

1909. Roth, Fred'k G. R., Englewood, N. J.

1900. Roth, Fred'k G. R., Englewood, N. J.

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1900. Roth, Fred'k G. R., Englewood, N. RATIONAL A:

Rected.
1899. Adams, Herbert, 131 West 11th Street.
1914. Altken, Robert I., 147 Columbus Avenue.
1899. Barse, George R., Jr., 7 West 43d Street.
1914. Beal, Gliford R., 27 West 67th Street.
1902. Beaux, Cecilia, 132 E. 19th Street.
1894. Beckwith, J. Carroll, 57 West 45th Street.
1913. Bellows, Geo., 146 East 19th Street.
1913. Bellows, Geo., 146 East 19th Street.
1915. Betts, Louis, 119 East 19th Street.
1915. Betts, Louis, 119 East 19th Street.
1915. Betts, Louis, 119 East 19th Street.
1915. Betts, Louis, 119 East 19th Street.
1915. Betts, Louis, 19 East 19th Street.
1915. Betts, Louis, 19 East 19th Street.
1915. Betts, Louis, 19 East 19th Street.
1916. Brevoort, J. R., Yonkers, N. Y.
1888. Bishfield, Edwin H., Carnegie Hall.
1863. Brevoort, J. R., Yonkers, N. Y.
1818. Bridgman, Frederick A., Paris, France.
1918. Bush, George De Forest, Dublin, N. H.
1907. Bunce, William Gedney, Hartford, Ct.
1899. Butler, Howard Russell, 107 Library Place,
Princeton.
1913. Calder, Alex Stirling, 51 West 10th Street. 1899. Butler, Howard Russell, 107 Library Place,
Princeton.

1913. Calder, Alex Stirling, 51 West 10th Street.
1906. Carlsen. Emil, 43 East 59th Street.
1914. Chapman, Carlton T., 58 West 57th Street.
1914. Chapman, Carlton T., 58 West 57th Street.
1890. Chase William M., 333 Fourth Avenue.
1885. Church, F. S., Carnegle Hall.
1909. Clark Walter, Bronxville, N. Y.
1898. Clinedinst, B. West, 7 West 43d Street.
1912. Coffin, William A., 58 West 57th Street.
1912. Cooper, Colin C., 222 Central Park West.
1912. Cooper, Colin C., 222 Central Park South.
1911. Couse, E. Irving, 58 West 57th Street.
1903. Cox, Kenyon, 130 East 67th Street.
1904. Curan, C. C., 39 West 67th Street.
1906. Daingerfield, Elliott, 222 Central Park South.
1863. Dana, W. P. W., London, England.
1906. Davis, C. H., Mystic, Ct.
1906. Dearth, H. G., Carnegle Hall.
1898. De Forest, Lockwood, 7 East 10th Street.
1907. Dowey, Charles Melville, 222 West 23d Street.
1883. Dielman, Frederick, Ridgefield, Ct.
1907. Dowlpherty, Paul, 30 East 57th Street.
1883. Dielman, Frederick, Ridgefield, Ct.
1907. Dougherty, Paul, 30 East 57th Street.
1896. Dusnig, Thos. W., 12 West 57th Street.
1897. Dougherty, Paul, 30 East 57th Street.
1996. Duveneck, Frank Clincinnat, Ohlo.
1912. Emmett, Lydia F., 535 Park Avenue. 1906. Du Mond, Frank V., 27 West 67th Street.
1906. Du Mond, Frank V., 27 Mest 67th Street.
1906. Duveneck, Frank, Cincinnat, Ohlo.
1912. Emmett, Lydia F., 535 Park Avenue.
1904. Foster, Ben, 119 East 19th Street.
1904. Foster, Ben, 119 East 19th Street.
1904. Freske, Frederick K., 450 Fifth Avenue.
1913. Garber, Daniel, 1819 Greene Street, Philadelphia, Pa.
1882. Gaul, Gilbert, Ridgefield Park, N. J.
1907. Gay, Edward, Mount Vernon, N. Y.
1908. Gilbert, Cass, 11 East 24th Street.
1905. Grafy, Charles, Philadelphia, Pa.
1915. Granville-Smith, M., 96 Fifth Avenue.
1867. Griswold, C. C., Poughkeepsie, N. Y.
1910. Groll, Albert L., 222 Central Park South.
1889. Hamilton, Hornalton, Norwalk, Ct.
1901. Harrison, Alexander, abroad.
1910. Harrison, Birge, 7 West 45d Street.
1906. Hassum, Childe, 130 West 57th Street.
1806. Hassum, Childe, 130 West 57th Street.
1806. Henris, Thomas, 22 Fifth Avenue.
1863. Hennessy W. J., abroad.
1906. Henry, E. L., 222 West 23d Street,
1807. Howe, Wm. H., Bronxville, N. Y.
1899. Inness, George, Jr., Cragsmoor, N. Y.
1899. Inness, George, Jr., Cragsmoor, N. Y.
1899. Jones, Francis C., 33 West 67th Street,
1883. Jones, H. Bolton, 33 West 67th Street. Brooklyn.

1908. Wolf, Henry, 146 East 81st Street.

1907. Woodbury, Charles H., Boston, Mass.

1880. Yewell, George H., 51 West 10th Street.

#### ASSOCIATE NATIONAL ACADEMICIANS.

Alleu, Thomas, Boston, Mass.
Anderson, Karl, Saugatuck, Ct.
Armstrong, D. Maitland, 61 Washington Sq. South.
Bacon, Henry, 160 Flith Avenue.
Ballu, J. 226 Central Park West.
Ballu, Hugo, Sangatuck, Ct.
Barllett, Paul Washington, D. C.
Beach, Chester, 207 East 17th Street.
Beal, Reynolds, Newburgh, N. Y.

AL ACADEMICIANS.
Bell, E. A., 226 Central Park South.
Bicknell, Frank A., 58 West 57th Street.
Bittinger, Chas., Duxbury, Mass.
Blumenscheln, Ernest L., 53 West 57th Street.
Blumenscheln, Mary Greene, 58 West 57th Street.
Bogert, George H. 204 West 55th Street.
Bogert, George H. 204 West 55th Street.
Borlium, Solon H., Norwalk, Ct.
Borlig, Wm. A., 32 Broadway.
Boston, Joseph H., Carnegle Hall.

Boyle, John J., 221 West 64th Street.
Brandegee, Robert B., Farmington, Ct.
Breckenidge, Hugh H., 10 S. 18th Street, Philad phile, Page Miss Fidelle, Canaan, Ct.
Brows, Miss Fidelle, Canaan, Ct.
Brows, Miss Fidelle, Canaan, Ct.
Brows, Miss Fidelle, Canaan, Ct.
Brows, Miss Fidelle, Canaan, Ct.
Chase, A. delaide Cole, Boston, Mass.
Clarke, Thomas Shields, 50 Riverside Drive.
Clarkson, Ralph, Chicago, Ill.
Coleman, C. C., abroad.
Coman, Charlotte B., 939 Eighth Ave.
Cornoyer, Paul, 152 West 57th Street.
Cotton, William, 1 West 64th Street.
Cotton, William, 1 West 64th Street.
Cox, Louise, 130 East 67th Street.
Day, Francis, West Stockbridge, Mass.
Day, Francis, West Stockbridge, Mass.
Day, Francis, West Stockbridge, Mass.
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Day, Francis, West Stockbridge, Mass.
Day, Francis, West Stockbridge, Mass.
Day, Robert David, 939 Eighth Avenue.
Fry, She Boyle, John J., 221 West 64th Street. Brandegee, Robert B., Farmington, Ct. Breckenridge, Hugh H., 10 S. 18th Street, Philadel-

Longman, Evelyo B., 11 East 14th Street.
Loomis, Chester, Englewood, N. J.
Low, Mary Fairchild, Bronxville, N. Y.
Lukeman, H. Augustus, 15 West 55th Street.
MacEwen, M. J. Mey Rochelle, N. Y.
Lukeman, H. Augustus, New Rochelle, N. Y.
Martiny, Phillu, 400 West 23d Street.
Meakin, L. H., Art. Academy. Cincinnatt, Ohlo.
Mielatz, C. F. W., 422 West 160th Street.
Moschowitz, Paul, 31 Barclay Street.
Moschowitz, Paul, 31 Barclay Street.
Moschowitz, Paul, 31 Barclay Street.
Moschowitz, Poul, 31 Barclay Street.
Moschowitz, Poul, 31 Barclay Street.
Moschowitz, Poul, 31 Barclay Street.
Olielatz, C. F. W., 422 West 160th Street.
Orbols, Hobart, Bronxville, N. Y.
Niemeyer, John Henry, New Haven, Ct.
O'Donovan, W. R., 590 Eagle Avenue.
Ollinsky, Ivan G., 27 West 67th Street.
Olinsky, Ivan G., 27 West 67th Street.
Climsted, Frederick L. (elect), Brookline, Mass.
Parker, Lawton, 142 West 49th Street.
Parshall, De Witt, Carnegle Hall.
Peabody, Robert S., Boston, Mass.
Pearson, Joseph T., Jr. (elect), 5139 Wayne Avenue,
Germantown, Pa.
Peixotto, Ernest, 152 West 57th Street.
Poore, H. R., Orange, N. J.
Post, W. Merritt, West Morrls, Ct.
Pratt, Bela L., Boston, Mass.
Prellwitz, Edith Mitchell, Peconle, N. Y.
Rice, William M. J., 15 West 67th Street.
Rook, Edward F., Old Lyme, Ct.
Rosen, Chas, New Hope, Pa.
Rungius, Carl, 253 West 42d Street. Story, Julian, Philadelphia, Pa.
Tanner, Henry O.,
Trowbridge, S. B. P., 527 Fifth Avenue.
Trowbridge, S. B. P., 527 Fifth Avenue.
Turner, Helen M., 207 East 17th Street,
Vonnoh, Bessle Potter, 33 West 67th Street,
Walcott, H. M., Rutherford, N. J.
Walker, C. Howard (elect), Boston, Mass,
Warner, Everett L., 33 West 67th Street,
Webb, J. Louis, 32 East 42d Street,
Webb, J. Louis, 32 East 42d Street,
Wendt, Wm., Los Angeles, Cal.
Whittemore, Wm. J., 318 West 57th St.
Wiggins, Guy, 15 West 67th Street,
Yates, Cullen, 939 Eighth Avenue,
Young, Chas, Morris, Radnor, Pa.
Young, Chas, Morris, Radnor, Pa.
Young, Mahonri, 1931 Broadway.

# COUNCIL.

President—J. Alden Weir. Vice-President—Howard Russell Butler. Corresponding Secretary—Harry W. Watrous. Recording Secretary—Charles C. Curran. Treasurer—Francis C. Jones. Kenyon Cox, William A. Coffin, Robert I. Aitken, Frederick W. Kost, Elliott Dalngerfield, Douglas Volk.

The addresses given in the list refer to the City of New York when not otherwise specified. The National Academy was founded in 1826. The schools of the National Academy are open from the first Monday in October to the middle of May. Circulars containing rules and other details may be had on application at the academy, Amsterdam Avenue and West 109th Street.

# NATIONAL SCULPTURE SOCIETY.

The National Sculpture Society, with headquarters at New York, was incorporated in 1896. It is composed of lay and sculptor members, and has for its object the spreading of the knowledge of good sculpture, the fostering of the taste for ideal sculpture and its production, both for the household and museums; the promotion of the decoration of public and other buildings, squares, and parks with sculpture of a high class; the improvement of the quality of the sculptor's art as applied to industries, and the providing, from time to time, for exhibitions of sculpture and objects of industrial art in which sculpture enters. The officers are as follows:

officers are as follows:

President—Herbert Adams. Vice-Presidents—Lloyd Warren, A. A. Welnman. Secretary—Robert I.

Altken. Treasurer—I. Wyman Drummond. Class expiring May, 1917: Robert I. Altken, Albert Jackers,

H. Augustus Lukeman, H. A. MacNeil, Evarts Tracy, and Albert Welnert. Class expiring May, 1918:

Herbert Adams, I. Wyman Drummond, A. A. Welnman, Lloyd Warren, Edward McCartan, and Edmond

T. Quinn. Class expiring May, 1919: Solon H. Borglum, A. Stirling Calder, R. H. Hunt, F. G. R. Roth,

Janet Scudder, John De Witt Warner. Headquarters, 212 West Flity-seventh Street, New York City.

ROYAL ACADEMY.

Prestdent—Sir Edward John Poynter, Bart., K. C. V. O. Keeper and Librarian—A. C. Gow. Treasurer
-Sir Aston Webb. Secretary—W. R. M. Lamb. Registrar—E. F. Dixon.
Honorary Retired Academictans: 1878, Yeames, Wm. Frederick: 1911, Smythe, L. P.

### ROYAL ACADEMICIANS.

1914 Blomfield, Reginald.
1891 Brock, Sir Thomas, K.C.B.
1915 Brown, J. A. Arnesby.
1908 Clausen, George.
1910 Cope, Arthur Stockdale.
1891 Dicksee, Frank.
1913 Drury, E. A. B.
1915 Farquharson, Joseph.
1887 Fildes, Sir Luke.
1910 Frobes, Stanhope A.
1912 Frampton, Sir George J.
1891 Gow, Andrew C.
1881 Graham, Peter.
1910 Hacker, Arthur.
1910 Hemy, Charles N.

Bell, R. Anning. Brangwyn, Frank. Bundy, Edgar. Cameron, D. Y. Cotton, William Robert. Cowper, F. Cadogan, Flsher, Mark.

George, Sir Ernest.

ROYAL ACADEMICIANS.

1896 Jackisson, Sir Thomas Graham,
Bart.

1909 John, Sir Wm. Goscombe.

1912 La Thangue, Henry H.

1898 Leader, Feq.). Williams.

1876 Lestie, George Dunlop.

1881 Ouless, Waiter William.

1811 Parsons, Aifred.

1826 Poynter, Sir Edward John,
Bart.. K. C. V. O.
Priestman, Bertram,
1836 Richmond, Sir William Blake,
K.C.B.

K.C.B.

ASSOCIATES.

Honorary Retired Associate: North, John W.
Henhagen, Mawrice. | MacKennial Bertram. Greiffenhagen, Mawrice.

Greiffennagen, Mawr Hartwell, Charles L. Henry, George. Hughes, Stanton H. Jack, Richard. Lavery, John. Llewellyn, Willam. Lutyens, Edwin L.

Newton, Ernest. Olsson, Julius, Orpen, William. Pegram, Henry A. Philpot, Glyn W. Pomeroy, F. W.

Prior, Edward S. Shannon, Charles. Sims, Charles. Stokes, Adrian. Stott, Edward. Strang, William. Wood, F. Derwent.

AMERICAN ACADEMY OF ARTS ASD LETTERS.

The first seven members of the American Academy of Arts and Letters were selected by the Nationa' Institute of Arts and Letters from its own body in 1904 by ballot. The seven were William Dean Howells Augustus Saint-Gaudens, Edmund Clarence Stedman, John La Farge, Samuel L. Clemens, John Hay and Edward MacDowell. In order to become eligible to the American Academy one must first be a member of the National Institute of Arts and Letters, which society was organized at a meeting of the American Social Science Association in 1898. The Academy received a mational charter from Congress in April, 1916. The qualification for membership is stated in the Constitution. "It shall be notable achievement in art, music or interature." The number in the Institute is limited to 250, and the election is by ballot.

The American Academy of Arts and Letters numbers fifty members, and the election is by ballot.

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The American Academy of Arts and Letters numb

Andrew Dickson White Henry van Dyke William Crary Brownell Basil Lanneau Gildersleeve Woodrow Wilson

George Edward Woodberry Kenyon Cox George Whitefield Chadwick Abbott Handerson Thayer Henry Mills Alden George De Forest Brush William Rutherford Mead Bliss Perry

MUSEUMS AND ART CALLERIES IN NEW YORK CITY.

The Metropolitan Muscum of Art (Robert W. St. Gallery of paintings, print collection, and de Forest, President; Edward Robinson, Directory in Central Park, main entrance on with Ave. at 82d St. Open daily including Sundays. Free, except on Mondays and Fridays, when an admission of 25 Mondays and Fridays, when an admission of 25 League. The semi-annual exhibitions of the National Cents is charged. Paintings (including the Altman, Hearn, Marquand, Vanderbilt and Wolfe collections) and sculpture of ancient and modern schools, American and foreign; casts, antiquities, arms and armor, porceiains, musical instruments, tapestries, laces, metal work, furniture, and decorative arts.

Museum of the Revoklivi Institute of Arts and School, Irving Place and 16th St. Free loan exhibitions of paintings, sculpture, and handleraft work.

National Arts Club, 14 Gramerev Park. Entrance

laces, metal work, furniture, and decorative arts.

Museum of the Brooklyn Institute of Arts and
Sciences (A. Augustus Healy, President; William H.
Goodyear, Curator of Art Department), Eastern
Parkway and Washington Ave., Brooklyn. Cpen
dally, including Sundays. Free, except on Mondays and Tuesdays, when an admission fee of 25
cents is charged. Paintings by American and foreign artists, Sargeant's water colors, Tissot's New
Testament series, casts and sculptures, Lawrence
collection of Barye bronzes, Avery collection of
Chinese Cloisonnés, Professor Goodyear's architectural photographs. tectural photographs.

New York Historical Society, 76th St. and Central Park West. Open dally, free. Paintings by old and modern masters (including 200 American portraits), Audubon's original water colors for natural history plates, Peter Marië collection of minlatures.

New York Public Library, Fifth Ave., 40th-42d | sion free.

Mational Arts Club, 14 Gramercy Park. Entrance to exhibition soll principles, 19 E. 19th St.
The American Museum of Natural History (Incorporated 1869). Central Park West, 77th St. and Columbus Ave. A unseum and library of natural history. Dr. Frederie A. Lucas, Director, The exhibition halis are open free to the public every day in the year. Hours: Weck-days and legal holidays, from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M.; Sundays, from 1 to 5 P. M. Collections of animals, woods, minerals, gems and material illustrating the customs of various races. Art exhibitions and iectures.
Zoological Gardens, Central Park, entrance Fifth Ave. and 64th St., and at Bronx Park, 182d St. and Southern Boulevard. Admission free, except on Mondays and Thursdays, when 25 cents is charged, Botanical Gardens (Bronx Park). Open daily from 10 A. M. to 4.30 r. M. Free.
Aquarlum, Castle Garden, Battery Park. Admission free

### ART PROCRESS IN THE UNITED STATES.

BY HENRY TYRRELL

The greatest significance of the recent nationwide awakening of our art museums and institutes to the work of educational extension lies in their interpretation of the word "Art" in a practical vocational sense. It has come to involve not simply painting, sculpture and architecture but all the allied crafts and industries collectively, in which all the people have part or interest. The artistic wealth of great collections thus goes back into circulation in the business of everyday life, out of which originally it grew. In the new Remaissance, which this movement forecasts, all the arts of design, form and color will be applied arts, as they were in Europe in the magnificently creative Middle Ages. Already, painting is turning from design, form and sculpture's highest goal is architectural adornment, rather than the restricted or futile independent statue. The principal public museums, notably those of New York, Chicago, St. Louis, Buffalo, Minneapolis, Cleveland, Toledo and San Francisco, are putting their main resources into vocational teaching, in direct and ever closer cooperation with the universities and oublic schools. The Metropolitan Museum of Art. New York City, has compiled and published a forty-six-page pamblet on "Art. Educacion," with a list of 600 different professions, trades and lines of commercial occupation requiring knowledge of drawing, design, modelling or color; also specifying the schools (numbering eighteen in New York States where an aggregate to provide a superposite industries into which art, in the broad sense here defined, enters.

American architecture in the last two or three decades has undergone an evolution more remarkable than that in any other country or period, in those productive industries into which art, in the broad sense here defined, enters.

American architecture of building consecrated to the world a new order of building consecrated to the world and provide and provide and provide and provide and provide and provide and provide and provide and provide and provide and provide and provide and provide and provide wide awakening of our art museums and institutes to the work of educational extension lies in their interpretation of the word "Art" in a practical vocational sense. It has come to involve

TYRRELL.

the Albright Art Gallery of Buffalo, N. Y. This new sculpture salon showed a selection of 400 objects from the Panama-Pacific Exposition, to which were added an equal number of works solicitied especially for the occasion.

l'aimting in America, as elsewhere, is in a state of chaotic, atmost riotous, contusion, One immediate cause of this, undoubtedly, is reaction to the tense teeling and general unrest of the times. But the radical reason is that a replacement of old, outworn and inadequate conventions by a new and vigorous regrowth makes the present period a critical turning point in art's progress. In even a greater degree than sculpture, painting now tends toward the artisan side of its development, which affects at once technique, medium and the general spirit of composition. There is a marked revival of fresco, tempera, sgrafitto and decorative panel work in varied styles, indicating the approaching decline of pseudo mural painting on cauvas, put in place after the manner of wall papier, and not in any integral sense related to the architectural spaces which it is meant to complete as well as to cover. In aesthetic aim and spiritual vision, painters to-day seem to be broadly divided into academic conservatives on the one hand and law-less reactionaries on the other. The former intench themselves with the old masters, behind fixed scholastic traditions of the past, and continue to practise painting as a gurely objective and mediaeval art as inadequate and inappropriate to the expression of the eager, estless eienthic spirit and ekotional intensity of the ventices of the younge and mediaeval art as inadequate and inappropriate to the expression of the eager, estless eienthic spirit and ekotional intensity of the ventices of light, color, atmosphere, perspective, futurism, of spirit, estimated and intensity of the ventices of light, color, atmosphere, perspective pattern, movement, rhythm, mass-former paspective and one as a subole, for art, Circumstances have combined of late verses, to make New V galleries.

exhibitions, the art auction sales and the dealers' galleries.

Commercially the last season was a prosperous one, as a whole, for art, Circumstances have combined, of late years, to make New York the world's clearing house for pictures and art objects of every description. The last metropolitan season's aggregate auction sales of paintings alone amounted to over \$1.000,000, this classification taking in such significant items as the celebrated Blakelock "Moonlight" at \$29,000 and George Fuller's "Komany Giri" at \$20,000 and George Fuller's "Komany Giri" at \$20,000 and George Fuller's "Komany Giri" at \$20,000 was fetched by "The Gale," one of Winslow Homer's Maine coast scenes, purchased last Spring by the Worcester (Mass.) Museum. At the Spring Academy nineteen paintings, two pieces of aculpture and two miniatures were sold for a total \$27,760—one of the paintings. Hocatic withstanding the overwhelming influx of antique and moderate and the uproved minimum of the property is substantial and making for permaneury is attested by the fact that the New York art sales are attracting from all sections of the country a new class of buyers, conservative yet independent, equipped with ample means, and at the same time restrained by a discrimination and sound

### ART PROGRESS IN THE UNITED STATES-Continued.

connoissearship which a decade ago was not general even among the collectors of the "magnate" class. Further evidence of a popular art awakening is seen in the grand scale and equipment of the new museums, moretly that of Cleveland, Ohio; the enlarged activities of the older established ones, and the increased amount of space devoted to intelligent and educational art criticism by the press throughout the country. The Metropolitan Museum of Art, while no longer custodian of the Morgan chections in their entirety, lass been enriched by the gifts from J. Pierwort Morgan of the Everac Colonias (Wirgin and Colle External Colonias, "Wirgin and Colle External Colonias," in addition to these some of the most famous of the Morgan tapestria semain on view at the nuseum as lains from their respective present owners, chief among whom is Joseph E. Witcher, of Philadelphia, who bought the great

Cardinal Mazarin piece. "The Triumph of Christ and the New Dispensation," for \$600,000. The department of paintings has installed the seventy-one French. English and American pictures bequeathed by Mrs. Morris K. Jesup, which include cleven representative native works, mostly of the Hudson River school, by Thomas Cole, Asher B. Durand, Frederick E. Church, Kensett, Sanford R. Gifford and J. W. Casilear. The Egyptian department has reconstructed on the main flood of the central museum building the massive tunio of Remeb (3,000 B. C.). given the main flood frame of the central museum building the massive tunio of the central museum building the massive tunio of the central museum building the massive tunio is a mountment so important that was the factors of the central properties of the sections of the sections of the sections of the central properties of the sections of the sections of the sections of the sections of the sections of the sections of the sections of the sections of the sections of the sections of the sections of the sections of the sections of the sections of the sections of the sections of the sections of the sections of the sections of the sections of the sections of the sections of the sections of the sections of the sections of the sections of the sections of the sections of the sections of the sections of the sections of the sections of the sections of the sections of the sections of the sections of the sections of the sections of the sections of the sections of the sections of the sections of the sections of the sections of the sections of the sections of the sections of the sections of the sections of the sections of the sections of the sections of the sections of the sections of the sections of the sections of the sections of the sections of the sections of the sections of the sections of the sections of the sections of the sections of the sections of the sections of the sections of the sections of the sections of the sections of the sections of the sections of the sections of the sections

THE COMMISSION OF FINE ARTS.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Conoress assembled. That a permanent Commission of Fine Arts is hereby created to be composed of seven well qualified judges of the fine arts, who shall be appointed by the President, and shall serve for a period of four years each, and until their successors are appointed and qualified. The President shall have authority of fill all vacancles. It shall be the duty of such commission to advise upon the location of statues, fountains, and monuments erected under the authority of the United States and upon the selection of artists for the execution of the same. It shall be the duty of the Onited States and upon the selection of artists for the execution of the same. It shall be the duty of the Onited States and upon the selection of artists for the execution of the same. It shall be the duty of the Onited States and upon the apply to the Japitol building of the United States and the building of the Library of Congress. The commission shall also advise enterally upon questions of art when required to do so by the President or by any committee of either House of Congress.

Sec. 2. That to meet the expenses made necessary by this act an expenditure of not exceeding ten thousand dollars a year is hereby authorized approved. May 17, 1910. This act has been supplemented by a number of executive article and the supplementations. Headquare—Charles Moore, Detroit, Mich. Vice-Châtman—Frederick Law Olmsted, Brookline, Mass: Thomas Hastings, New York City; Cass Gilbert, New York City; Herbert Adams, New York City; J. Alden Weir, New York City; Cass Gilbert, New York City. Herbert Adams, New York City; J. Alden Weir, New York City; Charles A. Platt, New York City.

# ROCKEFELLER FOUNDATION.

The State of New York granted a charter to the Rockefeller Foundation in 1913. Principal funds \$101,324,576.78. The incorporators are John D. Rockefeller, John D. Rockefeller, Jr., Frederick T. Gates, Harry Pratt Judson, Simon Flexner, Starr J. Murphy, Jerome D. Greene, Wickliffe Rose, and Charles O. Heydt. The officers are: President—John D. Rockefeller, Jr.\* Secretary—Jerome D. Greene. Treasurer—L. G. Myers. Assistant Treasurer—L. M. Dashjell. Comptroller—Robert H. Kirk. Members of the Executive Committee are: John D. Rockefeller, Jr., Jerome D. Greene, Simon Flexner, Starr J. Murphy, Wickliffe Rose. Headquarters, 61 Broadway, New York City. \*Will be succeeded about May 1, 1917, by Dr. George E. Vincent.

### EDUCATIONAL DRAMATIC LEACUE.

The Educational Dramatic League was organized in 1913 to give assistance to amateur clubs in churches, settlements, schools, and other organizations and to unrelated groups of young people, in order to bring the work of such clubs to a higher standard of literary and entertainment value, to combine education and

work of such cluds to a higher standard of literary and entertainment value, to combine education and self-expression with recreation. The league is doing this by giving the clubs special advice and ald to meet their individual needs in the selection of good plays, prompt-books, costume-plates, and costumes, and by instructing teachers in the best educational method of producing plays, or supplying clubs with competent directors. For the younger children classes have been formed in story-telling and story-playing.

A reference library of plays and general dramatic literature is at the disposal of members.

The league considers the public performance of a play but the smallest part of the work, and that the study of plays furnishes an interesting means of teaching literature, English, diction, bearing, and the correct recovered to a production.

study of plays furnishes an interesting means of teaching literature, English, dection, bearing, and the correct management of a production.

The league's object is national, and every dramatic club of any kind, whether in New York or elsewhere, is eligible to become a member. Annual dues, \$2 and \$5.

\*\*President—Mrs. August Belmont.\*\* Vice-President—Miss Kate Oglebay. Secretary—Miss Rachel Crothers. Treasurer—Mr. James S. Cushman. Executive Secretary—Miss Marion A. Turner. Headquarters, the Tilden Building, 105 West Fortleth Street. New York City.

# ACTORS' EQUITY ASSOCIATION.

The Actors' Equity Association has for its object equitable arrangement of all business matters pertaining to those who follow the art of acting, and especially pertaining to those who are members of the association. It is a voluntary association, formed to advance, promote, and foster the profession of acting and those engaged therein; to protect and secure the rights of actors; to inform them as to their legal rights and remedies; to procure appropriate legislation in matters affecting their profession; to do such thints as shall appear advantageous, or refrain from doing such things as shall appear disadvantageous to the profession of acting or to the members of the associatioa.

Presiden—Francis Wilson. Vice-President—Bruce McRae. Corresponding Secretary—Howard Kyle.

Treasurer—Richard A. Purdy. Headquarters, 608 Longacre Bullding, New York City.

### MUSIC.

#### BY MAZIE E. CLEMENS.

The general material prosperity which has come to the Nation will, from all indications, contribute to artistic development. In music especially is there continued and growing evidence of improved taste on the part of both oroducer and patron. The Metropolitan Opera Company began its minth season on the evening of November 13, to work through a brilliant programme to extend over a season of twenty-three weeks. On the concert stage there was also a brilliant prospectus from the concert managers, while the standard orchestras were just as well advanced in their instrumental music.

weeks, On the concert stage there was also a brilliant prospectus from the concert managers, while the standard orchestras were just as well advanced in their instrumental music.

In the operatic prospectus three novelties were listed, "Les Pecheurs de Perles," by Bizet, in German, and "The Canterbury Pilgrims," by Reginald de Koven, in English, Mr. de Koven's composition is new and will have its first presentation at the Metropolitan, It is composed to the libretto of Percy Mackaye and is, of course, a modernization of Geoffrey Chaucer's quaint poem, "Les Pecheurs de Perles," ("The Pearl Fishers,") was produced first in 1863, and while perhaps not Bizet's first opera, was the first he composed when he was free of school and material environment, The story of the opera is not a very serious one. It tells of Zurra, the chief of the Cingalese pearl fishers, and his closest friend, Nadir, falling einmultaneously in love with an unknown maiden of Kandy, "To protect their fishers are mer the protection of a veile virgin, who were a super the protection of a veile virgin, while they work. Nead the consultation of the health of the maid he and Zurga had loved in Kandy. She recognizes him and they sing a love duet, she thus neglecting her duty as the protecties of the fishers. A great storm comes up and the pearl fishers, investigating, find the two lovers together, Zurga, in fury, sentences both to death, but, approaching Leila, he sees on her neck a necklace he had riven years before to a child who had saved his life. He thereupon decides to permit the lovers to escape and plans to fire the fishers' village. While the high priest, while the lovers sail away. This opera was chosen as the attraction for the opening night of the season, Frieda Hempel singing the part of Leila, Caruso that of Nourabad, Georgic Polacoo conducted. The opera was beautifully presented and sung and was so warmly received by the splendid audience that thronged the greened and contrast in musical values that relieves it from the occasional mono

3. CLEMENS.

and herself stabbing Orestes through the neart. She did not recognize her brother when he was brought before her, and she questioned the two Greek strangers for news of her parents. Finally she offered to spare the life of one on condition he would carry a letter to her sister. Electra. The two friends contended as to who should thus be spared, each wishing to remain for the sacrifice while his friend escaped. In the end Iphigenie decided Pylades should carry the letter and Orestes be slain. Just as she is about to plunge the sacrificial knife into him, however, an exclamation he makes causes her to recognize him as her brother and she withholds her hand. The fallowing Fouris, furious at the bargain which is lillowing Fouris, furious at the bargain which is stabs the King and terrifies the Scythians by his stabs the King and terrifies the Scythians by his bravery. Then Diana again intervenes orders the Scythians to turn over the status to Orestes, releases Iphigenie from her thraldom and orders her to return to Greece with Orestes and Pylades. In addition to the novelties and revivale, the season is made up by reproductions of operas which have become popular favorites under the orgester regime at the Metropolitan Opera House. The annual addition of new operas to the repertoire has now made it perhaps the most comprehensive and complete which is being produced by any company of singers in the world. comprising as it does, the work of composers of every striking feature of the management's contemporary and future plan is the development of Americans: Soprani. Alma Case Vera Curtis, Ritta Fornia, Albei Garrisson Oction France Whitehill; bassi, Arthur Middleton, Basil Ruysdael, Henri Scott.

The immense growth in the general appeal of opera and classic music and of the spread of opera and classic music and of the spread of opera and classic music and of the spread of opera and classic music and of the spread of opera and classic music and of the spread of opera and classic music and of the spread of o

Robeson; tenor. Paul Althouse; baritone. Clarence Whitehill; bassi, Arthur Middleton. Basil Ruysdael, Henri Scott.

The immense growth in the general appeal of opera and classic music and of the spread of musical education and understanding is proved by the throngs which seek admission to the "popular price" performances of the spread of musical education and understanding is proved by the throngs which seek admission to the "popular price" performances of the solon to the 1916-17 season was given on the night of Saturday. Nov. 18. with "Aida," when the authorities had to order the discontinuance of the sale of even simple admissions, while scores outside were still clamoring to get in.

The second performance of the season was. "Tristan und Isolde." November 16, with Mclanie Kurt as Isolde. "November 16, with Mclanie Kurt as Isolde. "November 16, with Mclanie Homer as Brangaene.

Strauss "Der Losenkavalier" was brilliantly strauss for the season was fast year, with the exception of Miss Mason, who, as Sophie gave a charming inpuresonation.

The Russian opera. "Prince Igor." was the attraction at the matinee November 19 and "Aida" at the popular price performance in the evening, with Paul Althouse taking Luca Botta's place in singing the principal tenor role.

Claudia Muzio, a new soprano, made a most successful debut at the Metropolitan Opera December 4, Despite the nervousness ratural to a first American appearance, She gaves: hummistakable evidence of artistic quality as to compel spontaneous applause. She chose the itle role in Puccinie" "Tosca," a part admirably suited to her strong, lyric soprano voice.

Other novelties and rerivals to be produced during the season are Delibes's "Jakme," Donizetti's "Leisir d'Amore." Massenet's "Thais," Mozart's "Le Nozze di Figaso" and Zandoor "Cretor of the Metropolitan Opera a little in-patrons of the Metropolitan Opera a little in-

#### MUSIC-Continued.

clined to grumble and to feel that the manage ment had not shown as great enterprise as it might have done in the production of new compositions, only two were produced in the season. "Prince Igor" by the Russian composer Borodine, and "Goyescas," by Granados, considered the best of Spain's modern composers. "Prince Igor" did not entirely please, while "Goyescas" was regarded by most estuents as being merely a collection of pianoforte compositions. "Prince Igor" served an educational purpose, and the one fact that it gave coportunity for the introduction of the Tartar ballet music justified its production. It was a collection of episodes devoid of dramatic consistency, which seems typical of Russian operatic composition. As to "Goyescas," its sole interest seemed to lie in its Spanish color and in the fact that it served to introduce the work of its composition, During the season there were several "revivals," a term applied by the Metropolitan Opera Company to any work which it has not produced within three or four seasons. These were the moted Saint-Saens's work, "Samson et Daillar," Flotow's "Marta," Verdi's "Rigoletto," Bellini's "La Sonnambula" and "Der Widerspaenstigen Zaehmung" ("The Taming of the Shrew"). by Goetz, Of these, "Marta," with its smooth and steady flow of melody, was one of the season's most distinct successes, though the lovers of modern music were inclined to shrug the season shoulders over it. "Rigoletto," ranked next. "The Taming of the Shrew" is a hough the season proved disappointing. A striking exception was Giuseppe de Luca, an Italian barltone with a wonderfully sympathetic voice and an art so rare as to rouse enthusiasm. The new German conductor. Artur Bodanzky, attained a considerable measure of success.

Louise Homer was welcomed back to the Metropolitan on March 13 as Amneris in "Aida." She assumed the role of Dalila for the first time in America in the renetition of "Samson et Dalila" and gave a fully capable interoretation of that 10e.

Dalila" and gave a fully canable interpretation of that role.

Vienna—"The Guest of the King," text by Armin Friedmann based upon Dickens's "Lattle Dorrit," and music by Heinrich Reinhardt was brought out at the Volksoper in February.

Barlin's the Karlsruhe Court Opera Weingen German, German, was given at the Frankford Von Franckenstein, was peiren at the Frankford Von Franckenstein, was peiren at the Frankford Won Franckenstein, was given at the Frankford Won Franckenstein, was given at the Aldway with a nerformance of "The Meistersinger," under the direction of fritz Reiner.

Stuttgart—In September a new opera, "Sandro, the Fool" was given under Max Schilling's direction, The work is in three acts and the labretto is by Hans Hingelmann.

Milan—The one-hundredth birthday of Rossini's "Barber of Seville" was celebrated at the Scala in April.

London—Aat the Aldwych Theatre in October was heard "Faust", with Miriam Licette as Marguerite, Edith Clegg as Martha, Webster Miller as Faust and Robert Radiford as Menhisto, Other works heard were "Tristan and Isolde," with Buckmann and Mullings: "Samson and Delliah."

"Magic Flute." Puccini'e "La Boheme." with Webster Miller as Rudolph and Bessie Tyas as Mimi: "Madama Buttberlly." with Maurice D'Oisley as Pinkerton and "Il Seraglio." with Mignon Nevada, Bessie Tyas, Maurice D'Oisley, Alfred Heathre, Robert Radford and Frederick

Toronto—The San Carlo Grand Opera Company gave a short season of opera at the Royal Alexandra in October. The operas heard included "Aida." "Marta." "Rigoletto" and

New Orleans—The Bostou-Pavlowa Company gave a week of opera in February. Beginning with "L'Amore dei Tre Re.", the company gave performances of "Pagliacci." "La Boheme." "Madama Butterfly."

merformances of "Pagliacci," "La Boheme." "Madama Butterfly."
Madama Butterfly." "La Boheme."
Chicago—Leoncavallo's "Zeza" was given for the first time here on January 17 at the Auditorium by the Chicago Opera Association. It is in four acts and follows the story of the play closely, Mr. Magnenat was Cascar, Carmen Melis was Zaza and Mr. Bassi was Millo. Ferrari conducted. For the first time in America this company brought out Massenet's last opera. "Cleopatre," in which Maria Koussezoff, the Russian prima donna, made her bow in this country on January 10. This opera relates the story of the first meeting of Cleopatre and Mark Antony and his infatuation for her, his return to Rome, where he marries Octavia, a sister to Caesar, the jeadousy of Cleopatre's slave, Spakos, and Antony's return to Cleopatre's garden. The opera ends with the death of the slave, whom Cleopatre kills, and her own self-inflicted death. In the cast were Alfred Maguenat as Mark Antony. Charles Dalmores as Spakos and Marcia Van Dresser as Octavia, "Andrea Chemer," with Louisa Villani. Mabel Riegelman, Zenatella, Lazzari and Thomas Chalmers in the cast, The second opera given was "Iris," with Tamaki Muira, In the evening "Faust" was heard, with Riccardo Martin in the title role, Mardones as Mephistoheles, Maggie Teyte as Marguerite and Anusta Bouillie.

St. Louis, Mo.—The Ellis Opera Company gave a season of opera in the Coliseum, "Carmen"

tonheles, Maggie Teyte as Marguerite and Auguste Bouillie.

St. Louis, Mo.—The Ellis Opera Company Raye a season of opera in the Coliseum. "Carmen" and "Trovatore" were among the works performed. The San Carlo Company, under Fortune Gallo, also gave a short season in this city. Their performances included "Trovatore" "La Gioconda," "Carmen," "Cavalleria Rusticana," "Pagliacci" and "Lucia,"
November 20 the Aborn Grand Opera Company began an indeterminate season at the Park Theatre, New York City, with "The Jewels of the Madonna," which held the stage for the entire ensuing week, Lois Ewell and Edith Helena appeared at alternate performances in the prima donna role of Maliella, "The Jewels of the Madonna" was followed by equally pleasing productions of "Aida," "Madama Butterfly," "Lohengrin" and other operas of established popularity, Other principals in the company are Lillian Eubahuk, Marie Louise Birgers, Salvatore Giordano, Giuseppe Agostine, Louis d'Angelo, Morton Adkins, Louis Derman, John Goldman, Joseph Interante and Grace Baum, The operas are conducted by Ignacio del Castillo, formerly conductor of the National Grand Opera Company in Mexico City.

# CONCERTS.

The Philhermonic Society opened its seventy-fourth season on the evening of October 26 with a splendid programme of nusic before it for the 1916-17 period. The strong position given the society by the million dollar bequest under the will of the late Joseph Pulitzer has rabled it to reach further and further after the high ideals of its founders and of the many ardent lovers of music who have given their time, effort and present the season were Josef Hofmann, Mischa Elman, music who have given their time, effort and present the season were Josef Hofmann, Mischa Elman, music who have given their time, effort and present the season were Josef Hofmann, Mischa Elman, music who have given their time, effort and present the season were Josef Hofmann, Mischa Elman, music who have given their time, effort and present the season were Josef Hofmann, Mischa Elman, music who have given their time, effort and present the season were Josef Hofmann, Mischa Elman, music who have given their time, effort and present the season were Josef Hofmann, Mischa Elman, music who have given their time, effort and present the season were Josef Hofmann, Mischa Elman, music who have given their time.

### CONCERTS-Continued.

Alma Gluck, Percy Grainger, Theo, Karle, Leo Schulz, Elena Gerhardt, Julia Culp, Maximilian Pilzer, Carl Friedberr, Yolando Mero, Efrem Zimbalist and Margarete Matzenauer.

schulz, Elena Gerhardt, Julia Gulb, Maximilian Pilzer, Carl Friedbert, Volando Mero, Efrem Zimbalist and Markarete Matzenauer.

Zimbalist and Markarete Matzenauer.

Jureli Corelli Hill called the meeting of prosessional musicians, who, one of the meeting of prosessional musicians, who, even Hill was a violation of the content of the meeting of prosessional musicians, who, even Hill was a violation of the meeting of prosessional musicians who, even Hill was a violation of the first gentinely onalified musicians to settle in New York, George Loder, one of the founders of the society conducted the first performance in the United States of Beethoven's Ninth Symphony at a concert of the society May 20, 1846. In the society's first season three concerts were given, For the succeeding sixteen years four regular concerts were given, and for the next ten years there were five per season. From the twenty-sixth muil the fifty-sixth season six concerts were given, and for the next ten years there were five conductors to eight. Though there were but three concerts in the first season, there were five conductors tureli Corelli Hill. H. C. Timm, Mr. Albers, Alfred Boucher and George Loder. In the second season Theodore Eisfeld and Max Maretzek came to the society, and in Mr. Eisfeld's second season meason here were Garl Bergmann H. C. Timm, Dr. Leopoid Dannosch. Theodore Thomas, Adoth Neuendorf, Anton Seidl, Emil Paur and Walter Dannosch, In the sixty-first season there was close of interest, due to having a different conductor for each concert given. In the sixty-second season the guest were Wellam Mengelberg, Max Fielder, Valurda Karl Panzer and Fritz Steinbach.

After the sixty-fourth season an arrangement was made by which Safonoff became sole conductor for three seasons. Following him came Mahler, who died in 1911. Josef Stransky succeeded that great musician and still wields the

ceeded that rices interest the policy of the Pulitzer endowment, bequeathed in 1911, carried the conditions that the society be incorporated, have an annual dues-paying membership of 1,000 and play more of the music of Becthoven, Liszt and Wagner and sell seats at reduced prices to students. By 1913 these conditions had been

complied with and the society received \$750,000 of its endowment. Among the most brilliant members of the crohestra are Maximiliant Pilzer, who succeeded Leonold Kramer at the first desk last year: Leo Schulz 'cellst; J. J. Kovarik, stola: Xavier Reiter horn: Fritz Stablerg, assistant conductor: August Mesnard hasson: Albert Chaffarelli, clarinet: A. Friese, tympani: Frederick De Angellis, oboe: Benjamin Klatzkin, trumpet: Auton Faver, flute,
Mr. Stransky, the conductor, was born in Bohemia and as a youth attracted the interested attention of Dyorak and Smetana. He studied in Leipsic and Vieuna and later became director of the Royal Opera at Frague, From Frague he went to the Hamburg Opera, where he conducted for seven years. From Hamburg he came to New York.

for seven years. New York.

New York.
Felix Leifels, the present manager of the Philharmonic, has been a member for twenty-five yeare. His instrument was the double bass. He "discovered" Stransky and was made manager of the orchestra shortly before the leader came here. The second concert was given November 3, with Mischa Elman as soloist. On the programme were "Voyevode" overture, violin concerto, Symphony No. 5, Tschalkowsky, At the first Sunday concert, on November 12, an entire Beethoven programme was rendered, with Josef Hofmann as the soloist. He played Beethoven's pianoforte concerto in E flat. The orchestral numbers were the "Eroica" Symphony and the third "Leonore" overture.

overture.

the Eroica' symphony and the third Leonore overture.

Walter Damposch, conductor of the New York Symphony Society, began his season at Aeolian Hall October 22, with a well balanced programme which consisted of Symphony in D. Mozart; sinfonia from the cantata "Domenica Quasimodogeniti," and arioso from the cantata "Ich stand mit einem Fuss im Grabe." Bach: Symphony No. 6, "Pastoral," Beethoven, On November 5 Mr. Friedberg was the soloist, rendering the concerto for piano, in C minor. Beethoven,

"The Diaghileff Ballet Russe opened its season on the night of October 16 at the Manhattan Opera House, the programme comprising "Lee Sylphides." "Sadko." "Le Spectre de la Rose" and "Scherezade," The company showed few changes from last year, and its work was fully up to the high standard attained in previous seasons, Mmes, Lopokova, Pflanz, Revalles, Sokolova and Wasilewiska are still the principal dancers, and among the men the leaders are Messra, Bolm, Gavrilow, Kremneff, Pianowski and Sverew.

# THE DRAMA.

The plays that were mentioned in the 1916 Almanac and that were still running when the hook went to press, with the number of their performances, are as follows:
"Diternal Magadalen," 90: "Fair and Warmer," 274: "Rielling Stones," 155; "Hip, Hip, Hooray," 425; "Abe and Mawruss," 192; "Hobson's Choice," 143; "Sadic Love," 80; "Common Clay," 328; "The House of Glass," 262; "Under Fire," 166; "The Onie," 33; "Quinneys," 50; "Princess Pat." 145; "A World of Pleasure," 129; "Alone at Last," 177; "Around the Map," 106.

"Princes Pat," 145; "A World of Pleasure," 129; "Alone at Last," 177; "Around the Map," 106.

If the growth of the pictured drama made serious invade into the material prospecty of the street owners who clung to the regularly staged production if had; some compensation in rousing the managers to a realization that they had gone to fain their disregard of public dase in going to the extremes of crime and of the sordid side to far in their disregard of public taste in going. The past year was the most brilliant, especially in an artistic sense, in nearly a decade. The improved quality of the plays had its natural effect in bringing back patronage, for this popular form of entertainment will always hold its auditors and dist spectators as long as it common sense came to the rescue and the old sohool of public where bringing the principal success throught the picture was something of a clinancial disaster to the theatrical profession, and at first thought the picture were to be competed with a higher of entertwine that the past year was one of unbroken successes, Managers still made

of the season, however, was John Galsworthy's powerful propaganda drama, "Justice," at the Candler April 3. Dealing with prison reform and the failure of conventional justice when applied to first offenders, the play reached New York at the psychological moment and met with instant success, John Baurymore, who had hitherto been identified with light comedy roles, instantly established himself in a distinguished position among actors of more serious roles by his performance of the leading part, that of William Fokier, the condemned forger. The fact that Mr. Galsworthy's great play bung lire for six years before its production was a refutation, to that extent, at least, of managers' claims that they had to produce poor or indifferent plays because London had not become enthusiastic over "Justice" when it was produced there, there was a lanse of six years before it was ventured here, (104 times.) here. (104 times.)

here, (104 times.)

Mrs. Fiske chose for her return to the stage a play called "Erstwhile Susan" (167 times) at the Gaiety. Though a rather ordinary play it enjoyed a brilliant success, mainly because of the excellence of Mrs. Fiske's performance. The play was a dramatization of Helen R. Martin's novel "Barnabetta," and told the story of how a self-educated, self-developed lowa woman brought enlightenment into a community of passimonious Pennsylvania Dutch.

enlightenment into a community of passimonious Pennsylvania Dutch, Augustus Thomas got away from the meta-physical trend which has marked his work in recent years and brought out a new play in the virile vein of his early success, It was a stirring melodrama of American Amy life, called "Rio Grande," It was seen at the Empire April 4. (55 times.)

E. H. Sothern began his farewell season with "The Two Virtues," which was very successful for a time. His servicals of "Lord Dundreary" and "David Gaunck," however, failed to divert nublic attention from the spheroid new plays, He completed his season with "If I Were King," April 29, at the Shubert, It aroused exceptional

April 29, at the Shubert, It aroused exceptional interest.

The outstanding feature of the Shakespeaviran The contensory was the transfer of Sir Herbert Tree's Shakespeaving reduced to New York. His glittering production of "Henry VIII." on March 14 at the New Amsterdam, in which he played Cardinal Wolsey, enjoyed the greatest popular favor through nine weeks. In "The Merchant of Venice." May S. he sacrificed much of the play's poetry to panorama, but it was almost as cordially received, (20 times.) "The Merry Wives of Windsor," given May 24, completed a most successful season, (10 times.)

Meanwhile the native actors and their tribute to the memory of the great affect by productions of high merit. James K, Hackett produced "Macbeth," though his portrayed of the title role did not appeal with great force to the critics. His production of "The Merry Wives of Windsor," however, met with great success. An accident prevented Mr. Hackett from carrying out his plan to play Falstaff, and Thomas Wise, called in at the last minute, portrayed the bluff old braggart with exceptional skill.

In striking contrast to these two Shakespearian endeavors was the production of the seldom seen "The Tempest" in the Elizabethan manner. Thus handled, under the archaic conditions for which it was written, it was possible to use the entire text without the use of pictured effects. The contrast proved that the modern picture stage ia not adapted to genuinely imaginative productions of Shakespear's works.

The general tendency toward the offer of a higher grade of attractions which hegan to govern

tions of Shakespeare's works,

The general tendency toward the offer of a higher grade of attractions which began to govern the theatre managers in the preceding season seemed to hold its impetus when the new season opened in the Fall, or perhaps it would be better to say when it was resumed after a very brief let-up in the Summer. It used to be that the new season opened on Labor Day, apparently by common consent, but the Summer stay-at-homes and visitors have become so numerous in New York that the theatre season is getting closer and closer to being continuous. Comedy was the

Dredominant note of the new offerings. There was very little of the serious drama, and musical comedy was not plentiful. Some of the comedies, notably "Old Lady 31" and "Turn to the Right." mixed pathos with their humor, while others stuck to simple romaine and humor. In this latter of the comedies and humor. In this latter of the comedies and humor. In this latter of the comedies and humor. In this latter of the comediant of the comediant has to be comediated and has the first which opened at the Thirty-mint Street Theatre which opened at the Thirty-mint Street Theatre which opened at the Thirty-mint Street Theatre which opened at the Thirty-mint Street Theatre which opened at the Thirty-mint Street Theatre which opened at the Thirty-mint Street Theatre which opened in basic idea and the auction of their effects nets into stufficient to establish his doting which may be comediated and are and the auction of their effects nets into stufficient to establish his doting which in a coll ladies' home, while he chooses to go to the aboor farm. There is a prologue showing the old couple leaving the home that had been theirs since they entered it a bridal couple, and three acts set in and about the home. There are thirty inmates, and when Abe brings Angie to the lome and is preparing to bid her goodby, while he trudges on to the poor farm, the old ladies decide not to ecparate them, but to take in the old man as well as his wife. He is called "Old Lady 31" and is immediately adopted by all the inmates, who coddle and bet him. The youngest of the preventhis pair runes Abere of completant in her love affair. Thus the fellower of the other old women and matters boil for a time, but a real explosion is averted by the announcement that under Abe's urging Blossy has decided to accept her faithful suitor and that they have gone away to get married. Meantime Angie is doing her best to forward a romance between a noor boy who does carpenter work about the home, but who has architectural promise, and the daughter of the richest

This simple and pretty comedy of character was written by Rachel Crothers from a story by Louise Forsslund.

Miss Ebras Dunn played the part of Angie with a sweetness and grace that was notable, especially in a young woman taking the part of an old one. The artistry by which she brought out the perfect tact her part called for made an instant appeal to her audiences. She was exceptionally well supported by Reginald Barlow as old Abe, Vivia Ogden, Mrs. Felix Morris, Maud Sinclair, Anna Bates, May Galyer and Edward O'Connor also gave, admirable presentations of parts which possessed splendid opportunities for them, (Lee Kugel.)\*

Grant Stewart and Robert, Baker wrought 4

parts which possessed solendid opportunities for them, (Lee Kugel.)\*

Grant Stewart and Robert Baker wrought a splendid comedy in "Arms and the Girl." produced at the Fulton Theatre on September 27, The fact that the title suggests a satire of Shaw's "Arms and the Man" is entirely misleading. "Arms and the Man" is entirely misleading. "Arms and the Mil" is a delightful little romantic story laid in war-ridden Belgium, told with a simplicity that has a delightful charm. Dramatic values were not sought by the authore and are not plentful, the story being worked out with a pleasing mixture of heroics, sentiment and humor. Ruth Sherwood, the heroine, has her passport stolen by a Russian sny while she is waiting for her fiance. Jack Martin. Wilfred Ferrens, another young American, has no passport at all and is on the point of being arrested as a sny. Ruth had met the German licettenances of the soldier was a soldier of the soldier who were all the dark Ferrens and be beined and the property of the command of the soldier who we was the dark ferrens and the object of the compose who orders he immediate marriage of Ruth and Ferrens, and the order is obeyed with a reluctance which has to be concealed. Then arrives the real fiance, Jack Martin, who was explained away as their chauffeur. Followed, then a series of amusing complications out of which grew a real

romance between the new, weds, at the same time establishing the unworthiness of the original flance. Miss Fay Bainter, who played the heroine, is a new actress, who gave a performance uncommonly clever. Cyril Scott played opposite ber in his usual genial, plausible manner. Henry Yogel was delightful as the German General and J. Malcolm Dunn was amusing as the Lieutenant. (H. B. Harris.)\*

per in ms usual genial, plausible manner, Henry Vogel was delightful as the German General and J. Malcolm Dunn was amusing as the Lieutenant. (H. B. Harris.)\*

Rida Johnson Youne's "Captain Kidd, Jr.," had its premiere at the Cohan and Harris Theatre November II and attained immediate favor, It is a rather Cohanese affair that fairly bubbles with humor, It tells the story of an old Scotchman who keeps a bookstore in New York, His grand-daughter is his partner, and a far from silent one, He has a protexe whom he rescued, a cold and hungry newsboy, from the street and raised and loved ag a son. In a box of books purchased at an auction of a deceased millionaire is a book on buried treasure which includes a map showing where there is a fabulous treasure buried on Cane Cod. The treasure tale is a "plant" by the old millionaire to rouse some ambition in a spineless grandson, the last survivor of the family, but the bookseller's protege finds it and the bookslop is closed up while the three po to Cane Cod to dig. The "lawyer" who helped the old millionaire to lay the "plant" is also made to appear as a seeker of the treasure. as well as the whom the grand of the consist of a letter adviser in the end is found to consist of a letter adviser in the end is found to consist of a letter adviser in the nead is found to consist of a letter adviser in the end is found to consist of a letter adviser in the end is found to consist of a letter adviser in the end is found to consist of a letter adviser in the end is found to consist of a letter adviser in the end is found to consist of a letter adviser in the end is found to consist of a letter adviser in the end is found to consist of a letter adviser in the end is found to consist of a letter adviser in the end is found to consist of a letter adviser in the end is found to consist of a letter adviser in the end is found to consist of a letter adviser in the end is found to consist of a letter adviser in the safe and the grand daughter seemed here in the safe and the perfect of

whistling, managed Jimmie, the hero.\*
Winchell Smith and John E. Hazzard are the co-authors of "Two to the Right," a comedy of much corely and the Right," a comedy of much corely and the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the

September 11 waw George Arliss open his season at the Criterion Theatre in "Paganini." a character story of the great musician. Edward Knoblauch, who wrote it, touched upon little more than

the personality of his subject. The action of the piece rests mainly moon an episode in which the sentimental young daughter of an English merchant had entertained the violinist. She followed him to Calais, where she sat, cold and hungry, while he, apparently nourished and warmed by the fires of genius, composed a concerto in her honor. The picture was broken in upon by the girl's angry father and the matter-of-fact young army Captain, affianced to the girl. The romance holds the pair enclained until the Captain suddenly seizes Paganini's beloved violine and holding it alord demands the misclarity of the which he drops the maid and rushes to the rescue of the violin opens the girl's eyes and her bead finds its natural resting place on the Captain's broad shoulder. Mr. Arliss was admirably supported by Sara Biala, Margery Maude, Mrs. Arliss and Charles Harbury, (48 times.)

Otis Sidniner appeared at the Lyceum September 18 in a new Booth Tarkington play called "Mister Antonio." It was not a dramatization of any of Tarkington's books, but a play written especially for Mr. Skinner. Mr. Skinner support were Joseph Brennan, Eleanor Woodruff, Robert Harrison, John McCabe, Warter F, Scott, Louise Sydneth, Frances Landy, Patterson McAutt and Ernest A. Erlon, 48 times.)

Follyama, which glad girl' of Eleanor H, Porter's very writty stories, was made into a supperance at the Hudson Theatre September 18. It toured the West before it was put on in New York, so its producers, Klaw & Erlanger and George C. Tyler, were not worried much about its fate. That their judgment was good was proved by the success the play at once attained, Patricia Collinge gives a pretty touch to the name part. Effic shannon's beauty adds a material share to the pleasingness of her portrayal of the part of Miss Polly Harrington, Philip Merivale, as John Pendleton, Esq. and Jessie Busley also add to the spirit of gladness the play is supposed to and does radiate."

Margaret Anglin opened the Empire's regular season on September 20 in 'Caroline,' an E

"Upstairs and Down," the work of Frederic and Fanny Hatton was produced at the Cort Theatre September 25. It was intended to reflect that the same vices which prevail in the drawing room are as common among the servants in the lower regions of the house. The critics seemed to think the picture was rather overdrawn and was impleasant though the dialogue was admittedly clever. Courtney Foster, Christine Norman, Mary Servoss, Arthur Eliott and Iola St. Leon gave clever performances, \*\*

Sortian, Mary Servoss. Arthur Effort and 1018 St. Leon gave clever performances,\*

Beginning October 2. Taylor Holmes appeared in the name part of "His Malesty Bunker Bean," a dramatization by Lee Wilson Dodd of Harry Leon Wilson's stories of that title, at the Astor Theatre, The general theme is that a man can develop into anything he can make himself believe he is, Bunker Bean is a spineliss stenographer, who is convinced by a psychic faker he is the reincarnation of a good and nowerful Egyptian King, Acting in this fatth, the stenographer acquires boldness in the business world, achieves wealth and marries the girl of his desire. In the supporting cast are Florence Shirley, Charles Abbe, Robert Kelly, Lillian Lawrence, Jack Devereaux, Marion Kerby and Clara Louise Moore, (Joseph Brooks—74 times, Winthrop Ames produced "Husb." an English comedy by Miss Vlolet Fearn, the novelist, at the Little Theatre October 3. It deals with a young woman of advanced ideas, who writes a play which she hopes will sbock London. Her

fiance, stolid and stodgy, takes his parents to see his sweetheart's play and the humor is developed from the resulting contrasts. Miss Cathleen Nesbitt impersonated the heroine, and the cast also included Miss Estelle Winwood and Cecil Yapp. (37 times.)

October 4 William Hodge apmeared in a fouract comedy depicting contemporary life called "Fixing Sister," at Maxine Elliott's Theatre. The play was by "Lawrence Whitman," which is Mr. Hodge's pen name, Mr. Hodge took the part of a Kanasa City business man who rushes to New York to save his sister from the toils of two foreign adventuers. Yankee shrewdness wimning in the end. Miss Miriam Collins had the leading feminine role."

wiming in the end. Miss Miriam Collins had the leading feminine role.\*

John Drew appeared at the Criterion Theatre October 26 in 'Major Fendennis.' a dramatization by Langdon Mitchell of Thackeray's novel 'Pendennis.' As impersonated the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control

nandied their parts of the production with ability and smoothness, (42 times.)

Ruth Chatterton opened at the Cohan Theatre October 21 in "Come Ont of the Kitchen," a comedy built on Alice Duer Miller's novel of the same title. Miss Chatterton has the role of a Southern girl whose family has been impoverished by the war and is forced to rent the home to a rich Northerner. The newcomer stipulates that a corps of white servants shall be furnished and out of this arrangement a love story develops. With Miss Chatterton were Bruce MeRae, Marguerite St. John, Alice Lindahl, Mrs, Charles G. Craig, Barbara Milton, Francis Goodrich, William Boyd, Charles Trowbridge, William W. Sams, Walter Comolly and Robert Ames, "George Bernard Shaw's "Getting Married" and the leading role. The with William Farsham in the leading role. The with William Farsham in the leading role of the married and the issue of divorce, Supporting Mrs, Exersham are Heurietta Crosman, Charles Cherry, Hidda Spong, Lumsden Hare, John Harwood, Virginia Fox Brooks, Arleen Hackett, Mrs, Edmund Gurney, George Fitzgerald and Hugh Dillman."

"The Yellow Jacket," the Chinese comedy by George Of Hayletor and Harry Royalmy was and the same and the content of the Chinese comedy by George Of Hayletor and Harry Royalmy was and the content of the Chinese comedy by George Of Hayletor and Harry Royalmy was a service of the content of the chinese comedy by George Of Hayletor and Harry Royalmy was a service of the content of the chinese comedy by George Of Hayletor and Harry Royalmy was a service of the chinese comedy by George Of Hayletor and Harry Royalmy was a service of the chinese comedy by George Of Hayletor and Harry Royalmy was a service of the chinese comedy by George Of Hayletor and Harry Royalmy was a service of the chinese comedy by George Of Hayletor and Harry Royalmy was a service of the chinese comedy by George Of Hayletor and Harry Charley and the chinese comed the chinese comed to the chinese comed to the chinese comed to the chinese comed to the chinese

Dilman.\*

"The Yellow Jacket." the Chinese comedy by George C. Hazleton and Harry Benrimo, was revived by Mr. and Mrs. Coburn at the Cort Theatre November 9 for a series of ten matines. The play had a peculiar history in that four years ago it failed to prove profitable when produced at the Fulton Theatre. Since then it has toured the great cities of the world and has everywhere been most enthusiastically received. The ten matinee performances showed that New York had learned to appreciate the odd mixture of Oriental poetry and nonchalant comedy which go to make up the play."

Sam Sothern, a brother of E. H. Sothern, appeared in a comedy named "Such Is Life" at the

Princess Theatre November 25. Harold Owen was the author, and the three acts of the comedy were placed about London. The story tells of an "Intellectual" who thinks he thoroughly understands the respectory of woman. A situation develops which causes him to suspect his wife and his closest friend, a hard-headed, practical engineer, but the proof of her innocency is somewhead to admit he doesn't even enderstand his own wife. Mr. Sothern took the part of the engineer. Ferdinand Gottschalk and Cathleen Nesbitt taking the other two leading parts.

Laurette Taylor made her reappearance in New York after an absence of more than two years when she opened in "The Harn of Life." a comedy by her busband, J. Hartley Manners, at the Globe Theatre. November 27, It was with the announced determination of showing her versatility that Miss Taylor chose a play so different from "Peg o' My Heart," in which she made her greatest success. Her new role is that of a middle aged woman, the mother of a headstrong youth who falls in love with and seeks to marry a notorious woman. The efforts of the mother to prevent the marriage form the development of the play, Others in the company are Gall Kane, Philip Merivale, Frank Kemble Cooner, Lynn Fontanne, Ffoliot Paget and Dion Titheradge."

"Milea-Minute Kendall" is the title of a three-act council to Owe of the play was the see were developed to the own of the play.

"Mile-a-Minute Kendall" is the title of a three-act comedy by Owen Davis which was produced at the Lyccum Theatre November 28. The play deals with the culmination of the career of a reciless young man in an unattractive love affair and his ultimate redemption. In the producing company are Tom Powers, Joseph Kilgour, Adele Blood, Eddth Lyle, William Sampson, Helen Lowell, Burr McIntosh, John Flood and others,"

Kilgour. Adele Blood. Edith Late. William Sampson, Helen Lowell, Burr McIntosh, John Flood and others.\*

There were several successful farces produced. William Collier brought out a new farce called "Vidiam Collier brought out of the piece, which follows traditional lines along the story of a man who wagered with his partners that he could tell the unvarnished truth for twenty-four hours. The stake he nut up was \$10,000 his sweetheart had intrusted to him for investment. She had collected it for charitable purposes. By sticking to the truth for the allotted time the hero almost bankrupted his firm, got every one around him as well as himself in hot water and came close to wreeking his romance. Others in the company were Rauley Holmes, Arnold Latev. Ned A. Sparks, Miss Viviam Wessell and Morgan Coman.\*

"Good Gracious Annabelle," a new play by Clare Knumer. was produced at the Republic Theatre October 31. It tells the adventures of Annabelle looking for her lost bank account and her husband. Lola Fisher, May Vokes, Edwin Nicander, Walter Hampden, Helen Lee, Ruth Harding and others are in the cast,\*

"Our Little Wife," which onened at the Harris Theatre November 19, is a typical Avery Hopwood farce. The author indukes his usual propensity to foliow the school of the French farceurs, and while keeping his dialogue and situations, within bounds, delights to skate on "thin ice" in the matter of the proprieties. The story tells of a feminine Lothario, "Dodo" Warren. With a devoted hotsand, she cannot resist her inclinations to amuse herself with a vonum po

The detective story still holds its thrall for playwright and public and Bayard Veiller's "The 13th Chair," a melodrama of this type, scored a success from its production at the Forty-eighth Street. Theatre November 20. Naturally and unavoidably, the olary turns unon a metacore manager of the committed some few weekers of the committed some few weekers of the detective and the remained of the committed some few weekers of the committed some few weekers of the committed some few weekers of the committed some few weekers of the committed some few weekers of the committed some few weekers of the committed some few weekers of the committed some few weekers of the committed some few weekers and the committed of the committed of the committed some few weekers and the committed of the committed some few weekers and the committed some few weekers and the committed the play bolds its interest keenly throughout. The play is splendidly produced. The commanding figure is Margaret Wycherly as Rosaile La Grange, an old Irish medium. Katherine La Salle as the younger herome. Calvin Thomas, Eve Condon and George Graham among the large cast necessary to the action of the play, earned the favor of the public by the manner in which they handled their roles. (H. B. Harris.)\*

A notable event of the theatrical year was David Warfield's revival of "The Music Master" after nine years rambling in other fields. It was put on at the Knickerbocker Theatre October 10 with every indication that it would get the same unending grip on the emotions it did at the time of its original production.\*

Sarah Bernhardt was able to give New York but three weeks of her American season, opening at the Empire Theatre on the night of December 4. In her repertoire were several plays new to New York and others in which she any peared were, as follows: "Cleopatre," "Le Paix Chez Soi" ("Peace at Homes"), "Dur Theatre au Champ d'Honneur" ("From the Theatre to the Field of donor"). "Genare d'Orion" ("The Harsh and Shvlock in "The Merchant of Venice," at altern

in the Night"). "English as it is Snoken."

"Une d'Erles," "L'Aiglon" and "Adrienne
Lecouvreur."

"The Master." in which Arnold Daly made
his reappearance in New York at the Fulton
Theatre December 5, will appeal with greatest
force to those who prefer that the sex problems
it presents should be demonstrated on their
neighbors rather than upon themselves, This
ironic drama is the work of Hermann Bahr, best
known as the author of "The Concert." When
presented several years ago at the Irving Place
Theatre. "The Master" made no concessions to
what is probably the American point of view, but
has been considerably modified by its adapter.
Benjamin F. Glazer. Most notable in Mr.
Daly's support were Edward Abeles, Edyth
Latimer and Ramsay Thompson.\*

"Margery Daw." produced at the Princess
December 5, with Kathlene MacDonell in the
title role, is a frank and serious consideration
of the marriage question. Margery comes from
a convent to the house of her guardian, who,
ilted by her mother, becomes a recluse. He
falls in love with her, but she discovers facts
about her mother's searly Infin. including the
complete of the play works out to a happy ending. Frederick
Perry, Forrest Robinson, Lonise Michtosh Sarah
McVicker, George Probert, Maude Eburne and
Lacques Martin shared in the tritumph of the
star. The play was written by George D. Parker,
"Treasure Island" reflected great credit on
Charles Hopkina, who chose it again for his
season's offering at the Punch and Judy Theatre,
Jules Eckert Goodman made the thrilling story
mosphere of adventure and courage,\*
Charles Dillingham's second season at the
Hippodrome is marked by as brilliant a succession
of incidents and pictures as his first. The ice
ballet of last year is retained and there are

elephants that play ball, Pavlowa to dance, stirring army and navy pictures, flying pianos, a dancing skeleton, an immense minstrel show and a great deal of new music, to say nothing of the Six Musical Browns, with their saxcphones,\*

#### MUSICAL PIECES.

a great deal of new music, to say nothing of the Six Musical Browns, with their saxchones.\*

MUSICAL PIECES.

In musical comedy the season was an average one, There was much that was sprightly and amusing and much music that was pleasing, and catchy, but the average was not high. "The Bine Paradise" held the stage at the Casino through the season. "The Princess Pat." score by Victor Herhert and book by Henry Blossom, found popularity. Rudolph, Frim!'s enticing score brought prosperity to "Katinka."

Among the most successful works given during the present season was "Miss Springtime." a pretty Hungarian operetta, by Emmerich Kalman, adapted by Guy Bolton, It had its American premiere at the New Amsterdam Theatre September 25 and introduced to New York as new actress and singer in Miss Sari Petrass, who has a high place on the stage of Budapest, The piece scored a success, Its pretty lyrics, supplied by P. G. Wodehouse and Herbert Reynolds, fitted the Kalman score smoothly and fluently. Miss Petrass had not been long upon the stage before her audience understood why she had gained such favor at home. She is graceful and displayed undoubted artistic quality, sings with a voice very pure as to tone and fluently adaptable. George MacEralane Offin E. Hazzard and the protection of the general cross of the worduction." Link Abarbanell received 2 joyful welcome when she returned to Broadway with a new operette of composite origin called "Flora Bella," which opened at the Casino Sentember 12. Felix Doerman wrote the book. Cosmo Hamilton adapted it and Dorothy Donnelly helped him, The music is by Charles Cuvilier and Milton Schwarzwald, The result combines the charm of "The Merry Widow," with the spirit of a cabaret show. The leading role was sung in delightful fashion by Miss Abarbanell, Lawrence Grossmith was always amusing and Charles Purcell and Adolph Link did their albotted portions in a most satisfactory manner. "Broadway and Buttermilk." a comedy with many song numbers, was chosen by Frances Ring for a long time,

large chorns.

large chorus.

Another operetta built on a Viennese base was "Her Soldier Boy," which opened at the Astor Theatre December 6. Victor Leon, librettist of "The Merry Widow," was the author of the original book, which was made over by Rida Johnson Young, The score is by Emmerich Kalman, who had already achieved fame here with "Sari" and "Miss Springtime." Clifton Crawford was at the head of the cast, Among the other principals were John Charles Thomas, Adele Rowland, Beth Lydy, Louise Gallowas, Mildred Richardson, Cyril Chadwick, Harold Vizard and George Schiller, An adventure Sung American caught in the toils of the European war, a winsome Belgian maid and as gallant French officer furnish most of the action of the piece. (Shubert.)\*

Dillingham and Ziegfeld opened the Century Theatre November 6 with a big show called "The Century Girl," which was a hodge-podge of musical comedy, farce dancing and waudeville, Among the notables who helped to make the

show were Elsie Janis, Hazel Dawn, Sam Bernard Leon Errol, Frank Tinney, Maurice and Walton, Doyle and Dixon, Harry Kelly and Van and Schenck,\*

A RECORD OF DRAMATIC EVENTS NO
Dec. 21, 1915—Empire: A revival of "Peter Pan."
with Mande Adams, 23 times,
Dec. 23—44th Street: "Katinka," a three-act
musical play by Rudolf Eriml and Otto
Hauerhach, with Adele Rowland (Arthur
Hammerstein), 177 times; moved to Lyric,
Dec. 24—Fulton: "Ruggles of Red Gap," a
dramatization by Harrison Rhodes of Harry
Leon Wilson's story, with Ralph Herz (Shubert), 36 times,
Dec. 24—Princess: "Very Good Eddie," a musical play founded on Philip Bartholomae's
fare "Over Night:" music by Jerome Kern,
dyrics by Schuyler Green, libretto by Guy
Bolton, 201 times.
Dec. 25—Globe: Galby Deslys in "Stop! Look!
Listen!" music and lyrics by Irving Berlin,
book by Harry B, Smith (Chas, Dillingham),
105 times.

Jan. 3. 1916—Theatre Francais: "Georgette

Jook by Harry B. Smith (Ones, Dillingham).

Jan. 3, 1916—Theatre Francais: "Georgette Lemeunier," by Maurice Donnay, S times,

Jan. 4—Hudson: "Bunny," a comedy in three acts, by Austin Strong, with Hilda Spong and Lewis S, Stone, 15 times,

Jan. 10—Francais: "La Gamine," S times,

Jan. 10—Bandbox: "The Roadhouse in Arden,"
"The Clod." The Tenor," "The Red Cloak." 70 times,

Jan. 10—Liberty: "Sybil," a musical drama, libretto by Max Brody and Frank Martes, adapted by Harry Graham and Harry B. Smith, music by Victor Jacobi, with Julia Sanderson, Joseph Cawchorn and Donald Brian, 168 times,

Jan. 11—Empire: A revival of "The Libtle Minister," with Mande Adams, 71 times,

Jan. 11—Maxine Elliott's: "The Pride of Race," a melodrama by Michael L. Landman, 79 times.

Jan. 14—Hudson: "The Cinderelle Man.".

Jan. 14—Hudson: "The Cinderelle Man.".

. 14—Hudson: "The Cinderella Man." a comedy by Edward Childs Carpenter, 186

Jan. 14—Hudson: "The Cinderella Man," a comedy by Edward Childs Carpenter, 188 Jan. 17—48th Street: "Just a Woman," a melodrama by Dugene Walter. 136 times.

Jan. 18—Gaiety: "Erstwhile Susan," a comedy by Marian De Forest, made from Helen R. Martin's novel "Barnabetta, 167 times.

Jan. 26—Booth: "The Fear Market," a drama by Amelie Rives. 117 times.

Jan. 31—New Amsterdam: "Margaret Schiller," a drama by Hall Caine, with Elsie Ferguson, 71 times.

Feb. 1—Francais: "La Marche Nuptiale," a play in four acts by Henri Bataille, with Andree Mery. S times.

Feb. 2—Irving Place: "Lea Lyon," a drama in three acts by Alexander Brody. S times, Feb. 7—Criterion: A revival of "Macbeth," by James K, Hackett and Viola Allen, 30 times.

Feb. 9—Astor: "The Cohan Revue 1916," a musical play by George M, Cohan, with Valli Valli, Elizabeth Murray, Lila Rhodes, Richard Carle, Charles Winninger, Harry Feb. 14—Cort: "Any House," a drama in vowen Davis and Robert H, Davis, with Edwan Arden, Frank Gillmore, Milton Sills, Katherine Emmet, Louise Galloway, Annie Buckley, 20 drame in four acts by James Bernard Fagan, with Grace George, Charlotte Cranville, Louis Chees, 20 times, The Earth," a drama in four acts by James Bernard Fagan, with Grace George, Charlotte Cranville, Louis Chees, 20 times, The Earth, a drama in four acts by James Bernard Fagan, with Grace George, Charlotte Cranville, Louis Chees, 20 times, The Earth, a drama in four acts by James Bernard Fagan, with Grace George, Charlotte Cranville, Louis Chees, 20 times, The Earth, a drama in four acts by James Bernard Fagan, with Grace George, Charlotte Cranville, Louis Chees, 20 times, The Earth, a drama in four acts by James Bernard Fagan, with Grace George, Charlotte Cranville, Louis Chees, 20 times, The Earth, a drama in four acts by James Bernard Fagan, with Grace George, Charlotte Cranville, Louis Chees, 20 times, The Earth, a drama in four acts by James Bernard Fagan, with Grace George, Charlotte Cranville, Louis Chees, 20 times, The Earth, a drama in the condition of th

A RECORD OF DRAMATIC EVENTS NOT INCLUDED IN PRECEDING REVIEW.

P. INCLUDED IN PRECEDING REVIEW,
Feb. 17.—Wither Garden: "Robinson Crusoo Jr.,"
with Al Joison, 148 times,
Feb. 26.—Cort: "Pay Day," a drama in three
aots and six scenes by Oliver D. Bailey and
Lottie M. Maney, with Irene Fenwick and
Vincent Serrano, 49 times,
Feb. 28.—Booth: "The Greatest Nation," a symbolic play by Marian Creighton and William
Elliott, with Olive Wyndham, Mme, Yorska,
(William Elliott). 16 times,
Feb. 28.—Cohan: Mizzi Hajos in "Pom Pom," a
comic opera, book and lyrics by Anne Caldwell,
score by Hugo Felix, with Tom McNaughbon
as the chief comedian (Henry W. Savage), 122
times. times.

stie chief comedian (rienry W. Savage), 122 times.
Feb. 29—Lyceum: "The Heart of Wetona," an American play by George Scarborough, with John Miltern, William Courtleigh, Lowell Sherman, Edward L. Snader, Leonone Ulrich, Ethel Benton and others (Chas, Frohman-David Belasco), 75 times,
Mar. 1—Park: "Tho Road to Mandalay," a comic opera in two acts, book by W. H. Post, lyrics by William McKenna, music by Oreste Vessella, 21 times,
Mar. 13—Cort: "The Blue Envelope," a farce by Frank Hatch and Robert E. Homans, with Oarrie Reynolds, 48 times.
Mar., 14—New Amsterdam: Sir Herbert Tree in "King Henry VIII!" 63 times.
Mar., 14—New Amsterdam: Sir Herbert Tree in "The King of Nowhere," a romantic, comedy by J. and L. Du Rocher MacPherson (Garrick Mar., 20—Criterion: James K. Hackett and Viola Allen in "The Merry Wives of Windson," 24 Mar., 28 Randbox. Washington Square Players

Mar. 20—Criterion: James K. Hackett and Viola Allen in "The Merry Wives of Windsor." 24

Mar. 20—Bandbox: Washington Square Players in "Children," a melodrama by Guy Bolton and S. Carlton: "The Age of Reason," by Gecil Dorian; "The Magical City," a melodrama by Zoe Akins; 63 times. "Pierre Patelin," a farce translated from the French by Maurice Relonde, 87 times,
Mar. 22—Shubert: "The Great Pursuit," a new version of "The Idder," by C. Haddon Chambers, 29 times.
Mar. 28—Metropolitan Opera House: "Julius Caesar," by the German Stock Company from the Irving Place Theatre, "See America First," a new comic opera by T. Lawrason and Cole and the Company from the Irving Place Theatre, "See America First," a new comic opera by T. Lawrason and Cole Shaw, 37 times, "Mar. 29—Playhouse: Miss Grace George in "Captain Engasbound's Conversion," by Bernard Shaw, 37 times, "April 4—Empire: "Rio Grande," a melodrama in four acts by Augustus Thomas, 55 times, April 4—Empire: "Rio Grande," a melodrama in four acts by Augustus Thomas, 55 times, April 4—Boothe, Irene Fenwick in "The Corsonodent," a newspaner comedy by Alico Leal Pollock and Rita Weiman, 48 times, May 15—Maxine Elliott's: Marie Tempest in "A Lady's Name," a comedy by Cyril Harcourt, 57 times, May 21—Cort: "Molly O" an opgretta in two

Lidd's Name." a comedy by Cyril Harcourt.

Lidd's Name." a comedy by Cyril Harcourt.

May 27 times.

May 28 book and lyrics by Harry B. and Robert

Benith, music by Carl Woess.

May 29—Stadium of the College of the City of

New York: "Caliban by the Yellow Sanda." a

Shaksoearian masque by Percy Mackaye.

May 22—Bandbox: The Washington Square Play
ers in "The Sea Gull." a drama in four acts

by Anton Tchekhov translated from the Rus
sian by Marian Fell, 16 times.

May 29—Shubert: "Step This Way," a modern

version of "The Girl Behind the Counter,"

brought up to date by Edgar Smith, E. Ray

Goetz and Bert Grant, SS times.

June 5—Bandbox: "Das Konzert," a comedy in

three acts by Herman Bahr, presented in

June 22—Winter Garden: "The Passing Show of

1916," a musical revue in a prologue and

#### THE DRAMA-Continued.

17 scenes, book and lyrics by Harold Atteridge; music by Sigmund Romberg and Otto Motzan (Shalhert). 154 times.
July 31—Cort: "Coat Tales," a farce in three acts, by Edward Clark, with Tom Wise, Louise Dresser (Arthur Hammerstein). 43 times, Aug. 9—Eltinge: "Cheating Cheaters," a play in four acts, by Max Marcin, with Marjone Rambeau, Anne Sutherland, Robert McWade (A. H. Woods).

Aug. 10—Longacre: "The Silent Witness," a play in a prologue and three acts, by Otto Houerbach, with Aonald Gallaber and University (A. H. Woods).

14—Lorenta, "Please the Demily," a comedy in three acts by H. M. Harwood, with Ann Murdock, Chas, Cherry, Ferdinand Gottschalk (Froman), 41 times.

Aug. 15—Maxine Elliott: Blanche Ring in three acts by Willard Mack, with incidental songs, 23 times,

Aug. 16—Republic: The Dolly Sisters in "His Bridal Night," a farce in three acts by Lawrence Rising, revised and elaborated by Margaret Mayo, with John Westley, Lucile Watson, Pedro De Cordoba and Jessie Ralph in the cast (A. H. Woods).

Aug. 18—Astor: "The Guilty Man," by Ruth Helen Davis and Charles Klein, adanted from a story by Francois Coppee, with Irene Fennick (A. H. Woods).

Aug. 21—Shubert: The Happy Ending," by the Macphersons (Arthur Hopkins).

Aug. 21—Shubert: "The Happy Ending," by the Macphersons (Arthur Hopkins).

Aug. 21—Shubert: "The Happy Ending," by the Macphersons (Arthur Hopkins).

Aug. 27—Thirty-ninth St.: "Somebody's Lug-race," a farce adapted by Mark Swan from the novel by J. F. Randall. 33 times.

Aug. 29—Longacre: "A Pair of Queens," a farce in three acts, by Otto Hauerbach, A. A. Seymour Brown and Harry Lewis (H. H. Fraze), 16 times.

Aug. 30—Forty-fourth St.: "The Girl from Errown and Harry Lewis (H. H. Fraze), 16 times.

Aug. 30.—Forty-fourth St.: "The Girl from Brazil." a musical comedy in three acts, by Edgar Smith, from the original German of Julius Brammer and Alfred Grunwald, music "The

by Robert Winterberg and Sigmund Romberg.

Irrics by Matthew Woodward (Shubert).

Sept. 1—Globe: "Fast and Grow Fat: a farce.

by George Broadhurst, with Frank McIntyre.

Sept. 5—Shubert: "Mr. Lazarus." a comedy in

four acts. by Harrey O'Higgins and Harriet
Ford, with Henry E. Dixey. Tom Powers,

Eva Le Gallienne, Florine Arnold and William

T. Clarke. 40 times,

Sept., 26—Cohan and Harris: Cyril Harcourt in

"The Intruder." a drama in three acts. by

Cyril Harcourt.

Sept. 28—Bandbox: "The Example." a comedy in

three acts. by Ludwig, Fulda (Adolf Philip).

Oct. 2—Thirty-ninth St.: "Backfire." a melodrama

in four acts. by Stuart Fox. with Mary Boland
and Frederick Truesdale. 33 times.

Oct. 3—Globe: "Betty." a musical comedy in

three acts. book by Frederick Lonsdale and

Gladys Unger. Ivrics by Adrian Ross and

Paul A. Reubens,

with Raymond Hitchcock, Joseph Santley and

Ivy Sawyer (Chas. Dillincham). 65 times,

Oct. 3—Harris: "Under Sentence." a play in

three acts and seven scenes, by Roi Cooper

Megrue and Irvin S. Cobb. with Janet

Oct. 5—Forty-fourth St.: "Rich Mau. Poor Man."

a four-act play by George Broadhurst and

Oct. 9—Garrick: "Le Poile." a French operetta

in two acts, by Pierre Veber and Maurice

Hennendun, music by H. Maurice Jacouet.

Oct. 23—Colan. "Come Out of the Kitchen." a

24 times.
23—Cohan, "Come Out of the Kitchen," a comedy in three acts by A. E. Thomas, founded on the novel of the same title, by Alice Duer Miller, with Ruth Chatterton and Bruce McRae.
23—Shubert: "So Long Letty," a musical farce, by Oliver Morosco, Emmer Harris and Earl Carroll (Oliver Morosco).
25—Cohan and Harris: "Obect: Matrimony," a comedy in three acts, by Montague Glass and Jules Eckert Goodman, with Mathilda Cottrelly, Marjorie Wood and Jess Dandy, 24 times. 23—Col

\*Still running when ALMANAC went to press.

### MOTION PICTURES IN 1916.

The close of the year 1916 finds the motion picture an accepted factor in educational work and an entertainment that no longer makes its appeal only to certain classes. The premier performance of an important motion picture is now ranked with the 'first night' of a drama on the stage. Likewise in its appeal to the more popular taste the motion picture has reached far beyond the dreams of even a few years ago.

The vear of a Presidential election has seen the motion picture called upon for new uses. "President Wilson and His Gabinet," a three-reel production, was one of the most popular subjects used by the Democrats in the furtherance of their campaign, while the Republicans found one of their most useful means of reaching the electorate in "A Re-United Party, a two-reel production Motion pictures were called into play in State and local campaigns also, notably in New York, whitman had earned the favor of the bioture interests by vetoing a bill providing State censor-ship.

Most important among the screen productions of the year was "Intolerance," by D. W. Grinith, whose "Birth of a Nation" had earned premier honors in 1915. "Intolerance" is an innovation in that it departs from all past dramatic methods and carries four distinct stories along simultaneously. The theme indicated by the title is driven home by means of stories laid in the Byzantine era, the time of Christ, France in the days of the Huguenots and the present in the United States. In elaborateness and effectiveness of massive spectacle and in expenditures "Intolerance" set new marks of achievement.

"Civilization," inspired by the war in Europe and aiming to drive home the horrors of strife, stated the year with "The Social Plutes," a two-

was another of the big spectacles of the year, being produced by Thomas H. Ince, Picture manufacturers also made their contribution to the Shakespeare centennial. Sir Herbert Tree's appearance in "Macbeth" for Triangle being one of the evidences of the heights of prestige reached by the screen. E. H. Sothern is another star of the first rank to make his screen debut in 1916. "The Chattel" being his initial subject for Vitagraph in a series of three to mark his permanent retirement to private life. Nazimova, and Rose Melville, the famous "Sis Hopkins," are among the other recruits from the galaxy of stage stars, the latter coming from her retirement to appear in a special series of comedies for the Kalem Company. Geraldine Farrar devoted practically all of a spectacular production of "Joan Cof Arc of be shown early in 1917. In the Chosing months of the year Mary Garden and George M. Cohan announced that they would soon appear on the screen.

nounced that they would soon appear on the screen.

But the development of the year that has been considered most important by picture men was the steadily increasing desire among a lerge class of patrons for a return to the varied programme of short subjects. The swing in sentiment, which will work in the cases of both long and short pictures toward a survival of the fittest in the matter of quality, has been given impetus by the fact that many of the short pictures now meet the long pictures on their own ground, i. e., in prominence of star, author and costliness of production,

reel series by George Bronson Howard. This was followed by 'The Girl From Frisco' and "Grant, Police Reporter," two series of short pictures by Robert Welles Ritchie. Then, for the closing event of 1916, the company induced E. W. Hornung, author of "Raffles," to write a series of stories specially for the screen by bringing to life once more his famous character "Stingaree" in a series of two-reel adventures. This company has produced series of stories by prominent authors carrying a central character through different adventures, each picture being a complete story. The formation of the National Association of the Motion Picture Industry, representing manufacturers, distributers and exhibitors, has been another important step of the year 1916, It has found its most important field thus far in educational work, making clear the evils of official censorship.

tional work, making clear the evals of official censorship.

The most significant event of the year from the standpoint of the motion picture exhibitor was the opening of the Rialto the stated the state of the most opening of the Rialto the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of th

is also used in conjunction with the music, color harmonies being created for their psychological relation to the harmonies of the orchestra.

From the time it was opened on April 21, 1916, until the latter part of the year, the Rialto used the Triangle programme of releases, with the exception of one week, when Sir Herbert Beerbohm Tree was presented in "Macbeth." During the week of Nov. 26 E. H. Sothern was shown in "An Enemy to the King," a Vitagraph feature, Donald C. Thomson's seenes on European battle fields and the British Government's pictures of Admiral Sir John Jellicoe's fleet proved excellent drawing cards when introduced as added features. For the rest of the year such favorites as Douglas Fairbanks, William Sessie Hallstone, Warner, Portan Palmadge, Bester Att. H. S. Warner, Norma Palmadge, Bester Att. H. Warner, Norma Palmadge, Bester Att. H. Warner, C. Dight standard of excellence, "The "serial picture" idea received a strong indorsement when the Kleine-Edison-Selig-Essanay combination was effected, Billie Burke was featured in a forty-reel picture under the title of "Gloria's Romance." The picture was five months in the making, during which period Miss Burke was under contract at a salary of \$4.000 a week, It cost, it is estimated, altogether \$500.000 and was made under the personal supervision of Mr. Kleine, who had previously achieved fame by his production of "Quo Vadis". It was released two reels a week. Other noted actors and actresses under contract to the new combination are Henry Walthall, Max Linder, Mary Charlson, Sydney Ainsworth, Mabelle Trunnelle, Fritz Brunette and Vivian Reed.

The moving pictures have been used in a rew way as a result of the European war, in the production of actual fighting scenes. While they are not half so thrilling and specture, First. Brunette and Vivian Reed.

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MOTION PICTURES IN OTHER LANDS,

MOTION PICTURES IN OTHER LANDS.

Motion picture theatres are well patronized throughout Greece and Italy. In Athens there are four modern establishments, more than half a dozen others charging popular prices and fould and the process of the stablishments and the process of the stablishments and the process of the stablishments and the process of the stablishments of the country is estimated and twenty-five cinemas, most of them poorly housed. The total business of the country is estimated at about \$29,200 feet of films per month. Those most in vogue are from Italian, Prench, Danish, American, German and occasionally English companies. Because of the war there has been, in general, a decline in the quality of the pictures sent to Greece. Striking exceptions to this, however, have been the various historical works sent out by Italian companies. On the other hard, the war pictures have been of absorbing interest to the public and attract large crowds. Up to the present the American films shown in Greece have not been successful. Many of them were so tinged with local color as to be unintelligible to a Greek audience. The making of motion pictures in Greece is as yet in its infancy; an Athens attempt gave poor results owing to lack of capital and experience.

The Italians are great supporters of motion picture shows and the business is developing rapidly in all parts of the kingdom. This is remarkable because of the high prices which prevail tickets ranging from 10 cents for third class to 18 cents for first class, with extra prices for expensive films. Since the war hegan some managers show the daily positions of the various armies by the aid of a map and tiny flags. To this is added a short bulletin of the important events of the day. These pictures attract many people to the motion picture houses, Great attention is paid to the orchestra. In some of the better houses it is the practice to employ twenty musicians, and the music furnished is one of the flowing with the content of the prench of the order as an acco

popular pictures are comic, tragic, war and chases with amusing falls. The motion picture business in China is practically confined to the treaty ports and the large commercial centres, it has developed almost exclusively in the higher priced theatres ranging from 50 to 75 cents a seat. In Shanghai there are six such houses, while Tientsin and Pelting have smaller numbers.

The Kobe district in Japan has about sixty motion picture theatres. There are no low price, continuous houses. Ordinarily only one performance of six or eight reals lasting about three hours, is given each day. The price of admission varies from 5 to 30 cents. Some of the theatres show a complete programme of Japanese films and others foreign films, but the great majority of houses combine the two classes in about equal proportion. Most of the foreign plays there are French, Italian or English dramas or American comedies. A tendency to exhibit the serial method of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the

### MOTION PICTURES IN 1916-Continued.

In Costa Rica French and Italian films are used almost exclusively in Port Limon and district, though the people seem to prefer the American piotures when, on rare occasions, they are shown. As a result of this disregard of the public wrises the business is falling off.

In Honduras where is but one pioture house in the Tegucialpa consular district, which is open three or four nights weekly. Old films are shown for admission prices of from 10 to 30 cents; new films of the ordinary run command a fifty cents admission fee, and for hig films, like "Les Miserables," the prices are drebled, No attempt has been made to tuy the continuous show idea. Among the most monular of the American pictures are the Wild West series.

In Leeds it is reported that American films are more popular there than ever. Leeds has more picture houses in propolition to population

then any other city in England, the investment amounting to nearly \$1.250.000.

Bolivia is the first country to use the film to advertise its resources in the United States, Four such reels have been prepared and shown before many clubs and business men's associations in this country.

Karachi, India, has two modern picture theatres which do a good business with two shows nightly.

tres which do a good observes who was mightly.

In Honolula the business is so prosperous that the Liberty Theadre has installed a \$10,000 pine organ. The city has several first class houses the largest scating 1,800. The great tourist tradice helps to make a demand for pictures of the most artistic sort. Negotiatious are under way for the foundation of a moving picture colony in Hawaii to take advantage of the wonderful climate and scenery for picture settings.

#### THE CIRLS NATIONAL HONOR CUARD.

Founded and organized by Miss Theodora Booth, for the purpose of creating a spirit of patriotism and duty mong the girls of America.

The duties of "The Girls National Honor Guard" shall be to incuteate the spirit of unity and learning to do one thing well, which shall prove of helpfulness and value both in duration of peace as well as times of war. Hence it shall be the duty of each garl of the Honor Guard to maintain the honor of the country the principles of the Government of the United States and the respect and honor of its flag.

Any girl while having full freedom to express her views respecting any policy, action or conduct on the part of those holding executive office in the United States, shall yet respect the position of the same and accord that position the sustained respect and deference due it.

Any young woman between the ages of fourteen Edward I.

Any young woman between the ages of fourteen and thirty years with a knowledge of the working of her Government and a recognition of the needs of her country and an appreciation of the sacredness of her obligations, is eligible for ad-

mission.
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The third division—First aid in general utility, comprising riding, swimming, telegraphy, stenography, agriculture, etc.

The third division—First aid in general utility, comprising riding, swimming, telegraphy, stenography, agriculture, etc.

The Honor Guard' are: President, Miss Agmes Smith; ity, comprising riding, swimming, telegraphy, stenography, agriculture, etc.

New York National Guard officers of The Girls National Guard' The North Miss Agmes Smith; Treasurer, Miss Agmes Smith; Stenography, agriculture, etc.

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NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC LEAGUE OF CLUBS.

PRESIDENT, Frank S. Clark, Indianapolis, Ind.; Secretary, William C. Liller, Indianapolis, Ind.; Treasurer, C. Arthur Haulenbeck, Jr., Portland, Ore.

The National Democratic League of Clubs is engaging actively in the work of adding to the Democratic tote in the nation. Its labors are purely a party work, alming simply at the increase of Democratic strength. The league exists as a vote-getting auxiliary of the regular Democratic organizations, and its success depends upon the hearty co-operation of Democratic hroughout the country. It is the aim and endeavor of the National Democratic League of Clubs to aid in work of organization and to help the regular organizations to achieve greater success.

The league is a union or federation of Democratic clubs and associations, in all parts of the country. It is now in its seventh year. At the bi-annual meeting held in Washington, D. C., December 3-4, 1912, thirty-three States of the Union were represented. Its management is intrusted to a board of directors composed of some of the foremost men in the party, who take an active interest in its success.

The National Democratic League of Clubs is not organized for the purpose of either advocating or opposing any Democrate before he shall have teen chosen by the constituted bodies or of furthering the interests of any man or set of men, before being indorsed by the party, but for the attainment and preservation of unity, the upbuilding of the party, and the promotion of its principles and welfare. Nor is it intended that any club or the League of Clubs shall usurp the functions of the several State, county or district committees, but rather work in harmony and in co-operation with them.

The National Democratic League of Clubs alms:

To make loyal Democrates of young men who are about to cast their first votes.

To explain clearly to the foreign-born voters the practical helpfulness and patriotic purposes of the Democratic party, and to enlist the new-made citizen in its ranks, thus m

orable means.

orable means.
State Leagues or Federations of Democratic clubs, co-operating with the National League, have been organized in forty of the States and have a membership in excess of 875,000. Affiliated clubs have been organized in every State.
The league has headquarters in Indianapolis, Ind., and at Washington, D. C.

### THE STACE.

# BIRTHPLACES AND BIRTH YEARS OF LIVING DRAMATIC AND MUSICAL PEOPLE.

NAME.	Birthplace.	Born.	NAME.	Birthplace.	Born.
Abarbanell, Llna	Berlin. St. Louis England. Riverdale, N. Y Salt Lake City, Utah Cambridge, Mass. Kentland, Ind Chambly, Canada Norw Zealand Reading, England Alabama. North Easton, Mass. Sacramento, Cal. Ottawa, Canada. San Antonio, Tex. St. Louis London. Hamilton, Ontario. Fall River, Mass. England Loudon. England. Loudon. Fangland. London. Portsmouth, N. H. Kirriemuir, Scotland. Philadelphia Baltimore. Portland, Ore.	1880	Coghlan, Gertrude E	England	1876
Abeles, Edward S	St. Louis	1869	Coghlan, Rose Cohan, George M Colller, Constance Colller, William.	England Providence, R. I Windsor, England	1853
Ablngdon, W. L	England	1859	Cohan, George M	Providence, R. I	1 1878
Abott, Bessle	Riverdale, N. Y	1885	Collier, Constance	Windsor, England	1882 1868
Adams, Maude	Cambridge Mass	1872	Conquest Ide	New York	1876
Ade George	Kentland, Ind	1866	Conquest, Ida. Courtenay, William L Courtleigh, William L	New York	1876 1875
Albani, Emma	Chambly, Canada	1852	Courtleigh, William L	Guelph, Ontario	1869
Alda, Frances	New Zealand	1882	Courtleigh, William L. Cowl, Jane. Coyl, Jane. Coyne, Joseph. Crane, William H. Crosman, Henrietta Dalmorés, Charles Daly, Arnold. Damrosch, Walter J. Daniels, Frank Davis, Fray Dawn, Hazel Deal, Julia Destin, Emmy De Angelis, Jefferson. D'Arville, Camille. De Belleville, Frederic. De Haven, Carter. De Koven, H. L. R. De Merode, Cleo. D'Orsay, Lawrance. De Reszke, Edonard.	400000000000000000000000000000000000000	10000
Alexander, Sir George.	Reading, England	1858	Coyne, Joseph	New York	1870 1845
Ames Winthron	North Facton Mass	1871	Crosman Henrietta	Wheeling W. Va	1865
Anderson Mary	Sacramento, Cal	1859	Dalmorés, Charles	France	
Anglin, Margaret	Ottawa, Canada	1876	Daly, Arnold	Brooklyn	1875
Arbuckle, Maclyn	San Antonio, Tex	1866	Damrosch, Walter J	Breslau	1862
Arden, Edwin H. P	St. Louis	1864	Daniels, Frank	Boston	1860 1872
Arthur Inlia	Homilton Ontario	1869	Davis, Fay	Ogden. Utah	1891
Ashley Minnie	Fall River, Mass	1875	Dazle, Mlle	St. Louis	1884
Ashwell, Lena	England	1872	Dean, Julia	St. Paul	1881
Balrd, Dorothea	England	1875	Destinn, Emmy	Prague	1878 1859
Bancroft, Sir Squire B.	London	1841	D'Arville Camille	Holland	1863
Bange John Kendrick	Vonkers N Y	1862	De Belleville, Frederic	Belgium	1857
Barker, H. Granville	London	1877	De Haven, Carter	Chlcago	1886
Barnabee, Herry Clay.	Portsmouth, N. H	1833	De Koven, H. L. R	Middletown, Ct	1859
Barrie, Sir James M	Kirriemuir, Scotland	1860	De Merode, Cleo	Paris. North'ptons're, Eng	1874
Barrymore, Etnel	Philadelphia	1889	De Reszke Edouard	Warsaw Poland	1855
Barrymore, John Bateman, Kate	Baltimore	1843	De Reszke, Jean	Warsaw, Poland Warsaw, Poland	1850
Bates, Blanche	Portland, Ore	1873	De Silva, N		1868
Bauer, Harold	New Malden, Eng	1873	D'Orsay, Lawrance.  De Reszke, Edouard.  De Reszke, Jean  De Silva, N  De Wolfe, Elsie.	New York. Hartford, Ct. Temesbar, Hungary Boston. London New York. Duncannon, Pa	1865
Beban, George	San Francisco	1873	Dillingham, Charles Ditrichstein, Leo	Tomosbar Hungary	1868
Rell Digby Velentine	Milwankee	1849	Dixey, Henry E Dodson, John E Donnelly, Dorothy A.	Boston	1859
Bennett, Enoch Arnold	England	1867	Dodson, John E	London	1857
Bennett, Richard	Indiana	1872	Donnelly, Dorothy A	New York	1880
Benson, Sir F. R	England	1859	Doro, Marie	Duncannon, Pa	1882
Bentley, Irene	Baltimore	1863	Dovle Sir Arthur Conan	Edinburgh	1859
Bernhardt Sarah	Parls	1845	Dresser, Louise	Columbus, Ohio	1882
Blugham, Amelia	Hicksville, Ohlo	1869	Dressler, Marie	Cobourg, Canada	1869
Bispham, David	Philadelphia  Baltimore Portland, Ore. New Malden, Eng. San Francisco. San Francisco. Milwanikee England Indiana. England England Baltimore. Blrmingham, England. Parls. Hicksville, Ohio Philadelphia New York John Francisco Vicana, Austria. Cesena, Italy. Berkshire, England. San Francisco Brooklyn St. John's, New'd'd. England Cinctinnati.	1857	Donnelly, Dorothy A. Doro, Marie. Dorr, Dorothy Doyle, Sir Arthur Conan Dresser, Louise Dressler, Marie. Drew, John Duse, Eleonora	Philadelphia	1853
Blass, Robert	New York	1867	Duse, Eleonora. Eames, Emma Hayden Earle, Virginia. Eddy, Clarence, Eddeson, Robert. Ediss, Connie. Elliott, Gertrude. Elliott, Maxine. Ellsler, Mrs. Effie Ellsler, Miss Effie Ellsler, Mischa	Italy. Shanghai. Cincinnati. Greenfield, Mass. New Orleans. Brighton, England.	1859
Blan Hollycok	San Francisco	1872	Earle, Virginia	Cincinnati	1875
Bodansky, Arthur	Vienna, Austria	1877	Eddy, Clarence	Greenfield, Mass	1851
Bonci, Alessandro	Cesena, Italy	1870	Edeson, Robert	New Orleans	1868
Bourchier, Arthur	Berkshire, England	1863	Ediss, Connie	Brighton, England	1875
Brady, William A	Brooklyn	1871	Elliott, Gertrude	Rockland, Me Rockland, Me	1871
Brian Donald	St. John's, Newf'dl'd.	1880	Ellsler, Mrs. Effic		1823
Broadhurst, George H.	England Cincinnati Washington, D. C. Manchester, England San Francisco	1866	Ellsler, Miss Effie	Philadelphia. Stalnoje, Russia. Boston. Manchester, England. St. Louis	1858
Buchanan, Virginia	Cincinnati	1846	Elman, Mischa	Stalnoje, Russia	1891
Burke, Billie	Washington, D. C	1886 1849	Eltinge, Julian. Emery, Winifred. Evesson, Isabel.	Manchester England	1883 1862
Burroughs Marie	Son Francisco	1866	Evesson, Isabel	St. Louis	1870
Burt. Laura	Isle of Man	1875	Fairbanks, Douglas	Denver	1883
Busley, Jessie	Albany, N. Y	1869	Farnum, Dustin	Hampton Beach, N. H.	1876
Butt, ClaraW	Southwick, England	1873	Farnum, William	Melrose Mass	1882
Byron, Arthur W	Baltimore	1847	Faversham, William	Loudon	1868
Cahill. Marie	Brooklyn		Evesson, Isabel, Fairbanks, Douglas, Farnum, Dustin, Farnum, William, Farrar, Geraldine, Faversham, William, Fealy, Maude, Ferguson, Elsle L. Fernandez, Bijou, Fields, Lew, Filke, Harrison Grey, Fiske, Harrison Grey, Fiske, Gobertson, B. Forbes-Robertson, Bir J. Forbes-Robertson, Sir J.	Memphls	1883
Caine, Hall	Isle of Man	1853	Ferguson, Elsle L	New York	1883
Calvé, Emma	Aveyron, France	1866	Feruandez, Bijou	New York	1867
Cameron, Beatrice	Frederic	1862	Ellring Grace	Philadelphia	1001
Campbell, Mrs. Patrick	London	1865	Flscher, Alice	Indiana	1875
Carasa, Frederico	San Sebastlan, Spain	1887	Fiske, Harrison Grey	Harrison, N. Y	1861
Carew, James	Goshen, Ind	1879	Fiske, Minnie Maddern	New Orleans	1865
Carle, Richard	Somerville, Mass	1871	Forbes-Robertson, B	Fondon	1853
Carr, Alexander	Lavington Ky	1862	Fornia Rita	San Francisco	1876
Carus, Emma	Berlin	1879	Foy, Eddie	London San Francisco New York Paris Boston	1854
Caruso, Enrico	Naples	1873	France, Anatole	Paris	1844
Cavalleri, Lina	Rome	1884	Forbes-Robertson, B. Forbes-Robertson, Sir J. Forbes, Robertson, Sir J. Forbes, R. R. Lande, From R. R. R. R. R. R. R. R. R. R. R. R. R.	Boston, Boston, Cheinnatl Sandusky, Ohio. Anklam, Prussla. New York	1884
Chalman Thomas H	New York	1884	Friganza Trivie	Cincinnati	1870
Chambers, C. Haddon.	Sydney, N. S. W	1860	Frohman, Danlel	Sandusky, Ohio	1853
Chase, Pauline	Washington, D. C	1885	Gadski, Johanna	Anklam, Prussla	1872
Cherry, Charles	Kent, England	1872	Galland, Bertha	Frederic	1877
Chevalier, Albert	Washington D. C.	1801	Galsworthy, John Garden, Mary	Scotland	1877
Clark Marguerite	Manchester, England San Francisco Isle of Man Albany, N. Y. Southwick, England Brooklyn Baltimore Erooklyn Isle of Man Aveyron, France Troy, N. Y. England London San Sebastian, Spain Goshen, Ind Somerville, Mass Fumni, Russla. Lexington, Ky Berlin. Noples Rome. New York Synney, N. S. W. Washington, D. C. Kent, England London Washington, D. C. Cinelnnati New York	1887	Gay, Marla	England. Scotland. Spaln.	
Claxton, Kate	New York	1850	Gay, Marla Genée, Adeline	Jutland, Denmark	11882

# BIRTHPLACES AND BIRTH YEARS OF LIVING DRAMATIC AND MUSICAL PEOPLE—Cont.

BIRTHI DACES MAD	Direction of				00.20.
NAME.  George, Grace Gillette, William Gilman, Mabelle Glaser, Lulu Glaser, Lulu Glück, Alma Goodrich, Edna Goodwin, Nat C Gordon, Kitty Granville, Lillian Grippon, Eva Guulbert, Yvette Hackett, James K Hading, Jane Hanles, Robert T Hadi, Pauline Hammerstein, Oscar Hadi, Pauline Hammerstein, Oscar Hare, Sir John Harned, Virginia Harris, Sam H Hauptmann, Gerhard Hawtrey, Charles Hedman, Martha Hed, Anna Hempel, Frieda Herbert, Victor Herne, Chrystal Heron, Bijou Hilliard, Robert C Hitchcock, Raymond Hodge, William T Hofmann, Josef, J Holman, Josef, J Holmer, Loulse D Hopper, Edna Wallace	Birthplace.	Born.	NAME.	Birthplace.	Born.
Change Change	Now York	1880	Mayo Margaret	Illinols	1889
George, Grace	Hartford Ct	1855	McCormack, John	Athlone, Ireland	1885
Gilman, Mabelle	New York	1880	McDonald, Christle	Picton, N. S	1875
Glaser, Lulu	Allegheny Clty, Pa	1876	McIntyre, Frank	Ann Arbor, Mich	1879
Glück, Alma	Roumania	1886	McLean, R. D	New Orleans	1859
Goodrich, Edna	Logansport, Ind	1857	Melha Nellie	Melhourne	1866
Goodwin, Nat C	England	1878	Millard Evelyn	England	1873
Granville Lillian	Canada	1887	Miller, Henry	London	1860
Grippon, Eva	Paris	1884	Millward, Jessie	England	1861
Guilbert, Yvette	Paris	1868	Mitchell, Maggie	New York	1832
Hackett, James K	Wolfe Island, Ont	1869	Montgomery, David C.	St. Joseph, Mo	1870
Hading, Jane	Marsellies	1870	Moore, Eva	Hammonton N I	1870
Haines, Robert I	Clacinasti	1860	Morena Berta	Munich	1876
Hammerstein Oscar.	Berlin	1847	Morris, Clara	Toronto	1849
Hare, Sir John	London	1844	Murray, Alma	London	1855
Harned, Virginia	Boston	1868	Nazimova	Yalta, Crimea, Russia.	1879
Harris, Sam H	New York	1872	Neilson, Julia	London	1:000
Hauptmann, Gerhard	Salzbrunn, Austria	1802	Neilson-Terry, Phyllis.	London	1892
Hawtrey, Charles	Ostersund Sweden	1888	Nevada Emma	Austin Nev	1010
Held Anna	Paris	1873	Nielson, Alice:	Nashville	1876
Hemnel, Frieda	Leipzig	1885	Nllsson, Christine	Wederslof, Sweden	1843
Herbert, Victor	Dublin	1859	Noria, Jane	St. Louis	1885
Herne, Chrystal	Boston	1883	Norworth, Jack	Philadelphia	1879
Heron, Bijou	New York	1863	O'cott, Chauncey	Providence, R. I	1860
Hillard, Robert C	New York	1870	O'Neill Names	Oakland Cal	1875
Hitchcock, Raymond	Albion N V	1874	O'Nelli R (Bobby)	Brooklyn	1890
Holge, William I	Casimir Cracow	1877	Opp. Julie.	New York	1871
Holland Joseph J	New York	1860	Osoorn-Hannah, Jane.,	Cincinnati	1879
Homer, Louise D. B	Pittsburgh		Otto, Wilhelm	Leipzig	1875
Hillard, Robert C.  Hitchcoek, Raymond.  Hodge, William T.  Hofmann, Josef.  Holland, Joseph J.  Homer, Louise D. B.  Hopper, De Wolf.  Hopper, Edna Wallace.	New YorkSan Francisco	1858	Padcrewski, Ignace J	Poland	1860
Hopper, De Woll.  Hopper, Edna Wallace. Houdini, Harry.  Hughes, Rupert.  Humperdinck, E.  Illington, Margaret	San Francisco. Appleton, Wis. Lancaster, Mo. Siegburg, Germany Bloomington, Ill. England London Bridgenort, Ct.	1874 1873	Palmer, Minnie	Philadelphia	1860
Houdini, Harry	Appleton, Wis	1873	Patti, Adema	Madrid	1843
Hughes, Rupert	Lancaster, Mo	1954	Philling Front	Duggio	1000
Humperdinck, E	Bloomington Ill	1881	Pinero Sir Arthur W	London	1855
Trich Appie	England	1862	Polaire, Mile.	Alglers	1879
Irving H B	London	1870	Pollock, Channing	Washington, D. C	1880
Irving, Isabel	Bridgeport, Ct	1871	Post, Guy Bates	Seattle	1875
Irwin, May	Whitby, Ont., Can	1862	Potter, Cora Urquhart.	New Orleans	1 ::::
illington, Margaret. Irish, Annie. Irish, Annie. Irving, H. B. Irving, Isabel. Irwin, May. Jacchia, Agide. Janis, Elsie. Jeffreys, Elils. Jerome, Jerome K. Jones, Henry Arthur Jordon, Mary. Jorn, Carl. Kalich, Bertha. Keane, Doris. Kelecy, Herbert. Kellermann, Annetve.	Lugo, Italy	1875	Potter, Paul M	Brighton, England	1853
Janis, Elsie	Delaware, O	1889	Powell, Maud	Lendon	1868
Jenreys, Ellis	Wolcoll England	1859	Powers Jomes T	New York	1862
Jerome, Jerome IX	Grandhorough, Eng.	1851	Prince, Adelaide	London	1866
Iordon Mary	Scranton		Quinlan, Gertrude	Boston	1875
Jorn. Carl	Riga, Russla	1873	Rankin, Phyllis	<u> </u>	. 1874
Kallch, Bertha	Lemberg, Gallcia	1874	Rasch, Albertlna	Vienna	1894
Keane, Doris	Michigan	1885	Ravelle, Hamilton	Madrid	1869
Kelcey, Herbert	London, England	1990	Reiger Wm H	New York	1862
Kenermann, Annette.	London	1843	Rejane Gabrielle	Paris	1857
Kendal Mrs W. H.	Lincolnshire, Eng	1849	Renaud, Maurice	Bordeaux	1862
Kidder, Kathryn	Newark	1868	Richman, Charles	Chicago	. 1870
Knelsel, Franz	Bucharest	1865	Ring, Blanche	Boston	. 11876
Kolker, Henry	Berlin	1874	Ritchie, Adele	Philadelphia	1874
Kreisler, Fritz	Vienna	1000	Deborts Theodore	Son Francisco	1861
Kupelik, Jan	Italy	11883	Robson, May	Australia	.11868
Lackave Wilton	Loudoun County, Va.	1862	Rockwell, Florence	St. Louis	. 1883
Langtry, Lilv	St. Saviour's, Eng	1852	Rorke, Kate	London	. 1866
Lauder, Harry	Portobello, Scotland.	1870	NAME.  Mayo, Margaret. McCormack, John. McDonaid, Christie. McIntyre, Frank. McLean, R. D. McRae, Bruce. McIntyre, Frank. McLean, R. D. McRae, Bruce. Millard, Evelyn. Millard, Evelyn. Millard, Evelyn. Millard, Evelyn. Millard, Evelyn. Millard, Evelyn. Millard, Henry. Moore, Clara. Millard, Masgie. Moore, Clara. Moore, Victor F. Morena, Berta. Moore, Clara. Murray, Alma. Noore, Clara. Murray, Alma. Nazlmova. Neilson, Julia. Nazlmova. Neilson, Julia. Neilson, Julia. Neilson, Julia. Neilson, Alice. Nilson, Christine. Noria, Jane. Norworth, Jack. Olcott, Chauncey. O'Neill, James. O'Neill, James. O'Neill, Mance. O'Neill, Nance. O'Neill, R. (Bobby) Opp, Julie. Osoorn-Hannah, Jane. Otto, Wilhelm Padorewski, Ignace J. Palmer, Minnie. Pattl, Adelna. Pavlowa, Anna. Pavlo	London	1858
Levey, Ethel	San Francisco	1881	Rosenteld, Sydney	Margailles	1855
Lipman, Clara	Cnicago	1872	Russell Appie	Liverpool	1864
Lloyd, Alice	London	1870	Russell, Lillian	Cunton, towa,	1861
Loftus Cissie	Glasgow	1876	Sanderson, Julia	Springfield, Mass	. 1887
Lohr. Marie	Sydney	. 1890	Scheff, Fritzi	Vienna	. 1880
Long, John Luther	Philadelphia	. 1861	Schumann-Heink, E	Lieben, Austria	1861
Lotta (Crabtree)	New York	1847	Scott, Cyril	Contogrillo Po	1866
Lou-Tellegen, M	Amsterdam	1885	Scotti Antonio	Naples	1866
Mack, Andrew	Belgium	1869	Selwyn Edgar	Cincinnati	1875
Mann Louis	New York	1865	Selwyn, Edgar Sembrich, Marcella Shannon, Effie Shattuck, Truly	Lemberg, Austria	. 1858
Mannering, Mary.	London	. 1876	Shannon, Effie	Cambridge, Mass	. 1867
Mantell, Robert B	Ayrshire, Scotland	. 1854	Shattuck, Truly	Lemberg, Austria Cambridge, Mass San Miguel, Cal	. 1876
Marlowe, Julla	Caldbeck, England	. 1870	Shaw, George Bernard	Dublin	1856
Marshall, Tully	Nevada City, Cal	1854	Shaw, Mary	Surgouse	1800
Martin, Riccardo	Vonkars N	1861	Skinner Otic	Cambridge Mass	1858
Martinot, Same	Orange N. J.	1857	Slezak, Leo	Schonberg, Austria.	. 1876
Matthews, Brander	New Orleans	1852	Smith, Mrs. Sol		. 1830
Matthlson, Edith W.	. England	. 1875	Sothern, Edward H.	New Orleans	. 1859
Maude, Cyril	. London	. 1862	Sousa, John Philip	Washington, D. C	. 1854
Kalich, Bertha. Keane, Doris. Kelecy, Herbert. Kelermann, Annette. Kellermann, Annette. Kendal, William H. Kendal, William H. Kendal, Mrs. W. H. Kidder, Kathryn. Knelsel, Franz. Kolker, Henry Kreister, Fritz. Kubelik, Jan. Labla, Maria. Lackaye, Wilton. Labla, Maria. Lackaye, Wilton. Langtry, Lily. Lauder, Harry Levey, Ethel. Lipman, Liese, Lily. Lauder, Harry Levey, Ethel. Lipman, Liese, Lionan, Marie. Lionan, Marie. Lotta, Cissie. Long, John Luther Lotta, Cirabtreel Lour-Tellegen, M. Macke, Andrew, Maeterlinck, Maurice. Manneling, Mary. Mantell, Robert B. Marlowe, Julla Marshall, Tully Martin, Riceardo. Martin, Riceardo. Martin, Riceardo. Matthison, Edith W. Maude, Cyril. May, Edna.	.ISyracuse	.118/5	Shattuck, Truly. Shaw, George Bernard Shaw, Mary. Shubert, Lee. Skinner, Otis. Slezak, Leo. Smith, Mrs. Sol Sothern, Edward H. Sousa, John Phillp. Spong, Hilda.	.IAustralia	. 1875

### BIRTHPLACES AND BIRTH YEARS OF LIVING DRAMATIC AND MUSICAL PEOPLE—Cont.

NAME.	Birthplace,	Born.	NAME.	Birthplace.	Born.
Stahl, Rose	Montreal	1875	Vanbrugh, Vlolet	Exeter, England	1867
Stanhope, Adelalde		1858	Victoria, Vesta	Leeds, England	
Starr, Frances		1886	Wainwright, Marie		1853
Stevenson, Charles A		1850		New York	
Stone, Fred Andrew		1873		Galveston	1878
Summerville, Amelia				St. Louis	1875
Swinnburne, Ann		1890	Ward, Genevieve		
	Hungary	1884	Warde, Frederick		
Tallaferro, Edith	Boston	1892		San Francisco	1877
	New York	1887	Warfield, David		1866
Tanguay, Eva	Marbleton, Canada	1878	Waring, Herbert		
Taylor, Laurette	New York	1887	Warner, Henry Byron.		1876
Tempest, Marie	London	1866	Weber, Joseph		
Templeton, Fay	Little Rock, Ark	1865	Wheatley, Walter		1885
Terriss, Ellaline	Falkland Islands	1872	Wild, Harrison Major		1861
Terry, Ellen (Allce)	Coventry, England	1848	Williams, Fritz	Boston	1865
Tetrazzini, Luisa	Florence	1874		Murton, England	
Teyte, Maggie	Wolverhampton, Eng.,	1891	Wilson, Francis		
	St. Louis	1859	Winter, William	Gloucester, Mass	1836
Thursby, Emma	Brooklyn	1857	Wise, Thomas A	Faversham, England	1865
Tilley, Vesta	Worcester, England	1864	Wright, Huntley		
Titheradge, Madge	Australia	1887	Wyndham, Sir Charles	England	1841
	London	1853	Yohé, May	Pennsylvania	1869
	England	1879	Ysaye, Eugene	Liege, Belgium	1858
Truax, Sarah		1877	Zangwili, Israel	London	1864
	Savannah	1869	Zarska, Erma	Olmutz, Austria	1891
Tynan, Brandon		1879	Zerola, Nicola	Naples	1876
Vanbrugh, Irene		1872	Ziegfeld, Florenz, Jr	Chicago	1867
vanbragh, Hene	, Dagitald	1 2012	Tarograndi z Toronat utili	,	, , , , , ,

# PROFESSIONAL AND NON-PROFESSIONAL NAMES OF SOME ACTORS AND DRAMATISTS OF THE DAY AND OF EARLIER TIMES.

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PROFESSIONAL NAME.	REAL NAME.
Abingdon, Wm. L	Pilgrim, Wm. Lepper.
Anott. Bessie	Story, Mrs. 1. W.
Adams, Maude	. Kiskadden. Maude. 🔠 🖠
Adams, Suzanne	Stern, Mrs. Leo.
Albani, Mme	Gye, Mrs. Ernest.
Alda, Frances	Gatti-Casazza, Mrs. G.
Allen, Viola	Durves Mrs Peter
Anderson, Mary	Navarro Mrs A F de
Anglin, Margaret	Hull, Mrs. Howard.
Aulies Cooper	Arlies Andrews (Jeorge )
Arthur, Julia	Cheney, Mrs. Benj. P. Chanler, Mrs. Wm. A. Simson, Mrs. Henry J. F. Irving, Mrs. Henry B.
Ashley, Minnie	Chanler, Mrs. Wm. A.
Ashwell, Lena	Simson, Mrs. Henry J. F.
Baird, Dorothea	Colt Mrs. Henry B.
Barrymore, Ethel	Plytho John
Barrymore, John Bateman, Kate	Crowe Mrs George
Bates Blanche	Creel, Mrs. George.
Bentley, Irene	Smith, Mrs. Harry B.
Bates, Blanche Bentley, Irene Bernard, Sam	Barnett, Sam.
Bernhardt, Sarah	. Damaia, Mme.
Bingham, Amelia	Bingham, Mrs. Lloyd.
Blair, Eugenie	Downing, Mrs. Eugenia.
Blauvelt, Lillian Evans Booth, Rachel	Powers Mrs Iss T
Buffelo Bill	Cody William F
Buffalo Bill. Burke, Billie	Ziegfeld, Mrs. Florenz.
Burnett, Frances E	, I OW IISCHU, MITS. D.
Burroughs, Marie	Livingston, Mrs. Fr'cis M.
Burt, Laura	. Staniord, Mrs. Hy. B.
Busley, Jessie	Joy, Mrs. E. C. Rumford, Mrs. Kennerley.
Cahill, Marie	Arthur Mrs Daniel V
Colvé Emma	Gaspari, Mme. Alpor.
Cameron, Beatrice	Gaspari, Mme. Alnor. Mansfield, Mrs. Richard.
Campbell, Mrs. Patrick	.West, Mrs. George Corn-
	wallis.
Carle, Richard	. Carleton, Chas. N.
Carter, Mrs. Leslie	Everell Mrs. Will. L.
Carus, Emma	Rivibe Vernon Castle
Cavalieri, Lina	Muratore, Mrs. L.
Chase, Pauline	Drummond, Mrs. Alex.
Claire, Ing.	Fagan, Miss.
Claxton, Kate	.Stevenson, Mrs. Chas. A.
Coghlan, Gertrude	.Pitou, Mrs. A., Jr.
Coghlan, Rose	Bortoll Mrs. Blooms
Conquest, Ida	Flaherty Corline K
Corinne	Klauber, Mrs. Adolph.
Crosman, Henrietta	. Campbell, Mrs. Maurice.
Dale, Alan	. Cohen, Alfred J.

OF EARLIER TIMES.	,
PROFESSIONAL NAME.	REAL NAME.
D'Arville, Camille	Crellin, Mrs. E. W.
Davis, Fay	Lawrence, Mrs. Gerald. Tout, Hazel. Fellowes, Mrs. Cornelius.
Dawn, Hazel	Tout, Hazel.
Dazie, Mlle	. Fellowes, Mrs. Cornelius.
De Silva, N	riarvey, wirs, martin,
Destinn, Emmy	. Kittel. Emille.
Dockstader, Lew Doro, Marie	. Clapp, Geo. Alfred.
Doro, Marie	. Dexter, Mrs. Elliott.
D'Orsay, Lawrance	.Dorset, Wm. Lawrance.
Dorr, Dorothy	.Dam, Mrs. Hy. J. W.
Dressler, Marte	. Dalton, Mrs. Jas. H.
Duse, Eleanora	. Cecci, Signora. . Gogorza, Mme. Emillo de.
Eames, Emma	Eorbon Dobortson, Ladre
Elliot, Gertrude	Westen Mrs Frank
Elisier, Elile	Dolton William
Empey Winifred	Manda Mrs Curil
Former Coroldine	Forbes-Robertson, Lady. Weston, Mrs. Frank. Dalton, William. Maude, Mrs. Cyrll. Lou-Tellegen, Mrs.
Fools Manda	Durkin Mrs Ismes
Ferguson Elsie	Durkin, Mrs. James. Clarke, Mrs. Thomas B.
Fernandez, Bijou	Ahingdon, Mrs. W. L.
Filking Grace	Marix, Mrs. Adolph.
Fischer, Alice	. Harcourt, Mrs. Wm.
Fiske, Minnie Maddern,	. Harcourt, Mrs. Wm. . Fiske, Mrs. Harrison Grey.
Forbes-Robertson, Beatric	ceHale, Mrs. Swinburne.
Fornia Rita	Labov, Mrs. James P.
Gadski, Johanna Gay, Maria.	.Tauscher, Mme. H.
Gay, Maria	.Zentello, Mrs. G.
George, Grace	. Brady, Mrs. W. A.
Gilman, Mabelle	Brady, Mrs. W. A. Corey, Mrs. W. E. Richards, Mrs. Thos. D. Zimbalist, Mrs. Efram, Roseyford, Mrs. Horry
Glaser, Lulu	. Richards, Mrs. Thos. D.
Glück, Alma	. Zimbalist, Mrs. Elram.
Guilbert, Yvette	Eging Sin John
Hare, Sir John	Courtency Mrs Wm
Harned, Virginia Haswell, Percy	Fawcett Mrs Geo
Horno Tomos A	Ahern James
Herne, James A. Heron, Bljou. Holland, Mildred. Hopper, Edna Wallace.	Miller Mrs Henry
Holland Mildred	White, Mrs. Edw. C.
Hopper Edna Wallace.	Brown, Mrs. A. O.
Illington Margaret	Bowes, Mrs. Edward J. Thompson, Mrs. W. H. Eisfeldt, Mrs. Kurt. Bierbower, Elsie Janis. Skelton, Mrs. H. Sleath
Irving Isabel	Thompson, Mrs. W. H.
Irwin May	Eisfeldt, Mrs. Kurt,
Janis, Elsie	, Bierbower, Elsle Janis.
Kalich, Bertha. Karl, Tom.	Spachner, Mrs.
Karl, Tom	. Carroll, Thomas.
Keliermann, Annette	Sumvan, Mrs. Jas. R.

# PROFESSIONAL AND NON-PROFESSIONAL NAMES-Continued.

PROFESSIONAL AND NON-PROFESSIONAL NAMES COMMING.				
PROFESSIONAL NAME.	REAL NAME.	PROFESSIONAL NAME.	REAL NAME.	
Kendal, William H	.Grimston, W. H.	Prince, Adelaide	. Clarke, Mrs. Creston.	
Kendal, Mrs. W. H	Grimston, Mrs. W. H.	Rankin, Phyllis	. Davenport, Mrs. Henry L.	
Kidder Kathryn	Anspacher, Mrs. L. K.	Reeve. Ada	. Cotton, Mrs. Wilfred.	
Langtry Mrs	.De Bathe, Lady Hngo G.	Rice, Fannie	Ryder, Mrs. Paul W.	
Lewis, Ada	Paar, Mrs. John.	Ring, Blanche	. Winninger, Mrs. Chas.	
Linman, Clara	. Mann. Mrs. Louis.	Ritchie, Adele	. Post, Mrs. Guy Bates.	
Loftus, Cissie	. Waterman, Mrs. A. H.	Robson, Eleanor	Belmont, Mrs. August.	
Lohr, Marie	Prinsep, Mrs. A. L. V.	Robson, May	Brown, Mrs. Augustus H.	
Lotta	. Crabtree. Charlotte.	Rorke, Kate	. Cree, Mrs. Douglas.	
Llovd. Alice	. MacNaughton, Mrs. Tom.	Rorke, Mary	.St. Aubyn, Mrs. F. W.	
Llovd. Marle	.Dillon, Mrs. B.	Ross, Chas. J	. Kelly, Chas. J.	
Macdonald, Christie	. Gillespie, Mrs. Henry L.	Russell, Annie	. Yorke, Mrs. Oswald.	
Mack Andrew	. McAloon, William A.	Russell, Mme, Ella	. Rhigini, Mme.	
Mannering, Mary	. Wadsworth, Mrs. Fred E. 1	Russell, Lillian	. Moore, Mrs.	
Marlowe, Julia	Sothern, Mrs. E. H.	Sanderson, Julia	. Barnette, Mrs. B.	
Marr. Pauline	. Collier. Mrs. Wm.	Sembrich, Marcella	.Stengel, Mme. Guillaume.	
Marshall, Tully	. Phillips. Tully Marshall.	Shannon, Effie	. Lamb, Mrs. Herbert.	
Martinot, Sadie	. Nethersole, Mrs. Louis.	Simone, Mme	. Perier, Mme. Casimir.	
Matthison, Edlth Wynne	Kennedy, Mrs. C. R.	Stalil, Rose	. Bonelli, Mrs. Wm.	
Matzenauer, Margarethe.	Fontana-Ferrari, Mrs.	Stanhope, Adeline	. Wheateroft, Mrs. N.	
May, Edna	. Lewisohn, Mrs. O.	Stirling, Mme, A	. Mackinlay, Mrs. J.	
Mayhew, Stella	. Taylor, Mrs. Billie.	Stuart, Cosmo	. Gordon-Lennox, Cosmo.	
Mayo, Margaret	Selwyn, Mrs. Edgar.	Summerville, Amelia	. Stepan, Mrs. Max E.	
McCarthy, Lillah	.Barker, Mrs. H. Granville.	Taliaferro, Mabel	. Corrigan, Mrs. Thos. J.	
McLean, R. D	. Shepherd, R. D.	Tanguay, Eva	. Ford, Mrs. John W.	
Melba, Mme	. Armstrong, Mrs. N.	Taylor, Laurette	. Manners, Mrs. J. H.	
Millard, Evelyn	. Coulter, Mrs. Robt. P.	Tempest, Marie	. Gordon-Lennox, Mrs. Cos-	
Millward, Jessie	. Glendinning, Mrs. J.	Warman later Park	mo. Patterson, Mrs. William.	
Mitchell, Maggie	. Abbott, Mrs. Chas.	Terriss, Ellaline	Higher Man Commons	
Moore, Mary	Amery, Mrs. James.	Terry, Ellen	Corow Mrs. Jorges	
Moore, Eva	Lemiett Mrs. E. C.	Tetrazzini, Luisa	Rozelli Siro	
Morris, Clara Murray, Alma	Former Mrs. F. C.	Tilley, Vesta	Do Eroce Mrs W	
Nazimova, Alla	Brunt Mrs Chas E	Titheradge Madge	.Quartermaine, Mrs. Chas.	
Neilson, Julia	Torry Mrs Frederick	Tree, Sir Herbert Bee	r-	
Neilson-Terry, Phyllis	King Mrs Cecil	bohm	.Birnbaum, Henry.	
Nevada, Emma:	Palmer Mrs Raymond	Trevelyan, Hilda	Blow, Mrs. Sydney.	
Nielsen, Alice	Nentwig Mrs Beni.	Truax, Sarah	Albert, Mrs. Chas. S.	
Nilsson, Christine	Miranda, Comtesse de.	Tyler, Odette	Shepherd, Mrs. R. D.	
Noria Jane	Centanini, Mrs. G. P.	Valda, Mme, Giulia	Cameron, Mrs. Julia.	
Olcott Chauncey	Oleott, Chancellor J.	Vanbrugh, Violet	. Bourchier, Mrs. Arthur.	
Opp. Julie	. Faversham, Mrs. W. F.	Victoria, Vesta	. Terry, Mrs. Herbert.	
O'Neill Anne	Thomas, Mrs. A. M.	i Vincent, Ruth	. Fraser, Mrs. John.	
O'Neill, Nance	Hickman, Mrs. Alfred.	Wainwright, Marie	. Roberts, Mrs. Franklyn.	
Palmer Minnie	Rogers, Mrs. John R.	Walker, Charlotte	. Walter, Mrs. Eugene.	
Parker Flora	De Haven, Mrs. Carter.	Ward, Fannie	. Dean, Mrs. Jack.	
Patti, Adelina	. Cederstrom, Baroness.	Ward, Genevieve	. de Guerbel, Countess.	
Phillips Frank	. Fein. Philip.	Ware, Helen	. Remer, IVISS Helen.	
Pickford Mary	. Moore, Mrs. Owen.	Waring, Herbert	. Kiltiy, Herbert W.	
Polalre, Mile	. Zouze, Emilie.	Zeppilli, Alice	. Albegiini, Mrs. G.	
Powell, Mand	. Turner, Mrs. H. Godfrey.			

# MOVING PICTURE ACTORS AND ACTRESSES.

(See also page entitled "The Stage.")					
NAME.	Birthplace.	Born.	NAME.	Birthplace.	Born.
Ahern, George	Newark, Cal		Cranston, Mary	Chicago, Ill	1893
	Georgia		Crnze, James	Ogden, Utah	1884
	Tokio, Japan		Cunard, Grace	Paris, France	1894
	Brooklyn, N. Y		Dana, Viola	Brooklyn, N. Y	1901
	St. Lonis, Mo		Daniels, Bebe	Dallas, Tex	1896
	Chicago, Ill	1887	Darling, Grace	New York City	1901
	Victoria, B. C	1877	Daw, Marjorie	Colorado Springs, Col.	1894
	Sahara, Africa		Dearholt, Ashton	Milwaukee, Wis Cleveland, Ohio	1877
	New York City	1891	Dill, Max M	Chicago, Ill	1886
	Minneapolis, Minn	1893	Drew, Lillian Drew, Sidney		1864
Beaumont, Harry	Abilene, Kan		Drew, Mrs. Sidney	Sodalio Mo	1890
Blackwell, Carlyle	Syracuse, N. Y		Dunaew, Nicholas	Moscow, Russia	1884
Blair, Ruth	Williamsport, Pa	1885	Eagels, Jeanne	Kansas City, Mo	1894
Boardman, True	Oakland, Cal		Edmondson, Harry B.		1873
Borzage, Frank	Salt Lake City, Utah		Finch, Flora	England	1877
Brady, Alice	New York City			Portland, Me	1883
	Sunbury, Pa	1893	Ford, Francis Forman, Tom		1893
	St. Louis, Mo	1886	Fox, Harry		1886
"Bnd" (A. E. Duncan)	Brooklyn, N. Y			Washington, D. C	1893
Bushman, Francis X	Norfolk, Va	1885	Fuller, Mary	Springfield, Mo	1887
Carroll, William Arthur	New York City	1877	Garwood, William Gebhart, George	Basle, Switzerland	1879
Castle, Mrs. Vernon	New Rochelle, N. Y		Gibson, Helen	Cleveland, Ohio	1894
Chaplin, Charlie	London, England	1881	Gish, Lillian	Springfield, Mo	1896
Chatterton, Thomas	Geneva, N. Y	1001	Gough, John	Roston Mass	
Childers, Naomi		1000	Gray, Robert	Maine	1888
Clark, Harvey	Boston, Mass		Green, Dorothy	Moscow, Russia	
Clayton, Marguerite	Salt Lake City, Utah			Amsterdam, Holland	
Cloy, May	Minneapolls, Minn		Hahn, Phillp "Ham" (Loyd V. Ham-		1
Cornett, James J	San Francisco	1877		Oakland, Cal	1891
Costello, Maurice	Pittsburgh, Pa		ilton) Hatton, Raymond		1887
Courtot, Margaret	Summit, N. J	1 1091	HILLEGOOD, ILAYINDHU	170	

#### MOVING PICTURE ACTORS AND ACTRESSES-Continued.

NAME.	Birthplace.	Born.	NAME.	Birthplace,	Born.
Hayakawa. Sessue	Tokio, Japan	1889	Petrova Olga	Warsaw, Poland	1885
Henley, Hobart	Louisville Ky	1886	Phillips. Dorothy	Baltimore, Md	1892
Hollis, Hylda	Philadelphia. Pa	1880	Pickford, Mary	Toronto, Canada	1893
Hulette, Gladys	Arcade N Y	1899	Pretty Arline	Washington, D. C	1893
Johnson, Arthur	Cincinnati Ohio	1876	Rale W. W	Russla	1868
Joy. Ernest	Minneapolis, Minn	1891	Rawlinson, Herbert	Brighton, England	
Jovee, Alice	Kansas City, Mo	1889	Reichenbach, Harry	Cumberland, Md	1883
Joyner, Francis	New Orleans, La	1887	Reid Wallace	St. Louis, Mo	1892
Kane, Gail	Philadelphia, Pa	1887	Ridgely, Cleo	New York City	1893
Kellard, Ralph	New York City	1887	Ritchie, Bille	Glasgow, Scotland	1877
Kennedy, Mary	Florida	1897	Robbins, Edwina	Hoboken, N. J	1886
Kenyon, Doris	Bridgeport, Ct	1897	Rossou, Helene	Newport, R. I	1898
Kerrigan, J. Warren	Louisville, Ky	1890	Russell Wm F	New York City	1886
King, Anita	Chicago, Ill	1892	Sals, Martin	California	1893
Kirkby, Ollie	Philadelphia, Pa	1896	Sears, Laura	Staten Island, N. Y	1893
Kolb, C. William	Cleveland, Ohio	1875	Shafer, Mollie	Woodland, Cal	1874
La Badie, Florence	Montreal, Canada	1894	Shelby, Margaret	San Antonio, Tex	1900
Larkin, George	New York City	1892	Sherrill, Jack	New York City	1897
Lloyd, Harold	Burchard, Neb	1893	Sbotwell. Marie	New York City	1886
Lockwood, Harold	Brooklyn, N. Y	1888	Snow Marguerite	Savannah, Ga	1892
MacDermott, Marc	London, England	1381	Spingler Harry	Buffalo, N. Y	1889
Madison, Cleo	Armington, Ill	1	Stewart, Anita	Brooklyn, N. Y	1895
Marshall, Betty	Brooklyn, N. Y	1890	Stewart, Lucille Lee	Brooklyn, N. Y	
Martin, Vivian	Sparta, Mich	1898	Storey Edith	New York City	1892
McCabe, Harry	Chicago, Ill	1879	Stowell, Wm. H	Boston, Mass	1883
McRae, Duncan	London, England	1881	Sweet, Blanche	Chicago, Ill	1899
Meighan, Thomas	Pittsburgh, Pa	1884	Talmadge Constance	Brooklyn, N. Y	
Mersereau, Violet	New York City	1896	Tedmarsh. W J	London, England	1876
Millarde, Harry	Cincinnati, Ohio	1889	Thomas, Lizette	Birmingham, England.	1889
Minter, Mary Miles	Shreveport, La	1902	Van Tassell, Marie	Fort Edward, N. Y	1880
Moore, Tom	Ireland	1887	Van, Wally	Hyde Park, N. Y	1 4666
Moreno, Antonio	Madrid, Spain	1888	Vernon, Agnes	Oregon	1896
Morrison, Adrienne	New York City	1887	Walcamp, Marie	Dennison, Ohio	1894
Morrison, Chick	Mt. Morrison, Col	1878	Walker, Lillian	Brooklyn, N. Y	1888
Murnane, Allan	Philadelphia, Pa	1882	Warwick, Robert	New York City	1882
Neilson, Anna	Stockholm, Sweden	1890	Washburn, Bryant	Chicago, Ill	1889
Newton, Charles	Rochester, N. Y	1874	Wells, Kittie	Shreveport, La	1894
Ogle, Charles	Zanesville, Ohio	1865	Wharton, Bessie E	Rochester, Ind	1889
Oland, Warner	Sweden	1880	White, Pearl	Missourl	1009
Ostriche, Muriel	New York City	1898	Waitney, Claire	New York City	1880
Overton, Evart	Osborne, Ohio	1889	Williams, Earle	Sacramento, Cal	1883
Pearson, Virginia	Louisville, Ky		Yost, Herbert		1891
Pennington, Ann	Camden, N. J	1873	Young, Clara Kimball.	Benton Harbor, Mich.	1091
Periolat, George E	Chicago, Ill	1 1019			•

#### FOREIGN CONSULS IN NEW YORK CITY.

Argentina-Ernesto C. Perez, C. G., 17 Battery Place. Austria-Hungary — Alexander von Nuber de Pereked, C. G., 24 State St. Belrium — Pierre Mali, C.; J. Van Rickstal, V. C.; F. Jansen, V. C.; 25 Madison Ave Bollvia — Adolfo Ballivián, C. G., 233 Broadway.

Benzil—H. C. de Martins Pinheiro, C. G.; G. W. Chester, V. C. ad interim, 17 State St. Bulgaria—Clayton Rockhill, C. G., 140 Liberty St. Chile—Carlos Castro-Ruiz, C. G., 149 Broadway. China—Yang Yu Ying, C.; Li Kal-Siang, V. C.,

18 Broadway.
Colombia—Aurelio Rueda, C. G., 17 Battery Pl.
Costa Rica—Francisco Montero, C. G.; A. Monestel,

Costa Rica—Francisco Montero, C. G., A. Monestel, V. C., 2 Rector St. Cuba—Leopoido Doiz, C. G.; F. Toboada, Asst. C. G., 44 Whitehall St. Denmark—Georg Bech. C. G., 8 Bridge St. Dominican Republic—M. de J. Camacho, C. G.; Anibal Dulue, Chancelior, 17 Battery Pl. Ecuador—Enrique Gallardo, C. G., 11 Broadway. Egypt—See "Turkey." France—Gaston Liebert, C. G.; Henri Goiran, C.; Stanisias d'Halewyu, V. C., 10 Bridge St. German Empire—Erich Hossenfelder, Acting G.; Freiherr Hans von Ungelter, V. C.; Dr. Erich Kraske, V. C.; Dr. Gustav Heuser, V. C., 11 Broadway.

Broadway. Broadway.

Great Britain—Charles Clive Bayley, C. G.; R. L.

Nosworthy, V. C.; E. H. G. Shepherd, V. C.; C.

K. Ledger, V. C.; G. Harrington, V. C.; M. M.

Richardson, V. C.; H. S. Fitzroy, V. C.; J. Greenop,

Pro-Consul, 44 Whitehall St. J. J. W. Macpherson,

Acting V. C., shipping branch, 25 South St.

Greece—D. N Botassi, C. G., 80 Wall St.

Greece—D. N Botassi, C. G., 80 Wall St.

Greeceman—Dr. Ramon Bengoechea, C. G., 12

Broadway.

Hayti—Charles Moravia, C. G.: Ernest Bastien, V. C., 31-33 Broadway.

Honduray—R. Camilo Diaz, C. G., 31 Broadway.
Hungary—See "Austria-Hungary."
Italy—S. Carrara, C. G.; L. Slillitti, V. C.; F.
Fransoni, V. C.; L. Mariani, V. C., 395 Broadway.
Japan—Chonosuke Yada, C. G.; Yoshiatsu
Murakami, V. C.; Shuw Tomii, V. C., 60 Waii St.
Liberia—Edward G. Merrill, C.; E. B. Merrill, V.
C., 24 Stone St.
Moxico—Juan T. Burns, C., 120 Broadway.
Monaco—Stanislas d'Halewyn, C., 10 Bridge St.
Montenegro—Capt. A. V. Seferovitch, C.; 105 West
40th St.

40th St. Netherlands—H. Spackler, C. G.; D. J. Steyn-Parvé, V. C., 11 Broadway. Nicaragua—E. Solorzano Diaz, C. G., 66 Beaver St. Norway—C. Ravn, C. G., 17 State St. Panama—Dr. Saturnino L. Perigault, C. G., 11

Panama—Dr. [Saturnino L. Perigault, C. G., 11 Broadway, Paragnay—Wm. Wallace White, C. G., Woolworth Building, Park Pl. Persla—H. H. Topakyan, C. G., 546 5th Ave, Peru—Eduardo Higginson, C. G., 25 Broad St. Portugal—Carlos Rangel de Sampalo, C. G.; Carlos Olavo, V. C., 8 Bridge St. Russia—Mikhael M. Oustinoff, C. G.; Peter de Routsky, C.; Dimitri Florinsky, Acting V. C., 22 N. Washington Sq. Salvador—Gregorio Arbizi, C., 42 Broadway. Santo Domingo—See "Dominican Republic." Spain—F. Javier Salas, C. G., 18 Broadway. Sweden—M. Clarholm, C. G.; S. Lagerberg, V. C., 17 State St.

Sweden—M. Clarnolm, C. G.; S. Lagerberg, V. C., 17 State St.
Switzerland—Louis II. Junod, C., 100 Fifth Ave.; Henry Escher, Jr., V. C.,
Turkey—Dielal Munif Sey, C. G.; Aram Mourad Shah-Mir Effend, G. C. G., 59 Pearl St.
Urugusy—Mark, G. II. C. G., 59 Pearl St.
In New Market I Battery Pl., and Acting Consul In New L. I Battery Pl., venezuela—Pedro R., Rincones, C. G.; N. Veloz, V. C., 80 Wall St.

# THE AMERICAN MULTI-MILLIONAIRES.

THE VANDERBILTS.

DESCENDANTS OF COMMODORE CORNELIUS VANDERBILT.

Born on Staten Island, N. Y., 1794; married, 1st, Sophia Johnson, 1813, she d. 1867; 2d, Frances
Crawford, 1869; died 1877.

Crawford, 1869; died 1877.			
CHILDREN.	Grandcbildren.	Great-Grandchildren.	Great-Great-Grandchildren.
<ol> <li>Phebe Jane Vanderbilt, b. 1815; m. James M. Cross, 1841; d. 1853.</li> </ol>	b. 1834; m. Emma Eldert; d. 1902.		
	2. Ethelinda Cross; m. Burrett Wilson Horton.	·	
	3. Normau Cross, b. 1842; d.		
2. Ethelinda Vanderbilt, b. 1818; m. Daniel B. Allen, 1834; 4.	I. William Barton Allen, b. 1835; m. Mary Sutton, 1859;	I. W. S. Vanderbilt Allen, b.	
1889.	d. 1888.	2. Ethelinda V. Allen, b. 1863; m. James H. Ward, 189?.	1 Vanderbilt B. Ward, b.1893. 2. Mildred S. Ward, b. 1896.
	2. Franklin Allen, d. 1909.		
	3. Vanderbilt Allen, b. 1840; m. 1st, Ilelena Mount, 1866; 2d, Edith De Silvier, 1873; 3d,	<ol> <li>Marie Fatimeh Allen, b. 1870;</li> <li>m. John C. Wilmerding, Jr.,</li> <li>1892; div. 1907; he d. 1911.</li> </ol>	
	Edith Mott, 1890; d. 1898.	<ol> <li>Ethel Gladys De Silvier Allen, b. 1875.</li> </ol>	
	4. Harry Allen, m. Annie Odell; div. 1894; he d. 1899.	<ol> <li>Margaret B. Allen; m. Arthur C. Ketcham.</li> </ol>	
		2. Annie May Allen, b. 1873. 3. Edith Bruce Allen.	
	5. D.Dexter Allen,b.1850:d.1881		
	<ol> <li>Annie Allen, b. 1853, m. 1875, John Wallace; d. (killed) 1896.</li> </ol>	1. Allen Wnlince, b. 1879.	
3. William Henry Vanderbilt, b. 1821; m. Maria Louise Kissam, 1840; d. 1885.	m. Alice Gwynne, 1867; d.	1870; d. 1892.	
Kissam, 1890; d. 1885.	1899.	2. Cornelius Vanderbilt, b. 1873; m. Grace Wilson, 1896.	
		<ol> <li>Gertrude Vanderbilt, b. 1875;</li> <li>m. Harry Payue Whitney,</li> <li>1896.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Flora P. V. Whitney, b. 1897.</li> <li>Cornelius V. Whitney, b. 1899.</li> <li>Barbara Whitney, b. 1903.</li> </ol>
		4. Alfred Gwynns Vanderbilt, b. 1877; m. Elsle French, Jan. 14, 1901; dlv. 1908; 2d, Mrs. Margaret Emerson McKim, Dec., 1911; he d. 1915.	1. William Henry Vanderbilt, b. Nov. 24, 1901.
		<ol> <li>Reg'd C. Vanderbilt, b. 1880, m. Cathleen G. Neilson, 1903.</li> </ol>	1. Cathleen, b. 1904.
		<ol> <li>Gladys Moore Vanderbilt, b. 1886; m. Count Laszlo Szech- enyl, Jan. 27, 1908.</li> </ol>	1. Cornelia, b. Oct. 27, 1908. 2. Alica, b. Aug., 1911. 3. Gladys, b. 1913.
	<ol> <li>Margaret Louisa Vanderblit;</li> <li>m. Elliot F. Shepard, 1868.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Maria Louisa Shepard, b. 1870; m. William Jay Schlef- felin, 1891.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Wm.J.Schieffelin,Jr.,b. 1891.</li> <li>Margaret L.,b.1893; m.F.H. Osboru,1914.3,Mary J.,b.1896.</li> <li>John J.,b.1897.</li> <li>5. Louise V.,b. 1901.</li> <li>6. Bayard, b.1902.</li> <li>7. Elliot F.,b. 1904.</li> <li>8. Barbara,b. 1906.</li> <li>9. Henry, b. 1909.</li> </ol>
		2. Edith Shepard, b. 1872; m. Erneato G. Fabbri, 1896.	<ol> <li>Teresa Fabbrl, b. 1897.</li> <li>Ernesto G. Fabbrl, Jr., b. 1900; d. 1910.</li> </ol>
		3. Alice Shepard, b. 1874; m. Dave Hennen Morris, 1895.	<ol> <li>Dave H. Morris, Jr., b. 1900.</li> <li>Louise, b. 1901.</li> <li>Marion,</li> <li>1903.</li> <li>Noel, b. 1904.</li> <li>Emily,b.1907.</li> <li>Alice,b.1911.</li> </ol>
		<ol> <li>Elliot F. Sbepard, b. 1877;</li> <li>m. Mra. Eather Potter, 1897.</li> </ol>	
		5. Marguerite Shepard, b. 1880; d. 1895.	
	3. William K. Vanderbilt, b. 1849; m. Alva Murray Smith, 1874 (now Mrs. O. H. P. Bel-	<ol> <li>Consuelo Vanderbilt, b. 1877;</li> <li>m. Duke of Marlborough, 1895.</li> </ol>	b. 1897. 2. Lord Ivor Charles Spencar-
	Harriman (Sands) Ruther- furd.	2. William K.Vanderbilt, Jr., b. 1878, m. Virginia Fair, 1899.	Churchill, b. 1898.  1. Muriel Vanderbilt, b. 1900. 2. Consuelo Vanderbilt, b. 1903. 3. Wm.K. Vanderbilt 3d,b.1907.
		3. Harold S. Vanderblit, b.1884.	
	<ol> <li>Emlly T. Vanderbilt; m. William D. Sloane, 1874; he d. 1915.</li> </ol>	1. Florence A. Sloane, b. 1875; m. James A. Burden, Jr., 1895.	James A.,b. 1897. 3. Donglas. 4. Florence A.
		<ol> <li>Emily Vanderbllt Sloane, b. 1877; m. J.H.Hammond, 1898.</li> </ol>	I. Emily Hammend. 2. Adile. 3. Alice. 4. Rachel. 5. John, Jr.
		<ol> <li>LilaVanderbiltSloane, b. 1879;</li> <li>m.Wm. B. Osgood Field, 1902.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Wm. B.O.Field, Jr., 2. Fred. V. 3. Marjorle L. 4. Mary.</li> </ol>
		<ol> <li>Malcolm D. Sloans, b. 1881;</li> <li>m. Elinor Lee, 1916.</li> </ol>	

The .		Millionaires—Conti	inued. 081
	THE VANDER	BILTS—Continued. Great-Grandchildren.	
CHILDREN.		Great-Grandchildren.	Great-Grandchildren.
3. William Henry Vanderbilt 5 (Continued).	1856; m. Mrs. Alfred Tor- rance (nee Anthony), 1880.		
6	5. Florence Adile Vanderbilt;	l. Alice Twombly, b.1880,d.'96	
	1877; he d. 1910.	1. Alice Twombly, b.1880,d.'96 2. Florence Twombly, b. 1881, m.Wm. A.M.Burden, 1904.	<ol> <li>Alice T. Burden, b. 1906, d. 1905.</li> <li>Wm. A., Jr., b. 1906.</li> <li>Shirley C., b. 1908.</li> </ol>
1		3. Ruth Twombly, b. 1886; d.	
		4. II. McKown Twombly, b. 1888; d. 1906.	
	William Seward Wabb, 1881.	1. Frederica V. Webb, b. 1882; m. Ralph Pulitzer, 1905.	2. Seward Webb Pulitzer, b. 1910.
		<ol> <li>James Watson Webb, b.1884;</li> <li>m. Electra Havemeyer, 1910.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Samnel B. Webb, b. 1912.</li> <li>Lilia Webb, b. 1913.</li> <li>Jas. W. Webb, Jr., b. 1916.</li> </ol>
		<ol> <li>William Seward Webb, Jr., b. 1887; m. Gertrude Emily Gaynor, 1911.</li> </ol>	1912. 2. Frederica V. Wabb, b. 1913.
		4. Vanderbilt Webb, b.1891; m. Aileen Osborn, 1912.	<ol> <li>Fred. Van'b't Webb, b. 1913.</li> <li>Wm. Osborn Webb, b. 1914.</li> <li>Barbara, b. 1916.</li> </ol>
4	vesant Dresser, 1898; d. 1914.	<ol> <li>Cornelia Stuyvesant Vander- bilt, b. 1900.</li> </ol>	
4. Emily Vanderblit, b. 1823; m. William K. Thorn, 1849; d. 1896.			
u. 1094.	2. Emily Thorn, b. 1853; in. 1st, Daniel King, 1869; 2d, James C. Parrish, 1873.	1. Louise Allce King, b. 1870; m. Alexander Baring.	
	0.000	Brown, 1903.	Two daughters.
	3 Lens Thorn b 1858 - m Gue	3. James C. Parrish, Jr.; m. Charlotte K. Palmer, 1910.	
	3. Lena Thorn, b. 1858; m. Gus- tav E.Kissel, 1861; he d. 1911.	9 Jeannette Klesel	
		3. Thorn Kiasel.	
5. Corneline Jeremiah Vander- blit, b. 1825; d. 1882.			
<ol> <li>Eliza Vanderbilt, b. 1828;</li> <li>m. George A. Osgood, 1849;</li> <li>d. 1895.</li> </ol>			
<ol> <li>Sophin J. Vanderbilt, b. 1830;</li> <li>m. Daniel Torrance, 1849; ahe</li> <li>d. 1912.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Alfred Torrance, b. 1850; m. Louise H. Anthony, 1872; d. 1886. She married Frederick W. Vanderblit.</li> </ol>		
	<ol> <li>Marie Torrance, b. 1852; m. John Hadden, Jr., 1873.</li> </ol>	1. John Hadden, b. 1874.	
<ol> <li>Maria Alicia Vanderbilt, b. 1831; m. Nicholae La Bau, 1847.</li> </ol>			
202.7	2. Edith La Ban; m. Tiffany Dyer.		
	<ol> <li>Lilian La Bau; m. 1st, Eu gene Blois; 2d, Jose Aymar 1897.</li> </ol>		
9. Catherine Vanderblit, b. 1834; m. lat, Smith Barker, 1850; 2d, Gustave Lafitte, 1861; d. 1887.	1. Clarence Johnson Barker, b 1853; d. 1896.	•	
1861 ; d. 1887.	2. Catherine Barker, b. 1857. 3. Morris Lafitte, b. 1863.		
10. Marie Louise Vanderbilt, b.	I I Clark h 1022s m 1ot	1. Edith Lyman Collins, h	
1835; m. 1st, Horace Cinrk, 1851; 2d, Robert Niven, 1860; ahe d. 1891.	Clarence L. Collins, 1874; 2d Capt. Barty Midford; 3d Count M.L. Suberville; she d	,1. Edith Lyman Collins, b , 1876; m. Count Czayknwsk , (Rechid Bey), 1897; div. 1904 m. 2d, Marquis de Maleissye 1911.	
	2. Charlotte E. Niven; m. Coun de Sers.		
11. Frances Vanderbilt, b. 1836; d. 1866.			
<ol> <li>George W. Vanderbilt, b. 1841; d. 1866.</li> </ol>	1		
DESCENDANTS OF JA	Y GOULD-Born May 2	OULDS. 27, 1836 : married Helen I Great-Grandchildren.	Day Miller, 1863; died 1892.  Great-Great-Grandchildren.
		Crew Grand and Crew	
<ol> <li>George Jay Gould, b. 1864</li> <li>m. Edith Kingdon, 1886.</li> </ol>	2. Jay Gould, b. 1888; m. Anni Douglas Graham, 1911.	e 1. Elennor Gould, b. 1912.	
	Douglas Graham, 1911.	2. Anne Douglas, b. 1913.	
	3. Marjorie Gwynna Gould, b	1 Edith Kalon Drevel b. 1911	•
	Jr., 1910. Drexe	2. Ant. J. Drexel, 3d, b. 1912.	
	1	3.Marjoric Gould Drexel,b.1916	[e]

### THE COULDS-Continued.

THE GOODS TANKED				
CHILDREN.	Grandchildren.	Great-Grandchildren.	Great-Great-Grandchildren.	
1. George Jay Gould (Con- tinued).	4. Helen Vivien Gould, b. 1892, m. Lord Decies, 1911.	1. Elicen Vivien de la Poer Beresford, b. 1912. 2. Catherine Moya, b. 1913. 3. Atthur George Marcus de ls Poer, b. April 24, 1915.		
	<ul> <li>5. George Jay Gould. b. 1896.</li> <li>6. Edith K. Gould. b. 1901.</li> <li>7. Gloria, b. 1906.</li> </ul>			
2. Edwin Gould, b. 1866; m. Sarah Shrady, 1892.	2. Frank Miller Gould, b. 1899.			
<ol> <li>Helen Miller Gould, b. 1868;</li> <li>m. Finley J. Shepard, 1913.</li> <li>Howard Gould, b. 1871;</li> <li>m. Finley J. Shepard, 1913.</li> </ol>	Adopted a son, Finley J. Shep- ard, Jr., 1915.			
Katherine Clemmons, 1898; separated 1909.				
Count Paul Marie Boniface	O Canan de Castellana I. 1000			
	3. Jav de Castellane, h. 1902. 4. Chas. Maurice Jason How-			
	5. A daughter, b. 1915.			
<ol> <li>Frank Jay Gould, b. 1877; m. Helen Mar't Kelly, 1901; div. 1909; m. 2d, Edith Kelly, 1909.</li> </ol>	1. Helen Margaret Gould, b 1902. 2. Dorothy Gould, b. 1904.			

THE ASTORS.

DESCENDANTS OF JOHN JACOB ASTOR

Born at Waldorf, Germany, 1763; married Sarah Todd, cousin of Henry Brevoort, in New York, 1785; died 1848.

died 1848.				
CHILDREN.	Grandchildren.	Great-Grandchildren.	Great-Great-Grandchildren.	
<ol> <li>Magdalen Astor, b. 1786; m. Ist, Gov. Adrien B. Bentzen, of Santa Cruz, 1807; 2d, Ikev. John Bristsd, 1819; d. 1854.</li> </ol>	1. Cbarles Astor Bristed, b. October 6, 1820; m. 1st, Aura Brevoort, 1847; 2d, Grace A. Sedgwick, 1867; he d. Jan. 15, 1874.	2. Charles Astor Bristed, b.	<ol> <li>Mary Symphorosa Bristed.</li> <li>Katharine Elizabeth Grace Bristed.</li> </ol>	
2. John Jacob Astor, b. 1788; d. 1834.				
<ol> <li>Eliza Astor, b. 1790; m. Count Rumpff, 1825; d. 1836.</li> </ol>	•			
4. William Backhouse Astor, b. 1792; m. Margaret Allda Armatrong, 1818; d. 1875.		i. Margaret Astor Ward, b. 1838; m. John Winthrop Chanler, 1858; d. 1875.		
	2. John Jacob Astor, b. 1822 m. Charlotte Angusta Glbbes, 1846; d. 1890.	l. William Waldorf Astor, b. 1848; m. Mary Dahlgren Paul, 1878; she disd 1895.		

THE ASTORS-Continued.

· CHILDREN,	Grandchildren.		Court Court Court I Ivilian
4. William Backhouse Astor (Continued),	отписатотел.	Great-Grandchildren	Graat-Great-Graadchildren.  2. Pauline Astor, b. 1880; m. Capt. H. Spender Clay, 1904; issue 1905, a daughter; 1910, a daughter; d. 1912, 3. John Jacob Astor, b. 1886; m. Lady Charles Nairue, 1916, d. Gwenddin, b. 1889, d. 1909.
			Lady Charles Nairne, 1916. 4. Gwendolin, b. 1889; d. 1902.
	3. Laura Astor, b. 1824; m. Franklin Delano, 1841; d. 1902.		
	4. Mary Alida Astor, b. 1826; m. John Carey, 1850; d. 1881		<ol> <li>Reginald Carey, b. 1890.</li> <li>Arthur Graham Carey, b. 1892.</li> <li>Alfda Carey, b. 1893.</li> <li>Francea, b. 1898.</li> </ol>
		2. Henry Astor Carey; d. 1893.	
		she d. 1911.	S. Hubert Victor Arthur de Steurs.
			1. Mary Van Aleo, b. 1876; m. Griswold A. Thompson, 1913. 2. James Laurens Van Alen, b. 1878; m. 1900, Margaret Lonise Post, and had issue: James Henry Van Alen, b. 1902; Louise Asto Van Alen, b. 1903. 2. Sarah Steward Van Alen, b. 1881; m. 1902, Robert J. F. Collier.
			1. James Roosevelt Roosevelt, Jr., b. 1879. 2. Helen Rebecca Roosevelt, b. 1881.
			1. Caroline Aator Dravton, b. 1880; m. Willium Phillipe, 1810, issue, a daughter, 1912. Henry Coleman Drayton, b. 1883; m. Constance Knower, Jan. 21, 1905. 3. Wim. Astor Drayton, b. 1885; m. Helen Fargo Squiert, 1912. 4. Allda Livingston Drayton, b. 1890; d. 1898.
			b. 1890; d. 1898.  1. Marshall Orme Wilson, Jr., b. 1855; m. Alice Borland, 1910. 2. Richard Thornton Wilson, b. 1886.
		1909; 2d, Madeleine Talmage	1. Wm. Vincent Astor, b. 1891; m. Helen Dinsmore Hunting- ton, 1914. 2. Ava Alice Muriel Astor, b. 1902. 3. John Jacob Astor, b. 1912.
	6. Henry Astor, b. 1832; m. Malvina Dinebart, 1852.		
5. Henry Astor, b. 1794; d. 1808.		1 William Walter Aster Pare	1 Robert John Palah Paral
<ol> <li>Dorothea Astor, b. 1795; m</li> <li>Walter Langdon, 1812; d</li> <li>1853.</li> </ol>	1. Sarah Laugdon, b. 1813; m. Francis R. Boreel, 1834; d. 1897.	b. 1838; m. Mary Emily Mil- bank; d. 1892.	1. Robert John Rulph Boreel; m. Miss lves.
		2. Eliza Boreel; m. Baron H. W. Pallandt; d.	
		<ol> <li>Alfred Boreel; m. daughter of Baron de Mydrecht.</li> </ol>	
		4. Robert Boreel; d. 1896. 5. Daughter; m. Barou Otto	
		Groenice.  6. Daughter, unmarried; d.	
	2. John J. A. Langdon, b. 1814		
	d. 1837.  3. Eliza Langdon, b. 1816; m. Matthew Wilks, 1842; d. 1899.	1. Eliza Wilke; m. Byam K	
	DIRECTION WHER, 1942; d. 1899.	2. Alice Wilka; m. William N Keefer, M. D.	2. Petrena Keefer. 3. Eliza Christine Keefer.
		<ol> <li>Langdon Wilks, b. 1855; m Pauline Kingsmill, 1891.</li> </ol>	
		4. Matthew Astor Wilks, b 1844; m. Sylvia Green, 1909.	
	d.	5. Katherine Langdon Wilke.	

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THE ASTORS.—Continued.					
CHILDREN,	Grandchildren.	Great-Grandchildren.	Great-Great-Grandchildren.		
6. Dorothea Astor (Continued).	4. Louisa Langdon, b. 1819; ιπ. Delancey Kane, 1841.	1851; m. Mary Hunter, 1877; d. 1896.	1. Carolyo Hunter Kane, b.1880; m. Edgar Morria Phelpa, 1900, and had iseuer; 1. Walter Kane Phelpa, b. 1901; 2. Henry Delafield Phelpa, b.1902. 2. Helen Dorothy Kane, Seymour Johnson, 1916.		
		<ol> <li>Delancey Astor Kane, b.1844;</li> <li>m. Eleanor Iselin. 1872;</li> <li>d. 1916.</li> <li>John Innea Kane,</li> <li>b. 1855;</li> <li>m. Annia Schermerhorn, 1878;</li> </ol>			
	l	he d. 1913. 4. Louisa Langdon Kane.			
			1. Delancey Kane Jay. 2. Peter Augustus.		
		6. Sybil Kent Kane. 7. Woodbury Kane; m. Mrs.			
	-	Sallie Hargoua Elliott, 1905; he d. 1905; she m. Capt. Douglas Gill.			
		<ol> <li>Samuel Nicholson Kane; d. 1906.</li> </ol>			
	5. Walter Langdon, b. 1821; m. Catherine Livingston, 1847; d. 1893.				
	6. Woodbury Langdon, b. 1824; m. Helen Colford Jones, 1847; d. 1892.	<ol> <li>Woodbury Geradorf Lang- don, b. 1850; m. Sophia E. Montgomery, 1882.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Sophie E. Langdon, b. 1883;</li> <li>m. Barrett P. Tyler, 1911.</li> <li>Woodbury G. Langdon, Jr.</li> <li>Three younger children.</li> </ol>		
	7. Cecilia Laugdon, b. 1827; m. Jean de Notbeck, 1849.	2. Cecilia de Notbeck, b. 1856.	5. )		
		3. A daughter. 4. A aon.			
	m. Harriet Lowndes, 1869;	1. Marion Langdon, b. 1864; m. Royal Phelps Carroll, 1891.	,		
	d. 1868.	<ol> <li>Anne L. Langdon, b. 1866; m. Howard Townsend, 1894.</li> </ol>	Sophie W. Town-end.     Anne Langdon Townsend.     Howard Van Rensselse     Townsend.     Eugene Langdon Townsend.		

# THE ROCKEFELLERS.

# DESCENDANTS OF WILLIAM A. ROCKEFELLER.\*

Born 1810; married Eliza Davison.				
CHILDREN.	Grandchildren.	Great-Grandchildrea.	Great-Great-Graudchildren.	
<ol> <li>John D. Rockefellar, b. 1839;</li> <li>m. Laura C. Spelman, 1864,</li> <li>she d. 1915.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Elizabeth Itockefeller, b. 1866;</li> <li>m. Prof. Charles A. Strong.</li> <li>1889; d. 1906.</li> </ol>	1. Margaret Strong, b. 1897.		
Bar d. 17191	2. Alta Rockefeller, b. 1871;	1. John R. Prentice, b. 1902. 2. Mary Adelaide Prentice, b. Nov. 29, 1907.		
•	2 Edith Rockofeller, b. 1879:	3. Spelman Prentice, b. 1911. 1. JohnRockefeller McCormick,		
	m. Harold F. McCormick, 1895.	2. Harold Fowler McCormick,		
		b. 1898.  3. Edith McCormick, b. 1909; d.  4. Muriel McCormick, b. 1903.		
	4. John D. Rockefeller, Jr., b.	5. Mathilda McCormick, b.1905.		
	1874; m.Abby Greene Aldrich,	2. John D. Rockefeller, 3d, b.		
		3. Nelson Aldrich Rockefeller, b. 1908. 4. Laurance S. Rockefeller, b.		
		5. Winthrop Rockefeller, b.		
50		1912. 6. A son, b. 1915.		
m. Almira Geraldine Good sell, 1854.	1. William G. Rockefeller, b. 1870; m. Elsie Stillman, 1896 2. Emina Rockefeller, b. 1868			
	m. Dr. Davld Hunter Mc- Alpin, 1896. 3. Percy Avery Rockefeller, b	1. Isabel Rockefeller, b. 1902.		
	1878; m. Isahel G. Stillman 1901.	2. Avery Rockefeller, b. 1904. 3. Winifred Rockefeller, b. 1905.		
		4.F aith Rockefeller, b. 1909. 5. Gladya Rockefeller, b. 1910.		
	4. Ethal Geraldine Rockefeller b. 1882; m. Marcellus Hart ley Dodge, 1907.			

THE MORCANS.

DESCENDANTS OF JUNIUS SPENCER MORGAN.

Port 1812, married 1928 Indiat Plannant, died 1800

	Born 1813; married, 1836.	futiet Pierpont; died 1890.	
CHILDREN.	Grandchildren.	Great-Grandchildren.	Great-Great-Grandchildren.
1. John Plerpont Morgan, b.	1. Louisa Pierpont Morgan, b.	1. Mabel Morgan Satterlee.	
2d, 1866, Frances Louise	<ol> <li>Louisa Pierpont Morgan, b. 1866; m. 1900, Herbert Living- ston Satterlee.</li> </ol>	2. Eleanor Morgan Satterlee.	
Tracy; he d. 1913.	2. John Pierpont Morgan, b. 1867; m. 1890, Jaue Norton	1. Junius Spencer Morgan, b. 1892; m.Louise Converse, 1915.	
	Grew.	2. Jane Norton Morgan.	
		3. Frances Tracy Morgan.	
		4. Heury Sturgis Morgan.	
	2 1-11-4 71		
	<ol> <li>Juliet Pierpont Morgan, b. 1870; m. 1894, William Pier- son Hamilton.</li> </ol>	1. Helen Morgan Hamilton, nr. Arthur Woods, 1916.	
	aou manitour	2. Pierpont Morgan Hamilton.	
		3. Laurens Morgau Hamilton.	
		4. Alexander Hamilton.	
		5. Elizabeth Schuyler Hamilton.	
	4. Anne Tracy Morgan, b. 1873.		
2. Sarah Spencer Morgan, b.	1. Junius Spencer Morgan; m.	1. Sarah Spencer Morgan.	
1839; m. 1866, George 11ale Morgan; she d. 1896; he d.	Josephine Adama Perry.	2. Alexander Perry Morgan.	
Morgan; she d. 1896; he d.	2. Caroline Lucy Morgan.		
1911.			
	<ol> <li>George D. Morgan; m. Yuki Kato, Jan. 21, 1904; he d. 1915.</li> </ol>		
<ol> <li>Mary Lyman Morgan, b. 1844; m. 1867, Walter Haynes Burns; he dled 1897.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>William Burns; died an in- fant.</li> </ol>		
	9 Walter Spanger Morgan	1. Cynthia Burna, b. 1908.	
	Burns; m. Evelyn Cavendish	2. George Burns, b. 1911.	
	Bentinck, Feb. 9, 1907.		
	3. Mary Burns; m. 1901, Lewis	1. Doris Vernon Harcourt.	
	Vernon Harcourt,	2. Olivia Harcourt.	
		3. Barbara Harcourt.	
		4. William Harcourt.	
4 Junius Spencer Morgan b			
4. Junius Spencer Morgan, b. 1846; d. 1858.			
5. Juliet Pierpont Morgan, u'	<ol> <li>Ursula Juniua Morgan; m. 1908; Rev. Wm. Pitz Simou.</li> </ol>		
1942, m 1962 Bor John B			
1847; m. 1867, Rev. John B. Morgan: he d. 1912.	1908; Rev. Will. Pitz Simon.		
5. Juliet Pierpont Morgan, u 1847; m. 1867, Rev. John B. Morgan; he d. 1912.	2. John Junius Morgan.		
1847; m. 1867, Rev. John B. Morgan; he d. 1912.		ACKAYS.	
	THE MA	JOHN W. MACKAY.	
	THE MA		1867; died July 20, 1902
	THE MA	JOHN W. MACKAY.	1867; died July 20, 1902. Great-Great-Grandchildren.
Born at Dublin, Irelan	DESCENDANTS OF d, 1831; m. Marie Louise	JOHN W. MACKAY. Hungerford-Bryant (w.)	1867; died July 20, 1902. Great-Great-Grandchildren.
Born at Dublin, Irelar CHILDREN. Eva Bryant Mackay (adopted); m. 1885. Prince de Galatro.	THE MADESCENDANTS OF ad, 1831; m. Marie Louise Grandchildren.  1. Andrea Galutro-Colonna.	JOHN W. MACKAY. Hungerford-Bryant (w.)	1867; died July 20, 1902. Great-Great-Grandchildren.
Born at Dublin, Irelar Children.  Eva Bryant Mackay (adopted); m. 1885, Prince de Galatro- Colonna (afterward Prince	THE M. DESCENDANTS OF dd, 1831; m. Marie Louise Grandchildren. 1. Andrea Galatro-Colonna. 2. Bianca Galatro-Colonna.	JOHN W. MACKAY. Hungerford-Bryant (w.)	1867; died July 20, 1902. Great-Great-Grandchildren.
Born at Dublin, Irelar CHILDREN.  Eva Bryant Mackay (adopted); m. 1885, Prince de Galatro- Colonna (afterward Prince di Stigliano).	THE MADESCENDANTS OF ad, 1831; m. Marie Louise Grandchildren.  1. Andrea Galutro-Colonna.	JOHN W. MACKAY. Hungerford-Bryant (w.)	1867; died July 20, 1902. Great-Great-Grandchildren.
Born at Dublin, Irelar CHILDREN.  Eva Bryant Mackay (adopted) m. 1885, Princa de Galatro- Colonna (afterward Prince di Stigllano). I. John W. Mackay, Jr., b. Aug. 12, 1870; d. Parie, Oct. 18, 1895 (ummaried).	DESCEN DANTS OF td, 1831; m. Marie Louise Grandchildren. 1. Andrea Galatro-Colonna. 2. Biauca Galatro-Colonna. 3. Marco Galatro-Colonna.	JOHN W. MACKAY. Hungerford-Bryant (w.)	1867; died July 20, 1902. Great-Great-Grandchildren.
Born at Dublin, Irelar CHILDREN.  Eva Bryant Mackay (adopted); m. 1885, Prince de Galatro- Colonna (atterward Prince di Stigliano).  I. John W. Mackay, Jr., b. Aug. 12, 1870; d. Parie, Oct. 18, 1895 (unmarried).  2. Clasence H. Mackay, h. April	DESCENDANTS OF d, 1831; m. Marie Louise Grandchilden. 1. Andrea Galutro-Colonna. 2. Binuca Galutro-Colonna. 3. Marco Galutro-Colonna.	JOHN W. MACKAY. Hungerford-Bryant (w.)	1867; died July 20, 1902. Great-Great-Grandchildren.
Born at Dublin, Irelar CHILDREN. Era Bryant Mackay (adopted); m. 1885, Prince de Galatro- Colonna (afterward Prince di Stigllano).  1. John W. Mackay, Jr., b. Ang. 12, 1870; d. Parie, Oct. 18, 1895 (unmarried). 2. Clarence H. Mackay, b.April 17, 1874; m. 1898 Katherlne	DESCENDANTS OF d, 1831; m. Marie Louise Grandchilden. 1. Andrea Galutro-Colonna. 2. Binuca Galutro-Colonna. 3. Marco Galutro-Colonna.	JOHN W. MACKAY. Hungerford-Bryant (w.)	1867; died July 20, 1902. Great-Great-Grandchildren.
Born at Dublin, Irelar CHILDREN.  Eva Bryant Mackay (adopted) m. 1885, Princa de Galatro- Colonna (afterward Prince di Stigllano). I. John W. Mackay, Jr., b. Aug. 12, 1870; d. Parie, Oct. 18, 1895 (ummaried).	DESCENDANTS OF d, 1831; m. Marie Louise Grandchilden. 1. Andrea Galutro-Colonna. 2. Binuca Galutro-Colonna. 3. Marco Galutro-Colonna.	JOHN W. MACKAY. Hungerford-Bryant (w.)  Great-Grandchildren.	1867; died July 20, 1902. Great-Great-Grandchildren.
Born at Dublin, Irelar CHILDREN. Era Bryant Mackay (adopted): m. 1885, Princa de Galatro- Colonna (afterward Prince di Stigliano). I. Jisha W. Mackay, Jr., b. Aug. 12, 1870; d. Parie, Oct. 18, 1895 (ummariled). 2. Clarence H. Mackay; b. April 17, 1874; m. 1898 Katherine Duer.	DESCEN DANTS OF d, 1831; m. Marie Louise Grandchildren, 1. Andrea Galatro-Colonna, 2. Bianca Galatro-Colonna, 3. Marco Galatro-Colonna, 1. Katherine Mackay, b. 1900, 2. Ellin Mackay, b. 1903, 3. John Wm. Mackay, b. 1907	JOHN W. MACKAY. Hungerford-Bryant (w.)  Great-Grandchildren.  EMEYERS.	Great-Great-Grandchildren.
Born at Dublin, Irelar CHILDREN.  Eya Bryant Mackay (adopted); m. 1885, Prince de Galatro- Colonna (atterward Prince di Stigliano).  1. J.Sha W. Mackay, Jr., b. Aug. 12, 1870; d. Parie, Oct. 18, 1895 (unmarried).  2. Clarence H. Mackay, b.April 17, 1874; m. 1898 Katherine Duer.  DESCEN	DIESCEN DANTS OF d, 1831; m. Marie Louise Grandchildren. 1. Andrea Galatro-Colonna. 2. Bianca Galatro-Colonna. 3. Marco Golatro-Colonna. 1. Katheriue Mackay, b. 1900. 2. Ellin Mackay, b. 1903. 3. John Wm. Mackay, b. 1907. THE HAV	JOHN W. MACKAY. Hungerford-Bryant (w.)  Great-Grandchildren.  Great-Grandchildren.  EMEYERS.  FREDERICK HAVEN	Great-Great-Grandchildren.
Born at Dublin, Irelar CHILDREN.  Eva Bryant Mackay (adopted); m. 1885, Princa de Galatro- Colonna (afterward Prince di Stigliano). 1. J.Shn W. Mackay, Jr., b. Aug. 12, 1870; d. Princ, Oct. 18, 1895 (ummaried). 2. Clarence H. Mackay; b.April 17, 1874; m. 1898 Katherine Duer.  DESCEI Born in New Yo	DESCENDANTS OF d, 1831; m. Marie Louise Grandchilden. 1. Andrea Galutro-Colonna. 2. Biauca Galutro-Colonna. 3. Marco Galutro Colonna. 1. Katherine Mackay, b. 1900. 2. Ellin Mackay, b. 1903. 3. John Wm. Mackay, b. 1907. THE HAV VDANTS OF WILLIAM rk, 1804; married Sarah A	Great-Grandchildren.  Great-Grandchildren.  Great-Grandchildren.  Great-Grandchildren.	Great-Great-Grandchildren.  AEYER, vember 30, 1874.
Born at Dublin, Irelar CHILDREN.  Eva Bryant Mackay (ndopted); m. 1885, Princa de Galatro- Colonna (afterward Prince di Stigliano). 1. J.Sha W. Mackay, Jr., b. Ang. 12, 1870; d. Parie, Oct. 18, 1895 (unmarried). 2. Clarence H. Mackay; b.April 17, 1874; m. 1898 Katherine Duer.  DESCER BOYN IN New YO CHILDREN.	DIESCEN DANTS OF d, 1831; m. Marie Louise Grandchildren. 1. Andrea Galatro-Colonna. 2. Bianca Galatro-Colonna. 3. Marco Golatro-Colonna. 1. Katheriue Mackay, b. 1900. 2. Ellin Mackay, b. 1903. 3. John Wm. Mackay, b. 1907. THE HAV	JOHN W. MACKAY. Hungerford-Bryant (w.)  Great-Grandchildren.  Great-Grandchildren.  EMEYERS.  FREDERICK HAVEN	Great-Great-Grandchildren.
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	THE HAVEME	YERS—Continued.	
CHILDREN.	Grandchildren.	Great-Grandchildren.	Great-Great-Grandchildren.
4. Henry Havemeyer (Con-			
tinued).	5. Agnes J.Havemeyer; m. Burnham; d. 1893.		
	6. Harry Havemeyer; d.		
5. Hector Craig Havemeyer; d. December, 1889.	o. Harry Havemeyer, d.		
<ol> <li>James Havemeyer, b. 1842;</li> <li>m. Delia Conklin, 1870; she</li> <li>d. Nov. 5, 1911; hs d. Ang.</li> <li>18, 1912.</li> </ol>	Adah Bryant; div. 1913; he m. 2d, Mrs. Thorburn Backus.		
10, 1312.	2. Agues Havemeyer; m. Feue- lon C. Cattus. She d. 1911.		'
7. Laura Amelia Havemeyer; m. Nov.30, 1869, Isaac Walker	I. Julia Havemeyer Maclay; m. Charles Ward Hall.	1. Charles W. Hail.	
Maclay; he disd 1909; she d. Nov., 1912.	Charles Ward Hall.		
Nov., 1912.		3. Hector Craig Hall.	l ————
	2. Agnes Craig Maclay.		
	3. Wm. F. Havemeyer Maclay. m. May Yourtee.		
	4. Henry Havemeyer Maclay. d.		
	5. Archibald Maclay.		
	6. Laura Grace Maclay.		
<ol> <li>Charles W. Havemeyer; m. Julia Loomis, 1874; d. 1895.</li> </ol>	1. Julia Lnomia Havemeyer.  2. Loomis Havemeyer.		
		I. Dorothy Havemeyer.	
9. William Frederick Have- meyer, b. March 31, 1850; m. Josephine Harmon, 1877; she	1878; m. Ray M. Russell, 1902.		
d. 1898; he d. Sept. 1913.	2. Martha J. Havemeyer, b. 1879; m. William R. Willcox,	l. Josephine Havemeyer Will-	
	1903.	2. Wm. Froderick Willcox.	
	<ol> <li>Arthur Havemeyer, b. 1882;</li> <li>m. Clara Herrick, 1908.</li> </ol>	l. Martha Havemeyer.	
	4. Raymond Havemeyer, b.		
DESCEN Born in New York,	DANTS OF FREDERIC February 5, 1807; married	CK CHRISTIAN HAVE Sarah L. Henderson, 183	MEYER. 1; died July 28, 1891.
CHILDREN,	Grandchildren.	Great-Grandchildren.	Great-Great-Grandchildren.
<ol> <li>Frederick Christian Have- meyer; b. 1832; m. 1862, Josephine Hewlett; d. 1910.</li> </ol>			
2. Mary O. Havemeyer; b. 1834; m. 1858, J. L. Elder; d. 1856.	<ol> <li>Frederick H. Elder, b. 1859; died unmarried, 1885.</li> </ol>		
m, 103d, 0, 12 Elder, d, 1035	2. Minnie H. Elder, b. 1861; m. McCoskry Butt, 1884.	1. Robert McCoakry Butt; b. 1884.	
6 6) 1 5 11		2. Laurence H. Butt; b. 1886.	
<ol><li>Charles B. Havemeyer; died in infancy.</li></ol>			
4. George W. Havemeyer; b. 1837; d. 1861; unmarried.			
<ol><li>Theodore Augustua Have- meyer, b. New York, May 17,</li></ol>	<ol> <li>Natalie Ida Blanche Have- meyer, b. New York, 1864; m.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Emily A. Mayer, b. 1885; m.</li> <li>J. G. Willis, 1906.</li> </ol>	I. Jos. G. Willis, Jr., b. 1907.
5. Theodore Augustua Have- meyer, b. New York, May 17, 1839; m. October 12, 1863, Emily De Loosey; d. April 28, 1897. She d. 1914.	meyer, b. New York, 1864; m. John Mayer, August, 1884; d. Mahwah, N. J., 1900. He d. 1912.	<ol> <li>John Ed. Maver, b. 1887; m. 1907, Natalie Foote, she d. 1915; m. Beatrice Blackwell.</li> </ol>	1. John Mayer, 2d, b. 1908.
,		3. Rowland Mayer, b. 1892; m. Margaret Vernam, 1915.	
		4. Joseph Mayer, b. Rome,	
		Italy, 1900.	
	<ol> <li>Emily Blanche Havemeyer,</li> <li>Westchester, N. Y., 1865; m.</li> <li>Ed. Clarkson Potter, January,</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Ed. C. Potter, Jr., b. December, 1885; m. Lisa B. Marshall, 1905.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Catharine Potter, b. May 1 1906.</li> <li>Edward C. Potter, 3d, 1909.</li> </ol>
	1865.	<ol> <li>Dorothen Havemeyer Potter, b.1887; m.Wm.G.Coogan,1907.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Wm. G. Coogan, b 1908.</li> <li>Theo. H. Coogan, b 1909.</li> <li>Emily Coogan, b 1911.</li> <li>J. J. Coogan, b 1913.</li> <li>Rohert Coogan, b 1914.</li> </ol>
		3. Emlly De Loosey Potter, b. 1889; in. C. H. Jackson, 1911.	<ol> <li>Emily L. Jackson, b. 1912.</li> <li>Chas. H. Jackson, Jr., b. 191d.</li> <li>1914.</li> <li>F. W. Jackson, b. 1915.</li> </ol>
		4. Thos. Wyndeat Potter, b. 1891.	
		<ol> <li>Marie Blanche Potter, b. 1892;</li> <li>m. Eugene Cronin, 1913.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Marie B. Cronin, b. 1914.</li> <li>Eugene Cronin, Jr. b. 1915</li> </ol>
		6. Theodore Havemeyer Potter,	
		b. 1893. 7. Chaa. Rob't Potter, b. 1895	
		8. Julia Blatchford Potter, b.	

	THE HAVEM	EYERS-Continued.	
CHILDREN.	Graudchildren.	Grent-Grandchildren.	Great-Great-Grandchildren
5. Theodore Augustus Have	e-	9. Lillian F. Potter, b. 1809.	oreas Granden Huren
meyer (Continued).		10. Richard M.B.Potter, b.1900	
	1	11. Eleanor May Potter, b. 190:	
	3. Charles Frederick Have	1. Theodore A Havemeyer ad	
	meyer, b. New York, 1857; m	1. Theodore A. Havemeyer, 2d b. 1892; m. Jeanette A. Mac	:
	Camilla Moss, 1890; d. 1898.	Lean, 1915.	1
		2. Charles Frederick Huve	
	1 70	i mever, b. 1898.	
	4. Theodors A. Havemeyer, Jr. b. 1868; m. Katheriue Ayma	2	
	Sanda, 1893.	<b>'</b> (	
		1. Natalie Duncan, b. 1892; m.	
	Willam Butler Duncan, Jr. 1891.	2. David Duncau, b. 1893.	
	1031.	3. Derothy Duncan, b. 1901.	
	1	4. Wm. B. Duncan, Cd., b. 1903.	
	6. Marie Ida Pauline Have	I Marion Tiffany h 1995	
	meyer, h. 1872; m. Perry Tiffany, 1894; 2d, H. F. God	2. Theo, Perry Tiffany, b. 1897.	
	frey, 1906.	3. H. F. Godfrey, Jr., b. 1906.	
	7. Henry Oaborne Havemeyer.	1. Carlotta Havemeyer, b. 1901.	
	Jr., b. 1876; m. Charlotte	1. Carlotta Havemeyer, b. 1901. 2. Henry Osborne Havemeyer,	
	Whiting, 1900.	3d, 0.1903.	1
		<ol><li>Florence Havemeyer, b. 1905.</li></ol>	
		4. Frederick Christian Have-	
	1	meyer, 4th; b. 1908.	
	8. Theodora Havemeyer, b	I. Natalie E. Winslow, b. 1900.	
	1878; m. Lieut-Com. Cameron	2. Henry Cameron McRae	
	McRae Winslow, U. S. N., 1899.		
	10000	3. Theodora Winslow, b. 1903.	
		4. Emily Winslow, b. 1904.	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	ł	5. John Winslow, b. 1908.	
	1	6. Arthur Winslow, b. 1913.	
	9 Frederick Christian Have		
	<ol> <li>Frederick Christian Have- meyer, 3d. b. 1879; m. Lillie Harriman Travers, 1906.</li> </ol>		
	Harriman Travers, 1906.		
6. Kate B. Havemeyer, b. 1843	l. Mary Louise H. Belloni, b.		1
m. Louis J. Belloni, Jr., 1863		1. Louie Belloni Griffith,	
	2. Kate H. Belloni. m. Lau- rence Griffith.	2. Catherine II. Griffith.	
	reace Graman.	2. Catherine II. Grimin.	
	3. Sadie H. Belloni,		
	4. George (Miss) H. Belloni, m.	1. Katherine Havemeyer Mc-	
	Dr. George E. McLaughlin.	Laughlin.	l
<ol> <li>Thos. J. Havemeyer. b. 1845;</li> <li>d. 1899.</li> </ol>		<del>}</del>	
	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1. Fredericka L. Frelingbuy-	
York, Oct., 18, 1847; d.1908; m.	1. Adaline Havemeyer, b. 1884; m. P. H. B. Pielinghuysen,	aen, b. 1909.	
York, Oct. 18, 1847; d.1908; m. Mary L. Elder, 1870; 2d,	1907.	2. Geo. Frelinghuysen, b. 1911.	
Louisine Waldron Elder, 1883,	,	3. H. O. H. and P. H. B. Fre-	
d. Dec. 4, 190?.		linghuysen, b. 1915.	
	2. Horace Havemeyer, b. 1886;	1. Doria Havemeyer, b. 1912.	
	m. Doris Anna Dick, Feb. 28.	2 Adaline Havemeyer, b. 1913.	
	1911.	3. Horace Havemeyer, b. 1914.	
	3 Electra Havemeyer h 1999		
	3. Electra Havemeyer, b. 1888; m. James Watson Webb.	2. S. B. Webb, b. 1912.	
	1910.	3. Lelia Webb, b. 1913.	
	)	4. A son b. 1915.	
9. Sarah Louiss Havemeyer: b.	1. Charles H. Jackson, b. 1885; m. Emily Ds Loosey Potter,	1. Emily L. Jackson, b. 1812.	
9. Sarah Louiss Havemeyer; b. 1849; m. Frederick Wendell	m. Emily Ds Loosey Potter,	2. Chis. H.Jackson, Jr., b.1913,	
Jackson, 1884.	[ 1911. [	d. 1914,	
		3. F. W. Juckson, b. 1915.	
	<ol> <li>Louiss A. Jackson, b. 1887;</li> <li>m. J. B. Cornell, 1912.</li> </ol>		
	m. o. D. Corneri, 1512.	2. Sarah Louise Corneil, b.1915.	
10. Warren H. Havemeyer, b.		1	
1849; d. 1851.	<u> </u>		
	DESCENDANTS OF	ELDS.	
Bown in Conwast Mass	DESCENDANTS OF	MARSHALL FIELD.	near Coton 1005 d 2000
	., 1835; m. 1st, Nannie D.		
CHILDREN.	Grandchildren.	Great-Grandchildren.	Great-Grandchildren.
I. Marshall Field, Jr., b. 1868;	1. Marshall Field 111., b. 1893.	1. Marshall Field IV., b. 1916.	
Nov. 27, 1905; she m. M.	m. Evelyn Marshall, 1915.		
m. 1890, Albertine Huck; d. Nov. 27, 1905; she m. M. Drummond; she d. 1915.	2. Henry Pleid, D. 1895.		
	o. Gwennory h Flerd, b. 1902.		
<ol> <li>Ethel Field, b. 1873; m. 1at,</li> <li>Arthur Tree, 1891; 2d, Capt.</li> <li>David Bentty, D. S. O., 1910.</li> </ol>	1. Ronald Lambert Field Tree,		
David Beatty, D. S. O., 1910	b. 1897.		
	3. Pster Beatty, b. 1910.	1	

# THE LORILLARDS.

#### DESCENDANTS OF PETER LORILLARD. Born March 17, 1796: married Catherine Griswold: died 1867

2011	Transcription, married	caracine one word, area	2001.
CHILDREN.	Grandchildren.	Great-Grandchildren.	Great-Great-Grandchildren.
<ol> <li>Pierra Lorillard, b. 1833; m. Emily Taylor, 1858; d. 1901.</li> </ol>	l. Emily Lorillard, b. 1858; m. William Keut, 1881.	<ol> <li>William Kent, Jr., b. April 14, 1882.</li> </ol>	
		<ol> <li>Emily L. Kent, b. Oct. 23, 1884.</li> </ol>	
		3. Peter L. Kent, b. March 3, 1887.	
		4. Richard Kent, b. Feb. 5, 1904.	
	<ol> <li>Pierre Lorillard, Jr., b. 1860;</li> <li>m. Caroline J. Hamilton, 1881;</li> </ol>	1. Plerre Lorillard, 3d, b. March 10, 1882.	
	she died March '5, 1909.	2. Griswold L., b. June, 1885.	
	3. Grlswold N. Lorillard, b. 1863; d. 1888, unmarried.		
	4. Maude Louise Lorillard, b. 1873; m. Thomas Suffern	1. Lorlllard Tailer, b. Dec. 25, 1897.	
	Tailer, 1893; 2d, Cecil Baring, London, England, Nov. 8,	2. Daphne Barlug, b. Feb., 1904.	
	1902.	3. Daughter b. Oct., 1905.	
<ol> <li>George L. Lorillard, mar- ried.</li> </ol>	No issue.		
<ol> <li>Louis L. Lorillard; m. Knth- erine Beekman; d. 1910.</li> </ol>	1. Louis L. Lorillard; m. Edith Norman Hunter, 1914.	1. A daughter, b. 1916.	
	2. George L. Lorillard.		
	<ol> <li>Beekman Lorillard; m. 1903, Kathleen Doyle. She d.1912.</li> </ol>		
4. Jacob Lorillard; m. Frances	l. Augusta Lorillard; m. Will-	1. Harold A. Sands.	
A. Uhlhorn; he d. 1916.	iam H. Sands.	2. Anlta L. Sanda.	
	2. Erneat E. Lorillard; m. Eliza- beth K. Screven.	l Mary V. R. Lorlllard,	
	3. Jacob Lorillard, Jr.		
6. Eva Lorillard; m. Col. Law-	1. Lorillard Kip; d. 1896.		
rence Kip, 1867.	2. Eva Maria Kip; d. 1870.		
	3. Edith Klp; m. Richard Mc-	1. Lawrence McCreery, 1896.	
	Creery; div. 1904; m. 2d, Henry T. Coventry, 1907.	2. Victor H. Coventry, 1909.	
		3. A son, b. 1911.	
<ol><li>Mary Lorillard; m. Henry I. Barbey.</li></ol>			
Dathey.	2. Mary L. Barbey; m. Alfred Seton, Jr.		
	500000	2. Helen Seton.	
	a Fil IV and Brokens on 1905	3. Henry Seton.	
	3. Ethel Lynde Barbey; m.1895, Ambrose Lanfear Norrie. He	1. Laulear Norrie.	
	d. 1912.	3. Valerie Norrie.	
	4. Helene Barbey; m. Count		
	Harmann de l'ourtales.	2. Alex. Pourtalea.	
		3. Jacquelin Pourtales.	
	6. Eva Barbey; m. Baron Andre		
	da Neuflize.		
	6. Rita Barbey.		
f and the Keelling	7. Pierre L. Barbey.		
7 Catherina Lorillard; m. James P. Kernochan.	l. Jamea Lorillard Kernochan; m. Eloisa Stevenson; d. 1903.		
	2. Catherine Lorillard Kerno- chan; m. Herbert C. Pell.	2. Clarence C. Pell.	
		z. Clarence C. Feil.	

THE CARNECIES.

DESCENDANT OF ANDREW CARNEGIE.

Born at Dunfermline, Scotland, Nov. 25, 1835; married, 1887, Louise Whitfield.

CHILDREN.	Grandchildren.	Great-Grandchildren.	Great-Great-Grandchildren.
Margaret Carnegie, b. 1897.			a 11 14 1 1 math on Mhaman at

There are relatives of Mr. Carnegie residing in the United States, including the family of his late brother Thomas at Pittsburgh, Pa., but Andrew Carnegie is the founder of the American multi-millionaire family.

# THE ARMOURS. DESCENDANTS OF PHILIP DANFORTH ARMOUR.

Born in Stockbridge, N.Y., May 16, 1832; married, 1862, Malvina Belle Ogden; died Jan. 6, 1901.

CHILDREN.	Grandchlldren.	Great-Grandchildren.	Great-Great-Grandchildren.	
1. Jonathan Ogden Armour, b.	l. Lolita, b. 1896.	*		
1863; m. Lolita Sheldon.				
2. Philip Danforth Armour, Jr.,	1. Philip Danforth Armour, 3d,			
b. 1869; m. 1890; d. 1900.	b. 1894.			
	2. Lester Armour, b. 1896.	}	1	

THE HARRIMANS.

DESCENDANTS OF EDWARD H. HARRIMAN.

Born February 25, 1848. son of Rev. Orland Harriman; married Mary Williamson Averell;

	died 2	L909.	
CHILDREN.	Grandchildren.	Great-Grandchildren.	Great-Great-Grandchildren.
l. Edw. N. Harriman, d. in infancy.			
Chas. Cary Rumsey, 1910.	<ol> <li>Chas. Cary Rumsey, Jr., b. 1911.</li> <li>Mary A. H. Rumsey, b. 1913.</li> </ol>		
<ol> <li>Cornelia Harriman, b. 1886;</li> <li>m. Robt. Livingston Gerry,</li> <li>1908.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Elbridge T.Gerry, Jr., b. 1909.</li> <li>Robt. L. Gerry, Jr., b. 1911.</li> <li>Edw. H. Gerry and Henry A. Gerry, b. 1914.</li> </ol>		
4. Carol Averell Harriman, b. 1889.			
5. Wm. Averell Harriman, b. 1891; m. Kitty Lanier Law- rance, 1915.			
6. Edward Roland Noel Harri- man, b. 1895.			

DESCENDANTS OF PIERRE SAMUEL DU PONT.
Born 1739; married, 1766, Marle Louise Le Dee; died 1817
First Generation—Victor Marle, b. 1767; m. 1794, Gabrielle Josephins de la Fitte de Pelleport; d. 1827,
Elenthera Irenee, b. 1772; m. 1791, Sophia Madeleine Dalmas; d. 1834.

AND THE REAL PROPERTY.	nec, b. 1112, m. ster, copina tra		
Second Generation.	Third Generation.	Fourth Generation.	Fifth Generation.†
Amelia Elizabeth, b. 1796; m.	Mary Van Dyke, b. 1826; d. 1909.	Victor, Jr., b, 1852; m. 1880,	Victor, 3d, b. 1882; m. 1906, Eliza T. Everett.
1812, Nathaniel Clifford; d. 1869.	Victor, b. 1828; m. 1851, Alice	Josephine Anderson; d. 1911.	Eliza I. Everets.
Charles Irenes, b. 1797; m.	Hounsfield; d. 1888.	Mary Lammot, b. 1854; m. 1st, 1878, William du Pont: 2d,	
1st, 1824, Dorcas Montgomery	Charles Irenee, Jr., b. 1830; in. 1862, Mary S. du Pont; d. 1873.	1893; Willard Saulsbury.	
Van Dyke; 2d, 1841. Ann Ridgeley; he died 1869.	Amelia Josephine, b. 1832; d. 1833.	Ethel, b. 1867; m. 1890, H. M. Barksdale.	
Samuel Francis, b. 1799; d. 1799	Nicholas Van Dyke, b. 1833;	Charles Irenee, b. 1859; d. 1902.	
Samuel Francis b. 1803; m.	d. 1834.	Samuel Francis, b. 1861; d. 1862.	
Pont; d. 1865.	Amelia Elizabeth, b. 1842; m. 1866, Eugene du Pont.	Alice, b. 1863; m. 1889, Thomas Coleman du Pont.	
Julia Sopbie, b. 1806; m. 1824,	Henry Ridgeley, b. 1548; d.1893.	Samuel Francis, b. 1865; d. 1893.	
Irvine Shabrick; d. 1885.		Greta, b. 1868; d. 1878.	
		Sophie, b. 1871; m. 1904, Bruce Ford.	
		Renee de Pelleport, b. 1874; m. 1904, Leroy Harvey.	
		Victorine Antoinette, b. 1865; d. 1876.	
		Charles F. Phillip, b. 1868; d. 1868.	
		Anne Cazenove, b. 1860; m.1886, Absalom Waller; d. 1899.	Madeleine, b. 1887; m. 1st, 1907, John Bancroft, Jr.; 2d, 1913,
Victorins Elizabeth, b. 1792; m. 1813, Ferdinand Banduy;	Victorins Elizabeth, b. 1825; m. 1849. Peter Kemble; d. 1887.	Margaerite Lammot, b. 1862; m. 1881, Cazenove G. Lee.	Max Heibler. Bessie, b. 1889.
d. 1861.	Emma Paulina, b. 1827; d. 1914.	Alfred Irenee, b. 1864; m. 1st,	Alfred Victor, b. 1900.
Lucille, b. 1791; d. 1795.	Ekuthere Irenee, b. 1829; m.	1887, Bessie Gardner; 2d,1907,	Victorine Elsie, b. 1903.
Evelina Gabrielle, b. 1796; m. 1816, James Antoine Bider-	1:58, Charlotte S. Henderson; d. 1-77.		Samuel, b. 1910; d. 1910.
mann; d. 1863.	Lammot, b. 1831; m. 1865, Mary	Maurice, b. 1866; m. 1889, Mar- garet FitzGerald.	Eleuthers Paulina, b. 1912; d.
Alfred Victor. b. 1798; m. 1824,	liel n; d. 1884.	Louis Cazenove, b. 1868; d. 1892.	1912.
MargarettaElizabethLammot; d, 1856,		Isabella d'Andelot, b. 1866; d.	Charlotte Louise, b. 1893.
Eleuthera, b. 1806; m. 1834,	Mary Sophie, b. 1834; m. 1862,	1871.	Gerald FitzGerald, b. 1895.
Thomas M. Smith; d. 1876.	Charles I. du Pont, Jr.; d.1869.		Nesta Pamela, b. 1903.
Sophia Madeleine, b. 1810; m.	Hidermann, b. 1837; m. 1861, Ellen S. Coleman.	1904, Charles Copeland.	Henry Belin, b. 1898.
1833, Samuel Francis du Pont; d. 1888.		Pierre Samuel, b. 1870; m. 1915, Alice Belin.	Edward Bradford, b. 1899; d.
Henry, b. 1812; m. 1837, Louise	Henry Algernon, b. 1838; in.	Sophia Madeleine, b. 1871; d.	1900.
Gerhard; d. 1889.	Evelina, b. 1840.	1894.	Lisa, b. 1900; d. 1900.
Alexis Irenee, b. 1810; m. 1836 Jonua M. Smith; d. 1867.	Ellen Engenia, b. 1843; m. 1872, Alexander D. Irving; d. 1907.	Henry Belin, b. 1873; m. 1897. Elenthera Bradford; d. 1902.	
	Louisa Gerhard, b. 1845; d. 1863.		Paulina, b. 1903. Wilhelmina Haedrick, b. 1906.
		Irenee, b. 1876; m. 1900, Irane S. du Pont.	
		Mary A. Belin, b. 1878; m. 1904. William W. Laird.	Margaretta Lammot, b. 1902. Constance Simons, b. 1904.
	Sophia Madeleine, b. 1851; m		David, b. 1905; d. 1908.
	1873, T. P. Chandler.	talie D. Wilson.	Eleanor, b. 1907.
	Mary Constance, b. 1854; d.1854	Isabella Mathieu, b. 1882; m 1908, Hugh R. Sharp.	Doris, b. 1909.

#### THE DU PONTS-Continued.

Second Generation.	Third Generation.	Fourth Generation.	Fifth Generation.†			
The du Ponts-Continued.	Mary L. du Pont; 2d, 1892,	Margaretta Lammot, b. 1884; m. R. R. M. Carpenter.	Marianna, b. 1911. Octavia, b. 1913.			
	Annie Rodgers Zinn.	Margaretta Elizabeth, b. 1862;	Lucille, b 1915.			
	Frances Elizabeth, b. 1838; m.	ın. 1888, Michael B. Coleman.	Natalie Wilson, b. 1904.			
	1861, Leighton Coleman; d.	Thomas Coleman, b. 1863, m. 1889. Alice du l'ont.	Mary Belin, b. 1907.			
	Eugene, b. 1840; m. 1866, Amelia		Esther Wilson, b. 1908.			
	E. du Pent; d. 1902.	Anteine Bidermann, b. 1865; m. 1st. 1892, Ethel Clark; 2d,	Lammot, b. 1909.			
	Alexis Irenee, b. 1843; m. 1st, 1867. Margaretta E. Gilpin;	1913, Elizabeth Hibbs. Dora, b. 1867; m. 1886, Harry R.	Pierre Samuel, b. 1911.			
	1867, Margaretta E. Gilplu; 2d, 1875, Elizabeth C. Brad-	Phillips; d. 1891.	Edith, b. 1912.			
	ford; he died 1904. Irene Sophie, b. 1845; m. 1868,	Zara, b. 1869.	Alexandrine de Montchanin, 1915.			
	Edward C. D mmick; d. 1817, Eleuthera Paulina, b. 1848; m.	Paulina, b. 1871; m. 1895, Henry F. Baldwin.	Ellen, b. 18-9; m. 1916, Holl			
	1872, Edward G. Bradford; d. 1906.	Evan Morgan. b. 1872; m. 1901, Helen A. Quins.	day S. Meeds, Jr. Alice, b. 1891; m. 1912, Paul l			
	Francis Gurney, b. 1850; m. 1871, Elise W. Simons; d.1904.	Catherine Barthelimie Fauline, b. 1875; d. 1876.	Wilson, Francis V ctor, b. 1894.			
	Thomas Mackie, b. 1852; d. 1853	Louisa Evelina, b. 1877; m. 1900,	Rence de l'elleport, b. 1897.			
	Joanna Maria, b. 1854; m. 1880.	Francis B. Crowninshield.	Eleuthers Irence, b. 1902.			
	Edward C. Dimmick; d. 1901.	Antoine Ironee, b. 1879; d. 1879	Aileen Madeleine, b. 1893,			
		Henry Francis, b. 1880; m.1916, Ruth Wates.	Etbel Bidermann, b. 1896.			
		Pierre Ironec, b. 1882; d. 1882.	Victorine, b. 1900.			
	1	Paul Louis, b. 1882; d. 1883.	Robert, b. 1914.			
	1	Anne V. Sophie, b. 1885; d. 1886.	Jam ~ Quian, b. 1902.			
		Marion, b. 1894.	Bidermann Thomas, b. 1904.			
	İ	William, Jr., b. 1896.	Rosina, b. 1907.			
		Ann Ridgeley, b. 1867; m. 1894.	Ellen Coleman, b. 1909.			
		Ann Ridgeley, b. 1867; m. 1894. William C. Peyton.	Dora Prichard, b. 1911.			
	1	Alexis Irenee, b. 1869.	William Bayard, b. 1915.			
	1	Mary Van Dyke, b. 1871; d. 1871.	Dulcinea Ophelia, b. 1909.			
		Eugene, b. 1873; m. 1913, Ethel Pyle.				
				Am lia Elizabeth, b. 1		Emile Francis, b. 1898. Hubert Irenec, b. 1900. Elise, b. 1902.
		Julia Sophie, b. 1877; m. 1903.				
	ì	James N. Andrews.	Elise, h. 1902.			
		Alice Eugenle, b. 1876; m. 1907.	Francis, b. 1908.			
	1	Julian Ortiz.	Alfred Rhett, b. 1908.			
	l .	Phillip Francis, b. 1878; m. 1905, Elizabeth B. Herner.	Alexis Irenee, b. 1909.			
		Elizabeth Bradford, b. 1880; m.				
		1908, Thomas F. Bayard.	Alexia Felix, Jr., b. 1906. Lydia Chichester, b. 1907.			
		Eugene Eleuthere, b. 1882; m. 1908, Katedulwee Moxham.	Richard Chichester, b. 1911.			
	į	Francis Irenee, b. 1873; m. 1897.	Alice Frances, b. 1912.			
		Marianna Rhett.	Engene, 3d, b. 1914.			
		Eleanor Ball, b. 1875; m. 1891,				
		Robeson L. Perot.	Ernest, Jr., b. 1903. Alberta Brinton, b. 1907.			
		Irene Sophie, b. 1877; m. 1900 Irenee du Pont.	Josephine, b. 1915.			
		Alexis Felix, b. 1879; m. 1902 Mary Chichester.	Eleuthere Paul, Jr., b. 1911.			
		Ernest, b. 1880; m. 1903, Jo sephine L. Brinton.	Francis G., b. 1913. Stephen, b. 1915.			
		Lionel, b. 1882; d. 1882.	Elizabeth Frances, b. 1906.			
		Theodore Hume, b. 1884; d. 1911	Mary Jane, b. 1914.			
		Reginald Ashby, b. 1885; d.1885				
		Eleuthere Paul, b. 1887; m. 1910 Joan K. Foulke, Jr.	,			
		Archibald M. L., b. 1889; m 1911, Elizabeth Heyward.				
			1			

<sup>\*\*</sup>A daughter, Mrs. W. C. Rudd, had a daughter, Laura Rudd, born 1882, died 1907. Another son, Frank R. Rockefeller, born 1842, had five children, three of whom are living. They are Mrs. John Porter Brock, Mrs. Walter Scott Bowler and Mrs. M. G. Bollivar. Previous ancestors:—John Rockefeller born in Germany in 1854. Johnn Peter, his son, born in Germany in 1858. This man emigrated to America with his cousin Diell, and from these two all the Rockefellers in the country are descended. Peter Rockefeller, his son, born in Segendorf, Germany, in 1711. He married Mary Bellis. William, their son, born in Amwell, N. J., in 1756. He married Christina Rockefeller, who was a daughter of Simona, who was a granddaughter of Diell, the other emigrant.

† Sixth Generation—Victor, 4th, b. 1911. Emily Tybout, b. 1913. ‡ For first generation see preceding page.

#### THE BELMONTS.

#### DESCENDANTS OF AUGUST BELMONT.

Born at Alzey, German	ny, Dec. 8, 1816; married,	1849, Caroline Silden Per	ry; alea Nov, 24, 1890.
CHILDREN.	Grandchildren.	Great-Grandchildren.	Great-Great-Grandchildren.
Perry Belmont, b. 1851; m. 1899, Jessis Robbins.			
August Belmont, b. 1853; m. 1st, 1881, Elizabeth Hamilton Morgan; she died 1898; m. 2d,		1907.	
Eleanor Robson, 1910.		<ol> <li>August Belmont, 3d, b. 1909.</li> </ol>	
		<ol><li>Alice de G. Belmont, b. 1910.</li></ol>	
		4. Cecilla Belmont, b. 1913.	
		<ol> <li>Barbara Caroline Belmont, b. 1915.</li> </ol>	
	<ol> <li>Raymond Belmont, b.1888, m. Ethel Lorraine, 1912; dv.1916; m. Carolyn B. Hulbert, 1916.</li> </ol>		
	<ol> <li>Mergan Belmont, b. 1892; m. Margaret Frances Andrews, 1915.</li> </ol>		
Oliver H. P. Belmoat, b. 1858; d. 1908; m. 1st, Sara Swan Whiting, 1883; 2d, Alva M. Smith (Vanderbilt), 1896			

3.

1875.

4. Frederika, b. 1854; m. 1877, Samuel S. Howland; d. 1902. Raymond Belmont, b. 1866;
 d. 1867. 6. Jane P. Belmont; b. 1856; d.

### THE WHITNEYS.

# DESCENDANTS OF WILLIAM COLLINS WHITNEY.

Born in Conway, Franklin Co., Mass., July 5, 1841; married, 1st, 1869, Flora B. Payne, daughter of Henry B. Payne, of Ohio, who died Feb. 4, 1893; 2d, Sept. 28, 1896, Mrs. Edith Sybil Randolph, who died May 6,1899. He died Feb. 2, 1904.

CHILDREN.	Grandchildren.	Great-Grandchildren.	Great-Grandchildren.
<ol> <li>Harry Payne Whitney, b. in New York, April 29, 1872; m.</li> </ol>	1897.		
Gertrude Vanderbilt, 1896.	2. Cornelius V. Whitney, b.1899.		
	3. Barbara Whitney, b. 1903.		
2. Panline Whitney; m. Almeric	1. Olive Cecilia Paget.		
	2. Dorothy Windham Paget.		
3. Payne Whitney; m. Helen	1. Joan Whitney, b. Feb.5,1903.		
Hay, 1902.	2. John Hay Whitney, b. Aug. 17, 1904.		
4. Dorothy Payne Whitney; m. Willard Straight, 1911.	1. Whitney Willard Straight, b. Nov. 6, 1912.		
	2. Girl, b. Aug. 2, 1914.		
5. Child; d. Feb. 3, 1883.		1	

#### THE LEITERS.

### DESCENDANTS OF LEVI ZEIGLER LEITER.

Born at Leitersberg, Washington Co., Md., 1834; married Mary Theresa Carver, October 18, 1866; died at Bar Harbor, Me., June 6, 1904; she died 1913.

CHILDREN.	Grandchildren.	Great-Grandchildren.	Great-Great-Grandchildren.
1. Joseph Leiter, b. ia Chicago,	1. Son, b. 1909; died 1909.		
December 4, 1868; in. June 10, 1908, Juliette Williams.	2. Son, b. July 1, 1910.		
•	3. Son, born Feb. 25, 1912.		
2. Mary Victoria Leiter, b. May	1. Mary Irene Curzon.		
27, 1870; m. April 22, 1895,	9. Cynthia Blanchs Curzon.		
Rt. Hon. George Nathaniel Curzon, now Lord Curzon of			
Kedleston, ex-Viceroy of In-	3. Alexandria N. Curzon.		
dis; d. 1906.			
3. Nancy Lathrop Carver Leiter;	1. Colia Campbell, b. 1907.		
m. November 29, 1904, Major Colin Powya Campbell.			
Colla 2 on ya camperson	3. John Campbell, b.1909;d.1911.		-
	4. Nancy A. Campbell, b. 1913.		-
4. Marguerite Hyde Leiter; m.	I. Charles Heary George How- ard, Lord Andover, b. 1906.		
Dec. 26, 1904, Henry Molyneux Paget Howard, Earl of Suffolk	gra, Lord Maderer, D. 1900		
2 mg oz 22 v m m 2,000 m m	3 Gravilla Howard, h. 1909.	]	

#### THE AMERICAN MULTI-MILLIONAIRES-Continued.

#### THE COELETS.

#### DESCENDANTS OF ROBERT GOELET.

Born in New York, 1809; married Sarah Ogden; died 1879.

CHILDREN.	Grandchildren.	Great-Grandchildren.	Great-Great-Grandchildren.
Sent 29 1841; m. Henrietta	1. Robert Walton Goelet, b. March 19, 1880.		
Louise Warren, 1879; d. April 27, 1899. She d. 1912.	2. Beatrice Goelet; d. 1897.		
<ol> <li>Ogden Goelet, b June 11, 1846; m. May R. Wilson, 1877; d. Aug. 27, 1897.</li> </ol>		<ol> <li>Ogden Goelet, b.Jan.17,1907.</li> <li>Peter Gerry Goelet, b. 1911.</li> </ol>	
u. 1145. 21, 10011	<ol><li>May Goelet; m. the Duke of Roxburghe, 1903.</li></ol>	1. A son, b. 1913.	

#### PUBLIC ROADS IN THE UNITED STATES.

(From bulletin issued by the Office of Public Roads, United States Department of Agriculture.)

STATE HIGHWAY MILEAGE, JANUARY 1, 1915.

	STATE H	IGHWAY	MILEAGE,	JANUARI	1. 1915.		
STATE.	Total of State Funds, Joint Funds, and Local Funds Expended in 1914.	Total All Surfaced Roads in State (Approxi- mate).	Total All Public Roads in State.	Percentage of Surfaced Roads in State.	State and State-Aid Roads Built in 1914.	Total All State and State-Aid Roads Built to Jan. 1, 1915.	Roads Maintained with State Aid, 1914.
Alabama. Arizona. Arizona. Arizona. Arizona. Arizona. Arizona. California. Colorado. Connecticut. Delaware Florida. Georgia. Idahos. Indiana. Iowa. Indiana. Iowa. Iowa. Iowa. Kansas. Kentucky. Louislana. Maine. Maryland. Massachusetts. Michigan. Minesota. Mississippi. Missouri. Montana. Nebraska. New Hampsbire. New Jersey. New Hampsbire. New Jersey. New Mexico. New York. North Carolina. North Carolina. Okiahoma. Oregon. Pennsylvania. Rhode Island. South Carolina.	Expended in 1914.  \$3.125,925 1,009,733 2,447,368 14,670,614 2,601,449 5,096,782 421,411 3,450,000 1,586,278 7,328,768 13,258,768 13,258,768 13,258,768 14,1506 6,977,458 6,927,458 6,927,458 6,927,458 2,567,289 9,516,224 2,850,000 9,516,224 2,850,000 2,365,000 1,368,277 6,512,572 2,410,000 2,052,173 6,512,572 2,980,473 6,512,572 2,980,473 6,512,572 2,980,473 6,512,572 2,980,473 6,512,572 2,980,473 6,512,572 2,980,473 6,512,572 2,980,473 6,512,572 2,980,473 6,512,572 2,980,473 6,512,572 2,980,473 6,512,572 2,980,473 6,512,572 2,980,473 6,512,572 2,980,473 6,512,572 2,980,473 6,512,572 2,980,473 6,512,572 2,980,473 6,512,572 2,980,473 6,512,572 2,980,473 6,512,572 2,980,473 6,512,572 2,980,473 6,512,572 2,980,473 6,512,572 2,980,473 6,512,572 2,980,473 6,512,572 2,980,473 6,512,572 2,980,473 6,512,572 2,980,473 6,512,572 2,980,473 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,572 6,512,	(Approxi-	State.  Miles. 49,639 5,987 36,445 48,069 30,571 12,582 3,0004 83,986 61,4461 63,370 104,027 111,536 28,966 24,962 25,528 17,272 68,906 91,890 44,072 120,000 23,319 80,338 12,751 68,906 14,840 24,672 68,906 25,528 17,272 68,906 21,121 20,000 23,319 30,381 27,151 24,842 36,112 246,893 36,112 246,893 36,112 246,893 37,1821 48,593 37,1827 41,5367 27,121 45,540	State.  Per Cent. 11.1		Built to	
South Dakota Tennessee Texas Utah Vermont Virginia Washington West Virginia Wisconsin Wyoming	1.421,501 2.500,000 8.750,000 1.156,936 1.481,467 3.915,446 6.221,131 2.532,000 9,118,708 426,448	290 5,554 9,790 1,653 3,278 4,482 4,250 \$25 11,500 450	56,354 45,913 128,971 7,970 15,082 43,399 37,000 31,629 61,090 10,569	0.5 12.1 7.6 20.7 22.7 10.3 11.5 2.6 18.8 4.3	e s66 200 t751 288	1,072 1,631 2,916 1,024 2,632	4,252
Total	\$249,055,067	247.490	2,273,131	10.9	6,805	35,477	39,988

a Also 59 miles of road graded but not surfaced. b Also 77 miles of road graded but not surfaced. c In addition, 2,823 miles of carth road were graded. d Does not include 3,500 miles of grading. e No State highway department. f Convict labor aid to counties.  $\theta$  State aid beginning 1915. h State roads only, f Also 3,700 miles of graded road  $\ell$  Also 1,104 miles of grading and turnpiking. m Mileage not reported, a State aid in bridge construction only  $\theta$  Maintenance of State convict road camps.  $\theta$  Also 189 miles of graded road.  $\theta$  in addition, 344 miles of town and county roads. r State and county highways only, s Also 314 miles of carth road graded. u Also 602 miles of grading.

#### RENEFACTIONS OF 1916.

The gifts and bequests of 1316 listed below agregate approximately \$65,000,000 and are confined principally to American donors. Benefactious under \$50,000, war relief funds and gifts to universities generally as well as numerous funds raised by subscription for various religious, educational and charitable societies are not listed or included in the total shown above.

John D. Rockefeller gave \$10,000,000 to the University of Chicago.

Between January 7 and August 7 the Rockefeller.

John D. Rockefeller gave \$10,000,000 to the University of Chicago.
Between January 7 and Angust 7 the Rockefeller Foundation appropriated \$3,369,667.
Hebart Williams, former Chicagoan, gave \$2,000,000 and Le Verne Noves of Chicago. \$5,000,000 to the University of Chicago. Through the death of Mrs. Margaret H. W. Watson \$3,000,000 in money and property went to the establishment of a home for crippled children at Leetsdale. Pa.
Miss Lyra Brown Nickerson left \$3,000,000 to the Rhode Island School of Design and the Providence Public Library.
Included in the will of Mrs. Ellen Stebbins Curtis James, New York were the following bequests, aggregating \$2,890,000; \$750,000 each to the Presolverian Board of Relief for Disabled Ministers and Widows and Orphans of Deceased Ministers, the Board of Relief for Disabled Ministers, the Board of Conference Claimants of the Methodist Episcopal Church and the Congregational Board of Ministeria Relief; \$100,000 each to the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missioners. St. Luke's Hospital, the Female Branch of the Bible Society, the Association for the Benefit of Colored Orphans, Hampton Normal and Agricultural Institute and \$40,000 to Berea College.
Gifts to the Massachusetts Institute of Tech-

Gifts to the Massachusetts Institute of Technology aggregating \$2,660,000 were made by Pierre 5, du Pout, \$500,000; T Coleman du Pout, \$100,000; Irene du Pout, \$100,000; Lamont du 100,000; \$100,000; Charles Hayden, Boston, Raguerette (Coleman Reconstitution)

\$100,000.

Bequests totalling \$1,675,000 were made to twenty-eight charitable institutions of Cleveland. O, in the will of Robert R. Hoodes.

Mrs. Mary Warden Harkuess, widow of Charles W. Harkness the Standard Oil financier, left \$300,000 to Yale. \$200,000 to St. Bartholomew's Church and \$600,000 or more to other nhilanthropies.

Mrs. Lizzie Merrill Palmer, widow of ex-Senator Palmer. left the residue of her estate, about-\$1,000,000, for the founding in Detroit of the Merrill Palmer Motherhood and Home Training School.

Jessie Gillender, of New York, left an estate of 8750,000, practically all of which was bequeathed to charitable and religious institutions. She bequeathed to the Missionary Society of St. Paul the Apostle SZ7,000 outright and the residuary estate; to the Charity Organization Society \$100,000 and a \$30,000 remainder interest to build a non-sectarian tuberculosis nospital for intelligent women; to the Metropolitan Museum of Art \$50,000, and to the Johns Hopkins Hospital, Baltimore, \$100,000 and a \$50,000 remainder interest to combat epilepsy.

Lewis R. Roes, Rochester, N. X., bequeathed \$750,000 for a department of dietetics in the University of Rochester, N. X., bequeathed \$750,000 for a department of dietetics in the University of Rochester, N. S., bequeathed \$700,000 for a department of dietetics in the Children's Memorial Hospital will get \$25,000 and the University of Rochester, Tor the henefit not only of said city but of all America." for the Chicago Orbestral Association. The Children's Memorial Hospital will get \$25,000 and the United Charities \$25,000. Mr. Lathrop's collection of Whistler's techning, one of the two largest in existence, will go to the Art Institute. His books will go to the Newberry Library.

Everett H. Barney, Springfield, Mass., bequeathed \$600,000 to that city for the extension of its civic centre.

Newberry Library

Everett H. Barney, Springfield, Mass., bedueathed \$600,000 to that city for the extension
of its civic centre.

President Evans of Ripon College announced the
completion of a campaign to raise an endowment
fund of \$500,000. The following were among the
contributions: General Education Board, \$50,000:
O. H. Ingram of Eau Claire, one of the trustees
of the college, \$50,000: Miss Shirley Farr, of
Chicago, also one of the trustees, \$30,000:
Andrew Carnesie of New York, \$35,000: citizens
of Ripon, \$56,000. and several hundreds of
donors, mostly old students, alumni, and friends
of the college, contributed sums ranging from \$1
to \$10,000.

Norman W. Harris, Chicago, bequeathed \$500.

Henry Clay Frick was the donor of \$500,000
for the benefit of bubbic schools of Pittsburgh,
J. Ogden Armour gare \$500,000 to the endowment fund of the Armour Institute of Technology.
The net fund realized from the Alpied Bazaar
held June 3:21 in Grand Central Paiace. New
York, amounted to \$500,000 was made to the
National Board of the Young Women's Christian
Association by John D. Rockefeller.
Andrew Carnesie gave \$500,000 to the Carnegie Institute of Technology.

An Peters, \$50,000: General Education Board,
\$125,000, and Ambrose Sway, \$50,000.

The General Education Board announced the
following appropriations: Albion College, Albion,
Mich., \$100,060: George Peabody College for
Teachers, Nashville, Tenn., \$200,000: Hamline
University, St. Panl, \$100,000.

Charles Bertnam Webster, retired head of R. H.
Macy & Co., New York, bequeathed \$400,000

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Macy & Co., New York, bequeathed \$400,000

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Charles Retram Webster, retired h

Merrill Palmer Motherhood and Home Training School.

George H. S. Schrader. Brooklyn, left his entire estate of about \$1,000,000 to the Caroline Rest. Hartsdale, 300,000 to the Caroline Rest. Hartsdale, 300,000 to the Caroline Rest. The General Education Board. Section 1, 1987. Russell Saze gare to the Emma Willard following appropriations: Albion College Albion. Miss Russell Saze School of Practical Art. Miss Martha Andrews bequeathed approximately 1, 1987. Horgan presented to the Metropolitan Misseum of Art. New York, objects of art whose estimated value was more than \$1,000,000. The New York Hospital for Deformities and Joint Diseases for a new building. Harris Brisbane Dick, publisher, after making a number of specific bequests, bequeathed the Metropolitan Misseum of Art in New York. Princeton University will eventually receive about \$1,000,000. William Watson Lawrence, New York Difference of Miss. May Leask of New York. Belgions, educational and charitable institutions in the will of Miss. May Leask of New York. Eleemosynary bequests of Charles W. Harkness, New York director of the Standard Oil Company, aggregated \$875,000, as follows: to Yale University. \$500,000: to the Presbyterian Hospital of New York, \$255,000, as follows: to Yale University. \$500,000: to the Presbyterian Hospital of New York, \$255,000 on 50 follows: to Yale University. \$500,000: to the Presbyterian Hospital of New York, \$255,000 on 50 follows: to Yale University. \$500,000: to the Presbyterian Hospital of New York, \$255,000 on 50 follows: to Yale University. \$500,000: to the Presbyterian Hospital of New York, \$255,000 on for scientific and educational work and \$100,000 of on scientific and educational work and \$100,000 of on scientific and educational work and \$100,000 of on scientific and educational work and \$100,000 of on scientific and educational work and \$100,000 of on scientific and educational work and \$100,000 of on scientific and educational work and \$100,000 of on scientific and educational work and \$100,000 of on scientifi

Library. The Board of Home Missions of the Presbyterian Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and Church and

The National Training School at Durham, N. C., a negro college, received a gift of \$323,000, the greater part of which was anonymous.

Samuel Hirsh, New York, left an estate of \$300,000, which upon the death of the legatec, his widow. Eugenia, will be distributed among various Hebrew charities.

Bequests of Mrs. Mary Halloran, New York, were: Sisters of St. Vincent de Paul of Mount St. Vincent-on-the-Hudson, \$250,000 for the relief of cancer: St. Joseph's Hospital, \$10,006; German Hospital, \$5,000, and a similar amount to the Catholic Institution for the Blind.

Amherst College received an anonymous gift of \$250,000 for a library.

The Union College Alumni announced the receipt of gifts totalling \$250,000.

ceint of affis totallims \$250,000.

Mrs. Helen Cossitt Juilliard bequeathed to the Metropolitan Museum of Art and St. John's Guild, New York, each one-quarter of her residency estate. The suild was also bequeathed \$100,-000 in remainder. Other bequests in remainder were: Lincoln Hospital and Home, of which the testatrix was for many years manager. \$100,000; Children's Aid Society, \$50,000; New York Orthopedic Dispensary and Hospital, \$50,000; Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, \$50,000; Young Women's Christian Association, \$50,000; Colorado College receives a separate bequest of \$25,000 outright and \$25,000 mirrst.

Daniel Baker College received from the estate of Mrs. S. R. Coggin approximately \$250,000.

Daniel Baker College received from the estate of Mrs, S. R. Coggin approximately \$250.000 from the sum waite Harris gave \$215.000 to Mrs. Russell Sage \$100.000 and Robert W. Hunt \$60.000. Mrs. Russell Sage \$100.000 and Robert W. Hunt \$60.000. Mrs. Russell Sage \$100.000 and Robert W. Hunt \$60.000. Mrs. Russell Sage \$100.000 and Robert W. Hunt \$60.000 from the University of Illinois. Hobert Williams are \$215.000 to the University of Illinois. Hobert Williams are \$215.000 to The University of Vermont. Hobert W. Williams gave \$200.000 from the Inversity of Vermont. The late E. M. Tapliff. Man Ruth E. Barricklow gave \$200.000 from the Ruth E. Barricklow gave \$200.000 to Lebanon University. Williams gave \$200.000 to Lebanon University. W. Williams gave \$200.000 to Lebanon University W. Williams gave \$200.000 to Lebanon University of California. Henry Gassaway Davis becausethed to the Davis and Elkins College \$100.000 the Davis Mrs. May N. Scranton, Brooklyn and other charities. The will of Hall Engles, Philadelphia, left \$100.000 to charity. The General Education Board gave \$100.000 to the Prother, Edward K. Scranton, University N. Va. \$30.000: Davis Child's Shelter at Charleston, W. Va. \$40.000, and the Presbyterian churches at Davis, Elkins and Gassaway. W. Va. \$5.000 each. Fordham University received a gift of \$105.000 from the alumni. Fordham University received a gift of \$105.000 from the Guggenheim brotilers. Gen. David Butkerfield W. Kallians College from Mrs. Kathoris Spencer Leavity \$61.316 from Mrs. Kathoris Spencer Leavity \$60.316 from Mrs. Eleman Spencer Leavity \$60.316 from Mrs. Eleman Spencer Leavity \$60.316 from Mrs. Spenc

Mrs. Mary Van Nest Jackson. New York, be-queathed to St. Mary's Free Hospital for Children \$50,000: 51. Luke's Hospital, \$25,000; the House of Mercy, Inwood, N. Y. \$10,000; Trinity Chapel Home, \$25,000, and Trinity College, Hartford, Ct., \$10,600.

With \$150,000 given by Mrs. Oscar S. Straus, the Clara de Hirsch Home for Immigrant Girls New York, purchased a building to be known as the Hannah Lavanburg Home, a memorial to Mrs. Straus's mother.

Mount Sinai Hospital, New York received a gift of \$150,000 from Charles A. Wimpfheimer for the endowment of the department of addominal surgery

Louis Marshall established a trust fund of \$150,000 to provide an income to further the religious education of the Jewish girls of New York, Miss Serona Rhinelander, New York, bequeathed \$50,000 each to the Church of the Ascension, \$t. James's Church and the New York Eve and Ear Infigurary. Infirmary,

Thirmary.

Stephen M. Griswold left \$143,000, the bulk of his estate, to charity.

A. Barton Herburn, New York, gave \$130,000 to Ogdensburr City (N. Y.) Hospital.

A rift of \$125,000 was made by Richard C. Shannon of New York toward an endowment fund of \$500,000 to be raised for Colby College by 1920, A gift of \$125,000 to the Yale alumni fund from Robert W. Kelley was announced by the Yale Corporation,

Samuel Mather of Cleveland donated \$115,000 to Kenyon College.

James M. Beall gave \$106,825 to Johns Hopkins University

R. E. Olds Lansing donated \$100,000 to Michigan Agricultural College

Melen Collamore bequeathed \$100,000 to Simmons College.

Charles M. Schwab gave to Bethlehem, Pa., \$100.000 in the form of a concert hall.

Mis. Elizabeth Milbank Anderson presented \$100.000 to the visiting nurse service of the Henry Street Settlement. New York.

A gift of \$100.000, from the estate of Emil C. Bundy, of New York, for cancer research, was anounced by the Trustees of Columbia University, Gifts of more than \$100.000 to charity were contained in the will of Ann Elisa Walsh. Brooldyn which included \$10.000 to each of the following: Bosary Home for Cancer Patients, Westchester; Oatholic Orphan Asylum, Sisters of Wisdom, Port Jofferson, L. I.; St. John's College, Brooklyn: St. John's Hospital, Queens, and the same amount in this share, a his det Though the Alphatent of the College Stroklyn: St. John's College, Brooklyn: St. John's Golden, St. Vincent's Home and \$5,000 each to House of the Good Shepherd, Little Sisters of the Poor St. Mary's Hospital and St. Vincent de Paul Society, The Sisters of St. Joseph and Ursuline Convent, Idaho, S. 3,000 each.

Columbia University announced a gift of \$100.000 from James N. Jarvie, banker, for a new den-

tal school.

Mrs. Russell Sage gave \$100,000 to Lawrence College, Appleton, Wis.

John Pitcairn, founder of the Swedenborgian Colony at Bryn Athyn, Pa, and pioneer plateglass manufacturer, left \$100,000 for a fund for the Academy of the New Church to be established at Bryn Athyn.

Dr. Kenneth Dows, New York, donated \$95,000 to the Johns Hopkins University to establish and maintain a department for the study and preven-

tion of tuberculosis,

Henry W. Putnam, New York, gave \$90,000 to
the building fund of a new hospital at Benning-

Charles M. Eger. Brooklyn, bequeathed \$90,000 to Norwegian institutions.

Major R. W. Millsaos donated \$88,000 to the Millsaps College.

Ellen B. Scripps gave \$87,721 to The University

of California.

of Califomia.

Miss. Clara E., Seabury, New York, bequeathed about \$80,000 to chority.

Edward T., Stotesbury, of Philadelphia, contributed \$75,000 to the Union for Training in Suitable Trades the Mained Soldiers of France.

John V., Steger bequeathed \$50,000 for a hospital to be operated free of charge for all inhabitants of Steger, Ill. He also provided in his will that \$1,000 a year for twenty-five years be used to provide a college education for the children of the employees of the Steger piano factories.

Wallace F. Robinson gave \$75,000 to Dartmouth College.

Wallace F. Robinson gave \$75,000 to Dartmouth College.

The Daughters of Jacob, New York, collected a fund of \$75,000 for a home for aged, blind, and crippled Jews, Philip and Miss Williams also gave \$10,000 and Elias Surut \$10,000, to Mrs. Russell Sage gave \$75,000 to Kmox College of Galesburg. Ill.

Capt. W. W. Martin gave \$70,000 to the Hendrix College.

Joseph Bomneim gave \$70,000 to The University of California

of California ork Medical College and Hospital for Women received contributions amounting to \$62,000 for the equipment of a new hospital.

Archibald M. Stewart bequeathed \$60,000 to various charitable institutions. Jucluded in the will of Frederick K. Trowbridge were the following bequests: To the Protestant Episcopal Church of the Epiphany \$20,000, and \$5,000 each to New York Protestant Episcopal Missionary Society, Williams College, Young Men's Christian Association, American Female Guardian Society and Home for the Friendless, New York Christian Home for Intemperate Men, Flower Hospital, New York Port Society and Protestant Episcopal Home for Old Men and Aged Comples, Mrs. J. Wilton Cotton donated \$56.761 to Le-

Mrs. J. Milton Colton donated \$56,769 to La-fayette College.

Mrs. Mary S. Bierstadt willed \$55,000 to charitable and religious institutions.

Mrs. Evelina A. Meserole, New York, bequeathed to the Presbyterian Hospital \$30,000, to the Collegiate Church of St. Nicholas \$16,000. and to the Volunteers of America \$5,000.

the Volunteers of America \$5,000.

The Manhatanville Day Nursery Association of New York received approximately \$51,000 in gitts in its campaign for a building fund.

Over \$50,000 was pledged to the work of the New York Branch of the Christian and Missionary Alliance at its annual convention.

Gen. Grenville M. Dodge gave \$50,000 to Norwich University.

Mrs. Charles R. Turner donated \$50,000 to Wilson College.

Dr. John Meissner, gave \$50,000 to Oskaloosa College.

College,
Moses Dunn gave \$50,000 to Earlham College,
Roswell R. Robinson gave \$50,000 to Boston

Rosse's Bim Fave Soo, 000 to Earliam Cobero Rossel R. Robinson gave \$50,000 to Boston University.

Adelena M. Cramer, New York, bequeathed approximately \$50,000 to eleemosynary institutions.

Oharles G. Wasiburn gave \$50,000 to Worcester Polytechnic Institute.

Dr. William S. Woods, Los Angeles, gave \$50,000 to William Woods College, Fulton, Me, Harriett C. Alexauder gave \$50,000 to the University of California.

Mis. John T. Manson New Haven, Ct., donated \$50,000 to Lafayette College.

Jacob H. Schiff, New York, gave \$50,000 to the Jewish Publication Society of America to be used in perpetuating in the English language a number of the best Yiddish classics.

The Trustees of Thin College announced a bequest of \$50,000 from Samuel C. Livingston, Greenville, Pa. Read, White Plains, N. Y., bequeathed \$50,000 from Samuel C. Livingston, William A. Read, White Plains, N. Y., bequeathed \$50,000 to charity in New York City. The East Side House, Children's Aid Society association for Improving the Condition of the Poor, and the Charity Organization Society each were willed \$10,000.

The will of Mrs. Lucy Dudley March Chase, New York, disposed of an estate of \$50,000 in personalty. Mrs. Chase gave the Sheltering Arms Children's Home and Hospital \$10,000. The residuary estate was bequeathed to the Servants of Relief for Incurable Cancer.

The specific charitable bequests of Mrs. Anna Louise, Garland were as follows; To, the New

lief for Incurable Cameer.
The specific charitable bequests of Mrs. Anna
Louise Garland were as follows: To the New
Association for Inproving the Condition of the
Poor, \$20,000: to the Children's Aid Society,
\$15,000, and various personal effects to the New
York Protestant Episcopal Mission Society. The
residuary estate was given to the New York Society for the Relief of the Runtured and Crippled
to establish a trust fund to be called "The Anna
Louise Garland Fund,"

#### EXHIBITION OF MANUFACTURES IN UNUCUAY. (Statement of United States Vice-Consul at Montevideo.)

National School of Commerce, according to an announcement furnished by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs (a translated copy of which may be had from the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, Washington, D. C). The ministry requests that the contents of this announcement be made known in the United States in order that manufacturers may have an opportunity to contribute to the exposition.

exposition. The exposition will be free to exhibitors and will be an important factor in developing direct business by informing local merchants of the origin of the different articles, with data that will tacilitate their purchase. It is hoped that many American manufacturers will take advantage of this opportunity to display samples. Correspondence should be addressed to the Ministerio de Instrucción Pública, Montevideo, and the samples marked "Para el Museo Merciolégico de la Fscuela Nacional de Comercio." It is requested that manufacturers who send samples, etc., inform this consultate of that fact for its own information.

# STATISTICS OF EDUCATION.

UNIVERSITIES, COLLEGES, AND TECHNOLOGICAL SCHOOLS. (Prepared for The World Almanac by the United States Bureau of Education.)

	1	NCOME IN	1915.						
States.	From Tuition and Other Educa- tional Services.	From Produc- tive Funds.	From U.S. Govern- ment.	Total Receipts, Exclusive of Addi- tions to Endow- ments.	Number of Volumes in Li- braries.	Value of Libraries, Scientific Ap'ratus, Mach'y, and Furni- ture.	Value of Buildings (Includ- ing Dorm- itories).*	Produc- tive Funds.	Benefac- tions in 1915 for Endow- ment.
United States.	\$23,603,919	\$18,246,427	\$5,660,732	\$107,530,226	19,390,658	\$75,194,504	\$292,698,592	\$393,366,407	\$10,769,070
N. Atlantic Div. N. Central Div. S. Atlantic Div. S. Central Div. Western Div.	10,985,311 7,810,080 2,106,455 1,315,270 1,386,903	8,584,268 5,044,866 1,054,709 1,845,879 1,716,705	1,046.875 1.234.516	38,360,736 39,424,304 10,066,389 8,703,026 10,975,771	1 1.745.084	27,499,712 7,047,698	120,058,305 87,246,926 37,202,316 22,830,816 25,360,229	193,912,267 97,451,841 22,092,420 33,288,759 46,621,120	5,867,801 2,427,998 1,559,608 193,219 720,444
North Atlantic Division: Maine New Hampshire Vermont Massachusetts Rhode Island Connecticut New York New Jersey Pennsylvania	163,738 194,647 107,752 2,861,693 116,563 638,221 4,246,027 365,704 2,290,966	176,920 200,090 79,450 2,520,251 140,000 1,006,660 2,837,133 352,105 1,271,659	90,000 90,000 90,000 75,000 1,084,899 89,987	888,358 490,011 9,911,512 453,170 2,436,019 14,882,882 1,850,241	2,034,154 231,204 1,186,500 2,362,161 532,729	401,688 3,643,245 1,601,760 553,527 9,956,543 570,682	18,302,825 1,719,476 2,431,137 52,795,392 9,755,552	3,827,797 3,991,718 1,572,413 55,993,357 4,616,134 19,890,436 64,372,665 7,538,704 32,109,043	042 121
North Central Division: Ohio. Indiana Illinois Michigan Wisconsin Minnesota Iowa Missouri North Dakota South Dakota Kensasa Kansas	1,276,045 453,423 2,289,302 641,002 751,015 436,510 714,288 528,737 78,120 63,101 254,853 308,684	964,170 275,293 1,773,299 240,129 199,803 191,555 364,871 520,104 125,941 39,660 239,734	90,000 90,000 90,000 86,875 90,000 90,000	2,420,993 8,846,766 3,514,075 3,534,037 3,561,001 4,015,293 2,735,476 643,554 625,646	562,259 437,872 340,802 514,954 632,719 4 94,013 85,721	1,845,101 5,350,283 2,782,560 2,144,435 2,123,902 3,116,223 2,549,194	6,642,500 16,754,506 6,335,936 6,232,517 7,885,981 9,154,4% 9,057,421 1,477,086 1,607,13 2,652,156	4,321,89	123,766 1,347,155 42,727 129,053 264,260 74,960 143,296 12,413 7,872 9,274
South Atlantic Division: Delaware Maryland D. of Columbia. Virginia. West Virginia. North Carolina. South Carolina. Georgia. Florida.	7,494 280,297 384,838 456,036 44,214 344,069 168,986 375,627 44,894	207,787 26,455 180,005 59,783 67,001	101,000	1,249,360 2,108,889 472,133	299,957		5,6,4,992 990,000 3,706,81 3,051,319	4,704,978 525,104	14,430 149,468
South Centra Division: Kentucky Tennessee Alabama Mississippi Louisiana Texas Arkansas Oklahoma	138,808 353,987 119,376 86,631 210,604 330,111 41,569 34,184	98,353 92,253 347,14 744,020	78,000 67,500 64,754 68,89 77,500 76,36	1,319,380 640,59	158,29 297,46 7 101,00 9 95,79 7 139,90 233,51	658,095 6 1,083,517 9 498,100 4 651,005 2 741,425 0 1,778,59 0 451,760	4,440.36 1,977,75 2,344,18 2,322,28 6,759,20 1,232,00	2 2,490,740 6,877,799 1,143,017 1,1512,084 7,472,286 12,974,666 519,600 208,560	10,025
Western Division Montana Wyoming Colorado New Mexico Agona Utah Utah Utah Washington Oregon California		18,07 88,17 9,57 76 8 49,50 12,33 72,30 74,06	90,000 90,000 7 90,000 8 90,000	220,21 1,087,26 219,35 423,62 481,57 218,68 0 280,24 3 1,252,34	40,000 4 151,52 141.97	953,221	3,855,460	76.09 1,834,578 10,500 143,080 306,354	50,582

Not including grounds aggregating \$86,271,597 in value.

UNIVERSITIES. COLLEGES AND TECHNOLOGICAL SCHOOLS-Continued. PROFESSORS Institutions. STUDENTS IN 1915. AND IN-STRUCTORS. Total Preparatory Depts. College Graduate Professional Total STATES. Number. Number.\* Depts. Depts. Dents. ŏ Number omen omen Women Women Women Women Men. en: Men. Men. Men. en. B Ž B Ś 563 26,636 5,931 31,596 16,444 141,836 79.763 10,471 5.098 38,128 1.775 232.572 124,917 United States ..... N. Atlantic Division...
N. Central Division...
S. Atlantic Division...
S. Central Division... 11,410 14,255 4,886 4,256 3.321 76,535 87,588 23,854 23,460 21,135 2,609 48,722 1,829 2,098 391 767 118 9,099 1,444 8.897 21,398 4,548 28,761 9,518 2,635 2,614 2,770 2,411 761 801 34,567 6,070 56,436 11,882 14,632 13,055 3,658 6,247 2,967 52,121 13,936 3,619 97 136 123 188 4,025 1,961 3,941 13,477 8,154 9,574 134 295 912 514 1.169 Western Division . . . . 49 680 13 530 13,206 N. Atlantic Division: 283 160 15 1,722 1,642 696 2,083 1,794 900 Maine New Hampshire.... Vermont 45 485 81 20 9 185 2 489 89 306 6,279 287 198 23 291 223 84 6,113 237 20 Massachusetts.... 1.807 378 1,227 8,357 928 1,121 2,592 13,128 Rhode Island ... 109 42 1.10€ 104 Rinde Island
Connecticut
New York
New Jersey
Pennsylvania 3.381 331 4.028 1,823 9,835 109 4,227 603 5,114 17,514 2,464 12,015 2,054 230 34 3,377 376 1,168 5,097 30,390 13,658 187 41 182 722 3,381 19,725 314 7,141 75 287 2.273 384 1,711 599 3,105 6,880 2,214 7,247 1,859 40 1,596 398 718 370 223 205 2,209 9,146 102 14,888 7,291 18,014 7,796 5,889 5,291 8,573 6,702 1,295 1,200 4,402 9,890 1,596 683 2,055 728 742 633 878 3,048 11,877 2,323 3,103 3,229 9,388 20 32 1.180 2.983 5,158 8,764 5,747 4,277 94 1,017 164 181 539 11 332 37 25 1,679 269 372 485 1,306 4,129 1,453 435 64 Wisconsin..... 12 166 115 657 2,103 2,065 4,786 135 Minnesota.... 80 80 145 357 1.173 3,071 5,324 156 217 82 804 26 21 1,277 1,201 1,399 585 122 1.073 834 1,849 509 22 3 4 17 3,576 68 61 128 221 132 259 130 185 5 147 154 575 589 194 139 1,145 450 22 10 941 Nebraska.... 477 647 3,037 Kansas..... 590 821 451 3,527 2,819 131 76 542 6,247 4.879 S. Atlantic Division: 29 183 48 203 61 183 2,030 1,399 2,518 704 2,767 2,286 1,729 370 203 3,624 4,582 3,760 1,129 3,780 3,026 33 22 9 550 257 683 1,229 618 338 137 46 467 84 684 172 24 2,460 19 1,069 361 775 747 1,289 Virginia ..... West Virginia ..... 134 32 473 254 577 137 69 25 1,867 733 593 98 175 70 19 North Carolina.... South Carolina.... Georgia. 16 314 239 328 140 368 811 193 719 554 412 523 15 17 92 196 155 564 1,056 2,796 13 117 6 22 3,099 Florida..... 82 46 184 189 411 19 651 826 S. Central Division: 3,018 5,059 2,165 2,527 2,314 5,063 1,252 2,357 1,445 1,625 1,226 2,040 74 56 Kentucky..... 358 564 579 2 10 2 2 21 1,610 14 161 33 99 125 185 Tennessee..... 553 253 1,375 402 1,131 1,147 331 3,528 652 479 42 9 7 15 7 6 171 892 765 1,560 1,315 3,741 161 316 941 171 616 237 Louisiana..... 444 477 145 496 464 1,141 165 3,421 2,218 527 34 61 1.181 2.133 91 33 · ... 19 280 1,331 Oklahoma..... 38 151 1.338 86 Western Division: 21 80 Montana..... Wyoming.... 92 24 352 79 271 8 7 630 434 133 14 21 17 99 193121258 113 377 1,898 155 133 2,992 330 180 18 487 103 219 140 1,689 116 60 2,187 New Mexico..... 48 42 10 89 47 69 58 127 128 Utah.
Nevada.
Idaho.
Washington. 88 142 44 564 36 16 94 903 155 211 1,533 1,201 3,721 25 67 27 27 217 271 43 99 8 8 225 437 3,328 30 35 23 27 49 147 2.028 2.159 290 88 131 104 1,858 5,744 40 19 367 2,073 2,572 9 140

1.011

627

5,060

<sup>1,175</sup> Including 15.515 men and 24.879 women in irregular courses.

### THE COMMON SCHOOLS OF THE UNITED STATES.\*

(Prepared for THE WORLD ALMANAC by the United States Bureau of Education.)

										· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
States.	Pupits En- rolled.	Per Cent. of School Pop- ulation Enrolled.	Average Daily Attend- ance.	A.	Length of School Year in Days.	Whole No. of Teach- ers.	Per Cent. of Men Teachers.	Average Monthly Salary of Teachers.	Estimated Value of All Public Property Used for School Purposes.	Total Amount Expended for Schools.	Expended Per Capita of Total Population.	Cost Per Capita of Av-
United States	19,153,786	73.66	14,216,459	74.2	158.7	580,058	19.8	\$66.07	\$1,444,666,859	\$555,077,146	\$5.62	\$39.04
N. Atlantic Division N. Central Division S. Atlantic Division S. Central Division Western Division	4,578,126 6,139,220 2,835,357 4,142,849 1,458,234	69.96 76.65 72.39 72.05 81.84	3,677,735 4,814,682 1,906,317 2,696,622 1,121,103	78.4 67.2	181.6 165.6 133.8 129.4 166.2	142,997 220,075 69,576 96,687 50,723	13.5 18.2 23.0	76.68 64.91 49.16	551,120,068 531,145,219 82,456,810		6.66 6.77 2.79	50.55 44.15 18.91 19.05 61.59
N. Atlantic Division: Maine. New Hampshire. Vermont. Massachusetts. Rhode Island. Connecticut. New York. New York. New Jersey. Pennsylvania.	144,620 63,004 65,137 576,510 86,505 211,975 1,532,151 496,899 1,401,325	88.40 64.73 77.46 71.64 63.23 76.83 68.06 73.56 68.19	113,056 50,000 51,324 486,869 68,183 168,060 1,233,074 382,218 1,124,951	79.3 80.5 76.9	167.5 171.7 173.2 184.0 193.6 184.7 189.9 183.0 172.0	2,923 3,346 17,380 2,586 5,867 49,143	10.2 8.4 5.7 10.8	48.67 46.71 79.26 72.57 64.81 99.04	6,041,185 4,623,186 88,011,194 8,977,366 22,351,929 225,433,687 57,670,226	1,964,529	5.44 7.07 4.85 6.74	37.06 38.28 52.36 42.08 48.24 53.47
N. Central Division: Ohio Indiana Illinois Michican. Wisconsin Minnesota Illinois Wisconsin Minnesota Illinois Outhor Wisconsin North North Dakota South Dakota Nebraska Nebraska Kansas	895,167 548,497 1,043,227 572,201 440,103 457,041 517,559 706,364 148,021 130,812 287,566 392,662	75.33 79.00 70.81 78.16 65.53 76.23 88.68 80.24 76.57 71.41 85.05 83.20	720,442 441,168 908,906 440,595 323,476 354,339 384,000 515,233 102,490 99,078 214,152 310,803	80.5 80.4 87.1 77.0 73.5 77.5 74.2 72.9 69.2 75.7 74.5 79.2	169.0 156.2 161.0 172.0 168.0 174.0 162.9 159.0 162.5 170.0 172.0	30,358 18,449 31,953 19,500 15,531 16,920 27,082 18,648 7,911 6,861 12,018 14,844	18.4 14.7 10.9 11.2 10.0 23.8 16.4 15.3 12.1	76.02 85.69 60.41 61.55 58.66 58.35 61.41 58.36 61.72	49,224,88 119,568,94 44,389,116 24,111,88 45,438,155 36,125,107 48,561,776 11,553,444 9,467,520 22,089,50	13,829,203 18,452,125 16,442,528 17,501,867	5.65 8.33 7.40 7.5.19	42.92 42.63 42.75 52.08 42.82 33.97 64.45 45.80 47.14
S. Atlantic Division: Delaware. Maryland District of Columbia Virginia. West Virginia. North Carolina. South Carolina. Georgia Fiorida.	35,950 245,258 56,569 427,937 299,135 599,647 378,669 615,044 177,154	69.28 69.72 80.43 65.54 77.55 78.70 72.72 69.35 75.55	22.560 160,281 46,591 281,976 208,004 408,464 250,163 101,713 126,565	82.4 65.9 69.5 68.1 66.1 65.3	170.0 178.0 174.0 136.3 137.0 122.0 104.3 140.0 122.9	1,742 11,336 9,820 13,255 7,673 13,927	15.1 12.7 17.2 42.6 23.1 20.3 21.3	61.28 115.58 45.04 51.09 39.79 52.34 43.68	10,807,862 10,600,000 12,466,886 12,668,000 9,078,703 6,525,909	5.522,609 2,695,035 5,577,874 5,399,382 5,059,251 2,914,638 5,505,295	7.63 2.59 4.05	34.46 57.84 19.78 25.96
S. Central Division; Kentucky Tennessee Alabama Mississippi Lonisiana Tevas Arkansas Oklahoma	ł			72.6 61.8 61.3 68.9 67.4	139.5 121.5 124.7 123.0 130.2 132.0 129.7 136.0	12,578 10,212 10,953 6,828 22,043 10,361	32.4 29.4 26.7 19.9 29.3	56.09 37.99 64.20 63.98 50.31	9,235,690 3,110,300 10,679,683 30,023,027 11,950,315	6.746,302 5,867,450 4,480,614 2,806,562 4,829,234 14,497,750 4,360,985 7,879,906		9.30 24.68
Western Division: Montana. Wyoming. Cojorado. New Mexico. Arizona. Utah. Nevada. Idaho. Washington. Oregon. California.	85,782 29,301 178,392 67,147 44,303 96,678 11,710 92,433 238,666 133,814 480.002	86,56 84,13 83,81 60,39 77,06 80,31 72,28 81,55 77,37 77,84 89,53	63,686 24,000 118,972 49,823 29,912 79,173 8,552 69,398 180,225 122,868 374,493	74.2 81.9 66.7 74.2 67.5 81.9 73.0 75.1 75.5 91.8 78.0	163,3 139,4 171,0 135,0 156,0 162,5 160,0 176,5 155,3 174,1	3,778 1,488 6,071 1,803 1,096 2,759 576 3,144 8,639 5,751 15,618	14.3 15.5 32.2 14.1 26.1 16.7 21.2 19.8 19.1	62.37 68.97 61.77	1,997,786 16,760,089 2,441,886 2,000,000 8,963,579 1,588,233 8,561,430 31,092,660 15,629,975	1,336,764 2,135,549 4,174,781 659,660 3,821,138 12,515,225 5,954,405	6.84 7.26 3.49 8.93 10.07 6.68 9.66 8.89 7.60	48.08 55.49 26.83 71.39 52.73 77.14 55.06 69.44 48.46

<sup>\*</sup> For 1914. Later data not obtainable at time Almanac went to press.

### PUBLIC AND PRIVATE HIGH SCHOOLS AND ACADEMIES, 1915.

		PUBLIC	HIGH S	CHOOLS.	PRIVATE HIGH SCHOOLS.					
STATES.	Num-	Secon		Secor Stud		Num-	Secon		Secon	
	ber.		Female.		Female.	ber.	Male.	Female.	Stud Male,	Female.
United States	11.674	26,950	35.569	601,444	727,540	2,248	5,776	8,250	73,208	81,836
North Atlantic Div North Central Div	2,288 5,282 1,287	6,952 11,193	10,281 14,984	191,507 238,615	219,237 292,532	703 623	2,281 1,248 865	$\begin{array}{c} 3,119 \\ 2,374 \end{array}$	28,673 16,998	28,59 <b>7</b> 23,589
South Atlantic Div	1,287	2,100 3,203	2,487 3,398	39,898	52,316 $78,432$	336	865	973	10,546	10,342
South Central Div Western Div	1,738 1,079	3,502	4,419	59,523 71,901	85,023	372 214	837 545	956 828	11.170 5,911	10,749 8,559
North Atlantic Div.										
Maine New Hampshire	177 61	224 193	426	5,909 3,055	7,496 3,609	32 27	73 127	112	1,449	1,388 1,096
Vermont	69	106	210 197	2,683	3.454	18	41	84 79	1,887 733	873
Massachusetts	239	1,090	1,994	1 - 35.889	1 41.738	104	353	568	4,393	5,423
Rhode Island Connecticut	23 60	135 239	201 522	4,569 8,990	10,365	15 53	61 200	62 210	819	509 2,018
New York	653	2,225 708	3.861	1 66 120	II 75 I86	235	647	1.076	2,207 7,483	9,061
New Jersey	143	708	985	1 - 19.629	22,083	70	281	251	2,821	9,061 1,96 <b>5</b>
Pennsylvania North Central Div.:	863	2,122	1,885	44,003	50,939	149	498	677	6,881	6,264
Obio	798	1,923	1,918	39,061	44,034	85		328	1,754	2,99 <b>7</b> 1,275
Indiana	606	1,402 1,728 937	1,484 2,194	25,358	28,888 47,114	39 113		139	1.002	1,275
Illinois Michigan	655 397	937	1.446	40,684 24,200	H 28 447	1 59			3,337 1,702 1,206 2,778	5,214 2,540
Wisconsin	315	762	1,446 1,342	18,600	11 22.006	il 38	107	142	1,206	1,427
Minnesota Iowa	259 583	769 861	1,219 1,667	15,957	1 21.740	H 55		211 270	1,778	2,385 2,495
Missouri	482	951	1.104	19,806	25.525	1 66		244	1.798	
North Dakota	168	253	313	3.626	4.937	1 10	15	36	145	
South Dakota Nebraska	165 423	225 572	296 858	3,450 11,683	4,996 15,694	12 27	33 46			490 942
Kansas	431	810		16,270	22,048	28	53	114		
South Atlantic Div.:	25	37	64	1,075	1 940	. e	18	17	204	137
Delaware Maryland	90	264	309	4.836	6.365	48	168	131	1.549	1.011
Dist. of Columbia.	7	112	174	2,876	3,563	26	52	132	823	1,089
Virginia West Virginia	295 115		569 254	4,409	11,003	21	190		2,422	1,957 704
North Carolina	249	300	350	6.356	7.949	62 27	156	181	2,237	2,208
South Carolina	149 261	180 422	247	3,336	4,956 8,723	27 64	48 152	81		708 2,133
Georgia	96		159	2,008	2,907	16		168	365	395
South Central Div.:					1	1	1			
Kentucky Tennessee	216 180			6,448 6,821	8,913 9,166	65 65				1,555 2,393
Alacama	174	274	309	11 - 6.042	7.197	52	87	121	1.176	1.421
Alabama Mississippi	167	242 216	328 314	4,699	5,624 5,457	30		85	1,190	799
Louisiana Texas	116 490	975	986	3,483 18,578	24,842	82	225	106 215	2,894	877 2,768
Arkansas	160	279	1 238	5.240	0.574	19	38	33	333	537
Oklahoma Western Div.:	235	487	507	8,211	10,749	19	25	44	223	394
Montana	72	154	211	2,615	3,459	12	32	45	298	487
Wyoming	23	46		787	4 1,091	. 3				
Colorado New Mexico	116 34	324 66	447	7,014 $1,122$	9,092 1,302	13	16		166	
Arizona	17	65	81	1.079	1,336	7	20	14	228	270
Utah	42 21	208	166		'  4,107	'  18	122	87	1,791	1,973
NevadaIdaho	8.5	182	203	3,159	3,889	9	25	24	459	395
Washington	237	666	791	12,402	14.653	32	25 60	110	551	
Oregon	169 263	361 1.388		7,536 31,770	$ \begin{array}{c c} 9,201 \\ 36,229 \end{array} $	22	195 195		1,779	
Outror and	200	. 1,000	2,001			- 00			-,.,.	, 0,0.0

#### THE DICKENS FELLOWSHIP.

The Dickens Fellowship is a world-wide league of English-speaking men and women whose purpose is to exemplify the teachings of Charles Dickens and to cultivate and diffuse the spirit which pervades his writings—the spirit of innocent festivity and mirth, of religion without bigotry, of charity without coldness, of universal philanthropy and human kinship. The society began its existence in London in October, 1902.

writings—the spirit of inucent festivity and mirth, of religion without bigotry, of charity without coldness, of universal philanthropy and human kinship. The society began its existence in London in October, 1902. The object and aims of the Fellowship are:

"To knit together in a common bond of friendship lovers of that great master of humor and pathos, Charles Dickens. To spread the love of humanity, which is the keynote of all his work. To take such measures as may be expedient to remedy or ameliorate those existing social evils which would have appealed so strongly to the heart of Charles Dickens, and to help in every possible direction the cause of the poor and the oppressed. To assist in the preservation and purchase of buildings and objects associated with his name and mentioned in his works. To do all such things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects or any of them."

The fellowship is open to all, without restriction as to class, creed or nationality. Headquarters, Whitehall House, 30 Charing Cross, London. Secretary, T. W. 11ill. Branches of the fellowship have been formed not only throughout Great Britain but in the United States and Canada, India, Australia, and New Zealand. There are probably 24,000,000 copies of Dickens's works extant. The Life Presidents are the two surviving children of Charles Dickens, namely, Henry F. Dickens, K. C., and Mrs. Kate Perugini.

A branch in New York City at National Arts Club, 119 East 19th Street,

PU	BLIC	AND F	PRIVA	TE NO	RMAL	SCHO	OLS,	1915.		
	I			Schools		I		NORMAL		
STATES.	Num-		ers of	Stude Normal	ents in	Num-	Teach	ners of Students	Stude	nts in
	ber.		Female.		Female.	ber.		Female.		Female.
United States	232	1,573	2.916		75.942	43	167	249	1,620	4,405
		396	1,052	2,869		11	34	70		
North Atlantic Div North Central Div	72 77	581	834	8,421	18,983 30,877	21	. <b>1</b> 16	122	73 1,330	1,152 2,691
South Atlantic Div South Central Div	30 33	140 320	367 365	908 5,296	5.804	6 3	10	29 18	182 35	420
Western Div	20	320 136	298	864	8,216	2	2	10		77 65
North Atlantic Div.:		10	45							
Maine New Hampshire	6 2	12	47 11	34	718 223					
Vermont Massachusetts	2	3	14	8	151					
Rhode Island	12	7 <u>1</u>	133 49	241	2,604 452	5	24	46	13	849
Connecticut	1 5	14	60	3	870	2	3	9	6	124
New Jersey	20 6	96 26	307 121	240 220	2.358					
Pennsylvania	18	165	310	2,123	6,310	4	7	15	54	179
North Central Div.: Ohlo	5	24	38	50	833	3	6	10	13	117
Indiana	5 3 5	43	59	1,004	2,346	6	49	64	1,028	1.826
Illinois Miehlgan	5	68 53	95 107	717 656	4,199 4,312	4	30		91 35	331 80
Wisconsin	31	155	199	1.540	4,837	2	15	i i	28	21
Minnesota Iowa	6	49 3	107	234 20	3,726 70	2	3	1	91	114
Missourl	6	74 14	77	1.751	4.002	1		1		50
North Dakota South Dakota	4	42	14 66	172 393	1,078 945	·····i	4	4	39	148
Nebraska	1 6 4 4 4 3	48	63	764	2,140	Ĩ	6	11	5	4
Kansas South Atlantic Div.:	9	8	. 8	1,120	2,389	*				
Delaware	[ , ]			<sub>26</sub>	443	;		,		
Maryland Dist. of Columbia.	4 2	8 1	19 20 58 55 82	3	253	1	1	4		30
Virginia	5	26	58	12 398	944	1		7		22 57 121
West Virginia North Carolina	7	47 23	82	305	1,057	1 1	l	13	27 20	121
South Carolina Georgia	2 5 7 7 2 3	19 16	55 78	137 27	1,075 1,430					
Florida Sonth Central Div.:					1,730	i	·····ż	3	135	190
South Central Div.: Kentucky	4	38	44	810	2,117	١.	,			
Tennessee	4 9	31 56	46	523	1.128	2	2 3	10	35	69
Alahama Mississippi	9	10	84 11	1,002 264	1,379 721					· · · · · · ·
Louisiana	1 2 5 2	28 76 15	45	264 243	1,383	]				
TexasArkansas	5	76 15	68 8	930 146	1,838 214					
_Oklahoma		66	59	1,378	3,282					
Western Div.: Montana	1	9	10	9	197			ľ		
Wyoming										
New Mexico	3	15 13	18 20	30 20	300 71					
Arizona	2	9	16	51	255					
Utah Nevada										
Idaho	2	4	15	73 307	1 224					
Oregon	1	26 7	44 12	80	1.823 707					
_California	8	53	163	294	4,439	2	2			65
S	CHOOL	. AND	COLL	ECE I	ENR OL	MENT	IN 15	915.		

SCHO	OL_AN	D_CO	LLECE	ENR OLMENT	_IN_19	915.		
~	NUMB:	ER OF f	PUPILS.			NUMB	ER OF I	PUPILS.
GRADES.	Public.	Private	Total.	GRADES.		Public.	Private	Total.
Elementary (kindergarten, primary and grammar). Secondary (high sehools and	18,330,934	1,614,991	19,945,925	Schools for the minded		19,565	616	20,181 33,009
secondary (preparatory de- partments of higher insti-	1,328,984	· ·		Schools in Alaska s by the Governme Other public school	upported ent Is. Alaska	3,436 2,503		3,436
tutions)	96,797 12,212	140,371 53,843	237,168 66,055		stitutions		<b>20,0</b> 00	20,000
Total for the above				vidually reported Miscellaneous (art	music,		77,717	,
Clty evening schools	1	183,286	183,286	etc., estimated) Total for special s		ļ	342.171	60,000 1.155,095
Reform schools Schools for the deaf Schools for the blind	13,568	512		Total for all schoo United States	is in the	20,697,637	2,371,903	23,069,540

### PROFESSIONAL SCHOOLS IN THE UNITED STATES.

	1			1		MEDICAL SCHOOLS.*						
YEARS.	THEOLO	GICAL S	SCHOOLS.	LAY	v Scho	ors.	1	Regular		Hor	nœopat	hlc.
1 LANS.	Schools.	Teach- ers.	Pupils.	Schools.	Teach- ers.	Pupils.	Schools.	Teach- ers.		Schools.	Teach- ers.	Pupils.
1906-1907 1907-1908	162 156		9,583	108	1,209 1,424	18,069	121	5,642 6,342	21,237	18	654 858	1.034
1908-1909 1909-1910 1910-1911	162 184 193	1,350 1,453 1,495	10,218 11,012 10,834	114	1,343 1,534 1,570	19,567	112	6,607	19,983	14	780 680 553	897
1911-1912 1912-1913	182 179	1,502 1,269	$11,242 \\ 10,965$	$\frac{118}{124}$	1,707 $1,460$	$20.760 \\ 20.878$	98 94	6,734 6,624	17,239 16,130	11	648 549	864 891
1913-1914 1914-1915	176 164			120			82	6,814	14,257	9	489 455	781
	Den	ital Sch		-		armacy.	1	sional l				edicine.
1906-1907 1907-1908	57 56 55	1,595	6,519	<b>7</b> 5	690 760 802	5,567	1.026		26,457	15	285	2.239
1908-1909 1909-1910 1910-1911	53 55	1,609 1,546 1,574	6,178 6,439 6,961	79 77	815 847	6,226 6,131	1,129 1,121		32,636 29,805	$\frac{1}{20}$	351 408	2,717 2,571
1911-1912 1912-1913	52 48	1,588 1,441	7,190 8,115	79 77 76 75 72	962 784	6,163 6,165	1,057 1,094		32,389 34,417	$\frac{21}{22}$	400 351	2,324
1913-1914 1914-1915	50 50	1,532 1,583	9,315 9,647	72 76	955 833	5,930 6,107			36,120 46,141		356	

<sup>\*</sup>In 1914-1915 there were 2 Schools of Eclectic Medicine with 67 instructors and 144 students.

#### HICH BUILDINGS IN WANHATTAN OF TWENTY STORIES OR MORE.

OF IWENTI STORIES OR MORE.								
NAME AND LOCATION.	No. of Stories.	Height (Feet).	NAME AND LOCATION.	No. of Stories.	Height (Feet).			
Adams, 61 Broadway. American Express Co., 65 B'way American Surety Co., 100 B'way Ashland, 4th Ave. and 24th St Astor Trust, 5th Ave. and 24d St. Bankers' Trust Co., Wall and Nassau Sts. Bittmore Hotel, Madison Ave. and 43d St. Broad Exchange, 25 Broad St. City Investing, 165 Broadway. Clarendon, 4th Ave. and 18th St. Columbla Trust Co., 60 B'way. Commercial Cable Co., 20 Broad St Corn Exchange Bank, 15 William St Croisic, 220 5th Ave. Eagle, 4th Ave. and 21st St. Elght West Fortieth Street. Eighty Maiden Lane. Eleven-Thirteen E. 26th St. Empire, B'way and Rector St. Equitable, 120 Broadway. Fitty Broad Street. Flation (Fuller), B'way and 23d	32 32 32 23 20 21 39 26 20 29 33 20 23 21 20 21 20 21 20 21 20 21 20 21 20 21 20 21 20 21 20 21 20 21 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	424 424 306, 1 in. 266 261 539 305 276, 0½ in. 483, 8 in. 283, 8 in. 285, exclusive of dome. 269, 2 in. 299 271 315 274, 8¾ in. 283 485, 9 in. 242 286	Hess, 4th Ave, and 26th St Hudson Terminal, 30 and 50 Church St	20 22 22 25 20 20 50 24 20 22 22 26 24 21 26 23 25 25 26 27 28				
St. Forty-first St., 18-20 E. 41st St Forty-second St., 18-28 E. 42d St. Forty-two Broadway. Four Sixty-one 8th Ave. Germanis, Life, 50 Union Squarr Hanover National Bank, Nassau and Pine Sts. Heckscher, 307-315 Madison Ave Hetdelberg, B'way and 42d St., Herald Square, 141 W. 36th St.	20 20 21 21 20 22 20 30	252, 2 in. 272 340 281 385 270 410 259, 2 in.	and 58th St. Victoria, B way and 27th St. Western Union, 195 Broadway. West Street, West and Cedar Sts. Whitehall, 17 Eathery Place. Woolworth, 233 Broadway. World's Tower, 110-112 W. 40th St. Yale Club, Vanderbilt Ave. and 44th St.	20 20 28 23 32 51 30	272, 8¼ in. 263, 11 In. 403, 6 In. 424 750 335 263			

### HIGH BUILDINGS FOR WHICH PLANS WERE FILED FROM JUNE 1, 1916, TO NOV. 1, 1916.

LOCATION.	No. of Stories.	Height (Feet).	LOCATION.	No. of Stories.	Height (Feet).
24 West 59th St. Madison Ave. and 40th St. 109-111 East 40th St. 351 West 42d St. William and John Sts. 112 Park Ave.	20 22 20	264, 6 in. 249 1290	201 Broadway. Church and Dey Sts. Church and Fulton Sts. Broadway and 48th St Madison Ave. and 45th St.	27 27 39	362 362 362 431, 10 in. 260

## PRINCIPAL UNIVERSITIES AND COLLEGES OF THE UNITED STATES.

TABLE ONE.

THE statistics embraced in this table were communicated to THE WORLD ALMANAC by the Presidents of the respective institutions, and represent their condition at the close of 1916. Persons writing to the different institutions for catalogues should inclose postage stamp for reply, and also indicate the reason for request.

ORGAN- IZED.	Colleges. For explanation of signs, see Index.	Location.	Control.	President or Chairman of Faculty.	Instruc- tors.*	Stu- dents (*)	Vol- umes in Library
1896 1859 1876 1889 1872 1866	Adelphi College‡ Adrian College† Ag. & Mech. Col. of Tex. Agnes Scott College‡ Alabama Poly. Inst.† Albany College† Albin College† Albinght College†	Adrian, Mich College Sta., Tex Decatur, Ga	Meth. Prot State Non-Sect State Presbyterian	F. D. Blodgett, B. A., M. A. Aubrey F. Hess, Ph. D	39 18 115 33 75 16 29	561 140 1,235 305 901 150 535	16,618 7,500 5,500 7,500 26,500 7,500 23,500
1836 1815 1887	Alford University† Allegheny College† Alma College† Amer Col Surgeons	Alfred, N. Y. Meadville, Pa Alma, Mich Chicago, Ill	State Non-Sect Meth. Epis. Presbyterian	L. Clarence Hunt, M. A., B. D. Levi J. Rowan, B. S., Ph. D. Rev. Boothe C. Davis, LL. D. W. H. Crawford, D. D., LL. D. Harry Means Crooks, A. B.	20 30 45 27 21	200 539 420 405 213	10,000 1,500 30,000 44,000 26,437
1872 1891	Annap. & Balti. U.† Antioch College† Arkansas College†	Baltimore, Md. vv. Yellow Springs, O Batesville, Ark	Presbyterlan	Blshop John W. Hamilton. Alex. Meiklejohn, Ph. D. W. S. Lacy, A. M., B. D. J. L. Spence, A. M.	10 15	500 75 258	5,000 3,000
1890 1867 1818 1869 1860	Asbury Colleget Atlanta Universityts Auburn Theol. Sem'yt Augsburg C. & T. Sem. Augustana Colleget	Wilmore, Ky Atlanta, Ga Auhurn, N. Y Minneapolis, Minn Rock Island, Ill	Non-Sect Presbyterian Lutheran	Edward T. Ware Rev. G. B. Stewart, D. D Gco. Sverdrup, B. A., M. A.	21 36 12 18	420 517 62 154	3,000 17,000 37,184 7,000
1845 1889	Baker University† Baldwin-Wallace Col.† Barnard College‡ Bates College†	Berea, Ohio Manh'n Boro, N. Y Lewiston, Me	Meth. Epis Meth. Epis	Arth L. Breslich A. B. B. D.	10 31 50 115 30 75	736 472 1,378	18,000 ww1,180 40,702 29,663
1880 1846 1871	Bellevue College† Beloit College† Benedict†§ Berea College† Bethany College† Bethany College† Bethel College†	Bellevue, Neb Beloit, Wis Columbia, S. C	Baptist	Byron W. Valentine, A. B., Wm. G. Frost, Ph. D., D. B. Rev. E. F. Pihlblad, A. M	17 37 34 67 42 29	180 388 700 1,668	6,708 53,500
1871 1869 1794 1857	Bonebrake Th. Sem.† Boston University† Bowdoin College Bridgewater College†	Dayton, Ohio Boston, Mass Brunswick, Me Bowdon, Ga Bridgewater, Va	U. Brethren. Non-Sect Non-Sect State	J. P. Landis, D. D., Ph. D. Lemuel H. Murlin, D. D Wm. De Witt Hyde, D. D. N. J. Warren, A. B., A. M., J.S. Fjory, B. A., Ph. D., A. M.	21 13 7 191 83 12 22	238 152 70 202,608 484 375 200	4,900 2,000 4,100 62,000 113,418 8,000 12,000
1877 1764 1885 1846 1855	Brigham Young Col.†. Brown University† Bryn Mawr Col.† Bucknell University† Butler College†	Logan, Utah Providence, R. I Bryn Mawr, Pa Lewisburg, Pa Indianapolis, Ind	Non-Sect Non-Sect Non-Sect	C. N. Jensen, M.S.A., Ph. D. M. C. Thomas, LL. D. John H. Harris, LL. D. Thos. Carr Howe.	34 61 21	448	7,500 75,000 30,000 14,000
1870 1866 1879	Camphell College† Campion College Canisius College Carleton College† Carlisle Indlan Ind.Sc† Carnegie Inst. of Tech. Carson Newman C.†	P'rie du Cluen, Wis. Buffalo, N. Y Northfield, Minn Carlisle, Pa	Non-Sect Non-Sect	George J. Krim, S. J D. J. Cowling, Ph. D., D. D. Oscar H. Lipps (Supt.)	36 25 42 60 224	530 503 700 tt3,432	16,050 45,000 30,000 4,000 350,000 3,000
1870 1881	Carthage Colleget Case Sc. Appl. Science	Carthage, Ill Cleveland, Ohio	Preshyterian Lutheran Non-Sect Ref Ch in U S Catholic Catholic	J. M. Burnett, A. B., D. D. W. O. Carrier, A. M., D. D. Rev. H. D. Hoover, Ph. D. Charles S. Howe, Ph. D. Rev. J. D. Andrew, A. M. Very Rev. Wm. F. Hughes. Bt. Rev. T. J. Shahan, D. D.	21 25 56	300 200 535 150 465	10,500 12,000 12,527 10,000
1887 1857 1853 1864 1819 1890	Cedarville College† Central College† Central College† Central Wesleyan Col.† Centre College ChicoraCol.for Women	Cedarville, Ohio. Fayette, Mo. Pella, Iowa. Warrenton, Mo. Danville, Ky. Columbia, S.C.	Ref. Presb Meth. Ep. S. Baptist Meth. Epis Presbyterlan Preshyterian	Rev. J. D. Andrew, A. M. Very Rev. Wm. F. Hughes. Rt. Rev. T. J. Shahan, D.D. Rev. W.R. K. McChesney, Ph. D. Paul H. Linn, A. B., A. M. John Wm. Bailey, Ph. D. O. E. Kriege, A. M., D. D. Wm. A. Ganfield, M. A Rev. S. C. Byrd, A. M., D. D. y fire Oct. 5, 1916. Bro. John Joseph Earle M. Todd, A. B., D. D. Earle M. Todd, A. B., D. D.	11 14 16 25 12 25	209 252	5,000 8,000 10,350
1849 1871 1853 1842 1902 1870	Christlan Bros. Col Christlan Bros. Col Christlan Univ.† Cltadel Mil. College Clark College Clark University§†	St. Louis, Mo. Memphis, Tenn Canton, Mo. Charleston, S. C. Worcester, Mass. Atlanta, Ga.	destroyed b Catholic Disciples State Non-Sect Meth. Epis.	y fire Oct. 5, 1916. Bro John Joseph	15 19 16 24 20	230 145 251 4 157 263	9,000 6,300 75,000 3,000
189	Clarkson College Tech	Potsdam, N. Y	Non-Sect.	John P. Brooks, Sc. D	1 1	3 109 3 109	

ORGAN- IZED.	Colleges. For explanation of signs, see Index.	Location.	Control.	President or Chairman of Faculty.	Instruc- tors.*		Vol- umes in Library
1893 1881	Clemson Agri. College Coe College†	Clemson Col., S. C. Cedar Rapids, Iowa	State Non-Sect	W. M. Riggs, B. S., LL. D. Johna.Marquis, D.D., LL.D.	71 49	840 829	18,480 14,000
1813 1819	Colby Colleget Colgate University	Waterville, Me Hamilton, N. Y Charleston, S. C Manh'n Boro, N. Y. N. Rochelle, N. Y.				• • • • •	
1785 1847	College of Charleston. College City of N. Y. Col. of New Rochellet	Charleston, S. C Manh'n Boro, N. Y.	Non-Sect City	Harrison Randolph, LL. D. Dr. Sidney E. Mezes, LL. D.	d	a 80	20,410 66,664
1892	Col. of New Rochellet College of Puget S'd.		Catholic Methodist	Rev. M. C. O'Farreli, A. B. Edward H. Todd, D. D	37 21	195	4,100 7,400
1842 1852	College of Puget S'd.† Col. of the Holy Cross. College of the Pacific†	Worcester, Mass San José, Cal Convent Sta., N. J. Wooster, Ohio	Catholic Meth. Epis	Rev. M. C. O'Farrell, A. B. Edward H. Todd, D. D Rev. Jos. N. Dinand, S. J. J. L. Seaton, Ph. D., S. T. B. Sister M. P. Kelligar J. Campbell White, LL. D. Chevits J. Over J. D. Chevits J. Over J. D.	32 28 25	597 367	40,000 5,000
1899 1868	College of the Pacific† Col. of St. Elizabeth‡. College of Wooster†	Convent Sta., N. J. Wooster, Ohio	Catholic Presbyterian	Sister M. P. Kelligar J. Campbell White, LL. D.	51	175 737	25,000 40,563
1871	Colorado Agri. Col.†	Colorado Sa's Col	Independent	W F Slowm LL D D D	87 43	632 745	38,322 -70,000
1874 1754	Colorado Sc. of Minest Columbia Univ	Golden, Col Manh'n Boro, N. Y. Fort Wayne, Ind.	Non-Sect	Howard C. Parmelee, A. M. N. M. Butler, LL. D., Ph.D. Rev. Martin Luccke.	21 p	209 p 255	13,000 661,650
1881	Concordia College Connecticut Agr. Col.†	Storrs, Ct	EvangLuth State	C. L. Deach, D. Agi., D. C.	12 35	214	14,610
1911 1890	Connecticut College	New London, Ct Spartanburg, S. C	None	Frederic Henry Sykes, M. A.	30	200	
1887 1857	Converse Conleget Cooper Colleget Cooper Uniont Cornell Colleget Cornell Universityt Cotner Universityt	Storling Kon	Un. Presb Non-Sect	Rev. Ross T. Campbeil, D.D. R. Fulton Cutting	19 101	225 3,910	54,980
1853 1865	Cornell Colleget Cornell University	New York City.  Mt. Vernon, Iowa. Ithaca, N. Y. Bethany, Neb. Omaha, Neb. Lebanon, Tenn. Mitchell, S. Dak.	Meth. Epis Non-Sect	Chas, Wesley Film, D. D.	820 27	7,656	474,278
1013	Creighton Universes	Bethany, Neb Omaha, Neb	Christian Catholic	C.W.Erickson, A.M. (Chan.) Rev. F. X. McMenamy, S. J.	150	325 1,245	50,000
1842 1884	Cumberland Univ.† Dakota Wesley, Univ.†	Lebanon, Tenn Mitchell, S. Dak	Presbyterian Meth. Epis	Homer A. Hill (Act'g Pres.) C. V. Gelliland (Act'g Pres.)	150 24 25	416 275	15,000
1889 1769	Dartmouth College	Hamaran M. II	Presbyterian Non-Sect	J. P. Junkin, A. B E.M. Hopkins, Litt.D., LL.D.	17 116		135,000
1836 1904		Dovidson N.C.	Presbyterian Presbyterian	Jos. Allen, A. B., LL. D.	16	145	2,400
1901 1902	Defiance Colleget	Decatur, Ill. zz Defiance, Ohio Newark, Del	Presbyterian Christlau	P. W. McReynolds, D. D.	57 26	789 601	7,000
1833 1831	Delaware College	Granville, Ohio	Baptist	Jacob G. Schurman, A. M C.W. Erickson, A.M. (Chan.) Rev. F. X. McMenamy, S. J. Homer A. Hill (Act'g Pres.) C. V. Gelliland (Act'g Pres.) J. P. Junkin, A. B E. M. Hopkins, Litt. D., LL. D. W. J. Martin, A. B., LL. D. Jos. Allen, A. B. LL. D. P. W. McReynolds, D. D. Samuel C. Mitchell, Ph. D. Clark W. Chamberlain, Ph. D. Cly V. Rev. F. X. McCabe, C. M.	43 55	710	55,000
1898 1837	De Paul University† DePauw University†	Chicago, Ill Greencastle, Ind	Catholic Meth. Epis		107 38 24	1,257 928	47,831
1865 1783	Diskinson Colleget	Des Maines Laws	Baptist Meth. Epis	J. H. Morgan, LL. D	19	380	34,000
1872 1881	Doane Colleget Drake Universityt Drew Theol. Seminary	Cartisle, Pa		Wm. O. Allen, S. T. B., Ph.D. H. M. Bell, A.B., A.M., LL.D. Ezra S. Tippie, D. D	92	1.532	28,452
1867 1873	HDrinry Colleget	Madison, N. J Springfield, Mo	lNon-Sect		21	174 300	30.000
1852 1873	Dubuque College	Dubuque, Iowa Dubuque, Iowa	Presbyterian Catholic	Cornelius M. Steffens, A. M. Daniel M. Gorman, LL. D.	21 28 37 21	270 510	9,475
1900 1847	Eastern Colleget	Dubuque, Iowa Dubuque, Iowa Manassas, Va Richmond, Iud	Independent Friends	Daniel M. Gorman, LL. D. Hervin U. Roop, LL. D. Robt. L. Kelly, LL. D. Rev. Jno. C. Piery, A. B	33	400	30,000
1897	Elmhurst College, see	Salem, Va Proseminar College Elmira, N. Y	Lutheran		ı	1	
1855 1889	I Elon Colleget	IEION College, N. C.	Christian	John Balcom Shaw, D. D W. A. Harper, Litt. D.,LL.D.	32 27 13	400	10,000
1838 1914	Emory University**	Emory, Va Atlanta, Ga	Methodist Meth. Epis	W. A. Harper, Litt. D., LL.D. Chas. C. Weaver, Ph. D BishopW.A.Candler (Chan.)	88		3,000
1882 1839	Erskine Colleget	Emporia, Kan Due West, S. C	District	II O Duitchard A M	2.	300	14,000
1855 1892	Enirmount Colleget	Eureka, Ill Wichita, Kan	Disciples Congregat'i	H. O. Pritchard, A. M Walter H. Rollins, A. B John W. Hansel	18	450	35,500
1887	ll Findlay Colleget	Wichita, Kan Fargo, N. Dak Findlay, Ohio	Non-Sect Ch. of God	Wm. H. Guyer, A. M., D. D.	35 23 40	538 552	6,500
190	Fisk University†§ Florida State Colleget	Nashville, Tenn Tallahassee, Fla Fordham, N. Y. C. Lancaster, Pa	Congregat'l.	F. A. McKenzie, Ph. D Edw. Couradi, Ph. D Rev. Joseph A. Mulry, S. J. H. H. Apple, D. D., LL. D. E. A. Hanley, A. M., D. D. Rev. W. M. Hughes, D. D. Edmund Stanley, A. M	39 172	550 1,810	9,000
178	Franklin & Marshall C.	Lancaster, Pa	Catholic Ref. in U. S. Non-Sect	H. H. Apple, D. D., LL. D.	1 12	32	1 39,000
182	Franklin Colleget Franklin Colleget	Franklin, Ind New Athens, Ohio. Wichita, Kan	Non-Sect Friends	Rev. W. M. Hughes, D. D.	18 12 20		2 000
185 186	Friends University	Greenville, S. C Washington, D. C.	Baptist	Edwin McN. Poteat, D. D. Percivai Hall, M. A., Litt. D.	12	230	8,000
181	General Theol. Sem	IMann'n Boro, N. Y	Non-Sect Episcopalian	Rev.H.E.W.Fosbroke, Dean. R. H. Martin, A. B	12	tt14:	61,006
184 187 182	G. Peabody C. Teacht	Beaver Falls, Pa Nashville, Tenn	Ref. Presb Nou-Sect Baptist	Dwigo Dyburn Payno A R	36	tt1,410	30,000
178	Georgetown Univ Geo. Washington U.†	Georgetown, Ky Washington, D. C. Washington, D. C.	Catholic	M. B. Adams, D. D., LL. D. Rev. A. J. Donlon, S. J Chas. H. Stockton, LL. D.	220	1.500	154,000
188 188	8 Georgia Sc. of Tech	Atlanta, Ga Baltimore, Md	Non-Sect				
189	5 Graceland Colleget	II.amoni lowa	Latter Day. Baptist		1	153	9,000
189	2 Greenville Colleget	[Grinnell Iows	Free Meth Non-Sect	Eldon G. Burritt, A. M J. H. T. Main, Ph. D., LL. D	20 5	30	5,000 54,000
188	4 Grove City Colleget.	Grinnell, Iowa Grove City, Pa Guifford Col., N. C	Non-Sect	Eldon G. Burritt, A. M J. H. T. Main, Ph. D., LL. D. W. C. Ketler, A. B., A. M. Thos. Newlin, D. D., LL. D.	3 18	1.01	13,000
186	4 Grove City Colleget. 8 Guilford Colleget 2 Gustav. Adolph. Col. 2 Hamilton College	St. Peter, Minn Clinton, N. Y	Lutheran Non-Sect	O. J. Johnson, B. D M. W. Stryker, D. D., LL. D.	10 2° 20	37 22	14,000 70,000

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ORGAN-	Colleges. For explanation of signs, see Index.	Location.	Control.	President or Chairman of Faculty.	Instruc- tors.*	Stu- dents (*)	Vol- umes in Library
1834 1883	Hamline University† Hampden-Sidney Col Hampton N. & A. I. j Hanover College† Hartford Theol. Sem.† Hartshorn Mem.Col§ Harvard University l.	Hartford, Ct Richmond, Va	Non-Sect	Samuel F. Kerfoot, D. D. H. T. Graham, A. B., B. D. Rev. H. B. Frissell, D. D. Wm. A. Millis, I.L. D. W.D. Mackenzie, D.D., LL. D. George W. Rigler, A. M A. Lawrence, A. B. L. B., Ph. D	24 10 133 21 12 12 12	485 tt118 1,839 304 64 tt196	17,300 25,000 37,342 25,000 108,000 2,500 1,183,317
1873 1833 1907 1855 1850 1889 1884	Haverford College Hawaii College Hedding Colleget Heidelberg Univ.t	Hastings, Neb Haverford, Pa Honolulu Abingdon, Ill Tiffin, Ohio Arkadelphia, Ark Conway, Ark	Presbyterian Friends Non-Sect Meth. Epis Ref. in U. S. Methodist	R. B. Crone, Ph. B. Isaac Sharpless, D.Sc., LL.D. A. L. Dean, A. B., Ph. D. W. D. Agnew, A. B., S. T. B., Chas, E. Miller, D. D., LL. D. J. M. Workman, A. B., B. S.	892 21 25 21 18 44 18	296 193 107 200 685 220	6,000 69,000 21,800 5,000 16,000 3,500
1894 1857 1889 1856 1850	Highland Park Col.† Hillsdale College† Hiram College† Hiwassee College†	Conway, Ark. Tulsa, Okla. Highland, Kan. Des Moines, Iowa. Hillsdale, Mlch. Hiram, Ohlo. Hlwassee Col., Tenn nr. Madisonville.	Presbyterian Presbyterian Non-Sect Non-Sect Meth. Epls. S	J. H. Reynolds, B. A., M. A. W. Gilbert James, A. B Geo. P. Magill, A. M., D. D. Jos. W. Mauek, LL. D Miner L. Bates, M. A., LL. D. Rev. J. E. Lowry, A. M	12 10 70 24 24 9	267 103 1,895 457 312 178	15,490 5,050 8,000 24,000 15,800 4,000
1866 1841 1889 1867 1870 1883 1829 1857	Howard College† Howard Payne Col.† Howard Univ.†c Hunter College† Huron College† Illinois College† Ill. State Norm, Univ.†	Geneva, N. Y. Holland, Mich. Birmingham, Ala. Brownwood, Tex. Washington, D. C. New York City. Huron, S. Dak Jacksonville, Ill. Normal, Ill. Bloomington, Ill.	Non-Sect. Ref. of Am Baptist Baptist Non-Sect Non-Sect Presbyterian Presbyterian State Methodist.	LymauP. Powell, D. D., LL. D. Ame Vennema, D. D. J. M. Shelburne, A. M., D. D. J. M. Shelburne, A. M., D. D. Stephen M. Newman, D. D. Stephen M. Newman, D. D. Geo. S. Davis, LL. D. Rev. Harry M. Gage, A. M. C. H. Rammelkamp, Ph. D. D. Felmley A. B., LL, D. Jos. R. Harker, A. M. Wm. L. Bryan, Ph. D., LL. D. Raymond A. Pearson, LL. D. Raymond A. Pearson, LL. D. Raymond A. Schell T. D. Edwin A. Schell T. D.	21 24 20 24 115 220 24 26 102 44	602	25,000 7,500 27,000 9,273 19,000 31,600 15,000
1820 1869 1842 1847 1910 1909 1884 1876	Ill. Wesley, Univ.† Ill. Woman's Col Indiana University† Io'a St. C. A. & M. Arts† Iowa Wesley. Col † Isbell Col.†. Jackson College† Jamestown College† John B. Stetson Univ.† Johns Hopkins Un.†.	Jaeksonville, III. Bloomington, Ind. Ames, Iowa. Mt. Pleasant, Iowa Talladega, Ala. Tufts Coll., Mass Jamestown, N. Dak. De Land, Fla. Baltimore, Md.	Presbyterian		14 38 23 40	5,502 356 80 115 249	8,632 108,000 62,200 12,200 500 72,886 6,000 24,520 193,000
1838 1876 1833 1896 1863 1885 1854	Judson Colleget Juniata Colleget Kalamazoo Colleget Kansas City Univ.†. Kans. State Agr. Col.† Kansas Wesleyan Un.† Ky. Wesleyan Col.†.	Marion, Ala.  Huntington, Pa.  Kalamazoo, Mich.  Kansas City, Kan.  Manhattan, Kan.  Salina, Kan.  Danville, Ky.  Winehester, Ky.	Bretmen	Paul V. Romer, A. B., D. D. I. H. Brumbaugh, A. M. Herbert L. Stetson, A. M., J. H. Lucas, D. D., Li. D. Henry J. Waters, B. S., LL. D. John F. Harmon, D. D. M. M. Allen, A. B. J. L. Clark, D. D., LL. D. Rev. W. F. Peirce, D. D., LHD	275 25 23 17 29 298 46 26 10	251 239 3,314 1,039 210 100	28,000 15,500 6,000 55,356 12,500 1,700 6,300
1837 1837 1875 1826 1859	Kenyon College Keuka Colleget Kings Colleget Kings Colleget Knox Colleget Latayette Colleget Lake Eric Colleget Lake Forest Colleget Lander Colleget Lane Colleget Lane Colleget	Keuka Park, N. Y. Bristol, Tenn Galesburg, III. Knoxville, Tenn Easton, Pa. Painesville, Ohlo. Lake Forest, III. Greenwood, S. C. Jackson, Tenn	Presbyterian Non-Sect United Pres	T. Scherer, A. B., M. A. Thomas McClelland, D. D. R. W. McGranahan, D.D. J. H. MacCracken, Ph. D. Vivian B. Small, A. M. J. S. Nollen, Ph. D., LL. D. Rev. John O. Willson, D. D	34 57 26 21	70- 47: 63: 14: 22: 23:	4 14,000 4,500 42,000 13,000 1 29,000 3 6,041
1863 1847 1856 1854 1867 1866 1891	La Salle Colleget Lawrence Colleget Leander Clark Col.† Lebanon University† Lebanon Valley Col.† Lehigh University L. Stanford, Jr., Univ.† Lener Colleget	Appleton, Wis Toledo, Iowa Lebanon, Ohio Annville, Pa S. Bethlehem, Pa. Stanford Univ., Cal	Catholic Methodist U. Brethren Corporation U. Brethren Non-Sect Non-Sect Preshyterial	<ul> <li>Wm. McKibbln, D.D., LL.D</li> <li>Bro. Dennis Edward, LL.D</li> <li>Bro. Dennis Edward, LL.D</li> <li>Sam. Plantz. Ph. D., D.D.</li> <li>H. W Ward (Act'g Pres.).</li> <li>Holly E. Cunnlingham, M. A.</li> <li>Rev. Geo. D. Gossard, D.D</li> <li>Henry S. Drinker, LL. D.</li> <li>Dr. R. L. Wilbur, A. B., A. M</li> <li>A. St. C. Mackenzle, LL. D</li> </ul>	11 12	310 7 71 6 24 7 30 9 34 0 77 4 2,05	0 12,500 4 34,871 3 7,500 0 18,000 3 6,000 5 139,000 6 276,251
1874 1865 1897 1854 1851 1900 1860 1851 1911	Liberty College; Lincoln College; Lincoln Mem'l Unlv. Lincoln University Lombard College† Louisiana College† Louisiana State Un.† Loyola College Loyola University	Glasgow, Ky Lincoln, III. Harrogate, Tenn. Lineoin Univ. Pa. Galesburg, III. Pineville, La Baton Rouge, La. Batimore, Md. New Orleans, La. Griscog III.	Presbyterlan	J.H.MeMurray, A.M., Ph. D. George A. Hubbell, Ph. D.	2 2	4 65 5 21 7 23 0 19 6 1,66 6 35 0 30	9,000 18,000 7,000 1,950 37,551 40,000 16,500
190 188 185 183 186 185 181 181	Loyola College Loyola University Doyola University University Manacalester Colleget Marietta Colleget Marietta Colleget Marquette Univ. ee Maryland Agri. Col.† Mayville Colleget Mass. Agrl. Colleget Mass. Agrl. Colleget	St. Paul, Minn Manh'n Boro, N. Y. Marletta, Ohlo Milwaukee, Wls College Park, Md Maryville, Tenn Amherst, Mass	Presbyteria Catholie Non-Sect State Presbyteria State	J. M. Tildeu, A. M., LL. D C. Cottingham, M. A Thomas D. Boyd, LL. D Rev. Wm. J. Ennis, S. J Rev. Alphonse E. Otis, S. J. Rev. John Furay, S. J T. M. Hodgman, A. M., LL. E. Rev. Bro. Edward, F. S. C. Geo. W. Hinman, Ph. D. Herbert C. Noonan, S. J Harry J. Patterson, D. Sc. Samuel T. Wilson, D. D. K. L. Butterfield, LL. D.	2. 24 2. 24 4. 67	0 35 6 25 9 25 0 1,56 2 31	50 14,000 18,250 76,000 31 32,000

ORGAN-	Colleges. For explanation of signs, see Index.	Location.	Control.	President or Chairman of Faculty.	Instruc- tors.*	Stu- dents (*)	Vol- umes ln Library
1887 1882 1885 1892 1867 1847	Mass. Inst. Tech.† McCormick Th. Sem. McKendree College†. McKinnville College†. McMinnville College†. McMinnville College†. McCollege†. McCollege†. McCollege†. Minni University† Mich. Agri College†. Midlebury College†. Midlebury College†. Milligan College†. Milligan College†. Milligan College†. Milligan College†. Milligan College†. Milligan College†. Milligan College†. Milligan College†. Milligan College†. Milligan College†. Milligan College†. Milligan College†. Milligan College†. Milligan College†. Milligan College†. Milligan College†. Milligan College†. Milligan College†. Milligan College†. Milligan College†. Milligan College†. Milligan College†. Milligan College†. Milligan College†. Milligan College†.	Cambridge, Mass Chicago, III Lebanon, III McMinnville, Ore Meadville, Pa Rochester, N. Y Ratelgh, N. C. Oxford, Ohio E. Lansing, Mich Houghton, Mich Middlebury, Vt Atchison, Kan Milligan, Tenn Milligan, Tenn Milligan, Tenn Mills College, Cal Jackson, Miss Mitton, Wis Baltlinore, Md Agrie'l Coll., Miss Holly Springs, Miss	State Non-Sect Lutheran	Richard C. McClaurin LL. D. Rev. J. G. K. McClure, D. H. W. Hurt, A. M., LL. D. Rev. L. W. Riley, A. B., D. D. J. M. M. M. M. L. D. J. M. M. M. M. M. M. M. M. M. M. M. M. M.	308 18 24 15 9 653 31 57 160 20 30 32 22 22 15 72	1,900 206 187 \$\textit{t225}\$ 22 2,301 337 403 869 2,000 112 360 310 139 187 249 155 250 1,207	121,711 41,615 12,000 5,000 38,000 4,458 20,000 5,286 45,964 39,585 27,168 45,000 12,000 2,200 17,750 15,800 1,000 1,000 36,211
1904 1833 1833 1833 1833 1833 1833 1833 183	Missouri Wesley. Col.† Monmouth Colleget † Mont. State Colleget † Mont. State Colleget † Mont. State Colleget † Mont. Wesley. Col.† Moore's Hill Colleget † Moravian Sem.‡ Moravian Col. & Th. S. Morgan Colleget † Mount Angel Colleget † Munt Angel Colleget † M. St. Mary's Colleget † M. St. Mary's Colleget † M. St. Mary's Colleget † M. St. Mary's Colleget † M. St. Mary's Colleget † M. St. Mary's Colleget † M. St. Mary's Colleget † M. St. Mary's Colleget † M. St. Mary's Colleget † M. St. Mary's Colleget † M. St. Mary's Colleget † M. St. Mary's Colleget † M. St. Mary's Colleget † M. St. Mary's Colleget † M. St. Mary's Colleget † M. St. Mary's Colleget † M. St. Mary's Colleget † M. St. Mary's Colleget † M. St. Mary's Colleget † M. St. Mary's Colleget † M. St. Mor, & Ind. C. M. St. Nor, & Ind. C. Morthwestern Colleget Northwestern Colleget Northwestern Colleget Northwestern Univ. Oberlin Colleget † Occidental Colleget † Occidental Colleget † Occidental Colleget † Occidental Colleget † Occidental Colleget † Occidental Colleget † Occidental Colleget † Occidental Colleget † Occidental Colleget † Occidental Colleget † Occidental Colleget † Occidental Colleget † Occidental Colleget † Occidental Colleget † Occidental Colleget † Occidental Colleget † Occidental Colleget † Occidental Colleget † Occidental Colleget † Occidental Colleget † Occidental Colleget † Occidental Colleget † Occidental Colleget † Occidental Colleget † Occidental Colleget † Occidental Colleget † Occidental Colleget † Occidental Colleget † Occidental Colleget † Occidental Colleget † Occidental Colleget † Occidental Colleget † Occidental Colleget † Occidental Colleget † Occidental Colleget † Occidental Colleget † Occidental Colleget † Occidental Colleget † Occidental Colleget † Occidental Colleget † Occidental Colleget † Occidental Colleget † Occidental Colleget † Occidental Colleget † Occidental Colleget † Occidental Colleget † Occidental Colleget † Occidental Colleget † Occidental Colleget † Occidental Colleget † Occidental Colleget † Occidental Colleget	Holly Springs, Miss. Marshall, Mo. Cameron, Mo. Marshall, Mo. Cameron, Mo. Monmouth, Ill Bozeman, Mont. Helena, Mont. More's Hill. Ind Bethlehem, Pa. Bethlehem, Pa. Bethlehem, Pa. Baltimore, Md. Sioux City, Iowa. Mt. Angel, Ore S. Hadley, Mass. Emmitsburg, Md. Allance, Pa. Akron, Ohio. Mew Concord, Ohio University Pl. Neb. Newberry, S. C. N. Brunswick, N. J. Durham, N. H. New Orleans, La. Newton Cent., Mass New York City W. Niagara Falls, N. Y. W. Raleigh, N. C. Greensboro, N. C. Greensboro, N. C. Fargo, N. Dak. Chicago, Ill. Naperville, Ill. Watertown, Wis. Evanston, Ill. A. Northfield, Vt. Oberlin, Ohio. Los Angeles, Cal. Ada, Ohio. Columbus, Ohio. Olivet, Mich. Corvallis, Ore. Washington, D. C. Oskaloosa, Iowa. Ottawa, Kan.	Meth. Epis. United Pres. Non-Sect. Methodist. Moravian. Meth. Epis. Catholic. Non-Sect. Catholic. Non-Sect. United Pres. Non-Sect. United Pres. Non-Sect. United Pres. Meth. Epis. Lutheran Non-Sect. United Pres. Meth. Epis. Lutheran Katale. Non-Sect. State Lutheran Non-Sect. Non-Sect. Non-Sect. Non-Sect. Non-Sect. Non-Sect. Non-Sect. Non-Sect. Non-Sect. Non-Sect. Non-Sect. Non-Sect. Non-Sect. Non-Sect. Non-Sect. Non-Sect. Non-Sect. Non-Sect. Meth. Epis. State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State	Harvey R. De Bra, A. B T. H. McMichael, A. B., D. D. James M. Hamilton, M. S. Alfred T. Hughes, S. T. B. J. H. Clewell, Ph. D. Augustus Schultze, D. D. John O. Spencer, Ph. D. Alfred E. Craig, Ph. D. Basel Schieber, O. S. B. Mary E. Woolley Rt. Rev. B. J. Bradley, Lt. D. Rev. W. H. McMaster, A. M. John A. W. Haas, D. D. Parkor R. Kolbe, Ph. D. Rev. J. K. Montgomery, D. D. Clark A. Fulmer, Ph. B., A. M. J. H. Harms, A. M., D. D. Rev. J. K. Montgomery, D. D. Clark A. Fulmer, Ph. B., A. M. J. H. Harms, A. M., D. D. Edward T. Fatrchild, A. M. C. M. Melden, D. D. Ph. D. Rev. George E. Horr, D. D. Elmer E. Brown, Ph. D. V. Rev. M. A. Drennan, C. M. W. C. Riddlek, A. B., C. E. Julius I. Foust, LL. D. Edwin F. Ladd, B. S., LL. D. Edw. E. Rall, B. A., Ph. D. F. F. Holgate (ad interim). Ira L. Recves, C. E., Litt. D. Edw. E. Rall, B. A., Ph. D. Rev. Albert E. Smith, D. D. Rev. Albert E. Smith, D. D. J. W. Hoffman, M. A., D. J. Jas. W. Cattwell, A. B., A. M.	255 266 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26	314 4811 979 1000 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 100	9,000 12,000 14,747 2,000 5,000 11,000 23,000 12,000 13,000 12,000 13,000 12,000 13,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 13,000 12,000 12,000 13,000 12,000 13,000 12,000 13,000 12,000 13,000 12,000 13,000 12,000 13,000 12,000 13,000 13,000 13,000 14,000 15,000 15,000 16,623 16,623 16,608 16,608 16,608 16,608 17,000 16,608 16,608 16,608 16,608 17,000 17,000 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,50
188 187 188 187 187 187 183 186 185 187	Park Colleget Parker Colleget Parker Colleget Paryne University†\$. Penn Colleget Pennsylvania College Pennsylvania College Penna. Military Col. Penna. State Colleget Philander Smith Col. Polytechnic Institute	Parkville, Mo Winnebago, Minn. Fairfield, Iowa. Selma, Ala. Oskaloosa, Iowa. Ipitisburgh, Pa. Gettysburg, Pa. Chester, Pa. State College, Pa. Little Rock, Ark. Brooklyn, N. Y.	Friends Non-Sect Non-Sect Non-Sect State Meth. Epis Non-Sect	D. Morton, B.S., A.M., Ph. D. John Carey Acheson, LL. D	3 1 3 1 27 27	0 13 38 55 9 21 18 55 7 11 22 3,95 44 42 55 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 8	66 4,000 10,000 5,000 5,000 00 34,000 6 2,300 31,000 12,000 8 12,000 5,000 5,000 12,000 12,000 12,000

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ORGAN-	Colleges. For explanation of signs, see Index.	Location.	Control.	President or Chairman of Faculty.	Instruc- tors.*	Stu- dents (*)	Vol- umes in Library
1812	Princeton Theol. Sem.	Princeton, N. J	Presbyterian	Rev. J. R. Stevenson, LL. D.	14	194	102,270
1866	Princeton University Pritchett Colleget	Princeton, N. J Glasgow, Mo Elmhurst, Ill	Non-Sect Non-Sect	J. G. Hibben, Ph. D., LL. D. U. S. Hall, A. B. Rev. D. Irion, D. D. Winthrop E. Stone, LL. D. Le Baron R. Briggs, LL. D.	215 10	1,535 50	383,674
1871	Proseminar College	Elmhurst, Ill	Ger. Evang.	Rev. D. Irion. D. D	8	160	3,000 5,000
1869	Purdue University†	Larayette, ma	State Non-Sect	Winthrop E. Stone, LL. D.	215	2,004	43,893
1879 1830	Radcliffe College‡t	Cambridge, Mass	Non-Sect	Le Baron R. Briggs, LL. D.	147	665	tt35.323
	Randolph-Macon Col.	Ashland, Va	Methodist	R. E. Blackwell, A.M., LL.D.	21	184	16,500
	Randolph-Macon Woman's College	Lynchburg, Va Redfield, S. D Troy, N. Y	Meth. Epis. S	Wm. A. Webb, Litt. D	49	624	15,000
1887 1824	Redfield Colleget Rensselaer Poly. I Rhode Isl. St. Col.†	Redfield, S. D	Non-Sect		****		11,341
1892	Rhode Isl St Col t	Kingston R I	State	Palmer C. Ricketts, C. E Howard Edwards, LL. D	63 26	660 306	21,000
	Rice Institutef	Kingston, R. I Houston, Tex					21,000
1832 1876	Richmond College	Richmond, Va	Baptist	F. W. Boatwright, LL. D. Simeon H. Bing, M. S., A. M. Silas Evans, A. M., LL. D.	35	450	4,325
10.10	Rio Grande Colleget Ripon Colleget	Rio Grande, Ohio	Baptist Non-Sect	Silas Evans. A. M., I.L. D.	10	408 306	25,485
1853	Roanoke College	Ripon, Wis Salem, Va	Lutheran	J. A. Morenead, A. M., D. D. Clarence A. Barbour, D. D.	20	187	25,485 25,000
1850	Rochester Th. Sem	Rochester, N. Y	Baptist	Clarence A. Barbour, D. D	15	152	44,110
1857	Roanoke College Roanoke College Rochester Th. Sem Rockford College‡ Rock Hill College Rollins College†	Rochester, N. Y Rockford, Ill Ellicott City, Md Winter Park, Fla Terre Havte, Ind.	Non-Sect Catholic	J. H. Gulliver, Ph. D., LL. D. Rev. Bro. Pius, A. B. F. S. C.	28 18	246 150	7,000 9,000
1885	Rollins Colleget	Winter Park, Fla	Non-Sect	Rev. Bro. Pius, A. B., F. S. C. George M. Ward, D. D	25	175	6,063
1875 1766			Non-Sect Non-Sect	C. Lco Mees, M. D., Ph. D. Rev. W. H. S. Demarest, D. D. Rev. Warren H. Landon	20 60	210	16,000
1871	Rutgers College Sau Francisco Th. S.†	N. Brunswick, N. J. San Anselmo, Cal	Presbyterian	Rev. Warren H. Landon	7	535 51	86,713 21,000
1872	Scarritt Mor'ville C.t.	Morrisville, Mo Concord, N. C			8	120	3,000
1867 1856	Scotia Seminary†§	Concord, N. C.	Catholic	Pt Poy I E Mooney D D	16	291	10,000
1865	Seton Hall College Shaw University†§	South Orange, N. J. Raleigh, N. C	Baptist	C. F. Meserve, LL. D	27	366	5,400
		Rome, Ga Alton, Ill	Baptist	A. W. Van Hoose, LL. D	30	275	3,500
1827 1890	Shurtleff Colleget	Alton, Ill	Baptist	Geo. Milton Potter, A. B	32	126 891	20,000 8,000
1899	Shurtleff College† Simmons College† Simmons College‡	Abilene, Tex Boston, Mass	Non-Sect	H. Lefavour, Ph. D., LL. D.	116		24,937
1001	Simpson Colleget	manoia, rowa	Meth. Epis	James W. Campbell, M. A.	31	481	9.000
1883	Siony Ealls Colleget	Siouv Felis S Dak	Baptist	Rolvix Harlan, Ph. D	11	225 1.875	3,900
1881	Smith Colleget. S. Dak. State Colleget S'th'n Bap. Th. Sem.†	N'hampton, Mass Brookings, S. Dak. Louisville, Ky	Non-Sect State	E. C. Perisho, A. M., M. S.	165 70	1,105	60,000 18,800
1859	S'th'n Bap. Th. Sem.	Louisville, Ky	Baptist	E. Y. Mullins, D. D., LL. D.	12	450	23,000
1042	Southern Female Col	La Grange, Ga	Baptist	M. W. Hatton, A. M., Litt. M.	13	100 161	1,500 12,500
1885	Southern University†. Southwestern Colleget	Greensboro, Ala Winfield, Kan	Meth. Epis.S Meth. Epis.	F. E. Mossman, A. M., D. D.	40		6,000
1874	Southwe'n Pres. Univ.	Clarksville, Tenn	43151341214	<b> </b>			
1872 1830	Southwestern Univ. t	Georgetown, Tex	Meth.Epis.S Catholic		34 35	877 228	30,000 15,000
	Spring Hill College State Col. for Teach.t	Albany, N. Y	State	E. Cummings, S. J A. R. Brubacher, Ph. D	70	920	300,000
1891	State Col. for Teach.† State Col. of Wash.†	Spring Hill, Ala Albany, N. Y Puliman, Wash	State		156	1,778	40,000
1092	State Nor. & Ind. Col.	Puliman, Wash Greensboro, N. C Iowa City, Iowa Missoula, Mont Manchester, N. H.	State	J. I. Foust. Walter A. Jessup, Ph. D. F. C. Scheuch, (Act'g Pres.)	300	730 3.400	7,000 123,600
1892	State Univ. of Iowat State U. of Montana†	Missoula, Mont	State	F. C. Scheuch, (Act'g Pres.)	60		40,000
1009	St. Anselm's Colleget.		Catholic	Rt. Rev. E. Helmstetter	19	157	8,500
1858	St. Benedict's Col	Atchison, Kan	Catholic	Rev M F Dinneen D. D.	i	190	15,000
1996	St. Charles's College St. Ignatius's College.	Catonsville, Md Cleveland, Ohio	Cathone	Rev. M. F. Dinneen, D. D Rev. Wm. B. Sommerhauser	26	490	18,000
1696	St. John's College. St. John's College. St. John's College. St. John's College jj.	Cleveland, Ohio Annapolis, Md	Non-Sect	Thomas Fell, Ph. D., LL. D	15	200	11,000
1865	St. John's College	Washington, D. C.	Catholic	V. Rev. J. W. Moore, C. M.	. 50	825	19,000
1857	St. John's University.	Collegeville, Minn.	Catholic	V. Rev. J. W. Moore, C. M Rt. Rev. Peter Engel, Ph. D	1 48	413	39,500
1891	St. Joseph's College		Catholic	Rev. I. A. Wagner, Ph. D.	24 14	288 274	12,500 33,000
1894 1856	St. Joseph's Sem. c St. Lawrence Univ. †	Dunwoodie, N. Y Canton, N. Y	Non-Sect	Frank A. Gallup, A. B., M. A.	51	688	24,470
1818	St. Louis University	Canton, N. Y St. Louis, Mo Oakland, Cal. St. Mary's, Kan St. Mary, Ky Dayton, Ohio	Catholic	Rev. I. A. Wagner, Ph. D. V. Rev. J. P. Chidwick, D. D. Frank A. Gallup, A. B., M. A. Rev. Bernard J. Otting, S. J.	253	1,634	79,812
1863 1869	St. Mary's College St. Mary's College	Oakland, Cal	Catholic	Brother Vellesian, A. B	42 29	486	
1821	St. Mary's College	St. Mary, Ky	Catholic	Rev. Wm. J. Wallace Rev. M. Jaglowicz, C. R. Rev. Bern'dP.O'Rcilly,S.M.	1 12	104	7,000 6,000
1850	St. Mary's College St. Mary College	Dayton, Ohio	Catholic	Rev. Bern'dP.O'Rcilly,S.M.	47	492	6,000
1857 1886	ist, Meimad Conege.	Month Sold Minn	Lutheran	Rev. L. A. Vigness	37	603	11,700
1890	St Stanfelous's College	Chicago, Ill					
1860	St. Stephen's College St. Vlator College	Annandale, N. Y.	Prot. Epis Catholic	William C. Rodgers, D. D. Rev. J. P. O'Mahoney, C.S. V.	10		20,700 25,000
1868 1870	St. Vlator College	Hoboken, N. J	Non-Sect			537	11,500
1896		Hohoken, N. J Hancock, Mlch	SuomiSynod	Rev. J. K. Nikander, D. D. Chas. T. Aikens, A. B., D. D. Joseph Swain, M. S., LL. D.	11 22	111	5,000
1858	Susquehanna Univ.†	Selinsgrove, Pa	Lutheran	Chas. T. Alkens, A. B., D. D.	44	325 436	16,000 33,525
1864 1870	Syracuse Universityt	Swarthmore, Pa Syracuse, N. Y	Non-Sect	Jas. R. Day, LL. D., L. H. D. N. W. Wehrhan, Ph. B	315	4,020	99,000
1857	Tabor Colleget	Tabor, Iowa	Congregat'l.	N. W. Wehrhan, Ph. B	12	74	16,000
1867		Talladega, Ala	Congregatil	Frederick A. Sumner, M. A.	40		16,500
1883 1846	Taylor University	Tarkio, Mo. Upland, Ind. Manh'n Boro, N. Y. Indianapolis, Ind.	Meth. Epls.	Monroe Vayhinger, D. D J. E. Russell, LL. D., Dean	30	342	7,000
1888	l teachers Coneget.		Non-Sect	J. E. Russell, LL. D., Dean	210	5,204 1,015	1 78,640
188	Teachers' Col. of Ind.	Philadelphia, Pa	Non-Sect Partly State.	Ellza A. Biaker Rus.H.Conwell,D.D.,LL.D.	287 287	3,795	6,421 9,200
1869	Temple University† Texas Christlan Univ.	Indianapolis, Ind Philadelphia, Pa Fort Worth, Tex Greenville, Pa	Partly State. Disciples	Edward M. Waits	287 79	712	14,000
187	Thiel Colleget	Greenville, Pa	Evan. Luth	H. U. Elson, A. M., Ph. D.	14 29	146 179	11,000 6,542
189	Transvivania College	Lexington, Kv	Non-Sect	Edward M. Waits H. U. Elson, A. M., Ph. D., James A. B. Scherer, Ph. D. Richard H. Crossfield, LL. D.	30	311	22,000
188	of Texas Christian Umv. of Thiel Colleget of Throop Col. Tech of Transylvania College. of Transylvania College.	Angola, Md	Non-Sect	L. M. Sniff, A. M	1 17	500	4,000

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ORGAN-	Colleges. For explanation of signs, see Index.	Location.	Control.	President or Chairman of Faculty.	Ins	Stu- dents (*)	Vol- umes in Library
1823	Trinity College	Hartford, Ct	Non-Sect	Rev. F. S. Luther, LL. D	26	250	84,000
1900 1852	Trinity Colleget Trinity Colleget Trinity University† Tufts College hh	Washington, D. C. Durham, N. C.	Meth Epis.S	Wm. P. Few, Ph. D., LL. D.	48	847	49,628
1869	Trinity University	Waxahaehie, Tex	Presbyterian	Wm. P. Few, Ph. D., LL. D. Sam'l L. Hornbeak, LL. D. Hermon C. Bnmpus, Ph. D	20 255	324	6,000 73,000
1852 1834		New Orleans, La., I	Non-Sect	Robert Sharp, A. M	312	1,726 2,725	70,694
1794	Tusculum Colleget	Greenville, Tenn	Non-Sect	Robert Sharp, A. M	20 198 t	212	22,304
1881 1858	Tuskegee N.&1.11st.181 Union Christian Col.†	Tuskegee, Ala Merom, Ind			131	110	6,000
1891	Union Christian Col.† Union College†	College View, Neb.	Adventist Non-Sect	Harvey A. Morrison, A. M.	25 42 20	349 550	6,100 44,000
1795 1845	Union College Union University† Union Theol. Sem.†		Baptist	Harvey A. Morrison, A. M. Rev. C. A. Richmond, D. D. G. M. Savage, A. M., LL. D.	20	268	9,000
1836 1812	Union Theol. Sem.	Manh'n Boro, N. Y. Riehmond, Va	Independent Preshyterian	Francis Brown, Ph. D., D. D.	30	230 104	130,131 28,077
<b>1</b> 831	Univ. of Alabama†	University, Ala.‡‡. Tucson, Ariz Fayetteville, Ark. g Buffalo, N. Y	State	G. M. Savage, A. M., LL. D., Francis Brown, Ph. D., D. D. Walter A. Moore, D. D., G. H. Denny, LL. D., D.C. L. R. B. von Kleiss Smid, D. Sc. J. C. Futrall, B. A., A. M., Chas, P. Norton, A. B., LL, D.	140	1,700	23,000
1885 1871	Univ. of Arizona† Univ. of Arkansas†	Tucson, Ariz Favetteville, Ark. o	State	J. C. Futrall, B. A., A. M.	52 70	450 814	23,000 25,500
1846	Univ. of Buffalot	Buffalo, N. Y	Non-Sect	Chas. P. Norton, A.B., LL.D.	217 503	1,048 11,960	19,000
1860 1865	Univ. of California† Univ. of Chattanooga†	Chattan'ga, Tenn	State Meth. Epis	Benj. Ide Wheeler, LL. D Fred. Whitlo Hixson, D. D.	27	815	304,800 10,000
1391 1870	Univ. of Chicagot Univ. of Cincinnatit	Chicago, Ill Cineinnati, Ohio	Non-Sect	Harry P. Judson, LL. D	400	t8,510	592,847
1877	Univ. of Colorado†	Boulder, Col	Non-Sect	Livingston Farrand, A. M.	190 205	1,995	98,354
1864 1877	Univ. of Denver† Univ. of Detroit	Denver, Col	Meth. Epis Catholie	H. A. Buchtel, D. D., LL. D. Wm. T. Doran, S. J	60	1,456	30,000 28,000
1905	Univ. of Florida	Gainesville, Fla	State	Wm. T. Doran, S. J A.A. Murphree, A. M., LL. D. D. C. Barrow, A. M., LL. D.	60 63	tt810 701	28,000 16,200 41,000
1801 1889	Univ. of Georgia Univ. of Idaho†	Moscow, Idaho	State State	Melvin A. Brannon, B. A.	75	864	35,000
1867	Univ. of Illinoist	Uroana-Champ'gn,	Non-Sect	E I James Ph D IJ. D	tt762	116,427	380,000
1866	Univ. of Kansast	Lawrence, Kan	State	E. J. James, Ph. D., LL. D. Fr'k Strong, LL. D. (Chan.) Henry S. Barker, LL. D	241	3.200	110,000 31,228
1866	Univ. of Kentucky† Univ. of Louisville†	Lexington, Ky Lonisville, Ky	State	Henry S. Barker, LL. D	100	1,445	
1862	Univ. of Mainer	Orono Me	State	Robt. Judson Aley, LL. D. Thos. Fell (Provost)	155 211	1,269	59,000
1784 1837	Univ. of Maryland,	Annapolis & Balti Ann Arbor, Mich	Non-Sect State		394	1,400 tt7,214	25,000 368,238
1844		Oxford, Miss Minneapolis, Minn.	State	Jos. N. Powers, M. A., LL. D.	40 608	625 13,279	30,000 206,636
1839		Columbia, Mo. u Lincoln, Neb	State	Albert R. Hill, LL. D	268 190	3.930	200,000
1869 1873	Univ. of Nebraska† Univ. of Nevada†	Reno Nev	State	H. B. Hutehins, Ph. B., LL, D. Jos. N. Powers, M. A., LL, D. G. E. Vincent, A. B., Ph. D., Albert R. Hill, LL, D. Sam. Avery, Ph. D. Archer W. Hendrick, A. M. David R. Boyd, Ph. D. Edward T. Graham, LL, D. E. L. McVey, Ph. D.	· 46	4,826 611	310,000 35,001
1889	Univ. of N. Mexico† Univ. of N. Carolina		State	David R. Boyd, Ph. D	25 97	222 1,695	74,750
1795 1883	Univ. of N. Carolina	Grand Forks, N. D.	State	F. L. McVey, Ph. D	931	1,222	56,000
1842	Univ. of N. Dakota† Univ. of Notre Dame. Univ. of Oklahoma†	Notre Dame, Ind	Catholie Non-Seet	F. L. McVey, Ph. D Rev. J. Cavanaugh, C. S. C. Stratton D. Brooks, LL. D.	80 147	1,225 2,500	90,000 24,500
1892 1876	Univ. of Oregont	Norman, Okla Eugene, Ore. yy	State	Stratton D. Brooks, LL. D. Edgar F. Smith, LL. D. Edgar F. Smith, LL. D. S. B. McCormick, (Chan.) Paul G. Miller, Ph. D. Rush Rhees, D. D., LL. D. Walter F. Thornton, S. J.	138	1.8741	66,000
1740 1908	Univ. of Penna.† Univ. of Pittsburgh†	Philadelphia, Pa	Non-Sect Non-Sect	S. B. McCormick, (Chan.)	630 367	9,000 3,964	450,000 23,000
1903	Univ. of Porto Rico;	Rio Piedras, P. R Rochester, N. Y Santa Clara, Cal	Government. Non-Sect	Paul G. Miller, Ph. D	65 45	771 575	8,000 70,000
1850 1851	Univ. of Rochester† Univ. of Santa Clara	Santa Clara, Cal	Catholie	Walter F. Thornton, S. J	47	400	36,000
1880	II Univ. of So. Cal. L	Los Angeles, Cal Columbia, S. C	Meth. Epis Non-Seet	Geo. F. Bovard, LL. D., D. D. Wm. S. Currell, M. A., Ph. D. Robt. L. Slagle, Ph. D Wm. W. Meiners, Ph. D. LL. D	321 42	3,106 tt578	31,000 50,000
1803 1883	Univ. of S. Dakota†	Vermillion, S. Dak.	State	Robt. L. Slagle, Ph. D	60	683	21,000
1893 1853	Univ. of So. Minn.†	Austin, Minn Sewanee, Tenn Knoxville, Tenn	Non-Sect Prot. Epis	Rt. Rev. A. W. Knight, D. D.	103 35	1,095 322	27,000 36,721
179	Univ of Tennesseet	Knoxville, Tenn	Non-Seet	Brown Ayres, Ph. D., LL. D.	200 196	4,535 2,724	40,000 122,906
188 1850	Timire of Titobt	Anstin, Tex. 8 Salt Lake City,	State	J. A. Witsoe, M. A., Ph. D.	112	1,602	45,000
179	Univ. of V.St. Agrl. C†	Burlington, Vt University, Va	State	Rt. Rev. A. W. Knight, D. D. Brown Ayres, Ph. D., LL. D. J. A. Witsoe, M. A., Ph. D. J. A. Witsoe, M. A., Ph. D. E.A. Alderman, D. C. L. L. D. E.A. Alderman, D. C. L. L. D.	110 79	1,025	94,000
186	Univ. of V.St. Agrl. C† Univ. of Virglnia Univ. of Washington†.	Seattle, Wash	State	Henry Suzzallo, A. B., Ph. D. Chas, R. Van Hise, Ph. D.	205 tt495	4,055	77,785 240,000
184 188	BULLIV. OF WISCOIISING	Madison, Wis Laramie, Wyo Fayette, Iowa	State	IC. A. Duniway, Ph. D	1 10	tt573	39,000
185	Hopper Iowa Univ	Fayette, Iowa Kenilworth, N. J.	Meth. Epis Lutheran	C.P. Colegrove, A.M., D. Sc Rev. Peter Froeberg, A. R.	22	tt458	2,000
189 186	al Hrsinus Colleget	(Collegeville, Pa	Non-Sect	Rev. Peter Froeberg, A. B Geo. Leslie Omwake, Pd. D	18	202	15,590
190	U. S. Indian School	West Point, N. Y	Sehool. U. S. Gov't.	Col. John Biddle, Supt	136	763	95,000
184	5 U. S. Naval Academy	Annapolis Md	U. S. Gov't. U. S. Gov't.	Col. John Blddle, Supt Capt. E. W. Eberle, Supt E. G. Peterson, A. M., Ph. D	157 105	1,230	55,600 30,000
189 187	5 U. S. Naval Academy 0 Utah Agri. College† 3 ValparaisoUniversity	Logan, Utah Valparaiso, Ind Nashville, Tenn	State Non-Sect	Henry B. Brown, A. M.	220	5.500	15,500
187	? Vanderbilt University	Nashville, Tenn Poughkeepsie, N.Y.	Non-Sect	Henry Noble MacCracken.	. 150 138	929	60,000 89,000
186 186	5 Va. Union Univ.§	Richmond, Va Villanova, Pa	Baptist	G. Rice Hovey, A. M., D. D.	. 10	320	· ·
184		Wincennes, Ind	Catholic Non-Seet		. 1 21	380	12,550
190	Virginia Chris. Col.†. Virginia Mil. Inst. Virginia Poly. Inst. & Agri. & Mech. Col.	Lynchburg, Va Lexington, Va	Dis. of Chrls		14	111	
183	2 Virginia Poly, Inst. &	Lexington, va	1			1	
183	Agri. & Mech. Col.	Blacksburg, Va Crawfordsville, Ind. Wake Forest, N. C.	Non-Sect	J. D. Eggleston, A. B., A. M. G. L. Mackintosh, D. D. LL. I	. 53	1] 335	51,000
183	Wake Forest College.	. Wake Forest, N. C.	Baptist	Wm. L. Poteat, M. A., LL. D	. 40	483	20,000
186	6 Walden University § .	Nashville, Tenn		. [	J		1

10	O TEEDERS	cites and Cone	ges of m	o o milion similor es			
ORGAN- IZED.	Olleges. For eplanation of signs see index.	Location.	Control.	President or Chairman of Faculty.	Instruc- tors.*		Vol- umes in Library
1802 1782 1795 1782	Washbun College† Wash. & efferson Col Wash. & Lee Univ Washingon College† Washingon College	Topeka, Kan Washington, Pa Lexington, Va Wash. Col., Tenn Chestertown, Md	Non-Sect Non-Sect Non-Sect	Parley P. Womer, D Sc Fred'kW.Hlnitt,Ph.D.,D.D. Henry Louis Smith, Ph. D. Jas. T. Cooter, M. A., D. D Jas. W. Caln, A. B., LL. D.	60 21 30 10 11	806 333 513 125 126	25,000 25,000 50,000 3,600
1853 1851 1875 1868 1836	Wesleva Fem. Col	Pullman, Wash St. Louis, Mo Waynesburg, Pa Wellesley, Mass Aurora, N. Y Macon, Ga	Non-Sect Non-Sect Meth.Epis.S	David F. Houston (Chan.). Herbert P. Houghton, Ph. D. Ellen F. Pendleton, M. A., Kerr Dunean MacMillen C. R. Jenkins, A. B., D. D.	231 23 137 31 32 53	2,019 259 1,570 213 450	161,540 9,000 86,722 27,400 5,500
1855 1866 1826 1825 1849	West. Cl. for Women West. Maryland Col.† West. Reerve Univ. o West. Teol. Sem.† Westmister Col.	Middletown, Ct Oxford, Ohio Westminster, Md Cleveland, Ohio Pittsburgh, Pa Fulton, Mo	MethProt Non-Sect Presbyterian Presbyterian	Wm. A. Shanklin, LL. D W. W. Boyd, A. M., Pd. D. Rev. Thos. H. Lewis, LL. D Charles F. Thwing, D. D Rev. James A. Kelso, D. D. Rev. E. E. Reed, M. A	29 26 265 12 16	2,210 76 160	106,000 19,473 12,000 122,000 35,000 11,004
1867 1890 1860 1834	West Viginia Univ.†. W. Va. Vesley. Col.†. Wheator College†	N. Wilmington, Pa. Morgant'n, W. Va. Buckhan'n, W. Va. Wheaton, Ill Norton, Mass Walla Walla, Wash.	State Meth. Epls Non-Sect Non-Sect Non-Sect	W. Charles Wallace, D. D., Frank B. Trotter, A. M Wallace B. Fleming, Ph. D. C. A. Blanchard, A. M., D. D. Sam, V. Cole, D. D., LL. D Rev. S. B. L. Penrose, D. D	22 113 25 25 30 30	250 1,185 325 240 204 437	10,000 58,000 7,000 8,000 10,317 26,000
1901 1890 1863 1873 1844	Whittie:College† Whitwoth College† Wilbericee Unlv.†\$ Wiley University†\$ Willamete Univ.†		Presbyterian A. Meth. Ep. Meth. Epis	Absalom Rosenberger, A. B. Dr. D. D. MacKay, A. M. Wm. S. Scarborough, LL. D. Rev. M. W. Dogan, Ph. D. Carl G. Doney, B. S., Ph. D. Lyon G. Tyler, LL. D	16 19 39 26 23 19	150, 120 455, 400 377, 242	5,000 7,905 7,500 6,000 12,000 30,000
1908 1849 1908 1890 1793	William Vashti Col.† William Jewell Col William Smitht	Aledo, Ill Liberty, Mo	Non-Sect Baptlst Non-Sect Christlan Non-Sect	Ward L. Ray, A. M John P. Greene, D. D., LL. D. Lyman Pierson Powell, D. D. Jos. A. Serena, A. B Harry A. Garfield, LL. D. J. Edwin Jay, A. M.	20 28 26 21 60 17	194 412 92 165	3,000 29,000 59,102 4,200 85,686 5,000
1869 1909 1886 1845	Wilson colleget Winona Col. Lib. Arts† Winthrop N. & I. C.‡	Chambersburg, Pa. Winona Lake, Ind. Rock Hill, S. C Springfield, Ohlo	Presbyterian Non-Sect State Lutheran	Ethelbert D. Warfield, LL. D. H. G. Lawrance, Dean D. B. Johnson, A. B., LL. D. Chas. G. Heckert, D. D. Henry N. Snyder, LL. D M. W. Swartz, A. B., M. A.	23 48 102 45 17 17	200 719 1,016 1,190 431 225	15,000 5,100 20,000 18,500 21,428 5,634
1914 1859 1865 1701	Women's Col. of Del.‡. Womans Col. of Due West Worceser Poly, 'nst Yale Uriversity bb	Newark, Del	Ref'd Pres Non-Sect.	W. J. Robinson, Dean R. L. Robinson, D. D	29 14 55 478	107 150 540	3,200
1890	Yankton Colleget York Colleget	York, Neb			1:		

## SUNDAY-SCHOOL STATISTICS OF ALL COUNTRIES.

THE following statistics of Sunday-Schools were compiled for the World's Seventh Sunday-School Convention, Zurich,

Switzerland, 1913:							
COUNTRIES.	Sunday- Schools.	Teachers.	Scholars.	Countries.	Sunday- Schoola,	Teachers.	Scholars.
EUROPE:				Formosa	117	199	2,049
	807	767	8,681		22	46	862
Austria			7,209		2,103		90,568
Belgium					3,684	6,828	200,017
British Islet		100	2,536		480	1,600	
Bulgaria Denmark				AFRICA	1,496	35,835	678,298
Fiuland			173,486	NORTH AMERICA:	01,101		,
France				Alaska	50	196	2,222
Germany					154,281	1,520,379	13,732,841
Greece		8	200		10,642	85,046	853,065
Hungary		1,034	12,953	Labrador	12	50	450
Italy				Newfoundland	529	3,252	
Netherlands			209,000	West Indies	2,191	12,447	
Norway		7,145	127,720	Central America	102	452	5,882
Portugal			2,048	Mexico	460	1,854	
Russla	896	5,814	64,440	SOUTH AMERICA	1,346	3,789	61,010
Spain		210	6,500	OCEANIA:			
Sweden		24,288	320,676	Aastralia	7,752		568,614
Switzerland		7,490	122,567	Bismarck Archipelago	191	359	5,945
MALAYSIA:	, , , , ,			Fiji Islanda	1,021	2,349	22,176
Phllippines	700	1,500	34,600	Hawaiian Ialands		780	11,321
Dutch E. Indies	22	176	24,029	New Hebrides	180		3,509
AGIA:			,	New Gninea	178		
Perala.	78				1.705		120,960
Ceylon	423				707	2,010	80,911
India	14,203						00.047.400
Korea		6,434	137,610	THE WORLD	310,057	1 2,669,630	27,345,407

The total number of teachers and scholars in the world, according to this report, was 30,015,037. The table does not include the schools of the Catholic and Non-Evangelical Protestant churches. The next World's Convention will be held in Tokio, Japan. According to Joseph H. Meler, solitor of Kenedy's Official Catholic Directory, there are 10,555 Catholic Sunday-Schools attended by 2,817,500 Catholic children in the United States. No official Sunday-School figures are gathered by the Church authorities.

# TABLE TWO-COMMENCEMENT DAYS, CRADUATES, ETC.

Colleges.	Commence- ment Day, 1917.	Graduates Since Organ- ization.	Earliest Graduates Living and Year of Graduation.	Colleges.	Commence- ment Day, 1917.	Graduates Since Organ- ization.				
Agnes Scott C Agr. & M. G. Tex. Alcorn A. & M. C. Ala Poly, I. Albany C. Albinght C. Albright C. Allegleny C. Almerst C. Amerst C. Amherst C. Arkansas C.	May 30 June 12 May 23 June 13 June 13 June 13 June 7 June 13 June 13	237 1,325 332 403 1,100 533 1,088 2,109 273 4,570	Mrs. A. V. Martin, '93 L. J. Kopke, 1880. A. Snodgrass, 1852. Rev.W.F. Glenn, 1860. Mrs. S. E. Young, '73 Mrs. M. G. Briggs, '61 Charles A. Derr, 1895 Mrs. Mary Powell, '30 2 of Class of 1852. 8 of Class of 1852. 8 of Class of 1851. 8 of Class of 1870. Mrs. S. Coffman, '93. T. W. Shannon, 1893. Lucy Lanev, 1873. Edward Lord, 1846. W. T. Hill, 1858. 2 of Class of 1866. Mrs. R. B. Walker, '81 7 of Class of 1893. Arthur Glven, 1867. Mrs. L. Willis, 1856. A. W. Curtis, 1853. G. L. Pigg, 1873. John P. Isaac, 1895. Ed. H. Caylor, 1874. 2 of Class of 1870. Ed. Robie, 1840. D. B. Garber, 1886. 3 of Class of 1877. J. M. Lyons, 1851. Mrs. Atkinson, 1856. Rev. J. Busch, 1834. Jas. J. Dow, 1874. 2 of Class of 1879. J. M. Lyons, 1851. J. M. Lyons, 1851. J. M. Lyons, 1851. J. M. Cromer, 1875. J. M. Cromer, 1875. J. M. Cromer, 1875. G. C. C. Morton, 1887. J. H. F. Bousquet, 1861. 3 of Class of 1889. C. C. Morton, 1887. H. F. Bousquet, 1861.	Cumberland U  Dakota Wesley. U.  Daniel Baker Col.  Dathmouth C.  Davis & Elkins C.  Decatur C.& Ind.Se  Delaware C.  De Paul U.  Depauw U.  Donne C.	June 6 June 6 June 6 June 20 June 13 May 30 June 12 June 13 June 15 June 6 June 20	5,000 350 151 9,900 62 1,500 385 725 1,200 3,513 495	Nathan Green, 1845. O. E. Murray, 1888. John Meade, 1895. J. W. Barstow, 1846. 2 of Class of 1910. J. H. Hill, 1851. C. F. Record, 1905. P. T. Carlysle, 1854. M. I. Sheridan, 1899. J. S. Tarkington, 1852. D. E. Tromble, 1877. J. E. Denton, 1882. S. K. Doollttle, 1869. i of Class of 1875. E. Test, 1863.			
Arkansas C.  ArkCumberl'd C. Asbury C. Atlanta U. Auburn Theol. S. Austin Col. Baker U. Bald-Wallace C. Barnard C.	June 6 May 28 June 6 May 30 May 10 June 5 June 6 June 14 June 6	212 111 868 1,790 289 1,111 2,855 1,637	Mrs. W. B. Law- rence, 1876. Mrs. S. Coffman, '93. T. W. Shannon, 1893. Lucy Laney, 1873. Edward Lord, 1846. W. T. Hill, 1858. 2 of Class of 1866. Mrs. R. B. Waiker, '517 7 of Class of 1893.	Drake U Drew Theol. S. Drury C Earlham C Elmira C Elon C Emory U Eureka C Fairmount C Fargo C	June 7 June 7 June 13 June 6 May 29 June 13 June 15 May 29 June 13	4,654 2,600 561 1,319 917 402 1,000 297 156	J. E. Denton, 1822 S. K. Doollttle, 1869, i of Class of 1875. E. Test, 1863. 2 of Class of 1859. C. C. Peel, 1890. C. C. Peel, 1890. W. Fleming, 1899. Donald G. Colp, '96. J. P. Shelley, 1887. J. D. Burrus, 1875. A. M. O'Neill, 1849. Barnett Wallace, '60. P. C. Paugh, 1849.			
Arit.—Cumberl'd C. Asbury C. Auburn Theol. S. Austin Col. Baker U. Barnard C. Baylor U. Berea C. Beylor U. Berea C. Beother C. Bonchrake Theol. S. Boston U. Bowdoin C. Bridgewater C. Brigham Young C. Bryn Mawr C.	June 27 June 6 June 13 June 6 June 7 June 6 June 21 May 30 May 31	2,109 2,118 1,503 618 270 485 9,300 6,335 573 800	Arthur Glven, 1867. Mrs. L. Willis, 1856. A. W. Curtis, 1853. G. L. Pigg, 1873. John P. Isaac, 1895. Ed. H. Caylor, 1874. 2 of Class of 1870. Ed. Robie, 1840. D. B. Garber, 1886. 3 of Class of 1887.	Findlay C. Fiske U. Fordham U. Foranklin C. Franklin & M. Franklin & M. Frauklin C. Friends U. Furman U. Gallaudet, C. Gen. Theol. Sem.	June 13 June 6 June 13 June 13 June 14 June 6 June 6 June 20 May 25	1,031 1,933 748 1,867 960 275 598 586 1,911	J. P. Shelley, 1887. J. D. Burrus, 1875. A. M. O'Neill, 1849. Barnett Wallace, '60. P. C. Paugh, 1849. John H. Aughey, 1852. 4 of Class of 1901. J. H. Nash, 1856. 3 of Class of 1869. N. L. Garfield, 1847.			
Bryn Mawr C. Bucknell U. Butler C. Campion C. Carlisle Indian Ind. School Carnegie Inst. of T. Carroll C. Carthage C.	June 7 June 20 June 14 June 20 June 13 May 24 June 15 June 8 June 6	1,533 844 415 1,117 600 1,593 223 334	J. M. Lyons, 1851. Mrs. Atkinson, 1856. Rev. J. Busch, 1884. Jas. J. Dow, 1874. 2 of Class of 1857. J. M. Cromer, 1875.	Georgetown C. Ky. Georgetown U. D.C. G. Washington U. George Peabody C. Geneva C. Graceland C. Grand Island C. Grinnell C. Grove City C. Guilford C.	June 6 June 12 June 14 June 1 June 6 June 13 June 13 June 29	1,050 6,780 6,918 3,597 300 107 2,000 1,550 235	A. M. O'Neill, 1849. Barnett Wallace, '60. P. C. Paugh, 1849. John H. Aughey, 1852. 4 of Class of 1901. J. H. Nash, 1856. 3 of Class of 1869. N. L. Garfield, 1847. J. D. Clardy, 1848. F. M. Gunnell, 1846. F. M. Gunnell, 1844. F. M. Gunnell, 1844. F. M. Gunnell, 1844. F. M. Gunnell, 1849. F. M. Gunnell, 1849. F. M. Armour, 1852. F. M. Smith, 1898. Mrs. G. B. Paine, 1898. Mrs. G. B. Paine, 1898. S. Dodds, 1881. 4 of Class of 1869. J. A. Youngolöst, '99 2 of Class of 1860. J. P. Weaver, 1871. Gem. R. A. Pryor, '46 A. L. Rhodes, 1841. J. Le Soule, 1845. J. Udge Hewitt, 1882.			
Case School of App. Science Catawha C. Cedarville C. Central C., Iowa. Central C., Mo Cen. Wesleyan C. Centre C. Chicora Col., for	May 3 May 2 June 3 June 1 June 1 June 1 June 1	1,444 100 184 184 184 184 184 184 184 184	Ed. Robie, 1840. D. B. Garber, 1886. 3 of Class of 1887. J. M. Lyons, 1851. Mrs. Aukinson, 1856. Rev. J. Busch, 1854. Jas. J. Dow, 1874. 2 of Class of 1857. J. M. Cromer, 1875. G. C. Morton, 1897. H. F. Bousquet, 1861. 2 of Class of 1862. Class of 1862. R. E. Semmes, 1875. A. B. Chenoweth, 58. Col. Asbury Coward, 1861. Class of 1962. G. Class of 1960. S. W. Stookey, 1884. C. P. Bolley, 1884.	Gustavus A. C. Hampiton N. & A. J. Hampden-Sidney C. Hamiton C. Harvard U. Hastings C. Haverford C. Hedding C.	June 7 June 6 June 13 June 18 June 18 June 15 June 15	187 1,270				
Christian Bro. C Christian U Cltadel Military C Clark C., Mass Clarkson C. of Tech Coe C Col. of Charleston. Col. City of N. Y Col. of Hawaii.	June 2 June 1 June 1 June 2 June 2 June 1 May 2 June	7 1,028 1 426 7 21 1 656 2 57 4,100	R. E. Semmes, 1875. A. B. Chenoweth, '58. Col. Asbury Coward, 1854. Class of 1905. 3 of Class of 1900. S. W. Stookey, 1884. C. P. Bolles, 1884. James R. Steers, 1853. d of Class of 1912.	Heidelberg U. Highland Park C. Hillsdale C. Hendrik C. Hiram C. Hiwassee C. Hobart C. Hope C. Howard Payne C.	June 13 June 13 June 13 June 13 June 14 June 14 June 20 May 3	1,518 214 923 1,640 1,493 1,493	Mrs. J. D. De Groot, 1867.  N. L. Brewer, 1855. U. S. Parker, 1891. Mrs. E. S. Potter, '56. Mrs. L. Basham, '83. Mrs. E. D. Trues- dell, 1869. O. Muller, 1859. Thomas Hale, 1853. 2 of Class of 1866. J. D. Robnett, Jr., 1895.			
Col. of the Holy Cross. Col. of the Pacific. Col. of Puget S'd. Col. of St. Elizabett Col. of Wooster. Colorado Agr. C. Colorado C. Col. Sc. of Mines. Columbia U.	June 2 May 2 June 2 June 2 June 1 June 1 June 1 May 2 June	0 1,756 3 81 6 13 0 25 4 2,28 7 71 2 93 5 81	Jos. D. Fallon, 1858. 7 Mrs. C. D. Brooke, 758 4 C. M. Sherman, 1893. D Class of 1903. 5 John C. Miller, 1871. 03 of Class of 1884. 9 F. Tuckerman, 1882. 3 2 of Class of 1883.	Howard U Hunter C Illinois C Ill. State Nor. U Ill. Woman's C Ill. Wesley. U Indiana U	June   June   June   June   June   June	3 2,862 6 1,156 3 1,086 3 6,329	Mrs. E. Christian, 1846, Mrs. E. Christian, 60 Mrs. A. McE. Grif- fith, 1852. P. Warner, 1861. S. C. Parks, 1833,			
Ct. Agr. C. Cooper C. Cooper Union, N.Y Cornell C. Cotner U. Cotner U. Creighton U.	June 1 June June June June 2 June June	2 53 6 20 3,00 6 1,83 7 22,85 7 3 1,81	76 of Class of 1883. 93 of Class of 1894. 04 of Class of 1864. 5 Matthew and Mary Cavanagh, 1858. 0. E. D. Harris, 1891. 9J. Kinsler, 1894.	& M. A Iowa Wesleyan. Jackson C. Johns Hopkins U. Judson C. Juniata C. Kalamazoo C. Kan. State Agr. C.	June June June 2 June 1 June 1 June 1 June 1 June 1 June 2 June 2	7 3,958 6 1,058 0 6 2 2 3,286 8 1,32 4 1,423 0 720 1 2,96	L. W. Noyes, 1872. 3 W. S. Mayne, 1856. 4 M. B. Patterson, 11. 6 Mrs. R. Lee, 1847. 3 G. M.Brumbaugh, 79. 7 T. R. Palmer, 1851. 43 of Class of 1867.			

Colleges. TABLE TWO	Commence- ment Day, ,	Graduates Since Organ- ization.	Earliest Graduates Living and Year of Graduation.	Colleges. TABLE TWO	Commence- ment Day, 1917.	Graduates Since Organ- ization.	Earliest Graduates Living and Year of Graduation.
Kan, Wesley U Kentucky Wesley. Kenyon C. King C King C Knox C. Knox C. Lake Erie C. Lake Forest C. Lafayette C. Lander Clark C. Lebanon Valley C. Lebanon Valley C. Lebanon Valley C. Lebanon Valley C. Lebanon Valley C. Lebanon Valley C. Lebanon Valley C. Lebanon Valley C. Lebanon Valley C. Lebanon Valley C. Lebanon Valley C. Lebanon Valley C. Lebanon Valley C. Lebanon Valley C. Lebanon Valley C. Lebanon Valley C. Lebanon Valley C. Lebanon Valley C. Lebanon Valley C. Lebanon Valley C. Lebanon Valley C. Lebanon Valley C. Lebanon Valley C. Lebanon Valley C. Lebanon Valley C. Lebanon Valley C. Lebanon Valley C. Lebanon Valley C. Manattan C. Maraletta C. Marietta C. Maryville C., Tenn Mass. Agr. C. Maryville C., Tenn Mass. Agr. C. Marietta C. Marietta C. Marietta C. Marietta C. Marietta C. Marietta C. Marietta C. Maryville C. Mechanics Inst. Mercer U. Milla C. Mills C. Mills G. Mills G. Mills G. Mills G. Mills G. Mills G. Mills G. Mills G. Mills G. Mills G. Mills G. Mills G. Mills G. 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Rev. H. M. Mayo, '87. B. D. Best, 1868. W. G. Le Duc, 1848. Rev. J. C. Cowan, '70. Mrs. A. Sanderson, '81. Mrs. A. Sanderson, '81. Mrs. A. Sanderson, '81. Mrs. M. B. Shurtleft, 1869. J. H. Neighbour, '48. 2 of Class of 1872. Rev. H. Colman, 1879. J. H. Neighbour, '48. 2 of Class of 1872. Rev. H. Colman, 1877. E. N. Steele, 1864. Mis. M. A. W. Reitzel, 1870. Class of 1892. W. J. Kerr, 1870. H. Brown, 1867. J. W. McNeeley, '56. Colass of 1892. G. M. Kirkwood, 1893. J. P. McClancy, '66. Colass of 1803. J. P. McClancy, '66. Col. M. Kirkwood, 1893. J. P. McClancy, '66. Col. M. Kirkwood, 1893. J. H. Smith, 1884. C. G. Withington, '54. C. W. Fertig, 1891. J. H. Smith, 1884. G. G. Withington, '54. C. Stewart, 1847. A. F. Allon, 1861. Several of Class of 1882. Wirs. A. P. Myers, 1847. J. H. Myers, 1847. J. H. Myers, 1847. J. H. Smith, 1884. G. C. Stewart, 1847. A. F. Allon, 1861. Several of Class of 1883. W. A. P. Myers, 1847. J. H. Smith, 1884. J. G. G. Withington, '54. College of 1852. Mrs. C. G. Maxson, '71. M. F. Thompson, '58. Mrs. E. B. Stork, '27. J. B. Trimbie, 1859. J. E. Houseal, 1859. J. E. Houseal, 1859. J. E. Houseal, 1859. J. E. H. Red, 1843. Robert B. Reed, 1915. J. M. Kidder, 1859. M. M. Kidder, 1859. M. M. Kidder, 1859. M. M. Kidder, 1859. M. M. Kidder, 1859. M. M. Kidder, 1859. M. M. Kidder, 1859. M. M. Kidder, 1859. M. M. Kidder, 1859. M. M. Kidder, 1859. M. P. Teston, 1845. M. M. Kidder, 1859. M. P. Teston, 1845. M. P. Teston, 1845. M. P. Teston, 1845. M. P. Teston, 1845. M. M. Kidder, 1859. M. P. Teston, 1845. M. P. Teston, 1845. M. P. Teston, 1845. M. P. Teston, 1845. M. P. Teston, 1845. M. P. Teston, 1845. M. P. Teston, 1845. M. P. Teston, 1845. M. P. Teston, 1845. M. P. Teston, 1845. M. P. Teston, 1845. M. P. Teston, 1845. M. P. Teston, 1845. M. P. Teston, 1845. M. P. Teston, 1845. M. P. Teston, 1845. M. P. Teston, 1845. M. P. Teston, 1845. M. P. Teston, 1845. M. P. Teston, 1845. M. P. Teston, 1845. M. P. Teston, 1845. M. P. Teston, 1845. M. P. Teston, 1845.	Pennsylvania C Penn. Mil. C Penn. Mil. C Penn. Mil. C Penn. Mil. C Penn. State C Philander Smith C Princeton Theol S Fresb. Theol S Fresb. 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F. Eyster, 1839. R. K. Carter, 1867. J. N. Banks, 1861. R. C. Childress, 1888. J. H. Clark, 1857. Rev. K. Wight, 1848. Jor Class of 1846. Mrs. J. Farrington, 68. J. H. Dinkmeier, 72. C. J. Bohrer, 1876. J. G. Childress, 1876. J. G. Childress, 1876. S. S. Greeley, 1846. G. W. Burlingane, 94 Rev. D. W. Gwin, 99 Mrs. H. G. Bowles, 83 Miss L. Adams, 1867. J. A. Snyder, 1856. J. D. Merrell, 1856. J. D. Merrell, 1856. J. D. Merrell, 1856. J. D. Merrell, 1856. J. D. Merrell, 1856. J. D. J. Graham, 1872. C. L. Guild, 1892. C. C. Guild, 1892. J. Graham, 1874. Mary Darlington, 75, Mrs. E. Brown, 1879. Mrs. J. Trchenor, 1845. Joseph Atkinson, 61. M. A. Sayler, 1889. A. J. Graham, 1894. Cardinal Glibbons, 75, Mrs. E. Brown, 1879. Cardinal Glibbons, 1874. Cardinal Glibbons, 1874. Cardinal Glibbons, 1874. Cardinal Glibbons, 1872. John F. Conroy, 1885. J. J. Broderick, 1862. J. A. Graves, 1872. John F. Conroy, 1885. Mrs. E. R. Page, 45. D. E. Smith, 1853. Mrs. E. R. Page, 45. D. E. Smith, 1853. Mrs. E. R. Page, 45. D. E. Smith, 1853. Mrs. E. R. Page, 1876. Rev. T. Benson, 1876. Mrs. S. J. Lewis, 1884. T. T. Myers, 1894. Geo. W. Marsh, 1862. M. C. Dean, 1857. Go f Class of 1870. Rev. T. Benson, 1876. Mrs. S. J. Lewis, 1884. J. T. Huntington, 1901. J. C. Groves, 1871. J. L. Laprade, 1848. Dr. S. W. Butler, 1848. Dr. S. W. Butler, 1848. Dr. S. W. Butler, 1848. Dr. S. W. Butler, 1848. Dr. S. W. Butler, 1848. Dr. S. W. Butler, 1848. Dr. S. W. Butler, 1848. Dr. S. W. Butler, 1848.
Oberlin C. Ohio State U. Ohio Wesley, U. Okla. A. & M. C. Olivet C. Oregon State Agr. C Oregon State Agr. C Ordental U. Oskadosa C. Ottawa U. Otterbein U. Ouachita C. Pacific U. Parker O. Parker O. Penn C.	June 1 May 3	1,200	Allca Boomer 1988	Union U., Tenn Union C., N. Y Union Theol. S Union Theol. S., Va. U. of Alabama U. of Arkon?	June 6 May 21 June 6 June 13 May 15	555 5,869 4,006	H. A. Owen, 1894. C. H. Harris, 1852. Rev. J. Miller, 1843. Rev. W. Porter, 1843.

Colleges. Table Two.	Commence- ment Day, 1917. Graduates	Since Organ- ization.	Earliest Graduates Living and Year of Graduation.	Colleges. TABLE TWO.	Commence- ment Day, 1917.	Graduates Since Organ- ization.	Earliest Graduates Living and Year of Graduation.
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Carolina U. of Oregon U. of Seorgia U. of Seorgia U. of Seorgia U. of Seorgia U. of Seorgia U. of Seorgia U. of Seorgia U. of Seorgia U. of Seorgia U. of Seorgia U. of Seorgia U. of Seorgia U. of Seorgia U. of Seorgia U. of Seorgia U. of Seorgia U. of Seorgia U. of Seorgia U. of Seorgia U. of Seorgia U. of Seorgia U. of Seorgia U. of Seorgia U. of Seorgia U. of Seorgia U. of Seorgia U. of Seorgia U. of Seorgia U. of Seorgia U. of Seorgia U. of Seorgia U. of Seorgia U. of Seorgia U. of Seorgia U. of Seorgia U. of Seorgia U. of Seorgia U. of Virginia U. of Virginia U. of Virginia U. of Virginia U. of Virginia U. of Virginia U. of Wysonsin U. of Wysonsin U. of Wysonsin U. of Wysonsin U. S. Mil. Acad U. S. 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L. Tosh, 1872. V. B. Munson, 1869. J. Haskell, 1872. Krozer, 1848. R. Palmer, 1847. M. Williamson, '73 of Class of 1873. H. Noercoss, 1891. T. Bryan, 1842. of Class of 1889. of Class of 1889.	Vanderbilt U Vassar C. Vassar C. Vassar C. Vassar C. Vassar C. Vassar C. Vassar C. Vassar C. Vassar C. Virginia Mil. Inst Virginia Poly. Inst Virginia Poly. Inst Wake Forest C. Wash & Jeff. C. Wash & Jeff. C. Wash & Jeff. C. Wash & Jeff. C. Wash & Jeff. C. Wash & Jeff. C. Wash & Jeff. C. Wash & Jeff. C. Wesley C. Wesley C. Wesley C. Wesley C. Wesley C. Wesley C. Wesley C. Western Md. C. Western Md. C. Western Theo S. Pa. Western Theo S. Pa. Western Theo S. Pa. Western Theo C. Western Co. Western C. Western C. Western C. Western C. Western C. Western C. Western C. Western C. Western C. Western C. Western C. Western C. Western C. Western C. Western C. Western C. Western C. Western C. Western C. Western C. Western C. Western C. Western C. Western C. Western C. Western C. Western C. Western C. 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West	June 12 May 30 June 20 June 13 May 25 June 7 June 20 June 20 June 13 June 14 June 19 June 19 May 28 June 13 June 13 June 13 June 13	5,030 1,461 900 1,615 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,035 1,	H. W. Morgan, 1875.  Mrs. J. Helsabeck, '04. O. M. Knight, 1842. J. Cowan, 1842. J. Cowan, 1842. J. Cowan, 1842. J. Cowan, 1842. J. Cowan, 1842. J. S. B. Billard, 1870. J. S. Van Voorhis, 1844. J. T. Parker, 1856. E. W. Crawford, 1853. Miss J. Daggett 1869. A. B. Hyde, 1846. J. Corouse, 1871. J. S. Crouse, 1871. J. Starr, 1856. J. G. Class of 1857. J. S. Crouse, 1871. J. H. Hanna, 1856. J. G. Class of 1869. Mrs. B. R. Almy, 1843. G. P. Anderson, 1886. J. C. Class of 1904. F. W. Whitworth, '96. Dr. T. H. Jackson, '70. H. B. Pembetton, '88. J. G. Class of 1863. Prof. W. Porter, 1839. Mrs. J. Richards, '94. W. H. Wynn, 1851. J. Samuel Weber, 1859. Mrs. L. Y. Neville, '61. H. P. Armsby, 1871. J. Wm. F. Boles, 1844.
Utah Agr. C Valparaiso U	June 5 Aug. 16 16	600 J 6,200 E	John T. Calne, Jr., '94 Dr. C. I. Ingerson, '75.	Worcester Poly. I Yale U	June 14 June 20	1,841 30,164	H. P. Armsby, 1871, Wm. F. Boles, 1844.
	STATION	NED	IN AND NEAR	THE CITY OF	NEW	YOR	K.
Chtef of Staff—Col. Adjutant—Col. W. Inspector—Col. J. 1 Quartermaster—Col. Surgeon—Col. Cha NORTH ATLAN N. Y.; BrigGen. 1 DISTRICT STAF	G. T. Ba A. Simps L. Chamb I. J. B. Be ries Richa ric Coast H. F. Hod F—Adjute	artletion. erlait ellinge ard. r ART lges, l	t.  b.  c.  c.  c.  c.  c.  c.  c.  c.  c	ENT STAFF:  Engineer—Col. H: Ordnance Officer—M: Signal Officer—M: Officer in Charge of Chief Clerk—D. A Headquarters, Fort	arry Tag Col. O. ajor C. I f Militia Watt. Totten,	ylor. B. Mi F. Hai a Affa Willet	itcham. trmann. trs 's Point, Whitestone. trmaster's Depot—Col. Secol. Harry Taylor, Co., Ft. Hamilton, and 3d Co., Ft. Han- cock, the Band and 1st. 2d, the Sth. and, 6th
Army Building J. M. Carson, Jr., J. Col. F. V. Abbot, J. ander. Medical Sa Arsenal—Governor Posts.	y—No. 39 LieutCol LieutCol. LieutCol. Lipply Dep 's Island,	) Wh l. T. ( . C. I pot (5	Itehall Street, Man C. Goodman, Capt. H. McKinstry, Capt 543 Greenwich Stre Y., Col. O. B. Mitcl POSTS IN AND NEA Location.	hattan, New York W. H. Tobin, Corr T. M. Robins, Calet, New York City am. R New York City Commanding O	City. 6 os of En pt. E. D )—Col. r. ficers.	Quarte jineers . Ardı H. D	rmaster's Depot—Col. s—Col. Harry Taylor, rey, Capt. R. G. Alex- Snyder. New York  Troops.
Fort Jay		Gove	rnor's Island, N. Y.	. Capt. F. J. Mill Artillery Corp	ler, Coas	st { 3d	and 3d Co., Ft. Hamilton, cock.
Fort Hamilton		Brook	klyn, N. Y	· { Artillery Corp	S	. {	th Band and 1st, 2d, 4th, 5th, and 6th Cos., Coast Artillery Corps, Ft. Hamilton. t, 2d, 4th, 5th, and 6th Cos., Coast Ar- tillery Corps, Ft. Han-
			y Hook, N. J				6th Cos., Coast Ar- tillery Corps, Ft. Han- cock.
			y Hook, N. J t's Point, N. Y			st   12	th Band, 1st, 2d, 3d, 4th, and 5th Cos. Coast Artillery Corps,
			ows, Staten Island	Corporti	Artiller	)- ls	Ft. Totten. t, 2d, and 3d Cos., Coast Artillery Corps, Ft. Wadsworth.
Fort Wood		Bedle	oes Island, N. Y	· { nai Corps		. { C	o. G. Signal Corps.

TABLE THREE-FINANCIAL STATISTICS OF UNIVERSITIES AND COLLECES.

ANNUAL COST OF TUITION AND OTHER EXPENSES OF EDUCATION, AND INCOME FROM PRODUCTIVE FUNDS
DURING THE LAST COLLEGE YEAR, COMMUNICATED TO THE WORLD ALMANAC BY THE COLLEGES.

FOR COLLEGE BENEFACTIONS SEE INDEX AT "BENEFACTIONS."

	FUE	COLLEG	E DENEF		EE INDEA AT DE	NEFACT	ions.		
	Tui-	1-1-1	1 5	Total In-		Thu:		D-1-1	Total In-
Corragan	tion	Llvlng Ex-	Produc- tive	come, In-	COLLEGES.	Tui- tlon	Living Ex-	Produc- tive	come, In-
Colleges.	Cost	penses.	Funds-	Tuitlon		Cost	penses,	Funds-	Tuition
For explanation of	Per An-	Board,	Amount	or Inci-	For explanation of	Cost Per	Board,	Amount	or Inci-
signs, see Index.	num.*	Etc.	of.	dental	signs, see Index.	An-	Etc.	of.	dental
_				Charges.		num. *			Charges.
Adelphi C	\$60-\$180				Columbia T. S Columbia U. b Conn. Agr. C Conn. C.t	None	\$200	\$260,000	\$22,500 5,362,554 214,333
Adrian		\$160-175	\$20,000 182,223	\$27,000 103,595	Columbia U. b	l h	450 300	33,457,436	5,362,554
Agnes Scott C	a110	240	182,223	103,595	Conn. Agr. C	m\$60	300		214,333
Ag. & M. C., Tex.	e15	220 250	209,000	1,000,000	Connection	a150 40-60	350 90	1,000,000	77,864
Adrian. Agnes Scott C Ag. & M. C., Tex. Alabama Poly. I Albany C Albion C Albright C Alcorn A. & M. C. Alred U Allegbeny C. Alma C.	<b>n4</b> 8.50	144	284,500 261,230 406,000	29 036	Conn. C.† Concordia. Cooper C N.Y.C. Cooper U N.Y.C. Cornell C., Iowa Cornell U., N. Y. Cotner U. Creighton U. Creighton U. Dak. Wes. U Daniel Baker C. Dartmouth C.	65	118		35,000 29,499
Albion C	<b>a</b> 50	180	406,000	64,554	Cooper Un. N. Y. C.	None	None	4.230.111	1 197 755
Albright C	75 25	170	300,000	43,914	Cornell C., Iowa	aa95	215	l 860.000	120,000 3,225,258 23,821
Alcorn A. & M. C.	25 75	69.70	211,000	66,992	Cornell U., N. Y	ee 45	200-500 126	14,670,993 30,000	3,225,258
Alfred U	125	200 175-200	415,677 1,025,595	174 791	Creighton II	80-150	180-350	2,750,000	263,234
Alma C	a40	180	401,220	38,900	Cumperland U	a50	148	144,699	19,938 75,253
Alma C	@140		2,800,000	237,883	Dak, Wes. U	75	165	225	75,253
Arkansas C	75	165	40,000	6,000	Daniel Baker C	83	170	200,000 4,184,587	20,000
Ark, C'berland C.	60 a24	150 112	30,000	18 2/6	Davidson C	a60	205-430 250	350	528,963
Auburn Th. Sem.	None	170	110,240 772,472	42,740	Davidson C Davis & Elkins C. Decatur C. Ind. S. r	75	163	100.000	16,333
Asbury C	65	146	(		Decatur C. Ind. S. 7	90-100	200-250	208,277 370,000	107,161
Atlanta U	50	150	34,000 453,481	36,849	Defiance C	75	115	370,000	40,000 164,564
Augustana C	245 110	200 150	453,481	121,461	Delaware C	440	200 260	499,651 1,250,000	664,000
Austin C. Baker U. Baldwin-WallaceC	87-90	175-200	6,426 300,431	62,129	De Paul U	125	200	1,250,000 23,899 1,298,068	64.442
Baldwin-WallaceC	50	140	593,834	c76,069	DePauw U	None	300	1,298,068	118,322
Barnard C	<b>#20</b> 0	365 up	1.694.550	788,970	Des Molnes C	75	200	100,000 340,265	65,000 66,940
Bates C	95 110	150-175 207	870,000 284,185	93,230	Dickinson C	100	150 153	295.768	40,557
Bellevile C	100	200	75,749 1,507,983 140,000 1,181,453	51.843	Drake U	120	200	295,768 807,299 850,000	230,474
Beloit C	<b>a</b> 100	207-252	1,507,983	119,720	Drew Th. Sem	None	180	850,000	65,000
Benedict C	a23 15-25	68	140,000	40,448	Drury C	75	200	250,000	97,30 <b>0</b>
Berea C	60	100 130	420,000	56 490	Earlham C	100	250 225	568,000	56,500 87,800 113,300
Bethany C., Kan.	10-120	135	420,000 153,000	84.762	Eastern C., Va	85	225	75,000	29,865
Bethel C	65	135	105,353	17,234	Ellzabeth C	100	210	175,000	20,359
Blackburn C	t e20	t 225	105,353 107,000 210,000	22,000	Elmira C	175	275 60-135	250,000	106,219 78,392
Baldwin-WallaceC Barnard C Battes C Battes C Baylor U Bellevue C Benedict C Benedict C Berea C Bethany C, W.Va Bethany C, Wan Bethany C, Kan Bethany C, Kan Bothel C Bonebrake Th. S Boston U	a150	265	2 457 301	423 778	Emory II		00-100	1,500,000	240,000
Boston U  Bowdon C  Bowdoin C  Bridgewater C  Brigham Young C.	50	100	2,457,301 4,500	6,000	Emperia C	75	175-300	1,500,000 249,260	240,000 51,127
Bowdoin C	125	200-300	2.401.6531	156,182	Eureka C	60	160	182,483	113,736
Bridgewater C	100 23	125 162	26,168 36,000	33,191	Fairmount C	75 750	180-200	90,000	59,534
Brigham Young U.	35	255	100,000	127,676	Findlay C	75	200-350	130,000	1 00,000
Brown U	a175	55-187	4.581.911		Florida C	ffNone	132	153,000	165,000
Bryn Mawr C	a200	275-625	2,185,135 402,000	387,664	Fla. St. C. for W.	m	114 300	74,000	90,000 290,000
Butler C	90 70	185 250 up	65,000	††135,000	Franklin C. Ind	a75	225	333,000	53,104
Canisius C	80			1 1 200,000	Franklin & M. C	115	180-200	333,000 550,000	46,230
Carleton C	a100	250	995,320	c130,205	Franklin C., Ohio.	75	125	25.000	14,000 22,596 47,979
Carroll C	## ### ###############################	200 208	250,000 9,150,000	43,000	Firman II	a50	131-146	210,000	47,979
Carnegie Hist	50	95-150		672,558 †115,000 36,000	Gallandet C	1360	101 110		100.037
Carthage C	50 70	180	249,000	36,000	Gen. Th. Sem	None	225	2,183,907 208,101	167,859 28,004
Case Sc. Ap. Sc	a125	150	2,458,788	206,513	Geneva C	90	250 up	2,075,000	138,683
Bowdoin C. Brigham Young C. Brigham Young C. Brigham Young C. Brigham Young C. Brigham Young C. Brigham Young C. Brigham Young C. Carbian C. Carloton C. Carloton C. Carloton C. Carloton C. Carnegie Ins. Carson New. C. Carthage C. Carthage C. Cath. U. of Am. Cedarville C. Central C. of Ia. Central C., Mo. Central Wes. C. Chicora C.: Chicora C.: Chicrat C., Mass.	75 a150		42,000	16,000	Davis & Eikins C. Decastur C. Ind. S. Pefance C. Delaware C. Delaware C. Delaware C. Delaware C. Delaware C. Delaware C. Delaware C. Delaware C. Delaware C. Des Molnes C. Doshe C. Drake U. Dosne C. Drake U. Drew Th. Sem Drury C. Dubuque C. Earlham C. Eastern C., Va. Elizabeth C. Earlham C. Eastern C. Eastern C. Elon C. Elmira C. Elon C. Elmira C. Elon C. Emporia C. Fairmount C. Frark C. Frark C. Frark C. Frark C. Frark C. Frark C. Frark C. Frark C. Frark C. Frark C. Frark C. Frark C. Geo. Franklin C. Franklin C. Franklin C. Geo. Feabody C. Geo. Feabody C. Geo. Feabody C. Geo. Fergetown C. Grereven U. Georgetown C. Grereven U. Georgetown C. Grereven U. Grereven C. Grereven C. Grereven C. Grereven C. Grereven C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C. Gregetown C.	125-175	250-350	[ 489,982	243,161
Cedarville C	40	150	95,000	9,315	Georgetown C. G'rgetown U.,D.C. Ga. School T. Goucher C. Graceland C. Grand Island C.	75	165-200	274,002	40,076
Central C. of Ia	a40	175	1 50 000	27,558	G'rgetown U.,D.C.	120-170	300-400 200	150,000	
Central C., Mo	<b>a</b> 40	175	300,000 625,000 248,213	27,558 32,881	Ga. School I	m 165	325	700,000	123,000
Central Wes. C	50-60	126	248,213	24,360	Graceland C	55	144		23,583
Chicora C.1	80	225		††48,000	Grand Island C	a48	153 up	51,000	28,500
Christian U	65		222,400 1,300,000	44,969 87,492	Greenville C Grinnell C Grove City C Guilford C G. Adolphus C	60 a100	175 250	18,000 1,268,199	228,786
Clark C., Mass Clark U., § Ga Clark U., Mass Clarkson C. T Clemson Ag. C	20-25	x 80	1,300,000	17,000	Grove City C	87	45-66	81,802	228,786 66,335
Clark U., Mass	100	250	2,400,000	104,800	Guilford C	75	200	181,392	25,033
Clarkson C. T	100	250	356,000	29,650	G. Adolphus C	55	180 240	250,000 1,200,000	53,810 86,625
Clemson Ag. C	240 75	149.10 260	5,754 1,000,000	447,473 89,000	Hamilton C	110 60	175-250	511.342	70.582
		225	bb13,848	320,247	Hampden Sid. C.	<b>a</b> 50	150 up	210,000	26,290
Col. City of N. Y.	Free	None	**		Hamp. Nor. & Ag.	q	132	2,886,322 235,000	1 426.833
Colorado Agr. C Col. City of N. Y. Col. of Charleston	55-66	125	306,300	18,950	Hanover C., Ind	60 20	175 74	235,000	25,380 17,595
Col. of Hawan	None	360 up		87,099	Harvard II	a200		28,448,701	3,019,602
Col. of the Holy	100	280	73,000		Hastings C	60	150	216,000	48.000
Col. of N. Rochelle	160	280	,	86,413	Haverford C	150	350	2,517,000	604,000
Cross Col. of N. Rochelle Col. of Pacific Col. of P. Sound Col. of Wooster Colorado C.	66-76	220 195	108,000	50,000	G. Adolphus C. Hamilton C. Hamilton C. Hampden Sid. C. Hamp. Nor. & Ag. Hanover C., Ind H'tshorn Mem. C. Harvard U. Hastings C. Haverford C. Hedding C. Heidelber U.	75 90	180 160		46.887
Col. of P. Sound	100		273,000 1,202,301	132,388	H'derson-Brown C	65	l 250		25 000
Colorado C	75	il 230	1.054.586	91,955	Heidelberg U H'derson-Brown C Hendrix C Highland C	90	154	283,000	30,200 54,000
Col. Sc. of Mines.	a150	300		120,254	Highland C	60		40,000	1 54,000

0.700	00,000	700 w.		-3-0 -3					
Colleges.	Tui-	Living	Produc-	Tota. In-	Colleges.	Tui-	Living	Produc-	Total In-
Table Three	tlon	Ex-	tive	come, in- cluding	Table Three	tion	Ex-	l tive	come, In-
	Cost	penses,	Funds-	Tuition	For ourlessties of	Cost	penses,	Funds-	Tuitlon
For explanation of	Per An-	Board. Etc.	Amount of.	or Incl-	For explanation of signs, see index.	Per An-	Board, Etc.	Amount of.	or Incl- dental
signs, see Index.	num. *	Litt.	01.	Charges.	Signs, see index.	num. *	1300.	01.	Charges.
								270.000	
Highland Park C	\$75~150 a39.50	\$250-400	\$343,121	\$135,858 34,261	Municipal U Muskingum C	<i>jj</i> \$100 65	\$250 144	\$56,000 188,000	\$77,907 51,000
Hillsdale C	00.05	180-250 150	420,294	48,292	Muskingum C. Nebraska Wes. U. Newberry C. N. Ham. C. New Orleans U. Newton Th. Inst. New York U. N. C. Ag. & M. C. N. Dak. Agri. C. Northern Ill. U. North-West C. Ill	60	200	300,000	62,000
Hiram C Hiwassee C	28	112.50	. <b>.</b>	11,935	Newberry C	75	150	151,000	62,000 22,655
Hiram C. Hiwassee C. Hobart C. hh. Hope C., Mich. Howard C. Howard Payne C. Howard U., D. C. Huron C.	120	400-450	748,891	90,000 40,237 38,024	N. Ham. C	280 10-20	250	1,000,000	250,000
Hope C., Mich	35 75	250 150	338,247 97,000	38 024	Newton Th Inst.	None	80	911,248	19,440 48,000
Howard Payne C.	85	126	11,000	60,393	New York U	125-225	250-400	1,394,657	720,343
Howard U., D. C.	w	125	300,000	203,984 82,938 52,967	N. C. Ag. & M. C	65	129	125,000	306,541
Huron C		155	500,000 398,996	82,938	N. Dak, Agri. C.	65 40-60	200	None	383,429
Illinois C	11 <sup>a60</sup>	175-250 175	108,226	176,861	North-West C. III.	75	125	242,000	45,000
Huron C	75-80	220-250	021,045	49,000	Northw'n U., Ill	110-175	417-617	242,000 4,112,413	45,000 1,637,559
III Woman's C	125	300	202,500	143,500	Norwich U	1180 117-212	100.000	115.0001	48,000
Indiana U	m50	250-350 350	144.000 690,000	730,552 1,631,505	Northern III. U North-West.C., III. Northw'n U., III. Norwich U. Oberlin C Occidental C Ohio Nor U	a100	138-270	2,802,424 417,182	653,802 47,282
Iowa Wes C	90	300	600,000	32,085	Ohio Nor. U	a42~48	160-240	45,000	73.000
Indiana U	50	200	600,000 300,000	165,000	Ohio State U	a30-150	200 up	45,000 935,158	1,730,975
Johns Hopkins U.	a150-240	198	6,551,000	549,777 73,755	Onio U., Athens	None 85	215	175,000	219,718
Judson C Juniata C	90 55-80	175 180-200	34,500 206,510	80,133	Okla A & M. C.	None	175	1,095,000 289,674	159,600 408,623
Kalamazoo C	66	176	623,843	146,100	Olivet C	75	235-250	58,150	408,623 34,274
Kansas City U	a50	144		938,147	Oregon Ag. C	100 150	170	bb11,615	721,671
Kan. State Ag. C.	a10.50	250-350 160	525,000 155,000	938,147	Oriental U	100-150 50	300-400	100,000	
Kentucky Wes. C.	65	130	100,000	15,500	Ottawa U	a54	175-200 250	255,000	57,926
Kenyon C	85	175-300	566.324	64,169	Otterbein U	85	170	255,000 225,000	65,513
Kings C	<b>a</b> 50	150 230-280	25,000 625,111 12,000	6,250 81,554	Ouachita C	55 75	190 180	30,000	50,000
Knoxville C	a75	72	12,000	25,485	Park C	60	<b>1</b> 75	239,729 400,000	29,176 117,063
Lafayette C., Pa.,	175-225	200-400	691,984	165,000	Parker C	50	160	50,000	8,700
Lake Erie C	a125	275	249,595	77,660	Occidental C Obio Nor. U Ohio State U Ohio State U Ohio U, Athens Ohio U, Athens Ohio Weq. U Okla. A. & M. C Olivet C Oriental U Oskaloosa C Ottana U Ouachita C Pacific U, Ore Park C Parker C Parsons C	60	185	241,396 272,000	27,042
Juniata C. Kalamazoo C. Kansas City U. Kan. State Ag. C. Kansas Wes. U. Kentucky Wes. C. Kenyon C. Kings C. Knox C. Knox C. Lafayette C. Lake Erie C. Lake Forest C. Lander C.	a80-250 50-60	210-400 140-150	854,397 8,000			100 120	153 250-350	420,000	††18,000 83,840
		85	8,000 12,000	† †3,250	Penna. Col. for W.	a125	325		
Lawrence C	75	175	907,568	††3,250 177,229 21,663	Penna. Col. for W. Penna. State C Philander Smith C.	None 28	300	615,139	894,723
Leander Clark C	65 80	162 200	907,568 203,000 63,000	63,202		g200	90	400,000	18,000 196,000
Lawrence C Leander Clark C Lebanon Val. C Lehigh U Leland Stanford,	a100-200	300-400	1,480,000	310,978	Presh. C. of S. C. Presh. Th. S. of Ky. Princeton Th. S. Proseminar C.	a50	117-135	46,036	34,267
Leland Stanford,		1	1	1	Presb. Th. S. of Ky.		20	1 527 9351	25,570
Jr., U Lenox C Lincoln C Lincoln Mem. U	40-150 65	300–400 175	24,000,000 173,000	1,470,000 8,100	Proseminar C	None 60	132 100	3,203,484 83,054	148,692 53,781
Lincoln C	45	1	120,000	11,000	Purdue U Radeliffe C		230	340,000	1,008,674
Lincoln Mem. U	24-36	93-125	667,684	46,983	Radeliffe C	a200	493	1,945,000	1 ††102,340
Lincoln U	150 89	190-224	200,000	††20,000	RanMacon C	275 130	175-250 230	423,510 387,100	46,324 200,003
Louisiana C	a50	136-141		23,000	Rensselaer P. I	a205		1.630.000	180,000
Lincoln U. Lombard C. Louisiana C. Louisiana State U. Loyola U. Macalester C. Manhattan C. Marletta C.	2	1 130.50	318,313	180,445	RanMacont Rensselaer P. I Rhode Isl. St. C Richmond C	m30 115-125	200-250	92,500 1,025,000	205,870
Manalester C	90-200 74	200-300 200	558,000	69,839		0.34	133	80,000	76,907 c9,736
Manhattan C	130	250		48.915	Ripon C Roanoke C Rochester Theol.S.	80	176	500,000	188,377
Marletta C Marquette U	90-95	135-200	586,933	49,348	Roanoke C	80-90	150-200	146,200	46,250
Marquette U	60-170	128-190 100	507 373	92,058		None a100	300-340	1,814,131 214,591	75,041 93,110
Maryville C Mass. Agri. C. m. Mass. Inst. Tech. McCor. Th. Sem.	a 40-120		36,100 4,811,385 1,935,590	728,188 754,378 96,573	Rock Hill C	100	l 250	Mono	22,000
Mass. Inst. Tech.	a250	l 500	4,811,385	754,378	Rollins C	a110	184 350-400	241,297 800,000	30,961
McCor. Th. Sem.	None 40	250 162 50	202,823	23,014	Rutgers C	a170	220	766,388	60,000 314,892
McKendree C McMinnville C	80	1 200	75,339	38,517	Rock Hill C Rollins C Rose Poly. Inst Rutgers C Scarritt-M'ville C.		145	65,000	10,000
Mechanics' Inst Mercer U Mcredith C	125 70	225-825	75,339 133,046 754,035	109,996 51,633	Seton Hall C. Shorter C. Shurtleff C. Slmmons C., Mass. Simmons C., Tex. Simpson C. Sioux Falls C.	70 a80	260	40,000	71,212
Mercer U	260		123,945	69,463	Shurtleff C	a66	200	175,908	26.766
Miami U	15-30	135			Simmons C., Mass.	a125	210-300	2.336.174	221.073
Mich. Ag. C	n h	200 220	71,391	828,758	Simmons C., Tex.	75 85	165 175		120,000
Miami U Mich. Ag. C Mich. C. of M's Middlebury C Midland C	a100	300-330	None 547,389	95,294 92,782	Sioux Falls C	75	250		20,000
Midland C	7	150	85,000		Smith C. S. Dak. St. C. Southern Bap. S.	a150		2,201,883	478,631 382,364
Mills C	a100		350,000 526,393	86,378	S. Dak. St. C	None	250 116		382,364
Milton C. Wis	45-60	200-300	144,114	86,378 39,376 14,906	Southern U	50	135-150	, , , , , , ,	36 330
Milton U	50-125	250 ur		6,500	S. W. C., Kan	60-75			46,370
Mills C. Millsaps C. Milton C., Wis Milton U. Miss. Ag. & M. C. Missouri Wesl. C.	. m92	100		1+10,000	S. W. Pres. U	a63		250,000	131,715
		180	1 286,000	50.222	State C. Wash	None	200	662,007	1 670 224
Montana State C Montana Wes. C.	. 2	300-400	546,149	50,222 325,404 17,216 12,000	State N. & Ind. C	50	150	100,000	135,500 1,319,656 233,744
Montana Wes. C.	. a50	189		17,216	State U. of Iowa.	20-130			1,319,656
Moore's Hill C Moravian C. & T. S	. a7	5 27	115,000	17,015		a225	300-380	1,500,000	179,489
M'vianS.&C.forW	7 12	300-420	35,000	35,000	St. Anselm's	75	1 200	)	50,000
M'vianS.&C.for W Morgan C	. 5	0] 108			St. Anselm's St. John's C., Md St. Lawrence U	. a75	160-170 180-200	747,571	163,077
Mr. Angel		0 250	JI .				225 up		180,000
Mt, Holyoke C Mt, Union C	. 1 16	5 27	5 1,440,230	407,933	St. Olaf C	51-60	128-158	275,000	137 523
Mt. Union C Muhlenberg C	8 32	5 200 5 210	307,000	101.363	St. Olaf C	35-60 75 <b>-</b> 90	135 175 <b>-2</b> 25	72,00	17,900
Warmen Der R C ***	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		J. 504,110		abquoumma O+	10 00	2.3.800	,	

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Colleges.	Tui-	Llving		Total In- come, In-	Colleges.	Tui-	Living		Total In- come, In- ciuding
Table Three.	Cost	Ex- penses.	tive Funds	cluding Tuition	Table Three.	tion Cost	Ex- penses,	tive Funds—	Tuition
For explanation of	Per	Board,		or Inci-	For explanation of	Per	Board.	Amount	or Inci-
signs, see index.	An- num. *	Etc.	of.	dentai	signs, see index.	An-	Etc.	of.	dental
	шиш.			Charges.		num. *			Charges.
Swarthmore C	a\$175	\$425-525	\$1,723,000	\$185,997	U. of Vermont U. of Virginia	a\$110	\$286 285	\$943,423	\$299,416 374,256 828,449
Syracuse U	75-175	200-300	2,052,781	733,630	U. of Virginia	175	285	2,296,105	374,256
Talladega C	a16-20 55-60	104-108 125	256,000 7,000	40,000 32,036	U. of Washington. U. of Wisconsin	55	300 350-400	3,000,000 685,627	2,765,330
Taylor U Teachers' C., Ind. Teach. C., N. Y. Temple U	100	200	None	32,000	U. of Wyoming	None None	189-225	92,047	258,493
Teach. C., N. Y.	222	466			U. S. Mil. Acad	##	+	. †	
Temple U		230	None	177,893	U. S. Naval Acad.	1 ##	11	215,000	25,199
Thiel C Throop C. of Tech.	100 • a150	144	50,000 582,467	15,000 164,278	Upper Jowa U	70-75 55	150 up 150	None	11,113
Trongulyania C	65	150	364,612	63,488	Ursinus C	150	200	236,100	72,475
Trinity C., Ct Trinity C., N. C Trinity U., Texas.	a100	252-352	1,250,000		Upsala C. Ursinus C. Utah Ag. C. Valparaiso U. Vanderbilt U.	40	250	198,000	205,000
Trinity C., N. C	90 90	200 200	1,595,306 126,161	112,424 30,841	Varparaiso U	65 156	116-164	134,000 2,420,000	208,338 275,000
Tri-State C	60	121	None	28,000		150	225 350	1,300,000	++176,925
Tufts C	125-200	250-400	2,200.000	c315,440	!Villanova	100-150	200		
Tulane U Tusculum C Tuskegee N. &. I.	100-165	240-300 119	4,305,187 177,661	371,714 49,889	Va. Military I Va. Poly. Inst	125 1325	300	323,000	††205,000 372,225
Tuskegee N & I	a18	119	177,001		Va. Union U	2525 25	100	102,000	35,000
Inst		120	2,025,391	297,794 77,300	Wabash C Wake Forest C	80	300-500	740,000	560,000
Union C., Neb	75	125		77,300	Wake Forest C	100	120-200	507,085	60,000
Union C., N. Y	110-270	200-300 90	1,196,802 623,787	173,960 41,076	Washburn C Wash. C., Md	85 62	200 171	360,000 None	70,000 33,000
Inst Union C., Neb Union C., N. Y Union Th. S U. of Alabama	25-75	225	650,000	175.000	Wash. C., Tenn Wash. & Jeff. C Wash. & Lee U	27.50	90	85,000	8,500
U. of Arkansas	ma10	150-250	130,000 5,237,447	225,923	Wash. & Jeff. C	140	250	860,000	85,968
U. of California	m20	350 up	5,237,447	3,490,988 47,000	Washington U	105-125 85-175	300 350	946,732 9,368,277	113,436 618,637
U. of Chattanooga U. of Chicago	a65 a130-200	250-650	22,239,869	2,204,480	Waynesburg C	60	200	90,000	010,031
U. of Cincinnati	50-150	160 up		l	Welle lev C	175	325	2,600,515	471,469
U. of Colorado	15-100	200-500		368,000 150,000	Wells C	a150	350 225	542,220	68.710 114,485
U. of Denver U. of Detroit	a80-150 75-100	200	450,000 100,000	1 +÷31 000	Wesleyan U	270 140		140,000 2,457,147	200:992
II of Georgia	None	135 up	389,306	131,821 225,794	Wesleyan C.‡ Wesleyan U. Western C.‡ Western R. U.	125	225	311,000	111,134
U. of Idaho U. of Illinois	None None	250-350	1,075,468	225,794	Western R. U	\$125	300	3,445,127	407,189
U. of Kansas	None	350-475 200-400	648,872 150,000	3,051,871	Western Th. Sem.	None 85-100	200 162-198	879,801 230,300	81,186 31,609
U. of Kentucky	30	275		688,700 218,244 357,540 200,000	Westminster C Westminster C., Pa	75	225	498,201 115,104	76,650
U. of Maine	a30-130	170		357,540	West Virginia U W. Virginia Wes. C.	ma50	175-300 200	115,104	546,914
U. of Maryland U. of Michigan	75-170	175 up	150,000	200,000	Wheeten C 111	75 65	200 175	100,000 211,653	43,000 36,037
U. of Minnesota	65-200	250-400	1,013,290 1,647,059	2,240,646 2,622,146 199,750	Wheaton C., Ill., Wheaton C., Mass.	a150	300	950,000	92,388
U. of Miss U. of Missouri	a50	115	700,000	199,750	Whitman C	a100	212	684,044	92,388 87,873
U. of Missouri	None 30	250 up		1,294,405	Whittier C Wilberforce U	α60 42	100	150,000 6,000	20,000 25,000
U. of Montana U. of Nebraska	u 30	250-400	787.255	1,756,427	Wiley U	25	90		28,000
U. of Nevada	25	175	306,374	225,474	Willamette Wm. Jewell C	80	175	480,000	41,000
U. of N. Mexico U. of N. Carolina. U. of N. Dakota	None	162	None	90.000	Wm. Jewell C	a40	188-220 135	513,330	68,262
U. 01 N. Carolina.	22	250 174.50	182,594 1,705,000	287,112 301,693	Wm. & Vashti C.	253 75		151,327 125,060	65,192 18,000
U. of Oklahoma	m	343	None	253 500	Wm. & Mary C. Wm. & Mary C. Wm. & Vashti C. Wm. Smith C. See IVm. Woods C. Williams C. Wilmington C.	Hoba	rt C. 275	1	
U. of Oregon	None	300-500	150,000 6,064,106	300,000 1,883,056 646,757	Wm. Woods C	75	275	96,649 2,152,240 85,000	52,017
U. of Penna U. of Pittsburgh	180-255 100-250	220-350	561,679	646.757	Williams C	150 a60		2,152,240 85,000	236,217 22,000
U. of Porto Rico	40	200	10,205	118,404	Wilson C	4140	235-310	1 71,829	76.153
U. of Rochester	135	225	1,666,177	149.968	Wilson C Wittenberg C	90	185	600,000	54,000
U. of S. Carolina U. of S. Dakota	60			133,936 195,733	Wofford C Woman's C. of Ala.	75 100	136 205	194,787 25,000	37,343 80,000
U. of South. Cal		200-250	425,000	264,880	W'man'sC. Due W.	50			22,881
U. of South. Minn.	36	240		81.488	Worcester P. I	190	240	944,090	162,996
U. of the South	a45	150-235	395,650	119,915 327,387	Yale UYankton C	125-180 50	125	18,401,444	1,872,108
U. of Tennessee U. of Texas	M80 None	196 up 250 up		963,932	York C	60	144		
U. of Utah	1	1,		263,972	York C	1	250	17,304	40,136

#### ACADEMIC DRESS.

(From a statement prevared by G. C. Leonard, Albany, N. Y.)

(From a statement precared by G. C. Leonard, Albany, N. Y.)

Academic dress, the acknowledged badge of the scholar, is now worn by the majority of universities and colleges in this country.

There are three distinct types of gowns and hoods—the bachelor's, the master's gown has commonly worn and has long pointed sleeves; the master's gown has long closed sleeves with a slit through which the forearm protrudes: the doctor's gown has velvet bars on round open sleeves and velvet facings down the front. Caps worn with such gowns are the regulation mortar boards with black silk tassels. Doctors may wear gold tassels on caps.

The hoods are separate from the gowns, hanging down the back from colored velvet bands across the throat. They indicate the degrees by the size of the hoods and their velvet trimmings and show the institutions granting the degrees by the college colors in distinctive arrangements in the exposed limings of the hoods. The velvet trimmings are two inches wide on the bachelor hoods, three inches wide on masters' hoods, four and a half inches on doctors' hoods. The doctors' hoods are solved on masters with cording of the college colors. The colored velvet trimmings indexed degrees as follows:

White, Arts and Letters; scarlet, Theology; purple, Laws; gold-velow, Sclence; brown, Fine Arts; plnk, Music; orange, Engineering; clive. Pharmacy; majoe. Agriculture; lilac, Dentistry; gray, Veterinary, Sclence; russet, Forestry; lemon, Library Sclence; light blue, Pedagogy; sliver-gray, Oratory; drab, Commerce and Accountancy; sage-green, Physical Education; crimson, Humanies; copper, Economics.

### REFERENCE MARKS USED IN PRECEDING COLLEGE TABLES. TABLE ONE

\* All departments. † Co-education of the sexes. † Education of women only. §For the education of colored students. \*\* School of Liberal Arts, Oxford, Ga. ‡‡ Medical Department at Mobile, Ala. (c) For education of Priests.

(a) College City of New York, 281 instructors, all departments and 9,186 students as follows: Day College 2,044, Preparatory, 1,416. Evening, 2,726 and extension 3,000.

(f) Confined strictly to post-graduate work. The national university of the church. (g) Academic and Technical Departments at Fayetteville, Law and Medical Departments at Little Rock; Normal School (for negroes), Pine Bluff, Ark.

Bluff, Ark.

(h) And at Chicago.

(j) For Indians and colored youths, both sexes.

(l) Radellife College is the women's college affiliated with Harvard University. The number of instructors and students shown at Radellife College are not included in the Harvard totals.

(m) Formerly St. Ignatius's College, co-educational in graduate departments.

(n) Restricted to negro race.

(o) Comprises Adelbert College for men. College

TABLE THREE.

\* Tuition cost generally includes books. † At U.S. Military Academy tuition is free. Cadets are paid a sum each year by the Government, out of which they pay their own expenses for board, cloth-

ing, etc. ‡ Education of women only.

§ For education of negroes.

\*\* Maintained by the city; students must be residents of New York City.

# Income from tuition, board or incidental charges, if At U. S. Naval Academy tuition is free. Midshipmen are paid \$600 per year each by the Government, out of which they pay their own expenses for

meint, out of which they pay their own expenses for board, clotting, etc.

(a) Not including books.

(b) In making up the figures for Columbia University, Barnard College, Toachers' College, and the New York College of Pharmacy are included, because these Institutions, although independent corporations financially, are integral parts of the educational system of Columbia University. Cost of tuition, 86 per point per year. A point is one hour a week of attendance for a Winter or a Spring session.

(c) Exclusive of benefactions.

(e) Books.
(h) Residents, \$25; non-residents, \$150; books, \$30.
(4) Living expenses included in tuition charges.

(a) Brocks, \$10-\$20. Non-resident tuition, \$20. (q) \$109 provided by scholarship. (r) O' James Millikh University.

ONE.

(7) Columbia University, 1,042 instructors, all departments.

(2) Columbia University, 1,042 instructors, all departments include extension taching, 66, departments including extension taching, 66, department and college and College of Pharmacy, 18,176 students including Extension, Teaching and Summer Session.

(3) Medical Department at Galveston.

(3) Medical Department at Galveston.

(4) School of Mines at Rolla, Mo.

(b) Also at Cleveland, Ohio.

(c) Co-education in parts. The Undergraduate Schools are at University Heights, New York City.

(7) College of Liberal Arts at St. Paul, Minn.; College Physicians and Surgeons at Minneapolis.

(b) Co-education in Graduate School, Art and Music.

Music.

(ee) Co-educational in Professional (h/h) Arts, Engineering and Theological in Medford; Medical and Dental in Boston, Mass. Co-education in Medical and Dental Departments.

Medical and Dental Departments.

(jf) Extension courses for both sexes.

(t) For 1915-1916.

(w) Also Annapolis. Md.

(ww) Exclusive of Columbia's library.

(xx) And United Brethren.

(yy) School of Medicine at Portland.

(zz) Belongs to James Millikin University.

(s) Medical. \$150; dental, \$200.

(d) Blackburn is a self-help college. All expenses for the year range between \$125 and \$175 and \$2½ hours' work each day. Park College. Mo., is also a self-help institution.

(a) None except law, \$45; medicine, \$125, pharmacy, \$35; fine arts, \$4 per course

(w) Academic, \$30; medicine, \$100; Zdental and pharmacy, \$50, Low. \$50.

(a) Board at college dining hall. \$4.50 for \$21 meals. Rooms secured near the College for \$1.25-

meals. Rooms secured near the College for \$1.25-\$3.00 a piece.

(2) Free to citizens of United States; others, \$100.

(ac) Not Including laboratory fees.

(bb) Federal land grant.

(dd) Tuttion free to Delawareans; \$25 to out of State students

Books about \$10.

(ee) Free to \$150.

(ff) No tuttion for resident except in Law College, \$40 per year; non-resident, \$20 per year

(hb) These figures include William Smith College.

a co-ordinate college for women.

(jj) Non-residents. Free to residents of Akron.

(lj) \$40 for non-residents

Free for all preparing to teach.

(a) S40 for non-residents Free for all preparing to teach.
(a) Arts. S110; Law, S125; Pharmacy, \$125; Medicine, \$225.
(a) No tuition charge; books, fees, etc., \$60.
(a) Non-resident tuition, \$124 per year in addition to \$24 incidental fee required of all students Books about \$15 per year.
(22) Law, \$50.

LIST OF APPROPRIATIONS BY CONCRESS.

	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.	1916.
Deficiencies	\$18,913,555.88	\$23,045,612.11	\$10,028,526.84	\$8,155,587,25	\$27,080,512.29	\$24,028,999.41	\$11,399,025.69
Legislative, Executive,							
and Judicial , .	32,007,049.00	34,158,767.00	35,378.149.85	34,245,356,75	35,172,434.50	37,630,781.37	36,904,799.75
Sundry Civil	117,812,109,36	106,015,198.82	135,241,935.34	102,538,934.40	105,749,532.01	103,089,275.74	122,910,750.79
Support of the Army	101,195,883.34	95,419,567.55	93,374,755.97	90,955,712 98	91,266,140.51	101.019,212.50	101,959,195.87
		131,410,568.30		123,151,538.76	140,718,434.53	144,868,716.61	149,001,804.88
Indian Service	11,854,982.48		8,842,136.37			9.771.992.76	
Rivers and Harbors	29,190,264.00					26,989,000.00	6.060,216,90
Forts and Fortifications							
Milltary Academy	2,531,521.33				1,099,734.87 Indefinite.		
Post-Office Department	Indefinite.	Indefinite. 155,758,000.00	Indefinite.	107 110 145 04	100 200 000 00		
Pensions Diplomatic					3.730.642.66	4.309.856.66	4.049.446.66
Agricultural Dept		13.487.636.00			17,986,945.00		
District of Columoia	10.699.531.49					12,171,457.28	
Reclamation Fund	10,059.551.45	20.020.000.00		10,010,000.00	11,000,100.00	12,111,101.20	11,000,001.10
Relicis & Miscellaneous		3,514,798.29		7.642.359.03	445.197.22	14,985,991.29	2,402,923.34
		0,011,100.00	2,200,010.02	1,012,000,00			
Totals by session acts	41	1	1				

(exclusive of Postal act) 648,191,676.26 663,725,794.84 634,549,561.40 617,382,178.34 684,757,276.26 674,497,625.16 678,677,858.70 1916—Estimated permanent annual appropriations, Including Sinking Fund requirement, \$800.245,065; for the Postal Service, payable from the postal revenues, \$33,364,667; for deficiencies in the Postal Service, payable from postal revenues, \$390,971; grand totals, including Sinking Fund requirement, \$1,114,480,704, 1975,1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976, 1976

### COLLEGE COLORS.

Adelphi Col., brown-gold. Adrian, canary-black. Agnes Scott Col., white-royal purple Agrl. & Mech. Col. (Tex.), redwhite. white.
Alabama Poly. Inst., orange-blue.
Alabamy Col. (Ore.), orange-black,
Albion Col., pink-green.
Albright Col., cardinal red-white.
Alcorn A. M. Col., purple-gold.
Alfred Univ., purple-old gold.
Allegheny Col., blue-gold.
Alma Col., maroon-cream.
American Univ., red-white-blue.
Amberst Col., purple-white. Allegheny Col., blue-gold.
Alma Col., maroon-cream.
American Univ., red-white-blue.
Amherst Col., purple-white.
Ark. Cumberland Col., blue-gold.
Atlanta Univ., gray-crimson.
Auburn Theol. Sem'y., Presbyterlan
blue-ecclesiastical red.
Baker Univ., orange.
Baldwin-Wallace Col., gold-brown.
Bellevue Col., purple-gold.
Barnard Col., light blue-white.
Bates Col., garnet.
Baylor Univ., green-gold.
Beloit Col., purple-gold.
Benedict Col., purple-gold.
Berea Col., blue-white
Benedict Col., purple-gold.
Berea Col., blue-white
Bethany (Col., gray-maroon.
Blackburn Col., black-old rose.
Bonebrake Theol. S., navy blue-gray
Boston Univ., red-white.
Bowdon Col., whiteBowdon Col., whiteBowdon Col., whiteBowdon Col., red-black.
Bridgewater Col., crimson-gold.
Bryn Mawr Col., yellov-white.
Butler Col., Yale blue-white.
Butler Col., orange-blue.
Carleton Col., maise-yale blue
Carlisle Indian School-blue.
Carlisle Indian School, red-gold.
Carnoll Col., orange-white.
Cattange Col., crimson-white.
edarville Col., orange-blue
Contral Col. (Iowa), red-white,
Central Col. (Mo), Nile green-black,
Central Wesl. C., navy blue-white.
Centre Col. of Ky., gold-white.
Christian Bros. Col., purple-old gold.
Christian Bros. Col., purple-old gold.
Christian Univ., dark blue-white.
Clark Col., erimson-white.
Clark Col., erimson-black.
Clark U. (Mass.), em'ld green-white.
Clark U. (or Tech., old gold-green.
Clemson Agri. Col., purple-orange.
Coe Col., crimson-gold.
Col. of Charleston, maroon-white.
Col. of Wew Rochelle, blue-white.
Col. City of New York, lavender-black.

Col. of New Rochelle, blue-Watte. Col. City of New York, lavenderblack, Col. of St. Elizabeth, blue-gold. Col. of the Pacific, purple-gold. Col. of Wooster, black-gold. Col. of Wooster, black-gold. Colorado Agri. Col., green-gold. Colorado Col., black-gold. Columbia Univ., light blue-white. Connecticat Col., red-white. Connecticut Agri. Col., blue-white. Conn. Col., Women, dark blue-white. Cornell Col., purple-white. Cornell Univ., earnellan-white. Cornell Univ., earnellan-white. Creighton Univ., blue-white. Creighton Univ., blue-white. Dakota Wesley. Univ., blue-white. Dartmouth Col., Dartmouth green. Davidson Col., red-black. Decatur Col., blue-white. Defance Col., purple-gold. Delaware Col., old gold-blue.

COLLECE COLORS.

Dension Univ., Denison red.
De Paul Univ., red-blue.
DePanu Univ., black-gold.
Des Moines Col., orange-black.
Dickinson Col., red-white.
Doane Col., orange-black.
Drake Univ., blue-white.
Drury Col., scarlet-gray.
Eartham Col., yellow-cream.
Eastern Col., red-white, elbivabeth Col., old gold-yellow.
Elimira Col., purple-gold.
Elon Col., maroon-old gold.
Elon Col., maroon-gold.
Elon Col., maroon-gold.
Elon Col., blue-gold.
Elon Col., blue-gold.
Fairm't C., sunflower yellow-black.
Fargo Col., hlue-gold.
Frak Index blue-gold.
Frak Statuavy blue-gold.
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F Grand Island Col., orange-blue. Greenville Col., orange-bluek. Grinnell Col., scarlet-black. Grinnell Col., scarlet-black. Grove City Col., erimson. Gustavus, Adolph. Col., ebony-gold. Hamilton Col., blue-buff. Hamilne, red-gray. Hampelen-Sidney Col., garnet-gray. Hampon N. Agrl., navy blue-white. Hanover Col., red-blue. Hartshorn Mem. Col., blue-white. Harvard Univ., crimson. Hastings Col., orinson-white. Haverford Col., scarlet-black. Hedding Col., orange-blue. Heddetberg Univ., red-gray. Hendrix Col., orange-blue. Hillsdale Col., ultramarine-blue. Hillsdale Col., ultramarine-blue. Himassec Col., maron-old gold. Hobart Col., orange-hou. Hope Col., orange-hou. Hope Col., orange-hou. Hope Col., orange-hou. Hope Col., orange-hou. Hope Col., orange-hou. Hope Col., orange-hou. Hope Col., orange-hou. Hope Col., orange-hou. Hope Col., orange-hou. Hope Col., orange-hou. Hope Col., orange-hou. Hope Col., orange-hou. Hope Col., orange-hou. Hope Col., orange-hou. Hope Col., orange-hou. Hope Col., orange-hou. Hope Col., orange-hou. Hope Col., orange-hou. Hope Col., orange-hou. Hope Col., orange-hou. Hope Col., orange-hou. Hope Col., orange-hou. Hope Col., orange-hou. Hope Col., orange-hou. Hope Col., orange-hou. Hope Col., orange-hou. Hope Col., orange-hou. Hope Col., orange-hou. Hope Col., orange-hou. Hope Col., orange-hou. Hope Col., orange-hou. Hope Col., orange-hou. Hope Col., orange-hou. Hope Col., orange-hou. Hope Col., orange-hou. Hope Col., orange-hou. Hope Col., orange-hou. Hope Col., orange-hou. Hope Col., orange-hou. Hope Col., orange-hou. Hope Col., orange-hou. Hope Col., orange-hou. Hope Col., orange-hou. Hope Col., orange-hou. Hope Col., orange-hou. Hope Col., orange-hou. Hope Col., orange-hou. Hope Col., orange-hou. Hope Col., orange-hou. Hope Col., orange-hou. Hope Col., orange-hou. Hope Col., orange-hou. Hope Col., orange-hou. Hope Col., orange-hou. Hope Col., orange-hou. Hope Col., orange-hou. Hope Col., orange-hou. Hope Col., orange-hou. Hope Col., orange-hou. Hope Col., orange-hou. Hope Col., orange-h How'd Payne C., navy blue-old gold.
Howard Univ., blue-white.
Hunter Col., lavender-white.
Hunter Col., purple-gold.
Hilnols Col., Yale blue-white.
Hilnols Col., Yale blue-white.
Hilnols Col., Yale blue-white.
Hilnols State Nor. Univ., red-white.
Hilnols State Nor. Univ., red-white.
Hilnols Wesley. U., ollve green-white.
Hodiana Univ., crimson-cream.
Howa State Col., cardinal-gold.
Howa Wesley. Univ., white-purple.
Jamestown Col., black-orange.
John B. Stetson Univ., green-white.
Johns Hopkins U., black-ord gold.
Juniata Col., blue-gold.
Kalamazoo Col., orange-black.
Kansas City Univ., purple-gold gold.
Kansas Wesley. U., purple-gold.
Kansas Wesley. U., purple-gold.
Kansas Wesley. U., purple-gold.
Kansas U., blue-gold.
Lafayette Col., garner-blue
Lafayette Col., dark blue-gold.
La Sale Col., blue-gold.
La Sale Col., blue-gold.
La Sale Col., blue-gold.
La Sale Col., blue-gold.
La Sale Col., purple-white.
Leander Clark Col., cardinal-white.
Leander Clark Col., cardinalLincoln Mem'l Univ., blue-gray.
Lehigh Univ., brown-white.
Leands State, old gold-purple.
Louisiana State, old gold-purple.
Louisiana State, old gold-purple.
Louisiana State, old gold-purple. Louisiana State, old gold-purple. Loyola U. (La.), maroon-old gold. Loyola Univ., gold-blue.

Macalester C., orange-peacock blue.
Manhattan Col., argeen-white.
Marquette Univ., blue-gold.
Maryland Agri. Col., black-orange.
Maryville Col., orange-garnet.
Mass. Agrl. Col., orange-garnet.
Mass. Inst. Tech., cardinal-gray.
Mass. Inst. Tech., cardinal-gray.
Mass. Inst. Tech., cardinal-gray.
Mass. Inst. Tech., cardinal-gray.
Mass. Inst. Tech., cardinal-gray.
McKender Col. S., blue-white.
McKender Col. S., blue-white.
McKender Col., cardinal-purple.
McKender Col., cardinal-purple.
McKender Col., cardinal-purple.
McKender Col., green-white.
Michignan Agri. Col., green-white.
Michignan Agri. Col., green-white.
Michignan Agri. Col., green-white.
Michignan Agri. Col., green-white.
Michignan Agri. Col., green-white.
Midland Col., orange-black.
Midlabury Col., Yale blue-white.
Millison Col., orange-black.
Millison Iniv., chocolate-corn.
Millison Col., poyal purple-white.
Monnanuth Col., red-white.
Montana State Col., blue-gold.
Montana Wes. Col., crimson.
Moores Hill Col., purple-white.
Moravian C. & Theol S., blue-gray.
Moravian S.&C.for W., purple-gold.
Morgan Col., orange-navy blue.
Morningside Col., ingroon-white.
Mut. Angel. Col., white odd gold.
Mouth Holyoke Col., light blue.
Mut. S. Mary S. C., pale blue-white.
New Orleans Univ., whoe-white.
New Orleans Univ., violet.
New Orleans Univ., violet.
New Orleans Univ., violet.
New Orleans Univ., violet.
New Orleans Univ., violet.
New York Univ., violet.
North-Dakota Agri., green-yellow.
Newberry Col., say plue-old gold.
Nebrasa Area Univ., purple-white.
North-Western (Ill.), red-white.
North-Western (Ill.), red

### COLLEGE COLORS-Continued.

Scarrit-Morrisville Col., purple-gold.
Seton Hall Col., blue-white.
Shaw Univ., red-white.
Shorter Col., orange-white.
Simmons Col., purple-gold.
Simpson Col., red-old gold.
Simpson Col., red-old gold.
Simyson Col., red-old gold.
Sinux Falls Col., purple-white.
Smith Col., white-gold.
S. Dakota State Col., yellow-blue.
Southern Female Col., orange-black.
Southern Univ., purple-white.
Southwestern Col., purple-white.
Southwestern Col., purple-white.
Southwestern Univ., black-gold.
Spring Hill Col., purple-white.
State C. Washington, crimson-gray,
State Univ. of Iowa, old gold.
State Univ. of Iowa, old gold.
State U. Mont., silver-copper-gold.
Univ. of Clearen, marcon.
Univ. of Chetanogea, gold-blue, Univ. of Chetanogea, gold-blue, Univ. of Chetanogea, gold-blue, Univ. of Chetanogea, gold-blue, Univ. of Chetanogea, gold-blue, Univ. of Chetanogea, gold-blue, Univ. of Chetanogea, gold-blue, Univ. of Chetanogea, gold-blue, Univ. of Chetanogea, gold-blue, Univ. of Chetanogea, gold-blue, Univ. of Chetanogea, gold-blue, Univ. of Chetanogea, gold-blue, Univ. of Chetanogea, gold-blue, Univ. of Chetanogea, gold-blue, Univ. of Chetanogea, gold-blue, Univ. of Chetanogea, gold-blue, Univ. of Chetanogea, gold-blue, Univ. of Chetanogea, gold-blue, Univ. of Chetanogea, gold-blue, Univ. of Chetanogea, gold-blue, Univ. of Chetanogea, gold-blue, Univ. of Chetanogea, gold-blue, Univ. of Chetanogea, gold-blue, Univ. of Chetanogea, gold-blue, Univ. of Chetanogea, gold-blue, Univ. of Chetanogea, gold-blue, Univ. of Chetanogea, gold-blue, Univ. of Chetanogea, gold-blue, Univ. of Chetanogea, gold-blue, Univ. of Chetanogea, gold-blue, Univ. of Chetanogea, gold-blue, Univ. of Chetanogea, gold-blue, Univ. of Chetanogea, gold-blue, Univ. of Chetanogea, gold-blue, Univ. of Chetanogea, gold-blue, Univ. of Chetanogea, gold-blue, Univ. of Chetanogea, gold-blue, Univ. of Chetanogea, gold-blue, Univ. of Chetanogea, gold-blue, Univ. of Chetanogea, gold-blue, Univ. of Chetanogea, gold-blue, Univ. of Chetanogea, gold-blue, Univ. of Chetanogea, gold-State U. Mont., sliver-copper-gold. State U. South Dakota, pink-green Stevens Inst. Tech., gray-cardinal St. Anselm's Col., white-marineblue. blue.

St. Charles's Col., blue-white.

St. Jgnatiwis Col., navy blue-gold.

St. Jgnatiwis Col., navy blue-gold.

St. John's C. (Brooklyn), red-white.

St. John's C. (Md.), black-old gold.

St. John's C. (Md.), black-old gold.

St. Joseph's Col., cardinal-purple.

St. Joseph's Col., cardinal-purple.

St. Lawrence Univ., scarlet-brown. St. Louis Univ., blue-white.
St. Mary's Col. (Kan.), white-blue.
St. Mary's C. (Ky), olive green-St. Mary's C. (ky), onve green-cream.
St. Mary's Col. (Cal.), red-blue,
St. Mary's Col. (Ohio), red-blue,
St. Olaf Col., old gold-black.
Suomi Col. & T. S., white-blue,
Susquehanna Univ., orange-maroon.
Swarthmore Col., garnet. Syracuse Univ., orange.
Talladeca, Col., orinson-blue
Taylor Univ., royal purple-old gold.
Taylor Univ., royal purple-old gold.
Teachers Col. (Ind.), green-white.
Temple Univ., cherry-white.
Texas Christ. Univ., purple-white.
Thick Col., gold-blue.
Thrope Col., of Tech., orange-white.
Tri-State Col., blue-white.
Tri-State Col., blue-white.
Trinity Col. (Ct.), blue-old gold.
Trinity Col. (N. C.), navy blue.
Trinity Col., brown-blue.
Tulane Univ., olive green-blue.
Tusaculum Col., orange-black.
Tuskegee Inst., crimson-old gold.
Union Christian Col., purple-gold.
Twomen's colleges. Syracuse Univ., orange.

Univ. of Georgia, feet-black, Univ. of Glaho, yellow-white. Univ. of Illinois, orange-blue, Univ. of Kansas, crimson-blue, Univ. of Koutsville, scarlet-black, Univ. of Louisville, scarlet-black, Univ. of Maine, light blue. Univ. of Maryland, maroon-black, Univ. of Michigan, maize-blue. Univ. of Maryland, maroon-black, Univ. of Michigan, malze-blue, Univ. of Minnesota, old gold-maroon Univ. of Misssispip, red-blue, Univ. of Misssispip, red-blue, Univ. of Misssispip, red-blue, Univ. of Neshraska, scarlet-ream, Univ. of Nebraska, scarlet-ream, Univ. of N. Mex., cherry-silver, U., of N. Mex., cherry-silver, U., of N. Mex., cherry-silver, U., of N. Carolina, white-light blue, Univ. of North Dakota, pink-green, Univ. of Nothen Dame, gold-blue, Univ. of Nothaloma, crimson-cream, Univ. of Oregon, green-lemon-yellow, Univ. of Pennsylvania, red-blue, Univ. of Southern Cal., gold, Univ. of Southern Cal., gold, Univ. of Southern Minn, pink-green Univ. of Tennessee, orange-white, Univ. of Tennessee, orange-white, Univ. of Univ. of Tennessee, orange-white, Univ. of Urennessee, orange-white, Univ. of Urennessee, orange-white, Univ. of Urennessee, orange-white, Univ. of Vermont, green-gold, Univ. of Wisginia, orange-blue, Univ. of Wissonian, orange-blue, Univ. of Wissonian, cardinal, Univ. of Wyoming, brown-yellow, U. S. Mill. Acad., black-gold-gray, U. S. Naval Acad., blue-gold.

Utah Agri. Col., white-blue.

| Upsala Col., navy blue-silver gray.
| Ursinus Col., red-old gold-black. Valparaiso U.old gold-bright brown. Vanderbilt University, black-gold. Villanova Col., navy blue-white. Vincennes Univ., blue-gold. Villanova Col., noty blue-white. Virginia Chris. Col., crimson-gray. Virginia Chris. Col., crimson-gray. Virginia Poly. Inst., orange-macon. Virginia Union Univ., red-steel. Wake Forest Col., old gold-black. Washington Col., ab blue. Wash, & Jefferson Col., red-black, Washington Lee Univ., blue-white. Washington Univ. (Mo.), red-green, Washington Col., (Tenn.), buff-blue. Washington Col., (Tenn.), buff-blue. Washengton Col., (Tenn.), buff-blue. Wesleyan Col., tavender-purple. Wesleyan Col., tavender-purple. Wesleyan Univ., cardinal-black. Westminster Col., (Mo.), blue. Westminster C., (Pa.), blue-white. Western Reserve U., crimson-white. West Virginia Univ., cdl., old gold-blue. Western Col., Tyrian blue.
Western Maryland Col., green-gold.
Western Reserve U., crimson-white.
West Virginia Univ., old gold-blue.
West Virginia Wes.C., orange-bluck.
Wheaton Col. (fil.). orange-blue.
Wheaton Col. (fil.). orange-blue.
Whittier Col., purple-gold.
Whitman Col., blue-maize.
Wilberforce Univ., green-yellow.
Wilberforce Univ., green-yellow.
William Jewell Col., red-black.
William Jewell Col., red-black.
William Mary C., white-orange.
William S. Woods Col., green-white.
William S. Woods Col., green-white.
William S. Woods Col., green-white.
William S. Woods Col., red-gray.
William S. Woods Col., red-gray.
William S. Woods Col., green-white.
Wilson Col., silver-blue.
Winona, Col., blue-gold.
Wittenberg, eream-cardinal.
Wofford, old gold-black,
Woman's Col. of Alabama, gray-red.
W. Col. of Due West., garnet-gray.
Worcester Poly Inst., gray-crimson.
Yale Univ., Yale-blue, known as
oxford blue. ale Univ., S

tWomen's coaleges.

### SOME FOREIGN COLLEGES.

ORGAN-	Colleges.	Location.	ORGAN-	Colleges.	Location.						
1348 1530 1845 1832 1440 1737 1903 1907 1810 1903 1472 1668 1249 1818	Cambridge University Charles-Ferdinand's U. Charles-Ferdinand's U. College of France.  Gork University Durham U.  Eton College Geo. August University Imp. Col Ag. & Dendrology. Imp. Univ. of Tokio Instituto Nac. de Panama Japan Women's Univ Kioto Imp. University K. Frederick Wilhelm Liverpool University Ludwig-Maximilian's U Lund College Oxford University Rhelniochile Fried. Wi. U. Robert Col.	Prague. Praris, France. Cork, Ireland. Durham and New- castle, Eng. Windsor, Eng. Goettingen, Ger. Morioka, Japan. Toklo, Japan. Toklo, Japan. Berlin, Ger. Liverpool, Eng. Munich, Ger. Lund, Sweden. Oxford, Eng. Bonn, Ger.	1905 1872 1875 1583 1806 1450 1737 1396 1904 1409 1911 1851 1527 1411 1477 1582 1880	Royal Frederick's U Sheffield University Toboku I, U. Col. Ag Tokio High Commercial C Tokio High Commercial C Univ. of Dublin (Trinity C.) Univ. of France Univ. of Gestingen Univ. of Geettingen Univ. of Heidelberg Univ. of Leeds Univ. of Leipzig Univ. of Leipzig Univ. of Leipzig Univ. of Manchester Univ. of Manchester Univ. of Marburg Univ. of St. Andrews Univ. of Tubingen Univ. of Wurzburg Victoria University Wiener U	Sheffield, Eng. Sapporo, Japan. Tokio, Japan. Dublin, Ireland. Edinburgh, Seot. Paris, France. Glasgow, Scot. Goettingen, Ger. Germany. Leeds, Eng. Leipzig, Gcr. Lisbon, Portugal. Manchester, Eng. Prussia. St. Andrews, Scot. Germany. Wurzburg, Ger. Manchester.						

# BENEFACTIONS ANNOUNCED BY THE COLLECES.

	(Sums un	de: arotoon not usted.)	
Albion C	\$34,000 Emory U	\$75,000 Millsaps C	\$88,250/Taylor U \$25,616
	58.280 Emporia C	97.976 Mills C	19,985 Temple U 37,463
Allegheny C		39,972 Monmouth C	
American U	236,000 Eureka C		20.025 Tinel C 10,000
Arkansas C	10,000 Fargo C	79,558 Mount Union C	20,000 Throop C. Tech 120,444
Arle. Cumberland C	10,000 Fordham U	19,600 Mo. West	275,000 Transylvania C 34,070
Atlanta U	34,122 Frank. & Marsh. C.	48,271 Muhlenberg C	73,592 Trinity C. (Ct.) 65,000
	10.669 Franklin C. (Ind.)	30,000 Muskingum C	70,000 Trinity U 45,800
Auburn Theol. Sem	10,009 Franklin C. (Ind.)		40,000 Tillity U 40,000
Augustana C. &	Frlends' U	11,907 Nebraska Wes. U.	40,000 Tufts C 180,919
Theol. S	43,327 General. Theol. S	19,362 New York U	83,667 Tulane U 102,095
Baker C	74.590 Geo., Washington U.	16,615 Northw'en U. (Ill.)	254,891 Tusculum C 15,898
Baldwin-Wallace C	47.985 Greenville C	15,000 Norwich U	50,000 Tuskegce Inst 159,841
	359.472 Georgia Sc. of Tech.	170,000 Oberlin C	283,830 Union C. (N.Y.) 213,628
Barnard C			140 000 Honor C. (14. 1 .) 213,026
Bates C	53,000 Goucher C	187,000 Occidental C	143,678 Union C. (Neb.) . 53,000
Bellevue C	42.176 Grinnell C	113,267 Ohio Northern U	35,000 Union Theol. Sc 18,662
Beloit C	68,955 Hamilton C	25,000 Ohio State U	35,908 Univ. of Ala 12,500
Deres C	165,711 Hamp- Sidney C	11,000 Ohio Wes. U	20,000 Univ. of California 656,319
Berea C	or coolting Sidney O		
13eth. C. (W. Va.).	65,000 Hamp. N. & A, I	270,251 Okla. A. & M. C.	114,802 Univ. of Chat'oga. 200,000
/ Blackburn C	13,000 Hanover C	13,600 Olivet C	14,070 Univ. of Chicago 3,181,543
Boston U	117,039 Harvard U	434,195 Oskaloosa C	25,000 Univ. of Denver. 60,000
Bowdoin C	147,932 Hastings C	17,575 Ottawa U	25,002 Univ. of Detroit. 146,000
Bowdom Carra	75,000 Haverford C	449,000 Otterbein C	13,595 Univ. of Illinois 215,000
Brigham Young U.		17 500 0 0000 0000	
Bryn Mawr C	182,834 Heidelberg U	17,500 Park C	48,000 Univ. of Kansas. 40,000
Carleton C	179,621 Hope C	11,727 Peabody C. Teach.	23,891 Univ. of Michigan. 75,971
Carnegie I. Tech	440,083 Howard Payne C	30,475 Penn C	10,000 Univ.of N. Carolina 24,000
Carroll C	12,000 Huron C	29,025 Pennsylvania C	32,500 Univ. of Okla 253,500
Carrotte	10,000 Ill. Wes. U	269,500 Presbyterian T. C.	61,000 Univ. of Penna 649,903
Ccdarville C	10,000 III. WEST C	or one Presby terrain 1. C.	
Central C. (Mo.)	100,000 III. Woman's C	85,000 Presb. Theol. S	Univ. of Porto Rico 112,387
Central Wes. C	52,868 lowa Wes. C	400,000 (Ky.)	103,446 Univ. of Rochester. 84,328
Christian U	10.000 Jamestown C	142,000 Princeton Theol. S.	20,500 Univ. of So. Cal 14,880
Coe C	297,000 Johns Hopkins U.	116,198 Proseminar C	37,271 Univ. of Virginia 39,321
Gel ed the Trairs	Juniata C	11,494 Radcliffe C	258,223 Univ. of Wisconsin 16,739
Col. of the Holy	ar cool re-leave C	100 000 Damandon Dolar I	
Cross	15,000 Kalamazoo C	100,000 Rensselaer Poly I	
Col. of the Pacific.	12,000 Kan. Wes, U	72,586 Ripon C	104,978 Valparaiso U 134,000
Col. of Puget Sound	80,000 Kentucky Wes, C.	25,000 Roanoke C	15.000 Virginia Union U 20.000
Col. of St. Elizabeth	10,000 Kenyon C	165,925 Rochester Theol. S	44,796 Wabash C 15,000
	20,063 Knox C	535,807 Rutgers C	68,200 Washington & Jeff. 100,000
Colorado C	1 000 00° LET permille C		
Columbia U	1,336,205 Knoxville C	19,690 Simmons C., Mass.	
Columbia Theol. S.	10,000 Lafayette C	114,077 Simmons C. (Tex.)	63,000 Washington U 339,933
Cooper Union (N.	Lake Forest C	126,560 Sionx Falls C	54,000 W. cliesley C 1,045,996
Y. City)	. 30,798 Lawrence C	114,500 Smlth C. (Mass.).	33,914 Wells C 76,663
Creighton U	38,500 Leander Clark C	34,000 Southern Bap. S	40,000 Wes. Female C 19,000
		212,000 S'w'ern C. (Kan.).	19,239 Wesleyan U 186,910
Dakota West U	53,000 Lebanon U	12,000 S W EI II C. (Mail.).	
Dartmouth C	320,025 Lebanon Valley C.	12,000 Southwestern U	47,487 West. Reserve U., 500,000
Decatur C. I. Sc	40,000 Louisiana C	14,000 State College for	Western Theo S 14,173
Deflance C	20,000 Macalester C	15,937 Teach. (N. Y.)	110,000 Wheaton C. (Mass) 11,466
Delamore C	1,023,800 Marietta C	35,204 State Col. of Wash.	574,632 W leaton C, (Ill.) . 11,828
Delaware C	EC LOCO NA DATESTILLO	23,983 State U. of Mont	40,000 Williams C 436,806
Denison U	561,000 Maryville C	20,000 5000 0.01 101011	
DePauw U	150,000 Mass. L. Tech	2,224,972 Stevens I, T	157,600 William Jewell C. 12,378
Doane C	11,590 McCormick T. S	118,000 St. John's (Mdl)	35,000 William Woods C. 53,823
Drew Theol: Sem	25,000 McKendree C	48,984 St. Stephen's C.	Wittenberg C 60,000
Drury C	12,500 McMinnville C	17,170 (N. Y.)	25,000 W orcester Poly. I 202,154
Earlham C	80,000 Mlehigan Agri, C.	100,000 Suomi C. & T. S	10,400 Woman's C. of Ala 20,000
Earman C		18,000 Talladega C	10 CE 2 Valo TT 2 246 246
Elmira C	130,000 Midland C	10,000 I anadega C	10,053 Yale U2,346,246

Earlian C. 130,000 Michigan Agri. C. 100,000 Suomi C. & T. S. 10,400 Woman's C. of Ala 20,000 Elmira C. 130,000 Midland C. 18,000 Talladega C. 10,553 Yale U. 2,346,246

The State of Mississippi will celevate her one hundredth anniversary of stafehood with a exposition that already has received national and international indosement. The event will be known as "The Mississippi Centennial Exposition" and it will open on December 10, 1917, and close June 10, 1918. The exposition will be beld at Gulfport, Miss., a site comprising 146 acres of land, fronting 2,000 feet on the shores of the Mississippi Sound, having been purchased at a cost of more than \$80,000.

The exposition will retain most of the features of like events held in different parts of the United States in years gone by and at the same time include many others which will be permanent, and the state of the Aministration Building. Colosum, to exhibit an advantable will be permanent, and the Aministration Building. Editiciency Building. Editiciency Building. Manufactures Building. Reconstruction and Music Pavilion. Other features will include a monster lake lily pond and wading nool for children, palm on the state of the Confederacy. The Mississippi Building, Arts and Crafts Building. Hospital, Horticultural Building, Nearo Building, Nearo Building, Nearo Building, Nearo Building, Nearo Building, Nearo Building, Nearo Building, Nearo Building, Nearo Building, Nearo Building, Nearo Building, Nearo Building, Nearo Building, Nearo Building, Nearo Building, Nearo Building, Nearo Building, Nearo Building, Nearo Building, Nearo Building, Nearo Building, Nearo Building, Nearo Building, Nearo Building, Nearo Building, Nearo Building, Nearo Building, Nearo Building, Nearo Building, Nearo Building, Nearo Building, Nearo Building, Nearo Building, Nearo Building, Nearo Building, Nearo Building, Nearo Building, Nearo Building, Nearo Building, Nearo Building, Nearo Building, Nearo Building, Nearo Building, Nearo Building, Nearo Building, Nearo Building, Nearo Building,

### COLLEGE CHEERS.

This collection of cheers has been made by The World Almanac, by corres ondence with officials of the respective institutions. First the name of college, then follows the cheer.

Ala. Pol. Ins.—Auburn! Auburn! Is Our Cry! V-I-C-T-O-R-Y! Amherst-Rah! Rah! Rah! Rah! Rah! Rah!

Amherst. Tech.—Arch, Mech, Civ. Elec! Rah!
Armour Inst. Tech.—Arch, Mech, Civ. Elec! Rah!
Rah! Armour Tech.!
Atlanta U.—Rah! Rah! Rah! At-lan-ta! Atlanta
University! Rah! Rah! Rah!

University! Kah! Rah! Rah!
Augustana—Rocky-eye, Rocky-eye, Zip zum zie,
Slingerata, Shingerata, Bim, Bum Bie, Zipzum, zipzum, Rah! Rah! Rah! Karaborra,
Karaborra, Augustana!
Baker U—Rackety cax squax squax! (repeat)
Hullabaloo! Old B, U,! Rackety cax squax!
Baldwin U.—U rah rah! U rah rah! U rah rah!
Tiger!
Bates—B.A.Rah! Rah! T.E.Bah! Dah! S.B.

Bates—B-A-Rah! Rah! T-E-Rah! Rah! S-Rah! Rah! B-A-T-E-S! Hooray! Hooray! Hooray! Bates!

Bates Bates Bernaman Rah! Rah! sis boom bah! Cream and Blue, Be-re-a! Boston. U-Boston. B-B-B-Boston. Varsity, Varsity, Rah! Rah! Rah! Rah! Bowdoin-B-o-w-d-o-in, Rah! Rah! Rah! (three times) Bowdoin! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia! Brunonia!

Brown! Brown! Brown! Brown! Brown! Bucknell—Yah, yah, yoo! Bucknell B U Wah hoo. hoo wah! Bans! Col. of the Holy Cross—Hoiah, Hoiah! Chu, Chu! Rah. Rah! Chu, Chu! Rah. Rah! Hoih, Holy Cross! Rah!
Case School Applied Sciences—Hoo! Rah! Ki!
Rah! S-C-I-E-N-C-E! Hoi! Hoi! Rah! Kah!
Case!

Cales: (Cedarville—Rah! Rah! Rah! (repeated 3 times) and ending with Cedarville (Central U. of Ky.—Razzledazzle, razzledazzle! Sis, boom! Ah! Central University, Rah! Rah! Sis, boom! Ah! Central University, Rah! Rah! Rah! Clark U.—Rah! Rah! C. U.! Colpate U.—Colgate! Colgate! Rah! (nine times).

Colcate U.—Colgate! Colgate! Rah! (nine times).
Colgate! C. of the City of N. Y.—N.Y.E-E-W.W.Y.Y.
Q-O.R.R.K! Col-lege, Col-lege, Col-lege! Ra (9 times)! New York (3 times)!
Colorado—C-O. L-O. R.-A. D-O! (repeat) Ho! Ho!
Ha! Ha! Ha! Colorado College, Rah!
Columbia U.—Ray! Ray! Ray! C-o-l-u-m-b-i-a!
Columbia (repeat 3 times)!
Cornell C,—Zip! Zis! Boom! Caw! Caw-nell!
C, C. Tiger-la! Zis! Zip! Hurrah! (2) C-C-Cor.
N.Y.E double L (repeat three times) Cornell!
Cornell! Cornell! I Yell, Yell, Yell! Cornell!
Cornell U.—Cornell! I Yell, Yell, Yell! Cornell tolue. White and blue, what's the matter with old C. U.! Blue and white. blue and white, Cother U.B. Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornell Cornel

Drury-Rah! Rah! Rah! Rah! Rah! Drury! Earlham-Rah! Rah! Rah! Ri-Ro-Rem! E-A-R-L-H-A-M! Thee! Thou! Rah!

Fairmount—Ki! Yi! Yi! Sis! Boom! Bahl Fairmount! Fairmount! Rah! Rah! Rah! (re-pest) Rah! Ruh! Zip! Zip! Zoo! Ra-si Ki Yi! Hot. Cold. Wet or Dry! Getthere Eil! Fair-mount! Fordham U.—Ram! Ram! Ram! F-O-R-D-H-A-M! Fordham 3 times.)

Fordiam 3 times.)

Fort Worth U.—Rip! Rah! Ru! The Gold and the Blue! Fort Worth U!

Franklin and Marshall—Wah! Who! Wah! Wah! Who! Wah! F. and M. Nevonia!

Georgetown—Hullaboloo-Kanuck, Kanuck! Belle of the Blue, Kentuck! Kentuck! Ho-ack-Ho-ack-Ho-ack, Ho-ack! Coackenjaik, Georgetown—

town!

town!

Georgetown U. (D. C.)—Hoya, Hoya, Saxa! Hoya,
Hoya, Georgetown! Hoya!

George Washington U.—G-E-O-R-G-E! George!
Washington! Washington! Washington!

Grove City—Hulla Ba loo! Hulla Baloo! Hoo-rah!
Hoo-ree! Hulla-ba-loo! Hoorah! Hooree!

Hoorah! Hooree! Crimson! Crimson! G. C. C.! Gustavus Adolphus—Gustavus Adolphus! Ra! Ra! Ra!

Hamilton-Rah! Rah! Rah! Hamilton!

Hamnden-Kah! Rah! Rah! Hampden-Sidney (3 times),
Haryard U.—Rah rah rah! Rah rah rah! Rah
rah rah! Haryard
Hiram—Brekekekex! Koax! Koax! Brekekekex!
Koax! Koax! Allah! Allah! Siss-s! Boomhiram—Ham Hobert! Him Hobert! Himthel

Koax! Koax! Atlah! Atlah! Siss-s! Boom-Hiram!
Hobart—Hip Hobart! Hip Hobart! Hip-Ho!
Hip-Ho! Hip Hobart! Hip Hobart! Hip-Ho!
Hip-Ho! Hip Hobart!
Illinois—Rah who rah Boom a la ka, kick-a-rick-a-roy! Old Illinois! Boom zip boom! Tiger-zah!
Illinois Wesleyan U.—Wesleyan! Hoo-rah! Hoorah!
Wesleyan! Hoo-rah! Hoorah! Hoorah!
Hoerah! Hoo-rah! Hoorah!
J. W. U.! Rah! Bully for Wesleyan.
Indiana U.—Indiana Rah! Indiana Rah! Rah!
Ilowa C.—Grinnel!, we lel!! Grinnell, we yell!
Jowa C.—Grinnell, Well! Grinnell, we yell!
Jowa State C.—A-M.E-S! Rah! Rah! A-M-E-S!
Rah! Rah! Hoo-Rah! Hoo-Rah! State College!
Jowa!
Jowa Wesleyan C.—Rah! Rah! Rah! Zip! Boom!
Bah! Wesleyan Wesleyan, Rah! Rah! Rah!
Johns Hopkins U.—Hallabaloo, canuck, canuck!
Hullabaloo, canuck, canuck! Hoorah! Hoorah
J. H. U. Lee Well Well Well Well Well Old.

Hullaballo, cantek, cantek; Robran; Robran J. H. U.; Kansas Weeleyan U.—Hi Ki, Wesli Hi Ki Oh! Kentucky U.—Hoo-gah-hah! Hoo-gah-hah! K. U.! Lafayette—Rah (9 times)! Lafayette! Lafae Forest—Lake Forest! Lake Forest! Lake Forest! Lake Forest! Lavi-X-K-E F-O-R-E-ST. Lake Forest! Lawrence—Rah! Rah! Bish, Boom, Bah! Lawrence—Rah! Rah! Bish, Boom, Bah! Lawrence

rence!
Lebanon Valley—Chee-Hee! Chee-Hi! Chee-Ha!
Ha! Ha! Lebanon Valley! Rah! Rah! Rah! Rah!
Lebiagh U.—Hoo.-rah-ray! Hoo.-rah-ray! Ray! Ray! Ray!
Ray! Lebiagh! Lehigh! Lehigh!
Leliadh Stanford! Jr. U.—Rah! Rah! Rah! (3
times) Stanford!
Louisiana State U.—Hobble, Gobble! Razzle, Dazzle! Siss, Boom, Bah! Louisiana! Louisiana!
Mahh! Rah! Rah! Rah!
Mahattan—Mi-a-n-man-hattan-hattan! Manhattan! Rah! Rah! Rah! Rah! Rah! Rah! Rah!
Marritle—Howe-How! Chilhowee!
Maryville, rence!

Miami U.—Rah! Rah! Rah! M-I-A-M-I! Mi-am-i! Miami!

Michigan Agricultural—Rah! Rah! Rah! Uzz! Uzz! Uzz! Uzz! M. A. C. Tiger!

Mississippi A. & M.—A. & M. C.! A. & M. C.! Miss! Miss! A. & M. C.!

Monmouth—Hoo Rah, Hoo Roo! Depala, Depaloo! Rah se ki yi! Hot, cold, wet or dry! Get there, Elil Monmouth!

Eli Momouth!

Mt. Holyoke—Song. Alma Mater.

Mt. Union—Karo. Kero. Kiro. Kee! Rah! Rah!
Rah! for M. U. C.! Alikezenian, Alikezunion!
Rah! Rah! Rah! Rich! for old Mt. Union!
Netraska Wesleyan U.—Boom rah, boom rah an!
We. Wc. Wes.leyan! Ne. Ne. Ne-braskan!
O-o-o-oh, man!
New York U.—Rah! Rah! Rah! N. Y. U.! Siss.
Siss, Siss! Boom. Boom. Boom! Ah, Ah, Ah!
Northwestern C. (III.)—U. Rah. Rah! NorthWestern! (5 times.) Rah!
Northwestern U. (III.)—Rah! Rah! Rah! U. North-

Northwestern U. (Ill.)—Rah! Rah! Rah! U. Northwestern (Rah; five times)!

Oberlin—Hi-O-Hi, O-Hi-O! Hi-Hi-O-Hi, Ot Ohio State U.—Ohio Rah, Ohio Rah, Rah-Ohio!

Ohio U.—O. U.! O. U.! Rah Rah! Rah! Hoorah! Hoorah! Bully for old O. U.! Ohio Wesleyan U.—O-we-wi-wow! A-la-ka,zu-zi-zow! Ra-zee-zi-zu! Viva! Viva! W. U.!

livet-O. C. Rah. Rah! O. C. Rah. Rah! Hoo-Rah! Hoo-Rah! Olivet! Rah! Rah!

Otterbein U.—Whoop, Hip! Whoop, Whoo! Ott. Ott! Hi-O-mine, Otterbein! Whoop, Hip. Whoo! Pacific U.—Boom-gig-a-boum! Boom-gig-a-boum!

Boom-gig-a-rig-a-gig-a Boom! Boom!

Rip! Rah! Ree! Rip! Rah! Ree!

P-A-C-I-F-I-C!

Penn-La! La! Lala Garoo! Hi! Hi! Hullabaloo! Booma La Who? Penn!

Pennsylvania—Bracky Corax, Corix, Coree! (repeat) Heigh Oh! Umpty Ah! Huila Bellii, belle bellah! Gettysburg! Gettysburg! Gettysburg! Rah! Rah! Rah-rah-rah! Bing! Bang! S.s.s-s.s! Boom-boom! Gettysburg! Gettysburg! S-s-s-s. Gettysburg!

Gettysburg!
Pennsylvania Military—Hurrah! Hurrah! P. M. C. C. C.! Attention! Halt!
Pennsylvania State—Hoo-rah! Rah! Roh! Rah
(3 times)! Penn State! Penn State! Penn
State! Hoo-rah! Penn State! Hoo-rah! Penn
State! Hoo-rah! Penn State!
Philander Smith—Rah! Rah! Rah! Rip! Rip!
Roar! Philander Smith! Philander Smith! Rip!

the fore!
Polytechnic Ins. (Brooklyn)—Rah! Rah! Rah! Rah! Poly
3 times!
Pinceton U.—'Ray, 'Ray, 'Ray! Tiger, Tiger,
Tiger! Siss, Siss, Siss! Boom, Boom, Boom,
Ah, Ah, Ah! Princeton, Princeton, Princeton,
Purdue—Purdue! Purdue! Rah-rah (twice)! Hoorah! Hoo-rah! Bully for oid Purdue!
Randolph-Macon-Rah, rah, rah! Rah, rah,
Randolph-Macon! Virginia! Calero! Calero! Yah!
Yah! Yah!
Rensselaer Poly Ins—Rah, rah rah!

Rensselaer Ins .- Rah. rah Poly. Rensselaer!

Rensselaer! Rutgers—Rah! Bow! Rutgers! Simpson—Hip! hacc! tra! boom! quae! bizzum! yah! zoom! Hulla-ba-loo-ba-lonia-Rah! Zoo! Simpsonia!

Simpsonia!
Southern Univ.—Rah, rah, rah! Rah, rah, ree!
Southern University!
Southwestern Kansas—Hip! Hip! For our Col.
Boom-er-all! Hawker Jay, Who'd you say?

Boomer-all! Hawker Jay. Who'd you say's Southwestern! Hawker Jay. Who'd you say's Southwestern! Hawker Jay. Who'd you say's Southwestern! Hawker Jay. Who'd you say's State U. of Washington Washington W. S. C.! State U. of Iowa—Haw, Haw, Hawk Hi, Hi, Hi! Hawkeye. Hawkeye! S. U. I.! Rah! Rah! Rah! Rah! Ray! Ray! Ray! Ray! Rah! Rah! Rah! Rah! Ray! Ray! Ray! Ray! ST.E-V.E-N.S! Stevens! Stevens! Stevens! Stevens! Stevens! Stevens! Stevens! St. Stevens! St. Stevens! St. John's! St. John's! St. John's! St. John's! St. John's! St. John's! St. Lawrence! St. Lawrence! St. Lawrence! St. Lawrence! St. Lawrence! St. Lawrence! St. Lawrence! St. Mary's (Kan.)—S. M. C. Rah! Rah! Hurrah! S. M. C. Rah! Rah! Hurrah! S. M. C. Rah! Rah! Hurrah! Hurrah! S. M. C. Rah! Rah! Kan! Rah! Swarthmore—Ray! Ray! Ray! S. W. A. R. T. H. M. O. R. E! Swarthmore! Swarthmore (twice)!

Syracuse U.—Rah, rah, rah, rah! (7 times)
Syracuse, Syracuse, Syracuse!
State Uni. of Montana—However, wherever,
always together! Whatever, whenever, Montana
FOREVER!

Talladega—T. C., T. C., Rah! Rah! (r. Hoo-rah! Hoo-rah! Talladego! Rah! Rah! Texas Christian U.—Booma-lacka! Boom-a-laca Boom-a-laa Boo! 'Varsity! 'Varsity! T. C. U.1 Trinity (N. C.)—Rah, rah, rah, rah, phiz-boom-tiser-hipporah-hipporah Trinity!

Tufts—T-U-F-T-S! Rah! Rah! Rah! (3 times).
Tulane U.—Rah! Rah! Siss! Boom! Ah! Rah!
Rah! Tulane!

Tuskegee! Rah! Rah! Tuskegee! Rah! Rah! Hoorah! Hoorah! Tuskegee! Rah! Rah!

U. of Arkansas — A-a-ARK-K-A-N-S-A-S!

of California—Oski! Wow! Wow! Wiskey! Wee! Wee! Oley-muck-ei! Oley-Berkeley-ei! Cali-forni-ei! Wow!

U. of Chicago—Chicago! Chicago! Chicago-go! Co-Chica! Go-Chica, Go-Chica-go!

U. of Colorado—Colorado! Rah! Colorado! Rah! Rah! Rah! Colorado! (twice).

U. of Georgia—Rahl Rahl Rahl Georgia!
U. of Idaho—Idaho! Idaho! Rahl Rahl (twice)
Hoo! Rahl Hoo! Rahl 'Varsity! 'Varsity! Rahl

Rahl
U. of Illinois—(1) Os-kec-wow-wow! Skin-neewow-wow! Illinois! Blinois! Wow! (2) Chehee! Che-ha! Che-ha-ha-ha! Illinois! (3 times).
U. of Kansas—Rock-Chalk! Jay-Hawk! K. U.!
U. of Maine—M-A-I-N-E! Rah! Rah! Rah! Rah!
U. of Michigan—U. of Mi Rah! Rah! Rah! (repeat)
Hoo-rah! Hoo-rah! Michi-gan! Rah! Rah!
U. of Minnesota—Rah! Rah! Rah! Rah!
Minnesota Tiger.
U. of Missouri—Rah! Rah! Rah! Rah! Minnesota! Tiger.
U. of Missouri—Rah! Rah! Rah! Missouree! M.

Minnesota! Tiger,

U. of Missouri—Rah! Rah! Rah! Missouree! M.
U-ni-vers-ity! Hurrah! Hurrah! Yes, Siree!
U. of Nashville—Rickety ix! Ski ix! Ski ix! Rah! Rah! Rah! Rah! Rickety ix! Ski ix! Ski ix! Rah! Rah! Nashville!
U. of Nehraska—U-U-Uni-Ver-Ver-Versity! N-e-Braska-Oh-h My!
U. of North Dakota—Odz-dzo! Ri-ri-ri! Hy-ah! Hy-ah! North Dakota!
U. of Notre Dame—U. N. D.! Rah! Rah! U. N. D.! Rah! Rah! Who rah? Who rah? U. N. D.! Rah! Rah!
U. of Oklaboma—Hil Bickety! Whosel in the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the stat

U. of Pennsylva-ni-a!

U. of Rochester—Hoi! Hoi! Hoi! Rah! Rah! Rah! Rochester! (3 times).

Rah! Rochester! (3 times).

Volume of Southern California—Rackety-Hackety, Wah-Who-Wah! (repeat). Zip Boom Bah (repeat). U. S. C. Rah, Rah, Rah, Rah, Rah, Rah! Northern of Tennessee—U. of T.! Rah! Rah! (twice) Hur-rah! Hur-rah! Tennessee! Rah! Rah! U. of Texas—Hullabaloo! Hooray! Hooray! (twice) Hooray! Hooray! Varsity! Varsity! Varsity! Varsity! Varsity! U. of Vernont—Siss, Boom, Ah! V-E-R-M-O-N-T!

U. of Vermont—Siss. Boom. Ah! V-E-R-M-O-N-T Rah! Rah! Rah! Rah! Vermont! Vermont Vermont!

Rah! Rah! All: All: Vermont!
U. of Washington—(Indian war whoop.) U. of W. Hiah, Hiah! U of W. Siah. Siah! Skookum. Washington! (Indian whoop).
U. of Wisconsin—U-Rah-Rah-Wis-con-sin! (re-

of Wisconsin Orangam Visconsin (Repeated three times with a tiger),
of Wooster—Deke! Deke! Rah! Rah? Deke!
Rah! Rah! Hoo-rah! Hoo-rah! Wooster
Varsity! Rah! Rah! Rah! U.

COLLEGE CHEERS-Continued.

U. of Wyoming—Rah, Rah, Rah! Zip, Boom,
Zeel Let 'er go, let 'er go 'Varsity! Wyoming!
U. S. Milihary 'Academy—Rah! Rah! Ray! Rah!
Rah! Ray! Ray!
Ray! Ray! Rah! Rah! Rah! Rah! Rah!
Rah! Rah! West Point,
Man Rah! Rah! West Point,
West Point,
West Point,
West Point,
West Point,
West Point,
West Point,
West Point,
West Point,
West Point,
West Point,

U. S. Naval Academy—Rah! Rah! Rah! Hi! Ho! Hal! U. S. N. A. Boom! Sis! Bah! Navy! Utah Agricultural—A-G-G-I-E-S! Aggies!

Ubah Agricultural—A.-G.-G.-J.-E-Sl Aggies!
Virginia Military Ins.—Rah, rah, rah! Vir-gin-i-a
Mil-itary Institute! Rah, rah, rah! Rah-hoo-ri,
Rah-hoo-ri, Ri Ri, V.-M.-Il Team! Team! Team! Virginia Polytedhnic Jns.—Hoki, Hoki, Hoki,
Hi! Tech! Techs! V. P. I. Sola-Rex, Sola
Rah, Polytechs, Vir-gin-i-a! Rave! Ri! V, P. I.,
Walden U.—Ray, Ray, Walden, Ray, Ray, Ray!
Washburn—(Nine Rahs) Washburn!
Washington—Varcom, and Black! Marron and

Washington—Maroon and Black! Maroon and Black! These are the colors we will back! Sis! Boom! Bah! Sis! Boom! Bah! Washington! Washington! Rah! Rah! Rah!

Washington! Rah! Rah! Rah! Rah!
Washington and Jefferson—Wich-i-Koax, Koax, Koax, Wich-i-Koax, Koax, Koax, Wich-i-Koax, Koax, Wich-i-Koax, Koax, Koax, Wich-i-Koax, Koax, Koax, Wahl J.! Boom!
Washington and Lee Uni,—Chhe-a-go-runk! Gorunk!
Gorunk! Goree! Heigh, ho! Hi, ho! Washington and Lee! Washington and Lee! Washington and Lee! Washington and Lee! Washington Up-Sizzle, Sazzle, Razzle-Dazzle U-ni-v! Washington! Washington Var-si-ty.
Waynesburg slowly at first, then gradually increasing speed, ending in a yell.
Wesleyan (Female)—Boom-a-lacka! Chick-a-lacka, Chow, Chow, Chow! Boom-a-lacka, Chick-a-lacka, Chow, Chow, Chow! Boom-a-lacka, Chick-a-lacka, Who are we? Wesleyan! Wesleyan! W.F. C.
PUBLIC, SOCIETY, AND SCHOOL L

# Ohow, Chow! Boom-a-lacka. Chickalaca! them. Harvard's cheer is long and deep; Yale Who are we? Wesleyan! Wesleyan! W. F. C. them. Harvard's cheer is long and deep; Yale Ohiok and sharp. PUBLIC, SOCIETY, AND SCHOOL LIBRARIES IN THE UNITED STATES. REPORTING 1,000 VOLUMES AND OVER IN 1913.

			MES AND OVER IN 1919.		
STATES.	Libr ries	volumes.	STATES.	Libr'ries.	Volumes.
North Atlantic Division: Maine. New Hampshire. Vermont. Massachusetts. Rhode Island. Connecticut. New York. New York. New York. North Central Division: Onlines. Michigan Wisconsin. Minnesota. Lowa. Missouri. North Dakota. South Dakota. South Dakota. Kansas. Kansas. Kansas. Kansas. South Atlantic Division:	190 212 139 626 87 249 1,037 213 446 363 252 474 295 322 278 322 278 278 77 77	1,315,211 1,344,522 1,382,961 10,696,707 1,269,135 3,208,082 2,481,082 6,112,381 2,481,082 2,012,669 2,665,648 2,012,669 2,327,225 2,327,225 2,327,225 2,327,225 1,877,740 2,331,786 2,327,225 1,877,740 2,331,786 2,327,225 1,877,740 2,331,786 2,327,225 1,877,740 2,331,786 2,327,225 1,877,740 2,331,786 2,327,225 1,877,745 1,559,642 2,331,786 2,366,811 309,727 331,687 1,251,458	South Atlantic Div.—Cont'd: North Carolina South Carolina Georgia Florida South Central Division: Kentucky Tennessee Addition Mississiph Louisiana Texas Arkansas Oklabona Western Division: Wontana Wonning Colorado New Mexico Arizona Utah Newada Idabo Weshington	20 18 33 10 36 105	576,785 396,068 564,053 117,486 755,029 728,637 462,297 478,582 462,174 821,434 278,000 278,372 341,225 150,518 84,837 620,635 116,841 1164,901 732,864
Delaware	14 85	204,072 1,602,422	Oregon	69 538	534,451 3,626.618
South Atlantic Division: Delaware Maryland	14 85	204,072 1,602,422	Washington	105 69	732,864 534,451
District of Columbia Virginia West Virginia	71 48	4,929,527 724,187 304,842	Total	8,302	86,802,877

There are 18,000 regularly established libraries in

There are 18,000 regularly established libraries in the United States, according to statistics compiled by the United States Bureau of Education. Number of volumes is an increase of 20,000,000 since 1908.

Of the 2,849 libraries containing 5,000 volumes or over 1,844 are classified as "public and society libraries," and 1,005 are school and college libraries. Public and society libraries have an aggregate of over 50,000,000 volumes, with 7,000,000 borrowers cards the society libraries have an aggregate of over 50,000,000 volumes, with 7,000,000 borrowers cards In force: 1,446 of these libraries were entirely free to

In force; 1,446 of these inflates were crists, which the public.

Libraries reporting from 1,000 to 5,000 volumes numbered 5,453, of which 2,188 were public and society libraries and 3,265 school libraries. These libraries contained 11,689,942 volumes. Another group of still smaller libraries, comprising those that reported from 300 to 1,000 volumes, increased the total by 2,961,007 volumes.

The distribution of library facilities is still uneven;

of the 1,844 public and society libraries reported for the entire United States, more than half were in the North Atlantic States, and they contained 24,627,921 volumes out of the total of 50,000.000; and of the 3,000,000 volumes added to library collections for the year 1913 almost one-half were for the same section.

the year 1910 and the section. New York State had 7,842,621 volumes in her 214 libraries; Massachusetts, 7,380,024 in 288 libraries; Pennsylvania, 3,728,070, and Illinois, 3,168,65 volumes. Four-fifths of the borrowers' cards in use were in the North Atlantic and Northern Central

# AMERICAN COLLEGE FRATERNITIES.

MEN'S GENERAL FRATERNITIES.

	MEN'S GENERAL FRATERNITIES.								
FRATERNITIES.	Total Member- ship.	Active Chapters.	Inactive Chapters.	No. Houses.	Where and When Founded.	National Secretary. (From latest report obtainable. Secretaries subject to change.)			
Alpha Chi Rho Alpha Deita Phi Alpha Phi Alpha Alpha Phi Alpha Alpha Sigma Phi Alpha Tau Omega Beta Theta Pi Chi Phi Chi Psi Deita Chi Deita Chi Deita Kappa Epsilon Deita Fin Deita Sigma Phi Deita Sigma Phi Deita Sigma Chi Deita Upsilon Kappa Alpha (South) Kappa Alpha (South) Kappa Alpha (South) Kappa Alpha (South) Kappa Sigma Lambda Chi Alpha Phi Deita Theta Phi Deita Theta Phi Deita Theta Phi Deita Theta Phi Epsilon Po Phi Gamma Deita Phi Kappa Sigma Phi Epsilon Pi Sigma Phi Epsilon Sigma Alpha Phi Psi Upsilon Sigma Alpha Pi Kappa Phi Psi Upsilon Sigma Alpha Phi Psi Upsilon Sigma Alpha Phi Psi Upsilon Sigma Alpha Phi Psi Upsilon Sigma Phi Sigma Sigma Phi Sigma Phi Sigma Sigma Phi Psi Upsilon Sigma Phi Sigma Sigma Phi Psi Upsilon Sigma Phi Sigma Sigma Phi Psi Upsilon Sigma Phi Sigma Sigma Phi Tau Kappa Phi Tau Kappa Alpha Theta Chi Theta Deita Chi Theta Deita Chi Theta Deita Chi Theta Deita Chi Theta Lau  Total	1.461 8.300 21.630 6.530 6.530 1.200 1.200 1.200 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300 1.300	14 25 163 177 181 181 182 183 183 182 183 183 182 183 183 182 183 183 183 183 183 183 183 183 183 183	1 1 4 4 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	133 22 5 5 177 600 800 211 18 444 11 18 483 483 33 244 77 100 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 400	Boston Chiv., 1998. Misami Univ., 1848. Col. City N. Y., 1902. Wash. and Jefferson, 1848. Wash. and Jefferson, 1852. University Penn., 1850. Columbia Univ., 1910. Mass. Agri. Col., 1873. University Virginia, 1868. College of Charleston, 1904. Yale, 1897. Union, 1853. University Alabama, 1856. Col. City of N. Y., 1909. Miami, 1855. Va. Military Inst., 1869. Union, 1827. Richmond Col., 1901. University Penn., 1908. Vincennes Univ., 1897. Butler Col., 1906. Norwich Univ., 1856. Norwich Univ., 1856. Col. City N. Y., 1898. N. Y. University, 1847.	Dixon Ryan Fox, New York City, Ralph P. Merritt, Berkeley, Cal. Ralph P. Merritt, Berkeley, Cal. Geo. P. Hinton, Cleveland, Ohio, Geo. P. Hinton, Cleveland, Ohio, Cap. Hinton, Cleveland, Ohio, Chiego, Ill. Geo. M. Misgrave, New York City, Claude T. Kenger, Claude T. Geo. M. Ward, Rochester, N. Y. Harold G. Aron, New York City, W. W. Eride, Washington, D. C. James A. Hawes, New York City, W. W. Eride, Washington, D. C. James A. Hawes, New York City, Keenan J. McNaily, New York City, Keenan J. McNaily, New York City, Keenan J. Hensaily, New York City, Theory, T. Bruck, Mt. Savage, Md. John P. Broomell, New York Henry T. Bruck, Mt. Savage, Md. John P. Broomell, New York Wim. B. Crawford, Kissimmee, Fla. Herbert M. Martin, Danville, Va. Warrer A. Cole, Swansea, Mass, Wailfiam G. Gaessler, Ames, Iowa, John D. Ellis, Cincinnati, Ohio, Jesse Acker, New York City, Harry B. Wassell, Pittsburgh, Pa. Howard C. Williams, Cleveland, Ohio, Richard M. Puiller, Philadelphia, Pa. Charles Fieldman, New York, John A. Lowe, Winchester, Mass, John A. Lowe, Winchester, Mass, F. T. Alkinson, Hampden-Sidney, Va. F. E. W. Gum, Oxford, Ga. Georgal Cetton, Ittsburgh, Pa. Georgal Cetton, Ittsburgh, Pa. Georgal Cetton, Ittsburgh, Pa. Georgal Cetton, Ittsburgh, Pa. Georgal Cetton, Ittsburgh, Pa. Hyman I. Jacobson, New York Fred, C. Grabner, Chicago, Ill. Waiter J. Sears, Columbus, Ohio, Philip J. Ross, New York City, Wm. C. Levere, Evanston, Ill. Hyman I. Jacobson, New York City, Water J. Sears, Columbus, Ohio, Roger W. Wallace, Indianapolls, Ind. Ralph C. Heath, Boston, Mass, C. J. Utjero, Madison, Wis, W. Dirk Van Ingen, New York City. W. Dirk Van Ingen, New York City. W. Dirk Van Ingen, New York City. W. Dirk Van Ingen, New York City.			
				1EN	'S GENERAL FRATERN	ITIES.			
Alpha Chi Omega Alpha Delta Pl Alpha Delta Pl Alpha Gamma Delta Alpha Gamma Delta Alpha Phi Alpha Phi Alpha Phi Pl Alpha Xi Delta Beta Sigma Omicion Chi Omega Delta Delta Delta Delta Gamma Gamma Phi Beta Kappa Alpha Theta Kappa Alpha Theta Kappa Kappa Gamma Phi Mul Pl Beta Phi Sigma Kappa Sigma Sigma Sigma Sigma Total	4,000 1,364 3,099 1,414 1,500 2,155 5,500 5,100 4,000 4,000 8,000 1,200 1,200 1,100 1,18	26 144 8 8 200 199 199 199 199 199 199 199 199 199 1	10 2 2 3 3 3 6 6 -	1 200 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Depair Univ., 1865. Wesleyan F. Col., 1851. Syracuse Univ., 1904. Barnard Col., 1897. Syracuse Univ., 1872. Lombaid Col., 1897. Mo. State Univ., 1873. Univ. Arkansas, 1895. Boston Univ., 1888. Univ. Mississippl, 1874. Depair Univ., 1874. Depair Univ., 1874. Depair Univ., 1874. Va. State Normal, 1897. Monmouth Col., 1870. Ywesleyan Col., 1832. 5 Monmouth Col., 1867. 1 Va., State Normal, 1898. Va., State Normal, 1898. Va., State Normal, 1898.	Mary E. Criffith, Washington, D. C. Mrs. P. E. Smith, Berkeley, Cal. Gladys Branegan, Madison, Wis. Helen N. Henry, Boston, Mass. Mrs. Aleda Vali (Pres.), S. Franc'eo, Rosalle Ritz, Ottawa, III. H. Tenn, Hessalle Ritz, Ottawa, III. H. Tenn, Helen Balaw, Berkeley, Cal. Mrs. E. W. Hawley, M'apolis, Minn, Helen Balaw, Berkeley, Cal. Mrs. E. W. Hawley, M'apolis, Minn, L. W. Hawley, M'apolis, Minn, L. Pearle Green, Ithaca, N. Y. Mary S. Thomas, Columbia, S. C. Estelle Kyle, Denver, Col. E. M. Fergusson, Albuquerque, N. M. Amy B. Onlien, Chapin, III. Florence Colby, Berkeley, Cal. E. Ruth Callahan, Buffalo, N. Y. Mrs. J. L. Bugg, Farmville, Va.			
* With 12 alumn	ae ch	apter		01 20	41				
* WINTE OF THE P.	are cit	apter	٥.		EGAL FRATERNITIES.				
Delta Theta Phi* Gamma Eta Gamma Phi Alpha Delta Phi Delta Phi	1,50 3,80 12,50	0 3	6			Wm, H. Thomas, Cleveland, Ohio. Clarence W. Haller, Rochester, N. Y. Conger G. Roads, Cleveland, Ohio. E. A. Donnelly, Milwaukee, Wis.			
* Alpha Kappa	Phi, D	3 13 elta 1			8 , and Theta Lambda Phi wei	e consolidated in 1913 under the name			

<sup>\*</sup> Alpha Kappa Phi, Delta Phi Delta, and Theta Lambda Phi were consolidated in 1913 under the name Delta Theta Phi.

### MEDICAL FRATERNITIES.

FRATERNITIES.	Total Member- sbip.	Active Chapters.	Inactive Chapters.	No. Houses.	Where and When Founded.	National Secretary. (From latest report obtainable. Secretaries subject to change.)			
Alpha Kappa Kappa Alpha Mu Pi Omega Alpha Sigma Chi Zeta Chi Kappa Psi Nu Sigma Niu Omega Alpha Sigma Alpha Sigma Alpha Sigma Phi Alpha Sigma Phi Hela Phi Hela Phi Delta Phi Delta Phi Delta Phi Delta Phi Delta Phi Delta Phi Delta Phi Delta Phi Delta Phi Delta Phi Delta Phi Delta Phi Delta Phi Delta Phi Delta Phi Delta Phi Delta Phi Delta Phi Delta Phi Delta Phi Delta Phi Delta Phi Delta Phi Delta Total	1,050 1,900 5,400 5,700 3,500 1,800 6,200 7,175 1,000 3,000 2,000	8 10 13 31 32 12 7 6 35 37 10 15 26 7	2 1 6	14 44 14 23 23 31 18 4 13 5	Univ. of Pennsylvania, 1891 N. Y. Hom. Med. Col., 1993 Univ. Georgia, 1903. Chesbire Mil. Acad., 1879., Univ. Michigan, 1882. Univ. Buffalo, 1896. N. Y. Hom. Med. Col., 1895. Bellevue Med. Col., 1895. Bellevue Med. Col., 1896. Univ. of Pittsburgh, 1891. Univ. of Vermont, 1899. Leng Island Col. Hosp., 1901 Univ. of Michigan, 1883. Cornell Univ. Med. Col., 1904. N'thwest. U. Med. Col., 1904.	Albert B. Landrum, Columbus, Ohio.  M. Penn Vail, Philadelphia, Pa.  Wm. H. Price, Brooklyn, N. Y.  J. Calhoun McDougali, Atlanta, Ga. Press Eldridge, Jr., Yonkers, N. Y. Ernest E. Irons, Chicago, Ili Leon S. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called C. Called			

## HONORARY AND MISCELLANEOUS FRATERNITIES.

HONORARY AMD MISCELL

United Chapters of Phi Beta Kappa—The Phi
Beta Kappa Society was founded at William and
Mary College, Williamsburg, Va., December 5,
1776, and now consists of 86 chapters located in as
many of the leading colleges and universities in the
land. The total living membership is about 30,500
—22,500 men and 8,000 women. Until 1883 the
growth of the society was comparatively slow, but
since the organization of the United Chapters the
development has been rapid, many chapters having
been organized. Women were first admitted in
1875, and the first charter to a woman's college,
Vassat, was granted in 1898. Smith, Wellesley,
Vassat, was granted to 1898. Smith, Wellesley,
Vassat, was granted to 1898. Smith, Wellesley,
Vassat, was granted to 1898. Smith, Wellesley,
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Vassat, Was granted to 1898. Smith, Wellesley,
Vassat, Was granted to 1898. Smith, Wellesley,
Vassat, Was granted to 1898. Smith, Wellesley,
Was and Gouther College of Battimore, and
Radeliffe, bave slice received charters.

The present officers are: President—Prof. Edwin A.
Grosyenor, LL. D., Amherst, Mass, Vice President—
Dean Edward A. Birge, Madison, Wis. Secretary—
Bev. Oscar M. Voorhees, D. D., 350 East 146th
Street, New York City, Treasurer—David Layton,
M. S., New York, N. Y. "The Phi Beta Kappa
Key" is the official publication of the United Chapters,
which was authorized by the tenth National Council.
The society is growing rapidly, many new members
being received each year. The Phi Beta Kappa
Key" is the official publication of the United Chapters,
which was authorized by the tenth National Council
The society is gr

was founded February 22, 1904, at University of Nebraska and now has 790 members and 11 chapters. Prof. F. A. Wirt of Manhattan, Kan., is National Secretary.

Tau Beta Pi—An engineering honorary society tounded at Lehigh University in 1885. It now has 31 active chapters and over 7,000 members. R. C. Matthews, University of Tennessee, at Knoxville, is the National Secretary and Treasurer.

Alpha Omera Alpha—An honorary medical

is the National Secretary and Trensurer.

Alpha Omega Alpha—An honorary medical society in which scholarship is the membership qualification, and which admits women on the same basis as men. It was founded by Dr. William W. Root at the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Chicago, in 1902. It now has 22 chapters and 2,000 members. Dr. William W. Root, Slaterville Springs, N. Y., is the National Secretary.

Acacia Fraternity—An intercollegiate organization and fraternity for Master Masons founded at the University of Michigan in 1904, now has a membership of 3,436 and 25 active chapters. The Grand Secretary is A. Arthur Jonkins, 85 Devonshire St., Boston, Mass.

Til Mu Sigma National Sunday School Fraternity—This Society has 1,240 members and 49 active chapters. It was founded in Washington, D. C., in 1908. Supreme Master—Clifton P. Clark, M. D.; Insidonal Secretary—Willis W. Warren, Washington, D. Them. W. Epsilogen Is the only not properly described for the control of the chapters. The W. Epsilogen Is the only not supported for the control of the chapters. It was founded in Washington, D. C., in 1908. Supreme Master—Clifton P. Clark, M. D.; Thistonal Secretary—Willis W. Warren, Washington, D. Thistonal Secretary—Willis W. Warren, Washington, D. Thistonal Secretary—Willis W. Warren, Washington, D. Thistonal Secretary—Willis W. Warren, Washington, D. Thistonal Secretary—Willis W. Warren, Washington, D. Thistonal Secretary—Willis W. Warren, Washington, D. Thistonal Secretary—Willis W. Warren, Washington, D. Thistonal Secretary—Willis W. Warren, Washington, D. Thistonal Secretary—Willis W. Warren, Washington, D. Thistonal Secretary—Willis W. Warren, Washington, D. Thistonal Secretary—Willis W. Warren, Washington, D. Thistonal Secretary—Willis W. Warren, Washington, D. Thistonal Secretary—Willis W. Warren, Washington, D. Thistonal Secretary—Willis W. Warren, Washington, D. Thistonal Secretary—Willis W. Warren, Washington, D. Thistonal Secretary—Willis W. Warren, Washington, D. Thistonal Secretary—Willis W. Warren,

D. C.
Theta Nu Epsilon—Is the only national Greek

### PROMINENT GRADUATE MEMBERS.

Alpha Chi Omega—Mary Masters Needham, actress; Louise Van Voorhees Armstrong, playauthor; Theresa Carreno, planist; Mrs. Edward McDowell, planist and lecturer; Olive Porter, Beach Yaw, Florence Larbee, Gertrude Rennyson, author; Maude Powell, violinist; Elizabeth Wood, singer; Mrs. H. A. Beach, musician.

Alpha Chi Rho—Joseph F. Johnson, New York University; Isaac Joachim Schwatt, University of Pennsylvania: Howard Long, Admiralty lawyer; Right Rev. Frank A. McElwain, D. D.; C. M., Spofford, Massachusetts Institute of Technology; Carlton H., Hayes, Columbia University.
Alpha Delta Phi—Theodore Roosevelt, Joseph H. Choate, Hamilton W. Mabie, anthor; Charles W. Eliot, Benjamin Ide Wheeler, Francis Lynde Stetson lawyer.

Stetson, lawyer.

Stetson, lawyer.

Alpha Mu Pi Omega—Dr. James M. Anders, Dr. Joseph C. Bloodgood, Dr. Geo, M. Coates, Dr. Thos, Darlington, Dr. G. G. Davis, Dr. John B. Deaver, Dr. Win, L. Estes, Dr. Thos, H. Fenton, Dr. Simon Flexner, Dr. Morris Booth Miller, Dr. E. E. Montgomery, Dr. Morris Booth Miller, Dr. Geo, A. Piersol, Dr. B. Alex, Randall, Dr. David Riesman, Dr. Samuel D. Risley, Dr. Joseph Sailer, Dr. Albert H. Sharpe, Dr. Allen J. Smith, Dr. Wm. G. Spilter, Dr. Alfred Stenzel, Dr. S. Lewis Ziegler.

Alpha Omicron Pl—Dr. Mande Carviel, physician; Jessie Ashley, Mrs. Helen Hoy Greeley, Madeleine Doty, Mrs. G. V. Mullan, Crystal Eastman and Bertha Rembaugh, lawyers, Mrs. Stella Stern Perry, Mary E. Chase and Jessie W. Hughan, authors.

authors.

Alpha Phi—Martha Foote Crow, Mrs. Robt. J. Burdette, Fanny Cooke Gates, Louise Fargo Brown, Winnifred Robinson, Mrs. Maurice Brown.

Alpha Phi Alpha-Vernon Sandy, architect; Philip M. Thorne, lawyer; Dr. Whitington Bruce and Dr. S. Le Count Cook, surgeons; George B. Kelly, civil engineer.

Ridly, civil engineer.

Alpha Sigma Phi—Hon. Franklin MacVeagh, Simeon E. Baldwin, Hon. Wayne MacVeagh, Charles P. Taft, publisher: Henry Holt, publisher; Andrew D. White. Judge George C. Holt, of New York: Albert B. White, of West Virginia, William W. Crapo, of Massachusetts: Cyrus Northun, University of Minnesota; Homer B. Sprague, University of North Dakota; Justice Fred B. Kernochan, New York: Hon. Charles B. Elliott, Judge Oscar R. Hundley, of Alabama.

Alpha Tau Omega—Thomas W. Gregory, United States Ambassador to Great Brikain; Lüke Lea, United States Ambassador to Great Brikain; Lüke Lea, United States Sambassador to Great Brikain; Lüke Lea, United States Sambassador Norea Brikain; Lüke Lea, Oni, Irving Bacheller and Leroy Soott, authors; C. R. Breckenridge.

Beta Theta Pi—Willis Van Devanter, Associate

Beta Theta Pi—Willis Van Devanter, Associate Justice of the United States Supreme Court; Senator William E. Borah, Rev. Frank W. Gunsaulus, Rollin D. Salisbury, geologist; Hon. David R. Francis, Hon. Frank O. Lowden.

Hon, Frank O. Lowden.
Chl Phi—Hiram W. Johnson, of California;
William W. Atterbury, Vice-President of Pennsylvania Raliroad; Lee S. Overman, of North Carollina;
W. H. Pope, of New Mexico; Sidney E. Mezes, Dr.
John B. Peven, surgeon; Newoomb Carlton,
President of Western Union Telegraph Company;
Samnel M. Felton, of Pennsylvania Raliroad;
Franklin K. Lane, Secretary of Interior Denartment. partment.

partment. Frederick W. Whitridge, lawyer; Elbridge Chi Psil—Frederick W. Whitridge, lawyer; Elbridge President, John M. Thomas, President, John M. Thomas, President, John M. Thomas, President, John M. Thomas, President, William P. Putnell, Elie Railroad; James A. Hoyt, Speaker, South Carolina, House of Representatives; John F. Goodnow, Johns Hopkins University; Very Rev. William M. Grosvenor, Dean of the Cathedral of St. John the Divine, New York City; D. M. Dlekinson, former United States Postmaster-General.

Delta Chi—Dudley Field Malone, R. L. Haskell, George R. Smith, M. M., Neeley, E. P. Harding, Manton M. Wyvell, Gen. George Bell, Jr., Fred. W. Carpetter.

Manton M. Wyvell, Gen. George Bell, Jr., Fred. W. Carpenter.
Delta Kappa Epsilon—Rear-Admiral Robert E, Peary: Owen Wister, author: Arthur T. Hadley, Yale University; Theodore Roosevelt, Robert Bacon, Henry Cabot Lodge, August Belmont, capitalist; J. P. Morgan, Ira Remsen and A. Barton Hepburn, bankers; Robert T. Lincoln, Ex. U. S. Senator Beverldge, U. S. Senator Beverldge, U. S. Senator Brandegee, Liang Tung Yen, Chinese statesman; Episcopal Bishop of Massachusetts; J. Harry Covington, Washington, D. C. Delta Phi—W. H. S. Demarest, Rutgers College; Robert Fulton Cutting, lawyer; Charles Scribner,

John W. and Joseph Harper, publishers; Ulysses S. Grant, 3d, U. S. A.

Delta Psi—Charles A. Peabody, of Mutual Life Insurance Co.; C. B. Galloway, Bishop of Methodist Episcopal Church, Thomas Nelson Page, author; Luke E. Wright, Stuyvesant Fish, J. Cleveland Cady, architect.

Delta Sigma Phi—Arvid D. Anderson, College of City of New York; William E. Waters, New York University; Walter Fischer, University of Pennsyl-yania; W. E. Esterbrocke, College of City of New

York.

Delta Tau Delta—Champ Clark, Speaker of House of Representatives; A. C. Humphreys, of Stevens Institute of Technology; K. C. Babcock, of University of Arizona; William Kent, M. E.; James E. Denton, M. E.; Frederick Palmer, war correspondent; Bion J. Arnold Selectrical expert; William A. Lieb, of the Eddson Electric Company; Rev. W. T. Manning, Rector of Trinity Church, New York City; Rev. C. E. Jefferson, Pastor Broadway Tabernacle, New York City.

Delta Theta Phi—Chief Justlee Edward D. White and Justice Mahlon Pitney, of the United States Supreme Court; Newton D. Baker, Secretary of War, Marshall McKusick, Dean, University of South Dakota.

Delta Insilon—Gen George W. Goetals Charles

South Dakota.

Delta Upsilon—Gen, George W. Goethals, Charles E. Hughes, David Starr Jordan, Prof. Jeremiah W. Jenks, Justice Stephen J. Field, William H. P. Fannee, Brown University; Sereno E. Payne, tarifi expert, William T. Jerome, Flavel S. Luther, Trinity College, Hartford; M. Linn Bruce, Erman J. Ridgway, publisher; Louis W. Stotesbury, Adjutant-General N. G. N. Y. Gamma Phi Beta—Alieen Cleveland 'Higgins, writer; Carrie Morgan, Superintendent of Schools, Appleton, Wis.; M. Ruth Guppy, Dean of Women, University of Oregon; Jane Sherzer, President of Oxford College.

Kappa Alpha (Northern)—Edward H. Griffin.

University of Oregon; Jane Sherzer. President of Oxford College.
Kappa Alpha (Northern)—Edward H. Griffin, Johns Hopkins University; Francis E. Leupp, Frank H. Hiscock, Hobart C. Chatheld-Taylor, author; Silas B. Browneil, Princeton Theological Seminary; Clark Williams; Clarence J. Shearn, Justice Supreme Court, New York.
Kappa Alpha (Southern)—Richmond Pearson Hobson, Joseph W. Folk, Senator Morris Sheppard, Robt. L. Henry, Bishop W. A. Candler.
Kappa Alpha Theta—Mrs. Lucile Baldwin Vansiyke, writer; Mrs. Anna Botsford Comstock, professor and writer; Miss Ladore Mudge, bibliographer and librarian; Mrs. H. W. Wilson, suffragist; Miss Susan M. Kingshury, professor at Bryn Mawr. Kappa Sigma—William G. McAdoo, Philip P. Campbell, Rev. Richard J. Cooke, Bishop of Methodist Episcopal Church; Lyon G. Tyder, Vice-Admiral De Witt Coffman, Ruifin G. Pleasant, Justice J. H. Covinston.

Lambda Chi Alpha—Major Edwin T. Cole, Massa-chusetts Institute of Technology; Prof. Roy G. Blakey, Cornell University; Dr. T. Elmer Grubbs, surgeon; Robt. O. Moody, professor, University of

Dr. Chas. P. Steinmetz, Hon. Zebulon B. Vance, Meredith Nicholson, Christopher Mathewson. Phi Kappa Psi—Hon. Woodrow Wilson, Bishop David H. Greer, Hon. George E. Chamberlain, Theodore P. Shonts, Gen. Tasker H. Bilss, U. S. A.; Hon. Ellison D. Smith.

A.; Hon. Elison D. Smith.

Phi Kappa Sigma.—Henry A. du Pont, of Delaware; E. A. Alderman, University of Virginia; Claude A. Swanson, of Virginia; Horatio C. King, lawyer and author; Charles I. Wilson, Brigader-General U. S. A. (retired); Col. William Jay, of New York; Daniel S. Tuttle, Episcopal Bishop of Missour; Frank M. Bristol, Bishop of the Methodist Episcopal Church; Effingham B. Morris, President Girard Trust Co., Philadelphia, Pa.; Samuel T. Bodine, of Philadelphia, Pa.; Province Research Philadelphia, Pa.

Phi Sigma Kappa—George B. Cortelyou, President of Consolidated Gas Co., New York; Charles S. Howe, of Case School of Applied Science; Melville Davisson Post, author; Prof. Wm. P. Brooks, founder of Agriculturial College of Totko; Joseph F. Barrett, agriculturist; Prof. Harry S. Canby, author.

agriculturist; Prof. Harry S. Canby, author, Pi Beta Phl—May L. Keller, Dean of Westhampton College; Sarah P. Rugg and Julia E. Rogers, authors; Carrie Chapman Catt, suffrage leader; Jessie Gaynor, composer; Ruth Hammit Kauffman and Wanda Petrunkevitch, authors; Whiffred Harper Cooley, writer; Florence Finch Kelly, Mary Bartol Theiss, and Una Frances Hudson, writers; Anna Kelton Wiley, suffragist and welfare worker; Pauline Bush, motion picture actress; Elmina Wilson, architect; Grace R. Hehard, lecturer; May Wood Simons, lecturer.

Wood Simons, lecturer.

Pi Kappa Alpha—Oscar W. Underwood, of Alabama; William Alexander of the Equitable Life Assurance Society; Bishop W. B. Murrah, of Mississippi; Dr. Theron H. Rice, Richmond, Va.; Robert Whittier, Chairman Administration Board of Richmond, Va.; Judge Robert M. Hughes, of Virginia Company, 2018.

Richmond, Va.; Judge Robert M. Hubbes, M. Bribland, Va.; McGulre, A. Murat Willis, guida, P. Mu-Drs, Stuart McGulre, A. Murat Willis, surgeons, Richmond, Va.; Michael Hoke, orthopedic surgeon, Atlanta, Ca.; Hugh H. Young, genito-urinary surgeon, Batimore, Md.; Henry Di. Furniss, gynecologist, New York City; A. M. Fauntieroy, surgeon, U. S. N. Psi Upsilon—William H. Taft; Andrew D. White; Chauncey M. Depew; Cornelius Vanderbilt, capitalist; John B. Stanchfield, attorney; John K. Bangs, author; Henry F. Lippitt, of Rhode Island; Francis G. Newlands, of Nevada; Dean Worcester, Philippine Civil Service; Frank L. Polk, Nicholas Murray Butler, Robt. Lansing, Earl D. Babst. Sigma Alpha Epsilon—Philiander C. Knox; J. M. PRINCIPAL UNIVERSITIES A

Dickinson: Key Pittman, of Nevada; J. Beckham; Henry Sydnor Harrison, author; Bishop William A. Guerry.

Sigma Chi—Brand Whitlock, Walter L. Fisher, Stephen T. Mather. T. Coleman du Pont, George Ade, Booth Tarkington, Lee B. Durstine.

Sigma Nu—Judge H. D. Clayton, George A. Carlson, Wade H. Ellis, Zane Gray, Dr. Isadore Dyer, Sigma Phi—Ellhu Root, Andrew D. White, Eugene N. Foss; M. W. Stryker, President Hamilton College; W. A. Shanklin, President Wesleyan University; Bishop C. E. Chency, Bishop L. H. Wells, Chester S. Lord, Reur-Admiral A. S. Kenny, G. W. Hinman, President Marietta College; Henry C. Rowland, author.

Sigma Phi Sigma—Walter W. Hyde, Professor of Greek, University of Pennsylvania; Maurice J. Babb, Professor of Mathematics, University of Pennsylvania, Maurice Burritt, professor at Cornell University, Naurice Burritt, professor at Cornell University of Pennsylvania, Maurice Burritt, professor at Cornell University of Pennsylvania, Maurice Burritt, professor at Cornell University of Pennsylvania, Maurice Burritt, professor at Cornell University of Pennsylvania, Maur

University.

Sigma Pl—Dr. Russell Conwell, President Tem-, ple University; Wm. F. Mercer, author and lec-turer; Justiu Brewer, capitalist; Prof. R. L. Watts, of State College of Pennsylvania; R. O. Evans,

Tau Kappa Alpha—Albert J. Beveridge; Dr. Guy Potter Benton, President University of Vermont; ex-Governor H. A. Buchtel, of Colorado; Oswald

Ryan, publicist.

Theta Chi—De Witt C. Webb, civil engineer;
Judge Burleigh F. Spalding, of North Dakota;
Brig.-Gen. Edward B. Williston, Harry Blanchard
Hersey. William Rutherford Mead, Charles Horace Spooner.

Reisey, William Rutheriord Mead, Charles Horace Spooner.

Theta Delta Chi—Right Rev. Cameron Mann, Episcopal Bishop; O.P. Baldwin, of the Baltimore Sun, John A. Dix; Henry L. Wilson, F. W. Hamilton; Willis S. Paine; John W. Griggs; A. M. Randolph, Episcopal Bishop of Southern Virginia; Charles R. Miller, editor of the New York Times; James R. Mellon, banker; Seward A. Spoor, lawyer. Theta Xi—Palmer C. Ricketts, President Rensclaer Polytechnic Institute; Mordecal T. Endicott, Rear-Admiral U. S. N. (rectired); Hon. William H. Wiley, Hon. Butler Ames, Hon. William A. Thomas, Hon. Henry M. Waite, Hon. Henry W. Hodge.

Zeta Beta Tau—Mitchell May, of New York; Dr. Richard Gottheil, professor, Columbia University; Oscar S. Straus and Nathan Straus, merchants and philanthropists.

Zeta Psi—Nicholas F. Brady, President New York Edison Co. Judge Thomas I ves Chaffeld, Hon. W. T. Cobb, Hon. Nicholas Longworth, George Wharton Peppe, Wm. B. Storey.

COLLEGED OF CAMADA

	PRINCIPAL	, UNIVERSITIES	AND C	OLLEGES OF CANADA	١.	
ORGAN-	Coileges. For explanation of signs, see Index.	Location.	Control.	President or Chairman of Faculty.	Instruc- torg.* Stu- dents.*	Volumes in Library.
1838 1818 1894 1894 1997 1821 1887 1858 1874 1855 1811 1885 1811 1845 1915 1915 1917 1890 1897 1897 1897 1898 1877 1898 1877 1898 1877 1898 1877 1898 1877 1898 1877 1898 1898	Acadia University† Dalhouslet des College Havergal Ladies College Havergal Ladies College Havergal Ladies College Macdonald College† McGill University† McMaster University† McMaster University† Montratal Dioces n' Theo. Mt. Aliison University† Ontario Ladies' Col. Presbyt'an Theo. Col. Nova Scotia Nov. Col.† Gueen's University† Ridley College. Univ. of Trinity Col.† Univ. of Trinity Col.† Univ. of Esc. Columbia† Univ. of Caigary† Univ. of Kines† Universite Lavai U Univ. of Nantoba† Univ. of Nantoba† Univ. of Saskatchewan† U.ofSt. Fran. Xav. Col.† Univ. of Torontof. Victoria Col. & Univ.† Victoria Col. & Univ.† Victoria Col. & Univ.† Victoria Col. & Univ.† Vesleyan Theo. Col.	Wolfville, N. S. Halifax, N. S. Toronto, Ont. Toronto, Ont. Ste. A. de Bellevue, Q. Montreal, Can. Toronto, Out. Montreal, Can. Toronto, Out. Montreal, Can. Truro, N. S. Kingston, Ont. Truro, N. S. Kingston, Ont. Toronto, Ont. Toronto, Ont. Lennoxville, Que Vancouver, B. C. Windsor, N. S. Quebec, M. S. Quebec, M. S. Windsor, N. S. Windsor, N. S. Saskatoon, Sask Antigonish, N. S. Toronto, Ont. Toronto, Ont. Toronto, Ont. Toronto, Ont.	Baptist. Non Sect. Ch. of Eng. Preshyt'an. Non Sect. Non Sect. None Baptist Methodist Preshyt'an. State Non Sect. Non Sect. Non Sect. Non Sect. Non Sect. Non Sect. Non Sect. Non Sect. Non Sect. Non Sect. Non Sect. Non Sect. Non Sect. Non Sect. Mon Sect. State Methodist Methodist Methodist	Robt. I. Warner, D. D. Geo. Barton Cutten, D. D. A. Staniey Mackenzie, Ph. D. N. W. Hoyles, L. D. Rev. Alfred Gandier, D. D. F. C. Harrison, D. Sc. Sir Wm. Peterson, K. C. A. L. McCrimmon, M. A. Byron C. Borden, D. D. David Soloam, B. A., L.I. D. David Soloam, B. A., L.I. D. Very Rev. D. M. Gordon. Rev. J. O. Miller, M. A. Rev. R.A. Parrock, M. A., L.L. D. T. S. Boyle, M. A., D. D. Mgr. Francis Pelictier, M. A. James A. MacLean, Ph. D. Ceoil C. Jones (Chan.) Walter C. Murray, M. A. H. P. MacPherson, D. D. Rev. R. P. Bowles, M. A. Rev. R. P. Bowles, M. A. Rev. R. P. Bowles, M. A. Rev. R. P. Bowles, M. A. Rev. R. P. Bowles, M. A. Rev. R. P. Bowles, M. A. Rev. R. P. Bowles, M. A. Rev. Rev. J. Smyth, B. A.	19 1208 80 339 58 375 9 140 70 4002 220 1.33 220 1.33 221 265 25 220 .6 28 150 1.07 15 185 .70 388 57 61 11 100 388 57 61 61 11 100 388 22 230 34 407 388 29 337	33,000 20,000 10,000 1194,000 22,000 12,000 10,000 4,000 4,000 4,000 120,000 15,000 12,000 18,000 12,000 18,000 12,000 18,000 18,000 18,000 22,000 18,000 18,000 5,000 1114,482
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<sup>†</sup> Co-education of sexes. ‡ For women only.

### THE FAMOUS OLD PEOPLE OF 1917. (Age at the last hirthday is given. The list was made up for January 1, 1917.)

Age.
94—Dr. James M. Peebles, psychologist.
93—Brig.-Gen. Peter Joseph Osterhaus, retired.
92—Ex-Vice-President Levi P. Morton,
91—Rev. Antoinette L. B. Blackwell, suffragette;
Lord Halsbury.
90—Ex-Empress Eugenie.

90—Ex-Empress Eugenic.
89—Rear-Admiral Stephen B. Luce, retired; Charles
Andrews, ex-Chief Judge New York Court
of Appeals.

88—De Freycinet, French statesman; ex-Senator Edmunds, Judge Roger A. Pryor, Mrs. Rus-

sell Sage,

sell Sage.
87—Ex-Senator Isaac Stephenson.
86—Dr. Ahraham Jacobi, Mrs. Sol Smith, Mrs. Belva Ann Bennett Lockwood.
85—Amelia E. Barr, novelist; Frederic Harrison, positivist; Mrs. Mary S. Lockwood, founder of D. A. R.
84—Joseph H. Choate, Bishop John H. Vincent, Maggie Mitchell, Andrew D. White, Commodore E. C. Benedict, Sir William Crookes, scientist; Hubert Howe Bancroft, historian.
83—Ex-Congressman Grosvenor of Ohjo.

83-Ex-Congressman Grosvenor of Obio. 82-Ex-Senator Depew, ex-President Eliot of Har-yard, Cardinal Gibbons, Ernst Heinrich Haeckel, biologist.

naecket, biologist.

81—Rev. Lyman Abbott, Richard Olney, Andrew Carnegie, ex-Secretary of Agriculture James Wilson, Manton Marble, journalist; Bishop William Crane Gray, ex-Secretary of the Navy William E, Chandler, Edgar Page Stites, hymn writer; Bishop Samuel Fallows of Illinois

hymn writer; Bishop Samuel Fallows of Illinois.

80—Rev. James M. Buckley, Sir Edward J. Poynter,
Prof. C. F. Chandler, William Winter, dramatic critic; Lord Brassey, Sir Norman Lockyer, ex-Speaker Joseph G. Cannon, ex-Senator Hale, Henry M. Alden, ex-Secretary of
the Treasury Lyman J. Gage, Simon Wolf.

79—General Horace Porter, William Dean Howells,
novelist; John Burroughs, naturalist; Admiral Dewey, Bishop Tuttle, Col. Washington A. Roebling, Senator Jacob H. Gallinger,
Gen. James Harrison Wilson.

78—John Wanamaker, ex-President Loubet, Gen.
Brooke, retired; ex-Governor McCreary of
Kentucky, Archibishop Ireland, Prof. Cleveland Abbe, meteorologist; Count Zeppelin,
Count Kuma, ex-Armassador Bryce, Senator

77—General Miles, ex-Senator Clark of Montana,
Archibishop Keane, Asa Bird Gardiner, John
D. Rockefeller, ex-Prime Minister Emile
Combes of France, Edward Payson Weston,
pedestrian.

D. Rockiefeller, ex-Prime Minister Emile Combes of France, Edward Payson Weston, pedestrian.

76—John Morley, Henry Watterson, Clemenceau, Palmer Cox, Austin Dobson, poet: Thomas Hardy, novelist; Lord Reay, Lieutenant-General S B. M. Young, retired; ex-Governor Baldwin of Connecticut, Henry Clews, banker; Auguste Rodin, sculptor; Cordinal Logue, Tabustice Overleit Shibusawa, Japacese banker; Auguste Rodin, sculptor; Cordinal Logue, Total Control Baron Vel-leit Shibusawa, Japacese banker; Auguste Pott, S. Wilfird Laurier, Sir Charles Wyndham, William Rockefeller, ex-President Fallieres of France, Countess Magri, widow of Tom Thumb.

74—Abdul Hamid, ex-Sultan of Turkey; Anna E. Dickinson, Cardinal Farley, Camille Flammarion, astronomer; Rev. Dr. Parkmust, Sonator Bankhead of Alabama.

75—Justice McIcenna, Christine Nilsson, Adelina Pattl, Senators Dillingham and Nelson, Robert T. Lincoln, ex-Mayor Blankenburg of Philadelphia, Theophilo Braga, first President of Portugal.

76—Dowager Queen Alexandra, Major-General Greely, John Hare, actor; King Peter of Serbia, Rev. Dr. W. H. Robetts, George W. Cable, Bishop Greer, Dr. Robert Bridges, Poet Laureate of England; Jacques Anatole Thibault France, author.

78—Sarah Bernhardt, Chief Justice Edward Douglass White, William H. Crane, actor; ex-Secretary of State Elihu Root, Rear-Admiral Sigsbee, retired; Theodore N. Vali.

PEOPLE OF 1917.

Age. Lord Charles Beresford, ex-Senator Wetmore, ex-Senator Foraker, Hamilton W. Mable, Col. William F. Cody, Charles H. Taylor, G. William F. Cody, Charles H. Taylor, G. William F. Cody, Charles H. Taylor, G. William F. Cody, Charles H. Taylor, G. William F. Cody, Charles H. Taylor, G. William F. Cody, Charles H. Taylor, G. William S. G. William Allan Pinkerton, Fleld Marshal von Kluck.

69—Thomas A. Edison, Senator Tillman, Lotta (Carlotte Crabtree), Oscar Hammerstein, Clarlotte Crabtree), Oscar Hammerstein, Rear-Admiral Goodrich, retired; Bishop Hall of Vermont, Alexander Graham Bell, Senator Martin of Virginia, Jacob H. Schiff, banker; Dr. Anna Howard Shaw, suffragette; Lord Rosehery, Ralph Albert Blakelock, painter, Br. William Waldorf Astor, Senator Stone of Missouri, Ellen Terry, actress; Louis C. Tiffany, artist; Nathan Straus, merchant; William H., King of Wirttemberg; Rt. Hon. Arthur J. Balfour, Leslie M. Shaw, ex-Secretary of the Treasury, Alexei Nicolaievitch Kuropatkin, Russian General.

67—Frances Hodgson Burnett, author; Sir William Osler, Edmund Gosse, poet; Max Nordau, author; Bishop White of Indiana, Bishop Kinsolving of Texas, ex-Secretary of Commerce Nazel, Henry C. Frick, William K. Vanderbilt, Justice William R. Day, U. S. Supreme Court; Luther Burbank, naturalist; Chara Morris, Digby Bell, actor; Taicott Williams, Journalist.

66—Champ Clark, Duke of Connaught, Senator Lodge, Oscar S. Straus, Pierre Lott, Bishop Cheskire of North Carolina, Sir Thomas Lipton, Itale Catcon, David Jayne Ellif, diplomat James Stillman, banker; Daniel C. Beard, artisk Hugo Osterhaus, retired; Felix Adder Hishon Reclavith of Alabems Sammel.

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64—Ex-Vice-President Fairbanks, Lily Langtry, Edwin Markham, poet; John Bach McMaster, historlan; Rev. Dr. Henry Van Dyke, Sir John French, Hon. Herbert H. Asquith, Judge Samuel P. Colt, General Joffre, Alton B. Parker, Opie Read, author; Brander Mat-

Judge Samuel P. Colt, General Joffre, Alton B. Parker, Opie Read, author; Brander Mathews.

63—John Drew, actor; August Belmont, financier; ex-Senator Crane of Massachusetts; Sir Herbert Beerbohm Tree, actor; Sir J. Forbess Robertson, actor; Thomas Nelson Page, Ambassador to Italy; Daniel Frohman, Rose Coghlan, Hall Caine, Hudson Maxim, inventor; Herman Henry Kohlsaat, editor; Major-General Hugh L. Scott, Chief of Staff, U. S. A.; ex-Secretary of State, Philander C. Khox, Paul M. Fotter, dramatist.

62—Pope Benedict XV., Vice-President Marshall of the United States R. Hon, Herbert J. Gladstone, Prince Louison Battenberg, and State, Prince Louison Battenberg, and State, Prince Louison Battenberg, and State, Prince Louison Battenberg, and State, Prince Louison, Prince Louison, Battenberg, and State, Prince Louison, Prince Louison, Prince Louison, Battenberg, and State, Prince Louison, Prince Louison, Prince Louison, Prince Louison, Prince Louison, Prince Louison, Prince Louison, Prince Louison, Prince Louison, Prince Louison, Prince Louison, Prince Louison, Prince Louison, Prince Louison, Prince Louison, Prince Louison, Prince Louison, Prince Louison, Prince Louison, Prince Louison, Prince Louison, Prince Louison, Prince Louison, Prince Louison, Prince Louison, Prince Louison, Prince Louison, Prince Louison, Prince Louison, Prince Louison, Prince Louison, Prince Louison, Prince Louison, Prince Louison, Prince Louison, Prince Louison, Prince Louison, Prince Louison, Prince Louison, Prince Louison, Prince Louison, Prince Louison, Prince Louison, Prince Louison, Prince Louison, Prince Louison, Prince Louison, Prince Louison, Prince Louison, Prince Louison, Prince Louison, Prince Louison, Prince Louison, Prince Louison, Prince Louison, Prince Louison, Prince Louison, Prince Louison, Prince Louison, Prince Louison, Prince Louison, Prince Louison, Prince Louison, Prince Louison, Prince Louison, Prince Louison, Prince Louison, Prince Louison, Prince Louison, Prince Louison, Prince Louison, Prince Louison, Prince Louison

### DEATH ROLL OF 1916.

Age at death is given in parentheses; vocation and time of death, when known, follow: With few exceptions, the list does not include deaths incidental to the war.

Abbe, Prof. Cleverand, weather forecaster, Oct. 28, weather forecaster, Oct. 28, ediabert, Mrs. Charles (85), ediabert, Mrs. Charles (85), ediabert, Mrs. Charles (85), ediabert, Mrs. Charles (85), ediabert, Mrs. Charles (85), ediabert, Mrs. Charles (85), ediabert, Mrs. Charles (85), ediabert, Mrs. Charles (85), ediabert, Mrs. Charles (85), ediabert, Mrs. Charles (85), ediabert, Mrs. Charles (85), ediabert, Mrs. Charles (85), ediabert, Mrs. Charles (85), ediabert, Mrs. Charles (85), ediabert, Mrs. Charles (85), ediabert, Mrs. Charles (85), ediabert, Mrs. Charles (85), ediabert, Mrs. Charles (85), ediabert, Mrs. Charles (85), ediabert, Mrs. Charles (85), ediabert, Mrs. Charles (85), ediabert, Mrs. Charles (85), ediabert, Mrs. Charles (85), ediabert, Mrs. Charles (85), ediabert, Mrs. Charles (85), ediabert, Mrs. Charles (85), ediabert, Mrs. Charles (85), ediabert, Mrs. Charles (85), ediabert, Mrs. Charles (85), ediabert, Mrs. Charles (85), ediabert, Mrs. Charles (85), ediabert, Mrs. Charles (85), ediabert, Mrs. Charles (85), ediabert, Mrs. Charles (85), ediabert, Mrs. Charles (85), ediabert, Mrs. Charles (85), ediabert, Mrs. Charles (85), ediabert, Mrs. Charles (85), ediabert, Mrs. Charles (85), ediabert, Mrs. Charles (85), ediabert, Mrs. Charles (85), ediabert, Mrs. Charles (85), ediabert, Mrs. Charles (85), ediabert, Mrs. Charles (85), ediabert, Mrs. Charles (85), ediabert, Mrs. Charles (85), ediabert, Mrs. Charles (85), ediabert, Mrs. Charles (85), ediabert, Mrs. Charles (85), ediabert, Mrs. Charles (85), ediabert, Mrs. Charles (85), ediabert, Mrs. Charles (85), ediabert, Mrs. Charles (85), ediabert, Mrs. Charles (85), ediabert, Mrs. Charles (85), ediabert, Mrs. Charles (85), ediabert, Mrs. Charles (85), ediabert, Mrs. Charles (85), ediabert, Mrs. Charles (85), ediabert, Mrs. Charles (85), ediabert, Mrs. Charles (85), ediabert, Mrs. Charles (85), ediabert, Mrs. Charles (85), ediabert, Mrs. Charles (85), ediabert, Mrs. Charles (85), ediabert, Mrs. Charles (85), ediabert, Mrs. Charles (85), ediabert, Mrs. Charles weather forecaster, Oct. 28, Ackert, Mrs. Charles (85), edi-tor, May 11, Adelheid, Dowager Grand Duchess of Luxemburg (82). Duchess of Luxening Nov. 24.

Nov. 24.

Alexander, Mrs. Lucy (105).

philandinopist, May 20.

Amador, Juan N., Mexican official, Aug. 10.

Anderson, Rev. Edward (82). Anderson, Rev. Joseph. Aug. 18. Anderson, Thomas H. (68). Anderson, Rev. Joseph. Aug. 18, Anderson, Thomas H. (68), jurist, Oct. 1. Angell, Dr. James B. (87), edu-cator, April 1. Anderso, William Page (68), American author, Sept. 22, Archbold, John D. (68), chief of the Standard Oil Co., Dec. 5. Arias, Francisco S. (39), jour-nalist, Nov. 11. of the Standard Oil Co.,
Dec 5.
Arias, Francisco S. (39), jourmalist, Nov. 11.
Arnold, Olney (54), American
Consul General in Cairo,
Arnoldson, K. F. (71), winner
of Nobel Prize, Feb. 20.
schley, Clarence D. (65), law
instructor, Jan. 26,
Atterbury, Allen A. (59), merchant, June S.
Atterbury, Allen A. (59), merchant, June S.
Atwater, Dr. David F. (98),
Yale's oldest graduate, May 2.
Ayer, Lieut, Col, Waldo E. (55),
U. S. Army, March 9.
Aylsworth, Jonas W. (47),
chemist and inventor, June S.
Aylward, John A. (52), U. S.
District Attorney, Nov. 12.
Babcock, Rev. Dr. Charles H.
(71), Jan. 6.
Babcock, Frof. Stephen (83),
educator, May 19.
Bacon, Edwin M. (71), journalist, Feb. 24.
Baily, Joshua, L. (90), merchant, Dec, 7.
Ballet, Gilbert, French neurologist, March 17
Balmanno, Charles J. (51),
barker, March, Albert S. Balmanno Charles Balmanno Charles Balmanno March Banker, Rear Adm. Albert S. Barker, Rear Adm. Navy, retired, (73), C. 58), Barker, Reas...

(73), 0.

Jan. 30.

Barrows, Dr. Charles C. (58), educator, Jan. 2.

Barton, Enos M. (74), former President Electric Co., May 3, Western Electric Co., May 3, George J. (70), hobel onner, Nov. 1, 10, journalist, Pates, George (81), journalist, and 21.

(72), author, May 21.
Bates. George H. (72), author.
Oct. 31.
D. W. (65), educa-Oct. 31.
Batson, Dr. D. W. (65), educator, May 10.
Baxter, Oapt, Walter (67),
Commodore Anchor Line fleet. Commodors Anchor Line fleet, June 17, Bayliss, Lucien S. (46), jurist, Aug. 27, Beaumont, Rev. Dr. James B. (86), Feb. 9, Rev. Dr. James B. Beck. Edward A. (68), educator, April 12, Beecham, Sir Joseph (68), manufacturer, Oct. 23, Benedix, Hans E. (36), journalist, July 29, Bennett, Josiah Q. (62), banker, Nov. 29.

cator, known as "Morder of the Kindergarten," March 26. Blue. Dr. Leonard A. (47). educator. Aug. 18. Blunt, Sir John E. (84), former British Consul, June 20. Boelke, Capt., German aviator, Oct. 28. Boggs, Major Thomas K. (76). Civil War Veteran, Feb. 16. Bogne, Virgil G. (70). engineer, Oct. 14. Boilot, May 21. Boissevain, Mrs. Inez M. (30), suffragist, Nov. 25. Bolande, Frank W. (51), publisher, Oct. 15. Boldt, George C. (65), hotel proprietor, Dec. 5. Bolton, Mrs. Sarah, Knowles proprietor, Dec. 5.
Bolton, Mrs, Sarah Knowles
(75), author and temperance
worker, Feb. 21.
Booth, Cheales (76), steamship
owner, Nov. 23.
Borup, Col., Henry D. (62), U.
S. Army, retired, May 26,
Boucioault, Mrs, Dion (83), actress, Nov. 6.
Bowring, Sir William B. (79),
steamship owner, Oct. 21.
Bowron, Wm.
Oct. 17. Bowron, Wm. Lioya Oct. 17. Boyle, Sir Cavendish (67). Governor of Newfound of Newfoundland, Sept. 17. Bradley, Anon H. (73), journal-ist, Aug. 22. Bradley, ex-Justice George B. Bradley Anon H. (73), journalist Aug. 22.
Bradley, ex-Justice George B. (91), Jan 9.
Bradley, William J., ex-Senator, Oct. 13.
Bradley, William J. (61), Supreme Court Justice, Jan. 7
Brandeis, Arthur D. (54), merchant, June 10.
Braun. Frau Lily, German writer, Aug. 9.
Braun, Ludwig (80), Bavarian battle painter, Feb. 20. Bavarian

Burnham, Lord (Edward Levy-Lawson), (82), journalist, Jan. 9.
Burrill, Thomas J. (77), educator and naturalist, April 14.
Burr, Carll S. (84), horseman, Feb. 26.
Bustanoby. Andre (44), restaurant owner, Feb. 10.
Butter, Col. James Gay, philanthropist, Aug. 22.
Butts, John De Witt (63), railroad official, Aug. 21.
Calhoun, William James (68), ex-Minister to China, Sept. 19.
Campor Duncan (57), journalist, Feb. 29.
Campor Duncan (57), journalist, Feb. 29.
Campor Journal (57), journalist, Feb. 29.
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Campor Journal (57), journalist, Journalist, Journalist, August 19.
Campor Journalist, Journalist, Journalist, August 19.
Campor James G. (58), banker, George (84), second Jarquis of Clanricarde, April 12.
Cannon, James G. (58), banker, July 31.
Cardenas, Dr. Adam, cx-President of Nicaragua, July 13.
Cardenas, Dr. Adam, cx-President of Nicaragua, July 13.
Carmerie, Mrs. Lucy Coleman (69), eister, haw of Andrew Carmerie, July 5, A., retired, Jan. 21.
Car, John H. (72), banker, Sept. 1.
Cart, John H. (72), banker, Sept. 1.
Cart, John H. (72), banker, Sept. 1.
Carter, Rev, Thomas Coke (65), Bishop of the United Brethren Church, Feb. 27.

Carter, William H. (81), ex-Senator, Jan. 15. Cassus, Joaquin D., former Mexican Ambassador, Feb. 25, Case. Charles (58), actor. Mexican Ambassador, Feb. 20.
Case. Charles (58). actor.
Nov. 27.
Callin. Charles A. (66). chemist
and inventor. April 12.
Callin. Brig. Gen. Isaac.
Givil War veteran. Jan. 19.
Cavil War veteran. Jan. 19.
Cavil War veteran. Jan. 19.
Charles Harles (73). stoamship owner. Serb. Hiram S.
Charler Harles March 15.
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Ch Charlier, Rev. Alphonse (92). Oct. 21. Chase, William M. (67), artist, Oct. 25. Chase, William M. (67), artist, Oct. 25.
Chauncey. Elihu (75), philanthropist, May 16.
Chauveau, Hon, Charles F. (69), banker and jurist, March 7.
Cheney. Bishob Charles E. (80).
Nov. 15.
Chichester, Harold, First Sergt, N. Y. Infantry, Aug. 24.
Chong. Tong King (48), President Chinese Republic Association and journalist, March 7.
Cilley. Major John K. (76).
Vice-President of the Union League Club. Dec. 5.
Clarke. Rev. James F. (84).
missionary, July 7.
Clarke, James P. (62). U. S.
Senator, Oct. 1.
Clarke, Michael (72), journalist, March 5.
Clough Colb. William P. (72). Clough Col. William P. (72). railroad official. Aug. 17. Cody. Morris J. (51). editor. Cody Morris J. (51). editor,
June 14.
Collin. Raphael (66). artist.
Collin. Raphael (66). artist.
Collin. Raphael (66). manufacturer. April 14.
Collin. Kenneth B. (30). manufacturer. April 14.
Collin. George R. (49). ex-Gov.
of Porto Rico. April 7.
Condon. Capt. Clarence M. (41).
U. S. Army. July 20.
Condon. Chester A. (63). of
Republican National Commitbee Nov. 21.
Considine. George F. (43).
Sportsman. Aug. 6.
Cook. Rear-Adm. Francis A.
(73). U. S. Navy. retired.
Cook. Brig. Gen. Henry Clay
(79). U. S. A.. retired.
Feb. 22.
Cook. Walter (69). architect,
Cook. March 25.
Cook. Walter (69). architect,
Cook. Wells W. (60). biologist.
March 30.
Cooky. Dr. Leroy. C. (82). educator. Sept. 20.
Cooky. Dr. Leroy. C. (82). educator. Sept. 20. June 14. Raphael (66). artist. March 30.
Cooley, Dr. Leroy, C. (82), educator, Sept. 20.
Coon, John H. (85), collar manufacturer, Jan. 17.
Cooper, Charles A. (87), journalist, April 14.
Corbett, Dr. Elizabeth W. (82), pure food exponent, June 4.
Corthell, Dr. Elmer N. (76), engineer, May 16.
Cortright, Moses W. (76), engineer, May 16.
Cortright, Moses, W. (76),
former, New York City police
official, May 13.
Cotton, Dr., Arthur C. (69),
specialist, July 12.
Cones, Rear-Adm., Samuel F.
(91), U. S. Naw, retired,
May 1.

Cox. George B. (63), politician, May 20.
Coxe. Jr. Eckley B. (43), explorer. Sept. 20.
Coxle. Hugh F. (60), railroad official, May 31,
Crain. Dr. William B. (70), educator. Sept. 15.
Cray. Jesse D. (63), publisher. Nov. 1, Layton W. (51), journalist. Feb. 18.
Crook. Layton W. (51), journalist. Feb. 18.
Crook. The Rev. Isaac (84), Feb. 20, yrus, American artist. July 23
Cunier. Major Sir Foster (41), military historian, July 20, curren. Dr. Foter J. (62), specialist on rables, Jan. 29, Cutler. Major Nattran 70), Civil War veteran, Jan. 8, Oct. 18.
Czerny. Prof. Vicenze (74), cancer expert. Oct. 4
Dalzell, Frederick B. (86), boat owner. July 10, Dalrympie, Alfred N. (41), political leader. May 21, 100. owner, July 16.

Dalrympie, Aifred N. (41). political leader. May 21.

Daly, Justice Joseph F. (76). expirits Aur. 6.

Dana, Dr. William H. (72).

author, Feb. 18.

Peb. 6. Buennert. May. (62). Pep. b.
Davenport, Mary (65), actress,
June 26,
Davies, Acton (46), dramatio
critic, June 12,
Davignon, J.ex-Belgian Minister for Foreign Affairs,
March 13,
Davis, Henry Gassaway (93), exU. S. Senator of W. Va.,
March 11,
Davis, Horace (86), educator,
July 13, Davis, Henry Gassaway (193), ex.

U. S. Senator of W. Va.
March 11.
Davis, Horace (86), educator,
July 13.
Davis, Horace (86), educator,
July 13.
Davis, Richard Harding (52),
novelist., April 11.
Dawson, Jackson T. (75), horticulturist. Aug. 3.
Dav, Benjamin (79), inventor,
Aug. 30.
Aug. 30.
Aug. 30.
Brig. Gen. Nicholas W.
(77). Civil War veteran.
March 6.
De Bretenil, Marquis Henri (66).
French statesman, Nov. 4.
De Hart. D. D., Rev.
William
H. (79). Stated Clerk of the
Reformed Church of America.
De Herrera, Jose Maria (89).
Count of Fernandina, July 24.
Dekekind. Dr.
E. Wilhelm R.
(83), and Julius R.
(71). glass
De Seaur, Marquis (63), hisbrian, Aug. 14
Dichman, Lieut.-Com, Evist. U.
S. Navy, retired, April 20.
Dick, Harris B., outblisher,
Sept. 21.
Dieulafov, Mine, Jane (65), autthor and explorer, May 27.
Doane, Capt. Beniamin (93).
shipmaster, July 17.
Dobbins, Col. Edward L. (77).
insunance official, June 6.
Dodd, Frank Howard (71), publodge, Hajor-Gen, Grenville M.
(84), railroad builder, Jan, 3.
Dominaucz, Don Vicente J.
Britain June 28.
Britain June 28. Dominguez, Don Vicente J., Argentine Minister to Great Britain, June 28. Donahue, George F., editor. Donahue. May 28.

Donoho Rucer (59), landscape
painter, Jan. 28
Dosey, Stophen W. 74), ex-U.
Senator, March 20
Douglas Miss Amanda (79),
author, July 18,
Douglas, David (93), publisher,
Aoril 4,
Doyen, Dr. Eugene Louis (\$71),
surreon, Nov. 21,
Drake, Alexander W. (73), art
critic, Feb. 4
Prummond, Michael
former Commissioner of Charities, Jan. 22,
Drummond, Thomas
steel manufacturer,
Ang. 6 ities, Jan. 29
Drummond, Thomas J. (55),
steel manufacturer, Ang. 6.
Duke, Basil Wilson (76), exConfederate General, Sept. 16,
Duncan, Louis (53), N. Y. electrical engineer, Feb. 13.
Duncan, Norman (45), author,
Oct. 18.
Duncker, Dora (61), German
author, Oct. 41.
Dunkly, Leonard, of The New
York World staff, Oct. 21.
Duouet, Alfred (74), author,
May 21.
Duryea, Herman B, (50), sports-May 21.

Duryea, Herman B. (50), sportsman, Jan. 25.

Dwight, Dr. Timothy (87), educator, May 26.

Eaton, Seymour (57), journalist, March I.3.

Ebstein, Major Frederick H. E. (68), war veteran, Peb. 8.

Echecaray, Don Jose (83), Spanish dramatist, Sept., 15.

Edwards, George Walter (70), advector, the 18. ish dramatist. Sept. 15.

Edwards, George Walter (70).

Edwards, John B. (71). lawyer.

March 27.

Edder, George W. (56). sugar refiner. May 30.

Eddridge, Rear-Adm. Charles H. (75). U. S. Navy. retired.

July 16.

Ellis, Edward S. (76). author. June 20 Ellis, Edward, June 20, Line 20, Line Mrs. Havelock (55). Hovelist, Sept. 14, (71). insurance, Feb. 8, Line Representation of the Communication of the Commu Edison, Engene L. (71). Insurance, Feb. 8.
Emery, John R. (73). jurist.
Jan. 30.
Emmott. George H. (60). law instructor. March 11.
Emeking, John (77). landscape bainter, Nov. 17.
Eshleman, John M. (39). Lieut.-Gov. of California, Feb. 28.
Ereland. Rev. William P. (52).
missionary, July 25.
Evitinge. Mrs. Margaret (84).
author, Jan. 25.
fauthor, Jan. 25.
Fagan, Christopher, of The New York World, Aug. 13.
Faguet, Emile (68), academician, June 7.
Falleenbach, Charles (40). sculptor, March 3.
Fancher, Molly, Feb. 11. pratisenden. Charles (40). Scalptor. March 3.
Earcher. Molly, Feb. 11.
Earmer, Miss Sarah J. (69).
founder of the Greene Acre
Farm Colony, Nov. 23.
Earrar, Brig.-Gen. Ærnard G. (85). U.S. Army, June 7.
Earrar, Col. Judson S. (76).
Civil War veteran, March 11.
Farrer, Edward (66). journalist.
April 27.
Fellowes.
Sept. 28
Ferquson, Richard C., Balaklava.
veterah. June 13.
Fergram. June 13.
Fergram. Richard C., Balaklava.
(74). Bishon of Liberta and W.
Africa. Aug. 3.
Fermald Dr. Merritt C. (78).
educator. Jan. 8. Ferry, George G. (86), banker and merchant, Oct. 4. railroad official, April 2. (74), railroad official, April 2. (75), of The New York World, April 27, Figel, Gustav C. (55), of The New York World, April 27, Finneran John J., journalist, Sent. 19. Rothern Markers Dr. Richmond (80), educator, Jan. 29. Fischer, Max H. (67), pioneer in April 27, Fitzgerald, Lieut-Col. O. A. British Army officer, June 5. Fletcher, Henry E. (73), railroad organizer, March 4. Floyd-Jones, Robert B. (65), real estate dealer, June 11, follette, William H., canal boat owner, Feb. 24. Forney, Stehman (68), geodetic surveyor, Aug. 8. Fournett, Pierre (49) authority on the Cathodic Church of America, May 12, Fowler, Ething A. (37), of the N. Y. Sun. Oct. 31, Francis, Rey, Cyrus West (68), educator, June 12, Francis Joseph, Emperor (86), Emperor March March 19, Julia 20, Ephrancis Joseph, Emperor (86), Emperor March March 17, Frank Danby," the English author, March 17, Frank Panby, "The English author, March 17, Frankend, Frederick W. (62), writer, July 24, Fraser, Cant. Alexander (80), U. S. Navy, retired Nov, 5, Freenan, Henry V. (74), jurist, Sept. 5, French, Charles (55), publisher, Ave. 17. Fraser, Caut. Alexander (80), U. S. Navy. retired. Nov. 5. Freeman, Henry V. (74), iurist. Sent. 5. French. Charles (55), publisher, Aug. 17. Fritzsch. Frederich W. (104), oldest resident of Berlin. Dec. 13. Frug. Simon Samuel, Yiddish poet. Oct. 6. Fuller. Miss Anna (63), writer. July 18. Gaillard. Mrs. Mary Elizabeth (75). March 24. Gallieni. Gen. Joseph S. (67), former French Minister of Gallieni. Gen. Joseph S. (67), former French Minister of War. May 27. Gally. Merritt (76), inventor. March 7. Failroad official. May 12. Gemunder. Rudoluh F. (65), wiolin maker. July 8. (60), enunder. Rudoluh F. (65). George. Jr. Henry (34), ec. Congressman, Nov. 14. (67). writer and editor. Jan. 17. Gilbooly. James F. (10), Irish Nationalist. Oct. 16. (11), Irish Nationalist. Oct. (16), safety expert, June 15. Gassmann, William (65), publisher. May 12. Godfrey. Lincoln (66), financier. Feb. 8. George, Gen. Arthur (98), chemist and Humarian Army officer. May 21. Goodman. Major Edward H., Pullman Palace Car Co., March. 4. Gorst, Sir John E, (81), British statesman. April 4. March 4. John E. (81). British statesman. April 4. Gorton. Dr. David A. (83). known as "Father of Eugenics." Feb. 22.

Gotti, Cardinal, Girolamo M.

(82). March 19,
Gower, Rt. Hon. Lord Ronald
S. (81). sculbtor, March 9
Graham, Andrew Joseph (55).
Banker, May 1.
Graham, Brig. Gen, William M.
(81). veteran U. S. Army,
Jan, 17.
Henry (Hank) (60).
hunter, Feb, 12.
Gran, Kobert (58), impresario,
Aug. 9.
Gray, Dr. Frank D. (59), physician, June 11.
Green, Mrs. Hetty (81). capitalist, July 3.
Griswold, Stephen M. (80). exU. S. Senator, June 2.
Grosvenor, Very Rev. William
M. (53), Dec. 9.
Guedalia, Moses (75), Jewish
scholar, March 16. Haire Rev. Robert W. (70).

Haire Rev. Robert W. (70).

Hall. Clarton Colman (68),
founder Actuarial Society of
America. May 21,
Hamilton. Alexander (64), railroad official Feb 4, ("Tody")
(69), circus agent. Aug. 16
Handler, Theodore E. (67).

Hardie, Mrs. James (Sara Van
Leer), actress. June 29,
Harkness. Charles W. (56).
Standard Oil official, May 1.
Harley, John D. (53), theatrical
manager, Feb. 14.
Harner, James Thorne (61), publisher, Aug. 28.
Harrisa, Norman W. (69), banker
and philanthropist. July 16.
Harris, Norman W. (69), banker
and philanthropist. July 16.
Harris, Sr. William (71), theatrical producer. Nov. 25.
Harrisan. Lee (50), actor.
Oct. 29.
Hart James M. (77). euthor.
April 18.
Harshorn. Capt. Edwin (75),
textile expert. March 15.
Haskins, James G. (72), banker.
Nov. 8.
Haskins, Kittredge (80), former
Congressman, Aug. (71), furner N. Haire Rev March 4. Haskins Kittredge (80), former Congressman, Aug. 7.
Hastings, Hugh (61), former N. Y. State Historiam, July 27.
Hawk, Harry (79), actor, May 28.
Hay Archibald F. G. (61), 12th Earl of Kinnoull, Feb. 7.
Hay, Charles E. (75), Civil War veteran, Jan. 15.
Hay, Rt. Hon, Lord John (89), of British Navy, May 4.
Hayden, W. B. (70), banker, July 11. of Brillish Navy. May ‡. Hayden. W. B. (70). banker. July 11. Hayes. Dr. C. Willard (57). geologist. Feb. 9. Hayes. James L. (83) banker. June 2.

Hedeman, Jules (45). French journalist. June 13. Hendee, Rear-Adm. George E. (75). U. S. Navy, retired. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Sept. 10. Se Scientist. Jan. S.

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Hill Beach (76). author.

March 31.

Hill. George A. (74). educator.

Aug. 17.

Hill. John A. (57). publisher.

Jan. 24.

Hill. James J. (77). railroad financier. May 29.

Gunch architect. Sept. 12.

Hinsdale Elizur B. (84). jurist.

Aug. 23.

Hirsch. Joseph (83). cotton manufacturer. Jan. 17.

Hodgsdon. Capt. Daniel B. (80). U. S. Navy. retired.

Sept. 10.

Sept. 10.

Hogan. Ben (87). humanitarian.

Nov.

Hogan. Ben (87). humanitarian.

Nov.

Hosan. Ben (87). humanitarian.

Nov.

Holbrooke. Alvah F. (52). play
wright. Aug. 22.

Howay. Commodore Charles

Howay. Civil War veteran.

Honeywell. Alba (95). former iournalist. Feb. 4.

Honeywell. Alba (95). former iournalist. Feb. 4.

Honeywell. Alba (95). former iournalist. Feb. 4.

Honey. Sir Victor (59). Surgeon. July 16 ctor (59). Surgeon. July 16 Hotchkiss. Charles W. (53). financier. Oct. 29.

Howell. James E. (68). jurist.

New Jersey. Sept. 26.

Hoviand. Frederick H. (45). war correspondent. June 5.

Howl. James E. (68). jurist.

New Jersey. Sept. 26.

Howland. Frederick H. (45). war correspondent. June 24.

Hudson. Very Rev. Eyre (86).

Archdeacon of the Virgin Islands. Sept. 1.

Huerta. George H. (72). museum pioneer. June 24.

Hudson. Very Rev. Eyre (86).

Archdeacon of the Virgin Islands. Sept. 1.

Huerta. George H. (72). museum pioneer. June 24.

Hutson. Very Rev. Eyre (86).

Archdeacon of the Virgin Islands. Sept. 1.

Huerta. Gen. Victoriano (61).

S. Navy. retired. Feb. 23.

Hut. William T. (62). editor.

May 22.

Huthyle. Brig. Gen. John M. (74). May 22.
Huntington, Wright (50), play-wright, Sept. 21.
Hyde, Brig.-Gen, John M. (74), U. S. Army retired, Oct. 25. Ilg. Alfred (62), Swiss engineer. U. S. Alfred J. (82). French chemist, Nov. 11
Irwin. Harvey S. (71). ex-Congressman, Sept. 3.
Jacobs. Dr. Joseph (62). Jewish author. Jan. 30.
Jacques. William Henry (68). Jacouse, William Henry (68), Nov. 24 Juleot. (81), merchant, Feb. 22 James. Henry (72), novelist, Feb. 28.

James. Gen. Thomas L. (S5). former Postmaster General, Sept. 11. Jane. Fred T. (45). journalist, March S. Edward A. (75). capitalist. The 22. A. (45). journalist. George A. (45). journalist. George A. (45). journalist. March S. George A. (45). journalist. March S. Jones. Prof. Harry Clary (51). educator. April 9. Jones. Henry R. (85). founder of the Brooklyn Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children. Oct. 20. Jordan, Eben D. (58). Boston merchant. Aug. 1. Judson, Dr. Adoniram B. (79). surgeon. Sent. 20. Julliard. Mrs. Helen philanthropist. April 2. Jurgens. W. B. A. (77). merchant. Aug. 1. 12. Kahn. David (70). banker. Aug. 13. Kell. Lient. Col. William H. (74). U. S. Army, retired, veteran of three wars. Feb. 9. Kellog. Clara Louise (Mrs. Starkosch) (74). Anerican singer, May 13. Kelly. Alen (61). journalist. May 16. Kelly. William F. (51). Consul at Rome. March 4. Kendrick George W. (74). Feb. 26. James. Gen. Thomas L. (85). former Postmaster General. Kendrick Feb. 26. Kennedy Adm. Sir William R. (78). English naval veteran. (78). English naval veteran. Oct. 9. Kerens Richard C. (73). Am-Kerens Richard C. (73). Ambassador. Sept. 4. Ketham. Gen. Thomas E. (95). U.S. A. veteran. Jan. 25. Kidd. Beniamin (68). author. Oct. 2. King. Jr. David H. (66). builder of Madison Square Garden. April 20. King. Dr. William F. (62). scientist. April 23. Kingman. Brig. Gen. Daniel C. (64). U.S. Army. retired. Nov. 14. (64). U Nov. 14. Nov. 14.
Kinsley, William J. (51), hand-writing expert, March 25.
Kirchoff, Charles W. H. (63), journalist, July 23.
Kirthand, John C. (71), banker,
Nov. 3.
Espl. (63), Paritich Kirtland, John C. (71), banker, Nov. 3.

Kitchener, Earl (65), British war official, June 5.

Kieldsen, Stefan (34), automobile business, Oct. 23.

Klackner, John (67), art publisher, Nov. 20.

Knight, George A. (65), attorney, June 27.

Kochersperger, Capt. Stephen M. (44), U. S. Army, Jan. 3.

Knapp, Charles W. (69), journalist, Jan. 6.

Knight, Prof. William A. (80), educator, March 4.

Knox, Edward M. (74), hatter, March 28.

Krag. Col. Ole H. (79), rifle inventor, Dec. 12.

Kyle, Dr. D. Braden (63), nose and throat specialist, Oct. 23.

Labbe, Dr. Leon (84), surgeon, March 21.

La Fetria, Prof. Lear C. (70), chemist, March 9.

Lamar, Joseph R. (59), jurist, Jan. 2.

Landry, Sir Pierre A. (70), iurist, July 28. Pierre A. (70).

Lane. Francis T. Feb. 3. L. Feb. 3. Dr. Gustay A. (63), physician, March 27
Lanthier, John H. (78), U. S. Customs Service, Jan. 5. Customs Service, Jan. 5. Lasker, Morris (76), miller, Feb. 28. Lathrop. Bryan (71), civic leader, May 13. Laurence, Sir George (63), founder of Folklow Society, Feb. 24. Lawler, W. T. iurist June 14. Lawrence, William W. (57), manufacturer, Aug. 29. Leaming, Dr. Edward, X-ray pioneer, May 11. Ledycraft, J. Edgar (67), banker, July 3. pioneer, May 11,
Leaveraft, J. Edgar (67),
banker, July 3,
Lee, Brig Gen, James G. C.
(89) U. S. Army, retired,
July 19,
Leffingwill, Dr. Albert, Sept. 1,
Leighton, Fred, journalist, Leighton, Fred, journalist, March 5, Ledand, Francis L. (76), art donor, March 28, Leonard Rev. Dr. Adna B. (78), April 21, 6 Leroy-Beaulieu Paul (73).
economist, Dec. 10.
Lester Henry M. (61). banker,
July 1.
Le Veen Ira H., journalist,
April 24.
Lewis. Very Rev. Mgr. James V.
(40). March 25.
Lewis. Loran L. (91). exjurist. March S.
Lewison, Mrs. Emma M. (59).
philanthronist. July 28.
Lindsay. George H. (79). former
U. S. Congressman, May 25.
Linthicum, Charles O. (59).
patent attorney, Dec. 12.
London, Jack (40). author.
Nov. 22. Leroy-Beaulieu. Paul Linthreum. Charles O. (69).
Datent attorney. Dec. 12.
London. Jack (40). author.
Nov. 22.
Lonersan. Mrs. Ella A. (72).
iournalist. June 21.
Long. Francis (64). weather forecaster, June S.
Lord. Miss Elizabeth C. (32).
author. Aug. 15.
Lorilard. Jacob. founder of Tuxedo Park. April 28.
Low. Seth (60) former Mayor of New York City. Sept. 17.
Lowell. Dr. Percival (61). astronomer. Nov. 12.
Lowther. Sir Edward. A. (58).
British diplomat. April 5.
Lucas. Samuel M. (75). negro actor. Jan. 10.
Luccock. Bishop Naphtali (70).
April 1.
Ladwig III. (70). King of Bawaria Aug. 29.
Lumpkin. Joseph H. (60). jurist.
Sant 6. Lumpkin, Joseph H. (60), jurist, Sept 6. Lutz, Dr. Frank J. (60), sur-Luming Joseph H. (100), jurist, Sept 6. Ludz. Dr. Frank J. (60), sur-geon. March 24 Lynan. Francis M. (76). Mor-mon Ohurch official. Nov 18. Lyon. Cecil A. (47), Progres-sive National Committeeman, sive National Committeeman, April 4. Lyon. William S., botanical expect, July 20. Machalske. Florentine J., chemist. Jan 16. Mack, Michael J. (66), civil engineer, Jan. 23. Maddox, Samuel T. (63), jurist, March 12. Waire Frederick H (43), editor. March 12.
Mains, Frederick H. (43), editor,
Aug. 12.
Manker, Rev. John J. (77), editor, May 16.
Manrot, Joseph (67), weaver o
tapestries, July 18.

Mapes, Charles V. (79) agricultural chemist, Jan, 23 Markham, Sir Clements R. (85). British geographer, Jan, 30. Martin, Major Chancellor (70). Indian War veteran, Oct. 28. Martin, Sir George C. (72). composer, Feb. 22. Martin, Sir Richard B. (78). financier: Aug. 16. Martingale, Thomas Philadelphia author. Sept. 13. Marvel, Capt. Thomas S. (82). Shibbuilder, Oct. 25. Mason, Capt. Frank H. (76). former American Consul, June ason. Capt. Frank H. (76). former American Consul. June 21. 21.

Maspero Gaston (70), author.
June 30.
Mathews, John Lathrop (42),
iournalist, May 27.
Maxim Sir Hiram (76), invended to the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of the following of McCormick, A. P. (84), iurist, Nov. 2.
McCurdy, Richard A. (81), exPresident of Mutual Life insurance Co. March 6.
McDoel William H. (75), former
railroad official, April 25,
McFarland, Capt, William C.
(67), U. S. Army, retired,
Sept. 5.
McIntosh, Col., David G. (80),
lawver, Oct. 6.
McLean, Alexander (71), journalist, Jan. 5. McLean, Alexand nalist, Jan. 5. McLean Mrs. Donald (57). McLean, John R. (67), publisher, June 9, McLean John R. (67), publisher, June 9,
McLellan, C. M. S. (51), anthor, Sept. 21,
McNicoll. David (64), railroad official. Nov 26,
Mearns, Lieut, Col. Edgar A, (59), naturalist. Nov. 1.
Mears, Miss Helen F. (37), sculptor Feb 17,
Mendoza, Carlos (60), ex-President of Panama Republic, Feb. 13
Menzies, Rev. Dr. Allen (71), educator, May 8,
Merriell, Rear-Adm. John P. U. S. Navv. retired, Dec. 8,
Merrifield, Dr. Webster (62), educator, Jan. 22
Merry Rear-Adm. John F. (76), U. S. Navv. retired, May 30,
Messiter, July 2.
Metholikoff, Prof. Elie (71), scientist, July 15,
Michael, William H. (70), journalist, May 16,
Middleton, George (83), actor,
Jan. 25,
Miller, Brig.-Gen. James M,
Miller, Brig.-Gen. James M,
Miller, Brig.-Gen. James M, nalist May 16.

Middleton, George (83), actor.
Jan. 23.
Miller, Brig.-Gen, James M.
(72), U. S. Army, retired,
Dec. 11.
Wills, Major-Gen, Albert L. (62).
U. S. A. Sept. 18.
Mills, Rev. Benjamin F. (58).
evangelist, May 1.
Moffatt, Rev. Dr. James D. (70).
educator, Nov. 4.
Molony, James (68), journalist.
July 20. edicator.
Molony, James (68), Journal, 1117 30,
Moore James H. (64), capitalist, July 17,
Moore, Major Robert M. (68), U. S. A., retired, May 13,

Moore, Rev. Dr. Edward, Canton of Canterbury, Sept. 2. Moore, W. H. (74), merchant. Moore. W. H. May 16, May 16, Bedward (52), broker. May 16
Moran, bdward (52), broker,
June 21, J. Lee (68), specialist in obstetrics, Jan. 16.
Morris, Dr. Sarah Howe (84),
physician, May 24,
Morris, William H. (89), sugar
expert, May 24,
Morrison, George A. (83), capitalist, Peb. 26,
Morrison, Robert 7, (91), edncator, Jan. S.
Morrison, George A. (51), capitalist, Nov. 29,
Morse, Anson D. (70), educator,
March J. (87) Morse, Anson D., March 13, March 13, Morse, John Milton (85), nature poet Sept, 12, Mosby, Col. John S. (82), former Confederate chieftain, May 30, Moses, Rev. John R. (65). Moses, Rev. John R. (65). April 11. Momet-Suhy, Jean (75). French tragedian, March 3, Muench, Prof. Francis, educator, Nov. 12. Mov. 12.

Multienberg. Brig.-Gen, John C.
(67). U. S. Army, retired,
March 12.
March 10.
March 10.
Mench 10.
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Muray C.
Murphy, Dr. John B. (58), surgeon, Aug. 11.
Murray. ex-Judge Charles H.
(61). Sept. 6.
Murrell Capt Fred W. H. (54).
June 9.
Napier, Arthur S. (63). educator June 9.

Napier, Arthur S. (63). educator,
May 10.

Nash. John McLean (67). Treasurer of Columbia University.
March S.

Necker. With 100 (45). underuper of Columbia Christian March S
Necker, William (45), undertaker, Scott, 12.
Neisser, Prof. L. Albert (61), educator, July 30, Nelson, Prof. Julius (58), educator, Feb. 16.
Nelson, Col. William (69), former editor, April 11.
Neumann, Sir Sigmund (59), financier Sept. 13, Neuville, Mame Rosina (79), actress, May 31, Neville, Richard L. (78), journalist, July 31, nalist, July 31, nalist, July 31, newell, Jr., Edmund (60), noted midget, Lenown as "Major Newell," Feb. 7
Newton, William (60), explorer, Jan, 14, Niblo, Mrs. Fred. "Josephine Colian" (40), actress, July 12, Nichols, Brig.-Gen, George F. (82), Civil War veteran, Jan, 18, Gen, George S. (96), Nichols, Gen, George, S. (96). Nichols, Briz.-Gen. George F. (S2). Civil War veteran. Nichols. Gen. George S. (96). Civil War veteran. May 29. Nicolls. William J. (62). author. Feb. 14. Noble. Briz.-Gen. Charles H. (73). U. S. Army. retired. March 4. Norris. Jr., Joseph P. (69). author. March 17. Northam. Charles H. (72). grain dealer. June 6. Norton. William E. (73). marine artist. Feb. 25. Nott. Charles C. (88). jurist. March 6. March 6.
Nutall. Rev. Dr. Enos (72).
Archbishop of West Indies. May 31. Oakley, Frank, famous clown, known as "Slivers," March 9.

O'Callaghan, Rev. Thomas A. (77). Bishop of Cork, June 14. O'Connell. Dr. Joseph J. (49). Health Officer of the Port of New York, Jan. 1. Odell. Beni, Barker (91), former Mayor of Newburgh, N. Y. July 21. Odion. Henry West (64). jour-Mayor of Newburgh, N. Y.,
July 21,
Odion, Henry West (64), journalist, Nov. 24,
Ocetel, Ernst G. J. (60), jourist, July 24,
Ocetel, Ernst G. J. (60), jourist, July 24,
Ocetel, Ernst G. J. (60), jourist, July 24,
Oka, Lieut.-Gen, Ichonosuke
(56), Japanese War Minister,
July 20,
Olney, George W. (81), editor
and statistician, former editor
of World Almanac, June 2,
Oppenheim, Ansel (69), financier, Dec. 9
Oppenheim, Ansel (69), financier, Dec. 9
Oppenheim, Ansel (69), financier, Dec. 9
Oppenheim, Jan 146,
Ostorn, Revent, Jan 146,
Ott, Dr. Isaac (88), Pennsylvania, neurologist, Jan, 1,
Otto, Geosgel King of Bavaria
(68), Oct. 10,
Unimet, L. Aldric (68), banker,
Oyamo, Prince Iwao (74), Field Otto denosed King of Bavaria (68) cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onimet, Cc. 10. Onim (75). ex-U. S. Senator, July 23 (1972). Tyan (67). Russian surgeon Feb. 11. Percocke. Rev. Joseph F. (81). former Archbishop of Dublin. May 26. Pearsal, Gen. James Buchanan (88). Jan. 20. Pearson. Capt. William E. (70). U. S. Army, retired. March 2. Peck. George W. (74), author and ex-Governor of Wisconsin. April 16. Peel. Rt. Rev. William G. (62). Bishop of Mombasa, Africa. Abril 15. Peirce. Herbert H. (67). ex. Minister to Norway. Dec. Scoretary Democratic National Committee, March 27. Pemininton. Capt. Louis W. (82). Civil War veteran. Sept. Penpupacker, Major-Gen. Galusha. 29.
Pennybacker, Major-Gen, Galusha (72). U. S. Army, retired, Oct. 1.
Pennybacker, Samuel W. (73). ex-Governor of Pennsylvania. Sept. 2
Pennock. Stanley Bagg, noted pootball player, Nov. 27.

Perceval. Charles A. S. (45).
British Consul. April 2.
Perveil. Dr. Albert C. (42).
physician, May 31.
Peterkin. Rev. George W. (76).
Prot. Epis. Bishop of West
Virginia, Sept. 22.
Peters. William L. (S0). noted
violin maker. Jan. 22
Phillis. William E. (71).
forner N. Y. Police Commissioner. July 22.
Phillips. Albert C. (44). journalist. Feb. 7.
Phillips. William H. (85). editor
and historian, Aug. 26.
Picard. George (68). last survivor
of John Erown's famous raid.
April 22.
Firard. Prof. Charles (66). educator. March 4.
Picain. John (75). manufacturer. July 22.
Pittman, Thomas W. (S1). lawyer and journalist. March 22.
Plum. Matthias (77). merchant.
Feb. 14.
Follock, William, Nov. 1. yer and journalist, March 22,
Plum, Matthias (77), merchant,
Feb. 14,
Porleck, William, Nov. 1.
Porter, Linn L. (Albert Ross)
(65), author, Jnne 29,
Potter, Dr. Daniel C. (64),
Charities official, Aug. 18,
Powell, William, H. (50), art
dealer, May 15,
Pragnell, Sir George (53), manulacturer, Feb. 14,
Pratt, Silas G. (70), composer,
Oct. 31,
Price, Christopher (79), member
of the crew of the Monitor,
Sept. 28,
Prince, John Tilden (72), author, educator and lecturer,
Aug. 5.
Prince, Norman, American
aviator, Oct. 15,
Pritchard, Rear-Adm, Arthur J.
(80), U. S. Navy, retired,
Sept. 5,
Pryer, Charles (68), banker and
publisher, June S.
Oniphy Dr. George A. (84). Pryer, Charles too, publisher, June S. Oninby, Dr. George A. (84). Ounnoy, Dr. George A. (84).

Rabinowitz, Solomon ("Sholem Aleichem") (67). Yiddish humorist, May 13.

Ralston, Judge Robert (53).

In Judge Robert (53).

Ramsay Major William G. (50).

manutacturer, Sent. 28.

Ramsay Sir William (64). noted English chemist, July 23.

Ramsey Jr. Joseph (66). railroad official. July 7.

Ranger Henry Ward (58).

painter, Nov. 7.

Ranous, Mrs. Dora K. (41).

author and editor, Jan. (44).

author and editor, Jan. (44).

Rascovar, James (58). philanthropist, Sept. 26.

Rawson, Sidney F. (69). jurist, March 20.

Raymond, Rey. Dr. Bradford P. March 20.
Raymond, Rev. Dr. Bradford P. (69), educator, Feb. 27.
Raymond Col. Charles H. (82), insurance. Sent. 28.
Rea. Russell (70), shipowner. Feb. 37.
Read, William A. (57), banker. April 7.
Red. Florence, actress, Sept. 5.
Red. Dr. John O. (53), author of text books on physics, Jan. 22.
Reger. Dr. Max (46), German composer, May 12, Rehan, Ada (58), actress Jan. 8.
Revillon, Anatole (69), fur merchant, Jan. 22,

Rewey Elijah Munn (66), journalist, Jan. 14, Rexford Eben Eugene (68), author. Oct. 18, Ribot. Prof. Theodule A. (77), philosopher, Dec. 9, Richards, Lieut. Clarence A. (34) U. S. naval commander. Richards Lieuw. (34). I. May 26. I. May 26. Richard. (73), music consider. Hans (73), music consider. Dec. 6. White, Viscount (41), Feb. 15. Riesco, Jermain former President of Chile, Dec. 8. Riker. Joseph L. D. (73). Civil War veteran, June 23. (62). Riley, James Whitcomb (62). War veteran. June 23.
Riley, James Whitcomb (62),
poet. July 22.
Ringling, Al (63), veteran circus
manager, Jan. 1.
Rivera, Luis Munoz (57), Porto
Rican Commissioner to United
States, Nov. 15
Robinson, Charles L, F., manufacturer, July 6.
Robinson, John D. (84), banker,
May 19,
Robson, James A, (65), jurist, May 19. Robson. James A. (65), jurist. Feb. 1 Rock. William T. (62), movie pioneer, July 27. Feb. 1.

Rock. William T. (62). movie pioneer. July 27.

Rodman. Dr. William L. (58). President American Medical Association. March S.

Rogers. Col. Albert H. (78). former G. A. R. commander. March 7.

Rowlend. Miss Kate Mason. author. June 28.

Royce. Dr. Josiah (60). philosocher. Sept. 14.

Runk. George S. (58). capitalist. July 1.

Russell. Pastor Charles T. (64). Oct. 31.

Charles T. (64). Oct. 31.

Sachs. Dr. Theodore B. (47). physician. April 2.

Sadler. Jr. Adit. Gen. Wilbur F. (45). Nov. 11.

Safe, T. Shaw (58). philanthropist. Oct. 14.

Salvini. Tomaso (86). Italian tragedian. Jan. 1.

Sanborn. Lieut. Col. Washington I. (80). U. S. Army. retired. Feb. 4.

Sandwich. The Earl of (77). Feb. Feb. 4.
Sandwich. The Earl of (77).
Dsychic healer, June 26.
Sant. James (96). vainter,
July 12.
Sax. Julius (84). banker,
Scannell. Rt. Rev. Richard (71).
Bishop of Omaha, Jan. 7.
Schmitz. Prof. Bruno, architect,
April 27.
Schwider, Chayles, C. (72). April 27.
Schneider. Charles C. (72).
bridge constructor. Jan. 8
Schwab, John C. (50). Librarian
of Yale University, Jan. 12.
Schwarzschild. Prof. Karl (43).
Director Astro-Physical Observatory, May 13.
Scott. Col. Charles
(SS). Civil
War veteran, March 13.
Scott. William J. (76). manufacturer. Feb. 4.
Scott-Moncrieff. Sir Colin C.
(80). British authority on irrigation. April 6.
Scranton. William W. (72).
Dec. 3. Scott, Col. Charles (S5), Civil
War veteran, March 13.
Scott, William J. (76), manufacturer. Feb. 4.
Scott-Moncrieff. Sir Colin C. (80), British authority on irrigation, April 6.
Scranton, April 6.
Scranton, William W. (72), Dec. 3.
Seabury. Rev. Dr. William J. (79), Aug. 30.
Sears, Dr. Lorenzo (78), author, Feb. 29, Sowsmith, Charles (59), civil engineer, June 1, Sowsmith, Charles (59), civil engineer, June 1, Sowsmith, Charles (59), civil engineer, June 1, Sowsmith, Charles (59), civil engineer, June 1, Sowsmith, Charles (59), civil engineer, June 1, Sowsmith, Charles (59), civil engineer, June 1, Sowsmith, Charles (59), civil engineer, June 1, Sowsmith, Charles (59), civil engineer, June 1, Sowsmith, Charles (59), civil engineer, June 1, Sowsmith, Charles (59), civil engineer, June 1, Sowsmith, Charles (59), civil engineer, June 1, Sowsmith, Charles (59), civil engineer, June 1, Sowsmith, Charles (59), civil engineer, June 1, Sowsmith, Charles (59), civil engineer, June 1, Sowsmith, Charles (59), civil engineer, June 1, Sowsmith, Charles (59), civil engineer, June 1, Sowsmith, Charles (59), civil engineer, June 1, Sowsmith, Charles (59), civil engineer, June 1, Sowsmith, Charles (59), civil engineer, June 1, Sowsmith, Charles (59), civil engineer, June 1, Sowsmith, Charles (59), civil engineer, June 1, Sowsmith, Charles (59), civil engineer, June 1, Sowsmith, Charles (59), civil engineer, June 1, Sowsmith, Charles (59), civil engineer, June 1, Sowsmith, Charles (59), civil engineer, June 1, Sowsmith, Charles (59), civil engineer, June 1, Sowsmith, Charles (59), civil engineer, June 1, Sowsmith, Charles (59), civil engineer, June 1, Sowsmith, Charles (59), civil engineer, June 1, Sowsmith, Charles (59), civil engineer, June 1, Sowsmith, Charles (59), civil engineer, June 1, Sowsmith, Charles (59), civil engineer, June 1, Sowsmith, Charles (59), civil engineer, June 1, Sowsmith, Charles (59), civil engineer, June 1, Sowsmith, Charles (59), civil engineer, June 1, Sowsmith, Charles (59), civil engineer, June 1,

May 4. Rev. Dr. Samuel S. (77), Feb. 21. Rev. John M. (70), Bishop of Harrisburg. (77), Feb. 21, Samuel S.
Shanahan, Rt. Rev. John M.
(70). Bishop of Harrisburg, Feb. 19.
Shehan. John C. (67), former Police Commissioner of N. Y..
Shehan. John C. (67), former Police Commissioner of N. Y..
Shehan. John C. (67), former Police Commissioner of N. Y..
Shenan. Prof. William (26), exsecretary of National Educator. Sept. 19.
Shih-Kai Yuan (58), President of Chinese Republic June 6.
Shinas. Oliver P. (83), jurist, Jan. 7.
Shenator, March 14.
Sienkiewicz Henryk (71), Polish novelist, Nov. 15.
Sieper, Ernest (52), professor in the University of Munich, Jan. 7.
Sierichs, Henry (64), Feb. 8.
Silver, Prof. John Archer (52), educator, Feb. 5.
Simon. Dr. William (72), educator, July 19.
Simonds, Lewis C., journalist, Feb. 16.
Simpson, Sir Alexander R. (80) former dean of University of Edinburgh Abril 6
Simpson, William (80), pawn-broker, Dec. 7.
Skinner, Dr. Hubert N. (61). Edinburgh April o.
Simpson, William (80), pawnbroker, Dec. 7.
Skinner, Dr. Hubert N. (61),
educator, June 4.
Slicer, Rev. Thomas R. (69),
May 29.
Smalley, George W. (82), journalist, April 1.
Smith. Str Cecil Clementi (76),
British statesman, Feb. 6.
British statesman, Feb. 6.
Smith. Charles A. (55), former
Governor of South Carolina,
March 31. March 31.
Smith. Charles R. (61), banker and timber man. May 12.
Smith. Dewitt C. (55), financier and railroad man. March 30.
Smith. George Carson (61). railroad financier. May 30.
Smith. Harry W. (52), journalist. Nov. 4.
Smith. Major Henry B. (74), of the U. S. Secret Service. Smith, Major, the U. S. Secret Service U. S. Secret Service U. S. Secret Service U. Smith, Mrs. Minnie Colvin (46), religious worker and lecturer. June 3. Smith, Lieut. Col. Mortin F. (44), Commandan, at U. S. Military Academy, June 16, Smith, Nelson (87), N. Y. City, Feb. 28, Smith, Paul (31), automobiles, July 15, Smuts, Gen. Tobias, Smuts, Gen. Tobias, Smuts, Gen. Tobias, Smuts, Gen. Tobias, Livice U. Smuts, Gen. Tobias, Livice U. Smuts, Gen. Tobias, Successional African statesman, Aug. 12, African statesman, Aug. 12, Smuts, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen. Tobias, Gen.

Spencer. Capt. Frank (86), noted racing skipper, Feb. 20. Spiegel. Arthur H. (31). film official. April 7. Spiers. R. Phene. architect, Oct. 4. Splitdorf. Henry (82). inventor. Oct. 16. Sprague. Mrs. Nancy A. (78). philanthropist. March 28. Spring-Rice. Lieut. Gerald (52). of British Army. May 27. St. John. John Pierce (83). ex-Governor of Kansas, Aug. 31. Stanley. William (58), inventor, May 14. Scholens (William (58), inventor, May 14; Stanton, Frank Mod. (51), copper expert. Sept. 12; Starr, Col. George H. (76), lawyer and Civil War veteran, 12; 13. July 29. A. (70). April 10. techer. Mgr. A. (70). April 10. Physical Physics (55). Physical Physics (55). Stecher, Mgr. A. Stein, Dr. Richar sician, April 25. Stein, Dr. Richard (93), physician, April 25.
Stevens, Alexander banker, July 10.
Stevens, Frederick C. (64), except of Public Works, Stevens, John A. (72), playwight, June 2.
Stewart, A. M. (78), journalist, Jan. 12.
Stickney, Alpheus B. (76), railway founder, Aug. 9.
Stickney, Charles D. (58), lawger and banker, March 9.
Stiles, Mrs. Mary A. A. (62), writer, Nov. 28.
Story, Major-Gen, Joseuh G. (80) Civil War veteran, April 8. April 8. April 8, Strakosch, Carl (56), husband of the late Clara Louise Kellogg, Carl (1997), Josiah (69), April 28, Count (57), Austrian Prenier, Oct. 21, Sullivan, T. Russell (67), author. Sunce 28, Superit Labor H. (70) June 28.

Surratt, John H. (72), last of alleged conspirators in Lincoln assassination. April 21.

Suvdam Lambert (86), Jan, 18.

Swift Rt. Rev. Mgr. John J. (73), April 20.

Sylva, Carmen (72), poetess, March 2.

March 2.

Talcott, James (81) however. March 2 Talott, James (81), panes, Talott, James (81), panes, Aug. 21, Toliafero, Col. C. O. (69), Confederate veteran, March 2, Tatum, John C., cotton mer-chant, April 24, Taylor, Howard P. (78), dram-atist, July 7, Thatcher, Mahlon Daniel (76), banker, Feb. 22, Thayer, Bayard (54), sportsman, Nay 29, Nov 29, Thedenat, Abbe Henri (72), archaeologist Oct, 30, Theotokis, M. (60). Greek statesman, Ang. 27, Theotokis, G. Nje ex-Premier of Greece, Jan. 25, Thomas, Dr. Charles M. (67). Theotokis G. N., ex-Premier of Greece, Jan. 25.
Thomas, Dr., Charles M. (67). educator, Jan. 14.
Thompson, Rev. Ralph evangelist, June 12.
Thompson, Silvanus P. (65). electrical engineer, June 13.
Thornton, William T. (72). ex-Territorial Governor of New Mexico, March 18.
Thrall, Major W. R. (86). Civil War veteran, May 23.
Thundercloud, Chief (59). army scout, March 12.

### DEATH ROLL OF 1916-Continued.

Thurston, John M. (69), ex-U. S. Senator, Aug. 9.
Tiffany, Dr. Louis McLane (72), educator, Oct. 23.
Tifftt. Dr. Edwin B., physician. Tifft, Dr. Edwin B., Bash Tifft, Dr. Aug. 6.
Timlin, William H. (64), jurist, Aug. 21.
Tims, Oliver (74), former Police official, April 25.
Toomey, Daniel F. (54), publisher, April 25.
Tosti, Sir Francesco, P. (69), composer, Dec. 3.
Toulmin, Harry T. (78), jurist, V. V. V. Toulmin, Harry T. (78), Jurist, Nov. 12. Townsend, Dr. Emma A. W. (51), Sept. 13. (51). Sept. 13.
Trainor, James, former hotel proprietor, Jan. 30.
Travis, William D. T. (77).
painter, July 24.
Triana. Santiago Perez, Nicaraguan statesman, May 24.
Tribble, Samuel J. (48). Congressman, Dec 8.
Trowbridge, John Townsend (89).
author. Feb. 12.
Trumbull. Levi R. (84). journalist. Oct. 23.
Truman. Major Ben C. (80).
journalist. July 18.
journalist. July 17.
Sept. 2.
Turner, Albert (72), publisher.
Sept. 2.
Turner, Rt. Hon. Sir George Sent. 2.
Turner. Rt. Hon. Sir George
(65). English statesmau,
Aug. 13.
Turner. Sir William (83). sursgeon. Feb. 15.
Underwood. Rev. Horace G.
(57). Corean educator, Oct. 12.
Valentine. Robert G. (44). labor
arbiter. Nov. 14.
Valentine. Samuel H., lawyer.
Sept. 15. zrbiter, Nov. 47.
Valentine, Samuel H., lawyer,
Sept. 15.
Van, Willam ("Billy") (52),
minstrel, July 11.
Van Cleef, John Schenck (75),
manufacturer, Sept. 28.
Vanderhilt, Joseph L. (95),
Feb. 20.
Vandiver, Murray C. (71), former Vanderhilt, Joseph L. (95). Feb. 20.
Vandiver, Murray C. (71), former N Y, State official, May 23.
Van Den Berg, Yzaak (60), railroad official, Anril 19.
Van Horn, Col. Robert T. (91), ionrnalist, Jan. 3.
Varian, Mrs. Henry, Nov. 17.
Viele Brig. Gen. Charles D. (76). U. S. Army, rethred. Oct. 6.
Vincent, Frank (68), author, June 19.
Vogrich, Max (64), composer and pianist, June 10.
Volpe, Gardinal Francis D. (71).
Nov. 5.
Von der, Golz, Baron Kolmar (72), German Field Marshal, April 19.
Von Ebner-Eschenbach Baroness Maria (86), Austrian authoress, March 14.

Jan. 1. Figures compiled at Washington showed that from the dued a compulsory service bill in the states of America should beginning of the war up to Aug. 1, 1915, the allies lost 71 warships of 2019, 1900 tons and the central powers lost 89 ships of 262,000 tons. Jan. 4. Lord Derby's report of 13an. 4. Lord Derby's report of his enlistment campaign showed that 1,500,000 single men and 1,679,253 married men volunteered. Jan. 6. Nancy, France, bomlatic warships of 262,001 tons. 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916, 1916

Von Ilberg, Dr. Frederick W. K., physician, July 9. Von Molike, Lieut, -Gen, Count Helmuth (66) German Army officer, June 18. Von Pohl, Admiral Hugo (60), German naval commander. Von Podbielski, Gen. (71), German st. Jan. 25. Viktor statesman.

Jan. 25. on Schrader, Col. Frederick (65), U. S. Army, retired. Von (65).

(65), U. S. Army, retired, April 7. Theodore (69), railroad official, March 12. Vreeland, Rear-Adm, Charles E. (54), U. S. Navy, retired, Sept. 27. Wagemann, Ruddiph (60), journalist, March 27. Qct. 25. (83) as-Wakeley Charles C. (83) as-

Wait, William B. (7'1), ecaceauor, Oct, 25.
Wakeley, Charles C. (83), astronomer, Feb. 4.
Walker, Rear-Adm. Asa (70%, U. S. Navy, retired, March 7.
Walker, William H. (66), former, N. Y. City official, May 15.
Wallace, Sir William (60), British statesman, July 11.
Ward, Wilfred P. (60), author, Abritle

Ward, Wilfred P. (60), author, April 9.
Ward Rev. Dr. William H. (81), editor and author. Aug. 28.
Warner, Major William (76), former U. S. Senator. Oct. 4.
Washington, Col. George (83), Oivil War veteran, Nov. 28.
Waters, Rev. Dr. Nacy McGee (49), pastor and author. May 12.
Waugh, W. L. ("Fat") (56), telegrapher, July 20.
Webb, Alexander R. (70), former U. S. Consul at Manila, Oct. 2.
Webster, Charles B. (69), former

Oct. 2
Webster, Charles B. (69), former head of R. H. Macy & Co., March 16
Webster, Francis Scientist, Jan. 3.
Webster, Jean (Mrs. Glenn Ford McKinney (39), author, June 11, Webster, Dr. J. B. (80), Aug. 9.
Wellington, Dr. James L. (98), Harvard's oldest graduate, Feb. 11, Wells, Webster (65), educator, May 23.

Feb. 11
Wells, Webster (65), educator,
May 23
Werner, Judge William E. (60),
jurist, March 1.
Wetherbee, Gardner (82), hotel
dean, March 24
Whitpple, Amos (59), hotel proprietor, Jan. 22.
Whitpple, Leander E. (67), metabhysician, May 25.
Whitaker, Rev. Dr. Epher (96),
writer and historian, Sept. 1.
Whitcomb, G. Henry (74), capitalist, Feb. 13.
White, Sir George (62), Nov. 22.

RECORD OF EVENTS IN 1916.

White, Horace (82), journalist, Sept. 16. White, Dr. J. William (65), sur-geon and author. April 24. White Dr. James C. (82).

Jan. 6, Whittemore, Don Juan (76), authority on bridge and tunnel building, July 17, Whittemore, Brig.-Gen. James M (80), U. S, Army, retired, Sept. 6.

Sept. 6.
Whittemore, Richard B. (78),
Governor of the N. Y. Stock
Exchange, April 11.
Wilberforce, D. D., Venerable
Albert B. O. (75), Archdeacon
of Westminster, May 13,
Wilcox, Willis H. (75), banker,
Sept. 13.
Wilford, Edward M. (40), of The

Sept. 10. General March M. (40). of The New York World, July 4. Williams, Richard P. (50). glass importer. July 7. Williams, Stephen K. (97). lawyer, March 29. Wilson, Bishop Alpheus W. (82). Nov. 21.

Nov. 21.
Wilson, Sir Charles Rivers (85).
financier, Feb. 9.
Wilson, Rev. Epiphanius (72).
author, May 16.
Wilson, Robert Burns (64). artist
and poet. March 31.
Wilson, W. Bent (62). journalist.
June 1.
Winchell, J. Rice (85). Customs

June 1.

Winchell, J. Rice (85), Customs official, Sept. 14.
Wing, L. Stuart (51), chemical merchant, March 1.

Winthrop, Exerton L. (76), Lawyer and banker, April 6.

Wolf, Henry (63), master of wood engraving, March 18, Wolffram, Charles B. (68), journalist, April 3.

Woodruff, Henry (46), actor, Oct. 6.

nalist, April 3.

Woodruff, Henry (46), actor,
Oct. 6.

Woods, Dr., Matthew (67), epilensy specialist, Oct. 13.

Woodward, Dr. J. H. (58), ophthalmologist, July 2.

Wyatt, Dr. Francis (61), chemist, Feb. 27.

Wyndham, Lady, wife of the
noted actor, Jan. 12.

Yost. Col., Robert M. (59), editor and educator, Feb. 21.

Young, Le Roi De Corsa (35),
journalist, Jan. 276), veteran
ball-player, Oct. 31.

Young, Col. William J. (54), exFederal Prosecutor, April 27.

Younger, Cole (72), former famous outlaw, March 21.
Zabriskie, Andrew C. (63), realty
owner, Sept. 15.

Zell, Edward M. (36), U. S.
Army officer, March 16.

Zimmerman, Lieut, Charles A.

(54) Jan. 16.

justice of the American protest tagainst the selzure by a French country. Excess of exports over against the selzure by a French country. Excess of exports over Germany would keep her promises of the country. States of exports over Germany would keep her promises and the country of the greatest in the history of the Germany would keep her promises the country. States of exports over Germany would keep her promises the country. States represent large over 2.000,000 trade unionists met at Bristol, England; pledged to the United States States in the history of the Germany would keep her promises to the control of the waring unionists white the United States States in the history of the Germany would keep her promises to the United States respecting to the United States States in the history of the Germany would keep her promises to the United States respecting to the United States represent in the proposed conscription. Jan. 77. The State Department of the Constitution providing equal and vocating defense legislation. The British ordered advocating defense legislation. The United States State Department of the Constitution providing equal and vocating defense legislation. The British ordered and the United States State Department of the Constitution providing equal and the United States State Department of the United States States States and the United States States are the United States States and the United States States and the United States States for the United States States and the United States States and to the United States States are proved to the United States States are proved to the United States States are proved to the United States States and the United States States. The British Country was and the United States States States are proved to the United States States. The United States States States are proved to the United States States. The United States States States are proved to the United States States. The United States States arepresent to the United States States. The United States States St

American note on the Frye cast that vessels was obtained to make the contraction of war and in a manner that passengers and rew could safely reach port.

9. British and French forces withorkey from the fallipol Peninsula.

7. The British battleshing assent. The contraction of the strike of the contraction of the strike of the contraction of the strike states subspeeme Court. Thresident Wilson left for a speech state state subspeeme Court. President Wilson left for a speech state state subspeeme Court. President Wilson left for a speech state state subspeeme Court. President Wilson left for a speech state state subspeeme Court. President Wilson left for a speech state state subspeeme Court. President Wilson left for a speech state state subspeeme Court. President Wilson left for a speech state state subspeeme Court. President Wilson left for a speech state state subspeeme Court. President Wilson left for a speech state state subspeeme Court. President Wilson left for a speech state state subspeed to the state state subspect for the state state subspect for standard transpect for standard transpect for state state subspect for state sta

March 1. Austro-German classileatined to a runed enemy merchantmen as warships became effective.
March 2. The Germans renewal
their assault on Verdun
March 3. The U. S. Senate
tabled the Gore resolution that
out a rice or warning of an armed
merchant vessel of her public
merchant vessel of her public
merchant vessel of her public
renew, resulting in the death of a
citizen of the United States, would
constitute a just and sufficient
states and the German Empire.
March 4. The Liberal and conservative Parties in Panama resquested the United States to supervise the Presidential election in
July.

March 4. A bill for enlarging in
March 15. The Duited States
March 27. The allies held a war
men sustained in the United
States and the German Empire.
March 5. The Duited States millwar between Holland and the United
States Senate the yellocking in the March 15. The United States
States, maintaining that the sescurled war between deep and conservative Parties in Panama reentered Mexico under Brig.-Gen
July.

March 15. The United States
March 28. Great Britain replied
to the American protest against
the seizure of securities were merchandise from
States Senate the yellocking the march and marmy was introduced in the United
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States Senate to yellocking the service of the properties were merchandise from
army was introduced in the United
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Committee on Military Af-

creasing the army was introduced in the United States House of Representatives.

March 16. The United States House of Representatives.

March 16. The United States House of Representatives.

March 18. The Army Reorganism of David R. Francis as Ambassador to Chile.

March 18. The Army Reorganism of David R. Francis as Ambassador to Chile.

March 7. The World exposed the "Wisconsin Idea" of Influencing the Republican National Convention in the German interest. Feature 10. It was reported that the Wisconsin Idea" of Influencing killed by Turks at Manakathun interest. Feature 10. It was reported that the German interest. Feature 10. Thomas Taggart was nossessitated United Chile Constraints. March 7. The World exposed the "Wisconsin Idea" of influencing the Republican National Convertion in the German interest. Factorial that the Convertion in the German interest. Factorial that the German interest is a decided in the explaint that the German interest is a decided in the captaint that the German is a specific property of the Conversion of the Village of Vaux in March 20. Thomas Taggart was appointed United States Season of the Village of Vaux in the German is the Government of States Season of the Village of Vaux in the Government of States Season of the Village of Vaux in the Government of States Season of the Village of Vaux in the Government of States Season of the Village of Vaux in Amarch 20. The United States Season of the Village of Vaux in the Government of Varian Japan, succeeding the Government of Varian Japan, succeeding Lieut-Gen. Uka. March 20. The United States House of Representatives rejected an amendment calling for a regular arm of 220,000 men instead of the Government armorphism of the Government armorphism of the Government of the Government of the Government of the Government of the Government of the Government of the Government of the Government of the Government of the Government of the Government of the Government of the Government of the Government of the Government of the Government of the Government of the Government of the Government of the Government of the Government of the Government of the Government of the Government of the Government of the Government of the Government of the Government of the Government of the Government of the Government of the Government of the Government of the Government of the Government of the Government of the Government of the Government of the Government of the Government of the Government of the Government of the Government of the Government of the Government of the Government of the Government of the Government of the Government of the Government of the Government of the Government of the Government of the Government of the Government o

the Russian armies on the northern front.

Feb. 27. The French auxillary generate Provence, converted transtalantic liner, was sunk in the Mediterranean with great loss of life.

Feb. 28. The United States Senate ratified the treaty establishing as financial and police protectoral plane at a height of 13,000 feet.

March 13. W. C. Robinson, holder of American long-distance driving records, was killed at Grinstein.

March 13. The United States Senate ratified the driving records, was killed at Grinstein.

Feb. 28. The United States Senate ratified the treaty establishing as a height of 13,000 feet.

March 13. The United States was killed at Grinstein of the post-office Bill (S21,000,000).

March 13. The United States was killed at Grinstein of the post-office Bill (S21,000,000).

March 13. The United States was killed at the prevention of the processing pers, was struck by a mine or torsellation.

March 13. The United States was killed at Grinstein of the post-office Bill (S21,000,000).

March 13. The United States contained the interpolation of the Carranza to enter American teristic and american Court of Justice for the unopposed extrance intringement of rights through neutral to the united States.

March 26. Costa Rica brough the United States.

March 27. Secretary Lansing's plan for proposed extrance into from the unopposed extrance intringement of rights through neutral to the united States.

March 26. Costa Rica brough the United States.

March 27. Secretary Lansing's plan for proposed extrance into from the united States.

March 12. The Pulled States Constant of the Carranza to enter American teristic and provided prohibition.

March 13. Manitoba, Canada.

March 26. Costa Rica brough the United States.

March 27. Secretary Lansing and secretary Lansing and the camp of the destruction of the Carranza to the provided prohibition.

March 13. Manitoba, Canada.

March 26. Costa Rica Brough the United States.

March 27. Secretary Lansing and the provided prohibition.

March 18. The United States Constant of the

army.

March 5. Spanish passenger House of Representatives repealed the provision of the United States March 16. The United States March 16. The United States March 16. The United States March 16. The United States March 16. The United States March 16. The United States March 16. The United States March 16. The United States March 16. The United States March 16. The United States March 16. The United States March 16. The United States March 16. The United States March 16. The United States March 16. The United States March 16. The United States March 16. The United States March 16. The United States March 16. The United States March 16. The United States March 16. The United States March 16. The United States March 16. The United States March 16. The United States March 16. The United States March 16. The United States March 16. The United States March 16. The United States March 16. The United States March 16. The United States March 16. The United States March 16. The United States March 16. The United States March 16. The United States March 16. The United States March 16. The United States March 16. The United States March 16. The United States March 16. The United States March 16. The United States March 16. The United States March 16. The United States March 16. The United States March 16. The United States March 16. The United States March 16. The United States March 16. The United States March 16. The United States March 16. The United States March 16. The United States March 16. The United States March 16. The United States March 16. The United States March 16. The United States March 16. The United States March 16. The United States March 16. The United States March 16. The United States March 16. The United States March 16. The United States March 16. The United States March 16. The United States March 16. The United States March 16. The United States March 16. The United States March 16. The United States March 16. The United States March 16. The United States March 16. The United States March 16. The Unit

in Italian ports.

March 1. Austro-German classi-fication of armed enemy merchantmen as warships became effective.

March 2. The Germans renewed their assault on Verdun

March 14. Manitoba, Canada, March 27. Secretary Lansing announced that the Turkish Government as warships became effective, and Portugal.

March 2. The Germans renewed their assault on Verdun

warch 29. In a wreck on the New York Central Rallroad at Amherst, Ohio, 26 persons were killed, March 29. United States cavalry, under Col. Dodd, were engaged in a fight with Villa troops at San Geronimo, Guerrero, Mexico.

March 29. Gen. Chouvalev became Minister of War in Russiaucceding Gen. Pollvanov.

March 30. The United States House of Representatives passed the Burnett immigration bill.

March 30. The Russian hospital ship Portugal was sunk by a submarine.

April 10. Five members of the for lessening inconvenience to members and the provided a resolution post-in force.

April 11. The United States effectiveness of the measures then a April 11. The United States effectiveness of the measures then a second of sugar to the free list, as blood for Co. The Board of Education and the Pariff Law of 1913, wote of 19 to 17, declared assists scholz and Paul Dacehe convicted over creatisted by the people; two little states of the City of New York, by a United States cavarizement and the provided in the Tariff Law of 1913, wote of 19 to 17, declared assists scholz and Paul Dacehe convicted over creatisted by the people; two little states of the City of New York, by a May 8. Note of 19 to 17, declared assists scholz and Paul Dacehe convicted over creatisted by the people; two little states over the provided in the Tariff Law of 1913, wote of 19 to 17, declared assists scholz and Paul Dacehe convicted over creatisted by the people; two little states over the provided in the City of New York, by a May 8. The United States States over the provided in the City of New York, by a May 8. The United States States over the provided in the City of New York, by a May 8. The United States States over the provided in the City of New York, by a May 8. The United States States over the provided of New York, by a May 8. The United States States over the City of New York, by a May 8. The United States States over the New Harden of New York, by a May 8. The United States States over the New Harden of New York, by a May 8. The United States States over the New Harden of New York, by a May 8. The United States House of Representatives prefered in the United States House of Representatives prefered in the United States House of Representatives prefered Grand Jury for conspiracy of Representatives prefered Grand Jury for conspiracy of Representatives prefered Grand Jury for conspiracy of Representatives prefered Grand Jury for conspiracy of Representatives prefered Grand Jury for conspiracy of Repr

coast.

April 25. The reply of Great May 5. The text of the note of lease them and expressing regret. Britain and France to the American He German Government in reply may 13. Citizens' Preparedness protest against allied interference to the American note in respect to Way 13. Citizens' Preparedness rotes against allied interference to the American note in respect to Parade in New York City. With neutral trade was made publishmarine warfare was made public. The reply upheld the legality lic.

In the methods of the Entente allies, but announced readiness to iselles. France, connecting the was demanded by the Government consider favorably any proposal Rhone with the sea was opened at Washington.

May 14. The preliminary trial of Sir Roger Casement for high treason was begun in Londou.

May 15. United States marines entered Santo Domingo to guarantee the free election of a proposition in fortifying the Aland Visional Tesident to succeed Gen. Juan I. Jimenez, resigned.

May 15. The British Foreign Office announced that the tension between proximately \$43,000,000, which is succeed the states marines of the Entertie Aland States to the Entertie Aland States announced that the difference ment demanded the withdrawal of been removed.

May 15. The British Foreign Office announced that the difference ment demanded the withdrawal of States to the Carranza Governous from May 15. Gov. Wiltman signed five preparedness measures, in Bill, providing a large measure of cluding bills providing for compulsory physical and missing statices of the United States to the United States to the United States to the United States to the United States to the United States to the United States to the United States to the United States to the United States to the United States to the United States to the United States to the United States to the United States to the United States to the United States to the United States to the United States to the United States to the United States to the United States to the United States to the United States to the United States to the United States to the United States to the United States to the United States to the United States to the United States to the United States to the United States to the United States to the United States to the United States to the United States to the United States to the United States to the United States to the United States to the United States to the United States to the United States to the United States to the United States to the United States to the United States to the United States to the United States to the United States to the United States to the United States to the United States to the United States to the United States to the United States to the U may 15. After seving 15 months as a member of the Federal Trails of New York between the days at members of the Federal Train of Registration of George Rubles was elected by the May 15. After sevent to the ages of 18 and 45.

May 16. The House of Representatives the Navai the House of Representatives passed the Porto Rican May 23. The House of Representatives proposed the House of Representatives passed the House of Representatives the Navai House of Representatives the Navai House of Representatives the Navai House of Representatives the Navai House of Representatives the Navai House of Representatives the Navai House of Representatives the Navai House of Representatives the Navai House of Representatives the Navai House of Representatives the Navai House of Representatives the Navai House of Representatives the Navai House of Representatives the Navai House of Representatives the House of Representatives the Navai the House of Representatives passed the House of Representatives from May 23. The House of Representatives passed the House of Representatives from May 23. The House of Representatives passed the Porto Representatives passed the House of Representatives passed the House of Representatives passed the House of Representatives passed the House of Representatives passed the Porto Representatives passed the Porto Representatives passed the House of Representatives passed the Porto Representatives passed the House of Representatives passed the House of Representatives passed the Porto Representatives passed the Porto Representatives and the House of Representatives passed the House of Representatives passed the House of Representatives passed the Porto Representatives and the House of Representatives for passed to 50.

May 15. Gov. May 21. The Rustian House of Conformation of United States Senate In both Houses of United States House of United States House of United States House of United States Hou

war vessels.

May 16, Secretary of State May 25. All meat supplies in Lansing made public his note of Germany ordered placed at the March 2 to the German Ambassa disposal of the Imperial Meat Budor in which the State Department reau.

don, was held for trial on the charge of high treason.

May 17. The Santo Domingo Chamber of Deputies elected Frederler of Henriquez Carvajal Provisional President.

May 18. The German Ambassafor at Washington Instructed all German Consuls in the United States to warn German citizens to obey American laws.

May 18. President Wilson, through the State Department, instructed Ambassador Page in London to make effort to obtain delay in the execution of Jeremlah C. Lynch, naturalized American, implicated in the Irish revolt.

the

don, was held for trial on the charge of high treason. May 17. The Santo Doming Chamber of Deputies elected Frederic Henriquez Carvajal Provisional President. May 28. Secretary of War Bakery announced that the 116 Treason of The United States Supreme Court May 18. The German Ambassador at Washington Instructed all present the United States to warn nonsular in the United States to warn lord the United States to warn lord the United States to warn lord the United States to warn lord the United States to warn lord the United States to warn lord the United States to warn lord the United States to warn lord the United States to warn lord the United States to warn lord the United States to warn lord the United States to warn lord the United States to warn lord the United States to warn lord the United States to warn lord the United States to warn lord the United States Senting Way 26. The United States Sent land the Vary 26. The United States Sent land to present the Wilson must be proved an amendment to the United States to warn lord the United States Sent land the United States States of the United States States of the United States States of United States Institute of the United States States of the United States States of United States Institute of the United States States of United States Institute of the United States States of United States Institute of the United States States of United States Institute of the United States States of United States Institute of the United States States of United States Institute of the United States States of United States Institute of the United States States of United States Institute of the United States States of United States Institute of the United States States of United States Institute of the United States States of United States Institute of the United States States of United States Institute of the United States States of United States Institute of the United States States of United States Institute of United States Institute of United States Institute of United Sta

restore order.

June 1. The United States Senate passed the House bill providing for reclamation by the Government of 2,300,000 acres of Oregon land granted the Oregon and California

March 2 to the German Ambassadisposal of the Imperial Meat Butgers of Oregon land dorn which the States Department refused to accept the contention of the German Embassy that the THE WORLD carried from New Jork an asylum ln an American port of the States to Mashington; time, 3 hours that placed an embargo on the export of macaroni.

May 17. Sir Roger Casement, May 25. The British Military Service Bill, calling to the colors all males between the ages of 18 and 41 in Great Britain (Ireland on, was held for trial on the charge of high treason.

May 17. The Santo Domingo of high treason.

May 18. The German Ambassadic at Washington interview and the order of President Wilson must on order of President Wilson must of a the United States to warn German ettizent to at approved an amendment to seat a Associate Justice of the Corps and California caranted the Oregon and California caranted the Oregon and California caranted the Oregon and California caranted the Oregon and California caranted the Oregon and California caranted the Oregon and California caranted the Oregon and California caranted the Oregon and California caranted the Oregon and California caranted the Oregon and California caranted the Oregon and California caranted the Oregon and California caranted the Oregon and California caranted the Oregon and California caranted the Oregon and California caranted the Oregon and California caranted the Oregon and California caranted the Oregon and California caranted the Oregon and California caranted the Oregon and California caranted the Oregon and California caranted the Oregon and California caranted the Oregon and California caranted the Oregon and California caranted the Oregon and California caranted the Oregon and California caranted the Oregon and California caranted the Oregon and California caranted the Oregon and California caranted the Oregon and California caranted the Oregon and California caranted the Oregon and California caranted the Oregon and California caranted the Oregon and California caran

June 8. One dead, eleven injured in a crash on the Third Avenue Elevated Road, New York.

June 8. The Imperial Appeal

June 8. The Imperial Appeal Court at Leipzig rendered a verdict In which it held Germany actually, though not formally, at war with Italy.

June 8. The steamship Institute-pesca left Montevldeo, Uruguay, to rescue the twenty-two members of Shackleton expedition were left on Elephant Island.

June 9. United States Customs June 9. United States Customs Inspectors at the International Bridge at El Paso received instructions to permit no Americans to enter Mexico at that point until further notice.

June 9. The provinces of Szechuen, Hunan, Che-kiang and Shensi rescinded their declaration of independence and reasserted their loyalty to the Peking Government.

June 10. Charles Evans Hughes and Charles Warren Fairbanks nominated for President and Vicenominated for President and Vice-President, respectively, by the Re-publican National Convention. Mr. Hughes resigned as Associate Jus-tice of the United States Suprene Court and accepted the nomina-tion. Theodore Roosevelt and John M. Parker nominated for President and Vice-President, re-spectively, by the Progressive Na-tional Convention, Mr. Roosevelt declined conditionally

tional Convention. Mr. Rooseveit declined conditionally.

June 10. The British cruiser Hampshire, on which Field Marshal Earl Kitchener and members of his staff were lost, was sunk as the result of striking a mine, it was officially apponented. officially announced.

June 11. The Italian Cablnet headed by Premier Salandra re-The Italian Cablnet

June 12. Hipolito Irigoyen was chosen President of the Argentine Republic by the Electoral College, Pelagia Luna was chosen for the Vice-Presidency.

June 14. The Yellow Fever Com-mission, constituted by the Interna-tional Health Board of the Rockefeller Foundation, embarked for a trip to various points in South America to study yellow fever.

June 14. The steamer Bear with 100 passengers and a crew or 82 men from Portland, Ore., for San Francisco went ashore on Sugar

Francisco went ashore on Sugar Loaf, Cape Mendocino. June 15. Troops I and M, Four-teenth United States Cavalry, were attacked at San Ignacio by Mexicans.

June 15. President Wilson signed a bill incorporating the organiza-tion known as the Boy Scouts of America.

June 15. Woodrow Wilson and Thomas R. Marshall nominated by the Democratic National Convention for President and Vice-Presi-

dent, respectively.

June 16. The Army Approprition Bill carrying \$157,123,099 was
reported in the United States
House of Representatives from the

House of Representatives from the Military Committee.
June 16. Dr. Lauro Miller, Brazilian Foreign Minister, accepted the invitation of the American and Fortuguese Governments to act as principal arbitrator in any differences that might eventually arise between the United States and Portugal.

June 16. The French Chamber of Deputies entered upon the first secret session to be held under the Third Republic.

June 16. Gen. Jacinto Trevino, commanding the Carranza Army of the North, advised Gen. J. J. Pershing, American expeditionary commander, that any movement of American troops from their present line to the south east or west would line to the south, east or west would be considered a hostile act and a

signal to commence warfare,
June 17. The United States
House of Representatives passed
the Pension Appropriation Bill,

\$158,000,000.

June 17. Several American Consuls in Mexico leave their posts and return to the United States.

June 17. Representatives of the

June 17. Representatives of Entente allies concluded economic conference at Paris.

June 17. American troops again enter Mexico. The Carraiza Con-sul at Brownsville, Tax., Gen Alfredo Ricaut, issued an ultimatum to United States Gen James Parker that unless the troops were with-drawn an attack would be made upon them by Carranza troops.

June 18. President Wilson called it the organized militia of fortyout the organized militia of forty-five States and the District of Co-lumbia for service on the Mexican border, the National Guard of Texas, Arizona and New Mexico already being in service.

June 20. The Department of State at Washington replied to the Mexican note delivered May 22 on the subject of the presence of Amerlcan troops in Mexico.

The United States June 20. June 20. The Officer States
House of Representatives adopted
a resolution finding H. Snowden
Marshall, United States Attorney
at New York, in contempt of that

body. June 21. American and Carranza

June 21. American and Carranza troops fought a battle on the Santo Domingo ranch near the Mexican town of Carrizal.

June 21. The Skouloudis Cabinet, Greece, resigned. The retiring Premier declared the resignation was not due to pressure by

nation was not due to the the Entente powers.

June 21. The United States
House of Representatives rejected
the amendment providing that the aerial appropriation be advanced from the \$1,775,000 recommended to \$14,552,900. The original appropriation was increased by

\$2,000,000. June 22 June 22. The Fortification Appropriation Bill was passed by the United States House of Representatives.

June 22. The French Government was given a vote of confidence by 440 to 97 by the Chamber of Deputles. June 22.

June 22. Reports received in London of a serious uprising against the Turks in Arabia and the capture of the rebels of the holy city of Mecca.

June 22. Mexican Gen. Jacinto Trevino, commander of the Military district of the Northeast, announced that any time and at any place the American troops moved other than toward the border he would comply to the letter with his superior's orders, and attack them as Gen. Felix Gomez did at Carrisal.

a memorandum, dated June 21, to the diplomatic representatives of South and Central American nations announcing that in the event of war with Mexico the purpose of the United States would be to defend itself against further in-vasion and not intervene in Mexican affairs.

June 22. The Fortifications Bill, carrying appropriations and authorizations of \$35,875,123 for coast defences and field artillery, was passed by the United States House of Representatives.

June 23 Wheat dropped below the dollar mark for the first time since the 1914 war boom. July closed at 99%.

June 23 A resolution appropriating \$1,000,000 to provide relief for National guardsmen, whose families might sufer through absence of the supporting member at the border was unanimously passed the border, was unanimously passed by the House.

June 24. The Mexican de facto Government delivered a note to the State Department at Washington bearing upon the Carrizal encounter.

June 24. The Corn Products Refining Company was ordered dissolved as a trust operating in restraint of trade

June 25. The United Government sent to the Mexican de facto Government a demand for the immediate release of the prisoners taken in the encounter at Carrizal, together with any prop-erty, and an early statement as to its Intentions.

June 26. Secretary of State Lansing made public the text of the resolutions adopted by representatives of the Entente allies in the economic conference in Paris.

June 26. The United States
House of Representatives passed
the largest army budget in States

States army subget in 182 000-\$182,000,history, approximately

June 26. Sir Roger Casement went on trial for high treason in the Lord Chief Justice's court,

London. June 26. The United States Senate passed in amended form the Hay resolution to draft the National Guard. A compromise amendment, providing for relief of guardsmen's families and also for the exemption of such as might be held to be the indispensable support of dependent families or kin, was

June 26. The Progressive National Committee voted to adopt a recommendation from Theodore Roosevelt that the Progressive Party indorse Charles E. Hughes for President.

June 27. Official announcement was made that the Duke of Connaught would be succeeded as Governor General of Canada by the Duke of Devonshire.

June 27. King Constantine signed the decree for the general demobilization of the Greek army to comply with the demands of the Entente allies.

June 28. Secretary of State Lansing made public the rejoinder of the United States to the note of the Austro-Hungariau Government defending the submarine attack on the American steamer Petrolite on December 5, 1915. June 28. Dr. Karl Liebknecht the Socialist leader, was sentenced in Berlin to thirty months' penal servitude and dismissal from the army for attempted high treason, gross Insubordination, and resistance to the authorities.

June 29. The United States Senate adopted a resolution em-powering the President to draft militiamen into Federal service.

June 29 Roger Casement was found guilty by a jury and sen-tenced by Viscount Reading, Lord Chief Justice of England, to be

Office Appropriation Bill, carrying \$322,000,000, was passed by the United States Senate.

June 29. The United States Senate Naval Committee agreed unanimously to amendments to the Mayal bill providing for construc-tion of four dreadnoughts and four battle cruisers in 1917, and com-pletion in three years of the \$500,—

pletion in three years of the \$500,000,000 building pregramme urged by the Navy General Board. June 30. President Wilson delivered a speech to the New York Press Club stating his attitude with regard to war with Mexico. June 30. LI Yuan Hung, the President of the Chinese Republic. announced the formation of a compromise Cablust.

June 30. The United States Senate passed the Fortifications Appropriation Bill with an increase of \$19,000,000 over the bill of the previous year. The total carried by the bill was \$25,700,000.

June 30. The Naval Appropria-tion Bill was reported to the Senate with recommendations for t appropriation of \$315,826,843.55.

June 30. The Russian Duma passed the bill permanently pro-hibiting the sale of drink containing more than one and one-half per cent. of alcohol.

June 30. Capt Hans Tauscher, retired German army officer, was found not guilty of conspiring with Capt, von Papen and others to destroy the Welland Canal in ylolation of the neutrality laws of the Italiad States have a lary in the Italiad States have a lary in the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the States of the Sta the United States by a jury in the Federal District Court.

June 30. The new Italian Ministry called to the colors the classes of 1882 to 1895 and the third categories of the classes of 1882 and 1883

June 30. Gov Whitman attended the ceremonies held in connection with the completion of the largest

with the completion of the largest lift lock in the world at Little Falls, N. Y.

June 30. The Naval Appropriation Bill was reported to the United States Senate with recommendations for the appropriation of 5315,526,843 55, being \$45,530,588.81 greater than the aggregate earried by the bill as passed by the House on June 2.

Lily J. The ellies officially

July 1. The allies officially raised the blockade of Greece. July 1. The Hay resolution, ap-propriating \$2,000,000 for the repropriating \$2,000,000 for the re-lief of dependent wives, children and [mothers of married militia-men was passed by the United States House of Representatives by a vote of 296 to 2 July 2. The Russlan Duma adopted a bill according to peas-ants full civil rights.

July 3 President Wilson signed the Hay resolution to provide for bringing members of the National Guard into the regular army ser-

July 6. David Lloyd George was appointed Secretary for War in

appointed Secretary for war in Great Britain. Mass Mott Osborne. was reinstated as Warden of Sing Sing Prison. A Russo-Japanese con-vention, aiming to preserve Far Pastern peace, was signed at Petro-

grad.

July 6. The complete details of Lloyd George's scheme for provi-sional home rule for Ircland were

sional home rule for Ircland were published.

July 7. President Wilson sent a note to the de facto Government of Mexico in answer to the friendly and conciliatory communication received from the latter Government on July 4, suggesting direct negotiations for the settlement of the Mexical court of the Mexical court of the settlement of the Mexical court of the settlement of the Mexical court of the settlement of the Mexical court of the settlement of the Mexical court of the Mexical court of the settlement of the Mexical court of the settlement of the Mexical court of the settlement of the Mexical court of the settlement of the Mexical court of the settlement of the Mexical court of the settlement of the Mexical court of the settlement of the Mexical court of the settlement of the Mexical Court of the settlement of the Mexical Court of the settlement of the Mexical Court of the settlement of the Mexical Court of the settlement of the Mexical Court of the settlement of the Mexical Court of the settlement of the Mexical Court of the settlement of the Mexical Court of the settlement of the Mexical Court of the settlement of the Mexical Court of the settlement of the Mexical Court of the settlement of the Mexical Court of the settlement of the Mexical Court of the settlement of the Mexical Court of the settlement of the Mexical Court of the settlement of the Mexical Court of the settlement of the settlement of the settlement of the settlement of the Mexical Court of the settlement of the settlement of the settlement of the settlement of the settlement of the settlement of the settlement of the settlement of the settlement of the settlement of the settlement of the settlement of the settlement of the settlement of the settlement of the settlement of the settlement of the settlement of the settlement of the settlement of the settlement of the settlement of the settlement of the settlement of the settlement of the settlement of the settlement of the settlement of the settlement of the settlement of the settlement of th

can controversy.

July 8. King George Issued a royal order in council. withdrawing royal order in council. Mindrawing all previous orders in council under the Declaration of London, and announcing new principles of conduct of the blockade of Germany. July 9, The German submarine, Deutschiand arrived at Norlok, Na, having completed a sea voyage.

ya., having completed a sea voyage of approximately 4,000 miles in sixteen days, unattended.
July 10. The Omnibus Revenue Bill to raise about \$200,000 for governmental expenses from increased taxes on incomes, munitions and inheritances, and creating a Tariff Commission, passed the United States House of Representa-

July 11. The United States House of Representatives

July 11. The United States House of Representatives adopted the conference veport on the Rivers and Harbors Appropriation Bill, carrying appropriations and authorizations of \$42,888,085.

July 11. President Wilson signed the Good Roads Bill.

July 12. The annual Agricultural bill, carrying approximately \$24,000,000, was passed by the United States Senate in virtually the same form as it was passed by the House.

the House.

July 12. The McGillicuddyKern bill, providing a system of
workmen's compensation for Federal cmployés, was passed by the
United States House of Repre-

United States sentatives.

Into 12. Sir Ernest Shackleton Chile, to sentatives

Sulvi 12. Sir Ernest Shackleton
Sailed from Punta Arenas, Chile, to
rescue twenty-two companions left
on Elephant Island on his return
from the South Polar zone in April.
July 13. A channel thirty-five
feet deep through Hell Gate from
Long Island Soudd to the Brooklyn
Navy Yard was authorized in an
amendment to the Naval Appropriation Bill adopted by the
United States Senate.
July 12. Spain suspended constitutional guarantees and proclaimer martial law throughout
the country because of the railroad

country because of the railroad the

the country betaut Strike. July 14. President Wilson nom-inated Federal Judge John Hessin Clarke, of Ohio, for Associate-Justice of the United States Su-

Justice of the United States Supreme Courc.
July 15. The State Department at Washington formally ruled that the German submarine Deutschland was an unarmed merchant vessel.

July 16. Floods in North Carolina and surrounding States resulted in the loss of over fifty lives

sulted in the loss of over litty lives and great property damage.
July 16. Gen. Cipriano Castro, ex-President of Venezuela, was excluded from the United States on the ground of moral turpitude.
July 17. President Wilson signed the Rural Credits Bill.

July 18. An emergency appropriation of \$135,000 was voted by the United States House of Representatives for the Public Health Service in its fight against infantile paralysis July 18.

paralysis
July 18. Abram I. Elkus was
nominated by President Wilson for
the post of Ambassador to Turkey.
July 18. The Official Gazette,
London, published the names of
American individuals and firms
placed on the blacklist under the
British trading with the enemy act,
July 18. The Senate adopted the
naval programme urged by President Wilson.
July 18. Seretary of Labor Wilson ordered the release of Gen.
Cipriano Castro, former President
of Venezuela, and his wife, who had
been detained at Ellis Island.
July 18. Sir Roger Cassement's

July 18. Sir Roger Casement's appeal from his conviction on the charge of high treason, for v for which dismissed.

July 19. The will of Amos F. Ene was set aside by a jury in a Surrogate Court, New York, as a result of which Columbia University lost a bequest as residuary legatee estimated at from \$4,000,000 to \$8,000,000.

July 19. The United States Senate voted to retain in the Naval bill the prevision for a Govern-

ment armor plate plant.

July 20. The dc facto Government of Mexico transmitted a note to Washington in effect approving the negotiations for the settlement

of the differences between the two countries by a joint commission. July 21. The Senate adopted the Naval Appropriation Bill, carrying an appropriation of \$315,826,843

for the year.

July 21. A ministerial decree was issued at Rome, placing the persons and property of Germans on the same footing as those of Austrians and Hungarlans.

July 21. Spain revoked its declaration of martial law.

deciaration of martial law.
July 21. President Wilson sent
personal letters to the King of England, the Emperor of Germany, the
Czar of Russia, the Emperor of
Austria and the President of France,
suggesting the taking up entirely
afresit the matter of relief in Poland.

July 22. A bomb, exploded pre-sumably by Anarchists in protest against the preparedness parade in San Francisco, killed six persons and Injured twenty-five seriously

July 25. The New York Court of Appeals declared unconstitu-tional the Apportionment Act of

July 25. Thomas H. Kelly, of New York, Treasurer of the Itish Relief Fund, his wife and his as-slstant, Joseph Smith, were refused, permission to land in England from the American liner Philadelphia or to cross England to take a Dutch steamer back to the United States from Edmonth from Falmouth.

July 26. The German Govern-wood's joint resolution to appropriate the published a revision of the priate \$540,000 for relief of floods, Rock, in Bering Sea; entire party prize court regulations, made in sufferers in Alabama, Florida, saved, retailation for departures by the Georgia, Mississippi and North Endeste allies from the London and South Carolina, Volume Rock, in Discovery, in the effort to

July 27. The United States Senate passed the \$313,970,447 army printing \$540,000 for relief of flood appropriation bill. Add for Mational point families of National point families of National Mexican border—not to exceed \$50 a month—was provided for in an amendment.

Teleased for publication.

Aug. 2. A resolution appropriation appropriating \$540,000 for relief of flood state Commerce Commission, won appropriation bill. Add for exceed the previous day by the United States Senate, was approved by the House of Representatives.

Aug. 2. The Louisiana Legislature, in a decision by the Inter-state Commerce Commission, won appropriation bill. Aug. 12. Orders were issued by the House of Representatives.

Aug. 2. The Louisiana Legislature, in a decision by the Inter-state case.

Full: 2. The Louisiana Legislature, in a decision by the Inter-state case.

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A

Aug. 1. Germany notified Ambassador Gerard that she would have accept the terms of Great Britain and her ailles for Polish relief and charged Russia with the rappalling conditions in Poland.

Aug. 1. The literacy test amendment to the Constitution defeated in Oklahoma by a mandrity of 20,000 votes.

Aug. 1. The German merchant submarine Deutschland set of the Conference report on the Army Apropriation Bill, which carried a proportion of 2526,7596,530 in the leight-bour confusion.

Aug. 1. The United States Senate adopted Senator Under-lof Chicago and Capt. Louis Lane House of Representatives. Senate Rough of Chicago and Capt. Louis Lane House of Representatives. Senate

retailation for departures by the Georgia, Mississippi and North Entente allies from the London declaration.

July 27. Capt. Charles Fryatt, of the British steamship Brussets, after a trial by court martial for a towns of Lille, Roubax and Flymouth Sound for Port Stanley, registed for militation.

Aug. 2. A resolution appropriation bill. Aid for despendent families of National Guardsmen and regulars on the Macketan borter—not to effect of the Macketan borter—not to effect of the Macketan borter—not to effect of the Macketan borter—not to effect of the Macketan borter—not to effect of the Macketan borter—not to effect of the Macketan borter—not to effect of the Macketan borter—not to effect of the Macketan borter—not to effect of the Macketan borter—not to effect of the Macketan borter—not to effect of the Macketan borter—not to effect of the Macketan borter—not to effect of the Macketan borter—not to effect of the Macketan borter of all of the National Presentatives. The Macketan border of all of the National Presentatives and Berry Basket Bill, absorbed the United States Federal District Court signed as Macketan bland been sunk in the Mediternates of the Withe Star Line limiting its liable of the Macketan bland been sunk in the Mediternates of the Macketan bland been sunk in the Mediternates of the Macketan bland been sunk in the Mediternates of the Macketan bland been sunk in the Mediternates of the Macketan bland been sunk in the Mediternates of the Macketan bland been sunk in the Mediternates of the Macketan bland been sunk in the Mediternates of the Macketan bland been sunk in the Mediternates of the Macketan bland been sunk in the Mediternates of the Macketan bland been sunk in the Mediternates of the Macketan bland been sunk in the Mediternates of the Macketan bland been sunk in the Mediternates of the Macketan bland been sunk in the Mediternates of the Macketan bland been sunk in the Mediternates of the Macketan bland been sunk in the Mediternates of the Macketan bland been sunk in the Mediternates of the Macketan bland been sunk in the Mediternates of the Macketan bland been sunk in the Mediternates of the Macketan bland been sunk in the Mediternates of the Macketan bland been sunk in the Mediternates of the Macketan bland been sunk in the Mediternates of the Macketan bland been sunk in the Medi

change.

Aug. 18. President Wilson signed
a formal deed of acceptance by
which the birthplace of Abraham
Lincoln, located at Hodginsville,
Ky., was turned over to the
United States Government with an endowment fund of \$100,000 to maintain it.

amendments were accepted without change.

Aug. 27. Italy declared war on American exporters for the promo-formany.

Aug. 28. The United States Sept. 2. The British and French War Department ordered 12,000 Governments demanded of Greece National Guardsmen of Kentucky, the control of the postal and tele-colon and Vermont to the Mexican graph systems, to which demand border.

members of his expedition marooned on Elephant Island.

Aug. 27. Roumania declared and an Aug. 27. Houmania declared war on Aug. 27. Italy declared war on Aug. 27. Italy declared war on Aug. 27. Italy declared war on American exporters for the promo-

United States Government with an war began the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of t

A United States Naval base in Law.

Oct. 14. Japan and Russia ensured the port of Kavala, was placed in contracts for railroad and canation the hands of the Germans by its contracts for railroad and canation the hands of the Germans by its commander, it was officially at contracts for railroad and canation the hands of the Germans by its commander, it was officially at contracts for railroad and canatic contracts for railroad and canatic contracts for railroad and canatic contracts for railroad and canatic contracts for railroad and canatic contracts for railroad and canatic contracts for railroad and canatic contracts for railroad and canatic contracts for railroad and canatic contracts for railroad and canatic contracts for railroad and canatic contracts for railroad and canatic contracts for railroad and canatic contracts for railroad and canatic contracts for railroad and canatic contracts for railroad and canatic contracts for railroad and canatic contracts for railroad and canatic contracts for railroad and canatic contracts for railroad and canatic contracts for railroad and canatic contracts for railroad and canatic contracts for railroad and canatic contracts for railroad and canatic contracts for railroad and canatic contracts for railroad and canatic contracts for railroad and canatic contracts for railroad and canatic contracts for railroad and canatic contracts for railroad and canatic contracts for railroad and canatic contracts for railroad and canatic contracts for railroad and canatic contracts for railroad and canatic contracts for railroad and canatic contracts for railroad and canatic contracts for railroad and canatic contracts for railroad and canatic contracts for railroad and canatic contracts for railroad and canatic contracts for railroad and canatic contracts for railroad and canatic contracts for railroad and canatic contracts for railroad and canatic contracts for railroad and canatic contracts for railroad and canatic contracts for railroad and canatic contracts for railroad and ca

Sept. 7. The United States and Demark International Control of the Philippine Governor-General Harrson of the Philippine Governor State of the Philippine Governor General Harrson of the Philippine Governor General Harrson of the Philippine Governor General Harrson of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Sagnet of the Charles of the Sagnet of the Sagnet of the Charles of the Charles of the Charles of the Sagnet of the Sagnet of the Sagnet of the Sagnet of the Sagnet of the Sagnet of the Sagnet of the Sagnet of the Sagnet of the Sagnet of the Sagnet of the Sagnet of the Sagnet of the Sagnet of the Sagnet of the Sagnet of the Sagnet of the Sagnet of the Sagnet of the Sagnet of the Sagnet of the Sagnet of the Sagnet of the Sagnet of the Sagnet of the Sagnet of the Sagnet of the Sagnet of the Sagnet of the Sagnet of the Sagnet of the Sagnet of the Sagnet of the Sagnet of the Sagnet of the Sagnet of the Sagnet of the Sagnet of the Sagnet of the Sagnet of the Sagnet of the Sagnet of the Sagnet of the Sagnet of the Sagnet of the Sagnet of the Sagnet of the Sagnet of the Sagnet of the Sagnet of the Sagnet of the Sagnet of the Sagnet of the Sagnet of the Sagnet of the Sagnet of the Sagnet of the Sagnet of the Sagnet of the Sagnet of the Sagnet of the Sagnet of the Sagnet of the Sagnet of the Sagnet of the Sagnet of the Sagnet of the Sagnet of the Sagnet of the Sagnet of the Sagnet of the Sagnet of the Sagnet of the Sagnet of the Sagnet of the Sagnet of the Sagnet of the Sagnet of the Sagnet of the Sagnet of the Sagnet of the Sagnet of the Sagnet of the Sagnet of the Sagnet of the Sagnet of the Sagnet of the Sagnet of the Sagnet of the Sagnet of the Sagnet of the Sagnet of the Sagnet of the Sagnet of the Sagnet of t

#### RECORD OF EVENTS IN 1916-Continued.

ence Committee that unless the injunction suits entered by the rail-roads against the Adamson bill the German U-liner Deutschland service by property of the passage of the bill, would be enforced.

Nov. 14. Announcement was made of the appointment of Count Adam von Tarnow Tarnowski to succeed Dr. Dumba as Ambassado to the United States was launched to the United States was launched to the United States was launched to the United States was launched to the United States was launched to the United States was launched to the United States was launched to the United States was launched to the United States was launched to the United States was launched to the United States was launched to the United States was launched to the United States was launched to the United States was launched to the United States was launched to to the United States was launched to the United States was launched to the United States was launched to the United States was launched to the United States was launched to the United States was launched to the United States was launched to the United States was launched to the United States was launched to the United States was launched to the United States was launched to the United States was launched to the United States was launched to the United States was launched to the United States was launched to was appointed Foreign Minister to succeed Mr. Sturmer.

Nov. 21. The German United Washings Gottleb von Jagow, resigned, because of limited Washings of Austria and King of the States of United States was launched to the United States was launched to washings was appointed Foreign Minister to succeed Mr. Sturmer.

Nov. 15. The Washings and Washings washings washings washings washings washings washings washings washings washings washings washings washings washings washings washings washings washings washings washings washings washings washings washings washings washings washings washings washings washings washings washings washings washings washings washings washings washings washings washings wa

#### UNIQUE EVENTS IN 1916. (Compiled from newspaper reports.)

W. R. Bagley, Muncie, Ind., claimed the piano-durance record, having played continuously for endurance 50 hours and 5 minutes.

Quadruplets, two boys and two girls, were born to a woman in Cleveland, Ohio. Total weight of babies, 8½ pounds.

A priest who had died at 11 o'clock in the morning registered the same temperature by every test at 6 o'clock in the afternoon at Flower Hospital, New

In an operation in the Ohio Valley General Hospital, Wheeling, W. Va., a lower lip was made for a patient from his cheek. The first lip had been removed because of cancer.

George Lucas, appointed February 1, 1889, a letter-earrier in Passaic, N. J., having worked almost every day except Sunday, estimated that he had walked 81,000 miles over his route. Remains of six species of the three-toed prehistoric horses from the Milcene and Pliceene periods were discovered by Prof. J. C. Merrlan of the University of the professional statement of the professional statement of the professional statement of the professional statement of the professional statement of the professional statement of the professional statement of the professional statement of the professional statement of the professional statement of the professional statement of the professional statement of the professional statement of the professional statement of the professional statement of the professional statement of the professional statement of the professional statement of the professional statement of the professional statement of the professional statement of the professional statement of the professional statement of the professional statement of the professional statement of the professional statement of the professional statement of the professional statement of the professional statement of the professional statement of the professional statement of the professional statement of the professional statement of the professional statement of the professional statement of the professional statement of the professional statement of the professional statement of the professional statement of the professional statement of the professional statement of the professional statement of the professional statement of the professional statement of the professional statement of the professional statement of the professional statement of the professional statement of the professional statement of the professional statement of the professional statement of the professional statement of the professional statement of the professional statement of the professional statement of the professional statement of the professional statement

were discovered by Prof. J. C. Merrian of the University of California.

By breathing for 20 minutes into the mouth of a baby girl, apparently born dead, and then using a pulmotor for 29 minutes more, a doctor in Haverhill, Mass, saved the infant's life.

Mrs. Margaret Bischoff, York, Pa., possessed an apple that was 29 years old. It was studded with

cloves.

In a suit in Scott County, Iowa, for the recovery of an automobile by a man from a woman, the woman averred that the car had been given to her in exchange for a kiss, and she was upheld by the jury

successful post-mortem Caesarean operation Á

was performed in a Jersey City, N. J., hospital.

L. E. Cole, Bangor, Cal., in 1916 received a letter written to him by his prother on December 2, 1864.

A four-legged chicken was exhibited at a poultry

show in Escauaba, Mich. A baby girl born in Tiltonsville, Ohio, weighed only 24 ounces.

A calf with two noses was born at Ernest Burleson's place, Kensal, N. Dak. There was a nose on each side of the mouth. The calf lived only two days.

Tiemen Schepel of Holland was older than his grandmother. His grandfather, aged 72, married a girl 19 years old.

According to the American Museum of Natural History, New York, an elephant-eared sunfish, harpooned in the Guil Stream March 10 by Ambrose Monnell, Jr., of New York, was one of the rarest

pooned in the Gilli Stream Marca to by Amorose Monnell, Jr., of New York, was one of the rarest specimens ever taken.

Deaf for 19 years, a man put a telephone receiver to his ear as a joke and found he could hear.

A bride for the sixth time at 29 years of age was the record of a woman at Conway, Ark.

In the appendix of a girl operated upon in a hospital at Memphis, Tenn., were found 14 small gunshot, two pieces of glass, a piece of an oyster shell and a chip of iron.

Riding a fish and killing it with a stone was not "catching" it, according to a decision of the State Game Warden of Wisconsin. Hiram Beveridge saw a six-foot sturgeon in a shallow pool. He jumped on its back, rode it, and finally killed it with a stone. Godfrey E. Lundberg, Spokane, Wash., engraved the Lord's prayer on the head of a gold pin less than half an inch in diameter. When placed under a powerful microscope the letters stond out bodi."

Dr. Alexander Graham Bell found, upon investigation of many histories of people who claimed great age, the oldest authentic case to be that of a woman 109 years old.

was restored to a woman in Petry, Iowa She had been deaf for many years.

A meteor, the unburied part of which was as large as a five-room house, feli on a farm near Hot Springs,

Ark.

On May 23 Patrick Harmon reached City Hall,
New York City, having walked backward every step
of the way from Seattle. He made the trip in 239
days and won a wager of \$5,000. He was allowed
260 days. Watchers verified the assertion.

A woman in Greenwich, Ct., gave five separate
births within a period of five months.

Tubber the period of five months.

Table that has period of the months.

A woman in Greenwich, Ct., gave five separate
births within a period of five months.

A woman in breening the service of the period of the months.

Tubber in the lung ten years. It was placed there
for drainage purposes and forgotten.

#### NEW YORK STATE PARKS AND RESERVATIONS.

The State of New York possesses several reservations, two forest preserves, and several parks, One, the Niagara Reservation, comprises the land about the great cataract, purchased at a cost of \$1,000,000. Then there is the Watkins Glen Reservation, 1½ miles in length, and containing 103.5 acres. The State Reservation at Saratoga Springs now comprises approximately 600 acres of land, and includes 110 springs and borings. In addition, the State has acquired mineral rights in other lands approximating 72 acres, adding 45 springs to those upon the State-owned land. In accordance with the policy of the State to acquire every spring of value, the reservation now includes every naturally mineralized and naturally carbonated spring in the Saratoga region, with the exception of one on private property that is not open to the public. The Saratoga Reservation is divided into High Rock Park, of 3 acres; Congress Park, 3 acres; Lincoln Park, 65 acres, and Geyser Park of 321 acres. The other mineral rights cover 72 acres.

Fark of 321 acres, The other mineral rights cover 72 acres, acres, The other mineral rights cover 72 acres.

The 'State also owns Letchworth Park about the Falls of the Genesee River; islands in the St. Lawrence River, and John Boyd Thacher Park, near the City of Albany.

The great forest preserve of the State is divided and two preserves; one in the Addrondack region of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Cou

guard water supply, to increase rainfall and give a place for recreation.

Another portion of the \$10,000,000 bond issue adopted in 1916, amounting to \$2,500,000, is to be used in the acquisition of lands for the extension of the Palisades Interstate Park, Already the Palisades Interstate Park Commission has obtained private subscriptions of \$2,500,000, which are to be added to the State's bond issue for the further development of the property. The total amount to be further expended on the Palisades Park is thus \$5,000,000.

The Palisade. bi-terstate Park is situated in the

amount to be further eroended on the Palisades Park is thus \$5,000.000.

The Palisade. Prierstate Park is situated in the Countries of Orange and Rockland, and comprises at present about 27,000 acres. The jurisdiction of the Interestate Park Commission extends northward from the New Jersey State hine along the Hudson River to the City of Newburgh and west-ward so as to include the entire Ramapo Mountains. South of the New Jersey line 1,000 acres along the Hudson, owned by the State of New Jersey, are under the control of a legally distinct commission, which, however, acts in close cooperation with the Commissioners of the State of New York. In the creation of the Palisades Interestate Park the State of New York has thus far anapropriated in money and lands \$3,150,000, and the State of New Jersey appropriated \$500,000 for the building of the Henry Hudson Drive along the Palisades. In addition, the Palisades Interestate Park Commission has received private contributions in moneys and lands amounting to a grand total of \$4,480,000, or more than the total investment, thus far of both the States of New York and New Jersey.

The Englewood approach to the Henry Hudson

Drive, up the sheer face of the Palisades cliffs at Englewood, N. J., was completed and opened for traffic in the month of Angust, 1915. A portion of this approach constitutes part of the Henry Hudson Drive, From the northerly loop of the approach the drive is now under construction for a distance of five miles to Alpine, N. J. At Alpine the Alpine approach is now under construction up the face of the cliffs at that point, At the foot of the Englewood approach a motor boat basin, 1,100 feet loug by 150 feet wide, has been constructed.

been constructed.

From the southerly end of the Palisades properties, in the meighborhood of Fort Lee, N. J., the commission is constructing a footpath which will, within a short time, run along the full length of the Palisades at the water's edge. Eight and one-half miles of this path are now completed, Camping under the Palisades was, this year, for the first time, confined to the district north of Excelsior Landing, which is one mile north of Alpine, N. J. The charge for the camping permit is fixed at \$1 per week for the space occupied by the tent.

mit is fixed at \$1 per week 101 the space went by the tent.

It is estimated that 1,000,000 people went to the Palisades section of the Jarterstate Park during the season of 1916.

The camp which has for four years been established at Blaurek, N. Y., for the use of working girls was used during the season of 1916 by 1.57 individuals. This camp is under the charge of the Young Women's Christian Association of New York

Young Women's Christian Association of New York,
During 1916 approximately 650,000 people came to the Bear Mountain section of the Interstate Park. This section is located on the west shore of the Hudson River, about 45 miles from New York City. A daily boat service was continued to Bear Mountain Park during the season of 1916. Two hundred thousand people came to Bear Mountain on these excursion boats during 1916. Practically every Saturday, Sunday and holiday throughout the season the park was patronized by organizations holding their annual outings. On one day 900 people from three different organizations partook of the table d'hote dinner at the Bear Mountain In. At times during the Summer as many as three sets of athletic events were being conducted at the same time on the Bear Mountain playground, A feature of the playground is basebell, there being three fully equipped diamonds. On Highland Lake, at Bear Mountain, the commission has installed 120 rowboats, free for one-half hour to the public. In the groves on the shores of Hessian Lake many rustic shelters have been constructed, and also a large, covered dancing pavilion.

At Bear Mountain Park, the Bear Mountain Inn was established by the commission with the idea.

nave been constructed, and also a large, covered dancing pavilion.

At Bear Mountain Park, the Bear Mountain Inn was established by the commission with the idea of supplying visitors to the park and camping parties with the best food at reasonable prices. The inn is operated by the commission, and is managed and conducted by its salaried employees, Everything is to be had there, from a quick lunch to table d'hote and finest a la carte service. The restaurant building is 200 feet long by 90 feet wide. The lower floor is devoted entirely to lunch-counter service, Tables are provided in the inn and in the surrounding groves to which this food may be carried. By the Spring of 1917 there will have been completed a well-equipped garage and automobile repair slop at Bear Mountain Farman sections of the park. The New Park Drive, through the Bear Mountain fail and the park, with which eld other drives and trails connect. In conjunction with County Highway No. 416 this drive passes 7 lakes between the Hudson River and the Ramapo Valley. Six of these lakes have been the Mecca for

these lates have been architally constituted by the commission. Park Drive has been the Mecca for The New thousands of motorists all over the country. During the 1916 season 50,000 automobiles were parked within a short distance of the Bear Mountain Inn. As many as 2,200 cars occupied the parking space on one Sunday in October. It is

#### NEW YORK STATE PARKS AND RESERVATIONS-Continued.

estimated that over 200,000 people came to Bear Mountain Park by automobile during the season

estimated that over 200,000 people came to Bear Mountain Park by automobile during the season of 1916. On another lake 428 boys suffering from the effects of malnutrition were camped under the direction of the Bureau of Welfare for School Children. This camp was in the nature of an experiment, and the results were highly satisfactory. The boys were kept in the woods as long as they could possibly stay. The plan is to increase the capacity of the present camp and to establish more camps of a like nature, and possibly in time to keep one of the camps open throughout the year.

General camping was permitted at Bear Mountain Park upon grounds set aside for this purpose at the northerly end of Hessian Lake, under permits issued by the commissions at a charge of \$1 for the space occupied by the tent.

In all the commission's lakes fishing is allowed without formal permit. During the past season many millions of pike-perch fry have been planted in the commission's lakes and trout fry have been plant in the brooks.

The Palisades Interstate Park is a game refuge in which firearms of any description are not allowed.

In the Fall of 1916 the park comprised about

lowed. In the Fall of 1916 the park comprised about 27,000 acres, of which 721 acres constitute the park in New Jersey; 536 acres, the park at Blauvelt; 458 acres, the park at Hook Mountain; the balance in the Harriman and Bear Mountain sections

During the past year the commission, working in conjunction with the State Highway Department of New York, has completed the Popologen Bridge, spanning the 600-foot gorge between Forts Clinton and Montgomery, at an elevation which is 5 feet higher than the Brooklyn Bridge.

A careful survey of the Revolutionary Forts Clinton and Montgomery has been made by members of the American Scenic and Historic Preservation Society and of the Society of the American Museum of Natural History, and the restoration of these forts is now in progress.

The Palisades and the State roads will be connected. Route 3 is one of the great routes provided for in the Highway Law of 1909, under which provision was made for a road through the westerly portion of Rockland, Orange and Ulster Counties to Kingston and thence to Albany. By co-operation with the county. State and national authorities, the Palisades Commissioners have succeeded in having this route so planned that, in conjunction with the Henry Hudson Drive it will ultimately constitute a great interstate highway from Fort Lee to Albany. From the State line to Congers the route has not yet been constructed. From Congers, through Harerstraw. Stony Point and Bear Moundain, the road is completed to Highland Falls. The Federal authorities have agreed that from Highland Falls the road may be constructed through the Military Reservation by following for two miles the road in Control Valley. When this road reaches Crows Nest the Item Son River. The tit willing follow the Ford of Coronal Valley. When this road reaches Crows Nest the Item on River. The tit willing follow the road in the vicinity of Crows Nest and Storm Ring Mountain, Around the face of Storm King Mountain the road is at an elevation of 380 feet directly above the Hudson River.

When the entire road from Albany to Fort Lee is completed it will run almost its entire length in full view of the Hudson River and will afford a scenic highway unsurpassed anywhere in the world,

#### FEDERAL IMPEACHMENTS IN HISTORY,

THE Constitution of the United States, Article 11., Section IV., provides that civil officers of the United States may be removed from office on impeachment and conviction of treason, bribery or other high crimes and misdemeanors; that the House of Representatives has the sole power of impeachment, and the Senate the sole power to try impeachments; that the Vice-President shall preside at impeachments except when the President is tried, when the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court shall preside; and that two-thirds of the members present must vote for conviction before a person impeached shall be deemed guilty. Only nine persons have been impeached and tried before the Senate, and only three of them have been convicted. The record is as follows:

William Blount, Senator from Tennessee; Impeached July 7, 1797, for conspiring to wage war with Spain in favor of Great Britain, to excite the Cherokee Indians against Spain, and to create disaffection among the Indians toward the United States; trial, December 17, 1798, to January 14, 1799; vote, 11 guilty, 14 not guilty; verdict, acquittai.

John Pickering, Judge of the District Court of the United States for the District of New Hamp-chire; Impeached 1803 for drunkenness and disregard of the terms of the statutes; trial, March 3 to March 12, 1803; vote, 19 guilty, 7 not guilty; verdict, guilty; punishment, removal from office.

Samuel Chase, Associate-Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States; impeached 180' for misconduct at trials of persons charged with breach of the Sedition Law; trial, November 36, 1804, to March 1, 1805; vote, 9 guilty, 30 not guilty, and 15 guilty, 19 not guilty, on different counts; verdict, acquittal.

James Peck, Judge of the District Court of the United States for the District of Missouri; impeached for tyrannous treatment of counsel, 1830; trial, May 11 to May 30, 1830, and from December 13, 1830, to January 31, 1831; vote, 21 guilty, 22 not guilty; verdet, acquittal.

West H. Humphreys, Judge of the District Court of the United States for the District of Tenessee; impeached 1862 for supporting the eccession movement and unlawfully acting as Judge of the Confederate District Court; trial May 22 to June 26, 1862; vote, 22 guilty, 4 not guilty, and 38 guilty; verdict, guilty; punishment, removal from office.

Andrew Johnson, President of the United States; impeached for usurpation of the law, corrupt use of the veto power, interference at elections and high crimes and misdemeanors; trial, March 30 to May 26, 1868; vote, 35 guilty, 19 not guilty; verdict, acquittal.

30 to May 26, 1868; vote, 35 guilty, 19 not guilty; verdict, acquittal.

William W. Belknap, Secretary of War of the United States; impeached for accepting bribes;
trial, April 5 to August 1, 1876; vote, 5 guilty, 25 not guilty; verdict, acquittal.

Charles Swayne, Judge of the District Court of the United States for the District of Florida;
Impeached 1905 for misconduct in office; trial, February 6 to February 27, 1905; vote, 55 guilty,
37 not guilty; verdict, acquittal.

Robert W. Archbaid, Associate Judge of United States Commerce Court, was impeached July
11, 1912, on thirteen articles charging him with corrupt collusion with coal mine owners and railroad
officials while in office. The Senate began his trial December 3, 1912, and ended January 13, 1913.

Verdict guilty; removed from office,
On June 12, 1914, District Judge Alston G. Dayton was impeached. Proceedings Gropped.

March 3, 1915.

#### THE LINCOLN HICHWAY.

THE LINCOL

The Lincoln Highway is the longest road in the world. It connects twelve States, and Is laid out between New York and San Francisco, as directly as possible, consistent with the topography of the country. Its length is about 3,284 miles, and it is constantly being shortened by improvements and the elimination of curves.

The idea of an ocean-to-ocean highway was presented to the public in the early Fail of 1913, by a National proclamation issued by the Lincoln Highway Association, an organization incorporated with headquarters in Detroit, Mich. The originator of the idea was Carl G. Fisher of Indianapolis, now Vice-President of the Lincoln Highway Association. The object of the association was:

"The establishment of a continuous improved

"The establishment of a continuous improved "The establishment of a continuous improved highway from the Atlantic to the Pacific, open to lawful traffic of all descriptions, without toll charges, and to be of concrete wherever practicable—this highway to be known, in memory of Abraham Lincoln, as the "Lincoln Highway."

Of ADTAININ LIBEOUR, as the "Libeour Highway," National interest has attached to the development of this great thoroughlare, and the effort of the public in the States through which it passes has been devoted to its rapid improvement and marking. In the three years since the establishment and dedication of the route, the road has been marked for practically its entire distance, and construction has progressed as rapidly as possible in every State. in every State.

The Lincoln Highway Association was not organized to construct the road, but to promote and aid in its construction by the local communities, counties and States through which it passes. In round figures \$10,000,000 have been spent in the improve-

ment of the Lincoln Highway. The eastern section of the great road is almost completely hard-surfaced. The Middle Western States have devoted every effort to the grading and maintenance of the route, and are progressing to hard-surfacing as fast as means will allow. Much work on the road has been done in the West, but it is there, particularly in the States of Utah and Nevada, that outside aid solicited by the association is particularly needed, due to the long mileages and sparse population, which makes the raising of sufficient funds from the which makes the taising of sufficient times from the regular road improvement sources impossible.

The following table indicates the amount spent on the Lincoln Highway during the last year in each of the States crossed by the highway:

State Aid.	State Aid.
New Jersey \$183,678	Nebraska \$367,360
Pennsylvania . 193,034	Wyoming 60,650
Ohio 925,000	Utah 275,500
Indiana 706,108	Nevada 69,140
Ililnois 256,800	California 256.000
Iowa 904,955	Total\$4,198,165
	4 (1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1

The officers and directors of the Lincoln Highway Association are given below:

Association are given below:

President—Henry B. Joy, Detroit, Mich. VicePresident—Carl G. Fisher, Indianapolis, Ind
Treasurer—Emory W. Clark, Detroit, Mich. VicePresidents—Roy D. Chapin, Detroit, Mich. F. A.
Seiberling, Akron, Ohio. Russell A. Alger, Detroit,
Mich. Albert J. Beveridge, Indianapolis, Ind.
A. Y. Gowen, Chicago, Ill. Paul H. Deming, Detroit, Mich. John N. Willys, Toledo, Ohio. Secrelary—A. F. Bement, Detroit, Mich.

### THIRTEEN HIGHWAYS CLASSED AS TRANSCONTINENTAL ROADS.

The transcontinental highways are yet in the first stages of permanent improvement, but the system as already planned has assumed the broadest scope. A recent classification of through routes gave the number as thirteen, seven extending from east to west and six from north to south, as follows:

ber as thirteen, seven extending from east to west and

Lincoin Highway—New York to San Francisco,
via Philadelphia, Pittsburgh, Omaha, Denver,
Cheyenne, Ogden, Salt Lake City, and Reno.
Pike's Peak Ocean-to-Ocean Highway—New
York to San Francisco, via New York, Washington,
Wheeling, Indianapolis, St. Joseph, Colorado Springs,
Salt Lake City, and Reno.
National Old Trails—Washington to Los Angeles,
via Wheeling, Indianapolis, St. Louis, Kansas City,
Trinidad, and Albuquerque.
Yellowstone Trail—Puge Sound to Plymouth
Rock; Plymouth and Boston to Seattle and Tacoma,
via Poughkeepsle, Cleveland Chicago, St. Pull,
Minneapolis, Livingston, Missoula (with side route
to Glacier National Park), and Spokane.
Trail to an Dispo, via Chicago, Kansas City,
rinidad, Phoenix, and Yuma.
Southern National Highway—Washington to

SIX ITOM BOTTH W SOUTH, AS IOHOWS:
San Diego, via Richmond, Durham, Nashville,
Memphis, Little Rock, Dallas, Fort Worth, Roswell, El Paso, Phoenix, and Yuma.
Old Spanish Trail—Florida to San Diego, via Mobile, New Orleans, Houston, El Paso, and Yuma.
NORTH AND SOUTH.
Atlantic Highway—Calais to Miami, via Boston,
New York, Washington, Savannah, and Jacksonville.

New York, Washington, Savannah, and Jacksonville.
Meridian Road—Pembina to Galveston, via Fargo,
Columbus, Wichita, Fort Worth, and Houston.
Pacific Highway—Vancouver to San Diego, via
Seattle, Portland, San Francisco, and Los Angeles
Dixle Highway—Cheleago to Miami, via Indianapolis, Nastville.

Meridian Meridian State of Marchaeles
Jackson Fort Scott, Kansas City, Des Moines, and
Albert Lea.
Jackson Highway—Chlcago to New Orleans, via
Louisville and Nashville.

#### 17 BUSIEST CORNERS IN LONDON AND NEW YORK.

London has seventeen corners where more than 10,000 vehicles pass between 8 A. M. and 8 P. M. The total movement at these points is 255,832. Seventeen similar corners in New York show a total movement greater by 18,473, with this important distinction to be borne in mind—the count in New York was made in the hours between 8.30 A. M. and 6.30 P. M., ten hours, as compared with twelve in London. The corners compare as follows:

The corners compare as ionows.	
LONDON.	NEW YORK. 39,210
Piccadilly Ritz Hotel	Columbus Circle
Gray's Inn, Holborn	
Westminster Bridge	Central Park West and 72d St
London Bridge	Fifth Ave. and 42d St
Blackfriars Bridge	Fifth Ave. and 57th St 17,830
Oxford St., west of Oxford Circle16,070	Pier 25, North River
Gray's Inn, High Holborn	Lafayette and Bleecker Sts
Bishopsgate, Hounsditch	Queenshoro Bridge14,530
Vauxhall Bridge	Fifth Ave. and 34th St
Waterloo Bridge	Flatbush and Fourth Aves
Park Road, Kensington	Broadway and 86th St
Shep, Bush, Hool, Park Av12,549	Broadway and 34th St
Tower Bridge	Fourth Ave. and 23d St
Kensington Road, Queen's Gate12,004	Park Ave. and 60th St
London Road, Walworth	Eighth Ave. and 110th St
District Bridge 11.077	Madison Ave. and 44th St
High St. Camden Town	Seventh Ave. and 125th St
Police statistics show that between 8.30 A. M.	and 6.30 P. M., 296,200 persons pass the Pulitzer
Building, Park Row, New York.	MAG 0100 21 N-1

UNITED STATES NAVY YARD, BROOKLYN. N. Y.

UNITED STATES NAVAL STATION; ENTRANCE, FOOT SANDS STREET, BROOKLYN.
Commandant—Rear-Admiral Nathabiel R. Usher. Senior Aide to the Commandant—Commander F.
Jpham, Junior Aide to the Commandant—Lieut.—Commander R. P. Craft.
Industrial Manager—Capt. G. E. Burd. | Naval Hospital—Medical Director Philip B. Upham. Junior Aide to the Commandant-Industrial Manager-Capt. G. E. Burd. Commanding Offsicer, Receiving Ship, S. S. New Jersey, Commander L. A. Leach. Kalser.

Engineer Officer-Lieut.-Com. Jessop. Pay Officer-Pay Inspector W. J. Littell.

Provisions and Clothing Depot—Pay Director C. S. Williams.

Public Works Officer—Civil Engineer

L. N. Cox.

Construction Officer—Naval Constructor G. H. Rock,
Naval Medical Supply Depot—Medical
Inspector R. P. Crandali.

Commanding Officer, Marine Barracks—Lieut.-Col. L. H. Moses. U. S. M. C. Visiting hours are between 9 A. M. and 5 P. M. Accounting Officer-Paymaster H. E. Collins. Supply Officer-Pay Director T. S. Jewett. Medical Officer-Medical Inspector Lewis Morris.

St. N. Y. Naval Recruiting Station—34 E. 23d St., N. Y.

Application to visit the ships in the yard must be made to the executive officers on board.

AS ESTIMATED FOR JULY 1, 1915; JANUARY 1, 1916; JULY 1, 1916; AND JANUARY 1, 1917.

These figures cannot be considered as the results of a census, as they are obtained from mathematical calculations, based upon the returns of the Federal censuses of 1900 and 1910, assuming that the numerical increase annually since 1910 has been the same as the numerical increases acah year from 1900 to 1910.

increase annually since 1910 has been the same as to				
	July 1, 1915.	Jan. 1, 1916.	July 1, 1916.	Jan. 1, 1917 ·
Continental United States	100,399,318	101,208,315	102,017,312	102,826,309
Alabama	2,301,277	2,316,943	2,332,608	2,348,273
Arizona	247,299	251,422	255,544 1,739,723	259,666
Arkansas	1.713.102	1.726.413	1.739.723	1,753,033
California	2.848.275	2,893,465	2,938,654	2,983,843
Colorado	935,799	948,930	962,060	975,190
Connecticut	1.223,583	1,234,031	1,244,479	1,254,926
Delegene	211,598	212.489	213,380	214,270
Delaware District of Columbia	358,679	361,330	363,980	366,631
District of Columbia	870,802	882,148	893,493	
Florida	2,816,289	2,836,177	2,856,065	904,839
Georgia	2,810,209	420,291		2,875,953
Idaho	411,996	420,291	428,586	436,881
Illinois	6,069,519	6,110,888	6,152,257	6,193,626
Indiana	2,798,142	2,807,480	2,816,817 2,224,771	2,826,154
Iowa*	2,224,771	2,224,771	2,224,771	2,224,771
Kansas	1.807,221	1,818,383	1,829,545	1,840,707
Kentucky	2,365.185	2,372,412	2,379,639	2,386,866
Louisiana	1,801,306	1,815.218	1,829,130	1,843,042
Maine	767,638	770,064	772,489	774.914
Maryland	1,351,941	1,357,374 3,690,748	1,362,807	1,368,240
Massachusetts	3,662,339	3.690.748	3.719.156	3.747.564
Michigan	3.015.442	3.035,148	3,054,854	3,074,560
Minnesota	3,015,442 2,246,761	2.263.182	2.279.603	2,296,024
Mississippi	1.926.778	1.939,226	1,951,674	1.964.122
Missouri	3,391,789	3.401.241	3,410,692	3,420,143
Montana	446,054	3,401,241 452,774	459,494	466,214
Nebraska	1,258,624	1.264.999	1,271,375	1 277 750
Nevada	102,730	104,732	106,734	1,277,750 108,736
Nevaua	440.584	441,545	442,506	443,467
New Hampshire	2.881.840	2.914.928	2.948.017	2.981.10
New Jersey	396,917	403,600	410,283	416.9
New Mexico	10.086.568	10,179,971	10,273,375	10,366.
New York	2,371,095	2.386.916	2,402,738	
North Carolina	713.083	726.142	739,201	2,418
North Dakota		5.119.491	5,150,356	75:
Ohlo	5,088,627	2,158,194	0,100,300	5,18
Oklahoma	2,114,307	2,158,194	2,202,081	2,24
Oregon	809,490	822,615	835,741	84.
Pennsylvania	8,383,992	8,453,004	8,522,017	8,591
Rhode Island	602,765 1,607,745	608,540	614,315	620,0
South Carolina	1,607,745	1,616,610	1,625,475	1,634,3
South Dakota	680,046	689,277	698,509	707.740
Tennessee	2,271,379	2,279,691	2,288,004	2,296,316
Texas	4,343,710	4,386,638	4,429,566	4,472,494
Utah	424,300	429,191	434,083	438,974
Vermont	362,452	363,075	363,699	364,322
Virginia	2,171,014	2,181,516	2,192,019	2,202,522
Washington	1,471,043	1,502,632	1,534,221	1,565,810
West Virginia	1,359,474	1,372,756	1,386,038	1,399,320
Wisconsin	2,473,533	2,486,941	2,500,350	2,513,758
Wyoming	174.148	176.853	179,559	182,264
Wyoming OUTLYING FOSSESSIONS.				
Alaska	64,757	64,795	64.834	64.873
Guam	a12,866	a12,866	1 a12.866	a12,866
Hawaii	211,902	213,821	( 215,741	217,660
Panama Canal Zone	b31.160	b31.048	b31.048	b31,048
Philippine Islands	8,742,562	8,788,374	8,834,187	8,879,999
Porto Rico	1,200,286	1.208.184	1,216,083	1,223,981
Samoa	a7,426	a7.426	a7,426	a7,426
Total, United States	c110 715.400	c111,579,952	c112.444.620	c113,309,285
* Population April 15, 1910; decrease since 19	100	eration by Gov		
* Population April 15, 1910; decrease since 1;	ou. a Enume	eration by Gov	егног, 1913.	b Police census

1916. c Includes 45,123 persons in military and naval service stationed abroad.

# INCORPORATED PLACES OF 5,000 OR MORE INHABITANTS. (According to the 1910 Census.)

		(Acco	rating to the 10	10 000	70 14017			
AYADAMA	COMMINCHIT	Com	COMMITCHT.	_Con	ILLINOIS-C	ont'd	INDIANA-C	ont'd
ALABAMA.		-Con.	COMM ICUI-	-con.	TLLINOIS-C	one a.		
Anniston 12,794	Danbury		Windham	40.00	Forest Park	6,594 17,567	Noblesville	5,073
Bessemer 10,864	(town) Danbury	23,502	(town) Willim'ntic	12,604	Freeport	17,567	Peru Portland	10,910
Birmingham. 132,685 Dothan 7,016	Danbury		Willim'ntic		Galesburg	22,089	Portiand	5,130
Dothan 7,016	(city)	20,234	(city) Winsted (See Winch'st'r).	11,230	Granite	9,903	Princeton	6,448
Florence 6,689	Derby E. Hartford	8,991 8,138	Winsted (See		Harrisburg	5,309	Richmond	22,324
Gadsden 10.557	E. Hartford	8.138	Winch'st'r).		Harvey	7,227	Seymour	6,395
Huntsville 7,611	Enfield	9,719	DELAWAI	2.00	Herrin	6,861	Shelbyville South Bend Terre Haute	9,500
Mobile 51,521	Fairfield	6,134		LE.	Jacksonville Joliet	15.326	South Bend	53,684
Montgomery 38 136	Greenwich	16,463	Wilmington	87,411	Joliet	34,670	Terre Haute	58,157
Montgomery. 38,136 New Decatur 6,118	Groton	6,495	DISTRICT	OF	Kankakee	13 0861	Valparaiso	6,987
Claims 12 640	Hamdon	5,850	COLUMBI	r A	Kewanee	9,307 5,282 11,537	Vincennes	14,895
Selma 13,649	Hamden	0,000	COLUMBI	001.000		5 282	Wahach	8,687
Talladega 5,854	Hartford	98,915	Washington	331,069	La Grange	11 597	Wabash	7 954
Tuscaloosa 8,407	Huntington	6,545	FLORIDA	*	La Saile	11,007	Washington	7,854
ARIZONA.	Killingly	6,564			Lincoln	10,892	Whlting	6,587
	Manchester	13,641	Gainesville	6,183	Litchfield	5,971	IOWA.*	t .
Bisbee 9,019	Meriden		Jacksonville	57,699	Macomb	5,774		10,347
Douglas 6,437	(town),	32,066	Key West	19,945	l Madison		Boone	24 224
Globe 7,083	Meriden	02,000	Lake City	5,032	Marion	7.093	Burlington	24.324
Phoenix 11.134	(city)	27,265	Miaml	5,471	Mattoon	11.456	Cedar Fans	5,012
Prescott 5,092	Middletown	21,000	Pensacola	22,982	Maywood	8.033	Cedar Rapids	32,811
Tucson 13,193	(Accept)	20,749	St. Augustine	5,494	Moline	24 100	Centerville	6,936
	(town)	20,149	Tallahassee	5,018	Monmouth	0 128	Cedar Falls Cedar Rapids Centerville Charles Clty.	5,892
ARKANSAS.	Middlet'wn	11 071		37,782	Modified	6.931	Clinton CouncilBluffs	25,577 29,292
Argenta 11,138	(city)	11,851	Tampa	0 250	Mt. Carmel Mt. Vernon	0,001	CouncilBluffs	29.292
Fort Smith 23,975	Naugatuck	12,722	West Tampa.	8,258	Mt. vernou	8,007	Creston	6.924
Helena 8.772	New Britain	43,916	GEORGI	Α.	Murphysboro	7,480	Davennort	43,028
Liot Chringe 14 434	New Haven	133,605	Albany	8,190	Oak Park	19,444	Des Moines	86,368
Jonesboro 7,123	New London.	19.659	Americus			5,011	Creston Davenport Des Moines	38,494
Little Rock. 45,941	New Milford.	5,010	Athono	14 012	Ottawa			15 513
	Norwalk	-,	Athens	14,913	Pana	6,055	Fort Dodge Fort Madison	15,543
Paragould 5,248		24,211	Atlanta	154,839		7,664	Fort Madison	8,900
Pine Bluff 15,102	Norwalk	W1, U11	Augusta	41,040	Pekin	0.007	Grinnell	5,036
Texarkana 5,655	NOI Walk	6,954	Brunswick	10,182	Peorla	66 950	Iowa City	10,091
CALIFORNIA.	(city) S. Norwalk.	0,304	Columbus	20,554	T coria	7,984	Keokuk Marshallt wn	14,008
Alameda 23,383	S. Norwalk		Cordele	5,883	Peru	6,090	Marshallt wn	13 374
Alameda 20,000		• 8,968	Dalton	5.324	Pontiac		Mason City	11,230
Alhambra 5,021	Norwich		Dublin	5.795	Pontiac, Quincy Rockford Rock Island Springfield		Muscatine	16,178
Bakersfield. 12,727	(town)	28,219	Elberton	6 483	Rockford		Oelwein	6,028
Berkeley 40,434	Norwich		Fitzgerald	5 705	Rock Island.	24,335	Ochologg	9,466
Eureka 11,845	(cltv)	20,367	Gainesville	5,925	Springfield	51,678	Oskaloosa	22,012
Fresno 24,892	Orange		Gamesvine	7,478		7,035	Ottumwa	47,828
Long Beach 17,809	(town)	11,272	Griffin		Ctonnton	5.048	Sloux City	41,848
Los Angeles 319,198	(00 11 11)		La Grang	0.007			Waterloo	26,693
	i w Haven					7.467	TT ACCITION	
	W. Haven	8 543	Macon	40,665	Sterning	14.253	Webster City	5,208
Marysville 5,430	(bor'gh).	8,543 6 719	Macon Marletta	40,665	Sterning	7,467 14,253 5,446	Webster City	5,208
Marysville 5,430	(bor'gh).	6,719	Macon Marletta Newnan	40,665 5,949 5,548	Streator Caylorville	5,446	Webster City KANSAS	5,208 .*
Marysville 5,430	(bor'gh).	6,719 5,021	Macon Marletta Newnan Rome	40,665 5,949 5,548	Streator Caylorville	5,446 8,245	Webster City KANSAS Arkans's City	5,208 .* 7,508
Marysville 5,430 Napa 5,791 Oakland 150,174 Pasadena 30,291	(bor'gh). Plainfield Plymouth Putnam	6,719 5,021	Macon Marletta Newnan Rome	40,665 5,949 5,548	Streator Caylorville	5,446	Webster City KANSAS Arkans's City Atchison	5,208 .* 7,508
Marysville 5,430 Napa 5,791 Oakland 150,174 Pasadena 30,291 Petaluma 5,880	(bor'gh). Plainfield Plymouth Putnam (town)	6,719 5,021	Macon Marletta Newnan Rome	40,665 5,949 5,548 12,199 65,064 6,727	Streator Faylorville Urbana Waukegan	5,446 8,245 16,069	Webster City KANSAS Arkans's City Atchison Chanute	7,508 16,429 9,272
Marysville 5,430 Napa 5,791 Oakland 150,174 Pasadena 30,291 Petaluma 5,880 Pomona 10,207	(bor'gh). Plainfield Plymouth Putnam (town) Putnam	6,719 5,021 7,280	Macon Marletta Newnan Rome Savannah Thomasville.	40,665 5,949 5,548 12,199 65,064 6,727	Streator Faylorville Urbana Waukegan	5,446 8,245 16,069 A.	Webster City KANSAS Arkans's City Atchison Chanute Coffeyville	7,508 16,429 9,272 12,687
Marysville 5,430 Napa 5,791 Oakland 150,174 Pasadena 30,291 Petaluma 5,880 Pomena 10,207 Redlands 10,449	(bor'gh). Plainfield Plymouth Putnam (town) Putnam	6,719 5,021	Macon Marletta Newnan Rome Savannah Thomasville Valdosta	40,665 5,949 5,548 12,199 65,064 6,727	Strening Streator Faylorville Urbana Waukegan INDIAN Alexandrla	5,446 8,245 16,069 A. 5,096	Webster City KANSAS Arkans's City Atchison Chanute Coffeyville Emporla	7,508 16,429 9,272 12,687 9,058
Marysville. 5.430 Napa. 5.791 Oakland 150,174 Pasadena 30,291 Petaluma 5.880 Pomora 10,207 Redlands 10,449 Richward 6.802	(bor'gh). Plainfield Plymouth Putnam (town) Putnam (city)	6,719 5,021 7,280	Macon Marletta Newnan Rome Savannah Thomasville Valdosta Waycross	40,665 5,949 5,548 12, 149 65,064 6,727 7,656 14,485	Streator Faylorville Urbana Waukegan Alexandrla 'pderson	5,446 8,245 16,069 <b>A.</b> 5,096	Webster City KANSAS Arkans's City Atchison Chanute Coffeyville Emporla	7,508 16,429 9,272 12,687 9,058 10,463
Marysville 5.430 Napa 5.791 Oakland 150,174 Pasadena 30,291 Petaluma 5.880 Pomera 10,207 RedIands 10,449 Richmond 6.802 Riverside 15.212	(bor'gh). Plainfield Piymouth Putnam (town) Putnam (city) Rockville (See	6,719 5,021 7,280 6,637	Macon Marletta Newnan Rome Savannah Thomasville Valdosta Waycross	40,665 5,949 5,548 12,199 65,064 6,777 7,656 14,485	Streator Faylorville Urbana Waukegan INDIAN Alexandrla 'nderson Bedford	5,446 8,245 16,069 <b>A.</b> 5,096	Webster City KANSAS Arkans's City Atchison Chanute Coffeyville Emporla	7,508 16,429 9,272 12,687 9,058 10,463 6,096
Marysville. 5,430 Napa. 5,791 Oakland. 150,174 Pasadena 30,291 Petaluma 5,880 Pomona 10,207 Krdlands 10,449 Richmond 6,802 Riverside 15,212 Sacramento. 44,696	(bor'gh). Pialnfield Piymouth Putnam (town) Putnam (city) Rockville (See Vernon). Southington	6,719 5,021 7,280 6,637	Macon Marletta Newnan Rome Savannah Thomasville Valdosta Waycross	40,665 5,949 5,548 12,149 65,064 6,77 7,656 14,485	Streator  Faylorville.  Urbana.  Waukegan.  INDIAN  Alexandrla.  nderson.  Bedford.  Bloomington.	5,446 8,245 16,069 A. 5,096 22,476 8,716 8,838	Webster City KANSAS Arkans's City Atchison Chanute Coffeyville Emporla Fort Scott Galena	7,508 16,429 9,272 12,687 9,058 10,463 6,096 16,364
Marysville. 5,430 Napa. 5,791 Oakland. 150,174 Pasadena 30,291 Petaluma 5,880 Pomena 10,207 Rodlands 10,449 Richmond 6,802 Riverside 15,212 Sacramento. 44,686 S. Bernardino 12,779	(bor'gh). Pialnfield Piymouth Putnam (town) Putnam (city) Rockville (See Vernon). Southington	6,719 5,021 7,280 6,637	Macon Marletta Newnan Rome Savannah Thomasville Valdosta Waycross IDAHO Bolsé Cœur d'Alene	40,665 5,949 5,548 12,149 65,064 6,77 7,656 14,485 7,358 7,291	Streator Faylorville. Urbana. Waukegan INDIAN Alexandrla. Pderson. Bedford. Bloomington. Brazil	5,446 8,245 16,069 <b>A.</b> 5,096 22,476 8,716 8,838 9,340	Webster City KANSAS Arkans's City Atchison Chanute Coffeyville Emporla Fort Scott Galena	** 7,508 16,429 9,272 12,687 9,058 10,463 6,096 16,364 10,480
Marysville. 5.430 Napa. 5.791 Oakland. 150,174 Pasadena 30,291 Petaluma 5.880 Pomena 10,207 Krdlands 10,449 Richmond 6.80 Richmond 6.80 S. Bernardino 12,779 San Diego. 39,578 San Diego. 39,578	(bor'gh). Plalnfield Plymouth Putnam (town) Putnam (city) Rockville (See Vernon). Southington S. Norwalk (See Nor-	6,719 5,021 7,280 6,637	Macon Marletta Newnan Rome Savannah Thomasville Valdosta Waycross IDAHO Bolsé Cœur d'Alene	40,665 5,949 5,548 12,199 65,064 6,777 7,656 14,485 7,358 7,291 6,043	Steator  Faylorville Urbana Waukegan  INDIAN Alexandrla  derson Bedford Bloomington. Brazil Clinton	5,446 8,245 16,069 A. 5,096 22,476 8,716 8,838 9,340 6,229	Webster City KANSAS Arkans's City Atchison Chanute Coffeyville Emporla Fort Scott Galena Hutchinson Independence	** 7,508 16,429 9,272 12,687 9,058 10,463 6,096 16,364 10,480
Marysville. 5.430 Napa. 5.791 Oakland. 150,174 Pasadena 30,291 Petaluma 5.880 Pomena 10,207 Krdlands 10,449 Richmond 6.80 Richmond 6.80 S. Bernardino 12,779 San Diego. 39,578 San Diego. 39,578	(bor'gh). Plalnfield Plymouth Putnam (town) Putnam (city). Rockville (See Vernon). Southington S. Norwalk (See Nor- walk)	6,719 5,021 7,280 6,637 6,516	Macon Marletta Newnan Rome Savannah Thomasville Valdosta Waycross IDAHO Bolsé Cœur d'Alene Lewiston	40,665 5,949 5,548 12,199 65,064 6,777 7,656 14,485 7,358 7,291 6,043	Steator  Faylorville Urbana Waukegan  INDIAN Alexandrla  derson Bedford Bloomington. Brazil Clinton	5,446 8,245 16,069 <b>A.</b> 5,096 22,476 8,716 8,838 9,340 6,229 8,813	Webster City KANSAS Arkans's City Atchison Chanute Coffeyville Emporla Fort Scott Galena Hutchinson Independence	* 7,508 16,429 9,272 12,687 9,058 10,463 6,096 16,364 10,480 9,032 5,598
Marysville. 5.430 Napa. 5.791 Oakland. 150,174 Pasadena. 30,291 Petaluma. 5.880 Pomora. 10,207 Kcdlands. 10,449 Richmond. 6.82 Riverside. 15,212 Sacramento. 44,696 S. Bernardino 12,779 San Diego. 39,578 S. Francisco. 416,912 jan José. 28,944	(bor'gh). Plalnfield Plymouth Putnam (town) Putnam (city). Rockville (See Vernon). Southington S. Norwalk (See Nor- walk)	6,719 5,021 7,280 6,637	Macon Marletta Newnan Rome Savannah Thomasville Valdosta Waycross IDAHO Boisé Cœur d'Alene Lewiston Pocatello	40,665 5,949 5,548 12,199 65,064 6,777 7,656 14,485 7,358 7,291 6,043	Sterator. Faylorville. Urbana. Waukegan. INDIAN Alexandria. "nderson. Bedford. Bioomington. Brazil. Clinton. Columbus.	5,446 8,245 16,069 A. 5,096 22,476 8,716 8,838 9,340 6,229 8,813 7,738	Webster City KANSAS Arkans's City Atchison. Chanute. Coffeyville. Emporla. Fort Scott. Galena. Hutchinson. Independence Iola. Junction.	* 7,508 16,429 9,272 12,687 9,058 10,463 6,096 16,364 10,480 9,032 5,598
Marysville. 5,430 Napa. 5,791 Oakland 150,174 Pasadena 30,291 Petaluma 5,880 Pomena 10,207 Kodlands 10,449 Richmond 6,802 Riverside 15,212 Sacramento 44,696 S. Bernardino 12,779 San Diego 39,578 S. Francisco 416,912 åan José 28,946 L. Obispo 5,545	(bor'gh). Plalnfield Plymouth Putnam (town) Putnam (city). Rockville (See Vernon). Southington S. Norwalk (See Nor- walk)	6,719 5,021 7,280 6,637 6,516	Macon. Marletta. Newnan. Rome Savannah. Thomasville. Valdosta. Waycross. IDAHO Bolsé. Cœur d'Alene Lewiston. Pocatello. Twin Falls	40,665 5,949 5,548 12,199 65,064 6,77 7,696 14,485 7,291 6,043 9,110 5,258	Sterator Faylorville. Urbana Waukegan INDIAN Alexandrla "derson Bedfcrd Bloomington. Brazil Columbus. Connersville Crawf'dsville.	5,446 8,245 16,069 A. 5,096 22,476 8,716 8,838 9,340 6,229 8,813 7,738	Webster City KANSAS Arkans's City Atchison. Chanute. Coffeyville. Emporla. Fort Scott. Galena. Hutchinson. Independence Iola. Junction.	* 7,508 16,429 9,272 12,687 9,058 10,463 6,096 16,364 10,480 9,032 5,598
Marysville. 5,430 Napa. 5,791 Oakland. 150,174 Pasadena. 30,291 Petaluma. 5,880 Pomora. 10,207 Kedlands. 10,449 Richmond. 6,802 Riverside. 15,212 Sacramento. 44,696 S. Bernardino 12,779 San Diego. 39,578 S. Francisco. 416,912 åan José. 28,946 L. Obispo. 5,157	(bor'gh) - Plalnfield Plymouth Pymouth Putnam (town) Putnam (city) Rockville (See Vernon) Southington S. Norwalk (See Norwalk Stafford Stafford Stafford Stamford	6,719 5,021 7,280 6,637 6,516	Macon Marletta Newnan Rome Savannah Thomasville Valdosta Waycross IDAHO Boisé Cœur d'Alene Lewiston Pocatello	40,665 5,949 5,548 12,199 65,064 6,77 7,696 14,485 7,291 6,043 9,110 5,258	Sterator Faylorville. Urbana Waukegan INDIAN Alexandrla "derson Bedfcrd Bloomington. Brazil Columbus. Connersville Crawf'dsville.	5,446 8,245 16,069 A. 5,096 22,476 8,716 8,838 9,340 6,229 8,813 7,738 9,371 19,098	Webster City KANSAS Arkans's City Atchison Chanute Coffeyville Emporla Fort Scott Galena Hutchinson Independence Iola Junction Kansas City Lawrence	* 7,508 16,429 9,272 12,687 9,058 10,463 6,096 16,364 10,480 9,032 5,598 82,331 12,374
Marysville. 5,430 Napa. 5,791 Oakland 150,174 Pasadena 30,291 Petaluma 5,830 Pomera 10,207 Kodlands 10,449 Richmond 6,802 Riverside 15,212 Sacramenio 44,696 S. Bernardino 12,77 San Diego 39,578 S. Francisco 416,912 åan José 28,946 L. Obispo 5,57 q. Rafael 5,934 ta Ana 8,432	(bor'gh) Plalnfield Plymouth Putnam (town) Putnam (city) Rockville (See Vernoo) Southington S. Norwalk (See Nor- walk) Stafford Stamford	6,719 5,021 7,280 6,637 6,516	Macon. Marletta. Newnan. Rome Savannah. Thomasville. Valdosta. Wayeross. IDAHO Boisé Cœur d'Alene Lewiston Pocatello Twin Falls. ILLINOI	40,665 5,949 5,548 12,999 65,064 6,77 7,656 14,485 7,358 7,291 6,043 9,110 5,258 S.	Sterator. Faylorville. Urbana. Waukegan. INDIAN Alexandrla. "nderson. Bloomington. Brazil. Clinton. Columbus. Connersville. Crawf dsville. East Chicago	5,446 8,245 16,069 A. 5,096 22,476 8,716 8,838 9,340 6,229 8,813 7,738 9,371 19,098	Webster City KANSAS Arkans's City Atchison. Chanute. Coffeyville. Emporla. Fort Scott. Galena. Hutchinson. Independence Iola. Junction. Kansas City. Lawrence Leavenworth.	* 7,508 16,429 9,272 12,687 9,058 10,463 6,096 16,364 10,480 9,032 5,598 82,331 12,374 19,363
Marysville. 5.430 Napa. 5.791 Oakland. 150,174 Pasadena. 30,291 Petaluma. 5.880 Pomora. 10,207 Krdlands. 10,449 Richmond. 6.80 Richmond. 6.80 Sacramento 44.696 S. Bernardino. 12,779 San Diego. 39,578 S. Francisco. 416,912 36a José 28,944 L. Obispo. 28,944 L. Obispo. 38,944 L. Obispo. 18,1655 U. Adael. 5,157 U. Adael. 5,157 U. Adael. 5,157 U. Adael. 5,157 U. Adael. 5,157 U. Adael. 5,167	(bor'gh). Planfield Plymouth. Pytnam (town) Putnam (city). Rockville (See Vernon). Southington S. Norwalk (See Nor- walk.) Stafford Stamford (town) Stamford	6,719 5,021 7,280 6,637 6,516	Macon. Marletta. Newnan Rome. Savannah. Thomasville. Valdosta. Waycross.  IDAHO Cœur d' Alene Lewiston. Twin Falls. ILLINOI Alton. Aurora.	40,665 5,949 5,548 12,999 65,064 6,777 7,656 14,485 7,358 7,291 6,043 9,110 5,258 S. 17,528 29,807	Sterator. Faylorville. Urbana. Waukegan.  INDIAN Alexandrla. "derson. Bedford. Bloomington. Brazil. Clinton. Columbus. Connersville. Crawf'dsville. East Chicago Eikhart. Elwood.	5,446 8,245 16,069 A. 5,096 22,476 8,716 8,838 9,340 6,229 8,813 7,738 9,371 19,098 19,282 11,028	Webster City KANSAS Arkans's City Atchison. Chanute. Coffeyville. Emporla. Fort Scott. Galena. Hutchinson. Independence Iola. Junction. Kansas City. Lawrence. Leavenworth. Manhattan.	5,208 * 7,508 16,429 9,272 12,687 9,058 10,480 6,096 16,364 10,480 9,032 5,598 82,331 12,374 19,363 5,722
Marysville. 5.430 Napa. 5.791 Oakland. 150,174 Pasadena. 30,291 Petaluma. 5.880 Pomora. 10,207 Krdlands. 10,449 Richmond. 6.80 Richmond. 6.80 Sacramento 44.696 S. Bernardino. 12,779 San Diego. 39,578 S. Francisco. 416,912 36a José 28,944 L. Obispo. 28,944 L. Obispo. 38,944 L. Obispo. 18,1655 U. Adael. 5,157 U. Adael. 5,157 U. Adael. 5,157 U. Adael. 5,157 U. Adael. 5,157 U. Adael. 5,167	(bor'gh). Planfield Plymouth. Pytnam (town) Putnam (city). Rockville (See Vernon). Southington S. Norwalk (See Nor- walk.) Stafford Stamford (town) Stamford	6,719 5,021 7,280 6,637 6,516 5,233 28,836 25,138	Macon. Marletta. Newnan Rome. Savannah. Thomasville. Valdosta. Wayeross. IDAHO Boisé. Cœur d'Alene Lewiston. Pocatello. Twin Falls. ILLINOI Alton. Aurora.	40,665 5,949 5,548 12,999 65,064 6,77 7,566 14,485 7,291 6,043 9,110 5,258 S. 17,528 29,807 6,107	Sterator. Faylorville. Urbana. Waukegan. INDIAN Alexandrla. "nderson. Bloomington. Brazil. Clinton. Coumbus. Connersville. Crawf dsville. East Chicago Elkhart. Elwood.	5,446 8,245 16,069 <b>A.</b> 5,096 22,476 8,716 8,838 9,340 6,229 8,813 7,738 19,282 11,028 69,647	Webster City KANSAS Arkans's City Atchison. Chanute. Composition Fort Sect. Galena Hutchinson. Independence iola. Junction. Kansas City. Lawrence Leavenworth. Manhattan Newton.	5,208 * 7,508 16,429 9,272 12,687 9,058 10,463 6,096 16,364 10,480 9,032 5,598 82,331 12,374 19,363 5,722 7,862
Marysville. 5.430 Napa. 5.791 Oakland. 150,174 Pasadena. 30,291 Petaluma. 5.880 Pomora. 10,207 Krdlands. 10,449 Richmond. 6.80 Richmond. 6.80 Sacramento 44.696 S. Bernardino. 12,779 San Diego. 39,578 S. Francisco. 416,912 36a José 28,944 L. Obispo. 28,944 L. Obispo. 38,944 L. Obispo. 18,1655 U. Adael. 5,157 U. Adael. 5,157 U. Adael. 5,157 U. Adael. 5,157 U. Adael. 5,157 U. Adael. 5,167	(bor'gh). Planfield Plymouth. Pytnam (town) Putnam (city). Rockville (See Vernon). Southington S. Norwalk (See Nor- walk.) Stafford Stamford (town) Stamford	6,719 5,021 7,280 6,637 6,516 5,233 28,836 25,138 9,154	Macon. Marletta. Newnan Rome Savannah. Thomasville. Valdosta. Wayeross IDAHO Bolsé. Cœur d'Alene Lewiston. Twin Falls. ILLINOI Alton. Aurora. Beardstown.	40,665 5,949 5,548 12,999 65,064 6,77 7,566 14,485 7,291 6,043 9,110 5,258 S. 17,528 29,807 6,107	Sterator. Faylorville. Urbana. Waukegan. INDIAN Alexandrla. "nderson. Bloomington. Brazil. Clinton. Coumbus. Connersville. Crawf dsville. East Chicago Elkhart. Elwood.	5,446 8,245 16,069 <b>A.</b> 5,096 22,476 8,716 8,838 9,340 6,229 8,813 7,738 19,282 11,028 69,647	Webster City KANSAS Arkans's City Atchison. Chanute. Coffeyville. Emporla. Fort Scott. Galena. Hutchinson. Independence Iola. Junction. Kansas City. Lawrence. Leavenworth. Manhattan Newton. Ottawa.	5,208  * 7,508 16,429 9,272 12,687 9,058 10,463 6,096 16,364 10,480 9,032 5,598 82,331 12,373 19,363 5,722 7,865
Marysville. 5.430 Napa. 5.791 Oakland. 150,174 Pasadena. 30,291 Petaluma. 5.880 Pomora. 10,207 Kcdlands. 10,449 Richmond. 6.80 Richmond. 6.80 S. Bernardino. 12,779 San Diego. 39,578 S. Francisco. 416,912 Jan Jose. 28,944 L. Obispo. 5,157 L. Rafael. 5,157 L. Rafael. 5,157 L. Afael. 1,1659 L. Poruz. 11,144	(bor'gh). Plainfield Plymouth. Pytnam (town). Putnam (city). Rockville (See Vernon). Southington. S. Norwalk (See Norwalk (See Norwalk). Stamford (town). Stamford (town). Stomford (city). Stomington.	6,719 5,021 7,280 6,637 6,516 5,233 28,836 25,138	Macon. Marletta. Newnan Rome. Savannah. Thomasville. Valdosta. Wayeross.  IDAHO Boisé. Cœur d' Alene Lewiston. Twin Falls. ILLINOI Alton. Aurora. Beardstown. Belleville.	40,665 5,949 5,548 12, 199 65,064 6,77,7,696 14,485 7,291 6,043 9,110 5,258 S. 17,528 29,807 21,122 7,253	Sterator. Faylorville. Urbana. Waukegan. INDIAN Alexandrla. "nderson. Bloomington. Brazil. Clinton. Coumbus. Connersville. East Chicago Elkhart. Elwood. Evansville. Fort Wayne. Frankfort.	5,446 8,245 16,069 A. 5,096 22,476 8,716 8,838 9,340 6,229 8,813 7,738 9,371 19,098 19,282 11,028 69,647 63,933	Webster City KANSAS Arkans's City Atchison. Chanute Coffeyville. Emporla. Fort Scott. Galena. Hutchison. Hutchison. Kansas City. Lawrence. Leavenworth. Manhattan Newton. Ottawa. Parsons.	5,208 * 7,508 16,429 9,272 12,687 9,058 10,463 6,096 16,364 10,480 9,032 5,598 82,331 12,374 19,362 7,862 7,862 7,662 12,463
Marysville. 5,430 Napa. 5,791 Oakland. 150,174 Pasadena. 30,291 Petaluma. 5,80 Pomona. 10,207 Kirdlands. 10,449 Richmond. 6,802 Riverside. 15,212 Sacramento. 44,694 S, Bernardino 12,779 San Diego. 39,578 S, Francisco. 416,912 šan José. 28,946 L. Obispo. 5,947 u Rafael. 5,934 tta Ana. 8,422 tta B'bara. 11,659 9, Cruz. 11,144 tMonica 7,847	Coorgn). Planfield Plymouth Plymouth Putnam (city) Rockville (See Vernon). S. Norwalk. Seamond. Stafford. Stafford. (City). Stamford (City). Stomington Stomington Stratford Torrington	6,719 5,021 7,280 6,637 6,516 5,233 28,836 25,138 9,154 5,712	Macon. Marletta. Newnan Rome Savannah. Thomasville. Valdosta. Waycross. IDAHO Bolsé. Cœur d'Alene Lewiston. Twin Falls. ILLINOI Alton. Aurora. Beardstown. Belleville.	40,665 5,949 5,548 12, 199 65,064 6,77,7,696 14,485 7,291 6,043 9,110 5,258 S. 17,528 29,807 21,122 7,253	Sterator. Faylorville. Urbana. Waukegan. INDIAN Alexandrla. "nderson. Bloomington. Brazil. Clinton. Coumbus. Connersville. East Chicago Elkhart. Elwood. Evansville. Fort Wayne. Frankfort.	5,446 8,245 16,069 A. 5,096 22,476 8,716 8,838 9,340 6,229 8,813 9,371 19,098 19,282 11,028 69,647 63,933 66,634	Webster City KANSAS Arkans's City Atchison. Chanute. Coffeyville. Emporla. Fort Scott. Galena. Hutchinson. Independence Iola. Junction. Kansas City. Lawrence. Leavenworth. Manhattan Newton Ottawa. Parsons. Pittsburg.	5,208 * 7,508 16,429 9,272 12,687 9,058 10,463 6,063 6,063 10,480 9,032 5,598 82,331 12,374 19,363 5,722 7,650 12,465 12,465 12,465
Marysville. 5,430 Napa. 5,791 Oakland. 150,174 Pasadena. 30,291 Petaluma. 5,808 Pomena. 10,207 Krdlands. 10,449 Richmond. 6,802 Riverside. 15,212 Sacramento. 44,696 S. Bernardino 12,779 S. Francisco. 416,912 d. Dispo. 5,157 u. Rafael. 5,941 ta. Ana. 8,425 u. Bernardino. 14,691 d. Arael. 5,941 ta. Barael. 1,465 g. Cruz. 11,144 t. Monica. 7,817 Rosa. 7,817 t. Rosa. 7,817 t. Rosa. 7,817 t. Rosa. 7,817 t. Rosa. 7,817 t. Rosa. 7,817 t. Rosa. 7,817 t. Rosa. 7,817 t. Rosa. 7,817 t. Rosa. 7,817	(bor'gh). Plainfield Plymouth. Plymouth. Putnam (town). Rockville (See Vernon). Southington. S. Norwalk (See Nor- walk.) Stamford Stamford (town) Stamford (city) Stonington Stratford Torrington (town)	6,719 5,021 7,280 6,637 6,516 5,233 28,836 25,138 9,154 5,712	Macon. Marletta. Newnan Rome Savannah. Thomasville. Valdosta. Waycross. IDAHO Bolsé. Cœur d'Alene Lewiston. Twin Falls. ILLINOI Alton. Aurora. Beardstown. Belleville.	40,665 5,949 5,548 12, 199 65,064 6,77,7,696 14,485 7,291 6,043 9,110 5,258 S. 17,528 29,807 21,122 7,253	Sterator. Faylorville. Urbana. Waukegan. INDIAN Alexandrla. "nderson. Bloomington. Brazil. Clinton. Coumbus. Connersville. East Chicago Elkhart. Elwood. Evansville. Fort Wayne. Frankfort.	5,446 8,245 16,069 <b>A.</b> 5,096 22,476 8,716 8,838 9,340 6,229 8,813 7,738 9,371 19,098 19,282 11,028 69,647 63,933 8,634	Webster City KANSAS Arkans's City Atchison. Coffeey tile. Empode. For Communication Coffees Communication Coffees Communication Coffees Communication Coffees Communication Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Coffees Co	5,208 * 7,508 16,429 9,27 12,687 9,058 10,463 6,096 16,364 10,480 9,032 5,598 82,331 12,374 19,364 19,762 7,862 7,662 12,463 14,755 5,960
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Goshen.	5,446 8,245 16,096 22,476 8,716 8,716 8,838 9,340 6,229 8,813 7,738 9,371 19,098 11,028 69,647 63,933 8,634 16,862	Webster City KANSAS Arkans's City Atchison. Chanute. Coffeyville. Emporla. Fort Scott. Galena. Hutchinson. Independence Iola. Junction. Kansas City. Lawrence. Leavenworth. Manhattan Newton Ottawa. Parsons. Pittsburg. Rosedale. Salina.	5,208 * 7,508 16,429 9,272 12,689 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480
Marysville. 5430 Napa. 5791 Oakland. 150,174 Pasadena. 30,291 Petaluma. 5,80 Pomera. 10,207 Krdlands. 10,409 Richmond. 6,802 Riverside. 15,212 Sacramento. 44,696 S. Bernardino 12,779 San Diego. 39,578 S. Francisco. 416,912 L. Obispo. 5,157 u. Rafael. 5,934 tta Ana. 8,422 ta B-bara. 11,659 q. Cruz. 11,146 1 Monica. 7,847 Rosa. 7,817 tton. 23,255 ejo. 11,346 COLCRADO.	(bor'gh). Plainfield Plymouth Plymouth Putnam (ctown) Rockville (See Vernon). Southington S. Norwalk (See Nor- walk.) Stamford Stamford Stamford (ctown) Stonington Stratford Torrington (town) Torrington (town)	6,719 5,021 7,280 6,637 6,516 5,233 28,836 25,138 9,154 5,712 16,840	Macon. Marletta. Newnan Rome. Savannah. Thomasville. Valdosta. Wayeross. IDAHO Boisé. Cœur d' Alene Lewiston. Pocatello. Twin Falls. ILLINOI Alton. Aurora. Beardstown. Bellevidere Berwyn. Bloomington. Blue Island.	40,665 5,949 5,548 12,99 65,064 6,77 7,656 14,485 7,291 6,043 9,110 5,258 S. 17,528 29,807 6,107 21,122 7,253 5,841 25,768	Sterator. Faylorville. Urbana. Waukegan. INDIAN Alexandrla. "derson. Bedford. Bloomington. Brazil. Clinton. Columbus. Connersville. Craw'dsville. East Chicago Ekhart. Eiwood. Evansville. Frankfort. Gary. Goshen. Greensburg.	5,446 8,245 16,069 A. 5,096 22,476 8,716 8,716 8,838 9,340 6,229 8,813 7,738 19,282 11,028 69,647 63,933 8,634 16,862 8,514	Webster City KANSAS Arkans's City Atchison. Coffeey tille. Empoda. Folianate Hutchinson. Independence tola. Junction. Kansas City. Lawrence Leavenworth. Manhattan Newton Ottawa. Parsons. Pittsburg Rosedale. Salina. Topeka.	5,208 *7,508 16,429 9,275 12,687 9,058 10,463 6,096 16,364 10,480 9,032 5,598 52,331 12,374 19,363 12,463 14,755 5,960 9,688 43,688
Marysville. 5430 Napa. 5791 Oakland. 150,174 Pasadena. 30,291 Petaluma. 5,80 Pomera. 10,207 Krdlands. 10,409 Richmond. 6,802 Riverside. 15,212 Sacramento. 44,696 S. Bernardino 12,779 San Diego. 39,578 S. Francisco. 416,912 L. Obispo. 5,157 u. Rafael. 5,934 tta Ana. 8,422 ta B-bara. 11,659 q. Cruz. 11,146 1 Monica. 7,847 Rosa. 7,817 tton. 23,255 ejo. 11,346 COLCRADO.	Coor'gh) Plalnfield Plymouth Plymouth Putnam (city) Rockville (See Vernon). S. Nor walk (see Nor-walk (see Nor-walk (town). Stamford (city). Stamford (city). Stonington Stratford Torrington (town) Torrington (bor'gh).	6,719 5,021 7,280 6,637 6,516 5,233 28,836 25,138 9,154 5,712 16,840 15,483	Macon. Marletta. Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan	40,665 5,948 12,99 65,064 67,77 7,696 14,485 7,291 6,043 9,110 5,258 S. 17,528 29,807 6,107 21,122 7,253 6,043 14,548 8,043 14,548	Sterator. Faylorville. Urbana. Waukegan. INDIAN Alexandrla. Haderson. Bioomington. Brazil. Clinton. Coumbus. Connersville. East Chicago Eikhart. Eiwood. Evansville. Fort Wayne. Frankfort. Gary. Goshen. Greensburg. Hammond.	5,446 8,245 16,069 A. 5,096 22,476 8,716 8,838 9,340 6,229 8,813 7,371 19,098 19,282 11,028 69,634 63,933 8,634 16,862 8,514 5,420	Webster City KANSAS Arkans's City Atchison. Chanute. Coffeyville. Emporla. Fort Scott. Galena. Hutchinson. Independence Iola. Junction. Kansas City. Lawrence. Leavenworth. Manhattan. Newton. Ottawa. Parsons. Pittsburg. Rosedale. Salina. Topeka. Wetlington.	5,208 * 7,508 16,429 9,272 12,687 9,058 10,463 6,096 16,364 10,480 9,032 82,331 12,374 19,363 5,722 7,862 7,653 14,755 5,968 43,684 7,034
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Marysville. 5,430 Napa. 5,791 Oakland. 150,174 Pasadena 30,291 Petaluma 5,80 Pomora 10,207 Kcdlands. 10,407 Kcdlands. 10,407 Kcdlands. 10,407 Kcdlands. 10,407 Kcdlands. 10,407 Kcdlands. 10,407 Kcdlands. 10,407 Kcdlands. 10,207 Kcdlands. 10,207 Kcdlands. 10,207 Kcdlands. 10,207 Kcdlands. 10,207 Kcdlands. 10,207 Kcdlands. 10,207 Kcdlands. 10,207 Kcdlands. 10,207 Kcdlands. 10,207 Kcdlands. 10,207 Kcdlands. 10,207 Kcdlands. 11,207 Kcdlands. 12,207 Kcdlands. 11,207	Chor'gh) Plalnfield Plymouth Plymouth Putnam (city) Rockville (See Vernon). S. Norwalk Stamford Stamford Stamford City) Stamford Torrington Torrington Torrington (bor'gh) Vernon Rockville	6,719 5,021 7,280 6,637 6,516 5,233 28,836 25,138 9,154 5,712 16,840 15,483 9,087	Macon. Marletta. Newnan Rome Savannah. Thomasville. Valdosta. Wayeross IDAHO Bolsé. Cœur d'Alene Lewiston. Pocatelio. Twin Falls. ILLINOI Alton. Aurora. Beardstown. Belleville. Berwyn. Biloomington. Biloomington. Cairo. Canton. Carbondale.	40,665 5,948 12,999 65,064 66,797 7,656 14,485 7,358 7,291 6,043 9,100 5,258 8,17,528 29,807 6,107 21,122 7,253 6,043 12,5768 8,043 14,548 10,453 14,548 10,453 15,411	Sterator. Faylorville. Urbana. Waukegan. INDIAN Alexandrla. derson. Bedford. Biloomington. Brazil. Clinton. Columbus. Connersville. Crawf'dsville. East Chicago Eikhart. Elwood Evansville. Fort Wayne. Frankfort. Gorensburg. Greensburg. Hammond. Hartford. Hammond. Hartford. Huntington.	5,446 8,245 16,069 A. 5,096 22,476 8,716 8,838 9,340 6,229 8,813 9,371 19,098 11,028 69,647 63,933 8,634 16,862 8,514 6,634 16,862 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 10,20 1	Webster City KANSAS Arkans's City Atchison. Chanute Coffeyville. Emporla. Fort Scott Galena. Hutchinson. Independence Junetion. Kansas City. Lawrence. Leavenworth. Manhattan Newton. Ottawa. Parsons. Pittsburg. Rosedale. Salina. Topeka. Wellington.	5,208 ** 7,508 16,429 9,272 12,687 9,058 10,463 10,463 10,480 9,032 5,598 82,331 12,374 19,363 12,463 14,755 5,960 9,688 43,684 7,034
Marysville. 5,430 Napa. 5,791 Oakland. 150,174 Pasadena 30,291 Petaluma 5,80 Pomora 10,207 Kcdlands. 10,407 Kcdlands. 10,407 Kcdlands. 10,407 Kcdlands. 10,407 Kcdlands. 10,407 Kcdlands. 10,407 Kcdlands. 10,407 Kcdlands. 10,207 Kcdlands. 10,207 Kcdlands. 10,207 Kcdlands. 10,207 Kcdlands. 10,207 Kcdlands. 10,207 Kcdlands. 10,207 Kcdlands. 10,207 Kcdlands. 10,207 Kcdlands. 10,207 Kcdlands. 10,207 Kcdlands. 10,207 Kcdlands. 11,207 Kcdlands. 12,207 Kcdlands. 11,207	Chor'gh) Plalnfield Plymouth Plymouth Putnam (city) Rockville (See Vernon). S. Norwalk Stamford Stamford Stamford City) Stamford Torrington Torrington Torrington (bor'gh) Vernon Rockville	6,719 5,021 7,280 6,637 6,516 5,233 28,836 25,138 9,154 5,712 16,840 15,483 9,087	Macon. Marletta. Newnan Newnan Savannah. Thomasville. Valdosta. Waycross  IDAHO Boisé. Lewiston. Pocatello. Twin Falls. ILLINOI Alton. Aurora. Beardstown. Bellevidere. Berwyn. Biue Island. Cairo. Carbondale. Carbondale.	40,645 5,948 12,946 65,048 12,946 66,727 7,6465 7,358 7,291 6,043 9,110 5,258 S. 17,528 29,807 21,122 7,253 5,841 25,768 8,043 14,548 10,453 5,411 9,680	Sterator Faylorville. Urbana. Waukegan. Waukegan. INDIAN Alexandrla. "derson. Bedford. Bloomington. Brazill Columbus. Connersville. Connersville. East Chicago Eikhart. Elwood. Eyansville. Frankfort. Gary. Goshen. Greensburg. Hammond Hartford. Huntington.	5,446 8,245 16,069 A. 5,096 22,476 8,716 8,838 9,340 6,229 8,340 19,371 19,098 19,282 11,028 69,647 63,933 8,634 16,862 8,514 5,420 20,925 6,187 10,272 233,650	Webster City KANSAS Arkans's City Atchison. Chanute. Coffeyville. Emporla. Fort Scott. Galena. Hutchinson. Junction Kansas City. Lawrence. Leavenworth Manhattan. Newton Ottawa. Parsons. Pittsburg. Rosedale. Salina. Topeka. Topeka. Wichita. Winfield	5,208 * 7,508 16,429 9,272 12,687 9,032 10,463 10,483 10,483 10,483 12,374 19,363 12,374 19,363 14,755 12,463 14,755 9,688 43,684 7,034 52,450 6,700
Marysville. 5,430 Napa. 5,791 Oakland. 150,174 Pasadena 30,291 Petaluma 5,80 Pomora 10,207 Kcdlands. 10,407 Kcdlands. 10,407 Kcdlands. 10,407 Kcdlands. 10,407 Kcdlands. 10,407 Kcdlands. 10,407 Kcdlands. 10,407 Kcdlands. 10,207 Kcdlands. 10,207 Kcdlands. 10,207 Kcdlands. 10,207 Kcdlands. 10,207 Kcdlands. 10,207 Kcdlands. 10,207 Kcdlands. 10,207 Kcdlands. 10,207 Kcdlands. 10,207 Kcdlands. 10,207 Kcdlands. 10,207 Kcdlands. 11,207 Kcdlands. 12,207 Kcdlands. 11,207	Chor'gh) Plalnfield Plymouth Plymouth Putnam (city) Rockville (See Vernon). S. Norwalk Stamford Stamford Stamford City) Stamford Torrington Torrington Torrington (bor'gh) Vernon Rockville	6,719 5,021 7,280 6,637 6,516 5,233 28,836 25,138 9,154 5,712 16,840 15,483	Macon. Marletta. Newnan Newnan Savannah. Thomasville. Valdosta. Waycross  IDAHO Boisé. Lewiston. Pocatello. Twin Falls. ILLINOI Alton. Aurora. Beardstown. Bellevidere. Berwyn. Biue Island. Cairo. Carbondale. Carbondale.	40,645 5,948 12,946 65,048 12,946 66,727 7,6465 7,358 7,291 6,043 9,110 5,258 S. 17,528 29,807 21,122 7,253 5,841 25,768 8,043 14,548 10,453 5,411 9,680	Sterator Faylorville. Urbana. Waukegan. Waukegan. INDIAN Alexandrla. "derson. Bedford. Bloomington. Brazill Columbus. Connersville. Connersville. East Chicago Eikhart. Elwood. Eyansville. Frankfort. Gary. Goshen. Greensburg. Hammond Hartford. Huntington.	5,446 8,245 16,069 A. 5,096 22,476 8,716 8,716 8,738 9,340 6,229 8,813 7,738 19,282 11,028 69,647 10,282 69,647 10,282 11,028 69,647 10,282 11,028 69,647 10,282 11,028 61,032 10,025 61,032 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10,025 10	Webster City KANSAS Arkans's City Atchison. Chanute. Comporta. Fort Scott. Galena. Hutchinson. Independence iola. Junction. Kansas City. Lawrence. Leavenworth. Manhattan Newton. Ottawa. Parsons. Pittsburg. Rosedale. Salina. Topeka. Weilington. Wichità. Winfield KENTUCI	5,208 * 7,508 16,429 9,272 12,687 9,052 10,463 6,096 16,364 10,480 9,032 5,598 82,331 12,374 19,363 19,363 14,755 5,960 9,688 43,684 7,034 52,450 6,700
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Carbondale.	40,645 5,948 12,946 65,048 12,946 66,727 7,6465 7,358 7,291 6,043 9,110 5,258 S. 17,528 29,807 21,122 7,253 5,841 25,768 8,043 14,548 10,453 5,411 9,680	Sterator Faylorville. Urbana. Waukegan. Waukegan. INDIAN Alexandrla. "derson. Bedford. Bloomington. Brazill Columbus. Connersville. Connersville. East Chicago Eikhart. Elwood. Eyansville. Frankfort. Gary. Goshen. Greensburg. Hammond Hartford. Huntington.	5,446 8,245 16,069 A. 5,096 22,476 8,716 8,838 9,340 6,229 8,317 19,098 19,282 11,028 69,647 63,933 8,634 16,862 8,514 5,420 20,925 6,187 10,272 20,325 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,272 10,2	Webster City KANSAS Arkans's City Atchison. Chanute. Coffeyville. Emporla. Fort Scott. Galena. Hutchinson. Junction Kansas City. Lawrence. Leavenworth Manhattan Newton Ottawa. Parsons. Pittsburg Rosedale. Topeka. Wellington. Wichita Winfield KENTUCI	5,208 * 7,508 16,429 9,272 12,687 9,052 10,463 6,096 6,096 10,480 9,032 5,598 82,331 12,374 19,363 19,363 14,755 5,968 43,684 7,862 7,6650 12,465 6,700 \$\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\currece{\cu
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Waukegan. Waukegan. INDIAN Alexandrla. "derson. Bedford. Bloomington. Brazill. Cinmbus. Conmersville. Conmersville. Connersville. East Chicago Eihart. East Chicago Eihart. Gary. Goshen. Greensburg. Hammond. Hartford. Huntington. Indianapolis. Jeffersonville. Kokomo. Lafayette. Laporte. Laporte. Laporte. Laporte. Lebauon. Linton.	5,446 8,245 16,069 A. 5,096 8,716 8,716 8,718 9,340 19,282 11,028 69,647 63,933 16,852 4,20 20,925 6,187 10,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11	Webster City KANSAS Arkans's City Atchison. Confeyville. Emporla. Fort Scott. Galena. Hutchinson. Hutchinson. Hutchinson. Kansas City. Lawrence. Leavenworth. Manhattan. Newton. Ottawa. Parsons. Pittsburg. Rosedale. Topeka. Wellington. Wichita Winfield. KENTUCI Salina. Bowling Gr'in Covington. Bowling Gr'in Covington.	5,208 * 7,508 16,427 9,272 12,687 9,058 10,463 6,096 16,364 10,480 0,032 5,598 82,331 12,374 12,363 5,725 12,463 14,755 5,960 9,688 43,684 7,034 55,450 6,700 \$\text{Y}\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$
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Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan Newnan	40,665 5,949 5,548 12,99 65,064 67,77 7,656 14,485 7,291 6,043 9,110 9,110 25,788 17,528 27,253 14,548 125,768 14,485 15,768 14,548 15,768 15,841 16,568 15,841 16,568 15,841 16,568 15,841 16,568	Sterator. Faylorville. Urbana. Waukegan. Waukegan. INDIAN Alexandrla. "derson. Bedford. Bloomington. Brazill. Cinmbus. Conmersville. Conmersville. Connersville. East Chicago Eihart. East Chicago Eihart. Gary. Goshen. Greensburg. Hammond. Hartford. Huntington. Indianapolis. Jeffersonville. Kokomo. Lafayette. Laporte. Laporte. Laporte. Laporte. Lebauon. Linton.	5,446 8,245 16,069 A. 5,096 8,716 8,716 8,718 9,340 19,282 11,028 69,647 63,933 16,852 4,20 20,925 6,187 10,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11	Webster City KANSAS Arkans's City Atchison. Confeyville. Emporla. Fort Scott. Galena. Hutchinson. Hutchinson. Hutchinson. Kansas City. Lawrence. Leavenworth. Manhattan. Newton. Ottawa. Parsons. Pittsburg. Rosedale. Topeka. Wellington. Wichita Winfield. KENTUCI Salina. Bowling Gr'in Covington. Bowling Gr'in Covington.	5,208  * 7,508 16,429 9,272 12,687 9,032 5,598 82,331 10,480 9,032 5,598 82,331 12,374 19,363 5,722 7,862 7,650 12,463 14,755 5,960 9,688 43,684 7,690 \$\$43,684 7,690 \$\$43,684 \$\$5,788 \$\$43,684 \$\$7,682 \$\$7,682 \$\$7,682 \$\$7,682 \$\$7,682 \$\$7,682 \$\$7,682 \$\$7,682 \$\$7,682 \$\$7,682 \$\$7,682 \$\$7,682 \$\$7,682 \$\$7,682 \$\$7,682 \$\$7,682 \$\$7,682 \$\$9,173 \$\$5,490 \$\$5,490 \$\$6,979
Marysville. 5.430 Mapa. 5.791 Oakland. 150,174 Pasadena 30,291 Petaluma 5.880 Pomora 10,207 Kcdlands 10,449 Richmond 6.82 Riverside 15,212 Sacramento. 44,696 S. Bernardino 12,779 San Diego. 39,578 S. Francisco. 416,912 Jan José. 28,946 L. Obispo. 5.157 q. Rafael. 5,934 tta Ana. 8,429 ta B. Bara. 11,659 q. Cruz. 11,144 Rosa. 7,817 tion. 23,255 do. 11,344 COLORADO. Joulder. 9,538 Cañon City. 5,162 Col. Springs. 29,078 Cripple Creek 6,206 Denver. 21,338 Fort Collins. 8,216 Gd. Junction. 7,756 Gd. Junction. 7,757 Fueblo. 44,399 Trinidad. 10,200	Coor'gh). Platnfield Plymouth Plymouth Putnam (ctwn) Rockville (See Vernoa). Southington S. Nor walk Cown). Stamford (city) Stamford (city) Stonington Stratford Torrington (town) Torrington (town) Vernoa (city) West Haven Wallingford (bor'gh). West Haven (See Or-	6,719 5,021 7,280 6,637 6,516 5,233 28,836 25,138 9,1512 16,840 15,483 9,087 7,977 11,155 8,690	Macon. Marletta. Newnan Newnan Savannah. Thomasville. Valdosta. Waycross  IDAHO Boisé. Cour d'Alene Lewiston. Twin Falls. ILLINOI Alton. Aurora. Beardstown. Belleville. Belvidere Berwyn. Bloomington. Bue Island. Cairo. Carbondale. Charleston. Chicago. Chicago H'ts. Cicero. Cilinton. Collinsville. Danville.	40,665 5,949 5,548 15,548 16,707 7,666 6,747 7,666 14,485 7,7358 8,8 17,528 29,807 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,122 21,	Sterator. Faylorville. Urbana. Waukegan. Waukegan. INDIAN Alexandrla. "derson. Bedford. Bloomington. Brazil. Clinton. Columbus. Connersville. Craw'dsville. East Chicago Ekhart. Eiwood. Evansville. Frort Wayne. Frankfort. Gary. Goshen. Greensburg. Hammond Huntington. Indianapolis. Jeffersonville. Kokomo. Lafayette. Laporte. Laporte. Lebanon. Linton. Logansport.	5,446 8,245 16,069 A. 5,096 22,476 8,838 9,371 19,098 8,813 7,738 9,371 19,098 8,813 7,738 9,371 19,098 16,229 11,028 69,647 10,272 20,925 6,187 10,272 21,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,0	Webster City KANSAS Arkans's City Atchison. Connute. Coffeyville. Emporla. Fort Scott. Galena. Hutchinson. Junction Kansas City. Lawrence. Leavenworth Manhattan. Newton. Ottawa. Parsons. Pittsburg. Rosedale. Salina. Topeka. Topeka. Wichita. Wichita Winfield KENTUG. Bowling Gr'n Covington. Danville. Dayton. Frankfort.	5,208  * 7,508 16,429 9,272 12,658 10,458 6,096 10,480 9,032 5,398 82,374 19,363 5,762 7,460 12,460 14,755 5,968 43,688 43,684 43,684 43,684 6,683 9,173 53,270 6,979
Marysville	Coor'gh) Planfield Plymouth Pytnam (town). Putnam (city) Rockville (See Vernon). Southingston. S. Norwalk (See Nor- walk) Stafford Stamford (town). Stamford Stoningston Torrington (town). Torrington (town). Rockville (etty). Wallingford (town). Wallingford (town). Wallingford (town). Wallingford (town). Wallingford (town). Wallingford (town). Wallingford (town). Wallingford (town). Wasterbury West Haven (See Or- ange).	6,719 5,021 7,280 6,637 6,516 5,233 28,836 25,138 9,1512 16,840 15,483 9,087 7,977 11,155 8,690	Macon. Marletta. Newnan Newnan Rome Savannah Thomasville. Valdosta. Wayeross  Cœur d'Alene Lewiston. Pocatello Twin Falls  ILLINOI Alton. Aurora. Beardstown. Bellevidere Belvidere Belvidere Belvidere Berwyn. Bloomington Bue Island. Cairo. Canton Canton Canton Canton Canton Canton Canton Canton Canton Canton Collinsyille Danville Danville Danville Danville Decatur	40,665 5,949 5,548 65,064 65,064 7,7,566 6,777 7,666 14,485 7,291 6,043 9,807 21,122 7,298 8,043 11,122 7,258 8,043 11,122 7,258 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528	Sterator. Faylorville. Urbana. Waukegan. INDIAN Alexandrla. "derson Bedford. Bloomington Brazil. Clinton. Columbus. Connersville. Crawf'dsville. East Chicago Eikhart. Ewood. Evansville. Frort Wayne. Frankfort. Gary. Goshen. Greensburg. Hammond. Huntington. Indianapolis. Jokosowolis. Jokosowolis. Jokosowolis. Jokosowolis. Lafayette. Laporte. Lebauon. Linton. Logansport. Madison. Marion.	5,446 8,245 16,069 A. 5,096 22,476 8,838 9,371 19,098 8,813 7,738 9,371 19,098 8,813 7,738 9,371 19,098 16,229 11,028 69,647 10,272 20,925 6,187 10,272 21,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,028 11,0	Webster City KANSAS Arkans's City Atchison. Coffeey tille. Empoda. For Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Cons	5,208 * 7,508 16,429 12,627 12,638 10,463 10,480 10,480 10,480 10,480 11,755 12,450 11,452 12,463 14,755 15,450 16,700 17,862 17,660 18,688 11,755 18,683 11,755 18,683 11,755 18,683 11,755 18,683 11,755 18,700 18,683
Marysville. 5,430 Mapa. 5,791 Oakland. 150,174 Pasadena 30,291 Petaluma 5,80 Pomora 10,207 Krdlands 10,407 Krdlands 10,407 Krdlands 10,407 Krdlands 10,407 Krdlands 10,407 Krdlands 10,407 Krdlands 10,407 Krdlands 10,407 Krdlands 10,408 S. Bernardino 12,773 S. Francisco 416,912 L. Obispo 5,137 V. Rafael 5,934 V. Tuz 11,140 V. Tuz 11,140 V. Tuz 11,140 V. Tuz 11,140 V. Tuz 11,140 V. Tuz 11,140 V. Tuz 11,140 V. Tuz 11,140 V. Tuz 11,140 V. Tuz 11,140 V. Tuz 11,140 V. Tuz 11,140 V. Tuz 11,140 V. Tuz 11,140 V. Tuz 11,140 V. Tuz 11,140 V. Tuz 11,140 V. Tuz 11,140 V. Tuz 11,140 V. Tuz 11,140 V. Tuz 11,140 V. Tuz 11,140 V. Tuz 11,140 V. Tuz 11,140 V. Tuz 11,140 V. Tuz 11,140 V. Tuz 11,140 V. Tuz 11,140 V. Tuz 11,140 V. Tuz 11,140 V. Tuz 11,140 V. Tuz 11,140 V. Tuz 11,140 V. Tuz 11,140 V. Tuz 11,140 V. Tuz 11,140 V. Tuz 11,140 V. Tuz 11,140 V. Tuz 11,140 V. Tuz 11,140 V. Tuz 11,140 V. Tuz 11,140 V. Tuz 11,140 V. Tuz 11,140 V. Tuz 11,140 V. Tuz 11,140 V. Tuz 11,140 V. Tuz 11,140 V. Tuz 11,140 V. 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Tuz 11,140 V. Tuz 11,140 V. Tuz 11,140 V. Tuz 11,140 V	Chor'gh) Planfield Plymouth Plymouth Putnam (ctwn) Rockville (See Vernon) S. Nor walk (See Nor-Stafford Stamford (city) Stamford (city) Stamford (city) Torrington (town) Torrington (town) Torrington (town) West Haven (See Orange) Watth watth (bor'gh) West Haven ange) Willimantic	6,719 5,021 7,280 6,637 6,516 5,233 28,836 25,138 9,1512 16,840 15,483 9,087 7,977 11,155 8,690	Macon. Marletta. Newnan Newnan Savannah. Thomasville. Valdosta. Waycross  IDAHO Boisé. Toathor Coeur d'Alene Lewiston. Twin Falls. ILLINOI Alton. Aurora. Beardstown. Belleville. Belvidere Berwyn. Blue Island. Cairo. Carbondale. Charleston. Charleston. Charleston. Chicago. Calton. Chicago. Cilitton. Collinsville. Decatur De Kalb.	40,665 5,949 5,548 65,064 65,064 7,7,566 6,777 7,666 14,485 7,291 6,043 9,807 21,122 7,298 8,043 11,122 7,258 8,043 11,122 7,258 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528 11,528	Sterator. 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Marion.	5.446, 6, 6, 93 10, 272 20, 916, 110, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 474 10, 522 5, 522 5, 522 5, 522 5, 522 5, 522 5, 522 5, 522 5, 522 5, 522 5, 522 5, 522 5, 522	Webster City KANSAS Arkans's City Atchison. 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Willimantic (See Wind-	6,719 5,021 7,280 6,637 6,516 5,233 28,836 25,138 9,1512 16,840 15,483 9,087 7,977 11,155 8,690	Macon. Marletta. Newnan Rome Savannah Thomasville. Valdosta. Wayeross  IDAHO Bolsé. Cœur d'Alene Lewiston. Pocatello Twin Falls. ILLINOI Alton. Aurora. Beardstown. Bellevidere Belvidere Berwyn. Bloomington Blue Island. Cairo. Carbondale. Canton. Carbondale. Charleston. Charleston. Cincago. Charleston. Cincago H'ts. 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Duquoln.	40,665 5,949 5,548 5,548 65,064 67,77 7,666 6,727 7,666 6,727 7,666 14,485 7,291 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528 17,528	Steraitor. 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City Milshawaka.	5.446, 6.29 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1.6.25 (1	Webster City KANSAS Arkans's City Atchison. Coffeyville. Emporla. Fort Scott. Galena. Hutchinson. Junction Kansas City. Lawrence. Leavenworth. Manhattan. Newton. Ottawa. Parsons. Pittsburg. Rosedale. Salina. Topeka. Welington. Welington. Welington. Welington. Winfield. KENTUCI Ashland. Bellevue. Bowling Gr'n Covington. Danville. Dayton. Frankfort. Henderson. Hopkinsville. Lexington.	5,208 7,508 9,272 9,272 9,072 9,072 9,072 9,072 9,072 9,072 10,483 6,096 6,364 10,480 6,364 10,480 6,364 10,480 6,364 11,482 6,363 6,782 7,782 7,782 7,782 6,833 11,473 52,480 6,833 6,782 7,034 6,833 6,782 7,034 11,472 52,480 6,833 6,782 11,473 53,770 11,473 53,770 11,473 53,770 11,473 53,770 11,473 53,770 11,473 53,770 11,473 53,770 11,473 53,770 11,473 53,770 11,473 53,770 11,473 53,770 11,473 53,770 11,473 15,770 11,473 15,770 11,473 15,770 11,473 15,770 15,770 16,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,770 17,
Marysville	Coorgan, Coorgan, Plainfield Plainfield Plymouth Plymouth Putnam (city) Rockville (See Vernon) S. Norwalk (See Norwalk (See Norwalk) Stamford Stamford Stamford Stamford Stamford Torrington Torrington Torrington Torrington Torrington (town) Vernon (town) Rockville (city) Wallingford (town) Wallingford (town) Wallingford (town) Wallingford (town) Wallingford (town) Wallingford (town) Wallingford (town) Wallingford (town) Wallingford (town) Wallingford (town) Wallingford (town) Wallingford (town) Willingford (town) West Haven (See Orange). Willingford (See Windeham) Winchester	6.719 5,021 7,280 6,637 6,516 5,233 28,836 25,138 9,154 5,712 16,840 15,483 9,087 7,977 11,155 8,690 73,141	Macon. Marletta. Newnan Newnan Rome Savannah Thomasville. Valdosta. Wayeross  Cœur d'Alene Lewiston. Pocatello Twin Falls ILLINOI Alton. Aurora. Beardstown. Bellevidere Belvidere Belvidere Belvidere Belvidere Canton Bue Island Cairo. Carbondale Carron Carbondale Canton Carbondale Contrait Chargon Chicago H'ts. Clicero Clilinton Collinsville Danville Danville Decatur De Kalb Dixon Duquoln E, St. Louls.	40,665 5,949 5,548 15,548 15,548 17,76,66 6,777 7,6,66 6,777 7,6,66 6,777 7,6,66 7,29 1,10 1,10 1,10 1,10 1,10 1,10 1,10 1,1	Sterator. Faylorville. Urbana. Waukegan. INDIAN Alexandrla. "derson. Bedford. Bloomington. Brazil. Clinton. Columbus. Connersville. Crawf'dsville. East Chiego Eikhart. Ewood. Evansville. Fort Wayne. Frankfort. Gary. Goshen. Gerensburg. Hammond. Huntington. Indianapolis. Jokosowolis. Jokosow	5.446,069 A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	Webster City KA NSAS Arkans's City Atchison. Connute Coffeyville. Emporla. Fort Scott Galena. Hutchinson. Hutchinson. Hutchinson. Kansas City. Lawrence. Leavenworth. Manhattan. Newton. Ottawa. Parsons. Pittsburg. Rosedale. Salina. Topeka. Wellington. Wichita. Winfield KENTUCI Ashland Bellevue. Bowling Gr'n Covington. Frankfort. Henderson. Hopkinsville. Hopkinsville. Lexington. Louisville. Louisville.	5,208 7,508 19,272 19,058 19,272 19,058 10,483 6,096 10,483 6,096 10,483 1,0483 1,0483 1,0483 1,723 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,
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St. Louls.	40,665 5,949 5,548 6,6727 7,666 6,727 7,666 6,727 7,666 6,727 7,666 6,727 7,666 6,727 7,666 14,485 7,291 7,282 7,214 4,557 5,288 8,043 14,548 1,185,282 14,155 7,478 1,185,283 1,145,576 7,478 1,185,283 1,145,576 7,478 1,185,283 1,145,576 5,818 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,185,283 1,1	Sterator. Faylorville. Urbana. Waukegan. Waukegan. INDIAN Alexandrla. "derson. Bedford. Bloomington. Brazili. Columbus. Connersville. Connersville. East Chicago Eikhart. Eiwood. Evansville. Frankfort. Gary. Goshen. Greensburg. Hammond. Hartford. Huntington. Indianapolis. Jeffersonville. Kokomo. Lafayette. Laporte. Laporte. Laporte. Laporte. Lebanon. Linton. Marion. Marion. Mi c h i g a n City. Mishawaka. Mt. Vernon. Muncle.	5.446,069 A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	Webster City KA NSAS Arkans's City Atchison. Connute Coffeyville. Emporla. Fort Scott Galena. Hutchinson. Hutchinson. Hutchinson. Kansas City. Lawrence. Leavenworth. Manhattan. Newton. Ottawa. Parsons. Pittsburg. Rosedale. Salina. Topeka. Wellington. Wichita. Winfield KENTUCI Ashland Bellevue. Bowling Gr'n Covington. Frankfort. Henderson. Hopkinsville. Hopkinsville. Lexington. Louisville. Louisville.	5,208 7,508 7,508 9,272 9,022 9,272 9,032 6,096 10,483 6,096 10,483 1,083 5,728 12,374 12,374 14,735 14,735 14,735 14,735 14,735 14,735 14,735 14,735 14,735 14,735 14,735 14,735 14,735 14,735 14,735 14,735 14,735 14,735 14,735 14,735 14,735 14,735 14,735 14,735 15,730 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,483 11,483 11,483 11,483 11,483 11,483 11,483 11,483 11,483 11,483 11,483 11,483 11,483 11,483 11,483 11,483 11,483 11,483 11,483
Marysville	Coorgan, Coorgan, Plainfield Plainfield Plymouth Plymouth Putnam (city) Rockville (See Vernon). S. Norwalk (See Norwalk) Stamford Stamford Stamford Stamford Stonington Torrington (town) Torrington (town) Rockville (city) Wallingford (town) Wallingford (town) Wasterbury West Haven (See Orange). Willimantic (See Windham) Winchester (town) Winchester (town) Winsted	6.719 5,021 7,280 6,637 6,516 5,233 28,836 25,138 9,154 5,712 16,840 15,483 9,087 7,977 11,155 8,690 73,141 8,679	Macon. Marletta. Newnan Newnan Rome Savannah Thomasville. Valdosta. Wayeross  IDAHO Boisé. Cœur d'Alene Lewiston. Pocatello. Twin Falls. ILLINOI Alton. Aurora. Beardstown. Bellevidere Belvidere Berwyn. Bioomington Biue Island. Cairo. Carbondale. Canton. Carbondale. Charleston. Charleston. Collinsville. Danville. Danville. Danville. Decatur. De Kalb. Dixon. Duquoln. Dixon. Duquoln. Dixon. Duquoln. E St. Louis. Edlerin.	40,665 5,948 5,548 65,044 65,044 66,727 7,666 67,77 7,666 67,77 7,666 67,77 7,666 67,77 7,666 67,77 7,666 61,77 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07	Sterator. Faylorville. Urbana. Waukegan. INDIAN Alexandrla. "derson. Bedford. Bloomington. Brazil. Clinton. Columbus. Connersville. Crawf'dsville. East Chicago Eikhart. Elwood. Evansville. Frankfort. Gary. Goshen. Greensburg. Hammond. Huntington. Lafayette. Laporte. Madisa. Mit Vernon. Misbawaka. Mt. Vernon. Muncle. New Albany.	5.446,069 A A	Webster City KA NSAS Arkans's City Atchison. Coffeeyville. Emporla. Fort Scott Galena. Fort Scott Huter Coffeey Coffee Galena. Huter Coffeey Coffee Galena. Huter Coffee Huter Coffee Huter Coffee Junction. Kansas City. Lawrence. Leavenworth. Manhattan. Newton. Ottawa. Parsons. Pittsburg. Rosedale. Salina. Topeka. Wellington. Wichita. Winfield KENTUCI Ashland Bellevue. Bowling Gr'n Compression. Frankfort. Henderson. Hopkinsville. Maysville. Maydeld. Maysville. Maydeld. Maysville. Middlesboro.	5,208 7,508 19,272 9,038 10,483 6,096 10,483 6,096 10,483 6,096 10,483 1,0483 1,0483 1,0483 1,723 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,748 1,74
Marysville. 5.430 Mapa. 5.791 Oakland. 150,174 Pasadena 30,291 Petaluma 5.80 Pomora 10,207 Krdlands 10,409 Richmond 6.649 Richmond 6.649 Richmond 6.649 Richmond 6.649 Richmond 6.649 Richmond 6.649 Richmond 6.649 Richmond 6.649 Richmond 6.649 Richmond 6.649 Richmond 6.649 Richmond 6.649 Richmond 6.649 Richmond 7.659 Rafael 5.934 Rafael 5.934 Rafael 5.934 Rafael 5.934 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa 7.817 Rosa	Coorgan, Coorgan, Plainfield Plainfield Plymouth Plymouth Putnam (city) Rockville (See Vernon). S. Norwalk (See Norwalk) Stamford Stamford Stamford Stamford Stonington Torrington (town) Torrington (town) Rockville (city) Wallingford (town) Wallingford (town) Wasterbury West Haven (See Orange). Willimantic (See Windham) Winchester (town) Winchester (town) Winsted	6.719 5,021 7,280 6,637 6,516 5,233 28,836 25,138 9,154 5,712 16,840 15,483 9,087 7,977 11,155 8,690 73,141 8,679	Macon. Marletta. Newnan Newnan Savannah. Thomasville. Valdosta. Waycross  IDAHO Boisé. Thomasville. Coeur d'Alene Lewiston. Twin Falls. ILLINOI Alton. Aurora. Beardstown. Belleville. Belvidere Berwyn. Blue Island. Cairo. Carbondale. Chanpaign. Charleston. Chicago. Cilitton. Collinsville. Decatur De Kalb. Dixon. Duquoln. E. St. Louls.	40,665 5,948 5,548 65,044 65,044 66,727 7,666 67,77 7,666 67,77 7,666 67,77 7,666 67,77 7,666 67,77 7,666 61,77 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07 61,07	Sterator. Faylorville. Urbana. Waukegan. Waukegan. INDIAN Alexandrla. "derson. Bedford. Bloomington. Brazili. Columbus. Connersville. Connersville. East Chicago Eikhart. Eiwood. Evansville. Frankfort. Gary. Goshen. Greensburg. Hammond. Hartford. Huntington. Indianapolis. Jeffersonville. Kokomo. Lafayette. Laporte. Laporte. Laporte. Laporte. Lebanon. Linton. Marion. Marion. Mi c h i g a n City. Mishawaka. Mt. Vernon. Muncle.	5.446,069 A A	Webster City KA NSAS Arkans's City Atchison. Connute Coffeyville. Emporla. Fort Scott Galena. Hutchinson. Hutchinson. Hutchinson. Kansas City. Lawrence. Leavenworth. Manhattan. Newton. Ottawa. Parsons. Pittsburg. Rosedale. Salina. Topeka. Wellington. Wichita. Winfield KENTUCI Ashland Bellevue. Bowling Gr'n Covington. Frankfort. Henderson. Hopkinsville. Hopkinsville. Lexington. Louisville. Louisville.	5,208 7,508 7,508 9,272 9,022 9,272 9,032 6,096 10,483 6,096 10,483 1,083 5,728 12,374 12,374 14,735 14,735 14,735 14,735 14,735 14,735 14,735 14,735 14,735 14,735 14,735 14,735 14,735 14,735 14,735 14,735 14,735 14,735 14,735 14,735 14,735 14,735 14,735 14,735 15,730 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,482 11,483 11,483 11,483 11,483 11,483 11,483 11,483 11,483 11,483 11,483 11,483 11,483 11,483 11,483 11,483 11,483 11,483 11,483 11,483

<sup>\*</sup>See separate table for State Census of 1915.

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KENTUCKY-Con.	MASS'ETTS*	-Con.	MICHC	ont'd.	MISSOURI-	-Con.	N. JERSEY *	-Con
Owensboro 16,011	Fitchburg	37,826				5,112	Long Branch.	13,298
Paducah 22,760	Fitchburg. Framingham.	12.948	Coldwater	5.945	Fulton	5,228	Millville	12,451
Paris 5,859	Franklin	5.641	Detroit	465,766	Hannibal	18,341	Montclair	21,550
Richmond 5,340	Gardner	14,699	Dowagiac	5,088	Independence	9,859	Morristown	12,507
Winchester. 7,156	Gloucester	24,398	Escanaba	13,194	Jefferson City	11 950		347,469
LOUISIANA.	Grafton	5,705	Escanaba Flint	38.550	Jonlin.	32,073	New Bruns- wick North Plain-	011,100
	G't Bar'gton.	5 926	Grand Haven	5 856	Kansas City	248,381	wick	23,388
Alexandria 11,213	Greenfield	10,427	Grand R'pids	112,571	Kirksville	6,347	North Plain-	,
Baton Rouge. 14,897 Crowley 5,099	Haverhill	44,115	Grand R'pids Hancock	8,981	Lexington			6,117
Crowley 5,099 Houma 5,024	Holyoke	57,730	Hillsdale	5,001	Mexico	5,939	Nutlev	6,009
Lafayette 6,392	Hudson	6,743	Holland	10,490	Moberly	10,923	iorauge	29,630
Lake Charles. 11,449		15,507	Houghton	5,113	Nevada	7,176	rassur	54,773
Monroe 10,209	Ipswich	0,///	Ionia IronMount'n	5,030 9,216	Poplar Bluff	6,916	Paterson	125,600
Monroe 10,209 Morgan City. 5,477	Lawrence				St. Charles	9,437	Perth Amboy	32,121
New Iberia. 7,499	Leominster	106 304	Ironwood Ishpeming	12,821 12,448	St. Joseph	607,000	Phillipsburg	13,903
New Orleans, 339,075	Lowell	90,224	Jackson	31,433	St. Louis Sedalia	687,029	Plainfield	20,550
Shreveport 28,015	Lynn Malden	41 404	Kalamazoo	39,437		25 201	Princeton	5,136
MAINE.	Mansfield	5,183	Lansing	31,229	Springfield	5,656	Rahway	9,337
A	Marbiehead	7 338	Laurium	8,537	Trenton Webb City	11,817	Red Bank Ridgewood	7,398
Auburn 15,064	Marlboro	14,579	Ludington	9,132	Webster	11,011	Possovolt.	5,416
Augusta 13,211 Bangor 24,803		6,390	Manistee	12,381	Webster Groves	7,080	Rutherford.	5,786 7,045
Bangor 24,803	Medford	23.150	Marquette	11,503	Weilston		Salem	6.614
Bath 9,396 Biddeford 17,079	Melrose	15,715	Menominee				Somerville	5.060
Brewer 5,667	Methuen	11,448	Monroe	6,893	MONTAL		South Amboy	7,007
Brunswick	Middleboro	8.214	Mt. Clemens.	7,707	Anaconda	10,134	South Orange	6,014
(town) 6,621	Milford	13,055	Muskegon	24,062	Billings	10,031	Summit	7,500
Brunswick	Milton	7,924	Negaunee	8,460	Bozeman	5,107	Trenton	96.815
(village) 5,341	Montague	6,866	Niles	5,156	Butte	39,165	Union	21.023
(village) 5,341 Calals 6,116	Natick	9,866	Owosso	9,639	Great Falls	13,948	Vineland	5,282
Carlbou 5,377	Ncednam	5,026	Pontiac	14,532	Helena	12,515	Westfield	6,420
Gerdiner 5.311	New Bedford.	96,652	Port Huron	18,863	Kalispell	5,549 5,359	W. Hoboken. W. New York	35,403
Houlton 5,845	Newburyport	14.949	Saginaw St. Joseph	50,510	Livingston Missoula		W. New York	13,560
Lewiston 26,247	Newton North Adams	39,806	St. Joseph	5,936		12,869	West Orange.	10,980
Old Town 6,317	North Adams	22,019	Sault Ste	19 015	NEBRASI		NEW MEX	
Portland 58,571	North An-	F F00	Marie Three Rivers.	12,615 5,072	Beatrice	9,356	Albuquerque.	11,020
Presque Isle. 5,179	dover	5,529	Traverse City	12 115	Columbus	5,014	Rogwoll	6,172
Rockland 8,174	North Attle-	9,562	Wyandotte	12,115 8,287	Fairbury	5,294	Roswell Santa Fé	5,072
Rumford	DOFO		Vneilanti	6 230		8,718		
(town) 6,777	Northampton	19,431 8,807	Ypsilanti	0,500	Grand Island	10,326	NEW YOR	K.*
Rumford	Northbridge	8,014	MINNESC	JAM.		9,338	Albany	100,253
Falls (vil-	Norwood Orange		Albert Lea		Kearney			5,016
lage) 5,427	Palmer	8,610	Austin	6,960	Lincoln	43,973	Amsterdam	31,267
Saco 6,583	Peabody	15,721	Austin Bemidji	5,099	Nebrasaa	F 460		34,668
Sanford 9,049	Pittsfield	32,121	Bramera	8,526	City	0,488	Batavia	11,613
Skowhegan. 5,341 S. Portland. 7,471	Plymouth			7,684	Norfolk Omaha	6,025	Dingnamou	48,443
	Quincy	32.642	Cloquet	7,031	South Omaha	124,096 26,259	Buffalo Canandalgua.	423,715
Waterville 11,458 Westbrook 8,281		5,818	Cloquet Crookston Duluth	7,559 78,446	York			7,217
	Revere	18,219	Evoloth	7,036			Catskill	5,296
MARYLAND.	Rockland	6,928	Eveleth Faribault	9.001	NEVAD	A.	Cohoes	24,709
Annapolis 8,609	Salem	43,697	Fergus Falls		Reno	10,867	Corning Cortland	13,730
Baltimore 558,485	Saugus	8,047	Hibbing	8.832	NEW H'MPS	HIRE	Cortianu	11,504
Cambridge 6,407	Somerville	77,236	Little Falls	6,078	Berlin	11,780	Dunkirk Elmira	17,221
Cumberland 21,839	Southbridge	12,592	Mankato	10,365	Claremont	7.529	Fredonia	37,176 5,285
Frederick 10,411	Spencer	6,740	Minneapolls	301,408	Concord	21,497		10 480
Frostburg 6,028 Hagerstown 16,507	Springfield	88,926	New Ulm	5,648	Derry Dover	5,123	Geneva	12,446
Hagerstown. 16,507	Stoneham	6,090	Owatonna	5,658	Dover	10,011	Halleng Halls	15.243
Salisbury 6,690		6,310	Minneapolls New Ulm Owatonna Red Wing Rochester	9,048	Franklin	6,132	Gloversville Haverstraw	20,642
MASS'CHUSETTS*	Swampscott	24 250	Rochester	7,844	Keene	10,068	Haverstraw	5,669
Abington 5,455	Taunton Wakefield	34,259	St. Cloud St. Paul	10,600	Laconla			7,520
Adams 13,026	Waltham	27,834	St. Paul		Lebanon	70.000	Hoosick Falls	5,532
Amesbury 9,894	Ware	8,774	Stillwater		Manchester		mornen	13,617
Amherst 5,112	Ware Watertown	12.875		10,473	Nashua Portsmouth			11,417
Andover 7,301 Arlington 11,187	Webster	11,509	Winona	,	Rochester	0.000	Hudson Falls	5,189
	Wellesley	5,413	MISSISSI:	PPI.	Somersworth.	6,704	Illon	6,588
Athol 8,536 Attleboro 16,215	West Spring-		Biloxl	8,049			Ithaca	14,802
Belmont 5,542	field	9,224	Brookhaven	5,293	NEW JERS Asbury Park.	10.150	Jamestown	31,297
Beverly 18,650	Westboro	5,446	Columbus		Atlantic City	10,150	Johnstown Kingston	10,447
Blackstone 5,648	westneid	16,044	Corinth	5,020	Bayonne	55 545	Lackawanna.	25,908 14,549
Boston 670,585	Weymouth	12,895	Greenville		Bloomfield	15 070	Little Falls	12,273
Braintree 8,066	Whitman	7,292	Greenwood		Bridgeton	14 200	Lockport	17,970
Bridgewater 7,688	winchendon.	0,678	Gulfport	6,386	Burlington	8 336	Malone	6,467
Brockton 56,878	Winchester	9,309	Hattlesburg		Camden	94.538	Mamaroneck.	5,699
Brookline 27,792		10,132	Jackson		Dover		Matteawan	6,727
Cambridge 104,839	Winthrop	15 200			D O	34,371	Mech'nicsv'le	6,634
	Woburn	15,308	Laurel	C 2071	East Orange			
Chelmsford 5,010	Woburn Worcester	15,308 145,986	McComb	6,237	East Orange	73,409	Medina	
Chelmsford 5,010 Chelsea 32,452	Woburn Worcester MICHIGA	15,308 145,986	McComb	23,285	Elizabeth Englewood	73,409	Medina Middletown	5,683
Chelmsford 5,010 Chelsea 32,452 Chiconee 25,401	Woburn Worcester MICHIGA Adrian	15,308 145,986 N. 10,763	McComb	23,285	Elizabeth Englewood	73,409	Medina Middletown	5,683 15,313
Chelmsford 5,010 Chelsea 32,452 Chiconee 25,401	Woburn Worcester MICHIGA Adrian Albion	15,308 145,986 N. 10,763	McComb Meridian Natchez Vicksburg	23,285 11,791 20,814	Elizabeth Englewood Garfield Gloucester	73,409 9,924 10,213 9,462	Medina Middletown Mt. Vernon New Rochelle	5,683 15,313 30,919 28,867
Chelmsford . 5,010 Chelsea . 32,452 Chicopee . 25,401 Clinton . 13,075 Concord . 6,421	Woburn Worcester MICHIGA Adrian Albion	15,308 145,986 N. 10,763 5,833 12,706	McComb Meridian Natchez Vicksburg Yazoo	23,285 11,791 20,814 6,796	Elizabeth Englewood Garfield Gloucester Guttenberg	73,409 9,924 10,213 9,462 5,647	Medina Middletown Mt. Vernon New Rochelle New York4.	5,683 15,313 30,919 28,867 766,883
Chelmsford.       5,010         Chelsea.       32,452         Chicopee.       25,401         Clinton.       13,075         Concord.       6,421         Danvers.       9,407	Woburn Worcester MICHIGA Adrian Albion Alpena Ann Arbor	15,308 145,986 N. 10,763 5,833 12,706 14,817	McComb Meridian Natchez Vicksburg Yazoo MISSOU.	23,285 11,791 20,814 6,796 RI.	Ellzabeth Englewood Garfield Gloucester Guttenberg Hackensack	73,409 9,924 10,213 9,462 5,647 14,050	Medina Middletown Mt. Vernon New Rochelle New York4, Newark	5,683 15,313 30,919 28,867 766,883
Chelmsford. 5,010 Chelsea. 32,452 Chicopee. 25,401 Clinton. 13,075 Concord. 6,421 Danvers. 9,407	Woburn Worcester MICHIGA Adrian Alpena Ann Arbor	15,308 145,986 N. 10,763 5,833 12,706 14,817 25,267	McComb Meridian Natchez Vicksburg Yazoo MISSOU Brookfield	23,285 11,791 20,814 6,796 RI.	Elizabeth Englewood Garfield Gloucester Guttenberg Hackensack Hammonton	73,409 9,924 10,213 9,462 5,647 14,050	Medina Middletown Mt. Vernon New Rochelle New York4, Newark	5,683 15,313 30,919 28,867 766,883 6,227 27,805
Chelmsford. 5,010 Chelsea. 32,452 Chicopee. 25,401 Clinton. 13,075 Concord. 6,421 Danvers. 9,407	Woburn Worcester MICHIGA Adrian Alpena Ann Arbor	15,308 145,986 N. 10,763 5,833 12,706 14,817 25,267	McComb Meridian Natchez Vicksburg Yazoo MISSOU. Brookfield Cape Girar-	23,285 11,791 20,814 6,796 RI. 5,749	Elizabeth Englewood Garfield Gloucester Guttenberg Hackensack Hammonton Harrison	73,409 9,924 10,213 9,462 5,647 14,050	Medina Middletown Mt. Vernon New Rochelle New York4, Newark	5,683 15,313 30,919 28,867
Chelmsford . 5,010 Chelsea . 32,452 Chicopee . 25,401 Clinton . 13,075 Concord . 6,421 Danvers . 9,407 Dedham . 9,284 Easthampton 8,529 Eastno . 5,139	Woburn Worcester MICHIGA Adrian Albion Alpena Ann Arbor Battle Creek Bay City Benton Har-	15,308 145,986 N. 10,763 5,833 12,706 14,817 25,267 45,166	McComb Meridian Natchez Vicksburg Yazoo MISSOU Brookfield Cape Girardeau	23,285 11,791 20,814 6,796 R.I. 5,749 8,475	Elizabeth Englewood Garfield Gioucester Guttenberg Hackensack Hammonton Harrison Hoboken	73,409 9,924 10,213 9,462 5,647 14,050 5,088 14,498 70,324	Medina Middletown Mt. Vernon New Rochelle New York4, Newark Newburgh Niagara Falls North Tarry-	5,683 15,313 30,919 28,867 766,883 6,227 27,805 30,445
Chelmsford. 5,010 Chelsea. 32,452 Chicopee. 25,401 Clinton. 13,075 Concord. 6,421 Danvers. 9,407 Dedham. 9,284 Easthampton 8,524 Easton. 5,139 Everett. 33,484	Woburn Worcester MICHIGA Adrian Albion Alpena Ann Arbor Battle Creek Bay City Benton Har-	15,308 145,986 N. 10,763 5,833 12,706 14,817 25,267 45,166 9,185	McComb Merldlan Natchez Vicksburg Yazoo. MISSOU Brookfield Cape Girar- deau Carthage	23,285 11,791 20,814 6,796 R.I. 5,749 8,475 9,483	Ellzabeth Englewood Garfield Gloucester Guttenberg Hackensack Hammonton Harrison Hoboken Irvington	73,409 9,924 10,213 9,462 5,647 14,050 5,088 14,498 70,324	Medina Middletown Mt. Vernon New Rochelle New York4, Newark Newburgh Niagara Falls North Tarry-	5,683 15,313 30,919 28,867 766,883 6,227 27,805
Chelmsford. 5,010 Chelsea. 32,452 Chicopee. 25,401 Clinton 13,075 Concord. 6,421 Danvers. 9,407 Dedham. 9,284 Easthampton 8,524 Easton. 5,133 Everett. 33,484 Fairhaven. 5,122	Woburn Worcester MICHIGA Adrian Albion Alpena Ann Arbor Battle Creek. Bay City Benton Har- bor Boyne City	15,308 145,986 N. 10,763 5,833 12,706 14,817 25,267 45,166 9,185 5,218	McComb Meridian Natchez Vicksburg Yazoo MISSOU. Brookfield Cape Girardeau Carthage Chillicothe	23,285 11,791 20,814 6,796 RI. 5,749 8,475 9,483 6,265	Ellzabeth Englewood	73,409 9,924 10,213 9,462 5,647 14,050 5,088 14,498 70,324 11,877 267,779	Medina Middletown Mt. Vernon New Rochelle New York4, Newark4 Newburgh Nlagara Falls North Tarry- town North Tona-	5,683 15,313 30,919 28,867 766,883 6,227 27,805 30,445 5,421
Chelmsford. 5,010 Chelsea. 32,452 Chicopee. 25,401 Clinton. 13,075 Concord. 6,421 Danvers. 9,407 Dedham. 9,284 Easthampton 8,524 Easton. 5,139 Everett. 33,484	Woburn Worcester MICHIGA Adrian Aibion Aipena Aipena Arbor Battle Creek Bay City Benton Har- bor Boyne City Cadillac	15,308 145,986 N. 10,763 5,833 12,706 14,817 25,267 45,166 9,185 5,218 8,375	McComb. Meridian Natchez Vicksburg Yazoo  MISSOU Brookfield Cape Girardeau Carthage Chillicothe Columbia	23,285 11,791 20,814 6,796 RI. 5,749 8,475 9,483 6,265	Ellzabeth Englewood Garfield Gloucester Guttenberg Hackensack Hammonton Harrison Hoboken Irvington	73,409 9,924 10,213 9,462 5,647 14,050 5,088 14,498 70,324	Medina Middletown Mt. Vernon New Rochelle New York4, Newark Newburgh Nlagara Falls North Tarry- town North Tona-	5,683 15,313 30,919 28,867 766,883 6,227 27,805 30,445

# 750 Incorporated Places of 5,000 or More Inhabitants-Continued.

1								
NEW YORK*-Con.	OHIO-Contin	ned.	PENNA	Con.	PENNA	Con.	S.CAROLINA-	Can
		wow.					Dook Hit	
Norwich 7,422	East Liver-	90.00#	Ashland	0,000	Nanticoke	10,011	Rock Hill	7,216
Ogdensburg. 15,933	pool	40,387	Ashley	5,601	New Bright'n	8,329	Spartanburg.	17,517
Olean 14,743	Elyria	14,825	Bangor Beaver Falls	5,369	New Castle	30,280	Sumter	8,109
Oneida 8,317	rinulay	14,858	Beaver Falls	12,191	New Kensing-		Union	5,623
Oneonta 9,491	Fostoria	9,597	Bellevue	6,323	ton	7,707	~~	
Ossining 11,480	Fremont	9,939	Berwick	5,357	Norristown	27,875	SO. DAKOT	'A'*
Oswego 23,368	Gation	7.214	Bethlehem	12,837	No. Braddock	11,824 8,729	Aberdeen	10,753
Peekskill 15,245	Gallipolis	5.560	Blakely	5,345	Northampton	8.729	Huron	5,791
Plattsburg 11,138	Greenville	6.237	Bloomsburg.	5,345 7,413	Oil City	15,657	Lead	0,791
Port Chester 12,809	Hamilton	35 270	Bloomsburg Braddock	19,357	Old Forge	11 32 1	Mitchell	8,392
Port Jervis 9,564	Ironton	13,147	Bradford	14,544	Olyphant	0 505	Willenell	6,515
	Tronton	13,147	Driautoru	0.250	Philadelphia.	0,000	Sioux Falls	14,094
Poughkeepsie 27,936	Jackson	0,408	Bristol	9,200	Pinadelpina.			7,010
Rensselaer 10,711	Kenton	7,185	Butler	20,728	Phœnixville	10,743	TENNESSI	
Rochester 218,149	Lakewood	15,181	Carbondale	17,040	Pittsburgh	533,905		
Rome 20,497	Lancaster	13,093	Carlisle	10,303	Pittston		Bristol	7,148
Salamanca 5,792	Lima	30,508	Carbondale Carlisle Carnegie Carrick Catasauqua	10,009	Plymouth	16,996	Chattanooga.	44,604
Saratoga	Lorain	28.883	Carrick	6,117	Pottstown	15,599	Clarksville	8,548
Springs 12,693	Madisonville.	5.193	Catasaugua	5.250	Pottsville	20.236	Cleveland	5,549
Schenectady. 72,826	Mansfield	20.768	Chambersb'g. Charleroi	11.800	Rankin	6.042	Columbia	5,754
Seneca Falls 6,588	Marietta	12 923	Charteroi	9,615	Reading	96 071	Jackson	15,779
Solvay 5,139	Marion	18 222	Chester	38,537	Ridgway	5 400	Johnson City	8,502
Syracuse 137,249	Martins F'rry	9,133	Clearfield	6,851	Rochester	5,903	L'activitée	
	Massilion	12 070	Cooldele	5,154	Ct Ctoin	12 005	Knoxville	36,346
		10,079	Coaldale		St. Clair	14,095	Memphis	131,105
Tonawanda 8,290	Middletown	13,152	Coatesville	11,084	St. Marys	6,346	Nashville	110,364
Troy 76,813	Mt. Vernon	9,087	Commona	11,454	Sayre	0,426	Park City	5,126
Utica 74,419	Nelsonville	6,082	Connellsville.	12,845	Scottdale	5,456	TEVAC	
Watertown 26,730	New Phila	8,542	Conshoh'ck'n Coraopolis	7,480	Scranton	129,867	TEXAS.	
Watervliet 15,074	Newark	25,404	Coraopolis	5,252	Shamokin	19.588	Abllene	9,204
White Plaine 15 0.10		5,813	Corry Danville	5,991	Sharon	15,270	Amarillo	9.957
Yonkers 79,803	Nites	8,361	Danville	7,517	Sharpsburg	8,153	Austin	29,860
	Niles Norwalk	7.858	Darby	6,305	Shenandoah	25.774	Beaumont	20,640
NO. CAROLINA.	Norwood	16,185	Dickson City	9,331	So. Bethleh'm	19,973	Brownsville	10,517
Asheville 18,762	Painesville	5,501	Donora	8,174	South Sharon	10 100	Brownwood	6,967
Charlotte 34,014	Piqua	13 200	Dubois	12 622	Steelton	14 246	Cleburne	10,364
Clancard 9715	Portsmouth	22,000	Dupmore	17 612	Carphann	13,770	Corn's Christi	10,304
		40,481	Dunmore	17,615		13,770	Corp's Christi	8,222 9,749
Durham 18,241	Ravenna	5,310	Duquesne	15,727	Swissvale	7,381	Corsicana	9,749
Elizabeth	St. Bernard	5,00%	Duryea E. Conem'gh.	7,487	Swoyersville	5,396	Dallas	92,104
City 8,412	St. Marys	5,732	E. Conem'gh.	5,046	Tamaqua	9,462	Denison	13,632
Fayetteville 7,045	Salem	8,943	E. Conem'gh. E. Pittsburgh	5,615	Tarentum	7,414	El Paso	39,279
Gastonia 5,759	Sandusky	19,989	Easton	28,523	Taylor Throop	9,060	Ennis	5,669
Goldsboro 6,107	Sidney Springfield	6,607	Edwardsville.	8.407	Throop	5,133	Fort Worth	73,312
Greensboro 15,895	Springfield	46,921	Erie			8,533	Gainesville	7,624
High Point 9,525	Steubenville	22,391	Etna Forest City	5,830	Tyrone	7,176	Galveston	26 001
Kinston 6,995	Tiffin	11 804	Forest City	5,749	Uniontown	13,344	Greenville	36,981
	Toledo	68,497	Franklin	9,767	Warren	11 090	Greenvine	8,850
	Treat	6 120	Freeland	6 107	Washington	10 770	Hillsboro	6,115
Raleigh 19,218 Rocky Mo'nt 8,051	Troy	7,722	Freeland Cilberton	6,197	washington	18,778		78,800
		1,739	Cimerton	5,401	Wayneshoro	7,199	Houston	
Salem 5,533	Van Wert	1,107	Glassport	0,040	West Berwick	5.512 11,767	Heights	6,984
Salisbury 7,153	Wapakoneta.	5,349	Great'r Punx-		West Chester.	11,767	Laredo	14,855
Washington 6.211	Warren	11,081	sutawney	9,058	West Pittston	6,848		5,155
Wilmington 25,748	Washington		Greensburg	13,012	Wilkes-Barre.	67,105	IMarchall	11,452
Wilson 6,717	Washington Court House	7,277	Greenville	5,909	Wilkinsburg			5,527
Winston 17,167	Weilston	6.875	Hanover	7.057	Williamsport.			10,482
	Wellsville	7,769	Harrisburg	64.186	lWilmerding	6,133	Paris	
NO. DAKOTA.*	Wooster	6 136	Hazleton	25,452	Windher	8 013	Port Arthur.	11,269
Eismarck 5,443	Xenia	8 706	Homestead	18 713	Winton	5 280	Port Arthur	7,663
Darils Lake. 5,157	Xenia Youngstown.	79,066	Huntingdon	6,861	York			10,321
Fargo 14,331	Zanesville	28 026	Indiana	5,749	101K	11,100	ISan Antonio	96,614
Grand Forks. 12,478	Zanesvine	40,040	Jeannette	8,077	RHODE ISL		Sherman Sulphur	12,412
	OKLAHOM	Α.	Jeannette	0,077		O E CE	Sulphur	
Minot 6,188		8,618	Jersey Shore	9,301	Bristoi	8,565 7,878	Springs	5,151
OHIO.	Ardmore Bartlesville		Johnstown	00,482	Burrillville	1,878	Taylor	5.314
		10 220	Juniata	5,285	Central Falls.	22,754		10.993
Akron 69,067	Chickasha	10,040	Kane	6,626	Coventry	5,848	Terreil	7,050
	Durant	0,330	Kingston	6,449	Cranston Cumberland	21,107	Teverkens	9,790
Ashland 6,795	El Reno	7,872	L'Enovuille	5,651	Cumberland	10,107	Tylor	10,400
Ashtabula 18,266	Enid	13,799	Lancaster	47,227	E. Providence	15,808		26 425
Athens 5,463	Guthrie			8.321	Johnston	5,935	Wowahaahia	26,425 6,205
Barbertou 9,410	Lawton	7,788 12,954	Larksville	9.288	Lincoln	9 825	waxanacme	5,074
Bellaire 12,946	McAlester	12,954	Latrobe	8.777	Newport	27.149	Weatherford. Wichita Falls	5,074
Bellefontaine. 8,238		25,278	Lebanon	19,240	North Provi-		wienita Falls	8,200
Bellevue 5,299			Lahighton	5.316	dence	5,407	UTAH.	
Bowling Gr'n 5,222	City	64,205	Lewiston	8 166	Pawtucket Providence	51.622		7,522
Bucyrus 8,122	Sapulpa	8.283	Lock Hayen	7,772	Providence	224,326		
	Shawnee	12,474	Luzerne	F 494	S Kingetown	5,176		25,580
	Tulsa	18.182	M c K e e s	0,440	S. Kingstown Warren	6,585	TPTOVO	8,925
Canal Dover. 6,621		10,102	Dooks		Warmiel	26 000	Salt Lake City	92,777
Canton 50,217	OREGON.		Rocks	14,702	Warwick	26,629	VERMON	
Chillicothe . 14,508	Ashland	5,020	McKeesport	42,694	Westerly	8,696	Banna	
Cincinnati 363,591	Astoria	9,500	Mahano City	У	Woonsocket	38,125	Barre	10,734
Circleville 6,744	Roker City	6,742	City	15,936	20 0120		Bennington	
Cleveland 560,663	Tracene	9.009	Meadville	12,780	SO. CARO		(town)	8,698
Columbus 181,511	Medford	8,840	Middletown	5,374	Anderson	9,654	Bennington	
Conneaut 8,319	Medicia	207,214		7,861	Charleston	58,833	(village).	6,211
Coshocton 9,603		14.094	IMIIITOB	7.460	Columbia	26,319	Brattleboro	
Dayton 116,577	Salem		Minersville	7.240	Florence	7,057	(town)	7,541
Defiance 7,327	PENNSYLVA	NIA.	IMonessen	11.775	Georgetown	5,530	Brattleboro	.,
Delaware 9,076		51.912	Monongahela	7 500	Georgetown Greenville	15,741	(village).	6.517
	Altoona	52 127	Mt. Carmel	17 522	Greenwood	6 61	Burlington	20,468
Fact Claves	Ambridge	5,205	Mt. Pleasant.	5 912	Greenwood Newberry	5,020	Colchester	6,450
East Cleve- land 9,179	Archhold	7 104	Munholl	5 105	Orengehura	5,028	Montpolio"	7 952
1and 9,179	Archbald	7,194	Munhall	0,185	Orangeburg	5,900	Montpelier	7,856
			1015					

<sup>\*</sup>See separate table for State Census of 1915.

#### INCORPORATED PLACES OF 5,000 OR MORE INHABITANTS-Continued.

VERMONT-	Con.	WASHINGT	ON.	WISCONS		W1SCONSIN-			
Rockingham.	6.207	Aberdeen	13,660	Antigo	7,196	Portage	5,440	Guayama	8,321
Rutland		Bellingham	24,298	Appleton	16,773	Racine	38,002	Humacao	5,159
St. Albans		Centralia	7,311	Ashland	11.594		5,637	Mayaguez	16,563
St.Johnsbury		Everett	24.814	Baraboo	0.00.4	Shehovgen	26.398	Ponce	35,005
(town)		Hoquiam	8.171	Beaver Dam.	6 750	So. Milwau-		San Juan	48,716
St. Johns-		No. Yakima	14 082	Beaver Dam.	15,125	kee	6.092	Yauco	6,589
bury		Olympia	6 996	Beloit	10,120	Stevens	-,		0,000
(village)		Seattle	237,194	Chippewa			8,692	HAWAII	
		Spokane	104 402	Falls	8,893	C	40,384		
VIRGINIA	A.	Tocomo	22 7/3	Eau Claire	18,310	Watertown	8,829	(District mean	s elec-
Alexandria	15,329	Tacoma	0.200	Fond du Lac.	18,797	Waukesha	8.740	tion distric	
Bristol	6,247	Vancouver	10 264	Grand Rapids	6,521	WYT	16 560	Ewa District.	14,627
Charl 'tesville	6,765	Walla Walla	13,509	Green Bay	20,200	TTT A A TILO	6,645	Hamakua	
Clifton Forge	5,718	WEST VIRO	ATMIL	Janesville	13,894		0,010	District	9,037
Danville	19,020	WEST VIIIC	******	Kenosha	21,371		**	Honolulu	
Fred'icksburg	5.874	Bluefield	11,188	La Crosse	30,417			Clty	52,183
Hampton	5.505	Charleston	22,996	Madison	25,531	Cheyenne	11,320	Koloa Dist.	5,769
Lynchburg	29,494	Clarksburg.	9,201	Manitowoc	13,027	Laramie	8,237	Makawao	
N'port News.	20.205	Elkins	5.260	Marinette	14,610	Rock Springs.	5,778	District	8,855
Norfolk		Fairmont	9.711	Marshfield		Sheridan	8,408	N. Hilo Dist.	12,94 I
Petersburg	24,127	Grafton	7.563	Menasha	6,081		00	N. Kohala	
Portsmouth		Huntington	31,161	Menomonie	5,036	PORTO RI		District	5,398
		Martinsburg.		Merrill	8,689	Aguadilla	6,135	Puna District	6.834
Roanoke		Morgantown.		Milwaukee	373,857	Arecibo		S. Hilo Dist	9,604
Staunton		Moundsville		Neenah		Bayamon	5,272	Waialua Dist.	6,770
Suffolk		Parkersburg		Oconto	5,629	Caguas	10,354	WailukuDist.	11,742
Winchester		Wheeling		Oshkosh		Fajardo	6.086	Waimea Dist.	8,195
	- 100			<del></del>					

<sup>\*</sup>See separate table for State Census of 1915.

#### POPULATION OF FLORIDA.

#### (State Census of 1915 Compared with Federal Census of 1910.)

(butto compared with relation of re-to)										
COUNTIES.	1915.	1910.	COUNTIES.	1915.	1910.	COUNTIES.	1915.	1910.		
Alachua	35,365		Hillsborough	83,661	78,374	Pasco	9,634	7,502		
BakerBay *	5,134 13,518		Holmes	14,094 35,407	11,557 29,821	Pinellas *	18,815 37.422	24,148		
Bradford	16,778 7,270	14,090 4.717	Jefferson	16.196 7.873	17,210 6,710	Putnam	15,949 20,746	13,096 14,897		
Broward * Calhoun	4,761	7.465	Lake,	12,468 8,734		Seminole *	9,450 13,487	13,208		
Citrus	5,226	6,731	Leon	20,135	19,427 10,361	St. Lucie	8,602	4.057		
Clay Columbia	7,315 16,023	17,689	Liberty	4,826	4,700	Sumpter	20,289	18,603		
Dade De Soto	24,535 $22,184$	14,200	Madison Manatee	15,912	9,550	TaylorVolusia	21,641	16,510		
Duval Escambia	94,834 41,143		Marion	28,757 19,640	26,941 21,563	Wakulla Walton	7,606 16,474			
Franklin	5,434	5,201	Nassau		10.525 19.107	Washington t	10,814			
Hamilton	12,484	11,825	Osceola	10,936	5,507	Total	921,569	752,619		
Hernando	6,291	4,997	Palm Beach	9,718	0,011	1	•	ı		

<sup>\*</sup> Created since 1910. †Decrease caused by county division.

#### CITIES OR TOWNS OF 5,000 OR MORE INHABITANTS.

Galnesville 6.73	7:Lakeland	. 7.2871Orlando	6,449 St. Petersbu	rg 7.188
Jacksonville66,85	0[Miami	.15,437 Pensacola	23,247 Tallahassee.	
Key West18,69	5 Ocala	<ul> <li>5,370 St. Augusti</li> </ul>	ne 5,471 Tampa	55,978

#### POPULATION OF WYOMING.

#### (State Census of 1915 Compared with Federal Census of 1910.)

COUNTIES.	1915.	1910.	COUNTIES.	1915.	1910.	COUNTIES.	1915.	1910.
Albany. Big Horn. Campbell * Carbon. Converse.	6,815 2,316 8,412 3,626	8,886 11,282 6,294	Johnson Laramie. Lincoln * Natrona. Niobrara *	13,581 5,398 3,488	26,127 4,766	Sweetwater Uinta. Washakle* Weston. Yellowstone Pk.		11,575 16,982 4,960 519
Crook	9,633	11.822	Platte *	5.277				
Goshen * Hot Springs *			Sheridan	15,429	16,324	Total	141,705	145,965

<sup>\*</sup> County formed in 1911. † No enumeration in 1915.

#### POPULATION OF INCORPORATED CITIES AND TOWNS OF 1,000 OR MORE INHABITANTS.

CITY OR TOWN.	1915.	1910.	CITY OR TOWN.	1915.	1910.	CITY OR TOWN.	1915.	1910.
BuffaloCambriaCasper.CheyenneCody.Diamondville	4,040 9,661 1,035	2,639 11,320 1,132	Douglas. Evanston. Green River. Hanna Kemmerer. Lander	1,219 1,347 1,481	2,583 1,313	Laramie Rawlins. Rock Springs Sheridan. Superior. Thermopolis	2,975 5,699 8,906 1,382	

#### POPULATION OF KANSAS.

(By Counties. State Census of 1915.)

Allen	23,515 Douglas	25,130 Jewell	17,165   Neosho		4,661
Anderson	13,264 Edwards	6,734 Johnson	18.507 Ness		4,873
Atchison	27,227 Elk	10,035 Kearny	2,316 Norton		4,043
Barber	9,203 Ellis	13,197 Kingman	12,612 Osage		15,308
Barton	18,028 Ellsworth	10,481 Kiowa	6,464 Osborne		11,383
Bourbon	25,032 Finney	6,016 Labette	31,014 Ottawa	11,605 Stanton	824
Brown	20.684 Ford	13,152 Lane	2,120 Pawnee		2,370
Butler	20.788 Franklin	22,103 Leavenworth	10.625 Phillips		28,027
Chase	7,154 Geary	10,063 Lincoin	10,433 Pot watemie.		3,996
Chautauqua.	11,236 Gove	4,010 Linn	15,013 Pratt		4,623
Cherokee	36,370 Graham	7,466 Logan	3,013 Rawlins		11.904
Cheyenne	4,114 Grant	900 Lyon	26.463 Reno		2,090
Clark	4,290 Gray	3,674 Marion	21,577 Republic		19,001
Clay	14,902 Greeley	913 Marshall	21,757 Rice	14,437 Wichita	1,519
Cloud	19,316 Greenwood	14,500 McPherson	21,233 Riley		20,067
Coffey	14,986 Hamilton	2,253 Meade	5,276 Rooks		9,331
Comanche	4.608 Harper	13,316 Miami	18.676 Rush		10,549
Cowley	29,979 Harvey	18,663 Mitchell	13,731 Russell	11,047	
Crawferd	60,289 Haskell	995 Montgomery	49,824 Saline	20,665 Total.	
Decatur	7,502 Hodgeman	3,165 Morris	11,810 Scott	2,288 State 1,67	2,545
Dickinson	25,339 Jackson	15,668 Morton	1,729 Sedgwick	73,294	
Doniphan	14.54! Jefferson	15.769 Nemaha	18,309 Seward	4,498	

#### POPULATION OF CITIES OF 1,000 OR MORE INHABITANTS.

Abilene 4,267 Council Grove, 2,405 Herington	4.255 Marion 1,951 Radley 1,183
Altoona 1,279 Dodge City 4,101 Hiawatha	. 2,878 Marysville 2,166 Rosedale 7,498
Anthony 2,435 Downs 1,552 Hillsboro	. 1,223 Medicine L dge 1,304 Russell 1,601
Arkansas City., 7,775 El Dorado, 2,710 Holsington	2.089 Mineral 1,462 Sabetha 1,856
Arma 1,792 Ellinwood 1,032 Holton	
Atchison 15,263 Ellis 1,457 Horton	
Augusta 1,378 Ellsworth 1,982 Howard	
Baldwin 1,231 Emporla 10,664 Humboldt	. 2,131 Newton 7,620 Scammon 2,364
Baxter Springs. 1,343 Erie 1,202 Hutchinson	. 19,200 Nickerson 1,167 Sedan 1,454
Belleville 2,216 Eureka 2,261 Independence.	12,144 Norton 1,513 Seneca 1,961
Beloit 3,240 Florence 1,258 101a	. 7,866 Oakland 1,651 Smith Center 1,405
Blue Rapids 1.326 Fort Scott 11,422 Junction City.	5,798 Oberlin 1,019 Solomon 1,110
Bonner Spr'gs., 1,541 Frankfort 1,256 Kansas City	. 91,658 Olathe 3,335 Stafford 1,728
Burlingame 1,474 Franklin 1,649 Kingman	. 2,255 Osage City 2,823 Sterling 2,214
Burlington 2,251 Fredonla 3,473 Kinsley	. 1,794 Osawatomie 2,870 Stockton 1,291
Caldwell 2.215 Frontenac 3.338 La Harpe	. 1,182 Osborne 1,601 Topeka 46,747
	. 2,900 Oswego 2,258 Troy 1,109
Chanute 9.033 Garden City 3.016 Lawrence	. 12,884 Ottawa 9,127 Valley Falls 1,244
Cherokee 1,149 Garnett 1,999 Leavenworth.	. 22,090 Paola 3,392 Wamego 1,572
Cherryvale 4,235 Glrard 2,917 Liberal	
Chetopa 1,899 Goodland 1,742 Llncoln	
Clay Center 3,742 Great Bend 4,751 Lindsborg	
Clyde 1,211 Greensburg 1,298 Lyons	
Coffeyville 15,228 Halstead 1,040 McPherson	
Coldwater 1,088 Harper 1,458 Manhattan	
Columbus 3,500 Hanover 1,000 Mankato	. 1,054 Pratt 3,797 Yates Center 2, 2,199
Concordia 5,229 Hays 2,339	

POPULATION OF NORTH DAKOTA. (State Census of 1915 Compared with Federal Census of 1910.)

Counties.	1915.	1910.	Counties.	1915.	1910.	Counties,	1915.	1910.
Adams. Barnes. Benson. Billings. Bottineau. Bowman Burke. Burleigh.	4,728 18,706 12,705 3,250 17,337 5,041	5,407 18,066 12,681 10,186 17,295 4,668 9,064 13,087	Griggs Hettinger Kidder La Moure Logan McHenry McIntosh McKenzie McLean	6,567 7,711 6,948 11,453 7,037 16,950 8,020 10,809 15,879	6,274 6,557 5,962 10,724 6,168 17,627 7,351 5,720 14,496	Renville Richland Rolette Sargent Sheridan Sloux Slope Stark Steele	8,098 21,265 9,694 9,634 8,169	7,840 19,659 9,558 9,202 8,103
Cass. Cavaller. Dickey. Divide. Dunn. Eddy. Emmons. Foster. Golden Valley. Grand Forks.	15,811 10,094 8,894 8,156 5,684 10,323 6,054 6,038	15,659 9,839 6,015 5,302 4,800 9,796 5,313	Mercer Morton Mountrall Nelson Oliver Pembina Pierce Ramsey Ransom	6,790 26,717 11,135 10,331 4,058 14,341 9,703 15,070 11,045	14,747 25,289 8,491 10,140 3,577 14,749 9,740 15,199 10,345	Stutsman. Towner. Trail. Walsh. Ward. Wells. Williams.	24,091 9,147 12,838 20,373 28,068 13,204 18,143	18,189 8,963 12,545 19,491 25,281 11,814 14,234

#### POPULATION OF PLACES OF 1,000 OR MORE INHABITANTS.

Beach	1.542  Ellendale	1,261 Jamestown	5,516 Minot10,053
Riamorek	6.344 Enderlin	1.813   Kenmare	1.5331New Rockford 1.652
Pottingen	1 206 Fargo	0.549 La Moure	1.007[Oakes 1.403
"ando	1.177 Grafton	2.474 Langdon	1.150 Park River 1.074
Parrington	1 328 Grand Forks	3.554 Larimore	1.255  Rughy 1.458
"accelton	1 564 Hankinson	1.625 Lidgerwood	1.127 Valley City 4.783
Proghy	1 011 Harvey	1.508 Lisbon	1,553 Wahpeton 2,814
Devils Lake	4.525 Hebron	1.005[Mandan	4,142 Williston 4,678
Dickingon	4 120 Hillshoro	1.299 Mayville	1.154

#### POPULATION OF MASSACHUSETTS.

(State Census of 1915.)								
COUNTIES.		Federal Census, 1910.			Federal Census, 1910.		State Census, 1915.	Federal Census, 1910.
Barnstable Berkshire Bristol Dukes Essex	346,964	318,573 4,504 436,477	Hampden. Hampshire. Middlesex. Nantucket. Norfolk	69.549 733,624	63,327 669,915 2,962	Plymouth Suffolk Worcester	826,801 430,703	731,388

Berkshire 114,709 105,2		39.549 63,327 Suffolk	826,801 731,388
Bristol		33,624 669,915 Worces	ter 430,703 399,657
Dukes 4,904 4,5	Nantucket	3,166 2,962	2 002 710 2 200 410
Essex 463,662 436.4 Franklin 48,256 43,6		01,907 187,506 Total	1 3,693,310 3,366,416
POPULATION OF CITIES AND			
Ahlngton 5,646 Dennis		2,585 Northbridge	9,254 Stoughton 6,982
Acton 2,151 Dighton	2,499 Laneshorough	1,089 N. Brookfield.	2,947 Stow 1,127
Acushnet 2,387 Douglas.	2,179 Lawrence	90,259 Northfield	1,782 Sturbrldge 1,618
Adams 13,218 Dracut	4,022 Lee	4,481 N. Reading.	1,292 Sudbury 1,206
Agawam 4,555 Dudley		3,322 Norton	2,587 Sunderland 1.278
Amesbury 8,543 Duxbury Amherst 5,558 E. B'dgewa	ter 3.689 Leominster	3,242 Norwell	1,563 Sutton 2,829
Amherst 5,558 E. B'dgewa Andover 7,978 Easthampt	on. 9,845 Lexington	17,646 Norwood	10,977 Swampscott . 7,345
Arlington 14,889 E. L'gm'ad	ow 1.939 Lincoln	5,538 Oak Bluffs 1,310 Orange	1,245 Swansea 2,558 5,379 Taunton 36,161
Ashburnham 2,059 Easton	5.064 Littleton	1,228 Orleans	5,379 Taunton 36,161 1,166 Templeton 4,081
Ashland 2,005 Edgartown	1,276 Longmeadow.	1,782 Oxford	3,476 Tewksbury 5,265
Athol 9,783 Erving	1,168 Lowell	107,978 Palmer	9,468 Tisbury 1,324
Attleboro 18,480 Essex	1,677 Ludlow	6,251 Peabody	18.625 Topsfield 1,173
Auburn 3,281 Everett	37,718 Lunenburg	1,610 Pembroke	1,337 Townsend 1,812
Avon 2,164 Fairhaven.	6,277 Lynn	95,803 Pepperell	2,839 Upton 2,036
Ayer 2,779 Fall River.	124,791 Lynnfield	1,112 Pittsfield	39,607 Uxbridge 4,921
Barnstable 4,995 Falmouth.		48,907 Plainville	1,408 Wakefield 12,781
Barre 3,476 Fitchburg.		2,945 Plymouth	12,926 Walpole 5,490
Bedford 1,365 Foxboroug	3,755 Mansfield	5,772 Provincetown	4,295 Waltham 30,154
Belchertown. 2,062 Framingha	n 15,860 Marblehead	7,606 Quincy	40,674 Ware 9,346
Bellingham 1,953 Franklin	6,440 Marion	1,487 Randolph	4,734 Wareham 5,176
Belmont 8,081 Freetown.	1,663 Marlborough.	15,250 Raynham	1.810 Warren 4,268
Beverly 22,959 Gardner	16,376 Marshfield	1,725 Reading	6,805 Watertown 16,515
Billerica 3,246 Georgetow	1 2,058 Mattapoisett.	1,352 Rehoboth 6,770 Revere	2,228 Wayland 2,033
Blackstone 5,689 Gloucester Boston 745,439 Grafton	24,178 Maynard 6.250 Medfield	6,770 Revere 3,648 Rochester	25,178 Webster 12,565
Bourne 2,672 Gt. B'ring	on. 6,627 Medford	30,509 Rockland	1,160 Wellesley 6,439 7,074 Wenham 1,068
Braintree 9,343 Greenfield.		2,846 Rockport	7,074 Wenham 1,068 4,351 Westborough. 5,925
Bridgewater 9,381 Groton	2,333 Melrose	16,880 Rowley	1.481 W. Boylston. 1.318
Brockton 62,288 Groveland	2,377 Merrimac	2,101 Russell	1,104 W. B'g' water . 2,741
Brookfield 2,059 Hadley	2,666 Methuen	14,007 Rutland	1,895 W. Brookfield 1,288
Brookline 33,490 Hamilton.	1,879 Middlebor'gh.	8,631 Salem	37,200 Westfield 18,411
Buckland 1,569 Hanover		1,308 Salisbury	1,717 Westford 2,843
Cambridge 108,822 Hanson	1.796 Milford	13,684 Sandwich	1,500 Westminster 1,594
Canton 5,623 Hardwick.	3.596 Millbury	5,295 Saugus	10,226 W. Newbury. 1,529
Carver 1,701 Harvard	1.104 Millis	1,442 Scltuate	2,661 Weston 2,342
Charlton 2,213 Harwich	2,179 Milton	8,600 Seekonk	2,767 Westport 3,262
Chatham 1,667 Hatfield	2,630 Monson	5,004 Sharon	2,468 W. Spr gfield . 11,339
Chelmsford 5,182 Haverhill.	49,450 Montague	7,925 Sheffield	1,862 W. Stockb'ge. 1,277
Chelsea 43,426 Hingham.		1,387 Shelhurne	1,484 Westwood 1,448
Cheshire 1,535 Hinsdale		3.166 Sherborn	1,696 Weymouth 13,969
Chester 1,344 Holbrook. Chicopee, 30,138 Holden	2,514 Needham	11,119 Shirley 6,542 Shrewsbury	2,251 Whately 1,118 2,794 Whitman 7,520
Clarksburg 1,114 Holliston.	2 789 Now Redford	109,568 Somerset	2,794 Whitman 7,520 3,377 Wilbraham 2,521
Clinton 13,192 Holyoke	60.816 Newbury	1.590 Somerville	86.854 Williamsburg. 2.118
Cohasset 2,800 Hopedale.	2.663 Newburyport.	15.311 S'borough	1,898 Williamstown 3,981
Colrain 1,829 Hopkinton	2,475 N. Marlb'gh	1.030 Southbridge	14,217 Wilmington 2,330
Concord 6,681 liubbardst	on. 1,084 Newton	43.113 S. Hadley	5,179 Winchendon. 5,908
Conway 1,220 Hudson		1.268 Southwick	1,365 Winchester 10,005
Dalton 3,358 Hull	2,290 North Adams	22,035 Spencer	5,994 Winthrop 12,758
Danvers 11,177 Huntington	1,427 Northampton	21,654 Springfield	102,971 Woburn 16,410
Dartmouth 5,330 Ipswich		5,956 Sterling	1,403 Worcester 162,697
Dedham 11,043 Kingston.	2,580 N. Attleboro	9,398 Stockbridge	1,901 Wrentham 2,414
Deerfield 2,739 Lakeville.	. 1,491 Northbor'gh	1,797 Stoneham	7,489 Yarmouth 1,415

# POPULATION OF RHODE ISLAND.

			(By State Census o	1915.	)			
COUNTIES, CITIES,	POPULA		COUNTIES, CITIES,		ATION	COUNTES, CITIES,	Popul	
AND TOWNS.	1915.	1905.	AND TOWNS.	1915.	1905.	AND TOWNS.	1915.	1905.
The State	595,986 48	80.082	Newport CoCon.			Providence CoCon.		
	-		Newport	30,472		North Smlthfield	2,805	
Bristol County		15,048		1.414			55,335	
Barrington	2,982	1,923						
Bristol	10,302	7,512		4,409	3,240	Scituate	3,342	3,207
Warren					370.056	Smlthfield	3,284	
Kent County	38,866 3 5,669	34,163 5.698		8,086 23,708	7,425	Woonsocket Washington County	40,075	
Coventry East Greenwich		3.218					26,793 901	
Warwick	13,302	3,410	Cumberland	9,929			904	789
West Warwick	15,782		East Providence	18.584	13,750		2.496	
West Greenwich	509	474			1,160	Narragansett	1.431	1,469
Newport County	43,865 3	36,073	Gloucester	1,491	1,557	North Kingstown	3,931	4,046
Jamestown	1,518	1,337	Johnston	6,693			1,458	
Little Compton	1.382	1.232		10,149			5,497	5,224
Middletown	1,992	1,5811	North Providence	6,780	3,8161	Westerly	10,175	8,381

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FOREIGN WHITE POPULATION IN SOME OF THE LARGER CITIES OF THE UNITED STATES ACCORDING TO	8	
WHITE		
FOREIGN		

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	CH.	Mative White of Foreign or Mixed Parentage.	188,255	9.760 3.2543 2.257 113.7574 89.5554 509 435 11.244 11.628	16 82	153	5,388 26,224 14 31 14	111 15,449 parent
	DETROIT, MICH.	Foreign-Born White Stock.	156,565	9,032 9,032 170 5,584 44,674 621 621 621 2,237 2,237 635 635 635	5,724 18,614 18,614 14,160 5,935 313 313 1284 65 65 65 65 65	561 35	4,166 37,779 33 26 25 25 49	176 ple, one
	LAND,	Native White of Foreign or Mixed Parentage	223,908	14,859 3,227 2,144 24,771 78,602 311 1,294 1,340 1,022 1,022 1,022	6,153 6,153 13,845 13,845 198 35,329 14,296 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13	115	876 7,953 11 41 13	14,727 or exam
	CLEVELAND, OHIO.	Foreign-Born White Stock.	195,703	11,415 2,879 1,297 11,316 41,406 41,406 1,677 1,677 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,076 1,	28 10,836 25,477 42,059 31,503 31,503 46 275 275 251	497	8,536 22 46 14 14	atries: f
	INATI, 10.	Native White of Foreign or Mixed Parentage,	132,190	4.561 947 18.894 18.894 88.945 82.27 654 654 654 1.732	1,679 3,177 3,177 1,076 1,008 1,008 1,008	53	41.1 22.22 8	419   21,912   162   12,127   925   60,228   160   181   17.27   15,448   181   17.27   15,448   181   17.27   15,448   181   17.27   18,448   181   17.27   18,448   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181   181
3	CINCINNATI, OHIO.	Foreign-Born White Stock.	56,792	1,872 458 458 177 28,425 37 114 114 78 322 24 24 565	20 20 20 20 4,999 1,638 6,344 454 454 184 186 289	245	868 20 20 115	90 rent for
Or 1910.	AGO, L.	Native White of Foreign or Mixed Parentage,	912,701	35, 164 12,537 12,537 138,856 319,551 23,705 53,705 10,824 1,266 1,266 1,266 1,266 1,266 1,266 1,266 1,266 1,266	29,774 62,971 62,971 378 95,699 978 890 880 881	311	8.240 27,26: 49 144 73 76	60,228 10 diffe
000	CHICAGO, ILL.	Foreign-Porn White Stock.	781,217	27,890 10,303 10,303 182,281 24,186 63,035 11,43 11,43 11,43 11,43 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63 11,63	237 45,169 121,735 1,193 132,059 28,938 28,938 3,344 3,344 6,561 7111	1,175	4.633 26,313 139 179 298	925 ere born
CENDO	Y.	Native White of Foreign or Mixed Parentage.	183,673	8,712 2,140 2,140 23,470 96,158 908 191 191 72 72 72 192 98	2,21,21,31,31,31,31,31,31,31,31,31,31,31,31,31	9	766 12,895 8 29 9	112,347 12,347 vents w
200	BUFFALO, N. Y.	Foreign-Born White Stock.	118,444	7,066 1,978 217 9,423 43,811 200 314 314 37 6622 639	11,399 11,349 11,349 2,442 2,442 106 106 107 77	207	566 16,715 35 27 27 38	162 vhose pa
BASED	SS.	Native White of Foreign or Mixed Parentage.	257,104	12,524 4,145 4,145 111,593 14,331 4,331 4,134 4,134 193 193 291 291	1,192 104 108,373 22,347 1,329 308 120 171 171	621	2,899 36,309 1413 131	308 21,912 Whites v
	BOSTON, MASS.	Foreign-Born White Stock.	240,722	13.601 5.062 3.15 66.031 68.706 1.914 7.122 1.914 4.86 682 682 682 4153	1,225 31,386 31,3891 41,891 455 2,413 37,3 37,3 1,497 623 1623	2,088	3,098 47,097 463 265 22 146	419  Native
OKICIN.	MORE, D.	Native White of Foreign or Mixed Parentage.	134,870	5,141 1,293 20,634 70,516 70,516 172 21,21 173 173 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	32 61 3,430 17,898 6,778 6,778 73 12 120	252	89 691 109 25 26	5,219 (c)
5	BALTIMORE, MD.	Forelgn-Born White Stock.	77,043	2,690 518 518 6,896 26,021 139 139 136 106 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 37 37 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40	15 24,798 24,798 36,538 1,358 1,358 1,358 1,358 1,358 1,36 1,36 1,36 1,36 1,36 1,36 1,36 1,36	49	222 28 100 46 6	1,936     Except Porto Rico.
COONIR	Y.	Native White of Foreign or Mixed Parentage.	36,533	2,578 740 740 13,571 12,186 13 46 41 41 435 11 11 11	1,073 1,681 1,681 1,681 1,681 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081 1,081	63	738 738 84 88 738	1,936 xcept Pe
3	ALBANY, N. Y.	Foreign-Born White Stock.	18,165	1,282 356 356 4,545 4,620 96 61 281 281 120 93	2,2013 2,445 1586 67 67 67 67 7	113	657.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 15.86 16.86 16.86 16.86 16.86 16.86 16.86 16.86 16.86 16.86 16.86 16.86 16.86 16.86 16.86 16.86 16.86 16.86 16.86 16.86 16.86 16.86 16.86 16.86 16.86 16.86 16.86 16.86 16.86 16.86 16.86 16.86 16.86 16.86 16.86 16.86 16.86 16.86 16.86 16.86 16.86 16.86 16.86 16.86 16.86 16.86 16.86 16.86 16.86 16.86 16.86 16.86 16.86 16.86 16.86 16.86 16.86 16.86 16.86 16.86 16.86 16.86 16.86 16.86 16.86 16.86 16.86 16.86 16.86 16.86 16.86 16.86 16.86 16.86 16.86 16.86 16.86 16.86 16.86 16.86 16.86 16.86 16.86 16.86 16.86 16.86 16.86 16.86	32 (b) E
		COUNTRY OF ORIGIN.	All foreign countries	Europe	Southern and Edistern Europe: Southern and Edistern Europe: Spain Flay Flay Flast Finland Finland Finland Hungary Hungary Bulgarlu, Serbia, and Montenegro Greece: Turkey in Europe Fluope not specified.	Turkey in Asia	Americal, inc. Canada—French Canada—French Newfoundland Cuba and other West Indies (b) Mexico	Of mixed foreign parentage (c).

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	KLYN JGH.)	Mative White of Foreign or Mixed Parentage.	663,583	38,412 10,605 10,605 152,952 164,762 1,940 1,1488 1,256 1,256 1,256 1,256 1,256 1,256 1,256 1,256 1,256 1,256	216 68 816 68 904 7,055 7,061 7,061 7,061 7,061 7,061 7,061 7,061 7,061 7,061	624 81	1,108 8,598 8,598 1,200 1,200 2,222 48,890	parent
	(BROOKLYN BOROUGH.)	Foreign-Born White Stock.	571,356	28,316 7,921 7,921 7,653 87,912 15,150 16,490 1,443 1,443 503 2,646 2,163	233 1,075 100,424 160,586 2,61, 35,913 8,947 7,809 1,017 402 56	1,781	2,181 2,181 640 692	de, one
	JOH.)	Native White of Foreign or Mixed Parentage,	185,146	8,596 2,734 2,734 41,318 60,551 60,551 2,475 103 103 1,066 1,066	21 15,679 19,680 19,680 7,204 3,524 1,107 76 26 26 16	21	2,050 19 177 41 138	ır examı
	(BOROUGH.)	Foreign-Born White Stock.	148,935	6,862 2,407 1,407 1,199 36,592 1,199 394 1,099 1,355	16 25,170 27,791 27,791 10,327 6,256 2,167 260 151	30	2,096 399 317 1191	ntries: fo
	ATTAN IGH.)	Mative White of Foreign or Mixed Parentage	818,208	28,205 8,699 911 199,581 1,317 4,745 1,451 2,45 6,129 2,311	108 038 125,412 762 71,349 71,349 7,104 7,104 562 255	96	1,376 7,289 1,231 1,231 1,02 2,85 500 59,497	dgn cou
	(MANHATTAN BOROUGH.)	Foreign-Born White Stock.	1,104,019	36,474 10,635 10,635 117,990 4,026 117,990 2,754 2,109 1,389 1,389 1,389 1,389 5,795	2,044 199,757 285,194 3,604 137,401 137,401 58,907 23,422 23,422 3,090 3,090	4,085	1,609 11,421 256 3,341 273 1,237 1,237	Native whites whose parents were born in different foreign countries: for example, one parent
	KK, N. Y.	Mative White of Foreign or Mixed Parentage.	1,820,141	2,271 2,272 2,272 4,657 4,659 20,289 20,289 3,445 3,445 113 113 6,21 6,21	362 203,684 249,735 249,735 108,735 15,959 12,411 12,411 12,411 887 153	1,348	3,328 19,853 527 2,761 151 151 1,261 133,552	rn in diff
-Communea.	GREATER NEW YORK, N.	Foreign-Born White Stock,	1,927,703	78,135 252,652 278,114 278,114 278,114 27,989 7,989 7,989 7,989 1,910 1,910 18,265 10,450	417 340,765 340,765 484,189 7,409 190,237 76,625 33,584 8,038 8,038 8,038 2,695 229	6,160	2,844 23,228 25,285 5,990 2,116 2,288	s were bo
1 1	S, LA.	Native White of Foreign or Mixed Parentage.	74,244	3,439 751 12,077 24,449 165 231 121 121 91,862 541	110 1,351 10,515 882 882 30 671 111 111 21 97	128	176 568 7 7 321 65 161 6.305	e parent
Or 1910)	NEW ORLEANS,	Foreign-Born White Stock.	27,686	1,337 257 2,993 6,115 180 110 1117 3,640 246	33 4448 8,066 1,254 1,254 93 93 175 175 46	192 16	101 374 265 275 275 109	es whos
CENSOS	UKEE,	Native White of Foreign or Mixed Parentage.	182,530	4,041 1,171 8,920 135,106 2,733 818 818 781 1,308 109 2,1	1,414 5,159 5,159 6,547 899 95 11 12 892 829 829 829 820 820 820 820 820 820 820 820 820 820	32	2,335 2,335 23 23 13 13 7,801	ive whit
ON	MILWAUKEE, WIS.	Foreign-Born White Stock.	111,456	2,086 647 1,966 64,816 2,144 2,144 615 86 33 33 251 833	2 2 3,374 11,937 11,937 11,553 5,571 267 1,104 147	82.	218 1,650 17 23 23 11 25 92	(c) Nat
3	ANGELES, CAL.	Native White of Foreign or Mixed Parentage.	74,756	2,345 2,311 2,311 8,927 18,908 2,736 940 2,736 132 132 2,114 862	205 375 2,659 2,720 1,127 1,127 137 137 137 137 137 137 137	170	744 6,917 3,306 3,208 7,119	Rico.
3)	LOS AN	Porelgn-Born White Stock.	60,584	7,575 1,589 1,589 3,414 1,003 1,006 1,096 1,914 1,914 828	2,510 2,510 2,510 2,510 2,510 2,510 110 120 120	385	592 7,657 18 73 5,611 166 430	Except Porto Rico,
	CITY,	Native White of Foreign or Mixed Parentage.	100,101	7.010 2.324 2.324 3.698 29,801 773 1.005 331 257 86	238 8.631 8.214 8.214 8.215 604 102 44 64	22	1,172 1,172 97 9 15 70 70 70	Excep
	JERSEY N.	Foreign-Born White Stock.	77,697	7,626 1,667 1,667 16,124 16,124 1,280 1,280 1,280 1,280 1,280 1,280 1,280 1,280 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,567 1,56	25 72 112,060 113,667 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084	103	107 998 21 21 11 11 69	tes. (b)
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IGN WHITE POPULATION IN SOME OF THE LARGE	CBASED CITY OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CO
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ASHINGTON, D. C.	Native White of Foreign or Mixed Parentage.	45,066	5,061 1,312 13,963 13,1963 13,1963 169 169 109 33 33 324	1,792 2,340 2,340 351 951 144 73	13	1,388 1,388 7 95 14 37 37 8,081
WASEL D.	Forelgn-Born White Stock.	24,351	2,634 7,343 5,1343 1,179 1,179 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174	2,761 3,393 3,393 155 155 165 165 165 175 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 18	139	1,011 10,011 10 10 84 23 23 57
FRANCISCO,	Native White of Foreign or Mixed Parentage.	153,781	10,640 3,452 43,653 43,633 1,416 1,700 1,700 1,700 1,829 1,829	784 12,163 12,163 2,570 2,576 2,576 166 166 184 184 184 185	96	5,993 1,993 1,044 1,195 17,011
S. FRANC	Foreign-Born White Stock,	130,874	9,815 3,668 23,151 24,137 2,137 3,769 6,24 4,48 4,18 6,24 1,18 1,18 1,18 1,18 1,18 1,18 1,18 1,1	1,170 16,918 4,640 1,846 4,641 1,247 1,247 2,277 402 53	320	5,687 5,687 57 1,763 1,763 826 2,068
ours,	Mative White of Foreign or Mixed Parentage.	246,946	10,812 2,542 40,514 138,631 1,308 1,308 1,308 1,575 716 3,582 4,040	2,4084 9,054 9,054 2,061 2,93 2,93 111	260	3,090 3,090 12 95 61 43,766
Sr. Louis,	Foreign-Born White Stock.	125,706	5,221 1,313 1,313 14,168 47,765 47,765 1,129 441 441 422 353 353 1,218 2,653	14 227 7,594 15,480 11,171 8,758 1,055 1,315 1,315 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,316 1,3	730	2,218 9,9 179 75,226
URGE,	Native White of Foreign or Mixed Parentage	191,483	14,545 4,427 3,921 42,431 70,862 1,146 1,146 1,146 1,537 1,537	8,138 14,737 16,253 2,667 2,667 109 109	172	1,528 10,528 10 10 12,266
PITTSBURGE, PA.	Foreign-Born White Stock.	140,436	9,525 3,283 2,1283 29,438 116 116 109 109 100 100 100 100 100	22 14,120 26,391 21,400 6,576 1,521 77 77	452	86 1,597 22 22 14 14 57 133
LPHIA,	Mixed Parentsge.	496,785	48,940 11,503 2,425 165,351 123,925 1,669 1,669 2,009 2,442 2,009	65 31,426 47,461 4,397 10,239 1,752 1,752 1,752 1,752 1,88	326	3,560 855 683 47 83 402 33,674
Рип'регрии, Раз	Foreign-Born White Stock.	382,578	36,530 9,174 1,032 83,187 61,462 1,142 1,119 3,47 4,77 4,77 1,032 1,119 2,650 2,650	24 194 45,308 90,696 10,696 112,495 14,413 4,413 589 33	973 105	3,648 8,648 628 54 54 257 464
-	Native White of Foreign or Mixed Parentage,	132,350	2,429 2,429 24,212 43,841 43,844 43,844 104 265 64 64 775	15,368 11,667 11,667 37 7,755 2,978 557 61 10	24	1,156 1,156 16 52 14 28 77 8,083
NEWARK, N. J.	Foreign-Born White Stock.	110,655	6,697 2,545 11,225 22,177 22,177 190 782 360 202 702 703 703 703 703 703 703 703 703 703 703	20,493 21,912 21,912 68 12,963 6,029 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160	127	1,112 1,112 40 71 10 98 97
MOND JGH.)	Mative White of Foreign or Mixed Parentage.	32,235	2,481 721 721 9,683 8,591 672 372 176 69 25 . 260	2,402 1,165 1,165 1,165 271 22 22 22 22 10 10	1001	67 644 51 51 7 7 7 2,534
(RICHMOND BOROUGH.)	Foreign-Born White Stock.	21,278	1,904 564 564 62 53.368 1,376 209 632 503 503 503 503	55 4,260 2,213 2,213 1,085 799 38 38 17	17 8	39 577 18 18 57 60 60
ENS IGH.)	Native White of Foreign or Mixed Parentage.	120,969	6,477 2,162 2,162 20,1224 360 1,248 1,248 265 777 783	22 8,561 4,421 100 4,765 798 33 33 14	18	1486 300 39 1,272 577 94 102 577 10 9 6 6 82 95 60 5
(QUEENS BOROUGH.	Foreign-Born White Stock.	79,115	1,588 1,588 1,588 8,671 30,252 529 1,446 634 1,140 1,140	11,154 8,395 8,395 222 5,511 1,716 19 19 19 11 11 11 11 11 11	97	1,048 1,048 10,048 10 10 82
	DOUNTRY OF ORIGIN.	All foreign countries	Northwestern Europe:  England Souland Souland Ireland Norway Norway Norway Norwal Northands Belgum France France France Switzerland France France Switzerland France Switzerland Switzerland France Switzerland Switzerland	erbia, and	Turkey in Asia All other countries merica (3):	Canada—French Canada—Other Newfoundland. Otha and other West Indies (b). Mexico. Central and South America. All other. Of mixed foreign parentage (c).

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#### POPULATION OF IOWA.

(By Counties. State Census of 1915.)

4 dala	14 726	Clayton	25 129	Hardin	22 484	Mahaska	29 314	Scott 65,645
Adair		Clinton	45 920	Harrison		Marion	23 072	Shelby 16,692
Adams			20,000	TTopper	17 007	Marshall	22 004	Sioux 25,340
Allamakee	17,298	Crawford	20,301	Henry			14 010	Sioux 25,340
Appanoose	30,548	Dallas	20,610	Howard	13,929	Mills	14,910	Story 25,787
Audubon	12,590	Davis		Humboldt		Mitchell	14,435	Tama 22,806
Benton	24,591	Decatur	17,148	Ida		Monona	17,378	Taylor 16,549
Black Hawk		Delaware	18,564	Iowa	18,666	Monroe	25,906	Union 17,168
Boone	29 696	Des Moines		Jackson	20 604	Montgomery.	17,297	Van Buren 14.907
	10 000	Dickinson		Jasper	27 496	Muscatine	28 663	Wapello 37,980
Bremer	10,960	Dubuque			16 022	O'Brlen	10 500	Warren 18,277
Buchanan	19,333	Danadae	00,970	Jefferson			10,004	Warren 18,277
Buena Vista	17,212	Emmet	11,300	Johnson	27,330	Osceola	10,109	Washington 20,004
Butler	18.014	Fayette	29,257	Jones	19,143	Page	24,773	Wayne 16,243
Calhoun	17.808	Floyd	18.213	Keokuk	21,225	Palo Alto	14.965	Webster 38,811
Carroll		Franklin	15 841	Kossuth	24,200	Plymouth	23.767	Winnebago 13,564
	10 707	Fremont		Lee	38 101	Pocahontas	15 635	Winneshiek. 22,238
Cass	19,767	Fremont	10,007	Ties.	50,101	Delle		Woodhamer. 22,235
Cedar	17,623	Greene	10,339	Linn	70,103	Polk	129,121	Woodbury 82,315
Cerro Gordo		Grundy	14,051	Louisa		Pottawat'mie.	56,896	Worth 11,188
Cherokee	16,591	Guthrie	18,416	Lucas	15,120	Poweshlek	19,965	Wright 19,654
Chickasaw		Hamilton	20.514	Lyon	15.362	Ringgold	13,280	
	11 029	Hancock	13 886	Madison		Sac		Total, State.2.358,066
Clarke			10,000	Madison	10,004	Sac	11,000	10041, 50406.2,000,000
Clay	14,656						1	
POPILATION	V OF	CITIES AND	INCO	RPORATED T	OWN	S OF 1.000 OR	MOI	RE INHABITANTS.
Ackley	1.289	Corning		Hawarden	2,045	Moulton	1,352	Sheffleld 1,035
Adair	1 011	Correctionville.	1.056	Holstein	1.137	Mount Ayr Mt. Pleasant	1.708	Sheldon 3,323 Shenandoah 5,637
	1 495	Correction	1 757	Humboldt	2,061	Mt Pleasant	4 080	Shonendooh
Adel	1,420	Corydon	1,707	Humboldt Humeston	1,001	Mt. Fleasant	4,000	Shenandoah 5,637
Afton	, 1,007	Council Bluffs.	31,354	Humeston	1,034	Mount Vernon.	1,568	Sibley 1,755
Akron	1.235	Cresco	3,199	Ida Grove	2.090	Muscatine	15,785	Sidney 1,074
Albia	5 138	Creston	7.572	Ida Grove Independence.	3,683	Mystic	2.695	Sigourney 2,109
	3,503	Davennort	48 483	Indianola	3,495	Mystic Nashua	1.282	Sioux Center 1,209
Algona	1 015	December	4 021	Town City	12 033	Nevada	2 686	Sioux City 61,774
Allerton	. 1,015	Decoran	4,051					
				fa 73-11-	0.710	Man TT-mateu		Cioum D 14- 1 000
Alta	. 1,078	Denison	3,455	Howa Falls	3,716	New Hampton	2,664	Sioux Rapids 1.023
	5.091	Denison Des Moines	3,455 105,652	Jefferson	3,716 3,103	New Hampton	2,664 1,162	Sioux Rapids 1,023 Spencer 4 176
Ames	5.091	Denison Des Moines	3,455 105,652	Jefferson	3,716 3,103	New Hampton	2,664 1,162	Sioux Rapids 1,023 Spencer 4 176
Ames	5,091 2,822	Denison Des Moines De Witt	3,455 105,652 1.877	Jefferson Jewell	3,716 3,103 1,074	New Hampton New London New Sharon	1,162 1,225 5,165	Sioux Rapids 1,023 Spencer 4,176 Spirlt Lake 1,602 State Center 1,037
Ames Anamosa Anita	. 5,091 . 2,822 . 1,210	Denison Des Moines De Witt Dows.	3,455 105,652 1,877 1,001	Iowa Falls Jefferson Jewell Keokuk	3,716 3,103 1,074 15,239	New Hampton New London New Sharon Newton	1,162 1,225 5,165	Sioux Rapids 1,023 Spencer 4,176 Spirlt Lake 1,602 State Center 1,037
Ames Anamosa Anita Atlantic	. 5,091 2,822 1,210 5,039	Denison Des Moines De Witt Dows Dubuque	3,455 105,652 1,877 1,001 41,795	Jowa Falls Jefferson Jewell Keokuk Keosauqua	3,716 3,103 1,074 15,239 1,018	New Hampton New London New Sharon Newton Nora Springs	1,162 1,225 5,165	Sioux Rapids 1,023 Spencer 4,176 Spirlt Lake 1,602 State Center 1,037
Ames Anamosa Anita	. 5,091 . 2,822 . 1,210 . 5,039 . 2,084	Denison Des Moines De Witt Dows Dubuque Dunlap	3,455 105,652 1,877 1,001 41,795 1,393	Jewa Falls Jefferson Jewell Keokuk Keosauqua Keota	3,716 3,103 1,074 15,239 1,018 1,071	New Hampton New London New Sharon Newton Nora Springs Northwood	2,664 1,162 1,225 5,165 1,148 1,525	Sioux Rapids
Ames Anamosa Anita Atlantic	5,091 2,822 1,210 5,039 2,084 1,648	Denison Des Moines De Witt Dows Dubuque Dunlap Dyersville	3,455 105,652 1,877 1,001 41,795 1,393 1,885	Jowa Falls Jefferson Jewell Keokuk Keosauqua Keota Kingsley	3,716 3,103 1,074 15,239 1,018 1,071 1,052	New Hampton New London New Sharon Newton Nora Springs Northwood Oakland	2,664 1,162 1,225 5,165 1,148 1,525 1,196	Sioux Rapids
Ames Anamosa Anita Atlantic Audubon	5,091 2,822 1,210 5,039 2,084 1,648	Denison Des Moines De Witt Dows Dubuque Dunlap Dyersville	3,455 105,652 1,877 1,001 41,795 1,393 1,885	Jowa Falls Jefferson Jewell Keokuk Keosauqua Keota Kingsley	3,716 3,103 1,074 15,239 1,018 1,071 1,052	New Hampton New London New Sharon Newton Nora Springs Northwood Oakland	2,664 1,162 1,225 5,165 1,148 1,525 1,196	Sioux Rapids   1,023     Spencer   4,176     Spirlt Lake   1,602     State Center   1,037     Storm Lake   3,158     Story City   1,576     Strawberry Pt   1,157     Stuart   1,849
AmesAnamosaAnltaAtlanticAudubonAvocaBedford	5,091 2,822 1,210 5,039 2,084 1,648	Denison Des Moines De Witt Dows Dubuque Dunlap Dyersville Eagle Grove	3,455 105,652 1,877 1,001 41,795 1,393 1,885 4,038	Joma Falls Jefferson Jewell Keokuk Keosauqua Keota Kingsley Knoxville	3,716 3,103 1,074 15,239 1,018 1,071 1,052 3,541	New Hampton New London New Sharon Newton Nora Springs Northwood Oakland Odebolt	2,664 1,162 1,225 5,165 1,148 1,525 1,196	Sioux Rapids   1,023     Spencer   4,176     Spirlt Lake   1,602     State Center   1,037     Storm Lake   3,158     Story City   1,576     Strawberry Pt   1,157     Stuart   1,849
AmesAnamosaAnitaAtlanticAudubonAvocaBedfordBelle Plaine.	. 5,091 2,822 1,210 5,039 2,084 1,648 1,950 3,668	Denison Des Moines De Witt Dows Dubuque Dunlap Dyersville Eagle Grove Eddyville	3,455 105,652 1,877 1,001 41,795 1,393 1,885 4,038 1,046	lowa Falls Jefferson Jewell Keokuk Keosauqua Keota Kingsley Knoxville Lake City	3,716 3,103 1,074 15,239 1,018 1,071 1,052 3,541 2,224	New Hampton New London New Sharon Newton Nora Springs Northwood Oakland Odebolt Odiwein	2,664 1,162 1,225 5,165 1,148 1,525 1,196 1,236 7,137	Sioux Rapids   1,023     Spencer.   4,176     Spirit Lake.   1,602     State Center   1,037     Storm Lake.   3,158     Story City.   1,576     Strawberry Pt.   1,157     Stuart.   1,849     Sumner.   1,585
Ames	. 5,091 2,822 1,210 . 5,039 . 2,084 . 1,648 . 1,950 . 3,668 . 1,708	Denison Des Molnes De Witt Dows Dubuque Dunlap Dyersville Eagle Grove Eddyville	3,455 105,652 1,877 1,001 41,795 1,393 1,885 4,038 1,046 2,030	lowa Falls Jefferson Jewell Keokuk Keosauqua Keota Kingsley Knoxville Lake City Lake Mills	3,716 3,103 1,074 15,239 1,018 1,071 1,052 3,541 2,224 1,480	New Hampton New London New Sharon Newton Nora Springs Northwood Oakland Odebolt Oëlweln Ogden	2,664 1,162 1,225 5,165 1,148 1,525 1,196 1,236 7,137	Sioux Rapids   1,023     Spencer
Ames. Anamosa. Anita. Atlantic. Audubon. Avoca. Bedford. Belle Plaine. Bellevue. Belmond.	. 5,091 2,822 1,210 . 5,039 . 2,084 . 1,648 . 1,950 . 3,668 . 1,708 . 1,419	Denison Des Moines De Witt Dows Dubuque Dunlap Dyersville Eagle Grove Eddyville Eldon Eldora	3,455 105,652 1,877 1,001 41,795 1,393 1,885 4,038 1,046 2,030 2,720	lowa Falls Jefferson Jewell Keokuk Keosauqua Keota Kingsley Knoxville Lake City Lake Mills Lamoni	3,716 3,103 1,074 15,239 1,018 1,071 1,052 3,541 2,224 1,480 1,778	New Hampton New London New Sharon New Sharon Newton Nora Springs Northwood Oakland Odebolt Odelwein Ogden Onawa	2,664 1,162 1,225 5,165 1,148 1,525 1,196 1,236 7,137 1,403 2,210	Sioux Rapids   1,023     Spencer
Ames Anamosa Atlantic Atlantic Audubon Avoca Bedford Belle Plaine Bellevue Bellevue Bellevod Bettendorf	5,091 2,822 1,210 5,039 2,084 1,648 1,950 3,668 1,708	Denison Des Moines De Witt Dows Dubuque Dunlap Dyersville Eagle Grove Eddyville Eldora Elkader	3,455 105,652 1,877 1,001 41,795 1,393 1,885 4,038 1,046 2,030 2,720 1,213	lowa Falls Jefferson Jewell Keokuk Keosauqua Keota Kingsley Knoxville Lake City Lake Mills Lamoni Langing	3,716 3,103 1,074 15,239 1,018 1,071 1,052 3,541 2,224 1,480 1,778	New Hampton New London New Sharon New Sharon Newton Nora Springs Northwood Oakland Odebolt Odelwein Ogden Onawa	2,664 1,162 1,225 5,165 1,148 1,525 1,196 1,236 7,137 1,403 2,210	Sioux Rapids   1,023     Spencer
Ames. Anamosa. Anita. Atlantic. Audubon. Avoca. Bedford. Belle Plaine. Bellevue Belmond. Bettendorf. Bloomfield	5,091 2,822 1,210 5,039 2,084 1,648 1,950 3,668 1,708 1,419	Denison Des Moines De Witt Dows Dubuque Dunlap Dyersville Eagle Grove Eddyville Eldon Eldora Elkader Emmetsburg	3,455 105,652 1,877 1,001 41,795 1,393 1,885 4,038 1,046 2,030 2,720 1,213 2,647	lowa Falls Jefferson Jewell Keokuk Keosauqua Keota Kingsley Knoxville Lake City Lake Mills Lamoni Langing	3,716 3,103 1,074 15,239 1,018 1,071 1,052 3,541 2,224 1,480 1,778 1,655 1,541	New Hampton New Sharon. New Sharon. Newton. Nora Springs. Northwood. Oakland Odebolt. Oğdeen. Ogden. Orange City. Osage.	2,664 1,162 1,225 5,165 1,148 1,525 1,196 1,236 7,137 1,403 2,210 1,417 2,779	Sioux Rapids. 1,023   Spencer. 4,176   Spirit Lake. 1,602   State Center. 1,037   Storm Lake. 3,158   Storm Lake. 3,158   Strawberry Pt. 1,157   Stuart. 1,349   Summer. 1,585   Tabor. 1,048   Tama. 2,621   Tipton. 2,176   Toledo. 1,721
Ames. Anamosa. Anita. Atlantic. Audubon. Avoca. Bedford. Belle Plaine. Bellevue Belmond. Bettendorf. Bloomfield	5,091 2,822 1,210 5,039 2,084 1,648 1,950 3,668 1,708 1,419	Denison Des Moines De Witt Dows Dubuque Dunlap Dyersville Eagle Grove Eddyville Eldon Eldora Elkader Emmetsburg	3,455 105,652 1,877 1,001 41,795 1,393 1,885 4,038 1,046 2,030 2,720 1,213 2,647	lowa Falls Jefferson Jewell Keokuk Keokuk Keosauqua Keota Kingsley Knoxville Lake City Lake City Lanoni Lansing Lanori La Porte City	3,716 3,103 1,074 15,239 1,018 1,071 1,052 3,541 2,224 1,480 1,778 1,655 1,541	New Hampton New Sharon. New Sharon. Newton. Nora Springs. Northwood. Oakland Odebolt. Oğdeen. Ogden. Orange City. Osage.	2,664 1,162 1,225 5,165 1,148 1,525 1,196 1,236 7,137 1,403 2,210 1,417 2,779	Sioux Rapids. 1,023   Spencer. 4,176   Spirit Lake. 1,602   State Center. 1,037   Storm Lake. 3,158   Storm Lake. 3,158   Strawberry Pt. 1,157   Stuart. 1,349   Summer. 1,585   Tabor. 1,048   Tama. 2,621   Tipton. 2,176   Toledo. 1,721
Ames. Anamosa. Anitz. Atlantic. Audubon. Avoca. Bedford. Belle Plaine. Bellevue. Belmond. Bettendorf. Bioomfield. Boone.	5,091 2,822 1,210 5,039 2,084 1,648 1,950 3,668 1,708 1,419 1,376 2,282 12,253	Denison Des Moines De Witt Dows De Witt Dows Dubuque Dunlap Dyersville Eagle Grove BEddyville Eldon Eldora Elkader Emmetsburg Estherville	3,455 105,652 1,877 1,001 41,795 1,393 1,885 4,038 2,030 2,720 1,213 2,647 4,123	lowa Falls Jefferson Jeweil Keokuk Keosauqua Keota Kingsley Knoxville Lake City Lake Mills Lamonl Lansing La Porte City Lehigh	3,716 3,103 1,074 15,239 1,018 1,071 1,052 3,541 2,224 1,480 1,778 1,655 1,541 1,290	New Hampton New London New Sharon Newton Nora Springs Northwood Oakland Odebolt Oëlwein Ogden Onawa Orange City Osage Osceola	2,664 1,162 1,225 5,165 1,148 1,525 1,196 1,236 7,137 1,403 2,210 1,417 2,779 2,714	Sioux Rapids   1,023     Spencer
Ames. Anamosa. Anita. Atlantic. Auduhon. Avoca. Bedford. Belle Plaine. Bellevue. Belmond. Bettendorf. Bloomfield. Boone. Brighton.	5,091 2,822 1,210 5,039 2,084 1,648 1,950 3,668 1,708 1,419 1,376 2,282 1,023	Denison Des Moines De Witt. Dows. Dubuque. Dunlap. Dyersville Eagle Grove Eddyville Eldon. Eldora. Elkader Emmetsburg Estherville	3,455 1,877 1,877 1,001 41,795 1,393 1,885 4,038 1,046 2,030 2,720 1,213 2,641 4,123 6,113	lowa Falls Jefferson Jewell Keokuk Keosauqua Keota Keota Kingsley Knoxville Lake City Lake Mills Lamonl Lansing La Porte City Lehigh Le Mars	3,716 3,103 1,074 15,239 1,071 1,052 3,541 2,224 1,480 1,778 1,655 1,541 1,240	New Hampton New London New Sharon. Newton. Nora Springs. Northwood. Oakland Odebolt. Ogden Onawa. Orange City. Osage. Osceola. Oskaloosa	2,664 1,162 1,225 5,165 1,148 1,525 1,196 1,236 7,137 1,403 2,210 1,417 2,771 10,485	Sioux Rapids. 1,023   Spencer. 4,176   Spirit Lake. 1,602   State Center. 1,037   Storm Lake. 3,158   Story City. 1,576   Strawberry Pt. 1,157   Stuart. 1,849   Summer. 1,585   Tabor. 1,048   Tama. 2,621   Tipton. 2,176   Toledo. 1,721   Traer. 1,378   Valley Junction. 3,026
Ames Anamosa Anita Atlantic Audubon Avoca Bedford Belle Plaine Bellevue Bettendorf Bloomfield Boone Brighton Britt	5,091 2,822 1,210 5,039 2,084 1,956 3,668 1,708 1,419 1,376 2,282 11,023 1,023	Denison Des Moines De Witt Dows Des Moines De Witt Dows Dubuque Dunlap Dyersville Eagle Grove iEddyville iEldon iEldon iEldora iElkader Emmetsburg Estherville Fairfield Fairfield Farmington	3,455 105,652 1,877 1,001 41,795 1,393 1,885 4,038 1,046 2,030 1,213 2,647 4,123 6,1194	lowa Falls Jefferson Jewell Keokuk Keosauqua Keota Kingsley Knoxville Lake City Lake Mills Lamoni Lansing La Porte City Lehigh Le Mars Lenox	3,716 3,103 1,074 15,239 1,018 1,071 1,052 3,541 2,224 1,478 1,655 1,541 1,290 5,070 1,320	New Hampton New London New Sharon Newton Newton Nora Springs Northwood Oakland Odebolt Oëlwein Ogden Onawa Orange City Osage Oskaloosa Oskaloosa Ottumwa	1 2,664 1,162 1,265 5,165 1,148 1,525 1,196 1,236 7,137 2,210 1,417 2,779 2,714 10,485 22,437	Sioux Rapids.   1,023     Spencer.   4,176     Spirit Lake.   1,602     State Center.   1,037     Story City.   1,576     Strawberry Pt.   1,157     Stuart.   1,849     Summer.   1,585     Tabor.   1,048     Tama.   2,621     Tipton.   2,176     Toledo.   1,721     Traer.   1,378     Valley Junction   3,026     Villisca.   2,123     Villisca.   2,123     Control   1,024     Control
Ames. Anamosa. Anita. Atlantic. Audubon. Avoca. Bedford. Belle Plaine. Bellevue. Belmond. Bettendorf. Bloomfield. Boone. Brighton. Britt. Brooklyn	5,091 2,822 1,210 5,039 2,084 1,648 1,950 3,668 1,708 1,376 2,282 12,253 1,022 1,448	Denison Des Moines De Witt Dows Dows Dubuque Dunlap Dyersville Eagle Grove Eiddyville Eidon Eidon Eikader Eimmetsburg Estherville Fairfield Fairfield Farmington	3,455 105,652 1,877 1,001 41,795 1,393 1,885 4,038 1,046 2,030 1,213 2,647 4,123 6,113 1,194	lowa Falls Jefferson Jewell Keokuk Keosauqua Keota Keota Kingsley Knoxville Lake City Lake Mills Lamoni Lansing La Porte City Lehigh Le Mars Lenox Lenox	3,716 3,103 1,074 15,239 1,018 1,071 1,052 3,541 2,224 1,480 1,778 1,655 1,541 1,290 5,070 1,320 2,199	New Hampton New London New Sharon. Newton. Newton. Nora Springs. Northwood. Oakland Odebolt. Oëlweln. Ogden. Onawa. Orange City. Osage. Osceola. Oskaloosa. Ottumwa. Panora.	1 2,664 1,162 1,225 5,165 1,148 1,525 1,196 1,236 7,137 1,403 2,210 1,417 2,779 2,714 10,485 22,437 1,107	Sioux Rapids   1,023     Spencer   4,176     Spirit Lake   1,602     State Center   1,037     Storm Lake   3,158     Story City   1,576     Strawberry Pt   1,157     Stuart   1,849     Sumner   1,545     Tabor   1,048     Tama   2,621     Tipton   2,176     Toledo   1,721     Traer   1,378     Valley Junction   3,026     Villisca   2,132     Vinton   3,926     Vinton   3,926
Ames. Anamosa Anita. Atlantic. Audubon. Avoca. Bediord. Belle Plaine. Bellevue Bellevue Belmond. Bettendorf Bloomfeld Boone. Brighton. Britten. Brighton.	5,091 2,822 1,210 5,039 2,084 1,648 1,950 3,668 1,708 1,376 2,282 12,253 1,022 1,448	Denison Des Moines De Witt Dows Dows Dubuque Dunlap Dyersville Eagle Grove Eddyville Eldon Eldon Eldora Elkader Emmetsburg Estherville Fairfield Fairfield Farmington	3,455 105,652 1,877 1,001 41,795 1,393 1,885 4,038 1,046 2,030 2,720 1,213 2,647 4,123 6,113 1,194 1,175 1,105	Iowa Falls Jefferson Jewell Keokuk Keokau Keokau Keota Kingsley Knoxville Lake City Lake City Lake Mills Lamoni Lansing La Porte City Lehigh Le Mars Lenox Leon Leon	3,716 3,103 1,074 15,239 1,018 1,071 1,052 3,541 2,224 1,480 1,778 1,655 1,541 1,290 5,070 1,320 2,199	New Hampton New London New Sharon. Newton. Nora Springs Northwood. Oakland Odebolt. Oğlewin. Ogden. Onawa Orange City. Osage. Oskaloosa Ottumwa. Panora. Parkersburg.	2,664 1,162 1,265 5,165 5,165 1,148 1,525 1,196 1,236 7,137 2,210 1,417 2,714 10,485 22,437 1,107 1,027	Sioux Rapids   1,023     Speneer
Ames. Anamosa Anita. Atlantic. Audubon. Aveca Bedford. Belle Plaine. Believue Bettendorf. Bloomfield Boone Brighton. Britt. Brooklyn. Burlington.	5,091 2,822 1,210 5,039 2,084 1,648 1,950 3,666 1,708 1,418 1,376 2,282 11,023 1,448 1,448 1,448 1,448	Denison Des Moines De Witt Dows Dubuque Dunlap Dyersville Eagle Grove Eddyville Eidon Eidora Eikader Emmetsburg Estherville Fairfield Farmington Fagette. Fonda	3,455 105,652 1,877 1,001 41,795 1,393 1,885 4,038 1,046 2,030 2,720 1,213 2,647 4,123 6,113 1,194 1,175 1,105	Iowa Falls Jefferson Jewell Keokuk Keokau Keokau Keota Kingsley Knoxville Lake City Lake City Lake Mills Lamoni Lansing La Porte City Lehigh Le Mars Lenox Leon Leon	3,716 3,103 1,074 15,239 1,018 1,071 1,052 3,541 2,224 1,480 1,778 1,655 1,541 1,290 5,070 1,320 2,199	New Hampton New London New Sharon. Newton. Nora Springs Northwood. Oakland Odebolt. Oğlewin. Ogden. Onawa Orange City. Osage. Oskaloosa Ottumwa. Panora. Parkersburg.	2,664 1,162 1,265 5,165 5,165 1,148 1,525 1,196 7,137 1,403 2,710 1,417 2,779 2,714 10,485 22,437 1,107 1,027	Sioux Rapids   1,023     Spencer
Ames. Anamosa Anita. Atlantic. Audubon. Avoca. Bedford Belle Plaine. Bellevue Belmond. Bettendorf Bloomfeld Boone Brighton. Britt. Brooklyn Burlington Carroll.	. 5,091 2,822 1,210 5,039 2,084 1,956 3,668 1,708 1,418 1,255 12,255 1,023 1,444 1,444 1,444 2,426 4,03	Denison Des Moines De Witt Dows Dubuque Dunlap Dunlap Dyersville Eagle Grove Eddyville Eldon Eldon Elkader Emmetsburg Estherville Fairfield Farmington Fayette Fonda Forest City	3,455 105,652 1,877 1,001 41,795 1,393 1,885 4,038 1,046 2,030 2,720 1,213 2,647 4,123 6,113 1,194 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,1	Iowa Falls Jefferson Jewell Keokuk Keosanqua Keoka Kingsley Kinoxville Lake City Lake City Lake City Lake Hills Lamening La Porte City Lehigh Le Mars Lenox Leon Logan Madrid	3,716 3,103 1,074 15,239 1,018 1,071 1,052 3,541 2,224 1,480 1,778 1,541 1,290 5,070 1,320 2,199 1,641 1,449	New Hampton New London New Sharon. Newton Newton Nora Springs Northwood. Odebolt. Odebolt. Odebolt. Ogden Orange City Osage Osceola. Oskaloosa Ottumwa. Panora Parkersburg Palla	2,664 1,162 1,265 5,165 5,165 1,148 1,525 1,196 7,137 1,403 2,710 1,417 2,779 2,714 10,485 22,437 1,107 1,027	Sioux Rapids   1,023     Spencer
Ames. Anamosa Anita. Atlantic. Audubon. Avoca Bedford. Belle Plaine. Bellevue. Bethendorf. Bioomfield. Boone. Brighton. Britt. Brooklyn. Burlington. Carroll. Cascade	. 5,091 2,822 1,210 5,039 2,084 1,648 1,968 1,708 1,419 1,255 1,255 1,024 1,448 24,26 4,03 1,314	Denison Des Moines De Witt Dows Dubuque Dunlap Dyersville Eagle Grove Eddyville Eidon Eidora Eikader Emmetsburg Estherville Fairfield Farmington Fayette Fronta	3,455 105,652 1,877 1,001 41,795 1,393 1,885 4,038 1,046 2,030 2,720 1,213 2,647 4,123 6,113 1,194 1,175 1,106 2,135 1,194	Iowa Falls Jefferson Jewell Keokuk Keosauqua Keota Kingsley Knoxville Lake City Lake City Lake Mills Lamoni Lansing La Porte City Lehigh Le Mars Lenox Leon Logan Madrid Malyern	3,716 3,103 1,074 15,239 1,018 1,071 1,052 3,541 2,224 1,480 1,748 1,655 1,541 1,290 5,070 2,199 1,641 1,454	New Hampton New London New Sharon. Newton. Nora Springs Northwood. Oakland Odebolt. Oğlewin. Ogden Onawa Orange City. Osage. Oskaloosa Ottumwa. Panora Parkersburg Pella. Perry	2,664 1,162 1,265 5,165 5,165 1,148 1,525 1,196 7,137 1,403 2,710 1,417 2,779 2,714 10,485 22,437 1,107 1,027	Sioux Rapids   1,023     Spencer
Ames Anamosa Anita Autantic Audubon Avoca Bediford Belle Plaine Bellevue Belmond Bettendorf Bloomfield Boone Brighton Britt Brooklyn Burlington Carroll Cascade Cedar Falls.	. 5,091 2,822 1,210 5,039 2,084 1,648 1,956 1,708 1,419 1,376 2,282 12,253 1,022 1,48 24,26 4,03 1,31 1,48	Denison Des Moines Des Moines Des Witt Dows Dubuque Dunlap Dyersville Eagle Grove Eddyville Eddon Eiddon Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Einder Ei	3,455 105,652 1,877 1,001 41,795 1,393 4,038 1,046 2,720 1,213 2,647 4,123 6,113 1,194 1,175 1,106 2,135 1,193 2,647 4,123 6,113 1,195 1,106 2,135 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 1,193 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Newton Newton Nora Springs Northwood. Odebolt. Odebolt. Odebolt. Ogden Orange City Osage Osceola. Oskaloosa Ottumwa. Panora. Parkersburg. Panora. Parkersburg. Pella. Perry Pocahontas.	2,664 1,162 1,225 5,165 1,148 1,525 1,196 1,236 7,137 1,403 2,210 1,417 2,779 2,779 2,714 10,485 22,437 1,1027 3,096 5,453	Sioux Rapids   1,023     Spencer   4,176     Spirit Lake   1,602     Spirit Lake   1,602     State Center   1,037     Storm Lake   3,158     Story City   1,576     Strawberry Pt.   1,157     Stuart   1,349     Sumner   1,545     Tabor   1,048     Tabor   1,048     Tama   2,621     Tipton   2,176     Toledo   1,723     Tracer   1,723     Tracer   1,723     Tracer   1,724     Tracer   1,725     Valley unction   3,026     Valley unction   3,026     Valley   1,008     Walnut   1,008     Wapello   1,532     Washington   4,544     Waterloo   33,007
Ames. Anamosa Anita. Atlantic. Auduhon. Avoca Bedford. Belle Plaine. Bellevue Bellevue Belmond. Bioomfield Boome. Brighton. Britt. Brooklyn. Burlington Carroll Cascade. Cedar Falls. Cedar Rapids	. 5,091 2,822 1,210 5,039 2,084 1,950 3,668 1,708 1,419 1,376 2,233 12,233 11,481 24,03 1,314 4,03 1,314 4,03 1,314 4,03	Denison Des Moines De Witt Dows Dubuque Dunlap Dyersville Eagle Grove Eddyville Eidon Eidora Eikader Emmetsburg Estherville Fairfield Farmington Fagette Fronta Fronta	3,455 105,652 1,877 1,001 41,795 1,393 1,046 2,038 1,046 2,720 1,213 2,647 4,123 6,113 1,194 1,175 1,106 2,135 1,194 1,175 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,1	lowa Falls Jefferson Jewell Keokuk Keosauqua Keota Kingsley Knoxville Lake City Lake City Lake Mills Lamoni Lansing La Porte City Lehigh Le Mars Lenox Leon Logan Madrid Malvern Manchester Manilla	3,716 3,103 1,074 15,239 1,018 1,071 1,052 3,541 2,224 1,486 1,778 1,655 1,541 1,240 1,210 1,210 1,210 1,210 1,210 1,210 1,210 1,210 1,210 1,210 1,210 1,210 1,210 1,210 1,210 1,210 1,210 1,210 1,210 1,210 1,210	New Hampton New London New Sharon. Newton. Nora Springs Northwood. Oakland Odebolt. Oëlweln. Ogden Onawa Orange City. Osage. Oskaloosa Ottumwa. Panora. Parkersburg. Pella. Perry Pocahontas Postville.	2,664 1,162 1,225 5,165 1,148 1,525 1,196 1,236 7,137 1,403 2,210 1,417 2,779 2,779 2,714 10,485 22,437 1,1027 3,096 5,453	Sioux Rapids   1,023     Spencer   4,176     Spirit Lake   1,602     Spirit Lake   1,602     State Center   1,037     Storm Lake   3,158     Story City   1,576     Strawberry Pt.   1,157     Stuart   1,349     Sumner   1,545     Tabor   1,048     Tabor   1,048     Tama   2,621     Tipton   2,176     Toledo   1,723     Tracer   1,723     Tracer   1,723     Tracer   1,724     Tracer   1,725     Valley unction   3,026     Valley unction   3,026     Valley   1,008     Walnut   1,008     Wapello   1,532     Washington   4,544     Waterloo   33,007
Ames Anamosa Anita Audubon Avoca Bedford Belle Plaine Bellevue Belmond Bettendorf Bloomfield Boone Brighton Britt Brooklyn Burlington Carroll Cascade Cedar Falls Cedar Rapids Centerville	5,091 2,822 1,210 5,039 2,084 1,950 3,668 1,795 1,419 1,25 1,02 1,02 1,48 2,28 1,48 2,4,26 4,03 1,31 6,28	Denison Des Moines Des Moines Des Witt Dows Dubuque Dunlap Dyersville Eagle Grove Eddyville Eidon Eidora Eikader Eikader Eikaterville Farmington Fayette Fronda Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Graner Gelenood	3,455 105,652 1,877 1,001 41,795 1,393 1,885 4,036 2,720 1,213 2,647 4,123 6,113 1,175 1,106 2,135 19,372 2,507 1,213 1,226 1,213 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,26 1,	Iowa Falls Jefferson Jeweil Keokuk Keosauqua Keota Kingsley Kinoxvilie Lake City Lake Kills Lamonn Lanning Lanning Lanning Lanning Landid Mayern Manchester Manilla Manning	3,716 3,103 1,074 15,239 1,018 1,052 3,541 1,480 1,778 1,541 1,290 2,199 1,641 1,449 3,102 1,254 3,102 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,12	New Hampton New London New Sharon. New Sharon. Newton. Nora Springs Northwood. Odebolt. Odebolt. Odebolt. Ogden Onawa Orange City. Osagola. Oskaloosa Ottumwa Panora. Parkersburg Perla. Perry Pocahontas Postville Red Oak	2,664 1,162 5,165 1,148 1,196 1,236 7,137 2,210 2,714 10,485 22,437 1,107 3,096 1,194 1,097 1,194 1,097 1,194 1,096 1,194 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,097 1,09	Sioux Rapids   1,023     Spencer   4,176     Spirit Lake   1,602     State Center   1,037     Storm Lake   3,158     Story City   1,576     Strawberry Pt   1,157     Stuart   1,949     Sumner   1,545     Tabor   1,048     Tabor   1,048     Tama   2,621     Tipton   2,176     Tabor   1,048     Tama   2,621     Tipton   2,176     Tracer   1,737     Valley Junction   3,026     Valley Junction   3,026     Walnut   1,008     Wapello   1,532     Washington   4,544     Waterloo   33,097     Waukon   2,168     Waverly   3,561
Ames Anamosa Anita Audubon Avoca Bedford Belle Plaine Bellevue Belmond Bettendorf Bloomfield Boone Brighton Britt Brooklyn Burlington Carroll Cascade Cedar Falls Cedar Rapids Centerville	5,091 2,822 1,210 5,039 2,084 1,950 3,668 1,795 1,419 1,25 1,02 1,02 1,48 2,28 1,48 2,4,26 4,03 1,31 6,28	Denison Des Moines Des Moines Des Witt Dows Dubuque Dunlap Dyersville Eagle Grove Eddyville Eidon Eidora Eikader Eikader Eikaterville Farmington Fayette Fronda Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Graner Gelenood	3,455 105,652 1,877 1,001 41,795 1,393 1,885 4,036 2,720 1,213 2,647 4,123 6,113 1,175 1,106 2,135 19,372 2,507 1,213 1,226 1,213 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,226 1,26 1,	lowa Falls Jefferson Jewell Keokuk Keosauqua Keota Kingsley Knoxville Lake City Lake City Lake Mills Lamoni Lansing La Porte City Lehigh Le Mars Lenox Leon Logan Madrid Malvern Manchester Manilla	3,716 3,103 1,074 15,239 1,018 1,052 3,541 1,480 1,778 1,541 1,290 2,199 1,641 1,449 3,102 1,254 3,102 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,12	New Hampton New London New Sharon. Newton. Nora Springs Northwood. Oakland Odebolt. Oëlweln. Ogden Onawa Orange City. Osage. Oskaloosa Ottumwa. Panora. Parkersburg. Pella. Perry Pocahontas Postville.	1,264 1,225 5,165 1,148 1,148 1,196 1,236 1,237 1,403 2,210 2,714 2,779 2,774 1,07 1,027 3,096 5,455 1,003 5,607	Sioux Rapids   1,023     Spencer   4,176     Spirit Lake   1,602     State Center   1,037     Storm Lake   3,158     Story City   1,576     Stuart   1,157     Tabor   1,048     Tama   2,621     Tipton   2,176     Toledo   1,721     Traer   1,378     Valley Junction   3,026     Villisca   2,122     Vinton   3,956     Walnut   1,008     Wapello   1,532     Washington   4,544     Waterloo   33,097     Waukon   2,168     Waverly   3,561     Webster City   5,834
Ames. Anamosa Anita Anamosa Anita Atlantic Audubon Avoca Bediord Bellevue Bellevue Belmond Bettendorf Bloomfiel Boome Brooklyn Burlington Carroll Cascade Cedar Falls Cedar Rapids Centerville Charlton.	5,091 2,822 1,210 5,039 2,084 1,950 3,668 1,708 1,418 1,377 2,285 1,023 1,444 1,48 24,26 4,03 1,31 1,41 24,26 4,06 4,06 7,80 5,23	Denison Des Moines Des Wolnes Des Wolnes Des Wolnes Dows Dubuque Dunlap Dyersville Eagle Grove Eddyville Eidon Eidora Eikader Emmetsburg Estherville Fairfield Farifield Forda Forost City Forot Madison Gare	3,455 105,652 1,877 1,001 41,795 1,393 1,885 4,036 2,030 2,720 1,213 2,647 4,123 6,113 1,194 1,176 2,135 1,106 2,135 1,106 2,135 1,106 2,135 1,106 2,135 1,106 2,135 1,106 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,206 1,2	lowa Falls Jefferson Jewell Keokuk Keosauqua Keota Kingsley Knoxville Lake City Lake City Lake Mills Lamoni Lansing La Porte City Lehigh Le Mars Lenox Leon Logan Madrid Malvern Manchester Manilla Manning Manson	3,716 3,103 1,074 15,239 1,018 1,071 1,052 3,541 2,224 1,480 1,778 1,541 1,290 5,070 2,199 1,641 1,449 1,254 3,102 1,1254 1,611 1,309	New Hampton New London New Sharon. New Sharon. Newton. Nora Springs Northwood. Oakland Odebolt. Ogden. Orange City. Osage. Osage. Oskaloosa Oskaloosa Ottumwa. Panora. Panora. Panora. Perry Pocahontas Postville Red Oak. Rednbeck Reinbeck	1,264 1,162 1,225 5,165 1,148 1,225 1,196 1,236 1,236 1,403 2,210 2,714 10,485 2,437 1,027 3,096 5,454 1,003 5,601 1,257	Sioux Rapids   1,023     Spencer   4,176     Spirit Lake   1,602     State Center   1,037     Storm Lake   3,158     Story City   1,576     Strawberry Pt   1,157     Stuart   1,949     Sumner   1,545     Tabor   1,048     Tabor   1,048     Tama   2,621     Tipton   2,176     Tabor   1,048     Tama   2,621     Tipton   2,176     Tracer   1,737     Valley Junction   3,026     Valley Junction   3,026     Walnut   1,008     Wapello   1,532     Washington   4,544     Waterloo   33,097     Waukon   2,168     Waverly   3,561
Ames. Anamosa Anita. Anamosa Anita. Atlantic. Audubon Avoca Bediord Belle Plaine Bellevue Belmond Bettendorf Bloomfield Boone Brighton Britt. Brooklyn Burlington Carroll Cascade Cedar Falls Cedar Falls Centerville Charlton Charles City	5,091 2,822 1,210 5,039 2,084 1,648 1,705 1,419 1,705 1,419 1,370 1,444 1,48 24,26 4,03 1,31 6,28 40,66 7,80 5,30 6,37	Denison Des Moines Des Moines Des Witt Dows Dubuque Doys Dublap Dyersville Eagle Grove Eddyville Eidon Eidora Eikader Eikader Earmington Fariffeld Farmington Fayette Fronda Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Graner Garner Genene	3,455 105,652 1,877 1,001 41,795 1,393 1,885 4,030 2,720 1,213 2,647 4,123 6,113 1,194 1,176 2,135 19,372 - 9,507 1,226 3,291 1,315 1,315	lowa Falls Jefferson Jewell Keokuk Keosauqua Keota Kingsley Knoxvilie Lake City Lake Mills Lamsing La Porte City Lenifa Lenors Leon Logan Madrid Malvern Manchester Manilla Manson Mapson	3,716 3,103 1,074 15,239 1,018 1,071 1,052 3,541 2,224 1,480 1,778 1,541 1,290 5,070 2,199 1,641 1,449 1,254 3,102 1,1254 1,611 1,309	New Hampton New London New Sharon. New Sharon. Newton. Nora Springs Northwood. Oakland Odebolt. Ogden. Orange City. Osage. Osage. Oskaloosa Oskaloosa Ottumwa. Panora. Panora. Panora. Perry Pocahontas Postville Red Oak. Rednbeck Reinbeck	2,664 1,162 5,165 1,148 1,196 1,236 1,196 1,236 2,210 2,719 2,714 10,485 22,437 1,027 3,096 5,455 1,194 1,003 5,601 1,257	Sioux Rapids   1,023     Spencer
Ames. Anamosa Anita Anamosa Anita Atlantic Audubon Avoca Bediord Bellevue Bellevue Bellevue Belmond Bettendorf Bloomfeld Boone Brighton Brighton Burlington Carroll Cascade Cedar Falls Cedar Rapids Centerville Charles City Cherokee.	5,091 2,822 1,210 5,039 2,084 1,648 1,956 3,668 1,708 1,377 2,283 1,237 1,022 1,448 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481 1,481	Denison Des Moines Des Wolte Dows Dubuque Dunlap Dyersville Eagle Grove Eddyville Eidon Eidora Eikader Emmetsburg Estherville Fairfield Fairfield Forda Forot Madison Forot Madison Gainewood Greenfield Greenfield	3,455,652 1,877 1,001 41,795 1,393 1,885 4,038 2,030 2,720 4,123 6,113 1,194 4,123 6,113 1,194 1,106 2,135 1,106 2,135 1,106 1,226 3,291 1,315 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1,624 1	lowa Falls Jefferson Jewell Keokuk Keosauqua Keota Keota Kingsley Knoxville Lake City Lake City Lake Mills Lamoni Lansing La Porte City Lehigh Le Mars Lenox Leon Logan Madrid Malvern Manchester Manilla Manning Manpleton Maquoketo	3,716 3,103 1,074 15,239 1,018 1,071 1,052 3,541 2,224 1,480 1,778 1,541 1,290 5,070 2,199 1,641 1,449 1,254 3,102 1,1254 1,611 1,309	New Hampton New London New Sharon. New Sharon. Newton. Nora Springs Northwood. Oakland Odebolt. Ogden. Orange City. Osage. Osage. Oskaloosa Oskaloosa Ottumwa. Panora. Panora. Panora. Perry Pocahontas Postville Red Oak. Rednbeck Reinbeck	1 2,664 1,162 1,225 5,165 1,148 1,525 1,196 1,236 1,210 2,714 10,485 22,437 1,027 3,045 5,455 1,194 1,027 1,027 1,027 1,027 1,027 1,027 1,027 1,027 1,027 1,027 1,027 1,027 1,027 1,027 1,027 1,027 1,027 1,027 1,027 1,027 1,027 1,027 1,027 1,027 1,027 1,027 1,027 1,027 1,027 1,027 1,027 1,027 1,027 1,027 1,027 1,027 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,037 1,03 1,03 1,03 1,03 1,03 1,03 1,03 1,03	Sioux Rapids   1,023     Spencer
Ames. Anamosa Anita. Atlantic. Audubon. Avoca. Bediord. Belle Plaine. Bellevue Bellevue Bellevue Belmond. Bettendorf Bloomfeld Boone. Brighton. Britt. Brooklyn Burlington Carroll Cascade. Cedar Falls. Cedar Rapids Centerville. Charlton. Charles City. Cherokee.	5,091 2,822 1,210 5,039 2,084 1,648 1,768 1,415 1,376 2,233 1,023 1,444 24,26 4,031 6,28 40,66 5,23 40,66 6,37 4,69 4,69 4,780	Denison Des Moines Des Moines De Witt Dows Dubuque Dunlap Dyersville Eagle Grove Eddyville Eildon Eildora Eilkader Emmetshurg Estherville Fairfield Fairfield Fronda Froot Alty Forda Fort Madison Ganer Genened Grinnell	3,455 105,652 1,877 1,001 41,795 1,393 1,885 4,036 2,030 2,647 4,123 6,113 1,195 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,1	lowa Falls Jefferson Jewell Keokuk Keosauqua Keota Kingsley Knoxvilie Lake City Lake Mills Lamsing La Porte City Lenigh Le Wars Leon Logan Madrid Malvern Manchester Manilla Manson Maguoketo Magreton Maquoketo Marenon Maquoketo Marenon	3,716 3,103 1,074 15,239 1,071 1,052 3,541 1,222 41,480 1,778 1,655 1,541 1,290 2,199 1,641 1,254 3,102 1,254 3,102 1,254 3,102 1,254 3,102 1,200 3,374 1,309 1,200 3,374 1,200 3,374 1,200 3,374 1,200 3,374 1,200 3,374 1,200 3,374 1,200 3,374 1,200 3,374 1,200 3,374 1,200 3,374 1,200 3,374 1,200 3,374 1,200 3,374 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,20	New Hampton New London New Sharon. New Sharon. Newton. Nora Springs Northwood. Oakland Odebolt. Ogden. Orange City. Osage. Orange City. Osage. Osage. Ottumwa Panora. Parkersburg Pella Perry Pocahontas Postville Red Oak Reinbeck Remsen. Reckford. Reck Rapids	1 2,664 1,162 1,225 5,168 1,525 1,148 1,525 1,123 6,713 1,403 2,210 1,417 2,714 10,485 21,107 1,097 5,455 1,108 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,	Sioux Rapids   1,023     Spencer   4,176     Spirit Lake   1,602     Spencer   1,037     State Center   1,037     Storm Lake   3,158     Story City   1,576     Strawberry Pt   1,157     Stuart   1,349     Sumner   1,545     Tabor   1,048     Tabor   1,048     Tama   2,621     Tipton   2,176     Toledo   1,721     Tracer   1,721     Tracer   1,721     Tracer   1,722     Tracer   1,722     Tracer   1,723     Tracer   1,724     Tracer   1,725
Ames. Anamosa Anita. Atlantic. Audubon. Avoca. Bediord. Belle Plaine. Bellevue Bellevue Bellevue Belmond. Bettendorf Bloomfeld Boone. Brighton. Britt. Brooklyn Burlington Carroll Cascade. Cedar Falls. Cedar Rapids Centerville. Charlton. Charles City. Cherokee.	5,091 2,822 1,210 5,039 2,084 1,648 1,768 1,415 1,376 2,233 1,023 1,444 24,26 4,031 6,28 40,66 5,23 40,66 6,37 4,69 4,69 4,780	Denison Des Moines Des Moines De Witt Dows Dubuque Dunlap Dyersville Eagle Grove Eddyville Eildon Eildora Eilkader Emmetshurg Estherville Fairfield Fairfield Fronda Froot Alty Forda Fort Madison Ganer Genened Grinnell	3,455 105,652 1,877 1,001 41,795 1,393 1,885 4,036 2,030 2,647 4,123 6,113 1,195 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,1	Jowa Falls Jefferson Jewell Keokuk Keosauqua Keota Kingsley Knoxville Lake City Lake Mills Lamoni Lansing La Porte City Lehigh Le Mars Lenox Leon Logan Madrid Malvern Manning Manpleton Mapleton Maquoketo Marengo Marengo	3,716 3,103 1,074 15,238 1,071 1,052 3,541 1,480 1,655 1,541 1,290 5,070 1,320 1,449 1,254 1,449 1,254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,12	New Hampton New London New Sharon. Newton. Newton. Nora Springs Northwood. Oakland Odebolt. Oëlweln. Ogden. Onawa Orange City. Osage. Oskaloosa Ottumwa. Panora. Parkersburg. Pella. Perry Pocahontas. Postville. Red Oak. Reinbeck. Remsen. Rockford. Rock Rapids.	1 2,664 1,162 1,225 5,162 1,148 1,525 1,136 1,236 1,236 1,236 1,237 1,417 2,714 10,485 22,437 1,107 3,096 5,455 1,194 1,093 1,138 2,010 1,257 1,138 2,010 1,306	Sioux Rapids   1,023     Spencer   4,176     Spirit Lake   1,602     Spencer   1,037     State Center   1,037     Storm Lake   3,158     Story City   1,576     Strawberry Pt.   1,157     Stuart   1,849     Summer   1,585     Tabor   1,048     Tama   2,621     Tipton   2,176     Toledo   1,721     Traer   1,378     Valley Junction   3,026     Villisca   2,122     Vinton   3,956     Wapello   1,532     Walnut   1,008     Wapello   3,307     Washington   4,544     Waterloo   33,097     Waukon   2,168     Waverly   3,561     Webster City   5,834     Webster City   5,834     West Liberty   1,769     West Union   1,773     What Cheer   1,805     Wahat Cheer   1,805     Wand   1,773     What Cheer   1,805     State   1,602
Ames. Anamosa Anita. Atlantic. Audubon. Avoca. Bediord. Belle Plaine. Bellevue Bellevue Bellevue Belmond. Bettendorf Bloomfeld Boone. Brighton. Britt. Brooklyn Burlington Carroll Cascade. Cedar Falls. Cedar Rapids Centerville. Charlton. Charles City. Cherokee.	5,091 2,822 1,210 5,039 2,084 1,648 1,768 1,415 1,376 2,233 1,023 1,444 24,26 4,031 6,28 40,66 5,23 40,66 6,37 4,69 4,69 4,780	Denison Des Moines Des Moines De Witt Dows Dubuque Dunlap Dyersville Eagle Grove Eddyville Eildon Eildora Eilkader Emmetshurg Estherville Fairfield Fairfield Fronda Froot Alty Forda Fort Madison Ganer Genened Grinnell	3,455 105,652 1,877 1,001 41,795 1,393 1,885 4,036 2,030 2,647 4,123 6,113 1,195 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,1	Jowa Falls Jefferson Jewell Keokuk Keosauqua Keota Kingsley Knoxville Lake City Lake Mills Lamoni Lansing La Porte City Lehigh Le Mars Lenox Leon Logan Madrid Malvern Manning Manpleton Mapleton Maquoketo Marengo Marengo	3,716 3,103 1,074 15,238 1,071 1,052 3,541 1,480 1,655 1,541 1,290 5,070 1,320 1,449 1,254 1,449 1,254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,1254 1,12	New Hampton New London New Sharon. Newton. Newton. Nora Springs Northwood. Oakland Odebolt. Oëlweln. Ogden. Onawa Orange City. Osage. Oskaloosa Ottumwa. Panora. Parkersburg. Pella. Perry Pocahontas. Postville. Red Oak. Reinbeck. Remsen. Rockford. Rock Rapids.	1,264 1,162 1,225 1,148 1,525 1,148 1,525 1,126 7,137 1,403 2,210 1,417 2,714 10,487 1,107 1,003 5,455 1,098 1,1098 1,1364 1,364	Sioux Rapids   1,023     Spencer
Ames. Anamosa Anita. Atlantic. Audubon. Avoca. Bediord. Belle Plaine. Bellevue Bellevue Bellevue Belmond. Bettendorf Bloomfeld Boone. Brighton. Britt. Brooklyn Burlington Carroll Cascade. Cedar Falls. Cedar Rapids Centerville. Charlton. Charles City. Cherokee.	5,091 2,822 1,210 5,039 2,084 1,648 1,768 1,415 1,376 2,233 1,023 1,444 24,26 4,031 6,28 40,66 5,23 40,66 6,37 4,69 4,69 4,780	Denison Des Moines Des Moines De Witt Dows Dubuque Dunlap Dyersville Eagle Grove Eddyville Eildon Eildora Eilkader Emmetshurg Estherville Fairfield Fairfield Fronda Froot Alty Forda Fort Madison Ganer Genened Grinnell	3,455 105,652 1,877 1,001 41,795 1,393 1,885 4,036 2,030 2,647 4,123 6,113 1,195 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,1	lowa Falls Jefferson Jewell Keokuk Keosauqua Keokuk Keosauqua Keota Kingsley Knoxville Lake City Lake Mills Lamoni Lansing La Porte City Lehigh Le Mars Lenox Leon Logan Madrid Malvern Manchester Manilg Manning Mapleton Maquoketo Marengo Marengo Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown 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Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown	3,716 3,103 1,074 15,239 1,018 1,071 1,052 3,541 2,224 1,778 1,541 1,290 1,320 2,199 1,254 3,102 1,124 3,102 1,124 3,102 1,124 1,125 1,611 1,1200 3,776 1,611 1,1200 3,776 1,611 1,611 1,611 1,300 3,776 1,611 1,611 1,611 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 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Newton. Newton. Nora Springs Northwood. Oakland Odebolt. Oëlweln. Ogden Onawa Orange City. Osage. Oskaloosa Ottumwa. Panora. Parkersburg. Pella. Perry Pocahontas Postville. Red Oak. Remsen. Rockford Rock Rapids. Rock Valley. Rockwell City.	1,164 1,164 1,1225 5,164 1,148 1,525 1,148 1,236 7,137 2,210 2,779 2,774 1,027 3,095 1,194 1,027 1,194 1,037 1,138 2,031 1,138 2,031 1,138 2,031 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138	Sioux Rapids   1,023     Spencer
Ames. Anamosa Anita. Atlantic. Audubon. Avoca. Bediord. Belle Plaine. Bellevue Bellevue Bellevue Belmond. Bettendorf Bloomfeld Boone. Brighton. Britt. Brooklyn Burlington Carroll Cascade. Cedar Falls. Cedar Rapids Centerville. Charlton. Charles City. Cherokee.	5,091 2,822 1,210 5,039 2,084 1,648 1,768 1,415 1,376 2,233 1,023 1,444 24,26 4,031 6,28 40,66 5,23 40,66 6,37 4,69 4,69 4,780	Denison Des Moines Des Moines De Witt Dows Dubuque Dunlap Dyersville Eagle Grove Eddyville Eildon Eildora Eilkader Emmetshurg Estherville Fairfield Fairfield Fronda Froot Alty Forda Fort Madison Ganer Genened Grinnell	3,455 105,652 1,877 1,001 41,795 1,393 1,885 4,036 2,030 2,647 4,123 6,113 1,195 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 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Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown	3,716 3,103 1,074 15,239 1,018 1,071 1,052 3,541 2,224 1,778 1,541 1,290 1,320 2,199 1,254 3,102 1,124 3,102 1,124 3,102 1,124 1,125 1,611 1,1200 3,776 1,611 1,1200 3,776 1,611 1,611 1,611 1,300 3,776 1,611 1,611 1,611 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 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Newton. Newton. Nora Springs Northwood. Oakland Odebolt. Oëlweln. Ogden. Onawa Orange City. Osage. Oskaloosa Ottumwa. Panora. Parkersburg. Pella. Perry Pocahontas Postville. Red Oak. Remsen. Rockford Rock Rapids. Rock Valley. Rockwell City.	1,164 1,164 1,1225 5,164 1,148 1,525 1,148 1,236 7,137 2,210 2,779 2,774 1,027 3,095 1,194 1,027 1,194 1,037 1,138 2,031 1,138 2,031 1,138 2,031 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138	Sioux Rapids   1,023     Spencer   4,176     Spirit Lake   1,602     Spencer   1,037     State Center   1,037     Storm Lake   3,158     Story City   1,576     Strawberry Pt.   1,157     Stuart   1,849     Sumner   1,585     Tabor   1,048     Tama   2,621     Tipton   2,176     Toledo   1,721     Traer   1,378     Valley Junction   3,026     Villisca   2,122     Vinton   3,956     Walnut   1,008     Wapello   1,532     Washington   4,544     Waterloo   33,097     Waukon   2,168     Waverly   3,561     Webster City   5,834     Webster City   5,834     West Liberty   1,769     West Union   1,773     What Cheer   1,805     Williamsburg   1,157     Wilton   1,176     Wilton   1,176     Wilton   1,176     Wilton   1,177     Wilton   1,178     Wilton   1,178     Wilton   1,178     Wilton   1,178     Wilton   1,178     Wilton   1,178     Washington   1,178     Wilton   1,178     Wilton   1,178     Wilton   1,178     Washington   1,17
Ames. Anamosa Anita. Atlantic. Audubon. Avoca. Bediord. Belle Plaine. Bellevue Bellevue Bellevue Belmond. Bettendorf Bloomfeld Boone. Brighton. Britt. Brooklyn Burlington Carroll Cascade. Cedar Falls. Cedar Rapids Centerville. Charlton. Charles City. Cherokee.	5,091 2,822 1,210 5,039 2,084 1,648 1,768 1,415 1,376 2,233 1,023 1,444 24,26 4,031 6,28 40,66 5,23 40,66 6,37 4,69 4,69 4,780	Denison Des Moines Des Moines De Witt Dows Dubuque Dunlap Dyersville Eagle Grove Eddyville Eildon Eildora Eilkader Emmetshurg Estherville Fairfield Fairfield Fronda Froot Alty Forda Fort Madison Ganer Genened Grinnell	3,455 105,652 1,877 1,001 41,795 1,393 1,885 4,036 2,030 2,647 4,123 6,113 1,195 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,1	lowa Falls Jefferson Jewell Keokuk Keosauqua Keokuk Keosauqua Keota Kingsley Knoxville Lake City Lake Mills Lamoni Lansing La Porte City Lehigh Le Mars Lenox Leon Logan Madrid Malvern Manchester Manilg Manning Mapleton Maquoketo Marengo Marengo Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown Marshalltown	3,716 3,103 1,074 15,239 1,018 1,071 1,052 3,541 2,224 1,778 1,541 1,290 1,320 2,199 1,254 3,102 1,124 3,102 1,124 3,102 1,124 1,125 1,611 1,1200 3,776 1,611 1,1200 3,776 1,611 1,611 1,611 1,300 3,776 1,611 1,611 1,611 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,101 1,1	New Hampton New London New Sharon. Newton. Newton. Nora Springs Northwood. Oakland Odebolt. Oëlweln. Ogden. Onawa Orange City. Osage. Oskaloosa Ottumwa. Panora. Parkersburg. Pella. Perry Pocahontas Postville. Red Oak. Remsen. Rockford Rock Rapids. Rock Valley. Rockwell City.	1,164 1,164 1,1225 5,164 1,148 1,525 1,148 1,236 7,137 2,210 2,779 2,774 1,027 3,095 1,194 1,027 1,194 1,037 1,138 2,031 1,138 2,031 1,138 2,031 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138 1,138	Sioux Rapids   1,023     Spencer
Ames. Anamosa Anita. Atlantic. Audubon. Avoca. Bediord. Belle Plaine. Bellevue Bellevue Bellevue Belmond. Bettendorf Bloomfeld Boone. Brighton. Britt. Brooklyn Burlington Carroll Cascade. Cedar Falls. Cedar Rapids Centerville. Charlton. Charles City. Cherokee.	5,091 2,822 1,210 5,039 2,084 1,648 1,768 1,415 1,376 2,233 1,023 1,444 24,26 4,031 6,28 40,66 5,23 40,66 6,37 4,69 4,69 4,780	Denison Des Moines Des Moines De Witt Dows Dubuque Dunlap Dyersville Eagle Grove Eddyville Eildon Eildora Eilkader Emmetshurg Estherville Fairfield Fairfield Fronda Froot Alty Forda Fort Madison Ganer Genened Grinnell	3,455 105,652 1,877 1,001 41,795 1,393 1,885 4,036 2,030 2,647 4,123 6,113 1,195 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,1	Jowa Falls Jefferson Jewell Keokuk Keosauqua Keokuk Keosauqua Keota Kingsley Knoxville Lake City Lake Mills Lamoni Lansing La Porte City Lehigh Le Mars Lenox Leon Logan Madrid Malvern Manchester Manilla Manning Manpleton Maquoketo Marengo Marengo Marshalltown Marengo Marshalltown Marergon City McGregor McGregor MicGregor Mic	3,716,3,103,103,103,103,103,103,103,103,103,1	New Hampton New London New Sharon. Newton. Newton. Nora Springs Northwood. Oakland Odebolt. Oëlweln. Ogden. Onawa Orange City. Osage. Oskaloosa Ottumwa. Panora. Parkersburg. Pella. Perry Pocahontas. Postville. Red Oak. Reinbeck. Remsen. Rockford. Rock Rapids. Rock Valley. Rockwell City. Rolfe. Sac City.	2,664 6,1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,16	Sloux Rapids   1,023     Spencer   4,176     Spirit Lake   1,602     Spencer   1,037     State Center   1,037     Storm Lake   3,158     Story City   1,576     Strawberry Pt.   1,157     Stuart   1,849     Summer   1,585     Tabor   1,048     Tama   2,621     Tipton   2,176     Toledo   1,721     Traer   1,378     Valley Junction   3,026     Villisca   2,122     Vinton   3,956     Walnut   1,008     Wapello   1,532     Washington   4,544     Waterloo   33,097     Waukon   2,168     Waverly   3,561     Webster City   5,834     W. Burlington   1,914     West Liberty   1,769     West Union   1,773     What Cheer   1,805     Willtamsburg   1,157     Wiltonied   1,007     Wiltonied   1,007     Wiltonied   1,007     Wiltonied   1,007     Wiltoniers   2,866     Wiltonied   1,007     Wiltoniers   2,866     Wall   2,867     Wiltoniers   2,866     Wiltoniers   2,867
Ames. Anamosa Anita. Anamosa Anita. Atlantic. Audubon Avoca Bediord Belle Plaine Bellevue Belmond Bettendorf Bloomfield Boone Brighton Britt. Brooklyn Burlington Carroll Cascade Cedar Falls Cedar Falls Cedar Falls Centerville Charlton Charles City Cherokee Cincinnati Clarinda Clarinda Clarinda Colar Lake Colinton Colfax Colinton Colfax Columbus Jt	5,091 2,822 1,210 5,039 1,956 3,668 1,956 1,431 1,437 2,283 12,255 1,022 1,444 1,444 4,06 4,03 6,37 4,70 1,22 2,74 4,26 4,26 4,03 1,21 2,25 1,21 2,25 1,21 1,21 1,21 1,21	Denison Des Moines Des Moines Des Moines Des Moines Des Moines Dunkap Down Dunkap Dyersville Eagle Grove Eddyville Eidon Eidora Eikader Emmetsburg Estherville Fairfield Farmington Farmington Front City Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Maison Garner Garner Gennel Grinnell Grinnell Grinnell Griswold Grinnell Grinnell Grinnell Griswold Grinnell Griswold Fort Maison Fort City Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Fort	3,455 t. 1,877 t. 1,877 t. 1,878 t. 1,877 t. 1,877 t. 1,878 t. 1,877 t. 1,393 t. 1,094 t. 1,094 t. 1,094 t. 1,094 t. 1,094 t. 1,094 t. 1,094 t. 1,094 t. 1,094 t. 1,094 t. 1,094 t. 1,094 t. 1,094 t. 1,094 t. 1,094 t. 1,094 t. 1,094 t. 1,094 t. 1,094 t. 1,094 t. 1,094 t. 1,094 t. 1,094 t. 1,094 t. 1,094 t. 1,094 t. 1,094 t. 1,094 t. 1,094 t. 1,094 t. 1,094 t. 1,094 t. 1,094 t. 1,094 t. 1,094 t. 1,094 t. 1,094 t. 1,094 t. 1,094 t. 1,094 t. 1,094 t. 1,094 t. 1,094 t. 1,094 t. 1,094 t. 1,094 t. 1,094 t. 1,094 t. 1,094 t. 1,094 t. 1,094 t. 1,094 t. 1,094 t. 1,094 t. 1,094 t. 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Burlington   1,914     West Liberty   1,769     West Union   1,773     What Cheer   1,805     Willtamsburg   1,157     Wiltonied   1,007     Wiltonied   1,007     Wiltonied   1,007     Wiltonied   1,007     Wiltoniers   2,866     Wiltonied   1,007     Wiltoniers   2,866     Wall   2,867     Wiltoniers   2,866     Wiltoniers   2,867
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Hampton New London New Sharon. New Sharon. Newton. Nora Springs Northwood. Oakland Odebolt. Odebolt. Ogden. Orange City. Osago. Oskaloosa Oskaloosa Oskaloosa Oskaloosa Oskaloosa Oskaloosa Parkersburg Pella Perry Pocahontas Postville Red Oak Reinbeck Reinbeck Remsen Rockkord Rock Valley. Rockwell City Rolfe Sac City Sanborn.	2,664 6,1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,162 1,16	Sioux Rapids   1,023     Spencer   4,176     Spirit Lake   1,602     Spencer   1,037     State Center   1,037     Storm Lake   3,158     Story City   1,576     Stawberry Pt.   1,157     Stuart   1,849     Sumner   1,545     Tabor   1,048     Tama   2,621     Tipton   2,176     Toledo   1,721     Traer   1,378     Valley Junction   3,026     Villisca   2,132     Vinton   3,946     Walnut   1,008     Wapello   1,532     Washington   4,544     Waterloo   33,007     Waukon   2,168     Waverly   3,561     Webster City   5,834     W Burlington   1,914     West Liberty   1,766     West Liberty   1,766     West Liberty   1,766     West Union   1,773     What Cheer   1,805     Wilton   1,174     Wilton   1,175     Wilton   1,176     Wilton   1,176     Wilton   1,176     Wilton   1,177     Walton   1,177

#### POPULATION OF NEW YORK CITY BY BOROUCHS.

YEAR.	Manhattan.	Bronx.	Brooklyn.	Richmond.	Queens.	Totals.
1 15/1111		20101111		101001111		
*1916	2.634.223	575,877	1,928,432	97.883	366.426	*5.602.841
ti915	2,295,761	649,726	1.825.534	93,631	389,233	15.253.885
1914	2,538,606	641,980	1.916,655	99,186	387.444	5,583,871
1913	2.438,001	531,219	1.776,878	92,669	334,297	5,173,064
1912	2,389,204	483,224	1.710.861	89.573	310.523	4.983.385
1911	2.365,161	460.879	1,678,776	88,064	299,278	4.892.158
1910		430,980	1.634.351	85,969	284.041	4.766.883
1909	2.292 394	327.553	1,492,970	76,688	232,580	4,422,685
1908	2,232,828	308,256	1.448.095	75,420	220,836	4.285,435
1907	2,174,335	290,097	1,404,569	74.173	209,686	4.152.860
1906	2.112.697	271.629	1.358.891	72,846	198,241	4,014,304
‡1905		295,000	1,335,000	75,000	195,000	13,850,000
1900	1,850,093	200,507	1.166.582	67,021	152,999	3,437,202
1890	1,441,216	88,908	838.547	51,693	87,050	2,507,414
1880	1.164.673	51.980	599,495	38,991	56,559	1,911,698
1870	942,292	37.393	419,921	33,029	45,468	1,478,103
1860	813,669	23,593	279,122	25,492	32,903	1,174,779
1850	515,547	8.032	138,882	15,061	18,593	696,115
1840	312.710	5,346	47.613	10.965	14,480	391,114
1830	202.589	3,023	20,535	7,082	9,049	242,278
1820	123,706	2.782	11,187	6,135	8,246	152,056
1810	96,373	2,267	8,303	5.347	7,444	119,734
1800	60,515	1,755	5,740	4,564_	6,642	79,216

<sup>\*</sup>Estimate by the Department of Health as of July 1, 1916. The Federal Bureau of the Census having concluded not to use for estimating the population of New York the figures as returned by the State Census of 1915, notified the Department of Health on February 10, 1916, that future estimates of the population of the cities and States within the United States would be based upon the returns of the Federal Censuses of 1900 and 1910, the Department of Health has concluded to adopt the arithmetical method in use by the Bureau of Census and to estimate the population of the boroughs and city for this and subsequent years in this manner. † Population ingures shown above are from census taken by the Police Department as of date, December, 1915. State Census of 1915 gave Manhattan, 2,137,747; Bronx, 615,600; Brooklyn, 1,798,513; Richmond, 98,634; Queens, 396,727; Total 5,047,221. ‡Approximate only. Estimate by the Mayor's Office.

#### POPULATION OF SOUTH DAKOTA.

(By Counties, State Census of 1915.)

Armstrong	231   Corson	3,272 Hand	7,286 McPherson	6,831 Sully	2,004
Aurora	6,736 Custer	3,452 Hanson	6,316 Marshall	8,328 Trlpp	10,262
Beadle	16.061 Davison	13,005   Harding	4,821 Meade	8,724 Turner	14,636
Bennett	1.488 Day	14,235 Hughes	5,055 Mellette	3,427 Union	11,436
Bon Homme.	11.560 Deuel	8.529 Hutchinson	13,095 Miner	8,007 Walworth	5,919
Brookings	15,544 Dewey	1.933 Hyde	2.685 Minnehaha	37,613 Yankton	14,851
Brown	25.969 Douglas	6.639 Jackson	2,077 Moody	9,686 Ziebach	2,571
Brule	6.376 Edmunds	6.845 Jerauld	5.275 Pennington	10.040 Pine Ridge	
Buffalo	1.485 Fall River	6.027 Kingsbury	11.947 Perkins	7,641 Reservation	6,315
Butte	5.891 Faulk	5,265 Lake	11.865 Potter	3.648 Todd Co.	
Campbell	4.888 Grant	10.474 Lawrence	17.710 Roberts	15,660 (unorg.)	2,403
Charles Mix	14.790 Gregory	11.919 Lincoln	13,564 Sanborn	7,377	
	10.670 Haakon	3.553 Lyman	7,412 Spink	14,977 Total popu-	
Clark		7.791 McCook	10.013 Stanley	2,251 lation	582 765
Clay	9,214 Hamlin	1,191 MICCOOK	10,013 Startey	D, DOT	000,100
Codington	15,1921	1	l l		

#### INCORPORATED PLACES OF 1,000 OR MORE INHABITANTS.

Aberdeen 11,346 De Smet		6,012 Pierre	3,010 Tyndall 1,302
Belle Fourche., 1,101 Deadwood			
Beresford 1,332 Deil Rapids		3,949 Redfield	3,122 Watertown 8,313
		1,940 Salem	1,132 Webster 1,640
Canton 2,316 Flandreau		7,785 Scotland	1,249 Wes'gton Sp'gs 1,142
	1,028 Mobridge	1,551 Sioux Falls	20,929 Woonsocket 1,201
Chamberlain. 1,055 Hot Springs			1,386 Yankton 4,771
Clark 1,200 Howard	1,169 Parkston	1,132 Sturgis	1,0291

#### ROSAECRUCIAN ORDER IN AMERICA.

The American Jurisdiction of the Ancient and Mystical Order Rosae Crucis was established in 1915 and operates under a properly scaled and signed charter or pratent signed by the officials of the order in France by direction of the Supreme Council of the World, in Meraphis, Egypt. The order was originally established in Egypt in 1500 B. C., and divided into Jurisdictions in 1350 B. C. It is the oldest secret and fraternal organization in the world to-day, with several million members in every civilized country. Its teachings embrace all that is occult, mystical, scientific, philosophical and helpful to one's health, happiness and success. The order conducts its work with initiations, convocations and lectures which constitute a schooling in practical laws and work without speculation or abstract theory. It has nothing whatever to sell, but operates as did the old schools and temples of philosophy in the past. Membership is limited to men and women of 21 years or older who are of good moral habits, well recommended and professing a firm belief in God. The order is non-sectarian and members are invited to ioin after having felt a desire to do so. Grand and local lodges are established in every State. The national officers for America are: Imperator and Most Worshipful Grand Master, H. Spencer Lewis, Commandant of the American Commander Knights of the Rosae Crucis; Financial Secretary, A. B. Ernssard, 306 West 48th Street, New York City. Meetings in practically all Temples are held Thursday evenings. Visitors always welcome at 7.30 P. M.

#### POPULATION OF THE UNITED STATES

AT EACH CENSUS FROM 1790 TO 1910†.

STATES AND TERRITORIES.	1830.	1840.	1850.	1860.	1870.	1880.	1890.	1900.	1910.†	
Alabama	309,527	590,756	771,623	964,201	996,992	1,262,595	1,513,017	1,828,697	2,138,093	
Alaska	303,321	0.00,700	111,020	201,201	030,000	1,202,0.0	1,010,011	63,592	64,356	
Arizona		1		1	9,658	40,440	59,620	122,931	204,354	
Arkansas	30,388	97,574	209,897	435,450	484,471	802,525	1.128,179	1,311,564	1.574.449	
California			92,597	379,994	560,247	864,691	1,208,130	1,485,053	2,377,549	
Colorado		1		34,277	39,864	194,327	419,198	539 700	799,024	
Connecticut	297,675	309,978	370,792	460,147	537,454	622,700	746,258	908,420	1,114,756	
Dakota				4,837	14,181	135,177				
Delaware	-76,748	78,085		112,216	125,015	146,608	168,493	184,735	202,322	
D. of Columbia	39,834	43,712	51.687	75,080		177,624	230,392	278,718	331,069	
Florida	34,730	54,477	87,445	140,424	187,748	269,493	391,422	528,542	751,139	
Georgia	516,823	691,392	906,185	1,057,286	1,184,109	1,542,180	1,837,353	2,216,331	2,609,121	
Hawaii					1771			154,001	191,909	
ldaho	157,415	476,183		:::::	14,999	32,610	84,385	161,772	325 594	
Illinois	157,445	476,183	851,470	1,711,951	2,539,891	3,077,871	3,826,351	4,821,550	5,638,591	
Indiana Indian Territory	343,031	685,866	988,416	1,350,428	1,680,637	1,978,301	2,192,404	2,516,462	2,700,876	
Judian Territory		43,112	300 334	254 010	1 104 000	1 004 015	1,911,896	392,060 2,231,853	2,224,771	
Iowa		45,112	192,214	674,913	1,194,020	1,624,615	1,427,096	1,470,495	1,690,949	
Kansas	687,917	779,828	982,405	107,206 1,155,684	364,399 1,321,011	996,096 1,648,690	1,858,635	2,147,174	2,289,905	
Kentucky	215,739	352,411	517,762	708,002	726,915	939,946	1,118,587	1,381,625	1,656,388	
Louisiana	399,455	501,793	583,169	628,279	626,915	648,936	661,086	694,466	742,371	
Maine Maryland	447,040		583,034	687,049	780,894	934,943	1,042,390	1,188,044	1,295,346	
Massachusetts	610,408	737,699	994,514	1,231,066	1,457,351	1,783,085	2,238,943	2,805,346	3,366,416	
Michigan	31,639	212,267	397,654	749,113	1,184,059	1,636,337	2,093,889	2,420,982	2,810,173	
Minnesota	01,000	212,201	6,077	172,023	439,706	780,773	1,301,826	1,751,394	2,075,708	
Mississippi	136,621	375,651	606,526	791,305	827,922	1.131.597	1.289,600	1,551,270	1,797,114	
Missouri	140,455		682,044	1,182,012	1,721,295	2,168,380	2,679,184	3,106,665	3,293,335	
Montana					20,595	39,159	132,159	243,329	376,053	
Nebraska				28,841	122,993	452,402	1,058,910	1,066,300	1,192,214	
Nevada				6,857	42,491	62,266	45,761	42,335	81,875	
New Hampshire	269,328	284,574	317,976	326,073	318,300	346,991	376,530	411,588	430,572	
New Jersey	320,823	373,306	489,555	672,035	906,096	1,131,116	1,444,933	1,883,669	2,537,167	
New Mexico	::::		61,547	93,516	91,874	119,565	153,593	195,310	327,301	
New York	1,918,608	2,428,921	3,097,394	3,880,735	4,382,759	5,082,871	5.997,853	7,268,894	9,113,279 2,206,287	
North Carolina.	737,987	753,419	869,039	992,622	1,071,361	1,399,750	1,617,947	1,893,810 319,146	577,056	
North Dakota	937,903	1,519,467	1,980,329	2,339,511	2,665,260	3,198,062	182,719 3,672,316	4,157,545	4,767,121	
Ohio Oklahoma			1,900,529	2,555,511	2,000,200	3,130,002	61,834	398,331	1.657,155	
Oregon		••••	13,294	52,465	90,923	174,768	313,767	413,536	672,765	
Pennsylvania	1,348,233	1,724,033	2,311,786	2,906,215	3,521,951	4,282,891	5,258,014	6,302,115	7,665,111	
Rhode Island	97,199	108,830	147,545	174,620	217,353	276,531	345,506	428,556	542,610	
South Carolina	581,185		668,507	703,708	705,606	995,577	1,151,149	1,340,316	1,515,400	
South Dakota							328,508	401,570	583,888	
Tennessee	681,904	829,210	1,002,717	1,109,801	1,258,520	1,542,359	1,767,518	2,020,616	2,184,789	
Texas			212,592	604,215	818,579	1,591,749	2,235,523	3,048,710	3,896,542	
Utah			11,380	40,273	86,786	143,963	207,905	276 749	373,351	
Vermont	280,652	291,948	314,120	315,098	330,551	332,286	332,422	343,641	355,956	
Virginia	1,211,405	1,239,797	1,421,661	1,596,318	1,225 163	1,512,565	1,655,980	1,854,184	2,061,612	
Washington			••••	11,594	23,955	75,116	349,390	518,103	1,141,990	
West Virginia		00.645	305,391	775,881	442,014	618,457	762,704	958,800	1,221,119	
Wisconsin		30,945	909,391		1.054.670 9.118	1,315,497	1,686,880	2,069,042	2,333,860	
Wyoming						20,789	60,705	92,531	145.965	
Total	12,866,020	17.069.453	23,191,876	31,443,321	38,558,371	50,155,783	62,622,250	75,994,575	91,972,266	

\* Indian Territory merged iuto Oklahoma. † See also separate tables of those States which took a State Census in 1915.

POPULATION: CENSUS OF 1790.—Connecticut, 237,946; Delaware, 59,056; Georgia, 82,548; Kentucky, 73,677; Maine, † 96,540; Maryland, 319,728; Massachusetts, 878,787; New Hampshire, 141,885; New Jersey, 184,139; New York, 340,120; North Carolina, 393,731; Pennsylvania, 434,373; Rhode Islaud, 68,825; South Carolina, 249,073; Tennessee, 35,691; Vermont, 85,425; Virginia, 747,610. Total U. S., 3,929,214.

POPULATION: CENSUS OF 1800.—Connecticut, 251,002; Delaware, 64,273, District of Columbia, 14,093; Georgia, 162,686; Indiana, 5,641; Kentucky, 220,955; Maine, ‡ 151,719; Maryland, 341,548; Massachusetts, 422,845; Mississippi, 8,559; New Hampshire, 183,858; New Jersey, 211,149; New York, 589,051; North Carolina, 478,103; Ohio, 45,365; Pennsylvania, 602,365; Rhode Island, 69,122; South Carolina, 345,591; Tennessee, 105,602; Vermont, 154,465; Virginia, 880,200. Total U. S., 5,308,483.

POPULATION: CENSUS OF 1810.—Connectiont, 261,942; Delaware, 72,674; District of Columbia, 24,-023; Georgia, 252,433; Illinois, 12,282; Indiana, 24,520; Kentucky, 406,511; Louisiana, 76,556; Maine, 1,228,705; Maryland, 380,546; Massachusetts, 472,404; Michigan, 4,762; Missisippi, 40,352; Missouri, 20,846; New Hampshire, 214,460; New Jersey, 245,562; New York, 959,049; North Carolina, 555,500; Onio. 230,760; Pennsylvania, 310,091; Rhode 181and, 76,391; South Carolina, 15,115; Tenusee, 261,727; Vermont, 217,895; Virginla, 974,600. Total U. S., 7,239,881. † Maine a part of Massachusetts until admitted in 1830.

POPULATION. 1820.—Alabama, 127,901: Arkansas, 14,255: Connecticut. 275,148; Delaware, 72,749; District of Columbia, 32,039; Georgia, 340,985; Illinois, 55,162; Indiana. 147,178; Kentucky, 564,136; Louisiana, 152,932; Maine, 298,289; Marviand, 407,350; Massachusetts, 523,159; Michigan, 8,765; Mississippl, 75,448; Missouri, 66,557; New Hampshire, 244,022; New Jersey, 277,426; New York, 1,872,111; North Carolina, 638,89; Ohio, 581,255; Peunsylvania, 1,047,507; Rhode Island, 83,015; South Carolina, 502,741; Tennessee, 422,771; Vermont, 235,966; Virgiuia, 1,065,116. Total U. S., 9,638,453.

# LARCEST CITIES OF THE EARTH. POPULATION ACCORDING TO THE LATEST CENSUS REPORTS OR OFFICIAL ESTIMATES. (c)

RANK OF FIFTEEN LARGEST CITIES. CITIES. |Rank., Populat'n. | CITIES. |Rank., Populat'n. | CITIES. (Rank., Populat'n.

CITIES.	Kank.	Populat'n.	CITIES.	Kank.	Populatin.	CITIES.	ficank.	Populat'n.
New York (a)	1	5,602,841	Tokia	6	2,033,320	Buenos Ayrea	11	1,700,000
London (b)	2	4,522,964	Vlenun	7	2,031,498	Constantinople	12	1,300,000
London (b) Paris (d)	3	2,888,110	Petrograd Philadelphia	8	2,019,000	Osaka	13	1,387,366
Chicaga	4	2,393,325	Philadeluble	9	1,657,810	Calcutla	14	1,222,313
D. ali-	5	0.071.057	Moscow	10	1 619 000	ltio de Janeira	15	1,100,000
Berlin	. 9	2,011,257	Muscow	, 10	1,010,000	leto de Saneiru	1 10	1,100,000
CITIES.	Year.	l'opulat'n.	Crriss. Chingkiang †	Year.	Populat'n.	Cities.	Year.	Populat'n,
Abaulaan	1911	163,891	Chingkiang +	1911	41.4.2.2		1910	211,627
Aberdeen	1912	192,294	('hristiania	1915	050,000	Kier	1911	605,060
Adelaide	1911	185,449	Chungking 4	1912	230,000	16 telebrase	1911	125,000
Agra		215,835	Cincipacti		398,000	KIBUIDE V	1913	
Agra Ahmedabad. Aix-la-Chapella	1911	210,000	Christiania	1914	402,175	K obe	1918	440,766
Aix-la-Chapella	1910	156,143	Cleveland	1914	639,431	Kakana	1908	113,800
Alban y	1915	107,979	Cologna	1910	517,000	Konigaberg	1910	245,994
Aleppo †	1912	250,000	Cologna	1911	213,396	Krakow	1910	161,86
Albany	1907	332,246	Columbus Constantinople ‡	1914	204,567	Kure	1914	119,060
Alger	1911	172,397	Constantinople ‡	1914	1,300,000	Kyota	1913	508,068
Algiera	1910	590,000	Copenhagen *	1911	559,398	Labore	1911	228,687
AlgieraAliahabad	1911	171,697	Copenhagen * Cordoba, Arg. † Coventry Cracow (see Krakow).	1912	100,000	Kiel Kiev Kishinev Kobe Kokand Konigsberg Krakow Kure Kyoto Labore La Pinta	1912	106,382
Altona	1910	172,628	Coventry	1911	106,349	Leeds	1911	445,550
Amoy †	1912	114,000	Cracow (see Krakow).			Leghorn	1911	105,316
Amritsar	1911	162,756	Crefeld	1910	129,406	Leicester	1911	227,222
Amsterdam	1914	609,094	Crovdon	1911	169,561	Leipzig	1910	589,850
Antung† Antwerp Aatrakhan	1911	161,000		1911	108,661	Lemberg	1910	206,113
Antwern	1912	312,884	Dallas	1914	111,986	Liege	1912	170,600
Actrophon	1911	160,000	Damagona †	1912	300,000	Lille	1911	217,807
Athana	1907	167,479	Dantasoda [	1910	170,337	1 imn	1915	165,000
Atlanto	1914	179,292	Danzig Dayton Delhi	1914	123,794	La Pinta Leeds. Leghorn Leicester Leipzig. Lemberg Liege Lille Lille Lima	1914	500,000
Aughland	1314	120,000	Dalbi	1911		I Impumac)	1911	500,000 746,421
Auckland	1910	120,000	Danway		232,837	1 oda		
Angaburg	1910	102,487	Donby France	1914	245,523	Landan (1)	1910	415.650
Aalrakhan Athena. Athena. Athena. Athena. Athena. Auklanda. Badad Babia + Badad Babia + Baltimora. Isangalore. Bangkok Barcelona. Barcelona. Barcelona. Barcelona. Bartit + Barcelona. Bartit + Barcelona. Bartit + Bartit + Belem + Belem + Belem + Belem + Belem + Belem + Belem + Belem +	1912	225,000	Denver. Derby, England. Delroit. Dortmund Dresden	1911	123,410	Lodz. London (b). Los Angelea Loulsville. Lowell. Lucknow	1911	4,022,964
Babia †	1911	290,000	Detroit	1914	537,650	Los Angelea	1916	538,000
Baku	1910	206,000	Dortmund	1910	214,226	Louisville	1914	935,114
Baltimore	1914	679,590	Dresden	1910	550,565	Lowell	1915	107,978
Rangalore	1911			1911	403,030	Lucknow	1911	269,798
Bangkok	1910	628,675	Dulsburg	1910	229,483	Lyona	1915	623,796
Barcelona	1915	850,230	Dulsburg Dundee Dusseldorf	1911	166,004	Lyona. Madras Madrid	1911	520,000
Barellly	1911	129,462	Dusseldorf	1910		Madrid	1916	620,000
Bari	1911	103,670	Dvin-k. Edinburgh Elberfeld.	1910	110,912	Madura	1911	134,130
Barmen	1910	169 214	Edinburgh	1911	320,318	Magdeburg	1910	279,629
Basalt	1914	145 000	Elberfeld	1910	170,195	Majuz	1910	110,634
Raturia	1905	138 651	Erfort	1910	111,463	Madura. Magdeburg. Mainz. Malaga. Malana	1915	135,000
Dalant 4	1912	150,000	Easen.	1910	294.653	Maltn	1912	215,000
Dulom 4	1911	200,000	Erfurt Essen	1915	124,791	Manaoa. Manchester, England	1915	100,000
Delem de Pare	1915	190,000	Fez † Florenca Frankfo ri-on-Maln		140,000	Manchester England	1911	714,338
Deleni do Fara	1013	202 045	Florence	1911	232,860	Mandalar	1911	138,299
Bellast	1911	000,3911	Frankfowi an Mala	1910	414 686	31 110	1910	
Benarea	1911	203,804	Frankio ri-on-main	1912	414,576	M 3 11 18	1910	234,409
Belfast Benarea Berlin	1910	2,071,257	Fuchaw +	1910	624,000	Mannerm	1915	193.902
Bilbao Birmingham, England. Birmingham, Ala	1915		Company	1910	169,513	Mandalay. Mandla. Manhelm Maraeilles. Mernt Melbourne	1911	550,619
Birmingham, England.	1911	525,833	Geneva	1911	123,200	meerut	1911	116,227 600,160
Birmingham, Ala	1914	100,154	Ganon	1912	272,221	Melbourne	1914	149 001
Blackburn	1911	130,002	Closes	1911	704,500	Memphis	1910	143,231 206,393
Blackburn	1910	130,931	Ghangow Goteborg Grand Itaplds. Graz		189,438	Membls	1911	126,387
Bozola	1915	128,000	dateborg.	1914	177,200	Messina.	1910	470,659
Bologna	1911	172,020	Grand Itapids	1914	120,221	Mexico City		
30(100	19:1	100.001	Graz	1910	110,101	Jillan	1911	\$99,200 417,084
Bombay	1912	982,000	Guadalajara	1910	110,733	MINWAUKee	1914	949 454
Bordeaux	1911	201,010	Gustemula City	1915	123,000	alinneapolia		343,456
Bologna Boliva Boliva Boliva Boliva Boliva Bordeaux Boston Bradford Brance Bradford Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Brance Br	1915	140,439	Guadalajara. Guatemala City Guayaquil Hague, see The Hague.	1915	140,000	Minak	1910 1916	105,000 368,648
Bradford		200,400	mague, see The mague.		500 000	alantevideo		480,040
Bremen	1910	241,431	maidara bad	1911	101 500	olonireal	1911	470,480
Breslau	1910	\$12,105	Halifax, England	1911	101,558	11 03COW	1912	1,618,000
Bridgeport, Ct	1914	115,289	Halle	1910	180,843	Mukden	1916	184,389
Bridgeport, Ct Brighton, England Brisbane *. Bristol, England	1911	131,237	namborn, Garmany	1910	101,703	muthelm	1910	112,580
Brisbane *	1912	145,000	Hamburg T	1912	953,079	Munich	1910	596,467
Bristol, England	1911	357,048	Hangchow †	1912	694,000	Murcia	1910	124,985
Brunn	1910	125,737	Hankow t	1912	826,000	Nngaaki	1914	160.450
Brunswick	1910	148,552	Hanover	1916	302,375	Nagoya	1913	447,951
Brussa †	1912	110,000	Hartford	1914	107,033	Nagpur	1911	101,415
Brussa †	1912	663,600	Havana	1915	350,000	Nancy	1911	119,949
Bucharest	1912	338,109	Havre	1915	136,159	Nanking †	1912	267,000
Budapeat	1913	900.000	Helsingfors	1910	147,218	Nantes	1915	170,535
Buenoa Ayraa Buffalo Cairo, Egypt	1915	1,700.000	Halifax, England Haller, Hamburg 1, Hamburg 2, Hangchow † Hankow † Hankow † Hanford, Harford, Hayre, Helsingfora Hirohilma Hogkong Hudderafild, Hull	1914	159,000	Naplea	1911	723,000
Buffalo	1915	454,630	Hongkong	1912	417,400	Nashville	1914	114,899
Cairo, Egypt	1907	654,476	Huddersfield	1911	107,821	Neukolln	1910	237,269
Calcutla *	1911	1,222,313	Hulllndlanapolia	1911	277,991	Newark, N. J	1915	366,721
Cambridge, Mass	1916	1 108 899	Indiananolia	1914	259,413	New Bedford	1916	109,863
Calcuta *. Cambridge, Mass Camden Canton †. Cardiff. Carlsruhe.	1915	102,215	lrkutsk	1910	109,660	Montevidee Monteal Moscow Mulden Mulden Mulden Munich Murcia Nagaski Nagoya Nagaski Nagoya Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy Nangy	1911	266,603
Canton †	1912	900,000	Ivanove-vozneaeusk	1910	1 168.0000	New Haven	1914	144,505 361,221
Cardiff	1911	182,259	Jaipur	1911	137,098	New Orleans New York (a)	1914	361,221
Carlsruhe	1910	134 313	Jersey Clty	1915	270,903	New York (a)	1915	5,602,841
Casael	1910	153,196	Johannesburg	1911	237,220	Nice	1916	142,940
Catania	1911	210,703	Jubbulpore	1911	100,661	Nikolnyev	1910	103,500
Cawppore	1911	178,567	Kannzawa	1914	127,267	Ningpo +	1912	400,000
Changsha †	1912	250,000	Kansas Cily	1914	281,911	Nice	1911	108,620
Charlottenburg	1910	305,978	Karachi	1911			1911	121,478
Cassal. Catsuia. Cawupore. Chungsha † Chariottenburg. Chempits. Chicago.	1910	287,807	Jvanove-vozneaeusk. Jaipur. Jersey Citv Johannesburg Jubbnipore. Kanuzawa. Kansas City Karachi Kazan. Kharkov	1911	188,100	Nottlugham	1911	259,904
Chlcago	1 1914	2,393,325	Kharkov	1811	249,000	Nuremberg	1810	333,142

LARGEST CITIES OF THE EARTH-Continued.

CITIES.	Year.	Populat'n.	CITIES.	Year.	Populat'n.	CITIES.	Year	Populat'a
Oakland	1914	183,002		1910	105,089	Tabriz†	1913	200,000
Odessa	1911	620,200		1915	148,656	Tacoma	1914	103,418
Oldham	1911	147.483	St. Louis	1914	734,667	Tashkent	1912	271,700
Omaha	1914		St. Paul	1914	236,766	Teberau †	1913	240,000
Omsk	1911	129,450		1911	231.357	The Hagus	1914	312,430
Oporto‡	1914	200,000	Salonica !	1915	231.932	Tientala t	1912	800,000
Oran	1911	123,086	Salt Lake City	1914	109,530	Tiflia	1910	303,150
Osaka	1913	1,387,366	Samara	1911	145,600	Toklo	1913	2,033,320
Palermo	1911		San Antonio	1914	115,063	Toledo	1914	184.126
Paris (d)	1915		San Francisco	1914	448,502	Tomak	1911	112,000
Paterson	1915		Sao Salvador	1915	300,000	Toronto	1911	376,538
Patna	1911	136,153	Santiago, Chile	1915	500,000	Toulon	1915	104,682
Peking t	1912		Sao Paulo	1916	400,000	Toutouse	1915	149,676
Peroambuco ‡	1914	250,000		1910	217,500	Trenton, N. J	1915	103,190
Petrograd	1912	2,019,000	Schoenberg	1910	172,823	Trichicopoly	1911	122,028
Philadelphia	1914	1,657,810	Scranton	1914	141,351	Triestet	1914	250,000
Pingyang †	1912	146,000	Seattle	1914	313,029	Tsaritsvn	1910	100,847
Pittsburgh	1914	564,478	Sendai	1914	1(4,000	Tsinanfu‡	1914	300,000
Plauen	1910	121,272	Seou!	1912	278,958	Tula	1911	136,630
Plymouth, England	1911		Seville	1915	170,109	Tunis t	1907	250,000
Роопа	1911		Shanghai †	1912	651,000	Turin	1911	427,106
Port au Princet	1915	100,000	Sheffield	1911	454,632	Ufa	1910	103,485
Portland, Ore	1911	260,601	Siugapore	1911	303,321	Utrecht	1914	127,086
Portsmouth, England .	1911	231,141	Smyrua +	1912	375,000	Valencia	1915	250.453
Рояец	1910	156,691	Soerabaya	1905	160,198	Valpa aiso	1915	200,000
Pragus	1915	500,000	Soerakarta	1905	118,378	Vancouver 1	1914	207,383
Preston	1911	117,088	Sofia	1913	200,000	Venice	1911	160,719
Providence	1915	247,660	Southampton	1911	119,012	Vienna	1910	2,031 498
Pushla	1910		South Shields	1911	108,647	Vilna	1911	193,000
Puket	1910		Spokane	1914	135,657	Vitebsk	1910	103,840
Quito	1915	100,000	Springfield, Mass	1916	102,971	Warsaw	1915	1,250,000
Kangoon	1911		Srinagar	1911	126,344	Washington	1914	353,378
Reading, Pa	1914	103,361	Stettin	1910	236,113	Wenchow t	1912	100,000
Recif	1915	120,000	Stockholm	1913	382,085	Weat Ham	1911	289,030
Rhelms	1915	1 115,178	Stockport	1911	108,682	Wiesbaden	1910	109,002
Richmond	1914	134,917	Stoke-on-Trent	1911	234,534	Wilmarsdorf	1910	109,716
lligs	1911	370,000	Strassburg 1	1915	186,000	Winnipeg	1911	136,035
ltio de Janeiro	1915	1.100,000	Stuttgart	1910	286,218	Worcester, Mass	1916	162,697
Rochester, N.Y	1915	248,465	Suchow †	1912	600,000	Wuhu +	1919	122,000
Rome	1911	542,123	Sunderland	1911	151,159	Yaroalav	1910	111,876
Rosario	1914	224,838	Surat	1911	114,863	Yekaterinosiav	1911	218,000
Rostov-on-Don	1910		Swansea	1911	114,663	Yokohama	1913	396,101
Rotterdam‡	1914	472,520	Sydney, N. S. W	1916	1 800,000	Zaragoza	1916	120,118
Roubaix	1911	122,723	Syracuss	1915		Zurich	1915	190,733
Renen	1915	129,987	Saeged	1910	118,328			

"With enhurbe, † Estimated. | American Coneniar report.

"With sahurbs, † Estimated. ; American Consular report.

(a) Naw York City, including all brorughs, on Dace. 2, 1916, according to cassus of Police Department of New York City had a population of 5,963,865; according to State census of 1915, 5,041,291; According to 6 including the Comproller of the City of New York, the Beard of Health, and the State and Pederal Census Bursaus in Murch, 1916, the City of New York had a population of 5,802,841, and is increasing at the rate of about 1,000,000 in every seven years. Estimated population of Metropolitan New York including Westchester and New Jerser suburbs, 7,800,000. (b) Population of Registration London in 1911 was 4,529,984 and with metropolitan and city police districts, 7,252,963. (c) Population of some cities shown in this list has been, temporarily at least, materially affected by the war in Europe. (d) With Department of Soise included, 4,154,042.

## WHITE AND NECRO POPULATION IN CITIES OF UNITED STATES.

(Based on the 1910 Census.)										
CIVIES.	All Classes.	Negro.	Сттив.	All Classes.	Negro.					
Albany, N. Y	100,253	1,037	New Orleans, La	339,075	89.262					
Atlanta, Ga	154.839		New York, N. Y	4,766,883						
Baltimore, Md	558,485		Manhattan Borough	2,331,542						
Birmingham, Aia	132.685	52,305	Bronx Berough	430,980	4,117					
Boston, Mass	670,585	13.564	Brooklyn Borough	1,634,351	22,708					
Bridgeport, Ct	102,054		Queens Borough	284,041	3,198					
Buffalo, N. Y	423,715		Richmond Borough	85,969						
Cambridge, Mass	104,839		Newark, N. J	347,469	9,475					
Chicago, Ill.	2,185,283	44,103	Oakland, Cal	150,174						
Cincinnati, Ohlo	363,591	19,639	Omaha, Neb	124,096						
Cleveland, Ohio	560,663		Paterson, N. J.	125,600						
Columbus, Ohlo	181,511	12,739		1,549,008						
Dayton, Ohio	116,577		Pittsburgh, Pa	533,905						
Denver, Col	213,381			207,214	1,045					
Detroit, Mich	465,766	5,741	Providence, R. I.	224,326						
Fall River, Mass	119,295	355	Richmond, Va	127,628						
Grand Rapids, Mich	112,571	665	Rochester, N. Y.	218,149	879					
Indianapolis, Ind	233,650	21,816	St. Louis, Mo	687,029						
Jersey City, N. J	267.779		St. Paul, Minn	214,744 416,912						
Kansas City, Mo	248,381	23,566	San Francisco, Cal	129,867						
Los Angeles, Cal	319,198	7.599	Scranton, Pa.	237.194						
Louisville, Ky		133	Seattle, Wash	104,402						
Lowell, Mass	106,294 131,105		Spokane, Wash	137,249						
Memphis, Tern		000	Toledo, Ohio	168,497	1,877					
Milwaukee, Wis		2.592	Washington, D. C	331,069	94,446					
Minneapolis, Minn			Worcester, Mass.	145.986						
Nashville, Tenn			Wordester, Mass	140,560	1,241					
New Haven, Ct	133,000	0.001	<u> </u>							

<sup>§</sup> See separate table of States which had a 1915 Census.

### STATISTICS OF CITIES IN THE UNITED STATES.

CITIES.	Area in Square Miles.	Estl- mated Popu- lation, Jan. 1, 1917.	Net Public Debt.	Assessed Valuation of All Taxable Property.	Per Cent. of Actual Val.*	City Tax Rate ea. \$100	Names of Mayors or Plan of Government. For other cities governed by commis- sion, see Index.	Terms Expire.
Akron, Ohio	24 19.4	130,000 110,000	\$2,400,000 65,233,977 216,332	\$140,000,000 112,319,601 58,176,015	70 90	\$1.54 †2.72	Federal Plan. Joseph W. Stevens, R Commission.	Dec. 31, 1917
Allentown, Pa	5.93 3.6	65,000 60,000	216,332 1,388,185	58,176,015 28,670,000	75 60	1 1 .00	Commission.	
Atlanta, Ga	26 3/s	200,000 53,000	1,388,185 4,542,606 4,130,266	28,670,000 v185,825,693 93,006,020	60 80	1.25	Councilmanic.	
Altona, Pa Atlanta, Ga Atlantic City, N. J. Baltimore, Md	31 1/2	595,000	00.108.008	868 426 115	100	1.98	James H. Preston, D John F. Woodman, R F. P. S. Keltor, R Commission.	May, 1919
		26,000 50,000	1,210,000 1,198,006	25,000,000 26,355,768 63,988,820	100	1.16	F. P. S. Keltor, R	April 1, 1917
Bayonne, N. J	3½ 10	70,000 55,901		63,988,820 40,954,060		2.32	Commission. Frank H. Truitt, R	Dec. 31, 1917
Bay City, Mich. Bayonne, N. J. Binghamton, N. Y. Birmingnam, Ala Boston, Mass.	50.8	198,990 767,589	h7,108,000	40,954,060 102,000,000 1,608,701,300	60	1 1 00	1Commission	
Bridgeport, Ct	47 3/4 13.4	170,000	3,689,839 3,994,200	139,099,881 55,816,790	100	1.99	James M. Curley, D Clifford B. Wilson, R Aldermanic and Counc	Nov. 12, 1917
Bridgeport, Ct Brockton, Mass Brooklyn Boro., N.Y.	21 See	65,000 New Y	ork City. 39,945,270 973,719 7,071,894					iimanic.
Brooklyn Boro., N. Y. Buffalo, N. Y. Butte, Mont. Cambridge, Mass. Camden, N. J. Canton, Oldo. Cedar Rapids, Iowa. Charleston, S. C. Chattanooga, Tenn. Chicago, Ill	42 27.5	480,000 100,000	39,945,270 973,719	390,487,600 27,835,100	100	2.98	Commission. Charles H. Lane, D	May 7, 1917
Cambridge, Mass	6½ 7¾ 9.2	110,000 106,000	7,071,894 4,598,304		1100	2.35	Charles H. Lane, D W. D. Rockwood, Ind Charles H. Ellis, R.	Jan. 7, 1918
Canton, Oldo.	9.2	70,000	4,712,157	73,066,464 94,500,000	100	1.33	Charles H. Ellis, R C. A. Stolberg, R Commission.	Dec. 31, 1917
Charleston, S. C	13 3.85 9½	44,000 65,000 65,000	7,071,894 4,598,304 4,712,157 844,300 4,138,500 3,567,644 v30,563,094 28,708,317	44,526,000 20,787,105 37,881,611	25 40-50	3.30	T. T. Hyde, D	Dec. 15, 1919
Chattanooga, Tenn Chicago, Ill	198	65,000 2,521,822	v30,563,094	37,881,611 1,041,788	45 33 1/3	5.71	Commission. Wm. H. Thompson, R	April 8, 1919
Cincinnati, Ohio	75	450,000 750,000	28,708,317 39,013,494	1,041,788 594,397,380 v891,331,905	100	1.55	Federal.	
Cleveland, Ohio Cohoes, N. Y.	81/8	24,000 33,000	39,013,494 742,957 1,590,200	12,551,668	80	1 1.80	James S. Calkins, R	Dec. 31, 1917
Colorado Springs, Col Columbus, Ohlo Columbia, S. C	52 ½ 8 1/8 8 22 1/6 6.2	210,000	1 14.354.060	1 295,818,180	100	1.64	Commission. Federal.	
Council Bluffs, Iowa.	6.2	45,000 35,000	1,740,000 893,000			1.80	Commission. M. B. Snyder, R	Mar. 31, 1918
Covington, Ky Dallas, Tex	161/4 51/2 171/2	35,000 60,000 135,000	3,010,147 h6,101,271	30,266,875	75 60			
Danbury, Ct	1 8	23,000 51,000	610,000 583,000	14,000,000	100	1.15	A. Sunderland, D John Berwald, D Commission Manager	April 1, 1917
Dayton, Ohio	164	1 135.000	0,991,480	171,481,890	1100	1.34	Commission Manager	form.
Decatur, Ill	5834	45,000 253,000	709,254	9,910,383 309,430,700	100	1	Commission. Robert W. Speer, D	June 1, 1919
Des Moines, Iowa Detroit, Mich	54 761/4	110,000 825,000	17,573,814	135,000,000	100	1.85	Commission. Oscar B. Marx, R	Jan. 9, 1917
District of Columbia.	See	Washin	gton, D. C 1,345,000 v5,970,000 520,000	., on follow 33,000,000	ling	page		
Duluth, Minn	13 67 1/s	104,000	v5,970,000	58,558,621	, C	vI .60	Municipal. Commission. Commission.	1
Elizabeth, N. J	9,00	85,000	3,000,822	70,759,658	100	1.99	Victor Mraviag, R H. N. Hoffman, R	Dec. 31, 1918
Dubuque, Iowa Duluth, Minn Easton, Pa. Eilzabeth, N. J. Eilmira, N. Y Erie, Pa. Evansville, Ind. Fall River, Mass. Fort Wayne, Ind. Fort Worth, Tex. Galveston, Tex. Grand Rapids, Mich. Harrisburg, Pa.	7-103 7½ 9	45,000 90,000 90,000	2,605,000 821,395 1,587,400 5,482,967 336,000 5,764,000 5,725,883 2,055,263 1,979,200	53,600,000	l ha	1 85	l ('ommission	1
Evansville, Ind Fall River, Mass	9 41	90,000	5,482,967	45,499,350 106,691,445	100	2.12	Benj. Bosse, D James H. Kay, R W. J. Hosey, D	Jan. 1, 1917
Fort Wayne, Ind	11.3	126,000 78,700 110,000	336,000 5,764,000	28,062,850 67,857,256 41,519,937	60	1.16	W. J. Hosey, D	Jan. 1, 1918
Galveston, Tex	16.8 73/4 18	51,000	5,725,882 2,055,263	41.519.93 163,726,34	75	1.90	Commission. Commission. George P. Tilma, R	A pril 30 1917 4
Harrisburg, Pa	8 18	51,000 132,000 80,000 150,000	1,979,200	51,500,000 v193,528,927	1 55	.95	Commission. Frank A. Hagarty, R	A mail 1 1010
Grand Rapids, Mich. Harrisburg, Pa. Hartford, Ct. Haverbill, Mass Hoboken, N. J. Holyoke, Mass Houston, Tex. v. Indianapolis, Ind	32	55,000		v193,528,927 47,219,338 73,177,286	100	1 6.04	Commission.	April 1, 1916
Holyoke, Mass	223/4	55,000 71,000 63,000	4,467,820	73,177,286 66,459,083	1100	1.84	Commission. Federal.	
Houston, Tex.v Indianapolis, Ind	2234 3234 3734	148.000	10,140,310	135,805,000	H 100	1 1 80	Commission	Jan. 7, 1918
		301,000 31,000 96,000			75	1.65	Joseph E. Bell, D Commission. J. E. T. Bowden, D	June 20 1917
Jackson, Miss Jacksonville, Fla Jersey City, N. J Kalamazoo, Mich	19 81/2	v270,903	18,792,082	59,560,640 315,457,401 47,036,695	100	1 1.94	Commission.	
Kalamazoo, Mich Kansas City, Kan	18 2	100,000			100	.78	Jas. B. Balch, D Commission.	1
Kansas City, Mo	60.8	300,000 36,000	2,000,000	93,022,345 206,753,700 25,000,000	40 50	1 1 65	George H. Edwards, R. Commission.	1
Kansas City, Kan Kansas City, Mo Knovville, Tenn Lansing, Mich	8 71/2	1 56,000	432,200	41,400,000 82,955,470	100	9.87	J. G. Reutter, D	May 6, 1918
Lawrence, Mass. Lincoln, Neb Little Rock, Ark Los Angeles, Cal Louisville, Ky Lowell, Mass. Lynn, Mass. Macon, Ca	71/4 8.2	55,000	11 200,900	11,385,320 41,728,705 580,678,375	20 40	3.80	Commission. Charles E. Taylor, D F. T. Woodman, R J. H. Buschemeyer, D	April 15 1010
Los Angeles, Cal	22.5 338	600,000	H 37 314 960	580,678,375	50	1.45	F. T. Woodman, R	July 1, 1917
Louisville, Ky Lowell, Mass	263/4 14	1117,000	12.395.500	210,000,000 94,414,073	11 80	0.10	Commission.	100v. 23, 1917
Lynn, Mass	1111/	97,000 55,000	1,686,642	94,414,073 91,840,310 32,286,730	100	1 2 18	Commission. Bridges Smith, D	Nov., 1917
Macon, Ga. Manchester, N. H. Memphis, Tenn. Meriden, Ct. Milwaukee, Wis	34	86,500 150,000	1,312,852	32,286,730 78,152,793 124,912,344 21,519,863	100	1.56	Aldermanic.	
Meriden, Ct	4	32,000	)  695,934	11 21,519,869	100	.80	Joseph A. Cooke, D Daniel W. Hoan, Soc.	Jan. 7, 1918
Muwaukee, wis	.1 20%	448,76	5 h14,730,750	041,439,12	1 94	1.47	Damei W. Hoan, Soc	.whiti 19, 1919

		· ·					/	
	ge.	Estl- mated		Assessed	Per Cent. of Actual Val.*	City Tax	Names of Mayors or	]
CITIES.	Area In Square Miles.	Popu-	Net Public	Valuation of Ali	Sent al V	ea.	Plan of Government.	Terms
	A Sol	Jan. 1, 1917.	Debt.	Taxable Property.	er C	City	For other cities governed by cominis-	Expire.
		1917.				E	sion, see Index.	
Minneapolis, Minn	53 ¼ 17 ¾	370,000 60,060	\$20,644,000 3,627,000	\$206,300,000 35,286,000 24,463,402	60	\$3.75	Thomas Van Lear, Ind.	Jan. 6, 1919
Mobile, Aia Montgomery, Ala	8 4	48,650	2.893,000	24,463,402	60	1.13	Commission.	
Nashville, Tenn	18.4	40,000 139,000	4,486,050 8,568,500	41,446,600 90,363,216 417,361.63	75	1.50	Commission. Edwin W. Fiske, D Commission. T. L. Raymond, R Commission-Cliv Mar	Dec. 31, 1917
Moolie, Ala Montgomery, Ala Mount Vernon, N. Y Nashville, Tenn Newark, N. J Newburgh, N. Y New Bedford, Mass	23 1/3	401,000 v 27,876	1 120 433	417,361.63*	100 40-60	2.45	T. L. Raymond, R	Dec. 31, 1918
	19 1 g	111,106 32,000	8,217.086 692.235 4,515,500		100	2.30	Commission-City Mgr. Charles S. Ashley, Ind Commission.	Jan. 1, 1918
New Haven, Ct	22 1/2 193	169,000 400,000	4,515,500	163,421,206	100	2.00	Frank J. Rice, R	Jan. 1, 1918
New Haven, Ct New Orleans, La New Port, R. I New Rochelle, N. Y.	10.2	32,000	h 36,812,746 906,588	19,527,810 163,421,206 241,077,459 66,035,744 41,278,760	100	1.60	Commission. Frank J. Rice, R Commission. Clurk Bardick, Ind Edward S. Griffing, R Ed. O. Childs, R John P. Mitchel, Ind Wyndham R. Mayo, D. Commission.	Jan. 7, 1918
New Rochelle, N. Y. Newton, Mass	18	36,000 43,113	2,967,095	41,278,763 89,941,150	100	3.38	Edward S. Griffing, R Ed. O. Childs, R	Jan. 7, 1918 Dec. 31, 1917 Dec. 31, 1917
Newton, Mass New York City‡ Norfolk, Va Oakland, Cal	\$315.9	5,670,167 89,612	h1 089,822,088 8,620,263	\$3584,352,511 87,071,970	100 33 14	§1.79	John P. Mitchel, Ind Wyndham R. Mayo, D.	Dec. 31, 1917 Aug. 31, 1920
Oakland, Cal Oklahoma City, Okla	001/4	250,000	8,422,600	158,773,306	60	1.89	Commission.	
Omaha, Neb	3134	210,000	15,905,188	47,564,581	20 '	.69	Commission. Commission. Commission.	
Paterson, N. J.	31 ¾ 3¾ 8⅓ 8¾	130,000	2,420,135 h1 089,822,088 8,620,263 8,422,600 3,708,500 15,905,188 3,017,012 6,421,424 5,274,733	89,941,150 87,971,970 158,773,306 65,112,190 47,564,581 49,757,577 111,000,000 56,792,226 24,031,158	100			
Peorla, Iil.	9.4	75,000		56,792,226 24,081,158	33 1/3	1 64	Commission. G. W. Eastubrooks, R. E. N. Woodruff, R. Thomas B. Smith, R. J. G. Arnstrong, tud. Wilford G. Chapman, R. Commission	Jan. 6, 1919 May 4, 1917
Philadelphia, Pa Pittsburgh, Pa	129 1/2 41 1/2 28	1,750,000 590,000	113,383,905 33,622,145	2,346,540.000 792,743.023	85 100	1 25	Thomas B. Smith, R J. G. Arnistrong, tud	Jan. 5, 1920 Dec. 31, 1917
Portland, Me	22 66.3	67,000 275,000	33,622,115 3,291,629 20,735,973 2,102,000	24,081,158 2,346,540.000 792,743,023 73,861,863 303,006,010 27,252,175	80	2.20	Wilford G. Chapman, R. Commission.	Dec. 3, 1917
Öklahoma City, Okla Omaha, Neb. Passaic, N. J. Paterson, N. J. Paterson, N. J. Pawtncket, R. I. Peorla, III. Philadelphia, Pa. Pittsburgh, Pa. Portland, Me. Portland, Ore. Poughkeepsie, N. Y. Provideuce, R. I. Pueblo, Col. Quincy, III. Reading, Pa.	3 181 <sub>4</sub>	33,000 251,000	2,102,000	27,252,175	85	mi 75	Dan. W. Wilbur, R Jos. H. Gainer, D	Dec., 31, 1917
Pueblo, Col	li 1/3	60,000	14,941,240 686,000	31,072,024	100			
Reading, Pa	5 7	40,000 110,000	1,207,459	62,358.255	33.18 75	1 1.00	William K. Abbott, D Commission.	
Richmond, Va Rochester, N. Y	25 24	160,000 265,000	202,000 1,207,459 13,244,595 20,798,025	303,006,010 27,252,175 363,987,700 31,072,024 11,037,185 62,358,255 201,327,90°; 241,946,959 21,847,043 69,141,118	80	2.07	George Ainslie, D H. H. Edgerton, R	Sept. 1, 1920 Dec. 31, 1917
Rockford, Ill Sacramento, Cal	9 ½ 27	I 60.0001	359,800 4.282.615	21,847,043 69,141,118	33 1/3	1 5.33	Aldermanie.	
Quincy, III. Reading, Pa. Richmond, Va. Rochester, N. Y. Rockford, III. Sacramento, Cal. Saglnaw, Mich. Salt Lake City, Utah. San Antonio, Tex. San Diego, Cal. San Fraucisco, Cal. Savannah, Ga.	16 50 1/2	75,000 65,000 120,000	359,800 4,282,615 1,687,317 h5,248,000 5,874,000	69,141,118 47,078,824 170,000,000	100	x 65	Commission.	
San Antonio, Tex	36 78	140,000	5,874,000			1.89	Commission.	Mars 1 1017
San Francisco, Cal	46	90,000 530,000	10,135,062 44,934,700 3,679,500 4,738,206 v1,545,281 17,131,900 1,183,885	83,005,910 758,352,365 58,063,392 62,336,974 84,612,280 212,868,707 57,695,807	55	2.33	E. M. Capps, D James Rolph, Jr., R Wallace J. Pierpont, D.	May 1, 1917 Jan. 8, 1920
Savannah, Ga. Schenectady, N. Y. Scranton, Pa Seattle, Wash Sioux City, Iowa. Somerville, Mass. South Bend, Ind. Snokane Wash	634 8	90,000 95,000	3,679,500 4,738,206	58,063,392 62,336,974	6634 72	3.20	Wallace J. Pierpont, D.	Jan. 28, 1919 Dec. 31, 1917
Scranton, Pa	19 ½ 58 ½	145,000 330,834	v1,545,281 17,131,900	84,612,280 212,868,707	80 50	2.07	Ed. B. Jermyn, Ind Hiram C. Gill, Ind Commission. Zebedee E. Cliff, R Fred. W. Keller, Ind Commission. Commission.	Dec. 31, 1917 Mar. 18, 1918
Sioux Clty, Iowa	46	65,000 90,000	1,183,885	57,695,807 79,304,329	66 3/8 100	2.50	Commission. Zebedee E. Cliff, R	Jan. 7, 1918
South Bend, Ind	41/4 141/2 391/4	70,030 125,000	1,729,000 490,519 4,850,000	79,301 329 31,471,710 87,995,869 15,583,515	40 50	1.25	Fred. W. Keller, Ind	Jan. 1918
Springfield, Ill	9	60,000	684,700	15,583,515	33 1/3	1.58	Commission.	Top 6 1010
Springfield, Mo	381/2	110,000 50,000 60,000	5,779,511 200,033	200,984,853 18,000,000	100 35	1.27	Commission.	Jan. 6, 1919
Springfield, Ohio St. Joseph, Mo	11 131/4 611/5	85,000	818 5501	43,431,750	100 50	1.30	Commission-Manager. Elliot Marshall, R Henry W. Kiel, R	April 17, 1913
St. Louis, Mo	61 1/3 54 1/6	850,000 290,000	19,451,724 11,250,983		65~70 p33½ 70	2.17	Henry W. Kiel, R	April 17, 1917
Superior, Wis	54 1/2 42.2 19	50,000	19,451,724 11,250,983 1,148,950 11,542,466	123,903,567 34,258,698 150,243,226	70 90	2.43	Commission. Commission. Walter R. Stone, R	Dec. 31, 1917
South Bend, Ind Spokane, Wash Springfield, III. Springfield, Mass Springfield, Mo Springfield, Ohlo St. Joseph, Mo St. Paul, Mind Superior, Wis Syracuse, N. Y Tacoma, Wash Tanipa, Fla Taunton, Mass Terre Haute, Ind Toledo, Ohlo Topeka, Kan	39 1/3 8.6	110,000 68,275 36,500	5,045,811	54,629,845 31,016,590	50 50	2 40	Commission.	
Taunton, Mass	50	36,500	1,467,160 554,000 9,922,713 509,000 8,100,951	27,611,174 37,288,370	100	2.04	Commission. James M. Gossom, D., Federal.	To- 1 1010
Toledo, Ohio	9.94 31¾	74,000 250,000	9,922,713		60 100	.72	Federal.	J. 1, 1918
Topeka, Kan Trenton, N. J.t	8 714 914	51,176 110,000	509,000 8,100,951	57,318,105 82,155,698	80	2.28	Commission. Commission.	
Troy, N. Y	12	80,000 85,000	4,692,929	61,090,406   54,172,405	95 70	2.17	Commission. Cornelius F. Burns, D James D. Smita, D For Government, see In	Dec. 31, 1917 Dec. 31, 1917
Washington, D. C	69 1/4 20	365,000 100,000	4,692,929 2,777,437 5,469,799 4,943,000	446,774,467	G6 3/3	1,50	For Government, see In	dex. Jan. 1, 1918
Trenton, N. J Troy, N. Y. Utlea, N. Y. Washington, D. C. Waterbury, Ct. Wheeling, W. Va. White Plains, N. Y. Wichita, Kaa	3.2	43 972	940,3821	280,000,000 57,318,105 82,155,693 61,090,406 54,172,405 446,774,467 96,407,594 62,000,000 23,422,005	100	3.09	Martin Scully, D H. L. Klrk, R F. M. Thompson, D	July 1, 1917 Dec. 31, 1917
White Plans, N. Y Wichita, Kan		24,000 70,902	2,549,953 2,500,000	65,000,000	70	.78	Commission.	2500. 01, 1311
Wilkes-Barre, Pa Williamsport, Pa	4.8 7.9	76 0001	1,486,400	15,765,915	75	1.27	Commission. Commission. Commission.	T 00 10:5
Wichita, Kan. Wilkes-Barre, Pa Williamsport, Pa Wilmington, Del Wilmington, N. C Woonsocket, R. I Woroster, Mass	10	33,000 106,374 35,000	5,260,000 1,786,272 3,035,292	82,589,225 17,370,418	i00 40	1.35	Commission	June 30. 1917
Woonsocket, R. I	8.8	45,000 175,000	9.862.5521	32,397,175 188,552,573	100	2.00	Federal.	Dec. 31, 1918
Worcester, Mass Yonkers, N. Y. York, Pa.	38 ½ 21	95,000 55.000	9,803,489 805,300	62,000,000 23,422,905 65,009,000 72,497,072 15,765,915 82,589,225 17,370,418 32,397,175 188,552,673 122,869,355 27,316,565 169,130,00,0	60	2 851	James T. Lennon, D.	Dec. 31, 1917
Youngstown, Ohio	3½ 25	125,000	h5,080,918	169,130,000	,		Commission. Ou roll Thornton, R.	Dec. 31, 1917
								~

D., Democrat; R., Republican; Soc., Socialist, Ial., Independent. †† Real estate, 75%; personal property, tangible, 75%, and intangible, 100%. ‡‡ Real estate, \$1.65; personal, varying rates.

STATISTICS OF CITIES IN THE UNITED STATES-Continued.

\*This is the percentage of assessment upon actual valuation. † Tax or each \$100 of assessed valuation for all purposes. † Area in square miles—Manhattan, 21.9; Bronx, 40.6; Brooklyn, 77.6; Queens, 118.6; Richmond, 57.2. The Surveyor's Bureau gives the area as 326.83 square miles. § Tax rate (city and county)—Manhattan, \$2.04; Bronx, \$2.09; Brooklyn, \$2.08; Queens, \$2.06; Richmond, \$2.13. a \$2.22 and \$2.16. b General, city debt; net water debt, \$1,616,159. c Real estate, 40%, personal, 25%. g/4 or about 60% cash value. h Bonded debt. k Real, 40%; personal, 25%, 334%, and 40%. m Intangible personalty, 40 cents. p Real estate, 40%, and 33½%, r \$1.24 and \$1.13. s Consisting of taxed realty amounting to \$8,207,822,361, and taxed personalty amounting to \$8207,822,361, and taxed personalty amounting to \$876,550.150. v For 1916. x Eastern District, \$1.49, and Western District, \$1.69. v 75% on real property, and 50% on personal property.

District, \$1.49, and Western District, \$1.69. y 75% on real property, and 50% on personal property.

CITIES UNDER COMMISSION FORM OF COVERNMEAT.

(From a Report of the Census Bureau of June 12, 1914.)

Washington, D. C., was the first city in the United States to be governed for any number of years by a commission, coming under that form of government by the terms of an act of Congress that became effective June 11, 1878. The application of this form of government to the Capital of the United States serve out of the relation of the National Government to the Spatial of the United States grew out of the relation of the National Government to this particular city, and the City of Washington was not considered as an example to other municipalities with reference to its form of governments.

The great need of improvement in sanitary conditions of Memphis, Tenn., following a severe visitation of yellow fever in 1878, combined with the fact that at the time the city had incurred an indebtedness equal to its authority for borrowing money, led the Levislature of Tennessee in 1879 to put an end to the existence of the city as a municipal corporation and to create in its stead a taxing district whose affairs were conducted by a small body of officers having practically the authority of the Commissioners in the cities under the new or commission form of government. After the recovery of the city from the dimentiles which made this form of government necessary, Memphis was reincorporated as a city, with its earlier form of government, and its experience was not deemed such as to encourage the substitution of this form of government for the of Mayor and council.

A destructive storm having overwhelmed Galveston, Tex., on September 1, 1900, and left the city prostrate financially, as Memphis had been in 1878, Galveston was placed under a government by a commission in 1901. The experience of Galveston under this form of government was such that in 1905 it was adopted by Houston, Tex. Two other cities, having 30,000 inhabitant

ALABAMA.

Birmiogham,

Cordova.

Florence.

and three in 1914.

THE CITY MANAGER PLAN.

An act of the Obio Legislature, approved May 6, 1913, provided for a form of municipal government to be known as the "City Manager plan," the council to consist of five members in cities of less than 10,000 inhabitants, of seven members in cities of from 10,000 to 25,000 inhabitants, and of aline members in cities having over 25,000 inhabitants, the council being elected in all cases for a term of four years. This council is to constitute a governing body with power to passor adopt regulations, appoint a chief administrative officer to be known as the "City Manager," fix his salary, approve all appointments made by him (except as otherwise provided), and appoint a Civil Service Commission and all boards or commissions created by ordinances.

Cities under commission form of government revised to October 1, 1916.

Hartselle. Huntsville. Mobile. Montgomery. Sheffield. Talladega. Tuscaloosa. ARKANSAS. Fort Smith. CALIFORNIA. Alhambra. Berkeley. Modesto. Monterey. Oakland. Pasadena. Sacramento. San Diego. San Luis Obispo San Mateo. Santa Cruz. Santa Monica. Stockton. Vallejo. COLORADO. Colorado City. Colorado Spgs.

Durango Fort Collins. Grand Junction. FLORIDA. Orlando. Pensacola. St. Petersburg. GEORGIA.

Fort Dodge.

Marshalltown.

KANSAS.

Mason City.

Keokuk.

Ottumwa.

Abilene.

Anthony. Arkansas City.

Sioux City.

Cartersville. IDAHO. ewiston. Boise.

ILLINOIS. Kan.—Cont. Caidweil. Bicomington. Chanute Cairo. Cherryvale. Coffeyville. Carbondale. Clinton. Coal City. Council Grove. Dodge City. Emporia. Decatur. Dixon. Eureka. Effingham. Fort Scott. Garden City. Elgin. Flora. Garnett. Forest Park. Girard. Great Bend. Hiawatha. Harrisburg. Harvey. Highland Park. Hillsboro. Holton. Hutchinson. Jacksonville. Independence. Joliet. toia. Junction City. Kewanee. Kansas City. Kingman. Lincoln. Marseilles. Lawrence. Murphysboro. Leavenworth. Moline. Manhattan. Ottawa. Marion. Pekin. Rochelle. Rock Island. McPherson. Neodesha. Newton. Springfield. Spring Valley. Olathe. Osawatomie. Sterling. Waukegan. Ottawa. Parsons. IOWA. Pittsburg. Burlington. Cedar Rapids. Des Moines. Pratt. Topeka.

Wichita. KENTUCKY. Covington. Harrodsburg. Hopkinsville. Lexington. Middleshoro. Newport. Paducah.

Wellington,

Louisiana. Alexandria. Baton Rouge. Donaldsville. Lafayette. Natchitoches. Hammond. Jennings. Lake Charles. New Iberia. New Orleans. Shreveport.

MAINE. Gardiner. MARYLAND. Cumberland. MASSACHUSETTS Gloucester. Haverhill. Lawrence. Lowell. Lynn. Salem. Taunton.

MICHIGAN. Adrian.
Battle Creek.
Eaton Rapids. Fremont. Grand Haven. Harbor Beach. Marquette. Monroe. Owosso. Pontiac. Port Huron. Saginaw. Traverse City.

Wyandotte. MINNESOTA. Duluth. Eveleth Faribault. Mankato. Morris. †St. Paul.

NEW MEXICO. MISSISSIPPI. Las Vegas. Clarksdale Greenwood. Gulfport.

Hattiesburg.

Jackson.

Aurora.

Laurel. Meridian.

Vicksburg.

Joplin. Kirksville.

West Plains.

MONTANA. Helena.

NEBRASKA.

Nebraska City.

Atlantic City.

NEW JERSEY.

Jersey City. Long Branch. Miliville. New Brunswick.

Phillipsburg. Ridgefield Park. Ridgewood.

Monette.

Missoula.

Beatrice.

Lincoln.

Omaha.

Bayonne. Belleville.

Bordentown.

Haddonfield.

Hawthorn.

Hoboken.

Irvington.

Nutley. Ocean City.

Orange.

Passaic.

Trenton

Vineland. Wallington.

Beverly

MISSOURI.

NEW YORK. Beacon. Buffslo Mechanicsville. Saratoga Springs.

N. CAROLINA. Ashevilie. Greensboro. High Point. Raleigh. Wilmington. NORTH DAKOTA. Bismarck. Devil's Lake. Fargo. Mandan. Minot.

Williston. OHIO. Middletown. OKLAHOMA. Ada.

Ardmore Bartiesville. Duncan. El Reno. Enid. Guthrie Holdenville. Lawton. MacAlester. Miami. Muskogee. Oklahoma City. Okmulgee. Purcell. Sapulpa. Tulsa. Wagoner.

Weatherford. OREGON

Baker. Portland.

#### CITIES UNDER COMMISSION FORM OF GOVERNMENT-Continued.

PENNSYLVANIA. PENN .-- Cont. S. DAK .- Cont. TEXAS. UTAH. WISCONSIN. Aransas Pass. Logan. Oll City. Pittston. Huron. Allentown. Antigo. Austln. Murray. Altoona. Beaver Falls. Lead. Madison. Appleton. Ogden. Pottsville. Coleman. Plerre. Rapid City. Sioux Falls. S. Bethlehem. Ashland. Bradford Corous Christi. Salt Lake City. Reading. Carbondale. Dallas. Eau Claire. Titusville. Chester WASHINGTON. Denison. Fond du Lac. Wilkes-Barre. Vermillion. Connellsville. Centralia. Fort Worth. Williamsport. Corry. Watertown. Chehalis. Janesville. York. Galveston. Easton. Yankton. Everett. Ladysmith. Eric. S. CAROLINA. Greenville. Hoguiam TENNESSEE. Franklin. Menominee. North Yakima. Columbia. Houston. Harrisburg. BristoI. Spokane. Florence. Kennedy. Oshkosh. Hazleton. Chattanooga. **Facoma** Orangeburg Marble Falls. Portage. Johnstown. La Foilette. Knoxville. Walla Walla. Spartanburg. Marshall. Rice Lake. Lancaster. WEST VIRGINIA. Bluefield. SOUTH DAKOTA. McKlnney. Lebanon. Lebanon. Superior. Aberdeen. Lock Haven. Memphis, Palestine. Fairmont. McKeesport. Meadville. Murfreesboro. Nashville. Port Arthur. Port Lavaca. Canton. WYOMING. Grafton. Chamberlain. Huntington. Cheyenne. Dell Rapids. Springfield San Antonio Sheridan. Parkersburg.

### CITIES UNDER COMMISSION-MANAGER PLAN, REVISED TO JUNE 15, 1916.

ARIZONA. MICHIGAN-Cont. OHIO OREGON. TEXAS-Cont. Phoenly. Petoskey. Webster City. La Grande. Ashtabula. CALIFORNIA. Sherman. NEW YORK. MICHIGAN. Bakersfield. Dayton. S. CAROLINA. Taylor. Tyler. Newburgh. Niagara Falls. Albion. Beaufort. East Cleveland. San Jose. Santa Barbara. Yoakum. Sumter. Alpena. Sandusky. Springfield. Watertown. COLORADO. Big Rapids. TEXAS VIRGINIA. Cadillac. Grand Rapids. N. CAROLINA. Montrose. Amarillo. esterville. Portsmouth. Elizabeth City. FLORIDA. Brownsville. OKLAHOMA. W. VIRGINIA. Lakeland. Jackson. Manistee. Hickory. Denton. St. Augustine. Collinsville. Wheeling. Morganton San Angelo.

In addition there are officers called managers in the following towns, which do not have commission-manager charters or lack some of the fundamental features of the plan: Staunton and Fredericksburg, Va.; Norwood, Mass.; Inglewood and San Diego, Cal.; Giencoe and River Forest, Ill.; Grove City and Titusville, Pa.; Morris, Minn.; Clarinda and Iowa Falls, Iowa; Clark, S. Dak.; Tueson, Art., and Roswell, N. M.; Terrell, Tex.; Grand Haven, Mich. In Canada: Port Arthur, Ontario, and Maissonneuve, P. Q.

There are State-wide laws permitting citles to adopt this plan in Massachussetts, New York, Virgiala, Ohlo, and Iowa.

#### THE DIXIE HIGHWAY.

The Dixie Highway, the most pretentious of the national road movements developed during the year 1915, was officially launched at the conference of Governors of the States interested called to meet at Chattanooga, Tenn., April 3, 1915, by Governor Samuel Ralston, of Indiana. The system of highways, as designated by two commissioners, each appointed by the Governors of the sioners, each appointed by the Governors of the States of Michigan, Illinois, Indiana, Ohio, Kentucky, Tennessee, Georgia and Florida, consists of two divisions and one loop each in the States of Michigan and Florida, with connecting links. The western division starts at Chicago, and is routed through the cities of Danville, Ill.; Indianapolis, Ind.; Louisville, Ky, Nashville and Chatanooga, Tenn.; Rome, Atlanta and Macon, Ga; Tallahassee, Kissimee, Bartow and Jupiter, Fla., where it connects with the eastern division. Indianapolis, Ind.; is connected with a loop around massee, Kissimee, Bartow and Jupiter, Fla., where it connects with the eastern division. Indianapolis, Ind., is connected with a loop around the State of Michigan at South Bend, Ind, Joining the eastern end of the Michigan loop, which follows Lake Huron to Detroit, the eastern division of the highway is routed through the cities of Monroe, Mich.: Toledo, Dayton and Cincinnati, Ohio; Lexington, Ky.; Cumberland Gap and Knoxville, Tenn., to Chattanooga; thence to Atlanta, Ga., via Dalton; thence to Macon, via McDonough; thence to Jacksonville, Fla., via Fitzgerald and Waycross, Ga., and along the east coast of Florida to Miami, A connecting link from Indianaph's on the western division to Dayton, Ohio, on the eastern division, and from Tallahassee, Fla., on the western division to Jacksonville, Fla., on the eastern division has also been designated. The Divis Highway has a total mileage of 4,206. In the eight States it traverses 163 counties, It will serve a territory with a population of almost forty millton. There are over eight hundred thousand automobile owners in this territory, from

which the Dixie Highway can reasonably expect to

which a conservative estimate was compiled which from the reports received from fifty counties, from which a conservative estimate was compiled which shows that approximately five million dollars has been expended in the past six months and that preparations have been made to expend during 1916 almost twenty million dollars. Starting with a highway, a large part of which consisted of bad country roads, the progress has been so rapid that there are only two serious barriers to through travel at the beginning of 1916. These barriers consist of about seventy miles of road yet to be constructed on the eastern division between Cincinnati, Ohlo and Knoxville, Tenn, in the mountain counties of Kentucky, and about eighty miles of mountain road in Tennessee on the western division between Nashville and Chattanooga. Ample financial preparations have been made to have these sections of the highway completed by Fall of 1916.

Entire sections of the Dixic Highway are planning paved roads for their entire stretch. Notable among those are the sections of the highway between Chicago and Danville, Ill.; Toledo and Cincinnati, Ohio; Jacksonville and Miami, Fla., and from Tallahassee to Bartow, Hla.

The headquarters of the Dixie Highway Association are located at Chattanoga, Tonn. The Officers are Judge M. M. Allison, Fresident; C. H., Huston, First Vice-President; W. R. Long, Secretary, and V. D. L. Robinson, Assistant Secretary, The Executive Committee is composed of President Allison, Secretary, Long, Richard Hardy, Chattanoga; Clark Howell, editor Atlanta Constitution, Atlanta, Ga., and Carl G. Fisher, Indianapolis, founder of both the Lincoln and Dixie Highway movements. movements.

### STATE AND TERRITORIAL COVERNMENTS.

	Govern	ors.			LEGISI	ATURES			of Next
STATES AND TERRITORIES.		L'gth						Ann.   Limit   Stat	
I SKEHOLIES.	Names.	Salnries	Term,	Terms Expire.	Next Regular Session	or	of		tion.
	Charles Handerson D		Years.		Begins.	Bien.	Session.		7 2020
Alabama	Charles Henderson, D John F. A. Strong, D*	\$7,500	4	Jan,1919	Jan. 10, 1919	Quad	50 dys	Nov	5,1918
Alaska	George W. P. Hunt, D. (a)	7,000	4	Oct,1917	Mar. 5,1917	Bien.	60 dys	Nov	5,1918
Arizona Arkausas	Chas, H. Brough, D	4,000 5,000	2 2	Jan. 6,1919 Jan. —, 1919	Jan. 8,1917	Bien.	60 dys	Nov.	5, 1918
California (b).	Hiram W. Johnson, Prog.	10,000	4	Jan, 1919	1917	Bien.	None.	Nov.	5,1918
Coiorado	Julius C. Gunter, D	5,000	2	Jan, 1919	llan 3.1917	Bien.	90 dvs	Nov.	5,1918
Connecticut	Marcus H. Holcomb, R	5,000	2	Jan -, 1919	Jan. 3.1917	Bien.	None.	INOV	5,1918
Delaware	John G. Townsend, Jr., R Sidney J. Catts, D	4,000	4	Jan, 1921	Lian. 2, 1917	Bieu.	60 dvs	NOV	5, 1918
Florida	Hugh M. Dorsey, D	6,000	4	Jau, 1921	Apr. 3,1917	Blen.	60 dys	Nov	5 1018
Georgia Hawaii	Lucius E. Pinkham, D*	5,000 7,000	2	Nov - 1919	June 27, 1917 Feb. 21, 1917	Rion.	60 400	Nov.	5, 1918
Idaho	Moses Alexander, D	5,000	2	Jan,1919	lau 8 1917	Rien.	60 dys	Nov.	5, 1918
Illinois	Frank O. Lowden, R	12,000	4	Jan, 1921	1 12 11 3 1917	Huen	IN OHE	IANOV.	9, 1910
Indiana	James P. Goodrich, R	8,000	4	Jan -, 1921	Jan. 4, 1917	Bien.	61 dys	Nov.	9,1918
Iowa	William L. Harding, R	5,000	2	Dec, 1918	31.1an. 8,1917	Bien.	None.	NOV	5,1918
Kansas	Arthur Capper, R Augustus Ö. Stanley, D	5,000	2	Jan, 1919	lan 9,1917	Bien.	50 dys	Nov.	5, 1918
Kentucky Louisiana	R. G. Pleasant, D	6,500 7,500	4	Dec, 1919 May -, 1920	1 1 an, 1918	Bion.	60 dys	Apr	
Maine	Carl Milliken, R	5,000		Jan. 1,1919	Jan 3 1917	Bien.	90 dys	Sept.	1918
Maryland	Emersou C. Harrington.D	4.500		Jan, 1920	Jan, 1918	Bien.	90 dys	Nov.	6, 1917
	Samuel W. McCall, R			Jan, 1918	Jan. 3,1917	Ann.	None.	Nov.	6, 1917
Michigan	Albert E. Sleeper, R	5,000	2	Jan, 1919	Jan. 3,1917	Bien.	None.	Nov.	5, 1918
Minnesota	J. A. A. Burnquist, R Theodore G. Bilbo. D	7,000		Jan 1919	Jan 2,1917	Bien.	90 dys None.	Nov.	A 1010
Mississippi Missouri	Frederick D. Garduer, D.	5,000		Jan, 1920 Jan, 1921	1910 1910 2 1917	Rien.	70 dys	Nov.	5,1918
Montana	Samuel V. Stewart, D	7,500		Jan, 1921	Jan. 1,1917	Bien.	60 dys	Nov.	,1920
Nebraska	K. Neville, D	2,500	2	Jan, 1919	l.lan. 2,1917	Bien.	60 dys	Nov.	5,1918
Nevada	Emmet D. Boyle, D	7.000	4	Jan, 1919	Jau. 15,1917	Bien.	60 dys	Nov.	5,1918
	Henry W. Keyes, R Walter E. Edge, R	3,000	3 5	Jan, 1919			None.		6, 1917
New Jersey New Mexico	E. C. Da Baca, D	10,000	5	Jan -, 1920 Jan, -, 1925	Tan 6 1017	Rien.	60 dys		
New York	Charles S. Whitman, R	10,000		Dec.31,1918	il.lan. 3.1917	Ann.	None.	Nov.	5, 1918
N. Carolina	Thomas W. Bickett, D	5,000	4	Jan. 1,1921	1 Jan. 3, 1917	Bien.	60 dvs	Nov.	5,1918
North Dakota	Lynn J. Frazier, R.,	5,000		Dec. 31, 1918	3 Jan. 2, 1917	Bien.	60 dys	Nov.	p. 1918
Ohlohoma	James M. Cox, D R. L. Williams, D	10,000		Jan, 1919	Jan. 1,1917	Bien.	None.		5,1918
Oregon	James Withycombe, R	4,500 5,000		Jan. 11. 1919 Jan. —, 1919	Jan. 2,1917	Bien.	60 dys	Nov.	5 1918
Penusylvania	M. G. Brumbaugh, R	10,000		Jan, 1919	3 Jan 2 1917	Bien.	None.	Nov.	5.1918
Porto Rico	Arthur Yager, D*	8,000	4	Nov, 191	7 Feb. 12, 1917	Ann.	60 dys		
	R. Liv'gstou Beeckman, R			Jan, 1919	Jan. 2,1917		60 dys		5,1918
S. Carolina			2	Jan , 1919	Jan. 9,1917	Ann.	40 dys	Nov	5,1918
Tonnogeno.	Peter Norbeck, R Tom C. Rye, D.	3,000	2	Jan, 1919		Bien.	60 dys	NOV	5.1918 5.1918
Termessee	James E. Ferguson, D	4.000		Jan, 1919 Jan. 12, 1919			60 dy		5.1918
Utah	Simon Bamberger, D	6.000		Jan, 192	l Jan. 8.1917	Bien.	60 dy	Nov	5,1918
Vermont	Horace F. Graham, R	2.500	2	Jan, 1919		Bien.	None.	Nov.	5,1918
	H. C. Stuart, D			Jan. —, 1919 Feb. 1, 1918	Jan, 1918		60 dy		
	Ernest Lister, D			Jan. 14, 191			60 dys		
	John J. Cornwell, D E. L. Philipp, R	5,000		Mar. 4, 1921 Jan. 1, 1919			None.		
Wyoming	John B. Kendrick, D.			Jan. 1, 1919		Bien.	40 dy	Nov.	5. 1918

D., Demoorats, R., Republicans. Prog., Progressive. \*Territorial Governors are appointed by the President, † Next Presidential election November 2,1920; (a) Election undetermined when Almanac went to press. (b) Takes office of United States Senator, March 4, 1917.

PAY AND TERMS OF MEMBERS OF LEGISLATURES.

	PAT P	AND	IET	CHIS OF	MICIAIDEK	3 U	r 5_6	CISLAIU	RES.	
STATES AND TERRI- TORIES.	Salaries of Members, Annual or Par Diem, while in Session.	Sena	ERS,	STATES AND TSRE)- TORIES.	Salaries of Members, Annual or Per Diem, while in Session.	MEM YE.	RERS, RES. Representatives	STATES AND TERRI- TORIES.	Salaries of Members, Annual or Per Diem, while in Session.	TRRMS OF MRMBERS YKARS. Sens- tors. Repre sent- atives
Alaska Arizona Arkansas California. Colorado Connec' t Delaware. Florida Georgia Hawaii	\$7 \$1,000 term. \$1,000 ** \$300 term. \$5 per diem \$6 \$4 \$600 ses'n	4244424424	222222222	Maine Maryland. Mass Michigan Minn Miss'sippi. Missouri Montana Nebraska Nevada	\$10 \$600 term	4 1 2 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	42211221422	Oklah'ma Oregon Penna Porto Rico R. Island S. Caroi'a. S. Dakota. Tenn Texas Utah	\$1,500 ses'n. \$5 per diem \$5 per diem \$200 term \$5 per diem \$4 \$5	2 2 4 2 4 2 4 2 4 2 4 2 4 2 4 2 4 2 4 2
Illinois Indlana Iowa	\$5 per diem \$3,500 ses'n \$6 per diem \$1,000 ses'n \$3 per diem \$10	4 4	2	N. Jersey N. Mexico. N. York.	\$5 per diem \$1,500 ann \$4 per diem	2	1 2 1 2 2 2	Wash'ton. W. Va Wisc'nsin,	\$480 ses'n \$5 per diem	4 2

All of the States and Territories pay milesge also, except New Jersey, but free transportation is accorded in New Jersey by all railroads to members by law.

### THE STATES AND THE UNION.

Si Delawa

12345 Pennsy New Je Georgia Connec

THE THIRTEEN ORIGINAL STATES.									
TATES.	Ratified the Constitution.	1	STATES.	Ratified the Constitution.					
	1787, December 7.		South Carolina						
Ivania	1787, December 12.	9	New Hampshire	1788, June 21.					
rsey	1787, December 18,	10	Virginia	1788, June 26.					
a	1788, January 2,	111	New York	1788, July 26.					
eticut	1788, January 9.	12	North Carolina	1789, November 21,					
livionetta	1799 Tohunour G	110	Phodo Island	1700 May 20					

	Massachusetts Maryland		13	Rhode Island	1790, May 29.
		STATES ADMITTED	D T	O THE UNION.	
_	STATES.	Admitted.*		STATES,	Admitted.*
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	Mississippi Illinois. Alabama Maiue Missouri Arkansas. Michigau Florida Texas Iowa Wisconsin.	1791, March 4. 1792, June 1. 1796, June 1. 1803, February 19. 1812, April 30. 1816, December 10. 1817, December 10. 1818, December 14. 1820, March 15. 1821, August 10. 1836, June 15. 1837, January 26. 1845, March 3. 1845, December 29. 1846, December 29.	20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	Idaho	1859, February 14, 1861, January 29, 1863, June 19, 1864, October 31, 1867, March 1, 1876, August 1, 1889, November 2, 1889, November 2, 1889, November 11, 1890, July 3, 1890, July 3, 1890, July 11, 1896, January 4, 1907, November 16,

#### THE TERRITORIES.

TERRITORIES.	Organized.	TERRITORIES.	organized.
District of Columbia.	July 16, 1790-Mar. 3, '91	Hawaii	l April 30, 1900.
Distinct of Columbiant.	Inly 27 1868	LLG. T. College	
Alaelza	Tuly 27 1868	l .	l .

#### STATE AND TERRITORIAL STATISTICS.

STATES AND TERRITORIES.	Gross Area in Square Miles.*	Extreme Breadth, Miles.†	Extreme Length, Miles.		STATES AND TERRITORIES.	Gross Area in Square Miles.**		Extreme Leugth, Miles.	Capitals.
Alabama	51,998	200	330	Montgomery	Nebraska	77,520			Lincoln.
Alaska Ter	590,884		1,100	Juneau.	Nevada	110,690		485	Carson City.
Arizona	113,956		390	Phœnix.	New Hamp	9,341		185	Concord.
Arkansas	53,335		240	Little Rock.	New Jersey	8,224			Trenton,
California	158,297			Sacramento.	New Mexico.	122,634			Santa Fé.
Colorado	103,948		270	Denver.	New York	49,204	320	310	Albany.
Connecticut			75	Hartford.	N. Carolina	52,426	520	200	Raleigh.
Delaware		35	110	Dover.	N. Dakota	70,837		210	Bismarck.
Dist. of Col	70		10	Washington.	Ohio	41,040		205	Columbus.
Florida	58,666		460	Tallahassee.	Oklahoma	70,057		210	Oklahoma C.
Georgia	59,265		315	Atlanta.	Oregon	96,699	375	290	Salem.
Idaho	83,888		490	Boisé.	Pennsylvania	45,126		180	Harrisburg.
Illinois	56,665		380	Springfield.	Rhode Island.	1,248		50	Providence.
Indiana	36,354		265	Indianapolis.	S. Carolina	30,989	235	215	Columbia.
Iowa	56,147		210	Des Moines.	S. Dakota			245	Pierre.
Kansas	82,158		200	Topeka.	Tennessee	42,022	430	120	Nashville.
Kentucky	40,598	350	175	Frankfort.	Texas	265,896		620	Austin.
Louisiana	48,506		275	Baton Rouge	Utah	84,990			Salt Lake C'y
Maine			235	Augusta.	Vermont	9,564			Montpelier.
Maryland			120	Annapolis.	Virginia	42,627		205	Richmond.
Massachus'tts		190	110	Boston.	Washington	69,127		230	Olympia.
Michigan			400	Lansing.	W. Virginia	24.170		225	Charleston.
Minuesota	84,682		400	St. Paul.	Wisconsin	56,066		300	Madison.
Mississippi	46,865		340	Jackson.	Wyoming	97,914	365	275	Cheyenne.
Missouri	69,420		. 280	Jefferson C'y	Total U. S	3.617.673	12,720	\$1,600	
Montana	146,997	580	315	Helena.	20000	5,527,670	1-31-0	1 ,,,,,,,	}

Areas of the new possessions: Philippines, 115,026 square miles; Porto Rico, 3,435; Hawail, 6,449; Samoa, 77; Guam, 210; Panama Canal Zone, 436. \*Gross area includes water as well as land surface. These areas are those published by the United States Census Office in 1910. †Breadth is from east to west. Length is from north to south. †Breadth from Quoddy Head, in Maine, to Cape Flattery. in Washington; length from the 49th parallel to Brownsville, on the Rio Grande. This is exclusive of Alaska.

# NEW YORK COUNTIES. SHOWING POLITICAL AND JUDICIAL DIVISIONS OF WHICH THEY ARE UNITS.

				4 43 4					. 43 .
Counties.	Senatorial Districts.	Congressional	Supreme Court Districte.	AppellateDiv. Supreme Court Departments	COUNTIES.	Senatorial 1) stricts.	Congressional Districts.	Supreme Court Districts.	Appellate Div. Suprems Court Departments.
Albany	28	28	3	3	Oneida	36	33	5	4
Allegany	44	43	š	4	Ouondaga	38	35	5	4
Bronx	21 - 22	21 - 24	ĭ	î	Outario	42	36	7	4
Broome	39	34	6	3	Orange	25	26	ģ	2
Cattaraugus	51	43	l š	4	Orleans	47	39	8	4
Cayuga	40	36	7	4	Oswego	35	82	5	1 4
Chautauqua	51	43	l ŝ	4	Otsego	37	34	6	3
Cheming	41	37	6	3	Putnam	26	26		3
Chenaugo	37	34	ĕ	3	Queens	2	1, 2, 9	9232	2
Clinton	33	31	4	3	Rensselaer	29	28, 29	5	3
Columbia	1 26	27	3	3	Richmond	23	*11	2	2
Cortland	40	35	6	3	Rockland	23	25	9	2
Delaware	39	34	6	3	St. Lawrence	34	31	4	3
Dutchess	26	26	ğ	2	Saratoga	30	29	1 4	3
Erie	48, 49, 50		8	1 4	Schenectady	31	30	4	3
Essex	33	31	4	3	Schoharie	šî	27	3	š
Franklin	34	31	4	3	Schuyler	41	37	6	ă
Fulton and Hamilton		30	4	3	Seneca	40	36	7	4
Genesee	44	39	8	4	Steuben	43	37	-	ā
Greene	27	27	3	3	Suffolk	1	i	1 2	2
Herkimer	$\tilde{32}$	33	5	4	Sullivan	25	27	7 2 3	ã
Jefferson	35	32	5	4 4 2 4	Tioga	41	37	6	l š
Kings	3-10	3-10	2	2	Tompkins	41	37	ĕ	ă
Lewis	32	32	5	4	Ulster	27	27	3	ă
Livingston		39	7	4	Warren	33	29	4	3
Madison	37	32	ė	3	Washington	30	29	4	l š
Monroe		38, 39	7	4	Wayne	42	36	7	4
Montgomery	31	30	4	3 2 1	Westchester	24	24. 25	9	44391232233333334426333633444
Nassau	î	ı	$\tilde{2}$	2	Wyoning	44	39	8	4
New York	11-20	11-23	ĩ	ī	Yates.	42	36	1 7	4
Niagara	47	40	8	4	1	1.2	1 30		1
					**		<u></u>		-

\*Eleventh Congressional District also includes Governor's Island, Bedloe's Island, Ellis Island and portions of New York County. Blackwell's Island is in the Seventeeuth Congressional District.

#### COUNTIES IN THE ORDER OF THEIR CREATION.

		,		1			
No. County.	Formed from	Date of	Creat'n.	No. COUNTY.	Formed from	Date of	Creat'n.
	(0-1-1-4)	Nov.	1 1000	104		36	00 1005
1—Albany	(Original)	Nov.	1, 1683 1, 1683	34—Jefferson	Onelda	March March	28, 1805 28, 1805
2—Dutchess	(Original)	Nov.	1, 1683	36-Madison.	Onelda Chenango	March	21, 1806
4-New York	(Original)	Nov.	1. 1683	37—Broome	Tloga	March	28, 1806
5-Orange	(Original)	Nov.	1. 1683	38-Allegany	Genesee	April	7, 1806
6-Queens	(Original)	Nov.	1. 1683	39-Cattaraugus .	Genesee	March	11, 1808
7-Richmond	(Original)	Nov.	1. 1683	40-Chautauqua	Genesee	March	11. 1808
8-Suffolk	(Original)	Nov.	1, 1683	41-Franklin	Clinton	March	11, 1808
9—Ulster	(Original)	Nov.	1, 1683	42 -Nlagara	Genesee	March	11, 1808
10-Westchester	(Original)	Nov.	1, 1683	43-Cortland	Onondaga	April	8, 1808
11-Montg mery*	Alhany	March	12, 1772	44 Scheneetady .		March	7, 1809
12-Washingtont.	Albany	March	12, 1772	45-Sullivan	Ulster	March	27, 1809
13-Columbia	Albany	April March	4, 1786 7, 1788	46 - Putnam	Dutchess	June March	12, 1812
14—Clinton	Washington		7, 1788 27, 1789	47-Warren	Washington	March	12, 1813
15—Ontario 16—Rensselaer	Montgomery	Jan. Feb.	7. 1791	48-Oswego	Onelda and .	March	1, 1816
17—Saratoga	Albany	Feb.	7. 1791	49-Hamilton	Montgomery	Aprii	12. 1816
18—Herkimer	Montgomery		16. 1791	50-Tompking	Cayuga and	, prii	12, 1010
19—Otsego	Montgomery	Feb.	16, 1791	oo - rompanie	Seneca	April	7, 1817
20-Tioga	Montgomery.	Feb.	16, 1791	51-Llvingston	Genesee and		
21-Onondaga	Herkimer	March	5, 1794		Ontario	Feb.	23, 1821
22-Schoharie	Albany and			52-Monroe	Genesee and		
	Otsego	April	6, 1795		Ontario	Feb.	23, 1821
23—Steuben	Ontarlo	March	18, 1796	53-Erie	Niagara	April	2, 1821
24—Delaware	Ulster and			54-Yates	Ontarlo	Feb.	5, 1823
95 Durbland	Otsego	March	10, 1797	55-Wayne	Ontarlo and	A ==11	11, 1823
25 -Rockland	Orange	Feb.	23, 1798	FC O-1	Seneca	April Nov.	12. 1824
26—Chenango	Tloga and Herkimer	March	15, 1798	56-Orleans 57-Chemung	Genesee	March	29, 1836
27-Onelda	Herkimer	March	15, 1798	58—Fulton	Montgomery	April	18, 1838
28—Essex	Clinton	March	1. 1799	59—Wyomlng	Genesee		14. 1841
29—Cavuga	Onondaga	March	8. 1799	60—Schuyler	Chemung.	111 (11)	11, 1011
30—Greene	Albany aud		5, 1,00	oo boadylet	Steuben and		
	Ulster	March	25, 1800		Tompkins	April	17, 1859
31-St. Lawrence.	Clinton	March	3, 1802	61-Nassau	Queens	Jan.	1, 1899
32—Genesee	Ontario	March	30, 1802	62-Bronx	New York !	Jan.	1, 1914
33—Seneca	Cayuga	March	24, 1804	1	<u>'</u>	1	

\* Formerly Tryon. † Formerly Charlotte. ‡ A portion of Westchester County was annexed to New York County in 1873 and 1895.

#### NATIONAL GUARD, NEW YORK.

Brig-Gen. Louis W. Stotesbury, the Adjutant-General, 158 State Street, Albany, N. Y. Lieut.-Col. Edward V. Howard, Lieut.-Col. Henry A. Bostwick, Major Edward J. Westcott. Headquarters Division, Municipal Building, Manhattan. Major-General John F. O'Ryan, Commanding.

Adjutants-General—Col. Chauncey P. Williams, Lieut-Col. Edward Olmsted, and Lieut-Col. Franklin W. Ward. Inspectors-General—Col. William H. Chapln, Lieut-Col. Cornelius Vanderbilt, and Major Allan L.

Reagan.

Judge-Advocate—Col. W. W. Ladd.
Ordnance Officers—Lieut.-Col. Nathanlel B. Thurston
and Major Frederick M. Waterbury.

\* Calendar year.

Williams, Lieut.-Col. Henry A. Sternberger.
Col. Henry A. Sternberger.
Surgeon—Lieut.-Col. Wm. F. Terriberry.
Engineer—

Signal Officer—Major William L. Hallahan.

Coast Defence Officer—Lieut.-Col W. Irving Taylor.

Aides—Capt. Thomas M. Sherman, 1st Lleut. Alfred Wendt.

ATTACHED TO HEADQUARTERS DIVISION NATIONAL GUARD.

ORGANIZATION.	Armory.	Numeric Strength Off'rs Me	Commander.	Adjutant.
Corps of Engineers. 1st Cavalry. Squad A, Cavalry. Mach. G'n Tr., Cav. 1st Field Artillery. 2d Field Artillery. 3d Field Artillery. Sth Coast Def Com. 1sth Coast Def Com. 1st Field Hospital. 2d Field Hospital. 3d Field Hospital. 4th Field Hospital. 1st Ambulance Co.	104 E. 34th St., N. Y. C. 216 Ft. Wash'n Av., N. Y. C. 216 Ft. Wash'n Av., N. Y. C. 1579 Bedford Ave., B'klyn 1339 Madison Ave., N. Y. C. 1339 Madison Ave., N. Y. C. 60th St. and Broadway. 171 Clermont Ave., B'klyn 29 Massen St., Buffalo, N. Y. 75 E. 94th St., N. Y. C. 237 Sunner Ave., Brooklyn. 56 W. 66th St., N. Y. C. Albany, N. Y. S. 355 Marcy Ave., Brooklyn. 216 Ft. Wash'n Av., N. Y. C. Binghamton, N. Y. C. Binghamton, N. Y. C. Binghamton, N. Y. C. Binghamton, N. Y. C. Binghamton, N. Y. C. Binghamton, N. Y. C. Binghamton, N. Y. C. Binghamton, N. Y. C. Binghamton, N. Y. C. Binghamton, N. Y. C. Binghamton, N. Y. C. Binghamton, N. Y. C. Binghamton, N. Y. C. Binghamton, N. Y. C. Binghamton, N. Y. C. Binghamton, N. Y. C. Binghamton, N. Y. C. Binghamton, N. Y. C. Binghamton, N. Y. C. Binghamton, N. Y. C. Binghamton, N. Y. C. Binghamton, N. Y. C. Binghamton, N. Y. C. Binghamton, N. Y. C. Binghamton, N. Y. C. Binghamton, N. Y. C. Binghamton, N. Y. C. Binghamton, N. Y. C. Binghamton, N. Y. C. Binghamton, N. Y. C. Binghamton, N. Y. C. Binghamton, N. Y. C. Binghamton, N. Y. C. Binghamton, N. Y. C. Binghamton, N. Y. C. Binghamton, N. Y. C. Binghamton, N. Y. C. Binghamton, N. Y. C. Binghamton, N. Y. C. Binghamton, N. Y. C. Binghamton, N. Y. C. Binghamton, N. Y. C. Binghamton, N. Y. C. Binghamton, N. Y. C. Binghamton, N. Y. C. Binghamton, N. Y. C. Binghamton, N. Y. C. Binghamton, N. Y. C. Binghamton, N. Y. C. Binghamton, N. Y. C. Binghamton, N. Y. C. Binghamton, N. Y. C. Binghamton, N. Y. C. Binghamton, N. Y. C. Binghamton, N. Y. C. Binghamton, N. Y. C. Binghamton, N. Y. C. Binghamton, N. Y. C. Binghamton, N. Y. C. Binghamton, N. Y. C. Binghamton, N. Y. C. Binghamton, N. Y. C. Binghamton, N. Y. C. Binghamton, N. Y. C. Binghamton, N. Y. C. Binghamton, N. Y. C. Binghamton, N. Y. C. Binghamton, N. Y. C. Binghamton, N. Y. C. Binghamton, N. Y. C. Binghamton, R. Binghamton, N. Y. C. Binghamton, R. Binghamton, N. Y. C. Binghamton, R. Binghamton, R. Binghamton, R. Binghamton, R. Binghamton, R. Binghamton, R. Binghamton, R. Bingh	9 13 36 55 55 82 18 28 39 69 38 67 32 64 47 86 4 75 4 75	2 Maj, Wm. L. Hallahan.  17 LtCol. Wm. S. Connot  19 Col. Chas. I Defevoise  17 Maj. Wm. R. Wright.  18 Capt. Henry Sheldon.  19 Col. Henry H. Rogers.  10 Col. Geo. A Wingate.  13 Col. D. W. Hand.  14 Col. J. J. Byrne.  15 Col. Sydney Grant.  14 Maj. J. F. Pustin.  14 Maj. J. F. F. Hand.  15 Col. Sydney Grant.  16 Maj. J. F. F. Hand.  17 J. F. F. Hand.  18 J. F. F. Hand.  18 J. F. F. Hand.  19 J. F. F. Hand.  19 J. F. F. Hand.  19 J. F. F. Hand.  10 J. F. F. Hand.  10 J. F. F. Hand.  10 J. F. F. Hand.  10 J. F. F. F. F. F. F. F. F. F. F. F. F. F.	Capt. Alex. M. Barrett. Capt. Chas. Curie. lst Lt. Reune Martin. Capt. A. W. Peny. Capt. Fd's DeFiganiers. Capt. Arthur. Capt. M. Arthur Day. Capt. Wm. D. Fiake.
3d Ambulance Co	Rochester, N. Y	5   5	5 Capt. Chas. O. Boswell. 2 Capt. L. H. Shearer. 7 Capt. J. B. Latta	

FIRST BRIGADE.

Headquarters, Park Avenue and Thirty-fourth Street, Manhattan. Brig ing; Adjutant-General, Major F. L. V. Hoppin. Brig.-Gen. George R. Dyer, Command-

ORGANIZATION.	Armory.	Nume Strei Off'rs	gth.	Commander.	Adjutant,			
Twelfth	Park Ave. and 67th St	55 41 10 44 53	657 361 745	Col. Gordon Johnson Col Wm. Hayward	Capt. Virgil II. Parks. Capt. F. A. Donnelly.			

SECOND BRIGADE-BROOKLYN.

Headquarters, Armory, 23d Regiment, Brooklyn, Brig. Gen. John G. Eddy, Commanding; Adjutant-General

ORGANIZATION.	Armory.	Nume Stren Off'rs	gth.	Commander.	Adjutant.
Twenty-third	8th Ave. and 15th St 1322 Bedford Ave Marcy Ave. & Heyward St	48 47 47	688	Col. John H. Foote Col. Frank H. Norton Col. E. E. Jannicky	Capt. Morris N. Llebman

The Naval Militia of New York: 1st Battalion, foot West Ninety-seventh Street, New York City with separate divisions attached at Ossining and New Rochelle; 2d Estitalion, foot Fifty-second Street Brooklyn, N. Y.; 3d Battalion, located at Rochester, Burfalo, Dunkirk, and Watertown, N. Y.

# COMMERCE OF THE PORT OF NEW YORK. IMPORTS AND EXPORTS OF MERCHANDISE AND BULLION.

Imports.					EXPORTS.				
YEARS.	Dutiable.	Free Goods.	Specie and Bulnon.	Total Imports.	YMARS.	Domestic Exports.	Foreign Exports.	Specie and Bullion.	Total Exports.
1902	\$348,747,880					\$479,634,582	\$12,096,879		\$557,143,042
1903	339,052,370				1903	503,495,265	12,532,981		
1901	343,684,492					490,914,304	13,318,853		
1905	409,767,035					545,708,317	13,980,386		637,610,737
1906	456,240,684					611,082,425	11,389,037		
1907	480,413,136	349,331,491	108,913,641	938,658,268	1907	670,725,511	12,400,018	87,380,626	770.506.155
1908	376,007,190	274.194.602	127,367,241	677.569.033	1908	624,829,288	11,973,904	97,766,673	734.569.865
1909	486,381,430			909,606,851	1909	615,182,660	12,579,181		767,968 2,3
1910	481,002,050	438,373,237	32,135,692	951,510,979	1910	686,289,717	18,771,917	89,574,130	794,635,764
1911	449,479,078	446,621,726	26,978,532	923,079,336	1911	786,700,775	14,351,076	64,262,097	865,313,948
1912	576,971,406	491,324,924		1,116,989,829		849,102,494	17,200,612	93,946,327	960,249,433
1913	494,882,684			1,055,913,445	1913	907,482,931	18,431,037	115,483,405	1.041.397.373
1914*	470,767,261	503,171,310	25,172,150			809,154,156		162,390,670	
1915*						1,750,813,369			1,854,718,897

#### NEW YORK STATE COVERNMENT.

Secretary of State. Francis M. Hugo, Watertown. Term ex. Dec. 31, 1918. Salary, \$6,000 Comptroller. Eugene M. Travis, Brooklyn. " 1918. \$8,000 State Treasurer. James L. Wells, New York. " 1918. \$6,000 Attorney-General. Egburt E. Woodbury, Jamestown. " 1918. 10,000 State Engineer and Surveyor. Frank M. Williams, Goshen. " 1918. \$6,000 Superintendent of Insurance. Jesse S. Phillips, Hornell " July 1, 1918. 10,000 Superintendent Banking Dept Eugene Lamb Richards, New Brighton " May 9, 1917. 7,500 Superintendent State Prisons. James M. Carter. " Mary 22, 1921. 6,000 Superintendent Public Works. W. W. Wotherspoon. " Dec. 31, 1918. \$6,000 Commissioner of Education. John H. Finley, New York. Term during the pleasure of the Board of Respents. Salary, \$3,000 Commissioner of Education. of Regents. Salary, \$10,000.

Deputy Secretary of State-A. D. Parker. Salary, \$4.500.

Deputy Comptrollers—James A. Wendell, William Boardman, Warren I. Lee, Fred C. Reusswig, Salarles, \$6,000 each.

Deputy Supt. of Insurance (1st)—Henry D. Appleton. Salary, 86,500. Deputy Supt. of Insurance (2d)—Francis R. Stoddard, Jr. Salary, 86,000. First Assistant Commissioner of Education—Augustus S. Downing.

CANAL BOARD.
Lieutenant-Governor Edward Schoeneck.
Secretary of State Francis M. Hugo.
Comptroller Eugene M. Travis.
State Treasurer James L. Wells.
Attorney-General Egburt E. Woodbury.
State Engineer and Surveyor Frank M. Williams.
Superintendent of Public Works W. W. Wother-

spoon.

Lewis F. Pitcher, Brooklyn. Salary, \$10,000.

COMMISSIONERS OF THE CANAL FUND.
Lieutenant-Governor, Secretary of State, Com
troller, State Treasurer, Attorney-General.
CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSIONERS.
Samuel H. Ordway, New York, Chaltman, \$5,000.
William Gorham Rice, Albany, \$3,000.
William Gorham Rice, Albany, \$3,000.
John C. Birdseye, Secretary,
COMMISSIONER OF HIGHWAYS,
Edwin Dufley, Cortland, Feb. 3, 1920.
Salar
Si0,000.
CONSERVATION CONTROL

SI0,000. CONSERVATION COMMISSIONER,
George D. Pratt, New York. Term ends Dec. 31,
1920. Salary, SS,000 and expenses.
FISACA SUPERVISOR OF STATE CHARITIES.
William A. Mailery, Jr., Hillsdale. Term ends June
9, 1917. Salary, S6,000 and expenses.
STATE COMMISSIONER OF EXCISE.
George E. Green. Binghamton. Term expires
October 1, 1922 Salary, S7,000 and expenses.
Dr. Tarleton H. Bear State Commissioner of Excise.

Dr. Tarleton H. Bear Governor.

The Advantage George of the State—Brig.-Gen. Louis
W. Stotesbury. In the State—Brig.-Gen. Louis

STAFF OF THE GOVERNOR.

The Advanat-General of the State—Brig.-Gen. Louis W. Stotesbury.

Milliary Secretary to the Governar—Lieut.-Col. Lorrilard Spencer, 15th Infantry.

Atles Detailed—Lieut.-Col. Reginald L. Foster, 12th Infantry. Commander Louis M. Josephthal, Naval Millital, retired, detailed to active duty. Major James L. Kincald, Inspector General's Department; Major Henry J. Cookinham, Jr., 1st Infantry; Major Francis L. V. Hoppin, Adutant-General, ist Brigade; Major Frederick S. Couchman, 3d Infantry; Major Waiter F. Gibson, Quartermaster Cops, Capt. Lyman P. Hubbell, 74th Infantry; Capt. Henry E. Greene, 2d Infantry, Gapt. Alvan W. Perry, 1st Field Artillery. Copt. 1st Spence Copt. Scapt. Henry E. Greene, 2d Infantry, Gapt. Harold C. Woodward, (Relleved by transfer to Reserve List). First Lieut. John W. Goff, Jr., 71st Infantry; First Lieut. John W. Goff, Jr., 71st Infantry; Second Lieut. Theron R. Strong, 2d Field Artillery. CUTT of CLAIMS.

William W. Webb, Rochester; Fred. M. Ackerson, Niagara Falis; Thomas F. Fennell, Elmira, Additional Judges, Charles R. Paris, Hudson Falis; William D. Cunningbam, Ellenville. Salary, \$8,000 and expenses.

\$8,000 and expenses.

COMMISSIONER OF AGRICULTURE.
Charles S. Wilson, Ithaca. Term expires April 19, 1917. Salary, \$8,000 and expenses.

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSIONERS.

First District—Oscar S. Straus, Feb. 1, 1918;
Travis II. Whitney, Feb. 1, 1921: Charles S.
Hervey, Feb. 1, 1917; William Hayward, Feb. 1, 1920; Henry W. Hodge, Feb. 1, 1919.

Second District—James O. Carr, Feb. 1, 1920;
Frank Irvine, Feb. 1, 1921; Devoe P. Hodson, Feb. 1, 1917; William Temple Emmet, Feb. 1, 1919;
Seymour Van Santvoord, Feb. 1, 1918.

STATE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC BUILDINGS. William H. Storrs, Albany. Salary. \$5,000.

STATE COMMISSIONER OF HEALTH.
Hermann M. Biggs, M.D., New York. Salary, \$8,000
and expenses. Term expires Dec. 31, 1919.

and expenses. Term expires Dec. 31, 1919.

HBALTH OFFICER OF THE PORT OF NEW YORK.
Leland E. Cofer, M. D., New York. Salary, \$12,500.

Term expires Feb. 1, 1918.

STATE INDUSTRIAL COMMISSION.
John Mitchell, Mount Vernon, Chairman; James M.
Lynch, Syraeuse: William H. H. Rogers, Rochester; Edward P. Lyon, Brooklyn; Louis Wiard,
Batavia. Salary, \$8,000 each.

SUPERINTENDENT OF WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.
John F. Farrell, Albany. Salary, \$3,500. Term
ends March 27, 1919.

STATE HOSPITAL COMMISSION.

Charles W. Pilgrim, M. D., \$7,500; Andrew D. Morgan, \$5,000; Frederick A. Higgins, \$5,000. Morgan, \$5,000; Frederick A. Higgins, \$5,000 Each \$1,200 expenses. STATE SUPERINTENDENT OF ELECTIONS. Frederick L. Marshall, New York. Salary, \$5,000.

STATE RACING COMMISSION.

James W. Wadsworth, Geneseo; John Sanford,
Amsterdam; Henry K. Knapp, New York.

REGENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY.

Chancellor—Pilmy T. Sexton. Vice-Chancellor—Albert Vander Veer. Adelbert Moot, William

Nottingham, Abram I. Elkus, Chester S. Lord,
Francis M. Carpenter, Charles B. Alexander,
John Moore, Water Guest Kellogg, William Berri,
James Byrne. James Byrne.

John Moore, Walter Guest Kellogg, William Berri, James Byrne.

William Rhinelander Stewart, New York; J. Richard Kevin, Brooklyn; Simon W. Rosendale, Albany; Frank F. Gow, Schuylerville; Caylon H. Lewis, Syracuse; Horace McGuire, Rochester; William H. Gratwiek, Buffalo; Stephen Smith, M. D., New York; Henry Marquand, Mt. Kisco; Daniel W. Burdick, Ithaca; George J. Gillespie, New York Victor F. Ridder, New York.

John Franey, Albany; Fred A. Wenck, New Rochelle; Frank Dwyer, Geneva. Term three years, except originals, which expire Jan. 1, 1917, 1918, 1919.

STATE COMMISSION OF PRISONS.

Henry Solonon, New York: Richard M. Hurd, New York; Mrs. Sarah L. Davenport, Bath; James T. Murnhy, Ozdensburg, Rudolph F. Diedling, M. J. Sangertles; Frank E. Wade, Buffalo; Allen J. Halloway, Buffalo. Term four years; compensation, 310 for each day's attendance at meetings of commission, no exceeding S00 yearly.

commissioner of foods and Markets.

John J. Dillon, New York, Term ends Nov.
21, 1920. Salary, \$6,000.

#### LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK.

(List subject to change by canvass of soldier vote, which had not been made up to the time of going to press.) SENATE 1917 AND 1918.

SENATE 191	17 AND 1918.
President, Lleutenant-Governor Ed	ward Schoeneck, Rep., of Syracuse.
Dist. Names of Senators. Politics. P. O. Address.  1 George L. Thompson*. Rep. Kings Park. 2 Peter M. Daly	Just. Names of Senators. Politics. P. O. Address.  30 George H. Whitney*. Rep. Mechanicsville. 31 James W. Yelverton. Rep. Schenectady. 32 Theodore D. Robinson. Rep. Mohawk. 33 James A. Emerson*. Rep. Mohawk. 34 N. Monroe Marshall*. Rep. Malone. 35 Elon R. Brown*. Rep. Malone. 36 Charles W. Wicks*. Rep. Sauquoit. 37 Adon P. Brown. Rep. Leonardsville. 38 J. Henry Walters*. Rep. Syrncise. 39 William H. Hill*. Rep. Johnson City., 40 Charles J. Howitt*. Rep. Locke. 41 Morris S. Halliday*. Rep. Locke.
8 Alvan W. Burlingsine, Jr. *Rep. Brooklyn. 9 Robert R. Lawson** Rep. Brooklyn. 10 Alfred J. Gilchrist* Rep. Brooklyn. 11 Bernard Downing Dem. New York City. 12 Jacob Koenig Dem. New York City. 13 James J. Walker* Dem. New York City. 14 James A. Foley* Dem. New York City. 15 John J. Boylan* Dem. New York City. 16 Robert F. Wagner* Dem. New York City. 17 Ogden L. Mills* Rep. New York City. 18 Albert Ottlinger Rep. New York City. 19 Edward J. Dowling Dem. New York City. 20 Salvatore A. Cotillo Dem. New York City. 21 John J. Dunnigan* Dem. New York City. 22 John V. Sheridan Dem. New York City. 23 George Cromwell* Rep. Richmond Co. 24 George A. Slater* Rep. Port Chester. 25 John D. Stivers* Rep. Middletown.	41 Morris S. Haliday*. Rep. Ithaca. 42 William A. Carson. Rep. Russhville. 43 Charles D. Newton* Rep. Gencseo. 44 John Knight. Rep. Arcade. 45 George F. Arcetsinger*. Rep. Rochester. 46 John B. Mullan*. Rep. Rep. Recisster. 47 George F. Thompson*. Rep. Middleport. 48 Ross Graves. Rep. Buffalo. 49 Samuel J. Ramsperger*. Dem. Buffalo. 50 Leonard W. H. Gibbs. Rep. Buffalo. 51 George E. Spring*. Rep. Franklinville. RECAPITULATION.
26 James E. Towner* Rep. Towners. 27 Charles W. Walton* Rep. Kingston. 28 Henry M. Sage* Rep. Menands. 29 George B. Wellington* Rep. Troy.	Republicans         36           Democrats         15           Total         51
* Members of the last Senate. Senators are	elected for two years. The terms of the above nileage.
expire December 31, 1918. Salary, \$1,500 and 1	uneage.
ASSEMB	LY—1917.
ALBANY.  Dist. Names of Members. Politics. P.O. Address.  1 Clarence F. Welsh*RepAlbany.  2 John G. Malone*RepAlbany.  3 William C. Buxter*RepWatervilet.	
ALBANY.  Dist. Names of Members. Politics. P.O. Address.  1 Clarence F. Welsh*	LY—1917.  BRIE—Continued.  Dist. Names of Members. Politics. P. O. Address. 6 Alex. A. Patrzykowski. Den. Buffalo. 7 Earl G. Danser
ALBANY.  Dist. Names of Members. Politics. P.O. Address.  1 Clarence F. Welsh*	LY—1917.  ERIE—Continued.  Dist. Names of Members. Politics. P. O. Address. 6 Alex. A. Patrzykowski Dem. Buffalo. 7 Earl G. Denser
ALBANY.  Dist. Names of Members. Politics. P.O. Address.  1 Clarence F. Welsh* Rep. Albany.  2 John G. Malone* Rep. Albany.  3 William C. Baxter* Rep. Watervilet.  ALLEGANY.  William Duke, Jr.* Rep. Wellsville.  32 William L. Evans* Dem. New York City.  33 Fari H. Miller* Dem. New York City.  34 M. Maldwin Fertig* Dem. New York City.  35 Jos. M. Callahan* Dem. New York City.	LY—1917.  ERIE—Continued.  Dist. Names of Members. Politics. P. O. Address. 6 Alex. A. Patrykowski. Den. Buffelo. 7 Earl G. Danser
ALBANY.  Dist. Names of Members. Politics. P.O. Address.  1 Clarence F. Welsh* Rep. Albany.  2 John G. Malone* Rep. Albany.  3 William C. Buxter* Rep. Watervilet.  William Duke, Jr.* Rep. Wellsville.  BRONX.  2 William I. Evans* Dem. New York City.  33 Earl H. Miller* Dem. New York City.  44 M. Maldwin Fertig* Dem. New York City.  5 Jos. M. Callahan* Dem. New York City.  BROOME.  Edmund B. Jenks Rep. Whitney Point.	LY—1917.  ERIE—Continued.  Dist. Names of Members. Pollutes. P. O. Address. 6 Alex. A. Patrzykowski. Dem. Buffalo. 7 Earl G. Danser Rep. Buffalo. 9 Nelson W. Cheney* Rep. Eden.  ESSEX.  Raymond T. Kenyon* Rep. Ausable Forks. FRANKLIN.  Warren T. Thayer* Rep. Chateaugay. FULTON-HAMILTON. Burt Z. Kasson* Rep. Gloversville.  GENESEE.  Louis H. Wells* Rep. Pavillon.
ALBANY.  Dist. Names of Members. Politics. P.O. Address.  1 Clarence F. Welsit* Rep. Albany.  2 John G. Malone* Rep. Albany.  3 William C. Baxter* Rep. Welsville.  BRONX.  32 William Duke, Jr.** Pem. New York City.  33 Earl H. Miller* Dem. New York City.  34 M. Maldwin Fertig* Dem. New York City.  35 Jos. M. Callahan* Dem. New York City.  Fedmund B. Jenks Rep. Whitney Point.  CATTARAGUS.  De Hart H. Ames* Rep. Franklinville.	LY—1917.  ERIE—Continued.  Dist. Names of Members. Pollites. P. O. Address. 6 Alex. A. Patrzykowski. Dem. Buffalo. 7 Earl G. Danser
ALBANY.  Dist. Names of Members. Politics. P.O. Address.  1 Clarence F. Welsh*. Rep. Albany. 2 John G. Malone*. Rep. Albany. 3 William C. Baxter*. Rep. Wellsville.  BRONX. 32 William Duke, Jr.*. Rep. Wellsville.  BRONX. 32 William L. Evans*. Dem. New York City. 33 Earl H. Miller*. Dem. New York City. 34 M. Maldwin Fertig*. Dem. New York City. 35 Jos. M. Callahan*. Dem. New York City. BROOME. Edmund B. Jenks. Rep. Whitney Point. CATTARAUGUS. De Hart H. Ames*. Rep. Franklinville. CAYUGA. L. Ford Hager. Rep. Red Creek.	LY—1917.  ERIE—Continued.  Dist. Names of Members. Pollites. P. O. Address. 6 Alex. A. Patrzykowski Dem. Buffalo. 7 Earl G. Danser
ALBANY.  Dist. Names of Members. Politics. P.O. Address.  1 Clarence F. Welsit* Rep. Albany.  2 John G. Malone* Rep. Albany.  3 William C. Baxter* Rep. Welsville.  BRONX.  32 William Duke, Jr.* Dem. New York City.  33 Earl H. Miller* Dem. New York City.  34 M. Maldwin Fertig* Dem. New York City.  35 Jos. M. Callahan* Dem. New York City.  BROOME.  Edmund B. Jenks Rep. Whitney Point.  CATTARAUGUS.  De Hart H. Ames* Rep. Franklinville.  CAYUGA.  L. Ford Hager Rep. Red Creek.  CHAUTAUQUA.  1 Leon L. Fancher* Rep. Jamestown.  2 Josepn A. McGinnies* Rep. Jamestown.	LY—1917.  ERIE—Continued.  Dist. Names of Members. Pollutes. P. O. Address. 6 Alex. A. Patrzykowski Dem. Buffalo. 7 Earl G. Danser
ALBANY.  Dist. Names of Members. Politics. P.O. Address.  1 Clarence F. Welsh* Rep. Albany. 2 John G. Malone* Rep. Albany. 3 William C. Buxter* Rep. Watervilet.  William Duke, Jr.* Rep. Wellsville.  BRONX. 32 William I. Evans* Dem. New York City. 33 Earl H. Miller* Dem. New York City. 34 M. Maldwin Fertig* Dem. New York City. 35 Jos. M. Callahan* Dem. New York City.  BROOME.  Edmund B. Jenks Rep. Whitney Point.  CATTARABGUS.  De Hart H. Ames* Rep. Franklinville.  CAYUGA.  L. Ford Hager Kep. Jamestown. 2 Josepn A. McCinnles* Rep. Jamestown. 2 Josepn A. McCinnles* Rep. Jamestown.	LY—1917.  ERIE—Continued.  Dist. Names of Members. Politics. P. O. Address. 6 Alex. A. Patrzykowski Dem. Buffalo. 7 Earl G. Danser. Rep. Buffalo. 8 Herbert A. Zimmerman Rep. Buffalo. 9 Nelson W. Cheney* Rep. Eden. ESSEX. Raymond T. Kenyon* Rep. Ausable Forks. FRANKLIN. Warren T. Thayer* Rep. Chateaugay. FULTON-HAMILITON. Burt Z. Kasson* Rep. Cloversville.  GENESEE. Louis H. Wells* Rep. Pavillon. GREENE. Harding Showers Rep. Tannersville. HERKIMBER. Edward O. Davles Rep. Ilion.

· CLINTON.	4 Peter A. McArdle* Dem Brooklyn.
CEINION.	5 James H. Caulfield, JrRep. Brooklyn.
Wallace E. Pierce Rep Plattsburg.	James H. Caumeid, Jr Rep. Brooklyn.
	6 Nathan D. Shapiro* Rep Brooklyn,
COLUMBIA.	7 Daniel E Foundlis Dem Buccklyn
William W. Chace*RepHudson.	7 Daniel F. Farrell* Dem Brooklyn.
William W. Chace Rep. Hudson.	8 John J. McKeon*Dem.Brooklyn.
CORTLAND.	9 Frederick S. Burr*Dem . Brooklyn.
CORTLAND.	Frederick S. Bull Dem Brooklyh.
George H. Wiltsie*RepCortland.	10 Fred. M. Ahern*RepBrooklyn.
	11 George R. Brennan*Rep. Brooklyn.
DELAWARE.	10 Trillian D. Criman
Toward Allen Dan Floot Dramate	12 William T. Simpson*Rep. Brooklyn.
James S. AllenRepEast Branch.	13 Morgan T. Donnelly Dem Brooklyn
	14 Table D T. Donnelly Donnelly II.
DUTCHESS.	14 John P. La Frenz*Dem Brooklyn.
1 James C. Allen*RepClinton Corners.	15 Jeremlah F. Twomey*Dem.Brooklyn.
Talks C. Anen	16 Samuel R. Green Rep . Brooklyn,
2 Frank L. Gardner* Rep Poughkeepsie.	To Samuel R. Green Rep. Brooklyh.
•	17 Frederick A. Wells* Rep Brooklyn.
ERIE.	18 Wilfred E. Youker Rep Brooklyn.
1 Alexander Taylor*RepBuffalo.	10 Thirty Is. Tollice
	19 Benjamin KlingmannDem. Brooklyn.
2 John W. SlacerRenBuffalo.	20 August C. Flamman* Rep Brooklyn.
3 Nicholas J. Miller*RepBuffalo.	21 Locard A Whiteham Coa Brookling
o Triestolad of Milliet Itep . Dunato.	21 Joseph A. Whiteborn Soe Brooklyn.
4 James M. Mead*Dem. Buffalo.	22 Charles H. Duff*Rep. Brooklyn.
5 John A. Lynch*Dem.Buffalo.	23 Abraham I Chiplocoffs Con Brooklyn
o voim in Lynch in in it is built building.	23 Abraham I. Shiplacoff*SocBrooklyn.

## ASSEMBLY-Continued.

LEWIS.	PUTNAM.
Mst. Names of Members. Politics. P. O. Address.	Dist. Names of Members. Politics. P. O. Address.
Henry L. Grant*RepCopenhagen.	John P. DonohoeRep. Garrison.
LIVINGSTON.	QUEENS.
George F. Wheelock*RepMoscow.	1 Peter A. Leininger. Dem Long Island City. 2 Peter J. McGarry* Dem Long Island City. 3 William H. O'Hare* Dem Glendale, L. I. 4 Frank E. Hopkins Rep. Jamaica.
MADISON.  Morell E. Tallett**RepDe Ruyter.	3 William H. O'Hare* Dem Glendaje, L. L.
	4 Frank E. Hopkins Rep. Jamaica.
MONROE.	RENSSELAER.
Simon L. Adler* Rep. Rochester.	1 John F. Shannon*Dem. Troy. 2 Arthur Cowee*RepBerlin.
Harry B. Crowley Rep Rochester.	2 Arthur Cowee*RepBerlin.
James A. Harris* Rep. East Rochester. 2 Simon L. Adler* Rep. Rochester. 3 Harry B. Crowley Rep. Rochester. 4 Frank Dobson* Rep. Rochester. 5 Franklin W. Judson* Rep. Rochester.	RICHMOND,
MONTGOMERY.	Henry A. SecsselbergDem.Stapleton.
Erastus Corning Davis* Rep Fonda.	ROCKLAND.
NASSAU.	William A. Serven*RepPearl River.
	ST. LAWRENCE.
NEW YORK.	1 Frank L. Seaker*RepGouverneur. 2 Edward A. Everett*RepPotsdam.
1 John J. Ryan* Dem . New York City.	
2 Peter J. Hamill* Dem New York City.	SARATOGA. Gilbert T. Seelye*RepBurnt Hills.
4 Henry S. Schimmel*Dem . New York City.	SCHENECTADY.
5 Maurice McDonald*Dem New York City.	Walter S. McNab* Rep Schenectady.
7 Peter P McElligott* Dem. New York City.	SCHOHARIE.
8 Abraham Goodman* Dem. New York City.	George A. Parsons Dem Sharon Springs.
9 Charles D. Donohue* Dem . New York City.	SCHUYLER.
1 James F. Mahony*Dem. New York City.	Henry J. Mitchell*RepOdessa.
2 Joseph D. Keliy*Dem. New York City.	SENECA.
A Pobert I. Tudor* Dem. New York City.	Lewis W. Johnson Rep Seneca Falis.
5 Abram Ellenbogen* Rep New York City.	STEUBEN.
6 Martin G. McCue*Dem . New York City.	1 Samuel E. QuackenbushRepCorning. 2 Richard M. Prangen*RepHornell.
8 Mark Goldberg*Dem. New York City.	
9 Perry M. Armstrong*Dem.New York City.	SUFFOLK.
20 Frank Aranow* Dem. New York City.	1 De Witt C. Talmage*Rep. East Hampton. 2 Henry A. Murphy*Rep. Huntington.
22 Maurice Bioch* Dem . New York City.	SULLIVAN.
23 Earl A. SmithDem . New York City.	Seymour MerrittDem Liberty.
23 Robert McC. Marsh*Rep. New York City.	TIOGA.
26 Meyer Levy* Dem . New York City.	Daniel P. Witter*RepBerkshire.
27 Schuyler M. MeyerRep. New York City.	TOMPKINS.
29 Aifred D. Bell*Rep. New York City.	Casper Fenner*RepHeddens.
30 Timothy F. Gould*Dem New York City.	ULSTER.
31 Jacob Goldstein*Dem. New York City.	1 Joel Brink
Thomas A. McWhinney*, Rep., Lawrence.  1 John J. Ryan*, Dem., New York City. 2 Peter J. Hamili*, Dem. New York City. 3 Caesar B. F. Barra*, Dem. New York City. 4 Henry S. Schimmel*, Dem. New York City. 5 Maurice McDonald*, Dem. New York City. 6 Maurice McDonald*, Dem. New York City. 7 Peter P. McElligott*, Dem. New York City. 8 Abraham Goodman*, Dem. New York City. 9 Charles D. Donohue*, Dem. New York City. 10 Abner Greenberg, Dem. New York City. 11 James F. Mahony*, Dem. New York City. 12 Joseph D. Kelly*, Dem. New York City. 13 Fredolin F. Straub. Dem. New York City. 14 Robert L. Tudor*, Dem. New York City. 15 Abram Ellenbogen*, Rep., New York City. 16 Martin Goules*, Dem. New York City. 17 Martin Bourke*, Dem. New York City. 18 Mark Golbers*, Dem. New York City. 19 Carlotte Dem. New York City. 19 Carlotte Dem. New York City. 19 Carlotte Dem. New York City. 19 Carlotte Dem. New York City. 19 Carlotte Dem. New York City. 19 Carlotte Dem. New York City. 19 Carlotte Dem. New York City. 19 Carlotte Dem. New York City. 20 Mark Golbers*, Dem. New York City. 21 Harold C. Mitchell. Rep. New York City. 22 Maurice Bloch*, Dem. New York City. 23 Carl A. Smith. Dem. New York City. 24 Gwen M. Kiernan*, Dem. New York City. 25 Robert McC. Marsh*, Rep. New York City. 26 Meyer Levy*, Dem. New York City. 27 Schulyter M. Meyer, Rep. New York City. 28 Charles Novello. Rep. New York City. 29 Callries Novello. Rep. New York City. 20 Alfred D. Bell*, Rep. New York City. 20 Alfred D. Bell*, Rep. New York City. 20 Alfred D. Bell*, Rep. New York City. 20 Alfred D. Bell*, Rep. New York City. 20 Alfred D. Bell*, Rep. New York City. 20 Alfred D. Bell*, Rep. New York City. 20 Alfred D. Bell*, Rep. New York City. 20 Alfred D. Bell*, Rep. New York City. 20 Alfred D. Bell*, Rep. New York City. 20 Alfred D. Bell*, Rep. New York City. 20 Alfred D. Bell*, Rep. New York City. 20 Alfred Dem. New York City.	
1 William Bewley*RepLockport. 2 Alan V. Parker*RepNlagara Falls.	WARREN. Henry E. H. Brereton*RepLake George.
	WASHINGTON.
ONEIDA.	Charles O. Pratt*RepCambridge.
1 Albert H. Geiersbach Dem. Utica. 2 Louis M. Martin* Rep. Clinton. 3 George T. Davis* Rep. Rome.	WAYNE.
3 George T. Davls*RepRome.	Frank D. Gaylord Rep . Sodus.
ONONDAGA	
1 Manuel J. Soule	1 George Blakely*. Rep. Yonkers. 2 William S. Coffey*. Rep. Mount Vernon. 3 Walter W. Law, Jr.*. Rep. Briareliff Manor 4 Floy D. Hopkins*. Rep. White Plains.
3 George R. Fearon*RepSyracuse.	3 Walter W. Law. Jr.*Rep. Briarcliff Manor
ONTARIO	4 Floy D. Hopkins* Rep. White Plains.
Heber E. Wheeler*RepHolcomb.	WYOMING.
ORANGE.	Bert P. Gage*RepWarsaw.
1 William F. BrushRep. Newburgh. 2 Charles L. Mead*Rep. Middletown.	YATES.
	Howard S. Fullagar*Rep. Penn Yan.
ORLEANS.	RECAPITULATION.
Frank H. LattinRepAlbion.	Republicans
Thaddeus C. Sweet* Rep. Phoenix.	Democrats Socialists
OTSEGO.	=
Allen J. Bloomfield* Rep Richfield Springs.	Total
* Members of the last Assembly. Assemblymen	a are elected for one year. Salary, \$1,500 and mileag
0774777	
Republicans	99 Republicans
Republicans. 36 Republicans. Democrats 15 September 25 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 September 26 Se	99 Republicans 49 Democrats 2 Socialists
Republicans 36 Republicans Democrats 15 Socialists Socialists 15 Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists Socialists S	99 Republicans 49 Democrats 2 Socialists 150 Total

#### JUDICIARY OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK.

JUDGES OF THE COURT OF APPEALS OF NEW YORK.

Judges,	Residences.	Counties.	Salaries.			
Frank H. Hiscock, Chief Judge	Syracuse	Onondaga			Dec. 31.	
Wm. H. Cuddeback, Associate Judge	Buffalo	Erie	[-13,700]	Dem		1926
John W. Hogan.	Syracuse	Onondaga	13,700	Dem		1926
Frederick Collin.	Elmira	Chemnng		Dem		1920
Cuthbert W. Pound.	Lockport	Niagara	13,700	Rep	'' 31,	1930
*Emory A. Chase,	Catskill	Greene	13,700	Rep	Tempora:	ry.
*Benjamin N. Cardozo, "	New York	New York	13,700	1. Dem. †	Tempora	ry.

<sup>\*</sup>Temporary designation to Court.

#### JUDGES OF THE APPELLATE DIVISION OF THE SUPREME COURT.

JUDUISS OF THIS ATT	EBEATE DIVISION	or the corr	· ·	
DEPARTMENT.	Justices.	Residences.	Politics.	Designations Expire.
1st. The County of New York,	John Proctor Clarke Victor J. Dowling Vernon, M. Davis Chester B. McLaughlin Frank C. Laughlin Walter Lloyd Sith Francis M. Scott	Port Henry Buffalo Elmira.	Dem Dem Rep Rep	Temporary. Dec. 31, 1919 31, 1919 31, 1926
<ol> <li>Kings, Queens, Nassau, Richmond, Suffolk, Rockland, Westchester, Putnam, Orange, Dutchess.</li> </ol>	Almet F. Jenks	Mt. Vernon Brooklyn Auburn Brooklyn	Dem Rep. Rep. Dem Dem.	Dec. 31, 1923 May 3, 1920 Dec. 31, 1918 Temporary.
3d. Sullivan, Ulster, Greene, Co- lumbia, Schobarie, Albany, Rens- selaer, Fulton, Schenectady, Montgomery, Saratoga, Wash- ingtou, Warren, Hamilton, Essex, Clinton, Franklin, St. Lawrence, Delaware, Otsego, Broome, Chenango, Madison, Cortland, Tioga, Tompkins, Schuyler, Chemung.	John M. Kellogg George F. Lyon John Woodward	Ogdensburg Binghamton	Rep	Jan. 11, 1917
4th. Herkimer, Oneida, Lewis, Jefferson, Oswego, Onoudaga, Cayuga, Seneca, Wayne, Ontario, Yates, Steuben, Livingston, Mon- roe, Allegany, Wyoming, Gen- esee, Orleans, Niagara, Erie, Oattaraugus, Chautauqua.	Frederick W. Kruse Edgar S. K. Merrell Pascal C. J. De Angelis	Olean Lowville	Rep Dem	Dec. 31, 1922 May 15, 1918

#### JUSTICES OF THE SUPREME COURT

The salaries of Justices of the Supreme Court are: First and Second Districts, \$17,500; remaining Districts, \$10,000; but non-resident Justices, sitting in the Appellate Divisions of the First and Second Departments, receive the same compensation as the Justices in those Departments; if assigned to duty in the First and Second Districts, other than in the Appellate Division, their additional compensation is \$10 per day.

DISTRICTS. Justices. Re-	sidences. Politics.	Terms Expi	re
York.  Ist. The City and County of New York.  Samuel Greenbaum Francis M. Scott Joseph E. Newburger. Vernon M. Davis Philip H. Dugro Victor J. Dowling Benjamin N. Cardozo Thomas F. Donnelly Engene A. Philbin Irving Lehman Leonard A. Glegerich Alfred R. Page Nathan Bijur Edward J. Gavegan John Proctor Clarke John W. Goff Bartow S. Weeks Clarence J. Shearn John M. Tierney Edward R. Finch George V. Mullan Richard H. Mitchell	York. Dem. Dem. Dem. Dem. Dem. Dem. Dem. L. Dem. Dem. Dem. Dem. Dem. Dem. Dem. Dem.	Dec. 31, 19: 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 131, 19 1	

<sup>†</sup> Independent Democrat elected on Republican and Progressive tickets.

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	F THE STATE OF NE			VD	- T	
DISTRICTS.	Justices.	Residences.	Politics.			
1st. The City and County of New York-Continued.	Edward G. Whitaker M. Warley Platzek	4.4	Dem	Dec.	31.	1926 1920
TOTA COMMING.	Peter A. Hendrick		Dem	11	31,	1920 1920
		11	Ind. L	1 ::	31,	1920 1920
	Mitchell L. Erlanger Francis K. Pendletou Daniel F. Cohalan Henry D. Hotchkiss	16	Dem		31.	1921
	Daniel F. Cohalan	**	Dem	11	31,	1921 1925 1925
	Henry D. Hotchkiss		Dem		31,	1925
	Charles L. Guy Francis B. Delehanty		Dem	**	31,	1920 1929
2d Kings Oneens Nassan Rich-	Igood M. Kanner	Brooklyn	Dem			
2d. Kings, Queens, Nassau, Richmond, and Suffolk Counties.	Stephen Callaghan	11	Rep		81,	1923 1929 1922
	Luke D. Stapleton		Dem	* *	81,	1922
	Harrington Putnam		Dem		31, 31	1921 1926 1926
	Almet F. Jenks	**	Dem		31,	1926
	Garret J. Garretson	Elmhurst	Rep	1::		
	Edward B. Thomas	Brooklyu	Dem Rep		31.	1917 1918
	Stepnen Callagnall.  Luke D. Stapleton  Harrington Putnam  David F. Manuing  Almet F. Jenks  Garret J. Garretson  William J. Kelly  Edward B. Thomas  Walter H. Jaycox  Lecoph Ashivall	Patchogue	Rep		31.	1920
	Joseph Aspinall Frederick E. Craue Lester W. Clark	Brooklyn	Rep	1	31,	1920 1920
	Lester W. Clark	New Brighton	Rep		OI.	1920
	Abel E. Blackmar William J. Carr Townsend Scudder.	New Brighton Brooklyn	Rep	4.5	31,	1922 1920
	William J. Carr		Dem		31,	1920
	Russell Benedict	Brooklyn	Rep	**		
	Russell Benedict James C. Van Siclen Charles H. Kelby	Janiaica	Rep	44	31.	1925
	Charles H. Kelby	Brooklyn	Rep	4.4	31,	1925 1930
3d. Columbia, Rensselaer, Sullivan,	William P. Rudd				šî,	1930 1921
Uister, Albany, Greene, and	Wesley O. Howard	Troy.	Rep	11	01,	1930
Schoharie Counties,	James C. Cropsey. William P. Rudd Wesley O. Howard A. V. S. Cochrane. Alden Chester. Emory A. Chase Gilb't D. B. Hasbrouck Charles E. Nichols	Albany	Rep		01,	$\frac{1929}{1918}$
	Emory A. Chase	Catskill.	Rep		31	1924 1926
	Gilb't D. B. Hasbrouck	Kingston	Rep	1 ::	31,	1926
4th, Warren, Saratoga, St. Lawrence,	John M. Kellogg.	Ogdensburg	Rep	1.	81.	1930
Washington, Essex, Franklin, Clinton, Montgomery, Hamilton,	Charles E. Nichols. John M. Kellogg. Henry V. Borst. Charles C. Van Kirk. Henry T. Kellogg. Chester B. McLaughlin Edward C. Wittinyer. William S. Andrews. William M. Ross. B. C. I De Appelis	Amsterdam	Dein	11	- 31 .	1927
Clinton, Montgomery, Hamilton,	Charles C. Van Kirk	Greenwich	Rep		31,	1919
Fulton, and Schenectady Counties.	Chester B. McLaughlin	Port Henry	Rep	14	31.	$\frac{1917}{1923}$
0.00	Edward C. Whitmyer.	Schenectady	Rep	1	- 31.	1925
5th. Onondaga, Jefferson, Oneida, Oswego, Herkimer, and Lewis	William S. Andrews	Sy racuse	Rep		31,	1927 $1928$
Counties.	William M. Ross P. C. J. De Angelis Irving L. Devendorf. Leonard C. Crouch. Edgar S. K. Merrell Irving G. Hubbs. Edgar C. Emerson.	Utica	Rep		-31,	1920
	Irving L. Devendorf	Herkimer	Rep	1::	-31.	. 1919
	Edgar S K Merrell	Lowville	Dem	1	31,	1927 $1923$
	Irving G. Hubbs	Pulaski	Rep	1::	-31,	1925
Gir Otrono Dolorrono Medicon	Irving G. Hubbs Edgar C. Emerson George McCann	Watertown Elmira	Rep		-31,	. 1920
6th. Otsego, Delaware, Madison, Chenango, Tompkins, Broome, Chemung, Schuy!er, Tioga, and Cortland Counties.	Albert H. Sewell	Walton	Rep		31.	1927 $1927$
Chemung, Schuyler, Tioga, and	Rowland L. Davis Michael H. Kiley	Walton Cortland Cazeno via	Rep	1::	- 31,	-1929
Cortland Counties,	Michael H. Kiley	Cazeno via	Rep	• •	31,	1926 $1926$
•	Walter Lloyd Smith. George F. Lyon. Adelbert P. Rich. Nathaniel Foote.	Binghamton	Rep		-31,	1919
7th. Livingston, Ontario, Wayne, Yates, Stenben, Seneca, Caynga,	Adelbert P. Rich	Auburn	Rep	.) ''	31,	1928
and Monroe Counties.	Nathaniel Foote. William W. Clark. George A. Benton. Samuel N. Sawyer. Robert F. Thompson. Adolf J. Rodenbeck. John S. Lambert. Henry L. Taylor. Herbert P. Bissell. Frank C. Laughlin. Charles A. Pooley. Frederick W. Kruse. John Woodward.	Wayland	Rep		31,	$1919 \\ 1920$
2114 12011100 0011111001	George A. Benton	Spencerport	Rep		33.1	1918
	Samuel N. Sawyer	Palmyra	Rep	1	-31,	1921 1930
	Adolf J. Rodenbeck	Rochester	Rep		31.	1930
8th. Erie, Chantanqua, Cattarangus,	John S. Lambert	Fredonia	Rep	-1 11	31.	. 1917
Orleans, Niagara, Genesee. Allegany, and Wyoming Counties.	Henry L. Taylor	Buffalo	Rep	1 11	31,	1927
gany, and wyoming contines.	Frank C. Laughlin		Rep Ind.Rep		OI.	, 1920
	Charles A. Pooley		Ind.Rep	::	31.	1924
	Lohn Woodward	Tamestown	Rep		31	1922 $1924$
	Edward K. Emery	Buffalo	Rep		31.	.1920
	Lonis W. Marcus	Polmont	Rep		- 31.	.1920
	Charles B. Wheeler	Buffalo	Rep		31,	, 1921
	Wesley C. Dudley	Buffalo	Rep	1	- 31.	. 1930
Oth Mostohoston Butnam Dutch	George W. Cole	Salamanca	Rep		31.	1930 $1920$
9th. Westchester, Putnam, Dutchess, Orange and Rockland Coun-	Arthur S. Tompkins.	Nyack	Rep		- 31.	.1920
ties.	Joseph Morschauser	Poughkeepsie	Rep	.1 **	31,	1920
	Lonis W. Marcus. Charles H. Brown Charles B. Wheeler Wesley C. Dudley. George W. Cole Isaac N. Mills. Artbur S. Tompkins Joseph Morschauser Michael H. Hirschbers. Martin J. Keogh	New Bochelle	Rep		31	1917 $1922$
	Martin J. Keogh William P. Platt J. Addison Young	White Plains	Dem	: ::	31.	1929
	IJ. Addison Young	New Rochelle	ер	.1	31	, 1929

COLONIAL.

GOVERNORS.	Terms.	GOVERNORS.	Terma.	GOVERNORS.	Terms.
Adrian Joris				James De Lancey, Lt	
Compline Jacobson May	1694-1695	Earl of Bellomont	1700-1701	GOV	1755
William Varhulst	1625-1626	Col. William Smith	1,00-1101	Sir Charles Hardy	1755-1757
Peter Minuit	1626-1633	Col. Abraham De Peyster	1701	James De Lancey, Lt	
Wonter Von Pwiller	1633-1638	Col. Peter Schuyler		Gov	1757-1760
Trilliana Trioft	1200 1207	Lohn Nanfan Lt. Gov	11701-1702	Cadwallader Colden,	
Potrus Strivvesant	1647-1664	Lord Cornbury	.11702-1708	President	1760-1761
Richard Nicous	17004-1009	Lord Lovelace	11/00-1/08	Cadwanader Corden,	1 001
Francis Lovelace	1668-1673	Peter Schuyler, Pres	. 1709	LtGov	1761
Anthony Colve		Richard Ingoldsby, Lt.		Robert Monckton	
Edmoud Audros		Gov.	1709 1709	Cadwallader Colden,	1761-1762
Anthony Brockholles,	1200 1200	Peter Schuyler, Pres		Robert Monckton	1762-1763
Comin-Chief		Richard Ingoldsby, Lt.		Cadwallader Colden,	
Sir Edmond Andros	1678-1681	Gerardus Beekman		LtGov	1763-1765
Anthony Brockholles, Comiu-Chief	1691-1692	Prosident	1710	Sir Henry Moore	
Thomas Dongan	1683_1688	Robert Hunter	1710-1719	Sir Henry Moore Cadwallader Colden,	2.00
Sir Edmond Andros	1688	Peter Schnyler Pres	1719-1720	LtGov	1769-1770
Francis Nichoison.	1688-1689	William Burnet	1720-1728	Earl of Duumore	1770-1771
Jacob Leisler.	1689-1691	John Montgomerie	1728-1731	William Tryon	1771-1774
Henry Sloughter	1601	Rin Van Dam Presiden	(11731-1732	Cadwallader Colden.	1
Richard Ingoldsby,	-	William Coshy	.11732 - 1736	LtGov.	11774-1775
Comin-Chief	1691-1692	George Clark, LtGov.	. 1736-1743	William Tryou	1775-1780
Benjamin Fletcher	1693-1698	George Clinton	. 1743-1753	James Robertson	1780-1783
Earl of Bellomont	1698-1699	Sir Danvers Osborne	. 1753-1755	Andrew Elliott, LGov.	1783
		STATE.			
L'George Clinton	1777-1795	16 Silas Wright	11845-1846	31 Grover Cleveland	11883-1884
2 John Jay	1795-1801	17 John Young	.\1847-1848	32 David B. Hill	1885-1891
3 George Clinton	1801-1804	18 Hamilton Fish	1849-1851	33 Roswell P. Flower	1892-1894
4 Morgan Lewis	1804-1807	19 Washington Hunt		34 Levi P. Morton	1895-1896
	1807-1817	20 Horatio_Seymour		35 Frank S. Black	1897-1898
6 John Taylor		21 Myron H. Clark	, 1855-185t	36 Theodore Roosevelt.	1899-1900
7 De Witt Clinton		22 John A. King	, 1857-1858	37 Benjamin B. Odell, Jr	. 1901-1904
8 Joseph C. Yates		23 Edwin D. Morgan	. 1859-1863	38 Francis W. Higgins.	1905-1900
		24 Horatio Seymour	. 1863-1869	39 Charles E. Hughes	1910-1910
10 Nathaniel Pitcher		25 Reuben E. Fenton	1000-1000	40 Horace White 241 John Alden Dix	
Il Martin Van Buren	1020-1029	26 John T. Hoffman 27 John Adams Dix	1979-197	42 William Sulzer*	1913
13 William L. Marcy	1929 1830	Segment T Tilden	1875-187	6 43 Martin H. Glynn †	
14 William H. Seward	1830, 1849	29 Lucing Robinson	1877-188	44 Charles S. Whitman.	1915-1918
15 William C Bouck	1843-1844	30 Alonzo B. Cornell	1880-188	2 1	1
To still the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state	12010 1011	Controlled Dr Collecti 1.	C 1: - 0		removal of

<sup>\*</sup>Impeached and removed from office | Became Governor by virtue of his office as Lieutenant-Governor, on removal of

MAYORS OF THE CITY OF NEW YORX.

Before the Revolution the Mayor was appointed by the Governor of the Province; and from 1784 to 1820 by the Appointing Board of the State of New York, of which the Governor was the chief member. From 1820 to the amendment of the Charter, in 1830, the Mayor was appointed by the Common Conneil. In 1898 the term of the first Mayor of Greater New York (Van Wyck) began.

Common Conneil. 1n 18	198 the te	rm of the first Mayor of Gi	eater New	York (Van Wyck) began.
MAYORS.	Terms,	MAYORS.	Terms.	MAYORS. Terms.
1/Thomas Willett	1665	34 Johannes Jansen	1725-1726 66	Andrew H. Mickle 1846-18
2 Thomas Delavall	1666	35 Robert Lurting	1726-1735 67	William V. Brady 1847-18
3 Thomas Willett	1667	36 Paul Richard	1735-1739  68	Wm. F. Havemeyer 1848-184
4 Cornelis Steenwyck	1668-1670	37 John Cruger, Sr	1739-1744/69	Caleb S. Woodhull 1849-185.
5 Thomas Delavall	1671	58 Stephen Bayard	1744-1747  70	Ambrose C. Kingsland 1851-1853
6 Matthias Nicolls				Jacob A.Westervelt 1853-1855
7 John Lawrence		40 John Cruger, Jr	1757-1766 72	Fernando Wood 1855-1858
8 William Dervall	1675	41 Whitehead Hicks	1766-1776 73	Daniel F. Tiemann 1858-1860
9 Nicholas de Meyer	1676	42 David Matthews, Tory.	1776-1784  74	Fernando Wood 1860-1862
10 S. van Cortlandt	1677	43 James Duane	1784-1789 75	George Opdyke 1862-1864
11 Thomas Delavall	1678	44 Richard Varick	1789-1801 76	C. Godfrey Gunther 1864-1866
12 Francis Rombouts	1679	45 Edward Livingston	1801-1803 77	John T. Hoffman 1866-186
13 William Dyre	1680-1681	46 De Witt Clinton	1803-1807  78	T. Coman(act'g Mayor) 1
14 Cornelis Steenwyck	1682-1683	47 Marinus Willett	1807-1808 79	A. Oakey Hall
15 Gabriel Minville	1684	48 De Witt Clinton	1808-1810 80	S. B. H. Vance(Acting) 18.
16 Nicholas Bayard	1685	49 Jacob Radeliff	1810-1811 81	
17 S. van Cortlandt	1686-1687	50 De Witt Clinton	1811-1819 82	William H. Wickham. 1875-1
	1689-1690	51 John Ferguson	1819   83	Smith Ely
19 John Lawrence	1691	52 Jacob Radeliff	1815-1818 84	Edward Cooper 1879-188
	1692-1695	3 Cadwallader D.Colden.	1818-1821 80	William R. Grace 1881-1882
21 William Merritt	1695-1698	54 Stephen Allen	1821-1824 80	Franklin Edson 1883-188
22 Johannes De Peyster.	1698-1599		1829-1820 8	William R. Grace 1885-188t
23 David Provost	1699-1700	56 Philip Hone	1826-1827 83	Abram S. Hewitt 1887-1888 Hugh J. Grant 1889-1892
24 Isaac de Riemer	1700-1701	57 William Paulding	1827-1829 82	
25 Thomas Noell	. 1701-1702	58 Walter Bowne	1829-1833 90	
26 Philip French	.1702-1703	59 Gideon Lee	1833-1834 91	William L. Strong 1895-1897
27 William Peartree	. 1703-1707	Cornellus W. Lawrence	1004-1001 9	2 Robert A. Van Wyck 1898-1901
28 Ebenezer Wilson	. 1707-1710	College L Marian	1007-1009 9	3 Seth Low
29 Jacobus van Cortianut	1710-1711	29 Debert TI Monnie	1041 1041 9	4 George B. McClellan 1904-1909
SUCATED HEATINGOLE	1514 1719	64 Iamas Harrar	1041-1044 9	5 William J. Gaynor ‡ 1910-1913 6 Ardolph L. Kline § 1913
31 JOHH JOHNSON	1714-1715	of James Harper	1044-1040 9	Toba Durroy Mitchel 1914-1917
32 Jacobus van Cortianut	1790 1790	os win. r. Havemeyer	1040-1940 9	John Purroy Mitchel., 1914-1917
33 Robert Walters	.11/20-1/20	" 1		1

<sup>‡</sup> John Purroy Mitchel, President of the Board of Aldermen, had full power as Mayor during part of September and October 1910, while Mayor Gaynor was disabled by an attempted assassination. § Filled unexpired term of Mayor Gaynor, deceased.

# CAMPAICN RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS.

The Democratic National Committee received from party supporters \$1.808,348.16, inclusive of loans, for the election of 1916, and reported disbursements of \$1.684,589.74, including the repayment of \$1.684,589.74, including the repayment of \$1.000.000 for the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of ment of \$1,084,589.74, inclinding the repayment of \$19,000 of loans, Outstanding bills amounting to \$196,000 were listed, and it was explained that there were other bills, on December 7, 1916, not yet rendered or about which there was some dispute. Of the grand total of \$1,508,348,16 received, the sum of \$465,578,95 was received in contributions of less than \$100.

The largest individual contributors to the The largest individual contributors to the Democratic fund were Cleveland H. Dodge, of New York, \$79,000, and Edward L. Doheny, of California, \$25,000. Among other large contributors were: Thomas W. Jones and David B. Jones, Roger C. Sudlivan, Chicago, \$12,500 each; Jones, Roger C, Sullivan, Chicago, \$12,500 each; Nelson Morris, of Stockholm, Sweden, and Alvin Untermyer, Frederic C, Penfield and Charles J, Peabody, all of New York, and F, B, Peabody, Chicago, each \$10,000; F, B, Lynch, M, A, Coolidge, Charles B, Alexander, John M, Riehle, George S, Mead, Frederick Johnson and James Lewis Taylor, New York, W, L, Douglas, of Brockton, Mass., \$5,000 each; Francis P, Garvan and R, B, Cortlandt, New York, and P, J, Ryan, Chicago, \$3,000 each; Francis P, Garvan and R, B, Cortlandt, New York, and P, J, Ryan, Chicago, \$3,000 each; Panels P, Garvan and R, B, Cortlandt, New York, and P, J, Ryan, Chicago, \$3,000 each; Panels P, Garvan and R, B, Cortlandt, New York, and P, J, Ryan, Chicago, \$3,000 each; Panels P, Garvan P, P, Ryan, Chicago, \$3,000 each; Panels P, Ryan, Chicago, \$3,000 each; Panels P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, Ryan, P, R Chicago, \$3,000 each.

Woodrow Wilson contributed \$2.500 to the Democratic campaign fund.

The Republican National Committee received \$2.445.421.19 and expended \$2.441.555.05. leaving a balance of \$3.856.14. The \$2.445.421.05 came from 34.205 contributors. In 1912 there were only 2.000 subscribers to the Republican campaign fund. The largest contributors to the

Charles E. Hughes is not disted as a contributor to the campaign funds.

Members of the Women's National Hughes
Committee raised \$134.965. This was the

committee that sent out a train to the Pacific Coast with speakers who made addresses in behalf of Mr. Hughes at various points. The train cost the committee about \$37,000. The bulk of the \$134,965 was expended in organizing Women's Hughes Leagues in many States paying salaries of organizers and financing the Hughes stores in New York City. There were 1.160 women who comfluided to the campaign fund, from \$1 un. The largest contributors were Mrs. Collis P. The largest contributors were Mrs. Collis P. Huntington, Mrs. H. E. Huntington, Mrs. H. E. Huntington, Mrs. H. E. Huntington, Mrs. H. E. Huntington, Mrs. H. E. Huntington, Mrs. H. E. Huntington, Mrs. H. E. Huntington, Mrs. Fellx M. Warburt, \$2.500: and Hrs. Willard Stricklix M. Warburg, \$2.500: Mrs. W. H. Crocker of Burlingame California \$2.500. and Mrs. Alex, Smith Cochrane, \$2.500 and Mrs. Alex, Smith Cochrane, \$2.500 and Ins. Alex, Smith Cochrane, \$2.500 and Ins. Alex, Smith Cochrane, \$2.500 and Ins. Alex, Smith Cochrane, \$2.500 and Ins. Alex, Smith Cochrane, \$2.500 and Ins. Alex, Smith Cochrane, \$2.500 and Ins. Alex, Smith Cochrane, \$2.500 and Ins. Alex, Smith Cochrane, \$2.500 and Ins. Alex, Smith Cochrane, \$2.500 and Ins. Alex, Smith Cochrane, \$2.500 and Ins. Alex, Smith Cochrane, \$2.500 and Ins. Alex, Smith Cochrane, \$2.500 and Ins. Alex, Smith Cochrane, \$2.500 and Ins. Alex, Smith Cochrane, \$2.500 and Ins. Alex, Smith Cochrane, \$2.500 and Ins. Alex, Smith Cochrane, \$2.500 and Ins. Alex, Smith Cochrane, \$2.500 and Ins. Alex, Smith Cochrane, \$2.500 and Ins. Alex, Smith Cochrane, \$2.500 and Ins. Alex, Smith Cochrane, \$2.500 and Ins. Alex, Smith Cochrane, \$2.500 and Ins. Alex, Smith Cochrane, \$2.500 and Ins. Alex, Smith Cochrane, \$2.500 and Ins. Alex, Smith Cochrane, \$2.500 and Ins. Alex, Smith Cochrane, \$2.500 and Ins. Alex, Smith Cochrane, \$2.500 and Ins. Alex, Smith Cochrane, \$2.500 and Ins. Alex, Smith Cochrane, \$2.500 and Ins. Alex, Smith Cochrane, \$2.500 and Ins. Alex, Smith Cochrane, \$2.500 and Ins. Alex, Smith Cochrane, \$2.500 and Ins. Alex, Smith C

The Republican State Committee of New York reported receipts of \$432,028 from 1,911 contributors. Among the latric contributors. Among the latric contributors were John D. Rockefeller \$25,000; Union League Clarb, \$19,429; P. S. dn Pront \$12,500; League Clarb, \$19,429; P. S. dn Pront \$12,500; League Clarb, \$19,429; P. S. dn Pront \$12,500; League Clarb, \$19,429; P. S. dn Pront \$12,500; League Clarb, \$10,000 each; George F. Baler, Jr. \$7,500, and \$5,000 each from Walter H. Aldridge, John F. Alvord, Col. William H. Barbour, H. F. Brown, H. P. Davison, Bayard Dominick, Mrs. D. Gates, W. P. Hamilton, T. W. Lamont, J. P. Morgan, W. P. Hamilton, T. W. Lamont, J. P. Morgan, W. P. Hamilton, T. W. Lamont, J. P. Morgan, W. P. Hamilton, T. W. Tripo and Shearson, William B. Thompson, G. E. Tripo and some banking firms, Charles S. Whitman contributed \$1,000 to the Republican State Committee. Committee.

The report of the Whitman Campaign Committee of New York Stabe showed receipts of \$74.512 and disbursements of \$74.189. Among the contributors to this fund were the following: Arthur Curties James \$10,000: Conservation Commissioner George D. Pratt. \$5,000 and \$1,000 each by Mrs. E. H. Harriman, Public Service Commissioner William Hayward and N. J. Gerold.

each by Mrs. E. H. Harriman. Public Service Commissioner William Hayward and N. J. Gerold.

The Democratic State Committee of New York had receipts of \$207,129 and disbursed \$195,189. Among the large contributors were Baruch Brothers. \$10,000: Joseph J. Murphy \$2,500 and \$1,000 each from R. E. Van Cortlandt. William Church Osborn. W. R. Beebe. George J. O'Connor. W. W. Farley. George O. Sherman and E. O. Wood. The committee reported a receipt of \$176,000 from the Democratic National Committee.

The New York County Republican Committee had receipts amounting to \$118,280, of which \$47,500 came from the Republican State Committee, 1t disbursed \$117,022. The largest individual contributor was Pierre du Pont.

The American Party of New York reported receipts of \$64,475 and disbursements of \$8,853. Receipts of \$64,753 and disbursements of precisely that amount were reported by the Samuel Seabury Campaign Committee.

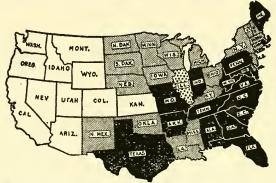
Samuel Seabury the Democratic candidate for Governor in New York State, received \$4,305 in aid of his campaign. Which he turned over to the Seabury Campaign Committee. He had no expenditures and made no personal contributions. The Wood in New York State, expended a \$2,600 controller in New York State, expended to the Wood in New York State. Expended near the darkened near the darkened near the darkened near the Campaign \$3,100 and hirs, Joseph Fels, New York \$1,000 and Mrs. Joseph Fels, New York \$1,000 and Mrs. Joseph Fels, New York \$1,000 and Mrs. Joseph Fels, New York \$1,000 and Mrs. Joseph Fels, New York \$1,000 and Mrs. Joseph Fels, New York \$1,000 and Mrs. Joseph Fels, New York \$1,000 and Mrs. Joseph Fels, New York \$1,000 and Mrs. Joseph Fels, New York \$1,000 and William F. McCombs, Democratic can william M. Calder, Republican candidate for United States Sevator, made personal contributed \$15,500 to the league.

# POLITICAL MAP OF THE UNITED STATES.

As indicated by the 1916 Presidential vote.



# WOMAN SUFFRACE MAP OF THE UNITED STATES.



WHITE STATES—Full suffrage. LINED STATES—Taxation, bond or school suffrage. DOTTEL (Illino2)—Presidential, partial county and State, municipal suffrage. BLACK STATES—No suffrage. DOTTED STATE PROHIBITION MAP OF THE UNITED STATES.

# MONT. N. DAK NEB. NEV. COL KAN. OKLA TEXAS !

BLACK indicates wet States; WHITE dry States; LINED STATE (Minnesota) partly wet and dry. Drohibition. New Mexico and Utah) Governors-elect in 1916 and Legislatures pledged to Prohibition.

# ELECTION RETURNS AND STATE COVERNMENTS.

		LAB	A BA A				, —
				·	U. S.	SEN-	
'		PRESI 191	16.		ATOR,		1
COUNTIES. (67.)	Wil-	Hu	Ben- son,	Han-	Under wood,	Blrch,	ī
(0,.)	Dem.	ghes, Rep.	Soc.	Proh.	Dem.	Rep.	I
Autauga	773	99	11	5	525 529	15	1
Baldwin	773 767	216 45	148 13	10 12	529 707	v 27	.1
Barhour	1,235	217	106	17	742	18	7
Blount Bullock	742	1,229	26 2 6	6	1,159 472	1,062	1
Butler	1,162 2,232 1,683	78	6	3 25	694	9	,
Calhoun Chambers	1,683	142 168	29 7	14	1,000 1,679 803	35 10	
Cherokee	1,136	508 1,363	27 40	5 14	803	361 108	]
Chilton Choctaw	765	~ 911	12	2	823 473 763		-
Clarke	397 198	25 677	12 1	3	763 1,100	135	
Cleburne	762	576	17	9	626	341	
Coffee	1,132	426 352	4.1 17	1	821 687	56 87	e
Conecuh	2,029 1,132 1,032 872	42 485	17 34	2 3	503 800	139	Ŋ
Coosa Covington		305	107	24	1.041	40	7
Crenshaw Cullman	1,429 1,396 1,260	139 1.351	5 9	7	797 1,373 1,535	9 961	J
Dale		1,351 597 23	7	9	1,535 860	283 2	-
Dallas De Kalb		1,190	33	14	1,352	966	
Elmore Escambla	1,031	108	3		1,053 581	26 14	A
Etowah	1,887 1,031	862 697	73	7 15	581 1,755	655 497	1
Fayette Franklin		984	39	7	852 831	846	
Geneva Greene	1,200	713 9	23	12	696 296	116 1	
Hale	795 865	15	1 27		505	15	
Henry Houston	1 678	141 466	46	5 14	1,736	47	
Jackson		2 052	32 296	16	925	255	
Jefferson Lamar	10,679 1,299	2,052 303	4	29	741	255 120 130	
Lauderdalc Lawrence	1,095	369 43 42	47	416	520	138	١
Lee Llmestone	1,369 1,450	42 92	30 19		657 513	5 7	l
Lowndes	1 540	1 9	. 1	1 1	421	1 1	
Macon Madison	2,206	43 215	43	5 8	1.234	. 28	
Marengo	1,191 1,388 1,944	19 807	1	1 1		456	ļ
Marlon Marshall	1,944	1,183	33	10	1.340	1.066	
Mohile Monroe	3,026	832	1 1	21	629	1 2	l
Montgomery	3,026 1,029 3,316	106	15		1.576	6 147	ļ
Morgan Perry	2,120	304	1	2	LI 508		1
Pickeus	1,179 1,794 1,328	215	18		1 639 1.088	8 8	1
Randolph	1,328 752	652			697 553	220	1
Russell Shelby	1 1 011	1 420	8	3	1,202	222	-
St. Clair Sumter	990	85	[] o	8	3 784 440	389	1
Talladega	1.541	447	i] .	4 (	51 925	5 71	1
Tallapoosa. Tuscaloosa.			4	1 1:	1.07	41	
Walker	2,437 2,314 500	1,860	10	7 21	2,721	1,150	1
WashIngton Wilcox	866	6l :	ll			3	1
Winston	726	1 '	-		530		
Total	97,606	28,660	1,91		4 63,389 51,069	12,320	1
Plurality Per cent	97,606 68,916 75	2	2	i ::::	. 7	3 15	1
Whole vot	31	129	7,216		1 81	,131	1
Ylan Ylalko	A Ctnto	a Cono	tor 10	14 Ton	rchore	Prog.	1

For United States Senator, 1914, Longshore, Prog., received 4,263 votes; Hinton, Soc., 1,159; scattering, 2. VOTE FOR GOVERNOR IN 1914.

Charles Henderson, Dem., 64,275; John B. Shields, Rep., 13,695; E. H. Cross, Prog., 3,795; W. C. Swain, Soc., 1,196.

# ALABAMA-Continued.

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1916. Districts.

Gray, Dem., 8,5:8: unopposed.

Dent, Jr., Dem., 13,409; Titus, Soc. 304. п.

III. Steagall, Dem., 11,761; unopposed.

IV. Blackmon Dem, 8,443; Atkinson, Rep., 4,055. Heilin, Dem., 8,908; Harvell, Rep., 2,034.

VI. Oliver, Dem., 6,620; unopposed.

VII. Burnett, Dem., 10,894; Davidson, Rep., 7 231.

VIII. Almon, Denn., 11,852; Hutchens, Rep., 1,812; Waddell, Soc., 249.

Huddleston, Dem., 11,139; Latady, Rep., 1,565; Hardin, Soc., 237.

Bankhead, Dem., 8,091; Freeman, Rep., 6,813.

### STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor, Charles Henderson; Lieutenant-Governor, Thos. E. Kilby; Secretary of State, John Purlioy; Auditor, M. C. Allgood; Attorney-General, W. L. Martin; Adjutant-General, G. J. Hubbard; Treasurer, W. L. Lancaster; Superintendent of Education, W. F. Fengin; Commissioner of Agriculture, J. A. Wade; Commissioner of Insurance, C. B. Smith—all Democrats.

# JUDICIARY.

Supreme Court: Chief Justice, John C. Anderson. Associate Justices, Thos. C. McClelian, J. J. Mayfield, A. D. Sayre, Ormond Somerville, William H. Thomas, and L. D. Gardner; Clerk, Robert F. Ligon.

STATE LEGISLATURE. Almost wholly Democratic.

### VOTE OF THE STATE SINCE 1904.

		Der.	Rep.	Prog.	Soc.	Plu.	
1904.	President	79,857	22,472			57,385 D	
1906.	Governor		10,002			52,769 D	
	President		25,308			49,066 D	
1910.	Governor	77,694	20,097	1212		58,434 D	
1912.	President	82,438	9,732	22,680	3,029	59,758 D	

# ALASKA.

Governor, J. F. A. Strong; Secretary of Territory, Charles E. Davidson; Treasurer, Walstein G. Smith, Legislature consists of 24 members—8 in Senate and 16 ln the House.

Alaska is divided into four judicial divisions, with a District Judge for each, to wit: First Division, Juneau, Robert W. Jennings; Second Division, Nome, John Randolph Tucker; Third Division, Valdez, Frederick M. Brown; Fourth Division, Fairbanks, Charles E. Bunnell. The term of each Judge is four years.

# ARIZONA.

TY O CENT I COMPANDE

	PRESI	DENT,	U. S.	DENA-	GOVERNOR,		
	19	16.	TOR,	1916.	19.	16.	
COUNTIES.	Wil-	Hu	Asn-	Kib-		Camp	
(14.)	son.		hurst.	bey,	Hunt,	bell.	
	Dem.	Rep	Dem	Rep	Dem	Rep.	
Apache	648		477	234	566	471	
Cochise	6,115	3,203		3,472	5,274	4,433	
Coconino	1,171		962	662	1,041	1,107	
Gila	3,686	1,495	3,187	1,533		1,923	
Graham	1,597	497	1,478	609	1,013	1,212	
Greenlee	1,492	672		601	1,371	968	
Marlcopa	7,634					8,549	
Mohave	1,335						
Navajo	1,240	574	1,059				
Pima	2,079	2,616	2,168	2,099	2,233		
Pinal	1,232	855	1,189		1,059 715		
Santa Cruz	726	666			2,385		
Yavapai	2,893		2,699		1,272		
Yuma	1,322	727	1,313	030	1,414	041	
m t	22 170	20,524	29,873	21,261	27.946	27,976	
Total	33,170		8,612		,	30	
Plurality	12,646 56	35			47.61		
Per cent			52	961		689	
Whole vote	1 05,	,021	, ,,,	301	1 00,	0.70	

# ARIZONA-Continued.

For President, 1916, Benson, Soc., received 3,174 votes; Hanly, Proh., 1,133.

For United States Senator, 1916, Bradford, Soc., 2,827. For Governor, 1916, Robertson, Soc., 1,975; Dunlap, Proh., 792.

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1916.

# Hayden, Dem., 34,377; Eads, Rep., 14,907; Barnette, Soc., 3,060; Roberts, Ind., 3.

STATE GOVERNMENT. Governor, Thomas E. Campbell; Secretary of State, Sidney F. Osborn; State Audltor, Jesse L. Boyce; State Treasurer, David L. Joinson; Attorney-General, Wiley E. Jones; Superintendent Public Institutions, C. O. Case—all Democrats except Governor, Rep.

#### JUDICIARY.

Supreme Court; Chief Justice, Alfred Franklin; Associate Justices, D. L. Cunningham, Henry D. Ross; Clerk, Clay F. Leonard.

# STATE LEGISLATURE.

Senate, House, Joint Ballot, 31 4 45 Democrats........... 14 ě

Republicans..... 27 36 Democratic majority.

### VOTE OF THE STATE SINCE ADMISSION.

Dem. Rep. Prog. Soc. Plu. 1911. Governor. 11,123 9,166 . . . 1,247 1,957 D 1912. President. 10,324 3,021 6,949 3,163 3,375 D 1914. Governor. 25,226 17,602 5,206 2,973 7,624 D

# ARKANSAS.

	PRESI 191		U. S.	SENA-	GOVERNOR,					
					15					
COUNTIES.	Wil-		Kir-	Rem-	Det .	Town				
(75.)	son,	ghes,	_by,	mel,	Br'gh	send,				
	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.				
Arkansas	1,119	613	1,101	665	1,313	618				
Ashley	1,519	463	1,594	542	1,548	436				
Baxter	914	318	844	310	929	335				
Benton	3,106	1,293	3,093	1,453	3,524	1,374				
Boone	1,413	598	1,431	611	1,595	677				
Bradley	1,159	314	1,182	322	1,291	315				
Calhoun	933		975	270	963	273				
Carroll	1,512	1,034	1,429	1,021	1,585	1,062				
Chicot	570	474	524	394	594	341				
Clark	1,975	678	1,956		2,102	693				
Clay	1,950	973	1,993	981	2,192 973	949 303				
Cleburne	865	271 230	991 1,144	332 358	1,146	303 285				
Cleveland	1,128	721				689 689				
Columbia	2,074 1,401	1.032			1.511	944				
Conway	1,957			590	2,354	490				
Craighead	1,622		1.649	1.339	1,758	1.240				
Crittenden	563					75				
Cross	927	252			980	225				
Dallas	1.150		1.162	544	1,259	451				
Desha	960	369	1.061	314	1.137	219				
Drew	1,627	838	1,615	822	1.731	739				
Faulkner	2,031	817	2,116	922	2.030	808				
Franklin	1,679	582	1,781	701	1,747	613				
Fulton	1,026	392		412	1,051	369				
Garland	1,678			982	2,226	744				
Grant	957	190			1,078	164 535				
Greene	2,292	533		608		1,287				
Hempstead	2,103				1,674	577				
Hot Spring .	1,429				1,470	452				
Howard	1,317	762		528 861		717				
Independ'ce.	1,987	762 285				341				
Jackson		476				449				
Jackson Jefferson		923		969		811				
Johnson		571	1,560							
Lafayette			844		1,002	355				
Lawrence		298		336	1,751	276				
Lee	848	353	806	335	886	339				
Lincoln	889	477	856	407	1,013	331				
Little River	842	364	796	332	911	370				
Logon	2 019	1 183	2 344	1 1 390	1 2.402	1.181				

ARKANSAS-Continued.

	PRESI 19		U. S. TOR,	SENA- 1916.	GOVERNOR, 1916.	
COUNTIES.	W11- 1	Hn	Kir- I	Rem-		Town
COUNTIES.	son.	ghes.	by,	mel.	Br'gh	send.
	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.
	Dem.	recp.	DCIII.	Tech.		Teop.
Lopoke	2,180	515	2,060	561	2,995	464
Madison	1.456	1,332	1,484	1,426	1.475	1,396
Marion	781	274	874	304	874	277
Miller	1,418	402	1,309	367	1,460	367
Mississlppl	1,249	417	1,130	349	1,372	316
Monroe	741	508	641	485	812	325
Montgomery	939	432	913	458	933	404
Nevada	1,376	657	1,248	641	1.417	621
Newton	559	675	597	843	556	679
Ouachita	1.405	970	1,320	1.080	1.473	994
Perry	975	439	849	388	1.072	390
Phillips	1,466	552	1,375	423	1,546	373
Pike	1,178	605	1.219	633	1,204	597
Poinsett	1.174	511	1,033	425	1,276	337
Polk	1,242	448	1.074	457	1,217	434
Pope	2,148	783	2.067	821	2.320	864
Prairie	1.061	655	1.091	671	1.128	476
Pulaskl	6,008	2,593	5,687	2,381	6,853	1,605
Randolph	1,553	458	1.473	446	1,742	416
Saline	1,567	231	1,376	226	1,745	200
Scott	1.369	514	1,290	519	1,422	483
Searcy	629	919	622	947	693	1,038
Sebastian	3,719	1,366	2.971	1,195		1,328
Sevier	1,265	244	1,213	265	1,291	207
Sharp	972			293		252
St. Francis	960					336
Stone	682	298			680	319
Union	1,691	273	1,927	301		245
Van Buren	1,272			802		750
Washington.	2,922	1,625	2,858	1,628	3,254	1,508
White	2,823	673		745		
Woodruff	935	438	946		1,015	421
Yell	2 099	781	2,179	927	2,281	811
Total	112,282	47,135	110,293	48,922	122,041	
Plurality	65,147	1	61,371		78,087	
Per cent	66		69	31	69	25
Whole vote	100	420	IEO	.215	175	.734
w note vote	108	,430	198	,410	1/0	10.5

For President, 1916, Benson, Soc., received 6,998 votes; Hanly, Proh., 2,015.
For Governor, 1916, Davis, Soc., 9,730.

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1916. Districts.

#### T. Caraway, Dem., 21,440.

- Oldfield, Dem., 17,256; Wells, Rep., 6,205. II.
- III, Tillman, Dem., 16,438; Russell, Rep., 9,918.
- IV. Wingo, Dem., 25,637.
- V. Jacoway, Dem., 19,973; McConnell, Rep., 6,930.
- VI. Taylor, Dem., 25,911.
- VII. Goodwin, Dem., 16,923; Brown, Rep., 6,573. STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor, Charles H. Brough; Secretary of State, T. Terral; Treasurer, Ruius G. McDanlel; Auditor and Insurance Commissioner, Hogan Oliver; Attorney-General, J. D. Arbuckle, SuperIntendent of Education, J. L. Bond; Commissioner of Agriculture, J. H. Page; Commissioner of Public Lands, W. B. Owen—all Democrats.

#### JUDICIARY.

Supreme Court: Chief Justice, Edgar A. McCulloch; Justices, F. G. Smith, C. D. Wood, T. Hayden Humphreys, and Jesse C. Hart; Clerk of the Court, P. D. English.

#### STATE LEGISLATURE.

Almost wholly Democratic.

VOTE OF THE STATE SINCE 1904.

Jackson Jackson Jefferson Johnson Lafayette Lawrence Lee Lincoln Little River	1,351 2,173 1,479 891 1,706 \$\mathbb{P}\$ 848 889	476 923 571 365 298 353 477	1,303 2,161 1,560 844 1,678 806 856 796	546 969 694 403 336 335 407	1,355 2,448 1,699 1,002 1,751 886 1,013	602 355 276 339 331 370	1906. 1908. 1908. 1910. 1912. 1912.	President Governor Governor Governor Governor President	102,719 87,015 111,478 101,646 109,826 68,838	46,860 40,965 56,760 45,409 39,570 46,440 24,467	21,673	1,816 2,169 5,842 6,787 9,196 13,384 8,153	17,574 D 61,734 D 30,255 D 66,069 D 62,076 D 63,386 D 44,371 D
Little River.	842	364 1,183	796 2,344	332 1,389		370	1912.		68,838	24,467	21,673	8,153	44,371 D 63.109 D

# CALIFORNIA.

CALIFORNIA.									
		PRESI 191			U. S. TOR,	SENA- 1916.			
COUNTIES.		Hu-	Ben-	Han-	Pat-	John-			
(58.)	gon, Dem.	ghes,	son,	ly, Proh.	ton, Dem.	son, Rep.*			
	Беш.	Rep.	Soc.	Fron.	Беш.	Rep.			
Alameda	43,748	51,417	5,422	1,544	22,207	65,963			
Alpine	23	60	125	38	1,129	56 1,536			
Amador Butte	1,766 4,888	1,209 3,956	436	389	3,029	4,872			
Calaveras	1.524	1.175	135	38	1,008	1.506			
Colusa	1,998	1,011	123	45	1,525	1,238			
Contra Costa	6,092	5,731 499	886 144	302 25	2,863	8,464 542			
Del Norte El Dorado	171 1,755	1.068	187	33	301 1,303	1,316			
Fresno	14.241	11,707 1,342 5,786	1,648	912	8.1191	15.441			
Glenn	14,241 1,797	1,342	101	94	1,138	1,657 7,068			
Humboldt	4,103	5,786 2,694	1,063 363	361 329	2,426	7,068			
Imperial	3,273 966	846	152	52	2,045 521	3,162 922			
Kern	9,566	5,611	553	251 229	6,915	7,149			
Kings	2.905	2.221	256	229	2,048	2.279			
Lake	1,164	791 877	182 143	96 30	613 759	1,049			
Lassen Los Angeles.	1,323 114,070	135 554	8,076	10,061	81,149	1,109 112,680			
Madera	1.880	1,323 4,328	183	89	1 1111	1.757			
Marin	3,789	4,328	424	106	1,757	5,923			
Mariposa	802	451	95 453	29 150	501 2,254	591			
Mendocino	3,371 2,637 1,222	3,494 2,132	285	182	1,195	3,995 2,635 745			
Modoc	1,222	768	79 26	29	828	745			
Mono	1581	137	26	5	87	147			
Monterey	3,878 3,088	3,599 3,914	364 301	191 155	2,448 2,164	4,237 4,051			
Napa Nevada	2,548	1,586	279	790	1.3201	2,586			
Orange	6,474	10,609	643	1,020	4.898	9,676			
Placer	3,375 1.025	1.954 663	311 102	148 21	1,875 564	3,148 924			
Plumas Riverside	4 561	7.153	790	836	3,218	7.593			
Sacramento	4,561 14,538	7,152 10,696	833	546	8 177	7,593 16,368 1,417			
San Benito.,	1,688 9,398	1,419 11,932 16,978	91	10	1,197 6 213 8,813	1,417			
S.Bernardino San Diego	16,815	16 978	805 1,612	1,410 1,132	8 813	12,103 20,767			
S. Francisco	78,225	65,093	6.123	1,404	31.985	101,574			
San Joaquin.	11,454	7.861	789	557	7,082	10.437			
S. Luis Ob'po	3,539	2,854	547 510	159 179	2.045	3,659			
San Mateo S'ta Barbara	4,485 5,198	5,207 4,153	470		1,721 3,182	7,666 4,796			
Santa Clara.	14,185	16,592	1,006	887	7,828 2,763	20,802			
Santa Cruz	4.511	16,592 4,228	383		2,763	4,827			
Shasta	2,828 594	2,008 360	419		1,813	2,491 486			
Sierra Siskiyou	3,417	2,059		109	2,076				
Solano	5,678	3,536	322	1 192	2 328	6 807			
Sonoma	8,377	9,733	921 729	293	5,131	11,195			
Stanislaus	5,490 1,543	4.401 1,211	80	1,067 19	2,863 1,185	6,293 1,276			
Sutter Tehama	2,531	1,739	334	181	1,658	2,152			
Trinity	661	124	104	17	411	5.37			
Tulare	7,299	6.845	895		1,934 969	7.754			
Tuolumne	1,584	1.057 3.980	237 260	44 138					
Yentura	2,835 2,922	3,980 2,334 1.530	167	78	2.383	2 534			
Yuba	1,980	1.530	93		1 157	2.188			
Total	466,289 3,773	162,516		27,713	277,852	574 667 296,815			
Plurality Per cent		'		1:::::		1			
Whole vote	<u> </u>	999	.603		940	956			

\* Also ran on Progressive ticket.

\* Also ran on Progressive Licket. Also ran on Progressive Licket. Also ran on Progressive Licket. Also Provided Ricket. 187 For United States Senator, 1916, Mills, Soc., 49,341; Atwood, Proh., 33,797; Scattering, 299.

Curtin, Dem., 116,121; Fredericks, Rep., 271,990; Johnson, Prog., 460,195; Richardson, Soc., 50,716; Moore, Proh., 27,345.

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1916.

Districts.

Lors. Rep., 28,769; Lea. Dem., 32,797; Morgan, Soc., 3,750; Ryder, Proh., 1,935.
Matlock, Rep., 12,282; Raker, Dem., Soc., 3,0042; scattering, 5.
Curry, Rep., 48,193; Kennedy, Dem., 16,900; Cooper, Soc., 4,155; Van Vlear, Proh., 2,894; scattering, 2.
Kahn, Rep., 51,985; Fernald, Dem., 10,579; Gifford, Soc., 3,775; Hutchinson, Proh., 981; scattering, 15. IV.

# CALIFORNIA-Continued.

Nolan, Rep. Dem.. 59,333: Preston, Soc., 6,708; Head, Proh.. 4.046. scattering, 10. Elston. Rep.-Prog., 56,520: Whitney, Dem.. 19,787; Twining Soc.. 7 588; Wolcott, Proh., v. VĮ. 3,605.

Phillips, Rep., 27,676; Church. Dem. 38,787; McKec Soc., 5,492; Butler, Proh., 4,042; VII.

McKec Soc. 5,492; Butler, Proh., 4,042; scattering 3.

VIII. Hayes, Rep., Dem., 50,659; Walker, Prog., Proh., 17,576; Wilson, Soc. 5,64; scattering 19.

IX. Bell, Ind., 33,270; Randall, Proh. Rep., Dem., Prog., 58,26; Criswell. Soc., 9,661; scattering, 72.

Osborne, Rep., 63,913; Benedict, Prog., 14,395; Bowden, Dem., 33,225; Ryckman Soc., 9,000; Needham, Proh., 8,781; scattering, 517

Benedict elected for unexpired term.

XI. Harbison, Rep., 33,765; Kettner. Dem., 42,051; Robbins, Soc., 3,913; Edwards, Proh., 11,759; scattering, 47

11,759: scattering. 4.

STATE GOVERNMENT.
Governor, Hiram W Johnson.\* Lleutenant-Governor, Wm. D. Stephens, Secretary of State, Frank C. Jordan; Treasurer, Friend William Richardson; Comptroller, John S. Chambers, Attorney-General, U. S. Webb: Superintendent of Public instruction, Edward Hyatt. Commissioner of Insurance, J. E. Phelps—all Progressives except F. C. Jordan and Edward Hyatt. Republican.
\*Takes seat in United States Senate, March 5, 1917.

Supreme Court: Chief Justice, Frank M Angellotti: Associate Justices, William P. Lawlor, Lucien Shaw, H. A. Melvin, F. W. Henshaw, M. C. Sloss, and William G. Lorigan, Clerk, B. Grant Taylor.

#### STATE LEGISLATURE.

	Senute.	House.	Joint Baliot.
Republicans	22	66	88
Democrats		11	21 8
Progressives		2	3
-	·· <u> </u>		-
Describions moderates	4	52	56

VOTE OF THE STATE SINCE 1904 VOTE OF THE STATE SING! 1903 Dem. Rep. Prog Soc. Froit 1904. Pres. 89.404 205.226 29.535 7.330 1906. GOV. 117.590 125.859 16.030 8.141 1908. Pres. 127.492 214.398 28.659 11,770 1910. GOV. 154.835 177.191 47.819 5.307 1912. Pres. 283.436 3,914 283.610 79.201 23,366 Prog Soc. Proh Plu.
29,535 7,380 115,822 R
16,030 8,141 8,239 R
28,659 11,770 86,906 R
47,819 5,807 22,356 R 174 Pg

# COLORADO.

	Pr	ESIDEN 1916	T,	G	1916.	R,
COUNTIES.		Hu	Ben-	*Gun-	Carl-	
(63.)	Son. Dem	ghes, Rep	Soc.	ter, Dem	son, Rep.	dard,
	реш.	rtep	500.	Denr.	10017.	200.
Adams	2.120	1,165	125			
Alamosa	1,308	488	64			
Arapahoe	2,652	1,444	129			
Archuleta	830	473	11 208			
Baca	1,294	826	208 55			
Bent	1,473 7,419	833 3,986	182			
Chaffee	2,546	864	78			
Cheyenne	802	558	82			
Clear Creek.	1,289	474	32			
Conejos	1.721	928	6			
Costilla	1,028		25			
Crowley	1,160	847	51			
Custer	539	403	35			
Delta	2,817	1,612	282			
Denver	43,029	23,185	1,826			
Dolores	251 820	46 612	113			
Douglas	1,136		36			
Eagle,	1,230		90			
El Paso	8.381				1	
Fremont	3,395		243			
Garfield	2,479	1,139	161			
Gilpin	763	407			}	
Grand	624	378				
Gunnison	1,618	736				
Hinsdale	178	l 94	29			

COLORADO—Continued.										
	Pr	1916.	NT.		1916.					
COUNTIES.	Wil-		Ben-	*Gun-						
	son,	ghes,	son,	ter,	son,	dard,				
	Dem.	Rep.	Soc.	Dem.	Rep.	Soc.				
Huerfano	2,632	2,027	25.							
Jackson	331	157	5							
Jefferson	3,368	2,040	139							
Klowa	936	723	141							
Kit Carson	1,571	1,030	147							
Lake	2,672	993	38							
La Plata	2,590	1,029 2,797	158 417							
Larimer	4,868 5,300	3,511	152							
Las Animas.	1,702	1,129	119							
Logan	2,679	1.422	iii							
Mesa.	4,394	2,223	544							
Mineral	278	135	.8							
Moffat	740	512	31							
Montezuma.	1,458	425	76							
Montrose	2,571	1,315	252							
Morgan	2,371	1,541	111							
Otero	3,963	2,678	167							
Ouray	961 674	399 372	56 28							
Park	795	532	56							
Phillips	915	263	100							
Prowers	2,168	1.683	244							
Pueblo	10,710	6,545	731							
Rio Blanco.	702	468	12							
Rio Grande	1,756	886	47							
Routt	1,972	849	111							
Saguache	1,254	681	46							
San Juan	693 1,325	214 578	74 71							
San Miguel	519	529	67	• • • • •						
Sedgwick	717	268	28							
Summit	3,515	1.693	231							
Teller Washington.	1.748	989	129	• • • • •						
Weld	8,600	5,395	324							
Yuma	2,466	1,436	221							
	170 0	100.00								
Total	178,816	102,308	10,019							
Plurality	76,508									
Per cent			• • • • •		000 000					
Whole vote		294,375			000,000					

\*Gunter elected, no official canvass of votes for Governor until Legislature convenes in January. For President, 1916, Benson, Soc., received 10,049 votes; Hanly, Proh., 2,793; \_\_\_\_\_\_, Prog., 409.

VOTE FOR UNITED STATES SENATOR, 1914.
Thomas, Dem., received 102,037 votes; Work,
Rep., 98,728; Griffith, Prog., 27,072; Griffiths, Soc.,
13,943; Kindel, Soc. Lab., 11,433.

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1916,

I. Hillard, Dem., 30,146; Vaille, Rep., 26,121; Kindel, Liberal, 3,306; Ahlstrom, Soc., 2,551. II. Jones, Dem., 29,334; Timberlake, Rep., 42,655; Johnson, Soc., 3,834; Drennan, Prog., 513. III. Keating, Dem., 40,183; McClelland, Rep., 31,437; McGrew, Soc., 2,925; Francis, Prog., 443; Steele, Soc.-Lab., 425. IV. Taylor, Dem., 30,526; Bahrd, Rep., 12,397; Cox, Soc., 2,695.

Soc., 2,695.

STATE GOVERNMENT.
Governor, Julius C. Gunter, Dem.; LieutenantGovernor, James A. Pulliam, Dem.: Secretary of
State, James R. Noland, Dem.; Treasurer, Robert
H. Higgin, Dem.; Auditor, Charles H Leckenby,
Dem.; Adjutant-General, Harry P. Gamble, Rep.;
Attorney-General, Leslie E. Hubbard, Dem.;
Superintendent of Education, Mary C. C. Bradford,
Dem.; Commissioner of Insurance, E. R. Harper,

JUDICIARY.

Supreme Court: Chief Justice, S. Harrison White; Justices, S. H. White, W. A. Hill, M. S. Balley, Tully Scott, James E. Garrigues, James H. Teller, Geo. W. Allen; Clerk, James R. Killian.

STATE LEGISLATURE.

Republicans Democrats	18	House. 39 26	Joint Ballo 57 43
Republican majority	1	13	14

### COLORADO-Continued.

	VOTE	OF	THE	STATE	SINCE	1904.	-
			Dem.	Rep.	Prog.	Soc.	Plu.
	President		101,103	134,687		4,304	33,584 R
	Governor						18,134 R
	President		126,644	123,700		7,974	2,944 <b>D</b>
	Governor						
	President.						41,917 D
1914.	Governor		95,640	129,096	33,320	10,516	33,456 R

### CONNECTICUT.

		nent, 16.		SENA- 1916.	Governor, 1916.					
COUNTIES.	Wil-		Cuin- mings		Beard sley.	Hol-				
(0.)	Dem.		Dem.		Dem.					
Hartford	24,398	23,265	23,672	23,807	23,131	24,367				
New Haven.	30,416	30,175	30,074	30,306	29,718	30,722				
New London										
Fairfield	20,873			25,257	20,652					
Windham	3,797									
Litchfield Middlesex	6,183 3,765									
Tolland	2,032				1,947					
Total	99,786	106,514		107,020		109,293				
Plurality		6,728		8,371		12,506				
Per cent		1		1						
Whole vote	213	,871	213,	,335	213	,808				

For President, 1916, Benson, Soc., received 5,179 votes: Hanly, Proh., 1,789; Reimer, Soc.-Lab., 696.
For United States Senator, 1916, Plunkett, Soc., 5,279; Manchester, Proh., 1,763; Ruckser, Soc.-Lab.,

For Governor, 1916, Beebe, Soc., 5,300; Simouson, Proh., 1,803; Wells, Soc.-Lab., 621; scattering, 1.

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1916. Districts.

Districts.

I. Lonergan, Dem., 21,565; Oakey, Rep., 22,876; Klein, Soc., 1,255; Fancher, Prob., 672; Fellerman, Soc., Lab., 173.

II. Freeman, Rep., 20,406; Dunn, Dem., 17,233; Boardman, Soc., 599; Hall, Prob., 363; Frink, Soc., 1417; Beardsley, Prob., 291; Johnson, Soc. Lab., 136.

IV. Hill, Rep., 25,917; Donovan, Dem., 20,700; Moffatt, Soc., 1,413; Engstrom, Prob., 291; Pryor, Soc.-Lab., 128.

V. Glynn, Rep., 16,872; Kennedy, Dem., 15,882; Conlon, Soc., 854; Reld, Prob., 206; Larsson, Soc.-Lab., 74.

# STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor, Marcus H. Holcomb; Lieutenant-Governor, Clifford B. Wilson; Secretary of State, Frederick L. Perry; Treasurer, Frederick S. Chamberlain; Comptroller, Morris C. Webster; Attorney-General, George E. Hinman; Adjutant-General, Brig.-Gen, George M. Cole; Commissioner of Insurance, Burton Mansfield—all Republicans except Mansfield and Bennett, not stated.

### JUDICIARY.

Supreme Court: Chief Justice, Samuel O. Prentice: Associate Justices, George W. Wheeler, John M. Thayer, Alberto T. Roraback, John K. Beach; Clerk, Geo. A. Conant.

#### STATE LEGISLATURE.

Republicans Democrats	. 25	House 195 64	. Joint Ballot. 220 74
Republican majority.	. 15	131	146

VOTE OF THE STATE SINCE 1904.

		Dem.	Rep.	Soc.	Pron.	Puu.	
1904.	President	72,909	111,089	4,543	1,506	38,180 R	
1906.	Governor	67,776	88,384	2,932	1,820	20,608 R	
1908.	President	68,255	112,915	5,113	2,380	44,660 R	
1908.	Governor	82,260	98,179	4,827	2,597	15,919 R	
1910.	Governor	77,385	73,495	10,812	1,811	3,890 D	
					Prog.		
1912.	President	74.561	68,324	10,056	34,129	6,237 D	
		73,888	91,262	5,914	8,030	17,374 R	

	DELAWARE.									
	PRESI 19	DENT, 16.	U. S. TOR,	SENA- 1916.	GOVERNOR, 1916.					
Counties. (3.)	Wil- son, Dem.	Hu ghes, Rep.†		Pont,		Town send, Rep.*				
Kent New Castle Sussex	14,894 4,210 5,649	16,166 3,813 6,032		15,047 3,162 4,716	14,496 4,170 5,387	16,547 3,839 6,262				
Total Plurality Per cent Whole vote	24,753 46 51,		25,434 2,509 50 51,	22,925 45 210		26,648 2,595 52				

Whole vote:

\* Includes Prog. and Proh. † Includes Prog.
For President, 1916, Benson, Soc., received 490
votes; Hanly, Proh. 566.
For United States Senator, 1916, Burton, Prog.,
2,361; Ferris, Soc., 490.
For Governor, 1916, Houck, Soc., 490.
vote For Eppessentative in Congress, 1916.
(Delaware's one Congressman is elected at-large.)
Polk, Denn, 24,395; Thos. W. Miller, Rep., 24,202;
Bradford, Jr., Prog., 2,130; Frederick K. Miller,
Soc., 484.

Soc., 484.

STATE GOVERNMENT.
Governor, John G. Townsend, Jr., Rep.; Lieutenant-Governor, Lewis E. Ellason, Dem.; Secretary of State (appointive); Treasurer, William J. Swain, Rep.; Auditor, William G. Roe, Dem.; Attorney-General, David J. Reinhardt, Rep.; Commissioner of Education, Dr. Charles A. Wagner, Rep.; Commissioner of Insurance, Thomas R. Wilson, Dem. STATE JUDICIARY.
Supreme Court: Chancellor, Chas. M. Curtis; Chief Justice, James Pennewill; Associate Justices, William H. Boyce, Henry C. Conrad, Herbert L. Rice, T. B. Helsel; Clerk, Willbur D. Wilds.

STATE LEGISLATURE.

Senate, House, Joint Ballot.

Senate. House. Joint Ballot. 26 26 19

Democrats..... 10 16 Republicans..... 3 D " Majority...... 3 R 3 D VOTE OF THE STATE SINCE 1904.

Dem. Rep. Soc. Prog. 
 VOTE OF THE STATE SINCE

 Dem. Rep., Soc.
 Soc.

 1904. President
 19,360
 23,714
 146

 1908. President
 22,071
 25,014
 239

 1910. Treasurer
 21,107
 21,686
 15,997

 1912. President
 22,631
 15,997
 556

 1912. Governor
 21,460
 22,745
 556
 Plu. 4,354 R 2,943 R 579 R 146 239 556 8,886 556 3,019 6,634 D 1,285 R

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

The Government of the District of Columbia is a municipality whose principal administrative agency is a hoard of three Commissioners, two of whom are approinted from civil life by the President of the United States and must be citizens of the District of Columbia and hare resided there for three years immediately preceding their appointment as such, and during that period have takined residence nowhere else. Their appointments must be confirmed by the Senate. The other Commissioner is an officer of the Corps of Engineers of the United States Army, whose a Cautain who has served at least fifteen years in the Corps of Engineers of the army. He is detailed for dury as such for an indefinite term by the President of the United States, subject to assignment to other duty at the President of the Roard of Commissioners and the dates of expiration of their appointments and the personnel of the Board of Commissioners and the dates of expiration of their appointments and the personnel of the District and of the Judiciary is as follows:

is as follows:

Commissioners Oliver P. Newman and Louis Brownlow whose terms expire July 19, 1919 and January 22, 1918, respectively, and Major Charles W. Kutz. Corps of Engineers. United States Army: Secretary, Daniel J. Donovan, \$2,400 per annum, Offices of Commissioners' District Building, Washington, D. C.

The Judiciary—Court of Appeals: Chief Justice, Seth Shepard: Associate Justices, Charles H, Robb, J. A. van Orsdel. Supreme Court: Chief Justice, J. Harry Covington: Associate Justices, Ashley M. Gould, Wendell P. Stafford, Walter I, McCoy, Frederick L, Siddons. as follows:

PRESIDENT, U. S. SENA- GOVERNOR, 1916. TOR, 1916. 1916. Wil- |Hu Tram COUNTIES. (52.) O'N'I, glies, Rep. O'N'l, Catts, Rep. Proh. Knott son, mell. Dem. Dem Dem. Alachua.... 52 279 373 719 439 506 92 399 Baker.... 439 725 30 Bay.... Bradford.... 174 93 1,302 1,368 1,007 599 639 427 234 444  $\frac{467}{152}$ Brevard.... Broward.... 382 158 227 209 680 675 Calhoun... 46 79 226 28 435 Citrus.... 380 861 1,654 1,755 426 329 596 158 Clay . . 147 789 Columbia... 474 218 526 Dade..... De Soto... 629 1,418 1,860 1,644 2,896 598 3.834 5,456 2,183 Duval.... Escambia.. 5 530 255 59 24 60 38 1,251 1,359 416 312 Franklin... 81 932 482 509 539 274 Gadsden. . 610 Hamilton . . 675 113 429 328 Hernando. 38 463 167 3,633 3,079 4,627 763 691 4,916 Hillsborough Holmes.... 1,009 2,125 1 099 323 1.307 1,975 410 104 158 1.068 Jackson.... 60 314 646 Jefferson 619 612 849 14 290 La Fayette. . 45 886 75! 875 712 963 204Lake..... 330 494 101 694 261 783 Lee..... 167 191 955 150 103 386 608 228 Leon.... 216 723 294 240 Levy..... Liberty.... 19 280 721 57 22 434 789 614 350 Madlson... 428 975 Manatee... 1.033 289 1,100 180 368 Marion.... Monroe.... 1,567 730 462 1,635 755 808 440 228 233 169 345 94 414 754 1,229 512 29 131 432 Nassau.... 420 482 663 338 897 603 303 Okaloosa ... 1,261 511 725 779 Orange.... 415 265 235 164 563 453 453 311 159 Osceola. Palm Beach. 693 1,009 1,875 236 555 819 328 Pasco..... Pinellas.... 1,708 2,670 1,028 1,503 726 Polk.. 315 1,070 578 418 2,574 879 294 306 575 658 590 800 Putnam. St. John's... St. Lucie... 1,133 326 1,083 416 712 703 896 134 41 335 Santa Rosa... Seminole.... 436 337 773 706 364 599 70 568 Sumter.... 48 554 Suwance.... Taylor.... 1,209 547 1,129 56 358 1,245 331 553 1,799 30 355 255 1,037 51 Volusia.... 1,541 886 105 94 364 887 387 753 121 549 Wakulla.... 331 265 Walton. 641 123 661 Washington. 626 58.391 8,774 29,546 30,343 49,617 .... Plurality.... 9,203 47 Per cent.... Whole vote 82,885 80,803 70,469

For President in 1916, Hanly, Proh., received 4.855 votes; Benson, Soc., 5,853, For Governor, 1916, Geo. W. Allen, Rep., received 10,333 votes; C. C. Allen, Soc., 2,476; Mitchell, Ind. 193. For United States Senator, 1916, Goodwin, Soc., 2,604 VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1916.

Drane, Dem., 15,353; Bishop, Rep., 2,164; Sullivan, Soc., 1,158. Clark, Dem., 10,047; Gober, Rep., 1,156; Coffin, Proh., 1,367. Kehoe, Dem., 12,241; Miller, Rep., 2,393. Sears, Dem., 14,748; Gerow, Rep., 5,071; Jackson, Soc., 1,592. Districts.

Soverior, 1,572.

STATE OOVERNMENT.

Governor, Sidney J. Catts; Secretary of State, H.
C. Crawford; Treasurer J. C. Lunins;; Computoller,
Ernest Amos; Attorney-General, Thomas F. West;
Auditor, R. A. Gray; Adjutant-General, J. C. R.
Foster: Superintendent of Public Instruction, W. N.
Sheats; Commissioner of Agriculture, W. A. McRea
—all Democrats. Catts, a Democrat, elected on Prohibition ticket.

Supreme Court: Chief Justice, J. B. Browne; Associate Justices, R. F. Taylor, T. M. Shackelford, J. B. Whitfield, W. H. Ellis; Clerk, G. T. Whitfield.

STATE LEGISLATURE. — DOWN HOUSES DEMOCRATIC.   1904. Prost Size 11							s un	a state o						
Post														
1985   Governor   23,046   6,459   2,427   25,583   0	STATE LEG	ISLATU E OF	THE ST	Soth H	ouses I	Democi 904.	atic.		P1	1916.	NT, 	Dem.	Primar	y, 1916.
1985   Governor   23,046   6,459   2,427   25,583   0	1904. Presider	ıt	Dem. 27.046	Rep. 8.314		Soc. 1 2.337 1	Plu. 3,732 D	COUNTIES.				Dor-	Hard	Hora
Page   President   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Page   Pa	1908. Governo	or	33,036	6.453	• • • •	2,427 2	6,583 <b>D</b>		Dem.	Rep.	Prog.			
Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Parable   Para	1912. Presider	nt	36,417	1,279	4,535	4.806 3	1.611 D	Irwln	503	31	24	510		126
COUNTRIS.  (182.)    Deni   Res.   Den.   Den.   Larmary, 1915.   Jefferson.   588   65   115   209   20   32   32   32   32   32   32   32	1912. Governo					3,407 3	0,010 17	I Jasper	1,185 537	14	6	1,294 348	66	220
COUPTIES.   With   High   Proc.   Sept.   Manh.   Hard.   Ha			RESIDE		l Ge	OVERNO	R,	Jeff Davis	299 588	14 65	56 145		14 59	
Demi.   Rep.   Proc.   sey.   man   ris.   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   Lautens   L	~	- XXX			Dem.	Primar	y, 1916.	Jenkins		20	20	259	36	322
Appling	(152.)	son.	gbes,	_				Jones	398	27	6	143	63	222
Baker 455 - 49 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 - 57 225 -		Dem.	Rep.	Prog.			ris.	Lee	316	3	4	159	54	184
Baleker	Appling	413		ł			553	Liberty	333	5	56	401 518	65	29 186
Barlow   122   148   102   1,256   156   167   340   440   21   181   145   177   705   146   146   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147   147	Baker	435		94	228	57	235	Lowndes	1,870		88 171	581	469	593
Benrich   1,255   92   226   1,411   317   912   Marlon   309   42   06   36   60   195	Banks	989	126	118	89	116	43	Macon	140		97	126	31	343
September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   September   Sept	Barrow		148 92	326	1,226	550 317		Marion	330	42	96	366	60	
Silbo	Ben Hill	627	8	134	511	54	111	McDuffle	114	76 20	4	340	17	370
Bryan   966   103   25   410   336   596   Milton   192   11   92   815   244   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118   118	T≀ihh	2,0.8	201	58	619	99	1,898	Meriwether				1.292	468	166
Bryan   295   17   9   238   39   252   Alltehell   271   11   96   508   326   376   Burke   663   19   27   71   11   187   585   586   Morgan   613   19   65   583   366   376   Burke   663   19   27   77   47   47   Murray   1,162   301   136   589   589   388   Butte   225   77   66   789   168   178   471   Murray   1,162   301   136   589   288   388   Camden   251   4   1   149   5   528   Morgan   78   100   28   412   18   386   Camden   442   78   28   244   141   276   Oconee   477   489   102   28   412   18   386   Carroll   462   18   413   213   814   276   Oconee   477   489   381   278   Carroll   462   18   413   213   814   238   244   414   276   Oconee   477   489   381   410   278   Cartoll   462   18   413   278   413   278   278   Calcosa   62   62   21   23   81   13   23   Chartton   3,797   68   616   179   54   133   Chartton   1,062   178   413   2,143   238   Chattoga   1,006   20   240   240   240   240   240   240   341   132   Chartcon   1,062   13   31   36   562   240   240   Chartcon   1,062   13   31   36   562   Clay   51   73   8   8   413   388   Clay   51   73   74   74   74   Clarke   1,635   13   30   278   415   Clarke   1,635   13   30   278   415   Clarke   1,635   137   434   2,630   286   683   Cobb   1,750   137   434   2,630   286   683   Coffee   2,991   410   29   420   410   Columbia   52   6   18   73   19   271   160   833   Cobb   1,750   137   434   2,630   286   683   Columbia   52   6   18   73   19   271   160   833   Columbia   52   6   18   73   19   271   160   833   Columbia   52   6   18   73   19   271   160   833   Columbia   52   6   6   6   73   6   6   6   73   Columbia   52   6   6   6   73   6   6   6   73   Columbia   52   6   6   73   6   6   6   73   6   Columbia   6   73   73   73   73   73   73   73	Bleckley	969	103	25	410	336		MINTON	162	11	92	815	244	118
Butke.   673   19   14   311   57   556   Montgomery   1.05   21   66   742   30   669   Butks.   595   22   747   84   448   Murray.   1.12   59   58   578   586   238   Callioun.   255   9   2   174   44   447   Murray.   1.12   59   58   588   238   Cambell.   442   77   66   67   149   5   5   58   588   238   Cambell.   442   77   66   67   149   5   5   Cambell.   442   77   66   67   149   5   Cambell.   442   77   66   67   149   Cadler.   1.621   118   413   2.14   Catoosa.   621   118   413   2.14   Catoosa.   622   32   210   253   313   Catoosa.   623   32   210   253   313   Catoosa.   624   128   241   Chattan   196   156   5   11   Chattan   196   156   5   11   Chattan   196   156   5   1   Chattan   197   198   198   Cherokee   88   292   461   253   75   Cherokee   88   292   461   238   491   338   Clarke.   1.026   113   5   5   Clarton   517   53   75   849   Clarton   517   53   75   849   Clarton   517   53   75   849   Clarton   517   53   75   849   Clarton   517   53   75   849   Clarton   517   53   75   849   Clarton   517   53   75   849   Clarton   517   53   75   849   Clarton   517   53   75   849   Cobb.   1,750   137   434   2,630   286   638   Clarke   1,035   137   434   2,630   286   638   Clarke   2,091   120   29   642   128   714   Columbia   52   6   18   173   19   253   Columbia   52   6   18   173   19   253   Columbia   52   6   18   173   19   253   Columbia   52   6   18   173   19   253   Columbia   52   6   18   173   19   253   Columbia   52   6   18   173   19   253   Columbia   52   6   18   173   19   253   Columbia   52   5   77   47   19   Columbia   52   5   77   47   10   43   Columbia   52   6   18   73   19   253   Columbia   52   5   77   78   Columbia   52   5   77   78   Columbia   52   5   77   78   Columbia   52   5   77   78   Columbia   52   5   77   78   Columbia   52   5   77   78   Columbia   52   5   77   78   Columbia   52   5   77   78   Columbia   52   5   77   78   Columbia   52   5   77   78   Columbia   52   5   77   78   Columbia   52	Bryan	295 1 410	17		238	39	252	Monroe	721	52			326	376
Cambell	Burke	673	19	14	311	57	556	Montgomery	643	21	66	743	30	660
Campell 558 77 666 439 198 58 Newton. 943 102 39 412 18 266 Carroll. 1,421 118 413 2,112 894 422 Oglethorpe 657 18 42 770 438 217 Catorosa 624 32 210 233 131 255 Pelckens. 947 420 341 755 103 104 Chartam 1,62	Callioun	265	9		174	44	417	Murray	1,162	301	136	589	288	398
Catrola.   1,621   118   413   2,112   804   432   Oglethorpe.   600   18   42   710   438   217   Catosaa   621   32   210   120   233   131   235   Pickens.   497   497   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   597   5	Cambell	508	77		149 789	168		Newton	943		39	412	18	1,310 386
Catoosa   0.52   3.5   2.10   2.20   2.30   131   32.25   Elekens   4.97   4.20   3.41   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10   1.10	Candler	442 1 621	118		244	141	276	Oconee	657	18		681 710		173
Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chathan   Chat	Catoosa	624	34	210	253	134	235	Paulding			783	1,410	141	140
Chattooga. 1,006	Charlton	3,797	368	616	1,794			Pierce	489	85		444	61	691
Cherkee	Chattah'ch'e	1.006	20	240	91	54	133			65	713	1.320	263 201	
Ciexy         2255         9         10         274         15         189         Quitman         125         2         15         155         12         280           Clayton         517         37         75         764         71         161         Rahum         635         71         181         350         271         89           Clinch         374         351         88         41         38         655         Randolph         645         13         23         419         111         350         271         180           Coffee         2.091         120         29         642         128         714         Rockdale         190         73         56         801         87         15         192         77         192         150         83         8chlew         222         23         574         6         127         Columbia         521         6         181         173         19         253         Screven         625         36         98         502         441         46         127         Columbia         521         30         39         175         84         100         352         158         48	Cherokee	855		461	2,143	136	562	Pulaski	383		23	259	16	366
Cilinch	Clav	225	9	10	274	15		Quitman	125	2	15	155	12	20
Cobb.         1,750         137         434         2,633         286         683         Richmond.         2,708         238         524         922         457         1,996           Coffee         2,091         120         29         642         128         714         Rockdale         190         73         56         801         87         157           Colquibla         521         6         18         173         19         253         8chley         2222         2         35         274         6         14         414         416           Coweta         1,179         85         26         1,350         199         275         Spalding         835         11         152         924         320         766         183         8creven         625         36         98         502         441         446         446         260         260         11         152         924         320         92         275         Spalding         835         11         152         924         320         98         421         441         441         441         441         441         440         220         266         193	Clayton	374	53	8	104	(1	161	Randolph	645	13	23	419	1111	386
Colcultit	CODD				2,630	286	683	Richmond					457 87	
Coverage	Colquitt	1,305	53	171	927	160	833	Schley	222	2	35	274	6	127
Crisp.   547	Columbia	1.179	85	26			253 275	Spalding	835	11	152	924	320	376
Dawson	Crawford	111 577	1 4	100	413	13	211	Stewart	500 471			300	256 118	248
Dec   Color   Dec   Color   Dec   Color   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec   Dec		616	25	52	36	69	336	Sumter	1,065		40	550	192	775
Dec   Ralb   1,690   12   137   1,712   318   984   Ration   371   49   200   1,13   305   38   173   173   173   174   175   173   175   173   175   173   175   173   175   173   175   173   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175   175	Decatur	1,147	35	116	947	64	590	Taliaferro	255	7	14	334	37	186
Douglast	De Kalb	788	64	35			984 839	Taylor	405	1 57	113	308	39	173
Douglas	Dooly	737 836	37		449	125	587	Terren	677		29 13	673	32	519
Cebols	Douglas	416	61		1,017	59	141	Thomas	1.298	12	173	798	122	937
Ethert	Early Echols	173	1	1		90		Toombs	425	33	86	247	59	196
Emanuel. 1,590 28 200 1,128 88 824 Turner. 400 430 172 600 182 884 824 Favans 334 34 58 367 141 170 Twiggs 365 20 15 261 13 361 Fannin. 720 166 933 387 142 99 Union. 532 523 15 261 13 361 Fannin. 720 166 933 887 142 99 Union. 532 523 523 15 261 13 361 Fannin. 720 166 933 86 1,892 330 988 Waller. 1,305 83 43 13 350 154 12 1488 Forsyth 1,141 16 16 25 1,157 416 361 Waren. 1,305 83 61 1,171 16 16 16 2 1,157 416 361 Waren. 1,305 83 99 1 1,771 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16	Elhert	1.756		183	365 1.135		381 559	Tronp	1,227	38	240	1.379	144	579
Fannin. 720    166	Emanuel	1,500 334	28 34	266 58	1,128	88	824	Twiggs	365	1 20	172	261	131	361
Floyd	Fannin	720	166	933	387	142	99	Union	532 734	523	259	174	55 32	174
Franklin		2,137	50	386	1,892	330	988	waiker	1,883	439	300	764	164	1.058
Tolton   Collimer   Tity   288   560   614   397   15   15   16   18   16   18   15   18   18   18   18   18   18	Franklin	1,540	44	206	1,157 1,382	416 742	361 224	ware	1,066	133	59	499	65	826
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Fulton	8,915 712	1,311 258	1,040	6,751	623	4,495	Warren Washington.		47 18				
Gordon 1, 1,010 190 242 1,110 149 341 Wheeler 372 31 40 509 39 241 40 Grady 675 39 84 1,110 288 605 Whitheld 1,093 16 707 954 718 309 60 600 600 600 600 600 600 600 600 60	Glascock	126	( 8	156	441	30	62	Wayne	160	29	25	281	201	541
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Gordon	1,010	190	242	1,410	146 355		w necier	372	31	40	509	39	249
	Grady	676	53	153	900	288	605	Whitfield	1,093	16	707	954	718	369
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Gwinnett	1,528	222	270	2,583	881	239	Wilcox	590 785		58		408 92	176 523
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Hall	1,662	141	367	1,513	440	900	Wilkinson	371	28	20	407	181	308
Heard 429 11 62 801 90 63 Fer cent 79 7 13 30 15 53 Henry 868 78 89 1,001 345 291 Whole vote 160,690 211,519	Hancock Haralson	837	137	779	939		156							
Heard 429 11 62 801 90 63 Fer cent 79 7 13 30 15 53 Henry 868 78 89 1,001 345 291 Whole vote 160,690 211,519	Harris	550	23 22	31 237	534	89	333	Pluranty	110,409	11,294	20,692	35,682	1	1
	Heard	439	1 11	62	801	[ 90]	63 1	Per cent	79	7 160,690	13	50	1 13	33
	Houston				537	31	777					., recei		votes.

### GEORGIA-Continued.

In the Democratic Primary, 1916, Pottle received 7,148 votes.

VOTE FOR UNITED STATES SENATOR, 1914.

For long term, Smith received 61,107 votes; McClure, 28,420. For short term, Hardwick, 61,876; Hutchens. 28,163. All Democrats.

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1916.

Districts—1.—Overstreet, Dem., 9,203; Mitchell, 5; Simon, 6. II.—Park, Dem., 9,462. III.—Crisp, Dem., 9,40. IV.—Addmson, Dem., 9,871. V.—Howard, Dem., 13,174; Moore, 1,656. VI.—Wise, Dem., 7,370. VII.—Lee, Dem., 12,831; Akerman, 3,382; Bearden, 288. VIII.—Tribble, Dem., 13,891; Moon, 15; Bush, 2. IX.—Bell, Dem., 15,369; Adams, 1,925. X.—Vinson, Dem., 5,702. XI.—Walker, Dem., 11,326. XII.—Larsen, Dem., 9,816; Outler, 431.

STATE GOVERNMENT.\*

Governor, Hugh M. Dorsey; Secretary of State, Philip Cook; Treasurer, Wm. J. Speer; Comptroller, W. A. Wright; Attorney-General, Clifford Walker; Adjutant-General, J. Van Holt Nash; SuperIntendent of Education, M. L. Brittain; Commissioner of Agriculture, J. J. Brown—all Democrats.

\* Take office July, 1917, Dorsey succeeding Nat E. Harris, as Governor.

#### JUDICIARY.

Supreme Court: Chief Justice, Wm. H. Fish; Presiding Justice, Beverly D. Evans; Associate Justices, M. W. Beck, Samuel C. Atkinson, H. W. Hill, and S. P. Gilbert; Clerk, Z. D. Harrison.

STATE LEGISLATURE. Almost wholly Democratic.

VOTE OF THE STATE SINCE 1904.

		Dem.	Rep.	Prog.	Soc.	Plu.
	President,					59,469 D
	Governor					94,125 D
	President					30,721 D
1912.	President	93.076	5,191	21,980	1,026	71,161 D

# HAWAII.

At the Territorial election held in 1914 for Delegate to Congress, Lincoln L. McCandless, Dem., received 4424 votes; J. K. Kalanianaole, Rep., 8,590; George R. Carter, Prog., 610.

R. Carter, Prog., 510.
Governor, Lucius E. Pinkham; Secretary of the Territory, Wade W. Thayer; Attorney-General, I. M. Stainback; Audltor, J. H. Fisher; Treasurer, Charles J. McCarthy; Superintendent of Public Works, Charles R. Forbes; Commissioner of Public Lands, B. G. Rivenburgh; President of the Board of Health, J. S. B. Pratt; Superintendent of Public Instruction, Henry W. Kinney.

struction, Henry W. Kinney.

Supreme Court: Alex. G. M. Robertson, Chief Justice; Associates, Raiph P. Quarles and Edward M. Watson; Clerk, James A. Thompson; Circuit Judges, Clarence W. Ashford, W. L. Whitney, Thomas B. Stuart, W. S. Edings, James Wesley Thompson, Lyle A. Dickey, Clement K. Quinn.

Federal officials: District Judges, Horace W. Yaughan, Chas. F. Clemons; Clerk, A. E. Murphy; Marshal, J. J. Smiddy; Collector of Customs, Malcoim Franklin; Collector of Internal Revenue, John F. Haley; District-Attorney, S. C. Huber.

# IDAHO.

	Pr	1916.	T,	Governor, 1916.						
COUNTIES.	Wil- son,	Hu ghes.	Ben- son.	Alex- ander.	Davis	Trip- low,				
(01.)	Dem	Rep.		Dem.	Rep.	Soc.				
Adams	5,207 645	5,299 667	359 129	5,563 669	5,214 682	258 115				
Bannock	4,084	2,950	298	3,322	3,699	276				
Bear Lake Benewah	1,566 1,374	935	31 337	1,429 1,156	1,350 1,171	23 293				
Bingham Blaine	2,306 1,830	598 1,895	145 173	1.640	2,169 1,482	135 142				
Bolsé Bonner	1,048 2,003	1,231	113 409	970	795 1.646	116 394				
Bonneville	2,341 653	1,417	85	2,047	2,044	90				

	PR	ESIDEN 1916.	IT,	Governor, 1916.			
COUNTIES.		Hu	Ben-	Alex-		Trip-	
	son,	ghez,	son,	ander,	Davis		
	Dem.	Rep.	Soc.	Dem.	Rep.	Soc.	
Canyon	4,478	3,570	645	4,617	3,796	592	
Cassia	1,629	1,320	289	1.468	1.544	266	
Clearwater	678	839	242	588	969	212	
Custer	879	154	63	864	515	54	
Elmorc	1,104	658	82	1,075	785	62	
Franklin	1,425	1,089	30	1,083	1,432	24	
Fremont	2,695	1,654	194	2,358	1,970	177	
Gem	990	750	146	1,025	773	126	
Gooding	1,089	1,093	97	1,164	1,112	71	
Idaho	2,265	1,892	370	2,139	2,028	354	
Jefferson	1,606	993	115	1,519	1,133	98	
Kootenai	2,855	2,741	714	2,578	3,046	678	
Latah	2,811	2,777	435	2,407	3,227	393	
Lemhi	1,080	723	79	948	875	68	
Lewis	1,255	901	118	1,248	923	104	
Lincoln	1,084	1,121	95		1,228	71	
Madison	1,371	1,132	21	1,191	1,321	20	
Minidoka	1 135	963	540	954	1,157	543	
Nez Perce	2,675	1,753	245	2,094	2,282	233	
Oneida	1,298	1,014	29	1,059	1,241	26	
Owyhee	775	594	82	636	799	70	
Power	1,079	1,021	50		1,251	39	
Shoshone	4,239	2,431	485	3,705	2,899	452	
Teton	726		21 592	614	754	23	
Twin Falls	3,974	3,083	109	3,668		536	
Washington.	1,802	1,545	109	1,705	1,718	96	
Total	70,054	55,368	8,066		63,305	7,321	
Plurality	14,686			572			
Per cent	52	41	6	47	47	5	
Whole vote		134,615		l	134,503		

For President In 1916, Hanly, Proh., received 1.127 votes.

NOTE FOR UNITED STATES SENATOR, 1914. Hawley, Dem., received 41,266 votes; Brady, Rep., 47,486; Clagstone, Prog., 10,321; Cooper, Soc., 7,882; Duthle, Proh., 1,239.

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1916 VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1916.
(Idaho's two Congressmen are elected at large.)
French, Rep., 64,648; Smith, Rep., 63,791; Kerr, Dem.,
55,807; Stanley, Dem., 54,339; Clark, Soc., 8,079;
Gilleland, Soc., 8,03; Forney, Ind., 1; Frazier, Ind.,

### STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor, Moses Alexander; Lleutenant-Governor, Ernest L. Parker; Secretary of State, William T. Dougherty; Auditor, Clarence Van Deusen; Treas-urer, John W. Eagleson; Attorney-General, T. A. Walters; Superintendent of Public Institutions, Ethel E. Redfield—all Democrats except Eagleson and Redfield.

Supreme Court: Chief Justice, Wm. M. Morgan; Associate Justices, Alfred Budge and John C. Rice; Clerk, I. W. Hart.

STATE LEGISLATURE. Senate. House. Joint Ballot. Democrats.... 36 29 57 45 Republicans.... 16 5 Democratic majority.

VOTE OF THE STATE SINCE 1904. VOTE OF THE STATE SINCE 1904.

Dem. Rep. Prog. Soc.
1904. President. 18,480 47,783 4,949 29,303 R
1906. Governor 29,496 38,386 4,650 8,890 R
1908. President. 36,162 32,621 6,400 16,459 R
1910. Governor. 40,886 39,961 5,342 895 D
1912. President. 33,921 32,810 25,527 11,960 1,111 D
1914. Governor. 47,618 40,349 10,583 7,967 7,269 D

# ILLINOIS.

		1916.	NT,	Governor, 1916.			
Counties.	Wil- son, Dem.	ghes,		ne,	den,	Sted- mann, Soc.	
Adams Alexander Bond	14,268 3,940 2,652	11,858 5,395 3,626	116	2,243	7,379 3,138 2,265	84	

ILLINOIS—Continued.										
	Pi	RESIDE	NT,	G	VERNO	OR,	-			
		1916.			1916.					
COUNTIES.	W11-	Hu	Ben-	Dun	Low-	Sted- mann.				
	son, Dem.	ghes, Rep.	son, Soc.	ne, Dem.	den, Rep.	Soc.				
	1 211		190	637	2,921	141	s			
Boone	1,211 2,856	5,181 1,579 8,213	17	1.525	1.020	15 202	ŝ			
Bureau	5,793	8,213	249 29	3,481 920	5,420 905	202 18	T			
Calhoun	1,181 1,980	1,168 4,496	94	1 104	3.169	70	S T U V			
Cocc	4.485	3,193	152	2,335 5,272	2.188	105	Ŋ			
Champaign Christian	9,601 7,982	14,632 6,923	254 421		8,581 4,247	201 293	II II II II			
Clark	5.311	4.936	51	2,826 1,972	2,922 2,283 2,064	34	11			
Class	3,574	3,879	145 302	1,972 2,879	2,283	112 228	N			
Clinton	4,201 7,772	3,423 8,314	88	4 1478		228 75	17			
Coles Cook Crawford	349,430	435,695 5,084	32,471 142	211,249 2,903	258,051 3,017	30,530 71	l II			
Cumberland.	5,570 2,950	2.879	41	1 875	1,709	27	11			
De Kalb De Witt	2,950 3,385	2,879 9,764 4,380	316	1,868 2,275 1,974 2,710	1,709 5,719 2,573 2,632 5,828 3,463 1,739	232 79				
De Witt Douglas	4,460 3,768	4,380	99 150	1.974	2,632	123	P			
Du Page	4,816	4,564 9,610	378	2,710	5,828	236	P			
Edgar Edwards	6,710	6,099 2,885	136	3,536 708	3,463 1,739	89 9	_			
Effingham	4,816 6,710 1,389 4,529	2,885 3,207 5,316 4,670	72	2.5231	1,955 3,177 2,719	47 1				
Fayette	5,669	5,316	221 125	3,038 1,101	3,177	159 75	v			
Ford Franklin	6,419	6,371 9,735	704	3 6971	3,809 5,740	159 75 557				
Fulton	5,669 2,054 6,419 8,686 2,920	9,735 1,985	1,175 85	4,845 1,717	5,740 1,279	876 67	S			
Gallatin Greene			60	3.1741	2.217	- "				
Grundy	2,241 3,644 7,711	3,400 4,811	101	1,346 2,044	2,217 3,094	89	_			
Hamilton Hancock	7 711	3,239 6,472	75 166	3,622	2,023 3,648	46 131	39			
Hardin		1,168 2,528	29	785	914	131 22	0.			
Henderson	1,611	2,528 11,406	60 520	2 807	1,630	46 391				
Henry Iroquois	1,611 5,220 4,977	8.5031	87	2,807 2,868	6,810 5,264	66 -	F			
Jackson Jasper	6,780 3,884	8,3561	185 57	3,664	4,882 1,841	144 31	Ī			
Jasper Jefferson		3,110 6,028	101	2,118 3,565	3.3181	80	49			
Jersey Jo Daviess	3,052 3,505 1,822	2.6441	20	3,565 1,727 2,076	1,799 3,637	14	I 49 C B			
Jo Daviess Johnson	1.822	3,273	143° 69	1,062	1.991	90 55				
Kane	3.0(0)		906	1,062 5,257	1,991 14,373	680	D I.			
Kankakee Kendall	6,968	10,594 3,316 10,918	92 19	3,592	6,199	95 15				
Knox	1,008 6,785 5,447	10,918	435	3,592 529 3,712 3,106	6,766	15 342	I			
Lake La Salle	5,447	12,905 20,662	715 851	3,106	7,813	551 598	I			
La Sane	14,625 5,052	4,481	190	8,814 2,772 2,226 3,599	2,095 6,766: 7,813 11,927 2,706 4,731 6,000 3,723	134				
Lee	4,087 6,462 5,726 11,181 10,012	4,481 7,985 9,801	144 97	2,226	4,731	118 76	ľ			
Llvlngston Logan	5,726	5 9331	310		3,723 8,262	226	v			
Macon	11,181	13,997 8,875	632	5,259 5,374	8,262 5,443	509 836	ľ			
Macoupin Madison	16,302	17.594	1,089 1,091	9.7521		909	v			
Marion	7,892	17,594 6,438	425	9,752 4,203	3,666	338 74 42				
Marshall Mason	2,593	3,579	110	1,627 2,182	2,163	42	V			
Massac	1,236	3,926	53 38	731	2,401	33	v			
McDonough. McHenry	7,892 2,593 3,886 1,236 5,740 3,278	3,029 3,926 7,192 9,024	250 58	2,825 1 967	3,666 2,163 2,095 2,401 4,236 5,931	190 38	r.			
Miches n	3,278 11,699 2,689 3,430 2,104 7,903 7,104 3,370 3,207	11,988 2,693	450	2,825 1,967 6,190	9,136 1,769 3,180 1,944	353 35				
Menard	2,689	2,693	60 69	1,379 1,855	1,769	60	Х			
Mercer Monroe	2,104	5,308 2,825 7,065 7,536		1,401	1,944	18	x			
Montgomery	7,903	7,065	607 157	4,169 3,447	4,409 4,543 1,756	465 129				
Morgan Moultrie	3,370	2,933	55	1.8031	1,756	39 57	x			
Ogle,	3,207 18,718	8,639	69 718	1,517 10,822	5,577	57 598				
Perry	4.445	18,615 4,796	170	2,470 1,571	5,577 12,550 2,873	124 62	١.,			
Perry	4,445 3,028	4,796 4,012	88	1,571	2,415		Z			
Pone	7,005 1,156 2,159 785	5,293 2,924	239 57	3,721 701	2,415 3,273 1,754	175 44 33	X			
	2,159	3,863	87	1,260	2,180	33	1			
Putnam Randolph	5 403	1 5 5 1 7	132 132	523 3,155	1,006	115	×			
Richland	3,431 10,914	2,992	79	1.750	3,311 1,808 9,644	53				
Rock Island.	10,914	16,169	2,855 787	6,517	9,644	1,980 559				
Saline Sangamon	5,930 17,958	20,900	1,001	3,308 9,373	3,937 12,629		X			
Schuyler	3,392 2,457	2,595	36 21	1,819	1,620 1,352	29 15	X			
Schuyler Scott Shelby	7,515	7,061 20,900 2,595 2,126 5,911 2,887	83	9,373 1,819 1,267 3,823	0.4(0	78	ı			
Shelby Stark	7,515 1,390	2,887	31	782	1,713	19	l x			

ILLINOIS-Conti	nued.
PRESIDENT,	Gove

	P	1916.	NT,	GOVERNOR, 1916.			
COUNTIES.	Wil-	Hu-	Ben-	Dun	Low-	Sted-	
	son.	ghes	son	ne.	den.	mann.	
ł	Dem.	Rep	Soc.	Dem.	Rep.	Soc.	
·							
St. Clair	22,622	22,134	1,152		14,406	955	
Stephenson	5,463		433				
Tazewell	6.743		341	3,778			
Union	5 171	3 135	60				
Vermilion	13,864		605		10,500		
Wabash	3,264		86	1,754	1,608	67	
Warren	4,498	6,294	154	2,236	3,608		
Washington.	2,794	4.657	105		2,642	85	
Wayne	4,934		59	2,588	3,110	40	
White	5,066	4,137	151	2,687	2,434	104	
Whiteside	3,839	10,045	127		6,216	105	
Will	11,378	19,881	317	6.504	11,713	241	
Williamson	8,172	10,262				459	
Winnebago	6,198	14,893	1,439	3.039	10,411	1,179	
Woodford	3,619	4.273	87	1,968	2,642	67	
				1	I——		
Total	950,229	1152549	61,389	556,654	696,635	52,316	
Plurality		202,320			139,981		
Per cent	43	52	1 3	42	52	4	
Whole vote	!	2,189,349	9		1.320,79		

For President, 1916, Hanly, Proh. received 23,739 votes; Relmer, Soc. Lab.. 1,443

For Governor, 1916, Golden. Proh. 14,171, Francis. Soc. Lab., 1.017

VOTE FOR UNITED STATES SENATOR, 1914. Sullivan, Dem., received 373,403 votes; Sherman, Rep., 390,661; Robins Prog., 203,027, Germer Soc., 19,889; Woolsey, Proh., 6,750; Francis, Soc.-Lab., 2,078.

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1916.

Congressmen-at-Large (two elected): McCormick Rep. 707.988; Mason Rep 687,198; W. E. Williams, Dem. 546,471, Kostner Dem. 538,756; Engdahl, Soc. 49 842; Huggins Soc. 48 842; Ganner, Prog. 9.366; C. W. Williams Prog., 9,569; Hosking, Soc. L., 1,790; Kowatzek, Soc. L., 1739

Districts.

Hennessey. Dem., 13,380; Madden, Rep., 20,380; Howe, Soc., 749.

Treacy, Dem., 22,722; Mann, Rep., 44,159; Lafferty, Soc., 3,271.

II.

McMahon, Dem., 25,954; Wilson, Rep., 35,885; Dobelman, Soc., 2,617. Martin, Dem., 18,722; Bieweskl, Rep., 11,793; Wellman. Soc., 1,515.

Sabath, Dem., 12,884; Alexander, Rep., 6,850; Toepper, Soc., 1,500.

McAndrews, Dem., 39,749; Fulton, Rep., 37,347; Hair, Soc., 4,586.

VII. Buchanan, Dem., 37,460; Juul, Rep., 47,514; Thompson, Soc. 8,372.

VIII. Gallagher, Dem. 14,970; Sullivan, Rep., 8,636. McGarry, Dem., 12,295; Britton, Rep., 20,609; Lafin, Soc. 1,891 IX.

20,669; Lafin, Soc. 1,891
Herren, Dem., 22,398; Foss, Rep., 44,749;
Racine Soc. 3,636
William C. Mooney, Dem., 15,715; Ira C.
Copley, Rep., 33,418; Wm. C. Laughorst, Soc., 1,309; R. C. Copley, Prog., 212
Walter Panneck, Dem., 16,033; Charles E.
Fuller, Rep., 35,741; Joseph B. Holfman, Soc., 2,329; J. Frank Deuel, Prog., 80
F. P. Dudley, Dem., 12,136; John C. McKenzle, Rep., 28,123; F. X. Gehant, Soc., 725.
Clyde H. Tavenner, Dem., 22,501; William
J. Graham, Rep., 23,099, Nick S. Dexter, Soc., 1,864; Cloyd E. Kaufman, Prog., 91.
Edward P. Allen, Dem., 21,604; Edward J.
King, Rep., 23,143; Coarad F. Nystrom, Soc., 1,868.

1,868.

XVI. Claude U. Stone, Dem., 24,073; Clifford Ireland, Rep., 25,091; Frank P. Elzer, Soc., 1,088. XVII. S. A. Rathbun, Dem., 17,571; John A. Sterling, Rep., 23,956; John A. Bruell, Soc., 767.

XVIII. Armand E. Smith, Dem., 23,668; Joseph G.

XIX.

ILINOIS—Continued.	
annon, Rep., 29,318; Edward M. Methe, Soc., 36; Dunne, Pro., 360,	
F. R. Dove, Dem., 28,870; William B. Mc- linley, Rep., 33,162; Charles E. Peebles, Soc.,	
il. Henry T Rainey Dem 24 364: Walter B	

 XX.
 Sayler, Rep., 19,105; Frank Hoover, Soc. 472.
 XXI.
 Thmas Rees, Dem., 23,365; Loren E. Wheeler, Rep., 25,367; Edw. A. Wlech, Soc., 2,225; Wm. E. Fuson, Prog., 220.
 XXII.
 D. H. Mudge, Dem., 29,451; William A. Rodenberg, Rep., 31,953; E. G. Galloway, Soc., J.872; C. F. Stelzel, Prog., 129.
 XXIII.
 Martin D. Foster, Dem., 28,365; Harry C. Ferriman, Rep., 24,325; John C. Wibel, Soc., 1,687; B. F. Moore, Prog., 223.
 XXIV.
 Louis W. Goetzman, Dem., 18,546; Thomas S. Williams, Rep., 23,768; Juo. H. Evans, Soc., 916. XX.

916. XXV. Andrew J. Rendleman, Dem., 24,034; Edward E. Denlson, Rep., 27,905; R. E. Baty, Soc.,

Governor, Frank O. Lowden; Lieutenant-Governor, John G. Oglesby; Sccretary of State, Louis L. Emmerson; Treasurer, Len. Small; Auditor, Andrew Russel; Adjutant-General, Frank S. Dickson; Attorney-General, Edward J. Brundage; Superintendent of Education, Francis G. Blair; Secretary Davison; Superintendent of Linaurince, Rufus M. Potts—Ball Republicans except Potts. Deprecrat. Potts, Democrat.

Supreme Court: Chief Justice, Charles C. Craig; Associate Justices, James H. Cartwright, William M. Farmer, Orrin N. Carter, Frank H. Dunn, George A. Cook, Warren W. Duncan; Clerk, Chas. W. Vail.

STATE LEGISLATURE. Senate, House, Joint Ballot.

Repu	iblicans		25	78		103	
Dem	ocrats		$\frac{25}{25}$	78 70 2 2		95 3 2	
Prog	ressives			2		3	
	lists			2		2	
M	ajorlty			4	R	3 F	Ł
	VOTE C				1904.		
	Dem.	Rep.	Prog.		Proh.	Plu.	
1964.	Pres. 327.606			69,225	34,770	305,039	R
1906.	Sec271,984	417,544		42,002	88,393	145,560	R
	Gov.526,912			31,293	33,922	23,164	R
	Pres. 450,795	629,929		34.691	29,343	179,134	R
	Treas376,046	436.484		49,687	20.113	60,438	R
	Pres. 405,048		386,478		15,710	18,570	D
	Gov . 443,120		303,401			124,651	
	C. C. 110,100	020,100	000,401	,010	,202		_

# INDIANA.

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1			U. S. SENA-		GOVERNOR,		
	19	16.	TOR,	1916.	1916.		
COUNTIES.	Wil-	Hu				Good-	
(92.)	son.	ghes.	Kern,	New	Adair.		
(34.)	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.		Dem.	Rep.	
	Dem.	recp.	Dem.	Ttop.	Donn.	Ttcp.	
Adams	2,937	1,749	2,805	1,683	2,807	1,776	
Allen	9,470			10,038	9,478	10,001	
Bartholom'w		3,287	3.388	3.288	3,383		
Benton	1,462	1,848	1,458	1.827	1,455	1,833	
Blackford	1,869	1,295	1.834	1,575	1,833	1,578	
Boone	3,510	3,334	3,492		3,465		
Brown	1,151	609	1,054	611	1,147	673	
Carroll	2,401	2,468	2,356		2,350	2,480	
Cass	5,020	4,866	5,087	4,730	5,078		
Clark	3.572	3.175	3,305	3,143		3,163	
Clay	2,435	3,162			3,254		
Clinton	3,662	3,638	3,601	3,591	3,588	3,604	
Crawford	1,508	1,201		1,104	1,446	1,194	
Daviess	3,139	3,194			3,056		
Dearborn	3,010	2,318			2,934	2,299	
Decatur	2,372	2,708			2,355	2,658	
De Kalb	3,372		3,252	2,858	3,232		
Delaware	5,945		5,797			6,967	
Dubois	3,002	1,446	3,023	1,431	3,028		
Elkhart	5,723	5,850	5,587	5,789	5,572		
Fayette	2,074	2,380		2,334	2,009		
Floyd	3,850				3,711	3,144	
Fountain	2,437	2,634	2,420				
Franklin	2,426		2,362				
Fulton	2,231	2,325	2,208	2,319	2,208	2,321	

INDIANA—Continued.  PRESIDENT, [U. S. SENA-] GOVERNOR,								
	PRES.	IDENT, 16.	U. S. TOR.	SENA- 1916.	Gove 19	RNOR, 16.		
Counties.	Wil- son,	Hu	Kern,	37.00	Adola	Good-		
	Dem.	ghes, Rep.	Dem.	Rep.	Adair, Dem	Rep.		
Gibson	3,686	3,491	3,551	3,361	3,687	3,490		
Grant	5,837 3,990	6,059 3,878	5,648 3,852	5,967 3,781	5,626 3,843	6,049 3,887		
Hamilton Hancock Harrison Hendricks Henry Howard Huntington Jackson Jasper.	2,799 2,779 2,300	3.951	2.744	3,847	2.732	3.859		
Hancock	2,779	2,138 2,047	2.709 2,275	2,080 2,050	2,684 2,270	2,880 2,022		
Hendricks	2,413	3,016	2.343	2.993		3,014		
Howard	3,560 3,934	4,386 4,777	3,822	4,364 4,579	3,496 3,818	4,364 4,657		
Huntington	3,800 3,312	3,758	3,751 3,175	3,742	3,728	3.742		
Jasper	1,442	2,422 1,920	1.421	2,379 1,939	3,164 1,433	1.925		
Jay	3,025 2,514	3,035 2,676	3,024 2,414	3,043 2,644				
Jennings	1,886	1,791	1,619	1.758	1,607	1,759		
Johnson	3,108 5,380	3,428 4,803	3,074 5,268	2,428 4,724	3.060	2,439 4,732		
Jackson. Jasper. Jay Jefferson. Jennings. Johnson Knox. Kosclusko. La Grange. Lake. Laporte. Lawrence. Marison. Marshall.	5,380 3,447 1,547	4,025 2,024	5,268 3,295		5,272 3,277	3,858		
La Grange	1,547 9,158	12,024	9.157	1,928 12,593	1,459 9,139	1,937 12,656		
Laporte	5,276	12,571	5.173	5,592	5 175	0.584		
Madison	3,108 8,106	3,833 7,449	2,998 7,729	3,676 7,428	3,004 7,719 33,918	3,694 7,463		
Marion Marshall Martin Miami Monroe Montgomery	34,621 3,221 1,549	7,449 40,288 2,855	34,063 3,137	40.876	33,918	40,677 2,814		
Martin	1,549	1,534 3,390	1,500	2,805 1,504 3,351	3.114	1,496		
Miami	3,854 2,796	3,390 3,033	3,809 2,698	3,351 2,981	1,505 3,709	5,401 3,005		
Montgomery	4,107	4,300 2,860	4,053	4,308	4.022	43,46		
Morgan	2,615	2,860 1 263	2,567 1,266	2.838	2,562 1,259	2,846		
Noble	1,174 2,991	1,263 3,338	1 2.996	1,381 3,342 585	2,990	1,387 3,346		
Montgomery Morgan Newton Noble Ohio Orange Owen Parke Perry	626 2,041	594 2,481	614 2,044	585 2,445	614	585 2,442		
Owen	1,812	1.584	1.757	1,617	2,043 1,756	1,555		
Parke	2,329 2,089	2,534 1,762	2,148 1,997	2,138 1,718	2,148	2,135 1,721		
Pike	2.212	2,167 2,913 2,291	2,148 1,760	2,134 2,815 2,237	2,148	1 2 12 2		
Porter	1,866 2,722	2,913	2,626	2,815	1,776 2,626	2,240		
Pulaski	1,387	1,474 2,354	1 1 384	1,467	1 1 561			
Randolph	2,826 2,671	4,079	2.550	3,744	2.756	2,448 2,906 2,648		
Ripley	2,671 2,549 2,569	2,686 2,948		2,652 2,919	2,526 2,520	2,648 2,920		
Scott.	1,068	802	1,033	784	1,037	781		
Shelby	3,900 2,344	3,201 2,560	3,839 2,320	3,163 2,519	3,839	3,150 2,495		
Starke	1,293			1,513	1.301	1.495		
St. Joseph	1,427 9,709	2,418 7,961	1,301 9,539	2,405 7,869	1.364	7,943		
Porter Posey Pulaskl Putnam Randolph Ripley Rush Scott Shelby Spencer Starke Steuben St. Joseph Sullivan Switzerland	3,880	2,418 7,961 2,630 1,214 6,386	3,693	2,552 1,202	3,008	2,403 7,943 2,568 1,202		
1 Tippecanoe	4.918	6,386	1,413 4,912	1,202 6,403	1,410 4,884	0,483		
Tlpton	2,337 821	2,100	2,300	2,150	2,311	2,148 998		
Union Vanderburg.	10 061	990 9,995	810 10,100	971 9,949	802 10,122	9,921 2,519		
Vermillon Vigo Wabash	2,343 11,166 3,168	2.607	2.234	9,949 2,510 9,006	2,223	2,519 9,178		
Wabash	3,168	8,934 3,849	10,486 3,100	9,096 3,800	10,421 3,088	3,814		
warren	1,017	1,710 2,396	2.225	1,333 2,401	931	1,335 2,405		
wasnington.	2,244 2,239	1.833		1.837	2,226 2,218 4,959 2,827 2,206	1,842 5,871		
Wells		6,102 1,948	4,833 2,796 2,201	5,994 1,890 2,390	4,959 2,827	1,942		
w mile	2,262	2,441 2,191	2,201	2,390	2,206	2,388 2,175		
Whitley				2,167	2,404			
Per cent	231,138	339,917	323,827	335,788	324,617	339,255 14,669		
Per cent					l:::::			
Whole vote								

VOTE FOR UNITED STATES SENATOR.\* 1916—Taggart, Dem., 272,49; Watson, Rep., 226,766; Beverldge, Prog., 108,581; Haynes, Proh., 13,580; Reynolds, Soc., 21,719; Matthews, Soc. Lab., 2,884. \*To fill vacancy caused by death of Senator Shively.

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1916. Districts Denton, Dem., 22,833; Cook, Rep., 22,492;

INDIANA—Continued.		10	WA	Contin	ued.		
II. Cullop, Dem., 23,797; Bland, Rep., 24,787.			DENT.	U.S.	SENA- 1914.	GOVE 191	RNOR,
III. Cox, Dem., 21,531; Edwards, Rep., 21,843.	Counties.	Wil- son, Dem.	Hu ghes, Rep.	Con- nolly, Dem.	Cum- mins,	Dem.	-
IV. Dixon, Dem., 25,178; Wilson. Rep., 22,743.	Carroll	2,058	2,408	2,402 1,341	1,416 2,333 1,971		
V. Moss, Dem., 20,133; Sanders, Rep., 20,794	Cedar Cerro Gordo.	1,801 1,595 2,289 1,646	2,862 3,556 1,578	1,626 978 916	1,971 2,161 1,512		
VI. Gray, Dem 23,012; Comstock, Rep., 23,730	Cherokee Chickasaw Clarke	1 6971	1,999 1,507 1,649	1,623 978 626	1,220 1,133 1,392		
VII. Schlosser, Dem., 34,732; Moores, Rep., 40,862	Clay Clayton Clinton Crawford	1,175 1,234 2,379 3,903 1,919	3,347 5,576 2,756	2.162 3.938 2.249	2,388 3,917 1,590		ury.
VIII. Denny, Dem., 24,037; Vestal, Rep., 25,750.	Dallas Davis Decatur	2,495 1,811	2,900 1,476 1,962	1,189 1.666	2,14 !		January
IX. Maish, Dem., 24,516; Purnell, Rep., 27,709.	Delaware Des Moines. Dickinson	2,111 1,332 3,827	2,837 4,132 1,249	1,794 1,343 2,653 535	1,735 2,219 878		in J
X. Hershman, Dem., 22,959; Wood, Rep., 31,515.	Dubuque Emmet	6,063 809	5,772 1,409	7,536 432	2,591 1,196 2,529		
X1. Rauch, Dem., 24,441; Kraus, Rep., 24,919.	Fayette Floyd Franklin	2,311 1,250 691	3,872 2,691 2,164 1,732	1,574 652 453	1,716 1,463		convenes
XII. Cline, Dem., 20,547; Fairfield, Rep., 23,668.	Fremont Greene Grundy Guthrie Hamilton	2,085 1,455 1,015	1,732 2,545 2,127	1,570 1,004 826	1,616 1,773 1,790		
XIII. Barnhart, Dem., 30,550; Hickey, Rep., 30,186.	Guthrie Hamilton Hancock	1,805 1,125 913	1,732 3,037 1,726	1,255 755 608	1,828 2,362 1,457		Legislature
STATE GOVERNMENT.	Hardin Harrison	1,481 2,932	3,335 2,610	913 2,072	2,246 2,261		sla
Governor, James P. Goodrich: Lieutenant-Governor, Edgar Bush; Secretary of State, Ed. Jackson; Treasurer, Uz Medwurtie; Auditor and Commissioner of Insurance, Otto Klaus, Attorney General, E. Stansbury; Adjuant-General, F. L. Bridges; Superintendent of Education, Horace Ellis—all Re-	Henry Howard	1,728 1,560	2,470 1,562	1,618 1,245	1,614 1,322	::::	egi
sloner of Insurance, Otto Klaus, Attorney General,	Humboldt Ida	809 1,244	1,676 1,412	575 1,119	1,254 1,226	:::::	
E. Stansbury; Adjutant-General, F. L. Bridges; Superintendent of Education, Horace Ellis—all Re-	Jackson	1,763 2,186	2,484 2,533	1,568 2,002	1,378 1,697		until
publicans.	Jasper Jefferson	3,282 1,734	3,092	2.567	2,277 1,194		ä
Supreme Court: Uniting Judiciary Charles E. Cox;	Johnson	3 650	3,092 2,167 2,704	1,547 2,814 1,942	2.265		ï
Supreme Court: Chief Justice, Charles E. Cox; Associate Justices, Moses B. Lairy, Douglas Morris, Richard K. Erwin, John W. Speacer; Clerk, F. Fred	Jones Keokuk	1,966 2,486 1,748	2,848 2,822	1,676	2,029 1,758	::::::	Governor
France. STATE LEGISLATURE.	Kossuth	1,748 3,993	1,647 4,395 8,212	1,613 3,575	2,239 2,976	::::.	ve
Senate. House. Joint'Ballot.	Linn Louisa	6.131	8,212 1,876	4,289 960	5,782 1,451	:::::	20
Republicans 24 65 89 Democrats 25 35 60	Lucas	1,536	1,672 1,760	1,118 870 1,349	1,344 1,155	:::::	for (
Progressives 1 1  Republican majority 30 28	Madison Mahaska	1,711 3,151	1,871 3,143 2,459	1,822	1,399 2,533		
Republican majority 30 28	Marshall	2,414	2,459 4,172	2,152 1,629	2,270 3,058		votes
VOTE OF THE STATE SINCE 1904.  **Dem.** Rep. Prog. Soc. Plu.  1904. President. 271,435 268,269 12,013 93,944 R  1908. President. 338,262 346,993 13,476 10,731 R  1908. Cavernor 348,393 334 040 11,948 11,435 D	Mills Mitchell	1.600	4,172 1,707 1,963	1,075 850	1,441 1,441	:::::	Λ0
1908. President. 338,262 348,993 13,476 10,731 R	Monona Monroe	1,910	1.777	1,335 1,657	1,582 1,970		of
1908. Governor. 34,493 33,4040 11,948 14,433 D 1910. Sec. State. 299,935 287,568 19,632 12,367 D 1912. President. 231,890 151,267 162,073 36,931 119,883 D	Montgomery	2,095 1,431	2,144 2,333	1.079	1,437 3,111		
1910. Sec. State. 299,935 287,568 19,632 12,367 D 1912. President. 281,890 151,267 162,007 36,931 119,883 D 1912. Governor. 275,275 142,805 166,054 35,164 109,221 D Prohibition vote for President—1904, 23,496; 1908,	Muscatine O'Brien	1.787	3,929 2,021	2,142 1,413 819	1,517 999		as
Prohibition vote for President—1904, 23,496; 1908, 18,045; 1912, 19,249.	Osceola Page	874 1,747	1,258 2,993	1.176	2.232	· : : .	canvass
IOWA.	Palo Alto Plymouth Pocahontas	2,258	1,594 2,666 1,808	1,202 2,368 1,294	1,478 2,298 1,706		
PRESIDENT, IU. S. SENA-I GOVERNOR,	Polk	12,327 6,263 1,880	l 11 295	5,173 4,275	8,056 4,692		official
COUNTIES. Wil- Hu Con- Cum-	Ringgold	1.351	1.733	1,188 899	1,916 1,583		Offi
(99.) son, ghes, nolly, mins, Dem. Rep. Dem. Rep.	Sac	1,629 5,212 2,060	2,057 8,329	929 5,273	1,564 5,743		No
	Shelby Sioux	2.000	1,898 2,261	1.548	1,431 2,218	: : : .	Z
Adome 1 1 365   1 401   1 269   1 125	Story Tama	1,772	3,722 3,061	1,419 780 2,156	2,363		
Appanoose. 2,510 3,327 1,909 2,300	Taylor	1,775	2,219 2,050	1,299	1,621		
Audubon 1,246 1,581 946 1,216	Union Van Buren	1 1,735	1,994	1,587 1,483	1,716 1,344	:::::	
Blackhawk. 4,270 6,742 2,929 3,969	Wapello Warren	3.994	4,398 2,182	2,961 1,494	3,522 1,718	:::::	
Boone. 2,338 2,955 1,173 2,273 Bremer. 1,132 2,684 1,327 1,694 Buchanan. 1,808 3,000 7,524 2,479 Buena Vista. 1,454 2,045 731 1,610	Washington. Wayne	2,139	2,182 2,745 1,936	1,126 1,561	1 700		
Bremer. 1,132 2,684 1,327 1,694 Buchanan. 1,808 3,000 7,524 2,479 Buena Vista 1,434 2,045 731 1,610 Butler. 1,977 2,722 731 2,037 Butler. 1,977 2,722 731 2,037	Webster	1 3.196	3,917	2,207	1,827 2,987 1,218		
Butler. 1,977 2,722 731 2,037	Winnebago Winneshlek.		1,713 2,876	1,819		:::::l	

IOWA—Continued.									
	PRES	U. S. TOR,	U. S. SENA- GOVE TOR, 1914.						
Counties.	Wil- son, Dem.	Hu ghes, Rep.			Dem.	Rep.			
Woodbury Worth Wright	8,819 566 1,135	5,735 1,463 2,599	5,150 231 696	4,393 1,178 2,074					
Total Plurality Per cent Whole vote	42	56,560 53		205,832 38,581 48 ,102	:::::				

For President, 1916, Benson, Soc., received, 10,976 votes; Hanly, Proh., 3,377. Progressive ticket, 1,793. Soldier vote, 1,102 for Wilson, 1,108 for Hughes.

For United States Senator, 1914, Schenck, Prog. 15,058; Spurgeon, Ind., 24,490; Christian, Proh., 6,009; McCrillis, Soc., 8,462.

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1916. Districts. Kennedy, Rep., 20,421; Whitaker, Dem.,

- Ц. Hull, Rep., 25,548; Cronin, Dem., 18,591.
- III. Sweet, Rep., 31,567; Murtagh, Dem., 14,825.
- Haugen, Rep., 23,476; Evaus, Dem., 16,490.
- Good, Rep., 27,438; Melvin Peet, Dem., 14,654.
- VI. Ramseyer, Rep., 21,757; Kirkpatrick, Dem., 14,927.
- VII. Dowell, Rep., 25,993; Evans, Dem., 14,677-
- VIII. Towner, Rep., 24,195; Bracewell, 15,940.
- Green, Rep., 23,446; Pryor, Dem., 18,743. IX.
- Woods, Rep., 32,332; Files, Dem., 17,298. X.
- XI. Scott, Rep., 26,066; Steele, Dem., 25,925.

# STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor, William L. Harding: Lleutenant-Governor, E. R. Moore: Secretary of State, W. S. Allen: Auditor, Frank S. Shaw: Treasurer, W. C. Brown: Attorney-General, H. M. Havner; Superintendent of Public Instruction, A. M. Deyoe: Adjutant-General, Guy E. Logan; Commissioner of Insurance, Emory H. English—all Republicans.

### JUDICIARY.

Supreme Court: Chief Justice, Frank R. Gaynor; Judges, Byron W. Preston, Silas M. Weaver, Scott M. Ladd, Benj. I. Salinger, Horace E. Deemer, William D. Evans; Clerk, Burgess W. Garrett.

# STATE LEGISLATURE

Republicans Democrats	40	House, 94 14	Joint Ballot. 134 24
Republican majority.	30	80	110

# VOTE OF THE STATE SINCE 1904.

		Dem.	Rep.	Prog.	Soc.	Plu.	
	President.	149,141	307,907		14.847	158,766	R
	Governor.		216,968		8,901	20,825	R
	President.		275,210		8,287	74,439	R
	Governor.		303,443			107,588	R
	Governor.		205,678			18,325	R
	President.	185,325	119,805	161,819	16,967	23,506	D
1914.	Governor.	183,990	214,851	17,329	8,977	30,861	R
D	abibltion w	ota for	Droald	one 10	10/ 11	001. 10	00

ote for President—1904, 11,601; 1908, 9.837: 1912, 8.440.

		PRESI	Gove	GOVERNOR, 1916.		
COUNTIES.	Wil-	Hu	Ben	Han-	Lans-	Cap-
(105.)	son,	ghes,	son.	ly, Proh.	don,	per.
	Dem.	Rep	Soc.	Proh.	Dem.	Rep.
Allen	4.043	4,120	354	105	2,303	5,232
Anderson	2,739	2.385	227	77 153	1,963	3,092
Atchison	4,631 2,061	4,624	101	153	2,239	5.928
Barber	3.281	1,632 2,893	172 211	118 106	2,086	2,370 3,197
Bourbon	5 200		302	86	2,250 3,212	4,613
Brown	3.503	3,370 4,282	190	125	2.124	5.318
Butler	4,248 1,583		296 80	215	2,173 1,002	4,797
Chase Chautauqua.	1.737	1,356 2,085	345	51 29	839	1,892
	6.188	4,300	931	116	3,955 399	2,582 5,746 777
Chevenne	787	498	177	105	399	777
	1,102 2,631 3,837	653	59 227	85 93	560 1,525	974
Clay	3,837	2,870	189	294	2,197	4.234
Cloud Coffey	3,121	2,691 2,870 2,799	161	61	1.8731	3,512 4,234 3,787 1,243 7,618
Comanche	963 5,943	739 5,282	111 612	93	464	1,243
Cowley Crawford	8.064	7,067	3 279	204 129	3,027 4,583	9,042
Decatur	2.431	1 0074	146	47	1,736	1.473
Dickinson.	4,971	4.322	180	116	1,736 3,222	1,473 5,774 3,236
Doniphan.	1.916 3,831	4,96S	91 171	35 255	926 2,220	3,236
Douglas	1,431 2,051 2,335	1,157	90	159	943	6,053
Edwards	2,051	1.7691	163	41	943 1,233 1,508	1,555 2,232 1,310 2,166
Ellis	2,335	1.1861	55	32	1,508	1,310
Ellsworth	1,935 1,370	1,944 1,234	74 185	69 103	1,508 1,484 741	2,166
Finney	3.0431	2.336	185	235	2,110	1,638
Ford Franklin	4,128	2.336 3.883	304	284	2,559	2,986 5,200
Creary	1,740	1,730	97	23	1,149	2,062
Gove	861 1,801	642	55 241	43	466	914
Graham	208	1,150 200	32	36	1,210 101	1,486 267
Grant	889	6601	90	68	525	854
Gray Greeley	168	210 2,957	69	35	7.1	296
Greenwood	2,948 522	2,957 511	174 101	53 26	1,992 316 1,277	3,697
Hamilton	2,648	1,797	195	244	1 277	655 2,818
Harper Harvey	3,129	3,468	332	161	1,936	4,218
Haskell	349 751	248	57	31 136	186	366
Hodgeman.	2.896	564	45 34	136	430	806
Jackson Jefferson	2,904	3,439 3,162	116	60 77	1,853	3,504
Jewell	4,150 3,928	3,162 3,021	1351	248	1,998 2,554	3,865 4,233
Johnson	3,928 488	3,767	137	681	2,356	4,891
Kearny	2.626	538 1,891	109 167	51 259	305 1,569	691
Kingman Klowa	2,626 956	901	40	302	562	2,707 1,200 6,888
Labette	6,421	5,327	656	99 29	3.926	6,888
Lane	659 6,002	363 5,534	81	29 104	341	586
Leavenworth	2,106	1 716	536 54	64	4,144	5,863 2,133
Lincoln	2,106 2,930	1,716 2,699	256	511	1,367 1,714	3,478
Logan	709	5901	70	37	376	832
Lyon	5,581	4,210 3,453	356 274	308 105	2,917	6,434
Marion Marshall	2,789 4,275 3,730 977	4.581	185	106	1,795 2,808	4,059 5,419
McPherson	3,730	4.581 3,791	238	2131	2,448	4,805
Meade	977 4,047	972	71	143	593	4,805 1,228
Mlami	3,197	3,086	199 137	61 78	2.611	3,843
Mitchell Montgomery	8.053	2,413 6,359	764	175	2,012 4,057	3,321 8,653
Morris	8,053 2 577	6,359 2,288	87	53 42	1,3951	3,149
Morton	457	405	51	42	2501	577
Nemaha	3,579 4,990	3,591	61	69	2,541	4,051
Ness	1,213	4,052 927	238 177	57 147	3,636 637	4,838
Norton		1,616	173	49	1,934	1,327
Osage	4,276	3,770 2,149	287	103	2.6521	4.824
Osborne	2,621	2,149 2,003	82 117	229	1,3931	3.151
Ottawa Pawnee	2,621 2,621 2,691 2,124	1 4841	120	229 123 121	2,075 1,388	2,541 1,867
Phillips		2.271	149	96	1.959	2,817
Phillips Pottawat'le	2,834	3,688	61	43	1,945	4,075
Pratt	2.607	1.820	130	241	1.415	2 576

Pratt ..... Rawlins....

Reno. Republic. Rice. Riley.

Rooks....

Russell...

Rush.

2.576

1,089 7,380

3.873

4,034 2,495

241 52 425 85 1,415 808 4,787 2,320 1,523 1,662 1,244 1,285

108

130

165 941 147

188 299 111 173 369 87

1,820 803 6,832 2,882 2,493 3,320 1,621 1,223

2,607 1,820

1,271 6,649

3,805 2,800 2,637 2,394 1,478

KANSAS.

	KAN	SAS-	Contin	ued.				
	PRESIDENT, GOVERNOR, 1916.							
COUNTIES.	Wil- son, Dem.	Hu ghes, Rep.	Ben- son, Soc.	Han- ly, Proh.	Lans- don, Dem.	Cap- per, Rep.		
Saline Scott. Scott. Scotgwick Seward Shawnee Sheridan Smith Stafford Stanton Stevens Sumner Thomas Trego Wabaunsee Wallace Washington	4,846 684 13,368 1,103 9,452 1,189 1,196 3,431 2,148 170 646 5,518 1,299 1,094 1,706 497 3,316	12,597 760 582 2,605 1,811 180 291 4,078 641 867 2,640 381	174 22 46 458 101 68 89 79	23 23 131 194 32 85 305 19 32 43	637 6,032 658 612 2,098 1,364 81 316 3,047 912 658 1,167 274			
Wichita Wilson Woodson	333 3,493 1,794	318 2,970 1,861	553 161	28 87 44	178 1,951 1,181	3,952 2,341		
Wyandotte Soldier vote	1	286	2	2	88	376		
Total Plurality Whole vote			,813	12,882	192,037	354,519 162,482 ,556		
TOTAL TOR UNITED STATES SENATOR, 1914.								

VOTE FOR UNITED STATES SENATOR, 19,330

Geo. A. Neeley, Dem., received 176,929 votes;
Chas. Curtis, Rep., 180,823; Victor Murdock, Prog.,
116,755; C. B. Hoffman, Soc., 24,502; Earie Delay,
Proh., 9,885.

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1916.

| Notation | Communication | Notation | Nota

# STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor, Arthur Capper; Lleutenant-Governor, W. Y. Morgan; Secretary of State, J. T. Botklin; Treasurer, Walter L. Payne; Auditor, Fred W. Knapp; Attorney-General, S. M. Brewster; Superintendent of Instruction, W. D. Ross; Commissioner of Insurance, C. J. Wilson—all Republicans.

Supreme Court: Chief Justice, Wm. A. Johnston; Associate Justices, Rousseau A. Burch, Henry F. Mason, Sitas Porter, Judson S. West, John Marshall and John S. Dawson; Clerk, D. A. Valentine.

# STATE LEGISLATURE.

	Senate.	House.	oint Bauot
Republicans	. 33	103	136
Democrats		20	27
Socialists		2	2
		-01	107
Republican majority.	. 26	81	101

# VOTE OF THE STATE SINCE 1904.

	Dem.	Ren.	Prog.	Soc.	Puu.	
1904. President.	84,800			15.494	126,093	R
1906. Governor.		152,147			2,123	R
1908. President.	161 209	197,216		12,420	36,007	R
1910. Governor.	146 014	162,181		15,384	16,167	R
1912. President.	142 670	74 844	120 123	26.807	23,547	D
1914. Governor.	161 606	200 543	84 060	20.360	47.847	
Prohibition v	oto for	Drogic	ient-1	904. 7.	245: 196	08.
	ove to	11031	acmo .		-10,	
5.033.						

# KENTUCKY.

PRESIDENT, GOVERNOR,							
i	19	15.					
COUNTIES.		Hu	Han-	Ben-	Stan-	Mor-	
(120.)	son,	ghes, Rep.	ly, Proh	son,	ley, Dem.	Rep.	
	Dem.						
Adair	1,675	1,863 2,147 1,065	14	1 4	1,367 1,211 1,183 1,708 2,858	1,793 1,938	
Allen Anderson	1,647 1,521 2,222 3,370 1,796 1,373 2,008	1.065	34 26	1	1,183	1,067	
Ballard	2,222	692	13 23	75	1,708	641	
Barren	3,370	2.462	23 16	23 8	2,858	2,105 1,079	
Bath Bell	1,796 1,373 2,008 2,715 2,738 2,052 1,676	1,360 3,321 531	19	54	1,239 821	2,466	
Boone	2,008	531	9 31	• ÷	1,341	394	
Bourbon	2,715	2,167 2,883	60	7 62 3	2,098 1,713	2,056 2,614	
Boyle	2,052		23	3	1.679	1.469	
Bracken Breathitt	1,676	1,082	18 22 55	47	1,150 1,949	905	
Breckinridge	2,067 2,172 1,508	1,584 2,549 826		13	1,829	1,712 2,281	
Bullitt	1,508 1,158	826 2,456	23	10	1,084 902		
Butler Caldwell	1.605	1,672	23 17	49	1.442	2,191 1,773	
Callowery	3.334	1,672 1,026	l 18	135 513	2,125 6,785	845 6,319	
Campbell Carlisle	1 646	5,696 494	96 12	33	1,208	388	
Carroll	1,757	535	1 18	1	1,481	547	
Carter		2,818	28 30	19	1,565	2,620 1,831	
Casey Christian	3,644	4,594	44	54	2.883	4.921	
Clark	2,620	1,731	31		2,054 539	1,538 1,770	
Clay Clinton	3,644 2,620 820 379	1,949 4,594 1,731 2,271 1,260	14		347	1,030	
Crittenden	1,450			19	1,138	1 716	
Cumberland Daviess	5,396	4.078	70	29	503 4,305 724 1,117	4,138	
Edmonson	1 035		1 14	7	724	1,295	
Elliott	1 100		21	1	1,040	1,432	
Fayette	6,348	5,472	] 70		5,266	1,432 5,764 1,660	
Fleming	2,240	1,836 1,823	10		2.24	1,850	
Franklin	3,34	1,426	18	12	2,97	1,402	
Fulton Gallatin	1,100 6,348 2,240 2,217 3,348 2,200 1,060	283		- '	79	380	
Garrard	1,060 1,375 1,841	1,628 1,078	20		1.410	1.300	
Grant Graves			36	13	1,41 3,42	1 904	
Grayson	1,953 1,239 1,820	1,930 2,368 1,413	28	1	31 1.61	61 2.078	
Green	1,239	1,413	19	9	1.04	1,339	
Greenup	1 83	31 91	81 17	9: 2 9: 3: 2 1:	2 1,27	8 914 8 1,692 6 1,964 4 1,328	
Hardin	3,27	1,88 0 2,67	7 1	2 1	2,23 3 40 7 2,27	6 1 964	
Harlan Harrison	2,77	8 1,40	91 5	2 5	7 2,27	1,328	
Hart	2,77 2,04 3,69 2,59	8 2,03 9 2,21	11 2	01 3	61 1.67	1 1,874 7 1,613 9 1,236	
Henderson. Henry	2,59	9 2,21 5 1,30	2 2	2[	5 2,22	9 1,236	
Hickman	1,98 3,75 25	2 53		5 2		200	
Hopkins Jackson	3,75	2 1.96	8 1	8	3 15	0 1,470	
Jefferson	28,84 1,72 1,25	7 3,61 2 1,96 0 28,38 7 1,32 3 2,50 2 5,26	6 20 6 6 0 2	5 88	3 27,64 1,38	0 1,470 9 23,588 7 1,183 5 2,183	
Jessamine Johnson	1,72	3 2.50	0 2	2 4	11 82	5 2,183	
Kenton	10,40	2 5,26	7 10	3 41	1 8,90	9 6,414 0 687	
Knott		6 3.19	2 2	0 2	1,40 4 75 1 1,09	8 2.450	
Larue Laurel	1,35	93		21	1 1,09 8 94	3 604	
Laurei			8 2	8 7	8 1,60 1 78	3 2,067 9 1,777	
Lee Leslie	79			2	1 78	9 1,777 4 1,172	
Leslie Letcher	1.12	3 1,51 21 2,22 6 2,32	1	1 1	2 11 2 81 9 90	.21 1,602	
Lewis	1,27	6 2,32	4 4	0 6	2 81 9 90		
Lincoln Livingston.	1 2,21	12 1,86 37 92	8 3	35 4 12 8	1 1,71 3 1,17	9 1,694 5 1,063	
Logan	1,12 1,27 2,21 1,28 3,37	3 2,50	11 /	(3)	2,81	2,173	
Lyon Madlson	1,19	5 301	7	2 1	9 98 10 2,77 5 1,29 3 1,59 16 1,63	769 2,885	
Magoffin	1 1 43	₹31 1.53	35	23	5 1,29 3 1,59	9 1,605	
Marlon	2,00	33 1,53 53 1,39 53 1,20	101	15	3 1,59 16 1.63	6 1,315 35 1,074	
Marshall Martin	. 2,2		JUI	8 1	15 12	8 520	
Mason	. 2,8	20 2,1 56 3,0	27	16	7 2,21	2,081 24 3,084	
McCracken McCreary	2,8 4,3	3,0 24 1,6 39 1,4	30 '	5 1	22 23	3,004 1,297 1,309	
McLean	1,5	39 1,43 17 80	39	241 4	1,20	1,309 73 722	
Martin Mason McCracken McCreary McLean Meade Menifee	1,5 1,3	30 3	69 ,		301 31	89 297	
		,					

KENTUCKY-Continued.							
			DENT, 16.		GOVERNOR, 1915.		
Counties.	Wil- son, Dem.	Hu ghes, Rep.	Han- ly, Proh.	Ben- son, Soc.	Stan- ley, Dem.	Mor- row, Rep.	
Mercer Metcalfe Metcalfe Monroe Monroe Monroe Montgomery Muhlenberg Nelson Nelson Nicholas Ohio Oidham Owsley Pendleton Perry Pike Powell Pulaski Roberston Rockcastle Rowcastle Rowcastle Rowcastle Seott Shelby Simpson Shelby Simpson Speneer Taylor Todd Trigg Trimble Union Warren Washington	2,093 1,046 1,705 2,319 2,290 2,723 2,11 4,555 2,911 1,728 881 881 881 881 1,291 1,399 2,611 1,399 2,131 1,399 2,131 1,399 2,131 1,399 2,131 1,399 2,131 1,399 2,131 1,399 2,131 1,399 2,131 1,399 2,131 1,399 2,131 1,399 2,131 1,399 2,131 1,399 2,131 1,399 2,131 1,399 2,131 1,399 2,131 1,399 2,131 1,399 2,131 1,399 2,131 1,399 2,131 1,399 2,131 1,399 2,131 1,399 2,131 1,399 2,131 1,399 2,131 1,399 2,131 1,399 2,131 1,399 2,131 1,399 2,131 1,399 2,131 1,399 2,131 1,399 2,131 1,399 2,131 1,399 2,131 1,399 2,131 1,399 2,131 1,399 2,131 1,399 2,131 1,399 2,131 1,399 2,131 1,399 2,131 1,399 2,131 1,399 2,131 1,399 2,131 1,399 2,131 1,399 2,131 1,399 2,131 1,399 2,131 1,399 2,131 1,399 2,131 1,399 2,131 1,399 2,131 1,399 2,131 1,399 2,131 1,399 2,131 1,399 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,1	1,531 1,107 2,008 1,195 1,123 3,532 1,546 964 3,266 663 1,173 1,206 22,217 4,212 4,136 415 1,298 1,486 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863 1,863	315 15 111 114 122 33 418 23 266 42 23 42 24 21 117 116 114 25 121 25 121 26 26 27 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21	4 4 4 112 7.146 6 156 5 5 7 7 5 5 5 11 1 5 28 8 11 1 3 1	1,512 2,202 1,350 2,272 1,881 2,272 2,915 693 2,270 1,275 693 1,275 693 1,275 693 1,275 693 1,275 693 1,275 693 1,275 693 1,275 693 1,275 693 1,275 693 1,275 693 1,275 693 1,275 693 1,275 693 1,275 693 1,275 693 1,275 693 1,275 693 1,275 693 1,275 693 1,275 693 1,275 693 1,275 693 1,275 693 1,275 693 1,275 693 1,275 693 1,275 693 1,275 693 1,275 693 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,275 1,	1,340 1,028 1,608 1,1098 1,1098 1,1098 3,336 1,406 552 930 2,061 1,202 930 2,061 1,377 379 1,689 8,1036 1,377 1,663 7,465 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,377 1,37	
Webster Whitley Wolfe Woodford	2,673 1,171 1,108 1,786	2,082 3,919 645 1,300	28 15 6 11	20 33 	2,160 679 953 1,382	1,757 2,894 717 1,154	
Total Plurality Per cent	28,136 52	241,854 46	3,036	4,734	219,991 471 49	219,520 49	
Whole vote		520	443	,390			

For President in 1916, Reimer, Soc. Lab., received 333 votes; Progressive ticket, 122. For Governor, 1915, Drexler, Prog., 1,371; Dobbs, Soc., 3,307; Pickett, Proh., 4,201.

VOTE FOR UNITED STATES SENATOR IN 1914. Beckham, Dem., 176,605; Wilson, Rep., 144,758. VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1916.

Districts

Districts

I. Barkley, Dem., 30,029; Thomas, Rep., 16,128; McDowell, Prol., 164; Ford, Soc., 840.

II. Kincheloe, Dem., 24,128; Fowler, Rep., 19,953; Asbby, Prol., 125; Teffeller, Soc., 334.

III. Thomas, Dem., 22,194; Taylor, Rep., 22,180; Moore, Proh., 217; Vance, Soc., 169.

IV. Johnson, Dem., 22,194; Haswell, Rep., 21,958; Crowe, Proh., 272; Scalultz, Soc., 27,861; Stroud, Proh., 344; Rasmussen, Soc., 853.

VI. Rouse, Dem., 22,04; Owens, Rep., 27,861; Stroud, Proh., 291; Plaggenburg, Soc., 924.

II. Cantrill, Dem., 25,734; Manby, Rep., 19,304; Coke, Proh., 281; Vandeveer, Soc., 34.

IX. Fields, Dem., 22,957; Pennington, Rep., 27,119; Hannad, Proh., 383; Burchett, Soc., 281.

X. Stanbon, Dem., 1,381; Langley, Rep., 19,113; Preston, Proh., 218; Vandeveer, Soc., 34.

X. Stanbon, Dem., 1,381; Langley, Rep., 19,113; Preston, Poh., 73; Burchett, Soc., 281.

X. Stanbon, Dem., 1,4280; Powers, Rep., 33,867; Gregg, Proh. 245. Districts.

# STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor, Augustus O. Stanley; Lleutenant-Governor, James D. Black; Secretary of State, James P. Lewis; Treasurer, Sherman Goodpaster; Auditor, Robert L. Greene; Attorney-General, M. M. Logar; Superintendent of Education, V. O. Gilbert; Commissioner of Agriculture, M. S. Cohen—all Democrats except Lewis, Republican.

# KENTUCKY-Continued.

Court of Appeals, Chief Justice, Warner E, Settle; Associate Justices, Shackeford Miller, John D. Car-roll, Ernest Clarke, Gus Thomas, Rollin Hurt, Com-missioner of Appeals, W. R. Clay, Clerk, R. W. Killmer.

# STATE LEGISLATURE,

Democrats	. 27	House. 63 37	Joint Ballot. 90 48
Democratic majority	. 16	26	42

VOTE OF THE STATE SINCE 1904.

5,887; 1912, 3,233.

# LOUISIANA. Department

I COVERNOR

	1	PRESI 19	GOVERNOR, 1916.			
T) . Drawno	Wil-		10.	1.70		
PARISHES. (61.)	son,	Hu ghes.		Ben- son.	Pleas-	
(01.)	Dem.	Rep.	Prog.	Soc.	ant, Dem.	ker,
	Dem	nep.	Flog.	500.	Dem.	Prog.
Acadia	1,165	202	22	1	1,129	1,686
Allen	708	81	2		766	280
Ascension	531	106	61		686	627
Assumption.	489	221	373		772	1,140
Avoyelles	1,253	44	12		1,705	1,098
Beauregard	968	59	2		848	378
Bienville	1,229	20	5	11	1,357	97
Bossier	675 3.109	9		;	660	13
Caddo Calcasieu	1,798	151 165	10	1	2,877	418
Caldwell	554	20	3	9	1,537 648	1,000
Cameron	163	10	0	9	182	222 126
Catahoula	459	20	l''''i		459	101
Claiborne	1,276	15	ĺ	1	1,307	41
Concordia	264	10	3		231	75
De Soto	1,104	17		15	1,049	179
E.BatonR'ge	1,482	130	35		1,562	1,113
E. Carroll	219	3			200	43
E. Feliciana	489	21	1		517	149
Evangeline Franklin	808	26	37	28	825	1,009
Grant	684 640	10		30	825 783	162
Iheria	802	31 134	850	30	938 938	189
Iberville	471	160	23		552	1,636 550
Jackson	980	27	2		919	115
Jefferson	1,041	56	] 8	1	1,409	336
Jeff's'n Davis	656	200	17	15	892	964
Lafayette	1,066	73	476		1,100	1,494
Lafourche	629	157	1,149		722	1,776
La Salle	610	20	8	2	573	176
Lincoln	932 503	42	4	2	1,008	175
Livingston	187	35 1	18		654 212	492 19
Morehouse	564	3	· · · · i	3	545	84
Natchitoches	1,181	45	7	25	1,356	482
Orleans	30 936	2,531	516		25,827	14,340
Ouachita	1,215	35	3	2	1,253	339
Plaquemines	461	43	7		562	222
Pte. Coupée	301	37	15		385	684
Rapides	2,184	134	24		2,224	890
Red River Richland	567 650	4 7			676	168
Sabine	1,147	30	5		706 981	46 244
St. Bernard.	363	23			446	138
St. Charles	297	23 30	5		283	340
St. Helena	319	9	6		332	136
St James	520	185	22		651	860
St. John Bap	289	115	8		343	60 <b>6</b>
St. Landry	139	117	121		1,168	1,809
St. Martin	971	36	392		877	856
St. Mary	652	162	605		671	1,475
St. Tamm'y. Tangipahoa.	782 1,326	95 159	15 12		1,037	654
Tensas	204	109	12		1,537 216	763 18
Terrebonne	606	113	588		670	1,166
Union	1.106	22	1	9	1,276	1,100
Vermillon	1,310	78	832	10	1,355	1,851
Vernon	l				1,276 1,355 1,391	392

	LOUISIANA—Continued.								
		PRESI 191			GOVERNOR, 1916.				
Parishes.	Wil- son, Dem.	Hu ghes, Rep.	Prog.	Ben- son, Soc.	Pleas- ant, Dem.	Par- ker, Prog.			
Washington. Webster WBat'nR'ge W. Carroll. W. Fetleiana Winn	311	66 6 28 14 8 50	14 2 5 2 5	15 14 100	1,079 1,030 242 354 232 1,108	501 43 298 202 179 349			
Total Plurality Per cent Whole vote	79,875 73,409 85	6,466 7 92	80,807 32,739 62 128	48,068 37 ,875					

For Governor in 1916, scattering (Independent),

REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, ELECTED 1916. Districts.

A. Estopinal, Dem. A. Estopinal, Dem.
H. G. Dupre, Dem.
W. P. Martin, Prog.
J. T. Watkins, Dem.
R. J. Wilson, Dem.
J. Y. Sanders, Dem.
L. Lazaro, Dem.
J. B. Aswell, Dem.

VIII. J. B. Aswell, Dem.

STATE GOVERNMENT.
Governor, R. G. Pleasant: Lleutenant-Governor, Fernand Mouton; Secretary of State, James J. Balley; Treasurer, Henry Hunsicker; Auditor, Paul Capdevielle; Adjutant-General, C. C. McCrory; Attorney-General, A. V. Coco; Superintendent of Education, T. H. Harris; Commissioner of Agriculture, H. D. Wilson; Commissioner of Insurance, the Secretary of State—all Democratis.

"JUDICIARY.
Supreme Court: Chief Justice, F. A. Monroe; Associate Justices, O. O. Provosty, A. D. Land, W. B. Sommerville, Chas. A. O. Neil.

All Democrata except 5 Progressives in Senate, and 12 in House.

and 12 in House.

VOTE OF THE STATE SINCE 1912. Dem, Rep. Prog. Soc. Plu.

1912. President... 60,971 3,834 9,223 5,249 51,648 D

1912. Governor... 50,581 4,961 ...... 45,620 D 1912. Governor...

# MAINE.

	~						
	PRESI 19	DENT,		SENA-1916.*	GOVERNOR, 1916.		
COUNTIES.	Wil-	Wil- Hu			Cur-   Milli-		
(16.)	son,	ghes,	John-	Hale,	tis,	ken,	
(10.7)	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.		Dem.	Rep.	
Androscog'n.	5,464	4,496	5,035	5,257	F 00F		
Aroostook	2,420	5,775	3,170		5,805	5,630	
Cumberland.	9,795	11,768	10,897	12,414	3,103 10,833	6,862 12,588	
Franklin	1,908	1,988	1,893	2,392	1.845	2,408	
Hancock	3,303	3,191	3,479	4,089	3,444	4.145	
Kennebec	5,527	6,731	6.475	7,517	6.175	7,773	
Knox	3,434	2,211	3,515	2,693	3,433		
Lincoln	1,718		2,059	2,159	2,020	2,200	
Oxford	3,615		3,559	4,599	3,489		
Penobscot	7,395	7,322	7,946	8,275	7,701	8,234	
Piscataquis	1,763	2,141	1,931	2,329	1,882	2,342	
Sagadahoc	1,791	1.828	1,913	2,100	1,898	2,191	
Somerset	3,134	3,567	3,495	4,352	3,423	4,462	
Waldo	2.539			2,887	2,623	2,940	
Washington.	3,459				4.112	4,464	
York	6,853	6,373	6,275	7,407	5,933	7,693	
1011111111					0,000	1,000	
Total	64,118	69,506		79.752	67,719	81,317	
Plurality		5,388		10 274		13,598	
Per cent	47	1 51	46		44	54	
Whole vote	136	,405		,999		.843	

\* Long term.

\* Long term.

For President, 1916, Benson, Soc, received 2,186
votes; Hanly, Proh., 595.
For Governor, 1916, F. H., Maxfield, Soc, received 1,558 votes; Linus Seely, Proh., 249.

vote; Chinus Seely, Proh., 249.

vote; Graville Seely, Proh., 269.
For the long term Carey, Soc., received 1,490
votes; Jackson, Proh., 279.
For the short term Sills, Derm., received 65,201
votes; Fernald, Rep., 81,319; Shepherd, Proh., 347.

MAINE-Continued. VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1916.

Districts.

VOTE FOR REFRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1916.

Districts.

I. Stevens, Dem., 16,807; Goodall, Rep., 20,357;
Bridaham, Soc., 310; Perrigo, Proh., 86.

II. McGillicuddy, Dem., 18,791; White, Rep., 12,78; Larrabee, Soc., 49.

III. Bunker, Dem., 20,002; Peters, Rep., 23,656; Currie, Soc., 494; Emerson, Proh., 59.

IV. Pierce, Dem., 12,969; Hersey, Rep., 17,647; Esterline, Soc., 156.

Governor, Carl E. Milliken, Sceretary of State, John E. Bunker; Treasurer, Elmer B. Newbert; Adjutant-General, George McL. Presson, Auditor, Roy L. Wardwell, Autorney-General, Wm. R. Patangall; Superintendent of Public Schools, Glen Starkey; Insurance Commissioner, Drastus J. Carter; Commissioner of Acriculture, W. T. Guptill—All Democratis except Milliken and Wardwell, Republicans. Election January 4, 1917, except for Governor, Auditor and Superintendent of Public Schools.

Auditor and Superintendent of Fubile Schools.

Supreme Judicial Court: Chief Justice, Albert R. Savage; Associate Justices, L. C. Cornish, G. E. Bird, A. W. King, Geo. F. Haley, Geo. M. Hanson, Warren C. Philiproist; Clerk, C. W. Jones.

STATE LEGIS\_ATURE.

Senute. House. Joint Ballot. Democrats Republicans..... 105

59

 Republican majority
 25
 59
 81

 VOTE OF THE STATE SINCE 1904.
 1004.
 Plu.

 1994. President
 27,630,64,437
 2,103,36,507
 Plu.

 1996. Governor
 61,477,69,315
 1,553
 7,838

 1908. President
 35,403,66,967
 1,753
 1,584 R

 1908. Governor
 68,075
 7,728
 1,430
 7,538

 1910. Governor
 73,425
 64,672
 1,582
 8,753
 D

 1912. Governor
 67,748
 71,043
 2,110
 3,295 R
 B

 1912. President
 51,113
 26,545
 48,493
 2,541
 2,620
 1,512
 3,177 D

 Prohibition vote for President
 70
 70
 85,862
 18,225
 1,872
 3,177 D

 1,510; 1908. 1,487; 1912, 945.
 45
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MARYLAND

$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	WARTEAND							
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Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caroll.   Caro	COUNTIES.	Wil-	Hu	Han-	Lew-	Fra	Friz-	
Nep   Prob.   Rep   Prob.   Rep   Prob.   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep   Rep			ghes.	lv.	is.	nce.	zell.	
Allegany 4,859 5,760 147 5,352 4,782 148 AnneArund'l 4,111 2,705 134 3,223 2,429 93 Baltimore 15,226 12,633 336 11,552 11,1897 450 Baltimore 60,226 48,805 886 42,736 51,496 1,062 Calvert. 910 975 37 714 973 49 Caroline 1,955 1,666 55 1,690 1,681 53 Carroll 4,016 3,602 108 3,415 3,355 102 Cecil 2,887 1,959 42 2,010 2,699 39 Charles 1,363 1,374 80 1,092 2,493 39 Charles 1,363 1,374 80 1,092 2,493 10 Dorchester 2,750 2,468 70 2,272 2,289 10 Frederick 6,094 1,626 10 5,479 5,55 10 Garrett. 1,034 1,266 55 1,631 1,303 48 14 Harford 3,441 1,346 55 1,633 1,303 48 14 Howard 1,886 1,673 20 1,757 1,617 33 Howard 1,886 1,673 20 1,757 1,617 33 Montgomery 3,805 2,913 85 1,643 1,303 48 1 Howard 1,886 1,673 20 1,757 1,617 33 Montgomery 3,805 2,913 85 1,643 1,303 48 1 Weomery 3,805 2,913 85 3,432 2,697 123 Nontgomery 3,805 1,443 4 2,047 1,258 49 1 Somerset 1,483 1,664 57 1,683 993 148 Somerset 1,885 2,364 105 1,632 9,480 97 Talbot 2,180 1,753 131 2,080 1,768 109 Washington 5,642 6,939 15 5,253 4,626 71 Talbot 2,180 1,753 131 2,080 1,768 109 Washington 5,642 6,939 15 5,253 4,626 71 Wicomico 3,285 2,559 88 2,790 2,197 160 Worcester 2,138 1,520 107 1,869 1,307 66 Total 138,359 117,447 2,903 109,740 113,662 3,325 Plurality 2,1012 Per cent 53 444 1 47	(,			Proh	Dem.	Rep.	Proh.	
Anne Arund'! 4,111 2,705 134 3,223 2,429 93 Baltimore								
Anne Arund'! 4,111 2,705 134 3,223 2,429 93 Baltimore	Allegany	4.859	5.760	147	5,352	4.782	148	
Baltimore.         15,226         12,633         336         I1,532         I1,897         450           Baltimore.         60,226         48,905         886         42,736         51,496         1062           Calvert.         910         975         37         714         973         49           Caroline.         1,965         1,666         55         1,690         1,681         53           Carroll.         4,016         3,602         108         3,415         3,55         102           Cecil.         2,587         1,959         42         2,010         2,059         103           Charles.         1,363         1,374         80         1,092         1,349         46           Dorchester.         2,750         2,488         76         2,270         2,295         102           Frederlck.         6,094         5,725         119         5,479         5,115         129           Garrett.         1,381         1,346         35         1,012         1,575         29           Harford.         3,345         2,932         85         1,643         1,303         48           Kent.         1,886         1,673		4.111	2,705	134	3,223	2,429	93	
Baltimore*		15,226			11,532	11.697	450	
Calvert.         910         975         37         714         973         49           Caroline.         1,965         1,660         55         1,660         1,681         53           Carroll.         4,016         3,602         108         3,415         3,356         102           Cecil.         2,587         1,959         42         2,010         2,059         39           Charles.         1,363         1,374         80         1,092         1,349         46           Dorchester.         2,762         2,468         76         2,270         2,295         102           Frederlck.         6,094         5,725         119         5,479         5,115         129           Garrett.         1,633         1,302         60         2,944         2,047         98           Howard         1,913         1,346         35         1,623         1,303         48           Kent.         1,886         1,673         20         1,757         1,617         33           Montgomery         3,805         2,913         85         3,432         2,967         123           Yr George's         3,933         3,058         76		60.226	49,805	836	42,736	51.496	1.062	
Caroline         1,965         1,666         55         1,690         1,881         53           Carroll         4,016         3,602         108         3,415         3,356         102           Cecil         2,587         1,959         42         2,010         2,059         39           Charles         1,333         1,374         80         1,092         1,349         46           Dorchester         2,750         2,468         76         2,270         2,295         102           Frederick         6,094         5,725         119         5,479         5115         129           Garrett         1,031         1,366         35         1,012         1,375         29           Harlord         3,345         2,302         60         2,944         2,047         98           Howard         1,913         1,346         35         1,643         1,303         48           Kent         1,886         1,673         20         1,737         1,617         33         48           Kent         1,886         1,673         20         1,737         1,617         33         48           Kent         2,248         1		910	975	37	714	973	49	
Carroll.         4,016         3,602         108         3,415         3,856         102           Cecil.         2,587         1,959         42         2,010         2,595         39           Charles.         1,363         1,374         80         1,092         1,349         46           Dorchester.         2,769         2,62         76         2,270         2,295         102           Frederlek.         6,094         5,725         119         5,479         5,135         1,292           Garrett.         1,031         1,808         35         1,012         1,375         29           Harford.         3,345         2,302         60         2,944         2,047         98           Howard         1,913         1,346         35         1,643         1,303         48           Kent.         1,886         1,673         20         1,757         1,617         33           Montgomery         3,805         2,913         85         3,432         2,697         123           Ye' George's         3,493         3,058         76         2,713         2,572         71           Queen Anne's         2,661         1,673		1.965	1.666	55	1,690	1,681	53	
Cecil         2,587         1,959         42         2,010         2,059         39           Charles         1,363         1,374         88         1,092         1,349         46           Dorchester         2,750         2,468         76         2,270         2,295         102           Frederick         6,094         5,725         119         5,479         5,115         129           Garrett         1,031         1,366         35         1,012         1,375         29           Hartord         3,345         2,302         60         2,944         2,047         98           Kent         1,913         1,346         35         1,643         1,303         48           Kent         1,913         1,346         35         1,643         1,303         48           Kent         3,805         2,913         85         3,432         2,697         123           Pre George's         3,493         3,058         76         2,713         2,572         71         23           Sumerset         1,885         1,664         57         1,632         2,480         97           Tabot         2,180         1,503		4.016	3,602	108	3,415	3,356	102	
Charles         1,363         1,3741         80         1,092         1,349         46           Dorchester         2,769         2,269         2,299         102           Frederlek         6,094         5,725         119         5,479         5,115         129           Garrett         1,138         1,302         60         2,944         2,047         98           Harford         3,345         2,302         60         2,944         2,047         98           Howard         1,1986         1,673         20         1,757         1,617         33           Kent         1,886         1,673         20         1,757         1,617         33           Montgomery         3,893         3,058         76         2,713         2,572         71           Queen Anne's         2,661         1,673         20         1,753         1,258         1,257         71           Somerset         1,885         2,861         105         1,632         2,481         39         1,483         3,933         148         2,041         38         2,497         123         71           St. Mary's         1,433         1,064         37 <td< td=""><td></td><td>2.587</td><td>1.959</td><td>42</td><td>2,010</td><td>2,059</td><td>39</td></td<>		2.587	1.959	42	2,010	2,059	39	
Dorchester   2,750   2,468   76   2,270   2,295   102   Frederlek   6,094   6,725   119   5,479   5,115   129   Garrett   1,031   1,808   35   1,012   1,575   29   Harford   3,345   2,302   60   2,944   2,047   98   Howard   1,913   1,346   35   1,643   1,303   48   Kent   1,933   1,346   35   1,643   1,303   48   Kent   1,983   1,673   20   1,757   1,617   33   Montgomery   3,805   2,913   85   3,432   2,697   123   Pre George's   3,493   3,058   76   2,713   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772   71   2,772		1.363	1,374	80	1,092	1.349	46	
Frederick 6, 6,094 5,725 119 5,479 5,115 129 Garrett. 1,031 1,808 35 1,012 1,1575 29 Harford 3,345 2,302 60 2,944 2,047 98 Howard 1,1913 1,346 35 1,613 1,303 48 Kent 1,1886 1,673 20 1,757 1,617 33 Montgomery 3,805 2,913 85 3,432 2,679 123 2,77 1,617 33 Montgomery 1,806 1,673 20 1,757 1,617 33 Montgomery 1,806 1,424 43 2,047 1,155 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49 1,55 49		2,750	2,468	76	2,270	2,295	102	
Garrett. 1,031 1,808 35 1,012 1,375 29 Harford 3,345 2,302 60 2,944 2,047 98 Howard. 1,913 1,346 35 1,643 1,303 48 Kent. 1,836 1,673 20 1,757 1,617 33 Montgomery 3,805 2,913 85 3,432 2,697 123 Pr'e George's 3,493 3,058 76 2,713 2,772 71 1258 Queen Anne's 2,206 1,242 43 2,047 1,258 49 St. Mary's 1,1855 2,364 105 1,632 2,480 97 Somerset. 2,183 1,064 67 1,083 993 148 Somerset. 2,183 1,753 131 2,080 1,768 109 Wicomico 3,255 2,530 107 1,869 1,307 66  Total 138,350 17,347 2,903 109,740 113,662 3,325 Plurality 2,1012 43 14 47 49 11		6,094	1 5.725	119	5,479		129	
Kent		1,031	1,808	35	1,012			
Kent	Harford	3,345	2,302	60	2,944	2,047		
Kent		1,913	1,346	35	1,643	1,303	48	
Montgomery   3,805   2,913   55   3,432   2,997   123		1,886	1,673	20	1,757	1,617	33	
Pre George's Queen Anne's 2,266         3,493         3,058         46         2,413         2,521         11           Queen Anne's 2,266         1,641         1,664         57         1,083         9,93         148           St. Mary's . 1,443         1,664         57         1,083         9,93         148           Somerset . 1,885         2,884         105         1,632         2,489         97           Talbot . 2,180         1,753         131         2,680         1,763         19           Washington . 5,642         5,993         91         5,225         4,629         71         10           Worcester . 2,138         1,520         107         1,863         1,307         68         1,307         68           Total . 138,350         117,347         2,903         109,740         113,662         3,325           Plurality . 21,012					3,432	2,697		
Queen Anne's         2,206         1,242         43         2,947         1,233         49           St. Mary's         1,443         1,064         57         1,063         993         148           Somerset         1,885         2,364         105         1,632         2,480         97           Talbot         2,180         1,753         131         2,080         1,768         109           Washington         5,642         5,093         91         5,225         4,626         71           Wicomico         3,285         2,539         88         2,790         2,197         110           Worcester         2,138         117,347         2,903         109,740         113,662         3,325           Plurality         21,012         49         1         47         4,93         1         4         1         47         2,90         60         4         1         47         2,90         60         60         60         60         60         60         60         60         60         60         60         60         60         60         60         60         60         60         60         60         60         60		3,493	3,058		2,713	2,572		
St. Mary's         1,443         1,054         37         1,483         33         148           Somerset         1,885         2,384         105         1,632         2,480         37           Talbot         2,180         1,753         131         2,080         1,763         199           Washington         5,642         5,993         91         5,225         4,259         1,170         1,680         1,625         109           Wicomico         3,285         2,539         88         2,790         2,130         10         10         10         1,00         10         10         10         1,00         10         1,00         10         10         1,00         10         1,00         10         1,00         10         1,00         10         1,00         10         1,00         1,00         10         1,00         1,00         1,00         1,00         1,00         1,00         1,00         1,00         1,00         1,00         1,00         1,00         1,00         1,00         1,00         1,00         1,00         1,00         1,00         1,00         1,00         1,00         1,00         1,00         1,00         1,00         1,00	Queen Anne's	2,206	1,242	43	2,047	1,258	49	
Washington 5,642 5,193 91 3,223 4,223 17 Whomico 3,285 2,539 88 2,739 2,197 110 Woreester 2,138 1,520 107 1,869 1,307 66 Total 138,359 117,347 2,903 109,740 113,663 3,325 Plurality 2,1012 4 1 4 7 49 1 Per cent 53 0,004 4 1 47 20,650		1,443	1,064	57	1,083	993	148	
Washington 5,642 5,193 91 3,223 4,223 17 Whomico 3,285 2,539 88 2,739 2,197 110 Woreester 2,138 1,520 107 1,869 1,307 66 Total 138,359 117,347 2,903 109,740 113,663 3,325 Plurality 2,1012 4 1 4 7 49 1 Per cent 53 0,004 4 1 47 20,650			2,364	105	1,632	2,480		
Wicomico 3,285 2,533 88 2,730 2,197 110 Worcester 2,138 1,520 107 1,869 1,307 66 Total 133,339 117,347 2,903 109,740 113,662 3,322 Per cent 53 000 40 1 4 4 7 49 1			1,753	131	2,080	1,703		
Worcester         2,138         1,520         107         1,869         1,307         66           Total         138,359         117,347         2,903         109,740         113,632         3,322           Plurality         2,1012         3,322         3,49         1           Per cent         53         64         1         47         49         1	Washington.	5,642			0,220	4,020	1 11	
Worcester         2,138         1,520         107         1,509         1,307         60           Total         133,359         117,347         2,903         109,730         113,662         3,322           Per cent         53         44         1         47         49         1           2,902         40         1         47         49         1         1	Wicomico	3,285	Z,539		4,790	1,197		
Plurality 21,012 41 1 3,922 49 1 Per cent 53 41 1 47 47 47 220 650		2,138	1,520	107	1,869	1,307	- 66	
Plurality $21,012$ $44$ $1$ $47$ $49$ $1$ $220,460$	Total	138.359	117,347	2,903	109,740	113,662	3,325	
Per cent 53 44 1 220 460	Phirelity	21.012				3,922		
		53	• 4.1	1	47			
			262,219			230,460		

\* City of Baltimore.
For President, 1916, Benson, Soc., received 2,674
votes; Reimer, Labor, 756.
For United States Senator, 1916, Young, Soc.,
2,590; Lang, Labor, 1,143.
WOTE FOR GOVERNOR, 1915.
Harrington, Dem., 119,317; Weller, Rep., 116,136;
GGRBUCH, Dech., 2,244; Deviln, Soc., 2,082; Stevens,

Gorauch.

# MARYLAND-Continued.

VOTE FOR UNITED STATES SENATOR, 1914.

John Walter Smith, Dem., 110,204; Edward R.

Carrington, Jr., Rep., 94,864; V. Milton Reichard,
Prog., 3,697; Charles E. Devlin, Soc., 3,25; Richard
H. Holme, Proh., 3,144; Robert W. Stevens, Lab.,
969.

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1916. Districts.

- Price, Dem., 17,047; Duer, Rep., 16,981; Anthony, Proh., 1,038.
- Talbott, Dem., 24,828; Lawrence, Rep., 20 Green, Proh., 3,513; Champiin, Soc., 425.
- III. Coady Dem., 16,546; Main, Rep., 13,857; Johnson, Proh., 348; Bracklein, Soc., 740.
- IV. Linthicum, Dem., 19,774; Fox, Rep., 1 Shipley, Proh., 482; Warthen, Soc., 396.
- V. Ralston, Dem., 13,909; Mudd, Rep., 17,407;
   Wetherald, Proh., 462; Smiley, Soc., 539.
   VI. Etchlson, Dem., 17,214; Zihlman, Rep., 19,932;
   Walker, Proh., 831; Ayres, Soc., 1,049.

#### STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor, Emerson C. Harrington; Secretary of State, Thos. W. Simmons; Auditor, J. Enos Ray; Comptroller, Hugh A. McMullen; Treasurer, John M. Dennis; Adjutant-General, Henry W. Warfield; Attorney-General, Albert C. Ritchie; Superintendent of Education, M. B. Stephens; Commissioner of Insurance, W. Mason Shehan—all Democrats.

### JUDICIARY.

Court of Appeals: Chief Judge, A. Hunter Boyd; Associate Judges, N. Chas. Burke, William H. Thouas, John R. Pattison, Hammond Urner, John P. Bisoce, Henry Stockbridge, and Albert Con-stable; Clerk, Caleb C. Magruder.

# STATE LEGISLATURE.

No session in 1917.

# VOTE OF THE STATE SINCE 1904.

		Dcm.	Rep.	Prog.	Soc.	Plu.	
1904.	President	109,446	109.497		2.247	51	R
1908.	President	115,908	116.513		2.323	605	R
	Governor						R
1912.	President	112.674	54,956	57,789	3.996	54.885	D
1914.	U. S. Senator	110,204	94.861	3.697	3,255	15.340	$\bar{\mathbf{D}}$

Prohibition vote for President—1904, 3,034; 1908, 3,302; 1912, 2,244.

### MASSACHUSETTS.

		DENT, 16.		SENA- 1916.	GOVERNOR, 1916.	
COUNTIES. (14.)	Wil- son, Dem.	Hu ghes, Rep.	Fitz- g'ald, Dem.	Lodge Rep.	Mans field, Dem.	Mc- eall, Rep.
Barnstable Berkshire Bristol Dukes Essex Franklin Hampden Hampshire Middiesex Nantucket Norfolk Plymouth Suffolk Worcester	1,892 8,357 18,065 309 32,489 3,054 17,028 4,202 49,841 307 12,702 11,009 61,047 27,540	35,909 4,353 18,207 5,748 60,802 249 19,284 13,515 42,492	7,732 16,651 204 29,443 2,440 15,391 3,727 46,965 227 12,020 10,153 61,688	9,503 22,095 495 36,447 4,376 18,087 5,610 61,596 19,314 13,347 40,911	7,739 15,892 161 30,225 2,323 15,210 3,588 46,398 190 11,559	9,662 23,116 547 36,781 4,630 19,907
Total Soldier vote Grand total Plurality	40	19 268,784	39 234,238	20 267,177		276,123
Per cent Whole vote	46	817	45		43	.421

For President, 1916, Benson, Soc., received 11,058 votes; Hanly, Proh., 2,993; Relmer, Soc. Lab., 1,097. For United States Senator, 1916, McDonald, Soc., 15,558; scattering, 26. For Governor, 1916, White, Soc., 10,582; Lawrence, Proh., 5,938; Hayes, Soc. Lab., 3,893; scattering, 2.

# MASSACHUSETTS-Continued.

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1916. Districts

- cts.
  Collins, Dem., 11,795; Treadway, Rep., 19,667;
  Hutchins, Soc., 1,227.
  Connor, Dem., 11,395; Gillett, Rep., 20,064;
  Wrenn, Soc., 1,343.
  Scanlon, Dem., 9,905; Paigo, Rep., 19,371.
  Hunt, Dem., 18,395; Winslow, Rep., 17,647;
  Murphy, Proh., 802.
  Hoar, Dem., 11,097; Rogers, Rep., 20,345;
  scattering, 1.
  Howard, Dem., 8,578; Gardner, Rep., 21,948; ĩ. II.
- v.

### STATE GOVERNMENT,

STATE GOVERNMENT,
Governor, Samuel W. McCall, Rep.; LieutenantGovernor, Calvin Coolidge, Rep.; Secretary of State,
Albert P. Langtry, Rep.; Treasurer, Charles L.
Burrill, Rep.; Auditor, Alonzo B. Cook, Rep.; Adjutant-General, Gardner W. Pearson, Dem.; Attorney-General, Henry C. Attwill, Rep.; Secretary
of the Board of Agriculture, Wilfrid Wheeler; Commissioner of Insurance, Frank H. Hardison; Commissioner of Education, Payson Smith.

# JUDICIARY.

Supreme Judicial Court for the Commonweaith: Chief Justice, Arthur Prentice Rugg; Justices, Edward P. Pierce, William C. Loring, Henry K. Braley, James B. Carroll, Charles A. De Courcy, John C.

#### STATE LEGISLATURE.

	Senate.		Joint Ballot,
Democrats	6	68	74
Republicans	34	170	204
Socialists		1	- 1
Independent		ì	î
	_		
Republican majority.	28	100	128

# VOTE OF THE STATE SINCE 1904.

	Dem.	Rep.	Prog.	Soc.	Plu.
1904. President.	165,746	257,822			92.076 R
1907. Governor.	81,379	188,068		7,621	103,689 R.
1908. President.	155,543	265,966		10,781	110,423 12
1909. Governor.	182,252	190,186		10,137	7,934 R
1911. Governor.	214,897	206,795		13,355	8,102 D
1912. President.	173,408	155,948	142,228	12,616	17,460 D
1913. Governor.	183,267	116,705	127,755		55,512 1)
1914. Governor.	210,442	198,627	32,145	9,520	11,815 10
1915. Governor.	229,550	235,863	6,969	8,740	6,313 12
Prohibition v	ote for	Presid	lent-1	904. 4.	279; 1908.
4,379, 1912, 2,754.					

Independent vote for Governor in 1913, 20,171. Prohibition vote for Governor in 1915, 19,567

# MICHICAN.

	PRESI 19	DENT, l6.	U.S.	SENA- 1916.	GOVERNOR, 1916.	
COUNTIES.	Wil- Hu			Town	Sleep-	
(83.)	son.		Price.		Sweet	er.
,	Dem.		Dem.		Dem.	Rep.
Alcona	453	573	354	661	381	664
Alger	650	687	558	781	561	780
Allegan	3,591	4,803	3,229	5,089	3,529	1,925
Alpena	1,392	2,020		2,102	1,333	2,120
Antrim	932	1,336	822	1,442	930	1,363

MICHIGAN—Continued.											
	PRESII 191	6	U. S. TOR,	SENA- 1916.	191	6.	v				
Counties.	Wil- son, Dem.	Hu ghes, Rep.	Price, Dem.	Town send, Rep.	Sweet Dem.	Sleep- er, Rep.	Je				
Arenac Baraga	938 462	911 748	838 387	1,019 821 3,263	809 350	1,062	SC				
Barry Bay Benzie	2,491 5,996 770	3,157 6,708 900	387 2,382 5,573 671	3,263 7,114 985	350 2,515 5,389 730 5,850	3,169 7,315 954	P				
Branch	3.062	7,511	5,840 2,908	7,737 3,264 7,269 2,597	5,850 3,217 7,548 2,596	7.766 1	D 1.				
Cass Charlevoix	8,037 2,666 1,152	6,484 2,518 1,877	5,840 2,908 7,219 2,593 1,051	1.990	1,1081	2,603 1,964	II				
Cheboygan	1,389 1,768 769	1,576 2,365 1,049	1,030	1,641 2,565 1,120	1,412 1,585 779	2,962 7,119 2,603 1,964 1,573 2,621 1,074 3,502					
Clare Clinton Crawford	2,094 450	9,301	712 1,965 402 1,614	3,532 457 3,273	2,030 394 1,597	3,502 474 2,205	I				
Delta Dickinson Eaton	1,781 1,291 3,461	3,088 2,393 3,802	1,191 3,153 1,267	3,532 457 3,273 2,192 4,105 1,835	1,146 3,324 1,315 8,594	3,302 474 3,295 2,571 3,977 1,817	I				
Emmet	1,363 9,311 729	3,088 2,393 3,802 1,724 9,353 935	8,679 636 1,410	40,000	8,594 650	10 108	v				
Gogebic G'd Traverse	1,5 \(0\) 1,848	1,917	1,683	2,342 2,082 3,581	650 1,421 1,777 2,896	2,334 2,041	V				
Gratiot Hillsdale Houghton	2,960 3,124 4,615 1,816	3,434 3,463 8,013	3.164	1,051 2,342 2,082 3,581 3,713 8,291	3,377 4,061	1,059 2,334 2,041 3,531 3,541 8,590 5,267 8,732	v				
Genesee Gladwin. Gogeblc G'd Traverse Gratlot. Hillsdale. Houghton. Huron. Ingham. Ionla. Iosco. Iron.	1,816 7,664 3,911	8,013 4,743 7,846 3,950	3,724	8,396 1,160	7,023	8,732 4,149	v				
Iosco	729 877	984 2,139 2,700 6,938	1 634	1,092 2,236 2,893 8,132 6,504	619 791 2.041	4,149 1,093 2,262 2,836	ı				
Isabella Jackson Ralamazoo.	2,143 8,058 7,164	5,951	0.010	8,132 6,504 787	3,771 619 791 2,041 7,552 6,735	7,690 6,607 749	-				
Kalkaska Kent Keweenaw	20,364	16,095 860	18,106	10,022	20,169	16.495	Σ				
Lake Lapeer Leelanau	1,937	588 3,315 984	320 1,781 723 5,286 2,228 225	3,513 1,026	1,805	3,520 1,010	Σ				
Livingston.	5,519	6,247 2,460	5,286 2,228	3,513 1,026 6,191 2,549	5,465 2,255 228 889	2 546	2				
Mackinac Macomb	908 3.108	1,082 4,552 2,360 5,263 2,198	880 3,003		3,015 2,017 2,260	575 1,121 4,689	2				
Marquette. Mason	2,625	2,360 5,263 2,198	3,003 2,016 2,282 1,534			2 270					
Mecosta Menominee.	1,178 1,854	2,671	1,713	2,728 2,837 2,382 1,295	1,382 1,580 1,356	2,370 2,628 3,012 2,227 1,249	٥				
Midland Missaukee Monroe	4.202	3,787	3,988	1,295	847 1,112	1,249 3,901	Casa				
Montcalm M'ntm'r'nc Muskegon	4,465	3,894 396 5,692	3.988	6,183	234 4,087	3,930 452 6,167	J				
		7,730	6,141	2.09	1,382 1,580 1,356 847 1,112 2,820 234 4,087 1,475 6,371 1,373 651 794	6,167 2,512 8,149 2,014	ĵ				
Newaygo Oakland Oceana Ogemaw Ontonagon Oscoda Oscoda Otsego Ottawa Presque Isle Roscommon Saginaw	1,387 743 888	1.23	807	1.31	651 794 1,228		1				
Osceola Oscoda	1,285 175 519	24: 53:	1 413	639	159	639					
Ottawa Presque Isle Roscommon	3,9 11 806 239	1,40°	7 676 1 207	1,53	4,144 661 200 7,735						
Sanilac	1,867	7,63 7,63	31 1.548	4,97	1,511	5,128	1				
Shiawassee. St. Clair	3,308	3,92	6 3,10	4,13	4,005	7 161					
St. Joseph Tuscola Van Buren.	3,56 2,329 3,229 5,279 60,93	4,46 4,30 6,50	2,11	3 4,68 3 4,52	3,610 2 2,135 7 3,120 6 5,385 1 52,856 4 1 63	4,722	1				
Washtenaw Wayne Wexford	5,279 60,939 1,689	6,50 70,05 2,33	10,00,01	4,68 3 4,52 2 6,81 9 78,08 4 2,43	52,856 4 1,630	80,294					
Total	283 99	337,95		6 364,65 106,70	7 264.44	363,724					
Plurality Per cent Whole vot	64°	7,071	64	0] 5 7,29 <b>7</b>	65	0  56 1,519	1				

# MICHIGAN-Continued.

For President, 1916, Benson, Soc., received 16,120 otes; Hanly, Proh., 8,139; Relmer, Soc. Lab., 842; cattering, 25.

For United States Scnator, 1916, Foss., Soc., 15,614; ohnston, Proh., 7,569; Richter, Soc. Lab., 924; cattering, 567.

For Governor, 1916, Moore, Soc., 15,040; Woodruff, 7,255; Murray, Soc. Lab., 963; scattering, 96. VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1916. nstricts.

Doremus, Dem., 29,571; Shepherd, Rep., 26,679; Powell, Soc., 1.506; Rubler, Proh., 2; Johnson, Soc.-Lab., 3.

Beakes, Dein., 27,132; Bacon, Rep., 27,182; Titus, Soc., 592; Dixon, Proh., 1; Kock, Soc.-Lab., 539.

II.

Marsh, Dem., 23,117; Smith, Rep., 24,897; Rogers, Soc., 1,651; White, Proh., 757.

Wade, Dem., 20,145; Hamilton, Rep., 26,764; Potter, Soc., 1,047; McCoil, Proh., 4; Harvey, Soc.-Lab., 1.

Danhof, Dem., 21,639; Mapes, Rep., 24 Hansen, Soc., 1,058; Cheney, Proh., 521.

 Kellogg, Dem., 30,664; Kelley, Rep., 33,110;
 Walker, Soc., 1,638; Grahowski, Proh., 156;
 Corbett, Soc.-Lab., 1. T.

YII. Bowers, Dem., 14,020; Cramton, Rep., 30,101; Lamb, Soc., 309; Crissman, Proh., 587; Shepherd, Soc.-Lab., 1.

7III, Seegmiller, Dem., 23,692; Fordney, Rep., 28,288; Parsons, Soc., 770; Powell, Proh., 1; Chand-ler, Soc.-Lab., 1.

Alway, Dem., 15,726; McLaughlin, Rep., 24,624; Henderson, Soc., 1,717; Crabtree, Proh., 150; Daines, Soc. Lab., 1.

Haller, Dem., 16,056; Currie, Rep., 24,240; Aplin, Soc., 952; Tetrey, Proh., 443.

Reycraft, Dem., 14,499; Scott, Rep., 24,840 Moore, Soc., 56; Miller, Proh., 1,623; Densmore, Soc. Lab., 1.

XII. MacDonald, Dem., 12,882; James, Rep., 22,998. KIII. Berry, Dem., 20,921; Nichols, Rep., 32,317;
 Renner, Soc., 880; Doane, Prol., 335;
 Druse, Soc.-Lab., 3.

# \* Contested.

# STATE GOVERNMENT.

STATE GOVERNMENT,
Governor, Albert E. Sleeper, Rep.; LleutenantGovernor, Lauren D. Dickinson, Rep.; Secretary of
State, Coleman C. Vaughan, Rep.; Treasurer,
Samuel Odell, Rep.; Auditor, Oramel B. Fuller;
Adjurant-General, John S. Bersey, appointed by
State Military Board; Attorney-General, Alexander
J. Groesbeck, Rep.: Superintendent of Education,
Fred. L. Keeler, Rep.; Commissioner of Insurance,
John T. Winship, Dem.

JUDICIARY. Supreme Court: Chief Justice, Franz C. Kuhn; Associate Justices, John W. Stone, Russell C. Ostrander, John E. Bird, Joseph B. Moore, Joseph H. Steere, Grant Fellows, Flavius L. Brooke; Clerk, Charles C. Hopkins.

# STATE LEGISLATURE.

1			muuse.	JUNI BUING
i	Republicans	. 27	87	114
į	Republicans Democrats	. 5	13	18
	Republican majority.	. 22	74	96

# VOTE OF THE STATE SINCE 1904.

Dem. Rep. Prog. Soc.	Plu.
1904. President. 134,151 361,866 8,941	227,715 R
1906. Governor. 129,963 227,557 5,926	97,594 R
1908. Governor. 252,611 262,141	. 9,530 R
1908. President. 175,771 335,580 11,58	6 159,809 R
1910. Governor. 159,670 202,863 9,99	2 43,193 R
1912. President. 150,751 152,244 214,584 23,21	1 62,340 P
1914. Governor. 212,063 176,254 36,747 11,05	6 35,809 D
Prohibition vote for President-1900, i	1,859; 1904,
13,308, 1908, 16,974; 1912, 8,934.	

MINNESOTA.						MINNESOTA—Continued.							
			U.S.	SENA-	GOVE	RNOR,							
	19			1916.		16.	}	19	16.	TOR,	1916.	19	16.
COUNTIES.	Wil-	Hu	Law-	Kel-	Dwy-	Burn-	COUNTIES.	Wil-	Hu	Law-	Kel-	Dwy-	Bu
(86.)	son, Dem.	ghes, Rep.	ler, Dem	logg, Rep.	Dem.	quist, Rep.		son,	ghes, Rep.	ler,	logg,	er,	qui Re
		-		-				Dem.	nep.		Rep.	Dem.	-
Aitkin	877	1,122	546 704	1,194 1,272	385 540	1,487 1,767	Wrlght Yellow Med.	2,262	2,683		2,539	1,111	3,
Anoka Becker	1,171 1,453	1,262 1,761	870	1.884	697	2,306	Yellow Med.	1,238	1,501	516	1,581	277	2,
Beltraml	1,912	1,331	1,168	1,884 1,798	787	2,306 2,226	Total	179 157	179 553	117,543	185 171	93,115	245
Benton	945	1,920	653	1,144	563	1,343	Plurality	110,20	396		67,628		152.
Big Stone	869 2,211	810 2.864	593 1.718	894 2,594	413 1 220	1,175 3,797	I Fer cent				l .	1	
Blue Earth Brown	1,101	2,978	1,030 749	1,996	1,229 725	2,370	Whole vote	387,	378	381	140	1 399	634
Carlton	1,115	1,096	749	1,158	549	1.401	For Preside votes; Hanly, 468; Parker, P For Unite Proh., 78,426. For Govern Proh., 19,885;	ent, 19:	16. Ber	nson, S	oc., re	eceived	29.
Carver	960 1,260	1,950 982	1,076 710	1,819 1,978	731 564	2,298 1,469	votes; Hanly,	Proh.,	7,793;	Reimer	, Indu	istrial .	Lab
Cass Chippewa	1,134	1,311	515	1,313	407	1 951	468; Parker, P	rog., Ic	or Vice	-Presid	ent, 29	Coldo	BTH O
Chisago	944	1.749	361	1.583	226	2,468 2,254	Proh., 78,426.	u stat	es se	патог,	1310,	Carder	. WOO
Clay	1,716	1,549	933	1,819	831	2,254	For Govern	or, 1916	Bent	tall, So	c., 26,30	06; And	iers
Clearwater Cook	544 162	493 125	272 88	596 172	143	846 216	Proh., 19,885;	Johnso	on, Inc	dustrial	Labo	r, 5,476	
Cottonwood	762	1,425	355	1.172	305	1,744	VOTE FOR 1	REPRES	ENTATI	VES IN	CONGI	RESS, 1	916.
Crow Wing	1,568	1,715 1,881	1,031	1,898	824	2,318 2,597	Districts. Lambe	rton	Dam	12 200 -	Ande	OPCON.	Do
Dakota	2,373	1,881	2,021	1,994	1,507 333	2,597	25,278	3	Бещ.,	10,670,	Zilut	ctaum,	rte,
Dodge	1.398	1,260 1,709	641	1,194 1,722	506	1,623 2,372	II. Eliswo	th, Re	p., 29,3	392.			
Douglas Fairbault	1.123	2.184	637	1,997	542	2,372 2,564	III. Kelly, IV. Van D	Jr., De	m., 10,	354; Da	ivis, R	ep., 25	527.
Fillmore	1,315	2,959	712 679	2,595 2,303	616) 560	3,493 2,952	Phill	ins So	1.854	i. Peter	son P	roh 1	305
Freeborn Goodhue	1,347 1,875	2,418 3,471	988	2,803	725	4,522	V. Bowler	, Dem	., 11,84	9; Lun	deen,	Rep.,	19,13
Grant	778	878	278	929	199	1,346 39,756	Latin	ner, So	c., 7,52	6; Mar	kve, P	roh., 6	,599.
Henncoin	36.395	27,957	22,434	30,547	19,790		VI. Donoh	ue, Der	n., 13,1 Krist	or; Har	old Ki	utson,	Re
Houston Hubbard	744 799	1,783 685	568 459	1,542 854	533 378	1,898 956	VII. Towns	end. De	em., 6.5	519; Vo	stead.	Rep.	21.30
Isanti	935	1,123	396	984	166	1,748	Lobe	ck, Pro	h., 11,	961.			
Isanti Itasca	1.504	1.163	1,086	1,423	890	1.636	II. Ellswoo III. Kelly. IV. Van D Phill V. Bowler Latir VI. Donoh 20,888 VII. Towns Lobe VIII. Wheele Ande IX. Swansc Thou X. Cronin Solti	rson S	11., 1,t	021; IVI 024	mer, .	кер.,	17,7
Jackson	1,272	1,593 776	745 314	1,448 894	632 214	1,965	IX. Swanso	n, Den	a., 8,313	3; Steer	erson,	Rep.,	25,42
Kanabec Kandiyohi	1,968	1,612	715	1,602	488	1,085 2,784 1,217	Thor	npson,	Soc.,	1,347.			
Kittson	749	709	393	776	211	1,217	X. Cronin	, Dem	3 782	Scholl	SOD, J	Rep.,	13,17
Koochiching.	1,089 1,047	474	679 490	698 1.655	545 357	917 2,224	30101	CTLAT	m cov	ERNME	ATOPS . 1	10,000	
Lac Qui Parle Lake	506	1,614 491	344	462	295	574	Governor.	J. A	. A.	Burno	uist:	Lleute	nan
Le Sueur	1.723	1,430 777	1,500	1,378	1,184	2,922	Governor, Governor, To Julius A. Sch urer, Henry Adjutant-Ger of Education, ance, S. D. (not stated),	homas	Frank	son; S	ecretar	y of	Stat
Lincoln	1,174	777	623 938	1.599	517 7:18	1,262 2,216 2,224	Julius A. Sch	mahl;	Audito	or, J. A	. O. P	reus;	Frea
Lyon McLeod	1,893 1,395	1,389 1,772	1,088	1,681	824	2,224	Adjutant-Ger	eral. I	Fred E	3. Woo	d: Su	perinte	nde
Mahnomen	411	262	2751	319	212	391	of Education,	C. G.	Schulz	z; Com	mission	ier of l	insu
Marshall	1,513	1,461	713 935	1,632	597 683	2,279	ance, S. D.	Works-	-all F	lepubli	cans e	xcept <sub>4</sub>	Woo
Martin Meeker	1,756 1,475	1,741 1,780	801	1,895 1,707	578	2,651 2,462	(not stated),	and w	JUDICI	IARY.	L chip.		
Mille Lacs.	1,113	1.1271	495	1.255	339	1.739 1	Supreme C Associate Ju Andrew Holt,	ourt: (	Chief J	Justice,	Calvi	n L. B	row
Morrison	1,659	1,887 2,520	1,385 960	1,812 2,259	1,100 827	2,354 3,001	Associate Ju	stices,	G. L	. Bun	n, Osc	car H	allar
Mower Murray	1,572 1,193	1,137	745	1,266	584	1,615	Andrew Hore,	STAT	E LEG	ISLATIII	RE.	. A. Ca	SWE
Nicollet	814	1,288	679	1.090	429	1,526	Legislature	non-pa	rtisan.				
Nobles	1,280	1,413	815 440	1,453	668	1,860	voz	E OF T	HE ST	ATE SI	NCE 190	04.	7
Norman Olmsted	1,076 1,926	1,046 2,10i	978	1,120 2,116	371 931	1,597 2,886	1904. Presiden	Den t. 55.	78. Re	p. Pr 651		692 161	lu. 464
Otter Tail	2,858	4,328	1,569	4,382	1,155	5,524	1906. Governo	r. 168,7	15 96, 101 195,	162	5,	006 76	,633
Pennington	1,004	868	457	1,005	368	1,365	1998. Presiden	t. 109.	101 195,	843	11,		,442
Pine Pipestone	1,507 732	1,531	1,902 468	1,414 953	737 364	2,117 1,235	1908. Governo	r. 175,6 r. 193,7		034 185			002 406
Polk	3 498	2,471 1,321	1,722	2,944	1,381	4.180	1912. Presiden	t. 196.4	26 64.	334 125.	856 27.5	505 19.	430
Pope	1,121	1,321	395 17,895	1,486 14,828	391	1,984	1912. Governo	r, 99.6			455 553 17,3		029 574
Ramsey Red Lake	694	13,317 463	396	661	12,789 362	21,260 762	Prohibition	vote	for Pr	esident	—1900.	8.555:	190
Redwood	1,361	2.020	840	1.9691	636	2.508	Prohibition 6,253; 1908, 11,	107: 1912	7,886				
Renville	1,669	2,432	952 1,449	2,196 2,527	753 1,075	3,133 3,299		IVI	SSIS	SIPP	١,		
Rice	2,083 705	2,432 2,408 1,196	104	1,218	355	1,396		PR	ESIDEN	T,	U.S.  SEN.†	GOVE	RNO
Roseau	834	821	424	877	307	1.187			1916.			191	
St. Louis	12,056	10,834 972	9,568	11,689	7,829 1,100	13,681	COUNTIES.	Wil-	Hu	Ben-	-rill-	Bilbo.	Les
Scott Sherburne	1,361 731	965	1,342 349	1,036	274	1,185 1,279	(81.)	sou, Dem.	ghes, Rep.	son, Soc.		Dem.	Soc
Siblev	973	1,737	759	1,597	583	2.094							
Stearns	3,350	4,312 1,734	3,311 1,043	3,725 1,855	2,502 936	4,743 2,398	Adams	671	42 125	1	568 1,290	200	
Steele Stevens	1,497 787	943	588	949	453	1,182	Alcorn	1,452 1,024	16	12	927	929 618	
SWIII	1.151	1.339	588 708	1,190	695	1.798	Attala	1,267 718	119	27	1.2861	1,231 783	1
1000	1,922 779	1,919 774	1,317 482	2,087 834	1,075 368	2,544 1,086	Benton	718	38		677	783	
Traverse Wabasha	1,449	1,787	1,138	1,750	973	2,152	Bolivar Calhoun	1.225	45	34	1,013	1,279	
Wadena	651	938	408	980	368	1,118	Carroll	1,225 943	34 47	16	8491	533	
Waseca	1,178	1,522	926	1,511 2,265	738 801	1,962 2,919	Chickasaw	1,215 873	47 53	40	1,143	614	
Washington. Watonwan	1,610 891	2,167 1,399	1,970 442	1,215	354	1,667	Choctaw Claiborne	435	5	28		845 182	
Wilkln	898	690	497	816	403	1.009	Clarke	1,092	49 27	29	943	900	
Winona	2,907	2,916	2,220	3,145	1,816	3,711	Clay	8321	271	29 1	820	378)	

MINNESOTA—Continued.								
		DENT, 16.		SENA- 1916.	GOVERNOR, 1916.			
COUNTIES.	Wil- son, Dem.			Kel- logg, Rep.		quist.		
Wrlght Yellow Med.	2,262 1,238				1,111 277	3,591 2,191		
Plurality Per cent		179,553 396		67,628		245,852 152.737		
Whole vote	387	378	381	140	390	624		

6,253; 1908, 11,197; 1912, 7,886.										
MISSISSIPPI.										
		1916.	NT,	SEN.†		GOVERNOR, 1915.				
COUNTIES. (81.)	Wil- sou, Dem.	Hu ghes, Rep.	Ben- son, Soc.	lams, Dem.	Bilbo, Dem.	Les- ter, Soc.				
Adams Alcorn Amite Attala Benton	671 1,452 1,024 1,267 718	42 125 16 119 38	1 12 6 27	568 1,290 927 1,286 677	200 929 618 1,231	21 71 21 107 45				
Bollvar Calhoun Carroll Chickasaw Choctaw	1,225 943 1,215 873	45 34 47 53	34 16 40 28	1,013 849 1,143 732	349 1,279 533 614 845	14 82 70 41 35				
Claiborne Clarke	435 1,092	5 49	1	384 943	182 900	74				

MISSISSIPPI—Continued.										
	PF	1916.	NT,	U.S. Sen.†	Gove 19	RNOR, 15.				
Counties.	Wil- son, Dem.	Hu ghes, Rep.	Ben- son, Soc.	Wiii- iams, Dem.	Bilbo, Dem.	ter,				
Coahoma	697			631	252	21				
Copiah Covington	1,486 836	21 20 63	3 7 71	1,341 809	846 1,015	41 147				
De Soto	861	63 12	1	831	451 598	34				
Forrest Franklin	1,146 769	54 22 32	62 6	1,105 626	496	143 48				
George Greene	341 299	32 32	29	331 341	292 242	29 18				
Grenada	649	32 28	7	628	185 187	17				
Harrison	512 1,395	68 197	55	473 1,254	461	17 22 57				
Hinds Holmes	1,395 2,220 1,070	97 21	20	1,254 2,279 1,017	910 474	56 15				
Issaquena	94 1,407	8	14 3 1	83 1,343	106	8 48				
Itawamba Jackson	7431	184 87	22	637	777 279	30				
Jasper Jefferson	1,040 456	58 3	37	998 420	677 223	33				
Jeff. Davis Jones	634 1,664	45 196	220	558 1,562	461	90				
Kemper	9391	71	18	853	1,519 1,099	323 59 37				
Lafayette Lamar	1,370 744	47 89	13 49	853 1,245 718 2,748	659 580	41				
Lauderdale	3,058 725	157 18	85 3		1,250 464	155 26				
Leake Lee	1,434	31 91	28 5	1,366 1,636	1,302 1,350	52 75				
Leflore	853 1,282	28		840	154	26				
Lincoln Lowndes	1.040	105 29	20 8	1,158 928	743 459	114 19				
Madison	782 792	36. 51	22 5	746 688	268 636	43 41				
Marshall	1.017	- 8	1	956	560	51				
Monroe Montgomery	1,684 997	82 35	15 24 43	1,613 840	845 451	54 41 147				
Neshoba	1,459 1,341	69. 19	43 56	1,397 1,251	1,391 1,106	147 59				
Noxubee Oktibbeha	656 911	10 48	3	642 869	279 628	59 34 56				
Panola	1,262 521	29	·i	1,196	575	18				
Peari River Perry	3951	35 32	23	463 354	489 210	18 22 12				
Pike Pontotoc	1,451 1,314	53 110	12 3	1,342 1,230 1,308 238	465 1,020	34 34				
Prentiss	1,342 272	164 12	32 1	1,308	1,024	131				
Quitman, Rankin	1,104	81	12	904	100 625	€ 31				
Scott Sharkey	1,106 246	25 6	18 2	1,012 232	746 290	- 13 23				
Simpson Smith	966 1,271	34 30 31	6 16	872 1,124	1,060 1,230	99 137				
Stone	451	31	5	388						
Sunflower Tailahatchie.	879 1 061	20 6	2	822 1,010	300 539	26 39 34				
Tate Tippah	1,074	18 82		954 1,465	417 1.238	54				
Tishomingo Tunica	1,547 1,031 173	175	19	986 168	482 113	42				
Union	1 666	89	. 8	1.618	956	54				
Waithall Warren	665 1,204	12 73 47	11 5 3	590 1,087	468 321	14 27 35				
Washington. Wayne	836 787	47 47	3 34	784 805	241 688	35 36				
Webster Wilkinson	944 460	143	46	765 417	848 411	96 31				
Winston	1,152 1,175	47	27	1,055	905	78				
Yalobusha Yazoo	1,175	49 25	6	1,032 1,070	549 715	37 27				
Total*	80,422	4,253	1,484	74,290	50,541	4.046				
Plurality Per cent	76,169				46,495 92.58	7.41				
Whole vote		86,679			54,	587				

<sup>\*</sup>Total does not include Bolivar Couuty, from which no returns were received. † 1916. For Vice-President, 1916, Parker, Prog., received 520 votes.

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1914. Districts—I.—Candler, Dem., 5,271; no opposition.
II.—Stephens, Dem., 5,169; no opposition. III.—
Humphreys, Dem., 2,125; McQuirter. Soc., 43.

# MISSISSIPPI-Continued.

IV.—Sisson, Dem. 4,684; Harbrough, Soc., 215,
V.—Witherspoon, Dem., 6,451; Smith, Soc., 501.
VI.—Harrison, Dem., 6,325; Sout, Soc., 295.
VIII.
—Quin, Dem., 3,702; no opposition.
VIII.—Collier.
Dem., 2,333; Raymond, Soc., 71.

STATE GOVERNMENT.
Governor, Theo. G. Bilbo; Leutenant-Governor,
Lee M. Russell; Secretary of State, J. W. Power;
Treasurer, J. P. Taylor; Auditor, Robert E. Wilson:
Adjutant-General, E. C. Scales; Superintendent of
Education, W. F. Bond; Attorney-General, Ross A.
Collins; Land Commissioner, M. A. Brown; Commissioner of Agriculture, P. P. Garner; Commissioner
of Insurance, T. M. Henry—all Democrats.

Supreme Court: JUDICIARY, Supreme Court: Chief Justice, S. Smith; Associate Justices, S. C. Cook, J. Morgan Stevens, E. O. Sykes, J. B. Holden, George H. Ethridge; Clerk, George C. Myers.

STATE LEGISLATURE.
The State Legislature is whoily Democratic.

	VOTE	OF I	HE STA				
							Plu.
	President.						
1904.	President.		. 53,376	3,187		392	50,189 D
1908.	President.		. 60,287	4,363		978	55,924 D
1911.	Governor.		. 40,200			3,822	36.378 D
1912.	President.		57.227	1.595	3.645	2.061	53.582 D
20 200				-,			,

# MISSOURI.

PRESIDENT III S SENA-I COVERNOR

			DENT, 16.	U. S.	SENA- 1916.	Gove 191	
ł	COUNTIES.	Wil-	Hu		Dick-	Gard-	
1	(115.)	son.	ghes.	Reed.	ey,	ner.	La'm.
I	(110.)	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.
ı							
ı	Adair	2,279	2,679	2,267	2,703	2,178	2,719
ı	Andrew	1,853	2.083	1,822	2,120	1,654	2,719 2,237
ľ	Atchison	1,696	1.625	1.680	1.658	1.504	1.775
ı	Audrain	3,567	1.741	3,578	1,732	3.525	1,774 2,716
ı	Barry	2,748	2,681	2.752	2,694	2,612	2,716
ł	Barton	2,219	1.595	2,196 3,230	1,628	2.123	1.625
ľ	Bates	3,254	2,592	3,230	2,642	3,127	2,651
1	Benton	1,284	1,839	1,277	1,858	1,229	1,891
ı	Bollinger	1,538	1,623	1,530	1,631	1,511	1,628
ı	Boone	5,589	2,222	5,570 10,745	2,295	5,433	2,302
Į	Buchanan	10,972	7,753	10,745	8,036	7,979	10,715
ı	Butler	2,131	2,714	2,139	2,693	2,134	2,690
ı	Caldwell	1,684 3,873	2,058	1,647	2,095 2,017	1,533	2,065 2,054
1	Callaway	929	2,010	3,870	2,017	3,803	2,054
1	Camden		1,259	914	1,274	924	1,257
ı	CapeGir'rd'u	2,994	3,749	3,020	3,733	2,952	3,396
ı	Carroli	2,825	2,977	2,789	3,012	2,709	3,035
1	Carter	588 3,332	2,105	584 3,289	471	588	465
1	Cass	3,004	1,877	1,482	2,143	3,215	2,147
1	Cedar	1,488 3,122	2,178		1,900	1,461	1,901
ı	Chariton	943	1,970	3,151 916	2,169 2,005	3,052 892	2,195 2,005
I	Christian	1.687	1,782	1.671	1,805	1,610	1,826
ı	Ciark	3,890	1.312	3,830	1,365	3,749	1,362
ł	Clinton	2,151	1,545	2 133	1,590	2,040	1,594
1	Cole	2,906	2,835	2,133 2,947	2 728	2,821	2.818
1	Cooper	2,540	2,824	2,539	2,728 2.821	2,496	2.823
1	Crawford	1.311	1,642	1.296	1,651	1,313	1,621
	Dade	1,618	1,941	1,588	1,959	1,553	1,946
١	Dailas	1,026	1,419	1,003	1,442	1,020	1 420
ı	Daviess	2,375	2.344	2,351	2,367	2,287	2,353 1,723
ı	De Kalb	1,650	1,632	1,618	1,661	1,497	1,723
1	Dent	1,457	1,249	1,452	1,257	1,432	1.263
1	Douglas	746	1,754	742	1,759	749	1,755
	Dunklin	3,721	1,920	2,683	1,934 4,309	3,679	1,939 4,303
ŀ	Franklin	2,461	4,315	2,488	4,309	2,469	4,303
	Gasconade	508 2,406	2,508 1,815	509 2,381	2,521	500	2,519
1	Gentry	7,171	7,548	7,074	1,845 7,587	2,241 6,687	1,899 7,697
	Greene	1,789	2,469	1,750	7,087	0,007	2,498
	Grundy	2,204	2 741	2,182	2,505 2,794	1,565 2,054	2,498
	Harrison	3,658	2,741 2,725	3,591	2,790	3,556	2.789
	Henry	552	1,143	536	1,164	502	1,170
	Hickory	1,614	2,028	1,582	2,066	1 412	2,211
	Hoit Howard	2,859	1,121	2,848	1,141	2.822	1,138
	Howeli	1,862	2,132	1,857	2,145	1,821	2,163
	Iron	1.029	i 874	1,031	871	1.020	878
	Jackson	44,553	32,900	43,668	33,774	40,934	36,072
	Jasper	10,504	9,335	10.385	9,498	10.119	9,535
	Jefferson	3,023	3,305	3,033	3.299	3.023	3,303
	Johnson	3,703	2,964	3,665	2,990	3,590	3,02
				-,		,	,

MISSOUR1—Continued.									
	PRESI 19	DENT, 16.	U.S.	SENA- 1916.	Gove	RNOR, 16.			
COUNTIES.	Wil-	Hu ghes,	Reed.	Dick-	Gard- ner,	La'm,			
	Dem .	Rep.	Dem.	ey, Rep.	Dem.	Rep.			
Knox	1.655	1,463	1,662	1,456	1,623	1,474			
		1,870 4,050	1.742 4,032	1,890	1,718 3,948	1,882 4,075			
Lafayette Lawrence Lewis Lincoln	2,810 2,354 2,580 3,437	3,230	2.8051	4,086 3,259	2,751 2,295 2,563	3.225			
Lewis	2,354	1,426	2,357 2,610	1,437 1,672	2,295	1.442 1.692			
Linn	3,437	1,680 2,798	3,408 2,571	2.834	3,091	2.999			
Livingston	2,610 1,630	2,418 1,415	2,571 1,622	2,463 1,426	2,488 1,609	2,474 1,424			
Lincoln. Livingston. McDonald. Macon. Madison.	3,801	3,033	3.741	3.0831	3.685	3.084			
Madison	1,310 1,313	1,228 725	1,325	1,258 728	1,305 1,272	1,251 751			
Maries	4,531	2,761	1,321 4,542	2,772	4,4051	2.869			
Mercer	1,041 298	1,730 1,861	1,034 1,387	1,747 1,878	965 1,337	1,782 1,904			
Mississippl.	1,872	1,330	1.864	1.326	1,857	1.339			
Maries Marion Mercer Miller Mississippl Moniteau Monroe	1,674	1,748 742	1,653	1,772 738	1,625 3,703	1,781 745			
Montgomery	3,725 1,991 1,367 2,717	2,076	3,743 2,001	2,080	1 06/1	2,077			
Morgan	1,367	1 675	1.357	1,682 2,042	1,325 2,706	2,077 1,706 2,033			
Newton	3,159	2,036 2,927 3,528	1,357 2,713 3,136	2,941 3,556	3,103	2,941			
Nodaway	3,871 1,781	3,528 655	3,876 1,789	3,556 663	3,683 1,780	3,654 665			
Osage	1,383	1.771	1,451	1.755	1,444	1.749			
Ozark	655 1,397	1,329 1,987	629 2,418	1,354 2,053	615 2,404	1,343 2,081			
Perry	2,448 4,663	2,076 4.314	1,401	1,988	1,407	1.982			
Pettis	4,663 1,889	1 485	4,627 1,873	1,380	4,129 1,874	4,857			
Plke	3,338	1,485 2,322	3,355 2,954	1,988 4,380 1,500 2,308	3,308 2,911	1,499 2,338			
Monroe Montgomery Morgan Now Madrid Newton Nodaway Oregon Osage Ozark Pemisoot Perry Pettis Phelps Pike Platte Polk Putaski Putnam Ralls	3,338 2,972 2,149	924 2,612	2,954 2,126	936 2,641	2,911	2,624			
Pulaski	1,339	1.002	1,340	1,007	1,320]	1,008			
Ralls	1,031	2,103 823	1,021	2,127 818	1,006 1,989	2,106 823			
Randolph Ray Reynolds Ripley St. Charles St. Clair St. Francols.	5,076 3,382 1,206	2,111 1,714	5 0531	2,111 1,734	4,819	823 2,229 1,787			
Ray	1.206	593	3,364 1,210 1,317	5891	3,177 1,195	591			
Ripley	1,322	1.055	1,317	1,055	1,302 1,921	1,051			
St. Charles	1,911 1,876	3,514 1,716	1,978 1,846	3,469 1,756	1.8171	3,512 1,766			
St. Francois.	3.660		3,6631	2,991 1,138	3,590	3,044 1,133			
Ste.Genev've	1,215 7,593 74,053 4,503 1,341	1,138 12,450	1,224 7,446 74,723	12 5121	1,221 7,166 73,742 4,370 1,315 1,543 2,791 1,202	12,808 83,939			
St. Louis City	74,053	83,632 2,967	74,723	83,172 2,997	73,742	83,939 3,059			
Schuyler	1,341	994	4,475 1,335 1,578	1 001	1,315	1.011			
Scotland	1,586 2,810	1,241 2,284	1,578 2,818	1,249 2,289	2 791	1.269 2.298			
Shannon	1,214	790	1 210	8021		806			
Shelby	2,546 3,274	1,194 2,482	2,527 3,271	1,205 2,506	2.480 3,286	1,226 2,476			
Stone	626	1,524	611	1,534	604	1,536			
Sullivan	2,444 678	2,422 1,122	2,431 662	2,435 1,139	2,391 653	2,432 1,142			
Texas	2,296 3,763	1 810	2,285 3,755	1,827	2 291	1.830			
Vernon	3,763 487	2,212	3,755	1,827 2,230 1,733	3,637 470	1.830 2,277 1.743			
Washington.	1,39 t 1,590	1,659	509 1,373	1.679	1.374	1.672			
Wayne	1,590 1,901	1,526 2,113	1,583 1,883	1,533 2,125	1,576 1,832	1,538 2,120			
ste Genev ve st. Louis City Saline. Schunderd. Schunderd. Schunderd. Stoddard. Stoddard. Stoddard. Stoddard. Stoddard. Stoddard. Stoddard. Stoddard. Waren. Warren. Warren. Washington Washington Washington Wilshington.	1,086	889	1,075	907	997	921			
		2,176	1,573	2,195	1,544	2,191			
Total Plurality Per cent Whole vote	397.016	369,167	396,163 24,451	371,712	382,295	379,692			
Per cent	27,549		24,451		2,003				
Whole vote	785	,571	782	,491	785	,538			

For President, 1916, Benson, Soc., received 14,608 votes; Hanly, Proh., 3,881; Reimer, Soc. Lab., 899.

For Governor, 1916, Adams, Soc., 14,555; Fontronon Prog. ticket, 4,041, on Proh. tleket, 4,009; Rogers, Soc. Lab., 946.

For United States Senator, 1916, O'Harra, Soc., 14,654; Scheldler, Soc. Lab., 962.

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1916. Districts.

Ronjue, Dem., 22,840; Brown, Rep., 18,566; Ferguson, Soc., 596.

# MISSOURI-Continued.

II. Rucker, Dem., 24,954; Pickett, Rep., 17,936; Till, Soc., 354.

III. Alexander, Dem., 21,568; Moulton, Rep., 17,769; Hughes, Proh., 298; Miller, Soc., 219. IV. Booher, Dem., 22.155; Geiger, Rep., 18,63 Kuncelmann, Soc., 248; Wray, Proh., 211.

Borland, Dem., 46,065; Kimbrell, Rep., 31,292; Wilcox. Soc., 1,059; Oberhen Soc. Lab., 86. v.

VI. Dicklason, Dem., 18,869; Crawford, Rep., 15,948. VII. Hamlin, Dem., 26,766; Houston, Rep., 25,953;

McElvaln, Proh., 314. VIII. Shackleford, Dem., 17,599; Gentry, Rep., 16,255.

Clark, Dem., 23,755; Cole, Rep., 21,704; Shumaker, Soc., 249; Kolkmeler, Soc. Lab., IX.

X. Meeker, Rep., 63,663; Brenneu, Dem., 43,271; Bergherm, Soc., 3,080; Morische, ——. 214.

Igoe, Dem., 23,928; Bartoe, Rep., 17,434; Long, Soc., 684: Spalty, Soc. Lab., 41. XI.

XII. Gill, Dem., 12,165: Dyer, Rep., 16,345; Davis, Soc., 360; Snavely, Soc. Lab., 47.

XIII. Hensley, Dem., 17,850; Rhodes, Rep., 17,537; Cunningham, Soc., 556.

XIV. Russell, Dem., 30,889; Hill, Rep., 29,727; Wilkinson, Spc., 2,088.

XV. Decker, Dem., 26,240; Manlove, Rep., 24,013; Elliff, Soc., 1,915; Dalton, Proh., 326; Hood, Soc. Lab., 103; Painter, Prog., 69.

XVI. Rubey, Dem., 17,303; Harrison, Rep., 16,058; Fonty, Soc., 592.

### STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor, Frederlek D. Gardner: Lleutenant-Governor, Wallace Crossley; Secretary of State, John L. Sullivan: Auditor, George E. Hackmann; Treasurer, George H. Middelkamp; Attorney-General, Frank W. McAllister; Superintendent-of Education, Vel W. Lamkin—all Democrats.

# JUDICIARY.

Supreme Court: Chief Justice, Archelaus M. Woodson; Associate Justices, Walter W. Graves, Rohert F. Walker, Charles B. Farls, H. W. Bond, James T. Blair, Fred L. Williams; Clerk, Jacob D. Allen.

# STATE LEGISLATURE.

		House.	Joint Ballot.
Democrats	. 26	78	104
Republicans	. 8	64	72
	-		
Democratic majority	12	14	20

# VOTE OF THE STATE SINCE 1900.

			Rep.			Plu.
1900.	President.	351,922	314,092		6,139	37,830 D
1904.	President.	296.312	321,449		13,009	25,137 R
1908.	President.	346.574	347,203		15,431	629 R
1912.	Governor.	337.019	217.817	109,146	28,145	119,202 D
1912.	President.	330,746	207,821	124,371	28,466	122,925 D
Pr	ohibition v	ote for	Presid	dent1	900, 5,	695; 1904,
7.191:	1908, 4,231;	1912, 5.3	380.			

# MONTANA.

	PRESIDENT, 1916.			SENA- , 1916.	GOVERNOR, 1916.		
COUNTIES.	Wil-	Hu ghes.	My- ers.	Pray,	Siew-	Ed- wards	
	Dem.		Dem.	Rep.	Dem.	Rep	
Beaverhead.	1,463		1,355	1,466		1,345	
Big Hoen	740		727	470	689		
Blaine	1,261	857	997	1,041	1,060	1,061	
Broadwarwe.			915		976		
Carbon	1,926			1,869	1,813		
Cascade	6,612				5,971	3,235	
Chouteau	2,738	1,186	2,125	1,899	2,289	1,732	
Custer	2,602	1,615			2,109	1,884	
Dawson	2,845			2,166		1,852	
Deer Lodge	4,171				3,357	2,634	
Fallon	1,845		1,402			1,223	
Fergus	5,749	3,290	1,794	3,710	4,910	3,875	

Election Returns and State Governments. 19									191				
		TANA			COVE	DVOD		NEBR	ASKA	-Cont	inued.		
	19	DENT, 16.	TOR,	1916.	Stew-	16.		PRESI 191	DENT,	U. S. TOR,	SENA- 1916.	Gover	RNOR,
Counties.	Wil- son, Dem.	Hu ghes, Rep.	Dem.	Pray, Rep.	Dem.	Rep.	Counties.	Wii- son, Dem.	Hu ghes, Rep.	Hitch cock, Dem.	Ken-	Ne- ville, Dem	Sut- ton, Rep.
Flathead Gallatin Granite Hill. Jefferson Lewis & Cl' ke Lincoln	2,978 3,661 812 3,211 1,121 1,337 1,186	2,913 2,527 574 1,709 712 3,423 807	2,987 2,171 715 2,163 982 3,589 1,064	2,850 2,710 656 2,342 78) 3,652 773	2,644 3,966 642 2,416 1,007 4,142 1,016	3,211 2,110 714 2,371 806 3,651 874 1,359	Arthur Banner Blaine Boone Box Butte Boyd Brown Buffalo	286 166 246 2,005 911 852 901	143 142 184 1,225 591 809 528	212 109 213 1,569 791 830 730	145 172 205 1,614 686 841 654	285 125 209 1,566 777 802 695	145 175 233 1,737 732 862 731
Madison Meagher Mineral Missoula Musselshell. Park Phillips	4,060 2,033	1,279 1,158 251 2,926 1,738 1,957 999	1,540 1,273 693 3,984 1,539 1,691 930	1,386 1,248 261 2,800 1,872 2,206 1,111	1,577 1,258 606 2,604 1,720 1,870 1,030	1,340 330 4,132 1,827 2,091	Butler Cass Cedar	2,332 2,595 1,715 551	2,216 1,508 1,120 1,927 1,727 369	2,555 1,298 2,136 2,237 1,957 427	2,450 1,650 1,245 2,283 1,518 462	2,508 1,165 2,202 2,322 1,849 424	2,555 1,838 1,322 2,390 1,594 515
Park Phillips Powell Pralrie Ravalli Rlehland Rosebud Sauders Sherldan	1,178 3,264	939 535 1,623 1,223 1,337 793 1,724	1,110 439 2,173 1,614 1,308 1,338 2,513	1,069 604 1,199 1,256 1,465 592 1,988	1,233 627 1,377 1,643 1,573 1,013 2,756	1,059 489 2,205 1,407 1,260 861 1,933	Cherry Cheyenne Clay Colfax Cuming Custer Dakota	1,734 834 1,975 1,628 1,424 3,609 1,032	1,091 563 1,737 897 1,551 2,047 612	1,521 841 1,772 1,570 1,814 2,829 1,001	1,247 544 1,930 666 1,149 2,812 628	1,774 2,817 972	1,351 602 2,052 908 1,229 3,177 670
Silver Bow. Stillwater. Sweet Grass. Tetou. Toole. Vailey. Wibaux	13,081 1,197 839 2,273 1,075 2,102 585	6,757 918 890 1,603 698 1,111	10,556 1,121 890 1,803 8.0 1,864	7,594 1,012 781 1,883 805 1,084	8,742 1,148 821 1,910 888 1,612 523	10,021 1,087 865 1,871 767 1,427 475	Dawson Dawson Dixon Dodge	1,989 340 1,550 2,614 24,796	751 1,441 181 1,208 2,446 14 557 347	895 1,652 282 1,277 2,598 21,878 425	919 1,710 229 1,250 2,358 17,563 482	1,158 2,644	1,002 1,790 241 1,390 2,445 17,784 519
Total Plurality Per cent Whole vote	4,259 101,063 34,313 57 177	3,281 66,750 38 ,679	3,827 85 580 12.827 50 167	3,210 72,753 43 ,625	85,683 9,136 49 173	3,081 76.547 .572	Dundy	1,911 1,345 1,138 1,607 3,385 598	1,561 1,081 736 1,163 3,383 306	1,778 1,355 917 1,292 3,483 500	1,697 1,066 919 1,414 3,259 378	1,789 1,306 902 1,234 3,396 536	1,734 1,143
For Presid votes; — I For United 9,292 votes. For Govern ceived votes. VOTE FOR I	State	s Sena 16, Dui	tor, 191 ican, S	6, La 1 Soc., r	Beau, S eceived	soc. re- 11,342	Gosper Grant Greeley Hall. Hamilton Harlan Hayes	617 241 1,289 2,483 1,816 1,267	434 157 627 2,555 1,444 824	598 215 1,070 2,441	436 166 685 2,400 1,671 1,036	513 133 1,204 2,617 1,547 1,043	2,480 1,765 1,092
(Montana's Evans, Der Mitchell, Der Soc., 9,002; M	s two C a., 84,49 a., 70,5 eissead STA	Congres 19; Jea 78; Fai er, Soc FE GOV 1 V S	smen nette r, Ren ., 8,479 ERNME tewart,	Rankir Rankir ., 66,97 NT. Dem.	ted at 1. Rep. 4; McC	large.) ,76,932; Juffey, enant-	Hitchcock Holt Hooker Howard Jefferson Johnson	733 2,213 218 1,695 1,841 1,113	435 1,568 109 698 1,813 1,373	605 2,078 184 1,507	541 1,683 141 890 1,924	596 1,993 197 1,577 1,736	558 1,8 i 6 141 854 1,889
(Montana) Evans, Der Mitchell, Der Soc., 9,002; M Governor, W State, Charle Hart, Rep.; jutant-Gener General, S. C cation, May surance, the	X. W. Sa T. S Audito al, Ph C. Foro Trum	McDo Stewar or, Wil iil. Gr 1, Rep per, R	well, land Repliam Feenan, Supereplication Communication Communication Replication Replica	Dem.: .; Trea eating Dem erinten ommis	Secretasurer, Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demonstrate Company Demo	ary of H. L. L.; Ad- corney- f Edu- of In-	Kearney Keith Keya Paha Kimball Knox Lancaster	1,390 544 401 288 2,329 9,093	760 389 316 223 1,910 7,042	497 334 270 2,248 6,799	1,03 413 36 32 31,97 9,04	1,148 567 311 7 297 8 2,246 3 7,076	1,042 402 403 321 1,981 9,257
Supreme ( Justices, Syd J. T. Carroll	Court: .ney S:	Chlei anner, Tr. Lec	Wm.	ce, T L. Hol	heo. B loway;	Clerk,	Lincoln Logan Loup McPherson. Madison Merrick	283 219 18- 2,258 1,349	172 164 106 107 1178	232 169 129 2,369 1,202	200 190 130 2,320	7 260 177 9 144 7 2,355 9 1,214	209 222 160 2,439 1,380
Democrats Republicans	TE OF	THE S	14 27 13 R	49 46 3 D	900.	63 73 10R Plu.	Nance Nemaha Nuckolls Otoe Pawnee	1,165 1,658 1,733 2,344 1,171	930 1,438 2 1,41 2,12 1 2,12	89- 8 <b>1,</b> 596	1,18 1,49 1,59 1,88 9 1,36	1,599 1,538 5 2,430 1,103	1.449 1.636 2,137 1,373
1900. Preside 1904. Preside 1904. Govern 1908. Preside 1908. Govern 1912. Preside 1912. Govern	or nt or	29,326 32,282 27,941 25,381	30,792 18,512 22,950	22,456 18,881	708 1 5,676 1	1,490 D 5,485 D 2,431 D	Perkins Phelps Pierce Platte Polk Red Willow Richardson Rock Saline	1,425 1,030 2,415 1,600 1,415	971 1,228 2 1,918 1,060 971 2 2,031 973	971 1,179 1,286 1,29- 7 1,199 2,500 5 2,500	1,400 9 1,030 6 1,55 4 1,28 9 1,12 2,22 45	943 1,158 1 2,738 4 1,275 3 1,179 2,449 6 314	1,475 1,116 1,616 1,402 1,164 2,358 524
Counties,	PRES 19 Wil- son,	(Hu	U. S. TOR Hitel	SENA 1916. Men nedy	Ne- ville	ton,	Saunders Scott's Bluff Seward Sherldan	2,67 1,58 1,79 1,15	88 1 1,95 7 1,14 7 1,85 8 60	5 1,32 7 2,30 4 1,24 5 1,93 4 97	6 93 2 2,32 0 1,41 6 1,68 5 71	2 1,321 9 2,444 3 1,193 5 1,973 8 956	988 2,299 1,498 1,741 817
Adams Antelope	Dem	Rep.	Dem	. Rep	. Dem	. Rep.	Sherman	1,20 73 89	7 34 9 73	4 63 6 93	0 42 5 64	1 58 2 99	663

# NEBRASKA-Continued.

		DENT,	U.S. TOR,		GOVERNOR, 1916.		
COUNTIES,	Wil-		Hitch		Ne- ville,	Sut-	
	son, Dem	ghes, Rep	cock, Dem	nedy, Rep	Dem	ton, Rep.	
Thomas	261	211	204	185	207	204	
Thurston	1,255	717	1.217	862	1,161	919	
Valley	1,388	840	1,088	1,132	1,109	1,151	
Washington.	1,555	1,297	1,617	1,266	1,557	1,373	
Wayne	1,006		1,109		1,063	1,193	
Webster	1.469	1.191	1,214	1,366	1,233	1.439	
Wheeling	270	163	228	221	223	233	
York	2.206	2,011	1,878	2,220	1,909	2,849	
Totai		117,771			143,361	127,701	
Plurality	11,256		11,223		5,660		
Per cent	55	40	50		19		
Whole vote	286	,8°6	235,	195	292	,139	

For President, 1916, Benson, Soc., received 7,141 votes; Hauly, Proh., 2,897.
For Governor, 1916, Millikan, Soc., received 6,861 votes; Graves, Proh., 4,215.
For United States Senator, 1916, Olmstead, Soc., received 7,425 votes; Gilbert, Proh., 4,429.

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1916. Districts.

- Maguire, Dem., 16,894; Reavis, Rep., 21,021; Abel, Soc., 693.
- II. Lobeck, Dem , 25, Porter, Soc., 2,922. 25,617; Baker, Rep., 17,578;
- III. Stephens, Dem., 28,055; Warner, Rep., 25,541; Woodcock, Soc., 748.
- IV. Stark, Dem., 18,798; Sloan, Rep., 21,054; Ittner, Soc., 680
- nallenberger, Dem., 22,6 18,293; Elliott, Soc., 1,062. V. Shallenberger, 22,686; Barton, Rep.,
- VI. McDermott, Dem., 22,317; Kinkaid, Rep., 33,559; Canright, Soc., 2,171; Stebbins, Proh., 474

# STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor, Kelth Neville; Lleutenant-Governor, Edgar Howard; Secretary of State, C. W. Pool; Treasurer, G. E. Hall; Audltor, W. H. Smith; Attor-ney-General, W. E. Reed; Superintendent of Educa-tion, W. H. Clemmons—all Democrats.

# JUDICIARY.

Supreme Court: Chief Justice, A. M. Morrissey; Justices, Chas. B. Letton, Francis G. Hamer, William B. Rose, Samuel H. Sedgwick, James R. Dean, Albert J. Cornish; Clerk, H. C. Lindsay.

# STATE LEGISLATURE. Scnate. House. Joint Ballot.

Domocrats

6,823; 1908, 5,179; 1912, 3,383.

Republicans	11	33		49	
		-			
Democratic majority.	11	24		35	
VOTE OF THE S	TATE	SINCE	1904.		
$Dem_{\cdot}$	Rep.	Prog.	Soc.	Plu.	
1904. President 51,876	138,558	8	7,412	86,682	R
1906. Governor 84,885	97,859	3	2,999	12,973	K
1908. President 131,059	126,997		3,524	4,102	ñ
1910. Governor 107,522	122,883	3	6,268	10,361	n
1912. President 109,008	31,210	0 0 655	5 724	18 977	D
1914. Governor, . 120,206	Presid	ent10	00 3 6	55: 19	04.
Prohibition vote for	Presid	lent19	100, 3,6	55; 19	U4.

# NEVADA.

	PR	ESIDEN 1916.	TT,	U. S. SENATOR, 1916.			
COUNTIES. (16.)	Wil- son, Dem.	Hu ghes, Rep.	Ben- son, Soc.	Pitt- man, Dem.	Platt, Rep	Mil- ler, Soc.	
Churchill Clark Elko	831 1,115 301 2,020	531 529 337 1,072	184 194 43 225	653 769 192 1,452	444 410 280 1,064	419 621 212 746	

# NEVADA-Continued

	PF	ESIOEI 1916.	NT,	U. S. SENATOR, 1916.			
COUNTIES.		Hu	Ben-	Pitt-	Diett	Mil-	
	Dem.	ghes, Rep.	son, Soc.	man, Dem.	Platt. Rep	ler, Soc.	
Esmeralda	1.135	711	418	806	517	946	
Eureka	263	239	15	195	199	98	
Humboldt'.	1,681	1,004	294	1.222	781	995	
Lander	473	322	130	305	291	343	
Lincoln	634	202	51	466	160	229	
Lyon	769	669		629	461	526	
Mineral	617	386		375	326	419	
Nye	1,601	1,019		1,114	863	1,110	
Ormsby	610	534	63	473	521	220	
Storey	465	403		369	120	89	
Washoe	3,311	3,225		2,636	2,848	1,589	
White Pine	1,922	948	239	1,212	832	1,010	
Total	17,778	12,131	3,069	12,868	10,450	9,572	
Plurality	5,647			2,118	:		
Per cent	53	36	8	39	31	29	
Whole vote		32,978			32,890		

For Governor, 1914, Boyle, Dem., received 9,623 votes; Oddie, Rep., 8,530; Morgan, Soc., 3,391.

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVE IN CONGRESS, 1916.] Nevada's one Congressman is elected at large. Caine, Dem., 13,117; Roberts, Rep., 14,105; Scanlan, Soc., 5,125.

#### STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor, Emmet D. Boyle; Lieutenant-Governor and Adjutant-General, Maurice J. Sullivan; Secretary of State, George Brodigan; Treasurer, Ed. Malley; Comptroller, George A. Cole; Superintendent of Public Instruction, John Edward Bray; Attorney-General, Geo. B. Thatcher—all Democrats.

#### TUDICIARY.

Supreme Court: Chief Justice, P. A. McCarron; Justices, Ben W. Coleman and J. A. Sanders; Clerk, H. R. Mighels.

# STATE LEGISLATURE.

	Schale.	House.	Join Banon
Republicans	 . 11	16	27
Democrats		20	26
Independent		1	1

Trans. Today Dallot

VOTE OF THE STATE SINCE 1904.

	Dcm.	Rev.	Prog.	Soc.	Plu.
1904. President	3.982	6.867			2,885 R
1906 Governor	8,686	5,338			3,348 D
1908. President	11.212	10,775		2,103	437 D
1910. Governor	8,798	10.435		1.393	1,637 R
1913. President	7.986	3.196	5,620	3,313	2,366 D
1914. U. S. Senator		8,038		5,451	40 D

# NEW HAMPSHIRE.

	PR	ESIDEN	T,	GOVERNOR, 1916.			
Counties. (10.)	Wil- son, Dem	Hu ghes, Rep.	Ben- son, Soc.	Hut- chins, Dem		Wil- kins, Soc,	
Belknap. Carroll. Cheshire. Coos. Grafton Hillsborough Merrlmack. Rockingham Strafford. Sullivan. Total. Plurality. Per cent.	2,310 2,003 2,779 3,247 4,614 10,939 5,967 4,040 2,215 43,781 56 49	49	114 49 29 1,318	5,443 4,829 3,611 1,840	10,546 6,170 6,151 4,234 2,340 45,851 7,046 50	106 49 26 1,199	
Whole vote		89,127			86,242		

For President in 1916, Hanly, Proh., received 303 For Governor, 1916, Meras, Proh., 288; Keyes, on Prog. ballot, 48; scattering, 3.

# NEW HAMPSHIRE-Continued.

vote for united states senator, 1914. Stevens, Dem., received 36,382 votes; Gallinger, Rep., 42,113; Greer, Prog., 1,938; Wilkins. Soc., 1,089.

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1916.

Districts.

I. Woodbury, Dem., 19,806; Sulloway, Rep., 21,826; Kierdorf, Soc., 592; Newell, Proh., 144.

II. Stevens, Dem., 29,145; Wason, Rep., Prog., 22,326; Kunberger, Soc., 570; Simonds, Proh., 125.

Governor, Henry W. Keyes, Rep.; Secretary of State, Edwin C. Bean, Rep.; Treasurer, John W. Huward, Rep.; Adjutant-General, Charles W. Howard, Rep.; Attorney-General, J. P. Tuttle, Rep.; Superintendent of Public Instruction, Henry C. Morrison, Dem.; Commissioner of Insurance, R. J. Merrill, Prog.

Supreme Court: Chief Justice, Frank N. Parsons; Associate Justices, Reuben E. Walker, John E. Young, Robert J. Peaslee, William A. Plummer; Clerk, Arthur C. Chase.

STATE	LEGISLA'		
	Senate.	House	e. Joint Ballot
Republicans	16	240	256
Democrats		160	168
Republican majority	8	80	88
VOTE OF TH	E STATE	SINCE	1904.

Kepu	Diffican maj	OLI	у	0	00		00	
	VOTE	OF	THE ST	ATE SI	NCE 19	104.		
			Dem.	Rep.	Prog.	Soc.	Plu.	
1904.	President.		. 33.992	54.177		1,090	20,185	R
1906.	Governor.		. 37.672	40.581		1,011	2,909	R
1908.	President.		. 33,655	53.149		1,299	19,494	R
1908.	Governor.		. 41.386	44.630		1.086	3,244	R
1910.	Governor.		. 37,737	44,908		1.022	7,171	R
1912.	President.		. 34.724	32,927	17.794	1.981	1.797	D
	Governor.				2,572	1.423	12,739	R
****	Co. or Mor .			,	-,0,0	-,		

# NEW JERSEY.

		DENT,	U.S.	SENA-	GOVERNOR, 1916.			
COUNTIES.	WII-	Hu		Fr'l'g	Witt-			
(21.)	son,	ghes,		h'ys'n		Edge,		
	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.		
					4.005	0.070		
Atlantlc	5,467	9,713	3,892	9,806	4,387	9,952		
Bergen	11,530	18,494	8,701	14,809	9,791	14,693		
Burlington	6,535	8,803	4,965	8,535	5,651	8,127		
Camden	14,010	18,318	10,328	18,144	11,303	17,632		
Cape May	2,097	2,904	1,505		1,553	2,605		
Cumberland.	4,573	5,692	2,938	5,253	3,320	5,109		
Essex	34,596	54,167	28,184	51,480	26,067	53,201		
Gloucester	3,745		2,701	4,921	3,045	4,828		
Hudson	44,663	42,518	39,873		42,412	34,982		
Hunterdon	4,462	3,408	3,601	3,355	2,807	3,176		
Mercer	10,621	14,213	8,349	12,792		12,771		
Middlesex	9.975	11,851	8,788	10,919	8,995			
Monmouth	10,729	11,624	8,784	10,299	9,376	10,191		
Morris	6,798	8,530	5,194	8,354	5,223	8,361		
Ocean	2,076	3,386	1,264	2,245	1,376	2,418		
Passalc	13,340	18,754	9,860	18,567	10,662	18,642		
Salem	3,353	4,080	2,493	3,475	2,565			
Somerset	3,653	4,707	2,700	5,114	3,044	4.509		
Sussex	3,093	2,461	1,823	1,693	2,415	2,470		
Union	10,328	16,705		15,285		16,313		
Warren	5,374	3,202	4,197	2,927	4,239	3,076		
Total	211,018	268,982	170,019	244,715	177,696	247,343		
Plurality		1 57.964		74.696		69.647		
Per cent	42	1 54			39	55		
Whole vote		4-12	437	,096	446	,146		

For President, 1916, Benson, Soc., received 10.4 votes; Hanly, Proh., 3,182; Reimer, Soc. Lab., 855. received 10.405

For United States Senator, 1916, Doughty, Soc., received 13,358 votes; Barbour, Proh., 7,178; Katz, Soc. Lab., 1,326.

For Governor, 1916, Krafft, Soc., received 12,900 tes; Vaughan, Proh., 5,873; Butterworth, Soc. votes; Val Lab., 2,334.

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1916.

Districts.
1. Cattell, Dem., 15,229; Browning, Rep., 26,589; Snyder, Soc., 1,667; Day, Proh., 1,636.

# NEW JERSEY-Continued.

- II.
- Myers, Dem., 14,220; Bacharoch, Rep., 24,865; Warren, Soc., 880; Gamble, Proh., 1,654. Scully, Dem., 22,369, Carson, Rep., 22,380; Albertson, Soc., 604; McDuffie, Proh., 880.\* III.
- Beekmau, Dem., 16,926; Hutchinson, Rep. 18,131; Van Nest, Soc., 744; Lunger, Proh., 500
- 18,131; Yan Nest, Soc., 744; Lunger, Proh., 500
  Y. Tuttle, Dem., 17,176; Capstick, Rep., 20,951;
  Breisford, Soc., 1,493; Burgholz, Soc. Lab.,
  217: Chandler, Proh., 613.
  VI. Heath, Dem., 18,770; Ramsey, Rep., 21,464; De
  Yoe, Soc., 1,295; Leiferts, Proh., 746.
  VII. Boardmere, Dem., 7,880; Drukker, Rep., 15,931;
  Kershot, Soc., 2,326; Rauer, Soc. Jab., 188;
  Schweikert, Proh., 2,617.
  VIII. Kinkead, Dem., 15,395; Gray, Rep., 18,663;
  Bircher, Soc., 1,550; MacMillan, Proh., 278.

- IX.
- Matthews, Dem., 17,625; Parker, Rep., 14,641; Wherett, Soc., 1,923; Berr; man, Proh., 382. Flanagan, Dem. 12,341; Lehlbach, Rep., 21,822; Cairns, Soc., 1,492; Wiegand, Proh., 303. X.
- Eagan, Dem., 15,769; Brennan, Rep., 9,049; Bausch, Soc., 1,112; Hendrick, Ind. Dem., 708. XI.
- XII. Hamil, Dem., 17,365; Dear, Rep., 12,058; Mead, Soc., 892; Hillas, Prob., 145.

\* Original returns. As result of contest in Supreme Court, Scully was found to have a plurality of 202 votes. Contest carried to higher court by Carson.

Governor, Walter E. Edge, Rep.; Secretary of State, Thomas F. Martin, Dem.; Treasurer, William T. Read, Rep.; Comptroller, Edward I. Edwards, Dem.; Atoricy-General, John W. Wescott, Dem.; Commissioner of Education, Calvin N. Kendall, Dem.; Commissioner of Insurance, G. M. La Monte,

Dem. JUDICIARY.
Court of Errors and Appeals: Composed of the Chancellor, presiding; the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court; the Associate Justices and six lay Judges as follows: Chancellor, Edwin Robert Walker; Chief Justice, William S. Gummere; Justices, Charles G. Garrison, Francis J. Swayze, Thomas W Trenchard, Charles W. Parker, James J. Bergen, James F. Minturn, Samuel Kalisch, Charles C. Black; Lay Judges, John Josiah White, Henry S. Terhune, Ernest J. Heppenhelmer, Robert Williams, Frank M. Taylor, and Walter P. Gardner.

STATE LEGISLATURE.
Scrate. House. Joint Ballot.

Democrats	6	16 44	22 59
Republican majority	. 9	28	37

### NEW MEXICO.

		DENT, 16.	U. S. TOR,		GOVERNOR, 1916.			
COUNTIES. (26.)	Wil- son.	Hu ghes.	Jones,	Hub- bell,	De Baca,	Bur-		
(201)	Dem.		Dem.	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.		
Bernalillo	2,394	2,711	2,419	2,682 836	2,353 2,122	2,735 952		
Colfax	2,006	1,835	1 984	1,927	1,981	1,815 493		
Doña Aña	1.078	1.696	1,128	1,553	1,146	1,533		
Grant		1,869	2,451	1,718	1,978	2,163		
Lincoln	1 200	889	853	900	716	1,019		
McKinley	550	669	585	633	549	670		
ChavesColfaxCurryDoña AñaEddyGrantGuadalupe	2,275 2,006 1,175 1,078 1,402 2,305	862 1,835 355 1,606 425 1,869 1,067 889 418 669	2,327 1 984 1,184 1,128 1,457 2,451 1,170 853 857 585	836 1,927 330 1,553 396 1,718 1,070 900 367 633	2,122 1,981 1,011 1,146 1,383 1,978 1,205 716 756 549	1 1 2 1 1		

# NEW MEXICO-Continued.

		DENT, 16.	U. S. TOR,	SENA- 1916.	GOVERNOR, 1916.			
COUNTIES.	Wil- son,	ghes.	Jones.	Hub- bell.	De Baca,	Bur- cum,		
	Dem.	Rep	Dem	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.		
Otero	824	561	821	576	765	618		
Quay Rio Arriba	1,539 1,528	598 1,992	1,584 1,434	599 2,046	1,411 1,522	727 1,962		
Roosevelt	1,088	230	1,093	228	1,081 754	232 590		
Sandoval San Juan	734 637	611 385	735 659	607 359	566	439		
San Miguel	2,231	2,932	2,228	2,908 1,709	2,521 1,492	2,606 1,745		
Santa Fe Sierra	1,406 493	1,830 460	1,525 498	446	427	515		
Socorro	1,558 910	1,954 1,320	1,605 881	1,883 1,334	1,310 1,107	2,199 1,116		
Taos Torrance	679	918	698	920	665	937		
Union	1,996 383	1,495 1,540	1,924 397	1,561 1,526	1,896 405	1,553 1,525		
Valencia								
Total Ralir'd vote.	33,527 166	31,152	33,982 161	30,609 13	32,732 143	31,524		
Plurality	2,530		3,521		1,323			
Per cent Whole vote	50	l 46 967	51	798 45	19	551 47		
WILDIE VOLE	, ,,	0.71	00,		1 0040.71			

For President, 1916, Benson, Soc., whole vote 1,999; Hanly, Proh., 112.
For United States Senator, 1916, Metcalf, Soc., whole vote, 2,033.
For Governor, 1916, Wells, Soc., whole vote, 2,124.

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVE IN CONGRESS, 1916. (New Mexico has one Congressman, elected at large.) Walton, Dem., 32,592; Hernandez, Rep., 32,056; Eggum, Soc., 2,052.

STATE GOVERNMENT.
Governor, E. C. De Baca, Dem.: Lieutenant-Governor, W. E. Lindsey, Rep.: Secretary of State, Antonio Lucero, Dem.: Treasurer, H. L. Hail, Dem.: Auditor, W. G. Sargent, Rep.: Adjutant-General, Harry T. Herring, Dem.; Autorney-General, Harry L. Patton, Dem.; Superintendent of Public Instruction, John H. Wagner, Rep.: Commissioner of Insurance, Jacobo Chavez, Rep.

Supreme Court: Chief Justice, R. H Hanna; Associate Justices, Clarence J. Roberts and Frank W. Parker; Clerk, José D. Sena.

STATE LEGISLATURE. Senate. House. Joint Ballot. Republicans......
Democrats..... 29 20 43 30 10

Republican majority.. 4 9 13 vote of the State since Admission.

Dem. Rep. Prog. Soc. Plu,
1912. President . . . . 20,437 17,733 8,347 2,859 2,704 D

# NEW YORK.

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN C. NGRESS. 1916. District.

Counties of Suffolk, Nassau, and Queens (part). Brown, Dem., Amer., 16,302; Hicks, Rep., Ind. L., N. P., 29,011: Duryea, Proh., 244; Blossman, Soc., 361.

County of Queens (part). Caldwell, Dem., 21,110; Burden, Rep., 19,504; Katz, Soc., 2,611. County of Kings (part). Flynn, Dem., 11,670; Chambers, Rep., 13,381; Ross, Soc., 1,552.

County of Kings (part). Dale, Dem., 8,861; Stein, Rep., 7,044; Haffner, Soc., 2,451. County of Kings (part). Maher, Dem., 12,653; Philipban, Rep., 11,264; Hansen, Soc.,

1,357. County of Kings (part). Stengle, Dem., 17,436; Rowe, Rep., 29,107; Flchandler, Soc., 1,222. VI.

County of Kings (part). Fitzgerald, Dem., 15,151; Bowman, Rep., 8,339; Frazer, Soc., 452.
County of Kings (part). Griffin, Dem., 22,850; Morehouse, Rep., 13,387; Leips, Soc., VII.

1,204. Counties of Queens (part) and Kings (part). Torberg, Dem., 16,575; Swift, Rep., 25,701; Love, Soc., 2,815.

# NEW YORK-Continued.

- County of Kings (part). Wasserman, Dem., 8,850; Haskell, Rep., 11,057; Felgenbaum, Soc., X. 4,567.
- Counties of Richmond and New York (part) XI. Rlordan, Dem., 13,047; Lessier, Rep., 9,535; Kramer, Soc., 460.
- County of New York (part). Sanders, Dem., 5,763; Block, Rep., 368; London, Soc., 6,103.
- County of New York (part). Sullivan, Dem., 5,114; Dostal, Rep., 3,886; Claessens, Soc., 1,644.
- County of New York (part). Farley, Dem., 6,915; LaGuardia, Rep., 7,272; Sockheim, Soc., 2,536.
- County of New York (part). Conry, Dem., 13,362; Henkel, Jr., Rep., 7,996; O'Reilly, Soc. 770. XV.
- XVI. County of New York (part). Dooling, Dem., 12,115; Taft, Rep., 10,761; Frost, Soc. 506.
- . County of New York (part). Carew, D 11,213; Bates, Rep., 9,764; Seltzer, Soc., 890.
- I. County of New York (part). Patten, Dem., 11,826; Francis, Rep., 12,196; Ottenberg, Soc., 2.407.
- XIX. County of New York (part). Schaap, Dem., 14.817; Chandler, Rep., 19,922; Maikiel, Soc., 1,514.
- County of New York (part). Rosenblatt, Dem., 3,907; Siegel, Rep., 4,542; Hiliquit, Soc., Rosenblatt, 4,129.
- Countles of New York (part) and Bronx (part). Hulbert, Dem., 14,107; Ansorge, Rep., 10,953; Braunstein, Soc., 1,434.
- XXII. Counties of New York (part) and Bronx (part), Bruckner, Dem., 21,284; Francis, Rep., 9,878; Gollin, Soc, 2,244.
- XXIII. Counties of New York (part) and Bronx (part). Oliver, Dem., 25,535; Bennett, Rep., 22,856; Dobsevage, Soc., 5,810.
- V. Counties of Bronx (part) and Westchester (part), Oglesby, Dem., Amer., 18,439; Fairchild, Rep., Ind. L. Proh., Nat. Prog., 25,713; Schonberg, Soc., 3,710.
- . Counties of Rockland and Westchester (part), Pugsley, Dem., Ind. L., Nat. Prog., 11,316; Husted, Rep., 23,816; Parent, Prob., 523; Kobbe, Soc., 574.
- XXVI. Countles of Dutchess, Orange and Putnam. Cox. Dem., 18,825; Platt, Rep., Ind. L., Nat. Prog., 23,314; Ramsdell, Proh., 471; Schefer, Soc., 420.
- II. Counties of Columbia, Greene, Schoharie, Sullivan and Ulster. Woodward. Dem., 17,674; Ward, Rep., Ind. L., Amer., Nat. Prog., 24,634; Smiley, Prob., 972; Winkler, Soc., 373.
- III. Counties of Albany and Rensselaer (part). Collins, Dem., Ind. L., 21,436; Sanierd. Rep., Nat. Prog., 27,722; Chaloux, Prob., 294; XXVIII. Defern, Soc., 507.
- X. Counties of Saratoga, Warren, Washington, Rensselaer (part). Parker, Rep., Nat. Prog., 21,888; Roffus, Proh., 2,134; Corblin, Soc., 1,732. Counties of Futton, Hamilton, Montgomery and Schenectady, Lunn, Dem., Ind. L., Amer., Nat. Prog., Ind., 19,315; Forest, Rep., 19,318; Blessting, Proh., 970; Merrill, Soc., 2,126.
- XXXI. Countles of Clinton, Essex, Franklin and St. Lawrence. Roberts. Dem., 10,934; Snell, Rep., 24,936; Waliace, Proh., 887; Thompson, Nat. Prog., 211; Dodd, Soc., 132.
- XXXII. Counties of Jefferson, Lewis, Madison and Oswego. Plaff, Drm., 11,323; Matt. Rep., Ind. L., Nat. Prog., 28,744; Watson, Prob., 2,209; Rockburn, Sr., Soc., 580.
- XXXIII. Counties of Herkimer and Oneida, Talcott, Dem., 18,944; Snyder, Rep., Amer., Nat. Prog., 25,299; Moult, Proh., 668; Loysen, Soc., 607.
- CIV. Countles of Broome, Chenango, Delaware and Otsego. Wilber, Dem., 15,895; Fairchild, Rep., Ind. L., Nat. Prog., 27,895; Hoag, Proh., 2,537; White, Soc., 629. XXXIV.

# NEW YORK -Continued.

XXXV. Counties of Cortland and Onondaga. Mallery, Dem., 16,059; Magee, Rep., Ind. L., Nat. Prog., 31,429; Porter, Proh., 2,231; Strebel,

XXXVI. Counties of Cayuga, Ontario, Seneea, Wayne and Yates. Hotchkiss, Dem., 15,293; Gould, Rep., Nat. Prog., 28,325; Gardner, Proh., 1,535; Wright, Soc., 301.

XXXVII. Counties of Chemung, Schuyler, Steuben, Tioga and Tompkins. Paimer, Dem., Amer., 20,291; Pratt, Rep., Ind. L., Nat. Prog., 21,029; Decker, Proh., 2,164; Roth, Soc., 658.

XXXVIII. County of Monroe (part). Gerling, Dem., 13,861; Dana, Rep., 29,894; Atwater, Proh., 746; Swain, Soc., 1,390.

#### NEW YORK-Continued.

XXXIX. Counties of Genesee, Livingston, Orleans, Wyoming and Monroe (part). White, Dem., 13,424; Sanders, Rep., 28,393; Schueber, Proh., 1,367; Hilsdort, Soc., 426.

Counties of Niagara and Erie (part Giifillan, Dem., Nat. Prog., 15,011; Dempse Rep., 27,652; Wallenmeir, Jr., Amer., 6. Stevens, Proh., 508; Till, Soc., 892.

County of Erie (part). Smith, Dem., Amer 21,265; Crosby, Rep., Proh., Nat. Prog., 15,508; Heisler, Soc., 1,090.

XLII. County of Eric (part). Driscoll, Dem., 15,411; Waldrow, Rep., Nat. Prog., 16,623; Hawkes, Soc., 580.

II. Counties of Allegany, Cattaraugus and Chautauqua. French. Dem., 11,414; Hamilton, Rep., Nat. Prog., 27,186; Amiden, Proh., 1,397; Eberman, Soc., 1,505.

# ACTS OF CONCRESS.

Some of the bills of a public nature which became laws in the Sixty-fourth Congress:

Joint resolution providing for an increase of the enlisted men of the army in an emergency.

No. 18. Joint resolution authorizing the erection on the public grounds in the City of Washington, District of Columbia, of a memorial fountain to Aired Nobel.

No. 18. An act providing for an increase in number of midshipmen at the United States Naval Academy.

Senate joint resolution to provide for e Texas Bicentennial Pan-American Ex-No. 20. holding the Tex position in 1918.

No. 20. An act for the coinage of a McKlnley souvenir gold dollar, in commemoration of the erection of a memorial to William McKinley, late President of the United States.

No. 22. Joint resolution authorizing the Secretary of Commerce to sell skins taken from fur seals killed on the Pribliof Islands for food purposes.

Killed on the Priblio Islands for food purposes. No. 23. Joint resolution to authorize the President to draft members of the National Guard and of the organized militia of the several States. Territories, and the District of Columbia and members of the National Guard and Milltia Reserves into the military service of the United States under certain conditions, and for other purposes.

No. 26. An act making appropriations to supply further urgent deficiencies in appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1916, and prior years, and for other purposes.

No. 41. An act making appropriations to supply urgent deficiencies in appropriations for the military establishment for the fiscal year 1916.

No. 44. An act to create an additional Judge in the District of New Jersey.

No. 56. An act to establish in the War Department and in the Navy Department, respectively, a roll, designated as "the Army and Navy Medal of Honor Roll," and for other purposes.

No. 57. An act prohibiting the use of the name of any Member of either House of Congress or of any officer of the Government by any person, firm, or corporation practising before any department or office of the Government.

No. 68. An act to amend section 3 of an act entitled "An act to promote the safety of employée and travellers upon rallroads by limiting the hours of of service of employés thereon," approved March 4,

1907. No. 69. An act to provide for an increase in the number of cadets at the United States Military Academy.

No. 79. No. 79. An act to permit issue by the supply departments of the army to certain military schools

and colleges,
No. 83. An act to prevent fraudulent advertising in the District of Columbia.

No. 92. An act to appropriate \$200,000 for training the organized militia or National Guard of any State. Territory, or of the District of Columbia. No. 115. An act to amend "An act to protect the birds and animals in Yellowscone National Park,

and to punish crimes in said park, and for other purposes." approved May 7, 1894.

No. 143. An act making appropriations for fortifications and other works of defence, for the armament thereof, for the procurement of heavy ordnance for trial and service, and for other purposes.

No. 157. An act making an appropriation for the relief and transportation of destitute American citizeus In Mexico.

No. 153. An act to provide capital for agricultural development, to create standard forms of investment based upon farm mortgage, to equalize rates of interest upon farm loans, to furnish a market for United States bonds, to create Government depositaries and financial agents for the United States, and for other purposes.

No. 160. An act to accept a deed of gift or conveyance from the Lincoln Farm Association, a corporation, to the United States of America, of land near the town of Hodgenville, County of Larue, State of Kentucky, embracing the homestead of Abraham Lincoln and the log cabin in which he was born, together with the memorial hall inclosing the former, and, further, to accept an assignment or transfered an endowment fund of \$50,000 in relation

No. 171. An act to establish a national park in the Territory of Hawaii.

No. 191. An act making appropriations for the support of the Military Academy for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1917, and for other purposes.

No. 216. An act, to open abandoned military reservations in the State of Nevada to homestead entry and desert-land entry, and to amend an act entitled "An act to open abandoned military reservations in the State of Nevada to homestead entry," approved October 1, 1890.

No. 222. An act to amend an act entitled "An act making appropriations to provide for the expenses of the government of the District of Columbia for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1914, and for other DUPPOSES.

No. 240. An act to declare the purpose of the people of the United States as to the future political status of the people of the Philippine Islands, and to No. 240. provide a more autonomous government for those islands.

No. 245. An act for erecting a suitable memorial to John Ericsson.

No. 249. An act to prevent Interstate commerce in the products of child labor, and for other purposes.

No. 252. An act to establish an eight-hour day or employes of carriers engaged in interstate and

for employs of earlies ranged in interstate and foreign commerce, and for other purposes.

No. 267. An act to provide compensation for employes of the United States suffering injuries while in the performance of their duties, and for other purposes.

No. 272. An act making appropriations to supply deficiencies in appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1916, and prior fiscal years, and for other purposes.

# NEW YORK-Continued.

Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties   Counties			F	RESIDENT		U.	S. SENAT	OR.	GOVERNOR,			
County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   County   C		Popula- tion by					1916.		1916.			
Census		1915	Wilson.	Hughes.					bury,	man,	Lee.	
Stroome   60.641   8.906   11.386   209   5.595   10.923   220   2.798   18.73   220   2.798   18.73   220   2.798   18.73   220   2.798   18.73   220   2.798   18.73   220   2.798   18.74   2.798   18.74   2.798   18.74   2.798   18.74   2.798   18.74   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798	(02.)	Census.		Rep.*		Dem.		Soc.	Dem.			
Stroome   60.641   8.906   11.386   209   5.595   10.923   220   2.798   18.73   220   2.798   18.73   220   2.798   18.73   220   2.798   18.73   220   2.798   18.73   220   2.798   18.74   2.798   18.74   2.798   18.74   2.798   18.74   2.798   18.74   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798	Albany	183,330	18,799	26,519	285	15,343	25,922		16,879	26,160	333	
Stroome   60.641   8.906   11.386   209   5.595   10.923   220   2.798   18.73   220   2.798   18.73   220   2.798   18.73   220   2.798   18.73   220   2.798   18.73   220   2.798   18.74   2.798   18.74   2.798   18.74   2.798   18.74   2.798   18.74   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798   2.798	Allegany	40,216	47.870	40.338	6.995	40.044	35,192	9,900	45,196	37,345	8.544	
Cattaraugus. 72.756	Broome	l 90.641i	8,906	11 3661	209	5,595	10 923	252	7,298	10,973	220	
Chemung 56;017 7,461 6,351 220 5,997 0,613 222 5,032 4,061 Chemango 36,648 3,887 5,148 54 2,723 4,961 55 3,085 4,185 62 Cllinton 47,561 4,130 4,958 24 2,904 4,661 55 3,085 4,185 62 Cllinton 47,561 4,130 4,958 24 2,904 4,661 55 3,085 4,185 62 Collinton 47,561 4,130 4,958 5,229 3,303 4,608 21 4,661 55 7,661 1,195 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185 6,185	Cattaraugus	72,756		7.831	117	4,954	7,789		5,267	7,844		
Chenango. 36,648 3,887 5,148 54 2,723 4,961 57 3,039 4,704 155 Columbia. 44,111 4,938 5,229 124 3,923 4,868 127 4,325 4,676 161 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10	Chautauqua	116,818	7,153	14,346	924	5.0821	13,275		5,677	13,866	826	
Cotlumbia. 44,111 4,938 4,269 24 3,923 4,888 17 3,229 1,817 50 50 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Chemung	59,017	3,887	5.148	54	2,723	4,961	57	3,039	5,218		
Delaware	Clinton	47,561]	4,130	4,958	21	2,904	4,466	29 26	3,158	4,704	15	
Delaware	Cortland	44,111 30,074	2,693	4,468		1,828	4,083	117	2.042	4,617	97	
Essex. 32.461 2.373 4.609 21 1.5266 3.920 23 1.995 4.295 22 Franklin 46.181 3.593 5.086 17 2.526 3.920 23 1.995 4.295 22 Franklin 46.181 3.593 5.086 17 2.526 4.716 20 2.819 4.999 18 Fulton. 45.625 4.085 5.687 19 2.526 3.133 5.760 503 3.675 5.425 467 Genesee. 40.707 2.802 5.537 19 2.292 5.529 23 2.518 5.282 21 67 Greene. 30.091 3.622 3.617 59 2.868 3.469 64 3.180 3.500 58 Hamilton 4.491 623 612 3 612 3 464 7.535 2.996 23 2.518 5.282 21 67 67 67 67 67 67 67 67 67 67 67 67 67	Delaware	45,995	4,986	6.205		3,464	10 616	149 157	4,325 7,809	10.212	138	
Futton.         45,625         4,085         5,687         425         3,133         5,760         503         3,475         5,242         467           Genesee.         40,707         2,592         5,537         19         2,292         5,290         23         2,118         5,280         53         1,180         3,800         58           Hamilton         4,491         623         612         3         464         5,35         1         603         489         12           Herkimer         64,109         6,271         7,647         188         5,119         7,432         20         6,580         11,088         329           Kings         1,798,513         125,625         119,675         10,222         87,183         135,052         14,482         14,683         11,088         329           Kings         1,798,513         125,625         119,675         10,222         87,183         135,052         14,482         14,663         4,683         14,482         14,683         14,482         14,483         14,482         14,483         14,482         14,483         14,482         14,483         14,482         14,483         14,483         14,444         14,482         14,444 <td>Erle</td> <td>571.897</td> <td>45 622</td> <td>53,191</td> <td>2,305</td> <td>39.830</td> <td>52,430</td> <td>2.389</td> <td>42,884</td> <td>49,781</td> <td>2,197</td>	Erle	571.897	45 622	53,191	2,305	39.830	52,430	2.389	42,884	49,781	2,197	
Futton.         45,625         4,085         5,687         425         3,133         5,760         503         3,475         5,242         467           Genesee.         40,707         2,592         5,537         19         2,292         5,290         23         2,118         5,280         53         1,180         3,800         58           Hamilton         4,491         623         612         3         464         5,35         1         603         489         12           Herkimer         64,109         6,271         7,647         188         5,119         7,432         20         6,580         11,088         329           Kings         1,798,513         125,625         119,675         10,222         87,183         135,052         14,482         14,683         11,088         329           Kings         1,798,513         125,625         119,675         10,222         87,183         135,052         14,482         14,663         4,683         14,482         14,683         14,482         14,483         14,482         14,483         14,482         14,483         14,482         14,483         14,482         14,483         14,483         14,444         14,482         14,444 <td>Essex</td> <td>32,461</td> <td>2,373</td> <td>4,609 5,086</td> <td>21</td> <td>1,526 2,526</td> <td>3,920 4,716</td> <td>23 20</td> <td>2,819</td> <td>4.9991</td> <td>19</td>	Essex	32,461	2,373	4,609 5,086	21	1,526 2,526	3,920 4,716	23 20	2,819	4.9991	19	
Interest	Fulton	45,625	4,085	5,687	425	3,133	5,7601	503	3,675	5,425	467	
Interest	Genesee	40,707	2,802 3,622			2,292	3,469	64	3,180	3,500	58	
Interest	Hamilton	4,491	623	612	31	464	535		60ā	4891	2	
Montrope	Jefferson	64,1091 81,009	7.089	11,110	324	5,401	10,502	361	5,889	11.0981	329	
Montrope	Kings	1,798,513	125,625	119,675	10,220	87,183	135,193	14,282	2 185	121,379	12,609	
Montrope	Livingston	38,427	3 6081	5,133	18	2,803	4.8531	24	3,155	4,939	19	
New York   2,137,247   139,547   111,026   12,013   110,106   100,594   17,645   133,178   105,147   14,579   106,636   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,	Madison	41,742	3,937	5,816 39 142	1 444	2,835 19,625	5,492 38,587	1.734	22.0541	35.607	1.530	
New York   2,137,247   139,547   111,026   12,013   110,106   100,594   17,645   133,178   105,147   14,579   106,636   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,630   167,	Montgomery	61,030	5,347	6,644	112	4,478	6,460	1471	4,925	6,249	131	
Orlange. 113,016 2,529 4,863 19,146 12,540 252 0,640 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,560 19,56	Nassau New York	$\frac{116,825}{2,137,747}$	8,4301	13,775	12.013	119,106	100.594		133.1781	105,147		
Orlange. 113,016 2,529 4,853 19,168 1,3131 238 8,340 10,769 250 5,761 12,640 252 0 1,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,6	Niagara	108,550	8,367	11,976	317	6,707	11,3871	358	7,321	11,663	305	
Orlange. 113,016 2,529 4,853 19,168 1,3131 238 8,340 10,769 250 5,761 12,640 252 0 1,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,640 12,6	Oneida Onondaga	213,992	19,892	27,603	1,113	15,2491	26,8631	1,300	16,749	28,294	1,136	
Orleans         33,919         2,529         4,863         19         1,858         4,460         23         2,136         4,727         21           Oswego         75,929         6,210         9,854         46         4,675         9,054         55         5,127         9,573         33           Otsego         48,534         5,975         5,855         74         4,539         5,694         100         5,061         5,759         73           Queens         396,727         31,350         34,670         2,356         27,894         31,556         28,74         30,595         31,840         2,572           Rensselaer         121,330         13,522         14,640         213         11,4628         245         13,269         14,020         213           Richmond         98,634         8,843         7,204         204         7,471         6,523         226         7,574         7,349         214           Rockland         46,903         4,469         4,988         85         3,494         4,742         101         4,119         4,353         12,16         56           Saratoga         62,982         6,711         8,021         154         4,906	Ontario	1 34.0281	5,286	7,491	531	3,976	6,993	250		7,096	63	
Oswego.         75,929         9,210         9,854         46         4,075         9,054         53         5,121         9,272         35           Otsego.         48,534         5,795         5,855         74         4,539         9,694         100         5,061         5,759         73           Putnam.         12,767         1,290         1,708         5         968         1,562         9         1,140         1,562         9           Queens.         396,727         31,350         34,670         2,356         27,894         31,556         2,874         30,595         31,840         2,572           Rensselaer         121,330         18,822         14,640         213         12,920         14,628         245         13,269         14,020         213           Richmond.         98,634         8,431         7,204         204         7,471         6,523         226         7,574         7,349         214           Rockland.         46,903         4,469         4,988         85         3,494         4,742         101         4,119         4,850         92           Schanger.         62,852         6,711         8,021         15,44         4,906 <td>Orleans</td> <td>33,919</td> <td>2,529</td> <td>4.863</td> <td>191</td> <td>1,858</td> <td>4,469</td> <td>23</td> <td>2,136</td> <td>4,727</td> <td>21</td>	Orleans	33,919	2,529	4.863	191	1,858	4,469	23	2,136	4,727	21	
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			5.9751	5 8551	46	4,675	9,054 5,694		5,127	5,759		
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Putnam	12,767	1,290	1,708	5	968	1,562	91	1,140	1,562	9	
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Rensselaer	121.330	13,822	14.640	213	12,920	14.628	245	13,269	14.0201	213	
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Richmond	98,634	8,843	7,204	204	7.471	6,523		7,574	7 3491	214	
Schuyler   23,005   3,437   2,826   11   2,946   2,946   12   2,932   2,083   35   35   35   35   35   35   35		90,291	6,056	13,029	67	4,342	11.0031	66	4.843	12,216	56	
Schuyler   23,005   3,437   2,826   11   2,946   2,946   12   2,932   2,083   35   35   35   35   35   35   35	Saratoga	62,982 98 625	6,711 8,962	8,021 9,378		4,906	7,509		5,819 8 723	7,787 8 706		
Seneca.         25,249         2,845         3,278         25         2,257         3,234         26         2,513         3,272         21           Steuben.         33,630         8,032         10,076         196         6,337         9,414         219         6,857         9,672         193           Sulflok.         104,342         8,422         12,669         168         6,457         11,811         193         7,655         11,979         167           Sullivan.         38,189         3,659         4,315         110         2,931         3,785         133         3,318         3,988         116           Tlogs.         25,649         2,748         3,335         94         1,890         3,185         83         2,170         3,386         70           Tompkins.         36,355         3,455         4,658         121         2,761         4,599         128         2,947         4,520         105           Uster.         85,667         7,807         10,685         121         2,678         9,783         137         2,643         4,339         118         1,0019         78           Wayne.         34,605         4,707         7,841 <t< td=""><td>Schoharle</td><td>23,005</td><td>3,457</td><td>2,826</td><td>11</td><td>2.646</td><td>2,546</td><td>12</td><td>2,932</td><td>2,685[</td><td>35</td></t<>	Schoharle	23,005	3,457	2,826	11	2.646	2,546	12	2,932	2,685[	35	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Seneca	13,954 $25,249$	1,629 2,845	$\frac{1.947}{3.278}$	13 25	$\frac{1,122}{2.257}$	3,234	13 26	2,513	3,272		
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Steuben	83,630	8,032	10,076	196	6,339	9.4141	219	6,857	9,672	193	
Warren	Sullivan	38,189	3,659	4,315	110	2.931	3,785	133	3,318	3,988		
Warren	Tloga		2,748	3,335	94	1,890	3,185	83	2,170	3,386	70	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Ulster	85,367	7,807	10.6801	71	5,978	9,783	95	6,857	10,019	78	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Warren Washington	32,977 46,955	2,825 3,907	4,8321 7,281		2,157 2,838	4,233 6.574		2,643	4,337 6.893		
Total	Wayne	1 53.476		7,341	22	3,618	6.891	32	4.0881	7,047	20	
Total	Wyomlng	33,028	2,783	4,892	22	1,9221	4,381	271	$\frac{21,480}{2,353}$	4,593		
Plurallty   119,812   233,381   163,158   244   51   2   39   54   4   43   52   3	Yates	18,841	1,666	2,918	24	1,219	2,755	24	1,375	2,804	17	
Per cent 44 51 2 39 54 4 43 52 3	Total	9,687,744	759,426		45,944	605,933		61,167	686,862	835,820	52,560	
Whole vote. 1 1,706,305 1,545,141 1,615,065	Per cent		44	51	$\cdots_{\dot{2}}\cdots$	39	54	4	43	163,158 52	3	
	Whole vote.			1,706,305			1,545,141			1,615,065		

<sup>\*</sup>For President, 1916, Hughes, Rep., on American ticket, 10.172; Hanly, Proh., 19,031; Reimer, Soc. Lab., 2,666.

For U. S. Senator, 1916, Colvin, Proh., 19,302; Colby, Ind. League and Prog., 15,339; Gilibaus, Soc. Lab., 4,086.

<sup>†</sup>For Governor, 1916, Whitman on Prog. ticket 6,669, Ind. League, 5,266, American, 2,265; Welch, Prob., 21,773; Crowley, Soc. Lab., 3,847.

Question No. 1. Shall there be a convention to revise the Constitution and amend the same? Yes, 506,563. No. 658,269. Majority against, 151,706.

Proposition No. 1. Shall Chapter 569 of the Laws of 1916, entitled, "An act making provision for issuing bonds to the amount of not to exceed \$10,000,000 for the acquisition of lands for State park purposes, and providing for a submission of the same to the people to be voted upon at the general election to be held in the year 1916." be approved. Yes, 653,129. No. 501,514. Majority for, 151,615.

# CITY OF NEW YORK, PRESIDENT, U. S. SENATOR AND COVERNOR, 1916.\*

		MAN	HATT	AN.		1	KINCS.						
	FRESI	DENT,		SENA-	Gover 191	RNOR,		PRESI	DENT,	U. S.	SENA-	GOVER 191	
ASSEM-	Wil- 1	Hu	McC	Cal-	Sea- 1		ASSEM- BLY	Wil-		McC	Ca1-		Whit-
DIS-	son.	ghes.	ombs,	der,	bury,	man,	Dis-	SOD,	ghes,	ombs.	der,	bury,	man,
TRICT.	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.	TRICT.	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.
1	2,890	2,954	2,550	1,666	2,725	1,801	1	3,946	3,704	2,195	4,150	3,442	3,820
2	4,300 3,999	1,122 2,045	3,718 3,553	1,178 1,506	1,127 3,901	1,261 1,715	1 2 3 4 5 € 7	3,937 3,984	1,414 1,513	2,956 3,219	1,807 1,796	3,341 3,542	1,559 1,622
3 4 5 6	3,510	1,164	2,794	1,121	3,339	1.277	4	4,561	3,813	3.102	4.283	3.927	3.911
5	4,713	1,684	4,126	1,563	±.445	1.660	5	4,900	6,321	3,522	7,066	4,357	6,494
6	2,482 4,268	3,002 2,072	1,658 3,762	2,752 1,783	2,523 3,936	2,687	E	3,906 4,705	3,927 2,667	2,399 2,917	4,313 3,670	3,241	4,015 2,872
7	3,678	1,636	2,569	1,457	3,392	1.488	8	4,378	2,194	3.242	2,799	3.861	2.304
8 9	3.298	1,951	2,876	1.694	3.0291	1.920	8	9,668	8,262	6.176	10,033	8,210	8,854
10	2,870	2,610 2,373	2,104 4,276	2,238 2,146	2,857 4,520	2,218 2,282	10 11	5,012 5,057	4,880 4,849	3,432 3,414	5.936 5.827	4,462 1,521	5,036 1,953
11	4,816 3,698	1.755	3,342	1,409	3,675	1.509	12	6.388	6,052	3,517	8,517	5,566	6,421
13	3,756	2,118	3.348	1,784	3,526	2,054	13	3,387	3,084	2,499	2,971	2.925	2,934
10 11 12 13 14 15 16	4,285	2,210	3,827	1,969 6,493	4,050 5,105	2,077 6,517	11	3,657 4,568	2,038 2,941	2,634 3,169	2,190 3,157	3,184 4,023	2,026 2,922
15	5,282 4,181	6,697 2,313	4,589 3,771	1,981	4.035	2,169	15 16	11.713	10,574	7,961	12.708	10,126	11,228
17	5,346	5,608	4,151	5.410	5.094	5,127	17	4.065	5.602	2.801	6,161	3,715	5,189
18	4,037	2,982	3,700	2,481	3,917	2,708	18 19	9,909	13,346 4,142	7,085 2,371	15,071 3,784	9,066 2,733	13,487 3,820
19	7,894 3,825	7,294 2,865	6,615 3,414	6,937 2,380	7,598 3,763	7,024 2,564	20	2,778 3,538	5,813	2,887	5,791	3,430	5.615
21	5,709	6,642	4,950	6,039 2,835	5,366	6.507	21	2,546	2,017	1.618	1.9821	2,127	2.016
22	3,871	3,593	3,801	2,835	1,200	3,002	22 23	9,545	12,912	7,079 5,330	12,973	8,397	12,902 7,280
23	15,154 2,872	14,916 1,910	13,077 2,419	11,055 1,469	14,384 2,789	11,671 1,617	23	8,917	6,867	5,350	7,375	7,091	1,400
25	3.777	3.787	3,236	3.709	3.543	3,762	Total	125,095	118,962	86,158	134,363	109,277	121,610
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	4,078 2,987	2,810 4,249		2,565 4,041	3,555 2,812	2,793 1,112				UEEN			
28	2,666	2,212	2,238	1,736	2.522	1,978	1	6,617	5,053	6,081 6,152	4,293 4,720	6,395 6,497	4,608 4,996
29	4,007	4,984	3,583	4,620	4,017	4,617	2 3	6,636 9,605	5,561 12,693	8,440	11,474	9,431	11,669
30	4,215 6,089	4,177 5,542		3,526 5,320	3,954 5,595	3,932 5,504	4	8,400	11,302	7,157	11,039	8,193	10,714
Total			118,195				Total	31,258	31,609	27,830	31,436	30,516	31,987
Total	130,000		RONX		102,200	1071000			RIC	OMH	ND.		
30	1,784	1 1,057	1,537	854	1,619	967	1	8,809				7,547	7,360
30 32 33 31 35	14.019	11,178	11.695	10,145 4,476	13,112 5,679	10,737	Grand			-			
33	5,773 13,931	5,784 11.55		10,196			Total.	351,313	311,97	279,717	307,193	321,510	303,057
35	12,057	10,319	10,437	9,363			Piur	39,338	31		27,476	21,453	
Total	47,564	10,19	39,791	25,034	44,933	37,141	Whole Vote	69	7,431	643	2.360	658	,971
	•	۸o.	TE OF	CIT	Y OF	NEW	YORK	FOR	MAY	OR	1913.		

															70 -
M'F	AAT	& BF	NNO	Dis	Call,	Mitch-	Rus- sell,	l		OKLY		Dis	Call,	Mitch-	Rus- sell,
_ [		Mitch-			Dem.	Fus.	Soc.	l		Mitch-	Rus- sell,	I	Dem.	Fus.	Soc.
DIS	Call, Dem.	el, Fus,	sell. Soc.	19	4,469	8,936	332	Dis	Call, Dem.	el, Fus.	Soc.	19	2,264	3,965	899
	DCIII.	1 (6)	200.	20	3,134	3,291	711					20	2,377	6,056	563
1	3.448	2,305	54	21	3,413	7,328	332	1 1	2,906	4,365	159	21	1,393	2,918 13,709	824 1,725
2	3,581	2,207	499	22	2,917	3,800	890 646	2	3,355	2,245	127	22	4,807 3,596		2,201
3	4,793	2,049	229	24	7,508 2,759	15,989 2,201	595	3	3,861 2,904	2,131 4,893	68 40 t	20 1	0,000	0,510	2,201
4	2,883	2,107 2,415	658 103	25	2,510	4.554	146	1 2 1	2,640	7,578	232	T'1.	77,826	137,074	11,560
9	4,466	3.961	677	26	2,354	4,533	903	6	1,977	5,250	806	-	OUI	EENS.	
7	3 507	2,885	143	27	2,330	3,896	72	7	3,553	3,613	165				
8	1,361 3,597 2,367	2,846	690	28	2,142	2,534	315	8	3,456	2,932	118	1 2	4,466 4,877	5,762 5,811	557 430
ğ	3,401	2.225	159	29	2,801	5,619	116	9	5,430	9,252	598	3	6.151	11.832	1,516
10	1,850	3,536	663	30	4,699	5,993	633 420	10	3,282	5,532	162	4	4.600	10,874	362
11	4,185	2,982	157	31	2 528	7.623	1.422	11 11	3,116	5,628	160	1 1			
12	4,524	2,083	335	33	7,456 3,831	14,351 6,374	859	12	3,799 2,949		24 I 332	T'I.	20,097	34,279	2,865
13	3,720	2,295	97	33	6.473			113	2.946				RICH	MON	D.
14	3,935		214 133	35	6.683				3,794			TI	6,883		
15	3,317	6,639		00	0,005	10 001		16	6,01		557	* *	0,000	0,001	
16 17	3,478 2,969			TT	129 113	178 224	17,383	11 17	2,28			[]G'd			
10	2 222	2 411		~ ~	1			11 18	5.11			1'1	233,919	358,181	32,057

| 18 | 3.237 | 3.444 | 540| | 18 | 5.114 | 12.557 | 397 | 171 | 233.919 | 358.181 | 32.057 |
| For President. 1916, Benson. Soc., received 31,787 votes; Hantly, Proh., 1,025; Reimer, Soc., Lab., 1,333, For United States Senator, 1916, Cannon Soc., received 44,924 votes; Colvin, Proh., 1,426; Colby, Ind.
| L.-Prog., 6,616; Gillhaus, Soc., Lab., 2,434 | For Governor 1918, Lee, Soc., received 27,173 votes; Welch, Proh., 2,113; Crowley, Soc., Lab., 2,118, Powling, Dem., in Manhattan, 121,499; Bronx, 42,169; Kings, 115,239; Queens, 31,447; Richmond, 6,907, Total, 307,234. Curran, Rep., Manhattan, 96,042; Bronx, 32,320; Kings, 111,466; Queens, 27,051; Richmond, 6,955. Total, 27,804; Justices Of The Supreeme Court for the First Judicial District.
| Justices Of the Supreeme Court for the First Judicial District. | Justices Of The Supreeme Court for the Land Prog., 19,010; Clark, Rep. and Prog., 43,999; Davis, Rep., Dem., Ind. L. and Prob., 103,788; Freece, Proh., 1,080; Hinds, Proh., 801, Kahn. Soc., 23,977, Slobodin, Soc., 26,877; Warshaw, Soc., 26,080.
| Walsh, Dem., 149,647; Strasbourger, Rep., 124,992; Edelson, Ind. L., 2,926; Hennefeld, Soc., 27,235.

\*Soldier vote not included.

JUDGE OF THE COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS.\* McIntyre, Dom.. 199,115: Delehanty Rep and Prog., 198,390, Wechsler Ind L., 2,599; Manlerre, Proh., 564; Alchaikoff, Soc., 19,964. \*Soldier vote not included.

For Supreme Court Justice, First District
Delehanty (Rep., Dem., Ind. L., Amer., Prog.) 229,079, Clarke (Rep., Dem., Ind L., Amer, Proh, 229,079, Clarke (Rep., Dem., Ind. L., Amer, Proh., Prog.) 215,121, Greenbaum (Rep., Dem., Ind. L., Amer, Proh., Prog.) 210,509, Shearn (Rep., Dem., Ind. L., Amer, Prop.) 215,639, Pinch (Rep., Dem., Ind. L., Amer., Prop.) 215,639, Pinch (Rep., Dem., Ind. L., Amer., Proh.) 203,416, Tierney (Rep., Dem., Ind. L., Amer.) 204,200, Daneby (Proh.) 5,297, O'Connell (Prog.) 16,381, Winther (Prog.) 11,425, Warshow (Soc.) 23,533, Hilliquit (Soc.) 26,313, Makkel (Soc.) 21,835, Aleinikoff (Soc.) 21,577, Ottenberg (Soc.) 22,254, Henneteld (Soc.) 20,964, Hunter (Soc. L.) 3,452, Scidel (Soc. L.) 2,557, Petersen (Soc. L.) 1,370, Glaser (Soc. L.) 2,019, Johoson (Soc. L.) 2,545.

rog., 198,390, Wechsier Ind L., 2,599; Manlerre, Proh., ed.

\*\*NEW YORK, 1915.\*\*

Prog., 9,868, Knobel (Proh.) 278, Walsh (Soc.) 366. For District-Attorney, New York County—Perkins (Rep.) 71,943. Swann (Dem., Ind. L.) 109,005. Moss (Amer. Prog.) 24,015, Hilnés (Proh.) 357. Block (Soc.) 11,869, Alexander (Soc. L.) 800. Kings County—Cropsey (Rep., Proh., Prog.) 116,839, Nash (Dem., Ind. L., Amer.) 87,645, Riley (Soc.) 12,598, Archer (Soc. L.) 946. For Justice of the City Court—Zeller (Rep., Dem., Ind. L.) 218,756. Samuels (Amer., Prog.) 25,027, Manierre (Proh.) 3,757, Levine (Soc.) 22,311, Moskovitz (Soc. L.) 2,558. For County Clerk, Kings County—Devoy (Rep., Prog.) 106,468, Kelly (Dem., Ind. L., Amer.) 103,459, Quali (Proh.) 1,479, Wright (Soc.) 12,490, Lightbourn (Soc. L.) 924. Queens County—Goetz (Rep.) 18,555, Dujat (Dem., Ind. L., Prog.) 33,372. Mager (Amer.) 1,467, Miller (Proh.) 340, Paul (Soc.) 3,189. For President of the Borough of Richmond—Scofield (Rep.) 5,165. Van Name (Dem., Ind. L., Amer., Proh., Prog.) 9,398. Schenck (Soc.) 298. For County Judges Kings County—Freiteld (Rep., Proh.) 80,332. Campbell (Rep.) 76,734, Lewis (Rep., Proh.) 93,98, Kings County—Freiteld (Rep., Proh.) 80,332. Campbell (Rep.) 76,734, Lewis (Rep., Proh.) 9398. Ryl min (Dem., Ind. L., Amer., Prog., Ind. W.) 107,193. Smith (Proh.) 1,631, Bouddin (Soc.) 12,199, Chugerman (Soc.) 11,229, William (Soc.) 11,250, Kilm (Soc. L.) 751, Aul (Soc. L.) 609, Solomon (Soc. L.) 782, McCloskey (Jeff.) 5,579. Queens (Ounty—Prog.) 48,860, Sinclair (Soc.) 4.212

CREATER NEW YORK.

For County (Soc.) 12,889. Queens, 13,679; Rich—Fron., 120,641, 200,488,860.

In 1901 Shepard, D., received in Manhattan and Bronx, 156,531; Brooklyo, 88,85; Queens, 13,679; Richmond. 6,009; total, all boroughs, 265,177. Low, F., Manhattan and Bronx, 162,289; Brooklyn, 114,625; Queens, 13,118; Richmond, 6,772; total, all boroughs, 295,813. Manierre, P., in Manhattan and Bronx, 617; Brooklyn, 501; Queens, 74; Richmond, 72; total, all boroughs, 1,264. Kehand, S. L., Manhattan and Bronx, 4,323, Brooklyn, 1,638; Queens, 181; Richmond, 71; total, all boroughs, 6,213. Hanford, S. D., Manhattan and Bronx, 6,49; Brooklyn, 2,692; Queens, 613; Richmond, 129; total, all boroughs, 9,34. Grand total, 579,301. 1909

	Man- hat'n& Bronx	Brook- lyn.	Que'ns	Rich- mond.	Total.		Bronx	lyn.		Rich- mond.	
McClelian, D Low. Fus Furman, S. D Hunter, S. L McKee, Prob	188,681 132,178 11,318 3,540 376	102,569 101,251 4,529 1.411 396	976 178	6,697 133 76	16,956 5,205	Gaynor, D Bannard, R., F. Hearst, C. A. L. Cassldy, S Hunter, S. L Manierre, P'h	87,155 6,811 813	73,860 49,040 3,874 369	11,907 15,186 1,004 56	5,040 2,806 79 18	154,187 11,168 1,256
		Gr 1405	and tota	al	589,898			1913.	and tot	al	595,159
		Brook-	Que'ns	Rich-	Total.		Bronx.	Brook- lyn.		Rich- mond.	
McClellan, D Ivins, R Hearst, M.O.L.	140,264 64,280 123,292	61,192	13,228 7 213	4,499	137,184	Mitchel, Fus McCall, Dem Russell, S Walters, S. L Raymond, P	178,224 129,113 17,383 952 412	77,825 11,560 538	20,097 2,865 129	6,883 249 28	233,919 32,057 1,647
		0-	and tota	- 1	590.520			-	and tot		627,017

Grand total.... 627,017

VOTE FOR STATE OFFICERS IN 1916—VOTE OF ENTIRE STATE.
Secretary of State—Hugo, Rep., Ind L. American and Prog., 840,554; Stage, Dem, 619,284; Cranmer, Proh. 23,349; Newman Soc. 63,318. Hall. Soc. Lab., 5,592.
Comptroller—Travis, Rep. and Prog., 833,361; Masters, Dem., Ind. L. and Amer., 618,759; Norton, Proh. 22,335; Noonan, Soc., 62,994, Houtenbrink, Soc. Lab., 4,611.
Attorney-General—Woodbury. Rep., 819,289; Farley, Dem. and Amer., 619,695; Deford, Ind. L., 8,407; Stowell, Proh., 21,695; Edder, Prop. 10,257; Block, Soc., 63,391; Archert Soc. Lab., 4,005.
Chief Judge of the Court of Appeals—Hiscock, Rep. and Prog., 852,995; Jenks, Dem., Ind. L. and Amer., 605,995; Baldwin, Proh. 24,007; Boudin, Soc., 63,396; Atherer Soc. Lab., 5,507.
Associate Judge of the Court of Appeals—Pound, Rep. and Prog., 852,390; Norton, Dem., Ind. L. and Amer., 619,325; Hart, Proh., 23,300; Wilcox, Soc., 65,045; Armstrong, Soc. Lab., 5,100.
State Treasurer—Cohen, Dem., 592,599; Wells, Rep., 841,716; Lane, Amer., 9,210; Richardson, Proh. 22,229; Tucker, Nat. Prog., 7,167; Wood, Soc., 62,575; Gilly, Soc. Lab., 4,126.

Port of The State Dem., 502, 503, New York Since 1896.

		v	OIL	OF IN	LC OI	AIL	OF	NE	W YORK	SINC	E 1890.			
		Dem.		Soc	Proh.	Plu.	1	1		Dem.	Ren.	Prog.	Sec.	Plu.
									Gov					
									Gov					
									Pres					
									Gov					
									Pres					
									Gov					
1904.	Pres	683,981	859,533	36,883	20,787	175,552	$\mathbf{R}$	1914.	Gov	541,194	686,701	45,586	37,793	145,507 R
1904.	Gov	732,704	813,26	36,257	20,568	80,560	R	1						

676 1.738

858

	NORT	TH C		INA.			NOR					
	PRESI	DENT,			Gove 19	RNOR,						
COUNTIES.	Wil-	Hu	Over-	Whi	Bick-	Lin-	COUNTIES.					
(100.)	son, Dem.	ghes, Rep.	man, Dem.	tener, Rep.	ett, Dem.	ney, Rep.						
110-00-00	2,476		1,942	1 528			Stokes					
Alamance	05.4	2,278 1,187	930	1,139	2 483 922	2,292 1,208	Surry					
Alleghany	796 2,046	641 301	715 865	503 94	784 2,047	616 274						
Alleghany Anson	1,898	1,939	1,817	1,753 919	1,889 324	1.950	Transylvania Tyrrell					
Avery Beaufort	1,957	1,158 1,274	1,149	534	1.949	1,283 1,256	Union Vance					
Bertie Bladen	1,461 1,261	116 651	744 957	34 614	1,475 1,269	60 598	Wake Warren					
Brunswick	810	989	757	826	225	981	wasmington.					
Buncombe	1,621	3,830 1,474	3,751 1,395	2,620 1,247	1,585	3,835 1,484	Watauga Wayne					
Burke Cabarrus	2,080 1,725	1,474 2,314 1,659	1,896 1,612	2,039 1,461	4,487 1,585 2,091 1,721	1,484 2,308 1,707	Wilkes					
Caldwell Camden	368	98	140	111	014	64 1	Yaukin					
Carteret		1,246 338	1,113 635	582 115	1,142 838	1,263 342	Yancey					
Catawba	2,569 1,839	2,624 1,501	2.186	2,380 1,172	2,547 1,813	2,685 1,514	Total					
Chatham Cherokee	1,362	1,362	1,589 887	1,129	1,003[	1,361	Plurality Per cent					
Chowan	610 400	91 453	329 357	406	604 398	80 464	Whole vote					
Clay Cleveland	2,764 2,143	1,497 1,327 542	1,960 1,592	1,064 579	2,705 2,192	1,469 1,245	For Preside					
Columbus Craven	1,780 1,971	542	8391	129	1,787 1,996	507	votes: Hanly, For Govern					
Cumberland Currituck	945	1,217 87	1,298 687	891 18	921	1,173 72	VOTE FOR B					
Dare	470	363	044	288	458 2,617	375	I. Small.					
Davidson	910	2,801 1,245 1,527	2,271 770	2,349 1,086	9011	2,814 1,259 1,516	II. Kitchir III. Hood,					
Duplin	1,824 2,463 2,028	1,527 1,837	1,403 1,455	1,122 574	1,836 2,505	1,516 1,786	IV. Pou, D					
Davie Duplin Durham Edgecombe	2,028	135 3,585	8921	53	2,505	117	V. Stedma Wilso					
rorsyth	2 057	396	3,327 953	2,977 128	4,108 2,092	3,629 381	VI. Godwir VII. Robins VIII. Dought IX. Webb, X. Weaver					
Gaston		2,542 309	2,070 598	1,605 156	3,019 800	2,531 287	VIII. Dought					
Gates Graham	476	460	440	397	475	460	IX. Webb, X. Weaver					
Granville Greene	1.713 1,066	648 294	1,137 622	183 160	1,702 1,062	642 286						
Guilford Halifax	4.6161	3,670 299	2,555	1,461	4,588 2,337	3,643 246	Governor, 7 O. Max Gard					
Harnett	2,312 1,992 2,403	1.603	1,058 1,391 1,958	26 1,576	1,979 2,376	1 624	Treasurer, B. tant-General,					
Haywood Henderson	1,166	1,523 1,795	1.002	1,174 1,523	1,104	1,526 1,794	General, Jan					
Henderson Hertford Hoke	977 780	110	418 444	39 34	967 792	178 284	Education, J. ture, W. A. C					
Hyde	840 3,335	277		31	794	2,076	ture, W. A. C R. Young—al					
Hyde Iredell Jackson Johnston	1,306	2,073 1,288 2,857	2,814 1.159	1,613 1,054	3,290 1,302	1,293 2,916	Supreme C					
Johnston	3,468 712	233	1,159 3,504 353	2,212 79	1,302 3,227 705	2,916 231	Supreme C Justices, Geo. Allen, P. D. V					
Jones Lee	1,054	573 667	850	560	1,049 1,696	581 653	Allien, I. D.					
Lenoir Lincoln	1.521	1.369	919 1,213	320 1,134	1.502	1,386 1,053	Democrate					
Macon Madison		1,069 1,965	944 822	930 1,441	1,126 941	1,053 1,991	Democrats Republicans Independent.					
Martin	972 1,472 1,274		770	125	1,160 1,268	270 1,234						
McDowell Mecklenburg Mitchell		1,218 1,257 1,298	1,124 3,322	1,003 1,044	4,403	1,163	Democratic					
Mitchell Montgomery	1,337 2,189 2,355 1,518	1,298 1,196	419 1,149		462 1,225	1,297 1,188	VOT					
Moore	1,337	1 047 826	1,209	1,027 854	1,361 2,174	1,029 826	1900. Presiden 1904. Presiden					
N'w Hanover	2,355	492	808	208 50	4,499	251	1904. Governo					
Northam'ton Onslow	1,197 1,230	45 785	873 719	15 390	1,462 1,144	30 801	1908. Presiden 1908. Governo					
Orange		1,158	963	850	1,213 760	1,159	1912. Presiden 1912. Governo					
Pamlico Pasquotank. Pender Perquimans. Person	1,177	527 270	414 450	146 100	1,168 973	530 229	1912. GOVELIO					
Pender	970 645	400 288	782 586	232 308	973 631	353 286						
	953	917 719	871	653	937	929	1					
Pitt	2,009	750	1,880 / 618	242 664	2,762 683	740 743	COUNTIES.					
Randolph Richmond	2.747	3,031 650	2,322 1,202	2,183 132	2,761 1,606	3,037 593	(52).					
Robeson	2,894	1 453		527	3.068	1.435	Adems					
Rockingham Rowan	3,053	1,957 2,320 1,871	1,748 2,265	1,306 1,689 1,724	2,288 3,001	1,978 2,454 1,871	Adams Barnes					
Rowan	2,490	1,871 2,727	2,265 1,928 1,020	1,724 2,688	2.432	1,871 2,758	Billings					
Sampson Scotland Stanly	938	137		32	1,326 9,4	161	Bottineau Bowman					
Stanly	2,110	1,941	1,691	1,640	2,105	1,945	BOWERE					

NOR	NORTH CAROLINA—Continued.						
	PRESIDENT, 1916.				GOVERNOR, 1916.		
COUNTIES.	Wil- son.	Hu ghes.	Over-Whi man, tener,		Bick- ett.	Lin- ney.	
	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.		Dem.	Rep.	
Stokes	1,569	1,852	1,307	1,613		1,871	
Surry Swain	2,029 829	2,977 1,128	1,906 701	2,768 1,011	2,022 794	2,982 1,142	
Transylvania		841 392	693 356	697	821 410	836 388	
Tyrrell Union	2,662	702	992	322	2,758		
Vance Wake	1,451 4,627	558 2,461			1,459 4,719	537 2,298	
Warren	1,217	227	1,161	58	1,279	133	
Washington. Watauga	651 1,141	486 1,352			651 1,134	486 1,381	
Wayne	2,625	1,446	1,876	1,226	2,627	1,425	
Wilkes Wilson	1,632 2,052	3,470 730	1,634 827	2,811 276	1,595 2,050	3,471 676	
No dhia	0.70	1 701	con	1 0 10		1 700	

451 1,150 1,226 2,811 276 1,340 1,006 1,082 1,263 1,196 1,101 Yancey.... Total. 168,383 120,890 121,342 Plurality 47,493 . 34,241 Per cent 56 42 58 87,101 167,661 120,157 47,504 . . . . 41 Whole vote 289,814 208,443 288,408

486 1,352 1,446 3,470 730 1,721

879

1,876 1,634 827 699

For President, 1916, Benson, Soc., received 490 votes: Hanly, Proh., 51.
For Governor, 1916, Miller, Soc., 590. VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1916. Districts.

Districts.

I. Small, Dem., 13,221; Jones, Rep., 5,098.

II. Kitchin, Dem., 13,255; Dixon, Rep., 1,099.

III. Hood, Dem., 12,269; Butler, Rep., 8,889.

IV. Pou, Dem., 15,305; Jenkins, Rep., 8,483.

V. Stedman, Dem., 23,932; Grissom, Rep., 21,429;

Wilson, Soc., 238.

VI. Robinson, Dem., 23,518; Brown, Rep., 17,921.

VII. Robinson, Dem., 13,518; Brown, Rep., 17,921.

IX. Webb, Dem., 18,555; Greene, Rep., 16,381.

X. Weaver, Dem., 18,625; Britt, Rep., 18,014.

A. Weaver, Dem., 18,023; Brit, Rep., 18,014.
STATE GOVERNENT.
Governor, Thos. W. Bickett; Lieutenant-Governor,
O. Max Gardner; Secretary of State, J. B. Grimes;
Treasurer, B. R. Lacy; Auditor, W. P. Wood; Adjutant-General, Lawrence W. Young; AttorneyGeneral, James M. Manning; Superintendent of
Education, J. Y. Joyner; Commissioner of Agriculture, W. A. Grabam; Commissioner of Insurance, J.
R. Young—all Democrats.

Supreme Court: Chief Justice, Walter Clark; Justices, Geo. H. Brown, Wm. A. Hoke, Wm. R. Allen, P. D. Walker; Clerk, J. L. Seawell.

STATE LEGISLATURE. Senate. House. Joint Ballot. 97 22 41 Democrats..... Republicans..... 9 31 ī Independent..... Democratic majority. 32 74 106

VOTE OF THE STATE SINCE 1900. Plu. 24,671 D 41,679 D 49,256 D 22,058 D 37,342 D 75,377 D 944 100,045 D

# NORTH DAKOTA.

		DENT, 16.	U. S. TOR,		GOVERNOR, 1916.		
COUNTIES. (52).	Wil- son, Dem.		: N Burke Dem.	ber,	M'Ar- thur, Dem.	Fra- zier, Rep.	
Adams Barnes Benson	532 1,678 922	1,467 1,210	636		135 475 320	856 2,692 1,826	
Billings Bottineau Bowman	276 1,471 685		157 1,023 481	353 1,366 482	51 416 141	510 2,563 938	

# NORTH DAKOTA-Continued.

NORTH DAKOTA—Continued.							
	PRES	DENT,	U. S.	SENA- 1916.	GOVE 19		
COUNTIES.	Wil-			I'Cum	M'Ar-		
COUNTIES.	son.	ghes,			thur,	zier.	
	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.	
Develop			50:1			1.000	
Burke Burleigh	922 1,267	518 1,182	862	669 1,415	239 470	1,266 2,018	
Cass	3,303	3.093	2,860	3,109	1.670	4,495	
Cavalier	1,149	1,502	964	1,461	518	2,114	
Dickey	920	1,037	776	1,080	377	1,694	
Divide	950	707	585	813	272	1,364	
Dunn Eddy	1,028 650	566 595	604 491	779	264 140	1,267 1,063	
Emmons	609	1.090	595	545 988	102	1,227	
Foster	662	549	522	597	212	889	
Golden Val'v	697	499	450	592	282	856	
Grand Forks	2,814	2,159	2,155	2,397	1,396	3,294	
Griggs	668	521	451	583	167	1,072	
Hettinger Kidder	661 650	856 604	409 346	919	190	1,276 1,262	
La Moure	990	1.015	863	709 953	118 293	1.786	
Logan	260	567	158	648	108	734	
McHenry	1,456	1,394	1,045	1,478	476	2,123	
McIntosh	270	950	215	975	163	1,020	
McKenzle McLean	1,316	692	767	904	314	1,714	
Mcrcer	1,210 353	1,054 730	790 249	1,248 824	388 122	1,879 958	
Morton	1,835	2,785	1,421	2,889	629	3,929	
Mountrail	1,262	740	807	917	282	1,770	
Nelson	861	1,013	586	1,154	290	1,633	
Oliver Pembina	327 1.400	346	167	3.14	57	667	
Pierce	789	1,469 703	974 712	1,601 703	533	2,251	
Ramsey	1.331	1,169	1.144	1,193	363 557	1,151	
Ransom	1,121	1,093	774	1,195	346	1.838	
Renville	1,012	532	759	636	269	1.281	
Richlaud Rolette	1,772	2,097	1,571	2,198	1,162	2,593 1,150	
Sargent	762 868	600 1,050	670 661	585	207	1,150	
Sheridan	310	807	201	1,126 852	375 80	1,535	
Sloux	200	232	105	294	69	332	
Slope	867	516	480	660	301	1,001	
Stark	953	1,409	809	1,377	421	1,777	
Steele Stutsman	5,5 1,866	676 1.644	385 1,482	1,772	131 765	1,105	
Towner	769	665	608	718	220	2,670 1,276	
Traill	664	1,423	443	1,477	229	1.882	
Walsh	2,003	1,670	1.556	1.836	674	3.059	
Ward	2,791	1,743	2,248	1,924	1,128	3,360	
Wells Williams	810 1,769	1,226 903	623 1.339	1,265 988	325	1,647	
** iiiiailis	1,709	903	1.339	988	789	1,922	
Total	55,206	53,471	40,988	57,714	20,351	87,665	
Plurality	1,735			16,726		67,314	
Per cent Whole vote	481	46	39	541	19	79	
A Hole A Offi	115,	090	107,	1/4 1	110,	1001	

For President, 1916, Benson, Soc., received 5,716 votes; Hanly, Proin., 997.
For United States Senator, 1916, Fry, Soc., 8,472.
For Governor, 1916, Johnson, Soc., 2,615.

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1916. Districts.

- Bangs, Dem., 13,236; Heigesen, Rep., 20,709 Gram, Soc., 622.
- II. McDonald, Dem., 7,638; Young, Rep., 22,227; Oison. Soc., 1,150.
- III. Simon, Dem., 8,293; Norton, Rep., 20,393; Klemmens, Soc., 2,586.

# STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor, Lynn J. Frazier; Lieutenant-Governor, A. T. Kraabel; Secretary of State, Thomas Hall; Treasurer, Join Steen; Auditor, Carl Kosteky, Attorney-General, Wm. Lanzer; Superintendent of Education, N. C. MacDonald; Commissioner of Agriculture, John N. Hagan; Commissioner of Insurance, S. A. Olsness—all Republicans.

# JUDICIARY.

Supreme Court: Chief Justice, Andrew A. Bruce; Associate Justices, J. E. Robinson, L. E. Birdzell and R. H. Grace.

# NORTH DAKOTA-Continued.

	STATE LE	GISLAT		Lote	+ Dall	1.0
Republicans. Democrats .		43	97 16		140 22	٠.,
Republican m	TE OF THE S	TATE S			118	
	Dem		Prog.	Soc.	Plu.	
1904. Presiden	it 14,273	3 52,593		2,005	38,322	R
1906. Governo	r 34,42	1 29,309				
1908. Presiden	t 32,83	5 57,680		2,421	24,795	R
1910. Governo	r 47.003	3 45,015			1,988	D
1912. Governo	r 31,544				8,267	R
1912. Presiden	t 29,555	23,090	25,726	6,966	3,829	D
1914. Governo	r 24,746	41,278	4,263	6,019	9,532	R

# OHIO.

Department of Chiral Courses

	PRESIDENT, 1916.		U. S. SENA- TOR, 1916.		GOVERNOR, 1916.	
COUNTIES.		Hu	Pom-		13	W11-
(88.)	son,	ghes,		rick,	Cox,	lis,
(001)	Dem.	Rep	Dem.	Rep	Dem.	Rep.
Adams	0.000	0.010	2 700	2 202	9.450	
Allen	2,887 7,905	2,819 5,713	2,783	2,892 5,961	. 2,453 6,973	3,210 6,836
Ashiand	4,000	2,534	7,403 3,908	2,581	3,628	2.913
Ashtabula	5,306	6,608	5,022	6,859	4,753	2,913 7,466
Athens	4.101	5.554	3,773	5.556	4,115	5,619
Auglaize Belmont	4.124	2,763	4,084	2,783	3,921	3,029
Brown	7,911 3,959	7,526 2,237	7,465 3,742	7,462 2,291	7,873 3,551	7,758 2,541
Butler			10 4381	6.018	10.272	6.472
Carroll	1,672	2,086	1,567 3,233	2,157	1,462	2,381 3,929
Champaign.	1,672 3,338 8,848 4,247 2,602	3,695 8,715	3,233	2,157 3,752 8,840	3,141	3,929
Clark Clermont	8,848	8,715	8,418 4,127	3,637	8,558 3,968	9,135 3,220
Clinton	2 602	3,549 3,620	2,475 7,333 4,198		2.430	3,733
Columbiana.	7,788 4,269 6,014	8,118	7,333	3,611 8,231 2,988 2,835	7,486 3,739	8.662
Coshocton	4,269	2,831 2,673	4,198	2,988	3,739	3,456 3,293
Crawford Cuyahoga	6,014	2,673	5,781 63,676	2,835	5.447 69,158	3,293
Darke	71,533 6,186 3,359 3,754	51,287 4,322	5 887	55,519 4,547	5 465	55,642
Darke Defiance Delaware	3,359	2,565	5,887 3,277 3.511		5,465 3,174	5,096 2,947
Delaware	3,754	3,461	3.511	3,672	3,259	3.999
Erle Fairfield			5,022	3,672 4,341	3,259 4,717 5,738	4,723 3,823
Fayette	6,172 2,616	3,380 2,772	5,898 2,511		2 442	2 957
Franklin	34,103	24.107	2,511 31,776 2,311	25,907	2,442 32,777	2,957 25,273
Fulton	2,507	2,933 2,860	2,311	3,139	2.045	3,482
Gallia	2,507 2,577	2,860			2,147	3,010
Geauga Greene	1,215 2,913	1,806 4,458	1,404	1,929 4,560	1,146 2,720	2,069 4,703
Guernsey	4,312	1,228	4,031	4.455	4,447	4,353
Hamilton	<b>I 51.</b> 990	1 64.030	1 51.428	4,455 64,249	54,479	62,357
Hancock	5 416	4 268	5,209 4,218 1,825	4,461	4.865	4,955
Hardin Harrison	4,304 1,911	4,119 2,517	1 825	4,234 2,546	3,999 1,645	4,520 2,784
Henry	2 252		3,038	2.625	2,777	3.060
Highland	3,964 2,907 2,846	3,727	3.863	3.814	3,559	4,155
Hocking	2,907	2,357	2,676	2,573 990	2,779	2,498
Holmes	4,136	955 4,048	2,823 3,844	4,296	2,486 3,471	1,327 4,796
Huron Jackson	2 922	1 3 116	1 - 2.696	1 3.220	1 2,866	3.212
Jefferson	5,250 4,578	6,658	4.291	6.681	1 5,129	7.042
Knox	4,578	3,646 2,887	4,274 2,276	3,818	4,128 2,181	4,124
Lawrence.	2,596 2,821	1,363	2,763	3,063 4,348	2,865	3,322 4,349
Licking	0.183		7,788	6.194	7.631	6.631
Logan	3.483	4,345	3,289 6,966	4.487	1 3.096	4.765
Lorain Lucas	7,658 30,779	6,868 16,711	27,960	7,353 18,729	6,813 27,575	7,852 20,478
Madison	2,667	1 2 8091	2,576	2.885	2,608	2.868
Mahoning	13,013	11,256	11,722	12,215	11,868	2,868 12,655
Marlon	5,273	11,256 4,264 2,754	5,119 2,779	4.405	4,870	1,739
Medina	2,984 2,628	3,184	2,779	2,983 3,372	2,489 2,609	3,356 3,422
Melgs Mercer	3,803	2.065	2,480 3,735	2,072	3,645	2,114
Miami	5,582 3,322 24,339 1,833	5,772	5,351 3,229	2 0321	2,877	6 565
Monroe	3,322	1,504	3,229	1,512	3,098	1,736 19,261 2,296
Montgomery	24,339	19,683	23,243		24,979 1,686	19,261
Morgan Morrow	2,345	2,136 2,062	1,759 2,187	2,188 2,215 7,729 2,350	1,086	2,475
Muskingum.	6,328	7 5971	6 0991	7,729	1,968 6,317 2,084	2,475 7,722
Noble	2,175	2,290 1,793	2,105	2,350	2,084	4.415
Ottawa Paulding	2 312	2 642	2,105 3,250 2,260	1,040		2,157
Perry	2,345 6,328 2,175 3,347 2,313 3,860	2,647 3,953	3,668	2,682 4,129	3,716	2,800 4,196
Pickawav		3,953 2,629	3,684	2,698	2,182 3,716 3,587	2,871
Pike	2,091	1,616	2,025	1,644	1,998	1,695

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1	DENT,	U. S. TOR,	SENA- 1916.	GOVERNOR, 1916.		
	Wil- son, Dem.	Hu- ghes, Rep.	Pom- erene, Dem.	Her- rick, Rep.	Cox, Dem.	Wil- lis, Rep.
Trumbull Tuscarawas. Unlon. Van Wert. Vinton. Warren. Washington Wayne. Williams. Wood Wyandot. Total. 6	89,503 51		35,522 49	3,311 3,019 2,295 5,175 4,932 3,821 6,440 4,518 2,389 14,039 12,481 6,581 5,590 3,843 1,463 3,704 4,830 3,265 5,467 2,139 535,346	5,199 48	2,938 16,201 14,034 6,992 6,356 3,521 4,030 1,494 5,168 4,471 3,549 6,100, 2,350 561,002

votes; Hanly, Proh, 8,030.

For United States Senator, 1916, Ruthenberg, Soc., 38,187; Watkins. Proh., 12,060; Coxey, Ind., 2,965.

For Governor, 1916, Clifford, Soc., 36,908; Dickason, Proh , 7,347.

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1916. Districts.

Brink, Dem., 24,290; Longworth, Rep., 33,903; Ruemmele, Soc., 1,642.

Bowdle, Dem., 28,156; Heintz, Rep., 29,612; Stublfath, Soc., 2.131.

III. Gard Dem, 37,982; Dustin, Rep., 27,571; Mencher, Soc., 4,699.

IV. Welty, Dem., 29,416; Russell, Rep., 25,378. V. 20.424. Snook, Dem., 22,852; Matthews, Rep.,

VI. Turnipseed, Dem., 20,811; Kearns, Rep., 21 315; Bagby, Soc., 830.

Thorne, Dem., 141; Fess. Rep., 39,975; Rehm. Soc., 2,049.

VIII. Key, Dem. scattering 4. Dem., 25,164; Clark, Rep., 21,525;

Sherwood, Dem., 31,921; Mulholland, Rep., 19,882, Devine, Soc., 3,091

X. \_ Haslett, Dem , 15,375; Switzer, Rep., 21,185.

Claypool. Dem., 20,144; Rickets. Rep., 19,022. Forshaw. Soc.. 720

Brumbaugh, Dem., 31,362. Hemington, Rep., 26,415; Irlsh, Proh., 282; Southard. Soc., 1,348. I. Overmeyer, Dem., 26,882. Riegle, Rep., 21,523; Gotty, Soc., 1,019.

XIV Bathrick, Dem., 32,301; Williams, 26,010: Hamilton, Soc., 2 217

XV. White, Dem., 23,221; Mooney, Rep., 22,934; Martin, Soc., 1472.

XVI. Whitacer. Dem, 24,948; McCulluch, Rep., 31,945; scattering, 1.

XVII. Ashbrook. Dem., 31,749; Porterfield. Rep., 23,705; Simpson, Soc., 1,030; scattering, 1. XVIII. Francis, Dem., 24,538; Hollingsworth, Rep., 26,991; Carson, Soc., 2,621.

# OHIO-Continued.

XIX. King, Dem., 21,828; Cooper, Rep., 26,983; scattering, 2.

XX. Gordon, Dem., 26,950; Quigley, Rep., 17,235; Willert, Soc., 2,097

XXI. Crosser, Dem., 22,263; Taylor, Rep., 10,138; Benjamin, Soc., 1,845.

XXII. Young, Dem., 23,611; Emerson, Rep., 29,270.

#### STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor, James M. Co:: Lieutenant-Governor, Earl D. Bloom; Secretary of State, William D. Fulton; Treasurer, Chester E. Bryan; Auditor, Vic Douahey; Attorney-General, Joseph McGhee— all Democrats.

### JUDICIARY.

Supreme Court: Chief Justlee, Hugh L. Nichols; Associate Justlees, Thomas A. Jones, Edward S. Matthias, James G. Johnson, Maurice H. Donahue, O. W. Newman, R. M. Wanamaker; Clerk, Frank McKean.

# STATE LEGISLATURE.

	Senate.	House.	Joint Ballot.
Democrats		72	97
Republicans	. 11	56	67
Democratic majority	. 14	16	30

# VOTE OF THE STATE SINCE 1904.

١		Dem.	Rep.	Prog.	Soc.	Plu.
ŀ	1904. President	. 344,674	600,095		36,260	255,421 R.
ı	1905. Governor	. 473,264	430,517		17,795	42,647 D
ı	1903. President	. 502,721	572,312		33,795	69,591 R
ı	1908. Governor		533,197			19,372 D
ı	1910. Governor	. 477,077	376,700		60,637	100,377 D
	1912. Governor		272,500			166,823 D
ì	1912. President		277,066			
ı	1914. Governor	493,367	524,625	60,971	51,688	31,258 R

Prchibition vote for President-1900, 10,203; 1904, 19.339: 1908, 11.402: 1912, 11.459

# OKLAHOMA.

		PRESII 191	GOVERNOR, 1914.			
COUNTIES.	Wil-	Hu I	Ben-	Han-	Will-	
(77.)	son,	ghes.	son.	iy,	iams,	Fields
	Dem	Rep	Soc.	Proh.	Dem.	Rep.
Adair	1,190	1,010	212	7	1,182	1,028
Alfalfa	1,390	1,378	471	69	954	1,239
Atoka	1,479	925	524	10	1,135	900
Beaver	1,382	917	433	43	791	940
Beckham	1,850	527	889	8	964	719
Blaine	1,714	1,339	678	37	921	1,260
Bryan	2,974	1 <sub>a</sub> 267	757	8	2,429	912
Caddo	2,725	2,272	1,112	56	1,934	2,447
Canadian	2,200	1,590	422	43	1,594	1,749
Carter	2,949	1,013	935	6	1,998	727
Cherokee	1,594	1,379	273	8	1,424	1,325
Choctaw	1,945	957	614	11	1,465	641
Cimarron	387	238	138	8	280	1,253
Cleveland	1,753	885	579	18	1,228	1,167
Coal	1,418	824	566		1,017	769
Comanche	2,130	1,221	790		1,307	1,418
Cotton	1,500	685	366		1,036	855
Craig	1,901	1,647	189	6	1,456	1,545
Creek	3,496	2,820	1,281	32	1,608	2,179
Custer	1,771	1,507	592		1,173	1,815
Delaware	1,227	837	221	7	1,080	783
Dewey	992	796	891	27	729	915
Ellis	960	983	590	28	659	1,012
Garfield	2,347	2,854	632	57	1,639	2,089
Garvin	2,697	804	1,001	19	1,886	848
Grady	3,243	1,272	819		1,855	1,073
Grant	1,699	1,513	294	73	1,214	1,610
Greer	1,675	365	480	4	946	
Harmon	1,091	147	255	2	629	248
Harper	798		408			612
Haskell	1,486	976		5	1,218	893
Hughes	2,187	1,219	791	. 2	1,396	1,074
Jackson	2,096			13		
Jefferson	1,739	493				566
Johnston	1,724	756	671	ıl 6	1.154	581

# OKLAHOMA - Continued

COUNTIES.   Wil-   Hu   Ben   Son,   Rep.   Soc.   Prof.   Dem.   Rep.   Soc.   Prof.   Dem.   Rep.   KLAHOMA—Continuea.								
Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,		1						
Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,   Son,	COUNTIES.	Wil-	Hu	Ben-	Han-	Will-		
New No.   Color   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No.   New No	00011111111		ghes.		lv	iams.	Fields	
Kingsher.   1,364   1,728   447   255   968   1,721   Kiowa   2,279   663   330   10   759   570   Latimer.   950   663   330   10   759   570   Latimer.   950   663   330   10   759   570   Latimer.   950   663   330   10   759   570   Latimer.   950   663   330   10   759   570   Latimer.   950   663   330   10   759   570   Latimer.   950   663   330   10   759   570   Latimer.   950   663   330   10   759   570   Latimer.   1,761   2,76   552   663   1,062   2,557   Love   1,721   2,76   552   663   1,062   2,570   Love   1,763   795   643   9   1,645   512   McClain.   1,763   795   643   9   1,645   512   McClain.   1,763   795   643   9   1,645   512   Major.   763   946   636   33   474   671   Marshall.   1,352   449   618   5   1,037   399   Mayes.   1,674   1,229   226     1,362   1,186   Murray.   1,305   458   350   6   830   439   Muskogee   4,004   2,552   324   14   2,866   2,736   Muskogee   4,004   2,552   324   14   2,866   2,736   Nowata.   1,355   1,322   178   7   1,044   300   Oktuskee.   1,337   600   573   8   990   810   Oktuskee.   1,337   600   573   8   890   0   810   Oktuskee.   1,337   660   573   8   890   0   810   Oktuskee.   1,367   1,567   1,242   22   13   1,363   1,435   1,512   Payme.   2,466   1,560   754   15   1,559   1,101   0   Osage.   2,462   1,567   424   48   1,771   1,553   Ottawa.   1,877   1,642   423   13   1,363   1,435   1,512   Payme.   2,440   1,767   83   60   1,367   1,391   Payme.   2,440   1,767   83   60   1,367   1,391   Payme.   2,440   1,767   83   60   1,367   1,391   Pottata atomie.   3,443   1,914   886   22   2,651   1,530   Pottata atomie.   4,444   1,767   83   60   1,355   1,342   1,914   860   22   2,651   1,530   Pottata.   1,444   1,768   565   67   763   1,464   1,477   1,478   1,477   1,478   1,477   1,478   1,477   1,478   1,477   1,478   1,477   1,478   1,477   1,478   1,477   1,479   1,477   1,479   1,477   1,479   1,477   1,479   1,477   1,479   1,477   1,479   1,477   1,479   1,477   1,479   1,477   1,479   1,477   1,479   1		Dem.	Rep.	Soc.	Proh.	Dem.	Rep.	
Kingsher.   1,364   1,728   447   255   968   1,721   Kiowa   2,279   663   330   10   759   570   Latimer.   950   663   330   10   759   570   Latimer.   950   663   330   10   759   570   Latimer.   950   663   330   10   759   570   Latimer.   950   663   330   10   759   570   Latimer.   950   663   330   10   759   570   Latimer.   950   663   330   10   759   570   Latimer.   950   663   330   10   759   570   Latimer.   1,761   2,76   552   663   1,062   2,557   Love   1,721   2,76   552   663   1,062   2,570   Love   1,763   795   643   9   1,645   512   McClain.   1,763   795   643   9   1,645   512   McClain.   1,763   795   643   9   1,645   512   Major.   763   946   636   33   474   671   Marshall.   1,352   449   618   5   1,037   399   Mayes.   1,674   1,229   226     1,362   1,186   Murray.   1,305   458   350   6   830   439   Muskogee   4,004   2,552   324   14   2,866   2,736   Muskogee   4,004   2,552   324   14   2,866   2,736   Nowata.   1,355   1,322   178   7   1,044   300   Oktuskee.   1,337   600   573   8   990   810   Oktuskee.   1,337   600   573   8   890   0   810   Oktuskee.   1,337   660   573   8   890   0   810   Oktuskee.   1,367   1,567   1,242   22   13   1,363   1,435   1,512   Payme.   2,466   1,560   754   15   1,559   1,101   0   Osage.   2,462   1,567   424   48   1,771   1,553   Ottawa.   1,877   1,642   423   13   1,363   1,435   1,512   Payme.   2,440   1,767   83   60   1,367   1,391   Payme.   2,440   1,767   83   60   1,367   1,391   Payme.   2,440   1,767   83   60   1,367   1,391   Pottata atomie.   3,443   1,914   886   22   2,651   1,530   Pottata atomie.   4,444   1,767   83   60   1,355   1,342   1,914   860   22   2,651   1,530   Pottata.   1,444   1,768   565   67   763   1,464   1,477   1,478   1,477   1,478   1,477   1,478   1,477   1,478   1,477   1,478   1,477   1,478   1,477   1,478   1,477   1,479   1,477   1,479   1,477   1,479   1,477   1,479   1,477   1,479   1,477   1,479   1,477   1,479   1,477   1,479   1,477   1,479   1,477   1,479   1	Tron	2 240	2 482	373	115	1 957	2 238	
Kiowa	Kingfisher	1 364	1 728		25	968	1 721	
Latimer	Kiowa				25		1.230	
Le Flore	Latimer	950		330			570	
Lincoln   2,258   3,387   1,997   31   1,488   2,557   Logan   1,701   2,270   552   65   1,056   2,567   Love   1,123   266   364   2   1,046   233   McClain   1,541   680   492   2   940   594   McClain   1,541   680   492   2   940   594   McClain   1,763   795   643   9   1,645   512   McClain   1,763   795   643   9   1,645   512   McClain   1,763   795   643   9   1,645   512   McClain   1,763   795   643   9   1,645   512   McClain   1,763   795   643   9   1,645   512   McClain   1,763   795   648   33   474   671   Marshall   1,352   449   618   5   1,077   399   Mayes   1,674   1,229   226   1,362   1,186   Murray   1,305   488   350   6   830   439   Murray   1,305   488   350   6   830   439   Muskogee   4,004   2,532   324   14   2,866   2,736   Noble   1,346   1,243   217   20   938   1,352   Nowata   1,355   1,322   178   7   1,044   300   Oklushoma   7,971   5,291   1,220   77   3,838   6,478   Okmulgee   2,406   1,860   754   15   1,559   1,010   Osage   2,406   1,860   754   15   1,559   1,010   Osage   2,406   1,860   754   15   1,559   1,010   Osage   2,406   1,767   83   60   336   1,339   1,357   Paymee   1,491   1,396   223   31   1,336   1,359   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350   1,350	Le Flore	2,576	1,940			1,646	1,220	
Love         Love         1,123         266         364         2         1,046         233           McClain         1,541         680         492         2         940         594           McCutrain         1,763         795         643         9         1,645         512           McIntosh         1,763         795         643         9         1,645         512           Major         763         946         636         33         474         671           Marshall         1,352         449         618         5         1,362         1,186           Muray         1,305         488         350         6         880         459           Muskogee         4,004         2,552         324         14         2,662         2,736           Nowata         1,355         1,322         178         7         1,044         300           Okluskee         1,335         1,522         178         7         1,044         300           Okmuigee         2,466         1,560         754         15         1,559         1,11         300           Okmuigee         2,462         1,527         424	Lincoln	2,258	3,387			1,488	2,557	
McClurtain.   1,763   795   643   9   1,645   512     McIntosh.   1,743   896   552   8   1,252   1.009     McJor.   763   946   636   33   474   671     Marshall.   1,352   449   618   51   1,037   399     Mayes.   1,674   1,229   226     1,362   1,186     Murray.   1,305   458   350   6   830   459     Muskoge.   4,004   2,552   324   14   2,866   2,736     Muskoge.   4,004   2,552   324   14   2,866   2,736     Muskoge.   1,355   1,322   178   7   1,044   300     Oktuskoe.   1,355   1,322   178   7   1,044   300     Oktuskoe.   1,355   1,522   178   7   1,044   300     Oktuskoe.   1,357   660   573   8   990   810     Oktuskoe.   1,357   660   573   8   890   810     Oktuskoe.   1,367   1,5291   1,220   77   3,838   6,478     Oktuskoe.   1,567   424   8   1,771   1,555     Ottawa.   1,877   1,642   423   13   1,363   1,435     Payne.   2,140   1,767   832   60   1,363   1,435     Payne.   2,140   1,767   832   60   1,367   1,391     Pottat atomie.   2,418   911   926   16   1,626   729     Pottat atomie.   3,276   2,642   1,119   29   2,161   2,562     Pottat atomie.   1,464   1,767   83   16   1,525   1,344     Rogers Mills   1,188   556   567   678     Rogers Mills   1,484   1,777   1,778   1,779   1,778     Rogers Mills   1,484   1,777   1,779   1,775   1,775     Rogers Mills   1,644   1,777   2,77   1,775   1,775     Rogers Mills   1,644   1,777   2,77   1,775   1,775     Rogers Mills   1,644   1,777   2,77   1,775   1,775     Rogers Mills   1,644   1,777   2,77   1,775   1,775     Rogers Mills   1,644   1,777   2,77   1,775   1,775     Rogers   1,900   1,435   565   1,344   1,525   1,344     Washington   1,389   1,727   317   44   1,427   1,922     Washita.   2,107   988   703   15   1,187   1,161     Woodward   1,130   1,092   605   54   1,050   1,531     Woodward   1,130   1,092   605   56   57   1,055     Purality   5,327   744   1,589   1,589   1,580     Rogers   1,447   1,338   473   1,531   1,005   1,531     Woodward   1,130   1,092   605   54   1,005   9,504     Purality   5,327   7,504   1	Logan				63	1,026	2,567	
McClurtain.   1,763   795   643   9   1,645   512     McIntosh.   1,743   896   552   8   1,252   1.009     McJor.   763   946   636   33   474   671     Marshall.   1,352   449   618   51   1,037   399     Mayes.   1,674   1,229   226     1,362   1,186     Murray.   1,305   458   350   6   830   459     Muskoge.   4,004   2,552   324   14   2,866   2,736     Muskoge.   4,004   2,552   324   14   2,866   2,736     Muskoge.   1,355   1,322   178   7   1,044   300     Oktuskoe.   1,355   1,322   178   7   1,044   300     Oktuskoe.   1,355   1,522   178   7   1,044   300     Oktuskoe.   1,357   660   573   8   990   810     Oktuskoe.   1,357   660   573   8   890   810     Oktuskoe.   1,367   1,5291   1,220   77   3,838   6,478     Oktuskoe.   1,567   424   8   1,771   1,555     Ottawa.   1,877   1,642   423   13   1,363   1,435     Payne.   2,140   1,767   832   60   1,363   1,435     Payne.   2,140   1,767   832   60   1,367   1,391     Pottat atomie.   2,418   911   926   16   1,626   729     Pottat atomie.   3,276   2,642   1,119   29   2,161   2,562     Pottat atomie.   1,464   1,767   83   16   1,525   1,344     Rogers Mills   1,188   556   567   678     Rogers Mills   1,484   1,777   1,778   1,779   1,778     Rogers Mills   1,484   1,777   1,779   1,775   1,775     Rogers Mills   1,644   1,777   2,77   1,775   1,775     Rogers Mills   1,644   1,777   2,77   1,775   1,775     Rogers Mills   1,644   1,777   2,77   1,775   1,775     Rogers Mills   1,644   1,777   2,77   1,775   1,775     Rogers Mills   1,644   1,777   2,77   1,775   1,775     Rogers   1,900   1,435   565   1,344   1,525   1,344     Washington   1,389   1,727   317   44   1,427   1,922     Washita.   2,107   988   703   15   1,187   1,161     Woodward   1,130   1,092   605   54   1,050   1,531     Woodward   1,130   1,092   605   56   57   1,055     Purality   5,327   744   1,589   1,589   1,580     Rogers   1,447   1,338   473   1,531   1,005   1,531     Woodward   1,130   1,092   605   54   1,005   9,504     Purality   5,327   7,504   1					2	1,046		
Melntosh					2	940		
Major.         763         946         636         33         474         671           Marshall.         1,352         449         618         5         1,077         398           Mayes.         1,674         1,229         226         1,362         1,186           Murray.         1,305         458         330         6         890         439           Muskogee.         4,004         2,532         324         14         2,862         2,736           Nowata.         1,335         1,232         178         7         1,044         300           Okluskee.         1,335         1,822         178         7         1,044         300           Okmulgee.         2,406         1,800         754         15         1,599         1,810           Okmulgee.         2,406         1,800         754         15         1,599         1,010           Okage.         2,2052         1,527         424         8         1,771         1,553           Ottawa.         1,877         1,642         423         31         1,341         1,512           Payne.         2,419         1,366         528         33         1,43	McCurtain					1,040		
Marshall         1,332         449         618         5         1,037         399           Mayes         1,574         1,229         26         1, 1,362         1,186         350         6         890         459           Murray         1,305         488         350         6         890         459           Muskogee         4,904         2,532         324         14         2,866         2,736           Noble         1,346         1,243         217         20         983         1,352           Nowata         1,336         1,222         178         7         1,044         300           Oklahoma         7,971         5,291         1,220         77         3,838         6478           Okmulgee         2,406         1,860         754         15         1,539         1,101           Osage         2,052         1,527         144         80         7171         1,553           Ottawa         1,4877         1,642         423         33         1,341         1,512           Paynee         1,491         1,366         523         33         1,314         1,512           Potta'stomic         3,27	Major				. 33			
Mayes				618				
Murray.         1,305         488         350         6         890         499           Muskogee         4,904         2,532         324         14         2,866         2,736           Noble.         1,346         1,243         217         20         983         1,352           Nowata.         1,356         1,622         178         7         1,044         300           Okfuskoe.         1,337         660         673         8         990         810           Okalahoma.         7,971         5,291         1,220         77         3,838         648           Okmulgee.         2,406         1,860         754         15         1,539         1101           Osage.         2,052         1,527         424         81         1,711         1,535           Ottawa.         1,491         1,366         523         33         1,134         1,512           Payne.         2,410         1,767         832         60         1,367         1,391           Pittsburg.         3,443         1,914         886         22         2,651         1,530           Pontoto.         2,418         911         926         <	Mayes			226				
Mushogee         4,004         2,532         324         14         2,866         2,736           Noble         1,346         1,243         217         20         998         1,323           Nowata         1,335         1,322         178         7         1,044         300           Oklahoma         7,971         5,291         1,220         77         3,859         6,478           Okmulgee         2,406         1,860         754         15         1,559         1,101           Ottawa         1,877         1,642         423         13         1,336         1,435           Payne         2,140         1,767         832         60         1,367         1,512           Payne         2,140         1,767         832         60         1,367         1,336           Pottatsburg         3,443         1,914         886         22         2,651         1,530           Pottatatomie         3,276         2641         1,119         926         16         1,667         720           Pottatatomie         3,276         2641         449         4874         524         525         1,347         525         1,348         535 </td <td>Murray</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>350</td> <td>6</td> <td></td> <td></td>	Murray			350	6			
Noble	Muskogee			324	14		2,736	
Okfuskee.         1,337         660         573         8         990         810           Oklahoma         7,971         5,291         1,220         77         3,838         6,478           Okmulgee.         2,466         1,860         754         15         1,539         1,101           Osage         2,052         1,527         4,24         8         1,711         1,535           Ottawa.         1,877         1,642         423         33         1,339         1,435           Payne.         1,491         1,366         523         33         1,134         1,512           Pontotoc.         2,418         911         926         16         1,626         720           Potta'atomie         3,276         2,642         1,119         29         2,615         1,527           Pushmataha         1,059         643         553         555         7         636         657           Rogers         1,900         1,435         531         16         1,555         1,344           Seminole         1,444         872         921         11         166         7,551         134           Sequoyah         1,644	Noble			217	20			
Öklahoma.         7,971         5,291         1,220         77         3,888         6,478           Ökmulgee         2,406         1,860         754         15         1,539         1,101           Osage         2,052         1,527         424         8         1,771         1,553           Ottawa         1,877         1,642         423         13         1,336         1,435           Payne         2,149         1,767         832         60         1,367         1,391           Payne         2,149         1,767         832         60         2,367         1,530           Pottosburg         3,443         1,914         886         22         2,651         1,530           Pottavatome         3,276         2,912         1,119         926         16         1,666         720           Pottavatome         3,276         2,912         1,119         92         2,161         2,526           Pushmataha         1,059         645         449         4         874         524           Rogers         1,900         1,435         531         16         1,525         1,348           Seminole         1,444         8	Nowata				7			
Ökmulgee.         2,406         1,860         754         15         1,539         1,101           Osage         2,052         1,527         44         8         1,771         1,553           Ottawa.         1,877         1,612         423         13         1,369         1,435           Payne.         1,491         1,366         523         33         1,134         1,512           Payne.         2,410         1,767         832         60         1,367         1,391           Pittsburg.         3,443         1,914         886         22         2,615         1,530           Pontotoc.         2,418         911         926         16         1,626         720           Potta'atomie         3,276         2,642         1,119         29         2,611         1,536           Roger Mills         1,485         538         565         7         636         657           Rogers.         1,900         1,435         531         16         1,525         1,344           Seminole.         1,444         872         921         11         1,666         76           Stephens.         2,343         607         1,077 </td <td>Okfuskce</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>573</td> <td>8</td> <td></td> <td></td>	Okfuskce			573	8			
Osage.         2,052         1,527         424         8         1,771         1,555           Ottawa.         1,877         1,642         423         13         13,36         1,435           Pawnee.         1,491         1,396         528         33         1,134         1,512           Payne.         2,140         1,767         832         60         1,367         1,391           Pottotoc.         2,418         911         936         16         1,662         720           Potta'atomie         3,276         2642         1,119         29         2,161         2,526           Pushmataha         1,059         645         449         4         874         524           Rogers         1,900         1,435         531         16         1,525         1,347           Seminole         1,444         872         921         11         1,636         763           Sequoyah         1,641         1,179         516         8         1,519         1,177           Stephens         2,343         607         1,077         17         1,279         872           Tulisa         4,497         3,853         473	Oklahoma	7,971		1,220				
Ottawa.         1,877         1,642         423         133         1,369         1,435           Pawnee.         1,491         1,366         528         33         1,134         1,512           Payne.         2,440         1,767         832         60         1,367         1,391           Pittsburg.         3,443         1,914         886         22         2,615         1,530           Pontotoc.         2,418         911         926         16         1,626         720           Potta'atomie         3,276         2,642         1,119         29         2,611         1,526           Roger Mills         1,148         538         565         7         636         657           Rogers.         1,900         1,435         531         16         1,525         1,344           Seminole.         1,644         1,179         516         8         1,519         1,177           Stephens.         2,343         607         1,077         17         1,279         875           Texas.         1,349         807         295         17         745         642           Tuilsa.         4,497         3,857         849 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>704</td> <td>19</td> <td></td> <td></td>				704	19			
Pawnee.         1,491         1,396         528         33         1,134         1,512           Payne         2,149         1,767         832         60         1,367         1,391           Pottsburg         3,443         1,914         886         22         2,651         1,530           Pottasburg         3,443         1,914         886         22         2,651         1,530           Potta'atomie         3,276         2642         1,119         29         2,161         2,526           Pushmataha         1,059         645         449         4         874         524           Rogers         1,900         1,435         531         16         1,555         1,348           Seminole         1,444         872         921         11         1,666         763           Sequoyah         1,644         1,779         516         8         1,519         1,177           Stephens         2,343         607         1,077         17         1,279         875           Texas         1,349         3,867         849         32         2,432         3,617           Tulisa         4,497         3,876         849	Ottown				13			
Payne         2,140         1,767         832         60         1,367         1,391           Pittsburg         3,443         1,914         886         22         2,651         1,530           Pontotoc         2,418         911         926         16         1,626         720           Potta'atomie         3,276         2642         1,119         29         2,161         2,526           Pushmataha         1,059         645         449         4         874         524           Roger Mills         1,148         538         565         7         636         657           Rogers         1,900         1,435         531         16         1,525         1,344           Seminole         1,644         1,179         516         8         1,519         1,177           Stephens         2,343         607         1,077         17         1,279         875           Texas         1,349         807         295         17         745         642           Tulisa         4,497         3,857         849         31         2,432         3,217           Wasonta         2,107         988         703         1	Prwnee	1.491	1.396	529	33		1.512	
Pittsburg         3,443         1,914         886         22         2,651         1,530           Pontotoc         2,418         911         936         16         1,666         720           Potta'atomie         3,276         26412         1,119         29         2,161         2,526           Pushmataha         1,059         645         449         4         874         524           Rogers         1,900         1,435         531         16         1,525         1,344           Seminole         1,444         872         921         11         1,666         763           Sequoyah         1,644         1,79         516         8         1,519         1,177           Stephens         2,343         607         1,077         17         1,279         872           Texas         1,349         367         295         17         1,45         642           Tulisa         4,497         3,853         361         1,272         145         642           Tulsa         4,497         3,853         1,227         394         31         2,323         3,217           Washita         1,497         958 <td< td=""><td>Pavne</td><td>2,140</td><td></td><td>833</td><td>60</td><td>1.367</td><td></td></td<>	Pavne	2,140		833	60	1.367		
Pontotoc.         2,418         911         936         16         1,626         720           Potta'atomie         3,276         2,4042         1,119         29         2,161         2,526           Pushmataha.         1,059         645         449         4         874         524           Roger Mills         1,148         538         565         7         669         657           Rogers.         1,900         1,435         531         16         1,525         1,344           Seminole.         L444         872         921         11         16.66         763           Sequoyah.         1,644         1,179         516         8         1,519         1,177           Stephens.         2,343         607         1,077         17         1,279         875           Texas.         1,349         807         295         17         745         642           Tulisa.         4,497         3,837         849         31         2,432         3,217           Washita.         2,107         98         703         15         1,187         1,161           Woodward.         1,417         1,338         473	Pittsburg	3,443		886	22	2.651	1.530	
Pushmataha.         1,059         645         449         4         874         524           Roger Mills         1,448         538         565         7         636         657           Rogers.         1,900         1,433         531         16         1,525         1,344           Seminole.         1,444         872         921         11         1,666         7,63           Sequoyah.         1,644         1,179         516         8         1,519         1,177           Steppens.         2,343         607         1,077         17         172         1729         875           Texas.         1,349         807         295         17         745         642           Tiliman.         2,250         625         867         14         1,25         616           Tulsa.         4,497         3,887         849         31         2,432         3,217           Washita         2,107         988         703         15         1,187         1,161           Woodward         1,131         1,092         605         36         754         1,050           Woodward         1,43         1,092         45,431	Pontotoc	2,418	911	936	16	1,626	720	
Rogers   1,900   1,435   555   7   636   657					29		2,526	
Rogers         1,900         1,433         531         16         1,525         1,344           Seminole         1,444         872         921         11         1,666         763           Sequoyah         1,644         1,179         516         8         1,519         1,177           Steppens         2,343         607         1,077         17         172         179         875           Texas         1,349         807         295         17         745         642           Tiliman         2,250         625         867         14         1,255         612         612           Tulsa         4,497         3,857         849         31         2,432         3,217           Wasnita         2,107         98         703         15         1,187         1,161           Wasnita         2,107         988         703         15         1,187         1,161           Woodward         1,331         1,092         605         36         754         1,050           Total         1,48,626         98,299         45,431         2,988         100,597         95,904           Plurality         50         34<					4			
Seminole         1,444         872         921         11         1,686         763           Sequoyah         1,6444         1,79         516         81         5,159         1,177           Stephens         2,343         607         1,077         17         1,279         875           Texas         1,349         807         295         17         745         642           Tilinan         2,250         625         867         141         1,225         616           Tulsa         4,497         3,887         849         31         2,432         3,217           Wagoner         1,040         799         299         3         953         714         1,227         1,922           Washita         2,107         958         703         15         1,187         1,161         1,132         1,187         1,161         1,131         1,161         1,131         1,161         1,131         1,161         1,131         1,161         1,131         1,162         1,131         1,161         1,131         1,161         1,131         1,161         1,131         1,161         1,131         1,161         1,131         1,161         1,131         1,161 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>								
Sequoyah.         1.644         1.179         516         8         1.519         1.177           Stephens.         2.343         607         1.077         17         17.279         875           Stephens.         2.343         607         1.077         17         17.299         875           Texas.         1.349         807         295         17         745         622           Tilman.         2.250         625         867         14         1.255         616           Tulsa.         4.497         3.887         849         31         2.432         3.217           Wasonita         2.107         798         703         15         1.187         1.161           Washita         2.107         958         703         15         1.187         1.161           Woodward         1.131         1.092         605         36         754         1.050           Total.         1.48,626         98,299         45,431         2,938         100,597         95,904           Plurality         50,327         7         15         1.36         63         754         1.050           50         34         15 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>								
Stephens   2,343   607   1,077   17   1,279   875   Texas   1,349   807   295   17   745   642   745   642   745   642   745   642   745   642   745   642   745   642   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745   745	Segueva b							
Texas         1,349         807         295         17         745         642           Tillman         2,250         625         627         14         1,235         616           Tulsa         4,497         3,878         849         31         2,432         3,217           Wasone         1,040         799         299         3         953         714           Washita         2,107         98         703         15         1,187         1,161           Woodward         1,131         1,938         473         51         1,020         1531           Woodward         1,131         1,092         605         36         754         1,050           Total         148,626         98,299         45,431         2,938         100,597         95,004           Plurality         5,037         7         15         1         36         37           Per cent         5,037         7         15         1         39         37	Stenhens	2 343				1 270		
Tillman. 2,250 625 367 141 1,225 616 Tulsa. 4,497 3,857 849 31 2,432 3,217 Wagoner. 1,040 799 299 3 953 714 Washington 1,839 1,727 317 41 1,427 1,922 Washita. 2,107 958 703 15 1,87 1,161 Woods. 1,417 1,338 473 51 1,030 1,331 Woodward 1,130 1,092 605 36 754 1,050  Total. 148,626 98,229 45,431 2,958 100,597 95,904 Plurality 50,327 4,693 Per cent. 50 34 15 1 39 37	Texas	1.319				745		
Tulsa         4,497         3,837         849         31         2,432         3,217           Wagoner         1,040         799         299         3         953         714           Washington         1,839         1,727         317         41         1,427         1,922           Washita         2,107         958         703         15         1,187         1,161           Woodward         1,417         1,358         473         51         1,020         1531           Woodward         1,130         1,092         605         36         754         1,050           Total         148,626         98,299         45,431         2,958         100,597         95,904           Plurality         50,327         7         5         34         15         1         39         37	Tillman	2,250						
Wagoner         1,040         799         299         3         353         714           Washington         1,839         1,727         317         41         1,427         1,427         1,427         1,427         1,427         1,427         1,528           Woods         2,107         958         703         15         1,187         1,161           Woodward         1,130         1,922         605         36         754         1,531           Woodward         1,130         1,922         605         36         754         1,030         1,531           Total         148,626         98,299         45,431         2,958         100,597         95,904           Plurality         50,327         34         15         1         39         37	Tulsa					2,432	3,217	
Washita.         2,107         958         703         15         1,187         1,161           Woods.         1,417         1,358         473         51         1,030         1,531           Woodward         1,130         1,992         605         36         754         1,059           Total.         148,626         98,299         45,431         2,958         100,597         95,904           Purality         50,327         34         15         1         39         37           Per cent         50         34         15         1         39         37	Wagoner							
Woods         1,417         1,338         473         51         1,020         1,531           Woodward         1,130         1,092         605         36         754         1,050           Total.         148,626         98,299         45,431         2,958         100,597         95,904           Plurality.         50,327         95         34         15         1         39         37           Per cent.         50         34         15         1         39         37	Washington.							
Woodward         1,130         1,092         605         36         754         1,050           Total         148,626         98,299         45,431         2,958         100,597         95,904           Plurality         50,327         4,693         4,693         3           Per cent         50         34         15         1         39         37	Washita	2,107				1,187		
Total. 148,626 98,299 45,431 2,958 100,597 95,904 Plurality. 50,327	Woods						1,531	
Plurality 50,327 4,693 Per cent 50 34 15 1 39 37	woodward	1,130	1,092	605	36	754	1,050	
Plurality 50,327 4,693 Per cent 50 34 15 1 39 37	Total	148,626	98,299	45,431	2.958	100.597	95,904	
Per cent 50 34 15 1 39 37	Plurality							
Whole vote 295,548 253,682	Per cent	50		15	1	39	37	
	Whole vote		295,	548		253,	682	

For President, 1916, Progressive ticket received 234

For Governor, 1914, Hickam, Prog., received 4,189 votes; Holt, Soc., 52,703; Wilson, Ind., 84; Wood, Ind., 205.

VOTE FOR UNITED STATES SENATOR, 1914. Gore, Dem., received 119,443 votes; Burford, Rep., 73,292; Cromwell, Prog., 3,966; Nagle, Soc., 52,229,

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1916.

Districts Davenport, Dem., 17,949; Chandler, Rep., 18,208; Reese, Soc., 3,671; Brandon, Proh., 132

132.

14. Hastigas, Dem., 15,588; Ward, Rep., 10,224; Lewis, Soc., 3,511.

15. Lewis, Soc., 3,511.

16. Carter, Dem., 21,182; McVay, Rep., 10,386; Shelton, Soc., 6,862.

17. McKeown, Dem., 19,076; Gresham, Rep., 12,399; Adams, Soc., 8,026.

17. Thompson, Dem., 17,323; Dodson, Rep., 12,730; Allen, Soc., 5,294; Phifer, Proh., 291.

17. Ferris, Dem., 18,232; Hinkle, Rep., 10,393; Morris, Soc., 6,727.

17. McClintic, Dem., 17,810; Jones, Rep., 7,030; Stallard, Soc., 8,140; Hockby, Proh., 125.

18. UII. Harris, Dem., 14,816; Morgan, Rep., 16,691; Ottl., Soc., 5,138; Henson, Proh., 352.

# STATE GOVERNMENT.

# OKLAHOMA-Continued.

S. P. Freeling; Commissioner of Insurance, A. L. Welch; Commissioner of Education, R. H. Wilson; Commissioner of Agriculture, F. M. Gault—all Democrats.

#### JUDICIARY.

Supreme Court: Chief Justice, Matthew J. Kane; Associate Justices, John B. Turner, J. F. Sharp, Summers Hardy, and Charles M. Thacker; Clerk of the Court, William M. Franklin.

# STATE LEGISLATURE.

Democrats	Senate. 38 5 1	House. 85 26 0	Joint Ballot. 123 31 1
			_
Democratic majority	32	59	01

# VOTE OF THE STATE SINCE 1907.

			Rep.		
1907.	Governor	137.641	110,296	 9,303	27,345 D
1908.	President	122,363	110,474	 21,734	11,889 D
1910.	Governor	120,218	99.527	 	20,691 D
	President.,				

Prohibition vote for President—1912, 2,185.

\*Roosevelt vote included in Tatt's; Roosevelt electors not on ballot.

# ORECON.

PRESIDENT, 1916.					GOVERNOR, 1914.		
Counties.	Wil- son, Dem.	Hu ghes, Rep.	Ben- son, Soc.	Han- ly, Proh.	Smith Dem.	With' c'mbe Rep.	
Baker . Benton . Clakamas . Clatsop . Columbia . Coos . Crook . Curry . Douglas . Gilliam . Harney . Hood River . Jackson . Jefferson . Josephine . Lincoln . Linn . Malheur . Marion . Morrow . Multnomah . Polk . Sherman .	3,897 2,488 5,334 2,239 1,451 3,352 5,699 512 3,679 870 1,239 1,188 4,874 904 1,656 1,853 915 1,673 80 915 1,937 5,1937 5,293 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474	2,541 2,902 6,349 2,568 2,023 3,209 1,675 541 3,922 ,557 941 872 1,314 3,538 581 1,663 1,631 7,253 1,167 4,168 2,899 7,17 1,547 7,17	324 120 5566 3200 182 7088 2099 1188 4200 25 1455 1455 1455 1455 1450 1700 1700 1900 3188 2933 4733 4733 4733 182 182 183 183 184 184 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185	69 207 222 655 922 74 74 74 73 8 8 117 17 17 22 230 60 42 24 11 261 17 25 261 18 12 261 18 47 55 44 47 55 47 47 48 48 51 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48	2,430 1,719 3,476 1,371 1,082 2,100 2,844 449 2,827 5,528 899 917 917 917 4,834 1,204 639 804 4,237 1,698 5,541 27,127 2,522 2,522 2,522 2,444 4,439 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8,549 8	3,066 3,293 5,082 2,627 1,827 3,009 1,824 445 3,770 822 1,020 1,236 6,633 1,143 4,217 6,733 1,143 4,217 1,227 1,271 1,297 1,010 39,003 2,958 6,768	
Umatilla Union Wallowa Wasco Washington Wheelcr Yamhill	4,606 3,086 1,960 2,287 3,363 570 3,342	3,664 2,253 1,198 2,243 4,888 629 4,010	256 259 165 103 219 10 219	122 63 20 80 222 6 443	3,727 2,460 1,141 1,747 3,101 398 3,408	3,923 2,631 1,300 2,215 4,151 624 3,521	
Total Plurality Per cent Whole vote	120,087	126,813 6,726 49 261	9,711	4,729	94,594 38 248,	121,037 26,443 48 052	

For President, 1916, Progressive ticket received 310 votes.

For Governor, 1914, U'Ren, Ind., received 10,493 votes; Purdy, non-partisan, 1,515; Glll, Prog., 6,129; Smith, Soc., 14,284.

VOTE FOR UNITED STATES SENATOR, 1914.

Governor, R. L. Williams; Lieutenant-Governor, M. E. Trapp; Secretary of State, J. L. Lyon; Treasurer, W. L. Alexander; Auditor, E. B. Howard; Adjutant-General, Ancel Earp; Attorney-General, Proh., 8,649.

# OREGON-Continued.

# VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1916. Districts.

1. Weatherford, Dem., 39,101; Hawley, Rep., 60,539; Richards, Soc., 7,243.

11. Sinnott, Rep., 35,99. Barkley, Soc., 6,028.

111. Jeffrey, Dem., 9,797; Mearthur, Rep., 35,832;
Streiff, Soc., 2,047; Lafferty, Ind.-Trog., 27,607.

State Government.

Governor, James Withycombe, Rep.; Auditor and Secretary of State, Ben W. Oleott, Rep.; State Treasurer, Thomas B. Kay, Rep.; Superintendent of Public Instruction, J. A. Churchill, Rep.; Adjutant-General, George A. White; Attorney-General, Geo. M. Brown, Rep.; Commissioner of Insurance, Harvey Wells.

Supreme Court: Chlef Justice, Frank A. Moore; Justices, Robert Eakin, Thomas A. McBride, Henry J. Bean, George H. Burnett, Lawrence T. Harris, and Henry L. Benson; Clerk, J. C. Moreland.

STATE	LEGISLAT	URE.	
	Senate.	House.	Joint Ballot
Republicans	. 24	55	79
Democrats		4	9
Independents		1	2
	_	_	-
Danublican majority	18	50	68

republican a	inlo	iloy	10	00		00	
VOTE	OF	THE S	STATE	SINCE	1904.		
		Dem.	. Re $v$ .	Prog.	Soc.	Plu.	
1904. President.		17,521	60,455	·	7,619	42,934	
1906. Governor.		46,002	43.508	3	4,468	2,494	D
1908. President.						24,481	
1910. Governor		54,853	48,751			6,102	
1912. President,		47,064	34,673	37,600	13,343	9,464	D

### PENNSYLVANIA

PENNSYLVANIA.							
		ESIDEN 1916.		U. S. SENATOR, 1916.			
COUNTIES.	Wil-	Hu	Ben-		*	Er-	
(67.)	son,	ghes,	son,	Orvis,	Knox,	vln,	
	Dem.	Rep.	Soc.	Dem.	Rep.	Soc.	
Adams	3,963	3,290	82	3,538	3,025	87	
Allegheny	52.833	77,183	7,815	40.093	74.578	8,598	
Armstrong .	3,590	6,024	316	3,052	5,376	322	
Beaver	5,805	6,861	901	1,391	6,365	917	
Bedford	3,263	3,729	238	2,893	3,574 10,765	221	
Berks	19,267	11,937	3,146	16,770	10,765	3,778	
Blair	7,002	9,893	491	5,999 2,980	9,165	631	
Bradford	3,655	6,178 9,280	200 238	2,980	5,449 8,854	186 248	
Bucks	7,494 4,514	5,458	211	6,973 4,018	4,977	230	
Butler	9,416	10,688	725	8.287	9,685	804	
Cambria	452	713	15	334	612	11	
Cameron	4.099	4,275	179	3,539	3,936	189	
Centre	4,120	4,392	122	3,984	4.027	126	
Chester	8,514	11,845	204	7,301	10,779	204	
Clarion	3,269	2,595	175	3.011	2,243	177	
Clarion Clearfield	6.180	5,676	816	5.243	1,927	888	
Clinton	2.967	2,794	344	2,728	2,559	352	
Columbia	5,785	3,013	116	5,237 5,837	2,652	116	
Crawford	5.814	5,487	526	5,837	5,002	556	
Cumberland.	6,132	5,296	167	5,729	5,132	177	
Dauphin	11,483	13,954	841	9,745	13,185 16,066	1,009 239	
Delaware	7,742	16,315 2,829	212 225	6,909	2,629	228	
Elk	2,186 9,641	8,833	1,000	2,028 7,543	7,621	1,129	
Erie	10,416		849	9,933	9,668	891	
Fayette	463	617	110	339	523	108	
Franklin	5,336		325	4.858	5,385	305	
Fulton	1,199	8112	11	1.105	626	ii	
Greene	3,930	₩ 96	67	3,341	1,786	65	
Huntingdon.	2.181	3,806	169	1.890	3,464	182	
Indiana	2,398	4.887	381	1,975 2,716	4,552	383	
Jefferson	3,253	4.332	445	2,716	3,983	493	
Juniata	1,497	1,254	32	1,317	1,145	29	
Lackawanna	15,727	17,658	598		16,458 19,886	542	
Lancaster	10,016			9,505	19,580	526 704	
Lawrence	3,966	5,134	602	2,829	4,629 5,430	216	
Lebanon	3,821	5,876 10,588	211 890	3,441 11,185	10,112	982	
Lehigh	11,920 19,999	25,348	1.249	17,530	22,830	1,343	
Luzerne	6,640	6,010		5,415	4.947	1 036	
Lycoming McKean	3 161	1,300	487		3,705	193	
Mercer	3,161 6,390	5,866	725	5,548	5,363	770	
Miffin	1,965	2,105	277	1.595	1,961	275	
Monroe		1,456			1,133	28	
	, 0,010	, -,-00		_,,			

#### PENNSYLVANIA-Continued.

	PR	ESIDEN 1916.	T,	U. S. SENATOR, 1916.				
COUNTIES.	Wil-	Hu	Ben-		*	Er-		
000	son.	ghes,	son.	Orvis,	Knox.	vin.		
	Dem.	Rep.	Soc.	Dem.	Rep.	Soc.		
		00.104		40.000		700		
Montgomery	13,658	20,431	721	12,920	19,796	733		
Montour	1,530	1,068	16		804	20		
Northam'ton	11,000	9,610	457	10,209	8,829	482		
N'humberl'd	9,333	8,722	1,012	7,305	7,002	1,074		
Perry	2,348	2,575	30	2,125	2,399	30		
Philadelphia.	90,800	194,163	4,716	80,591	190,586	4,771		
Pike	971	598	14	829	444	8		
Potter	1,733	2,386	213		1,972	238		
Schuylkill	13,396	17,806	909		16,282	950		
Snyder	1,219	1,797	48	1,038	1,510	52		
Somerset	2,957	6,008	527		5,255	483		
Sullivan	1,037	888	21	891	734	19		
Susquehanna	3,145	3,891	28			33		
Tioga	2,294	5,347	91		4,008	106		
Union	1,272	1,902	14	1,055	1,573	44		
Venango	3,938	3,856	553	2,797	3,459	608		
Warren	2,628	3,413	346		2,975	349		
Washington.	7,717	10,367	1,056	6,974		1,085		
Wayne	2,019	2,869	52		2,519	52		
Westmorel'd	13,829	15,282	2,591	11,575	14,229	2,706		
Wyoming	1,444					33		
York	16,314	12,276	730	15,083	11,584	704		
Total	521 784	703,734	42 637	450 106	662,218	45,385		
Plurality	021,104	181,950	ZD,001	1200,100	230,345	10,000		
	40			37	56			
Per cent		1,297,09		1 31	1,208.46	2 2		
Whole vote	J	1,207,09	1		1,4.0.40	, , ,		

For President, 1916, Hanly, Proh., 28,525; Reimer, Industrialist (Soc. Lab.), 417.

\*For United States Senator, 1916, Knox, on Rossevelt Prog. ticket, received 13,368 votes, on Keystone ticket, 3,839, on Personal Liberty ticket, 1,026, Knox's tetal vote, 680,451; Ames, Proh., 30,089; Tuomas, Industrialist and Soc.-Lab., 1,022; Macauley, Single 1ax, 1,337, scattering, 23.

# VOTE FOR GOVERNOR, 1914.

Brumbaugh, Rep., 531,888, on Keystone ticket, 37,847, on Personal Liberty ticket, 17,955; McCormick, Dem., 312,553, on Wash, ticket, 149,329; Brumm, Bull Moose, 4,031; Lewis, Roosevelt Prog., 6,473; Allen, Soc., 49,115; Stevenson, Proh., 17,467; Harrison, Industrialist, 533.

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1916. District.

McCrossin, Dem., 12,243; Vare, Wash, and Rep., 33,330; Silvey, Soc., 927.

Shea, Dem., 7,117; Graham, Wash., Rep., Keystone and Personal Liberty, 23,921; Goldberg, Soc., 451.

Hagerty, Dem., 7,511; Weinstock, Wash., 414; Moore, Rep. and Keystone, 23,753; Kline, Soc., 499. III.

Lynch, Dem., 11,101; Edmonds, Wash., Rep., Roosevelt Prog. and Personal Liberty, 26,122; Root, Soc., 901; Stay, Proh., 189.
Donohoe, Dem., Keystone, 17,064; Pratt, Wash. and Proh., 2,231; Costello, Rep. and Personal Liberty, 29,699; Landberg, Soc., 1,023; Wingert, Single Tax, 18.

Logue, Dem., Keystone, 25,665; Darrow, Wash., Rep., Personal Liberty and Proh., 56,207; Mays, Soc., 1,292. VI.

Cassatt, Dem. and Wash., 15,102; Butler, Rep., 27,879; Lodge, Soc., 428; Paschall, Proh.,

VIII. Heacock, Dem. 20,232; Watson, Rep., 28,852; Whiteside, Soc., 954; Rambo, Proh., 467; Dix, Single Tax, 126.

Myers, Dem., 9,506; Griest, Rep., 20,058; Stoner, Soc., 568; Watts, Proh., 1,115. TX

Burschel, Dem., 14,694; Farr, Wash., Rep., Bull Moose, Keystone and Roosevelt Prog., 17,823; Woodcock, Soc., 173; Clark, Proh., 605.

XI. Casey, Dem. and Keystone, 19,185; Davis, Wash, and Proh., 845; Templeton, Rep. and Roosevelt Prog., 21,287; Husted, Soc., L084.
XII. Lee, Dem., 11,40; Heaton, Wash, and Rep., 19,172; McDonald, Soc., 888.

# PENNSYLVANIA-Continued.

- Dewalt, Dem., 28,296; Schantz, Wash., Rep., Bull Moose and Roosevelt Prog., 23,412; Leffler, Soc., 4,507; Loose, Proh., 531. XIII.
- XIV. Brennan, Dem., 8.881: Wood, Wash., 430; McFadden, Rep., 13.638; Arthur, Soc., 302; Heermans, Proh., 1,279.
- XV. Ashton, Dem., 10,766; Kiess, Wash., Rep. and Proh., 18,478; McGowan, Soc., 1,789.
- XVI. Lesher, Dem., 16,490; Kline, Wash., Rep. and Proh., 14,154; Koch, Soc., 1,186.
- XVII. Harris, Dem., 17,417; Focht, Rep. and Proh., 18,673; Thompson, Soc., 931.
- I. Saussman, Dem., 20,313; Kreider, Rep., 21,630; Steiner, Soc., 1,424; Sprenkel, 1,292.
- XIX. Bailey, Dem. and Union, 21,007; Rose, Rep., 22,652; Murphy, Soc., 1,252.
- Brodbeck, Dem., 18,490; McCall, Wash. and Rep., 16,327; Dehoff, Soc., 826; Trumpfeller, Proh., 1,177.
- Toblas, Dem. and Proh., 13,944, Rowland, Rep., 14,150; Fox, Soc., 1,605.
- XXII. Kline, Dem., 16,165; Robbins, Wash, and Rep., 19,978; Cunningham, Soc., 2,945; Irwin, Proh., 2,153.
- II. Sterling, Dem., 17,348; Hopwood, Wash, and Rep., 16,453; Ream, Soc., 1,406; Sturgeon, Proh., 822. XXIII.
- XXIV. Mellon, Dem., 14,679; Temple, Rep. and Wash., 22,839; Ramsey, Soc., 2,839; Smith, Proh., 1,664.
- Crosby, Dem., 13,068; Kincaid, Wash. and Proh., 3,038; Clark, Rep., 13,441; Tillotson, XXV. Crosby, Proh., 3,03 Soc., 1,612.
- XXVI. Steele, Dem. and Soc., 18,374; Lewis, Wash, and Rep., 14,857; Browell, Bull Moose and Roosevelt Prog., 103; Field, Proh., 1,035.
- XXVII. Golden, Dem., 10,751; Strong, Wash, and Rep., 17,702; Einstein, Soc., 1,415; De Santis, Proh., 1,793.
- XXVIII. Beshlin, Dem., 12,406; Bleakley, Rep., 16,511; Ashe, Soc., 2,102; Rich, Proh., 3,470.
   XXIX. Thompson, Dem., 7,518; Porter, Wash., Rep. and Personal Liberty, 21,123; Jursek, Soc., 1,869; Smith, Proh., 631.
- XXX. Kelly, Dem., Wash., Roosevelt Prog. and Proh., 18,630; Coleman, Rep., Bull Moose and Keystone, 18,336.
- I. Morin, Dem., Wash., Rep. and Roosevelt Prog., 20,497; Devlin, Soc., 1,504; Brittaln, Proh., 1,504.
- XXII. Campbell, Dem., Wash, Bull Moose, Roosevelt Prog. and Keystone, no returns; Barchfeld, Rep., no returns; Nooning, Soc., no returns; Briggs, Proh., no returns, Campbell has apparently won and Barchfeld has begun a contest.

## CONGRESSMEN-AT-LARGE.

Elected: Crago, Rep., Roosevelt, Prog. and Personal Liberty, 668.571: Garland, Rep. and Personal Liberty, 667.915; McLaughlin, Rep., 605,666; Scott, Rep., Roosevelt Prog. and Personal Liberty, 661,930.

# STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor, Martin G. Brumbaugh; Lleutenant-Governor, Frank B. McClain; Secretary of the Commonwealth, Crus E. Woods; Treasurer, Robert K. Young; Auditor, A. W. Powell; Adjutant-General, Thomas J. Stewart; Attorney-General, Francis S. Brown; Superintendent of Education, N. C. Schaeffer; Commissioner of Insurance, J. Denny O'Nell; Secretary of Agriculture, Charles E. Patton—all Republicans except Nathan C. Schaeffer, Democrat.

#### JUDICIARY.

Supreme Court: Chief Justice, J. Hay Brown; Associate Justices, S. Leslie Mestrezat, Wm. P. Potter, John Stewart, Robert von Moschzisker, Robert S, Frazer, Emory A. Walling; Clerk, Wm. Pearson.

# PENNSYLVANIA-Continued.

STATE	LEGIBLAT	TURE.	
	Senate.	House.	Joint Ballot.
Republicans	. 39	169	208
Democrats	. 10	37	47
Progressives	. 1		1
		-	-
Republican majority.	28	132	160

	VOTE	OF THE	STATE	SINCE	1904.		
		Dem.	Rep.	Prog.	Soc.	Plu.	
1904.	President.					505,519 R	
1906.	Governor.	457,957	506,392		15,169	48,435 R	
	President.					297,001 R	
	Governor.					30,531 R	
1912.	President.	395,619	273,305	447,426	80,915	51,807 F	•

Vote for Governor on Keystone ticket—1910, 382,127. Prohibition vote for President—1900, 27,908; 1904, 33,717; 1908, 36,694; 1912, 19,533.

# PHILIPPINES.

(Officers appointed by the President.)
Governor-General, Francis Burton Harrison,
\$13,500; Vice-Governor, Henderson S. Martin,
\$10,000; Secretary Finance and Justice, Victorino
Mapa, \$9,450; Secretary Commerce and Police,
Eugene E. Reed, \$9,450; Secretary of the Interior,
\$9,450.

SUPREME COURT OF THE PHILIPPINE ISLANDS.

Chief Justice, Cayetano S. Arellano; Associate Justices, E. Finley Johnson, Florentino Torres, Adam C. Carson, Sherman Moreland, Grant T. Trent, and Manuel Araulio, \$10,000 each.

### PORTO RICO, \*

Governor, Arthur Yager; Secretary, Martin Tra-vieso, Jr.; Acting Treasurer, Charles F. Hill; Auditor, J. W. Bonner; Attorney-Geberal, Howard L. Kern; Commissioner of Education, Paul G. Miller; Commissioner of the Interior, Manuel V. Dom-encel; Director of Labor, Charities and Correction, Manuel Camuñas.

Judiclary—Chief Justice, José C. Hernandez; Justices, Emilio del Toro, Adolph G. Wolf, Pedro de Aldrey, and Harvey M. Hutchison; U. S. District Judge, Peter J. Hamilton; U. S. District-Attorney, Wm. R. Bennett.

The Insular Legislature consists of an Upper and a Lower House. The Lower House is the elective branch and has 35 members, five from each of seven districts. The Legislature sits for sixty days each year, the sessions beginning on the second Monday in February.

\* Under an act of the United States Congress, the elections in Porto Ricco for 1916 were indefinitely postponed pending action on a new Organic Act, postponement to be until such date as may be fixed by the President of the United States.

RHODE ISLAND.							
	PRESI 19		U. S TOR,		GOVERNOR, 1916.		
Counties. (5.)	Wil- son, Dem.	Hu ghes, Rep.	Ger- ry, Dem.	Lip- pitt, Rep.	Mun- roe, Dem.	Beeck man, Rep.	
Bristol Kent Newport Providence Washington.	1,292 2,632 2,932 31,314 2,224	4,038 4,003 32,406	3,125 3,346	1,488 3,581 3,481 27,927 2,734	2,477 2,169 28,404	4,185 4,709 35,871	
Total Plurality Per cent Whole vote	40,394	44,858 4,464 51	47,048 7,837 53 88,	39,211		49,524 13,366 56	

For President, 1916, Benson, Soc., received 1,914 votes; Hanly, Proh., 470; Reimer, Soc. Lab., 180. For United States Senator, 1916, Hurst, Soc., received 1,996 votes; Sibley, Proh., 454; McDermott, Soc. Lab., 183. For Governor, 1916, Holloway, Soc., received 2,167 votes; Phillips, Proh., 518; Herrick, Soc. Lab., 201.

#### RHODE ISLAND-Continued.

# VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1916.

14,3/6; Jones. Soc., 715.

Governor, R. Livingston Beeckman; Lleutenant-Governor, Emery J. San Souci; Secretary of State, J. Frederick Parker; Attorney-General, Herbert A. Rice; Treasurer, Walter A. Read; Adjutant-General, Charles W. Abbott, Jr.; Auditor, Charles G. Gray; Commissioner of Public Schools, Walter E. Rauger; Commissioner of Insurance, State Auditor, exofficio—all Republicans.

JUDICIARY. Supreme Court: Chief Justice, Clarke H. Johnson; Associate Justices, C. Frank Parkhurst, W. B. Vincent, William H. Swectland, Darius Baker: Clerk, B. S. Blaisdell.

STATE LEGISLATURE.

	Senate.	House.	Joint E	attot.
Republicans	25	66	91	
Democrats	. 13	33	46	
Independent	. 1		1	
-	_		_	
Republican majority.	. 11	33	44	•
VOTE OF THE	STATE S	INCE 19		
De	m. Rep.	Prog.		lu.
1904. President 24,8	839 41,605			766 R
1906. Governor 33.	195 31,877			318 D
1908. President 24.	706 43,942			236 R
1911. Governor 30.	575 37,969		1,392 7,	394 R
1912. Governor 32,	725 34,133	8,457		408 R
1912. President 30,	412 27,703	16,878	2,049 2,	709 D
1014 Covernor 32	182 41.996	1 256	1.691 9	814 R.

#### SOUTH CAROLINA.

SOUTH CAROLINA.								
	PRESIDENT, GOVERNOR, 1916. 1916.							
COUNTIES.	Wil-	Hu	Ben-	1	Man-			
(45.)	son,	ghes,	son,		ning,	ase,		
	Dem	Rep.	Soc.	Prog.	Dem.	Ind.		
Abbeville	900	8		3	786	34		
Aiken	1.750	26		11	2,122	3		
Anderson	2,609	6		1 7	2,381	195		
Bamberg	820				801			
Barnwell	1,454	21		1	1,444			
Beaufort	376	105		4	415	10		
Berkeley	457	6			453	24		
Calhoun	665	41		····· <sub>2</sub>	646 1,980	13		
Charleston	1,929	129 13	49	12	1,344	25		
Cherokee	1,271 1,182	17		2	1,104			
Chester Chesterfield.	1.883	3		1 4	1,923	7		
Clarendon	894	18	1	1	802	45		
Colleton	974	31			995	1 [		
Darlington	1,462	5		3	1,373	13		
Dillon	972		1		916	52		
Dorchester	716	44			725			
Edgefield	959	5	1	12	940 720			
Fairfield	726	26		1 12	1,776			
Florence	1,912 470			1	483			
Georgetown.	3,384		1 8	13				
Greenville Greenwood	1,636			3	1,600	35		
Hampton	852		1	1	823	3		
Horry	1,638							
Jasper	243	3		. [	249			
Kershaw	989				90			
Lancaster	1,426		!]		1,36	5		
Laurens	1,89			1	1,81 2 82			
Lee	779				2 82 8 1.87			
Lexington			3 4	١	1,26			
Marion Marlborougl			2					
McCormick	63		21::::		2 63	šl 3		
Newberry			9 2		0 1,63	1 40		
Oconee		5 5	91		5 1.18	3 2		
Orangeburg.			9		. 2,37			
Pickens	. 1.13	9	7		1,12	9 56		
Richland	. 2,28	3 29			9 2,14			
Saluda	1,22	7		5	6 4.09			
Spartanburg	4,50	3 11		1	4 1,21			
Sumter	1,35	71 14	-	11	af 1,01	01		

#### SOUTH CAROLINA-Continued.

DOULD CHINODING				00		
		PRESIDENT, 1916.				RNOR,
COUNTIES.	Wil- son, Dem.	Hu ghes, Rep.	Ben- son, Soc.	Prog.	Man- ning, Dem.	Ble ase, Ind
Union Williamsbu'g York	1,476 1,213 1,393	6 57 23		13 i	1,627 1,186 1,325	1 1
Total Plurality Per cent	61,837 60,279	1,558	135	164	60,393 59,315	1,078
Whole vote		63,952				667

For President, 1916, Prog.-Rep. elector received 258 votes. For Governor, 1916, Gibbes, Soc., received 162 votes; Cantey, Prog., 34.

VOTE FOR UNITED STATES SENATOR, 1914. E. D. Smith, Dem., received 32,950 votes; J. N. Roberts, Soc., 89.

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1916.

STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor, Richard I. Manning: Lleutenant-Governor, Andrew J. Bethea: Secretary of State, W. Banks Dove; Attorney-General, Thos. H. Peeples; Treasurer, S. T. Carter; Comptroller, C. W. Sawyer; Superintendent of Education, John E. Swearingen; Adjutant-General, W. W. Moore; Commissioner of Agriculture, E. J. Watson; Commissioner of Insurance, F. H. McMaster—all Democrats.

Supreme Court: Chief Justice, Eugene B, Gary; Justices, D. E. Hydrick, R. C. Watts, Thos. B. Fraser, and Geo. W. Gage; Clerk, U. R. Brooks.

STATE LEGISLATURE.

Wholly Democratic.

VOTE OF THE STATE SINCE 1904. Dem. Rep. Prog. Soc. Plu.

1904	President		52,563	2,554			50,009 D
1006	Governor		30.251			32	30,219 D
1008	President		62.288	3,963		100	58,325 D
1010	Governor		30 832			70	30,762 D
1019	Governor		44 122				43,914 D
1912.	President		10 255	536	1 203		47.062 D
1912.	Clesident		24 606	500	1,000		34.522 D
1914.	Governer	• • • •	34,000		• • • •	01	01,000

#### SOUTH DAKOTA.

1			PRESI 191	GOVERNOR, 1916.			
U	COUNTIES.	Wil-	Hn I	Ben-	Har-	Rine-i	Nor-
	(63.)	son,	ghes.	son,	ly,	hart,	beck.
	(00.)	Dem.	Rep.	Soc.	Proh	Dem.	Rep.
			Trop.			ıi	
	Aurora	793	735	23	45	704	843
	Beadle	. 1,828	1,662	21	24	1,861	1,610
	Bennett	222	67	4	4	17.	66
	Bon Homme	1,278	1,231	10	20	1,122	1,379
	Brookings	1,385	1,628	46	94	953	1,970
l	Brown	2,676	2,659	472	77	2,497	2,923
ı	Brule	975	729	40	6	891	851
	Buffalo	182	80	1	2	155	104
í	Butte	930	537	135	10	753	666
5	Campbell	163	644	14	11	107	695
í	Charles Mlx	2,011	1,450	41	12		1,683
i	Clark	1,016	1,226	28			
•	Clay	1,207	1,000	25	14	951	1,255
ŝ	Coddington	1,344	1,550	47			1,680
)	Corson	641	503		1 7	502	612
022666	Custer	188		50	4 .	153	430
Ž	Davison	1.374	1,516		46	1,220	1,699
6	Day	907	1,758	121	80	783	1,909
õ	Deuel	584	908			412	
7	Dewey	379		14		324	4 16 87
5	Douglas	597	815	1 3	3 .3	539	
4	Edmunds	634	894	41	i <b> </b> 43	3 <b>1</b> 609	91

22,244

128.520

#### SOUTH DAKOTA-Continued. PRESIDENT. GOVERNOR, 1916 1916 Rine-hart, beck, Dem. Rep. Wil-Han-1 Ben-COUNTIES. beck. son. ghes, Rep. son. lv. Fall River.. 719 Faulk.... 847 1,235 1,581 629 67 17 12 Grant. 1,098 1,434 399 48 72 1,086 323 1,396 Gregory. 475 86 30 49 538 1,745 947 Haakon.... 692 905 470 Hamlin.... 10,39 36 27 13 15 9 27 5 5 58 Hand .... 801 9 119 660 804 Hanson... Harding ... 597 331 784 Hughes. 536 611 · 39 53 471 517 671 1,626 1.636 Hutchinson. 266 210 410 783 Hyde.... 305 438 40 Jackson.... 279 589 283 70 92 114 62 97 56 366 753 Jerauld. 612 1,339 1,398 1,096 1,603 80 23 20 50 Kingsbury. 1,027 2,157 936 Lake..... 811 1,591 Lawrence... 1,808 660 2,074 2,338 1,591 1,873 1,052 981 1,046 1,298 995 17 24 24 7 Lyman.... Marshall... 809 885 808 912 1,021 1.194 49 16 McCook ... 267 224 1,224 McPherson. 678 913 858 20 Meade.... Mellette... 1,165 136 379 1,006 15 24 197 89 122 118 401 786 Miner..... Minnehaha.. Moody.... Pennington... 880 1,110 4,718 1,135 3,494 4,318 973 1,108 194 3,229 718 1,367 712 395 898 1,339 22 1,106 Perkins.... 890 13 11 32 56 1.088 7 187 28 408 Potter ... 540 1,191 898 1,259 711 Roberts.... 886 1,499 701 Sanborn... 883 Spink.... 74 19 59 1,622 1,660 1,347 1,993 10 Stanley .... 381 318 360 254 Sully..... 268 187 10 28 25 1,311 1,134 1,313 1,308 1,827 1,316 815 Tripp... 1,071 40 Turner.... 1,573 1,108 18 887 1,080 Unlon.. Walworth... 590 761 576 Yankton... 1,438 211 45 10 25 1,429 275 1.277 Ziebach... 196 300 59,335 64,207 3,658 1,764 Total. 50,545 72,789 Plurality.... 46

49 128,964 For Governor, 1916, Fairchild, Soc., 3,556; Thompson, Proh., 1,630.

4,872

1

Per cent.

VOTE FOR UNITED STATES SENATOR, 1914, Johnson, Dem., received 48,076 votes; Burke, Rep. 4,244; Butterfield, Proh., 2,406; Johnson, Soc., 2,674; Loucks, Ind., 2,104.

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1916. Districts.

11. Anderson, Dem., 19,846; Dillon, Rep., 28,674; Fenner, Soc., 863.
11. Batterton, Dem., 16,342; Johnson, Rep., 28,366; Clendenning, Proh., 862; Atwood, Soc., 1,592.
111. Gandy, Dem., 16,381; Bartine, Rep., 12,208; Mulcahy, Soc., 1,017.

STATE GOVERNMENT.
Governor, Peter Norbeck; Lleutenant-Governor, W. H. McMaster; Secretary of State, Frank M. Rood; Treasurer, G. H. Heigerson; Superintendent of Education, Chas. H. Lugg; Attorney-General, C. C. Caldwell; Adjutant-General, W. A. Morris; Auditor, J. E. Handlin; Commissioner of Agriculture, N. E. Knight; Commissioner of Insurance, M. H. O'Brien—all Republicans.

JUDICIARY.

Supreme Court: Presiding Judge, John Howard Gates; Justices, Charles S. Whiting, E. G. Smith, James H. McCoy, Samuel C. Polley; Clerk, E. F.

STATE LE			Joint Ballot
Republicans	36 10	90 13	126 33
Republican majority	26	77	93

#### SOUTH DAKOTA-Continued.

VOTE OF	THE STATE S	INCE 1900.	
	Dem. Rep.	Prog. Soc.	Plu.
1900. President	39,544 54,530	169	14,986 R
1902. Governor	21,396 48,196		26,800 R
1904, President	21.969 72.083	3.13	50.114 R
1908, President	40,266 67,536	2,846	27,270 R
1912. Governor	53,850	57,160 3,179	3.310 P
1912. President	48,942 *	58,811 4,662	9.869 P
1914; Governor	34.542 49.138	2.684	14.596 R.
* Taft's name no			

sive list of electors printed thereon instead.
Prohibition vote for President—1900, 1,542; 1904, 2,965; 1908, 4,039; 1912, 3,910.

#### TENNESSEE.

| PRESIDENT, | U. S. SENA-| GOVERNOR.

	PRESIDENT, 1916.		U. S. SENA- TOR, 1916.		GOVERNOR, 1916.	
COUNTIES.		Hu	Mc-	Hoop-		Over-
(96.)	son,	ghes,	Kel'r,	er.	Rye,	all.
	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.
Anderson	537	1 720	527	1 722	538	1,734
Bedford	2,378	1,730 1,324 805	2 243	1,732 1,395	2 302	1,305
Benton	1,313	805	2,213 1,226	877	2,392 1,317	811
Bledsoe	424	681	422	685	424	682
Blount	1,015	2,462	996	2,485	1,017	2,472
Bradlev	784	1.482	700	1.373	762	1.347
Campbell	485	1,670	372	1,531	441	1,486
Cannon	936 2,001	456 2,217	920	468	932	462
Carter	198	2,217	1,932 471	2,267 2,945	2.038 501	2,187 2,956
Cheatham	1,117	139	1.098	446	1,106	437
Chester	862	615	824	650	851	645
Clalborne	1,053	1,398	994	1,304	1,011	1,350
Clay	689	578	680	582	681	579
Cocke	595	1,478	541	1,518	567	1,497
Coffee Crockett	1,837 1,608	489 1,114	1,758 1,556	536	1,729	491 1,143
Cumberland.	428	924	385	1,162 915	1,610 400	915
Davidson	8,958	3,168	7,738	4,194	7,673	4,593
Decatur	887	893	884	880	883	894
De Kalb	1,107	1,343	1,363	1,341	1,305	1,438
Dickson	2,105 1,997	1,008	2,048	1,040	2.053	1.027
Dyer	1,997	459	1,918	489		465
Fayette Fentress	1,812 348	116 925	1,796 312	103 934	1,780	123 918
Franklin	2.469	711	2,371	737	2,450	683
Gibson	3,609	1 443	3,465	1,472	3,543	1.454
Giles	2,469 3,609 3,207	1,488 1,529 3,055	3,465 2,957	1,613	3.153	1,506 1,530
Grainger	1 X131	1,529	1 845	1,521	842	1,530
Greene Grundy	2,254 736	3,055	2,211 730	3,049	2,223	3.059
Hamblen	736	319 795	679	313	745	309 782
Hamilton	5 929	4,697	5 378	783 4,620	689 <b>5,83</b> 3	4 466
Hancock	386 1,724 979	1,229	5,378 392	1 216	383	4,466 1,231 530
Hancock Hardeman	1,724	485	1.678	1,216 517	1,681	530
l Hardin	979	1,811 1,739	950	1,800	945	1,805
Hawkins Haywood	1,142	1,739	1,055	1,607	1,041	1,660
Haywood	1,677 980	61	1,662 790	98	1,663	1,323 1,268
Henderson Henry	2,988	1,317 1,393 1,026	2,938	1,298 1,362 1,012 213	907 3,072	1 268
Hickman	1.479	1.026	1,464	1.012	1,475	1,017
Houston	627	407		213	622	207
Humphreys	1.1383	452	1,108	1 470	1,131	450
Jackson	1,506 230	740	1.480	756	1,477 229	762
James Jefferson	520	606 1,648	224 487	602	519	606 1,607
Johnson	263	1,812	254	1,650 1,816	260	1,811
Knox	4.288	5,895	4,033	6,203	4,038	6,083
	727	130	1 727	1 130	727	130
Lauderdale	1,572	532	1,549	533		538
Lawrence	1,787 387	1,837	1,802	1,818	1,802	1,824
Lewis	2,791	414 552		381 636	392 2,785	537
Lincoln Loudon	423	698	309		392	638
Macon	980	1.600	952		970	1,602
McMinn	1,088	1,600 1,726	917	1,437	997	1,568
McNairy	1,461	1,616	I I.453	1.610	1,173	1,606
Madison	2,659	1,194	1 2.243	1,041	2,405	1.106
Marion	1,155	1,432	1,160	1,414	1,155	1,427
Marshall Maury	1,652 2,169	461 720	1,371 1,770	462 774	1,576 2,019	681
Meigs	5.11	c no	534	610		607
Monroe	1.263	1.459	1,188	1,362	1.222	1,408
Montgomery	1,976 722	991	1.521	I 911	1,683	733
Moore	722	71	612	142	1 688	72
Morgan	563 3,170	1,265 591	536	1,290	524 3,093	1,301 561
Oblon Overton	1,512	1,030	2,920 1,510	655 1,064	1,542	1.039
	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	, 4,000	. 1,010	,001	, 2,022	-,000

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•	renn	ESSE	E-Con	tinued.			
PRESIDENT,  U. S. SENA-  GOVERNOR.							
		16.		1916.	1916.		
COUNTIES.	W11-			Hoop-	_	Over-	
	Son,	ghes,	Kel'r.	er,	Rye,	all,	
	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.	
Perry	663	483	686	452	667	479	
Pickett	418	501	416	518	417	506	
Polk	767	887	696	835	678	824	
Putnam	2,100 661	1,383 768	2,001	1,412 777	2,068	1,386	
Rhea Roane	667	1,341	579 574	1.299	657 687	720 1.210	
Rohertson	2,106	733	2,011	837	2,100	745	
Rutherford.	2,941	1.116	2,673	1,274	2,836	1.207	
Scott	206	1.486	166	1.458	202	1,416	
Sequatchle	335	238	331	236	321	242	
Sevier	301	2,837	303	2,868	307	2,889	
Shelby	10,967 2,196	1,515	10,222	5,038	8,974	6,756	
Smith	1,711	911 591	2,163 1,701	963 597	2,128	1,000	
Stewart Suliivan	2,601	1,776	2,567	1,772	1,693 2,599	598 1.769	
Sumner	2,487	612	2,100	648	2,465	623	
Tlpton	2.035	281	1,812	106	1.978	371	
Trousdaie	688	217	648	245	682	220	
Unicol	226	961	231	963	224	961	
Union	389	1,490	386	1,482	378	1.494	
Van Buren	105	151	102	150	403	150	
Warren Washington.	1,855 1,831	624 2,723	1,788 1,737	578	1,858	578	
Wayne	517	1,626	516	2,668 1,610	1,785 511	2,699	
Weakley	3,609	1,768	3,471	1,781	3,584	1,619 1,770	
White	1,407	587	1,355	608	1,396	588	
Williamson	2,036	600	1,903	651	1,901	675	
Wilson	2,535	841	2,386	934	2,466		
Total	152,955	116.257	143.718	118,138	146,759	118,719	
Plurality	36,698		25,582	110,105	28,010	110,719	
Per cent		١				1	
Whole vote	271	,901	261	,041	267	544	

For President, 1916, Benson, Soc., received 2,542 votes; Hanly, Proh., 147, For U. & Senator, 1916, Mangum, Soc., received 2,187 votes. For Governor, 1916, Wiles, Soc., received 2,066

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1916. Districts.

Districts.
1. Sells. Rep., 23,651; Isenberg, Soc., 770.
11. Fitzgerald, Dem., 1,175; Austin, Rep., 19,839; Rewland, Soc., 1,005.
11. Moorens, Soc., 1,005.
11. Moorens, Soc., 1,005.
11. Moorens, 10,1018; Littleton, Rep., 16,004; Hull, Dem., 17,170; Benson, Rep., 11,287; Hollfield, Soc., 69.
12. W. C. Houston, Dem., 14,556; Sid Houston, Rep., 2,287.
13. Byrns, Dem., 18,090; Tippens, Rep., 2,819; Lindsley, Soc., 319.
14. Padgett, Dem., 15,313; Vest, Rep., 8,955; Porter, Soc., 48.
1411. Sims, Dem., 13,474; Rhodes, Rep., 13,253; Burkhead, Soc., 35.
1X. Garrett, Dem., 17,826; Beasley, Rep., 5,817.
X. Fisher, Dem., 13,926; Farley, Rep., 2,089; Weatherall, Soc., Wilkerson, 3,677.

#### STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor, Thomas C. Rye; Secretary of State, R. R. Sneed; Treasurer, Porter Dunlap; Auditor, Hayes Flowers; Commissioner of Agriculture, H. K. Bryson; Superintedent of Education, S. W. Sherrill; Comptroller, John B. Thomason; Adjutant-General, Chas. B. Rogan; Attorney-General, Frank M. Thompson; Commissioner of Insurance, William F. Dunbar—all Democrats.

#### JUDICIARY.

Supreme Court: Chief Justice, M. M. Neil; Justices, S. C. Williams, D. Lansden, Arthur S. Buchanan and Grafton Green: Clerk, Freston Vaughn. STATE LEGISLATURE.

Senate. House. Joint Ballot.

	Dorageo.	1100000	O O STOR DUL
Democrats	27	72	99
Republicans	6	27	33
	_	_	_
Democratic majority.	21	45	66

#### TENNESSEE-Continued.

į		VOTE	OF THE S					
ł			Den	. Rep.	Prog.	Soc.	Plu.	
	1904.	President.	131,653	105,369		1,354	26,281 I	D
l	1904.	Governor.	131,503	103,409		1,109	28,094 1	Ō
	1906.	Governor.	111,766	92,804		1,169	18,962 I	O
		President.				1,870	17,284 J	D
		Governor.				1,422	20,880 1	D
		Governor.				1,704	12,325	R
	1912.	Governor.	114,369	123,828		4,464	9,459	R
	1912.	President.	130,335	59,444	53,725	3,492	70.891 1	D
	1914.	Governor.	136,816	115,821		1,671	20,995 1	D

#### TEXAS.

PRESIDENT,   U. S. SENATOR							
_		1916.		1916.			
COUNTIES.	Wil-	Hu	Ben-	Cul-		Hick-	
(248.)	son,	ghes.	son,	h'son, Dem.	eson,	ey,	
	Dem.	Reti.	500.	Dem.	Rep.	Soc.	
Anderson	1,984	501	187	2,025	481	188	
Andrews	71		3	791		1	
Angelina	1,344	75	335	1,373	52	342	
Aransas	179 527	24 104	6 31	182 415	20 47	6 38	
Armstrong	352	43	6	356	33	8	
Atascosa	635	119	44	677	33 77	55	
Austin	960	673	10	1,412	. 250	9	
Bailey	*****	168	****	516	159	45	
Bastrop	537 1,335 711	550	21	1 436	443	22	
Baylor	711	17	21 74	1,436 727 510	28	77	
Bee	584	152	29	510	105	23	
Bell	3,615 7,008	356	162	3.825	222	175	
Bexar	7,008	5,483 235	187 19	9,207 703	3.226	143 18	
Bianco Borden	81	433	3	105	164	18	
Bosque	1.561	179	73	1,600	143	73	
Bowle	1,911	411	273	1,988	350	280	
Brazoria	1,033	581	80	1,062	530	83	
Brazos Brewster	1,027	273 43	3 7	1,082 219	228 37	3	
Briseoe	207 260	43	22	259	31	22	
Brooks	101	63	1	106	58 153	1	
Brown	1,986 1,208	181	104	1.991		101	
Burleson	1,208 913	1 ,2	262 22	1,163 910	249	21 24	
Burnet Caldwell	1,216	115 225	15	1,299	87 171	19	
Calhoun	338	:84	64	413	65	64	
Callahan	959	74	83	971	.48	77	
Cameron	1,260	420	25	1,310 732	361	26	
Camp Carson	721 326	206 78	35 7	317	198 58	33 5	
Cass	1,505	707	124	1,541	683	131	
Castro	176	69	5	189	46	5	
Chambers	239	101	43	247	105	24	
Cherokee Childress	2,002 948	241 31	245 77	2,041 957	224 28	250	
Clay	1,324	177	54	1,351	156	1	
Cochran	l <b>.</b>						
Coke	484	29 96	42	489	25		
Coleman	1,700 4,141	594	182 190	1,722 4,109	81 584	20 18	
Collingsw'th.	589	31	54	712	31	65	
Colorado	1.041	358	76	1,200	207	66	
Comal	432	742	38	817	348	28	
Comanche	1,494 118	148 36	301 53	1,515 425	103	311 57	
Cooke	2.273	353	106	2,405	27 270	108	
Corvell	2,273 1,802	188	72	1,882	111	76	
Cottle	455	12	1	451	9	69	
Crane Crockett	65	16					
Crosby	456	31	46	64 467	22	45	
Culberson	124	2	l i	118	1	40	
Dallam	202	81	39	387	63	39	
Dallas	13,410	2,554	181	13,663	2,128	183	
Dawson Deaf Smlth	288 356	14	14 16	292 355	8 75	14	
Delta	13,410 288 356 1,251 2,841 1,056	77	115	1.272	74	15 109	
Denton	2,841	451	157	1,272 2,861 1,747	387	163	
De Wltt	1,056	1,068	21	1,747	381	22	
Dickens	389 193	15 74	39	393 201	9 68	40	
Donley	636	42	54	637	36	6 55	
Duval	597	37	3	604	30	3	
Eastland	1,086	116	291	1,492	122	305	
Ector Edwards	120 299	73	5	121 309	67 67	···· 5	
Liuwai us	433	13	9.	309	07	9	

	TEXAS—Continued.					TEXAS—Continued.							
	Pr	RESIDEN 1916.	IT,	U. S.	SENA 1916.	TOR,		PF	1916.	T.	U. S.	SENA 1916.	TOR,
Counties.	Wil- son, Dem.	Hu ghcs, Rep.	Ben- son, Soc.	Cul- b'son, Dem.	Atch- eson, Rep.	Hick- ey, Soc.	COUNTIES.	Wil- son, Dem	Hu ghcs, Rep.	Ben- son, Soc.	Cul- b son, Dem.	Atch- eson, Rep.	Hick- ey, Soc.
Ellis . Ell Paso . Erath . Fralts . Fralts . Franth . Fralts . Franth . Fralts . Franth . Franth . Fralts . Franth . Freyette . Fister . Floyd . Ford Bend . Froestone . Galnes . Galnes . Galnes . Galnes . Galnes . Grayson . Grayson . Grayson . Grayson . Grayson . Grayson . Grayson . Grayson . Grayson . Grayson . Grayson . Grayson . Grayson . Grayson . Grayson . Grayson . Grayson . Grayson . Grayson . Grayson . Grayson . Grayson . Grayson . Grayson . Grayson . Grayson . Grayson . Grayson . Grayson . Grayson . Hamilton . Hamilton . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Harrison . Har		1232 2860 2383 333 333 42424 2860 2860 2860 2860 2860 2860 2860 2860	27 86 944, 2313 1622 1999 1555 66 65 65 65 65 115 115 15 172 214 214 215 214 215 214 215 215 215 215 215 215 215 215 215 215	1.324 921 922 921 1.323 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324 1.324	14 3 59 78 291 9 9 35 30 312 311 200 192	26 29 12 7 52 96 3 31 3 2555 81 169 78 103 49	Martin. Mason a Mason a Mason a Mason a Mason a Mason a Maveriek McCulloch McLennan McMullen McLennan McMullen McLennan McMullen Molan Melian Melian Midland Millan Mills Mitchell Montague Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris 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Morris Morris Morris Morris Morris Mor	3,527 493 1,045 1,238 1,045 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 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1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,238 1,	232 27 27 21 18 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27	95 65 71 9 3 12	837 1,547 1,547 681 682 441 620 840 164 1,008 393 1,737 159 2,450 2,450 2,450 161 208 519 10,667 2,1450 1,166 1,166 1,166 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,175 1,184 1,185 1,185 1,185 1,185 1,185 1,185 1,185 1,185 1,185 1,185 1,185 1,185 1,185 1,185 1,185 1,185 1,185 1,185 1,185 1,185 1,185 1,185 1,185 1,185 1,185 1,185 1,185 1,185 1,185 1,185 1,185 1,185 1,185 1,185 1,185 1,185 1,185 1,185 1,185 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101 1 1 1 78 38 38 199 0 283 57 102 119 121 1318 120 2 71 62 70 94 4 21 121 121 121 121 121 121 121 121 1
Lee Leon Liberty Limestone.	1,789 571 979 704 2,198 350 371 633 33	936 836 9 333 1 222 3 222 111 5 7 115 5 7 1 120	241 85 165 165 165 167 167 167 167 167 167 167 167 167 167	1 2,182 2 1,089 2 997 72 721 7 2,219 7 313 1 423 3 755	509 312 311 200 192 11 50 50 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51	255 81 169 78 103 49 18 21 27 9	Travis. Trlnity Tyler. Upshur Upton. Uvalde. Val Verde. Van Zandt. Victoria. Walker Waller Ward.	3,682 906 633 1,346 728 116 2,016 897 763	690 156 156 198 198 135 135 232 476 476 476 315 318 323	7 9 3 12 1 64 3 2	1,052 948 642 1,365 47 742 172 38 2,085 1,088	631 135 32 175 75 109 18 38 281 300 301 3130	

	TE	XAS-	Contin	ued.			
	PR	ESIDEN 1916.	T,	U. S	. SENA 1916.	TOR,	
COUNTIES.	Wil-		Ben-		Atch		•
	Son, Dem.	ghes,	son,	b'son, Dem		ey,	
				716	430		-
Webb Wharton	676 918		85	1.018	321	83	B
Wheeler	551	56 347	83 94	569 2,168	49 300	83 134	C
Wichita Wilharger	2,108	99	116	1,361	60	107	D
Willacy		10		3,367	372		D
Williamson Wilson	869	345		961	248		G
Winkler	21	263		21 2,304	214	151	G Ii
Wise Wood	1,719	248	416	1,720	219	421	J
Yoakum	68	71	71			127	K
Young Zapata	26	214		31	214		N
Zavala	229		17				P
Total Plurality	285,980	64,673	19,011	301,757	48,717	18,954	S
Plurality Per cent	221,307 76	17	5	253,040 §1	13		S
Whole vote		371,721	, ,	-	371,185		99
For Presid							7
votes. For Proh., 1,757	United	State	s Sena	itor, 19	16, Co	nibear,	I
For Gover					avasseo	l when	1
the Legislati					RESS.	1916.	1
Districts.							i
I. Black Thomps	on. So	a., 16,3	025; IV	iorris,	кер.,	2,182;	1
II. Dies,	Dem.,	16,956	: Swe	atland,	Rep.	, 1,266;	Į
Truit, S	g. Dem	1., 15.16	9; Scor	ggin, S	oc., 2,0	14.	Ė
IV. Rayb Lennon	urn, D	em., 1	7,785;	Barlow	, Rep.	, 2,043;	1
V. Sumn	aers, I	Dem., 2	21,949;	Crews	Rep.	, 2,879;	CI
VI. Hard	Soc., S	144. I., 12,040	·Wile	on Soc	590		1
VII. Gregg	, Dem	., 10,92	l; Heig	gee, Re	p., 1,56	1; Fos-	t
ter, Soc	, Dem	., 18,980	; Jone	es, Rep	., 3,276	: Con-	r
IX. Mans	field, I	Dem.,	6,453;	Hughe	s, Rep	., 4,149;	Į
Wright, X. Buch	Soc., 9	)46. Dem.	15.734	Brook	s. Ren	2.405	I
XI. Conn	ally, T	em., 1	4.695:	Vaughr	Rep.	., 2,405. ., 1,443;	I

X. Buchalian, Dem., 19,764; Brooks, Rep., 2,429;
XI. Connally, Dem., 14,658; Vaughn, Rep., 1,433;
XII. Wilson, Dem., 20,175; Zweifel, Rep., 1,843;
Baker, Soc., 1,517.
XIII. Jones, Dem., 33,863; Van Natta, Rep., 3,125;
Pressly, Soc., 2,489.
XIV. Slayden, Dem., 22,435; Johnson, Rep., 5,748.
XV. Garner, Dem., 16,906; Wurzback, Rep., 5,561;
Greer, Soc., 572.

XV. Garner, Dem., 16,996; Wurzdaek, Rep., 2,503; Greef, Soc., 572.

XVI. Blanton, Dem., 30,050; Harris, Rep., 2,503; Holiday, Soc., 2,826.

Garrett, Dem., 236,965; McLemore, Dem., 300,303; Taylor, Rep., 46,566; Warnken, Rep., 46,916; Teague, Prog., 1,514; Cook, Proh., 1,497; Lingan, Soc., 18,593; Simpson, Soc., 18,202.

State General Lance E. Fergison; Licutenant-Gov-

Governor, STATE GOVERNMENT.
James E. Ferguson; Lleutenant-Governor, W. P. Hobby; Secretary of State, John G. McKay: Adjutant-General, Henry Hutchings; Attorney-General, Benj. F. Looney: State Treasurer, J. M. Edwards; Comptroller, H. B., Terrell; Suverintendents of Public Instruction, W. F. Douglty: Costoner Stoner of Agriculture, Fred W. Davis; Ombroorats of Insurance.

Supreme Court: Chief Justice, Nelson Phillips; Associate Justices, W. E. Hawkins and James E. Yantis; Clerk, F. T. Connerly.
STATE LEGISLATURE—Wholly Democratic.

	VOTE O	FTHE	STATE	SINCE	1904.	
		Dem.	Rep.	Prog.	Soc.	Plu.
1904.	President	167,200	51.242		2,791	115,958 D
1906.	Governor	243,942	41.169			201,773 D
	President	217,302	65,666		7.870	151,636 D
	Governor	218,956	73,305			145,651 D
	Governor	173,993	36,107			147,886 D
	Governor	233.811	22,612	16.333	25,270	268,541 D
	President					192,736 I
	Governor					150,721 I
TOTAL.	COTOLEGET	*****	,	-,	,	

OTAH.										
•	PRESI 191		U. S.	SENA- 1916.	GOVER 191					
Constant	WII-			S't'r	Bam-l	*N/or-				
COUNTIES. (28.)	SOD.	ghes.	King.	land.	b'rg'r,	ris.				
(20.)	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.				
	Deni.	Tecp.	Dem.	Tecp.	- CIII.	Tecp.				
Beaver	1,287	846	1,263	867	1,188	963				
Box Elder	2,954	2,414	2,793	2,572	2,612	2,759				
Caché	5,314	3,757	5,116	3,897	1,866	4,198				
Carbon	1,472	1,291	1,461	1,285		1,339				
Davis	2,124	1,644	2,053	1,710		1,836				
Duchesne	1,450	685	1,378	754		843				
Emery	1,401	879	1,371	• 907		1,049				
Garfield	843	517	809	548		67.3				
Grand	307	212	283			233				
Iron	1,151	829	1,112	856	1,031	960				
Juab	2,214	1,247	2,205	1,281		1,391				
Kane	327 1,781	304	301 1,748		278 1.574	356 1,538				
Millard	484	1,299 464	484		461	482				
Morgan	419	268								
Piute	45G	323		324	429					
Rich Salt Lake	30,682	17.631		18,830	29,200	18,758				
San Juan	445					320				
San Pete	3.385			2.989						
Sevier	2,031									
Summit	1.495									
Tooele	1,531	1,12	1,449		1,401	1.254				
Uintah	1,459	712	21 1.408		1,336	827				
Utah		5,202	7,94	5,440		5,545				
Wasatch	881		88							
Washington.	1,397	70:				908				
Wayne	393									
Weber	8,139	4,70	7,828	5,000	7,578	5,191				
m-4-1	04.003	54,133	80,895	56,862	78,308	59,522				
Total	84,023	34,13	24,19	30,002	18,990	00,000				
Plurality Per cent	59,000									
		022	142	2,416	142	.425				
AA HOIG AOLG	Whole vote 143,022					11-0				

For President, 1916. Wilson, on Prog. ticket, re-selved 111 votes: Benson, Soc., 4,460; Relmer, Soc.-Lab., 141; Hanly, Proh., 149.
For United States Senato, 1916, King, on Prog. icket, received 162 votes: Poulson, Soc., 4,497.
For Governor, 1916, Bamberger, on Prog. teket, received 29 votes: McHugh, Soc., 4,391.

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1916. Districts

Districts.

I Welling, Dem., 39,889, Prog., 146; Hoyt, Rep., 29,902; Konald, Soc., 2,134.

II. Mays, Dem., 39,839, Prog., 8; Mabey, Rep., 27,778; King, Soc., 2,440.

Governor, Simon Bamberger; Secretary of State, Harden Bennion; Attorney-General, D. B. Shields; Treasurer, D. O. Larson; Auditor, Joseph Ririe; Superintendent of Public Instructions, E. G. Gowans—all Democrats.

Supreme Court: Chief Justice, J. E. Frick; Justices, W. M. McCarty and E. E. Corfman; Clerk, H. W. Grimth.

STATE LEGISLATURE. Senate. House. Joint Ballot. Democrats. 42 Republicans...... Progressives\*..... 3 Socialists..... 1 0

Democratic majority \* Progressives were elected on a fusion ticket.

l		Dem.	Rep.	Prog.	Soc.	Plu.	
1904.	President.	 33,413	62,446		5,767	29,033	R
1908.	President.	 42,601	61,028		4.895	18,427	R.
1908.	Governor.	 43,375	52.913		4.095	9.538	R
	Governor.		42.552	23,591	8,797	6,476	R
	President.					5.521	

ļ	VERMONT.									
		PRESI		U.S.		GOVERNOR, 1916.				
	COUNTIES. (14.)	Wil- son, Dem.	ghes,	Mil- ler, Dem.		Mayo Dem.				
	Addison Bennington	874 1,590 1,887	2,602		3,164 2,875 3,662	519 1,219 1,258				

VERMONT—Continued.									
		IDENT, 16.		SENA- 1946,	GOVERNOR, 1916.				
Counties.	wil- son, Dem.	Hu ghes, Rep.	Mil- Ler, Dem.	Page,	Mayo Dem.	Gra- ham, Rep.			
Chittenden Essex	2,772 544		2,005 379	869	2,220 388				
Franklin Grand Isle Lamoille	2,107 434 643	2,796 407 1,474	1,369 239 305	3,521 601 1,800	1,481 257 369	3,081 527 1,507			
Orange Orleans Rutland	1,379 1,047 2,785	2,151 2,758 5,926	804 724 2,151	2,735 2,963 6,607	989 545 2,144	2,418 3,057 6,083			
Washington. Windham	2,732 1,698	4,216 3,375	1,664	5,196 3,686	1,958 1,127	4,472 3,533 4,599			
Windsor	2,216	4,236	1,252	5,062 47,362	1,315	43,265			
Plurality Per cent Whole vote	64,4	17,542	63,7	32,406	60,8	27,476			

For President, 1916, Benson, Soc., received 798 votes; Hanly, Proh., 709; scattering, 10. For United States Senator, 1916, Greenslet, Soc., 1,336; scattering, 144. For Governor, 1916, Hanson, Proh., 876; Rowland, Soc., 920; scattering, 4.

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1916. Districts.

- Daley, Dem., 7,972; Greene, Rep., 22,030; Newton, Proh., 609; Spargo, Soc., 391; scattering, 6.
- II. Pape, Dem., 7,983; Dale, 22,214, on Republican ticket, on Prohibition ticket, 478; Marsh, Soc., 761; scattering, 4.

#### STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor, Horace F Craham; Lleutenant-Governor, Roger W. Hulburd; Secretary of State, Guy W. Balley: Treasurer, Walter F. Scott; Auditor, Benjamin Gates; Adjutant-General. Lee S. Tillotson; Attorney-General, Herbert G. Barber; Commissioner of Education, Milo G. Hillegas; Commissioner of Agriculture, Elbert S. Brigham; Commissioners of Insurance, Guy W. Bailey and Walter F. Scott—all Republicans

#### JUDICIARY.

Supreme Court: Chief Justice, Loveland Munson; Associate Justices, John H. Watson, William H. Taylor, Seneca Haselton, George M. Powers; Clerk, L. C. Moody.

#### STATE LEGISLATURE.

	Senate.	*House.	Joint Ballot
Republicans,	30	188	218
Democrats		40	40
Socialists		1	1
Republican majority	30	147	177

\* House also has 17 additional members. Political affiliations not stated.

## VOTE OF THE STATE SINCE 1904.

		Dem.	Rep.	Prog.	Soc.	Plu.	
1904.	President	9,777	40,459		859	30,682	R
1904.	Governor	16,566	48,115		769	31,549	R
1906.	Governor	26,912	42,332		512	15,420	R
	President						
	Governor					17,838	
	Governor						
	President						
1914.	Governor	16,191	36,972	6,929	899	20,781	$\mathbf{R}$

#### VIRCINIA.

COUNTIES (100) AND	PRESIDENT, 1916.		U.S.	GOVERNOR, 1913.	
Cities (20). Cities indi- cated by *.	Wll- son, Dem.	ghes,		Stu'rt	Camp bell. Soc.
Accomac Albemarle Alexandrla*. Alexandria	1,745 1,376 1,038 515	364		 615 629 643 125	26 12 15 15

VIRGIN	IA	Conti	nued.

		V 1100	JINIA	Com			
		PRES	DENT,	U. S.	SENA-	GOVE	RNOR.
			16.	TOR,	1916.	19	13.
	COUNTIES AND CITIES.	W11-	Hu	Swan-	No		Camp
6	AND CITIES.	son,	ghes,	son,	oppo- sition.	Stu'rt	bell,
		Dem.	Rep.	Dem.	sition.	Dem.	Soc.
2	Alleghany	544	432	763		175	13
5	Amelia	403	80	459 1,234 787		129	3
L,	Amherst	1,142 700	93 133	1,234		255	10
	Appomattox. Augusta	1,751	845	2,342		359 1,242	3
	Rath	387	219	529		1,646	146 23 54
	Bedford	1 628	298	1,933		154 778 362 761	54
	Bland	356	420	545		362	41
	Botetourt	900 489	775 184	1,184 629		761	52 27
1	Bristol* Brunswick	772	82	852		522 342	
	Buchanan	720	827	1,262 782		575	15 21
- 1	Buckinghami	625	181	782		282 197	8
-	Buena Vista*	158	92 185	214		197	10
j	Campbell	637	198	1,231 853		739 335	122
1	Carroll	158 1,007 637 858 129	1,424	1,094		725	21 72
1	Carroll Charles City	129	57	216		49	5
1	Charlotte Charl'esv'le *	856 618	227 117	1,025		434	5 2
	Charlesvie * Chesterfield.	699	141	727 829		336 315	12 13
1	Clarke	590	49	628		219	8
I	Clarke	455	104	571		424	48
1	Craig Culpeper	369 849	200	492 1,033		245	29
١	Culpeper Cumberland.	446	184 73			362 136	2
	Danville*	1,151	229	1,342		423	35
ı	Dickenson	650	750	1,000		534	26 17
	Dinwiddie ElizabethC'y	592 411	122	673 560	[	365	17
ł	ElizabethC'y Essex	3021	85 132 77	371	٠٠٠٠]	172 196	12
1		1,179 1,204	4721	1.634		601	21 21
ı	Fauquier Floyd.	1,204 472	367	1,473 781		601 421	3
ı	Floyd	513	893 81	602		412 357 1.178	26
l	Fluvanna Franklin	1 481		1,809		357	10 21
l	Frederick F'dericks'g* .	1,194	366	1,490		337	4
	F'dericks'g*.	380		517		337 451	10
1	Giles Gloucester	839 582	596 142 193	1,169 715		740 297	40
1	Googniand t	413	193	620		213	17 31
ŀ	Grayson	9671	1.2441	1.209		826	106
	Greene. Greenesville.	221 392	239	385 445		123	12
l	Halifax	1.781	493	2,177	• • • • •	150 605	12
l	Hampton*	350 760	56	467		177	16 10
ı	Hanover	760	102	945		260	10
	Henrico	690 851	140 567	854 1,079		453	19
ı	Henry Highland	370	310	561 768		749 141	28 14
1	Isle of Wight James City.	679	140	768		2841	8
1	James City	127 223	34 217	160 420		67	8
1	King George	271	127	466		263	9
1	King George King and Q'n King William	342	1191	426		166	1 6
	Lancaster	461	58	549		457	4
1.	Lee	461 1,287 1,490 710	1,569 404	2,047 1,763		457 1,139	122
ŀ	Loudoun Louisa	710	263	831		466	24 18
Ι.	Lunenhurg	8141	110	933		235 663 217	6
	Lynchburg*.	1,465 572 549	353 348	1,988		663	45
k	Madison Mathews	549	90	625	]	217	.5
i	Mecklenburg	1,317 373 765	222	1.500		363 479	14
1	Middlesex	373	155	567		274	14 12
į	Montgomery	663	891 70	1,236 738		756	27
ź	Montgomery Nansemond Nelson	1,063	249	1,338		229 380	30
7	New Kent Newp. N'ws* Norfolk*	192	69	232		100	2
1	Newp. N'ws*	939 3,234	465	1,543		903	327
1	Norfolk*	1,612	963 684	4,736 2,262		5,765	234
1	Northam'ton	8021	1091	8751		903 5,765 1,582 316	36 9
1	Northam'ton Northumb'd.	503	1111	615		220	9
I	Nottoway	608 608	91	674		338	5
(	Orange	842	153 613	822 1,103		308	8 22 44
i	Patrick	842 872	815	9491		457 694	44
Î	etersburg*.	1.155	161	1,280 2,602		479	8 39
1	Pittsylvania.		801	2,602		881	39
i	Portsmouth*	1,368	376 112	1.0401.		1,053	26
i	Prince Edw'd Prince Geo'ge	6681	108	366 782		383	26 12 5
1	PrinceGeo'ge	282	751	360		779	ĭ

	VIRGINIA—Continued.					
		IDENT,		SENA- 1916.	GOVE	RNOR,
COUNTIES AND CITIES.	Wil- son,	gbes,	Swan- son,	No oppo-		Camp
	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.	sition.	Dem.	Soc.
Princ'ss Anne Prince Will'm	515 754	67 192	650 903		/ 175 272	19
Pulaski Radford*	1,057 206	721	1,282		631	17
Kappanan K.	401	115 84	486		280 199	11 5
Richmond*	6,987 329	1,210 180	9,043 460	:::::	3,045 232	56 8
Roanoke*	2,246 850	610 460	2,962 1,130		1,533 379	63
Rockbridge Rockingham	1,049 1,996	601 1,641	1,380 2,854		541 1,759	32
Russell	1,570 1,319	1,410	2,221		1.419	239 67
Shenandoah.	1,440	1,743 1,425	1,716 2,086	:::::[	1,332 874	61 116
Smyth Southam'ton	1,134 1,045	1,321 128	30 1,106	:::::	1.174 762	110 16
Spotsylvania Stafford	398 444	249 422	670 618	:::::	525 327	25 11
Staunton* Suffolk*	511 437	311 158	771 543		707 200	97
Surry Sussex	429 486	90 96	509 560		179 231	12
Tazewell Warren	1,108 583	1,591 214	1,937 768		955	58
Warwick Washington.	97	53	147		396 65	17 12
Westmorel'd	1,863 338	1,717 126	2,490 477		1,878 197	99 3 7
Williamsb'g* Winchester*	97 468	21 196	102 668	:::::	93 468	57
Wise Wythe	1,468 1,334	1,862 1,370	2,491 1,893	:::::	1,276 673	85
York	247	51	303		89	3
Total Plurality	102,824 53,466	49,358	133,056		66,518	3,789
Per cent Whole vote	153,		122.0	:	62,729 91.86	5.23
TTIGIC VOCE	100,	י ציקו	133,0	10	72,	417 h

For President, 1916, Benson, Soc., received 1,062 votes; Hanly, Proh., 683; Reimer, Soc. Lab., 67.
For Governor, 1913, Downey, Soc. Lab., received 2,110 votes.

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1916. Districts.

Jones. nes, Dem., 9,772; Butzner, Rep., 2,83 Campbell, Soc., 109; Bader, Soc. Lab., 72. Holland, Dem., 10,122; Wray, Rep., 1,939; McElway, Soc., 125; Downey, Soc. Lab., 100. Montague, Dem., 10,967; Maxey, Soc., 751.

Watson, Dem., 8,119; Alfred, Rep , 424; Herzlg, Soc., 399. IV.

Saunders, Dem., 10,614; Davis, Rep., 7,601; Boswell, Soc., 149. Glass, Dem., 9 119; Ginther, Soc., 344. VI. Wilson, Rep., 2.920:

VII. Harrison, Dem., 10,052; Paul, Rep., 6,064; Garrison, Ind., 142.

VIII. Carlín, Dem., 9,163; Crupper, Rep., 3,450; Manning, Soc., 80; Hamilton, Soc. Lab., 67. IX.

Trinkle, Dem., 16,460; Slemp, Rep., 17,848; Dutton, Ind., 92. Flood, Dem., 11,282; Nair, Rep., 4,583; Lowe, Soc., 281.

#### STATE LEGISLATURE.

Senate. House. Joint Ballot 88 12 4 16 Democratic majority. 32 76

STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor, Henry C. Stuart; Lieutenant-Governor, J. T. Ellyson; Secretary of Commonwealth, B. O. James; Auditor, C. Lee Moore; Tresurer, A. W. Harman; Superintendent of Instruction, R. C. Stearnes; Attorney-General, J. Garland Pollard; Adjutant-General, W. W. Sale; Commissioner of Agriculture, George W. Koiner; Commissioner of Insurance, Joseph Button—all Democrats.

#### VIRGINIA-Continue

#### JUDICIARY.

Supreme Court of Appeals—President, George M. Harrison; Justices, S. G. Whittle, Joseph L. Kelly, Frederick W. Sims, Robert R. Prentis; Clerk, H. Stewart Jones.

#### VOTE OF THE STATE SINCE 1904.

		Dem.	Rep.	Prog.	Soc.	Plu.
1904.	President	80,648	47,880		218	32,768 D
1905.	Governor	83,544	45,795		453	37,749 D
1908.	President	82,916	52,573		255	30,373 D
	Governor	68,750	36,249			32,501 D
1912.	President	90,332	23,288	21,777	820	67,044 D

#### WASHINGTON.

	19	IDENT, 16.	TOR.	SENA- 1916.	19	RNOR,
COUNTIES.	Wil-	Hu	Tur-	Poin-	Lis-	Mc-
(39.)	son,	ghes.	ner,	d'x'r.	ter.	Bride
(007)	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.	
·		Tecp.	Dem.	Ttep.	Dem.	Rep.
Adams	1,287	1,235	1,142	1,331	1 501	0.00
Asotin	1,125	992		1,001		970
Benton	1,298	1 411		1,054		
Chelan	2,757	1,411	982	1,802	1,561	
Cietian	4,707	3,004	1,819		3,246	2,626
Clallam	1,328	1,455			1,390	1,483
Clarke	3,720	4,413	2,617	1 4.979	2,904	5.093
Columbia	1,156	1,144	941		2,904 1,241	1,081
Cowiltz	1,280	2,107	989	2,281	1,391	2,035
Douglas	1,914	1,124		1.394	2,014	1.038
Ferry	908	580	739	697		
Franklin	1,105	671	844			
Garfield	722	843			775	768
Grant	1,555	1,207	1,160		1.405	
Gravs Harb'r	4,978			5,613		4.957
Island	854	802	599	967		2,908
Jefferson	86				769	643
King	52,246			1,207	15 100	1,160
Kitsap	3,496	2,630	1.521		45,438	43,350
Klttitas	2,59		1,933	4,476	2,909	3,138
Klickitat	1,470	4,40	1,930	2,891	2,557	2,409
L owig	4,32	1,55	1,002	1,822	1,554	
Lewis Lincoln	4,04	5,16	3,70	5,488	4,838	4,752
Lincom	2,81	2,35	2,314		3,050	2,143
Mason	78	75				
Okanogan	2,88	1,88	2,065	2,642	3,075	
Pacific	1,53					
Pend d'Or'le.	1,08	91		1,088	1,066	
Pierce	18,94				19,590	16,517
San Juan	668			755	494	775
Skagit	4,927			5.445	5,192	4.007
Skamania	453			515	389	503
Snohomish	8,398	8,598	6,016	10.251	9,040	
Spokane	21,305	19,475	17,346	23,521	21,236	19,937
Stevens	3,181	2,677	2.532	3 192	3,490	2,404
Thurston	2,666	3.209	2,027	3,416	2,493	3,248
Wahkiakum.	340	489	289	521		430
Walla Walla.	4.421	4,403	3,328	5.454	4,991	4.040
Whatcom	5,636	7,597	3,785	9,011	6,158	7,202
Whitman	5.866	4,927	4,973	5,584	6,098	4,749
Yakima	6,116	7,153	4.485	8,560	7.625	
I COMMISSION OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF TH	0,110	7,100	1,400	0,000	1,000	6,061
Total	182 993	166,399	135,339	202,287	101 649	107 000
Plurality	16,594	100,000	100,000	100,200	12 040	167,802
Per cent				66,948	13,840	
Whole vote	379,4	50	365,1	97	377,5	
	010,1	1	000,1	01	377,5	36
For Preside	nt. 191	6 Bon	con C	00 50	t. a.ula.a	00 511

For President, 1916, Benson, Soc., received 22,5 votes; Hanly, Prob., 6,823; Reimer, Soc. Lab., 700. received 22,544

For United States Senator, 1916, Rogers, Soc., 21,709; Campbell, Proh., 4,411; Thompson, Prog., 1,441.

For Governor, 1916, Katterfeld, Soc., 21,117; Gellerman, Proh., 3,514; Bradford, Prog., 2,894; Riordan-Soc. Lab., 623.

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1916. Districts.

Districts.

1. Cotterill, Dem., 35,718; Miller, Rep., 38,769;
Tryon, Soc., 2,634.

1. Mrs. Axtell, Dem., 28,075; Hadley, Rep., 31,655; Olinger, Soc., 7,537.

11. Fishburne, Dem., 29,949; Johnson, Rep., 47,415;
Ferguson, Soc., 5,662.

12. Masterson, Dem., 21,189; La Follette, Rep., 33,980; Price, Soc., 2,637.

V. Dill, Dem., 37,479; Corkery, Rep., 32,238; Powers, Soc., 2,952.

#### WASHINGTON-Continued.

Drury, Dem., 21,978; Johnson, Rep., 33,556; Warburton, Prog., 11,677; Aller, Soc., 8,775; McDowell, Proh., 1,738; Harland, Ind.-Proh., 1,129.

IV. Drumbeller, Dem., 16,896; La Follette, Rep., 25,541; Peacock, Prog., 6,952; Storland, Soc., 3,309; Mohr, Prob., 2,546.
V. Dill, Dem., 24,410; Rosenhaupt, Rep., 20,033; Corkery, Prog., 15,509; Harkness, Soc., 4,502; Flanders, Proh., 2,270.

Figure 15, Fron., 2,270.

STATE GOVERNMENT.
Governor, Ernest Lister; Lieutenant-Governor, Louis F. Hart; Secretary of State, I. M. Howell; Treasurer, W. W. Sherman; Auditor, C. W. Clausen; Superintendent of Education, Josephine Corliss Preston; Attorney-General, W. V. Tanner; Adjutant-General, Maurice Thompson; Commissioner of Public Lands, Clark V. Savidge; Commissioner of Public Lands, Clark V. Savidge; Commissioner of Insurance, H. O. Fishback—all Republicans except Governor, who is a Democrat. Maurice Thompson, office appointive. office appointive.

Supreme Court: Chief Justice, George E. Morris; Associate Justices, Mark A. Fullerton, J. Stanley Webster, S. J. Chadwick, E. N. Parker, O. G. Ellis, John F. Maln, O. R. Holcomb, Wallace Mount, Clerk, G. S. Reinhart.

STATE LEGISLATURE. Senate. House. Joint Ballot. Republicans..... 39 87 10 126 13 3 Democrats..... Progressives..... 77 113 Republican majority. 36

#### WEST VIRCINIA.

COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUNTIES.   COUN	WEST VIKCINIA.						
Total   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part   Part		PRESI	DENT, I	U. S.	SENA-	GOVE	RNOR,
COUNTIES.   Will.   Hu   Chill.   S'th.   Corn.   Rob.   Son.   Rep.   Dem.   Rep.				TOR,	1916.	19:	16.
Rep	Commen	33711	1.7 11			Corn-	Rob-
Barbour					land		
Barbour	(55.)						
Berkeley   2,938   2,502   2,918   2,810   3,024   2,726		Dein.	iccp.		100171		
Berkeley   2,938   2,502   2,918   2,810   3,024   2,726	Rorbour	1.818	2.083	1.798	2,140	1.926	2,009
Boone			2,902		2,810	3.024	2.726
Braxton		1.397	1.501	1.394	1,500	1,399	1.511
Gabell.         6,449         5,728         6,439         5,670         6,599         5,590           Calhoun         1,317         936         1,299         9,60         1,324         929           Clay         1,047         1,021         1,046         1,044         1,077         987           Doddridge         1,041         1,803         1,421         1,145         1,066         1,505           Fayette         5,377         5,511         5,120         5,432         5,576         5,372           Gilmer         1,698         943         1,679         945         1,677         935           Grant         391         1,438         384         1,462         449         1,281           Greenbrier         2,181         715         2,071         7,488         2,602         2,234         2,171           Handy         1,425         701         1,838         1,457         483         1,452         449         1,381           Harrison         5,570         6,262         5,013         6,381         4,549         6,230           Jackson         2,032         2,411         2,548         2,458         2,451         2,438		2.957	2.332	2.928	2,354	2,962	2,314
Gabell.         6,449         5,728         6,439         5,670         6,599         5,590           Calhoun         1,317         936         1,299         9,60         1,324         929           Clay         1,047         1,021         1,046         1,044         1,077         987           Doddridge         1,041         1,803         1,421         1,145         1,066         1,505           Fayette         5,377         5,511         5,120         5,432         5,576         5,372           Gilmer         1,698         943         1,679         945         1,677         935           Grant         391         1,438         384         1,462         449         1,281           Greenbrier         2,181         715         2,071         7,488         2,602         2,234         2,171           Handy         1,425         701         1,838         1,457         483         1,452         449         1,381           Harrison         5,570         6,262         5,013         6,381         4,549         6,230           Jackson         2,032         2,411         2,548         2,458         2,451         2,438		1.261	1.422	1,192	1,473	1,203	
Calhoun         1,317         996         1,294         929         229         950         1,234         929           Clay         1,047         1,021         1,046         1,014         1,1815         1,097         929           Doddridge         1,061         1,803         1,042         1,815         1,096         1,755           Fayette         5,377         5,511         5,120         5,432         5,756         5,372           Gilmer         1,695         943         1,679         945         1,657         935           Grent         3,170         2,601         3,154         2,602         3,234         949         1,387           Hampshire         2,181         7,15         2,071         748         2,133         631         1,471         811         1,457         883         1,477         831         1,477         831         1,477         834         1,477         833         1,471         881         1,457         833         1,477         843         1,471         881         1,457         833         1,477         843         1,477         843         1,477         843         1,477         843         1,477         843 <t< td=""><td></td><td>6.446</td><td>5,728</td><td>6,439</td><td>5,670</td><td>6,599</td><td>5,590</td></t<>		6.446	5,728	6,439	5,670	6,599	5,590
Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay   Clay		1,317	936	1,299		1,324	929
Doddridge		1,047		1,046		1,077	
Fayette	Doddridge	1.061	1,803	1,042		1,096	1,755
Gilmer 1,695 943 1,679 940 1,697 930 Grant 31,458 384 1,452 449 1,381 Greenbrier 2,181 1,438 384 1,452 449 1,381 Greenbrier 2,170 2,601 3,154 2,502 3,234 2,517 Hanpshire 2,181 7,715 2,071 7,48 2,133 631 Hancock 891 1,434 881 1,457 883 1,477 Harryson 5,970 6,262 5,813 6,381 6,049 6,230 Jackson 2,032 2,471 2,013 2,479 2,099 2,381 Jefferson 2,511 1,181 2,548 1,185 2,555 1,167 Kanawha 10,276 1,0096 10,186 9,955 10,355 10,167 Kanawha 10,276 1,0096 10,33 2,479 2,141 2,013 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,0		5,377		5,120	5,432	5,576	5,372
Greenbrier.   3,170   2,601   3,154   2,602   3,234   2,517     Hampshire   2,181   715   2,071   748   2,193   631     Hancock.   891   1,434   881   1,457   883   1,477     Hardy   1,425   701   1,420   702   1,439   673     Hardy   1,425   701   1,40   702   1,439   673     Hardy   1,225   7,01   1,49   702   1,439   673     Hardy   2,262   5,813   6,381   6,049   6,230     Lackson   2,032   2,471   2,013   2,479   2,039   2,384     Lefferson   2,511   1,181   2,548   1,185   2,565   1,167     Kanawha   10,276   10,096   10,168   9,965   10,395   10,107     Lewis   2,248   2,263   2,192   2,241   2,303   2,204     Lincoln   2,113   2,101   2,093   2,119   2,114   2,102     Logan   3,270   2,107   3,233   2,092   3,211   2,161     Marton   5,493   4,448   5,494   4,488   5,590   4,156     Marshall   2,997   3,699   2,973   3,703   3,167   3,510     Masson   2,336   4,483   5,419   4,888   5,590   4,156     Marshall   2,497   3,699   2,973   3,703   3,167   3,510     Mason   2,346   4,788   4,731   4,518   3,452   2,475     Mineral   1,747   1,965   1,684   2,020   1,792   1,792     Monongalia   2,227   2,222   2,449   2,238   2,535   2,139     Monongalia   2,227   3,112   2,163   3,443   2,405   3,241     Monone   1,609   1,584   1,686   1,885   1,636   1,550     Morgan   666   1,208   630   1,222   7,111   1,712     Michael   2,472   2,735   2,747   2,747   2,747     Michael   2,472   2,738   1,686   1,747   3,888   6,831     Michael   2,472   2,738   3,747   2,747   2,747   2,747     Monone   1,609   1,584   1,686   1,687   1,636   1,550     McDowell   3,692   7,986   3,629   7,167   3,888   6,831     Michael   2,472   2,575   2,673   2,773   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2		1,695		1,679		1,697	
Hampshire   2,181	Grant	391	1,438	384	1,452	449	1,381
Handock	Greenbrier			3,154	2,602	3,231	
Hardy		2,181			130	2,190	
Harrison   5,970   6,282   5,813   6,381   6,049   6,230     Jackston   2,032   2,471   2,013   2,479   2,099   2,384     Jackston   2,511   1,181   2,548   1,185   2,555   1,167     Kanawha   10,276   10,096   0,136   9,955   10,395   10,072     Kanawha   2,248   2,263   2,192   2,244   2,303   2,204     Locan   2,113   2,101   2,033   2,119   2,114   2,102     Locan   3,270   2,107   3,233   2,092   3,211   2,161     Marton   5,493   4,443   5,419   4,488   5,590   4,156     Marshall   2,997   3,699   2,973   3,703   3,167   3,510     Mason   2,336   2,451   2,317   2,451   2,375   2,423     Mercer   4,836   4,788   4,751   1,868   4,912   4,729     Mineral   1,747   1,965   1,684   2,020   1,792   1,792     Mingo   2,472   2,223   2,449   2,238   2,535   2,159     Monongalia   2,227   3,412   2,168   3,443   2,405   3,241     Monone   1,609   1,584   1,608   1,855   1,636   1,550     Morgan   666   1,208   630   1,222   7,111   1,712     McDowell   3,692   7,086   3,629   7,167   3,888   6,831     Michall   2,447   2,556   2,167   2,073   2,472   2,738     McDowell   3,692   7,086   3,629   1,727   2,711   1,717     McDowell   3,692   7,086   3,629   1,727   2,711   1,717     McDowell   3,692   7,986   3,629   1,727   2,711   1,717     McDowell   3,692   7,986   3,629   1,727   2,773   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772   2,772		891	1,434	881	1,407		
Continue	Hardy	1,425	701	2,720	6 201		
		0,970	0,202	3,013	2 470		2 384
Kanawha 10,276 10,096 10,136 9,965 10,395 10,072 Lewis 2,248 2,268 2,102 2,324 2,333 2,204 Lincoln 2,113 2,101 2,093 2,119 2,114 2,102 Logan 3,270 2,107 3,232 2,092 2,321 2,161 Logan 2,107 3,232 2,092 2,321 2,616 Marton 5,493 4,443 5,449 4,488 5,590 4,156 Marshall 2,936 2,699 2,973 3,703 3,167 3,510 Mason 2,336 2,451 2,317 2,451 2,375 2,423 Mercer 4,836 4,788 4,731 1,888 4,912 4,729 Mingeral 1,747 1,955 1,684 2,020 1,702 1,936 Mingenal 1,747 1,955 1,684 2,200 1,702 1,936 Mingenal 1,747 2,222 2,449 2,233 2,533 2,159 Monongalia 2,227 2,222 2,449 2,238 2,353 2,159 Monongalia 2,227 3,112 2,196 3,443 2,405 3,291 Monongalia 2,227 3,112 2,196 3,443 2,405 3,291 Monongalia 2,227 2,716 3,128 1,698 1,717 3,888 4,731 McDowell 3,692 7,086 3,629 7,157 3,888 6,831 McDowell 3,692 7,086 3,629 7,157 3,888 6,831 McDowell 3,692 7,086 3,629 7,157 3,888 6,831 McDowell 3,692 7,086 3,629 7,167 3,472 2,778 Qhlo 6,071 7,319 5,919 7,464 6,328 7,172 Pendleton 1,276 888 1,239 908 1,233 8,782		2,004	1 191	2,013	1 185	2,565	1.167
Lewis . 2,248 2,262 2,192 2,324 2,303 2,204 Lincoln . 2,113 2,101 2,093 2,119 2,114 2,102 Logan . 3,270 2,107 3,233 2,099 2,3,211 2,161 Marton . 5,493 4,448 5,419 4,488 5,590 4,156 Marshall . 2,997 3,699 2,973 3,703 3,167 3,510 Mason . 2,336 2,451 2,317 2,451 2,375 2,423 Mercer . 4,836 4,788 4,751 1,868 4,912 4,729 Mineral . 1,747 1,965 1,684 2,020 1,792 1,792 1,936 Mingo . 2,472 2,223 2,449 2,238 2,535 2,139 Monoroe . 1,609 1,584 1,608 1,855 1,636 1,550 Morgan . 666 1,208 630 1,222 7,111 1,712 McDowell . 3,692 7,086 3,629 7,077 3,888 6,831 Nicholas . 2,467 2,056 2,667 2,073 3,888 6,831 Nicholas . 2,467 2,056 2,677 2,073 2,472 2,078 Ohlo . 6,071 7,319 5,919 7,646 6,328 7,172 Pendleton . 1,276 888 1,239 908 1,233 8,233		10 276	10,006	10 136	9 965	10.395	10.072
Lincoln   2,113   2,101   2,003   2,119   2,114   2,102   Logan   3,270   2,107   3,232   2,092   3,211   2,161   Marton   2,943   4,443   5,449   4,488   5,569   4,156   Marshall   2,936   2,451   2,317   2,451   2,375   2,423   Mercer   4,836   4,788   4,731   1,868   4,912   4,729   Mingral   1,747   1,965   1,684   2,020   1,702   1,936   Mingro   2,472   2,223   2,449   2,338   2,533   2,159   Monongalia   2,227   3,112   2,196   3,443   2,405   3,291   Monroe   1,609   1,581   1,608   1,583   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,638   1,63		9 248	2 263	2 102	2.324	2,303	2,204
Logan 3,270 2,107 3,223 2,092 3,2111 2,161 Marton 5,493 4,443 5,419 4,486 5,590 4,156 Marshall 2,997 3,699 2,973 3,703 3,167 3,510 Mason 2,336 2,451 2,317 2,451 2,375 2,423 Mercer 4,836 4,788 4,751 1,868 4,912 4,729 Mineral 1,747 1,965 1,684 2,020 1,702 1,936 Mingo 2,2472 2,223 2,449 2,238 2,535 2,159 Monoroe 1,609 1,584 1,608 1,855 1,636 1,550 Morgan 666 1,208 630 1,222 7,111 1,712 McDowell 3,692 7,086 3,629 7,117 1,713 McDowell 3,692 7,086 3,629 7,1047 3,888 6,831 Nicholas 2,467 2,056 2,167 2,073 2,472 2,078 Ohlo 6,071 7,319 5,919 7,646 6,328 7,172 Pendleton 1,276 888 1,239 908 1,233 8,233	Lewis	2 113	2 10 1	2,093	2.119	2.114	2,102
Marton         5,493         4,443         5,499         4,488         5,590         4,156           Marshall         2,997         3,699         2,973         3,703         3,167         3,510           Mason         2,236         2,451         2,317         2,451         2,375         2,423           Mercer         4,836         4,788         4,731         1,868         4,912         4,729           Mineral         1,747         1,965         1,684         2,020         1,792         1,936           Mingo         2,472         2,222         2,449         2,238         2,535         2,153         2,199           Monroe         1,609         1,581         1,608         1,585         1,636         1,530         7,163         3,892         7,137         3,889         6,831           McDowell         3,692         7,087         3,692         7,673         3,889         6,831           Nicholas         2,467         2,056         2,167         2,073         3,232         7,171           Ohlo         6,071         7,319         5,919         7,664         6,322         7,172           Pendleton         1,273         882         2		3,270	2 107	3 222	2.092	3.211	2.161
Marshall.         2,997         3,699         2,973         3,703         3,167         3,510           Mason         2,336         2,451         2,317         2,451         2,375         2,423           Mercer         4,836         4,781         4,768         4,912         4,729           Mineral         1,747         1,965         1,684         2,020         1,792         1,936           Mingo         2,472         2,223         2,449         2,238         2,535         2,189           Monongalia         2,227         3,122         2,169         3,443         2,405         3,291           Morgan         666         1,208         3,692         1,252         1,252         1,277         7,111         1,713           Micholas         2,487         2,056         3,629         7,077         3,888         6,831         Nicholas         2,472         2,073         2,472         2,073         2,472         2,073         2,472         2,073         2,472         2,073         2,472         2,073         2,472         2,073         2,472         2,073         2,472         2,073         2,472         2,073         2,472         2,073         2,472         2,073	Morion		4 443	5.419	1 4.488	5.560	4,156
Mason.         2,2366         2,451         2,317         2,451         2,375         2,423           Mercer         4,836         4,788         4,751         1,868         4,912         4,729           Mineral         1,747         1,965         1,684         2,020         1,792         1,936           Mingo         2,472         2,222         2,424         2,238         2,459         2,535         2,159           Monongalia         2,227         3,12         2,166         3,443         2,405         3,291           Morgan         566         1,685         1,583         1,686         1,522         7,163         1,636         1,530           McDowell         3,692         7,087         7,037         3,889         6,831           Nicholas         2,467         2,056         2,167         2,073         3,422         2,771           Ohlo         6,071         7,319         5,919         7,664         6,322         7,127           Pendleton         1,273         882         1,283         882	Marchall	2,997	3,699	2.973	3,703	3.167	3.510
Mercer		2,336	2,451	2.317	2,451	2.375	2,423
Mineral   1,747   1,965   1,684   2,020   1,792   1,936   Mingo   2,472   2,222   2,449   2,238   2,553   2,159   Monongalia   2,227   3,112   2,196   3,443   2,405   3,291   Monroe   1,609   1,584   1,608   1,585   1,608   1,585   1,608   1,585   1,636   1,595   Morgan   666   1,208   650   1,223   7,111   1,171   McDowell   3,092   7,086   3,629   7,637   3,888   6,838   Nicholas   2,467   2,056   2,667   2,073   2,472   2,078   0,100   6,071   7,319   5,919   7,616   6,329   7,137   3,281   2,818   2,818   2,818   2,818   2,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3,818   3		4.836	1.788	4,75	1,869	4,912	4,729
Mingo.   2,472   2,223   2,449   2,238   2,535   2,159   Modongalia.   2,227   3,412   2,169   3,443   2,405   3,291   Monroe.   1,609   1,584   1,608   1,585   1,636   1,550   Morgan.   666   1,208   650   1,223   7,111   1,711   McDowell.   3,692   7,086   3,699   1,677   2,073   2,472   2,078   Nicholas.   2,467   2,056   2,167   2,073   2,472   2,078   0,100   6,071   7,319   5,919   7,464   6,328   7,172   Pendleton.   1,276   888   1,293   908   1,233   832   1,233   832   1,233   832   1,233   832   1,233   832   1,233   832   1,233   832   1,233   832   1,233   832   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233   1,233	Mineral		1 1 965	1,68		1,792	1,936
Monongalia.         2,227         3.412         2,196         3,431         2,495         3,291           Monroe.         1,609         1,581         1,608         1,585         1,636         1,530           Morgan.         666         1,208         650         1,223         711         1,171           McDowell.         3,692         7,086         3,692         7,657         3,888         6,831           Nicholas.         2,467         2,056         2,167         2,073         2,472         2,078           Ohio.         6,071         7,319         5,919         7,464         6,328         7,327         822           Pendleton.         1,276         888         1,239         908         1,283         882			2,223	2,449		2,535	2,159
Monroe. 1,609 1,583 1,608 1,885 1,630 1,530 Morgan. 666 1,208 630 1,222 7,11 1,71 McDowell. 3,692 7,086 3,699 7,457 3,888 6,831 N1cholas 2,467 2,056 2,167 2,073 2,472 2,078 Ohlo. 6,071 7,319 5,919 7,464 6,328 7,172 Pendleton. 1,276 888 1,239 908 1,233 882 1,233 8	Monongalia.		3,412	2,19		2,405	3,291
McDowell 3,992 7,086 3,629 7,657 3,888 6,831 Mcholas 2,467 2,056 2,167 2,073 2,472 2,078 Ohlo 6,071 7,319 5,919 7,164 6,328 7,172 Pendleton 1,276 888 1,259 908 1,233 826		1,609	1,58				1,000
McDowell. 3,692 7,086 3,629 7,107 3,888 0.537 Nlcholas. 2,467 2,056 2,167 2,073 2,472 2,078 Ohlo. 6,071 7,319 5,919 7,464 6,328 7,172 Pendleton. 1,276 888 1,259 908 1,283 882 676		660	1,208	65	1,222	711	1,171
Oho 6,071 7,319 5,919 7,464 6,328 7,172 Pendleton 1,276 888 1,259 908 1,283 882	McDowell	. 3,69	7,086	3,62	7,857	3,888	0.831
Pendleton 1.276 888 1,259 908 1.283 882	Nicholas	2,46		2,16	2,073	2,47	2,078
Pendleton 1.276 888 1,259 908 1,250 002	Ohlo		7,319				1,1/4
Pleasants 899 8761 8901 8801 8901 810	Pendleton	. 1,27					
	Pleasants	.1 89	9 87	bi 89	3) 88	01 99	010

WEST VIRGINIA-Continued.

	PRESI	DENT,	U. S.	SENA- 1916.	Gove	
Counties.		Hu ghes.	Chil-	S'th'-	Corn	Rob-
	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.
Pocahontas	1.849	1.550	1,767	1,609	1,839	1,554
Preston	1,694	3,838			1,785	3,727
Putnam	1,837	1,925	1,836	1,941	1,907	1,866
Raleigh	3,319	3,791	3,254	3,834	3,411	3,704
Randolph	3,024	2,162	2,826	2,377	3,133	
Ritchie	1,657	2,225	1,608	2,265	1,741	2,135
Roane	2,186	2,106	2,181	2,412	2,226	2,328
Summers	2,389		2,357	1,799	2,429	1,733
Taylor	1,672		1.592	2.075	1,627	2,070
Tucker	1,388	1,531	1,395	1,561	1,529	1.468
Tyler	1.336	1,900	1,296	1,925	1,388	1,844
Upshur	1,019	2.553	995		1,037	2,535
Wayne	2,989	2,215	2,939	2,250	2,989	2,210
Webster	1,513	854	1.509	857	1,505	859
Wetzel	2,797	1,910	2.771	1,918	2.855	1,864
Wirt	1.072	951	1,080	938	1,084	942
Wood	4,817	4.521	4,767	4,540	4,819	4,481
Wyoming	1,199		1,138	1,481	1,221	1,464
Total	110,403	143,124	138,585	144,243	143,324	140,569
Plurality	1	2,721	1	5,658	2,755	
Per cent	48	49				
Whole vote		,677	287	,709	283	,893

For President, 1916, Benson, Soc., received 6,150 For United States Senator, 1916, Gneiser, Soc., 4,881.

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1916. Districts.

Neely, Dem., 22,138; Fleming, Rep., 21,754.

Woods, Dem., 23,194; Bowers, Rep., 24,055.

III. Alderson, Dem., 22,762; Reed, Rep., 23,412.

IV. Null, Dem., 22,855; Woodyard, Rep., 23,139.

V. Wiles, Dem., 23,859; Cooper, Rep., 25,563.

VI. Littlepage, Dem., 25,963; Godbey, Rep., 24,415

GOVERNMENT.

Governor. John J. Cornwell; Secretary of State,
Houston Goff Young; Superintendent of Education,
M. P. Shawkey; Auditor, John S. Darst, Commissioner of Agriculture, James H. Stewart; AttorneyGeneral, E. T. England; Treasurer, William S. John
son; Adjutant-General, John C. Bond; Commissioner
of Insurance, J. S. Darst, ex-officio—all Republicans
except Governor, Dem.

Supreme Court of Appeals: President, L. Judeon Williams; Associate Judgea, George Poffenbarger, William N. Miller, Charles W. Lynch, Harold A, Ritz; Clerk, W. B. Matthews.

STATE LEGISLATURE. Senate. House. Joint Ballot. 20 10 42 52 Republicans..... 62 Democrats.... 10 R 10 D Majority.....

VOTE OF THE STATE SINCE 1904. 

\*Hughes received 7 electoral votes, Wilson I. Depue, Democratic elector, defeated Scott, Republican elector, the latter's name having been omitted from the ballots in several countles. Scott was chosen to succeed another elector, who withdrew just before the election, and a number of counties failed to make provision in the ballot for the change.

	PRESI	ISCO			GOVE	RNOR.
j	191		TOR,	1916.	191	6.
COUNTIES.	Wil-	Hu		La Fol		Phil-
(71.)	son.	ghes,	Wolfe	lette,	lams,	lpp,
	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.
Adams	824	957	439	1,178	650	989
Ashland	1,582	1,998 2,746 1,320	1,105	1,178 2,187	1,719 1,726	1,768
Barron	1.8631	2,746	1,037 483	3,1471	1,726	2,512 1,286
Bayfield Brown	996 5,771	4,132	4,073	1,679	4,351	4,734
Buffalo	1,043	1.4921	621	4,902 1,709	8111	1.582
Burnett	638	1,492 1,007 1,979	272		571	1,582 1,034
Calumet	1,382 2,233	1 979	1,312	1.9491	1 3521	1,975 3,261 3,378
Chlppewa	2,233	3,324 3,371 3,395	1,687	3,527 3,587	2,074 1,375 2,023	3,261
Ciark Columbia		3,371	1,124 1,527	3,813	2 023	
Crawford	2,299 1,764	1,8831	1,4491	2,057	1,700	1,817
Dane	9.8591	6,931	5,133 4,300	11,110 4,522	10,330	0,108
Dodge	4.519 1.204	4,887	4,300	4,522	4.442	4.636
DOOT	1.204	1,656	553 1,580	2 057	638 2,808	1,973 2,914
Douglas	2.940 1.447	3.007 2.556	683	1,936 3,957 3,048	1,082	2,698
Dunn Eau Claire	2.290	2,922	1,214	3,557	2,083	2,698 2,810
Florence	1621	· 412	991	436	111	
Fond du Laei	5.021	5,781	3,995	5,919	4,507	5,745 744
Forest	637 3.459	738 4 718	2,693	5.007 2,519 1.680	3,078	4,776
Grant Green	1.687	2.422	1.307	2.519	1.857	2,103
Green Lake.	1.352 2.230	1 647	1,087	1.680	1.185	2,103 1,646
Iowa	2.230	1 647 2.271	1,684	2.004	2,252 379	6,164
Iron	475	672	254	825 2 155	379	770
Jaekson	963	1.866 3 785	505	2 155 3,608	694	1,978 3,845 2,377 3,721 1,365 3,552
Jefferson Juneau	3 645 1.442	2.292	3.379 931	2,519	3,404 1,182	2.377
Kenosha	2.8161	3 537	2 222	1 3 496	9 2551	3,721
Kewanee	2.011	1,104	1,542 3,701 1.773	1,345	1.5911	1,365
La Crosse La Fayette.	4.1231	3 597	3,701	3.815 2 608	3,871	3,552
La Fayette.	2.059	2.544 1.538	1.773 1.348	2 608	1,983 1,537	2.422
Langlade Lincoln	1.755	2 190	1 184	2 171	1 330	2 035
Manitowoc	1,282 4,338	2 189 4,224	3 484	1,767 2,171 4,761 5 743	1.330 3,921 3,645	1,617 2,035 4,421 5,782 3,124 1,226
Marathon.	3.677	5,838	3 484 3 584	5 743	3,645	5,782
Marinette	2.205	2.767	1 404	3.440	1 597	3,124
Marquette	923 34,812	1.377 27.831	635 20,150	1.450 36.016	856 23.109	34.968
Milwaukee	1.991	3 013	1 540	1 3 142	1 2 055	2,732 2,775 1,165
Oconto	1.892	3 013 2.570	1.540 1.330	2.932 1,327 5.211	1,493 813	2 775
Oneida	1.054	1 089 5,302	624 4.170	1,327	813	1.165
Outagamie Ozaukee	4.442	5,302	4.170	5.211	4,136	5,316 1,529
Ozaukee	1,577 622	1.610 766	1,507 459	1,489 787	1,537 590	704
Pepla Plerce	1 650	1.945	719	2.546	1.167	2.133
Poik	1.713	2.080	776	2 827	1,455	2,133 2,159
Portage	3.000	2,529 1,620	2 562	2.739	2.857	4.028
Price	1.049	1,620	579	1.869	800	1.659
Raeine	5.081	4,495	579 3,355 1,319 2,976	5,644	4.066	4.971 1,939
Richland	1,845 4.015	2.051 7,011	2 976	2,293 6,962	1,733 3.230	7,161
Roek Rusk	926	989	486	1,245	775	999
St. Croix	2,352 2,257	2.731	1,546	3,217	2,027	1 2,766
Sauk	2,257	3,779	1,719	3,827	2,079	3,080
Sawyer	562 1,367	550		673 3,566		3 426
Shawano	3,885	3,415 5,562 1,544 2,139	3,310	5,723	3,715 721 1,372	5.394
Sheboygan Taylor	845	1,544	617	1.587	721	5,394 1,544 2,177 2,740
Trempealear	1,578	2,139	1,089	2.449	1,372	2,177
Vernon	1,830	1 4,314	1,100	3,40	1,765 368	2,740
VIIas	1 497	531 3,988	1 331	585	1,955	566 4,129
Walworth Washburn	2,440 644	938	361	4,136 1,115	413	1.097
Washington.	2 739	2.892	2,399	2.931	2,401	3,087
Waukesha	4,192	3,768	3.047	4.420	3,365	4,164
Waupaca	1,720	4,492	1,026	4,850	2,401 3,365 1,564 707	4,404
Waushara	1,720 1,015	2,345		2 693	5,010	2,426
Winnebago.	5,242	0,940	3,973 2,069	6,73 3,273 1,39	2,416	5,815 3,000
Wood	2,625 1,090	1,087	53	1,39	618	1,423
						-
Total	193,042	221,323 28,281	135,14	251,30 116,15	3 164,555	229,889
Plurality	43	28,28	.3	116,15	.37	65,334
Per Cent Whole vote	.43	377	.5.	2 .61 3,883	37	.53 1,286
				0.000		

For President, 1916, Beason, Soc., received 27,846 votes; Hanly, Proh., 7,166.

For United States Senator, 1916, Elsner, Soc., 28,908; Hill, Proh., 8,528.

30,649; For Governor, 1916 McKerrow, Prob., 9,193. 1916, Weaver. Soc..

## WISCONSIN-Continued.

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1916. age, Dem., 12,587; Cooper, Rep., 24,851; Hansche, Proh., 1,491; Yabs, Soc., 1,434; scattering, 4.

Burke, Dem., 18,546; Voigt, Rep., 2 Bauernfeind, Soc., 1,136; scattering, 2. 11. Brlggs, Dem., 15,198; Nelson, Rep., 26,785; Dobson, Proh., 967; Orne, Soc., 388; scatter-

lng, 3.

Szezerbinski, Dem., 10,757; Cary, Rep., 12,361; Cox, Proh., 337; Gaylord, Soc., 11,380; seattering, 7.

Browne, Dem., 7,420; Stafford, Rep., 19,585; Drought, Proh., 209; Berger, Soc., 15,936; scattering, 3.

Reilly, Dem., 17,080; Davidson, Rep., 20,317; Tinkham, Proh., 498; Zingler, Soc., 929; seattering, 1.

VII. Grotophorst, Dem., 9,549; Esch, Rep., 24,157; Clifford, Proh., 986; Noetzelman, Soc., 728; scattering, 8.

VIII. Kalmes, Dem., 10,083; Browne, Rep., 23,089; Kiesner, Soc., 1,041; scattering, 6.

Konop, Dem., 18,078; Classon, Rep., 20,614; Nanman, Soc., 576; scattering, 1. Sutherland, Dem., 9,367; Frear, Rep., 23,320; Waldal, Proh., 808; scattering, 18. Cooper, Dem., 8,726; Lenroot, Rep., 22,740; Parks, Soc., 2,252. IX.

XI.

STATES, SOC. 2,255.

STATE GOVERNMENT.
Governor, Emanuel L. Philipp, Rep.; LieutenantGovernor, Edward F. Ditmar, Rep.; Secretary of
State and Auditor, Merlin Hull, Rep.; Treasurer,
Henry Johnson, Rep.; Adjutant-General, Orlando
Holway: Attorney-General, Walter S. Owen, Rep.;
Superintendent of Education, C. P. Cary; Commissioner of Agriculture, C. P. Norgord; Commissioner of Insurance, M. J. Cleary, Rep.

Supreme Court: Chief Justice, John B. Winslow; Associate Justices, Roujet D. Marshall, Robert G. Siebecker, James C. Kervin, Aad John Vinje, Marvin B. Rosenberry, Franz C. Eschweller; Clerk, Arthur A. McLeod.

STATE LEGISLATURE. Senate. House. Joint Ballot. Republicans..... 79 24 103 14 Democrats..... ž 10

#### WYOM TOC.

	PRESI 19	DENT, 16.		SENA- 1916.	Gove 19	RNOR,
COUNTIES. (21.)	Wil-	Hu ghes.	Ken-	Clark	Ken- drlek.	Ridge ly,
(21.)	Dem	Rep	Dem.		Dem.	Rep.
Albany Blg Horn	1,571 1,493	1,313 1,239	1,503 1,455	1,106 1,246	1,278 1,343	1,407 948
Campbell	690 1,661	148	616 1,406	528	472	382 1,451
Carbon	879 1,181	766	814	918	801 927	582 732
Crook	1,752	1,407	1,614	1,485 947	1,344 591	1,024 489
Goshen. Hot Springs.	1,096 760	523	697	563 851	456	514
Johnson	812	814	805	1 991	. 144	. 091

### ELECTION RETURNS AND STATE GOVERNMENTS-Continued.

	WYO	MING	—Cont	inued.		
,		DENT, 16.	TOR,	1916.	GOVE 19	RNOR,
COUNTIES.	Wi!- son, Dem.		Ken- drick, Dem.	Clark Rep.	Ken- drick, Dem.	Ridge ly, Rep.
Laramie. Lincoln. Natrona. Niobrara. Park. Platte. Sheridan. Sweetwater. Uinta.	2,759 2,378 1,377 599 1,146 1,276 2,906 1,496 1,295	1,126 912 533 1,092 806 1,914 1,287 822	1,302 546 1,120 1,192 2,893 1,403 1,157	1,567 982 585 1,097 922 1,907 1,328 970	1,925 1,563 907 569 966 908 3,113 1,166	1,567 761 479 842 855
Washakie Weston	455 734	791	727	391 767	738	236 657
Total Plurality Per cent Whole vote	6,616 54	42	3,066	45	22,387 3,213 51 43,	44
For Preside votes; Hanly, For United received 1,334 For Govern	Proh. State votes:	, 373. S Sen: Camp	ator, i	916, P	aulsen,	Soc.,

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVE IN CONGRESS, 1916.

(Wyoming's one Congressman is elected at large.)

#### WYOMING-Continued.

Clark, Dem., 24,156; Mondell, Rep., 24,693; Bateman, Soc., 1,302; King, Proh., 219.

STATE GOVERNMENT

Acting Governor, Frank L. Houx; Secretary of State, Frank L. Houx; Treasurer, Herman B. Gates; Auditor and Commissioner of Insurance, Robert B. Forsythe; Adjutant-General, R. Anderson; Attorney-General, D. A. Prestoo; Superintendent of Public Instruction. Edith K. O. Clark; Houx, Anderson and Preston, Democrats, others Republicans.

Supreme Court: Chief Justice, Chas. N. Potter; Associate Justices, Cyrus Beard, R. H. Scott; Clerk, W. H. Kelly.

#### STATE LEGISLATURE.

T			Joint Ballot
Republicans	. 16	31 26	37
		_	
Republican majority.	. 5	5	10

#### VOTE OF THE STATE SINCE 1904.

		Dem.	Rep.	Prog.	Soc.	Plu.
1904.	President	8,930	20.489		1.077	11.559 R
	Governor					6,913 R
	President					5.928 R
	Governor					
	President					750 D

# SOBRIQUETS OR BY-NAMES OF CITIES IN THE UNITED STATES.

Albany—The Capital City.

Atlanta—The Gate City of the Kansas City, Mo.—The Heart of South.

America.

America.

America.

America.

America. Baltimore-The Monumental City.

Birmingham-Birmingham the Beautiful. Boston-The Hub, Bean Town, Athens of America.

Garden City. Cincinnati—The Queen City and

Porkopolis. Cleveland—The Forest City.
Dallas—The City of the Hour.
Dayton—The Gem City.
Denver—The City of the Plains.
Des Moines—The City of Certain.

Detroit—The City of the Straits. West.

Duluth—The Zenith City of the Paterson—The Silk City and the

Unsafted Sea.
Galveston—The Oleander City.
Hannibal, Mo.—The Bluff City.
Hartford—Insurance City an
Charter Oak City.
Indianapolis—The Railroad City.

Angeis.

Athens of America.

Angels.

Angels.

Louisiville—The Fails City.

Louisiville—The City of Spindles.

Louisiville—The City of Spindles.

Louisiville—The City of Spindles.

Louisiville—The City of Spindles.

Lynn—The City of Shoes.

Charleston, S. C.—The Palmetto

Charleston, S. C.—The Palmetto

Charleston, The Windy City and

Chicago—The Windy City and

Chicago—The Common City.

Spot and The Cream City.
Minneapolis—The Flour City.
Nashville—The City of Rocks.
Newark—Newark fanows How.
New Bedford—The Whaling City.
New Haven—The City of Elms.
New Orleans—The Crescent City.
New York—The Empire City,
Gotham, The Metropolis,
Omaha—The Gate City of the
West.

f the Paterson—The Silk City and the Lyons of America.
Philadelphia—The City of Brothgrid Lyons of America.
And The Smoky City.
Portland, Me.—The Forest City.

Keokuk, Iowa—The Gate City.
Little Rock—The City of Roses.
Los Angeles—The Metropolis of the West and The City of the St. Joseph—The City Worth While.

St. Louis—The Mound City.
St. Paui, Minn.—The Saintly City
and The Gem City.
Sait Lake City—The City of the

Saints. San Francisco—The Golden Gate City.

City.
Savannah, Ga.—The Forest City of
the South.
Scranton—The Electric City.
Seattle—The Queen City.
Springfield, Ill.—The Flower City.
Springfield, Mass.—The City of Springfield, Mass .- The City of Homes.

Springfield, Ohio-The Flower

Springerd, Onto-The Frower
City.
Syracuse—The Salt City and the
Central City of the Empire
State.
Toledo—The Corn City.
Troy—The Collar City.
Washington—The City of Magnificent Distances.

Worcester—The Beart of the Com-monwealth.

# FIRE DEPARTMENT, NEW YORK CITY.

Fire Commissioner Adamson in his annual report of 1915 gives some interesting figures on the size of New York City, the location of fires, and the causes of them. The total value of property protected by the department is stated as \$20.000.000.000 and the number of buildings in the city as \$38,093, divided as

Tenements	103.968 Office buildings	1,135   Theatres	287
	153,358 Factory buildings	5,365 Number of fires last year	13,416
Two-family houses			
Hotels and elevator aparts			1,764
Warehouses	9.833 pictures, taxpayers, etc	15,474 Number outside of buildings	3,041

#### Some causes of fires given by Fire Marshals:

	Children playing with	785 fires Hot ashes igniting wood-	426 fires
cigarettes, and smoking pipes	Careless use of matches	1,314 fires work	80 fires
Careless use of candles and	Overheated stoves, boilers,	Bonfires, brush fires, and rubbish fires	168 fires

# DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL AND STATE COMMITTEES.

DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL COMMITTEE.\*

(Appointed by or subsequent to the Democratic National Convention at St. Louis, Mo., June, 1916.)

Chairman Vance C. McCormick . Harrishurg, Pa.	Nevada Jas. L. McCarthy Goldfield.
Vice-Chairman. Homer S. Cummings. Stamford, Ct.	N. Hampshire, R. C. MurchleConcord.
TreasurerWilbur W. MarshWaterloo, Ia.	New Jersey Robert S. Hudspeth. Jersey City.
SecretaryCarter GlassLynchburg, Va.	New MexicoA. A. JonesLas Vegas.
Chair, Fin. Com. Henry Morgenthau. New York, N.Y.	New YorkNorman E. MackBuffalo.
AlabamaEd. D. SmithBirmingham.	North Carolina.A. W. McLeanLumberton.
ArizonaFred T. ColterColter.	North DakotaH. H. Perry Ellendale.
ArkansasWallace DavisLittle Rock.	Ohlo E. H. Moore Youngstown.
California Isidore B. Dockweiler Los Angeles,	OklahomaThomas WadeMarlow.
ColoradoJohn T. BarnettDenver.	OregonH. M. EsterlyPortland.
ConnecticutHomer S. Cummings Stamford.	Pennsylvania. A. Mitchell Palmer. Stroudsburg.
DelawareWillard SaulsburyWilmington.	Rhode Island . Patrick H. Quinn Providence.
FloridaJ. T. G. CrawfordJacksonville.	South Carolina. B. R. Tillman Trenton.
GeorgiaClark HowellAtlanta.	South Dakota. James Mee Centerville,
IdahoR. H. EiderCoeur d'Alene.	TennesseeCordell HullCarthage.
IllinoisC. BoeschensteinEdwardsville.	Texas
Indiana E. G. Hoffman Fort Wayne.	UtahJas. H. MoyleSait Lake City.
IowaW. W. Marsh Waterloo.	VermontJas, E. KennedyWilliston.
KansasW. F. SappGalena.	Virginia Carter Glass Lynchburg.
KentuckyWm. B. HaldemanLouisville.	Washington Hugh C. Wallace Tacoma.
LouisianaRobert EwingNew Orleans.	West Virginia., Clarence W. Watson, Fairmont,
Maine Chas. F. Johnson Waterville.	WisconsinJos. MartinGreen Bay.
Maryland J. Fred. C. Talbott Lutherville.	WyomingJohn E. OsborneRawlins.
Massachusetts . John W. Coughlin Fall River.	Alaska
MichiganWm. F. ConnollyDetroit.	Dist, Columbia. John F. Costello Wash'ton. D. C.
MinnesotaFrederick B. LynchSt. Paul.	HawaiiJohn H. WilsonHonoluju.
MississipplJ. M. McBeathMeridian.	PhilippinesR. E. Maniey Naga, Ambos.
Missouri E. F. Goltra St. Louis.	Camarines.
MontanaJ. Bruce KremerButte.	Porto Rico Andres B. Crosas San Juan
NebraskaA. F. MullenOmaha.	

#### DEMOCRATIC STATE COMMITTEES.\*

STATES.	Chairmen.	Post-Offices.	Secretaries.	Post-Offices.
41-1	Bibb Groves	Montgomery	Geo. Estes	Dismin aham
Alabama	Con I Stememon	Thornis.		
Arizona	Geo. J. Stoneman	Phoenix	T. T. Powers	Phoemx.
Arkansas		Little Rock	C. C. Calvert	
California	Fred H. Hall	Bakersneid	R. P. Troy.	San Francisco.
Colorado	Raymond Miller	Denver	Jesse R. Moler	Denver.
Connecticut	David E. FitzGerald		P. B. O'Sullivan	
Delaware	Harry T. Graham	Wilmington	James Lord	Dover.
Florida	George P. Raney	Tampa	J. C. Sale	Bronson.
Georgia	E. J. Reagan	McDonough	St. Elmo Massengale	Atlanta.
Idaho	W. R. Hamilton	Weiser	James H. Hawley, Jr	Bolsé,
Illinois	Arthur W. Charles	Carmi	Isaac B. Cralg	Mattoon
Indiana	Bernard Korbly	Indianapolis	A. Charles Sallee	Indianapolis.
Iowa	Dr. J. W. Reynolds	Creston	W. I. Branagan	Emmetsburg
Kansas	Herbert Lardner	Topeka	E. M. Eby	Topeka.
Kentucky		Harrodsburg	Chas, E. Wrlght	Louisville.
Louisiana	L. E. Thomas	Shreveport	A W Newlin	New Orleans
Maine	Thomas V. Doherty	Houlton	James B. Perkins.	Boothhay Harbor
Maryland	Murray Vandiver	Havre de Grace	Albert J. Almoney	Rock ville
Massachusetts	Michael A. O'Leary	Boston	Leo M Harlow	Roston
Mlchigan	Albort F Stavenson	Port Huron	A. R. Canfield	Dotrolt
Minnesota	Fred E. Wheatou	Minnoapolia	Erod Cohilplin	St Cloud
Mississippi	S. W. Mullins	Wolly Corings	Locarb E Narwood	Mamaila
Mississippi	D. C. McClung	Lefferson City	Cooper II Middleleams	Magnona.
Mlssouri	D. C. McClung	Jenerson City	George H. Middlekamp.	Hawk Point.
Montana	Hugh R. Wells	Miles City	Guy E. La Follette	Helena.
Nebraska	Louis F. Langhorst	Lincoln	A. P. Sprague	YORK.
	S. M Plckett	Reno	William McKnight	Carson City.
New Hampshire	George E. Farrand	Concord	Robert C. Murchie	Concord
New Jersey	Edward E. Grosscup	Wenonah	William L. Dill	Paterson.
New Mexico	H. Paxton	Santa Fe	Thomas J. Guilford G. R. Van Namee	Albuquerque.
New York	Edwin S. Harris	Saratoga	G. R. Van Namee	Watertown.
North Carolina	Thomas D. Warren	New Bern	J. R. Collie	Louisburg.
North Dakota	F. W. McLean	Fargo	H. L. Halvorson	Minot.
Ohlo	William W. Durbin	Kenton	Clarence N. Greer	Dayton.
Oklahoma	Alger Melton	Chickasha	Ray O. Weems	Sallisaw.
Olegon	Samuel White	Portland	Lester W. Humphreys	Portland.
Pennsylvania	Jos. F. Guffy (Act. Ch'n)	Pittsburgh	Warren Van Dyke	Harrisburg.
Rhode Island	Francis E. Sullivan	Providence	J. J. Cunningham	Providence.
South Carolina	John Gary Evans	Spartanhurg	W. C. McGowan	Columbia
South Dakota	Dr. H. J. Rock	Aherdeen	Miss I. A Pardou	Aberdeen 1
Tennessee	L D Hill	Sparte	J. D. Jacobs	Murfreesboro
Toyog	Paul Waples	Fort Worth	Chas I Kirk	Hougton.
TTech	Mathonihah Thomas	Solt Take City	Dichard D Thurman	Colt Take Clty
Vormont	Park H. Poliard	Prootorsville	Coo P Steelspole	Winoglet
Vermonto	D A Tomos	Danvilla	I M Pronomon	Dlobmond
virginia	R. A. James John B. Fogarty	Conttle	Cooper Haman	Caratta au.
wasnington	John B. rogarty	Beattle	George Harroun	Seattle.
west virginia	C. L. Shaver Otto A. La Budde	Fairmont	7 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	ALCONOMIC SALES
wisconsin	Otto A. La Budde	Elkhardt Lake	J. S. Gindice	Schielsingerville.
Wyoming	S. G. Hopkins	Cheyenne	[Willing O'Leary	Cheyenne.

<sup>\*</sup> Political Committees subject to changes.

# REPUBLICAN NATIONAL AND STATE COMMITTEES. REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE\*

(Appointed by or subsequent to the Republican National Convention at Chicago, June, 1916.)

Chairman. William R. Willcox. New York, N.Y.
Scoretary. James B. Reynolds. Wash'ton, D.C.
Treasurer. Cornelius N. Bliss, Jr. New York, N.Y.
Alabama. Oliver D. Street. Birmingham.
Arizona. Allen B. Jaynes. Tueson.
Arkansas. H. L. Remmel. Little Rock.
California. William H. Crocker. San Francisco.
Colorado. Hubert Work. Pueblo.
Colorado. Hubert Work. Pueblo.
Connecticut. John T. King. Bridgeport.
Delaware. Coleman du Pont. Wilmington.
Florida. Henry S. Chubb. Princeton.
Florida. Henry S. Jackson. Atlanta.
Georgia. Henry S. Jackson. Atlanta.
Idaho. John W. Hart. Menan.
Illinois. Wm. Hale Thompson, Chicago.
Indiana. James A. Hemenway. Booneville.
Iowa. John T. Adams. Dubque.
Kansas. Fred. Stanley. Wichita.
Kentucky. A. T. Hert. Louisville.
Louisiana. Armand Romain. New Orleans, Maine. Frederick Hale. Portland.
Washington. S. A. Perkins. Tacoma.

Illinols Wm. Hale Thompson. Chicago.
Indiana James A. Hemenway Booneville,
Iowa. John T. Adams. Dubuque.
Kansas Fred. Stanley. Wichita.
Kentucky. A. T. Hert. Louisville.
Louisiana. Armand Romain. New Orleans.
Maine. Frederick Hale. Portland.
Maryland. William P. Jackson. Sallsbury.
Massachusetts W. Murray Crane. Dalton.
Michigan. Charles B. Warren. Detroit.
Missouri. Jacob L. Babler. St. Louis.
Missouri. Jacob L. Babler. St. Louis.
Montana. Thomas A. Marlow Helena.
Mortaska. R. B. Howell. Omaha.

REPUBLICAN STATE COMMITTEES.\*

Ajabama Pope M. Long Cordova Chas. B. Kennamer Guntersville. Arkansas. Thos. Maddock Phoenix. Andrew Baumert, Jr. Phoenix. California Chester Rowell. Fresno. Sylvester J. McAiee. San Francisco. Colorado. Philip B. Stewart. Colorado Springs. John F. Vivian. Gault. Connecticut J. Henry Roraback. Canaan. Andrew Gammert. Jr. William. Georgia. W. H. Johnson. Dover. J. R. Brown. Wilmington. Plorida. Henry S. Chubb. Princeton. Joseph F. Lee. Jacksonville. Georgia. W. H. Johnson. Columbus. S. C. Johnson. Savannah. Idaho. George A. Day. Boisé. Illinois. Fred. E. Sterling. Rockford. Edward E. Miller. East St. Louis. Indiana. Will H. Hays. Des Molnes. L. J. Dickinson. Savannah. Indiana. Will H. Hays. Sullivan. L. W. Henley. Indianapoliss. Iowa. Chas. A. Rawson. Des Molnes. L. J. Dickinson. Algona. Algona. Rentucky. E. S. Henet. Own Orleans. A. C. Carpeter. New Orleans. Rentucky. E. S. Henet. Own Orleans. A. C. Carpeter. New Orleans. A. A. W. W. Woodstock. Salisbury. Massachusetts. Edward A. Thurston. Fall River. Benjamin F. Felt. Boston. Michigan. G. M. Dane. Northport. D. E. Alward. Minneapolis. Mississippi. W. O. Ligon. Gloster. G. G. C. Crandberry. Raymond. Mississippi. W. O. Ligon. Gloster. G. G. C. Crandberry. Raymond. Sissippi. W. O. Ligon. Gloster. G. G. C. Crandberry. Maymond. Sedalia. Morthparka. E. D. Beach. Lincoln. H. C. Beebe. Oscoola. New Helena. F. A. Hazelbaker. Helena. New York Carson City. Membrase. Santa Fé. Joseph. Chass. Minneapolis. Raymond. Sedalia. Membrase. J. Helena. Carson City. Membrase. J. Santa Fé. Joseph. Chass. Minneapolis. Raymond. Sedalia. Membrase. J. Lincoln. H. C. Beebe. Oscoola. New Hampshire. Philip H. Faulkner. Keene. Annie E. Bolsvert. Manchester. Wew York. Frederick C. Tanner. New York City. Lafayette B. Gleason. New York City. Raymond. Greensboro. Greensboro. Greensboro. Greensboro. Greensboro. Greensboro. Greensboro. Greensboro. Greensboro. Greensboro. Greensboro. Greensboro. Greensboro. Greensboro. Greensboro. Greensboro. Greensboro. Greensboro. Greensboro. Greensboro. Greensbo		REPUBLIC	AN STATE CON	IIVIII I EEES.	
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Delaware         A. R. Benson         Dover.         J. R. Brown         Willmington.           Florida         Henry S. Chubb         Princeton         Joseph E. Lee         Jacksonville.           Georgia         W. H. Johnson         Columbus         S. C. Johnson         Savannah.           Idaho         George A. Day         Boisé         L. W. Henley         Indiana           Illinois         Fred. E. Sterling         Rockford         Edward E. Miller         Last St. Louis.           Indiana         Will H. Hays         Sulliwan         L. W. Henley         Indianapolis.           Iowa         Chas. A. Rawson         Des Molnes         L. J. Dickinson         Algona.           Kentucky         E. T. Franks         Owensboro         Alvis S. Bennett         Louisville.           Kentucky         E. T. Franks         Owensboro         Alvis S. Bennett         Louisville.           Malne         Frank J. Ham         Augusta         Frederick R. Dyer         Bucksfield.           Maryland         Gelen L. Talt         Baltimore         A. W. W. Woodtock         Salisbury.           Massachusetts         Edward A. Thurston         Fall Rlver         Benjamin F. Felt         Boston           Michigar         G. M. Dame         Northport <td></td> <td>Philip B. Stewart</td> <td>Colorado Springs.</td> <td>John F. Vivian</td> <td></td>		Philip B. Stewart	Colorado Springs.	John F. Vivian	
Fjorida. Henry S. Chubb. Princeton. Joseph F. Lee Jacksonville. Georgia W. H. Johnson Columbus. S. C. Johnson Savannah. Idaho George A. Day Boisé. Hillinois. Fred. E. Sterling Rockford Edward E. Miller East St. Louis, Indiana Will H. Hays. Sullivan. L. W. Henley Indianapolis. Indiana Will H. Hays. Sullivan. L. W. Henley Indianapolis. Indianapolis. L. W. Henley Indianapolis. Indianapolis. L. W. Henley Indianapolis. Indianapolis. L. W. Henley Indianapolis. Indianapolis. L. W. Henley Indianapolis. Indianapolis. L. W. Henley Indianapolis. Louisiana Carles H. Sessions. Topeka W. C. Markham. Baldwin. Kentucky E. T. Franks. Owensboro. Alvis S. Bennett. Louisville. Louisiana. C. S. Herbert. New Orleans. A. C. Carpenter. New Orleans. Malne. Frank J. Ham. Augusta. Frederick R. Dyer. Bucksneld. Maryland. Galen L. Talt. Baltimore. A. W. W. Woodstock. Salisbury. Massachusetts. Edward A. Thurston. Fall Rilver. Benjamin F. Felt. Boston. Michigan. G. M. Dame. Northport. D. E. Alward. Lansing. Minsesotta. Erle L. Thornton. Benson. Joseph Chase. Minneapolis. Mississippi. W. O. Ligon. Gloster. G. C. Grandberry. Raymond. Missouri. T. W. Hukriede. Warrenton. Louis Hoffman. Sedalia. Montana. O. M. Harvey. Helena. F. A. Hazelbaker. Helena. Nebraska. E. D. Beach. Lincoln. H. C. Beebe. Oscocia. Nevada. George L. Sanford. Carson City. Annie E. Bolsvert. Manchester. New Jersey. Newton A. Bugbee. Trenton. Wm. H. Albright. Woodbury. New Mexic. F. H. Gillenwater. Fanta. A. Lincoln. H. C. Beebe. Oscocia. New Marmanier. Frank A. Lincoln. H. C. Beebe. Oscocia. New Morth Dakota. Frank. A. Lincoln. H. C. Beebe. Oscocia. New Morth Dakota. Frank. A. Lincoln. H. C. Beebe. Oscocia. New Morth Dakota. Wm. Lenke. France. Raymond. Columbia. Glein Miller. Franks. J. Lincoln. H. Gleisler. Oklahoma. Arthur H. Gelsler. Oklahoma. Columbia. Glein Miller. Franks. J. Lincoln. Wm. H. Albright. Providence. Columbia. Octobal. Dakota. George. Salt Lake City. Raymond. Geo. N. West. Columbia. South Dakota. C. B. Powers. Sioux Falls. A. R. Fellows. Sloux Falls. Provid				Andrew G. Nystrom	rial tiord.
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Dillinois   Fred E Sterling   Rockford   Edward E Miller   Bast St. Louis   Indiana   Will H Hays   Sullivam   L W Henley   Indianapolis   Indianapolis   Chas. A Rawson   Des Molnes   L J. Dickinson   Algona   Algona   Charles H Sessions   Charles H Sessions   Charles H Sessions   Topeka   W C. Markham   Baldwin   Rentucky   E T. Franks   Owensboro   Alvis S. Bennett   Louisville   Louisville   Louisville   New Orleans   A C. Carpenter   New Orleans   A C. Carpenter   New Orleans   A C. Carpenter   Bucksfeld   Salisbury   Baltimore   A w W. Woodstock   Salisbury   Massachusetts   Edward A. Thurston   Fall River   Benjamin F Felt   Boston   Minnesots   Eric L. Thornton   Benson   Joseph Chase   Minneapolis   Minnesots   Eric L. Thornton   Benson   Joseph Chase   Minneapolis   Mississiph   W O. Ligon   Gloster   G. C. Grandberry   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Raymond   Ray	Georgia		Columbus	S. C. Johnson	Savannah.
Dillinois	Idaho		Boisé	l	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Indiana   Will H. Hays   Sullivan   L. W. Henley   Indianapolis   Iowa   Chas A. Rawson   Des Moines   L. J. Dickinson   Algona   Kansas   Charles H. Sessions   Topeka   W. C. Markham   Baldwin   Kansas   C. Charles H. Sessions   Topeka   W. C. Markham   Baldwin   Kansas   C. S. Herbert   New Orleans   A. C. Carpenter   New Orleans   Malne   Frank J. Ham   Augusta   Frederick R. Dyer   Bucksfield   Maryland   Galen L. Tait   Baltimore   A. W. W. Woodstock   Maryland   Galen L. Tait   Baltimore   A. W. W. Woodstock   Maryland   Galen L. Tait   Baltimore   A. W. W. Woodstock   Maryland   Galen L. Tait   Baltimore   A. W. W. Woodstock   Maryland   Galen L. Tait   Baltimore   A. W. W. Woodstock   Maryland   Galen L. Tait   Baltimore   A. W. W. Woodstock   Maryland   Galen L. Tait   Baltimore   A. W. W. Woodstock   Maryland   Galen L. Tait   Baltimore   A. W. W. Woodstock   Maryland   Galen L. Tait   Baltimore   A. W. W. Woodstock   Maryland   Galen L. Tait   Baltimore   A. W. W. Woodstock   Maryland   Galen L. Tait   Baltimore   A. W. W. Woodstock   Maryland   Galen L. Tait   Baltimore   A. W. W. W. Woodstock   Maryland   Galen L. Tait   Baltimore   A. W. W. W. Woodstock   Maryland   Galen L. Tait   Baltimore   A. W. W. W. Woodstock   Maryland   Galen L. Tait   Baltimore   A. W. W. W. Woodstock   Maryland   Galen L. Tait   Baltimore   A. W. W. W. W. W. W. C. Mannelland   Montana   Galen L. Tait   Baltimore   A. W. W. W. W. W. W. Mannelland   Minnesota   Eric L. Thornton   Benson   Joseph Chase   Minnesota   Minnesota   Eric L. Thornton   Benson   Joseph Chase   Minnesota   Montana   Galen L. Tait   Galen Miller   Galen Miller   Montana   Galen L. Tait   Galen   Galen   Montana   Galen L. Tait   Galen   Galen   Montana   Galen L. Tait   Galen   Galen   Galen   Maryland   Galen L. Tait   Galen   Galen   Galen   Montana   Galen L. Tait   Galen   Galen   Galen   Montana   Galen L. Tait   Galen   Galen   Galen   Galen   Montana   Galen L. Tait   Galen   Galen   Galen   Galen   Galen   Galen   Galen   Galen   Galen   G	Tilipois	Fred. E. Sterling	Rockford	Edward E. Miller	East St. Louis.
Chas. A. Rawson   Des Moines   L. J. Dickinson   Algona   Ransas   Charles H. Sessions   Topeka   W. C. Markham   Baldwin   Kentucky   E. T. Franks   Owensboro   Alvis S. Bennett   Louisville   Louislana   C. S. Herbert   New Orleans   A. C. Carpenter   New Orleans   Maine   Frank J. Ham   Augusta   Frederick R. Dyer   Bucksfeld   Baldwin   Baltwine   Baltwine   Augusta   Frederick R. Dyer   Bucksfeld   Baltwine   Baltwine   Baltwine   Baltwine   A. W. W. Woodstock   Salisbury   Massachusetts   Edward A. Thurston   Fall River   Benjamin F. Felt   Boston   Michigar   G. M. Dame   Northport   D. E. Alward   Lansing   Minnesota   Eric L. Thornton   Benson   Joseph Chase   Minneapolia   Mississiphi   W. O. Ligon   Gloster   G. C. Grandberry   Raymond   Rissouri   T. W. Hukriede   Warrenton   Louis Hoffman   Sedalia   Montana   O. M. Harvey   Helena   F. A. Hazelbaker   Helena   Nebraska   E. D. Beach   Lincoln   H. C. Beebe   Oscola   New Hampshire   Philip H. Faulkner   Keene   Annie E. Bolsvert   Manchester   New Jersey   Newton A. Bugbee   Trenton   Wm. H. Albright   Woodbury   New Mexico   W. H. Gillenwater   Santa Fé   José D. Sena   Santa Fé   New York   City   Raymond   Greensboro   Greensboro   Greensboro   Greensboro   Greensboro   Greensboro   Greensboro   Greensboro   Greensboro   Greensboro   Chas L. McNary   Salem   Edward D. Baldwin   The Dalles   Pennsylvania   William E. Crow   Uniontown   W. Harry Baker   Harrisburg   Rhode Island   Joseph P. Burlingame   Providence   Nathan M. Wright   Providence   Pranks   Green   Pranks   Green   Glillam Gregon   Greensboro   Greensboro   Greensboro   Greensboro   Greensboro   Green   Green   Green   Green   Green   Green   Green   Green   Green   Green   Green   Green   Green   Green   Green   Green   Green   Green   Green   Green   Green   Green   Green   Green   Green   Green   Green   Green   Green   Green   Green   Green   Green   Green   Green   Green   Green   Green   Green   Green   Green   Green   Green   Green   Green   Green   Green   Green   Green			Sullivan	L. W. Henley	Indianapolis.
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Kentucky         E. T. Franks.         Owensboro.         Alvis S. Bennett.         Louisville.           Louislana.         C. S. Herbert.         New Orleans.         A. C. Carpeter.         New Orleans.           Malne.         Frank J. Ham.         Augusta.         Frederick R. Dyer.         Bucksfeld.           Maryland.         Galen L. Tatt.         Baitimore.         A. W. W. Woodstock.         Salisbury.           Massachusetts.         Edward A. Thurston.         Fall Rlver.         Benjamin F. Felt.         Boston.           Michigar.         G. M. Dame.         Northport.         D. E. Alward         Lansing.           Minnesots.         Erle L. Thornton.         Benson.         Joseph Chase.         Minneapolis.           Mississipli.         W. O. Ligon.         Gloster.         G. C. Grandberry.         Raymond.           Missouri.         T. W. Hukriede.         Warrenton.         Louis Hoffman.         Sedalia.           Nevadaa.         Goorge L. Sanford.         Lincoln.         H. C. Beebe.         Oscoola.           New Hampshire.         Phillp H. Faulkner.         Keene.         Annie E. Bolsvert.         Manchester.           New Mexico.         W. H. Gillenwater.         Santa Fé.         José D. Sena.         Santa Fé.           New				W. C. Markham	
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Montana. O. M. Harvey. Helena F. A. Hazelbaker Helena. Nebraska E. D. Beach Lincoln H. C. Beebe Oscoola. Nevada George L. Sanford Carson City. New Hampshire Philip H. Faulkner Keene. Annie E. Bolsvert. Manchester. New Jersey. Newton A. Bugbee Trenton. Wm. H. Albright. Woodbury. Santa Fé. New York. Frederick C. Tanner New York City. Das D. Sena. Santa Fé. New York. Frederick C. Tanner New York City. Lafayette B. Gleason. New York City. North Carolina. Frank A. Linney. Boone. Gilliam Grissom. Greensboro. North Dakota. Wm. Lemke. Fargo. Ray McKai? Fort Rice. Ohlo. Edwin Jones. Jackson. City. E. M. Fullington. Columbus. Oklahoma. Arthur H. Gelser. Oklahoma City. E. M. Fullington. Columbus. Oklahoma. Arthur H. Gelser. Oklahoma City. Geo. N. Kneelaad. End. Columbus. Columbus. Columbus. Oklahoma. Joseph P. Burlingame. Providence. Nathan M. Wright. Providence. South Carolina. Jos. W. Tolbert. Greenwood. H. H. Mobley. Columbia. South Dakota. C. B. Powers. Sloux Falls. A. R. Fellows. Sloux Falls. Providence. Prafis. Geo. M. Pridgen. Houston. Phil. E. Bacr. Parls. Geo. M. Pridgen. Houston. Utan. Glein Miller. Salt Lake City. Vermont. Stanley C. Wilson Chelsea. J. R. Seatles. St. Johnsbury. Verginia. C. B. Slemp. Seatle. Charleston. Charleston. Charleston. Charleston. Charleston. Charleston. Charleston. Charleston. Charleston. Charleston. Charleston. Charleston. Charleston. Charleston. Charleston. Charleston. Charleston. Charleston. Charleston. Charleston. Charleston. Charleston. Charleston. Charleston. Charleston. Charleston. Charleston. Charleston. Charleston. Charleston. Charleston. Charleston. Charleston. Charleston. Charleston. Charleston. Charleston. Charleston. Charleston. Charleston. Charleston. Charleston. Charleston. Charleston. Charleston. Charleston. Charleston. Charleston. Charleston. Charleston. Charleston. Charleston. Charleston. Charleston. Charleston. Charleston. Charleston. Charleston. Charleston. Charleston. Charleston. Charleston. Charleston. Charleston. Charleston. Charleston. Charleston. Charleston. C	Mississippi	W. O. Llgon	Gloster	G. C. Grandberry	
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New York City, Morth Carolina, Frederick C. Tanner. New York City, Boone. Gilliam Grissom. Greensboro. North Dakota. Wm, Lemke. Fargo. Ray McKai; Fort Rice. Ohlo. Edwin Jones. Jackson. E. M. Fullington. Columbus, Oklahoma. Arthur H. Gelssler. Oklahoma City. Geo. N. Kneeland. Enid. Oregon. Chas. L. McNary. Salem. Edward D. Baldwin. The Dalles. Pennsylvania. William E. Crow. Uniontown. W. Harry Baker. Harrisburg. Rhode Island. Joseph P. Burlingame. Providence. Nathan M. Wright. Providence. South Carolina. Jos. W. Tolbert. Greenwood. H. H. Mobley. Columbia. South Dakota. C. B. Powers. Sloux Falls. A. R. Fellows. Sloux Falls. Teanessee. J. S. Beasley. Nashville. Columbia. Glein Miller. Salt Lake City. R. T. Thurber. Salt Lake City. Vermont. Stanley C. Wilson. Chelsea. J. R. Searles. St. Johnsbury. Virginia. C. B. Slemp. Sign Stanley C. Gleinsche, Sign Stone Gap. Geo. L. Hart. Roanoke. Washington. Millard T. Hartson. Seattle. James A. Wood. Seattle. Wisconsin. Geo. A. West. Milwaukee. C. W. Fraser. Menomonee Falls. Wyooming. Patrick Sullvan. Caspar. Wm. R. Weeks. Chevenne.		W H Gillenwater	Santa Fé		Santa Fé
North Carollina   Frank A. Linney   Boone   Gilliam Grissom   Greensboro   North Dakota   Wm   Lemke   Fargo   Ray McKai <sup>-</sup> ; Fort Riee   Ohio   Edwin Jones   Jackson   E. M. Fullington   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus   Columbus		Frederick C. Tanner	New York City	Lafavette B Gleason	
North Dakota. Wm. Lemke. Fargo. Ray McKai; Fort Rice. Ohlo. Edwin Jones. Jackson. E. M. Fullington. Columbus. Oklahoma. Arthur H. Gelssler. Oklahoma City. Geo. N. Kneeland. Enid. Oregon. Chas. L. McNary. Salem. Edward D. Baldwin. The Dalles. Pennsylvania. William E. Crow. Uniontown. W. Harry Baker. Harrisburg. Rhode Island. Joseph P. Burlingame. Providence. Nathan M. Wright. Providence. South Carolina. Jos. W. Tolbert. Greenwood. H. H. Mobley. Columbia. South Dakota. C. B. Poweis. Sloux Falls. A. R. Fellows. Sloux Falls. Tennessee. J. S. Beasley. Nashville. Nashville. Texas. Phil. E. Bacr. Parls. Geo. M. Pridgen. Houston. Utah Glein Miller. Salt Lake City. R. T. Thurber. Salt Lake City. Vermont. Stanley. C. Wilson. Chelsea. J. R. Searles. St. Johnsbury. Virginia. C. B. Stemp. Big Stone Gap. Geo. L. Hart. Roanoke. Washington. Millard T. Hartson. Seattle. James A. Wood. Seattle. Wisconsin. Geo. A. West. Milwaukee. C. W. Fraser. Menomonee Falls. Wysomsin. Patrick Sullvan. Caspar. Wm. R. Weeks. Chevenne.		Fronk A Linney	Boone	Cilliam Crisson	Croonshore
Öhlo.         Edwin Jones.         Jackson.         E. M. Fullincton.         Columbus.           Oklahoma.         Arthur H. Gelssler.         Oklahoma City.         Geo. N. Kneeland.         Enid.           Oregon.         Chas. L. McNary.         Salem.         Edward D. Baldwin.         The Dalles.           Pennsylvania.         William E. Crow.         Uniontown.         W. Harry Baker.         Harrisburg.           Rhode Island.         Joseph P. Burlingame.         Providence.         Nathan M. Wright.         Providence.           South Carolina.         Jos. W. Tolbert.         Greenwood.         H. H. Moble.         Columbia.           South Dakota.         C. B. Powers.         Sioux Falls.         A. R. Fellows.         Sloux Falls.           Tennessee.         J. S. Beasley.         Nashville.         Nashville.         Houston.           Texas.         Phil. E. Baer.         Paris.         Geo. M. Pridgen.         Houston.           Utah.         Glein Miller.         Salt Lake City.         Sat Lake City.           Vermont.         Stanley C. Wilson.         Chelsea.         J. R. Searles.         St. Johnsbury.           Vignina.         C. B. Slemp.         Big Stone Gap.         Geo. L. Hart.         Roanoke.           Washington.         M		Wm Yemke	Formo	Day McKair	Fort Piec
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Texas.     Phil E. Bacr.     Parls.     Geo, M. Pridgen.     Houston.       Utah.     Glen Miller.     Salt Lake City.     R. T. Thurber.     Salt Lake City.       Vermont.     Stanley C. Wilson.     Chelsea.     J. R. Searles.     St. Johnsbury.       Virginia.     C. B. Slemp.     Big Stone Gap.     Geo. L. Hart.     Roanoke.       Washington.     Millard T. Hartson.     Seattle.     James A. Wood.     Seattle.       West Virginia.     Joseph H. Gaines.     Charleston.     Chas. Coffman.     Clarksburg.       Wisconsin.     Geo. A. West.     Milwaukee.     C. W. Fraser.     Menomonee Falls.       Wyoming.     Parlick Sullvan.     Caspar.     Wm. R. Weeks.     Cheyenne.	South Dakota				Sloux Falls.
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Utah.     Glen Miller     Salt Lake City     R. T. Thurber     Salt Lake City.       Vermont.     Stanley C. Wilson     Chelsea.     J. R. Searles     St. Johnsbury.       Virginla.     C. B. Slemp.     Big Stone Gap     Geo. L. Hart.     Roanoke.       Washington.     Millard T. Hartson     Seattle.     James A. Wood     Seattle.       West Virginla.     Joseph H. Gaines.     Charleston.     Chas. Coffman.     Clarksburg.       Wisconsin.     Geo. A. West.     Milwaukee     C. W. Fraser.     Menomonee Falls.       Wyoming.     Patrick Sullvan.     Caspar.     Wm. R. Weeks.     Cheyenne.	Texas	Phil. E. Baer	Paris	Geo. M. Pridgen	Houston.
Vermont. Stanley C. Wilson Chelsea. J. R. Searles. St. Johnsbury. Virginia. C. B. Slemp. Big Stone Gap. Geo. L. Hart. Roanoke. Washington. Millard T. Hartson. Seattle. James A. Wood. Seattle. West Virginia. Joseph H. Gaines. Charleston. Chas. Coffman. Clarksburg. Wisconsin. Geo. A. West. Milwaukee. C. W. Fraser. Menomonee Falls. Wyoming. Patrick Sullivan. Caspar. Wm. R. Weeks. Cheyenne.		Glen Miller	Salt Lake City	R. T. Thurber	Salt Lake City.
Virginia       C. B. Slemp.       Big Stone Gap.       Geo. L. Hart.       Roanoke.         Washington.       Millard T. Hartson.       Seattle.       James A. Wood.       Seattle.         West Virginia.       Joseph H. Gaines.       Charleston.       Chas. Coffman.       Clarksburg.         Wisconsin.       Geo. A. West.       Milwaukee.       C. W. Fraser.       Menomonee Falls.         Wyoming.       Patrick Sullvan.       Caspar.       Wm. R. Weeks.       Cheyenne.	Vermont	Stanley C. Wilson		J. R. Searles	St. Johnsbury
Washington.   Millard T. Hartson.   Seattle.   James A. Wood.   Seattle.   West Virgina   Joseph H. Gaines.   Charleston.   Chas. Coffman.   Clarksburg.   Wisconsin.   Geo. A. West.   Milwaukee.   C. W. Fraser.   Menomonee Falls.   Wyoming.   Patrick Sullivan.   Caspar.   Wm. R. Weeks.   Cheyenne.			Big Stone Gap	Geo. L. Hart	
West Virginia. Joseph H. Gaines. Charleston. Chas. Coffman. Clarksburg. Wisconsin. Geo. A. West. Milwaukee. C. W. Fraser. Menomonee Falls. Wyoming. Patrick Sullvan. Caspar. Wm. R. Weeks. Cheyenne.		Millard T. Hartson	Seattle	Inmes A Wood	Seattle
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Wyoming		Coo A Wort	Milwoulco	C W Fragor	Managara Falls
			Cognor	Wm D Wooks	Character Fails.
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\* Political Committees subject to changes.

#### NEW YORK COUNTY LAWYERS' ASSOCIATION.

President—Henry A. Gildersleeve. Vice-Presidents—Charles Strauss, Henry W. Tatt. Secretary—Abram J. Rose. 165 Broadway. Total membership, 3,200.

#### THE PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION OF 1920.

The next Presidential election will take place on Tuesday, November 2, 1920.

The President and Vice-President of the United States are chosen by officials termed "Electors" in each State, who are, under existing State laws, chosen by the qualified voters thereof by ballot, on the first Tuesday after the first Monday of November in every fourth year preceding the year in which the Presidential term expires.

the Presidential term expires.

The Constitution of the United States prescribes that each State shall "appoint," in such manner as the Legislature thereof may direct, a number of electors equal to the whole number of Senators and Representatives to which the State may be entitled in Congress; but no Senator or Representative or person holding an othere of the torpic produce the United States shall be an elector. The Constitution requires that the day when electors are chosen shall be the same throughout the United States. At the beginning of our Government most of the electors were chosen by the Legislatures of their respective States, the people having no direct participation in their choice: and one State South Carolina, continued that practice down to the breaking out of the Civil War. But in all the States now the electors are, under the direction of State laws, chosen by the people on a general State tokest.

The manner in which the chosen electors meet and ballot for a President and Vice-President of the United States is provided for in Article XII. of the Constitution, and is as follows:

The electors shall meet in their respective States, and yet by ballot for President and Vice-President, one of whom, at

The electors shall meet in their respective States, and vote by ballot for President and Vice-President, one of whom, at least, shall not be an inhabitant of the same State with themselves; they shall name in their ballots the person voted for as President, and in distinct ballots the person voted for as Vice-President; and they shall make distinct lists of all persons voted for as Vice-President, and of the number of votes for each, which lists they shall sign and certify, and transmit, sealed, to the seat of government of the United States, direct to the President of the Senate.

The same article then prescribes the mode in which the Cougress shall count the ballots of the electors, and announce the result thereof, which is as follows:

electors, and amnounce the result thereof, which is as follows:

The President of the Senate shall, in the presence of the Senate and House of Representatives, open all the certificates, and the votes shall then be counted; the person having the greatest number of votes for President shall be President, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed; and if no person have such majority, then from the persons having the highest numbers, not exceeding three, on the list of those voted for as President, the House of Representatives shall choose immediately, by ballot, the President. But in choosing the President the votes shall be taken by States, the representation from each State having one vote; a quorum for this purpose shall consist of a member or members from two-thirds of the States, and a majority of all the States shall be necessary to a choice. And if the House of Representatives shall not choose a President, whenever the right of choice shall devolve upon them, before the fourth day of March next following, then the Vice-President shall act as President, as in the case of the death or other constitutional disability of the President. The whole number of electors appointed; and if no person have a majority, then from the two highest numbers on the list the senate shall choose the Vice-President; a quorum for the purpose shall consist of two-thirds of the whole number of Senators, and a majority of the whole number shall be necessary to a choice.

The procedure of the two bousses in case the returns of the adection of electors from any State are

The procedure of the two houses, in case the returns of the election of electors from any State are disputed, is provided in the "Electoral Count" act, passed by the Forty-ninth Congress. The act directs that the Presidential electors shall meet and give their votes on the second Monday in January next following their election. It fixes the time when Congress shall be in session to count the ballots as the second Wednesday in February succeeding the meeting of the electors.

The Constitution also defines who is eligible for President of the United States, as follows:

No person except a natural-boro citizen or a citizen of the United States at the time of the adoption of this Constitution shall be ligible to the office who shall not have attained to the age of thirty-five years.

The qualifications for Vice-President are the same.

#### SALARY OF THE PRESIDENT.

The salary of the President of the United States was the cause of discussion in the First Congress, The salary of the President of the United States was the cause of discussion in the First Congress, In view of the fact that the Constitution declared that the President should receive compensation for his services. Washington had notified his fellow citizens that he desired no salary. The limits suggested in Congress ranged from \$15,000 to \$70,000. The salary was inally placed at \$25,000 and this remained the compensation until President Grant's second term (March 3, 1873), when it was lucreased to \$50,000. Chapter 2918 of the Laws of the Second Session of the Fifty-ninth Congress, approved March 4, 1907, appropriated "for travelling expenses of the President of the United States, to be expended at his discretion and accounted for by his certificate solely, \$50,000." In the Second Session of the Sixtleth Congress the matter of increasing the President's salary was again considered, and it was decided that the President's salary be fixed at \$75,000 a year.

### REFERENCE NOTES TO THE TWO FOLLOWING PAGES.

\*The candidates starred were elected. (a) The first Republican Party Is claimed by the present Democratic Party as its progenitor. (b) No candidate having a majority of the electoral vote, the House of Representatives elected Adams. (d) There being no choice, the Senate elected Johnson. (e) Eleven Southern States, being within the belligement territory, did not vote. (f) Three Southern States disfranchised. (g) Horace Greeley did a flate the election, and Democratic elector recattered their votes. (h) There being a dispute over the electoral vote of Florida, Louisiana, Oregon, and South Carolina, it: were referred by Congress to an electoral commission composed of elght Hepublicans and seven Democratis, which, by a strict party vote, awarded 185 electoral votes to Hayes and 184 to Tiden. (l) Free Democrat (j) Free Silver Prohibition Party. (k) In Massachinetts. There was also a Native American tieckst in that State, which received 184 votes. (m) Middle of the Road or Anti-Fosion People's Party. (a) United Christian Party. (b) Union Reform Party.

## PRESIDENTIAL ELECTIONS.

Note.—There is, properly speaking, no popular vote for President and Vice-President; the people vote for electors, and those chosen in each State meet therein and vote for the candidates for President and Vice-President. The record of any popular vote for electors prior to 1828 is so meagre and imperfect that a compilation would be useless. In most of the States, for more than a quarter century following the establishment of the Government, the State Legislatures "appointed" the Presidential electors, and the people therefore voted only indirectly for them, their choice being expressed by their votes for members of the Legislature. In this tabulation only the aggregate electoral votes for candidates for President and Vice-President in the first fourteen quadrennial elections appear.

#### ELECTORAL VOTES.

1789. Previous to 1804, each elector voted for two candidates for President. The one who received the largest number of votes was declared President. and the one who received the next largest number of votes was declared Vice-President. The electoral votes for the first President of the United States were: George Washington. 69; John Adams. of Massachusetts, 34; John Jay, of New York, 9; R. H. Harrison, of Maryland, 6; John Butledge, of South Carolina, 6; John Hancock, of Mascachusetts, 4; George Cilnon. of New York, 3; Samuel Huntingdon, of Connecticut, 2; John Milton, of Georgia, 2; James Armstrong, of Georgia; Benlamin Lincoln, of Massachusetts, and Edward Telfair, of Georgia, 1 vote each. Vacancies (votes not cast), 4. George Washington was chosen President and John Adams Vice-President.

1792. George Washington was enosen President and John Adams Vice-President.

1792. George Washington, Federalist, received 132 votes; John Adams, Federalist, 77; George Clinton, of New York, Republican (4), 50; Thomas Jefferson, of Virginia, Republican, 4; Aaron Burr, of New York, Republican, 1 vote. Vacancies, 3. George Washington was chosen President and John Adams Vice-President.

1796. John Adams, Federalist, 71; Thomas Jefferson, Republican, 68; Thomas Pinckney, of South Carolina, Federalist, 59; Aaron Burr, of New York, Republican, 30; Samuel Adams, of Massachusetts, Republican, 15; Oliver Ellsworth, of Connectleut, Independent, 11; George Clinton, of New York, Republican, 7: John Jay, of New York, Federalist, 5; James Iredell, of North Carolina, Federalist, 3; George Washington, of Virginla; John Henry, of Maryland, and S. Johnson, of North Carolina, all Federalists, 2 votes each; Charles Cotesworth Pinckney, of South Carolina, Federalist, 1 vote. John Adams was chosen President and Thomas Jefferson Vice-President.

President and Thomas Jetterson Vice-President.

1800. Thomas Jetferson, Republican, 73; Aaron Burr, Republican, 73; John Adams, Federalist, 65; Charles C. Pinckney, Federalist, 64; John Jay, Federalist, 1 vote. There being a tie vote for Jetferson and Burr, the choice devolved upon the House of Representatives. Jetferson received the votes of ten States, which, being the largest vote cast for a candidate, elected him President. Burr received the votes of four States, which, being the next largest vote, elected him Vice-President. There were 2 blank votes.

1804. The Constitution of the United States having been amended, the electors at this election voted for a President and a Vice-President, instead of for two candidates for President. The result was as follows: For President, Thomas Jetferson, Republican, 162; Charles C. Pinckney, Federalist, 14. For Vice-President, Creps Clinton, Republican, 162; Rufus King, of New York, Federalist, 14. Jetferson was chosen President and Clinton Vice-President.

1888. For President, James Madison, of Virginia, Republican, 122; Charles C. Pinckney, of South Carolina, Federalist, 47; George Clinton, of New York, Republican, 6. For Vice-President, George Clinton, Republican, 113; Rufus King, of New York, Federalist, 47; John Langdon, of New Hampshire, 9; James Madison, 3; James Monroe, 3. Vacancy, 1. Madison was chosen President and Clinton Vice-President.

1812. For President, James Madison, Republican, 128: De Witt Clinton, of New York, Federallst, For Vice-President, Elbridge Gerry, of Massachusetts, 131: Jared Ingersoll, of Pennsylvania, Federalist, Vacancy, 1. Madison was chosen President and Gerry Vice-President.

1816. For President, James Monroe, of Virginia, Republican, 183; Rufus King, of New York, Federalist, 34. For Vice-President, Daniel D. Tompkins, of New York, Republican, 183; John Eager Howard, of Maryland, Federalist, 22; James Ross, of Pennsylvania, 5; John Marshall, of Virginia, 4; Robert G. Harper, of Maryland, 3. Vacancies, 4. Monroe was chosen President and Tompkins Vice-President.

1820. For President, James Monroe, of Virginia, Republican, 231; John Q. Adams, of Massachusetts, Republican, 1: For Vice-President, Daniel D. Tompkins, Republican, 218; Richard Stockton, of New Jersey, 8; Daniel Rodney, of Delaware, 4; Robert G. Harpper, of Maryland, and Richard Rush, of Pennsylvania, 1 vote each. Vacancies, 3. James Monroe was chosen President and Daniel D. Tompkins Vice-President.

1824. For President, Andrew Jackson, of Tennessee, Republican, 99; John Quincy Adams, of Massachusetts, Republican (b). 84; Henry Clay, of Kentucky, Republican, 37; William H. Crawford, of Georgia, Republican, 181; For Vice-President, John C. Calhoun, of South Carolina, Republican, 182; Nathan Sandrad, of New York, Republican, 30; Nathaniel Macon, of North Carolina, Republican, 182; Nathan Sandrad, of Tennessee, Republican, 13; Martin Van Buren, of New York, Republican, 2; Calhoun was chosen Vice-President.

1828. For President, Andrew Jackson, of Tennessee, Democrat, 178; John Quincy Adams, of Massachusetts, National Republican, 83. For Vice-President, John C. Calhoun, of South Carolina, Democrat, 171; Richard Rush, of Pennsylvania, National Republican, 83; William Smith, of South Carolina, Democrat, 73.

171; Richard Rush, of Pennsylvania, National Republican, 83; William Smith, of South Carolina, Democrat, 171; Richard Rush, of Pennsylvania, National Republican, 83; William Smith, of South Carolina, Democrat, 182. For President, Andrew Jackson, of Tennessee, Democrat, 219; Henry Clay, of Kentucky, National Republican, 49; John Floyd, of Georgia, Independent, 11; William Wirt, of Maryland, Anti-Mason, 7. For Vice-President, Martin Van Buren, of New York, Democrat, 189; John Sergeant, of Pennsylvania, National Republican, 49; Henry Lee, of Massachusetts, Independent, 11; Amos Ellmaker, of Pennsylvania, Anti-Mason, 7; William Wikins, of Tennsylvania, Democrat, 10; William Henry Harrison, of Ohio, Whig, 73; Hugh, Anti-Mason, 7; William Buren, of New York, Democrat, 147; Francis Canger, of New York, Whig, 26; Daniel Webster, of Massachusetts, Whig, 14; William P. Mangum, of North Carolina, Whig, 11; For Vice-President, Richard M. Johnson(d). of Kentucky, Democrat, 147; Francis Canger, of New York, Whig, 77; John Tyler, of Virginia, Whig, 47; William Smith, of Alabama, Democrat, William Henry Harrison, of Ohio, Whig, 234; Richard M. Johnson, of Kentucky, Democrat, 48; Littleton W. Tazewell, of Virginia, Democrat, 11; James K. Polk, of Tennessee, Democrat, 1848. For President, James K. Polk, of Tennessee, Democrat, 170; T. Frelinghuysen, of New Jersey, Whig, 105.
For Vice-President, George M. Dallas, of Pennsylvania, Democrat, 170; T. Frelinghuysen, of New Jersey, Whig, 105.
For President, Janes K. Polk, of Tennessee, Democrat, 170; T. Frelinghuysen, of New Jersey, Whig, 105.
For President, Janes K. Polk, of Tennessee, Democrat, 170; T. Frelinghuysen, of New Jersey, Whig, 105.
For President, Millard Fillimore, of New Hampsbire, Democrat, 254; William A. Graham, of North Carolina, Whig, 42.
For President, Franklin Pierce, of New Hampsbire, Democrat, 254; William A. Graham, of North Carolina, Whig, 42.

### ELECTORAL AND POPULAR VOTES.

YEAR OF ELECTION.	Candidates for President,	States.	Political Party.	Popular Vote.	Piu-	Elec- toral Vote.	Candidates for Vice-President.	States.	Polit- ical Party,	toral
1856	James Buchanan* John C. Fremont Millard Fillmore	Cal	Rep	1,341,264		114	J. C. Breckinridge* William L. Dayton A. J. Donelson	N. J	Rep	114

		1,00								
YEAR OF ELECTION.	Candidates for President.	States.	Polit- ical Party.	Popular Vote.	Plu- rality.	Elec- toral Vote.	Vice-Fresident.	States.	Political ical Party.	Elec- toral Vote.
1860	Abraham Lincoln* Stephen A. Douglas J. C. Breckinridge John Bell	lll Ill Ky Tenn	Rep Dem Dem Union.	1,866,352 1,375,157 845,763 589,581	491,195	12 72	Hannibal Hamlin* H. V. Johnson Joseph Lane Edward Everett	Me Ga Ore Mass	Rep Dem Dem Union.	180- 12 72 39
1864	Abraham Lincoln* George B. McClellan	111 N. J	Rep Dem	2,216,067 1,808,725	407,342	e 212 21		Tenn O	Rep Dem	212 21
1868	Ulyases S. Grant* Horatio Seymour	III N. Y	Rep Dem	3,015,071 2,709,615	305,456	f214 80	C-11 C-16#	Ind Mo	Rep Dem	214 80
1872	Ulysses S. Grant*	III N. Y N. Y	Rep D.& L.	3,597,070 2,834,079	762,991	286 g	F. P. Blair, Jr.  Heary Wilson* B. Gratz Brown	Mass Mo	Rep D.& L.	286 47
	Charles O'Conor James Black	Pa	Dem Temp. Dem	29,408 5,608		**	John Q. Adams John Russell George W. Julian A. H. Calquitt	Mass Mich Ind	Dem Temp . Lib	5
	B. Gratz Brown Charles J. Jenkins	Ind Mo` Ga	Dem Dem		••••	18	A. H. Calquitt John M. Palmer	Ga	Dem	5 3
	David Davis	iii	Ind	••••		1	John M. Palmer T. E. Bramlette W. S. Groesbeck Willis B. Machen	Ку О Ку	Deni Deni Dem	3 3 1
1080	Samuel I Tilden	N Y	Dem	4,284,885	250,935	1 7	N. P. Banka	Mass	Lib Dein	1 184
1876	Samnel J. Tilden Rutherford B. Hayes* Peter Cooper	O N. Y	Rep	4,033,950 81,740	200,500	h 185	T. A. Hendricks William A. Whealar* Samuel F. Cary Gideon T. Stewart	N. Y	Rep Gre'nb	186
	James B. Walker	Ky	Proh	9,522 2,636	::::		D. Kirkpatrick	N. Y	Proh	_::_
1880	Jaines A. Gartield* W. S. Hancock	O Pa	Rep Dem	4,449,053 4,442,035	7,018	214 155	Chester A. Arthur* William H. English	N. Y	Rep Dem Gre'nb	214 165
	Neal Dow	Me	Gre'nb Proh Amer	307,306 10,305 707		::	B. J. Chambers H. A. Thompson S. C. Pameroy	Tex O Kan	Proh	::
1884	Grover Cleveland*	Vt N. Y Me	Dem Rep	4,911,017 4,848,334	62,683	219 182		Ind	Deni Rep	219 182
	James G. Blaine John P. St. John Benjamin F. Butler	Kaa	Proh Gre'nb	151,809			John A. Logan	Md Miss	Proh Gre'nb	::
1888	P. D. Wigginton	Cal	Amer	5 538 933	98,017	1		ō	Dem	168
1000	Grover Cleveland Benjamin Harrison* Clinton B. Fisk	lad N. J	Rep Proh	5,440,216 249,907	••••	233		N. Y	Rep Proh	233
	Alaon J. Streeter R. H. Cowdry James L. Curtis	1111	U. L U'd L. Amer	148,105 2,808 1,591		1	W. H. T. Wakefield	Kau	U'd L Amer	::
1892	Grover Clausland*	NV	Dem Rep	5,556,918 5,176,108	380,810	277 145	Adlai E. Stevenson* Whitelaw Reid. James G. Field James B. Cranfill Chalcal M. Matchett	III	Dein . Rep	277 145
	Benjamin Harrison James B. Wenver John Bidwell	ICal	Peop	1,041,028 264,133		22	James G. Field James B. Cranfill	Va Tex	Peop Proh	22
1896	Simon Wing	Mass	Soc. I. Rep	21,164 7,104,779	601,854	271	Garret A. Hobart*	N. J.	Rep.	271
2000	William J. Bryan William J. Bryan	Neb	Peop S	6,502,925 132,007	{::	176	Arthur Sewall Thomas E. Watson Hale Johnson	Ga	Peop Proh	27
	John M. Palmer	111 N. Y	N. Dem Soc. L.	133,148 36,274		::			N. Dem Soc. L.	::
1900				13,969	849,790		Matthew Magnire	N. Y.,	Nat. (j) Rep	292
1900	William J. Bryan. John G. Woollay Wharton Barker. Engeue V. Debs. Jos. F. Malloney	Neb	Dem.P Proh	6,358,133 208,914		155	Henry B. Metcalf	0	Proh	
	Wharton Barker Engene V. Debs	Pa	Soc. D.	50,373 87,814 39,739 1,059		::	Ignatius Donnelly Job Harriman Valentine Remmel	Cal	MP(m) Soc.D.	
	C. Al II Tilli-	1	100	1,059			John G. Woolley	1111	Soc, L. UC(n) UR(o)	
1904		N. Y	Rep Dem	7,623,486 5,077,911		336	Charles W. Fairbanka	Ind	Rep	140
	Eugene V. Debs Silas C. Swallow	lad Pa	Soc Proh	402,283 258,536		::	Benjamin Hauford George W. Carroll Thomas H. Tibbles William W. Cox.	N. Y Tex Neb	Soc Proh Peop	
1000	Charles H. Corrigan	N. Y.	Soc. L.	117,183 31,249		321	William W. Coz	111 N. Y	Soc. L.	
1908	William H. Taft * William J. B. yan Engene V. Debs Engene W. Chafin	Neb	Rep Dem Soc	6,409,104	1,269,80	169		Ind N. Y.	Dem Soc	162
	Engene W. Chafin Thos. E. Watson	Aliz	Proh	957 910		::	Aaron S. Watkina Samuel Williams Donald L. Munro	O	Proh	::
	Thos. E. Watson Argust Gillhaus Thos. L. Hisgen	N.Y Maas	Soc. L.	13,828 82,879	::::	::	John Temple Graves	Ga	Soc. L. Ind	
1912	Woodrow Wilson* William H. Taft Theodore Roosevelt	I Z I.	Dein Rep	6,293,019 3,484,956	2,173,51	2 43	Nicholaa M Buller	N. Y	Dem Rep Prog	8
	Engene V. Deha	. I I nd	ISon	1 901 873		1 ::	Emil Seldel	Wis	Suc Proh	
1010	Eugene W. Chafin Arthur E. Reimer Woodiow Wilson*						August Gillhaus	N. Y	Sec. L.	
1916	Charles E. Hughes Allan J. Benson J. Flank Hanly Arthur E. Reimer	N. Y.	Rep	8,543 85		25		Ind N. J	Rep	254
	J. Frank Hanly Arthur E. Reimer	. Ind	Proh.	916.85	2 ::::	<u>  ::</u>	Caleb Harrison	Mass	Soc. L.	: ::
*The coo	Ideton storend were most	nd.								

<sup>\*</sup>The candidates starred were elected.

# THE PRESIDENTS OF THE UNITED STATES-THEIR BIOGRAPHIES IN BRIEF.

(Compiled for THE WORLD ALMANAC from published memoirs, newspaper records, and personal correspondence with the families of the ex-Presidents. The references will be found on second following page.)

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Mary Susas, Susas, None  None  None  William and Mary William and Mary William and Mary William and Mary William and Mary None  Hanvad None  Hampeden-Sidney William and Mary Uni of N. Carolina None None None None  None  Kenyon None Control None None None None None None None None	
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FULL NAME.  Lington  Tason  On  On  Adams  Adams  Soon  Buren  If Harrison  If Harrison  If Harrison  If Harrison  If Arrium  If Arrium  If Arrium  If Arrium  If Arrium  If Arrium  If Arrium  If Arrium  If Arrium  If Arrium  If Arrium  If Arrium  If Arrium  If Arrium  If Arrium  If Arrium  If Arrium  If Arrium  If Arrium  If Arrium  If Arrium  If Arrium  If Arrium  If Arrium  If Arrium  If Arrium  If Arrium  If Arrium  If Arrium  If Arrium  If Arrium  If Arrium  If Arrium  If Arrium  If Arrium  If Arrium  If Arrium  If Arrium  If Arrium  If Arrium  If Arrium  If Arrived  If Arrium  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Arrived  If Ar	(Thine).  Cottober 20, 1732.  October 20, 1732.  March 18, 1733.  April 13, 1743.  April 21, 1743.  March 16, 1767.  March 16, 1767.  March 17, 1767.  November 21, 1784.  November 21, 1784.  April 23, 1791.  November 21, 1890.  April 27, 1892.  October 4, 1882.  October 4, 1882.  October 5, 1830.  August 20, 1833.  August 20, 1833.  October 5, 1830.  August 20, 1833.  October 5, 1830.  August 20, 1833.  October 5, 1830.  October 5, 1830.  October 5, 1830.  October 7, 1882.  October 7, 1882.  October 7, 1883.  October 18, 1837.  October 7, 1883.  October 7, 1885.
FULL NAME  George Washington John Adams  Amos Madison Janes Madison Janes Madison John Quincy Adams  Martin Van Buron Martin Van Buron John The Hory Harrison John The Hory Harrison John The Hory Harrison John The Hory Harrison John The Hory Harrison John The Hory Harrison John The Hory Harrison John The Hory Harrison John The Hory Harrison  Andrew Johnson Andrew Johnson Andrew Johnson Johnson Charle Rutherford Birchard Hayes Chester Alan Arfulu Benjamin Harrison Milliam McKinley Theedore Roosevelt Theedore Roosevelt Woodrow Wilson	Washington— Jefferson Jefferson Marieson Marieson Marieson Jackson Jackson Van Buren Polk Raylor Polk Parison Poleson Crant Lincoln Grant Lincoln Grant Grant Cleveland McKniley McKniley McKniley McKniley McKniley McKniley McKniley McKniley McKniley McKniley McKniley McKniley McKniley
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No.	PRESIDENT.	Married.	Wife's 1	Name,	. [	WifeBor	n. WifeDied.	Sons.	Dau.	Home When El	lected.
1	Washington	1759 Martha (	Dandridg	e) Cu	stis§	732	1802			Mount Vernon	, Va.
2	J. Adams	1764 Abigail 8	Smith		ou§	744	1818	3	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Quincy, Mass.	
3	Jefferson	1772 Martha (	Wayles)	Skelt	on§	1748 1772	1782	1	5	Monticello, Va	а.
4	Madison	1794 Dolly (F2	syne) 100	149		1768	1849		2	Osk Hill, Vs.	э.
В 6	J. Adams J. Efferson Madlson Monroe J. Q. Adams Jackson Van Buren Harrison	1797 Louisa C	atherine	John	sonards	1775	1852	3	ī	Quincy, Mass. Monticello, V. Montpelier, V. Osk Hill, Vs. Quincy, Mass. Hermitage, Tel	
7	Jackson	1791 Rachel (	Donelson	) Rob	ards	1767				Hermitage, Te	nn.
8	Van Buren	1807 Hannah	Hoes			1783	1819	4	*4	Kinderhook, N North Bend, O	. Y.
9	Harrison	1795 Anns Sy	mmes	•••••		1775	1864 1842	6 3	4	Williamsburg,	· va
10	Tyler	1844 Julia Ga	rdiner	••••		1820	1889	5	2	Transburg,	
11	Polk	1824 Sarah C	ildress			1803	1891	1		Nashville, Ten	n.
12	Taylor	1810 Margaret	Smith			1788	1852	i i	5	Baton Rouge, Buffalo, N. Y.	La.
13	Taylor Fillmore	1826 Abigail	Powers.		Materials	1798	1853	1	1	Dunaio, N. I.	
14	Pierce.	1834 Jane Me	ans Annl	eton.	McIntosh\$.	1806	1863	3	::	Concord, N. H	
15	Buchanan Lincoln				amick§.				١	Wheatland, Pa	3.
16	Lincoln	1842 Mary To	dd			1818	1882	4	2	Springfield, Ill	•
17	Lincoln Johnson Grant Hayes Garfield Atthur Cleveland B. Harrison	1827 Eliza Mc	Cardie	••••		1810	1876	3	1	Greenville, Ter Washington, 1	). C
18 19	Haves	1859 Lucy We	rs Webb	• • • • • •		1831	1889	1 7	i	Fremont, O.	<i>.</i>
20	Garfield	1858 Lucretia	ltudolph.			1832	1909	4	1 1	Mentor, O.	
21	Atthur	1869 Ellen Le	wis Hern	don		1837	1880	1	1	New York City	y •
22, 24	Cleveland	1886 Frances	Folson			1864	1892	1	3	Buffalo, N. Y. Indianapolis,	Ind
23	B. Harrison	1896 Mary Sco	tt (Lord	) Din	omickš.	1858	1002	.:	l i		
25 .	McKinlev	1871 Ida Saxt	on			1844	1907	1	1 2	Canton, O. Oyster Bay, N	
26	McKinley Roosevelt	1883 Alice Le	e				1884	4	1	Oyster Bay, N	. Y.
27		1886 Edith K	ermit Car	row	**********	1861		4 2	1	Cincinnett O	
28.	Tsft Wilson	1885 Ellen Lo	nise Avso			1860	1914	1 .*	1 3	Cincinnati, O. Princeton, N.	J.
20.	., 11004	1915 Edith (B	olling) G	alto.		1872		1	1	1	-
No.	PRESIDENT.	Politics.	lnaug.	Age	Years Serve	d. R	eligious Conn	ction.	Tir	ne of Death.	Age.
1	Washington	Federalist	1789	57	7 y. 10 mo. 4	d. Ep	scopalian		Decei	mber 14, 1799	67
2	J. Adams Jefferson	Federallst	1797	61	4	Un	itarian eral (c) scopalian		July	4, 1826	90
3	Jefferson	Republican (a)	1801	57	8	Lib	eral (c)		July	4, 1826	83
4 6	Madison Monroe	Republican Republican	1809	5 <b>7</b> 58	8	Eb	scopalian		Jule	4, 1826	85 73
6	J. Q. Adams	Republican (b)	1825	57	4	itsrian		Febr	uary 23, 1848	80	
7	Jackson	Democrat	1829	61	1 8 Presbyter			an February 23, 1548, terian June 8, 1845.  June 8, 1845.  ed Dutch July 24, 1869.  odian April 4, 1841.  polian January 17, 1869.  terian June 15, 1849.  palian July 9, 1850.  an Marci 8, 1874.  pullan October 8, 1889.			18
8	Van Buren	Democrat	1537	54 68	, 4	Re	onmed Dutch	med Dutch July 24, 186 opalian April 4, 1841 January 17, yterian June 15, 184 opalian July 9, 1850			79
9	Harrison	Democrat.	1841 1841	51	1 mo. 3 y. 11 me	n. Ep	iscopanian		Jann	arv 17. 1862	68 71
11	Polk	Democrat	1845	49	4	sbyterian		June	15, 1849	53	
12	Taylor	Whig	1849	64	1 y. 4 mo. 5	iscopalian		July	9, 1850	65 74	
13 14	Fillmore	Democrat	. 1850 1853	50 43	2 y . 7 mo. 2	o a.   Un	itarian. iscopalian sbyterian	• • • • • • •	Octob	her 8, 1869	64
15	Buchapan	Democrat	1857	65	4	Pro	sbyterian		June	1, 1868	77
16	Lincoln	Republican	. 1861	52	4 y. 1 mo. 1	l d. Pr	sbyterian		. April	15, 1865	56
17			. 1865	56	3 y. 10 mo. 1	9 d. Me	thodist (d)	• • • • • • •	Tuly	31, 1875	66
10	Johnson	Republican	1040								
18	Johnson Grant	Republican Republican	1869	46 54	4	Me	thodist		Janu	ary 17, 1893	63
18 19 20	Johnson Grant Hayes Garfield	Republican (b). Democrat. Democrat. Democrat. Democrat. Democrat. Democrat. Democrat. Democrat. Democrat. Republican Republican Republican Republican Republican Republican	1869 1877 1881	54 49	4	Me Di	thodist sciples	· · · · · · · · ·	Janu	ary 17, 1893 mber 19, 1881	70 49
18 19 20 21	Johuson	Republican Republican Republican Republican	1869 1877 1881 1881	54 49 50	6½ mo.	o. Ep	thodist sciples iscopalian	• • • • • • • •	Janu Septe Nove	ary 17, 1893 ember 19, 1881 ember 18, 1886	70 49 56
18 19 20 21 22	Johnson	Republican	1869 1877 1881 1881 1885	54 49 50 47	6½ mo.	o. Ep	sbyterian thodist (d) thodist thodist thodist sciples iscopalian sbyterian		Janu Septe Nove June	1, 1868 1, 1868 15, 1805 23, 1885 23, 1885 24, 1893 24, 1908 1, 1893	70 49 56 71
18 19 20 21 22 23	Johnson Grant. Hayes. Garfield Arthur Cleveland B. Harrison	Republican Republican Republican Republican Republican Republican Democrat Republican	1869 1877 1881 1881 1885 1889	54 49 50 47 55	6½ mo.	o. Ep	thodist thodist sciples iscopalian esbyterian esbyterian		Janu Septe Nove June Marc June		70 49 56 71 67
20 21 22 23 24 25	Garfield Arthur Cleveland B. Harrisou Cleveland McKinley	Republican Republican Democrat Republican Republican Republican	. 1881 1881 . 1885 . 1889 . 1893	54 49 50 47 55 55	6½ mo.	o. Ep	thodist thodist iscopalian ssbyterian esbyterian thodist		Janu Septe Nove June Maic June Septe	ary 17, 1893  24, 1908  24, 1908  24, 1908  24, 1908  24, 1908  24, 1908	70 49 56 71
20 21 22 23 24 25	Garfield Arthur Cleveland B. Harrisou Cleveland McKinley	Republican Republican Democrat Republican Republican Republican	. 1881 1881 . 1885 . 1889 . 1893	54 49 50 47 55 54 42	4 6½ mo. 3 y. 5½ m 4 4 4 y. 6 mo. 1 7 y. 5 mo. 1	Pr Pr O d. Me	esbyterian esbyterian thodist	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Maic June Septe	h 13, 1901 24, 1908 ember 14, 1901	70 49 56 71 67 71
20 21 22 23 24 25	Garfield Arthur Cleveland B. Harrisou Cleveland McKinley	Republican Republican Democrat Republican Republican Republican	. 1881 1881 . 1885 . 1889 . 1893	54 49 50 47 55 55 54 42 51	6½ mo.	Pr Pr O d. Me	esbyterian esbyterian thodist	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Maic June Septe	h 13, 1901 24, 1908 ember 14, 1901	70 49 56 71 67 71 58
20 21 22 23 24 25	Garfield Arthur Cleveland B. Harrisou Cleveland McKinley	Republican Republican Republican Republican Republican Republican Democnat Republican Democrat Republican Republican Republican Republican Republican Republican	. 1881 1881 . 1885 . 1889 . 1893	54 49 50 47 55 54 42	4 6½ mo. 3 y. 5½ m 4 4 4 y. 6 mo. 1 7 y. 5 mo. 1	Pr Pr O d. Me	thodist. sciples. iscopalian. ssbyterian. ssbyterian. thodist. formed Dutch itarian. ssbyterian.		Maic June Septe	li 13, 1901 24, 1908 ember 14, 1901	70 49 56 71 67 71 58
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	Garfield Arthur Cleveland B. Harrisou Clevelsud McKinley Roosevelt Taft Wilson	Republican Republican Democrat Republican Democrat Republican Republican Republican Democrat Cause of De	1881 1881 1885 1889 1893 1897 1901 1909 1913	54 49 50 47 55 55 54 42 51 56	4 6½ mo. 3 y. 5½ mo. 4 4 4 y. 6 mo. 1 7 y. 5 mo. 1 4	O d. Re UI Pr	sbyterianesbyterian thodist formed Dutch itarian esbyterian	ī	Marc June Septe	h 13, 1901 24, 1908 ember 14, 1901	70 49 56 71 67 71 58
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	Garfield Arthur Cleveland B. Harrisou Clevelsud McKinley Roosevelt Taft Wilson	Republican Republican Democrat Republican Democrat Republican Republican Republican Democrat Cause of De	1881 1881 1885 1889 1893 1897 1901 1909 1913	54 49 50 47 55 55 54 42 51 56	4 6½ mo. 3 y. 5½ mo. 4 4 4 y. 6 mo. 1 7 y. 5 mo. 1 4	O d. Re UI Pr	sbyterianesbyterian thodist formed Dutch itarian esbyterian	ī	Marc June Septe	h 13, 1901 24, 1908 ember 14, 1901	70 49 56 71 67 71 58
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 28	Garfield Arthur Cleveland B. Harrisou Clevelsud McKinley Roosevelt Taft Wilson	Republican Republican Democrat Republican Democrat Republican Republican Republican Democrat Cause of De	1881 1881 1885 1889 1893 1897 1901 1909 1913	54 49 50 47 55 55 54 42 51 56	4 6½ mo. 3 y. 5½ mo. 4 4 4 y. 6 mo. 1 7 y. 5 mo. 1 4	O d. Re UI Pr	sbyterianesbyterian thodist formed Dutch itarian esbyterian	ī	Marc June Septe	h 13, 1901 24, 1908 ember 14, 1901	70 49 56 71 67 71 58
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	Garfield Arthur Cleveland B. Harrisou Clevelsud McKinley Roosevelt Taft Wilson	Republican Republican Democrat Republican Democrat Republican Republican Republican Democrat Cause of De	1881 1881 1885 1889 1893 1897 1901 1909 1913	54 49 50 47 55 55 54 42 51 56	4 6½ mo. 3 y. 5½ mo. 4 4 4 y. 6 mo. 1 7 y. 5 mo. 1 4	O d. Re UI Pr	sbyterianesbyterian thodist formed Dutch itarian esbyterian	ī	Marc June Septe	h 13, 1901 24, 1908 ember 14, 1901	70 49 56 71 67 71 58
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20 21 22 23 24 25 26 28	Garfield Arthur Cleveland B. Harrisou Clevelsud McKinley Roosevelt Taft Wilson	Republican Republican Democrat Republican Democrat Republican Republican Republican Democrat Cause of De	1881 1881 1885 1889 1893 1897 1901 1909 1913	54 49 50 47 55 55 54 42 51 56	4 6½ mo. 3 y. 5½ mo. 4 4 4 y. 6 mo. 1 7 y. 5 mo. 1 4	O d. Re UI Pr	sbyterianesbyterian thodist formed Dutch itarian esbyterian	ī	Marc June Septe	h 13, 1901 24, 1908 24, 1908 24, 1908 24, 1901 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	70 49 56 71 67 71 58
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#### THE PRESIDENTS OF THE UNITED STATES-Continued.

#### NOTES TO THE TABLES OF THE PRESIDENTS, ON THE TWO PRECEDING PAGES.

Monroe abandoned the profession of law when a young man, and was afterward, and until his election, always holding public office. † Jackson called himself a South Carolinian, and his biographer, Kendall, recorded his birthplace in Lancaster Co., S. C.; but Parton has published documentary evidence to show that Jackson was born in Union Co., N. C., less than a quarter mile from the South Carolina line. ‡ Or of departure from college.

§ Widows. Their maiden names are in parentheses. Is he was the divorced wife of Captain Robards. (a) The Democratic party of to-day claims lineal descent from the first Republican party, and President Jefferson as its founder. (b) Political parties were disorganized at the time of the election of John Quin-Adams. He claimed to be a Republican, but his doctrines were decidedly Federalistic. The opposition to his Administration took the name of Democrats, and elected Jackson President.

(c) Randall, the biographer of Jefferson, declares that he was a believer in Christianity, although a sectarian. (d) While President Johnson was not a church-member, he was a Christian believer. not a sectarian.

His wife was a Methodist.

Washington's first inauguration was in New York, and his second in Philadelphia. Adams was was inactions first inaguration was in New York, and his second in Philadelphia, and Jefferson and the Presidents following elected by the people, in the city of Washington. Arthur took the Presidential oath of office first in New York City. John Adams and Jefferson died on the same day, the Fourth of July, 1826, and Monroe died on the Fourth of July five years later. John Quincy Adams was a Representative and Andrew Johnson a Senator in Congress after the expiration of their Presidential terms, and both died while holding those offices. Tyler was a Representative in the Confederate Congress from Virginia, and died in office.

Lincoln, Garfield and McKinley were assassinated while in office. Lincoln at Ford's Theatre, Washington, D. O., April 14, 1865, from a pistol shot fired by John Wilkes Booth, who was killed near Fredericksburg, Va., April 26, 1865, by Sergeant Boston Corbett. Garfield was shot in the Pennsylvania Railroad Depot, Washington, D. C., July 2, 1881, and died at Elberon, Long Branch, N. J., September 19, 1881. The assassin was Charles Jules Guiteau, who was hanged at Washington, D. C., June 30, 1882. McKinley was shot twice September 6, 1901, while in the Temple of Music of the Pan-American Exposition, Buffalo, N. Y., and died from his wounds at the home of John G. Milburn, Buffalo, September 14, 1901. The assassin was Louis Czolgosz, who was electrocuted at Auburn State Prison, New York, October 29, 1901. October 29, 1901.

Jackson was shot at in the Capitol at Washington, D. C., January 29, 1835, by a house painter named Richard Lawrence, escaping because the pistol of the assassin missed fire. Ex-President Roosevelt was shot and wounded by John Schrank, an insane man, at Milwaukee, Wis., October 14, 1912.

Cieveland after taking the oath as President, kissed the open bible, his lips touching Psalm OXII.

verses 5-10, inclusive. Garfield's first act after taking the oath was to kiss his mother.

The sixth President was the son of the second President, and the twenty-third President was the grandson of the ninth President. William Henry Harrison was the eighth and Benjamin Harrison the tenth in descent from Pocahontas and John Rolfe. Lincoln was the first President wearing a the tenth in descent from Fockindhas and John Kolle. Enhanced was the first resident waring a mustache. Buchanan and Cleveland were bachelors when they entered the White House as Presidents, but Oleveland surrendered during his first term. Washington, Monroe, Pierce and Hayes were born on Friday. J. Q. Adams, Pierce and Garfield were inaugurated on Friday. Tyler, Polk and Pierce died on Friday. Lincoln was assassinated on Friday.

There were remarkable coincidences in the lives of Abraham Lincoln and Jefferson Davis. Both were There were remarkanie coincidences in the lives of Abraham Lincoln and Jefferson Davis. Both were born in Kentucky; Lincoln in 1809, Davis in 1808. Both removed from their native State in childhood, Lincoln to the Northwest, Davis to the Southwest. Lincoln was a Captain of Volunteers and Davis a Second Lieutenant of Regulars in the Black Hawk War of 1832. They began their political careers the same year, 1844, Lincoln being a Presidential Elector for Clay, and Davis for Polk. They were elected to Congress about the same time, 1845 and 1846. They were called to preside over their respective governments the same year and within a few days; Davis, February 8, 1861, Lincoln, March 4, 1861.

governments the same year and within a few days; Davis, February 8, 1861, Lincoln, March 4, 1861.

Washington, Monroe, and Jackson were soldiers in the Revolutionary war; Jackson, W. H. Harrison, Tyler, Taylor, and Buchanan in the war of 1812-15; Lincoln in the Black Hawk war: Taylor, Pierce, and C. Int in the Mexican war; Grant, Hayes, Garfield, Arthur, B. Harrison, and McKinley in the Givil War; and Roosevelt was in the war with Spain. Adams and Jefferson were signers of the Declaration of Independence, and Washington and Madison of the Constitution.

Grant was christened Hiram Ulysses and Cleveland, Stephen Grover. W. H. Harrison was the oldest man elected to the Presidency, and Roosevelt the youngest, Grant being the next youngest by six months, Cleveland was the only President married in the White House, and his second daughter the only President's child born therein. Monroe's daughter (Mrs. Gouverneur), Tyler's daughter (Mrs. Waller), Crant's daughter (Mrs. McAdoo) were the only children of Presidents married therein. Wises of Tyler and Benjamin Harrison died in the White House. W. H. Harrison was father of the largest family, six sons and four daughters. Eight Presidents: Washington, Jefferson, Madison, Monroe, W. H. Harrison, Tyler, Taylor and Wilson were Virginians by birth. Six Presidents: Grant, Hayes, Garfield, B. Harrison, McKinley and Taft were Ohloans by birth. Ohloans by birth.

# PROPOSED CHANCE IN THE BECINNING OF THE PRESIDENTIAL TERM.

On November 26, 1913, a sub-committee of the Judiciary Committee of the Senate reported to the Committee the following joint resolution changing the time of the beginning of the terms of the President and Vice-President of the United States, from March 4 to the second Monday in January.

"The terms of the President and Vice-President of the United States shall commence on the second Monday in January following the election of Presidential and Vice-Presidential electors, and such electors shall assemble at the Capitols of their respective States and cast their votes for President and Vice-President on the first Monday in December following their election.

"The terms of Senators and Representatives shall commence on the first Monday in January

following their election.

"There shall be held two regular sessions of each Congress, convening on the first Monday of January each year.'

#### THE STATES IN THE PRESIDENTIAL ELECTIONS, 1872-1916.

STATES.	1872	1876	1880	1884	1888	1892	1896	1900	1904	1908	1912	1916
Alabama	Rep.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem. Dem.	Dem. Dem.
Arkansas	Rep.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.
California	Rep.	Rep.	Splita	Rep.	Rep.	Splith	Split	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Splitn	Dem.
Coiorado	Leop.	Rep.a	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Pop.	Dem.	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.
Connecticut	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.
Deiaware	Rep.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.
Florida	Rep.	Rep.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.
Georgia	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.
Idaho						Pop.	Dem.	Dem.	Rep.	Rep.	Dem.	Dem.
Illinois	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.
Indiana	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.
lowa	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.
Kansas	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Pop.	Dem.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Dem.	Dem.
Kentucky	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Splitb	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.
Louisiana	Rep.	Rep.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.
Maine	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.
Maryland	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Rep.	Rep.	Splitj	Splitk	Dem.	Dem.
Massachusetts	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.
Michigan	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Splitc	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Prog.	Rep.
Minnesota	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Prog.	Rep.
Mississippi	Rep.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.
Missouri	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Rep.	Rep.	Dem.	Dem.
Montana	J	<i></i>		<b></b>	<i></i>	Rep.	Dem.	Dem.	Rep.	Rep.	Dem.	Dem.
Nebraska	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.	Rep.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.
Nevada	Rep.	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.	Rep.	Pop.	Dem.	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.
New Hampshire.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Dem.	Dem.
New Jersey	Rep.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.
New Mexico										1	Dem.	Dem.
New York	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.
North Carolina	Rep.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.
North Dakota			<u>.</u>			Splitd	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Dem.	Dem.
Ohio	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Splite	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Dem.	Dem.
Oklahoma				<u>  .</u>		A				Dem.	Dem.	Dem.
Oregon	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Splitf	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.
Pennsylvania	Rep.	nep.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Prog.	Rep.
Rhode Island	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.
South Carolina	Rep.	Rep.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.
South Dakota						Rep.	Dem.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Prog.	Rep.
Tennessee	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.
Texas	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Den.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.
Utah	1	1			L		Dem.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Dem.
Vermont	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.
Virginia	Rep.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.
Washington	<u> -</u>					Rep.	Dem.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Prog.	Dem.
West Virginia	Rep.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Dem.	Rep. g
	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Dem.	Rep. Dem.
Wyoming	1	1	1	1	1	lRep.	Dem.	Rep	Rep.	Rep.	Dem.	Dem.

a Electors chosen by the Legislature. b Rep., 12; Dem., 1. c Rep., 9; Dem., 5. d Rep., 1; Dem., 1. c Rep., 22; Dem., 1. f Rep., 3; People, 1. g Dem., 5; Rep., 1. h Dem., 8; Rep., 1. t Dem., 1; Rep., \$ f Dem., 7; Rep., 1. t Pem., 1; Rep., \$ f Dem., 7; Rep., 1. q Hughes 7, Wilson 1.

## NATIONAL REPUBLICAN CONCRESSIONAL COMMITTEE.

This committee is composed of one representative from each State, and its business is to conduct the campaign for the election of Republican Senators and Representatives in Congress. Charman—Frank P. Woods, Estherville, Iowa. Treasurer—Nathan B. Scott, Washington, D. C. Secretary Finance Committee—Thomas W. Miller. Headquarters, Riggs Building, Washington, D. C.

The address of the President is simply "The President of the United States." In the First Congress there was debate over a title and it was proposed by some members that he be addressed as "His Excellency" and by others as "His Highness," but a committee reported that "It is no proper to annex any style or title other than that expressed in the Constitution." In the Constitution. "In the Constitution of Convention the first report fixed the term of office at seven years without eligibility to re-election. In debate various periods from "during good behavior" to twenty years were favored. The limit to four years was finally adopted in grand. committee and ratified by the convention.

### THE PRESIDENTIAL SUCCESSION.

THE PRESIDENTIAL SUCCESSION.

The Presidential succession is fixed by chapter 4 of the acts of the Forty-ninth Congress, first session. In case of the removal, death, resignation, or inability of both the President and Vice-President, then the Secretary of State shall act as President until the disability of the President or Vice-President is removed or a President is elected. If there be no Secretary of State, then the Secretary of the Treasury will act; and the remainder of the order of succession is as follows: The Secretary of War, Attorney-General, Post-master-General, Secretary of the Interior. The acting President must, upon taking office, convene Congress, if not at the time in session, in extraordinary session, giving twenty days' notice. This act applies only to such Cabinet officers as shall have been confirmed by the Senate and are eligible under the Constitution to the Presidency.

# POPULAR AND ELECTORAL VOTE FOR PRESIDENT IN 1916.

	POPULAR VOTE.								ELECTORAL VOTE.		
		Hu	Ben-	Han-	Reim-	PLUR	ALITY.		1		
STATES.	Wilson, Dem.	ghes. Rep.	son, Soc.	ly, Proh.	Soc.L.	Wil- son.	Hu ghes.	Wilson, Dem.	Hughe Rep.		
Mabama	98,811	27,491	1,916	1,034		71,320		12			
rizona	33,170	20,524	3,174	1,153		12,646		13			
rkansas	112,282	47,135	6,998	2,015		65,147		ll š			
California	466,289	462,516	42,898	27,713		3,773		13.			
Colorado	178,816	102,308	10.049	2,793		76,508		6			
Connecticut	99,786	106,514	5,179	1,789	606		6,728	II			
Delaware	24,753	26,011	480	566			1,258				
lorida	55,984	14,611	5,353	4,855		41,373		6			
eorgia	121,969	10,553	819			111,416		14			
daho	70.054	55.368	8,066	1,127	111111	14,686		4			
llinols	950,229	1,152,549	61,389	23,739	1,143		202,320				
ndiana	334,063	341.005	21,855	16,368	1,659		6,942				
owa	222,505	279,065	10,976	3,377			56,560				
ansasentucky	314,588 269,990	277,658 241,854	24,685 4,734	12,882 3,036		36,930		10			
ouislana	79,875	6,466	292	3,030	333	28,136		13			
aine	64.118	69,506	2,186	595		73, .09		10			
laryland	138.359	117,347	2,180	2,903	756	21.012	5,388	8			
lassachusetts	247,885	268,784	11.058	2,993	1,097	21,012	20,899	0			
Ichigan	283,993	337,952	16,120	8,139	842		53,959				
innesota	179,157	179,553	20,117	7,793	468		396				
ississippi	80,422	4.253	1.484	1,150	400	76,169	290	10			
ilssouri	397,016	369,167	14,608	3,881	899	27,849		18			
ontana	101,063	66,750	9,564	3,001	000	34,313		10			
ebraska	159.027	117,771	7,141	2,897		41,256	)	3			
evada	17,778	12,131	3,069	2,001		5,647		3			
ew Hampshire	43,781	43,725	1.318	303		56		l ä			
ew Jersey	211,018	268,982	10,405	3,182	855		57,964	1			
ew Mexico	33,693	31,163	1,999	112		2,530		3			
ew York	759,426	879,238	45,914	19,031	2,666		119,812				
orth Carolina	168,383	120.890	490	51		47,493		12			
orth Dakota	55,206	53,471	5,716	997		1,735	1	5			
hlo	604,361	514,858	38,092	8,080		89,503	1 1	24			
klahoma	148,626	98,299	45,431			50,327		10			
regon	120,087	126,813	9.711	4,729	*****		6,726				
nnsylvania	521,784	703,734	42,637	28,525	• 417		181,950				
hode Island	10,394	44,858	1,914	470	180	* *	4,464				
outh Carolina	61,837	1,558	135	1 7004		60,279		9			
outh Dakota	59,335	64,207	3,658	1,764		36,698	4,872				
ennessee	152,955 285,980	116,257 64,673	2.542 19.011	147		30,638		12			
exas	84,025	54.133	4,460	2,057	144	221,307 29,892		20			
tah	22,708	40,250	798	709	144	49,892	17.542	4			
ermont	102,824	49,358	1,062	683	67	53,466		12			
rginia	182,993	166,399	22,544	6,823	700	16.594		12			
est Virginia	140,403	143,124	6, 150	0,020	100	10,054	2.721	1			
isconsin	193,042	221,323	27,846	7,166			28,281				
yoming	28,316	21,700	1,453	373		6,616		3			
Total	9,123,159	8,513,855	590,200	216,850	13,132	1,358,086	778,782	277	-		

# TOTAL VOTE FOR PRESIDENT, 1912 AND 1916.

STATES.	1916.	1912.	STATES.	1916.	1912.	STATES.	1916.	1912.
Alabama	129,252		Maine	136,405	129,437	Ohio	1.165.391	1.033.557
Arizona		23.722	Maryland	262,039	231.981	Oklahoma	292,356	254.389
Arkansas			Massachusetts	531.817	488 056	Oregon	261,650	
			Michigan	647,071	550,076	Pennsylvania	1 207 007	1 212 502
California					000,570	Deal- 1-1	1,497,097	
Colorado			Minnesota	387,378	334,219	Rhode Island	87,816	77,894
Connecticut	213,874	190,398	Mississippl	86,679	64,528	South Carolina	63,952	50.348
Delaware	51,810		Missouri	785,571		South Dakota	128,964	116,325
Florida	80,803		Montana	177,679		Tennessee		247.821
Georgia	153,133		Nebraska	286,836	249,395	Texas	371,721	305,120
Idaho	134,615		Nevada			Utah	142,762	112,385
Tillnois	2,189,349	1.146,173	New Hampshire	89,127		Vermont	64,475	62,841
Indiana	718,848	654,474	New Jersey	494,442	432,534	Virginia	153,994	136,976
Iowa	517,716	492,356	New Mexico	66,967	49,376	Washington	379,459	322,799
Kansas						West Virginia		268,560
Kentucky			North Carolina			Wisconsin		399,972
Louisiana		79,377	North Dakota	115,390	86,580	Wyoming	51,842	42,296

# ELECTORAL VOTE FOR PRESIDENT, 1896-1916.

		1916.			1912.	. 1	190	8.	1 19	04.	190	00.	189	6.
	Er	ECTOR	A.T.	E	LECTO		ELECT	ORAL	ELEC	TORAL	ELEC	TORAL	ELECT	ORAL
		VOTE.			VOTE		Voi	E.	Vo	TE.	Vo		Vor	re.
STATES.	Will- I	Hu i		Wii-		Roose-			Par-	Roose-		Mc-	1	Mc-
	son,	ghes,		son,	Taft,	velt,			ker,	veit,	Bryan,	Kinley	Bryan,	
	Dem.	Rep.		Dem.	Rep.	Prog.	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.
Alabama.	12			12 3			11		11		11		11	
Arizona	12 3			3							·····			
Arkansas.	9 1			9			9		9	;	8		8	
California	13			9 2 6		11	5	10		10	4	9	4	0
Coiorado.		7		7				7		5 7		6		6
Delaware.		3		7 3 6				3		3		3		3
Florida	6						5		5		4		4	
Georgia	14		[]	14		• • • • •	13		13	3	13		13	
Idaho	4			29				27		27	9	24	"	24
Iliinois		29 15	]	15				27 15		15		1.5		24 15 13
lowa		13		13		[		13		15 13		13		13
Kansas	10			10				10		10		10	10	··· <sub>i</sub> ;
Kentucky	13 10		[ [	13	[		13		13		13		1 8	12
Louisiana Maine		6		16			9	6 2	9	6	•		°	
Maryland	8			8			6	ž	7			6 8		6 8 15 14
Mass		18		18				16		16		1 15		15
Michigan.		15				15		14		14		14	· · · · · ·	9
Minn	iò	12		iò.		12	···io		iò		9	9	9	9
Miss Missouri	18 4 8 3			18				''i8'		18 3 8 3 4	17		17	
Montana.	4			4				3		3	3		3	
Nebraska	8			8			8			8	3	8	8 3	
Nevada				4			3	ā.		1 4	9	4	0	4
N. Jersey		14		14		1		12	1:::::	12		10		10 -
N. Mex.	3			3				1						
N. York.	12°	45		45				39	1 . ; ; .	39	;;	36		36
N. Car N. Dak.	1 5		1	12 5			12	4	12	4	11	3	11	3
Ohio	24			24				23		23		23		23
Oklahoma	10			10			7	1		1		1		
Oregon		38		5		38		4		34		32		32
Penna R. Island		30		5		38		34	· · · ·	34		32		34
S. Car.	9	1		9		í	9		9	1	9	1	9	
S. Dak.		5				5		4		4	1	4	4	
Tennesse	e 12			12			12 18		12 18		12		12	
Texas	20			20	4		18	1	.] 18	3	15	3	15	
Utah Vermont	-	·····à			4	1	1	3 4		4		. 4	11	4
Virginia.	. iż			iż	1		12		12	I	12		12	
Wash.	.1 7			8		. 7		5 7 13		5 7	1	4	4	
W. Vlr.	1	13		13				17		. 13		6		12
Wisconsin		13		13				13		13		1 1 3	3	12
•	-			-		-	-	-				-	_	
Total.	. 277	254	1	435	8	88	162	321	140	336	155	292	176	271

# THE ELECTORAL VOTE.

THE following is the electoral vote of the States in 1916 as based upon the Reapportionment act of 1911:

STATES.	Electorai Votes.	STATES.	Electoral Votes.	STATES.	Electoral Votes.
Alabama Arizona Arizona Arkansas California Colorado Connecticut Delaware Florida Georgia Idaho Illinois Indiana Iowa Kansas	12 3 9 13 6 7 3 6 14 29 15 13	Maryland Massachusetts Michigan Minnesota Mississippi Missouri Montana Nebraska Nevada New Hampshire New Jersey New Work New York North Carolina	8 18 15 12 10 18 4 8 3 4 14 13 4 12	Oregon. Pennsylvania Rhode Island South Carolina. South Dakota. Tennessee Texas. Utah. Vermont Virginia Washington West Virginia Wisconsin Wyoming.	5 38 5 9 5 12 20 4 12 7 8 13
Kentucky Louisiana Maine	13	North DakotaOhioOkiahoma.	24	Total	

#### POLITICAL NATIONAL CONVENTIONS.

(For Presidential Conventions prior to 1908, see 1912 ALMANAC.)

#### 1908.

DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL CONVENTION.

THE Democratic National Convention was held at Denver, Col., July 7-10. Nominations were made July 10. William J. Bryan, of Nebraska, was nominated on the first ballot, the vote being: Bryan, 892%; John A. Johnson, of Minnesota, 46.

The Republican National Convention met at Chicago, Ill., June 16. One ballot was cast, July 19, as follows:

CANDIDATES.	First Ballot.	CANDIOATES.	First Ballot.
Total vote Necessary to a choice		Joseph G. Cannou, Ill. Charles W. Fairbanks, Ind. Robert M. La Follette, Wis.	40
William H. Taft. Ohio	68	Joseph B. Foraker, Ohio	

#### 1912.

#### DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL CONVENTION.

The Democratic National Convention was held at Baltimore, Md., June 25-July 2. Balloting for a candidate for President began June 28 and a nomination was reached July 2. There were forty-six ballots taken. The first, tenth, twenty-fitch, forty-second and final ballots were as follows:

CANDIDATES.	lst Ballot.	10th Ballot.	25th Ballot.	42d Ballot.	46th Ballot.
Total vote	1.086	1,088	1.088	1.087 1/2	1.086
Necessary to a choice	724	7251/2	7251/2	725	1,086 724
Champ Clark, Missouri	440 1/2	556	469	430	84
Woodrow Wilson, New Jersey	324	350 1/2	405	494	990
Judson Harmon, Ohio	148	31	29	27	12
Oscar W. Underwood, Alabama	1171/2		108	104	
Thomas R. Marshall, Indiana	31	31	30		
Simeon E. Baldwin, Connecticut	22		1.5		
Eugene N. Foss, Massachusetts			43	28	
William J. Bryan, Nehraska	1 2	1	1	1/2	• •
William Sulzer, New York	2	• :	• •	۱ :	
John W. Kern, Indlana.	• • •	1 1	• •		• • •
William J. Gaynor, New York		• • •	• •	ļ ;	• • •
Ollie M. James, Kentucky			. 3	! †	• • •
Offic M. James, Rentucky				<u>'</u> _	

#### REPUBLICAN NATIONAL CONVENTION.

The Republican National Convention was held at Chleago, Ill., June 18-22. One ballot for the candidate for President was cast June 22, as follows:

CANDIDATES.	First Ballot.	CANDIDATES.	First Ballot.
otal voteecessary to a choice	540	Theodore Roosevelt, New York Robert M. La Follette, Wis Albert B. Cummins, Iowa	41
William H. Taft, Ohio	1	Charles E. Hughes, New York	2

<sup>\*344</sup> delegates withheld their votes and 6 delegates were absent.

#### PROGRESSIVE NATIONAL CONVENTION.

The National Convention of the Progressive party met at Chicago August 5 and on August 7 unanimously nominated Theodore Roosevelt for President on the first ballot.

#### 1916.

DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL CONVENTION.

The Democratic National Convention was held at St. Louis, Mo., June 14-16. President Wilson and Vice-President Marshall were renominated by acclamation, June 15.

REPUBLICAN NATIONAL CONVENTION.

The Republican National Convention met at Chicago, June 9. Charles E. Hughes and Charles W. Fairbanks were nominated, respectively, for President and Vice-President. The third and final ballot for the Presidential nomination was taken June 10.

	First Ballot.	Second Ballot.	Third Ballot.		First Ballot.	Second Ballot.	Third Ballot.
Hughes	105	328½ 79	949 1/2	La Follette	25 14.	25	3
RootCummins	103 85	85		Willis	12	13	5
Burton. Fairbanks. Sherman	741/2	76½ 88½ 65		Borah McCall Wanamaker	1	i	
Roosevelt	65 36 32	81 36	181/2	Wood		1 1	
Ford	32 29	l:::::::		Lodge			

#### WOMAN SUFFRACE.

In the United States women possess suffrage upon equal terms with men at all elections in Wyoming, established in 1869; in Colorado, in 1893; in Utah, in 1896; in Idaho, in 1896; in Waghington, in 1910; in California, in 1911; in Arizona, Kansas and Oregon, in 1912; and in Nevada and Abonhana, in 1914. During 1913 the Territorial Legislature of Alaska granted full suffrage to wemen, Under the State flaw of 1913 in Illinois it was construed that women could vote for Fresidential Electors, members of the State Board of Equalization, Clerk of the Appellate Court, County Collector, County Surveyor, members of Board of Assessors, members of Board of Review, Sanitary District Trustees and for all the officers of cities, villages and towns (except Prolice Magistrates), Municipal Judges and upon all questions or propositions submitted for approval at elections. The Supreme Court of Illinois ruled, February, 1916, that women cannot vote for National delegates and alternates. The court also held that women cannot vote for State central committeemen and precinct committeemen.

Women have school suffrage in Convectiont, Delaware Kentucky Massachusetts Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi Nebraska New Hamp-shire. New Jersey New Mexico. New York, North Ohio, Oklahoma, South Dakota, Ver-Dakota. mont. Wisconsin and Alaska. In Iowa women may vote at all school or municipal elections upon any proposition to vote bonds or increase the tax levies.

Abroad, women have full Parliamentary suffrage in Australia. New Zealand, the Isle of Man, Finland, Norway, Denmark, Iceland, Yucatan and the four Canadian provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta and British Columbia. They have municipal suffrage on the same terms as men throughout the British alses and in Sweden, and a certain measure of municipal franchise rights in five of the provinces of Canada, and in the cities of Belize in British Honduras, Rangoon

DURING 1916 WOMAN SUFFRAGE

Amendment to State Constitution— 91 years 21. Senate hearing set "for GEORGIA, Amendment to State Constitution— House: Navs 91 yeas 21. Senate hearing set "for August 17"—the day after statutory adjournment of the Legislature, KENTUCKY, Amendment—House: Yeas 46, navs 45 (lacked two-third vote), Senate: Yeas 26, navs 8.

nays 8.
LOUISIANA. Amendment—House: Yeas 60.
nays 49 (lacked two-third vote).
MARYLAND. Amendment—House: Yeas 26.
nays 64. Seoate: Yeas 17. nays 7.
NEW JERSEY, Presidential Suffrage Bill—
Senate referred to Committee on Judiciary and

Senate referred to Committee on Judiciary and unfavorably reported.

NEW YORK Amendment—House: Yeas 109 mays 30, Sevate: Yeas 33, nays 10, Presidential and Municipal Suffrage: House referred to Committee on Judiciary.

OKLAHOMA, Amendment—Senate adverse report: House: Yeas 62, nays 15, RHODE MELIAND, Presidential Suffrage: Died in committee.

SOUTH OAROLINA, Amendment—House: Yeas 51, nays 61,

Yeas 51, nays 61.

The International Woman Suffrage Alliance is composed of National Woman Suffrage Associacomposed of National Woman Suffrage Associations comprising twenty-six nations. Its officers are: President Carrie Chapman Catt. 2 West Eighty-sixth Street, New York City: Vice-President, Millient Garrett Fawett. London; Second Vice-President, Annie Furuhjein, Finland; Treasurer, Mrs. Stanton Coit, London; Corresponding Secretaries—First, Mrs. Stamley McCormick, Boston, Mass.; Second, Jane Brigode, Brussels, Belgium, Headquarters, 7 Adam Street, Adelphi, London gium. London.

The officers of the National American Woman Suffrage Association (boranch of International Woman Suffrage Alliance and of National Council of Women) are: Honorary President, Dr. Anna Howard Shaw: President, Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt: First Vice-President, Mrs. Walter McNab Miller: Second Vice-President Mrs. Stanley McCormick: Third Vice-Fresident, Miss

in Burmah, and Baroda and Bombay in British India. In certain districts of Austria, Germany, Hungary and Russia women who own property are allowed to cast their votes on various communal matters either in their own persons or through proxies. In Belgium, Bulgaria, France, Italy, the Netherlands, Roumania and Switzerland women have no political rights whatever, but are permitted to vote for certain administrative boards—educational, philanthropic, correctional or industrial. industrial.

The women who voted in Chicago at the primaries February 24, 1915, showed their party affiliations as follows: For Mayor, 93,963 Democrats, 59,734 Republicans, 824 Progressives and 227 Socialists, a total of 154,750. This is a larger vote than was polled by the men at the primaries of the last three years, 0f the total registered vote of 769,106 in April, 1915, 282,291 were women.

#### WAS ACTED UPON AS FOLLOWS:

VIRGINIA. Amendment—House: Yeas navs 52.

mays 52.

To these may be added the bill (Poindsbill) introduced into Congress to restore franchise to citizens of the District of Columbia includes women in its terms. This was reported favorably by the District Comm The proposed U. S. Constitutional Amende arly in December, 1916, was on the Senate endar awaiting action and in the Judiciary Conittee of the House.

mittee of the House.

In the last half of 1916 the women of Albe Saskatchewan and Menitoba were given the frage by the Provincial Legislatures and in Bri. at Cohumbia. On the Provincial Legislatures and in Bri. at Cohumbia of the provincial Legislatures and in Bri. at Cohumbia of Come resolution was defeated in the House of Come resolution was defeated in the House of Come of Come resolution was defeated in the House of Come of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of the House of th

Esther G. Ogden; Treasurer, Mrs. Henry Wade Rogers; Corresponding Secretary, Mrs. Frank J. Shuller; Recording Secretary, Mrs. Thomas Jef-ferson Smith, Headquarters, 171 Madison Are.

Rogers, Shuler: Recording Secretary, ferson Smith, Headquarters, 171 Madison Avv., ferson Smith, Headquarters, 171 Madison Avv., ferson Smith, Headquarters, 171 Madison Avv., New York.

The officers of the New York State Women Sufrage Party are: Chairmen, Mrs, Horman de R. Whitehouse; Vice-Chairmen, Mrs, James Lees Laidlaw, Mrs, Raymond Brown, Mrs, Henry White Canmon: Treasurer, Mrs, Ogden Mills Reid; Recording Secretary, Miss Alice Morgan Wright: Corresponding Secretary, Miss Alice Morgan Wright: Corresponding Secretary, Miss Alice Duer Miller, The New York State Woman Suffrage Association was founded in Saratoga in New York in November, 1915, the name of the association was changed to the New York State Woman Suffrage Party, There are 150 Assembly District organizations and 12 Campaign District Chairmen, Headquarters, 303 Fifth Ave., New York City.

#### WOMAN SUFFRAGE-Continued.

The officers of the Southern States Woman Suffrage Conference are: Kate M. Gordon, President: Laura Clay. Vice-President at-Large: Mrs. Oliver H. P. Belmont and Mrs. Helen Gardiner, Honorary Vice-Presidents: Mrs. O. F. Ellimgton, Recording Secretary: Marie Louise Collens, Cor-responding Secretary: Mrs. H. B. Bartlett, Treasurer: Ida Porter-Boyer. Executive Secretar Headquarters. 417 Camp St., New Orleans, La, Executive Secretary.

The Executive Committee of the Congressional The Executive Commutee of the Congressional Union for Woman Sulfrage follows: Miss Alice Paul, New Jensty, Chairman; Miss Lucy Burns, New York, Vice-Chairman; Mrs, O. H. P. Belmont, New York; Mrs. Harriot Stanton Blatch, Kansaa; Mrs, John Winters Brannan, New York; Mrs, Gilson Gardner, District of Columbia; Mrs, Donald R, Hooker, Maryland; Mrs, Wm, Kent, Californic, Wise Aure Martin, Newade, Mrs. California: Miss Anne Martin, Nevada: Mrs. Lawrence Lewis, Pennsylvania. The Congressional Union works for an amendment to the United States Constitution, which demands that: The right of citizens of the United States to vote shall not be denied or abridged by the United States or by any State on account of sex. National Headquarters, Lafayette Square, Washington, D. C.

Voters are: President, Mrs. Emma Smith De Voe; Vice-President-at-Large, Mrs. Harrison G. Foster: Corresponding Secretary, Mrs. W. W. Seymour: Treasurer, Mrs. George Plummer, Headquarters, 505 Perkins Building, Tacoma, Wash.

The officers of the National Association Op-Dosed to Woman Suffrage are: President, Mrs. Arthur M. Dodge, New York; Vice-Presidents, Miss Mary S. Ames, Mrs. John B. Heron, Miss Miss Mary S. Almes, John D. Leton, Anne MacIlvaine, Mrs. Edward Porter Peek, Mrs. Sidney W. Thaxter: Secretary, Mrs. Wm. B. Glover, Fairfield, Ct.: Treasurer, Miss Caroline W. Stewart, Glen Ridge, N. J.: General Scoretary, Miss Minnie Bronson, New York City; Executive Secretary, Congressional Committee, Mrs. A. J. George, Washington, D. C. Head-quarters, 1757 K St., Washington, D. C.

The officers of the New York State Association Opposed to Woman Suffrage are: President, Mirs Alice Hill Chittenden: Vice-Presidents, Mrs. Arthur M. Dodge, Mrs. Fritz Achelis, Miss Eleanor G. Hewitt: Treasurer, Mrs. John A. Church: Honorary Vice-Presidents, Mrs. Elihu Root, Mrs. Francis M. Scott: Secretary, Miss Elizabeth F. Gallandet: Executive Secretary, n, D, C,
The officers of the National Council of Women Ave., N, Y, City,

HOW NEW YORK CITY VOTED ON WOMAN SUFFRAGE, 1915.

1	Yes.	No.	Majority Against.		Yes.	No.	Majority Against.		Yes.	No.	Majorit <sup>y</sup> Against
								Richm'd	5,968	7,447	1,479
anh'n.	87,762 34,394	118,318 41.007	30,556 6,613	Brookl'n Queens	84,546 21,173	123,230 33,213	38,684 12,040	Totals.	233,843	323,215	89,372

#### CLUBS IN MANHATTAM.

# PRINCIPAL CLUBS AND CLUBHOUSES. SEE ALSO "SOCIETIES."

	l. :		BER-	INITI			UAL
	Organ- ized.	SHIP.		FI	EE.	Du	ES.
To a series of the Company Day	22		Non-		Non-	-	Non-
CLUB, LOCATION, AND SECRETARY.	22	Resi-	Rogl-	Resi-	Resi-	Resi-	Rest-
	0	dent.	dent.	dent.	dent.	dent.	dent.
	1	1	испь.		dent.		den.
	_	247	220	050 00	207 00	COE OO	810.00
o of America, 297 Madison Ave., William Hawley	1905	347	330	\$20.00	\$25.00	\$25.00	210.00
A.dlne, 200 Fifth Ave., James E. West	1889			*	10.00	10.00	10.00
Alpha Delta Phi 136 W. 44th St., S. D. Inslee	1890	300	730	30.00	10.00	40.00	10.00
American Kennel, I Liberty St., A. P. Vredenburgh	1884	a		25.00		10.00	
American Yacht, Rve. N. Y., Nelson Macy,	1885	235	25	50.00	50		75.00
Andiron 122 W 72d St. J W H Clim	1913	200		50.00		50.00	
Arlon, Park Ave. and 59th St., Dr. F. W. Stechmann.	1854	508			None		
Ambrograph 220 Droodway H. E. Off.	1893	700	200	50.00	20.00		20.00
Army and Navy, 107 W. 43d St., Edwin W. Dayton	1889	231	1,750		10.00		30 & 5
Authors', 7th Ave., cor. W. 56th St., Ernest Ingersoll	1882	7275		25 00	25.00	20 00	10.00
Automobile of America, 54th St., west of B'way, Elmer Thompson.	1899	1,600	450	100.00	50.00	50.00	25.00
Baltusrol Golf, Baltusrol, N. J., L. Keller, 29 Broadway	1895	750		75.00		75.00	50.00
Bankers', 120 Broadway, Franklin A. Plummer	1915	1,600	900	100.00	50.00	100.00	50.00
Calumet, 12 W. 56th St., S. F. Barry							
Camera, 121 W. 68th St., M. W. Tingley	1896	100	7.5	None	None	40.00	10.00
Catholic, 120 Central Park South, Edward K. Hanlon	1871	b600					d 15.00
Century, 7 W. 43d St., H. O. Taylor.	1847	960		150 00		70 00	35.00
Chemists', 52 E. 41st St., J. P. M. Klotz	1898	500		25 00		50 00	12.50
Clty, 55 W. 44th St., R. S. Binkerd	1802	1,350		50 00	15.00		15.00
City Athletic, 50 W. 54th St., Edwin D. Hays	1909	850		100.00			25.00
City History of New York, 105 W. 40th St., Mrs. Carr Van Anda	1897		None		20.00	e	
City History of New York, 105 W. 40th St., Wils. Carl Van Alida.	1915	440		10.00	5.00	10.00	5.00
Clergy, Room 240, Fifth Ave. Bullding, Walter Laidlaw	1903				250.00		50.00
Colony, 564 Park Ave., Mrs. Magee Ellsworth.	1901	1,282		10.00	5.00	20.00	10.00
Columbia University, 18 Gramercy Park, Frederick W. Kobbe	1867	461		50 00		30.00	
Columbia Yacht, foot W. 86th St., George R. Branson	1889	580	370		10.00	90.00	10.00
Cornell University, 65 Park Ave., Foster M. Coffin						20.00	10.00
Delta Tau Delta, 122 E. 36th St., Geo. E. Morrissey	1902	160			None	40.00	
	1847	950	p227				p12.00
Deutscher Press, 21 Spruce St., Dr. R. E. Salter	1885	n107		112			
	1860	1,000			100.00		50.00
	1894	500		50.00			
Engineers', 32 W. 40th St., Jos. Struthers.	1888	1,200			100.00		
Pyplorers' 345 Amsterdam Ave., Henry E. Crampton,	11904	$n_{101}$		n10.00		n15.00	
reundschaft Society, 105-107 W. 57th St., Eugene W. Kahn	11879	540	1 40	100.00	25.00	125.00	25.00

#### CLUDS IN MANHATTAN-Continued

CLUBS IN MANHATTAN—Co	CLUBS IN MANHATTAN—Continuea.									
	4.	MEM SH		INITIA	E.	ANN DU				
CLUB, LOCATION, AND SECRETARY.	Organ- ized.	dont	Non- Resi-	Resi- dent.	Tecon-	Resi- dent.	Non- Resi-			
			dent.		dent.		dent.			
Friars', 110 W. 48th St., John J. Gleason	1904	1,350 500	372 10	25 00	15.00	30.00	15.00			
Croiler 20 E 32d St Walter Gillis	1881	250	125	100 00	50 00	30 00	15.00			
Hardware Broadway and Murray St., Harry H. Condit	11892	600 50	175 10		50.00 5 00	50 00° 30 00°	25.00 · 15.00			
Harlem Republican, 23 W. 124th St., Adolph Bauer	1852	900	None		None					
Harmonie, 4 E. 60th St., N. S. Goldberger. Harvard, 27 W. 44th St., L. P. Marvin.	1865	2,021	2,539	100.00		100 00				
Knickerbocker, 807 Fifth Ave. Ernest Iselin.	1871	615		300.00		150.00				
Tambs' 130 W 44th St. Geo V. Hobart	11874	g250 600	g300	g300 100 00	g100	975.00 100 00	<i>q</i> 50 00			
Lawyers', 115 Broadway, R. G. Babbage. Lotos, 110 W. 57th St., Charles W. Price.	1870	600		100 00	25.00	100 00	25.00 40.00			
Machinery 50 Church St., Fred. Stadelman	11907	1 020		50.00			20.00			
Manhattan, 32 E. 26th St., Frederic Kernochan.  Manhattan Chess, Carnegie Hall, James Davey.			334	None	125.00 None	25.00	25.00 - 12.50			
Manhattan Cines, Cathegie Ann, Sahins DAVU, Manhattan Single Tax, 47 W. 42d St., E. H. Underhilli. Masonic, 46 W. 24th St., W. M. Thompson. Men's, Washington Heights, 55 W. 182d St., H. E. Hanes.	1887	600			None None					
Masonic, 46 W. 24th St., W. M. Thompson	1894	500 114	700	5.00	None 5.00		5.00 3.00			
			95	100.00	75.00	75.00	50.00			
Metropolitan, 1 E. 60th St., P. R. Pyne. National Arts, 15 Gramercy Park, Frederick S. Lamb.	1891	1,150 329	250 158	300 00	None	125.00				
			200	100 00	25.00	50 00	20 00			
Naw York, 20 W. 40th St., John L. Crawford. New York Athletic, 59th St. & 6th Ave. (g), Fred. R. Fortmeyer	1845	500 3,500		100.00	100.00	100.00				
More Vork Caledonian X46 Seventh Ave., Andrew Machinesh	11850	M 400		5.00		6.00				
N V Numismatic 33dSt & Park Ave . Moritz Wormser. 95 f Hth Ave	17908	3 80	200	5 00	5.00	24.00	8.00			
New York Press, 2l Spruce St., Caleb H. Redfern. New York Railroad, H. D. Vought, 95 Liberty St.	1187	12,300	200	15.00		\$2 00				
New York Yacht, 37 W. 44th St., G. A. Cormack. Paint, Oil, and Varnish, 100 William St., Frank E. Cornell.	1844	2,300		200.00		75.00 35.00				
Phi Comma Delta, 34 W. 44th St., Walter IG, Atkinson	1188	51 223	390	120.00	10.00	j30.00	10.00			
Players' 16 Gramercy Park, Humphrey Turner Nichols	1188	8 473		100.00						
Princeton, 121 E. 21st St., Samuel J. Reid, Jr.	1189	500				100.00				
Progress, i W. 88th St., Moses Hochster, Racquet and Tennis, 27 W. 43d St., Sherman Day.	187	1,100	400	200 00	200.00					
Reform, 9 S. William St., Sidney Newborg. Republican of City of New York, 54 W. 40th St., H. W. Goddard.	188	8 400 9 712	179		None 25.00	50.00				
Rocky Mountain, 65 W. 44th St., John Hays Hammond, President. Rotary, Hotel Imperial, Wm. J. Beamish.	190	7 300	70	25.0	15.00	50.0	10&25			
Rotary, Hotel Imperial, Wm. J. Beamish	190	9 402 7 550		20.0 25.0		. 30.00 e m	5.00			
Soint Nicholas 7 W 44th St. Livingston Wetmore	. 1187	51 217	7 4	0.001	50.0	75.0				
Saimagundi, 14 W. 12th St., Walter Neumuiler. Screen, 165 W. 47th St., Robert E. Welsh.	. HX/	11 480		4 50.0 5 30.0	25.0					
Shinmasters', 8 Bridge St., Fritz E. Uitmark	. [191	41 10K	2	5 k		. 10.0	0			
Stock Exchange Luncheon, 13 Waii St., A. L. Lindley	. 1190	4 70		50.0	0	. 50.0	0			
Three Arts 340 W 85th St. Miss Harriet K. Hammond, President	1190	3 89	58	2 2.0						
Transportation, The, 42d St. and Madison Ave., John F. Fairlamb. Turf and Field, Belmont Park, John G. Livingston, 70 E. 45th St.	. 1189	51 35	3 Mon	5 25.0	0 25.0 e Non	0 50.0 e 50.0				
Underwriters' 16 Liberty St., F. R. Going	. 1189	181 45	2	5 Non	e Non e Non	e 25.0	01 10.00			
Union Fifth Ave. and 51st St., Chas. B. Beekman	<ul> <li>1183</li> </ul>	1,60	Non	e1300.0	01Non	e1125.0	0 None			
Union League, The, Fifth Ave. and 39th St., Henry C. Quinby University, 1 W. 54th St., S. H. Ordway	186	5 2,00	0 1.50	0/200.0	0   100.0	01 90.0	0 45.00			
University, 1 W. 54th St., S. H. Ordway University, 1 W. 54th St., S. H. Ordway Wood, 260 West Broadway, Wm. H. Arnold Women's University, 106 E. 52d St., Mrs. Thos. Louden	. 189	30	0 7	5 Non	e Non 0 15.0	e 60.0				
Vale at vanderbit Ave., J. Micis. Walton	. 1100	7 1,93			0 15.0		25.00			
Tale, so valed and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and			3 37.	115			banakia.			

a 127 clubs throughout United States. b Suburban 220, Life 50, Army and Navy 115; total membership 1,335; c Suburban initiation fee \$25, Army and Navy none. d Suburban annual dues \$30, Army and Navy none. e \$2 to \$100. f \$15 and \$25. e Professional membership, initiation fee, and annual dues, respectively, \$600. \$150 and \$45. h \$1 to \$25. d No resident and non-resident classification; only one class. f Suburban initiation fee \$30, annual dues \$30, L \$35 to \$100. l Total resident and non-resident. m Social \$15, Choral \$10. a Active. p Auxiliary. q Associate.

# DURATION OF SUNSHINE ON UNITED STATES TERRITORY.

DURATION OF SUNSHINE ON UNITED STATES TERRITORY.

The acquisition of Porto Rico, the Sandwich and Philippine Islands, and a portion of the Navigator or Samoan Group has very considerably affected the duration of continuous sunshine on our territory. The mathematical discussion of this subject would be out of place here, but any one who desires to inform himself on this matter can easily and satisfactorily do so by using a terrestrial globe having an artificial horizon attached to it, and carefully complying with the following instructions: Place the globe so that the North Pole shall be directed toward the north, and elevate it 23° above the horizon as indicated by the brass meridian. Assuming, of course, that the sun is in the zenith, this will be the position of the earth in reference to the sun at the Summer solstice, June 22. As we turn the globe on its axis from west to east, the sun will be rising at all places on the western and setting at all places on the eastern horizon, and we shall find on turning the globe through an entire revolution that some portion or other of our territory—including the included the continuous sunshine during the twenty-four hours. If we now depress the North Pole 23° below the horizon we shall have the relative position of things at the Winter solstice, December 22, and we shall find the opposite conditions to prevall; that is tegar, the sun will not now shine continuously on our territory, but some portion of it will always be involved in darkness or below the horizon.

QUALIFICATIONS FOR VOTING IN EACH STATE OR TERRITORY.
(Communicated to The World Almanac and corrected to date by the Attorneys-General of the respective States.)

In all the States except Arizona, California, Colorado, Idaho, Kansas, Montana, Nevada, Oregon, Utah, Washington, and Wyoming and the Territory of Alaska the right to vote at general elections is restricted to males of 21 years of age and upward. Women in Illinois, Iowa, and Michigan have a restricted vote and in several States are entitled to vote at school elections. (See article entitled "Woman Suffrage.")

PREVIOUS RESIDENCE							
STATE OR TERRI-	Requirements as to Citizenship	l		TIRED.		Persons Evaluded from Cuffre as	
TORY.	in the United States.	In State.	County.	Town.	in Pre-	Persons Excluded from Suffrage.	
Alabama .	Citizen of United States or alien who has deciared intention.			3 mo	3 mo	Convicted of treason or other felonies, idiots, vagrants, insane.	
Alaska Arizona Arkansas	Citizen of U. S., male or female. Citizen of U. S., male or female.	l yr.	30 dys.	30 dys	30 dys	leionies, idiots, vagrants, insane. Aliens and Indians. Idiot, insane, felon * (b). Idiots, insane, convicted of felony, failure to pay poli tax. Idiots, insane, embezziers of public propus convicted to	
California	who has declared intention. Citizen, male or female, by na-	l yr.	90 dys.		30 dys	ony, failure to pay poll tax. Idiots, insane, embezziers of pub-	
Colorado	prior to election) (d).	1 320	00 dve	30 dys	10 dys	ic moneys, convicted of in- famous crime*. Feions, insane.	
Conn	Citizen of United States	1 yr.	3 mo	6 mo	30 dve	Convicted of heinous crime.	
Florida	Citizen of the United States	l yr.	6 mo	6 mo	6 mo	Idiots, duellists. felons. Felons, idiots, and insane.	
Idaho	Citizen of United States Citizen of U. S. male or female.	1 yr. 6 mo.	30 dys.		3 mo	Idiots, insane, feions (j). Idiots, insane, felons, bigamists.	
Illinois Indiana	Citizen of the United States (e) Citizen of U.S. or alien who has declared intention (a)	l yr. 6 mo.	90 dys.	30 dys 60 dys	30 dys 30 dys	Felons, idiots, and insane. Idiots, insane, felons (j). Idiots, insane, felons, bigamists. Convicted of crime. Convicted of infamous crime (b).	
Iowa Kansas	Citizen of the United States (k). Citizen of U.S. male or female.	6 mo. 6 mo.	60 dys. 30 dys.	10 dys 30 dys	10 dys 10 dys	Idiots, Insane, felons, Convicted of treason or felony, Insane.	
Kentucky	Citizen of the United States (a).	1 yr.	6 mo		60 dys	Feions, idiots and insane.	
Maine	Citizen of the United States (c)	3 mo.	3 mo	3 mo	3 mo	Paupers, insane, Indians * ‡.	
Maryland Mass	Citizen of the United States	1 yr	6 mo	6 mo	6 mo	Paupers *.	
Michigan.	or anen who declared intention. Citizen of the United States (c). Citizen of the United States (c). Citizen of the United States. Citizen of the United States. Citizen (c). Citizen of U. S. or alien who declared intention 2 yrs, and 6 mos. prior to Nov. 8, 1894 (c). Citizen of United States (d).	6 mo.	20 dys.	20 dys	20 dys	Indians with tribal relations.	
Minn Miss	Citizen of United States (a) Citizen of the United States	6 mo. 2 yrs	30 dys. 1 yr	30 dys 1 yr	30 dys 1 yr	Insaue, idiots, Indians not taxed.	
Missouri	Cltizen of United States or allen who has declared intention.				ı		
	Citizen of U. S. male or female. Citizen of United States or alien						
Nevada	Citizen of U.S., male or female.	6 mo.	30 dys.	30 dys	30 dys	Idiots, insane, felons. Paupers, insane, idiots, felons. Idiots, paupers, insane, felons (b). Idiots, insane, felons 1. Offenders against elective franchise rights quitty of belory	
N. Jersey.	Citizen of the United States (a).	ì yr.	5 mo	0 1110	òò.	idiots, paupers, insane, felons (b).	
N. Mexico	Citizen of the United States (a).	l yr.	90 dys.	30 dys	30 dys	Offenders against elective fran-	
	election.	ĺ			1	betting on elections, and per-	
or town m	herwise qualified, but for sex may eetings to raise money by tax or as ed upon the last preceding assess	sessm	ent if sh	eowns	prop-	sons convicted of a feiony and not restored to citizenship by the Executive. Convicts in	
		1	ı	1 ma	1 ma	House of Refuge or Reform-	
N. Dak	Citizen of United States (a)	l yr.	6 mo	90 dys	90 dys	Felons, insanc, tribal Indians.	
Oklahoma	Citizen of the United States (a)	i yr.	6 mo	20 dys	30 dys	Felons, idiots, insane * ‡.	
Oregon	Citizen of U. S., male or female, or alien who declared intention more than 1 year prior to	6 mo.	30 dys.		30 dys	atory not disqualified.  Idiots, lunatics, felons Indians, Felons, Insane, tribal felons (b). Felons, idiots, insane * 1.  Idiots, insane * 2.  Idiots, insane, convicted of felony, U. S. soldiers and sailors.	
	ejection. Citizen of the United States at least one month.						
Porto Rico	Citizen of United States (f)	1 yr.		1 yr		Felons, insane (b).	
8. Car 8. Dak	Citizen of United States (f) Citizen of the United States Citizen of the United States (h). Citizen of United States or alien	2 yrs. 6 mo.	i yr 30 dys.	4 mo 10 dys	4 mo 10 dys	Felons, insane, paupers. Insane, felons, U. S. soldiers,	
Tenn	Citizen of the United States	1 yr.	6 mo	6 mo		Felons, failure to pay poll tax. Idiots, lunatics, felons, U. S.	
Utah	who has deciared intention. Citizen of U. S., male or female. Citizen of the United States	1 yr.	4 mo	3 mo	60 dys	soldiers, marines, and seamen Injots, insane, felons (b).	
Virginia.	Citizen of United States	2 yrs.	1 yr	1 yr	30 dys	local board of civil authority Idiots, lunatics, paupers (b) (f).	
Wash'n	Citizen of U.S., male or female. Citizen of the United States	1 yr.	90 dys. 60 dys.	30 dys 60 dys	30 dys	local board of civil authority Idiots, lunatics, paupers (b) (f). Idiots, lunatics, felons ‡. Idiots, lunatics, felons, Insane, felons, tribal Indians, Idiots, linsane, felons, unable to read State Constitution.	
Vis	Citizen of United States (a)	1 yr.	60 dys	10 dys	10 dys	Insane, felons, tribai Indians. Idiots, insane, felons, unable to	
и у опт	male or female.	1. ,	1 4,5.	1	1,5 4,5	read State Constitution.	

### QUALIFICATIONS FOR VOTING-Continued.

\*Or persons unable to read and write in English. † Or citizens of Mexico who desire to become citizens of Atlona under treaties of 1848 and 1854. † Indians who have not severed tribal relations. (a) Women can vote us school elections. (b) Also goodlers, sailors, and marines in U.S. service. (c) Women taxpayers can vote on tax propositions. (d) Or by Queretaro treaty. (e) Women can vote in all elections except those pertaining to Constitutional officers or Constitutional propositions. (f) Males born in Porto Rico who formally renounced allegiance to a foreign power. (g) One year's residence in the United States prior to election is required. (h) Who has paid six months before election all taxes then due, and can read and write any section of the State Constitution, or can show that he owns and has paid all taxes due the previous year on property in the State assessed at \$300 or more. (i) Failure to pay old tax. (j) Or those unable to speak, read and write the English or Hawalian language. (k) Women can vote in school and city elections. Residents of the District of Columbia never had the right to vote therein for national officers, or on other matters of national concern, after the territory embraced in it was ceded to the United States and became the seat of the general Government.

became the seat of the general Government.

#### REQUIREMENTS RECARDING REGISTRATION OF VOTERS.

The registration of voters is required in Alabama, Arizona, California, Colorado, Connecticut, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Hawaii, Idaho, Indiana, Iowa, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigau, Minnesota, Mississippi (four months before election), Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New Mexico, New York, North Carolina, North Dakota, Oklahoma, Oregou, Penusylvania (in cities), South Carolina, South Dakota, Tennessee, Utah, Vermont, Virginia, West Virginia, Wisconsin and Wyoning.

In Ohio it is required in cities of 11,800 to 100,000 population in Presidential years; annually in cities of 100,000 cover.

cities of 100,000 or over.

In Illinois registration of voters is required by law. In all incorporated cities, villages and towns which have adopted the Election Commissioner act of the State, persons not registered are not entitled to vote; but elsewhere generally they can vote if not registered by swearing in their votes, and producing one witness, a losescholder and registered voter of the voting district, as to their qualifications as electors severally.

In Journal to the voting of the voting district, as to their qualifications as electors severally.

qualifications as electors severally.

In Iowa in cities having 3,500 inhabitants. In Nebraska in cities of over 7,000 inhabitants.

In Kentucky in all cities of the first, second, third and fourth classes, in Kansas in cities of the first and second classes, in North Dakota in cities and villages of 800 inhabitants and over, in Ohio in cities of the first and second classes.

In Missouri it is required in cities of 100,000 inhabitants and over. In Oklahoma it is required in all cities of the first class. In Rhode Island non-taxpayers are required to register yearly before June 30. The registration of voters is not required in Arkansas or Texas. June 30. The registration of voters is not required in Arkansas or Texas.

In Washington registration of voters is required annually in all cities and towns, and in all voting precincts having a voting population of two hundred and fifty or more.

In Maine, in cities and towns of over 2,000 inhabitants.

#### PIERS IN MANHATTAN.

North	RIVER.	North	RIVER.
Pier 1	Pier	Pier	Pier
No. Street.	No. Street.	No. Street.	No. Street.
A & 1 Battery Place.	43 Barrow.	83 W. 43d.	94 W. 54th.
2-3   Battery Place &	44 Christopher.	84 W. 44th.	95 W. 55th.
Morris.	45 W. 10th.	85 W. 45th.	96 W. 56th.
4 Morris.	46 Charles.	86 W. 46th. 87 W. 47th.	97 W. 57th.
5-7 Morris & Rector	47 Perry.	87 W. 47th.	98 W. 58th.
8 Rector.	48 W. 11th.	88 W. 48th.	99 W. 59th.
9 Carlisie.	49 Bank.	89 W. 49th.	108 W. 70th. 114 W. 79th.
10 Albany.	50 Bethune & W. 12th.	90 W. 50th.	117 W. 96th.
11 Cedar.	51 Jane.	91 W. 51st. 92 W. 52d.	120 W. 130th.
13 Cortlandt & Dey.	52 Gansevoort.	92 W. 52u.	120 W. 150th.
14 Fulton.	53 Bloomfield.	EAST 1	RIVER.
15 Vesey & Barclay.	54 W. 13th.	4 Broad.	30 Pike & Market.
16 Barclay & Park Pl. 17 Park Pl.	56 W. 14th. 57 W. 15th.	5, 6, 7, 8 Coentles Silp.	31-32 Pike
17 Park Pl. 18 Murray.	58 W. 16th.	9 Coenties & Oid Slip.	33 Pike & Rutgers.
19 Warren.	59 W. 18th.	10 Oid Slip.	34 Rutgers.
20 Chambers.	60 W. 19th.	11 Gouverneur Lane.	36 Jefferson.
21 Duane.	61 W. 21st.	12-13 Wall.	37 Clinton.
22 Jay.	62 W. 22d.	14 Maiden Lane.	38 ( Clinton & Mont-
23 Harrison.	64 W. 24th.	15-16 Burling Slip.	) gomery.
24 Franklin.	65 W. 25th.	17 Fulton.	39 Montgomery.
25 North Moore.	66 W. 26th.	18 Beekman.	40-46, incl. J Gouverneur
26 Beach.	67 W. 27th.	19-20 Peck Stip.	\ & Jackson.
27 Hubert.	68 W. 28th.	21 Dover.	50, 51, 52   Rivington & Stanton.
28 Laight,	69 W. 29th.	22 James Slip.	Stanton.
29 Vestry.	70 W. 30th.	26-27 Catharine.	1 55 (new) E. 3d.
30 Vestry.	71 W. 31st.	28 (old) ∫ Dover &	66 E. 18th.
31 Watts.	72 W 32d.	\ Roosevelt.	67 E. 19th.
32-34 Canal.	73 W. 33d.	28 (new)   Catharine	70 E. 22d.
35 Spring.	74 W. 34th.	\ & Market.	89 E. 39th.
36 Spring & Charlton.	75 W. 35th. 76 W. 36th.	29 Market.	
37 Charlton.	76 W. 36th.	RECREATI	ON PIERS.
38 King.	77 W. 37th.		Foot of Barrow, N. R.
39 W. Houston.	78 W. 38th.		Foot of W. 50th.
40 Clarkson.	79 W. 39th.	Foot of E. 3d. Foot of E. 24th.	Foot of W. 129th.
41 Leroy.	80 W. 40th.	Foot of E. 112th.	Foot of Albany, N. R.
42 Morton.	81 W. 41st.	Foot of E. 112th	Troof of winguit, M. The

# PRIMARY ELECTIONS.

Two primary elections of importance were held in New York State in 1916, the first for the selection of four delegates-at-large of the various political parties to the National Conventions of their party, the second for the selection of candidates for State officers.

At the election for delegates at large of the Democratic Party and of the Republican Party for delegates to their respective National Conventions the following total vote was cast in each case:

William Church Osborn (Dem.), 114,532; Samuel Untermyer (Dem.), 111,629; George J. Meyer (Dem.), 111,600; James Λ. O'Gorman, 112,391.

(Dem.), 111,000; James A. O Gorman, 112,331. Oharles S. Whitman (Rep.), 149,813; James W. Wadsworth Jr. (Rep.), 147,474; Elon R. Brown (Rep.), 146,341; Frederick C. Tanner (Rep.), 144,523.

For two candidates for delegates at large to the National Progressive Convention the following vote

was cast: Oscar S. Straus, 6,875; Horace S. Wilkinson, 6,344.

For four candidates of the Prohibition Party for delegates-at-large to the Prohibition National Convention there were cast: Clinton N. Howland, 1.579; Olin S. Bishop, 1.548; Francis E. Baldwin, 1.557; Neil D. Craumer, 1.529.

win, 1,557; Neil D. Craumer, 1,529.

There was a contest in September, 1916, in the primaries for the momination of the Republican Party for Governor, Comptroller and United States Senator; in the Democratic Party for United States Senator; in the Progressive Party for Governor, Lieutenant-Governor, Secretary of State Comptroller, Treasurer, Attorney General, Chief Judge and United States Senator. The primary vote by counties of the Democratic Party for United States Senator and in the Republican Party for the offices of Governor, Comptroller and United States Senator were as follows:

COUNTIES.	GOVERNOR, REPUBLICAN		COMPTI REPUR	ROLLER, SLICAN		ENATOR, CRATIC.	U. S. SENATOR, REPUBLICAN.	
	Bennett	Whitman.	Travis.	Hooker.	McCombs	Conway.	Calder.	Bacon.
COUNTIES.  Albany Allegany Bronx Broome Cattaraugus Cayuga Chautauqua Chemung Chemango Chemung Chemango Chemung Chemango Chemung Chemango Chemung Chemango Chemung Chemango Chemung Chemango Chemung Chemango Chemung Chemango Chemung Chemango Chemung Chemango Chemung Chemango Chemango Dutchess Erie Essex Frie Essex Frie Essex Franklin Fulton Genesee Greene Hamilton Herklmet Jefferson Kings Lewis Livingston Monroe Monroe Monroe Monroe Monroe Monroe Monroe Ondaga Ontario Onondaga Ontario Orange Orleans Oswego Outego Putnam Queens Rensselaer Richmond Rockland St. Lawrenee Saratoga Schenectady Schoharie Seneca Seneca Steuben Suffolk Sullivan Tloga Tloga Tloga Tloga Troga Warren	REPUE Bennett  1.300 1.346 1.346 1.346 3555 6015 2557 6015 2557 2.811 3346 418 760 4.904 4.134 768 4.90 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.904 4.90	Miniman   16.399   16.399   2.098   2.098   2.098   2.098   2.098   2.098   2.098   2.098   2.098   2.098   2.098   2.098   2.098   2.098   2.092   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025   2.025	REPUR	LICAN	DEMOG	CRATIC.	REPUB	LICAN.
Washington Washington Westchester Wyoming Yates	737 311 2,026 320	3,239 2,262 9,989 2,254 1,069	2,668 1,667 9,302 1,379 831	693 622 1,400 727 275	331 283 3,646 182 127	440 427 861 118 91	1,803 490 5,510 1,012 499	1,817 2,082 6,362 1,375 782
Totals	44,720	254,177	216,878	₫ 53,710	99,307	52,756	153,373	144,366

#### PRIMARY ELECTIONS-Continued.

The contest for the primary nomination of the parties stated emded as follows: Independence League for Governor: Charles S. Whitman, 1,763: Samuel Seabury, 691. Progressive: Governor, Charles S. Whitman, 11,483: Samuel Seabury, 6,020. Lieutenant Governor, Progressive: Governor, Charles S. Whitman, 11,483: Samuel Seabury, 6,020. Lieutenant Governor, Progressive: L. Bradley Dorr, 7,390: Edward Schoeneck, 7,257. Progressive: Secretary of State, Francis M. Hugo, 10,079: Wendell P. Murray, 4,436. Progressive: Comptroller, Eugene M. Travis, 9,538: Lucius C. Tuckerman, 5,381. Progressive: Treasurer, Lucius P. Tucker, 7,655; Jannes L. Wells, 6,001. Progressive: Attorney General, Robert H. Elder, 7,171: Explust E. Woodbury, 6,443. 7,965; Almet F. Jenks 6,272. Progressive: United States Senator, Bainbridge Colby, 7,006; William M. Calder, 6,875.

Where there was no contest—Republican: Lieutenant Governor, Edward Schoeneck, 258,472: Secretary of State, Francis M. Hugo, 257,340;

Treasurer. James L. Wells. 251.416: Attorney General. Egburt E. Woodbury. 252.191: State Engineer. Frank M. Williams. 251.819; Chief Judge of the Court of Appeals. Frank H. Hiscock. 252.868: Associate Judge of the Court of Appeals. Cuthbert W. Pound. 246.651.

Where there was no contest—Democratic: Governor. Samuel Seabury. 158.718: Lieulenant-Governor. Thomas J. Kreuzer. 150.164: Scoretary of State. Frank M. Stare. 150.067: Comptroller, Joseph W. Masters 149.164: Treasurer. Maurice S. Cohen. 144.231: State Engineer. Henry R. Beebe. 147.557: Chief Judge of the Court of Appeals. Almet F. Jenks. 147.591; Associate Judge of the Court of Appeals. Joha T. Norton. 147.551: Extension of Appeals. Joha T. Norton. 147.551: Extension of Appeals. Joha T. Norton. 147.551: Associate Judge of the Court of Appeals. Cuthbert W. Pound. 12.649.

#### INTERNATIONAL PEACE FORUM.

To promote peace among the nations of the world, by encouraging a systematic study of the causes of war and the best methods to effect its abolition:

- 1. By the maintenance of a literary bureau for the moulding of public opinion regarding the various phases of the peace movement and the appailing nature and consequences of war;
- By conducting a speakers' bureau to secure representative men for mass meetings, religious and patriotic services, conferences, conventions, chautauquas and congresses;
- 3. By organizing in every State in the Union and throughout the world, auxiliaries of the forum, to be controlled and directed from the international headquarters;
- By creating public sentiment favorable to the establishment of a World Court for the judicial settlement of International disputes;
- 5. Also to work for the establishment of peace in the industrial world, by diffusing information relating to economic questions, and thus safeguard the rights of life, liberty and property—securing such conditions of industrial and economic competition as are fundamental to the peace of the world.

The forum in endeavoring to bring about industrial peace is striving for the enactment of a measure which will make illegal the calling of a strike until the lapse of a fixed period of time for the purpose of investigation by an impartial tribunal, which shall render a report on the merits of the controversy. Official organ The World Court, published monthly.

Honorary President—Hon. William H. Taft; President—John Wesley Hill; Vice-Presidents—Andrew Carnegie, Charles W. Fairbanks, Alton B. Parker; Treasurer—Henry Clews. Headquarters, 18 East Forty-first Street, New York City.

#### THE AMERICAN SOCIETY; A FEDERATION FOR NATIONAL UNITY.

INCOMPORATED under the laws of the State of New York. Acting President and First Vice-President—Caspar F. Goodrich. Second Vice-President—Jacob M. Dickinson. Treasurer—Perley Morse. Secretary— Aldrew B. Humphrey.

#### Board of Directors-John A. Stewart, Chairman, 233 Broadway, New York City.

A. B. Humphrey	Robert C. Morris			(William A. Paton
				John McCullagh
William A. Shanklin				George H. Denny
Charles S. Davison	Franklin H. Giddings			Robt. M. Thompson
	Jacob M. Dickinson			Edward W. Hatch
William C. Demorest	Newcomb Carlton	Charles M. Turner	William B. Howland	Leomard Wood

The purposes of the society are:
1. To foster Americanism in the citizenship of the
United States.

United States.

2. To bring together into a closer union, through the use o, the federation idea, all those societies, associations, and general organizations, and all individuals engaged in any work which tends toward the use of our National language and an understanding of American laws and institutions.

3. To bring into mutual understanding all resident

aliens intending to become citizens, all naturalized citizens, and all native citizens.

4. To aid in upholding the fundamental institu-

tions of the United States and in fostering American ideals and loyalty to our common American destiny; and to that end to foster patriotism and inculcate in all the people a spirit of single-minded allegiance to our country and our fig.

5. The principal offices of the said society shall be tions of the United States and in fostering American

our country and our nag.

5. The principal offices of the said society shall be in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, and the society shall have power to conduct its operations in all its branches, or in any part or parts thereof, in any of the States, Territories, and possessions of the United States, including the District of Columbia, and have a said foreign countries where American attracts. in any or all foreign countries where American citizens reside.

### COOPER UNION FOR THE ADVANCEMENT OF SCIENCE AND ART.

Incorporated 1857. An institution located at Seventh Street and Third 'Avenue, New York City, devoted to the instruction and improvement of the inhabitants of the United States in practical science and art. Maintains free day and evening classes for men and women at least/16 years of age. A free library, reading-room, lecture courses, etc. Supported by income from endowments and voluntary contributions, Receipts in 1915, \$192,836; expenditures, \$195,122; permanent fund, \$4,237,950. President—R. Fulton Cutting. Director—Charles R. Richards. Assistant Secretary—L. C. L. Jordan.

#### EUROPEAN WAR CHRONOLOGY.

SEE INDEX FOR "RECORD OF EVENTS" ALSO.

Dec. 15—Gen. Sir Douglas Haig appointed Com-

Dec. 15—Gen. Sir Douglas Haig appointed Commander-in-Chief of the British armies in France and Belgium, succeeding Field Marshal Sir John French,
Dec. 20—A Russian squadron bombarded the Bulgarian forts at Varna,
Dec. 21—French troops in Alsace captured German trenches at Hartmannsweilerkonf (a Vosges peak)—Jananese steamer Yasaka Maru sunk by a submarine in the Mediterranean.
Dec. 22—Important changes in British commands and army staffs were appropried.

and army staffs were announced.

Dec. 25—King Peter of Serbia, arrived in Italy on an Italian warship after a flight through

Dec. 27—45,000 British Indian troops, for more than a year on the firing line in France and Belgium, were withdrawn for service in another field of action. Dec. 29—Austrian squadron bombarding Durazzo. Albania, driven off by Italian and other allied

ships. ec. 30—British passenger steamer Persia was sunk near Alexandria. Egypt. 1916. Dec.

n. 1—A Russian offensive against Austro-Hungarian forces in Galicia and Bukowina gained headway.

Jan. 2—Figures compiled at Washington showed that during the first year of the war (up to Aug. 1, 1915) the Entente powers lost 71 warships, of 327,000 tone, while Germany, Austria and Turkey tost 89 ships, of 262,000

Anstria and Turkey tost 89 ships, of 262,000 tons.

Jan, 5—Premier Ascaith introduced a Compulsory Service Bill in the House of Commons.

Jan, 6—Nancy, France, bombarded by 15-inch zuns at a distance of 15 miles.

Jan, 9—British and Fremor forces entirely withdrawn from the Gallipoli Peninsula. Attempt to force the Dardanelles abandoned—Loss by mine of British battleship King Edward VII. announced: crew received—German attacks in the Champagne repulsed—German War Office announced the recapture of positions near Hartmannswellerkonf, in Alsace.

Jan, 11—Austrian force captured Montenegrin stronghold on Mount Loveen
Jan, 13—Cettinle. capital of Montenegro, taken by Russian army,

Jan, 18—An official Austrian statement declared

that the Russian offensive in Galicia was brought to an end on Jan, 15 with a loss of

brought to an end on Jan. 15 with a loss of Jan. 21—Russia reported the continued rout of Turkish forces in the Caucasus the Russian armies advancing to the forts of Erzerum. Jan. 28—German offensive in the Artois district broke through French lines at three points, Jan. 29-30—Zeppelins in night raids dropped bombs on Paris.

Jan. 31—Zeppelins dropped more than 200 bombs over Northern England.

Feb. 1—German prize crew brought into Hampton Roads, Va., Ertish passenger liner Appam, Feb. 8—North of Arras, France, Germans carried half a mile of French trenches, Feb. 9—Russians capture Uscleczko, on Dniester, threatening Czernowitz.

Feb. 11—In Champagne district French broke through German line and captured trenches 300 yards long.

Feb. 12—The Germans carried 700 yards of

xards long.

Feb. 12—The Germans carried 700 yards of French trenches in Chambagne district.

Feb. 14—In the Ypres region Germans captured British positions over a front of half a mile—The British Government called out all of the remaining eligible unmarried men in England. Scotland and Wales.

Feb. 16—Russian army captured Turkish fortress at Erzerum. Armenia.

Feb. 19—Germans took 400 yards of British trenches north of Ypres.

Feb. 21—Germans captured French trenches in the Forest of Givenchy.

23-Portuguese Government seized 36 German

Feb. 25—Portuguese Government seized 36 German and Austrian merchant ships interned at Lisbon, Feb. 25—Fort Donamont, five miles from Verdun, captured by Germans, but, later won back by French—Persian city of Kermanshah captured by Russian armies.

Feb. 26—Gen. Kuropatkin appointed Commander-in-Chief of Russian armies on northern front.

eb. 27—French auxiliary cruiser Provence sunk while carrying troops in the Mcditerranean. Over 3.000 lives lost. eb. 28—French checked German advance on

Feb. 20-Verdun.

Feb. 29—Germans made important gains at Verdun—Italian Government requisitioned 34 German steamers interned in Italian ports. March 2—Germans gained at Donaumont—Russians take city of Bitlis, Armenia, March 5—Three Zeppelins made night raid over east coast of England.

March 6—Village of Forges, at Verdun, captured by Germans.

March 7—Germans took village of Fresnes at March 7-Verdun,

March 8—Germany declared war on Portugal. March 10—German attack on Verdun centred on Vaux.

March 14-Italian armies attacked whole Isonzo

March 15—Grand Admiral von Tirpitz resigned as German Minister of Marine—Dutch passenger steamer Tubantia sunk by a mine or torpedo.

steamer Tubantia sunk by a mine or torpedo.

March 18—French and German aeroplane squadrons battle in Upper Alsace: 4 French and
3 German machines destroyed—French destroyer Renaudin sunk by submarine.

March 19—Four German seaplanes drop bombs on southeast coast of England.

March 29—Germans assembled Malancourt Wood, Verdun.

Verdun.

March 22—Minneapolis, used as British transport, torpedoed by submarine.

March 24—British steamer Sussex struck by a mine or torpedo; remained afloat,

March 25—British aeroplanes attacked German airship shed in northern Schleswig.

March 27—British troops carried 600 yards of German trenches at St. Eloi, Belgium.

March 30—Franco-Russian hospital ship Portugal sunk by submarine,

March 31—Germans completed their occupation of village of Vaux—Zeppelin L-15 destroyed by gunfire during a raid over England.

April 1—French at Verdun recovered part of Vaux.

April 1 Vaux. April 7—Germany concluded a commercial treaty with Roumania, April 8—At Verdun, French withdrew from

April 7—Germany concluded a commercial treaty with Roumania,
April 8—At Verdun, French withdrew from Bethincourt,
April 9—German forces at Verdun attacked enemy on a front of more than twelve miles,
April 11—Allies landed on Cephalonia Island in Ionian Sea,
April 14—Three British naval aeroplanes dropped bombs on Constantinople,
April 15—French attacked German position at Fort Douaumont,
April 18—Trebizond, fortified Turkish Black Sea port, captured by Russian armies,
April 19—Italians captured the summit of Col di Lani-North of Ypres, Germans carried 650 yards of British trenches,
April 29—An attempt to land German arms in Ireland thwarted by British naval patrol; Sir Roger Casement made prisoner,
April 23—Turkish forces in Egypt destroyed a British camp near Quatia, east of the Suez Canal, taking 300 prisoners.
April 24—Revolution broke out in Dublin,
April 25—German battle-cruiser squadron, with submarines and Zeppelins, attacked cruisers Lowestoft and Varmouth—British submarines Lowestoft and Varmouth—British submarine E-22 sunk—More Russian troops arrived at Marseilles,

April 27—British battleship Russell unk by mine in the Mediterranean—German submarine sunk off coast of England: crew made prisoners.

April 28—British and Indian troops at Kut-el-Amara surrendered to Turks—Germans south of Narocz Lake took 5,600 Russian prisoners, April 29-Revolution in Ireland crumbled before

armed forces of the empire.

April 30—German attack on Verdun revived with assaults against Dead Man's Hill.

May 1—Dr. Karl Liebknecht arrested in Berlin.
May 3—Three leaders of Irish rebelliom convicted
of treason and shot—Zeppelin L-20 abandoned
on coast of Norway, near Stavanger.

on coast of Norway, near Savanger.
May 5—Zeppelin passing over harbor of Salonica destroyed by gunfire from allied fleet.
May 5-6—Germans destroyed French trenches on north side of Lill 304, Verdun.
May 8—Cymric sunk by German summarine off Hill occast—Germans reached summit of Irish c Hill 304

Hill 304,
May 12—James Connolly, commander-in-cluief of
Irish revolutionists, executed,
May 15—Austrians took 2500 Italian prisoners
near Trent—British, at Vimy Ridge, carried 350
yards of German trenches,
May 17—Sir Roger Casement held for trial on
charge of high treason—Austrians captured
4,000 prisoners and forced Italians to abandon
some advanced positions in the Trentino region—Three German ships sunk by British
submarine off Swedish coast,
May 20—British army in Tigris Valley joined by
Russian cavalry,

Russian cavalry
May 21—Third month of Battle of Verdun hegan—Germans renewed assaults on Dead Man's
Hill and Hill 304—French retook Haudromont quarries.

Guarries,
May 22—French recaptured part of Fort Douanmont—German attack at Vimy Ridge carried a
mile of British trenches,
May 23—A War Food Department created in
Germany—In western Soudan, British defeat
native followers of the Sultan of Dafur,
May 24—Germans took Cumieres and recaptured
Fort Douatmont.
May 25—King George signed the British Compulsory Military, Service Bill.
May 26—Bulgarian troops entered Greece,
May 31—British and German fleets fought off
coast, of Jutland—Russian armies compelled to
evacuste Mamakhatan, Armenia
June 1—Germans took Gaillette Wood at Verdun,
June 2—German attack on Verdun centred near
Fort Vaux.
June 4—Russian ermies started offensive against

June 4—Russian armies started offensive against Austro-Hungarian lines in Volhynia, Galicia and Bukowina.

June 5—Earl Kitchener and staff went down with cruiser Hampshire off Orkney Islands, June 6—Fort Vaux wholly occupied by Germans, June 11—Italian Cabinet, headed by Premier

June 11—Italian Cabinet, headed by Fremier Salandar, resigned.
June 13—Canadhar Coops retook their old position of the coops retook their old position of the coops retook their old position of the coops retook their old position of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coops of the coo

eastern Gancia—Blockade of Greece by alines raised, July 4—The Germans again captured Thiaumont, July 6—David Lloyd George appointed Secretary for War in Great Britain, July 67—British resumed offensive north of Somme and took 3,000 yards of German trenches.

tremones.
July 11—Germans at Verdun advanced east of
the Meuse.
July 14—British penetrated second line of German trenches north of the Somme.

July 22—Russian troops in Riga district broke through German positions, through German positions, July 23—British gained foothold in fortified village of Pozieres, in the Somme district, July 25—Russians took from Turks the Zrzingan

19 25—Russians took 175... fortifications. aly 28—Russian armies in northern Galicia captured Brody—British wholly occupied Del-ville Wood and village of Longueval in the July

ville Wood and village of Somme region.

Aug. 3—At Verdun, French retook village of Fleury—Roger Casement hanged at London—It was learned that Italian passenger steamer Letimbro had been sunk by a submarine in the Mediterranean with heavy loss

of life.

Aug. 4—French recaptured Thiaumont field work
for the fourth time—Turkish attack on British
protecting Suez Canal at Romani decisively

repulsed.

Aug. 6—Russian forces crossed the Sereth and
Graberka Rivers and captured six villages from

Graperka rivers and captitud six villages from the Austrians. Aug. 7—Italian forces on the Isonzo front cap-tured Monte Sabotino and Monte San Michele. Aug. 8—Turkish troops forced Russian evacuation of Bitlis and Mush.

of Bitlis and Mush.

Aug. 9—Italian troops crossed Isonzo River and occupied Austrian city of Goeritz—German airships at night raided eastern coast of England, Aug. 10—Austrians evacuated Stanislau, protecting the road to Lemberg—Allied forces captured Doiran, near Salonica, from Bulkarians.

Aug. 11—Turkish forces drove Russians from Hamadan Persia—French troops north of the Somme attacked third German line,

Aug. 19—British light cruisers Nottingham and Falmouth sunk by German submarines in North Sci

North Sea.
Aug. 24—French complete their occupation of
Maurepas, north of the Somme—The Russian
War Department announced the recapture of

War. Department announced the recapture of Mush, in Armenia.

Aug. 27—Italy declared war on Germany—Roumania entered the war on the side of the allies. Aug. 29—Field Marshal von Hindenburg became Chief of Staff of the German armies, succeeding Gen. von Falkenhayn.

Aug. 30—Austro-Humgarian troops were withdrawn hefore the Roumanian armies, which seized all of the five Carrathian passes into Hungary—Russians renewed their offensive against the Austro-German lines in Galicia.

Sept. 2—British and French Governments demanded of Greece control of the postal and telegraph systems.

Sept. 3—Allies renewed their offensive north

Sept. 3—Allies renewed their offensive north of the Somme River—Bulgarian and German troops invaded Roumania in the Dobrudja

troops invaded Rommania in the Dodruga-district. Sept. 7—The Rommanian fortress of Tutrakan captured by Bulgarian and German troops— Rommanians took Bulgarian city of Orsova. Sept. 10—Bulgarian-German army captured fort-ress Sillstria, in the Dobrudia district. Sept. 11—Belgian forces in German East Africa, after 10 days' fightica, took Tabora, principal city of the colony.

city of the colony. Sept. resigned.

resigned.
Sept. 14—British used for first time a new style of armored and armed motor trucks capable of crossing trenches and shell holes.
Sept. 15—Italians began a new offensive against the Austrians on the Carso Plateau.
Sept. 18—Franco-Russian troops in Macedonia occupied town of Florina.
Sept. 23—Twelve Zeppelins raided London by

Scott. 23—Twelve Zeppenus strain raid over night.
Sept. 25—Another German airship raid over hombs on

Sept. 25—Another German airship raid over England.
Oct. 1.—Ten Zeppelin airships dropped bombs on the east coast of England.
Oct. 2.—Roumanian army invaded Bulgaria and was routed by Germans and Bulgarians under Field Marshal von Mackensen.
Oct. 4.—French auxiliary cruiser Gallia and Cunard steamship Françonia sunk by German submarines in the Mediterranean.
Oct. 7.—British and French troops in the Sommo district advanced on a front of ten miles.

#### EUROPEAN WAR CHRONOLOGY-Continued.

Oct. 8—Six merchant steamships sunk off Nantucket, Mass., by a German submarine.
Oct. 11—Upon demand of Great Britain and France the entire Greek fleet and sea coast forts were turned over to the allies or

dismantled.

dismantled.

Oct. 17—Germans attacked upon the Russian lines sontheast of Lemberg.

Oct. 18—Germans lanched an attack against Russian line from the Pinsk marshes to Roumania (300 miles).

Oct. 19—Cunard liner Alannia sunk by a mine in the English Channel.

Oct. 21—Bulgar-Turco-German army in Dobrudja district resumed attack upon Russians and Roumanians—In Thiepval area of Some battle British advanced from 300 to 500 yards on a front of nearly three miles.

Oct. 23—Constanza, Roumania, captured by the Bulgar-Turco-German army.

Bulgar-Turco-German army.

Oct. 24—At Verdun, French penetrated German lines to a depth of two miles, winning back the fort and village of Donaumont, the Thiaumout field work. Haudromont Quarries and Caillette

fort and village of Donaumont, the Thiaumout field work. Haudromont Quarries and Caillette Wood.

Oct. 25—Cernavoda, at the head of the Ronmanian bridge across the Danube, occupied by Gen. von Mackensen's army-Roumanians destroyed the Io-mile bridge across the river and adjoining swamps—Gen. von Falkenhavn recaptured Vulcan Pass—Left wing of allied armies in Macedonia joined with right wing of Italian army in Albania, combleting a line from the Adriatic to the Aegean Sea—German torpedo boats made a night attack on the British cross Clannel transport service.

Oct. 28—British merchant steamer Marina sunk by a submarine off Irish coast—Capt. Bodke, German aviator, killed in an air collision—A German newspaper, duoting official statistics of Carl (12), 25 anemy ships had been sunk besides 200 neutral vessels carrying contraband.

Nov. 1--A new Italian offensive on the Carso Plateau from Goeritz to the Adriatic broke the Austrian line at several points and resulted in the capture of nearly 5,000 prisoners.

Nov. 2—Germans at Verdun evacuated Fort Vaux, Nov. 5—A new kingdom of Poland was proclaimed by the Emperors of Germany and Austria-Hungary, confined to territory conquered from Nov. 6—British steamer Arabia torpedoed and

Hungary, conlined to territorial Russia.

Nov. 6—British steamer Arabia torpedoed and sunk in the Mediterranean; passengers rescued.

Nov. 7—Cardinal Mercier, Primate of Belgium, issued a protest to the world against the deportation of Belgiam citizens to Germany—American steamer Columbian from Boston to Italy, sunk by German submarine off Spain; crew reacued.

Nov. 8—Transsivania, Hungary, again invaded by a Russian army.

crew rescued.

Nov. 8—Transylvania, Hungary, again invaded by
a Russian army.

Nov. 19—Austro-German forces in the Stokhod
region of Volhynia took the first line of Russian
trenches and nearly 4,000 prisoners—British
and German aeroplane squadrons, comprising
more than 60 machines, met in battle over the

Somme front.

Nov. 10—Serbian army recaptured the last height dominating Cerna Valley and the road to

Monastir.

Nov. 12—French captured Saillisel in the Somme section. Section.

Nov. 13—British launched a new offensive against German line in France on both sides of the Ancre Brook, at the northern end of the Somme battle line.

Nov. 14—British captured fortified village of

Beaucourt in their advance in the Ancre region.

region,

Nov. 16—Serbian. French and Russian troops
advanced six miles toward Monastir.

Nov. 19—Serbian and other troops of the allied
army in Macedonia entered Monastir, the first
city to be reconquered from the Bulgarians
and Germans—German troops completed their
passage through the Transylvania Alps and
entered the plains of Western Roumania—Commander of allied fleet in Greek waters ordered
German, Austrian, Bulgarian and Turkish Ministers and their staffs to leave for their respective countries.

Nov. 21—British hospital ship Britannic sunk by
a mine in Aegean Sea.

Nov. 21—Eritish hospital ship Britannic sunk by a mine in Acçeau Sea.

Nov. 23—Roumanian army retreated 90 miles from Bucharest, leaving 10,000 square miles in Teuton hands—Allied troops advanced north of Monastir, taking Dobromir.

Nov. 24—German and Bulgarian troops crossed the Danube and took a stand 50 miles from Bucharest—Orsova and Turnu-Severin taken from Roumanians—Greek royalist troops refused to leave Katarina—Gen, Sarrail's Italian forces pushed abad west of Monastir.

Nov. 25—Greek Provisional Government declared war on Germany and Bulgaria—Petrograd and Bucharest both admitted Teutonic forces had crossed Danube and held both sides of the mouth of the Alt—British naval planes invaded Bavaria.

mouth of the Alt-British naval planes invaded Bavaria.

Nov. 26—Von Mackensen's troops attacked Alexandria, 47 miles from Bucharest—Roumanian army retreated from the east bank of the Alt-Romnie Valcea, 100 miles from Bucharest fell to the Germans.

Nov. 27—French Zonaves and Serbian infantry took Hill 1,050, northeast of Monastir, according to allied report; Berlin declared the attack repulsed—Roumanians driven from the whole Alt valley—Alexandria fell.

Nov. 28—Roumanian Government left Bucharest for Jassy as Teutons closed in about the capital—Greece appealed to neutrals, declaring that the Government was being coerced by the Entente allies.

Nov. 30—Von Mackensen's armies of Germans, Bulgars and Turks only 16 miles from Bucharest, Dec. 1—Gianntic battle razing along a 600—mile front, from the Danube to the Stokhod, from Bucharest to Kovel; troops of 7 nations engaged. Bavaria.

engaged. engaged. ec. 2—Battle raging about Height 1,050, north-

Dec. 2—Battle raging about Height 1,050, north-east of Monastir.

Dec. 3—Premier Asquith, it was officially an-nounced had decided to advise the reconstruc-tion of the Government,

Dec. 4—Germans smashing the defence of Bucharest from all directions.

Dec. 5—Herbert H. Asquith resigned the British Premiership,

Dec. 6—German Crown Prince made his first attack at Verdum since the French victory in October.

Dec. 7—David Lloyd George accepted British post of Prime Minister and First Lord of the Treasury.

Treasury.
Dec. 8—Roumanian army, trapped in Prahova
Valley, surrendered to Gen, von Mackensen's

forces. ec. 10—Official announcement made of the names of those constituting the new British Dec.

Government, Dec. 12—Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg announced to the Reichstag that Germany and her allies proposed to enter forthwith into peace negotiations.

PAWNBROKERS' RECULATIONS IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK.

Pawnbrokers in New York City are regulated by statute. The rate of interest fixed by law is 3 per cent, a month or any fraction of a month for the first six months, and 2 per cent, per month for each succeeding month upon any loan not exceeding \$100, and 2 per cent, a month for the first six months, and 1 per cent, a month for each succeeding month on any loan exceeding \$100. Pledges amnot be sold until after they have been kept one year, and then at public auction by a licensed auctioneer, after publication of at least six days in two daily newspapers designated by the Mayor, Pawnbrokers pay a yearly license fee of \$500 to the city and are under the control of the Mayor, The license is issued through the Department of Licenses, and their books must be kept open to the Mayor, Criminal Courts, Magistrates, Police and Department of Licenses.

#### IMPORTANT PEACE MOVEMENTS.

IMPORTANT PEACE MOVEMENTS.

In the first century a temple was dedicated to peace by Vespasian. From that time on there were peace conferences held at various times, including the Peace of Religion signed at Augsburg on September 15, 1555; the unsuccessful conference between Benjamin Franklin, John Adams, and Edward Rutledge, appointed by the United States Congress, and Admiral Howe, September 11, 1776, and the United States Treaty of 1814. It was not, however, until 1815 that the first peace society in the world was organized. It was called the New York Peace Society. In 1828 a national organization was formed and into this the State societies merged. On February 4, 1861, a peace conference was held in Washington, D. C., to prevent the Civil War in the United States.

International Peace Congresses were held in the following cities: London, 1843, 1851, 1890, 1908; Brussels, 1848, 1852; Paris, 1849, 1878, 1889, 1900; Frankfort, 1850; Edinburgh, 1853; Geneva, 1867, 1912; Berne, 1884, 1892; Rome, 1891; Chicago, 1893; Antwerp, 1894; Budapest, 1896; Hamburg, 1897; Glasgow, 1910; The Hague, 1913.

National Peace Congresses were held in the United States in New York City, 1907; Chicago, 1909; Baltimore, 1911; St. Louis, 1913.

The first Hague conference was held May 18, 1899, with twenty-six nations represented; the second was held June 15, 1907, with forty-four nations.

PEACE TREATIES.								
Countries.	Where Concluded.	Date.	Countries.	Where Concluded.	Date.			
America-England (War of 1812) American Civii War.‡	Ghent		France-China	Tlen-Tsin Tien-Tsin Tilsit	June 26, 1858 June 9, 1885 July 7, 1807			
Argentina, Brazil, Chile Austria-Prussia Austria - Prussia with	Prague	May 25, 1915 Aug. 23, 1866 Oct. 30, 1864	French Republic-Ger-	Luneville	Oct. 14, 1809 Feb. 9, 1801			
Austria-ItalyAustria-France and Sar-	Vlenna	Oct. 3, 1866 Nov. 10, 1859	France-Spain Greece-Turkey	Amiens Constanti-	Mar. 27, 1802 *Dec. 4, 1897			
Charles VI. of Germany and Louis XV. of		,	Hungary-Prussia and Saxony Italy-Turkey	Dresden	Dec. 25, 1745 Oct. 18, 1912			
China-Japan	Shimonoscki. Paris	April 17, 1895 Sept. 3, 1783	Prussia-Saxony Russia-Turkey Russia-Turkey	Berlin San Stefano Adrianople	Oct. 21, 1866 Mar. 3, 1878 Sept. 14, 1829			
England-South Africa England-France-Spain- Holland-Germany	Ryswick	SeptOct., 1667		Paris	May 28, 1812 Mar. 30, 1856			
Ferdinand II. and Sax-	Prague	May 30, 1635	Russia-Japan Saxony-Prussia-Ba- varia	N. H	Sept. 5, 1905 Feb. 15, 1763			
France-Spain	l peile	May 2, 1668	Spain-United States Sweden-Poland - Bran-	Paris	Dec. 10, 1898			
France and Allied Pow-	Nimeguen	Aug. 10, 1678	Turkey-Austria Turkey with Germany,	Belgrade	Sept. 18, 1739			
ers	Paris Presburg Pyrences	Nov. 7, 1659	Turkey-Balkan Allies	Carlowitz London	†May 31, 1913			
France-Spaln Pyrenees Nov 7, 1659 Turkey-Balkan Allies London   May 31, 1913   Freilminaries signed at Constantinople September 13, 1897. † War was resumed. Final treaty signed at Bucharest August 10, 1913. Turkey-Bulgaria, September 29, 1913. ‡ Amnesty proclaimed by								

signed at Bucharest August 10, 1913. Turkey-Bulgaria, September 29, 1913. ‡ Amnesty proclaimed by the President May 29, 1865.

The following peace treaties were also signed: Terminating the War of the Austrian Succession, Ark-la-Chapelle, October 7, 1748; settling the Eastern Question: Germany, Russia, Turkey, Great Britain, Austria, France, and Italy, Berlin, July 13, 1878; cession by Austria to France, Campo Formio, October 17, 1797; independence of Crimea, etc.; Russia and Turkey, Kutschouc Kanardij, July, 1774; on behalf of Greece: Great Britain, Russia, and France, London, July 6, 1827; settling the relations between Turkey and Egypt, London, July 15, 1840; cession by Sweden to Russia, Nystadt, August 30, 1721; cession of Canada to Great Britain by France and Florida by Spain, Parls, February 10, 1763; cession by France to Sweden, Parls, January 6, 1810; terminating the War of the Spanish Succession, Utrecht, April I1, 1713; ending the Thirty Years' War, Westphalia, October 24, 1648. The neutrality of Belgium was guaranteed by treaty between Prussia, Austria, Great Britain, France, Russia, and the Netherlands and was signed in London April 19, 1839, and ratified between the contracting powers in 1870.

\*\*NUTERNATIONAL, PEACE PLAN—PRESIDENT WILSON'S PEACE PROPOSAL.\*\*

# INTERNATIONAL PEACE PLAN-PRESIDENT WILSON'S PEACE PROPOSAL.

INTERNATIONAL PEACE PLAN—PRESIDENT WILSON'S PEACE PROPOSAL.

The parties hereto agree that all questions of whatever character and nature in dispute between them shall, when diplomatic efforts fail, be submitted for investigation and report to an international commission (the composition to be agreed upon); and the contracting parties agree not to dectare war or begin hostilities until such investigation is made and report submitted.

The investigation shall be conducted, as a matter of course, upon the initiative of the commission, without the formality of a request from either party; the report shall be submitted within (time to be agreed upon) from the date of the submission of the dispute, but the parties hereto reserve the right to act independently on the subject matter in dispute after the report is submitted. (For Supplementary Memorandum by the Secretary of State, see Word Jalmanko of 1915, p. 734.)

Treaties embracing this peace plan have been signed up to December 15, 1916, by thirty countries, as follows:

follows:					
Salvador. Guatemaia. Panama. Honduras.	Portugal. Persia.	Dominican Republic.	Peru. Uruguay. Argentina.	Paraguay. Great Britain. France.	China. Russia. Ecuador. Greece. Sweden.

All of these treaties, with the exception of those with the Dominican Republic and Panama, have been approved by the Senate, and the treaties with Guatemala, Great Britain, Costa Rica, Norway, Portugal, Paraguay, Spain, Peru, Bolivia, Sweden, Denmark, France, Russla. Uruguay, Italy, China, Chile Brazil, Venezuela, Ecuador, Honduras and Brazil have become effective by the exchange of ratifications

#### THE TEUTONIC PEACE PROPOSAL.

TO THE NEUTRAL POWERS.

BERLIN, Dec. 12, 1916-Following is the text of the note addressed by Germany and her allies to the neutral powers for transmission to the Entente

many and her allies to the neutral powers for transmission to the Entente allies?

"The most terrific war experienced in history has been raging for the last two years and a half over a large part of the world—a catastrophe which thousands of years of common civilization was unable to prevent and which injures the most precious achievements of humanity.

"Our aims are not to slatter nor annihilate our adversaries. In spite of our consciousness of our military and economic strength and our readiness to continue the war (which has been forced upon us) to the bitter end, if necessary; at the same time, prompted by the desire to avoid further bloodshed and make an end to the atroctites of war, the four allied powers propose to enter forthwith into peace negotiations.

"The propositions which they bring forward for such negotiations, and which have for their object a guarantee of the existence, of the honor and liberty of evolution for their nations, are, according to their firm helief, an appropriate basis for the establishment of a lasting peace.

"The four allied powers have been obliged to take up arms to defend justice and the liberty of national evolution. The glorious deeds of our armies have in no way altered their purpose, We always maintained the firm helief that our own rights and justified claims in no way control the rights of these nations,

"The spiritual and material progress which were the pride of Europe at he beginning of the twentieth century are threatened with ruin. Germany and her allies, Austria-Hungary, Bulgaria and Turkey, gave proof of their unconquerable strength in this struggle. They gained gigantic advantages over adversaries superior in number and war material. Our lines stand unshaken against ever-repeated attempts made by armies.

"The last attack in the Balkaus has been rapidly and victoriously overcome. The most recent events have demonstrated that further continuance of the war will not result in breaking the resistance of our forces, and the whole situation with regard to our ir

#### TO THE VATICAN.

BERLIN, Dec. 12, 1916—The note of the German Government, as presented by Dr. von Muhlberg, German Minister to the Vatican, to Cardinal Gasparri, Papal Secretary of State, reads as follows:

Secretary of State, reads as follows:

"According to instructions received, I have the honor to send to Your Eminence a copy of the declaration of the Imperial Government to-day which by the good offices of the powers intrusted with the protection of German interests in the countries with which the German Empire is in a state of war, transmits to these states, and in which the Imperial Government, declares itself ready to enter into peace negotiations. The Austro-Hungarian, Turkish and Bulgarian Governments also have sent similar notes.

"The reasons which promoted Germany and her allies to take this step are manifest. For two years and a half a terrible war has been devastating the European Continent. Unlimited treasures of civilization have been destroyed. Millions of brave soldiers have fallen in battle

PEACE PROPOSAL.

and millions have returned home as invalids. Grief and sorrow fill almost every house.

"Not only upon the belligerent nations but also upon neutrals, the destructive consequences of the gigantic stringle weigh heavily. Trade and commerce, carefully built up in years of peace, have been depressed. The best forces of the nation have been withdrawn from the production of useful objects. Europe, which formerly was devoted to the propagation of religion and civilization, which was trying to find solutions for social problems, and was the home of science and art and all peaceful labor, now resembles an immense war canny, in which the achievements and works of many decades are doomed to annihilation.

"Germany is carrying on a war of defence against her enemies, which aim at her destruction. She fights to assure the integrity of her frontiers and the liberty of the German nation, for the right which she claims to develop freely her intellectual and economic energies in peaceful competition and on an equal footing with other nations. All the efforts of their enemies are unable to shatter the heroic armies of the (Teutonic) allies, which protect the frontiers of their countries, strengthened by the certainty that the enemy shall never pierce the iron wall.

"Those fighting on the front know that they are supported by the whole nation, which is inspired by love for its country and is ready for the greatest sacrifices and determined to defend to the last extremity the inherited treasure of intellectual and economic work and the social organization and sacred soil of the country.

"Certain of our own strength, but realizing Europe's sad future if the war continues; selzed with pity in the face of the unspeakable misery of humanity, the German Empire, in accord with her ullies, solemnly repeats what the Chancellor already has declared, a year ago, that Germany is ready to give peace to the world by setting before the whole world the question whether or not it is possible to find a basis for an understandin

### AUSTRIA'S SEPARATE STATEMENT.

LONDON, Dec. 12, 1916—An official Austrian statement, referring to the peace offer, says:

peace offer, says:

"When in the Summer of 1914 the patience of Austria-Hungary was exhausted by a series of systematically continued and ever increasing provocations and menaces, and the monarchy, after almost fifty years of unbroken peace, found itself compelled to draw the sword, this weighty decision was animated neither by aggressive purposes nor by designs of conquest, but solely by the bitter necessity of self-defence, to defend its existence and safeguard itself for the future against similar treacherous plots of hostile neighbors. "That was the task and aim of the monarchy in the present war. In combination with its allies, well tried in loyal commedeship in arms, the Austro-Hungarian army and fleet, fighting, bleeding, but also assailing and conquering, gained such successes that they frustrated the intentions of the enemy. The quadruple alliance not only has won an immense series of victories, but also the monarchy in the series of victories, but also the conduction of the enemy. The quadruple alliance not only has won an is momense series of victories, but also the conduction of the enemy. The quadruple alliance not only has won an is the species of victories but also the conduction of the conduction of the conduction of the series of victories but also the conduction of the conduction of the conduction of the conduction of the conduction of the conduction of the conduction of the conduction of the conduction of the conduction of the conduction of the conduction of the conduction of the conduction of the conduction of the conduction of the conduction of the conduction of the conduction of the conduction of the conduction of the conduction of the conduction of the conduction of the conduction of the conduction of the conduction of the conduction of the conduction of the conduction of the conduction of the conduction of the conduction of the conduction of the conduction of the conduction of the conduction of the conduction of the conduction of the conduction of the conduction of the conduction of the

#### THE TEUTONIC PEACE PROPOSAL-Continued.

THE TEUTONIC PEACE
THEY was aims, to the attainment of which
they have come no nearer in the third year of the
war, will in the future be proved to have been
completely unattainable. Useless and unavailing,
therefore, is the prosecution of the fighting on
the part of the energy,
"The powers of the quadruple alliance, on the
other hand, have effectively pursued their aims,
namely, defence against attacks on their existence
and integrity, which were planned in concert long
since, and the achievement of real guarantees, and
they will never allow themselves to be deprived
of the basis of their existence, which they have
secured by advantages won,
which the memation
which the memation destroy much, but cannot—
as the quadrupple alliance is firmly confident—alter
fate, is ever more seen to be an aimless destruction
of human lives and property, an act of inhumanity justified by no necessity and a crime
against civilization,
"This conviction, and the hone that similar
views may also be begun to be entertained in the
enemy camp, has caused the idea to rinen in the
Vienna Cabinet—in full agreement with the Governments of the allied (Teutonic) powers—of making a candid and loyal endeavor to come to a dis-

cussion with their enemies for the purpose of paving a way for peace.

ing a way for peace.

"The Governments of Austria-Hungary Germany, Turkey and Bulgaria have addressed to-day identical notes to the diolomatic representatives in the capitals concerned who are intrusted with the promotion of enemy nationals, expressing an inclination to enter into peace negotiations and requesting them to transmit this overture to enemy states, This step was simultaneously brought to the knowledge of the representatives of the Holy See in a special note, and the active interest of the Pope for this offer of peace was solicited. Likewise the accredited representatives of the remaining neutral states in the four capitals were acquainted with this proceeding for the purpose of informing their Governments.

"Austria and her allies by this step have given

"Austria and her allies by this step have given new and decisive proof of their love of peace. It is now for their enemies to make known their views before the world.

"Whatever the result of its proposal may be, no responsibility can fall on the quadruple alliance, even before the judgment seat of its own peoples, if it is eventually obliged to continue the war." the war.

#### WOMEN'S PEACE PARTY.

The section for the United States of the International Committee of Women for Permanent Peace, On January 9, 10, 1915, a conference was held in Washington, D. C., at which representatives from all the leading women's organizations and movements assembled to consider measures for promoting and formulating peace sentiment in the United States, and perhaps throughout the world. The Woman's Peace Party was thus formally launched. The purpose of this organization is to enist all American women in arousing the rations to respect the sacredness of human life and to abolish war. The following was adopted as their nice was the control of the sacredness of human life and to abolish war.

arousing the nations to respect the sacredness of human life and to abolish war. The following was adopted as their platform:

1. The immediate calling of a convention of neutral nations in the interest of early peace. 2. Limitation of armaments and the nationalization of their manufacture. 3. Organized opposition to militarism in our own country. 4. Education of youth in the ideals of peace. 5. Democratic control of foreign policies. 6. The further humanizing of governments by the extension of the franchise to women. 7. "Concert of Nations" to supersede "Balance of Power." 8. Action toward the gradual organization of the world to substitute law for war. 9. The substitution of an international police for rival armies and navies. 10. Removal of the economic causes of war. 11. The appointment by our Government of a commission of men and women, with an adequate appropriation, to promote international peace. \*\*Chatrman\*\*—Jane Addams, Chicago, Ill. \*\*Vice\*\*Chatrman\*\*—Mrs. Anna G. Spencer, Meadville, Pa.; Mrs. William Kent, Marin County, Cal.; Mrs. Louis F. Post, Washington, D. C.; Mrs. Frederick J. Taussig, St. Louis, Mo. \*\*Sectedry\*\*—Mrs. Lucla Ames Mead, Boston, Mass. \*\*Treasurer\*\*—Miss Sophonisba P. Breckinridge, 116 So. Michigan Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

# AMERICAN SCHOOL PEACE LEAGUE.

Organized in 1908 to promote through the schools and the educational public of America the interests of international justice and fraternity. Membership: All teachers in the schools of the country; students in secondary schools, normal schools, and colleges; persons otherwise enlisted in the general work of education may become members, without the payment of dues, by signifying their devotion to the purpose of the league.

President—Randall J. Condon, Cincinnati, Ohlo. Secretary—Mrs. Fannie Fern Andrews, 405 Marlborough Street, Boston, Mass.

Treasurer—William W. Andrew, Salem, Mass.

# THE AMERICAN PEACE AND ARBITRATION LEAGUE, INC.

The corporate purposes of the organization favor the settlement of international disputes by concillation, joint commissions of inquiry and arbitration, through a permanent international court, arbitration treaties between all nations, and adequate armament for National security; also favors the application of the principle of arbitration in the adjustment of industrial disputes. Honorary Presidents—Woodrow Wilson, William H. Taft, and Theodore Roosevelt. President—Henry Clews. Treasurer—Cornelius A. Pugsley. Executive Director—Andrew B. Humphrey. Headquarters, 31 Nassau Street, New York City.

# THE CHURCH PEACE UNION.

The purpose of the union is to spread the gospel of peace through church agencies. Andrew Carnegle, its founder, endowed the union with \$2,000,000. Its flirst act was the appropriation of \$20,000 for a World Peace Congress of the Churches in Constance in 1914. Secretary—Rev. Frederick Lynch, 70 Fifth Avenue, New York City.

### AMERICAN PEACE SOCIETY.

National Headquarters, Colorado Building, Washington, D. C. Organized in New York City, May 8, 1828, and formed by the merging of many State and local societies, the oldest of which, the New York, dated back to 1815. Located in Boston from 1837 to 1911. Moved beadquarters to Washington, D. C., May 1, 1911. President, George W. Kirchwey, New York City; Executive Director and Acting Secretary, Arthur D. Cali; Treasurer, George W. White, National Metropolitian Bank, Washington, D. C.; Director Central West Dept., Harold G. Townsend, 116 So. Michigan Avenue, Chicago, Ill.; Director Pacific Coast Dept., Robert C. Root, Los Angeles Cal.; Director New England Dept., James L. Tryon, Boston, Mass.; Director N. Y. Dept., Samuel T. Dutton, Columbia Univ.; Director South Attantic States Dept., J. J. Hall, Atlanta, Ga. The society has 34 "Constituent Branches," and 25 sections of branch societies.

# PRESIDENT WILSON'S NOTE TO THE BELLICERENT NATIONS.

The Secretary of State to the American Ambassadors at the Capitals of the Belligerent Powers: DEPARTMENT OF STATE

DEPARTMENT OF STATE.

WASHINGTON, D. C., December 18, 1916.
The President directs me to send you the following communication to be presented immediately to the Minister of Foreign Affairs of the Government to which you are accredited:

The President of the United States has instructed me to suggest to the [here is inserted a designation of the Government addressed] a course of action with regard to the present war, which he hopes that the Government will take under consideration as suggested in the most friendly spirit, and as coming not only from a friend but also as coming from the representative of a neutral nation whose interests have been most seriously affected by the war and whose concern for its early conclusion arises out of a manifest necessity to determine how best to safeguard those interests if the war is to continue.

[The third paragraph of the note as sent to the four central powers-Ger many, Austria-Hungary, Turkey and Turkey and Bulgaria—is as follows:]

The suggestion which I am instructed to make the President has long had it in mind to offer. He is somewhat embarrassed to offer it at this particular time, because it may now seem to have been prompted by a desire to play a part in connection with the recent overtures of the central powers. It has, in fact, been in no way suggested by them in its origin, and the President would have delayed offering it until those overtures had been independently answered but for the fact that it also concerns the question of peace and may best be considered in connection with other proposals which have the same end in view. The President can only beg that his suggestion be considered entirely on its own merits and as if it had been made in other circumstances.

I The third paragraph of the note as

[The third paragraph of the note as sent to the ten Entente allies—Great Britain, France, Italy, Japan, Russia, Belgium, Montenegro, Portugal, Roumania and Scribing in Association of Scribers in the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the College of the Co mania and Serbia—is as follows:]

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IThenceforward the mote mroceeds

[Thenceforward the note proceeds identically to all the powers, as follows:]

The President suggests that an early occasion be sought to call out from all the nations now at war such an arowal of their respective views as to the terms upon which the war might be concluded and the arrangements which would be deemed satisfactory as a guaranty against its remayal or the and the arrangements which would be deemed satisfactory as a guaranty against its renewal or the kindling of any similar conflict in the future as would make it possible frankly to compare them. He is indifferent as to the means taken to accomplish this. He would be happy himself to serve, or even to take the initiative in its accomplishment, in any way that might prove accomplable but he has no desire to determine the method or the instrumentality. One way will be as acceptable to him as another, if only the great object he has in mind be attained.

He takes the liberty of calling attention to the fact that the objects, which the statesmen of the belligerents on both sides have in mind in this

war, are virtually the same, as stated in general terms to their own people and to the world. Each side desires to make the rights and privileges of weak peoples and small states as secure against aggression or denial in the future as the rights and privileges of the great art powerful states now at war. Each wishes itself to be made secure in the future, along with all other nations and peoples, against the recurrence of wars like this and against aggression or selfish interference of any kind. Each would be jealous of the formation of any more rival leagues to preserve an uncertain balance of power amid multiplying suspicions; but each is ready to consider the formation of a league of nations to insure peace and justice throughout the world. Before that final step can be taken, however, each deems it necessary first to settle the issues of the present war upon terms which will certainly safeguard the political and commercial freedom of the nations involved. involved

pointical and commercial freedom of the national involved.

In the measures to be taken to secure the future neace of the world the neople and Government of the United States are as vitally and as directly interested as the Governments now at war. Their interest, moreover, in the means to be adopted to relieve the smaller and weaker neoples of the world of the peril of wrong and violence is as quick and ardent as that of any other neople or Government. They stand ready, and even easer, to co-operate in the accomplishment of these ends, when the war is over, with every influence and resource at their command. But the war must first be concluded. The terms upon which it is to be concluded they are not a liberty to suggest, but the President does feel that it is his fisher and he duty to never the standard of the recater things which lie beyond its conclusion, lest the situation of neutral nations, now exceedingly hard to endure, be rendered altogether intolerable, and lest, more than all, an injury be done civilization if the president therefore feels altogether intolerable, and lest, more than all, an injury be done civilization if the President therefore feels altogether intolerable, The President therefore feels altogether intolerable.

and test, more than an any more be atoned for or repaired. The President therefore feels altogether justified in suggesting an immediate opportunity for a comparison of views as to the terms which must precede those uthinate a range entit or which must precede those uthinate a range entit or which mentical nations as well as those at war are ready to play their full responsible part. If the contest must continue to proceed toward undefined ends by slow attrition until the one group of beliggeners or the other is exhausted; if million after million of human lives must continue to be offered up until on the one side or the other there are no more to offer; if resentments must be kindled that can never cool and despains engendered from which there can be no recovery, hopes of peace and of the willing concert of free peoples will be rendered vain and idle.

the willing concert to the pool was a many dide.

The life of the entire world has been profoundly affected. Every part of the great family of mankind has felt the burden and terror of this unprecedented contest of arms. No nation in the civilized world can be said in truth to stand outside its influence or to be safe against its disturbing effects. And yet the concrete objects for which it is being wased have never been definitively stated.

it is being waged have never been definitively stated.

The leaders of the several beligerents have, as has been said, stated those objects in general terms, but stated in general terms, they seem the same on both sides. Never yet have the authoritative spokesmen of either side avoved the precise objects which would, if attained, satisfy them and their below that the war had been fought out. The world has been left to conjecture what definitive results, what actual exchange of guaranties, what political or territorial changes or readdustments, what stage of military success, even, would bring the war to an end.

It may be that peace is nearer than we know: that the terms which the beligerents on the one side and on the other would deem it necessary to insist upon are not so irreconcilable as some have feared: that an interchange of views would clear

feared: that an interchange of views would clear

# Brooklyn Federation of Jewish Charities.

# PRESIDENT WILSON'S NOTE TO THE BELLIGERENT NATIONS-Continued.

the way at least for conference and make the permanent concord of the nations a hope of the immediate future, a concert of nations immediately

mmediate future, a concert of nations immediately practicable.

The President is not proposing peace; he is not even offering mediation. He is merely proposing that soundings be taken in order that we may learn, the neutral nations with the belilgerent, how near the haven of peace may be for which he all mankind longs with an intense and increasing longing. He believes that the spirit in which he formation.]

speaks and the objects which he seeks will be understood by all concerned and he confidently hopes for a response which will bring a new light into the affairs of the world.

LANSING.

[Copies of the above will be delivered to all neutral Governments for their in-

## THE AMERICAN LEGION.

### CO-OPERATING WITH CONFERENCE COMMITTEE ON NATIONAL PREPAREDNESS.

CO-OPERATING WITH CONFERENCE COMMITTEE ON NATIONAL PREPAREDNESS.

The American Legion, Inc., was incorporated under the laws of the State of New York on March 6, 1915. Object: The United States Government has no record of the present addresses and qualifications of its honorably discharged soldiers, suffice and mession has it information of available men trained in the names of all such citizens qualified either the mental of the information of available mental the names of all such citizens qualified either they previous military or technical experience and who will now express their willingness to respond in case the Government should at any time need their services. The information obtained by the legion, carefully classified as to qualifications and localities by a thorough system of cross-indexing, is intended for the use of the Government.

Incligible. Men serving in the Army, Navy or Marine Corps of the United States, or in the National Guard of any of the several States, being in the first line of defence are not eligible for enrolment in the legion. Upon their resignation or honorable discharge they, however, become eligible.

President—Alexander M. White. Vice-President—Roy D. Jones. Treasurer—Nelson Lioyd. Secretary—Dr. John E. Hausmann, 10 Bridge Street, New York City Directors—Alexander White, Roy D. Jones, Nelson Lloyd, Dr. John E. Hausmann, C. H. Frost, F. Trevor Hill, Arthur S. Hoffman, William T. Hornaday, Samuel W. Long, Regis Henri Post, E. Ormonde Power, Theodore Roosevelt, Jr., Courtlandt Smith, Henry C. Walsh and Henry R. Winthrop. The Councit—Theodore Roosevelt, William H. Taft, Ellin Root, Jacob M. Dickinson, Henry L. Stimson, Luke E. Wright George von L. Meyer, Truman H. Newberry, Charles J. Bonaparte. The office of the legion is at 10 Bridge Street. New York City.

# UNITED HISTORICAL AND PATRIOTIC SOCIETIES AND ASSOCIATIONS OF NEW YORK.

Committee of Nine representing the United Historical and Patriotic Societies of New York. Object—To place on record facts proving that the Empire State played not only a prominent part, but a leading part in the events that brought about the independence of this country. Chairman—Dr. George F. Kunz, Treasurer—Stuyvesant Fish, 52 Wall Street, New York City. Secretary—Abram Wakeman, 96 Water Street, New York City.

# AMERICAN DEFENCE SOCIETY, INC.

(National Headquarters, 303 Fifth Avenue, New York.)

Advisory Board—David Jayne Hill. President: Theodore Roosevelt, Charles J. Bonaparte, Hudson Maxim. Perry Belmont John G. Hibben, Henry B. Joy.
Purpose—The definite object of the American Defence Society is to educate the voters of the country to the necessity of legislation for adequate National defence, and to the need of upbuilding a new spirit

of Americanism. Platform—The American Defence Society is urging: An adequate army, an adequate navy, au adequate National force of citizens trained in arms under a universal and obligatory system. This body should be of no less strength-than two million men, fully equipped, and with a large reserve supply of artillery and ammunition.

and annual on.

Membership—Membership in the American Defence Society is open to all citizens of the United States who believe in securing and maintaining an adequate National defence. Membership includes: Annual, \$1.00; sustaining, \$5; contributing, \$25; life, \$100. The American Defence Society is dependent entirely upon the public for support.

# THE AMERICAN NURSES' ASSOCIATION.

The purpose of this association is "to establish and maintain a code of ethics among nurses; to elevate the standard of nursing education; to promote the usefulness and honor, the financial and other interests of the nursing profession." *President*—Miss Anna W. Goodrich, Teachers' College, New York City. Secretary—Miss Katharine De Witt, 45 South Union Street, Rochester, N. Y.

# BROOKLYN FEDERATION OF JEWISH CHARITIES.

Incorporated October, 1909. It is the central organization for the collection and distribution of funds for charitable and philanthropic purposes.

The officers are: President—Benjamin H. Namm. Vtce-Presidents—Simon F. Rothschild and Meier Schnichtink. Treasurer—Julius Dahlman. Honorary Secretary—Nathan S. Jonas. Executive Secretary—Max Abelman. Headquarters, 732 Flushing Avenue., Brooklyn, N. Y.

# YOUNG MEN'S AND WOMEN'S SOCIAL SERVICE AUXILIARY OF THE BROOKLYN FEDERATION OF JEWISH CHARITIES.

The purpose of the auxiliary is to unite the Jewish young men and women of the Borough of Brooklyn into an organization of charitable endeavor in a concentrated effort to do social service work and for the promotion of good fellowship.

The officers are: President—Alexander H. Gelsmar. Vice-Presidents—Walter N. Rothschild and Arnold M. Schmidt. Secretary-Treasurer—Max Abelman.

# BICYCLING.

### PROFESSIONAL MOTOR-PACED RECORDS IN COMPETITION.

DrsT.	Time.	Holder.	Place.	Date.	Dist.	Time.	Holder.	Place.	Date.
1			Cho- Di- D-ul-	A 07 1009	26 m.	00 00 2 5	R. A. Walthour	Chan Dir Dank	May 21 1004
1 m.	1.09 1-5 2.19	Hugh McLean.	Chas. Riv. Park	Aug. 27,1900	27 m.		R. A. Walthour		
2 m.		Hugh McLean.							
3 m.		James Moran			28 m.	31.37 2-3	R. A. Walthour	Chas Niv. Fark	May 31,1904
4 m.		H. Caldwell			29 m.		R. A.Walthour		
4 m.		R. A. Walthour			30 m.				
5 m.		R. A.Walthour			31 m.	36.26	H. Caldwell	Chas. Kiv. Park	Sept. 1,1903
5 m.		R. A.Walthour			32 m.		H. Caldwell		
7 m.		R. A.Walthour			33 m.	38.48 4-5	H. Caldwell	Chas. Riv. Park	Sept. 1,1903
8 m.		R. A.Walthour			34 m.		H. Caldwell		
9 m.		R. A. Walthour			35 m.		H. Caldwell		
10 m.		R. A.Walthour			36 ın.		H. Caldwell		
11 m.		R. A.Walthour			37 m.		H. Caldwell		
12 m.		R. A.Walthour			38 m.		H. Caldwell		
13 m.		lt. A.Walthou			39 m.		H. Caldwell		
14 m.		R. A.Walthour			40 m.		H. Caldwell		
15 m.		R. A.Walthour			41 m.		H. Caldwell		
16 m.		R. A. Walthour			42 m.	49.21 1-5	H. Caldwell	Chas. Riv. Park	Sept. 1,1903
17 m.	19.17 2-5	R. A.Walthour	Chas.Riv.Park	May 31,1904	43 m.		H. Caldwell		
18 m.	20.24 1 5	R. A.Walthour	Chaa, Riv. Park	May 31,1904	44 m.	51.41 1-5	H. Caldwell	Chas. Riv. Park	Sept. 1,1903
19 m.	21.30 4.5	R. A.Walthour	Chas.Riv.Park	May 31,1904	45 m.		H. Caldwell		
20 m.		R. A. Walthout			46 m.	54.23 4-5	H. Caldwell	Chas.Riv.Park	Sept. 1,1903
21 m.	23,44 3-5	R. A.Walth ur	Chaa.Riv.Park	May 31,1904	47 m.	55.49 3-5	H. Caldwell	Chas. Riv. Park	Sept. 1,1903
22 m.	24.51 4-5	R. A.Walthour	Ch s.Riv.Park	May 31,1904	48 m.	57.21 1-5	H. Caldwell	Chas. Riv. Park	Sept. 1,1903
23 m.	25.59	R. A.Walthour	Chas.ltiv.Park	May 31,1904	49 m.	58.43 1-5	H. Caldwell	Chas.ltiv.Park	Sept. 1,1903
24 m.		R. A. Walthour			50 m.		H. Caldwell		
25 m.	28.15 1-5	R. A.Walthou	Chas.Riv.Park	May 31,1904	100 m.	2,48.11 4-5	H. Caldwell	Revere, Maas.	Sept. 8,1904

Fastest mils in competition, 1.06 1-5, R. A. Walthour, Charles River Park, Mass., May 31, 1904.

PROFESSIONAL AGAINST TIME-MOTOR-PACED RECORDS.

1/4 m			Salt Lake C'ty.				Ray Duer	(Los Ang's,	Cal. June 27.1909
3m	0.27 4-5	J. S. Johnson	Nashville	Oct. 29,18	896   5 m	5.23 1-5	Ray Daer	Los Ang's,	Cal. June 27,1909
½ m			Sait Lake City.						Cal. June 27,1909
% m ∣	0.55	Ray Duer	Salt Lake City.	Aug. 28,19	910   7 m	7.33 3.5			Cal. June 27,1909
1 m	1.05	Ray Duer	Los Ang'a, Cal.	June 27,19	909  8 m	8.38 1-5			Cal. June 27,1909
2 m	2.09 4-5	Ray Duer	Las Ang's, Cal.	June 27,19	909   9 m	9.45 4-5			Cal. June 27,1909
3 m	3.14 2-5	Ray Duer	Los Ang's, Cal	June 27,19	909 <u>)</u> 10 ml	11.06 2-5	Ray Duer	Los Ang's,	Cal. June 27,1909

All competition records upward have erased time trials.
On Juna 8, 1910, George Kreamer, paced by an automobile, rode a mile in 58s. on the Los Augeles (Cal.) Motordrome—a
1-mile circular board track.

# PROFESSIONAL AGAINST TIME-UNPACED RECORDS.

1-6m. (	0.15 2-5	Al. Crabs	Salt Lake City. July	4,1911	3 m	6.09 1-5	E. A. Pye	Salt Lake City.	Aug. 28,1910
½ m	0.23 4-5	lver Lawson	Salt Lake City. July	4,1906	4 m	8.34 3-5	Saxon Williams	Salt Lake City.	July 30,1909
1/4 m			Salt Lake City. July						
3% m			Saltair Aug						
3/2 m	1.11 1-5	Alfred Goullet.	Salt Lake City. June	17,1912	15 m.,	35,03	W.W. Hamilton	Denver, Col	July 9,1898
3% m	1.24 3-5	Alfred Goullet.	Salt Lake City. July	1.1912	20 m	47.08 2-5	W.W.Hamilton	Deuver, Col	July 9,1898
'Im	1.51	Alfred Goullet.	Salt Lake City. July	1,1912	25 m	59.13 2-5	W.W.Hamilton	Denver, Col	July 9,1898
		E. A. Pye	Salt Lake City. Aug	. 28,1910	J		1		

1 hour, 25 miles 600 yards, W. W. Hamilton, Denver, July 9, 1898.

# PROFESSIONAL COMPETITION-UNPACED RECORDS.

DIST	Tlme.	Holder.	Place.	Date.	Dist	Time.	Holder.	Place.	Date.
*½m *½m *¾m *¾m	0.36 3-5 0.53 1-5 1.10 4-5 1.21 1.45	F. L. Kramer. F. L. Kramer. Alfred Grenda Alfred Grenda F. L. Kramer. R.McNamara A. J. Clarke.	Newark Newark Newark Salt Lake City Newark.	Aug. 25, 1915 Aug. 11, 1915 July 5, 1907 Sept.17, 1916	4m 5m 10m 15m 20m	7.42 2-5 9.31 20.07 1-5 31.28 2-5 42.58 1-5	Wm. Hanley Alfred Goullet R.McNamara R.McNamara Alfred Goullet		July 7, 1915 July 7, 1915 Aug. 16, 1916 Aug 20, 1916 Sept. 22, 1915

\* Made in handicap.

A handicap fecord from scratch is recognized as competition record if the time made is better than has been made in any acratch race of the same distance. One hour, 28 miles 19 yards, W. Hedspeth, Dayton, Ohio, July 31, 1902.

Nors—The fastest time ever made in competition in a half-mile contest was done by Frank L. Kramer, from scratch in a handicap, at the Newark Velodiome (Vailsburg), Sept. 16, 1914. He was officially clocked at 0.53 flat, but as he did not finish in first position his time does not count as a competition record.

# PROFESSIONAL TANDEM-COMPETITION UNPACED.

1 m.   1.40 4-5 Greuda-Walker	Vailsburg Sept.	6,1914 3 m.	5.19	Grenda-Hill	Newark June 9, 1914
*2 m.   3.35 Grenda-Walker	Vailsburg Aug.	2,1914 5 m.	9.44	Chapman-Lawson.	Salt Lake City July 3, 1901

\* Made in handicap.

# AMATEUR COMPETITION-UNPACED.

Dist.	Time.	Holder.	Place.	Date.	Dist.	Time.	Holder.	Place.	Date.
1-6 m.	0.20 4-5	P. Lawrence	Vailsburg	Sept. 5,1909	10 m.	21.23	J. P. Linley	New Haven	May 30,1902
½ m.	0.28 1-5	D. McDougall					G. H. Collett		
*½ m.	0,36 1-5	D. McDougall .					E. Stander		
*½ m.	0.55	D. McDougall					Ed.W. Forrest		
*36 m.	1.14 4-5	D. McDougall	Vailabung	Aug. 17,1913	30 m.	1.13.36	J. P. Jacobson	New York City	Aug. 25,1899
*½ n. *½ n. *¾ n. *¾	1.24 4-5	W. De Mara	Ogden, Utah	July 21,1907	40 m.	1.39.56 3-5	J.P. Jacobson	New York City	Aug. 25,1899
#1 m.	1.55 3-5	J. B. Hume	Salt Lake City.	July 28,1906	50 m.	2,05.00 4-5	J. P. Jacobson	New York City	Aug. 25,1899
2 m.	3.51	Hal.McCormack	Salt Lake City	Aug. 13,1909	75 m.	3,30,36 1-5	W. Torience	New York City	Ang. 25,1899
3 m.	5.57 l-5	A. Carter	Ogden, Utah	Aug. 3,1905	100 m.	4.57.24 2-5	W. Toneuce	New York City	Aug. 25,1899
£	10 11 1 5	Edm Mariar	Salt Lake City	Ang 19 1909	3		1		- 1

\* Made iu handicap.

I hour, 24 miles 1,472 yards, George H. Collett, New York City, May 30, 1900.

At the Newark Velodrome, September 12, 1915, Arthur Spencer, of Toronto, Canada, rode a half-mile from scratch in 55s., equalling McDougali's record. The latter's mark, however, having been made first, receives credit as the record mark.

The fastest time made for the mile in amateur competition was by Hans Ohrt, the 1915 National and World's Champlon, who at the Newark Velodrome, September 15, 1915, rode from scratch in a one-mile handleap in 1m, 53 2-5s. He finished third in the race, his time being officially taken. It does not count as a record as he did not win the race. as a record, as he did not win the race.

AMATEUR AGAINST TIME-UNPACED.

Dist. [ Time. [ Holder.	Place.	Date.	DIST.	Time.		Place.	Date.
1-6 m. 0.16 1-5 Frank Cavanagh	Vailsburg	July 2,1911	1 m		Parley Giles	Saltair, Utah	July 28, 1908
L/m.   0.94 4-5   A. Crebs	Saltair, Iltah.	Aug. 1.1908	1 2 m	4.09	Parley Giles	Ogden, Utah	July 8, 1908
3m. 0.33 2-5 A. B. Simons	Deming	May 26,1896	3 m	0.25 3-5	Parley Giles Parley Glles	Octon IItah	Aug. 4, 1908
26 m. 0.53 1-6 P. Lawrence 26 m. 1.21 1-5 J. G. Heil	Denver	July 31, 1897	5 m.	11.00	Parley Giles	Oeden, Utah.	Aug. 20,1908
% m. 1.23 3-5 P. Lawrence	Saltair, Utah	Aug. 19,1908	J			, , , , , , , ,	

# AMERICAN ROAD RECORDS COMPETITION—AMATEUR. @ (Under N. C. A. Rules.)

DISTANCE.	Time.	Made By	Place.	Date.
1/4 m	0.29 4-5	Anthony Desimone	White Plains, N. Y.	Sept. 15, 1915
½ m	1.23	Courtney Peer	Valley Stream, L. I	Oct. 6, 1907
1 m	2.02	{ Henry Surman	Westfield, N. J	Aug. 8; 1908
2 m		Jerome Steinert	Hicksville, L. I	Sept. 3, 1911
3 m 5 m	12.28 2-5	J. B. Hawkins	Valley Stream, L. I	Nov. 8, 1908
10 m	23.08 39.29 1-5	Thomas Bello Edwin Jensen	Hyde Park, L. I	Sept. 12, 1915 June 6, 1915
20 m		J. M. Eifler Jerome Steinert	Valley Stream, L. I	Oct. 3, 1909
25 m	1.03.07	Thomas Bello Edwin Jensen	Coney Island Cycle Path	May 31, 1915
50 m 60 m	2.46.00	Raymond Nelson	Atlantic City, N. J	May 3, 1908
100 m 150 m	5.06.12 8.26.27	Thomas La Rossa	Floral Park, L. I	Sept. 10, 1911 May 5, 1912

# AMERICAN ROAD RECORDS AGAINST TIME, UNPACED-AMATEUR.

16 m	1.17	K. J. Miller	Chicago, Ill	April 26, 1912
1 m	2.08	Berthold Baker	Pelham Parkway, N. Y	lJulv 18. 1914
3 m	7.27	Edwin Jensen	Grant City, S. I	Cct. 11, 1914
5 m	12,47 3-5	Fdwin Jensen	Pelham Parkway, N. Y	Oct. 10, 1915
10 m	25.46 4-5	Nelson Johnson	Pelham Parkway, N. Y	Oct. 10, 1915
15 m	43.29	John Recht	Valley Stream, L. I	LAug. 29, 1909
20 m	1.02.40 4-5	Edwin Jensen	Grant City, S. I	Sept. 28, 1913

One hour, 22 3-10 miles, John J. Marquart, Pelham Parkway, Bronx, N. Y., November 28, 1915; 500 miles, 47h. 45m., Walter V. Iglehart, Baltimore, Md.
Professional unpaced road records were established in a time trial at Los Angeles, Cal., by Fred T. Keefe, January 8, 1911 as follows: 25 miles, 1.10.00 3-5; 50 miles, 2.24.00 3-5; 75 miles, 3.44.00; 100 miles, 5.02.00.

# N. C. A. PROFESSIONAL SPRINT CHAMPIONSHIP—NATIONAL CIRCUIT, 1916.

RIDER.	1st.	2d.	3d.	4th.	Total Pts.	RIDER.	1st.	2d.	3d.	4th.	Total Pts.	
Frank L. Kramer Robert E. Spears Alfred Grenda Alfred Goullet	5 1 0	1 1 2 1	0 3 1 0	0 0 1 3	28 14 9 6	R. McNamara Marcel Dupuy Oscar Egg Hans Ohrt	0 0 0	1 0 0 0	1 1 0 0	0 0 1 1	5 2 1 1	

Firsts count 5 points; seconds, 3 points; thirds, 2 points; fourths, 1 point.
Championships at various distances—1-4 mile, 1-3 mile, 1-2 mile, 2 and 5 miles, Frank L. Kramer, of East Orange, N. J., 1 mile, Alfred Grenda, of Tasmania, Australia.

# N. C. A. PROFESSIONAL PACED CHAMPIONSHIP, 1916.

RIDER.	1st.	2d.	3d.	4th.	Total Pts.	Rider.	1st.	2d.	3d.	4th.	Total Pts.
Clarence Carmen. George Wiley Leon Didler R. A. Walthour Victor Linart. Menus Bedell Vincent Madona. Georges Seres	12 7 4 6 7	7 7 10 10 7 7 5 3	6 10 3 7 7 1 3 2	4 3 8 6 2 3 0 2	104 79 70 67 61	George Columbatto Martin Ryan Fred J. Herbert C. Turville, Jr. W. L. Mitten Percy Lawrence Paul Suter	2 1 3 1 1 0 0	4 4 1 3 1 2 0	53 21 1 0 0	4 0 0 1 0 0 1	36 23 22 14 10 6

# N. C. A. AMATEUR CHAMPIONSHIP, 1916.

RIDER.	1st.	2d.	3d.	4th.	Total Pts.	RIDER.	1st.	2d.	3d.	4th.	Total Pts.
John L. Staehle	5 1 0	1 1 0	0 0 2 3	0 2 2	10	Harry HoffmanGeo. F. NorgauerEdw. Byron.	0	2 1 0	0 0 1	0 0	6 3 2

Firsts count 5 points; seconds, 3 points; thirds, 2 points; fourths, 1 point.

Championships at various distances—1-4 mile, 1-2 mile, 1, 2 and 5 miles, John L. Staehle, of Newark,

N. J.; 1-3 mile, William Spencer, of Toronto, Ontario.

# IMPORTANT CYCLING EVENTS.

Owing to the continuation of the European war, the functions of the Union Cycliste Internationals have been temporarily suspended, each national controlling organization composing the U. C. I. acting independently within its own jurisdiction, under U. C. I. general rules, in consequence there ere no World's Championship races run in 190-kilometre paced record, made at Munich, September 15, 1909, in the time of 59m. Is. Guignard also holds the 1-hour professional paced record, made the same time and place, of 63 miles 189.8 yards. At Munich Guignard, on July 23, 1909, rode 31 miles 1,198 yards in the half-hour a record). The amateur 1-hour motor-paced record is 56 miles 1,128 yards, and was made by Francois Cuzin at Munich, September 30, 1909. Cuzin completed 100 kilometres in 1h. 5m. 45 2-5s. Oscar Egg. at the Velodrome Buffalo, Paris, in June, 1914, rode 27.50 miles unpaced in the hour. Arthur Van der Stuytt made a two-hour paced record at Leipsic, Germany, October 11, 1908, of 106 miles 1,499 yards.

Boston Six-Day Race, November 6-11, 1916, ten hours per day. Final score, Gouliet-Granda, 1,350 miles, 42 points; Magin-Corry, 1,350 miles, 73 points; Thomas-Lawrence, 1,350 miles, 203 points; Dupuy-Kaiser, 1,350 miles, 137 points; Sullivan-Eaton, 1,350 miles, 158 points; Spencer-Spencer, 1,350 miles, 158 points; Root-Lawson, 1,350 miles, 101 points; Carman-Wiley, 1,350 miles, 203 points.

(Compiled by R. F. Kelsey, Chalrman Board of Control, National Cycling Association.)

# EXPRESS OFFICES IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK.

Adams—Principal office, 53 Broadway. Other offices, 96 Maiden Lane, Park Place and Greenwich Street, 24 Reade Street, 300 Canal Street, 11 Wooster Street, 151 Bowery, 324 Lafayette Street, 257 Mercer Street, 27 Seventh Avenue, 19 East 17th Street, New York and Boston Despatch (17th Street), 1 mercer Street, 151 Bowery, 324 Lafayette Street, 257
Mercer Street, 27 Seventh Avenue, 19 East 17th
Street, New York and Boston Despatch (17th Street), 1
Street, 16th West 26th Street (19th Street), 16
Street, 16th West 26th Street (19th Street), 16
Street, 16th West 26th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Street, 19th Stree

A THE CITY OF MEW YORK.

Other Creet, 60 West 133d Street, Liberty, Cortlandt and C. R. R. of N. J. West 23d Street Ferries, Fall River Line; Providence Line, foot of Fulton Street; Metron Street, 127 Street; New Bedford Line; New London Line, foot of Canal Street; Citizens' Line; People's Line, foot of Canal Street; New Bedford Line; New London Line, foot of West Houston Street and East 22d Street, Hudson of West Houston Street and East 22d Street, Hudson Street, 12d Street; Catskill Evening Line, foot of Christian Charles, Line; Perris Metron Complex Street, 36 Fulton William Street, 4 Court Street, 379 Nostrand Avenue, Flatter Depot, Indian Street, 13d Fulton Street, 13d Fulton Street, 13d Fulton Street, 13d Fulton Street, 13d Fulton Street, 13d Fulton Street, 13d Fulton Street, 13d Fulton Street, 13d Fulton Street, 13d Fulton Street, 13d Fulton Street, 13d Fulton Street, 13d Fulton Street, 13d Fulton Street, 13d Fulton Street, 13d Fulton Street, 13d Fulton Street, 13d Fulton Street, 13d Fulton Street, 13d Fulton Street, 13d Fulton Street, 13d Fulton Street, 13d Fulton Street, 13d Fulton Street, 13d Fulton Street, 13d Fulton Street, 13d Fulton Street, 13d Fulton Street, 13d Fulton Street, 13d Fulton Street, 13d Fulton Street, 13d Fulton Street, 13d Fulton Street, 13d Fulton Street, 13d Fulton Street, 13d Fulton Street, 13d Fulton Street, 13d Fulton Street, 13d Fulton Street, 13d Fulton Street, 13d Fulton Street, 13d Fulton Street, 13d Fulton Street, 13d Fulton Street, 13d Fulton Street, 13d Fulton Street, 13d Fulton Street, 13d Fulton Street, 13d Fulton Street, 13d Fulton Street, 13d Fulton Street, 13d Fulton Street, 13d Fulton Street, 13d Fulton Street, 13d Fulton Street, 13d Fulton Street, 13d Fulton Street, 13d Fulton Street, 13d Fulton Street, 13d Fulton Street, 13d Fulton Street, 13d Fulton Street, 13d Fulton Street, 13d Fulton Street, 13d Fulton Street, 13d Fulton Street, 13d Fulton Street, 13d Fulton Street, 13d Fulton Street, 13d Fulton Street, 13d Fulton Street, 13d Fulton Street, 13d Fulton Street,

# SIMPLIFIED SPELLING BOARD.

The object of this board is to promote the gradual and progressive simplification of English spelling by omitting silent letters, and following the simpler rather than the more complex of the present analogies. President—Charles H. Grandgent. Secretary—Henry Gallup Paine. Treasurer—Gano Dunn. Number of members: Board, 48; Advisory Council, 252. Headquarters, 18 Old Slip, New York City.

# THE INITIATIVE AND REFERENDUM.

THE INITIATIVE AND REFERENDUM.

THE Referendum has been defined as "the referring of legislation to the people for final rejection or acceptance;" the Initiative as "the giving to the people the right of proposing legislation to be acted upon." It has been further said that the Referendum as it is now generally advocated requires that no law save a strictly defined class of urgent measures for the public peace, health, and safety, which usually must have a two-thirds or three-fourths majority to pass, shall go into effect without waiting a fixed time, say ninert days. If, during this time, a part of the voters, say 10 per cent.. sign a petition for the Referendum on that law, it would not go into effect till the next regular election, when the people the power to originate laws. If a certain percentage of the voters, say 10 per cent.. sign a petition for a law and file it with the proper official it must come before the Legislature and perhaps be referred to the people. Sometimes the law requires that legislation be referred to the people, whether they petition it or not. This is called the "Compulsory Referendum." Where the Referendum is taken only when a certain number petition for it, it is called the "Optional Referendum." The Referendum and the Initiative provide for direct legislation, that is, legislation directly by the people. Referendum. In the Referendum and the initiative provide for direct legislation, that is, legislation directly by the people.

On November 7 the voters of New York rejected a proposition to hold a constitutional convention.

Equity gives the following statement as to the progress of the Initiative, the Referendum, and the Recall

in the United States.

In order to make the progress and status of the movement for the direct popular control of government available for quick and convenient reference, the following tabulation of the data up to January. 1916, is presented. Percentages in this table refer to the proportion of voters required on petitions.

Presonte						
WHERE ADOPTED	When.	Statutory Initiative.	Constitutional Initiative.	Referendum.	Recail.†	Publicity.
S. Dak	1898	5 p. c.; *indirect.		5 p. c.		
Oregon	1902	8 p. c.; direct	8 p. c.; direct.	5 p. c.	25 p. c.	Pamphlet.
Nevada	1905 and 1912	10 p. c., 1912; indirect.	10 p. c., 1912; indirect.	10 p. c., 1905.	25 p. c., 1912.	
Montana.	1906	8 p. c.; direct.		5 p. c.		Pamphlet.
Oklahoma	1907	8 p. c.; direct.	15 p. c.; direct.	5 p. c.		
Maine	1908	12,000 voters.		10,000 voters.		Sample ballots.
Missouri .	1908	5 p c.; direct.	5 p. c.; direct.	5 p. c.		Newspaper advertising.
Michigan.	1908 and 1913	8 p c. 1913; indirect.	20 p. c., 1908; 10 p. c., 1913; direct.		25 р. с., 1913.	
Arkansas.	1910	8 p. c.; direct.	8 p. c.; direct.	5 p. c.	Carried but killed by Supreme Court.	Newspaper advertising.
Colorado .	1910	8 p. c.; direct.	8 p. c.; direct.	5 p. c.	25 p. c.	Newspaper advertising.
Arizona	1911	10 p c; direct	15 p c.; direct.	5 p. c.	25 p. c.	
N Mexico	1911			10 p c.		
California	1911	5 p. c; indlrect: 8 p c.; direct	8 p c.; direct.	5 p. c.	12 p. c. State, 20 p. c. local.	Pamphlet.
Ohlo	1912	3 p c, indirect: 6 p c; direct	10 p. c.; direct.	6 p. c.		
Nebraska	1912	10 p c ; direct	15 p. c; direct.	10 p. c.		
Wash'n	1912	10 p. c.; direct and indirect		6 p. c.	25 p. c. State, 35 p. c. local.	
N Dak .	1914	10 p c ; direct	25 p. c.; indirect.	10 p. c.		
Maryland	1915			10,000 voters.		Newspaper advertising.

UTAH AND IDAHO: Initiative and Referendum amendments were adopted by the voters of Utah in 1900 and of Idaho in 1912, but in both cases without a self-enacting clause. In both of these States the amendments have remained a dead letter for lack of action by the Legislature: hence omitted from above table.

\* 'Indirect. as applied to the Initiative and Referendum, means that opportunity must be given for action by the Legislature on initiated measures before their submission at the polis. If not passed by the Tegislature the measure must then go to the polis.

action by the Legislature on initiated measures before their submission at the polis. If not passed by the Legislature the measure must then go to the polis.

† Kansas and Louislana: Amendments for the Recall were adopted in 1914 by the voters of Kansas (10 per cent. petition) for State. 15 per cent. for a county, and 25 per cent. for a municipality) and by the voters of Louislana (25 per cent. petition).

Municipal: The Initiative and Referendum and the Recall are now in operation, more or less completely, in over 300 municipalities, some under general State laws and others by special charter acts. Many such municipalities are in States not having the State-wide Initiative and Referendum or Recall.

# COVERNMENT OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.

OFFICIALS AND SALARIES SUBJECT TO CHANGE. IN MANHATTAN THE CITY OFFICES ARE IN THE MUNICIPAL BUILDING, EXCEPT WHERE OTHERWISE STATED.

Mayor—(Clty Hall) John Purroy Mitchel (\$15,000). Secretary—Theodore Rousseau.

Borough Presidents.

Manhattan—Marcus M. Marks (\$7,500); J. W. Adams, Secretary of Borough (\$5,000).

Adams, Secretary of Borough (\$5,000), 3d and Tremont Aves.; Richard W. Hill, Secretary (\$4,000). Brootkly—Lewis H. Pounds (\$7,500), Borough Hall; Mark Reardon, Jr., Borough Secretary (\$3,500). Queens—Maurice E. Connolly (\$5,000), L. I. City: Joseph Flanagan, Borough Secretary (\$4,000). Richmond—Calvin D. Van Name (\$5,000), Mariner's Harbor; Frank O. Driscoll, Secretary (\$3,240).

#### Aldermen-(City Hail).

President—Frank L. Dowling (\$5,000). Vice-Chairman—Vacant (\$4,000). Chairman of Committee on Finance—Francis P. Kenney (\$4,000). City Cierk and Clerk of Board of Aldermen—P J. Scully (\$7,000). First Deputy—Frank J. Goodwin (\$5,000). Aldermen receive \$2,000 salary per year

BOROUGHS AND DISTRICTS.

men receive \$2,000 salary per year

Boroughs and Districts.

Dem., 53; Rep. (and Fusion), 20; Prog., 2.

Manhattan—1, Bernard E., Donnelly, D.; 2,
Michael Stapleton, D.; 3, Patrick H. Sullivan, D.;
4, Wm. H. Burns, D.; 5, J. M. Hannon, D; 6. E. I.
Silberstein, D.; 7, F. L. Dowling, D.; 8, Moritz Tolk,
D.; 9, J. F. McCourt, D.; 10, Frank Dostal, Jr., R.;
11, Charles A. McManus, D. 12, W. P. Kenneally
D.; 13, John McCann, D.; 14, Wm. T. Collins, D.;
15, Wm. F. Quinn, R.; 16, J. T. Eagan, D.; 17, Thos.
A. Williams, D.; 18, Thos. M. Farley, D.; 19, Michael
J. Shleids, D.; 20, Edward Cassldy, D.; 21, Augustus
M. Wise, D.; 22, Edw. V. Gilmore, D.; 23, S. Clinton Crane, R.; 24, Frank Mullen, D.; 25, Chas. Delaney, D.; 26, H. H. Curran, R.; 27, Isaac Gutman,
R.; 28, L. F. Cardanl, R., 29, Fred. Trau, R.; 30,
Lauren Carroll, R.; 31, John McKee, D.; 32, Charles
J. McGillick, D.; 33, S. Friedlander, D.

Brooklyn—34, Edward W. Curley, D.; 35, Peter
Schwelckert, D.; 36, Robert L. Moran, D.; 37, James
R. Ferguson, D.; 38, Harry Roblitzek, D.; 39, William
J. Daly, D.; 40, Clarence Y. Pallitz, D.; 41, Thomas
W. Martin, D.

Brooklyn—42, Michael J. Hogan, R.; 43, James J.
Browne, R.; 44, Frank A. Cunningham, D.; 45, J. S.
Gaynor, R.; 46, John Wirth, R.; 47, John Diemer, R.;
48, J. J. Molen, D.; 49, F. P. Kenney, D.; 50, Chas.
W. Dunn, D.; 51, Rusust Ferrand, R.; 52, William
W. Colne, R.; 53, F. H. Stevenson, R.; 54, Alex.
Bassett, D.; 55, F. T. Disson, D.; 56, W. P. McGarry,
D.; 57, John J. Ryan, D.; 58, Fred. Smith, R., 59,
Arnon L. Squiers, R.; 60, Geo, H. Hilkennete, D.; 61, Francis P. Bent, D.; 62, Chas: J. Moore, R.; 63, Chas H. Bushers, D.; 64, Chas: J. Moore, R.; 63, Chas, H. Jamen, J.; 63, Chas, H. Jamen, J.; 63, Chas, H. Jamen, J.; 64, Chas, J. Schmitz, D.; 69, Charles A.
Post, R.; 70, Geo, G. Goetz, R.

Manhattan—1srael L. Felnberg. Timothy Healy

Coroners.

Coroners.

Manhattan—Israel L. Felnberg, Timothy Healy Patrick D. Riordan, Herman Hellenstein (\$6,000 each). Chef Clerk, Autonio Dalessandro (\$2,580). Bronz—Wm. J. Flynn and Jerome F. Healy (\$6,000 each). Chef Clerk, W. T. Austin (\$2,580). Brodz-lyn—Ernest Wagner and Frank S. Senior (\$6,000 each). Chef Clerk, Phillip Coffey. Quens—Carl Voegel and Dan. M. Ebert (\$4,000 each). Clerk, Albert Humm (\$2,580). Richmond—James L. Vall (\$4,000). Clerk—Archibold Fulton (\$1,500).

Department of Finance.

Department of Finance.
Comptroller—William A. Prendergast (\$15,000).
Deputies—Shepard A. Morgan, E. D. Fisher, Albert
E. Hadlock (\$7,500). Assistant Deputy—Hubert L.
Smith (\$6,000). Chief Auditor of Accounts—David
E. Kemle (\$6,000). Chief Accountant—Duncan MacInnes (\$6,000). Chief Clerk—Valentine F. Keller
(\$2,340). Receiver of Tazes—William C. Hecht
(\$5,000). Collector of City Revenue and Supreintendent of Markets—Sidney Goodacre (\$4,000).

Club Davagajer—Walter S. Wolfe (\$3,150).

Cuy Paymaster-Walter S. Wolfe (\$3,150).

Collector of Assessments and Arrears—Daniel Moynahan (\$4,800). Deputy, Bronz—Geo. W. Wanmaker (\$3,500). Deputy, Brooklyn—Theo. G. Christmas (\$4,000). Queues—Ferdinand M. Becker (\$2,250). Richmond—T. A. Braniff (\$2,000). Bureau of Municipal Investigation and Statistics—Robert B. McIntyre (\$6,000). Chamberlain—Milo R. Maltbie (\$12,000). Deputy—Edward F. Barrett (\$5,000). Public Works and Other Departments. Commissioner Public Works, Manhattan—Ralph Folks (\$7,200); Assistant, John H. Boschen (\$6,000). Bronz—John G. Borstede (\$5,500). Brooklyn—Edmund V. Voorhies (\$6,000). Queens—James A. Dayton (\$4,000). Richmond—Henry P. Morrison (\$5,000). Bureau Public Buldinos and Offices Manhattan

(S5,000). Bureau Public Butlatings and Offices, Manhattan—Frank H. Hines, Supt. (S5,000). Bronzy—Arthur J. Largy, Supt. (S4,000). Brooklyn—Howard L. Woody, Supt. 185,000). Queens—Joseph Sullivan, Supt (S3,000). Richmond—J. Timlin, Supt. (S3,000). Commissioner of Water Supply, Gas and Electricity—William Williams (S7,500). Deputy—Delos F. Will-cox (S6,000). Bronz—John E. McGeehan (S4,000). Brooklyn—J. S. Langthora (S5,500). Queens—Thos. F. Dwyer (S4,000). Richmond—William R. Hillyer (S3,000). (\$3,000).

Commissioner of Plant and Structures—F. J. A. Kracke (\$7,500). Deputy—Joseph J. Holwell (\$4,500). Chief Engineer—Edward A. Byrne (\$7,200). Secretary—Ernest J. Cuozzo (\$4,000).

Commissioner of Street Cleaning—John T. Fetherston (57,500). Main Office, Deputy Commissioner—A. B. Clark (55,000). Manhattan, Deputy—Charles B. Largy (55,000). Bronz, Deputy—Addrew E. Kalbach (55,000). Brooklyn, Deputy—Charles Mauro (55,000).

Tenement-House Department, Manhattan and Rtch-mond. Commissioner—John J. Murphy (\$7,500). Deputy—William H. Abbott (\$4,000). Brooklyn and Queens—503 Fulton Street. Second Deputy Com-missioner—Thomas F. Hickey (\$4,000). Bronz— 391 East 149th Street. Superintendent—Chas. E. Jones (\$3,000).

Department of Police.

Police Headquarters, 240 Centre Street.

rouse reauquarters, 240 Centre Street.

Commissioner—Arthur Woods (\$7,500).

Secretary to the Commissioner—Henry Jay Case (\$3,000). Chter Clerk—William H. Kipp (\$3,500).

Deputy Commissioners—First, Leon G. Godley;

Second. Frank A. Lord; Third, Lawrence B. Dunham: Fourth, Edgar V. O'Daniel; Fifth, Guy H. Scull (\$6,000 each).

Sculi (S6,000 each).

Inspectors—Max F. Schmittberger, Chief Inspector:
James E. Dillon, Borough Inspector Brooklyn and
Queens; Cornelius F. Cahalane, Frank J. Morris,
Thomas T. Ryan, John Daly, Thomas H. Murphy,
J. F. Dwyer, T. J. Kelly, Thomas Myers, John
O'Brlen, James S. Bolan, Edward I. Walsh, Frank
A. Tlerney, Samuel A. McElroy (S3,500 each),
Detective Bureau, Inspectors—Joseph A. Faurot and
John J. Cray (S3,500 each).

Department of Health.

Walker and Centre Streets. 

Corporation Counsel—Lamar Hardy (\$15,000).
Secretary—F. Stuart Crawford (\$4,680). Chtef Clerk—J. H. Greener (\$5,000). Assistant, Brooklyn—Thos. F. Magner (\$10,000). Bureau of Street Openius—Joel J. Squier (\$7,500). Bureau for Collection of Arrears of Personal Taxes—John P. O Brien (\$6,500). Bureau for Recovery of Penalties—William. J. Millard (\$6,000).

Department of Fire.

Commissioner—Robert Adamson (\$7,500).

Chief—John Kenlon (\$10,000). Deputy—Clarence
H. Fay (\$5,000). Brooklyn and Queens—Richard H.

Laimbeer, Jr. (\$5,000). Deputy Chief—Thomas Lally
(\$7,500) (Brooklyn and Queens).

Fire Marshals—Thomas P. Brophy (\$3,600),

Brooklyn and Queens.
(Acting Chief Bureau of
Fire Investigation). John P. Pila (\$3,000), Manhattan. Bronx and Richmond (Acting Deputy Chief
Bureau of Fire Investigation).

Secretary—Richard C. Patterson, Jr. (\$4,800).

Department of Parks.

Bureau of Fife Investigation).

Secretary—Richard C. Patterson, Jr. (\$4.800).

Department of Parks.

President of Park Board and Commissioner of Parks,
Manhatian and Richmond—Cahot Ward (\$5,000).

Brooklyn, Litchfeld Manston, Prospect Park—Raymond V. Ingersoil (\$5,000). Bronz—Thomas W.
Whittie (\$5,000). Queens—John E. Weler (\$5,000).

Secretary Park Board—Louis W. Fehr (\$4,000).

Landscape Architect—Carl F. Pilat (\$4,000).

Superintendent, Manhatian—Alfred Ludwig (\$6,000). Assistant—Wm. D. Brush (\$4,000). Chief
Inspectors—Frederick H. Dewey and Charles N.
Kent (\$4,000). Sec.—Alfred B. Warwick (\$5,000).

Kent (\$4,000). Sec.—Alfred B. Warwick (\$5,000).

Brooklyn—Bought Hall, John W.
Mondald S. S. (\$5,000). Brooklyn—Bough Hall, John W.
Mondald S. (\$6,000). Brooklyn—Bough Hall, John W.
Mondald S. (\$6,000). Commissioners. Chas. T. White. Collin R. Woodward, Ardolph L. Kline, John J. Halleran, Frederic B. Shipley, John J. Knewitz (\$7,000 each). Secretary—C. R.
Tyng (\$3,500). Department of Charities.

Tyng (\$3,500).

John J. Knewitz (\$7,000 each). Secretary—C. R.
Tyng (\$3,500)

Separtment of Charities.

Commissioner—John A. Kingsbury (\$7,500).

Secretary—Stanley H. Hidwe (\$4,080). Ist Deputy.

Henry C. Wright (\$5,000). & Deputy (237 Schermethorn St., Brooklyn)—William J. Doherty (\$5,000). & Deputy—George G. Thomson (\$5,000).

Commissioner of Jurors—280 Broadway.

Frederick O'Byrne: County of New York (\$6,000).

Leonard M. Wallisten (\$7,500).

Deputy Com'r of Accounts.—Clarence King (\$5,000).

Municipal Civil Service Commissioners.

Henry Moskowitz, President (\$5,000); Alexander.

Keogt, Darwin R. James, Jr., Commissioners (\$5,000).

Secretary—Robert W. Belcher (\$5,000). Acting Chief Examture—Thomso. C. Murray (\$4,200).

Chief Clerk—George H. Eberle (\$3,000).

Public Administrator—119 Nassau Street.

W. M. Hoos (\$10,000). F. W. Arnold, Assistant (\$5,000). Chief Clerk—John J. Connell (\$2,700).

Department of Correction.

Commissioner—Burdette G. Lewis (\$7,500).

Department Docks and Ferries—Pler A. N. R.

Commissioner—R. A. C. Smith (\$7,500).

Department Docks and Ferries—Pler A. N. R.

Commissioner—R. A. C. Smith (\$7,500).

Department of Education—Park Av and 59th St.

President—William G. Willcox. Vice-President—John Whalen.

Secretary—F. H. Johnson (\$4,000). Supt. of School Bultings—C. B. J. Snyder (\$3,000).

John Whalen. Secretary—A. E. Palmer (\$5,500). Assistant Secretary—F. H. Johnson (\$4,000). Chief Clerk—Thos. A. Dillon (\$3,000). Supt. of School Buildings—C. B. J. Snyder (\$10,000). Supt. of School Supplies—Patrick Jones (\$7,500). City Supt. of Schools—Wm. H. Maxwell (\$10,000). Associate City Superintendents (\$6,500 each)—Andrew W. Edson, John H. Haaren, William McAndrew, Clarence E. Meleney, Wm. L. Ettinger, Edward B. Shallow. Gustave Straubenmuller, John L. Tildsley, John H. Walsh. 36 District Superintendents—(\$5,000 each). Examiners (\$6,000 each)—James C. Byrnes, Walter L. Hervey, J. A. O'Connell, George J. Smith. Director of Reference and Research—Vacancy (\$6,500). Director of Attendance—John W. Davis (\$6,000). Board of Estimate and Apportionment. Members—The Mayor, Chairman (3 votes); the Comptroller (3 votes), the President of the Board of Aldermen (3 votes), the Presidents of Manhattan and Brooklyn Boroughs (2 votes each), Bronx, Queens, and Richmond (1 vote each); total, 16 votes. Secretary—Joseph Haag (\$7,500) provements. Chief Engineer—Reison P. Lewis (\$12,000). Bureau of Franchises—H. P. Nichols, Engineer (\$7,500).

Bureau of Personal Service—George L. Tirrell, Director (\$7,500), Bureau of Contract Supervision—Tilden Ad (\$7,500), Director (\$7,500), Contract Supervision—Tilden Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Contract (\$7,500), Co

Minnick, Secretary Board of Water Supply.

Chas, Strauss, President; Chas, N. Chadwick, John F. Galvin (\$12,000 each). Chef Engineer—
J. Waldo Smith (\$16,000). Secretary—George Featherstone (\$5,000).

J. Waddo Simith (\$16,000). Secretary—George Featherstone (\$5,000).

Supervisor—David Ferguson (\$5,000).

Board of Child Welfare.
City Hall, Room 2.

President—Henry Bruere. Vice-President—Sophie Irene Loeb. Secretary—Rev. William A. Courtney. Executive Secretary—Harry L. Hopkins.

Board of Assessors.
Wm. C. Ormond, St. George B. Tucker, Jacob J. Lesser (\$5,000 each).

Board of Elections.

Edward F. Boyle, Pres., Moses M. McKee, Sec.
Manhatlan—Municipal Building,
Broax—368 East 148th St.
Brooklyn—435-445 Fulton St.
Queens—64 Jackson Ave., Long Island City,
Richmond—Borough Hall, New Brighton, S. I.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

New York County Clerk (Court House)—Wm. F. Schneider (\$15,000). Deputies—William B. Seiden (\$6,000). Hermann W. Beyer (\$4,000), Frank H. (\$6,000), Herma Warder (\$2,500).

(\$6,000). Hermann W, Beyer (\$4,000), Frank H. Warder (\$2,500). Warder (\$2,500). Deputy—Thomas J. Warder (\$2,500). Bronz County Clerk—James V. Dronan (\$5,000). Bronz County Clerk—James V. Gauly Deputy—Thomas J. Dronan (\$5,000). Bronz County Clerk—James V. Gauly Deputy—Stephen A. Nugent. Queens (\$12,000). Under Sheriff—G. F. Gilchrist (\$6,000). Under Sheriff—G. F. Gilchrist (\$6,000). Deputtes receive \$2,500 each. Warden—E. Johnson (\$3,000). Sheriff Kings County (\$1,000). Deputies receive \$2,500 each. Warden—E. Johnson (\$3,000). Sheriff Kings County (\$0,000rt St., Brooklyn)—Edward Riegelman (\$15,000). Deputies receive \$2,200. Warden—Matthew T. Meagher (\$3,000). Under Sheriff Queens County (Long Island City)—(\$10,000). Under Sheriff—Samuel J. Mitchell (\$2,500). Sheriff Richmond County (Richmond, S. 1)—Spire Pitou, Jr. (\$6,000). Under Sheriff—Peter J. Finn (\$1,800). Repister (Hall of Records)—John J. Hopper (\$12,000). Deputy—Wm. Halpin (\$5,000). Repister Kings County (Hall of Records)—Fonz County (Arthur Ave, cor, Tremont Ave,)—Edward Polak (\$10,000). Deputy—Thos. A. Maher (\$4,000).

STATE OFFICERS.
BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS OF PILOTS— 17 State St.

17 State St.
Commissioners—Geo. L. Norton, President; M. H.
Traey, H. M. Randall, J. W. Miller, M. M. Croekett
Secretary—Capt. O. H. Appleby.
EXCISE DEPARTMENT—1451 Broadway.
Special Deputy Commissioners—John T. McNeili
(Manhattan and Bronx) (\$5,000); D. H. Ralston
(Brookivn) (\$3,750); Joseph P. Thompson (Richmond) (\$2,000); Theo. P. Wilsnack (Queens) (\$2,500).
HEALTH OFFICER'S DEPARTMENT of the
Port of New York—Quarantine Station, Rosebank
P. O., S. I. Leland E. Cofer, M. D., Health Officer,
Term expires April, 1920. Salary, \$12,500.
PORT WARDENS—I Broadway.
Clerk—John Regan. Secretary—A. W. Dodge.
Public Service Commission, First District—

Public Service Commission, First District— 120 Broadway. Osear S. Straus, Chairman; William Hayward, Henry W. Hodge, Travis H. Whitney, Charles S. Hervey (\$15,000 each). Secretary—James B. Walker (\$6,000).

# CIVIL COURTS IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK. SUPREME COURT.

Appellate Division, First Judicial Department, Madison Ave. and 25th St. Clerk—Alfred Wagstaff Madison Ave. and 25th St. Clerk—Alfred Wagstaff Appellate Distsien, Second Judicial Department, Borough Hall, Brooklyn. Clerk—John B. Byrne Appellate Term, First Judicial District, County Court House, 5i Chambers St., Manhattan. Clerk—William F. Schneider. Appellate Term, Second Judicial District. 503 Fulton St., Brooklyn. Clerk—Joseph H. De Bragga. Special and Trial Terms, First Judicial District in New York County, at the County Court House.

51 Chambers St. Clerk—William F. Schneider. In Bronx County, at the County Court House, 161st St. and 3d Ave. Clerk—James V. Gauly. Special and Trial Terms, Second Judicial District,

Special and Trial Terms, Second Judicial District, in Kings County, at the County Court House, Joralemon and Fulton Sts. General Clerk—James F. McGee. In Queens County, at the County Court House. Long Island City. Special Deputy Clerk in Charge—Thomas B. Seaman. In Richmond County, at the County Court House, Richmond, for Trial Term, and at Borough Hall, St. George, for Special Term. Clerk—C. Livingston Bostwick.

#### SURROGATE COURTS

Manhattan (Hall of Records)—Robert L Fowler and John P. Cohalan. Terms expire December 31, 1919, and December 31, 1922. respectively (\$15,000 each). Clerk—Daniel J. Dowdney (\$1,500). Bronx (1918 Arthur Avenue)—George M. S. Schulz (\$10,000).

Brooklyn (Hall of Records)—Herbert T. Ketcham (\$15,000) \*Clerk—John H. McCooey (\$9,000). Queens (364 Fulton St., Jamaica)—Daniel Noble (\$10,000)

Richmond (Court House)—J. H. Tlernan (combined salary as Judge and Surrogate, \$10,000).

# CITY COURT OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.

32 Chambers Street. The Judges are elected for a term of ten years at an annual salary of \$12,000.

Judges.	Term Expires.	Judges.	Term Expires.	JUDGES.	Term Expires.
Edw'd F. O'Dwyer.	Dec. 31, 1917	Loreuz Zeller	Dec. 31, 1919	John V. McAvoy	Dec. 31, 1917
Edward B. La Fetra		Wm. L. Rausom		Peter Schmuck	
James A. Allen		Alexauder Finelite	31,1917	Richard H. Smith	31,1919
John L. Walsh	" 31, 1917		1	1	

Clerk.-Thos. F. Smith (\$6,000) Deputy.-Edward H. Piepenbring (\$3,000).

### COUNTY COURTS.

Bronx—Judge L. D. Gibbs (\$10,000). Kings—Judges Norman S. Dike, Lewis L. Fawcett, John F. Hylan, Robert H. Roy and Mitchell May (\$12,500 cach). Queens—Judge Burt Jay Humphrey (\$12,500). Richmond—Judge J. H. Tiernan (combined salary as Judge and Surrogate, \$10,000).

### MUNICIPAL COURTS.

Board of Justices, Aaron J. Levy, President, 264 Madison St. President's salary, as such, \$5,000 per annum.

Justices are elected for a term of 10 years. In Manhattan, Bronx and Brooklyn, annual salary of Justice, \$8,000; of Clerk and Deputy, \$3,000 each. In Queens and Richmond, annual salary of Justice, \$7,000; of Clerk and Deputy, \$2,000 each.

MANHATTAN.	Location.	Justices.	Clerks.
1st District	146 Grand St	Wauhope Lynn	Thomas O'Connell, Patrick J. Whelan, Deputy
2d District	264 Madison St	Benjamin Hoffman Aaron J. Levy Gustave Hartman Leonard A. Snitkin	Harry C. Perry. Michael H. Looney, Deput
3d District	314 W. 54th St {	Thomas E. Murray	Michael Skelly. Patrick H. Bird, Deputy.
4th District	207 E. 32d St	Michael F. Blake	James Foley.
5th District	96th St. and Broadway	Chas, W. Coleman William Young Frederick Spiegelberg.	John H. Servis. Harry W. Baldwin, Deput
6th District	155-157 East 88th St	Solomon Oppenheimer.	John J. Dietz. Charles J. Dunn, Deputy.
7th District	70 Manhattan St	Philip J. Sinnott	John P. Burns. B. F. Piunkett, Deputy.
8th District	Sylvan Place and $121$ st St $\}$	Leopold Prince John F. Cowan JEdgar J. Lauer.	Hugh H. Moore. Frank J. Hendrick, Deput
9th District Bronx.	59th St. and Madison Ave	Fred De Witt Wells. Frank D. Sturges. William C. Wilson.	Frank Bulkley. Elijah T. Keehn, Deputy.
1st District	1400 Williamsbridge Rd	Peter A. Sheil	Stephen Collins. Philip A. Ryan, Deputy.
2d District BROOKLYN.	E. 162d St. and Wash'n Ave. {	William E. Morris	Martin J. Burke. John Monaghan, Deputy.
lst District	State and Court Sts		Charles M. Byrue. James A. Dunne, Deputy.
	495 Gates Ave	John R. Farrar   f George Freifeld   Philip D. Meagher   f Wm. J. Bogenschutz.	John Henigin, Jr. E. L. Stryker, Deputy. John M. Carpenter. Arthur J. Higgins, Deputy.

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	MUN	ICIP	AL C	OURI	rs—	Con	tinued.	

MONICITAL COCKED COMMENT							
BROOKLYN.	Location.	Justices.	Clerks.				
4th District	14 Howard Ave	Jacob S. Strahl	William A. Nelson, Jr. Peter J. Eiseman, Deputy.				
5th District	5220 Third Ave	Cornelius Ferguson	J. J. O'Leary.  Cornelius Ferguson, Jr., D'ty:				
6th District	236 Duffield St	Edgar M. Doughty William D. Niper	William R. Fagan. John D. Gunther, Deputy.				
7th District	31 Pennsylvania Ave {	Edward A. Richards {	James P. Sinnott. Joseph Rosenthal, Deputy.				
QUEENS.	Location.	Justices.	Clerks,				
ist District	115 Fifth St., L. I. City	Thomas C. Kodien {	John F. Cassidy. Eugene J. Dennen, Deputy.				
2d District	B'dway and Court St., Elmhurst	John M. Cragen	Wm. Rupper. Louis Lang, Deputy.				
3d District	1908 Myrtle Ave	Alfred Denton	John H. Nuhn. Thos. Kohlweiss, Deputy.				
4th District	Town Hall, Jainalea	William E. Kennedy {	Joseph Kestler. John F. Ryan, Deputy.				
RICHMOND.	Location.	Justices.	Clerks.				
	Village Hall, New Brighton	}	Thos. E. Cremins. Thos. J. Lanahan, Deputy. Wm. Wedemeyer.				
2d District	Village Hall, Stapleton	Arnold J B. Wedemeyer. {	Fred J. Ihnken, Deputy.				

# CRIMINAL COURTS IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK. SUPREME COURT.

Pirst Judicial District, Criminal Court House, County Court House, Long Island City. Special Centre and Franklin Streets, Manhattan. Clerk—William F. Schneider.

Second Judicial District, in Kings County, at the County Court House, Joralemon and Fulton Sts. Clerk—James F. McGee. In Queens County, at the County Clerk—C.

# GENERAL SESSIONS.

JUDGES OF	Term	JUDGES OF	Term	JUDGES OF	Term
SESSIONS.	Expires.	SESSIONS.	Expires.	SESSIONS.	Expires.
Jos. F. Mulqueen	Dec. 31, 1920 Dec. 31, 1921 Dec. 31, 1921	Wm. H. Wadhams Otto A. Rosalsky	Dec. 31, 1927 Dec. 31, 1920	Chas. C. Nott, Jr John F. McIntyre.	Dec. 31, 1927 Dec. 31, 1930

Clerk-Edward R. Carroll. Judges of General Sessions receive an annual salary of \$17,500 each.

# COURT OF SPECIAL SESSIONS.

JUSTICE.	Salary.	Term	Expires.	JUSTICE.	Salary.	Term	Expires
Frederic Kernochan, Chte Justice. Clarence Edwards. Cornelius T. Collins. Edwin L. Garvin. James J. Meinerney.	9,000 9,000 9,000	Mar. May Dec.	1, 1926 1926 1922 31, 1919	Joseph F. Moss George J. O'Keefe. Arthur C. Salmon. Moses Herrman. John J. Freschl. Henry W. Herbert.	9,000 9,000 9,000	Dec. July July July	1, 1920 31, 1917 1, 1918 1, 1921 1, 1925 9, 1925

Frank W. Smith, Chief Clerl; salary \$6,000; office 32 Franklin Street.

PART I—Criminal Courts Building, Borough of Manhattan, Part II—171 Atlantic Avenue, Brooklyn; Part III—Town Hall, Jamaica, Queens, This court is held on Tuesdays, Part IV—Borough Hall, St. George, S. I. This court is held on Wednesdays. Part V—Bronx County Court House, flist Street and Third Avenue, Bronx. This court is held on Thursdays. Part VI—Circuit Court)—Held in such countles, and at such times, as the stress of business requires and the Chief Justice shall direct.

# CHILDREN'S COURT.

CHILDREN'S COURT.
Franklin Chase Hoyt, Presiding Justices; John B.
Mayo, Samuel D. Levy, Morgan M. L. Ryan,
Robert J. Wilkin, Justices; 99,000. Adolphus Ragan,
Chief Clerk, \$5,160. 137 East Twenty-second St.
Brough of Manhattan (Parts I and II)—137 East
Twenty-second St. Dennis A. Lambert, Clerk, \$4,000.

Borough of Brooklyn (Part III)—102 Court St.;
Wm. C. McKee, Clerk, \$3,000.

Wm. C. McKee, Clerk, \$3,000.

Borough of the Bronz (Part IV)—355 East One
Borough of the Bronz (Part IV)—355 East One

CITY MAGISTRATES.

Chief Magistrate, Wm. McAdoo, 300 Mulberry Street. Term expires June 30, 1925. Salary of Chief Magistrate, \$10,000 per annum; others \$7,000. Chief Clerk, Frank Oliver. Salary \$5,180. Office of Chief Clerk, 300 Mulberry Street. Deputy Chief Clerk, William F. Delaney. Salary \$5,000. Office of Deputy Chief Clerk, 44 Court Street, Brooklyn.

MANHATTAN AND BRONX.

MARKATALLY BARN BARNES								
MAGISTRATE.	Term Expires.	MAGISTRATE.	Term Expires.	MAGISTRATE.	Term Expires.			
Matthew P. Breen. Paul Krotel Chas, W. Appleton. Robert C. Cornell Chas N. Harris	June 30, 1922 June 30, 1919 July 1, 1921 Apr. 30, 1923 Apr. 30, 1917	Joseph M. Deuel Alexander Brough Norman J. Marsh Joseph E. Corrigan.	Apr. 30, 1917 June 30, 1922 July 14, 1917 July 14, 1917 June 30, 1922	Charles E. Simms Robt. C. Ten Eyck. E. V. Frothingham Morris Koenig W. Bruce Cobb Fred'k J. Groehl	Apr. 30, 1917 Apr. 30, 1925 Apr. 30, 1925 July 8, 1925			

#### CITY MAGISTRATES-Continued.

### BROOKLYN.

		<u> </u>			_	
MAGISTRATE. Term Expires.		MAGISTRATE.	Term Expires.	MAGISTRATE.	Term Expires.	
Alex. H. Gelsmar A. V. B. Voorhees	Dec. 31, 1917 Dec. 31, 1919	Edward J. Dooley John Naumer	May 1, 1921 May 1, 1921	Charles J. Dodd John C. McGuire Alfred E. Steers Louis H. Reynolds	May 1, 1921 July 2, 1923	

#### QUEENS.

MAGISTRATE.	Term Expires.	MAGISTRATE,	Term Expires.	
John KochendorferJames J. Conway	Mar. 8, 1926 July 17, 1917	Joseph Fitch	Jan. 1, 1918 Jan. 1, 1918	

### RICHMOND.

MAGISTRATE.	Term Expires.	MAGISTRATE.	Term Expires.
samuel H. Evins	June 7, 1926	Jos. B. Handy	July 31, 1917

# CITY MAGISTRATES' COURTS.

### MANHATTAN AND BRONX.

1st District—Criminal Courts Building, Central and Franklin Streets. 2d District—125 Sixth Avenue (Jefferson Market). 3d District—Second Avenue and 1st Street. 4th District—151 East 57th Street. 5th District—170 East 121st Street. 6th District—East 162d Street, corner Brook Avenue. 7th District—314 West 54th Street. 8th District—181st Street and Boston Road. 9th District—(Night Court for Women)—125 Sixth Avenue (Jefferson Market). 10th District—(Night Court for Men)—151 East 57th Street. 11th District (Domestic Relations Court, Broox)—151 East 57th Street. 12th District—1130 St. Nicholas Avenue. 13th District (Domestic Relations Court, Broox)—1014 East 181st Street. Municipal Term—Municipal Building. Traffic Court,—301 Mott Street. Chief Probation Officer, 300 Mulberry Street.

# BROOKLYN.

Office of Deputy Chief Clerk—44 Court Street. Ist District—(Women's Night Court)—318 Adams Street. 2d District—(Municipal Term, Patt 11.)—Court and Butler Streets. 5th District—Williamsburg Bridge Plaza. 6th District—495 Gates Avenue. 7th District—31 Snider Avenue, Flatbush. 8th District—West 8th Street, Coney Island. 9th District—5th Avenue and 29th Street. 10th District—133 New Jersey Avenue. Domestic Relations—Myrtie and Vanderbilt Avenue.

QUEENS.

1st District—St. Mary's Lyceum, Long Island Clty. 2d District—Town Hail, Flushing. 3d District—Central Avenue, Far Rockaway. 4th District—Town Hall, Jamaica.

# RICHMOND.

1st District—Lafayette Avenue, New Brighton. 2d District—Village Hail, Stapleton.

# UNITED STATES COURTS IN NEW YORK CITY.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS (2d Circuit).—Downtown Post-Office Building.

Judges—Alfred C. Coxe, Henry G. Ward, Henry Wade Rogers, and Charles M. Hough; salary, \$7,000 each. Clerk—William Parkin; salary, \$3,500. Term—First Monday in October.

The Judges of the Federal Courts are appointed by the President, and confirmed by the United States Senate.

Associate Justice of the United States Supreme Court Assigned to the Second Circuit.—Louis D. Brandeis. salary, \$14,500.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT (Southern District of New York).—Post-Office Building,

Manhattan. United States District Judges.—Learned Hand, Julius M. Mayer, Augustus N. Hand, Martin T. Manton; salarles, \$6,000 each.

Clerk—Alex. Glichrist, Jr. Deputy.—Wm. Tallman. Marshal.—Thomas D. McCarthy; salary, \$5,000. Commissioners.—Clarence S. Houghton, Samuel R.

-First Monday in October.

Betts, Samuel M. Hitchcock, Fd. L. Owen, Henry Wedgodrich, Herhert Green, Daniel B. Deyo, Edward T. McEnany, Morting B. Petterson. District Office Building, Edward T. McEnany, Morting B. Petterson. District Office Building, Erooklyn, N. Y. United States District Judges,—Thomas I. Chatfield, Van Vechten Veceter; salaries, S6,000 cach. Clerk.—Percy G. B. Gilkes. Deputts.—Joseph G. Cochran, James L. O'Neill.

Marshal.—James M. Power; salary, S4,000. Commissioners.—John J. Allen, Richards Mott Cahoone, James M. Gray, Michael E. McGoldrick, Horatlo C. King, James Gray, Felix Reifschneider, Jr., Louis R. Blck.

# DISTRICT-ATTORNEYS IN NEW YORK CITY.

STATE OF NEW YORK.

COUNTY.	Name.	Office.	Salary.
Kings Bronx	Harry E. Lewls Francis Martin	Centre and Franklin Streets 66 Court Street, Brooklyn Tremont and Arthur Avenues County Court House, Long Island City. Borough Hall, St. George, Staten Island	10,000 10,000 8,000

# UNITED STATES DISTRICT-ATTORNEYS.

DISTRICT.	Name.	Office.	Salary.
Southern of New York	H. Snowden Marshall.	PO. Bldg., Broadway and Park Row, Manhattan.	\$10,000
	Melville J. France	PO. Bldg., Washington and Johnson Sts., B'klyn.	4,500

# BANKS IN MANHATTAN AND BRONX.

BANKS IN MANHATTAN AND BRONX.

The Clearing-House is at 77 Cedar Street, Manhattan Borough. Wm. Sherer is Manager, Wm. J. Gilpin, Assistant Manager. Forty-five banks and lifteen trust companies are associated for the purpose of exchanging the checks and bills they hold against one another. The Federal Reserve Bank of New York and the Assistant Treasurer of the United States at New York also clear. Other banks, not members of the association, clear through members. The representatives of the members appear at the Clearing-House at 10 o'clock every business day, with the checks and drafts to be exchanged. The resulting balances are ascertained in about an hour, and before 1.30 o'clock those indebted pay their balances, and after that hour the other banks receive the amounts due them. The Clearing-House has been in operation since 1853.

Following are extracts from the Manager's annual report for year ended September 30, 1916; The Clearing-House transactions for the year have been as follows: Exchanges, \$147.190,709,461; balances, \$8,561,624,447; total transactions, \$155,742,333,908. The average daily transactions Exchanges, \$484,147,071; balances, \$23,163,238; total, \$512,310,309. Total transactions since organization of Clearing-House for average Sextensive Sexchanges, \$2,747.057,458,238; balances, \$131,699,611,445; total, \$2,878,757,069,653.

Banks are open from 10.4 M. M. to 3 P. M., and on Saturdays from 10.4 M. to 12 noon. Commercial paper, except sight or demand bills, falling due on Saturdays is payable on the following business day.

# NATIONAL BANKS.

## STATE BANKS.

Bank of America  44 Wali St	\$1,500,0001	\$6,173,456 William H. Perkins. W. M. Bennet.
Bank of Europe 1429 1st Ave	150,000}	69,076 Thos. Capek Vincent W. Woytisek.
Bank of Metropolis. 31 Union Square	1,000,000	2,182,021 Stephen Baker E. S. Laffey.
Bank of U. S 77 Delancey St. f	200,000	95,500 Joseph S. Marcus B. K. Marcus.
Bowery 124 Bowery	250,000	798,987 J. Stanley Foster   Charles Essig.
Broadway Central. B'way at 97th St	100,000	46,000 Frank Williams Francis Crave.
Bronx Borough Bank 410 Tremont Ave. d	150,000	68,766 C. A. Becker Wm. S. Germain.
Bryant Park   220 W. 42d St	200,000	160,000 W. W. Warner E. F. Giese.
Chelsea Exchange a. 266 W. 34th St	400,000	170,152 A. E. Stilger William A. Lobb.
Colonialt Col'bus Av. cor. 81st.	400,000	935,989 Alexander Walker Geo. S. Carr.
Columbiatt 507 5th Ave	300,000	733,000 Eti H. Bernheim W. S. Griffith.
Corn Exchanget 13 William St	3,500,000	6,500,000 Walter E. Frew Edward S. Malmar.
Cosmopolitan 803 Prospect Ave	100,000	27,774 Geo. B. Williams Wm. F. McLaughlin.
Fidelity Mad. Ave. and 75th	200,000	191,935 Edward H. Peaslee. E. W. Dutton.
5th Ave Bank of N.Y. 530 5th Ave	100,000	2,276,125 Theo. Hetzler W. G. Gaston.

† Branches at Broadway, cor. 66th St., 79th St. and 102d St.; Columbus Ave., cor. 92d St. and 105th St., 16th St., cor. 7th Ave. ‡ Branches, Astor Place and 8th St.; Broadway and Spring St.; 57th St. and 8th Ave.; Norfolk and Grand Sts.; 126 E. 86th St.; Ave. D and 16th St.; 303 W. 42d St.; 4th Ave. and 29th St.; 7th Ave. and 33d St.; Broadway and 25th St.; 34 Union Square East; Broadway and 13th St.; Lexington Ave. and 69th St.; 25th St. and Park Ave.; Broadway and Murray St.; Amsterdam Ave. and 41d St.; 207th St. and Post Ave.; Tremont and Arthur Aves.; Fifth Ave. and 19th St.; Dey and Church Sts.; 37 E. 149th St.; 76rdham Road and Decatur Ave. Brooklyn Branches—Court and Joralemon Sts.; 19 Flatbush Ave.; Green-point and Manhattan Aves.; Myrtle Ave. and Broadway; Summit St. and Hamilton Aves. Queens—75 Elon Ave., Astoria; 116 Main St., Flushing; Ridge Plaza and Academy St.; Jackson Ave. and 4th St. New Brighton, S. I. †† Branch 107 Broadway. a Branch at 135th St. and 7th Ave. b Capital set aside for foreign branches, \$3,000,00c. C. Branches at Greenwich and Warren Sts.; Bowery and Grand St.; Broadway and 18th St.; 5th Ave. and 20th St.; 2 W. 33d St.; 57th St. and 3d Ave; 36th St. and 2d Av. Broadway and 10th St.; 5th Ave. and 16th St.; 125th St. and Lexington Ave.; Broadway and 61st St. 4 Also at 3744 White Plains Road. / Madison Ave. and 116th St.

# STATE BANKS-Continued.

<sup>§</sup> Also 651 Madison Ave., near 60th St.; cor. Columbus Ave. and 93d St.; 58th St. and 7th Ave.; cor. 116th St. and 3d Ave.; cor. 103d St. and 1st Ave.; Broadway and 86th St.; Manhaitan St. and Amsterdam Ave.; 14th St. and 2d Ave. †† Also at 260 W. Broadway; 874 and 1531 Broadway; 596 6th Ave., cor. 35th St.; 135 William St. †† Also 158 Rivington St.; 5th Ave. and 115th St.; 7 W. 26th St.; Union and Westchester Aves.; also Pitkin and Stone Aves., Graham Ave. and Varet St., Brooklyn. §§ Also 996 Boston Road and 2803 3d Ave. c Also 100 William St., 271 and 555 Broadway. † Also 99th St. and 7th Ave.; 57th St. and Madison Ave.; Madison Ave. and 28th St. n Also Madison Ave. and 116th St.; Broadway and 26th St.; Claremont Parkway and Bathgate Ave.; and Pitkin Ave., cor. Watkins St., Brooklyn. e Also Broadway and 29th St. h Also 1st Ave. and 77th St.; 3d Ave and 155th St

# BANKS FOR SAVINCS IN MANHATTAN AND BRONK.

Name						_		
Bank for Sav'gs   280 4th Ave.   Walter Trimble   146,201   93,611,488   31½   12,755,040   10 A.M. to 3 P.M.   Monday, 10 A.M. to 3 P.M.   Monday, 10 A.M. to 4 P.M.   Monday, 10 A.M. to 5 P.M.   10 A.M. to 5 P.M.   10 A.M. to 5 P.M.   10 A.M. to 5 P.M.   10 A.M. to 5 P.M.   10 A.M. to 5 P.M.   10 A.M. to 5 P.M.   10 A.M. to 5 P.M.   10 A.M. to 5 P.M.   10 A.M. to 5 P.M.   10 A.M. to 5 P.M.   10 A.M. to 5 P.M.   10 A.M. to 5 P.M.   10 A.M. to 5 P.M.   10 A.M. to 5 P.M.   10 A.M. to 5 P.M.   10 A.M. to 5 P.M.   10 A.M. to 5 P.M.   10 A.M. to 5 P.M.   10 A.M. to 5 P.M.   10 A.M. to 5 P.M.   10 A.M. to 5 P.M.   10 A.M. to 5 P.M.   10 A.M. to 5 P.M.   10 A.M. to 5 P.M.   10 A.M. to 5 P.M.   10 A.M. to 5 P.M.   10 A.M. to 5 P.M.   10 A.M. to 5 P.M.   10 A.M. to 5 P.M.   10 A.M. to 5 P.M.   10 A.M. to 5 P.M.   10 A.M. to 5 P.M.   10 A.M. to 5 P.M.   10 A.M. to 5 P.M.   10 A.M. to 5 P.M.   10 A.M. to 5 P.M.   10 A.M. to 5 P.M.   10 A.M. to 5 P.M.   10 A.M. to 5 P.M.   10 A.M. to 5 P.M.   10 A.M. to 5 P.M.   10 A.M. to 5 P.M.   10 A.M. to 5 P.M.   10 A.M. to 5 P.M.   10 A.M. to 5 P.M.   10 A.M. to 5 P.M.   10 A.M. to 5 P.M.   10 A.M. to 5 P.M.   10 A.M. to 5 P.M.   10 A.M. to 5 P.M.   10 A.M. to 5 P.M.   10 A.M. to 5 P.M.   10 A.M. to 5 P.M.   10 A.M. to 5 P.M.   10 A.M. to 5 P.M.   10 A.M. to 5 P.M.   10 A.M. to 5 P.M.   10 A.M. to 5 P.M.   10 A.M. to 5 P.M.   10 A.M. to 5 P.M.   10 A.M. to 5 P.M.   10 A.M. to 5 P.M.   10 A.M. to 5 P.M.   10 A.M. to 5 P.M.   10 A.M. to 5 P.M.   10 A.M. to 5 P.M.   10 A.M. to 5 P.M.   10 A.M. to 5 P.M.   10 A.M. to 5 P.M.   10 A.M. to 5 P.M.   10 A.M. to 5 P.M.   10 A.M. to 5 P.M.   10 A.M. to 5 P.M.   10 A.M. to 5 P.M.   10 A.M. to 5 P.M.   10 A.M. to 5 P.M.   10 A.M. to 5 P.M.   10 A.M. to 5 P.M.   10 A.M. to 5 P.M.   10 A.M. to 5 P.M.   10 A.M. to 5 P.M.   10 A.M. to 5 P.M.   10 A.M. to 5 P.M.   10 A.M. to 5 P.M.   10 A.M. to 5 P.M.   10 A.M. to 5 P.M.   10 A.M. to 5 P.M.   10 A.M. to 5 P.M.   10 A.M. to 5 P.M.   10 A.M. to 5 P.M.   10 A.M. to 5 P.M.   10 A.M. to 5 P.M.   10 A.M.	NAME.	Location.	President.	De- posi-	Deposits.	Rate Int.‡	Surplus.	banks close at 12 noon
Broadway   5 Park Place   H. F. Hutch'son   H. G. Hutch'son   H. G. Park Place   H. F. Hutch'son   H. F. Hutch'son   H. F. Hutch'son   H. F. Hutch'son   H. F. Hutch'son   H. F. Hutch'son   H. F. Hutch'son   H. F. Hutch'son   H. F. Hutch'son   H. F. Hutch'son   H. F. Hutch'son   H. F. Hutch'son   H. F. Hutch'son   H. F. Hutch'son   H. F. Hutch'son   H. F. Hutch'son   H. F. Hutch'son   H. F. Hutch'son   H. F. Hutch'son   H. F. Hutch'son   H. F. Hutch'son   H. F. Hutch'son   H. F. Hutch'son   H. F. Hutch'son   H. F. Hutch'son   H. F. Hutch'son   H. F. Hutch'son   H. F. Hutch'son   H. F. Hutch'son   H. F. Hutch'son   H. F. Hutch'son   H. F. Hutch'son   H. F. Hutch'son   H. F. Hutch'son   H. F. Hutch'son   H. F. Hutch'son   H. F. Hutch'son   H. F. Hutch'son   H. F. Hutch'son   H. F. Hutch'son   H. F. Hutch'son   H. F. Hutch'son   H. F. Hutch'son   H. F. Hutch'son   H. F. Hutch'son   H. F. Hutch'son   H. F. Hutch'son   H. F. Hutch'son   H. F. Hutch'son   H. F. Hutch'son   H. F. Hutch'son   H. F. Hutch'son   H. F. Hutch'son   H. F. Hutch'son   H. F. Hutch'son   H. F. Hutch'son   H. F. Hutch'son   H. F. Hutch'son   H. F. Hutch'son   H. F. Hutch'son   H. F. Hutch'son   H. F. Hutch'son   H. F. Hutch'son   H. F. Hutch'son   H. F. Hutch'son   H. F. Hutch'son   H. F. Hutch'son   H. F. Hutch'son   H. F. Hutch'son   H. F. Hutch'son   H. F. Hutch'son   H. F. Hutch'son   H. F. Hutch'son   H. F. Hutch'son   H. F. Hutch'son   H. F. Hutch'son   H. F. Hutch'son   H. Hutch'son   H. F. Hutch'son   H. Hutch'son   H. Hutch'son   H. Hutch'son   H. Hutch'son   H. Hutch'son   H. Hutch'son   H. Hutch'son   H. Hutch'son   H. Hutch'son   H. Hutch'son   H. Hutch'son   H. Hutch'son   H. Hutch'son   H. Hutch'son   H. Hutch'son   H. Hutch'son   H. Hutch'son   H. Hutch'son   H. Hutch'son   H. Hutch'son   H. Hutch'son   H. Hutch'son   H. Hutch'son   H. Hutch'son   H. Hutch'son   H. Hutch'son   H. Hutch'son   H. Hutch'son   H. Hutch'son   H. Hutch'son   H. Hutch'son   H. Hutch'son   H. Hutch'son   H. Hutch'son   H. Hutch'son   H. Hutch'son   H. H							\$184,766 12,755,040	10 A.M. to 3 P.M.; Monday,
Citizens'	Broadway	5 Park Place Tremont & Park	H. F. Hutch'son.	16,000	14,500,000	4	825,000	10 A.M. to 3 P.M. 10 A.M. to 3 P.M. 9 A.M. to 3 P.M.; Monday.
East River. 291 Broadway. D. S. Ramsay. 32,329 33,466,944 4,380,912 10 A.M. to 3 P.M. Empire City. 291 W. 125th St. John J. Pulleyn. 11.897 156,015,955 4 275,294,219 34 297,532 19 A.M. to 3 P.M. (10 A.M. to 7 P.M.) Monday, 10 A.M. to 7 P.M. (10 A.M. to 7 P.M.) Monday, 10 A.M. to 7 P.M. (10 A.M. to 7 P.M.) Monday, 10 A.M. to 8 P.M. (10 A.M. to 7 P.M.) Monday, 10 A.M. to 8 P.M. (10 A.M. to 10 P.M. (10 A.M. to 10 P.M.) Monday, 10 A.M. to 10 P.M. (10 A.M. to 10 P.M.) Monday, 10 A.M. to 10 P.M. (10 A.M. to 10 P.M.) Monday, 10 A.M. to 10 P.M. (10 A.M. to 10 P.M.) Monday, 10 A.M. to 10 P.M. (10 A.M. to 10 P.M.) Monday, 10 A.M. to 10 P.M. (10 A.M. to 10 P.M.) Monday, 10 A.M. to 10 P.M. (10 A.M. to 10 P.M.) Monday, 10 A.M. to 10 P.M. (10 A.M. to 10 P.M.) Monday, 10 A.M. to 10 P.M. (10 A.M. to 10 P.M.) Monday, 10 A.M. to 10 P.M. (10 A.M. to 10 P.M.) Monday, 10 A.M. to 10 P.M. (10 A.M. to 10 P.M.) Monday, 10 A.M. to 10 P.M. (10 A.M. to 10 P.M.) Monday, 10 A.M. to 10 P.M. (10 A.M. to 10 P.M.) Monday, 10 A.M. to 10 P.M. (10 A.M. to 10 P.M.) Monday, 10 A.M. to 10 P.M. (10 A.M. to 10 P.M.) Monday, 10 A.M. to 10 P.M. (10 A.M. to 10 P.M.) Monday, 10 A.M. to 10 P.M. (10 A.M. to 10 P.M.) Monday, 10 A.M. to 10 P.M. (10 A.M. to 10 P.M.) Monday, 10 A.M. to 10 P.M. (10 A.M. to 10 P.M.) Monday, 10 A.M. to 10 P.M. (10 A.M. to 10 P.M.) Monday, 10 A.M. to 10 P.M. (10 A.M. to 10 P.M.) Monday, 10 A.M. to 10 P.M. (10 A.M. to 10 P.M.) Monday, 10 A.M. to 10 P.M. (10 A.M. to 10 P.M.) Monday, 10 A.M. to 10 P.M. (10 A.M. to 10 P.M.) Monday, 10 A.M. to 10 P.M. (10 A.M. to 10 P.M.) Monday, 10 A.M. to 10 P.M. (10 A.M. to 10 P.M.) Monday, 10 A.M. to 10 P.M. (10 A.M. to 10 P.M.) Monday, 10 A.M. to 10 P.M. (10 A.M. to 10 P.M.) Monday, 10 A.M. to 10 P.M. (10 A.M. to 10 P.M.) Monday, 10 A.M. to 10 P.M. (10 A.M. to 10 P.M.) Monday, 10 A.M. to 10 P.M. (10 A.M. to 10 P.M.) Monday, 10 A.M. to 10 P.M. (10 A.M. to 10 P.M.) Monday, 10 A.M. to 10 P.M. (10 A.M. to 10 P.M.) Monday, 10 A.M. to 10 P.M. (10 A.M. to 10 P.M.) Monday, 10 A.M. to 10 P.M. (10 A.M. to 10	Commonwealth Dollar	56 Bowery 2007 Amst'am Av 2808 3d Ave	J. H. Boschen G. E. Edwards	5,760 47,665	1,040,514 13,791,000	31/2	22,372 983,103	10 A.M. to 3 P.M. 9 A.M. to 3 P.M.(a) 10 A.M. to 3 P.M.(d)
Franklin.   Sth Av., c. 42d St.   W. G. Conklin.   6,215   25,794,219   3½   2,303,781   10 A.M. to 1 P.M. (Sat., 10 AM. to 1 P.M. (Sat., 10 AM. to 1 P.M. (Sat., 10 AM. to 1 P.M. (Sat., 10 AM. to 1 P.M. (Sat., 10 AM. to 1 P.M. (Sat., 10 AM. to 1 P.M. (Sat., 10 AM. to 1 P.M. (Sat., 10 AM. to 1 P.M. (Sat., 10 AM. to 1 P.M. (Sat., 10 AM. to 1 P.M. (Sat., 10 AM. to 1 P.M. (Sat., 10 AM. to 1 P.M. (Sat., 10 AM. to 1 P.M. (Sat., 10 AM. to 1 P.M. (Sat., 10 AM. to 1 P.M. (Sat., 10 AM. to 1 P.M. (Sat., 10 AM. to 1 P.M. (Sat., 10 AM. to 1 P.M. (Sat., 10 AM. to 1 P.M. (Sat., 10 AM. to 3 P.M. (Sat., 10 AM. to 1 P.M. (Sat., 10 AM. to 1 P.M. (Sat., 10 AM. to 1 P.M. (Sat., 10 AM. to 1 P.M. (Sat., 10 AM. to 1 P.M. (Sat., 10 AM. to 1 P.M. (Sat., 10 AM. to 1 P.M. (Sat., 10 AM. to 3 P.M. (Sat., 10 AM. to 1 P.M. (Sat., 10 AM. to 1 P.M. (Sat., 10 AM. to 1 P.M. (Sat., 10 AM. to 1 P.M. (Sat., 10 AM. to 1 P.M. (Sat., 10 AM. to 1 P.M. (Sat., 10 AM. to 1 P.M. (Sat., 10 AM. to 1 P.M. (Sat., 10 AM. to 1 P.M. (Sat., 10 AM. to 1 P.M. (Sat., 10 AM. to 1 P.M. (Sat., 10 AM. to 1 P.M. (Sat., 10 AM. to 1 P.M. (Sat., 10 AM. to 1 P.M. (Sat., 10 AM. to 1 P.M. (Sat., 10 AM. to 1 P.M. (Sat., 10 AM. to 1 P.M. (Sat., 10 AM. to 1 P.M. (Sat., 10 AM. to 1 P.M. (Sat., 10 AM. to 1 P.M. (Sat., 10 AM. to 1 P.M. (Sat., 10 AM. to 1 P.M. (Sat., 10 AM. to 1 P.M. (Sat., 10 AM. to 1 P.M. (Sat., 10 AM. to 1 P.M. (Sat., 10 AM. to 1 P.M. (Sat., 10 AM. to 1 P.M. (Sat., 10 AM. to 1 P.M. (Sat., 10 AM. to 1 P.M. (Sat., 10 AM. to 1 P.M. (Sat., 10 AM. to 1 P.M. (Sat., 10 AM. to 1 P.M. (Sat., 10 AM. to 1 P.M. (Sat., 10 AM. to 1 P.M. (Sat., 10 AM. to 1 P.M. (Sat., 10 AM. to 1 P.M. (Sat., 10 AM. to 1 P.M. (Sat., 10 AM. to 1 P.M. (Sat., 10 AM. to 1 P.M. (Sat., 10 AM. to 1 P.M. (Sat., 10 AM. to 1 P.M. (Sat., 10 AM. to 1 P.M. (Sat., 10 AM. to 1 P.M. (Sat., 10 AM. to 1 P.M. (Sat., 10 AM. to 1 P.M. (Sat., 10 AM. to 1 P.M. (Sat., 10 AM. to 1 P.M. (Sat., 10 AM. to 1 P.M. (Sat., 10 AM. to 1 P.M. (Sat., 10 AM. to 1 P.M. (Sat., 10 AM. to 1 P.M. (Sat., 10 AM. to 1 P.M. (Sat., 10 AM. to 1	East River	291 Broadway 51 Chambers St	D. S. Ramsay John J. Pulleyn.	32,329 171,897	35,466,944 156,015,965 4,948,584	4 4 31/6	4,380,912 11.473,521 297,582	10 A.M. to 3 P.M. 9 A.M. to 3 P.M. 9 A.M. to 3 P.M.(a)
Greenwich. 6th Åv. & 16th St. James Quinlan. 103,000   72,000,000   344   7,000,000   10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (a) Irving. 115 Chambers St. H. E. Trotter. 23,713   20,449,514   1,739,277   10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (a) Irving. 115 Chambers St. H. E. Tener. 23,713   20,449,514   1,739,277   10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (b) Irving. 1170 Broadway. J. N. Francolini 19,300   5,578,333   342   2,762,531   10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (a) Irving. 1170 Broadway. J. N. Francolini 19,300   5,578,333   342   2,762,531   10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (b) Irving. 11,700   10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (c) Irving. 11,700   10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (c) Irving. 11,700   10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (c) Irving. 11,700   10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (c) Irving. 11,700   10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (c) Irving. 11,700   10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (c) Irving. 11,700   10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (c) Irving. 12,744   10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (c) Irving. 12,744   10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (c) Irving. 12,744   10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (c) Irving. 12,744   10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (c) Irving. 12,744   10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (d) Irving. 12,744   10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (d) Irving. 12,744   10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (d) Irving. 12,744   10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (d) Irving. 12,744   10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (d) Irving. 12,744   10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (d) Irving. 12,744   10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (d) Irving. 12,744   10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (d) Irving. 12,744   10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (d) Irving. 12,744   10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (d) Irving. 12,744   10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (d) Irving. 12,744   10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (d) Irving. 12,744   10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (d) Irving. 12,744   10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (d) Irving. 12,744   10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (d) Irving. 12,744   10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (d) Irving. 12,744   10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (d) Irving. 12,744   10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (d) Irving. 12,744   10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (d) Irving. 12,744   10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (d) Irving. 12,744   10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (d) Irving. 12,744   10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (d) Irving. 12,744   10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (d) Irving. 12,744   10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (d) Irving. 12,744   10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (d) Irving. 12,744   10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (d) Irving. 12,744   10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (d) Irving. 12,744   10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (d) Irving. 12,744   10 A.M.	Franklin	8th Av., c. 42d St. Cor. 4th Ave. &	W. G. Conklin	6,215	25,794,219		2,330,781	10 A.M. to 7 P.M.;(f) Sat., 10 A.M. to 1 P.M. 10 A.M. to 3 P.M.(a) 10 A.M. to 3 P.M.; Monday,
Maiden Lane. 170 Brondway. F. A. Ringler. 6.421 1,941,000 4 45,580 1,930 AM. to 5.30 P.M. Manhattan. 644 Brondway. Joseph Bird. 21,555 11,669,789 34 1,245,744 10 A.M. to 3 P.M. 1,245,744 10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (3 New York. 8th Av., c. 14th St. North River. 31 W. 34th St. North River. 31 W. 34th St. Daniel Barnes. 102,000 80,000,000 4 85,000,000 4 1,986,882 4 4,015,571 10 A.M. to 3 P.M.; Monday, 10 A.M. to 3 P.M.; Monday, 10 A.M. to 3 P.M.; Monday, 10 A.M. to 3 P.M.; Monday, 10 A.M. to 3 P.M.; Monday, 10 A.M. to 3 P.M.; Monday, 10 A.M. to 3 P.M.; Monday, 10 A.M. to 3 P.M.; Monday, 10 A.M. to 3 P.M.; Monday, 10 A.M. to 3 P.M.; Monday, 10 A.M. to 3 P.M.; Monday, 10 A.M. to 3 P.M.; Monday, 10 A.M. to 3 P.M.; Monday, 10 A.M. to 3 P.M.; Monday, 10 A.M. to 3 P.M.; Monday, 10 A.M. to 3 P.M.; Monday, 10 A.M. to 3 P.M.; Monday, 10 A.M. to 3 P.M.; Monday, 10 A.M. to 3 P.M.; Monday, 10 A.M. to 3 P.M.; Monday, 10 A.M. to 3 P.M.; Monday, 10 A.M. to 3 P.M.; Monday, 10 A.M. to 3 P.M.; Monday, 10 A.M. to 3 P.M.; Monday, 10 A.M. to 3 P.M.; Monday, 10 A.M. to 3 P.M.; Monday, 10 A.M. to 3 P.M.; Monday, 10 A.M. to 3 P.M.; Monday, 10 A.M. to 3 P.M.; Monday, 10 A.M. to 3 P.M.; Monday, 10 A.M. to 3 P.M.; Monday, 10 A.M. to 3 P.M.; Monday, 10 A.M. to 3 P.M.; Monday, 10 A.M. to 3 P.M.; Monday, 10 A.M. to 3 P.M.; Monday, 10 A.M. to 3 P.M.; Monday, 10 A.M. to 3 P.M.; Monday, 10 A.M. to 3 P.M.; Monday, 10 A.M. to 3 P.M.; Monday, 10 A.M. to 3 P.M.; Monday, 10 A.M. to 3 P.M.; Monday, 10 A.M. to 3 P.M.; Monday, 10 A.M. to 3 P.M.; Monday, 10 A.M. to 3 P.M.; Monday, 10 A.M. to 3 P.M.; Monday, 10 A.M. to 3 P.M.; Monday, 10 A.M. to 3 P.M.; Monday, 10 A.M. to 3 P.M.; Monday, 10 A.M. to 3 P.M.; Monday, 10 A.M. to 3 P.M.; Monday, 10 A.M. to 3 P.M.; Monday, 10 A.M. to 3 P.M.; Monday, 10 A.M. to 3 P.M.; Monday, 10 A.M. to 3 P.M.; Monday, 10 A.M. to 3 P.M.; Monday, 10 A.M. to 3 P.M.; Monday, 10 A.M. to 3 P.M.; Monday, 10 A.M. to 3 P.M.; Monday, 10 A.M. to 3 P.M.; Monday, 10 A.M. to 3 P.M.; Monday, 10 A.M. to 3 P.M.; Monday, 10 A.M. to 3 P.M.; Monday, 10 A.M	HarlemIrving	6th Av. & 16th St. 124 E. 125th St 115 Chambers St.	W. E. Trotter H. E. Tener	59,031 23,713	26,903,000 20,449,514	3 1/2	2,346,000 1,730,277	10 A.M. to 3 P.M. 10 A.M. to 3 P.M (a) 10 A.M. to 3 P.M.
New York   Sth Av., c. 14th St.   Wm. Felsinger.   50,610   41,986.882   4 ,015.571   10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (2)   10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (2)   10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (3)   10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (3)   10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (4)   10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (5)   10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (6)   10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (1	Maiden Lane Manhattan	170 Broadway 644 Broadway	F. A. Ringler Joseph Bird	6,421 21,555	1,941,000 11,669,789	4 31/2	45,580 1,235,744	and Sat., 5 to 8 P.M. 9.30 A.M. to 5.30 P.M. 10 A.M. to 3 P.M.
Seamen's	North River	31 W. 34th St		20,206	9,179,783	31/2	4,015,571 640,476	10 A.M. to 3 P.M (a) 10 A.M. to 3 P.M.; Monday, to 7 P.M.
Union Square. 20 Union Sq W. H. Rockwood 16,016 10,706,173 4 1,304,486 10 A.M. to 3 P.M.; Monday, Universal	Seamen's	74 Wall St	Daniel Barnes	102,000	80,000,000	4	8,500,000	10 A.M. to 2 P.M. 10 A.M. to 3 P.M.; Monday,
United States . 666 Madison Av. C. N. Taintor . 14,569 5,664,426 3 3½ 253,077 10 A.M. to 4 P.M. Universal . 149 Broadway . W. F. Brown . 4,053 325,660 4 13,312 10 A.M. to 3 P.M., Sat. to 1 P.M. West Side . 110 6th Ave C. O. Bigelow . 12,494 4,009,994 4 291,000 9 A.M. to 3 P.M.; Mon. 9 A.M. to 9 P.M.; Sat., 9 A.M. to 9 P.M.; Sat., 9 A.M. to 9 P.M.; Sat., 9 A.M. to 9 P.M.; Sat., 9 A.M. to 9 P.M.; Sat., 9 A.M. to 9 P.M.; Sat., 9 A.M. to 9 P.M.; Sat., 9 A.M. to 9 P.M.; Sat., 9 A.M. to 9 P.M.; Sat., 9 A.M. to 9 P.M.; Sat., 9 A.M. to 9 P.M.; Sat., 9 A.M. to 9 P.M.; Sat., 9 A.M. to 9 P.M.; Sat., 9 A.M. to 9 P.M.; Sat., 9 A.M. to 9 P.M.; Sat., 9 A.M. to 9 P.M.; Sat., 9 A.M. to 9 P.M.; Sat., 9 A.M. to 9 P.M.; Sat., 9 A.M. to 9 P.M.; Sat., 9 A.M. to 9 P.M.; Sat., 9 A.M. to 9 P.M.; Sat., 9 A.M. to 9 P.M.; Sat., 9 A.M. to 9 P.M.; Sat., 9 A.M. to 9 P.M.; Sat., 9 A.M. to 9 P.M.; Sat., 9 A.M. to 9 P.M.; Sat., 9 A.M. to 9 P.M.; Sat., 9 A.M. to 9 P.M.; Sat., 9 A.M. to 9 P.M.; Sat., 9 A.M. to 9 P.M.; Sat., 9 A.M. to 9 P.M.; Sat., 9 A.M. to 9 P.M.; Sat., 9 A.M. to 9 P.M.; Sat., 9 A.M. to 9 P.M.; Sat., 9 A.M. to 9 P.M.; Sat., 9 A.M. to 9 P.M.; Sat., 9 A.M. to 9 P.M.; Sat., 9 A.M. to 9 P.M.; Sat., 9 A.M. to 9 P.M.; Sat., 9 A.M. to 9 P.M.; Sat., 9 A.M. to 9 P.M.; Sat., 9 A.M. to 9 P.M.; Sat., 9 A.M. to 9 P.M.; Sat., 9 A.M. to 9 P.M.; Sat., 9 A.M. to 9 P.M.; Sat., 9 A.M. to 9 P.M.; Sat., 9 A.M. to 9 P.M.; Sat., 9 A.M. to 9 P.M.; Sat., 9 A.M. to 9 P.M.; Sat., 9 A.M. to 9 P.M.; Sat., 9 A.M. to 9 P.M.; Sat., 9 A.M. to 9 P.M.; Sat., 9 A.M. to 9 P.M.; Sat., 9 A.M. to 9 P.M.; Sat., 9 A.M. to 9 P.M.; Sat., 9 A.M. to 9 P.M.; Sat., 9 A.M. to 9 P.M.; Sat., 9 A.M. to 9 P.M.; Sat., 9 A.M. to 9 P.M.; Sat., 9 A.M. to 9 P.M.; Sat., 9 A.M. to 9 P.M.; Sat., 9 A.M. to 9 P.M.; Sat., 9 A.M. to 9 P.M.; Sat., 9 A.M. to 9 P.M.; Sat., 9 A.M. to 9 P.M.; Sat., 9 A.M. to 9 P.M.; Sat., 9 A.M. to 9 P.M.; Sat., 9 A.M. to 9 P.M.; Sat., 9 A.M. to 9 P.M.; Sat., 9 A.M. to 9 P.M.; Sat., 9 A.M. to 9 A.M. to 9 A.M. to 9 A.M. to 9 A.M. to 9 A.M. to 9 A.M. to 9 A.M.	Union Square	20 Union Sq	W. H. Rockwood	16,016	10,706,173	4	1,304,486	10 A.M. to 3 P.M.; Monday,
	Universai	149 Broadway	W. F. Brown	4,053	326,600	4	14,312	10 A.M. to 4 P.M. 10 A.M. to 3 P.M., Sat. to 1 P.M. 9 A.M. to 3 P.M.; Mon., 9

<sup>‡</sup> Subject to change. a Open Monday nights also. d Open Mondays from 10 A. M. to 9 P. M. f Except June, July, August and September. 4 Also 55-61 Cooper Square.

# NATIONAL AND STATE BANKS IN BROOKLYN AND QUEENS.

NAME.	Location.		Surplus & Undivided Profits.		Cashier.
Bank of Flatbush	Cor. Flatbush and Church Aves.	\$100,000	\$57,777	W. D. Buckner	Chas. Straub.
Coney Island	Jamaica§§ Surf Ave., C. I Liquidated Novembe	900,000 100,000		S. R. Smith W. J. Ward	George S. Downing. G. H. Mailey.
First Nat'l, Jamaica.	Jamaica Ozone Park	100,000 50,000	41,033	Starr Brinkerhoff John B. Reimer	W. L. Hopkins.
Greenpoint Nat'l	18302 Jamaica, R. H.	100,000	177,000 41,500	Joseph Huber D. E. Freudenberger. Joel Fowler	Walter Wilmurt. Fred'k Boschen.
Mechanics'§	141 Penns'lvania Ave. Court & Montague. 5th Ave. & Union St.	I,600,000	926,731 34,503	E. L. Rockerfeller Harry M. De Mott Henry M. Randall.	Wilton C. Donn. Thos. M. Halsey
Nassau Natlonal Natlonal City	46 Court St 350 Fulton St Far Rockaway	1,000,000 300,000 50,000	1,131,895 600,000	Dan. V. B. Hegeman	H. P. Schoenberner. B. T. V'n Benthuysen.
North Side a People's National	225 Havemeyer St 1336 Broadway Myrtle & Cyo's Avs	200,000 200,000	205,979 156,000	Paul E. Bonner George W Spence Louis Berger	Henry Billman, J. B. Korndorfer

<sup>§</sup> Branches at 3d Ave. and 51st St.; Broadway, near Gates Ave.; 5th Ave. and 9th St.; 356 Fulton St., Broadway and Bedford Ave.; Schermerhorn St. and 3d Ave.; Atlantic and Georgia Aves. §§ Also Ridgewood, Flushing, Far Rockaway, Rockaway Beach, Richmond Hill, Elmhurst, College Point, Long Island City, Sea Side, Woodhaven, and Corona. a Branches at 33 and 710 Grand St. Main office, Williamsburg Bridge Plaza.

# BANKS FOR SAVINGS IN BROOKLYN AND QUEENS.

Name.	Location.	President.	No .of De- posi- tors.	Deposits.	Rate Int.*	Surplus.	Business Hours. [Unless otherwise stated banks close at 12 noon on Saturdays.]
Brevoort.	5517 5th Ave 522 Nostrand Av. Clinton and Pierrepont Sts.	H. M. Smith	7,000 16,809 72,453	\$1,090,000 5,092,000 56,096,470	4 4 4	320,000	9 A.M. to 3 P.M. 9 A.M. to 3 P.M. 10 A.M. to 3 P.M.; Monday, 5 to 7 P.M.
Bushwick	Grand St., cor.	J. E. Brown	14,847	6,387,953	4	482,466	10 A.M. to 3 P.M.: Monday.
	Cor. Flatbush &		8,962	3,141,872	4	228,252	4 to 7 P.M. also. 9 A.M. to 3 P.M.; Monday, 6 to 8 P.M. also.
College Point	5th St. & 2d Av., College Point.	Wm W Weitling	3,501	1,595,253	4	186,788	10 A.M. to 3 P.M.; Wed. & Sat., 6 to 8 P.M.
Dime	De Kalb Ave. & Fulton St.	R. S. Walker	106,126	46,724,017	4	4,406,870	9 A.M. to 3 P.M.; Monday, 5 to 7 P.M. also.
Dime of Will- iamsburg.	So. 5th St., cor. Havemeyer.	W. P. Sturgis	16,100	11,296,000	4	677,000	10 A.M. to 3 P.M.; Monday, 5 to 7 P.M. also.
E. Brooklyn	643 Myrtle Ave Broadway and	E. F. Barnes L. E. Meeker	17.088 28,000			740,000 500,000	9 A.M. to 3 P.M.b 10 A.M. to 3 P.M.; Monday
_	Gates Ave. Atlantic and	F. Middendorf	1 1		1		& Sat., 6 to 8 P.M. also. 9 A.M. to 3 P.M.; Monday,
Flatbush	Penna. Aves. 863 Flatbush Av	H. B. Hawkins	2,030	201,577	4		6 to 8 P.M. also. 9 A.M. to 3 P.M.; Mon. &
German Germania	531 Broadway 375 Fulton St	Charles Froeb Adolph Goepel	45,240 21.058			1,679,737	Sat., 7 to 9 P.M. also. 10 A.M. to 3 P.M.b 9 A.M. to 3 P.M.; Monday.
Greenpoint	807 Manh'n Ave.	C. J. Obermayer. E. A. Walker	20,367	10,018,354	4	1.051,800	5 to 7 P.M. also. 9 A.M. to 3 P.M.a 9 A.M. to 3 P.M.b
Home	804 Manh'n Ave.	David Engel M. W. Gleason W. A. Warnock	2,575	612,400	4	18,500	9 A.M. to 3 P.M.b d 9 A.M. to 3 P.M.b
	Jamaica.	H. G. Taylor	1	1 ., ,	1 -		9 A.M. to 3 P.M.
	Bedford Ave.	I	1	,	1	1	9 A.M. to 3 P.M.; Monday, 4 to 7 P.M. also.
		W. J. Burnett	1	.,	1		9 A.M. to 3 P.M.: Monday, 9 A.M. to 8 P.M.
	Stuvvesant Aves	D. W. Kaatze	1	7. "	1	1	9 A.M. to 3 P.M.; Monday & Sat., 7 to 9 P.M.
Queens County	Flushing		1	1 ' '	1 -	l	9 A.M. to 3 P.M.†
•		W. J. Coombs.	11,11	1	1	1	9 A.M. to 3 P.M.; Monday, 6 to 8 P.M. also.
	1	A. S. Somers	1 '		1		9 A.M. to 3 P.M.; Monday, 6 to 8 P.M. also.
williamsburg	Driggs Ave	A. D. Baird	112,988	77,283,971	4	10,660,213	10 A.M. to 3 P.M.; Monday, 4 to 7 P.M.

<sup>\*</sup>Subject to change. †Thursday, 6.30 to 8 P.M. a Mondays, 6 to 9 P.M. b Mondays, 5 to 8 P.M. d Saturdays, 6 to 9 P.M. f Also 300 Fulton St.

# TRUST COMPANIES IN MANHATTAN AND BRONX.

NAME.	Location.	Capital.	Surpius & Undivided Profits.		Secretary.
Bankers. Broadway Central. Columbia. Commercial.	5th Ave. and 36th St. 16 Wall St. 233 Broadway k	\$1,250,000 10,000,000 1,500,000 5,000,000 5,000,000 500,000 1,500,000	16,402,900 977,785 16,268,042 8,266,864 162,145	E. C. Converse. Seward Prosser. Frederic G. Lee. J. N. Wallace Willard V. King. R. R. Moore. L. W. Baldwin	B. W. Jones. John Williams. Milton Ferguson, L. W. Wiggin. J. G. Hemerich.
Equitable Farmers' Loan and Trust Co Fidelity Fulton Guaranty Hudson	37 Wall St.†	3,000,000 1,000,000 1,000,000 500,000 20,000,000 500,000	10,223,267 7,834,942 1,260,330 697,000 25,608,472	A. W. Krech.  E. S. Marston. S. S. Conover. H. C. Swords. Charles H. Sabin. Frank V. Baldwin.	R. R. Hunter.  A. V. Heely. A. H. Mars. C. M. Van Kleeck. F. W. Elisworth.
Lincoln Metropolitan Mutual Alliance N. Y. Life Insurance	160 Broadway h 204 Fifth Ave. j 60 Wall St. n In Liquidation,	4,000,000 1,000,000 2,000,000	525,359 5,454,204	L. V. Bright Alex, S. Webb G. C. Van Tuyl, Jr Walter Kerr	Frederic P. Davis. G. N. Hartmann.
New York Title Guarantee & Trust Co Transatlantic	26 Broad St	5,000,000 5,000,000 700,000 3,000,000	11,350,000 12,212,171 534,329	M. N. Buckner C. H. Keisey Julius Pirnitzer Edwin G. Merrill	Herbert W. Morse.  J. W. Cleveland.  G. Plochmann (Actg.)
Trust Co	55 Cedar St.§§ 45 Wall St		4,278,160 14,755,762	J. W. Platten E. W. Sheldon	Henry L. Servoss. W. J. Worcester.

\*Will move to 5th Ave. and 42d St. early in 1917. † Branch at 222 Broadway, 618 Fifth Ave. †† Also 425 and 786 Fifth Ave. ‡† 580 Fifth Ave. \$\frac{1}{2}\$\$ Also 125th St. and 8th Ave., Broadway and 73d St. \$\frac{1}{6}\$\$ Branch 5th Ave. and 43d St. \$\frac{1}{6}\$\$ Also 125th St. and 8th Ave., Broadway and 73d St. \$\frac{1}{6}\$\$ Branch 5th Ave. \$\frac{1}{6}\$\$ Broadway, Brooklyn: 367 Fulton St., Jamaica, L. I., and 160 Main St., White Flains, N. Y. \$\frac{1}{6}\$\$ Also 339 St. 180 Montague St., White Flains, N. Y. \$\frac{1}{6}\$\$ Also 339 St. 180 Montague St., White Flains, N. Y. \$\frac{1}{6}\$\$ Also 339 St. 180 Montague St., White Flains, N. Y. \$\frac{1}{6}\$\$ Also 339 St. 180 Montague St. \$\frac{1}{6}\$\$ Also corner Broadway and \$\frac{1}{6}\$\$ Also 124 Broadway; Broadway at Leonard St., and Broadway and 72d St. \$\frac{1}{6}\$\$ Also corner Broadway and 8th St., 92 West Broadway; 839 Flatbush Ave., and New Utrecht Ave. and 54th St., Brooklyn; 350 Fulton St., Jamaica; 67 Jackson Ave., L. I. City. \$\frac{1}{6}\$\$ Also 25 St. Ave. also .\$\frac{1}{6}\$\$ St. Ave. also .\$\frac{1}{6}\$\$ Also 25 St. Ave. also .\$\frac{1}{6}\$\$ St. Ave. also .\$\frac{1}{6}\$\$ St. Ave. also .\$\frac{1}{6}\$\$ Also 25 St. Ave. also .\$\frac{1}{6}\$\$ St. Ave. also .\$\frac{1}{6}\$\$ St. Ave. also .\$\frac{1}{6}\$\$ St. Ave. also .\$\frac{1}{6}\$\$ St. Ave. also .\$\frac{1}{6}\$\$ St. Ave. also .\$\frac{1}{6}\$\$ St. Ave. also .\$\frac{1}{6}\$\$ Also 25 St. Ave. also .\$\frac{1}{6}\$\$ Also 25 St. Ave. also .\$\frac{1}{6}\$\$ Also 25 St. Ave. also .\$\frac{1}{6}\$\$ Also 25 St. Ave. also .\$\frac{1}{6}\$\$ Also 25 St. Ave. also .\$\frac{1}{6}\$\$ Also 25 St. Ave. also .\$\frac{1}{6}\$\$ Also 25 St. Ave. also .\$\frac{1}{6}\$\$ Also 25 St. Ave. also .\$\frac{1}{6}\$\$ Also 25 St. Ave. also .\$\frac{1}{6}\$\$ Also 25 St. Ave. also .\$\frac{1}{6}\$\$ Also 25 St. Ave. also .\$\frac{1}{6}\$\$ Also 25 St. Ave. also .\$\frac{1}{6}\$\$ Also 25 St. Ave. also .\$\frac{1}{6}\$\$ Also 25 St. Ave. also .\$\frac{1}{6}\$\$ Also 25 St. Ave. also .\$\frac{1}{6}\$\$ Also 25 St. Ave. also .\$\frac{1}{6}\$\$ Also 25 St. Ave. also .\$\frac{1}{6}\$\$ 109 Avenue A.

# TRUST COMPANIES IN BROOKLYN.

NAME.	Location.	Capital.	Surplus & Undivided Profits,	President.	Secretary.
Franklin	177 Montague St 166 Montague St.†† 191 Montague St. 342 Fulton St 774 Broadway 181 Montague St 175 Remsen St	1,000,000 500,000 500,000 1,000,000 1,000,000	1,344,141 1,116,100 2,701,138 422,483 1,690,000	E. P. Maynard Arthur K. Wood W. E. Edmister J. D. Fairchild Nathan S. Jonas C. A. Boody	C. W. Ludlum. Geo. Hadden. Thos. Biake. James H. Conroy.

† Branches at Nostrand Ave. and Herkimer St., 43 Flatbush Ave., Clinton and Myrtle Aves., and 5th Ave. and 5th St. † Branches at 1205 Fulton St.; Manhattan Branch, 2 Wali St., †† 46 Wall St., New York; 569 Fulton St. and 1001 Waliabout Market, Brooklyn, N. Y. m Branches at 84 Broadway, corner Berry St., and Myrtle Ave., corner Bleecker St., Brooklyn.

JURY DUTY IN MANHATTAN AND BRONX.

To be qualified to serve a person must be not less than 21 nor more than 70 years of age, and he must be a male citizen of the United States, and a resident of the county of New York; and he is a resident within the meaning of the jury law if he dwells or lodges here the greater part of the time between the first day of October and the last day of June. He must be the owner, in his own right, of real or personal property of the value of \$250; or the husband of a woman who is the owner, in his own right, of real or personal property of that value. He must also be in the possession of his natural faculties, and not be infirm or decrepit; intelligent, of good character, and able to read and write the English language understandingly.

THE FOLLOWING PERSONS ARE ENTITLED TO EXEMPTION.

A clergyman, minister of any religion officiating as such, and not following any other calling, and a licensed pharmaceutist or pharmacist, or a duly licensed embainer, while actually engaged in his profession as a means of livelihood. An autorney or counselior-at-law regularly engaged in the practice of law as a means of livelihood. A professor or teacher in a college, caademy, or public school, not following any other calling. Editor, editorial writer, or reporter of a daily newspaper or press association regularly employed as such, and not following any other vocation. The holder of an office under the United States, or the State, or city or county of New York, whose official duties, at the time, prevent his attendance as a juror. A consul of a foreign nation. A captain, engineer, or other officer actually employed upon a vessel making regular trips; a licensed pilot, actually following that calling. A superintendent, conductor, or engineer employed by a railroad company or association by which he is employed. Honorably discharged minister employed by a particle of the company or association by which he is employed. Honorably discharged firener employed by a press accutance of the company or assoc

# AMUSEMENT PLACES IN NEW YORK CITY.

THEATRES IN MANHATTAN AND BRONX.

SEATING capacity is given from information furnished by the owners or managers of the theatres, but as some houses are able to add extra seats during important engagements the figures, in a few caser, are likely to vary slightly.

THEATRES, ETC.	Location.	Proprietors or Managers.	Seating Capacity
Astor	Broadway and 45th St	Messrs, Shubert	1,124
Bandbox	57th St., near 3d Ave	R. Christians and H. Bartsch	299
Belasco	44th St., near Broadway	David Belasco	950
Booth	45th St., near Broadway	Winthrop Ames	700
Bronx Opera House	149th St., near Third Ave	Cohan & Harris	1,881
Burland	985 Prospect Ave	Picker & Bennett	1,999
Casino	Broadway and 39th St	Messrs, Shubert	1,455
Century	Central Park West and 67th St	Dillingham & Ziegfeld, Jr	2,890
Cohan & Harris	42d St., near 7th Ave	Cohan & Harris	1,047
Cohan's, Geo. M	Broadway and 43d St	Klaw & Erlanger	1,080
Columbia	7th Ave. and 47th St	J. Herbert Mack	1,385
Comedy	41st St., near 6th Ave	Washington Square Players, Inc.	600
Cort	48th St., near Broadway	John Cort	1,029
Criterion	Broadway and 44th St	James K. Hackett	850
Elliott, Maxine	39th St., near Broadway	Messrs, Shubert	938
Eltinge	42d St., near Broadway	A. H. Woods	892
Empire	Broadway and 40th St	Charles Frohman Co	1,099
Forty-cighth Street	48th St. near Broadway	Wm, A Brady	961
Forty-fourth Street	44th St., near Broadway	Messrs, Shubert	1.540
Francais	45th St., near Broadway	Lucien L. Bonheur	700
Fulton	46th St., near Broadway	Estate of Henry B. Harris	924
Galety	Broadway and 46th St	Klaw & Erlanger	806
Garrick	35th St., near 6th Ave	Messrs, Shubert	850
Globe	Broadway and 46th St	Charles Dillingham	1,194
Harris	42d St. near 8th Ave	Selwyn & Co	7770
Hippodrome	6th Ave, and 43d St	Charles Dillingham	5,000
Hudson	44th St., near 6th Ave	Estate of Henry B. Harris	1.075
Irving Place	Irving Place and 15th St	R. Christians and H. Bartsch	1,088
Kessler	2d Ave. and 2d St	Max R. Wilner	1,867
Knickerbocker	Broadway and 38th St	Klaw & Erlanger	1,431
Liberty	42d St., near Broadway	Kiaw & Erianger	1,210
Little	44th St., near Broadway	Winthrop Ames	299
Longacre	48th St., near Broadway	Frazee & Anderson	1.019
Lyceum	45th St., near Broadway	Charles Frohman Co	957
Lyric	42d St., near 7th Ave	Messrs, Shubert	1.472
Madison Square Garden	Madison Ave, and 27th St	Harry A. Cochrane	1,200
Manhattan Opera House	34th St., near 8th Ave	Morris Gest	3,500
Metropolitan Opera House.	Broadway and 40th St	G. Gatti-Casazza	3.366
Miner's Bronx	3d Ave. and 156th St	George H. Miner	1,800
New Amsterdam	42d St., near 7th Ave	Klaw & Erlanger	1.702
Park	Columbus Circle	Lawrence J. Anhalt	1,575
Playhouse	48th St., near Broadway	Wm. A. Brady	879
	39th St., near 6th Ave	F. Ray Comstock	299
	49th St., near 7th Ave	Charles Hopkins	299
Republic	42d St., near Broadway	A. H. Woods	1,000
Shubert	44th St., near Broadway	Messrs, Shubert	1,395
	963 Southern Boulevard	David V. Picker	1.799
	Broadway and 90th St	John Cort	1,650
	39th St., near Broadway	Messrs, Shubert	673
	Broadway and 50th St	Messrs. Shubert	1.535
	86th St., near Lexington Ave	Samuel Rachmann	2,000

# VAUDEVILLE AND MOTION PICTURE HOUSES.

VAC	DEVILLE AND MOTION TIC	TORE HOUSES.	
Landomy of Music	14th St. and Irving Place	William Foy	3,400
Addinhi	Broadway and 89th St	Trio Amusement Co Inc	1,200
Alhambra	7th Ave. and 126th St	B F Keith	1.383
American	8th Ave. and 42d St	Marcus Loew	1.688
A polio	7th Ave. and 125th St	Hurtig & Seamon	1,300
Auduhon	Broadway and 165th St	William Fox	2,653
A venue B	Avenue B and 5th St	Marcus Loew	1,800
Boulevard	Southern Boulevard and West-		
	chester Ave		2,020
Broadway	Broadway and 41st St		1,800
Bronx	Metrose Ave. and 150th St	Wm. T. Keogh	1,757
Circle	Broadway and 60th St	Marcus Loew	1,605
Claremont	Broadway and 135th St	Fred J. Dollinger	1,300
Colonial	Broadway and 62d St	B. F. Keith	1,447
	Tremont Ave., near Park Ave		2,230
Delancey Street		Marcus Loew	1,780
Eighty-first Street	Broadway and 81st St	A. L. Shakman	2,500
Eighty-sixth Street	86th St., near 3d Ave	Marcus Loew	1,420
Fourteenth Street	14th St., near 6th Ave	J. Wesley Rosenquest	1,500
Grand Opera House	8th Ave. and 23d St	Beck Amusement Co	2,086
Greeley Square	6th Ave. and 30th St	Marcus Loew	1.850
Hamilton.,	Broadway and 146th St	B. S. Moss	1,789
Harlem Opera House	125th St., near 7th Ave	B. F. Keith	1,425
Hurtig & Seamon's	125th St., near 8th Ave	Hurtig & Seamon	2,000
Jefferson	114th St., near 2d Ave	B. S. Moss	2,010

# VAUDEVILLE AND MOTION PICTURE HOUSES IN MANHATTAN AND BRONX—Continued.

THEATRES, ETC.	Location.	Proprietors or Managers.	Seating Capacity
Stanley	Lexington Ave. and 51st St. Broadway, near 66th St. Boston Road, near 169th St. 5th Ave. and 116th St. Bergen Ave. and 149th St. Bergen Ave. and 149th St. 14th St., west of 3d Ave. 3d Ave., 66-87th Sts. Broadway and 47th St. Broadway and 47th St. 3d Ave., near 31st St. 201 Bowery. Madison Ave. and 59th St. Lexington Ave. and 125th St. Broadway and 28th St. 58th St., near 3d Ave. Prospect & Westchester Aves. 7th Ave. and 116th St. 7th Ave. and 42d St. Broadway and 96th St. Broadway and 96th St. Broadway and 96th St. Broadway and 96th St. Broadway and 97th St. Westchester and Bergen Aves. 7th Ave. and 124th St. Tth Ave. and 125th St.	W. H. Quald. John Buek. B. S. Moss. B. S. Moss. S. L. Rothapfel. William Fox William Fox William Fox B. F. Keith. Marcus Loew Leon D. Langsfeldt. Mark Strand Theatre Co. Joseph Weber.	1,266 2,559 1,544 1,800 1,500 2,334 2,000 758 1,800 1,600 1,600 1,400 1,409 1,409 1,409 1,409 1,409 1,409 1,409 1,409 1,409 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,

# HALLS, STADIUMS, ETC.

Aeolian Hall  34 W. 43d St  Clarendon H. Pfeisser	1,302
Brush Stadium Polo Grounds National Exhibition Co	39,000
Carnegie Hall	2,800
Carnegie Lyceum	600
Grand Central Palace Lexington Ave. and 46th St Grand Central Palace Co	1,200
Madison Square Garden   Madison Ave. and 26th St	12,137
Stadium	5,285

# BROOKLYN THEATRES, VAUDEVILLE AND MOTION PICTURE HOUSES.

Academy of Muslc	Lafayette Ave. and St. Felix St		2,207
Amphion	Bedford Ave., near S. 10th St		1,654
Bay Ridge	Third Ave. and 72d St	William Fox	1,880
Bedford	Bedford Ave. and Bergen St	William Fox	2,000
Bljou	Smith and Llvingston Sts	Marcus Loew	1,670
Brighton Beach Music Hall	Brighton Beach	Wm. H. Kemble	2,300
Broadway	Broadway, near Myrtle Ave	Marcus Loew	2,200
Bushwick	Broadway and Howard Ave		2,216
Casino		Wm. F. Rife	1,673
Columbia	Washington and Tillary Sts		
De Kalb	De Kalb Ave. and Broadway	Marcus Loew	2,300
Empire	Broadway and Ralph Ave	J. H. Curtin	1,650
Fifth Avenue	Fifth Ave. and 4th St	Joseph E. Horn	1,100
Flatbush	Flatbush and Church Aves	B. S. Moss	1,725
Fox's Comedy		M. M. Kridell	1,051
Fox's Folly	Graham Ave and Debevoise St	H. H. Lipkowitz	2,200
Fulton	Fulton St. and Nostrand Ave		1,600
Gayety	Broadway and Throop Ave	Columbia Amusement Ci	1,600
Gotham	Fulton St. and Alabama Ave	F. A. Glrard	981
Grand Opera House	Elm Place, near Fulton St	C. W. Danlels	1,782
Greenpoint	Manhattan Ave. and Calyer St	B. F. Keith	1,762
Halsey	Halsey St, and Broadway	George W. Powell	2,500
Keeney's	Livingston St. and Hanover Pl		2,500
Lee Avenue	Lee Avenue and Roebling St	A. Bauerfreund	1,326
Liberty	Liberty St. and Watkins Ave		1,500
Linden	815 Flatbush Ave		
Lyceum	84 Montrose Ave	Louis Phlllips	
Madison	Broadway and Madlson St	B. F. Keith	569
Majestic	Fulton St. and Rockwell Place	Fletcher Billings	1,844
Monroe Street	Monroe St. and Howard Ave	B. F. Kelth	600
Montauk	Hanover Place, near Fulton St	Klaw & Erlanger	1,350
New Brighton	Brighton Beach		1,600
New Novelty	780 Driggs Ave	Wm. Freistadtl	1,200
Olympic	Adams St., near Fulton St		1,600
Orpheum	Fulton St. and Rockwell Pl	B. F. Kelth	1,864
Oxford	Flatbush Ave. and State St	O. Muller	725
Prospect	Ninth St., near 5th Ave	Prospect Operating Co	2,430
Putnam	966 Fulton St	D. H. Kelth	900
Royal	15 Willoughby St	Marcus Loew	1.500
Samuel Beck	Broadway and Varet St	Samuel Beck	7900
Star	Jay and Fulton Sts	M. J. Joyce	1.517
Teller's Shubert	Broadway and Monroe St	Herbert S. Ascher.	1,900
Triangle	Flatbush Ave. and Fulton St	W. H. Kemble	1.550
Warwick	Fulton and Jerome Sts	Marcus Loew	1,500
** W** ***			2,000

# NEW YORK WATER SUPPLY.

New York City has grown so rapidly in the past ten years that the water system, which, when first planed, was considered ample for many years, has been taxed to its limit, and there is at present an urgent need for the new system, which is now nearly completed, for bringing water from the Catskill Mountains. The city consumes every day for domestic, sanitary, and manufacturing purposes about 550,000,000 gailous of water, or nearly 100 gailous a day per inhabitant. The new Catskill Aqueduct will have a capacity of 500,000,000 gailous a day, and the largest reservoir (the Ashokan) in the system, once filled, could supply the city for seven months at the present rate of consumption without any water flowing into it.

# THE PRESENT SYSTEM.

THE PRESENT SYSTEM.

The water supply of the City of New York is divided by boroughs, those of Manhattan and Bronx being taken together, as they are practically supplied from the same sources. In the Boroughs of Manhattan and Bronx the supply is by means of gravity, the water being pumped to the higher parts of the boroughs. In the lower part of Manhattan and certain business districts of Brooklyn an independent system known as the high pressure fire service is used exclusively for fire protection purposes. The high pressure fire service system usually draws its supply from the distributing mains; in case of emergency provision has been made so that salt water can be used. water can be used.

The Boroughs of Manhattan and Bronx are supplied from both the Croton and the Bronx and Byram watersheds. The Croton covers an area of 375 square miles, and from various reservoirs water is brought through more than 30 miles of masonry conduit to distributing reservoirs in the boroughs. The Bronx and Lyram watershed covers an area of about 22 square miles.

about 22 square miles.

In Manhattan Croton water is used entirely, but
in the Bronx about one-half of the population is
supplied with Croton water, the other half being
supplled from the new Kensico Reservoir, which is
fed from the Catskill shed, supplemented by the
Bronx and Byram Rivers. Approximately 350,000,000 gallons are used every day in Manhattan
and the Bronx.

In Brooklyn about 80 per cent. of the water comes from wells, and the remainder from small streams, the watersheds having an area of nearly 170 square miles. All the water is pumped, and about 150,000.000 gallons are consumed daily from mulcipal and private sources. Flatbush and Borough Park are supplied by private companies from wells. The city supplies only the First and Third Wards in the Borough of Queens, while the other wards are supplied by private companies. The water is taken chiefly from wells, and the consumption averages about 36,000,000 gallons daily. In Richmond the city owns the wells, which furnish about 11,500,000 gallons daily. Hulh Pressure Fire Service System—The high pressure fire service system in Manhattan is bounded by Thirty-fourth Street, Madison Avenue, Twenty-fourth Street, Lexington Avenue, Fourteenth Street, Battery, North River, and covers an area of 5.8 square miles. In Brooklyn about 80 per cent, of the water comes

square miles.

Battery, North River, and covers an area of 5.8 square miles.

There are two pumping stations—one located at Gansevoort and West Streets, and the other at Oliver and South Streets, Each station has six electrically driven centrifugal pumps that are connected to the Croton supply (see above), the Gansevoort and West Street station being also connected to the North River, and the Oliver and South Street station to the East River. Thus either fresh or sait water may be used, the latter, however, only being used in emergencies. Each pump can deliver 3,000 gallons a minute under a pressure of 300 pounds per square Inch at the station. The combined capacity of the two stations is equal to about 50 fire engines delivering two good-sized streams. The pumping stations respond to every alarm with a pressure of 125 pounds per square inch.

The distributing system consists of 128 miles of mains, 8 to 24 inches in diameter, and about 2,750 four-nozzle hydrants and the necessary valves.

The pressure at any point can be increased or decreased by telephoning to the pumping stations. For this purpose there are approximately 696 telephone boxes, besides telephones communicating with the Fire Department headquarters and with the main and subsidiary stations of the New York Edison Company, from which the necessary electric power is obtained.

The present system cost about \$6,762,000 for stations, land, mains, and appurtenances.

tions, land, mains, and appurtenances.

imption without any water flowing into it.

In Brooklyn there are two high pressure fire service systems—one protecting the business and manufacturing districts, and the other the amusement section of Coney island.

The one for the business and manufacturing districts is bounded by the Navy Yard, St. Edward's Street, St. Felix Street, Fort Greene Place, Fifth Avenue, Thirty-ninth Street and the water front, covering an area of 4.8 square miles. The supply is furnished by two stations, the main one being located at the foot of Joralemon Street, and the reserve one at Willoughby and St. Edward's Streets. Both draw their supply from the Ridgewood mains, the main station being also connected to the East River. The pumps are electrically operated in both stations, and the stations are electrically operated in both stations per minute minute of capacity of 224,000 galers of the pumps are electrically operated in both stations of the stations of the stations of the stations of the stations of the stations of the stations of the stations of the stations of the stations of the stations of the stations of the stations of the stations of the stations of the stations of the stations of the stations of the stations of the stations of the stations of the stations of the stations of the stations of the stations of the stations of the stations of the stations of the stations of the stations of the stations of the stations of the stations of the stations of the stations of the stations of the stations of the stations of the stations of the stations of the stations of the stations of the stations of the stations of the stations of the stations of the stations of the stations of the stations of the stations of the stations of the stations of the stations of the stations of the stations of the stations of the stations of the stations of the stations of the stations of the stations of the stations of the stations of the stations of the stations of the stations of the stations of the stations of the stations of the stations of the s

The Coney Island high-pressure system protects an area of 470 acres. The pumping station is located at West Twelfth Street and Coney Island Creek. Gas engine driving pumps are installed, the total capacity being 4,500 gallons per minute pumping to a pressure of 150 pounds per square inch. The water is distributed through six miles of mains, 8 to 16 inches in diameter, having hydrants where preservi

where necessary.

### THE CATSKILL SYSTEM.

THE CATSKILL SYSTEM.

The Catskill water supply system, the partial development of which is nearing completion, at present comprises the following reservoirs: Ashokan for impounding the water, Kensico for storage, Hill View for equalizing and distributing, and Silver Lake for distributing and serving as a terminal reservoir, and besides these reservoirs the Catskill Aqueduct for conveying the water. In New York City the system is inter-connected with existing pipe lines. However, the city pumping plants in Manhattan and the Bronx, Brooklyn, Queens, and Richmond, which pumped during the year 1915 about 400.000,000 gallons daily, and the various private plants, which during 1915 supplied about 34,000,000 gallons daily, may in part be dispensed with, as the water brought by the new Catskill system will have in general sufficient pressure to reach the twentieth floor of a building situated at tide level. twentieth floor of a building situated at tide level.

twentieth floor of a building situated at tide level. Ashokan Reservoir—The main suppy will be imported or suppy should be imported or suppy should be imported or suppy should be imported or suppy should be imported or suppy should be imported or suppy should be imported or suppy should be imported or suppy should be imported or suppy should be imported or suppy should be imported or suppy should be imported or suppy should be imported or suppy should be imported or suppy should be imported or suppy should be imported or suppy should be imported or suppy should be imported or suppy should be imported or suppy should be imported or suppy should be imported or suppy should be imported or suppy should be imported or suppy should be imported or suppy should be imported or suppy should be imported or suppy should be imported or suppy should be imported or suppy should be imported or suppy should be included by suppy should be included by suppy should be included upon to suppy should be suppy should be suppy should be suppy should be suppy should be suppy should be suppy should be suppy should be suppy should be suppy should be suppy should be suppy should be suppy should be suppy should be suppy should be suppy should be suppy should be suppy should be suppy should be suppy should be suppy should be suppy should be suppy should be suppy should be suppy should be suppy should be suppy should be suppy should be suppy should be suppy should be suppy should be suppy should be suppy should be suppy should be suppy should be suppy should be suppy should be suppy should be suppy should be suppy should be suppy should be suppy should be suppy should be suppy should be suppy should be suppy should be suppy should be suppy should be suppy should be suppy should be suppy should be suppy should be suppy should be suppy should be suppy should be suppy should be suppy should be suppy should be suppy should be suppy should be suppy should be suppy should be suppy should be suppy should be suppy should be suppy should be suppy shou

of water daily to utilize the Catskill Aqueduct to its full capacity. This involves the connection of the Schoharle Reservoir formed by the dam at Gli-boa with the tributaries of the Ashokan Reservoir through a 17-mile tunnel.

Catskill Aqueduct—Leading from the Asbokan Reservoir is the Catskill Aqueduct conveying the water to Storm King, four miles above West Point, then under the Hudson River in a tunnel to Breakneck Mountain, from Breakneck Mountain, to Kensico Reservoir (east of Tarrytown, N. Y.), and

#### NEW YORK WATER SUPPLY-Continued.

from the latter to Hill View Reservoir in Yonkers, just north of the city line.

just north of the city line.

The type of construction depends entirely on the nature of the country the aqueduct crosses. Wherever possible it is built in the open—that is, cut-and-cover, but in many cases tunnels and siphons are required. The cut-and-cover portion is of concrete, having a horseshoe-shaped cross section 17 feet high and 17 feet 6 inches wide, with the flat part resting on the ground. The dimensions of the tunnels range from approximately those just given to a circular section 14 feet 6 inches in diameter. The entire waterway is concrete lined.

The most difficult tunnel to bore was the one un-

The entire waterway is concrete lined. The most difficult tunnel to bore was the one under the Hudson River, between Storm King and Breakneck Mountains. Here it was necessary to cut through solid rock at a distance of 1,100 feet below the surface of the river. From Breakneck Mountain to Kensico Reservoir cut-and-cover construction, with an occasional tunnel or siphons followed; similarly Kensico Reservoir is connected to Hill View Reservoir, and from the latter is the tunnel for supplying New York. The Catskill Aqueduct, from Ashokan Reservoir to the city line at Yonkers, is about 92 miles long, 55 miles being cut-and-cover, 31 miles tunnels, and 6 miles of steel pipes.

City Tunnel of Catskill Aqueduct-The city tunnel City Tunnet of Catskill Aqueduct—The city tunnel from Hill View Reservoir passes under the Borough of the Bronx, the Harlem River, the Borough of Manhattan, and the East River, terminating in Brooklyn, a distance of 18 miles. At the Brooklyn terminal pipes extend to the Boroughs of Queens and Richmond, the pipes to the latter being of cast iron, crossing the Narrows and discharging into an equalizing reservoir at Silver Lake, 225 feet above see level

The tunnel is circular in section, reducing from 15 feet to 11 feet in diameter, lined with concrete, and varying from 250 to 750 feet deep in solid rock. It

thus passes far below all subway and building founda-tions. About every 4,000 feet there are connections to the present distributing system through control-ling valves set to furnish the water at any lower pressure than that in the tunnel which existing con-

to the present distributing system through conducting valves set to furnish the water at any lower pressure than that in the tunnel which existing conditions may require.

The tunnel is capable of delivering 500,000,000 gallons daily, the water rising at the Brooklyn end to nearly 240 feet above tide water, a height sufficient to supply without pumping the highest sections of the burley of the condition of the supply without pumping the highest sections of the burley of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the con

# THE KNIGHTS OF KING ARTHUR.

THE KNICHTS OF KINC ARTHUR.

The Knights of King Arthur is the largest church-boys' organization in the world, having 3,200 chapters and enrolling 150,000 boys in this country and Canada. Undenominational, it has found continual success in all churches, Y. M. C. A's and schools in all parts of the country. It is a fraternity, private but not secret, self-governing and under the control of the local church. Based upon the oldest English Christian legend that of the Round Table, it is a revival of the nobler side of mediaeval chivairy. While religious, the plan allows the proportion of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of

To interest immigrants in the ideals of American citizenship; to cause those who are not yet citizens to become citizens and to help bring about active public interest in the Americanization of immigrants. Classes in citizenship and English; public meetings; co-operates with public officials. Present membership about 2,400. Headquarters—138 2d Ave., New York City.

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# BUREAU OF MUNICIPAL RESEARCH.

Bureau of Municipal Research, 261 Broadway, *Director*—Dr. F. A. Cleveland, *Chatrman*—R. Fulton Chile. Object: Impartial analysis of problems of governmental administration in city and State; constructive publicity regarding same. Training School for Public Service, *Supervisor*—Dr. C. A. Beard work in other cities and State governments; scientific research in preparation of administrative handbooks, service manuals and monographs to aid administrators.

# CIVIC ASSOCIATIONS NATIONAL.

Institute for Government Research—1916, Washington, D. C. Director—W. F. Willoughby. Chatrman—Dr. Frank J. Goodnow. A national association of citizens for co-operating with public officers in the scientific study of business methods with a view to promoting efficiency and economy in the National Government. ment.

# SUBWAY SYSTEMS IN NEW YORK CITY.

For Tunnels in and about New York City, see Index. THE FIRST SUBWAY.

THE subway operated by the Interborough Rapid

THE Subway operated by the Interborough Rapid Transit Company comprises:

A four-track trunk line from City Hall Park through Lafayette Street, Fourth Avenue. Forty-second Street and Broadway to Ninety-sixth Street.

A two-track southern extension from City Hall, down Broadway to the Battery, there connected by the Rapid Transit Tunnel under the East River to the Brooklyn suhway, which extends along Joralemon and Fulton Streets to Atlantic Avenue.

Two northern branches from Ninety-sixth Street, viz. (a) the Broadway and (b) the Lenox Avenue.

Two northern branches from Ninety-sixth Streviz. (a) the Broadway and (b) the Lenox Avenue.

(a) The Broadway or West Side branch extendad along Broadway, St. Nicholas and Amsterdam Avenues and Broadway to 2422 Street (Van Cortlandt Park). It has three tracks from Ninety-sixth Street to 137th Street and two beyond. Part of It is an elevated structure.

(b) The Lenox Avenue branch has two tracks (portions of which are carried on an elevated atructure) with a terminal at Bronx Park, The Lenox Avenue branch leaves the trunk line at about 103d Street, runs easswardly to and under the northwest corner of Central Park the control that the control the control to the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the control that the Park, thence north through Lenox Avenue to

about 141st Street, where it branches off to the eastward and runs through various atreets to Westchester Avenue, through Westchester Avenue to Southern Boulevard, and through Southern Boulevard to the terminus of the line at Bronx Park, or 180th

Total length of all the above routes, 26.3 miles, having 85.2 miles of track. Standard four-track cross section (two for express trains and two for local) 54 feet 84; Inches wide over all and 16 feet 7 inches high, with roof supported by steet columns, 97.500 tons of structural steel and 725,000 cubic yards of concrete used. The contract for the subway in New York north of City Hall was awarded January 15, 1900, to John B. McDonald and completed by him October 27, 1904, as far as 145th Street. The Broax extensions were not completed until some time later. The contracts for subways south of City Hall and in Brooklyn were awarded after the one in New York, to the Rapid Transit Subway Construction Company, and were completed in 1908, Total cost about 875,000,000 of which \$50,000,000 was expended on the construction of the subway, and \$25,000,000 on the equipment: viz., power house, rolling stock, signals, etc.

MAIN LINE. Bowling Green Wall Street. Fulton Street. City Hall Loop. Brooklyn Brldge. Brooklyn Bridge.
Worth and Lafayette Sts.
Canal and Lafayette Sts.
Spring and Lafayette Sts.
Bjeecker and Lafay'tte Sts.
Astor Pl. and 4th Ave.
18th St. and 4th Ave. 18th St. and 4th Ave.
23d St. and 4th Ave.
23th St. and 4th Ave.
33d St. and 4th Ave.
42d St. and Park Ave.
Times Sq. Station (42d
St. and Broadway). 50th St. and Broadway. Columbus Circle (59th St.)

66th St. and Broadway.

72d St. and Broadway. 79th St. and Broadway. 86th St. and Broadway. 91st St. and Broadway. 96th St. and Broadway.

#### BROADWAY LINE.

103d St. and Broadway. 110th St. and Broadway. 116th St. and Broadway. Manhattan St. & B'way. 137th St. and Broadway. 145th St. and Broadway. 157th St. and Broadway. 168th St. and St. Nicholas Ave. 181st St. and St. Nicholas

Ave. 191st St. and St. Nicholas Ave (By tunnel to Broadway, 2 blocks dis-

215th St. and Amsterdam

225th St. and Broadway. 231st St. and Broadway. 238th St. and Broadway. 242d St. and Broadway, Van Cortlandt Park.

Van Certlandt Park.
LENOX AVE. AND WEST
FARMS LINE.
110th St. and Lenox Ave.
116th St. and Lenox Ave.
125th St. and Lenox Ave.
135th St. and Lenox Ave.
145th St. and Lenox Ave.

Mott Ave. and 149th St. 149th St. and 3d Ave. (Free transfer here with Ele-

vated R. R. in same direction.)

Dyckman St. and Nagle Jackson and Westchester Aves.

207th St. and Amsterdam Prospect and Westchester Aves

Intervale and Westchester Aves.

Simpson St. and West-chester Ave. Freeman St. and Southern

Freeman St. and Southern Boulevard. 174th St. and Boston Rd. 177th St. and Boston Rd. 181st St. and Boston Rd. (Southeastern entrance to Bronx Park and Zoological Park.)

# BROOKLYN BRANCH.

Atlantic Ave. Nevins St. Hoyt St. Borough Hall,

# NEW RAPID TRANSIT LINES

Under the dual system of rapid transit for New York Clty all the rapid transit lines operated by the Interborough Rapid Transit Company and the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company, including the first subway and the elevated lines of the two sys-

tant.)

first subway and the elevated lines of the two systems, are combined in two great systems covering four of the five bornighs of the city. Each will operate through the so-called community centre of the city, namely the section of Manhattan Island below Fifty-ninth Street.

The dual system was effectuated when the City of New York through the Public Service Commission on March 19, 1913, entered into agreements (the dual contracts) with the Interborongh Rapid Transit Company and the New York Municipal Railway Corporation (an associated company of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company) for the construction and operation of new subway lines and extensions, elevated line extensions and third tracking of elevated roads. Both the city and the two companies Rapid Transit Company) for the construction and eperation of new subway lines and extensions, elevated line extensions and third tracking of elevated loads. Both the city and the two companies contributed large sums for general construction, while equipment was to be provided by the companies. All subways and elevated extensions of subways are owned by the city while elevated lines, elevated extensions and third tracking on elevated roads are the property of the companies of the companies of the companies of the companies of the companies of the companies of the companies of the companies of the companies of the companies of the companies of the companies of the companies of the companies of the companies of the companies of the companies of the companies of the companies of the companies of the companies of the companies of the companies of the companies of the companies of the companies of the companies of the companies of the companies of the companies of the companies of the companies of the companies of the companies of the companies of the companies of the companies of the companies of the companies of the companies of the companies of the companies of the companies of the companies of the companies of the companies of the companies of the companies of the companies of the companies of the companies of the companies of the companies of the companies of the companies of the companies of the companies of the companies of the companies of the companies of the companies of the companies of the companies of the companies of the companies of the companies of the companies of the companies of the companies of the companies of the companies of the companies of the companies of the companies of the companies of the companies of the companies of the companies of the companies of the companies of the companies of the companies of the companies of the companies of the companies of the companies of the companies of the companies of the companies of the companies of the companies of the companies of the companies of th

RANSIT LINES

| road, and 19.8 \_\_mls; of third track and other additional tracks on the existing elevated railroads. The local properties of the lines authorized under the dual contracts will be either in operation or ready for operation during the year 1917. Some of the lines are already in use and all, save a few of the principal general construction contracts have been awarded. Some construction contracts have been awarded. Some construction was authorized subsequent to the completion of the first subway and prior to the signing of the dual contracts in 1913. Practically all such work is now completed and in operation. The Centre Street loop subway in Manhattan, together with the trunk line of the Fourth Avenue, Brooklyn, system and two of lis South Brooklyn feeder lines; the Liberty Avenue extension of the Fulton Street elevated line in Brooklyn, and portions of the third tracks on the Brooklyn elevated lines are now in operation by the Brooklyn ecompany.

# SUBWAY SYSTEMS IN NEW YORK CITY-Continued.

Peiham Bay Park. It is also being extended down Seventh Avenue from Forty-second Street, with one branch leading to the Battery and another leading into Brooklyn through Park Place, Beekman and William Streets, and under river tunnel. Extensions of the Interborough system in Brooklyn Include a subway along Eastern Parkway and Nostrand Avenue and an elevated extension of the Eastern Parkway ine on Livonia Avenue. Another important Interborough extension is that on White Platins Road, the Bronx, starting from a connection with the West Farms branch of the first subway near 178th Street and extending north to 241st Street near the city line.

The Fourth Avenue subway in Brooklyn is the great trunk line of the New York Municipal Railway Corporation's system. The New Ultrecht Avenue line, formerly known as the West End line, the Sea Beach line—below which are practically completed—struction, constitute three of the South Brooklyn attensions of this system. They formerly served as extensions of the Fifth Avenue clevated line. Later, the Brighton Beach elevated line is also to be connected with the Fourth Avenue system. The extension of the Brooklyn Fourth Avenue with the Fourth Avenue with the Fourth Avenue with the Fourth Avenue with the Broadway and Seventh Avenue north to Fifty-ninth Street, from which point a line is being built under Broadway and Seventh Avenue connection is made with the Queens lines, which will be jointly operated by tunnel to Queens, where connection is made with the Queens lines, which will be jointly operated by the Interborough Rapid Transit Company and the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company. The Fourth Avenue subway reaches into Manhattan by way of the Manhattan Bridge, and later by way of tunnels under the East River near the Battery. Another subway line now under contract will begin at Sixth Avenue and Fourteenth Street, Manhattan, extend under the East River to the Eastern District and Bushwick sections of Brooklyn, elvaded line. This line is for operation by the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company.

other extensions and improvements are the connection of the Third Avenue elevated railroad in the Bronx along Webster Avenue to a innotion with the White Plains Road line, a connection between the Ninth Avenue elevated line across the Harlem River with the Jerome Avenue extension of the Lexington Avenue subway, a connection of the Lenox Avenue branch of the first subway and the Jerome Avenue line, and a connection between the Third Avenue elevated and the West Farms branch of the first subway.

Another extension of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company will be that of the Queensboro subway from its present western termins at Park Avenue, Manhattan, west to Times Square, for which two of the tracks of the present subway under Forty-second Street will be utilized.

A Brooklyn extension not heretofore mentioned is that of the Lexington Avenue elevated line from Cypress Hills along Jamaica Avenue to Cillfiside Avenue, Jamaica, and the elevated extension of the Lutheran Cemetery line from Ridgewood to Metropolitan Avenue.

Under the dual system there will be built four new tunnels under the East River of two tubes each, all of which are under construction. One of these tunnels extends from Whitchall Street, Manhatuan, to Montague Street in Brooklyn for operation by the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company; another between Old Slip, Manhatuan, and Clark Street, Brooklyn, for operation by the Interborough Rapid Transit Company; a third from East Fourteenth Street, Manhatuan, to North Seventh Street, Brooklyn, for operation by the Brooklyn company; and the fourth from East Sixtleth Street, Manhattan, to North Jane Street, Queens, to be operated by the Brooklyn company.

The Whitehall-Montague Street line will form a connection between the lower end of Broadway, Manhattan, division of the Brooklyn Fourth Avenue system. The Old Slip-Clark Street tunnel will carry the Park Place, Beekman and William Streets extension of the Interborough's new Seventh Avenue line into Brooklyn. The tunnel at Fourteenth Street

will carry the Fourteenth Street-Eastern line beneath the East River, while the tunnel at Sixtleth Street, Manhattan, carries the tracks of the Flitzninth and Sixtleth Streets subway in Manhattan to a connection with the new Queens lines at the Queensboro Bridge Plaza station.

Of the remaining few dual system construction contracts yet to be let, the most important is that of the line under Nassau Street, Manhattan, which will connect the Centre Street Loop line with the Whitehali-Montague Street tunnel.

Whitehali-Montague Street tunnel.

When the dual system is in full operation the Brooklyn Rapid Transit trains will be able to enter Manhattan by means of four bridges across and two tunnels under the East River, and can be operated northward through Broadway and Seventh Avenue to Fifty-ninth Street, and eastward through Fity-ninth Street and over the Queensboro Bridge to Astoria and Corona in Queens. On the Brooklyn side the system will include the lines to Coney Island and other remote parts of the borough. Over the whole Brooklyn part of the system the fare will be five cents and transfers will be freely given, so that it will be possible for a passenger to take a train at Corona, near Flushing, ride through to Manhattan at Fifty-ninth Street, south to Canal Street, and then across the Manhattan Bridge and through the Fourth Avenue subway and its connections to Coney Island to a single fare. As soon as the South Brooklyn elevated railroads are rebuilt and it is possible for the Brooklyn company to operate continuous trains from Manhattan to Coney Island, the five-eent fare to Coney Island will be an assured fact.

on that part of the system to be operated by the Interborough company, the length of the fiveent fare will be greatly extended. A passenger will be able to ride from Petham Bay Park, through the Bronx into Manhattan, down the whole length of Manhattan, under the East River to Brooklyn and out Eastern Parkway and Livonia Avenue to New Lots Road for a single five-cent fare. Transfers will be given upon all parts of the Interborough system, except that there will be no further transfers than are at present allowed between the elevated railroads and the subway.

In the dual system the rapid transit lines now operated by both the Interborough and Brooklyn companies will be linked with the new lines built and to be built by the city and by the companies, so that old and new in each company's territory may be operated as one system. Toward the new system allotted to the Interborough Company the city contributes the existing subway, and the company the existing elevated lines in Manhatan and the Bronx. Toward the new system for the Brooklay, lines the city contributes the Broadway, the Fourth Avenue, Fourteenth Street and Centre Street Loop subways, with 110 miles of track, and the company contributes the existing elevated rallroads in Brooklyn, with 105 miles of single track. The elevated railroads in each case are owned by private companies, but the existing subway is owned by the City of New York, altilough under lease to the Interhorough Rapid Transit Company.

oy the city of New York, atthough under lease to the Interborough Rapid Transit Company.

The city is to furnish most of the money for the building of the new lines under the operating contracts, but each company is to contribute toward the cost of construction and is to bear the entire cost of equipment. The equipment is to become the property of the City of New York when placed in operation, and the cost of it is to be amortized out of earnings. The cost of construction and equipment of the entire system will be about \$352.000.000, if the companies do not exceed their original estimates for equipment. The City of New York will pay about \$186,000.000, the Interborough Rapid Transit Company \$105,000.000, and the New York Municipal Railway Corporation \$61,000.000. Of the amounts to be paid by the companies, \$58,000.000 of the Interborough's total and \$13,500.000 of the New York Municipal Railway's total will be expended upon the construction of lines to be owned by the City of New York. The balance of the money will be spent for equipment, which, at the end of the lease, will also become the property of the city.

# STATIONS ON NEW LINES-CITY OWNED.

LEXIN	GTON AVENUE	E LINE.		ASTORIA BRANCH	
	(Manhattan)		Beebe Ave.	(QUEENS) Broadway,	Hoyt Ave.†
Grand Central.; 51st St.	77th St.  86th St.†	110th St.	Washington Ave.	Grand Ave.	Ditmars Ave.
59th St. 68th St.	96th St. 103d St.	125th St.†		PLAINS ROAD	
	D JEROME AVENU	E BRANCH.	·	ISION OF FIRST SI (BRONX)	URWAY)
	(Bronx)		East 180th St.†	Burke Ave.	East 233d St.
Mott Haven. 149th St.†	Belmont St.	Kingsbridge Rd. Bedford Pk.	Pelham P'kway.	East 219th St.	Nereld Ave. East 241st St.†
161st St	Burnside Ave.†	Boulevard.	And ton Ave.	Lage Prom Co.	<u> </u>
167th St. 170th St.	E. 183d St. Fordham Rd.	Mosholu P'way. Woodlawn.t	CENT	RE STREET LOOP (MANHATTAN)	LINE
Southern Boul	EVARD AND WEST		Chamber St.†	Canal St.†	Bowery.†
	BRANCH (BRONX)		NASS	AU STREET EXTER (MANHATTAN)	NSION.
3d Ave. Brook Ave.	Whitiock Ave.	Zerega Ave. Westchester Sq.	Broad St.		Broadway.
Cypress Ave. E. 143d St. E. 149th St.	Clason's Pt Rd. St. Lawr'nceAve.	Middlet'n Rd.	C	ANAL STREET LIN	E.
E. 149th St.	E 177th St †	Pelham Bay	Broadway.	(MANHATTAN)	Į.
Longwood Ave. Hunt's Pt. Rd	Castle Hill Ave.	Park.†	FOUR	TH AVENUE SU	BWAY.
	ENUE AND CLARK	STREET LINE	Gold St.	(BROOKLYN)	159th St.†
	(BROOKLYN)		De Kalb Ave.†	25th St. 36th St.	Bay Ridge Ave. 77th St.
Borough Hall.	(MANHATTAN)	ا.	Pacific St.† Union St.	45th St.	86th St.†
Wall St.	(Fulton St.	Park Pl.	9th St.	153d St.	Prince
E	BATTERY EXTENSION		NEW O	TRECHT AVENUE (BROOKLYN)	DRANCE.
South Ferry.	Rector St.	Cortlandt St.	9th Ave.† Fort Hamilton	62d St.† 71st St.	Bay Parkway.† 25th Ave.
Chambers St.	MAIN LINE.  Christopher St.	28th St.	Parkway.	79th St.	Bay 50th St.
Franklin St.	14th St.†	Pennsylvania	50th St. 55th St.	18th Ave. 20th Ave.	Surf Ave.†
Canal St. Houston St.	18th St. 23d St.	Station.† Times Sq.		ESEND AVENUE B	RANCH.
FLATBUSI	H AVENUE ANI	DEASTERN	Fort Hamilton	(BROOKLYN)	Avenue U.
:	PARKWAY LIN	E. ,	Parkway.	122d Ave.	Avenue X.
Bergen St.	(BROOKLYN)  Institute Park.	Kingston Ave.	13th Ave Ditmas Ave.	Avenue N. Avenue P.	Van Sicklen. Surf Ave.†
Prospect Parl Plaza.	Franklin Ave.† Nostrand Ave.	Utica Ave.†	18th Ave.	Kings Highway.t	Tr Ambridge
	PRAND AVENUE B	RANCH.	ST. FELIX	AVENUE LINE	
	(BROOKLYN)		Atlantic Ave.	(BROOKLYN)  Seventh Ave.	1
President St. Sterling St.	Church Ave. Beverly Road	Newkirk Ave. Flatbush Ave.		FAGUE STREET	LINE.
Winthrop St.	1	1	Court St.	(BROOKLYN)	1
Liv	ONIA AVENUE BR (Brooklyn)	ANCH.		FIFTY-NINTH	STREET LINE.
Sutter Ave.	Junius St.	Pennsylvania		(Manhattan)	
Saratoga Ave. Rockaway Ave.	Van Sicklen Ave New Lots Ave.	Ave.	Whitehall St. Rector St.	18th St. Union Sq.†	42d St.†  49th St.
	ENSBORO SUBWAY	LINE.	Cortlandt St. City Hall.	23d St. 28th St.	57th St.† Fifth Ave.
Times Square.	(MANHATTAN)	Grand Central.	Canal St.	34th St.†	Lexington Ave.
times equate.	(QUEENS)	Totalid Central.	Prince St.	 'H STREET—EA	STERN LINE
Vernon - Jackson	Hunter's Poln	t 11th St.		(Manhattan)	
Aves. Woods	Ave. IDE AND CORONA	Queensboro Piz.†	Sixth Ave. Union Square.	Third Ave.	First Ave.
	(QUEENS)			(Brooklyn)	
Rawson St. Lowery St.	Woodside.† Fiske Ave.	Elmhurst Ave. Junction Ave.	Bedford Ave. Lorlmer St.	Montrose St. Morgan Ave.	Ridgewood.
Bliss St.	Broadway.	Alburtis Ave.	Granam Ave.	Flushing Ave.	Halsey St. Central Ave.
Lincoln Ave.	25th St.	1	Grand St.	De Kalb Ave.	Broadway.
	STATIONS	ON NEW LINE	s-owned by	COMPANY.	
		ELEVATED	EXTENSIONS.		
EIGHTH AVEN	UE AND 162D STRI (BRONX)	EET CONNECTION.	ELEVATED THE	RD-TRACKING—EX ECOND AVENUE L (MANHATTAN)	ine.
Sedgwick Ave.	Anderson &	1	City Hall.	[14th St.	86th St.
	Jerome Aves.	1	Chatham Sq.	42d St. BIRD AVENUE LI	125th St. NE
WEBS	TER AVENUE EX	TENSION.	City Hall.	(MANHATTAN)  Houston St.	
200th St.	(Bronx)	INThita Pinter P	Chatham Sq.	9th St. 23d St.	42d St.  106th St.
204th St.	Gun Hill Road.	White Plains Rd.	Canal St. Grand St.	23d St.	125th St.

# NEW STATIONS ON SUBWAY-OWNED BY COMPANY-Continued.

	THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY O					
THIRD AVENUE LINE—Continued. (BRONX)			LIBERT	Y AVENUE EX	TENSION.	
133d St.	[143d St.	149th St.	Hudson St.	Rockaway	Greenwood Ave.	
138th St.	ì	}	Boyd Ave.	Boulevard.	Lefferts Ave.	
	NINTH AVENUE LI	NE.		Oxford Ave.	{	
	(Manhattan)		LUTHE	RAN CEMETER	Y LINE.	
Cortlandt St.		125th St.		(BROOKLYN)		
Warren St.	34th St.	145th St.	0		13.5.4	
Desbrosses St.	.  66th St.	1155th St.	Seneca Ave.	Presn Pona Ra.	Metrop'l't'n Ave.	
Christopher S	t.   116th St.	1	Forest Ave.		1	
JAMA	ICA AVENUE EXT	TENSION.	SEA BEACH LINE.			
	BROOKLYN AND QUE			(Brooklyn)		
Crescent St.	Freedom Ave.	Queens B'lev'd.	Eighth Ave.	Elghteenth Ave.	Klngs Hlghway.	
Eldert's Lane.	Greenwood Ave.	Sutphin Ave.	Fort Hamilto	n Twentleth Ave.	Avenue U.	
Forest Parkwa	y. Spruce St.	Newark St.	Ave.		Eighty-sixth St.	
	ve. Met'p'lltan Ave.		NewUtrecht Ave		Surf Ave.t	
					,	

Note-+ Indicates express station.

Note—† Indicates express station.

HUDSON AND MANHATTAN RAILROAD SUBWAY.

Apart from the above systems the Hudson and Manhattan Railroad operates a system of tunnels and subways sometimes called the Meddoo system. The tunnels connect the business section of New York with the Pennsylvania Railroad, the Lehigh Valley Railroad, the Erle Railroad, and the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad on the New Jersey side, and in addition operate to a station at Summit Avenue, Jersey City, and thence over the tracks of the Pennsylvania Railroad to Manhattan Transfer and over its own tracks to Park

Christopher Street where it Station at Summit Avenue, Jersey City, and thence over the tracks of the Pennsylvania Railroad to Manhattan Transfer and over its own tracks to Park

Place, Newark. There are two sets of tunnels under the Hudson River. On the New York side the downtown tunnel terminates in the Hudson Terminal Building at Church, Cortlandt and Fulton Streets. The uptown tunnel terminates at Christopher Street where it becomes a part of a subway running up Sixth Avenue to Thirty-third Street.

STATIONS IN NEW YORK.

|28th St. 33d St.

# BUILDING OPERATIONS IN THE UNITED STATES.

The record of building expenditures at leading American cities reporting monthly, quarterly and yearly from January, 1913, down to and including September, 1915, shows the ebb and flow in the building industry in the time specified, as follows:

Jan. 146 citles.         \$45.999.862         \$55.514.979 dec.17.1         Jan. 155 citles.         \$45.764.309         \$49.944.341 dec. *s.         \$49.944.341 dec. *s.         \$45.764.309         \$49.944.341 dec. *s.         \$49.944.341 dec. *s.         \$49.94.341 dec. *s.         \$49.944.341 dec. *s.		1914.	1913.	Change Per Cent.		1915.	1914.	Change Per Cent.
April, 150 cities. 83,364,426 97,405,899 dec.14.4 April, 155 cities. 79,469,221 84,565,850 dec. 6.0	Feb., 148 citles	51,376,112	62,784,999	dec.18.1	Feb., 155 clties	45,769,864	52,177,227	dec.12.2
	First quarter	. \$182,986,971	\$201,688,616	dec. 9.2	First quarter	\$166,784,638	\$187,916 992	dec 11.2
June, 150 cities. 85,532,913 82,999,953 inc. 3.0 June, 155 cities. 67,542,904 86,458,820 dec.21.8	May, 146 cities	. 82,761,751	86,809,963	dec. 4.6	May. 155 cities	85,513,438	85,212,713	inc3
Second quarter. \$251,659,090 \$267,215,815 dec. 5.8 Second quarter. \$232,525,563 \$256,237,383 dec. 9.2	Second quarter.	r. \$251,659,090	\$267,215,815	dec. 5.8	Second quarter.	\$232,525,563	\$256,237,383	dec. 9.2
Six months \$434,646,061 \$468,904,431 dec. 7.3 Six months \$399,310,201 \$444,154,375 dec.10.6	Six months	. \$434,646,061	\$468,904,431	dec. 7.3	Six months	\$399,310,201	\$444,154,375	dec.10.0
July, 152 citles.     82,857,507     78,786,703     nc. 5.1     July, 155 citles.     71,569,657     83,640,692     dec. 14.2       August, 152 citles.     62,976,175     65,703,443     dec. 4.0     August, 155 citles.     71,803,460     63,488,824     lnc.136,232       Sept., 153 citles.     73,503,460     63,488,244     lnc.30.1     32,768,329     lnc.30.1	August, 152 citles	8 62,976,175	65,703,443	dec. 4.0	August, 155 citles	71,803,460	63,448,824	inc. 13.1
Third quarter \$199,190,676 \$224,220,378 dec.11.1 Third quarter \$212,254,565 \$199,847,845 inc. 6.2	Third quarter	. \$199,190,676	\$224,220,378	dec.11.1	Tbird quarter	\$212,254,565	3199,847,845	inc. 6.2
Nine months \$633.836,737 \$693,124,809 dec. 8.5 Nine months \$611,564,766 \$644,002,220 dec. 5.0	Nine months	. \$633.836,737	\$693,124,809	dec. 8.5	Nine months	\$611,564,766	\$644,002,220	dec. 5.0
Oct., 152 citles     52,212,491     66,141,492     dec.21.0       Nov., 151 citles     43,882,352     50,648,911 dec1.3.3       Dec., 150 citles     41,728,593     68,812,935 dec.39.3	Nov., 151 cities	43,882,352	50,648,911	dec.13.3				
Fourth quarter. \$137,823,436 \$185,603,338 dec.25.7	Fourth quarter.	s. \$137,823,436	\$185,603,338	dec.25.7				
Twelve months \$771,660,173 \$878,728,147 dec.12.1	Twelve months	\$771,660,173				<u> </u>	!	<u> </u>

Twelve months!\$771,660,173|\$878,728,147|dec.12.1||

(Executive office, 346 Fourth Ave., cor. 25th St.) Loaning offices: 346 Fourth Ave., 186 Eldridge St., 180 E. 72d St., cor. E. Houston and Essex Sts., 786 Seventh Ave., 124th St. and Lexington Ave., 409 Grand St.; Bronx, Courtlandt Ave. at 148th St.; Brookiyn, 24 Graham Ave., Pitkin and Rockaway Aves., Smith and Livingston Sts

Office bours: 9 A. M. to 5 P. M.; Saturday to 6 P. M. Ticket good for one year only. Loans may be paid by instalments, in sums no. less than \$1. Rates of interest: One per cent. per month, or any fraction thereof. Only one-half mouth futerest charged on all loans redeemed within two weeks after date of pledge. Condition of loan agreed to by the holder of the ticket in consideration of interest being charged at less than the rate allowed by law. The Provident Loan Society of New York shall not be liable for loss or damage by fire, breakage, dampness, theft, or moths; nor shall it be liable in any event for more than 25 per cent. in addition to the amount loaned. James Speyer, President: Frank Tucker, Vice-President; Otto T. Bannard, Treasurer; Mortimer L. Schiff, Secretary. When making payment by installment, the full amount of interest due on the sum loaned must be included, and the ticket must be returned. The interest due on the loan cannot he paid by installment. The society has thus far limited the classes of personal property ou which it has made loans to clothing and so-called "jewelry," including under that designation all articles of gold or sliver, precious stones, opera-glasses, eye-glasses, also men's clothing in good condition, and ladies' and men's furs.

men's furs.

# BRIDGES IN AND ABOUT THE CITY OF NEW YORK.

BROOKLYN BRIDGE.

The bridge connecting Manhattan and Brooklyn over the East River from Park Row, Manhattan, to Sands and Washiogton Streets, Brooklyn, was beguin January 3, 1870, and opened to traffic May 24, 1883. Total cost of the bridge to date about \$25,090,000.

The tolls are: For foot passengers, free; railway fare, 3 cents, or 2 tickets for 5 cents. Roadway tolls for vehicles abolished July 18, 1911. On August 23, 1897, the bridge railway was leased to the elevated railroad companies (now operated by the Brooklyn Rapid Transit), paying therefor 10 cents per car; trolley cars, 5 cents per round trip. About 250,000 people cross the bridge in a day.

The following are the statistics of the structure: Width of bridge, 86 feet. Length of river span, 1,595 feet 6 inches. Length of each land span, 930 feet. Length of Brooklyn approach, 998 feet. Length of New York approach, 1,562 feet 6 inches. Total length of carriageway, 6,016 feet. Total length of the bridge, with extensions, 7,580 feet.

Size of Manhattan caisson, 172 x 102 feet, Size of Brooklyn caisson, 168 x 102 feet. Timber and from in caisson, 5,255 cubic yards. Concrete in well holes, chambers, etc., 5,669 cubic feet. Weight of Manhattan caisson, about 7,000 tons. Weight of concrete filling, about 8,000 tons.

Manhattan tower contains 46,945 cubic yards masonry. Brooklyn cover contains 38,214 cubic yards masonry. Depth of tower foundation below high water, Brooklyn, 45 feet. Depth of tower foundation below high water, Manhattan tower at high water line, 140 x 59/feet. Size of Manhattan tower at high water line, 140 x 59/feet. Size of Manhattan tower at high water line, 140 x 59/feet. Size of Manhattan tower at high water line, 140 x 59/feet.

Clear height of bridge in centre of river span above high water at 900 F., 135 feet. Height of

Clearlieight of bridge in centre of river span above high water at 900 r., 130 feet. Height of floor at towers above high water, 119 feet 3 inches.

Grade of roadway, 3% feet in 100 feet. Height of towers above roadway, 153 feet. Size of anchorages at top, 117 x 104 feet. Size of anchorages, 89 feet front, 85 feet rear. Weight of each anchor plate, 23 tons.

Number of cables, 4. Diameter of each cable, 15% inches. Length of each single wire in cables, 3,578 feet 6 inches. Ultimate strength of each cable, 12,000 tons. Weight of wire, 11 feet per pound. Fach cable contains 5,296 parallel (not twisted) galvanized steel, oil-coated wires, closely wrapped to a solid cylinder, 15% inches in diameter. Permanent weight suspended from cables, 13,320 tons.

### MANHATTAN BRIDGE.

Manhattan terminal, Bowery and Canal St.; Brooklyn terminal, Nassau, near Bridge St. Total cost to date, \$31,080,000; of which \$16,700,000 is for structure and \$14,380,000 for land. Width of bridge, 122 ft. 6 in. Length of river span, 1,470 ft. Length of each land span, 725 ft. Length of Manhattan approach 2,067 ft. Length of Brooklyn approach, 1,868 ft. Total length of roadway, 6,855 ft. Bridge is of double-deck design, first deck to have one 35-foot roadway in centre and two subway tracks on each side and one 11-foot footwalk on each side, top deck to have four trolley tracks. Approximately 40,000 cubic yards are excavation for each anchor pier; approximately 115,000 cubic yards masoury and concrete in each anchor pier. Height of roadway at centre of bridge above mean high water mark, 139 ft. Grade of roadway 3½ ft. in 100 ft. Number of cables four, 37 strands in each cable; 256 wires in each straid; 9,472 wires in each cable; 37,888 wires in four cables. Size of wire 0.192 inches in diameter. Size of cable completed 21½ inches in diameter. Length of each wire 3,223 ft. 6 in. (anchor to anchor). Utimate strength of each cable, 26,600 tons. 26,600 tons.

Weight of steel in other parts main bridge

Weight of steel in cables and suspenders, 7,800 tons. Weight of steel in other parts main 33,900 tons. Weight of steel in approaches 18,300 tons. Work of construction of tower foundation in Brooklyn commenced October 1, 1901. Roopened for traffic December 31, 1909. East footwalk opened to pedestrians July 18, 1910. footwalk opened May 11, 1911.

WILLIAMSBURG BRIDGE.

WILLIAMSBURG BRIDGE.

The tower foundations for the bridge in Manhattan are at the foot of Delancey Street, and in Brooklyn at a point between South Fifth and South Sixth Streets. The bridge ends at Clinton Street in Manhattan and at Havemeyer Street in Brooklyn. Construction commenced November 7, 1896. Size of Manhattan calssons 2, 78 x 60 feet; Brooklyn caissons (2), 79 x 63 feet. Depth of tower foundations in Manhattan, north caisson 55 feet, south caisson 66 feet below mean high water; in Brooklyn, north caisson 107 feet 5 inches, south caisson 69 feet below mean high water. Height of masonry in Manhattan and Brooklyn towers, 23 feet above mean high water. Total height of towers above mean high water, 322 feet 9 inches. Size of both anchorages at top, 149 feet x 127 feet 5 inches, Length of main span, 1,600 feet; each side span, 596 feet 6 inches; Manhattan approach, 1,865 feet. Total length from Clinton Street, Manhattan, to New Street, Brooklyn, 7,308 feet. Width over all, 118 feet. Two roadways, each 20 feet wide, two footwalks, each 17 feet 8 inches wide, Height of roadways at towers, 125 feet 8 inches above mean high water. Clear height of roadways at centre of bridge, 145 feet 6 inches, above mean high water. Number of supporting cables, 4. Diameter of each cable, 185 feet above mean high water. Number of supporting cables, 4. Diameter of each cable, 185 feet above mean high water. Weight of four cables, including suspenders, 4,900 tons. Weight of structural steel and iron in main bridge, 2,65.0 tons; in approaches, 16,000 tons; total, 47,800 tons, Bridge opened for pedestrians and vehicles December 19, 1903. Surface rallway for Brooklyn lines began operation November 3, 1904. Surface rallway for Manhattan lines began operation February 9, 1905. Elevated rallway began operation September 16, 1908. Cost of construction, including station in Manhattan, \$15,090,000. Cost of land,

# QUEENSBORO BRIDGE.

Plans approved by the War Department, February 23, 1901. Main bridge is a continuous cantilever. Bridge, with approaches, extends from Second Avenue, between FlityenInth and Sixtleth Streets, Manhattan, to Crescent Street, Queens. Construction commenced June. 1901. Height of highest masonry plers, 124 feet above mean high water. Length of Manhattan approach, 1.052 feet; west channel span, 1.182 feet; island span, 630 feet: east channel span, 984 feet: length of Queens approach, 2.672 feet 6 inches. Total iength from Second Avenue to Crescent Street. 7.449 feet. In addition, the Queens plaza has a length of 1.152 feet. extending from Crescent Street to Jackson Avenue. Width over all, 89 feet 6 inches. Width of roadway, 62 feet 6 inches. Two sidewalks, each 16 feet wide. Height of

# BRIDGES IN AND ABOUT THE CITY OF NEW YORK-Continued.

roadway in central portion of bridge, 143 feet above mean high water. Height of footwalks in central portion of bridge, 165 feet above mean high water. Height of lower balconies on towers on Blackwell's Island, 202 feet 6 inches above mean high water. Height of upper balconies on towers on Elackwell's Island, 333 feet above mean high water. Clear height of bridge for channel width of 400 feet for both east and west channels, 135 feet above mean high water. Weight of steel and iron in main bridge 52,600 tons; in approaches 20,066 tons. Total 72,666 tons. Bridge opened for pedestrians and vehicles, March 30, 1909. Surface railway began operation, September 19, 1909. Cost of bridge construction. \$12,870,000; cost of land, \$4,720,000; total \$17,590,000.

#### HELL GATE ARCH BRIDGE.

The bridge spans the East River at Hell Gate, between Ward's Island and Astoria, Long Island. Designed and built by Gustav Lindenthal for the New York Connecting Railroad to connect the Pennsylvania and New York, New Haven systems, at a cost, including approaches, of \$25,000,000. It is the longest arch in the world. The span is 1,016 feet 10 inches between tower faces. The upper chord of the arch is 300 feet above mean high water at the centre and 180 feet at the ends of the span: the lower chord is 260 feet above mean high water at the centre and 40 feet at the ends; the roadway is 140 feet above mean high water.

The arch carries four rallway tracks (two passenger and two freight) on a solid concrete deck. It is the heaviest bridge in the world, weighing 52,000 pounds per lineal foot and carrying a loading of 24,000 pounds per lineal foot, making a total carrying capacity of 76,000 pounds per lineal foot. The steel work weighs 19,000 tons and the flooring and track weigh 7,000 tons. The heaviest single member weighs 185 tons and has a cross section of 1,384 square inches. The width of the bridge is 93 feet between railings and 60 feet between centres of trusses.

The Long Island tower is 104 by 140 feet at the base and is founded on rock in open cut at 20 feet depth. The Ward's Island tower is 119 by 140 feet at the base and rests on 21 pneumatic concrete caissons, founded on rock varying from 58 to 120 feet below the ground surface. Height of thevers, 240 feet. Total concrete in towers, 110,000 cubic yards. Total concrete in bridge towers and approaches, 500,000 cubic yards. Construction of arch commenced November, 1914. Arch was erected by cantilevering out from the towers, each half being held by connection to temporary backstays built behind the towers. The two halves were joined October 1, 1915. Entire steel work completed January, 1916. Will be opened to traffic about January, 1917.

# HACK AND CAB FARES IN MANHATTAN BOROUGH.

THE legal rate of fare, of which an official copy shall be furnished by the Bureau of Licenses, and carried by every licensed hackman, shall be as follows:

Mileage rates charged for general driving.

Maximum rates of fare shall be as follows:

Motor Vehicles (Except Sight-Seeing Cars)—For not more than two passengers: For the first half-mile, or any fraction thereof, 30 cents; for each succeeding one-quarter mile, or any fraction thereof, 10 cents. For three or more passengers: For the first half-mile, or any fraction thereof, 40 cents; for each succeeding one-sixth wile, or any fraction thereof, 10 cents.

Sight-Seeing Cars—No rates are hereby established for sight-seeing cars, but a schedule of the rates enarged for each trip shall, before the trip, be prominently displayed upon the car, and a charge greater, or attempt to charge any passenger a sum greater than that set forth in said schedule shall be deemed a violation of this ordinance.

be deemed a violation of this ordinance.

Horse-Drawn Vehicles—For cabs: For the first mile, or any fraction thereof, 50 cents; for each succeeding one-half mile, or any fraction thereof, 20 cents. For coaches: For the first mile, or any fraction thereof, 30 cents. Hourly rates (applying only to horse-drawn vehicles when shopping or calling, and not including park or road driving, nor driving more than five miles from starting point): For the first hour, or any part thereof, \$1.50; for each additional one-half hour, 50 cents. In case of public backs on which taximeters are not affixed, when driving on the numbered streets or numbered and lettered avenues in the Borough of Manhattan, twenty blocks north and south, and seven blocks between the numbered and lettered avenues constitute a mile for the purpose of this ordinance. The rate card, as provided for hereafter, shall state the number of blocks constituting a mile in the Borough of Manhattan.

Applying Both to Motor-Driven and Horse-Drawn Vehicles: For waiting time at the rate of \$1.50 per hour. For each piece of luggage carried outside, 20 cents. No charge shall, however, be made for hand bags and suit cases. Ferriage and tolls in all cases to be paid by the party using the

any violation of the provisions of this article, or any charge or any attempt to charge any passenger a greater rate of fare than that to which the public back is entitled under the provisions of this article, shall render the offender liable, upon conviction thereof before any City Magistrate, to a fine of not exceeding \$10, or in default of payment thereof to imprisonment in the City Prison for a period not exceeding ten days.

Every driver of a public back, immediately after the termination of any hiring or employment, must carefully search such back for any property lost or left therein, and any such property, unless gooner claimed or delivered to the owner, must be taken to the nearest police station and deposited with the officer in charge within twenty-four bours after the finding thereof, and the Captain of the precinct to which such report shall be made shall forward a written notice to the Bureau of Licenses with brief particulars and description of the property.

Every driver of a public back shall have the right to demand payment of the legal fare in advance, and may refuse employment unless so prepaid, but no driver of a public back shall otherwise refuse or neglect to convey any orderly person or persons upon request anywhere in the city, unless previously engaged or unable to do so. No driver of a licensed back shall carry any other person than the passenger first employing a back without the consent of said passenger.

All disputes as to the lawful rate of fare shall be determined by the police officer in charge or the police station nearest to the place where such dispute is had; failure to comply with such determination shall subject the offending party to a charge of disorderly conduct, pushshalls by a fine of not exceeding \$10, or in default thereof, imprisonment for not more than ten days.

MONUMENTS AND STATUES IN MANHATTAN.
(Temporary changes in location of some statues are being made owing to subway construction.)

ARTHUR, CHESTER A., Madison Square, BARTHUR, CHESTER A., Madison Square, BARTHOLDI STATUE, see "Liberty."
BEETHOVEN, OTODZE DUST, OR BGRANITE PEDESTAL, 15 ft. high, Central Park, on the Mall; unveiled 1884. BRYANT, WILLIAM CULLEN, Bryant Park, W. 424 St. and 6th Ave.
BURNS, bronze statue, Central Park, on the Mall; unveiled 1890.

unveiled 1880. CERVANTES, bust of Cervantes, author of "Don Quixote," in Central Park. COLUMBUS, marble statue, in Central Park; un-veiled 1892.

COMMERCE, bronze figure, Central Park, near the 8th Ave. and 59th St. entrance; unveiled 1865. Conkling, bronze statue, Madison Square Park, cor. Madison Ave. and 23d St.

COOPER, PETER, statue opposite Cooper Union.

COOPER, PETER, STATUE opposite Cooper Union. COX, bronze statue of the statesman S. S. COX, erected by the letter-carriers, Astor Place. DE PEYSTER, ABRAHAM, STATUE in Bowling Green. DEDOGE, bronze statue of William E. Dodge, at Broadway, 6th Ave., and 36th St.; unveiled 1895. ERIOSSON, statue of the inventor, on the Battery, FARRAGUT, bronze statue, Madison Square Park. near 5th Ave. and 26th St.
FIREMEN'S MEMORIAL MONUMENT, 100th St. and Riverside Drive.

Riverside Drive.
Franklin, bronze statue, Printing House Square;

unveiled 1872.

GARIBALDI, bronze statue, Washington Square; unveiled 1888.

unveiled 1888.
GRANT, ULYSSES S., tomb, Riverside Drive and 123d St., 160 feet high; dedicated April 27, 1897
GREELEY, bronze statue, at the front eutrance of the Tribinue Office; unveiled 1890.
GREELEY, Greeley Square, 33d St. and Broadway HALE, bronze statue of Nathan Hale, martyr spy of the Revolution; City Hall Park, near Broadway and Mail St. Temporarily in City Hall Plaza, HALLECK, bronze statue, Central Park, on the Mail; unveiled 1897.
HAMILTON, granite statue of Alexander Hamilton, Central Park, on the East Drive HANCOCK, in Hancock Square, St. Nicholas Ave and W. 124th St.
HEINE, poet, Lorelei Fountain, Mott Ave, and

HEINE, poet, Lorelei Fountain, Mott Ave. and 161st St.

HOLLEY, bronze bust of Alexander Holley, Wash ington Square; inveiled 1890. HUDSON, HENRY, 109 foot shaft, Spuyten Duyvil, HUMBOLDT, bronze bust, Central Park, near the 5th Ave. and 59th St. entrance. HUNT. RICHARD M., Memorial, 5th Ave., opposite

HUNT, RICHARD M., Memorial, 5th Ave., opposite Lenox Library.

INDIAN HUNTER, bronze fignre, Central Park near lower entrance to the Mall.

IRVING, bronze bust, Bryant Park, on W. 40th St. unveiled 1866.

Jack Philips Titanic Memorial, U. S. Barge

Office.

JEFFKRSON, THOMAS, in front of the Pultzer School of Journalism, Columbia University, JOAN OF ARC, Riverside Drive and 93d St. LAFAYETTE, bronze statue, Union Square lower end of Park; unveiled 1876.

LIBERTY ENLIGHTENING THE WORLD, on Lib-

erty Island, in the Harbor.
Lincoln, bronze statue, Union Square, southwest
corner; unveiled 1868.
MAINE, U. S. S., MEMORIAL, National, Colum-

MAINE, U.S. S., MEMORIAL, National, Columbus Circle.
MARTYRS' MONUMENT, Trinity Churchyard, in memory of the American soldiers and sailors who died in the British prison ships in the Revolutionary War

Drive.

Moore, bronze bust of Thomas Moore, the poet,

Moore, bronze bust of Thomas Moore, the poet, Central Park, near the Pond and 5th Ave. entrance; unveiled 1880.

Morse, bronze statue of the inventor of the telegraph, Central Park, near 5th Ave. and 72d St. Obelisk, Central Park, near the Metropolitan Museum of Art; brought from Egypt, and erected 1881; granite, 70 feet long, and weighs 200 tons. PULITIZER FOUNTAIN, 5th Ave. and 59th St SCHILLER, bronze bust, Central Park, in the Ramble; unveiled 1839.

SCHURZ. CARL, statue, 116th St. and Morningstde Drive.

Drive.

Park, on the Mail; unveiled 1872 Seventh Regiment, bronze figure of a soldier of

SEVENTH REGIMENT, Groize agire of a soldier of this regiment, to commemorate its dead in the Civil War, Central Park, on the West Drive, SEWARD, bronze statue, southwest corner of Madison Square Park; unveiled 1876
SHAKESPEARE, bronze statue, Central Park at the lower end of the Mall; unveiled 1872
SHENMAN GENERALES.

SHERMAN, GENERAL, equestrian statue, 5th Ave. and 59th St.

SIGEL, FRANZ, bronze monument, 106th St. and Riverside Drive, unveiled in October, 1907. SINS, bronze statue of Dr. Marion Sims, Bryant Park, north suc. SOLDIERS AND SALLORS' MONUMENT, Riversido

STRAUS MEMORIAL, Broadway and 106th St STUVVESANT, marble effigy of Gov. Peter Stuy-vesant, in the outer wall of St. Mark's Church.

THE PILGRIM, bronze statue, Central Park, near E. 72d St. entrance.

THORWALDSEN, bronze statue, 59th St., facing 6th

VERDI, statue, Sherman Square.

VRRRAZANO, Statue, Battery Park, WASHINGTON AND LAFAYETTE, bronze statue, W. 114th St., Morningside and Manhattan Aves. WASHINGTON, bronze equestrian statue, Union Square, southeast side. ASHINGTON, bronze statue, at the entrance to the

WASHINGTON ORDINE STATE AT THE ENGINEER OF THE SUB-TREASURY BUILDING WALLE ARCH, WASHINGTON MARBLE ARCH, WASHINGTON SQUARE, At the foot of 5th Ave St., where Henry Hudson landed,

Webster, bronze statue, Central Park, on the West Drive, near 12d St.
Worth, granite shaft in bonor of Major-General Worth, U.S. A. at Broadway and 25th St.

RAILROAD PASSENCER STATIONS IN MANHATTAN.
Baltimore & Ohio, ft. W. 23d and Liberty Sts.
Central of New Jersey, foot of W. 23d and Liberty Streets; Sandy Hook Route (in Summer), foot of W. 42d and Cedar Streets, also.
Delaware, Lackawanna & Western, foot of Barclay, Christopher and W. 23d Streets.
Erie, foot of Chambers and West 23d Streets.
Hudson Terminal, Cortlandt, Dey, Church and Fulton Streets, Hudson and Manhattan R. R., New York, New Haven & Hart Christopher St., to 6th Ave., along 6th Ave.

New York, Ontarlo & Western, foot of Manhattan R. R., New York, Singuehanna & Western, foot of Chambers St., to 6th Ave., along 6th Ave.

Chambers and W. 23d Streets.

83d St. ehigh Valley, foot of West 23d and Liberty Lehigh

Long Island, 7th Ave. and 33d St., foot E. 34th St. Long Island, 7th Ave, and 33d St., foot E. 34th St. Atlantic Avenue Branch, junction of Flatbush and Atlantic Avenues, Brooklyn. New Jersey & New York, foot of Chambers and West 23d Streets.

New York & Long Branch, foot Liberty, Cortlandt, Desbrosses, West 23d Streets and 7th Ave. and

32d Street. In Summer, foot W. 42d and Cedar

32d Street. In Sthinner, 1991 W. 12d and Cotal Streets, also lew York Central & Rudson River, 42d St. and 4th Ave.; Harlem, 125th St.; Harlem Division, 4th Ave. and 42d St., 125th; Putnam Division, 155th Street and Eighth Ave. ew York, New Haven & Hartford, 4th Ave-

looth Street and Eighth Ave.
New York, New Haven & Hartford, 4th Avenue and 42d Street.
New York, Ontario & Western, foot of Cortlandt, and West 42d Streets.
New York, Susquebanna & Western, foot of Chambers and W. 23d Streets.
Northern of New Jersey, foot of Chambers and West 23d Streets.
Pennsylvanie, foot of Cortlandt, and Deshrosses.

Pennsylvania, foot of Cortlandt and Desbrosses Streets, 7th Avenue, 31st to 33d Street and Hud-son Terminal.

Philadelphia & Reading, foot of W. 23d and Liberty Streets

Staten Island, foot of Whitehall Street, West Shore, foot Cortlandt and West 42d Streets 16 Pilots.

141 5 14 1	IN REW TORK OITT.	
in active	service in New York, and salaries they	receive:
Salary.	BROOKLYN AND QUEENS.	Salary.
\$10,000	1 Deputy Chief In Charge	\$7,500
4,200	4 Deputy Chiefs	4,200
	124 Captains Battallon	3,300
3 300		2,500 2,100
2,500	217 Engineers of Steamers	1,600
2,100	1,165 Firemen 1st Grade	1,400
1,600		1.200
	105	1,000
1 000		1,000 3,300
1.000	6 Pilots	1,500
4.200	1 Marine Engineer.	1,600
3,300	Making a total uniformed force of 4,943.	_,000
	Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   Salary   S	\$10,000

5 Marine Engineers..... Pursuant to the provisions of Section 790. Greater New York Charter, all uniformed members of the Fire Department are entitled to retire at the expiration of twenty years' continuous service on a pension equal to not less than one-half of the salary they may be receiving at the time of their application. The Fire Commissioner also has the power to retire members of the department who, from any cause, are found to be unable to perform active duty in the department. If the disability occurs from injuries while in the discharge of duty, the pension must equal one-half of the salary; if from natural causes, the Fire Commissioner can decide upon the amount of the peusion.

1,500 1,600

#### FIRE ENGINE COMPANIES, MANHATTAN AND BRONX, (Headquarters, Municipal Building)

	(Headquarters, M	unicipal bullulig.)	
1-165 W. 29th St. 2-530 W. 43d St.	27—173 Franklin St.  28—604 E. 11th St.	52-Riverdate Ave., near Spuyten Du yvil	72-22 E. 12th St. 73-655 Prospect Ave.
3-417 W. 17th St.	29-160 Chambers St.		74-207 W. 77th St
4-119 Maiden Lane.			75-2085 Jerome Ave.
5-340 E. 14th St.			76-105 W. 102d St.
6-113 Liberty St.			77-Ft. Beekman St. E.R.
7-100-102 Duane St.		56-120 W. 83d St.	78-Foot 99th St. and
8-165 E. 51st St.	33-42 Great Jones St.	57-Battery Park (Boat)	Harlem River.
9-55 E. Broadway.	34 –440 W. 33d St.	58-81 W. 115th St	79-2928 Briggs Ave
10-8 Stone St.	35 -223 E. 119th St.	59-180 W. 137th St.	80-503 W. 139th St.
11-437 E. Houston St.	36-1849 Park Ave.		81-3045 Albany Road.
12-261 William St.	37-83 Lawrence St.		82-1215 Intervale Ave.
13-99 Wooster St.	38-1907 Amsterdam Ave.	62-3431 WhitePlains Rd.,	83-618 East 138th St.
14-14 E. 18th St.	39-157 E. 67th St.	Williamsbridge	84-513 W.161st St
15-269 Henry St.	140-153 W. 68th St.	63-4109 White Plains Rd.	85-Foot W.35th St. (Boat)
16-223 E. 25th St.	41-330 E. 150th St.	64-Castleton, near Glea-	86-Foot of Bloomfield
17-91 Ludlow St.	42-1781 Mt. Hope Ave.	son Ave (Iluion	St. (Boat).
18-132 W. 10th St.	43-Sedgwick Ave., opp.		87-Foot of 135th St., Har-
19-335 W. 25th St.	Burnside Ave., opp.	0" 00 337 40 4 51+	lem River (Boat).
20-243 Lafayette St.	44 007 5 5042 04		88-2225 Belmont Ave.
( ) Car chingity Mo. I.	44-221 E. 75th St.	66-Ft. Grand St. E. R.	89-1799 First Ave.
21-216 E. 40th St.	45-925 E. 177th St.	(Fire Boat).	90-1841 White Plains Av.
22-159 E. 85th St.	46-451 E. 176th St.		91-244 E. 111th St.
	47-502 W. 113th St. 48-2504 Webster Ave.	68-1080 Ogden Ave.	92-1259 Morris Ave.
24-78 Morton St.			93-513 W. 181st St.
25-342 5th St.	49-Blackwell's Island		94-1228 Seneca Ave
26-220 W. 37th St.	50-491 E. 166th St.	71-3134-36 Park Ave.	195-29 Vermilye Ave.

# WOOT IND TO DEED COMED NITED AS ANTICOME AT ANTI-

HOUK AN	D LADDER COMPANIE	S, MANHATIAN ANI	) BRONX,
		25-205 W. 77th St.	382223 Belmont Ave.
2-126 E. 50th St.	le-Old Slip, bet. Water		39-1799 First Ave.
3-108 E. 13th St. (Water			40-6 Hancock Place
		28-250 W.143d St.	41-1843 White Plains Av
			42-657 Prospect Ave.
			43-340 East 111th St.
6-77 Canal St.			44-1261 Morris Ave.
			45 - 513 West 181st St.
		33-2083 Jerome Ave.	46-3027 Bailey Ave.
	22-766 Amsterdam Ave.		47-1220 Castle Hill Ave.
		35-142-144 West 63d St.	48-1226 Seneca Ave.
11-742 5th St.	24-113 W. 33d St. (Water	36-29 Vermilye Ave.	49-1079 Nelson Ave.
12-243 W. 20th St.	Tower No. 3 and	37-2930 Briggs Ave.	
13-159 E. 87th St.	Searchlight No. 2).		

# EXCHANCES IN MANHATTAN.

Building Material Exchange, 233 Broadway.
Coffee Exchange, 113 Pearl St., and 66 Beaver St.
Consolidated Stock Exchange, 63 Broad St.
Cotton Exchange, Beaver and William Sts.
Crockery Board of Trade, 149 Church St.
Iron and Steel Board of Trade, 233 Broadway.
Lager Beer Brewers' Board of Trade, 192 E.15th St.
Maritime Exchange, 78 Broad St.
National Hardware Exchange, 233 Broadway.
National Hardware Exchange, 235 Broadway.
National Jewellers' Board of Trade, 15 Maiden Lane.

New York Fire Ins. Exchange, 123 William St. New York Fruit. 202 Franklin St. New York Furniture Exchange, 480 Lexington Ave Ave.
New York Mercantile Exchange, 6 Harrison St.
New York Metal Exchange, 111 Broadway.
New York Produce Exchange, Broadway and
Beaver St.
New York Stock Exchange, 10 Broad St.
Real Estate Exchange, 14 Vesey St.

### POLICE FORCE OF NEW YORK CITY. December 1, 1916.

1 Chtef Inspector, 18 Inspectors, 20 Surgeons (one of that number designated as Chtef Surgeon), 1 Super-intendent of Telegraph, 1 Assistant Superintendent of Telegraph, 1 Chtef Lineman, 4 Linemen, 2 Boiler Inspectors.

Boroughs.	Captains.	Lleutenants.	Sergeants.	Patrolmen.	Matrons.	Total.
Manhattan. The Bronx. Brooklyn. Queens. Richmond.	33 11	300 40 152 39 17	316 73 193 56 14	4,796 802 2,777 734 154	23 6 22 6 3	5,473 930 3,177 846 190
Total	93	548	652	*9,263	60	10,616

\* Including Probationary Patrolmen. Rank of Doorman abolished by Act of Legislature, April 16, 1912

\* Including Probationary Patrolmen. Rank of Doorman abolished by Act of Legislature, Aoril 16, 1912, SALARIES—Chief Inspector, \$5,000; 18 Inspectors, \$3,500 each; 20 Surgeons, \$3,500 each, 20 Surgeons, \$3,500 each, 20 Surgeons, \$3,500 each, 20 Surgeons, \$3,500 each, 20 Surgeons, \$3,500 each, 20 Surgeons, \$3,500 each, \$1,752; Linemen, \$1,200 each, Boller Inspectors, \$1,300 each, 20 each, 20,200 each, 20 each, 20,200 each, 20 each, 20,200 each, 20 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,200 each, 20,2 duty, at not to exceed one-half of rate of compensation.

# POLICE DEPARTMENT REPORT OF 1915.

Police Commissioner Woods in his annual report of 1915 stated that the expense of conducting the department for the year, exclusive of corporate stock expenditures and interest charges on permanent capital investments, was \$18,099,726.87.

The total number of persons arrested or summoned for all causes was 212,452, as compared with 199,184 in 1914; 212,239 cases were disposed of during the year. Of these 166,219 were convicted.

110,713 sick and injured persons were aided, and

110,713 sick and injured persons were faced, and 166 rescued from drowning.

Missing persons reported from outside the city, 1,624; of these 1,132 were located; persons living in the city missing, 4,439 of these 3,610 were located.

In the Bureau of Unidentified Dead 523 cases were reported to the bureau, and identification was made in 409 cases.

55 members of the force were retired during the year on account of disability, and 82 were retired on their own applications, having completed the period of required service and being 55 years of age or over. In 1914 79 were retired for disability and 40 for service.

Pensions were also granted to 91 widows of police officers and to 6 children. Pension previously granted

to 2 children was increased.

The annual liability of the fund was increased during the year \$11,298.90, as compared with \$11,lng the year 311,200. 054.76 the previous year.

# NHATTAN AND BRONX.

# ne Streets.)

POLICE STATIC	N-HOUSES IN MANHATTAN
(Headq	uarters, corner Centre and Broom
PRECINCT AND LOCATION.	PRECINCT AND LOCATION.
1st. Old Slip.	28th, 150 W, 68th St.
2d. 156 Greenwich St.	29th, 163 E. 51st St.
4th. 16-20 Beach St.	31st. 153 E. 67th St.
5th. 9 Oak St.	32d. 134 W. 100th St.
6th. 17 and 19 Elizabeth St.	33d. The Arsenal, Central Park.
7th. 247 Madison St.	35th. 432 E. 88th St.
10th. 24 Macdougal St.	36th. 438 W. 125th St.
12th. 205 Mulberry St.	37th. 229 W. 123d St.
13th, 118-120 Clinton St.	38th. 239 W. 135th St.
14th, 135 Charles St.	39th, 177 E. 104th St.
15th. 321 Fifth St.	40th. 1854 Amsterdam Ave.
16th. 253 Mercer St.	42d. 177th St. and Haven Ave.
17th. 130 Sheriff St.	43d. 148 E. 126th St.
18th. 230 W. 20th St.	Traffic A, City Hail.
21st, 327 E. 22d St.	Traffic B, 36 E. 9th St. Traffic C, 138 W. 30th St.
22d. 434 W. 37th St. 23d. 138 W. 30th St.	Traffic E, 229 W. 123d St.
25th, 160 E. 35th St.	Harbor-Station A. Pier A. Nort
26th, 345 and 347 W. 47th St.	River.

Harbor — Station B, Randall's Island, opp. E. 125th St. 61st. 257 Alexander Ave. 62d. 1086 Simpson St. 63d. 160th St., 3d and Washington Aves. 65th, 1925 Bathgate Ave.

PRECINCT AND LOCATION.

66th. Sedgwick Ave. and Wolf St., High Bridge. 68th. Webster Ave. and Mosholv

Parkway.
69th. Main St., Westchester.
74th. Klogabridge Terrace and
Perot St., Kingsbridge.
77th. City Island, 570 City Island

Ave. 79th. 229th St. and White Plains Ave., Wakefield.

Detective Bureau—Main Office, 240 Centre St.; 417 Lexington Ave., 219 E. 116th St., 342 W. 123d St., 462 E. 158th St.

# POLICE STATION-HOUSES IN BROOKLYN.

PRECINCT AND LOCATION.
Bridge A, 179 Washington St.
1430 4302 4th Ave.
144th. 577 5th Ave,
145th. 44 Rapelyea St,
146th. 67 Sixth Ave,
147th. 17 Butler St,
148th. 59 Amity St.
149th. 318 Adams St,
150th. 72 Poplar St,
151st, 653 Grand Ave,
152d. 1661 Atlantle Ave.

(Headquarters, 72 Poplar Street.) PRECINCT AND LOCATION. PRECINCT AND LOCATIC
154th. 16 Ralph Ave.
155th. 627 Gates Ave.
155th. 132 Flushing Ave.
157th. 132 Flushing Ave.
157th. 132 Flushing Ave.
158th. 148 Vernon Ave.
169th. 2 Lee Ave.
160th. 25 Bedford Ave.
161st. 145 Greenpoint Ave.
161st. 145 Greenpoint Ave.
163d. 171 Bushwick Ave.
164th. 179 Hamburg Ave.

PRECINCT AND LOCATION.

165th, 2 Liberty Ave.
166th, Avenue G, near E, 95th St.
166th, Avenue G, near E, 95th St.
168th, Avenue U and E. 15th St.
169th, W. Sth St., and Surf Ave.
170th, Bay 22d St., cor. Bath Ave.
171st. 86th St. and 5th Ave. 171st. 88th St. and 5th Avi 172d. 154 Lawrence Ave. 173d. Prospect Park. 174th. 1830 Brooklyn Ave. Traffic D, 298 Classon Ave.

1518f. 653 Grain Ave.
152d. 1661 Atlantic Ave.
153d. 461 Atlantic Ave.
153d. 484 Liberty Ave.
Branch Bureaus—6th Branch Detective Bureau, 72 Poplar St.; 7th Branch Detective Bureau, 928
Willoughby Ave.; Information and Property Clerk, 72 Poplar St.

# POLICE FORCE OF NEW YORK CITY-Continued.

# POLICE STATION-HOUSES IN QUEENS.

PRECINCT AND LOCATION.	PRECINCT AND LOCATION,	PRECINCT AND LOCATION.
274th. 152-154 Grand Ave., As-	279th. 300 Broadway, Far Rocka-	285th. Sherman and Cataipa St.,
toria.	way.	Giendale.
275th. 854th St., Long Island City.	[281st. 322 Boulevard, Rockaway	Sub Precinct 290. 650 13th St. Col-
276th. 43 N. Prince St., Flushing.	Beach.	lege Point.
277th. Broadway and Court St.,		Sub Precinct 292. West side 7th
Newtown.	Hill.	Ave., between 16th and
278th. Flushing Ave. and Fulton		17th Sts., Whitestone.
St Inmaina		

Eighth Branch Detective Bureau, Queenshoro Bridge Plaza, Long Island City.

## POLICE STATION-HOUSES IN RICHMOND.

PRECINCT AND LOCATION.

19th. 150-152 New Dorp Lane, 99th. 116 Main St., Tottenville.

Terrace, New Dorp. PRECINCT AND LOCATION. 80th. 32 Beech St., Stapleton. 81st. 1590 Richmond Terr West New Brighton.

Ninth Branch Detective Bureau, Municipal Ferry House, St. George, S. I.

### LETTER CARRIERS IN NEW YORK CITY.

TABLE showing number of letter carriers employed in the different boroughs, and the salaries they receive.

Во коион.	Number of Carriers.	Вокоиди.	Number of Carriers.
Manhattan and Bronx Brooklyn Queens: Flushing Jamalea Long Island City Queens	†1,123 ‡69 70 40	Richmond: Port Richmond. Vest New Brighton. New Brighton. Rosebank. Stapleton. Tompkinsville.	15 11 7

\*And 658 substitute carriers. | †And 406 substitute carriers. | †And 10 substitutes.

The salaries of letter carriers are graded by law as follows: In Manhattan and Bronx, carriers are originally appointed as substitutes and receive pay at rate of 35 cents per hour for auxiliary or vacation service. 40 cents for substitute service and 8 cents for each special delivery letter they deliver; when appointed as egular carriers they receive the first year, \$800; second year, \$900; third year, \$1,000; fourth year, \$1.100; fifth year, \$1,200; 2,258 receive \$1,200 each; 262, \$1,100 each; 114, \$1,000 each; 47, \$900 each; 115, \$300 each.

In Brookiyn carriers receive from \$800 to \$1,200. In Long Island City carriers receive \$1,200 each. In Flushing carriers receive from \$800 to \$1,200 per year. In Jamaica carriers receive from \$800 to \$1,200 per year. In Queens three carriers receive \$1,200 and one \$800 and one substitute. In Rosebank seven carriers receive \$1,100 each. In Tompkinsviiie six carriers receive \$1,100 each. In West New Brighton eleven carriers receive \$1,100, one \$1,000, one auxiliary carrier and three sub-carriers. In New Brighton from \$800 to \$1,100 per annum. In Stapleton eight receive \$1,200 each, two \$1,100. In Port Richmond eight carriers receive \$1,100 each and one \$1,000 and one \$800.

There is no retirement pay for any of the civil service employes of the United States Government.

# POST-OFFICE-BROOKLYN, NEW YORK.

Assistant Postmaster-Room 102 Postmaster-Room 214. Office hours, 9 A. M. to 5 P. M. Office hours, 9 A. M. to 5 P. M. Cashier-Room 104, Office hours, 9 A. M. to 5 P. M. City Deliveryection Room 111. Office hours, 9 A. M. to 5 P. M. Superintendent of Mails-Washington St. Annex Inquiry Dept .- Room 113. Office hours, 8 A. M. to 6 P. M. Money-Office hours, 9 A. M. to 5 P. M. Order Dept.-Room 106. Office hours, 9 A. M. to 9 P. M. Night Window for Money Orders-Room 106 until 9 P. M. Registry Dept.-Room 109. Hours, 8 A. M. to 9 P. M. Night Window for Registry-Washington Street Corridor. Hours 9 P. M. to 8 A. M. Stamps in amount of \$10 or over Wholesale Postal Savings Bank-Room 107. Office hours, 9 A. M. Stamp Window, Washington Street Corridor. Withdrawals-9 A. M. to 9 P. M.

## BRANCH POST-OFFICES.

-661 Broadway B—1286-1288 Faiton Street.
C—5093 Sixth Avenue.
D—1915-1917 Fulton Street.
E—2581-2585 Atlantic Avenue.
Flatbush—961-965 Flatbush Avenue.
G—746 Manhattan Avenue.
G—746 Manhattan Avenue.
Ridgewood—1600 Myrtie Avenue.
Blythebourne—13th Avenue and 55th Street.
L—Platbush Avenue, L. I. R.R. Depot.
Concy Island—Spri Avenue opp. West 17th St.
For Hamilton—9110 5th Avenue.
Sheubshead Bay—1780 Shore Road. -1266-1268 Futton Street. Shoopshead Bay-1780 Shore Road.

P—1731 Pitkin Avenue. Vanderveer—Flatbush Ave., near Nostrand Ave. S—1232-1264 Broadway. S-123-1304 Hoshway.
V-303-309 Stb Street.
W-Broadway and South 8th Street.
Y-S. W. cor. 47th Street and Gravesend Avenue.
Kensington-305-307 Church Avenue. New Lots-946-948 Glenmore Ave Pratt—Willoughby Avenue and Steuben St. St. John's Place—1234 St. John's Place. Bush Terminal-34th Street, bet. 2d and 3d Aves. Main Street-Charles William Stores.

# POST-OFFICE-NEW YORK, N. Y.

(31st to 33rd Street and 8th Avenue.)

Postmaster-EDWARD M. MORGAN. Assistant Postmaster-Thomas F. MURPHY Hours-Postmaster, 9 A. M. to 3 P. M. Other departments 9 A. M. to 4 P. M. unless otherwise stated.

#### SECOND FLOOR.

Postmaster—Room 218
Assistant Postmaster—Room 224.
Superintendent of Delivery—Room 201.
Superintendent of Malls—Room 230.
Superintendent of Money Order—Room 203. Superintendent of Registry—Room 205 Auditor—Room 217. Appointment Clerk—Room 215. Cashier—Rooms 219-223

Superintendent, Second-Class Matter-Room 224, Inquiry Department for Missing Mail, etc.— Room 240.

U.S. Customs Bureau—Room 239. Hours, 9 A.M. to 4.30 F.M. Saturidays. 9 A.M. to 12 M. Closed on Sundays and holidays.
Assistant Custodian—Room 202. Hours, 9 A.M. to 4.30 F.M. Au officer of the Treasury De-

partment in charge of the building and watch.

# THIRD FLOOR.

Order Department of Instruction-Room 335. (9 | Post-Office Inspectors-Room 332. (9 A. M. to A. M. to 4 P.M.)
Printing Department-Room 353. (9 A. M. to 4 P. M.) Department-Room 358. (9 A. M. to 5

Post-Unice Inspectors and A 30 P. M.)

A 30 P. M.)

Railway Mail Service, Superintendent—Room 324. (9 A. M. to 4.30 P. M.)

Chief Clerk, R. M. S., in Charge of Second Class Matter—Room 314. (9 A. M. to 4.30 P. M.)

Foreign – West St., cor. Morton St. Fox St. – Fox St., bet. 167th and 169th Sts. Grand Central Station –110 East 45th St., bet

f.exington Ave. and Depew Place. Hamilton Grange-521-523 West 146th St. High Bridge-West 165th St., bet. Lind and

Summit Aves.
Hadson Terminal Station—Cortlandt Bullding, 30 Church St., bet. Cortlandt and Dev Sts.
Kingsbridge-6233 B way, bet. 223th & 227th Sts.
Madison Square—310-316 Fourth Ave., bet. 23d

and 24th 8ts.
Morris Heights-West 177th St., near Cedar Ave.
Pennsylvania Terminal. --Post-Office station,
W. 31st and 33d 5ts. and 8th Ave.
Times Square-221-241 West 39th St.
Tompkins Square-12th St. and Ave. B
Tremont-1931 Washington Ave., between 177th

Washington Bridge-Amsterdam Ave., near

Westchester-1471 Williamsbridge Road, near East Chester Road. West Farms Station-1054 Tremont Ave., near Boston Road. Williamsbridge-3455 White Plains Ave., near

Redemption and Special Request Envelope Department-Room M-11, Mezzanine Floor, Hours, 9 A. M. to 4 P. M. Closed on Sundays and Holidays

On general holidays, viz. January 1, February 12, 22, May 30, July 4, Labor Day, October 12, Etchon Day, Thanksgiving Day, December 25, and such days as the President of the United States, or the laws, or (tovernor) of the State may designate as holidays, fast, and thanksgiving days, all mails are closed as on other days of the week, but only such carrier deliveries are made as may have been previously announced.

# GENERAL POST-OFFICE, BROADWAY AND PARK ROW. OPEN AT ALL HOURS.

General Delivery (Park Row side).—Men's Window, secs. 5 and 7; Advertised Letter Window, sec. 1; Ladies' Window, sec. 11. Foreign Supplementary Mail.—Sec. 27, Park Row side.

Brutk Window.—Sec. 17, Park Row side.
Registry busines' is transacted from 8 A. M. to 12 P.M. Holidays, 8 A. M. to 10 A. M. No Registry

business is transacted on Sundays

Money Order business is transacted from 9 A, M, to 12 P, M. No Money Order business is transacted on Sundays or holidays.

and 24th Sts

and 178th Sts.

Gun Hill Road,

Wall St .- Pine and Pearl Sts.

# CARRIER STATIONS IN MANHATTAN AND BRONX.

-Cor. Prince and Greene Sts.

P. M. )

B-45 Suffolk St. C-West 13th St. and Ninth Ave.

U-west 13th St. and Ninth Ave, B-Fourth Ave, S. W. cor. 13th St. B-149-155 East 34th St. bet. Lex'n and Third Aves G-217-225 West 51st St., near Broadway.

H-178-180 West 102d St.
1-232-234 West 116th St.
1-309 West 125th St.

K-202-204 East 88th St., near Third Ave.

I.—147 Fast 125th St., cor. Lexington Ave.
M—2088 Amsterdam Ave.
M—8000 Amsterdam Ave.
0—112-116 West 18th St.
0—112-116 West 18th St.

P—Custom House isunding R—378-380 East149th St., bet. Third and Courtlandt

Aves. S-N.W. cor. Howard & Lafayette Sts. T-507-509 East 165th St., bet. Third and Washing-

T-507-509 East 165th St., bet. Third and washington Aves.
II-Third Ave., cor. 103d St.
V-Northwest cor. West Broadway and Beach St.
W-160-162 West 83d St.
X-373-377 East 138th St., near Willis Ave.
Y-1160-162 Third Ave., near 68th St.
City Island -229 City Island Ave., cor. Bay St.
College -305-307 West 140th St., near Eighth Ave.
Fordham-239 Webster Ave., nr. Fordham Rd.

Fordham—2519 Webster Ave., in. Fordham Rd. I Gun Hill Road.

Brauch Offices—Pelham Branch, Pelham, N. Y.; Pelham Manor Branch, Pelham Manor, N. Y. Grand Central and Madison Square Stations are open on week days from 7 a. m., to 12 p. m.; for the transaction of money order business from 8 a. M. to 8 p. m.

Hudson Terminal Station is open on all days of the year from 7 a. m. to 12 p. m. No money order business is transacted on Sundays or holidays, Registry business is transacted from 7 a. M. to 10 a M. All other carriers' stations are open on week days from 7 a. m. to 8 p. m.; for the transaction of money order business from 8 a. M. to 8 p. M. on Sundays carriers' stations are open from 9 a. M. to 11 a. M.; on holidays from 7 a. M. to 10 a. M., excepting High Bridge, which is open on Sundays from 4 p. M. to 6.30 p. M., and Morris Heights from 4.30 p. M. to 6.30 p. M. No money order business is transacted on Sundays or holidays from 7 a. M. to 10 a. M.; no registry business is transacted on Bundays or holidays.

# DISTRICT LEADERS IN NEW YORK CITY.

# EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE OF THE DEMOCRATIC COUNTY COMMITTEE OF NEW YORK COUNTY.

Headquarters, Tammany Hall, 145 East 14th St.

Chairman-Thomas F. McAvoy. Secretary-Thomas F. Smlth. Treasurer-Philip F. Donohue.

A8S'T DIST.		Headquarters.	Ass'Y Dist.		Headquarters.
23 4 5 6 7 8 9 8 10 11 11 12 13	Daniel E. Finn. Thomas F. Foley. Harry C. Perry. John F. Ahearn P. J. Soully. Charles W. Culkin David Lazarus Frank J. Goodwin Msx S. Levine Peter J. Doollog. William Dalton. S. Goldenkranz Thomas J. McManus. Charles F. Murphy. John F. Curry.	59 Madison Street. 161 Bowery. } 290 East Broadway. 303 West 12th Street. 247 Seventh Street. 263 Grand Street. 315 West 23th Street. 271 West 33d Street. 272 West 33d Street. 273 Winth Avenue. 345 Second Avenue.	18 S. 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	Edward F. Boyle	132 West 97th Street, 222 East 58th Street, 232 East 58th Street, 292 Manhattan Ave, 334 East 70th Street, 287 St. Nicholas Ave, 326 East 36th Street, 509 West 145th Street, 1600 Lexington Ave, 139 West 14th Street, 1670 Madison Avenue, 104 West 47th Street, 208 East 116th Street,
	Michael J. Crulse James J. Hagan			Frank J. Hendricks Samuel Marx	

# EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE OF THE DEMOCRATIC COUNTY COMMITTEE OF BRONX COUNTY.

Headquarters, 1932 Arthur Avenue.

Chairman-Arthur H. Murphy.

Ass'y Dist.		Headquarters.	ASS'Y DIST.		Headquarters.
32 N.	Thomas H. O'Nell	439 East 134th Street. 1447 Ferris Place. 437 East 145th Street.	34	Michael J. Garvin Stephen A. Nugent Joseph I. Berry	1175 Boston Road.

# EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE OF THE REPUBLICAN COUNTY COMMITTEE OF NEW YORK COUNTY.

Headquarters, 105 West 40th Street.

President-Samuel S. Koenig. Secretary-Benjamin Bulmer. Treasurer-Ogden L. Mills.

Ass'Y DIST.		Headquarters.	ASS'Y DIST.		Headquarters.
5 6 7 8 9	James E. March Alexander Wolf. R. M. Greenbank Samuel S. Koenlg Benjamin F. Fox Louis Jacobson Michael H. Blake Jacob Samuel Herman W. Beyer William Henkel Anthony P. Ludden	236 East Broadway, 233 Lafayette Street, 464 Grand Street, 418 West 14th Street, 44 Avenue C, 269 Eighth Avenue, 93 Orchard Street, 65 Second Avenue, 201 East 22d Street, 467 West 57th Street, 467 West 57th Street, 224 East 31st Street, 2238 Broadway, 237 East 49th Street,	21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	Joseph E. Nejedly. William D. Brush. William C. Hecht. Moses M. McKee. Ambrose O. Neal. C. H. Woodward. Morris Levy. Clarence H. Fay. Samuel Krulewitch. Clarence Schmelzei. Frederick Trau. Thomas F. Gleason. Frank K. Bowers. John J. Lyons.	2786 Broadway. 308 East 79th Street. 201 West 139th Street. 201 West 139th Street. 344 East 86th Street. 400 West 181st St. 1536 Madison Avenue. 1536 Madison Avenue. 1664 Madison Avenue. 17 Sixth Avenue. 18 East 116th Street. 627 Madison Avenue. 2060 Lexington Ave.

# REPUBLICAN COUNTY COMMITTEE OF BRONX COUNTY. Headquarters, 3543 White Plains Avenue.

President—John J. Knewitz. Secretary—Charles L. Halberstadt. Treasurer—Richard W. Lawrence.

EXECUTIVE MEMBERS.

ASS'Y DIST.		Headquarters.	ASSY, DIST.		Headquarters.
32 N.	John J. Knewitz	2661 Third Avenue. 3543 White Plains Ave.	34 35	Ernest W. Bradbury Thomas W. Whittle	1324 Franklin Ave. 4778 Third Avenue.

# CITY OF NEW YORK, DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE.

COMPARATIVE TABLE SHOWING THE TAX RATE IN EACH BOROUGH COM-PRISING THE GREATER CITY OF NEW YORK, TOGETHER WITH THE STATE TAX RATE AS LEVIED BY THE CITY.

	1		Borouous.			State Tax	Amount of State
YEAR.	Manhattan and The Bronx.	The Bronz.	Brooklyn.	Queens.	Richmond.	Rate as Levled by the Clty.	Tax as Levled and Pald by the City.
1902	Cents. 2.27344 1.41367 1.51342 1.49051 1.47890 1.48499 1.61407 1.67804 1.75790 1.72248	Cents.	Cents, 2.35353 1.48945 1.57296 1.56264 1.53769 1.55408 1.67021 1.73780 1.81499 1.75502	Cents. 2.31873 1.47508 1.57228 1.55523 1.55484 1.53393 1.66031 1.72536 1.81079 1.73645	Cents. 2.33653 1.49675 1.59281 1.65821 1.55422 1.56884 1.71115 1.77522 1.87501 1.81657	Mills. .13 .13 .13 .09 .011495 .008642	Nii.
1912 1913 1914 1915	1.83 1.81 *1.78 *1.87	1.77 1.94 2.09	1.87 1.85 1.84 1.92 2.08	1.84 1.85 1.80 1.95 2.06	1.92 1.92 1.90 2.24 2.13	.6 .99255 .5805 1.62796	4,301,345.65 7,947,031.96 4,576,303.43 13,975,021.73

<sup>•</sup> The Bronx shown separately.

COMPARATIVE TABLE — YEARS 1900-1916, BOTH INCLUSIVE — SETTING FORTH THE ASSESSED VALUATIONS OF TAXABLE REAL AND PERSONAL PROPERTY, AND THE TOTALS THEREOF.

-	ASSESS	ED VALUATION	VS OF	] TOTAL		
	Real Estate	Real Estate	1	I		Grand
YEAR.	(Lands and	of Cor-	Special	Real	Personal	Totals.
	Buildings).	porations.	Franchises.	Estate.	Property.	
1900	\$2,918,986,004	\$29,892,345	\$219,679,351	\$3,168,557,700	\$485,574,495	\$3,654,132,193
1901	2.995.580.622	30.863.445	211,334,194	3,237,778,261	650.192,612	3.787.970.873
1902	3,079,351,079	30,676,345	220,620,155	3,330,647,579	526,400,139	3.857.047.718
1903	4,487,399,006	28,967,495	235.184,325	4,751,550,826	680,866,092	5,432,416,918
1904		32,170,605	251,521,450	5,015,463,779	625,078,878	5,640,542,657
1905	4,886,924,891	32,463,860	302,193,550	5,221,582,301	690,561,926	5,912,144,227
1906	5,326,413,110	50,594,835	361,479,300	5,738,487,245	567,306,940	6,305,794,185
1907		69,615,950	466,855,000	6,240,480,602	554,861,313	6,795,341,915
1908	6,141,500,119	88,425,200	492,490,470	6,722,415,789	435,774,611	7,158,190,400
1909	6,257,352,379	75,825,425	474,001,900	6,807,179,704	443,320,855	7,250,500,559
1910	6,491,335,999	87,447,075	465,409,600	7,044,192,674	372,644,825	7,416,837,499
1911		166,496,295	481,018,100	7.858.840,164	357,923,123	8,216,763,287
1912	7,279,579,651	169,170,440	413,148,799	7,861,898,890	342,963,540	8,204,862,430
1913		180,549,176	438,861,581	8,006,647,861	325,418,440	8,332,066,301
1914	7,458,784,625	186,654,956	404,420,311	8,049,859,912	340,295,560	8,390,155,472
1915	7,527,890,627	200,897,090	379,973,070	8,108,760,787	352,051,755	8,460,815,992
1916	7,568,649,179	213,820,520	1 425,352,662	8,207,822,361	376,530,150	8,584,352,511

# NEW YORK STATE TAX.†

(Section 174, Ch. 62, Laws 1909, and Ch. 868, Laws 1911.)

(Section 174, Cir. 02, Laws 1909, and Cir. 808, Laws 1911.)					
COUNTY.	1913.	1914.	1916.		
New York County (Manhattan and Bronx). Kinga County. Queens County. Richmond County.	1,684,598.71 445,609.98	959,311.91 263,332.56	819,901,25		
Total	\$7,947,031.96	\$4,576,303.43	\$13,975,021.73		

<sup>†</sup> No direct State tax in 1915 Budget.

# REAL ESTATE EXEMPTED FROM TAXATION IN NEW YORK CITY. THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT—EXEMPTED BY SUBDIVISION 1, SECTION 4, TAX LAW.

	IAA DAW,			
	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
Forts	\$13,591,000	\$13,591,000	\$12,831,000	\$13,081,000
Navy Yard	14,622,500	15,131,000 16,057,100	15,153,000 16,840,700	15,153,000 17,298,000
Custom House.  Public places	8,176,500	8,176,000 139,500	8,176,000 149,500	8,176,000 149,500
Lighthouses Barge Office	564,800	686,800 550,000	685,700 850,000	691,900 850,000
Army Building. Assay Office	810,000	810,000 T	810,000 2,500,000	810,000 2,500,000
Treasury Building	5,525,000	5,750,000	5,750,000	5,750,000
Coast Survey. United States Appraisers' Stores	1 1.400,000	1,400,000	1,400,000	1,400,000
Government land under water	106,000 1,055,000	106,000 1,060,000	126,000 1,060,000	126,000 1,145,000
Total	\$75.941.300	\$65,957,400	\$66,331,900	\$67,130,400

# THE CITY OF NEW YORK-ANNUAL ADMINISTRATION BUDGET.

GENERAL comparative table grouping the budget appropriations for 1915 and 1916 according to the general function or purpose of department, bureau, etc., also showing the relative per centums which each group total bears to the total budget appropriations, together with the increase in the total of 1916 over 1915.

GROUPING OF APPROPRIATIONS ACCORDING TO GENERAL FUNCTION OR PURPOSE,	Budget of 1915. Group Totals.	Per Centum of Each Group Total.	Per Capita Cost 1915.	Budget of 1916. Group Totals.	Per Centum of Each Group Total.	Per Capita Cost 1916.
Administrative, i. e., gen. administration. Legislative (Aldermen and City Clerk) Judicial. Educational.	\$3,702,288.07 309,167.80 9,683,144.37 42,449,578.45	5.020	1.73	\$3,385,896.80 283,277.50 9,688,153.62 42,512,896.82	1.620 .136 4.636 20.345	\$0.60 .05 1.73 7.59
Recreation, science and art, viz.; (a) Parks, parkways and drives (b) Zoological and botanical gardens,	2,192,717.29			1,991,925.76		.36
museums, etc.  Health and sanitation.  Protection of life and property.  Correctional purposes.  Charitable purposes.	1,176,095.68 17,858,014.39 31,383,584.00 1,320,895.51 9,563,774.16	9.259 16.271 .685	$\begin{array}{c} .21 \\ 3.20 \\ 5.62 \\ 24 \\ 1.71 \end{array}$	1,148,580.00 17,393,986.41 31,149,690.37 1,501,399.08 9,987,197.50	.550 8.324 14.907 .718 4.780	3.10 5.56 .27 1.78
Streets, highways and bridges (care and maintenance)	5,188,939.29	2.690	.93	4,952,792.32	2.371	.88
ferries)	1,946,515.88	1	.35	<b>1,</b> 501,549.70		.27
maintenance). Board of Elections and county canvassers Publication, advertising and printing Taxes, rents, pensions and relief funds, etc.	1,209,551.33 1,313,752.50 1,142,705.70 2,604,588.62	.681 .592 1.350	.21 .24 .20 .47	1,105,027.94 1,455,916.50 1,089,118.44 2,620,536.94	.697	.20 .26 .19 .47
Totals, departmental appropriations	\$133,045,313.04	68.979	\$23.82	\$131,767,945.70		823.52
State taxes	=======================================	====	===	\$13,975,021.73	6.688	82.49
Interest on the city debt	\$42,428,903.85 1,083,477.19 7,400,000.00	4.398	1.52	(8,200,000.00	} 5.775	2.15
Redemption of special revenue bonds	\$50,912,381.04 8,920,000.00 \$59,832,381.04	4.625	$   \begin{array}{r}     89.12 \\     1.59 \\     \hline     $10.71   \end{array} $	\$54,088,210.11 9,125,000.00 \$63,213,210.11		\$9.65 1.63 \$11.28
Totals for debt service  Total of budget appropriations, per se						
Increase—Appropriations and State tax Decrease—Deficiency in taxes		\$5,994	1.234.90		\$16,078 2,112	3,483.4 <b>6</b> 2,092.4 <b>4</b>
Net increase 1916 over 1915  To provide for deficiencies in the col-	6,112,092.44		• • • • • •	4,000,000.00		3,391.02
Grand totals				\$212,956,177.54		

# SUMMARY OF TOTAL APPROPRIATIONS FOR CITY AND COUNTIES.

	Appropriations, 1915.		Appropriations,
The City of New York.  The County of New York. The County of The Broax. The County of Kings. The County of Queens. The County of Richmond.	3,815,566.41 699,654.46 1,907,122.52 465,046.74	The City of New York. \$191,879.589.86 For New York State tax. 13,975,021.73 The County of New York. The County of The Bronx The County of The Bronx The County of Kings. The County of Queens The County of Richmond.	\$205,854,611.59 3,744,226.03 757,804.98 1,968,624.53 486,308.56

N B.—The total appropriations in 1915 for interest on and redemption of the city debt; for education, health and sanitation, protection of life and property and for charitable purposes was \$161,087,332.04, or \$3.52 per cent. of the city budget appropriations for said year. For 1916 the appropriations for these purposes aggregate \$164,256,981,21, or \$4.24 per cent. of the budget for city and county purposes. In other words, of every \$1,000 provided in the budget of 1916, \$842.40 is for these five functions or purposes.

The notable increases in the budget of 1916 as compared with 1915 are for debt service, \$3,380,829.07; correctional purposes, \$180,503.57; charitable purposes, \$423,423.34; Board of Elections, \$142,164, and direct State tax, \$13,975,021.73.

The notable decreases in the budget of 1916 as compared with 1915 include a reduction of \$464,027.98 in the total for health and sanitation, \$444,966.18 in docks and municipal ferries, and \$316,391.27 in administration.

There were no direct State taxes included in the budget of 1915.

The Federal Bureau of Census estimated the city's population for 1915 as 5,585,772, and the Health Department gave as its estimate of the population at the mid-period of 1916, 5,602,841. This estimate by the department is based on the estimate of the Federal Census Bureau.

# NATIONAL PLATFORMS OF POLITICAL PARTIES IN 1916.

NATIONAL PLATFORM OF THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY ADOPTED AT ST. LOUIS, MO., JUNE 16, 1916.

#### PREAMBLE.

The Democratic Party, in National Convention assembled, adopts the following declaration to the end that the people of the United States may both realize the achievements wrought by four years of Democratic administration and be apprised of the policies to which the party is committed for the further conduct of national affairs.

### RECORD OF ACHIEVEMENT.

We indorse the administration of Woodrow Wilson. It speaks for itself. It is the best exposition of sound, Democratic policy at home and abroad. We challenge comparison of our record, our keeping of piedges and our constructive legislation with those of any party of any time. We found our country hampered by special privilege, a victous tariif, obsolete banking laws and an inelastic currency. Our foreign affairs were dominated by commercial interests for their selfish ends. The Republican Party, despite repeated pledges, was impotent to correct abuses which it had fostered. Under our administration, under a leadership which has never faitered, these abuses have been corrected, and our people have been freed therefrom. therefrom.

theretrom.

Our archaic banking and currency system, prolific of panic and disaster under Republican Administrations—loug the refuge of the Money Trust
—has been supplanted by the Federal Reserve
Act, a true democracy of credit under Government control, already proved a financial bulwark
in a world crisis, mobilizing our resources, placing
abundant credit at the disposal of legitimate industry, and making a currency panic impossible. We
have created a Federal Trade Commission to accommodate the perpekting questions arising under
the Anti-Trust Laws, so that monopoly may be
strangled at its birth and legitimate industry encouraged. Fair competition in business is now
assured.

couraged. Fair competition in business how assured.

We have effected an adjustment of the tarift, adequate for revenue under peace conditions, and fair to the consumer and to the producer. We have adjusted the burdens of taxable shares. One revenues have been sufficient in times of world stress, and will have been sufficient in times of world stress, and will largely exceed the expenditures for the current

largely exceed the expenditures for the current liseal year. We have lifted human labor from the category of commodities, and have secured to the working man the right of voluntary association for his protection and welfare; we have protected the right of the laborer against the unwarranted issuance of writs of injunction, and have guaranteed to him the right of trial by jury in case of alleged contempt committed outside the presence of the court. We have advanced the parcel post to genuine efficiency, enlarged the postal savings system, added 10,000 rural delivery routes and extensions, thus reaching 2,500,000 additional people, improved the postal service in every branch, and for the first time in our history placed the postal system in self-supporting basis, with actual surplus in 1913, 1914 and 1916.

ECONOMIC FREEDOM.

#### ECONOMIC FREEDOM.

The reforms which were most obviously needed to clear away privilege, prevent unfair discrimination, and release the energies of men of all ranks and advantages, have been effected by recent legislation. We must now remove, so far as possible, every remaining element of unrest and uncertainty from the path of the business men of America and secure for them a continued period of quiet, assured and confident prosperity.

# TARIFF.

We reaffirm our belief in the doctrine of a tariff for the purpose of providing sufficient revenue for the operation of the Government economically administered, and unreservedly indorse the Underwood tariff law as truly exemplifying that doctrine. We recognize that tariff rates are necessarily subject to change to meet changing conditions in the world's production and trade. The events of the last tree production and trade. The events of the last two years have brought about many momentous changes.

In some respects their effects are yet conjectural and wait to be disclosed, particularly in regard to our foreign trade.

Two years of a war which has directly involved most of the chief industrial nations of the world, and which has indirectly affected the life and industry of all nations, are bringing about economic changes more varied and far reaching than the world has ever before experienced. In order to ascertain just what those changes may be, the Democratic Congress is providing for a non-partisan tariff commission to make impartial and thorough study of every economic fact that may throw light either upon our past or upon our future fiscal policy with regard to the imposition of taxes on imports or with regard to the changed and changing conditions under which our trade is carried on. We cordially indorse this timely proposal and declare ourselves in sympathy with the principle and purpose of shaping legislation within that field in accordance with clearly established facts rather than in accordance with the demands of selfish interests or upon information provided largely, if not exclusively, by them upon information provided largely, if not exclusively, by them.

# AMERICANISM.

The part the United States will play in the new day of international relationships which is now upon The part the United States will play in the new day of international relationships which is now upon us will depend upon our preparation and our character. The Democratic Party therefore recognizes the assertion and triumphant demonstration of the indivisability and coherent strength of the Nation as the supreme issue of this day, in which the whole world faces the crisis of manifold change. It summons all men, of whatever origin or creed, who would count themselves Americans, to join in making clear to all the world the unity and consequent Dwer of America.

This is an issue of patriotism. To taint it with partisanship would be to deflie it. In this day of test America must show itself not a Nation of partisans, but a Nation of patriots. There is gathered here in America the best of the blood, the industry and the genius of the whole world, the elements of a great race, and a magnificent society to be melted into a mighty and spendid nation.

whoever, actuated by the purpose to promote the interest of a foreign power in disregard of our own country's welfare or to injure this Government

the interest of a joreign power in disregard of our own country's welfare or to injune this Government in its foreign relations or cripple or destroy its industries at home, and whoever, by arousing prejudices of a racdal, religious or other nature, creates discord and strife among our people so as to obstruct the wholesome process of unification, is faithless to the trust which the privileges of citizenship repose in him and disloyal to his country.

We, therefore, condemn as subversive of this Nation's unity and integrity, and as destructive of its welfare, the activities and designs of every group or organization, political or otherwise, that has for its object the advancement of the interest of a foreign power, whether such object is promoted by intimidating the Government, a political party, or representatives of the people, or which is calculated and tends to divide our people into antagonistic groups, and thus to destroy that complete agreement and solidarity of the people, and that unity of sentiment and national purpose so essential to the perpetuity of the Nation and its free institutions. institutions.

institutions.

We condemn all alliances and combinations of individuals in this country, of whatever nationality or descent, who agree and conspire together for the purpose of embatrassing or weakening our Government or of improperly influencing or coercing our public representatives, in dealing or negotiating with any foreign power.

We charge that such conspiractes among a limited number exist, and have been instigated for the purpose of advancing the interests of foreign countries to the prejudice and detriment of our own country. We condemn any political party which, in view of the activity of such conspirators, surrenders its integrity or modifies its policy.

\*\*PREPAREDNESS.\*\*

# PREPAREDNESS.

Along with the proof of our character as a Nation

# NATIONAL PLATFORM OF THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY-Continued.

must go the proof of our power to play the part that legitimately belongs to us. The people of the United States love peace. They respect the rights and covet the friendship of all other nations. They desire neither any additional territory nor any advantage which cannot be peacefully gained by their skill, their industry or their enterprise; but they insist upon having absolute freedom of national life and policy, and feel that they owe it to themselves, and to the role of spirited independence which it is their sole ambition to play, that they should render themselves secure against the hazard of interference from any quarter, and should be able to protect their rights upon the seas or in any part of the world.

We therefore favor the maintenance of an army fully adequate to the requirements of order, of safety and of the protection of the Nation's rights, the fullest development of modern methods of seacoast defence, and the maintenance of an adequate reserve of citizens trained to arms and prepared to safeguard the people and territory of the United States against any danger of hostile action which may unexpectedly arise, and a fixed policy for the continuous development of a navy worthy to support the great naval traditions of the United States, and fully equal to the international tasks which the United States hopes and expects to take a part in performing. The plans and enactments of the present Congress afford substantial proof of our purposes in this exigent matter. pose in this exigent matter.

#### INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS.

The Democratic Administration has throughout the present war scrupulously and successfully held to the old paths of neutrality and of the peaceful pursuit of the legitimate objects of our national life, which statesmen of all parties and creeds have prescribed for themselves in America since the beginning of our history. But the circumstances of the last

ning of our history. But the circumstances of the last two years have revealed necessities of international action which no former generation can have foreseen. We hold that it is the duty of the United States to use its power not only to make itself safe at home but also to make secure its just interests throughout the world, and both for this end and in the intrest of humanity to assist the world in securing settled

peace and justice.

We believe that every people has the right to choose the sovereignty under which it shall live; that the small states of the world have a right to that the small states of the world have a right to enjoy from other nations the same respect for their sovereignty and for their territorial integrity that great and powerful nations expect and insist upon, and that the world has a right to be free from every disturbance of its peace that has its origin in aggression or disregard of the rights of peoples and nations, and we believe that the time has come when it is the duty of the United States to join with the other nations of the world in any feasible association that will effectively serve these principles, to maintain involute the complete security of the highway of the seas for the common and unhindered use of all nations. all nations.

of the seas for the common and unminutered use of all nations.

The present administration has consistently sought to act upon and realize in its conduct of the foreign affairs of the Nation the principle that should be the object of any association of the nations formed to secure the peace of the world and the maintenance of national and individual right. It has followed the highest American traditions.

It has preferred respect for the fundamental rights of smaller states, even to property interests, and has secured the friendship of the people of these states for the United States by refusing to make a more material interest an exuse for the assertion of our superior power against the dignity of their sovereign independence.

It has regarded the lives of its citizens and the claims of humanity as of greater moment than material rights, and peace as the best basis for the just settlement of commercial cialms. It has made the honor and ideals of the United States its standard alike in negotiation and action.

ard alike in negotiation and action.

# PAN-AMERICAN CONCORD.

We recognize now, as we have always recognized, a definite and common interest between the United States with the other peoples and republics of the Western Hemisphere in all matters of national

independence and free political development. We favor the establishment and maintenance of the closest relations of amity and mutual helpfulness between the United States and the other republics of the American continents for the support of peace and the promotion of a common prosperity. To that end we favor all measures which may be necessary to facilitate initimate intercourse and promote commerce between the United States and her neighbors to the south of us, and such international understandings as may be practicable and suitable to accomplish these ends.

We commend the action of the Democratic Administration in holding the Pan-American Floandal Conference at Washington in May, 1915, and organizing the International High Commission, which represented the United States in the recent meeting of representatives of the Latin-American republics at Euenos Ayres, April, 1916, which have so greatly promoted the Flendy relations between the people of the Western Hemisphere.

The Monroe Doctrine is reasserted as a principle of Democratic faith. That doctrine guarantees the independent republics of the two Americas against aggression from another continent. It implies as well the most scrupulous regard upon our part for the sovereignty of each of them.

The want of a stable, responsible Government in Mexico, capable of repressing and punishing marauders and bandit bands, who have not only taken the lives and selzed and destroyed the property of American citizens in that country, but have insolently invaded our soil, made war upon and murdered our people thereon, has rendered it necessary temporarily to occupy, by our armed forces, a portion of the territory of that friendly state, where until by the restoration of law and order therein, a repetition of such incursions is improbable, the necessity for their remaining will continue.

Intervention, implying as it does military subjugation, is revolting to the people of the United States, nowithstanding the provocation to that course has been great, and should be resorted to, if at all, only as a last resort. The stubborn resistance of the President and his advisers to every demand and suggestion to enter upon it, is creditable alike to them and to the people in whose name he speaks.

# MERCHANT MARINE.

Immediate provision should be made for development of the carrying trade of the Un development of the carrying trade of the United States. Our foreign commerce has in the past been subject to many unnecessary and vexatious obstacles in the way of legislation of Republican Congresses. Until the recent Democratic tariff legislation it was hampered by unreasonable burdens of taxation. Until the recent banking legislation that had at its disposal few of the necessary instrumentalities of international credit and exchange. Until the formulation of the pending act to promote the construction of a merchant marine it lacked even the prospect of adequate carriage by sea. We heartly indorse the purposes and policy of the pending Shipping Bill and favor all such additional measures of constructive or remedial legis

the pending Shipping Bill and favor all such ad-ditional measures of constructive or remedial legis-lation as may be necessary to restore our flag to the seas and to provide further facilities for our foreign commerce, particularly such laws as may be made to remove unfair conditions of competition in the dealings of American merchants and pro-ducers with compectitors in foreign markets.

#### CONSERVATION

For the safeguarding and quickening of the life of our own people, we favor the conservation and development of the natural resources of the country by means of a policy which shall be positive rather than negative, a policy which shall not withhold such resources from development, but which, while permitting and encouraging their use, shall prevent both waste and monopoly in their exploitation, and we earnestly favor the passage of acts which will accomplish these objects, and we reaffirm the declaration of the platform of 1912 on this subject. The policy of reclaiming our arid lands should be steadily adhered to.

THE ADMINISTRATION AND THE FARMER. We favor the vigorous prosecution of investiga-

# NATIONAL PLATFORM OF THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY-Continued.

tion and plans to render agriculture more profitable and country life more healthful, comfortable and attractive, and we believe that this should be a dominant aim of the Nation as well as of the States. With all its recent improvement, farming still lags behind other occupations in development as a business, and the advantages of an advancing civilization have not accrued to rural communities in a fair

ness, and the advantages of an advanting civilization have not accrued to rural communities in a fair proportion.

Much has been accomplished in this field under the present Administration—far more than under any previous Administration—far more than under any previous Administration. In the Federal Reserve Act of the present Congress, the machinery has been created which will make credit available to the farmer constant and the desire of the last congress, the machinery has been created which will make credit available to the tender of the second of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the

petition should be eliminated, and the conditions requisite for the just, orderly and economical marketing of farm products created. We approve the Democratic Administration for having emphatically directed attention for the first time to the essential interests of agriculture involved in farm marketing and finance, for creating the office of markets and rural organization in connection with the Department of Agriculture, and for extending the cooperative machinery necessary for conveying information to farmers by means of demonstrations. We favor continued liberal provision not only for the benefit of production, but also for the study and solutions of problems of farm marketing and finance, and for the extension of existing agencies for improving country life.

The happiness, comfort and prosperity of rural life and the development of the city are alike conserved by the construction of public highways. We therefore favor national aid in the construction of post roads and roads for military purposes.

### GOVERNMENT EMPLOYMENT.

We hold that the life, beath and strength of the men, women and children of the Nation are its greatest asset and that in the conservation of these the Federal Government, wherever it acts as the employer of iabor, should both on its own account and as an example, put into effect the following principles of just employment:

(1) A fiving wage for all employees.

(2) A working day not to exceed eight hours, with one day of rest in seven.

(3) The adoption of safety appliances and the establishment of thoroughly sonitary conditions of

establishment of thoroughly sanitary conditions of

labor.
(4) Adequate compensation for industrial acci-

(4) Adequate compensation to indicate dents.
(5) The standards of the Uniform Child Labor Law wherever minors are employed.
(6) Such provisions for decency, comfort and health in the employment of women as should be accorded the mothers of the race.

(7) An equitable retirement iaw providing for the retirement of superannuated and disabled employees of the civil service, to the end that a higher standard of efficiency may be maintained.

We believe also that the adoption of similar principles should be urged and applied in the legislation of the States with regard to labor within their borders, and that through every possible agency the life and health of the people of the Nation should be conserved.

#### LABOR.

We declare our faith in the Seamen's Act, passed

by the Democratic Congress, and we promise our earnest continuance of its enforcement. We favor the speedy enactment of an effective Federal Child Labor Law and the regulation of the shipment of prison made goods in interstate commerce.

We favor the creation of a Federal Bureau of Safety in the Department of Labor, to gather facts concerning industrial hazards and to commend legislation concerning the maining and killing of

legislation concerning the maining and killing of human beings.

We favor the extension of the powers and functions of the Federal Bureau of Mines.

We favor the development upon a systematic scale of the means already begun under the present Administration, to assist laborers throughout the Nation to seek and obtain employment, and the extension by the Federal Covernment of the same assistance and encouragement as is now given to agricultural training.

We heartily recommend our newly established

agricultural reading.
We heartily recommend our newly established
Department of Labor for its excellent record in
settling industrial strikes by personal advices and
through conciliating agents.

# PUBLIC HEALTH.

We favor a thorough consideration of the means and methods by which the Federal Government handles questions of public health, to the end that human life may be conserved by the climination of loathsome disease, the improvement of sanitation and the diffusion of a knowledge of disease

prevention.

We favor the establishment by the Federal GovernWe favor the establishment by the Federal Government of tuherculosis sanitariums for needy tubercular patients.

# SENATE BULES.

We favor such an alteration of the rules of procedure of the Schate of the United States as will permit the prompt transaction of the Nation's legislative business.

# ECONOMY AND THE BUDGET.

We demand careful economy in all expenditures for the support of the Government, and to that end favor a return by the House of Representatives to its former practice of initiating and preparing all appropriation bills through a single committee chosen from its membership, in order that responsibility may be centred, expenditure standardized and made uniform, and waste and duplication in the public service as much as possible avoided. We favor this as a practicable first step toward a budget system.

# CIVIL SERVICE.

We reaffirm our declaration for the rigid enforcement of the civil service laws

# PHILIPPINE ISLANDS.

We heartily indorse the provisions of the hill recently passed by the House of Representatives further promoting self-government in the Philippine Islands, as being in fulfilment of the policy declared by the Democratic Party in its last national platform, and we reiterate our endorsement of the purpose of ultimate independence for the Philippine Islands expressed in the preamble of that measure.

# WOMAN SUFFRAGE.

We recommend the extension of the franchise to the women of the country by the States upon the same terms as to men

### PROTECTION OF CITIZENS.

We again declare the policy that the sacred right of American citizenship must be preserved at home and abroad, and that no treaty with any

# NATIONAL PLATFORM OF THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY-Continued.

other Government shall receive the sanction of our Government which does not expressly recognize the absolute equality of all our citizens, irrespective of race, creed or previous nationality, and which does not recognize the right of expatriation. The American Government should protect American citizens in their right not only at home but abroad, and any country having a Government should be held to strict accountability for any wrongs done them, either to person or property.

At the earliest practical opportunity, our country should strive earnestly for peace among the warring nations of Europe and seek to bring about the adoption of the fundamental principle of justice and humanity, that all men shall enjoy equality of right and freedom from discrimination in the lands wherein they dwell.

PRISON REFORM. other Government shall receive the sanction of our

#### PRISON REFORM.

PRISON REFORM.

We demand that the modern principles of prison retorm be applied in our Federal penal system, We favor such work for prisoners as shall give them training in remunerative occupations, so that they may make an honest living when released from prison: the setting apart of the net wages of the prisoner to be paid to his dependent family or to be reserved for his own use upon his release; the liberal extension of the principles of the Federal Parole Law, with due regard both to the welfare of the prisoner and the interests of society; the adoption of the probation system, especially in the case of first offenders not convicted of serious crimes.

#### PENSIONS.

We renew the declarations of recent Democratic platforms relating to generous pensions for soldiers and their widows, and call attention to our record of performance in this particular.

### WATERWAY AND FLOOD CONTROL

WATERWAY AND FLOOD CONTROL.

We renew the declaration in our last two platforms relating to the development of our waterways.
The recent devastation of the Lower Mississippi Valley and several other sections by floods accentuates the movement for the regulation of river flow by additional bank and levee protection below, and diversion storage and control of the flood waters above, and their utilization for beneficial purposes in the reclamation of arid and swamp lands, and development of water power, instead of permitting the floods to continue, as heretofore, agents of destruction.

destruction.

We hold that the control of the Mississippi River is a national problem. The preservation of the depth of its waters for purposes of navigation,

the building of levees and works of bank protection the building of levees and works of bank protection to maintain the integrity of its channel and prevent the overflow of its valiey, resulting in the interuption of interstate commerce, the disorganization of the mail service and the enormous loss of life and property, impose an obligation which alone can be discharged by the National Government, We favor the adoption of a liberal and comprehensive plan for the development and improvement of our harbors and inland waterways with economy and efficiency, so as to permit their navigation by vessels of standard draught. vessels of standard draught.

## ATASKA.

It has been and will be the policy of the Demo-cratic Party to enact all laws necessary for the speedy development of Alaska and its great natural resources.

### TERRITORIES.

We favor granting to the people of Alaska, Hawall and Porto Rico the traditional Territorial Government accorded to all Territories of the United States since the beginning of our Government and we believe the officials appointed to administer the Government of those several Territories should be qualified by previous bona-fide residence,

### CANDIDATES.

We unreservedly indorse our President and Vice President, Woodrow Wilson of New Jersey, and Thomas Riley Marshall of Indiana, who have performed the functions of their great offices faithfully and impartially and with distinguished ability. In particular we commend to the American people the splendid diplomatic victories of our great President, who has preserved the vital interests of our Government and its citizens and kept us out of war, Woodrow Wilson stands to-day the greatest

Woodrow Wilson stands to-day the greatest American of his generation.

#### CONCLUSION.

This is a critical hour in the history of America, a critical hour in the history of the world. Upon the record above set forth, which shows great constitution of a convenient of the property of the convenient of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property of the prope

# NATIONAL PLATFORM OF THE REPUBLICAN PARTY ADOPTED AT CHICAGO, ILL. JUNE 8, 1916.

Following is the platform adopted by the Republican National Convention:
In 1861 the Republican party stood for the Union. As it stood for the union of the States, it now stands for a united people, true to American Ideals, loyal to American traditions, knowing no allegiance except to the Constitution, to the Government, and to the flag of the United States. We believe in American policies at home and abroad.

# PROTECTION OF AMERICAN RIGHTS.

We declare that we believe in and will enforce the protection of every American citizen in all the rights secured to him by the Constitution, treatles, and the law of nations, at home and abroad, by land and sea. These rights, which, in violation of the specific promise of their party, made at Baitmore in 1912, the Democratic President and the Democratic Conservation of the production of

# FOREIGN RELATIONS.

FOREIGN RELATIONS.

We desire peace, the peace of justice and right, and believe in maintaining a straight and honest neutrality between the belilgerents in the great war in Europe. We must perform all our duties and insist upon all our rights as neutrals, without fear and without favor. We believe that peace and neutrality, as well as the dignity and influence of the United States, cannot be preserved by shifty expedients, by phrasemaking, by performances in lan-

guage, or by attitudes ever changing in an effort to

guage, or by attitudes ever changing in an effort to secure groups of voters.

The present Administration has destroyed our influence abroad and humiliated us in our own eyes. The Republican Party believes that a firm, consistent, and courageous foreign policy, always maintained by Republican Presidents in accordance with American tradisions, Presidents in accordance with American tradisions, presidents in accordance with American tradisions, presidents in accordance with the property of the president of the president of the president settlement of international disputes and favor the establishment of a world court for that purpose. purpose.

#### MEXICO.

MEXICO.

We deeply sympathize with the fifteen million people of Mexico, who, for three years, have seen their country devasted, their homes destroyed, their feliow-eitzens murdered and their women outraged by armed bands of desperadoes led by self-seeking, conscienceless agitators, who, when temporarily successful in any locality, have neither sought nor been able to restore order or establish and maintain peace.

We express our horror and indignation at the outrages which have been and are being perpetrated by these bandits upon American men and women, who were or are in Mexico by invitation of the laws and of the Government of that country, and whose rights to security of person and property are guaranteed by solemn treaty obligations. We denounce

#### NATIONAL PLATFORM OF THE REPUBLICAN PARTY-Continued.

the indefensible methods of interference employed by this Administration in the internal affairs of Mexico, and refer with shame to its failure to dis-charge the duty of this country as next friend to Mexico, its duty to other Powers who have relied upon us as such friend, and its duty to our citizens in Mexico, in permitting the continuance of such conditions, first, by failure to act promptly and firmly, and, secondly, by leading its influence to the continuation of such conditions through reognition of one of the factions responsible for these outrages

We piedge our ald in restoring order and maintaining peace in Mexico. We promise to our citizens on and near our border, and to those in Mexico, wherever they may be found, adequate and absolute protection in their lives, liberty, and property.

#### MONROE DOCTRINE.

We reaffirm our approval of the Monroe Doc-trine, and declare its maintenance to be a policy of this country essential to its present and future peace and safety, and to the achievement of its manifest destlny.

#### LATIN AMERICA.

We favor the continuation of Republican policies. which will result in drawing more and more closely the commercial, financial and social relations be-tween this country and the countries of Latin

#### PHILIPPINES.

We renew our allegiance to the Phillippine policy inaugurated by McKinley, approved by Congress, and consistently carried out by Roosevelt and Taft. Even in this short time it has enormously improved the material and social conditions of the islands, given the Phillippine people a constantly increasing participation in their Government, and, if persisted in, will bring still greater benefits in the future, We accepted the responsibility of the islands as a duty to civilization and the Filippine people. To leave with our task half done would break our pledges, injure our prestige among nations, and imperil what already has been accomplished.

We condemn the Democratic Administration for its attempt to abandon the Philippines, which was prevented only by the vigorous opposition of Republican members of Congress, aided by a few patriotic Democrats.

#### RIGHT OF EXPATRIATION.

RIGHT OF EXPATRIATION.

We reiterate the unqualified approval of the action taken in December, 1911, by the President and Congress to secure with Russia, as with other countries, a treaty that will recognize the absolute right of expatriation and prevent all discrimination of whatever kind between American cltizens, whether native-born or allen, and regardless of race, religion, or previous political allegiance. We renew the pledge to observe this principle and to maintain the right of asylum, which is neither to be surrendered nor restricted, and we unite in the cherished hope that the war which is now desolating the world may speedily end, with a complete and lasting restoration of brotherhood among the nations of the earth and the assurance of full equal rights, civil and religious, to all men in every land. to all men in every land.

#### PROTECTION OF THE COUNTRY.

In order to maintain our peace and make certain the security of our people within our own borders, the country must have not only adequate, but thorough and complete national detence, ready for any emergency. We must have a sufficient and effective

emergency. We must have a sufficient and effective regular army and a provision for ample reserves, already drilled and disciplined, who can be called at once to the colors when the hour of danger comes. We must have a navy so strong and so well proportioned and equipped, so thoroughly ready and prepared, that no enemy can gain command of the sea and effect a landing in force on either our Western or our Eastern coast. To secure these results we must have a coherent and continuous policy of national defence, which even in these perilous days the Democratic party has utterly failed to develop, but which we promise to give to the country.

the fullest sense for the policy of tariff protection to American industries and American labor, and does not regard an anti-dumping provision as an adequate substitute. Such protection should be reasonable in amount, but suncient to protect adequately American industry and American labor, and be so adjusted as to prevent undue exactions by monopolies or trusts. It should, moreover, give special attention to securing the industrial independence of the United States, as in the case of dyestuffs.

seturistics of the Officer scales, as in the case of dyesturist.

The Underwood Tariff and Industrial legislation our industries can be so organized that they will become not all defense bulwark but a powerful ald the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of th

It has not in the least reduced the cost of living, which has constantly advanced from the date of its enactment. The welfare of our people demands its repeal and the substitution of a measure which, in peace, as well as in war, will produce ample revenue and give reasonable protection to all forms of American production in mine, forest, field and fac-

tory. We favor the creation of a Tariff Commission, with complete power to gather and compile information for the use of Congress in all matters relating to the tariff.

#### BUSINESS.

BUSINESS.

The Republican party has long believed in the rigid supervision and strict regulation of the transportation and great corporations of the country. It has put its creed into its deeds, and all really effective laws regulating the railroads and the great industrial corporations are the work of Republican Congresses and Presidents. For this policy of regulation and supervision the Democrats, in a stumbling and piecemeal way, are undertaking to involve the Government in husiness which should be left within the sphere of private enterprise and indirect competition with its own citizens, a policy which is sure to result in waste, great expense to the taxpayer, and in an interior product.

The Republican party firmly believes that all who violate the laws in regulation of business should be individually punished. But prosecution is very different from persecution, and business success, no matter how honestly attained, is apparently regarded by the Democratic party as in itself a crime, such doctrines and beliefs choke enterprise and stifle prosperity. The Republican party believes in encouraging American business, as it believes in and will seek to advance all American interests.

#### RURAL CREDITS.

We favor an effective system of rural credits as opposed to the ineffective law proposed by the present Democratic Administration.

#### RURAL FREE DELIVERY.

We favor the extension of the rural free delivery system and condemn the Democratic Administration for curtailing and crippling lt.

#### MERCHANT MARINE.

ortioned and equipped, so thoroughly ready and repared, that no enemy can gain command of the an and effect a landing in force on either our Wests and effect a landing in force on either our Wests and effect a landing in force on either our Wests and our Eastern coast. To secure these results to make a coherent and continuous policy of ational defence, which even in these perilous days no Democratic party has utterly failed to develop, at the property of the policies adopted by all the mariand in order to enable us to compete with them for the ocean-earrying trade, we favor the payment of the ocean-earrying trade, we favor the payment of the ocean-earrying trade, we favor the payment of the ocean-earrying trade, we favor the payment of the ocean-earrying trade, we favor the payment of the ocean-earrying trade, we favor the payment of the ocean-earrying trade, we favor the payment of the ocean-earrying trade, we favor the payment of the ocean-earrying trade, we favor the payment of the ocean-earrying trade, we favor the payment of the ocean-earrying trade, we favor the payment of the ocean-earrying trade, we favor the payment of the ocean-earrying trade, we favor the payment of the ocean-earrying trade, we favor the payment of the ocean-earrying trade, we favor the payment of the ocean-earrying trade, we favor the payment of the ocean-earrying trade, we favor the payment of the ocean-earrying trade, we favor the payment of the ocean-earrying trade, we favor the payment of the ocean-earrying trade, we favor the payment of the ocean-earrying trade, we favor the payment of the ocean-earrying trade, we favor the payment of the ocean-earrying trade, we favor the payment of the ocean-earrying trade, we favor the payment of the ocean-earrying trade, we favor the payment of the ocean-earrying trade, we favor the payment of the ocean-earrying trade, we favor the payment of the ocean-earrying trade, we favor the payment of the ocean-earrying trade, we favor the payment of the ocean-earrying trade, we favor the payment of

### NATIONAL PLATFORM OF THE REPUBLICAN PARTY-Continued.

We are utterly opposed to the Government ownership of vessels, as proposed by the Democratic Party, because Government owned ships, while effectively preventing the development of the American merchant marine by private capital, will be entirely unable to provide for the vast volume of American freights, and will leave us more helpless than ever in the hard grip of foreign syndicates.

#### RAILROADS.

Interstate and intrastate transportation has become so interwoven that the attempt to apply two, and often several, sets of laws to its regulation has produced conflicts of authority, embarrassment in operation, and inconvenience and expense to the

operation, and inconvenience and expense to the public.

The entire transportation system of the country has become essentially national. We, therefore, lavor such action by legislation, or, if necessary, through an amendment to the Constitution of the United States, as will result in placing it under exclusive Federal control.

#### ECONOMY AND A NATIONAL BUDGET.

The Inereasing cost of the National Government, and the need for the greatest economy of its resources, in order to meet the growing demands of the people for Government service, call for the severest condemnation of the wateful appropriations of the beautiful appropriations of the wateful appropriations of the wateful appropriations of the service to add the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the service to the serv of this Democratic Administration, of its shameless raids on the Treasury, and of its opposition to and rejection of President Tatt's oft-repeated proposals and earnest efforts to secure economy and efficiency through the establishment of a simple, business-like budget system, to which we pledge our support, and which we hold to be necessary to effect a needed reform in the administration of national finances.

#### CONSERVATION.

We believe in a careful husbandry of all the natural resources of the Nation—a husbandry which means development without waste, use without

#### CIVIL SERVICE REFORM.

The Clvil Service Law has always been sustained by the Republican Party, and we renew our repeated declaration that it shall be thorougally and honestly enforced and extended wherever practicable. The Democratic Party has created since March 4, 1913, 30,000 offices outside of the Civil Service law, at an annual cost of \$44,000,000 to the taxpayers of the country.

We condemn the gross abuse and the misuse of the law by the present Democratic Administration and pledge ourselves to a reorganization along lines of efficiency and economy.

#### TERRITORIAL OFFICIALS.

Reaffirming the attitude long maintained by the Republican Farty, we hold that officials appointed to administer the Government of any territory should be bona-fide residents of the territory in which their duties are to be performed.

#### LABOR LAWS.

LABOR LAWS.

We pledge the Republican Party to the faithful enforcement of all Federal laws passed for the protection of labor. We favor vocational education, the enactment and rigid enforcement of a Federal child labor law, the enactment of a generous and comprehensive workmen's compensation law, within the commerce power of Congress, and an accident compensation law covering all Government employes. We favor the collection and collation under the direction of the Department of Labor of complete data relating to industrial bazards for the information of Congress, to the end that such legislation may be adopted as may be calculated to secure the safety, conservation, and protection of labor from the dangers incident to industry and transportation. transportation.

#### SUFFRAGE.

The Republican Party, reaffirming its faith in Government of the people, by the people, for the people as of the people, by the people, for the people as of the sufficient of institute of pietale of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the suffici

#### HOTELS IN MANHATTAN.

\*Albert, University Place and 11th Street,

\*Ansonia, Broadway and 73d Street.
\*Astor, Broadway, 44th and 45th Streets.
\*Belleclaire, 2173 Broadway.

Belmont, 42d Street and Park Avenue.

\*Beresford, 1 West S1st Street.

\*Biltmore, 43d Street and Madison Avenue. \*Breslin, Broadway and 29th Street.

\*Brevoort, 5th Avenue and 8th Street

Broadway Central, 673 Broadway.

Broadway Central, 673 Broadway.

\*Buckingham, 5th Avenue and 50th Street.

\*Chelsea, West 23d Street.

\*Claridge, Broadway and 44th Street.

\*Empire, Broadway and 43d Street.

\*Endicott, Columbus Avenue and Sist Street.

\*Endicott, Columbus Avenue and Sist Street.

\*Gotham, 5th Avenue and 55th Street.

\*Gotham, 5th Avenue and 55th Street.

\*Grand, Broadway and 31st Street.

\*Great Northern, 118 West 57th Street.

\*Great Northern, 118 West 57th Street.

\*Hermitage, 7th Avenue and 42d Street.

\*Holland House, 5th Avenue and 30th Street.

\*Impierial, Broadway and 32d Street.

\*Iunior League House, 541 E, 78th Street.

\*Knickerbocker, Broadway and 42d Street.

\*Latham, 4 East 28th Street,

\*Longacre, 157 West 47th Street.

\*Majestic, 4 West 72d Street.

\*Majestic, 4 West 72d Street.

\*Manhatlan, 42d Street and Madison Avenue.

\*European Plan, †American Plan, ‡Ame

\*Marie Antoinette, Broadway and 66th Street, †Marlborough, 1355 Broadway. \*Marseille, Broadway.

Marborough, 1355 Broadway and ooth Street, 'Marborough, 1355 Broadway and 103d Street, 'Marseille, Broadway and 103d Street, 'Martha Washington, 4th Avenne and 29th Street, 'Machapin, Broadway and 33d Street, 'McAlpin, Broadway and 33d Street, 'Mills, Rivington and Chrystie Streets, 'Mills, Rivington and Chrystie Streets, 'Mills, Tith Avenne and 36th Street, 'Mills, Tith Avenne and 36th Street, 'Murray Hill, Park Avenne and 40th Street, 'Navarre, 510 7th Avenne.' Navarre, 510 7th Avenne and 32d Street, 'Prince George, 14 E. 28th Street, 'Prince George, 14 E. 28th Street, 'Prince George, 14 E. 28th Street, 'Prince George, 14 E. 28th Street, 'St. Lorenz, '72d Street and Lexington Avenue, St. Rexis, 5th Avenne and 55th Street, 'San Remo, Central Park West and 74th Street, 'Savoy, 5th Avenne and 55th Street.

\*Seville, corner 29th Street and Madison Avenue,
\*Sherman Square, Broadway and W. 71st Street,
\*Union Square, 15th Street and Union Square,
\*Vanderbilt, 34th Street, and Park Avenue,
\*Waldorf-Astoria, 5th Avenue, 33d to 34th Street,
\*Wallick, Broadway and 43d Street,
\*Wellington, 7th Avenue and 55th Street,
\*Woodstott, Vest 31st Street, near 5th Avenue.
\*Yooks tock, 135 West 43d Street.
\*York, 7th Avenue and 36th Street.

\*European Plan. †American Plan. ‡American and European Plaus.

## CHURCHES IN MANHATTAN AND BRONX.

slon, 160th St., bet. Morris 4th Aves. st Temple, 159 W. 132d St. sda Christian (Col.), 249 W it St. ary, W. 57th St., bet. 6th and 1 Aves. Chapel, 239 W. 69th

Amsterdam Ave., cor. W. ral. 2d St. atral Park, E. 83d St., bet. 2d atral Park, E. 836 St., Det. 2d and 3d Aves. Surch of God, Saints of Christ, 247 W. 61st St. ollegiate Baptist of the Covenant, 327 W. 33d St. eston Ave., E. 188th St., cor. eston Ave., E. 188th St., cor. Creston Ave.

2ay Star (Col.), 512 W. 157th St. Engle Ave., 921 Eagle Ave.

73-enezer (Primitive), (Col.), Intervale Ave., cor. Home St., mmanuel, E. 216th St., cor. White Plains Ave.

17th Ave., 8 W. 46th St., irst, W. 79th St., cor. Broadway.

17st. Bohemian-Slovak, 355 E. 63th St. 68th St. Prst German, 336 E. 14th St. Prst German of Harlem, 220 E.

118th St. 118th St. Irst Italian, Ollver and Henry Sts. Irst Lettish, Ollver and Henry Sts. Irst Mariner's, (Mariners' Tem-ple), Ollver and Henry Sts. Irst Swedish, E. 55th St., bet. 3d and Lexington Aves. Irst Union of the Bronx, 367 E. 158th St.

ordham (Italian Mission), Lorillard Pl., cor. E. 187th St. ort Washington, 124 Wadsworth

Ave.
ountain, 19 W. 132d St.
frace, Prospect Ave. and Ritter Pl.
larlem, 219 E. 123d St.
lope, cor. 104tb St. and Broadway.
lungarian, 235 E. 83d St.
manuel (German), 411 E. 75th.
udson Memorial, 55 Washington Sq. S.
Addison Ave., cor. Madison Ave.
and E. 31st St.
4arlners' Temple, Oliver and Hen-

ry Sts. Metropolitan, 45 W. 134th St. Aount Gilead (Col.), 39 E. 132d St. Aount Moriah, 46 W. 133d St. Aount Morris, 5th Ave., near W.

127th St. 4cunt Olivet (Col.), 161 W. 53d

Active Order (261), to W. 354 dount Pleasant, Boston Rd., near Vyse Ave. 10th, 234 W. 11th St., ligrim, 258 W. 133d St., ligrim, 258 W. 133d St., ligrim, 276 W. 133d St., shron, 137 E. 103d St., shron, 137 E. 103d St., shron, 137 E. 103d St., shron, 1257 W. 16th St., Paul (Col.), 352 W. 35th St., hrd German, 1127 Fulton Ave., limothy, 255 W. 30th St., remont, Tremont Ave. west of Webster Ave. 11nty (Col.), E. 224th St., near Barnes Ave.

ellenic thodox 72d St. (Holy Trinity), 153 E.

Russian Orthodox, 121 7th St. St. George (Ruthenian), 28 7th St. St. Mary's, E. 13th St., near 3d Ave. St. Nicholas Cathedral (Russian), 19 E. 97th St. (See also "Roman

Catholic''). CHURCH OF CHRIST (SCIENTIST).

First, 1 W. 96th St. Second, 10 W. 68th St. Third, 35 E. 125th St. Fourth, Fort Washington Ave. and 178th St.

Fifth, 34 W. 43d St. Sixth, 1931 Washington Ave., Sixth, Bronx.

CONGREGATIONAL.

CONGREGATIONAL.

Armenian Evangelical, 207 E. 30th.
Bedford Park, Bainbridge Ave. E.,
cor. E. 201st St.
Bethany, 455 10th Ave.
Bethichem (Swedish-Finnish), 632
E. 13sth St.
Freedway, Tokamada

Broadway Tabernacle, Broadway and 56th St. Christ, Concourse, cor. E. 175th St. Claremont Park, 167th St., cor.

Teller Avc. First Morrisania, E. 166th St. and

First Morrishila, E. 100d St. Reference of Forest Ave.
Harlem, 22 E. 131st St.
Manhattan, W. 76th St. and B'way.
North New York, E. 143d St., near

Willis Ave.

Pilgrim, Madison Ave., cor. E. 121st St

St. Swedish Evangelical Immanuel, 308 W. 139th St.
Trinity, Washington Ave., cor. E. 176th St.
Welsh, 206 E. 11th St.

DISCIPLES OF CHRIST. Central, 142 W. 81st St. Lenox Ave. Union, 74 W, 126th St. Russian, 63 E. 2d St. Second, 595 E. 169th St.

EVANGELICAL. Dingeldein Memorial (German), 429 E. 77th St. First Church of the Evangelical Association, 424 W. 55th St. Manhattan Gospel Hall, 2339 8th

Ave. St. Paul's (Ger.), 159 E. 112th St. St. Paul's (Ger.), 2136 Newbold Av. Swedish Bethesda, 140 E. 50th St. West Side Mission, 269 W. 47th St.

FRIENDS. Meeting House (Hicksite), E. 15th St. and Rutherfurd Pl. Meeting House (Orthodox), 144 E. 20th St. New York Colored Mission (Or-thodox), 225 W. 30th St.

JEWISH. Adereth El, 135 E, 29th St.
Agudath Achim, 169 W, 140th St.
Agudath Jeshorim, 115 E 86th St.
Ahawath Chesed (Shaar Hashomaylm), 652 Lex, Ave,
Anshe Chesed, W, 114th St., cor.
7th Ave. rinity (Col.), Fr. 26734 Barnes Ave. nion, 204 W. 63d St. nity (Col.), 70 W. 99th St. ashington Heights, 145th St. and Convent Ave.

Ministers' Conference meets West Side Tabernacle, W. 119th St., Monday at 11 A. M., at Sits St., cor. Madison Ave. Zion (Col.), 2148 5th Ave. alore Ave., cor. E. 1418 St., loor. E. 1418 St., loor. Both St., bet. Morris Annuclation (Greek), 310 W. 54th Ave. and Lexington Ave.

and Lexington Ave. Congregation Orach Chalm, Lex-lugton Ave., near 95th St. Congregation Pineus Elijah, 118 W. 95th St. First Galician, 87 Attorney St. First Hungarian Cong. Oneb Zedek, 18 W. 16th St. First Roumanian Am. Congrega-tion 101 Elysteron 5

First Roumanian Am. Congrega-tion, 91 Rivington St. Free Synagogue, Carnegle Hall, Isaiah Temple, 209 W, 95th St. Kehilath Jeshurun, 117 E. 85th St. Machzikel Torah, 292 Madlson St. Mount Neboh, 2005 Amsterdam

Nachlath Zevl, 59 E. 109th St. New Synagogue, 43 W. 86th St. Rodeph Sholom, 63d St. and Lex-

Roosph Sholom, 63d St. and Lexington Arbital W. S2d St., near Amsterdam Ave. Shaari Zedek, 25 W. 118th St. Shearith F nal Israel, 22 E. 113th St. Shearith Israel, Central Park West, Cor. 70th St.

Temple Beth-El, 5th Ave., cor. E. 76th St. Temple Beth-Elohim, 961 Southern

Boulevard. Temple Emanu-El, 5th Avc. and

temple Emanu-El, 50h Avc. and
43d St.
Temple Israel, 523 W. 173d St.
Temple Israel of Harlem, Lenox
Avc., cor. 120th St.
Temple of the Covenant, 552 W.
181st St.

181st St.
Temple Peni-El, 525 W. 147th St.
Tlffereth Israel, 126 Allen St.
Tremont Temple, Grand Boulevard
near E. Burnside Ave.
Washington Heights Congregation,
510 W. 161st St.
West End, 156 W. 82d St.
Zichron Ephraim, 67th St., near
Lexington Ave.

Lexington Ave.

#### LUTHERAN.

Advent, Broadway and 93d St. Atonement, Edgecombe Ave. and 140th St. Bethany, 582 Teasdale Pl. n. 3d Ave. Christ, 406 E 19th St. Concordia, Oak Ter. and Crimmins

Danish, 1179 Hoe Ave.
Deaf Mission, 233 W. 42d St.
Emmanuel, Brown Pl., cor. E.

137th St. Epiphany, 72 E. 128th St. Esthonian (Immanuel), 213 E. 83d

St.
Finnish, 72 E. 128th St.
Grace, 123 W. 71st St.
Grace, Qlentine Ave., near 199th St.
Hebrew Mission, 250 E. 101st St.
Holy Comforter, 1060 Woodycrest
Ave., cor. 165th St.
Holy Trinity, Central Park West
and 65th St.
Holy Trinity, St. E., 167th St.
Immanuel, SSth St., cor. Lexington
Ave.

Immanuer, 55th St., 60f. Lexington Ave.
Italian, 213 E. 83d St.
Lettish, 322 W. 44th St.
Lettish, 323 6th St.
Norwegian, 1410 Vyse Ave.
Norwegian, 179 E. 123d St.
Our Saylour, 179th St. and Audu-

bon Ave.
Polish, 233 W. 42d St.
Redeemer, 424 W. 44th St.
St. James's, 902 Madison Ave.

LUTHERAN-Continued. Ave.
St. Matthew's, 32 Greene St.
St. Matthew's, Convent Ave. and
W. 145th St.
St. Matthew's, 376 E. 156th St.
St. Paul's, E. 178th St., cor. Lafontaine Ave.
St. Paul's, 313 W. 22d St.
St. Paul's, 149 W. 123d St.
St. Paul's, 794 E. 156th St.
St. Pater's, E. 19th St., near
White Plain R. d. 19th St., near
White Plain R. d. 19th St., and Peter's, Lexington Ave. and 54th St. St. Peter's, 439 E. 140th St. St. Stephen's, 999 Union Ave. St. Thomas's, E. 175th St., cor. St. Stephen's, 999 China St., cor. Topping Ave.
St. Thomas's, E. 175th St., cor. Topping Ave.
Saviours, E. 187th St., near Tiebout Ave.
Slovak, 332 E. 20th St.
Swedish (Gustavus Adolphus), 151
E. 223 St.
Swedish (Harlem), 171 E. 121st St.
Swedish (Messiah), 412 Brook Ave.
Swedish-Finnish, Oak Terrace and Crimmins Ave.
Trinity, 9th St. and Ave. B.
Trinity, 164 W. 100th St.
Trinity, 1619 Castle Hill Ave.
Wakefield, Richardson Ave. and
240th St.
Wakefield, Richardson Ave. and Washington Heights, W. 153d St. near Broadway. Zion, 339 E. 84th St. METHODIST EPISCOPAL. Denominational Headquarters, 150 5th Ave. Battery Swedish, 127 W. 89th St. Beekman Hill, 319 E. 50th St. Bethel Swedish, 1163 Fox St., Bronx. Blinn Memorial (German), 103d St. and Lexington Ave. Boston Road, Boston Rd., cor. Suhurban Pl. Suburban Pl.
Butler Memorial (Col.), 719 E.
223d St.
Calvary, 129th St. and 7th Ave.
Centenary, cor. Washington Ave.
and E. 166th St.
Chelsea. Fort Washington Ave.,
cor. W. 178th St.
Church of All Nations, 9 2d Ave.
Church of the Saviour, E. 111th St.,
cor. Lexington Ave.
City Island, Bay St. and City Island City Island, Bay St. and City Island Cornell Memorial, E. 76th St., near 2d Ave. Crawford Memorial, White Plains Ave. and 218th St. Duane, 294 Hudson St. Elghteenth St., 307 W. 18th St Elton Ave., German, cor. E. 158th St. Ave., German, cor. E. 158th St. Epworth (Col.), Grant Ave., cor. E. 162d St. First German, 48 St. Mark's P. Irist Japanese, 131 W. 104th St. First Norweglan, 1078 Kelly St. Five Points Mission, 129 Worth St. Fordham, 2539 Marion Ave. Forty-Journ St., 461 W. 44th St. Grace, 131 W. 104th St. Hadley Rescue Hall, 293 Bowery. Hedding, 337 E. 17th St. Jane St., 13 Jane St. Janes, 461 W. 44th St. Janes, 461 W. 44th St. Jefferson Fark (Italian), 407 E. 114th St.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL-St. John's, 81 Christopher St.
St. John's, 217 E. 119th St.
St. John's, Fulton Ave. at 169th St.
St. Luke's, 1724 Adams St.
St. Luke's, 233 W. 42d St.
St. Mark's, 242d St. and Martha
Ave.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL—
Continued.

John St., 44 John St.
St. Luke's, 1724 Adams St.
Madison Ave., Swedish, cor. E.
St. Mark's, 242d St. and Martha
Ave.
Metropolitan Temple, 58 7th Ave. PRESBYTERIAN-Contt PRESENT LEALANT—John Broadway, Broadway and 11; Central, Madlson Ave, and 57 Chelsea, 359 W. 24th St. Chinese, 223 E. 31st St. Chirst, 344 W. 36th St. Church of the Puritans, 15 130th St. Covenant, 310 E. 42d St. De Witt Memorial, 280 Rivin St. Metropolitan Temple, 58 7th Ave. Morris Heights, 1788 Sedgwick Ave. Mott Ave., Mott Ave., cor. E. 150th St.
Mount Hope, E. 177th St., cor.
Concourse. East Harlem, 233 E. 116th St. Edgehill, Spuyten Duyvil. Faith, 359 W. 48th St. Fifth Ave., Flith Ave. cor. 55th First, 5th Ave. and 11th St. Park Ave., Park Ave., cor. 86th St.
People's Home Church and Settlement, 543 E. 11th St.
Prospect Ave., Prospect Ave., cor.
Macy Pl. First, Fort Schuyler Rd., Throg. Neck. St. Andrew's, 126 W. 76th St. St. James's, Madison Ave. and First Magyar, 233 E. 116th St. First of Williamsbridge, 730 E. 225th St. St. James' 126th St. St. John's Chapel, 2536 7th Ave. St. Mark's (Col.), W. 53d St. and 8th Ave. St. Paul's, 86th St. and West End Fort George Church, 564 W. 185th Ave. Ave.
St. Paul's (German), 308 E. 55th St.
St. Paul's (German), 308 E. 55th St.
St. Stephen's, Marble Hill Ave.,
cor. W. 228th St.
Salem (Col.), 102 W. 133d St.
Second German, 346 W. 40th St.
Sixty-first St., 229 E. 61st St.
Thirty-fith St., 460 W. 35th St.
Tremont, Washington Ave., cor.
E. 178th St.
Tremont, German), 1841 Bathyrate Tremont (German), 1841 Bathgate Trinity, 323 E. 118th St. Union, W. 48th St., near Broadway. Van Nest, cor. Morris Park and Coster St.

John Hall Memorial Chapel, 341
E. 62d St.

Madison Ave. Cor. Van Nest, cor. Morris Park and Cruper Aves. Wakefield Grace, White Plains Ave., near 241st St. Washington Heights, Amsterdam Ave., cor. 153d St. Washington Sq., 137 W. 4th St. Westchester, 2547 Waiker Ave. Willis Ave., cor. E. 141st St. Woodlawn Heights, E. 237th St.. near Katonah Ave. Woodycrest, W. 166th St. and Nel-son Ave. Madison Ave., Madison Ave., cor. 73d St. Madison Square, 9 Madison Ave. Madison Sq. Church House, 436 3d Ave 3d Ave. Mizpah Chapel, 420 W. 57th St. Morningside, Morningside Ave. and W. 122d St. Morrisania, 1197 Washington Ave Mount Washington, Broadway, Morrisania, 1197 Vasandras, Mount Washington, Broadway, cor. Dyckman St. North, 525 W. 155th St. Northminster, W. 115th St., near St. Nicholas Ave. son Ave. METHODIST EPISCOPAL (AFRICAN). Bethel Church, 52 W. 132d St. Emmanuel, 236 W. 62d St. Metropolitan, 112 W. 133d St. Mother Zion, 151 W. 136th St. Rush Memorial, Zion, 58 W. 138th bold Aves. Park Ave. Church, Park Ave. and Union, 109 W. 131st St. MORAVIAN. First, Lexington Ave. and 30th St. Beth-Tphillah (Fourth Moravian), 124 W. 136th St. Second, Wilkins Ave. and Jennings Spring St., Spring St., nr. Varick St. Tremont, Grand Concourse and Tremont, 178th St 178th St.
University Heights, University Ave.
and Hall of Fame Ter.
University Pl., University Pl. and
E. 10th St., Bethlehem Chapel,
196 Bleecker St.; Emmanuel
Chapel, 727 E. 6th St.
Van Nest, Barnes Ave., cor. Morris
Park Ave.
West End. 105th St. and Amster-Third (Col.), 224 W. 63d St. PRESBYTERIAN. Denominational Headquarters, 156 5th Ave. Jesse F. Forbes, Stated Cherk Adams Memorial, 207 E. 30th St. Amer. International, 2d Ave. and 14th St. West End, 105th St. and Amster-Ascension, 340 E. 106th St. Beck Memorial, 980 E. 180th St. Bedford Park, 200th St., cor. Baindam Ave. estminster, 208 W. 23d St.; Let Memorial Chapel, 556 W. 141st West-Park, W. 86th St., cor. Amsterdam Ave. Woodlawn Heights, 240th St. and bridge Ave. Bethany, E. 137th St., near Willis Ave. Bohemian Bret'n, 589 E. 165th St. Bohemian (John Huss), 349 E. 74th Martha Ave.

Woodstock, E. 165th St. and Prospect Ave. Brick, 5th Ave., cor. 37th St.

PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL. Synod House, Amsterdam Ave., cor. W. 110th St.

Diocesan House, 416 Lafayette St. Rt. Rev. David H. Greer, Bishop. Amsterdam Ave. and 110th St.; Rt. Rev. Chas. S. Burch, Suffragan Bishop, Layman's House, 49 E. 25th St. All Angels', 81st St., cor. West End

All Angels', 81st St., cor. West End Ave.
All Saints', 286 Henry St.
All Souls', 86 St. Nicholas Ave.
Ascension, 5th Ave., cor. 10th St.
Ascension Memorial, 253 W. 43d St.
Beloved Disciple, 89th St., near
Madison Ave.
Calvary, 4th Ave. and 21st St.
Cathedral of St. John the Divine,
W. 11th St., between Amsterdam and Morningside Aves.
Chapel of Atonement, Beach Ave.,
near Westchester Ave.
Chapel of Christ the Consoler, foot
E. 26th St. (Bellevue Hospital).
Chapel of St. Cornelius the Centurian, Governor's Island.
Chapel of Holy Spirit, Westchester
Ave. and E. 167th St.
Chapel of the Comforter, 10 Horatio
St.

wakefield, Bronx.

apel of the Good Shepherd,

Blockwalls Vi. Chapel

Wakefield, Bronx.
Chapel of the Good Shepherd,
Blackwell's Island.
Chapel of the Good Shepherd (General Theological Seminary), 175
9th Ave.
Chapel of the Intercession, Broadway and 155th St.
Chapel of the Messiah, 206 E. 95th.
Chapel of the Redeemer, Seaman
Ave. and Isham St.
Christ, Broadway and W. 71st St.
Christ, Broadway and W. 71st St.
Christ, Riverdale.
Church Mission of Help, 37 E. 28th Church Mission of Help, 37 E. 28th

Church of the Advocate, Washing-ton Ave. and 181st St. Church of the Holy Apostles, 300

9th Ave. Church of the Redeemer, 153 W 136th St.

136th St.
Church of the Resurrection, E.
74th St., near Park Ave.
Corpus Christl, Congregation of
Transfiguration Chapel, 221 W.

Emmanuel, 770 Courtlandt Ave., Bronx. Epiphany, 259 Lexington Ave. God's Providence House,

Broome St. Good Shepherd (Italian), E. 142d

St. and Alexander Ave., Grace, Broadway and 10th St. Grace, Clty Island Ave., cor. Pllot St., City Island.

Grace, West Farms, Vyse Ave.,

Grace, West ra near 177th St.

near 177th St.
Grace Emmanuel, 212 E. 116th St.
Heavenly Rest, 551 5th Ave.
Holy Comforter, 343 W. Houston St.
Holy Communion, 324 6th Ave.
Holy Cross, Ave. C. and 4th St.
Holy Faith, 694 E. 166th St.
Holy Nativity, Bainbridge Ave.,
cor. E. 204th St.
Holyroad, Fort Washington Ave.,
cor. W. 179th St.
Holy Spirit, Westchester Ave., cor.
E. 167th St.
Holy Trinity, (St. James's Parish).

Holyrood, Fort Washington Ave., cor. W. 179th St.
Holy Spirit, Westchester Ave., cor. E. 167th St.
Holy Trinity (St. James's Parish), 316 E. 88th St.
Holy Trinity, W. 122d St. and Lenox Ave. Holy Trinity, W. 122d St. and Lenox Ave. Holy Trinity, W. 122d St. and Lenox Ave. Holy Trinity, W. 124d St. and Lenox Ave. Holy Trinity, W. 124d St. and Lenox Ave. Chapel, 242 E. 31st St.

St. Pall's, St. Michael's, Amsterdam Ave., cor. St. Paul's, Gor. W. St. Paul's Chapel (Trinity Parish), Broadway and Vesey St. St. Paul's, G12 E. 141st St. St. Peter's, 342 W. 20th St. REFORMED EPISCOPAL. First, Madison Ave., cor. 55th St, Ave.

Chapel, 242 E. 31st St.

PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL-Continued.

"Little Church Around the Corner" (Transfiguration), 5 E. 29th St.

(Transfiguration), 9 E. 25th St. Mediator, Kingsbridge Ave., near W. 231st St. Our Saviour, 25 South St. St. Agnes's Chapel, 92d St., near Columbus Ave.
St. Alban's, Ogden Ave. and 163d

Ambrose (Italian), 236 E. 111th

St. Andrew's, 127th St., near 5th Ave. St. Andrew's, 127th St., near E. 140th St. St. Ann's Ave., w. 148th St., near Amsterdam Ave. St. Augustine's Chapel (Trinity Parlsh), 105 E. Houston St. St. Barnabas's Chapel, 306 Mulberry St.

Deliy St., Bartholomew's, 348 Madison Ave. Oriental Mission, 209 E. 42d St. Swedish Chapel, 121 E. 127th St. Chinese Guild, 42 Mott St.

St. Chrysostom's Chapel (Trinity Parish), 201 W. 39th St. St. Clement's, 136 W. 3d St. St. Cornelius's, 423 W. 46th St. St. Cornelius's Chapel, Governor's

Island.

St. Cyprian's (Col.), 171 W. 63d St. St. David's, 382 E. 160th St. St. Edmund's, 177th St., near

St. Edmund's, 177th St., near Morris Ave. St. Edward the Martyr, 109th St., near 5th Ave. St. Espirite, 45 E. 27th St. St. George's, E. 219th St., Williams-

bridge.

St. George's, Stuyvesant Sq.
St. George's, 7 Rutherfurd Pl.
St. Ignatius's, West End Ave. and
W. 87th St.
St. James's, 71st St., cor. Madison

Ave.

Ave.
St. James's, Fordham, Jerome
Ave., cor. E. 190th St.
St. John the Divine Cathedral, W.
111th St., between Amsterdam
and Morningside Aves.
St. John the Evangelist, W. 11th
St. and Waverley Pl.
St. Jude's Mission, 19 W. 99th St.
St. Luke's, Convent Ave., cor. W.
141st St. St. Luke a. 141st St.

St. Luke's (Trinity Parish), Hudson St., opp. Grove St. St. Luke's Hospital Chapel, W. 113th St. and Amsterdam Ave. St. Margaret's, E. 156th St., cor. St. Margares S. Leggett Ave.

St. Mark's-in-the-Bouwerie, 2d Ave. and 10th St. St. Martha's Chapel, 1858 Cruger Ave.

St. Mary's, Alexander Ave., cor. 142d St.
St. Mary's, Lawrence St., near Amsterdam Ave.

t. Mary the Virgin, W. 46th St. and 6th Ave.

St. Matthew's, W. 84th St., near Central Park West. St. Ann's Chapel for Deaf Mutes, 511 W. 148th St.

St. Michael's, Amsterdam Ave., cor.

PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL-Continued.

Slmeon's, E. 164th St., cor.

St. Simeon's, E. 164th St., cor. Sheridan Ave.
St. Stephen's, 122 W. 69th St.
St. Stephen's Chapel, E. 238th St., cor. Virco Ave.
St. Thomas's, 5th Ave., cor. 53d St.
St. Thomas's, Chapel, 230 E, 60th St.
San Salvatore (Italian), 359 Broome

Transfiguration ("Little Church Around the Corner"), 5 E. 29th

St.
Trinity Church, Broadway and Wall St.; St. Paul's Chapel, Broadway and Vesey St.; Trinity Chapel, W. 25th St., near Broadway; St. Agnes's, W. 92d St., nr. Columbus Ave.; St. Luke's Chapel, 483 Hudson St.; Chapel of the Intercession, Broadway and 155th St.; St. Chrysostom's, 7th Ave. and W. 39th St.; St. Augustine's Chapel, 105 E. Houston St.; and St. Cornelius's, Governor's Island.
Trinity, E. 164th St., near Boston

Trinity, E. 164th St., near Boston Road. Trinity Chapel, 15 W. 25th St. Zion, and St. Timothy, 334 W.

57th St.

# REFORMED CHURCH IN AMERICA.

Denominational Headquarters, Re-formed Church Bldg., 25 E. 22d St.

Anderson Memorial, cor. E. 183d St. and Cambreling Ave. Bethany Memorial, 67th St., cor. 1st Ave.

Church of the Comforter, 279 E. 162d St.

Collegiate:

ollegiate:
Fort Washington, W. 181st
St. and Fort Washington Ave.;
Knox Memorial, 405 W. 41st
St.; Marble, 5th Ave. and
29th St.; Middle, 2d Ave. and 7th
St.; North, 113 Futton St.; St.
Nicholas, 5th Ave., cor. 48th St.;
Faith Mission, 241 W. 60th St.;
Thirty-lourth St., 307 W. 34th
St.; Vermilye Chapel, 416 W.
54th St.; West End, 77th St. and
West End Ave.

West End Ave. Elmendorf Chapel, 169 E. 121st St. Fordham Manor, Kingsbridge Rd., cor. Claffin Terrace.

cor. Claffin Terrace.
Fourth German, 412 W. 45th St.
German Evang., Ave. B and 5th St.
German Evang., Ave. B and 5th St.
German Evang., Ave. B and 5th St.
German Evang.
Hamilton Grange. W. 149th St. and
Convent Ave.
Manor, 348 W. 26th St.
Melrose (German), Elton Ave., cor.
E. 156th St.
Mott Haven, 3d Ave., cor. 146th St.
Sixty-eighth St., 355 E. 88th St.
Sunshine Chapel, 550 W. 40th St.
Union, Ogden Ave., near 169th St.
West Farms, Falrmount Pl., near
Prospect Ave.
Zion (German Evangelical), Stebbins Ave., cor. Chisholm St.

#### REFORMED CHURCH IN THE U. S.

#### ROMAN CATHOLIC.

Archbishop of New York, His Emi-nence, John Cardinal Farley, 452 Madison Ave.

All Saints', Madison Ave., cor. 129th St.

1244 St.
Annunciation, B. V. M., Convent
Ave., cor. 131st St.
Ascension, 107th St., near B'way.
Assumption, 427 W. 49th St.
Blessed Sacrament, W. 71st St.
and Broadway.
Catholic Segment, Mission, 409

Seamon's Mission, 422

and Seamer Catholic Seamer West St. Mission,

Chinese Catholic Mission, 103
Park St.
Cornus Christl, 535 W. 121st St.
Epiphany, 373 22 Ave.
Good Shepherd, 207th St. & B'way.
Guardian Annel, 511 W. 23d St.
Holy Cross, 335 W. 426 St.
Holy Family, Castle Hill Ave.,
cor. Watson Ave.
Holy Innocents, 126 W. 37th St.
Holy Name Mission, 319 Boweron,
Holy Name of Jesus, Amsterdam
Ave. and 96th St.
Holy Rosery, 442 E. 119th St.
Holy Spirit, 1944 University Ave.
Holy Trinity, 205 W. 82d St.
Immaculate Conception, 505 E.
14th St.

14th St Immaculate Conception (German), 385 E. 150th St.

Immaculate Conception, E. C. Hill Rd., cor. Holland Ave.
Incarnation, 175th St. and
Nicholas Ave.

Mary, Help of Christians, 436 E 12th St. Mary, Star of the Sea, Governor's

Island.

Most Holy Redeemer, 165 E. 3d St.
Most Precious Blood, 115 Baxter St.
Nativity, 48 2d Ave.
Notre Dame, Morningside Drive
and 114th St.
our Lady of Esperanza, 156th St.,
near Riverside Drive.
Our Lady of Good Counsel, 236
E. 90th St.
Our Lady of Grace, 14 Stanton St.
Our Lady of Gradeloupe, 229 W.
14th St.
Our Lady of Hope, 156th St., near
Broadway.

Broadway. Our Lady of Loretto, 303 Elizabeth

Our Lady of Lourdes, Convent Ave. and W. 142d St. Our Lady of Mercy, 2504 Marion

Ave.
Our Lady of Mount Carmel, 453
E. 115th St.
Our Lady of Mount Carmel, E.
187th St. cor. Belmont Ave.
Our Lady of Perpetual Help, 321
E. 61st St.
Our Lady of Piano di Campa, 375
2d Ave.

2d Ave.

Our Lady of Pity, E. 151st St., near Morris Ave. Our Lady of Pompeil, 214 Bleecker

Webster Ave.
Our Lady of Vilna, 570 Broome St.
Our Lady Queen of Angels, 228 E.
113th St.
St. Joseph's, 125th St., cor. Morningstic Ave.
St. Joseph's, 57 Washington St.

Our Saviour, 183d St. and Washington Ave.
Resurrection, 282 W. 151st St.
Sacred Heart. Shakespeare Ave.,
near W. 160th St.
Sacred Heart of Jesus and Mary, E.
33d St., near 3d. Ave.
St. Adabert's, 422 E. 156th St.
St. Adabert's, 424 E. 156th St.
St. Aspes's, 143 E. 43d St.
St. Aloysius, 215 W. 132d St.
St. Aloysius's, 215 W. 132d St.
St. Andrews's, 539 W. 54th St.
St. Andrews, Duane St., cor. City
Hall Pt.

St. Andrew Hall Pl.

Hall Pl. St. Angela Mericl's, Morris Ave. and 163d St. St. Ann's, 112 E. 12th St. St. Ann's, 308 E. 110th St. St. Anseln's, 677 Tinton Ave. St. Anthony of Padua, 826 E. 166th

St. Anthony of Padua, 153 Sullivan

St. Anthony's, Commonwealth Ave., cor. Mandon St. St. Athanasius's, Tiffany, cor. Fox St. St. Augustine's, E. 167th St., cor. Fulton Ave.

St. Barnabas's, 241st St. and Martha

St. Benedlet the Moor, 342 W. 53d St. St. Beneard's, 332 W. 14th St. St. Beniface's, 882 2d Ave. St. Brendan's, Perry Ave., cor. E.

207th St. St. Brigld's, 123 Ave. B. St. Catherine of Genoa, W. 153d St.,

near Amsterdam Ave.
Catherine of Sienna, 420
69th St. St

69th St.
St. Cecifia's, 120 E. 106th St.
St. Charles Borromeo's, W. 141st
St., near 7th Avo.
St. Olare's, 426 W. 36th St.
St. Clemen's, 496 W. 46th St.
St. Columbu's, 339 W. 25th St.
SS. Cyrl and Methodius (for Croatians), 552 W. 50th St.
St. Elizabeth's, W. 187th St., cor.
Broadway.

Broadway.

Elizabeth of Hungary, 345 E. St. 4th St St. Frances of Rome, Richardson

St. Frances of Rome, Richardson Ave. Wakefield. St. Francis de Sales's, 139 E. 96th St. St. Francis of Assisi, 139 W. 31st St. St. Francis Xavier's, 42 W. 16th St. St. Gabriel's, 312 E. 37th St. St. Gabriel's, 312 E. 37th St. E. 7th St. St. George's (Ruthenian Greek), 28 E. 7th St. St. George's (Syrian), 98 Washing-ton's St.

ton Sr.

tol St.

St. Gregory the Great, 90th St., near Amsterdam Ave.

St. Ignative Loyola's, Park Ave., eor. E. 84th St.

St. James St.

St. James St.

Lean Baptiste, 76th St. and Levington Ave.

St. Jerome's, Alexander Ave., cor 138th St.

St. Joachim's, 22 Rocsevelt St. St. John Baptist's, 209 W. 30th St. St. John Chrysostom's, 167th St. and Hoe Ave.

Our Lady of Pompeii, 214 Bleecker St.
Our Lady of Solace, White Plans Rd. and Van Nest Ave.
Our Lady of Solaces, White Plans Rd. and Van Nest Ave.
Our Lady of Sorrows, 105 Pitt St.
Our Lady of the Resery, 7 State St.
Our Lady of the Scapuiar of Mount Carmel, 341 E. 28th St.
Our Lady of Victory, 171st St. and Webster Ave.
St. Joseph's, 93 Sth Ave.
St. Joseph's (German), 408 E. 87th

REFORMED PRESBYTERIAN. ROMAN CATHOLIC—Continued ROMAN CATHOLIC—Continued. Second, 304 W. 122d St.
Third, 238 W. 23d St.

Our Savlour, 183d St. and Washington Ave.
St. Leo's, II E. 28th St. St. Lucy's. 344 E. 104th St.

ROMAN CATHOLIC—Continued.
St. Leo's, 11 E. 28th St.
St. Lucy's, 344 E. 104th St.
St. Luke's, E. 138th St., near
St. Ann's Ave.
St. Malachy's, 243 W. 49th St.
St. Margare's, Riverdale.
St. Mark the Evangelist (Col.),
63 W. 138th St.
St. Martin of Tours, E. 182d St.,
cor. Grote.

cor. Grote.

SS. Peter and Panl's, 159th St. and St. Ann's Ave.
St. Philip Nerl's, Grand Boulevard and Concourse, opp. E. 202d St. St. Plus's, 416 E. 145th St. St. Rapiael's, W. 41st St., bet. 10th and 11th Aves. and 11th Aves. Laymond's, Walker Ave., cor.

Castle Hill Ave.
St. Rita of Cascia, 442 College Ave.
St. Roch's, 734 E. 150th St.
St. Rose's, Cannon St., near Broome,
St. Rose of Lina, W. 165th St., near

Ansterdam Ave.
St. Stanislaus's, 107 7th St.
St. Stephen's, 149 E. 28th St.
St. Stephen of Hungary, 420 E.

St Stephen of Hungary, 124b St. Stephen of Hungary, 124b St. St. Treesa's, Rutgers, cor. Henry St. St. Thomas the Apostle's, W. 118th St., near St. Nicholas Ave. St. Tremont Ave., near Daly Ave. Ave., near Daly Ave. St. Valentine's, E. 221st St. Williamsbridge.

near Greenwich.
St. Vincent de Paul's, 127 W. 23d St.
St. Vincent Forrer's, E. 66th St.,

and Lexington Ave. Transfiguration, 25 Mott St

SEVENTH-DAY ADVENTISTS. Conference, 32 Union Square East. Bronx English, 169th St. and Boston Rd. Bronx German, 769½ Courtlandt

Bronx German, 769½ Courtianat Ave. Bronx Swedish, E. 137th St., near Willis Ave. English, 145th St. and Convent Ave. using Washington Heights Baptist Church. German, 429 E. 77th St. Harlem (Col.), 184 W. 135th St.

UNITARIAN.

Denominational Headquarters, 104 E. 20th St.
All Souls', 4th Ave. and 20th St.
Lenox Ave., Lenox Ave., cor. 121st

Messlah, E. 34th St., cor. Park Ave. UNITED PRESBYTERIAN.

First, 16 W. 108th St. Second, W. 172d St. and Audubon Ave. West 44th St., 434 W. 44th St.

UNIVERSALIST. Fourth (Divine Paternity), Central Park West and 76th St.

MISCELIANEOUS.
All Night Mission, 8 Bowery.
Arabian Mission, 25 E. 22d St.
Beacon Light Rescue Mission, 2372

3d Ave.
Beulah Wesleyan, 33 W. 132d St.
Bowery Mission, 227 Bowery.
Broome Street Tahernacle, 39 Broome St

Calvary Christian Church, 52 E. 133d St. Calvary Chapel, 346 E. 23d St. Catharine Mission, 22 Catharine

Silp.
Catholic Apostolic-Central, 417 W.
57th St.; Harlem (German), 202
W. 114th St.; Apostolic Assembly, 202 E. 53th St.
Charlton Street Memorial, 34
Chariton St.
222 E. 212t St.

Chinese Mission, 233 E. 31st St Christian Rescue Church of the Living God, 33S W. 41st St. Christ's Mission, 331 W. 57th St. Divine Inspiration (Spiritualist), 20 W. 91st St.

Divine Science, First, Hotel Astor. Doyers Street Mldnight Mission. Doyers St. Eighth Avenue Mission, 290 8th

Ave. Ethical Culture Society, 33 Central Park West.

First Emanuel, 105 W. 130th St. First German (Spiritualist), 59th St. and Columbus Aye.

First Hungarlan Reformed Church, 344 E. 69th St.

MISCELLANEOUS-Continued. Five Points' Mission, 129 Worth St lad Tidings Assembly, 454 W 42d St. Glad

God, Church of, Missionary Home, 2132 Grand Ave. Gospel Mission, 513 W. 43d St. Gospel Tabernacle, 44th St. and

Harlem Gospel Tabernacle, 12 W 131st St.

Hebrew Christian Mission, 280

Hebrew Christian Mission, 280 Rivington St. Holy Church of God, 225 E, 73d St. Holy Church of New Covenant (Col.), 2161 Madison Ave. Japanese Mission, 330 E, 57th St. Lator Temple, 2d Ave. and 14th St. Latter Day Saints' Church, 151 W.

125th St.
Mariners', 166 11th Ave.
McAuley Cremorne Mission, 216

W. 35th St.

W. 35th St.
McAuley's Water St. Mission, 316
Water St.
Missione Cristiana, 300 W. 69th St.
Moraing Star Chinese Mission,
13 Dovers St.
New Apostolic, 207 E. 120th St.
New Church (Swedengborgian),
35th St. near Park Ave.
New Thought, Criterion Theatre
(office, 110 W. 34th St.)
Olivet Memorial, 59 2d St.
Open Door Mission, 633 Hudson St.
Pentecostal Nazarene, 210 W. 14th
St.

Rescue Society, 5 Doyers St. St. Matthew's Church of Divine Truth (Spiritualist), 253 W. St. Mac. Truth (131st St.

MISCELLANEOUS-Continued.

Salvation Army (see Index).
Seamon's Christian Association,
399 West St.
Seventh Day Christian, 151 W.
125th St. Seventh Street Jewish Mission.

Seventh Street Jewish Mission, 152 7th St.
Son of Man, 227 E. 104th St.
Spirit of God Christian Missionary Church, 25 Minetta Lane, Spiritual and Ethical Society, 142
W. 125th St.
Strangers (Deems Memorial), 309
W. 57th St.
Sunshine Chapel, 550 W. 40th St.
Temple (Unsectariau), 22 W. 63d

St

Theosophical Society, 25 W. 45th

True Reformed Protestant Dutch, 21 Bank St. Union Pligrim Rescue, Holy Church of the New Covenant, 677 E. 232d St.

Union Pilgrim Rescue Mission, 231 E. 127th St. Universal Spiritnalist Church, 165 W. 131st St. Veganta Society, 236 Central Park

West

West.
Volunteers of America (see Index).
Waldensian Church (French and
Italian), 405 W. 41st St.
Welcome Mission, 239 W. 145th

Welsh Calvanistic, 505 W. 155th St. West Farms Mission, 1833 West Farms Road. West Side Gospel Mission, 269 W. 47th St.

#### CHURCHES IN BROOKLYN.

BAPTIST.

Antioch, 163 Prince St.
Saptist Temple, 3d Ave., cor.
Schermerhorn St. 3ay Ridge (Swedish), 257 Bay Ridge Ave. 3edford Heights, Bergen St., cor.

Sedford Heights, Bergen St., cur. Rogers Ave.
Bercan (Col.), Bergen St., near Rochester Ave.
Bergen St., 697 Bergen St.
Bethany (Col.), Clermont and Atlantic Aves.
Bethel (Col.), 253 Bergen St.
Borough Park, 48th St. and 13th Ave., Bushwick Ave., Bushwick Ave., Eushwick Ave., Bushwick Ave., E cor. Welrfield St. Bushwick Ave.,

cor. Welfrield St. Calvary, 14th St., near 4th Ave. Concord (Col.), Duffield St., near 1 Myrtle Ave. East End, Van Sleklen Ave., near Glenmore Ave. Emmanuel, Lafayette Ave., cor. St. James's Pl. Euclid Ave., Euclid Ave., Euclid Ave., Euclid Ave., Euclid Ave., Euclid Ave., Cor. Hill St. Irist, Keap St. and Marcy Ave. First in Williamsburg, Lee Ave., cor. Keap St.

cor. Keap St. First Canarsie, Remsen

First Canarsie, Remsen Ave., Canarsie. First in East New York, Hendrix St., near Fulton St. First (Col.), E. 15th St., near Ave. X, Sheepshead Bay. First German, E. D., Montrose, near Union Ave. First German, Prospect Ave., near 6th Ave.

6th Ave.
First in Pierrepont (see "Baptist
Temple").
First italian, 16 Jackson St.
First Nor. Danish, 4th Ave., near

32d St Grace, 6th Ave. and 53d St.

BAPTIST-Continued.

Greene Ave, Greene Ave, near Lewis Ave. Greenwood, 7th Ave. and 6th St. Hanson Place, Hanson Pl., cor. S. Portland Ave. Holy Trinity (Col.), 595 Classon

Ave. Kenilworth, 40 Kenilworth Pl.

Lefferts Park, 76th St. and 14th Ave. Lenox Road, Nostrand Ave., cor.

Lenox Rd.
Lenox Rd.
McDonough St., Patchen Ave., cor.
McDonough St.
Marcy Ave., Marcy Ave., cor.

McLOnouign St.
Marcy Ave., Marcy Ave., cor.
Putnam Ave.
Memorial, 8th Ave. and 16th St.
Mount Lebanon, 291 Howard Ave.
Prospect Park, Ave. C and E. 4th St.
Redeemer, cor. Cortelyou Rd. and
E. 18th St.
Salem, Albemarle Rd., near Bedford Ave.
Second German, Evergreen Ave.,

Second German, Evergreen Ave., cor. Woodbine. Sixth Ave., 6th Ave. and Lincoln Pl. Strong Place, Strong Pl., cor. Degraw St.

Degraw St.
Snmner Ave., Sumner Ave., cor.
Decatur St.
Swedish Ebenezer, Herkimer St.
and Schenectady Ave.
Tabernacle, Clinton St., cor. 3d Pl.
Union, Noble, near Manhattan Ave.
Washington Ave., washington Ave., cor. Gates Ave.
Wyckoff, Snumerfield St. and
Forest Ave., Evergreen.

CONGREGATION AL.

Beecher Memorial, Herkimer St., near Rockaway Ave.
Borough Park, 49th St. and Fort
Hamilton Ave.

CONGREGATION AL-Continued. Bushwick Ave., Bushwick Ave., cor. Cornella St., Central, Hancock St., near Frank-

lin Ave. Christ, Concy Island Ave. and Ave. I.

Clinton Ave., Clinton Ave., cor. Lafayette Ave.; Atlantic Ave, Chapel, Atlantic and Grand Aves. Dyker Heights, 12th Ave., near 83d St.

Evangel, Bedford Ave. and Haw-thorne St. Flatbush, Dorchester Rd., cor. E.

18th St. Kings Highway, E. 18th St. and Ave. P.

Lewis Ave., Lewis Ave., cor. Mad-ison St. Mapleton Park, 65th St., near 18th Ave.

Nazarene, 412 Herkimer St Nazarene, 412 Herkimer St.
Occan Ave. ne Ave. and Ave. I.
Park Slope, Sth Ave., cor. 2d St.
Park Slope, Sth Ave., cor. 2d St.
Plisrim (Swedish), 413 Atlantic Ave.
Plymonth, Orange St., near Hicks;
branch, Johnson and Lawrence

Sts.

Sts.
Redeemer (Italian), 158 Carroll St.
Rockaway Avc., Rockaway Avc.,
near Blake Ave.
Rugby, 49th St. and Church Ave.
South, President St., cor. Court St.
St. Mark's, Docatur St., near Ralph Ave.

St. Paul's Chapel, New York Ave.

St. Paul's Chaper, New York Ave. and Sterling Pl. Swedish-Finnish, 740 41st St. Tabernade, 326 55th St. Tompkins Ave., Tompkins Ave. cor. McDonough St.; Park Ave. Branch, Park Ave., cor. Marcy

DISCIPLES OF CHRIST. Borough Park, 12th Ave. and 45th St. Christian, Sterling Pl. and 7th Ave. Flathush, Dorchester Rd. and Mariborough.

EVANGELICAL ASSOCIATION Church of Peace, Ridgewood and

cauren of reace, Ridgewood and Nichols Aves. Emanuel, 400 Melrose St. Harrison Ave., 121 Harrison Ave. St. John's, 1737 Linden St. Salem's, 1200 Jefferson Ave. St. Paul's, 541 Leonard St. Zlon's, Liberty Ave., near Wyona St.

FRIENDS. Friends (Hicksite), 110 Schermer-

horn St. Soc. Friends (Orthodox), Lafayette and Washington Aves.

GERMAN EVANG. SYNOD. ethlehem, Cortelyou Rd., Ocean Parkway and E. 7th St. Bethlehem,

JEWISH. Ahawath Achim, 710 Quincy St.
Ahawath Chesed, 742 Jefferson Ave.
Ahawath Israel, 108 Noble St.
Ahawath Scholom Beth Aron, 98
Scholes St.
Angha Fines, 136 Staphana St.
Ington Ave.
Ct. Advance (C. Vichelle, 1988)

Anshe Emes, 136 Stanhope St. Asifas Israel, 420 Wallabout St. Beth El, 110 Noble St., Greenpoint. Beth Elohim, 274 Keap St. Church Ave.

Beth Emeth, Church Ave. Marlboro Road. Beth Hamedrosh Hagodol, Sackman St.

Beth Israel, Harrison St., near Court St. Beth Jacob, S. 3d St., near Marcy

A ve. Beth Jchudah, 904 Bedford Ave. Bikur Cholim, Wyona, near Fulton

B'nai Jacob, 136 Prospect Ave. Elghth Ave. Temple, 8th Ave. and Garfield Place. Emanuel Temple, 14th Ave. and 49th St.

Israel, Bedford and Lafayette Aves. Loyers of Peace, Leonard St., cor.

Stage Mount Sinal, State and Hoyt Sts. Oheb Zedek, Howard Ave., near Herkimer St. Shaare Zedek, Putnam Ave., near Reid Ave., and St. Sons of Israe. Bay 22d St., near

Benson Ave.

## LUTHERAN.

Advent, E. 12th St. and Ave. P. Ascension, 13th Ave. and 51st St. Bethlehem, 6th Ave. and 51st St. Bethlehem, Marion St., near Reid

Ave.

Ave., Rochester Ave., near Her-klmer St. Chapel, 703 Coney Island Ave. Christ, 1084 Lafayette Ave. Covenant, 218 Elm Ave. Danish, 193 9th St. Danish, 193 Orrospect Ave. Deaf Mission, Bushwick Ave. and

Jefferson St. Emmanuel, 421 7th St. Epiphany, 841 Sterling Pl. St., Evangelical, Schermerhorn near Court St. innish Seamen's Misslon,

Finnish Clinton St. LUTHERAN-Continued.

Good Shepherd, 4th Ave. & 75th St. Good Shepherd, 315 Fenlmore St. Grace, Bushwick Ave. and Weir-field St. Holy Trinity, Jefferson St., near Knickerhocker Ave. Immanuel, S. 9th St., near Driggs

Ave

Ave. Immanuel (Col.), 1524 Bergen St. Incarnation, 54th St. and 4th Ave. Lithuanian, 145 Skillman Ave. Mediator, 68th St. and Bay Parkway

way,
Messiah, 129 Russell St.
Norwegian, 4th Avc. and 63d St.
Norwegian, 2th Avc. and 46th St.
Norwegian, 12th Avc. and 60th St.
Norwegian, 22 Woodhull St.
Norwegian, 22 Woodhull St.
Norwegian, Russell St., near Nassau Avc.

Norwegian, Henry St., near 4th Place.

Norwegian Seamen's, 111 Pioneer St. Our Saviour, 21 Covert St. Redeemer, Lenox Rd. and Flat-

lington Ave. t. Andrew's, St. Nicholas Ave. and

St. James's, 4th Ave., near 55th St St. John's, 193 Maujer St. St. John's, 84th St. and 16th Ave. St. John's, New Jersey Ave., near Liberty St. Harman St

Liberty St. St. St. John's, 1845 Skillman Ave.
St. John's, 283 Prospect Ave.
St. John's, Milton St., near Manhattan Ave.
St. Luke's, Washington Ave., near De Kalb Ave.
St. Mark's, Bushwick Ave., opp Jefferson St.
St. Mark's, Eb. Sth St.
St. Marthew's, E. 92d St., near Flatlands Ave.
St. Matthew's, 197 N. 5th St.
St. Matthew's, 6th Ave. and 2d St.
St. Paul's, Knickerbocker Ave. and Palmetto St.
St. Paul's, Henry St., near 3d Pl.

Palmetto St. St. Paul's, Henry St., near 3d Pl. St. Paul's, W. 5th St., Coney Island. St. Paul's, S. 5th and Rodney Sts. St. Peter's, Bedford Ave., near De

Kalb Ave.
St. Peter's, 94 Hale Ave.
St. Peter's, 94 Magenta St.
St. Pitlip's, 63 Magenta St.
St. Stephen's, Newkirk Ave. and

Benson Ave.
Temple Beth Sholom, 20th and Benson Aves.
Temple Petach Tikveh, Lincoln Pl., cor. Rochester Ave.
Wyona St. Temple, 2836 Atlantic Ave.
Zemach Zedek, 125 Moore St.
Swedish, 32 Ave. and Pacific St.
Swedish, 32 I Leonard St.
Swedish, 46th St., near 4th Ave.
Swedish, 392 McDonough St.
Swedish, 48th off St., near Glen-Swedish, Ashford St., near Glen-Swedish, Ashford St.

more Ave. Swedish, 59th St. and 11th Ave. Swedish-Finnish, 44th St., near

7th Ave. Swedish (Saron), Flatbush. Trlnity, 249 Degraw St.

Warthurg Chapel, Georgia Ave. and Fulton St.. zion, Henry St.. near Clark St. Zion, Bedford Ave., near Church

METHODIST EPISCOPAL. Andrew's, Richmond St., near Etna

Ave. Bethel Ship (Norweglan), 297 Carroll St.

Borough Park, 50th St. and 14th Av. Bowdish, Neck Road and Van Sicklen St.

Sicklen St. Buffalo Ave., cor. St. Joh Aves, Bergen St.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL-Continued.

Bushwick Ave. Central, Bushwick Ave., cor. Madison St. Cropsey Ave., Cropsey Ave., near

Bay 35th St.
De Kalb Ave., De Kalb Ave., near
Franklin Ave.
Ebenezer Wesleyan, 118 Myrtle Ave. Eighteenth St., 18th St., near 5th

Embury, Decatur St., cor. Lewis Ave. Fenimore St., Fenimore St., near Rogers Ave.

First (Sands St. Memorlal), Henry, cor. Clark St.
First Pl., 1st Pl., cor. Henry St.
Flatlands, Flatlands Ave. and E.

40th St. Fleet St., 43 Fleet St. Fleet Ave., 4th Ave., cor. 47th St. Goodsell, Sheridan Ave., cor.

McKinley Ave.
Grace, 7th Ave., cor. St. John's Pl.
Grace, 4th and Ovington Aves.
Greene Ave. (German), 1171 Greene Ave.

Greenpoint, Manhattan Ave. and Noble St. Hanson Pl., Hanson Pl., cor. St.

Felix St. Herkimer St., Russell Pl. and Her-

Immanuel (Swedish), 426 Dean St. Janes, Reid Ave., cor. Monroe St. Knickerbocker Ave., Knickerbocker

Knickerbocker Ave., Knickerbocker Ave., cor. Menahan St. New York Ave., New York Ave., cor. Dean St. Norwegian, St. Paul, Bethel Shij Mission, Richard and Sullivan Sts Nostrand Ave., Nostrand Ave., cor Quincy St.

Ocean Parkway, Ocean Parkway, near Foster Ave. Prospect Ave., Greenwood and Prospect Aves. Ocean Parkway.

Salem (German), Vanderveer Park E. 38th St. and Ave. D. Sheepshead Bay, Voorhies Ave., cor.

Sheepsnead Bay, yournes ave., cor. Ocean Ave.
Simpson, Clermont Ave., cor. Willoughby Ave.
Sixth Ave., Sth St., near 6th Ave.
South Second, 191 S. 2d St.
South Third St., S. 3d St., near
Hewes St.

St. James's, 84th St., near 20th Ave. St. John's, Bedford Ave., cor. Wilson St.

St. Mark's, Ocean Ave., cor. Beverly Rd.
St. Paul's (German), Marcy Ave., cor. Penn St.
Summerfield, Washington Ave.,

cor. Greene Ave., Sumner Ave., cor. Van Buren St.

Van Buren St.
Swedish Bethany, St. John's Place.
ncar Albany Ave.
Swedish Elim, 48th St. and 7th Ave.
Union, Leonard, cor. Conselyea St.
Vanderveer Park, E. 31st St. and
Glenwood Rd.
Warren St., Warren, nr. Smith St.
Wesley, Glenmore Ave., cor. Atkins.
Williams Ave., Williams Ave., near
Atlantic Ave.

### METHODIST EPISCOPAL (AFRICAN).

Bethel, Schenectady Ave., cor. Dean St. Bridge St., 313 Bridge St. Grace, 332 Classon Ave. St. John's, Howard and Atlantic

METHODIST EPISCOPAL (AFRICAN, ZION). Fleet St., Bridge St., near Myrtle Ave.
First, W. 3d St., Coney Island.
Jones, Bergen St., near Classon Ave.
Union, Ralph Ave., near Bergen St. METHODIST. FREE. First, 124 16th St. Hooper St., 76 Hooper St. METHODIST, PRIMITIVE. First, Park Pl., near Nostrand Ave. Orchard, 49 Oakland St METHODIST, PROTESTANT. Grace, E. 92d St. and Church Lane. MORAVIAN. First, Jay St., near Myrtle Ave. PENTECOSTAL. Atlantic, 568 Atlantic Ave., near 4th Ave. Bedford, Alnslie St. and Manhattan Ave. John Wesley, Saratoga Ave. and Sumpter St.
Nazarene, Utlca Ave., bet. Dean and Bergen Sts. PRESBYTERIAN. Ainsile St., near Manhattan Ave. Arlington Ave., cor. Elton St.; Italian Br., 277 Elton St. Bay Ridge, 81st St., cor. Ridge Boulevard; Fort Hamilton Boulevard: Fort Hamilton Branch, 94th St. and 4th Ave. Bedford, Dean St., cor. Nostrand Bethany, McDonough St., near Howard Ave. Borough Park, 46th St. and 15th

Bushwick Ave., Bushwick Ave. and Menahan St. Central, Marcy Ave., cor. Jefferson Classon Ave., Classon Ave., cor. Monroe St. Cuyler, 358 Pacific St. Duryea, Sterling Pl. and Underhill Ave. Ebenezer, Stockholm St., near St. Nicholas Ave. Fifth German, Halsey St., near Central Ave. First, Henry St., near Clark St.; City Park Br., 209 Coucord St. First of Bensonhurst, 23d Ave, and 83d St. Flatbush, E. 23d St., near Foster Franklin Ave., 165 Franklin Ave. Friedens' Kirche, Willoughby Ave. near Broadway.
Glenmore Ave., Glenmore Ave., cor.
Doscher St.; Russo Lettish
Church Mission, Remsen and
Henry Sts.
Grace, Stayvesant Ave., cor. Jef-

ferson Ave.
Greene Ave., Greene Ave., near
Reld Ave.
Home Crest, cor. Ave. T and E.
15th St.
15th St. Weirfield St. and Irving Square. Irving Square, Weirfield St. and Hamburg Ave. Lafayette Ave., Lafayette Ave., cor. S. Oxford St.; Gregz Chapel, 190 4th Ave.; Cumberland St. Church, 103 Cumberland St. Lefferts Park, 15th Ave. and 72d St. Memorlal, 7th Ave., cor. St. John's

Pl.
Mount Olivet, Evergreen Ave., cor.
Troutman St.
Noble St., Noble St., cor. Lorimer St.
Olivet, Bergen St., near 6th Ave.
Prospect Heights, 8th Ave., eor.
10th St.

PRESBYTERIAN—Continued. Spencer Memorial, Clinton St., cor. Remsen St. Sloam (Col.), 406 Lafayette Ave. South, 24th St., near 4th Ave. South Third St., S. 3d St., cor.

Driggs Ave. Throop Ave., Throop Ave. and Macon St. Memorlai, Glenwood and Wells Argyle Rds.

Westminster, Clinton St., cor. 1st Pl. Wyckoff Helghts, Harman St., near St. Nicholas Ave.

UNITED PRESBYTERIAN. ONTED PRESBYTERIAN.

E. Brooklyn, Enfield and Etna Sts.

Knox, 6th Ave. and 48th St.

Second, Atlantic Ave., cor. Bond St.

South, 75th St., near 6th Ave.

Westminster, Balnbridge St. and

Hopkinson Ave. PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL.

Frederick Burgess, Bishop, Garden City, L. I. Advent, 75th St. and 17th Ave. All Saints', 7th Ave., cor. 7th St. Annunziazione (Italian), 1412 67th

Ascension, Kent St., near Manhattan Ave. Atonement, 17th St., near 5th Ave. Calvary, 966 Bushwick Ave. Christ, E. D., Bedford Ave., near

Division Ave. Christ, Clinton St., cor, Harrison St. Christ, Chapel, Wolcott St., near Van Brunt St. Christ, Ridge Boulevard and 73d St.

Emmanuel, E. 23d St., Sheepshead Bay.

Bay.
Epiphany, Ave. R and E. 17th St.
Good Shepherd, McDonough St.,
near Lewis Ave.
Grace, E. D., Conselyea St., near
Lorimer St.
Grace, Hicks St., cor. Grace Court.
Holy Aposties, Greenwood Ave.,
cor. Prospect.
Holy Comforter Chapel, 44 Debevols St.

voise St. Holy Cross Mission, 176 St. Nicho Holy

oly Spirit, Bay Parkway, cor.
S2d St.
oly Trinity, Clinton St., cor.
Montague St.
Montague St. Incarnation, Gates Ave., near Classon Ave.

son Ave.

Messiah, Greene Ave., cor. Clermont Ave.

Nativity, Ocean Ave. and Ave. F.
Redeemer, Pacific St., cor. 4th Avs.
St. Alban's, Ave. F. cor. E. 94th St.
St. Andrew's, 50th St. and 4th Ave.
St. Ann's, Clinton, cor. Livingston

St. Augustine's, St. Edward's St. near Myrtle Ave.
St. Barnabas's (Col.), Belmont Ave and Elton St.

St. Bartholomew's, Pacific St., near Bedford Ave.

Bedford Ave.
St. Clement's, Pennsylvania Ave.,
cor, Liberty.
St. Gabrie's, Hawthorne St., near
Nostrand Ave.
St. George's, Marcy Ave., cor. Gates.
St. James's, St. James Pl., cor.
Lafayette Ave.
St. John the Baptist's. Webster
Ave. and Ocean Parkway.
St. John's, St. John's Pl., cor. 7th

St. John the Ballica Ave. Ave. and Ocean Parkway.
Ave. and Ocean Parkway.
St. John's, St. John's Pl., cor. 7th Ave.
St. John's 99th St., cor. Ford Hamilton Ave.
St. John's Hos. Chapel, Atlantic Ave., cor. Albany.
Bt. Jude's, 55th St., cor. 14th Ave.

PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL-Continued.

St. Luke's, Clinton Ave., near Fulton St. t. Lydia's. Glenmore Ave. and Crystal St. t. Margaret's Chapel, 42d St., near St.

Fort Hamilton Ave Mark's, Adelphi St., near De

Kalb Ave.
St. Mark's, Brook
Eastern Parkway,
Martin's, Pres Brooklyn Ave. and

St. Martin's, President St., and Carroll Park. St. Mary's, Classon, near Willough-by Ave. St. Matthew's, McDonough St. and

Tompkins Ave.
St. Matthias's, Sheepshead Bay.
St. Michael's, High St., near Gold St.
St. Paul's, Clinton St. cor., Carroll.
St. Paul's, Church Ave., cor. St.

Paul's Pl.
St. Peter's, State St., near Bond St.
St. Philip's, 11th Ave., cor. 80th St.
Philip's, Dean St., near Troy

St. Simon's, Ave. K and E. 12th St. St. Stephen's, Patchen Ave., cor. Jefferson Ave. St. Thomas's, Cooper St., cor. Bushwick Ave. Timothy's, Howard Ave., near Fulton St Transfiguration, Ridgewood

Railroad Aves.
rinity, Arlington
Schenck Ave. Trinity, Ave., REFORMED EPISCOPAL. Grace, Herkimer St., near Saratoga

Ave Nostrand Ave.
Nostrand Ave.
Leonard St., Reconciliation, Jefferson Ave., cor. Redemption,

ED CHURCH AMERICA. REFORMED

Bay Ridge, Ridge Boulevard and 80th St. Bethany Reformed, Clermont Ave., near Willoughby Ave. Church of Jesus, 64 Menahan St. Dutch Evang., Conklin Ave., Can-

arsie.

Edgewood, 53d St. and 14th Ave.
Flirst Church of Williamsburg,
Bedford Ave. and Clymer St.
Flatbush (First), Flatbush Ave.,
cor. Church Ave. Flatbush (Second), Church Ave., cor. Bedford Ave. Flatlands, Kouwenhoven Pl., near E. 40th St. Grace, Lincoln Rd., cor. Bedford

Gravesend, 115 Neck Rd. Greenwood Heights, 7th Ave., cor.

AVE

Greenwood 445th St.
Holghts, Church on the, Pierrepont St., near Henry.
Kent St., Kent St., near Manhattan
Ave: Children's Mission, 125

Lagie St., New Brooklyn, Herkimer St., cor. Dewey Pl.
New Lots, New Lots Rd., cor. Schenck Ave.
New Utrecht, 18th Ave. near 83d St.
Ocean Hill, Herkimer St., cor. Hop-

REFORMED CHURCH IN AMERICA-Continued.

Bushwick, Bushwick Ave. and Himrod St.

Twelfth St., 12th St., near 5th Ave. Winfield, Woodside and Lee Aves. Woodlawn, Ave. M and E. 9th St. REFORMED CHURCH IN THE

Ave., near 59th St.
Our Lady of the Rosary of Pompeli,
Seigel St., off Bushwick Ave.
German Evang. Reformed of
Ridgewood, cor. Grove St. and
Onderdonk Ave.
St. Luile s, 53 Sutton St.
Our Lady of Refuge, Ocean and
Foster Aves.
Our Lady of Seluge, Ocean and
Foster Aves.
Our Lady of Seluge, Ocean and
Foster Aves.
Our Lady of Solace, W. 17th St. and

ROMAN CATHOLIC.

Bishop of Brooklyn, Right Reverend Charles E. McDonnell, 367 Clermont Ave. All Saints' (German), Throop Ave.

cor. Thornton St.

Annunciation of the B.
(German), N. 5th
Havemeyer St. the B. V. M 5th St., cor.

Assumption of the B. V. M., Cran-

Assumption of the B. V. M., Cranberry St.
Blessed Sacrament, Fution St., cor.
Euclid Ave.
Chapel of St. John's Home, St.,
Mark's Ave., cor. Albany Ave.
Chapel of St. Mary's Female Hospital, 155 Dean St.
Chapel of St. Mary's General Hospital, Bookester and St. Mark's

pital, Rochester and St. Mark's Aves. Chapel of St.

Peter's Hospital, Chapel of St. Peter's Hospital, Henry St. cor. Warren St. Chapel of the Good Shepherd, Hopkinson Ave., cor. Pacific St. Chapel of the Precious Blood, Fort

Hamilton Parkway and 54th St. Chapel of the Visitation Convent,

Chapel of the Visitation Convent, Ridge Boulevard and S9th St. Epiphany, 100-104 S. 9th St. Fourteen Holy Martyrs, Central Ave., cor. Covert St. Guardian Angel, Ocean Parkway, near Neptune Ave. Holy Cross, Church Ave., near

Rogers.

Holy Family (Slovak), Nassau Ave., near 15th St. Holy Family, Rockaway Ave. and 93th St.

Holy Family (German), 13th St., near 4th Ave. Holy Innocents, E. 17th St. and

Beverly Rd.

Holy Name of Jesus, Prospect Park
West and Prospect Ave.

Rosary, Chauncey St., near

Holy Rosary, Chadney St., Rear Eeld Ave. Immaculate Conception, Leonard St., cor. Maujer. Immaculate Heart of Mary, For Harndtton Ave., cor. E. 4th St. Most Holy Trinity (German), 132

Montrose Ave., Nativity, Classon Ave., cor. Madison St.

Our Lady of Angels, 4th Ave., cor.

Our Lady of Charity, Dean St., near

Our Lady of Cherity, Dean St., near Schenectady Ave.
Our Lady of Consolation (Pollsh),
Mctropolitan Ave. and Berry St.
Our Lady of Czestochowa (Pollsh),
25th St., near 4th Ave.
Our Lady of Good Counsel, Putnam, near Ralph Ave.
Our Lady of Guadalupe, 73d St. and
15th Ave.

15th Ave.

15th Ave.

Our Lady of Lebanon (Maronite),
Hicks St., near State St.
Our Lady of Loretto (Italian),
Pacific St., cor. Sackman St.
Our Lady of Lourdes, De Sales Pl.,
near Broadway.

Our Lady of Mercy, Schermerhorn St. James's Pro-Cathedral, Jay St.,

St., near Bond.
Our Lady of Mount Carmel, N. 8th
St. and Union Ave.
Our Lady of Peace (Italian), 526
Carroll St.

ir Lady of Perpetual Help, 5th Ave., near 59th St. Our

Mermaid Ave. Our Lady of Sorrows, Morgan Ave

and Harrison Pl. Our Lady of Victory, Throop Ave., cor. McDonough St.

Queen of All Saints, Lafayette and Vanderbilt Aves. Sacred Heart, Barren Island. Sacred Heart, Clermont Ave., near

Park Ave.
Sacred Hearts of Jesus and Mary,
Degraw and Hicks Sts.
Spanish Misslon, Cumberland St.,

near Lafayette Ave. St. Agatha's, 50th St. and 7th Ave. St. Agnes's, Hoyt St., cor. Sackett. St. Aloysius's, Onderdonk Ave. and

Stanhope St. St. Alphonsus's, 177 Kent Ave. St. Ambrose's, Tompkins Ave., cor.

De Kalb Ave.
St. Anne's, Front St., cor. Gold.
St. Anthony of Padua's, Manhattan
Ave. and Milton St.

. Athanasius's, Ocean Boulevard Augustine's, 6th Ave. and Ster

ling Pl.

St. Barbara's,
Bleecker St.
St. Benedict's (German), Fulton
St. near Ralph Ave.
Bernard's (German), Rapelye St. Bernard's (German), Rapelye St., cor. Hicks. St. Blaise's, Kingston Ave. and Maple St.

Maple St.
St. Boniface's (German), Duffield
St., near Willoughby St.
St. Brendan's, Ave. O and E. 12th St.
St. Brigid's, Linden St., cor. St.
Nicholas Ave.
St. Casimir's (Polish), 40 Greene

Ave

L. Catherine of Alexandria, 41st St. and Fort Hamilton Parkway. L. Catherine of Genoa, 124 E. 40th

. Cecilla's, N. Henry St., cor Herbert St. St. Charles Borromeo's, Sidney Pl. cor. Livingston St. Columbkille's, 140-146 Dupont

St. Edward's, St. Edward's St., cor.

St. Edward S. St. Edward S. St., cor.
Leo Pl.
St. Elias's (Ruthenian), Leonard
St., near Greenpoint Ave.
St. Finbar's, Bay 20th St. and Bath

St. Francis de Chantal's, 57th St., near 13th Ave. S'. Francis of Assisi, Lincoln Rd.

and Nostrand Ave.
St. Francis Xavier's, Carroll St., cor. 6th Ave.
St. Gabriel's, New Lots Rd. and Linwood St.

St. George's (Lithuanian), 225 High

St.
St. Gregory's, Brooklyn Ave. and St. John's Pl.
St. Ignatus's, Nostrand Ave. and Seventh Ave. (Swedish), 7th Ave. Carroll St.

ROMAN CATHOLIC-Continued. ROMAN CATHOLIC--Continued.

cor. Chapel St. St. Jerome's, co Nostrand Aves. cor. Newkirk and St. John Cantius's (Polish), Blake

and New Jersey Aves.
St. John the Baptist's, Willoughby Ave., near Levis Ave.
St. John the Evangelist's, 21st St., near 5th Avc. St. John's Chapel, Clermont Ave.,

near Greene Ave. St. Joseph's, Pacific St., near Vanderbilt Ave.
St. Leonard of Port Maurice's (German), Hamburg Ave., cor. Jefferson St.

St. Louis's, Ellery St., near Nos-

St. Louis's, Ellery St., near Nostrand Ave., 12 Lucy's (Italian), Kent Ave., near Fark Ave. St. Malachy's, Van Sicklen Ave., near Atlantic eve. St. Marks, E. 14th St. and Shore Rd. St. Marks, E. 14th St. and Shore Rd. St. Marks, E. 14th St. and Shore Rd. St. Marks, St. Harks, Kinker-bocker Ave. and Hancock St. St. Mary, Mother of Jesus, 35th St., cor. 22d Ave. of Angels (Lithuanian), S. 4th and Roebling Sts. St. Mary's Star of the Sea, Court St., cor. Luquer.
St. Mary the Virgin (Greek Melchite), 84 State St.
L. Matthew's, Utica Ave., cor. Lincoln Pt.

St. Matthia

St. Matthias's, Elm Ave., near Woodward. St. Michael's, 4th Ave., cor. 42d St. St. Michael's Archangel (Italian), St. Michaels 230 Concord St (German), Jerome

St., near Liberty Ave. Nicholas's (German

St., near Liberty Ave.
St. Nicholas's (German), Devoe
St., cor. Olive St.
St. Patrick's, Kent Ave., cor.
Willoughby Ave.
St. Patrick's, 95th St., cor. 4th Ave.
St. Patul's, Court St., cor. Congrese

St. Peter's, Hicks St., cor. Warren St. SS. Peter and Paul's, Wythe Ave., near S. 2d St. St. Rita, Essex St., near Atlantle St Roceo (Italian), 27th St., near

4th Ave. Rosalia's (Italian), 62d St. and 14th Ave St. Rose of Lima's, Lawrence Ave.,

Parkville. St. Saviour's, 6th St. and 8th Ave. SS. Simon and Jude, Ave. T and

Van Sicklen St. . Stanislaus Martyr (Scandl-navian), 14th St., near 6th Ave. Stanislaus Kostka's (Polish),

Driggs Ave., near Humboldt St. Stephen's, Summit St., cor. St. Steph. Hicks St. St. Teresa's Classon Ave., cor.

Sterling Pl.
t. Thomas Aquiuas's, 4th Ave.,
cor. 9th St.
t. Thomas Aquinas's, Flatbush St.

St. Thomas Aquinas's, Flatbush and Flatlands Aves. St. Vincent de Paul's, N. 6th St., pear Driggs Ave. Transfiguration, Hooper St., cor.

Marcy Ave.
Visitation of the B. V. M., Verona St., cor. Richards St.

SEVENTH-DAY ADVENTISTS.

and 45th St.

SWEDENBORGIAN. Church of New Jerusalem, Monroe Pl. and Clark St. First (German), Jefferson and Pl. rst (German), Knickerbocker Av Second (German), Gates Ave. and Broadway.

UNITARIAN.

lathush (Fourth), E. 19th St., cor. Beverly Rd. aviour (First), Plerrepont St., cor. Monroe Pl. Willow Place Flathush Saviour Second, Clinton St., cor. Congress St. Unity (Third), Gates Ave., cor. Irving Pl.

#### UNIVERSALIST.

All Souls' Church, Ditmas and Ocean Aves. Madison St., cor. Stuyvesant Ave. ur Father, Gra Grand Ave., near Fulton St.

BAPTIST.

Flushing. Elmhurst, Whitney Ave., cor. Judge First, 11th St., near Ely Ave., L. I. City. First, Flushing, Stanford Ave. and

Union St.

First, Grove St., near Flushing

Ave., Jamalca. First, Woodside Ave. and 5th St. Woodside. First, 389 Hancock St., Ravens-

wood.

Forest Parkview Chapel, Glendale.

Richmond Hill, Fulton Ave., cor.

St. Stenhen's (Col.), 133 Camella

St.h. Astoria.

St.h. Astoria.

St.h. Stenhen's (Dol.), 100 Douglas St.

CHRISTIAN SCIENCE.

First Church of Christ, Greenwood Ave., south of Jamaica Ave., Richmond Hill. First Church of Christ, Sanford Ave. and Murray St., Flushing.

CONGREGATIONAL.

Hills. First, Van Wyck Ave., Dunton. First. Bowne Ave. and Lincoln St.,

1st St. and Shaw

Gardens, Forest

Jamaica.

Union Course, 1st St Ave., Union Course.

ch in the

nion, Oak and Richmond Hill. Union

MISCELLANEOUS.

Pl.

Brooklyn Tabernacle, 17 Hicks St.
Christian Church of the Evangel,
678 Leonard St.
Christian and Missionary Alliance,

320 Schermerhorn St.
Christian Scientist—First Church,
Dean St. and New York Ave.,
Second, 86th St. and Fort Hamil-

Second, 86th 8t. and Fort Hamilton Ave.; Third, Beverly Road and E. 19th 8t.
Church of Divine Light, Quincy St., near Reid Ave.
Church of God and Followers of Christ (Colored), 163 Prince St.
Church of the Second Advent, Greene Ave., near Tompkins Ave.
Divine Science, Church of the Healing Christ, Lafayette and Clermont Aves. mont Aves. Ethical Culture Soc., Academy of Music.

First Free Baptist, Keap St., cor. Marcy Ave.

Ebenezer (Col.), S. Prince St., Anawath Anawath Israel, N. Washington and Fulton Sts., Jamaica. Congregation Independent of Ti-fareth Israel, Corona. Derech Emunah, Vernou and Ocean Aves.

Aves.
Rockaway Beach, Boulevard and
Bodges St.
Shaarey Zadek, Arverne.
Temple Israel, 10 S. Fahrview Ave.,
Rockaway Beach.
Temple Israel, Roanoke St., Far

Rockaway. LUTHERAN.

Christ, 144 5th St., Woodside. Christ, Rosedale. Christ, Jerome Ave., Woodnaven. Christ, Floral Park. Covenant, Elin and Buchman Covenant, Elin a Aves., Ridgewood.

Emanuel, Sycamore Ave. and High St., Corona.

St., Corona.

Emmans, Doscher Ave. and Cornelia St., Pidgewood Heights.

Good Shepherd, Ashby and Horan

Aves., South Ozone Park.

Holy Trinity, Holis.

Immanuel, 21st St., near 8th Ave.,

Whitaglast

Whitestone. Mission, Bayside Park Ave. and

2d St

Broadway, 22d St., Flushing.

Christ, Columbia Ave. and Ferris,

St., Woodhaven.

Redeemer, Copper and Fosdick Redeemer, Copper and Fosdick Aves., Glendale. St. Andrew's, Woodhaven. St. James's, Winfield, Grove and Prospect Sts.

Flushing. irst. Rockaway Beach, Boulevard and 9th St. lrst, Walker and Grafton Aves.,

Woodhaven.
Forest, Parkview, Glendale.
Pilgrim, Ridgewood and Oxford
Sts., Richmond Hill.

DISCIPLES OF CHRIST. Forest Ave., Forest and Linden Aves. EVANGELICAL.

Ave. and Lincoln St., Tay Beach, Boulevard Ave. and Grafton Aves., Tay Beach, Boulevard and Grafton Aves., Tay Beach, Boulevard and Grafton Aves., Tay Beach, Boulevard and Grafton Aves., Tay Beach, Boulevard and Grafton Aves., Tay Beach, Boulevard and Grafton Aves., Tay Beach, Boulevard and Grafton Aves., Tay Beach, Boulevard Ave., Alfolde Village, Metropolitan Ave., Ridgewood and Oxford St., St. John's, 183 Percy St., Flushing. St. John's, Wilron St., near Atlantic Ave., Naspeth.

St. John's, 183 Percy St., Flushing. St. John's, Stoothoff Ave., Richmond Hill. St., John's, Stoothoff Ave., Richmond Hill. St., Woodhaven. St., Warfs, New York Ave., near Ridgewood Ave., Richmond Hill. St., Paul's, Stoothoff Ave., near Ridgewood Ave., Richmond Hill. St., Paul's, Stoothoff Ave., near Ridgewood Ave., Richmond Hill. St., Paul's, Dunton, L. I.

St. Paul's, Dunton, L. I.

St. Phill's, Dunton, L. I.

St. Phill's, Dunton, L. I.

St. Phill's, Dunton, L. I.

St. Timothy's, Queens., Swedish, Potter Ave., L. I. City. Swedish, Clinton St., near Shell Rd., Corona.

Ridgewood Micight Village, Ridgewood Heights (German), Woodward Ave. and Grove St. Spingrad Ave. and Grove St. Spingrad Ave. and Grove St. Spingrad Ave. and Grove St. Spingrad Ave. and Grove St. Spingrad Ave. and Grove St. Spingrad Ave. and Grove St. Spingrad Ave. and Grove St. Spingrad Ave. and Grove St. Spingrad Ave. and Grove St. Spingrad Ave. and Grove St. Spingrad Ave. and Grove St. Spingrad Ave. and Grove St. Spingrad Ave. and Grove St. Spingrad Ave. and Grove St. Spingrad Ave. and Grove St. Spingrad Ave. and Grove St. Spingrad Ave. and Grove St. Spingrad Ave. and Grove St. Spingrad Ave. and Grove St. Spingrad Ave. and Grove St. Spingrad Ave. and Grove St. Spingrad Ave. and Grove St. Spingrad Ave. and Grove St. Spingrad Ave. and Grove St. Spingrad Ave. and Grove St. Spingrad Ave. and Grove St. Spingrad Ave. and Grove St. Spingrad Ave. and Grove St. Spingrad Ave. and Grove St. Spingrad Ave. and Grove St. Spingrad Ave. and Grove St. Spingrad Ave. and Grove St. Spi Collegiate Union of Corona: Union. Evang., 45 Grand Ave.; Leverick Memorial, Burnside Ave. and
46th St., Corona.
Emmanuel (German), Blgelow and
Jerome Aves., Woodhaven.

Swedish, Clinton St., 1
Rd., Corona.
Swedish, Richmond Hill.

LUTHERAN-Continued.

MISCELLAN EOUS-Continued.

Flatbush Christian, Dorchester Rd. and E. 18th St. Grace Gospel, Bainbridge St., near Saratoga Ave. Higher Life Fellowship, 76 Hanson

Latter-Day Saints, Park Pl. and Schenectady Ave. Lighthouse, Myrtle Ave. and Hart

Meserole, 128 Meserole Ave. New Jerusalem, Monroe Pl., cor.

Norwegian Evan. Free, 15th St. and 4th Ave.; Annex, 52d St. and 8th Ave.

People's, 77 Sutton St. Reformed Presbyterian, 452 Mon-

South Brooklyn Gospel, 4th Ave., cor. 56th St. St. Nicholas Greek Orthodox, 301

Clark St.

roe St.

Washington maica.
Trinity, Middle Village.
Trinity, 8th Ave., near Broadway.
L. I. City.
Trinity, Andrew and Pacific Sts., Maspeth.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL.

Bayside, Palace Ave. and West St. Bayside. Corona, Kingsland and Alburtis Aves, Corona. Corona Italian Mission, 52 Moore

Elmhurst, Mediua Pl. and Grove St. Epworth, 8th Ave. and 20th St., Whitestene.

First, Amity St., Flushing.
First, Church and Beaufort Sts.,
Richmond Hill.

First, Locust St. and Sycamore
Ave., Corona.
First, Springfield Gardens, near
New York and Farmers Aves.
First, Temple and Crescent Sts., Astoria

First, Temple and Crescent Sus.,
Astoria.
First, Klinball Ave., cor. Hatch
Ave., Ozone Park.
First, Minnetonsa Ave., Holls.
First, Johnson Ave. and Beaufort
St., Morris Park.
First German, 80 Academy St.,
L. I. City.
First Hailan, Van Alst Ave. and
Lincoln St., Astoria.
Gendale, Tesla Pl.
Jamaica, 430 Fultun St., Jamaica.
Middle Village, Metropolitan Ave.,
Middle Village, Metropolitan Ave.,
Middle Village, Metropolitan Ave.,
Middle Village, Metropolitan St.,
Woodward Village, Springeried.
Springfield Gandens, Farmers Ave.
and Merrletk Rd., Springfield.
That, Frandin and Guion Aves.,

lng. St. Mark's, Eimhurst.

St. Nicholas Greek Gr., Pacific St. Vanderveer Park, New York Ave. and Ave. D. CHURCHES IN QUEENS. JEWISH.

#### CHURCHES IN QUEENS-Continued.

METHODIST PROTESTANT. Centreville Ave., Aqueduct, L. I First, Springfield Gardens.

#### PRESBYTERIAN.

Astoria. 954 Boulevard, Astoria. Church of Peace, Hillside. First, 28 Prospect Ave., E. Williamsburg. First, Barclay and Murray Sts.,

Flushing.

First, Greenwood Ave., near At lantic St., Richmond Hill. First, Fulton St. and Clinton Ave. Jamaica

First (German), Forest Ave., Ever-green.

French Evangelical, 4176 University Pl., Woodhaven. First of Newtown, Hoffman Boule-yard, Elmhurst.

Hillside, Fulton and Harvard Sts. Jamaica

Ravenswood, Boulevard and Web-ster Ave., Ravenswood. Russell Sage Memorial, Far Rockawav.

Springfield, Springfield Ave. Springneid, Springneid Ave. and Broadway; Cedar Manor Chapel, Matthews St., near New York Ave.; Rosedale Church, Lincoln Boulevard and Union St. Woodhaven First, Jerome and Walker Aves., Woodhaven.

#### PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL.

All Saints', Montauk Ave., Bayside. All Saints', Lefferts Ave., Morris

Park. Annunciation, Cooper St., near Webster Ave., Glendale. Epiphany, McCormick and Kim-

ball Aves., Ozone Park. Grace, 41st St., Corona. Grace, 314 Fulton St.,

Grace Chapel, Merrick Road Jamalca. race, 11th Ave. and 18th St.

Grace, 11th Ave. and 18th St., Whitestone. Redeemer, Crescent and Temple Sts., Astoria. Resurrection, Church St., Rich-

mond Hill. St. Andrew's Mission, 204 17th St. Astoria.

St. Andrew's-by-the-Sea, Belle Harbor.

St. Gabriel's, Fulton St., Hollis.
St. George's, Franklin St., Astoria.
St. George's, Main St., Flushing.
St. James's, Broadway and Corona
Ave., Elmhurst.

St. John's, Mott Ave., Far Rocks

PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL— Continued.

St. John's, Van Alst Ave, and 10th St., L. I. City, St. John's, Sanford Ave, and Wilson St., Flushing, St. Joseph's, Franklin Ave., Queens, St. Mary's Chapel, Laurel Hill, St. Mary's Chapel, Van Wyck Ave., Dunton, "To Woedbaren, Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Co

St. Saviour's, Maspeth.
St. Stephen's, Grand and N. 1st
Sts., Jamalea.

St. Thomas's, Vernon Ave., Ravenswood. Zlon, Douglaston.

REFORMED.

First, 1st Ave. and 10th St., College Point.

Point.
First German, Far Rockaway.
First, 100 Academy St., L. I. City.
First Newton, Broadway and.
Union Ave., Elmhurst.
Forest Park, Hillside Ave. and
Ferry St., Woodhaven.
Flushing, Bowne Ave., and Amity.
St., Flushing.
German, Evangelleal, Woodhaven.

German Evangelical, Woodhaven and Ridgeway Aves., Woodhaven. German Second, 526 2d Ave., German

Astoria.

Jamaica Dutch, Fulton and Ray Sts., Jamaica.

Queens, Jericho Rd. and Creed Ave.

Aves., Jamaica. Steinway, Ditmas and 11th Aves. Sunnyside, 310 Buckley St., L. I.

Winfield, Woodside and Lee Aves. Woodhaven, cor. Woodhaven and Ridgewood Aves. Woodhaven.

Zion (German), Horton St., Elmhurst

REFORMED EPISCOPAL. Christ, South Ozone Park.

ROMAN CATHOLIC. M. Help of Christians, Winfield Junction.
. V. M. Mt. Carmel, Newton

Ave., Astoria.
Gate of Heaven, Ozone Park.
Holy Child Jesus, Richmond Hill.
Holy Cross (Polish), Maspeth.
Nativity (Italian), Woodhaven.

ROMAN CATHOLIC-Continued Our Lady of Sorrows, Shell Rd., Corona.

St. Andrew of Avelino, Broadway and 18th St., Flushing. St. Bartholomew's, 4th St., Elmhurst.

St. Mary's Chapel, Lauret Hill.
St. Mary's Chapel, Van Wyck Ave.,
Dunton.
St. Matthew's, Woodhaven.
St. Paul's Chapel, 13th St. and 1st
Ave., College Point.
St. Paul's, Striker Ave. and St. St.
Woodslide. Mozenth.
Woodslide. Mozenth.

St. Gerard Magelia, Hollis, St. Gertrude's, Edgemere, Sts. Joachim and Anne, Hollis Ave.,

Queens.

St. Joseph's (Polish), Bay Side.
St. Joseph's (German), L. 1. City,
St. Joseph's (Polish), Rockaway
Rd., Jamaica.
St. Leo's (Italian), Sycamore Ave.

and Elm St. Corona.
St. Luke's, 11th Ave., Whitestone.
St. Margaret's, Middle Vlllage.
St. Mary's, Hunter's Point, L. I.

St. Mary's, transcription.

City.

St. Mary Magdalen's, Springfield,
St. Mary's (German), Flushing and
St. Mary's (German), Flushing and
St. Mary's of the Sea, Far Shelton Sts., Jamalea.
St. Mary's Star of the Sea, Far Rockaway.

St. Michael's, Union and Madison Sts., Flushing. St. Monica's, Washington St., Ja-

maica.

Sts., Jamaca.
Queens, Jericho Rd. and Creed Ave.
Reformed Church of Astoria,
Remsen St., Astoria.
Ridgewood (Dutch), Evergreen.
St. Paul's, Herriman and Hillside
Aves Jamaica
Aves Jamaica
Aves Jamaica
Like St. Rita's, Boulevard, near Webster
Aves Jamaica

Ave. Rose

Beach; St. Virgil's Church, Broad Channel.

St. Sebastian's, Woodside. St. Stanislaus's, Maspeth.

St. Thomas's, Benedict Ave., Wood-haven. Transfiguration, Hull Ave., Mas-

MISCELLANEOUS.

Bethel Union, Hawtree Creek Rd., Woodhaven Forest Hills Free Church, Forest Hills.

Friends' Meeting, Broadway, Flush-

Union Evangelical Church (Ind.), 4th Ave. and 14th St., College Point.

#### CHURCHES IN RICHMOND.

BAPTIST,
Hamilton and
Westervelt Emanuel, New Springville. First, Hamilton and Vesselves, Aves, New Brighton, Mariners' Harbor, Union Ave., Mariners' Harbor, New Dorp, New Dorp, New Dorp, New Dorp, New Dorp, New Dorp, New Dorp, New Dorp, New Dorp, New Brighton, Mission, Dongan Hills, Dort, Richmond.

St. Philip's (Col.), Elm St., Port Richmond. South, Main St., Tottenville.

EVANGELICAL. Norwegian (Evang.) Free, West New Brighton. West. Bapt., Shore Rd., Kreischerville.

JEWISH. B'nai Jeshurun, Richmond Turn-pike, Tompkinsville, Emanuel, Post Ave., Port Richmond. Swedish, Port Richmond.

Evangelical, 191 Beach St., Staple-

Norwegian, Avenue B, Port Richmond.

orweglan, Nicholas Ave., Port Richmond.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL. Richmond Ave., New

Asbury, Springville. Bethel, Amboy Rd. and Church.

Tottenville. Bethel (Colored), Tompkinsville, Dickinson, Linoleumville, Grace, 213 Heberton Ave., Port Richmond.

Graniteville, Port Richmond.

mond.

Norweglan, Nicholas Ave., Port
Richmond.
St. John's, Port Richmond.
St. Paul's, Caroline and Cary Aves.,
West New Brighton.
Scandinavian, Jersey and 5th Ave.,
New Brighton.
Scandinavian Zion, Port Richmond.
Swedish, Port Richmond.

Granteville, Port Richmond.
Kingsley, Stapleton.
St. James, Rosebank.
St. John's, Rossville.
St. Mark's, Pleasant Plains.
St. Paul's, Amboy Ave., Tottenville.
Summerfield, Marlners' Harbor.
Trinity, Prospect and Elizabeth,
West Now Brighton.
Wandell Memorial, Concord.
Woodrow, Princess Bay.

#### CHURCHES IN RICHMOND-Continued.

#### MORAVIAN.

Castleton Corners, Richmond Turnpike, Castleton Corners.
First, Oscood Ave., Stapleton,
Great Kills, Hillside Ave.
New Dorp, Richmond Road.
Stapleton Moravian Episcopal, Osgood Ave., Stapleton.

#### PRESBYTERIAN.

Calvary, Bement and Castleton Aves., West New Brighton. First Edgewater, Stapleton. PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL. All Saints', Central Ave., Mariners' Harbor.
Assension. West New Brighton.
Christ, Franklin Ave. and 2d St.,
Roy Brighton.
Holy Comforter, Eltineville.
Holy Comforter, Eltineville.
St. Andrews, Church and Mill
Rds., Richmond.
St. Luke's, Shore Rd. and St.
Luke's, Shore Rd. and St.
Luke's Ave., Rossville.
St. Mary's, Davis Ave., West New
Brighton.

Mur Lady of Consolation, Tompakinsville.
Cur Lady of Good Counsel, Tompakinsville.
Our Lady of Mount Carmel,
Castleton Ave., West New
Brighton.

Our Lady of Consolation, Tompakinsville.
Our Lady of Good Counsel, Tompakinsville.
Our Lady of Mount Carmel,
Castleton Ave., West New
Brighton. Harbor.

St. Stepalle. Trinity, 3d St., New Dorp.

#### REFORMED.

Brighton Helehts, New Brighton, Huguenot, Huguenot, Huguenot Park, Huguenot, Huguenot Park, Ma. St. Joachim and St. Ann Charles, Mr. Loretto.

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St. Joachim and St. Ann Charles, Mr. Loretto.

St. Joachim and St. Ann

St. Peter's, Kreischerville.

ROMAN CATHOLIC.

Blessed Sacrament, West New Brighton. Rosebank.
Conception, Targee St. Mary's, New York Ave., Rose-

Brignon.
Immaculate Conception, Targee St. Mary's, New 10th Ave., St. Mary of the Assumption Chapel, Webster Ave., New Brighton.
Our Lady of Consolation, Tomp-kinsville.
St. Michael's Chapel, Van Pelt Ave., Marlners' Harbor.
St. Patrick's, 45 Garretson Ave., Elbergond.

kinsville.

Our Lady of Good Counsel, Tompkinsville.

St. Patrick's, 45 Garretson Ave.,
Rlchmond.

St. Peter's, St. Mark's Pl., New

Help of Christlans, St. Peter's, Brighton.

oleumville.

ROMAN CATHOLIC-Continued. St. Clement's, Mariners' Harbor. St. Joachim and St. Ann Chapel, Mt. Loretto. St. John Baptist de la Salle,

St. Joseph's (Italian), 94 St. Mary Ave., Rosebank. Our Lady of the Rosary Chapel, Sand Lane,

#### UNITARIAN.

Church of Redeemer, Clinton Ave., New Brighton.

St. Mary's, Davis Ave., West New Our Lady of the Rosary,
Brighton.
St. Paul's Memorial, 93 St. Paul's Sacred Heart, West New Brighton.
St. Adaibert's, John St., Port Richmond,
St. Simon's, Concord.
St. Simon's, Concord.
St. Simon's, Concord.
St. Shenker's. Bentley

Manor, St. Ann's, Dongan Hills.
St. Shenker's. Bentley

Manor, St. Ann's, Dongan Hills.
St. Simon's Mission, 441 Westervelt Ann's, Dongan Hills.
Anthony's, Decker Ave., Lin-Swedish Mission, 441 Westervelt Ave., Tompkinsville.

#### AUTOMOBILE MANUFACTORIES IN UNITED STATES.

Following are the latest statistics on the distribution of motor vehicle factories at time Almanac went to press:

California16 Indiana4	Maryland 4	New Jersey 7	Pennsylvania33	Washington. 4
Colorado 2 Iowa	Massachusetts. 18	New York 45	Rhode Island 1	West Virginia 1
Connecticut 5 Kansas				
D. of Columbia 1 Kentucky	Minnesota20	Ohio64	Texas 2	
Georgia 2 Louisiana	Missouri20	Oregon 1	Virginia 1	Total454
Illinois 52  Malne	Nebraska 2	l	l	1

# PICTICS EDOM DEBORTS BY THE NATIONAL AUTOMOBILE CHAMBER

Motor vehicles sold during fiscal year ended June 30, 1916
ended June 30, 1916
Retail value of cars sold in last fiscal year. \$444,000,000   Passenger cars sold in last fiscal year. \$444,000,000   Passenger cars sold in last fiscal year. \$444,000,000   Passenger cars sold in last fiscal year. \$444,000,000   Passenger cars sold in last fiscal year. \$444,000,000   Passenger cars sold in last fiscal year. \$444,000,000   Passenger cars sold in last fiscal year. \$444,000,000   Passenger cars sold in last fiscal year. \$444,000,000   Passenger cars sold in last fiscal year. \$444,000,000   Passenger cars sold in last fiscal year. \$444,000,000   Passenger cars sold in last fiscal year. \$444,000,000   Passenger cars sold in last fiscal year. \$444,000,000   Passenger cars sold in last fiscal year. \$444,000,000   Passenger cars sold in last fiscal year. \$444,000,000   Passenger cars sold in last fiscal year. \$444,000,000   Passenger cars sold in last fiscal year. \$444,000,000   Passenger cars sold in last fiscal year. \$444,000,000   Passenger cars sold in last fiscal year. \$444,000,000   Passenger cars sold in last fiscal year. \$444,000,000   Passenger cars sold in last fiscal year. \$444,000,000   Passenger cars sold in last fiscal year. \$444,000,000   Passenger cars sold in last fiscal year. \$444,000,000   Passenger cars sold in last fiscal year. \$444,000,000   Passenger cars sold in last fiscal year. \$444,000,000   Passenger cars sold in last fiscal year. \$444,000,000   Passenger cars sold in last fiscal year. \$444,000,000   Passenger cars sold in last fiscal year. \$444,000,000   Passenger cars sold in last fiscal year. \$444,000,000   Passenger cars sold in last fiscal year. \$444,000,000   Passenger cars sold in last fiscal year. \$444,000,000   Passenger cars sold in last fiscal year. \$444,000,000   Passenger cars sold in last fiscal year. \$444,00,000   Passenger cars sold in last fiscal year. \$44,000,000   Passenger cars sold in last f
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Increase over preceding fiscal year
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Average retail value of passenger cars sold in last fiscal year.  Commercial vehicles sold in last fiscal year.  Retail value of commercial vehicles sold in last fiscal year.  Retail value of commercial vehicles sold in last fiscal year.  Average retail value of commercial vehicles sold in last fiscal year.  Average retail value of commercial vehicles sold in last fiscal year.  Average retail value of commercial vehicles sold in last fiscal year.  Storono,000  Estimated exports of commercial vehicle cars exported in 1916.  Increase over provious year.  Storono,000  Freight car loads automobiles shipped during 1916.  Number of passenger car manufacturers.  Number of passenger car manufacturers.  Storono,000  78,125  Number of commercial vehicle manufacturers of passenger and commercial vehicles.  Number of States in which automobile manufacturers are located.  Statement are vehicles vehicles which automobile manufacturers are located.  Statement vehicles of commercial vehicles.  Stinated exports of commercial vehicles.  Stinated exports of commercial vehicles.  Stinated exports of commercial vehicles.  Stinated exports of commercial vehicles.  Stinated value of commercial vehicles.  Stinated value of commercial vehicles.  Stinated value of commercial vehicles.  Stinated value of commercial vehicles.  Stinated value of commercial vehicles.  Stinated value of commercial vehicles.  Stinated value of commercial vehicles.  Stinated value of commercial vehicles.  Stinated value of commercial vehicles.  Stinated value of commercial vehicles.  Stinated value of commercial vehicles.  Stinated value of commercial vehicles.  Stinated value of commercial vehicles.  Stinated value of commercial vehicles.  Stinated value of commercial vehicles.  Stinated value of commercial vehicles.  Stinated value of commercial vehicles.  Stinated value of commercial vehicles.  Storononomercial vehicles.  Storonononomercial vehicles.  Storononomercial vehicles.  Storononomercial vehicles.  Storononomercial vehicles.  Capital invested in aut
Sold in last fiscal year
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rear ventres sold in last liseal year  Average retail value of commercial strikes year  Motor vehicles registered in the United States July 1, 1916  Registered in Eastern States  Registered in Eastern States  Registered in Eastern States  Registered in Western States  Registered in W
Freight car loads automobiles shipped during 1916   270.700     Naverage retail value of commercial vehicles sold in last fiscal year   \$157,000,000     Naverage retail value of commercial vehicles sold in last fiscal year   \$2,069     Motor vehicles registered in the United States July 1, 1916   2,932,455     Registered in New York State July 1, 1916   259,105     Registered in Eastern States   259,105     Registered in Central States   1,186,045     Registered in Western States   336     Capital invested in automobile plants   336     Capital inves
sold in last fiscal year. \$157,000,000 Average retail value of commercial vehicles sold in last fiscal year. \$2,069 Motor vehicles registered in the United States July 1, 1916. 259,105 Registered in Eastern States. 750,827 Registered in Eastern States. 1,186,045 Registered in Western States. 643,651 Registered in Western States. 338 Registered in Western States. 338 Registered in Western States. 338 Registered in Western States. 338 Registered in Western States. 338 Registered in Western States. 338 Registered in Western States. 338 Registered in Western States. 338 Registered in Western States. 338 Registered in Western States. 338 Registered in Western States. 338 Registered in Western States. 348 Registered in Western States. 348 Registered in Western States. 348 Registered in Western States. 348 Registered in Western States. 348 Registered in Western States. 348 Registered in Western States. 348 Registered in Western States. 348 Registered in Western States. 348 Registered in Western States. 348 Registered in Western States. 348 Registered in Western States. 348 Registered in Western States. 348 Registered in Western States. 348 Registered in Western States. 348 Registered in Western States. 348 Registered in Western States. 348 Registered in Western States. 348 Registered in Western States. 348 Registered in Western States. 348 Registered in Western States. 348 Registered in Western States. 348 Registered in Western States. 348 Registered in Western States. 348 Registered in Western States. 348 Registered in Western States. 348 Registered in Western States. 348 Registered in Western States. 348 Registered in Western States. 348 Registered in Western States. 348 Registered in Western States. 348 Registered in Western States. 348 Registered in Western States. 348 Registered in Western States. 348 Registered in Western States. 348 Registered in Registered in Registered in Registered in Registered Registered Registered Registered Registered Registered Registered Registered Registered Registered Registered Regi
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vehicles sold in last fiscal year.  Motor vehicles registered in the United States July 1, 1916.  Registered in New York State July 1, 1916.  Registered in Eastern States.  Registered in Eastern States.  Registered in Western States.  Registered in
Motor vehicles registered in the United States July 1, 1916. 2,932,455 Registered in New York State July 1, 1918. 259,105 Registered in Eastern States. 750,827 Registered in Western States. 1,886,045 Registered in Western States. 643,651 Capital invested in automobile plants 33
States July 1, 1916.  Registered in New York State July 1, 1916.  Registered in Eastern States.  Registered in Central States.  Registered in Western States.  (54,645)  Registered in Western States.  (64,651)  Registered in Western States.  (64,651)  Registered in Western States.  (64,661)  Registered in Western States.  (64,661)  Registered in Western States.  (64,661)  Rumper of States in which automobile manufactories are located.  (64,661)  Capital invested in automobile plants
Registered in New York State July 1, 1916. State July 1, 259,105 Commercical vehicles. States 1916. Number of States in which automobile manufacturers are located mestern States. 1,186,045 Capital invested in automobile plants 33
Registered in Eastern States. 750,827   Number of States in which automobile manufactories are located. 33   Registered in Western States 643,651   Capital invested in automobile plants
Registered in Central States
Registered in Western States 643,651   Capital invested in automobile plants
Registered in Southern States 366,438 In 1914 (U. S. Census) \$312,876,000
Registered in Soldierin Sciences
year
Motor vehicle registration and license   Salaries and wages paid in 1914 \$84,901,000
fees collected during year ended July Number of body and parts plants in
1, 1916
Proportion motor vehicles to popula- tion. 1 to 35 Plants in 1914 (U. S. Census) 53,954
Ratio of motor vehicles to miles of Salaries and wages paid in 1914 \$53,954
public roads in the United States, Paid for materials for automobile,
about 1 to 3/ body and parts manufacture in 1914
Annual mileage run by motor vehicles 15,000,000,000 (U. S. Census)

#### THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS OF NEW YORK CITY.

PUBLIC education in New York City began with the founding of the Free School Society (after 1826 the Public School Society) in 1805. The society started in a small way, depending upon private subscriptions, but soon received aid from the city. It gradually expanded, and until 1842 had control of the moneys supplied for educational purposes by the city and the common school fund of the State. This condition of affairs was unique. The society, being under the direction of high-minded citizens, enjoyed a large degree of public confidence. So anomalous a system could not last, however, and by an act of the Legislature, passed in 1842, the Board of Education was established. The Public School Society continued to conduct its schools until 1853, when, by mutual consent, they were all taken over by the board. The society at that time had more than a hundred schools; the value of the property it transferred to the city was estimated at \$450.000, and during its existence it educated some 600,006 children. The Board of Education was an elective body from 1842 to 1871, the members being chosen first by wards, and from 1863 by school districts: since 1871 they have been appointed by the Mayor. In Brooklyn a Board of Education was created in 1843; the members were chosen by the Common Council until 1862, in which year the appointing Lover was vested in the Mayor. When consolidation took effect, in 1898, separate school boards were provided for the several horoughs (Manhatan and the Bronx being united), with a central Board of Education (composed of delegates from the four school boards, 19 in all) having charge of the finances, the erection and repair of buildings, the acquiring of sites, the purchase and distribution of supplies, etc. This system was dropped on the revision of the Charter in 1901, and since 1902 there has been one Board of Education for the city. It consists of forty-six members—twenty-two for Manhatan, fourteen for Brooklyn, four each for the Bronx and Queens, and two for Richmond. Their term of office is

The Board of Superintendents, consisting of the city superintendent of schools and eight associate superintendents, has large powers in the nomination, promotion, and transfer of teachers, the recommendation of text-books and scholastic supplies, the determination of courses of study, the fixing of qualifications for teachers' licenses, etc. Its important acts require the approval of the Board of Education. There are twenty-six district superintendents, whose duties are to visit schools and observe the work of teachers. The Board of Examiners (consisting of the city superintendent and four examiners) conducts all examinations for would-be teachers, and preparse eligible lists. The school superintendents and examiners, as well as the supervisor of free lectures, the superintendent of school subridings, the superintendent of school superintendent of school superintendent of school superintendent of Education appoints all these officials and also a sceretary, an auditor, and a director of reference and research, having no fixed term. Principals and teachers are expointed by the Board of Education on the nomination of the Board of Superintendents. The merit system is in full operation, and teachers are appointed in order of standing on eligible lists. Beginners are on probation for three years, their Idenses being renewable from year to year; when permanently licensed, their tenure is assured, and they cannot be removed except on charges. New teachers are appointed only after pursuing a training school course, or after five years' experience elsewhere.

The regular school day is five hours in length, but in September, 1913, it was decided that four hours should be considered full time for classes of the first-year grades; the kindergarten session is three hours in length.

Early in 1915 the duplicate school plan (practically the Gary system) was adopted in two schools, Public School 45, The Bronx, and Public School 89, Brooklyn. It has since been adopted in eleven other schools in the Bronx and one in Brooklyn, and six schools in Manhattan have been selected for reorganization on this plan. Funds to the amount of 36,637,674 have been authorized by the financial anthorities of the city for alterations in buildings, etc., in order to introduce the diplicate school idea. The Board of Education has in the past two years organized a considerable number of part-time co-operative and continuation classes for the benefit of employes of various factories, stores, etc., who are thus enabled to pursue their studies for a part of each day while still holding their positions. The average weekly attendance at these classes has been as high as 650.

The budget appropriation of the Department of Education for 1916 was \$29,865,981.53, of which \$33,-555,641.31 constituted the general school fund (for teachers' salaries). For 1917 the appropriation is \$41,-430,447.49, the general school fund being \$35,067,922.97. Under the so-called Equal Pay Jaw (Chapter 602, laws of 1911) teachers (men and women) in elementary schools serve three years at \$720; they then advance, with yearly increments of \$50, to \$81,500. This applies to the great majority. In the upper grades the maximum salarles are \$1,820 and \$2,260. Assistants to principals (deads of departments) receive \$2,460, and principals \$3,500. Principals of high schools and training schools are raid \$5,000, and \$5,000 is the salary of district superintendents. Examiners and the director of attendance receive \$6,500. Associate superintendents and the director of reference and research receive \$6,500. The salary of the city superintendent is \$10,000. The number of elementary schools is \$22,754 in Manhattan, 182 in Brooklyn, 57 in the Bronx, 95 in Queens, and 34 in Richmond. The number of high schools is \$24. There are also three training schools for teachers, four vocational schools and three truant schools. In the elementary schools and the cachers, the high schools 1,188 men and 1,230 vomen. In the evening schools (high and elementary) there are 2,181 teachers. One hundred and fifty-five attendance as follows:

Manhattan Brooklyn		Schools. 20,594 23,097	(K Rlchmond	Elementary Schools indergarten, Prima Grammar.) 13,887	Schools.
The BronxQueens	91,052	5,840 5,628	Totals	666,690	56,460
Manhattan		4,307	Richmond		• • •
The Bronx		12,194	Total		41,253

Increase in the number of part-time pupils has been 2,093.

Teachers incapacitated after thirty years' service are retired on pensions (half pay); the number of retired teachers November 1, 1916, was 1,453.

School buildings and sites are paid for with the proceeds of city bonds (corporate stock); the amount issued since consolidation has been \$116,264,592.26, computed to November 1, 1916.

#### SCHOOLS IN MANHATTAN. ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS.

NYC	ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS.							
No.	Location.	No.		No	Location			
1	Henry, Catharine and Oliver Sts.	58 59	317 W. 52d St. 226 E. 57th St.	121 122	102d St., bet. 2d and 3d Aves. 9th St and 1st Ave.			
2	116 Henry St.	61	E 12th St. near Ave B	124	29 Horatio St.			
3	Hudson and Grove Sts.	62	Hester, Essex and Norfolk Sts	126	536 E 12th St.			
	Rivington and Pitt Sts.	63	3d and 4th Sts., e. of 1st Ave.	127	515 W 37th St. 143 Baxter St.			
5 6	Madison Ave. and 85th St.	64	9th and 10th Sts. e of Ave. B. Eldridge and Forsyth, near		272 E 2d St			
7	Hester and Chrystie Sts.	4	Hester St.	132	182d St. & Wadsworth Ave.			
8	29 King St.	66	88th St., near 1st Ave. 114-124 W. 46th St.	134	68 Pearl St.			
9	West End Ave. and 82d St.	68	114-124 W. 46th St. 116 W. 128th St.	135 137	51st St and 1st Ave Grand and Essex Sts.			
10 11	117th St. and St. Nicholas Ave.	69	125 W. 54th St.	140	116 Norfolk St			
12	Madison and Jackson Sts.	70	(207 E. 75th St.		462 W 58th St.			
13	239 E Houston St. 225 E, 27th St.	71 72	188-192 7th St.	144	Allen and Hester Sts. (An-			
14 15	1225 16, 27th St.   1732 5th St.	73	Lexington Ave. and 105th St. 209 E. 46th St.	1147	nex to P S 65) Repry and Gouverneur Sts.			
16	208 W 13th St.	74	220 E. 63d St.	150	95th & 96th Sts., e. of 2d Ave.			
17	47th & 48th Sts., w. of 8th Ave.	75	25 Norioik St.	151	91st St and 1st Ave.			
18	121 E. 51st St.	76	Lexington Ave and 68th St.	157	St. Nicholas Ave. & 127th St.			
19 20	344 E. 14th St. Rivington and Forsyth Sts.	77	lst Ave. and 86th St. Pleasant Ave. and 119th St.	158	Ave A. 77th and 78th Sts. 119th St., bet. 2d and 3d			
21	Mott and Elizabeth Sts., bet.	79	38 1st St.	1	Aves.			
	Spring and Prince Sts.	81	119th and 120th Sts. near 7th	160	Rivington and Snffolk Sts.			
22	Stanton and Sheriff Sts.	1	Ave. (New York Model School.)	161	105 Ludlow St. 136 City Hall Place, (Annex			
23 24	Mulberry and Bayard Sts. 128th St., nr Madison Ave.	82	1st Ave. and 70th St.		1 to P. S. 23.)			
25	330 5th St	83	16 E. 110th St.	165	108th and 109th Sts , bet. Am-			
26	124 W. 30th St.	84	430 W. 50th St.	ł	sterdam Ave. and B way.			
27 28	41st & 42d Sts., E. of 3d Ave.   257 W. 40th St.	85 86	lst Ave. and 117th St. Lexington Ave. and 96th St.	166	89th St., bet. Amsterdam and Columbus Aves.			
29	Albany, Washington and	87	Amsterdam Ave. & 77th St.	168	104th and 105th Sts., bet. 1st			
-	Carlisle Sts.	88	300 Rivington St.		and 2d Aves.			
30 81	88th St., bet, 2d and 3d Aves. 200 Monroe St.	89 90	Lenox Ave. and 134th St	169	Addubon Ave. 168th and			
82	357 W. 35th St.	1 90	147th and 148th Sts., w. of 7th Ave.	170	Illth St., bet. 5th & Lenox			
33	357 W. 35th St. 418 W. 28th St.	91	Stanton and Forsyth Sts.	1	Aves			
34	108 Broome St.	92	Broome and Ridge Sts.	171	103d and 104th Sts bet. 5th			
35 36	160 Chrystie St.	93	Amsterdam Ave. & 93d St. 68th St. and Amsterdam Ave	172	and Madison Aves.			
37	710 E, 9th St. 113 E 87th St.	95	West Houston St., near	1	and 2d Aves.			
38	Clarke, Dominick & Broome		Varick St.	174	Attorney near Rivington St.			
39	Sts.  235 E. 125th St.	96	Ave A and 81st St.	177	Market and Monroe Sts.			
40	320 E 20th St.	100	Mangin St., n. Stanton St. 138th St., w. of 5th Ave.	113	lulst and 102d Sts., bet Co- lumbus&AmsterdamAves.			
41	56 Greenwich Ave.	1101	illith St., w of Lexington A ve. i	183	66th and 67th Sts. east of 1st			
42	Hester, Orchard and Lud- low Sts.	102	113th St., east of 2d Ave. 119th St. and Madison Ave.	184	Ave. 116th and 117th Sts., east of			
43	Amsterdam Ave. & 129th St.		413 E. 16th St.	104	Leuox Ave			
44	Hubert and Collister Sts.	105	259 E. 4th St.	186	145th and 146th Sts. near Am-			
45	225 W. 24th St	106	[Infayette St., n'r Spring St.]	100	Sterdam Ave.			
46	St. Nicholas Ave. & W. 156th	107	274 W. 10th St. 60 Mott St.	188	Manhattan, East Houston, Lewis and E 3d Sts.			
47		109	99th & 100th Sts., e, of 3d Ave.	190	82d St., bet. 1st and 2d Aves.			
	and School for the Deaf.)	110	28 Cannon St.	192	136th St. and A sterd m Ave.			
48 49	124 W. 28th St. (Vocational)		83 Roosevelt St. Oak, Oliver and James Sts.	1	Vocational School for Boys,			
50	237 IE. 37th St (Vocational.) 211 E. 20th St. 519 W. 44th St.	115	176th and 177th Sts., east of		188th Stw of 5th Ave. (P.S.			
51	519 W. 44th St.	1	176th and 177th Sts., east of St. Nicholas Ave.		Murray Hill Vocational			
52	Broadway and Academy St. [	116	215 F. 32d St.	)	School, 37th St. west of 2d			
53 54	207 E. 79th St. Amsterdam Ave. & 104th St.	117	170 E. 77th St. (Annex to Julia Richman High.)		Ave. (P. S. 49.) Manhattan Trade School for			
56	351 W. 18th St.	119	133d & 134th Sts., near 8th Ave.		Girls, 209 E. 23d St.			
57	1176 E. 115th St. 1	1120	1187 Broome St.	1	Truant, 215 E. 21st St.			
	High Schools De Witt Chuton, 10th Ave., 58th and 59th Sts.; Wadleigh, 114th and 115th Sts.,							

1110H SCHOOLS. -De Witt Chuton, 10th Ave., 58th and 59th Sts.; Wiedleigh, 114th and 115th Sts., Vol7th Ave.; Washington frying, frying Pl., 16th & 17th Sts.; Commerce, 65th & 66th Sts., W. of B. way; Stayvesaut. 15th and 16th Sts., near 1st Ave.; Julia Richman, 60 W. 13th St., Training School for Teachers, 119th St., near 7th Ave.

THE BRONX.

1 College Ave. and 18th St. 2 3d Ave., near 170th St. 2 157th St., e. of Courtlandt Ave. 4 Fulton Ave. and 173d St. 5 2436 Webster Ave. 6 Tremont, Bryant and Vyse Aves., West Farns. 7 Klingsbridge Ave. and 232d Street. 8 Mosholu Parkway, Bedford Park. 9 486 E. 138th St. 10 Eagle Ave. and 163d St 11 Ogden Ave., Highbridge. 12   Overing St., Benson & Frisby Ave., West, Simpson, and 187th Sts. 22   12   25th £2 25th £2 25th £2 25th £2 25th £2 25th £2 25th St. and Union Ave. 23   15   15   15   15   15   15   15   1

No	Location,	(No.	Location 1	INo.	Location.		
	Cypress Ave. and 136th St.	39	Longwood Ave., Kelly and	48	Spofford Ave., Coster and		
	Mott and Walton Aves., 144th	40	Beck Sts. Prospect Ave., Jennings St.	49	Faile Sts. 261st St., Riverdale.		
	and 146th Sts.	1	& Ritter Pl.	50	Bryant and Vyse Aves.,		
32	183d St. and Beanmont Ave. Annex, Boston R'd, Bronx-	41	Olinville Ave. and Magenta St., Olinville. (Annex to	51	north of 172d St. 158th St., Jackson and Trin-		
	dale.		P. S. 13.)	1	lty Aves,		
33	Jerome and Walton Aves., north of 184th St.	42	Claremont Parkway and Washington Ave.	52	Kelly St., east of Ave. St.		
34	Amethyst and Victor Sts Van Nest.	13	Brown Pl., 135th and 136th	53	168th St., Findlay and Tel- ler Aves.		
35	163d St., Grant and Morris	44	Prospect Ave. and 176th St 189th and Hoffman Sts. and	54	Intervale Ave., Freeman and		
36	Aves. Blackrock Avenue, Union-	1	Lorillard Pi	55	Chisholm Sts.  St. Paul's Place, Washington		
37	port. 145th and 146th Sts., east of	46	196th St., Bainbridge and Briggs Aves	56	and Park Aves. 207th St., Hull and Decatur		
•	Willis Ave	47	Randolph, St. Lawrence and	•	Aves. (Aunex to P. S. 8).		
	157th St and 3d Ave.		Beach Aves.	1	1		
	High Schools—Morris, 166th wrence and Beach Aves. (P. S.		Boston Rd., Jackson Ave.;	Ev	ander Childs, Randolph St.,		
Little			AND TRADE SCHOOLS,	MAI	VH A TT A N		
90	Rivington and Forsyth Sts.				Harlem Even'g Trade, 138th		
20	(men).	109	(men).		and 139th Sts., west of 5th		
	DeWitt Clinton H. S., 59th St	1	Wadleigh, 114th St., near 7th	}	Ave. (men).		
40	and 10th Ave. (men)	1	Ave (women). Morris, Jackson Ave., Bos-		Murray Hill Evening Trade,		
40	Prospect Ave. and Jennings St. (women).	1	ton Rd. & 166th St. (men).		232 E. 38th St. (men).		
62	Hester, Essex and Norfolk	1	Stuyvesant Evening Trade.	1	Washington Irving, Irving Pl., 16th and 17th Sts.		
-	Sts. (women).	1	1st Ave. (men).	J	(women).		
		SCI	fools for Males, MA	NHA	ATTAN.		
2	116 Henry St.		320 E. 20th St.	79	42 1st St.		
16	29 King Št. 208 W. 13th St.	49	129th St. & Amsterdam Ave.	103	216 E. 110th St. 119th St. and Madison Ave.		
22	Stanton and Sheriff Sts.	58	52d St., near 8th Ave.	109	99th St., near 3d Ave.		
25	4th and 5th Sts., west of 1st Ave.	65 70	Eldridge, near Hester St. 207 E. 75th St.		Henry and Gouverneur Sts. Rivington and Suffolk Sts.		
32	357 W. 35th St.		85th St. and Ist Ave.	100	Kivington and Sunois Sts.		
	FOR MEN AND BOYS, WOMEN AND GIRLS, MANHATTAN.						
21	(Elizabeth St., n. Spring St.			114	Oak, Oliver and James Sts.		
29	Alhany, Wash'n and Carlisle Sts.	89	Lenox Ave. and 134th St.				
	EVENING SCHOOLS FOR FEMALES, MANHATTAN.						
	203 Rivington St.	42	Hester. Orchard and Ludlow	92	Amsterdam Ave. and 93d		
	239 E Houston St. 225 E. 27th St.	45	Sts. 24th St., near 8th Ave.	93	St. 154 Broome St.		
17	335 W 47th St.	59	E 57th St. near 3d Ave.	96	Ave. A and 81st St.		
19	14th St., near 1st Ave. Clarke Dominick & Broome		190 7th St. Lexington Ave., 105th & 106th	157	St. Nicholas Ave. and 127th		
,38	Sts.	1 12	Sts.	177	Market and Monroe Sts.		

HUNTER COLLEGE,

PARK AVE., CORNER EAST SIXTY-EIGHTH ST. NEW YORK UNIVERSITY. UNIVERSITY HEIGHTS AND 32 WAVERLEY PLACE. COLLEGE OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK, AMSTERDAM AVE. AND 138TH STREET. COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY,

WEST 116TH ST., NEAR AMSTERDAM AVE.

FOR CORPORATE SCHOOLS, SEE INDEX FOR "ASYLUMS" AND "SOCIETIES."

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# SCHOOLS IN BROOKLYN. ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS.

27.0	Yantla		LEMENTARY SCHOOLS.	N. N.	Y
No.	Location.	No.	Location.	No.	
1 2	Adams and Concord sts. 47th st., near 3d ave.	71 72	Heyward, near Lee ave. New Lots rd.,cor.Schenck st.	134 135	18th av., n. Ocean Parkway. Church ave. and E. 48th st.
3	Hancock, near Bedford ave.	73	McDougall, c. Rockawayave.	136	4th ave., 40th & 41st sts.
4	Berkeley pl., near 5th ave.	74	Kosciusko st., n'r Broadway	137	Saratogaav, & Bainbridge st.
5	[Tillary, Bridge & Lawr'ests.]	75	Evergreen av., cor. Ralph st.	138	Prosp't pl w of Nost'd ave
6	Warren, near Smith st.	76	Wyona, near Fulton st.		(Brooklyn Model School.)
7 8	York, near Bridge st.	77	2d st., near 6th ave.	139	(Brooklyn Model School.) Ave. C. E. 13th and 14th sts. 60th st., west of 4th ave.
ő	Hicks, Middagh & Poplarsts. Sterling pl. & Vanderbilt av	79	Pacific st., near Court st. Kosciusko, n'r Sumner ave.	140 141	Leonard, McKibbin and
1ŏ	7th ave. and 17th st.	1.0	(Annex to P. S. 25.)	144	Boerum sts.
11	Washington, near Greeneav	80	(Annex to P. S. 25.) W. 17th and W. 19th sts.,	142	Henry and Rapelye sts.
12	Adelphi, near Myrtle ave.		near Neptune ave.	143	Havemeyer, N. 6th & 7th sts.
13	Degraw, near Hicks st.	81	Harway ave. and Stryker st.	144	Howard ave., Prospect pl.
14 15	Navy and Concord sts. 3d ave and State st.	82	4th ave., cor. 36th st. Bergen, cor. Schenectady av.	145	and St. Mark's ave.
16	Wilson, near Bedford ave.	84	Glenmore, cor. Stone ave.	146	Central ave. and Nollst. 18th and 19th sts., bet 6th
17	Driggs ave., cor. N. 5th st.	85	Evergreen ave., cor. Cov't st.		and 7th aves.
18	Manjer, near Leonard st.	86	Irving ave., cor. Harman st.	147	Busitwick ave., Seigel & Mc-
19	S. 2d. cor. Keap st.	87	Herkimer, cor. Radde pl.		Kibbin sts.
20	Union ave. and Keap st.	88	Thames st., c. Vanderv'rt pl.	148	Ellery and Hopkins sts., near
21 22	McKibbin, near Manhat av Java, near Manhattan ave.	90	Newkirk ave., cor. E. 31st st. Bedford and Church aves.	149	Delmonico pl. Sutter ave., Vermont and
22 23 24 25	Conselyea & Humboldt sts.	91	E. New York & Albany aves	440	Wyona sts.
24	Arlon pl., cor. Beaver st.	92	Rogers ave. & Robinson st	150	Christopher ave. & Sackman
25	Lafayette, near Sumner av.	93	New York av. & Herkimerst.	,,,	st., near Belmont ave.
26	Quincy, near Ralph ave.	94	6th ave., 50th and 51st sts.	151	Knickerbocker ave., Halsey
98	Nelson, cor. Hicks st. Herkimer, near Ralph ave.	95	Van Sicklen, near Neck rd.	152	and Weirfield sts.
26 27 28 29 30	Columbia, cor. Amity st	1,50	Ocean ave., and Ave. U. (Annex to P. S 153.)	153	Ave. G. E. 23d and 24th sts. Ave. T& E.12th st., Home'st.
30	Conover, Sullivan & Wolcott	97	Benson, cor. 25th ave.	154	11th ave., Windsor pl. & Sher-
31	Dupont, n'r Manhattan ave.	98	Ave. Z, cor. E. 26th st.		_man st.
32	Hoyt, cor. President st.	99	Coney Island & Elm aves.	155	E'n Parkway& Herkimerst.
33	Heyward, near Broadway.	100	W. 3d, between Park pl. and	156	Sutter ave., Barrett & Graf-
34 35	Norman ave. and Eckford st. Decatur, cor. Lewis ave.	101	Sheepshead ave. 86th st., near 18th ave. (New	157	ton sts. Kent ave., near Myrtle ave.
36	Stagg, near Bushwick ave.	101	Utrecht H. S.)	158	Belmont ave., Ashford and
37	S. 4th, near Berry st.	102	71st st. and 2d ave.	1	Warwick sts.
38	N. 7th, near Bedford ave.	103	14th ave., 53d & 54th sts.	159	Pitkin ave., Hemlock and
39	6th ave., cor. 8th st.	104	92d st., cor. 5th ave.		Crescent sts.
40 41	15th st., near 4th ave. Dean, cor. New York ave.	105	Ft. Hamilton av.; 58th & 59th. Hamburg and Putnam aves.	160	Ft. Ham. ave., 51st & 52d sts. St. Nicholas and Willoughby
42	St. Mark's and Classon aves.	106	and Cornelia st.	162	aves, and Suydam st.
43	Boerum. near Manhat. ave.	107	8th ave. and 13th st.	163	Benson and 17th aves. and
44	Throop, cor. Putnam ave.	108	Linwood, cor. Arlington ave.		Bay 14th st.
45	Lafayette, near Classon ave.	109	Dumont ave., Powell and	164	14th ave., 42d and 43d sts. Lott and Hopkinson aves.
46	Union, near Henry st.	110	Sackman sts.	165	Lott and Hopkinson aves.
47 48	Pacific & Dean sts., n'r 3d av. 18th ave. and 67th st.	iii	Monitor st. and Driggs ave. Sterling pl., c. Vanderbilt av.	166	and Amboy st. S. 4th st., near Havemeyer.
49	Maujer, near Graham ave.	1	(Annex to P. S. 9.)	167	Schen'dy ave. & East. P' way.
50	S. 3d st. and Driggs ave.	112	15th ave., 71st and 72d sts.	168	Throop ave. Bartlett and
51	Meekerav, cor Humboldt st.	113	Evergreen ave. & Moffat st.		Whipple sts.
52	Ellery, near Broadway.	114	Remsen ave., cor. Ave. F.	169	7th ave., 43d and 44th sts.
53 54	Troutman, near Central ave. Walworth, near Myrtle ave.	115 116	E. 92d st., near Ave. M. Knickerb'r ave.,c. Grove st.	170	6th and Stewart ayes. 71st and 72d sts.
55	Floyd, near Tompkins ave.	117	Stagg st. and Bushwick ave.	171	Ridgewood, Lincoln and
56	Bushwick av., cor. Mad'n st.	118	59th st. and 4th ave.		Nichols aves.
57	Reld ave., cor. Van Buren st.	119	Ave. K and E. 38th st.	172	4th ave., 29th & 30th sts.
58	Degraw, near Smith st.	120	Barren Island.	173	Pennsylvania ave. bet. Liber-
60	Leonard, near Nassau ave. 4th ave., cor. 20th st.	121	E. 55th st. and Ave. C.	174	ty and Glenmore aves. Dumont, Alabama and Will-
61	Fulton st. and N. Jersey ave.	123	Harrison av. & Heyward st.   Irving ave. and Suydam st.	172	iams aves.
•	(Probationary School).	124	4th ave. and 13th st.	175	Blake & Hopkinson aves. &
62	Bradford, near Liberty ave.	125	Blake and Thatford aves.		Bristol st.
63 64	Hinsdale, n'r Glenmore ave,	126	Meserole ave. & Guernsey st.	176	121h & Bay R'e aves. & 68th st.
64	Berriman and Belmont aves.	127	7th ave., 78th and 79th sts.	177	Ave. P and West ave.
65 66	Richmond,n'rRidgewood av. Osborn, near Sulter ave.	128 129	21st ave., 83d & 84th sts. Quincy st., near Stuyvesant.	178	Dean st., near Saratoga ave. Ave. C, East 2d and 3d sts.
	N. Elllott pl., near Park ave.	130	Fort Hamilton av. & E.5th st.	180	18th ave. and 67th st.
	Bushwickav.,c. Kosciusko st.	131	Ft. Hamilton av., 43d & 44th.		Trnant, Jamaica ave., opp.
69	Ryerson st., near Myrtle av.	132	Ft. Hamilton av., 43d & 44th. Manhattan and Met. aves.		Enfield st.
70	Patchen ave., cor. Macon st.	133	'Butlerst., bet. 4th & 51h aves.	וי	Vocational, Jay & Nassau sts.
			HIGH SCHOOLS.		

Girls' High School Noatrand ave., cor Halsey at.

Boya' High School Pounam, cor. Marcy ave.

Boya' High School Pounam, cor. Marcy ave.

Menual Training. The ave., 4th and 5th sts.

Bay Ridge. 4th ave., 5th and Senator ats.

Evanve Schoole. Night sessions are held for men and boys at Schools Nos. 13, 17, 24, 58, 81, 66, 109, 145. For woman and girls: Nos. 15, 18, 25, 68, 123, 141, 150. For man and bova, women and girls, Nos. 18, 17, 24, 58, 106, 109, 145. For woman and girls: Nos. 15, 114, 185. School for Penching High School School for Penching High School for men held in Commercial High School Building; Cantral Evening High School for women, held in Girls' High School Suilding; Cantral Evening High School for women, held in Eastern District High School for them and Training High School for women, held in Eastern District High School for Women, held in Eastern District High School for Commercial High School; South Brooklyn Evening High School for women, held in Eastern District High School for Women, held in Walter School High School for women, held in Public School School for women, held in Public School for Women, held in Public School for Women, held in Public School for Women, held in Public School for Women, held in Public School for Women, held in Public School for Women, held in Public School for Women, held in Public School for Women, held in Public School for Women, held in Public School for Women, held in Public School for Women, held in Public School for Women, held in Public School for Women, held in Public School for Women, held in Public School for Women, held in Public School for Women, held in Public School for Women, held in Public School for Women, held in Public School for Women, held in Public School for Women, held in Public School for Women, held in Public School for Women, held in Public School for Women, held in Public School for Women, held in Public School for Women, held in Public School for Women, held in Public School for Women, held in Public School for Women, held in Public School

## SCHOOLS IN QUEENS BOROUGH.

	ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS.								
No.	Location.	No.	Location.	No.					
1	9th st. and Van Alst av., L. I. City.	36	Everett st. and Central av., St. Albans.	68	Bergen and Rathjen avs., Ever- green.				
2	Hulst st., and Nott av., L. I.	37	Higble av. and Springfield rd., Springfield.	71 72	Forest av., East Williamsburg. Maspeth av., Maspeth.				
8	Colonial av. and Euclid st.,	38	Foster's Meadow rd., Rose-	73	Lexington av., Maspeth. Woodward av. and Starr st.				
4	Prospect and Crescent sts.,	39	State st. and Roanoke av., Far Rockaway.		Metropolitan. (B'klyn P. O.) Bleecker st. and Covert av.,				
δ	near Beebe av., L. I. City. Academy st., near Grand av.,	40	Pacific and Union Hall sts., Jamaica.		Ridgewood. Montgomery & Congress avs.,				
6	L. I. City. Stelnway av., near Jamaica av.,	41	Crocheron and Franklin avs., Bayside.	1 1	Laurel Hill. Covert av., Centre and George				
7	L. I. City Van Alst av., near Flushing av.,	42	Boulevard and Vernam av., Rockaway Beach.	78	sts., Ridgewood Park. Maurice av. and Carroll pl.,				
- (	Stelnway av., near Ditmars	43	Washington av., Rockaway	79	Winfield. 7th av. & 14th st., Whitestone,				
9	av., L. 1. City. Munson st., near Fulton av.,	44	Boulevard and Academy av., Rockaway Beach.	1	Greenpoint av., near Bradley av., L. I. City.				
10	L. I. City. Flushing av., Bowery Bay.	45	Three-mile rd., Jamalca South. Old South rd., Aqueduct.	1	Cypress av., Ralph and Bleeck- er sts., Evergreen.				
12	Woodside av., Woodside. Woodside av., Winfield. Irving pl., Elmhurst.	48	Annex, Glen Morris. South and Church sts., Ja-	82	Kaplan av., Hammond and Horton sts., Jamaica.				
14	Fairview av., Corona Heights. Junction av., Corona.	49	maica. Brenton av., Jamaica.	83	Vernon av., bet. Pierce and Graham avs., L. I. City. Albert and Theodore sts., near				
16	Sycamore av., Cerona, Myrtle av., Corona.		Wyckoff st., Talfourd Lawn, Jamaica.		Ditmars av., L. I. City. DeBevoise av., near Woolsey				
18	Corona av., Corona. Evergreen av., Corona.	51 53	Johnson av., Richmond IIIII. Elm st. near_Atlantic av.,	1	av., L. I. City. Old Flushing av., near Grand				
	Sanford av. aud Union st., Flushing.	54	Richmond Hill. Hillside av. and Sherman st.,		st., Maspeth. Washington av. and Pulaski				
21	Washington and Union sts.,	55	Richmond Hill. Maure av. and Beaufort st.,	88	st., Middle Village. Elm av. and Fresh Pond rd.,				
22	Sanford av. and Murray st., Flushing.	58	Richmond Hill. Orchard av. and Elm st., Richmond Hill.	1	Ridgewood Heights. Orchard av., 5th and 6th sts.,				
	Whitestone av. and State st., Flushing	57	Curtis av., near Broadway, Morris Park.		Eimhurst. Washington av., near Jamaica				
	Queens and Robinson avs., Flushing.	58	Walker and Grafton avs., Woodhaven.	91	av., Richmond Hill. Central, Folsom and Fosdick				
	Jamaica av., head of Vieigh, Flushing.	59	University pl. and Rockaway	92	avs., Glendale. Hayes av., 42d and 43d sts.,				
	Fresh Meadow and Black Stump rds., Flushing.	60	rd., Woodhaven. 2d st., near Shaw av., Wood- haven.	94	Old House, Landing rd., Lit-				
	13th st. & 1st av., College Point. 6th st., bet. 1st and 2d avs.,	61	Elm st., near Union pl., Brook- lyn Hills. (Richmond Hill	95	tle Neck. Parremore, Harvard and Yale av., Jamaica.				
	College Point.	62	P. O.) Washington av., near Broad-	96	Rockaway rd. and Lincoln av., South Ozone Park.				
	Point.		way, Chester Park, Wood-	97	Yarmouth and Shipley sts., Woodhaven.				
	Whitestone. Bell av., Bayside.	1	Old South rd, near Wood- haven rd., Woodhaven.	1100	Kew Gardens. Glen Morris.				
33	Madison av. and Cedar st., Creedmoor.	1	Broadway, near Spruce st., Woodhaven.	101	Children's laue and Russell pl., Forest Hills Gardens.				
-	Springfield rd. and Hollis av., Queens.	1	Snedeker av. and 2d st., South Woodhaven.		Parental School, Jamaica rd., Flushing.				
35	Palatina and Prospect avs., Hollis.	66	Union pl. and Tulip st., Brook- lyn Hills. (RI'm'd Hill P.O.)						
	HIGH SCHOOLS								

#### HIGH SCHOOLS

Hou bolloom.							
Training   Flushing and Highland avs., Ja-  Newtown   Chicago av., Elmhurst.							
maica.   Flushing Breadway, Flushing.							
Bryant Academy and Radde sts. L. I. City. Far Rockaway. Far Rockaway. [Hill.							
Training. Flushing and Highiand avs., Jamaica. Flushing. Servent. Academy and Radde sts., L. I. City. Jamaica. Hillside av., Jamaica. Hillside av., Jamaica. Hillside av., Jamaica. Hillside av., Jamaica. Hillside av., Jamaica. Hillside av., Jamaica. Hillside av., Jamaica. Hillside av., Jamaica. Hillside av., Jamaica. Hillside av., Jamaica. Hillside av., Jamaica. Hillside av., Jamaica. Hillside av., Jamaica. Hillside av., Jamaica. Hillside av., Jamaica. Hillside av., Jamaica. Hillside av., Jamaica. Hillside av., Jamaica. Hillside av., Jamaica. Hillside av., Jamaica. Hillside av., Jamaica. Hillside av., Jamaica. Hillside av., Jamaica. Hillside av., Jamaica. Hillside av., Jamaica. Hillside av., Jamaica. Hillside av., Jamaica. Hillside av., Jamaica. Hillside av., Jamaica. Hillside av., Jamaica. Hillside av., Jamaica. Hillside av., Jamaica. Hillside av., Jamaica. Hillside av., Jamaica. Hillside av., Jamaica. Hillside av., Jamaica. Hillside av., Jamaica. Hillside av., Jamaica. Hillside av., Jamaica. Hillside av., Jamaica. Hillside av., Jamaica. Hillside av., Jamaica. Hillside av., Jamaica. Hillside av., Jamaica. Hillside av., Jamaica. Hillside av., Jamaica. Hillside av., Jamaica. Hillside av., Jamaica. Hillside av., Jamaica. Hillside av., Jamaica. Hillside av., Jamaica. Hillside av., Jamaica. Hillside av., Jamaica. Hillside av., Jamaica. Hillside av., Jamaica. Hillside av., Jamaica. Hillside av., Jamaica. Hillside av., Jamaica. Hillside av., Jamaica. Hillside av., Jamaica. Hillside av., Jamaica. Hillside av., Jamaica. Hillside av., Jamaica. Hillside av., Jamaica. Hillside av., Jamaica. Hillside av., Jamaica. Hillside av., Jamaica. Hillside av., Jamaica. Hillside av., Jamaica. Hillside av., Jamaica. Hillside av., Jamaica. Hillside av., Jamaica. Hillside av., Jamaica. Hillside av., Jamaica. Hillside av., Jamaica. Hillside av., Jamaica. Hillside av., Jamaica. Hillside av., Jamaica. Hillside av., Jamaica. Hillside av., Jamaica. Hillside av., Jamaica. Hillside av., Jamaica. Hillside av., Jamaica. Hillside av., Jamaica. Hil							

## SCHOOLS IN RICHMOND BOROUGH

	ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS.						
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	Academy pl., Tottenville. Wiener st., Richmond Valley. (Prince Bay, P. O.) School st., Prince Bay. Fresh Kill rd., Kreischerville. Amboy rd., Huguenot. Rossville av., Rossville. Fresh Kill rd., Green Ridge. Lindenwood av., Great Kills. Knight av., New Dorp. Richmond rd., New Dorp. Jefferson st., Dongan Hills. Steuben st., Stapleton.	17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	Madison av., Tompkinsville. Prospect av., New Brighton. Broadway, W. New Brighton. Greenleaf av., West New Brighton. Heberton av., Port Richmond. Sherman st., Port Richmond. Richmond av., Graniteville. (Port Richmond P. O.) Andros av., Mariners' Harbor. Washington av., Summerville. (P. O., Port Richmond; R. F. D.)	28 29 30 31 32 33 34	Richmond av., New Spring- ville. Centre st., Richmond. Manor rd., W. New Brighton. Fisk av., W. New Brighton. Fisk av., W. New Brighton. Flessant av., Bogardus Cor- ners. (Prince Bay P. O. Sgood av., Stapleton. Washington av., Grant City. (Midland P. O.) Fingerboard rd., Rosebank.		
14	Pennsylvania av., Rosebank, Broad and Brook sts., Staple- ton, Grant st., Tompkinsville.	1	Chelsea rd., Bloomfield. (P. O., Port Richmond; R. F. D.) Richmond turnpike, Linoleum- ville.	Cu	HIGH SCHOOL.  urtis — Hamilton av. and St.  Mark's bi New Brighton.		

#### LIBRARIES IN MANHATTAN AND BRONX.

Aeronautic, 280 Madison Avenue.

Aguilar. —See "N. Y. Public Library."

American Geographicai Society, Broadway and

W. 156th St. — Open from 10 A. M. to 5 P. M.

American Institute, 322 W. 23d St. — Open 9 A. M.

to 4 P. M.

American Law, 27 Cedar St.—Open 9 A M. to 10 P. M.

American Museum of Natural History, Central Park W., cor. W. 77th St. American Numsmatic Society, W. 156th St. and Broadway. A. R. F. Peoples', 124 E. 27th St.

A. R. F. Peoples', 124 E. 27th St.
Benjamin and Townsend, Believue Hospital.
Bethany, 400 E. 67th St.
Blind.—See "N. Y. Public Library."
Boy Scouis of America, 50 Madison Ave.
Bryson, (Teachers) W. 120th St., near Broadway,
Chemists Club, 52 E. 41st St.
Christian Science Reading Rooms, 33 W. 42d St.,
Broadway near 86th St., 1 Wall St., 35 E. 125th
St., 600 W. 181st St., 225 Fifth Ave., 505 Tremont
Ave.

Ave.
City, Municipal Bidg., Room 357, free.—Open 10

M. to 4 P. M.
City Court. 32 Chambers St.
City Super St.
City Island, 528 City Island Ave.
Colonial Dames, 105 W. 40th St.
Columbia Univ., W. 116th St. and Amsterdam Av.
Cooper Union, Fourth Ave. and 7th St.—Open 8

M. to 10 P. M.

A.M. to 10 P. M.
Corporation Counsel, Municipal Bldg.
County Lawyers', 165 Broadway.
County Lawyers', 165 Broadway.
Bunday, from 3 to 7 P. M.
Directory, 91 Third Ave.
Dobbs House, 512 E. 87th St.
Edual Franchise Society, 3 E. 37th St.
Fifth Avenue Library Society, 3 W. 29th St.
Five Points' Mission, 129 Worth St.
Foreign Missions, 156 Fifth Ave.
Free Reading Room, 131 Bowery.
Friends (Quakerania), 221 E. 15th St.—Open
Mondays and Wednesdays, morning, and Fridays,
afternoon.

afternoon.

Genealogical and Biographical, 226 W. 58th St. Open 10 A. M. to 6 P. M.: Mondays, 8 to 10 P. M. Hispanic Society, W. 158th St., near Eroadway, Historical Society, 170 Central Park W.—Open A. M. to 6 P. M., except during August and on 9 A. M. holidays.

Hudson Guild, 436 W. 27th St. Huntington Free, Westchester Sq.

ATTAN AND BRONX.

Italian, 395 Broome St.
Lawyers', 2 Rector St.—Open 9 A. M. to 5,30 P. M.
Lenox Hill Settlement, 446 E. 72d St.
Loan Librarles for Ships, 76 Wall St.
Masonic, 46 W. 24th 5t.—Open 7 to 10,30 P. M.
Mechanics and Tradesmen's Soc., 20 W. 44th St.
Masonic, 45 W. 24th 5t.—Open 7 to 10,30 P. M.
Mechanics and Tradesmen's Soc., 20 W. 44th St.
Mercantie, 13 Astor Flace—Open 8.30 A. M to 6
P. M. Rates: Clerks, 84 per annum; others, 85.
Methodist, 150 Fifth Ave.—Open 9 A. M. to 5 P. M.
Missionary Research, 25 Madison Ave,
Morehous, 104 E. 20th St.
Naval History Society, 33 W. 42d St.
New York Research, 25 Madison Ave,
Morehous, 104 E. 20th St.
New York Academy of Medicine, 17 W. 43d St.
New York Society, 33 W. 42d St.
New York Society, 166 Eleventh Ave.—Open
10 A. M. to 9.30 P. M.
New York Public Library.—See "Index."
N. Y. School of Philanthropy, 105 E. 22d St.
New York Society, 109 University Flace.—Open
9 A. M. to 6 P. M.
New York Public Library.—See "Index."
22 Waverley Place.
Olivet Memoricl, 63 Second St.
Ferrulan Library, 25 Broad St.
Religion Medicine, 17 W. M.
Fussell Sage Foundation Library, 130 E. 22d St.
St. Alphousus's, 24 E. Ath St.
St. Alphousus's, 24 E. Ath St.
St. Alphousus's, 4 Thompson St.
St. Rose's, 257 E. 71st St.
Seamen's, 25 South St.—Open 10 A. M. to 10 P. M.
Sixty Wall St. (Law), 60 Wall St.
Typothetæ, 147 Fourth Ave.
Union Th. Sem., Broadway, cor. 120th St.—Open
8.45 A. M. to 5 P. M. Closed Aug. 15 to Sept. 15.
Union Extilement, 241 E. 104th St.
Union Th. Sem., Broadway, cor. 120th St.—Open
8.45 A. M. to 5 P. M. Closed Aug. 15 to Sept. 15.
Union Extilement, 241 E. 104th St.
Union Sctilement, 241 E. 104th St.
Union Th. Sem., Broadway, Gr. 120th St.—Open
8.45 A. M. to 5 P. M. Closed Aug. 15 to Sept. 15.
Union Sctilement, 241 E. 104th St.
Union Th. Sem., Broadway, Gr. 120th St.—Open
8.45 A. M. to 5 P. M.
Vincent Building Law, 302 Broadway.
Washinton Heights, 922 St. Nicholas Ave.
Woman's, 9 E. Sth St.
Young Men's Christian Ass'n.—At the several
branches. See "Index."—Open 9 A. M. t

Young Women's Christian Ass'n.—At the several anches. See "Index."—Open 9 A. M. to 9.15 P. M.

branches. See "Index."—Open 9 Sundays excepted. Working Women's, 9 E. 8th St.

# SAFE DEPOSIT COMPANIES IN MANHATTAN. RMESS 131 MARMATTAW. Knickerbocker, 60 Broadway, 358 Fifth Ave., 100 W. 125th St., Third Ave. and 148th St. Lincoln, 60 E. 42d St. Madison, 204 Fifth Ave., Broadway and Lispenard, also Broadway and 72d St. Manuatan Storage and Warchouse Co., Lexington 104 Manuatan Storage and Warchouse Co., Lexington 105 St. 105 St. 205 St. and Seventh Ave., cor. W. Mercantile, 115 Broadway. Metronyitan 3 E. 14th St.

Astor, 389 Fifth Avc. Atlantic, 49 Wall St. Bankers, 4 Wall St. Bowery Bank of New York. Broadway, 23d St. and Fourth Avc., also 565 Broad-

Broadway, 23d St. and Fourth Ave., 2010 Broadway, 23d St. and Fourth Ave., 2011 Park Ave.

Way. East Tremont Ave., 2011 Park Ave.
Commercial, Broadway and 41st St.
Commercial, Broadway and 41st St.
Empire, 530 Fith Ave., 21s0 120 Broadway.
Empire, 530 Fith Ave., 21s0 120 Broadway.
Empire, 530 Fith Ave., 21s0 120 Broadway.
Empire, 51th Ave., 21st Ave., 21st Ave., 21st Ave., 21st Avenue, 250 Fith Ave.
Farmers', Fith Ave. and 41st St.
Federal, 233 Broadway.
Fith Avenue, 250 Fith Ave.
Fith Avenue Bank, 530 Fith Ave.
Garfield, 200 Fith Ave.
Garfield, 200 Fith Ave. 21st Ave.
Hariman Nat'l Bank, 527 Fith Ave.
Hariman Nat'l Bank, 527 Fith Ave.
Hudson, 1411 Broadway.

Note—In addition to above list, many of the 1

Standard, 25 Broad St.
Thirty-fourth Street, 41 W. Thirty-fourth St.
Union Trust, Flith Ave. and 60th St.
Union States, 32 Liberty St., Broadway and 73d St.,
and Eighth Ave. and 125th St.
Woolworth Building, 233 Broadway. NOTE-In addition to above list, many of the New York Banks and Trust Companies have safe

deposit vaults.

# SAFE DEPOSIT COMPANIES IN EROOKLYN AND QUEENS. Brooklyn City, 177 Montague St. , Franklin, 166 Montague St.

Brocklyn Warehouse and Storage Company, 335 Schermerhorn St.

Eagle Warehouse and Storage Company, 28 Fulton

Franklin, 166 Montague St.
Long Island, 196 Montague St.
Long Island Storage and Safe Deposit, Nostrand
and Gates Aves.
Pioneer, 41 Flatbush Ave.
Security, De Kalb Ave. and Fulton St.

52d St.
Mercantile, 115 Broadway.
Metroppiiran, 3 E. 14th St.
National, 32 Liberty.
New Maiden Lane, 170 Broadway.
New York Produce Exchange, 10 Broad St.
Safe Deposit Co. of New York, 149 Broadway.
Standard, 25 Broad St.

#### PROMINENT SOCIETIES AND ASSOCIATIONS.

(IN MANHATTAN AND BRONX BOROUGHS)

Actors' Society, 1416 Broadway, Actuarial Society, Robert Henderson, Sec., 346 Broadway
Aeronautical Society of Am., 29
W. 39th St; Edward Durant, Sec W. 39th St; Edward Durant, See Albany Society, 68 Bible House; 39th St. Marshall L Emery. Sec. Allies Hospitals Relief Commit-tee, 233 Broadway Amateur Athletic Union of U S, Armsup Amateur Athletic Union of US, Armsup St.; Frederick W, Ruben, Sec.

Sec

Am Anti-Boycott Association, 135 Broadway; Herman F. Lee, Sec Am. Association for International Conclination, 404 W, 116th St; F. P. Keppel, Sec. Am. Automobile Association, 437

5th Ave.; H. A. Bonneil, Treas. Am. Bankers' Association, 5 Nassau St., Fred. E. Farnsworth,

Am. Baptist Foreign Mission Society, 23 E. 26th St. Am. Bison Society, Zoological Park. Bronx; C. H. Stonebridge,

Park, Broux, G.

Sec.

Am. Bureau of Shipping 66
Beaver St.; J. W. Cantillion Sec.

Am. Church Missionary Society,
281 4th Ave.; J. Thompson Cote,
Sec.

Sec.

Authors: League of Am., 33 W.

420 St.

Board of Domestic Missionary

Board of Domestic Missionary

Board of Domestic Mission

Am. Copyright League, 70 Ave.; Robert U. Johnson Sec. Am. Defense Society, 305

America First Society 59 W.

Am. Game Protection and Propa-gation Society, 233 Broadway. Am. Historical Society, 265

52 William St.

Am. Life Saving Society, 253
Broadway.

Am. Missionary Association, 287
4th Ave.; H. P. Douglas and Chas.
J. Ryder, Secs.

Am. Newspaper Pub. Association, 63 Park Row.

Am. Numismatic Society, Broadway and 156th St.

Am. Posture League, 30 Church St.

Am. Protective Tariff League, 339 Broadway; Francis C. Leland,

Pres.
Am. Railway Guild, 30 Vesey St.;
Wm. F. Ailen, Sec.
Am. Red Cross, 130 E. 22d St.
Am. Seamen's Friend Society,
507 West St.; G. S. Webster, Sec.
Am. Social Hygiene Association,
105 W. 40th St.
Am. Society for the Control of
Cancer, 105 E. 22d St.
Am. Sunday School Union, 233

Broadway.

Broadway.
Am. Sunshine Association, 147
W. 22d St.; Louisa F. Knauer,
Sec.
A. S. P. C. A., Madison Ave. and
26th St.
Am. Tract Society, Park Ave. and
Ach St. Korn. Pres. Am. 7

yay. Am. Water-Color Society, 215 len-W 57th St.; Ed. Penfield, Sec. Anti-Saloon League of N. Y., 29 156 5th Ave.

Anti-Suffrage Association, 35 W.

Apothecaries' Association, 563 Lenox Ave

Aquarinm Society, N. Y. Custom House.

Army and Navy Young Men's Hebrew Association, 81 Delancey

Army Relief Society, Cornelius Agnew, Preas., 22 William St. Art Students' League. 215 W. Art S 57th St.

Arts and Crafts Society, 119 E. 19th St.

Association for Improving the 5 Condition of the Poor, 105 E. 22d St. h. Association for Improved Instruction of Deaf Mutes, 904 Lex-In-St

Foreign Mission in the struction of Dear Mutes, 600 Association of Catholic Charities, cociety, Zoological 667 Lexington Ave.

Association of the Bar of the City of New York, 42 W, 44th St.

Addubon Society, 1974 Broad-

5th Reformed Church, 25 E. 22d St. Board of Foreign Missions, 156

Am. Educational Alliance, 597
5th Ave.
Board of Foreign Missions, M. E.
Am. Embassy Association, 505
6th Ave.
Board of Missions, Protestant
Am. Fine Arts Society, 215
W Episcopal Church, 4th Ave. and 22d

Boy Scouts of America, 200 5th

Boys' Ciub Organization and Aid Soc., 489 5th Ave ; Jas. L. Dudiey,

Am. Granda Society. 233 Broadway. Am. Historical Society. 234 St., 542 5th Ave. Broadway. Am. Institute, 322 W 23d St., 542 5th Ave. Broadway Am. Institute of Chemical Engineers, Cooper Union. Am. Jewish Reiief Committee, 52 William St. Am. Life Saving Society, 253 Broadway. Am. Missionary Association, 264 Willis Ave. Brox Medical and Dental Association, 264 Willis Ave. California Society, Chas. J. Broadway. Am. Missionary Association, 267 Mills Ave. Canadian Society, W. C. Margeson, Sec., 145 Broadway. Carnegie Foundation, 576 5th

21st St. Organization

Cathonic Cathonic Charley Organization Society, 105 E. 22d St.; E. T. Devine, Gen.

Chattel Loan Society of N. Y., Chattel Loan Society Association, 290 9th Ave.; E. H. Pfeiffer, ation, 290 9th Ave.; E. H. Pfeiffer, ation, Hotel McAlpin; Willis Sec. 105 E. Browne, Sec.

Chinese Merchants' Association,

Chinese Mechanis Association, 14 Mott St.
Citizens' Union, 41 Park Row;
W. E. Youker, Sec.
City Vigilance League, E. Mathew Beattle, Pres., 238 W. 51st

Ernst Korn, Pres.

Consumers' League, 105 E. 226

St. Co-operative Social Settlement Society, 26 Jones St. Decorative Art Association, 14

Dental Aid Society, 96 2d Ave.
Domestic and Foreign Missionary Society of the P. E. Church,
281 4th Ave.
East Side Protective Association,

72 Pitt St.

Educational Alliance, 197 E.

Cornelius Broadway: Broadway: James Butler, Pres. Federation of Jewish Organiza-

E. tions, 150 Nassau St.
Fifth Ave. Association, 542 5th
the Ave.; Louis H. Husmer, Sec.
St., Friendly Aid Society, 246 E. 34th

Georgia Society, Poweli Crichton, Sec., 120 Broadway.

Sec., 120 Broadway,
German Society, 147 4th Ave.;
A. Behrens, Sec.
Girl Scouts, 17 W. 42d St.
Hebrew Free Loan Society, 108
2d Ave.; branches, 69 E. 15th St.
and 1418 Boston Road,
Helping Hand Association, 416
W. 54th St.; Mrs. T. J. Harris, Sec.
Hispanie Society of Am., Broadway and 156th St.
Hulland Society, 90 West St.

way and 195th St.
Holland Society, 90 West St.
Home and Foreign Missionary
Society of A. M. E. Churca, 61
Bible House; J. W. Rankin, Sec.
Hortleutural Society, Geo. V.
Nash, Sec., Botanical Gardens,
Bronx Park.

Housewives' League, 25 W. 45th

Humanitarian Cuit, 1790 Broad-

Humanitarian Cult, 1790 Broad-way; Misha Appelbaum, Leader, Illinois Society, Wm. J. Flibert, Sec, 71 Broadway, Indiana Society, 38 Park Row; H. B. Hord, Sec. Irish Emigrant Society, 51 Cham-bers St.; Tros. V. Brady, Sec, Irish Ind. League of America, 20 Vesey St.; John Quinn, Sec. Japan Society, 165 Broadway, Jewish Big Brother Association, Alex. H. Kaminsky, Sec., 356 2d Ave.

California Society, Chas. J. IAve.
Tools, Sec., 45 Cedar St.
Canadian Society, W. C. Marson, Sec., 115 Broadway.
Carnegie Foundation, 576 5th
Cernegie Foundation, 576 5th
Sec., 120 Carnegie Society, 2021

Junior League, 42 W. 39th St. Kansas Society, W. R. Wilson, Sec., 156 5th Ave.

Kips Bay Neighborhood Association, Sara C. Clapp, Sec., 303 E. 36th St.

Willia

League of Foreign-Born Citizens,

Legale of Foreign-Born Cutzens, 138 2d Ave. Legal Aid Society, 239 Broadway, 253 W. 58th St., 51 E. 125th St., 89 Delancey St., 2022 Lexington Ave.; Cornellus P. Kitchel, Sec.

Little Mothers' Aid Association, 236 2d Ave., 66 Greenwich St., 798 10th Ave., 365 E. 141st St.; Mrs. Emilie Van Biel, Sec.

Maryland Society, 141 Broadway; Wm. Benson Davis, Treas.
Merchants' Association, Woolworth Building; S. C. Mead, Seq.

#### PROMINENT SOCIETIES AND ASSOCIATIONS-Continued.

Michigan Society, 2 W. 45th St., Wm. J. Worden, Sec. Minnesota Society, Henry G. Ingersoli, Sec., 76 William St., Missourd Society, Bainbridge Colby, Pres., 32 Nassaus St., My. 420 St., Municipal Art Society, 33 W. 42d St., Musical Art Society, 33 W. 42d St., St., Musical Art Society, 33 W. 42d St., St., Musical Art Society, 34 W. 42d St., St., Musical Art Society, 34 W. 42d St., St., Musical Cargue of Am., 33 W. 42d St., Nat'l Association of Credit Men., 41 Park Row; J. H. Tregoe, Sec., Nat'l Christian League for Promotion of Purity, 5 E. 12th St., Nat'l Christian League for Promotion of Purity, 5 E. 12th St., Nat'l Christian League for Promotion of Purity, 5 E. 12th St., Nat'l Christian League for Promotion of Purity, 5 E. 12th St., Nat'l Christian League for Promotion of Purity, 5 E. 12th St., Nat'l Christian League for Promotion of Purity, 5 E. 12th St., Nat'l Christian League for Promotion of Purity, 5 E. 12th St., Nat'l Christian League for Promotion of Purity, 5 E. 12th St., Nat'l Christian League for Promotion of Purity, 5 E. 12th St., Nat'l Christian League for Promotion of Purity, 6 E. 12th St., Nat'l Christian League for Promotion of Purity, 6 E. 12th St., Nat'l Christian League for Promotion of Purity, 6 E. 12th St., Nat'l Christian League for Promotion of Purity, 6 E. 12th St., Nat'l Christian League for Promotion of Purity, 6 E. 12th St., Nat'l Christian League for Promotion of Purity, 6 E. 12th St., Nat'l Christian League for Promotion of Purity, 6 E. 12th St., Nat'l Christian League for Promotion of Purity, 6 E. 12th St., Nat'l Christian League for Promotion of Purity, 6 E. 12th St., Nat'l Christian League for Promotion of Purity, 6 E. 12th St., Nat'l Christian League for Promotion of Purity, 6 E. 12th St., Nat'l Christian League for Promotion of Purity, 6 E. 12th St., Nat'l Christian League for Promotion of Purity, 6 E. 12th St., Nat'l Christian League for Promotion of Purity, 6 E. 12th St., Nat'l Christian League for Promotion of Purity, 6 E. 12th St., Nat'l Christian League for Promotion of P

#### PUBLIC MARKETS IN NEW YORK CITY.

THE present public markets of the city are West Washington, Gansevoort, Washington, Jefferson and Delancey in Manhattan, and Wallabout in Brooklyn.

Washington Market—Located at Fulton and West Streets. It covers an area of about 175 2 203 feet, and was established in 1812. It is a jobbing and retail market. Meat, fish and game butter, eggs, cheese, fruits, and vegetables are sold there. The city charges for space in this market by the square foot.

Jefferson Market—Located at the corner of Greenwich Avenue and Sixth Avenue, and occupie about 36,000 square feet. This is a retail market. Space is reuted by the city to dealers by the square foot.

West Washington Market—Established in 1889 at Gansevoort and West Streets. It covers an area of about 369 x 400 feet. There are ten buildings—two-story structures built in blocks or twenty stands each, with marketing space on the first floor and offices on the second. It is strictly a wholesale market in which meat, garden produce, and live poultry are sold. The stalls in this market are leased by the square foot.

Gansevoort Market—An open market square bounded by West, Little West Twelfth, Washington and Gansevoort Streets. It has no buildings of any kind. It is by legislation restricted to the use of farmers and gardeners for the sale of products they themselves heve grown. Each farmer is charged a fee of 25 cents daily for space occupied by his wagon. It is mostly a wholesale market for dealers to purchase from farmers.

Delancey Street Market—A pushcart market located under the approach to Williamsbur, Bridge at Pitt and Willett Streets, where fish, vegetables and fruits, and miscellaneous dry good are sold. It occupies a space 400 x 100 feet. In the fish market places rent for from \$1.00 to \$2.00 a week, according to location. In the rest of the market a fee of 25 cents a day is charged for each

Wallabout Market—Located in Brooklyn, and has an area of about thirty-six acres of fregula shape. It extends from Clinton Avenue to East Avenue, to Wallabout Basin. In this marke the city owns the land and the ground is leased out to individuals on ten-year leases, with a renew of ten years at the expiration of that time after appraisal. A great many farmers use this marke to sell their produce to dealers, and pay 25 cents a day for each wagon space in the market. Mostrall the purchases are wholesale in this market.

#### MANHATTAN AND ERONX. ASYLUMS AND HOMES IN

ASYLUMS AND HOMES IN
A. Louise Erlanger Home for Destitute Children,
442 W. 23d St.
American Fernied Guardian Society and Home for
the Friendless, 936 Woodycrest Ave,
Authony Home, 119 E. 29th St.
Association for the Relief of Respectable, Aged and
Indigent Fernales, Amsterdam Ave, and 104th St.
Baptist Home for the Aged, 116 E. 68th St.
Bellevue Settlement Home, 205 E. 30th St.
Bildea-Wee Home (for Animais), 410 E. 38th St.
Big Sisters' Home, 578 E. Tremont Ave.
Casa Marla Home for Working Gliss, 251 W. 14th St.
Catholic Centre for the Blind Sisters of St. Dominic,
253 West End Ave.
Cafnolic Home Bureau for Dependent Children,
105 E. 22d St.
Catholic Institute for the Blind, 175th St. and University Ave.

Catholic Institute for the Billnd, 175th St. and University Ave.
Catholic Protectory, 1900 Walker Ave. City office and reception house, 415 Broome St.
Charles Street Home for Working Girts, 5 Charles St.
Children's Cottage, 1960 Anthony Ave.
Christian Home for Girls (see Maedohenhelm).
Christian Waiters' Home, 427 E, 51st St.
Christian Workers' Home, 7 Gramercy Park West.
Christodora House, 145 Ave. B.
Chrystle Street House, 77 Horatio St.
Churcn of God Missienary Home. 2132-2146 Grand

Church Mission of Help, 37 E. 28th St. City Home for the Aged and Infirm. Blackwell's Island.

Clara de Hirsch Heme for Immigrant Girls (see Hannah Lavanburg Henne). Clara de Hirsch Heme for Working Girls, 225 E. 63d St.

Colored Orphan Asylum, Palisade Ave. and W.

259th St.
Colored Working Girls, Home for, 132 W 131st St.
Coloreato Home, for Smail-Salaried Girls, 444
W. 23d St.

Darrach Home for Crippled Children, 118 W. 104th St Dominican Convent of Our Lady of the Resary, 329

E. 63d St. Deminican Sisters' Heme for Working Girls, 207

E. 71st St. Door of Hope (Tappan, N. Y.), effice, 122 W 14th St. Edgewater Creche (Englewood, N. J.), effice, 105 E.

22d St.

\*\*Julia St. Home for Girls, 307 E. 12th St.

\*\*mpire Friendly Sheiter. 116 W. 133d St.

\*\*Junish Women's Co-operative Home, 241 Lenox Ave.

\*\*Five Points House of Industry, office, 454 W. 23d St.

\*Florence Crittenton Home, 427 W. 21st St.

\*\*Forty fourth Street House for Boys, 247 E. 44th St.

\*Foundling Hospital Asylum, 175 E. 68th St.

\*Free Home for Young Girls, 23 E. 11th St.

\*French Evangelical Home for Young Women, 341

W. 30th St.

\*\*Friendly Home Hebrew Ordhan Asylum, 94 Law-

Friendly Home Hebrew Orphan Asylum, 94 Law-rence St.

German Governesses' Home Association, 235 E.

60th St.
German Lutheran Emlgrant House, 21 Pearl St.

Half-Orphan Asylum, Manhattan Ave. and 104th St. Hannah Lavandurg Home, 320 Second Ave. Harlem Boys' Home, 136 E. 127th St. Harlem Home of the Daughters of Israel, 32 E. 119th

Heartsease Home, 413 E. 51st St. Hebrew Infant Asylum. (See Home for Hebrew In-

fants.)

Hebrew National Orphan House, 57 E. 7th St.

Hebrew Orphan Asylum, Amsterdam Ave. and 138th

Hebrew Sheltering Guardian Society—Orphan Asylum Annex, 470 W. 145th St. Home for the Aged (Little Sisters of the Poor), 213 E. 70th St.; 135 W. 106th St.; Belmout Ave. and 183d St.

Home for Aged and Infirm Hebrews, 121 W. 105th St. Home for Destitute Blind, Amsterdam Ave, and

104th St. Home for the Friendless (see American Female Guardian Society).
Heme for Friendless Girls (see Washington Square

Home for Friendless Girls). ome for Hebrew Infants, Kingsbridge Rd. and Home University Ave.

Home fer Immigrant and Needy Wayfarers (Jewish)

Home for immigrant and Needy waytarers (Jewish) 229 E. Breadway.

Home for Incurables, Third Ave. and 182d St.

Home for Industrious Boys, 375 Lafayette St.

Home for Old Men and Aged Couples, Amsterdam

Ave. and 112th St.

Home of the Daughtern of Jacob, 302 E. Broadway.

Home of the Sons and Daughters of Israel, 232 E.

10th St.
House of the Annunciation for Crippled and Incurable Children, 155th St. and Broadway.
House of Calvary, Featherbed Lane and Macombs

Road. House of the Good Shepherd, 90th St. and East Biver.

River,
House of the Holy Comforter, Home for Incurables,
Riverside Drive and 139th St.
House of the Hely Family, 136 Second Ave,
House of Refuge, Randall's Island,
Howard Mission and Home for Little Wanderers,
225 E. 11th St.

225 E. 11th St. Huguenot Home, 237 W. 24th St. Hungarian Home, 241 E. 62d St. Hungarian Immigrants' Home, 32 Pearl St. Litingarian Sisters' Home, 131 E. 72d St. Hungarian Workers' Home, 531 E. 75th St. Immigrant Girls' Home, 9 State St.

Insane Asylum (Manhattan State Hespital), Ward's Island.

Institution for the Impreved Instruction of Deaf Mutes, Lexington Ave. and 67th St. Institution of Mercy, Madison Ave. and 81st St.

Institution of Mercy, Madison Ave, and 81st St. Issae T. Hopper Home, 110 Second Ave. Isabella Heimath Amsterdam Ave, and 190th St. Israel Orphan Asylum 274 26 St. Japanese Yeung Men's Home, 798 LexIngton Ave. Jeanne d'Arc Home for French Girls, 251 W. 24th St. Ladles' Christian Unlon, maintains the Young Women's Home, 49 W. 9th St.; Branch Home, 203 Second Ave.; The Eva, 153 E. 62d St.; The Resemary, 24 W. 12th St.; The Katherine, 118 W. 12th St. Resemary, 2 W 13th St.

Lee House for German Catholle Immigrants, 6 State

Lincoln Hospital and Home, Concord Ave. and E. 141st St

Lutheran Pilgrim Heuse, 8 State St. Maedchenheim, 217 E. 62d St. Manhattan State Hospital (Insane Asylum), Ward's Island.

Sand.

Margaret and Sarah Switzer Institute and Home
(Girls), 27 Christopher St.

Margaret Louisa, The (Y. W. C. A.), 14 E, 16th St.

Margaret Strachan Home for Women, 103 W. 27th

St., Messiah Rome for Little Children, University Ave., near Washington Bridge. Methodis Episcopal Church Heme, Amsterdam Ave. and 92d St. Methodist Deaceness Home, 1175 Medison Ave. Montefore Home and Hospital, Gun Hill Read, near Jerome Ave.

Monteflore Home and Hospital, Gun Hill Road, near Jerome Ave.
Newsboys' Lodging House (Brace Memerial), 14
New Chambers St.
New York Home for Homeless Boys, 443 E. 123d St.
New York Institute for the Education of the Blind,
412 Night Ave.
New York Institution for the Instruction of the Deaf
and Dumb, Ft. Washington Ave. and W. 163d St.
Night Refuge for Honeless Women, 144 W. 15th St.
Norwegian Immigrants' Home, 45 Whitehall St.
Old Ladies' Home, Amsterdam Ave. and 104th St.
Orphans' Home and Asylura of the P. E. Church,
Convent Ave. and 135th St.
Orphan Asylum of St. Vincent de Paul, 215 W. 39th
St.

Peabody Home for Aged and Indigent Women, 2064 Beston Read

Beston Read. Polish National Alliance Immigrant Home, 180 Sec-ond Ave. Polish National Home, 404 E. 15th St. Presbyterian Home for Aged Women, 49 E. 73d St. Reging Angelorum Working Girls' Home, 112 E.

106th St

Roman Catholle Orphan Asylum, Sedgwick Ave. and Kingsbridge Road.

Russian Immigrant Home, 347 E. 14th St. Sacred Heart Orphan Asylum, Ft. Washington Are. and 190th St.

#### ASYLUMS AND HOMES IN MANHATTAN AND BRONX-Continued.

Sallors' Home and Institute, 507 West St. St. Barnabas's House, 304 Mulberry St. St. Francis's Lodging House for Women, 11 E. 128th

St. Francis's Longing House for Women, 11 E. 125th St.
St. Francis's Home, 699 E. 5th St.
St. Joseph's Home for Destitute Children (Peekskill, N. Y.); House of Reception, 12 W. 129th St.
St. Joseph's House of Reception, 12 W. 129th St.
St. Joseph's House of Reception, 12 W. 129th St.
St. Joseph's House of Reception, 12 W. 129th St.
St. Joseph's Patronage for Working Ciris, 523 W.
1420; St. Joseph's Patronage for Working Ciris, 523 W.

142d St.

St. Luke's Home for Aged Women, Broadway and 114th St.

St. Margaret's Home for Working Girls, 603 Walton Ave.

St. Mary's Home, 143 W. 14th St. St. Philip's Home for Industrious Working Boys, 417 Broome St.

St. Raphael's Home for Italian Immigrants, 8 Charlton St.

St. Rita's Home, 307 W. 136th St. St. Rose's Free Home for Incurable Cancer, 71 Jackson St.

St. Zita's Home for Friendless Women, 123 E. 52d St. and 221 E. 79th St.

Salvation Army, National Headquarters, 120 W.
14th St.: Home for Orphans and Deserted Children, Spring Valley, N. Y.: Industrial Homes for Men, 533 W. 48th St. and 229 E. 126th St.; Resente Home for Fallen Women, 313 E. 15th St.; Hotel for Men (Memorial Hotel), 225 Bowery; Shelter for Homeless Women, 243 Bowery.
Samaritan House for the Aged, 414 W. 22d St.
Scandina vian Immigrants' Heme, 22 Greenwich St.
Senanci's Church Institute, 25 South St.
Sevilla Home for Children, Latayette Ave, and
Matidds St.
Shelter for Respectable Girls, 217 E. 46th St.

Matida St.
Shelter for Respectable Girls. 21? E. 46th St.
Shelter for Women With Children, 311 F. 12th St.
Shelterlog Arms, Ancetrdam Ave, and 129th St.
Slavenie tundigrant Society, 436 W. 23d St.
Slovak Kratioza Home. 316 E. 63d St.
Swedish Lutheran Junuigrant Home, 5 Water St.
Swedish Lutheran Junuigrant Home, 5 Water St.
Trinity Chapel Home, 1666 Enssing Ave.
Washington Equare Home for Friendless Girls, 9 W.
Sth St.

8th Et.

Watericy House, 38 W. 10th ft. Webb's Academy and Home for Shipbuilders, Sedg-wick Ave. and 158th St. West Skie Home for Boys, 225 W. 35th St. Young Women's Home. (See Ladies' Christian (Inion.)

HOSPITALS IN MARHATTAN, BRONK AND RICHMOND BOROUGHS.

MOSPITALS IN MARHATTAM, BRO
A. S. P. C. A. Shelter and Hospital, Ave. A. and
24th. S.
A. S. P. C. A. Shelter and Hospital, Ave. A. and
24th. S.
Anerican Veterinary Hospital, 141 W. 54th St.
Bables' Hospital, 135 E. 55th St.
Bellevue Hospital, Pirs Ave. and E. 26th St.
Bellevue Hospital, Pirs Ave. and E. 26th St.
Beth Israel Hospital, Jefferson and Cherry Sts.
Bide-a-Wee Home for Animals, 410 E. 33th St.
Blackwell's Island (see City Hospital).
Bloomingdale Hospital for the Insane, White
Plains, N. Y.; Ordee, S. W. 16th St.
Broomingdale Clinic, 225 W. 99th St.
Brook Eyecet Hospital, 129 Broad St.
Bronx Eye and Ear Infirmary, 459 E. 141st St.
Bronx Hospital and Dispensary, 1385 Fulton Ave.
Bronx Javiso Maternity Hospital, 1525 Washington Ave.

Bronx Javiso Maternity Hospital, 1525 Washington Ave.
Bronx Maternity Hospital, 1668 Bathgate Ave.
Central Islio State Hospital (Insane), Central
Islio, L. I.; Office, 30 E. 42d St.
Children's Clinics (Department of Health): Manhattan—Gouverneur Sin (Eye). Flessant Ave.
and 118th St. (Eye, Nose and Throst). 449
East 121st St. (Dental; Eye). P. S. 144, Hester
and Allen Sts. (Eye). P. S. 21, 222 Mott St. (Eye).
Bronx—530 E. 189th St. (Dental; Eye, Nose
and Throat). Richmond—689 Bay St., Stapleton,
S. I. (Dentail). and Throat). Richmond—689 Bay St., Stapleton, S. I. (Dental).

City Hespital, Dlackwell's Island.
College of Dental and Oral Surgery of New York, Infirmary, 302 E. 35th St.
Columbus Hospital, 226 E. 20th St.
Cornell University Medical College, First Ave. and 28th St.
Demilt Dispensary, 245 E. 23d St.
Dispensary for Animals, A. S. P. C. A., Avenue A and 24th St.
Dispensary Reformed Church of Harlem, 180 E.
122d St.
Emergeucy Relief Station for City and Metropolitan Hospital, 56 W. 66th St.
First Field Hespital, 56 W. 66th St.
First Field Hespital, St. John's Guild. Office 103
Park Ave.
Flower Tospital, Eastern Boulevard and 63d St.

Park Avoital, Eastern Boulevard and 63d St.
Flower Hospital, Crotona Ave. and Southern
Boulevard. Foundling Hospital (see New York Foundling

Hospital, 450 W. 34th St. General Memorial Hospital (Cancer), Central Park West and 106th St.

West and 106th St.

German Hospital and Dispensary, Park Ave. and
77th St.
Good Samaritan Dispensary, 75 Essex St.
Gouverneur Hospital, Gouverneur Slip and Front St.
Grace Hospital and Dispensary, 415 E. 13th St.
Hahnemann Hospital, Park Ave. between 67th
and 65th Sts.

NEW AND RICHMOND BOROUGHS.

Harlem Dispensory, 108 E. 128th St.

Harlem Dispensory, 108 E. 128th St.

Harlem Dispensory, 108 E. 128th St.

Harlem Eye, Ezr and Throat Infirmary, 2099

Earling Gestlad, Lenox Ave, and 136th St.

Harlem Hallan Sanitarium, 281 Pleasant Ave,

Har Moriah Hospital, 138 2d St.

Horman Knapp Meinorial Eye Hospital, Tenth

Ave, and 57th St.

Home Hospital, 525 E. 78th St.

Hospital and House of Rest for Consumptives.

Inwood, N. Y. C., Office, 9 E. 58th St.

Hospital for Coutagious Eye Diseases, Pleasant

Ave, and 113th St.

Hospital for Deformities and Joint Diseases, 1919

Madison Ave.

Hospital for Deformities and Joint Diseases, 1919 Madisson Ave.
Hospital for Incurables, City Home for Agod and Infirm, Blackwell's Island.
Hospital for Ruptured and Crippled, 321 E, 42d St.
House of the Annunciation for Crippled and Incurable Children, Broadway and 155th St.
House of Calvary (Cancer, Lupus, etc.), Featherbed Lane and Macombs Road.
House of Relief (Hudson Strott Hospital),
Hudson Street Hospital, 67 Hudson St.
Italian Hospital, 83d St. and East River.
Jewish Consumptives' Rollef Society, Sanatorlum in Edgewater, Col.; New York Office, 230 Grand St.

Grand St.

Jewish Maternity Hospital, 270 East Broadway.

Knapp (see Herman Knapp Memorial Eye Hos-

Kniekerbocker Hespital, Amsterdam Ave. and 131st St.

Laura Franklin Free Hospital for Children, 17 E. 111th St. Lebanon Hospital, Westchester, Cauldwell and Tribity Aves.

Lincoln Hospital and Home, E 141st St. and Con-

cord Ave.
Louisa Minturn Hospital, foot E. 16th St.
Lutheran Hospital, Convent Ave. and 144th St.
Lying-in Rospital, Second Ave. 17th and 18th Sts.
Manhattan Eye, Ear and Throat Hospital, 210
E. 64th St.

Manhattan Maternity and Dispensary, 327 E. 60th St.

60th St.

Manhattan State Hospital (Insane), Ward's Island;
Oilee, 30 E. 42d St.

Marine Hospital, Stapleton, S. I. Office and Dispensary in Parge Office, Manhattan,
Meirose Vettrinary Hospital, 453 E. 142d St.
Metropolitan Hospital, Blackwell's Island.
Metropolitan Throat Hospital, 351 W. 34th St.
Minturn Hospital (see Louisa Minturn Hospital).
Misericordia Hospital, 531 E. 86th St.
Montefiore Home and Hospital for Chronic Discases, Gun Hill Road, near Jerome Ave.
Mount Sinai Hospital, Fifth Ave. and 100th St.

## HOSPITALS IN MANHATTAN, BRONX AND RICHMOND BOROUGHS-Continued.

Nazareth Branch, Seton Hospital (Tubercular Women and Children), Spuyten Duyvill.
Nurological Institute (see New York Neurological Institute), See New York Neurological Institute (see New York City Children's Hospitals and Schools, Randall's Island.
New York College of Dentistry, Infirmary, 205 E. 23d St.
New York Dispensary, 34 Spring St.
New York Eye and Ear Clinic, 259 E. 4th St.
New York Eye and Ear Infirmary, Second Ave. and 13th St.
New York Foundling Hospital, 175 E. 68th St.

New York Eye and Ear Immary, Second Ave. and 13th St.
New York Hospital, 8 W. 16th St.
New York Hospital, 8 W. 16th St.
New York Infirmary for Women and Children, 321
E. 15th St.
New York Medical College and Hospital for Women, 17 W. 101st St.
New York Neurological Institute, 149 E. 67th St.
New York Neurological Institute, 149 E. 67th St.
New York Nursery and Child's Hospital, Amsterdam Ave. and 61st St.
New York Ophthalmic Hospital, 201 E. 23d St.
New York Ophthalmic Hospital, 201 E. 23d St.
New York Ophthalmic Hospital, 201 E. 23d St.
New York Polyclinic Medical School and Hospital, 345 W. 50th St.
New York Skin and Cancer Hospital, Second Ave. and 19th St.
New York Skin and Cancer Hospital, Second Ave. and 19th St.
New York Throat, Nose and Lung Hospital, 229 E.
57th St.

New York Veterlnary Hospital, 120 W. 25th St. New York Women's League for Animals, Hospital and Dispensary, 350 Lafayette St.; also 528 W.

111th St. North Eastern Dispensary, 222 E. 59th St. North Western Dispensary, Ninth Ave. and 36th St. Northern Dispensary, Waverley Place and Christo-

Park Hospital (formerly New York Red Cross Hospital), Central Park West and 100th St.

Pasteur Institute, 361 W. 23d St.

People's Hospital, 203 Second Ave.

Probles Hospital, Second Ave. and 128th St. Presbyterlan Hospital, Madison Ave., between 70th and 71st Sts.

and 71st Sts.

Reception. (See Willard Parker, etc.; also Emergency, etc.)

Riverside Hospital, North Brother Island, East River, Rockefeller Institute for Medical Research Hospital, Avenue A and 66th St.

Roosevelt Hospital, Ninth Ave. and 59th St.

St. Andrew's Convalescent Hospital, 237 E. 17th St.

St. Ann's Maternity Hospital, 130 E. 69th St.

St. Elizabeth's Hospital, 415 W. 51st St.

St. Francis's Hospital, Brook Ave. and E. 142d St.

St. John's Guild (see Floating Hospital and Scaside Hospital).

St. John ... Hospital).

St. Joseph's Hospital, Brook Ave. and E. 143d St. St. Joseph's noshear, Brobe Ave, and E. 1796 St. St. Lawrence's Hospital, Edgecombe Ave, and 163d st. St. Luke's Hospital, Amsterdam Ave, and 113th St. St. Mark's Hospital, 177 Second Ave, St. Mark's Free Hospital for Children, 405 W. 34th

St. May's Free Hospital of Chiance, and 12th St.
St. Vincent's Hospital of St. John's Guild, New Dorp,
S. I., 103 Park Ave.
Sea View Hospital, Grymes Hill, S. I.
Seton Hospital for Men, Spuyten Duyvil Parkway.

See a lew Hospital, Gryden Shin, Sp. 1.

The Hospital for Men, Spulyten Duyvil Parkwa;

The Hospital for Women, 447 W. 59th St.

Staten Island Hospital, New Brighton, S. I.

Sydenham Hospital, 331 E. 116th St.

Tuberculosis Hospital Admission Bureau, 246 First

Ave., near 25th St.

Linion Hospital of the Bronx, Valentine Ave. and

188th St.

Vanderbit Clinic, Amsterdam Ave. and 60th St.

Volunteer Hospital, Beekman and Water Sts.

Washington Heights Hospital, 552 W. 165th St.

Washington Heights Hospital, 31 Washington Sq.

West Side German Dispensary, 238 W. 42d St.

Willard Parker and Reception Hospital, foot of E.

16th St.

Woman's Hospital, 141 W. 109th St.

#### HOSPITALS IN BROOKLYN

HOSFITALS IN EROOKLYN
Bay Ridge Hospital, Second Ave, and 60th St.
Beddord Dispensary and Hospital, 343 Ralph Ave,
Bethany Deaconesses and Hospital Society Hospital,
St. Nicholas Ave, and Bleecker St.
Bradford Street Hospital, 113 Bradford St.
Brooklyn Central Dispensary, 29 Third Ave,
Brooklyn City Dispensary, 21 Tillary St.
Brooklyn Eastern District Dispensary and Hospital,
106 S. 3d St.
Brooklyn Eastern District Homcopathic Dispensary,
194 S. 3d St.
Brooklyn Eye and Ear Hospital, 94 Livingston St.

Brooklyn Eye and Ear Hospital, 94 Livingston St. Brooklyn Hospital, Raymond St. and De Kalb Ave. Brooklyn Maternity Hospital (see Prospect Heights

Hospital). Brooklyn Nursery and Infants' Hospital, 396 Herklmer St. Brownsville and East New York, Rockaway Park-

Brownsville and East New York, Rockaway Parkway and Avenue A. Bushwick and East Brooklyn Dispensary, Myrtle and Lewis Ayes. Bushwick Hospital, 53 Woodruff Aye. Caledonian Hospital, 53 Woodruff Aye. Children's Clinics (Eye, Nose, and Throat; Dental), Department of Health: Brooklyn—330 Throop Aye., 129 Herkimer St., 45 Lawrence St., Queens Borough—374 Fulton St., Jamalea, L. I. Coney Island Hospital, Ocean Parkway, near Avenue Z.

Cumberland Street Hospital. 105 Cumberland St. East New York Dispensary, 131 Watkins St. Flushing Hospital and Dispensary, Parsons and Forest Aves., Flushing, Gates Avenue Homecopathic Dispensary, 13 Gates

German Hospital, St. Nicholas Ave. and Stanhope

Greenpoint Hospital, Kingsland Ave. and Jackson

Harbor Hospital, 704 Fourth Ave. Holy Family Hospital, 155 Dean St. Jamalca Hospital, New York Ave., Jamalca, L. L. Jawala Hospital, Classon and St. Mark's Aves.

## AND QUEENS BOROUCHS.

Kings County Hospital, Clarkson Ave., near Albany Kingston Avenue Hospital, Kingston Ave. and Feni-

more St. Long Island College Hospital, Henry, Pacific, and Amity Sts. Long Island State Hospital (Insane), Clarkson St, and Albany Ave.

Lutheran Hospital, East New York Ave. and Junius

Mary Immaculate Hospital, Shelton Ave., Jamaica. Memorial Dispensary for Women and Children, 827 Sterling Place.

Methodist Episcopal Hospital, Seventh Ave. and 7th St. Neponsit Beach Hospital for Children, Rockaway Beach.

New Utrecht Dispensary, 1275 37th St.

Norwegian Lutheran Deaconesses' Home and Hospital, Fourth Ave. and 46th St.
Polhemus Memorial Clinic, Henry and Amity Sts.
Prospect Heights Hospital, Washington Ave. and
St. John's Place.

Rockaway Beach Hospital, Hammels Ave. and Bay-

Rockaway Beach Hospital, Hammels Ave. and Bayside Place, Rockaway Beach.
St. Catherine's Hospital, Bushwick Ave., near Ten Eyek St.
St. Christopher's Hospital for Bables, 2S1 Hicks St.
St. John's Hospital, Atlantic and Albany Aves.
St. John's Loug Island City Hospital, 12th St. and Jackson Ave.
St. Joseph's Hospital, Central Ave., Far Rockaway.
St. Mary's Hospital, St. Mark's Ave., near Rochester Ave

St. Peter's Hospital, Henry St., between Congress and Warren Sts.
Samarltan Hospital, Fourth Ave. and 17th St.
Seaside Hospital for Babics, Suri Ave. and 21st St.,

Coney Island.

Coney Island.

Coney Island.

Coney Island.

Coney Island.

Rogers Ave. and Sterling Place.

Trinity Hospital, 1835 East New York Ave.

United States Naval Hospital, Flushing Ave., foot
of Ryerson St. Williamsburg Hospital, 342 Bedford Avc.

#### COMMITTEE ON ARBITRATION

OF THE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK, 65 LIBERTY STREET.

A method of arbitration established by the Chamber of Commerce for the adjustment, without litigation, of differences arising between individuals, firms or corporations. This method can be availed of by either members or non-members. Charles T. Gwynne, Secretary.

#### PARKS IN MANHATTAN AND BRONX.

The total area of improved parks in Manhattan is 1,275 acres; unimproved parks, 209 acres; playgrounds, 5 acres; parkways, streets, etc., under jurisdiction of Department of Parks, 40,929 feet long, width varying from 90 to 168 feet.

The following is a list of the larger parks:

Battery, foot of Broadway. 21 acres.

Bryant, 6th Ave. and W. 42d St. 4% acres.

Carl Schurz, between Avenue B and East River, E. 84th St. to E. 89th St. 121/2 acres.

Chelsea, 27th St. and 9th Ave. 3 acres. City Hall Park. Broadway, Park Row, and Cham-

bers St. 8 acres. Colonial, 145th to 155th St., Bradhurst Ave. to

Edgecombe Ave 1234 acres. Columbus, Mulberry and Bayard Sts. 2% acres. Corlears Hook Park, Corlears and South Sts. 8

De Witt Clinton, 52d to 54th St., North River. 7 acres.

Fort Washington, Ft. Washington Point, Hudson River 40% acres.

Hamilton Fish Park, Houston and Willett Sts. 3% acres.

Highbridge Park, 155th St. to Washington Bridge, west of Driveway. 75% acres.

Isham, 213th St. and Broadway to Harlem Ship Canal. 8 acres.

John Jay, 76th to 78th St., East River. 3 acres. Madison Square, Broadway and 23d St. 634 acres. Manhattan Square, Central Park W., 77th to 81st

Manhattan Square, Columbus and Amsterdam St. 174 acres.
Morningside, between Columbus and Amsterdam Aves, and W. 110th and W. 123d Sts. 314 acres.
Mount Morris, between Madison and Mt. Morris
Aves, and 120th and 124th Sts. 20 acres.
Park Ave. 34th St. to 42d St.; 56th to 96th St.

8 acres.

8 verside Drive Extension, 135th St. to 158th St. Riverside Park, between Riverside Drive and the N. Y. C. R. R. and W. 73d and W. 129th Sts. 140 acres; and from 135th St. to 158th St. 24 acres, St. St. Nicholas, 130th to 141st St., St. Nicholas Ave, to St. Nicholas Terrace, 184 acres; and west of St. Nicholas Terrace and the extension at 130th and 141st Sts. 7½ acres.

Seward, Canal and Jefferson Sts. 3 acres.

Straus, 106th St. and Broadway. Stuyvesant, Rutherfurd Pl. and E. 16th St. 4 acres.

Thomas Jefferson, 111th St., 1st Ave., 114th St. and Harlem River. 15½ acres.
Tompkins Square, Avenue A and 7th St. 10½ acres.

Union Square, Broadway and 14th St. 312 acres. Washington Square, 5th Ave. and Waverley PL

## CENTRAL PARK.

The great park of New York extends from 55th St. to 110th St., being over 2½ miles long, and from 55th Ave. to 8th Ave., being over half a mile wide. It covers 843 acres, of which 185 are in lakes and reservoirs and 400 in forest, wherein over half a million trees and shrubs have been planted. There are 10½ miles of rouds, 5½ of bridle paths, and 31 of walks. The landscape architects of the Park were Frederick Law Olmsted and Calvert Vaux. Work was begun on the Park in 1857. The following fanctful names have been officially applied to the several entrances to the Park: 5th Ave. and 59th St., Scholar's Gate; 6th Ave. and 59th St., Artist's Gate; 7th Ave. and 59th St., Artistan's Gate; 8th Ave. and 59th St., Mornan's Gate; 8th Ave. and 59th St., Mariner's Gate; 8th Ave. and 59th St., Mariner's Gate; 8th Ave. and 59th St., Mariner's Gate; 8th Ave. and 59th St., Mariner's Gate; 8th Ave. and 59th St., Gate of All Saints; 8th Ave. and 100th St., Stranger's Gate; 5th Ave. and 67th St., Scholar's Gate; 5th Ave. and 59th St., Girl's Gate; 5th Ave. and 10th St., Engineer's Gate; 5th Ave. and 59th St., Mornan's Gate; 5th Ave. and 10th St., Engineer's Gate; 5th Ave. and 10th St., Wender's Gate; 5th Ave. and 10th St., Ploneer's Gate; 5th Ave. and 10th St., Wender's Gate; 5th Ave. and 10th St., Parent north of El 1824 st and White Plains Poad. 1704/2 acres

PARKS IN BOROUGH OF BRONX.—Bronx, north of E. 182d st. and White Plains Road; 1914 acres. Claremont, Belmont St., Clay Ave. and 170th St.; 38 acres. Crotona, Fulton, 3d, and Arthur Aves.; 1845 acres. De Voe, Sedgwick Ave. and 188th St.; 54 acres. Echo; 4 acres. Franz Sigel, Walton Ave., and 188th St and Mott Ave.; 17½ acres. Macomb's Dam, Jerome Ave. and 182d St.; 27 acres, Pelham Bay, on Long Islaud Sound and East Chester Bay; 1,756 acres. De; 2% acres. St. James, Jerome Ave., Creston Ave. & E. 1918t St.; 11¼ acres. St. Mary's, 149th St., St. Ann's and Robbins Aves.; 13¼ acres. University; 2% acres. Van Cortlandt, northern boundary of city; 1,132¼ acres. Washington Bridge, Sedgwick Ave., Harlem River; 8½ acres.

On August 26,1911, the City Record published a report of the Department of Taxes and Assessments, placing a value on the parks in the Bronx at \$55,827,000. The Borough of the Bronx contains \$26,017 acres, of which nearly 4,200 acres, or about 15.2 per cent, is devoted to park purposes, giving one acre of park land to each 130 of the people living in the Borough.

#### FACTS ABOUT PUBLIC PARKS.

Union Square was purchased by the city in 1833 for \$116.051; Madison Square, in 1847, for \$65,952; Tompkins Square, in 1834, for \$93,253; Washington Square, in 1827, for \$77,970, and Manhattan Square, in 1839, for \$84,857. The latter is assessed as a part of Central Park. The other four are assessed at over \$16,000,000, and are easily worth \$20,000,000, while their original cost to the city was only \$533,331. Prospect Park, Brooklyn, contains 526 1-6 acres, in woodland, 110 acres; in lakes and watercourses, 77 acres; in meadows, 70 acres; in plantations, 259 1-6 acres; in drives, 9 miles; in bridle roads, 3 1-10 miles; in walks, 12 miles. Occan Parkway is 51-2 miles long and 210 feet wide. Eastern Parkway is 21-2 miles long and 210 feet wide. London has 271 public parks, containing 17,876 acres of ground. The largest European city park is in Denmark; it contains 4,200 acres. The great forest of Northern New York covers an area of 3,588,503 acres.

#### PUBLIC PLAYGROUNDS.

59th to 60th Street, west of Amsterdam Avenue; 180-181 Cherry Street; south side of 101st Street, between 26 and 3d Avenues; west of Sutton Place, 59th to 60th Street; Carmansville playground, between 15th and 1523 Streets, Amsterdam Avenue; corner Worth and Batter Streets; west of 18t Avenue, between 5th and 68th Streets.

PARKS IN BROOKLYN AND QUEENS.

The total area of parks in Brooklyn is 1,036 acres; playgrounds, 58 3-4 acres; parkways and streets under jurisdiction of Department of Parks, 551,84 acres; combined parks and playgrounds, 46 acres.

Amersfort, 3½ acres, Ave. J and E. 33th St.

Bedford, 4 acres, Brooklyn and Kingston Aves., and 15th St.

Bedford, 4 acres, Brooklyn and Kingston Aves., Park Pl. and Prospect Pl. Bensonhurst, 13 acres, Bay Parkway, Gravesend Bay, 2list St. and Cropsey Ave. Brooklyn Heights, 5 parks, comprising nearly an acre, Columbia Heights, fronting on Furman St. Brooklyn Botanic Garden, 60 acres, Eastern Park-way, Washington and Flatbush Aves. Berough Hall, 134 acres, Joralemon, Court and

Boroligh Hall, 174 acts, buttered, Fulton Six, Bushwick, 7 acres, Knickerbocker and Irving Aves., Starr and Suydam Six, Canarsic, 30½ acres, Skidmore, Seaview and Denton Aves, and Jamaica Bay.

Carroll, 2 acres, President, Court, Carroll and Swith Six Smith Sts.

Smith Sis.

City, 71½ acres, St. Edward's and Navy Sts., Park and Flushing Aves.

Coney Island Concourse (exclusive of Seaside Park), 59½ acres, West 5th St., Sea Breeze Ave, and Atlantic Ocean.

Cooper, 6 acres, Maspeth and Morgan Aves., Sharon and Olive Sts.

Dreamland, 14½ ecres, Coney Island.

Dyker Beach, 140 acres, 7th Ave. and Bay 8th St.,

Cropsey and 14th Aves., and Gravesend Bay.

Fort Greene, 29 acres, De Ktalb Ave. Washington Park, Willoughby St., St. Edward's St. and Myrtle Ave.

Fort Hamilton, 4½ acres, 4th Ave., 101st St., Fort Hamilton Ave. and Shore Road.
Fulton, 2 acres, Chauncey and Fulton Sts., Stuyvesant Ave.

Highland, 421/2 acres, Jamaica Ave. and U. S. Nat. Cemetery, Borough Line, Reservoir and Warwick St.

Cemetery, Borough Line, Reservoir and Warwick St. Extension.
Irving Sq., 3 acres, Hamburg and Knickerbocker Aves., Halsey and Welfrield Sts.
Lincoin Terrace, 7½ acres, Eastern Parkway, Bulfalo Ave., President St. and Kochester Ave.
Linton, 2¼ acres, Bradford St., Blake, Dumont and Miller Aves.

McCarren, 38½ acrcs, Berry, Lorimer, Leonard, Bayard and 12th Sts.

McKinley, 81/2 acres, Fort Hamilton and 7th Aves.

McLaughlin, 3¼ acres, Bridge, Tillary and Jay Sts.
Prospect, 526 acres, Prospect Park West, 15th St.,
PARKS IN College Point, 11/3 acres. Jacob A. Riis, 2621/2 acres. Kings, Jamaica, 111/2

Flushing, 1 acre. acres. Forest, Richmond Hill, Kissea Lake, Flushing, 88 acres. 536 acres

ASSOCIATION OF THE BAR O
(Par Association Building, No. 42 West
Prestdent—Geo. W. Wickersham.
Vice-Prestdents—F. W. M. Cutcheon, George C.
Holt, Arthur H. Masten, Nelson S. Spencer,
Howard Townsend. FTHE CITY OF FIEW YORK. Forty-fourth Street, New York City.) Recording Secretary—S. B. Brownell. Corresponding Secretary—Perry Davis Trafford. Treasurer—S. Sidney Smith. OF

At the time of the last report of the Executive Committee there were 2,122 members of the association. It was instimembers of the association. It was insti-tuted in 1869, and its Presidents have been as follows: 1870 to 1879, William M. Evarts: 1880 and 1881, Stephen P. Nash; 1882 and 1883, Francis N. Bangs; and 1883, James C. Carter; 1886 and 1887, William Allen Butler; 1888 and 1889, Joseph H. Choate; 1890 and 1891, Frederic R. Coudert; 1892 to 1894, Wheeler H. Peckham; 1895 and 1896, Joseph Larocque; 1897 to 1899, James C. Carter; 1900 and 1901, John E. Parsons; 1902 and 1903, Wm. G. Choate; 1904 and 1905, Ellnu Root; 1906 and 1907, Edmund Wetmore; 1910 and 1911, Fran-The admission fee is \$100 from resident members and \$50 from non-resident members of more than six vears' and less than twenty years' standing, \$60, and from members having offices in New York City and residing standing, \$30, and of more than twenty years' standing, \$30, and of more than twenty years' standing, \$30, and of more than twenty years' standing, \$30, and of more than twenty years' standing, \$30, and of more than twenty years' standing, \$35; from members of less than six years' standing, \$25; from non-resident members, neither residing nor having offices in New York City, \$35; from resident members temporarily absent

Conduction St. acres, Richards, Dwign., and Honer Sts.
Red Hook, 51% acres, Richards, Dwign., and Pioneer Sts.
Saratoga Sq., 31% acres, Saratoga and Howard Aves., Halsey and Macou Sts.
Sesside, 10% acres, Ocean Parkway Conducts, St. St., 5th to 7th Ave.
Subset, 21% acres, 1st to 6th St., 5th to 7th Ave.
Tompkins, 7% acres, Tompkins, Greece, Marcy and Lafayette Aves.
Winthrop, 9 acres, N
Monitor and Russell Sts.

Williamsburg Bridge, 41/2 acres, Bedford and Kent PARKWAYS.

Bay Parkway, 31 acres, Ocean Parkway to Bensonhurst Beach.

Bay Ridge Parkway (Shore Drive), 41 acres, Fort Hamilton Ave., bet. 66th and 67th Sts., to 1st Ave. Eastern Parkway, 61 acres, Prospect Park to

Ralph Ave.
Eastern Parkway Extension, 18½ acres, Ralph
Ave., bet. Union St. and Lincoln Pl. to Bushwick Ave.
Fort Hamilton Parkway, 48 acres, Ocean Parkway

to Fort Hamilton.

Highland Boulevard, 9 acres, Bushwick Ave. to Highland Park.
Ocean Parkway, 140 acres, Prospect Park to
Coney Island.

Pennsylvania Ave., 19 acres, Jamalca Ave. to

Jamaica Bay.
Rockaway Park way, 41 acres, Buffalo Ave. and E.
New York Ave. to Canarsie Beach.
Shore Road, 121 acres, 1st Ave. to Fort Hamilton.

PLAYGROUNDS.

Betsy Head Memorial, 10½ acres, Livonia, Dumont, Hopkinson Ave. and Douglass \$0.

Bushwick, 2½ acres, Putnam Ave., bet. Knickerbocker and Irving Aves,
McKibbin, 1½ acres, Seigel, White and McKib-

MCRIDOIII, 172 acres, Sackman St., Riverdale, New Lots, 2¼ acres, Sackman St., Riverdale, Newport and Christooher Aves.
Parade Ground, 39½ acres, Coney Island, Parkside and Caton Aves.
Red Hook, 2¼ acres, Richards, Verona, Dwight and Pioneer Sts.
QUEENS.

Flushing, 71/2 frontage and streets). acres Upland, Jamaica, 51/2

Linden, Corona, 3 acres. Rainey, L. I. City, 5 acres. Rockaway Park (beach Wayanda, 2 acres. ACREAGE OF PARKS IN NEW YORK CITY BY BOROUGHS—Manhattan, 1,484 acres; Richmond, 63 acres; The Bronx, 4,148 acres; Brooklyn, 1,036 acres; Queens, 1,057 acres.

cis Lynde Stetson; 1912, Lewis Cass Led-yard; 1913 and 1914, William B. Horn-blower; 1914 to 1916, George W. Wicker-sham. The admission fee is \$100 from resident members and \$50 from non-resident members; and the annual dus

The Lawyers Club—115 Broadway, New York City. President—William Allen Butler, Jr. Sectetary—R. G. Babbage. Treasurer—Byron M. Fellows. Total Membership, 1,250. Membership is not restricted to lawyers. The entrance fee for resident members is \$100, annual dues \$100: the entrance ee for non-resident members is \$50, annual dues \$25. Resident membership limited to 1,000.

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